

Knight's Landing News.

VOL. VII.

KNIGHT'S LANDING, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, JAN. 31, 1863.

NO. 14.

THE Knight's Landing News.

S. W. RAVELEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

Terms--In Advance.

One year, \$5 00
Six months, 3 00
Three months, 2 00
Single copies, 12¢

Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, \$3 00—each subsequent insertion, \$1 50. Business cards of ten lines or less, one year, \$25; three months, \$10.

A liberal discount will be made on the above rates for all yearly or quarterly advertisements which exceed one square.

Job Printing.

Having a complete assortment of the best Job Printing material, we are prepared to do work of all kinds in our line, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Handbills, Ball Tickets, Circulars, Bill Heads, Law Blanks, Cards, etc., in the best style of the art, at the most reasonable prices, FOR CASH.

Terms of the Courts of Yolo County.

District Court—3rd Monday in March; 2nd Monday in August; 3rd Monday in December.
County Court—1st Monday in January, 3d Monday in May; 1st Monday in September.
Court of Sessions—1st Monday in April; 1st Monday in July; 1st Monday in December.
Probate Court—2nd Monday in January; 2d Monday in March; 4th Monday in May; 2d Monday in July; 2d Monday in September, and 4th in November.
Board of Supervisors—1st Monday in February; 1st Monday in May; 1st Monday in August, and 1st Monday in November.

Official County Directory.

District Judge.....J. H. McKune
County Judge.....L. R. Hopkins
District Attorney.....H. P. Hamblin
Senator.....O. B. Powers
Assemblyman.....E. Patton
Sheriff.....C. H. Gray
Clerk.....E. Giddings
Treasurer.....C. W. Reed
Assessor.....G. J. Overhinner
Surveyor.....A. Mathews
Coroner.....S. F. Rodolph
Public Administrator.....W. S. Emery
Superintendent Public Instruction.....H. Gaddis
Supervisors.....A. Morris; G. E. Sill; G. W. Bell

Justices of the Peace.

Washington—J. W. Willard; John Hoagland.
Cache Creek—C. S. Frost; S. D. Moore.
Grafton—E. Rinehammer; A. T. Robinson.
Putah—James O'Neal; G. W. Pierce.
Buckeye—R. A. Daniel; S. P. Herriman.
Cottonwood—Sohn S. Tutt; D. Hubbard.
Merritt—Samuel Smith.
Fremont—John Flannery; H. B. Wood.

Constables.

Washington—W. Morrison; J. Griffin.
Cache Creek—S. McDonald; R. M. Campbell.
Grafton—J. McClinton; T. Rice.
Putah—A. T. Martin; E. L. Brown.
Buckeye—F. Ott; A. J. Foard.
Fremont—J. Dawson.
Cottonwood—John A. Price; Joel Woods.

Road Masters.

Cache Creek—F. S. Freeman.
Grafton—W. J. Clarke.
Putah—George Swingle.
Buckeye—Benj. Ely.
Cottonwood—J. Lang.
Merritt—Daniel McGross.
Fremont—James McDonald.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. LA FAYETTE PICKETT,
Physician and Surgeon.
Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal.

A. P. McCARTY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Opposite Baker's Hotel.

Woodland, Yolo County, California.
Jan 24-3m

C. P. SPRAGUE. H. G. BURNETT.
SPRAGUE & BURNETT,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Woodland, Yolo County, California.
Will promptly attend to all business of their profession entrusted to their care. Jan 24-tf

I. W. JACOBS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal.
aug 23-tf

HUMPHREY GRIFFITH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Nos. 5 and 6 Read's Block,
Sacramento, Cal.
dec 3-tf

JOHN B. HARMON, HENRY H. HARTLEY.
HARMON & HARTLEY,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
OFFICES—MUNSON'S BUILDING,
39 J street, Sacramento.

Will practice in the Supreme Court, and District Courts of Sacramento, Yolo, Solano, Sutter and Colusa. fl 5-tf

[From the New York Caucasian.] What is the South Fighting For?

The heirs and representatives of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Jackson, Tyler, Polk and Taylor, with, it is said, one solitary exception—the half-brother of the late President Polk—are now in the field or otherwise earnestly and solemnly committed to the "cause of rebellion" in the South. Nor can any rational mind doubt, for a moment, what would be the position of the fathers of these men, were they now living and surrounded by the same circumstances.— True, it is somewhat difficult, with our northern mental habits, to imagine such a thing as George Washington, or Thomas Jefferson, or Andrew Jackson as "rebels," but were they now living, and subject to existing circumstances, of course they would be in the position of those thus denominated. Can we rationally suppose, for an instant, that George Washington and Andrew Jackson would separate themselves from their families, their homes, their household gods, all that man deems sacred and valuable in life, and wonder as exiles among distant communities? Of course not. They might strive hard to avoid such a terrible calamity, but when such a mighty ground swell, as that which swept over the South after Mr. Lincoln's election, took them off their feet, there could be no doubt of their position or where they would be found. Indeed, we need not resort to the doctrine of probabilities to determine what would be the course of these glorious men were they now alive. The only living southern Presidents and Vice Presidents, when secession occurred, became "secessionists," and Mrs. President Polk, whose husband fills the largest space in the history of the "United States" of all the "glorious line," is said to be a "rebel" of peculiar and indomitable virulence. Indeed, it may be doubted if, at any time in history, any people were ever so united, earnest and determined, or who ever, in the same space of time, made such sacrifices and suffered so much, as these "rebels" of the South. The heirs and descendants of eight Presidents of the United States—of those who made the "Union"—who, for eighty years, have mainly governed the Union—of those who made nearly all its history, its greatness, all that it is or was—who extended its boundaries, fought its battles and gave it its renown—those are "rebels," fighting against the "Union," against their own work or that of their fathers! Did the world ever before witness such an anomaly? Yes, there is another equally wonderful, linked with it. Those who have no voice in the past, no niche in the great historic temple of the Union, are fighting for it. Indeed, still stranger, those who have opposed all its wars, and struggled against its growth at every step, from the hour of its creation, are now its assumed standard-bearers and defenders! What a monstrous solecism! Jefferson Davis, the hero of Buena Vista, shedding his blood for Texas, New Mexico, Utah, California and a thousand miles of Territory on the Pacific coast, is a "rebel," and Abraham Lincoln, as an obscure member of Congress, voting against the paltry pittance of a few acres of land to the gallant and glorious patriots who followed Davis in the conquest of an empire for the Union, is "the government" of the United States! But, to the question: What is the South fighting for?

The Abolition lunatics, Lovejoy, Thad. Stevens, &c., say for nothing, no reason under Heaven, but to break up the Union in sheer wantonness! Indeed, it is repeated every day, by seemingly sane men, that the South "rebels" without cause, that the heirs of Washington and Jackson, without motive even, desire to obliterate their own family histories, and that some six millions of people give the blood of their sons and brothers, and suffer privations and miseries never surpassed in history, for the fun of the thing, without any cause or necessity whatever! Well, well, somebody is unquestionably lunatic in this awful matter; somebody will be held to a responsibility, terrible, indeed, when the day of reckoning comes; somebody will descend to posterity with the curses of millions of men and women, and their names and memories blasted and blackened forever.

But who are they, or rather what is the South fighting for? They are fighting to defend "slavery," and to secure its preservation forever. This is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth; the South is fighting to defend "slavery," and therefore if "slavery" were wrong, the South is wrong, and if "slavery" be right, then the North, or that part of the North invading the South, is wrong, and, of course, will be held responsible by posterity for all the calamities involved. What, then, is "slavery"? It is the relation between white people and negroes, common to the South, that was common to all the States when the Federal Government was created, that was then recognized and provided for as other natural and legitimate relations of

society. There are eight millions of white citizens in the South, who have the same political system and social habitudes as those of the North. They have, in addition, four millions of negroes—a different and subordinate race, who are in a position of legal and domestic subordination, corresponding with their wants and the best interests of both races. They are the healthiest, happiest, best cared-for, four millions of human creatures that have ever lived upon this earth. There is not one pauper, thief, prostitute, gambler or drunkard. They are every one healthy, moral, happy and useful beings. None have ever died from starvation or suffered for food or clothing, or ever really over-worked, for a beneficent nature has so adapted the negro, that the most brutal overseer cannot overwork him. Furthermore, the use of these negroes in the grand economy of our modern civilization is absolutely boundless, the single product of cotton alone being of more importance to the welfare of mankind than all the colleges and universities of Christendom together. Under the beneficent protection of their masters, they rapidly multiply, and eighty years hence, there will be some thirty millions filling up the great central regions of this continent, and by their labor contributing essential aid in the mighty future of American civilization. Nor is this well-being of the negro in the South, this stupendous, immeasurable and boundless good, compared with his African condition, nor even is the product of his labor to the world at large, the greatest good. It is his presence here, as a natural substratum for society to repose upon, and thus to elevate the white labor from that degraded subjection to the favored few, which, in the Old World, renders the millions mere beasts of burthen to those whom God has created equal, and therefore designed for the same duties and the same rights as their oppressors. The so-called slaveholder is a producer, in fact a laborer, and therefore, always has been and always will be the champion of Democracy and defender of the interests of labor. Men are the creatures of circumstances, and it is possible that Jefferson, Madison, Calhoun, Jackson, Polk, &c., at the North, might have been milk-and-water Democrats, like most of our northern politicians, but at the South, planters, producers and representatives of labor and production, these men were indomitable and immovable, for while defending the laborers of the land, they also defended their own interests.

