430

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Canned Foods.

M.A.F. No. 109-'48

11 October 1948.

1. The Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of the following amount of imported canned foods.

A - D class	1,000.0 metric tons
H class	3.9 " "

2. The above 1,000 metric tons of A-D class canned food is proposed to be distributed for school lunch program in October 1948.
The 3.880 metric tons of H class canned food is proposed to be allocated for the manufacturing of soup, sausage and smoked beef that are to be distributed for homeconsumption and school lunch.

3. The plans for allocation and distribution of the said stuffs are as shown in Enclosures.

S. Katayanagi

S. Katayanagi

Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Forestry.

Officials in charge

C. Onomitsu	T. Kuwana
Imported Food Section	Industrial Food Section
Staple Food Bureau	Food Bureau
Tel. (23)1151-8 Ext. 168	Tel.(23) 1151-8 Ext. 167

Enclosure I.

Distribution Plan of Imported
Canned Food for School Lunch.

1. Item and Quantity:

A-D class Imported canned food .....1,000 ton

2. Term of Distribution:

October.

3. Price of Distribution:

Official prices.

4. Distribution Quantities by prefecture:

As shown in the accompanying List.

5. Handling Agency:

The Grocery Distribution Kodan.

Enclosure II.

Plans for allocation (inclusive of processing) and distribution of imported canned food 3,880 kilograms of H class.

(1) Term of manufacturing and distribution from October through December 1948.

(2) Prices -- Official Prices.

(3) Handling Agency -- The Grocery Distribution Kodan.

(4) Method of distribution.
as decided by prefectural governor according to the ways shown below in

(5) Plan of allocation of H class canned food

	Receiver (Plants)	Location	Products	allocation quantity
T	Nishin Livestock-Product K.K.	Tokyo-To Minato-ku	Soup	1,000 kg
	Yamato Livestock-Product K.K.	Tokyo-To Minato-ku	Soup	1,000
I	Ito Grocery Factory.	Kobe City Nada-ku	Sausage	1,220
K	Takara Grocery Factory.	Yokohama City	Ham Sausage	320
	Kamakura Ham Tomioka Shōkai	Kanagawa Prefecture	Smoked Beef	340
	Total			3,880 kg

(Note) Material description- nutmeg, allspice, cinamon, sage, thyme

(6) Standard of product distribution (Product includes 0.5% of imported food, pepper)

Item	Unit	Purpose
Soup	1 go per capita	School lunch in Tokyo
Sausage	600 gram per one home	Home consumption in Kobe
Ham	200 gram per one home	Home consumption in Tokyo
Smoked beef	80 gram per one home	Home Consumption in Kanagawa

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM : Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Peanut Meal

M.A.F. No.105-48

11, October, 1948

1. The Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of 0.3 metric tons of imported peanut meal for the experimental manufacturing of miso.

2. The disposition of the peanut meal mentioned above is proposed to be made in accordance with the program set forth in enclosure.

FOR THE MINISTER

S. Katayanagi

S. Katayanagi
Vice Minister of
Agriculture and
Forestry

Official in charge
H. Morita
Industrial Food Section
Feed Bureau
Tel(23)1151-8
Ext 168

Disposition Program of 0.3 metric tons of
Imported Peanut Meal

Program for Experimental Manufacture of Miso Peanut-meal as Raw Material.

Experimental manufacture of miso ~~with~~ using peanut meal as the raw material will be made according to the following program, in order to ascertain the lustre, flavor, and taste of ~~the~~ miso brewed in this way:

Disposition of raw material:

A. The raw material will be milled and sifted through a sieve of 30 meshes.

B. The raw material will be of two kinds -- one containing comparatively much sand and the other comparatively little sand, as is shown by analysis.

C. Raw material of each kind will be steamed in the same method as is used in brewing ordinary miso.

Method of experimental manufacture:

By using only peanut meal, so-called peanut miso will be made. By mixture of 0.344 of peanut meal with 0.16 of barley malt made from refined barley, by weight, barley miso will be made.
Each of the above kinds of miso will be held for brewing both in pots and in barrels. Addition of tannase will be made for experiment side by side with the above mentioned methods.

Place to make experimention:

Hinode Miso Co., Ltd. (3,2, Kaigan-dori, Minato-ku, Tokyo-to.)

Judgement of results of experimention:

Results will be judged an reported after the lapse of two weeks of brewing.

Requirement of raw material for this experimental manufacture:

Raw material containing more sand --	0.15 tons
Raw material with less sand --	0.15 "
Total	0.3 tons

Disposition of miso thus experimentally manufactured:

It is our policy to utilize this miso, as far as it is ~~allright for use~~ possible, for distribution for household consumption.

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTER OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER OF THE ALLIED POWERS.

FROM : Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

SUBJECT : Request for the release of Canned goods, HD Class (Coffee) for Distribution.

M.A.F. No. 108-'48. 6, October, 1948.

Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of 413.348 tons of imported canned goods H-class coffee).

Above mentioned amount of coffee is proposed to be distributed to family upon option and for business uses according to the plan attached hereto.

FOR THE MINISTER:

P.O.F-33
M.A.F. Nosan Shokuhin
Mr. Yamada

S. Katayanagi.

S. Katayanagi
Vice-Minister,
Ministry of Agriculture & Forestry.

Distribution Plan of Imported

Canned Goods, H-class (Coffee).

1. Item and Quantity.

   413,348 Kilograms of Imported canned Goods H-class (coffee).

2. Distribution period.

   From October to December, 1948.

3. Method of distribution.

   1. For family use upon option)
   2. Special purpose) attached sheet 1.

   ✓ (Off-grade one shall be distributed, as substitute material for coffee, to the coffee processing dealers).

4. Price.

   Price Notification of price Board.

5. Allocating Quantity.

   Indicated by attached sheet No. 2 and 3.

6. Distributing agency.

   Grocery Distribution Kodan.

Distribution Plan of Imported
Canned Good, H-class (Coffee)

1. Item and Quantity.

413,348 Kilograms of Imported canned Good
H-class (coffee)

2. Distribution period.

From October to December, 1948.

3. Method of distrubution.

1. For family use upon option)
2. Special purpose) attached sheet1.

4. Price.

Price notification of Price Board

5. Allocating quantity.

Indicated by attached sheet No. 2 and 3.

6. Distributing agency .

Grocery Distribution Codan.

Attached Sheet (1)

1. Method of Distribution.

(1) Districts for distribution are 9 large cities:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Fukuoka, Hiroshima, and Sapporo.

(2) Allocation Quantity shall be 1/4 pound per family.

(3) Grocery Distribution Kodan shall entrust the reprocessing of coffee to coffee processing dealers who are deemed as Qualified and appropriate by Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry in order to make paper bags each containing 1/4 pound of coffee upon reprocessing.

(4) Distribution of coffee shall be made through the Registered Retail Salers of Canned Food as well as the Registered wholesale Dealers thereof.

(5) Any family who wants coffee shall subscribe to the Registerd Retail Salers of (4) by means of subscription-coupon issued by prefectural governor concerned not later than the date fixed by the latter.

(6) Grocery Distribution Kodan shall sell the reprocessed coffee to Registered wholesales of (4) in exchange for the subscription coupons collected by the latter according to (5).

(7) Registered Retail Salers shall sell the coffee to the family who subscribed to them according to (5).

2. Method of Distribution for Special Purpose:

(1) Sales through Grocery Distribution Kodan on the basis of instructions given by the Ministry of Agriculture & Forestry.

Attached Sheet (2)

Allocation Quantity by Cities of H-class Imported Canned Coffee for Family Use upon Option.

Name of Cities.	Allocated Quantities.
Tokyo	124,613
Yokohama	24,290
Nagoya	25,433
Kyoto	29,827
Osaka	46,499
Kobe	18,137
Hiroshima	6,630
Fukuoka	9,786
Sapporo	7,735
Total	293,000

The Whaling Association- - - - - - - 500 Kg.

250 Kg. - - - - - - Taiyo Gyo-gyo Co., (Marunouchi Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo (7th Floor Maru-biru)

250 Kg. - - - - - - Nihon Suisan Co., 114, Minami Inaricho, Daito-ku, Tokyo.

The Community Chest - - - - - 48,200 Kg. 5, Shiba-Park, Minato-ku, Tokyo.

Government Offices - - - - - 2,000 Kg.

It will be reserved till decide detailed distribution plan of Government Offices.

Under - standard - grade Coffee - - - - - 69,648 Kg.

These coffee will be made mxied coffee with indigenouse coffee and to be sold at grocery store of each prefecture by unrationed sale. Distribution plan of each prefecture is now being made.

8 Nov, 1948.

George.

Attached Sheet (3)

Allocation Quantity by Recipient of R-class Imported Canned Coffee for Special Purpose.

Recipient.	Quantity.	Remarks.
The Whaling Association	500 Kilograms.	
The Community Chest Commission and the Japan Red Cross	48,200 "	
~~Government Offices~~ Reserve	2,000 "	
	50,700	
Under-standard-grade coffee..	69,648	
Total	120,348	

Q Mr Rhodes
Mr Carney

File: Ag. P. Release

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/FR/BSA/hp
(3) 15 October 1948

430(15 Oct 48)ESS/PD
(2) PDF-31

(1) SUBJECT: Release of Imported Feed

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1-chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 102-48, dated 12 October 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Feedstuffs.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430 (11 Apr 46)ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 2,412.4 metric tons of bran or to the release of 3,257.5 metric tons of soy bean cake to be distributed as feed for dairy cattle, breeding stock and poultry and for national breeding stock and livestock experimental stations in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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PDF-31

PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

FLW/FR/BSA/hp
14 October 1948

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD:

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Feed

1. The acute feed shortage in Japan since the war has reduced dairy herds, cut down milk production and diverted to breeding stock and work animals crops valuable for human consumption. It is therefore considered necessary to supply a minimum quantity of imported feed for the most essential requirements.

2. This action releases 2,419.4 M.T. of bran and 3,257.5 M.T. of soy bean cake. The bran will be linked with milk delivery. Of the soy bean cake, 1384.2 M.T. will be distributed as link feed to Hokkaido dairy farmers for milk delivered in April, May, June and July 1948, 1537.0 M.T. will be used for breeding stock and poultry, and 336.3 M.T. will be allocated to national experimental breeding stock farms.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091.31(15 May 46)GD, dated 15 May 46, subject: Procedure Governing Import-Export Commodities for Japan.

4. Concurrences: ESS/FT Mr. Zimmerman
NRS/Ag Mr. Boulware
PH&W Major Scothorne

FLW_____

Refer questions to:
B.S.Appleton, 57-8395

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Feedstuffs.

M.A.F. No. 102-'48

12 October 1948.

The Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of the following amounts of imported feedstuffs to be used as set forth in Enclosures.

Bran	2,412.4	metric tons
Soya Bean Cake	3,257.5	" "

FOR THE MINISTER

S. Katayanagi.

S. Katayanagi

Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Forestry.

Official in charge
H. Hizawa
Feed Section
Live Stock Bureau
Tel. (57) 2960
Ext. 50

Enclosure I.

a. Usage of 2,412.4 metric tons of bran.
This stuff is to be distributed by link system for those who deliver milk.
Prefectural allocation is shown in Enclosure II.

b. Usage of 3,257.5 metric tons of soya-bean cake.
This stuff is to be distributed for

(1) Farmers in Hokkaido
who have delivered milk 1,364.2 metric ton

for milk delivered in April and May	14,202 koku	
" June	11,640 "	
" July	12,829 "	

(2) Breeding stock and
breeding poultry consumption 1,537.0

(Shown in Enclosure III)

(3) The national breeding
stock pastures 356.3

(Shown in Enclosure IV)

Enclosure II.

Bran allocation to Prefecture

(Unit: Metric ton)

IX	Hokkaido	796.7
	Aomori	0
	Iwate	37.3
	Miyagi	18.6
	Akita	0
	Yamagata	56.5
	Fukushima	25.9
	Ibaraki	21.5
	Tochigi	4.8
	Gumma	55.3
	Saitama	75.8
	Chiba	198.1
T	Tokyo	68.1
M	Kanagawa	266.2
H	Niigata	32.2
I	Toyama	4.2
	Ishikawa	32.2
	Fukui	3.3
H	Yamanashi	0
	Nagano	105.9
I	Gifu	0
S2	Shizuoka	161.9
I	Aichi	142.5
	Mie	0
	Shiga	10.0
	Kyoto	34.5
	Osaka	12.7
	Hyogo	57.5
	Nara	4.4
	Wakayama	9.4
C	Tottori	2.7
	Shimane	0
	Okayama	37.8
	Hiroshima	12.8
	Yamaguchi	16.9
S	Tokushima	21.7
	Kagawa	9.0
	Ehime	4.7
	Kochi	0
I	Fukuoka	20.4
	Saga	3.0
	Nagasaki	7.9
	Kumamoto	17.2
	Oita	1.2
	Miyazaki	0
	Kagoshima	19.6
	Total	2,412.4

UNITS PHONED
SCAP
I Corps 21/10
IX Corps 21/10
Tokyo 21/10
Kanagawa 21/10
Shikoku 21/10
Chugoku 21/10
Shizuoka 21/10

Enclosure III.

