

Attached No. 1.

Strengthened Measures Against Rabies.

1. Thorough fulfilment of anti-phydrophobia serum treatment.

All dogs in the prefecture are scheduled to be immunized without delay with anti-phydrophobia serum treatment program making earlier covering whole prefecture.

(1) All dogs in the areas where rabies case took place shall be immunized by the end of May.

(2) All dogs other than the foregoing (1) in the prefecture shall be immunized by the end of June.

This immunity work shall be charged by veterinarians in service of the prefectural Dep't and each health centers, and also shall be co-operated by those in service of Live-stock Section of the pref. Economic Dept, each district office as well as private veterinarians.

2. Strengthening of stray dog hunting.

The round-up of stray dogs is being carried out through the year as it is ruled, but this time in order to strengthen this project at the areas the cases occurred, we organized 5 squads of sweeping stray dogs which will be put in force for one week from 17 to 23 June. These squads shall be divided into two groups, one of which shall serve from 5 o'clock to 12 and the other from 12 to 21 and each group accompanied by health centers' staffs shall try to prevent occurrence of improper accidents as well as to strengthen disposition of stray dogs. Any matter in future shall be dealt with as occasion may demand.

3. Guidance and supervision over stray dog sweeping squads.

For the purpose of obtaining satisfactory results of stray dog disposition, chiefs-in-charge of Sanitation Dep't and chiefs of health centers shall be dispatched for inspection, supervision and guidance as occasion calls.

4. Strengthening of public information activity.

For this purpose, newspapers and radio broadcasting shall be utilized. On 16 May, the leaflet 5,000 sheets as shown in the attached were printed and distributed, and the warnings issued by the governor also were delivered to each dog keeper. Broadcastings on street are now being carried out every day successively in Utsunomiya City, Tochigi City, Ashikaga City, Sano City and Oyama-machi.

5. Encouragement for strict enforcement of keeping dogs in leash.

Keeping dogs in leash as well as sweeping of stray dogs shall be encouraged and health center staffs shall travel every day to guide them. A violator, if any, shall be forced to submit the pledge as attached herein and malicious violators shall be accused.

Attached No. 2. (Translation)

KOEI No. 1,218

SUBJECT: Rabies Prevention Program for 1950 Fiscal Year.

TO : Director, Public Sanitation Bureau,
Ministry of Welfare.

FROM : Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture.

On your notification No. 72 dated 5 April 1950, we report to you that we are conducting rabies prevention activities on the basis of the program as following.

Rabies Prevention Program
for 1950 Fiscal Year

1. Policy.

In view of increasing rabies cases and human damages by suffered dogs recently, we should do the utmost to exterminate such a disease thoroughgoingly.

2. Handling Method.

(1) Limitation on moving dogs.

To prohibit dogs' moving in and out among prefectures and gathering of dogs with the purpose to lessen the chances of spread of this disease, we issued Tochigi Pref. Notification No. 164 which provides prohibiting moving and gathering of dogs, including prize contest or exhibition meeting of dogs.

(2) Chaining up dog.

We issued Tochigi Pref. Notification No. 482 dated 22 November 1949 and No. 180 dated 30 March 1950 to insure that all dogs are kept on leash day and night in residential sites and when outside, dogs are taken with leash. We are taking the policies that violators are given strict advice and if violation repeated, the vicious violators are accused.

(3) Preventive injection.

a. Reporting of keeping dogs by keepers is encouraged with cooperation of city, town and village, prior to conducting preventive injection.

b. Injection is being conducted all the year round, two times a year for one dog, every 6 months.

- c. For the good of dog keepers and in order to give injection to all dogs, we concluded a contract ~~as attached~~, with Toehigi Pref. Veterinary Surgeon Assn. and Toehigi Pref. North Veterinary Surgeon Assn. In preventive injection, we are employing every possible means, for instance, visit, injection by gathering, etc.
- d. For distinction of the vaccinated dogs from the not yet vaccinated ones, the "Slip for finishing the vaccination" and the "Certificate for finishing the vaccination" are delivered at the time of vaccination.
- e. Besides the vaccination operation carried out by the private practitioners, the veterinarians serving either in the health centers or the prefectural Livestock Industry Section shall give the vaccination as the occasion calls.
- (4) Perfect detention of the stray dogs.
- (a) During the time the detention order is issued in accordance with the Article 17 of the Domestic-Animal Epidemics Prevention Law, all dogs that are found straying on the streets and other places is being caught for detention.
- (b) We are having the veterinarians in the health centers to be leaders of the stray-dog catching teams and also having the officials of cities, towns and villages accompany the teams. The members of such teams are ordered to put on the arm-bands and bear the identification, so that the purport of the rabies prevention business be diffused and the unfair act be prevented.
- (c) The dogs caught will be returned only in case the caught dogs are recognized to be those actually kept by the persons requesting returning. At the occasion of returning, the keeper of the dog is given advice over the matters of preventive-vaccination, registration, detention of dogs, etc. On such ill-natured keepers of dog who make us repeat the detention of their dog frequently, it is decided to take the procedure of indictment. The expenditure needed in such detention, keeping and returning of the dogs is, according to No. 5, Item 3, Article 23 of the Domestic-Animal Epidemics Prevention Law, levied on the keeper within the maximum of ¥200 per each case.
- (d) The period of the detention is decided to be one day or two, and if the keepers do not request for returning within these days, the dogs will be used upon communication with the science research organs or killed by the veterinarians in the health centers humanely to be used only for skinning.
- (5) Handling of the dogs bitten by the rabied dogs.

The dogs bitten by the rabied dogs are reported and sent to the health centers for the supervision of the disease for 16 days at least. The same actions are taken on the other dogs who had

the chance of contacting with the disease.

(6) Supply of the preventive-vaccine

All vaccine are supplied by Japan Medicine Industry Co. Ltd. and the supply of the vaccine are at presented operag smoothly.

(7) Dissemination activities.

Dissemination-advertisement is repeatedly carried out by using all information organs, on the purport of rabies prevention, concerned regulations, prevention programs, etc. To show the instances in practice, we are engaged in advertisement through the news-car on the street, preparing and delivering of the pamphlet, distribution of the posters, sponsoring the lecture-meeting ~~(on the schedule attached)~~, etc.

- Translation of leaflet -

You Are Advised To Have Your Pet Dog
Injected Against Rabies

Do you know how dreadful the rabies is?

Even your pet dog would bite yourself making no distinction of persons, if he were infected with this rabies. Those who were bitten, not only man but cattle, horse, cat and all other animals, will be infected with this disease, which without fail kill them.

This fearful disease is now prevailing covering whole area of Kanto and in this prefecture this disease has been raging since the beginning of this year, and 20 days and one cattle were already attacked with this infection and two men were killed being bitten by a rabid dog. This fearful rabies, however, can be stamped out by injecting to your house-dogs and sweeping stray dogs.

Have your pet dogs been injected against this disease? It is your duty to have your dogs injected, if not, you are urged to have your lovely dog injected without delay.

House dogs are required to report to the public office.

Keep dogs in leash always.

The dogs kept untied may be captured
taking them for stray dogs

Persons who were bitten as well as the keepers of dogs that bit
are requested to report to the nearest health center or the
prefectural Sanitation Dep't.

Under the following program, pasteur treatment shall be carried
out, so you are asked to have your dogs injected infallibly.

- a. Date and Time of injection:
- b. Place of injection to be held:
- c. Charge: 150 Yen

Tochigi Pref. Sanitation Dep't

_____ Health Center

- Translation of Governor's advice printed on post card -

PREVENTION OF RABIES

Recently numerous rabies cases broke out in this prefecture and are feared to spread more. So the prefectural authorities decided to catch the stray-dogs, day and night, for prevention of the dreadful rabies.

Do not leave your dog unchained, or we shall have to apply a considerable punishment on you. We desire your cooperation in rabies control by:

1. Chaining the dog, night and day, without fail
2. Vaccinating the dog twice a year
3. Reporting to town or village office or to health center if you are bitten or your dog bit other person ~~office~~
4. Registering the dog at the authorities without fail.

JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

- Translation -

Written Acknowledgement

To: Jukichi Kodaira, Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

It is my great fault that I was negligent in (reporting)
(chaining up) (preventive injection) of my dog.

I promise to make (reporting) (chaining up) (preventive injection)
of my dog as directed by you.

I have no objection for capturing my dog, when I will not
fulfil this promise.

1. Kind
2. Name
3. Sex
4. Color of hair
5. Age

Name of Keeper _____

Address _____

775013

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 764
22 June 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic animal.

TO: Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

7-999
CP
Ogawa
J.P.

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Date de-cided	Result			Place occurred	Victims	Remarks
				Date ta-ken ill	Date died	Date killed			
Rabies	Stray Dog	1	19 June	20 May	-	22 May	Kikusawa-mura Kamitsuga-gun	None	Owner: Eizaburo Shidara Sendo, Kikusawa-mura, Kamitsuga-gun.
<u>Total</u>		1							

Accumulated total up to this report 40 (1 cattle included)

Additional remarks: The above case had been reported over the telephone on 22 June at 9:05 A.M.

J.K. Kodaria
JUKICHI KODARIA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/by-hk



P-77
cy

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 741
14 June 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic Animal

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date Killed	
Rabies	Domestic dog, not reported	1	13 June	7 June	-	7 June	Hongo-mura, Kawachi-gun

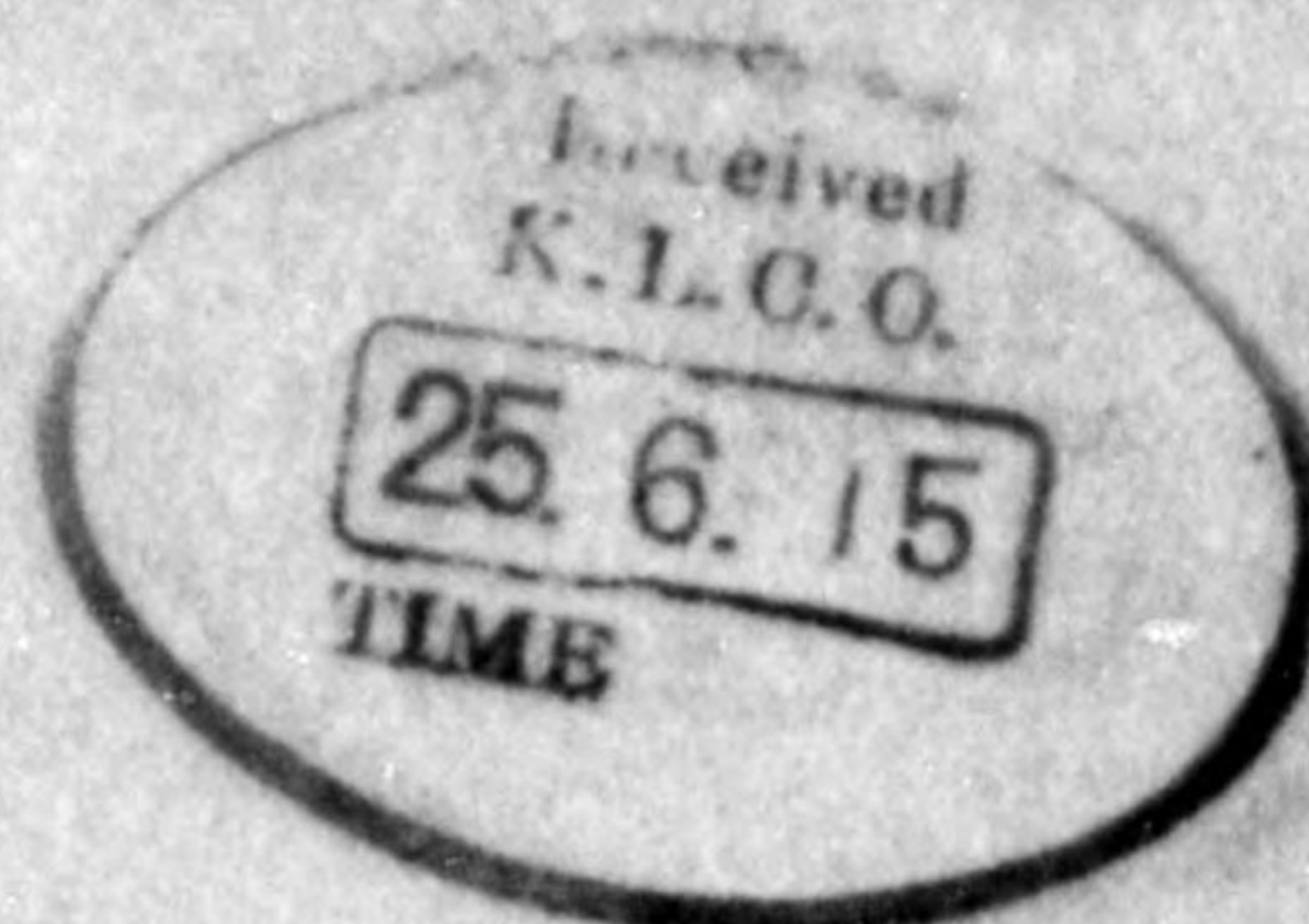
Total 1

Accumulative total up to this report: 36 (1 cattle included)

Additional remarks: The above case had been reported over telephone on 14 June at 13:50

for *Chisa Kamei*
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/oy-ki



NATURAL GOVERNMENT

Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 741
14 June 1950

ence and Result of Communi-
for Domestic Animal

to Civil Affairs Region,
Public Health Section)

ort on the above subject.

