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SWALLOW BARN

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## SWALL0W BARN,

or

# A SOJOURN IN THE OLD DOMINION. 

BY

J. P. KENNEDY.

rEVISED EDITION.
(atith Uwonty Ellustrations on Strother.

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## CONTENTS.

OHAPTEF PAGE
A word in advance from the Author to the Reader, ..... 7
Introductory Epistle, ..... 13
I. Swallow Barn, ..... 27
II. A Country Gentleman, ..... 31
III. Family Portraits, ..... 38
IV. Family Paragons, ..... 44
V. Ned Hazard, ..... 51
VI. Pursuits of a Philosopher, ..... 63
VII. Traces of the Feudal System, ..... 70
VIII. The Brakes, ..... 76
IX. An Eclogue, ..... 80
X. Colloquies, ..... 88
XI. Pranks, ..... 95
XII. A Confession, ..... 105
XIII. A Man of Pretensions, ..... 120
XIV. My Grand Uncle, ..... 130
XV. The Old Mill, ..... 137
XVI. Proceedings at Law, ..... 145
XVII. Strange Symptoms, ..... 152
XVIII. The National Anniversary, ..... 157
XIX. The County Court, ..... 166
XX. Opinions and Sentiments, ..... 175
XXI. Philpot Wart, ..... 180
XXII. The Philosopher Unbent, ..... 188
XXIII. Trial by View, ..... 197
XXIV. Merriment and Sobriety, ..... 210
XXV. The Old School, ..... 216
XXVI. The Raking Hawk, ..... 227
chapter. PAGE
XXVII. The Award, ..... 238
XXVIII. The Goblin Swamp, ..... 248
XXIX. Story Telling, ..... 263
Mike Brown, ..... 265
XXX. An Interlude, ..... 295
XXXI. Summer Mornings, ..... 307
XXXII. A Country Gathering, ..... 312
XXXIII. The Dinner Table, ..... 324
XXXIV. A Breaking-up, ..... 346
XXXV. Knight Errantry, ..... 351
XXXVI. A Joust at Utterance, ..... 359
XXXVII. Moonshine. ..... 369
XXXVIII. The Last Minstrel, ..... 374
XXXIX. Signs of a Hero, ..... 386
XL. A Council of War, ..... 393
XLI. Woodcraft, ..... 397
XLII. One Act of a Farce, ..... 412
XLIII. The Fate of a Hero, ..... 420
XLIV. Oratory, ..... 435
XLV. Stable Wisdom, ..... 441
XLVI. The Quarter, ..... 449
XLVII. A Negro Mother, ..... 461
Abe, ..... 464
XLVIII. Clouds, ..... 491
XLIX. Pleasant Prospects, ..... 502
Postscript, ..... 504

## A WORD IN ADVANCE, FROII THE AUTHOR TO THE READER.

Swailow Barn was written twenty years ago, and was published in a small edition, which was soon exhausted. From that date it has disappeared from the bookstores, being carelessly consigned by the author to that oblivion which is common to books and men-out of sight, out of mind. Upon a recent reviewal of it, after an interval sufficiently long to obliterate the partialities with which one is apt to regard his own productions, I have thought it was worthy of more attention than I had bestowed upon it, and was, at least, entitled to the bencfit of a second edition. In truth, its republication has been so often advised by friends, and its original reception was so prosperous, that I have almost felt it to be a duty once more to set it afloat upon the waters, for the behoof of that good-natured company of idle readers who are always ready to embark on a pleasure excursion in any light craft that offers. I have, therefore, taken these volumes in hand, and given them a somewhat critical revisal. Twenty years work sufficient change upon the mind of an author to render him, perhaps more than others, a fastidious critic of his own book. If the physiologists are right, he is not the same personafter that lapse of time; and all that his present and former self may claim in common, are those propertics
which belong to his mental consciousness, of which his aspiration after fame is one. The present self may, therefore, be expected to examine more rigorously the work of that former and younger person, for whom he is held responsible. This weighty consideration will be sufficient to account for the few differences which may be found between this and the first edition. Some quaintness of the vocabulary has been got rid of-some dialogue has been stript of its redundancy-some few thoughts have been added-and others retrenched. I shall be happy to think that the reader will agree with me that these are improvements :-I mean the reader who may happen to belong to that small and choice corps who read these volumes long ago-a little troop of friends of both sexes, to whom I have reason to be grateful for that modicum of good opinion which cheered my first venture in authorship. Health and joy to them all-as many as are now alive! I owe them a thanksgiving for their early benevolence.

Swallow Barn exhibits a picture of country life in Virginia, as it existed in the first quarter of the present century. Between that period and the present day, time and what is called "the progress," have made many innovations there, as they have done every where else. The Old Dominion is losing somewhat of the raciness of her once peculiar, and-speaking in reference to the locality described in these volumes-insulated cast of manners. The mellow, bland, and sunny lusuriance of her old-time society-its good fellowship, its hearty and constitutional companionableness, the thriftless gayety of the people, their dogged but amiable invincibility of opinion, and that overflowing. hospitality which knew no ebb,-these traits, though far from being impaired, are modified at the present day by circumstanees which have been gradually attaining a marked influence over social lifo as well as political relation. An observer cannot fail to note that the manners of our country have been tending towards a unifor-
mity which is visibly effacing all local differences. The old states, especially, are losing their orignal distinctive habits and modes of life, and in the same degree, I fear, are losing their exclusive American character. A traveller may detect but few sectional or provincial varicties in the general observances and customs of society, in comparison with what were observable in the past generations, and the pride, or rather the vanity, of the present day is leading us into a very notable assimilation with foreign usages The country now apes the city in what is supposed to be the elegancies of life, and the city is inclined to value and qdopt the fashions it is able to import across the Atlantic, and thus the whole surface of society is exhibiting the traces of a process by which it is likely to be rubbed down, in time, to one letel, and varnished with the same gloss. It may thus finally arrive at $\imath$ comfortable insipidity of character which may not be willingly rechoned as altogether a due compensation for the loss of that rough but pleasant flavor which belonged to it in its earlier era. There is much good sense in that opinion which ascribes a wholesome influence to those homebred customs, which are said to strengthen local attachments and expand them into a love of country. What belonged to us as characteristically American, seems already to be dissolving into a mixture which affects us unpleasantly as a tame and cosmopolitan substitute for the old warmth and salient vivacity of our ancestors. We no longer present in our pictures of domestic life so much as an earnest lover of our nationality might desire of what abroad is called "the red birl's wing"-something which belongs to us and to no one else. The fruitfulness of modern invention in the arts of life, the general fusion of thought through the medium of an extra-territorial literature, which from its easy domestication among us is scarcely regarded as foreign, the convenience and comfort of European customs which have been incorporated into our scheme of living;
-all these, aided and diffused by our extraordinary facilities of travel and circulation, have made sad work, even in the present generation, with those old nationalisms that were so agreeable to the contemplation of an admirer of the picturesque in character and manners.

Looking myself somewhat hopelessly upon this onward gliding of the stream, I am not willing to allow these sketches of mine entirely to pass away. They have already begun to assume the tints of a relic of the past, and may, in another generation, become archæological, and sink into the chapter of antiquities. Presenting, as I make bold to say, a faithful picture of the people, the modes of life, and the scenery of a region full of attraction, ard exhibiting the lights and shades of its society with the truhfulness of a painter who has studied his subject on the spot, tiey may reasonably claim their accuracy of delineation to be set off as an extenuation for any want of skill or defect of finish whech a fair criticism may charge against the artist. Like some sign-post painters, I profess to make a strong likeness, even if it should be thought to be hard,-and what better workmen might call a daub, -as to which I must leave my reader to judge for himself when he has read this book. The outward public award on this point was kind, and bestowed quite as much praise as I could bave desired-much more than I expected-when the former edition appeared. But " the progress" has brought out many competitors since that day, and has, perhaps, rendered the public taste mo:e scrupulous. A book then was not so perilous an offering as it is now in the great swarm of authorships. We run more risk, just now, of being let alone,-unread,-untalked of-though not, happily, unpuffed by a few newspapers, who are favorites with the publisher, and owe him some courtesics.

I wish it to be noted that Swallow Barn is not a novel. I confess this in advance, although I may lose by it. It was begun on
the plan of a series of detached sketches linked together by the hooks and eyes of a traveller's notes; and although the narrative does run into some by-paths of personal adventure, it has still prescrved its desultory, sketchy character to the last. It is, therefore, utterly unartistic in plot and structure, and may be described as variously and interchangeably partaking of the complexion of a book of travels, a diary, a collection of letters, a drama, and a his-tory,-and this, serial or compact, as the reader may choose to compute it. Our old friend Polonius had nearly hit it in his rigmarole of "pastoral-comical, tragical-comical-historical-pasto-ral"-which, saving " the tragical," may well make up my schedule: and so I leave it to the "censure" of my new reader.

## INTRODUCTORY EPISTLE.

## TO ZACHARY HUDDLESTONE, ESQ.,

> PRESTON RIDGE, NEW-YORK.

Dear Zack:
I can imagine your surprise upon the receipt of this, when you first discover that I have really reached the Old Dominion. To requite you for my stealing off so quietly, I hold mysclf bound to an explanation, and, in revenge for your past friendship, to inflict upon you a full, true, and particular account of all my doings, or rather my seeings and thinkings, up to this present writing. You know my cousin Ned Hazard has been often urging it upon me, -so often that he began to grow sick of it,-as a sort of family duty, to come and spend some little fragment of my life amongst my Virginia relations, and I have broken so many promises on that score, that, in truth, I began to grow ashamed of myself.

Upon the first of this month a letter from Ned reached me at Longsides, on the North River, where I then was with my mother and sisters. Ned's usual tone of correspondence is that of easy, confiding intimacy, mixed up, now and then, with a slashing raillery against some imputed foibles, upon which, as they were altogether imaginary, I could afford to take his sarcasm in good
part. But in this epistle he assumed a new ground, giving me some home thrusts, chiding me roundly for certain waxing bachelorisms, as he called them, and intimating that a crust was evidently hardening upon me. A plague upon the fellow! You know, Zashary, that meither of us is so many years ahead of him. My reckoning takes in kut, "ive jears, eleven months and fifteen days--ard ceriain'y, not so much by my looks. He insinuated that I had arrived at inat invetcracy of opinion for which travel was the only cure; and that, in especial, I had fallen into some unseemly prejudices against the Old Dominion which were unbecoming the character of a philosopher, to which, he affirmed, I had set up pretensions ; and then came a most hyperbolical innuendothat he had good reason to know that I was revolving the revival of a stale adventure in the war of Cupid, in which I had been aforetime egregiously baffled, "at Rhodes, at Cyprus, and on other grounds." Any reasonable man would say, that was absurd on his own showing. The letter grew more provoking-it flouted my opinions, laughed at my particularity, caricatured and derided my figure for its leanness, set at nought my complexion, satirized my temper, and gave me over corporeally and spiritually to the great.bear-herd, as one predestined to all kinds of ill luck with the womon, and to be led for ever as an ape. His epistle, however, wound up like a sermon, in a perfect concord of sweet sounds, beseeching me to forego my idle purpose; (Cupid, forsooth !) to weed out all my prejudicate affections, as well touching the Old Dominion as the other conceits of my rain philosophy, and to hie me, with such specd as my convenience might serve withal, to Swallow Barn, where he made bold to pledge me an entertainment worthy of my labor.

It was a brave offer, and discrectly to be perpended. I balanced the matter, in my usual see-saw fashion, for several days. It does mostly fall out, my dear Zack (to speak philosophically),
that this machine of man is pulled in such contrary ways, by inclinations and appetites setting diversely, that it shall go well with him if he be not altogether balanced into a pernicious equilibrium of absolute rest. I had a great account to run up against my resolution. Longsides has so many conveniences; and the servants have fallon so well into my habitudes; and my arm-chair had such an essential adaptation to my felicity; and even my razors were on such a stationary foundation-one for every day of the week-as to render it impossible to embark them on a journey; to say nothing of the letters to write, and the books to read, and all the other little cares that make up the sum of immobility in a man who does not care much about seeing the world; so that, in faith, I had a serious matter of it. And then, after all, I was, in fact, plighted to my sister Louisa to go with her up the rivcr, you know where. This, between you and me, was the very thing that brought down the beam. That futile, nonsensical firtation! But for this fantastic conceit crossing my mind with the bitterness of its folly, I should indubitably have staid at home.

There are some junctures in love and war both, where your lying is your only game; for as to equivocating, or putting the question upon an if or a but, it is a downright confession. If I had refused Ned's summons, not a whole legion of devils could have driven it out of his riveted belief, that I had been kept at home by that maggot of the brain which he called a love affair. And then I should never have heard the end of it!
"I'll set that matter right, at least," quoth I, as I folded up his letter. "Ned has reason, too," said I, suddenly struck with the novelty of the proposed journey, which began to show in a pleasant light upon my imagination, as things are apt to do, when a man has once relieved his mind from a state of doubt:-" One ought to travel before he makes up his opinion: there are two sides to every question, and the world is right or wrong; I'm
sure I don't know which. Your traveller is a man of privileges and authoritative, and looks well in the multitude : a man of mark, and authentic as a witness. And as for the Old Dominion, I'll warrant me it's a right jolly old place, with a good many years on its head yet, or I am mistaken.-By cock and pye, I'll go and see it. What ho! my tablets,"

Behold me now in the full career of my voyage of discovery, exploring the James River in the steamboat, on a clear, hot fifteenth of June, and looking with a sagacious perspicacity upon the commonest sights of this terra incognita. I gazed upon the receding headlands far sternward, and then upon the sedgy banks where the cattle were standing leg-deep in the water to get rid of the flies: and ever and anon, as we followed the sinaosities of the river, some sweeping eminence came into view, and on the crown thereof was seen a plain, many-windowed edifice of brick, with low wings, old, ample and stately, looking orer its wide and sun-burnt domain in solitary silence: and there were the piny promontories, into whose shade we sometimes glided so close that one might have almost jumped on shore, where the wave struck the beach with a sullen plash: and there were the decayed fences jutting beyond the bank into the water, as if they had come down the hill too fast to stop themselves. All these things struck my faney as peculiar to the region.

It is wonderful to think how much more distinct are the impressions of a man who travels pen in hand, than those of a mere business voyager. Even the crows, as we sometimes scared them from their banquets with our noisy enginery, seemed to have a more voluble, and, I may say, cloquent caw here in Virginia, than in the dialectic elimates of the North. You would have laughed to see into what a state of lady-like rapture I had worked myself, in my eagerness to get a peep at Jamestown, with all my effervescence of romance kindled up by the renown of the unmatchable

Smith. The steward of the boat pointed it out when we had nearly passed it-and lo! there it was-the buttress of an old steeple, a barren fallow; some melancholy heifers, a blasted pine, and, on its top, a desolate hawk's nest. What a splendid field for the fancy! What a carte blanche for a painter! With how many things might this little spot be filled!


What time bright Phobus-you see that Jamestown has made me poetical-had thrown the reins upon his horse's neck, and got down from his chafed saddle in the western country, like a tired mail-carrier, our boat was safely moored at Rocket's, and I entered Richmond between hawk and buzzard-the very best hour, I maintain. out of the twenty-four, for a picturesque tourist.

At that hour nature draws her pictures en silhouette: every thing jet black againsta bright horizon ; nothing to be seen but profiles, with all the shabby fillings-up kept dark. Shockoe Hill was crested with what seemed palaces embowered in groves and gardens of richest shade; the chimneys numberless, like minarets; and the Parthenon of Virginia, on its appropriate summit, stood in another Acropolis, tracing its broad pediment upon the sky in exaggerated lines. There, too, was the rush of waters tumbling around enchanted islands, and flashing dimly on the sight. The hum of a city fell upon my ear; the streets looked long and the houses high, and every thing brought upon my mind that misty impression which, Burke says, is an ingredient of the sublime, -and which, I say, every stranger feels on entering a city at twilight.

I was set down at "The Union," where, for the first hour, being intent upon my creature comforts, my time passed well enough. The abrupt transition from long-continued motion to a state of rest makes almost every man sad, exactly as sudden speed makes us joyous; and for this reason, I take it, your traveller in a strange place is, for a space after his halt, a sullen, if not a melancholy animal. The proofs of this were all around me; for here was I-not an unpractised traveller either-at my first resting place after four days of accelerated progression, for the first time in my life in Richmond, in a large hotel, without one cognizable face before me; full of excellent feelings without a power of utterance. What would I have given for thee, or Jones, or even long Dick Hardesty! In that ludicrous conflict between the social nature of the man and his outward circumstances, which every light-hearted voyager feels in such a situation as mine, I grew desponding. Talk not to me of the comfort of mine own inn! I hold it a thing altogether insufficient. A burlesque solitariness sealed up the fountains of speech, of the crowd who
were seatec. at the supper-table; and the same uneasy sensation of pent-up sympathies was to be seen in the groups that peopled the purlieus of the hotel. A square lamp that hung midway over the hall, was just lit up, and a few insulated beings were sauntering backward and forward in its light: some loitered in pairs, in low and reserved conversation ; others stalked alone in incommunicable ruminations, with shaded brows, and their hands behind their backs. One or two stood at the door humming familiar catches in unconscious medleys, as they gazed up and down the street, now clamorous with the din of carts and the gossip of serving-maids, discordant apprentice boys and over-contented blacks. Some sat on the pavement, leaning their chairs against the wall, and puffing segars in imperturbable silence: all composing an orderly and disconsolate little republic of humorsome spirits, most pitifully out of tune.

I was glad to take refuge in an idle occupation; so I strolled about the city. The streets, by degrees, grew less frequented. Family parties were gathered about their doors, to take the evening breeze. The moon shone bright upon some bevies of active children, who played at racing games upon the pavements. On one side of the street, a contumacious clarionet sereamed a harsh bravado to a thorough-going violin, which, on the opposite side, in an illuminated barber-shop, struggled in the contortions of a Virginia reel. And, at intervals, strutted past a careering, saucy negro, with marvellous lips, whistling to the top of his bent, and throwing into shade halloo of schoolboy, scream of clarionet, and screech of fiddle.

Towards midnight a thunder gust arose, accompanied with sharp lightning, and the morning broke upon me in all the luxuriance of a cool and del:cious atmosphere. You must know that when I left home, my purpose $w, s$ to make my way direct to Swallow Barn. Now, what think you of my skill as a traveller.
when I tell you, that until I woke in Richmond on this enchanting morning, it never once occurred to me to inquire where this same Swallow Barn was! I knew that it was in Virginia, and somewhere about the James River, and therefore I instinctively wandered to Richmond; but now, while making my toilet, my thoughts being naturally bent upon my next movement, it very reasonably occurred to me that I must have passed my proper destination the day before, and, full of this thought, I found myself humming the line from an old song, which runs, 'Pray what the devil brings you here!" The communicative and obliging bar-keeper of the Union soon put me right. He knew Ned Hazard as a frequent visitor of Richmond, and his advice was, that I should take the same boat in which I came, and shape my course back as far as City Point, where he assured me that I might find some conveyance to Swallow Barn, which lay still farther down the river, and that, at all events, " go where I would, I could not go wrong in Virginia." What think you of that? Now I hold that to be, upon personal experience, as true a word as ever was set down in a traveller's breviary. There is not a by-path in Virginia that will take a gentleman, who has time on his hands, in a wrong direction. This I say in honest compliment to a state which is full to the brim of right good fellows.

The boat was not to return for two days, and I therefore employed the interval in looking about the city. Don't be frightened !-for I neither visited hospitals, nor schools, nor libraries, and therefore will not play the tourist with you: but if you wish to see a beautiful little city. built up of rich and tasteful villas, and embellished with all the varieties of town and country. scattered with a refined and exquisite skill-come and look at Shockoe Hill in the month of Junc.-You may believe, then, I did not regret my aberration.

At the appointed day I re-embarked, and in due time was put
down at, City Point. Here some further delay awaited me This is not the land of hackney coaches, and I found myself somewhat embarrassed in procuring an onward conveyance. At a small house to which I was conducted, I made my wishes known, and the proprietor kindly voluntecred his services to set me forward. It was a matter of some consideration. The day was well advanced, and it was as much as could be done to reach Swallow Barn that night. An equipage, however, was at last procured for me, and off I went. You would have laughed " sans intermission" a good hour if you had seen me upon the road. I was set up n an old sulky, of a dingy hue, without springs, with its body sunk between a pair of unusually high wheels. It was drawn by an asthmatic, superannuated racer with a huge Roman nose and a most sorrowful countenance. His sides were piteously scalded with the traces, and his harness, partly of rope and partly of leather thongs, corresponded with the sobriety of his character. He had fine long legs, however, and got over the ground with surprising alacrity. At a most respectful distance behind me trotted the most venerable of outriders-an old free negro, formerly a retainer in some of the feudal establishments of the low countries. His name was Scipio. His face, which was principally composed of a pair of protuberant lips, whose luxuriance seemed intended as an indemnity for a pair of crushed nostrils, was well set off with a head of silver wool that bespoke a volume of gravity. He had, from some aristocratic conceit of elegance, indued himself for my service in a ragged regimental coat, still jagged with some points of tarnished scarlet, and a pair of coarse linen trowsers, barely reaching the ankles, beneath which two bony feet occupied shoes, each of the superficies and figure of a hoe, and on one of these was whimsically buckled a rusty spur. His horse was a short, thick-set pony, with an amazingly rough trot, which kept Scipio's legs in a state of constant warfare against the
animal's sides, whilst the old fellow bounced up and down in his saddle with the ambitious ostentation of a groom in the vigor of manhood, and proud of his horsemanship.

Scipio frequently succeeded, by dint of hard spurring, to get close enough to me to open a conversation, which he conducted with such a deferential courtesy and formal politeness, as greatly to enhance my opinion of his breeding. His face was lighted up with a lambent smile, and he touched his hat with an antique grace at every accost ; the tone of his voice was mild and subdued, and in short, Scipio had all the unction of an old gentleman. He had a great deal to say of the "palmy days" of Virginia, and the generations which in his time had been broken up, or, what in his conception was equivalent, had gone "over the mountain." He expatiated with a wonderful relish upon the splendors of the old-fashioned style in that part of the country ; and told me very pathetically, how the estates were cut up, and what old people had died off, and how much he felt himself alone in the present times, -which partieulars he interlarded with sundry sage remarks, importing an affectionate attachment to the old school, of which he considered himself no unworthy survivor. He concluded these disquisitions with a reflection that amused me by its pro-fundity-and which doubtless he had picked up from some popular orator: "When they change the circumstance, they alter the case." My expression of assent to this aphorism awoke all his van-ity,-for after pondering a moment upon it, he shook his head archly as he added,-" People think old Scipio a fool, because he's got sense,"-and, thereupon, the old fellow laughed till the tears came into his eyes.

In this kind of colloquy we made some twenty miles before the shades of evening overtook us, and Scipio now informed me that we might soon expect to reach Swallow Barn. The road was smooth and canopied with dark foliage, and, as the last blush of
twilight faded away, we swept rapidly round the head of a swamp where a thousand frogs were celebrating their vespers, and soon after reached the gate of the court-yard. Lights were glimmering through different apertures, and several stacks of chimneys were visible above the horizon ; the whole mass being magnified into the dimensions of a great castle. Some half-dozen dogs bounding to the gate, brought a host of servants to receive me, as I alighted at the door.

Cousins count in Virginia, and have great privileges. Here was I in the midst of a host of them. Frank Meriwether met me as cordially as if we had spent our whole lives together, and my cousin Lucretia, his wife, came up and lissed me in the genuine country fashion. Of course, I repeated the ceremony towards all the female branches that fell in my way; and, by the by, the girls are pretty enough to make the ceremony interesting, although I think they consider me somewhat oldish. As to Ned Hazard, I need not tell you he is the quintessence of good humor, and received me with that famous hearty honesty of his, which you would have predicted.

At the moment of my arrival, a part of the family were strewed over the steps of a little porch at the front door, basking in the moonlight ; and before them a troop of children, white and black, trundled hoops across the court-yard, followed by a pack of companionable curs, who seemed to have a part of the game; whilst a piano within the house served as an orchestra to the players. Miy arrital produced a sensation that stopped all this, and I was hurried by a kind of tumultuary welcome into the parlor.

If you have the patience to read this long epistle to the eud, I would like to give you a picture of the family as it appeared to me that night ; but if you are already fatigued with my gossip, as I have good reason to fear, why you may e'en skip this, and go about your more important duties. But it is not often you may
meet such sceues, and as they produce some kindly impressions, I think it worth while to note this.

The parlor was one of those specimens of architceture of which there are not many survivors, and in another half century, they will, perhaps, be extinct. The walls were of panelled wood, of a greenish white, with small windows seated in deep embrasures, and the mantel was high, embellished with heavy mouldings that extended up to the cornice of the room: in a figure resembling a square fortified according to Vauban. In one corner stood a tall triangular cupboard, and opposite to it a clock equally tall, with a healthy, saucy-faced full moon pecring above the dial-plate. A broad sofa ranged along the wall, and was kept in countenance by a legion of leather-bottomed chairs, which sprawled their bandy legs to a perilous compass, like a high Dutch skater squaring the yard. A huge table occupied the middle of the room, whereon reposed a service of stately china, and a dozen covers flanking some lodgments of sweetmeats, and divers curiously wrought pyramids of butter tottering on pedestals of ice. In the midst of this array, like a lordly fortress, was placed an immense bowl of milk, surrounded by sundry silver goblets, reflecting their images on the polished board, as so many El Dorados in a fairy Archipelago. An uncarpeted floor glistened with a dim, but spotless lustre, in token of careful housekeeping, and around the walls were hung, in grotesque frames, some time-worn portraits, protruding their pale faces through thickets of priggish curls.

The sounding of a bell was the signal for our evening repast. My cousin Lucretia had already taken the seat of worship behind a steaming urn and a strutting coffec-pot of chased silver, that had the air of a cock about to crow,-it was so erect. A little rosy gentleman, the reverend Mr. Chub, (a tutor in the family, said a hasty and half-smothered grace, and then we all arranged ourselves at the table. An aged dame in spectacles, with the
mannerly silence of a dependent, placed herself in a post at the board, that enabled her to hold in check some little moppets who were perched on high chairs, with bibs under their chins, and two barefooted boys who had just burst into the room overheated with play. A vacant scat remained, which, after a few moments, was occupied by a tall spinster, with a sentimental mien, who glided into the parlor with some stir. She was another cousin, Zachary, according to the Virginia rule of consanguinity, who was introduced to me as Miss Prudence Meriwether, a sister of Frank's,-and as for her age,--that's neither here nor there.

The evening went off, as you might guess, with abundance of good feeling and unaffected enjoyment. The ladies soon fell into their domestic occupations, and the parson smoked his pipe in silence at the window. The young progeny teased " uncle Ned" with importunate questions, or played at bo-peep at the parlor door, casting sly looks at me, from whence they slipt off, with a laugh, whenever they caught my eye. At last, growing tired, they rushed with one accord upon Hazard, flinging themselves across his knees, pulling his skirts, or clambering over the back of his chair, until, worn out by sport, they dropped successively upon the floor, in such childish slumber, that not even their nurses woke them when they were picked up, like sacks, and carried off to bed upon the shoulders.

It was not long before the rest of us followed, and I found myself luxuriating in a comfortable bed which would have accommodated a platoon. Here, listening to the tree-frog and the owl, I dropped into a profound slumber, and knew nothing more of this under world, until the sun shining through my window, and the voluble note of the mocking-bird, recalled me to the enjoyment of nature and the morning breeze.

So, you have all my adventures up to the moment of my arrival. And as I have set out with a premeditated purpose to regis-
ter what I see and hear-an inky and therefore a black intent, say you-you shall hear from me again presently; but whether in some descriptive pictures of this old dominion, or in dramatic sketches, or in a journal, or in some rambling letters, I cannot yet foretell. I shall wait upon my occasions. Perhaps I shall give you something compounded of all these. And if a book be the upshot-who's afraid? You may read or let it alone, as you please. "That's the humor of it "-as Nym says.

It may be some time before we meet; till then, I wear you in my heart.

Swallow Barn, June 20, 1829.
Mark Littleton.

## CHAPTER I.

SWALLOW BARN.

Swallow Barn is an aristocratical old edifice which sits, like a brooding hen, on the southern bank of the James River. It looks down upon a shady pocket or nook, formed by an indentation of the shore, from a gentle acclivity thinly sprinkled with oaks whose magnificent branches afford habitation to sundry. friendly colonies of squirrels and woodpeckers.

This time-honored mansion was the residence of the family of Hazards. But in the present generation, the spells of love and mortgage have translated the possession to Frank Meriwether, who having married Lucretia, the eldest daughter of my late Uncle Walter Hazard, and lifted some gentlemanlike incumbrances which had been sleeping for years upon the domain, was thus inducted into the proprietary rights. The adjacency of his own estate gave a territorial feature to this alliance, of which the fruits were no less discernible in the multiplication of negroes, cattle, and poultry, than in a flourishing clan of Meriwethers.

The main building is more than a century old. It is built with thick brick walls, but one story in height, and surmounted by a double-faced or hipped roof, which gives the idea of a ship bottom upwards. Later buildings have been added to this, as the wants or ambition of the family have expanded. These are
all constructed of wood, and seem to have been built in defiance of all laws of congruity, just as convenience required. But they form altogether an agreeable picture of habitation, suggesting the idea of comfort in the ample space they fill, and in their conspicuous adaptation to domestic uses.

The hall door is an ancient piece of walnut, which has grown too heavy for its hinges, and by its daily travel has furrowed the floor in a quadrant, over which it has an uneasy journey. It is shaded by a narrow porch, with a carved pediment upheld by massive columns of wood, somewhat split by the sun. An ample court-yard, inclosed by a semi-circular paling, extends in front of the whole pile, and is traversed by a gravel road leading from a rather ostentatious iron gate, which is swung between two pillars of brick surmounted by globes of cut stone. Between the gate and the house a large willow spreads its arched and pendent drapery over the grass. A bridle rack stands within the inclosure, and near it a ragged horse-nibbled plum-trec-the current belief being that a plum-tree thrives on ill usage-casts its skeleton shadow on the dust.

Some Lombardy poplars, springing above a mass of shrubbery, partially screen various supernumerary buildings at a short distance in the rear of the mansion. Amongst these is to be seen the gable end of a stable, with the date of its erection stiflly emblazoned in black bricks near the upper angle, in figures set in after the fashion of the work on a girl's sampler. In the same quarter a pigeon-box, reared on a post and resembling a huge tee-totum, is visible, and about its several doors and windows a family of pragmatical pigeons are gencrally strutting, bridling, and bragging at each other from sunrise until dark.

Appendant to this homestead is an extensive tract of land which stretches some three or four miles along the river, presenting alternately abrupt promontories mantled with pine and dwarf
oak, and small inlets terminating in swamps. Some sparse portions of forest vary the landscape, which, for the most part, exhibits a succession of fields clothed with Indian corn, some small patches of cotton or tobaceo plants, with the usual varicties of stubble and fallow grounds. These are inclosed by worm fences of shrunken chestnut, where lizards and ground-squirrels are perpetually running races along the rails.

A few hundred steps from the mansion, a brook glides at a snail's pace towards the river, holding its course through a wilderness of laurel and alder, and creeping around islets covered with green mosses. Across this stream is thrown a rough bridge, which it would delight a painter to see; and not far below it an aged sycamore twists its roots into a grotesque framework to the pure mirror of a spring, which wells up its cool waters from a bed of gravel aud runs gurgling to the brook. There it aids in furnishing a cruising ground to a squadron of ducks who, in defiance of all nautical propriety, are incessantly turning up their sterns to the skies. On the grass which skirts the margin of the spring, I observe the family linen is usually spread out by some three or four negro women, who chant shrill music over their wash-tubs, and seem to live in ceaseless warfare with sundry little besmirched and bow-legged blacks, who are never tired of making somersets, and mischierously pushing each other on the clothes laid down to dry.

Beyond the bridge, at some distance, stands a prominent object in the perspective of this picture,-the most venerable appendage to the establishment-a huge barn with an immense roof hanging almust to the ground, and thatched a foot thick with sunburnt straw, which reaches below the eaves in ragged flakes. It has a singularly drowsy and decrepit aspect. The yard around it is strewed knee-deep with litter, from the midst of which arises a long rack resembling a cheraux de frise, which is ordinarily
filled with fodder. This is the customary lounge of half a score of oxen and as many cows, who sustain an imperturbable companionship with a sickly wagon, whose parched tongue and drooping swingle-trees, as it stands in the sun, give it a most forlorn and invalid character; whilst some sociable carts under the sheds, with their shafts perched against the walls, suggest the idea of a set of gossiping cronies taking their ease in a tavern porch. Now and then a clownish lobble-de-hoy colt, with long fetlocks and disordered mane, and a thousand burs in his tail, stalks through this company. But as it is forbidden ground to all his tribe, he is likely very soon to encounter a shower of corn-cobs from some of the negro men ; upon which contingency he makes a rapid retreat across the bars which imperfectly guard the entrance to the yard, and with an uncouth display of his heels bounds away towards the brook, where he stops and looks back with a saucy defiance ; and after affecting to drink for a noment, gallops away with a braggart whinny to the fields.


## CHAPTER II.

## A COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.

The master of this lordly domain is Frank Meriwether. He is now in the meridian of life-somewhere about forty-five. Good cheer and an easy temper tell well upon him. The first has given him a comfortable, portly figure, and the latter a contemplative turn of mind, which inclines him to be lazy and philosophical.

He has some right to pride himself on his personal appearance, for he has a handsome face, with a dark blue eye and a fine intellectual brow. His head is growing scant of hair on the crown, which induces him to be somewhat particular in the management of his locks in that locality, and these are assuming a decided silvery hue.

It is pleasant to see him when he is going to ride to the Court House on business occasions. He is then apt to make his appearance in a coat of blue broadcloth, astonishingly glossy, and with an unusual amount of plaited ruffle strutting through the folds of a Marseilles waistcoat. A worshipful finish is given to this costume by a large straw hat, lined with green silk. There is a magisterial fulness in his garments which betokens condition in the world, and a heavy bunch of seals, suspended by a chain of gold, jingles as he mores, pronouncing him a man of superfluities.

It is considered rather extraordinary that he has never set up for Congress: but the truth is, he is an unambitious man, and has a great dislike to currying favor-as he calls it. And, besides, he is thoroughly convinced that there will always be men enough in Virginia willing to serve the people, and therefore does not see why he should trouble his head about it. Some years ago, however, there was really an impression that he meant to come out. By some sudden whim, he took it into his head to visit Washington during the session of Congress, and returned, after a fortnight, very seriously distempered with politics. He told curious anecdotes of certain secret intrigues which had been discovered in the affairs of the capital, gave a clear insight into the views of some deep-laid combinations, and became, all at once, painfully florid in his discourse, and dogmatical to a degree that made his wife stare. Fortunately, this orgasm soon subsided, and Frank relapsed into an indolent gentleman of the op= position ; but it had the effect to give a much more depided cast to his studies, for he forthwith discarded the "Richmond Whig" from his newspaper subseription, and took to "The Enquirer," like a man who was not to be disturbed by doubts. And as it was morally impossible to believe all that was written on both sides, to prevent his mind from being abused, he from this time forward took a stand against the re-clection of Mr. Adams to the Presidency, and resolved to give an implicit faith to all alieged facts which set against his administration. The consequence of this straight-forward and confiding deportment was an unexpected complimentary notice of him by the Executive of the State. He was put into the commission of the peace, and having thus become a public man against his will, his opinions were observed to undergo some essential changes. He now thinks that a grood citizen ought neither to solicit nor decline office; that the magistracy of Virginia is the sturdiest pillar which supports the fabric
of the Constitution ; and that the people, " though in their opinions they may be mistaken, in their sentiments they are never wrong ;"-with some such other dogmas as, a few years ago, he did not hold in very good repute. In this temper, he has of late embarked on the millpond of county affairs, and nothwithstanding his amiable character and his doctrinary republicanism, I am told he keeps the peace as if he commanded a garrison, and administers justice like a Cadi.

He has some claim to supremacy in this last department; for during three years he smoked segars in a lawyer's office in Richmond, which enabled him to obtain a bird's-eye view of Blackstone and the Revised Code. Besides this, he was a member of a Law Debating Society, which ate oysters once a week in a cellar; and he wore, in accordance with the usage of the most promising law students of that day, six cravats, one over the other, and yellow-topped boots, by which he was recognized as a blood of the metropolis. Having in this way qualified himself to assert and maintain his rights, he came to his estate, upon his arrival at age, a very model of landed gentJemen. Since that time his avocations have had a certain literary tincture ; for having settled himself down as a married man, and got rid of his superfluous foppery, he rambled with wonderful assiduity through a wilderness. of romances, poems, and dissertations, which are now collected in his library, and, with their battered blue covers, present a lively type of an army of continentals at the close of the war, or a hospital of invalids. These have all, at last, given way to the news-papers-a miscellaneous study very attractive and engrossing to country gentlemen. This line of study has rendered Meriwether a most perilous antagonist in the matter of legislative proceedings.

A landed proprietor, with a good house and a host of servantis, is naturally a hospitable man. A guest is one of his daily wants

A friendly face is a necessary of life, without which the heart is apt to starve, or a lusury without which it grows parsimonious. Men who are isolated from society by distance, feel these wants by an instinct, and are grateful for the opportunity to relieve them. In Meriwether, the sentiment goes beyond this. It has, besides, something dialectic in it. His house is open to every body, as freely almost as an inn. But to see him when he has had the good fortune to pick up an intelligent, educated gentle-man,--and particularly one who listens well!--a respectable, assentatious stranger!-All the better if he has been in the Legislature, or better still, if in Congress. Such a person caught within the purlieus of Swallow Barn, may set down one week's entertainment as certain-inevitable, and as many more as he likes--the more the merrier. He will know something of the quality of Meriwether's rhetoric before he is gone.

Then aeain, it is very pleasant to see Frank's kind and considerate bearing towards his servants and dependents. His slaves appreciate this, and hold him in most affectionate reverence, and, therefore, are not only contented, but happy under his dominion.

Meriwether is not much of a traveller. He has never been in New England, and very seldom beyond the confines of Virginia. He makes now and then a winter excursion to Richnond, which, I rather think, he considers as the centre of civilization; and towarls autumn, it is his custom to journey orer the mountain to the Springs, which he is obliged to do to avoid the unlealthy season in the tide-water region. But the upper country is not much to his taste, and would not be endured by lim if it were not for the crowds that resort there for the same reason which operates upon lim ; and I may add,---though he would not confess it --fur the opportunity this concourse affords him for diszussion of cpinions.

He thinks lightly of the mercantile interest, and, in fact, undervalues the manners of the large cities generally. He believes that those who live in them are hollow-hearted and insincere, and wanting in that substantial intelligence and virtuc, which he affirms to be characteristic of the country. He is an ardent admirer of the genius of Virginia, and is frequent in his commendation of a toast in which the state is compared to the mother of the Gracchi:-indced, it is a familiar thing with him to speak of the aristocracy of talent as only inferior to that of the landed in-terest,-the idea of a frecholder inferring to his mind a certain constitutional pre-eminence in all the virtues of citizenship, as a matter of course.

The solitary elevation of a country gentleman, well to do in the world, begets some magnificent notions. He becomes as infallible as the Pope; gradually acquires a habit of making long speeches; is apt to be impatient of contradiction, and is always very touchy on the point of honor. There is nothing more conclusive than a rich man's logic any where, but in the country, amongst his dependents, it flows with the smooth and unresisted course of a full stream irrigating a meadow, and depositing its mud in fertilizing luxuriance. Meriwether's sayings, about Swallow Barn, import absolute verity. But I have discovered that they are not so current out of his jurisdiction. Indeed, every now and then, we have quite obstinate discussions when some of the neighboring potentates, who stand in the same sphere with Frank, come to the house; for these worthies have opinions of their own, and nothing can be more dogged than the conflict between them. They sometimes fire away at each other with a most amiable and unconvinceable hardihood for a whole evening, bandying interjections, and making bows, and saying shrewd things with all the courtesy imaginable. But for unextinguishable pertinacity in argument, and utter impregnability of belief, there is
no disputant like your country-gentleman who reads the newspapers. When one of these discussions fairly gets under weigh, it never comes to an anchor again of its own accord;-it is either blown out so far to sea as to be given up for lost, or puts into port in distress for want of documents,-or is upset by a call for the boot-jack and slippers-which is something like the previous question in Congress.

If my worthy cousin be somewhat over-argumentative as a politician, he restores the equilibrium of his character by a considerate coolness in religious matters. He piques himself upon being a high-churchman, but is not the most diligent frequenter of places of worship, and very seldom permits himself to get into a dispute upon points of faith. If Mr. Chub, the Presbyterian tutor in the family, ever succeeds in drawing him into this field, as he occasionally las the address to do, Meriwether is sure to fly the course ; he gets puzzled with scripture names, and makes some odd mistakes between Peter and Paul, and then generally turns the parson over to his wife, who, he says, has an astonishing memory.

He is somewhat distinguished as a breeder of blooded horses ; and, ever since the celebrated race between Eclipse and Henry, has taken to this occupation with a renerred zeal, as a matter affecting the reputation of the state. It is delightful to hear him expatiate upon the value, importance, and patriotic bearing of this employment, and to listen to all his technical lore touching the mystery of horse-craft. He has some fine colts in training, which are committed to the care of a pragmatical old negro, named Carey, who, in his reverence for the occupation, is the perfect shadow of his master. He and Frank hold grave and momentous consultations upon the affairs of the stable, in such a sagacious strain of equal debate, that it would puzzle a spectator to tell which was the leading nember in the comeil. Carey thinks he
knows a great deal more upon the subject than his master, and their frequent intercourse has begot a familiarity in the old negro which is almost fatal to Merimether's supremacy. The old man feels himself authorized to maintain his positions according to the freest parliamentary form, and sometimes with a violence of asseveration that compels his master to abandon his ground, purely out of faint-heartedness. Meriwether gets a little nettled by Carey's doggedness, but generally turns it off in a laugh. I was in the stable with him, a few mornings after my arrival, when he ventured to expostulate with the vencrable groom upon a professional point, but the controversy terminated in its customary way. "Who sot you up, Master Frank, to tell me how to fodder that 'ere cretur, when I as good as nursed you on my knee?"
" Well, tie up your tongne, you old mastiff," replied Frank, as he walked out of the stable, " and cease growling, since you will have it your own way;"-and then, as we left the old man's presence, he added, with an affectionate chuckle-" a faithful old cur, too, that snaps at me out of pure honesty; he has not many years left, and it does no harm to humor him !"

## CHAPTER III.

## FAMILY PORTRAITS.

Whilst Frank Meriwether amuses himself with his quiddities, and floats through life upon the current of his humor, his dame, my excellent cousin Lucretia, takes charge of the household affairs, as one who has a reputation to stake upon her administra. tion. She has made it a perfect science, and great is her fame in the dispensation thereof!

Those who have visited Swallow Barn will long remember the morning stir, of which the murmurs arose even unto the chambers, and fell upon the ears of the sleepers; -the dry-rubbing of floors, and even the waxing of the same until they were like ice ;and the grinding of coffce-mills;-and the gibber of ducks, and chickens, and turkeys; and all the multitudinous concert of homely sounds. And then, her breakfasts! I do not wish to be counted extravagant, but a small regiment might march in upon her without disappointment; and I would put them for excellence and variety against any thing that ever was served upon platter. Moreover, all things go like clock-work. She rises with the lark, and infuses an early vigor into the whole household. And yet she is a thin woman to look upon, and a feeble; with a sallow complexion, and a pair of animated black eyes which impart a portion of fire to a countenance otherwise denure from the paths

worn across it, in the frequent travel of a low-country ague. But, although her life has been somewhat saddoned by such visitations, my cousin is too spirited a woman to give up to them ; for she is therapeutical in her constitution, and considers herself a full match for any reasonable tertian in the world. Indeed, I have sometimes thought that she took more pride in her leech craft than becomes a Christian woman : she is cven a little vain-glorious. For, to say nothing of her skill in compounding simples, she has occasionally brought down upon her head the sober remonstrances of her husband, by her pertinacious faith in the efficacy of certain spells in cases of intermittent. But there is no reasoning against her experience. She can enumerate the cases-" and men may say what they choose about its being contrary to reason, and all that:-it is their way! But seeing is believing-nine scoops of water in the hollow of the hand, from the sycamore spring, for three mornings, before sumrise, and a cup of strong coffee with lemon-juice, will break an ague, try it when you will." In short, as Frank says, "Lucretia will die in that creed."

I am occasionally up early enough to be witness to her morning regimen; which, to my mind, is rather tyramnically enforced against the youngsters of her numerous family, both white and black. She is in the habit of preparing some death-routing decoction for them, in a small pitcher, and administering it to the whole squadron in succession, who severally swallow the dose with a most ineffectual effort at repudiation, and gallop off, with faces all rue and wormwood.

Every thing at Swallow Barn, that falls within the superintendence of my cousin Lucretia is a pattern of industry. In fact, I consider her the very priestess of the American system, for, with her, the protection of manufactures is even more of a passion than a principle. Every here and there, over the estate, may be
seen, rising in humble guise above the shrubbery; the rude chim ney of a $\log$ cabin, where all the livelong day the plaintive moaning of the spinning-wheel rises fitfully upon the breeze, like the fancied notes of a hobgoblin, as they are sometimes imitated in the stories with which we frighten children. In these laboratories the negro women are employed in preparing yarn for the loom, from which is produced not only a comfortable supply of winter clothing for the working people, but some excellent carpets for the house.

It is refreshing to behold how affectionately vain our good Lostess is of Frank, and what deference she shows to his judgment in all matters, except those that belong to the home department; --for there she is confessedly and without appeal, the paramount power. It seems to be a dogma with her, that he is the very "first man in Virginia," an expression which in this region has grown into an emphatic provincialism. Frank, in return, is a devout admirer of her accomplishments, and although he does not jretend to an ear for music, he is in raptures at her skill on the harpsichord, when she plays at night for the children to dance; and he sometimes sets her to singing 'The Twins of Latona,' and ' Old Towler,' and 'The Rose-Tree in Full Bearing' (she does not study the modern music), for the entertainment of his company. On these occasions he stands by the instrument, and nods his head, as if he comprehended the airs.

She is a fruitful vessel, and seldom fails in her ammal tribute to the honors of the family; and, sooth to say, Frank is reputed to be somewhat restiff under these multiplying blessings. They have two lovely girls, just verging towards womanhood, who attract a supreme regard in the household, and to whom Frank is perfectly devoted. Next to these is a boy,-a shrewd, mischievous imp, who curvets about the house, 'a chartered libertine.' He is a little wiry fellow near thirteen, known altogether
by the nick-name of Rip, and has a scapegrace countenance, full of freckles and devilry; the eyes are somewhat greenish, and the mouth opens alarmingly wide upon a tumultuous array of discolored teetl. Mis whole air is that of an untrimmed colt, torn down and disorderly ; and I most usually find him with the bosom of his shirt bagged out, so as to form a great pocket, where he carries apples or green walnuts, and sometimes pebbles, with which he is famous for pelting the fowls.

I must digress, to say a word about Rip's head-gear. He wears a nondescript skull-cap, which, I conjecture from some equivocal signs, had once been a fur hat, but which must have taken a degree in fifty other callings; for I see it daily employed in the most foreign services. Sometimes it is a drinking-vessel, and then Rip pinches it up like a cocked hat; sometimes it is devoted to push-pin, and then it is cuffed cruelly on both sides; and sometimes it is turned into a basket, to carry eggs from the hen-roosts. It finds hard scrvice at hat-ball, where, like a plastic statesman, it is popular for its pliability. It is tossed in the air on all occasions of rejoicing; and now and then serves for a gauntlet-and is flung with energy upon the ground, on the eve of a battle; and it is kicked occasionally through the schoolyard, after the fashion of a bladder. It wears a singular exterior, having a row of holes cut bolow the crown, or rather the aper, (for it is pyramidal in shape,) to make it cool, as Rip explains it, in hot weather. The only rest that it enjoys through the day, as far as I have been able to perceive, is during schoolhours, and then it is thrust between a desk and a bulkhead, three inches apart, where it generally envelopes in its folds a handful of hickory-nuts or marbles. This covering falls downfor it has no lining-like an extinguisher over Rip's head. To prevent the recurrence of this accident, he has tied it up with a hat-band of twine.

From Rip the rest of the progeny descend on the seale, in regular gradations, like the keys of a Pandean pipe, and with the same variety of intonations, until the series is terminated in a chubby, dough-faced infant, not above three months old.

This little infantry is under the care of mistress Barbara Winkle, an antique retainer of the family, who attends them at bed and board,-and every morning, I am told, plunges the whole bery, one by one, into a tub of cold water, at which they make terrible wry faces.

This mistress Barbara is a functionary of high rank in the family, and of great privileges, from having exercised her office through a preceding generation at Swallow Barn. She is quite remarkable at that time of day when festive preparations are in progress. A dinner-party calls forth all her energy, and exhibits her to great advantage as an cffective woman. She glides up and down stairs like a phantom, and you are aware of her comung py a low jingle of keys. One moment she is whipping cream, and the next threatening the same operation on some unlucky youngster of the kitchen who chances to meddle with her labors. You may hear her clattering eggs in a bowl, seolding servants, and screaming at Rip, who is perpetually in her way, amongst the sweetmeats: all of which matters, though enacted with a vinegar aspect, it is easy to see are very agreeable to her selflove.

There is no reverence like that of children for potentates of this deseription. Her very glanee has in it something diseoncerting to the young fry ; and they will twist their dumpling faces into every conccivable expression of grief, before they will dare to squall out in her presence. Even Rip is afraid of her. "When the old woman's mad, she is a horse to whip!" he told Ned and myself one morning, upon our questioning him as to the particulars of an uproar in which he had been the prineipal actor:

These exercises on the part of the old lady are neither rare nor unwholesome, and are winked at by the higher authorities.

Mrs. Winkle's complexion is the true parchment, and her roice is somewhat cracked. She takes Seotch snuff from a silver box, and wears a pair of horn spectacles, which give effect to the peculiar peakedness of her nose. On days of state she appears in all the rich coxcombry of the olden time; her gown being of an obsolete fashion, sprinkled with roses and sun-flowers, and her lizard arms encased in tight sleeves" as far as the elbow, where they are met by silken gloves without fingers. A starched tucker is pinned, with a pedantic precision, across her breast; and a prim cap of muslin, puckered into a point with a grotesque conceit, adorns her head.-Take her altogether, she looks very stately and bitter. Then, when she walks, it is inconceivable how aristocratically she rustles,-especially on a Sunday.

## CHAPTER IV.

## FAMILY PARAGONS.

My picture of the family at Swallow Barn would be incomplete if I did not give a conspicuous place to my two young cousins, Lucy and Victorine. It is true they are cousins only in the second remove, but I have become sufficiently naturalized to the soil to perceive the full value of the relation; and as they acknowledge it very affectionately to me-for I was promoted to "Cousin Mark" almost in the first hour after my arrival-I should be unreasonably reluctant if I did not assert the full right of blood. Lucy tells me she is only fifteen, and that she is one year and one month older than Vic, "for all that Vic is taller than she." Now, Lucy is a little fairy with blue eyes and light hair; and partially freckled and sun-burnt-being a very; pretty likeness of Rip, who, I have said, is an imp of homeliness; a fact which all experience shows to be quite consistent with the highest beauty. Victorine is almost a head taller, and possesses a stronger frame. She differs, too, from her sister by her jet-black eyes and dark hair; though they resemble each other in the wholesome tan which exposure to the atmosphere has spread alike over the cheeks of both.

These two girls are educated entirely at home, and are growing up together in the most confiding mutual affection. There
is nothing more lovely than two sisters in this relation, tranquilly and unconsciously gliding onwards to womanhood amongst the familiar images and gentle influences of the houschold circle; their kindly impulses set in motion by the caresses of friends; their tastes directed by the simple and pure enjoyments of a refined home in the country, where nature supplies so many beau tiful objects to attract the eye, and affection so much pleasant guidance to inform the heart; where lessons of love are received from parental teaching, or absorbed, rather, from looks that are more eloquent than words ; where useful instruction loses all its weariness in the encouragement of that fond applause which is assiduous to reward patient toil or to cheer the effort which has paused in the fear of failure. No over-stimulated ambition is likely there to taint the mind with those vices of rivalry which, in schools, often render youth selfish and unamiable, and suggest thoughts of concealment and stratagem as aids in the race of preeminence. Home, to a young girl, is a world peopled with kindly faces and filled only with virtues. She does not know, even by report, the impure things of life. She has heard and read of its miseries, for which her heart melts in charity, and she grows up in the faith that she was born to love the good and render kind offices to the wretched; but she conceives nothing of the wickedness of a world which she has never seen, and lives on to womanhood in a happy and guarded ignorance, which is not broken until her mind has acquired a strength sufficient to discern and repel whatever there may be dangerous in knowledge.
> "Affections are as thoughts to her, The measures of her hours" -

Poh!-bless me!-These children have actually brought me to lecturing and quoting verse. Let me get back to my appropriate function of narrative.

Lucy is rather meditative for her age-calm and almost matronly. She is a little housekeeper, and affects to have cares. Victorine is more intrepid, and attracts universal regard by the jollity of her temperament, which is equally the index of her innocence and her healthful organization. They pursue the same studies, and I see them cvery morning at their tasks, often reading from the same book with their arms around each other's waist. They have profound confidences in which they think themselves very secure and exclusive; but I can often tell them their whole secret by watching their by-play ;-which shrewdness of mine is so inexplicable to them, that they think I am scmething of a conjurer. I frequently walk with them in the evening on the river bank. They are invariably attended upon these rambles by two large white pointers, who gambol around them with a most affectionate playfulness, and are constantly soliciting the applause of their pretty mistresses by the gallant assiduities which are characteristic of this race of faithful animals.

Meriwether is accustomed to have these girls read to him some portion of every day. By this requisition, which he puts upon the ground of an amusement for himself, he has beguiled them into graver studies than are generally pursued at that time of life. It is quite charming to notice the unwearying devotion they bestow upon this labor, which they think gives pleasure to their father. He, of course, looks upon them as the most gifted creatures in existence. And truly, they have gained so much upon me, that I don't think he is far wrong.

A window in the upper story of one of the wings of the building overlooks a flower-garden, and around this window grows a profusion of creeping vine which is trained with architectural precision along the wall to the roof. It is a prim, decorous plant, with icy leaves of perdurable grecu, without a flower of its own to give variety to its staid drapery. Here and there, how-
ever, an intruding rose has stolen a nest amongst its plexures, and looks pleasantly forth from this sober tapestry. In this window, about noon-tide, may be daily seen the profuse tresses of a head of flaxen hair serupulously adjusted in glossy volume ; and ever and anon, as it moves to some thoughtful impulse, is disclosed a studious brow of fairest white. And sometimes, more fully revealed, may be seen the entire head of the lady as she sits intent upon the perusal of a book. The lady Prudence is in ner bower, and pursues some theme of fancy in the delieious realm of poesy, or with pencil and brush shapes and gilds the wings of gaudy butterflies, or, peradventure, enricheth her album with dainty sonnets. And sometimes, in listless musing; she rests her chin upon her gem-bedizened hand, and fixes her soft blue eye upon the flower-beds where the humming-bird is poised before the honeysuckle. But howsoever engaged, it is a dedicated hour. I have said profanely, once before, that "a tall spinster" sat at the family board, and now here she sits in her morning guise, silent and alone, pondering over the creations of genius and the dreams of art.

Prudence Meriwether is an only sister of Frank's, and holds a station somewhat eminent amongst the household idols. She is rather comely to look upon-rery neat in person, and is considered high authority in matter of dress. But Time, who notches mortal shapes with as little mercy as the baker, in his morning circuit, notches his tally-stick, has calendared his visits even upon this goodly form. A shrewd observer may note in sundry evidences of a fastidious choice of colors, and of what, - io coin a word,-I might call a scrupulous toiletry, that the Iapsc of human seasons has not passed unheeded by this lady. Hc may detect, sometimes, an overdone vivacity in her accost, and an exaggerated thoughtlessness ; sometimes, in her tone of conversation, a little too much girlishness, which betrays a suspicion
of its opposite: and there are certain sober lines journeying from the mouth checkward, which are ruminative, in spite of her light-heartedness. These are quite pleasant signs to an astute, experienced, perspicacious bachelor, like myself, who can read them with a learned skill; they speak of that mellow time when a woman captivates by complaisance, and overcomes her adver sary rather by marching out of her fort to challenge attack, than by standing a siege within it.

There is a dash of the picturesque in the character of this lady. Towards sunset she is apt to stray forth amongst the old oaks, and to gather small bouquets of wild flowers, in the pursuit of which she contrives to get into very pretty attitudes; or she falls into raptures at the shifting tints of the clouds on the westcrn sky, and produces quite a striking pictorial effect by the skilful choice of a position which shows her figure in strong relief against the evening light. And then in her boudoir may be found exquisite sketches from her pencil, of forms of love and beauty, belted and buckled knights, old castles and pensive ladies, Madonnas and cloistered nuns,-the offspring of an artistic imagination heated with romance and devotion. Her attire is, sometimes, studiously simple and plain, and her bearing is demure and contemplative ; but this is never long continued, for, in spite of her discipline, she does not wish to be accounted as one inclined to be serious in her turn of mind. I have seen her break out into quite a riotous vivacity. This is very likely tr ensue when she is brought into fellowship with a flaunting mad cap belle who is carrying all before her: she then "overbeare her continents," and becomes as flaunting a.madcap as the other.

If Prudence has a fault-which proposition I prudently put with an if, as a doubtful question-it is in setting the domestic virtues at too high a value. Onc may, perhaps, be too inveterately
charitable. I think the establishment of three Sunday schools, a colonization society membership, a management in a tract association, and an outward and visible patronage of the cause of temperance, by the actual enrolment of her name amongst those who have taken the pledge, smack a little of supererogation, though I don't wish to set up my judgment too peremptorily on this point. And I think, also, one may carry the praise of the purity of country life, and of the benefits of solitude and sclfconstraint, to an exteut which might appear merciless towards those whose misfortune it is to live in a sphere where these virtues zannot be so fully cultivated. If a tendency in this direction be a blemish in the composition of our lady, it is a very slight one, and is amply compensated by the many pleasant aberrations she makes from this phase of her character. She converses with great ease upon all subjects-even with a dangerous facility, I may say, which sometimes leads her into hyperbole: her diction pccasionaliy becomes high-flown, and expands into the incompre-hensible-but that is only when she is excited. Her manner, at times, might be called oratorical, particularly when, in imitation of her brother, she bervails the departure of the golden age, or leclaims upon the prospect of its revival among the rejuvenescent glories of the Old Dominion. She has an awful idea of the perfect respectability, I might almost say splendor; of her lineage, and this is one of the few points upon which I know her to be touchy.

Apart from these peculiarities, which are but fleecy clouds upon a summer sky, even enhancing its beauty, or mites upon a snow-drift, she is a captivating specimen of a ripened maiden, just standing on that sunshiny verge from which the prospect beyond presents a sedate autumnal landscape gently subsiding into undistinguishable and misty confusion of hill and dale arrayed in golden-tinted gray. It is no wonder, therefore, that with
her varied perfections, and the advantages of her position, th James River world should insensibly have elevated Prudene Meriwether to the poetical altitude of the "cynosure of neigh boring eyes."

## CHAPTER V.

NED HAZARD.

Ned Hazard has become my inseparable companiou. He has a fine, flowing stream of good spirits, which is sometimes interrupted by a slight under-current of sadness ; it is even a ludicrous pensiveness, that derives its comic quality from Ned's constitutional merriment.

He is now about thirty-three, with a tolerably good person, a little under six feet, and may be seen generally after breakfast, whilst old Carey is getting our horses for a morning ride, in an olive frock, black stock, and yellow waistcoat, with a German forage-cap of light cloth, having a frontlet of polished leather, rather conceitedly drawn over his dark, laughing eye. This head-gear gives a picturesque effect to his person, and suits well with his weather-beaten check, as it communicates a certain reckless expression that agrees with his character. The same trait is heightened by the half swagger with which he strikes his boot with his riding-whip, or keeps at bay a beautiful spaniel, called Wilfud, which haunts his person like a familiar. Indeed, I have grown to possess something of this canine attachment to him myself, and already constitute a very important member of his suite. It is a picture worth contemplating, to see us during one of those listless intervals. For, first, there is Ned lounging along
the court-yard with both hands in his side pockets, and either telling me some story, or vexing a great turkey-cock, by imitating both his gobble and his strut;-before him walks Wilful, strictly regulating his pace by his master's, and turning his eye, every now and then, most affectionately towards him ; then Meriwether's two pointers may be seen bounding in circles round him;-a little terrier, who assumes the consequence of a watch-dog, is sure to solicit Ned's notice by jumping at his hand; and, last in the train, is myself, who have learned to saunter in Ned's track with the fidelity of a shadow. It may be conjectured from this picture that Ned possesses fascinations for man and beast.

He is known universally by the name of Ned Hazard, which, of itself, I take to be a good sign. This nicknaming has a flavor of favoritism, and betokens an amiable notoriety. There is something jocular in Ned's face, which I believe is the source of his popularity with all classes; but this general good acceptation is preserved by the variety of his acquirements. He can accommodate himself to all kinds of society. He has slang for the stable-boys, proverbs for the old folks, and a most oratorical overflow of patriotism for the politicians. To the children of Swallow Barn he is especially captivating. He tells them stories with the embellishment of a deep tone of voice that makes them quake in their shoes; and with the assistance of a cane and cloak, surmounted by a hat, he will stalk amongst them, like a grizzly giant, so hideously erect, that the door is a mere pigeon-hole to him ;-at which the young cowards laugh so fearfully, that I havo often thought they were crying.

A few years ago he was seized with a romantie fever which manifested itself chiefly in a conceit to visit South America, and play knight-errant in the quarrel of the Patriots. It was the most sudden and unaccountable thing in the world ; for no one could trace the infection to any probable cause;-still, it grew
upon Ned's faney, and appeared in so many brilliant phases, that there was no getting it out of his brain. As may be imagined, this matter produced a serious disquiet in the family, so that Frank Meriwether was obliged to take the subject in hand; and, finding all his premonitions and expostulations unavailing, was foreed to give way to the current of Ned's humor, hoping that experience would purge the sight that had been dimmed by the light of a too rivid imagination. It was therefore arranged that Ned should visit this theatre of glory, and stand by the award of his own judgment upon the view. He accordingly sailed from New-York in the Paragon, bound for Lima, and, in due time, doubled Cape Horn. So, after glancing at the Patriots in all their positions, attitudes and relations,-with an eye military and civil,—and being well bitten with fleas, and apprehended as a spy, and nearly assassinated as a heretic, he carefully looked back upon the whole train of this fancy; eren from its first engendering, with all the motives, false conclusions, misrepresentations, and so forth, which had a hand in the adopting and pursuing of it, and then came to a sober conclusion that he was the most egregious fool that had ever set out in quest of a wild goose. "What the devil could have put such a thing into my head, and kept me at it for a whole year, it puzzles me to tell !" was his own comment upon this freak, when I questioned him about it. However, he came home the most disquixotted caralier that ever hung up his shield at the cnd of a scurvy crusade ; and to make amends for the inconvenience and alarm he had occasioned,-for my cousin Lucretia expected to hear of his being strangled, like Laocoon, in the folds of a serpent,-he brought with him an amusing journal, which is now bound in calf, a.ad holds a conspicuous place in the library at Swallow Barn. This trip into the other hemisphere has furnished him with an assortment of wonders, both of the sea and the land, the theme of divers long stories, which Ned tells
like a traveller. He is accused of repeating them to the same auditors, and Frank Meriwether has a provoking way of raising his hands, and turning his eyes towards the ceiling, and saying in an under-tone, just as Ned is setting out:
> "A traveller there was who told a good tale;
> By my troth! it was true, but then it was stale."

This invariably flushes Ned's face ; and with a modest expostulation, in a voice of great kindness, he will say, "My dear sir, I assure you I never told you this before-you are thinking of a different thing." "Then, Uncle Ned"—as Rip said, on one of these occasions, while he was lying on the floor and kicking up his hecls-" you are going to make as you go."-These things are apt to disconcert him, and occasion a little out-break of a momentary peevish, but irresistibly comic thoughtfulness, which I have said before formed a constituent of his temper. It is, however, but for a moment, and he takes the joke like a hero. It is now customary in the family, when any thing of a marvellous nature is mentioned, to say that it happened round the Horn. Ned is evidently shy of these assaults, and rather cautious how he names the Horn if Meriwether be in company.

I have gleaned some particulars of Hazard's education, which, as they serve to illustrate his character, I think worth relating.

When he was ten or eleven years old, he was put under the government of a respectable teacher, who kept an academy on the border of the mountain country, where he spent several years of his lifc. In this rustic gymnasium, under the supervision of Mr. Crab, who was the principal of the establishment, he soon became conspicuous for his hardiness and address in the wayward adventures and miniature wars which diversified the history of this little community. He was always an apt scholar, though not the most assiduous; but his frank and upright qualities rendered hime equally
a farorite with the master and the pupils. He speaks of the attachments of this period of his life with the unction of unabated fondness. In one of our late rambles, he gave me the following sketch of the circumstances under which he quitted these scenes of his youth. Mis father was about removing him to college, and the separation was to be final. I have endeavored to preserve his own narrative, because I think it more graphic than mine would be; and at the same time it will show the gentle strain of affection that belongs to his nature.
"The condition of a schoolboy," said Ned," forees upon the mind the import of a state of probation, more soberly than any other position in life. All that the seripture tells us about the transitoriness of human affairs,-of man being a traveller, and life a shadow,-is constitutionally part and parcel of the meditations of the schoolboy. He lives amidst discomforts; his room is small and ill-furnished; his clothes are hung upon a peg, or stowed away in a chest, where every thing that should be at the top, is sure to lodge at the bottom ; his coat carries its rent from term to term, and his stockings are returned to him undarned from the washerwoman; his food is rough and unsavory; he shivers in a winter morning over a scant and smoky fire; he sleeps in summer in the hottest room of the house:-All this he submits to with patience, because he feels that he is but for a season, and that a reversion of better things awaits him.
" My preceptor Mr. Crab was, outwardly, an austere man; but his was the austerity which the best natures are apt to contract from long association with pupils. His intercourse with the boys was one of command, and he had but few opportunities of mingling in the society of his equals. This gave a rather severe reserve to his manners; but, at bottom, he had kindly feelings which awkwardly manifested themselves in frequent favors, conferred without any visible signs of courtesy. His wife was a fat,
shortwinded old lady, with a large round face, embellished above with a large ruffled eap, and below, with a huge double chin. This good lady was rather too fat to move about, so she maintained a sovereign station in an ample arm-chair, placed near the door that led to the kitchen, where she was usually occupied in paring apples to be baked up into tough jacks for our provender, aud issuing commands for the regulation of her domestic police, in shrill, stirring and authoritative tones. They had a reasonable number of young scions growing around them, who, however, were so mingled in the mass of the school as nearly to have lost all the discriminating instincts which might indicate their origin.
"We were too troublesome a company to enlist much of the domestic charities from our tutor ; still, however; in the few gleams of family endearment which fell to our lot, I had contracted a lind of household attachment to the objects that surrounded me. Our old master had the grave and solemn bearing of a philosopher; but sometimes, of winter nights, when our tasks were done, he joined in our sports,--even got down on the carpet to play marbles with us, and took quite an eager interest in hearing our humming tops when we stealthily set them to bellowing in the room. These condescensions had a wonderful effect upon us all, for, being rare, they took us somewhat by surprise, and gave us something of the same kind of pleasure which a child expericnces in patting a gentle and manageable lion.
"I had always looked forward, with a boyish love of change, to the period when I was to be called to other scenes. And this expectation, whilst it rendered me indifferent to personal comforts, seemed also to warm my feelings towards my associates. I could pardon many trespasses in those from whom I was soon to be separated. My time, therefore, passed along in a careless merriment, in which all trivial ills were overborne and indemnified in the antieipations of the future.
"The summons to quit this little sylvan theatre was contained in a letter brought from my father by Daniel the coachman. It directed me to return without delay, and intimated, amidst a world of parental advice, that I was to be removed almost immediately to college. Notwithstanding the many secret yearnings I had felt for the approach of this period, I confess it overmastered me when it came. Daniel had brought me my pony,-a little, shortnecked, piggish animal, which in the holidays I used to ride almost to bed-and he himself was ready to attend me on one of the coach-horses. I had no time to revolve the matter,-so with a spirit part gay and part melancholy, and with an alacrity of step assumed to conceal my emotions and to avoid the interchange with my school-fcllows of words I was too much choked to utter, I went about my preparations. I collected my straggling wardrobe from the detached service of my comrades, to whom, scant as it was, I had lent it piece-meal ; carefully paid off sundry small debts of honor, contracted at the forbidden game of allfours; and distributed largesses, with a prodigal hand, amongst the negroes, with whom I had, for a long time, carried on an active commerce in partridge-traps, fishing tackle, and other commodities. I can remember now with what feelings I performed this last office, as I stood at the barn door, where the farm servants were threshing grain, and protracted, as long as I was able, that mournful shaking of hands with which the rogues gave me their parting benedictions;-for I always had a vagabond fondness for the blacks about the establishment. After this I went into the parlor, where our tender and plethoric mistress was employed in one of her customary morning duties of cleaning up the breakfast apparatus, and received a kiss from her, as she held a napkin in one hand and a tea-cup in the other. I bestowed the same token of grace upon all the little Crabs that were crawling about the room, and, in the same place, took my leave of the old
monarch himself, who, relaxing into a grim manifestation of sorrow, took me with both hands, and conducting me to the window, placed himself in a seat, where he gave me a grave and friendly admonition,-saying many kind things to me, in a kinder tone than I had ever heard from him before. Amongst the rest, he bade me reflect, that the world was wide, and had many fountains of bitter waters, whereof-as I was an easy, good-natured fellow -it was likely to be my lot to drink more largely than others; he begged me to remember the many wholesome lessons he had given me, and to forget whatever might seem to me harsh in his own conduct. Then, in the old-fashioned way, he put his hands upon my head, and bestowed upon me an earnest and devout blessing, whilst the tears started in both of our eyes. This last act he concluded by taking from his pocket a small copy of the Bible, which he put into my hands with a solemn exhortation that I should consult it in all my troubles, for every one of which, he told me, I should find appropriate consolation. I promised: as well as my smothered articulation permitted, to obey his instructions to the letter; and, from the feelings of that moment deemed it impossible I ever could have forgotten or neglected them I fear that I have not thought of them as much since, as they de serve. The little Bible I still keep as an affectionate remem brance of my very good old friend.
"My cronies, all this time, had been following me from plac to place,-watching me as I packed up every article of m . baggage, and asking me hundreds of unmeaning questions, out c the very fulness of their hearts. Their time came next. W had a general embrace; and after shaking hands with ever urchin of the school-room and every imp of the kitchen, I mounte my plump nag, and on one of those rich mornings of the India summer, when the sun struggles through a soft mist, and sparkle on the hoar-frost, I broke ground on my homeward voyag

Daniel, with my black leather trunk resting on his pommel-to be carried to the tavern where the mail stage was to receive it-led the way through the lane that conducted us beyond the precincts of this abode of learning and frolick, and I followed, looking back faint-heartedly upon the affectionate and envious rank and file of the school-room, who were collected in one silent and wistful group at the door, with their hard-visaged commander towering above their heads, and shading his brow from the sun with his hand, as he watched our slow progress. Every other face, white or black, upon the premises, was peering above the paling that inclosed the yard, or gleaming through the windows of the kitchen. Not a dry eye was there amongst us; and I could hear my old master say to the boys, "there goes an lionest chap, full of gallantry and good will." In truth, this parting touched me to the heart, and I could not help giving way to my feelings, and sobbing aloud; until at last, reaching a turn in the road that concealed us from the house, the sound of a distant cheering from the crowd we had left, arose upon the air, and wafted to me the good wishes of some of the best friends I have cver parted from."

After the period referred to in this narrative, Ned was sent to Princeton. That college was then in the height of its popularity, and was the great resort of the southern students. Here he ran the usual wild and unprofitable career of college life. His father was lavish, and Ned was companionable,-two relative virtues which, in such circumstances, are apt to produce a luxuriant fruit. He was famous in the classical coteries at Mother Priestley's, where they ate buckwheat cakes, and discussed the state of parties, and where, having more blood than argument, they made furious bets on controverted questions, and drank juleps to keep up the opposition.

Amidst the distractions of that period there was one concern
in which Ned became distinguished. They were never without a supply of goddesses in the village, to whom the students devoted themselves in the spirit of chivalry. They fell into despair by classes ; and as it was impracticable to allot the divinities singly, these were allowed each some six or seven worshippers from the college ranks, who revolved around them, like a system of roystering planets, bullying each other out of their orbits, and cutting all manner of eapers in their pale light. But love, in those days, was not that tame, docile, obedient minion that it is now. It was a matter of bluster and bravado, to swear round oaths for, and to be pledged in cups at Gifford's. They danced with the beauties at all the merry-makings, and, in fact, metamorphosed Cupid into a bluff Hector, and dragged him by the heels around every tavern of the village.

As the mistresses were appurtenant to the class, they were changed at the terms, and given over to the successors ; whereby it generally fell out, that what advantage the damsels gained in the number of their admirers, was more than balanced by the disadvantage of age. But a collegian's arithmetic makes no difference between seventeen and thirty. Nay, indced, some of the most desperate love affairs happened between the sophomores and one or two perdurable belles, who had been besonneted through the college for ten jears before.

It was Ned's fortune to drop into one of these pit-falls, and he was only saved from an actual elopement by a rare accident which seemed to have been sent on purpose by his good genius; for, on the very evening when this catastrophe was to have been brought about, he fell into a revel, and then into a row, and then into a deep sleep, from which he awoke the next morning, shockingly mortified to find that he had not only forgotten his appointment, but also his character as a man of sober deportment. The lady's
pride took alarm at the occurrence, and Ned very solemnly took to mathematics.

Now and then, the affairs of this bustling little community were embellished with a single combat, which was always regarded as a highly interesting incident; and the abstruse questions of the duello were canvassed in councils held at midnight, in which, I learn, the chivalrous lore displayed by Ned Hazard was a matter of college renown.

Engrossed thus, like the states of the dark ages, in the cares of love, war, and polities, it is not to be wondered at, that the arts and sciences should have fallen into some disesteem. This period of Ned's life, indeed, resembled those feudal times, when barons fought for lady love,--swaggered, and swore by their saints,-and frightencd learning into the nests of the monks. Still, however, there was a generous love of fame lurking in his constitution, which, notwithstanding all the enticements that waylaid his success, showed itself in occasional fits of close and useful study.

It pains me to say, that Hazard's days of academic glory were untimely cropped; but my veracity as a chronicler compels me to avow, even to the disparagement of my friend, that before his course had run to its destined end, he made shiprreck of his fortunes, and received from the faculty a passport that warranted an unquestioned egress from Nassau Hall;-the same being conferred in consideration of counsel afforded, as a friend true and trusty, to a worthy cavalier, who had answered the defiance of a gentleman of honor, to " a joust at utterance."

Thus shorn of his college laurels, Ned crept quietly back to Swallow Barn, where his inglorious return astounded the soothsayers of the neighborhood. For awhile he took to study like a Pundit,-though I have heard that it did not last long,-and in the lonely pursuits of this period he engendered that secret love
of adventure and pieturesque incident, that took him upon his celcbrated expedition round the Horn. But it in no degree conquered his mirthful temper. His mind is still a fairy land, inhabited by pleasant and conceited images, winged charmers, laughing phantoms, and mellow spectres of frolick.

He is regarded in the family as the next heir to Swallow Barn; but the marriage of his sister, and soon afterwards, the demise of his father, disclosed the incumbered condition of the freehold, to which he had before been a stranger. He has still, however, a comfortable patrimony; and Frank Meriwether having by arrangement taken possession of the inheritance, together with the family, Ned has ample liberty to pursue his own whims in regard to his future occupation in life. Frank holds the estate, for the present, under an honorable pledge to relieve it of its burdens by a gradual course of thrifty husbandry, which he seems to be in a fair way of accomplishing; so that Ned may be said still to have a profitable reversion in the domain. But he has grown, in some degree, necessary to Meriwether, and has therefore, of late, fixed his residence almost entirely at Siwallow Barn.

## CHAPTER VI.

## PURSUITS OF A PHILOSOPHER.

From the house at Swallow Barn, there is to be seen, at no great distance, a clump of trees, and in the midst of these an humble building is discernible, which seems to court the shade in which it is modestly embowered. It is an old structure built of logs. Its figure is a cube, with a roof rising from all sides to a point, and surmounted by a wooden weathercock which somewhat resembles a fish, and somewhat a fowl.

This little edifice is a rustic shrine devoted to Cadmus, and here the sacred rites of the alphabet are daily solemnized by some dozen knotty-pated and freckled votaries not above three feet high, both in trowsers and petticoats. This is one of the many temples that stud the surface of our republican empire, where liberty reccives her purest worship, and where, though in humble and lowly guise, she secretly breathes her strength into the heart and sinews of the nation. Here the germ is planted that fructifies through generations, and produces its hundred-fold. At this altar the spark is kindled that propagates its fire from breast to breast, like the vast conflagrations that light up and purify the prairie of the west.

The school-house has been an appendage to Swallow Barn ever since the infancy of the last gencration. Frank Meriwether has, in his time, extended its usefulness by opening it to the accommodation of his neighbors ; so that it is now a theatre whereon a bevy of pigmy players are wont to enact the serio-comic interluades which belong to the first process of indoctrination. A troop of these little sprites are seen, every morning, wending their way across the fields, armed with tin-kettles, in which are deposited their apple-pies or other store for the day, and which same kettles are gencrally used, at the decline of the day, as drums or cymbals, to signalize their homeward march, or as receptacles of the spoil pilfered from blackberry bushes, against which these barefooted Scythians are prone to carry on a predatory war.

Throughout the day a continual buzz is heard from this quarter, even to the porch of the mansion-house. Hazard and myself occasionally make them a visit, and it is amusing to observe how, as we approach, the murmur becomes more distinct, until, reaching the door, we find the whole swarm running over their long, tough syllables, in a high concert pitch, with their clbows upon the desks, their hands covering their cars, and their naked heels beating time against the benches-as if every urchin believed that a polysyllable was a piece of discord invented to torment all ears but his own. And, high above this din, the master's note is sounded in a lordly key, like the occasional touch of the horn in an orchestra.

This little empire is under the dominion of parson Chub. He is a plump, rosy old gentleman, rather short and thick set, with the blood-vessels meandering over his face like rivulets,-a pair of prominent blue eyes, and a head of silky hair, not unlike the covering of a white spaniel. He may be said to be a man of
jolly dimensions, with an evident taste for good living ; somewhat sloven in his attire, for his coat,-which is not of the newest,is decorated with sundry spots that are scattered over it in constellations. Besides this, he wears an immense cravat, which, as it is wreathed around his short neck, forms a bowl beneath his chim, and,-as Ned says,-gives the parson's head the appearance of that of John the Baptist upon a charger, as it is sometimes represented in the children's picture books. His beard is grizzled with silver stubble, which the parson reaps about twice a week,-if the weather be fair.

Mr. Chub is a philosopher after the order of Socrates. He was an emigrant from the Emerald Isle, where he suffered much tribulation in the disturbances, as they are mildly called, of his much-enduring country. But the old gentleman has weathered the storm without losing a jot of that broad healthy benevolence with which nature has enveloped his heart, and whose ensign she has hoisted in his face. The early part of his life had been easy and prosperous, until the rebellion of 1798 stimulated his republicanism into a fever, and drove the full-blooded hero headlong into the quarrel, and put him, in spite of his peaceful profession, to standing by his pike in behalf of his principles. By this unhappy boiling over of the caldron of his valor he fell under the ban of the ministers, and tasted his share of government mercy. His house was burnt over his head, his horses and hounds (for, by all accounts, he was a perfect Acteon) were "confiscate to the state," and he was forced to fly. Tlis brought him to America in no very compromising mood with royalty.

Here his fortunes appear to hare been various, and he was tossed to and fro by the battledore of fate, until he found a snug harbor at Swallow Barn; where, some years ago, he sat down in
that quiet repose which a worried and badgered patriot is best fitted to enjoy.

He is a good scholar, and having confined his reading entirely to the learning of the ancients, his republicanism is somewhat after the Grecian mould. He has never read any polities of later date than the time of the Emperor Constantine,-not even a newspaper; so that he may be said to have been contemporary with Æschines rather than Lord Castlereagh, until that eventful epoch of his life when his blazing roof-tree awakened him from his anachronistical dream. This notable interruption, however, gave him but a feeble insight into the moderns, and he soon relapsed to Thucydides and Livy, with some such glimmerings of the American Revolution upon his remembrance as most readers have of the exploits of the first Brutus.

The old gentleman has a learned passion for folios. He had been a long time urging Meriwether to make some additions to his collections of literature, and descanted upon the value of some of the ancient authors as foundations, both moral and physical, to the library. Frank gave way to the argument, partly to gratify the parson, and partly from the proposition itself having a smack that touched his fancy. The matter was therefore committed entirely to Mr. Chub, who forthwith set out on a voyage of exploration to the north. I believe he got as far as Boston. He certainly contrived to execute his commission with a curious felicity. Some famous Elzivirs were picked up, and many other antiques that nobody but Mr. Chub would ever think of opening.

The eargo arrived at Swallow Barn in the dead of winter. During the interval between the parson's return from his expedition and the coming of the books, the reverend little schoolmaster is said to have been in a remarkably unquict state of body, which almost prevented him from sleeping, and that the sight of the
long expected treasures had the happiest effect upon him. There was ample accommodation for this new acquisition of ancient wisdom provided before its arrival, and Mr. Chub now spent a whole week in arranging the volumes on their proper shelves, having, as report affirms, altered the arrangement at least seven times during that period.

After this matter was settled, he regularly spent his evenings in the library. Frank Meriwether was hardly behind the parson in this fancy, and took, for a short time, to abstruse reading. They both, consequently, deserted the little family circle every evening after tea, and might have continued to do so all the winter but for a discovery made by Hazard.

Ned had seldom joined the two votaries of science in their philosophical retirement, and it was whispered in the family that the parson was giving Frank a quiet course of lectures in the ancient philosophy, for Meriwether was known to talk a good deal, about that time, of the old and new Academicians. But it happened upon one dreary winter night, during a tremendous snowstorm, which was banging the shutters and doors of the house, that Ned, having waited in the parlor for the philosophers until midnight, set out to invade their retreat,-not doubting that he should find them deep in study. When he entered the library, both candles were burning in their sockets, with long, untrimmed wicks; the fire was reduced to its last embers, and, in an arm-chair on one side of the table, the parson was discovered in a sound slecp over Jeremy Taylor's Ductor Dubitantium ; whilst Frank, in another shair on the opposite side, was snoring over a folio edition of Montaiguc. And upon the table stood a small stone pitcher containing a residuum of whisky-punch, now grown cold. Frank started up in great consternation upon hearing Ned's footstep beside him, and, from that time, almost entirely deserted the
library. Mr. Chub, however, was not so easily drawn away from the career of his humor, and still shows his hankering after his leather-coated friends.

It is an amusing point in the old gentlemau's character to observe his freedom in contracting engagements that depend upon his purse. He seems to think himself a rich man, and is continually becoming security for some of the neighbors. To hear him talk, it would be supposed that he meant to renovate the affairs of the whole county. As his intentions are so generous, Meriwether does not fail to back him when it comes to a pinch ;-by reason of which the good squire has more than once been obliged to pay the penalty.

Mr. Chub's character, as it will be seen from this description of him, possesses great simplicity. This has given rise to some practical jokes against him, which have caused him much annoyance. The tradition in the family goes, that, one evening, the worthy divine, by some strange accident, fell into an excess in his cups ; and that a saucy chamber-maid found him dozing in his chair, with his pipe in his mouth, having the bowl turned downward, and the ashes sprinkled over his breast. He was always distinguished by a broad and superfluous ruflle to his shirt, and, on this occasion, the mischievous maid had the effrontory to set it on fire. It produced, as may be supposed, a great alarm to the parson, and, besides, brought him into some seandal ; for he was roused up in a state of consternation, and began to strip himself of his clothes, not knowing what he was about. I don't know how far he exposed limself, but the negro women, who ran to his relief, made a fine story of it .

Hazard onee reminded him of this adventure, in my presence, and it was diverting to see with what a comie and quiet sheepishness he bore the joke. He half closed his eyes and puekered up
his mouth as Ned proceeded; and when the story came to the conclusion, he gave Ned a gentle blow on the breast with the back of his hand, crying out, as he did so, "Hoot toot,-Mister Ned !" -Then he walked to the front door, where he stood whistling.


## CHAPTER VII.

## TRACES OF THE FEUDAL SYSTEM.

Virginla has the sentiments and opinions of an independent nation. She enjoyed in the colonial state a high degree of the favor of the mother country; and the blandishments of her climate, together with the report of her fertile soil and her hidden territorial resources, from the first attracted the regard of the British emigrants. Her early population, therefore, consisted of gentlemen of good name and condition, who brought within her confines a solid fund of respectability and wealth. This race of men grew vigorous in her genial atmosphere; her cloudless skies quickened and enlivened their tempers, and, in two centuries, gradually matured the sober and thinking Englishman into that spirited, imaginative being who now inhabits the lowlands of this state. When the Revolution broke out, she was among the first of its champions, ardent in the assertion of the principles upon which it turned, and brave in the support of them. Since that period: her annals have been singularly brilliant with the fame of orators and statesmen. Four Presidents have been given to the Union from her nursery. The first, the brightest figure of history; the others also master-spirits, worthy to be ranked amongst the greates of their day. In the light of these men and of their gallan cont-mporaries, she has found a glory " stimulate her ambition
and to minister to her pride. It is not wonderful that in these circumstances she should deem herself a predominant star in the Union. It is a feature in her edueation and policy to hold all other interests subordinate to her own.

Her wealth is territorial ; her institutions all savor of the soil ; her population consists of landholders, of many descents, unmixed with foreign alloy. She has no large towns where men may meet and devise improvements or changes in the arts of life. She may be called a nation without a capital. From this cause she has been less disturbed by popular commotions, less influenced by popular fervors, than other communities. Her laws and habits, in consequence, have a certain fixedness, which even reject many of the valuable improvements of the day. In policy and government she is, according to the simplest and purest form, a republic: in temper and opinion, in the usages of life, and in the qualities of her moral nature, she is aristocratic.

