## OPPOSED TO REFORMS

Difficulties Attending Administration of Justice in Cuba.

Edorts to Change the Spirit, McChods and Technicalities of the Spanish Law Not Heartly Upheld by Cubans.

The difficulties attending the administration of justice in Cuba are pointedly brought out in reports to the judge advocate general of the army, Gen. Lieber, whose annual report has just been made public. Maj. Dudley, at Havana, states in the course of a report:

"The present situation here has no exact precedent, in that, during a time of peace, we are in temporary military occupation of a friendly territory, not our own land, pledged to discharge the obligations that may, under international law, result from the fact of such occupation, for the protection of life and property, and to withdraw from the island so soon as a stable government of its own shall be established.

"The opposition to a complete change of the spirit, methods and technicalities of the Spanish law, as now maintained in the system of 'Incommunicado,' for example, is especially surprising. But though slow in coming, the assertion of such personal rights and liberties as are already enjoyed by Americans under American law will come sooner or later, as being essential to a free, self-governing people, such as the Cubans desire to be."

Maj. Dunn, judge advocate of the department of Santiago and Puerto Principe, makes similar observations, and says:

"The supreme law on the island of Cubs is that of the supreme power, the United States, and will be so long as an American remains here under existing circumstances, be that for one month or forever."

#### CRUISER CAN BE PLOATED.

1 int

Wreckers Take Issue with Hobson
as to the Spanish Warship,
Cristobal Colon.

The wreckers in the employ of New York companies who are now working aboard the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon, of Admiral Cervera's squadron, say that the vessel may easily be raised. In view of the fact, they say, that the Colon has not a single perforation below the water line, Naval Constructor Hobson's recommendation that the wreck be dismantled and abandoned is silly. The wreckers say the vessel clearly was sunk by the Spaniards, and that the expenditure of \$50,000 would save a splendid souvenir of the naval victory of Santiago.

These wreckers, who have spent the last two months taking out the Cristobal Colon's brasswork, involved the warship in new hostilities when a second band of wreckers attempted to board the vessel. Ten shots were fired in the melee and the second band was driven off.

The wreckers are reaping a rich harvest from the condemned warship.

More than \$25,000 worth of brass engine parts have already been shipped north-

# BUYS ANCIENT CHABO HIBA.

W. K. Vanderbilt Becomes the Possessor of a Queer Little Japanese Tree, 270 Years Old.

W.K. Vanderbilt bought at the auction sale of Japanese trees at New York a chabo hiba, 270 years old, for \$315. It is 57 inches tall, and its trunk, twisted and tortured, has the majesty of trees that are giants. Its trainer, Genbei, was a man of patience. His successors and descendants say that it was marvelous. They attach this word to special works of Genbei, and make no effort to imitate them. Another chabo hiba, 120 years old, and less painstaking in the curves of its branches, brought \$67.50. Another, 50 years old, 21 inches high, trained by Yarucho, was proportionately high at \$40. It was bought by Amos F. Eno.

## DANA HONORED BY CUBANS.

Plaza at Puerto Principe Named for New York Editor—Block of Marble Placed There.

Dispatches from Puerto Principe, Cuba, report the dedication in that city of the Plaza Dana. In the center of the plaza is a block of marble bearing the inscription:

A Tribute of the Cuban People

To the Memory of

CHARLES A DANA,

The Illustrious Statesman

And Tircless Defender of

Cuban Liberty.

A STATE OF THE STA

Love of a Leprous Mother.

Legends in India run that if a woman stricken with leprosy suffers herself to be buried alive the disease will not descend to her children. There was in the northwest provinces of India the wife of a gardener on whom the loath-some malady had fallen. Children were born to her. The disease grew worse. She importuned her husband to bury her alive. He at last, yielding to her

prayers, summoned his son. The two dug the grave and four neighbors assisted at the sepulture. So the woman died. These facts were investigated in a magistrate's court and were proved.

Sham Fights in the English Army.

Mock fights are common in English service, where troops are taught how to march, charge, retreat, form in line

of battle, and do all the things which

are likely to be required in actual war-

The soldiers take great delight in it.

fare, except to kill the supposed enemy.

### MONUMENT TO FAMOUS WOMAN

Bomance of the Past and Present Conturies is Recalled—Stolon by In-

On May 20 of next year the memorial monument to Frances Slocum, "the last sister of Wyoming," will be unveiled in the Indian cemetery, 12 miles from Wabash, Ind., in which rest the remains of the woman whose romantic story never grows tiresome, although told a thousand times.