Prefectural allocation of Soya-bean cake for breeding stock and breeding poultry consumption.

(2)

(Unit: Metric ton)

H	Hokkaido	169.5
	Aomori	46.5
	Iwate	96
	Miyagi	44
	Akita	24.5
	Yamagata	28
	Fukushima	61
	Ibaraki	8.5
	Tochigi	8
	Gumma	27.5
	Saitama	86
	Chiba	20.5
T	Tokyo	13.5
K	Kanagawa	7
H	Niigata	54
I	Toyama	9
	Ishikawa	5
	Fukui	5
H	Yamanashi	5
	Nagano	80
I	Gifu	37
Sz	Shizuoka	56
I	Aichi	150
	Mie	25
	Shiga	13
	Kyoto	0
	Osaka	5
	Hyogo	42
	Nara	0
	Wakayama	0
C	Tottori	23
	Shimane	42.5
	Okayama	65.5
	Hiroshima	29
	Yamaguchi	10.5
S	Tokushima	11
	Kagawa	31
	Ehime	17
	Kochi	21
I	Fukuoka	5
	Saga	20.4
	Nagasaki	26
	Kumamoto	47.5
	Oita	21.1
	Miyazaki	40
	Kagoshima	0
	Total	1,537

Enclosure IV

Allocation of soya-bean cake for
the National breeding stock pastures.

(Unit: Metric ton)

Breeding stock Pasture	Hokkaido	Nemuro	12
		Kitami	3
		Tokachi	5
		Hidaka	5
		Niikatsupu	5
		Tsukisatsupu	30
	Aomori	Ou	5
		Aomori	25
		Iwate	5
		Miyagi	5
		Fukushima	35
		Omiya, Saitama	10
		Shizuoka	20
		Nagano	10
	Saitama	Okazaki, Aichi	10
	Aichi	Tottori	10
		Hyogo	8.3
		Kochi	3
		Tokushima	10
		Kumamoto	25
		Miyazaki	25
		Kagoshima	5
		Total	273.3
Live stock experiment Station		Chiba	40
		Tochigi	10
		Nagano	5
		Chugoku Shimane	10
		Total	65
		Grand total	336.3

60

30

Chiba-ca Nōji

Shibayama

Shimane

Chub.

File — October Releases — Being typed 25 Oct. Mr. Rhodes 8th Army

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/FR/BSA/hp
(3) 15 October 48

436(15 Oct 48)ESS/PD
(2) PDF-32

(1) SUBJECT: Release of Imported Sugar

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1-chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 104-48, dated 2 October 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 110-48, dated 13 October 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

c. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430 (11 Apr 46)ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 635.6 metric tons of imported sugar for the school lunch program or to the release of 1368.4 metric tons of sugar for distribution to bottle-fed babies receiving raw milk during October, November, and December 1948 in accordance with the plans as outlined in memoranda referred to in paragraphs 1a and 1b above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION DIVISION
Food Branch

15 October 48

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD:

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Sugar

1. Indigenous production of sugar is negligible. The bulk of Japanese sugar is imported. The school lunch program and the infants feeding program are considered highly desirable and therefore imported sugar has been planned for these programs.

2. This action releases 635.6 metric tons of imported sugar which in conjunction with 21.12 metric tons of indigenous sugar for Hokkaido will be distributed as part of the school lunch program for the period October through December 1948.

3. This action also releases 1368.4 metric tons of imported sugar which in conjunction with 137.86 metric tons of indigenous sugar for Hokkaido will be distributed to 557,866 babies under 12 months fed on raw milk.

4. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091.31(15 May 46)GD, dated 15 May 46, subject: Procedure Governing Import-Export Commodities for Japan.

5. Concurrences: ESS/FT Mr. Zimmerman
PH&W Miss O'Donnell

FLW

Refer questions to:
B. S. Appleton, 57-8395

UNITS PHONED

SCAP	
I Corps	21/10
IX Corps	21/10
Tokyo	21/10
Kanagawa	21/10
Shikoku	21/10
Chugoku	21/10
Shizuoka	21/10

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Sugar.

M.A.F. No. 104-'48

2 October 1948.

1. The Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of 635.6 metric tons of imported sugar for the school lunch program for the term from October through December 1948.

2. The above stuff is proposed to be distributed in accordance with the plan set forth in Enclosures.

FOR THE MINISTER

S. Katayanagi.

S. Katayanagi

Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Forestry.

Official in charge
A. Kusume
Processed Food Section
Food Bureau
Tel. (23) 1151-6
Ext. 167

DISTRIBUTION PLAN OF THE IMPORTED SUGAR
FOR THE SCHOOL CHILDREN RATION PURPOSE

1. Quality:

Refined Sugar ..... 635,534 Kilogram

2. Term of distribution:

From Oct., 1948) 3 months
To Dec., 1948)

3. Basic quantities of distribution:

a. 2 grams per child and teacher per lunch.

b. Days of ration.

Oct. 21

Nov. 20

Dec. 19

4. Distribution populations and quantities by each prefecture:

As shown in the attached table.

5. Price:

The official price

6. Distribution agency:

The Grocery Distribution Kodan

7. Way of distribution:

The distribution will be made in the method to be designated by prefectural governors, in accordance with the distribution program determined by the Ministry of Education.

8. Note:

In Hokkaido, indigenous sugar is distributed.

DISTRIBUTION POPULATIONS AND QUANTITIES

	Prefecture	October: Number of School Children & Teachers	October: Quantities of Allotment Kg.	November: Number of School Children & Teachers	November: Quantities of Allotment Kg.	December: Quantities of Allotment Kg.	Total (Quantities of Allotment) Kg.
		(174,335)	(7,322)*	(176,891)	(7,076)*	(6,722)*	(21,120)
	Hokkaido	174,335	7,322*	176,891	7,076*	6,722*	21,120
	Aomori	70,412	2,957	71,447	2,858	2,715	8,530
	Iwate	56,724	2,382	57,558	2,302	2,187	6,871
	Miyagi	94,024	3,949	95,406	3,816	3,624	11,389
	Akita	114,078	4,791	115,754	4,630	4,399	13,820
N	Yamagata	76,471	3,212	77,595	3,104	2,949	9,265
	Fukushima	93,727	3,937	95,104	3,804	3,614	11,355
	Ibaragi	142,997	6,006	145,098	5,804	5,514	17,324
	Tochigi	158,114	6,641	160,438	6,418	6,097	19,156
	Gunma	81,340	3,416	82,535	3,301	3,136	9,853
	Saitama	122,229	5,134	124,025	4,961	4,713	14,808
	Chiba	118,411	4,973	120,151	4,806	4,566	14,345
	Tokyo	544,937	22,886	552,945	22,120	21,012	65,998
	Kanagawa	218,300	9,169	221,508	8,860	8,417	26,446
N	Niigata	110,537	4,643	112,161	4,486	4,262	13,391
	Toyama	133,838	5,621	135,805	5,432	5,161	16,214
	Ishikawa	44,397	1,865	45,049	1,802	1,712	5,379
I	Fukui	35,132	1,476	35,648	1,426	1,355	4,257
	Yamanashi	34,987	1,470	35,503	1,420	1,349	4,239
N	Nagano	79,295	3,331	80,460	3,218	3,057	9,606
	Gifu	75,302	3,163	76,409	3,056	2,904	9,123
I	Shizuoka	116,765	4,904	118,481	4,739	4,502	14,145
	Aichi	419,234	17,608	425,395	17,016	16,165	50,789
	Mie	82,002	3,444	83,201	3,328	3,162	9,934
	Shiga	83,645	3,513	84,874	3,395	3,225	10,133
I	Kyoto	188,331	7,910	191,099	7,644	7,262	22,816
	Osaka	347,293	14,586	352,397	14,096	13,391	42,073
	Hyogo	215,669	9,058	218,838	8,754	8,316	26,128
	Nara	18,604	781	18,877	755	717	2,253
	Wakayama	66,393	2,789	67,369	2,695	2,560	8,044
	Tottori	28,162	1,099	26,546	1,062	1,009	3,170
	Shimane	39,174	1,645	39,750	1,590	1,511	4,746
C	Okayama	115,864	4,866	117,567	4,703	4,468	14,037
	Hiroshima	93,947	3,946	95,338	3,813	3,622	11,381
	Yamaguchi	112,486	4,724	114,139	4,566	4,337	13,627
	Tokushima	34,551	1,451	35,057	1,402	1,332	4,185
S	Kagawa	37,079	1,577	37,624	1,505	1,430	4,512
	Ehime	95,789	4,023	97,197	3,888	3,693	11,604
	Kochi	37,289	1,566	37,837	1,513	1,438	4,517
	Fukuoka	231,105	9,706	234,501	9,380	8,911	27,997
	Saga	56,433	2,370	57,262	2,290	2,176	6,836
	Nagasaki	100,491	4,221	101,968	4,079	3,875	12,175
I	Kumamoto	109,363	4,593	110,976	4,439	4,217	13,249
	Oita	66,008	2,772	66,978	2,679	2,545	7,996
	Miyazaki	83,754	3,518	84,985	3,399	3,229	10,146
	Kagoshima	63,325	2,660	64,256	2,570	2,442	7,672
		(174,335)	(7,322)	(176,891)	(7,076)	(6,722)	(21,120)
	Total	5,248,008	220,332	5,325,103	212,924	202,278	635,534

Note: In Hokkaido, indigenous sugar shall be distributed. Number of school children and teachers in December is the same as in November.

* Indigenous

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Sugar

M.A.F. No. 110-48

13, October 1948

The Japenese Government wishes to request an immediate release of 1,368.4 metric tons of imported sugar for the distribution in accordance with the plan set forth in Enclosure.

FOR THE MINISTER

S. Katayanagi

S. Katayanagi
Vice Minister of
Agriculture and
Forestry

Official in charge
T. Kuwana
Industrial Food Section
Food Bureau.
Tel (23)1151-8
Ext. 167

DISTRIBUTION PLAN OF IMPORTED SUGAR

1. Total Amount: 1,368,376 kg.

2. Distribution Area: All Japan. (except Hokkaido)

   Note: In Hokkaido indigenous sugar will be distributed on account of transportation situation. The amount of the indigenous sugar to be distributed in this prefecture is 137,862 kilograms and the number of recipients is 51,060 persons.

3. Recipient:

   Bottle-fed babies under 12 months 506,806 persons

   (Bottle-fed babies who receive condensed, powdered milk or nurishing foods, will be excepted.)

4. Ration standard:

   1.5 Kin (900 gr.) per capita per month (Average Amount)

5. Distribution Period:

   During Oct., Nov. and Dec. 1948

6. Distribution Agencies:

   Ration shall be delivered on coupon system from Grocery Distribution Kodan through sugar wholesalers and retailers in prefectures.

7. Procedures:

   a. Bottle-fed babies under 12 months should be counsulted with a doctor deginated by the chief of city, town, village and ward and receive a doctor's certificate.

   b. Chief of city, town, village and ward will issue purchasing ticket in exchange for a doctor's certificate.

   c. Consumer will buy sugar at registered retailer in exchange for the purchasing ticket.

8. Price: Official price

DISTRIBUTION PLAN OF IMPORTED SUGAR

Area	Number of Bottle-fed Babies	Number of Bottle-fed Babies who need Sugar for adding to Fresh Milk	Total Allocation of Sugar for 3 Months (900 gr per capita per month)
		51,060 (6)	(7) 137,562 kg.
Hokkaido	19,470	11,360	30,672
Aomori	25,830	16,390	44,253
Iwate	18,400	8,070	21,789
Miyagi	26,900	16,830	45,441
Akita	23,620	13,510	36,477
Yamagata	25,480	11,260	30,402
Fukushima	[illegible]	8,650	23,355
Gunma	14,350	5,910	18,873
Saitama	31,210	16,100	15,957
Chiba	28,280	13,840	43,470
Tokyo	70,180	9,070	37,368
Kanagawa	35,840	14,510	24,489
Niigata	34,830	16,840	39,177
Toyama	21,700	13,146	45,468
Ishikawa	15,400	8,070	35,494
Fukui	8,550	3,560	21,789
Yamanashi	14,790	8,020	9,612
Nagano	18,580	7,580	21,654
Gifu	29,850	18,520	20,466
Shizuoka	32,230	16,120	50,004
Aichi	47,370	16,820	43,524
Mie	19,180	9,850	45,414
Shiga	9,240	3,690	26,595
Kyoto	27,300	10,530	9,963
Osaka	43,680	11,240	28,431
Hyogo	38,250	19,370	30,348
Nara	11,960	6,970	52,299
Wakayama	15,600	7,610	18,819
Tottori	6,700	1,710	20,547
Shimane	11,800	4,920	4,617
Okayama	21,900	11,350	13,284
Hiroshima	30,390	16,010	30,645
Yamaguchi	17,870	7,870	43,227
Tokushima	17,160	10,610	21,249
Kagawa	19,380	13,500	28,647
Ehime	18,090	9,090	36,450
Kochi	10,970	5,200	24,543
Fukuoka	48,760	26,100	14,040
Saga	10,470	4,590	70,470
Nagasaki	26,100	16,440	12,393
Kumamoto	30,820	22,050	44,388
Oita	17,800	10,690	59,535
Miyazaki	8,940	2,390	28,863
Kagoshima	24,190	13,860	6,453
			37,422
Total	1,067,260	506,806	1,368,376 kg.