The gentlemen of Virginia live apart from each other. They are surrounded by their bondsmen and dependents ; and the customary intercourse of society familiarizes their minds to the relation of high and low degree. They frequently meet in the interchange of a large and thriftless hospitality, in which the forms of society are foregone for its comforts, and the business of life thrown aside for the enjoyment of its pleasures. Their halls are large, and their boards ample; and surrounding the great family hearth, with its immense burthen of blazing wood casting a broad and merry glare over the congregated household and the numerous retainers, a social winter party in Virginia affords a tolerable picture of feudal munificence.

Frank Meriwether is a good specimen of the class I have described. He seeks companionship with men of ability, and is a zealous disseminator of the personal fame of individuals who have won any portion of renown in the state. Sometimes, I even
think he exaggerates a little. When descanting upon the prodigie. of genius that have been reared in the Old Dominion ; and he manifestly seems to consider that a young man who has astonished a whole village in Virginia by the splendor of his talents, must, of course, be known throughout the United States;-for he frequently opens his eyes at me with an air of astonishment whon I happen to ask him who is the marvel he is speaking of.

I observe, moreover, that he has a constitutional fondness for paradoxes, and does not scruple to adopt and republish any apothegm that is calculated to startle one by its novelty. He has a correspondence with several old friends, who were with him at college, and who have now risen into an extensive political notoriety in the state:--these gentlemen furnish him with many new currents of thought, along which he glides with a happy velocity. He is essentially meditative in his character, and somewhat given to declamation; and these traits have communicated a certain measured and deliberate gesticulation to his discourse. I have frequently seen him after dinner stride backward and forward across the room, for some moments, wrapped in thought, and then fling himself upon the sofa, and come out with some weighty doubt, expressed with a solemn emphasis. In this form he lately began a conversation, or rather a specch, that for a moment quitc disconcerted me. "After all," said he, as if he had been talking to me before, although these were the first words he utteredthen making a parenthesis, so as to qualify what he was going to say-:' I don't deny that the steamboat is destined to produce valuable results--but after all, I much question-(and here he bit his upper lip, and paused an instant)--if we are not bette: without it. I declare, I think it strikes deeper at the supremae. of the states than most persons are willing to allow. This ami hilation of space, sir, is not to be desired. Our protection agains the evils of consolidation eonsists in the very obstacles to our in
tercourse. Splatterthwaite Dubbs of Dinwiddic-(or some such name,-Frank is famous for quoting the opinions of his contemporaries. This Splatterthwaite, I take it, was some old college chum who had got into the legislature, and I dare say made pungent speeches,) Dubbs of Dinwiddie made a good remarkThat the home material of Virginia was never so good as when her roads were at their worst." And so Frank went on with quite a harangue, to which none of the company replied one word, for fear we might get into a dispute. Every body seems to understand the advantage of silence when Meriwether is inclined to be expatiatory.

This strain of philosophizing has a pretty marked influence in the neighborhood, for I perceive that Frank's opinions are very much quoted. There is a set of under-talkers about these large country establishments, who are very glad to pick up the crumbs of wisdom which fall from a rich man's table; secondhand philosophers, who trade upon other people's stock. Some of these have a natural bias to this venting of upper opinions, by reason of certain dependencies in the way of trade and favor: others have it from affinity of blood, which works like a charm over a whole county. Frank stands related, by some tie of marriage or mixture of kin, to an infinite train of connections, spread over the state; and it is curious to learn what a decided hue this gives to the opinions of the district. We had a notable example of this one morning, not long after my arrival at Swallow Barn. Meriwether had given several indications, immediately after breakfast, of a design to pour out upon us the gathered rumina. tions of the last twenty-four hours, but we had evaded the storm with some caution, when the arrival of two or three neighbors,plain, homespun farmers,-who had ridden to Swallow Barn to execute some papers before Frank as a magistrate, furnished him with an occasion that was not to be lost. After dispatching their
business, he detained them, ostensibly to inquire about their crops, and other matters of their vocation,-but, in reality, to give them that very flood of politics which we had escaped. We, of course, listened without concern, since we were assured of an auditory that would not flinch. In the course of this disquisition, he made use of a figure of speech which savored of some previous study, or, at least, was highly in the oratorical vein. "Mark me, gentlemen," said he, contracting his brow over his fine thoughtful eye, and pointing the forefinger of his left hand directly at the face of the person he addressed, "Mark me, gentlemen,-you and I may not live to sce it, but our children will see it, and wail over it-the sovereignty of this Union will be as the rod of Aaron; -it will turn into a serpent, and swallow up all that struggle with it." Mr. Chub was present at this solemn denunciation, and was very much affected by it. He rubbed his hands with some briskness, and uttered his applause in a short but vehement panegyric, in which were heard only the detached words-" Mr. Burke-Cicero."

The next day Ned and myself were walking by the schoolhouse, and were hailed by Rip, from one of the windows, who, in a sly under tone, as he beckoned us to come close to him, told us, "if we wanted to hear a regular preach, to stand fast." We could look into the schoolroom unobserved, and there was our patriotic pedagogue haranguing the boys with a violence of action that drove an additional supply of blood into his face. It was apparent that the old gentleman had got much beyond the depth of his hearers, and was pouring out his rhetoric more from oratorical vanity than from any hope of enlightening lis audience. At the most animated part of his strain, he brought himself, by a kind of climax, to the identical sentiment uttered by Meriwether the day before. He warned his young hearers-the oldest of them was not above fourteen-" to keep a lynx-eyed gaze upon
that scrpent－like ambition which would convert the government at Washington into Aaron＇s rod，to swallow up the independence of their native state．＂

This conceit immediately ran through all the lower circles at Swallow Barn．Mr．Tongue，the overseer，repeated it at the blacksmith＇s shop，in the presence of the blacksmith and Mr． Absalom Bulrush，a spare，ague－and－feverish husbandman who occupies a muddy slip of marsh land，on one of the river bottoms， which is now under mortgage to Meriwether ；and from these it has spread far and wide，though a good deal diluted，until in its circuit it has reached our veteran groom Carey，who considers the sentiment as importing something of an awful nature．With the smallest encouragement，Carey will put on a tragi－comic face， shake his head very slowly，turn up his cycballs，and open out his broad，scaly hands，while he repeats with labored voice， ＂Look out，Master Ned！Aaron＇s rod a black snake in Old Vir－ ginny！＂Upon which，as we fall into a roar of laughter，Caroy stares with astonishment at our irreverence．But having been set to acting this scene for us once or twice，he now suspects us of some joke，and asks＂if there is＇nt a copper for an old negro，＂ which if he succeeds in getting，he runs off，telling us＂he is too ＇cute to make a fool of himself．＂

Meriwether dees not dislike this trait in the society around him．I happened to hear two carpenters，one day，who were making some repairs at the stable，in high conversation．One of them was expounding to the other some oracular opinion of Frank＇s touching the political aspect of the country，and just at the moment when the speaker was most animated，Meriwether himself came up．He no sooner became aware of the topic in discussion than he walked off in another direction，－affecting not to hear it，although I knew he heard every word．He told me afterwards that there was＂a wholesome tonc of feeling amongst the people in that part of the country．＂

## CHAPTER VIII.

## THE BRAKES.

About four miles below Swallow Barn, on the same bank of the river, is a tract of land known by the name of The Brakes. The principal feature in this region is an extensive range of low lands, reaching back from the river, and bounded by distant forcst, from the heart of which tower, above the mass of foliage, a number of naked branches of decayed trees, that are distinctly visible in this remote perspective. These lowlands are checkered by numberless gullies or minute water-courses, whose direction is marked out to the cye by thickets of briers and brambles. From this characteristic the estate has derived its name.

A hill rises from this level ground, and on its top is placed a large plain building, with wings built in exact uniformity, and connected with the centre by low but lengthened covered ways. The whole structure is of dark brick, with little architectural embellishment. It was obviously erected when the ornamental arts were not much attended to, although there is an evident aim at something of this kind in the fancy of the chimneys which spring up from the sharp gable-ends of the building, and also in the conceited pyramids into which the roofs of the low square wings have been reared. The artist, however, has certainly failed in producing effect, if his
ambition soared above the idea of a sober, capacious, and gentlemanlike mansion.

Seen from the river, the buildings stand partly in the shade of a range of immense lombardy poplars, which retreat down the hill in the opposite direction until the line diminishes from the view. Negro huts are scattcred about over the landscape in that profusion which belongs to a Virginia plantation.

This establishment constitutes the family residence of Mr. Isaac Tracy, known generally with his territorial addition,-of The Brakes.

Mr. Tracy is now upwards of serenty years of age. He has been for many years past a widower, and seems to stand like a landmark in the stream of time, which is destined to have every thing gliding past it, itself unchanged. The old gentleman was a stark royalist in the days of the Rerolution, and only contrived to escape the confiscation of his estate by prescrving a strict and cautious neutrality during the war. He still adheres to the ancient costume, and a is now observed taking his rides in the morning, in a long-waisted coat, of a snuff color, and having three large figured gilt buttons set upon the cuffs, which are slashed after an antiquated fashion. He wears, besides, ruffles over his hands, and has a certain trig and quaint appearance given by his tight, dark-colored small-clothes, and long boots with tops of brown leather, so disposed as to show a little of his white stockings near the knee. His person is tall and emaciated, with a withered and rather severe exterior. A formality, correspondent with his appearance, is conspicuous in his manners, which are remarkable for their scrupulous and sprightly politeness; and his household is conducted with a degree of precision that throws a certain air of stateliness over the whole family.

He has two daughters, of whom the youngest has already counted perhaps her twenty-third year, and an only son somewhat
younger. Catharine, the eldest of this family, has the reputation of being particularly well educated; but her acquirement is probably enhanced, in the common estimation, by a thoughtful and rather formal east of character,-a certain soberness in the discharge of the ordinary duties of life,-and a grave turn of conversation, such as belongs to women who, from temperament, are not wont to enjoy with any great relish, nor perceive with observant eyes, the pleasant things of existence.

Bcl , the younger sister, is of a warmer complexion. Nature has given her an exuberant flow of spirits, which, in spite of a stiff and rigid education imposed upon her by her father, frequently breaks through the trammels of diseipline, and shows itself in the various forms which a volatile temper assumes in the actions of an airy and healthful girl. Still, however, her sentiments are what nurture has made them, notwithstanding her physical elements. She has been accustomed to the cautious and authoritative admonitions of her father, which have inculeated a severe and exaggerated sense of personal respect, and a rather too rigorous estimate of the proprieties and privileges of her sex. These girls early lost their mother; and their father, at that period advanced in years, had already parted with his fondness for society. The consequence was that The Brakes, during the minority of the children, was a secluded spot, eut off from much of that sort of commerce with the world which is almost essential to enliven and mature the sympathies of young persons.

Both Catharine and Bel are pretty, but after different models. The eldest is a placid, circumspect, inaccessible kind of beauty. Bel, on the other hand, is headlong and thoughtless, with quick impulses, that give her the charm of agreeable expression, although her features are irregular, and would not stand a critical examination. Her skin is not altogether elear; her mouth is large, aud her cyes of a dark gray hue.

Ralph, the brother, is a tall, ill made, awkward man, with black eycs, and black hair curled in extravagant profusion over his head. He contracted slovenly habits of dress at college, and has not since abandoned them ; has a dislike to the company of women, fills up his conversation with oaths, and chews immense quantities of tobacco. He has an unmusical roice, and a swaggering walk, and generally wears his hat set uport one side of his head. He professes to be a sportsman, and lives a good deal out of doors, not being fond, as he says, of being stuck up in the parlor to hear the women talk. Ralph, however, is said to be a good fellow at bottom, which means that he does not show his best qualitios in front. He is famous for his horsemanship, and avows a strong partiality for Bel on account of her skill in the same art, which; Ralph says, comes altogether from his teaching.

This family has always been on terms of intimacy at Swallow Barn, and of late years their intercourse has been much increased by the companionship which has been cultivated between the ladies of the two houses. Frank Merimether holds the character of Mr. Tracy in great respect, and always speaks of him in a tone of affection, although the old gentleman, Ned says, is a bad listener and a painful talker, two qualities which sort but ill with the prevailing characteristics of Meriwether.

There are some points of family history, affecting the relations of these two gentlemen, which I shall find occasion hereafter to diselose.

## CHAPTER IX.

## AN ECLOGUE.

You have now, my dear Zack, the fruits of my first experiences, here at Swallow Barn, offered to you in a series of sketches, which will, at least, show you that I have not been idle in my traveller-vocation during my first fortnight. These labors of mine will reach you regularly chaptered and ticketed, after the most approved fashion of book-making, and will convince you that I am in earnest in my purpose. So far you have been cinter-tained-you see, I take that for granted, assuming to myself the airs of an author-with a set of pictures from still life-(still cnough, even to the point of drowsiness, you will say)-a little gallery of landscapes and portraits, which, in my judgment, were necessary as preliminaries to what I may write in future. You now understand exactly where $I$ am, and what kind of good people I have around me, and will be all the better prepared for the little romance of domestic life which I am about to weave out of my every-day occurreuces. What my romance will come to, it is impossible to foretell, as it is to grow up out of the events of the day. These sometimes naturally develop themselves through the regular stages of a story and a plot, bat oftener rum off into nothing. How it is to fare in my case, you will find out
only by the reading. So, abandoning myself to my destiny in this particular, I resume my task at this ninth chapter, which, being of a bucolical character, I have entitled " an celogue."

Hazard and I often take long rambles together-spending it whole morning, sometimes, on foot. In these idle wanderings we fall into strange caprices. The tide of animal spirits rises above the level which sober people call discretion, and we are apt to get, without being aware of it, into the empyrean of foolery. I believe many wise men, if they would make an honest confession, often find themselves in such a case;-the best fellows in the world, if not the wisest,-and I am not sure that the best and wisest are so wide apart, as many think they are-but the best constructed men, I am quite convinced, arc familiar with these vagaries. A genial, happy spirit has a great tendency to leap out of the circle of conventional propricties, and now and then to make a somerset. I have read of scemingly very grave men doing this,-and liked them the better for it.

When Ned and I get into the woods, it is rather a favorite amusement to practise ludicrous caricatures of the drama, which Ned calls imitations of the most distinguished actors. Sometimes we deliver pompous harangues as if we were in a senate, and keep up a debate in a very impressive way, with abundance of parliamentary phrase and action.

A fer mornings ago, about the first of July, we found ourselves abroad on one of these excursions. The weather was unusually pleasant and Ned was more buoyant than I had yet seen him, which gave an unwonted license to the range of his flights. Of course, I became almost as absurd as himself-for it is my nature to take such contagions violently. We strained the
strings of propriety until they were ready to crack. Our madness ran this morning upon our feats of singing.
"Mark," said Ned to me, "I am truly astonished that you can find amusement in this preposterous flourish of your voice. Are you not aware that you make a dismal compromise of your proper and inherent dignity-if it is inherent, which I don't believe-by bawling in this fashion in the woods? What would you think of yourself if any sober, solemn sort of person should happen to be near and to overhear that execrable attempt at a trill? Your voice, especially in its A sharp and its $B$ flat, is perfectly horrid; your manner is bad, and your attitude altogether too tame. Now listen and look, and be instructed"-

Here Ned sent forth a vociferous stave, which he drew out into manifold quavers.
"What do you think of that?" said he, with a brisk and peremptory look, as if he had done something to astound me.
"Tut-that's a mere squall-a servile imitation of Garcia," I replied. "It wants force, expression, majesty. Lend me your ears"-

And here I returned him a flourish, greatly improving on his style.
"Mark,-I see you are vain of that. Pcrhaps you have a right to be until you hear me again-but not afterwards. So, sit down and be attentive. Let me have no interruptions of applause by clapping of hands-no bravos. . Restrain your transports, and bestow all your attention upon the pathos of this strain. I challenge criticism"

With this prelude, Ned assumed the attitude of a hero of the opera, pressing his hands passionately upon his bosom, throwing his elbows forward and eyes upward, as he powred forth a loud and long bravura strain, which raised an echo in the depths of the wood. We had, throughout this farec, adapted our vocal ex-
travagancies to words not less ridiculous than the strain. Ned, in this effort, was expending the force of his burlesque humor in a scries of repetitions, upon a couplet which was inspired by a lady whom I have mentioned in a former chapter. The words were,

> Bel Tracy against the field!
> Against the field, Bel Tracy!

The name was reverberated through the woods in a multitude of fantastical trills, set off with inordinately theatrical gestures.
"A merry morning, Mr. Edward Hazard!" said Bel Tracy, reining up her horse immediately at his back. "If I am to be put against the field, I should prefer to have it kept secret."
"My sister Bel," said Catherine, who was also on horseback close at hand, "feels greatly flattered by your considerate notice of her."
"The devil!" said Ned, hastily glancing his eye at me, " What a march they have stolen on us !"
"Decidedly, a most delicate complinent," said Harvey Riggs, a gentleman in the train, "such an unpremeditated expression of preference!"
"Humph!" uttered Ralph Tracy, the fourth and last of the party. "You call that singing, I suppose, Ned ?"

Ned was utterly confounded by this quadruple assault, which was made not without a spirited accompaniment of laughter.

This cavalcade had been galloping with noiseless footfall along the sandy road, until they had got within a short distance of our position, where they had halted unobserved and had the full bencfit of Ned's unlucky essay at the bravura; and as he drew to a close, they came stealthily upon our rear and affected the surprise I have related. Ned looked sheepishly at the invaders, in a state of comic perturbation,-for no man can stand such a flagrant ex-
posure, even under the most favorable circumstances, much less when attended with such aggravation as the personal reference in this case presented-and after some little time necessary to collect his self-possession, bethinking himself of me to whom the whole company were strangers, he introduced me, saying, when he had done so-
"You have caught us, Bel, at our rehearsal. Odd enough that you should steal behind the scenes at such a moment. I have told Littieton all about you, and how fond you are of Italian music, so we determined to prepare a serenade for you."
"The music very soft and sentimental," interrupted Harvey-
"Quite satisfactory, Edward," said Bel.-"I think we are lucky in having heard it here, as that will save you the trouble of repeating it at The Brakes. My father's taste is not modern enough for such strains. Isn't it a pity, Mr. Littleton," she added, appealing to me,-" that Edward Hazard should be so merciless to his friends?"
"Hazard has already created so strong an interest in me to make your acquaintance, Miss Tracy," I replied, "that I scarcely regret the ludicrous accident which has brought it about so soon."
"Forgive me, Bel," said Hazard. "I own I am the most egregious buffoon, and the most unlucky one, besides, in the country. Littleton and I have been running riot all the morningbut whether in jest or earnest, I hope you will not think the worse of me that you are always uppermost in my thoughts."

As he said this he approached familiarly to her stirrup and offered his hand, which she took with great kinduess. She remarked that they were then on their way to Swallow Barn, and would no longer interrupt our studies. Upon this she and IIarvey Iiggs rode forward at a gallop, IIarvey looking back over his shoulder and calling out-
"Ned, of course, I shan't report you to Mcriwether. I shall be tender of your reputation."
"The devil take his tenderness," said Ned, as they rode off; "he'll make the most of this."

Catharine and Ralph followed more leisurely.
Ned stood looking at the retreating party for some moments. Bel was mounted on a beautiful sleck bay mare, which sprang forward with a gay, spirited motion. Her graceful and neat figure showed to great advantage as she flew out of our sight almost at high speed. Her dress was a dark green riding habit, fancifully braided over the breast and accurately fitting her shape. She wore a light cap of the same color, with a frontlet sufficiently prominent to guard her face, and over her right shoulder floated a green veil which fluttered in the breeze like a gay pennon--but not more gay than the heart it followed.
"Was there ever," said Ned, turning round to me, after this troop had disappeared, "was there ever a more unlucky discovery than that! Of all persons in the world, to be caught in the height of our tomfoolery by that little elf Bel Tracy! Just to be taken in the high flood of our nonsense! And with her name, too, ringing through these grave and silent woods! I should scarcely have regarded it if it had happened with any body else; but she has such a superserviceable stock of conceit about elegance and refinement in her mind, that I don't doubt she will find in this silly adventure a pretext to abuse me for the next twelvemonth. And then, she will go home and tell that stiff old curmudgeon, her father, that I ain the very antipodes of a polished man. Faith, she has said that before! And Harvey Riggs-" added Ned, musing-" will not improve the matter, because he will have his joke upon it. And then sister Kate!-she will pronounce my conduct undignified;-that's her word: and so will Bel, for that matter. Why, Mark, in the name of all the devils ! hadn't you your eyes about you?"
"Egad," said I, "they surprised our camp without alarming
the sentinels. But after all, what is it? They ean only say they met a pair of fools in the forest, and, certainly, they need not travel far to do that, any day !"
"By the by, Mark," said Ned, changing his mood, and brightening up into a pleasanter state of feeling, "did you note Bel's horsemanship,-how light and fearless she rides? And, like a fairy, comes at your bidding, too! She reads deseriptions of ladies of chivalry, and takes the field in imitation of them. Her head is full of these fancies, and she almost persuades herself that this is the fourteenth century. Did you observe her dainty fist, 'miniardly begloved,'-as the old minstrels have it?-she longs to have a merlin perched upon it, and is therefore endeavoring to train a hawk, that, when she takes the air, she may go in the guise of an ancient gentlewoman. She should be followed by her falconer."
"And have a pair of greylounds in her train," said I.
"Aye, and a page in a silk doublet," added Ned.
"And a gallant cavalier," I rejoined, "to break a lanee for her, instead of breaking jokes upon her. I am almost tempted to champion her cause, against such a lurdan as yon, myself. But let us hasten back to Swallow Barn, for our presence will be needed."

After this adventure we returned to the mansion-house, with some misgiving on the part of Hazard. He talked about it all the way, and dwelt somewhat fearfully upon the raillery of Harvey Riggs and Meriwether, who, he observed, were not likely to drop a joke before it was pretty well worn.

The servants were leading off the horses as we arrived at the gate, and the family, with their visitors, were collected in the poreh, with all eyes turned to us as we approaehed. There was a general uproar of laughter at Ned, who took it in good part though with not many words.

When the mirth of the company had run through its course, Bel called Hazard up to her, and said:
"You are a shabby fellow, Edward. I have two causes of quarrel with you. You have not been at The Brakes for a week or more-and you know we don't bear neglect:-and secondly, I don't think you have a right to be frightening Mr. Littleton with my name, however lawful it may be to amuse the gentle geese of the James River with it."
"Bel," replied Hazard, "upon my honor, I never was more solemn in my life than at the very moment you rode upon us. And as to my remissness, I have had no sentiment on hand since Mark Littleton has been with me, and I did not know what I should say to you. Besides, I have a regard for Mark's health, and I was not disposed to interrupt it with one of your flirtations. He is a little taken already, for he has been praising you and your mare ever since you passed us. If he knew what a jockey you were in all things, he would give you very little encouragement."
"Pray hearen," said Bel, "if he be a virtuous man, he be not spoiled by such a madcap jester as yourself! Mr. Littleton, I hope you will not believe Edward, if he has been telling you any thing to my disadvantage;-I am never safe in his hands."
"I will tell you what I told him, Bel," said Hazard, getting round elose to her car, where he whispered what was too low to be heard.
"You are incorrigible!" cried Bel, laughing, and at the same time shaking her riding whip at him. And with these words she ran into the hall, and thence up stairs, followed by the rest of the ladies.
"Isn't she a merry creature?" said Ned to me, in an affectionate tone, as we entered the door in the rear of the party.

## CHAPTER X.

## COLLOQUIES.

Tire party from The Brakes caused a great uproar within the whilom tranquil precincts of Swallow Barn. The ladies had congregated in one of the chambers, from whence might be heard that fitful outbreak of exclamation and laughter rising above a busy murmur of prattle, which, as far as my experience goes, is characteristic of every gathering of women. Below, the hall reechoed with the bluff greetings of the gentlemen, the harsh tramp of boots upon the uncarpeted floor, and that noisy, mirthful play of frolic spirits which is equally characteristic of such assemblages of men.

I must say something of Harvey Riggs. Picture to your mind, a square-built, somewhat sturdy figure, of medium height, or rather below it; a weather-beaten visage and dry complexion, pock-marked not a little; the ripeness of forty brooding upon it and hatching a little nest of thoughttings about the eyes, which are rather indefinitely of a greenish gray, short-sighted and sparkling; a small upturned nose, a large and well-shaped mouth, an uncommonly large head, rendered slightly gorgonic by a shock of disorderly iron-hued hair which curls upon the collar of his coat. Add to these a negligent style of dress, a coat rather too large, a black neckeloth much too loosely tied, with long ends pointing
towards each shoulder, and a curious variety of color shown in the several garments; and you will have all the prominent features of his exterior. You may recognize in the blandness of his manners, and the mellowness of his general expression, a man who has had a full share of conversation with the world; who has scen it in its pleasant aspects, is familiar with revels, and has "sat up late o' nights," and often enough been caught by the dawn at a card-table. His countenance-I use this word in its ancient significance as including his whole apparition-though one of unquestionable and almost unmitigated homeliness, is far from displeasing; which may be ascribed to its perfectly natural keeping, and absence of all pretension.

It is not unusual to find men of this mould great favorites in female society. Women discriminate very shrewdly in personal qualifications, and have an instinctive appreciation of a warmhearted good fellow, as Harvey is. Every body here likes him. His strong and earnest good sense, his learned skill in the ways of society, and a certain happy waggishness of temper, give him great advantages. He is a kinsman of the Tracy family, and has recently come from Richmond. upon a visit to The Brakes, which he does very often, I am told ; being fond of his relations there, and equally fond of Ned Hazard.

Some refreshments were placed upon the sideboard in the parlor opening upon the hall. It is a common custom here in Virginia, about an hour before dinner, to prepare a bowl of toddy, which is generally made of the finest old Jamaica spirit, or rum of St. Croix, and being well brewed is iced almost to the freezing point. This is taken by way of whetting the appetite, which is generally sharp enough without such strapping. But appetite or not, this toddy, as I can avouch, is quite a pleasant thing to handle. Harvey Riggs has a distinguished reputation in the concoction of this beverage, and as it was now the time of day to be
looking after it, he was already at the sideboard engaged in his vocation.
"Ned," said he, as with a small pitcher in each hand he was busy in pouring his brewage from one to the other, "liow far do you call it from here to the spot where we treed you this morning?"
"What do you mean by treed?" asked Ned.
"Where you were caught, and couldn't help yourself, and looked so queer, when Bel heard you squalling her name so ferociously. How far is that from here?"
"A mile and upwards," said Ned. "Harvey, you might have given us notice. I know Bel thinks it was very unbecoming in me; and so it would have been if I had been aware she was within hearing."
"Bel, you know, has rather stately notions of decorum," replied Harvey, "but for your comfort, Ned, I can assure you we threw all stateliness to the winds this morning. Bel and I rode that mile in three minutes. There's a girl for you! Poor cousin Kate followed us at a demure gallop, with Ralph grumbling all the way, because she wouldn't race as we did. It was ' Bel Tracy against the field' sure enough. How does that music go, Ned? Let Meriwether hear it."
"You really did play that prank, Ned?", said Meriwether in. terrogatively-doubting the story as a mere jest. "Is it true that you were engaged in that way with our friend Littleton?"
"Perfectly and literally true, as you have heard it," said I.
"I am greatly astonished," returned Meriwether.
"Bel would have astonished you more," said Riggs, "if you had seen her flying this way afterwards. She thinks no more of a ditch or a moderate worm-fence, than she does of a demi-semiquaver. She goes over them singing.
"The world, I fear, doesn't get wisdom with age," rejoined Frupk. "I rather think this fantastical opera-singing-what do you call it Ned? --bravura? -which seems to have turned the heads
-now, even of such men as Ned Hazard here-I suppose you took a hand, Littleton, only from civility-these capers on the part of the men, and leaping ditches and fences by the women-I rather think we should have frowned upon such things twenty years ago in Virginia. But manners change, morals change also : the tendencies of government, as Burke remarks, in those masterly reflections on the French Revolution "-_
". I come as an ambassador from The Brakes," said Harvey Riggs, who had been too busy with his operations at the sideboard to mote. Meriwether's lapse into the philosophizing vein, and which he now hroke in upon at this critical moment, when Frank was in the act of mounting a favorite hobby-" I come as an ambassador with a commission from Mr. Tracy to you. Here is an epistle, as the old gentlemen terms it, directed to you, Meriwether, and which I am to put into your hands, 'with care and speed,' as he was particular to say. Singleton Swansdown is expected; and arrangements are to be made for the immediate settlement of that interminable boundary-line dispute, which has been rexed for forty years. My good kinsman, Mr. Tracy, is anxious that you'should aid him to expedite Swansdown's depar: ture, and I venture to add my own request, in the name of charity and all the cardinal vịrtues, that you will detain this gentle car-pet-knight the shortest practicable time."
"I devoutly believe," replied Meriwether, "that if this old lawsuit between our families should be brought to a close by this device,-even if it should go in Mr. Tracy's favor,-it will cost him some unpleasant struggles to part with it."
"It is impossible to settle it," said Harrey: " all the oracles are against it. Mammy Diana, who is a true sibyl, has uttered a prophecy which runs thus-'That the landmarks shall never be stable until Swallow Barn shall wed The Brakes.' Ned, the hopes of the family rest upon you."

Meriwether opened the letter, and read as follows:
"Dear and Respected Friend,-Touching the question of the lawsuit which, notwithstanding the erroneous judgments of our courts, still hangs in unhappy suspense, I am moved by the consideration urged in your sensible epistle to me of the fifteenth ultimo, to submit the same, with all the matters of fact and law pertinent to a right decision thereof, to mutual friends, to arbi. trate the same between us; not doubting that the conclusion will be agrecable to both, and corroborative of the impressions which I have cntertained, unaltered, from the first arising of this controversy with my venerated neighbor, the late Walter Hazard.
"What stake I have is insignificant in comparison of the value of vindicating the ground on which I have stood for forty years and upwards, and also of relieving our lineal and collateral kindred from vexatious disputes in time to come.
"I have written to my young friend, Singleton O. Siwansdown, Esq. of Meherrin, -"
"Very young!" interrupted Harvey, "almost as juvenile as the lawsuit"-
"Son of my late worthy kinsman, Gilbert Swansdown, as a proper gentleman to act in my behalf ; and late letters from him signify his ready pleasure to do me this service. My advices inform me that he will be at The Brakes in this present week. Although I could have wished that this arbitrament should in nowise fall into the hands of lawyers-seeing that we have both had reason, to our eost, to pray for a deliverance from the tribeyet, nevertheless, it is not becoming in me to object to your nomination of Philpot Wart, Esq. who is a shrewd and wary man, and will doubtless strive to do the right between us.
"I would desire, moreover, that it be understood as a preliminary, that no respect shall be had to the quibbles and law quirks wherewith the courts have entertained themselves, to my detriment, hitherto in these premises.
"Praying that umecessary delay shall not hinder the speedy return of Mr. Swansdown, when his oceasions shall call him hence, I beg leave to subscribe myself,

Respected and dear Sir, Your very obedient and obliged servant, Isaf Tracy."
"Habit converts our troubles into pleasures," said Meriwether, as he stood with this letter in his hand, after he had finished reading it, and now began to descant, in one of his usual strains; "and my old friend Tracy has so long interested himself with this inconsiderable claim-for it is not of the value of a sharpshinone hundred acres of marsh land, which no man would buy-that, to tell the truth, I would long since have given it up to him, if I did not think it would make the old gentleman unhappy to take the weight of it off his mind. Felicity, sir, is an accident; it is motion, either of body or mind; a mode of being, as the logicians call it. Let the best machine of man be constructed, with all the appurtenances of strength, faculty, thought, fecling, and with ail the appliances of competence and ease, and it will rust from disuse; the springs and wheels will grow mouldy; the pipes become oppilated with crudities, and death will ensue from mere obstruction. But give it motion ——"
"But what do you think," interrupted Harvey, " of the old gentleman's selecting Singleton Swansdown to reverse the decision of all the courts in Virginia, with Philly Wart, too, to back them?"
"The slrewdest person," replied Meriwether, smiling, and bringing down lis left hand over his face, as he threw his head backward, "doubtless may be beguiled by his prepossessions. Singleton's a right grood fellow after all; and Mr. Tracy has a great respect for him. growing out of family connections, and his
regulated tone of manners, which are very kind and conciliatory to the old gentleman."
"But he is such an ass," said Harvey, " and I had like to have blundered out as much, yesterday at dinner, when Mr. Tracy told us he was coming to The Brakes; but happily, I was afraid to swear before my cousin Kate."
"Why I dare say," rejoined Meriwether, " Swansdown will be entirely competent to this case, particularly with my friend Philly at his elbow, to show him his road. I have been turning over in my mind," he continued, aside to Riggs, "to contrive to give the old gentleman the advantage in the lawsuit, if I can so arrange it as to let him win it upon a show of justice; for if he suspected me of a voluntary concession to him, he would not be pleased; and, upon my conscience! I find a difficulty in managing it."
"Can't our friend Wart," said Harvey, "patch up a case against you, that shall deceive even Mr. Tracy?"
"I shall so instruct him," replied Meriwether, " and it will afford us some speculation to observe how reluctantly my good neighbor will part with this bantling of his, when it is decided."
"It has been his inducement," said Harvey, "to study the laws of Virginia from beginning to end ; and it has furnishod him more conversation than any other incident of his life."

## CHAPTER XI.

PRAN゙K

Tue dinner hour found our company in that happy mood which belongs to the conviviality of country life. Eager appetite and that conscious health which grows upon out-door cxercise, and which brings cheerfulness to the spirit as physical beauty brings pleasure to the cye,-these tell more visibly upon a party in the country, than they ever do in town. You will never know your friend so well, nor enjoy him so heartily in the city as you may in one of those large, bountiful mansions, whose horizon is filled with green fields and roodland slopes and broad blue heavens. Of all the conditions of life, give me ample country space, a generous, wide-sheltering roof, and my chosen cronies,-male and female,gathered under it at my summons to spend weeks together! Then horses, sunshine, and pleasant breezes,-and a morning for the fields and the by-ways amongst the hills, with my little squadron of choice spirits to keep abreast with me and my fanasies! Then let us have dinner with its vigorous appetites:-I shall not be particular in the sauces.-And after that the placid evening, and the rich and honest old books,-or the pranks, I care not how boyish and girlish.- We have no age and no premeditated proprieties under my roof;-wre go for good fellowship and a little harlequinade now and then. Merry Andrew is a king in his way.

These are my desires. I am glad to see something of this complexion here at Swallow Barn. My narrative points to that.

We ordinarily dine about three o'elock. On the present of casion we were two hours before we left the table. Bel was on the top-gallant of her spirits ; and Ned Hazard seemed to have devoted himself to the task of provoking her vivacity by continual assault, which had a tone, sometimes, of satirical eriticism upon her impated foibles, and sometimes of doubtful praise of her imputed perfections, well ealculated to test her good nature and to inerease the animation of her defence. In both which partieulars she showed very pleasantly, and maintained her ground with a skilful tact. Ned evidently found a gratification in her triumphs, and studied occasions to make them agreeable to herself; though his manner was perilously destitute of that reveronce and gentle submission whieh all women are pleased to exact, and which a pretty woman, especially, considers as the least of her dues from our sex.

Bel might even have found a pretext to be offended with Hazard, but for the manifest good feeling which blazed up above all his raillery.

Catharine was more prudish ; and Ned and Harvey were discrect cnough to attempt no jest with her, that was not as prudish as herself. I eannot say so much for Hazard,-but of Harrey Riggs it is quite observable that, under the externals of a volatile, swashing, trenchant manner, he maintains a eareful guard to give a complimentary flavor to his demeanor, which rather wins upon the self-love of his company.

Prudence sustained her part variously, and was altermately sentimental and mettlesome, thoughtless or grave, as the wind blew towards those points.

When evening came, the tide of pleasant association was running so high that it was resolved to be inexpedient to interrupt
it by scparation，and accordingly a messenger was dispatehed to The Brakes，to say that the party would remain at Swallow Barn all night．Prudence，I observed，figured in the debate on that resolve，and rather startled us by repeating some lines，which，it strikes me，I have heard before．They ran something in this wise ：－
> ＂Joy so seldom weares a chain
> Like this to－night，that oh＇tis pain
> To break its links so soon．＂－

I am positive Prudence is not the author of these lines－she must have borrowed them．

After tea，the ladies made a concert at the piano．A few lively airs were so suggestive of a dance，that in a short time my cousin Lucretia was scated at the instrument，and our whole company，except Meriwether，was on the floor capcring through alternate reels and cotillons．

The children were grouped about the room in an ecstasy of delight．Mistress Barbara，who had stolen quietly into the apartment，relaxed her features into a wormwood smile，and shook her head at Harvey Riggs＇s drolleries ；and the domestics，young and old，gathered about the doorway，or peeped in at the win－ dows．

The thermometer of mirth rises with the heat of excrcise．It was now getting abore the point which society has established as the upper confine of elegant decorum．It was manifest that a romp was in the wind．The men were growing too energetic in their saltations；and I am afraid I must say that the ladies did not decidedly discourage it．Now and then，indeed，Catharine bridled up and would not allow Harrey Riggs to give her such a gyratory fling in the reel，as he did the others；but Bel gave way to it like a true child of nature，and permitted her swift－flowing
blood to guide her steps ; and Prudence, at a little distance, followed her example.

In the midst of this confused and mingled scene, Lucy and Victorine appeared the very personations of joy in the graceful playfulness of their age; springing about with the easy motions and delighted looks of young novices, to whom the world is a sunny picture of pleasure and harmony.

Exhausted, at length, we took our seats, and gradually subsided into that lower and more equable temper which is apt to follow violent excitements. Harvey Riggs and Ned Hazard were observed to withdraw from the parlor, and it was some time before they reappeared. In their absence they had been making preparation for a melodrama, which was now announced by Rip. The subject of this new prank was "the Babes in the Wood." Rip and one of the little girls were to enact the babes; and accordingly, in due time, two candles were set upon the floor to represent the stage lights; the company were arranged in front; the children were laid out, and ordered to keep their eyes shut; a piece of baize covered them, instead of leaves, and Rip raised his head, for an instant, to inform the audience that there was to be a great storm. Suddenly a servant came in and put out the candles,-all except the two on the floor. This was followed by a tremendous racket in the hall, that was principally occasioned by the riolent slamming of doors, which was designed to imitate thunder; - then came a flash of lightning that made our audience start. It had an amazing sulphurous odor and a gimpowder haze, that produced some terror amongst the children. And now, to give a pe-fect verisimilitude to the storm, a most dismal hiss. ing and pattering, as of rain, assailed every ear. This was a very lively passage in the drama. It cointinued with unabated violence for some'moments, producing equal astonishment and diversion amongst the spectators-but finally became rather op-
pressive by a volume of pungent vapor which was diffused through the apartment, and set us all to coughing. In the midst of this pother of the elements, Ned and Harvey entered, each with a huge sabre attached to his girdle, their faces smutted with burnt cork; and their figures disguised in old uniform coats oddly disproportioned to their persons. Here they strutted about, making tragic gestures and spouting fierce blank verse. The rain, at intervals, sank upon the ear as if dissolving into mist, and anon rose with redoubled fury into a kind of bubbling and boiling rage with increased pungency. The sabres were drawn, and the murderers were disputing the propriety of the uncle's famous order to put the babes to death, and had already crossed their weapons for a melodramatic fray, when an incident occurred which saved the innocents from the fatal execution of their truculent purpose. The rain by some unaccountable mismanagement came suddenly down to a mere drizzle, and when the tempest ought to have howled its loudest, dropped into entire silence.
"More rain !"—cried Ned, in a stage whisper, looking towards the hall where this department carried on its operations.

Instead of rain, however, came sundry distinct giggles from a group of servants on the outside of the door, in the midst of which Carey's roice was distinctly heard-
"It's no use, Master Ned;-the frying pau's got cold. It won't make no more noise."

The business-like sobriety of this disclosure at such a critical moment, raised a general laugh, which put an end to the tragedy. Ned had given orders to Carey to heat that implement of the kitchen, to which the old man referred, and to bring it near the parlor door, where it was his cue to supply it with lard, by which ingenious device the storm was to be kept hissing hot as long as it was wanted. This fortunate failure admonished the ladies of the lateness of the hour, and they soon afterwards bade us good night.

The two tragedians changed their dresses and washed the smut from their faces, and joined us in a short time on the porch at the front door, where we. found ourselves in a very different mood.

The night was calm and clear, and our late boisterous occupations inclined us with more zest to contemplate the beautiful repose of nature. We sauntered a short distance from the house. The moon was up and flinging a wizard glare over the trec-tops, and upon the old roof and chimneys. A heavy dew had fallen upon the grass, and imparted an eager chilliness to the atmosphere. The grove resounded with those solemn invocations poured forth by the countless insects of the night, which keep their vigils through the livelong hours of darkness,-shrill, piercing, and melancholy. The house dogs howled at the moon, and rushed at intervals tumultuously forward upon some fancied disturber; for the dog is imaginative, and is often alarmed with the phantoms of his own thoughts. A distant cock, the lord of some cabin hen-roost, was heard, with a clear and trumpet-like cadence, breaking the deep stillness of this midnight time, like a faithful warder on the battlements telling the hour to the sleepers. Every thing around us was in striking contrast with the scenes in which we had just been engaged. We grew tranquil and communicative ; and thoughtless of the late hour-or rather more alive to its roluptuous charm-we completed our short circuit, and had gathered again into the porch, where we lay scattered about upon the benches, or seated on the door-sill. Here, whilst we smoked segars, and rambled over the idle topies that played in our thoughts, Harvey Riggs engaged himself in preparing a sleeping draught of that seductive cordial which common fane has celebrated as the native glory of Virginia. It is a vulgar error, Harvey contends, to appropriate the mint sling to the morning. "It is," he remarked with solemn emphasis.
"the homologous peculiar of the night,-the rentifier of the fancy, -the parent of pleasant dreams,-the handmaid of diges-tion.-and the lullaby of the brain; in its nature essentially anti-roral ; friendly to peristaltics and vermiculars ; and, in its influence upon the body, jocund and sedative." I have recorded Harvey's words, because in this matter I conceive him to be high authority.

Upon this subject Harvey is eloquent, and whilst we sat listening to his learned discriminations in the various processes of this manufacture, our attention was suddenly drawn to anotherquarter by the notes of a banjoe, played by Carey in the courtyard. He was called up to the door, and, to gratify my curiosity to hear his music, he consented to serenade the ladies under their windows. Carey is a minstrel of some repute, and, like the ancient jongeleurs, he sings the inspirations of his own muse, wearing into song the past or present annals of the family. He is considered as a seer amongst the negroes on the estate, and is always heard with reverence. The importance this gives him, renders the old man not a little proud of his minstrelsy. It required, therefore, but little encouragement to set him off; so, after taking a convenient stand, and running his fingers over his rude instrument by way of prelude, he signified his obedience to our orders.

The scene was quite picturesque. Carey was old, his head was hoary, and now borrowed an additional silver tint from the moonbeam that lighted up his figure. Our eager group, which stood watching him from the midst of the rose bushes in which we were partly embowered ; the silent hour, interrupted only by the murmur of the occasional breeze; the bevy of idle dogs that lay scattered over the ground ; the mistiness of the distant landscape ; and the venerable mass of building, with its alternate faces of light and shade, formed a combination of images and circumstances that gave a rich impression to our feelines.

Carey, for a moment, tuned his instrument with the airs of a professor, smiled, and looking round to Hazard, asked, in a half whisper, "What shall I play, Master Nod?"
". What you like best, Carey."
"Well," said Carey, striking off a few notes, "I'll try this :"
The rich man comes from down below, Yo ho, yo ho.
What he comes for I guess I know,
Long time ago.
He comes to talk to the young lady,

> Yo ho, yo ho.

But she look'd proud, and mighty high,
Long time ago.
And in this strain, clothed in his own dialect, he proceeded to rehearse, in a doggerel ballad, sung with a chant by no means inharmonious, the expected arrival of Swansdown at The Brakes, and the probable events of his visit, which, he insinnated, would be troublesome to Ned Hazard, and would, as the song went,

> "Make him think so hard he couldn't sleep."
"Can't you give us something better than that?" interrupted Ned.
"Ah! that makes you very sore there, master Ned Hazard," said the old negro, putting his hand on Ned's breast.
"Tut!" replied Ned, " you croak like a frog to-night."
"Give us 'Sugar in a Gourd' or 'Jim Crow,'" cried Ralphreferring to two popular dances well known in this region, and for the execution of which Carey has some reputation.
"I've got a dream for you, Master Ned," said Carey, with the modest chuckle of a composer exhibiting his own music. "May be you'd like to hear that?" We encouraged him, and the minstrel struck up another kind of rattling air which went at a
jangling gallop on his banjoc, accompanied by an improvisation in the same style as that which we had just heard.

It will not do to give his words, which, without the aid of all the accessorics, the figure of the old man himself, and the rapid twang of his banjoc, and especially the little affectations of his professorial ranity, would convey but a bald impression of the serio-comic effect the whole exhibition had upon us. The purport of this recitative strain was, that as he, the bard, lay sleeping in his cabin, a beautiful lady appeared to him, in the dead of night, and told him that he must instruct his jomg master; when he went a wooing, that there were three things for him to learn: he must never believe his mistress to be light of heart because she laughed at him ; nor, that she was really offended when she looked angry at him ; and lastly, that he was not to be disheartened by a refusal, as that was no proof she would not have him: that women were naturally very contrary, and must be interpreted by opposites.
"Carey is a true seer," said Harvey Riggs, when the old man had finished, "and brings us great encouragement, Ned. Now, old gentleman, you have done your duty, and as you dream so well, come in and you shall have something to put you to sleep, that you may try it again-and there's something to cross your palm with."

The old negro was bronght into the parlor, where Harvey regaled him with a glass of the julep he had been making.
"God bless you, master Harvey, and young masters all!" said Carey, with a polite and gentleman-like gesture, and with a smile of the utmost benignity. "Good night, gemmen," he added, as he retired with many formal bows.

We now betook ourselves to our chambers, whence, for some time after I had got to bed, I could hear the negroes dancing jigs to Carey's banjoe in the court-yard. In the midst of these
noises I fell aslecp－thus terminating a day that had been marked by a succession of those simple pastimes which give such an agreeable relish to country life，and which the gravest man， I think，would be over－wise to find fault with．

## CHAPTER XII.

## A CONFESSION.

The ladies had announced their intention to return to The Brakes before breakfast. Accordingly, the next morning, soon after daybreak, the courtyard was alive with the stir of preparation, and by the time the sun was up, horses, dogs, and servants filled the inclosure with a lively bustle, and the inmates of the house thronged the door and porch. Bel, with the wholesome bloom of the morning on her cheek, exhibited that flow of buoyant good-humor which naturally belongs to a young and ardent girl, and more signally when she is conscious of being an object of admiration. She danced about the hall, and sang short passages from songs with a sweet and merry warbling.
"We owe you our thanks, gentlemen," she said, "for Mr. Carey's saucy ballad last night. Cousin Harvey, I set down all the impertinence of it to you. You have such a wicked conscience that you can't sleep yourself, and you seem to be resolved nobody else shall."
"Ah Bel," replied Harvey; "Ned has spoiled your taste for simple melodies, by those Italian graces of his."
"Not a word, you monster-but help me to my horse. I mean to get away from this house as quickly as I can ; and when I have you on the road I will tell you a piece of my mind. With
such a swift foot under me, you know I can run away from you, if you get angry."

Ned Hazard advanced, somewhat officiously, to lead the ani mal which Bel was to mount, to the steps-
"No, no," she said, "Edward, that's Harvey's business. I have trained him to it.-Now, Mr. Cavalier, your hand."

Harvey came round to the stirrup side of the mare, and stooping down, whilst he locked his two hands so as to form a step-
"Your left foot-so-bear on my shoulder. There you are," he said, as he tossed her lightly into the saddle.
"It isn't every one can do that as well as Harvey," said Bel, by way of apology to Ned for refusing his assistance, which she saw had a little discomfited him. "Bring Mr. Littleton, Edward, to see us, and you shall have the privilege of another rehearsal, if you like."
"I am afraid,"-replied Ned, "that I have practised too many antics already, to keep your favor. But you shall see us before long; and I mean henceforth to be very grave."
"Good bye !"-said Bel-" the sun is beforehand with us."Now Grace,"-she added in a lively tone, to the petted anima on which she rode-"Forward!" The mare rose on her hinc legs with an active motion, and sprang away at a brisk specd

Catharine had all this time been quietly mounting by the aic of a chair, and talking in a subducd voice to Prudence. She nor said some amiable things at parting, repeated the invitation 0 Hazard and myself to The Brakes, and rode forward with becom ing propricty of gait, attended by Ralph. Harrey followed clos upon the track of Bel, and whilst the sun's rays yet smote th fields in level lines, the equestrians were out of sight.

After breakfast I found Hazard sitting on the bench at th front door, examining a box of fishing tackle. Some rods wer leaned against one of the pillars of the porch, and Rip, with
little ape-faced negro, was officiously aiding in the inspection of the lines, and teasing Ned with a hundred questions. These two wanted to know how far it entered into his design to take them with him, if he meant to go fishing. He told me that as the day looked well for it, he thought we might find some pastime with our rods in a ramble over the brook. Rip and his flat-nosed compeer, the little black;-who seemed to think it was his business to take charge of Rip-were, of course, to accompany us. To make them useful, Hazard dispatched them both to get us some bait. Away they went-Rip, at a bound, across the railing of the porch, and Beelzebub--this was Ned's nickname for the other-down the steps, with a mouth distended from ear to ear, cutting all manner of capers over the grass. In a ferv moments the latter was on his way to the stable with a long-handled hoe over his shoulder, and a small tin vessel to collect worms, whilst Rip was making a foray upon the grasshoppers, and flapping down his much-abused beaver upon them with a skill that showed this to be a practised feat.

A brief delay brought in our active marauders with an abundant spoil, and we then set forth on our expedition, each provided with a long rod and its appropriate tackle-our young attendants shouldering their weapons and strutting before us with amazing strides and important faces--jabbering unceasingly all the way.

Ned seemed inclined to be serious ; and I soon perceived that he wanted to make me his confidant,-I had already guessed upon what point. He talked, as we loitered along the bank of the stream, about Harvey Riggs, Catharine, Ralph, old Mr. Tracyabout every body but Bel-except a slight allusion to her once or twice, and in the most casual and apparently accidental manner. It was a touch-and-go manner which spoke volumes. I saw that he wanted me to talk of her, and I was malicious enough not
to understand him. It was very evident that I was soon to have a revelation.

Ned, of course, is in love with Bel. Any one might see that, in the first five minutes he should find them together. It is notorious to the whole family, and I believe to all the inhabitants in these parts-as much as any piece of country gossip can be. I had no doubt of it, even before we were surprised in our hurletta on the road. Rip, who is inconveniently shrewd in these matters, took occasion this morning, just after the ladies left us on their return to the Brakes, to whisper to me, as we entered the breakfast room,_-" Uncle Ned wanted mightily to lift Bel to her horse, because he likes the very ground she walks on." And Harvey Riggs doesn't mince matters when he speaks of it-and old Carey had twisted it into rhyme that no one could misunderstand. Yet, strange as it may be, Ned, with all these proofs against him, was such an owl as to think I had no suspicion of such a thing, or, in fact, that it was a secret to any body.

The transparency of Hazard's character, or what I might better call his unconscious frankness, gives a little coloring of comic extravagance to his endeavor to conceal his feelings. He is a man who can no more hold a secret than a erystal decanter can hold wine invisible. His effort to disguise his admiration for Bel has, in truth, been somewhat perilous in this affair, by indueing him to counterfeit a rather disparaging indifference in his demeanor towards her. This is the source of his inexpert and illtimed raillery, his falling pell-mell upon her foibles, and alarming her pride, and making jests upon points which women are generally apt to take without complaisance--even in ill part, sometimes. Instead of frequenting the society of his mistress, as more skilful lovers would do, he is careful to regulate his approaches in such a manner as to aroid all suspicion of particular intimacy. His walks and rides, it is true, tend instinctively in the direction
of The Brakes, and he is seen often enough taking an observation of the house and grounds, and traversing up and down the roads that lead thither ; but his heart fails him at the gate, and he does not go through it even once in a week, unless somebody can make a matter of business for him to go there; and then he is as bold as a lion. 'What's our duty', -as he very cogently reasons, in such conjunctures, 'must be done at all hazards, regardless of consequences.' Ned, I observe also, loses his intrepidity in Bel's presence, which makes him awkward in his attentions. And then, again, he seems to have an unfortunate tendency-I might almost describe it as a destiny-to present himself to her under those drawbacks which most shock her conceptions of the decorum she is inclined to expect from a lover. Our woodland extravaganza -the burlesque melodrama of the last night, I perceived, notwithstanding her laughing at them, were neither of them exactly consonant with her ideas of dignified sportiveness. She has a vein of romance in her composition which engenders some fastidious notions touching propriety of manners, and gives her-if I can trust Hazard's opinion, which I find confirmed in what I have seen-a predilection for that solemn foppery which women sometimes imagine to be refinement,-and of which Ned has not the slightest infusion.

Bel's temper naturally is most uncongenial with these pretensions, as she constantly shows when off her guard ; -but by a certain ply of her mind, got perhaps in some by-path of education, or nurtured by a fanciful conceit, or left upon her memory amongst the impressions of some character she has been taught to admire, or, peradventure, being the physical disclosure in her organization of some peculiarly aristocratic drop of blood inherited from some over-stately grandam, and reappearing at the surface after the lapse of a century;-from whatever cause pro-duced-she has taught herself to consider an orderly, measured, graceful morement, a choice adaptation of language, reverence of
deportment, and, above all, entire deroteduess, essential to the composition of, what she terms, a refined gentleman-a character which runs a fair risk of being set down in the general opinion as sufficiently dull and insipid. Bel overlooks the total absence of these gifts in Harvey Riggs, and says his playfulness (she uses a soft expression) is quite delightful. I explain this anomaly by the fact that Harvey is entirely out of the question as a lover ; and that Bel has unwarily permitted her nature to counsel her opinion in Harvey's case ; by reason of which, her good-humored cousin has taken the citadel of her favor by surprise. Ned Hazard she regards in quite a different light. Her sentineis are all at their posts when he makes a demonstration.

I sometimes think there is a little spleen at the bottom of Ned's treatment of Bel, a momentary sub-acid fretfulness, oceasioned by her professing to hold in estimation the grave and empty pedantry of Singleton Swansdown, the very model of a delicate and dainty gentleman. Bel says, "he is so like the hero of a novel;" which Ned has once or twice repeated to me, with the remark, that it was " cursed fudge."

I have said enough, in the way of composition of Ned's character and of the queer condition of his love affair, as well as of the quality of his mistress, to preface the account I am about to give of our conversation on the fishing excursion.

We had reached a wide-spreading old syeamore on the bank of the brook, and had thrown our lines into a deep pool which eddied under the roots of the tree, and where we had reason to expect some luck to our angling. Here we seated ourselves on the grass in the shade. I found that I was advancing in Ned's confidence. He was restless, and not very attentive to his rod, and somewhat thirsty, for he drank at the brook twice.-I was perfectly dull of apprehension, and asked the most simple questions. I was determined to give him no help, at least for the present. It is strange, but it is universally truc, that no man of
sober sense,-no sensible, well-ordered man, I mean-can with a calm and composed face disclose the fact of his being in loveeven to his most intimate friend. Mankind always seem to treat this very natural incident of one's life as a foolish thing; and a man, therefore, looks or feels like a fool,-attempt the disclosure when he will.
"Mark"-said Ned, in a rather abrupt transition from a litcrary topic we had been discussing, and which I had myself proposed in a mischievous humor to baulk a previous advance to the matter that was weighing upon his mind,-" Mark "—and here was a slight pause and some visible perturbation,-"don't you think Bel Tracy a very lively girl ?"
"Don't you ?" I asked.
"Very lively," replied Ned. "How would you like to make a visit to the Brakes ?"
"Do you visit there much, Ned ?"
"Occasionally; Bèl rather reproaches me for not coming as often as I ought, perhaps."
"Rather a dull house, I should think, for a visit: the old gentleman, I understand, is very formal," said I.
"On the contrary," replied Ned, "a very pleasant family. I should like to take you there,-Bel's a great favorite with her father. I-I have seen a good deal of her :"-a pause in which Ned looked a little queer.-"That slippery little gudgeon !"-
"Who?" said I, "you don't mean to call Bel a gudgeon?"
Ned laughed. "No-what are you thinking of?-I mean this fish," said he, drawing up his line_-"It has nibbled off three baits in succession, and I can't get him on my hook."
"Throw in again, Ned," said I, smiling, " perhaps you will have better luck next time. So Bel, you think, is a lively girl? and you go to make her a visit occasionally? That must be quite an effort. And she is of opinion that you don't come often enough.-What would you call often ?"
"I was there the very morning of the day on which you arrived here," said Ned.
"Ten days ago!" I said, with an affected surprise-" and still she complains! What an unreasonable lady! I suppose she would have you galloping there twice a week, at least? These women exact a great deal of us poor men. Why, if you were a lover of hers,-as I know you are not-once a week I should say "-
"Well, I don't know "--said Ned, interrupting me.
" You don't know what?" I asked-" whether you are a lover of her's, or not?--Such a cool, unimpassioned fellow as you are never made a lover in the world. If I lived as near to the Brakes as you do, I should make it a point to be over head and ears in love with Bel Tracy-But there is a difference between you and me."

Ned laughed again, quite loud this time, but his mirth was manifestly artificial.
"You think so ?"-he said, at last.
The confession was on his lips-but a hesitation of one moment drove it back. His heart failed him, and like a ship which misses her stays, he fell off again into the wind.
"They do say"—said I--" that this Mr. Swansdown, of whom I have heard so much lately, looks that way with an eager eye, and that something is likely to come of it. Her father is fond of him, I hear; and if that's true, I consider her as good as mortgaged already. Perhaps it is wise in you to keep out of a lovescrape against such odds?"
"Swansdown!" exclaimed Ned. "Who told you that?-Don't believe a word of it, Mark. Bel Tracy is a woman of sense, and diseriminates amongst men with remarkable acuteness. She has some odd fancies-but Swansdown is not one of them. I don't believe she can abide him. $\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{n}$ it, I know she can't. Women will do queer things sometimes-but Bel will never have Swansdown as long as her name is Bel Traey:"
"No, of course not," I replied. "She will consider it a point of propriety to change her name on the very day she weds him. As to her discrimination-she will settle that as Papa advises. Bel, I'll be bound, is a dutiful daughter, and will do as her father bids her. Moreover, when a woman of a lively imagination-as your country ladies generally are-once permits her fancy to light upon a lover, it is quite immaterial what manner of man he may be,--the fancy is apt to settle the business for itself. Fancy is a colt that will run away with as good a rider as Bel Tracy. I profess to know a little of these women myself, Ned."
"Swansdown,"-said Hazard, alarmed by the suggestion I had forced so confidently upon him, and flushed with a slight degree of fretful anger,-_" is the most preposterous ass--the most enormous humbug-the most remarkable coxcomb in Virginia."
"No matter for that.-Bel, as you say, has a great admiration for an elegant, refined, sweet-spoken, grave, and dignified gentleman :-that's a hobby of hers, from your own account; and it is hard to tell the counterfeit from the real in these things."
"Devil!" cried Ned. "She can't be mistaken in Swansdown. I acknowledge she is somewhat haunted by this crotchet of elegance, and all that,-and that such a thing does, once in a while, make a woman rather impracticable; but Bel's good sense will get the better of that. However, you may argue about it as you will, I have reason to know what her feelings are--personal rea-son,"-he said with some warmth.
"How could you know ?-what reason have you ?"
"If you will have it, Littleton, and will keep a secret, I will tell you. Bel and I have had a sort of understanding. I have been very much attached to her for some time, and she knows it. Indeed, between you and me, I told her so; and although there was nothing specific came of it, yet I can assure you she does not
care a brass button for Singleton Swansdown. Mark, you will not mention this, of course."
"Oh ho!-so the wind's in that quarter!"-said I. "Why did'nt you tell me this before? Here have I been taking your pait against Bel Tracy all this time. And now it turns out I ought to have been on the other side."
"Well, I intended to tell you," said Ned, " but somehow it got out of my head. I did'nt think of it."
"You blind bat!" said I, " and hypocrite, to boot! Why, I znew you were in love the first day I saw you. You have had nothing in your head but Bel Tracy ever since I arrived here. You have been dying to tell me all day."
" I thought you would laugh at me-a love affair is always a foolish thing, and every body laughs at it."
"Indeed, I assure you, upon my honor, I think to be in lore one of the most serious, nay solemn things in the world. It has made you a perfect stick. You have lost all your light-hearted-ness.-And so, she encourages you, you think?"
"I should say so," replied Ned. "That is, she don't discourage me. You know there are a thousand little movements in a woman's deportment that show how her humor lies. Not any thing to speak of singly, but take them-in the long runyou understand?"
"Are you very particular in your attentions?"
"W ell-tolerably--when I have a chance."
"What do you call particular attentions, Ned?"
"Why-I don't know exactly how to answer that," he replied. "I am attentive to her,-that is to say, I keep an eye upon her. For instance, I have sent her partridges."
"Dead or alive?" I asked with great gravity.
"Some that I had shot," said Ned ; "dead, of course."
"For her to eat?" said I. "Quite an appropriate present to a voung lady. Is she gastronomic?"
"Nonseuse!" exclaimed Ned. "The partridges were for her father, and I so explained it."
"Did you ever ask her at dinner to allow you to help her to some greens?"
"What the d—l do you mean, Littleton?"
"I mean that your attentions are rather odd for a lover. Can you think of any others?"
"Well, I can't recall what you would consider actually attentions. I am confident, however, that I have shown her many."
"Any rerses, or love letters, or sketches for an album, any snug little inferences in a corner?"
"Oh no, nothing to that extent," said Ned.
"What then did you mean by telling me that you had personal reason to know her feelings, just now-that you have told her c $\dot{L}^{\prime}$ - your attachment? I think, too, you said nothing specific came of it?
"I'll explain," replied Ned. "The fact is, I addressed her. It was'nt the luckiest thing in the world. About a year ago, we had a dinner party at the Brakes-rather a merry one, and I drank a little too much champagne; and being possessed with a devil-for I can't account for it in any other way-I got to walking with Bel after night-fall on the porch; and finding we were alone, with the moon shining bright above, and the roses and honey-suckles, and all that, perfuming the air with the incense of Araby, I naturally got to be sentimental and talked, I am inclined to believe, a good deal of nonsense-and, in the end, popped the question at her like the crack of a rifle."
"Well, what then?"
"Oh, she behaved with the most admirable spirit. She turned round promptly and went into the house, without saying a word; leaving me to construe that as I might choose to take it."
"Ah ha, I understand now what you mean by nothing specific coming of it. You think then she encourages you?"
"She did'nt refuse me," said Ned, " and I consider that encouragement. The truth is, Mark, Bel rather likes me, but she docsn't like to show it."
"You have never spoken to her since on the same subject ?"
"Oh, never. I have ridden out with her frequently since that, and she is always in excellent spirits."
"Do you ride alone with her ?"
"No. She always makes Ralph or Harvey Riggs, or some one clse of the party. That shows she is sensitive on the subjeet, you perceive. She wishes to delay the matter-which is the most natural thing in the world. A woman gets tremulous, and likes to put off such things till the next day, and then the next, and so on."
"Ah, my dear Ned, you are a coward. I thought you were a brave man. Why' don't you tell her at once, you want to talk to her alone, and persevere till she agrees to give you an opportunity? You would soon find out whether she encourages you or not."
"My good fellow," replied Ned, with some emphasis, " that's harder to do than you think. There is a great difference in bravery man-ward and woman-ward. It is moral courage which is necessary in these affairs with women, and a good deal of it, too. I would as lief march up to an alligator to box him about the eyest, in kid gloves, as come up deliberately on a cool morning, in the drawing-room or any where else, to Bel Tracy with a straight, up-and-down, point-blank declaration of love. It is so hard to groove such a thing into conversation. A man gets his nerves flurried, and is so apt to become thick of speech. I don't know how to manage the topics that would carry me up naturally to the point, and save me from the awkwardness of an abrupt transition. There are men who ean do it-men of genius in that line; but I am not one of them. Yet, when you come to reflect
upon it, it ought not to be any such great matter. All the world is getting married every day; every man has to go through itan ordinance of nature: and it does come to pass. But how the thing is managed so universally and so successfully-by all sorts of persons, of course,--that's a great mystery. Like good Christians, we ought to help one another."
"To be sure we ought," said I, " and we will, Ned. We shall hold a council upon it, and conduct our seige of poor little Bel's heart, according to the rules of the most approved strategy. But there must be no flinching on your part."
"I sometimes feel in a mood," said Ned, " that would carry me through, off-hand, if I had a chance; but then again"-. Here he shook his head thoughtfully, as much as to say, that this mood was not the optative, to come at his wish. "I think," he added, with some animation, as if a new and ingenious thought had struck him, " the best time for it, Littleton, is after dinnerabout twilight, between hawk and buzzard."
"We must try it with cool heads," I replied. "As much of the hawk as jou please, Ned, but no buzzard will serve us."

Before we had come to this conclusion, we had several times changed our ground, and had now reached the centre of a grove of tall trees. Hazard, having in this conversation happily disburdened his mind of a weight that had oppressed it for some time, appeared quite a new man to me. He became rational, gay and confident, and was quite willing now to dismiss the topie we had agitated so long.

I was struck with the scenery around us. It was just such a landseape as a painter would delight to study in detail, and sketch from every point; there was such variety of foliage, such beautiful contrasts of light and shade, such bits of foreground, and rich accessories to throw into a picture. The beeeh, the poplar, and the syeamore, all so different in form, and so majestical from
age and size, rose in this forest from a carpet of matted grass of the liveliest verdure. There was no underwood to interrupt the view into the deep recesses of shade. An occasional straggling grape-vine swung across from tree to tree, embracing the branches of both in its huge serpent-like folds ; and, here and there, an erect, prim, and maidenish poplar was furbelowed, from the root all the way up to the limbs, with wild ivy, and in this sylvan millinery coquetted with the zephyr that seemed native to the grove.

Through this sequestered shade the stream crept with a devious course, brattling, now and then, at the resistance of decayed trunks which accident had thrown across the channel,-and then subsiding again into silence.

As we advanced, swarms of tad-poles dar'ted from the shallow into deeper water; apple-bugs, as the country people call that black beetle-shaped insect which frequents summer pools, and which is distinguished for the perfume of the fruit that has given it its name-danced in busy mazes over the surface of the still water; the large spider, resembling a wheel without its rim, shot forth over his little lake, in angular lines, as if making a trigonometrical survey of its expanse ; and schools of greedy little fish sprang up at every mote that fell upon the stream. Then the gray squirrol, with his graceful undulating tail, vaulted furtively across our path to some neighboring tree; and our attention was frequently called to the water-snake with his head thrust under a stone and the folds of his body glistening in the sun as the strean washed over him.

Rip and his goblin page, both of whom had been long out of sight, were now in view. They had grown weary of their attendance upon us, and were seen at this time wading through the brook, with their trousers drawn above the knce-Rip leading the way and directing the motions of Beelzebub, who imitated all his gestures with a grin of saucy good nature. They were carrying
on a destructive warfare against the frogs, and, by the capture of soveral distinguished individuals of the enemy, had spread consternation along the whole margin of the stream,-insomuch, as Rip declared, " that not a Frenchman amongst them dared to show his goggle-eyes above the water."

The sun was now some hour or more past his meridian, and ze proposed a return. So, gathering up our spoils, some dozens If stone-heads, suckers, and other small ish, which we had taken at intervals during our colloquy, and calling in our skirmishers from the battle of the frogs, we took up our homeward line of march-tise tro dripping and muddy mignons of our suite bringing up the rear, each bearing a string of fish hung by the gills upon a willew withe. In this array we soon regained the courtyard of the massion.

## CHAPTER XIII.

## A MAN OF PrETENSIONS.

It is to be remarked in regard to all love affairs, that whatever may be the embarrassment of the disclosure, there is by no means the same difficulty in conversing about them afterwards. When the ice is once broken, your genuine lover is never tired of talking about his mistress.

For twenty-four hours after our late ramble, Ned talked, almost incessantly, upon the same subject. He let it drop for a moment, but he was sure to come speedily back upon it with a new face, as if it were a matter that required a serious deliberation; and he insinuated, that, in the present stage of the business, my advice was important to determine whether he should go on with it ; although it was easy enough to pereeive that his mind was not only quite made up, but keenly set upon the prosecution of the affair. Then, he affected to be greatly undecided as to some minute particular of conduct. Again, he had his donbts whether, upon the whole, she really did encourage him. In this sentiment he was sincere, although he endeavored to persuade himself that the matter was reasonably certain. These doubts made him restless, droll and solemn; but again changing his mood, he presented the entire action to me, from beginning to end, as a laughable affair; and that made him swear at it, and
say it was very queer-umaccountable-extraordinary ;--that it put a man in such an awkward situation! But his conclusion to it all was, that there was no use in talking about it,-matters had gone so far that there was no alternative; he was committed on the point of honor, and bound as a gentleman to make his pretensions good. I rexed him a little by saying I did not think so; and that if it was distasteful to him, I thought he was at liberty to retire when he chose. This balked his humor. So I consented to admit his premises for the future, and allow that he was bound in honor. With this admission he proceeded in his argumeut. It all amounted to the same thing, and the only varieties I discovered after this, were in his positions. He argued it perpendicularly, walking, jumping, dancing ; then horizontally, lolling over three chairs, stretched out on a bed, and perched in the windows; then manually, washing, dressing, whistling, singing and laughing. In short, he behaved himself throughout the whole debate, like a man in love.

We were at the height of this disquisition, on the morning following Ned's first confessions, about an hour before dinner, in my chamber, extended at full length upon the bed, with our feet up against the bed-posts, when Rip came rumning in, almost out of breath, saying, " that if we wanted to see something worth looking at, we should come down stairs quickly, for there was Mr. Swansdown spinning up to the house, and making the gravel fly like lail; and there was aunt Prue, in the drawing-room, fixing a book before her in such a hurry! and Mrs. Winkle scolding about the custards:-And wasn't there going to be fun!"

I went to the window, and could see the phenomenon that excited Rip's admiration approaching the mansion like a meteor. A new light blue curricle, with a pair of long-tailed bay horses in fine kecping, driven by a gentleman of a delicate, emaciated figure, and followed by a servant in livery, had just entered the
court-yard. The plate of the harness and mouldings glittered with an astounding brilliancy in the sun, and the spokes of the wheels emitted that spirited glare which belongs to an equipage of the highest polish. The horses were reined up at the door, and the gentleman descended. It was very evident that Mr. Singleton Oglethorpe Swansdown was a man to produce a sensation in the country.

Hazard and myself repaired to the hall. Meriwether recuived his guest with the plain and cordial manner natural to him. Mr. Swansdown has a tall figure, and an effeminate and sallow complexion, somewhat impaired perlaps by ill health, a head of dark lair, partially bald, a soft black eye, a gentle movement, a musical, low-toned voice, and a highly finished style of dress. He was very particular in his inquiries after the family ; and having gone through many preliminary civilities, he was shown to a chamber to make his toilet for dinner. Soon afterwards, he appeared in the drawing-room, where he was remarkable for his sober, winning affability. He flattered Mrs. Meriwether upon her good health, and the fine appearance of the children. Lucy and Victorine he thought were going to be very beautiful (Lucy and Victorine both blushed): they made him feel old, when he recollected their infant gambols; Master Philip (otherwise Rip) was growing up to be a fine manly fellow; (at this, Rip crept slyly behind him, and strutted in the opposite direction with many grimaces), it was time to give up his nickuame; he didn't like uicknames. He was very complimentary to Prudence Meriwether, which had a visible effect upon her, and made her animated; and thought his friend Meriwether looked younger and more robnst than when they last met. He told Hazard that he was rery much wanting in Richmond, by a party of ladies who were going off to the North, and that he, Ned, had made a great impression upon them. In short, Mr. Swanslown seemed determined to
please every body, by the concern which he manifested in their happiness; and this was done with such a refined address, and such practised composure, as to render it quite taking. There is nothing equal to the self-possession of a gentleman who has travelled about the world, and frequented the circles of fashion, When he comes into a quiet, orderly, respectable family in the country. It is pleasant to behold what delight he takes to hear himself talk.

Swansdown inherited from his father an estate on the Meherrin, in the most southern quarter of Virginia. He is now about the prime of life, and still a bachelor. Being thercfore a gentleman without much to keep him at home, he has recently travelled over Europe, and is very conversant besides with the principal cities of the Union. He has twice been very nearly elected to Congress, and ascribes his failure to his not being sufficiently active in the canyass. Upon this foundation he considers himself a public man, and of some importance to the government. It is remarked of him, that he is a very decided Virginian when he is out of the state, and a great admirer of foreign parts when he is at home. His memory is stored with a multitude of pretty sayings, and many singular adventures that have befallen him in his sundry travels, which he embellishes with a due proportion of sentiment. He has the renown of a poet and of a philosopher, having some years ago published a volume of fugitive rhymes, and being supposed now to be engaged in a work of a grave, speculative character, which it is predicted will reflect credit upou the literature of the South.

That he is a bachelor is the fault only of his stars, for he has courted a whole army of belles between Maine and Georgia, in which divers wooing he has been observed to do remarkably well for the first two weeks; after which, somehow or other, he falls off unaccountably. And it is said that he can reckon more re-
fusals on his head than a thorough-paced, political office-hunter. He is what the sailors call an unlucky ship. One misfortune in love matters makes many, and three are quite ill-omened in the calculation of a high-toncd, fashionable dame. This calamity has been so often reduplicated upon Swansdown, that it is thought he begins to lower his pretensions, and talk in a more subducd tone upon the subject. He is believed now to encourage the opinion that your raging belles are not apt to make the best wives ; that a discreet lady, of good family and unpretending manners, is most likely to make a sensible man happy; great beauty is not essential ; the mad world of fashion is a bad school; and some such other doctrines which indicate reflection, if not disappointment.

In pursuance of this temperate philosophy, he is supposed to be casting his cye about the country, and investigating more minutely the products of those regions over which he has hitherto travelled with too much speed for accurate observation; like a military engineer whose first surrey is directed to the most prominent points of the ground, and who retraces his steps to wake his examination of the subordinate positions.

From an intimacy of long standing between Mr. Tracy and the father of Swansdown, the former has a strong prepossession in favor of the son, which is cherished by Singleton in a course of assiduous attentions, and, no doubt, enhanced in some degree by the studied and formal cast of his manners. Mr. Tracy does not fail to speak of him as a man of excellent capacity and solid judgment ; and has therefore admitted him into a somewhat confidential relation. He says, moreover, that Singleton is remarkably vivacious, and a man of attic wit. This appears odd cnough to those who have the honor of this worthy's society.

What I have said will explain how it came to pass that this gentleman had been selected as Mr. Tracy's arbitrator in the
question of the boundary line. It was with a view to the final arrangement of this subject that Swansdown had lately arrived at The Brakes; and he had now visited Swallow Barn in respect to that identical negotiation.

The ladies had just retired from the dinner-table, and we were sitting over our wine, when Harvey Riggs and Ralph Tracy rode up to the door. This addition to our company gave a spur to the conversation of the table. Swansdown had become animated and eloquent. He descanted upon the occasion of his visit ; that to gratify his old friend, Mr. Tracy, he had prevailed upon himself to proffer his service to terminate a difficult controversy, which, he had been given to understand, was of some duration. This was one of those imperfect obligations which appertain to the relation of friendship. He ventured to suggest an opinion, that the issue would be auspicious to their mutual interests, and took leave to indulge the hope, that neither of his amiable and excellent friends would find oecasion to regret the arrangement.

Meriwether answered these diplomatic insinuations with a bend of the head implying entire acquiescence, and with an occasional remark which showed the little importance he attached to the matter. Ned and Harvey Riggs exchanged looks, drank their wine, and listened to the oracle. Swansdown, in the course of the evening, was continually reminded of something he had seen at Florence, or Vienna, or other places. The river, which was visible from our windows, put him in mind of the Lake of Geneva; it only wanted the mountains. Then, he had choice anecdotes to tell of distinguished personages in Boston or NewYork ; and a most pithy piece of scandal that had transpired last winter at Washington. Meriwether bowed his head again, but very much like a man who was at a loss how to reply, and con tinued to listen with the utmost suavity. Harvey Riggs, how.
ever, ofton drew the discourse into a parenthesis, as if to get at such subsidiary particulars as were necessary to elucidate the narrative, and generally, by this mischievous contrivance, took off the finish which the speaker studied to give to his recital.

A ncat little pamphlet of verses some time ago made its appearance at Richmond, in hot press, and on the fiuest paper. It was a delicate effusion of superfine sentiment, woven into a plaintive tale ; and had dropped, apparently, from some bower of sungilt clouds, as they floated, on one vernal evening, over the fashionable quarter of Richmond,--it was so dainty in its array, and so mysterious in its origin. "From whence could it co:ne, but from the Empyrean, or from Hybla," said the ladies of Richmond; "or from the divine pen of the fastidious and super-sentimental Swansdown ?" Ned Hazard had brought this beautiful foundling to Swallow Barn, and had given it to Prudence Merimether to nurse. It was now upon the window-seat.

It is necessary to state, that amidst all the criticism of Richmond, and the concurring determination of every body to impute the verses to Swansdown, and the consequent reiteration of that imputation by all companies, he never gave a plain denial of his paternity; but, on the contrary, took pleasure in hearing the charge, and was so coquettish about the matter, and insinuated such gentle doubts, that it was considered a case of arowed detection.

This dapper and delicious little poetical sally was christened "The Romaunt of Dryasdale," in the title-page, but was more generally known by the name of "The Lapdog Romance," which Harvey Riggs had bestowed upon it.
"I suppose you have scen this before?" said Hazard to Swansdown, as he threw the book upon the table before him.

Swansdown picked it up, hastily turned over the leaves, smiled, and replied, "It has made some stir in its day. But things like
this are not long-lived, however well executed. This seens to have kept its ground much longer than most of its species."
"The common opinion," said Ned, " is not backward to designate its author."
"Of course," replied Swansdown, " if a man has ever been guilty in his life of stringing couplets, he becomes a scape-goat ever after. Is it not somewhat strange that I should be perpetually charged with this sort of thing? But it is long since $I$ have abandoned the banks of the Helicon. I protest to you I have not time for this kind of idling. No, no, gentlemen, charge me with what indiscretion you please, but spare me from the verses."
"If we could believe the rumors," said Harvey, "we should not doubt the origin of this effusion ; but I rely more on my own judgment. I can pretty surely detect the productions of persons I am acquainted with: there is a spice, a flaror, in a man's conversation, which is certain to peep out in the efforts of his pen. Now this work is diametrically opposite to every thing we know of Mr. Swansdown. In the first place, it is studied and solemn, and wants Swansdown's light and familiar viracity. Secondly, there is an affectation of elegance utterly at war with his ordinary manners. Thirdly,"-
"Oh, my dear sir," cried Sransdown, "save me from this serious rindication of my innocence. You can't be in carnest in thinking any one believes the report?"
"They do say so," replied Harrey, " but I have always defended you. I have said that if you chose to devote your time in this way, something of a more permanent and solid character would be given to the world."
"I have been bantered with it by my friends in the North," added Swansdown, "but that is a gauntlet which every man, who dabbles in literature, miust expect to run."
"I have forgotten the name of the poem," said Meriwether, with innocent gravity.
"It is called The Romaunt of Dryasdale," said Swansdown.
"Or The Lapdog Romance," added Ned.
Swansdown colored slightly, and then laughed; but without much heart.
"Fill up your glass, Mr. Swansdown," said Meriwether, " the truth of wine is a good companion to the fiction of poetry. Is this thing much admired ?"
"A good deal," replied Swansdown.
"Amongst the young ladies of the boarding-school, especially," said Harvey.
"If I were disposed to criticise it," said Ned, "I should say that the author has been more successful in his rhyme than in his story."
"Yes," added Harvey, " the jingle of the verse is its great merit, and seems to have so completely satisfied the writer, that he has forgotten to bring the story forward at all. I have never been able to make out exactly what is the subject of it."
"Then the sentiment," continued Hazard, "in which it abounds is somewhat over-mystical ;-one flight runs so into the other that it is not very easy to comprehend them."
"That," said Harvey, " is an admirable invention in writing. The author only gives you half of what he means, leaving you to fill up the rest for yourself. It saves time, and enables him to crowd a great deal into a small space."

At this, Swansdown gave another laugh, but somewhat dry and feeble.
"There is another thing about this poem," said Ned, " it has some strange comparisons. There is one here that Prudence has marked; I suppose she has found out its meaning, and as that is a fortunate enterprise, she has taken eare to note it. The poet has endeavered to trace a resemblance between the wing of Cupid and his mistress's breath ; and he sets about it by showing, that
when Cupid takes a flight on a spring morning, with his wings bound with roses, he must necessarily, at every flutter, slake off some of these odoriferous flowers ; and then, as the lady's breath is redolent of aromatic flavors, the resemblance is complete. I'l. read the passage aloud, if you please."
" Meriwether," said Swansdown in evident.embarrassment but still endeavoring to preserve a face of gaycty, "suppose M take a turn across your lawn before dark?-We want a little motion.'
"Won't you "stay to hear this flight of Cupid?" asked Ned, taking up the book.
"I have no doubt it is very fine," said Swansdown. "But your account of it is so much better, that I should not like to weaken the impression of it."

Saying this, he retreated from the dining-room, and waited at the front door for Meriwether, who almost immediately followed.

In the evening our party played at whist; Prudence and the poet making partners against Meriwether and Harvey ; whilst the rest of us sat round as spectators of the game. Mr. Chub, as usual, smoked his pipe in the porch, and the children slept about the corners of the room. Swansdown had grown dull, and his particularly accomplished bearing appeared somewhat torpid, except now and then, when he had occasion to make an inquiry respecting the game, which he did in a manner that no vulgar whist-player may ever hope to emulate: as thus,-putting on an interrogative look, gently bending his body forward, extending his left arm a little outward from his breast, and showing a fine diamond ring on his little finger, and asking with a smile,-so soft, that it could hardly be cal!ed a smile,-" spades are trumps?"

## CHAPTER XIV.

MY GRAND UNCLE.

My grand uncle Edward Hazard, the father of Walte:, was from all accounts, a man of an active, speculating turn. He was always busy in schemes to improve his estate, and, it is said, threw away a great deal of money by way of bettering his fortune. He was a gentleman who had spent a considerable portion of his life in England, and when he settled himself, at last, in possession of his patrimony at Swallow Barn, he was filled with magnificent projects, which, tradition says, to hear him explain, would have satisfied any man, to a mathematical demonstration, that with the expenditure of a few thousand pounds, Swallow Barn would have risen one hundred per cent. in value. He was a very authoritative man, also, in the province ; belonged frequently to the House of Burgesses; and was, more than once, in the privy council. The family now look up to my grand uncle Edward, as one of the most distinguished individuals of the stock, and take a great deal of pride in his importance: they say he was a most astonishing rake in London, and a wonderful speaker in the provincial legislature.

Comnected with these two developments of his character, there are two portraits of him at Swallow Barn. One represents him in an cmbroidered coat without a cape, a highly worked cravat,
tied tight enough round his neck to choke him, which makes his eyes seem to start from their sockets; an inordinately bedizened waistcoat, satin small-clothes, silk stockings. and large buckles in his shoes. His complexion is of the most effeminate delicacy, and lis wig seems to form a white downy cushion for a small fringed cocked-hat. By the portrait, he could not have been much above twenty years of age ; and his air is prodigiously conceited. The sccond picture exhibits a gentleman with a fine, bluff, and somewhat waggish face, past the meridian of life, arrayed in brown and in an oratorical attitude, intended, doubtless, to represent him in the legislature.

Now it must be made known, that the tract of land, called The Brakes, belonging to the Tracy family, lies adjacent to Swallow Barn. In old times the two estates were divided by a small stream that emptied into the James River, and that is still known by the name of the Apple-pie Branch. This rivulet traverses a range of low grounds for some miles, occasionally spreading itself out into morasses, which were formerly, and in some places are now, overgrown with thickets of arrow-wood, nine-bark, and various other shrubs, the growth of this region. The main channel of the stream through these tangled masses, was gencrally distinct enough to be traced as a boundary line, although the marsh extended some distance from each bank. In the course of this stream there is one point where the higher ground of the country stretches in upon the bed of the marsh, from either side, so as to leave a gorge of about a hundred yards in width, from both of which eminences the spectator may look back upon the low lands of the swamp for nearly a mile.

Just at that period of the life of my grand uncle when his fever of improvement had risen to its crisis, and when he was daily creating immense fortunes,-in his dreams,-it struck him, upon looking at the gorge I have described, that with very little
trouble and expense, he might throw a stout breastwork from one side to the other, and have as fine a mill-dam as any man could possibly desire. It was so simple an operation that he was surprised it had never occurred to him before. And then a flour mill might be erected a short distance below,-which would cost but a trifle,-and the inevitable result would be, that this unprofitable tract of waste land would thereupon become the most valuable part of the estate.

I am told that it belonged to the character of my grand uncle to fall absolutely in love with every new project. He turned this one over in his mind for two or three nights; and it became as clear to him as daylight, that he was to work wonders with his mill.

So, reflecting that he had but sixteen irons in the fire at this time, he went to work without a moment's delay. The first thing he did was to send an order to Bristol, (for he never had any opinion of the mechanics at home, for a complete set of mill machinery ; and the second, to put up a house of pine weather-boards, for the mill. Contemporaneously with this last operation, he set about the dam; and, in the course of one summer, he bad a huge breastwork of logs thrown across the path of the modest, diminutive Apple-pie, which would have terrified the stram even if it had been a giant.

As soon as this structure was completed, the waters began to gather. My grand uncle came down every day to look at them, and as he saw them gradually encroaching upon the different little mounds of the swamp, it is said he smiled, and remarked to his son Walter, whom he frequently took with him, "that it was strange to see what results were produced by human art." And it is also told of him, that he made his way, during this rising of the waters, to a tree in the bed of the dam, to noteh with his penknife a point to which the flood would ultimately tend : that. while
stooping to take a level with the breast of the dam, he lost his balance, and was upset into a pool, formed by the encroaching element; and that, when Walter expected to see him in a passion at this mishap, he rose laughing, and observed, "that the bed of the dam was a damned bad bed;" which is said to be the only pun that ever was made in the Hazard family, and therefore I Lave put it on record.