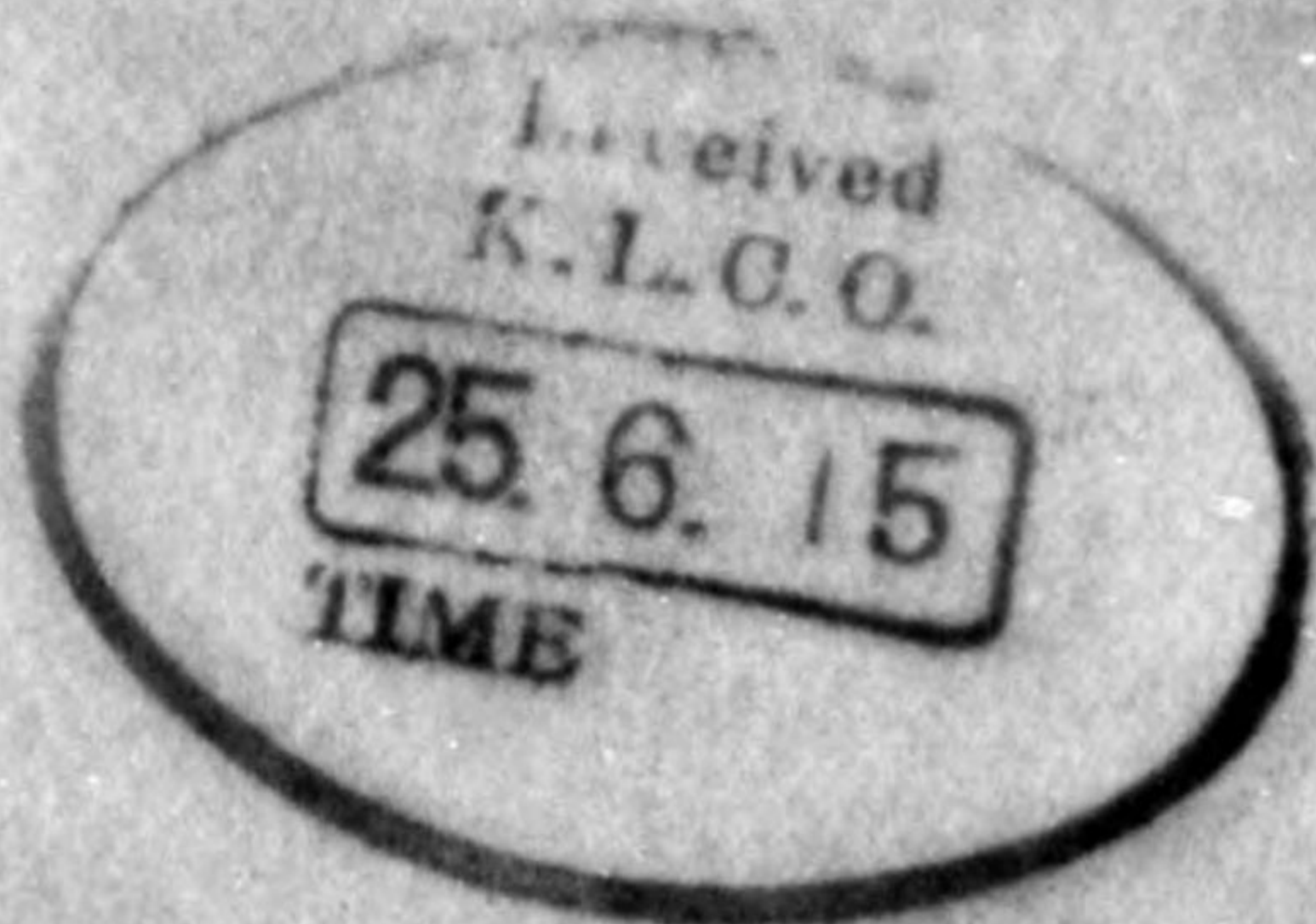
Result			Place occurred	Victims	Remarks
Date taken ill	Date died	Date Killed			
7 June	-	7 June	Hongo-mura, Kawachi-gun	2	Owner: Sadao Ampo 26 Nishi-Tadenuma, Hongo-mura, Kawachi- gun.

to this report: 36 (1 cattle
included)

above case had been reported
telephone on 14 June at

for *Chio Kawai*
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

on/cy-ki



775013

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 740
14 June 1950

Ogawa
44

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Epidemic Disease of Domestic Animal

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

The above report is to confirm our telephone report to you on 14 June at 1:50 p.m.

Disease	Kind of animal	No. infected	Date decided	Result		
				Date infected	Date died	Date killed
Rabies	Domestic animal, not registered	1	13 June	9 June		10 June
"	Stray dog	1	"	Unknown		"
"	"	1	"	"		9 June

Place occurred	Victims	Remarks
Hiraishi-mura, Kawachi-gun	12 persons	The dog kept by Mitsu Suzuki, at 1694 Kami-hiraide, Hiraishi-mura, Kawachi-gun
Utsunomiya-shi	1 persons	A stray dog found in Ichijo-machi, Utsunomiya-shi
Kuzuu-machi, Aso-gun	None	A stray dog found in Yorozu-machi, Kuzuu-machi, Aso-gun

Received
K.L.C.O.
25.6.16
TIME

Total 3 (The accumulative total up to this report: 39, inclusive of a cow)

J. Chiba Kamei
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Sec/kk-ki

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 757
15 June 1956

SUBJECT: Report on Public Information Activities
of Prevention for hydrophobia by News-
paper "HARUKAZE"

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Att: Public Health Section)

With reference to the above subject, we
have now made up our plan for the purpose of dis-
seminating the thought of prevention for hydrophobia
among the public citizens.

1. Route of information (as per attached)
2. To manufacture 10,000 copies of leaflets
as per attached No. 2.

These leaflets will be distributed at the
same time of information.

702 *Tatebayashi*
JUKICHI KODAMA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture.

JK/Public Sanitation Section/cy-mh



Inclosure No. 1.

Information route of News-car
"HARUKAZE"

- 1st day (12 June) Utsunomiya City - Sugatagawa-mura-
Inaba-mura-Kanuma City-Shiroyama-mura-
Imaichi-machi-Nikko-machi-Fujiwara-
machi (Stay a night)
- 2nd day (13 ") Fujiwara-machi-Shiobara-machi-Kuroiso-
machi-Otawara-machi-Nishinasuno-machi-
Yaita-machi-Ujie-machi-Kitsuregawa-
machi(Stay a night)
- 3rd day (14 ") Kitsuregawa-machi-Ogawa-machi-Bato-
machi-Karasuyama-machi-Motegi-machi-
Mashiko-machi-Moka-machi-Ouchi-mura-
Hiraishi-mura-Utsunomiya City
(Return to Pref. Government for
supplying gasoline)
- 4th day (15 ") Utsunomiya City-Yokokawa-mura-Suzumeno-
miya-mura-Ishibashi-machi-Oyama-machi-
Tochigi City-Kuzuu-machi-Tanuma-machi
(Stay a night)
- 5th day (16 ") Tanuma-machi-Sano City-Onata-machi-
Hajika-machi-Ashikaga City-Tanabe-machi-
Utsunomiya City.

Inclosure No. 2.

Public InformationSanitation Dep't.,
Tochigi Pref.

As for anti-hydrophobia, it is publicly informed from Pref. Sanitation Dep't.

There occurred 32 rabies in this Prefecture up to this date. And three persons who were bitten by mad dogs became hydrophobia and died suffering from the terrible disease.

If a man was once bitten by a mad dog and taken ill, it is not only entirely incurable but also the miserable condition of the disease is utterly beyond description.

In order to wipe out this hydrophobia, you are kindly requested to cooperate with us, keeping the following points in mind.

1. Keep the domestic dog in leash night and day. In case you keep your dog without leash, you will be fined under ¥30,000.00. There are those who was accused already as men of ill fame.

2. Please receive preventive inoculation for dogs twice a year without fail.

3. Domestic dogs should be reported to the City, Town & Village Offices.

4. Both children and adults ought to pay much attention lest they should be bitten by mad dogs. There are many who are bitten by mad dogs from their carelessness every day.

5. In case either you were bitten by mad dog or your dog bit other person, you are requested to report it to the nearest Health Center.

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Handwritten signature and initials

Ref. No. 735
12 June 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic Animal

TO: Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Att: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	Victims	Remarks
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed			
Rabies	Domestic dog, not reported	1	9 June	20 May	-	25 May	Kita-Oshihara-mura, Kamitsuga-gun	4	Owner: Haru Ito, Kamidono, Kita-Oshihara-mura, Kamitsuga-gun
Total		1							

Accumulative total up to this report: 35 (One cattle included)

Additional remarks: The above case was reported to you on 12 June at 9:50 a.m. over telephone.

for Akira Kamei
JUKIOMI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture.

JK/Public Sanitation Section/cy-mh.

Received
K.L.C.O.
25.6.16
TMB

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

M. Ogura
AK

Ref. No. 734
12 June 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic Animal

TO: Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Att: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Result				Place occurred	Victims	Remarks
			Date decided	Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed			
Rabies	Domestic dog, not reported	1	9 June	28 May	-	23 May	Hiraishi-mura, Kawachi-gun	2	Owner; Chiyokichi Kikuchi, 1219 Kami-Hiraide, Hiraishi-mura Kawachi-gun
"	"	1	"	2 June	-	5 May	Utsunomiya-shi	1	Owner; Kitaro Handa, 74 Ozo-machi, Utsunomiya-shi

Total 2

Accumulative total up to this report: 34 (One cattle included)

Additional remarks: The above cases were reported to you over telephone on 10 June at 10:45 a.m.

Received
K.I.C.O.
25 6. 16
1143

for *Junichi Kodaira*
JUNICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/oy-mh

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT
Utsunomiya City, Tochigi Prefecture.

799
Ref. No. 727
9 June 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic Animal.

TO: Chief, Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region, APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	Vic-time	Remarks
				Date taken ill.	Date died	Date killed			
Rabies	Domestic dog, not reported	1	7 June	6 May	-	9 May	Tomiya-mura, 2 Kawachi-gun	Owner: Hiroshi Koike, 542 Cami, Tomiya-mura, Kawachi-gun.	

Total ----- 1

Accumulative total up to this report: 32 (one cattle included)

Additional remarks: The above case was reported to you through telephone on 8 June at 14:00.

JK/Public Sanitation Section/ey-hk



Toku Kodaira
TOKUICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture.

775013

P.M. O

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TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 724
7 June 1950

SUBJECT: On Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic Animal

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region
APO 201
(Att: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occur- red	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	Victims
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed		
Rabies	Stray dog	1	6 June	Un-known	-	31 May	Kugetsu-machi, Haga-gun	5
<u>Total</u>		<u>1</u>						

Accumulative total up to this report: 31 (one cattle included)

Additional remarks:
The above case was reported to you over phone on 7 June at 13:35

702
[Signature]
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Sec/cy-ah

Received
K.L.C.C.
25.6.10
TIME

Report in Answering to Memorandum
Concerning Rabies, Dated 12 May 1950

Public Sanitation Sec.,
Tochigi Prefecture

1. Complete enforcement of preventive injection.

Advancing all over the program of preventive injection throughout the Pref, so as to hasten to complete immunization for dogs.

(1) We shall endeavor to complete immunization for all the dogs in the districts occurred until the end of May.

(2) We shall endeavor to complete immunization for all the dogs in the Pref. except the districts of (1) until the end of June.

The injection for 1387 dogs was finished during the period from 14 May to 18 May.

2. In strengthening round-up of stray dogs, we organized 5 squads of special stray dog adjustment squads in the districts occurred, and they moved out from 5:00 in the morning to 21:00 in the evening, accompanied by officials of Public Health Office in each squad. And as its result we captured 267 dogs during the period from 14 May to 18 May.

3. Reinforcement of public information activities.

We enforced in press and radio broadcasting besides which we printed 50,000 sheets of leaflet and distributed among the public. Further, we sent post-cards of warning in the name of Governor addressed to each individual of the owners of the domestic dogs. As for broadcasting on street, we are now carrying out at Utsunomiya city and 5 other places.

4. Recommendation for enforcement of keeping domestic dogs tied up.

Regarding the strengthening of keeping domestic dogs tied up and their breeding is to be carried out in line with the adjustment of stray dogs; the officials of Public Health Offices will give travelling guidance every day, and if there may be any violators they shall be obliged to submit letters of oaths, and besides malicious persons will be accused.

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 608
9 May 1950

Qura
SP
20

SUBJECT: Daily Rabies Report

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed	
Rabies	Domestic dog (not reported)	1	5 May	23 April	-	23 April	Suzumenomiya-mura, Kawachi-gun.
"	Domestic dog	1	5 May	22 April	27 Apr.	-	Kanuma-shi

Accumulative total since January 1st, 1950:

19 (inclusive of 1 cattle)

Remarks: The above case was reported on 8 May 17:50 by telegram.

JUK
Jukichi Kodaira
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Sec/ky-ki K.L.C.O.
Received
25.5.10
TMS

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

TO
Gyura CP
Ref. No. 607
9 May 1950

SUBJECT: Daily Rabies Report

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed	
Rabies	Stray dog	1	6 May	-	-	30 Apr.	Shiroyama-mura, Kawachi-gun

Accumulative total since 1st January, 1950: 20 (inclusive of 1 cattle)

Remarks: The above case was reported on 9 May 9:30
(On 8 May the telephone service was interrupted)

Jukichi Kodaira
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Sec/cy-ki



TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 718
6 June, 1950

SUBJECT: On Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic Animals

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 261
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Date Decided	Result			Place occurred
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed	
Rabies	Domestic dog, not reported	1	2 June	4 May	11 May	-	Mizuhono-mura, Kawachi-gun
"	"	1	2 June	26 May	-	29 May	Yokokawa-mura, Kawachi-gun

Accumulative total up to this report:
30 (including one cattle)

Additional remarks: The above case was reported to you on 3 June at 10:00 a.m. through telephone.

Jukichi Kodaira
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/cy-ki

Received
K.I.C.O.
25. 6. - 8
TIME

AL GOVERNMENT

chigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 718
6 June, 1950

of Communicable
imals

Affairs Region,

th Section)

he above subject.