But it is not necessary to multiply these truths. God has made the negro a different and subordinate being, and therefore ordained that (as in the South) he shall remain forever in a different and subordinate position. Human ignorance, folly, impiety and crime may beat against this ordinance of the great Jehovah, until they beat themselves to atoms, but can never reverse the Eternal order. The British Parliament decreed that it should be reversed in Jamaica, and twenty-five thousand white people equalized with four hundred thousand negroes. Fifty years hence there will not be a white man on that Island, they will have perished, rotted out through the veins of the negro, and a hundred years hence, when the mongrel element has died out, the negroes will have returned to their original African savagery. Massachusetts decrees the same thing—that God Almighty shall be pushed aside—and the ten thousand negroes of that "enlightened" State forced into "impartial freedom" with its white citizens. Forty years hence—as the census demonstrates—there will not be a negro left to tell the tale of their destruction, and though we are not permitted at this time to see the punishment that some day will be inflicted on that State, it is as sure to come as God is just and reigns on earth as well as in heaven. To carry out the "idea" of Massachusetts—to force the people of the South to "abolish" the distinctions of nature and reverse the Eternal order of God Himself—a great party in the North took possession of the Executive department of the government. The people of fifteen States could not vote on such an issue, for whether they all went to the polls or all staid at home, the result was the same. A majority of States, on the sole principle of anti-slaveryism, combined together and elected Mr. Lincoln. Between the anti-southern and anti-social party and the South there could be no appeal to the ballot box; the South might resist the election of Mr. Lincoln by force, or it might submit, and trust to distant communities the safety of its homes and firesides from the most monstrous and devilish delusion that ever afflicted the world since time began.

It did neither. It sought to escape from the madness of the North by secession. Seven States seceded, went out of the Union, and this peaceable protest against the wrong, it was believed, would bring the North to its senses. There would be a mighty reaction in the northern mind, and a great uprising of the people would force Mr. Lincoln to abandon the monstrous delusions of his party, and

return to the Constitution as interpreted by the Supreme Court, and every administration that had preceded him. We know that this was the earnest conviction of Mr. Davis, and many other leading minds at the South. They deprecated bloodshed and civil war as the greatest calamity that could happen, save one, that of the conquest of the South through the ballot box of the North, and which would doom them and their children to a fate worse than death; for who would not rather perish at once by the sword than by "impartial freedom," amalgamation and final extinction through the blood of the subject negro! Of course, we advance no opinions of our own in this matter, but we are profoundly convinced that if Mr. Lincoln had not resorted to coercion, and thus coerced Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Arkansas into making common cause with their sister States, there would have been a peaceable solution of this question, and four years after, a President elected on the direct issue of the Dred Scott Decision, might have disposed of it forever. But, be this as it may, it is certain that the South is fighting to defend "slavery," the status of the negro, as defined by the Supreme Court, and by every administration of this government that has preceded Mr. Lincoln's, and it will not only sacrifice the almost priceless benefits of the Union, but its eight millions of white men and women will prefer immolation and utter extermination by the sword, rather than consent to the "abolition of slavery," and "impartial freedom" with their negroes. If "slavery" be wrong, if the negro is entitled to the liberty of the white man, if the subordination of the negro element be a crime, and amalgamation in the same system with these negroes just and desirable, then the South is guilty of an enormous wrong, of course, but if, on the contrary, "slavery" be right, then a crime is committed by somebody, that only an archangel can fathom or express.

ARTEMUS WARD.—Leslie prints a photograph of the comical Artemus (Chas. F. Browne) and, remarking that he and John Phoenix are the only humorists of the day who remain fixed and immutable in the estimate they are held in by the public, undertakes to account for the fact that so many humorists go up like rockets and come down like sticks. "We laughed ourselves," he says, "into convulsions over their pages last year, but when we pick up their book to-day we find it all very silly and stupid." The proper statement should be that we find it not so amusing and laughter-provoking as before. The reason is this: not as Leslie supposes, that the public taste has changed; but a thousand imitators have entered the field, *ad nauseam*, and succeeded in "inserting into the earth," or, vulgarly speaking, running into the ground, all that kind of fun which was so hugely funny when originated. The wags thus run out by imitators, are none the less geniuses and entitled to the full credit of having awakened the world from its too common lethargy and torpidity.

HOW IT IS DONE.—Inquiry is frequently made as to how counterfeiters produce such perfect *fac similes* of bank notes. Peterson's Detector says the *modus operandi* is this:

A new note of the kind is procured and saturated with oil. This is laid, face downward, upon a steel plate, which has previously received a very thin coat of wax. The oil renders the note so transparent that it is easy to go over every line with a very fine needle; this, of course, produces a faint tracing upon the wax. The wax beneath every line is then removed with a graving tool, and acid poured over the plate, which only takes effect upon those parts from which the wax has been removed, thus transferring the tracing from the wax to the steel beneath. The plate is then cleaned, and the engraving finished as in ordinary steel engravings.

EIGHT CHILDREN AT A BIRTH.—On the 2d of August, Mrs. Timothy Bradlee of Trumbull county, Ohio, gave birth to eight children—three boys and five girls. They are all living and healthy, but quite small. Mr. Bradlee was married six years ago to Eunice Mowry, who weighed 273 pounds on the day of her marriage. She has given birth to two pair of twins, and now eight more, making twelve children in six years. Mrs. Bradlee was a triplet, her mother and father both being twins, and her grandmother the mother of five pair of twins.

THE HAPPIEST YEAR.—Martin Van Buren, in his last will and testament, declares that the last year, spent as a farmer in his native town, was the happiest of his life. Is it not a confession worth reflecting upon, that a man who has held many high offices in State, and even the highest office in the gift of the American people, should declare the humble occupation of a farmer to be the happiest business of his whole life?

Imprisonments without Warrants and without Trials.

From an article in the New York World headed as above, we take the following:

This befell in New York—the chief city of the nation—the very core of its loyal heart.

The stones of the streets of a city of cravens should cry out at such scorn of her honor, her loyalty, and her citizens' rights. Imprisoned without guilt, for an act yet to be pronounced a crime, arrested without warrant, incarcerated without trial, liberated without reparation. In what other terms than these do we phrase the high-handed ordinances of despotism? Is there any other language for the deeds of tyrants? Yet this is a Republic, and these are the deeds of the men of the nation's choice.

There are none to plead the cause of the oppressed. The bar of New York is silent. A phantom Provost Marshal opens and shuts the doors of the harbor fort, and they are dumb. The fort is named for him who gave to the Father of his Country the key of a Bastille which has perished, but the omen is naught. The blood in their veins is milk.

The days go on. The Administration permits this monument of its shame to be heaped higher—of dead civil rights and of throttled liberties. Every hour offers it the chance of atoning for the past and of establishing impregnably what only in an hour of national peril it could have undetermined. But every hour the shaft is driven deeper. The crime is even clinched. For he who is liberated goes free neither because he is confessed guiltless, nor because he has been proved not guilty; and the prisoners who remain, guilty or guiltless as he—not more, not less—remain, it would seem, that the spotless majesty of Law may be sullied by every offense.

Under the present rule, it is at least come to this—that everything is secure, except what the laws have made sacred. The safeguards of the Constitution are turned aside like rushes; it is the lines of the rebels alone that are impenetrable. Headlong fury this way; helpless floundering that. No wonder Europe laughs us to scorn. We profess to be fighting for law, and yet reckon not how we trample upon law. We seek to subdue disloyalty, and yet persecute loyalty. We punish the discouragement of enlistments, and do that which is precisely calculated to discourage enlistments. We labor to save the Government, and make it not worth the saving. The folly of it is enough to drive every true American mad. It is disgracing, and damning our cause. There must be a change, or this Republic is doomed beyond redemption. Enacting such a lie, we fight against the dead as well as the living. The shades of our fathers, as we turn from the old alters, will meet us at every step with flaming swords. The very stars will war in their courses to the end that this land shall not be the inheritance of such apostates.

GETTING OUT OF THE DRAFT.—A prominent candidate before one of the commissioners, was an imaginative Teuton, by name Jacob Schneider.

"What is the matter with you, Yaw-bob?"

"Well, mine pack is most proke."

"Local or chronic?" asked the commissioner.

"Local or kroneec, vats dat?"

"I mean is your disease a standing complaint?"

"Nein, I lays in der bed generally."

"Well, how did you hurt your back?"

"Well, I vas some beer drink las week, in der saloon, and I goes mine house in, and den I goes my stairs up, and I tumbles mine window out, and den I strike de sidewalk on my pack, and I lies in der bed for tree months."

"Ah! you fell out of the window last week?"

"Yaw."

"And you laid abed three months, how do you make that out?"

"Ich nix for stay. Ich can nitch so much English speechen all der while."

Yawob didn't get his papers.

WHAT IS A DARLING?—It is a dear, little beaming girl who meets one on the doorstep; who flings her arms around one's neck, and kisses one with her soul of love; who seizes one's hat, who relieves one of one's coats, and hands the tea and toast so prettily; who places her elish form at the piano, and warbles forth, unsolicited, such delicious songs; who casts herself at one's footstool, and clasps one's hand and asks eager, unheard-of questions, with such bright eyes and flashing face, and on whose light, flossy curls one places one's hand and breathes "God bless her," as the fairy form departs.

"CHARLES," said a worried father to his delinquent son "I am busy now, but as soon as I get time, I mean to give you a confounded flogging."