In a few days, with the belp of one or two rains, the pool was sompletely full; and, to the infinitc pleasure of my grand uncle, \& thin thread of water streamed over one corver of the dam, 一 the most beautiful little cascade in the world ; it looked like a glossy streamer of delicate white ribbon. My grand uncle was delighted. "There, my boy," said he to Walter, "there is Tivoli for you! We shall have our mill a-going in a week."

Sure enough, that day week, off went the mill. All the corn of the farm was brought down to this place; and, for an hour or two that morning, the mill clattered away as if it had been filled with a thousand iron-shod devils, all dancing a Scotch reel. My grand uncle thumped his cane upon the floor with a look of triumph, whilst his eyes started from his head, as he frequently exclaimed to the people about him, "I told you so; this comes of encrgy and foresight; this shows the use of a man's faculties. my boy!"

It was about an hour and a half, or perhaps two hours,-as my authority affirms,-after the commencement of this racket and clatter in the mill, that my grand unele, and all the others who were intent upon the operation, were a little surprised to discover that the millstone began to slacken in its speed; the bolting cloth was manifestly moving lazily, and the wheels were getting tired. Presently, a dismal screech was heard, that sounded like all the trumpets of Pandemonium blown at once; it was a prolonged, agonizing, diabolical note that went to the very soul.
"In the name of all the imps of Tartarus,-(a famous interjection of my grand uncle.) what is that?" "It's only the big wheel stopped as chock as a tombstone," said the miller, "and it naturally screcches, because, you see, the gudgeon is new, and wants greasc." Hereupon a court of inquiry was instituted ; and, leading the van, followed by the whole troop, out went my grand uncle to look at the head-gate. Well, not a thing was to be seen there but a large solitary bull-frog, squatted on his hams at the bottom of the race, and looking up at his visitors with the most piteous and imploring countenance, as much as to say, "I assure you, gentlemen, I am exceedingly astonished at this extraordinary convulsion myself, which has left me, as you perceive, naked and dry." Then the court proceeded upon their investigation towards the dam, to observe how that came on.

I can readily imagine how my grand uncle looked, when the scene here first presented itself to his view. It must have been a look of droll, waggish, solemn, silent wonder, which, for the time, leaves it a matter of perfect doubt whether it is to terminate in a laugh or a cry. In the first place, the beautiful ribbon cascade was clean gone. In the second, there were all the little tus. socks of the swamp, showing their small green heads above the surface of the water, which would hardly bave covered one's shoctop; and there were all the native shrubs of the marsh, bending forwards, in scattercd groups, like a set of rose bushes that had been visited by a shower ; dripping wet, and having their slender stalks tangled with weeds; and there was, towards the middle, a little line of rivulet meandering down to the edge of the dam, and then holding its unambitious course parallel with the breastwork, deploying to the left, where it entered the race, and tripping along gently; down to the very seat of the bull-frog. "Hoity, toity," eried my grand uncle, after he had paused long enough to find speech, "here is some mistake in this matter!"

Now, it is a principle of physics, that an exhausted recciver is the worst thing in the world to make a draught upon. The mill-dam was like a bank that had paid out all its specie, and, consequently, could not bare the run made upon it by the big wheel, which, in turn, having lost its credit, stopped payment with that hideous yell that wrought such a shock upon the nerves of my grand uncle.

In vain did the old gentleman ransack the stores of his philosophy, to come at this principle. He studied the case for half an hour, examined the dam in every part, and was exceedingly perplexed. "Those rascals of muskrats have been at work," said he. So, the examination was conducted to this point; but not a hole could be found. "The soil is a porous, open, filtrating kind of soil," said the old gentleman.
"It seems to me, master," said an arch looking negro, who was gaping over the flood-gate upon the muddy waste, " that the mill's run out of water."
"Who asked you for your opinion, you scoundrel ?" said my grand uncle in a great fury,-for he was now beginning to fret," get out of my sight, and hold your tongue!"
"The fellow is right," said the miller, "we have worked out the water, that's clear!"
"It's a two-hour-mill," added the negro, in a voice scarcely audible, taking the risk of my grand uncle's displeasure, and grinning saucily but good-hun.oredly, as he spoke.

It is said that my grand uncle looked at the black with the most awful face he ever put on in his life. It was blood-red with anger. But, bethinking himself for a moment, he remained silent, as if to subdue his temper.

There was something, however, in the simple observation of the negro, that responded exactly to my grand uncle's secret thoughts; and some such conviction rising up in his mind, gradu-
ally lent its aid to smother his wrath. How could he beat the poor fellow for speaking the truth! It was,-and he now saw it written in characters that could not be mistaken.-it was, after all his trouble, and expense, and fond anticipations, "a two-hourmill."
"Stop the mill," said my grand uncle, turning round, and speaking in the mildest voice to the miller, "stop the mill; we shall discontinue our work to day."
" 'Squire," replied the miller, " the mill has been as silent as a church for the last hour."
"True," said my grand uncle, recollecting himself; " come, Walter, we will mount our horses, and think over this matter when we get home. It is very extraordinary! Why didn't I foresee this? Never mind, we will have water enough there tomorrow, my boy !"

He slowly went to the fence corner, and untied his horse, and got up into his saddle as leisurely as if he had been at a funcral. Walter mounted his, and they both rode homeward at a walk; my grand uncle whistling Malbrouk all the way, in an under key and swinging his cane round and round by the tassel.


## CHAPTER XV.

## THE OLD MILL.

It fortunately happened that a tolerably wet season followed this first experiment of the mill. But with all the advantages of frequent rains, the mortifying truth became every day more apparent, that my grand uncle's scheme of accommodating the neighborhood with a convenient recourse for grinding their corn, was destined to be balked, in the larger share of its usefulness, by that physical phenomenon which was disclosed to him on the first day of his operations; to wit, that his capacious reservoir was emptied in a much more rapid ratio than it was filled. It was like a profligate spendthrift whose prodigality exceeds his income. The consequence was that the mill was obliged to submit to the destiny of working from one to two hours in the morning, and then to stop for the rest of the day, except in the very wet weather of the spring, (and then there was no great supply of corn,) in order, by the most careful husbandry, to wring from the reluctant little water-course a sufficient fund for the next day's employment.

This was a serious loss to the country around ; for my grand uncle had talked so much about his project, and extolled his benefaction so largely, that the people had laid out their accounts to take all their grists to his mill. They came there, all through
the summer, in crowds; and nothing was more common than to see a dozen ruminative old horses, with as many little bare-legged negroes astride upon them, with the large canvas mill-bays spread out for saddles, all collect of a morning round the mill door, each waiting for his turn to get his sack filled. Sometimes these monkeys were fast asleep for hours on their steeds ; and sometimes they made great confusion about the premises with

their wild shouts, and screams, and rough-and-tumble fights in which they were often engaged. But it invariably fell out that at least half were disappointed of their errands, and were obliged to attend the next day. In the dry spells the mill stopped altogethor. These things gave great dissatisfaction to the neighborhood, and many good customers abandoned the mill entirely. I am told, also, that the old gentleman was singularly unfortu-
nate in his choies of a miller. He had a great giant of a fellow in that station, who was remarkable for a hard-favored, knotty, red head, and a particularly quarrelsome temper. So that it often happened, when the neighbors expostulated in rather too severe terms against the difficulty of getting their corn ground, this functionary, who was a little of the mould of the ancient miller as we read of him in the Robin ILood ballads, made but few words of it, and gave the remonstrants a sound threshing, by way of bringing them to reason. Then again, the dam formed a large pestilent lake, and, by its frequent exposure of the bottom to the sun, engendered foul rapors that made the country, in the autumn, very unhealthy.

These circumstances, in process of time, worked sadly to the disparagement of my grand uncle's profits, and set the people to talking in harsh terms against his whole undertaking. They said the worst thing they could of it. "That it was a blasted thundergust mill, and not wortl a man's while to be fooling about it with his corn, as long as he could get it ground any where else, if it was ten miles off!"

In process of time the miller was turned away; and then the machinery got out of order, and my grand uncle would not repair; and so the mill came to a dead halt. Following the coursc of nature, too, the dam began to manifest symptoms of a premature old age. First, the upper beanıs decayed by the action of the sun upon them; after these, the lower part of the structure broke loose. But what with drift-wood, and leaves, and rubbish, the mound, which constituted the breastwork, remained sufficently firm to support the pond for some years. It was a famous place for black snakes and sunfish in summer, and wild ducks in winter. All this time the stream found a vent through an opening that had been worn in the breastwork; and, consequently, the race had become entirely dry, and grown orer with grass.

Year after year the surfice of the pond grew gradually less. It retreated slowly from its former edge, and became narrower. At length, at the breaking up of one unusually boisterous, wet and surly winter, there came on, in the month of March, a week of heavy and incessant rain. This celebrated week closed with one of the most furious tempests ever remembered in that part of the country. The heavens poured down their wrath upon the incontinent mill-dam; the winds rushed, with a confounding energy, over this desolate tract, driving the waters before them in torrents; and away went the rickety old breastwork, with all the imprisoned pool behind it.

The nest morning the tempest subsided. The sun smiled again over the chilly scene ; and there was the fuming and affrighted little Apple-pie, in all its former insignificance. Not a trace of the breastwork was left; and there was to be seen the foul and slimy bed of the mill pond, exposed in shocking nakedness to the eye. Long greegn tresses of weed, covered with the velvet of many years' accumulation beneath the surface of the water, lay strewed about, wherever any stubborn shrub occurred to arrest their passage ; huge trunks of trees, moss-grown and rotten, were imbedded upon the muddy surface; briers, leaves, and other vegetable wrecks were banked up on each other in various forms, mingled, here and there, with the battered and shapeless carcasses of the smaller vermin that frequented the pond. The wind swept with a brisk and whistling speed over this damp bottom, and visited, with a wintry rigor, the shivering spectators whom curiosity had attracted to witness the ravages of the night; but, in the midst of all, the feeble and narrow Apple-pie shot hastily along with a turbid stream, pursuing his course through, under, and around the collected impediments in his path, as near as possible in the very same channel which, ten or fifteen years before, he had been wont to inhabit ; as if unconscious that this disturbance
in the face of nature could be attributed, in the slightest degree, to such an inefficient and triffing imp as himself: by no means an unimpressive type of the confusion and riot which the most sordid and paltry passions may produce in the moral world, when suffcred to gather up and gangrene in the system.

As I have introduced this narrative to make my reader acquainted with the merits of the controversy relative to the boundary line, it is necessary that I should inform him, that when my grand uncle first entered upon this project of the mill, he immediately opened a negotiation with Mr. Gilbert Tracy, his neigh-bor,-who was at that time the proprietor of The Brakes,-for the purchase of so much of the land, or rather of the marsh, which lay castward of the Apple-pie Branch, as was sufficient for the projected mill-dam. I have already told my readcrs that the Branch itself was the dividing line between the two estates; and, consequently, my grand uncle was already in possession of all westward of that line. In his communications with Mr. Gilbert Tracy on this subject, he unfolded his whole scheme, and, without the least difficulty, obtained the purchase he desired. There were several letters passed between them, which stated the purpose contemplated; and the deed that was executed on the occasion also recites, that" Edward Hazard, Esquire, of Swallow Barn, conceiving it to be a matter of great importance to the good people residing on, frequenting and using the lands in the vicinage of the stream of water, commonly known and called by the name of the Apple-pie Branch, that a convenient and serviceable mill, adapted to the grinding of wheat, rye, and Indian corn, should be constructed on the said Apple-pie, \&c. ;" and also, " that the said Edward Hazard, Esquirc, having carefully considered the capacity, fall, force of water, head and permanency of the said Applepie Branch for the maintenance and supply of a mill as aforesaid; and being convinced and certified of the full and perfect fitness of
the same, for the purposes aforesaid;" the said Gilbert Tracy transferred, \&c., a full title " to so much of the said land as it may be found useful and necessary to occupy in the accomplishment of the said design, \&c.; the said Edward Hazard paying therefor at the rate of one pound, current money of Virginia, for each and every acre thereof."

By this conveyance, the western limit of The Brakes was removed from the channel of the Branch to the water edge of the mill-pond, as soon as the same should be created.

My grand uncle, after the failure of his scheme, could never bear to talk about it. It fretted him exceedingly; and he was sure to get into a passion whenever it was mentioned. He swore at it, and said a great many harsh things; for, I am told, he was naturally a passionate man, and was not very patient under contradiction. He would not even go near the place, but generally took some pains, in his rides, to avoid it. When they told hirm that the storm had carried away the clam, he broke out with one of his usual odd kind of oaths, and said, "he was glad of it; it was a hyperbolizal, preposterous abortion; -he must have been under the influence of the moon when he conceired it, and of Satan when he brought it forth; and he rejoiced that the winds of heaven had obliterated every monument of his folly." Besides this, he said many other things of it equally severe.

The date of this freak of the old gentleman was somewhere about the middle of the last century. The ruin of the mill is still to be seen. Its roof has entirely disappeared; a part of the walls are yet standing, and the shaft of the great wheel, with one or twe of the pinions attached, still lies across its appropriate bed. The spot is embowered with ancient beech trees, and forms a pleasant. and serene picture of woodland quict. The track of the race is to be traced by some obscure vestiges, and two mounds remain, showing the abutments of the dam. A range of light willows
grows upon what I presume was onee the edge of the mill-pond; but the intervening marsh presents now, as of old, its complicated thickets of water plants, amongst which the magnolia, at its accustomed season, exhibits its beautiful flower, and throws abroad its rich perfume.

Before the period of the Revolutionary war, Gilbert Tracy paid the debt of nature. The present proprietor, his eldest son, inherited his estate. Old Edward Hazard figured in that momentous struggle, and lived long enough after its close to share, with many gallant spirits of the time, the glories of its triumph. Isaac, the son of his old friend, preserved a neutral position in the contest; and, being at heart a thorough-going loyalist, the intercourse between him and the family at Swallow Barn grew rare and unsocial. The political principles of the two families were widely at variance ; and, in those times, such differences had their influence upon the private associations of life. Still it is believed, and I suppose with some foundation for the opinion, that the good offices of my grand uncle, secretly exerted, and without even the knowledge of Mr. Tracy, had the effect to preserve The Brakes from confiscation, - the common misfortune of the disaffected in the war : an affectionate remembrance of his old friend Gilbert, and the youth of the successor to the estate at that time, being imagined to have actuated Edward Hazard in this manifestation of kindness.

My grand uncle, very soon after the peace, was gathered to his fathers, and has left behind him a name, of which, as I have before remarked, the family are proud. Amongst the monuments which still exist to recall him to memory, I confess the old mill, to me, is not the least endearing. Its history has a whimsical bearing upon his character, illustrating his ardent, uncalculating zeal ; his sanguine temperament; his public spirit; his odd perceptions; and that dash of eomic, headstrong humorous-
ness that, I think, has reappeared, after the shifting of one gen. eration, in Ned.

I, accordingly, frequently go with Ned to this spot; and, as we stretch ourselves out upon the grass, in the silent shade of the beech trees, or wander around the old ruin, the spot becomes peopled to our imaginations with the ancient retainers of Swallow Barn; the fiery-headed miller; the elvish little negroes who have probably all sunk, hoary-headed, to the grave, leaving their effigies behind, as perfect as in the days when they themselves rode to mill; and last of all, our venerable ancestors.

Out of these materials, we fabricate some amusing and touching stories.

## CHAPTER XVI.

## PROCEEDINGS AT LAW.

IT was about the year 1790 , that my uncle Walter began to turn his attention to the condition of the Apple-pie frontier.

Until this time, ever since the miscarriage of the unfortunate enterprise of the mill, this part of the domain had been grievously neglected. It was a perfect wilderness. No fences had ever been erected, on either side, to guard the contiguous territories from encroachment; and there were numerous cowpaths leading into the thickets, which afforded a passage, though somewhat complicated, from the one estate to the other. The soil was cold and barren, and no cultivation, therefore, was expended upon this quarter. In fact, it may be said to have belonged to the colts, pigs, heifers, racoons, opossums and rabbits of both proprietors. The negroes still consider it the finest place in the whole country to catch vermin, as they call the thrce latter species of animals; and I myself frequently, in my ranges through this region, en counter their various gins and snares set in the many by-paths that eross it.

The tract of marsh land, occupied by the dam in old times, did not exceed, on the Tracy side of the Branch, above thirty acres. It was a slip of about half a mile in length, and perhaps, at its widest part, not more than two hundred yards broad, that
bordered on that side of the Branch. This slip, of course, constituted the subject matter of my grand uncle's purchase from Mr. Gilbert Tracy.

It occurred to Walter Hazard, about the period I hare referred to above, that this bottom might be turned to some account, if it were well drained, cleaned of its rank growth of brushwood, and exposed to the sun and then set in grass. It would doubtless, he thought, make an excellent pasture for his cattle ; and, at all events, would contribute to render the surrounding country more healthy.

If my uncle Walter had been a man in the least degree given to superstitious influences, he would have seen, in the ill-fated schemes of his father in this direction, the most inauspicious omens against his success in his contemplated achievement. But he was a man who never thought of omens, and was now altogether intent upon adding a convenient meadow to his cstate.

It seemed that the Apple-pie was to be the fountain of an Iliad of troubles to the Hazard family.

When Walter Hazard was ready to go to work, somewhere about midsummer, he turned in twenty hands upon the marsh, and forthwith constructed some rectangular ditches, traversing it upon both sides of the branch, sufficiently near to carry off the waicr. Whilst he was employed at this work, and not dreaming of any other obstacles than those that were before his eyes, he was exceedingly surprised to receive a letter from Mr. Isaac Tracy, which, in the most friendly and polite terms, intimated that the writer had just been made acquainted with Captain Hazard's (my uncle always bore this title after the war,) design of draining the marsh; and regretted to learn that he had assumed a proprietary right over a portion of the domain that appertained to The Brakes. The letter proceeded to acquaint my uncle that this infringement involved a question affecting the
family dignity ; and, therefore, it was suggested, that it became necessary to remonstrate against it, more from considerations of a personal nature, than from any regard to the value of the soil thus brought into dispute.

Now it so happened that Mr. Tracy had, for some time past, been revolving in his mind this subject, to wit,-the right of ownership over the bed of the mill-dam, after the accident that brought it again into the condition in which it existed before the erection of the mill. He had examined the deed from his father, part of which I have recited in a former chapter, and that document favored the conclusion, that as the grant had been made for a specific purpose, the failure of that purpose restored the original owner to all his former prerogatives.

This brought him to studying the law of the matter, and he soon became perfectly assured that he understood all about it. In short, he took up a bold, peremptory and dogged opinion, that he was in,-as he remarked,-of his former estate: that it was a grant durante the existence of the mill-pond ; a feoffment defeasible upon condition subsequent, and a dozen such other dogmas which tickled the worthy gentleman excessively, when they once made a lodgment in his brain. There is nothing in the world, I believe, that produces a more sudden glory in the mind, than the first conceits of a man who has made some few acquisitions in an abstruse science; be is never at rest until he makes some show of his stock to the world ; and I have observed that this remark is particularly applicable to those who have got a smattering of law. Mr. Tracy ran off with the thing at full speed. He affected to consult his lawyer upon the matter, but always silenced all attempts of that adviser to explain, by talking the whole time himself, and learing him without an answer.

It was in the height of this fervor that he received the information of my uncle's proceedings; and it was with a kind of ex-
ultation and inward chuckling over the certainty of his rights, that he sat down and addressed Captain Hazard the letter of which I have spoken. There was another sentiment equally active in Mr. Tracy's mind to spur him on to this action. The lord of a freehold coming by descent through two or three generations, and especially if he be the tenant in tail, is as tenacious as a German Prince of every inch of his dominions. There is a seigniorial pride attached to his position, and the invasion of the most insignificant outpost conveys an insult to the lawful supremacy ; it manifests a contemptuous defiance of the feudal dignity. Mr. Tracy felt all this on the present occasion, and, perhaps, rather more acutely in consequence of the partial alienation between his own and his neighbor's family, produced by the late political events, and which was, at this period, but very little removed.

The letter came upon my uncle like a gauntlet thrown at his feet. He was somewhat choleric in temper, and his first impulse was to make a quarrel of it. It seemed to him to imply a dishonest intrusion.

However, when he came to consider it more maturely, he could find no fault either with its tone or its temper. It was a frank, polite, and seemly letter enough: "If it was Mr. Tracy's land," said my uncle, "he certainly had a right to say so:" and in truth, as he thought more about it, he came to the conclusion that it looked well to see a gentleman inclined to stand by his rights: it was what every man of property ought to do !

In this feeling, my uncle wrote his reply to Mr. Tracy's letter, and filled it with every observance of courtesy, but, at the same time, steadily gainsaying his neighbor's opinions of the right, and desiring that the matter should be investigated for their mutual satisfaction. This communication was followed by the instant withdrawal of his people from the debatable ground, and, for the time, with an abandomment of the meadow scheme.

Never were there, in ancient days of bull-headed chivalry, when contentious monk, bishop or knight appealed to fiery ordeal, cursed morsel, or wager of battle, two antagonists better fitted for contest than the worthies of my present story. My uncle had been a seasoned campaigner of the Revolution, with a sturdy soul set in an iron frame, and had grown, by force of habit, a resolute and impregnable defender of his point. Mr. Traey, I have already described as the most cnamored man in the world of an argument. And here they were, with as pretty a field before them as ever was spoiled by your peace-makers. The value of the controversy not one groat; its issue, connected with the deepest sentiment that lay at the bottom of the hearts of both,- the pride of conquest !

Mr. Tracy's first measure was to write a long dissertation upon the subject, in the shape of an epistle, to my uncle. It was filled with discussions upon reversionary interests, resulting uses, and all the jargon of the books, plentifully embellished with a prodigious array of learning, contained in pithy Latin maxims, in which the lawyers are wont to invest meager and common thoughts with the reil of science. It was filled, moreover, with illustrations and amplifications and exaggerations, the fruit of a severe and learned study of his case by the writer.

Then followed my uncle's reply, in which it was clear that he did not understand a word of the argument that was intended to prostrate him. After this came rejoinder and surrejoinder, and reduplications of both, poured in by broadsides. Never was there so brisk a tourney of dialectics known on the banks of the James River! The disputants, now and then, became sharp, and my uncle, whenever this was the case, obtained a decided adrantage by a certain caustic humor, which he handled with great dexterity.

Eventually, as it might have been foreseen, they resolved to go to law, and institute an amicable ejectment. Here a difficulty arose.

It was hard to determine which should be plaintiff, and which defendant; since it was not quite clear who was in possession. Mr. Tracy insisted, with all imaginable politeness, upon making my uncle the compliment of appearing as the plaintiff in the action, which the latter obstinately refused, inasmuch as he was unwilling it should be understood by the world that the suit had been one of his seeking. This was adjusted, at last, by Mr. Tracy's commencing the proceeding himself. It began in the county court; and then went to the superior court; and then to the court of appeals. This occupied some years. All the decisions, so far as they had gone had been in favor of my uncle ; but there were mistakes made in important points, and proofs omitted, and papers neglected to be filed. Mr. Tracy was deeply rexed at the issue, and waxed warm. So, the whole proceedings were commenced anew, and carried a second time through the same stages. The principal points were still in my uncle's favor. His antagonist bit his lips, affirmed the utter impregnability of his first positions, and resolved not to give up the poiut. Never was there a case so fruitful of subdivisions! Jury after jury was brought to bear upon it; and twenty times cvery trace of the original controversy was entirely out of sight. $\Lambda$ t length they got into chancery, and then there was the deuce to pay!

Year after year rolled away, and sometimes the pretty little. quarrel slept, like the enchanted priucess, as if it was not to wake. again for a century. And then again, all of a sudden, it was waked up, and shoved and tossed and thumped and rolled and racketed about, like Diogenes' tub.

It was observable, throughout all this din and bustle, that Mr. Tracy was completely driven out of every intrenchment of law and fact; which, so far from having the effect of moderatiug his opinion or his zeal, set him into a more thorough and vigorous askeveration of his first principles.

He affirmed that the juries were the most singularly obtuse aud obstinate bodies he had ever encountered; and that the courts were, beyond all question, the most incurably opinionated tribunals that ever were formed.

In the height of this warfare, the death of the defendant, my uncle, occurred ; which for some years again Iulled all hostilities into a profound slmmer. After a long interral, however, the contest was resumed ; and it now fell to the lot of Frank Mcriwether to enter the lists. No man conld be more indisposed by nature to such an enterprise ; and it was plainly discernible that our old friend of The Brakes was also beginning, in his old age, to relax into a pacific tomper.

It must be remarked, that during the latter years of this struggle the two families had grown to be upon a very intimate footing, and that at no period had the legal disquiets the least influence whaterer upon the private regards of the parties.

In order, therefore, to get rid of the troubles of carrying on the debate, Frank Merimether had thrown out some hints of a disposition to settle the whole affair by a reference to mutual friends; and would gladly at any time hare relinquished all claim to the disputed territory, if he could have contrived to do so without wounding the feelings of his neighbor, who was now singularly tenacious to hare it appear that his only object in the pursuit was to rindicate his first decided impressions. The old gentleman, therefore, readily agreed to the arbitration, and still fed his ranity with the hope that he should find in the private judgment of impartial men, a sound, practical, common sense justification of his original grounds in the controversy.

This result is to be risked upon the opinions of Singleton Oglethorpe Swansdown and Philpot Wart, Esquires, who are immediately to convene for the consideration of this momentous subject.

## CHAPTER XVII.

## STRANGE SYMPTOMS.

Ir will be recollected, that before my digression to show the merits of the question touching the boundary line, I left Mr. Swansdown seated, after tea, at a game of whist. This game is a special favorite in the low country of Virginia, and possesses an absorbing interest for Meriwether. Prudence is not behind her brother either in the skill or the devotion of a thorough-bred player ; and Harvey Riggs may very justly be set down as preeminent in this accomplishment. The poet and philosopher was the only one of the party at the table who may be said to have ever been at fault during the evening.

I do not pretend myself to be well versed in the mysteries of this silent and cogitative recreation ; but I have often had oceasion to obscrve that a genuine whist-player is apt, for the time, to be one of the most querulous of mortals. He makes fewer allowances for the frailty of his brethren than any other member of socicty. The sin of not following suit, or losing a trick, or not throwing out a good card in the right place, is, in his cyes, almost inexpiable, and does not fail to bring down upon the delinquent that sharp, ummitigated and direct rebuke that implies, "you must be a blockhead, or you never would have thought of doing so stupid a thing!" This is sometimes insinuated in a look,
sometimes conveyed in a question, and often inferred by a simple ejaculation.

Swansdown is not unfrequently taken to task by his antagonists. Harvey Riggs stops, puts down his cards upon the table, and, with a biting affectation of mildness, observes, "Really, Mr. Swansdown, if I could only count upon your observing the rules of the game, I should know what to play; but as it is, I am exceedingly perplexed!" Even Frank Meriwether, with all his benignant impulses, sometimes throws himself back into his chair, and putting his hand across his forehead, draws it slowly down to his chin, as if studying a contingency which, from the play of the other party, has baffled his calculations; and sometimes he breaks out into an interjectional whistle, and comes down suddenly with a card upon the table, as he says, "Now, Mr. Swansdown, I belicve you have given me that trick!" To all these implied imputations against his dexterity, the gentleman replies in the most polite manner imaginable,-with a lambent smile upon his features,-by a compliment to the superior address of his partner, expressive of his reliance upon her ability to rescue him from the fatal tendency of his own errors.

It is quite perceivable that Prudence by no means joins in this vituperation of her coadjutor; but, on the contrary, frequently checks the license of the other two, and says many things in extenuation of his aberrations from the laws of the game. Indeed, I think she carries this vindication further than his case requires. But it never fails to produce a grateful recognition from him, and a frequent attempt to excuse himself upon the ground, that Miss Prudence has herself to blame, as her conversation is very much calculated to seduce such a tyro as he is from the proper study of his part in the play. At all such sallies, Prudence looks modestly; readjusts herself in her seat, and smiles upon the poet.

Before the party broke up the lady was quite animated. Her demeanor was characterized by a certain restless attempt at composure, and a singularly vivacious kind of sobriety-partly sentimental, partly witty, and exceedingly lady-like. I will not say she has designs upon the peace of our new guest, but it looks prodigiously like it!

When she retired to her chamber, she was manifestly under some serious or strange influences. It is reported of her, that she sang one or two plaintive songs; showed a slight disposition to romp, above stairs, with Lucy and Vic; then she took a seat in her open window, looked out on the moon, and "fette a gentil sigh "-in the phrase of the lady of the ballads. It is, moreover, reported, that she remained in the window until long past midnight. Something ailed her; but it was not told! Perhaps some soft and blandishing vision floated before her pensive eye ; some form from the fairy world of her imagination, at this hour wore its robes of light, and careered upon the moonbeam, or bounded with the silver ray along the tree-tops that fluttered in the dewy breeze! or, perchance, in the deep shades of the grove that slept in dark masses before her chamber lattice, the spectres of her thought beckoned her regards, and filled her mind with new and holy contemplations! I am all unlearned in the mystery of so serene a creature's secret communions; and it does not become me to indulge conjecture upon such a perilous question. I therefore content myself with reporting the simple fact, that in that window she sat, to all appearance doing nothing, until every other sentient being at Swallow Barn was hushed in sleep. What could it mean?

The next morning there was another phenomenon exhibited in the family, equally strange. An hour before breakfast, Prudence, arrayed with unusual neatness, was seated at the piano, apparently beguiling the carly day with the rehcarsal of a whole
volume of sonnets. This was an unwonted effort, for her music had fallen, of late, into disrelish,-and it had been supposed, for a year past, that she had bidden a careless adieu to all its charms. But this morning she resumed it with a spirit and a perseverance that attracted the notice of all the domestics. It boded, in their simple reckonings, some impending disaster. Such a change in the lady's habits could import no good! They intimated, that when people were going to give up the ghost, such marvels were the not unusual precursors of the event. "It was as bad," one of the servant maids remarked, "as to hear a hen crow at night from the roost, and she shouldn't wonder if something was going to happen,-a burying, or a wedding, or some such dreadful thing!"

But Prudence was not melancholy. On the contrary, she smiled, and seemed more chcerful than ever.

After breakfast, Mr. Swansdown passed an how or two in the parlor, and fascinated the ladies by the pleasantry of his discourse. He fell into a conversation with Prudence upon literary topics, and nothing could be more refreshing than to hear how much she had read, and how passionately she admired! It was hard to tell which was best pleased with this comparison of opinions-it was so congenial! Prudence proclaimed Cowper to be her favorite bard, and that was exactly Swansdown's preference. They both disliked the immorality of Byron, and admired Scott. And both recited delicious lines from "The Pleasures of Hope."-"'Tis distance lends enchantment to the view;" deelaimed Swansdown, following the line up with twenty more. ". 'Tis distance," echocd Prudence,-as if it had been a simultaneous thought,-and responded throughout, in a softer. voice, and with an enraptured eye, to the whole recitation. Good souls! Delightful unison! Why has cruel fate-Pooh! Nonsense! I shall grow sentimental myself, if I say another word about them!

Before noon, Swansdown's equipage was at the door. Meriwether had arranged the examination of the boundary line to take place on Wednesday next. In the mean time, the belligerent parties, on either side, were to make their hostile preparations.

With the most gracious condescension, the philosopher, poet, patron, arbitrator, and aspiring statesman, ascended his radiant car, and whisked away with the brisk and astounding flourish that belongs to this race of gifted mortals.

## CHAPTER XVIII.

THE NATIONAL ANNIVERSARY.

The event with which I have closed the last chapter, took place on the morning of the Fourth of July, a day that is never without its interest even in the most secluded parts of our country. It was to be celebrated at "The Landing," a place about a mile and a half distant, on the bank of the river, where the small river boats are usually moored to take in their cargoes. To this spot Ned proposed that we should ride after dinner.

It was a holiday; so Rip had permission to accompany us, and Carey was directed to have our horses at the door. We were amused to find that the old groom had not only brought out our own cavalry, but also a horse for himself; and there he stood holding our bridles, arrayed in his best coat, with a pair of old top-boots drawn over loose pantaloons of striped cotton which were scrupulously clean. He wore his spurs, and carried also a riding-whip. His mien was unusually brisk, and, after an ancient fashion, coxcombical. He ventured to tell us that Master Frank thought he ought to attend us to the Landing, "as there was goings on down there, upon account of the fourth of July." The truth was, that learning our destination he had slipped off to Meriwether to ask his permission to go with us.

Our aged squire rode at a mannerly distance behind us; and

Rip, on a hard-mouthed and obstinate colt, that belonged to him, trotted by our sides, with both hands pulling in the bridle, and his legs thrust forward to enable him to counteract the constant tendency of his steed to ram away. Rip protests that Spitfirefor so he calls his colt-is the easiest-going animal on the place, although each particular step lifted him at least six inches above his saddle, and almostentirely stopped his talking, because the motion shook the words out of his mouth somewhat in the same manner that water comes out of a bottle. However, no man crer thinks ill of his horse.

Our road lay through thickets of pine, in the shade of which we advanced rapidly, and we soon reached the Landing. There are very few villages in the tide-watcr country of Virginia; it is intersected by so many rivers, that almost every plantation may be approached sufficiently near by trading vessels to gratify the demands of the population, without the assistance of those little towns which, in other parts of the United States, sprout up like mushrooms. There are yet, therefore, to be seen the vestiges of former trading stations on all the principal rivers ; and the traveller is not unfrequently surprised, when, having consulted his map, and been informed of some village with a goodly name, he learns that he has unwarily passed over the spot without being conscious of any thing but a ruinous tenement standing on the bank of a river, embowered in deep and solitary shade.

The Landing, which we had now reached, had originally been used for a foreign trade, in which vessels of a large class, a long time ago, were accustomed to receire freights of tobaceo, and deposit the commodities required by the country, in return. It is now, however, nothing more than the place of resort for a few river craft, used in carrying the country produce to market. There were two or three dilapidated buildings in view, and, among these, one of larger dimensions than the rest, a brick house, with
a part of the roof entirely gonc. A rank crop of Jamestown weed grew up within, so as to be seen through the windows of the first story. Indian corn was planted on the adjacent ground up to the walls, and extended partly under the shelter of a few straggling old apple-trees, that scemed to stand as living mementoes of an carly family that had long since been swept from beneath their shade. An air of additional desolation was given to this ruin by an extensive swamp that reached almost up to the rear of the building, and over which the river spread its oozy tide, amongst a thick coat of bulrushes. This tenement, tradition says, was once the mansion of an emigrant merchant from Glasgow, who here ruminated in quiet over his small gains, and waited with a disciplined patience for the good ship which once a year hove in sight above the headland that bounded his seaward view. I can imagine now, how that harbinger of good tidings greeted his cye in the gloom of the great forest; and with what stir and magnified importance the fitting arrangements were made for her reception! How like a winged deity she came fluttering into this little road, with all her pomp of apparel-with foam upon her breast, and shouts upon her deck--gliding in upright stateliness to her anchorage, as she gathered up her sails in the presence of the wondering eagle and frightened heron!

What was once the warehouse, but now used for a ferry-housc, stood with its gable end at the extremity of a mouldering wharf of logs. In this end there was a door studded with nails, and another above it opening into the loft. The ridge of the roof projected over these doors and terminated in a beam, where were yet to be seen the remains of a block and tackle. On the land side the building was enlarged by sheds, to which was appended a rude porch. A sun-dried post supported what was once a sign, whereon a few hieroglyphics denoted that this was a place of entertainment, notwithstanding its paper-patched windowsand scanty means of accommodation.

Some thirty or forty persons were collected at the Landing. The porch of the shabby little hostelry was filled by a crowd of rough-looking rustics, who were laughing boisterously, drinking, and making ribald jokes. A violin and fife were heard, from within the building, to a quick measure, which was accompanied with the heavy tramp of feet from a party of dancers. A group of negroes, outside of the house, were enjoying themselves in the same way, shuffling through the odd contortions of a jig, with two sticks lying crosswise upon the ground, over which they danced, alternately slapping their thighs and throwing up their elbows to the time of the music, and making strange grimaces. A few tall, swaggering figures, tricked out in yellow hunting-shirts trimmed with green fringe, and their hats, some white añd some black, garnished with a band of red cloth and ragged plumes of the same color, that seemed to have been faded by frequent rains, stood about in little knots, where they talked loudly and swore hard oaths. Amongst these were mingled a motley collection of lank and sallow watermen, boys, negroes, and females bedizened in all the wonders of country millinery. At the fences and about the trees, in the vicinity of the house, was to be seen the counterpart of these groups, in the various assemblage of horses of every color, shape and degree, stamping, ncighing and sleeping until their services should be required by their maudlin masters. Occasionally, during our stay, some of these nags were brought forward for a race, which was conducted with increased uproar and tumult.

Contrasted with this rude and busy scene was the voluptuous landscape around us. It was a picture of that striking repose, which is peculiar to the tide-water views ; soft, indolent and clear, as if nature had retreated into this drowsy nook, and fallen asleep over her own image, as it was reflected from this beautiful mirror. The river was upwards of a mile in width, and upon its bosom
were seen, for many a rood below, those alternate streaks of light and shade that are said to pointout the channel, where its smooth surface was only ruffed by the frequent but lonely leap of some small fish above the water. A few shallops were hauled up on the beach, where some fishing-nets were stretched upon stakes, or spread upon the fences on the bank. At the distance of two or three hundred yards from the shore there was a slim pole planted in the river, probably to mark a fishing-ground, and upon the very top of this was perched, with a whimsical air of unsociableness, a solitary swallow, apparently ruminating on the beauteous waste of waters below him; whilst above this glittering expanse, some night-hawks skimmed, soared and darted in pursuit of the hordes of insects that bickered through the atmosphere.

The sun was within half an hour of his journey's end-and, nearer to theirs, were two negroes, who were rapidly approaching the shore with a boat load of crabs and cucumbers, the regular stroke of their oars falling on the ear as if measuring the stillness of the evening. Far below, and seemingly suspended in air amongst the brilliant reflections of the heavens, lay a small schooner at anchor, fixed as by a spell, and, nevertheless, communicating a sense of animation to this tránquil world by its association with the beings that trod its noiseless deck.

We had wandered, after dismounting from our horses, al. round the purlieus of the crowd. Rip had recognized some familiar features amongst the country volunteers, and had already found out the drummer, who had hung his martial instrument around his shoulders; and the delighted boy was beating away at it with all his might. Carey had collected about him a set of his old cronies, to whom he was delivering a kind of solemn harangue, of which we could only observe the energy of his gesticu. lations. The ferry-boat lay attached to the wharf, and on the stern-benches were seated three or four graver looking men in
coarse attire, who were deeply fiscussing questions that occasionally brought them into a high tone of voice, and, now and then, into a burst of loud laughter. Ned had led me up to this group, and, in the careless indolence of the moment, we had thrown ourselves out at full length across the seats; Ned with his legs dangling over the gunwale, with Wilful lying close by; and reposing his head upon his lap.

The principal personage in this collection was Sandy Walker, a long, sun-burnt waterman, who was the proprictor of the hotel, and evidently a man of mark amongst his associates. One of the others was a greasy gentleman in a blue coat, out at elbows, with a nose lustrous with living fire. These two were the principal speakers, and they were debating an intricate point of constitutional law, with more vehemence than perspicacity. At length, an appeal was made to Ned, by Sandy, who was infinitely the most authoritative in his manner of the whole group.
"Can't Congress," said Sandy, "supposing they were to pass a law to that effect, come and take a road of theirn any where they have a mind to, through any man's land? I put it to Mr. Ned Hazard."
"Not by the Constitution," said the gentleman in the greasy coat, with marked emphasis.
"Well," said Ned, "we'll hear you, Sandy."
Sandy rose up, and lifting his hand above his head, as he be-gan,-
"I say it stands to reason -"
"It stands to no such thing!" rejoined the other, interrupting him; "if it's against the Constitution,-which I say it is un: doubtedly,-to come and take a man's land without saying, by your leave ; if I may be allowed the expression, Mr. Ned Hazard it's running against a snag."
"Silence," said Ned, "Mr. Walker has the plank; we car only hear one at a time!"
"Why, sir," continued Sandy, argumentatively; and looking steadfastly at his opponent, with one eye closed. and, at the same time, bringing his right hand into the palm of his left ; "they can just cut off a corner, if they want it, or go through the middle, leaving one half here, and t'other there, and make you fence it clean through into the bargain ; or," added Sandy, giving more breadth to his doctrine, "go through your house, sir."
"D Devil a house hare I, Sandy !" said the other.
"Or your barn, sir."
" Nor barn nother."
"Sweeping your bed right from under you, if Congress says so. Arn't there the canal to go across the Allegheny mountain? What does Congress care about jour state rights, so as they have got the money?"
"Canals, I grant Jou," said his antagonist; "but there's a difference between land and water," evidently posed by Sandy's dogmatic manner, as well as somewhat awed by the relation of landlord, in which Sandy stood, and whom, therefore, he would not rashly contradict. "But," said he, in a more softened tone, and with an affected spice of courtesy in his accost, "Mr. Walker, I'd be glad to know if we couldn't nullify."
" Nullify!" exclained Sandy, " nullify what?" said he, with particular emphasis on the last word. "Do you know what old Hickory said down there in the Creek nation, in the war, when the Indians pretended they were going to have a ball play ?"
"No."
"" If you don't go and wash all that there paint from your faces, I'll give you the shockingest ball play you ever had in all your lives." "
"You don't tell me so!" exclaimed the red-riosed gentleman with animation, and bursting out into a tremendous laugh.
" Didn't he say so, Ned Hazard? I beg your pardon, Mr. Ned Hazard?" eiaculated Sandy, and turning to Ned.
"I think I have heard so," said Ncd, "though I don't believe he used that exact expression."
"It was something like it," said Sandy: "well, that's the sort of nullification you'd get."
"Things are getting worse and worse," replied the other. "I can see how it's going! Here, the first thing General Jackson did when he came in, he wanted to have the President elected for six years; and, by and by, they will want him for ten! and now they want to cut up our orchards and meadows, whether or no; that's just the way Bonaparte went on. What's the use of states if they are all to be cut up with canals and railroads and tariffs? No, no, gentlemen! you may depend, Old Virginny's not going to let Congress carry on in her day!"
"How can they help it?" asked Sandy.
"We hav'nt fout and bled," rejoined the other, taking out of his pocket a large piece of tobacco, and cutting off a quid, as he spoke in a somewhat subdued tone, "we hav'nt fout and bled for our liberties to have our posterity and their land circumcised after this rate, to suit the figaries of Congress. So let them try it when they will!"
"Mr. Ned Hazard, what do you call state rights?" demanded Sandy.
"It's a sort of a law," said the other speaker, taking the answer to himself, "against cotton and wool."
"That's a fact," cried Sandy, " and, in ny thinking, it's a very foolish sort of a business."
"There's where you and me differs," responded the other.
"Well," said Ned, "it's a troublesome question. Suppose we wait until we hear what Old Virginia says about it herself? And as for us, Sandy, it is getting late, and we must go."

These words concluded the colloquy ; and, soon after, having summoned our cavalcade, we set out on our return to Swallow R. m. where we arrived some time oftne night.fall

Ned detailed the dialogue I have just described to Frank Meriwether, in the course of the evening, and, from what Frank let fall,--for he grew grave on the subject,-I have reason to think that he has some fearful misgivings of the ambitious designs of the general government. He is decidedly of the state rights party.

## CHAPTER XIX.

THE COUNTY COURT.
On Monday morning Meriwether announced to us that the County Court was to commence its session, and, consequently, that he was obliged to repair to the seat of justice.

I have before intimated that my kinsman is one of the quorum, and has always been famous for his punctuality in the discharge of his judicial functions. It was, moreover, necessary for him to be there to-day, because his business with Philly Wart, in regard to the arbitration, enjoined it upon him to mect that legal luminary without delay.

He insinuated a wish that Ned and myself should accompany him. I think Frank is a little vain of his appearance on the bench. We readily assented to his proposal.

Meriwether never moves on these state occasions without old Carey, who has a suit of livery that is preserved almost exclusively for this service. Accordingly, the old man this morning was decorated with all his honors, of which the principal consisted in a thick drab coat, edged with green ; and, as the day was very hot, Carey suffered as much under his covering as an ancient knight of the Crusades, in his linked mail, on the sandy plains of Syria.

His master, too, had doffed the light and careless habiliments
in which he accommodated himself, usually, to the fervors of the season, and was now pranked out in that reverential furniture of broadcloth which he conccived befitted the solemn import of the duties he was about to discharge.

He rides a beautiful full-blooded sorrel ; and his pride in all matters that belong to his equitation is particularly conspicuous in the fresh and comfortable character of his housings and horse furniture. He has a large new saddle, luxuriously stuffed, and covered with a richly-worked coat of yellow buckskin. The stirrups hang inordinatcly low, so that it is as much as be can do to get the point of his boot into them. But he sits with a lordly erectness upon his seat, and manages his horse with a bold and dexterous hand. On horseback he is a perfect personation of an opulent, unquestioned squire,-the very guardian genius of the soil and its prerogatives-fearless, graceful, and masterly, his fine athletic figure appearing here to its greatest advantage.

Ned and myself formed a part of his retinue, like a pair of aids somewhat behind the commander-in-chief, insensibly accommodating our position to the respect inspired by his bearing and rank. Old Carey, in his proper place, brought up the rear. Our journey to the court-house was about twelve miles, and as we occasionally brought our horses to a gallop, we arrived there at an early hour.

The sitting of this court is an occasion of great stir. The roads leading to the little county capital were enlivened by frequent troops of the neighboring inhabitants, that rode in squadrons, from all directions. Jurors, magistrates, witnesses, attorneys of the circuit, and all the throng of a country side interested in this piepowder justice, were rapidly converging to the centre of business.

Upon our arrival, a considerable part of the population had already assembled, and were scattered about the principal places
of resort, in decent and orderly groups, in which all seemed in-tent-upon the quiet and respectful discharge of their several errands. •

The court-house is a low, square, brick building, entirely unornamented, occupying the middle of a large area. It has an official appearance given to it by a huge door of a dingy exterior, and ample windows covered with dust and cobwebs. An humble and modest little building, of the same material, stands on one corner of the area, and by the well-worn path leading hence to the temple of Themis, it may be seen that this is the only depository of the county records. At a distance further off, a somewhat larger edifice claims a public character, which is denoted by one or two of the windows being grated. A few small forest trees have been set in the soil, over this space, which, by their feeble growth and shelterless condition, as well as by the formal and graceless precision with which they have been distributed, show that the public functionaries have at times had one or two abortive inspirations of a spirit of improvement, and a transient passion for beauty.

In front of the court-house there is a decayed and disjointed fixture, whose uses seem now to have gone by. It is a pillory, with the stocks below it, and was occupied at the moment of our visit as a place of meeting for a few idle negroes, who were seated on the frame at a game of pushpin. Immediately in this neighborhood the horses of the crowd whose occasions brought them to the scene, were fastened to racks erected for that purpose ; and the adjacent fence-corners became gradually appropriated in the same way.

Half a dozen frame dwellings, partially obscured by trees and generally of a neat exterior, were scattered over the landscape, and made up the village-if so sparse an assemblage be entitled to that name. There are two places of entertainment. The first,
a little shrunken, single-storied edifice, concealed behind a rough, whitewashed piazza. The second is an old wooden building of some magnitude, and, from the profusion with which its doors and windows have been supplied with architectural embellishments, must formerly have been a private residence of note.

Our cavalcade stopped at the latter of these rival establishments ; and we dismounted under a broad flaunting sign, which screeched lazily upon its hinges in the breeze, and seemed to give a responsive note to a party of geese, that were greeting every fresh arrival with a vociferous, periodical cackle.

There were several respectable-looking gentlemen collected about the door; and Meriwether was met with many kind and hearty expressions. We were shown into a room which, from its air of neatness, was evidently kept as an apartment of more worship than that in which the larger portion of the visitors of the hotel were assembled. This room was garnished with carvings and mouldings of an ancient date. The floor had suffered from the ravages of time; and had a slope towards an ample hearth, whose unsightly aperture was embowered by a tasteful screen of the tops of asparagus plants. Some pieces of mahogany furniture, black with age and glistening like ebony, stood against the wall; and above them hung divers besmirched pictures representing game-cocts in pugnacious attitudes, trimly clipt of their feathers, the Godolphin Arabian, Flying Childers, and some other victors of the turf, all in black frames ; and which, from the hue that time had flung over the copperplate, seemed to be gleaming through an atmosphere obfuscated with smoke.

The hour soon came round for opening the court. This was announced by a proclamation, made in a shrill, attenuated roice, from the court-house door; and was followed by an immediate movement, from all directions, to that quarter. The little hall in which justice was administered was crowded almost to overflowing.

A semicircular gallery, raised five or six feet above the floor, at the further end of the hall, was already occupied with a bevy of justices-nearly a dozen, perhaps-some of whom had flung their feet upon the rail before them, and were lolling back upon their seats, ready to proceed to their judicial employments. Our friend Meriwether occupied his place with a countenance of becoming importance. Indeed, the whole bench presented a fine picture of solid faces and figures, that might be said to be a healthy and sturdy specimen of this pillar of the sovereignty of the state ; and was well calculated to inspire a wholesome respect for that inferior and useful magistracy which has always been so much a favorite of the people of Virginia.

Immediately under the gallery of the justices, sat the clerk of the court; and, on either side of his desk, within the area of the semicircle, were benches designed for the juries. Fronting this array of the court and jury, was a long, narrow platform, guarded all round with railing, and elevated a ferw feet above the floor, within whose constricted confines were disposed some five or six members of the bar, most incommodiously perched upon seats of a height out of all proportion to the human figure ; and, before these, a narrow desk extended the whole distance, so as to give to the place of their accommodation somewhat of the dimensions of a pew.

These courts hold their sessions monthly, and their jurisdiction reaches almost all the ordinary legal requirements of the county; but, as the territorial limit over which they preside is generally small, it requires but a few days to dispatch the business of each term.

The first matter that occupied the attention of the court was the marshalling of the grand-jury, to whom the usual charge was delivered. This office was assigned by the court to one of the members of the bar, a young practitioner, who did not fail to cm-
bellish the summary of duties, which he unfolded to their view, with a plentiful garniture of rhetoric. Notwithstanding the portentous exaggeration of the solemnity of the occasion, and the multitudinous grave topics which were urged upon the grand inquest, it seems that this quintessence of the freehold dignity was sadly puzzled to find employment in any degree commensurate with the exaltedness of its function. It is said that the jurors revolved in their minds the whole list of national grievances. One party suggested the idea of presenting the established mode of electing the President of the United States as a grievance to the good people of the county; another thought of a formal denunciation of the Tariff; a few adrocated an assault upon the Supreme Court; but all were happily brought into a harmonious concurrence in the design of presenting a mad-cap ragamuffin, by the name of Jemmy Smith, for disturbing the peace of a campmeeting by drinking whiskey and breeding a riot within the confines of the conventicle. Accordingly, after an hour's deliberation upon these various suggestions, they returned to the courtroom with a solitary bill, made out in due form against Jemmy; and, this matter constituting the sum total of their business for the term, they were thereupon discharged, with the thanks of the court for the able and vigilant administration of their inquisitorial duties.

Jemmy Smith had anticipated this act of authority; and was now in court, ready to stand his trial. He had already selected his counsel-a flowery and energetic advocate, whose strength lay, according to the popular opinion, in his skill in managing a jury. The name of this defender of Jemmy's fame was Taliaferro, (pronounced Tolliver.) or, as it was called for shortness, Toll Hedges, Esq., a gentleman whose pantaloons were too short for him, and whose bare legs were, consequently, visible above his stockings. Toll's figure, hownerer, was adorned with a bran-new blue coat, of
the most conceited fashion, which, nevertheless, gave some indications of having been recently slept in, as it was plentifully supplied with down from a feather bed. He was conspicuous, also, for an old straw hat, that had been fretted at the rim by a careless habit in handling it. This learned counsel had apparently been keeping his vigils too strictly the night before, for his eyes were red, and his face inflamed. His frame had all the morning languor of a sedulous night-watcher; and, altogether, Toll did not appear to be in the best condition to try his case. Howrever, he had now taken his seat at the bar; and close beside him sat his client, Jemmy Smith, an indescribably swaggering, saucy blade, who had the irreverence to come into court without coat or waistcoat, and to show a wild, grinning, disorderly countenance to his peers.

Whilst the gentleman whe conducted the case for the Commonwealth was giving a narrative of Jemmy's delinquencies to the jury, and was vituperating that worthy's character in good set terms, Toll was, to all appearance, asleep upou his folded arms, resting on the desk before him. When the charge was fairly explained, one witness was called to support it. This individual was pretty much such a looking person as Jemmy himself. He was rather down-faced and confused in his demeanor before the court, and particularly shabby in his exterior; but he told a plain, straight-forward story enough, in the main, and his evidence went the full length of all the traverser's imputed enormities. The truth was, Jemmy had certainly broke into the camp and played some strange antics, considering the sanctity of the place. But, during all this time, Taliaferro Hedges, Esq., maintained his recumbent position, exeept, now and then, when Jemmy, feeling himself pinched by the testimony; reclined his head to whisper in his counscl's ear, which act roused him enough to bring upon Jemm. a rebuke, that was generally conveyed by pushing him off, and
injunction to be quiet．At length，the whole story was told，and bad enough it looked for Jemmy！The attorney for the Common－ wealth now informed Mr．Hedges，that the witness was at his dis－ posal．At this，Toll completely roused himself，and sitting bolt upright，directed a sharp and peremptory eatechism to the wit－ ness；in which he required him to repeat the particulars he had before detailed．There was something bullying in the manner of the counsel that quite intimidated the witness，and the poor fellow made some sad equivocations．At last，said Toll，after admon－ ishing the witness，in a very formal manner，that he was upon his oath，and explaining to him the solemnity of his obligation to speak the truth，＂I will ask you one question ；answer it catego－ rically，and without erasion．＂
＂oWhen you and Smith went down to camp－meeting，hadn＇t Smith a bottle of whiskey in the basom of his shirt？Tell the truth．＂

The attorney for the Commonwealth objected to the question ； but the court overruled the objection．
＂Why，yes，he had，＂replied the witness．
＂Didn＇t Jemmy buy that bottle himself，and pay for it out of his own pocket？On the oath you have taken．＂
＂Why，yes，he did．＂
＂Well，now tell us．Didn＇t you drink some of that whiskey yourself，along the road？＂
＂Why，yes，I did．I tell the truth，gentlemen．＂
＂Miore than once？＂
＂Yes，several times．＂
＂After you got down to camp？＂
＂Oh，yes！certainly．I don＇t deny it．＂
＂Did you and Jemmy drink out of the mouth of the bottle， or out of a cup？＂
＂Certainly；out of the mouth of the bottle．You will not catch me in any lies，lawyer Hedges．＂
"Really, Mr. Hedges," interrupted the attorney for the Commonwealth, "I don't see what this has to do with the question. I must apply to the court."
"Oh, very well," said Toll, " I see how it is! Gentlemen of the jury, I don't insist on the question, if the gentleman does not like to have it answered. But you can't help seeing the true state of the case. Here's this fellow, who has been all along drinking out of the very same bottle with Jemmy Smith,—and Jemmy's own whiskey too,- -and now he comes out state's evidence. What credit can you attach to a cock-and-bull story told by a fellow that comes to swear against a man who has been dividing his liquor with him? For the honor of the Old Dominion, gentlomen !" cried Toll, concluding this side-bar appeal to the jury with an indignant gesticulation, and a look of triumph in his face, that might be said to be oratorically comic.

The look was a master-stroke. It took complete effect; and Jemmy was acquitted in spite of the facts.

As the crowd broke up, Toll, on leaving the court-room, walked up to the witness, and slapping him on the back, said, "Come, let us go take something to drink." And off the two went together to the tavern.

Hazard remarked to Hedges afterwards, that it was a little odd, as he had completely triumphed over the facts of his case by undermining the credit of the witness, he should be on such good terms with this person as to bring him down to drink with him.
"Ah!" replied Hedges, "if the jury knew that man as well as I do, they would have believed every word he said. For there is not an honester fellow in the county. But I know how to work these juries."


## CHAPTER XX.

## OPINIONS AND SENTIMENTS.

The court resumed its session after dinner, having a prospect of concluding its business before noon the next day; and Meriwether was obliged to remain for the night. Neither Ned nor myself regretted the pretext this furnished us for the same delay.

During the afternoon many of the older inhabitants had taken to horse: and the crowd of the court-room was sensibly diminished. Still the out-door bustle assumed a more active and noisy character. The loiterers about the verge of the court had less business, but more to say. Indeed, it seemed to be diffieult to keep those in attendance whose presence was necessary to the affairs of justice ; for the crier of the court might be frequently heard summoning the absentees, as they were wanted, in his slender and shrili voice, by distinctly repeating thrice the name of each, from the court-house door, where he stood bareheaded, and with his hand shading his eyes.

The sun began, at last, to throw a merciless blaze upon the broken window-panes in the western fronts of some old buildings, whose raggedness was thus rendered painfully public. The ducks and geese of the village were already trooping homeward, from a small brook hard by, in their sober evening march, and with a sedate under-gabble, like that of old burghers in conversation.

The departing squadrons of horsemen became more frequent; and the alacrity with which these retreating bodies sprang forward from their starting points, showed that their temporary sojourn had been attended with an increase of animal spirits. At this hour the court put an end to its labors ; and the throng that had been occupied there, all day, were now gathering about the doors of the two taverns.

Our host was an imperturbable, pleasant-faced old fellow, with a remarkably accommodating temper, which exhibited itself in lavish promises, though he was allowed to be very incommensurate in performance. He was unwieldy in bulk, and pertinacious in the enjoyment of his ease; and, to save the trouble of forming opinions, he gave an invariable answer to every speculation that was addressed to him. This was conveyed in the words "quite likely," no matter how inconsistent the averments to which they had reference. Ned and myself had put him, in the course of the afternoon, to some severe trials, but without being able either to ruffe his temper or enlarge his rocabulary.

The large room of the inn lad a bar petitioned off at one corner ; and this was the principal centre of reinforcement to the inhabitants of these precincts. As the shades of evening thickened, this resort became more crowded. The remnants, or more properly speaking, the sediment of the population, whose oceasions had brought them to the court-house, had repaired thither to enjoy the compotations and arguments that are apt to abound in such assemblages. Some were in the middle of the floor, aecompanying their diatribes with violent gestures; others were strewed around the room wherever seats were to be obtained. At a small table, lighted by a single candle in a most unsightity candlestick, sat a gentleman in a loose calico robe, with a dirty shirt, engaged at backgammon with a robust, well-knit man, who wore his hat drawn low over his eyes; the first was the Galen of
the country side, and the other a deputy sheriff. Our friend Toll Hedges was a conspicuous personage in this checkered assembly. He had shaken off the dulness of the morning, and was now playing a part that seemed more native to his disposition, that of a familiar, confident, loud-talking interlocutor, who called every man by his christian name, swore roundly after a pedantic fashion, had some knowledge of every man's business, and bore himself with the peremptoriness of one whose character partook in equal degrees of the wag and the brawler. He was sarcastic, shrewd, and popular ; and to all these, it may be added, that before bedtime he was in no small degree flustered. In this crowd might also be observed one or two other members of the bar, of a graver demeanor, and even some of the justices holding more sedate conversations, apparently on matters connected with their business. In one corner sat a quiet, neighborly shoemaker, in an arm chair, contentedly taking a stiff beverage of whiskey and water about once in fifteen minutes, and saying nothing to any body.

Our host himself was a sober man, and a discreet! He stood at his post the whole evening, with a mooden pestle in his hand -the symbol of his calling ; one while laughing with a civil good aature at the rough jokes that were aimed at himself, and at mother mixing toddy to meet the numberless demands of his :hirsty customers. Amidst this edifying display of toss-pot eloquence and genial uproar, my attention was particularly attracted o the behavior of this exemplary publican. Though scant in speech, he labored like a man who had the good of his family at ceart ; and bore himself through the tumultuary scene with the iddress of a wily statesman who is anxious to win the applause of all parties. The tide was in his faror, and his aim was to float smoothly upon it. In times of great excitement, it may be obserred that the party in power gain many advantages by a show
of moderation. With regard to them the maxim applies, "where the least is said it is soonest mended." Now, our good landlord stood pretty much in this predicament; for the whole assemblage had fallen into an inflammatory discussion of some ticklish points of politics, in which he might have lost friends by an inconsiderate participation. Whilst, therefore, the tempest raged he played the part of moderator, and was perpetually crying out-" Now, gentlemen !-if you please,--remember;-we are all friends!" and such like gentle admonitions ; and as often as he was taken by the button by one of the speakers, and pinned up against the wall, so that it seemed impossible for him to escape committing himself, I could hear his old equivocation-"quite likely"uttered with an impregnable composure of nerve. In fact, a sober obsegrver could have been at no loss to perceive that the cautious landlord had all the ambidexterity of a practised public servant.

As the evening waned the disputants began to leave the field; and Hedges being thrown by chance into the bar-room, alone with his good-natured host, addressed him very scriously upon the subject of the countenance he had given to certain heresies that had been uttered in his presence, and, secmingly, with his concurrence. "Lord! Mr. Hedges," said he, in a quiet tone, and looking round to see who was within hearing,-" you know my ideas long ago about all that matter !-It isn't my business to break witlı customers, or to be setting up against them. What signifies opinions this way or that! But," he continued, crecting lis figure to its full height and putting on a look of extraordinary detcrmination, "sentiments is another thing! Let any man ask me my sentiments !-that's all;-Thar's no flinch in me, you way depend upon it!"

Having learned this distinction between sentiments and opinions, I retired to my chamber.

The next morning, after a short delay in court, Meriwether was released from his judicial cares, and we made preparations for our return to Swallow Barn. Philly Wart, who had been au active and conspicuous personage in the transactions of the term, and who is hereafter to make some figure in these annals, was to accompany us. About noon we were all mounted, Philly being perched upon a tall, raw-boned, gray steed, that scemed to have parted with his flesh in the severe duties of the circuit, but who was distinguished for his easy and regular pace. As to Philly himself, it is necessary that I should give him a chapter.

By the usual dinner hour, we were all comfortably seated at Swallow Barn.

## ('HAPTER XXI.

## PHILPOT WART.

Wirhout much reverence for the profession of the law itself, I have a great regard for its votaries, and especially for that part of the tribe which comprehends the old and thorough-paced stagers of the bar. The fcelings, habits and associations of the bar in general, have a happy influence upon character. It abounds with good fellows: and, take it altogether, there may be collected from it a greater mass of shrewd, observant, droll, playful and gencrous spirits, than from any other equal numbers of society. They live in each other's presence, like a set of players; congregate in the courts, as the former in the green-room; and break their unpremeditated jests, in the intervals of business, with that sort of undress freedom which contrasts amusingly with the solemn and even tragic seriousness with which they appear, in turn, upon the boards. They have one face for the public rife with the gravity of the profession, and another for themselves, replete with mirth and enjoyment. The toil and fatigue of business give them a peculiar relish for their hours of relaxation, and, in the same degree, incapacitate them for that frugal attention to their private concerns which their limited means usually require. They have, in consequence, a prevailing air of unthriftiness in personal matters, which, however it may operate
to the prejudice of the pocket of the individual, has a mellow and kindly effect upon his disposition.

In an old member of the profession,--one who has grown gray in the scrvice,-there is a rich unction of originality, which brings him out from the ranks of his fellow-men in strong relief. His habitual conversancy with the world in its strangest varieties, and with the secret history of character, gives him a shrewd estimate of the human heart. He is quiet, and unapt to be struck with wonder at any of the actions of men. There is a deep current of obscrvation running calmly through his thoughts, and seldom gushing out in words: the coufidence which has been placed in him, in the thousand relations of his profession, renders him constitutionally cautious. His acquaintance with the vicissitudes of fortune, as they have been exemplified in the lives of individuals, and with the severe afflictions that have "tried the reins" of many, known only to himself, makes him an indulgent and charitable apologist of the aberrations of others. He has an impregnable good humor that never falls below the level of thoughtfulness into melancholy. He is a creature of habits; rising early for exercise ; generally temperate from necessity, and studious against his will. His face is accustomed to take the ply of his pursuits with great facility, grave and even severe in business, and readily rising into smiles at a pleasant conceit. He works hard when at his task; and goes at it with the reluctance of an old horse in a bark-mill. His common-places are quaint and professional: they are made up of law maxims, and first occur to him in Latin. He measures all the sciences out of his proper line of study, (and with these he is but scantily acquainted,) by the rules of law. He thinks a steam engine should be worked with due diligence, and without laches: a thing little likely to happen, he considers as potentia remotissima; and what is not get in existence, or in esse, as he would say, is in nubibus He
apprehends that wit best, which is connected with the affairs of the term ; is particularly curious in his ancedotes of old lawyers, and inclined to be talkative concerning the amusing passages of his own professional life. He is, sometimes, not altogether free of outward foppery; is apt to be an especial good liver, and he keeps the best company. His literature is not much diversified; and he prefers books that are bound in plain calf, to those that are much lettered or gilded. He garners up his papers with a wonderful appearance of care; ties them in bundles with red tape ; and usually has great difficulty to find them when he wants them. Too much particularity has perplexed him; and just so it is with his cases: they are well assorted, packed and laid away in his mind, but are not easily to be brought forth again without labor. This makes him something of a procrastinator, and rathes to delight in new business than finish his old. He is, however much beloved, and affectionately considered by the people.

Philpot Wart belongs to the class whose characteristics ] have here sketched. He is a practitioner of some thirty or fort? years' stanaing, during the greater part of which time he has re sided in this district. He is now verging upon sixty years o age, and may be said to have spent the larger portion of his lif on horseback. His figure is short and thick-set, with a harc muscular outline ; his legs slightly bowed, his shoulders broac. and his hands and feet uncommonly large. His head is of extre ordinary size, inclining to be cubical in shape, and clothed with shock of wiry, dark gray hair. A brown and dry complexion eyes small, keen, and undefined in color, furnished with thic brows; a large mouth, conspicuous for a range of tecth wor nearly to their sockets ; and ample protruding ears, constitut the most remarkable points in his appearance. The predominar expression of his features is a sly, quick good nature, susceptibl. however, of great severity.

His dress is that of a man who does not trouble himself with the change of fashions; carcless, and, to a certain degree, quaint. It consists of a plain, dark coat, not of the finest cloth, and rather the worse for wear; dingy and faded naukeen small clothes; and a pair of half boots, such as were worn at the beginning of this century. His hat is old, and worn until the rim has become too pliable to keep its original form ; and his cravat is sometimes, by accident, tied in such a manner, as not to include one side of his shirt collar;-this departure from established usage, and others like it, happen from Mr. Wart's never using a lookingglass when he makes his toilet.

His circuit takes in four or five adjoining counties, and, as he is a regular attendant upon the courts, he is an indefatigable traveller. His habit of being so much upon the road, causes his clients to make their appointments with him at the several stages of his journeyings ; and it gencrally happens that he is intercepted, when he stops, by some one waiting to see him. Being obliged to pass a great deal of his time in small taverns, he has grown to be contented with scant accommodation, and never com plains of his fair. But he is extremely particular in exacting the utmost attention to his horse.

He has an insinuating address that takes wonderfully with the people; and especially with the older and graver sorts. This has brought him into a close acquaintance with a great many persons, and has rendered Philly Wart,-as he is universally called, -a kind of cabinet-counsellor and private adviser with most of those who are likely to be perplexed with their affairs. He has a singularly retentive memory as to facts, dates, and names; and by his intimate knowledge of land titles, courses and distances, patents, surreys and locations, he has become a formidable champion in all ejectment cases. In addition to this, Philly has such a brotherly and companionable relation to the greater number of
the freeholders who serve upon the juries, and has such a confiding, friendly way of talking to them when he tries a cause, that it is generally supposed he can persuade them to believe any thing he chooses.

His acquirements as a lawyer are held in high respect by the bar, although it is reported that he reads but little law of later date than Coke Littleton, to which book he manifests a remarkable affection, having perused it, as he boasts, some cight or ten times ; but the truth is, he has not much time for other reading, being very much engrossed by written documents, in which he is painfully studious. He takes a great deal of authority upon himself, nevertheless, in regard to the Virginia decisions, inasmuch as he has been contemporary with most of the cases, and heard them, generally, from the courts themselves. Besides this, he practised in the times of old Chancellor Wythe, and President Pendleton, and must necessarily have absorbed a great deal of that spirit of law-learning which has evaporated in the hands of the reporters. As Philly himself says, he understands the currents of the law, and knows where they must run.; and, therefore, has no need of looking into the cases.

Philly has an excellent knack in telling a story, which consists in a caustic, dry manner, that is well adapted to give it point; and sometimes he indulges this talent with signal success beforel. the juries. When he is at home, -which is not often abore a week or ten days at a time, -he devotes himself almost entirely to his farm. He is celebrated there for a fine breed of hounds; and fox-hunting is quite a passion with him. This is the only sport in which he indulges to any excess; and so far does he carry it, that he often takes his dogs with him upon the circuit when his duty calls him, in the hunting season, to certain parts of the country where one or two gentlemen reside who are fonc of this pastime. On these occasions he billets the hounds upos
is landlord，and waits patiently until he dispatches his business ； nd then he turns into the field with all the spirit and zest of Timrod．He has some lingering recollections of the classies，and a little given to quoting them，without much regard to the ap－ ropriateness of the occasion．It is told of him，that one fine rorning，in December，he happened to be with a party of brother portsmen in full chase of a gray fox，under circumstances of un－ sual animation．The weather was cool，a white frost sparkled pon the fields，the sun bad just risen and flung a beautiful light ver the landscape，the fox was a－foot，the dogs in full cry，the untsmen shouting with exuberant mirth，the woods re－echoing to he clamor，and every one at high speed in hot pursuit．Philly as in an eestasy，spurring forward his horse with uncommon ar－ or，and standing in his stirrups，as if impatient of his speed， hen he was joined in the chase by two or three others as much elighted as himself．In this situation he cried out to one of the arty，＂Isn＇t this fine ；don＇t it put you in mind of Virgil？ ＇ityre tu patulæ recubans sub tegmine fagi．＂Philly denies the ret；but some well authenticated flourishes of his at the bar，of similar nature，give great semblance of truth to the story．

It sometimes happens that a pair of his hounds will steal after im，and follow him through the circuit，without his intending it； nd when this occurs，he has not the heart to drive them back． ＇his was the case at the present court：accordingly，he was fol－ pwed by his dogs to Swallow Barn．They slink close behind his orse，and trot together as if they were coupled．

Philly＇s universal acquaintance through the country and his re－eminent popularity have，long since，brought him into public fe．He has been elected to the Assembly for twenty years past， rithout opposition ；and，indeed，the voters will not permit him o decline．It is，therefore，a regular part of his business to at－ end to all political matters affecting the county．His influence
in this department is wonderful. He is consulted in reference to all plans, and his advice seems to have the force of law. He is extremely secret in his operations, and appears to carry his point by his calm, quiet, and unresisting manner. He has the reputation of being a dexterous debater, and of making some sharp and heavy hits when roused into opposition; though many odd stories are told, at Richmond, of his strenuous efforts, at times, to be oratorical. He is, however, very much in the confdence of the political managers of all parties, and seldom fails to carry a point when he sets about it in earnest.

During the war, Philly commanded a troop of volunteer lighthorse; and was frequently employed in active service, in guarding the hen-roosts along the river from the attacks of the enemy. These occasions have furnished him with some agreeable episodes in the history of his life. He gives a faithful narrative of his ceploits at this period, and does not fail to throw a dash of comic humor into his account of his campaigns.

In our ride to Swallow Barn, he and Meriwether were principally engrossed with the subject of the expected arbitration. Meriwether particularly enjoined it upon him so to manage the matter as to make up a case in favor of Mr. Tracy, and to give such a decision as would leave the old gentleman in possession of the contested territory.

Philly revolved the subject carcfully in his mind, and assured Frank that he would have no difficulty in putting Swansdown upon such a train as could not fail to accomplish their ends.
"But it seems strange to me," said the counsellor, " that the old man would not be content to take the land without all this circuity."
"We must accommodate ourselves to the peculiarities of our neighbors," replied Meriwether, "and, pray be careful that you give no offence to his pride, by the course you pursue."
"I have never before been engaged in a case with such instructions," said Philly. "This looks marvellously like an Trish donkey race, where each man cudgels his neighbor's ass. Well, I suppose Singleton Swansdown will take the beating without being more restive under it than others of the tribe!"
" I beseech you, use him gently," said Meriwether. "He will be as proud of his victory as ourselves."

Philly laughed the more heartily as he thought of this novel case. Now and then he relapsed into perfect silence, and then again and again broke forth into a chuckle at his own meditations upon the subject.
" You are like a king who surrenders by negotiation, all that he has won by fighting," said he, laughing again; "we shall capitulate, at least, with the honors of war,-drums beating and colors flying!"
"It is the interest of the commonwealth that there should be in end of strife ; I believe so the maxim runs," said Meriwether, smiling.
"Concordia, parvæ res crescunt; discordiâ maximæ dilabuncur," added the counsellor. "But it seems to me to be something pf a wild-goose chase notwithstanding."

Philly repeated these last words as he dismounted at the gate at Swallow Barn, and, throwing his saddle-bags across his arm, 1e walked into the house with the rest of the party.

## CHAPTER XXII.

## THE PHILOSOPHER UNBENT.

The next uorning opened upon us in all the beauty of the season. I zry necessary preparation had been completed for the definite adjı stment of the long abiding lawsuit. The household was in motion at an hour much earlier than usual, and a general anxiety seer ed to prevail throughout the family to speed the issues of tly day. Meriwether was animated by unwonted spirits; and Hazard and myself anticipated, with some eagerness, the entrance apon a business that promised to us nothing but amusement is its progress. The notoriety which all the preliminary movemens 5 in this matter had gained from the frequent conversations $\mathrm{g}^{\circ}$ Meriwether relating to it, had magnified its importance in a dı gree much disproportioned to its intrinsic merit. The day was th efore considered a kind of jubilee. Mr. Chub had expressed a strong wish to be present at the settlement; and had, accordingls, proclaimed a holiday in the school. The children were all in ıstate of riotous excitement. Rip was especially delighted with 1 se prospect of the approaching bustle. Prudence partook of the ecmmon feeling with rather more restlessness than any one else. There was a studied sedateness upon her features, which was not altogether natural ; and this was contrasted with her motions, which seemed to be unsettled, variable and perplexed.

Philly Wart had risen soon after the dawn, and had taken a walk of two or three miles before the family began to assemble. About an hour before breakfast, he had seated himself on the bench of the porch, alone with Mr. Chub, and was there chipping a stick with his penknife, as he leept up a desultory discourse with the parson, upon divers matters connected with the history, doctrine and discipline of the Presbyterian Church. What were the particulars of this conversation I could not leare, but it had a stimulating effect upon his companion, who took occasion to call me aside, as sonn as it was finished, and said to me, "Faith, that Philly Wart, as you call him, is a sensible old fellow! He's a man of a great deal of wit, Mr. Littleton! He is a philosopher of the school of Democritus of Abdera, and knows as much about the kirk of Scotland as if he had been at the making of the coveaant. And not very starched in his creed neither, ha, ha, ha! a queer genius!"

Philly himself, after leaving the parson, was sammering up and down in the hall, with his' coat buttoned close about him, so is to cause a roll of papers which was lodged in one of his pockets to protrude somewhat oddly from above his hip. In this situation [ joined him. "Your parson there, is a great scholar," said he, smiling ; "we have had a bout together concerning church matbers; and the old gentleman has been entertaining me with in speech, for an hour past. He is a very vehement orator, and has puzzled me with his Grecian heroes until I hadn't a word to say. [ think he likes a good listener: but I am entirely too rusty for him. I must rub up the next time I talk with him.

Just before breakfast Harvey Riggs and Ralph, having in zonvoy Catharine and Bel Tracy, rode up to the door ; and our attention was called to the party, by the loud salutations of Harvey. "Hark you, Ned! spring to your post, and catch Bel before she touches ground."

Hazard succeeded in reaching the outer side of the gate just in time-not to catch Bel, who had already dismounted with the nimbleness of a bird-but to take the rein of her horse and fasten it to the fence, and then to conduct the lady to the door.

It was not long before we were ranged around the ample breakfast board. Mr. Wart was inclined to be jocular, and Meriwether indulged in some good-natured speculations upon the certainty of his success in the case. Harvey Riggs was placed nest to Bel at the table, and took occasion to whisper in her ear, that he had no faith in these negotiations for a peace, and added, that he rested his hopes entirely upon the prophecy of old Diana; then, looking towards Ned, who sat opposite, he remarked, loud enough to be heard by the latter, " there is but one way of giving permanency to these family treaties."

Ned colored up to the eyes-affected not to understand, and asked for another cup of coffee. Bel was more self-possessed, and replied with perfect composure, "Cousin Harvey, look to yourself, or I shall dismiss you from my servico."

After breakfast, it was determined that it would be necessary for the contending powers to have a personal inspection of the seat of war. The old mill was proposed as the trysting place, and the principal discussion, it was settled, should be held on the banks of the famous Apple-pie. Mr. Tracy's arrival with his privy counsellor, Swansdown, was looked for with impatience; and, in the mean time, our whole company had broken off into detachments.

Prudence and Catharine had gonc out upon the grass-plot in front of the house ; and were slowly walking to and fro, without any covering upon their heads, and with their arms around each other's waists, in deep and secret communion, under the shade of the willow. Rip had run off with a whoop and halloo to the stable to order up the necessary cavalry for the expedition. The little
rls were jumping a rope on the gravel-walk. My cousin Luerea was busy with household matters. Wart and Meriwether were ming over some papers in the breakfast room; and Harvey iggs, Ralph Tracy, Hazard, and myself, were seated in the porch atiently abiding the progress of events.
Bel, who had been roaming at large from group to group, and aking amusement for herself out of all, like one whose spirits ould not allow her to remain stationary, had picked up the dice hat belonged to a backgammon board in the parlor, and now ume to the porch where we were seated, rattling them in the box, ad making as much noise as she could.
"I mean to tell the fortune of the day," said she; "why are ot these dice just as good judges of boundary lines as all the wyers? Now, Mr. Littleton, observe if this be not a true oracle. [ere's for Mr. Meriwether," she continued, throwing the dice pon the bench. "Four, one. That's a shabby throw for Swallow ;arn. Well, here's for Pa. Deuce, ace."
"Good-bye to The Brakes!" exclaimed Harvey.
"No, indeed!" interrupted Bel. "There's a great deal of ack in deuce, ace. But we will give Swallow Barn another chance. 'here's six, four ; that's the parson's point, as Pa calls it."
"And now for The Brakes, Bel," said Ned ; " this throw must ettle the question."
"Treys," cried Bel, flinging the dice, and clapping her hands.
Harn't we gained it now ?"
"No! certainly not!" said Hazard. "They make but six toether, and Swallow Barn had ten."
"But," answered Bel, "you forget, Edward, that there is a uckier number than any other ; and we have got three, three imes out of the dice."
"The luck," replied Ned, "is in the highest number."
"Do you wait here, and I will go and ask Mr. Chub," said Bel,
" who will tell me all that he has ever read about fortunate num bers. Don't interrupt us, for the old gentleman is on such gooi terms with me, that he says a great deal to me he would not lei any of you hear. You may listen to us through the windows."

The reverend gentleman was seated in the parlor window nez' to the porch, with a book in his hand, when Bel entered and tool. a seat beside him; and, thus arranged, both of their backs wert towards the window.

Bel's accost was very grave.
"Mr. Chub," said she, with a gracious and "espectful voice "do you think there is any thing in numbers?"
"Ha, ha !" cried the tutor, in a kind of bewildered laugh, a: if he did not exactly comprehend her purpose, "'pon my honor madam, I don't know how to answer the question. There ar multipliers and ${ }^{\prime}$ multiplicands, and ——"
"I don't mean that," said Bel, "do you think there is an! luck in numbers?"
"If you mean in a number of lawyers to try the question of the old mill-dam, I think the more there are, the worse the luck Upon my veracity, I would rather have Mr. Philpot Wart thas the whole bar; judges, juries, and all, Miss Bell! Ha, ha!"
"You don't understand me yet," answered Bell.
"I beg your pardon, my dear !" interrupted the tutor.
"I didu't speak with reference to the mill-dam question either, but I wanted to know, if there are not some number deemed more fortunate than others. Were not the ancients : little superstitious about the number of crows that flew acros the heavens of a morning, for instance?"
"Assuredly, madam !". replied the old gentleman, now begin ning to take Bel's meaning; " all nations have had some leanin to be superstitious about numbers. The number twelve has ha a great deal of distinction conferred upon it. The twelve apos
es, and the twelve hours of the day, and the twelve montlis of re year, in spite of the moon, Miss Bel! That looks as if there as some virtue in the number. And, you know, the Romans ad their laws written on twelve tables; and the Greeks celerated the twelve labors of Hercules. And I believe, up to is day, it always takes twelve men to make a jury. There is mething heathenish in that, Miss Isabella, ha, ha!"

This last burst was manifestly destined for a sally of wit, and e good old gentleman continued to laugh at it immoderately. el appeared to relish it herself. "And there are imagined to - some occult influences in the trines and nones," continued the tor, after he had laughed his fill, " not to say any thing of ren, of which number, nevertheless, I will mention a few ex-aples-for it was an especial favorite both of Jew and Chrisin. We well know that the week has seven days, Miss abella."
"Yes," said Bel, "that is very well known."
" And the Jews thought we should forgive our enemy seven thes,-which the Scripture says, with reason, should be seventy thes seven,-and the Revelation speaks of the seren phials of yath, with divers other sevens: and we read of the seven ages c man, which I need not enumerate. You have heard, Mistress Jabella, of the seven sages of Greece, and of the seven wonders cthe world? Besides these, and many more that I could think the monkish legends tell us some strange adventures of the sen sleepers" -
" Merey; what a list of sevens !" cried Bel.
-": Who slept in a cave for two hundred and thirty years, §int Maximian, Saint Malchus, and their comrades. Wherefore leonelude seven to be a lucky number."
"It was undoubtedly a very lucky thing for the seven sleep. €: all to awake up again, after such a long sleep," said Bei.
"Ha, ha!" cjaculated the old gentleman, in another fit of laughter, "that's very well said, Miss Isabel! but the number three," continued the tutor, "is even more eminent in mystical properties. The most ancient Egyptians worshipped the holy Triangle Equilateral, as being the symbol of divine harmony; and Pythagoras and Plato have both taught the mysteries of this number. You are, moreover, aware, Miss Bel, that there were three Gorgons."
"I thought there were four !" said Bel, with an air of astonishment.
"Three, madam," replied the parson, "Stheno, Euryale, and Medusa. And there were three Furies too."
"What were their names, Mr. Chub?"
"Tisiphone, Mægara, and Alecto," said he, enumerating his triads slowly upon his fingers. And there were the three Graces, my dear! You know their names very well-Thalia, Euphrosyne, and Aglaia. The Fates,-there were three of them, you remember ; and, faith, they have had work enough to do! Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos:-if you had studied Greek, Miss Bel, you would understand how well their names became them.'
"Listen, if you would live and laugh !" exclaimed Harrey Riggs, who was sitting on the rail of the porch, and taking in every word of this odd discourse. "Here is the parson, pouring a whole dictionary of outlandish nonsense into Bel's ear, and she humoring all his pedantry with the most incomparable gravity!"
"There might be cited many more of these triple sister hoods," continued Mr. Chub,-Bel still looking in his face witl an encouraging earnestness, -" as for another example, ther were the Horæ ; namely, Dice, Irene, Eunomia: the Harpies,Ceacno, Ocypete, Aello (still counting with the same precisior as before) ; we must not forget the Sirens,-bless me! no-th
adies are often called Sirens themselres, ha, ha! Parthenope-Parthenope-let me sec-" He paused, with the forefinger of his ight hand upon the middle finger of his left: "Tut, it slips ny memory! I am very bad at remembering names."
"Particularly bad !" said Bel, interrupting him and smiling.
"Parthenope, Miss Tracy, child, I had it on my tongue! I m getting old, Miss Isabel! I dare say, you can help me out."
" Indced, I dare say I cannot," replied Bel ; "you have urned my brain so topsy-turvy with such a list of hard names, hat I have almost forgotten what I came to ask you."
": You have totally omitted, Mr. Chub, to mention the three rise men of Gotham that went to sea in a bowl," said Hazard, peaking to the parson from the porch.
" And the three blind mice, that lost their tails on a risit to he farmer's wife," said Harvey Riggs.
"Aind the three fiddlers of old king Cole," said Hazard.
"Poh! Get along, Mr. Edward and Mr. Harvey! you are oth too much given to be waggish. I doubt you will never nend your ways while you keep each other's company!" cried he good old gentleman, completely overborne by this spirited atack upon him ; and as he said this, he turned round upon them face full of queer perplexity at being caught in the high career f this scholarly exercitation. He is especially sensitive to the east jest that is aimed at this peculiarity.
"Well," said Bel, "I am really very much obliged to you, Ir. Chub, for your instructive lecture ; and I shall always reaember bereafter, that the Graces were three young women, and he Furies, three old ones: and that three is the luckiest numer in arithmetic."

By this time two horsemen, followed by a servant, had come a sight upon the road leading to the gate. They adranced at a bisure pace, and were soon descried to be Mr. Tracy in company
with Swansdown. The old gentleman's face, even at a distance exhibited careful thought, and his bearing was grave and mannerly. He was in deep conversation with his friend, up to the moment of their arrival at the gate. Meriwether went forth to meet him, and assisted him from his horse with an affectionate and highly respectful assiduity.

As soon as he was on his feet, he took off his hat and made Meriwether a formal bow; and then walked across the court-yard to the door, making many obeisances to the company. Swansdown followed with scarcely less ceremony; and they were ushered into the parlor.
"We have an agreeable day's work before us, Mr. Meriwether," said Mr. Tracy, with an air of sprightly politeness, but in a voice somewhat tremulous from years. "Permit me to assure you it is not a small gratification to me, that we come so amicably to the close of a controversy, which, in other hands, might have been embittered with many unkind feelings. This has been conducted with so much courtesy, from beginning to end, that I had almost flattered myself with the hope, I should have had the luxury of it for the rest of my life."

He coneluded this complimentary speech with a dash of gayety in his tone, and a vivacious gesticulation of his body; and then turning round to the ladies, with smiles upon his face, he made many civil inquiries after family matters.

The parties now being all assembled, our next move was to the old mill.