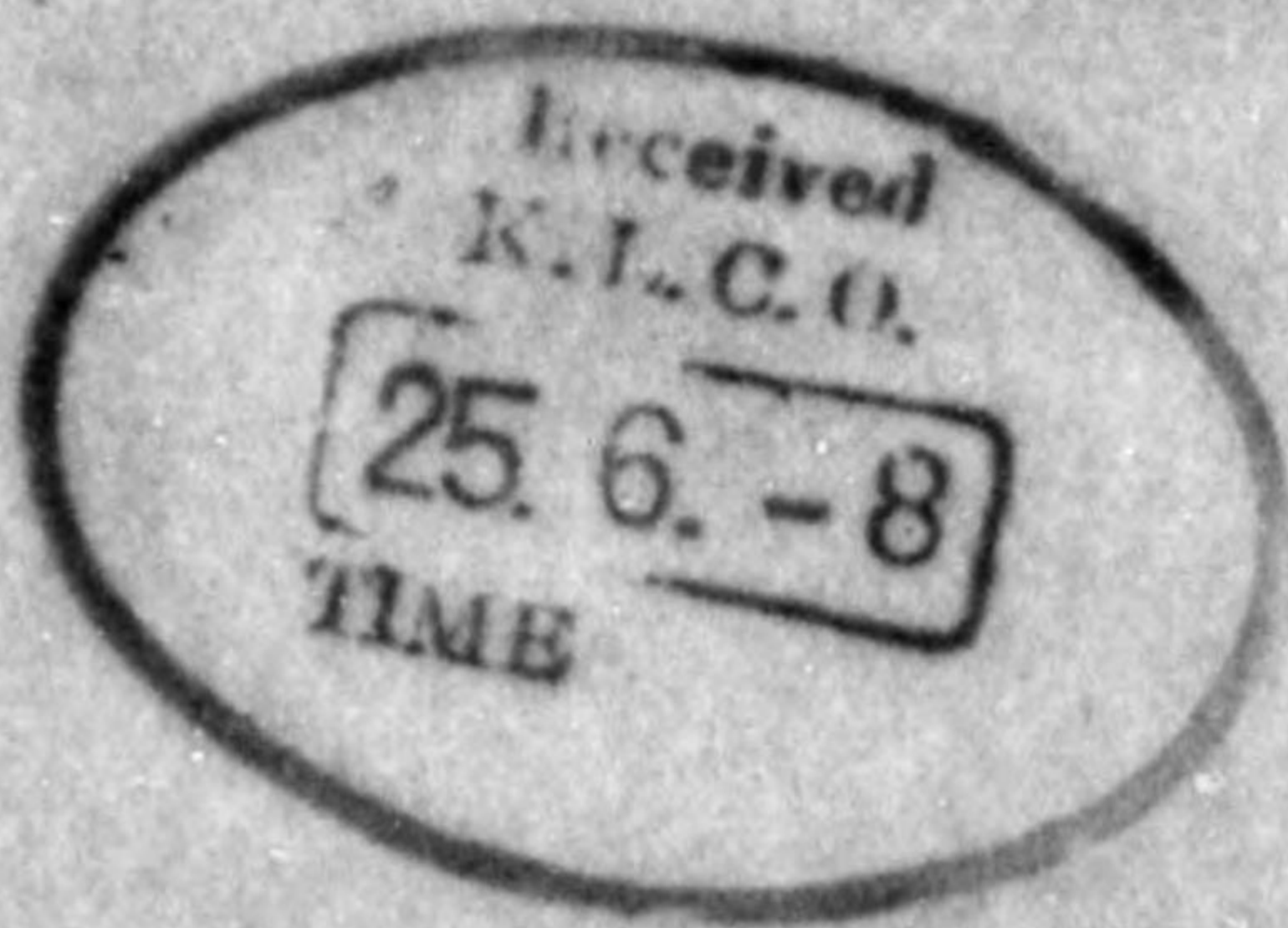
Date taken ill	Result		Place occurred	Victims	Remarks
	Date died	Date killed			
4 May	11 May	-	Mizuhono-mura, Kawachi-gun	2	Owner: Noboru Ueno, 121 Hiratsuka, Mizuhono- mura, Kawachi-gun.
26 May	-	29 May	Yokokawa-mura, Kawachi-gun	2	Owner: Suekichi Ozeki 1,440 Esajima, Yokokawa- mura, Kawachi-gun

report:

one cattle)

case was reported to
at 10:00 a.m. through

Toku Kodaira
JUKICHI KODAIRA
nor, Tochigi Prefecture



TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 701
2 June 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Our Requesting Serum

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APC 201

This is to report that we sent out request of serums under-mentioned to Domestic Animal Sanitation Laboratory of Agriculture & Forestry Ministry under the date of 2nd June.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Quantity</u>
Anthrax sedimentary serum	10c.c. (10 ampules, each containing 1c.c.)
Rapid solidifying reaction judging-liquid for white diarrhoea of chickens	100 c.c. (20 ampules, each containing 5c.c.)
Tetanus serum	2,000 c.c. (20 ampules, each containing 100c.c.)
Hog erysipelas	500 c.c. (5 ampules, each containing 100c.c.)
Vaccine for rabies	1,000 c.c. (10 ampules, each containing 100c.c.)
<hr/> Total	<hr/> 3,610 c.c.

Jukichi Kodaira
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Livestock Ind. Sec/kk-ki



TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 700
2 June 1950

SUBJECT: Equine Encephalitis Immunizations.

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201.
(Attention: Public Health Section)

We ordered the following to Kitazato Laboratory
on 27 May and received them on 28 May.

Equine encephalitis immunizations
10,000 cc



JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Chikusan-ka/to-hk



TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 669

June 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence & Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic Animals.

TO: Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201.
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Attached is the report on the above subject which has been reported to you over the phone on 1 June at 2:20 p.m.

for Akira Kamei
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture.

JK/Public Sanitation Section/By-hk



Name of Disease	Kind	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	Victims	Remarks
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed			
Rabies	Domestic dog	1	1 June	22 May		26 May	Sano	5	Owner of the dog: Sadeji Kameyama 198, Nakazuma, Hatagawa, Sano.
"	Stray dog	1	"	Unknown		28 Apr.	Ujiie Shioya- gun	1	
		Total -----	2			Accumulative total 28 (including 1 cow)			

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 685
31 May 1950SUBJECT: On Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases
for Domestic AnimalsTO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	Victims
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed		
Rabies	Stray dog	1	29 May	Unknown	-	11 May	Yokokawa-mura, Kawachi-gun	1
Total		1						

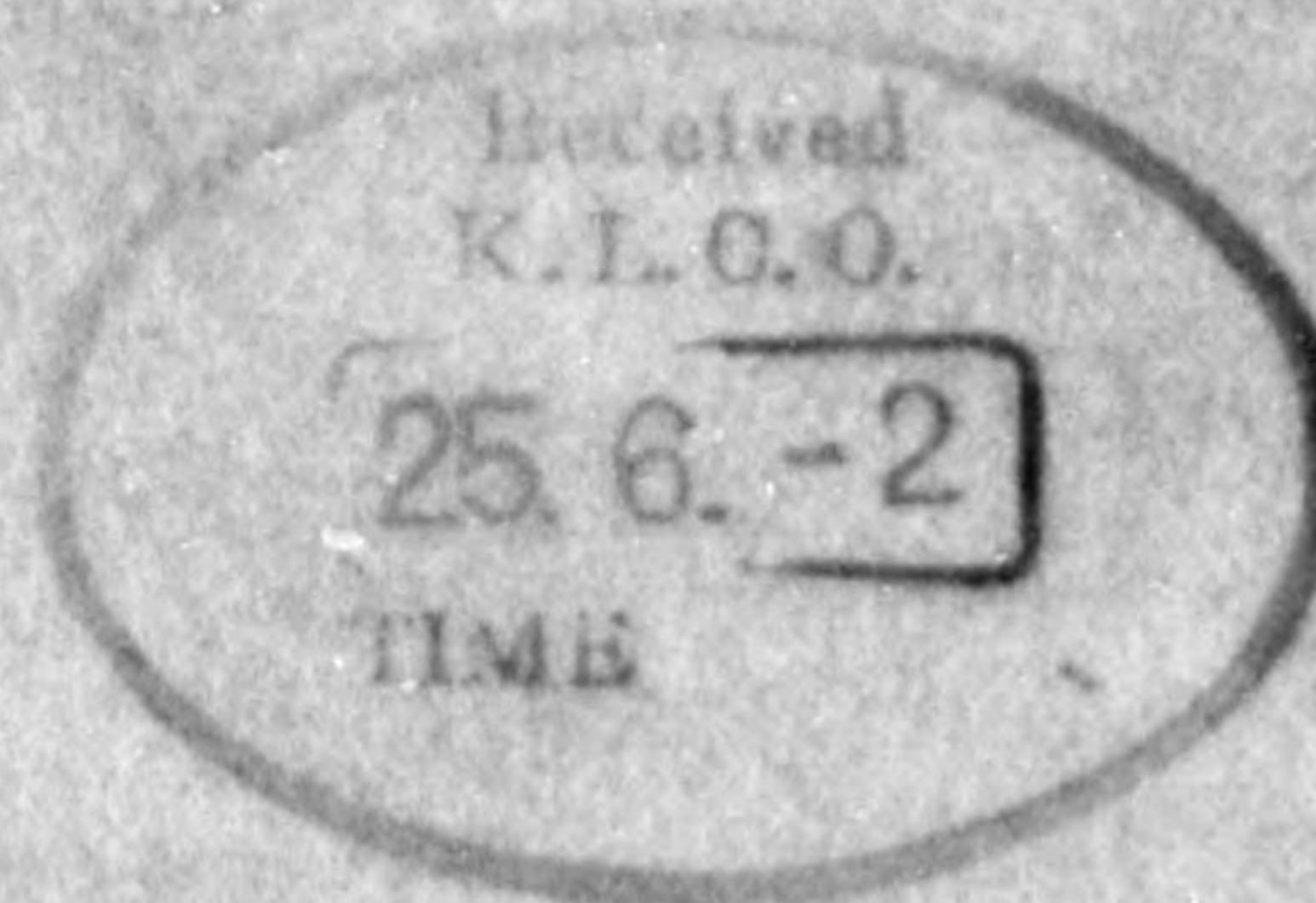
Accumulative total up to this report:

26 (1 cattle including)

Additionally remarks: The above case was reported to you
over phone on 30 May at 9:25 a.m.

for Chiro Kawai
JUKICHI KAWAII
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/cy-ki



Dr. Pegg

CP

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 665
26 May 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Communicable Disease
for Domestic Animal.

TO: Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

To confirm our telephone report to you on 26 May at 15
past 9, enclosed we are submitting the above report.

For *Jukichi Kodaira*
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/by-hk

Received
R.L.O.O.
25 5. 27
TIME

<u>Name of disease</u>	<u>Kind</u>	<u>No. occurred</u>	<u>Date decided</u>	<u>Date occurred</u>	<u>Date died</u>	<u>Date killed</u>	<u>Place occurred</u>	<u>No. of Victims</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Rabies	stray dog	1	25 May	Unknown		21 May	Utsunomiya	2	A stray dog to be found around Shimizu-cho, Utsunomiya.
*	Domestic Dog	1	25 May	11 May	22 May		Kikusawa-mura Kamitsuga-gun.	1	Owner of the domestic dog, 1902 Sando Kikusawa-mura, Kamitsuga-gun Chojiro Fukuda

Accumulative total 25
(inclusive of 1 cow)

* Additional remarks:

The above case was reported to you over the phone on 26 May, 9:15 A.M.

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 651
24 May 1950

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Communicable Disease for Domestic Animal

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

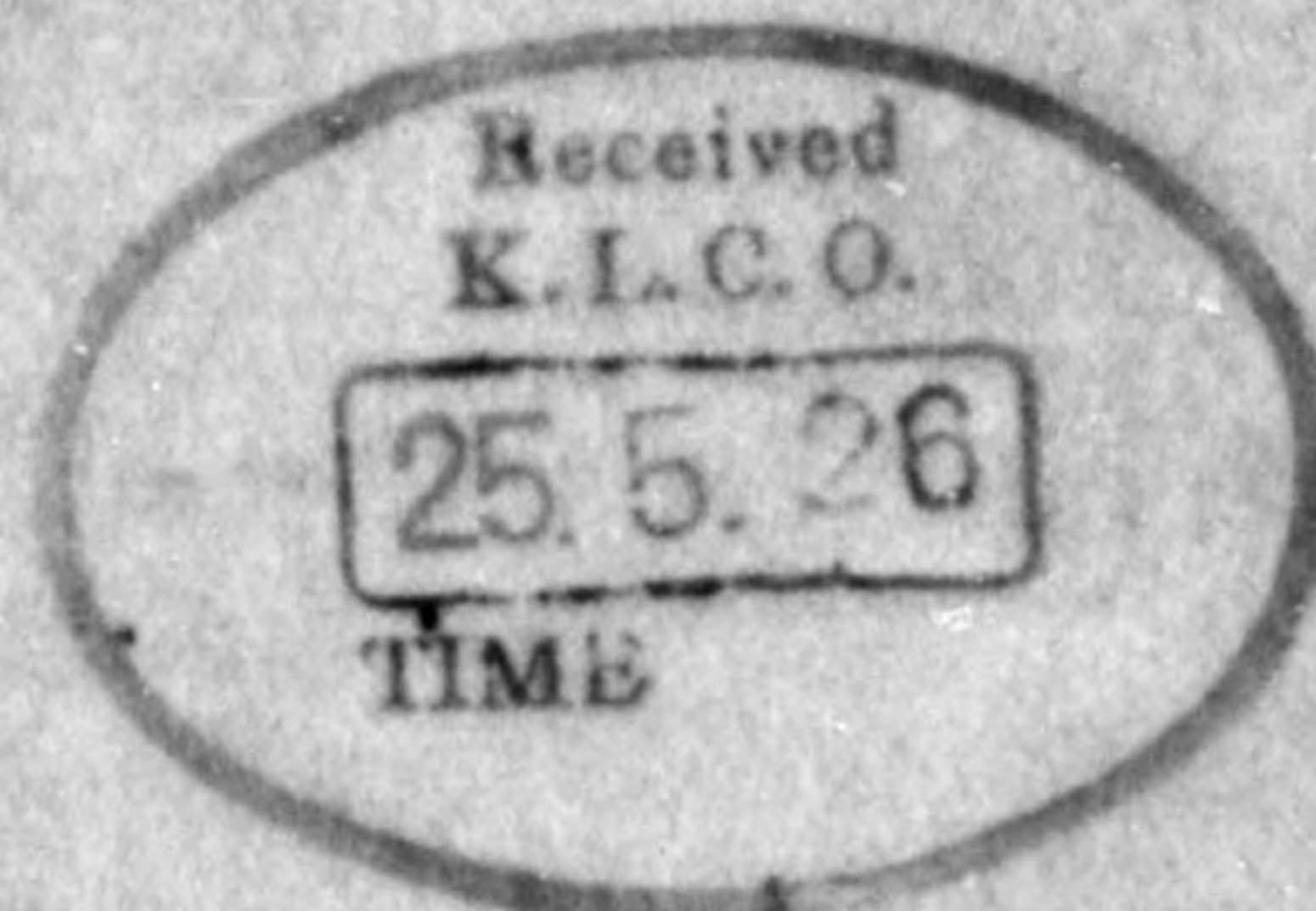
Name of Disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	Victims	Remarks
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed			
Rabies	Domestic dog, without notice	1	23 May	10 May	13 May	-	Sugatagawa-mura, Kawachi-gun	-	AOKI Kei-ichiro 1,150 Higashi-ura, Sugatagawa-mura, Kawachi-gun (Owner)
Total		1							

Accumulative total 23 (Inclusive of one meat Cow)

Additional remarks: Reported over phone on 24 May at 8:45 a.m.

J. Chino Kamei
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/cy-ki



775013

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 542
22 May 1950

SUBJECT: On Occurrence and Result of Communicable Diseases for Domestic Animals

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Att: Public Health Section)

Following is the report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	No. of victims
				Date occurred	Date died	Date Killed		
Rabies	Domestic dog, not reported of	1	18 May	6 May	14 May	-	Utsunomiya-shi	3
Total		1						

Accumulative total 22 (inclusive of 1 meat cow)

Additional remarks: The above case was reported to you over phone on 19 May 50 8:50 a.m.