In 1776, three years after the Wyoming massacre in Pennsylvania, Frances Slocum, then four years old, was earried away by the Indians. No trace was had of the little one until 1780, and is was not until 1786 that an attempt was made to find her.

In 1807 Mrs. Slocum, mother of Frances, died. The five sons and brothers never wearied in the search for their sister. After 30 years of untiring effort they were rewarded, and then the discovery was made by pure accident. George W. Ewing, an Indian trader, found the lost one in the valley of the Wabash. She was, of course, an old woman, and had become so wedded to the ways of the red man that she showed no emotion whatever at being united with her family once more. She had married an Indian, and her daughters had married Indians and half breeds.

In 1840 when the Miamis were forced to go west, the government made an exception in the case of Frances, who, with her relatives, was permitted to remain. She could not bear separation from her tribe, however, and died in 1847, after a few years of listlessness and lassitude. Her descendants are numerous in Indiana and Pennsylvania.

#### A SAGGING FLOOR.

Nocessity of a New Executive Mansion at Washington Emphasized by the Condition of the White House.

Again the necessity of a new executive mansion has been emphasized by the sagging of the floor in the executive office of the white house, where many heavy documents are stored. The sag was a slight one, and it was at once decided to remove some of the cases of files and documents to other parts of the building. While there was no danger of a collapse or an accident, the occurrence merely goes to show the havoc which time has played with the old mansion and the necessity for a new one.

For several years there has been considerable agitation about building a new home for the president and retaining the historic old mansion. While the president may have some hesitancy about making recommendations to congress for a new executive mansion, the time is not far distant when steps in this direction will have to be taken. It would not be surprising if President McKinley should, in his next message, call the attention of congress to the necessity for more room and better quarters for the chief executive.

#### A LARGE INCREASE

Importations for Nine Months in 1890 Greatly Exceed Those of the Corresponding Period of 1896.

Importations have increased from \$475,260,893 in the nine months of 1898 to \$585,934,124 in the same period of 1899. An examination of the imports by usses during this time shows that the increase is almost exclusively in articles used by manufacturers and in foodstuffs, largely sugar and coffee. The class, "articles in a crude condition for use in domestic industries," increased from \$148,937,651 in the nine months of 1898 to \$190,252,298 in 1899; articles partially or wholly manufactured for use in the mechanical arts increased from \$44. 547,097 to \$51,957,507; food and live animals from \$140.816.034 to \$178.630.447; manufactured articles ready for consumption from \$79,477,943 to \$87,918,981. and articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc., from \$61.582.168 to \$77.148.899 Thus, articles for the use of manufacturers increased, in round terms, \$50,-000,000; foodstuffs, \$37,000,000; manufactures ready for consumption, \$9,-000,000, and articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc., \$15,000,000.

## EXPORTS OF MANUFACTURES.

Show an Increase of \$50,000,000 for Nine Months of 1899 Over Same Period of 1898.

Exports for the nine months ending with September were \$902,466,318, as against \$869,278,144 in 1898. Exports of agricultural products decreased about \$30,000,000, or from \$371,280,301 to \$542,114,469, while those of manufactures show an increase of \$50,000, 000, or from \$227,822,045 to \$277,502,-649. The products of the mines and forests increased materially, those of the forests from \$30,775,578 to \$36,129, 159, and mines from \$19,159,887 to \$23,-.640,720. The decrease in agricultural products is more in the reduction of values than in amounts. Exportations of wheat fell off 14,000,000 bushels, but the value fell off \$33,000,000. The total exportations of wheat were 82,000,000 bushels, valued at \$62,000,000, while in the corresponding month in the previous year 96,000,000 bushels, valued at \$95,000,000, were exported. In 1899 13,-966,591 barrels of flour, valued at \$52, 786,029, were exported, as against 11,-

193,405 marels, valued at \$50,760,865.

Need of a New Chair.

Those light-hearted collegians who in their exuberance of spirits smashed car windows, scared women and children and filled the city with their howlings seem to emphasize the necessity, comments the Chicago Record, of the stablishment of chairs of manners and common decency in some of the universities—the courses to be compulsory.

Eggs without Shells.
Eggs without shells are shipped from Russia to England.

# DEATH OF A HERO.

True Story of How Gen. W. P. Symons Was Fatally Wounded.

Commander of British, Seeing His Meh Wavering, Started to Lend Them But Was Shot While on Way to Front.