Indigenous

PC policy file

4 Oct.

Ltr, Hq Yamaguchi Mil Govt Team, AG File Serial No. 1085-B, dtd 31 July 1948, subj: Abolishment of Price Adjustments on Sand, Gravel, Crushed Stone and Rocks.

4 Oct

AGMGEP 430 4th Ind

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343

TO: Commanding Officer, Chugoku Military Government Region, APO 317

Your attention is invited to the preceding indorsement, particularly to paragraph 2 which states that consumers located near sand and gravel pits may furnish their own transportation and buy direct at the officially established pit price.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

1 Incl:
n/c

R. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

dispatched 25 October

✓ 101A

WJG/dn

HEADQUARTERS
YAMAGUCHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
YAMAGUCHI, HONSHU, JAPAN
APO 317

Serial No. 1085-B 31 July 1948

SUBJECT: Abolishment of Price Adjustments on Sand, Gravel, Crushed Stone and Bocks.

THRU : Commanding Officer, Chugoku Military Government Region, APO 317.

TO : Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343.

1. Attached herewith is petition submitted by the Director of the Yamaguchi Prefectural Civil Engineering Department requesting the abolition of price adjustments on sand, gravel, crushed stone and rocks.

2. The Prefectural Government of Yamaguchi estimates it will have to appropriate a total of 478,502,087 yen in the present fiscal year for the purpose of purchasing gravel and rock materials needed in its road, harbor and other engineering projects if these materials are purchased through the Sand and Rock Materials Division of the Price Adjustment Public Corporation (Kakaku Chosei Kodan). On the other hand, if these same materials were to be purchased directly from private enterprise, the cost would be reduced to about 119,828,326 yen, according to the estimates of the Prefectural Government. This would make possible for the Prefectural Government to slash its expenditures by as much as 358,712,991 yen.

a. Law No. 82, promulgated by the Central Government on 15 April 1947, brought into being the Price Adjustment Public Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "Kodan"). Chapter 5 Article 15 and Chapter 5 Article 23 of the same law authorize the Kodan to buy up and sell back designated materials at adjusted prices determined by the Board of Price.

b. Notice No. 307 of the Board of Price issued on 20 June 1947 designates sand, gravel, crushed rocks and rocks 283 which are subject to purchase and resale by the Kodan at adjusted prices.

Ltr, Hq Shiga Mil Govt Team, subj: Check of Ken Staple Food Distribution System, 13 August 1948

AG 430(13 Aug 48)ESS/PD 3rd Ind

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS APO 500, 4 October 1948

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Reference is made to paragraph 2, 2nd Indorsement. The staple food supplementary ration system has been under study for some time by GHQ, SCAP. Many of the reports and studies made by prefectural military government teams on the operation of the present supplementary ration program have been helpful in the preparation of the new program.

a. On 1 October 1948 supplementary rations for laborers will be increased. The weighted average per capita supplementary ration for essential workers will increase from 208 grams to 276 grams per day. This represents a 33% increase over the supplementary ration program now in effect. The new program will include workers in industries not now eligible for such rations and will increase the rations of many workers presently in the program. The number of workers receiving supplementary rations will increase from approximately 6,500,000 to approximately 7,300,000. It is expected that the expanded supplementary ration will contribute to the rehabilitation of the economy of Japan since it will increase the productivity of workers by making available more food energy. The present normal consumer staple food ration is below the minimum nutritional requirement for manual workers which makes it essential that such workers receive ration supplements in accordance with the degree of heavy labor involved. A more adequate supplementary ration for more workers and bringing into the program such industries as glass products, pottery, porcelain and light metal rolling is expected to contribute to an increase in industrial production and in the supply of goods available for export and thereby make for a more favorable trade balance. The new program will also have a decided deflationary effect on the economy by decreasing the worker's cost-of-liv

c. Bulletin No. 26 of the Board of Price issued on 20 June 1947 stipulates that the Prefectural Government and other public bodies shall purchase the forementioned materials through the Kodan when these materials are quarried by private enterprise.

d. The following table indicates the wide differences between the Kodan prices and the "Minus-Kodan" prices (actually available prices) in the different districts of this prefecture:

Materials	Kodan	Prices (yen unit) "Minus-Kodan				
		Iwakuni & Yanai	Yamaguchi & Bofu	Ube & Onoda	Hagi & Senzaki	Shimonoseki
Gravel per cu m	336.00	250.00	200.00	180.00	120.00	230.00
Crushed Stone-A per cu m	397.50	120.00	119.00	123.00	76.50	133.00
Crushed Stone-B per koku	352.25	14.00	20.50	20.00	19.30	31.00
Rock-A per cu m	2,322.00	180.00	211.00	170.00	131.00	210.00
Rock-B per cu m	2,776.00	430.00	340.00	310.00	240.00	213.50

3. On account of its limited quarrying facilities, the Prefectural Government is dependent on private enterprise for almost all its gravel and rock requirements, thereby making it subject in most cases to deal through the Kodan for these materials. However, Prefectural Government officials admit that about half of the cases requiring Kodan attention are disposed of without transacting through the Kodan. Moreover, a large number of building contractors in this prefecture as well as in other prefectures, according to a Prefectural Government official, are not aware of the existence of the Kodan regulations regarding gravel and rocks. Those questioned by this Team were clearly ignorant of these regulations.

4. The Kodan has only two branch offices dealing with gravel and rocks in this prefecture. Obviously, it is not in a position to handle its business thoroughly. It likewise appears that the Kodan is not making any serious attempt to press the matter, and this, according to one Prefectural Government official, is because it fears bringing about any public movement which would challenge its raison d'etre.

5. The adjustment of gravel and rock prices is unfair to the producing areas. The producing areas must sell these materials to the Kodan at cost price and buy them back at an enormously higher adjusted price. This adjusted price, on the other

hand, is lower than the actual cost in the non-producing areas. By reaping profits in the producing areas, the Kodan is able to sell at a loss to the non-producing areas.

6. In view of the glaring differences in the Kodan price and the actually available price here, this set-up would, if enforced to the letter, disrupt the economy of a producing area like Yamaguchi which has on hand large engineering projects.

7. It is therefore recommended that favorable consideration be given to the petition of the Yamaguchi Prefectural Government.

1 Incl:
1. Petition

/s/ Eugene J. McNamara
/t/ EUGENE J. McNAMARA
Lt. Col., Infantry
SMGO

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Yamaguchi MG Team, APO 317, Serial No.1085-B dtd 31 July 1948, subj: Abolishment of Price Adjustments on Sand, Gravel, Crushed Stone and Rocks

CMGR 400.1912 (D-Ed) 1st Ind

Headquarters, Chugoku Military Government Region, APO 317, Kure, Honshu, 11 Aug 1948

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Forwarded for your information and necessary action.

2. This headquarters concurs with basic recommendation that favorable consideration be given to petition (Incl 1).

3. Request that consideration be given to the following, as possible solutions:

a. Kodan price be placed on sliding scale - at a fixed low percentage (3-5%) above cost of producing, shipping and handling. If necessary, prohibitive costs in non-producing areas could be partially borne by government subsidy.

b. Special, drastically reduced, Kodan prices for materials used in prefectural projects and obtained within prefecture. (This would not eliminate similar inequities to which private entities are subject).

c. Elimination of Kodan. (With present large-scale rehabilitation and consequent demand for construction materials, this may not be presently feasible.)

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/ Carl P. Mayer
/t/ CARL P. MAYER
Major, FA
Executive

Incl:
n/c

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Yamaguchi Mil Govt Team, dtd 31 July 1948, subj: Abolishment of Price Adjustments on Sand, Gravel, Crushed Stone and Rocks.

AGMGEP 430 2nd Ind. 1 Sept 1948

Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343

TO: Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500
(ATTN: ESS/Price & Distribution Division)

1. It is recommended that appropriate Japanese Government officials be directed:

a. To consider lowering the retail price on sand and rock materials. The basic communication indicates that the retail price exceeds that of the producer by over 200% where both producer and consumer are within the same prefecture.

b. To reduce the price when the sale is to a prefectural government for a public construction project, if it is not possible to reduce the price to commercial buyers.

2. It is requested that this headquarters be advised of the action taken.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

/s/ R. Schafer
/t/ R. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

Incl:
n/c

VGNGEP 420

Ltr, Hq Yamaguchi Mil Govt Team, APO 317, File: 1085-B
subj: Abolishment of Price Adjustments on Sand, Gravel,
Crushed Stone and Rocks, 31 July 1948

AG 411.8(31 Jul 48)ESS/PD 3d Ind

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS,
APO 500, 4 October 1948

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Upon careful investigation, it appears that the information contained in the table shown in paragraph 2d of the basic communication fails to indicate the actual situation, inasmuch as the prices used for comparison are for different periods of time or units of weight.

a. The Kodan prices listed in the table are the prices, "established in September 1947: prices, "Minus - Kodan," appear to be prices which were in effect prior to the price revision in September 1947.

b. The differentials between "pit" and "ex receiving railroad station" prices as officially established in September 1947 are as follows:

	EX RR Station	Pit
Gravel p/cu/m	336	107.83
Crushed Stone - A p/cu/m	397.50	111.50
" " - B p/cu/m	359.50	73.50

c. The "Minus - Kodan" price shown in the table for Crushed Stone B is the price per koku; the Kodan price listed is the price per cubic meter.

d. Also, the Kodan prices shown for Rock A and B are presumably per tsubo prices (tsubo = 10 tons = 6 cubic meters). There is no official price of ¥ 2,322 per cubic meter for Rock A. Moreover, the "Minus - Kodan" prices shown in the table for these items are per cubic meter prices.

2. Both Kodan and pit prices are officially established. This allows the consumer located near the pits to buy either there and haul it at his own expense or purchase from the Kodan at the railroad station nearest his place of operation. Whenever the railroad is used as the means of transportation, the official Kodan price must be paid. The Kodan, however, is not concerned with transactions at the pit.

3. In addition to the freight pool for sand and gravel, freight pools, operating in the same manner, are established for various other commodities, including pig iron, rolled steel,

liquid chlorine, cement, sulphuric acid, coal, coke, lignite, chemical fertilizers, and petroleum. Although sand and gravel purchasers located within producing areas apparently incur higher freight expenses from Kodan purchases, they receive the benefit of lower freight costs from Kodan purchases of all the other above-mentioned commodities supplied from outlining areas.

4. No action, therefore, will be taken to lower present Kodan prices of sand and gravel or to give prefectural government preferential treatment in purchase of same.

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL MacARTHUR:

1 Incl
n/c

/s/ J. F. Bradshaw
/t/ J. F. BRADSHAW
Major, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

PC policy file

COPY

3431

25 Oct.

SUBJECT: Abolishment of Price Adjustments on Sand, Gravel & Crushed Stone and Rock.

1 MG DC/S For information.

Summary:

Yamaguchi MG Team recommended that favorable consideration be given petition of local prefectural government to abolish price adjustment of sand, gravel and crushed stone.

Region and this headquarters concurred in recommendation. SCAP disapproved recommendation stating that no action will be taken to lower present Kodan prices or to give preferential treatment in purchase of same.

MG Return for signature & dispatch.

Latham
A5485 2-5898 22 Oct 1948 RWB
BEASLEY

- -

CG This is a turn down by GHQ (in a more or less technical MG field)

appd. W

2 25 Oct DC/S-A MG Approved by CG.

V10k-A

C-O-P-Y

CIVIL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
YAMAGUCHI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

15 July 1948

SUBJECT: Abolishment of the price-adjustment of gravel, sand and crushed stone etc.

TO: Commanding Officer,
Yamaguchi Military Government Team.

The adjustment of the price of pebbles, gravel, sand and crushed stone is a great hindrance against the enforcement of the civil engineering especially in the rehabilitation work for the occupation forces, therefore, as to its abolishment, we have already submitted the application for it to the central authorities according to the resolution of the governors' conference and the conference of the chiefs committee of civil engineering of five prefectures in Chyugoku district held the other day.

We earnestly beg for your kind assistance up on the hastening of its realization with the written reason attached here.