"Don't hurry yourself, pa," replied the patient lad.

WE are requested to announce that the fifth session of the Hesperian College will commence on Monday, the 2d day of February proximo. We are informed that owing to the loss of time, consequent on certain repairs which have been made on the building, during the current session, there will be no vacation at the end of the present term. The school now numbers some eighty students, and is constantly receiving additions to its numbers. Under the able administration of Prof. J. W. Anderson as Principal, supported by a corps of highly competent and faithful assistant teachers, the institution offers educational advantages to the young, not surpassed by any school of its grade in the State of California. Persons wishing to avail themselves of its benefits, will find it to their interest to send in at the beginning of the session.

ROADS.—We learn that the Colusa road was closed on Monday last, about two miles from this place. This shuts out all communication between this place and fertile and populous section of our county lying west and northwest of this, known as the "Plains." The time has now arrived that something in the way of roads must be done. And next Monday, when the Board of Supervisors meets, the people's rights in the premises should be asserted—the Board made fully acquainted with the wants of this section of our county—and, we doubt not, ample justice to all will be done.

PEOPLE'S STEAMSHIP LINE.—By reference to another column will be found an advertisement of the People's Steamship Line. The fine steamer Moses Taylor, will leave on Wednesday, March 11th, at 6 o'clock A. M., for San Juan Del Sur, connecting there with the splendid steamship Illinois.

PERSONS sending us communications and advertisements to be published the same week, must send them by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. "Reason"—there is only a mail here once a week, which arrives on Monday, two days after our publication.

JOHN W. GRIFFITH, traveling agent for the Marysville Express, paid us a visit this week. He intends canvassing the county thoroughly before leaving. We wish him success.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—On Saturday next, at 11 A. M., the Rev. B. H. Russell and Rev. J. Grewell, will hold their regular quarterly meeting at Knight's Landing.

CALIFORNIA WHITE WINE.—We are in receipt of a sample of White Wine, made by Dr. S. F. Rodolph of this place, which, as far as our taste goes, we pronounce it good.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.—We would call the attention of Farmers and ranchmen to the advertisement of A. J. Hallidie & Co., in another column.

FANCY AND COMIC VALENTINES.—Just received, a fine assortment of Fancy and Comic Valentines, at Raveley's.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—On Monday next the Board of Supervisors will meet at Woodland.

THE Call says on Monday a private dispatch was received by a business house in this city, from New York, stating that a riot is going on. Gold 55 cents.

ADJOURNED.—The annual meeting of the State Agricultural Society was adjourned until the 25th February next. Cause—"no quorum present."

ABOUT NOON, Monday, about 600 square feet of Moore & Co.'s wharf, San Francisco fell with a loud crash, precipitating near 60 tons of coal into the water.

ON HAND.—At the close of business on Saturday last, there was in the State treasury \$536,218 60.

Two hundred head of cattle were sold in Stockton lately, at prices ranging from \$14 75 to \$15 75 per head.

THE Golden Age took 14,000 lbs. whalebone, 29 bales deer skins, 2,000 hides and 1,500 flasks quicksilver.

THE total expenses of the public schools in San Francisco for the last quarter foot up \$32,911 00.

ACCORDING to the census of 1860, the excess of males over females in this country was 633,258.

All is not Gold that Glitters.

In times gone by, when the Democratic party was in power, it was not uncommon for the opposition to charge some of its members with obtaining, or seeking to obtain seats in the United States Senate by the too free use of gold, or its equivalent, in the way of promotion. To what extent these charges were true, has never, to our knowledge, become known. We believe one Senator confessed to having expended a large amount of money in reaching that exalted position; but that votes were actually bought with money, was not generally credited, though, in the earliest days of this young State, when it was not possible for the Assemblyman or Senator to be so familiarly known to his constituents as at present, when society was almost in a chaotic state, and when people might reasonably be expected to be more indifferent as to who they voted for, than at this day, it would be strange if corrupt men, in some instances, did not secure seats in our Legislature, who would not scruple to pocket gold as the price of their votes. But at this late day, when there is confessedly an improvement in the social and moral tone of our people over that of a few years past, and when we had a right to expect, from professions made and assurances given, that the days of bribery and corruption had passed away with the power of that party against whom such complaints were so freely made, it is mortifying—it is positively humiliating—to the people to read such disclosures as were made in the "Union Senatorial Caucus," on Tuesday and Wednesday nights last. No party was ever so loud in its condemnation of corruptions, peculations and malfeasance, and no party was ever so loud in its professions of purity and freedom from all taint, as the party now in power in this State; who held up their hands in holy horror at the very appearance of evil, and by their own witnesses—out of their own mouths—are found to be the most unscrupulous of any party ever in power, since California had an American history.

The following is what the *Alta* says of the Phelps case:

"They are are working under-ground, cheating, lying, bribing. More than that, they are selling us, the people, out. They are hawking offices, Judgeships, and we presume Governorships and Treasurerships, about the political market, and offering them in exchange for votes. Do these men own us? Is all we have theirs? Are the highest offices in the Government nothing but mercenary in their hands? If so, better a despotism—better any form of Government ever devised by man, containing even a mediocrum of decency and intelligence, than the rule of a wretched cabal. To probe the putrid mass would create a moral pestilence—it smells to heaven. If it were possible to throw a cloak over it, the interest of the State would be subserved. There is no honest and respectable citizen but has cause to-day to feel humiliated. They are a reeking, steaming sewer of abominations. The system which we have can produce nothing but pignies, and corrupt, venal, and contemptible pignies at that. The pignies are stabbing the country to the heart. Sympathy is manifested for the family and friends of Watrous, who was heretofore considered an honest though weak minded and vain man. It is reported that the Sunday School with which he is connected will take measures for his expulsion."

GEORGE W. DERICKSON.—Gen. Allen, editor of the *Washoe Times*, speaking on the death of Mr. Derickson in that paper issued on the 24th instant:

Yesterday morning, about half past 9 o'clock, George W. Derickson, the proprietor of this paper, was MURDERED! The examination of the murderer, at the moment we are writing this, is in progress before the proper court, and our veneration for the majesty of the law prevents us from speaking as we feel. We have stood up for the murderer, against the just indignation of our citizens, who wished to visit summary punishment upon the murderer, for we have faith in the law and its ministers.

George W. Derickson, who has thus untimely fallen under the pistol of a base assassin, was a young man who had scores of friends. He was the very soul of honor, and his heart was as open as the day. Our feelings will not permit us to speak of him as we feel: for we loved him as a son, and we mourn for him as the father over the child of his affection.

ERYSIPELAS.—A correspondent of the *Providence Journal* says that in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred, cranberries applied as a poultice will effectually cure erysipelas. There is not an instance known where it has failed to effect a cure when faithfully applied before the sufferer was in a dying state. Two or three applications generally do the work.

DR. RABE, late Marshal of California, has been appointed by President Carrera, Consul for Guatemala for the U. S. Pacific coast.

ARMY FRAUDS.—A letter to the *Union* from New York, dated Dec. 27th, says of the frauds that have been perpetrated on the Government by scoundrels of that city, that it has been well known to the press that a Commission has been for some time in secret session to investigate the accounts which were presented a year ago by brokers and others who were suspected of attempting to defraud the Government. The Commission, whose photographic reporter I saw a day or two ago, have not made their work public; but some testimony has leaked out through the indiscrete public admissions of the witnesses who were summoned, and it is now known that a gigantic confidence game was practiced in this city throughout the extended period in which we were enlisting and subsisting volunteers. Of the first \$20,000,000 which Congress appropriated, it is believed that more than 25 per cent. found its way into the pockets of rogues. At first, with the vast amount of labor which the Treasury and War Department had thrust upon them, it was found to be impossible to meet the demands with promptness; hence many contractors with limited means were driven to the sale of their demands against the Government, and these demands were purchased by brokers at a discount of from 10 to 15 per cent. Not content with the Golden egg, the brokers ripped open the goose by absolute forgery.—Trumping up some unlettered German who had boarded a number of soldiers, the broker purchased his claim, and pretending to discover some informality in the making of his bill, destroyed it and made another, to which the German's signature was secured. It has transpired that in several instances where the true bill was for only \$100 or so, the bill paid by the Government has been \$400 or more. The most perpendicular fraud of all is that of a confidence operator, who purchased a lager beer seller's bill for \$25, and appeared before the Paymaster with a regularly executed demand for \$1,500. One of the cases brought to the notice of the Commissioner developed the fact that the Union Defense Committee were paying 40 cents per ration to certain contractors. The returns had to be accompanied by regular vouchers, and tickets were issued to all the recruiting officers for subsistence of their recruits. It was found, however, that in many cases the special contractor has had to pay back 5 cents per ration to the Colonel of a regiment, and to the Quartermaster 10 per cent. on his gross receipts so as to secure their favor and enjoy the continuance of the contract. This, if there had been such a thing as honest dealing with the government, the recruits brought into the field could have been provided for in this case for about one half the cost.

Within a week after the commencement of the present investigation, many false bills which it is known were ready for presentation were withdrawn. One of these was \$6,000. Among the various successful frauds there was one case where a man obtained \$1,175 for a bill of \$50.

In view of the discovery of these colossal frauds, the *Herald* makes this important admission:

"It now appears that many of the arrests made in this city some months ago without apparent cause, and which were attributed to political causes and the rise of a military despotism, had their origin in the frauds now being brought to the light of day. The Government, instead of infringing on popular rights and personal liberty, did not arrest one-tenth of the men who ought to have been arrested for fraud and speculation; and, during the agitation caused by the hue and cry against the system of military arrests, all those who were arrested were released and set at liberty."