Jukichi Kodaira
702 JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/cy-ki



TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. Np. 624
15 May 1950

SUBJECT: Daily Rabies Report

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is our report on the above subject.

Name of disease	Kind	Number occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	Victims
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed		
Rabies	Stray dog	1	12 May	Un-known	6 May	-	Toyosatomura, Kawachigun	5

Accumulative total up to this report: 21
(inclusive of 1 cattle)

Additionally remarks: We reported this case over phone on 12 May 16:00

for Akira Kamei
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/cy-ki



XUAP

Prevention for fearful hydrophobia

PH

Tochigi Prefecture

Let us receive preventive injection for domestic dogs without fail.

Let us keep domestic dogs on the leash during day and night.

Let us report them to the Public Office.

If we were bitten by dogs, let us report ^{it} ~~to~~ immediately to the Public Health Center or Public Office.

All of you are requested to keep cooperation with us in capturing stray dogs.

No date

狂犬 恐ろしい



保健所が役場に届けましょ

犬病の予防

飼犬は必ず

予防注射を受けまじょう

夜も晝もつないで飼いまじょう

役場え届けまじょう

犬に咬まれたら

保健所か役場に届けまじょう



けまごり

野犬の捕獲に協力して下さい

柄 木

けまごま

けまごま

けまごま



かまごま

木 縣

Tochiq

VETERINARY INFORMATION SHEET

Public Health Section, Reporting Period 1-30 April 1950

A. RABIES CONTROL

1. Number of animals (dogs) vaccinated and areas.

<u>Area</u>	<u>Number</u>
Utsunomiya Health Center	539
Kanuma Health Center	192
Moka Health Center	521
Total	1,252

2. Number of rabies cases

10

3. Number of specimens submitted to the laboratory.

16

4. Number of rabies cases diagnosed.

a. Clinically: None

b. Laboratory Confirmations: 10

5. Number of animals remaining to be vaccinated: 14,495

6. Number of stray dogs collected: 7

7. Disposition of all stray dogs

Returned 2

Killed with poison 5

8. Number of retention pens available and locations.

Pens

11

Location

every Health Center

9. Were any prevaccinated animals found to be rabid?
Give details.

1 bovine belonging to Etsuro Makino, 2879, Koganei, Kokubunji-mura, Shimotsuga-gun. Korean bovine of brown hair: age 5. Became sick on 25 April and died on 27 April. Veterinarian Kojima reported that the disease was encephalitis with much suspect of having come from rabies. Prefectural Veterinarian Shimada made on-the-spot inspection and dissected in Yakushiji-mura, sending the materials for study to Utsunomiya University on his inspection day. As the result, no sign was found for small Negli, but sign for encephalitis was found. As the result of animal test, Negli was found in the Ammon and finally determined to have been caused by rabies. Source of infection was investigated, but it became unidentified.

10. Is there sufficient vaccine available in prefecture for the rabies control programs? (Yes or No) How many c.c.?

10,000 c.c.

11. How many animals were vaccinated by private practitioners?

1,060

12. Any remarks pertinent to the rabies control program. (Detailed)

See 6 of B.

B. MEAT INSPECTION

1. What were the total number of animals slaughtered during the period covered by report?

a. Cattle (milk)	14	d. Swine	2,042
b. Cattle (work)	161	e. Sheep	
c. Horses	140	f. Goats	4

2. Number of "T.B." and "Brucellosis" reactors referred for slaughter.

None

3. What disposition was made of all T.B. reactors?

None

4. List number of diseases diagnosed on antemortem inspection.

Hard birth	2	Acute expansion	2
Broken bone	2		

5. What disposition was made on animals found to be diseased on antemortem inspection?

<u>Disease</u>	<u>Disposition</u>
Hard Birth	Deserted the inflammation part.
Broken bone and Acute expansion	

6. How many postmortem condemnations were made during this period?

a. Complete	None
b. Partial	949

7. For what conditions were condemnations made.

a. Complete	None
b. Partial	Bovine 26 Swine 902 Horse 21
c. Pathology	{ Dysthoma 16 Inflammation 4 Abnormal 2 Miscellaneous 4
Bovine	{
Swine	{ Swell 20 Another type of swell 2 Inflammation 59 Abnormal 12 Lung worms 209
Horse	{ Inflammation 6 Abnormal 2 Miscellaneous

8. What postmortem conditions (generalized or localized) were observed and passed as fit for human consumption.

<u>Pathology</u>	<u>Extent</u>
------------------	---------------

As is stated in 7, inflammation parts were deserted and other parts were left for eating use.

9. Are records kept on all postmortem findings? Yes
10. Are all carcasses properly stamped after being passed by inspectors.? Yes
11. Are inspectors always present during inspection? Yes
12. How much emergency slaughtering was one during this period and for what conditions?
- 18 (bovine---could not help them because of accident: 1, acute swell: 2, Ox -- 1 injured, Pig -- 4 injured, horse-- 10 injured and 2 hard birth)
13. How much slaughtered meats is diverted to meat processing plants?
- Pig 3,573 kg horse 1,500 kg bovine 1,608 kg
goat 31 kg rabbit 88 kg
14. What type or types of processed meats are manufactured in the processing plant.
- boneless ham, pressed ham, bacon, sausage.
15. What quality controls are maintained on processed meats?
- We control them in line with the Food Sanitation Law.
16. How many samples were collected during this period and what was laboratory findings?
- None
17. Is there any evidence of fraudulent activities in meat processing plants? (Detailed)
- None
18. Give detailed report as to anticipated programs and completed programs in reference to meat plant sanitation.
- None
19. Is there a detailed list of all formulas used in sausage meats available at the prefectural office?
- None

C. DAIRIES AND MILK PROCESSING PLANTS

1. What is the volume of milk being processed in prefec-
tural plants?

a. Pasteurized
 Low temperature 77,992 L
 High temperature 120,186 L

b. Condensed 9,938 kg

c. Butter 172 kg

d. Powdered None

e. Recombined None

f. Cheese None

g. Others None

2. What is volume of raw milk produced for consumption as
such?

None

3. What is the result of bacterial analysis for this
period (platecount)? Use attached sheet for raw,
pasteurized and processed milk. Also give Colliform
index in each case.

None

4. Is the "Phosphatase Test used on pasteurized milk?
Give details.

None

5. Is there evidence of mastitis as demonstrated by
cultural analysis? (Detailed)

None

6. Give results of bacterial analysis performed on
dairy utensils. How often is this accomplished?

None

7. Discuss in detail programs of improvement in the handling of milk and equipment.

Many plants used rubber tube instead of filling apparatus of glass. Instructed them to use the latter apparatus.

D. SEAFOOD PROCESSING

1. What was the tonnage of sea food shipped into the prefecture

Fresh fish	1,400 ton
Salted fish	340 fish
Dried fish	

2. Discuss in detail all conveyances used in shipment as to sanitation and refrigeration.

Adequate guidance at shipping places was ~~realized~~ ^{NEEDED} in using strong boxes for carrying use, thorough freezing and dust prevention method where they are using sheets.

3. List the prefectures giving the most trouble in the shipment of sea-foods and in what respect?

None

4. What improvements have been made in the large fish markets?

Setup of fish putting stool and improvement in drainage at Yaita Market.

Improvement of waste water pool at Utsunomiya Market

Improvement of doors and wire screen for latrine at Karasuyama Market

Setup of fish putting stool, setup of water supply tank and improvement of latrine at Imaichi Market

Preparation for cover on the waste box.

5. How many samples were submitted to the laboratory for analysis?

Raw fish None Processed fish None

6. Are fish canning factories maintaining adequate sanitary standards? (Discuss)

No facilities for canning

7. What improvements have been made in seafood processing plants during this period?

Improvement was found in sanitary equipment and cleaning of shops.

8. Discuss storage facilities for sea-foods - both processed and raw.

None

E. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. What training programs were accomplished for prefectural veterinarians (P.H.)?

Despatched 1 veterinarian to the reeducation course for veterinarians^{course} being sponsored by the Public Health Board. 3 technicians newly employed have been dispatched for a week as apprentices in the Veterinary Course of the Public Health Board respectively at Shibaura Slaughter House, Tokyo, Tsukiji Fish Market, Tokyo and Suginami HC, Tokyo.

2. What educational programs were conducted for processors of food stuff?

None

3. Discuss cold storage and refrigeration plants from the standpoint of sanitation and storage capacity.

None

4. What licensing procedures are followed in the licensing of new food processing establishments? How many such plants have been licensed? How many plants have had licenses revoked and for what reasons?

Approval is being given by virtue of the Foods Sanitation Law and its bylaws.

No approval given to plant.

No cancellation of approval given to plant.

5. Discuss present methods of transporting slaughtered carcasses raw milk, etc. and outline trends toward improvement.

Realized the necessity of prevention of contamination and speedy transportation.

6. Discuss any other problems relevant to veterinary (P.H.) problems.

None

Signed

Kunio Ijima

Veterinary Division
Tochigi-ken

SP

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 448
24 April, 1950

SUBJECT: Daily Rabies Report

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

This is to report to you on the above subject as follows.

Name of disease	Kind of animal	No. occurred	Date decided	Result			Place occurred	Victim
				Date taken ill	Date died	Date killed		
Rabies	Domestic dog	1	21 Apr 11	12 Apr.	15 Apr.	-	Yokokawa-mura, Kawachi-gun	None
"	Stray dog	1	19 April	Un-known	30 Mar.	-	Utsunomiya-shi	1
Total		2						

Remarks: The above cases were decided by means of pathological test.

Accumulative total up to this report:

15 (inclusive of 1 cattle)

Jukichi Kodaira
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Sect/cy-ki

Received
K.L.C.O.
25 4 25
TIME

HEADQUARTERS
KANTO CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 500

CEP/ah

KPH 728

12 May 1950

MEMORANDUM THRU: Kanto Liaison and Coordination Office

FOR: The Governor
Tochigi Prefecture

SUBJECT: Rabies Control

1. The rabies control program in your prefecture does not reflect maximum efforts on the part of responsible prefectural agencies; moreover, Articles 15, 16 and 17 of "The Law Concerning The Prevention of Infectious Diseases of Domestic Animals" is not being properly implemented.

2. According to statistics received from the Ministry of Welfare for the period of 1 January - 29 April 1950, there have been 8,672 dogs vaccinated, 39 human exposures, 2 human deaths, 17 rabies cases and 45,000 cc of vaccine received by your prefecture.

3. Inasmuch as the rabies control program is of major importance during this period, it is desired that you take immediate action toward the control of rabies by:

- a. Vaccination of all dogs.
- b. Collection and detention of all stray dogs with proper disposal at the expiration of the detention period.
- c. Establishing an adequate propaganda program to include radio, newspapers, posters and any other medium desirable.

4. It is desired that your office report progress on the rabies control program to this office through your Liaison Section each Tuesday and Thursday with reference to paragraph 3, this letter.

~~BY ORDER OF COLONEL DAYTON:~~

For the Chief.

GEO. B. NIBLOCK Jr.
Major, Infantry
Adjutant

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

URGENT

Ref. No. 454
25 April 1950

SUBJECT: One Abolition of Dog Tax

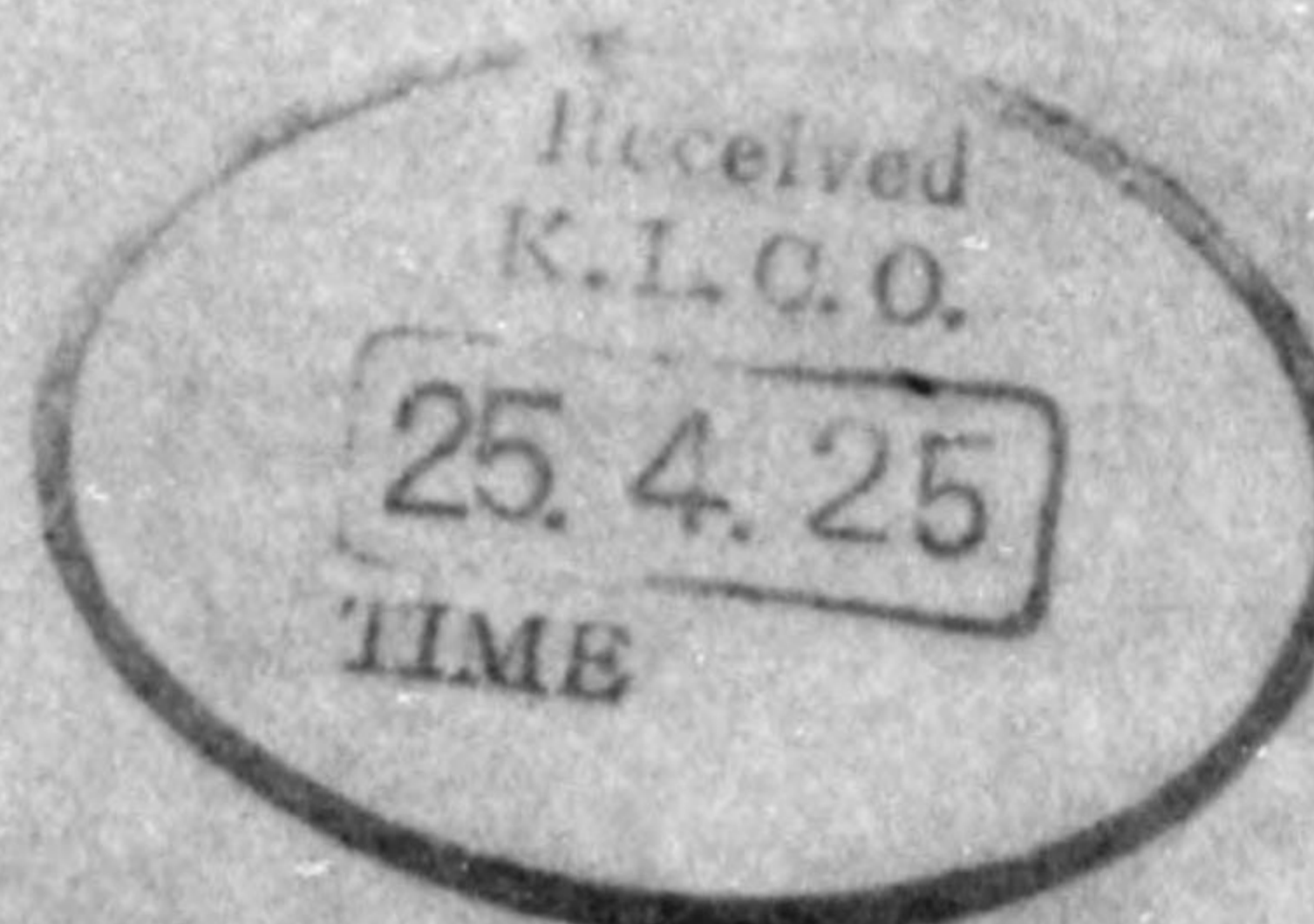
TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Legal and Government Section)

On the above subject we submitted the report to you by our letter Ref. No. 368 dated 30 March 1950, subject, "Procedure taken along with Abolition of Dog Tax suggested by KCAR". After submitting the above report, we were informed of the actions taken by cities, towns and villages, which are specified in the attached sheets.