Yours respectfully,

/s/ Shigeo Nagai
Shigeo NAGAI
Director,
Civil Engineering Dep't.,
Yamaguchi Prefectural Gov't.

/197-1

MY/fm
Incl. 1

C O P Y

Purport of the abolishment of the price adjustment of gravel, sand and crushed stone etc.

We request for the immediate abolishment of the notification No. 307 of the Price Control Board dated on 20 June 1947.

Explanation

1. The price rises about three times thro' the hands of Kohdan.

In the productive districts we can get these in a great quantity at an extremely low cost paying only the wages for the gatherers and the carriage, for instance, at one-third of the average price of Kohdan in such a productive prefecture as Yamaguchi prefecture, therefore, if we follow the Kohdan price, we can hardly carry out only one-third of our construction work with the same amount of money, and it has a great influence upon the local financial conditions.

2. Influences by the reduction of civil engineering works.

If we follow the price of Kohdan in buying these gravel, sand and crushed stone, the reduction of the civil engineering work is an inevitable consequence of circumstances. Censequently the reduction will check the development of the local industry and also impede the progresses of the reconstruction work for the damaged districts done by disaster and war, and the embankment, land improvement, irrigation, and levee work, and cause a great hindrance to the increase of food production and the economical reconstruction.

3. Complicatedness in procedure.

In the past, as soon as the applicant could have the permission from the prefectural government, he could gather the gravel or sand, from the river, but at present, he has to pass through the hands of the Price Adjusting Kohdan, therefore, he has to waste his paper and his labour.

1081

COPY

4. The most exploiting organization.

The gathering and selling person must report his quantity gathered to Kohdan and buy it thereof, so that, the Kohdan takes their charges only by passing the documents through their hands without any labor making an extreme exploiting on the way of procedure. That is against the spirit of democratism.

5. Gravel, sand, crushed stone etc. are utterly different in their substances from those assigned articles mentioned in the notification No. 283-1 of the Price Control Board.

The articles assigned in the notification No. 283-1 of the Price Control Board are all manufactured products, but those mentioned in the notification No. 307 of the same board are almost the natural products and a great quantity of which are, as they are, easily available near the working spots. They are much different from each other in their substances.

6. Counter-measures of relief and live-and-let-live for the war-suffered districts etc.

We heartily hope the immediate reconstruction of the big cities, the war-suffered areas and afflicated districts. But we will be able to help and hasten the work of reconstruction not by this Kohdan law of adjustment of the prices of gravel, sand, crushed stone etc. but by the different way, namely, the money circulation.

By reason of the above-mentioned, we strongly request for the immediate abolishment of the notification No. 307 of the Price Control Board.

The later the abolishment delays, the later becomes the development of the local industries and hinders the economical reconstruction.

✓ 104-A

Final Type
~~For Approval~~
D Latham

DRAFT

OK

AGMGEP 430

File - October release

SUBJECT: Release of Miso Imported from China

TO: I Corps and Chugoku

1. Reference is made to Operational Directive number 26/2, this headquarters, dated 21 May 1947, subject: "Food Distribution."

CHU → 2. 224,597 kilograms of miso, imported from Shanghai, has been authorized for distribution to districts in Hiroshima Prefecture as follows:

Local Area	Amount (kgs.)	Ration Population

I → 2. 559 kilograms of miso, imported from Shanghai, has been authorized for distribution in Kobe City.

3. The distribution rate is 337.59 grams per capita for October.

4. The official price as set by the Price Board will be charged.

5. Surveillance will be exercised in accordance with the Operational Directive referenced in paragraph 1 above.

BY COMMAND OF .....

CHUGOKU REGION

Region Headquarters:

Major W. R. Beall
Major N. R. Elliot
Major W. Nolan
Capt. E. R. Fenstemacher
Lt. K. O. Buckingham

Hiroshima Team:
Lt Col. T. M. Cloward
Major L. M. Norton

Okayama Team:
Major A. P. Robertson
Mr. A. F. McGimpsey

Shimane Team:
Lt Col. G. L. Mansert
Capt S. H. Condict

Tottori Team:
Major C. B. Meyers
Captain K. P. Moxley

Yamaguchi Team:
Lt Col. E. J. McNamara
Mr. L. M. TenEyck

SHIKOKU REGION

Region Headquarters:

Colonel R. E. Coughlin
Mr. C. Larsen
Capt. A. L. Mitchell
Lt. W. R. Nettles, Jr.

Ehime Team:
Mr. D. W. Mann

Kagawa Team:
Capt. R. J. Charbonnel

Tokushima Team:
Capt R. L. Sigwell
Capt J. C. Heard

Kochi Team:
Capt D. E. Lamb, Jr.

25 Oct.

Jerry:

Phone the Price Board for the price of Miso imported from Shanghai and distributed in October to Kobe and Hiroshima

DL

i. Grocery purchased price ¥ 514.00 per 10 Kan.
ii Wholesale price for detailer ¥ 629.00 "
iii Retailer's price ¥ 770.00 "

note: i is differented with domestic produced miso.
ii and iii same as domestic produced miso

Mr. Rhodes: Attorney

TO : E.S.S., G.H.Q.

From : Food Bureau, M.A.F.

Subject: Request for Release of Miso Imported from Shanghai.

4, Oct., 1948.

1. We wish to request an immediate release of 225.156 metric tons of miso imported from China.
2. The above amount of miso is proposed to be distributed for specified districts in Hyogo and Hiroshima prefectures.
3. The distribution plan is as set forth in the attached table.

Release Co. Kid
Oct 9, 1948
[illegible]

Distribution Plan of imported Miso.

1. Description:

"Miso" imported from China ex S.S. "Hai-Liao" which arrived at Kobe on 30th Aug., 1948.

2. Quantity received at port of arrival:

	No. of packages.	Gross weight.	Tare.	Net weight.
Vee Tsen (Miso)	Barrels 4,586	Lbs. 596,031	Lbs. 100,881	Lbs. 446,382

3. Quantity under request for release of distribution;

496,382 Lbs. of Vee Tsen "Miso" contained in 4,586 Barrels.

496,382 Lbs. 225.156 Grs. per Lb. to 844,473 M/T.

4. Allocation plan by districts.

Prefecture.	Local area.	Quantity. (Kgs.)	Ration Population.
Hiroshima	Hiroshima-City	81,143	240,427
	Saeki-gun	25,354	75,118
	Eno-gun	9,353	27,712
	Aki-gun	40,827	120,969
	Kamiishi-gun	4,777	14,150
	Fukuyasu-gun	7,325	21,703
	Asakita-gun	11,377	33,711
	Kure-City	44,441	131,677
Hyogo	Kobe-City	559	
	Total	225,156	665,467
		559	
		224,597	

Note: Per capita is all districts 337.59 grs. or ~~90 momme per capita for the period Oct 1948~~ 90 momme per capita for Oct.

337 ~~720~~ 3 ~~78~~

Being typed
File - Sgt. Rebecca
Cit

Gen Crum
Mr. Rhodes

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLN/RFJ/BSA/eb
24 September 1948

430(24 Sep 48)ESS/PD
PDF-28

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Raw Materials for "Miso" Production.

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 99-'48, dated 14 Sept. 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46)ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 10,400 metric tons of imported soya-bean flour, 3,700 metric tons of imported soya-bean meal and 6,144 metric tons of soya-bean cake to be processed into miso. In addition no objection is offered to the release of 10 metric tons of maize for experimental miso production. Production and distribution of miso will be made in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

COPIES TO:
8th Army MG (15)
PH&W
NRS
G-4
AG
ESS
TRANSP

8th Army

PDF-28

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.

FROM: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Foods.

M.A.F. No. 99-'48

14 September

1. The Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of the following amounts of imported foods for the production of Miso.

Soya-bean Flour	10,400	metric tons
Soya-bean Meal	3,700	"
Soya-bean Cake	6,144	"
Maize	10	"

2. Of the above stuffs, 10 metric tons of Maize are to be used at short course for new method of Miso production, as set forth in Enclosure II.

3. The distribution of the other foods is to be made in accordance with the plans set forth in Enclosure I.

Officials in charge
H. Morita
Processed Food Section
Food Bureau
Tel. (23) 2206
Ext. 168

S. Katayanagi.

S Katayanagi

Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Fore

Enclosure II.

Usage Plan of 10 metric tons of Imported Maize.

Short course where this stuff is used.

1) Purpose: Acquirement and dissemination of new method of Miso production.

2) District: Tokyo, Osaka, Okayama, Oita, Aomori

Usage proportion of maize

500 kilograms of maize per one metric tons of soya-bean flour or soya-bean meal.

To each district 2 metric tons of maize.

Enclosure 1: Allocation plan of Imported Soy Bean Flour, Soy Bean Meal and Soy Bean Cake and Miso Manufactured from these.

Prefecture	Soy bean flour to be allocated.	Soy bean meal to be allocated.	Soy bean cake to be allocated.	Miso to be produced from (A).	Miso to be produced from (B).	Miso to be produced from (C).	Total Miso to be produced.	Miso to be distributed.	Recipient of Miso.	Miso ration per capita. (gram)
	(A)	(B)	(C)							
Hokkaido	590	210	350	1,827	611	1,017	3,455	3,455	3,140,350	1,100
Aomori	200	70	120	619	204	349	1,172	1,152	856,530	1,345
Iwate	140	50	80	433	145	233	811	831	679,237	1,223
Miyagi	190	70	110	588	203	320	1,111	1,111	800,216	1,388
Akita	150	50	90	464	145	262	871	1,001	707,525	1,415
Yamagata	170	60	100	526	175	291	992	1,132	851,981	1,399
Fukushima	240	90	140	743	262	407	1,412	1,642	1,133,866	1,448
Ibaragi	210	70	120	650	203	349	1,202	1,202	1,192,950	1,008
Tochigi	280	100	160	867	291	465	1,623	1,333	950,334	1,403
Gunma	180	60	110	557	174	320	1,051	1,271	1,205,268	1,055
Saitama	340	120	200	1,053	349	581	1,983	1,783	1,596,635	1,117
Chiba	240	90	140	743	262	407	1,412	1,312	1,286,513	1,020
Tokyo	900	320	530	2,787	930	1,541	5,258	5,518	5,210,960	1,059
Kanagawa	370	130	224	1,146	378	651	2,175	2,275	2,055,605	1,107
Niigata	380	140	220	1,176	407	640	2,223	2,023	1,377,687	1,468
Toyama	120	40	70	372	116	203	691	821	585,876	1,401
Ishikawa	90	30	50	279	87	145	511	511	523,395	976
Fukui	60	20	40	186	58	116	360	410	539,363	760
Yamanashi	40	20	20	124	58	58	240	280	386,443	725
Nagano	490	170	290	1,517	494	843	2,854	1,434	969,110	1,479
Gifu	180	70	110	557	203	320	1,080	1,310	1,253,747	1,045
Shizuoka	280	100	170	867	291	494	1,652	1,952	1,864,350	1,047
Aichi	790	280	470	2,446	814	1,366	4,626	3,966	3,123,140	1,270
Mie	230	80	140	712	233	407	1,352	1,432	1,310,995	1,092
Shiga	60	20	30	186	58	87	331	331	471,499	702
Kyoto	190	70	110	588	204	320	1,112	1,162	1,519,478	765
Osaka	370	130	210	1,146	378	610	2,134	2,384	3,335,515	715
Hyogo	250	90	150	774	262	436	1,472	1,872	2,541,928	736
Nara	60	20	30	186	58	87	331	431	606,204	711
Wakayama	80	30	50	248	87	145	480	580	824,490	703
Tottori	30	10	20	93	29	58	180	180	293,147	614
Shimane	80	30	50	248	87	145	480	480	673,522	713
Okayama	130	50	80	402	145	233	780	780	1,054,870	739
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	291	992	992	1,409,933	704

