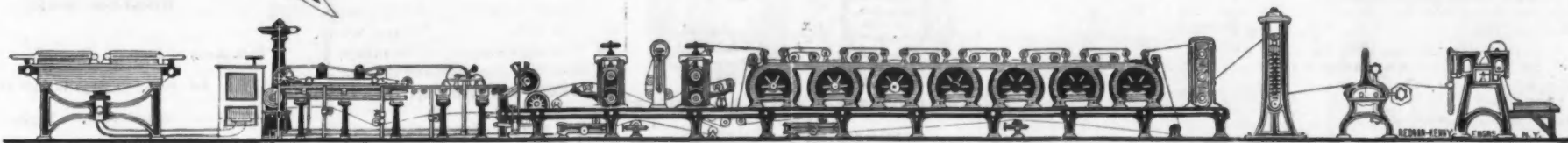


# THE PAPER TRADE JOURNAL.



"The Consumption of Paper is the Measure of a People's Culture."

VOLUME VIII—NO. 15

NEW YORK, APRIL 12, 1879.

WHOLE NUMBER 258.

## Trade Topics.

### Improvement in Separating and Cleaning Vegetable Fibres for Paper Pulp.

The drawing illustrates an apparatus recently patented by Charles Lauga, of New Orleans, La., for separating and cleansing vegetable fibres, especially those of sugar-cane, sorghum and Indian corn, and converting the same into stock for the manufacture of paper and other similar products.

The figure represents a vertical section of the apparatus. A represents the tanks for the reception of the crude fibre as it comes from the crushing mill. The fibre is conveyed to these tanks by a swinging or removable trough or by any other convenient means. In the bottom of the tank A is secured a coil of perforated steam pipe, C, which pipe is to be connected in the usual way to a conveniently-located steam boiler, to furnish the necessary steam for cooking the fibre. Immediately above the coil of perforated steam pipe is secured a perforated diaphragm or false bottom, D, inclining toward the door E in the side of the tank. This door is for the discharge of the fibre from the tank after the cooking process is completed, and by inclining the diaphragm D toward the lower edge of the door the discharge of the fibre from the tank A is greatly facilitated.

Another purpose of the perforated diaphragm D is to protect the perforated steam-pipe from the body of the crushed fibre within the tank, and to serve as a strainer and avoid obstructing the cock through which the liquid is drawn from the tank when the boiling process has been completed. Through the centre of the tank A a pipe, G, open at both ends, is placed, the lower end passing through and slightly below the diaphragm D, and the upper end reaching nearly to the top of the tank. Above the upper end of the pipe is a cap, H, leaving an open space between the end of the pipe and the cap, for a purpose hereinafter described.

Another perforated diaphragm, I, is fitted into the upper portion of the tank A, sliding readily on pipe G. The purpose of this diaphragm is to act as a weight on the top of the fibre in the tank, to prevent the fibre from being forced by the steam over the top of the tank, while at the same time the perforations allow of a free movement among the particles of the chemical solution. During the process of cooking the fibre the pressure of the steam into the tank A will force the chemical mixture up through the pipe G and against its cap H, thus distributing the mixture at intervals over the fibre in the tank, and securing its complete action.

When the cleansing and transformation of the fibre have been thoroughly effected, the fibre is withdrawn from the tank A through the door E, near the bottom of the tank, and falls upon the apron J and is passed through the rollers K K, whereby the chemical fluid remaining in the fibre is pressed out, and is returned by the spout L to the reservoir M, located below the tank A. From the apron J the fibre is transferred to the carrier N, which carries it to the pulp-engine O, in which the fibre is reduced to pulp, bleached and washed. From thence the fibre or pulp is passed through the opening P into the mixer and strainer Q. This mixer and strainer has a perforated section for draining and carrying off any remaining liquid or impurities, and through its longitudinal centre a shaft provided with inclined stirrers or mixers, which feed forward the pulp to the discharge opening R, where it falls on the endless apron S, and is carried between the rollers T T, and, after sufficient drying, is ready for the market as stock for the paper-manufacturer. By this manipulation of the crude fibre the inventor claims to produce a pulp suited for the manufacture of a fine quality of paper.

The chemical mixture used is a saccharate of alkali, composed of water, saccharine and any of the alkalies—preferably, potash, and its combinations. The strength or specific density of the mixture must be determined by the nature of the fibre to be operated upon, and will be readily ascertained by a little experience in the preparation of the different fibres. One gallon of the chemical mixture to every ten pounds of vegetable fibre is placed in the tank A; steam is then admitted into the perforated steam-pipe in the bottom of the tank by any of the well-known means; and by means of this steam the mass is boiled from two to ten hours, according to the nature of the fibre to be treated. When the fibre has been sufficiently cooked the chemical mixture is drawn off into the reservoir M, to be again pumped into the tanks for use.

The object of saccharine, in combination with alkali, is to assist in dissolving the vegetable gums and other foreign substances contained in the fibre, and also to prevent the alkali from having any injurious effect upon the fibre.

The inventor claims: 1. The process for cleaning and preparing the fibre of fibrous plants and reducing it to pulp by boiling the fibre in the saccharate of alkali from two to ten hours, then pressing the fibre between rollers, next grinding in a pulp-mill, and subsequently mixing, draining, pressing and drying. 2. The tank A, provided with the door E and cock, and steam pipe C, in combination with the open pipe G, provided with the cap H and the perforated diaphragms D and I. 3. The tank A, provided with the door E and cock F, and having the pipe G, perforated steam-pipe C and diaphragms D and I, in combination with the reservoir M and spout L.

### The French Commission on the Export of Rags.

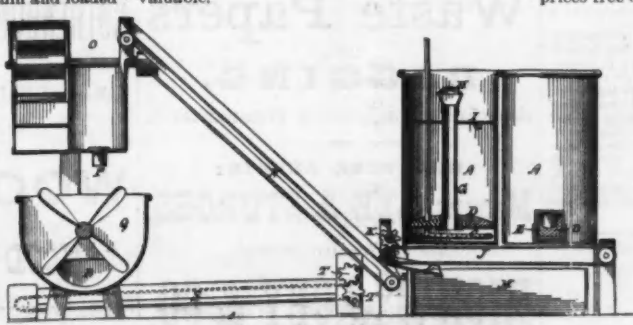
(Concluded.)  
After replying to various questions with regard to news papers in France, M. Dumont said that French book paper was too thin and loaded to be used by English publishers. French paper-makers required the duty of eight francs to be retained and also the export dues on rags. The manufacturers were very uneasy about foreign competition, 4,646,891 kilos were imported in 1876, of which three-fourths consisted of writing, news, and drawing papers. Several important markets had been closed—among others, Italy, where there was a duty of twenty francs on paper, and of 8fr. 80c. on rags for export. Belgium sends into France news and common papers, but does not furnish any fine papers. The president of the Commission could not tell M. Dumont whether the export duty on rags would be abolished or not. M. Dumont continued that if duty were taken off, all the finer rags would be obtained by foreigners.

The following question was then put by M. Dautremé: "Don't you think that there is something preposterous in preventing an article of merchandise from being exported out of France in order to benefit another article? What would you say if an export duty were laid on your papers for the benefit of publishers?" M. Dumont: "Such a comparison cannot be made; the publisher is a manufacturer, and a book is a manufactured article, but rags are waste. Rag merchants are only intermediaries. Here is America taxing our papers from 25 to 35 per cent., and should we give them our rags free? England, too, has cheaper coal, chemicals and communications. The rags in use to day are not what they were twenty years ago, when there were fine rags of hand-woven linens. The ordinary white country contained 80 per cent. of linen, while now we have trouble in getting 50 per cent. We pay dearer, and yet we are obliged to sell our best paper cheaper, and every day prices are going down. I see that the Minister of Finance lately stated that school copy-books were sold at the same price now as before the imposition of the duty. But he did not state that the quality of the paper was so bad that it is difficult to write on both sides of it. The duty of 4 fr. on rags is equivalent to 8 per cent. on rags No. 1, quoted at 64 fr.; for rags at 34 fr., it would be 11.80 per cent.; for calicoes at 22 fr., 18 per cent." One of the members having stated that it looked as if the ragdealers had only asked for a free export of rags of mixed wool and cotton, because the paper-makers did not use them, M. Dumont protested that they did. All packing papers and colored papers on which small threads may be seen on the surface are made from cotton-woolen rags. It was then objected that the paper-makers could not use all the rags in France, to which M. Dumont replied, that the shoddy makers, &c., used the surplus. With regard to the proportion of the white rags, some 30 or 40 per cent. would be contained in rags sold at 120 fr. The general expenses, profits, &c., might be about 40 per cent. to price of rags, and then paper-makers do not make more than 10 per cent. When people speak of rags they have in their mind those picked up in the streets, but a visit to our stores would show that the rags are clean and white, and can be handled without creating any disgust. We get these rags from the country and not from the town."  
After a few more remarks the deposition of M. Dumont was closed.

A German lady has left Berlin to become the wife of a Japanese paper-maker at Umedu, Kioto. The Japanese spent several years in Germany learning the paper manufacture.

## Paper-Making Fibres.

In addition to the utilization of the Blue Moor grass (*Molinia caerulea*) for the manufacture of paper, many other plants common in India and the British colonies might also be mentioned, which, for the most part, have been experimented upon, and the results proved satisfactory, so far as the actual manufacture is concerned. In considering the adaptability of many of the colonial grasses for paper making, a British contemporary, *The Colonies*, recently showed that the great obstacle to the more general application of these new substances is the greater cost as compared with any of the paper-producing materials now in general use. Many of the coarse grasses and other plants that are now pests and hindrances to agricultural progress in South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, or other colonies, might be turned to good account for paper-making, such, for instance, as the Ruapo of New Zealand (*Typha angustifolia*), a kind of bulrush or reed mace. Both in New Zealand and in Australia there are numerous plants of the grass, sedge, or rush kind that would, no doubt if properly tested, be found valuable.



PAPER-PULP MACHINE.

Referring to South Africa as another country from whence fibrous grasses might be obtained, *The Colonies* says: "In the great Karroo district, thousands of square miles are covered by the characteristic tuara grass, the *sour veldt*, and the *sweet veldt*, the importance of which as fodder may possibly be found equalled by their value as a paper material; still more likely to prove valuable in this respect is the *Stipa capensis*, a member of the family to which *esparto* belongs."

## Marking and Die Inks.

Owing to the universal stamping nowadays, the preparation of a good ink for the purpose is very important.

Lithography requires the thickest colors in consistency, but the hand stamp, on the other hand, only a very thin solution. If the color is thick, like that of printing ink, greater force must be used by the hand, both in distributing the ink and impressing it. If too thin the imprint is not equal, and is blurred. Until lately none other but fatty or oily colors were used, but the introduction of the elastic indiarubber stamp, which is not adapted for oily inks, directed attention to inks of a watery nature.

An oily ink is best prepared from printers' ink by mixing one part of linseed oil to six parts of ink. More is to be said on the watery inks, which may be distinguished as transparent and opaque. The former contain the coloring stuff in actual solution, while the latter have a mineral or earthy coloring stuff combined with the liquid portion. The latter is generally glycerine, which, with equal portions of gum and water, forms an excellent basis for braying mineral and earthy colors as a dissolvent of aniline and vegetable colors.

The glycerine ink has the disadvantage, however, of drying slowly and being always more or less moist, and it is, therefore, easily washed off. This disadvantage may be got rid of in the case of black or other dark colors admitting a yellow coloring matter, by dissolving the gum in a solution of bichromate of potassa in water, so that the glycerine becomes mixed, and the coloring, if not of a dissolvent nature, is brayed. If the latter, as most aniline colors, is soluble in it, then a great deal of trouble can be spared by allowing the warmed glycerine (already mixed with gum) to work on the pulverized aniline color.

Instead of glycerine as a soluble component of the color, fluid solutions and some salts may be used. A solution of water glass gives some excellent qualities to the inks, especially that of making the impression fast after drying. The watery inks should, of course, be used for transient purposes, while the fatty inks, with indelible coal as a basis, should be used for important impressions.

As if there were not enough, several new paper mills are projected.

## Correspondence.

### British Notes.

(FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.)  
16 PATERNOSTER ROW, LONDON, E. C.,  
March 29, 1879.

There has been but little doing during the past week. Taking things altogether there is a slight steadiness and a sign of improvement. I believe that if we could only have some fine spring weather that every kind of trade would experience a rise. We are having such a long winter that it is sickening to see snow now. The prevalence of the bad weather has absolutely stagnated several trades, which in turn affect others. With the *entrée* of spring we may expect a general rise and a change for the better.

The only item of any interest that has been talked of during the week has been the failure of Mr. Day, who has gone to the tune of £30,000, I hear. I mention this simply because, from what I hear, the New York market for cheap stock will be affected to some degree. I have seen accounts of sales of stock delivered at prices free on board here which were considerably below market rates, and I have an idea that we may see less of such transactions. So far as I am concerned, this failure was very unexpected, and although there are, of course, a few clever, extra clever, people who "knew all about it," I think the trade generally have been surprised to some degree. But there are times when men pass for millionaires who have not paid their rents even, and who perhaps owe more money than they ever make.

The fibre market has been active, buyers being tolerably plentiful, but at last figures. Rags are quite firm and steady. Middle-classed linens are particularly firm, and parcels are soon snapped up. Cottons are scarce and are pretty firm. London and country seconds and thirds are very firm at 11s. 6d. to 12s. and 7s. 6d. respectively here—not in New York. Bagging is steady at present, about 8s. 3d. to 8s. 6d. for home and 9s. selected, Hamburg. Other fibres are about as usual.