This report is submitted in accordance with the request by Mr. Kijima of Public Sanitation Section, KCAR, who came to this office on 22 April 1950.

For
JUKICHI KODAMA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Chiho-ka/to-kt



Actions taken by Cities, Towns and Villages on Dog TaxTochigi Pref. Local
Administration Section

On the advice, every city, town and village was first going to decide its policy to abolish the dog tax, but the notification concerning "Procedure for lessening Dog Tax" being issued from the Local Autonomy Board as reported by our previous report, the cities, towns and villages where the current dog tax was 200 to 300 YEN seemed to turn the course to continue the tax. On this occasion, we gave the cities, towns and villages the advice to abolish the dog tax, if circumstances permit, along with the KCAR advice, and the dog tax was abolished in the following 48 cities, towns and villages. We also issued the notification that in accordance with the Local Autonomy Board's notification the dog tax should be less than 300 YEN in the cities, towns and villages which are going to impose the dog tax for 1950 fiscal year, and these cities, towns and villages lessened the dog tax to less than 300 YEN.

The dog tax for 1950 fiscal year is not collected yet, as we notified that the collection of the dog tax should be postponed until enforcement of the revised Local Taxation Law.

Name of Cities, Towns and Villages
which abolished the Dog TaxHaga-gun

Moka-machi, Ouchi-mura, Motegi-machi, Kogai-mura,
Ichihane-mura & Minami-Takanezawa-mura.

Shioka-gun

Yaita-machi, Izumi-mura, Hokine-mura, Shiobara-machi,
Funiyu-mura, Tamanyu-mura, Omiya-mura, Ujiie-machi,
Akutsu-mura, Kita-takanezawa-mura, Niita-mura,
Kitsuregawa-machi & Kataoka-mura.

Aso-gun

Tanuma-machi, Miyoshi-mura, Kuzuu-machi, Tokiwa-
mura, Himuro-mura, Nogami-mura, Hikoma-mura,
Shingo-mura & Akami-machi.

Ashikaga-gun

Keno-mura, Tomita-mura, Azuma-mura, Kitago-mura,
Nagusa-mura, Mie-mura, Yamamae-mura, Miwa-mura,
Hajika-machi, Omate-machi, Hishi-mura, Yanada-mura,
Kuno-mura, Tsukuba-mura, Mikuriya-machi, Yamabe-
machi & Ashio-machi.

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 411
10 April 1950SUBJECT: Estimated Quantity of Preventive Liquid Medicine
Required for RabiesTO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Sanitation Section)

In compliance with your memorandum dated 30 March 1950,
we have ordered preventive liquid medicine for rabies (to be used
for dog's body) as mentioned below.

1. Receiver of order: Japan Medicines Industrial Co. Ltd.
2. Date: Ordered on 7 April 1950
3. Quantity required:

	<u>April</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>
Estimated quantity required	10,000 c.c.	10,000 c.c.	10,000 c.c.

Remarks: As for the quantity after June, we will report to
you by the end of May '50.

Jukichi Kodaira
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor, Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Koshu-Eisei-ka/cy-ki



775013

Tochigi Prefectural Office
of
~~Imperial~~ Japanese Government
Utsunomiya City, Tochigi Pref.

SP

Ref. No. 368
3/4 March, 1950

SUBJECT: Procedure taken along with Abolition
of Dog Tax suggested by KCAR

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Legal and Government Section)

Submitted herein enclosed is on the
above subject.

702 *Takao Kodaira*
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Chiho-ka/tt-kt

Received
K.L.C.O.
25.4.-1
TIME

Procedure taken along with Abolition of the
Dog Tax suggested by KCAR

Local Administration Section,
General Affairs Department,
Tochigi Prefecture

With reference to the Dog Tax which is involved in the provision for rabies prevention, we hastened to notify to cities, towns and villages in our jurisdiction per CHI-490 of 21 March 50 under the name of the Director, General Affairs Department of Tochigi Prefecture, directing them to abolish the Dog Tax as of the end of 1949 budget year.

Prior to that, however, we explained about the purpose of abolition of the tax either in the conference for deputy chiefs of local Gun-District Offices on 10 March 50 or in the conference for deputy chiefs of the five cities on 11 March 50. Following that, we showed the applicable regulations of bylaws in connection with necessary procedure to be taken in parallel with revision bill for Local Tax in the conference convened on 22 March 50 for the deputy chiefs and the Taxation Section Chiefs of the Gun-District Offices and the Five Municipalities.

Under such circumstances it is presumed that every city, town and village office are under the way of preparation respectively along with revision program of their bylaws. As for results grown out of their action, it is still unidentified, because of some of their Assemblies being still in session.

On receiving the notification on 17 March 50 from the Director of the Finance Department of the Local Autonomy Board per HATSU-ZAI-152 subject: On Procedure Lessening the Dog Tax Burden of the Non-Legal Independent Tax, we transmitted it to each city, town and village in the name of the Director of General Affairs Department of Tochigi Prefecture per CHI-547 of 29 March 50 to the effect that in case where the Dog Tax would remain effective also in 1950 budget year, the maximum assessment of it must be ¥300 per dog per year. Under the circumstance it is presumed that some of the cities, towns and villages may still have the same tax also in 1950 budget year. On completing our check on this, report will be submitted quickly.

Following is the number of cities, towns and villages where the Dog Tax has been collected during 1949 budget year.

1. Kawachi-gun
20 towns and villages out of 21 in all
have been collecting the Dog Tax
2. Kamitsuga-gun
21 out of 22 in all
3. Haga-gun
Only 1 out of 20 in all
4. Shimotsuga-gun
29 out of 34 in all
5. Shioya-gun
13 out of 13 in all
6. Nasu-gun
20 out of 20 in all
7. Minami-Nasu-gun
11 out of 11 in all
8. Aso-gun
9 out of 9 in all
9. Ashikaga-gun
14 out of 17 in all
10. Utsunomiya-shi (has the dog tax)
11. Ashikaga-shi (has the dog tax)
12. Tochigi-shi (")
13. Sano-shi (")
14. Kanuma-shi (")

Total; 143 cities, towns and villages out of 173 in all in Tochigi Prefecture have been collecting the Dog Tax during 1949 budget year.

Tochigi Prefectural Office
of
~~Yamaguchi~~ Japanese Government
Utsunomiya City, Tochigi Pref.

Ref. No. 327
22 August, 1950

SUBJECT: Outbreak of Epidemics of Domestic Animal (Rabies)
and its Death

TO : Dr. Pegg,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201

This is the report on the above subject as follows.

Name of disease: Rabies

Kind of animal: Dog, domestic

Number occurred: One

Date decided: 20th March '50

Result: Taken ill on 21st Feb.
Died on 27th Feb.
Date slaughtered: Unknown

Place occurred: Utsunomiya city

Victims: None

Remarks: According to the Pathological Investigation

(Total ----- 1 Accumulative Total ----- 6)

Jukichi Kodaira
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Livestock Section/by-ki



VETERINARY INFORMATION SHEET

KCAR PH No. *SP*Public Health Section: Public Sanitation Section, Sanitation Dep't,
Tochigi Prefecture

Period: 1 March to 31 March, 1950

A. RABIES CONTROL

1. Number of animals (dogs) vaccinated and areas.

<u>Area</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>No.</u>
In the jurisdiction of <u>Utsunomiya</u> Health Center	2,791	In the jurisdiction of <u>Ashikaga</u> Health Center	172
In the jurisdiction of <u>Yaita</u> Health Center	83	In the jurisdiction of <u>Oyama</u> Health Center	307
In the jurisdiction of <u>Kanuma</u> Health Center	74	In the jurisdiction of <u>Otawara</u> Health Center	606
In the jurisdiction of <u>Imaichi</u> Health Center	39	Totals	4,072

2. Number of rabies cases: 3

3. Number of specimens submitted to the laboratory: 4

4. Number of rabies cases diagnosed.

a. Clinically: None b. Laboratory Confirmations: 3

5. Number of animals remaining to be vaccinated: 10,781

6. Number of stray dogs collected: 603

7. Disposition of all stray dogs: Returned to breeder---- 372
Killed by medicine -----231

8. Number of retention pens available and locations.

Pens ---- 11 Location---- Each health center

9. Were any prevaccinated animals found to be rabid-
Give details.Three dogs of rabies taken place in this month are all of
without notice and one of them is a stray dog.10. Is there sufficient vaccine available in prefecture for the
rabies control programs? (Yes or No) How many c.c.?

2,000 c.c.

SP

VETERINARY INFORMATION SHEET

KCAR PH No. 8

Public Health Section: Public Sanitation Section, Sanitation Dep't,
Tochigi Prefecture
Period: 1 March to 31 March, 1950

A. RABIES CONTROL

1. Number of animals (dogs) vaccinated and areas.

<u>Area</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>No.</u>
In the jurisdiction of <u>Utsunomiya</u> Health Center	2,791	In the jurisdiction of <u>Ashikaga</u> Health Center	172
In the jurisdiction of <u>Yaita</u> Health Center	83	In the jurisdiction of <u>Oyama</u> Health Center	307
In the jurisdiction of <u>Kanuma</u> Health Center	74	In the jurisdiction of <u>Otawara</u> Health Center	606
In the jurisdiction of <u>Imaichi</u> Health Center	39	Total	4,072

2. Number of rabies cases: 3

3. Number of specimens submitted to the laboratory: 4

4. Number of rabies cases diagnosed.

a. Clinically: None b. Laboratory Confirmations: 3

5. Number of animals remaining to be vaccinated: 10,791

6. Number of stray dogs collected: 603

7. Disposition of all stray dogs: Returned to breeder---- 372
Killed by medicine -----231

8. Number of retention pens available and locations.

Pens ---- 11 Location---- Each health center

9. Were any prevaccinated animals found to be rabid-
Give details.

Three dogs of rabies taken place in this month are all of
without notice and one of them is a stray dog.

10. Is there sufficient vaccine available in prefecture for the
rabies control programs? (Yes or No) How many c.c.?

2,000 c.c.

11. How many animals were vaccinated by private practitioners?

928

12. Any remarks pertinent to the rabies control program. (Detailed)

Rabies control program for this fiscal year was decided to carry out vaccination with wholesale cooperation of practitioners keeping close connection with Tochigi Veterinarian Association.

B. MEAT INSPECTION.

1. What were the total number of animals slaughtered during period covered by report?

a. Cattle (milk)	25	d. Swine	2,475
b. Cattle (work)	192	e. Sheep	2867
c. Horses	167	f. Goats	1
	386		

2. Number of "T.B." and "Brucellosis" reactors referred for slaughter.

T.B.: 1 Brucellosis: None

3. What disposition was made of all T. B. reactors?

See the attached sheet. As for slaughter house, tools and others were completely disinfected.
The meat was used as meal.

4. List number of diseases diagnosed on antemortem inspection.

17

5. What disposition was made on animals found to be diseased on antemortem inspection:

Disease	Disposition
Backbone fracture ----- 1	Communicable anaemia ---
Lumber vertebra fracture-8	Entirely cast aside
Cervical vertebrae fracture ----- 1	T. B. ---- Passed as food
Thigh bone fracture ---- 2	Defficult delivery -----
Acute tympanites ----- 2	Stomach and intestines were cast aside
T. B. ----- 1	Others --- Inflamed part was cast aside.
Communicable anaemia --- 1	
Defficult delivery ----- 1	

14. What type or types of processed meats are manufactured in the processing plants?

Boneless ham, Press ham, Bacon, Sausage

15. What quality controls are maintained on processed meats?

Controls are maintained basing upon the Provisions Sanitation Law.

16. How many samples were collected during this period and what was laboratory findings?

None

17. Is there any evidence of fraudulent activities in meat processing plants? (Detailed)

None

18. Give detailed report as to anticipated programs and completed programs in reference to meat plant sanitation.

None

19. Is there a detailed list of all formulas used in sausage meats available at the prefectural office?

None

C. DAIRIES AND MILK PROCESSING PLANTS

1. What is the volume of milk being processed in prefectural plants?

a. Pasteurized	75.159 l.	d. Powdered	None
High temperature		e. Recombined	None
	162.470 l.	f. Cheese	None
b. Condensed	10.627 kg.		
c. Butter	263 kg.	Others	None

2. What is volume of raw milk produced for consumption as such?

None

3. What is the result of bacterial analysis for this period (platecount)? Use attached sheet for raw, pasteurized and processed milk. Also give Coliform index in each case.

None

4. Is the "Phosphatase Test" used on pasteurized milk? Give details.

None

5. Is there evidence of mastitis as demonstrated by cultural analysis? (Detailed)

None

6. Give results of bacterial analysis performed on dairy utensils. How often is this accomplished?

None

7. Discuss in detail programs of improvement in the handling of milk and equipment.

As Tochigi Pref. Milk Plant Association has been organized, a preliminary meeting was held on 24 April in order to hold a Short Course Training for the handling of milk and equipment, at Utsunomiya during May, the dealers of milk handling being its target.

D. SEAFOOD PROCESSING

1. What was the tonage of sea food shipped into the prefecture.

Fresh fish -----	258 ton
Refrigerated fish -----	80 ton
Processed good (salted) -----	12 ton
Processed sea-foods -----	65 ton

415

2. Discuss in detail all conveyances used in shipment as to sanitation and refrigeration.

This prefecture is being situated in the distant place from the shipping districts, a perfect refrigeration or the use of abundant quantity of ice is required in its conveyance. So it may be ideal of refrigerating car is available.

3. List the prefectures giving the most trouble in the shipment of sea-foods and in what respect?

The main prefectures from where sea-foods are imported are Miyagi Pref. and Kanagawa Pref, but there is no special trouble in its shipment.

4. What improvements have been made in the large fish markets?

No special improvements were made.

5. How many samples were submitted to the laboratory for analysis?

Raw fish ----- None Processed fish ----- None

6. Are fish canning factories maintaining adequate sanitary standards? (Discuss)

No facilities of plants applicable

7. What improvements have been made in seafood processing plants during this period?

They have been making efforts in the improvement of sanitary equipments in each market since previous month.

8. Discuss storage facilities for sea-foods-both processed and raw.

It is so important to have refrigerating plants that we are making stress on the guidance of sanitary storage.