	Yamagata	170	60	100	526	175	291	992	992	1,133,666	1,448
	Fukushima	240	90	140	743	262	407	1,412	1,642	1,133,666	1,448
	Ibaragi	210	70	120	650	203	349	1,202	1,202	1,192,950	1,008
	Tochigi	280	100	160	867	291	465	1,623	1,333	950,334	1,403
	Gunma	180	60	110	557	174	320	1,051	1,271	1,205,268	1,055
	Saitama	340	120	200	1,053	349	581	1,983	1,783	1,596,635	1,117
	Chiba	240	90	140	743	262	407	1,412	1,312	1,286,513	1,020
	Tokyo	900	320	530	2,787	930	1,541	5,258	5,518	5,210,960	1,059
	Kanagawa	370	130	224	1,146	378	651	2,175	2,275	2,055,605	1,107
	Niigata	380	140	220	1,176	407	640	2,223	2,023	1,377,687	1,468
	Toyama	120	40	70	372	116	203	691	821	585,876	1,401
	Ishikawa	90	30	50	279	87	145	511	511	523,395	976
	Fukui	60	20	40	186	58	116	360	410	539,363	760
	Yamanashi	40	20	20	124	58	58	240	280	386,443	725
	Nagano	490	170	290	1,517	494	843	2,864	1,434	969,110	1,479
	Gifu	180	70	110	557	203	320	1,080	1,310	1,253,747	1,045
	Shizuoka	280	100	170	867	291	494	1,652	1,952	1,864,350	1,047
	Aichi	790	280	470	2,446	814	1,366	4,626	3,966	3,123,140	1,270
	Mie	230	80	140	712	233	407	1,352	1,432	1,310,995	1,092
	Shiga	60	20	30	186	58	87	331	331	471,499	702
	Kyoto	190	70	110	588	204	320	1,112	1,162	1,519,479	765
	Osaka	370	130	210	1,146	378	610	2,134	2,384	3,335,515	715
	Hyogo	250	90	150	774	262	436	1,472	1,872	2,541,928	736
	Nara	60	20	30	186	58	87	331	431	606,204	711
	Wakayama	80	30	50	248	87	145	480	580	824,490	703
	Tottori	30	10	20	93	29	58	180	180	293,147	614
	Shimane	80	30	50	248	87	145	480	480	673,522	713
	Okayama	130	50	80	402	145	233	780	780	1,054,870	739
	Hiroshima	170	60	100	526	175	291	992	992	1,409,933	704
	Yamaguchi	150	50	90	464	145	262	871	871	1,120,137	778
	Tokushima	120	40	70	371	116	204	691	691	670,418	1,031
	Kagawa	80	30	50	248	87	145	480	480	705,625	680
	Ehime	100	40	60	310	116	174	600	600	875,548	685
	Kochi	80	30	50	248	87	145	480	480	680,086	706
	Fukuoka	540	190	320	1,672	552	930	3,154	3,154	2,586,808	1,219
	Saga	120	40	70	371	116	204	691	711	630,348	1,128
	Nagasaki	200	70	120	619	204	349	1,172	1,192	1,083,815	1,100
	Kumamoto	220	80	130	681	233	378	1,292	1,252	1,185,616	1,056
	Oita	170	60	100	526	175	291	992	872	824,024	1,058
	Miyazaki	130	50	80	402	145	233	780	830	586,564	1,415
	Kogoshima	210	70	120	650	204	349	1,203	1,273	922,472	1,380
	Total	10,400	3,700	6,144	32,198	10,756	17,861	60,815	60,815	58,205,124	1,045

Remarks:

October Releases

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/BFJ/GD/eb

430(27 Sep 48)ESS/PD
PDF-29

27 September 1948

8th Army

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Food for Distribution in October 1948

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11,
1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 101-'48, dated 25 September 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods for Distribution in October 1948.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of the following amounts of imported food: (Brown rice equivalents)

COMMODITY	METRIC TONS
Imported Cereals	170,664
Soya Cake (made from imported soya beans)	780
Sugar	19,843
Substitute Rice	18,050
	209,337

The imported food and the substitute rice will be distributed in October 1948 through the normal staple food ration channel in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division

FLW/BFJ/GD/eb
27 September 1948

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Memorandum for Chief of Staff, dated 22 April 1948, subject: Release of Imported Food During Period 1 May- 31 October 1948, requested approval of an imported food release plan for the May-October period. Approval was granted by the Chief of Staff 27 April 1948.

2. This action releases 191,287 metric tons of imported food and 18,050 metric tons of substitute rice for a total authorized distribution of 209,337 metric tons (brown rice equivalents). The commodity breakdown is as follows:

Imported cereals	164,100 metric tons in polished rice equivalents (170,664 M.T. B.R.E.)
Soy Cake made from imported Soy Beans	750 M.T. in polished rice equivalents (780 M.T. B.R.E.)
Sugar	17,255 M.T. in product weight (19,845 M.T. B.R.E.)
Substitute Rice	18,050 M.T. B.R.E.
Total	209,337 M.T. B.R.E.

The imported food and the substitute rice will be distributed during October 1948 at official prices through the normal staple food ration channel as part of the staple food ration. The substitute rice is the last of the indigenous rice stored in substitution of imported food already released.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091.31(15 May 46)GD, dated 15 May 1946, subject: Procedure Governing Import-Export Commodities for Japan.

4. Concurrences are not necessary.

Obtained for Chief of Staff memorandum referred to in paragraph 1 above.

Refer questions to:
G.Dolgin, 57-8393

FLW_____

GHQ, SCAP
SEP 27 1948
AGO RECORDS
430

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR ALLIED POWERS

FROM : MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

Subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods for Distribution in October 1948.

MAF NO 101 '48 Date 25 September 1948

1. The Japanese Government wishes to request the immediate release of the imported foods and the substitute rice totalling 209,337 metric tons (in brown rice equivalents) for distribution in October, 1948, which consist of

Imported cereals	164,100 metric tons in polished rice equivalents (170,664 M.T. B.R.E.)
Soy Cake made from imported Soy Beans	750 M.T. in polished rice equivalents (780 M.T. B.R.E.)
Sugar	17,255 M.T. in product weight (19,843 M.T. B.R.E.)
Substitute Rice	18,050 M.T. B.R.E.
Total	209,337 M.T. B.R.E.

2. The imported foods under request for release in the preceding paragraph shall be distributed as part of the standard staple food rations to the normal consumers and partial self-suppliers as will as part of the supplementary ration for the essential workers through the normal channels in accordance with the following plan by prefecture:

FEC
SEP 28 1948
LIBRARY

Unit: M/T

	Prefecture	Cereals (P.R.E.)	Soya Cake (P.R.E.)	Substitute Rice (B.R.E.)	Sugar (P. We.)
	Hokkaido	7,830			1,010
	Aomori				200
	Iwate	600			200
	Miyagi				290
IX	Akita				205
	Yamagata				225
	Fukushima			2,500	390
	Ibaraki				295
	Tochigi				275
	Gumma				300
	Saitama				420
	Chiba				385
T	Tokyo	14,910			1,700
K	Kanagawa	7,070			660
H	Niigata				380
	Toyama				205
I	Ishikawa				175
	Fukui				125
M	Yamanashi				130
	Nagano				330
I	Gifu	1,760			300
Sz	Shizuoka	13,360			525
	Aichi	14,380			820
	Mie	4,840			240
I	Shiga	960			150
	Kyoto	6,900			490
	Osaka	18,460			1,025
	Hyogo	10,460			735
	Nara	1,450			155
	Wakayama	2,400			225
	Tottori				100
C	Shimane				150
	Okayama	3,760		1,800	295
	Hiroshima	13,980			450
	Yamaguchi	8,910		1,050	335
	Tokushima				190
S	Kagawa				160
	Ehime	1,440			280
	Kochi	1,640			155
	Fukuoka	12,160		6,000	955
	Saga	2,890		800	180
I	Nagasaki	12,400	750	1,000	375
	Kumamoto			1,800	345
	Oita			400	225
	Miyazaki	100		1,200	210
	Kagoshima	1,440		1,500	285
	Total	164,100	750	18,050	17,255
	(B.R.E.)	(170,664)	(780)	(18,050)	(19,843)
			(209,337)		

UNITS PHONED
SCAP
I Corps 30/9
IX Corps 30/9
Tokyo 30/9
Kanagawa 30/9
Shikoku 30/9
Chugoku 30/9
Shizuoka 30/9

last of sub rice

1 day ration

For the Minister

S. Katayanagi

Shinkichi Katayanagi

Vice-Minister of Agriculture
and Forestry

Distribution Plan in Oct. 1948

Sep. 24, 1948
F. M. B.

	M/T (B.R.E.)	Sustainable day	% for Demand
(1) Imported Foods			
Cereals	170,664	8.6	27.6
Soya Cake	780	-	0.1
Sugar	19,843	1.0	3.3
Total	191,287	9.6	31.0
(2) Substitute Rice	18,010	0.9	2.9
Sub Total	209,337	10.5	33.9
(3) Indigenous Foods			
Rice	174,350	8.8	28.3
Wheat & Barley	105,777	5.3	17.2
White Potatoes	11,310	0.6	1.8
Sweet Potatoes	115,650	5.8	18.8
Total	407,087	20.5	66.1
Grand Total	615,800	31.0	100.0

SEP 25 1948

Total Food Release for September (Unit: M. T.)

No. & Date	Commodity		Purpose
P.D.F-20 (26 Aug 48)	Imported Cereals (Including Egyptian Rice)	262,064	Regular Staple Food Ration
	Soya Cake (made from imported soya beans)	3,276	" " " "
	Sugar	56,764	" " " "
	* Substitute Pice	49,865	" " " "
		322,104	
P.D.F-19 (26 Aug 48)	Imported Soya Beans	733.16	Processing of Baby Food
P.D.F-25	H Class Imported Canned Food (Dry Yeast)	20.2	To be used to Make Bread
P.D.F.-27 (17 Sept. 48)	Imported Sugar Sweepings	2,650.0	To be produce to refined sugar " crystalized sugar " molasses
P.D.F.-30	Imported B, C, D Class Canned food	6.4	For foreign nationals
	Deteriorated candy (F Class)	56.0	
	Deteriorated cocoa (H class)	3.0	
	Dessert powder (H class)	60.0	
		125.4	

Total 335,632 M.T.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

290148

AGMGEP 091 (JAPAN)

Miss LATHAM

SUBJECT: Fall Crop Collections, 1948, Revised Collection Quotas

DNL/st

TO : Commanding Officer
Chugoku Military Government Region to all units.
APO 317

BRP

RWB

1. The revised 1948 rice and sweet potato crop collection quotas, which are to reach the farmers no later than 21 November 1948, are as follows for prefectures in your area:

	Rice and Rice Substitutes (1000 koku BRE)		Sweet Potatoes (1000 kan)	
Prefecture	Revised Collection Quota	Maximum Prefectural Adjustment	Revised Collection Quota	Maximum Prefectural Adjustment
Tottori	323.9	5.0	7,739	1,200
Shimane	412.8	9.0	3,969	200
Okayama	865.3	14.0	6,563	700
Hiroshima	589.4	11.0	11,508	1,200
Yamaguchi	616.4	6.0	5,235	500

2. Collection quotas were revised by the Japanese Government only for those prefectures in which the estimated production will be insufficient to permit fulfillment of preplanting quotas as established on 1 March 1948.

3. The final collection quota for each prefecture will equal its preplanting quota minus the reduction authorized by the Central Japanese Government. However, prefectural governors are authorized to make certain local adjustments. These prefectural adjustments are allowed only where crop damage prevents some farmers in the prefecture from being able to meet their quotas. The extent of prefectural adjustments is restricted to the quantities shown in columns 3 and 5, paragraph 1 above, and such adjustments in areas of crop damage, are to be made on the basis of compensation by over delivery in areas where crops are good so as to assure completion of the revised collection quotas. It will be emphasized that the prefectural governor is responsible for collection of the entire revised quota as adjusted by the Central Government.