The true story of how Sir Gen. William Penn Symons got his mortal wound at the battle of Glencoe, in South Africa, is known at the war office at London, but has not yet been told in the English press. It is an open secret in official circles. The extreme vagueness of the accounts published plainly suggested that full information was being kept back, and it has finally been secured.

As the action grew hot and the British force was suffering badly, Gen. Symons ordered the Dublin fusileers and the King's royal rifles to advance on the main position of the Boers. The burgher marksmen met them with . galling fire. The lines wavered. The officers rallied the men and again they rushed forward in the face of a withering hail of bullets. But again the lines wavered. Three of their gallant leaders were shot. Once more the undaunted officers got their men to attack. On they went, pressing sturdily forward. Here and there men dropped on the way, and once more the gallant fellows were so seriously checked that rout seemed impending.

Gen. Symons saw everything. He instantly ordered his staff to remain where they were, by the clump of trees, and alone galloped out into the open toward his hard-pressed men, to lead them himself to victory. He had gone only half a mile when he recled in his saddle and fell wounded from his horse. Maj. Sterston, of his staff, galloped up and had just reached the body of his commander when he himself was shot dead.

Gen. Symons, in short, had preferred death to living with the responsibility for what seemed destined to be another Majuba hill. But, as he, mortally wounded, was borne from the battle-field he received the glad tidings that the attacking infantry battalions had once more rallied and carried the Boer position by storm, though with a terrible loss.

#### ROBBED OF SIGHT BY DOCTOR.

Former Philadelphia Banker at Last
Tells How He Was Betrayed by
Supposed Friend.

J. Henry Askin, who 27 years ago was a financial power in Philadelphia, but who now, blind and alone, is an inmate of the Masonic home on North Broad street, has broke the silence of a quarter of a century and told how he lost his sight through the perfidy of a physician,

"In 1875 my eyes were troubling me and my friend and family physician, Dr. John Doe, was treating them. My wife grew alarmed over my condition, when Dr. Richard Roe, a prominent specialist, was called in to consultation with Dr. Doe.

"After Dr. Roe began his treatment my sight improved, and then came a change for the worse. Dr. Roe, who then had entire charge of the case, could not explain the change. Dr. Doe still visited my home as a friend, and was always welcome.

"One day, years after I lost my sight, Dr. Roe came to me and cleared away the mystery. Dr. Doe had just died and on his death bed confessed to Dr. Roe that he had caused my blindness by putting poison in my medicine.

"In order to save his family I resolved not to expose him. He did it because he was angered at Dr. Roe's success where he had failed."

The real names of the physicians in

the story are purposely concealed, Dr. Roe being still alive.

In the early '70s the Fourth national bank was robbed of \$400,000. In the

In the early '70s the Fourth national bank was robbed of \$400,000. In the attempt to rehabilitate the bank Mr. Askin was elected president and his fortune was consumed.

## WHO WILL MARRY THEM?

Probable That Archbishop Keane Will Officiate at the Wedding of Admiral Dewey and Mrs. Hazen.

Mrs. Hazen will be married to Admiral Dewey probably by Archbishop Keane, although Cardinal Gibbons may participate. The admiral's flance developed her Catholicism gradually. She was born into a Presbyterian family, but, after she grew up and came to Washington, attended St. John's Episconal church. About half a dozen years ago she became a convert to the Roman Catholic faith, and was received into the church by Bishop Keane. She first attended St. Matthew's, but has lately been a communicant at St. Paul's church, at the corner of Fifteenth and V streets. The wedding probably will take place at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Washington McLean, and the present intention is to have it a private affair, as it would be almost impossible to invite all the persons who would be entitled to such recognition unless resort were had to a church wedding, which neither the admiral nor Mrs. Hazen favors.

Horses' Tails in Rubber Sacks.
Horses' tails are protected from mudend rain in wet weather by a newly designed cover, consisting of a tubular sack of rubber or other waterproof material.

Rapid Spinning.

A new cotton spindle is said to be capable of running 20,000 revolutions per minute. If so it will revolutionize the apinning business.

Married Aeronauts in Vienna.

No married man in Vienna is allowed to go up in a balloon without the formal consent of his wife and children.

# WILL THEY SMOKE?

English Club Women Say Their American Sisters Will Come to It.

The Habit Quite Universal Among Pashionable English Women — Smoking Room Is Part of Every Clubhouse.