8
CP

VETERINARY INFORMATION SHEET

KCAR PH No. 8

Public Health Section, Sanitation Dept., Tochigi Prefecture
 Period 1 February to 28 February 1950

A. RABIES CONTROL

1. Number of animals (dogs) vaccinated and areas

<u>Area</u>	<u>Number</u>
Utsunomiya Health Center	477
Ashikaga Health Center	329
Imaichi Health Center	648
Yaita Health Center	13
Total	1,937

2. Number of rabies cases: 3

3. Number of specimens submitted to the laboratory: 8

4. Number of rabies cases diagnosed:

a. Clinically: None b. Laboratory Confirmations: 3

5. Number of animals remaining to be vaccinated:

6. Number of stray dogs collected: 233

7. Disposition of all stray dogs:

Released ----- 147
 Killed by pharmacon ---- 86

8. Number of retention pens available and locations.

<u>Pens</u>	<u>Location</u>
11	In each health center

9. Were any prevaccinated animals found to be rabid?

3 rabids detected in Utsunomiya Health Center area were not prevaccinated.
 Owners of one of the three ~~were~~ found **LATER**.

10. Is there sufficient vaccine available in prefecture for the rabies control programs?

Yes 4,300 c.c.

11. How many animals were vaccinated by private practitioners?

43

12. Any remarks pertinent to the rabies control program.

(1) We have been putting on notification about sweeping over of stray dogs. So far we are releasing stray dogs if their owners be found and if the owners pledge the promise of chaining their dog. However, in the light that many of them do not keep the promise, we like to forbid them from keeping dog if the situation come to bad nature.

(2) Independent preventive method is wishfully needed.

(3) We like to have the ration of gasoline which is for sweeping over the astray dogs.

B. MEAT INSPECTION.

1. What were the total number of animals slaughtered during the period covered by report?

(1) Cattle (milk)	20	(4) Swine	2,486
(2) Cattle (work)	236	(5) Sheep	None
(3) Horses	256	(6) Goats	2

2. Number of "T.B." and "Brucellosis" reactors referred for slaughter.

None

3. What disposition was made of all T.B. reactors?

None

4. List number of diseases diagnosed on antemortem inspection.

Name of diseases: Hernia-Ingina ---1, } 2
 Acclinomycosis ---1 }

5. What disposition was made on animals found to be diseased on antemortem inspection:

<u>Disease</u>	<u>Disposition</u>
Acclinomycosis (down chin)	Deserted the head
Hernia-Ingina	Deserted 3 meters of empty intestine.

6. How many postmortem condemnations were made during this period?

(1) Complete condemnations: None
 (2) Partial condemnations: 942

7. For what conditions were condemnations made?

<u>Complete</u>	<u>Partial</u>	<u>Pathology</u>	
None	Cattle: 31	Cattle	Distoma----- 18
	Swine : 894		Inflammation ----- 8
	Horse : 17		Miscellaneous ----- 5
		Swine	Eruptive swell ----- 5
			Swell ----- 1
			Distoma ----- 2
			Inflammation ----- 34
			Degeneration ----- 15
		Horse	Parasites in lungs -----837
			Inflammation ----- 9
			Miscellaneous ----- 8

8. What postmortem conditions (generalized or localized) were observed and passed and passed as fit for human consumption.

Parts of inflammation and changed parts from the disease changed parts from the disease were deserted. Other parts were passed as edible meat in the examination.

9. Are records kept on all postmortem findings?

Yes

10. Are all carcasses properly stamped after being passed by inspectors.

Yes

11. Are inspectors always present during inspection?

Yes

12. How much emergency slaughtering was done during this period and for what conditions?

Bovine ----- 8	{	Acute swelling ----- 7
		Hard baby-bearing----- 1
Horse ----- 9	{	Waist spine broken ----- 7
		Broken joint bone of Right limb----- 1
		Broken waist bone ----- 1

13. How much slaughtered meats is diverted to meat processing plants?

Swine -----	50 kgs
Bovine -----	120 kgs
Horse -----	50 kgs
Rabbit -----	100 kgs

14. What type or types of processed meats are manufactured in the processing plants?

- Boneless Ham
- Pressed ham
- Becon
- Sausage

15. What quality controls are maintained on processed meats?

- Mixed hqm (Mixed meat of bovine, ^{with} horse, 15%, Swine 30%, Rabbit meat 50%)
- Sausage (Mixed meat of horse ^{with} and bovine 10%, Swine meat 20%, Rabbit meat 70%)

16. How many samples were collected during this period and what was laboratory findings?

None

17. Is there any evidence of fraudulent activities in meat processing plants?

None

18. Give detailed report as to anticipated programs and completed programs in reference to meat plant sanitation.

As a means of supervision and guidance we are using the Sanitary Inspection Appraisal Card.

19. Is there a detailed list of all formulas used in sausage meats available at the prefectural office?

We depends on the Food Sanitation Law.

C. DAIRIES AND MILK PROCESSING PLANTS

1. What is the volume of milk being processed in prefectural plants?

- (1) Pasteurized ----- 175159 l
 (high temperature) --- 162470 l
- (2) Condensed ----- 10.627 kg
- (3) Butter ----- 263 kg
- (4) Powdered ----- None
- (5) Recombined ----- None
- (6) Cheese ----- None

2. Others ----- None

2. What is volume of raw milk produced for consumption as such?

None

3. What is the result of bacterial analysis for this period (platecount)?
Use attached sheet for raw, pasteurized and processed milm.
 Also give Coliform index in each case.

None

4. Is the "Phosphatase Test" used on pasteurized milk?
Give details.

None

5. Is their evidence of mastitis as demonstrated by cultural analysis?

None

6. Give results of bacterial analysis performed on dairy utensils.
How often is this accomplished?

None

7. Discuss in detail programs of improvement in the handling of milk and equipments.

General meeting for establishment of the Tochigi-ken Milk Plant Association is scheduled to be opened at early part of April as the unified body of the dairy industry people. As soon as the date will be decided further report will be submitted. The purpose of the association will be

- (1) improvement of the sanitary thought
- (2) improvement of milk quality
- (3) improvement of dairy facilities
- (4) investigation and study for improvement of dairy industry and
- (5) miscellaneous

In the new fiscal year, examination of the breast will be conducted.

D. SEAFOOD PROCESSING

1. What was the tonnage of sea food shipped into the prefecture?

Fresh fish 299 tons
Processed fish 9 tons

2. Discuss in detail all conveyances used in shipment as to sanitation and refrigeration.

At a time when it is growing warmer, it is desirable that the marine products will be shipped in thoroughly frozen condition or will be shipped together with enough quantity of ice.

3. List the prefectures giving the most trouble in the shipment of sea-foods and in what respect?

Principal sources from where we take the marine products are Miyagi and Kanagawa Prefecture. Many brokeⁿ containers which cause shortage of contents are used.

4. What improvements have been made in the large fish markets?

We directed the Kanto Marine Products Receiving Agency to improve the following points:

- (1) to take enough light by fixing the window of 3 shaku by 6 shaku, exclusive of the ceiling under the window.
- (2) to set up

- (2) to set up more city water facilities and to furnish two more tables which are for putting fish.
- (3) to set up a shed which is for putting waste fish in
- (4) to complete anti-fly equipment.
- (5) Adequate setup of anti-fly and washing-hand equipment.
- (6) Two additional electric light.

55. How many samples were submitted to the laboratory for analysis?

Fresh fish----- 2 cases
 Processed fish ----- 2 cases

6. Are fish canning factories maintaining adequate sanitary standards? (Discuss)

No facilities in this prefecture for canned goods industry.

7. What improvements have been made in seafood processing plants during this period?

a. For Kanuma Receiving Agency

- (1) Reflooring
- (2) Ample supply of water
- (3) Improvement of the table on which fish is put on.
- (4) Permanent preparation for waste container.

b. For Imaichi Receiving Agency

- (1) Additional sodding for the ground in the agency.

c. For Tochigi Receiving Agency

- (1) Setup of waste container (barrel)
- (2) Cement pavement on the ground nearby the waste container.

88. Discuss storage facilities for sea-foods-both processed and raw.

In the light that this is no sea prefecture and consequently sources of the marine products are far away, we intend to implement the refrigeration facilities strongly.

E. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. What training programs were accomplished for prefectural veterinarians (P.H.)?

- (1) One officer has been dispatched to the veterinary training course for the Public Health Service.
- (2) Two newly employed officers were dispatched to inspect the Shibaura Butchery House and the Tsukiji Sea-food Receiving Agency in Tokyo.

2. What educational programs were conducted for processors of food stuff?

None

3. Discuss cold storage and refrigeration plants from the standpoint of sanitation and storage capacity.

Sanitary refrigeration plant for perishable sea-food is a very important matter, but some of the plants are pretty unsanitary. Efforts are being exercised for keeping sanitary refrigeration.

4. What licensing procedures are followed in the licensing of new food processing establishment? How many such plants have been licensed? How many plants have had licenses revoked and for what reasons?

(1) Licensing procedures depend on the Food Sanitation Law and the Standard Facilities stipulated in the Prefectural Detailed Regulations of the same law. The application shall be received by the Health Centers which shall transmit it to the Prefecture through their examination and appraisal. The Prefecture will grant the approval of which the effective year will be limited.

(2) Number of plants licensed during February.
1 for KAMABOKO or fish-paste manufacturing
1 for meat sales shop
1 for milk processing plant

(3) No case revoked.

5. Discuss present methods of transporting slaughtered carcasses, raw milk, etc. and outline trends toward improvement.

(1) Priority has been put on prevention of contamination on transporting slaughtered carcasses.

(2) The raw milk needs the quick transportation and ~~also~~ HATES contamination.
In this sense, adequate supply of gasoline is desired.

6. Discuss any other problems relevant to veterinary (P.H.) problems.

(1) It is desired that an independent or exclusive law on rabid prevention will be instituted.

(2) Efforts should be made toward the Ministry of Welfare so that the subsidy system from the national treasury, as is stipulated in the Epidemic Prevention Law for Livestock, may be applied also to the rabid prevention matter.

Signed Kunio Izumi
Veterinary Division
Tochigi-ken

Program

- (1) Monthly conference for veterinarians for public health will be held on every 5th day of the month.
- (2) Training course for the butchery inspectors will be held and lecturer from Tokyo will explain about practical inspection of butchery.
- (3) Each butchery inspector will carry out education and training for butchery practitioners. See the separate principle for the program.
- (4) Rabid prevention lecture will be held for primary schools and middle schools.
- (5) Training course for dairy practice will be held.
- (6) Establishment of the Milk Industrial Peoples Association.

Principle of Education and Training
for the Butchery House Workers (Draft)

Purpose

In deepening the recognition that the butchery house workers bear important responsibility for the sanitation in the slaughter houses and the butchery practice, it is purported that their attention will contribute to improvement and development of the sanitation on meat for food.

Practical object.

Necessary education and training will be given to the workers who are directly interested in the practice of work in slaughter house or of handling of the slaughtered carcasses and their meat with the object of attaining far-reaching sanitary handling on slaughter houses, slaughtered carcasses and their meat.

Specific practice.

A. Immediate education will be given to the present workers in slaughter houses according to the following plan.

(a) The education will be carried out preferably ahead of the working time of every working day in line with the schedule based on the ~~course~~ of (c)

~~SCHEDULE~~

(b) Location: at every slaughter house.

(c) Education course.

(1) Summary of the control on slaughter houses and slaughter carcasses.

(2) Summary of construction for slaughter houses and equipments and facilities for the houses.

(3) Maintenance method of slaughter houses.

(4) Signs of common livestock diseases.

(5) Handling of slaughter ^{ed} carcasses, meat and _A intestines.

(6) Method of disinfection.

(7) Handling of waste.

(8) Special knowledge on the diseases commonly found among both of human being and animals.

(9) Other necessary items.

Adequate practice will be added to the above course.

(d) Lecturer: Butchery inspectors

B. For the slaughter and butchery house workers newly participating in the course, the dates for the same education and training will be set as previously as possible.

C. Sporadic education and training will be carried out even at other time to cope with the situation where the diseases occur on livestock.

Tochigi Prefectural Office
of
~~Imperial~~ Japanese Government
Utsunomiya City, Tochigi Pref.

Ref. No. 309
17 March 1950

SUBJECT: Disposition towards Advice of Emphasizing
Supervision over Domestic Animals
Concerning Counter-measures for Rabies Cases.

TO: Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attention: Public Health Section)

With reference to the above subject, we received your letter Kan-Rengo No. 104 dated 8 March '50, and we have set up the following disposition for the same.

A. On survey for correct number of domestic dogs at present.

Although we have exerted ourselves every possible effort in getting correct number of domestic dogs hithertofore, we further requested each city, town & village mayor, through the encouragement of each Health Center Chief in this prefecture, basing on the principle of your present advice for strengthening of domestic dog registration promulgated in the Tochigi Pref. Domestic Dog & Stray Dog Control Regulation.

B. On taxation for domestic dogs.

In case of imposing this tax or the rate of tax is too high, there may be many obstacles on survey of the number of domestic dogs and thorough enforcement of preventive injection will meet with not a little inconveniences in connection with prevention of rabies cases. Therefore, it is rather preferable to make abolition of this very tax. But considering the fact that this tax is the independent one, non-regulated, to be established by each city, town & village mayor at his own will, we conveyed the principle of your advice to each city, town & village mayor in the prefecture.

And further, the counter-measure conference of each TO & KEN under the jurisdiction of Kanto Civil Affairs Region, was held on 13 - 14 March 1950, under the auspices of Tokyo-to, and as the result of it, they applied to the Local Financial Administrative Committee through the Welfare Ministry for the abolishment of this tax.

C. The fanciers have little interest in preventive enterprises for rabies.

The above fact inflicts a grave obstacle upon the result of preventive injection for rabies. So we have done our efforts so as to disseminate the enlightenment in this line, and intending, in accordance with your advice, to make public information activities more briskly in order to raise up the interest of fanciers.

D. On cooperation of veterinary practitioners.

We have obtained a fair result in this prefecture, in asking cooperation of veterinary practitioners. However, their further powerful cooperation will be requested from April 1950 on. On consulting with Tochigi Pref. Veterinary Association, we have made up a budget, through entire assistance of veterinary practitioners, to carry out perfect practice in this field.

E. Disposition of increasing number of stray dogs.

As it is one of the most necessary things to wipe out stray dogs with a view of preventing rabies, we are carrying it out always in this connection; but in its practice, we are paying attention, along the line of humanitism, to protect the interest of fanciers and not to fall in some cruel acts as well, in accordance with the instructions from the Welfare Ministry.

F. Preventive injection fee for rabies.

As there was much inconveniences in carrying out this enterprise because of the different rate of the injection fee through TO & KEN in Kanto Region, the following decision was reached in the Kanto District Bloc Conference held on 13 - 14 March 1950 for the purpose of attaining good results.