Chemicals are firmer all round, though why I can scarcely tell. Makers have had very severe times to deal with, and a change will be most welcome to the trade. Paper-makers cannot complain, for they have had the game in their own hands for two years, and ought to have saved lots of money over this item.

Waste papers are tolerably firm; a little more business doing. Old ledgers are doing at 16s. 6d. to 18s. A few parcels have changed hands during the past few days. So far as this special branch of stock is concerned the failure of F. Day has not had much effect, for several reasons, the market being slack and the liquidation arrangement probably turning out advantageously for the bankrupt.

Mill news is scarce. Some mills, I am glad to observe, are making every endeavor to push ahead and keep pace with modern paper making. The conservatism of the trade may, after all, take wings and fly away. The sooner it does the better for paper-makers.

I am going across the Channel again, for the fourth time, as THE JOURNAL correspondent. I am going to Lille and to Paris. I am going to see a very large ultramarine and blue factory belonging to M. Richter, who has devoted special attention to alum resisting blues. I think your readers will be specially interested in this subject. The Paris journey is a speculative one partly. I wish to get some particulars as to a good reliable French rag packer, and I think if I can't find out something in Paris I can't get information at all.

French cotton rags are the best brand of fibre from France. The linen brands are good, provided they are of the best qualities, but the German rags furnish the best assortments of linen. The S. P. F. F. and S. P. F. F. are excellent goods and very hard to beat. I hope to hear something of the French paper trade and the late discussion on the abolition of the export duty on rags. I also hope to do a little business there, too, for THE JOURNAL, you know; a few subscribers, advertisers, or something of that kind.

I would like to make a personal observation to my readers, especially those who take any interest in the special articles. It is of no use to complain to me about them and questioning some points in them, and I will explain why. Firstly—What I see I believe and put down on paper. Secondly—What I don't see I do not always put down on paper because I don't believe. But I trust to the heads of firms for the truth. Third-

ly—Every firm has had the rough manuscript to examine and see that all is right. Figures, quantities, &c. are not necessary, but they are interesting, and they are inserted in the firms' handwriting, as you and your printers know. I give every detail from the head source, and if he speaks a falsehood I am sorry for him, for your readers, and for myself. But I am one who does not believe "all men are liars." I make the best of everybody and everything—it is the only way to live comfortably.

If I am in the same business as my neighbor I can bear to hear him and his doings, generally, praised. Some people, however, can't. You know that if these articles were not faithful they would be of little value. I know it too, and I wish to caution your readers against paltry insinuations of all kinds. I go to great trouble and considerable expense to get the information, and I do not do it to serve any but the one simple purpose of interesting your readers and increasing the prosperity of THE JOURNAL.

I give the following figures in addition to those I already quoted above:  
Rags—New linens, 26s. 6d.; new cottons, 25s.; S. P. F. F., 29s. 3d.; S. P. F. F., 21s. (this is a very cheap quotation); S. P. F., 18s.; F. F., 16s.; white cottons, 15s. 3d.; first quality, specially assorted blue linens, L. F. B. L., 15s. 9d.; seconds, do., L. F. B. II., 13s. 6d.; (extra) blue cottons, 13s. 9d.; grey linens, No. 1, 14s.; good jute baggings, 8s. 3d.; all f. o. b. Hamburg. Some sales were done this week as follows: Dry pine wood pulp, £8 15s.; dry aspen, £12—a special quality. Otherwise wood pulps are unchanged. W. F. C.

## Chicago Notes.

(FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.)

CHICAGO, April 7, 1879.

The better feeling in the rag and paper stock market has given encouragement to paper dealers. They argue quite correctly, it seems to me, that the manufactured product must be a little firmer for such a good demand for the raw material. Prices have held their own well during the past week, and even the straw wrapping, rag, dry goods and manillas are looking up.

I cannot forbear just a word in relation to the circular issued by Field, Leiter & Co., which I have given a passing notice in my last two letters. The trade were at first considerably puzzled, as well they might be, how that firm could sell, among other things, No. 1 Manilla at 6½c. per pound. On examination of the paper which the dry goods firm call No. 1 Manilla, it was found that there was a great deal in a name. In fact, they had made a list of grades quite unknown to paper dealers just to suit themselves. Their No. 1 Manilla was found to be the same quality as the No. 2 which one of the large houses here showed me, and which it is selling at 6½c., or ¼ of a cent lower than Field, Leiter & Co. It is unnecessary to give any further explanation as to how the dry goods firm can make prices so low.

The rag dealers are happy once more. They greet your correspondent with a complacent smile. "The market is booming," said one dealer, and then, as if to modify the warmth of his expression a little, he added, "It can't be denied that business is a little better."

SAWTELLE.

## General Notes.

The Whiting Paper Company received last week from Paris its huge register which was at the Exposition. It is claimed to be the largest blank book in the world, the dimensions being 26 by 25 inches, and the weight 200 pounds. It contains 3,000 pages, will register 60,000 names, and cost \$250. It has now 2,968 names inscribed at the great fair, in all languages, characters and shapes. The paper is of the finest white ledger, with each page elaborately bordered in colors, and an advertisement of the company at the head. The binding is in full Russia, with borders highly worked, and in the centre-piece of each corner is an inland American and French flag crossed. The book is on exhibition at the company's No. 1 mill.

Woolworth & Graham will take charge of a collective paper and stationery exhibit at the forthcoming Exhibition in Australasia. The firm has made arrangements so that the exhibits will be placed in the three successive Exhibitions to be held at Sydney, Melbourne and Auckland, and will have a thoroughly experienced gentleman in charge of them. Another, and the last, vessel with the exhibits is now loading, and application for representation must be made at once.

Charles H. Hunter has been permitted to resign his position as Secretary of the Stationers' Board of Trade.

**Patent Office Decisions.**  
**EX PARTE INGERSOLL.**

Decided December 23, 1878.  
1. A claim for an improvement in the art of making paper dishes by a certain process distinguished from old processes only by the use of newly-contrived dies, which dies were not described nor claimed, disallowed.  
2. This sheet-metal dishes with sides having regular corrugations increasing in depth from the bottom toward the top being old, a claim for a paper dish of the same style refused.

Appeal from the Board of Examiners-in-Chief in the matter of the application of Chalmers Ingersoll, filed March 14, 1878, for letters patent for Corrugated Paper Dishes.

DOOLITTLE, Acting Commissioner—

The claims appealed upon are as follows:

1. The improvement in the art of making paper dishes, consisting in softening a sheet of paper, trimming up the edges and simultaneously bending the same to form regular corrugations therein without distending or wrinkling, and then drying while in the newly-acquired shape, as set forth.

2. A paper dish with sides having regular corrugations increasing in depth from the bottom toward the top, consisting of a single sheet of paper uniform in thickness, as set forth.

The patent of John W. Jarboe, January 25, 1870, No. 99,300, for improved paper dishes, sets forth a process of making such vessels from paper-board or sheets of paper by striking, stamping or pressing the same into the desired form. He describes his process as follows:

I take paper-board of any suitable description, or a paper sheet of the required size and thickness, straw-board being preferable for many articles, and laying it in or over a mold of the requisite form, bring down on it a stamp or die, and strike, stamp or press the same into the necessary shape required for the article.

He claims—The manufacture of bowls, pans, boxes, dishes, and other articles of similar character, by striking, stamping, or pressing them to the desired form from paper board or sheets of paper, substantially as specified.

In view of the broad language of the Jarboe patent, which includes dishes of all forms, whether corrugated or not, applicant should have shown some peculiar new contrivances or forms of dies by which these dishes are struck up, in order to obtain a patent upon novel matter. In fact, the applicant's attorney, in his printed brief, sets forth that the present article is completed and perfected "by means of the newly-contrived dies." Nothing was said as to any peculiar construction of dies in the specification as originally filed in this case; but special reference was made to the process set forth in Jarboe's patent; and if attempts were now made to claim any process resting upon the peculiar formation or construction of dies and molds, the same could not be allowed in this application, as being matter not shown nor described in the original specification, drawing, or model. The first claim, for the process cannot, therefore, be allowed.

The second claim, for the dish having regular corrugations, increasing in depth from the bottom toward the top, and consisting of a single sheet of paper of uniform thickness, is anticipated in analogous branches of manufacture. Thin sheet metal dishes of precisely the same style as this paper dish are shown in Skelling's patent and other references.

The decision of the Examiners-in-Chief is affirmed.

**Anhydrous Sulphuric Acid.**

J. Wolters prepares this compound by heating together dry bisulphate of soda and dry sulphate of magnesia. The reaction of these two salts should take place at a temperature decidedly below dull redness. A double compound of soda and magnesia is then formed, and dry sulphuric acid is set free. Bisulphate of potash can be used instead of soda, and in place of sulphate of magnesia, copperas, bluestone and sulphate of lime. Bisulphate of soda is made by heating Glauber's salts with oil of vitriol and dry sulphate of magnesia by heating Epsoms. The two dry salts are then mixed at a heat just sufficient to melt the bisulphate of soda, and the temperature is then raised sufficiently to distill off the dry sulphuric acid. The resulting compound of sulphate of soda with sulphate of magnesia may be decomposed in the wet way by known methods, so that these salts may be used over again.

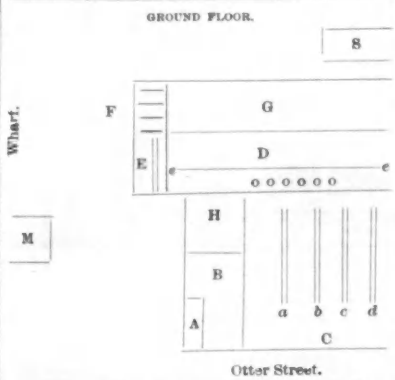
**A California Paper Mill.**

The mill of the California Paper Company is located at Stockton, Cal. The company is composed of wealthy San Francisco capitalists, who, it is said, are determined to make their mill first class and are now turning out news and wrapping paper that are said to be equal to the best Eastern makes. The facilities for manufacture are said to be ample, material is plentiful, and the cost of transportation to market is \$1 per ton. The mill is supplied with water from Artesian wells, which is always soft and clear and without freezing weather to contend with. The following description of the mill is taken from the *Stockton Independent*: The capacity of the mills is for 7,000 pounds of news paper, 4,000 pounds of straw wrapping, and 3,000 pounds of patent paper boards every twenty-four hours. One very finely made machine is arranged for making paper rolls for the continuous sheet printing presses, such as are used in the *Call*, *Bulletin* and *Post* offices. One machine, which has been in operation several weeks, is working on straw wrapping paper, which is made with a double mold, and of a quality to compete with the best made in the United States. The patent paper board will be pressed with a pressure of one thousand tons, making it as firm as wood and so thoroughly impervious to water that water pails and other articles may be made of it.

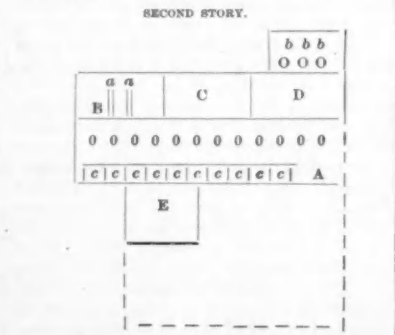
**DESCRIPTION OF THE MILLS.**

The mills are located on the south bank of the Mormon Channel, facing westward on Otter street. The building is of brick, 150x160 feet, a portion three stories in height, with an engine-room and boiler-room attached, each 25x40 feet.

The furnaces are so located that they face directly on the Mormon Channel, but a few feet distant, so that fuel landed from the vessels to the wharf can be shoveled at once into the furnaces. The following diagrams show the plan of the mills:



A, office, 10x18 ft.; B, packing and storage room, 40x50 ft.; C, machine room, 80x105 ft., containing the paper machines, of which a is for white paper, b is for continuous white news paper, c is for brown raw wrapping paper and d for paper boards, comprising a powerful hydraulic press and power pressure rolls; D, basement, 180x40 ft., containing the main line shafting e, with belt connections, for running the twelve pulping machines in the second story above, also six pulp vats, o, o; E, engine room, 25x40 ft.; F, boilers; G, basement, 30x60 ft.; H, basement under bleaching room for shafting, bleaching tanks, &c., 40x40 ft.; M, machine shops; S, store house.



A, pulping engine room, 160x40 ft., containing twelve oblong pulping engines, O, and ten square pulp tanks or draining bins marked e e; B, rotary boiler room, 50x30 ft., containing two large rotating boilers, a, a, for bleaching and cooking the material, each 7 ft. in diameter and 15 ft. long; C, assorting room, 50x30 ft., containing also three boiling tanks; D, straw boiling room, 60x30 ft.; E, bleaching room, containing six large vats filled with chloride of lime in solution, a pulping bleaching engine filled with chloride of lime, and a wet paper machine; b, b, three large vats for boiling and bleaching straw and rags, outside of the main building and adjoining the straw boiling room, D.



A, room for cutting and preparing straw for rotaries, 30x50 ft., adjoining which are four iron tanks, a a a, for preparing chemicals for reducing straw for white paper; B, rag sorting, cutting and dusting room, 30x100 ft.