SMALL POX.—The *Victoria* (V. I.) *Chronicle* of Jan. 11th, says: It is estimated that the bodies of from 1,000 to 1,200 Northern Indians, who have fallen victims to the small pox, lie unburied in the space of about one acre of ground a little the west of the reservation and a stone's throw from the school house.—Few persons can form any conception of the fearful ravages caused by the disease in this vicinity. When it first appeared among the Indians large numbers started in canoes for the north; but full one-fourth of their number died on the way and their bodies lie at the present day on the coast from Victoria to Ft. Rupert, and on the mainland of British Columbia from Deane's canal to the mouth of the Stickeen river. We well remember several warm days last summer when the deaths at the reserve averaged one an hour. The sad fate of about 80 poor wretches who, driven from the Reserve by the police encamped at Ogden's Point, and, in one week's time, only 13 were left to tell the tale, has not yet been forgotten. A like fate befel 60 who were encamped at Cadboro Bay. The English and other tribes native to Vancouver Island, enjoyed a singular immunity from the disease—an immunity which was due in the main to the sanitary measures adopted by the Catholic missionaries before the plague came. The Northerners were vaccinated also; but not until after the disease had appeared among them. Somehow or another, the vaccine generally did not take, they seemed doomed to destruction, and the place of an Indian population of 2,500 souls—as we had last spring on the Reserve—it would to-day, be really hard work to scare up 50 men, women and children, and out of nearly 300 huts, tents and lodges, but ten were visible yesterday.

[Communicated.]
"The Year of Jubilee."

MR. EDITOR:—In the *Evangel* of the 8th inst. I find an article under the above caption, in which occurs the following paragraph which I desire to notice briefly: "Freedom will do the slave no wrong. It will deprive him of no right. It will not take from him his manhood, his life, liberty, or labor, his wife or his children. It will not sink him lower in the scale of being; it will not make him more ignorant, sensual and debased, than he now is."

I would not ask the use of your columns to notice the foregoing extract, were it not that the writer claims to "speak from actual experience and very extensive observation." The result of the *Evangel* writer's "extensive observations" differs greatly from my own, and from all others of equal opportunity for observation, from whom I have heard upon the subject, if he is led to believe that the transition from slavery to freedom does not both "take from him (the negro) his manhood," and "sink him lower in scale of being," and also render "him more ignorant and sensual." But I will not content myself with this assertion adverse to the one quoted above from the *Evangel*; but will introduce some extracts from reports of committees appointed by the British Government, to enquire into the condition of the emancipated negroes in her West India Colonies. The following extract is from the report of a commission appointed in 1850:

"Under present circumstances, so gloomy is the condition of affairs here, that the two gentlemen whom your commissioners have examined with respect to this district, both concur in predicting 'its slow but sure approximation to the condition in which civilized man first found it.'"

The *London Times*, of Dec. 1st, 1852, in reviewing this report, says:

"At the present moment, if there is one thing in the world that the British public do not like to talk about, or even think about, it is the condition of the race for whom that great effort was made."

I will now refer the *Evangel* writer to the testimony of Capt. Hamilton, of the Royal Navy, who was brought before the House of Commons committee, I think in 1852, who testified as follows. A single extract from the testimony must suffice. Capt. Hamilton, of the royal navy, in the course of his evidence, had declared that the Island of Jamaica was a desert. Here follows his examination by the members of the committee:

"**Chairman.** You made use of a phrase some time ago, with respect to Jamaica having become a desert. Will you explain to what extent you apply that term?"

"**Captain Hamilton.** I mean that, in going to plantation establishments that had evidently been once splendid buildings, where there had been a great outlay of capital on a grand scale, you find the roofs tumbling in, the places deserted, nobody in them, grass growing in the rooms, and perhaps rats and snakes in those very rooms, and a deserted, melancholy appearance, that certainly goes to one's heart to view."

"**Chairman.** Is that applicable to only one part, or is it the general character?"

"**Captain Hamilton.** It is the general character."

"**Mr. Bright.** That is not the case in Jamaica, but in those particular locations?"

"**Captain Hamilton.** No; the general character of Jamaica is, that it gives you the impression of a place going to decay. Speaking of the population of Jamaica, I do not refer to the capitalist planters of old times, but to the present population of Jamaica, and their locations and cultivations."

"**Mr. Bright.** Do you think the term 'desert' was applicable to the state of things there?"

"**Captain Hamilton.** I should say peculiarly applicable, without any exaggeration."

I will not cross the great waters for any further proof of the deteriorating effects of freedom upon the negro; but would call his attention to the newspaper correspondents from rebeldom, who, with scarcely an exception, agree that the "worst thing that could be done for the negro, is to thrust freedom upon him!" But the *Evangel* writer says "it will deprive him (the negro) of no rights." That depends upon what the testimony of our own census—the testimony collected in the British West Indies by the House of Commons committee, and the testimony now being developed by the process going on in the Slave States, be true or not. If it be true that the negroes' condition is not bettered by freedom, then, indeed, he is deprived of some rights, and to him valuable rights, too. He is deprived of a good comfortable home—of an abundance of wholesome food—of ample clothing and shelter to protect him from the inclemencies of the seasons—of good nursing and medical attendance when sick, and the certainty of care and protection

in old age. All these the laws of the *Slave States* guarantee to him! All the guarantee he has for any of these blessings, may be gathered from the following extract of a letter to the *New York Times*, from Gen. Hovey's command at Helena, Arkansas, after his brief excursion into Mississippi. When he returned to Helena, it seems about three hundred contrabands accompanied him from Mississippi. The *Times*' correspondent says:

"Then it means simply freedom to starve, rot, die, and the sooner the better. Since I reached that place, the average daily mortality among the contrabands has been from ten to twenty. Nobody takes any further interest in them than to kick them out of the way whenever they get in it, and to curse them upon all occasions as a source of the most serious demoralization to the army. Their condition is not a single remove above that of brutes—a more degraded, helpless class of people exists nowhere on the continent. If our philanthropy is to end in taking them away from their masters, we had better, in mercy to them, decree that as fast as emancipated they shall be shot."

I now take leave of the *Evangel* writer by remarking, that I fear his "extensive observation" has not been profitable; for it evidently has led him into error; and, furthermore, if he had thought "extensively" upon this subject, he would greatly deplore the event—if emancipation be effectual—instead of hailing it with joy. The subject of emancipating four millions of slaves, is one that will bear thinking about before consummating it.

—N.
YOLO CANAL.—The *Alta's* Legislative correspondent referring to the indefinite postponement of the resolution to raise a Committee to consider the propriety of a survey for a canal from Knight's Landing across the tule lands of Yolo and Solano counties to the Bay of Suisun, says in place of being treated thus, it ought to have found favor. A canal from Knight's Landing, about sixty mile above this city, will reach a slough opening into Suisun bay, near Denverton, and if made straight, its length need not exceed sixty miles. The intermediate ground is very favorable for a canal. There are no deep valleys or high hills intervening. At Knight's Landing the bank is about 20 feet high. The cost of the canal would depend entirely upon the purpose for which, and manner in which it might be made. The four purposes of irrigation, navigation, draining tule lands and protecting Sacramento from overflow, would each be best gained by peculiar and different kind of work; but perhaps the canal may be constructed in such a manner as to subserve several or all of these purposes to a certain extent. There are about 150,000 acres of tule land in Yolo now useless, and almost valueless, because of their swampy nature and the predominant growth of the tule, a coarse and unwholesome reed. A canal on a level with Suisun Bay would drain at least one half, 75,000 acres, which would then become the best grass land in the State, and furnish green, rich and succulent pasturage through the Summer and Fall and would be worth at least thirty dollars per acre.

BIRTHS.
At Washington, Yolo county, Jan. 25th, the wife of T. B. Cropper, of a son.
At Cache Creek, Jan. 25th, the wife J. J. Stephenson, of a son.

DEATHS.
At Mormon Island, Jan. 27th, David Hoagland, of Washington, Yolo Co., aged 46 years.
Near Woodland, Jan. 22d, Edith, infant daughter of L. B. and Martha A. Ruggles; aged 2 months and 2 days.

New Advertisements.
PEOPLE'S STEAMSHIP LINE,
CONNECTING
California and New York, Via Nicaragua.

750 Miles Shorter than any other Route

The fast and favorite double engine steamship,
MOSES TAYLOR,
E. HOWES,Commander,

Will be Dispatched for
SAN JUAN DEL SUR,
FROM MISSION STREET WHARF,
At 9 o'clock A. M., Punctually,

—ON—
Wednesday,March 11th, 1863,
Connecting at Greytown with the splendid steamship,

ILLINOIS—2500 TONS.

Reduced Rates of Passage and Quick Trips are secured by the re-opening of the Nicaragua Route.

These steamers are unsurpassed for speed, cleanliness and safety, and every effort will be made to insure the comfort of Passengers. For further information or Passage, apply to
L. K. ROBERTS, Agent,
No. 407 Washington street,
Jan31-td Opposite the Postoffice.

FENCE YOUR LANDS!!
FARMERS AND RANCHMEN!!!