What does a club woman want with a cigarette, anyway? Chicago women answer: "Nothing," as they dodge the smoke puffed by their English sisters and listen to the forecast of the smoking-room annex to every clubhouse.

America's delegates to the women's

and fisten to the tolerates of the smooth ing-room annex to every clubhouse.

America's delegates to the women's council in London say: "Guess what we saw! Smoking-rooms for women, and women smoking cigarettes. English women tell us: 'You Americans will come to it soon; you are bound to ad-

And Chicago women toss their heads and exclaim: "Nonsense!"
"Better let the club go than have the club with the smoke," was suggested by a Woodlawn member, says the Chi-

cago Record.

"The habit is growing in this country," declared Dr. Gertrade Gail Wellington. "It is strong among New York women; it prevails here. Girls, married women and grandmothers like its mysteries. Girls say: 'It's such fun; it's so jolly.' Its influence has the greatest tendency to evil. It will lower the moral tone of all women. Women have finer spiritual organizations than men. Cigarettes destroy the best and develop the coarsest."

A member of the Matheon club, composed exclusively of young women, wanted a picture of the woman who could turn to a cigarette for comfort in

"Oh, well, if it is used as a sedative I can't see any harm," came from another club woman. "It's a good tonic after a brain-racking day."

"But you don't smoke any more," an-

swered a woman with her.
"You forget; I'm afraid my daugh-

ter will get the habit."

"How can you talk of smoking in a clubhouse?" asked a club worker. "I would just as soon think of posting a sign: 'It is forbidden to expectorate upon the floor.'"

The others deplored the discussion and spoke pityingly of the British women who thought smoking a requisite to their comfort. They do not believe it is a question of time when Americans will do the same, although England got its habit from the continent.

### KLONDIKE'S PROGRESS.

Consul McCook at Dawson City Says Output of Gold for Twelve Months Will Be \$10,000,000.

In reporting to the state department Consul McCook, at Dawson City, says the output of gold for the 12 months will be upwards of \$10,000,000. This summer a better class of buildings has been erected in Dawson. Several new hotels have been built, with electric lights and other modern conveniences, the rooms renting on an average for \$100 a month. Restaurants adhere to the prices of a year ago, but good board can be obtained at the clubs and messes at \$75 a month.

The new buildings are from two to three stories high, the lower parts being occupied by saloons and stores, while the upper floors are devoted to offices and lodging rooms. Rents of rooms in buildings centrally located, however, have not depreciated. Store-keepers have done well, although the prices of last year have not been maintained.

Dawson has now an organized board of trade, officered by sound business men. The embargo on lager beer and liquors has been raised. Some 2,500 barrels of bottled beer have been warehoused during the hot spell, awaiting release by the authorities. The local breweries are prohibited making beer. Many miners' families have come in for the winter.

## NEGRO EDUCATIONAL EXHIBIT.

Pisn of Commissioner Peck for an Interesting Feature of the Paris Exposition.

Mr. Ferdinand W. Peck, the commissioner general of the United States to the Paris exposition, has had under consideration for some time the question of a negro educational exhibit at the exposition, to be under the general supervision of the commissioner in charge of the national exhibit of the United States. After consultation with the president Mr. Peck announced that he had decided to provide for the exhibit and had appointed Thomas J. Calloway,. a well-known colored educationalist now in the employ of the war department, to have direction of it. Mr. Calloway will have full charge of the collection of the exhibit and will superintend its installation. The Hampton and Tuskegee institutes and the Fisk and Vanderbilt universities will be represented in the exhibit, as well as prominent colored schools generally.

American Fish for the Paris Fair.
Tourists who attend the Paris exposition next summer need not be surprised to find offered on the bills of fare such items as "American black bass," "American salmon," or "American muskalonge." These items will not be put there for deceptive purposes, but are true statements and indicate the growth of our fishing industries. During the past summer American fish fresh from the water appeared on the tables of the leading hotels abroad.

Illiterate Soldiers.

Eight-tenths of the soldiers in Russia and Servia can neither read nor

Russian Noblemen.
Russia has 650,000 princes and other hereditary nobles.

#### IT IS A BEAUTY.

Description of the Sword Just Given to Brigadier General Frederick Funston, of Kansas.