59

Ltr Hq 8th Army, US Army Off of the CG, file AGMGEP 091 (JAPAN), subj: Fall Crop Collections, 1948, Revised Collection Quotas

4. No legal basis is available to require farmers to deliver food in excess of their preplanting quotas. However, prefectural governors are expected to secure over-quota collections in their prefectures by maintaining strict control over blackmarket operations and insuring that farmers are fully informed of the benefits that accrue from over-quota deliveries.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

R. SCHAFER
Lt Col, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

PC policy file

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/EFJ/BSA/eb

430(27 Sep 48)ESS/PD
PDF-30

27 September 1948

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Canned Foods

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11,
1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 96-'48, dated 7 Sept 1948, Subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Food.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 98-'48, dated 10 Sept. 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Food.

c. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 6.4 metric tons of imported B, C and D classes of canned food for foreign nationals or to the release of 56.0 metric tons of deteriorated candy (F class canned food), 3.0 metric tons of deteriorated cocoa, (H class canned food), and 60.0 metric tons of dessert powder (H class canned food) to be processed into candy in accordance with the plans outlined in the memoranda referred to in paragraphs 1a and 1b above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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~~Being typed~~ 8th Army - Mr Rhodes:
~~8 Dec '48~~

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

File - September Releases

430(27 Sep 48)ESS/PD
PDF-30

27 September 1948

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Canned Foods

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11,
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FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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~~Remanufacturing and~~ Reprocessing Plan for Candy to be made ~~processing Program of Candy~~ from F Class Imported Food

Processing Plants		Raw Materials	Expected quantities of Finished Goods
Name of Plants	Address		
		kg.	kg.
Morinaga Confectionery Co., Ltd.	Kanagawa Tsurumi	30,000	27,000
Fujiya Confectionery Co., Ltd.	Kanagawa Tsurumi	26,000	23,400
Total		56,000	※ 50,400

Processing rate: 90 % (2)

Reprocessing Plan for Candy to be made from ~~Remanufacturing and processing Program of Bar~~ H Class Imported Food

Processing Plants		Raw materials			Expected quantities of Finished goods
Name of Plants	Address	Desert powder	Cocoa powder	Millet jelly	
		kg.	kg.	kg.	kg.
Morinaga Confectionery Co.,Ltd.	Kanagawa Tsurumi	20,000	1,000	5,300	23,670
Meiji Confectionery Co., Ltd.	Kanagawa Kawasaki	40,000	2,000	10,700	47,430
Total		60,000	3,000	16,000	※ 71,100

Processing rate : 90 % (3) (4)

※ 50,400 + 71,100 = 121,500

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Cities with population more than 100,000 in Japan	Children 3 - 8 Years old: men	Quantity kg.
Osaka	239,094	16,736
Kyoto	154,029	10,781
Nagoya (Aichi)	131,747	9,222
Kobe (Hyogo)	94,356	6,605
Fukuoka	52,018	3,641
Sendai (Miyagi)	46,740	3,272
Sapporo (Hokkaido)	41,538	2,908
Kumamoto	39,448	2,761
Amagasaki (Hyogo)	37,524	2,627
Kanazawa (Ishikawa)	37,257	2,608
Hiroshima	34,065	2,385
Hakodate (Hokkaido)	32,138	2,250
Shizuoka	31,272	2,189
Niigata	31,080	2,176
Nagasaki	30,193	2,114
Himeji (Hyogo)	29,989	2,099
Sakai (Osaka)	29,494	2,065
Kure (Hiroshima)	28,241	1,977
Shimonoseki (Yamaguchi)	26,853	1,880
Saseho (Nagasaki)	26,635	1,864
Wakayama	26,115	1,828
Kagoshima	25,903	1,813
Kokura (Fukuoka)	25,554	1,789
Yawata (Fukuoka)	25,511	1,786
Gifu	25,384	1,777
Omuda (Fukuoka)	25,296	1,771
Otaru (Hokkaido)	25,069	1,755
Matsuyama (Ehime)	22,490	1,574
Kochi	22,362	1,565
Okayama	21,377	1,496
Toyama	20,947	1,466
Fuse (Osaka)	20,357	1,425
Takaoka (Toyama)	20,345	1,424
Toyohashi (Aichi)	19,681	1,376
Hamamatsu (Shizuoka)	19,117	1,338
Chiba	18,544	1,298
Akita	17,678	1,238
Kawaguchi (Saitama)	17,632	1,234
Yokkaichi (Mie)	17,090	1,196
Moji (Fukuoka)	16,654	1,166
Nishinomiya (Hyogo)	16,551	1,159
Ube (Yamaguchi)	16,527	1,157
Asahikawa (Hokkaido)	16,342	1,144
Morioka (Iwate)	16,278	1,140
Urawa (Saitama)	16,142	1,130
Kōfu (Yamanashi)	15,960	1,117
Tokushima	15,703	1,099
Takamatsu (Kagawa)	15,413	1,079
Total	1,735,713	121,500

PDF-30

Incl. 3

Enclosure II.

Prefectural Allocation Quantity

Unit: Kilogram

IV	Miyagi	143
	Fukushima	87
	Ibaraki	60
	Saitama	1,370
I	Ishikawa	5
	Gifu	56
	Kyoto	561
Chu	Okayama	880
	Hiroshima	1,940
Shi	Kagawa	37
	Kochi	124
I	Saga	57
	Nagasaki	917
	Miyazaki	132
	Total	① 6,371

PDF-30

✓ PC policy

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

24 September 1948

420(24 Sep 48)ESS/PD
PDD 18

SUBJECT: Distribution of United States Army Surplus Material as Incentive Goods for Rice and Sweet Potato Collection Program

TO: Economic Stabilization Board, Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

1. The Economic Stabilization Board is authorized to release the items listed below, which are now in the custody of Boeki Kodan, for distribution as incentive goods for overquota delivery of rice and sweet potatoes by farmers:

Blankets	400,000
Undershirts	500,000
Drawers	500,000
Trousers	600,000
Shirts	220,000
Leather shoes	400,000
Socks	600,000
Sweaters	100,000
Coats	200,000

2. Each article will be clearly and distinctively marked according to instructions by the Economic and Scientific Section, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers to indicate that these articles have been officially released, and to distinguish them from articles used by the Occupation Forces.

3. Sales of these items will be at the official prices determined by the Price Board, and no import duty or commodity tax will be levied.

4. All necessary precautions will be taken to assure that these articles are distributed through official channels and do not appear in illegal or unauthorized transactions, and all handlers will be required to keep accurate records of all items received and distributed.

5. A report on the distribution of these items will be submitted as soon as feasible.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington ✓ 88

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

Incl./

Mr Rhodes

8th Army
✓ PC policy file

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

18 October 1948

430(18 Oct 48)ESS/PD
PEF-33

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Peanut Meal and Canned Goods

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11,
1 Chome, Yurakusho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 105-'48, dated 11 October 48, subject: Request for Release of Imported Peanut Meal.

b. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 108-'48, dated 6 October 1948, subject: Request for the release of Canned Goods, H Class (coffee) for Distribution.

c. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 109-'48, dated 11 October 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Foods.

d. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/FC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is raised to the release of 0.3 metric tons of imported peanut meal for the experimental manufacturing of miso, or to the release of 413.35 metric tons of imported coffee (H-Class canned goods), or to the release of 1000 metric tons of A-D Class imported canned goods, and 3.9 metric tons of H-Class (spices) canned goods to be distributed in accordance with the plans as outlined in memoranda referred to in paragraph 1a, 1b and 1c above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1d above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/BFJ/GD/eb

436(17 Sept 48)ESS/PD

17 September 1948

PDF-27

8th Army

SUBJECT: Authorization for Utilization of Imported Sugar Sweepings

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 100-'48, dated 15 September 1948, subject: Request for Authorization of Utilization of Imported Sugar.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46)ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the utilization plan for 2,650 metric tons of imported sugar sweepings as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division

379 50

FLW/BFJ/GD/eb
17 September 1948

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. The importation of 232,432 metric tons of sugar from May to July 1948 has resulted in waste-sugar sweepings amounting to 2,650 metric tons. These sweepings are caused by torn or broken bags during loading or unloading operations. The Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry proposes to reprocess the waste sugar and then distribute it as part of the supplementary ration.

2. This action approves the utilization plan for reprocessing 2,650 metric tons of waste sugar sweepings. The sugar will produce 1,300 tons of refined sugar, 29 tons of crystalized sugar, 780 tons of molasses, and 660 tons of molasses by-products. Distribution will be made at official prices through the Grocery Distribution Kodan.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091.31(15 May 46)GD, dated 15 May 1946, subject: Procedure Governing Import-Export Commodities for Japan.

4. Concurrence: ESS/Ind, Mr. Fujii

Refer questions to:
G. Dolgin, 57-8393

FLW_____

Allotted Quantity of Sweeping Sugar

Prefecture	Name of factory	Allotted quantity: For molasses	For refined sugar	For crystallized sugar	Total
		kg.			kg.
(Hokkaido)					
Shinei-chi, Otaru-shi.	Shinei Kagaku Kogyo K.K.	60,625			60,625
(Chiba)					
Omigawa-machi.	Tōwa Kōsan K.K.	10,000			10,000
(Tokyo)					
Ōshima-cho, Kōtō-ku.	Ōbayashi Raisuke.	15,000			15,000
Oshima-cho, Kōtō-ku.	Saitō Tadashi	15,000			15,000
Kosuge-cho, Katsushika-ku.	Ikeda Heiichirō	30,000			30,000
Minamisunagamachi, Kōtō-ku.	Akiyama Riichirō	30,000			30,000
Minamisunagamachi, Kōtō-ku.	Kitamura Kōkichi	15,000			15,000
Higashitamagawa-cho, Setagaya-ku.	Tokyo Shokusan K.K.	90,000			90,000
(Kanagawa)					
Hiranuma-cho, Nishi-ku, Yokohama-shi.	Murase Nobumasa	20,000			20,000
Kawashima-cho, Hodogaya-ku, Yokohama-shi.	Kanagawa Seitai Kōgyo K.K.	20,000			20,000
Kowada, Chigasaki-shi.	Shonan Tōka Kōgyo K.K.		250,000		250,000
(Shizuoka)					
Tsukiji-cho, Shimizu-shi,	Suzuki Susumu	25,000			25,000
Yuhi-machi	Fuji Kasei Yuhi Kojyo.	30,000			30,000
Ōmiya, Fujinomiya-shi.	Fuji Kōgyo K.K.		700,000		700,000
(Aichi)					
Kikuidōri, Nishi-ku, Nagoya-shi.	Toka Kōgyo K.K.	10,000			10,000
Denma-cho, Naka-ku, Nagoya-shi.	Ebihara Shōten	5,000			5,000
(Osaka)					
Minamihama-cho, Ōgodo-ku, Ōsaka-shi.	Ōsaka Nigotōseijyo	40,000			40,000
Furukawa-cho, Nishi-ku, Osaka-shi.	Asahi Tōgyo K.K.	40,000			40,000

Ōno-cho, Fukushima-ku, Osaka-shi.	Shinko Hyoto K.K.	30,000		50,000	80,000
Ashihara-cho, Naniwa-ku, Osaka-shi.	Nishida Shamitsu Seizōjyo.	5,000			5,000
Shinmorikōji, Asahi-ku, Osaka-shi.	K.K. Osaka Seitōjyo		800,000		800,000
(Okayama)					
Kōyō-mura, Akaiwa-gun.	Niioka Sangyō K.K.	15,000			15,000
(Yamaguchi)					
Mitajiri-mura, Bōfu-shi.	Kyōwa Sangyō K.K.	90,000			90,000
Kisen-cho, Shimonoseki-shi.	Gōshigaisha, Sezuki Shoten	4,375			4,375
(Fukuoka)					
Haneinuzuka-cho, Yame-gun.	Asahi Shokuhin Kogyo K.K.		250,000		250,000
Total		600,000	2,000,000	50,000	2,650,000

Allotted Quantity of Sweeping Sugar

Prefecture	Name of factory	Allotted quantity: For molasses	For refined sugar	For crystallized sugar	Total
		kg.			kg.
(Hokkaido)					
Shinei-chi, Otaru-shi.	Shinei Kagaku Kōgyo K.K.	60,625			60,625
(Chiba)					
Omigawa-machi.	Tōwa Kōsan K.K.	10,000			10,000
(Tokyo)					
Ōshima-cho, Kōtō-ku.	Ōbayashi Raisuke.	15,000			15,000
Oshima-cho, Kōtō-ku.	Saitō Tadashi	15,000			15,000
Kosuge-cho, Katsushika-ku.	Ikeda Heiichirō	30,000			30,000
Minamisuna-machi, Kōtō-ku.	Akiyama Riichirō	30,000			30,000
Minamisuna-machi, Kōtō-ku.	Kitamura Kōkichi	15,000			15,000
Higashitamagawa-cho, Setagaya-ku.	Tokyo Shokusan K.K.	90,000			90,000
(Kanagawa)					
Hiranuma-cho, Nishi-ku, Yokohama-shi.	Murase Nobumasa	20,000			20,000
Kawashima-cho, Hodogaya-ku, Yokohama-shi.	Kanagawa Seitai Kōgyo K.K.	20,000			20,000
Kowada, Chigasaki-shi.	Shonan Tōka Kōgyo K.K.		250,000		250,000
(Shizuoka)					
Tsukiji-cho, Shimizu-shi,	Suzuki Susumu	25,000			25,000
Yuhi-machi	Fuji Kasei Yuhi Kojyo.	30,000			30,000
Ōmiya, Fujinomiya-shi.	Fuji Kōgyo K.K.		700,000		700,000
(Aichi)					
Kikuidōri, Nishi-ku, Nagoya-shi.	Toka Kōgyo K.K.	10,000			10,000
Denma-cho, Naka-ku, Nagoya-shi.	Ebihara Shōten	5,000			5,000
(Osaka)					
Minamihama-cho, Ōyodo-ku, Ōsaka-shi.	Ōsaka Nigotōseijyo	40,000			40,000
Furukawa-cho, Nishi-ku, Osaka-shi.	Asahi Tōgyo K.K.	40,000			40,000

Ōno-cho, Fukushima-ku, Osaka-shi.	Shinko Hyoto K.K.	30,000		50,000	80,000
Ashihara-cho, Naniwa-ku, Osaka-shi.	Nishida Shamitsu Seizōjyo.	5,000			5,000
Shinmorikōji, Asahi-ku, Osaka-shi.	K.K. Osaka Seitōjyo		800,000		800,000
C (Okayama)					
Kōyō-mura, Akaiwa-gun.	Niioka Sangyō K.K.	15,000			15,000
C (Yamaguchi)					
Mitajiri-mura, Bōfu-shi.	Kyōwa Sangyō K.K.	90,000	90,000		90,000
Kisen-cho, Shimonoseki-shi.	Gōshigaisha, Suzuki Shoten	4,375	4,375		4,375
I (Fukuoka)					
Haneinuzuka-cho, Yame-gun.	Asahi Shokuhin Kogyo K.K.		250,000		250,000
Total		600,000	2,000,000	50,000	2,650,000

Sept. Imported food file

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFJ/GD/eb

430(10 Sept 48)ESS/PD

(3) 10 September 1948

(2) PDF-25

8th Army

(1) SUBJECT: Release of Imported Canned Food (Class H - Dry Yeast)

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11
1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 95-'48, dated 7 September 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Food.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of 20.2 metric tons of H Class imported canned food (dry yeast) in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division

FLW/EFJ/GD/es
10 September 1948

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Dry yeast has been imported to Japan in order to meet the requirements of the bread-baking program. The yeast has arrived in Japan and is now available for distribution.