Every precaution has been taken in the construction of the building to provide for the contingency of fire. There are tanks on top and about the building filled with water, and in case of fire streams equal to the capacity of several fire engines can be turned on at once. The buildings are isolated from every other in the neighborhood, making insurance lighter than it would otherwise be. They have been so planned that in no part are the rooms cramped or crowded. Plenty of room and plenty of light has been the object, and the manner in which it has been attained gives evidence that the projectors have profited by past experience. This mill is said to be far in advance of all others on the coast, both in capacity and improved facilities. The mills are now running night and day. The force employed will be between 80 and 100 men, women and children, when running at full capacity, and the pay-roll already aggregates over \$5,000 a month. Mr. Lane is confident of success, and believes that paper of the finest quality can be made and placed on the California market at prices to compete successfully with Eastern-made paper.

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**HORSFORD'S ANTI-CHLORINE.** SUPERIOR to any other Anti-Chlore in use. It is a very fine white powder, wholly unobjectionable to the most fastidious manufacturer. Adapted to fine Ledger and Writing Papers, Common Book or News, sized or unsized.

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Philadelphia, 1876.  
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Paris, 1878.  
**John Pfeffer & Co.**  
GHENT, BELGIUM.  
Chief Works, - - BELGIUM. ALSO, PARIS, LONDON, BRUGES.

**CUT RAGS**  
Seamed and Dusted Ready for Use.  
SPECIAL ASSORTMENT OF **Waste Papers** AND **BAGGING.**  
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**ARE YOUR MILLS Fully Insured** In SOUND Companies?  
A prominent paper-maker writes: "As stated before, we want to get out of the hands of our local agents, who omit no opportunity to make us feel that we are paper manufacturers, and that paper mills are burning up at the rate of one a minute." We can refer to some of the leading Paper Mills, for whom we are SOLE AGENTS.

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Caustic Soda, Alum Cakes, Soda Ash, Mineral White, Soda Crystals, China Clay, Bleaching Powders, Colors, &c.  
LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

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Superfine Hand-Made **ACCOUNT BOOK, BANK NOTE, AND CHEQUE PAPERS.**  
Machine-Made Writings, Drawings, Bank Posts, Cartridges, Printings, And all the Best Marks of Paper.

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**WOOD PULP** AND **WOOD PULP BOARDS** OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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**GEORGE HARLEY,** Importer of California Rags, and Dealer in **WOOLEN and COTTON RAGS, and all kinds of PAPER STOCK.** 362, 365 & 367 THIRD STREET between Avenue D and Lewis St. NEW YORK.

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Soda Ash, Bleaching Powders, Sal Soda, Hyposulphite of Soda, Caustic Soda, English Alum, English Clay, Rosin, &c.  
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Contracts made and executed with thoroughness and dispatch upon reasonable terms.  
**WATER WHEEL,** Guaranteeing Economy and Excellence Unequalled.

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ESTABLISHED 1867. **EDWIN HARRINGTON & SON,** MANUFACTURERS OF Extension and Gap Lathes, Foot Lathes, Iron Planers, Boring Mills, Centring and Topping Machines, Upright Drills, with geared heads, automatic feed, quick return to spindles; Multiple and Lever Drills, Blacksmith and Carriage-Makers' Drills, Post Drills, to run by hand or power, Radial Drills, Suspension Drills, with geared head, automatic feed. Pat. Screw Pulley Blocks, UNRIVALED FOR DURABILITY, SAFETY AND POWER. N. 15th St. & Pennsylvania Ave., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

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Paper and Paper-Makers' Supplies. ANDERSON, J. F., Jr., & Co., 34 Beekman st. BARRETT & CROTTY, Dealers in Paper and Twine, 85 Centre st., N. Y.

Rags and Paper Stock.

ATTERBURY BROS., 253 & 255 Front st. BEEBE & O'CONNELL, Commission Paper and Paper Stock Dealers, 78 Duane st., N. Y.

LIBMANN, JOSEPH, New Rags a Specialty, 3 Howard st., N. Y. LYON, J. W., & CO., 35 Park st.

MAHARIN, M. A., 35 & 36 Spring st. McQUADE, ARTHUR J., Foreign & Domestic Woolen and Cotton Rags, 335 & 537 E. 13th st., N. Y.

O'MEARA, M., 27 Centre st. SERGEANT BROS., 78 William st., N. Y. SMITH, THOMAS, 30 Hester st.

TAYLOR, M. A., 388 Broome st. TAYLOR, E. W., Packer of the celebrated Brand Diamond T. Rags, 1 Resde st., N. Y.

WARD, OWEN, 448 & 450 West 39th st. PFLUGNER, J. C., 404 & 406 W. Forty-first st., N. Y.

TUCKER, JOHN, Dealer in Paper Manufacturers' Stock, 52 Ann st., N. Y.

Paper-Makers' Chemicals and Colors. HELLER & MERZ, Ultramarine, 55 Maiden lane, N. Y. HOFFMANN, W. & CO., Ultramarine, 74 Pine st.

RIKER, J. L. & D. S., 45 Cedar st. KLIPSTEIN, A., Elephant Brand, Aluminum Cake, 32 Platt street, N. Y.

LEVINE, J., CAMPBELL & CO., Blackley Blue, 42 Duane st., N. Y.

Paper-Makers. ORRIS & CO., Printing and Hanging Mills at Troy, Office, 39 Park Row, New York.

Jute Butt Brokers. CABOT, BOWLES & CO., 85 Beaver st.

Note Broker. COLBY, C. A., Buys and Sells Notes of Paper Manufacturers and Dealers, 32 Nassau st., N. Y.

Straw Boards. BUTTERFIELD, H. A., 548 Pearl st., near Broadway. HAYES, JAMES E. & CO., 75 Duane st.

Wire Cloth. LANG, MARIUS, Importer of Wire Cloth, 94 Bleeker st., N. Y.

OUT OF TOWN HOUSES. Belt Hooks. TALCOTT, WALTER O., Box 680, Providence, R. I.

Binders' Boards. SHEEDER, J. FRED., Mfr. of Alum. Binders' Trunk and Buttons Boards, Kimberton, Pa.

BARBER, J. & S., Paper Stock and Binders' Boards, 621 and 623 Commerce st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Ice Cream Boxes, Wood and Paper Plates. AULBAUGH, CRUME & CO., Dayton, Ohio, Make a Specialty of Ice Cream Boxes.

Paper Bags and Flour Sacks. BLOOMINGTON PAPER AND BAG CO., "Acme" Satchel Bottom Bags, 38 & 40 La Salle st., Chicago, Ill.

Paper Makers' Chemicals and Colors. BLANCHARD, J. HENRY, Chemicals and Wood Pulp, 36 Battery March st., Boston, Mass.

Paper-Making Machinery. EMERSON, J. T., Patent Cone Washer, Claremont, N. H. HOLYOKE MACHINE CO., Holyoke, Mass.

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BUTLER, THOMAS, Dealer in Paper Stock, Woolen Rags, &c., 249 Causeway st., Boston, Mass.

DORAN, A., Wholesale Dealer in Paper and Paper Stock, 6 & 8 Union st., Bridgeport, Conn.

B. FELSETHAL & BROS., Paper, Bags, Twine, Woolen & Cotton Rags, 156-160 S. Desplaines st., Chicago.

FRANZEN, WM., Wholesale Paper, Paper Stock and Woolen Rags, 60 Oneida st., Milwaukee, Wis.

GILBERT, WM., & CO., Paper and Woolen Mfrs' Materials, 11 & 13 Market st., Chicago, Ill.

GRAHAM & BRO., H. B., Paper Warehouse and Stock Dealers, St. Louis, Mo.

HARRIS, M. & BROS., 403 & 405 Fifth ave., Chicago, Ill. Branch Houses: Dubuque, Ia.; Burlington, Ia.

LOEWENTHAL BROS., Woolen Rags, Paper Stock, 61 & 63 South Jefferson st., Chicago.

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LOEWENTHAL, B., Dealer in Paper Stock and Woolen Rags, 51 W. Lake st., Chicago, Ill.

McARDLE & HART, Cotton and Woolen Rags and Paper Stock, Newburg, N. Y.

MARKLE, C. P. & SONS, Mfrs. of Printing and Glazed Hardware, 136 Second av., Pittsburg, Pa.

MAYER, A. B., Rags and Paper Stock Dealer, 1014, 1020 & 1022 N. Twelfth st., St. Louis, Mo.

RICHMOND & CO., F. H., Paper and Paper Stock Warehouse, Cotton Waste Dealers, Providence, R. I.

SNIDERS, LOUIS' SONS, Manufacturers and Wholesale Paper Dealers, 131 Walnut st., Cincinnati, O.

WINKLER, ISAAC, Wholesale Dealer, 18 & 20 Main st., Cincinnati, O.

Straw Boards and Straw Wrapping. TUCKER'S, E., SONS, Straw Boards, Paper and Paper-Box Mach'y, 100 Trumbull st., Hartford, Ct.

Wire-Cloth Manufacturers. STANDARD WIRE WORKS, Belleville, N. J.

Wood Pulp Board. McCANN, FITCH & CONVERSE, Chicago, Ill. Sole Agents for "Androscooggin Wood Pulp Board."

FOREIGN HOUSES. Wood Pulp and Wood Pulp Boards. THE GOTHENBURG COMMERCIAL CO. (Limited) Market Buildings, 25 Mining Lane, London, Eng.

IMPORTATIONS OF PAPER STOCK PAPER, BOOKS, CHEMICALS, &c.

IMPORTS of Paper and Paper Materials, Books &c., at the Port of New York, for the week ended April 4, 1879. Quantity given in packages when not otherwise specified.

Table with columns: Item, Quantity, Value. Includes Asiline Colors, Alum, Aluminum Cake, Bleaching Powders, Soda Ash, Soda, Bicarb., Soda, Caustic, Soda, Sal, Ultramarine, Books, Newspapers, Engravings, Ink, Lead Pencils, Paper, Steel Pens, Stationery, Clay, Jute Butts, Jute Rejects, Paper Hangings, Paper Stock, Waste, and Total.

EXPORTS of Paper, Books, &c., from the Port of New York to Foreign Ports, for the week ended April 8, 1879, with Aggregates and Values.

BOOKS, cases, to Dutch West Indies, 4; to Bremen, 2; to Glasgow, 1; to United States of Colombia, 16; to Liverpool, 25; to Mexico, 13; to Havre, 12; to British West Indies, 1; to Hayti, 7; to Cuba, 6.

PAPER, to Danish West Indies, 7 pkgs.; to Hamburg, 21 pkgs.; to Rotterdam, 4 ca.; to Cadix, 10 rns.; to Liverpool, 3 ca.; to Mexico, 3 pkgs.; to British West Indies, 1,183 rns., 28 pkgs.; to Ecuador, 151 pkgs.; to United States of Colombia, 85 pkgs.; to Hayti, 1,008 rns., 2 pkgs.; to Cuba, 538 pkgs.; to Porto Rico, 2,500 rns.; to Brazil, 603 pkgs.; to Venezuela, 1,372 rns.

STATIONERY, cases, to Bremen, 5; to Liverpool, 7; to Mexico, 3; to New Zealand, 1; to British Australia, 6; to British West Indies, 2; to United States of Colombia, 23; to Cuba, 3.

Table with columns: Item, Quantity, Value. Includes Paper, reams, Paper, pkgs., Paper, cases, Books, cases, Rosin, bbis, Stationery, cases, and Totals.

TOTAL EXPORTS. General Merchandise, for the week ended April 8, 1879, \$5,960,958. Paper, &c., for the year ended May 27, 1878, 2,889,482.

NEW YORK IMPORTS. FROM APRIL 4, 1879, TO APRIL 10, 1879, INCLUSIVE. Rags, &c.

W. O. Davey & Son, Rhein, London, 53 ba. paper waste; 103 ba. rope junk. Lee & Sturgeon, by same, 70 ba. rags.

W. I. Clark, by same, 239 ba. paper stock. Friggs & Taylor, by same, 119 ba. rags. Campbell, Hall & Co., Greece, London, 137 ba. rags.

J. W. Lyon & Co., by same, 59 ba. rags. J. Libmann, by same, 40 ba. paper stock. W. I. Clark, by same, 164 ba. paper stock.

Fabrizi & Chauncey, L'Amico, Catania, 504 ba. rags. W. H. Parsons & Co., Ethiopia, Glasgow, 43 ba. paper stock.

Paper. Fay, Donnelly & Co., Parthia, Liverpool, 3 ca. hangings. J. B. Wall, by same, 1 ca.

F. J. Emmerich & Co., Silesia, Havre, 8 ca. hangings. L. De Jonge & Co., by same, 5 ca. B. Hildebrand, by same, 1 ca.

T. A. Norman, by same, 5 ca. May Brothers, by same, 7 ca. Chas. Beck, Rhein, Bremen, 1 ca.

BOSTON IMPORTS. FROM APRIL 3, 1879, TO APRIL 9, 1879, INCLUSIVE. [NOTE.—For some unexplained reason the Custom House authorities at Boston have decided to withhold the names of importers of chemicals from the press.

Parties wishing their names to appear in the reports of imports will please communicate with J. Henry Blanchard, No. 36 Battery March street.—Ed.]

Books. E. A. Snow, Brazilian, Liverpool, 1 ca. Houghton, Osgood & Co., by same, 1 ca. Wellesley College, Marathon, Liverpool, 2 ca.

Estes & Lauriat, by same, 2 ca. A. Roffe & Co., by same, 1 ca. E. A. Snow, by same, 1 ca. N. J. Bartlett & Co., by same, 10 ca. G. Ellis, by same, 1 ca.