## CHAPTER XXIII.

## TRIAL BY VIEW.

When mounted our muster consisted of teu persons, besides the scrvants, and included all the gentlemen assembled, with the addition of Rip, who, astride of Spitfire, caracoled and bounded from place to place, like a young adjutant of a squadron. The old walls of Swallow Barn had never echoed back the tramp, the hum, or the shouts of a more goodly company than that which now filed off from the gate. Our ranks were accommodated to the nature of the road we had to travel. At first, Mr. Wart, with his papers still peeping forth from his pocket, shot ahead of the troop by the common brisk and easy-racking gait to which his tall and ungainly steed was accustomed; and he did not seem to be aware of the inequality of his pace, until he had gained about a hundred yards upon the caralcade, and was admonished by a call from two or three of the party, that he would soon leare us out of sight, if he went on at that speed. His two hounds were, as usual, jogging close at his horse's heels; and any one might very well have mistaken our whole equipment for a party setting out to beat a cover, with the principal huntsman in advance ; for, in addition to Philly's kounds, we had every dog of Swallow Barn in our train. Never, since the deluge, was there a larsuit to be determined by so grotesque an array of judges,
counsellors, parties and witnesses, as this! And never before in the history of jurisprudence, perhaps, was there such a case!

Philly Wart was highly amused. He had brought himself to look upon the whole matter as a mere pastime, and he was now determined to make the best of it. He could not for a moment give his features a serious cast, but laughed in reply to every question, like a man tickled with his own thoughts. He had reined up his horse, in obedience to our call, and was looking back upon the approaching host, when I rode up to him.
"This is a mode of practice very much to my liking," said he. "The law would not be such a wearisome business, Mr. Littleton, if its affairs were to be transacted in the field $o^{\prime}$ horseback; and with a fine pack of dogs instead of a jury. Famous juries they'd make, for courses and distances, in an ejectment, ha, ha, ha! If it were only the right season, I think we should be likely to look over more boundary lines than one to-day."

The same tone of enjoyment seemed gradually to have visited even old Mr. Tracy, after we had left the gate. Before this, there was a deep-seated care upon his brow; but he now began to take the hue of the hour. We had entered, after riding some distance, upon a narrow and tangled path, beset with underwood, that indicated our proximity to the ground around the mill. Through this portion of our road we were constrained to pass in single files, thus elongating our line of march, until it resembled that of a detachment of cavalry exploring a suspected haunt of an enemy. The resemblance occasioned our venerable friend of The Brakes to turn round to Meriwether and remark, with a pleasant but precise form of address,-
" You perceive, Mr. Meriwether, that the most formidable invasion of the Apple-pic frontier continues now, as of old, to come from the direction of Swallow Barn."
"I could heartily wish, my dear friend," replied Frapk, " that
every invasion in the world were as certain to promote the ends of justice and peace as this. And I could wish, too, that every supposed encroachment upon right, should be as gallantly and honorably met."
"But not quite so obstinately defended," said Harvey Riggs, in a half whisper, as he turned round on his saddle to make the remark to Nod Hazard.
" Amen!" said Ned.
When we arrived at the mill there was a silent pause for some moments, in which every one seemed to be engaged in surveying the ragged, marshy and unprofitable features of the landscape, and wondering in his own mind (at least all but Mr. Tracy) how such a picce of land could possibly have furnished a subject for such a protracted litigation. Philly Wart appeared to be aware of the common surprise, and looking round, somewhat jestingly, in the faces of the group, remarked,-
"Yes, there it is! And all that we have to do is, to get down from our horses, organize the court, and fall to work to determine whether the heirs of Swallow Barn or of The Brakes are hereafter to be pesterect with this fine. garden of wankopins and suakecollards!"

We dismounted ; and some moments elapsed before the parties were ready to proceed to the businoss in hand. In this interval, the counsellor had walked up to the tutor, who stood upon a hillock, with his glass up to his cye, surveying the scene.
"What do you think of the prospect, Mr. Chub?" asked Philly Wrart. "By what name would you venture to describe this luxuriant, refreshing, and sightly picce of land? Is it mariscus, or mora, or lutmus, or simple locus paludosus?"
"S Sure it is not to look at this ill-favored quagmire, that we have been risking our necks under boughs of trees, and dodging through brambles this morning! !" exclaimed the tator.
"Aye," answered Philly, " this is the very ground of contention that has enlivened the annals of two families and their descendants, for half a century. It has been a gay quarrel, Mr. Chub, and has cost something more than breath to keep it up. It has lost nothing of its dignity, I warrant you, for want of long opinions and sober counsel! Floreat Lex, Mr. Chub, is our motto! It is a merry day for our craft, when laymen take to reading the statutes, and pride holds the purse-strings."
"This is a great Sirbonian bog," said the tutor. "It is as worthless as the Pomptinæ Paludes,-Gad-a-mercy! it should be relinquished by unanimous consent to the skunks and the muskrats!"
"It :s a hereditament, as we lawyers say, Mr. Chub, that would pass under the name runcaria, which signifies, full of brambles and briers, or rather, by the title in our law Latin, (I doubt if you have studied that kind of Latin, Mr. Chub?) of jampna, which comes, as Lord Coke says, of jonc, the French for bulrush, and nower, a waterish place."
"Truly, your dog Latin suits the description of the place marvellously well, Mr. Philpot Wart," said the tutor, laughing. "And what do you consịder, Mr. Meriwether," he continued, addressing Frank, who had just come to the spot, "the value of this ground to be, per acre?"
" About sixpence," answered Frank, smiling.
"Too high ; you hold it all too dear," interrupted Philly, "threepence at the outside, and dear at that. Butcome, gentlemen, 一Mr. Swansdown we lose time. Let us to business."

Upon this, the principal personages concerned in the business of the day withdrew to a convenient spot, and selecting a piece of square timber, that constituted a part of the ruins of the mill, they took their seats.

Old Mr. Tracy now very deliberately proceeded to empty his pocket of a bundle of papers, neatly tied up together, and loosen.
ing the string that bound them, he spread them out upon his knees. Then, after some rummaging, he produced a pair of spectacles, which, with great caution, he adjusted upon his nose; and taking up one of the papers, he presented it to the arbitrators, saying, "here is the first letter in the corrospondence which arose between the lamented Mr. Walter Hazard, and myself, touching the present subject of difference. If you prefer it, gentlemen, I will give you the copy of the letters that passed in the year 1759, between my immediate ancestor and the first Mr. Edward Hazard, in regard to that latter gentleman's plan of erecting this mill, at that date."
"If you will be so kind," said Philly, with an air of affectionate courtesy towards the old gentleman, "as to leave these papers with us, Mr. Tracy, we will digest them at our leisure. In the mean time, we will look at the deed from Gilbert Tracy to Edward Hazard-I have it here-" Saying this, he produced the roll of papers which had been so conspicuous about his person all the morning, and took from it the deed in question.

Here Philly mounted his spectacles, and began to read, in a lear voice, such parts of the deed as related to the nature and haracter of the grant; and which parts, in order that my reader night thoroughly understand the precise question in dispute, I lave substantially set forth in a former chapter.
"This deed, Mr. Swansdown," said Philly, as he finished readng, "lays the whole foundation of the controversy The preensions of the parties, as based upon this instrument, are well understood, and all that remains for us is to ascertain what was he specific meaning of the parties thereto."
"That must be seen," said Mr. Tracy, "by the letters which have just given you."
" Upon that point," said Philly Wart, " the courts have uni ormly decided -"
"We are not to be governed by the adjudications of the court upon any of these questions," interrupted Mr. Tracy; "it is un derstood that the case is to be adjudged according to the princi ples of equity."
"Equitas sequitur legem, my friend," said Philly, smiling "If there be ambiguity patent, that is, apparent upon the face of the deed, the law allows testimony to be received as to the intent of the parties concerned in the covenants. But where the inten tion may be derived from the construction of the covenants them selves, according to their plain letter, the law doth not permil acts and matters in pais to be used to set up an intention clehor: the written instrument."
"Pray, Mr. Wart," said Swansdown, "permit me to ask, whe. ther this case, agreeably to your understanding of it, is gorernec by the Roman or civil law, or strictly according to the technica, principles of the common law?"
"Only, sir, according to the course of the laws of this com monwealth;" replied Philly, with an air of surprise at the ques tion, and as if nettled by the foppery of Swansdown's manner. "Your suggestion, Mr. Tracy, will be a subject for our consideration," he continued, assuming his former mild tone, to the gentleman he addressed.

Various other papers were now produced and read ; and whew all this documentary evidence had been brought to view, Philly remarked, with a manner that seemed to indicate profound reflection upon the case in hand ;-
"An idea strikes me, which appears to have an important influence upon the subject under consideration. I confess I should like to be satisfied upon this point. Mr. Sifansdown and myself. I presume, will not differ about the construction of the deed, nor upon the nature of the law by which it is to be determined," he added, smiling; " but, if my present suspicions be confirmed, it
is more than probable that our labor will be very much abridged. I rather suspect that this case will be found, upon examination, to turn upon certain matters of fact which have never yet been brought into the view of the courts-"
" $\Lambda$ very shrewd old gentleman that, Mr. Hazard," whispered the tutor, who stood by all this time, listening with profound attention; "a man of genius, I assure you, Mr. Edward!"
"-The facts to which I allude are these ; namely, in the first place, to what distance did the mill-dam anciently and originally cxtend, from the present margin of the Apple-pie, in upon the land belonging to the tract called The Brakes? Sccondly, how long did the mill-pond exist within the said original limits ; and when did it first begin to recede from the same? And, thirdly, which is the most important point of all, did the same mill-pond contract in its dimensions by gradual and imperceptible stages, or did it sink into the present narrow channel of the Apple-pie, by any violent and sudden disruption of its banks?"
"The bearing and value of these questions," continued the lawyer, " will be understood by referring to the conceded fact, namely, that the two contignous estates were divided by the wa-ter-line or margin of the mill-dam on the side of The Brakes. Now, it is a principle of law, upon which Mr. Swansdown and myself cannot possibly disagree,-for it is asserted without contradiction by the ablest writers,-both in the common and civil law, Mr. Swansdown, that where a river, holding the relation which this mill-dam occupied between these two estates, changes its course by slow and invisible mutations, so as to leare new land where formerly was water, then he to whose territory the accretions may be made in such wise, shall hold them as the gain or increment of his original stock. But if the river change its course by some forcible impulse of nature, as by violent floods, or the like, ther shall he who suffers loss by such vicissitude, be indem-
nified by the possession of the derelict channel. And it would seem to me, that in case the river, in the instance put, should merely dwindle and pine away, as this famous mill-pond scems to have done," said Philly, with a smile, "then, the possessors of the banks on either side should consider it to be the will of Heaven that they should be separated by narrower partitions, and should, straightway, follow the retreating waters; and, when these become so small as to allow them to do so, they should shake hands from the opposite banks, and thank God they were such near neighbors."
"He's a man of a clear head, Mr. Riggs," said the tutir again, with incieased admiration, " and expounds law like a sage:-snd with a great deal of wit too!-He reminds ne of the celebrated Mr. Ponsonby whom I once heard at the Four Courts, in a cause-"
" I am entirely of Mr. Wart's opinion of the value of these considerations," said Swansdown.
"They seem to me sagacious and reasonable," said Mr. Tracy, " and concur to strengthen the first views which I took upon this subject."
"Let these facts then, gentlemen, be inquired into," said Meriwether.

Wart arose from his seat, and walking carelessly a short distance from the group, beckoned Meriwether to follow him, and, when they were together said,-
"I have thrown out enough to put Mr. Tracy upon a new scent, which, if it be well followed up, will answer our purpose; and now, I think I will give our friend Swansdown a walk into the marsh."
"Since it is agreed. Mr. Swansdown," said Philly, returning to the party, " that testimony should be heard upon the questions I have proposed, we shall be able to form a better judgment by a
cautious survey of the ground ourselves. It is scarcely possible that the mill-pond should have vanished without leaving some traces to show whether it went off in a night, or wasted away, like a chesnut fence-rail under the united attacks of sun and wind. There is nothing like the Trial by View."
"In what manner do you suppose, Mr. Wart, to enjoy this view?" asked Swansdown, with some concern. "Can we see it from the hill-side? for it seems rather hazardous for a passage on horseback."
"By walking over it," replied Philly very cooly. "With a little circumspection we can get across tolerably dry. Leap from one tuft to another, and keep your balance. The thing is very easy."
"We shall find brambles in our way," said the reluctant Swansdown.
"E squillâ non nascitur rosa, Mr. Swansdown," replied the other. "It is not the first time I have explored a marsh. Why man, if you had your gun with you, the woodcock would take you twice through the thickest of it! This is a notorions place for woodcock-"
". There are snakes, and some of them of a dangerous species. I have an utter horror of snakes," persisted Swansdown.
"There are some copperheads and a few mocassins," replied Philly, "whose bite is not altogether harmless. As to the black snake, and viper, and common water snake, you may assure yourself with taking them in your hand. Or take St. Patrick's plan, Mr. Swansdown ; cut a hazle rod, and if you use it properly you may conjure every snake of them out of striking distance."
"Ha, ha! A facetious man, that Mr. Philly Wart," said the parson again, to Harvey Riggs.
"Come, Mr. Swansdown, I will lead the way. Don't be alarmed: We shall be better aequainted with the boundary when we get back."

Saying these words, Philly walked forward along the margin of the marshy ground which was once the bed of the dam, and laving selected a favorable point for entering upon this region, he turned into it with a prompt and persevering step, making advantage of such spots as were firm enough to sustain his weight, and, pushing the shrubbery to one side, was soon lost to view. Swansdown, ashamed of being outdone, but protesting his reluctance, and laughing with a forced and dry laugh, cautiously entered at the same point, and followed in Philly's footsteps. When they were both still within hearing, Philly's voice could be recognized, saying-
"Look where you step, Mr. Swansdown! That's the true rule of life, and particularly for a man who meddles with law. Have your cyes about you, man! Latet anguis in herbâ, ha, ha, ha!"
"Hark to him !" exclaimed the parson. "A prodigious smart man, that Philly Wart!"
"After a short interval, Philly's voice was heard calling out, "Mr. Swansdown, Mr. Swansdown, where are you? Not lost, I hope! This way, man; take the left side of the gum-tree, and you will reach the bank of the Apple-pie as dry as a bone. And a monstrous stream it is, as you will find when you get liere!"
" I have encountered shocking obstacles, Mr. Wart," exclaimed the voice of Swansdown, at some distance; "I have one leg submersed in water and mud, up to the knee; and have had a score of black-snakes hissing at me, ever since I got into this abominable place. Pray allow me to return!"
"Come on man !" was the reply, "you will reach dry ground presently. What signifies a wet foot! Here's a noble prospect for you."

Another interval of silence now ensued, and this being followed by a distant hum of conversation, showed us that the two wanderers had fallen again into company.

Whilst we sat amongst the willows that skirted the original margin of the dam, expecting to see the counsellor and his companion emerge from the thicket on the opposite side, our attention was all at once aroused by the decp tongue of Wart's hounds, who had been exploring the fastness cotemporancously with their master. They had evidently turned out a fox; and the rapidly retreating and advancing notes informed us of the fact that the object of their pursuit was doubling, with great activity, from one part of the swamp to another. This sudden outbreak threw a surprising exhilaration into our party.

We sprang to our feet and ran from place to place, expecting every moment to see the fox appear upon the field: these movements were accompanied with a general hallooing and shouting, in which the roice of Philly Wart, amongst the recesses of the marsh, was distinctly audible. Rip, at the first note, had run to his horse, and now came galloping past us, half wild with delight. Mr. Chub was in a perfect ecstasy, jumping, flinging out his arms, and vociferating all the technical cries of encouragement usual amongst the votaries of the chase. Even old Mr. Tracy was roused by the vivacity of the scene. His eyes sparkled and his gestures became peculiarly animated. All the dogs of our train had taken into the swamp, and barked with a deafoning clamor as they pursued the track of the hounds, whose strong musical notes were now fast dying away in distance, as these eager animals pursued their prey directly up the stream for more than a mile. For a time, they were even lost to the ear, until, having made another double, they were heard retracing their steps, and coming back to their original starting point, as their short and sonorous notes crowded upon the ear with increasing distinctness.

At length, the little animal, that had given rise to all this uproar, was descried on the opposite side of the swamp, some distance ahead of her pursuers, speeding with terrified haste, to a
hole in the bank, where she was observed safely to accomplish her retreat.

The duration of this animating episode was not above half an hour ; and for the greater portion of that period we had totally lost all intelligence of Wart and Swansdown, but were now greatly amused to perceive the old lawyer breaking out of the cover, immediately at the spot where the fox lad taken to the earth. And there he stood, guarding the place against the invasion of the dogs, who seemed to be frantic with disappointment at not being permitted to enter this entrenchment of their enemy. By whipping, hallooing and scolding, Philly succeeded in drawing them away; and now, for the first time during this interval, turned his attention to the fate of his comrade. Swansdown was no where to be seen. Wart called aloud several times without receiving an answer ; and at length the party on our side, also, began to vociferate the name of the lost gentleman. This was no sooner done than we were surprised to receive an answer from the midst of the bushes, within ten paces of the spot where we stood. In one instant afterwards, Mr. Swansdown reappearcd, almost exactly at the point where he had first entered the swamp. His plight was sadly changed. A thick coat of black mud corered the lower extremities of his pantaloons, and his dress, in places, was torn by briars ; but as if glad to be extricated from his perils, on any terms, he came forth with a face of good humor, and readily joined us in the laugh that his strangely discomfited exterior excited.
"Well," he remarked, "to gratify Mr. Wart, I have seen the Apple-pie ; and I can truly say that I have enjoyed more pleasure in my lifc, at less cost. A fine figure I make of it!" he exclaimed, pointing to his clothes. "We had no sooner reached what Mr. Wart called the bank of the rivulet, than those whelps of dogs set up such a hideous yelling as turned my excellent
friend, the counsellor, crazy upon the spot; and thereupon he set off at full speed, like an old hound himself, leaving me to flounder back or forward, as best I might. I scarcely know what course I took, and when I thought I had reached the other side, it seems I had arrived just where I started. I can't say I think as highly of Mr. Wart's trial by the view, as he does !

We gave the unfortunate gentleman all the consolation his case admitted of ; and returning to the ruins of the mill, there took our seats to await the return of Mr. Wart.

It was not long before he appeared, followed by tiis two dogs. He had crossed from the side on which we left him, with as little concern as if he had been walking on the firmest ground, and joined our company, more in the guise of an experienced woodman than of a gentleman of the learned profession intent upon disentangling points of law.

It may well be supposed that the labors of the day terminated at this point. Our spirits had been too much roused by the events of the morning to allow us to sit down again to the business of the lawsuit; and the uncomfortable condition of Swansdown made it necessary that he should, as soon as possible, be allowed an opportunity to change his dress. It was therefore intimated by Mr. Wart, that the question of the boundary line should be adjourned until the next morning, when, he remarked, he thought he should be able to give testimony himself that would be material to the cause.

In accordance with this intimation, it was arranged that the parties should convene the next morning at the Brakes; and having determined upon this, old Mr. Tracy and Swansdown mounted their horses and pursued their road to the mansion house at the Brakes, which was not above two miles distant.

The rest of the party returned to Swallow Barn.

## CHAPTER XXIV.

## MERRIMENT AND SOBRIETY.

It was at a late dinner hour when our party returned to the mansion, from the expedition of the boundary line. The absence of Mr. Tracy and his champion Swansdown, caused some solicitude in the family, which, together with the curiosity of the ladies to hear all the particulars of the day's adventure, gave rise to a multitude of inquiries that served to produce much animation at the dinner table. Ned and Harvey detailed what they called the facts, with exorbitant amplification, and with an assumed earnestness, that baffled all attempts to arrive at the truth. A great deal, they affirmed, was to be said on both sides. And then they gave a piteous account of Swansdown's misfortunes ; praising his, calm and dignified composure, nothwithstanding he was so torn by brambles, and so disfigured with mud, and so frightened with snakes-"
"He was not attacked by these reptiles!" cried Prudenec; with a marked concern.
"They did not absolutely strike their fangs into him," said Harvey; "but they reared up their grizzly heads at his feet, and hissed hideously at him."
"And then he was so drenched to the very skin!" said Ned.
"Poor gentleman!" exclaimed Harvey, "an he 'scape a cold'
or an ague, his friends should be thankful. Heaven knows what would become of the boundary line, if any thing were to happen to him at this critical juncture!"
"And he looked so forlorn!" continued Ned.
"And so interesting!" said Harvey, " with the black mud up to his knees, and his white pocket-handkerchief up to his face, wiping away the blood where the briars had made free with his chin."
"Don't you believe them, aunt Pru!" cried Rip. "Mr. Swansdown was laughing all the time,-for we had a most an elegant fox-hunt, only it was all in the swamp, and the jushes would not let us see any thing!"
"After all then, cousin Harvey," said Catharine, " tell us seriously how this famous arbitration has ended."
"Most appropriately," said Harvey. "About forty years ago, the law suit began with the quest of a wild-goose, and, having exercised the ingenuity of all the low-country lawyers in succession, during all this time, it has now turned into a fox-chase, and ended by earthing a poor little harmless quadruped, precisely at the place of begiuning."
"That's true," said Philly Wart, laughing, " the hole was as nearly as possible at the commencement of the first line laid off in the survey of the mill-dam. But, Miss Tracy," he continued, " you must not suppose that there was any design on our part in putting up the fox this morning. This is not the time of the year for such sport, because these animals have all young families to take care of, and it is deemed cruel to disturb them: but my dogs happened to fall upon the trail of madam, as she was looking out for her breakfast. And so, off they went, Miss Catharinc, making excellent music. It was a cunning thing for the little animal, too, to take right up the swamp; for, besides the wind being in that direction,- Which you know would carry the
scent away from the dogs;-she had the water to wash away the foot-prints; and, in addition to this, she was leading them off, as fast as she could, from her den, which is a motherly trick these creatures have. But, you see, Miss Tracy, the more she ran the warmer she got; and so, she left her scent upon the bushes and brambles. If you could have seen the dogs, you would have found them with their noses up, as unconcerned as if they had had her in view all the time. Presently, she got the foot of them so far, that she found she could get back to her nest before they could come up; and so, she doubled beautifully down the swamp again, and straight to her hole, as fast as her legs could carry her. I knew what her trick was from the first; and was, therefore, on the lookout, which enabled me to reach her just as she entered it; and there I defended her gallantly against the invasion of her enemies."
"For which you deserve the thanks of all mothers, Mr. Wart," said my cousin Lucretia.
"And of all sportsmen, too," said Harvey Riggs.

> "For a fox that is hunted and runs away, May live to be hunted another day."

Philly Wart had become exceedingly animated in the course of the recital above detailed, and notwithstanding it mas ludicrously out of place, considering the person to whom it was addressed, Philly was too full of his subject to let it drop. His description was accompanied by a vivacious and expressive gesticulation, that prevented him from eating his dinner ; and Catharine had become so much amused with his manner, that she listened with a marked approbation, and encouraged him to proeeed, by frequent nods of her head.
"It is quite lawful and customary, Miss Tracy," continued' the counsellor, "to hunt young foxes at this scason, at moon light; and it is a fine sport. I assure you! If you were to get'
on your horse to-night, about twelve,-for we shall have a bright moon by that hour,-and ride over to the old mill-dam, and take my two dogs with you, you would be sure to get two or three of the cubs on foot almost immediately, and the mother besides; and then you might take a seat upon the rider of a fence, with your great coat well wrapped about you, and your hands in your poskets, and see a fine run. For, at this time of year, they (espccially the young ones;) won't run far from the nest ; but they are apt to play in circles round it, which gives you a chance, in a slear moonlight, to see them twenty times in an hour. And then, when they get tired, Miss Tracy, they have only to pop into the zest, and there they are as snug as you could wish them!"
"I hare read," said Catharine, " of ladies indulging in the sports of the chase; but it would be a great novelty, Mr. Wart, o find one of our sex pursuing such a pastime alone, on the borlers of a desolate marsh, at midnight, and seated, as you propose, on the top-rail of a fence, with her hands in her pockets !"

Here followed a general laugh from the company.
"To make the picture complete," said Harvey Riggs, "couin Kate, you should have a scant mantle of scarlet, and a pipe n your mouth."
" And a broom-stick, I suppose you would say, cousin Harey, instead of a pony," added Catharine.
"When I said you, Miss Tracy," said the counsellor, smiling, I meant Ned Hazard here and his friends, who Irofess to be ond of manly exercises."
"I profess," said Ned, "a sovereign aversion to agues, and n especial proclivity to the comforts of a warm bed." $\qquad$
Towards the hour of sunset the ladies from the Brakes were reparing to return home, and, as the arrangements for the folowing day contemplated a meeting at Mr. Tracy's, we promised 0 assemble there at an early hour. Prudence had yielded to the
entreaties of Catharinc and Bel to accompany them that evenin and a horse was accordingly brought to the door for her. Ou. guests, with this addition, soon afterwards left Swallow Barn.

When we had concluded our evening repast,-that substan tial country meal which it would be altogether inadequate to cal by the feeble, but customary name of tea-the pleasant chang wrought upon the atmosphere by the dew, which in the low country, at this season, falls heavily after night, had, as usual brought the inmates of the house to the doors. Mr. Wart anc Frank Meriwether had taken their seats in the porch; and here dismissing the tone of levity with which the events of the day had been conducted, they fell into a grave conference upon sun dry matters of public concern. The rest of us sat quietly listen ing to the conversation, which became interesting from the sen sible and shrewd character of the interlocutors. Philly Wart nothwithstanding the mixture of jest and almost frivolity, that during the day, had shown itself in his demeanor, now exhibitec the thought and reflection of one versed in the secrets of his na ture, and that keen insight into the merits of men and their ac tions, that can only be gained by extensive intercourse with the world. His remarks had a strong flaror of originality, and al though now and then brought to the verge of the ludicrous by a rash and unsuccessful attempt to be figurative, they were, neverfheless, pithy and forcibly illustrative of his subject. Meriwether, with less pretensions to a knowledge of men, was calm, philosophical and benevolent; his character principally manifesting itsclf in certain kindly prejudices, and in a tone of observation, which, in reference to political conclusions, might be said to be even desponding. Frank has never found the actions of those who administer our government squaring with that lofty virtue which the excellence of his own principles has taught him to exact from all men who aspire to control the interests of society

In fact, he speaks like an ancient stoic, removed from all am. bition to figure on the theatre of life, and quietly observing the tumult of affairs from a position too distant to be reached by the sordid passions that sway the multitude; or, in other words, he discourses like an easy and cultivated country-gentleman.

It was in summing up a train of reflections, in this temper, upon the general aspect of the great political movements of the day, that he concluded-as we broke up our party-
"Well, Mr. Wart, you think better of these things than I do; but, to my mind, there is no satisfaction in this survey. Look which way I may, to the one side or to the other, to me it seems all equally vile and contemptible ; and so, good night!"

## CIIAPTER XXV.

## THE OLD SCHOOL。

I arose on the following morning soon after day-light, and was quietly descending the staircase when I was saluted by the voices of Lucy and Vic, who at this early hour were equipped for the day. They were looking out with some eagerness at the clouds. A heavy rain had fallen during the night, but the eastern horizon was nevertheless tinted with the rosy flush of morning, and the indications were favorable to the dispersion of the few black vapors that still rolled across the heavens. My little cousins soon made me acquainted with the cause of their early appearance. They were to accompany us to the Brakes, and had planned it to ask me to take a seat with them in the carriage, telling me, that if I did not go with them they would be obliged to take Rip, which, as Vic said, "Rip never did like."

I assented heartily to their proposal ; and upon this they fell to dancing round me, and amusing me with a great deal of prattle. They insisted upon my going with them to the stable yard, "just to make sure that uncle Carey was cleaning up the carriage, and getting ready." Here we found the old menial with a bucket of water and sponge, busily employed in the task the little girls had coased him to perform. He was affectionately obliging to his young mistresses, and spoke to them in a tone
that showed how largely he partook of the family interest in them, although it was sufficiently apparent that he deferred but little to their authority.

As soon as breakfast was over, Carey brought the coach to the door. It was a capacious old vehicle, that had known better days, being somewhat faded in its furniture, and still clothed with its original cover of yellow oil-cloth, of which, I suppose, it had never been stripped, although now arrived at the latter stage of its existence. The plainness of this part of the equipage was compensated in a pair of high-mettled, full-blooded chestnut horses, in excellent keeping, but rather light in comparison with the size of the coach to which they were harnessed.

Meriwether having unexpectedly received intelligence that rendered his presence necessary at a remote part of the farm, was obliged to forego his visit to the Brakes; and Ned was aczordingly commissioned by him to make his excuses and act as ais representative. This matter being arranged, and all things peing in readincss for our departure, Mr. Wart, attended by Ned Hazard and Rip, set out on horseback; whilst the tro little firls and myself took our seats in the carriage, and old Carey, nounting the box, put off his horses at a brisk speed.

As we ascended the hill, and came in full view of the manfion house at the Brakes, we could observe Mr. Tracy walking backward and forward with his arms behind him, on a level plat the door ; and as soon as our party attracted his attention, he ras seen to halt, with his hat raised off his head, and held in such manner as to shield his eyes from the sun, until we got near nough for recognition. There was an unwonted alacrity in his alutations; and he helped Luey and Vic from the carriage himelf, with a gallantry that showed the cheerful state of his feelngs, not forgetting to take a kiss from each as he handed them o the door.

When we entered the house, Harvey Riggs and Bel wert observed walking leisurely up the lawn, from the direction of the river. At a parlor window sat Catharine and Prudence, in ar absorbing conversation with Mr. Swansdown, who was apparently regaling his interested auditors with a narrative of deep attraction and perhaps it may have been an idle preconception of mine, but I thought Prudence, especially, listened with a more intelligeni and changeful sympathy than was her wont. What was the topic: and in what language urged, $I$ am altogether ignorant; but to my prejudiced vision it seemed that either the story or the speaker had charmed "never so wisely."

In describing the mansion house at the Brakes, in a former chapter, I have informed my reader that it is without arehitectural embellishment. One front faces the river, from which it is separated by a long, sloping, and unshaded hill. At the foot of this slope the bank of the river is some eight or ten feet above the water, and is clothed with a screen of native shrubbery. The road winds round the hill from the river, so as to approach the house on the opposite side. This front of the dwelling differs widely from that I have described. Its plainness is relieved by a portico supported by stuccoed columns, massive and rough, and over which the second story of the building projects, so as to form a small apartment that has rather a grotesque appearance,-as it may be said to resemble a box perched upon a four-legged stool. This superstructure is built of wood painted blue, though a good deal weather-beaten; and it is illustrated with a large bowwindow in the front, surrounded with a heavy white cornice filled with modillions and other old-fashioned ornaments: it strikes the observer as an appendage to the edifice of questionable utility, and as somewhat incongruous with the prevailing simplieity that characterizes the exterior of the mansion. A range of offices, old, and interpolated with modern additions, sweeps
rectangularly along the brow of the hill, and shows the ample provision made for the comforts of solid housekecping. The whole of this quarter is thickly emborered with trees, amongst which the line of lombardy poplars, that I have before had oceasion to notice, is marshalled along the avenue, from the mansion downwards, like a gigantic array of sylvan grenadiers. Over all the grounds in the vicinity of the buildings an air of neatness prevails, even to an extent that might be called pedantic.

The interior of the house is in full contrast with i:s outward appearance, and shows the relics of a costly grandeur. The rooms are large, and decorated with a profusion of wood-work, chiselled into the gorgeous forms of ancient pomp. The doors have huge pediments above them with figures carved upon the entablatures; garlands of roses, as stiff as petrifactions, are moulded, with a formal grace, upon the jambs of the window-frames; and the mantel-pieces are thickly embossed with odd little mythological monsters, as various as the metamorphoses of Ovid. The walls are enriched with a fretted cornice, in the frieze of which cupids, satyrs and fauns are taking hands, and seem to be dancing country dances through thickets of nondescript regetables. The fireplaces are noble monuments of ancient hespitality; stately and vast, and on either side of them are deep recesses, surmounted by ornamented arches, and lighted by windows that look. out from the gable-ends of the building.

The furniture of these apartments retains the vestiges of a corresponding splendor. The tables seem to have turned into iron from age, and are supported upon huge, crooked legs; the chairs, sofas, firescreens, and other articles of embellishment, though damaged by time, still afford glimpses of the lacker and varnish that gare effulgence to their days of glory. Amongst these remnants of the old time I recognized, with an affectionate interest, two elliptical mirrors,-no doubt the marvel of the
country when they first reached this strand,-set in frames of tarnished gilt, and curiously carved into droll resemblances of twisted serpents, each swallowing his own tail.

I must return from, this digression to continue my narrative of the important affair that had now brought us to the Brakes.

From an early hour, Mr. Tracy had been in a state of agitated spirits with the thoughts of the arbitration. Although his zeal had latterly subsided, it had been waked up by the recent movements, like a snake at the return of spring. The old gentleman rises from his bed, at all seasons, with the dawn of day ; but this morning he was observed to make an unusual stir. It was remarked that his dress was even more scrupulously adjusted than ordinarily; the ruffles of his sleeves protruded over his hands with a more pregnant strut; his cravat was drawn, if possible, tighter round his neck; and his silvery hair was combed back into the small, taper cue that played upon his cape, with a sleekness that indicated more minute attention to personal decoration than the family were accustomed to expect. He is the very picture of a man for a law-suit. His tall figure and care-worn face have such an emaciated air! and when to this is added the impression made by his tight, brown kerseymere small-clothes, and his long, stocking-like boots, buttoned by straps to his knees, and the peculiar capacity of stride which this costume discloses, we have the personation of a man eminently calculated to face the biting blast of the law, or to worm through the intrieacies of a tangled and long-winded suit, with the least possible personal obstruction.

Harvey Riggs told us that Mr. Tracy had scarcely eaten any breakfast, being in that fidgety state of mind that takes away the the appetite ; and, what was a little out of his common behavior, he was even jocose upon the existing relations betwixt himself and Meriwether. It was also observable that, notwithstanding
this elevation of spirits, he occasionally broke out into a slight expression of peevishness when any thing balked his humor. It fell upon Ned Hazard to encounter one of these passing rebukes, as will appear in the dialogue I am about to detail.

Mr. Tracy has reached that age at which old persons lose sight of the true relations of socicty. He considers all men, not yet rrived at middle age, as mere hair-brained boys; and does not seruple, especially in matters of business, to treat them accordingly. I believe he is of opinion that Frank Mcriwether himself has searcely attained to manhood. But as for Ned Hazard, or even Harvey Riggs, he thinks them not yot out of their teens. This temper is apparent when the old gentleman experiences any contradiction; for he is then apt to become dogmatic and peremptory, and sometimes a little harsh. But he likes Ned very well; and frequently, when he is in good humor, laughs at his pranks, until the tears come into his cyes, and roll over his dry checks, like vinegar trickling over a picce of leather.

Now it happens that Ned stands precisely in that category which renders him nervously solicitous to appear well in the eyes of Mr. Tracy. He is sadly aware that Bel's father has taken up an idea that he is a thoughtless, unballasted youth, and utterly deficient in those thrifty business-habits which are most pleasing to the contemplation of age; and he is therefore perpetually making awkward attempts to produce a different opinion. My reader has perhaps already had occasion to remark that Ned's character is utterly inauspicious to the management of such a matter. He is purblind to all the consequences of his own conduct, and as little calculated to play the politician as a child.

When the gentlemen of our party had gathered together, Mr. Tracy was anxious that no time shonld be lost to the prejudice of the principal concern of our meeting; and having announced this, he was approached by Ned, who, with a solemn face,-endearoring
to assume as much of the look of a negotiator as he was able, made a formal communication of the cause of Meriwether's absence, and of the arrangement that he himself was to appear as the representative of Swallow Barn. Mr. Tracy did not like it; he could not imagine how any domestic engagement could claim precedence over one so important as this. He was on the verge of saying so ; but, as if struck with a sudden thought, he paused, stared at Ned, without uttering a word, grasped his nether lip with his left hand, and fell into a study. Ned stood by, looking as respectfully as he could. The conclusion was favorable; for the old gentleman brightened up, and delivered himself, with some hesitation, pretty much in this way:-
"Well, well! It is all right that you should give your attention to this matter. We old follss labor altogether for the young; and they that come after us must live and learn. I wish I could make my Ralph feel the interest he ought to take in this subject; but he is wayward, and plays his own game. As to you, Mr. Hazard, although you are young and thoughtless, and not of an age to take care of your property, this may be said to be your own case, sir, seeing that you are the heir to Swallow Barn under your father's will. And I am told Mr. Meriwether is clearing the track for you; he is wiping off the incumbrances. So it is your own case you have to look after."
"For my part, Mr. Tracy," replied Ned, with a timid deference, and with a singular want of shrewdness, considering the person le addressed, "I have never seen the use of this controversy. Our family ought to have given up to you, rather than trouble the courts with such an inconsiderable matter. I have always expressed my willingness to end the affair by making you a deed."
"Young gentleman," - said Mr. Tracy, rather briskly, and looking with an air of surprise at Ned, "you reckon without
your host if you consider this a matter of acres at all. Your father, sir, and I had an honest difference of opinion ; he thought he was right; I thought I was; and we both knew that the other would expend twenty times the value of the land, before he would take an inch of it but as a matter of right. I am not accustomed to take up or put down opinions upon light grounds. In such matters I do not count the cost. A deed, sir!"-
"I beg pardon," replied Ned.confusedly, and alarmed by this flash of temper, which set him, like a boy who has mistaken the mood of his master, to a specdy recantation. "You mistook my maning,-I meant to say-"
"Yes, yes," interrupted the old gentleman, relapsing into the opposite tone of kindness, as if aware that his feelings had been unnecessarily roused, "so I suppose, my young friend! You are but a novice in the world ; but you know Isaac Tracy well enough to be quite certain that he does not fling away five hundred pounds,-aye, twice five hundred,--to maintain his title to a bed of splatterdocks, unless there was something at the bottom of the dispute that belonged to his character."

This remark was concluded with an emotion that amounted almost to a laugh ; and so completely reassured Ned, as to embolden him to venture upon a joke.
"Such character," said Ned, "is like the goose in the fable; it lays golden eggs."
"And there is nothing in it when you cut it up, Mr. Edward, that is what you were going to say," added the old gentleman, greatly amused with the remark. "You are a facetious young gentleman. You say pretty sharp things now and then, Edward, and don't spare such old codgers as I, ha, ha!" he continued, laughing, and tapping Ned familiarly on the back. "Why, what a plague! Here we are wasting our time with this merry Ned Hazard, when we ought to be at our business. Dogs
take you, for a jester as you are!" he exclaimed, jogging Ned with his elbow. "You will trick us out of our proper vocation with a laugh, would ye! Harvey, call Mr. Swansdown from the parlor; tell him he must leave the women; we have our hands full."

After this burst from the old gentleman, he opened a door that admitted us to a small room which he calls his study. It is an inner shrine that is deemed a prohibited spot to the members of the household, as the key of it is generally carried in Mr. Tracy's own pocket. This apartment is so characteristic of its inhabitant, that I must take advantage of my introduction to it, to make my reader acquainted with its general appearance.

Some heavy volumes in quarto, such as constituted the guise in which the best authors of Queen Anne's time were accustomed to be exhibited to the public, were scattered over a range of shelves that occupied one side of the room. There was one large window only to the apartment, through which the sun flung a broad light, that served to heighten the forlorn impression made by the obsolete and almost shabby air of the furniture ; on the sill of this window a collection of pods and garden seeds were laid out to be dried. In another quarter of the room, a shelf was appropriated to the accommodation of a motley assemblage of old iron, of which the principal pieces were rusty hinges, bolts, screws, bridle-bits, stirrups, and fragments of agricultural implements; and upon the floor, below these, stood a chest of tools. The fireplace had a ragged appearance, being strewed with seraps of paper and other rubbish, and upon one side of it was placed an old-fashioned secretary, with a lid like the roof of a house. One or two paintings, too obscure to be guessed at, hung over the mantel-piece; and on the wall near the door, was suspended an almost illegible map of Virginia. A small table was opened out in the middle of the floor, and provided with a writing appara.
is; around this table were three or four broad, high-backed lahogany chairs, with faded crimson seats stuck round with brass ails. The cobwebs on tarious parts of the walls, and the nelected aspect of the room, showed it to be an apartment not wheh resorted to or used by the old gentleman, except as a mere lace of deposit for lumber.

When Mr. Swansdown, at Harrey's summons, made his apearance, our friend Philly Wart indulged in some little raillery pon the mischances of the day before, and accused the sentimenal gentleman of deserting him ; but finding old Mr. Tracy alaady provided with a mass of documents, and standing ready, ith spectacles on nose, to plunge into the middle of affairs, the everal parties sat down and addressed themselves to their tasks ke men determined to make an end of matters. Ned put on a urcical gravity, and began to rummage over the papers, as if he as thoroughly acquainted with every document in the bundle, ntil Mr. Tracy, raising his glasses up to his forehead, asked im, with a fretful earnestness, what he was in search of. This imple interrogatory, and the look that accompanied it, so disconerted the representative of Swallow Barn, that he was obliged o reply, for lack of something better to say, that " he was lookag for nothing in particular !"
"I thought so, by your haste," said the old gentleman, as he rought his spectacles back to their original position. Ned, to onceal his confusion, picked up a large sheet of parchment, and et about reading its contents regularly through from the beginhing.

As soon as we saw this little wittenagemote fairly at work rith the lawsuit, Harvey and myself quictly stole array, not, 1owever, without receiving a glance from Ned Hazard, who turned nis head and gave us a look of sly perplexity as we disappeared it the door.

The ladies had retired to their rooms. Ralph had takes away our young cavalier Rip to the river ; and being thus left t. ourselves, Harvey and I sat down at the front door, attracted b: the commanding view of the scenery, and the appearance of: large ship that, with all her canvas spread, was winging her wa: round the headlands of the James River, towards the Atlantic.

In this situation, Harvey gave me the particulars of th scene I am about to describe in the next chapter.

## CHAPTER XXVI.

## THE RAKING HAWK。

I said that when we arrived at The Brakes, Bel and Harvey Riggs were seen approaching the house from a distance. The morning was still cool from the eraporation of the dew before the rays of the sun. A pleasant breeze swept across the lawn from the direction of the river. Bel was leaning upon Harrey's arm in earnest conversation ; her face shaded by a kind of hood, of green silk, and her dress such as ladies wear in the earlier part of the day, before they perform the more studied labors of the toilet; it was of a light fabric, neatly fitted to her person. Exercise had thrown a healthy hue over her cheek; and the fresh breeze fluttering amongst the folds of her dress imparted an idea of personal comfort that accorded with the coolness of the costume, and the blooming countenance of its wearer. It did not escape my notice, that her foot, which is exceedingly well shaped, appeared to great advantage in an accurately fitted shoe, bound to her ankle with black ribbons laced across stockings of spotless white. Her exterior was altogether remarkable for a becoming simplicity of attire, and seemed to speak that purity of taste which is the most beautiful and attractive quality in the character of a woman.

I must admonish my reader that, as my design in this work
has been simply to paint in true colors the scenes of domestic life as I have found them in Virginia, I do not scruple to record whatever has interested me ; and if, perchance, my story should not advance according to the regular rules of historico-dramatic composition to its proper conclusion, I do not hold myself accountable for any misadventure on that score. I sketch with a careless hand; and must leave the interest I excite-if such a thing may be-to the due development of the facts as they come within my knowledge. For the present, I have to tell what Harvey Riggs and Bel had been concerning themselves about, before we met them in the hall. If any thing is to grow out of it hereafter, it is more than I know.

It had been hinted to me from two or three quarters, but principally by Ned Hazard, and I believe I have said as much to my reader in some former chapter, that Bel Tracy is a little given to certain romantic fancies, such as country ladies who want excitement and read novels are apt to engender. Her vivacity and spirit show themselves in the zeal with which she ever cultivates the freaks that take possession of her mind. For some time past, she had devoted her time to training a beautiful marshhawk, a bird resembling the short-winged hawk known by the name of the hen-harrier in the old books, and had nurtured it with her own hand from its callow state. By an intimacy of onc year she had rendered this bird so docile, that, at her summons, he would leave a large wicker eage in which he was ordinarily imprisoned, and which was suspended from an old mulberry-tree in the yard, to perch upon her wrist. The pieturesque association of falconry with the stories of an age that Walter Scott has rendered so bewitching to the fancy of meditative maidens, had inspired Bel with an especial ardor in the attempt to reclaim her bird. In her pursuit of this object she had picked up some gleanings of the ancient lore that belonged to the art ; and, fan-
astic as it may seem, began to think that her unskilful efforts rould be attended with success. Hor hawk, it is true, had not been taught to follow his quarry, but he was manned-as Bel aid of him-in all such exercises as made him a fit companion or a lady. She had provided him with leather bewets, that butoned round his legs, and to each of these was attached a small ilver bell. A silver ring, or varvel, was fitted to one leg, and n it was engraved the name of her favorite, copied from some ld tale, "Fairbourne," with the legend attached, "I live in my ady's gracc." I know not what other foppery was expended upn her minion; but I will warrant he went forth in as conceited rray as his "lady's-grace" could devise for him. A lady's arorite is not apt to want gauds and jewels.

Immediately after breakfast, Bel stole forth alone to Fairourne's perch. She held in her hand a pair of leather jesses, a pash, and a ball of fine cord, which she termed a creance. Now, he thought that had taken possession of her brain was, to slip ff with Fairbourne into the field, and give him a flight; a privige that he had never enjoyed during the whole period of his hraldom. Bel supposed that by fastening the jesses to his legs, -or I should say, speaking like one versed in the mystery, his rms, -and the leash to the jesses, and the creance to that, Fairourne would be as secure in the empyrean as on his perch : she ad only to manage him as a boy manages his kite. Her purose, however, was to try the first experiment alone, and, upon s success, she designed to surprise her risitors, as well as the mily, with the rare entertainment of a hawking scene.

As she stood under the mulberry-tree, looking at Fairbourne ring at the limb of a pullet, or, in other words, whetting his oracious appetite with the raw leg of a chicken, and had just patched the morsel from his beak to make him the more keen, [arvey Riggs accidentally came into the porch, and, stooping
down, picked up from the floor a strange resemblance of a bir compacted of leather and feathers.
"What child's toy is this, Bel?" cried he, loud enough $t$ startle the lady with the question. "What crotchet have you i your head now?"
"Pray, cousin Harvey, come this way;" said she, turnin round with the hawk upon her hand. "It is my lure; bring to me, for I want your help. I am going to give Fairbourne holiday. You shall see him presently dabbling his wing in yoi der cloud."

Harvey approached with the lure in his hand; and Bel, pa ting the bird upon the back, as he alternately. stretched out fir one wing, and then the other, along his leg,-in the action know by the name of mantling,--explained her whole design to h cousin. Then binding on the jesses, with the leash and creanc each made fast to the other, she sallied out upon the lawn, attend by her squire, until she reached a spot at a distance from any tri where she intimated to Harvey that she would now let Fa bourne fly.
"But if he should not come back, Bel ?" inquired Harri "For it seems to me not altogether so safe to trust to his love his perch, or even of his mistress; although in that he is not my mind. In spite of your lure, which I know is a great temp tion to some persons, my pretty cousin, there are creatures tl prefer the open world to your hand, strange as it may seem!"
"Is not here my creance?" asked Bel, in reply. "And th when the lure fails, have I not only to pull the string ?"
"Your light flax is not so strong as a wild bird's love of fr dom," said Harvey.
"Ah, cousin, you forget that Fairbourne is a gallant bird, \& loves to hear me call him. I will whistle him down witht compulsion. Now, mark how loth he is to leave my hand," c.
tinued Bel, rapidly endeavoring to cast the bird off, who, instead of flying, merely spread his wings with a motion necessary to preserve his balance. At length, she succeeded in disengaging him from her hand, when, instead of mounting into the air, he tamely lit upon the ground some ferv paces from her feet.
"Oh villain Fairbourne!" cried Inarvey, " you grovel when you should soar."
"This comes of my not hooding him," said Bel. "But it scemed so crucl to pass a thread through his eyclids,-which is called seeling, and must be done before he would bear the hood,that I could not think of it. I don't believe those ladies of the old time could have been so very tender-hearted. Cousin, if he will not fly, the direction is to strike at him with your wand."
" Which means my foot," said Harvey, " so, master Fairbourne, up, or my wand shall ruflle your feathers for you !" With these words, Harvey approached the bird, and, striking at him with his boot, lad the satisfaction to see him spring briskly from the ground, and mount into the air with a rapid, bickering flight. He took his course against the wind, and, as he ascended, Bel played out her line, with rapturous exclamations of pleasure at the sight of her petted bird flinging himself aloft with such a spirited motion. When he had risen to the utmost reach of his creance, he was observed to dart and wheel through the air in every variety of perplexed motion, canceliering-as it was anciently termedin graceful circles through the atmosphere, and turning, with quick flashes, the bright lining of his wings to the sum. It was beautiful to look upon the joyous bird gambolling at this lordly height, and the graceful girl watching his motions with a countenance of perfect transport.
"To my thinking," said Harrey, " Fairbourne is so well pleased with his pastime that he will not be very willing to return."
"Oh, you shall see!" cried Bell; " I can lure' my tassel-gentle back again.' Look you now, cousin, here is Fairbourne shall come back to me like a spaniel !"

Saying this, she fiourished her lure in the air, and called out the words of her customary salutation to the hawk as loud as she was able. "He sees and hears with extraordinary acuteness," she continued, as she still waved the lure above her head, "and will obey presently."
"Faith, if he hears or sees, he does not heed!" said Harrey
"He has been so overfed with delicacies," replied Bel, a little disappointed at receiving no token of recognition, "that it is nc wonder this lure has no charms for him. My whistle he neres neglects."

Upon this, she put a small ivory pipe to her mouth, and bler a shrill note.
"You overrate your authority, Bel," said her cousin. "Fair bourne has no ear for music. He is fit for treason, stratagen and spoils."
"The wretch !" exclaimed Bel, playfully. "Does he dare def. my whistle! then, master, I must need take a course with you there is some virtue in fetters, however, when milder means fai So come down, scapegrace, and answer to your mistress for you truant behavior! Aha! you obey now!" she added exultingl? as she drew in the line, and compelled her hawk to dart towari the earth.
"After all," said Harvey, " there is no persuasion like a strin Trust me, a loop upon hawk or lover, coz, is safer than a lure ar day."
"It did not require the flight of a silly bird to teach me that said Bel, smiling, " or why did I bring this long line into the fic with me ?"

At this moment, Fairbourne had almost reached the grous

py a swift flight that far outsped Bel's exertions, assisted by Harrey, to draw him down: then, skimming along the surface of the ield with the slackened cord, he suddenly shot upwards with uch vigor as to snap the string; and, frightened by the jerk that evered his fetters, he arose with an alarmed motion, to a soaring height, and then shaped his career direetly up the river.

Bcl and Harvey watched the retreating bird in equal amazenent, as he winged his flight across the woody promontories in Le distance, until he was reduced to a mere speck upon the sky.

Bel's emotion was one of mortification, not unmingled with dmiration at the arrow-like swiftness with which her favorite ped from her hand. Harvey's was wonder, whether a bird urtured in such household familiarity would soar so far from is accustomed haunts as to render his return hopeless.
"I can see him yet," said Harrey, straining his sight up the iver, "and, if I am not mistaken, he has darted down to perch tear Swallow Barn."
" He will come back," muttered Bel, in a distrusting tone of oice, and with a look of dejection, "I know he will come back! wothing that I have tended so kindly would desert me."
"Make yourself easy, my dear cousin," replied Harvey, " he elongs to an ungrateful tribe, and is not worth reclaiming."
" I could sit down and cry," said Bel.
"You should laugh ratber, to think," replied her cousin, "what $n$ arrant coxcomb you have sent abroad amongst the crows and ingfishers of the river. He, with his jangling bells, and his ilver ring and dainty apparel! A marvellous fopling he will oake in the sedate cireles of owls and buzzards! I should not be urprised if, in three days' time, he should be whipped out of all ;ood society in the woods, and be fain to come back to his perch, s torn-down and bedraggled as a certain other favorite of yours, rho took refuge at The Brakes yesterday."
"Fie, cousin!" exclaimed Bel, laughing, " what harm has poo Mr. Swansdown done, that you should rail at him?"
"True," said Harvey; "if you had deigned to cast a loop round him, he would not have fled so willingly."
"What shall I do ?" asked Bel.
"I will tell Ned Hazard," said Harvey. "This is an inciden in his line. Ned has not yet killed seven dragons in your service and therefore you frown upon him. So, pray let me put hims is the way to signalize himself. He shall bring back Fairbourne, i the renegade is to be found in the Old Dominion."
"I would not give him the trouble," said Bel, carelessly.
"I will," replied Harvey; " and by way of quickening his mc tion, will tell him that you would take it kindly."
"I am sure," said Bel, "Edward would do any thing I migk ask of him."
"He would delight in it," replied Harvey. "He is mo: horribly in love. The search after this hawk would be occupatic for him: it would divert his melancholy."
"Oh, cousin Harvey Riggs!" cried Bel with great animatio "to say that Ned Hazard is melancholy, or in love either, aft what we heard on the bank of the river the other day, when $r$ surprised him and Mr. Littleton!"
"Melancholy,-that is, your love-melancholy,-wears dive antics," said Harvey. "Ned was beguiling his sorrows in mus which is very common, as you will find, in all the old romanc It was one of the excesses of his passion, Bel."
"To be singing my name in doggerel couplets on the hi $\varepsilon_{\varepsilon}$ way! I assure you I don't forgive him for such passion !" int rupted the other.
"If the gods have not made him poetical," replied Harr, "you should not blame him for that."
"Talk to me of my harvk, cousin, and pray spare your jes ; for you sce I need comfort."
"Ned," said Harrey, " is all the comfort I can give you, and f he does not bring back Fairbourne, I would advise you to take he miserable swain himself."
"Why do you talk to me so?" asked Bel.
"To tell you the truth," replied Harvey, "I have a reason for t. Ned, you know, is a good fellow. And here,-what is very natural,- he has fallen in love. He could not help that, you now! Well, it makes him silly, as it makes every man, except hose who are so by nature, and they grow wise upon it. He is fraid to talk to you, because his heart gets in his mouth, and hokes him. I can see plainly enough what he wishes to say, and herefore I am determined, as you are my cousin, to say it for im. He wishes to tell you, that as you are inexorable, he has ade up his mind to leave this country with Mark Littleton; and hen, heaven knows where the poor fellow will go!"
" If no man was ever more in love than Ned Hazard," answered 3el, "the "world would be sadly in want of romances. Why, ousin, it is impossible for him to be in earnest long enough to am up his own thoughts upon the subject."
" How little do you know," cried Harvey, " of my poor friend Ted! !
"Know him, cousin!" exclaimed Bel, laughing, " you won't e so rash as to say Ned Hazard is a man of mystery? Why he s mirth itself."
" You mistake his madness for mirth, Bel ; he is distracted, nd, therefore, unaccountable for his actions."
"You are as mad as he, cousin Harrey. That is a pretty ind of love that plays off such merry-andrew tricks as Ned's hummery, with you to back him! Your tragedy of the Babes a the Woorl, and your serenades under our windows, look very auch like the doings of a distracted lover! Give me a man of everential manners and dignity for a lover. Now, you know, Ned has none of that, cousin."
"Bel, you are as mad as cither Ned or myself," exclaimed Harvey with a laugh, and taking both of Bel's hands ; " you will marry some grave rogue or dull pedant, after all!"
"Cousin Harvey, I will not be catechized any longer," interrupted Bel impatiently ; "here I come to fly a hawk, and lo, you engage me in a parley about Ned Hazard!"
"Well," replied Harvey, "I have discharged my duty. I see Ned is in a bad way. Poor devil! he ought never to have fallen in love. But it was not his fault. I thought it but just to tell you what I feared. Ned will leave us: and who knows but he may take another trip around the Horn! He will then throw himself into the great struggle for freedom in that hemisphere become a general, of course ; push his conquests across the Andes and perhaps, reaching the heights of Chimborazo, will fall in somı splendid battle, having first engraved with his sword the name $0^{\circ}$ the cold Bel Tracy upon the ice of the glacier. And there h will leave that mighty mountain to tell posterity how burnin $i_{i}$ was his love, how frozen was his mistress! Now, there's dignit and superlative sentiment both for you! Let Swansdown him self beat that if he can!"
"Why what an irreclaimable jester are you !" cried Bel ; " do not wonder that Edward Hazard should be so little seriou with such a companion!"
"Then, Bel, you do not like him?"
" On the contrary," replied Bel, "I like him exceedingly as well as a brother. But depend upon it, I cannot entertai him in any other relation, until perhaps-"
"He has learned to be more sentimental and scrupulous his behavior," interrupted her cousin.
"At least," said Bel, in a more serious manner, and evident as if she felt what she said, " until he ceases to jest upon me."
"That's in coufidence," said Harvey ; "I muderstand yc

Ted has some schooling to go through yet. At all events, he hust not leave Swallow Barn."
"If you are in earnest, cousin,-for indeed I do not know how 0 take you,-and he thinks of such a thing, I should be very orry for it," said Bel.

During this conversation, Bel had taken Harvey's arm, and hey had wandered towards the bank of the river, and from sence homeward, so much engrossed with the topics that Harvey ad brought into discussion, that Bel gradually forgot her hawk, ad fell into a confidential communion upon a subject that was earer to her feclings than she chose to confess. The particuurs of this further discourse, which was continued until they ad reached the house, after our arrival at The Brakes, was not 11 related to me by Harvey; but the impression made upon his ind was, that Ned Hazard had not taken the pains to conliate Bel's favor, which the value of the prize deserved. He id not doubt that she had an affection for him; but still, she poke as if there were prejudices to be overcome, and scruples to e conquered, which stood in the way of her decision. Harvey's bject, under all his levity of manner, was to ascertain whether ed's quest was hopeless or otherwise ; and he had therefore vailed himself of the adventure of the hawk, to draw her thoughts to the current indicated in the above conversation. His conusion from it all was, that Ned must either reform his behavr towards Bel, or relinquish his pretensions. Harvey added, Ned is falling rapidly into that privileged intimacy that is fatal , the pretensions of a lover. This jesting, careless friendship ill lodge him, in a short time, high and dry upon a shoal in her gard, where he will become a permanent and picturesque landark. He will acquire the enviable distinction of a brother, as re begins to call him already, and he will be certain to bo sited to her wedding."

## CHAPTER XXVII.

## THE AWARD.

Whilst Harvey and myself were still discours.ng over the m: ters I have imperfectly brought to my reader's attention in $t$ last chapter, Ned Hazard opened the door of the study, and car towards us, with an animated step and a countenance full of m riment. He told us, with much boasting, of his own partici] tion in the exploit, and of the inestimable value of his servic that the old family lawsuit, which had been so tempest-tost a weather-beaten, was at length happily towed into port: that $t$ Apple-pic was once more elevated to the rank of a front stream, upon whose banks the whilom hostile clans of the Tra and the Hazard might now assemble in peace: that after wadi through a sea of manuscript to oblige Mr. Traey, and heari many wise legal apothegms from his lips, and turning Swa: down's brain topsy-turvy with points and discriminations, mert to prevent him from marring the decision, Mr. Wart had s ceeded in bringing the matter to a close, and was now busy drawing up a formal judgment upon the case. "Philly," c tinued Ned, "is like to suffer injury from retention. It is । much as he can do to prevent himself from bursting out inti. horse-laugh at every line he writes. But he is, I believe, sol what oyerawed by Mr. Tracy, who takes the whole matter ;
gravely as if it were a state business. The best of it is, Swansdown is in doubt as to the propriety of the decision, and, with very little encouragement, would bring in a verdict against The Brakes. Philly's whole endeavor, for the last hour, has therefore been to mystify the case in such a manner as to keep Swansdown from insisting upon the inquiry, whether the mill-pond oozed away in a series of years, or was carried of by some violent accident. Now, you know it is a fact of common notoriety, that it was swept off in a tremendous flood. Philly, finding Swansdown likely to dwell on this circumstance, has made a masterly diversion upon a point of law that has happily quieted the gentleman's scruples. He says, the act of God works no man injury, and that if the dam has been swept away suddenly, it makes no difference, because it would have wasted away at any rate, by this time ; and that it is extremely probable it was very much diminished before the flood; that if, therefore, it was not an absolute, imperceptible decrease, it was quasi a decrease of that nature. I think Philly has written something of this sort in his report. This jargon has so confounded Swansdown, as to set him to gazing at the ceiling in a brown study, and has thrown Mr. Tracy into an ecstasy of admiration at Philly's learning and acuteness. All this time, however; Mr. Wart has had his mouth puckered up with repressed laughter, which so affected me, that I could not remain in the room. I have drunk half a dozen glasses of water; and have been thrumming my fingers against the window-panes ever since this debate has been in agitation, merely to escape notice. Mr. Tracy has, in consequence, given me some sharp rebukes for my inattention to the momentous principles that Philly has been expounding. In short, I was obliged to make my escape."
" Will they admit bystanders," asked Harvey, " to be present at the deliberation?"
"Oh! cheerfully," replied Ned; " but you must be very care ful how you behave. Mr. Tracy is in the most nervous state imaginable. He is greatly delighted with the result of the trial; but I don't think he is quite satisfied with Philly's waiving an opinion upon the points of law connected with the deed. It is a little curious to observe how pertinaciously the old gentleman adheres to his notion of the facts. He has twenty times asserted that the site of the mill-dam was never surveyed: and there they have the very document of the survey itself, which is shown te him every time he makes the assertion; he looks at it, and, as we all suppose, is convinced;-but, in the next minute, commen ces anew with the same objection. I remarked that at length he began to get out of humor at this sort of contradiction."
"The old gentleman," said Harvey, " is turning a little sous with age. His temperament is growing chilly ; his constitutior resembles that waterish, gravelly soil that you see sometime: around a spring, where nothing grows but sheep-sorrel."

In a few moments we all repaired to the study. Philly War and Swansdown were standing together, at the moment of ou: entrance, in one corner of the room. The former held in his hane a sheet of paper upon which the award was written, and wa silently reading it over, whilst his features expressed that comi perturbation which a man surprised by some droll incident in : church might be supposed to wear. He looked at us, upon ou approach, from beneath his spectacles, as his chin rested upor his waistcoat, and smiled, but read on. Swansdown's face wor that air of gravity and doubt, which I can fancy was legible is the countenances of the signers of the Declaration of Indepen dence, after they had put their names to that important docu ment. At the table, with his back to these two, sat Mr. Traey with a silk handkerchief folded and laid upon his head, to guar him against the brecze that blew in through the window. Hi
hands were spread flat upon the board, in such a manner as to throw his elbows directly outwards from his body; and he was casting a keen glance over the field of papers that lay unfolded before him. As soon as he was amare of our approach, he raised his head, looked at us with an expression of good humor, and remarked, with his usual slow and distinct utterance,-
"Our friends have had a serious job of it to-day," nodding towards the papers strewed over the table, " but I believe, by dint of perseverance, we have reached the bottom at last."

We offered him our congratulations upon the event; but he absolutely refused to allow us to express any pleasure at his success, lest it might be considered as triumphing over his friend Meriwether. He declared that moderation in victory was a sentiment that he desired particularly to evince in this case ; and he therefore checked our adrances with a gravity that made us laugh. The old gentleman, however, was too full of his victory to preserve his consistency in this humor; for when Harvey Riggs insinuated a compliment to his judgment, by reminding him that he had frequently predicted the result, whenerer this case should come to be fairly considered, he laughed outright for some moments, with his hand across his eyes, and concluded by saying-
"I am not apt to take up fancies unadvisedly. I generally reflect upon my grounds. But, dogs take our friend Wart! he is for pruning the case so much, that he must needs slur over all my law touching the phrascology of the deed. Ha, ha, ha! I see his drift: he will spare our friend Meriwether. Well, well! it is quite immaterial what shot brings down the pigeon, so that we get him, ha, ha, ha !"
"A good judge," said Mr. Wart, speaking from the spot where we first found him, " will never decide more than the case requires. I am not apt to deal in obiter dicta."
"The commonwealth has done you injustice, Mr. Wart," sai Mr. Tracy; "you should have been on the bench long ago."
"I am afraid my chance has gone for ever now," replie. Philly, " for here Mr. Swansdown and myself have overruled tt. opinions of the whole Court of Appeals."
"These courts are obstinate bodies," said the old gentlemar "it is a difficult thing to bring them to reason, when they har once got a fantasy into their brains. And now, Mr. Wart, pre favor the gentlemen with the reading of your award."
" I will," said Philly, "if I can make out my own scrawl.
has been a rapid business. We have administered justice velis , vatis, I may say, considering the nature of the case, and the tin we have been at it."

Upon this, Philly began to read aloud. The document in l hand, although hastily prepared, was drawn out with all ti technical verbiage that belonged to the nature of such an instr ment. It gave a bricf history of the controversy from the col mencement, which part Philly ran over with a hurried voic but he assumed a more deliberate manner when he came to $t$ grounds of the decision, stating, "that the said arbitrators, ho ing duly considered all and singular the letters, declarations writing, and other papers touching the exposition of the intent the said parties, and their motives for making and receiving $t$ said grant, and also duly considering the deeds appertaini thereunto, and all other matters connected therewith, have n found it necessary to declare their opinion upon the true inte. and effect in law of the said deeds, by reason that certain far and matters in evidence have come to the knowledge of the sal arbitrators, whereby the original proprietary rights and relatio of the said parties litigant-"
"I wish you would change that word 'litigant,' Mr. War said Mr. Tracy, who during the reading of the award sat isteni :
with fixed attention, and nodding his head, somewhat in the manaer of one kceping time in a concert: "I don't like that word; it would imply that Mr. Meriwether and myself have been litiyious, which is too strong a term."

Philly turned up his eyes with a queer expression, inclined his head sidewise, and raised one shoulder so as to touch his ear.
-"I wish you would say, 'of the parties laying claim to the land in dispute ;' I think that would be better."
"As you please," replicd Philly, approaching the table, and hltering the phrase in conformity with this suggestion.
-"Of the said parties claiming the land in dispute," confinued the counsellor, "have grown to be dependent upon the orinciples of law brought into view by the said facts and matters in evidence: which said facts and matters in evidence show that the said mill-dam, herein abovementioned, was originally bounded by courses and distances, as laid off and descriked in the survey thereof by a certain Jeremiah Perkins, made under the direction of the said Gilbert Tracy and Edward Hazard, as appears by the said survey filed in the proceedings in this case."
"I don't think the site of the dam was laid off by course and distance," said Mr. Tracy, interrupting the lawyer.
"The paper is here," replied Philly, stooping over the table, and producing it.

Mr. Tracy took it, and put it down again. "It must be a spurious document that," he remarked gravely.

The truth was, this paper, which had been always kept at Swallow Barn, presented a fact that completely overthrew one of Mr. Tracy's strongest positions, namely, that as the deed granted so much land only as might be used by the dam, the portion granted was necessarily mutable, and incapable of being confined to specific boundaries. This document of the survey, therefore, offended his sight whenever it was produced. And as it
had but recently been brought to his consideration, he had pon dered too long over the case, in its other aspects, to be able $t_{1}$ accommodate his conceptions to this new state of things. It wa. impossible to break the crust of his prejudices, which now en veloped him like a suit of mail.
"I thought," said Philly, with a conciliatory inclination 0 , his liead, "we had settled this point before."
"Aye, aye," replied the old gentleman, recollecting himsel: "go on, sir!"
-" And it hath also appcared that when the said grist-mil fell into disuse and decay, the mill-dam aforesaid was graduall. drained of the water therein contained, by the action of wind an weather, in such wise that, during the space of trenty-one years the bed or site of the said dam became derelict by slow and ir perceptible degrees; save and except that by a certain severe ter pest, about the period of the vernal equinox, in the year sever teen hundred and ——, the actual date not being precisel known, a portion of the said dam was carried away; which, bein the act of God, that doth no man harm, it is considered ought no to prejudice the rights of the parties; and the more especially a it hath appeared to these arbitrators, that the said mill-dam ha before that time fallen into desuetude, and, notwithstanding th said tempest, would, in the nature of things, have dwindled dows contracted, and wasted away into the present natural and origina channel of the said Apple-pie Branch. And further, it hath ar peared that neither of the said parties litigant -"
"I will alter the word here also," said Philly, taking the per and inserting the same periphrasis as before.

Mr. Tracy nodded, and the counsellor proceeded-
-"Has had occasion, during the time aforesaid, to exercis any acts of ownership over the said land, secing that the sam was barren and unproductive, and altogether unfit for an, purpose of tillage,-"
"'True," said Mr. Tracy.
—"Therefore the said arbitrators, earefully weighing the said sceveral facts with full and ample eonsideration, and having heard all that the said Isaac Tracy on the one side, and Edward Hazard, for and on behalf of the said Francis Meriwether, on the other side, had to urge in respect of their said several pretensions -"
"Devilish little on behalf of Frank!" whispered Ned Hazard.
-" $\mathrm{D}_{0}$, in virtue of the powers vested in them by this reference, award, adjudge, and determine, for the complete and final ending of the said dispute, and for the quieting of actions $m$ all time to come, that the land so left by the recession of the waters as aforesaid, shall henceforth be deemed and taken as followeth, that is to say; all that piece or parcel of land lying eastwardly between the bank of the said Apple-pie Branch, as the same now exists, and the former margin of the said mill-dam, bounding on the line of the tract called the Brakes, is hereby declared to have reverted to the original proprietors of the said tract called the Brakes, to them and their heirs for ever: and that the main channel of the said Apple-pie Branch shall be the only true and established conterminous boundary line of the said tracts of the Brakes and Swallow Barn respectively."
" Very conclusive and satisfactory !" cried Mr. Tracy, rising from his chair.
"There you are, gentlemen," said Philly, throwing the paper down upon the table, "exactly in statu quo ante bellum. It is is great thing, Mr. Swansdown, to pacify these border feuds."
"I have always permitted myself," replied the worthy thus addressed, "to indulge the hope that our intercession would prove advantageous to the permanent interests of the families. It has been a case, certainly, attended with its difficulties; and has given rise to some curious and recondite principles of jurisprudence."
"Very curious and recondite!" said Philly, looking archly around him. "It has been a perfect drag-net case. We have fished up a great deal of law, my dear sir!"
"I confess I have been sadly puzzled," replied Swansdown, "with the intricacies of this whole proceeding."
"So have I," said Philly. "But you have had much the worst of it. For there, in the first place, you were lost in the brambles; then, you were soused in the mud; and after that, you were torn with briers: you have some of the marks upon your face yet. Then, you lost entirely our chase of the fox ; but I believe you are not fond of that, sir?"
"These were trifles," replied the other. "I alluded to the conflicting opinions."
"I understood you," interrupted the lawyer. "It takes a good nose and a fleet foot to follow one of these little old-fashioned ejectments through its doublings."

Saying this, Philly opened the door of the study, and walked into the hall, wiping his spectacles with his handkerchief, and casting strange and comic looks upon Hazard, Harvey, and myself, who followed him. He was highly excited with the proceedings of the morning, and being relicred from the restraint of Mr. Tracy's presence, gave vent to his feelings by amusing remarks, -and a sly, half-quiet, and half jocular demeanor, which never broke out into any open fit of laughter, nor yet fell to the level of his ordinary calmness.

It was now the family dinner-hour, and the houschold assembled iu one of the parlors, where the result of the arbitration was made known, and gave rise to a great deal of amimated conversation.

The behavior of Mr. Tracy at the dimner-table was punctilious and preeise. He was even more lavish than usual of the personal civilities that characterize his manners at all times; and it was,
observable, that during the whole time that he mingled in the family groups where the decision which had just been made was a subject of constant recurrence, he never permitted an expression relating to it to escape his lips. He sat but a few moments after the cloth was drawn, leaving the table in the occupation of his company, and retired to the study, where he employed himself amongst the papers belonging to the law-suit.

As the long afternoon wore away; the boundary line and all its concerns were forgotten; and our party fell into the various amusements their situation afforded. At length, the hour came for our return to S'wallow Barn. Prudence, at the persuasion of the ladies, had consented to remain during the night. Ned Hazard informed Mr. Tracy that he was requested by Meriwether to invite the whole family, with Mr. Swansdown, to dinner at Swallow Barn the next day. The old gentleman expressed great pleasure in accepting the invitation, and the rest promised to keep the appointment without fail.

Having dispatched these matters, Mr. Wart and Rip mounted their horses, and rode slowly down the hill from the mansion. But just as Hazard, who had delayed a moment after his comrades; was learing the door, his horse, grown restive by seeing his two companions moving off, after neighing, and tossing up his head, and champing his bit, made a sudden start, broke his bridle, and went off at full speed, leaping and flinging himself into wild and playful motions as he disappeared in the direction of the road.

All pursuit was vain. And as it was apparent that he would make the best of his way to his own stable, Ned got into the carriage with the little girls and myself; and, followed by Wilful, we were wheeled off from the Brakes as rapidly as old Carey could urge his mettlesome cattle forward.

## CHAPTER XXVIII.

THE GOBLIN SWAMP.

The sun was not above half an hour high when we took our departure from the Brakes ; and the heat of the atmosphere was beginuing to yield to the partial distillation of the dew, and the slow invasion of the night breeze. The road lay principally along the river, upon a bank some ten or twelve feet above the tide, shaded with low black-jacks, dogwood, cedar, or tall pines. It occasionally digressed to head an inlet, or thread a brake; and sometimes extended, with a single meandering track, through the neighboring fields, which were guarded,-according to a common arrangement in the Old Dominion,-by a succession of peculiarly ineonvenient, rickety, and weather-worn gates, that dragged heavily upon their wooden hinges, and swung to again, with a misdirected aim at their awkward bolts, to the imminent peril of the tails of all wayfaring animals that travelled through them.

In a short time, we reached a point where the rad turned abruptly from the river and took an inland direction, making a circuit of a mile or more, to pass the famous Apple-pie, which it does at some distance below the old mill, so conspicuous in my former sketches. At this turn Ned Hazard proposed that we should perform the rest of our journey on foot. He wished to show me the Goblin Swamp; a region of marsh, about half a mile
distant, formed by the diffusion of the Apple-pie over the flat grounds, near its confluence with the James River. An old road had once traversed the swamp at this place; and the remains of The causeway were yet, Ned affirmed, sufficiently solid to afford a passage to pedestrians; besides, the Goblin Swamp showed to great advantage about twilight.

We accordingly committed our little companions to the guarlianship of Carey ; and, quitting the coach, entered a wood that pordered the road, where we soon found ourselves involved in a abyrinth of young pine-trees springing up so close togetter as lmost to forbid a passage through them. The ground was trewed with a thick coat of pinc-straw,-as the yellow sheddings f this tree are called,-so slippery as to render it difficult to walk ver it ; and the tangled branches caught in our clothes, and frepuently struck our hats from our heads. But we succeeded at ast in gaining an obscure path, so much embowered in shade as o be scarcely discernible. This conducted us through the mazes f the wood, and in a few moments we emerged upon the confines f an open country.

Before us lay a plain, surrounded by forest which in front owered above a copse that sprang from an extensive marsh at the arther extremity of the plain. The earth was clothed with a bin vesture of parched grass ; and the still distinct furrows of ncient cornfields furnished proof that the tract had been, at some emote period, under cultivation, but long since abandoned, peraps on account of its sterility. A few clumps of meagre persim-hon-trees were scattered over this forsaken region, and deep ullies, washed into the gravelly soil, exposed to view its signal overty.

Somewhere near the middle of this open ground stood a soliary, low brick chimney, conspicuous for its ample fire-place, and urrounded by a heap of ruins, to which a more striking air of
desolation was added by a luxuriant growth of weeds that had taken root in the rank compost formed by the wreck of household timber. Amongst these relics of former habitation were the ves. tiges of a draw-well, choked by the wash of the land; the weeds sprang from its mouth; and the tall post, with the crotch in its upper extremity, still supported the long piece of timber that balanced the bucket, according to a device jet in use in many parts of the country. Immediately around the ruin, in what wasi once the curtilage of the dwelling, a few crabbed fruit-trees, witl chalky joints, and bowed down with years, flung their almost leaf less and distorted limbs athwart the mouldering homestead Therẹ were also to be scen, about fifty paces off, a black heap o dross, and some faint traces of the tire of a former smithy, 0 which the evidence was more unequivocal in the remains of a door on which was burnt the figure of a horse-shoe.

When we arrived at this spot the sun was just peering, witl his enlarged disk, through the upper branches of the trees, in th western horizon. The clouds were gorgeous with the golden an purple tints that give such magnificence to our summer evenings and the waning light, falling on the volume of forest around $u$ : communicated a richer gloom to its shades, and magnified th gigantic branches of some blasted oaks on the border of the plair as they were seen relieved against the clear sky. Long an distorted shadows fell from every weed, bush, and tree, and cor tributed, with the forlorn aspect of the landscape, to impress u with an undefined and solemn sensation, that for a moment thre' us into silence. Flights of crows traversed the air above ou hoads, and sang out their discordant vespers, as they plied thei way to a distant roost ; the fish-hawk had perched upon the higl est naked branch of the tallest oak, and at intervals was seen 1 stretch forth his wing and ruffle his feathers, as if adjusting h position for the night. All animated objects that inhabited th
egion seemed to be busy with individual cares; and the noctural preparations for rest or prey resounded from every quarter.

Hazard, taking advantage of the impression made by the ombre imagery around us, as we marched onward to the ruin, hrew out some hints that we were now upon a haunted spot, and jegan to converse in a lower tone, and walk closer to my side, vith an air of mystery and fear, put on to sort with the nature of he story he was telling. The ruin, he informed me, was formerly he habitation of Mike Brown, who had strange doings with the levil, and both Mike and lis companion were frequently seen in he swamp after dark; the negroes, he said, and many of the ohite people about the country, held this place in great terror; thich, he believed, was one reason why the road that formerly rossed the marsh at this place, had been disused. Certainly, he devil and Mike Brown could not have chosen a more secluded nd barren waste for their pranks.

At length we reached the opposite side of the plain, where it pecame necessary to halt, and examine more minutely our road. Ned was under great embarrassment to discover the old causeway. Che shrubbery had grown up so thick as to render this a task of meertain accomplishment. There were several paths leading nto the morass, made by the tramp of. cattle. These so far perplexed my companion, that he was obliged to confess his ignoance of the right way. We detcrmined; however, to go on ; the lpproaching night began already to darken our view, and the mdertaking seemed to be sufficiently perilous, even in daylight. kept pace with Hazard, and shared with him the difficulties of - path that at every step became more intricate; until, at last, re found ourselves encompassed by deep pools of stagnant water, rith a footing no better than that afforded by a mossy islet, carcely large enough for one person to stand upon, where we rere obliged to cling to the bushes for support; whilst the soft
texture of the earth yielded to our weight, and let in the wates above our shoe-tops.

Here Ned began to swear that the place was strangely alterec since he had last visited it, and to charge himself with a loss o memory, in not knowing better how to get through this wilder ness. He protested that Mike Brown or his comrade had be witched him, and brought him into this dilemma, as a punishmen for his rashness. "I wish their devilships," he continued, " woulc condescend to favor us with the assistance of one of their imps until we might arrive safely beyond the confines of their cursec dominion. What ho, good Mr. Belzebub!" he cried out jocu larly, "have you no mercy on two foolish travellers?"

Ned had no sooner made this invocation, which he did at th. top of his voice, than we heard, at a distance from us, the indis tinct rustling of leaves, as of one brushing through them, and th. frequent plash of a footstep treading through the marsh. Th sounds indicated the movement of the object towards us, and i became obvious that something was fast making its way to th spot where we stood.
"Truly," said Ned, " that Mr. Belzebub is a polite and civi demon. He scarce has notice of our distresses, before he come himself to relicve them."

By this time a grotesque figure became faintly visible throug the veil of twigs and branches that enveloped us. All that w could discern was the murky ontline of something resembling man. His stature was uncommonly low and broad; apparentl he wore no coat, and upon what scemed his head was an ode shaped cap, that fitted closely to his skull.
"Who goes there?" cried Ned briskly, as the figure came t a halt, and looked wildly about; " ghost or devil?"
"Neither," replied the figure, with a husky voice,-such 4 that of a man with a bad cold,-and at the same instant steppir
oldly before us, " but an old sinner, who is a little of both: a ort of castaway, that has more gray hairs than brains; yet not 0 much of a buzzard as to be ignorant that the round-about way s often the nearest home." Hereupon, the figure broke out into loud, hollow, and unnatural laugh.
"What, Hafen? Is it possible? what, in the name of the bul fiend, brings you here?" cried out Ned, recognizing the peaker, who was Hafen Blok, a short, thick-set, bandy-legged ersonage, bearing all the marks of an old man, with a strangely eather-beaten face, intersected by as many drains as the rugged lope of a sand-hill. He had a large mouth, disfigured with tobaco, and unprovided with any show of tecth. He had moreover a mall upturned nose, a low forehead, and diminutive eyes that listened beneath projecting brows of grizzled and shaggy hair. For a man verging upon sixty-five, his frame was uncommonly igorous; although it was apparent that he was lame of one leg. fis headgear, which had attracted our attention even at a disance, was nothing more than the remnant of an antique cocked at, now divested of its flaps, so as to form a close, round cap. His scraggy throat was covered with a prurient beard of half an nch in length, and laid open to view between the collar of a coarse rown shirt. Across his arm was flung a coat of some homely naterial, with huge metal buttons appearing to view; and his rowsers and shoes were covered with the mud of the swamp. A elt crossed his shoulder, to which was suspended a bag of hempin cloth; and in his hand he bore two or three implements for rapping. There was a saucy waggishness in his gestures, of rhich the effect was heightened by the fox-like expression of his countenance, and the superlatively vagabond freedom of his manlers.
"You are well met, Hafen," continued Ned. "The devil of the swamp could never have sent us a better man. How are we to get through the bog?"
"It is easy enough, Mister Ned Hazard, for a traveller wh knows a tussock from a bulrush," replied Hafen.
"And pray, how old should he be to arrive at that linom ledge?"
"He should be old enough to catch a black snake in the wate: Mister Ned; or, at least, he ought to have cut his eye-teeth," sai Hafen, with another of his strange, hollow laughs.
"Save your jest for dry land, old fellow !" interrupted Hazarc " and tell us plainly how we shall find our way to Swallow Bar without going round."
"They who have the folly to get in, ought to carry wit enoug with them to get out," replied Hafen dryly.
"Come, old gentleman," said Ncd, with a tone of entreat: "we shall take an ague if you keep us here. It grows late; an if we can save a mile by crossing the swamp, who knows bi you may be all the better for it when we get safe to the othr side?"
"You see, sir," said Hafen, with more respect in his mannı than before, " a fool's counsel is sometimes worth the weighins but an old dog, you know, Mister Ned, can't alter his way of bar ing; so you and that gentleman must excuse my saucy tongur and if you will follow me, I will put you across the swamp as cle! as a bridge of gold. Though I don't mean to insinuate, Mist ${ }^{\prime}$ Hazard, that you couldn't soon learn the way yourself."

Saying this, he conducted us back to the margin of the mars, and passing some distance higher up, entered the thicket aga by the path of the old causeway, along which we proceeded wi no other eaution than earefully to step in the places pointed o by Hafen, who led the way with the vigorous motion of a man the prime of life; and in a brief space we found ourselves in safe on the opposite side.

Here we gave our guide a liberal reward for his servic which so clated the old man as to rouse all his talkativeness.

Hafon is a person of some notoriety in this district. He is a Iessian by birth, and came to America with Count Donop, during he war of the Revolution, as a drummer, not above fourteen years 1 ld ; and he was present at the action at Red Bank on the Delaiare, when that unfortunate officer met nis fate. He was after;ards engaged in the southern campaigns, when he found means o desert to the American lines in time to witness the surrender f Lord Cornwallis. At the close of the war Hafen took up his uarters in the neighborhood of Williamsburg, where he set up he trade of a tinker, as being most congenial with his vagrant ropensities. Being a tolerable performer on the violin, he ontrived to amass a sufficient capital to purchase an instrument, ith which he ever afterwards sweetened his cares and divided is business, wandering through the country, where he mended he lettles, and fiddled himself into the good graces, of every amily within the circuit of his peregrinations. This carcer was aterrupted by but one episode, which happened in the year erenteen hundred and ninety-one, when, being attacked by an nusual restlessness, he enlisted in the army, and marched with 't. Clair against the Indians. The peppering he got in the isastrous event of that expedition, brought him home in the ollowing year with a more pacific temper and a lame leg. It was ike Cincinnatus returning to his plough. He took up his nippers nd fiddle again, and devoted himself to the affairs of the kitchen nd parlor. Being one of those mortals whose carelessness of ccommodation is mathematically proportioned to their aversion o labor, Hafen was equally idle and ragged, and contrived generlly, by a shrewd and droll humor, to keep himself in good quarers, though upon a footing that rendered him liable at all times o be dismissed without ceremony. He has always been distinguished for his stores of old ballads; and the women about the amilies where he gained a seat in the corner of the kitchen fire, vere indebted to him for the most accepted versions of the Gosport

Tragedy, Billy Taylor, and some other lamentable ditties recorc ing the fates of "true lovyers" and "ladies fair and free,". whic he taught thein to sing in long metre, with a touching sadnes and agreeably to their authentic nasal tunes. Besides this, $b$ was the depositary of much of the legendary lore of the neighbo hood, picked up from the old people of the Revolutionary time and, according to his own account, he had a familiar acquaintanc with sundry witches, and was on good terms with every reputab: ghost that haunted any house along the James river.

These characteristics gave him many immunities, and ofte gained him access to bower and hall; and as he was gifted wit a sagacity which always knew how to flater his patrons, he wi universally regarded as a well-meaning, worthless, idle strolle who, if he could not make himself useful, was at least in nobody way. On all festive occasions his violin was an ample recon mendation ; and as he could tell fortunes, and sing queer o songs, he was connected in the imaginations of the younger fol! with agreeable associations. From these causes he was seldo an unwelcome visitant ; and not being fastidious on the seore personal entertainment, he was well content to get his suppor the kitchen, a dram,-for which he had the craving of the daug ter of the horseleech,-and the privilege of a corner in the had loft.

Of late Hafen had lost some favor by his increasing prope sity for drink, and by the suspicion, that stood upon pretty stron proofs, of not being over scrupulous in his regard for the rigl of property. Besides, for many years past, his tinkering b fallen into disuse, by reason, as he said, of these Yankee pedle breaking up his honest calling. So that, at this time, Hafen m be considered like an old hound whose nose has grown cold. I employments are, in consequence, of a much more miscellaneo character than formerly.