BY USING the Wire Strand we manufacture expressly for that purpose. You can do so Quicker, Neater, Cheaper and more Permanently, than will any other material. Strand made in half mile lengths, on reels ready for use.
A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.,
No. 412 Clay street, San Francisco.
Jan31-3m

Oysters and Sardines,

Of the finest quality, for sale at Raveley's.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

The following dispatches are from the Sacramento Union of Jan. 28th:
New York, Jan. 27.—The Saxonia, from Southampton January 14th, has arrived.
Napoleon had distinctly intimated to Dayton his refusal to submit any proposition of mediation. He said:
"France would be flourishing if the American war had not dried up one of most fruitful sources of our industry. I have attempted to send beyond the Atlantic advice inspired by sincere sympathy; but the great maritime Powers not thinking it advisable to act as yet, I am obliged to postpone to a more suitable opportunity an offer of mediation the object of which was to stop the effusion of blood and prevent the exhaustion of America, whose future cannot be looked on with indifference."

A Key West letter states that the British neutral blockade runner Antonica with a cargo of powder from England, has been captured by the U. S. steamer Pocahontas off Mobile.
The Tribune's correspondent says that upon Gen. Butler's arrival at New Orleans to resume command of the Department of the Gulf, Banks will be ordered to Texas, at the head of a sufficient force, for the purpose of assisting the Union men in that State to restore it to the Union as a free commonwealth.

A special Washington dispatch to the Times says Gen. D. N. Couch succeeds Sumner and Gen. W. F. Smith succeeds Franklin.
Gold is unsettled at 52@54.
The steamer Terry, from Hatteras on the 25th, reports that three gunboats and a number of transports, under General Foster, sailed on the 24th. Another expedition follows immediately.

A letter to the New Orleans Delta, from Berwick Bay, dated January 15th, gives the particulars of an action that took place between a Federal gunboat and the rebels, in which Commodore Buchanan was killed. Thirty rebels were captured and six killed.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Jan. 27.—Gen. Hooker has issued an address to the army in which he says he enters upon the discharge of his duties with a just appreciation of their responsibilities. Since the formation of this army he has been identified with its history. He has shared with the soldiers its glories and reverses, with no other desire than that the relations might remain unchanged until it should be accomplished. He adds: "In the record of your achievements there is much to be proud of, and, with the blessing of God, we will contribute something to the renown of our arms and the success of our cause. To secure these ends the cheerful and zealous co-operation of every officer and soldier will be required. In equipment, intelligence and valor the enemy is our inferior. Let us never hesitate to give him battle wherever we can find him."

The only movement to-day is a change of the locality of headquarters.

FR. MONROE, Jan. 26th.—From the southern papers it appears there has been great consternation in the interior caused by the reported concentration of Federal troops in this department. It has been ascertained that 75,000 rebel troops have been sent into North Carolina from the Rappahannock, and some have been withdrawn thence for the southwest.—The rebels believe the Army of the Potomac to be completely demoralized and on the eve of mutiny. Hence their withdrawal of troops to these points.

New York, Jan. 27.—The steamer Arago, from Hilton Head Jan. 24th, has arrived. The iron clad battery Montauk and others left Hilton Head on the same day. Gen. Hunter had arrived out and taken command of the department.

The rebel ram Atlanta now lies in full view of our blockading fleet in Ossibaw Sound.

It was reported at Key West on the 22d that the pirate Orto had escaped from Mobile, and burned a Boston brig off Tortugas on the 17th.

A PRINTER SHOT.—We are pained to learn that our young friend, George W. Derriekson, publisher of the Washoe Times, was shot through the heart and instantly killed by a man named Hayes.

GEO. W. STEWART, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION Merchant, AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN GROCERIES, PROVISION, FLOUR, GRAIN Etc., etc., etc. No. 45 Front street, between J and K, SACRAMENTO.

Seed Wheat, Oats, Barley and Wild Oats, in quantities to suit buyers. jan24-3m

BOOK BINDERY. F. FOSTER, Northwest corner 5th and J sts., Sacramento Book Binder, Paper Ruler, and Blank Book Manufactory.

Binding of every description neatly executed. Old Books re-bound to any desired pattern. dec6-tf

Lubin's Extracts, Choice variety, just received and for sale at Raveley's. Pipes of every Description, JUST received, and for sale at Raveley's.

100,000 FRUIT TREES FOR SALE

WASHINGTON NURSERY, FOR 1862-3, VIZ:
40,000 2 year old Apple Trees;
10,000 1 year old Apple Trees;
10,000 2 year old Pear Trees, on Pear stocks;
5,000 1 year old Pear Trees, on Pear stocks;
15,000 2 year old Pear Trees, on Quince stocks;
6,000 1 and 2 year old Cherry Trees;
5,000 2 year old Plum Trees;
500 1 and 2 year old Apricot Trees;
1,500 1 year old Peach Trees;
10,000 Peach Trees in bud;
3,000 Nectarine Trees in bud;
40,000 Foreign Grape Vines, 1 and 2 years old;
ALSO, LARGE QUANTITIES OF Currants, Gooseberries, Blackberries, Raspberries and Strawberries—best American and English varieties—with a large assortment of Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs, Roses, etc., comprising a general assortment of all kinds of Nursery Articles. Descriptive Catalogues, with Price List, furnished free to all applicants.

AGENTS.—Chas. F. Reed, Knights Landing; Messrs. Graves, Williams & Buckley, San Francisco; H. F. Williams, Esq., San Jose; C. E. Smith, Esq., Jackson; G. E. Hill, Esq., Buckeye; J. J. Deming, Esq., Woodland; H. S. Taylor, Esq., Marysville; W. W. Markham, Stony Creek.

All orders promptly attended to. Letters requiring information will receive strict attention. Trees packed and shipped in the best possible manner without delay. C. W. REED, Proprietor. jan24-3m

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY!!! CALIFORNIA MARBLE.

HAVING been awarded the First Prizes at the different State Fairs for Monumental work, we would respectfully call Particular Attention to our specimens of California Marble, and Workmanship now on hand. It is the best Marble ever found in the United States, and is not excelled in Europe for general purposes. It is free from flint or iron, more compact, of finer texture, and susceptible of as high a polish as the best Italian. As we quarry our own Marble, and are practical workmen in it, we can furnish anything in our line cheaper than the cheapest. And as Good as the Best! To satisfy yourselves of the fact, please call at our Premium Pioneer Marble Works, K street, between 5th and 6th, SACRAMENTO. A. AITKIN & CO. Sculpture and Ornamental work done to order. jan24-tf

CANDIES. CANDIES. H. SCHRODER. CANDY MANUFACTORY, Wholesale and Retail. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPTEST. No. 114 K street, between 4th and 5th, Theater Building, SACRAMENTO.

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS WILL DO well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Candies of all descriptions, warranted to keep dry in all climates. Our assortment of Cakes is not equaled in the city. We are also ready to supply Balls, Parties, etc., at the shortest notice. Orders from the country promptly attended to. H. SCHRODER, 114 K street. jan24-3m

MECHANICS' EXCHANGE, (FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING) DENTSCHES CASTHANS, I street, between Front and Second, SACRAMENTO. HENRY TRECHLER, Proprietor.

This House is in the immediate vicinity of the Steamboat Landings and Railroad Depot. The best accommodations for Families at moderate terms. Board per week, \$4 50; with Lodgings, \$5 50 Meals, 37 1/2 cents; Beds, 25 and 50 cents. N. B.—Red and White Wine, of Yolo county manufacture, always on hand. jan24-3m

P. L. DUSTON, SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER, Corner 2d and Railroad streets, Knight's Landing.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE attention of the public that he has opened and permanently located himself at the above place, having just received a new lot of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Whips, Etc. P. L. DUSTON. ap12-tf

REMOVAL. R. T. BROWN & CO. Have Removed to the Store (Formerly occupied by Lockwood & Hendrie) CORNER FOURTH AND J STREETS, SACRAMENTO.

Where they are now Opening NEW STYLES OF FALL CLOTHING —AND— FURNISHING GOODS, To which they invite Attention. nov22-3m

Seeds! Seeds!! G. L. SUYDAM & CO., (Successors to A. P. SMITH & CO.,) DEALERS IN FRUITS, SEEDS, TREES, ETC., No. 40 J street, between Second and Third, SACRAMENTO. jan25-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

Sheriff's Sale. BY VIRTUE of an Execution, issued out of the Sixth District Court for Yolo county, dated January 2nd, 1863, and to me directed and delivered, for a judgment rendered in said Court on the 15th day of December A. D. 1862, in favor of Samuel Hungerford and against S. D. Moore for the sum of seven hundred and seventy-four (\$774 00) dollars, with interest thereon from the date of said judgment at the rate of ten (10) per cent. per annum, together with twenty-six 25-100 (\$26 25) dollars costs, and accruing costs. I have levied on the following Property, to wit: A tract of land one mile long and of such a width as to contain one hundred acres out of the tract described in a mortgage from J. H. Hoppin & Bros. to Farris & Wilcox, recorded in Book B of Mortgages, Yolo county, pages 195, 6-7, in which mortgage the land hereby conveyed is described as excepted from said mortgage, which one hundred acre tract is bounded West by the tract mortgaged as aforesaid, East by the Virginia Ranch, North by the land of Millsap and South by the Section line which divides Sections 15 and 22 of Township 10, N. R. 1 East, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging. Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M. I will sell all the right, title and interest of said S. D. Moore in and to the above described property, at the Court House door, in the town of Woodland, Yolo county, at Public Auction, for Cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said Execution and all costs. G. H. GRAY, Sheriff. Jan. 15, 1863 jan17-4t