J. C. Rogers, by same, 1 ca. printed matter. H. Schoenhof, Brazilian, Liverpool, 1 ca. music. A. P. Schmidt, by same, 1 ca. music. A. P. Schmidt, Marathon, Liverpool, 2 ca. music. Roberts Brothers, by same, 1 ca. printed sheets.

Paper. Brown Bros. & Co., Marathon, Liverpool, 1 ca. C. Ried, by same, 1 ca. manufactured. T. Strahan, Jr., by same, 1 ca. hangings.

Paper Stock. S. D. Warren & Co., Brazilian, Liverpool, 273 ba. rags. C. A. Cheney, by same, 130 tons rags; 35 ba. paper stock.

S. D. Warren & Co., Marathon, Liverpool, 261 ba. rags. Warren & Co., by same, 58 ba. paper stock. Morey & Co., by same, 84 tons paper stock.

H. M. Knowles, by same, 53 ba. rags; 86 ba. junk. Briggs & Taylor, by same, 226 ba. rags. Briggs & Taylor, Bohemian, Liverpool, 42 ba. rags. Train, Hosford & Co., by same, 65 coils rope.

Morey & Co., by same, 4 1/2 tons rags; 108 ba. paper stock. S. D. Warren & Co., by same, 100 ba. rags. C. A. Cheney, Minnesota, Liverpool, 21 ba. rags. Crocker, Burbank & Co., Auguste Andre, Antwerp, 473 ba. paper stock.

Briggs & Taylor, Manitoban, Glasgow, 54 ba. paper stock. Tudor & Co., Ice King, Calcutta, 3,700 ba. Soda Ash.

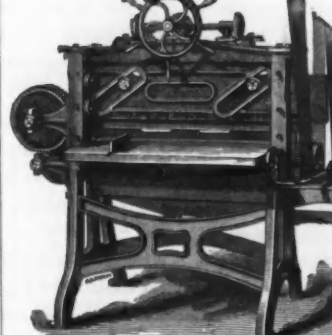
Wing & Evans, Marathon, Liverpool, 43 cks. W. B. Reynolds & Co., Bohemian, Liverpool, 88 cks. Order, by same, 36 cks. Order, by same, 53 cks. Order, by same, 45 cks.

Bleaching Powder. Order, Bohemian, Liverpool, 115 cks. Caustic Soda. Wing & Evans, Marathon, Liverpool, 100 drums. Order, Bohemian, Liverpool, 100 drums. Order, by same, 416 drums. China Clay. Boston and Sandwich Glass Company, Bohemian, Liverpool, 20 cks. J. Henry Blanchard, Seminole, Savannah, 12 cks. Venetian Red. C. L. Andrews, Marathon, Liverpool, 300 bbis. C. L. Andrews, Manitoban, Liverpool, 300 bbis. Hide Cuttings. C. A. Cheney, Minnesota, Liverpool, 18 bags. Stoddard, Lovering & Co., Bohemian, Liverpool, 150 bags. C. A. Cheney, Brazilian, Liverpool, 23 ba.

PHILADELPHIA IMPORTS.

Books. P. Flattery, Juniata, Savannah, 1 ca. National Publishing Company, by same, 1 ca.

THE DOOLEY PAPER CUTTERS.

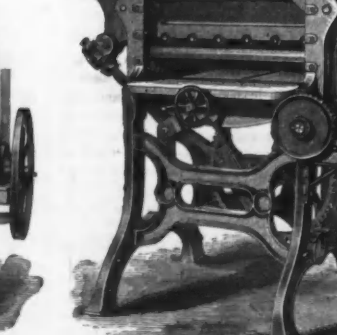


STEAM POWER. The Dooley Paper Cutters were awarded the highest premium—a SILVER MEDAL—at the Exhibition of the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, held in Boston, September and October, 1878. Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List to THE ATLANTIC WORKS, East Boston, Mass., Builders of Marine and Stationary Engines, Boilers, &c. &c.

Paper Stock.

Jessup & Moore Paper Company, Juniata, Savannah, 17 ba. F. Flattery, by same, 17 ba. Order, by same, 2 ba.

THE DOOLEY PAPER CUTTERS.



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HENRY C. LOCKWOOD, INGERSOLL, LOCKWOOD.

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References by permission: HUDSON & CHENEY PAPER CO., North Manchester, Conn.; WILSON, BROS. & CO., Birmingham, Conn., and many others.

SMITH, WINCHESTER & CO., South Windham, Conn., MANUFACTURERS OF

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The Paper Trade Journal.

DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO THE INTERESTS OF

The American Paper Trade.

Weekly, \$4.00 per annum.

Single Copies, 10 Cents

NEW YORK: SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1879.

Advertisements cannot be received for insertion in the current week later than 9 A. M. on Friday.

The PAPER TRADE JOURNAL is the recognized organ of the various Paper-Makers' Associations of the United States.

THE JOURNAL contains the latest and fullest information relative to the paper trade in all parts of the world, including descriptions of new appliances and processes for making paper, experiments with new fibres and other materials, a record of the water supply, with the latest manufacturing news in all parts of the country.

Subscription and postage for Great Britain, per annum, £1

Subscription and postage for France, per annum, 25 francs

Subscription and postage for Germany, per annum, 8 shalers

Foreign subscribers may address our New York office. Communications on matters of interest to the trade are earnestly solicited from all quarters.

will be gladly received.

All communications must be addressed to

HOWARD LOCKWOOD,

Publisher and Proprietor.

No. 74 Duane street, N. Y.

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Philadelphia: W. R. JEROME, Manager, 702 CHESTNUT STREET.

Chicago: SAWTELLE FORD, Manager, 8 LAKESIDE BUILDING.

Detroit: F. H. DRAKE & Co. (Agents for Michigan).

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Edwing & Co., Stockholm, Sweden.
John L. Sprague, Gibraltar, Spain.
Lecardo Pardo, Vigo, Spain.
S. H. Haine, Antwerp, Belgium.
G. Galvagno, Turin, Italy.
B. Bernard, Venice and Florence, Italy.
G. Gade, Christiansia, Norway.
J. H. de Bussey, Amsterdam, Holland, and the Dutch East Indies.
Gordon & Gotch, Melbourne and Sydney, Australia.
Frearson & Bro., Adelaide, South Australia.
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E. T. Wheeler, Dunedin, New Zealand.
W. Snelling, Brisbane, Queensland.
A. G. Webster, Hobart Town, Tasmania.
Knight & Co., Newchwang, China.
Kelly & Walsh, Shanghai, China.
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A. Illustracao Brasileira, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.
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Seymour Keeler, Valdivia, Chili.
E. P. Pellet, Barranquilla, Colombia.
Pedro Obregon, La Guaira, Venezuela.
Imp. de "El Ferrocarril", Montevideo, Uruguay.
Behnenourt & hijos, Curacao, W. I.
Da Costa & Co., Barbadoes, W. I.
Chas. Bartlett, Jr. & Co., St. Pierre, Martinique, W. I.
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John G. Clark, Kingston, Canada.
A. T. D. Shaw, Toronto, Canada.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

As THE PAPER TRADE JOURNAL is the recognized vehicle of communication in matters of trade interest, we will be glad to receive correspondence from all parts of the country.

Subscribers to THE JOURNAL can be supplied with the best cloth binder in the market. Deliverable at the publication office. Price, \$1.25.

Readers of this paper who avail themselves of the information obtained from its columns, by advertisement or otherwise, are requested to notify their correspondents of the source of their information.

PREPARATIONS are being made for a collective exhibit of American papers at the three exhibitions shortly to occur in Australia, the first of which will be held at Sydney in October.

VERY encouraging reports come from all parts of the country as to the character of general trade. In some of the lines upon which the paper trade relies for support there is a wholesome activity.

is something constantly going on in the way of business low prices prevail and full stocks do not help to improve them.

THE French are getting uneasy as to the future industrial development of Italy. That country has the cheapest labor in Europe, and perhaps the greatest number of people who ought to be "set to work."

THE art of dyeing has made extraordinary progress within a few years. There seems to be no limit to the new shades of the aniline colors. The great manufacturer in Germany cleared a profit last year of several hundred thousands of dollars, and now the Ludwigham establishment bids fair to have struck another mine in the anthracene blues—sold in commerce under the name of alizarine blues, but which in reality are an intermediary between indigo and alizarine.

Communications.

[Communications are solicited from everyone who has anything of value or interest to impart. Items of news, trade gossip, and personal information will be gladly received.]

Economy in Fuel.

To the Editor of The Journal: "Paper-Maker" says he can produce better results from the consumption of fuel with the use of the "Jarvis" than I gave in a former article, and goes on to say that he is "producing 8,500 lbs. of wrapping paper per day of twenty-four hours from 5,500 to 6,000 lbs. of pea coal, dust, and soft coal mixed."

and makes what sells for paper. In order to institute a fair comparison in the consumption of fuel to the production of a ton of paper, reference must be had to the manner or quality of the work.

Now, if all the paper-makers like him are running their mills up to their full capacity, is it any wonder that the paper market is broke and completely demoralized? Since our meeting last June at the Stanwix, I have aimed to run my little mill on half time, and bating repairs, short water, inclination and low temperature, I have not until very lately seen more than half of that half, and by thus imitating the Western association have, by prudent and advantageous sales to consumers, saved a little butter for my bread.

No greater mistake could have been made by manufacturers than the one they made at their last meeting by refusing to agree on the twelve-hour system, and thus regulating the market themselves. If a meeting was now convened I have no doubt the measure would receive a favorable response, and for one, I would be glad to see a trial of that policy.

Changes, Removals and New Firms.

F. N. Kellogg, stationer, Bluffton, Ind., has sold out.

L. D. Virgil, stationer, Mexico, N. Y., has sold out to Whipple & Gass.

Fred. G. Gibbs, stationer, Detroit, Mich., is closing out his business.

Oscar R. Morey, stationer, Gilman, Ill., has sold out to J. P. Orcutt.

Clemmitt & Jones, printers, Richmond, Va., have dissolved partnership.

Brooks, Schinkel & Co., dealers in books and stationery, Cleveland, Ohio, have dissolved partnership.

Whitcomb & Shaut, stationers, Towanda, Pa., have dissolved partnership. S. P. Whitcomb continues.

A. H. Neidig & Co., publishers of the Republican, Marshalltown, Iowa, have sold out to Henderson & Merriman.

E. L. Schinkel, has been admitted to the firm of Ingham, Clark & Co., dealers in books and stationery, Cleveland, Ohio.

J. Harper Bonnell has retired as general partner from the firm of Arthur & Bonnell, stationers, New York City, but remains as special.

J. Harper Bonnell has been admitted to partnership in the firm of D. W. Wilson & Co., manufacturers of printers' ink, New York City.

Brown & Hard are removing from their store on William street to their new quarters, located at 29 Murray street and 33 Warren street. Their new store will be fully occupied by April 15.

John Gebhardt and Philip Kramer, Detroit, Mich., have formed a copartnership for the purpose of doing a wholesale and retail paper and stationery business. The style is Gebhardt & Kramer.

John H. Taylor, of the firm of Briggs & Taylor, whose dissolution is announced to take place on May 1, will continue in business at the old store, 60 Duane street. Mr. Taylor has been in the trade for some fifteen years, and has had a varied experience both in home and foreign markets.

F. Hirschfield, stationer, Los Angeles, Cal., has assigned.

Wiley & Confer, paper manufacturers, Portsmouth, Ohio, have been sold out.

J. R. Garrett, publisher of the Sentinel, Mount Sterling, Ky., has assigned.

Henry A. Young & Co., booksellers and stationers, Boston, Mass., have failed.

Application has been made to force T. L. Steel, paper manufacturer, Montreal, Canada, into bankruptcy.

A meeting of the creditors of R. Crampton Rock Island, Ill., dealer in books and stationery, was held at the rooms of the Stationers' Board of Trade, on Tuesday afternoon. The liabilities were stated at about \$30,000.

The creditors agreed to accept fifty cents on the dollar in full for their claims, twenty-five cents to be paid in cash, and the balance in notes at six, nine, and twelve months. Mr. Crampton has been in business about twenty years, and was formerly of the firm of Devoe & Crampton, which was succeeded a few years ago by Crampton & Co.

Dell & Knapp, bookbinders and stationers, Baltimore, Md., have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors. A meeting of creditors was held on April 2, at which an offer was made to pay thirty cents on the dollar, and upon an examination of their affairs this was accepted. The creditors were very favorably disposed towards the firm, and their action in the matter was unanimous. The liabilities are stated at about \$10,000. The reasons assigned

by the firm for its failure are bad debts, the firm of Kelly, Piet & Co., of Baltimore, owing them \$3,600, among others.

John R. Cushman & Son, manufacturers of leather board, North Amherst, Mass., have failed.

The affairs of Frank Leslie, who made an assignment on September 8, 1877, and whose business has since been carried on by Isaac W. England, the assignee, command attention from the action of the Board of Trustees, at their meeting on March 20 last, at which time an arrangement was completed by and between Mr. Leslie and four of the trustees, acting in their capacity as attorneys for the creditors. It will be remembered that at the meeting held on September 13, 1877, a committee was appointed to investigate the affairs of Mr. Leslie and to report some plan of action to the creditors. At a meeting held on October 5, 1877, this committee reported. It recommended the appointment of a board of five trustees to take charge of and carry on the business for a term of three years and three months, ending January 1, 1881.