Such was the individual who had rescued us from the perils the swamp, and who now, having brought us to firm ground, ad no further pretext for keeping our company. But he was not , easily shaken off. His predominant love of gossip took advange of the encouragenent he had already met, and he therefore rode resolutely in our footsteps, a little in the rear, talking artiy to himself and partly to us, without receiving any response. t length, finding that no further notice was likely to be taken him, he ventured to say, in a doubtful tone-
"The next time the gentlemen have a faney to cross this *ay, prhaps they'll think a few pennies in the tinker's pouch, better an a pair of swamp stockings."
"And many thanks beside, Hafen," said I. "But how came a to be so close at hand this evening?"
" 0 sir," replied Hafen, arailing himself of this overture, and ming up to our side, "bless you! this is a quite natural sort of ace to me. I am too good for nothing to be afraid of spirits, ir I am not worth the devil's fetching, sir ;" here he laughed in s usual singular way. "The swamp is a very good mother to e, although I am a simple body, and can pick up a penny where ch folks would never think of looking for it."
"How is that?" I asked.
"There is a power of muskrats about these parts, sir," he reied, "and with the help of these tools," holding up his snares, I can sometimes gather a few ninepences with no more cost than wet pair of breeches, which is fisherman's luck, sir, and of no count, excepting a little rheumatism, and not even that, if a man is plenty of this sort of physie."
So saying, he thrust his hand into his bag, and pulled out a een flask that contained a small supply of whiskey.
"Perhaps the gentlemen wouldn't be above taking a taste themAles?" he continued, "for it's a mighty fine thing against the sue."

We excused ourselves; and Hafen put the flask to his mou and smacking his lips as he concluded his draught, observed-
"It's a kind of milk for old people. and not bad for you. ones."
"What success have you had to-day, with your traps?" inquired.
"I have come off poorly," he replied ; " the vermin are gett shy, and not like what they used to be. Now, I have got no $m$ : than two rats. Some days even I don't get that much."
"Then, I take it, Hafen, you do not thrive much in the worl" I remarked.
"Ah, sir," replied Hafen, still holding the flask in his ha; and beginning to moralize, "it is a great help to a man's cscience to know that he earns his bread lawfully: a poor me's honesty is as good as a rich man's gold. I am a hobbling sor f person, and no better than I ought to be, but I never saw if good come out of deceit. Virtue is its own reward, as the para says; and away goes the devil when he finds the door shut aga $t$ him. I am no scholar, but I have found that out without ri* ing books-"

At this moment the half-smothered cluck of a fowl was hed from Hafen's bag.
"God never sends mouths," continued Hafen, " but he scis meat, and any man who has sense enough to be honest, will nir want wit to know how to live ; but he must plough with sh oxen as he has: some people have bad names, but all are 3 t thieves that dogs bark at."
"So, you have only taken two muskrats to-day?" said Id. "Have you nothing else in the bag?"
"Nothing else, Mister Hazard."
"Are they dead or alive?" asked Ned.
"Oh dead! dead as old Adam! they were swinging by 1 ir necks long enough to strangle nine lives out of them."
"This swamp is haunted, Hafen," said Ned archly.
"Yes, sir," replied Hafen, "there are ecrtainly some queer loings here sometimes. But, for my share, I never saw any hing in these hobgoblins to make an honest man afraid. All hat you have to do is to say your prayers, and that will put iny devilish thing out of heart."
"Did you ever know a dead muskrat," asked Ned, "to be shanged into a live pullet? Now, master honest tinker! I can conjure up a devil to do that very thing."

Here Hafen put on a comic leer, and hesitated for a moment, Is if collecting himself, whilst he was heard giving out a confused huckling laugh. At length he observed,-
": Mister Ned Hazard has always got some trick. I often tell ollss Mister Hazard is a pleasant man."
"See now," said Hazard, striking the bag with his hand, does not that sound marvellously like a clucking hen ?"
"Oh, I grant you," exclaimed Hafen, assuming a tone of surorise, "I had like to have forgotten; when I said there was nothing but the rats in my bag, I set no account upon a pullet that Sandy Walker gave me this evening, for putting a few rivets n his copper still."
"Come, Hafen," said Ned, "no lies amongst friends. Sandy Walker never owned a still in his life."
" Did I say a still, Mister Hazard? I spoke in a sort of uncertain way, which was as much as to signify,-" said Hafen, puzzling his brain for a better account of the matter, and twisting his face into some shrewd contortions, which at last ended by his coming close to Hazard, and putting his finger against his nose, as he said in a half whisper, "it was an old grudge against Sandy that I had, upon account of his abusing me before company for drinking, and insinuating that I made free with a shirt that his wife lost from the line in a high wind, last April, and some other
old scores I had. So, I thought a pullet was small damage, enough for such a scandal. Pick-up law is the cheapest law for: poor man, Mister Hazard; and possession is nine points out o! ten. Isn't that true ?" Here he laughed again.
"I think a gentleman who brags so much of his honesty anc virtue, might practise a better code. But as between you ani Sandy," said Ned, "your merits are so nearly equal, that tak what you can, and keep what you get, is a pretty sound rule ; al though you are like to get the best of that bargain."
"Oh," replied Hafen, "I want nothing more than justice."
The night was now closing in fast. We were walking alon a narrow tongue of land which stretehed into the swamp, fror the bosom of which, on either side, arose a forest of lofty tree. whose topmost branches were traced upon the sky with that bol configuration that may be remarked at the twilight, whilst tb dusk rapidly thickened below, and flung its increasing gloo1, upon our path. Here and there a lordly cypress occurred i view, springing forth from the stagnant pool, and reposing in luri shade. Half sunk in ooze, rotted the bole and bough of falle trees, coated with pendent slime. The ground over which $\pi$ trod took an easy impression from our footsteps ; and the chillir vapor of the marsh, mingled with the heary dew, was to be fe in the dampness of our clothes, and compelled us to button t . our coats.

This dreary region was neither silent nor inanimate ; but ir inhabitants corresponded to the genius of the place. Clouds small insects, erossed now and then by a whizzing beetle, playi their fantastic gambols around our heads, displaying their minu and active forms against the western horizon, as they marshall us upon our way. The night-hawk arose, at intervals, with hoarse scream iuto this fading light, and swept aeross it with graceful motion, sometimes whirling so near that we could he
he rush of his wing, and discern the white and spectral spot upon , as he darted past our eyes. Thousands of fire-flies lit up the loom, and sped about like sprites in masquerade; at one molent lifting their masks, as if to allure pursuit, and instantly gain vanishing, as in a prankish jest. A populous congregation f frogs piped from the secret chambers of the fen with might and ain. The whip-poor-will reiterated, with a fatiguing and mencholy recurrence, his sharp note of discord. The little catadid ierced the air with his shrill music. The foxfire,-as the couny people call it,-glowed hideously from the cold and matted osom of the marsh ; and, far from us, in the depths of darkness, he screech-owl sat upon his perch, brooding over the slimy pool, ad whooping out a dismal curferr, that fell upon the air like the ries of a tortured ghost.

We trudged briskly upon our way, but almost without exranging words; for the assemblage of striking objects in the pene had lulled us into silence. I do not wonder that a solitary aveller should grow superstitious, amidst sueh incentives to his aagination. Hafen followed our steps, and, as I fancied, comletely subdued by faintheartedness. I thought he walked closer h our skirts than a man perfeetly at ease would do, and his loaacity was entirely gone. He firmly believed in the stories of he Goblin Swamp, and I was anxious to get them from his own ps , as Hazard had given me to understand that I could not leet a better chronicler. With this purpose, I gave him timely acouragement to follow us to Swallow Barn. And now, having assed the confines of the wood, we found but little to attract our etention for the rest of the journey.
"You must tell me the story of Mike Brown to-night," said I Hafen, as I invited him to bear us company.
In an instant, Hafen's imagination was full of the comforts f the kitchen at Swallow Barn, as well as of the self-consequence
that belongs to a genuine story-teller. He consented with saucy alacrity, and then remarked,-
"That the gentlemen always knew how to get something please them out of Hafen; and that he always did like himself keep company with quality."

It was after candlelight when we arrived at Swallow Barn.

## CHAPTER XXIX.

STORY-TELLING.
In the time of the Revolution, and for a good many years afterwards, Old Nick enjoyed that solid popularity which, as Lord Mansfield expressed it, follows a man's actions rather than is sought after by them. But in our time he is manifestly falling into the sere and yellow leaf, especially in the Atlantic States. Like those dilapidated persons who have grown out at elbows by sticking too long to a poor soil, or who have been hustled out of their profitable prerogatives by the competition of upstart numbers, his spritish family has moved off, with bag and baggage, to the back settlements. This is certain, that in Virginia he is not seen half so often now as formerly. A traveller in the Old Dominion may now wander about of nights as dark as pitch, over commons, around old churches, and through graveyards, and all the while the rain may be pouring down with its solemn hissing sound, and the thunder may be rumbling over his head, and the wind moaning through the trees, and the lightning flinging its sulphurous glare across the skeletons of dead horses, and over the grizzly rawheads upon the tombstones; and, even, to make the case stronger, a drunken cobbler may be snoring hideously in the church door, (being overtaken by the storm on his way home.) and every flash may show his livid, dropsical, carbuncled face,
like that of a vagabond corpse that had stolen out of his prisor to enjoy the night air ; and yet it is ten to one if the said travel ler be a man to be favored with a glimpse of that old-fashioned distinguished personage who was wont to be showing his cloveı foot, upon much less provocation, to our ancestors. The ole crones can tell you of a hundred pranks that he used to play in thei: day, and what a roaring sort of a blade he was. But, alas! sin ners are not so chicken-hearted as in the old time. It is a terri bly degenerate age ; and the devil and all his works are fas growing to be forgotten.

Except Mike Brown's humorsome pot-companion, I mucl question if there is another legitimate goblin in the Old Domin ion; and in spite of Ned Hazard and Hafen Blok, who do al they can to keep up his credit, I am much mistaken if he doe not speed away to the Missouri or the Rocky Mountains one c these days, as fast and as silently as an absconding debtor. Les therefore, his exploits should be lost to the world, I will veritabl record this "Chronicle of the Last of the Virginia Devils," as j has been given to me by the credible Hafen, that most authenti of gossips, as may be seen by the perusal of what I am going $t$ write.

The substance of this narrative-for I do not deny som rhetorical embellishments-was delivered by Hafen after suppe: as we sat in the porch at Swallow Barn until midnight, Hafe all the while puffing a short pipe, and only rising on his feet : such times as his animation got beyond control, and inspired his to act the scenc he was describing. The witnesses were II Wart and Frank Meriwether, who sat just inside of the door, a tended by Lucy and Vie, who for the greater part of the tin: had their arms about Frank's neck; and Mr. Chub, who, thoug within hearing-for he was seated at the window, also smokingI do not believe paid much attention to the story ; although 1 .
was heard once or twice to blow out a stream of smoke from his mouth, and say "balderbash !"-an epithet in common use with him. But there were Ned and myself close beside Hafen; and Rip, who sat on the steps in the open air, with his head occasionally turned over his shoulder, looking up at the story-teller with the most marked attention : and lastly, there were sundry widemouthed negroes, children and grown, who were clustered into a dusky group beneath the parlor window, just where a broad ray of candlelight fell upon them; and who displayed their white teeth, like some of Old Nick's own brood, as they brok: out now and then into hysterical, cowardly laughs, and uttered ejaculations of disbelief in Hafen's stories that showed the most implicit faith.

MIKE BROWN.

Mine Brown was a blacksmith, who belonged to Harry Lee's light-horse, and shod almost all the hoofs of the legion. He was a jolly, boisterous, red-faced fellow, with sandy hair, and light blue eyes so exceedingly blood-shot, that at a little distance off you could hardly tell that they were eyes at all. He had no leisure, during the Revolutionary war, to get them clarified; for what with the smoke of his furnace, and keeping late hours on patroles, and hard drinking, his time was filled up to the entire disparagement of his complexion. He was a stark trooper, to whom no service came amiss, whether at the anvil or in the field, having a decisive muscle for the management of a piece of hot iron, and an especial knack for a marauding bout; in which latter species of employment it was his luck to hold frequent velitations with the enemy, whereby he became notorious for picking up stragglers, cutting off baggage-wagons, and rifling rum-casks, and
now and then, for easing a prisoner of his valuables. He cou handle a broadsword as naturally as a sledge-hammer; and maı a time has Mike brandished his blade above his beaver, and ma it glitter in the sun, with a true dragoon flourish, whilst he ga the huzza to his companions as he headed an onset upon Tarletor cavalry.

Towards the close of the war, he served with Colonel Was ington, and was promoted to the rank of a sergeant for leading party of the enemy into an ambuseade; and, in addition to tr honor, the colonel made him a present of a full suit of regime tals, in which, they say, Mike was a proper-looking fellow. B black leather cap, with a strip of bearskin over it, and a whi buck-tail set on one side, gare a martial fierceness to his red fla nel face. A shad-bellied blue bobtail coat, turned up with bro buff, and meeting at the pit of his stomach with a hook and e: was well adapted to show the breadth of his brawny chest, whi was usually uncovered enough to reveal the shaggy mat of $r$ hair that grew upon it. A buckskin belt, fastened round l waist by an immense brass buckle, sustained a sabre that rattl upon the ground when he walked. His yellow leather breech were remarkable for the air of ostentatious foppery which th imparted to the vast hemisphere of his nether bulk; and, atak together with his ample horseman's boots, gave the richest effe to his short and thick legs, that, thus apparelled, might be said be gorgeous specimens of the Egyptian column.

Such was the equipment of Sergeant Brown on all festit occasions ; and he was said to be not a little proud of this rewa of valor. On work days he exhibited an old pair of glazed, bror buckskin small-clothes, coarse woollen stockings, covered wi spatterdashes made of untanned deer hide, and shoes garnish with immense pewter buckles; though, as to the stockings, he $i$ not always wear them. Hose or no hose, it was all the same

Mike! I am minute in mentioning the regimentals, because, for a long time after the war, Sergeant Mike was accustomed to indue himself in this identieal suit on Sundays, and strut about with the air of a commander-in-chief.

Mike's skill in horseshoes rendered him very servieeable in the campaigns. On a damp morning, or over sandy roads, he could trail Tarleton like a hound. It was only for Mike to examinc the prints upon the ground, and he could tell, with astonishing precision, whether the horses that had passed were of his own shoeing, how many were in company, how long they had gone by, and whether at a gallop, a trot, or a walk; whether they had halted, or had been driving cattle, and, in fact, almost as many particulars as might be read in a bulletin. Upon such oceasions, when appearances were favorable, he had only to get a few of his dare-devils together, and Tarleton was sure to have some of Sergeant Brown's sauce in his pottage, before he had time to say grace over it.

Mike used always to commence these adventures by drinking the devil's health, as he called it; which was done, very devoutly, in a cup of rum seasoned with a cartridge of gunpowder, which, he said, was a charm against sword cuts and pistol shot. When his expedition was ended, he gencrally called his roll, marked down the names of the killed, wounded and missing, by the seratch of his black thumb-nail, and then returned the dingy scroll into his pocket, with a knowing leer at the survivors, and the pithy apothegm, which he repeated with a sincere faith, "that the devil was good to his own." This familiarity with the "old gentleman," as Mike himself termed him, added to his trooper-like accomplishment of swearing till he made people's hair stand on end, begat a common belief in the corps that he was on very significant terms with his patron; and it was currently said, "that Mike Brown and the devil would "one day be wearing each other's shirts."

When the war was over, the sergeant found himself a dis banded hero, in possession of more liberty than he knew what to do with; a sledge and shoeing hammer ; an old pair of bellows; a cabinet of worn-out horseshoes; a leather apron; his Sunday regimentals in tolerable repair; and a raw-boned steed, somewhat spavined by service:-to say nothing of a light heart, and an arm as full of sinew as an ox's leg. Considering all which things, he concluded himself to be a well-furnished and thriving person, and began to cast about in what way he should best enjoy his laurels, and the ease the gods had made for him.

In his frequent ruminations over this momentous subject, he fell into some shrewd calculations upon the emolument and comfort which were likely to accrue from a judieious matrimonial partnership. There was at that time a thrifty, driving spinster, bearing the name of Mistress Ruth Saunders, who lived at the landing near Swallow Barn. This dame was now somewhat in the wane, and, together with her mother, occupied a little patch of ground on the river, upon which was erected a small one-storied frame house, the very tenement now in possession of Sandy Walker. Here her sire had, in his lifetime, kept a drinking tavern for the accommodation of the watermen who frequented the landing. The widow did not choose to relinquish a lucrative trade, and therefore kept up the house; whilst the principal eares of the hostelry fell upon the indefatigable and energetic Mistress Ruth, who, from all accounts, was signally endowed with the necessary qualifications which gave lustre to her calling.

Mike, being a free and easy, swaggering, sociable chap, and endowed with a remarkable instinet in finding out where the best liquors were to be had on the cheapest terms, had fallen insensibly into the habit of consorting with a certain set of idle, muddybrained loiterers who made the widow Saunders' house their headquarters on Sunday afternoons, and as often on week days as they
ould find an excuse for getting together．And such had been Iike＇s habits of free entertainment in the army，that he aequired ome celebrity for serving his comrades in the same manner that e had been used to treat the old Continental Congress；that is， e left them pretty generally to pay his scot．

By degrees，he began to be sensible to the slow invasion of the ender passion，which stole across his ferruginous bosom like a olume of dun smoke through a smithy．He hung about the bar－ pom with the languishing interest of a lover，and took upon him－ elf sundry minute cares of the household，that excused some in－ rease of familiarity．He laughed very loud whenever Mistress iuth affected to be witty；and pounced，with his huge ponderous aws，upon the glasses，pitchers，or other implements which the ame fixed her eye upon，as needful in the occasions of her calling ： ot a little to the peril of the said articles of furniture：－for Iike＇s clutch was none of the gentlest，in his softest moods．In hort，his assiduities soon made him master of the worshipful Iistress Ruth，her purse and person．She had seen the devil， ccording to the common computation，three times，and had been o much alarmed at his last visit that－the story goes－she swore n oath that she would marry his cousin－german，rather than be mportuned by his further attentions．There is no knowing what poman wili do under such circumstances！I belicere myself， hat Mistress Ruth chose sergeant Mike principally on account of is well known dare－devil qualities．

The dame whose worldly accomplishments and personal charms ad dissolved the case－hardened heart of the redoubted black－ mith of the legion，was altogether worthy of her lord．A suc－ ＇ession of agues had spun her out into a thread some six feet long． A tide－water atmosphere had given her an ashen，dough face， prinkled over with constellations of freckles，and exhibiting fea－ ures somerrhat tart from daily crosses．Her thin，bluish lips had
something of the bitterness of the crab, with the astringency of tho persimmon. Her hair, which was jet-black, was plastered across her brow with the aid of a little tallow, in such a mannes as to give it a rigid smoothness, that pretty accurately typifiec her temper on holiday occasions, and also aided, by its sleekness in heightening the impression of a figure attenuated to the great est length consistent with the preservation of the bodily functions A pair of glassy dark eyes, of which one looked rather obliquely out of its line, glared upon the world with an habitual dissatisfac tion; and in short, take her for all and all, Mistress Ruth Saun ders was a woman of a commanding temper, severe devotion ts business, acute circumspection, and paramount attraction fo; Mike Brown.

After the solemnization of the nuptials, Mike took a lease o Mr. Tracy of the small tract of land bordering on the Goblis Swamp, which, even at that day, was a very suspicious region and the scenc of many marvellous adventures. Of all places it the country, it seemed to have the greatest charm for Mike. $H_{1}$ accordingly set up his habitation by the side of the old count. road, that crossed the marsh by the causeway; and here he als opened his shop. Mistress Mike Brown resumed her former oc cupation, and sold spirits; whilst her husband devoted his tim. to the pursuits of agriculture, the working of iron, and the upi roarious delights of the bottle: whereto the managing Ruth alsi attached herself, and was sometimes as uproarious as the ser geant.

In process of time they were surrounded by four or five imps of either sex, whose red hair, squinting eyes, and gaunt and squa figures, showed their legitimate descent. As these grew apace they were to be seen hanging about the smithy barefooted, hal covered with rags, and with smutty faces looking wildly out o mops of hair which radiated like the beams of the sun in th. image of that luminary on a country sign.

The eldest boy was bred up to his father＇s trade ；that is，he flirted a horse－tail tied to a stick，all day long in summer，to keep the flies from the animals that were brought to be shod ；at which sleepy employment Mike was wont to keep the youngster＇s atten－ tion alive by an occasional rap across the head，or an unpremedi－ tated application of his foot amongst the rags that graced the person of the heir－apparent．Upon this system of training，it is reported，there were many family differences betwist Mike and his spouse，and some gricvously disputed ficlds．But Mike＇s muscle was enough to settle any question．So that it is not wonderful that the suffering Ruth should sometimes have taken to flight，and had recourse to her tongue．

In this way，the spoiler Discord stealthily crept into the lit．＇e Eden of the Browns；and from one flower－bed advanced to another，until he made himself master of the whole garden． Quarrels then became a domestic diversion；and travellers along the road could tell when the patriarch Mike was putting his house－ hold in order，by the sound of certain lusty thwacks which pro－ ceeded from the interior，and the frequent apparition of a young clf darting towards the shop，with one hand scratching his head， and the other holding up what seemed a pair of trowsers，but which，in reality，were Mike＇s old leather breeches．The custo－ mers at the shop，too，affirmed that it was a usual thing to hear Mistress Brown talking to herself，for two or three hours，in an amazingly shrill key，after Mike had gone to his anvil．And some persons went so far as to say，that in the dead hour of night， in the worst weather，voices could be heard upon the wind，in the direction of Mike Brown＇s dwelling，more than a mile off； one very high，and the other very gruff ；and sometimes there was a third voice that shook the air like an earthquake，and made the blood run cold at the sound of it．

From this it may be seen that Mike＇s house was not very
comfortable to him ; for he was, at bottom, a good-natured fellow who loved peace and quict; or, at any rate, who did not like the clack of a woman, which, he said, " wore a man out like water on a drip-stone." To be sure, he did not care about noise, if it was of a jolly sort ; but that he never found at home, and therefore, "as he took no pride in Ruth," to use his own phrase, upon Hafen's report, "he naturally took to roaming."

He was an open-hearted fellow, too, who liked to spend his money when he had it; but the provident Mistress Mike began to get the upper hand ; and in nothing are the first encroachments of female despotism more decisively indicated than in the regulation of what is called the family economy. Ruth purl.ined Mike's breeches, robbed the pockets, and secured the treasure. She forestalled his debtors, and settled his accounts, paralyzed his credit, and, in short, did every thing but publish her determination to pay no debts of his contracting. The stout dragoon quailed before these vexations tactics. He could never have been taken by storm; but to turn the siege into a blockade, and to fret his soul with mouse-nibblings, it was enough to break the spirit of any man! Mike, however, covered himself with glory; for after being reduced to the last stage of vassalage, as happene sometimes with an oppressed nation, he resolved to be his own master again, (thanks to the lusty potations, or he would never have made so successful a rebellion!) and gave Mrs. Brown, on a memorable occasion, a tremendous beating, by which he regained the purse-strings, and spent where and when and as freely as suited his own entertainment.

There was one thing in which Mike showed the regularity and discipline of an old soldier. He was steady to it in the worst of times. No matter where his vagrant humors might lead him, ts what distance, or at what hours, or how topsy-turvy he might have grown, he was always sure to make his way home before morning,

From this cause he became a frequent trayeller over the country n all weathers，and at all times of night．Time or tide did not reigh a feather．＂He would snap his fingers，＂said Hafen，＂at he foggiest midnight，and swear he could walk the whole county olindfold．＂The fact was，Mike was a brave man，and feared neither ghost nor devil，－and could hardly be said to be afraid ven of his wife．

One winter night，－or rather one winter morning，for it was bast midnight，－Mike was coming home from a carouse．The now was lying about half－log deep all over the fields；and there was ia crust frozen upon it，that was barely strong enough to sup－ port his weight ；at every step he took，it broke through with him， so that he floundered along sadly without a track；and there was a great rustling and ereaking of his shoes as he walked．A sharp oorth－westerly wind whistled with that shrillness that showed the clearness of the atmosphere ；and the moon was shining as bright as burnished silver，casting the black shadows of leafless trees， like bold etchings，upon the driven snow．The stars were all glittering with that fine frosty lustre which makes the rault of heaven seem of the deepest blue ；and except the rising and sink－ ing notes of the wind，all was still，for it was cutting cold，and every living thing was mute in its midnight lair．Yet a lonely man might well fancy there were sentient beings abroad besides himself，for on such a night there are sounds in the breeze of human tones，like persons talking at a distance．At all events， Mike was at such a time on his way home；and as he crossed the trackless field which showed him his own habitation at a distance， being in the best possible humor with himself，and whistling away as loud as he could－not from fear，but from inward satisfaction－ he all at once heard somebody whistling an entirely different tune close behind him．He stopped and looked around，but there was nothing but the moon and trees and shadows；so，nothing daunted，
he stepped on again, whistling as before, when, to his great amazement, the other note was instantly resumed. He now halted a second time. Immediately all was still. Mike then whistled out a sort of flourish, by way of experiment. The other did the very same thing. Mike repeated this several times, and it was always answered quite near him.
"Who the devil are you!" exclaimed Mike, holding his hand up to his ear to catch the sound.
"Look behind you, and you will see," replied a harsh, screaming voice.

Mike turned suddenly around, and there he saw on the snow the shadow of a thin, queer-looking man, in a very trig sort of a dress, mounted upon a horse, that, by the shadow, must have been a mere skeleton. These were moving at full speed, although there was no road for a horse to travel on either ; but the shadow seemed to go over shrubs and trees and bushes, as smoothly as any shadow could travel; and Mike distinctly heard the striking of a horse's hoofs upon the snow at every bound; though he could see nothing of the real man or horse. Presently, as the sound of the feet died away, Mike heard a laugh from the voice in the direction of the swamp.
"Hollo!" cried Mike, "what's your hurry?" But there was no answer.
"Humph!" said Mike, as he stood stock still, with his hands in his breeches pockets, and began to laugh. "That's a genius for you!" said he, with a kind of perplexed, drunken, half-humorous face.

As he found he was not likely to make much out of it, he walked on, and began to talk to himself, and after a while to whistle louder than ever. Whilst he was struggling forward in this way, he heard something like a cat-call down towards the swamp; and immediately there rushed past him the shadows of a
pack of hounds, making every sort of yelping, and deep-mouthed cry. He could even hear the little chips of ice that were flung from their feet, whizzing along the crust of snow; but still he could see nothing but shadows; and the sounds grew fainter and fainter until they melted away in the bosom of the swamp.

Mike now stopped again, and folded his arms across his breast, -although he could not help tottering a little, from being rather top-heavy;-and, in this position, he fell gravely to considering. First, he looked all around; then he took off his hat and ran his fingers through his hair, and after that he rubbed his eyes. "Tut," said he, "it's all a botheration! There's no drag in the world will lie upon this snow. That's some drunken vagabond that had better be in his bed."
"What's that you say, Mike Brown?" said the same harsh voice he had heard before, "you had better look out how you take any freedom with a gentleman of quality."
"Quality!" cried Mike, turning his head round as he spoke. You and your quality had better be abed, like a sober man, than to be playing off your cantrips at this time of night."

Mike looked on the snow, and there was the shadow of the horse again, standing still, and the figure upon it had one arm set a-kimbo against his side. Mike could now observe, as the shadow turned, that he wore something like a hussar-jacket, for the shadow showed the short skirt strutting out behind, and under this was the shadow of a tail turned upwards, and thrown across his shoulder. His cap appeared to be a fantastical thing perched on the rery top of his head; and below the ribs of the skeleton horse he could perceive the legs dangling with hoofs, one of which was cloven.
"Aha!" exclaimed Mike, "I begin to understand you, sir. You are no better than you should be; and I will not keep company with such a blackguard."
" Then, good night, Mike Brown !" said the voice, " you are an uncivil fellow, but I'll teach you manners the next time I meet you ;" and thereupon the shadow moved off at a hard trot, rising up and down in his saddle, like a first-rate jockey.
"Good night!" replied Mike; and he made a low bow, taking off his hat, and scraping his foot, in a very polite fashion, through the snow.

After this, Mike pushed home pretty fast, for he was growing more sober, and his teeth began to chatter with cold. He had a way of thrusting aside a back-door bolt, and getting into the house without making a disturbance ; and then, before he went to bed, he usually took a sleeping-draught from a stone jug which he kept in the cupboard. Mike went through this manual on the night in question, and was very soon afterwards stretched out upon his couch, where he set to snoring like a trumpeter.

He never could tell how long it was after he had got to bed that night, but it was before day, when he opened his eyes and saw, by the broad moonlight that was shining upon the floor through the window, a comical figure vaporing about the room. It had a thin, long face, of a dirty white hue, and a mouth that was drawn up at the corners with a smile. A pair of ram's horns seemed to be twisted above his brows, like ladies' curls ; and his head was covered with hair that looked more like a bunch of thorns, with a stiff cue sticking straight out behind, and ticd up with a large knot of red ribbons. His coat was black, herring. boned across the breast with crimson, and bound round all the scams with the same color. It fitted as close to his body as the tailor could make it; and it had a rigid standing collar that seemed to lift up a pair of immense cars, which were thus projected outwards from the head. The coat was very short, and terminated in a diminutive skirt that partly rested upon a long. pliant tail, which was whisked about in constant motion. He
ore tight crimson small clothes, bound with black; and silk ockings of black and red stripes, one of which terminated in a oof instead of a human foot. As he walked about the room he ade a great elatter, but particularly with the hoof, that clinked ith the sound of loose iron. In his hand he carried a crimson ip with a large black tassel at the top of it.

Mike said that as soon as he saw this fellow in the room, he new there was "something coming." He therefore drew his lanket well up around his shoulders, leaving his head out, that e might have an eye to what was going forward. In a little me the figure began to make bows to Mike from across the room. irst, he bowed on one side, almost down to the floor, so as to row his body into an acute angle; then, in the same fashion, on re other side, keeping his eyes all the time on Mike. He had, beording to Mike's account, a strange swimming sort of motion, cerer still a moment in one place, and passing from spot to spot ke something that floated. At one instant he brandished his cms and whisked his tail, and took one step forward, like a danng master beginning to dance a gavot. In the next, he made a weep, and retreated to his first position; where he erected his gure very stiffly, and strutted with pompous strides all round the bom. All this while he was twisting his features into every sort $f$ grimace. Then he shook himself like a merry-andrew, and prang from the floor upwards, flinging about his arms and legs ke a supple-jack, which being done, he laughed very loud, and inked his eye at Mike. Then he skipped on the top of a chest, nd from that to a table, from the table to a chair, from the chair o the bed, and thence off, putting his foot upon Mike's breast as e passed, and pressing upon him so hearily, that for some moaents Mike could hardly breathe. After this, he danced a morice dance close up to the bedside, and fctched a spring that rought him astride upon Mike's stomach; where he stooped down
so as to bring his long nose almost to touch Mike's, and there he twisted his eyebrows and made faces at him for several minutes From that position he flung a somerset backwards, as far as the room permitted.

All this time the foot with the loose iron clanked very loud Mike was not in the least afraid ; but he tried several times tci speak without being able to utter a word. He was completely tongue-tied, nor could he move a limb to help himself, being, as he affirmed, under a spell. But there he lay, looking at all these strange capers, which appeared so odd to him, that if he had had the power he would have laughed outright.

At last the figure danced up to him, and stood still.
"I have the honor to address myself to Sergeant Bruwn the blacksmith?" said he, interrogatively, making a superlatively punctilious bow at the same time.
"The same," replied Mike, having in an instant recovered the power of speech.
"My name," said the figure, " is__," here he pronounced a terrible name of twenty syllables, that sounded something like water pouring out of a bottle, and which Mike never could repeat: "I am a full brother of Old Harry, and belong to the family of the Scratches. I have taken the liberty to call and make my respects this morning, because I want to be shod."

Thereupon he made another bow, and lifted up his right foot to let Mike see that the shoe was loose.
"Ne shoeing to be done at this time of night," said Mike.
"It does not want but two new nails," said the figure, " and the clinching of one old one."
"Blast the nail will you get till daylight!" replied Mike.
"I will thank you, Mr. Brown," said the figure, " if you will only take my hoof in your hand, and pull out the loose nail that makes such a rattling."
"I can't do that," answered Mike.
"Why not?"
"Because I am afraid of waking Ruthy."
"I'll answer for the consequences." said the other. "Mistress rown knows me very well, and will never complain at your doing good turn to one of my family."
"I'm slcepy," said Mike, " so, be about your business."
"Then, Mike Brown, I will waken you," cried the other, in a gge ; "I told you I would teach you manners."

Saying these words he came close to Mike, and siezed his nose etween the knuckles of the two first fingers of his right hand, Id wrung it so hard that Mike roared aloud. Then, letting go s hold, he strutted away with a ludicrous short step, throwing s legs upwards as high as his head, and bringing them back parly to the same spot on the floor, and, in this fashion, whising all the time a slow march, he passed directly out of the indow.

When Mike had sufficiently come to his senses, he found his entle consort standing by his bedside, with a blanket wrapt round er spare figure, calling him all sorts of hard names for disturbg. her rest.

Her account of this matter, when she heard from the neighors Mike's version of this marvellous visit from the devil, was, lat she did not know when he came into the house that night ; or did she see any thing of his strange visitor ; although she was re Old Nick must have been with him, and flung him into such a odd position as he was in ; for he made a terrible, smothered rt of noise with his voice, which wakened her up, and there she und him stretched across the bed with his clothes on, and his ead inclined backwards over the side, with both arms down wards the floor. She said, moreover, that he was a drunken rute, and she had a great mind to tweak his nose for him.
" And I will be bound she helped the old devil to do that ver thing!" said Rip.
" I don't know how that was," replied Hafen, " but Mike's nos got bluer and bluer after that, and always looked very muc bruised, which he said was upon account of the devil's fingers bein hot, and scorching him very much."

This adventure of Mike's gave him great celebrity in th neighborhood; and, by degrees, the people began to be almost a much afraid of Mike as they were of the goblin who was suppose to frequent the swamp. Mike added to this impression by certai mysteries which he used in his craft. He had the art of tamin wild colts by whispering in their ears, which had such an effer. that he could handle them at his shop as safely as the oldes; horses. And he professed to cure the colt's distemper; sween: and other maladies, by writing some signs on a piece of paper, an causing the horse to swallow it in his oats.

These accomplishments, of course, were set down to the prope, account; namely, to Mike's intimacy with his old companios which was known now to be very great, as will appear by th following incidents.

Some years after the last adventure, in the summer, abou the month of June, when the moon was in her third quarter, Mik was crossing the common late at night, just as the moon was ri ing. He was in his usual condition ; for latterly Mike wr scarcely ever sober. There had been rain that night, but th: clouds had broken away, and he was talking to himself, and mal ing the road twice as long as it was, by crossing and recrossin his path, like a ship tacking in the wind, and every now and the bringing himself up against a tree or sapling, and sometime stepping, with a vast stride, across a streak of shadow, thinkin it a gully; and at others, walking plump into a real gully withou seeing it, until he came upon his back in the mud. On suc
icidents，he would swear out a good－natured oath，get up，and d on his way rejoicing，as usual．

It happened，as he was steering along in this plight，there ©ddenly stood before him his old friend in the herring－boned joket．
＂How do you do，Mike？＂was his usual salutation．
＂Pretty well，I thank you，sir．＂Mike was noted for being upulously polite when he was in his cups．So，he made a IW，and took off his hat，although he could hardly keep his spund．
＂Sloppy walking to night，Mr．Mike．＂
＂Sloppy enough，sir，＂replied Mike，rather short，as if he didn＇t sh to keep company with the devil．
＂How is Mistress Brown this evening！＂said the other，follow． is Mike up．
＂Pretty well，I thank you，sir，＂returned the blacksmith， ulking as fast as he could．
＂Trade brisk，Mr．Brown？＂
＂Quite the contrary，＂replied Mike；＂there＇s nothing to do prth speaking of．＂
＂How are you off for cash？＂asked the other，coming up close ang side．
＂I have none to lend，＂answered the blacksmith．
＂I did not suppose you had，sergeant；you and I have been squainted a long while．I hope there is no grudge betwixt us．＂
＂I never knew any good of you，＂said Mike．
＂Let us drink to our better friendship，＂said the gentleman， king a flat bottle from his pocket．
＂With all my heart！＂cried Mike，as he stretched out his nd and took the flask．＂Here＇s to you，Mr．Devil ！＂
Hereupon they both took a drink．
＂Now，＂said Nike，＂let us take another to uld Virginia．＂
"Agreed," answered the gentleman; so they took another.
"You're a very clever fellow!" said Mike, beginning brighten up.
"I know that," replied the gentleman.
"You are a man after my own heart," continued Mike, " her your health again. Give us your paw, old fellow." Then th shook hands.
"Let us drink to Mistress Brown," said the gentleman, ] litely.
".Damn Mistress Brown! I'll make you a present of her:
"I accept your offer," replied the other; "here's her healt
"Well," said Mike, "here's the health of your wife."
"I am much obliged to you," replied the gentleman. "N" tress (here he pronounced his own unspellable name,) will tha you herself some of these days, when you may honor her w your company. But, Mike, as I have taken a liking to you, make your fortune."
"Will you?" cried the blacksmith; " then I'm your man!
"Come with me," said the other, " and I will show you wh you may find as much gold as you can carry home in a bag. I, you must not mind trouble."
"Trouble! exclaimed Mike. "Any trouble for moncy!"
"Follow me," said the gentleman.
Upon this they both turned their steps towards the swat the broadest part of which they reached not very far from : scene of their colloquy. The morass here was covered with she; of water, some of them ten or twelve yards in diameter. $]$ gentleman in black and crimson easily traversed these, with t soiling his habiliments more than if he had been in a drawi room ; but Mike made his way with great difficulty, miring hself first in one hole, and then in another, and sometimes pluug', up to his middle in water. But his companion exhorted him )
,ersevere, and kept up his resolution by presenting him now and hen with the flask, which, Mike said, was of great use to him.

At last they arrived at the inmost part of the swamp, upon he margin of one of the ponds, in the middle of which the water ras about two feet deep, but shallow towards the edges.
"Now," said the gentleman, "Mike, my brave fellow! do you ake a drink."
"Certainly," replied Mike.
"The bottom of this pond," continued the other, "is full of old ; and all that you have to do is to rake it out. I'll get you light rake."
With this he withdrew for a few moments, and returned with rake made of a white-oak sapling, with twelve iron teeth to it, ach about a foot long, and put the implement in Mike's hand, ho, having taken a good deal from his host's flask, had much ado o stand up. But still he was full of resolution, and very much etermined to make money.

The image of the moon was reflected upon the water, whose arface being slightly agitated by the breeze and the frequent 1ovement of small insects, broke the reflection into numberless agments, that glittered upon Mike's vision like pieees of bright old at the bottom.
"All that you have to do," said Mike's conductor, " is to rake ut these scraps of metal, and put them in your pocket. Work ard, don't give up; and wet your feet as little as possible. So ake yourself at home, for I must bid you good night."
"Good night," uttered Mike, "and joy go with you, my old oy!"

Finding himself alone in the bosom of the swamp at this hour, nd on the high road to fortune, the blacksmith addressed himlf to his task as vigorously as the inordinate depth of his potaons would allow. He took up the rake, that was lying on the
ground, and raised it perpendicularly, which was as much as he could do and keep his balance, considering the state of his head; and the slippery ground he had for a footing. Besides, the rake was very heavy, being made of green wood, and at least twenty feet long. When he had it well poised, and ready to make a stroke in the water, he took two steps forward to bring him im. mediately to the edge of the pond.
"Here goes!" he cried aloud, at the same time flinging the rake downwards, which motion disturbed his centre of gravity, and plunged him headlong into the pool. At the same moment witt the plash were heard a dozen voices, laughing from the midst 0 the bushes, with a prolonged and loud ho, ho, ho! that echoec frightfully through the stillness of the night. Mike crawled ou of the water, keeping hold of the rake, and once more stood up right on his former foothold.
"Well!" ejaeulated Mike, with a thick utterance, and a kin of peevish gravity; "what do you see to laugh at in that? Neve see a man in the water before?"

He now very seriously raised the rake a sccond time, an made a more successful pitch, driving it into the bottom, ani breaking the watcr into a thousand ripples. Then, taking hol of the long shaft, which he straddled, as children when they rid a stick, he began to pull with might and main. He strained unti the perspiration poured down his cheeks in large drops ; but th teeth had sunk so deep in the mud, that the rake was immovabli
"Pretty tough work!" said Mike, stopping to run his finge along his brow.

But all his efforts proved unavailing ; and he was therefor forced to wade into the pond again to release the iron teeth frol their bed; and, resting them lightly on the bottom, he again bega to pull, and succeeded in bringing the rake to the shore. Upo examination, the fruit of all this labor was nothing more tha some deeayed brushwood and grass.
"No great haul that !" muttered Mike to himself; and intantly the swamp was alive again with the same reverberations f the choir of laughers. Mike considering this as a taunt that e would bear from neither devil nor imp, returned it scornfully nd in defiance, by an equally loud and affected ho, ho, ho! delivred in bass tones. "I can laugh as well as the best of you," he aid, nodding his head towards the quarter from which the noises ame.

Mike's temper now began to give way; and as he grew angiy, e toiled with proportionate energy, but with the same disappintment, which was always mocked by the same coarse laugh. he violence of his exertions, the weight of the implement with hich he worked, and his frequent drenchings, gradually overming his strength, he grew disheartened, and began to wake up the real nature of his employment. The chill of the night owly dispelled the fever of his brain, and at last the full convicon of the truth broke upon him.
"If I was not a born fool," said he, "I should think I was unk. I sce how it is: that fellow who left the marks of his hot igers upon my nose, has been playing his tricks upon me again. is unaccountable; but if I don't have my revenge, he may bridle d saddle me both, and ride me over the swamp as much as he pases."

So saying, Mike threw down his rake, and resolutely retraced $I_{3}$ steps through the marsh. As soon as he set his foot upon te firm land, he heard the voice of his late companion calling ct, " Good night, Sergeant Brown !" which was instantly followed th the accustomed laugh.
"Good night, you blackguard!" cried Mike, as loud as he cald bawl. "Your liquor is as bad as your lodgings!" and F sted off homeward as fast as his legs could carry him.

All the nezt day Mike ruminated sullenly over this adventure,
and the more he thought upon it the more wroth he becan There is nothing more to be dreaded than a pleasant-tempere sociable, frolicksome fellow, of good bone and muscle, when he once roused. Quarrel not being one of his habits, he manages roughly and with great energy,-or as Mike would say,-"like new hand at the bellows." The affront put upon him the nig before went very hard with Mike, and he therefore resolved call his false friend to an account. It was singular that after th thought took possession of his mind, there seemed to be a reli in it that almost brought him into a good humor. The idea standing upon his prowess with the devil, and giving him fair beating, was one of those luxurious imaginings that no $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ever dreamt of but Mike Brown. There was a whimsicalness it that vibrated upon the strongest chord in his character. Mi had never met his match in daylight, and he had a droll convicti that he could master any thing in darkness, if he could only cor to it, arm to arm. His first and most natural suggestion was, put himself in order for the projected interview, by making merry evening of it, and then to depend upon his genius for 1 success in the subsequent stages of the adventure.

Mike followed one half of the old Scythian custom in affairs of perplexity : he first considered the subject when he $\pi$ drunk, but he did not revolve it again in a sober mood. On t present occasion his reflections had the advantage of being matur under circumstances of peculiar animation, induced by the d turbed state of his feelings; for he has often said that when a thing fretted him it made him awfully thirsty. There was o: determination that was uppermost in all the variety of lights which he contemplated his present purpose;-and that was, as was a delicate affair, to treat it like a gentleman, and to give 1 adversary fair play. Accordingly, as soon as Mike had cast work for the day, he put on his regimentals, took his broadswo
ad set out for his usual haunt to prepare himself for the business hand. Never did he enter upon a campaign with a more wary, rcumspect, or soldier-like providence.

He remained at the tavern in the neighborhood until he had irly put all his compotators asleep; and then, in the dead hour the night, when the moon was but a little way above the horin, and divided her quiet empire with Mike's own nose, he crept rth silently upon his destined exploit. It was a goodly sight see such a valiant blacksmith, so martially bedight, with his usty sword tucked under his arm, stealing out at such an hour, hd wending his silent way to the Goblin Swamp, there to have pass at arms with the fiend! the niglt breeze blowing upon his farthy cheek, and his heavy, sullen tramp falling without an ho upon his own ear, and not a thought of dread flickering about is heart.
With his head spinning like a top, and his courage considerably :ove striking heat, Mike, after many circumgyrations, arrived in fout half an hour on the frontier of the field of action. Here halted, according to a military fashion; and, like a cautious cicer entering upon an enemy's territory, he began to explore te ground. Then, drawing his sword and straightening his rson, he commenced an exhortation to himself in the manner (a general addressing his troops.
"Now, my brave boy, keep a stiff upper lip! mind your eye! lok out for squalls! don't fire until you see the whites of their ces; carry swords ; advance!"

All this he uttered with a solemn, drunken wisdom, and with ta flourish of an old soldier. At the words he stepped forward, ad continued to approach the swamp, muttering half articulated sinds, and occasionally falling one step backward, from carrying Inself rather too erect. As soon as he reached the edge of the 1)rass, he gave the word "halt" in a loud and defying tone of
voice, as if to inform his adversary of his presense. He did no wait long before he heard a crackling noise as of one breaking through the thick shrubbery; and full before him stood, on al old $\log$ within the swamp, his adversary, in his customary dress. with the addition of a Spanish cloak of scarlet that was muffler about his neck.

Mike, immediatcly upon seeing this apparition, brought hi sword with an alert motion up to his breast, with the blade reach ing perpendicularly upward in the line of his face; then, with graceful sweep of his arm, he swung it down diagonally, with th point to the ground, in the usual manner of a salute.
"Your honor !" said Mike, as he performed this ceremony.
"Walk in, Sergeant Brown!" said the devil, with a husk voice, that was scarcely above a whisper. "I did not expect $t$ see you to night; I have caught a bad cold, and am not able $t$ stir abroad."
"I am come to night," said Mike very stiffly, and with a affectation of cold politeness, "to see you on a piece of busines I require satisfaction for the affront you put upon me last night
"You shall have it. What's your weapon?"
"It is in my hand," answered the sergeant.
"Then follow me," said the devil with great composure.
They both stepped forward into the swamp; and, after $\operatorname{tr}$ versing some defiles, and passing around ponds, and making mar tiresome circuits through the most intricate parts of the mars Mike at length stopped to inquire which way the devil meant lead him.
"As I am the challenged party, I have the right to choose " own ground," said the other.
"Certainly !" rejoined Mike. "It is all one to me."
At length they reached a spot that was covered with tall tree at the foot of which the earth seemed to be of a more firm textu
than in the rest of the fen. There was a fire smoking through a heap of rubbish near the middle of the ground, and a little, peaked bld woman, almost black with the smoke, sat upon her haunches so near the fire that by the flash of the sinall flame Mike could berceive that she was smoking a pipe. Her elbows were placed pon her knees, and her chin rested in the palms of her hands in such a manner that her long fingers were extended, like the bars f a gridiron, over her cheeks. Her eyes looked like burning ooals, and could be seen through the dark at a great distance.
"Wife," said the devil, "Mike Brown. Mike Brown, my wife."
"Your scrvant," said Mike, with one of his best flourishes, and bow.
"Pish!" cried the old woman with a sort of scream, " sit lown!"
" Much obliged to you, ma'am," replied Mike, "I'd rather tand."
"What brings you with Mike Brown into my bedroom at this ime of night?" said the old woman to her husband.
"Mind your own business," was the reply, " and give me my word. I have an affair of honor to settle with this gentleman."
"Get it yourself," said the wife.
So the devil stepped inside of a hollow tree, and brought out huge old fashioned, two-handed straight sword, that was covered rith rust, and immediately began to feel the edge with his thumb.
"It is very dull ; but it will do. Now, sergeant, we will go a ittle way further, and settle this matter in a twinkling."
"Agreed! and remember, as you set up for a gentleman, I xpect fair play."
"Honor bright!" said the devil, putting his land to his breast.
"No striking till each says he is ready."
"By no means," said the devil.
"Nor no hit below the knec."
"Of course nct," said the devil.
"Time to breathe, if it is asked."
"Assuredly!"
"Points down at the first blood."
"Just as you say," replied the devil.
"Then," said Mike, "move on."
"We ought to drink together, sergeant, before we get to blom I am for doing the thing civilly," said the devil.
"So am I," replied Mike. "I am entirely of your opinion" So the devil put into Mike's hands a large gourd, that had stopper in the top of it, which the sergeant pulled out, and appl ing the orifice to his mouth, took a hearty drink, first turning the old woman, who sat all this time in silence by the fire, a1 saying, "My service to you, ma'am!" The devil having likewi performed his part in this ceremony, they once more resum' their walk.

In their progress towards the ground which the devil $h_{\text {: }}$ chosen for the theatre of this mortal rencounter, they came to $t r$ small islands, the soil of which was a yielding black mud cover with moss. These little parcels of ground arose out of the mars with well-defined banks, perhaps twelve inches high, and we separated from each other by a channel of deep water, not mo than five feet in width, so that to pass from one to the other 1 quired a leap that was somewhat perilous, because the foothold i the opposite bank was not only very soft, but the ground itse scarcely one pace in breadth. The chances were, therefore, th in leaping to it, the momentum employed would precipitate $t$ leaper into another pond of water beyond it. The devil skipp over this strait with great ease, and called on Mike to follo The sergeant, however, hesitated, and looked for some momen upon the spot with anxious concern. He traversed the grour in the neighborhood, to observe if there was any other passa.
round this hazardous channel ; meditated upon the consequences of a failure in the attempt to cross it; looked at his legs, as if to compare their eapabilities with the obstacle before him ; and, at last, wisely determined that the risk was more than he ought, in prudence, to run. So, taking the next expedient,-which was to make a long step, in such wise as to plant one foot on the opposite bank, and rely upon the assistance of his adversary to lrag him over,--he forthwith cssayed the effort. By one prodigious stride, he succeeded in fixing his left foot on the desired spot, his legs being extended in the endeavor to their greatest possible compass; and there he remained in his ludicrous position, like the colossus of Rhodes, his feet sliding imperceptibly outward in the slimy material of the banks, thus more effectually splitting him asunder, whilst the great weight of his body denied him all power to extricate himself, even if he had stood upon a firmer base, and with a less relased frame. He was, of course, wholly at the mercy of his antagonist, upon whose generosity he relied with the confidence of a true soldier; if this failed him, he had nothing better left than to fall siderise, in the manner of a pair of distended compasses, into the water, and abide the consequences of going headlong to the bottom of a stagnant pool, where, for aught he knew, he should not only be compelled to swallow a portion of the noxious liquid, but come into familiar contact with toads, snakes, snapping-turtles, and other abominable inhabitants of such a place. For the present, therefore, he began to entreat the aid of his old companion in the most supplicating terms. To his utter dismay, the gentleman in the scarlet mantle not only refused him a hand, but answered his request with a malignant laugh, so loud as to make the swamp ring with its reverberations.
"Blood and fury! why don't you give me your hand ?" cried Mike at last, in an extremity of torture ; "where are your manners?"
"What ails you ?" said the devil, "that you roar so loud?"
"I'm in a quandary!" bellowed the sergeant. "Is this tl way you treat a gentleman in distress? Don't you see I'm spli ting up to my chin?"
" When I fight," replied the other calmly, " I choose my ow ground, and if you can't reach it, it is no fault of mine."
"Don't you mean to give me satisfaction?" asked Mike.
"All the satisfaction in the world, Sergeant Brown. Rar satisfaction," said the devil, laughing and holding his sides.
"You are a coward," cried Mike, drawing his sword, an flourishing it over his head.
"Step out, sergeant, and make your words good."
"You are no gentleman."
"Granted," said the devil; "I never set up for one. But don't think you are much better, or you would never stand rapo: ing there with your sword, and straddling as if you thought you: self a man of consequence."
"What's the use," said Mike, in a gentle persuasive ton " of keeping a man here all night, tearing the life out of him b inches? Just give us a hand, like a gentecl Christion ; and as $t$ the quarrel, I'll not be particular about it."
"Good night, Sergeant Brown," said the devil ; "I see jo have no mind to fight; and as I did not come here to trifle, will wait no longer for you."

So the devil turned round and disappeared from Mike's view with a bitter, scoffing laugh.

The sergeant being thus left alone without relief, found hi torment becoming cvery moment more insupportable ; and there fore, without further effort to reach the ground on either side, hu plunged head-foremost into the pond, from which he rose in : moment covered with black mud, and with a multitude of rope: of green slime clinging to his shoulders, and platted about hi throat.

This shock had the effect to bring the blacksmith partially to is senses．IIe awoke from his intoxication，like one from a ream，wondering at the chances that brought him into such a redicament，and with a confused recollection of the strange ad－ centure he had just been engaged in．His conclusion was，＂that the old chap had taken him in again，＂and he therefore set off Jomerard，very much ashamed of the failure of his expedition， nd not less rexed to hear，as he once more arrived on dry land． hic usual valedictory，＂Good night！＂with its hoarse，wild and endish accompaniment．

I will not pretend to give any further avouch for these facts han the authority of Hafen，who affirmed that he had them from like himself；and as Mike was a little prone to exaggerate when is personal prowess was in question，the judicious reader will rake some grains of allowance on that score．

There were various incidents in Mike＇s life similar to those bove narrated；but it is only material to know，that not long fter this last adrenture，Mike began to grow jealous of his old rony＇s attentions to Mistress Brown．There was a spirited in－ ercourse kept up between this worthy and the family，which re－ ulted at last in the sudden disappearance of the matron from the heighborhood．The folks in these parts have their own notions f the matter ；but they don＇t like to speak freely on the subject． Hike，however，bore his misfortune like a philosopher．He very edately increased his allowance of comfort by doubling the trength of his cups，and，in consequence，was more frequently han ever beside himself，－a very refreshing expedient for a man who has been left alone in the world．The heir－apparent and the est of the progeny abdicated their birthright，and wandered off， t is supposed，in search of food．The shop was deserted，the an－ fil was sold，and the bellows fell a victim to a pulmonary attack． The roof of the dwelling had decayed so as to give the wind and ain free admission．The relies of the smithy were，one windy
night, blown down. The frame of the house first became twist out of its perpendicular line, and gradually sunk to earth, at $t$ base of the brick chimney that stands, at this day, a monume to show that another of the host of Revolutionary heroes has i parted. The well grew to be choked up with weeds ; the balanı pole waxed stiff, and creaked in its swivel ; and, finally, Mi ceased to be seen in the country side.

It is now many years gone by, since these mysterious ever employed the gossip of the neighborhood; and many credil witnesses,-amongst the rest Hafen Blok,-affirm that Mike a his wife are yet seen to hold occasional conventicles with th. old associate, in that part of the swamp known as the devil's bi chamber.
"Well, Hafen," said I, when this story of Mike Brown $r$ concluded, "do you believe it all?"
"Why, I don't know," replied Hafen, " it does seem to me if it might be partly true. But Mike was a monstrous liar, a an uncommon hard drinker."
"It is reasonable," said Hazard, "to suppose that the de should be fond of such a fellow as Mike Brown."

Said Rip, "For my share, I don't believe it. Hafen's maki fun: how could the devil walk over the swamp in silk stockin and not get them muddy?"

## CHAPTER XXX.

## AN INTERLUDE.

About the same hour of the night when Hafen Blok was regaling is circle of auditors in the porch at Swallow Barn, it fell out that two sympathetie souls, who have frequently been brought to view in this narrative, were weaving closer the network of sentimental hffinities in a quiet conference in one of the chambers at The Brakes. As this contemporary incident may serve to give my readers some insight into the family history, I will relate it as it was told to me by Harvey Riggs ; only premising that Harvey is somewhat dramatic in his nature, and therefore apt to put words into the mouths of his actors, whieh, if the matter were investigated, it might be discovered they never spoke. Be that as it may, if the story be not a positive fact, (Harvey makes a distinction betreen a positire and a simple fact,) it is at least founded on a real event.

The bustle attending the negotiation of the treaty that had just been concluded by our plenipotentiaries at The Brakes, had subsided, upon the departure of the Swallow Barn eavaleade, into an unusual calm. The family retired from the tea-table with a sedateness that might be ascribed to exhausted spirits ; and, what was most worthy of observation, Swansdown, neglectful of his customary assiduities, relinquished the company of the ladies,
and sauntered with Mr. Tracy towards the back door, where, in chair inclined against a column of the portico, he fixed himself with one foot resting upon the front bar, and with his right le, thrown across his left knee in such fashion as to point upwards a an angle of forty-five; and in this. posture he incontinentl: launched into a long, prosing discourse with Mr. Tracy, who sa, opposite to him, which lasted all the evening. He was tuned $t$. too high a key for light company. The achievement of the awar had wrought him into that state of self-complacency which gen erally attends upon ambition when saturated with a great exploit He had done a deed of mould, and was pleased to float upon th billow of his vanity, ligh borne above all frivolous things.

This humor did not pass unobserved, nor, perhaps, unre sented: for as soon as affairs had fallen into the posture I har described, Prudence Mcriwether and Catharine Tracy, in an aI parently careless spirit, set to walking up and down the hall, an afterwards sallied forth, amidst the lingerings of the twiligh upon the open hill-side, and, with no better protection agains the damps of the evening than their handkerchiefs thrown acros their shoulders, strolled at a snail's pace towards the river; an talked-heaven knows what!-or, at least, they only know, wh know what ruminative virgins, on river banks at dewy cwe, ar wont to say.

It was nine by the clock,-or even later,-when they returner to the front door and sat down upon the steps, still intent upo the exchange of secret thoughts. After a brief space, they ros again, and with locked arms stepped stately through the hall, t and fro. Still the interminable Swansdown pursued his incessan discourse. Another interval, and the two ladies slowly wende their way up stairs, and in the eastern chamber, looking toward the river, lighted by a solitary taper which threw a murky ra across the room, they planted their chairs at the window; beneat
which, until late at night, was heard a low, murmuring, busy note of ceaseless voices, like the flutter of the humming-bird in a wilderness of honeysuckles.

Harrey pretends that the subject of this long communing between our thoughtful dames had a special regard to that worthy personage whom but now my reader has seen seated at the poreh, with his foot as high as his head. I have said somewhere that Prudence was oratorical ; and, indeed, I have heard it remarked that the ladies of the Old Dominion, in general, are not sparing of their tropes. Upon that subject I have no opinion to give, but leave the world to draw its own conclusions from the following authentic conversation; authentic as far as Harvey Riggs is a credible witness.

It is characteristic of Prudence Merisether,-as it is of sundry other ladies of my acquaintance,-to lavish much fervor of imagination in the advocacy of any favorite opinion. The glow of her feelings is, of course, reflected upon her subject, and the glow of her subject is again reflected back upon her feelings ; and thence, backward and forward successively, until the greatest possible degree of heat is obtained by the process ; exactly as we sce the same result produced between two concare mirrors. It seems to me that an attentive observation of this phenomenon may go a great way to explain the mystery of a love affair.

The present theme was one of those upon which Prudence was wont to expatiate with a forcible cmphasis. Her rhetoric might be said to be even hyperbolical, and her figures of speech were certainly of the most original stamp. First, she gave an inventory of Swansdown's gentle qualities. "He was amiable, mild, soft, and polished." Then again, "his voice was silvery, his motion graceful, his manners delicate." In this enumeration of dainty properties she sometimes paused to ask Catharine if she did not think so.

Catharine thought so, of course.
"There was a gravity in his demeanor," said Prudence, " which gave authority to his presence, and scemed to rebuke familiarity; and yet it was so mixed up with the sallies of a playful innagina. tion, that it won the good opinion of the world almost by stealth."
"He is very generally respected," said Catharine.
Prudence continued the catalogue with increasing warmth; and although Catharine was not so figurative, she was not less energetic in her panegyric. She not only echoed Pru's sentiments, but even magnified their proportions. Where two persons agree, the debate must be short. Such congeniality of thinking oceludes discussion, and the two ladies therefore travelled rapidly through the inventory.

Prudence rose to the height of the stature of his mind, and descanted upon his abilities.
"He had the art," she said, " to impart a charm to the dullest subjects. His discrimination was intuitive, and facilitated his journey through the mazes of research, like one that wandered over a shorn meadow. Who but a man of genius could unravel the occult darkness of the boundary line, and shed certainty, in one day, upon an important question, in opposition to all the courts and all the lawyers of a state that boasted of both, with that forensic jurist Mr. Wart (manifestly prejudiced against his opinion) on the other side! There was a moral romanticity in it. It was like casting a spell of "gramarie" over his opponents. The world would talk of this thing hereafter!"
"It is very surprising," muttered Catharine.
":Think of it, my dear!" cried Prudence. "The country, before long will discover his dormant talents, and he will be compelled to forego his reluctance to guide the destinies of his native state."
"It can be nothing but his modesty," rejoined Kate," that
keeps him in the background now. He never would have been beaten three times for Congress, if he had not been so diffident."
"He is what I denominate emphatically," said Prudence, " a man of lofty sentiments: nothing sordid, nothing paltry, nothing tawdry, nothing-"
" Nothing," replied Kate, " nothing of the sort."
"Such sound opinions!"
" And spoken in such chaste language !"
"Such a strain of charity! such a beautiful commingling of the virtues that mollify, with the principles that fortify, the heart!
"Such a rare union!" echoed Kate.
Never has the world seen more perfect harmony than that which ruled in the counsels of our two damsels.

At length they fell into a speculation upon the question, why he did not marry. Women consider, very naturally, life to be a sort of comedy, and constantly look to see the hero pairing off by way of preparation for the catastrophe. They agreed that there were not many of the sex who would not think themselves fortunate in an overture from Mr. Swansdown. But it was allowed that he was fastidious. It resulted from the peculiar nature of his organization.
"I confess," said Prudence, "it puzzles me. It is one of the inexplicable areana of human action that I cannot explain."
" Nor I, neither," replied Kate.
"There are men," said Miss Meriwether, " of such attenuated fibre, that they shrink at the rude touch of reality. They have the sensitiveness of the mimosa, and find their affections withering up where the blast of scrutiny blows too roughly upon them. Such a man is Singleton."
"I believe that is very true," rejoined Miss Tracy; " and
besides, I think Mr. Swansdown is a little dashed by being refused so often."

To this succeeded a shrewd inquiry as to what was his present purpose.
"For," said Prudence, "it is quite clear to me that he meditates an important revolution in his fate."
"Prudence, I have lately taken up the same idea."
"There is something," continued Prudence, " in his thoughts that disturbs him. He is variable, vacillating, and visionary: sometimes, you would suppose, all mirthful exuberance,--if your opinion were governed by the beaming expression of his face,but, when he speaks, it is only to say some common-place thing, with an air of earnestness, that shows his thoughts to be looking upon some invisible idea. He is, at other times, so pensive, that oue would think 'melancholy had marked him for her own.' What can it signify?"
"Can he have taken a religious turn?" asked Kate, with an air of wonder.
"No," replied the other, thoughtfully.-"It has the fitfulness of genius distracted by its own emotions. It is not religion : we should wish it were so. But it is not that. It is the agitation of sensibility.-An imaginative temperament recreating amidst the attractive creations of its own handiwork."
" Oh, Prudence! how much that is like Swansdown himself?"
" I think," returned Miss Meriwether, "I have studied his character well. And, to tell you the truth, my dear Catharine, I fancy he recognizes some affinity between us. I perceive that when he is anxious to share his thoughts with a friend, he flies to me ; and it strangely happens, that some secret instinct brings us into that holy' confidence, where friendship puts on its garb of naked simplicity, and ideas flow together on the same high road, without reserve."
"Indeed! I did not know you were so intimate with Mr. wansdown. It is strange it should have escaped me."
"Why, it was sudden. It is wonderful to think how long ro spirits may associate in the same sphere without striking pon that chord which vibrates in unison in the hearts of both. fut for an accidental walk we took three or four mornings ago, ffore breakfast, I doubt if I should ever have been brought to at conviction which I entertain of his high qualities. And, We him altogether, Kate, I think him a timid man. He is cven mid in his intercourse with me; although he passes so many oments in my company."
"I did not think him timid," said Kate.
"Oh, Г am sure that he is so, my dear! To tell you the truth, ith that frankness which should preside over the breathings of violable friendship, I have no question, from his manner, that has something of a very delicate nature."-
"No! Prudence! You don't think so! My dear, you deive jourself. You are entirely mistaken in his views. Indeed, know you are," cried Catharine with energy.
"Indeed, I am sure I am not, Kate. I have it in every thing it words."
"Then," said Kate with emphasis, " there's no faith in man!"
"Why not, my dear Catharine?"
"It is of no consequence," replied the other, in a tremulous, urmuring voice. "The thing is not worth investigating. From y other lips than yours, Pru, I never would have believed that mansdown harbored such a thought. Well, I wish jou joy of pur conquest. I renounce-"
"Hearens, Catharine! Do I understand jou right? What dreadful truth do you divulge to my mind! I comprehend jur silence, my dearest Catharine, and do not ask an explanation, ecause I see it all. This is one of the cruclest bolts that Fate as treasured up in her quiver."
"What shall we do, my dear Prudence? I am all ama: ment!"
"Do! What ought we to do, but banish him from our far as a false-hearted minion; banish him to the antarctic circle our regard, and fix upon him the indelible stain of our displeasurt From this moment I discard him from my heart."
"And I from mine," said Catharine.
" Now we are frec," cried Prudence. "Is it not lucky th" we have had this interview?"
"Most fortunate. But are you sure, my dear Prudence, th you have not made some mistake? Do you think he serious aimed at entrapping your affections?"
"Sure, my love! He did every thing that man could do, a! said every thing that man could say, short of falling on his kn and offering me his hand."
"What unparalleled perfidy! When I contrast what you t me with what I know, and for seven long months have so fi quently experienced-"
" For seven months?"
"For seven months, believe me, my dear Prudence, for scr months."
"Why he told me, Catharine, only this morning, that he not could grow intimate with you. That you had a reserve in jo manners which repelled all advances ; that-"
"Good heavens! does Swansdown say so? There is hypocrisy in that, my dear Prudence, which shocks me. He hr had some sinister design."
"Oh! forbear, Catharinc. Do not mention it. I alwa thought him somewhat worldly-minded ; a little hollow-hearte He shows it in the expression of his countenance."
"Particularly," replied Catharine, "about the eyes, when smiles. Do you know, I always suspected him. I have a hori
of a man of extravagant professions, and have often doubted tho sincerity of Swansdown."
"Sincerity! Let not the word be profaned by wedding it with his name. It is plain, that all those apparently deep emotions by which he vainly endeavored to wrench from me-jes, to wrench from me, my affections, were but the false glitter that plays about the sunny summit of worldly profession."
" But when you tell me," said Catharine, interrupting her friend, "that he has made an assault upon your affections, I am ost in amazement. He has twenty times insinuated to me, that Ilthough he thought you a woman of some pretensions, yet you rere the last moman in the world that could interest his regard. He said he thought your manners unnatural, and your tone of feeling superficial. I recollect his very words."
"What reason have I to be thankful," exclaimed Prudence, plasping her hands, "that I have escaped the snare he has infused nto my cup! He has been lavish of expedients to entrap me. Nould you believe it, Catharine, he has actually written a long, nd, I must do him the justice to say, talented letter, depicting he misery of the Greek matrons, and their devotion to the cause f their country, with a view to gratify me, and inspire me with a oftier sentiment of admiration for him. He was arrare of my eal in that cause."
"The Greeks!" said Catharine. "Does he pretend to be an drocate for the cause of the Greeks? His precise words to me rere, that he thought the Greeks the most barbarous, the most minteresting, and the vilest wretches in the world."
"The infidel! the preposterous man! What a fatal mildew oust have struck its fangs into the understanding and the heart f the being that uttered such a sentiment! And then, what 5pocrisy must have varnished his face, whilst his pen traced his ppeal to the sensibilities of Virginia in behalf of the suffering jatriots!
" It could not have been his own," replied Catharine.
" Indeed, I should doubt it myself," said Prudence, " if it we not remarkable for those affected ornaments of style which di -figure even the best of his effusions. You may easily see that abounds in those vicious decorations which betray a false tas? those superfluous redundancies that sparkle out in his compo tions, like the smothered embers of an extinguished furnace."
"I think," added Catharine, " that it will invariably be fou: that a bad heart-"
"Yes, my dear, that is perfectly true: a bad heart never pu" pen to paper, but its guardian imp stands at its elbow, and infus into the composition a spice of hypocrisy. And had he the surance to say that he thought my manners unnatural?"
" Yes; he said you were stiff and formal, and almost inace. sible."
"That shows his poverty of thought, Catharine; for he ma: use of the same terms in reference to you."
"He said he thought it strange," continued Catharine, " t$]_{;}$ you should fancy you were doing good by circulating tracts. observed this was another of your follies; that these tracts-"
" And so he had the effrontery to attack the Tract Society
"He had, and went further; he remarked that the soci , was a mere invention to give employment to busy-bodies al country-gossips."
"Heavens and earth! had he the rashness to question motives?"
"To be sure he had ; and called you one of the immaculate"
"Then, I am done with man. Depend upon it, Catbari, the sex is not to be trusted. There is a natural propinquit:proclivity I mean-in this baser part of creation, to undervae all that is virtuous. I never saw one man whose impulses wo not essentially wicked."
"Nor I, neither, except my father," replied Catharine.
"Of course, I except my brother Frank," said Prudence. Henceforward I abjure the sex."
"I think I will too," said Catharine in a lower tone.
"Well now, Catharine," continued Miss Meriwether, " it bepomes us to take a decided part in reference to this Mister Swansdown."
"What do you propose, Pru?"
"To treat him with that cutting coldness which we both so well know how to assume."
"I don't think we ought to make him of so much importance."
"My dear," said Prudence, after a moment's hesitation, " perhaps you are right. There is nothing puffs up these lords of creation so much as to find our sex guilty of the weakness of even the homage of contempt. Suppose we indicate to him by our manner that we have unveiled his treachery, and show him, that although it has been so assiduous to insinuate himself into our good opinion, we regard him as an object of perfect indifference."
"As one," added Catharine, "whose ways were known to us."
"Whose fate," said Prudence, in continuation, " is a subject that has never occupied our thoughts."
"Whose duplicity has failed of its aim," said Catharine.
"Whose tergiversation and ambidexterity have alike excited our ridicule," replied Prudence.
"Agreed! let us do so," continued Catharine ;-" how shall we manage it ?"
"By our looks, my dear Catharine! I will look into the deepest recesses of his heart with a glance, and wither him into a spectacle of scorn."
"Looks may do a great deal," replied Catharine, " and I will regulate my demeanor by yours. "I am glad we have found him out !"
" Let us retire to rest, my dear," said the other. "Let us our prayers, and be thankful that we have escaped these impen ing dangers."

For a while, all was silent. But at midnight again, and lor afterwards, a buzzing sound of suppressed voices was heard fro the chamber.

## CiIAPTER XXXI.

SUMMER MORNINGS.
n the country every thing wears a Sunday look. The skies have decper blue, the clouds rest upon them like painting. The soft utter of the groves hushes one into silence. The chirp of the rasshopper, as he leaps in his short semi-circles along your path, as the feebleness of a whisper ; and the great vagabond buttery, which gads amongst the thistles, moves noiseless as a strag. ling leaf borne upon a zephyr. Then, there is a lowing of cows pon a distant meadow, and a scream of jay-birds, heard at interals; the sullen hammer of a lonely woodpecker resounds from ome withered trunk; and, high above, a soaring troop of crows, oarse with cawing, send forth a far-off note. Sometimes a huge ad miry mother of the sty, with her litter of querulous pigs, eps leisurely across the foreground; and a choir of locusts in 10 neighboring woods spin out a long stave of music, like the upils of a singing-school practising the elements of psalmody. . till, this varied concert falls faintly upon the ear, and only seems , measure silence.

Our morning pursuits at Swallow Barn partake somowhat of te quict character of the scenery. Frank Meriwether is an early iser at this season, and generally breakfasts before the rest of 1e family. This gives him time to make a circuit on horseback,
to inspect the progress of his farm concerns. He returns befor the heat of the day, and, about noon, may be found stretche upon a broad settee in the hall, with a pile of books on the floc beneath him, and a dozen newspapers thrown around in grea confusion: not unfrequently, too, he is overtaken with a dee sleep, with a volume straddling his nose ; and he will continue i this position, gradually snoring from a lower to a higher key, ul til he awakens himself by a sudden and alarming burst that $\mathrm{r}_{1}$. sembles the bark of a mastiff. He says the old clock puts hin asleep, and, in truth, it has a very narcotic vibration; but Fran is manifestly growing corpulent. And, what is a little amusin: he protests in the face of the whole family that he does not snor

The girls get at the piano immediately after breakfast; an Ned and myself usually commence the morning with a stroll. there happen to be visitors at Swallow Barn, this after-brealfa: hour is famous for debates. We then all assemble in the pore and fall into grave discussions upon agriculture, hunting, horsemanship, in neither of which do I profess any great pr ficiency, though I take care not to let that appear. Some of tl, party amuse themselves with throwing pebbles picked from tl gravel walk, or draw figures upon the earth with a cane, as if assist their cogitations; and when our topics grow searce, $r$ saunter towards the bridge, and string ourselves out upon tl rail, to watch the bubbles that float down the stream ; and al sometimes a good deal perplexed to know what we shall do unt dinner time.

There is a numerous herd of little negroes about the estatı and these sometimes afford us a new diversion. A few mornin since, we encountered a horde of them, who were darting abo the bushes like untamed monkeys. They are afraid of me, l cause I am a stranger, and take to their heels as soon as they s we. If I ever chance to get near enough to speak to one

em, he stares at me with a suspicious gaze; and, after a moent, makes off at full speed, very much frightened, towards the bins at some distance from the house. They are almost all ad in a long coarse shirt which reaches below the knec, without : $y$ other garment: but one of the group we met on the morning speak of, was oddly decked in a pair of ragged trowsers, consicuous for their ample dimensions in the seat. These had ridently belonged to some grown-up person, but were cut skort it the legs to make them fit the wearer. A piece of twine across th shoulder of this grotesque imp, served for suspenders, and lpt his habiliments from falling about his feet. Ned ordered t.s crew to prepare for a foot-race, and proposed a reward of a Hee of money to the winner. They were to run from a given fint, about a hundred paces distant, to the margin of the brook. (ir whole suite of dogs were in attendance, and seemed to uniestand our pastime. At the word, away went the bevy, accompied by every dog of the pack, the negroes shouting and the dys yelling in unison. The shirts ran with prodigious vehennce, their speed exposing their bare, black, and meager shanks, tithe scandal of all beholders ; and the strange baboon in trowsis struggled close in their rear, with ludicrous earnestness, hding up his redundant and troublesome apparel with his hand. I a moment they reached the brook with unchecked speed; and, athe banks were muddy, and the dogs had become tangled with t) racers in their path, two or three were precipitated into the wier. This only increased the merciment, and they continued contest in this new element, by floundering, kicking, and spushing about, like a brood of ducks in their first descent upon a.ool. These young negroes have wonderfully flat noses, and th most oddly disproportioned mouths, which were now opened thisheir full dimensions, so as to display their white teeth in stiking contrast with their complexions. They are a strange
pack of antic and careless animals, and furnish the liveliest, ture that is to be found in nature, of that rate of swart fain which, in the old time, were supposed to play their pranks in forest at moonlight. Ned stood by, enjoying this scene like amateur; encouraging the negroes in their gambols, and hal. ing to the dogs, that by a kindred instinct entered tumultuou into the sport and kept up the confusion. It was difficult to : cide the contest. So the money was thrown into the air, anc 3 it fell to the ground, there was another rush, in which the $b$ ) of the trowsers succeeded in getting the small coin from ground in his teeth, somewhat to the prejudice of his fincry.

Rip asserts a special pre-eminence over these young serfs, il has drilled them into a kind of local militia. He sometimes s them all marshalled in the yard, and entertains us with a revi:. They have an old watering-pot for a drum, and a dingy pocl. handkerchief for a standard, under which they are arrayeda military order. As they have no hats amongst them, Rip mas each stick a cock's feather in his wool ; and in this guise $t$ y parade over the grounds with a riotous elamor, in which R shrill voice, and the elink of the old watering-pot, may be he 1 at a great distance.

Besides these occupations, Hazard and myself frequently i.e out during the morning; and we are apt to let our horses t? their own way. This brings us into all the by-places of 3 neighborhood, and makes me many acquaintances. Lucy il Victorine often accompany us, and I have occasion to adne their expert horsemanship. They have each a brisk little, py and these are wonderful favorites with them ; and, to hear tla talk, you would suppose them versed in all the affairs of e stable.

With such amusements, we contrive to pass our morni ; not listlessly, but idly. This course of life has a winning qua y
that already begins to exercise its influence upon my habits. There is a fascination in the quiet, irresponsible, and reckless nature of these country pursuits, that is apt to seize upon the imagination of a man who has felt the perplexities of business. Ever since I have been at Swallow Barn, I have entertained a very philosophical longing for the calm and dignified retirement lof the woods. I begin to grow moderate in my desires; that is, I only want a thousand acres of good land, an old manor-house, on a pleasant site, a hündred negroes, a large library, a host of friends, and a reserve of a few thousands a year in the stocks,in case of bad crops,-and, finally, a house full of pretty, intelligent, and docile children, with some few et ceteras not worth mentioning.

I doubt not, after this, I shall be considered a man of few wants, and great resources within myself.

## CHAPTER XXXII,

## A country gathering.

The day that followed our adventure in the Goblin Swamp w: a busy one. We were to have our dinner party at Swallow Bar

At an early hour, before breakfast a servant waited at tl front door for Hazard's orders. This was a negro boy equippe for service on horseback. He was rather more trig in his appea ance than I was accustomed to see the servants. From h jockey air, and the conceited slant he had given to an old dar colored cap with a yellow band, which stuck upon one side of $b$ head, I was not wrong in my conjecture that he had somethir to do with the race-horses. He was mounted upon one of th stock, a tall, full-blooded bay, just ready to start, when Hazal came to instruct him in the purpose of his errand.
"Ganymede," said Ned, " you will go to the Court Hous. and give my compliments-"
"Yes, sir," said the messenger, with a joyful countenance.
-"To Mister Toll Hedges and the doctor, and tell them th we expect some friends here at dinner to day."
"Yes, sir," shouted the negro, and striking his heels into h horse's sides at the same instant, plunged forward some paces.
" Come back," eried Ned; "what are you going after ?"
"To ax Mas Toll Hedges and the doctor to come here to di ner to-day;" returned the impatient boy.
"Wait until you hear what I have to tell you," continued Ned. "Say to them that your Master Frank will be glad to see them ; and that I wish them to bring any body along with them they choose."
"That's all!" exclaimed the negro again, and once moro bounded off towards the high road.
"You black rascal!" cried Ned at the top of his roice, and laughing, "come back again. You are in a monstrous hurry. I wish you would show something of this activity when it is more wanting. Now, hear me out. Tell them, if they see the 'squire, to bring him along."
"Yes, sir."
"And as you pass by Mr. Braston Beverly's, stop there, and ask him if he will faror us with his company. And if he cannot come himself, tell him to send us some of the family. Tell him to send them, at any rate. Let me see; is there any body else? If you meet any of the gentlemen about, give them my compliments, and tell them to come over."
"Yes, sir."
"Now can you remember it all?"
"Never fear me, Mas Ned," said the negro, with his lowcountry, broad pronunciation, that entirely discards the letter R.
"Then be off," cried Hazard, "and let me hear of no loitering on the road."
"That's me!" shouted Ganymede, in the same tone of excessive spirits he evinced on his first appearance. "I'll be bound I make tracks!" and, saying this, the negro flourished his hand above his head, struck his heels again on the horse's ribs, hallooed with a wild scream, and shot forward like an arrow from a bow.

Soon after breakfast the visitors from The Brakes began to appear. First came Prudence Meriwether with Catharine, in Mr. Tracy's carriage. About an hour afterwards, Swansdown's glit-
tering curricle arrived, bringing Bel Tracy under the convoy the gentleman himself. After another interval, Harvey Rig and Ralph followed on horseback. Mr. Tracy had not acco panied either of these parties ; but Harvey brought an assuran from him that he would be punctual to the engagement.

A dinner party in the country is not the premeditated, anxio affair it is in town. It has nothing of that long, awful intert between the arrival of the guests and the serving up of the dish. when men look in each other's faces with empty stomachs, al utter inane common-places with an obvious air of insincerity, not of actual suffering. On the contrary, it is understood to a regular spending of the day, in which the guests assume all $t$. privileges of inmates, sleep on the sofas, lounge through the hal read the newspapers, stroll over the grounds, and, if pinched appetite, stay their stomachs with bread and butter, and tod made of choice old spirits.

There were several hours yet to be passed before dinner-tin Our company, therefore, began to betake themselves to such , cupations as best sorted with their ialle humors. Harrey Ris, had already communicated to me the incidents I have record of the interview between Prudence and Catharine, and our cu, osity had been accordingly aroused to see in what way the $t$ damsels intended to pursue the measures which both had vot. necessary in their emergency. An occasion now occurred to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ them in practice. Prudence was seated at the piano strummi a tune; Swansdown was in the courtyard, looking through 1 open window, with a flower in his hand regaling his nose, a listening to the strains, the syren strains, that fell from his $f$; enemy. Presently the piano ceased, the maiden turned careles. towards the window. Swansdown put on a winning smile, st. some unheard, gallant thing, and presented the nosegay to th lady. She smelt it, and sat down at that very window. T,
osition brought her ear right opposite the gentleman's lips. It ; pretty obvious what must follow, when a cavalier has such an dyantage over even an angry dame. Soon Prudence was obser. cd to smile; and, straightway, the conference became soft and Ww, accompanied with earnest, sentimental looks, and ever and non relieved by a fluttering, short, ambiguous, and somewhat |reathless laugh. It was plain, Prudence was enforeing her hetics. She was heaping coals of fire upon the head of the luckess swain. In truth, if she yet nursed her wrath, it seemed to ave grown monstrous charitable. Perhaps she relented in her tern purpose, and gave way to the gentler emotions of pity, is he hope of converting the sinner. Perhaps she had tempered er censure of man's obliquities, by the spontaneous and irresistble overflow of her own tenderness; or, perhaps she had been Itogether in a mistake. Whatever was the truth, her present urpose, motive, and action, certainly seemed to me marvellously nexplicable.

Whilst this private interview was going on, the members of he houschold passed freely along the hall. A drawing would how my reader how one might have looked thence into the parpr , and seen the position of the speakers; and how from the lite porch where Harrey and I were seated, we could discern wansdown through a screen of rose-bushes, as he stood with his ead rather inside of the casement. But, for want of a good map ir sketch of the premises, these things must be conceived. At ength Catharine, who till now had been engaged with other cares, nd who had, I presume, supposed that the war against the perdious poet, philosopher, and future pillar of the state, was to be ne of extermination, came flaunting along the hall, carolling a ay tune, and wearing an outside of unaccustomed levity. When he arrived opposite the parlor door, the same phenomenon that ad put us at fault seemed all at once to strike her. An emo-
tion of surprise was visible upon her countenance. She passel went back, looked into the parlor, hesitated, returned towards th front door, stood still a moment in a fit of abstraction, wheele round, and finally entered the room with a face all smoothnes and pleasure. Her plans were concerted during these motion Her accost was playful, loud, and even unusually gracious ; an from that moment the trio fell into an easy, voluble, and pleasar discourse, in which the two ladies talked without intermission, an without listening to each other, for a good half-hour.
"That's strange!" said Harvey, looking at me with a fac full of wonder.
"You have misrepresented them, Harvey," said I.
"Not a jot; for Bel has had the whole detailed to her, nc exactly in the words I have given you, but in substance, frol each of them separately this morning. They have both, in turı confided to her the conversation of last night; and, like a goo secret-keeper, she has told it all to me, -Knowing my anxiety i the matter,-but with a strict injunction that it was to gon further. And so $I$, in order that I may have a witness to m . fidelity, have told it all to you, who of course will understand $;$ as confidential, and not permit a word of it to escape your lip: There you have the whole pedigree of the secret, and you see tha I am as close as a woman. In the detail, I have not in any d. gree impaired the excellence of the story, I assure you."
"Then the wind blows from another quarter to-day," said ]
"The thing is perfectly plain," said IIarvey; "that solem* ass, Swansdown, has a greater hold on these women than they ar willing to allow to each other. Prudence is not quite agreed $t$, trust Kate ; and Kate is half inclined to disbeliere erery wor that Prudence has told her. And both of them think it at leas very probable that there is some mistake in the matter. So, fo fear there might be a mistake, Pru has set about making a de monstration for herself; and Kate has taken the alarm fros
what she has diseovered, and is afraid that Pru, if let alone, will get the whip-hand of her. In this state of things, they have dissolved the alliance, and each one is coquetting on her own account. It is something like a panic against a bank, when the ereditors are all dashing in to get the preference in the payment of their notes."

Swansdown was at last relieved from the spirited run that had been made upon his courtesy. The two ladies drew off to other engagements, and the disencumbered gentleman came round to the door where we were sitting. It happened that Rip, a few moments before, had been released from school, and had walked into the parlor where Prudence and Catharine were entertaining the poet; but, finding them carnestly occupied, had made a circuit round the room and out again without stopping, and then came and seated himself on the sill of the front door, where he remained when Swansdown joined our party. What had previously been occupying Rip's brain I know not, for he sat silent and abstracted; but at last, drawing up his naked heels on the floor, so as to bring hiṣ knees almost in contact with his chin, and embracing his legs with his arms, in such mauner as to form a hoop round them with his fingers interlaced, he looked up at us with a face of some perplexity, as he broke out with the excla-mation,-
"Dog them women! If they ar'nt too much!"
"Whom do you mean, Rip ?" inquired Harvey.
"Aunt Pru and Catharine."
"What have they been doing? you seem to be in a bad humor."
" Oh, dog 'em, I say ! they won't let Mr. Swansdown do any thing he wants: always tagging after him. (Swansdown was a great favorite of Rip's, principally on account of his horses.) I don't wonder he don't like to stay with them."
"What fault have you to find with the ladies, Rip ?" asked

Swansdown, anused with the boy's manner. "You are not angry. with them on my account, I hope?"
"Yes, I am. They're always a talking about you. For my share, I think they must be in love with you."