Sheriff's Sale. BY VIRTUE of an Order of Sale, issued out of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District, for the county of Yolo, on the 15th day of January, 1863, and to me directed and delivered, for a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered in said Court on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1862, in favor of John C. Woolley and against A. Chisholm, C. Chisholm and A. Conlan, for the sum of \$3,250 00, with interest from date of judgment at two and one-half (2 1/2) per cent. per month, and \$50 00 with interest at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all accruing costs. I have levied on the following Property, to wit: Those certain pieces or parcels of land situated, lying and being in the county of Yolo, State of California, and known and described as the South-east quarter and a fraction in the South part of the North-east quarter of Section thirty (30), and Fractions in the N. W., S. W. and N. E. quarters of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township No. nine (9) North, Range No. two (2) West, Mt. Diablo Meridian, and containing 434 9/100 acres of land, more particularly described in Swamp Land Survey of Yolo county, No. 415 as evidenced by certificate of purchase No. 11 issued Oct. 8th, 1859, to A. Chisholm, with the improvements thereon. Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M. I will sell all the right, title and interest of said A. Chisholm, C. Chisholm and A. Conlan, in and to the above described property, at the Court House door in the town of Woodland, Yolo county, at Public Auction, for Cash in hand, the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said Order of Sale and all costs. G. H. GRAY, Sheriff. Jan. 17th, 1863.—4t

IN the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo. The People of the State of California, to Benjamin O. Franklin and David H. Peltz, greeting: You are hereby summoned to answer to the complaint of D. B. Sutton in said Court filed against you within ten days from service of this Writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county, if served out of this county but within this Judicial District, then in twenty days, but if served on you without said District, then in forty days from such service exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the Ninth day of January, 1863, in said Court. Said action is brought to recover judgment against you for the sum of \$300 00 and interest on said sum at the rate of three per cent. per month from the 11th day of Sept. A. D. 1859, on a promissory note of that date, and the payment of the same secured by mortgage on real estate, that the mortgage premises may be decreed to be sold according to law; also for costs of suit and for other and further relief. All of which is fully set forth in the complaint, a copy of which accompanies this Summons. And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to answer the Complaint as directed, plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief therein demanded. In testimony whereof, I, E. Giddings, Clerk, of the Sixth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said Court, at office in Woodland, this ninth day of January, A. D. 1863. E. GIDDINGS, Clerk. jan17-3m

NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims against the estate of Samuel Wright, deceased, must exhibit them to the undersigned, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the date of this notice, or they will be forever barred. FRANCOIS M. WRIGHT, Administrator. Knight's Landing, Yolo Co., Jan. 9, 1863. jan10-4t

NOTICE. ALL PERSONS indebted to the undersigned will pay their accounts to E. Reinhamme, Justice of the Peace, who is alone authorized to receive the same. G. W. DOTY. Knight's Landing, Jan. 23, 1863. jan24-tf

Having purchased the well known DRUG HOUSE, corner of J and Sixth streets—late D. W. Whitmore—formerly Bowman & Whitmore—we will continue the Drug business in all its branches. We shall keep the largest assortment of goods and sell at the lowest prices, and by prompt attention to business hope to secure the former patronage of the House, and that of the public generally. JUSTIN GATES & BROS., Wholesale Druggists and Importers of Paints and Oils, 72 K street and corner J and Sixth streets, Sacramento, Sacramento, Jan. 6, 1863. jan24-tf

CASH PAID FOR. By S. W. RAVELEY, Knight's Landing. jan25-tf

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISING

CALIFORNIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. The fast and splendid steamers Chrysoptolis and Antelope

Will leave on alternate days for SAN FRANCISCO at 2 o'clock, p.m., from foot of K street, Sacramento. Steamer Chrysoptolis, Chadwick, Master, will leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Steamer Antelope, Poole, Master, will leave on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For MARYSVILLE and intermediate landings EVERY DAY.

Change of day for RED BLUFF.

Knight's Landing, Colusa, Tehama and Red Bluff.

Until further notice the Steamers of the California Steam Navigation Company will make two trips per week to RED BLUFF, leaving Sacramento on

Wednesday, and Saturday, at 7 A. M.

A. REPINGTON, Agents, W. H. TAYLOR, Sacramento.

Freight received at Knight's Landing every day. S. W. RAVELEY, Agent, Knight's Landing. july1-tf

JUST RECEIVED! A FINE LOT OF NEW GOODS! BY L. Greenbaum, S. Rothfeld, Late with Godchaux, Late with A. Ham-Bros. & Co. burger.

WE BEG leave to inform our friends and the public in general, that we have opened

The Store, No. 137 J street, (Formerly occupied by HENDERSON & CO.,) WITH A COMPLETE NEW STOCK —OF— FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

By strict attention to business, we hope to merit a share of public patronage.

Please give us a call. GREENBAUM & ROTHFELD, 137 J street, between 4th and 5th, nov1-tf Sacramento.

NEW GOODS!! CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY.

FREEMAN & BARBER HAVE JUST returned from San Francisco with a large and varied stock of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, Superior in quality and quantity to any ever offered to the people of Yolo county.

GROCERIES. Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Salt, Flour, Bacon, Ham, Cornmeal, Potatoes, etc., etc.

HARDWARE! Spades, Shovels, Nails, Files, Axes, Tinware, of all sorts.

OILS, PAINTS, DRUGS, AND READYMADE CLOTHING! Of all kinds.

Shoes, Boots, Hats, and Caps. DRY GOODS! In this line we have a complete stock. The highest market price paid for produce. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place, FREEMAN & BARBER, Woodland, Yolo county. nov8-tf

NEW GOODS. THE undersigned have just returned from San Francisco with a large and WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT —OF— STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Boots, Shoes, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BONNETS.

HARD-WARE, QUEENS-WARE, TIN-WARE, CROCKERY, GROCERIES Together with a Better Assortment. OF THE NEWEST STYLES OF DRESS-GOODS Than is usually found in a Country Store. All of which we offer to

SELL LOW FOR CASH, Or such articles of COUNTRY PRODUCE! As can be converted into Money.

We take this occasion to return thanks for past favors and to solicit a continuance of the same. Those knowing themselves indebted to us are requested to come forward at once and make payment—longer indulgence cannot reasonably be expected. J. & J. W. BALDWIN. Knight's Landing, Nov. 5th, 1863. nov8-tf

GENERAL MERCHANDIZING.

RE-OPENING! OF THE NEW STORE ...OF... CASE & GOODHUE, AT KNIGHT'S LANDING,

Next door to the Union Hotel and opposite the Steamboat Landing.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS ...IN... GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.

Dry Goods and Clothing, BOOTS AND SHOES. HARDWARE and CUTLERY ...OF... EVERY VARIETY.

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, WINDOW GLASS, Borax, Putty, PAINTS, OILS, CAMPERNE,

CIGARS, Tobacco, &c., &c. TINWARE. CHOICE TEAS AND COFFEE.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES. YANKEE NOTIONS.

FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY. RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

ALSO, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, Too Numerous to Mention.

The subscribers, having permanently located themselves at this place, would respectfully call the attention of farmers, and the public generally, to examine our Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

CASE & GOODHUE, Knight's Landing. jan3-tf

TO THE PUBLIC. Dry Goods, Splendid New Stock! RE-OPENING OF THE OLD STORE, 88 J ST. SACRAMENTO, WITH HANDSOME IMPROVEMENTS.

O'CONNELL, RYAN & CO. Respectfully announce that they are now prepared to supply all their old customers. Their stock being entirely NEW and carefully selected, will be found to comprise the MOST DESIRABLE GOODS IN THE TRADE. Their prices shall be

THE VERY LOWEST! 83 J street, between Third and Fourth OLD STORE. dec27-3m

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS! DRY GOODS! GREAT OPENING SALE ...OF... DRY GOODS, CARPETS, ETC., AT D. LANDERS & CO'S, IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS. NOS. 76 AND 77 J STREET, SACRAMENTO.

Having Purchased our Entire STOCK OF DRY GOODS, CARPETS, ETC., IN THE Eastern and Foreign Markets, Before the late advances, we are enabled to offer inducements to the public not surpassed by any house in California. Our business will always be conducted on strictly cash principles, and ONE PRICE SYSTEM, from which there will be no deviation.

Those wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. D. LANDERS & CO., Nos. 76 and 77 J street, Sacramento, No. 4 Third street, and No. 705 Market street, SAN FRANCISCO. dec27-3m

FOR SACRAMENTO. The fine Steamer VISALLA, CAPT. ZIMMERMAN, Will carry Wheat and Barley for \$2 00 per ton, from Knight's Landing. S. W. RAVELEY, Agent. sept.20-tf

AWFUL.—The Alta gives us the following touch of the horrible: "We are informed that a Mrs. Stemple, living near Tomales, in Marin county, whilst laboring under insanity, on Thursday last, severed her infant child's head from the body. She subsequently sucked its blood and forced her children to do so likewise. On Monday she was brought down to San Quentin, where she will be examined on the charge lunacy, and which, if made out, will result in the unfortunate creature being sent Stockton.

Of all the vanities and fopperies, the vanity of high birth is the greatest. True nobility is derived from virtue, not from birth. Titles, indeed, may be purchased, but virtue is the only coin that makes the bargain valid.

A WAG has truly said, that if some men could come out of their coffins and read the inscriptions on their tombstones, they would think they had got into the wrong grave.