The creditors were to receive 80 per cent. of the entire net profits, Mr. Leslie taking the remaining 20 per cent., and in the meantime drawing \$300 a week salary for his services. The creditors signed a full power of attorney to enable the trustees to conduct the business. Mr. Leslie entered into this arrangement, supposing there would be no obstacles in the way of the assignee turning the business over to him, so that he could put his entire affairs in the hands of the trustees. But although almost all of the creditors were willing, one difficulty after another arose, and this arrangement has never been completed. Mr. England has, as assignee, carried on the business, at times consulting with the trustees. Some five months later Mr. Leslie proposed to settle at 50 cents. The trustees voted to accept, but Mr. Leslie could not raise the money. Meetings of the board have been held from time to time, but nothing of special importance was acted upon until the 20th ultimo, when another agreement was completed with Mr. Leslie. There were four members of the board present, viz., A. H. Rice, W. H. Parsons, John H. Hall, and Edward Goodwin, Jr. These four signed the agreement. W. D. Wilson, the fifth trustee, was not present, and now claims that he was not notified. The arrangement covers the taking of the business out of the hands of the court, and turning it over to Mr. Leslie, he agreeing to pay 40 cents in two years and nine months, in addition to the 15 per cent. dividend already paid. There is to be a board of trustees, to be composed of three of the present board of five. To this board Mr. Leslie is to give a chattel mortgage on all his property of whatever character, and also pledges himself to a certain course of action, including the drawing of a stipulated sum, upon the violation of which in any part the trustees can foreclose the mortgage, and assume full charge of the business. The three do not propose to be in any way liable to the creditors. This whole action is based on the idea that the trustees have a full power of attorney to do just what they please with this estate. They certainly hold such a paper, but certain creditors who signed have since revoked their authority, and claim that they signed under a misapprehension. Mr. Wilson, who was not present at the meeting, has sent a circular to the creditors, which is given below. Mr. Goodwin, who signed the resolution, has since, it is understood, become convinced that it is not to the best interests of the creditors, and he will do what he can to prevent its consummation, inasmuch as he signed hastily and under a misapprehension. Mr. Leslie has applied to the Court for a settlement of the accounts of the assignee preparatory to turning over to him the entire estate in accordance with the authority given by the creditors through the board of trustees. This is set down for the 21st inst. It is claimed that creditors representing over \$100,000 will endeavor to prevent the business being taken out of the assignee's hands. On the other hand the majority of the board claims that it represents all the creditors and that its power of attorney is complete and irrevocable. The whole matter depends on how the Court will look upon this power of attorney. A number of the principal creditors feel that the affairs of the concern are progressing well enough. When Mr. England took possession he had to borrow \$8,000 to pay the hands with. He found the whole establishment in bad condition. New and more desirable quarters had to be occupied, a burdensome lease had to be got rid of, a suit with the Government was compromised and various outstanding debts were paid, which outlays amounted in all to about \$60,000. Twenty per cent. in dividends has been paid, which figures up another \$60,000. This all proves the large paying capacity of the estate and the efficiency of Mr. England's management. Against this view there is the opinion of the majority of the board that the business could have been carried on more economically and that the creditors will secure more from the results of the new arrangement. Following is a letter addressed to Mr. Leslie's creditors by Mr. Wilson, one of the five trustees:

To the Creditors of Frank Leslie: March 31, 1879.

On the 8th day of October, 1877, at a meeting of the creditors of Mr. Leslie, it was resolved that a committee of five be appointed to act in the interests of the general body of creditors. On the 22d day of October, a power of attorney was executed to carry out this resolution, and Messrs. Hall, Parsons, Rice, Goodwin and myself were appointed the five representatives of the creditors.

On the 20th of March, 1879, a majority of this committee executed, I am told, some form of agreement with Mr. Leslie, authorizing the assignee to surrender to him his estate upon his promise to pay by the 1st of January, 1882, what would amount, after allowing for the last dividend paid, to about 45 per cent. of the balance of their claims.

This agreement provides that three of this committee retain for themselves sufficient power to enable them to control the purchase of supplies, and the management of the cash of the said estate, without

in any way leaving themselves liable to the creditors for any mismanagement.

They are to be over Mr. Leslie for a term of years, but without liability; assuming, in fact, power without responsibility.

I deem it my duty to inform the creditors that this agreement was discussed, resolved upon and matured by certain members of the committee without the slightest conference with me as one of your delegated representatives, or with the assignee, and with no hint to me as to the complete overturn in the conduct of the estate that was in contemplation.

I indeed, I am informed that the members devising this scheme bound Mr. Leslie to secrecy, so that the matter should not be brought to my knowledge, or that of Mr. Goodwin, another of the committee. The scheme, so framed, was embodied in the form of a resolution and was hastily passed by a majority of the committee at a meeting at which I was not present, and to attend which I received no notice. This was the more singular in view of the fact that there had not been any discord or ill-feeling between myself and any member of the committee.

It should also be stated, that this was the first meeting of the committee during the eighteen months that we have conferred together at which any matter of moment to the creditors had been passed upon without a full attendance of the members.

I desire now to state to the creditors that in my judgment this agreement is a surrender of their rights partly in Mr. Leslie's interest, and partly in other interests. I believe that Mr. Isaac W. England, the assignee, whose administration of the estate has been characterized by a devotion to the interests of the creditors, an ability and an integrity as rare as it is praiseworthy in these days, could, in the two years and nine months given to Mr. Leslie by this new arrangement to pay 45 per cent. of the debts, discharge the indebtedness of the estate in full—dollar for dollar.

I do not see why such concessions should be made to Mr. Leslie, and he reinstated in an estate worth at the smallest estimate a quarter of a million of dollars upon his simple promise to pay his creditors half of what they are entitled to. It enriches him at too great an expense to others.

I therefore have protested to the assignee as one of your representatives against the consummation of this bargain, and feel that I should not have done my duty to you who have honored me with the trust unless I had brought to your knowledge the fact that I had so protested against a scheme so detrimental to your interests, and had given you the caution which I think the circumstances of the case call for.

Very respectfully, W. D. WILSON, one of the Committee of Five Creditors to the estate of F. Leslie.

William L. Sands, the assignee of Daniel D. Comes, called a meeting of the creditors on Thursday, at the office of L. G. & R. L. Garrettsou, at No. 26 Broad street, but owing to the inclemency of the weather there was a very small attendance present, and an adjournment was agreed on until Monday afternoon, April 14, at the same hour and place. The liabilities are \$8,194.89, the nominal assets \$2,585.52, and actual, after deducting bad debts and other allowances, \$1,298.56. The creditors are between forty and fifty in number. The creditors present at the meeting seemed favorably disposed toward Mr. Comes, and a speedy settlement is probable.

Chattel Mortgages.

[In the appended list R. signifies a renewal of a pre-existing mortgage; b. s., bill of sale; and real, a mortgage on real estate.]

NEW YORK CITY.

Mortgagee. Amount.

H. L. Crane, \$112

A. & J. Dickson, 500

J. McWilliams, 10,180

W. J. Reed (R.), 856

EASTERN STATES.

A. H. Brooks, Boston, Mass., 50

A. O. Milne, Fall River, Mass., 561

Geo. W. Severance, South Abington, Mass., 1,650

W. E. Moore, Manchester, N. H., 300

WESTERN STATES.

John Berg, Chicago, Ill., 500

C. F. Holman, Chicago, Ill., 300

A. R. Fleming, St. Louis, Mo., 420

SOUTHERN STATES.

J. F. Hamilton, Baltimore, Md., 300

A. D. Thompson, Baltimore, Md., b. s., 800

Fires.

A fire at Nos. 57, 59, and 61 Kingston street, Boston, on Wednesday last damaged the stock of Whitney Bros., wholesale paper and twine dealers, to the loss of \$75.

Edwin H. Sampson's "Shirley" leather board mill, at Shirley Village, Mass., was burned on April 3. The loss is \$14,000, on which there is only \$7,000 worth of insurance, distributed among a number of companies. The reason for so little insurance is that the Shirley mill and the Squanacook mill are both on one dam, and the policies cover specific matter to the extent of \$85,000, the loss being confined entirely to the small mill. Had it not been for a Wiswall pump, driven by a special wheel, the loss would have reached at least \$150,000. As it was, the fire was extinguished after damage to the extent stated.

In Town.

S. Y. Beach, Seymour, Conn.; Wellington Campbell, Milburn, N. J.; F. G. Weeks, Skaneateles, N. Y.; L. C. Woodruff, Buffalo, N. Y.; Willard Rice, Boston, Mass.; Chas. Crocker, Fitchburg, Mass.; C. O. Chapin, Springfield, Mass.; P. Chaffee, Lee, Mass.; C. H. Mullen, Mt. Holly Springs, Pa.; John McLean, Ballston Sp., N. Y.

The paper handkerchiefs and napkins, in Japanese style, which the Cleveland, O., Paper Company is offering for sale, have taken very well. The patterns are, many of them, new, and the goods themselves are admirably adapted for use at tea-parties, lunches, pic-nics, and for public dinners, hotels, restaurants, &c.

An Englishman arrived in New York last week remarked to a friend that he was never so sick as on the passage over. His friend replied: "What, never?" And he answered: "Ah, now I begin to feel at home, you know; we 'ave 'ad that bad for some time."

Manufacturing News.

EASTERN STATES.

A new leather-board factory is to be started at Lewiston, Me.

The Wauregan paper mill at Holyoke was delayed for about two days last week by the bursting of the pipe connecting the Jordan engine and the chest.

Wilkinson Brothers & Co.'s new mill at Birmingham, Conn., which replaces that burned last fall, was started up on Wednesday last for the purpose of trying some of the machinery. It will be making paper by May 1.

Seventy men have been thrown out of employment by the closing of the Jessup and Ladin paper mills, Westfield.

MIDDLE STATES.

A new Jordan engine has been put in at the mill of the Hudson River Paper and Pulp Company, Palmers' Falls, N. Y. It was started last Saturday.

The old paper mill at Long Ferry, near Perth Amboy, N. J., is being fitted up as a factory for the manufacture of emery.

The Wissahickon Mills, Philadelphia, are running on paper for the Philadelphia Times, supplying rolls of 1,000 lbs. weight.

E. C. & P. H. Warren's paper mill, Philadelphia, Pa., was damaged during the storm of last week to the extent of \$3,000 by the chimney falling over and demolishing the steam engine.

A gentleman at Pleasant Mills, N. J., is raising yucca. A new paper mill is to be erected in place of the one that not long ago burned down, and yucca and other products of South Jersey are to be used in the manufacture of paper.

WESTERN STATES.

The mill of the Adrian (Mich.) Paper Mill Company, lately idle, has been overhauled by the Adrian and Mansfield Paper Manufacturing Company, which has taken the mill and will run it.

A new and larger water wheel has been put in at the mill of the Tama City (Iowa) Paper Company.

New buildings are being erected, and new machinery is to be put in at the Elkhart (Ind.) Wood Pulp Works, for the purpose of increasing capacity.

The growth of business has compelled the Ypsilanti (Mich.) Paper Company to add to its plant. Two new machines have been put into the "Superior" mill. The capacity of this company's mills has been largely increased both by the additions and rate of speed.

SOUTHERN STATES.

Machinery has been set up at Fernandina, Fla., for converting palmetto fibre into paper. The establishment of a mill at that point is, for the present, experimental. The fibre is said to make a very superior quality of paper.

FOREIGN.

The wood pulp and paper mills at Niederschlema, near Schneeberg (Germany) will be able to declare a larger dividend this year than ever before, although no greater quantity of paper has been sold, and that the average price has fallen from 55 to 53 marks per 100 kilos. The total profits for the year have been 189,119 marks, which will insure a dividend of 13 1/2 per cent.

The Freiberg Paper Mills at Weissenborn made 125,384 marks profit during the year, which will allow of a dividend of 5 per cent. The reduction in prices of paper was nearly covered by reductions in raw materials—especially esparto grass—and in wages.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[Insertions under this heading will be charged 50 cents a line. Payment invariably in advance.]

Australian International Exhibition. 76 DUANE ST., NEW YORK, April 11, 1879.

Manufacturers of paper, who desire representation through us at the Exhibition, to be opened at Sydney in September, must make immediate application in order that proper space may be secured. Our collective exhibit will be more complete even than that at Paris last year, and covering every variety, will doubtless still further advance the already high character which American papers have secured in so many of the markets of the world.

WOOLWORTH & GRAHAM.

FIFTH EDITION.

IN PRESS.

LOCKWOOD'S DIRECTORY OF THE Paper Trade.

This Directory contains a full and detailed description of every Paper Mill in the United States and Canada.

This Directory is octavo in form, is printed on the finest book paper, handsomely bound in cloth, and as a work of reference is indispensable to every Paper-maker, Paper and Paper Stock Dealer, Stationer, or any one connected with the trade.

LOCKWOOD'S DIRECTORY is the only STANDARD authority of the kind, and is constantly consulted by the Trade in all parts of the country.

PRICE, - - - \$2.00.

Address, HOWARD LOCKWOOD, Publisher, 74 DUANE STREET, N. Y.

Market Review.