Here Harvey laughed aloud. "What do they say of Mr. Swansdown, Rip?"
"You needn't laugh, Mr. Riggs," said Rip. "Havn't I heard' them both talking about Mr. Swansdown? Oh, oh! I wouldn't, like any body to talk about me so !"
"I hope they said nothing ill of me, Rip?" said Swansdown. a little confused.
"I guess they didn't," replied Rip. "But you had better' look out, else every body will say that you are going to get married to both of them. That would be queer, wouldn't it?"
"But you havn't told us what they said," interrupted Har. vey.
"No matter, Rip, about that," said Swansdown. "We must not tell tales out of school, you know."
"Catch me!" replied Rip, "I'm not going to tell."
Saying these words, he jumped up and ran off to his sports, with his natural careless aud irresponsible manner, not dreaming that the slightest consequence could be attached to any thing he had uttered.

This simple incident had a sensible influence upon the conduct of Swansdown during the rest of the day. He had of late been haunted by an apprehension that he was almost ashamed to acknowledge, namely, that it was possible his civilities both to Prudence and Catharine might be overrated and misconstrued. They had both flattered his vanity, and allured him by that means into a somewhat intimate intercourse, although it was very far from kindling up a serious interest in his feelings. Still, this attention was agrecable to him; and once or twice the suspicion
might have crossed his mind, that he was permitting matters to go too far ; an indiscretion which he foresaw might produce some umpleasant consequences. It was in this state of doubt that he had left the ladies but a few moments since; and it was, therefore, with something of trepidation and alarm that he heard Rip's abrupt disclosure, made with the boyish recklessness I have described. Harvey Riggs saw this, and was inclined to make advantage of it; but Rip took the caution inculeated by Swansdown, and frustrated the object. The most amusing feature in the whole transaction was, that it brought about the very state of things, by the voluntary choice of Swansdown, that Prudence and Catharine, on their part, had resolved the night bcfore to compel ; but which their uncertain and distrustful policy to-day had countervailed. Swansdown came to the sudden determination to allay the false hopes he had raised, by assuming, for the future, a more circumspect and reserved behavior, and, as soon as the opportunity favored, to decamp from the field of action, and make his way back to his native oaks, where, he hoped, his absence would in a short time-at least in as short a time as so sore a disease allowed-heal up the wounds his innocent and unwary perfections had inflicted upon the peace of two unquict and unhappy spinsters. Full of this sentiment, he suddenly became pensive, formal, punctilious, prosy, and cold. Never did the thermometer fall more rapidly to zero.

Whilst these things were going on, our company continued to assemble. Two odd-looking figures arrived on horseback at the gate, followed by our trusty boy Ganymede, who had staid behind to accompany the guests he had been sent to invite. The older of the two was the doctor, a fat, short-winded gentleman, dressed, notwithstanding the heat of the season, all in woollen cloth. Behind his saddle he carried a small valise, such as gentlemen of his profession use in the country for the conveyance of drugs and
medicines. The other was our old friend Taliaferro Hedges considerably improved in attire, but with his pantaloons-some white cotton fabric-rubbed up, by the action of his horse, almost to his knees. He wore his broad, shapeless, and tattered straw hat, that flapped over his eyes with a supreme air of waggishness; and as he dismounted at the gate, he deliberately disburdened his mouth of a quid of tobacco, and walked up to the door. It was now past one o'clock; and as it is usual in this part of Virgi-1 nia to follow up the introduction of a guest at this hour of the day with an invitation to take some of the toddy, our new comers were ushered into a back room, where an immense bowl had been prepared by Ned Hazard, who was there present with Meriwether and Mr. Wart to administer it.

In the midst of the jest, clamor, and laughter of the conrocation that was now assembled, admiring and doing homage to the icy and well-flavored bowl, other visitors were introduced, amongst. the rest Mr. Braxton Beverly, an extensive breeder of sheep and blooded horses. He was a tall, thin, talkative gentleman, who had an authoritative way of besieging the person he addressed, and laying down the heads of his discourse by striking the fingers of his right hand upon the paln of his left, and shaking his head somewhat as I have seen a bullying school-boy, when he was going to fight. Mr. Chub formed a part of this group, but stood rather. in the background, with his hands tucked under the skirts of his coat, so as to throw them out like the tail of a bantam cock, whilst he erected his figure even beyond the perpendicular line. For a time, this was a busy and a gay scene, characterized by the exhibition of that good-humored and natural freedom from the constraint of forms, which constitutes one of the most mequivocal features of a genuine hospitality. The tumult gradually subsided: as the several personages in the room retreated towards the hall; and it was not long before the whole party seemed to be entirely
omesticated, and had separated into as many fragments as whim r chance produced. Some sauntered towards the bridge, and hence to the stable; some sat in the shade of the porch, and iscussed the topics that interested the country; and others andered as far as the schoolhouse, whence might be heard an casional obstreperous laugh, the sudden consequence of some ell-told story.

As the dinner hour drew nigh, our seattered forees were fast pncentrating upon one point. The ladies had assembled in the cawing-room; and there were many signs that could not be istaken, that the hour dedicated to the imperious calls of appete was near at hand. Still, Mr. Tracy had not yet appeared. ivers sfeculations were set on foot as to the cause of his absence. crhaps he had forgotten his engagement; but that was not -obable, considering how careful he was known to be in all such atters; and especially after the interest he had expressed to lieve Meriwether from the sense of mortification which he pposed his friend felt in his defeat. He could not have lost his ay; nor could he have mistaken the hour. A general anxiety, length, began to prevail on the subject. Meriwether was rticularly desirous to meet his neighbor at this moment of cification; and the rest of the party were curious to note the d gentleman's behavior at so critical a juncture.
The dinner hour had now come, and every one was still on the pkout for our ancient guest. Most of the gentlemen were conegated about the door, watching every object that came in sight fon the road leading to the gateway. At last, slowly emerging pm behind a clump of trees, at some distance off, where the road ist occurred to view, was seen the venerable veteran himself. e had dismounted from liis horse, and, unattended by any scrnt, was walking leisurely with his arms behind his back, the idle dangling from one hand, and his horse dodging along after
him, as slow as foot could fall. Both the steed and the ride looked patiently and pensively upon the ground. A long interr: elapsed before they reached the gate. The worthy gentlema: all unconscious of the lateness of the hour, or of his proximit to his point of destination, and the impatient crowd that we: gazing at him, advanced in deep thought. The exterminate lawsuit disturbed him. He thought sorrowfully over the exti: guished controversy. A favorite fancy had been annihilate untimely cropped, as a flower of the field. He could not reali: the idea. The privation had left him no substitute. All thi was plainly read in his movements. He travelled forward a fet paces, then stopped, raised his head, by a careful, circuitous m tion of his hand, took his handkerchief out of his pocket, paus and adjusted it in his grasp, then, stooping forward, applied it his nose, and returned it, with the same deliberation, to its pla of deposit. This operation was several times repeated, and $\varepsilon$ companied with looks of bewildered abstraction. Poor gent man! He had parted with a friend when he gave up his su He arrived, at length, at the gate, where he was met by Meris. ther, and almost by the whole company. It was a surprise to hi to find himself so near; and, immediately dismissing the medi: tive air which had rendered his march so tardy and perplexed, put on his accustomed demeanor of studied and sprightly ci lity, and replied to the numerous greetings with an alacrity tl astonished every oue.
"I fear I have kept you waiting, my friend," said he to Mc wether; " that, you know, is not my way ; but, body-0'-me! I h like to have made a slip; my timepicee is to blame. Wo old 1 . lows," he continued, looking at his watch, "havn't so much of $t$. commodity to lose either, Mr. Meriwether, ha, ha! Time dil not spare such an old curmudgeon as I: he has handled me pre' well already."
"Papa, what made you stay so long?" asked Bel. "We have en waiting for you until I began to be alarmed lest something Id happened to you."
"My dear," replied the father, "I thought I would just ride sund by the Apple-pie to take a look at the grounds; and I Hieve I staid there rather too long."
"And what had you to look at there, all by yourself, I should le to know?"
"Nothing, my dear, but we must not talk of the Apple-pie, ${ }_{1}$ t a word! That subject is to be buried for ever. It is done, Jessure you, my dear, it is done."

With these words, the old gentleman entered the hall and ragled with the crowd.

## CHAPTER XXXIII.

## THE DINNER TABLE.

About half after three, Carey, with a solemn official air whi was well set off by a singularly stiff costume,-assuming for nonce the rank and station of head-waiter,-announced that $r$ ner was on the table. The greater part of the company was lected in the drawing-room ; some two or three loitered thro's the hall. At the summons, Mr. Tracy, with that alacrious tion which sometimes belongs to old men, sprang upon his t and hastened to the opposite side of the room, where my coito Lucretia was seated, took her hand, and, with a repetition of mal bows after a fashion in vogue in the last century, led he 0 the dining-room. Meriwether stood at the door beckoning to $c$ after another of his guests, with that kind smile and unsturd grace which are natural to a benevolent temper ; his tall fice somewhat constrained in its motion by an infusion of mode $y$, which is always discernible in him when placed in any consl ${ }^{\text {d. }}$ ous position. As soon as Mr. Tracy led the way, Swansdin, with some particularity, offered his arm to Bel . The other la 2 s found an escort among the more gallant of the gentlemen ; id after them the rest of the party pressed forward pell-mell tow ls the dining-room, leaving Meriwether to bring up the rear, 0 , upon arriving at the table, with that considerateness which n or
prsakes him in the smallest matters, placed Mr. Wart, Mr Phub, and one or two of his elder guests near his own seat.

I must not forget to mention, that before we had taken our bairs, Mistress Winkle, decked out in all the pomp of silk and uslin, sailed, as it were, with muffled oars into the room from a de door ; and, with a prim and stealthy motion, deposited her me-worn person near to my cousin Lucretia. It is a custom of ffectionate courtesy in the family, to accord to this venerable elic of the past generation the civility of a place at table. Mr. 'racy was aware of Meriwether's feelings towards the aged dame; ad, prompted by his orerflowing zeal on the present occasion to ranifest his deference to his host, he no sooner observed her than e broke out into a jocose and gallant recognition :-
"Mistress Winkle! what, my old friend! It rejoices me to be you looking so well-and so youthful! The world goes merly with you. Gad's-my life! if Colonel Tarleton were only live again to make another visit to the James River, it would e hard to persuade him that time had gained so small a victory ser the romping girl whom he had the impertinence to chuckle nder the chin so boldly. A saucy and stark trooper he was in rose days, Mistress Winkle! But the gout, the gout, I warrant, id his business for him long ago! Ha, ha! You hav'nt forgot Id times, Mistress Winkle, although they have well nigh forgotpn you."
The housekeeper, during this outbreak, courtesied, hemmed ad smiled; and, with much confusion, rustled her silken folds 1 her chair, with somewhat of the motion of a motherly hen in he process of incubation. Mr. Tracy had touched upon an incient which, for nearly half a century, had been a theme that armed up all her self-complacency, and which orred its origin to ne of the English partisan's forays upon the river side, during pe Revolution, in which he was said to have made himself very
much at home at Swallow Barn, and to have bestowed some ec. plimental notice upon the then buxom and blooming depends; of the family.

The table was furnished with a profusion of the delicac, afforded by the country; and, notwithstanding it was much mes ample than the accommodation of the guests required, it scen! to be stored rather with a reference to its own dimensions tl ; to the number or wants of those who were collected around : At the head, immediately under the eye of our hostess, in customary pride of place, was deposited a goodly ham of bac; rich in its own perfections, as well as in the endemic honors $t$, belong to it in the Old Dominion. According to a usage worl* of imitation, it was clothed in its own dark skin, which the ! aginative mistress of the kitchen had embellished by carving . to some fanciful figures. The opposite end of the table smol. with a huge roasted saddle of mutton, which seemed, from ; trim and spruce air, ready to gallop off the dish.? Between th: two extremes was scattered an enticing diversity of poultry, p . pared with many savory adjuncts, and especially that topical 1 . ury, which yet so slowly finds its way northward,-fried chi. ens,--sworn brother to the ham, and old Virginia's standard di. The intervening spaces displayed a profusion of the products? the garden; nor were oysters and crabs wanting where rod allowed ; and, where nothing else could be deposited, as if sepulous of showing a bare spot of the table-cloth, the bounti! forethought of Mistress Winkle had provided a choice select $i$ of pickles of every color and kind. From the whole array of board it was obvious, that abundance and variety were deemed, less essential to the entertainment, than the excellence of e viands.

A bevy of domestics, in every stage of training, attended on the table, presenting a lively type of the progress of civil.
on, or the march of intellect; the veteran waitingman being pll-contrasted with the rude half-monkey, half-boy, who seemed have been for the first time admitted to the parlor; whilst, befeen these two, were exhibited the successive dogrees that inark e advance from the young savage to the sedate and sophistited image of the old-fashioned negro nobility. It was equal to gallery of caricatures, a sort of scenic satire upon man in his rrious stages, with his odd imitativeness illustrated in the broadt lines. Each had added some article of coxcombry to his (ess ; a pewter buckle fastened to the shirt for a breast-pin ; a (lgy parti-colored ribbon, ostentatiously displayed across the least, with one end lodged in the waistcoat pocket ; or a prepostous cravat girding up an exorbitantly starched shirt collar, tht rivalled the driven snow, as it traversed cheeks as black as ydnight, and fretted the lower cartilage of a pair of refractory, 1.en-hued ears. One, more conceited than the rest, had platted I; wool (after a fashion common amongst the negroes) into five (six short cues both before and behind; whilst the visages of ti whole group wore that grave, momentous elongation which ipeculiar to the African face, and which is eminently adapted texpress the official care and personal importance of the wearer.

As the more immediate, and what is universally conceded to 1 the more important, business of the dinner was discussed, to rt, the process of dulling the edge of appetite, the morriment of to company rose in proportion to the leisure afforded to its excise; and the elder portion of the guests gently slid into the vacity of the younger. Mr. Tracy did not lose for an instant tht antiquated cavalier air which he had assumed on entering $t$ : room. As Harvey Riggs expressed it, " he was painfully po$1_{3}$ and very precisely gay." The ladies, for a time, gave their the to the table; and, under this influence, we found ourselves filing into detached circles, where each pursued its separate
theme, sometimes in loud and rapid converse, mingled with equent bursts of laughter that spread an undistinguishable in through the room ; and sometimes in low and confidential 1 rmurings, of which it was impossible to say whether they ree grave or gay. Swansdown's voice was poured into Bel's ex in gentle and unremitting whispers, of which Ned Hazard alon of all the guests-to judge by his intense and abstracted gaze- 15 able to unriddle the import. Prudence, equally abstracted, as unnaturally merry, and laughed much more than was neces'ry at Harvey's jokes. Catharine talked with singular sagacity, id listencd, with still more singular earnestness, to Mr. Berc j, who was instructing her, with equal interest and eloquence, 1 on the wholesome effects he had found in the abundant use of fla el -which he described with unnecessary amplitude of details in repelling the assaults of an ancient enemy, the rheumatism. j/ and then a loud and rather obstreperous laugh, not altoge er suited to the region he inhabited, and which some such conse 18 ness seemed abruptly to arrest, was set up by Taliaferro He bs. This worthy had already begun to occupy that questionable gr ud which a gentleman of loose habits and decaying reputatis is pretty sure to arrive at in his descending career. Dissip, on had lowered him somerwhat in the world, and had already iroduced him to a class of associates who had made a visible inicession on his manners, a circumstance which very few men ha so little shrewdness as not to perceive, nor so much hardihood a 10 t to be ashamed of. In truth, Toll had imbibed some of the soge, and much of the boisterousness of the bar-room ; but he ha pot yet given such unequivocal indications of the incurableness , lis infirmity, as to induce his acquaintances (who for the most art upheld him on some family consideration) to exclude him om their houses. On the contrary, a eertain strain of disorder but generous companionship, breaking out and shining above the ces
twhich it was akin, still recommended him to the favor of those wo were unwilling to desert him as long as his case was not a olutcly hopeless. The course of intemperance, however, gravithes by a fatal law downwards: it is unfortunately of the most re occurrence, that the mind which has once been debauched by anbit of intoxication, ever regains that poise of self-respect which pserves the purity of the individual. It was easy to perceive t) Hedges labored under a perpetual struggle to constrain his dhortment within even the broader boundaries that limit the i) ulgence of the class of gentlemen.

Amidst these diversified exhibitions, Mr. Wart ate like a man Wh a good appetite, and gave himself no trouble to talk, except it the intervals of serving his plate; for he remarked, "that he IIs not accustomed to these late hours, and thought them apt to mke one surcharge his stomach;" whilst the parson, who sat onosite to him, wore a perpetual smile during the repast; sometiles looking as if he intended to say something, but more genc:lly watching every word that fell from Mr. Wart's lips.

The courses disappeared; a rich dessert came and went: the s)its of the company rose still higher. The wine, iced almost the freezing point, moved in a busy sphere; for the intense h.t of the weather gave it an additional zest. We had made t1 usual libations to the ladies, and exchanged the frequent hlths, according to the hackneyed and unmeaning custom which prails unquestioned, I suppose, over Christendom, when the e) ch arrived at which, by the arbitrary law of the feast, the Wnankind are expected to withdraw ; that time which, if I were abrereign in this dinner-party realm, should be blotted from the fcive calendar. I should shame me to acknowledge that there IT any moment in the social day when it was unseemly for the tceperate sex to look upon or listen to the lord of creation in hipastimes ; but I was neither monarch nor magician, and so we
were left alone to pursue unreproved the frolic current upon $W$ sh we had been lifted. Before us glittered the dark sea of the t le, studded over with " carracks," " argosies," and " barks" freig, ed with the wealth of the Azores, Spain, Portugal and France ; ad with the lighters by which these precious bulks were unladen ad deposited in their proper receptacles. In sooth, the wine'as very good.

Almost the first words that were spoken, after we had : $d$ iusted ourselves from the stir occasioned by the retreat of he ladies, came from Mr. Tracy. He had been waiting for a sui lle opportunity to acquit himself of a grave and formal duty. he occasion of the dinner, he conceived, demanded of him a pec ar compliment to the host. His strict and refined sensitivent to the requirements of gentle breeding would have forbidden hi to sleep quietly in his bed with this task unperformed ; and trefore, with a tremulous and fluttered motion, like that of a y ng orator awe-struck at the thought of making a speech, he re to command the attention of the table. A faint-hearted smil sat rigidly upon his visage, " like moonlight on a marble statu his eye glassy, his cheek pale, and his gesture contrived to a int and feeble counterfeit of mirth. It was evident the old gentl an was not accustomed to public speaking: and so he remark as he turned towards Meriwether, and continued an address snewhat in the following terms:-
"Since we have, my dear sir, so fortunately succeeded in utting an end to a vexatious question,-which, although i has resulted in throwing upon my hands a few barren and unprof ble aeres, has given all the glory of the settlement to you;-ere his voice quavered considerably,) for it was indubitably, my ery worthy and excellent friend, at your instance and suggestior hat we struck out the happy thought of leaving it to the arbitrc eut of our kind friends:-and to tell the truth, (at this poir the.
old gentleman brightened up a little and looked jocular, although he still had the quaver:) I don't know but I would as lief have the awsuit as the land,-seeing that it has been the occasion of many nerry meetings :-I will take upon myself to propose to this good ompany of neighbors and friends, that we shall drink,-ha ha! continued the veteran, waving his hand above his head, and nclining towards the table with a gay gesticulation,) that we shall |rink, gentlemen, a bumper; (here he took the decanter in his and, and filled his glass.) "Fill your glasses all around,-no inching !"
"Fill up! fill up !" cried every one, anxious to help the old entleman out of his difficulties, "Mr. Tracy's toast in a bumer !"
"Here," continued Mr. Tracy, holding his glass on high with trembling hand, "here is to our admirable host, Mister Francis Ieriwether of Swallow Barn !-a sensible and enlightened gentle-han,-a considerate landlord,-a kind neighbor, an independent, pright, sensible,—enlightened-(here he became sadly puzzled or a word, and paused for a full half minute, ) reasonable defender f right and justice ; a man that is not headstrong (his perplexity till increasing) on the score of landmarks, or indeed on any score! -I say, gentlemen, here's wishing him success in all his aims, nd long life to enjoy a great many such joyous meetings as the resent; besides-"
"Health of our host, and many such meetings !" exclaimed Ir. Wart, interrupting the speaker, and thus cutting short a past of which it was evident Mr. Tracy could not find the end.
"Health to our host,-joyous meetings !" cried out half a pozen voices.

And thus relieved from his floundering progress, the old geneman took his seat in great glee, remarking to the person next p him, "that he was not much practised in making dinner
speeches, but that he could get through very well when he wa once pushed to it."

Meriwether sat out this adulatory and unexpected assault wit painful emotions, sinking under the weight of his natural diffidence The rest of the company awaited in silence the slow, drawlin, and distinct elocution of the speaker, with an amused and lud crous suspense, until Mr. Wart's interruption, which was thi signal for a shout of approbation; and in the uproar that on sued, the wine was quaffed; while Mr. Tracy chuckled at th eminent success of his essay, and Meriwether stood bowing an blushing with the bashfulness of a girl.

When the clamor subsided, Philly Wart remarked in a quir tone,-
"I think our friend Meriwether will scarcely escape a speec in reply to this compliment. The fashion is to return the broai side whenever it is given."
"I pray you," said Meriwether, with an emotion amountir almost to alarm, "do not ask me to say any thing. I have : insuperable aversion to such efforts: my nerves will not stand: Mr. Tracy knows how kindly I take the expression of his r gard."

Harvey Riggs, who observed Meriwether's real embarras ment, rose to divert the attention of the company to anoth. quarter; and putting on an air of great solemnity, obsorved th. he was unwilling to lose so favorable an opportunity of payin tribute to two very worthy, and on the present occasion he mig say, conspicuous persons; "I mean, gentlemen," said hc, "I Philpot Wart and Mr. Singleton Oglethorpe Swansdown. I plenish, gentlemen! Here's to the health of the pacificators! t. men whose judgments could not be led astray by the decisions courts, and whose energies could not be subdued by the formi ble difficulties of the Apple-pie !"
"Bravo!" rang from every mouth.
" A speech from Mr. Swansdown!" exclaimed Ned Hazard. "A specch from Mr. Swansdown!" echoed from all quarters.
The gentleman called on rose from his chair. Harvey Riggs apped upon the table to command silence ; there followed a ause.
" I do not rise to make a specch," said Swansdown with great rmality of manner.
"Hear him!" shouted Harrey.
"I do not rise, gentlemen," said the other, " to make a speech; it custom, in these innovating times, almost imperatively exacts at the festive, spontaneous and unmerited encomiums of the ble,-that, I remark, the festive, spontaneous and unmerited comiums of the table, generated in the heat of convivial zeal, dould meet their response in the same hilarious spirit in which ley find their origin. Gentlemen will understand me ; it is not壮 purpose to rebuke a custom which may, and doubtless does, cotribute to the embellishment of the social relations. It is prely my purpose, on the present occasion, as an humble, and, iI know myself, an unpretending individual, to respond to the fee and unbidden expressions of the good-will of this company to 1 self, and my distinguished colleague, with whom my name has len associated. In his name therefore, and in my own, I desire t acknowledge the deep sense we entertain of the compliment areyed in the toast of our worthy fellow-guest. (Philly Wart l|wed and smiled.) It will be amongst the proudest topics of rermbrance left to me, gentlemen, amidst the vicissitudes of a angeful life, that the personal sacrifices I have made and the tl I have bestowed, in the successful endeavor to define and eablish the complex relations and rights of two estimable friends, he found a favorable and flattering approval in the good sense 0 this enlightened company. If it should further result, that
the great principles developed, and, to a certain extent, pror. gated in this endeavor, should hereafter redound to the advant: 3 of the generation amongst which I have the honor to live, I nill not say how sincerely I shall rejoice that neither my friend : myself have lived in vain. I propose, gentlemen, in return "The freeholders of the Old Dominion; the prosperity of Commonwealth reposes securely upon their intelligence!"
"Amen!" said Hazard in an under tone, intended only i my ear, "and may they never fail to do honor to umpretenel; merit!"
"I suppose," said Mr. Wart, speaking in an unusually pla 1 tone, as he rose with a face reefed into half its ordinary len is with smiles, and, at the same time, expressing arch waggery, I suppose it is necessary that I also should speak to this po : There are, if your honor pleases-Mr. President—ordinarily , different motives for proposing the health of an individual at ta: The one is a bonc ficle purpose to exalt and honor the per a proposed, by a public manifestation of the common feeling tor 1 hive, by reason of some certain act or deed by him perforn l, entitling him, in the estimation of the persons proposing, to 1 plause. In this point of view, my worthy friend who has ,t spoken, seems to have considered the case in hand. The see $\ddagger$ motive for the act, may it please you,-Mr. Meriwether,-may and such I take it, a certain intent, inter alia, to promote id encourage checrful companionship. With whatever gravity e res gesta may be conducted, I hold that it is to be looked un diverso intuitu, according to the temper and condition of e company for the time being.
"Now, sir, I will not venture to say that my learned frid has not wisely considered the toast in the present instamen is intenderl and made in all gravity of purpose; but, seeing it this company did certainly manifest some leyity on the oceasu,

- choose, sir, to stand on the sunny side of the question, as the kest, in the present emergency. Veresapit, sir, qui alicno perculo sapit: I, therefore, sir, go for the joke. I have sometimes leen au old hound tongue upon a false scent; but then there is nusic made, and, I believe, that is pretty much all that is wanting in the present occasion.
"When a man is praised to his face, gentlemen of the jury," e continued, rising into an energetic key, and mistaking the ribunal he was addressing,-"I beg pardon, gentlemen, you see he ermine and the woolsack will stick to my tongue: Ommibus oc ritium cantoribus, as an ancient author (I forget his name) cry appropriately remarks. What is bred in the bone,-you now the proverb. But when a man is praised to his face," ere the speaker stretched out his arm, and stood silent for a roment, as if endeavoring to recollect what he intended to say,or he had lost the thread of his speech,-and during this pause is countenance grew so irresistibly comic that the whole compa$y$, who had from the first been collecting a storm of laughter, ow broke out with concentrated violence.
"Poh, Ned Hazard! you put every thing I had to say out of 1y head with that horse-laugh," continued the orator, looking at Ted, who had thrown himself back in his chair, giving full ven $\stackrel{\llcorner }{\circ}$ o his merriment.

Philly patiently awaited the blowing over of this whirlwind, rith an increased drollery of look; and then, as it subsided, he rade a bow with his glass in his hand, saying, in an emphatic ay, "your healths, gentlemen!" swallowed his wine, and took is seat, amidst renewed peals of mirth. At the same moment, rom the depths of this tumult, was distinctly heard the voice of Ir. Chub, who cried out, with his eyes brimful of tears, and a alf suffocated roice,-"A prodigious queer man, that Mister Philly Wart!"

Segars were now introduced, the decanters were filled for thi second time, and the flush of social enjoyment reddened into : deeper hue. Some one or two additional guests had just arrived and taken their seats at the table, a full octave lower in tone than their excited comrades of the board : it was like the mingling o a few flats too many in a lively overture ; but the custom of th soil sanctions and invites these irregularities, and it was not lon before this rear-guard hastened on to the van. The scene pre sented a fine picture of careless, unmethodized and unenthralle hospitality, where the guests enjoyed themselves according $t$ their varying impulses, whether in grave argumentation or tor pling merriment. Now and then, a song,-none of the best i execution,-was sung, and after that a boisterous catch was trollec with some decisive thumpings on the table, by way of markin time, in which it might be perceived that even old Mr. Tracy wa infected with the prevailing glee, for his eyes sparkled, and hi head shook to the music, and his fist was brandished with a dowr ward swing, almost in the style of a professed royster. In th intervals of the singing a story was told. Sometimes the conver sation almost sank into a murmur; sometimes it mounted to gale, its billow rolling in with a deep-toned, heavy, swelling roa until it was spent in a general explosion. Not unfrequently, collapse of the din surprised some single speaker in the high roa of his narrative, and thus detected him recounting, in an uppe key, some incident which he had perhaps addressed to one audito and which, not a little to his disconcertment, he found himse compelled to communicate to the whole circle. It was in suc an interval as this, that Hedges was left struggling through t following colloquy with Ralph Tracy :-
"I made a narrow escape."
"How was that?" asked Ralph.
"Oh, a very serious accident, I assure you! I came with
in ace of getting yoked that trip; marricd, sir, by all that's ovely !"
"No!" exclaimed Ralph, " you didn't, sure enough, Toll ?"
"If I didn't," replied Toll, "I wish I may be-_(here he lipped out a round, full and expressive malediction.) I'll tell you low it was. At the Sweet Springs I got acquainted with a pre,osterously rich old sugar planter from Louisiana. He had his rife and daughter with him, and a whole squad of serrants. 'orty thousand dollars a year! and the daughter as frenchified s a sunflower: not so particularly young neither, but looking as nnocent as if she wa'nt worth one copper. I went in for grace, nd began to show out a few of my ineffable pulchritudes, -and hat do you think?-she was most horribly struck. I put her ato an ecstasy with one of my pigeon-wings. She wanted to find ut my name."
"Well, and what came of it?"
" Thar were only three things," said Toll, " in the way. If had not been for them, I should have been planting sugar this ay. First, the old one didn't take to it very kindly; and then, he mother began to rear a little at me too; but I shouldn't have onsidered that of much account, only the daughter herself seemed s much as to insinuate that the thing wouldn't do."
"Did you carry it so far as to put the question to her?"
"Not exactly so far as that. No, no, I was not such a fool $s$ to come to the ore tenus; I went on the non-committal princile. She as much as signified to a friend of minc, that she didn't ish to make my acquaintance: and so, I took the hint and was ff:-wa'nt that close grazing, Ralph ?"

This concluding interrogatory was followed up by one of 'oll's loud cachinations, that might have been heard a hundred aces from the house, and which was, as usual, chopped short y his perceiving that it did not take effect so decidedly as he
expected upon the company. Upon this, Hedges became rath silent for the next half hour.

The dining-room had for some time past been gradually assu ing that soft, mellow, foggy tint which is said by the painters spread such a charm over an Indian-summer landscape. T volumes of smoke rolled majestically across the table, and th: rose into the upper air, where they spread themselves out int rich, dun mass, and flung a certain hazy witchery over the sce The busy riot of revelry seemed to echo through another Cimr rium, and the figures of the guests were clad in even a spect obscurity. Motionless, exact and sombre as an Egyptian obeli old Carey's form was dimly seen relieved against the light 0 : , window, near one end of the table; all the other domestics t ! fled, and the veteran body-guard alone remained on duty. I wine went round with the regularity of a city milk-cart, stopp:; at every door. A mine of wit was continually pouring out; recondite treasures: the guests were every moment growing l; fastidious ; and the banquet had already reached that stage wh second-rate wit is as good as the best, if not better. The gl! humor of our friend Wart had attracted the waggery of Ris ${ }^{3}$ and Hazard, and they were artfully soliciting and provoking $h_{1}$ to a more conspicuous part in the farce of the evening. L ? Munchausen's frozen horn, the counsellor was rapidly melt; into a noisy temperature. He had volunteered some two or the stories, of which he seemed, somehow or other, to have lost ; pith. In short, it was supposed, from some droll expressior if the eye, and a slight faltering of the tongue, that Mr. Wart is growing gay.

Harvey Riggs, when matters were precisely in this conditi, contrived, by signs and secret messages, to ooncentrate the att tion of the company upor the old lawyer, just as he was sett ; out with the history of a famous campaign.
"You all remomber the late war;" said Philly, looking around, and finding the eyes of every one upon him.

This anmouncement was followed by a laugh of applause, indieating the interest that all took in the commencement of the arrative.
"There is certainly nothing particularly calculated to excitc your risible faculties in that!" said he, as much amused as his auditory.-" I was honored by his Excellency the Governor of Virginia with a commission as captain of a troop of horse, having peen previously elected to that station by a unanimous vote at a neeting of the corps."
"Explain the name of the troop," said Ned Hazard.
"The Invincible Blues," replied the other ; " the uniform beng a blue bobtail, and the corps having resolved that they would hever be vanquished."
"I am told," interrapted Harsey Riggs, " that you furnished ourself with a new pair of yellow buckskin small-clothes on the pccasion ; and that with them and your blue bobtail you produced i sensation through the whole country."
"Faith!" said Mr. Chub, speaking across the table, "Mr. Riggs, I can assure you I don't think a horseman well mounted rithout leather small-clothes."
" I took prodigious pains," continued Philly, not heeding the nterruption, " to infuse into my men the highest military discipline. There wasn't a man in the corps that couldn't carry his nag over any worm fence in the country;-throwing off the ider--"
"The rider of the fence, you mean," said Hazard, dryly.
"To be sure I do!" replied Philly, with briskness, " you don't suppose I meant to say that my men were ex equis dejectiexephippiated, if I may be allowed to coin a word? No, sir, while he horse kept his legs, cvery man was like a horse-fly."
"What system of discipline did you introduce?" inquire Harvey.
"The system of foxhunting," answered Mr. Wart; "the ver best that ever was used for cavalry."
"Go on," said Harrey.
"We received intelligence, somewhere in the summer of eigt" teen hundred and thirteen, that old Admiral Warren was begir' ning to squint somewhat awfully at Norfolk, and rather takin. liberties in Hampton Roads. Ratione cujus, as we lawyers say it was thought prudent to call into immediate service some of th most efficient of the military force of the country; and, accoro ingly, up came an order addressed to me, commanding me $t$. repair with my men, as speedily as possible, to the neighborhoo of Craney Island. This summons operated like an electric shock It was the first real flavor of gunpowder that the troop had eve snuffed. I never saw men behave better. It became my dut. to take instant measures to meet the emergency. In the firs place, I ordered a meeting of the troop at the Court House;for I was resolved to do things coolly."
"You are mistaken, Mr. Wart," said Harrey, "in the orde of your movements ; the first thing that you did was to put ol your new buckskin breeches."
"I Ionsense!" said the counsellor; "I called the meeting a. the Court House, directing every man to be there in full equip ment."
"And you sent forthwith to Richmond," interrupted Hazarc' "for a white plume three feet long."
"Now, gentlemen!" said Philly, imploringly, " one at a time if you wish to hear me out, let me go on. Well, sir, the men me in complete order. Harry Davenport, (you remember him, $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ Meriwether, a devil-may-care sort of a fellow, a perfect walkin. nuisance in time of peace, an indictable offence going at large
ic was my orderly; and the very best, I suppose, in Virginia. I urnished Harry (it was entircly a thought of my own) with a lalbert, the shaft twelve feet long, and pointed with a foot of olished iron. As soon as I put this into his hands, the fellow et up one of his horse-laughs, and galloped about the square like ८wild Cossack."
"I should think," said Mcriwether, " that one of our countrynen would searcely know what to do with a pole twelve feet long, fter he had got into his saddle : however, I take it for granted you had good reason for what you did."
"The Polish lancers," replied Philly, "produced a terrible mpression with a weapon somewhat similar."
"No matter," said Ned, " about the Polish lancers; let us get upon our campaign."
"Well," continued Mr. Wart, " I thought it would not be amiss, before we started, to animate and encourage my fellows with a speech. So, I drew them up in a hollow square, and gave them a flourish that set them half crazy."
"That was just the way with Tyrtiæus before Ithome!" exclaimed Mr. Chub, with great exultation, from the opposite side of the table. "I should like to have heard Mr. Wart exhorting his men!"
" I will tell you exactly what he said, for I was there at the time," said Ned Hazard; "Follow me, my brave boys! the eyes of the world are upon you; keep yours upon my white plume, and let that be your rallying point!"
" Pish !" cried Philly, turning round and showing his black terth with a good-natured, half-tipsy grin, " I said no such thing. I told them, what it was my duty to tell them, that we had joined issue with the British Government, and had come to the ullimu ratio ; and that we must now make up our minds to dic on the field of our country's honor, rather than see her soil polluted with
the footsteps of an invader; that an enemy was at our doc threatening our firesides."
"You told them," interrupted Hazard again, " that the ne: morning's sun might find them stark and stiff and gory; on tl dew-besprinkled sod. I can remember those expressions as we as if it were yesterday."
"I might have said something like that," replied Philly, " $k$ way of encouragement to the men. However, this you recolle well enough, Ned, that there was not a man in the corps who: mind was not as perfectly made up to die as to eat his dinner." "
"All, except'old Shakebag, the tavernkeeper," said Ned, " ar he was short-winded and pursy, and might be excused for prefe, ring his dinner."
"I except him," replied Mr. Wart, and then proceeded wil his narrative. "As soon as I had finished my address, I di solved the square, and instantly took up the line of march."
"You should say rather that you took up the charge," sai Ned, "for you went out of the village in line, at full speed, wit swords brandishing above your heads. You led the way, wit Harry Davenport close at your heels, thursting his long lani right at the seat of your yellow buckskins, and shouting like savage."
"What was that for ?" I asked with some astonishment.
"Ned puts a coloring on it," replied the counsellor ; " I di go out from the court house at a charge, but there was i brandishing of swords; we carry our swords, Mr. Littleton, in tl charge, at arm's length, the blade being extended horizontally c: actly parallel with the line of the cyes. I did this to give tl men courage."
"How near was the enemy at this time?" I inquired.
"They had not landed," answered Ned gravely, "but wel expected to land at Crancy Island, about one hundred miles off

Here was a shout of applause from the table.
"I can tell you what," said Mr. Wart, for he was too much flustered to take any thing in joke that passed, " there is no time so important in a campaign as when an army first breaks ground. If you can keep your men in heart at the starting point, you may make them do what you please afterwards."
"That's true !" said Mr. Chub, who had evineed great interest in Philly's narrative from the beginning, and was even more impervious than the lawyer himself to the waggery of the table. " Cyrus would never have persuaded the Greeks to march with him to Babylon, if he had not made them believe that they were going only against the Pisidians. Such stratagems are considercd lawful in war. It was a masterly thing in my opinion, this device of Mr. Wart's."
"Had you severe service?" asked Meriwether.
"Tolcrably severe," replied Philly, "while it lasted. It. rained upon us nearly the whole way from here to Norfolk, and there was a good deal of ague and fever in the country at that time, which we ran great risk of taking, because we were obliged to keep up a guard night and day."
"You had an engagement I think I have heard ?" said I.
"Pretty nearly the same thing," answered Mr. Wart. "The enemy never landed whilst I remained, except, I believe, to get some pigs and fowls on Craney Island: but we had frequent alarms, and several times were drawn up in a line of battle, which is more trying to men, Mi. Littleton, than actual fighting. It gave me a good opportunity to see what my fellows were made of. Harry Davenport was a perfect powder-magazine. The rascal wanted us one night to swim our horses over to the Island. Gad, I believe he would have gone by himself if I hadn't forbidden him!"
"Your campaign lasted some time ?" said I.
"About a week," replied Philly. "No, I am mistaken, it was rather more, for it took us three days to return home. And such
a set of madcaps as we had all the way back to the court house Nothing but scrub races the whole distance!"
"Now," said Harvey Riggs, looking at Mr. Wart with a fact of sly raillery, "now that you have got through this celebratec campaign, tell us how many men you had."
"Seven rank and file," said Ned, answering for him.
"Fiddle-de-dee!" exclaimed Mr Wart. "I had twenty !"
"On your honor, as a trooper?" cried Ned.
"On my roir dire," said Philly, hesitating.-"I lad nine ir uniform, and I forget how many were not in uniform,-becausi I didn't allow these fellows to go with us; but they had very gooc hearts for it. Nine men, bless your soul, sir, on horseback, strun§ out in Indian file, make a very formidable display!"
"Well, it was a very gallant thing, ṭake it altogether," said Harvey. "So, gentlemen, fill your glasses. Here's to Captain Wart of the Invincible Blues, the genuine representative of the chivalry of the Old Dominion!"

As the feast drew to a close, the graver members of the party stole off to the drawing-room, leaving behind them that happy' remnant which may be called the sifted wheat of the stack. There sat Harvey Riggs, with his broad, laughing face mellowed by wine and good cheer, and with an eye rendered kindly by long shining on merry meetings, lolling over two chairs, whilst he urged . the potations like a seasoned man, and a thirsty. And there sat. Meriwether, abstemious but mirthful, with a face and heart brimful of benevolence; beside him, the inimitable original Philly: Wart. And there, too, was seen the jolly parson, priestlike even over his cups, filled with wonder and joy to see the tide of mirth run so in the flood; ever and anon turning, with bewildered eagerness, from one to another of his compotators, in doubt as to which pleased him most. And there, too, above all, was Ned Hazard, an imp of laughter, with his left arm dangling over the
ck of his chair, and his right lifting up his replenished glass high, to catch its sparkling beams in the light; his head tossed grligently back upon his shoulder; and from his mouth forth juing, with an elongated puff, that richer essence than incense Araby: his dog Wilful, too, privileged as himself, with his fthful face recumbent between his master's knees.
Such are the images that gladden the old-fashioned wassail of rginia.

## CHAPTER XXXIV.

## A BREAKING UP.

They who remained at the dinner table were at last summon to tea and coffee in the adjoining apartment, where the ladies the family were assembled. It was about sunset, and Mr. Trac carriage, with two or three saddle-horses, was at the door. soon as this short meal was dispatched, Catharine and Bel me their preparations for departure. Ned, like a flustering lor was officiously polite in his attentions to the lady of his aff tions: he had brought Bel her bonnet, and assisted in adjusti it to her head, with supererogatory care ; and, as he led her the carriage, he took occasion, with many figures of specch, to 1 her how much he participated in the affliction she had experient by the loss of Fairbourne ; and, as he was sure the recreant il not meditate a total separation from his mistress, he vorred bring him back to her if he was to be found alive in the coun. Bel endeavored to evade the service tendered; and, getting i: the coach, she and Catharine were soon in full progress hor. ward.

Mr. Tracy's horse was led up to the steps, and the old gen: man, after some civil speeches to the company, a little brage: of his ability as a horseman, and a respectful valedictory to M wether, clambered up with a slow but unassisted effort into ${ }^{3}$ saddle.
"I should make a brave fox-hunter yet, Mr. Wart," said he ith some exultation, when he found himself in his seat, "and ould puzzle you to throw me out on a fair field. You see I can ink, too, with the best of you. I am good pith yet, Mr. Meriother !"
"Upon my word, sir," said Meriwether, smiling, "you do onders! There is not to-day in Virginia, a better mounted rscman of the same age."
"Good eating and drinking, Mr. Meriwether, and good wine, rrm the blood of an old grasshopper like me, and set him to irping, if he can do nothing else. Come, Ralph, you and Hary must get to your horses: I will have my aide-de-camps. ount, you young dogs, and never lag! I allow no grass to grow my horse's heels, I warrant ye! Mount and begone!"
The two attendants obeyed the order, and reined their steeds bar to his.
"Now don't run away from us," said Harvey.
"Why, as I think upon it again, Harrey, more maturely;" zolied the old gentleman, "I think we will jog along slowly; we ight alarm the horses of the carriage if we got to any of our lrum-scarum pranks. So, grood evening! good evening !"
With these words the caralcade set forward at a brisk walk, ic. Tracy gesticulating in a manner that showed him to be engged in an animated conversation with his companions.

Soon after this, Mr. Swansdown's curricle was brought to the cor. This gentleman, with a languid and delicate grace, apIzed Meriwether that he was about "to wing his flight" to Pherrin, there to immerse himself in pursuits which his present rit had suspended; and, consequently, he could not promise Inself the pleasure of soon again meeting his worthy friend at Sallow Barn. He reminded his host, however, that he would cry into his retirement the agrecable consciousness that his
visit had not been a fruitless one, since it had contributed so he pily to the termination of an ancient dispute. He particular insisted on the honor of a return visit from Meriwether and ] friends.

His parting with the ladies might be said to have been ev touching. It presented an elegant compound of sensibility a deference. Prudence could not possibly mistake the impressi he designed to convey to her. He gently shook ber gloved 1 . ger, as he said, with a gentle and embarrassed smile, " I parti larly regret that the nature of the occupation to which I am abi to return is such as to engross me for some months, and m probably may compel me again to cross the Atlantic. It 3 likely, therefore, that I shall have added some years to my; count before we meet again. Your fate will be doubtless chan! before that happens: as for mine, I need scarcely allude to it am already written down a predestined cumberer of the soil. [ still may lope, I trust, to be sometimes remembered as a pass? shadow."
"He means to write a book, and die a bachelor, poor de'! That is the English of this flourish," said Ned to Prudences soon as Swandsdown walked towards the front door.

Pru was silent, and inwardly vexed. At length she saico Ned, "He attaches more consequence to his movements than: $\%$ body else."

Shortly after this, the glittering vehicle, with its dainity l:den, was seen darting into the distant forest.

One after another our guests followed, until none were it but Mr. Wart and IIedges, who having determined to ridergether as far as the Court-House, were waiting, as they said, ${ }^{1-}$ til the night should fairly set in, in order that they might 1 c the coolness of the "little hours" for their journey.
"Well, Mr. Chub," said Philly, "what do you think of ur friend Swansdown?"
"I am glad he is gone," replied the parson ; "in my opinion his very fatiguing."
In a few minutes after this, the counsellor dropped asleep in hi chair, leaving Meriwether in an unusually argumentative mod, but unfortunately without a listener. Frank had drawn utto the window, and thrown his feet carelessly against the sill, sals to give himself that half recumbent posture which is suppled to be most favorable to all calm and philosophic discussins. He had launched upon one of those speculative voyages iuvhich it was his wont to circumnavigate the world of thought ; al as there were no lights in the room, he continued to pour in the unconscious ears of his friend Wart his startling randomslts of wisdom, for half an hour before he became awrere of his uidifying labor. Finding, however, that no answer came from tt quarter to which he addressed himself, he suddenly stopped slrt with the exclamation, "God bless me! Mr. Wart, have you boa asleep all this time? truly, I have been sowing ny seed ujn a rock. But sleep on, don't let me disturb you."
"Asleep !" replied Philly, waking up at hearing himself addissed by name, as a man who dozes in company is apt to do; "让 I, I assure you: I have heard every word you have said. Itvas altogether just ; indeed I couldn't gainsay a word, but I thik, Mr. Hedges, it is time for us to be moving."
Meriwether laughed, and remarked that Mr. Hedges had left t room some time since with-Mr. Chub.
"At all events," said Philly, "we will have our horses. It isime we were upon our journey."

Every effort was made to detain him and his companion untithe nest morning; but the counsellor was obstinate in his rescre to be off that night, observing that he had already taken a leger holiday at Swallow Barn than he had allowed himself in th last fiftecn years ; " and as to the hour," said he, "I am an
old stager on the road, and have long since lost all discriminatic between night and day."
"But it is very dark," said Hazard, " and threatens rai You will assuredly be caught in a thunder-storm before you g threc miles."
"Wet or dry," replied the other, "it makes but a small ma ter in the account. I don't think a shower would take much i the gloss from my old coat," he added, looking round at h skirts, " and as for Hedges here, I know he is neither sugar ni salt."
"With a julep before we go," said Hedges, "and anoth when we stop, you may put as much wet and darkness betwee the two as you please, for me. So let us pad our saddles accori ing to the old recipe, 'A spur in the head is worth two on tl heel.' "

Saying this, he went to the sideboard and helped himse rather beyond the approved allowance. "I have a laudable col tempt for thin potations, Mr. Wart," he added as he took off h glass.

The horses were at the door ; it was now about ten o'elock, when the two travellers were mounted, Philly whistled up hi hounds, and they set forward on their dark journey.

## CHAPTER XXXV.

## KNIGIT ERRANTRY.

Ihe next morning Hazard appeared a little perplexed. Notrithstanding the apparent recklessness of his character, it bepngs to him, as it does to the greater number of those persons tho put on an irresponsible face in the world, to feel acutely any upposed diminution of the esteem of his friends induced by his wn indiscretion. In the present instance he was particularly bnoxious to this sentiment. Bel's good opinion of him was the ery breath of his nostrils, and her rigid estimate of the proprieies of life the greatest of his terrors. His perplexity arose from bis, that he had given way the day before at the dinner-table to he natural impulses of his character, and in spite of the admoniory presence of the lady of his soul, nay, perhaps elevated into more dangerous gayety by that very circumstance, he had posibly (for such a temper as his is least of all others able to know se true state of things); in her very sight and hearing, committed thousand trespasses upon her notions of decorum. Whether e had or not, he was in doubt, and afraid to inquire. All that e knew of the matter was, that, like a man in a dream, he had assed through a succession of agreeable changes; had begun the ay with a certain calm pleasure, rose from that into a copious ow of spirits, thence to an exuberant merriment, and thence 2to-what he could not precisely tell: heavens knows if it were
riot or moderate revelry, outrageous foolery or lawful mirth!the prospect from that point was a misty, dreamy, undefince mass of pleasant images. Of this he was conscious, that afte: drinking much wine, and while recking with the fumes of tobac $\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{o}}$, (a thing utterly abhorrent to Bel, ) he had certainly venturee into her presence, and had said a great many thịngs to her is, very lyperbolical language, and, if he was not mistaken, in some, what of a loud voice. Perhaps, too, he might have been rathe; thick of speech! The recurrence of the scene to his thought, this morning rather disturbed him.

There was one consolation in the matter. Bel's father, th very personation, in her view, of all that was decorous and prope -the Nestor of the day-the paragon of precision-had, it wa admitted on all hands, left Swallow Barn very decidedly exhils rated with wine. If Bel believed this, (and how could she fa: to see it?) the fact would go a great way towards Ned's extenu: tion. And then the occasion too!-a special compliment to M : Tracy. Tut! It was as pardonable a case as could be mad out!

Amidst the retrospects of the morning Hazard had not fo: gotten the promise he had made Bel the night before, to atteml the recsvery of her hawk. Harvey Riggs before dinner had it formed him of Bel's loss, and of his, Harvey's, engagement the: Ned should bring back her bird. Hazard was not aware that had heard him pledge himself to this task as he assisted Bel 1 the carriage ; nor did he mention it to me torday, when he a nounced after breakfast that he had ordered our horses to tl door for a ride. Without questioning his purpose, I readi agreed to accompany him; and, therefore, at an early hour v were both mounted, and, followed by Wilful, we took the ros leading from Swallow Barn immediately up the river.
"Now," said I, after we had ridden some distance, " pri,
tl me what is the object of this early and secret enterprise, and rat makes you so abstracted this morning?"
"I wish to heaven, Mark," replied Ned, half peevishly, " that ts business were settled one way or another!"-Ned always ske to me of his courtship as "this business;" he had a boyi. repugnance to call it by its right name. "Here am I," he catinued, "a man grown, in a girl's leading-strings, 'turned fehorse to a smock,' as Shakspeare calls it. Saint David speed 1, and put me out of misery! Now, what do. you think, Mark, (all the adventures in the world, I am bound upon at this moint?"
"Why, sir," I answered, "upon the most reasonable wildcose chase that ever a man in love pursued. I never knew you Ifore to do so wise a thing; for I take it that you and I are :eady in search of Bel's hawk. There are not more than a llion birds about; and I'll be bound Fairbourne is one of them! $e$ is certainly within a hundred miles, and I have no doubt xiously expecting us."
"Conjurer that thou art!!" said Ned, "how did thy foolish brain ad that out?"
"Didn't I hear you last night, when you were so tipsy that 1a could hardly stand, bleat into Bel's ear that you would neither ke rest nor food until you restored her renegade favorite to her t?"
"Did I say that?" exclaimed Ned. "Was I not supremely diculous?"
"I can't pretend to do justice to your lariguage on the occaon. It would require higher poetical powers than I boast of to aitate, even in a small degree, the cuphuism of your speech. he common superlatives of the dictionary would make but poor psitives for my use, if I attempted it."
"Look you, now !" said Hazard, " Is not this deplorable, that
a man should have a mistress who hates a fool above all worldl plagues, and yet be so bestridden by his evil genius that he ma never appear any thing else to her! I am not such a miserabl merry-andrew by nature, and yet, by circumstances, wherere Bel is concerned, I am ever the $\mathrm{v}^{\sim} \mathrm{y}$ crown-piece of folly!"
"And do you think," said I, " that this little girl, so instinc as she is, with the liveliest animal impulses,-a laughing nympl -is such a Cato in petticoats as to be noting down your nonsens in her tablets for rebuke? Why; sir, that is the very point upo. which you must hope to win her !"
" I am afraid I wasn't respectful," said Ned.
"I assure you," I replied, "that, so far from not being r spectful, you were the most ridiculously observant, reverentia and obsequious ass,-considering that you were in your cups,ever saw."
"Was I so ?" exclaimed Ned. "Then I am content; for, c that score, Bel is as great a fool as I am or any other. Now, I can only bring her back her bird," he said exultingly,-" and have some presentiment that I shall get tidings of him,-I sha rise to the very top of her favor."

Saying this, Ned spurred forward to a gallop, and flourishe his whip in the air as he called to me to follow at the san speed
"Mark, watch every thing that flies," he cried out; " you me see the harness about his legs; and listen for the bells, for th truant can't move without jangling,-_' I live in my lady's grace -remember the motto!"
"Now, by our lady !-I mean our lady Bel," said I, " $\mathrm{fi}^{i}$ henceforth I will swear by none but her,-I am as keen upe this quest as yourself. I vow not to sleep until I hear somethit of this ungrateful bird."

My reader would perhaps deem it a hopeless venture to :
mpt the recovery of a bird under the cireumstances of this case ; it it will oceur to him, if he be read in romance, that it was not unusual an exploit to regain a stray hawk as he might at first ragine. A domesticated bird will seldom wander far from his customed haunt; and, being alien to the wild habits of his ecies, will, almost invariably, resort to the dwellings of man. airbourne having been known to direet his flight up the river, e had good reason to hope that the inhabitants of this quarter ight put our search upon a successful track.
For a good half mile, therefore, we rode at speed along the ghway leading to the ferry. The velocity of our motion, comning with the extravagant nature of the enterprise, and the greeable temperature of the morning, cloudless and cool, had ised our spirits to a high pitch. In this mood we soon arrived
Sandy Walker's little inn upon the river. All that we could arn here was, that the hawk had been seen in the neighborhood de day before, and had probably continued his flight further up he river.

With this intimation we proceeded rapidly upon our pursuit. t was near noon when, through many devious paths, visiting rery habitation that fell in our way, we had gained a point about ve miles distant from Swallow Barn. Some doubtful tidings of 'airbourne were obtained at one or two houses on the road : bu: or the last hour our journey had been without encouragement, nd we began to feel oppressed with the mid-day fervors of the eason. It was, thercfore, somewhat despairingly that we halted o hold a consultation whether or not we should push our expediion farther.

Not far distant from the road we could perceive the ridge-pole f a $\log$ cabin showing itself above a patch of luxuriant Indian orn. This little dwelling stood upon the bank of the river; nd, as a last essay, we resolved to visit it, and interest its inmates
in the object of our enterprise. It was with some difficulty tha we made our way through a breach in the high worm-fence tha bounded the road; and, after struggling along a path beset wit). blackberries and briars, we at length found ourselves encompasse by the corn immediately around the hut. At this moment Wi ful sprang from the path, and ran eagerly towards the yard $i$ the rear of the dwelling. He did not halt until he arrived at a apple-tree, where liung a rude cage ; under this he continued $t$ bark with quick and redoubled earnestness, until Ned called hin, back with a peremptory threat, that brought him crouching $b_{1}$ neath the feet of our horses, where he remained, restless an whining, every now and then making a short bound in the dire tion of the tree, and looking up wistfully in Hazard's face.

In the mean time an old negro woman had come to the doon and, as Ned engaged her in conversation, Wilful stole off uno served a second time to the tree, where he fell to jumping r against the trunk, uttering, at the same time, a short, half-subduc howl.
"There is something in the branches above the cage," I el claimed, as I followed the movements of the dog with my ey "It is Fairbourne himself! I see the silver rings upon his $l_{e_{i}}$ ! glittering through the leaves!"
"For heaven's sake, Mark, keep quiet!" cried Ned, springi» from his horse. "If it be Fairbourne in truth, we may get hil by persuasion, but never by alarming him. Dismount quickl Wilful-back, sir."

I got down from my saddle, and the horses were deliver into the charge of the old woman. Wilful crept back to $t$ door of the hut. Ned and myself cautiously advanced to reed noitre.

As soon as all was still, to our infinite joy, Fairbourne proper identity descended from his leafy bower and perched up.
he top of the cage. Some association of this abode of the mockg -bird with his own prison in the mulberry-tree at the Brakes, ad, possibly, attracted and bound him to this spot ; and there he at, seemingly quiet and melancholy, and struck with contrition or the folly that had tempted him to desert his mistress and his new. I thought he recognized an acquaintance in Wilful ; for s the dog moved about, Fairbourne's quick eye followed him from lace to place ; and, so far from showing perturbation at Wilful's resence, he composedly mantled his wing and stretched his neck: ; if pleased with the discovery.

Assured by these manifestations, Ned addressed the bird in le words of endearment to which he had been accustomed, and owly stepped forward towards the tree. Fairbourne, however, as distrustful, and retreated to the boughs. After much soliciation on the part of Hazard, and a great deal of prudery on that the hawk, we had recourse to some morsels of meat obtained om the hut. These Ned throw upon the earth, and Fairbourne, nched by hunger and unable to resist, pounced upon them with 1 unguarded voracity. Still, as Ned advanced upon him he treated along the ground, without flying. A piece of the cord hich Bel had used as her creance, some three or four feet in ngth, was attached to his jesses, and served in some degree to nbarrass his progress, as it was dragged through the grass. azard endeavored to place his foot upon the end of this line, at as yet had been baffled in every effort. Wilful seemed to mprehend the purpose, and with admirable sagacity stole a ciriit round the bird, drawing nearer to him at every stop, and en, with a sudden and skilful leap, sprang upon him, in such a anner as effectually to secure his captive, scarcely ruffling a ather. Hazard rushed forward at the same instant, and made ood his prize, by seizing his wing and bearing him off to the it,

The good fortune of this discovery and the singular succe that attended it, threw us into transports. Ned shouted as huzzaed, and tossed up his hat in the air, until the old neg woman began to look in his face to see if he were in his sens The hawk, the unconscious cause of all this extravagance, look like a discomfited prisoner of war, bedraggled, travel-worn a soiled,-a tawdry image of a coxcomb. His straps and be hanging about his legs had the appearance of shabby finery; a his whole aspect was that of a forlorn, silly, and wayward mini, wearing the badge of slavery instead of that of the wild and $g$ lant freebooter of the air so conspicuously expressed in $i$ character of his tribe.

Congratulating ourselves on our good luck, we began to p pare for our homeward journey. The negro received an am bounty for the assistance afforded in the capture ; the jesses w repaired and secured to Fairbourne's legs, and the bird hims, made fast to Hazard's hand. In a few moments we were mounted and cantering in the direction of Swallow Barn, wit lightness of spirits in Hazard that contrasted amusingly with 3 absolute despondence half an hour before.

## CHAPTER XXXVI.

## A JOUST AT UTTERANCE.

We had not travelled far on our return to Swallow Barn, before we arrived at a hamlet that stands at the intersection of a crossroad. This consists of a little store, a wheelwright's shop, and one or two cottages, with their outhouses. The store was of that miscellaneous character which is adapted to the multifarious wants of a country neighborhood, and displayed a tempting assortment of queensware, rat-traps, tin kettles, hats, fiddles, shoes, calicoes, cheese, sugar, allspice, jackknives and jewsharps,-the greater part of which was announced in staring capitals on the window-shutter, with the persuasive addition, that they were all of the best quality and to be had on the most accommodating terms. The rival establishment of the wheelwright was an old shed sadly bedaubed with the remainder colors of the paint-brush, and with some preposterous exaggerations in charcoal of distinguished military men mounted on preternaturally prancing steeds; and, near the door, a bran-new blue wagon and a crimson plough showed the activity of the trade.

As may readily be conjectured, this mart of custom was not without its due proportion of that industrious, thriving and reputable class of comers who laudably devote their energies to disputation, loud swearing, bets and whisky,-a class which, to the
glory of our land, is surprisingly rife in every country side. Some six or seven of these worthies were congregated on the rail of the piazza, which extended across the front of the store, like so many strange fowls roosting along a pole. The length of our previous ride and the heat of the day made it necessary that we should stop here for a short time to get water for our horses. We accordingly dismounted.

Fairbourne excited the curiosity of the inhabitants of the porch; and Ned, who seemed to be well acquainted with the persons about him, answered their many questions with his customary good-humor. During this brief intercourse, one of the party; approached with a swaggering step, and began to pry, with rather an obtrusive familiarity, into the odd equipment of the bawk. His air was that of a shabby gentleman: He had an immense pair of whiskers, a dirty shirt, and a coat that might be said tc be on its last legs; but this, however, was buttoned at the waist with a certain spruce and conceited effect. As Ned held the bird upon his hand, this complacent gentleman brought himsel into a rather troublesome contact, and finally threm his arn across Hazard's shoulder. Ned, at first, gently repelled him, bu as the other still intruded upon him, and placed himself again ir the same situation-
"Softly, Mr. Rutherford!" he said, slipping away from be" neath the extended arm ; "you will excuse me, but I am averse' to bearing such a burden."
"You are more nice than neighborly, Ned Hazard," replies the other, stiffly erecting his person. "I think I can remembel a time when even you, sir, would not have found me burdensome that time may come again."
"I am not in the habit," rejoined Ned, " of arguing the righ to shake off whatever annoys me."
"Ayc, aye!" said the other, walking to the opposite end o
the porch. "There are dogs enough to bark at the wounded lion, that dare not look him in the face when he is in health. It is easy enough to learn, as the world goes, what is likely to annoy a fair-weather friend. Honesty is of the tailor's making-"

These and many other expressions of the like import were muttered sullenly by the speaker, with such glances towards Hazard as indicated the deep offence he had taken at the rebuke just given.

This man had been originally educated in liberal studies, and had commenced.his career not without some character in the country, but had fallen into disgrace through vicious habits. An unfortunate reputation for brilliant talents, in carly life, had misled him into the belief that the care by which a good name is won and preserved is a useless virtue, and that self-control is a tax which only men of inferior parts pay for success. This delusion brought about the usual penalties; first, disappointment, then debauch, and after that, in a natural sequence, the total wreck of worldly hopes :-a brief history which is often told of men, and varied only in the subordinate incidents which color the common outline.

Rutherford still retained, (as it generally happens to a rain man,) unimpaired by the severe judgment of the world, his original exaggerated opinion of the extent of his abilities; but, having lost the occasions for their display, he became noted only by a domineering temper, a boastful spirit, a supreme hatred of those in better circumstances than himself, and, sometimes, by excessive and ferocious intemperance.

His conduct on the present occasion passed unheeded. Hazard had no disposition to embroil himself with a man of this description, and therefore made no reply to these muttered overflowings of his spleen.
"I have seen your bird before, Mr. Ned Hazard," said a plain
countryman, who sat without a coat on the bench of the piazza. "If I am not mistaken, that hawk belonged to one of Mr. Tracy's daughters, over here at the Brakes."
"It did,". replied Ned; "she has nursed it with her own hand."
"Well, I have been studying," said another, " ever since you, came here, to find out what all these things are stuck aboat its legs for. It is the most unaccountablest thing to me! I don't consider one of these here hawks no more than vermin. What is it good for, Mr. Hazard, any how?"
"Indeed, I declare I can't exactly tell," answered Ned. "In the old time they kept hawks pretty much as we keep hounds,to hunt game with."
"Oh, they are amazing swift, and desperate wicked,-that's. a fact!" said the first speaker. "Did you never see how spitefu these little king-birds take after and worry a crow? They are : sort of hawks too-"
"Many's the time," said another of the company, "that I havi known how to follow a fox from looking at the crows tracking him across a field; and I have seen hawks take after vermin jus in the same way."
"But what is the use," asked the sceond speaker again, "0 these here silver rings? and here are words on one of them, toc Let me see,-‘I live-in my lady's-grace,'" he continuco straining his sight to make out the legend.

Rutherford had now approached to the skirts of the grou! and stood leaning against the balustrade of the porch, with a unsocial and vexed air, as if disposed to take advantage of wha ever might occur to vent his feelings.
"My lady's grace!" said he, tartly, "My lady's grace ! suppose we shall hear of my lord's grace, too, before long! Thes are some among us who, if they durst do it, would earry the!
eads high enough for such a title. If that stark old English ory, Isaac Tracy, of the Brakes,-as he calls himself-"
"Miles Rutherford," interrupted Hazard, angrily, " look to ourself, sir! I am not disposed to put up with your moody umor. Do not give me cause to repent my forbearance in not unishing your insolence at its first outbreak."
"A better man than you, Ned Hazard," said the other, proudly as you choose to bear yourself, might have cause to ppent his rashness in making such a threat. Insolence, do you all it, sir! Take care that I do not teach you better to know ho I am!"
"I know you already," replied Ned, "for a brawling bully-a isturber of the common peace-a noisy churl-a nuisance, sir, p the whole country round."
"I know you," said Rutherford.-
"Silence!" cried Ned; "Not another word from your lips, r, by my life! unworthy as you are of the notice of a gentleman, will take the pains to clastise you here upon this spot."
"Good gentlemen! Good gentlemen! Mercy on us! Stop hem !" exclaimed our old acquaintance, Hafen Blok, who, until his moment, had been seated in the store, and now came limping 3 the porch, on having recognized Hazard's voice. "For God's ake, Mr. Ned Hazard, don't put yourself in the way of Miles Rutherford! Take a fool's advice, Mister Edward," he continued, oming rp to Ned, and holding him by the coat: "It isn't fit for uch as you to concern yourself with Miles Rutherford ; the man's alf in liquor, and of no account if he wasn't."

Several others of the company crowded round Hazard to beg im not to be disturbed by his antagonist. In the mean time Rutherford had worked himself up to a pitch of fury; and, springng over the balustrade upon the ground, he took a station in ront of the house, where, vociferating in his wrath a hundred
opprobrious epithets, he challenged Hazard to come out of the crowd if he dared to face him.
I. interposed to remind Hazard that he should restrain his anger, nor think of matching himself with such an enemy. $H_{c}$ listened calmly to my remonstrance, and then laughing, as i nothing had occurred to ruffle his temper, though it was manifest, that he was much flurried, he remarked in a tone of assumec good humor,-
" You mistake if you imagine this ruffian moves me; butstil I think it would be doing a public service if I were to give him : sound threshing here on his own terms."
" Don't think of such a thing, Mister Edward!" said Hafen " you are not used to such as Miles. He is close built, and abori fourteen stone. You are hardly a feather to him."
"You underrate me, Hafen," replied Ned, smiling, " and have a mind to show you that weight is not so great a matter a a good hand."
"You are bold to speak amongst your cronies," said Ruther ford. "You can make a party if you can't fight. But I shal take the first opportunity, when I meet you alone, to let you knor that when I choose to speak my mind of such hoary-header traitors as old Isaac Tracy, I will not be schooled into silence b: you."

At these words Hazard turned quickly round to me, and whis pered in my ear, with more agitation of manner than was usua to him, " I will indulge this braggart; so, pray don't interrup me. You need not be anxious as to the result;" then, speaking to the assemblage of persons who surrounded him, he said, "Now my good friends, I want you to see fair play, and on no accoun to interfere with me as long as I have it."

With this he left the porch, and stopping out upon the groune where Rutherford stood, he told him that he would save him the
rouble of any future meeting, by giving him now what he stood specially in need of,-a hearty flogging.

Rutherford in a moment threw off his poat. Ned coolly huttoned his frock up to the chin.
"Good Lord, preserve us !" exelaimed Hafen Blok againMr. Hazard's gone crazy! Why, Miles Rutherford ought to nanage two of him."
"I can tell you what," said one of the lookers-on, after surveyng Ned for a moment, " Ned Hazard's a pretty hard horse to ride, oo; only look at his cye,-Llow natural it is!"

By this time the two combatants had taken their respective oositions. Ned stood upon a practised guard, closely eyeing his untagonist, and waiting the first favorable moment to deal a blow with effect. It was easy to perceive that, amongst his various accomplishments, he had not neglected to acquire the principles of jugilism. Rutherford's figure was muscular and active; and, o all appearance, the odds were certainly very much in his favor. Not a word was spoken, and an intense interest was manifested by the whole assembly as to the issue of this singular pncounter.

During the first onset Ned acted entirely on the defensive, and parried his opponent's blows with complete success. In the next moment he changed the character of the war, and pressed upon Rutherford with such science and effect, as very soon to demonstrate that he had the entire command of the game. From this period the contest assumed, on the part of Hazard, a checrful aspect. He struck his blows with a countenance of so much gayety, that a spectator would have imagined he buffeted his adversary in mere sport, were it not for the blood that streamed down Rutherford's face, and the dogged earnestness that sat upon the brow of the belabored man. Wilful seemed to take a great interest in the affray, and curveted around the parties, barking,
sometimes violently, and springing towards his master's opponen On such occasions Ned called out to him, with the utmost con posure, and ordered him away, but without the least interruptio to his employment; and Wilful, as if assured by his master's coc tone of voice, yielded instant obedience to the mandate, and too his place amongst the by-standers.

For the space of two or three minutes nothing was heard bv the sullen sound of lusty blows, planted with admirable adroitnes on the breast and face of Miles Rutherford, whose blows in retur were blindly and awkwardly spent upon the air. At last, th furious bully, worn down by abortive displays of strength, an perplexed by the vigorous assaults of his enemy, began to gir ground and show signs of discomfiture. Ned, as fresh almost \& at first, now pressed more severcly upon him, and, with one dec sive stroke, prostrated him upon the earth.

At this incident a shout arose from the crowd, and every or eagerly interceded to exhort Ned to spare his adversary farthi pain. Ned stepped a pace back, as he looked upon his recumbes foe, and composedly said-
"I will not strike him whilst he is down. But if he wish" to renew the battle, I will allow him to get upon his legs,-ar he shall even have time to breathe."

Rutherford slowly got up; and, without again placing himse in an attitude of offence, began to vent his displeasure in wis and profane execrations. Several of the persons nearest toc, hold of him, as if with a purpose to expostulate against his furth prosecution of the fight; but this restraint ouly made him tl more frantie. In the midst of this uproar, Ned again approachi him, saying, " Miles Rutherford, it little becomes you as a mi to be unburthening your malice in words. We have come blows, and if you are not yet satisfied with the issue of th mecting, I pledge you a fair field, and as much of this game you have a relish for. Let the crowd stand back!"

After looking a moment at Hazard in profound silence, Rutherford's discretion seemed suddenly to sway his courage; and, dropping his arms by his side in token of defeat, he muttered, in a smothered and confused voice, "It's no use, Ned Hazard, for me to strike at you. You have had the advantage of training."
"You should have counted the cost of your insolence," replied Ned, "before you indulged it. The tongue of a braggart is always more apt than his hand," he coutinued, taking a white handkerchief from his pocket, and wiping his brow, and, at the same time unbuttoning his coat and adjusting his dress. "You have disturbed the country with your quarrelsome humors long enough ; so take the lesson you have got to-day, and profit by it. Hafen, get me some water ; my hands are bloody."

At this instant the group of amused and gratified spectators mingled promiscuously together, and made the welkin ring with cheors of triumph and exultation.
"That I should have lived to see such a thing as this!" vociferated Hafen, as he went to get the water. "Didn't I always say Mister Ned Hazard was the very best bottom in the country!"
"I fight fair," murmured Miles Rutherford, as if struggling under the rebuke of the company, and endcavoring to make the best of his situation, "but I am not conquered. Another timeby hell!-another time! and Ned Hazard shall rue this day. That proud coxcomb has practised the art and strikes backhanded. The devil could not parry such blows."
"What does he say?" asked Ned.
"Miles, you are beaten!" exclaimed half a dozen voices, " and you can't make any thing else out of it. So be off !" saying this, several individuals gathered round him to persuade him to leave the ground.
"It is immaterial," said Miles; and taking up his coat from
the ground, he walked towards the neighboring dwellings in a sad and confused plight.
"I am a fool," said Hazard in my ear, "to permit myself tc be ruffled by this scoundrel; but I am not sorry that I have taken advantage of my anger to give him what he has long, deserved."

Ned now began gradually to recover his gayety, and, after $\varepsilon$ short space, haring washed his hands and recruited himself from the severe toil in which he had been engaged, he took Fairbourne from one of the crowd, to whom the charge of the bird had beer committed, and we mounted our horses amidst the congratulations of the whole hamlet for the salutary discipline which Ned hai inflieted upon his splenetic antagonist.

In less than an hour we regained Swallow Barn: returninई like knights to a bannered castle from a successful inroad,flushed with heat and victory,-covered with dust and glory our enemies subdued and our lady's pledge redcemed.

## CHAPTER XXXVII.

mooxshine.'

Te were too much elated with having achieved the recapture of e hawk, to postpone the communication of our good fortune to ae family at The Brakes longer than our necessary refreshment squired ; and accordingly, about five o'clock in the evening, havig then finished a hearty dinner, and regained our wasted rength, we were on our way to the habitation of our neighbors.

Whether it was that the rapid succession of scenes, through hich we had past during the forepart of the day, and the vivid scitements we had experienced, had now given place to a calmer ad more satisfied state of feeling; or whether it arose only from ome remaining sense of fatigue from previous toil, our present npulse was to be silent. For more than a quarter of an hour, e trotted along the road with nothing to interrupt our musings ut the breeze as it rustled through the wood, the screams of the ay-bird, or the tramp of our horses. At length Ned, waking up is from a reverie, turned to me and said-
"Mark! not a word about that fight to-day."
"Truly, you speak with a discreet gravity," said I. "What ould you have?"
"Not the slightest hint that shall lead Bel Tracy to suspect have had a quarrel with Miles Rutherford."
"I pity you, Ned," said I, laughing. "Out, hyperbolica fiend! why vexest thou this man ?"
"Ah !" replied Ned," that is the curse of the star I was bor under. The most innocent actions of my life will bear a readin that may turn them, in Bel Tracy's judgment, into abiding topic of reproof. I dread the very thought that Bel should hear ( this quarrel. She will say-as she always says-that I have d scended from my proper elevation of character. I wish I had hornbook of gentility to go by! It never once occurred to m when I was chastising that blackguard, that I was throwing asic the gentleman. My convictions always come too late."
"Why, what a crotchet is this!" said I. "To my thinkin you strangely misapprehend your mistress, Ned, when you fanc she could take offence at hearing that you had punished an ins lent fellow for reviling her father."
"It is the manner of the thing, Mark," replied Ned. "Tl idea that $I$ had gone into a vulgar ring of clowns, and soiled $n$ hands in a rough-and-tumble struggle with a strolling bull Now if I had encountered an unknown ruffian in the woods, wil sword and lance, on horseback, and had had my weapon shiver in my hand, and then been trussed upon a pole ten feet long,Gad, I believe she would be thrown into transports !-that wou be romance for her; it would be a glorious feat of arms; and, doubt not, she would attend me in my illness, like the king daughter in the ballad,--the most bewitching of lecehes! $\mathrm{B}_{1}$ to be pommeled black and bluc, with that plebeian instrument fist-pugh!-she will turn up her nose at it with a magnifice disdain. Do you see any traces of the fight about me? have any scar or seratch? do you think I may pass unquestioned?"
"You may thank your skill in this vulgar accomplishment I answered, " that you do not carry a black eye to The Brak" As it is, you have uothing to fear on that score ; and, I promi!
jou, although I doubt your apprehension of Bel, that I will say 10thing that shall lead to your detection."
"This is only of a piece with my other miseries," said he. It is another proof of the tyranny to which a man is exposed sho is obliged to square his conduct to the caprices of a mistress. declare to you I feel, at this moment, like a schoolboy who is ompelled to rack his wits for some plausible lie to escape a shipping."
"Truly, Ned, you are a most ridiculous lover," said I. " Of ll men I ever knew, I certainly never saw one who took so little rouble to square his conduct to any rule. This is the merest arce that ever was acted. Little does Bel suspect that she has n her train such a trembling slave. Why, sir, it is the perpetual purthen of her complaint that your recklessness of her rises to he most flagrant contumacy: and, to tell you the truth, I think the has reason on her side."
"Well, well!" said Ned, laughing, " be that as it may; say pothing about the feat to-day, because, in sober earnest, I am not puite satisfied with the exploit myself. I certainly was under no pbligation to drub that rascal Rutherford."

In the discussion of this topic we arrived at The Brakes, where both joy and surprise were manifested at finding Fairpourne brought back in fetters to his prison. Harvey Riggs clapped his hands and called out "Bravo! Well done Hazard! Did'nt I say, Bel, that Ned would perform as many wonders as the seven champions altogether? Is there such another true knight in the land?"

As for Bel, she was raised into the loftiest trausports. She laughed,-asked a thousand questions,-darted from place to place, and taking Fairbourne in her hand, smoothed his feathers, and kissed him over and over again. The rest of the family joined in similar expressions of pleasure, and Ned gave a circum-
stantial detail of all the facts attending the recovery, carefully omitting the least allusion to the affair that followed it. When this was done, Harvey again heaped a torrent of applause upon the Knight of the Hawk, as he called Hazard, and with a lively sally sang out, in a cracked and discordant voice,-
> "Oh, 'tis love, 'tis love, 'tis love, that rules us all completely, Oh, 'tis love, 'tis love, 'tis love commands, and we obey-"

-which he concluded with sundry anties, and danced out of the room. Bel, upon hearing the part that Wilful acted in the recapture, declared that she would take him into high favor, and that thenceforth he should have the freedom of the parlor ; say ing this, she patted him upon the back, and made him lie down. at her feet.
"Hey day! this is a fine rout and pother about a vagabond bird!" said Mr. Tracy. "Will you lose your senses, good folks Mr. Edward, you see what it is to gather toys for these women You have made Bel your slave for life."

Bel blushed scarlet red at this intimation ; and Ned observ ing it, followed suit: their eyes met. A precious pair of fools to make so much of so small a thing!

Fairbourne was carried to his perch, and regaled with a meal and the composure of the family being restored, after the conclu sion of this important affair, we sat down to talk upon other mat ters. Swansdown, we were told, had taken his departure aftes, breakfast. Mr. Tracy, Harvey assured us, had been in his study nearly all day; conning over the papers of the arbitration. "The old gentleman," he said, "was not altogether satisfied with the award, inasmuch as there were certain particulars of fact whicl he conceived to be misstated, especially in regard to a surve: affirmed to be made of the mill-dam, which did not appear in hi notes. I have no doubt," Harvey added, "that before a montl,
y venerable kinsman will be in absolute grief for this untimely atting short of the law-suit in the vigor of its days."

Ned sat beside Bel, occupied in a low, tremulous, and carnest bnversation, until the stars were all shining bright, and even len, he unwillingly broke his colloquy at my summons. Our prses had been waiting at the door for the last hour.

We galloped nearly the whole way back to Swallow Barn; ed rapidly leading the way, and striking his whip at the bushes 1 the road side, whistling, singing, and cutting many antics pon his saddle.
"What the deuce ails you?" I called out.
"I feel astonishingly active to-night," said he. "I could do ach deeds!" and thereupon he put his horse up to full speed.
"The man is possessed," said I, following; however, at the tme gait.

That night we did not go to bed until the moon rose, which think the almanae will show to have been near one o'elock.

## CHAPTER XXXVIII.

THE LAST MINSTREL。

As I do not at all doubt that you, my dear Zack, have by thi time become decply interested in the progress of Ned Hazard love affairs ; and as I find, (what greatly surprises myself, the Ned has grown to be a hero in my story; and that I, who orig nally began to write only a few desultory sketches of the Ol Dominion, have unawares, and without any premeditated purpos absolutely fallen into a regular jog-trot, novel-like narrative,least, for several consecutive chapters,-it is no more than whi I owe to posterity to go on and supply such matters of fact $:$ : may tend to the elucidation and final clearing up of the preser involved and uncertain posture into which I have brought m: principal actors. Feeling the weight of this obligation, as soo as I had closed the last chapter I began to bethink me of tl best means of compassing my end; for, like a true historiogr pher, I conceived it to be, in some sort, my bounden duty to $r$ sort to the best sources of information which my opportunitit, afforded. Now, it must have been perceived by my clear-sighte readers, that I am already largely indebted to Harvey Rig: for the faithful report of such matters as fell out at the Brak when I was not there myself to note them down; and I therefo thought, that in the present emergency I might, with great pro:
my labor, have recourse to the same fountain of intelligence. this I do but imitate and follow in the footsteps of all the ustrious chroniclers of the world, who have made it their busiss to speak primarily of what they themselves have seen and hown, and secondarily, to take at second-hand, (judiciously pernding the force of testimony;) such things as have come to cm by hearsay: for, nothing is more common than for these ave wights to introduce into their books some of their weightst and most important morsels of history by some such oblique sinuation as this;-"I have heard people say," or "the re,wned Gregory of Tours, or William of Malmsbury, or John of okes affirms," or, "it was currently reported and believed at e time,"-or some such preface, by which they let in the necesry matter. Henceforth, then, let it be understood, that as I ofess to speak in my own person of what happened at Swallow arn, so I rely mainly on my contemporary Harvey, as authority $r$ all such synchronous events as transpired at The Brakes. ith this explanatory advertisement, I proceed with my story.
I have described, in the last chapter, the unnatural speed th which Hazard and myself had ridden to Swallow Barn. el too, it seems, was possessed in some such strange mood after 3 were gone; for she moved about the house singing, daneing, lking unconnectedly, and manifesting many unaccountable rmors. I devoutly believe that both she and Hazard were witched. It might have been the hawk,--or some other little aimal with wings on his shoulders.-But I leave this to the nsideration of the Pundits, and pass on to events of more imprtance.

We had not left the Brakes above half an hour when the raping of a violin was heard in the yard, near the kitchen door he tune was that of a popular country-dance, and was exceuted a very brisk and inspiring cadence.
"That sounds like Hafen Blok's fiddle," said Ralph. "I has come here for his supper, and we shall be pestered with b nonsense all night."
"If it be Hafen," said Bel, " he shall be well treated, for t] poor old man has a hard time in this world. He is almost t! only minstrel, cousin Harvey, that is left.

> "'The bigots of this iron time,
> Have called his harmless art a crime.'
"And truly, I wish we had more like him! for, Hafen has great many ballads that, I assure you, will compare very wr. with the songs of the troubadours and minnesingers."
"There you go," cricd Harvey, "with your age of chivalt I don't know much about your troubadours and minnesinger but, if there was amongst them as great a scoundrel as Hafen, yo age of chivalry was an arrant cheat. Why, this old fellow liv by petty larceny ; he hasn't the dignity of a large thief: he is filcher of caps and napkins from a washerwoman's basket; robber of hen-roosts ; a pocketer of tea-spoons! Now, if the was any romance in him, he would, at least, steal cows and ta purses on the highway."
"Pray, cousin," exclaimed Bel, laughing, " do not utter su slanders against my old friend Hafen! Here, I have taken $t$ greatest trouble in the world to get me a minstrel. I have c couraged Hafen to learn ditties, and he has even composed son himself at my bidding. Once I gave him a dress which y would have laughed to see. It was made after the most appror fashion of minstrelsy. First, there was a long gown of Kenc green, gathered at the neck with a narrow gorget; it had sleel that hung as low as the knee, slit from the shoulder to the ha and lined with white cotton; a doublet with sleeves of bla worsted ; upon these a pair of points of tawny camlet, laced alo
th wrist with blue thread points, with a welt towards the hand, nde of fustian ; a pair of red stockings ; a red girdle, with a kife stuck in it ; and, around his neck, a red riband, suitable to t: girdle. Now what do you think, cousin, of such a dress as tet?"
"Where did you get the idea of this trumpery?" cried H•r$\Gamma$
"It is faithfully taken," said Bel, "from the exact description o the minstrel's dress, as detailed by Laneham, in his account o the entertainment of Queen Elizabeth at 'Killingworth Cast.'"
"And did Hafen put it on?"
"To be sure he did!" replied Bel, " and paraded about with inere a whole evening."
"Bel," said Harrey, after a loud laugh,-"I like your nonsise: it is so sublimated and refined, and double-distilled, that, unn my soul, I think it throws a shabby air over all other folly Ifer saw! Minstrel Blok, Hawk Fairbourne, and Childe Ned, Iagon-killing Ned, are altogether without a parallel or a copy ithe whole world. A precious train for a lady! And so, Hafit has been learning ballads, too ?"
"Certainly," returned Bel, "I have taken the trouble to get la some very authentic collections. Now, what do you think c'the Golden Garland of Princely Delights?' that is an old lok I gave him to learn some songs from, and the wretch lost it, whout learning one single sonnet."
"Gôod reason why," said Ralph ;-_" he never could read."
"I didn't know that, Ralph, when I gave it to him," said 71. "But Hafen has an excellent memory. Hark! he is lginning to sing now. Listen, cousin, and you will hear someting to surprise you."

At this moment, Hafen's voice was heard eommencing a stave,
with a nasal tone, in a monotonous, but quick tune, which acco panied words that were uttered with a very distinct articu tion.
"Let us have this in the porch," said Harvey ; and he imn diately led the way to the back-door ; where Hafen being call. took his seat and recommenced his song as follows:-
"November the fourth, in the year ninety-one, We had a sore engagement near to Fort Jefferson. St. Clair was our commander, which may remembered be. For there we left nine hundred men, in the Western Territory Our militia was attackted, just as the day did break; And soon were overpowered and forced to retreat. They killed Major Ouldham, Levin and Briggs likewise, With horrid yells of savages resounded thorough the skies; Major Butler was wounded, the very second fire-"
"Well, that will do, Hafen," interrupted Harvey; "we dit like such a bloody song as this; it is the very essence of gedy."
"It's as true as preaching, Mister Riggs," said Hafen. I was there myself, in Colonel Gibson's regiment."
"No doubt!" replied Harvey. "But Miss Tracy was something more sentimental, Hafen ; this butchering of mila men does not suit the ladies so well as a touching, sorror. song."
"Ay, ay !" said Hafen, "I understand you, Mister Hary. I have just the sort of song to please Miss Isabel. It goe: 0 the tune of 'William Reilly.'
" ' While I rehearse my story, Americans give ear, Of Britain's fading glory, you presently shall hear ; I'll give a true relation, attend to what I say, Concerning the taxation of North America.
> "There is a wealthy people who sojourn in that land, Their churches all with steeples most delicately stand, Their houses, like the lily, are painted red and gay; They flourish like the gilly in North America.'"

"Poh! this is worse than the other!" exclaimed Harvey. 'Do you call this sentimental? Why don't you give us something pitiful? Bel, your minstrel is as badly trained as your hawk."
"Hafen," said Bel, "I fear you have not thought of me lately, pr you would have brought me something more to my liking than these songs."
"Bless your young heart, mistress!" replied Hafen, "I can sing fifty things that you'd like to hear, in the love line: There's the Manhattan Tragedy,' and 'the Royal Factor's Garland,' and the Golden Bull,' and 'the Prodigal Daughter,' and 'Jemmy and Nancy;' commonly called the Yarmouth Tragedy, showing how, by the avariciousness and cruelty of parents, two faithful lovyers were destroyed : and there's 'the Gosport Tragedy,' that shows how a young damsel was led astray by a ship's carpenter, and carried into a lonesome wood ; and how her ghost haunted him at sea; -
> "' When he immediantly fell on his knees, And the blood in his veins with horror did freeze.'"