The sword, costing \$1,000, which was presented to Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston by the people of Kansas is a beautiful work of art. The pommel of the sword is encircled by a wreath of oak leaves and surmounted by an American eagle. The grip is of sterling silver. The guard is formed of a female figure, in full relief, bearing a wreath of laurel and a torch. On the broad portion of the back of the guard is the seal of the state of Kansas, and on the front the monogram F. F. made of diamonds. The guard terminates in a sunflower,

the center of which is a carved topaz.

The scabbard is of sterling silver, ornamented with three bands, to which are attached trappings, which are chased by hand to represent the various fruits and plants of the Philippines.

Upon these bands also are inscribed the names of the battles: "Caloocan," "Polo," "Marilao," "Guimas," "Bagbag," "Calumpit," "Apalit," "San Tomas," "San Fernando" and two miniature tropical scenes. The lower line, forming the toe of the scabbard, is an ornamental monogram with the letters "U.S."

The blade is of the finest steel. On one wide of it is etched in gild letters Gen. Funston's now famous reply to Gen. MacArthur's inquiry as to the strength of his position on a certain occasion, which reads: "I can hold the position until my regiment is mustered out."

One the opposite side of the blade is the presentation inscription: "Presented to Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston by the people of Kansas."

#### GOLD PRODUCTION.

Increase in the Amount Mined Throughout the World-Some Interesting Figures.

Of the \$10,000,000,000 worth of gold produced in the world since the discovery of America more than one-half has been mined since 1960 and more than one-fourth since 1885, or, to put it in other words, one-half of the gold product of the last 400 years has been produced within 40 years, and onefourth within 15 years. Facts collated by Dr. Adolph Soetbeer and the director of the United States mint show a grand total of gold production from 1493 to and including 1899 of \$9,833,059,-600. The original estimate of the director of the mint for the year 1899 was \$530,000,000, and deducting \$25,000,000 for the suspension of work in the Transwaal during the closing quarter of the year, it would put the 1899 production at \$325,000,000. This statement of the world's gold production for the period 1493-1899, therefore, stands as fol-

	4 - 1 - 4 - 4 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5	Av. annus
Years.	Production.	production
1493-1600	\$501,640,000	\$4,644.53
	606,315,000	6,063,13
	1,262,905,000	12,628,0
	2,120,444,000	15.746.20
	1,263,015,000	126.301.50
	1,150,814,000	115,814.00
1881-1890		106,000.56
1891-1899	A COM ARM AAA	204,778,53
Total	,\$9,833,059,600	·
Tee Pe	Production	Av. annua

Total production \$9,533,059,600 ...

CLEANLINESS ESSENTIAL

Close Personal Inspection in the Army to See That the Men Are Clean and Well Dressed.

Some of the enlisted men of the army do not take kindly to the scheme for close personal inspection suggested by Maj. Van R. Hoff, of the medical department. He says in an official communication that much of the distress and sickness in the military force is due to lack of personal cleanliness and to carelessness in habits. He says: "Squad leaders should see that their men bathe at stated periods and change underclothing at least twice weekly. A barefoot and underclothing inspection of the men should be included in the regular Saturday inspection. A clean, welldressed soldier respects himself, which is the first step toward respecting oth-

## GIFT TO HARVARD.

Bigginson Denates \$150,000 for Theversity Club Building as a Memortal to Men Who Fellin Late War.

Maj. H. L. Higginson. '65, who gave Soldiers' Field to Harvard university, has given the sum of \$150,000 to be used for the erection and equipment of a building suitable to the uses of the university club. The corporation in return offers the Warren property, at the corner of Harvard and Quincy streets, for the site of the building. Plans for the erection of the university club have been under consideration since last spring. It is to be erected as a memorial to Harvard men who feil in the Spanish war.

Encouragement to Pauperism.

The State Charities Aid association of New York has received a report from a special committee saying that the number of children placed in institutions at public expense as destitute has risen far beyond the normal ratio, and the evil is thought to be growing rapidly, due to the increasing tendency of people who do not need public charity to avail themselves of it.

Birth Announcements in Holland.
In some parts of Holland a birth is announced by fastening a silk pincushion on the door knob. If the pincushion is red the baby is a boy and if white a girl.

Dog Expressed from Mantia.

A Duquesne (Ia.) man has a dog which was sent to him by express all the way from Manila, P. I.

#### WED AFTER TWELVE YEARS.

The second of th

Cottage James McDonald Built for His Bride Is Now Decayed But He Is Happy.