OFFICE OF THE PAPER TRADE JOURNAL, FRIDAY EVENING, April 11, 1879.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The monetary situation early in the week showed some signs of stringency, and 7 per cent. was the rate commonly charged by borrowers on call, with exceptional transactions to Stock Exchange borrowers as high as 1-32 to 1-16 of 1 per cent. per diem. The great bulk of the transactions was at 6 per cent. The market toward the close assumed an easier tone, and under a steady increase in the supply of capital seeking employment the rates dropped to 4 to 5 per cent., which were the closing rates. The Government bond dealers were readily accommodated at 2 1/2 to 3 per cent. The currency movement, which has been against the city banks for some weeks, will soon turn in their favor, and it is confidently expected that in a short time the surplus reserve will show a handsome increase. The rapidity with which the new 4 per cent. loan has been absorbed may justly be regarded as indicative of a belief on the part of capitalists that money is likely to rule easy in the future. In discounts the rates for prime mercantile paper ranged from 5 to 7 per cent., but at the close the range was narrowed to 5 to 6 per cent. Quotations for commercial paper are as follows: 60 to 90 days' indorsed bills receivable, 5 1/2 to 6 per cent.; 4 months' acceptances, 6 to 7 per cent.; good single names, 4 to 6 months, 6 1/2 to 7 per cent.; double name 60 day paper, 5 1/2 to 6 per cent.; double name, 4 months, 6 to 7 per cent., and first class single name, 6 1/2 to 7.

Government bonds were strong in tone the first of the week, but at the close the market assumed a weak tendency. Registered 5s of 1881 declined from 103 1/2 to 103, and coupon do. fell off 1/4 to 104 1/4; \$300,000 registered 10-40s sold at 101 1/4, and \$320,000 registered 4s. at 99 1/4. The posted rates to-day are: Sterling 60 days, \$4.86 1/2; sterling, sight, \$4.88 1/2; cable transfers, \$4.88 1/2 to \$4.89 1/2; commercial sterling, prime long, \$4.84 1/2 to \$4.85 1/2; commercial sterling, good long, \$4.85 to \$4.84; Paris, bankers', 60 days, \$5.18 1/2 to \$5.17 1/2; do. sight, \$5.17 1/2 to \$5.16 1/2; do. Antwerp, bankers', 60 days, 5.18 1/2 to 5.17 1/2; do. sight, 5.16 1/2 to 5.17 1/2; Swiss, bankers', 60 days, 5.18 1/2 to 5.16 1/2; do. sight, 5.16 1/2 to 5.15 1/2; Reichsmarks (4), bankers', 60 days, 95 1/2 to 95; do. sight, 95 1/2 to 95 1/2; Guilders, bankers', 60 days, 40 1/2 to 40; do. sight, 40 1/2 to 40; and Paris dispatches quote exchange on London at 25 fr. 25c.

THE PAPER TRADE.—The market has undergone no particular change during the past week, and in extent of demand and general line of prices remains as previously noted. Writings, Ledgers and Records are in better movement than some other kinds, yet what trade is in progress is of a limited character. Engine-sized continue in medium and slow call, and no new feature is shown. A small shipment of Fine Writings was made to Italy during the week by a city dealer. In Book Papers no particular grade moved with any great degree of animation, and no changes are noted in quotations. News Papers sell in about the same extent of call as for some time past, at fairly steady figures. Ordinary Wrapping Manillas are still offered at extremely low prices, and there is not a single favorable feature to the business. Orders are taken and filled in some cases to give an appearance of business activity, and it is doubtful if any margin of profit is left to the seller. Straw Wrappings not only do not improve, but grow more depressed. Supplies are being brought into the market in very large quantities, and are being piled up in the warehouses to such an extent that it is getting to be a serious question as to what to do with them. This in the face of both a very moderate home demand and export trade, ought to act as a telling argument in favor of shutting down the State mills, as is proposed. Straw Boards are in the same slow movement previously noted. Binders' Boards have experienced no alteration in prices or demand.

JUTE BUTTS.—Butts have been without important movement, but prices are held steady on the basis of recent sales. We quote 2 1/2 c. cash and 2 3/4 c. time, and bagging quality 2 3/4 c. Stocks at New York and Boston are reported 30,316 bales.

WOOD PULP.—The demand continues about as last reported. While some manufacturers belonging to the combination claim to be selling pulp at the price fixed last year, there is good reason for asserting that there are others in the combination who are offering pulp at less than 3c. Non-combination is selling at 2 1/2 c.

FOREIGN RAGS AND PAPER STOCK.—This market has settled down to a position of great quietude, and the transactions made during the week have been exceedingly limited in number. Although the prices at which the sales have occurred show no important giving way, there is a weaker feeling among holders, who are more disposed to meet the views of manufacturers than they have been for some time past. We hear of sales of 80 tons Turkey and Smyrna Rags, at 2 1/2 c. to 2 3/4 c.; 40 tons English Soft Shavings at 3 1/2 c.; 25 tons German do. at 3 1/4 c., and 10 tons English News and Pamphlets, an extra fine lot, at 2 3/4 c. to 3 c. The arrivals for the week foot up 909 bales Rags, 559 bales Paper Stock, and 103 bales Manillas.

DOMESTIC RAGS.—The market is very dull. The mills generally claim to have a good supply of stock, but when concessions are made to them some limited transactions occur. The dealers, on the other hand, are generally holding desirable grades at the previous firm quotations, claiming a continued scarcity of such stock. The sales include 10 tons Southern Mixed Cottons on private terms, 70 bales City Seconds at 1 1/4 c., 60 bales No. 2 City Whites at 3 c., and 10 tons do. extra packing at 3 1/2 to 3 3/4 c.

BAGGING, &c.—Bagging is without any considerable movement, but prices are held steady

on the basis of late sales, with nothing reported placed outside of some few small lots. No. 1 Gunny is held at 2 1/2 c. cash and 2 3/4 c. time, and No. 2 at 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 c. Among the transactions were 30 tons No. 1 Manchester Gunny, on private terms, 17 tons Manila Rope at 2 1/2 c. and 5 tons do. at 3c.

OLD PAPERS.—The previous favorable movement in this class of stock is tolerably maintained, with little, if any, change in prices. The lower and medium grades of stock bring the former firm value, but the better qualities are not quite so strong. The sales embrace 18 tons Prints at 1 1/2 c., and 5 tons Manillas at 2 1/2 c. No. 1 Light Book Stock is firm at 1 1/2 c.; News-papers at 2 1/2 to 2 3/4 c.; Ledger Stock at 2 1/2 c.; Soft White Shavings at 3 1/4 c.; No. 1 Colored Shavings at 3 1/2 c. to 3 3/4 c.; No. 2 do. at 2 1/2 c. to 2 3/4 c.

STRAW.—The supply of straw is in excess of the demand, and prices are rather nominal. The quotations at New York are 40c. to 45c. for Long Rye, 30c. to 35c. for Short do., and Oat at 35c. to 45c. cash. Prices in the vicinity of the mills range between \$5 to \$6 per ton.

ROSINS.—There is a fair inquiry for medium grades, but otherwise trade is light, and prices generally steady. The following are the quotations: D Good Strained at \$1.55; E at \$1.65; F Good No. 2 at \$1.80; G Low No. 1 at \$2.10; H No. 1 at \$2.45; I Good No. 1 at \$3; K Low Pale at \$3.50.

CHEMICALS.—The market is still quiet, and there have been no important changes in either prices for large quantities or jobbing lots, the latter continuing in moderate demand. Soda Ash sold at 1.70c., an advance on the previous week, and Natrona Porous Alum declined to \$2.30. Sales occurred within the past week as follows: 150 cks. Bleaching Powders, at 1 1/2 c.; 50 tons Soda Ash, at \$1.67 1/2; Caustic Soda was quiet, there being no sales of any account; 50 tons Sal Soda, at \$1.15; 100 barrels Lump Alum, at 2c.; 150 barrels Ground Alum, at 2 1/2 c.; 100 barrels Potash Alum, at 2 1/2 c.; 150 barrels Natrona Porous Alum at 2 1/2 c.; 50 barrels Concentrated Alum at 2 1/2 c.; 50 tons Aluminous Cake at \$1.62 1/2; 10 cks. Yellow Prussiate at 22c.; and 10 cks. Scotch Bichromate at 14c.

COAL.—There has been a quiet market for all varieties of Anthracite coal during the past week, due to the proposed auction sale, and the feeling that all cutting of rates and war may not be at an end for some time. Seward's Coal Trade Journal says: "With the prices as they are, and the production so limited, the prospective large demand and low rates of water freights, there surely could be no better time to lay in a supply of Anthracite, and those who would make a profit this year should not delay too long. There is nothing at present in view that has the appearance of the formation of a combination. A reduction of the production may be looked for in the immediate future, however, for there is no incentive to continue a heavy product at the ruling rates, and this course of action will bring about better prices, even should there be nothing more disastrous in the way of forced suspensions. From the East we hear that coal continues to be pressed for sale, and extremely low prices prevail. The demand has improved, and a very satisfactory aggregate is now being worked off. Regarding the business in the Pittsburg district, the works are now all in operation along the river on the three cent basis. There are yet some mines, however, which remain idle, the operators not conceding all the 'requirements' asked by the miners. The strike lasted about ten weeks, and greatly injured the coal trade of the upper Ohio." Quotations at tide water are: Lump, \$3.25; Broken and Egg and Stove, \$3, and Chestnut, \$2.75. Quotations for Broad-Top semi-Bituminous Coals are: \$3 at Philadelphia and \$4 at South Amboy, N. J. Cumberland Coal is quoted at; Baltimore, \$2.50 to \$3; South Amboy, \$4.25; New York, \$4.35. Clearfield is nominally quoted at \$2.80 at Baltimore, \$3 at Philadelphia, \$4 at South Amboy, and \$4.25 at New York (alongside).

PRICES CURRENT.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Table with columns for Paper Market, Dealers Selling Prices, and various grades of paper and stock.

Table listing various types of paper and their prices, including Straw Boards, Straw Wrapping, and Tea Papers.

Table listing various types of woolen rags and their prices, including Comforter Stock, White Woolen, and Blue Grey Stockings.

Table listing various types of rags, rope, and bagging, including White Shirt Cuttings, White Envelope Cuttings, and Gunny Bagging.

Table listing various types of shavings and old paper, including White Collar Cuttings, White Envelope Cuttings, and Soft White Shavings.

Table listing various types of English rags and their prices, including Essex Fines, London Fines, and Second Extra.

Table listing various types of English old papers and shavings, including Hard Shavings, Soft Shavings, and White and Colored Shavings.

Table listing various types of Hamburg rags and their prices, including Linen Cuttings, S P F F E square bale, and S P F F long bale.

Table listing various types of rope and their prices, including T R (tarred), W R (white), and M R (manilla).

Table listing various types of old papers and their prices, including Old Book Paper, Old Printed Books, and Imperfections.

Table listing various types of Leghorn and Genoa rags and their prices, including P P No. 1 Linsens, S S No. 3 Linsens, and T T No. 3 Linsens.

Table listing various types of Memel rags and their prices, including S P F F, S P F, F F, F G, and L F B.

Table listing various types of Trieste rags and their prices, including S P F F, S P F, F F, and L F B.

Table listing various types of Königsberg rags and their prices, including S P F F, S P F, F F, and L F B.

Table listing various types of Japanese rags and their prices, including Whites, Blues, and Colors.

Table listing various types of chemicals, coloring materials, and their prices, including Alum, Alum ground, Alum porous, Alum potash, and Aluminous Cake.

BOSTON MARKET.

Trade is very quiet, demand becoming light. Prices are without much change, perhaps rather easier for most descriptions of paper stock but very firm, and somewhat higher for chemicals.

Table listing various types of paper stock and their prices, including Mill Assorted Whites, Cotton Canvas, and Gunny Bagging.

Table listing various types of Leghorn rags and their prices, including P P No. 1 Linsens, S S No. 2 Linsens, and T T No. 3 Linsens.

Table listing various types of Alexandria rags and their prices, including Whites, Blues, and Colors.

Table listing various types of Smyrna rags and their prices, including Whites, Blues, Reds, and Mixed.

Table listing various types of Constantinople rags and their prices, including Whites, Blues, Reds, and Mixed.

Table listing various types of new papers and their prices, including Superfine Book, Fine Book, and News, Rags and Wood.

Table listing various types of chemicals and their prices, including Aluminous Cake, Alum, Alum ground, Alum, American ground, and Alum, American lump.

Table listing various types of Leghorn and Genoa rags and their prices, including P P No. 1 Linsens, S S No. 3 Linsens, and T T No. 3 Linsens.