"Oh, very well," said Harvey, "stop there; we don't wish to hear the music. Go get your supper, Hafen; the servants are waiting for you. These are entirely too sentimental ; you run into extremes." Hafen obeyed the order; and, as he limped towards the kitchen, Harvey remarked to Bel, "This is a fine smack of war and love that Hafen has favored us with;

> "'The last of all the bards was he Who sang of Border Chivalry.'

Truly, Cousin Bel, these shreds and patehes of romance are wonderfully picturesque. Hafen does honor to your zeal in behalf of the days of knighthood and minstrelsy."
"You may laugh, Harvey, as much as you please, but there is something pleasant in the idea of moated eastles, and gay knights, and border feuds, and roundelays under one's window, and lighted halls where ladies dance corantos and 'trod measures' as they called it!"
" And when hawks," added Harvey, "were not flown like kites, with a string, but came at a whistle, and did as they were told; and troubadours were not Dutch tinkers; and when bachelors could win mistresses by hard blows, and were not sent off because they were merry and like other people."
"Pshaw! cousin," interrupted Bel. "You havn't one spark of genuine romance in your whole composition. It is profane to listen to such a reereant as you are."
"Well, Bel, I will tell you," said Harvey. "It is not to bc denied that Hafen shines as a fiddler, however questionable may be his merits as a ballad-monger. So if cousin Kate here ano Ralph will dance, we will bring him into the parlor and have $:$ four-handed reel. We will call it a coranto, if you prefer the name ; and, to give you a lighted hall, I will have.two more can dles put on the mantle-piece."
"Agreed," said Bel; "so tell Hafen to bring in his instru ment."

Hafen appeared at the summons, and an hour was merrily spent in daneing.

When the dance was over, Bel gave Hafen a glass of wine and slipped into his hand a picee of money.
"Many thanks to my young lady!" said the old man. "Yor deserve a good husband, and soon."
"You have travelled, Hafen, to very little purpose." sai

Carrey, "if you are not able, at your time of life, to tell this dy's fortune."
"Oh, bless you !" replied Hafen, "I can do that very truly. ou are not afraid, young mistress, to show me the palm of your and ?"
"Not she!" said Harvey. "Bel, open your hand; let the zuerable Hafen disclose to you the decrees of fate."
"Take care, Hafen," said Bel, holding out her hand; "if you iy one unlucky word I will for ever dismiss jou from my serce."

Hafen took from his pocket an old pair of spectacles, and oceeded, very minutely, to examine the open hand.
"Here is a line that has not more than six months to run: lat is the line of marriage, young mistress. It is not so smooth line, neither, as ought to be in such a palm, for it breaks off in io or three places, with some crossings."
"Defend me!" cried Bel. "What does that mean?"
"It means," replied Hafen, "that the lady is hard to please, id can scarcely find heart to make up her mind."
"True!" exclaimed Harrey. "Worshipful soothsayer Hafen , on!"
"The lady does not sleep well o' nights," continued Hafen; and here are cloudy dreams; the hand is mottled, and yet her ood ought to flow smoothly too, for it has a healthy color; the lm is moist and shows a warm heart: I fear the lady has fanes. Well, well, it is all nothing, as there is a good ending to

Here is a person who has done her great service lately. He il do her more: and,-let me see,-he is a gentleman of good ood, and more in love than I think it right to tell. He travels 1 a line that runs to marriage. Fie, my young mistress, you puld not be obstinate with such a gentleman! But here is a op and a cross line. 'There is many a slip 'twist the cup and e lip.' No, no, it is better than it looks."
"Excellent well !" cried Harvey again.
"It is not excellent well, cousin," said Bel, playfully wit drawing her hand. "Hafen, you have to learn the beginnings your art. You know nothing about palmistry ! Couldn't y see, with half an eye, that the marriage line on my hand was mile from the end? I wonder at you!"
" Not so fast, not so fast, Miss Isabel !" cried Hafen, with. sly laugh. "You can't deceive me. I saw the very man to-dit And a proper gentleman he is-a brave one, as I said befoif Why, gentle bred as he is, he can handle any man, in the way. boxing, 'twist this and Riehmond. It is a real pleasure to s , him strike a blow."
"Fis name," said Harvey.
"It would not be a strange name to these walls, if I was tell it," answered Hafen. "But I never thought such a pair arms belonged to a gentleman, as he showed this morning."
"Ned Hazard!" said Harrey. "Pray, what did you see; him this morning?"
"I will tell you and our pretty young lady here what I sar replied Hafen. "Up here at the cross-roads, you must know, about noon or a little later,-comes along Mister Edward Haza and that strange gentleman his friend, on horseback, with th. same hawk that's out here in the cage. Well, there was a par; of neighbors drinking, and such like, about the store. Mis Edward never stands much upon ceremony; so, he got dor and then the other got down, and 'good morning,' and 'gc morning,' went round. Mister Edward's not one of your pro men, for he got to showing them the bird, and told them, bl: your heart! whose it was-Miss Isabel's here. I suspected sol* thing then," said Hafen, putting his finger against the side of : nose and looking at Harvey. "Well, one word brought I another, and somehow or 'nother, Miles Rutherford gives Mis:

Edward the lie. So, out jumps Mister Edward, and calls to the pthers to stand by him, and swears out pretty strong, (you know, Miss Isabel, Mister Ned's like any other man at swearing when he's angry, ) and tells Miles to step out if he dares, and says, he will lick him to his heart's content,-or something to that effect. Well, Miles had whipped almost every fighting man in the county, and he wa'nt going to be baulked by Ned Hazard ; and, accordfingly, out he comes. Mcrey on me! says I, now Mister Edward will give Miles such a mouthful to stay his stomach, as he never tasted in his life before. I knew Mr. Hazard of old, and told Miles what he'd get. And sure enough, it would have done your heart good, Miss Isabel, if you had seen how Mister Edward did drub Miles! And the best of it was, he did it so genteel, as if he didn't want to bloody his clothes. And when he was done he wiped his face, as natural as if he had been at his dinner, and I brought him some water to wash his hands; and then off he and the tother gentleman rode after bidding the company good day.Upon which we gave them three cheers."
"Are you telling us the truth, Hafen?" asked Harvey, earnestly.
"I would not tell you a lie, Mister Harvey," replied Hafen, "if it was to save my right hand from being chopped off this minute."
"This morning, do you say this happened?"
"As I am a Christian man," said the tinker.
"Ned fought with that bully, Miles Rutherford?-and with fists?"
"As fair a fight, Mister Riggs," replied Hafen, " and as pretty a one as you ever saw."
"What brought it about? You have told us nothing about the cause of the quarrel."
"I'm not particular about that," said the other ; "but it was
words. The truth is, I suspect Miles was impertinent, anc Mister Edward wanted to beat him ; for he said he did it on ac count of the good of the public. Both on 'em might have been : little in the wrong, but Mister Hazard's hand was in ; and, yol know, a man don't stand much persuasion when that's the case But, you may depend, Mister Edward gained a great deal o glory."
"Edward didn't say a word about this to us," said Bel.
"I can't unriddle it," replied Harvey, shaking his head.
Hafen was now dismissed from the parlor ; and Bel and Har vey fell into a long conversation, in relation to the disclosure tha was just made. Bel uttered a deep and sincere complaint is Harvey's ear, that the waywardness of Hazard's temper shoul, be so continually driving him off his guard. It was so unbecom ing his station in society to permit himself to appear in thes lights to the world! When would he learn discretion? Hor could he hope to win the affections even of his intimate friends when he was perpetually offending against the plainest duties $h$ owed them? She admitted his goodness of heart, and the valu she set upon the many excellent points in his character; but i seemed as if fate had unalterably decreed that every day he wa to be farther removed from all hopes of making himself agreeabl to her.

To these suggestions Harvey could frame no defence, excep that Hafen had, perhaps, misrepresented the facts.
"I do not wish to inquire into the details," said Bel, "becaus no provocation, in my opinion, could excuse a gentleman in mak ing such a figure before a set of low-bred rustics. I canuo express to you, cousin Harvey, how much this thing shocks me.
"There are provocations, Bel," replied Harvey, "that woul render such an exploit meritorious-even in a gentleman.".
"I cannot think it,-cousin:-I cannot think so," replie" Bel, musing over the matter; " I wish I could."
"I'll tell you, Bel, what we will do," said Harvey, with a gay air; "we will get our old minnesinger Hafen to hitch it into verse and sing it to the tune of "The Lay of the Last Minstrel."
"Incorrigible sinner!" exclaimed Bel, " how can you jest upón such an incident! as for your friend Edward, I pity him; you know why. But do not make me think as hardly of you. Good night!"
"Pleasant dreams to you!" cried Harvey. "Fancy that you have heard of a tilting match between a bull and a cavalier, and that the bull was beaten. Romance and chivalry are sovereign rarnishes for cracked crowns and bloody noses. Good night I"

## CHAPTER XXXIX.

SIGNS OF A HERO.

While Hazard was indulging the luxurious fancy that he hac sailed, at last, into the harbor of Bel's good graces ; and was cast ing about to see how he should best make good his moorings Hafen, like a lame Vulcan, was forging a thunderbolt that wai destined to descend upon Ned's slender pinnace, and either tea: up one of the principal planks, or at least, give him such a lurcl as should make him think le was going straight to the bottom.

Happy would it have been for Hazard if he had not forbiddes me to say any thing to his mistress about his unfortunate quar rel with Miles Rutherford ; for then I could have given the mat ter such a gloss as must have entirely satisfied any reasonable woman whatever. But to have this incident mangled by Hafeı Blok, disgraced by his slang, and discolored by his officious zea to contribute to Ned's glorification, was one of those unluck! strokes of fortune to which the principal actors in romance har. been subject from time immemorial. This, therefore, gives ms strong hopes that he is really destined to be a hero of some not before I am done with him. It has thrown him, for the present into a deep shade. And yet,-shortsighted mortal!-so littl suspicious was he that affairs had taken this turn, that all the next day (being Sunday) he was more like a man bordering upor insanity than a rational Christian. His first impulse was to git
ver to The Brakes immediately after breakfast: then, he checked imself by the consideration that it was pushing matters too iercely. After this, he thought of sending for Harrey Riggs to oin us at dinner: then, he reflected that it wasn't Harvey he rished to see. He then sat down with a book in his hand, but oon discovered that he could not understand one sentence that ce was reading. He got up, and walked as far as the gate; ooked critically at the plum-tree, that had not the smallest appearance of fruit upon it and very few leaves, and then returned o the house whistling, where Lucy and Vic told him, " it was junday and he must not whistle." At length, as a last resort, le went up to his chamber, and dressed himself out with extraorlinary particularity in white drilling pantaloons, as stiff with starch as if they were made of foolscap paper, a white waistcoat, is dark-green frock, a black stock, boots and his hair-cloth forage2ap. In this attire he appeared in the hall, with a riding-whip in ais hand, walking up and down in profound abstraction.
"Where are you going, Ned?' asked Mcriwether.
"Going ?" he replied, "I am going to stay at home."
"I beg your pardon! I thought you were about to ride." Meriwether passed on. Ned continued his walk.
"Where are you going, Edward ?" asked my cousin Lucretia. "Nowhere," said Ned.
"Edward, where are you going?" inquired Prudence.
"I am not going out," said Ned.
"Uncle Ned, may I go with you? shall I get Spitfire?" cricd Rip, running into the hall.
" Where?" asked Ned, with some surprise.
"Wherever you are going to ride," answered Rip.
"Good people!" exclaimed Hazard. "What has got into the family! where would you have me go? what do you see? what do you want?"
"Arn't you going to ride?" asked Rip.
"By no means, my dear."-Away went Rip.
All this I saw from the porch. So, getting up from my seal I also accosted him with the same question. "Where are yo going?"
" The Lord knows, Mark! I have just dressed myself, an! have been walking here, for want of something better to do. wish it were to-morrow! for I don't like to go over yonder to-day I think a man ought not to visit more than three times a week -I feel very queerly this morning: I have been every wiere gaping about like an- apprentice-boy in his Sunday clothes. have seen the horses in the stable, the fowls in the poultry-yard the pigs, the negrocs, and, in fact, I don't know what in the devi to do with myself. Mark, we will go over to The Brakes to-mor row morning?"
"Oh, certainly. I think our affairs require some attention in that quarter. Why not go this evening?"
"I should like it very much," said Ned. "But it would aları the family. I feel qualmish at being scen there too often. Peo ple are so fond of gossipping! No, no, we will wait until to morrow."

These particulars will show the state of Hazard's mind, the day following the recovery of the hawk,-a day that passed heavily enough. Ned pretended to impute all this tediousness to Sunday, which, he remarked, was always the most difficult day in the week to get through.

On Monday morning we were at The Brakes by ten o'clock. Bel was busy with Fairbourne, and looked uncommonly fresh and gay. Her manner was affable, and too easy, I thought, considering the peculiar relation of her affairs, at this moment, towards Hazard. She addressed her conversation principally to me; and, once or twice, refused Ned's services in some little mat.
ers wherein it was natural he should offer them. I observed, aoreover, that she did not second his attempts at wit as freely s she was used to do: they made me smile; but upon her they bll harmless and flat, like schoolboys' arrows headed with tar. 111 this seemed strange and boded ill. Hazard observed it ; for F made him awkward ; his cheek grew pale, and his words stuck his throat.

In a short time some household matters called Bel away.
"The wind has changed," said Ned, in a half-whisper to me, s we walked to the parlor ; "the thermometer is falling towards he freezing point. I wish this business was at the-_"
"Whist, Ned!" I exclaimed, " don't swear! There is some nistake in this matter: we'll talk to Harvey."

Harvey Riggs took a seat with us at the front door; and here, in a long, confidential and grave conference, he explained $o$ us all that he knew of this perplexing affair. He said that he ad been trying to bring Bel to reason, because he thought, to use is own phrase, "it was all flummery in her to be so hyperbolical ith Ned;" but that she was struck, just between wind and water, ith Hafen's rigmarole about Ned's bosing match; and that it ould require some time to get this warp out of her fancy; that here was no question she was deeply wounded by all she had card; but still he had hopes, that he would be able to set matters ight again. "Ned," said he, "my dear fellow, let me warn you, $t$ least until you are married, (if you are ever to have that luck.) o care how you make a fool of yourself ; because it is sure immeiately to turn Bel into a greater one. Mark, they are a miracubus pair of geese!" cried Harvey, breaking out into a loud laugh; nd then singing out with a great flourish, to the tune of a popuor song, the following doggerel-

And grant, oh Queen of fools! he saidThus ran the mooncalfs prayer-

## That I may prove the drollest knight And wed the queerest fair.

Ned absolutely raved. He thought he had the fairest oce sion in the world to get into a passion; and he, accordingly, fe to swearing against all womankind, in the most emphatic term As soon as he had "unpacked his heart" in this way, he droppe into another mood, and began to deplore his fate, pretty much : he had done on some of those former occasions that I have $d$ scribed ; and last of all,--which he ought to have done at first,he became very reasonable; and, in a calm, manly defence himself, narrated circumstantially the whole affair ; showing, the most conclusive manner, that he had been induced to acce] Miles Rutherford's challenge, only because he did not choose hear that graceless brawler pour out his vile abuse upon one venerable in his eyes as Mr. Tracy.
"What could I do," said he, " but chastise such a scoundr for the irreverent mention, in such a circle, of the excellent o gentleman? and, I humbly think, that, of all persons in tl world, Bel Tracy is the last that has a right to complain of it."
"This sets the matter in a new light," said Harrey; "I to Bel, I was certain Hafen had lied. Her worshipful minstrel, h rascally minnesinger makes a great figure in this business!"

Here Hazard's mood changed again. Nothing is so brave a lover who has found good ground to rail against his mistres He may be as gentle as a pet squirrel, or a lamb that is fed 1 hand, as long as he has no confederate to encourage him in rebe. lion; but no sooner does he receive a compassionate word from by-stander, or enlist a party, than he becomes the most perem tory and fearful of animals. Harvey's words stirred up Nei soul into a sublime mutiny ; and, for some minutes, he was mo extravagant than ever. He would let Bel see that she had ma a sad mistake, when she imagined that he was going to surrend
is free agency, his judgment, his inclinations, his sense of duty , her! It became a man to take a stand in affairs of this nare! He scorned to put on a character to win a woman, that o did not mean to support afterwards, if he should be successful: would be rank hypocrisy! What, in the devil's name, did she spect of him!-to stand by, and acknowledge himself a man, hen she-yes, she herself-for an attack upon her father was an tack upon her-was reviled and made the subject of profane st and rituperation on the lips of an outlaw! Let Bel consider in this point of view, and how could she possibly find fault with m?"
"Yes. Let Bel consider it in this point of view!" said Harby, chiming in with a droll and affected gravity; "I'll go and th the subject to her in this light, this very instant."
"No," said Ned, "you need not be in a hurry. But, in urnest, Harvey, at another time I would like you to do it: it is at justice."
"I'll harrow up," replied Harvey, with a deep tragic voice, her inmost soul."
"In order that you may have free scope," said Hazard, "it ill be better for Mark and me to set off home immediately." "'Sir Lucius, we won't run," said I, laughing. "Do you aink there is danger, Ned? shall we make a rapid retreat?"
""Brush,' exclaimed Harvey, 'the sooner you are off, the etter!' I will meet you anon, and report to you at Swallow arn."

Without taking leave of the family we commenced our reeat; and during the ride Ned displayed the same alternations f feeling that were manifested in our interview with Harvey. hese emotions resolved themselves, at last, into one abiding and crmanent determination, and that, considering the character ad temper of Hazard, was sufficiently comic, namcly,-that in
his future intercourse with Bel, he would invariably observe th most scrupulous regard to all the high-flown and overstraine elegancies and proprieties of conduct which she so pretended $t$. idolize. His humor was that of dogged submission to her mos. capricious whims. Never did spaniel seem so humbled.
"I know I shall make a fool of myself," said he, "but that i her look-out, not mine. I'll give her enough of her super-subtl, unimaginable, diabolical dignity !-I will be the very essence $c$ dulness, and the quintessence of decorum !-I will turn myse! into an ass of the first water, until I make her so sick of pedantr and sentiment, that a good fellow shall go free with her all th rest of her life!"

## CHAPTER XL.

## A COUNCIL OF WAR.

.s soon as we had left The Brakes Harvey sought an opportuty to communicate to Bel all that he had learned from us in rerd to the cause and circumstances of the quarrel between Ned id Rutherford ; presenting to her, in the strongest point of view was able, the signal injustice she had done to so faithful and dvoted a lover. "I should not have regarded the matter a rush," sid Harvey, "if it were not that Ned, as I have often told you, ione of the most sensitive creatures alive, and so much inclined melancholy that there is no knowing what effect such an incint may have upon his temper." Bel smiled incredulously, and fomed as if she did not know whether to take Harvey in jest or rnest.
"You may treat this lightly," continued Harvey, "but I am re you will feel some unpleasant misgivings when you come to flect on it." She smiled again.
"It is not a just return for that admirable constancy," Hary proceeded, "which Ned, notwithstanding his upper current levity, has always shown towards you ; and which, amidst all s waywardness, has always set steadily towards you. If he has en volatile in his pursuits, you cannot deny that he has concted you with the pleasantest passages of his life; if he has en strange in his conduct, now and then, it is very obvious that
he has never ceased to feel the desire to make himself agreeat to you; if he has occasionally erred from the straight line decorum, every transgression may be traced to some ardente deavor to support your cause, even at the expense of your go opinion. Now, this is what I call faith, honor and gallantry. shows single-heartedness, homage and modesty. It is in the re best strain of a cavalier devoted to his lady-love; and has mc true chivalry in it than all the formal courtesies in the world-

Bel began to look grave.
"It cuts Ned to the heart to think his mistress ungrateft and, particularly, that she should listen to a vile strolling tink, and take his account of a fray as if it were gospel, instead of $s$ pending her opinion until she should have a more authentic re: tion from himself. This has sunk deeper into his feelings th any act of unkindness that ever befell him. And from you, B -Conceive what anguish Ned must have experienced when $y r^{-}$ cold looks chided him for one of the most disinterested actions : his life."
"Why didn't he tell us all about this quarrel when he brouit the hawk home?" said Bel. "Why was he silent then, I sho I like to know?"
"Was it for him," asked Harvey, " to vaunt his exploits," your ear? A brave man naturally forbears to speak of achievements; and therein is Ned's true modesty of characr conspicuous. He would have concealed this from you untile had grown gray, lest you might have been tempted to think $b$ played the braggart with you. I cannot sufficiently admire sh forbearance."
"Ah me, cousin!" said Bel, "I do not know what to thi . You perplex me. I would not willingly offend the meanest eir ture that lives. I am sure I have no reason to be unkind to 5 . Hazard. But still it is not my fault that I cannot set the ss,e
value upon his virtues that you and others do.-I almost wish I had not been so marked in my demeanor to him this morning. I am sure I am not ungrateful in my temper, cousin Harvey. Did he speak much of it?"
"Rather in sorrow than in anger," returned Harvey. "But the thought haunted him all the time he was here. He broke out once or tivice and swore."
"Swore at me ?" exclaimed Bel.
"No; I was mistaken in saying he swore. He gave vent to some piteous feelings,-as well he might:-but they were expressed chiefly in sighs."
"I wish I knew whether you were in earnest, Harvey," said Bel, besecchingly. "Mercy on me! I do not know what to think. I wish I were in heaven! And still, I won't believe Ned Hazard cares the thousandth part as much for me as you make out."

This was not true, for Bel was inwardly very much moved with the whole relation, and began to fcel, what she never before acknowledged, that Ned had a very fair claim to her consideration.

Harvey was making an experiment upon her heart; and, having set her to musing over the affair, left her to settle the case with her own conscience. He had now satisfied himself that Ned, if he used even ordinary discretion, might turn the accident to good account ; and he therefore said nothing more to Bel, knowing that the more she thought of what had passed, the graver would be the impression on her mind.

The next morning he hastened over to Swallow Barn, where, like a trusty minister, he detailed the sum of his observations in a solemn council, convoked for that purpose.

Never was any topic more minutely or more ably discussed. We all agreed that Ned's prospects were brightening; that a crisis had arrived which it required great judgment to manage
with effect; and that, above all things, he must be very guardec for the future. It was also resolved that he should hencefortl be more special and direct in his attentions, and not scruple $t_{1}$ assume the posture of an avowed lover; that he should put on a: much propriety of manner as might be found requisite to gratif Bel's most visionary requisitions; and that, in particular, he mus neither swear in her presence, nor talk lightly before her.
"Oh, as to that," said Ned, who had grown as pliant as : trained hound in our hands, "I have already resolved to shor her that I can play the part of the most solemn fool in th world. But, what perplexes me most is to find out some sent: mental subject for conversation. I shall commit myself by som: egregious blunder of a joke, if I get to talking at randor Faith, I have a great mind to write down a whole discourse an . commit it to memory.
"Talk to her," said Harvey, upon classical matters. Shor her your learning. She thinks you don't read; rub up some c your college pedantry: any thing, man; -give her a little of th heathen mythology!"
"Oh, I'll do it!" cried Ned with exultation. "I'll astonis her with a whole Encyclopedia of nonsense."
"Take care, though," interrupted Harvey, " to season it we with delicate and appropriate allusions to the affair in han Let it be congenial and lover-like; no matter how nonsensica But don't be bombastic, Ned."
"Trust me!" he replied, "I'll suit her to the twentieth paof a scruple."

Here our conclave broke up with a flash of merriment; al we did nothing but jest all the rest of the day.

Harvey dined with us; and when, in the evening, he thoug of returning, Carey came into the parlor to make a propositic which had the effect to retain our guest with us all that night The incident that followed will require a chapter to itself.

## CHAP'TER XLI.

## WOODCRAFT.

Wien Carey came into the parlor he pulled off his hat and made a profound bow; and then adranced to the back of Ned's chair, where, in a low and orderly tonc of voice, he made the following grave and interesting disclosure : namely, that the boysmeaning some of the other negroes who belonged to the planta-tion-had found out what had been disturbing the poultry-yard for some time past: that it was not a mink, as had been given out, but nothing less than a large old 'possum that had been traced to a gum tree over by the river, about a mile distant : that the boys had diskivered him (to use Carey's own term) by some feathers near the tree ; and, when they looked into the hollow, they could see his eyes shining "like foxfire." He said they had been trying to screw him out; by thrusting up a long stick, cut with a fork at the end, (an approved method of bringing out squirrels, foxes and rabbits from their holes, and much in practice in the country,) and tangling it in his hair, but that this design was abandoned under the supposition that, perhaps, Master Edward would like to hunt him in the regular way.

Ned professed a suitable concern in the intelligence; but inquired of Carey, whether he, as an old sportsman, thought it lawful to hunt an opossum at midsummer. This interrogatory
set the old negro to chuckling, and afterwards, with a wise look, tc putting the several cases in which he considered a hunt at the present season altogether consonant with prescriptive usage. He admitted that 'possums in general were not to be followed till persimmon time, because they were always fattest when that fruit was ripe; but, when they couldn't get persimmons they were, " mighty apt" to attack the young fowls and cut their throats that it was good law to hunt any sort of creature when he wa: known to be doing mischief to the plantation. But even then Carey affirmed with a "howsomdever," and "nevertheless," tha if they carried young, and especially a " 'possum," (which ha: more young ones than most other beasts,) he thought they ough to be let alone until their appropriate time. This, however, wa: a large male opossum, that was known to be engaged in nefariou practices; and, moreover, was "shocking fat;" and therefore upon the whole, Carey considered him as a lawful subjecto chase.

To this sagacious perpending of the question, and to the cor clusion which the veteran had arrived at, Ned could oppose n valid objection. He, therefore, replied that he was entirely cor vinced that he, Carey, had taken a correct view of the subject and that if Mr. Riggs and Mr. Littleton could be prevailed upo to lend a hand, nothing would be more agreeable than the pre posed enterprise.

We were unanimous on the proposition. Harvey agreed $t$ defer his return to The Brakes until the next morning; and i was arranged that we should be apprised by Carey when the pri; per hour came to set out on the expedition. Carey then detaile the mode of proceeding: A watch was to be set near the hel roost, the dogs were to be kept out of the way, lest they migt, steal upon the enemy unawares, and destroy him without a chase notice was to be given of his approach; and one or two of thos,

I the watch were to frighten him away; and after allowing him me enough to get back to the woods, the dogs were to be put on the trail and to pursue him until he was trecel.
Having announced this, the old servant bowed again and left e room, saying, that it would be pretty late before we should be Hled ont, because it was natural to these thieving animals to ait until people went to bed ; and that a 'possum was one of the inningest things alive.
Midnight arrived without a summons from our leader: the mily had long since retired to rest; and we began to fear that ir rigil was to end in disappointment. We had taken posses on of the settecs in the hall, and had almost dropped aslcep, hen, about half past twelve, Carey came tiptoeing through the ack door and told us, in a mysterious whisper, that the depreator upon the poultry-yard had just been detected in his visit: hat big Ben (for so one of the negroes was denominated, to disnguish him from little Ben,) had been out and saw the animal sulking close under the fence in the neighborhood of the roost. pon this intelligence, we rose and followed the ond domestic to re designated spot.
Here were assembled six or seven of the negroes, men and bys, who were clustered into a group at a short distance from ne poultry-yard. Within a hundred paces the tall figure of big fen was discerned, in dim outline, proceeding cautiously across field until he had receded beyond our view. A nocturnal adenture is always attended with a certain show of mystery: the resence of darkness conjures up in every mind an indefinite znse of fear-faint, but still sufficient to throw an interest around :ivial things, to which we are strangers in the daytime. The lite assembly of blacks we had just joined were waiting in noiseless escrve for some report from Ben; and, upon our arrival, were spressing in low and wary whispers, their conjectures as to the
course the game had taken, or recounting their scparate exper ence as to the habits of the animal. It was a cloudless night and the obscure and capacious vault above us showed its thousand of stars, with a brilliancy unusual at this season. A chillin breeze swept through the darkness and fluttered the neighborin foliage with an alternately increasing and falling murmur. Som, of the younger negroes stood bareheaded, with no clothing bi' coarse shirts and trowsers, shivering amongst the crowd, an every now and then, breaking out into exclamations, in a pitch ; voice that called down the reproof of their elders. Ned commande ${ }^{\prime}$ all to be silent and to seat themselves upon the ground; an, while we remained in this position, Ben reappeared and can directly up to the circle. He reported that he had detected tl object of our quest near at hand; and had followed him throus the weeds and stubble of the adjoining field, until he had sel him take a course which rendered it certain that he had ber sufficiently alarmed by the rencounter to induce him to retire in the neighborhood of the gum. It was, therefore, Ben's advi that Ned, Harvey, and myself, should take Carey as a guide, ar ct, as fast as we could, to the neighborhood of the tree spokt of, in order that we might be sure to see the capture; and th he would remain behind, where, after a delay long enough to alle us to reach our destination, he would put the dogs, which WC now locked up in the stable, upon the trail; and then come $;$ as rapidly as they were able to follow the scent.

Ben had the reputation of being an oracle in matters of woo craft ; and his counsel was, therefore, implicitly adopted. Car assured us that " there was no mistake in him," and that we mig count upon arriving at the appointed place, with the utmost pr cision, under his piloting. We accordingly set forward. F nearly a mile we had to travel through weeds and bushes; at having safely accomplished this, we penetrated into a piece
wampy woodland that lay upon the bank of the river. Our way ras sufficiently perplexed ; and, notwithstanding Carey's exorbiant boasting of his thorough knowledge of the ground, we did ot reach the term of our mareh without some awkward mistakes, -such as taking ditches for fallen trees, and blackberry bushes. or smooth ground. Although the stars did their best to afford s light, the thickness of the wood into which we had adrancel rapt us, at times, in impeuetrable gloom. During this progress re were once stopped by Harvey calling out, from some twenty aces in the rear, that it was quite indispensable to the success f the expedition, so far as he was concerned, that Carey should orrect a topographical error, into which he, Mr. Riggs, found imself very unexpectedly plunged; "I have this moment," said c, " been seized by the throat by a most rascally grapevine; and a my sincere desire to get out of its way, I find that another of the same tribe has hooked me below the shoulders. Meantime, ay hat has been snatched from my head; and, in these circumtances, gentlemen, perhaps it is not proper for me to budge a oot."

Notwithstanding these embarrassments, we at last reached he gum tree, and "halting in his shade," if the tree could be aid to be proprietor of any part of this universal commodity, paiently awaited the events that were upon the wind. The heavy alling dew had shed a dampness through the air that almost stifened our limbs with cold. It was necessary that we should reaian silent; and, indeed, the momentary expectation of hearing ur followers advance upon our footsteps fixed us in a mute and arnest suspense. This feeling absorbed all other emotions for a ime; when finding that they were not yet afoot, we began to look ound upon the scene, and note the novel impressions it made upn our senses. The wood might be said to be vocal with a thouand unearthly sounds; for, the wakeful beings of midnight, that
inhabit every spray and branch of the forest, are endued wit voices of the harshest discord. The grove, which in daylight ; resonant with melody, is now converted into a sombre theatre c gibbering reptiles, screeching insects, and nightbirds of melanchr ly and grating cries. The concert is not loud, but incessant, ant invades the ear with fiendish notes: it arouses thoughts that mak it unpleasant to be alone. Through the trees the murky surfac of the river was discernible, by the flickering reflections of tl stars, with darkness brooding over the near perspective. In th bosom of this heavy shadow, a lonely taper shot its feeble ra from the cabin window of some craft at anchor; and this was $r$. flected, in a long, sharp line, upon the water below it. The fre, ful beat of the waves was heard almost at our feet; and the su len plash of a fish, springing after his prey, occasionally reached with strange precision. Around us, the frequent erash of rc ten boughs, breaking under the stealthy footsteps of the maraud of the wood that now roamed for booty, arrested our attention al deceived us with the thought that the special object of our sear was momentarily approaching.

Still, however, no actual sign was yet given us that our hunt men were on their way. Harvey grew impatient, and took ol old guide to task for having mistaken his course ; but Carey pe sisted that he was right, and that this delay arose only from Bel wary caution to make sure of his game. At length, a deep-ton and distant howl reached us from the direction of the house.
"Big Ben's awake now," said Carcy; "that's Cossar's roil and he never speaks without telling truth."

We were all attention; and the tonguing of this dog was $f$ lowed by the quick yelping of four or five others. Ned direct Carey to seat himself at the foot of the gum tree, in order that . might prevent the opossum from retreating into the hollow; a then suggested that we should conceal ourselves under the neitil boring bank.

By this time, the cries of the dogs were redoubled, and indiated the certainty of their having fallen upon the track of their rey. Carey took his seat, with his back against the opening of he hollow, and we retired to the bank, under the shelter of some arge and crooked roots of a sycamore that spread its bulk above the water. Whilst in this retreat, the halloos of Ben and his asistants, encouraging the dogs, became distinctly audible, and gradhally grew stronger upon our hearing. Every moment the aniuation of the scene increased; the clamor grew musical as it welled upon the wind; and we listened with a pleasure that one rould scarce imagine could be felt under such circumstances, intantly expecting the approach of our companions. It was impossible longer to remain inactive; and, with one impulse, we prang from our hiding place, and hurried to the spot where we had left old Carey stationed, as a scntinel, at the door of the deroted quadruped's home. At this moment, as if through the inluence of a spell, every dog was suddenly hushed into profound ilence.
"They have lost their way," said Ned, "or else the animal ans taken to the brook and confounded the dogs. Is it not possible, Carey, that he has been driven into a tree nearer home?"
"Never mind !" replied Carey, " that 'possum's down here in ome of these bushes watching us. Bless you! if the dogs had reed him you would hear them almost crazy with howling. These possums never stay to take a chase, because they are the sorriest hings in life to get along on level ground; -they sort of hobble; hind that's the reason they always take off,-as soon as they see a ody,--to their own homes. You trust big Ben; he knows what 1e's about."

The chase, in an instant, opened afresh ; and it was manifest hat the pursuers were making rapidly for the spot on which we atood. Carey begged us to get back to our former concealment;
but the request was vain. The excitement kept us on foot, an it was with difficulty we could be restrained from rushing forwar to meet the advancing pack. Instead, however, of coming dow to the gum tree, the dogs suddenly took a turn and sped, wit urgent rapidity, in a contrary direction, rending the air with: clamor that far exceeded any thing we had yet heard. "We hay lost our chance!" cried Harvey. "Here have we been shiverin in the cold for an hour to no purpose. What devil tempted us $t$ leave Ben? Shall we follow?"
"Pshaw, master Harvey!" exclaimed the old negro,-"don you know better than that? It's only some varmint the dos have got up in the woods. When you hear such a desperat barking, and such hard running as that, you may depend the dof have hit upon a gray-fox, or something of that sort, that ean gis them a run. No 'possum there! Big Ben isn't a going to l Cæsar sarve him that fashion!"

Ben's voice was heard, at this period, calling back the dof and reproving them for going astray ; and, having succeeded in few minutes in bringing them upon their former scent, the who. troop were heard breaking through the undergrowth, in a dire tion leading immediately to the tree.
" Didn't I tell you so, young masters!" exclaimed Carey.
"There he is! there he is!" shouted Ned. "Look out, C: rey! Guard the hole! He has passed. Well done, old fellow I think we have him now."

This quick outcry was occasioned by the actual apparition : the opossum, almost at the old man's feet. The little animal ha been lying close at hand; and, alarmed at the din of the a] proaching war, had made an effort to secure his retreat. He can. creeping slyly towards the tree; but, finding his passage intercep ed, had glided noiselessly by, and in a moment the moving and mi ty object, that we had obscurely discerned speeding with an aw]


Ind motion through the grass，was lost to view $\Lambda$ few seconds ly elapsed，and the dogs swept past us with the fleetness of the und．They did not run many paces before they halted at tho ot of a large chestnut that threw its aged and ponderous bran－ es over an extensive surface，and whose distant extremities al． pist drooped back to the earth．Here they assembled，an eager

d obstreperous pack，bounding wildly from place to place，and oking up and howling，with that expressive gesture which may seen in this race of animals when they are said to be baying e moon．

This troop of dogs presented a motley assortment．There ere two conspicuous for their size and apparently leaders of the
company,-a mixture of hound and mastiff-who poured out the long, deep and bugle-like tones, with a fulness that was echor back from the farthest shore of the river, and which rang throus the forest with a strength that must have awakened the sleepe at the mansion we had lett. Several other dogs of inferior pr portions, eren down to the cross and peevish terrier of the kitche, yelped, with every variety of note,-sharp, quick and piercing the ear. This collection was gathered from the negro families the plantation ; and they were all familiar with the discipline the wild and disorderly game in which they were engaged. distinguished actor in this scene was our old friend Wilful, wh true to all his master's pranks, appeared in the crowd with of cious self-importance, bounding violently above the rest, barki with an unnecessary zeal, and demeaning himself, in all respect like a gentlemanly, conceited, pragmatical and good-nature spanial. This canine rabble surrounded the tree, and, with va efforts, attempted to scale the trunk, or started towards the out circumference, and jumped upwards, with an carnestness whic showe? that their sharp sight had detected their fugitive aloft.

In this scene of clamor and spirited assault Ben and or old groom were the very masters of the storm. They were tol seen every where exhorting, cheering and commanding the howling subordinates, and filling up the din with their own i less persevering and unmeasured screams.
"Speak to him, Casar!" shouted Carey in a prolonged ar hoarse tone-" Speak to him, old fellow !-That's a beauty!"
"Howl, Boson!" roared Ben, to another of the dogs." Whoop! Whoop! let him have it!-sing out!-keep it u Flower!"
"Wilful! you rascal," cried Ned. "Mannerly,-keep quie would you jump out of your skin, old dog? -quiet, until you c: do some good."

A rustling noise was heard in some of the higher branches of he tree, and we became advised that our besieged enemy was etaking himself to the most probable place of safety. The 100 n , in her last quarter, was seen at this moment, just peering hove the screen of forest that skirted the eastern horizon ; and dim ray was beginning to relieve the darkness of the night. his aid came opportunely for our purpose, as it brought the top $f$ the chestnut in distinct relief upon the faintly illuminated sy. The motion of the upper leaves betrayed to Ben the posion of the prey; and, in an instant, he swung himself up to the rst bough, and proceeded urgently upward. "I see the varmint, ere in the crotch of one of the tip.top branches !" he exclaimed b us, as he hurried onward. "Look out below !"

The terrified animal, on finding his pursuer about to invade is place of safety. speedily abandoned it ; and we could distinctly ear him making his way to the remote extremity of the limb. s soon as he had gained this point he became visible to us all, linging like an excrescence that had grown to the slender twigs hich sustained him. Ben followed as near as he durst venture ith his heavy bulk, and began to whip the bough up and down, ith a vehement motion that flung the animal about through the ir, like a ball on the end of a supple rod. Still, however, the ay-laid freebooter kept his hold with a desperate tenacity.

During this operation the dogs, as if engrossed with the conmplation of the success of the experiment, had ceased their in ; and, at intervals only, whined with impatience.
"He can never stand that," said Harrey, as if involuntarily oeaking his thoughts. "Look out! he is falling. No, he has red himself again!"

Instead of coming to the ground, the dexterous animal, hen forced at last to abandon the limb, only dropped to a lower eration, where he caught himself again amongst the foliage, in
a position apparently more secure than the first. The do. sprang forward, as if expecting to receive him on the earth ; an with the motion, uttered one loud and simultaneous cry.-The disappointment was evinced in an eager and impressive silenc The negroes set up a shout of laughter ; and one of them ejac lated, with an uncontrolled merriment,-
"' 'Not going to get possum from top of tree at one jump, know. He come down stairs presently. Terrible varmint $f$ grabbing!-his tail as good as his band,--Oh, oh!"

Ben now called out to know how far he had dropped; a being informed, was immediately busy in the endeavor to rea the quarter indicated.

A repetition of the same stratagem, that had been employ, above, produced the same result; and the badgered outli. descended still lower, making good his lodgment with a gra instinctively unerring, but now rendered more sure by the $f_{\varepsilon}$ that threatened him below. This brought him within fifteen $f \in$ of the jaws of his ruthless enemies.

The frantic howl, screech, and halloo that burst from d! man, and boy, when the object of their pursuit thus became d tinctly visible, and their continued reduplications-breaking up the air with a wild, romantic fury-were echoed through $t$ lonely forest at this unwonted hour, like some diabolical incan tion, or mystic rite of fantastic import, as they have been son times fancied in the world of fiction, to picture the orgies of, grotesque superstition. The whole pack of dogs was concent: ted upon one spot, with heads erect and open mouths, awaiti; the inevitable descent of their victim into the midst of th array.

Ben, indefatigable in his aim, had already arrived at the jution of the main branch of the tree with the trunk; and thes united in the general uproar. Hazard now interposed and cop
manded silence ; and then directed the people to secure the dogs, as his object was to take the game alive. This order was obeyed, but not without difficulty; and, after a short delay, every dog was fast in hand. We took time, at this juncture, to pause. At Ned's suggestion, Wilful was lifted up by one of the negroes, with the assistance of Ben, to the first bough, which being stout lenough to give the dog, practised in such exploits, a foothold, though not the most secure, he was here encouraged, at this perilous elevation, to renew the assault. Wilful crept warily upon his breast, squatting close to the limb, until he reached that point Where it began to arch domnward, and from whence it was no longer possible for him to creep farther. During this endeavor the remained mute, as if devoting all his attention to the safe accomplishment of his purpose ; but as soon as he gained the point hbove mentioned, he recommenced barking with unwearicd earnestness. The opossum began now to prepare himself for his last desperate effort. An active enemy in his rear had cut off his retreat, and his further adrance was impossible, without plunging into the grasp of his assailants. As if unwilling to mect the irrevocable doom, and anxious to make the most of the brief remnant of his minutes,-showing how acceptable is life in its most wretched category,-the devoted quadruped still refused the horrid leap; but, releasing his fore feet, swung downward from the bough, holding fast by his hind legs and tail,the latter being endued with a strong contractile power and ordinarily used in this action. Here be exhibited the first signs of pugnacity; and now snapped and snarled towards the crowd below, showing his long sharp teeth, with a fierceness that contrasted singularly with the cowering timidity of his previous behavior. In one instant more Wilful, as if no longer able to restrain his impatience, or, perhaps, decirous to signalize himself by a feat of bravery, made one spring forward into the midst of
the foliage that hung around his prey, and came to the ground, bringing with him the baffled subject of all this eager pursuit.
-Ned seized Wilful in the same moment that he reached the earth; and thus prevented him from inflicting a wound upon his captive. The opossum, instead of essaying a fruitless effort to escape, lay on the turf, to all appearance, dead. One or two of those who stood around struck him with their feet; but, faithful to the wonderful instinct of his nature, he gave no signs of animation; and when Hazard picked him up by the tail, and held him suspended at arm's length with the dogs baying around him, the counterfeit of death was still preserved.

More with a view to exhibit the peculiarities of the animal than to prolong the sport, Hazard flung him upon the ground and directed us to observe his motions. For a few moments he lay as quiet as if his last work had been done; and then slowly and warily turning his head round, as if to watch his captors; he began to creep, at a snail's pace, in a direction of safety; but, no sooner was pursuit threatened, or a cry raised, than he fell back into the same supine and deceitful resemblance of a lifeless, body.

He was at length taken up by Ben, who causing him to grasp a short stick with the end of his tail, (according to a commor instinct of this animal,) threw him over his shoulders, and pre pared to return homeward.

It was now near three o'clock; and we speedily betook ourselves to the mansion, fatigucd with the exploits of the night.
"After all," said Harvey Riggs, as he lit a candle in the hall preparatory to a retreat to his chamber, "we have had a greal, deal of toil to very little purpose. It is a savage pleasure $t$. torture a little animal with such an array of terrors, merely because he makes his livelihood by hunting. God help us, Ned if we were to be punished for such pranks!"
"To tell the truth," replied Ned, "I have some such misgivings myself to-night, and that's the reason I determined to take our captive alive. To-morrow I shall have him set at liberty again ; and I think it probable he will profit by the lesson he has had, to avoid molesting the poultry-yard !"

## CHAPTER XLII.

## ONE ACTOFAFARCE.

The next morning we fell into a consultation, or rather resolved ourselves into a committe of the whole, on the subject of Ned's affairs; and the result of our deliberation was, that we should forthwith proceed to The Brakes, and there renew our operations as circumstances might favor.

Hazard, it will be remembered, had determined to assume a more sapient bearing in his intercourse with Bel, and to dazzle her with a display of learning and sentiment. "I will come up, Mark," said he, "as near as possible to that model of precision and grace, the ineffable Swansdown,-whom Bel thinks one of the lights of the age."

Ned, accordingly, withdrew to make his toilet; and, in due time, reappeared, decked out in a new suit of clothes, adjusted with a certain air of fashion which he knew very well how to put on. His cravat, especially, was worthy of observation, as it was composed with that elaborate and ingenious skill which, more than the regulation of any other part of the apparel, denotes a familiarity with the usages of the world of dandyism.
"I fancy this will do," said he, eycing his person, and turning himself round so as to invite our inspection. "I think I have seized upon that secret grace which fascinates the imagination of female beholders."

We agreed that nothing could be better.
"I flatter myself," he continued, pleased with the conceit, that I shall amaze her to-day. But remember, you are not to ugh, nor make any remaaks upon my conversation. I mean to onduct this thing with a sort of every day ease."
"You may trust us," said Harvey, " if you are carcful not to rerdo your own play. Don't be too preposterous."

Here ended all that is necessary to be told of the preliminaes to our visit, and we now shift the scene to the moment when ir triumvirate arrived at The Brakes, somewhere about eleven clock.
We found the ladies preparing to take a morning ride. Their rses were at the door, and Ralph was ready to escort them. ur coming was hailed with pleasure ; and we were immediately listed in their service. I thought I could perceive some exession of wonder in Bel's face when her cye fell upon Hazard; hd indeed his appearance could scarcely escape remark from any e intimately acquainted with him. His demeanor corresponded his dress. Instead of the light, careless, cavalier manner in hich he was wont to address the family at The Brakes, there as an unsmiling sobriety in his accost, and a rather awkward arity. Bel imputed this to the coldness she had shown at eir former interview ; and, annoyed by the reflection that she ld unjustly dealt with him, she was now almost as awkward as mself in framing her deportment in such wise as might convey er regret for what had passed, without absolutely expressing it language.
This desire on her part favored our design, and we had therere little difficulty, when we came to mount our horses, to desitch Bel and Hazard in the van of the party. I immediately ok Catharine under my convoy; and Harvey and Ralph brought , the rear.

For the first fifteen minutes our conversation was all commor place ; and Ned frequently looked round with a droll expressio of faint-heartedness. We had chosen a road that wound throug the shade of a thick wood, and our horses' feet fell silently upo the sand. In a short time we arrived at a piece of scenery ( very peculiar features. It was an immense forest of pine, of whic the trees, towering to the height of perhaps a hundred feet $c^{\prime}$ more, grew in thick array, shooting up their long and sturd trunks to nearly their full elevation without a limb,-resemblin huge columns of a slaty hue, and uniting their clustered tops in thick and dark canopy. No other vegetation diversified the vien even the soil below exhibited the naked sand, or was sparse.'. covered with a damp moss, which was seen through the russet va formed by the fallen and withered foliage of the wood. Th forest extended in every direction as far as the cye could pier its depths,-an image of desolate sterility; and the deep ar quiet shade which hung over the landscape cast upon it a mela choly obscurity. Where the road penetrated this mass the tre had been cut away in regular lines, so as to leave, on either sid a perpendicular wall of mathematical precision, made up of va pillars that furnished a resemblance to a lengthened aisle in sor enormous cathedral.

When we entered into this pass, Bel, with her harebrain cavalier, was still in advance ; and the rest of us were riding in, mediately after them in one platoon. Ned was evidently daunte and by no means played off the bold game he had threatence but an opportunity now arrived, and as if taking courage fro the occasion, he launched out in a style that took us by surpris

Bel had remarked to him the uncommon character of $t$ scene, and said that, from its novelty, it had always been a fave ite spot. "This place is familiar to you," she added.-
"I know each lane," said he, quoting from Milton, with emphatic earnestuess-

> "And every alley green, Dingle and bushy dell, in this wild wood."
"And every bosky bourne," said Harvey, from the rear, awling it out, like a school-boy reciting verses-

> "From side to side,
> My daily walks and ancient neighborhood."
—" Hold your profane tongue, Harvey!" said Ned. "It is It fit for such as you to mar the thoughts of the divine bard by tering them in such an irreverent tone."

Bel stared at Ned and then smiled.
"Riggs," continued Hazard, " is the most inveterate jester I er knew. He spreads the contagion of his levity into all societs. For my part, I think there are scenes in nature, as there \& passages in life, which ought to repress merriment in the most tpughtless minds ; and this is one of them. Such a spot as this Hdes a sort of absorbing, superstitious emotion in me that rkes me grave."
"I observe that you are grave," remarked Bel.
"Since I left college," said Ned, "and particularly since my lit return to Swallow Barn, I have devoted a great deal of my the to the study of those sources of poetical thought and associatn which lurk amongst the majestic landseapes of the country."
"Hear that!" whispered Harvey to me.
"I venerate," proceeded Ned, " old usages; popular errors Ire a charm for my inagination, and I do not like to see them 1.lely reformed. 'The superstitious, idleheaded cld,' as the poet cls it, has a volume of delightful lore that I study with rapture. Ad although, I dare say, you have never observed my secret crotion to such pursuits.-"
"No indeed! I never suspected you of it," interrupted Bel.
-" I have taken great pains to preserve the race of sprit and witches from the ruin that threatens them. The poetry this local mythology, Bel, is always rich, and renders the peop who possess it not only more picturesque, but more national, an in many respects, more moral."
"I am delighted to hear you say so," said Bel, innocent]। "for I have precisely the same opinion."
"Indeed!" exclaimed Ned. "I did not know there wi another human being in Virginia who would venture to : knowledge this."
"Nor I neither;" whispered Harvey again; "we shall he more anon."
" This belief," continued Ned, "is, to the ignorant, a tangik religion which takes hold of the vulgar imagination with a sa tary terror; while to cultivated minds it furnishes treasures classical beauty. The ancients"-
"Heaven preserve us!" said Harvey, still in a low voic " now for something in the style of parson Chub."

Ned turned round and smiled. "The ancients, Bel-I Harvey does not believe me-but the ancients stocked sucl place as this with tutelar deities: they had their nymphs of $t$ wood and grove, of the plain, of the hill, the valley, the founta the river, and the ocean. I think they numbered as many as th: thousand. I can hardly tell you their different denomination but.there were Oreads and Dryads and Hamadryads, Napi Nereids, Naiads, and-the devil knows what all!"
"That was a slip," said Harvey, aside; " one more and he a lost man."

Bel opened her eyes with amazement at this volley of lea ing, and not less at the strange expletive with which he conc ded, as if utterly at a loss to understand the meaning of this hibition.
"Our English ancestors," proceeded Ned, " in the most palmy ge of their poetry, had their goblin and elf and ouphe, 'swart airy of the mine,' 'blue meagre hag,' and 'stubborn unlaid ghost,' -to say nothing of witch and devil. Our times, more philoophic, have sadly dispeopled these pleasure-grounds of romance."
"Indeed have they!" cried Bel, who was listening in woncring attention.
"You see it every where," added Ned; "they are gradually riving away even the few harmless wanderers that, for a century ast, inhabited such spots as this; and in a short time we shall ot have the groundwnrk for a single story worth reading."
"Ned calls that sentiment," said Harvey. "It sounds amaingly like a schoolmaster's lecture."

This remark, although intended only for us in the rear, was rerheard by both Ned and Bel; upon which Ned reined up his orse, so as to face us, and burst out a-laughing.
"I'll thank you, Harvey Riggs," said he, "when I am engagd in a confidential discourse, to keep your proper distance. I o not choose to have such an impenetrable, hardened outlaw to Il the fascinations of romance and poetry, within hearing."
"Indeed, upon my word, cousin Harvey!" said Bel, "Mr. Lazard has been contributing very much to my edification"

We had now passed the confines of the pine forest, and were bllowing a road that led by a circuit round to The Brakes, so as b approach the house from the quarter opposite to that by which e had left it. By this track it was not long before we concluded ar ride and found ourselves assembled in the parlor.
"How did I acquit myself?" inquired Ned of Harvey and myalf, when we were left alone.
"You have utterly astonished us both," replied Harvey; "and, hat is better, Bel is quite enchanted. Where did you get all 1at nonsense?"
"'Gad, I once wrote an essay on popular superstitions!" an swered Ned, "and had it all at my finger-ends. So, I thought: would take the chance of the pine forest to give it to Bel."
"It had a very prosy air," said Harvey. "However, you ar on the right track."

During the day Ned made a great many efforts at sentiment, but they generally ended either in unmeaning words or dull dis courses, which came from him with a gravity and an earnestnes that attracted universal remark; and by nightfall, it was admit. ted by the ladies, that Hazard had a good deal of information 0 ) topics to which he was hitherto deemed a total stranger, but tha he had certainly lost some of his vivacity. Catharine said, "sh was sure something unpleasant had occurred to him: his manner were strange;-she should not be surprised if he had some affai of honor on hand,-for, he evidently talked like a man who wani ed to conceal his emotions. It was just the way with gentleme who were going to fight a duel."

Bel was also perplexed. She could not account for it, excer by supposing that he was more deeply wounded by her conduc than he chose to confess. It made her unhappy. In short, Ned substitution of a new character began already to make him dul and to disturb the rest of the company.

When we announced our intention to return to Swallow Bar after tea, old Mr. Tracy interposed to prevent it. He said I had set his heart upon a hand at whist, and that we must remai for his gratification. Our return was accordingly postponed; an when, at ren o'clock, the old gentleman retired to rest, we wes challenged by Harvey to a game at brag. The consequence wa that, all unconscious of the flight of the hours, we were found $i$ our seats when the servants came in the morning and threw ope the shutters, letting in the daylight upon a group of sallow, $\mathrm{b}^{i}$ ious and night-worn faces, that were discovered brooding over
isorderly table, in the light of two candles which were flaring in aie sockets and expending their substance, in overflowing curnts, upon the board.
Alarmed by this disclosure, we broke up the sitting, and were lown by Ralph to our unseasonable beds.


## CHAPTER XLIIII.

THE FATE OF A HERO.

Whether it was that Hazard was anxious to conceal from t family his last night's frolic ; or that his thoughts were engross with the approaching crisis in his affairs; or, perchance, that was nervous from overwatching during the two previous nigh and unable to sleep, he rose early, and met the family at the usual breakfast time. Neither Harvey, Ralph, nor myself, suffi ed under the same difficulties, and, therefore, it was fully to o'clock before we were seen in the parlour.

Ned's mean was truly sad. He had a haggard look, a sti: nated, morbid complexion, and blood-shot cyes. His dress, whi the day before had been adjusted with such an unwonted pre; sion, afforded now an expressive testimony of the delinquent irl gularity of its wearer. Nothing more infallibly indicates the lo nocturnal revel than the disordered plight of the dress the ne morning: a certain rakish air is sure to linger about its decpen folds, and betray the departure from the sober usages of life.

Hazard's manners corresponded with this unhappy exteri A certain lassitude attended his movements, and a pitiful deji tion sat upon his visage. If he had been master of his own : tions, he would never have risked the perilous fortunes of the d in his present shattered condition; but a spell was upon him, a
it seemed as if fate had decreed him to abide the chance. He was moody; and conversed with the ladies with a bearing that implied an abstracted mind and an alarmed conscience. Somebimes, it is true, he raised his spirits to a forced gaiety, but it was manifest, in spite of this, that he was disquieted, pensive, and even nelancholy. What added to the singularity of these phenomena was, that while Catharine and Bel were yet in the parlour, he got ip abruptly, and wandered out upon the lawn, and then took a olitary ramble towards the river, where he was observed, from he windows, walking to and fro, absorbed in contemplation.

None of these symptoms of a perturbed imagination escaped 3el. She was exceedingly puzzled, and revolved in her mind all hat had lately passed, to ascertain the cause. At length,-as it sually happens with women in such eases,-when she found herelf unable to penetrate the mystery, her heart began to attune fself to pity. She grew to be quite distressed. Harvey read the orkings of her thoughts in her face, and took an opportunity to raw her into a private conference.
"My dear Bel, you see how it is," he said, shaking his head 1ournfully. "Poor fellow! I did'nt expect to see it come to ach an extremity as this."
"Cousin! I pray you, what is it?" demanded Bel.-"You larm me."
"Ah!" returned Harvey, turning up his eyes, and laying his and upon his breast-" It cannot be concealed. These are the ary doleful doings of the little Archer. The young gentlcman cruelly transfixed;-he is spitted with the bolt, and is ready to e geared to a smoke-jack, and turned round and round before 1e fire that consumes him like a roasting woodcock."
"Let us have a truce to jesting," said Bel.-" And tell me, [arrey,-for indeed I cannot guess it,-what ails Fidward [azard?"
"You would never believe me," replied Harvey, "althoug I have told you a hundred times, that Ned was a man of dee and secret emotions. Now, you must perceive it ; for the fact : becoming too plain to be mistaken. I consider it a misfortur for any man whe wishes to stand well with a woman, to har been educated in habits of close intimacy with her. She is ce: tain, in that case, to be the last person to do justice to b merits."
"It would be vanity in me, cousin," said Bel, "to persuac myself that Edward Hazard was so much interested in $m$ regard as to grow ill on that account. What have his merits 1 do with any supposed attachment to me?"
"He desires to be thought a liege man to his lady, Bel answered Harvey. "To tell you the truth, Ned's as full romance as you are ; and I have been looking to sce some extr vagance that would defy all calculation: some freak that wou. not fail to convince even you that the man was on the verge madness. And now, here it is ! he has gone through five degre. of love."
"Five degrees! Pray, what are they?"
"The first is the mannerly degree: it is taken at that inte esting epoch when a man first begins to discover that a lady h: an air, a voice, and a person more agreeable than others; 1 grows civil upon this discovery ; and if he has any wit in him is sure to appear. The next is the poetical degree; it was in th stage that we surprised Ned upon the bank of the river, whe, he was singing out your name so musically, for the ontertainmel of Mark Littleton. The third is the quixotic love, and carri a gentleman in pursuit of stray hawks, and sets him to breakis the heads of saucy bullies. The fourth is the sentimental; whe, out comes all his learning, and he fills his mistress's head wi unimaginable conceits. Then comes the horrible: you may kne,
this, Bel, by a yellow cheek, a wild eye, a long beard, an unbrushed coat, and a most woe-begone, lackadaisical style of conversation. This sometimes turns into the furious; and then, I would not answer for the consequences! It strikes me that Ned looks a little savage this morning."
"Cousin, that is all very well said," interrupted Bel. "But, I see none of your degrees in Edward Hazard."
"Why, he has not slept a wink for two nights past," said Harvey?"
"And pray, what prevented him from sleeping?"
"Thinking of you, Bel! You have been buzzing about in his brain, like a bee in his night-cap. And it stands to reason! neither man nor beast can do without sleep. If he were a rhinoceros he must eventually sink under such privations. There he was, the livelong night, stalking about like a spectre on the banks of Acheron!"
"And you, Harvey," added Bel, laughing, "were one of the principal imps that stalked by his side. You are not aware that I have been made acquainted with your vagaries. I happen to know that you were engaged in the refined and elegant amusement of hunting an opossum all night, with a band of negroes."
" Who was so indiscreet as to tell you that!" asked Harvey. "I am sure the story has been marred in the telling; and therefore, I will relate to you the plain truth. Ned was uneasy in mind, and could not close his eyes; so, like the prince in the story-book, he summoned his followers to attend him to the chase in the vain hope that he should find some relief from the thoughts that rankled-"
"Irreclaimable cousin Harvey!"
"Fact, I assure you! Nothing takes off the load from the mind like an opossum hunt."
"And then, last night," resumed Bel, you were up playing cards until daylight. That was to chase away sorrow too, I suppose ?"
"Ned could not sleep last night either," said Harvey. "But Bel, don't say until daylight. We broke up at a very reasonable hour."
"I have heard all about it," answered Bel.
"I admit," returned Harvey, " that appearances are a little against us: but, they are only appearances. If you had seen how Ned played, you would have been satisfied that the game had no charms for him; for he sighed,-swore, and flung away his money like a fool. I suppose he must have lost, at least, a hundred dollars."
"And with it, his good looks and peace of mind besides," added Bell. " Gaming, fighting and drinking! Ah, me!"
" All for love, Bel! all for love! It is the most transmogriphying passion!" exclaimed Harvey. "Things the most opposite in nature come out of it. Now tell me honestly,-have you not seen a change in Ned that surprises you ?"
"Indeed I have," answered Bel.
"What do you impute it to?"
"I am sure I do not know."
"Then, to be done with this levity," said Harvey, "it is what 1 have said. Ned is awkward in his zeal to serve you ; but hel is the truest of men. He gets into all manner of difficulties on your account, and suffers your displeasure like a martyr. He talks of you even in his sleep; and grows tiresome to his friends with the eternal repetition of your praises. It is a theme which, if you do not put an end to it, will grow to be as hacknied as a piece of stale politics. If you could make it consistent, Bel, with your other arrangements, I do really think it your duty to put the youth out of misery : for, he never will be fit company for any rational man until this infection is cured."
"Y You would not have me marry a man I do not love," said Bel , gravely.
"No, indeed, my dear Bel," returned Harvey. "But I have been all along supposing you did love him."
"You know my objections," said Bel.
"I think they were all removed yesterday," answered Harvey.
"If they were, they have come back again to-day."
"That shows," said Harvey, " what a ticklish thing is this love. May the saints shield me from all such disasters as falling in love! "
"Your prayer has been granted before it was asked," returned Bel, smiling.

Here ensued a pause, during which the lady stood for some moments wrapt in thought, with her foot rapidly beating against the floor.
"I do not think," she said at last, "at least, I am not altogether certain, cousin, that I love him well enough to"-
"Faith, Bel, I think you come pretty near to it," whispered Harvey; the longer you ponder over such a doubt, the clearer it will appear.-Drum it out with your foot; that is the true device:-Love is very much a matter of the nerves after all."
"I will tak no more!" cxclaimed Bcl, with a lively motion.

With these words, she retreated into the drawing-room, and sat down to the piano, where she played and sung as if to drown per thoughts.

During all this while, the unconscious subject of this collooquy was pursuing his secret meditations. It is meet that I should tell my reader what was the real cause of the cloud that ;at upon his brow. In truth, he was endeavoring to screw his sourage up to a deed of startling import. It was his fixed re-
solve, when he crept to his bed at the dawn, to bring matters that very day, to some conclusion with his mistress; and this fancy took such complete possession of his faculties, that he found it in vain to attempt ropose. His fortitude began tc waver as the hour of meeting Bel drew nigh, and every moment shook the steadiness of his nerves. He cast a glance at the reflection of his forlorn figure in the glass, and his heart grew . sick within him. As if ashamed of the tremor that invaded hit frame, he swore a round oath to himself-that come what would he would fulfil his purpose. It was in this state of feeling tha he appeared at breakfast. Every instant the enterprise grer. more terrible to his imagination; until it was, at last, arraye before his thoughts as something awful. It is a strange thin that so simple a matter should work such effects ; and strange still, that, notwithstanding the painful sensations it excites, ther should lurk at the bottom of the heart a certain remainder c pleasant emotion, that is sufficient to flavor the whole. Ne experienced this; and inwardly fortified his resolution by fry quent appeals to his manhood. In such a state of suspense i was not to be expected that he should be much at ease in cor versation. On the contrary, he spoke like a frightened mal and accompanied almost every thing he said with a muscula effort at deglutition, which is one of the ordinary physical sym toms of fear.

His walk by the river side was designed to reassemble hi scattered forces ; an undertaking that he found impossible i the face of the enemy. They were a set of militia-spirits the could not be brought to rally on the field of battle. Havin argued himself into a braver temper, he returned from h wanderings and stalked into the drawing-room, with an ill-cour terfeited composure. By a natural instinct, he marched vi behind Bel's chair, and for some moments seemed to be absorbe
with the music. After a brief delay, during which the color liad flown from his cheek, he crossed the room to the window, and, with his hands in his pockets, gazed out upon the landscape. Restless, uncertain and perplexed, he returned again to the chair, and cast a șuspicious and rueful glance around him.

Harvey, observing how matters stood, silently tripped out of the room.

Bcl executed a lively air, and concluded it with a brisk pounding upon the keys; and then sprang up, as if about to retreat.
"Play on," said Ned, with a husky voice; don't think of stopping yet. I delight in these little melodics. You cannot imagine, Bel, how music exhilarates me."
"I didn't know that you were in the room," returned Bel. "What shall I play for you?"
"You can hardly go amiss. Give me one of those lively strains that make the heart dance," said he, with a dolorous accent. "But you have some exquisite ballads too; and I think you throw so much soul into them that they are irresistible. I will have a ballad."

Whilst he was wavering in his choice she struck up a waltz. Ned, during this performance, sauntered to the farther end of the drawing-room; and, having planted himself opposite a picture that hung against the wall, stood minutely surveying it, with his lips, at the same time, gathered up to an inarticulate and thoughtfil whistle. The cessation of the music recalled him to the piano with a start; and he hastened to say to Bel,-that there was something unspeakably pathetic in these simple and natural expressions of sentiment; that it belonged to the ballad to strike more directly upon the heart than any other kind of song; and that, for his part, he never listened to one of those expressive little compositions without an emotion almost amounting to melancholy.

What is he talking about?-thought Bel. She paused is profound astonishment: and then asked him, if he knew what i was she had been playing?
"The tune is familiar to me," stammered Ned. "But, I hav a wretched memory for names."
"You have heard it a thousand times," said she. "It is th" waltz in the Freyschutz."
" Oh, true!" exclaimed Ned. "It is a pensive thing; it ha several touching turns in it. Most waltzes have something of tha in them. Don't you think so ?"
"Most waltzes," replied Bel, laughing, "have a great man:, turns in them : but, as to the pensiveness of the musie, I neve observed that."
"Indeed!" exclaimed Ned, confounded past all hope of relief. "It depends very much upon the frame of mind you are in There are moods-and they come on me sometimes like shadowswhich predispose the heart to extract plaintive thoughts from thi liveliest strains.-If there be one desponding cord in the string of the soul,-that one will begin to vibrate-with a single sym pathetic note-that may be hurricd across it in the rush of thi gayest melody.-I mean,-that there is something in all musit that arouses mournful emotions,-when the mind is predisposer to-melancholy."

As a man who takes his seat in a surgeon-dentist's chair, tu have his teeth filed, having made up his mind to endurs the operation, bears the first application of the tool with composure but, feeling a sense of uneasiness creeping upon him with every new passage of the file across the bone, is hurried on rapidly tc higher degrees of pain with every succeeding jar-until at last it seems to him as if his powers of sufferance could be wound up tc no higher pitch, and he therefore meditates an abrupt leap from the hands of the operator-sodid Ned find himself, as he plunged!
successively from one stage to the other of the above-recited exquisite picce of nonsense.

When he had finished, his face (to use the phrase of a novel writer) 'was bathed in blushes;' and Bel had turned her chair alf round, so as to enable her to catch the expression of his fountenance; for, she began to feel some misgiving as to the ounduess of his intellect.

Of all the ordinary vexations of life it is certainly the most listressing, for a man of sense to catch himself unseasonably alking like a fool, upon any momentous oceasion wherein 10 should especially desire to raise an opinion of his wisdom; wuch as in the case of a member of congress making his first peech, or of an old lawyer before a strange tribunal, or, worse han all, of a trembling lover before a sủperfastidious mistress. The big drops of perspiration gathered on Ned's brow : he felt ike a thief taken in the mainor: he was caught in the degree of rack berinde and bloody hand, known to the Saxon Forest larrs, rith his folly on his back. He could have jumped out of the pindow ; but, as it was, he only ordered a servant to bring him glass of water, and coughed with a short dry cough, and swalowed the cool element at a draught.

As motion conduces to restore the equilibrium of the nerves, Fed now paced up and down the apartment, with stately and heasured strides.
"Courage!" said he, mentally. "I'll not be frightened!" po, he made another convulsive motion of the œesophagus,-such s I have seen a mischievous, truant boy make, when on his trial efore the pedagogue-and marched up directly behind Bel.

All this time she sat silent; and taking the infection of fear :om her lover, began to cower like a terrified partridge.
"Miss Tracy," said Ned, after a long pause, with a feeble, remulous utterance, accompanied by a heary suspiration.
"Sir-"
"Miss Tracy,"-here Ned put his hands upon the back: Bel's chair, and leaned a little over her;-"You,-you-pl. very well,-would you favor me with another song,-if y please?"
"I havn't sung a song for you," replied Bel.
"Then, you can do it, if you would try."
"No. It would be impossible. I am out of voice."
"So am I," returned Ned, with comic perturbation. "It ${ }^{\prime}$ strange that we should both have lost our voices at the very ti, when we wanted them most."
"I am sure I don't see," said Bel, blushing, "any thing traordinary in my not being able to sing."
"Well,-I think it very extraordinary," said Ned, witl " dry laugh and an affected, janty air, as he took a turn into middle of the room,-" that the fountains of speech should : sealed up, when I had something of the greatest importance a the world to communicate to you."
"What is that ?" inquired Bel.
"That I am the most particularly wretched and misera 3 coxcomb in the whole state of Virginia," said he, rising int a more courageous tone.
"Your speech serves to little purpose," muttered Bel, "ift be to utter nothing better than that."
"I am a boy,-a drivelling fool," continued Ned, very lit? like a man who had lost his power of articulation-"I am ves l with myself, and do not deserve to be permitted to appron you."

Bel was covered with confusion ; and an awkward silence n ${ }^{7}$ intervened, during which she employed herself in turning 0 : the leaves of a music-book.
"Do you relent, Bel?" said Ned, in a soft and beseechit;
accent. "Have you thought better of the proposition I made you a year ago? Do you think you could overcome your scruples?"

Bel, somewhat startled by these tender tones, withdrew her 3yes from the music-book, and slowly turned her head round to the direction of the voice. There, to her utter amazement, was ler preposterous lover on one knee, gazing pitifully in her face.

It is necessary that I should stop at this interesting moment, ;o explain this singular phenomenon ; for, doubtless, my reader concludes Ned to be the veriest mountebank of a lover that ever ampered with the beautiful passion.

It is common to all men, and, indeed, to all animals, when iore perplexed with difficulties, to resort for protection to the ftrongest instincts nature has given them. Now, Ned's predomirating instinct was to retreat behind a jest, whenever he found hat circumstances galled him. For some moments past he had been brightening up, so that he had almost gotinto a laugh,hot at all dreaming that such a state of feeling would be unprobitious to his suit; and when he arrived at the identical point of his wooing above described, he was sadly at a loss to know what tep to take next. His instinct came to his aid, and produced he comic result I have recorded. It seemed to strike him with hat deep sense of the ridiculous, that is apt to take possession f a man who seriously makes love; and the incorrigible wight, herefore, reckless of consequences, dropped upon his knee,-oneenth part in jest, and nine-tenths in earnest. It was well nigh plowing him sky high!
"Is this another prank, Mr. Hazard?" said Bel.-" Am I to pe for ever tortured with your untimely mirth? How,-how can fou sport with my feelings in this way!" Here she burst into ears; and, putting her hand across her eyes, the drops were seen rickling through her fingers.

Ned suddenly turned as pale as ashes. "By all that is h nest in man!" he exclaimed-and then ran on with a list of love. like abjurations, vowing and protesting, in the most passiona terms-according to the vulgar phrase, "by all that was black ar blue,"-that he was devoted to his mistress, body and soul. N ver did there rush from an opened flood-gate a more impetuon torrent than now flowed from his heart through the channel his lips. He was hyperbolically oratorical ; and told her, among other things, that she "was the bright luminary that gilded 1 happiest dreams."
"I have not deserved this from you," said Bel, whose emotio, were too violent to permit her to hear one word of this vel ment declaration. "At such a moment as this, you might ha spared me an unnecessary and cruel jest."

She arose from her seat and was about to retire ; but $\mathrm{N}_{1}$ springing upon his feet at the same time, took her by the ha and detained her in the room.
"For heaven's sake, Bel !" he ejaculated, " what have I don Why do you speak of a jest? Never in my life have my feelin been uttered with more painful earnestness !"
"I cannot answer you now," returned Bell, in a tone of afl tion ; "leave me to myself."
"Isabel Tracy !" said Ned, dropping her hand, as he assum a firm and calm voice, "you diseard me now for ever. You fii me back upon the world the most wretehed seapegrace that er hid himself in its crowds."
"I neither promise nor reject," said Bel, beginning to treml at Ned's almost frenzied earnestness. "If I have mistak your temper or your purpose, you have yourself to blame. It not easy to overcome the impressions which a long intercous has left upon my mind. You have seemed to me, heretofo indifferent to the desire to please. You have taught me
ink lightly of myself, by the little value you appeared to place pon my regards. You have jested when you should have been rious, and have been neglectful when I had a right to expect tention. You have offended my prejudices on those points tat I have been accustomed to consider indispensable to the an I should love. You will not wonder, therefore, that I should isconceive your conduct. I must have a better knowledge of bu and of my own feelings, before I can commit myself by a -mise. Pray, permit me to retirc."
This was uttered with a sedate and womanly composure that rbade a reply, and Bel left the room.
Hazard was thrown, by this scene, into a new train of sensaons. For the first time in his life, he was brought to comprend the exact relation he held to his mistress. He had no furer purpose in remaining at The Brakes; and he and I, accordgly, very soon afterwards set out for Swallow Barn.
We discussed fully the events of the morning as we rode ong; and, upon the whole, we considered this important lovefair to have passed through its crisis, and to rest upon auspibus grounds. This conclusion arose upon Ned's mind in a ousand shapes:
-"I have got a mountain off my shoulders," said he; " I a unpacked ; and feel like a man who has safely led a forlorn pe I would fight fifty Waterloos, rather than go through such thing again! Egad! I can sing and laugh once more. Bel's a pman of fine sense, Littleton. She is not to be trifled with. aith, I stand pretty fairly with her, too! It is certainly no resal: 'Faint heart never won fair lady.' A lover to thrive must me up boldly to the charge. But, after all, I was considerably xttered-not to say most unspeakably alarmed."
These, and many more such fragments of a boasting, doubtful d self-gratulating spirit, burst from him in succession; and
were, now and then, accompanied with lively gesticulations ( horseback, which if a stranger could have seen, they would ha persuaded him that the performer was either an unhappy mort: on his way to the madhouse, or a happylover on the way from $h$ mistress.

## CHAPTER XLIV.

## ORATORY.

As some adventurous schoolboy, who, having but lately learned to swim, has gone, upon a fair summer evening, to the river hard by, to disport himself in the cool and limpid wave, so did I first sit down to write this book. And as that same urchin, all diffident of his powers, has never risked himself beyond the reach of some old, stranded hulk, not far from shore; but now, enchanted by the fragrance of the season, by the golden and purple-painted clouds, and by the beauty of the wild-flowers that cluster at the base of the shady headland on the farther side of a narrow cove ; and incited by the jollity of his boyhood, and seduced by the easy, practick eloquence of a heedless, good-nacured playfellow, he has thoughtlessly essayed to reach the pleasint promontory which he has gained in safety; albeit, faint-hearted ind out of breath:-so have I waywardly ventured on the tide pf Ned's courtship; but, having reached such a sheltered head and, do, in imitation of my daunted schoolboy, here break up ny voyage; like him, thinking it safest to get back by trudging ound the pebbly margin of the cove.

In other words, I esteem myself lucky in having followed Ned's love-affair into a convenient resting-place, where I am rilling, at least for the present, to leave it; and shall indeed be
thankful if no future event, during my sojourn at Swallow Barn: shall impose upon me the duty of tracing out the sequel of this tortuous and difficult history. For wisely has it been said, "that the current of true love never did run smooth ;"-to me it seems that its path is like that of the serpent over the rock. And that chronicler shall have reason to count himself sadly tasked, whose. lot it may be to follow the lead of a capricious maiden wheresocver it shall please her fickleness to decoy her charmed and fretfu: lover. Little did I dream, when I came to the Old Dominior and undertook to write down the simple scenes that are acted ir 2 gentleman's hall, I should, in scarce a month gone by, finc myself tangled up in a web of intricate love-plots which shoule so overmatch my slender powers! But I have borne me like: patient and trusty historian, through the labyrinth of my story and now, right gladly, escape to other matters more german to m! hand.

To say nothing, then, of the manner in which Ned Hazary bore his present doubtful fortune, nor what resolves he took it this emergency; nor even dwelling upon his frequently repeate visits to The Brakes, during which, I rejoice to think, nothin especially worthy of note occurred, I pass over some days, in orde that I may introduce a new scene.

Meriwether, one night when we were about to retire to res* suggested to Ned and myself,-and the suggestion was made hal in the tone of a request, implying that he would be pleased if $\mathbb{w}$ adopted it,-that we might have an agreeable jaunt if we woul consent to accompany him, the next morning, in his ride to th Quarter: Now, this Quarter is the name by which is familiarl known that part of the plantation where the prineipal negro popi lation is established.
"You, doubtless, Mr. Littleton," said he, " take some interes in agricultural concerns. The process of our husbanbry,-sloves,
y to be sure,-may, nevertheless, be worthy of your observation. But I can add to your amusement by showing you my blooded olts, which, it is not vanity to affirm, are of the finest breed in Virginia; and when I say that,-it is equivalent to telling you hat there is nothing better in the world."

Here Meriwether paused for a moment, with that thoughtful xpression of countenance which indicates the gathering up of ne's ideas; then changing the tone of his voice to a lower key, e continued,-
"The improvement of the stock of horses,-notwithstanding his matter is undervalued in some portions of our country;-I egard as one of the gravest concerns to which a landed proprictor an devote his attention. The development of the animal perfecions of this noble quadruped, by a judicious system of breeding, equires both the science and the talent of an accomplished nauralist. We gain by it symmetry, strength of muscle, soundness f wind, ease of action, speed, durability, power of sustaining atiguc, and fitness for the multiform uses to which this admirable east is subservient. What, sir, can be more worthy of some ortion of the care af a patriotic citizen? But look, my dear sir, $t$ the relation which the horse holds to man. We have no record 1 history of an age wherein he has not been intimately connected ith the political and social prosperity of the most powerful and ivilized nations. He has always assisted to fight our battles, to ear our burthens, to lighten our fatigues, and to furnish our absistence. He has given us bread by tillage and meat by the hase. He has even lodged in the same homestead with his masr man, frequently under the same roof. He has been accustomed ) receive his food from our hands, and to be caressed by our indness. We nurse him in sickness, and guard him in health. Le has been, from one age to another, the companion of the arrior at home, his trusty friend in travel, and his sure auxiliary
and defence in battle. What more beautiful than the sympath: between them? when the cockles of his master's heart rise up a the sound of distant war, he neighs at the voice of the trumpet and shakes his mane in his eagerness to share the glory of th combat."

Frank had now got to striding backward and forward throug the room; and, at this last flourish, came up to the table, wher he stood erect; then, in that attitude, went on.
"And yet,-however martial his temper,-he will amble gentl under the weight of the daintest dame, and yield obedience to he tender hand and silken rein. I have horses in my stable nor! that, in the field upon a chase, will champ their bits, and boun with an ardor which requires my arm to check; whilst the san animals, at home here, are as passive to Lucretia's command as lady's pony."
"You say so," interrupted my cousin Lucretia, "but, indee Mr. Meriwether, I do not like to ride these blooded horses!"

Meriwether continued, without heeding the interruption:
-" The horse has a family instinct, and knows every memb of the houschold: he recognizes his master's children when the come to his stall, and is pleased to be fondled by them. The see how faithfully he drudges in the field, and wears away his li, in quiet and indispensable services. I venerate the steady sobi ety of the robust, broad-chested, massive-limbed wagon-horse, th toils without repining, through the summer heats and wint snows. I contemplate, with a peculiar interest, the unremittit labor of the stage-horse, as he performs his daily task wi unrelaxed speed, from one year's end to another : and,-you mi smile at it,-but I have a warm side of my heart for the thougl ful and unobtrusive hack that our little negrocs creep along wi to mill. But, above all, where do you find such a picture of 1 tience, considerateness, diserction, long-suffering, amiable ol
dience, (here Frank began to smile,) as in the faithful brute that bears his master,-say a country doctor, for example, or a deputy sheriff, or one of your weather-beaten, old, tippling,-(at each of these epithets the orator laughed) gossipping: night-wander-ing"
"Noctua bundus," said Mr. Chub, who was sitting all the time at one of the windows.-
—"' Right!" replied Meriwether, turning towards the parson and waving his hand,-_" night-wandering politicians? I say, where is there a finer type of resignation, christian resignation, than in the trusty horse that bears such a master, through all seasons, no matter how inclement,-fast, without refusiug, and slow, rithout impatience,-for hours together ; and then stands, per-haps,-as I hare often seen him,-with his rein fastened to a post or to a fonce corner, without food or drink; and, as likely as not, for he is subject to all discomforts,) facing a drifting snow or a pelting hail-storm, for the livelong day; or through the dreary ratches of the night, solitary; silent, unamused, without one note f discontent; without one objurgatory winnow to his neglectful aster? And then, at last, when the time arrives when he is to heasure his homeward way, with what a modest and grateful unertone he expresses his thanks! The contemplation of these horal virtues in the horse, is enough to win the esteem of any 1an for the whole species. Besides, what is a nation without this scellent beast? What machinery or labor-saving inventions of han could ever compensate him for the deprivation of this faithal ally ?"-

I do not know how long Meriwether would have continued is laudatory oration, for he was every moment growing more clouent, both in manner and matter, and, no doubt, would very on have struck out into some episodes that would have carried im along, like a vessel caught up in the trade winds, had not my
cousin Lucretia warned him that it was growing too late for so promising a discourse; which having the effect to bring him to a stop, I availed myself of the opportunity to say, that I should be highly gratified with the proposed ride. So did Ned.
"Then," said he, "remember I ride at sunrise: Lucretia will give us a cup of coffee before we set out. Be up, therefore, at the crowing of the cock!"

## CHAPTER XLY.

## STABLE WISDOM.

Almost with the first appearance of light, Merinether came and knocked at our chamber doors, so earnestly that the whole household must have been roused by the noise. Our horses could be heard pawing the gravel at the front door, impatient of delay. The sun was scarcely above the horizon before we were all mounted and briskly pursuing our road, followed by Carey, who seemed, on the present occasion, to be peculiarly charged with professional importance.

The season was now advanced into the first week of August: a time when, in this low country, the morning air begins to grow sharp, and to require something more than the ordinary summer clothing. The dews had grown heavier ; and the evaporation produced that chilling cold which almost indicated frost. There was, however, no trace of this abroad; but every blade of grass, and every spray was thickly begemmed. with dewdrops. The tall and beautiful mullen, which suggested one of the forms of the stately candelebra-almost the first plant that puts forth in the spring, and amongst the first to wither-was now to be seen marshalled in groups over the fallows, with its crect and half-dried spire hung round with that matchless jewelry, which the magic hand of night seatters over the progeny of carth. . The fantastic
spider-webs hung like fairy tissues over every bush, and decked with their drapery every bank; whilst their filaments, strung with watery beads, and glittering in the level beams of the sun, render ed them no longer snares for the unwary insects for which they were spread. Our road through the woods was occasionally way. laid by an obtrusive pine-branch that, upon the slightest touch shook its load of vapor upon our shoulders, as we stooped beneatt it. The lowing of cows and the bleating of sheep struck upor our ear from distant folds; and all the glad birds of summer were twittering over the woodland and open plain. The rabbit leapec timidly along the sandy road before us, and squatted upon his scat, as if loth to wet his coat amongst the low whortleberry anc wild-indigo that covered the contiguous soil.

Emerging from the forest, a gate introduced us to a broai stubble-field, across whose level surface, at the distance of a mile: we could discern the uprising of several thin lines of smoke, tha formed a light cloud which almost rested on the earth; and, un der this, a cluster of huts was dimly visible. Near these, an ex tensive farm-yard surrounded a capacious barn together with some fodder-houses and stacks of grain, upon which were busily em ployed a number of laborers, who, we could sce, were building ul the pile from a loaded wagon that stood close by.

As we advanced, a range of meadows opened to our view, ani stretched into the dim perspective, until the eye could no longel distinguish their boundary. Over this district, detached herds of horses were obscrvable, whisking their long tails as they graz ed upon the pasture, or curvetting over the spaces that separateci them from each other.
"There!" said Meriwether, kindling up at the sight of this plain, "there is the reward I promised you for your ride. I have nothing better to show you at Swallow Barn. You sce, or yonder meadow, some of the most unquestioned nobility of

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Virginia. Not a hoof stays on that pasture, that is not warmed by as pure blood as belongs to any potentate in the world."

Carey rode up to us, at this speech, to observe, as I suppose, the effeet which his master's communication might have upon me; for he put on a delighted grin, and said somewhat off-ciously-
"I call them my children, master Littleton."
"Truly then, Carey, you have a large family," said I.
"They are almost all on'em, sir," replied Carey, "straight down from old Diomed, that old master Hoomes had fotch out from England, across the water more than twenty years ago. Sir Archy, master Littleton, was a son of Old Diomed, and I can't tell you how many of his colts I've got. But, sir, you may depend upon it, he was a great horse! And thar was Duroc, master! You've hearn on him?-I've got a heap of colts of Duroc's.-Bless your heart! he was another of old Diomed's."
"Carey is a true herald," said Meriwether. "Nearly all that you see have sprung from the Diomed stock. It is upwards of forty years since Diomed won the Derby in England. He was brought to this country in his old age ; and is as famous amongst us, almost, as Christopher Columbus ; for, he may be said to have founded a new empire here. Besides that stock, I have some of the Oscar breed; one of the best of them is the gelding I ride. You may know them, wherever you see them, by their carriage and indomitable spirit."
"I know nothing about it," said I,-"but I have heard a great deal said of the Godolphin Arabian."
"I can show you some of that breed, too," replied Meriwe-ther,--" Wildair, who I believe mas a grandson of the Arabian."
" Old Wildair-mark you, master!" interrupted Carey, very sagely,-" not Col. Symmes' Wildair."
"Old Wildair, I mean:" rejoined Frank.-_" He was imported
into Maryland, and taken back to England before the Revolution :-but I have some of his descendants."
"And thar's Regulus's breed," said Carey. "They tell me he was genuine Arabian too."
"I am not sure, returned Meriwether, "that I have any of that breed.-Carey affects to say that there are some of them here."
"Bless your soul! master Frank," interrupted the old groom, -" didn't I carry the Ace of Diamonds, over here to the Bowling Green, that next summer coming after the war, to-"
"Ride on and open the gate for us," said Frank.-"Set that old negro to talking of pedigrees, and his tongue goes like a mill !"