James McDonald, a railroad engineer, fitted up a cottage in Washington avenue, Jefferson, a suburb of Chicago, 12 years ago, when he plighted his troth to Miss Kate Peterson, the daughter of a farmer in Norwood Park. The two were wedded the other day and the cottage, which, with its furnishings, is in a state of decay, is now occupied for the first time.

ment is one of romance and mental suffering. Miss Peterson had a sweetheart
before McDonald met her, and when the
betrothal became known the discarded
suitor came to her and threatened to
kill McDonald if they were married.
The young woman was a Spiritualist,
and she applied to a fortune teller, who
told her that he could see some terrible
calamity in her future. She took this
to apply to the threats which had been
made to her and, filled with a superstitious dread, she had the union postponed.

Three times since a day has been set for the tying of the knot, but on each occasion, through her fear for her fiance's safety, it was postponed. Mc-Donald in the meantime had kept the cottage in readiness for immediate occupancy. His friends had tried to induce him to rent it, but he refused, and he became known among his acquaintances as "Cottage Jim."

A few days ago Miss Peterson read an account in a Colorado paper of the death of her former lover, whose threats had hung over her all these years. A few days later she was married to McDonaid.

The carpets in the cettage faded as the years rolled by and the furniture is now old fashioned, but McDonald is happy that he has kept the little home together.

#### NAVY RUNS SHORT OF FUNDS.

It is Probable That This Department
Will Be Forced to Ask Congress for
Deficiency Appropriation.

It is probable the navy department will be forced to ask for large deficiency, appropriations during the next session of congress. Already, with the fiscal year but one-fourth exhausted, the funds are woefully depleted, so much so that in some of the bureaus there is scant means for carrying on the regular work at navy yards and stations. Under the head of construction and repair, for which congress allotted \$3,-000,000, the bureau has already expended \$1,442,674, leaving a balance to carry the bureau through the mine months remaining of \$1,557,326. An, inquiry is now being made to ascertain which vessels should be repaired first and which ships may without loss to the government await the deficiency. appropriation. The present indications are that about \$10,000,000 will be asked for to help on the various naval proj-

ects.
There is a misunderstanding in most quarters in regard to the action of Secretary Long in limiting the repair work on ships of war. This does not mean a reduction of force nor a cutting down in the expenditures at yards and stations. The plan is to arrange the work so that with available funds the important projects shall be carried out first, leaving the yachts and unimportant ships for the deficiency appropriations. The regular amount will be expended this year and there will be no attempt to economize so long as the

## EVADING ARMY ORDER

funds last.

Chaplains Recently Ordered to the Philippines Are Trying in Every Way to Escape the Duty.

Chaplains recently ordered to the Philippines are still fighting for a chance to stay at home. The military authorities are greatly incensed over the situation, says the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, and one of the leading officials of the army said in an expression of opinion which seems to be shared generally: "We have detailed ten chaplains for duty at. Manila, and I would be surprised if more than one or two of them ever reached that place. Nearly all of the chaplains are making strenuous efforts to stay in the United States, and one has gone so far as to ask to be transferred; to the retired list."

The application to this effect came from Chaplain Nave. He has been in the military service since 1882, and has been on duty but little. Chaplain C. C. Bateman is another minister of the army who is seeking excuses to evade orders. A telegram came all the way from Spokane from the commandant of the post of Fort Spokane asking that the orders be suspended for important "domestic reasons." There was much interest expressed by officers in the order issued two weeks ago requiring ten chaplains to go to Manila. It was then predicted that many of them would ask to have their orders revoked. So far four of the ten have shown this desire.

An Innocent Intruder.
The wife of Col. T. B. Neal, one of

the most prominent bankers in Atlanta. Ga., received an invitation to be present at a reception tendered by Mrs. Candler, the wife of the governor, to some female relatives. Not noticing & that her husband was not included. Mrs. Neal asked him to attend in her stead. The colonel appeared at the appointed hour, and reports that he enjoyed himself immensely, finding himself the center of a bevy of charming women. He soon discovered that he was the only man present. A few inquiries elicited the information that in no men had been expected that evening. and the innocent but wildly emberrassed intruder retreated as advoitly at he possible.

L'ABEILLE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLÉANS

Est très régandue en Louisiane et dans tous les Etats du Fud. Vi Sa :publicité offre donc au l'ommerce des avantages l'exceptionnels. Prix de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition hebdannels dans de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition hebdannels dans de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition hebdannels dans de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition hebdannels dans de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition hebdannels dans de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition de l'abonnement de l'abonnement, pour l'année : Edition de l'abonne