Terra Alba # ton	15.00	25.00
Ultramarine, # 2	35	35
Ultramarine, W. N. G. Brand	24	25
Venetian Red, # 2	1.50	1.50
Vitriol, Blue	54	54
Yellow Ochre	14	14

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Paper Market.		
Thetson Plate	18	30
Plate	145	154
Sugar-Calendar, white and tinted	11	12
Fine Book, white and tinted	10	11
No. 2 Book	9	10
Colored Glass, # 1	12	13
Bag News, No. 1	8	9
Ordinary Bag News	6	7
Straw and Wood News	6	7
Bleached Manila, No. 1	5	6
Ordinary Manila	5	6
Bogus Manila	5	6
Straw Wrapping	13	14
Glassed Hardware	7	8
Unbleached Hardware	7	8
Flax Hardware Wrapping	3	4
Tissue Manila, 24 x 36, full count	98	1.00
Tissue, white, 30 x 30	1.15	1.25
Tea Papers, 14 x 20	40	45
Tea Papers, 12 x 18	32	35
Tea Papers, 12 x 16	29	30
Straw Boards, air-dried, # ton	45	50
Straw Boards, steam dried, # ton	50	55
Binders' Boards, # ton	75	80
Binders' Boards, Extra	75	80
Leather Boards	5	7
Wood Pulp Board, # ton	60	70
Wood Pulp Card Middles	7	7

Paper Stock.		
White Rags	4	4
Mill Assorted White Rags	4	4
White Shirt Cuttings, No. 1	5	5
White Shirt Cuttings, No. 2	5	5
Cotton Canvas, No. 1	3	3
Cotton Canvas, No. 2	3	3
Linen Canvas, No. 1	3	3
Blues and Thirds	3	3
Colors	3	3
Blue Butts	3	3
Black Colors	1	1
Gunny Bagging	3	3
Kentucky Bagging	4	4
Manilla Rope	7	7
Soft Woollens	7	7
Hard Woollens	3	3
Hard Woollens for Roofing Paper	3	3
Hard White Shavings, No. 1	3	3
Soft White Shavings, No. 1	3	3
White Shavings	3	3
Mixed Shavings, No. 1	3	3
Mixed Shavings, No. 2	3	3
White Collar Cuttings, paper	3	3
White Collar Cuttings, cloth	3	3
Solid Imperfections	3	3
Book Stock	3	3
Writings and Ledgers	3	3
Newspaper Stock	3	3
No. 1 Prints	3	3
Ordinary Prints	1	1
Manilla Envelope Cuttings	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 1	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 2	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 3	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 4	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 5	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 6	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 7	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 8	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 9	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 10	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 11	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 12	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 13	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 14	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 15	3	3
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Manilla Papers, No. 41	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 42	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 43	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 44	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 45	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 46	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 47	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 48	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 49	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 50	3	3

Laghorn Rags.		
P. P. No. 1 Linens	6	6
M. S. No. 3 Linens	5	5
T. T. No. 3 Linens	4	4
E. E.	4	4
P. No. 1 Cotton	5	5
S. No. 2 Cotton	3	3
T. No. 3 Cotton	2	2
E. No. 4 Cotton	2	2
White Linen Sicily Rags	3	3

Russian Rags.		
S. P. F.	4	4
L. F. B.	4	4
E. E.	4	4
L. L.	4	4

Chemicals.		
Aluminous Cake	17	17
Alum, Concentrated, Red Star	2	2
Alum, lump, currency	2	2
Alum, ground	2	2
Alum, potash	2	2
Alum, borax	2	2
Anti-Chlorine	3	3
Bleaching Powder, currency	1	1
Caustic Soda, gold	4	4
China Clay, English, # ton, gold	17	21
China Clay, "Star"	13	14
China Clay, American, # ton	10	10
South Carolina Clay, # ton	12	13
Terra Alba, English, # ton, best	22	25
Terra Alba, English, E. W. Brand, # ton	22	25
Terra Alba, American, # ton	10	10
Frustrate of Potash, yellow	2	2
Bichrome of Potash, currency	14	15
Copperas, American, prime	1	1
Extract Logwood	11	11
Orange Mineral, gold	9	9
Rosin, good strained	1.80	2.00
Rosin, No. 2	2	2
Rosin, No. 1	2.30	2.75
Rosin, Pale	2.75	3.25
Sol Soda, cury	1	1
Soda Ash, caustic, for 48 # cent, gold	1.75	1.75
Soda Ash, carb, gold	1.30	1.30
Soda Ash, refined, for 48 # cent, gold	1.30	1.30
Spanish Brown	1	1
Sugar of Lead, white	31	32
Sugar of Lead, brown	31	32
Sulphuric Acid	1	1
Ultramarine Blue, gold	2	2
Venetian Red, American	1	1
Venetian Red, English	1	1
Blue Vitriol	7	7
Yellow Ochre, American	4	4
Yellow Ochre, French gold	14	14

CINCINNATI MARKET.

Paper Stock.		
City No. 1 Whites	4	4
Mill Assorted Whites	4	4
White Cotton Canvas	1	1
No. 1	5	5
Linen Canvas	3	3
White Shirt Cuttings	3	3
Country Whites, No. 1	4	4
Country Whites, No. 2	3	3
Country Whites, No. 3	3	3
Country Blue Rags	3	3
Country Mixed Cotton	2	2
Rags	2	2
City Mixed Cotton	2	2
Rags	2	2
Shoe Cuttings	2	2
Colored Cotton Rags	2	2
Manilla Rope	3	3
Hemp Rope	4	4
Gunny Bagging	3	3
Hard Woollens, old	3	3
Hard Woollens, new	1	1
Soft Woollens (Mill)	3	3

CHICAGO MARKET.

Rags and Paper Stock.		
Whites, No. 1	4	4
No. 2	3	3
Prints	2	2
Manilla Rope	3	3
Mixed Bagging	3	3
Wrapping Stock	3	3
Seam Cloth	3	3
New Clips	3	3
Soft Woollens, mixed	3	3
City	3	3
Common Wool Rags	1	1
White Shavings, No. 1	4	4
White Shavings, No. 2	3	3
White Shavings, No. 3	3	3
White Collar Cuttings	3	3
White Envelope Cuttings	4	4
Manilla Envelope Cuttings	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 1	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 2	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 3	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 4	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 5	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 6	3	3
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Manilla Papers, No. 44	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 45	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 46	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 47	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 48	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 49	3	3
Manilla Papers, No. 50	3	3

FOREIGN MARKETS.

London Market Report.  
 There has not been any prominent change in the position of the market during this week, large contracts being again closed for forward shipment and immediate delivery.  
 RAGS.—Fine White Linens find ready buyers at previous figures, and any available parcel of strong middle-classed qualities is eagerly bought up, while good prices are paid for forward delivery. Cottons, especially lower grades, sell also pretty freely.  
 GUNNY BAGGING, BOFF, &c.—Both home con-

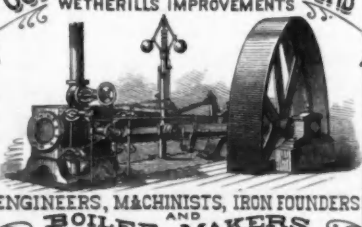
sumers and exporters have been in the market, and fair transactions are reported at last paid prices.  
 WASTE PAPERS.—The failure announced this week has scarcely affected the market, business being rather slack on account of the unwillingness on the part of buyers to pay higher rates.

The French Market.

PARIS, March 28, 1879.  
 PAPER AND PAPER STOCK.—Although some country orders have come in this week, the rag trade has been rather dull. There seems to be some demand abroad for rags, as several inquiries have come to hand from foreign houses. There is an impression among the trade that the export duty will soon be abolished by the Government, the more so as the substitution of wood and other pulps is every day becoming more evident.  
 WOOLEN RAGS.—There is still something doing in Woolen Rags, but only for current requirements. The manufacturers are not satisfied with orders.

**Advertisements.**

**CORLISS ENGINE BUILDERS**  
 WITH WETHERILLS IMPROVEMENTS



ENGINEERS, MACHINISTS, IRON FOUNDERS  
 AND BOILER MAKERS

ROTARY BOILERS and TANKS.  
 DIXON'S IMPROVED MACHINERY  
 For Manufacturing Wood Pulp.  
 WOOD CHIPPERS.  
 SHAFTING and GEARING.

ROBT. WETHERILL & CO.,  
 CHESTER, PA.

**WANTED.**—A FIRST CLASS MACHINE tender for a Book and News Mill running at fast speed. Address L, office Paper Trade Journal.

**WANTED.**—BY A GENTLEMAN OF EXPERIENCE in the paper and paper stock trades, desirous of making a change, a position as salesman with some good house where strict attention to business would be appreciated. Would accept a buying and selling agency for a first-class mill. Undoubted references as to integrity, &c. Address W., care of Paper Trade Journal.

**TO PAPER MANUFACTURERS.**—I AM MAKING Chilled and Iron Rolls, plain or covered with gun metal or rubber; Paper Rolls; Dandies and Cylinders; Paper Cutters and Knives; Rolls, Knives, Dandies and Cylinders reground, turned or sharpened; Shafting, Pulleys and Gearing; Boilers; Engines; Pumps; Hydraulic Presses; Bed Plates and Roll Bars; Power, Hand and Hydraulic Elevators.  
 GEO. C. HOWARD,  
 Eighteenth St., N. of Chestnut St., Philadelphia

**FOR SALE.**  
 Twenty-three miles from New York, on the line of the Erie Railroad, a good Manilla Mill. Capacity, 1,000 lbs. Tissue Manilla in twenty-four hours. Particulars given by letter or on the premises.  
 Address WHITE & CO.,  
 Hoboken, Bergen County, New Jersey.

**FOR SALE.**  
 One 24-inch FOURDRINER PAPER MACHINE, which is now running in the mill of S. A. Rudolph, Esq., Manayunk, Penn., where it can be inspected by persons desiring to purchase. This will have to be sold very promptly, in order to make room for an 86 inch machine. For particulars address  
 S. A. RUDOLPH, Manayunk, Penn.,  
 Or PUSEY, JONES & Co., Wilmington, Delaware.

**FOR RENT.**  
 The extensive shops for the manufacture of Paper Machinery, belonging to the Estate of Nelson Gavit, deceased.  
 These well-known Works (Established 1837), with the valuable good will, Engines, Boilers, Shafting and Pulleys, Lathes, Grinding Machines, Blacksmith Shop and Foundry, with appurtenances and tools, together with the immense assortment of valuable patterns of wood and iron, will be rented low for a term of years.  
 The attention of capitalists and manufacturers is called to these works, as they contain all the machinery necessary for the conduct of the business.  
 Apply to or address  
 JAMES D. PRATT, Jr.,  
 8 Strawberry St., Philadelphia.

**RARE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.**  
 Wanted, an active business man with \$10,000, to take half interest in a well-established Paper Warehouse, with good connections, for the purpose of extending the business, and to take charge of the financial part. Address PAPER, office Paper Trade Journal.

**SCALES AND FOAMING.**  
**LYE & ZIMMERLE'S**  
 Improved Anti-Incrustation Compound  
 Will prevent or remove Scales, and prevent Foaming in steam boilers. It never fails when directions are followed. It will save its cost in repairs, and more than its cost in cleaning, as the scales will dissolve or drop off, and are thus easily removed. It will save more than its cost in fuel. In writing us give number, kind and size of boilers, kind of water and mineral.  
 Send for Circular and Price to  
**LYE & ZIMMERLE, Props. and Mfrs.,**  
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**PAPER MILLS WANTED.**  
 The undersigned is prepared to negotiate for the purchase of the entire machinery, tools and appurtenances of a First-class Cap Paper Mill, a Straw Wrapping, and of a Book and News Mill, but without the land and buildings. Must be in excellent running order, and great bargains. Only principals need communicate with  
 WM. H. DOYLE (OF JAPAN)  
 128 East Sixty-first St., New York.

**F. N. DAVIS**  
 BELOIT, WIS.,  
 MANUFACTURER OF  
**PATENT**  
 Paper Barrels & Paper Barrel Machinery.  
**BUILDING PAPER,**  
 Heavy Compressed Paper Boards,  
 Of any thickness, perfectly water proof, finished and decorated in any size and style to order.

**HARRIS-CORLISS ENGINE.** Built by WM. A. HARRIS, PROVIDENCE, R. I.  
 The only place where this Engine can be obtained. The best and most workmanlike form of the Corliss Engine now in the market, substantially built, of the best materials, and in both Condensing and Non-Condensing forms. The Condensing Engine will save from 25 to 33 per cent. of fuel, or add a like amount to the power and consume no more fuel. Small parts are made in quantities and interchangeable and kept in stock, for the convenience of repairs and to be placed on new work ordered at short notice. No other engine builder has authority to state that he can furnish this engine. The Only Works where this engine can be obtained are at Providence, R. I., no outside parties being licensed. Send for pamphlet containing full details, also list of sizes, with a P.  
 For the convenience of Western parties meaning business, and wishing to confer with me at any stated time at their mill or works, I will visit them, by receiving notice, and giving me latitude of two to four weeks. Those visiting New York and wishing to confer with me there by appointment, will find me or my agent every second or fourth Wednesday of each month, at H. T. Brewster's office, 97 Liberty St.  
 WM. A. HARRIS, Prop'r.

**BRIGGS & TAYLOR,**  
 IMPORTERS OF  
**Paper Stock,**  
 60 DUANE ST., NEW YORK.  
 Also, Sole Agents for Dundee Paper Stock, as selected and packed by  
**JOHN S. BRADFORD,**  
 Clepington Steam Waste Works,  
 DUNDEE SCOTLAND.

**STOUT, MILLS & TEMPLE,**  
 MANUFACTURERS OF THE  
**AMERICAN TURBINE**  
**Water Wheel,**  
 GEARING AND SHAFTING.  
**Rag Engines,**  
**Wood or Iron Tubs,**  
**Rag Cutters,**  
**Dusters,**  
**Pumps, &c.**

**THE AMERICAN TURBINE,** as recently improved, utilizes a higher average percentage of power than any Turbine ever known, which justly entitles it to the position claimed for it as the **BEST Water Wheel** in the world.  
 Large Illustrated Catalogue sent free on application.  
 to **STOUT, MILLS & TEMPLE,**  
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**THE BUCKEYE**  
 AUTOMATIC CUT-OFF ENGINE.  
 The most **ECONOMICAL** in Fuel. The best **REGULATION** of Speed. The most **simple** in Construction, the most **STURDANTIAL**, and altogether the **BEST ENGINE** in the market.  
 Among Paper Manufacturers we refer to  
 Hon. Geo. West, Ballston Spa, N. Y., two engines.  
 Hollingsworth & Whitney, Gardiner, Me., and South Braintree, Mass., two engines.  
 Richards & Co., Gardiner, Me.  
 Z. Crane, Jr. & Bro., Dalton, Mass.  
 Brown & Lockhart, Angelica, N. Y.  
 Send for Illustrated Treatise and Estimates to  
**BUCKEYE ENGINE CO.,**  
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 Or,  
**HILL, CLARKE & CO.,**  
 26 & 28 OLIVER ST., BOSTON, MASS.