"I am surprised my dear that I have never seen you blush." "The fact is husband, I was born to blush unseen."

A MAN may be covered with rags in this world, but in the next with the glory of God.

New Corner Cigar Store!

M. GREENHOOD & CO, Importer and Dealer in CIGARS AND TOBACCO, jan5-tf Cor. 3rd and J st., Sacramento.

JOHN M. MILLIKIN. T. J. MILLIKIN. MILLIKIN BROS., WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND IMPORTERS and dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, etc. No. 165 J street, between 6th and 7th, n30-tf SACRAMENTO.

LEVI HERMAN, Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office—Up stairs, Front Room, Klay's Building, Fourth street, between J and K, SACRAMENTO CITY.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to securing title to claimants who have taken up Swamp and Overflowed or School Lands, before the Surveyor General or District Courts. State Locating Agent's Office on the same floor. d14-tf

COUNTY SURVEYOR. Amos Matthews, County Surveyor, OFFICE—BELOW WARING'S HOTEL, WASHINGTON.

Will promptly attend to all orders in the line of his profession. AMOS MATHEWS.

Swamp Land Affidavits may be made before Charles F. Reed, who will forward them to me. Mr. Reed has the necessary Blanks. may17-tf.

DENTISTRY!

I. C. KELLEY, Permanent Dentist, Knight's Landing. OFFICE.—Yolo Hotel. Visits made in any portion of the county. All operation warranted. Give me a call. Examinations free. IRA C. KELLEY, Knight's Landing, Sept. 20, 1862.—tf. JAS. BOWSTEAD. JACOB WELTY.

UNION IRON & BRASS FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, Front street bet. N and O, Sacramento. Steam Engines and Boilers built to order; Castings and Machinery, of every description; Steamboat and Quartz Machinery constructed, fitted up or repaired. All kinds of Building Castings; Saw, Grist, Malt and Bark Mills; Horse Power and Car Wheels. All orders filled promptly, and at as low rates as any establishment here or in San Francisco. jy6-tf BOWSTEAD & CO.

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST,

AS GOOD AS THE BEST!!

CHARLES ST. LOUIS, MANUFACTURING JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER.

All kinds of Jewelry and Diamond Settings made to order at short notice. Particular attention paid to repairing.

Watches, Clocks, Music Boxes and Jewelry, at prices twenty per cent. lower than Sacramento prices. All work warranted to give entire satisfaction, or no charges made. "Union Building," Knight's Landing. You will see C. St. Louis at the window. dec26-tf

W. J. PRATHER,

DENTIST. TEETH neatly and substantially filled with pure gold, osseoplasty, or amalgam, at reduced prices. Also, all kinds of plate work on the most approved style. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the teeth, and Palatine Obstrutors inserted.

Office at Yolo City, Yolo County. Dr. Prather will visit persons at their residences and perform operations if desired. Address Yolo Post Office, Yolo County. N. B.—All work done will be warranted. aug24-tf

Fish's Infallible HAIR RESTORATIVE, For sale by S. W. RAVELEY.

UNION HOTEL,

Front street, Knight's Landing.

W. G. SEELY respectfully announces to his numerous friends and the traveling public that he has opened the above beautiful and commodious Hotel in the town of Knight's Landing. He is always prepared to accommodate transient visitors and permanent boarders in the best manner.

The TABLE is supplied with the best the market affords, while

The LODGING DEPARTMENT is fitted up in the most comfortable style, everything being ENTIRELY NEW. There is also a BAR, which has in it a choice selection of the best WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

Special pains will be taken to make this one of the most quiet, comfortable and pleasant houses in the State. mar16-tf.

CACHEVILLE HOTEL.

W. Campbell, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR TAKES PLEASURE in announcing to his numerous friends and acquaintances that he has taken the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate families and permanent boarders, in the best style and most satisfactory manner.

The DINING ROOM is spacious, and is well calculated to accommodate any number of guests.

The BAR-ROOM is also large, and will at all times be supplied with the choicest brands of WINES and LIQUORS that can be procured in the San Francisco market.

The proprietor has spared neither trouble or expense in fitting up this Hotel in all its essential appointments, to make it the best Hotel north of Sacramento.

Mr. Campbell hopes by strict attention to business, and a desire on his part to please his patrons, to receive a share of the public patronage. W. CAMPBELL, Cacheville, March 29, 1862. m29-tf

IN TIME OF HEALTH

PREPARE FOR SICKNESS.—It is preposterous to think that because we are in health, disease will never overtake us. How many have gone forth in the morning and returned home to lay down upon beds of sickness for months! We would remind our readers, that, for family medicine nothing can equal SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP. Of Humors it is a sure exterminator.—Scrofula and Cancer, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, are all cured by this magical remedy. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec6-6m

DR HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE

Lungs is highly recommended by citizens whose names and residence will be found in the pamphlets, giving evidence of astonishing cures of Consumption, by using this medicine. Give it a trial. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec6-6m

BROWN'S

GOLDS! COUGHS!! Brown's Bronchial Troche Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat, relieves the hacking cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, clear and give strength to the voice of PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "sneezing cold" in its first stage, that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are a most valuable article, especially so at this season of the year, when coughs, colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness and Sore Throat are so prevalent. The Troches give sure and almost immediate relief. Sold by all Druggists in the United States, at 25 cents a box. REDINGTON & CO., 416 and 418 Front st., San Francisco, dec6-6m General Agents.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

We have Just Received a Large Assortment of BOYS' AND CHILDRENS' CLOTHING...OF... NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES, Which we offer at Low Prices. R. T. BROWN & CO., Cor. 4th and J streets, Sacramento. nov22-3m

Books and Stationery,

Of all kinds for sale at Raveley's

Cigars and Tobacco,

Fine assortment for sale at Raveley's.

1863.—1863.

DIARIES for 1863, for sale at Raveley's, Knight's Landing.

1863.—1863.

CALENARS for 1863, for sale at 25 cents each, at Raveley's, Knight's Landing.

CHOICE WINES AND BRANDIES.

FINE OLD PORT, FINE OLD SHERRY, FINE OLD BRANDIES. We ask the attention of purchasers to our large and well selected stock, which will be sold at the very lowest market rates. McWilliams & Co., 46 and 48 K street.

COGNAC. 50 EIGHTH (8) casks "Jules Duret," in double packages. —ALSO— 200 eighth casks "Jules Duret," in single packages, for sale low, by McWilliams & Co.,

MARTEL BRANDY. 20 HHDS. of this celebrated brand, in bond, for sale by McWilliams & Co.

CLARETS of the highest quality choice Old Maderia, for sale by McWilliams & Co., 46 and 48 K street.

CHAMPAGNE. 200 BASKETS ("Piper & Co's.") Heidsieck for sale by McWilliams & Co., 46 and 48 K street.

OLD RYE WHISKEY. PEACH BRANDY and Apple Brandy, for sale by McWilliams & Co., 46 and 48 K street.

OLD TOM. 5 Puncheons "OLD TOM," of Booth's Brand, for sale at a low figure, by McWilliams & Co.

IRISH AND SCOTCH WHISKEY. JAMISON Sons' Dublin Malt Whisky, Islay Malt Whisky, Harvey's Highland Malt Whisky. These are Pure and Old, and finer than any heretofore in this market. McWilliams & Co., 46 and 48 K street.

RUM. JAMAICA, St. Croix and New England. McWilliams & Co.

CALIFORNIA WINE. 2,000 Gallons Los Angeles Wine, for sale low. —ALSO— 100 cases Sanevain's McWilliams & Co.

ALE AND PORTER. 200 Gasks Alsop's and Barclay's bottled Ale and Porter. McWilliams & Co.

COGNAC. A Small Lot James Hennessy Cognac, very old and fine. McWilliams & Co., 46 and 48 K street. jy6-tf Sacramento.

C. O. COPP. GENERAL BLACKSMITHING ...AND... JOBING ESTABLISHMENT, Knight's Landing.

BEING PREPARED TO DO ALL kinds of House, Mill-work bolt making, and heavy work of every description.

Reapers and Thrashers Repaired. All kinds of work of the above description done at moderate prices, with neatness and dispatch.

Horses shod on the shortest notice. C. O. COPP, jly19-tf Mill street, opposite the Mill.

E. & C. CRUHLER. COLUMBUS BREWERY, Corner of C and 16th streets, Sacramento.

LAGER of the FINEST QUALITY may be obtained in any quantity at this well known establishment and at the DEPOT— Gruhler's Saloon, Sixth street, between J and K streets.

Orders from the Country promptly attended to. nov9-tf

TAKE NOTICE! LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER! —AND— POSTS, Of all kinds, can be obtained at the

KNIGHT'S LANDING LUMBER YARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED a Lumber Yard at the above place, is now prepared to sell all kinds of Posts and Lumber at the same price as furnished in Sacramento.

The facilities I have for furnishing Lumber at the prices, is accounted for by my having my own steamer and barges.

I would call the attention of those wanting Lumber or Posts, to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. n30-tf CAPT. TRUEWORTHY, Knight's Landing.

FRED. MORSE, M. D., AND SURGEON, Union Hotel Building, Knight's Landing, Yolo County.

WHERE A SO WILL BE KEPT FOR SALE, DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET WARE, &c., During Office Hours, which will be from 6 to 12 o'clock a. m., and from 4 to 9 o'clock p. m.