1. Regarding the adjustment of preventive injection fee, the arrangement of budget for 1950 fiscal year is being finished, we would like to decide it as ¥100.00 - ¥130.00 per one starting from 1951 fiscal year.

for Akira Kamei
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

RABID DOG REPORTED FROM TOCHIGI PREFECTURE

Onset Date : Unknown

Date of Death: 6 Mar 50

Date Confirmed: 16 Mar 50 (at Agricultural Dept. of Utsunomiya Univ.)

Owner of the Dog: IKEDA, Shigeo, 1352, Yojo-machi, Utsunomiya-shi

Remarks: The dog bit four (4) person. They are undergoing medical treatment.

This is the No. 5 Case in this year.

af

Tochigi Prefectural Office
of
~~Imperial~~ Japanese Government
Utsunomiya City, Tochigi Pref.

Ref. No. 310
16 March 1950

SUBJECT: Outbreak of Epidemic to Domestic Animal and
Its Result.

TO: Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 201
(Attn, Public Sanitation Sect.)

This is report of breaking out of epidemic disease
to a domestic animal and of its result.

1. a. Name of disease: Rabies
 - b. Kind of animal: House-dog
 - c. No. of the infected: 1
 - d. Date of decision: 16 March
 - e. Result
 - Date of falling ill: Not detailed
 - Date died: 6 March
 - f. Place of occurrence: Utsunomiya City
 - g. Injury: 4 persons; male 3, Female 1.
2. Total in the aggregate: Dog 5

For Takao Takasago
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Public Sanitation Section/hs-hk



VETERINARY INFORMATION SHEET

KCAR PH No. 8

Public Health Section, Sanitation Dept., Tochigi Prefecture
Period 1 Jan. 50 to 31 Jan. 50*Public
Sanitation Sect.*

A. RABIES CONTROL

1. Number of animals (dogs) vaccinated and areas.

<u>Area</u>	<u>Number</u>
Utsunomiya Health Center	432
Ashikaga Health Center	329
Tochigi Health Center	243
Sano Health Center	481
Kanuma Health Center	452
Total	1,937

2. Number of rabies cases: 1

3. Number of specimens submitted to the laboratory: 5

4. Number of rabies cases diagnosed:

a. Clinically: None b. Laboratory Confirmations: 1

5. Number of animals remaining to be vaccinated: 4,514

6. Number of stray dogs collected: 200

7. Disposition of all stray dogs:

76 killed by resort to medicine
124 returned to owners-who were identified afterward.

8. Number of retention pens available and locations.

<u>Pens</u>	<u>Location</u>
11	Health Centers at respective places

9. Were any prevaccinated animals found to be rabid?

The dog found to be rabid in the area of the Imaichi Health Center is a ~~stray~~ dog which could not be found thereabout until quite recently and had not been vaccinated against rabies.

10. Is there sufficient vaccine available in prefecture for the rabies control programs?

Yes 5,000 c.c.

11. How many animals were vaccinated by private practitioners?

82

12. Any remarks pertinent to the rabies control program.

(1) Abolition of the Domestic Dog Tax or if not the rate of the same tax is desirable to be equalized in the Kanto Region.

(2) Desirable that the vaccination charges would be same in the whole region of Kanto.

(3) Desirable that a separate law pertinent to the rabies control program would be instituted.

B. MEAT INSPECTION.

1. What were the total number of animals slaughtered during the period covered by report?

(a) Cattle (milk)	22	(d) Swine	2,033
(b) Cattle (work)	234	(e) Sheep	None
(c) Horses	357	(f) Goats	None

2. Number of "T.B." and "Brucellosis" reactors referred for slaughter.

None

3. What disposition was made of all T.B. reactors?

None

4. List number of diseases diagnosed on antemortem inspection.

Names of diseases: Abnormal location of womb 1,
Leg-bone broken 1, waist-bone broken 1.

5. What disposition was made on animals found to be diseased on antemortem inspection?

<u>Disease</u>		<u>Disposition</u>
Abnormal location of womb	1	Deserted the ill parts and made them for eating use
Leg-bone broken	1	
Waist-bone broken	1	

6. How many postmortem condemnations were made during this period?
- (1) Complete condemnations: None
 - (2) Partial condemnations: 845

7. For what conditions were condemnations made?

Complete	Partial	Pathology	
None	Cattle: 29	Cattle {	Distoma ----- 18
	Horse: 28		Inflammation ---- 3
	Swine: 788		Degeneration ---- 4
			Others ----- 4
		Swine {	Hydronephrosis -- 7
			Inflammation ---- 7
			Degeneration ---- 8
			Metastrongylus elongatus -----761
			Others ----- 5

Horse {

8. What postmortem conditions (grossly observed and passed as fit for sale) were abandoned and the rest were

9. Are records kept of all postmortem findings?

All records are kept.

10. Are all carcasses properly stamped after being passed by inspectors.

All are stamped

11. Are inspectors always present during inspection?

They are present always.

12. How much emergency slaughtering was done during this period and for what conditions?

Cattle ----- 7	(Hard childbirth ----- 2
	(Meteoricus acutus ----- 5
Horse ----- 8	(Accidental injuries ----- 8

13. How much slaughtered meats is diverted to meat processing plants?

Swine ----- 200 kg
Cattle ----- 50 kg
Horse ----- 50 kg
Rabbit ----- 100 kg

14. What type or types of processed meats are manufactured in the processing plants?

Boneless ham, Peess ham, Bacon, Sausage, Dry sausage, Liver sausage

When condemnations were made during this period?

Condemnations: None

Condemnations: 845

What were the condemnations made?

Partial	Pathology	
Cattle: 29	Cattle	Distoma ----- 18
		Inflammation ---- 3
		Degeneration ---- 4
		Others ----- 4
Horse: 28	Horse	Inflammation -- 7
		Degeneration -- 7
		Others ----- 14
Swine: 788	Swine	Hydrocephrosis -- 7
		Inflammation ---- 7
		Degeneration ---- 8
		Metastrongylus ^{partis} elongatus ----- 761
		Others ----- 5

Under conditions (generalized) considered as fit for human consumption. No. 7 above, the rest were... all postmortem findings.

kept. properly stamped after being passed by

always present during inspection? always.

any slaughtering was done during this period conditions?

- 7 (Hard childbirth ----- 2
- (Meteorismus acutus ----- 5
- 8 (Accidental injuries ----- 8

Condemned meats is diverted to meat processing

- 200 kg
- 50 kg
- 50 kg
- 100 kg

Where of processed meats are manufactured in plants?

Such as ham, Bacon, Sausage, Dry sausage,

6. How many postmortem condemnations were made during this period?

- (1) Complete condemnations: None
- (2) Partial condemnations: 845

7. For what conditions were condemnations made?

<u>Complete</u>	<u>Partial</u>		
None	Cattle: 29 Horse: 28 Swine: 788	заболе	Острые ----- 2 хронические ----- 2 неясной этиологии ----- 8 интоксикация ----- 4 паразитарные ----- 2

8. What postmortem conditions (generalized or localized) were observed and passed as fit for human consumption.

As per stated in No. 7 above, inflamed or degenerated parts were abandoned and the rest were passed for consumption.

9. Are records kept of all postmortem findings?

All records are kept.

10. Are all carcasses properly stamped after being passed by inspectors.

All are stamped

11. Are inspectors always present during inspection?

They are present always.

12. How much emergency slaughtering was done during this period and for what conditions?

Cattle ----- 7 (Hard childbirth ----- 2
 (Meteorismus acutus ----- 5
 Horse ----- 8 (Accidental injuries ----- 8

13. How much slaughtered meats is diverted to meat processing plants?

Swine ----- 200 kg
 Cattle ----- 50 kg
 Horse ----- 50 kg
 Rabbit ----- 100 kg

14. What type or types of processed meats are manufactured in the processing plants?

Boneless ham, Peas ham, Bacon, Sausage, Dry sausage, Liver sausage

condemnations were made during this period?

condemnations: None

condemnations: 845

were condemnations made?

Partial	запас	Офиса -----	2
		економічне -----	207
le: 29		персоналу	
28		дефекції -----	8
788		інформація -----	1
		накопичення --	1

Офиса -----	14
дефекції -----	1

conditions (generalized or localized) were as fit for human consumption.

7 above, inflamed or degenerated parts rest were passed for consumption.

all postmortem findings?

properly stamped after being passed by

days present during inspection?

always.

slaughtering was done during this period

- 7 (Hard childbirth ----- 2
- (Meteorismus acutus ----- 5
- 8 (Accidental injuries ----- 8

meats is diverted to meat processing

- 200 kg
- 50 kg
- 50 kg
- 100 kg

of processed meats are manufactured in

ham, Bacon, Sausage, Dry sausage,

15. What quality controls are maintained on processed meats?

Mixed ham (rabbit-meat: 45%, horse 4%, pork: 15%)
 Sausage (rabbit-meat: 70%, horse 20%, pork: 10%)

16. How many samples were collected during this period and what was laboratory findings?

2 (Swine Liver-distoma and Actino nycosis)

17. Is there any evidence of fraudulent activities in meat processing plants?

None

18. Give detailed report as to anticipated programs and completed programs in reference to meat plant sanitation.

Sanitation guidance and inspection is maintained by means of "sanitation inspection appraisal slip". Health inspection to detect the infectious bacteria in digestive organ is given on the workers.

19. Is there a detailed list of all formulas used in sausage meats available at the prefectural office?

Supervision is rendered based on the Foodstuff Sanitation Law.

C. DAIRIES AND MILK PROCESSING PLANTS

1. What is the volume of milk being processed in prefectural plants?

a. Pasteurized) 56,140 l	d. Powdered	None
High-temperature		e. Recombined	None
disinfected) 124,462 l	f. Cheese	None
b. Condensed	9167 kg		
c. Butter	206 kg	Other	None

2. What is volume of raw milk produced for consumption as such?

None

3. What is the result of bacterial analysis for this period (platecount)? Use attached sheet for raw, pasteurized and processed milk. Also give Coliform index in each case.

None

4. Is the "Phosphatase Test" used on pasteurized milk? Give details.

None

5. Is their evidence of mastitis as demonstrated by cultural analysis?

None

6. Give results of bacterial analysis performed on dairy utensils. How often is this accomplished?

None

7. Discuss in detail programs of improvement in the handling of milk and equipment.

Betterment of the quality of the milk is aimed at by means of increasing the times of milk inspection.
Sanitation education is maintained for the dairy keepers.
We are rendering the assistance so that a Tochigi Prefectural Milk Plants Society may be established combining the all prefectural milk plants. Our hope is to make it a chief promoter of milk sanitation betterment in the prefecture.

D. SEAFOOD PROCESSING

1. What was the tonnage of sea food shipped into the prefecture?

Raw fish ----- 362.08 tons
Processed ----- 138.61 tons

2. Discuss in detail all conveyances used in shipment as to sanitation and refrigeration.

We are rather short in receipt of the processed fish, and due to broken cases at many occasions, the contents are sometimes apt to be dirty.

3. List the prefectures giving the most trouble in the shipment of sea-foods and in what respect?

Main shipping prefecture are Miyagi & Kanagawa.
The vessels are sometimes easy to break.

4. What improvements have been made in the large fish markets?

- a. Sanitary betterment of latrine
- b. Sufficient water supply for cleaning
- c. Installation of the stands lest the fish should be placed on the ground.
- d. Installation of the satisfactory garbage box.
- e. Environment sanitation.

5. How many samples were submitted to the laboratory for analysis?

Raw fish --- Tunney 1
Bloody-clam 1

6. Are fish canning factories maintaining adequate sanitary standards? (Discuss)

None of such installation

7. What improvements have been made in seafood processing plants during this period?
- Thorough enforcement of health inspection on the employees (especially detection of the infectious bacteria in intestines)
 - Thorough enforcement of environment sanitation.
 - Betterment of equipment at the retailers'
8. Discuss storage facilities for sea-foods-both processed and raw.
- Complete installation of cold storage.
 - Thorough establishment of anti-dust and anti-fly equipments.

E. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. What training programs were accomplished for prefectural veterinarians (P.H.)?
- Dispatched one personnel to the lecture meeting in veterinary course sponsored by Public Sanitation Bureau.
 - Announcement meeting of inspectors at the monthly conference.
 - Lecture by Prof. Ishiguro of Utsunomiya University (on slaughtering inspection)
 - Indication by the sub-chiefs on the general affairs of slaughtering inspection (at monthly regular conference of January)
2. What educational programs were conducted for processors of food stuff?
- On necessity of health inspection on the employees.
Dissemination of Foodstuff Sanitation Law.
3. Discuss cold storage and refrigeration plants from the standpoint of sanitation and storage capacity.
- Wish to be given preferential permission for electricity supply for coldstoring of marine products, milk and wheat. Many inconveniences were caused by the delay of permission from the Electricity Distribution Company.

4. What licensing procedures are followed in the licensing of new food processing establishment? How many such plants have been licensed? How many plants have had licenses revoked and for what reasons?

Licensing procedures are maintained by means of complying with Foodstuffs Sanitation Law and the standards set up in the prefectural regulations. The application for the new license is filed at health center, which dispatch the personnel for appraisal and after that refer the application to the prefectural authorities. The prefecture gives the licence, fixing the term according to the result of appraisal made by the health centers.

Newly licensed: Meat retailers ----- 20
 Fish-meat processor ----- 1
 Revocation of license: None

5. Discuss present methods of transporting slaughtered carcasses, raw milk, etc. and outline trends toward improvement.

- 1) Indicated that a carrying box of the fixed size should be used in transportation of the meat from the slaughtering-house.
- 2) Increased distribution of the gasoline for transportation and collection of milk in the dairy area.

6. Discuss any other problems relevant to veterinary (P.H.) problems.

- 1) Through supervision in sanitation of the marine products being one of the most important problems remaining in public sanitation affairs of the future, it is hoped that the licensing system of marine product markets and the same retailers should be realized as soon as practicable.
- 2) A strong substantial program at national level is hoped to be carried out for the rabies control.

Signed _____ 66

Veterinary Division

Tochigi-ken

Sanitation Dept.