2. This action releases 20.2 metric tons of dry yeast to be distributed during September through the Grocery Distribution Kodan. The imported yeast will be used to supplement indigenous yeast needed for bread to be distributed as part of the staple food ration.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091.31(15 May 46)GD, dated 15 May 1946, subject: Procedure Governing Import-Export Commodities for Japan.

4. Concurrences: ESS/Ind, Mr. Fuji

Refer questions to:
G. Dolgin, 57-8393

FLW_____

To: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

From: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Food

M.A.F. No. 95-'48 7 September, 1948

1. The Japanese Government wishes to request an immediate release of the following amount of imported canned food.

H class (Dry Yeast) 20.2 metric tons

2. The above mentioned canned food is proposed to be distributed in accordance with the plans set forth in Enclosures.

FOR THE MINISTER:

S. Katayanagi

S. Katayanagi
Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Forestry

Official in charge:

K. Ishida
Imported Food Section
Food Management Bureau
Tel (23) 2206
Ext. 68

Enclosure I

Distribution Plan

1. Item:

Imported Canned goods, H class (Dry yeast)

Quantity ---------- 20,175 kgs.

2. Term of Distribution:

September

3. Rationing Standard:

90.7 grams of dry yeast is to be distributed per one bale (22 kirograms) of wheat flour for the purpose shown in Enclosure II.

4. Distribution Price:

At official price.

5. Quantity Allotted, By Prefectures:

As per accompanying table.

6. Method of Distribution:

In accordance with the standard specified in Item 3, respective prefectural governors shall determine the allotment in pursuance of the instruction issued by the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

7. Handling Agency:

The Grocery Distribution Kodan:

Enclosure II.

Account for the requested quantity

(Unit-Pound)

	Quantity September
Indigenous Yeast Supply (A)	800,000
Needs of Yeast Purposes	
Yeast for bread to be rationed	711,325
Yeast for entrusted baking	150,482
Yeast for biscuit	5,000
Other uses	80,000
Total of needs (B)	946,807
Deficit (B - A)	146,807 = (dry yeast 20,175 kgs.)

(The above quantity is of raw yeast, so 146,807 pounds of raw yeast are equivalent to 20,175 kilograms of dry yeast)

Enclosure XII.

Plan of Prefectural Allocation.

(Unit : Kilogram)

	Prefecture	Imported dried yeast
IX	Aomori	1,585
	Iwate	1,169
	Miyagi	626
	Akita	525
	Yamagata	476
	Fukushima	1,237
	Ibaraki	675
	Gunma	1,499
	Nagano	495
I	Gifu	2,754
S_2	Shizuoka	3,665
I	Mie	188
	Shiga	514
Chu	Tottori	371
	Shimane	300
	Hiroshima	3,721
Shi	Ehime	375
	Total	20,175

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IX Corps 18/9
~~Tokyo~~
~~Kanagawa~~
Shikoku 21/9
Chugoku 22/9
Shizuoka 18/9

✓PC policy file

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

464.8(11 Sept 48)ESS/PD
PDF-26

11 September 1948

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Seeds

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11,
1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 97-'48, dated 7 August 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Seeds.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of 10.5 metric tons of broad bean green manure seeds in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

✓76

Incl. /

RC policy file

8th Army MG

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

430(10 Sept 48)ESS/PD
PDF-25

10 September 1948

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Canned Food (Class H - Dry Yeast)

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11
1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 95-'48, dated 7 September 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Canned Food.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of 20.2 metric tons of H Class imported canned food (dry yeast) in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

Incl. 1

✓ PC policy file

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

433(8 Sept 48)ESS/PD
PDF-24

8 September 1948

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Seeds

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11,
1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 82-'48, dated 31 August 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Seeds.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46)ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAPIN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of 67,367 pounds of imported barley seeds and 59,942 pounds of lupin seeds in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

Floyd L. Whittington

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

✓ 73

Incl. 1

TO: GENERAL HEAD QUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Seeds.

M.A.F. No. 82 - '48

August 31, 1948

1. The Japanese Government wishes to request for an immediate release of the following amounts of imported seeds.

Barley Seeds	67,367 pounds	(about 30.6 metric tons)
Lupin Seeds	59,942 pounds	(about 27.4 metric tons)

2. The above mentioned barley seeds and lupin seeds are proposed to be distributed as seeds of green crop feeds and as seeds of green manure respectively in accordance with the plans set forth in Enclosures.

FOR THE MINISTER

S. Katayanagi.

S. Katayanagi

Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Forestry

Officials in charge.

(Barley Seeds)

N. Horne
Diversified Farming Section
Livestock Bureau
Tel. (57) 3960
Extension 33

(Lupin Seeds)

T. Umatsu
Agricultural Product Section
Agricultural Administration Bureau
Tel. (57) 1151-9
Extension 117-9

Distribution Plan.

		Barley Seeds	Lupin Seeds (shipping agency, Yokohama Uekki Co., Ltd.)
	prefecture	quantity (koku)	quantity (Metric ton)
IX	Hokkaido	9,700	
	Aomori	1,000	
	Iwate	800	
	Miyagi	144	0.1
	Akita	1,000	
	Yamagata	6,220	
	Fukushima	2,000	1.3
	Ibaraki	9,000	
	Tochigi	560	
	Gunma	500	
	Saitama	500	
	Chiba	600	
	Tokyo	560	
	Kanagawa	600	2.5
IX	Niigata	1,000	
	Toyama	3,793	0.2
I	Ishikawa	4,000	
	Fukui	3,500	
IX	Yamanashi	500	5.0
	Nagano	800	
I	Gifu	1,700	0.2
	Shizuoka	520	0.6
I	Aichi	500	
	Mie	100	
	Shiga	140	
	Kyoto	320	
	Osaka	40	
	Hyogo	1,800	
	Nara	500	
	Wakayama	300	
Chu	Tottori	280	
	Shimane	200	
	Okayama	1,800	
	Hiroshima	1,040	
	Yamaguchi	160	
Shi	Tokushima	1,400	
	Kagawa	1,600	
	Ehime	1,500	1.5
	Kochi	600	
I	Fukuoka	1,500	
	Saga	440	
	Nagasaki	200	
	Kumamoto	2,000	
	Oita	500	

(more)

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I Miyazaki	600	26.0
Kagoshima	500	
Total	66,817	27.2
Governmental Use	550	
Experimental Use		0.2
Total	67,367	27.4

✓ 23

Forwarded from August September

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

PDF/KPS/BSA/eb
26 August 1948

430(26 Aug 48)ESS/PD
PDF-19

8th Army

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Soya-beans

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 90-'48, dated 24 August 19[illegible], subject: Request for Release of Imported Soya-beans.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAP IN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the release of 733.16 metric tons of imported soya-beans to be used in the processing of baby food according to the plans outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above. The identical quantity will be turned over from indigenous production, when collections of fall soya-bean harvests makes indigenous supply available for processing into edible oil and soy bean cake for miso and shoyu manufacture.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

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ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division

FLW/HFS/BSA/ob
27 August 1948

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. A previous release made available imported food stuffs to be processed in conjunction with indigenous food into infant's food. The present stock of indigenous soya-beans is only sufficient to supply 616.84 metric tons of the 1350 metric tons required to complete production. To prevent delay in the manufacture of this essential infants' food, it is considered advisable to substitute imported soya-beans. The same quantity of indigenous soya-beans when fall harvests are collected will be allocated to the uses originally planned for the imported soya-beans, namely; edible oil, shoyu and miso production.

2. This action releases 733.16 metric tons of soya-beans to complete production of infants' food.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091.31(15 May 46)GD, dated 15 May 1946, subject: Procedure Governing Import-Export Commodities for Japan.

4. Concurrences: ESS/IND, F.Fuji

Refer questions to:
B. S. Appleton, 57-8395

FLW _____

P.D.F - 19

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.

FROM: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Imported Soya-bean.

26 AUG 1948
433

M.A.F. No. 90 - '48

24 August 1948.

1. Reference, SCAP Memorandum 430 (3 Aug. 48) ESS/PD PDF-11 Subject, "Release of Imported Foods".

2. The baby food manufacturing and distribution plan was authorized by the reference Memorandum. According to the authorized plan, the indigenous soy-bean amounting to 1,350 metric tons were proposed to be used for manufacturing the baby food. But it was found later that possible supply of indigenous soy-bean is short to the said amount by 733.16 metric tons.

3. The Japanese Government, under the circumstances stated in the preceeding paragraph, wishes to request an immediate release of 733.16 metric tons of imported soy-beans to be used for the manufacturing of the baby food.

4. The 733.16 metric tons of indigenous soy-bean of 1948 crop which is equivalent to the imported soy-bean under request in amount will be allocated for oil-extraction in order to manufacture Miso and Shoyu.

FOR THE MINISTER:

S. Katayanagi.

S. Katayanagi

Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Forestry

PDF-19

DISTRIBUTION PLAN OF SOY BEAN FOR USE
AS RAW MATERIAL FOR BABY FOOD.

Pref.	Name of Plant. (1)	Production Quota. (Unit 1,000 lbs.)	Requirement of Soy Bean. (Unit kg.)	Available Indiginous Soy Bean. (Unit Kg.)	Requirement of Import. (2)
Hokkaido	Meiji Seika Co., Ltd., Hakodate Plant.	20	1,800	1,800	
	Saka Eiyō Kenkyu-sho.	20	1,800	1,800	
	Sapporo Ikuji-eiyōhin Co., Ltd.	30	2,700	2,700	
	Hokkaido kaihatsu Co., Ltd.	20	1,800	1,800	
	Furuya Sangyo Co., Ltd.	20	1,800	1,800	
	Hokkaido Rakunō kyōdō Kumiai Co., Ltd., Naie Plant.	150	13,500	13,500	
	Daiichi kagaku Eiyo-hin Co., Ltd.	150	13,500	13,500	
Aomori	Tōhoku Ikujishoku Seisan Haikyu Co., Ltd.	280	25,200	25,200	
Iwate	Meiji Nyugyo Co., Ltd. Iwaizumi Plant.	180	16,200	16,200	
Yamagata	" " " " Kamiyama Plant.	260	23,400		23,400
Fukushima	Morinaga Shokuryo Kogyo Co., Ltd., Fukushima Plant.	400	36,000		36,000
Ibaraki	Meiji Nyūgyo Co., Ltd. Ishioka Plant.	150	13,500		13,500
	Moriyama Nyūgyō Co., Ltd.	150	13,500		13,500
Tochigi	Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Tochigi Plant.	100	9,000	9,000	
	Ikuji Eiyo-hin Seizo K.K., Tochigi Plant.	150	13,500	11,500	2,000
Gunma	Wakō Tatebayashi Plant.	200	18,000		18,000

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Saitama	Kōa Eiyō Shokuryō Co., Ltd.	130	11.700	11,700	
	Morinaga Shokuryō Kogyo Co., Ltd., Saitama Plant.	170	15,300	15,300	
	Osawa Nyū Kogyō Co., Ltd.	50	4,500		4,500
Chiba	Wakōdō Nankai Plant.	200	18,000	18,000	
	Yuki Eiyō Kenkyu Sho.	200	18,000	18,000	
	Asahi Nyū-gyo Co., Ltd., Noda Plant.	100	9,000	9,000	
	" " " " Tatsuta Plant.	130	11,700	11,700	
	Suisan Kagaku Kogyō Co., Ltd.	100	9,000	9,000	
	Chiba Eiyō Shoku-hin Kōgyō Co., Ltd.	50	4,500	4,500	
Tokyo	Nōken Sangyō Co., Ltd.	30	2,700	2,700	
	Nihon Daizu Kōgyō Co., Ltd.	250	22,500	22,500	
	Tokyo Nyūgyō Co., Ltd.	200	18,000	18,000	
	Wakōdō Tokyo Plant.	700	63,000	29,240	33,760
	Wakamoto Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Tokyo Plant.	250	22,500	22,500	
	Ikuji Eiyō-hin Seizo K.K. Tokyo Plant.	180	16,200	16,200	
Kanagawa	Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Yokohama Plant.	150	13,500		13,500
	Morinaga Shokuryō Kogyo Co., Ltd. Hiratsuka Plant.	150	13,500		13,500
	Moriyama & Co., Hiratsuka Plant.	50	4,500		4,500
	Kanagawa Ikuji Kokufun Co., Ltd., Tsurumi Plant.	100	9,000		9,000
	Nisshin Seifun Co., Ltd., Tsurumi Plant.	330	29,700		29,700