ELEVEN years of successful practice of my profession entitles me to the confidence of the afflicted, I shall expect to secure the same. nov15-ly FRED. MORSE, M. D.

Premium Tomatoes. PREMIUM Tomatoes, put up by M. S. King at Sacramento, for sale at Raveley's jan3-tf

Premium Peaches. PREMIUM Peaches, put up by M. S. King at Sacramento, for sale at Raveley's jan3-tf

IMPROVED FARMS TO LET OR SELL GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO EMIGRANTS AND FARMERS!!

THE undersigned has several Thousand Acres of Land to Lease or Rent to parties wishing to cultivate. The land is of the richest and most fertile in the Sacramento Valley, and produces the finest crops of wheat, barley and oats in Yolo county. The land is all under good board fence, and it will be let in quantities to suit.

All improvements put on the land by cultivators or renters, will be taken at their appraised valuation at the expiration of the term of the lease.

The land will be rented at a cash rent of \$3 00 per acre per annum, or one-fourth of the crop, at the option of the renter, with the reserved privilege of buying at an agreed price.

Parties wishing to make division fences, the lumber will be furnished free for the purpose.

When parties Rent the land, the pasturage is reserved after the crops are secured.

For further particulars, apply on the premises to JEROME C. DAVIS, Putah Creek S. W. RAVELEY, Agent, Knight's Landing. nov1-tf

FARMS FOR SALE!

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, OFFER FOR sale, in tracts to suit purchasers, Sixteen Thousand acres of land, lying in Cache Creek Canon, Yolo county, being a part of the Rancho Canada De Capay.

Terms of sale—One-third cash, one-third in one year, one-third in two years, with interest at the rate of one per cent. per month. Title perfect or no sale.

The above is of the most fertile and productive grain and grass lands in the State, and superior to any for the culture of the grape and other fruit. We have a vineyard of 35,000 vines, and orchard of about 3,000 fruit trees, which show themselves the superiority of the locality for such purposes.

For further particulars, apply to KELLY, MOTT & CO., 148 J street, Sacramento, or on the Ranch of nov1-tf ARNOLD & GILLIG.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!

THE undersigned having, in addition to his other business, opened a Wholesale Liquor Store at Knight's Landing, is now prepared to furnish traders and dealers, generally, with the Best

WINE AND LIQUORS in Cases or by the Bottle, that can be found in the San Francisco market. Having made permanent arrangements, customers can be assured that all orders will be promptly attended to.

All goods sold warranted, or the money returned. S. W. RAVELEY, Opposite Boat Landing, Knight's Landing.

N. B.—I pay Cash for goods, and only sell for Cash.

BAKER & HAMILTON, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN Farming Implements & Machines, J STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND 2D, Sacramento.

VIZ: Threshing, reaping and mowing machines; horse hay rakes, cast and steel plows, plow castings, cultivators, harrows, harrow teeth, churns, cheese presses, grain cradles, seed sowers, corn planters, corn shellers, hoes, horse hoes, shovels, spades and trowels, garden shears, reels and lines, garden rakes, straw cutters, sugar mills, fan mills, lay and manure forks, hay knives, axes, hatchets, ax-handles, sickles, scythes, snathes, bush scythes, road scrapers, grind stones, wheel barrows, sausage cutters and stuffers, ox yokes and bows, patent bow pins, budding and pruning knives, well wheels and buckets, etc., etc.

PATENT COMBINED GANG PLOW, SEED SOWER AND HARROW.

We have purchased the right this great labor-saving implement for the State of California, and are having a number made in the Atlantic States for this market.

With this combined Machine one man, with six horses, can do the work of three twelve inch plows, besides sowing the grain, and harrowing it in as he proceeds, thus finishing his work in the best manner possible, without being obliged to travel over the plowed ground. This Machine was very thoroughly tested by the farmers of Santa Clara county, where some eighty are now in use; also, by the Messrs. Hensel & Kethley, of this county, and Messrs. Hoppin Brothers, near Cacheville, Yolo county. It is made very substantial; is not liable to get out of order, and being on large truck wheels, the Gang Plow, Seed Rower and Harrow, runs lighter than three plows would, cutting the same amount of land.

We are desirous of having these plows generally introduced throughout the State, and are therefore prepared to offer very favorable inducements to farmers and the trade. The following are some of the names of our customers who have used them for the past two seasons:

Sacramento county—Hensel & Kethley. Yolo county—Hoppin Brothers, L M Curtis, Caleb Davis, C Travers, A J Scroggins. Sutter county—M Boulware, A L Chandler. Colusa county—James Timothy, J Crouch. Butte county—Major J Bidwell. Placer county—E Miles.

...ALSO... Field, Grass, Herd, Flower AND GARDEN SEEDS

A large portion of which are imported by Express, and selected by experienced Seedsmen in the East, packed in hermetically sealed cases, and guaranteed.

Hand and horse Hay Presses made to order. nov22-3m

Toilet Articles, To which the attention of the Ladies is invited. Just received and for sale at Raveley's.

171,500 BRK FOR SALE, LOW. Apply to J. & J. W. BALDWIN, MERCHANTS, Knight's Landing. Nov. 7, 1861. nov9-tf

Wagon and Harness FOR sale cheap for cash. Apply at Raveley's, Knight's Landing.

JUST RECEIVED, FROM Europe and the Eastern States, by LAMOTT, HATS! HATS! HATS! A Large and Magnificent Lot of New Styles of SOFT AND STRAW HATS, ALL OF WHICH WILL BE Sold at Prices Lower than any House in the State.

The Stock Comprises the Following: The Zephyr Hat, the Canton Hat, the Jeddo the Duntable Hat, the Panama Hat, the Maricao Hat, the Fayer Hat, the Leghorn Hat, the Princeton Hat, the Peruvian Hat—both soft and stiff,—the Cassimere Hat—both soft and stiff, of different shapes and color,—the Blue, White, and Drab Beaver—Dress style; the Otter, Seal and Nova Scotia Stock Hat; the Black, Drab, Pearl and Brown Stage Hat.

SOFT HATS, OF BEAVER, WHITE, NUBIA, BLACK, RUSSIA, BROWN, NANKEEN, CLARET, CINNAMON AND DRAB COLORS Of Every Conceivable Shape.

CHILDREN'S HATS AND CAPS, IN LARGE QUANTITIES. SILK HATS, Of the New Style and all Styles, Made to Order.

And Hundreds of other kinds, too numerous to mention, at LAMOTT'S, july12-tf 37 J Street, near corner 2d.

VAN WINKLE & DUNCAN. DEALERS IN IRON, STEEL, CUMBERLAND COAL, BLACKSMITHS TOOLS, &c.

Sole Proprietors of the Salmon & Bliss TIRE UPSSETTING MACHINES, The best Labor-Saving Machine now in use.

NEW YORK HAND MADE HORSE NAILS, A very superior article.

Large Head Tire Rivet Pins to Fit all Sizes. Particular attention paid to orders from the Country. 93 J Street, and 22, 24, and 26, 4th Street, july5-tf SACRAMENTO.

BATHS! BATHS! BATHS! K STREET BATH HOUSE, Between 2d and 3d streets, one door below 3d, WINTERS & WISEMAN, Proprietors.

Baths.....25 cents Steam Baths.....50 cents Chemical Baths.....50 cents Sulphur Steam Baths...75 cents Superior accommodations for Ladies and Families wishing to enjoy the luxuries of clear water Baths. N. N.—Our Baths are always supplied with clear filtered water. oct25-tf

NOTICE!—\$50 00 REWARD! STOLEN from Sebastopol, five mile from Marysville, on Tuesday, October 14th A BLACK HORSE, Three years old, branded on the left hip, thus (diamond 2) said Horse is heavy built, about fourteen hands high, large head, heavy neck, carries his chin in, has some brown about the head and flank and rather coarse made. Had on when taken, fresh collar marks, skin and hair is off, but no white hair on them; rough shod all round; his tail bone is broken about two inches from the tip, which is not discernable until close examined. We will pay the above reward for the Horse and Thief, or \$25 for the Horse. Address to CLARKE & STEWART, oct25-tf Grafton Post Office, Yolo Co.

FOR SALE! THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES, —AT— S. W. RAVELEY'S, Opposite the Steamboat Landing, Knight's Landing. Perfumery, of all kind, Candies, Fruits, Wrapping Paper, Fish's Hair Restorative, Port Monies, Fine Letter and Note Papers, Red and Black Inks, Also an assortment of other articles too numerous to mention.

THE METALLIC AND AGRICULTURAL WEALTH OF THE PACIFIC STATES, Including California, Oregon, Washington Territory, Nevada Territory, Utah, Colorado, N. M., British Columbia, Lower California & part of Mexico.

Reviewed and compiled from official and reliable statistical reports and correspondence, with statistical tables of the climatology of each State and Territory. Description of mines; manner of extraction of precious metals from their ores; their location; amount shipped and exported; Mint statistics, coinage, etc. Mining utensils, processes, etc., etc. The Geological and Topographical features of the Sierra Nevada and Monte Diablo, with their mineral, metallic and coal deposits.—Imports and exports, products, etc., etc. The Organic Act of California. The Preemption Act of the same. Laws governing mining. Arts and manufactures, etc. Illustrated with highly finished stone, copper and wood engravings.

EDITED BY JULIUS SILVERSMITH, Editor of the "Mining and Scientific Press," the "Miners' Companion and Guide," and Commissioner for the Territory of Nevada.