We now entered upon the meadow, and soon came up with several of the beautiful animals whose ancestry had been the subject of this discussion. They were generally in the wild and unshorn condition of beasts that had never been subjected to the dominion of man. It was apparent that the proprietor of the stock kept them more for their nobleness of blood than for any purpose of service. Some few of the older steeds showed the care of the groom; but even these were far from, being in that sleek state of nurture which we are apt to associate with the idea of beauty in the horse. One, skilled in the points of symmetry; would, doubtless, have found much to challenge his admiration in their forms; but this excellence was, for the most part, lost upon me. Still, however, unpractised as I was, there was, in the movements of these quadrupeds, a charm that I could not fail to recognize. No sooner were we descried upon the field, than the different troops, in the distance, were set in motiou, as if by some signal to which they were accustomed; and they hurried tumultuously to the spot where we stood, exerting their utmost speed, and presenting a wonderfully animated spectacle. The
wift eareer of the horse, upon an open plain, is always an intersting sight; but as we saw it now, exhibited in squadrons, puruing an unrestrained and irregular flight, accompanied with wild and expressive neighs, and enlivened with all the frolicksome intics that belong to high-mettled coursers,-it was a scene of ingularly gay and picturesque beauty. The ludicrous earnest hess, too, with which they crowded upon us !-there was in it the 1atural grace of youth, united with the muscular vigor of matuity. One reared playfully, as he thrust himself into the sompact assembly; another advanced at a long, swinging trot, striking the ground at every step with a robust and echoing stroke, and then, halted suddenly, as if transfigured into a statue. Some kicked at their comrades, and seized them with their teeth in the wantonness of sport: others leaped in quick hounds, and made short circuits, at high speed, around the mass, with heads and tails erect, displaying the flexibility of their bodies in caracols of curious nimbleness. The younger colts impertinently claimed to be familiar with the horses we rode; and were apt to receive, in return, a severe blow for the intrusion. Altogether, it was a scene of boisterous horse-play, well befitting the arrogant nature of such a licentious, high-blooded, far-descended and riotous young nobility.

It may be imagined that this was a sight of engrossing interest to Meriwether. Both he and Carey had dismounted, and were busy in their survey of the group,-all the while descanting upon the numberless perfections of form that occurred to their riew ; and occasionally interlarding their commendations with the technical lore of genealogy, which, so far as I was concerned, might as profitably have been delivered in Greek.

The occasion of this rapid concentration of our cavalry was soon explained. Meriwether was in the habit of administering a weekly ration of salt to these wandering hordes at this spot.
and they, therefore, were wont to betake themselves to the rendezvous, with all the eagerness we had witnessed, whenever any sign was offered them that the customary distribution was to be made. Care was now taken that they should not be disappointed in their reasonable expectations; and Carey was, accordingly, dispatched to the stable for the necessary supplies.

Having gratified our curiosity in this region, we now visited the farm-yard. Within this inclosure, a party of negroes were employed in treading out grain. About a dozen horses were kept at full trot around a circle of some ten or fifteen paces diameter, which was strewed with the wheat in sheaf. These were managed by some five or six little blacks, who rode like monkey caricaturists of the games of the circus, and who mingled with the labors of the place that comic air of deviltry which communicated to the whole employment something of the com. plexion of a pastime. Whilst we remained here, as spectators of this stirring and busy occupation, a dialogue took place, which, as it made some important veterinary disclosures, I will record fos the benefit of all those who take an interest in adding to thr treasures of pharmacy.

One of the horses had received an injury in a fore-leg, a day or two before; and was now confined in the stable unde: the regimen of the overseer. The animal was brought out fo: inspection, and the bandages, which had been bound round thi limb, were removed in our presence. To a question as to thi cause of this injury, Carey replied-
"The mischeevous young devil wa'nt content with the pastel but she must be loping over the fence into the cornficld! I was a marcy she wa'nt foundered outright, on the green corn but she sprained her pasten-joint, any how ;-which she deserve for being so obstropolous."

A consultation was now held upon the ease, at which diver

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of the elder negroes assisted. But, in general, every attempt by any of these to give an opinion was frowned down by the authoritative and self-sufficient Carey, who was somewhat tyrannical in the assertion of his prerogative.

Frank Meriwether ventured to suggest that the injured part should be bathed frequently with ice-water; to which prescription our ancient groom pointedly objected,-saying all the cretur wanted, was to have her leg dressed, every night and morning, with a wash that he could make, of vinegar and dockweed, and balf a dozen other ingredients, which, he affirmed, would produce a cure, " in almost no time."

A conspicuous and, till now, somewhat restive member of the council, was a broad-shouldered, dwarfish old negro, known by the name of uncle Jeff, who had manifested several decided symp. toms of a design to make a speech; and now, in despite of Carey's cross looks, gave his advice in the following terms-
"One of the stonishingst things for a sprain that I knows on, is this -" said he, stepping into the ring and laying the fingers of his right hand upon the palm of his left-"Bless your soul, Mas Frank! I have tried it, often and often, on people, but, in pertickler, upon horses: oil of spike-" he continued, striking his palm, at the enumeration of each ingredient;-"oil of spike, campfire, a little castile soap, and the best of whiskey, all put into a bottle and boiled half away-It's mazing how it will cure a sprain! My old 'oman was sick abed all last winter, with a sprain on her knee; and she tried Doctor Stubbs, and the leech doctor, and all the tother larned folks-but no use, tell she tuck some my intment! She said herself-if you believe me-thar was none on 'em no touch to my intment. It's mazing, Mas Frank! Oh, oh!-"
" Sho!" ejaculated Carey, in a short, surely growl, after hearing this wise morsel of experience to the end, and looking as an-
gry as a vexed bull-dog; "Sho! Jeff, you tell me! Think I never seed a hos with a sprained foot, all the way up to my time of life? Stan off, man! I knows what I am about!"

Meriwether turned to me, with a look of jocular resignation and said, laughing-
" You see how it is! This old magnifico will allow no mar to have an opinion but himself. Rather than disturb the peace I must submit to his authority. Well, Jeffry, my old fellow, as we can't convince Mr. Carey, I suppose we had better not makı him angry. You know what an obstinate, cross-grained, old bul ly, he is? I am afraid he will take us both in hand, if we con tradict him: so I'm for letting him alone."
"Consarn his picture!" said Jeff, in a low tone of voice, ac companied by a laugh, in which all the other negroes joined, a we broke up the consultation and walked away.


## CHAPTER XLVI

## TIIE QUARTER

Having despatched these important matters at the stable, we left our horses in charge of the servants, and walked towards the cabins, which were not more than a few hundred paces distant. These hovels, with their appurtenances, formed an exceedingly picturesque landscape. They were scattered, without order, over the slope of a gentle hill; and many of them were emborered under old and majestic trees. The rudeness of their construction rather enhanced the attractiveness of the seene. Some few were built after the fashion of the better sort of cottages; but age had stamped its heavy traces upon their exterior: the green moss had gathered upon the roofs, and the course weatherboarding had broken, here and there, into chinks. But the more lowly of these structures, and the most numerous, were nothing more than plain log-cabins, compacted pretty much on the model by which boys build partridge-traps; being composed of the trunks of trees, still clothed with their bark, and knit together at the corners with so little regard to neatness that the timbers, being of unequal lengths, jutted beyond each other, sometimes to the length of a foot. Perhaps, none of these latter sort were more than twelve feet square, and not above seven in height. A door swung upon wooden hinges, and a small windorw of tro narrow panes of glass were,
in general, the only openings in the front. The intervals between the logs were filled with clay ; and the roof, which was constructed of smaller timbers, laid lengthwise along it and projecting two or three feet beyond the side or gable walls, heightened, in a very marked degree, the rustic effect. The chimneys communicated even a droll expression to these habitations. They were, oddly enough, built of billets of wood, having a broad foundation of stone, and growing narrower as they rose, cach receding gradually from the house to which it was attached, until it reached the height of the roof. These combustible materials were saved from the access of the fire by a thick coating of mud; and the whole structure, from its tapering form, might be said to bear some resemblance to the spout of a tea kettle; indeed, this domestic implement would furnish no unapt type of the complete cabin.

From this description, which may serve to illustrate a whole species of habitations very common in Virginia, it will be seen, that on the score of accommodation, the inmates of these dwellings were furnished according to a very primitive notion of comfort. Still, however, there were little garden-patches attached to each, where cymblings, cucumbers, swect potatoes, water-melons and cabbages flourished in unrestrained luxuriance. Add to this, that there were abundance of poultry domesticated about the premises, and it may be perceived that, whatever might be the inconveniences of shelter, there was no want of what, in all countries, would be considered a reasonable supply of luxuries.

Nothing more attracted my observation than the swarms of little negroes that basked on the sunny sides of these cabins, and congregated to gaze at us as we surveyed their haunts. They were nearly all in that costume of the golden age which I have heretofore described; and showed their slim shanks and long heels in all varieties of their grotesque natures. Their predominant love of sunshine, and their lazy, listless postures, and ap
parent content to be silently looking abroad, might well afford a comparison to a set of terrapins luxuriating in the genial warmth of summer, on the logs of a mill-pond.

And there, too, were the prolific mothers of this redundant brood,-a number of stout negro-women who thronged the doors of the huts, full of idle curiosity to see us. And, when to these are added a few reverend, wrinkled, decrepit old, men, with faces shortened as if with drawing-strings, noses that secmed to hare run all to nostril, and with fcet of the configuration of a mattock, my reader will have a tolerably correct idea of this negro-quarter, its population, buildings, external appearance, situation aud extent.

Meriwether, I have said before, is a kind and considerate master. It is his custom frequently to visit his slaves, in order to inspect their condition, and, where it may lee necessary, to add to their comforts or relieve their wants. His coming amongst them, therefore, is always hailed with pleasure. He has constituted himself into a high court of appeal, and makes it a rule to give all their petitions a patient hearing, and to do justice in the premises. This, he tells me, he considers as indispensably necessary; -he says, that no overseer is entirely to be trusted: that there are few men who have the temper to administer wholesome laws to any population, however small, without some omissions or irregularities; and that this is more emphatically true of those who administer them entirely at their own will. On the present occasion, in almost every house where Frank entered, there was some boon to be asked; and I observed, that in every case, the petitioner was either gratified or refused in such a tone as left no occasion or disposition to murmur. Most of the women had some bargains to offer, of fowls or eggs or other commoditics of houschold use, and Meriwether generally referred them to his wife, who, I found, relied almost entirely on this resource, for the
supply of such commodities; the negroes being regularly paid for whatever was offered in this way.

One old fellow had a special favour to ask,-a little money to get a new padding for his saddle, which, he said, " galled his cretur's back." Frank, after a few jocular passages with the veteran, gave him what he desired, and sent him off rejoicing.
"That, sir," said Meriwether, "is no less a personage than Jupiter. He is an old bachelor, and has his cabin here on the lill. He is now near seventy; and is a kind of King of the Quarter. He has a horse, which he extorted from me last Christmas ; and I seldom come here without finding myself involved in some new demand, as a consequence of my donation. Now he wants a pair of spurs which, I suppose, I must give him. He is a preposterous coxcomb, and Ned has administered to his vanity by a present of a chapcau de bras-a relic of my military era, which he wears on Sundays with a conceit that has brought upon him as much envy as admiration-the usual condition of greatness."

The air of contentment and good humor and kind family attachment, which was apparent throughout this little community, and the familiar relations existing between them and the proprietor struck me very pleasantly. I came here a stranger, in great degree, to the negro character, knowing but little of the domestic history of these people, their duties, habits or temper, and somewhat disposed, indeed, from prepossessions, to look upon them as severely dealt with, and expecting to have my sympathies excited towards them as objects of commiseration. I have had, therefore, rather a special interest in observing them. The contrast between my preconceptions of their condition and the reality which I have witnessed, has brought me a most agreeable surprise. I will not say that, in a high state of cultivation and of such self-dependence as they might possibly attain in a scparate national existence, they might not become a more respectable people; but I am quite
sure they never could become a happier people than I find them here. Perhaps they are destined, ultimately, to that national existence, in the clime from which they derive their origin-that this is a transition state in which we see them in Virginia. If it be se, no tribe of people have ever passed from barbarism to civilization whose middle stage of progress has been more secure from harm, more genial to their character, or better supplied with mild and beneficent guardianship, adapted to the actual state of their intellectual fecbleness, than the negroes of Swallow Barn. And, from what I can gather, it is pretty much the same on the other estates in this region I hear of an unpleasant exception to this remark now and then; but under such conditions as warrant the opinion that the unfavorable case is not more common than that which may be found in a survey of any other department of society. The oppression of apprentices, of seamen, of soldiers, of subordinates, indeed, in every relation, may furnish clements for a bead-roll of social grierances quite as striking, if they were diligently noted and brought to view.

What the negro is finally capable of, in the way of civilization, I am not philosopher cnough to detcrmine. In the present stage of his existence, he presents himself to my mind as essentially parasitical in his nature. I mean that he is, in his moral constitution, a dependant upon the white race ; dependant for guidance and direction even to the procurement of his most indispensable necessaries. Apart from this protection he has the helplessness of a child,-without foresight, without faculty of contrivance, without thrift of any kind. We hare instances, in the neighborhood of this estate, of individuals of the tribe falling into the most deplorable destitution from the want of that constant supervision which the race scems to require. This helplessness may be the due and natural imprecssion which two centuries of servitude have stamped upon the tribe. But it is not the less a present and in-
surmountable impediment to that most cruel of all projects-the direct, broad emancipation of these people; -an act of legislation in comparison with which the revocation of the edict of Nantes would be entitled to be ranked among political benefactions. Taking instruction from history, all organized slavery is inevitably but a temporary phase of human condition. Interest, necessity and instinet, all work to give progression to the relations of mankind, and finally to elevate each tribe or race to its maximum of refinement and power. We have no reason to suppose that the negro will be an exception to this law.

At, present, I have said, he is parasitical. He grows upward, only as the vine to which nature has supplied the sturdy tree as a support. He is extravagantly imitative. The older negroes here have-with some spice of comic mixture in it-that formal, grave and ostentatious style of manners, which belonged to the gentlemen of former days; they are profuse of bows and compliments, and very aristocratic in their way. The younger ones are equally to be remarked for aping the style of the present time, and especially for such tags of dandyism in dress as come within their reach. Their fondness for music and daneing is a predominant passion. I never meet a negro man-unless he is quite old -that he is not whistling ; and the women sing from morning till night. And as to dancing, the hardest day's work does not restrain their desire to indulge in such pastime. During the harvest, when their toil is pushed to its utmost-the time being one of recognized privileges-they dance almost the whole night. They are great sportsmen, too. They angle and haul the seine, and hunt and tend their traps, with a zest that never grows weary. Their gayety of heart is constitutional and perennial, and when they are together they are as voluble and noisy as so many blackbirds. In short, I think them the most good-natured, careless: light-hearted, and happily-constructed human beings I have eveı
seen. Having but few and simple wants, they seem to me to be provided with every comfort which falls within the ordinary compass of their wishes ; and, I might say, that they find even more enjoyment,-as that word may be applied to express positive pleasures seattered through the course of daily occupation--than any other laboring people I am acquainted with.

I took occasion to express these opinions to Meriwether, and to tell him how much I was strusk by the mild and kindly aspect of this society at the Quarter.

This, as I expected, brought him into a discourse.
"The world," said he, "has begun very seriously to discuss the evils of slavery, and the debate has sometimes, unfortunately, been levelled to the comprchension of our negroes, and pains have cven been taken that it should reach them. I belicve there are but few men who may not be persuaded that they suffer some wrong in the organization of society-for society has many wrongs, both accidental and contrived, in its structure. Extreme poverty is, perhaps, always a wrong done to the individual upon whom it is cast. Society can have no honest excuse for starving a human being. I dare say you can follow out that train of thought and find numerous evils to complain of. Ingenious men, some of them not very honest, have found in these topics themes for agitation and popular appeal in all ages. How likely are they to find, in this question of slavery, a theme for the highest excitement ; and, especially, how casy is it to inflame the passions of these untutored and unreckoning people, our black population, with this subject! For slavery, as an original question, is wholly without justification or defence. It is theoretically and morally wrongand fanatical and one-sided thinkers will call its continuance, even for a day, a wrong, under any modification of it. But, surely, if these people are consigned to our care by the accident, or, what is worse, the premeditated policy which has put them upon our coms-
monwealth, the great duty that is left to us is, to shape our conduct, in reference to them, by a wise and beneficent consideration of the case as it exists, and to administer wholesome laws for their goverument, making their servitude as tolerable to them as we can consistently with our own safcty and their ultimate good. We should not be justified in taking the hazard of internal convulsions to get rid of them; nor have we a right, in the desire to free ourselves, to whelm them in greater evils than their present bondage. A violent removal of them, or a general emancipation, would assuredly produce one or the other of these calamities. I Has any sensible man, who takes a different view of this subject, ever reflected upon the consequences of committing two or three millions of persons, born and bred in a state so completely dependent as that of slavery-so unfurnished, so unintellectual, so utterly helpless, I may say-to all the responsibilities, cares and labors of a state of freedom? Must he not acknowledge, that the utmost we could give them would be but a nominal freedom, in doing which we should be guilty of a cruel desertion of our trust-inevitably leading them to progressive debasement, penury, oppression, and finally to extermination? I would not argue with that man whose bigotry to a sentiment was so blind and so fatal as to insist on this expedient. When the time comes, as I apprehend it will come,-and all the sooner, if it be not delayed by these efforts to arouse something like a vindictive feeling between the disputants on both sides-in which the roots of slavery will begin to lose their hold in our soil ; and when we shall have the means for providing these people a proper asylum, I shall be glad to see the State devote her thoughts to that enterprise, and, if I am alive, will cheerfully and gratefully assist in it. In the mean time, we owe it to justice and humanity to treat these people with the most considerate kindness. As to what are ordinarily imagined to be the evils or sufferings of their condition, I do not be.
lieve in them. The evil is generally felt on the side of the master. Less work is exacted of them than voluntary laborers choose to perform : they have as many privileges as are compatible with the nature of their occupations: they are subsisted, in general, as comfortably-nay, in their estimation of comforts, more comfortably, than the rural population of other countrics. And as to the severities that are alleged to be practised upon them, there is much more malice or invention than truth in the accusation. The slaveholders in this region are, in the main, men of kind and humane tempers-as pliant to the touch of compassion, and as sensible of its duties, as the best men in any community, and as little disposed to inflict injury upon their dependents. Indeed, the owner of slaves is less apt to be harsh in his requisitions of labor than those who toil much themselves. I suspect it is invariably characteristic of those who are in the habit of severely tasking themselves, that they are inclined to regulate their demands upon others by their own standard. Our slaves are punished for misdemeanors, pretty much as disorderly persons are punished in all societies; and I am quite of opinion that our statistics of crime and punishment will compare favorably with those of any other population. But the punishment, on our side, is remarked as the personal act of the master; whilst, elsewhere, it goes free of illnatured comment, because it is set down to the course of justice. We, therefore, suffer a reproach which other polities escape, and the conclusion is made an item of complaint against slavery.
"It has not escaped the attention of our legislation to provide against the ill-treatment of our negro population. I heartily concur in all effective laws to punish cruelty in masters. Public opinion on that subject, however, is even stronger than law, and no man can hold up his head in this community who is chargeable with mal-treatment of his slaves.
"One thing I desire you specially to note: the question
of emancipation is exclusively our own, and every intermed dling with it from abroad will but mar its chance of success We cannot but regard such interference as an unwarrantable ani mischievous design to do us injury, and, therefore, we resen it-sometimes, I am sorry to say, even to the point of involvin! the innocent negro in the rigor which it provokes. We think and, indeed, we know, that we alone are able to deal properly witl. the subject; all others are misled by the feeling which the natu ral sentiment against slavery, in the abstract, excites. They ac under imperfect knowledge and impulsive prejudices which ar totally incompatible with wise action on any subject. We, on th contrary, have every motive to calm and prudent counsel. Ou lives, fortunes, families-our commonwealth itself, are put at th hazard of this resolve. You gentlemen of the North greatly mi apprehend us, if you suppose that we are in love with this slar institution-or that, for the most part, we even deem it profitab. to us. There are amongst us, it is true, some persons who al inclined to be fanatical on this side of the question, and who brir themselves to adopt some bold dogmas tending to these extren views-and it is not out of the course of events that the violence the agitations against us may lead ultimately to a wide adoptic of these dogmas amongst the slaveholding States. It is in t? nature of men to recalcitrate against continual assault, an through the zeal of such opposition, to run into ultraisms whi cannot be defended. But at present, I am sure the Southe: sentiment on this question is temperate and wise, and that , neither regard slavery as a good, nor account it, except in some : vorable conditions, as profitable. The most we can say of it is thi as matters stand, it is the best auxiliary within our reach.
"Without troubling you with further reflcetions upon a $d$ v subject, my conclusion is that the real friends of humani should conspire to allay the fermouts on this question, and, ev
at some cost，to endeavor to encourage the natural contentment of the slave himself，by arguments to reconeile him to a present destiny，which is，in fact，more free from sorrow and want than that of almost any other class of men occupying the same field of labor．＂

Meriwether was about to finish his discourse at this point， when a new vein of thought struck him：
＂It has sometimes occurred to me，＂he continued，＂that we might clevate our slave population，very advantageously to them and to us，by some reforms in our code．I think we are justly liable to reproach，for the neglect or omission of our laws to re－ cognize and regulate marriages，and the relation of family amongst the negroes．We owe it to humanity and to the sacred obliga－ tion of Christian ordinances，to respect and secure the bonds of husband and wife，and parent and child．I am ashamed to ac－ knowledge that I have no answer to make，in the way of justifica－ tion of this neglect．We have no right to put man and wife asunder．The law should declare this，and forbid the separation under any contingency，except of crime．It should be equally peremptory in forbidding the cocreive separation of children from the mother－at least during that period when the one requires the care of the other．A disregard of these attachments has brought more odium upon the conditions of servitude than all the rest of its imputed hardships；and a suitable provision for them would tend greatly to gratify the feelings of benevolent and conscien－ tious slaveholders，whilst it would disarm all considerate and fair－ minded men，of what they deem the strongest objection to the existing relations of master and slave．
＂I have also another reform to propose，＂said Neriwether， smiling．＂It is，to establish by law，an upper or privileged class of slaves－selecting them from the most deserving；above the age of forty－five years．These I would endue with something of a
feudal character. They should be entitled to hold small tracts of land under their masters, rendering for it a certain rent, payable either in personal service or money. They should be elevated into this class through some order of court, founded on certificates of good conduct, and showing the assent of the master. And I think I would create legal jurisdictions, giving the masters or stewards civil and criminal judicial authority. I have some dream of a project of this kind in my head," he continued, "which I have not fully matured as yet. You will think, Mr. Littleton, that ] am a man of schemes, if I go on much longer-but there is some thing in this notion which may be improved to advantage, and ] should like, myself, to begin the experiment. Jupiter, here, shal be my first feudatory-my tenant in socage-my old villain!"
"I suspect," said I, "Jupiter considers that his dignity is no to be enhanced by any enlargement of privilege, as long as he $i$ allowed to walk about in his military hat as King of the Quarter.
"Perhaps not," replied Meriwether, laughing; "then I sha be forced to make my commencement upon Carey."
"Carey," interrupted Hazard, "would think it small prom tion to be allowed to hold lend under you!"
"Faith! I shall be without a feudatory to begin with," sa Meriwether. "But come with me; I have a visit to make to $t$ ] cabin of old Lucy."

## CHAP'TER XLVII.

## A NEGRO MOTHER.

Lucy's cottage was removed from the rest of the cabins, and seemed to sleep in the shade of a wood upon the skirts of which it was situated. In full view from it was a narrow creek, or navigable inlet from the river. which was seen glittering in the sunshine through the screen of cedars and shrubbery that grew upon its banks. A garden occupied the little space in front of the habitation ; and here, with some evidence of a taste for embellishment which I had not seen elserfhere in this negro hamlet, flowers were planted in order along the line of the inclosure, and shot up with a gay luxuriance. A draw-well was placed in the middle of this garden, and some few fruit-trees were clustered about it These improvements had their origin in past years, and owed their present preservation to the thrifty care of the daughter of the aged inhabitant, a spruce, decent and orderly woman, who had been nurtured among the family servants at Swallow Baru, and now resided in the cabin, the sole attendant upon her mother.

When we arrived at this little dwelling, Lucy was alone, her daughter having, a little while before, left her to make a risit to the family mansion. The old woman's form showed the double havoc of age and disease. She was bent forward, and sat near her hearth, with her elbows resting on her knees; and her hands
(in which she grasped a faded and tattered handkerchief) supported her chin. She was smoking a short and dingy pipe ; and, in the weak and childish musing of age, was beating one foot upon the floor with a regular and rapid stroke, such as is common to nurses when lulling a child to sleep. Her gray hairs were covered with a cap; and her attire generally exhibited an attention to cleanliness, which showed the concern of her daughter for her personal comfort.

The lowly furniture of the room corresponded with the appearance of its inmate. It was tidy and convenient, and there were even some manifestations of the ambitious vanity of a female in the fragments of looking-glass, and the small framed prints that lung against the walls. A pensive partner in the quiet comfort of this little apartment, was a large cat, that sat perched upon the sill of the open window, and looked demurely out upon the garden,-as if soberly rebuking the tawdry and gairish bevy of sunflowers that erected their tall, spinster-like figures so near that they almost thrust their heads into the room.

For the first few moments after our arrival, the old woman seemed to be unconscious of our presence. Meriwether spoke to her without receiving an answer ; and, at last, after repeating his salutation two or three times, she raised her feeble eyes towards him, and made only a slight recognition by a bow. Whether it was that his voice became more familiar to her ear, or that her memory was suddenly resuscitated, after her master had addressed some questions to her, she all at once brightened up into a lively conviction of the person of her visitor; and, as a smile played across her features, she exelaimed,-
"God bless the young master! I didn't know him. He has come to see poor old mammy Lucy!"
"And how is the old woman?" asked Meriwether, stooping to speak, almost in her ear.

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"She hasn't got far to go," replied Lucy. "They are a-comIg for her:-they tell me every night that they are a-coming to the her away."
"Who are coming ?" inquired Frank.
"They that told the old woman," she returned, looking up ildly and speaking in a louder voice, "that they buried his ody in the sands of the sea.-"

Saying these words, she began to open out the ragged handcrehief which, until now, she had held in her elenched hand.They brought me this in the night," she continued,-" and then, knew it was true."
In the pause that followed, the old negro remained in prosund silence, during which the tears ran down her checks. fter some minutes she seemed suddenly to check her feelings nd said, with energy,-
"I told them it was a lie: and so it was!-The old woman new better than them all. Master Frank didn't know it, and Iiss Lucretia didn't know it, but mammy Lucy, if she is old, new it well!-Five years last February!-How many jears, oney, do you think a ship may keep going steady on without topping ?-It is a right long time,-isn't it, honey?"

This exhibition of drivelling dotage was attended with many ther incoherent expressions that I have not thought it worth rhile to notice; and I would not have troubled my reader with hese seemingly unmeaning effusions of a mind in the last stages f scnility, if they had not some reference to the circumstances I m about to relate. The scene grew painful to us as we proonged our visit; and therefore, after some kind words to the old roman, we took our departure. As we returned to Swallow 3arn, Frank Meriwether gave me the particulars of old Lucy's athetic history, which I have woven, with as much fidelity as ay memory allows, into the following simple and somewhat melneholy narrative.

DURing the latter years of the war of the revolution my uncle Walter Hazard, as I have before informed my reader, commanded a troop of volunteer cavalry, consisting principally of the yeomanry in the neighborhood of Swallow Barn; and, at the time of the southern invasion by Lord Cornwallis, this little band was brought into active service, and shared, as freely as any other corps of the army, the perils of that desultory warfare which was waged upon the borders of North Carolina and Virginia. The gentlemen of the country, at that time, marshalled their neighbors into companies ; and, seldom acting in line, were encouraged to harass the enemy wherever opportunity offered. The credit as well as the responsibility of these partisan operations fell to the individual leaders who had respectively signalized thernselves by their zeal in the cause.

This kind of irregular army gave great occasion for the display of personal prowess ; and there were many gentlemen whose bold adventures, during the period alluded to, furnished the subject of popular anecdotes of highly attractive interest. Such exploits, of course, were attended with their usual marvels; and there was scarcely any leader of note who could not recount some passages in his adventures, where he was indebted for his safety to the attachment and bravery of his followers,-often to that of his personal servants.

Captain Hazard was a good deal distinguished in this war, and took great pleasure in acknowledging his indebtedness, on one occasion, for his escape from imminent peril, to the address and gallantry of an humble retainer,-a faithful negro, by the name of Luke, -whom he had selected from the number of his slaves to attend him as a body-servant through the adventures of the war.

It furnishes the best answer that can be made to all the exaggerated opinions of the misery of the domestie slavery of this
egion, that, in the stormiest period of the history of the United jtates, and when the whole disposable force of the country was ngrossed in the conduct of a fearful conflict, the slaves of Vircinia were not only passive to the pressure of a yoke which the hilosophy of this age affects to consider as the most intolerable f burthens, but they also, in a multitude of instances, were found n the ranks, by the side of their masters, sharing with them the nost formidable dangers, and manifesting their attachment by eroic gallantry.

After the close of the war Captain Hazard was not unmindful f his trusty servant. Luke had grown into a familiar but repectful intimacy with his master, and occupied a station about is person of the most confidential nature. My uncle scarcely ver rode out without him, and was in the habit of consulting im upon many lesser matters relating to the estate, with a eriousness that showed the value he set upon Luke's judgment. Ie offered Luke his freedom; but the domestic desired no reater liberty than he then enjoyed, and would not entertain the lea of any possible separation from the family. Instead, therere, of an unavailing, formal grant of manumission, my uncle ave Luke a few acres of ground, in the neighborhood of the uarter, and provided him a comfortable cabin. Before the war ad terminated, Luke had married Lucy, a slave who had been ared in the family, as a lady's maid, and, occasionally, as a urse to the children at Swallow Barn. Things went on very noothly with them, for many years. But, at length, Luke axed old, and began to grow rheumatic ; and, by degrees, rered from his customary duties, which were rendered lighter as s infirmities increased. Lucy, from the spry and saucy-eyed aiting-woman, was fast changing into a short, fat and plethoric d dame. Her locks accumulated the frost of each successive inter ; and she, too, fell back upon the reserve of comfort laid
up for their old age by their master,-who Limself, by a like process, had faded away, from the buxom, swashing madcap of the revolutionary day, into a thin, leather-cheeked old campaigner; who sometimes told hugely long stories, and sent for Luke to put his name on the back of them. In short, five and thirty years, had wrought their ordinary miracles ; and first, the veteran Luke disappeared from this mortal stage ; and then his master : and old Lucy was left a hale and querulous widow, with eight or nine children, and her full dower interest in the cabin and its curtilage.

The youngest, but one, of her children was named Abraham -universally called Abe. All before Abe had arrived at manhood, and had been successively dismissed from Lucy s cabin, as they reached the age fit to render them scrviceable, with that satisfied unconcern that belongs to a negro mother who trusts to the kindness of her master. This family was remarkable for its intelligence; and those who had already left the maternal nest had, with perhaps one or two exceptions, been selected for the mechanical employments upon the estate:-they were shoemakers, weavers, or carpenters; and were held in estecm for their industry and good character. Abe, however, was an exception to the general respectability of Luke's descendants. He was, at the period to which my story refers, an athletic and singularly active lad, rapidly approaching to manhood; with a frame not remarkable for size, but well knit, and of uncommonly symmetrical proportions for the race to which he belonged. He had nothing of the flat nose and broad lip of his tribe, -but his face was rather moulded with the prevailing characteristics of the negroes of the West Indies. There was an expression of courage in his eye that answered to the complexion of his mind: he was noted for his spirit, and his occasional bursts of passion, which, even in his boyhood, rendered him an olject of fear to his older


associates. This disposition was coupled with singular shrewdness of intellect, and an aptitude for almost erery species of handieraft. He had been trained to the work of a blacksmith, and was, when he chose to be so, a useful auxiliary at the anvil. But a habit of associating with the most profligate menials belonging to the extensive community of Swallow Barn, and the neighboring estates, had corrupted his character, and, at the time of life which he had now reached, had rendered him offensive to the whole plantation.

Walter Hazard could never bear the idea of disposing of any of his negroes ; and when Meriwether came to the estate, he was even more strongly imbued with the same repugnance. Abo was, therefore, for a long time, permitted to take his own way,--, the attachment of the family for his mother procuring for him an amnesty for many transgressions. Lucy; as is usual in almost all such cases, entertained an affection for this outcast, surpassing that which she felt for all the rest of her offspring. There was never a more exemplary domestie than the mother: nor was she without a painful sense of the failings of her son ; but this only mortified her pride without abating her fondness-a common effect of strong animal impulses, not merely in ignorant minds. Abe had always lived in her cabin, and the instinct of long association predominated over her weak reason ; so that although she was continually tormented with his misdeeds, and did not fail to reprove him even with habitual harshness, still her heart yearned secretly towards him. Time fled by, confirming this motherly attachment, and, in the same degree, hardening $A$ be into the most irreclaimable of culprits. He molested the peace of the neighborhood by continual broils; was frequently detected in acts of depredation upon the adjoining farms; and had once brought himself into extreme jeopardy by joining a band of out-lying negroes, who had secured themselves, for some weeks, in the fast-
nesses of the low-country swamps, from whence they annoyed the vicinity by nocturnal incursions of the most lawless character. Nothing but the interference of Meriwether, at the earnest implorings of Lucy, saved Abe, on this occasion, from public justice. Abe was obliged in consequence to be removed altogether from the estate, and consigned to another sphere of action.

Meriwether revolved this matter with great deliberation; and, at length, determined to put his refractory bondsman in the charge of one of the pilots of the Chesapeake, to whom, it was supposed, he might become a valuable acquisition;-his active, intelligent and intrepid character being well suited to the perilous nature of that service. The arrangements for this purpose were speedily made, and the day of his removal drew nigh.

It was a curious speculation, on the part of the family, and an unpleasant one, to see low Lucy would bear this separation. The negroes, like all other dependants, are marked by an abundant spirit of assentation. They generally agree to whatever is proposed to their minds, by their superiors, with an acquiescence that has the show of conviction. But, it is very hard to convince the mind of a mother, of the justice of the sentence that deprives her of her child,-especially a poor, unlearned, negro mother. Lucy heard all the arguments to justify the necessity of sending Abe abroad; assented to all; bowed her head, as if entirely con-vinced;-and thought it-very hard. She was told that it was the only expedient to save him from prison; she admitted it; but still said-that it was a very cruel thing to sever mother and son. It was a source of unutterable anguish to her, which no kindness on the part of the family could mitigate. Forgetting Abe's growth to manhood, his delinquencies, the torments he had incessantly inflicted upon her peace, and ummindful of the numerous children that, with their descendants, were still around her, she seemed to be engrossed by lier affection for this worthless
seion of her stock;-showing how entirely the unreasoning instincts of the animal sway the human mind, in its uneducated condition. All the considerations that proved Abe's banishment a necessary; and, even for himself, a judicious measure, scemed only to afford additional reinforecments to the unquenchable dotings of the mother.

From the time of the diseovery of the transgression whieh brought down upon $A$ be the sentence that was to remove him from Swallow Barn, until the completion of the preliminary arrangements for his departure, he was left in a state of anxious uncertainty as to his fate. He was afraid to be seen at large, as some risk was hinted to him of seizure by the public authorities; and he, therefore, confined himself, with a sullen and dejected silence, in Lucy's cabin,-scldom venturing beyond the threshold; and, when he did so, it ras with the stealthy and suspicious motion which is observable in that class of animals that pursue their prey by night, when induced to stir abroad in daytime.

It is a trait in the dispositions of the negroes on the old plantations, to cling with more than a freeman's interest to the spot of their nativity. They have a strong attachment to the places connected with their earlier associations,-what in phrenology is called inhabitiveness ;-and the pride of remaining in one family of masters, and of being transmitted to its posterity with all their own generations, is one of the most remarkable features in these negro clans. Being a people of simple combinations and limited faculty for speculative pleasures, they are a contented race,-not much disturbed by the desire of novelty. Abe was not yet informed whether he was to be sold to a distant owner, given over to public punishment, or condemned to some domestic disgrace. Apparently, he did not much care which:-his natural resoluteness had made him dogged.

It was painful, during this period, to see his mother. In all
respects unlike himself, she suffered intensely; and, though hoary with sisty winters, hovered about him, with that busy assiduity which is one of the simplest forms in which anxiety and grief are apt to show themselves. She abandoned her usual employments, and passed almost all her time within her cabin, in a fretful subserviency to his wants ; and, what might seem to be incompatible with this strong emotion of attachment,-though, in fact, it was one of the evidences of its existence,--her tone of addressing him was that of reprimand, seldom substituted by the language of pity or tenderness. I mention this, becarse it illustrates one point of the negro character. She provided for him, as for a sickly child, what little delicacies her affluence afforded; and, with a furtive industry, plied her needle through the livelong night, in making up, from the scanty materials at her command, such articles of dress as might be found or fancied to be useful to him, in the uncertain changes that awaited him. In these preparations there was even scen a curious attention to matters that might serve only to gratify his ranity ; some fantastical and tawdry personal ornaments were to be found amongst the stock of necessarics which her foresight was thus providing.

I hope I shall not be thought tedious in thus minutely remarking the triffes that were observable in the conduct of the old domestic on this oceasion. My purpose is to bring to the view of my reader an exhibition of the natural forms in which the passions are displayed in those lowest and humblest of the departments of human society, and to represent truly a class of people to whom justice has seldom been done, and who possess many points of character well calculated to win them a kind and amiable juder. ment from the world. They are a neglected race, who seem to have been excluded from the pale of human sympathy, from mistaken opinions of their quality, no less than from the unpretending lowliness of their position. To me, they have always
appeared as a people of agreeable peculiarties, and not without much of the picturesque in the development of their habits and feelings.

When it was, at last, announced that $\Lambda$ be was to be disposed of in the manner I have mentioned, the tidings were received by the mother and son rariously, according to their respective tempers. Lucy knew no difference between a separation by a hundred or a thousand miles: she counted none of the probabilities of future intercourse ; and the traditionary belief in the danger of the seas, with their unknomn monsters, and all the frightful stories of maritime disaster, rose upon her imagination with a terrifying presage of ill to her boy. Abe , on the other hand, received the intelligence with the most callous unconcern. He was not of a frame to blench at peril, or fear misfortune ; and his behavior rather indieated resentment at the authority that was exercised over him, than anxiety for the issue. For a time, he mused over this feeling in sullen silence: but, as the expected change of his condition became the subject of constant allusion among his: associates, and as the little community in which le had aiways lived gathered around him, with some signs of musual interest, to talk over the nature of his employments, a great deal reached his ears from the older negroes, that opened upon his mind a train of perceptions highly congenial to the latent properties of his character. His imagination was awakened by the attractions of this field of adventure ; by the free roving of the sailor ; and by the tumultuous and spirit-stirring roar of the occan, as they were pictured to him in story. His person grew erect, his limbs cxpanded to their natural motion, and he once more walked with the light step and buoyant feclings of his young and wayward nature.

The time of departure arrived. A sloop that had been lying at anchor in the creek, opposite to Lucy's cabin, was just prepar-
ing to sail. The mam-sail was slowly openng its folds, as it rose along the mast: a boat with two negroes had put off for the beach, and the boatmen landed with a summons to Abe, informing him that he was all they now staid for. Abe was seated on his chest in front of the dwelling; and Lucy sat on a stool beside him, with both of his hands clasped in hers. Not a word passed between them ; and the heavings of the old woman's bosom might have been heard by the standers-by. A bevy of negroes stood around them : the young ones, in ignorant and wondering silence ; and the elders conversing with each other in smothered tones, with an occasional cheering word addressed to mammy Lucy-as they called her. Old uncle Jeff was conspicuous in this scene. He stood in the group, with his corncob pipe, puffing the smoke from his bolster-lips, with lugubriously lengthened visage.

The two boatmen pressed into the crowd to speak to Lucy, but were arrested by the solemn Jeff, who, thrusting out his broad, horny hand, and planting it upon the breast of the foremost, whispered, in a half audible voice,-" The old woman's taking on !-wait a bit-she'll speak presently !"

With these words, the whole company fell into silence and continued to gaze at the mother. Abe looked up, from the place wncre ne sat, through his eyelashes, at the little circle, with an awkwardly counterfeited smile playing through the tears that filled his eyes.
"It a'most goes to kill her," whispered one of the woren to ner neighbor.
"I've seen women," said Jeff, "this here way, afore in my time: they can bear a monstrous sight. But, when they can once speak, then it's done,-you see."

Lucy was now approached by two or three of the old women; who began to urge some feeble topies of consolation in her ear; in that simple phrase which nature supplies, and which had more of
encouragement in its tones than in the words: but the only response extracted was a mute shake of the head, and a sorrowful uplifting of the eyc, accompanied by a closer grasp of the hands of Abe.
"It's no use," said Jeff, as he poured a volume of smoke from his mouth, and spoke in a deep roice, in the dialect of his people, "it's no use till nature takes its own way. When the tide over yonder (pointing to the river) comes up, speeches arn't going to send it back: when an old woman's heart is full it's just like the tide."
"The wind is taking hold of the sail," said one of the boatmen, who until now had not interfered in the scene, "and the captain has no time to stay."

Lucy looked up and directed her eye to the sloop, whose canvas was alternately filling and shaking in the wind, as the boat vacillated in her position. The last moment had come. The mother arose from her seat, at the same instant with her son, and flung herself upon his neck, where she wept aloud.
"Didn't I tell you so !" whispered Jeff to some old crones ; " when it can get out of the bosom by the eyes, it carries a monstrous load with it."
"To be sure!" exclaimed the beldams, which is a form of interjection amongst the negroes, to express both assent and wonder.

This burst of feeling had its expected effect upon Lucy. She seemed to be suddenly relieved, and was able to address a few short words of parting to Abe: then taking from the plaits of her bosom, a small leather purse containing a scant stock of sil-ver,-the hoard of past years-she put it into the unresisting hand of Abe. The boy looked at the faded bag for a moment, and gathering up something like a smile upon his face, he foreed the money back upon his mother, himself replacing it in the bosom
of her dress. "You don't think I an going to take your money with me!" said he, "I never cared about the best silver my master ever had: no, nor for freedom neither. I thought I was always going to stay here on the plantation. I would rather have the handkerchief you wear around your neck, than all the silver you ever owned."

Lucy took the handkerchief from her shoulders, and put it in his hand. Abe drew it into a loose knot about his throat, then turned briskly round, shook hands with the by-standers, and, shouldering his chest, moved with the boatmen, at a rapid pace, towards the beach.

In a few moments afterwards, he was seen standing up in the boat, as it shot out from beneath the bank, and waving his hand to the dusky group he had just left. He then took his seat, and was watched by his melancholy tribe until the sloop, falling away before the wind, disappeared behind the remotest promontory.

Lucy, with a heavy heart, retired within her cabin, and threw herself upon a bed; and the comforting gossips who had collected before the door, after lingering about her for a little while, gradually withdrew, leaving her to the assiduities of her children.

Some years elapsed; during which interval frequent reports had reached Swallow Barn, relating to the conduct and condition of Abe; and he himself had, once or twice, revisited the family. Great changes had been wrought upon him; he had grown into a sturdy manhood, invigorated by the hardy discipline of his calling. The fearless qualities of his mind, no less than the activity and strength of his body, lad been greatly developed to the advantage of his character ; and, what does not unfrequently happen, the peculiar adaptation of his new pursuits to the temper and cast of his constitution, had operated favorably upon his morals. His errant propensities had been gratified; and the
alternations between the idleness of the calm and the strenuous and exciting bustle of the storm, were pleasing to his unsteady and fitful nature. He had found, in other labits, a vent for inclinations which, when constrained by his former monotonous a yoeations, liad so often broken out into mischicrous adventures. In short, Abe was looked upon by his employers as a valuable seaman ; and the report of this estimation of him had worked wonders in his favor at Swallow Barn.

From the period of his departure up to this time, poor old Lucy nursed the same extravagant feelings towards him; and these were even kiudled into a warmer flame by his increasing good repute. Her passion, it may be called, was a subject of constant notice in the family. It would have been deemed remarkable in an individual of the most delicate nurture; but in the aged and faithful domestic, it was a subject of comniseration on account of its influence upon her happiness, and had almost induced Meriwether to recall Abe to his former occupation; although he was sensible that, by doing so, he might expose him to the risk of relapsing into his earlier errors. But, besides this, Abe had become so well content with his present station that it was extremely likely he would, of his orn accord, have sought to return to it. The vagrant, sunshiny, and billowy life of a sailor has a spell in it that works marvellously upon the heedless and irresponsible temperament of a negro. Abe was, therefore, still permitted, like a buoy, to dance upon the waves, and to woo his various destiny between the lowest trough of the sea, and the highest white-cap of the billow.

At the time to which my story has now advanced, an event took place that excited great interest within the little cirele of Swallow Barn. It was about the breaking up of the wintertowarels the latter end of February-some four years ago, that in the afternoon of a cheerless day, news arrived at Norfolk that
an inward-bound brig had struck upon the shoal of the middle ground, (a shallow bar that stretches seaward beyond the mouth of the Chesapeake, between the two capes,) and, from the threatening aspect of the weather, the crew were supposed to be in great danger. It was a cold, blustering day, such as winter sometimes puts on when he is about to retreat:-as a squadron, vexed with watching a politic enemy, finding itself obliged, at last, to raise the blockade, is apt to break ground with an unusual show of bravado. The wind blew in gusts from the northwest ; a heary rack of dun and chilly clouds was driven churlishly before the blast, and spitted out some rare flakes of snow. These moving masses were forming a huge, black volume upon the eastern horizon, towards the ocean, as if there encountering the resistance of an adverse gale. From the west the sun occasionally shot forth a lurid ray, that, for the instant, flung upon this dark pile a sombre, purple hue, and lighted up the foam that gathered at the top of the waves, far seaward; thus opening short glimpses of that dreary ocean over which darkness was brooding. The sea-birds soared against the murky vault above them; and, now and then, caught upon their white wings the passing beam, that gave them almost a golden radiance; whilst, at the same time, they screamed their harsh and frequent cries of fear or joy. The surface of the Chesapeake was lashed up into a fretful sea, and the waves were repressed by the weight of the wind; billow pursuing billow with an angry and rapid flight, and barking, with the snappish sullenness of the wolf. Across the wide expanse of Hampton Road might have been seen some few bay-craft, apparently not much larger than the wild-fowl that sailed above them, beating, with a fearful anxiety, against the gale, for such harbors as were nearest at hand; or scudding before it under close-recfed sails, with ungovernable speed, towards the anchorages to leeward. Every moment the wind increased in violence; the clouds
swept nearer to the waters; the gloom thickened; the birds sought safety on the land; the little barks were quickly vanishing from view : and, before the hour of sunset, earth, air. and sea were blended into one mass, in which the eye might vainly cudeavor to define the boundaries of each: whilst the fierce howling of the wind, and the deafening uproar of the ocean gave a desolation to the scenc. that made those, who looked upon it from the shore, deroutly thankful that no ill luck had tempted them upon the flood.

It was at this time that a pilot-boat was seen moored to a nost at the end of a wooden wharf that formed the principal landing-place at the little seaport of Hampton. The waves were dashing. with hollow reverberations, between the timbers of the wharf, and the boat was rocking with a riolence that showed the extreme agitation of the element upon which it floated. Three or four sailors-all negroes-clad in rough pea-jackets, with blue and red woollen caps. were standing upon the wharf or upon the deck of the boat, apparently making some arrangements for venturing out of the harbor. The principal personage among them, whose commands were given with a bold and earnest roice. and promptly obeyed. was our stout friend Abe, now grown into the full perfection of manhood. with a frame of uusurpassed strength and agility. At the nearer extremity of this wharf, landmard. were a few other mariners, white men, of a weather-beaten exterior, who had seemingly just walked from the village to the landingplace. and were engaged in a grare consultation upon some question of interest. This group approached the former while they were jet busy with the tackling of the boat. Ahe had stepped aboard with his companions, and they were about letting all loose for their departure.
"What do you think of it now, Abe?" asked one of the older seamen, as he turned his eyes towards the heavens, with a look of
concern. .. Are you still so crazy as to think of venturing out in this gale?"
"The storm is like a young wort," replied Abe. " It gets one hour older and two worse. But this isn't the hardest blow I ever saw, Master Crocket."
" It will be so dark to-night," said the other, "that you will siot be able to see your jib; and, by the time the wind gets round to the northeast. you will have a drift of snow that will shut

your eyes. It will be a dreadful night outside of the capes; I see no good that is to come of your foolhardiness"
"Snow-storm or hail-storm, it's all one to me," answered Abe. .: The little Flying Fish has ridden, summer and winter, over as heavy seas as ever rolled in the Chesapeake. I knows what she can do, you see!"
"Why, you couldn't find the brig if you were within a cable's length of her, such a night as this," said another speaker; "and
if you were to see her I don't know how you are to get alongside."
" You wouldn't say so, master Wilson," returned Abe, " if you were one of the crew of the brig yourself. We can try, you know; and if no good eomes on it, let them that scunt, me judge "f that. I always obeys orders!"
" Well," replied the other, " a negro that is born to be hanged -you know the rest, Abe :-the devil may help you, as he sometimes does."
"There is as good help for a negro as there is for a white man, master Wilson-whether on land or water. And no man is going to die till his time comes. I don't set up for more spirit than other people ; but I never was afeard of the sea."

During this short dialogue, Abe and his comrades were busily reefing the sail, and they had now completed all their preparations. The day had come very near to the hour of sunset. Abe mustered his crew, spoke to them with a brave, encouraging tone, and ordered them to cast off from the wharf. In a moment. all hands were at the halyards ; and the buoyant little Flying Fish sprang from her mooring, under a single sail double-recfed. and bounded along before the wind, like an exulting doe, loosened from thraldom, on her native wastes.
"That's a daring fellow!" said one of the party that stood upon the wharf. as they watched the gallant boat heaving playfully through the foum-:" and wouldn't mind going to sea astride a shark, if any one would challenge him to it."
"If any man along the Chesapeake." said the other, ": can handle a pilot-boat such weather-Abe can. But it's no use for a man to be tempting Providence in this way. It looks wicked!"
$\therefore$ He is on a good errand." interrupted the first speaker. "And God send him a successtul venture! That negro has a great deal of good and bad both in him-but the good has the upper hand."

The Flying Fish was soon far from the speakers, and now showed her little sail, as she bent it down almost to kiss the water, a spotless vision upon the dark and lowering horizon in the east. At length she was observed close hauled upon the wind. and rapidly skimming behind the headlands of Old Point Comfort; whence, after some interval, she again emerged, lessened to the size of a water-fowl by distance, and holding her course, with a steady and resolute speed, into the palpable obscure of the perspective.

When the last trace of this winged messenger of comfort was lost in the terrific desert of ocean, with its incumbent night, the watchful and anxious spectators on the wharf turned about and directed their steps, with thoughtful forebodings, to the prablic house at some distance in the village.

From what I have related, the reader will be at no loss to understand the purpose of this perilours adventure. The fact was, that as soon as the intelligence reached Norfolk that the brig had got into the dangerous situation which I have described, some of the good people of that borough took measures to communicate with the crew, and to furnish them such means of relief as the suddenness of the emergency enabled them to command. The most obvious suggestion was adopted of dispatching. forthwith, a small vessel to bring away those on board, if it should be ascertained that there was no hope of saving the brig itself. This scheme, however, was not so easy of accomplishment as it, at first, seemed. Application was made to the most experienced mariners in port to undertake this voyage; but, they either eraded the duty, by suggesting doubts of its utility, or cast their eyes towards the heavens and significantly shook their heads, as they affirmed there would be more certainty of loss to the deliverers than to the people of the stranded vessel. The rising tempest and the unruly season boded disaster to whomsoever should be so rash as
to encounter the hazard. Rewards were offered; but these, too, failed of effect, and the good intentions of the citizens of Norfolk were well nigh disappointed, when chance brought the subject to the knowledge of our old acquaintance Abe. This stout-hearted black happened to be in the borough at the time; and was one of a knot of seamen who were discussing the proposition of the chanes of affording relief. He heard, attentively, all that was said in disparagement of the projected enterprise; and it was with some emotion of secret pleasure that he learned that several seamen of established reputation had declined to undertake the venture. The predominant pride of his nature was aroused ; and he hastened to say, that whatever terrors this voyage had for others, it had none for him. In order, therefore, that he might vouch the sincerity of his assertion by acts, he went immediately to those who had interested themselves in concerting the measure of relief, and tendered his services for the proposed exploit. As may be supposed, they were eagerly accepted. Abe's conditions were, that he should have the choice of his boat, and the selection of his crew. These terms were readily granted; and he set off, with a busy alacrity, to make his preparations. The Flying Fish was the pilot-boat in which Abe had often sailed, and was considered one of the best of her class in the Chesapeake. This little bark was, accordingly, demanded for the service, and as promptly put at Abe's command. She was, at that time, lying at the pier at Hampton, as I have already described her. The crew, from some such motive of pride as first induced Abe to volunteer in this cause, was selected entirely from the number of negro seamen then in Norfolk. They amounted to four or five of the most daring and robust of Abe's associates, who, lured by the hope of reward, as well as impelled by that spirit of rivalry that belongs to even the lowest classes of human beings, and which is particularly excitable in the breasts of men who are trained to dangerous achicve-
ments, readily enlisted in the expedition, and placed themselves under the orders of their gallant and renturous captain.

This tender of service and its acceptance, produced an almost universal reprobation of its rashness, from the sea-faring men of the port. And while all acknowledged that the enterprise could not have been committed to a more able or skilful mariner than Abe, yet it was declared to be the endeavor of a fool-hardy madman who was rushing on his fate. The expression of such distrust only operated as an additional stimulant to Abe's resolution, and served to hurry him, the more urgently forward, to the execution of his purpose. He, therefore, with such dispatch as the nature of his preparations allowed, mustered his intrepid crew in the harbor of Norfolk, and repaired with them to the opposite shore of the James River, to the little sea-port, where my reader has already seen him embarking upon his brave voyage, amidst the disheartening auguries of wise and disciplined veterans of the sea.

I might stop to compare this act of an humble and unknown negro, upon the Chesapeake, with the many similar passages in the lives of heroes whose names have been preserved fresh in the verdure of history, and who have won their immortality upon less noble feats than this; but History is a step-mother, and gives the bauble fame to her own children, with such favoritism as she lists, overlooking many a goodly portion of the family of her husband Time. Still, it was a gallant thing, and worthy of a better chronicler than I, to see this leader and his little band-the children of a despised stock-swayed by a noble emulation to relieve the distressed; and (what the fashion of the world will deem a higher glory) impelled by that love of daring whieh the romaneers call chivalry-throwing themselves upon the unruly waves of winter, and flying, on the wing of the storm, into the profound, dark abyss of ocean, when all his terrors were gathering in their
most hideous forms ; when the spirit of ill shrieked in the blast, and thick night, dreary with unusual horrors, was falling close around them; when old mariners grew pale with the thought of the danger, and the wisest comselled the adventurers against the certain doom that hung upon their path:-I say, it was a gallant sight to see such heroism shining out in an humble slave of the Old Dominion!

They say the night that followed was a night of the wildest horrors. Not a star twinkled in the black heavens: the winds rushed forth, like some pent-up flood suddenly overbearing its barriers, and swept through the air with palpable density: men, whe chanced to wander at that time, found it difficult to keep their footing on the land: the steeples of Norfolk groaned with the unwonted pressure; chimneys were blown from their seats; houses were unroofed, and the howling elements terrified those who were gathered around their own hearths, and made them silent with fear: the pious fell upon their knees: nurses could not hush their children to sleep: bold-hearted revellers were dismayed, and broke up their meetings: the crash of trees, fences, outbuildings mingled with the ravings of the tempest: the icicles were swept from the eaves, and from every penthouse, till they fell in the streets like hail: ships were stranded at the wharves, or were lifted, by an unnatural tide, into the streets: the ocean roared with more terrific bass than the mighty wind, and threw its spray into the near heaven, with which it seemed in contact: and, as anxious seamen looked out at interrals during the night, towards the Atlantic, the light-house, that usually shot its ray over the deep, was invisible to their gaze, or seemed only by glimpses, like a little star immeasurably remote, wading through foam and darkness.

What became of our argonauts?-The next morning told the talc. One seaman alone of the brig survised to relate the fate of
his companions. In the darkest hour of the night their vessel went to pieces, and every soul on board perished, except this man. He had bound himself to a spar, and, by that miraculous fortune which the frequent history of shipwreck recounts, he was thrown upon the beach near Cape Henry. Bruised, chafed, and almost dead, he was discovered in the morning and carried to a neighboring house, where care and nursing restored him to his strength. All that this mariner could tell was, that early in the night,perhaps about eight o'clock,-and before the storm had risen to its height,(although, at that hour, it raged with fearful vehemence,) a light was seen gliding, with the swiftness of a meteor, past the wreck; a hailing cry was heard as from a trumpet, but the wind smothered its tones and rendered them inarticulate; and, in the next moment, the spectre of a sail (for no one of the sufferers believed it real) flitted by them, as with a rush of wings, so close that some affirmed they could have touched it with their hands: that, about an hour afterwards, the same hideous phantom, with the same awful salutation, was seen and heard by many on board, a second time: that the crew, terrified by this warning, made all preparations to meet their fate ; and when at last, in the highest exasperation of the storm, the same apparition made its third visit, the timbers of the brig parted at crery joint, and all, except the relator himself, were supposed to have been ingulfod in the wave, and given to instant death.

Such, was the sum of this man's story. What was subsequently known, proved its most horrible conjecture to be fatally true.

Various speculation was indulged, during the first week after this disaster, as to the destiny of Abe and his companions. No tidings having arrived, some affirmed that nothing more would ever be heard of them. Others said that they might have luffed up close in the wind and ridden out the night, as the Flying Fish was stanch and true: others, again, held that there was even a
chanee, that they had scudded before the gale, and, having good sea-room, had escaped into the middle of the Atlautic. No vessels appeared upon the coast for several days, and the hope of receiving news of $A$ be, was not abandoned.

The next week came and went. There were arrivals, but no word of the Flying Fish. Anxiety began to give way to the conviction that all were lost. But, when the third week passed over, and commerce grew frequent, as the spring adranced, all doubts were abandoned, and the loss of the Flying Fish and her crew, ceased any longer to furnish topics of discussion.

My reader must now get back to Swallow Barn. The story of Abe's adventure had reached the plantation, greatly exaggerated in all the details; none of which were concealed from Lucy. On the contrary, the monder-loving women of the Quarter daily reported to her additional particulars, filled with extravagant marrels, in which, so far from manifesting a desire to soothe the feelings of the mother and reconcile her to the doom of Abe, all manner of appalling circumstances were added, as if for the pleasure of giving a higher gust to the tale.

It may appear unaccountable, but it was the fact, that Lucy, instead of giving herself up to such grief as might have been expected from her attachment to her son, received the intelligence even with composure. She shed no tears, and scarcely deserted her customary occupations. She was remarked only to have become more solitary in her habits, and to evince an urgent and eager solicitude to hear whatever came from Norfolk, or from the Chesapeake. Scarcely a stranger visited Swallow Barn, for some months after the event I have recounted, that the old woman did not take an occasion to hold some conversation with him ; in which all her inquiries tended to the tidings which might have existed of the missing seamen.

As time rolled on, Lucy's anxiety seemed rather to increase;
and it wrought severely upon her health. She was observed to be falling fast into the weakness and decrepitude of age : her temper grew fretful, and her pursuits still more lonesome. Frequently, she shut herself up in her cabin for a week or a fortnight, during which periods she refused to be seen by any one. And now, tears began to visit her withered cheeks. Meriwether made frequent efforts to reason her out of this painful melancholy; her reply to all his arguments was uniformly the same;-it was simple and affecting-"I cannot give him up, master Frank !"

In this way a year elapsed; but, with its passage, came no confirmation to Lucy's mind of the fate of her son; and so far was time from bringing an assuagement of her grief, that it only cast a more permanent dejection over her mind. She spoke continually upon the subject of Abe's return, whenever she conversed with any one; and her fancy was filled with notions of preternatural warnings, which she had received in dreams, and in her solitary communings with herself. The females of the family at Swallow Barn exercised the most tender assiduities towards the old servant, and directed all their persuasions to impress upon her the positive certainty of the loss of Abe; they endeavored to lift up her perception to the consolations of religion,--but the insuperable difficulty which they found in the way of all attempts to comfort her, was the impossibility of convincing her that the case was, even yet, hopeless. That dreadful suspense of the mind, when it trembles in the balance between a mother's instinctive love for her offspring, on the one side, and the thought of its perdition on the other, was more than the philosophy or resignation of an ignorant old negro woman could overcome. It was to her the sickness of the heart that belongs to hope deferred,-and the more poignant, because the subject of it was incapable of even that moderate and common share of reason that would have intelligently weighed the facts of the case.

Months were now added to the year of unavailing regrets that had been spent. No one ever heard Lucy say wherefore, but all knew that she still reckoned Abe's return amongst expected events. It was now, in the rain thought that the old woman's mind would yield to the certainty implied by the lapse of time and the absence of tidings, that my cousin Lucretia prepared a suit of mourning for her, and sent it, with an exhortation that she would wear it in commemoration of the death of her son. Meriwether laid some stress upon this device ; for, he said, grief was a selfish emotion, and had some strange alliance with vanity.-It was a metaphysical conceit of his, which was founded in deep observation; and he looked to see it illustrated in the effect of the mourning present upon Lucy. She took the dress-it was of some fine bombazet,-gazed at it, with a curious and melancholy eye, and then shook her head and said,-it was a mistake:-" I will never put on that dress," she observed, " because it would be bad luck to Abe. What would Abe say if he was to catch mammy Lucy wearing black clothes for him?"

They left the dress with her, and she was seen to put it carefully array. Some say that she mas observed in her cabin, one morning soon after this, through the window, dressed out in this suit; but she was never known to wear it at any other time. About this period, she began to give manifest indications of a decay of reason. This was first exhibited in unusual wanderings, by night, into the neighboring wood; and then, by a growing habit of speaking and singing to herself. With the loss of her mind her frame still wasted away, and she gradually began to lose her erect position.

Amongst the eccentric and painful developments of her increasing aberration of mind, was one which presented the predominating illusion that beset her in an unusually vivid point of view.

One dark and blustering night of winter, the third anniversary of that on which Abe liad sailed upon his desperate voyage,-for Lucy had noted the date, although others hud not,-near midnight, the inhabitants of the Quarter were roused from their respective cabins by loud knockings in succession at their doors; and when each was opened, there stood the decrepit figure of old Lucy, who was thus making a circuit to invite her neighbors, as she said, to her house.
"He has come back!" said Lucy to each one, as they loosed their bolts; "he has come back! I always told you he would come back upon this very night! Come and sce him! Come and see him! Abe is waiting to see his friends to-night."

Either awed by the superstitious feeling that a maniac inspires in the breasts of the ignorant, or incited by curiosity, most of the old negroes followed Lucy to her cabin. As they approached it, the windows gleamed with a broad light, and it was with some strange sensations of terror that they assembled at her threshold: where she stood upon the step, with her hand upon the latch. Before she opened the door to admit her wondering guests, shc applied her mouth to the keyhole, and said in an audible whisper, "Abe, the people are all ready to see you, honey! Don'i be frightened,--there's nobody will do you harm!"

Then, turning towards her eompanions, she said, bowing hel head,-
"Come in, good folks! There's plenty for you all. Come ir and see how he is grown!"

She now threw open the door, and, followed by the rest entered the room. There was a small table set out, covered witl a sheet; and upon it three or four candles were placed in bottle: for candlesticks. All the chairs she had were ranged around thi table, and a bright fire blazed in the hearth.
"Speak to them, Abe!" said the old woman, with a broar
langh. "This is uncle Jeff, and here is Dinah, and here is Ben," -and in this mamner she ran over the names of all present; then continued,-
"Sit down, you negrocs! Have you no manners? Sit down and eat as much as you choose ; there is plenty in the house. Mammy Lucy knew Abe was coming: and see what a fine feast she has made for him!"

She now seated herself, and addressing an empty chair beside her, as if some one occupied it, lavished upon the imaginary Abe a thousand expressions of solicitude and kindness. At length she said,-
"The poor boy is tired, for he has not slept these many long nights. You must leave him now: - he will go to bed. Get you gone! get you gone! you have all eaten enough !"

Dismayed and wrought upon by the unnatural aspect of the scene, the party of visitors quitted the cabin almost immediately upon the command ; and the crazed old menial was left alone to indulge her sad communion with the vision of her fancy.

From that time until the period at which I saw her, she continued occasionally to exhibit the same evidences of insanity. There were intervals, howerer, in which she appeared almost restored to her reason. During one of these, some of the negroes hoping to remove the illusion that Abe was still alive brought her a handkerchief resembling that which she had given to him on his first departure ; and, in delivering it to her, reported a fabricated tale, that it had been taken from around the neek of Abe, by a sailor who had seen the body washed up by the tide upon the beach of the sea, and had sent this relic to Lucy as a token of her son's death. She seemed, at last, to believe the tale; and took the handkerchief and, put it away in her bosom. This event only gave a more sober tone to her maduess. She now keeps more closely over her learth, where she generally
passes the livelong day, in the posture in which we found her. Sometimes she is heard muttering to herself,-" They buried his body in the sands of the sea," which she will repeat a hundred times. At others, she falls into a sad but whimsical speculation, the drift of which is implied in the question that she put to Meriwether whilst we remained in her cottage;-"How many years may a ship sail at sea without stopping?"

## CHAPTER XLVIII.

## CLOUDS.

The time had now arrived when it was nccessary for me to return to New-York. It was almost two months since I had left home, and I was cautioned by my northern friends not to remain in the low-country of Virginia longer than until the middle of August. Hazard endeavored to persuade me that the season had all the indications of being unusually healthy, and that I might therefore remain without risk. He had manifestly views of his own to be improved by my delay, which rendered him rather an interested adviser ; and, in truth, we had grown so intimate by our late associations, that I felt it somewhat difficult to bring myself to the necessary resolution of taking leave. But go I must -or inflict upon my good mother and sisters that feminine torture which visits the bosoms of this solicitous sex when once their apprehensions are excited on any question of health. I therefore announced my fixed determination on the subject to the family, and pertinaciously met all the arguments which were directed to unsettle my resolve, with that hardy denial of assent which is the only refuge of a man in such a case. My preparations were made, and the day of my departure was named.

Unluckily for my plan, the elements made war against it. The very day before my allotted time, there came on a soft
drizzling rain, which began soon after breakfast; and when we met at dinner, Hazard came to me, rubbing his hands and smiling with a look of triumph, to tell me that howerer obstinate $I$ might be in my purpose, here was a flat interdict upon it.
"We generally have," said he, "what we call a long spell in August. The rain has begun; and you may consider yourself fortunate if you get away in a week." I took it as a jest; but the next morning, when I went to my chamber-window, I found that Ned's exultation was not without some reason. It had rained all night, not in hard showers, but in that gentle, noisc less outpouring of the heavens, which showed that they meant to take their own time to disburthen themselves of their vapor. Far as my eye could reach, the firmament was clad in one broad, heavy, gray robe. The light was equally diffused over this mass, so as entirely to conceal the position of the sun; and, somewhat nearer to earth, small detachments of dun clouds floated across the sky in swift transit, as if hastening to find their place in the ranks of the sombre army near the horizon. I came down to breakfast, where the family were assembled at a much later hour than usual. A small fire was burning in the hearth: the ladies were in undress, and something of the complexion of the sky seemed to have settled upon the countenances of all around me; -a quiet, unclastic, sober considerateness, that was not so frequently disturbed as before with outbreaks of merriment. My cousin Lucretia poured out our coffee with a more sedate and careful attention: Prudence looked as if she had overslept her-self:-Meriwether hung longer over the newspaper than common, and permitted us to take our seats at table some time before he gave up reading the news. The little girls had a world of care upon their shoulders; -and Parson Chub dispatched his meal with unwonted expedition, and then, thrusting his hands into his pookets, went into the hall, and walked to and fro thoughtfully.

Hazard was the only one of the party who appeared untouched by the change of the weather; aud he kept his spirits up by frequent sallies of felicitation directed to me, on the auspicious prospect I had before me.

After breakfast, we went to the door. The rain pattered industriously from the caves down upon the rose-bushes. The grarel walk was intersected by little rivers that also ran along its borders ; and the grass-plots were filled with lakes. The old willow, saturated with rain, wept profuse tears, down every trickling fibse, upon the ground. The ducks were gathered at the foot of this venerable monument, and rested in profound quiet, with their heads under their wings. Beyond the gate, an old ploughhorse spent his holiday from labor in undisturbed idleness-his head downcast, his tail close to his rump and his position motionless, as some inanimate thing, only giving signs of life by an occasional slow lifting up of his head-as if to observe the weather —and a short, horse-like suceze.

The rain poured on ; and now and then some one affirmed that it grew brighter, and that, perhaps, at mid-day it would clear up. But mid-day came, and the same continual dripping fell from leaf, and roof, and fence. There was neither light nor shade : all the picturesque had vanished from the landscape : the foreground was full of falling drops, and the perspective was mist. The dogs crept beneath the porch, or intruded with their shaggy and rainbesprinkled coats, into the hall, leaving their footsteps marked upon the floor wherever they walked. The negro women ran across the yard with their aprons thrown over their heads. The working men mored leisurely along, like sable water-gods, dripping from every point, their hats softened into cloth-like consistence, and their faces beneath them long, sober, and trist. During the day Rip made frequent excursions out of doors, and returned into the house with shoes covered with mud, much to the annoyance of

Mrs. Winkle, who kept up a quick and galling fire of reproof upon the young scapegrace. As for Hazard and myself, we betook ourselves to the library, whither Meriwether had gone before us, and there rambled through the thousand flowery by-paths of miscellaneous literature ; changing our topics of study every moment, and continually interrupting each other by reading aloud whatever passages occurred to provoke a laugh. This grew tedious in turn; and then we repaired to the drawing-room, where we found the ladies in a similar unquiet mood, making the like experiments upon the piano. We were all nervous.

Thus came and went the day. The next was no better. When I again looked out in the morning, there stood the weeping willow the same vegetable Niobe as before, and there the meditative ducks; there the same horse,-or another like him -looking into the inscrutable recesses of a fence corner; and there the dogs, and the muddy-footed Rip. To vary the scene, we took umbrellas and walked out, holding our way trippingly over the wet path towards the bridge. The pigeons, like ourselves, tired of keeping the house, had ranged themselves upon the top of the stable, or on the perches before the doors of their own domicil, dripping images of disconsolateness. A stray flock of blackbirds sometimes ventured across the welkin; and the cows, in defiance of the damp earth, had composedly lain down in the mud. The only living thing who seemed to feel no inconvenience from the season was the log, who pursued his epicurean ramble in despite of the elements.

The rain poured on; and the soaked field and drenched forest had no pleasure in our cyes; so, we returned to the house, and again took refuge in the library. Despairing of the sun, $I$ at length sat down to scrious study, and soon found myself occupied in a pursuit that engrossed all my attention.

I have said before that Meriwether had a good collection of
books. These had been brought together without order in the selection, and they presented a mass of curious literature in almost every department of knowledge. My love of the obsolete led me amongst the heavy folios and quartos that lumbered the lower shelves of the library, where I pitched upon a thin, tall folio, which contained the following pithy title-page: " Some account of the Renowned Captayne John Smith, with his travel and adventures in the Foure Quarters of the Earthe; showing his gallante Portaunce in divers perillous Chaunces, both by Sea and Land: his Feats against the Turke, and his dolefull Captivitie in Tartaria. Also, what befell in his Endeavours towards the Planting of the Colonie of Virginia; and, in especiall, his Marvellous Prouess and Incredible Escapos amongst the Barbarous Salvages. Together with Sundrie other Moving Accidents in his Historie. London. Imprinted for Edward Blackmore, 162-."

This title was set out in many varieties of type, and occupied but a small portion of the page, being encompassed by a broad margin which was richly illuminated with a series of heraldic ornaments, amongst which was conspicuous the shield with three turbaned heads and the motto "vincere est vivere." There were, also, graphic representations of soldiers, savages, and trees, all colored according to nature, and, as the legend at the foot imported, "graven by John Barra."

The date of the work had been partially obliterated,-three numerals of the year being only distinguishable; but from these it was apparent that this memoir was published somewhere about the end of the first quarter of the seventeenth century-perhaps about 1625 , or not later than 1629 .

The exploits of Captain Smith had a wonderful charm for that period of my life when the American Nepos supplied the whole amount of my reading; but I have never, since that boy-
ish day, taken the trouble to inquire whether I was indebted for the captivation of the story to the events it recorded, or to my own pleasant credulity, 一that natural stomach for the marvellous, which, in early youth, will digest agate and steel. This little chronicle, therefore, came most opportunely in my way ; and I gave myself up to the perusal of it with an eager appotite.

I was now on the spot where Smith had achieved some of his most gallant wonders. The narrative was no longer the mere fable that delighted my childhood; but here I had it in its most authentic form, with the identical print, paper and binding in which the story was first given to the world by its narrator-for aught that I knew, the Captain himself-perhaps the Captain's good friend, old Sam Purchas, who had such a laudable thirst for the wonderful. This was published, too, when thousands were living to confute the author if he falsified in any point.

And here, on a conspicuous page, was "An Exact Portraictuer of Captayne Iohn Smith, Admiral of all New England," taken to the life ; with his lofty brow that imported absolute verity on the face of it, and his piercing eye, and fine phrenological head, with a beard of the ancient spade cut; arrayed in his proper doublet, with gorget and ruff; one arm a-kimbo, the other resting on his sword. Below the picture were some fair lines inforring that he "was brass without, and gold within." Throughout the volume, moreover, were sundry cuts showing the Captain in his most imminent hazards, of a flattering fancy, but in total disregard of all perspective. And here, in view of the window, was the broad Janes River, upon which he and his faithful Moseo (otherwise called by the more euphonious name of Uttasantasough), two hundred years gone by, had sailed, in defiance of twenty lings whose very names I am afraid to write. History is never so charming as under the spell of such associations; the narrative avouched by present monuments, and facts suffi-
ciently dim by distance，for the imagination to make what it pleases out of it，without impugning the veracity of the story．

I have sometimes marvelled why our countrymen，and espe－ cially those of Virginia，have not taken more pains to exalt the memory of Smith．With the exception of the little summary of the schools，that I have before noticed；－and which is unfortu－ nately falling into disuse，－some general references to his ex－ ploits as they are connected with the history of our States，and an almost forgotten memoir by Stith，we have nothing to record the early adventures and chivalric virtues of the good soldier，unless it be some such obsolete and quaint chronicle as this of Swallow Barn， which no one sees．He deserves to be popularly known for his high public spirit，and to have his life illustrated in some well told tale that should travel with Robinson Crusoc and the Alma－ nack－at least through the Old Dominion：－and in the Council Chamber at Richmond，or in the Hall of Delegates，the doughty champion should be exhibited on canras in some of his most pic－ turesque conjunctures．And then，he should be lifted，to that highest of all glorifications，－the trucst touchstone of renown，－ the signposts．

Smith＇s character was moulded in the richest fashion of an－ cient chivalry；and，without losing any thing of romance，was dedicated，in his maturer years，to the useful purposes of life．It was marked by great devotion to his purpose，a generous estimate of the public good，and an utter contempt of danger．In the age in which he lived，nobleness of birth was an essential condition to fame．This，unfortunately for the renown of Smith，he did not possess；otherrise，he would have been as distinguished in his－ tory as Bayard，Gaston de Foix，Sir Walter Manny，or any other of the mirrors of knighthood whose exploits have found a histo－ rian．Smith，however，was poor，and was obliged to carre his way to fame without the aid of chroniclers；and there is，consequently，
a great obscurity resting upon the meagre details which now exist of his wonderful adventures. These rude records show a perplexing ignorance of geography, which defies all attempts at elucidation. Muniments, however, of unquestionable authenticity, still exist to confirm the most remarkable prodigies of his story. The patent of knighthood conferred upon him by Sigismund Bathor, in 1603, is of this character. It recites some of the leading events of his life, and was admitted to record by the Garter King-at-arms of Great Britain, twenty-two years afterwards, when Smith's services in the establishment of the American colonies attracted a share of the public attention.

He possessed many of the points of a true knight. He was ambitious of honor, yet humble in his own praise,--tempering his valor with modesty, and the reckless gallantry of the cavalier with irreproachable manners. A simple testimony to this effect, but a sincere one, is given by an old soldier who had followed him through many dangers, and who shared with him the disasters of the defeat at Rothenturn. It is appended, by the author of it, to Smith's account of New England. His name was Carlton, and he had served as Smith's ensign in the wars of Transylvania. These lines, addressed to the "honest Captaine," are somewhat crabbed, but they tell pleasantly-

> "Thy words by deeds, so long thou hast approved, Of thousands know thee not, thou art beloved.
> And this great Plot will make thee ten times more
> Knowne and beloved than e'er thou wert before.
> I never knew a warrior yet but thee,
> From wine, tobacco, debts, dice, oaths so free.

He signs himsclf,

[^0]The uncouthness of the verse accords with the station of the writer, and gives a greater relish to the compliment.

It may be pleasing to the fair portion of my readers, to learn something of his devotion to dames and lady-love, of which we have good proof. He was so courteous and gentle, that he might be taken for a knight sworn to the sex's service. He was a bachelor too, by 'r lady! -and an honor to his calling; mingling the refinement of Sir Walter Raleigh, his prototype, with the noble daring of Essex and Howard. Hear with what suavity and knightly zeal he commends his gratitude to the sex, in recounting his various fortunes "to the illustrious and most noble Princesse, The Lady Francis, Duchesse of Richmond and Lenox;" and with what winning phrase, like a modest cavalier, he consigns his History of Virginia to her protection !-
"I confess my hand, though able to wield a weapon among the Barbarous, yet well may tremble in handliug a pen among so many judicious: cspecially, when I am so bold as to call so piercing and so glorions an Eye, as your Grace, to view these poore ragged lines. Yet my comfort is, that heretofore, honorable and vertuous Ladies, and comparable but amongst themselves, have offered me rescue and protection in my greatest dangers: even in forraiue parts, I hare felt relief from that sex. The beauteous Lady Tragabizanda, when I was a slave to the Turkes, did all she could to secure me. When I overcaune the Bashaw of Nalbritz in Tartaria, the charitable Lady Callamata supplsed my necessities. In the utmost of many extremities, that blessed Pokahoutas, the great King's daughter of Virginia, oft saved my life. When I escaped the cruelties of Pirats and most furious stormes, a long time alone, in a small boat at Sea, and driven ashore in France, the good Lady, Madam Chanoyes, bountifully assisted me.
"And so verily, these adrentures have tasted the same influence from your Gratious hand, which hath given birth to the publication of this narration" And, thereupon, he prays that his "poore booke," which had "no helpe but the Shrine of her glorious name to be sheltered from censorious condemnation," might be taken under her protection ; and "that she would rouchsafe some glimpse of her honorable aspect to accept his labours," that they might be pre-
sented "to the King's Royall Majestie, the most admired Prince Charles, and the Queene of Bohemia."

He tells her that "her sweet Recommendations would make it worthier their good countenances," and concludes by assuring her, "that this page should record to Posteritie that his service should be to pray to God that she might still continue the Renowned of her Sexe, the most honored of Men, and The Highly Blessed of God."

What a fine knightly tone is there in this commendation of the graces of his mistress, and what a world of adventure does it suggest!

After a whole morning of pleasant study I closed the Chronicle and restored it to its shelf, with a renewed admiration of the sturdy and courteous cavalier who is so pre-eminently entitled to be styled the True Knight of the Old Dominion.

The character of Smith, like the extraordinary incidents of his life, strikes me as approaching nearer to the invention of a fiction than that of any other real personage of history. There is in it so much plain sense, mingled with such glory of manhood; so much homely wisdom and dauntless bravery combined-so much chivalrous adventure, set off with so much honesty; so much humility, and yet so much to boast of-if his nature were vainglorious:-these qualities are all so well balanced in his composition that they have an epic consistency, and seem more like an imagination, than a reality. It puts one in mind of Chaucer's Knight, whose description, though often quoted, will bear a repetition here, for its singular application to the history of the founder of Virginia.

> "A knight there was, and that a worthy man, That fro the time that he firste began To riden out, he loved chevalrie, Trouthe and honowr, fredom and curtesie.-

At mortal batailes hadde he ben fiftene,
And foughten for our faith at Tramissene
In listes thries, and ay slain his fo.
This ilke worthy knight hadde ben also
Somtime with the lord of Palatie,
Agen another hethen in Turkie:
And evermore he hadde a sovereine pris.
And though that he was worthy he was wise,
And of his port as meke as is a mayde,
He never yet no vilaine ne sayde
In alle his lif, unto no manere wight.
He was a veray parfit, gentil knight."

## CHAPTER XLIX.

## PLEASANT PROSPECTS

Anorher morning came. The rain had ceased, and nature, after her three days of drab sobriety, appeared once more in her gay and gallant apparel of sunshine and flowers. The air had grown cooler. The verdure of the fields was revived. The birds sang with unwonted vivacity, as if in compensation for long pent-up melodies. The change of weather was like the bursting forth of a new spring. My spirits were attuned to this renovation of earth and air, by the prospect of returning home-for having once set my thoughts in that direction, the pleasure of the return rose above the regrets of parting with friends here, or so mingled with them as to divide the mastery of the contest.

I had determined that my homeward journey should be inland, and my design, therefore, was to take the public stage from Pctersburg, thence to Richmond, Fredericksburg, and Washington.

Soon after breakfast, Meriwether's carriage was at the door to transport me as far as the first of the towns mentioned above. I found that my cousin Lucretia had provided me a store of refreshment sufficient to have sustained me all the way to NewYork. This was neatly put up in a basket, and placed in the carriage, on the plea that I might be hungry upon my journey;
or, at all events, that I might not find as good fare at the inns as I desired. It was in vain to refuse; " the stages were long, and no one knew the comfort of being well stocked with such necessaries until he fas on the road." I submitted with a good grace, resolved to leave what was given me in the carriage, when I arrived at Petersburg.

And now came the moment of leave-taking, the most painful of all the accompaniments of travel. If I had been nurtured in the family from infancy, I could not have called forth more affectionate solicitude; and I was obliged to promise, what already was indeed my secret purpose, to repeat my visit. Meriwether expressed the kindest concern at my leaving him, and engaged, what was quite unusual for him, to write to me frequently after I should arrive at home. The little girls kissed me a dozen times, and the whole houschold, servants and all, collected at the door to exchange farewells. Ned Hazard now sprang into the carriage with me, and we drove off.

That night I arrived at Petersburg. Hazard and I parted here the next morning, with many vows of friendship.

In due course of time, I was safely seated at Longsides, upon the North River, where I have become famous, at least with my mother and sisters, for my long stories and rapturous commendations of Swallow Barn, and my peremptory way of telling how things are done in the Old Dominion.

POSTSCRIPT.

In the course of the winter that followed my return to Longsides, I received several letters from Hazard, from Meriwether, and, indeed, from most of the family. Harvey Riggs, also, has been a punctual correspondent. A letter from him, dated the tenth of January, 1830, gives me a droll history of the festivities at The Brakes on the first day of the year, when, in pursuance of an arrangement which Ned himself had before communicated to me, Hazard and Bel were joined in the bands of holy wedlock, Bel having, at last, surrendered at discretion. Harvey's comments upon this incident arc expressed in the following extract:-
" After you left us, Ned relapsed into all his extravagancies. In truth, I believe Bel grew heartily tired of that incompatible formality of manner which he assumed at our instigation. It sat upon him like an ill-fitted garment, and rendered him the dullest of mortals. Bel took the matter into consideration, and at last begged him to be himself again. Never did a schoolboy enjoy a holiday more than he this freedom; the consequence was, that the wight ran immediately into the opposite extreme, and has carricd the prize, notwithstanding he had trespassed against all decorum, and had been voted incorrigible. The stars have had an influence upon this match! I devoutly believe that it all comes from old Diana's prophecy.
"Meriwether discourses philosophically upon the subject, and says that 'marriage is a matter to be soberly looked at ; for if it be unwisely contrived, it is onc of the most irrevocable errors in the world, though not the most unlikely to have its full share of repentance.' "

The revelry had scarcely ceased at the date of this letter ; and it was a part of the family plans that Ned should live, for the present, at The Brakes.

Accounts as late as April inform me, that Philly Wart has just been re-elected to the Legislature, much against his wish, and, indeed, in the face of his protestations that he declined a poll. He is said to have remarked, rather petulantly, at the close of the election, " that it was all nonsense to argue the question of constitutional doctrine,-here was a case in point,-the will of the constituent will bind the representative in spite of all theories !.

The worthy barrister had, a short time before, covered himself with glory by one of his most flowery speeches at the bar, in defending his brother, Toll Hedges, upon an indictment for an assault on one of the justices of the quorum.

It is at a still later date that Ned writes me touching the affairs at The Brakes. Mr. Tracy had not yet become reconciled to the extinction of the lawsuit. Ned accompanied him lately upon his morning ride, and the old gentleman took his course to the Apple-pie. Here, as Ned describes him, he took a stand upon the mound that formed one of the abutments of the dam, and remained silently pondering over the landscape for a full half hour, and, most of the time, tugging at his under lip with his hand. "It was singular," he remarked to Hazard, after this interval, "that Meriwether should have fallen into the error of thinking that he had a claim to this land. I have a mind to give him my ideas on paper. It will be instructive to you, Mr. Hazard."
"Frank stood upon his survey" replied Ned.
"I doubt if there was a survey," rejoined the old gentleman; "there is no memorandum of it in my notes."

Ned was almost afraid to contradict him ; but at length ventured to say, -
" It was produced, you remember, at the trial, signed by Jeremiah Perkins himself."

Mr. Tracy knitted his brows for a moment, and then said, " It is very strange! I don't think there was a survey. There is some mistake. I wish the thing were to go over again!"

The tenor of all my letters now shows that every thing goes on smoothly on the James River, and that the Old Dominion contains some very happy persons within its bosom.

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[^0]:    "Your true friend, sometime your souldier,