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Yamanashi	Yamanashi Nyūji Shoku-hin Kōgyō Co., Ltd.	30	2,700		2,700
Nagano	Morinaga Shokuryō Kōgyō Co., Ltd., Matsumoto Plant.	120	10,800	10,800	
	Nihon Rakunō-hin Seizo Co., Ltd.	150	13,500	13,500	
Niigata	Ebimēlu Eiyo Kenkyū-Sho.	300	27,000	27,000	
Toyama	Azau Enbei & Co.,	220	19,800	19,800	
Ishikawa	Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Kanazawa Plant.	100	9,000		9,000
	Hachiya Kihei & Co.	230	20,700	16,500	4,200
	Ehō Radium Co., Ltd.	50	4,500	4,500	
Gifu	Gifu-ken Shokuryō Kōgyō Co., Ltd.	130	11,700	11,700	
Shizuoka	Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Fujieda Plant.	250	22,500	22,500	
	" " " " Nakaizumi Plant.	150	13,500	13,500	
	Morinaga Shokuryō Kogyo Co., Ltd., Mishima Plant.	400	36,000	10,200	25,800
	" " " " " Fuji Plant.	230	20,700	2,600	18,100
	" " " " " Shimoda Plant.	50	4,500		4,500
	Nihon Shoku-hin Kōgyō Co., Ltd.	50	4,500		4,500
	Nitto Rakunō Kōgyō Gomei Kaisha.	50	4,500		4,500

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Nara I	Chubu Nyūyōji Eiyō hin Co., Ltd.	100	9,000		9,000
Aichi	Morinaga Shokuryō Kogyō Co., Ltd., Aichi Plant.	350	31,500	31,500	
	Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Anji Plant	250	22,500	22,500	
Mie	Kinoshita Ikuji Eiyō Gomei Kaisha.	50	4,500		4,500
I	Kanran Eiyō Kagaku Co.,Ltd.	50	4,500		4,500
Shiga I	Aiiku Eiyō-hin Seizo kenkyu-sho.	80	7,200		7,200
Kyoto	Morinaga Shokuryō Kogyo Co., Ltd., Kyoto Plant.	170	15,300		15,300
I	Kyoto Hōjin Eiyō Shokuryo Kenkyu-sho.	130	11,700		11,700
	Hamaguchi Kogyo Co., Ltd., Maizuru Plant.	80	7,200		7,200
I	Morinaga Shokuryō Kogyo Co., Ltd., Osaka Plant.	100	9,000		9,000
Osaka	Daigo Eiyō Kagaku Co., Ltd.	460	41,400		41,400
	Anbara Yakuhin Kakō Co., Ltd.	200	18,000		18,000
	Meiji Nyūgyō Co.,Ltd., Kashiwabara Plant.	230	20,700		20,700
Hyogo	" " " " Awaji Plant.	60	5,400		5,400
I	Nagase Sangyo Co., Ltd.	230	20,700		20,700
	Matsutani Kagaku Kōgyō Co., Ltd.	150	13,500		13,500
	Yamato Kasei Co., Ltd., Takarazuka Plant.	150	13,500		13,500

-Co.-

	Nara	Nagahara Rennyu Plant.	40	3,600		3,600
I	Wakayama	Tōda Seifun Co., Ltd.	110	9,900		9,900
C	Tottori	Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Shoshi Plant .	120	10,800		10,800
C	Shimane	Shimane Ikuji Eiyō Kagaku Co., Ltd.	80	7,200		7,200
C	Okayama	Awaji Rennyu Co., Ltd.	140	12,600		12,600
		Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Kasaoka Plant.	140	12,600		12,600
C	Hiroshima	Hiroshima Eiyō Kagaku Hiroshima Co., Ltd	250	22,500		22,500
		Meiji Seika Co., Ltd., Itsuka- ichi Plant.	80	7,200		7,200
C	Yamaguchi	Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Yamaguchi Plant.	80	7,200	5,100	2,100
		Nichiman Daizu Seifun Kōgyō Co., Ltd.	320	28,800		28,800
S	Tokushima	Morinaga Shokuryō Kōgyō Co., Ltd., Tokushima Plant.	290	26,100		26,100
S	Kagawa	Sanwa Kofu-fun Kōgyō-sho.	130	11,700	2,900	8,800
	Ehime	Meiji Nyūgyō Co.,Ltd., Mitsuhama Plant.	270	24,300	24,300	
I	Fukuoka	Meiji Seika Co., Ltd., Tohata Plant.	240	21,600		21,600
		Fukuoka Ikuji Hojo Eiyo-hin Seisan Kumiai.	300	27,000	8,800	18,200
I	Saga	Morinaga Shokuryō Kogyo Co., Ltd., Imari Plant.	200	18,000		18,000
I	Nagasaki	Meiji Nyūgyō Co., Ltd., Minami Arima Plant.	200	18,000	1,500	16,500

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P.D.F—19

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Kumamoto	Morinaga Shokuryō Kōgyō Co., Ltd., Amakusa Plant.	200	18,000	1,100	16,900
	Tazan Seiyaku Co., Ltd.	150	13,500	13,500	
Oita	Morinaga Shokuryo Kōgyō Co., Ltd., Oita Plant.	240	21,600	21,600	
Kagoshima	Morinaga Shokuryo Kōgyō Kagoshima Plant.	270	24,300	24,300	
Total		15,000	1,350,000	616,840	733,160

430 (Aug. 3, '48) ESS/PD

Permission has been given for the release of other materials by PDF-11.

P.D.F-19

Sept. Release

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Economic and Scientific Section
APO 500

FLW/HFS/GD/eb
26 August 1948

430(26 Aug 48)ESS/PD
PDF-20

8th Army

SUBJECT: Release of Imported Food for Distribution in September 1948

TO: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, No. 11, 1 Chome, Yurakucho, Chiyodaku, Tokyo

1. References are:

a. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry memorandum number 92-'48, dated 25 August 1948, subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods for Distribution in September 1948.

b. Memorandum for the Japanese Government from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, AG 430(11 Apr 46) ESS/PC, dated 11 April 1946, SCAP IN 960-A, subject: Maintenance of Records of Storage and Distribution of Imported Foodstuffs.

2. No objection is offered to the distribution of the following amounts of imported food: (Brown rice equivalents)

COMMODITY	METRIC TONS
Imported Cereals (including Egyptian rice)	262,064
Soya Cake (made from imported soya beans)	3,276
Sugar	56,764
Substitute Rice	49,865
Total	371,969

The imported food and the substitute rice will be distributed in September 1948 through the normal staple food ration channel in accordance with the plan as outlined in the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. A written report will be submitted to the Economic and Scientific Section of General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers providing the information cited in paragraph 1 of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1b above.

FOR THE CHIEF, ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION:

FLOYD L. WHITTINGTON
Acting Chief, Price and Distribution Division

COPIES TO:
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ECONOMIC AND SCIENTIFIC SECTION
Price and Distribution Division

FLM/HFS/GD/eb
26 August 1948

MEMO FOR RECORD:

1. Memorandum for Chief of Staff, dated 22 April 1948, subject "Release of Imported Food During Period 1 May - 31 October 1948" requested approval of an imported feed release plan for the May - October period. Approval was granted by the Chief of Staff on 27 April 1948.

2. This action releases 322,104 metric tons of imported food and 49,865 metric tons of substitute rice for a total authorized distribution of 371,969 metric tons (brown rice equivalents). The commodity breakdown is as follows:

COMMODITY	METRIC TONS
Imported Cereals (including Egyptian rice)	262,064
Soya Cake (made from imported soya beans)	3,276
Sugar	56,764
Substitute Rice	49,865
Total	371,969

The imported food and the substitute rice will be distributed during September 1948 at official prices through the normal staple food ration channel as part of the staple food ration. The substitute rice is indigenous rice stored in substitution of imported food already released. Egyptian rice is included in the cereals total in the amount of 21,600 metric tons.

3. Surveillance is covered by letter to Commanding General, Eighth Army, from General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091.31(15 May 46)OD, dated 15 May 1946, subject: Procedure Governing Import-Export Commodities for Japan.

4. Concurrences are not necessary. Obtained for Chief of Staff memorandum referred to in paragraph 1 above.

Refer questions to:
G. Dolgin, 57-8393

FLM ____

To: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR ALLIED POWERS

From: Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

Subject: Request for Release of Imported Foods for distribution in September 1948.

NAF NO 92-'48 Date 25 August 1948

1. The Japanese Government wishes to request the immediate release of the imported foods and the substitute rice totalling 371,969 metric tons (inbrown rice equivalents) for distribution in September, 1948, which consist of

Imported cereals	251,985 metric tons in polished rice equivalents (262,064 M.T. B.R.E.)
Soy Cake made from imported Soy Beans	3,150 M.T. in polished rice equivalents (3,276 M.T. B.R.E.)
Sugar	49,360 M.T. in product weight (56,764 M.T. B.R.E.)
Substitute Rice	49,865 M.T. B.R.E.
Total	371,969 M.T. B.R.E.

2. The imported foods under request for release in the preceding paragraph shall be distributed as part of the standard staple food rations to the normal consumers and partial self-suppliers as well as part of the supplementary ration for the essential workers through the normal channels in accordance with the following plan by prefecture:

Unit: M/T

	Prefecture	Cereals (inclusives of) (Egyptian Rice) P.R.E.	Soya Cake P.R.E.	Sugar P. Wa.	Substitute Rice R.R.E.
IX	Hokkaido	24.350		2.950	
	Aomori	2.470		625	
	Iwate	480		650	
	Miyagi	550		950	3.000
	Akita	510		770	
	Yamagata	430		940	
	Fukushima	3.710		1.385	3.000
	Ibaraki	45		665	1.800
	Tochigi			600	1.650
	Gunma	290		820	
	Saitama	385		1.315	
	Chiba	5.450		1.110	
T	Tokyo	45.300		4.385	1.800
K	Kanagawa	18.030		1.580	650
IX	Niigata	890		1.485	
I	Toyama	510		640	
	Ishikawa	450		560	
	Fukui	1.730		485	
IX	Yamanashi	2.840		495	
	Nagano	8.700	1.000	1.200	
I	Gifu	6.490		925	1.000
S.	Shizuoka	12.980		1.550	
I	Aichi	14.420		2.375	2.300
	Mie	2.890		820	1.700
	Shiga			380	1.000
	Kyoto	14.420		1.435	500
	Osaka	26.080		2.515	1.050
	Hyogo	12.980		1.865	750
	Nara	970		535	700
	Wakayama	5.240		690	
C	Tottori	3.620		315	400
	Shimane	3.580		510	800
	Okayama			600	2.000
	Hiroshima	7.930	400	1.315	500
	Yamaguchi	4.330		980	2.250
S	Tokushima			510	600
	Kagawa			470	1.500
	Ehime	720		885	900
	Kochi	2.160	1.000	2.430	[illegible]
I	Fukuoka	7.360	1.000	2.635	8.300
	Saga	65		365	865
	Nagasaki	3.650	750	1.185	3.350
	Kumamoto			725	3.500
	Oita			405	1.000
	Miyazaki			430	1.000
	Kagoshima			990	2.000
	Total	251.985 (252.064)	3.150 (3.276)	49.360 (56.764)	49.865 (49.865)

(371.969)

Phoned 27/Aug/48

UNITS PHONEO
SCAP
I Corps 1450
IX Corps 1330
Tokyo 1430
Kanagawa 1425
Shikoku 1345
Chugoku 1415
Shizuoka 1435

For the Minister

Shinkichi, Matayanagi

Vice-Minister of Agriculture
and Forestry

Distribution Plan in Sep. 1948

25. Aug 1948
Food Management Board

(1) Imported Foods

	M.T.(B.R.E.)	Sustainable day	% for Demand
Cereals	262,064	12.8	42.7
Soya Cake	3,276	0.2	0.5
Sugar	56,764	2.8	9.3
Total	322,104	15.8	52.5
(2) Substitute Rice	49,865	2.4	8.1
Sub Total	371,969	18.2	60.6
(3) Indigenous Food			
Rice	54,415	2.7	8.9
Wheat & Barley	134,666	6.6	22.0
White Potatoes	9,300	0.4	1.5
Sweet Potatoes	43,050	2.1	7.0
Total	241,431	11.8	39.4
Grand Total	613,400	30.0	100.0