Director Tomoteru Shibayama



Public Sanitation Section

Section Chief, Keijun Tominaga



Health Centers



Assigned duties of technicians and officials are identified as per separate list No. 2

Food Sanitation Sub-Section

Sub-Section Chief, Technician Osozawa



Assigned duties of technicians and officials are identified as per separate list No. 1



*Tachigi
Vst-P.H.*

Separate List No. 1

1. Technician Osozawa is in charge for
 - (1) All business on enforcement of the Food Sanitation Law,
 - (2) All business on enforcement of the Hotels and Inns Trade Law,
 - (3) Both of the above exclude the business concerning milk and meat.
2. Technician Sakamoto is in charge for
 - (1) Surveillance on food sanitation, exclusive of milk and meat,
 - (2) Business concerning food manufactures.
3. Clerical Official, Oide is in charge for
 - (1) Approval on trade
 - (2) General office routine
 - (3) Supplies
4. Assistant Clerical Official Kaneda is in charge for
 - (1) Help in general business on food sanitation.
5. Assistant Technician, Nissato is in charge for
 - (1) Help in general business on food sanitation

Separate List No. 2

1. Utsunomiya Health Center.
 - (1) Chief Sanitation Section; Technician Arai; handles general matters on food sanitation
 - (2) Technician Bushida; handles food examination business
 - (3) Technician Nagatake; handles food surveillance business
 - (4) Technician Oshizawa; handles food surveillance business
2. Tochigi Health Center.
 - (1) Technician Kashiwakura; general food sanitation
 - (2) Technician Kumakura; surveillance and examination
3. Sano Health Center.

Technician Nagayama; general food sanitation
Technician Nobe; food surveillance
Technician Itabashi; food surveillance
4. Ashikaga Health Center.

Technician Suganuma; general food sanitation
Technician Hasegawa; food surveillance
5. Kanuma Health Center.

Technician Nakamura; general food sanitation
6. Otawara Health Center.

Technician Arai; general food sanitation
Technician Aikawa; food surveillance
Technician Sakamoto; food surveillance
7. Imaichi Health Center.

Technician Sagara; general food sanitation and examination
Technician Takahashi; Food surveillance
8. Karasuyama Health Center.

Technician Izumi; general food sanitation and examination
9. Oyama Health Center.

Technician Minami; general food sanitation
10. Moka Health Center.

Technician Fujii; general food sanitation
11. Yaita Health Center.

Technician Tsuji; general food sanitation

Tochigi Prefectural Office
of
~~Imperial~~ Japanese Government
Utsunomiya City, Tochigi Pref.

Ref. No. 1931
16 November 1949

**SUBJECT : Duty Allocation for Milk & Meat Sanitation
Administration and List of Keepers of
Concerned Business**

**TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region
(Attn: Mr. C.E. Pegg, Sanitation Section)**

In accordance with your instruction dated 4 November
we hereby submit to you the report on the above subject as
attached.

for
Takao Takayanagi
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Koshu-Eisei-ka/to-to

Duty Pertaining to Milk & Meat Sanitation

Tochigi Prefecture

Sanitation Dept't
(Director, Engineer Shibayama)

Public Sanitation Sec.
(Chief, Engineer Tomisaga)

Milk & Meat Sanitation Div.
(Chief, Engineer Izumi)

Assis. Official
Yamada

Assistance in
general administ-
ration of milk &
meat sanitation

Engineer Sekiguohi

Hide and skin
Statistics and
report
Assistance in milk
& meat administra-
tion

Engineer Sashida

Milk sanitation
Prevention of
hydrophobia
Supplies and
materials

Engineer Izumi

Meat sanitation
Marine products
sanitation
Slaughter-house
Disposition of dead
animals

Ashikaga
Health
Center

Engineer
Kate

Same as
the right

Sano Health
Center

Engineer
Kitahara

Same as
the right

Engineer
Tekita

Same as
the right

(Engineer
Kitahara in
charge of this
duty is off
duty due to
illness.)

Tochigi Health
Center

Engineer
Kurita

Inspection on
slaughtered
animals
Disposition of
dead animals
Surveillance on
milk and meat
affairs
Prevention of
hydrophobia

Utsunomiya Health Center

Sanitation Section
(Chief, Engineer Arai,
pharmacist)

Engineer
Machida

Prevention
of hydro-
phobia
Assistance
in survei-
llance on
milk and
meat affairs

Engineer
Baba

Survei-
llance on
meat and
milk
affairs

Engineer
Watanabe

Inspection of
slaughter-
house
Disposition
of dead
animals

List of Slaughter-houses of Tochigi Prefecture

<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Management</u>
Utsunomiya Slaughter-house	Nishihara-machi, Utsunomiya-shi	Mayor of Utsunomiya-shi
Tochigi "	Jonai, Tochigi-shi	"
Ashikaga "	Isa-machi, Ashikaga-shi	Tochigi-shi
Sano "	Horigome, Sano-shi	"
Oyama "	Oyama-machi	Ashikaga-shi
Kanuma "	Kanuma-shi	"
Yaita "	Yaita-machi, Shioya-gun	Sano-shi
Nishi-Nasuno "	Nishi-Nasuno-machi, Nasu-gun	"
Moka "	Moka-machi, Haga-gun	Oyama-machi
Motegi "	Motegi-machi, "	"
Ashio-	Ashio-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Motegi-machi
Imaichi "	Imaichi-machi, "	Private, Tsunejiro Saito
Karasuyama "	Karasuyama-machi, Nasu-gun	Mayor of Imaichi-machi
Kuroiso "	Kuroiso-machi, Nasu-gun	"
		Karasuyama-machi
		Kuroiso-machi

List of Milk Sterilizing Place of Tochigi Prefecture

<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Name of Keeper</u>
Kotoku Pasture Sterilizing Place	Kotoku, Chugushi, Nikko-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Miyo Yoshida
Nikko Electric Copper Refinery Purchase Assn. Livestock Dep't.	610, Kiyotaki, Nikko-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Tsunemasa Nakabechi
"	468, Nikko, Nikko-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Shinsebuo Kataoka
Kanaya Hotel Livestock Dep't.	2,396, Sotoyamahara, Nikko-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Yukiko Kanaya
Kyokushin-sha	211 Hiraga-seki, Imaichi-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Kozo Yuasa
Koyo-sha	348, Imaichi-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Seijiro Fujii
Shisei-sha	698, Iwihara, Kunimoto-mura, Kawachi-gun	Tsugio Shimizu
Nagashima Sterilizing Place	71, Mine-machi, Utsunomiya-shi	Kanjiro Nagashima
Akutsu "	564-3, Shimo-Koike, Shinoi-mura, Kawachi-gun	Tsunekichi Akutsu
Futaba Dairy-farming Assn. Sterilizing Place	102, Shukugo-machi, Utsunomiya-shi	Kiyoku Nakayama
Kanto Livestock Co.	2,895, Kodemma-cho, "	Suejiro Waki
Kotado Sterilizing Place	220, Ozo-machi, "	Ichiro Kotado
Yokokawa-mura Dairy-farming Assn.	667, Azumagawa, Yokokawa-mura, Kawachi-gun	Soichi Shinozaki
Ito Milk-shop, Shiobara Dispatched Office	11 Shimo-Shiobara, Shiobara-machi, Shiota-gun	Masayoshi Ito
Kurodawara Milk-shop	Hei-1 Terako, Nasu-mura, Nasu-gun	Shigeru Goto
Nasu Milk Sterilizing Place	2,510, Otawara-machi, Nasu-gun	Tochigi Pref. Agricultural Production & Utilization Cooperative Assn.
Yamane "	402, Kurohane Muko-cho, Kawanishi-machi, Nasu-gun	Masaichi Yamane

Kyokko-sha	1,658, Iono, Iono-mura, Nasu-gun	Shin Goto
Takizawa Milk-shop	619, Kurobane-machi, Nasu-gun	Saburo Takizawa
Kuroiso-machi Dairy-farming Assn. Joint Milk Sterilizing Place	37, Toyoura, Kuroiso-machi, "	Masako Mori
Soma Milk-shop	Sakuyama, Sakuyama-machi, "	Jin Soma
Ito "	3,610, Akahori, Otawara-machi, Nasu-gun	Kenichi Ito
Tokuei-sha	260, Tanaka, Yamabe-machi, Ashikaga-gun	Seiichiro Yamaga
Isoda Pasture Milk Sterilizing Place	69, Hajika-machi, Ashikaga-gun	Toichiro Isoda
Ashikaga Joint Milk Sterilizing Place	2,802, Tori-4-chome, Ashikaga-shi	Yoshitaro Morita
Keno Dairy-farming Co-operative Assn. Milk Sterilizing Place	419, Yamakawa, Keno-mura, Ashikaga-gun	Hyosaku Sohara
Rakuno-en	4,058, Fujioka-machi, Shimo-tsuga-gun	Junichi Kawashima
Meiji Dairy Products Co. Tochigi Plant	792, Numawada-machi, Tochigi-shi	Meiji Dairy Products Co.
" Nasu Plant	114, Mishima, Karino-mura Nasu-gun	Yaichiro Uegaki
Abe Milk-shop	Kuchiawano-machi, Awano-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Heihachi Abe
Kanuma Milk Sterilizing Place	2,326, Bunka-bashi, Kanuma-shi	Seiichi Seno
Ikusawa "	Moto 2-3, Nishikata-mura, Kamitsuga-gun	Teijiro Ikusawa
Nishimura "	29, Niregi, Minami-Oshinara-mura, Kamitsuga-gun	Toraichi Nishimura
Tochigi Pref. Agricultural Production & Utilizing Cooperative Assn. Federation, Karasuyama Milk Sterilizing Place	521-2, Karasuyama-machi, Nasu-gun	Naichi Hitomo
Kikuchi Milk-shop	Ogawa, Ogawa-machi, Nasu-gun	Fusa Kikuchi
Aoki "	Bato-machi, Nasu-gun	Sadakichi Aoki

Furuya Milk Sterilizing Place	Nowatari, Nogi-mura, Shimotsuga-gun	Ryuichi Furuya
Sato Pasture	245, Nishihata, Arakawa-mura, Nasu-gun	Futoshi Sato
Komatsuzaki Milk-shop	Moka-machi, Haga-gun	Shinichi Komatsuzaki
Isono "	Ouchi-mura, "	Reigi Isono
Kanda "	Mashiko-machi, "	Kura Kanda
Chikasawa "	Motegi-machi, "	Etsuro Chikasawa
Seto "	Ubagai-machi, "	Shinzebuo Sato
Yanagisawa "	Yamazaki-mura, "	Rintaro Yanagisawa
Suzuki "	Moka-machi, "	Yoshineo Suzuki
Kikuchi "	Hariu, Yaita-machi, Shioya-gun	Seiichi Kikuchi
Oshima "	Kumamoto, Mibu-machi, "	Kisaku, Oshima
Karasawa "	Kami-Nagami, Nozaki-mura, "	Shigeru Karasawa
Nakazato "	Kitsuregawa, Kitsuregawa-machi, Shioya-gun	Ichiji Nakazato
Tezuka "	Sotome, "	Kiyoshige Tezuka
Tezuka "	Ujiie, Ujiie-machi, Shioya-gun	Michimasa Tezuka
Komatsu "	Hoshakuji, Akutsu-mura, "	Gohei Komatsu
Morito Milk Sterilizing Place	20, Sano-shi	Takeji Morito
Joshi-ken	163, Horigome, Sano-shi	Yoichi Kashiwakura
Kodaira Pasture	696, Hikoma-mura, Aso-gun	Tsuneji Kodaira
Sato Milk Sterilizing Place	1,525, Tochigi, Tanuma-machi, Aso-gun	Shoji Sato
Kobayashi "	1,389, Tanuma, Tanuma-machi, Aso-gun	Moshiichi Kobayashi
Wakatabe "	392, Wakamatsu-cho, Sano-shi	Mizusewa Wakatabe
Tanuma-machi Dairy-farming Cooperative Assn.	161, Yamagoshi, Tanuma-machi, Aso-gun	Takeichiro Tsubuku
Aso Joint Milk Sterilizing Place	Sano-shi	Denjiro Kaneko

Akasai Dairy-farming Assn. Milk Sterilizing Place	Ishibashi-machi, Shimotsuga-gun	Tadaichiro Inami
Aiko-sha	Ashio-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	Toyosaku Koshizuka
Otsuka Shop	Motegi-machi, Hage-gun	Keigo Otsuka

List of Marine Products Market of Tochigi Prefecture

<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Name of Manager</u>
Tochigi Pref. Federation of Marine Products Commercial Cooperative Assns.	538, Kamigawara-machi, Utsunomiya-shi	Chief-director, Kozo Obokata
Utsunomiya Marine Products Commercial Co-operative Assn.	"	"
Tochigi "	1,186, Sakai-machi, Tochigi-shi "	Yaichi Katayanagi
Ashikaga Marine Foods Commercial Cooperative Assn.	133-5, Ise-machi, Ashikaga-shi	" Sawataro Omori
Sano-shi "	531, Wakamatsu-cho, Sano-shi	" Seiichi Yumoto
South Nasu "	320, Karasuyama-machi, Nasu-gun	" Koichiro Yamaguchi
Kanuma "	1,604, Kanuma, Kanuma-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	" Kinichiro Suzuki
North Kamitsuga "	318, Nikko, Nikko-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	" Kishio Tobita
Otawara "	2,490, Otawara-machi, Nasu-gun	" Eikichi Soma
Tanuma Marine & Land Foods Commercial Co-operative Assn.	688, Tanuma, Tanuma-machi, Aso-gun	" Hikotada Ogawa
North Shioya "	2,447, Ujiie, Ujiie-machi, Shioya-gun	" Shukichi Takeuchi
South Shioya Foods Commercial Cooperative Assn.	"	" Umakichi Noguchi

Moka Foods Commercial Cooperative Assn	2,681-1, Daimachi, Moka-machi, Haga-gun	Chief-director, Hikoshiro Tanabe
Motegi Marine Products Commercial Cooperative Assn.	1,659, Motegi, Motegi-machi, Haga-gun	" Masuzo Ono
Oyama Perishable Foods Commercial Cooperative Assn.	Goten-machi, Oyama-machi, Shimotsuga-gun	" Yoshi Tanaka
Ashio-machi Commercial Cooperative Assn.	2,662, Ashio-machi, Kamitsuga-gun	" Katsutaro Kojima
Enna "	2 Nishi-Nasuno-machi, Nasu-gun	" Shigeru Katagiri
East Nasu "	22 Kurohanemukai-cho, Kawenishi-machi, Nasu-gun	" Zenya Yasuda
Kuroiso "	Kuroiso-machi, Nasu-gun	" Eiji Goto

List of Edible Meat Processing Place of Tochigi Prefecture

<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Name of Keeper</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Takizawa Takeshi Shop	77, Shuku-machi, Tochigi-shi	Takeshi Takizawa	Ham and sausage
Tochigi Pref. Agricultural Production & Utilization Cooperative Assn. Federation, Meat Processing Place	830, Motogaku-cho, Ashikaga-shi	Masao Ota	"
Oyama Ham Co.	1,757, Inabago-shi, Shimo-machi, Oyama-machi, Shimotsuga-gun	Naoto Kitamura	"

Dairy Products Plant

<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Name of Keeper</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Meiji Dairy Products Co. Tochigi Plant	793, Numawada-machi, Tochigi-shi	Tadaichi Otsuka	Baby-food