The New York Lubricating Company,  
120 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS OF  
**LUBRICATING COMPOUND,**  
 Especially Adapted to Use of  
**Paper Mills and Mill Machinery.**  
 Will not run or gum. Keeps the bearings cool. Is not affected by Temperature, and is the Best Lubricating Compound in the World.  
**CANNOT BE IGNITED.**



ANCHAM PAPER MILLS, ANCHAM, N. Y.  
 Please send me a package of your Lubricator. It is far superior in value, and cheaper than anything in the market in that line, with which we are acquainted. We cheerfully recommend it for use on all large bearings, and in regard to its uniformity would say it has never failed to give us satisfaction in a single instance, and that we have used it nearly a year. Yours truly,  
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FOR SETTING  
**Steam Boilers.**

Economy in Fuel and Increased Capacity. Burns all kinds of cheap fuel without blast.


**REFERENCES.**  
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 William Russell & Son, Holyoke Paper Co., F. R. Walker.  
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**HOLLY MANUFACTURING CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF  
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 LOCKPORT, N. Y.  
 SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICE LISTS.

**THE PATENT CONE WASHER**

Pat. March 20, 1877.  
**J. T. EMERSON,**  
 Sole Manufacturer,  
 CLAREMONT, N. H., U. S. A.



**ADVANTAGES OF THE PATENT CONE WASHER:**  
 It will wash faster than any other washer ever put before the public, and is guaranteed to increase your

**GLENS FALLS**  
**Marble Lime**  
 The best bleaching Lime known for  
**PAPER-MAKERS' USE.**

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MANUFACTURERS OF  
**FOURDRINIER and CYLINDER**  
**FELTS,**

Press Felts and Jackets  
 for all kinds of  
 Paper.

Especially attention is invited to  
 our FOURDRINIER FELTS for  
 FAST RUNNING ON NEWS,  
 which are unsurpassed.

ALSO, TO OUR  
**"EUREKA FELT,"**

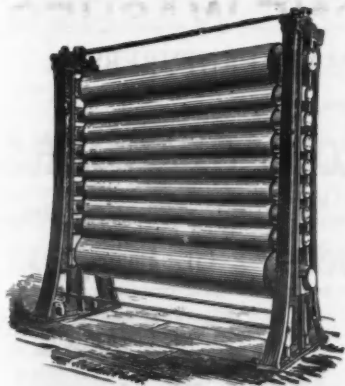
For Fast Running on Cylinder Machines

Which we have perfected within the last few months,  
 and which is rapidly gaining favor with Paper Makers,  
 wherever it is used.

**EXTRA HEAVY CANVAS DRYER FELTS,**  
 all widths, cut to any length, at Manufacturers' Prices.  
**WE WARRANT EVERY FELT** to work well,  
 and if it does not, it can be returned.

We also manufacture Blankets, Flannels, Stocking  
 Yarns of all Colors, and Men's Heavy Wool Socks.  
 Also, an **Extra Heavy 6-4 Scarlet and White**  
**Flannel for underwear,** which we guarantee not to  
 Shrink. All the above we offer to Paper Makers at  
 the Lowest Wholesale Prices, in quantities to suit.

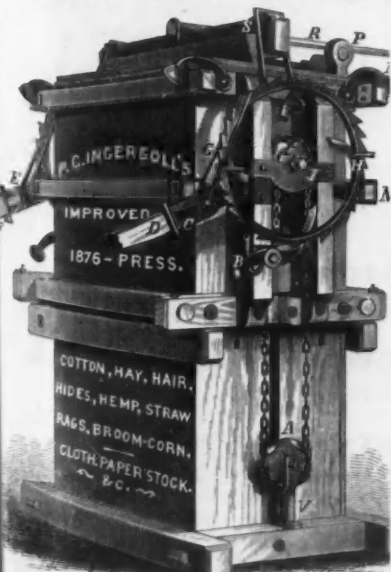
Very respectfully,  
**F. GRAY & CO.,** Piqua, Ohio.



**J. MORTON POOLE & CO.,**  
 Wilmington, Delaware,  
 MANUFACTURE

**Chilled Rolls**  
 GROUND BY THEIR PATENT PROCESS.

**PRESSES FOR BALING PAPER, RAGS, &c.**



Send for Circulars, Price List, Terms, &c., to the  
 Sole Manufacturer, **JAMES N. BALSTON** (Successor  
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**W. HOFFMANN & CO.,** Proprietors,  
 Office, 74 PINE STREET, NEW YORK,  
 Manufacturers of Superior ALUM PROOF Ultramarine.  
 SAMPLES AND PRICES SENT ON APPLICATION.

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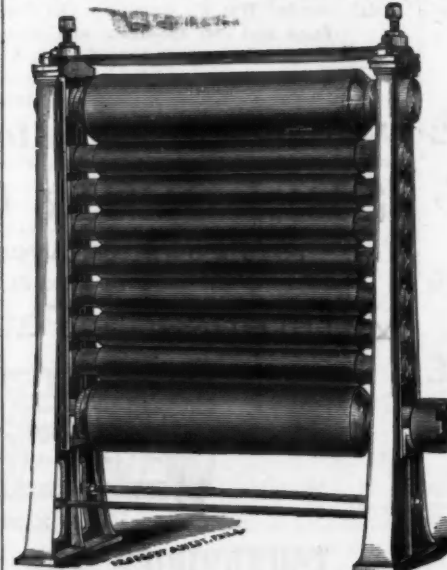
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 AT OLD STAND OF RICE, BARTON & CO.,  
**WORCESTER, MASS.,**  
 MANUFACTURERS OF

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OF EVERY DESIRABLE VARIETY,  
 Iron and Brass Castings, Chilled Iron and Paper Calender Rolls, Rag Engines,  
 Rag Cutters, Steam Pressure Regulators, &c.  
**HYDRAULIC PRESSES, FROM 5 to 14 INCH PISTON.**

**LOBDELL CAR WHEEL COMPANY.**  
 WILMINGTON, DEL.

The Oldest and Most Extensive Manufacturers of Chilled Car Wheels in this or any other Country.



**EXTRACT OF AWARD ON CHILLED ROLLS.**

The undersigned having examined the  
 product herein described respectfully recom-  
 mends the same to the United States Centennial  
 Commission for award, for the following rea-  
 sons, viz.:

This exhibit contains a stack of calender-  
 ing rolls intended to be part of a complete  
 paper machine. These rolls are of cast-iron,  
 chilled at the surface in casting, and thereby  
 made hard, like tempered steel. They are  
 separately ground according to a highly im-  
 proved plan, and are so true that, when placed  
 together, they bear upon each other through-  
 out their entire length. This exhibit has  
 the exceptional merit that the rolls are  
 not only GROUND true but CAST by  
 the exhibitor.

(Signed) **JAMES M. WILCOX,**  
 Signature of the Judge.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF  
**CHILLED ROLLS**  
 For Paper Machines, Rubber, Brass, Copper, Rolling Mills, &c.

The vast quantity of iron used daily in the business of this establishment permits the very best selection  
 for the composition of CHILLED ROLLS. The long experience of Mr. Geo. G. Lobdell in making chilled  
 castings, and who personally directs the selection, enables them to make

**CHILLED ROLLS UNEQUALLED IN QUALITY AND GROUND AS PERFECTLY AS ANY OTHERS**  
 GEO. G. LOBDELL, Pres.      W. W. LOBDELL, Sec.      P. N. BRENNAN, Treas.

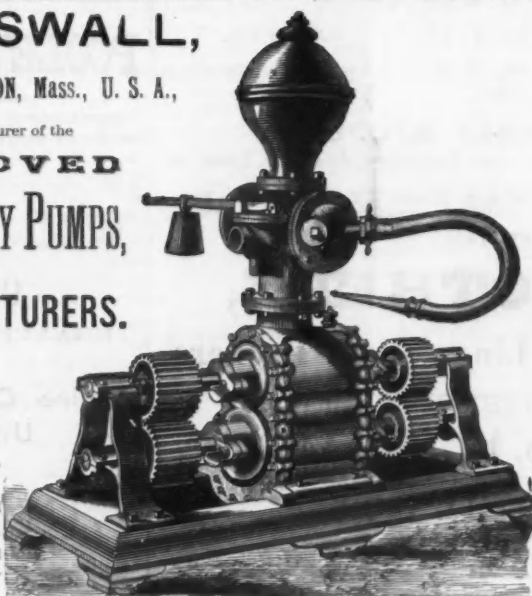
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80 Water Street, BOSTON, Mass., U. S. A.,

Sole Manufacturer of the  
**IMPROVED**  
**TORRENT ROTARY PUMPS,**  
 FOR  
**PAPER MANUFACTURERS.**

Very Strong,  
 Works Easy, and  
 Very Durable.

Also Manufacturer of Special  
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 Send for Catalogues and  
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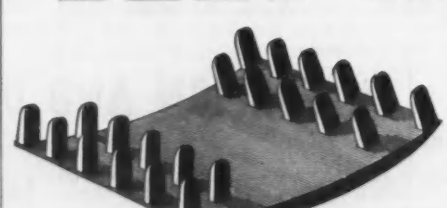


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OFFICE:      LIMITED.      WORKS:  
 No. 220 South Second St.,      Mertztown, Berks County,  
 PHILADELPHIA, PA.      PENNSYLVANIA.

**MINERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF WHITE CHINA CLAY,**  
 Especially adapted to Paper Makers' use.

**BELT HOOKS.**



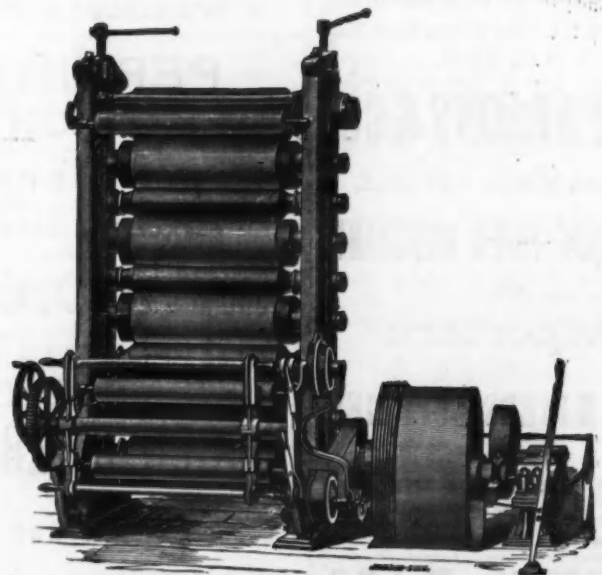
The Best Metallic Belt Hook in the  
 Market for  
**LEATHER or RUBBER BELTS**

These Hooks have been thoroughly tried for  
 eight years in all places—in Machine Shops,  
 Cotton, Woolen and Paper Mills, and all who  
 use them admit that they are the best and  
 cheapest fastening in use, taking into account  
 the Durability of the Hook, wear and tear, and  
 time in mending Belts.

Address **WALTER O. TALCOTT,**  
 Successor to GREENLEAF WILSON,      Box 630, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

**HOLYOKE MACHINE CO.,**  
 Holyoke, Mass.,

MANUFACTURERS OF  
**IMPROVED PAPER MACHINERY**



**Patent Web Super-Calender**  
**HIGHEST AWARD AT CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.**

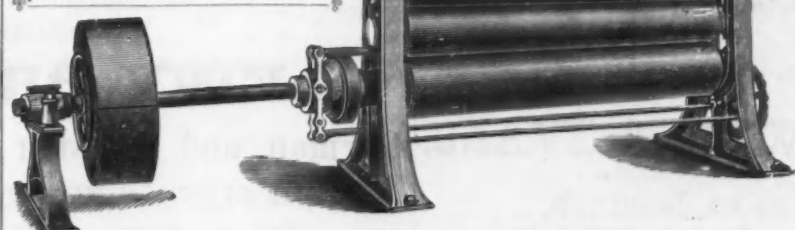
Our Improved Web Super-Calender is a very complete Machine, heavy and substantial in all its parts,  
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 The paper rolls are made of the best paper, made expressly for the purpose.

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**Rag Engines, Hydraulic Presses (5-in. to 18-in.) Piston, Eleva-**  
**tors, Rag-Dusters, Thrashers, Trimming Presses, Ham-**  
**mond's Patent Stop-Cutter, Ruling Machines with**  
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 they ask attention to their  
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 are turned AFTER the heads have  
 been riveted in, thus insuring paral-  
 lelism of the bearings, a very im-  
 portant matter.



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- FORT EDWARD PAPER MILL CO., Ft. Edward, N. Y.
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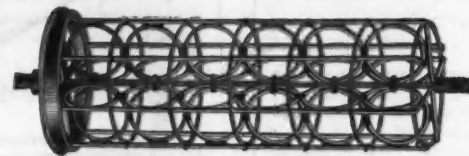


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