GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331)
Description of contents

THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF THE UNITED STATES

(1) Box no. 2056

(2) Folder title/number: (8)
No Title

(3) Date: Nov. 1945

(4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
020.3, 340	d

(5) Item description and comment:

(6) Reproduction: (Yes) No

(7) Film no. Sheet no.

J.C.S. 1380/15

3 November 1945

Pages 134 - 168, incl.

JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

BASIC DIRECTIVE FOR POST-SURRENDER MILITARY GOVERNMENT IN JAPAN PROPER

References: a. J.C.S. 1380/5
b. J.C.S. 1380/8
c. J.C.S. 1380/12
d. J.C.S. 1380/14

Note by the Secretaries

The enclosed basic directive for post-surrender military government in Japan proper which has been approved by the State-War-Navy Coordinating Committee and concurred in by the Joint Chiefs of Staff is being forwarded to the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers with information copies to the Commander in Chief, U.S. Pacific Fleet; Commander in Chief, U.S. Army Forces, Pacific; and the Commanding General, U.S. Forces, China Theater.

A. J. McFARLAND,

C. J. MOORE,

Joint Secretariat.

REPRODUCED AGO GHQ SCAP
20 November 1945

ENCLOSURE

BASIC INITIAL POST SURRENDER DIRECTIVE TO SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS FOR THE OCCUPATION AND CONTROL OF JAPAN

1. The Purpose and Scope of this Directive

a. This directive defines the authority which you will possess and the policies which will guide you in the occupation and control of Japan in the initial period after surrender.

b. Japan, as used in this directive, is defined to include: The four main islands of Japan: Hokkaido (Yezo), Honshu, Kyushu and Shikoku and about 1,000 smaller adjacent islands including the Tsushima Islands.

c. This directive is divided into Part I: General and Political; Part II: Economic and Civilian Supply; and Part III: Financial.

PART I

GENERAL AND POLITICAL

2. The Basis and Scope of Military Authority

The basis of your power and authority over Japan is the directive signed by the President of the United States designating you as Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers (SWNCC 21/6 (J.C.S. 1467)) and the Instrument of Surrender (SWNCC 21/6 (Annex "A" to J.C.S. 1380/5)), executed by command of the Emperor of Japan (SWNCC 21/6 (Annex "B" to J.C.S. 1380/5)). These documents, in turn, are based upon the Potsdam Declaration of 26 July 1945 (SWNCC 149/1 (Annex "C" to J.C.S. 1380/5)), the reply of the Secretary of State on 11 August 1945 to the Japanese communication of 10 August 1945 (SWNCC Memo for Info. No. 19 (Annex "E" to J.C.S. 1380/5), and the final Japanese communication on 14 August 1945 (SWNCC Memo for Info. No. 19 (Annex "F" to J.C.S. 1380/5)). Pursuant to these documents your authority over Japan, as Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, is supreme for the purpose of carrying out the surrender. In addition to the conventional

powers of a military occupant of enemy territory, you have the power to take any steps deemed advisable and proper by you to effectuate the surrender and the provisions of the Potsdam Declaration. It is contemplated, however, that unless you deem it necessary, or are instructed to the contrary you will not establish direct military government, but will exercise your powers so far as compatible with the accomplishment of your mission through the Emperor of Japan or the Japanese Government. In the exercise of your powers you will be guided by the following general principles.

3. Basic Objectives of Military Occupation of Japan

a. The ultimate objective of the United Nations with respect to Japan is to foster conditions which will give the greatest possible assurance that Japan will not again become a menace to the peace and security of the world and will permit her eventual admission as a responsible and peaceful member of the family of nations. Certain measures considered to be essential for the achievement of this objective have been set forth in the Potsdam Declaration. These measures include, among others, the carrying out of the Cairo Declaration and the limiting of Japanese sovereignty to the four main islands and such minor islands as the Allied Powers determine; the abolition of militarism and ultra-nationalism in all their forms; the disarmament and demilitarization of Japan, with continuing control over Japan's capacity to make war; the strengthening of democratic tendencies and processes in governmental, economic and social institutionsp and the encouragement and support of liberal political tendencies in Japan. The United States desires that the Japanese Government conform as closely as may be to principles of democratic self-government, but it is not the responsibility of the occupation forces to impose on Japan any form of government not supported by the freely expressed will of the people.

b. As Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers your mission will be to assure that the surrender is vigorously enforced and to initiate appropriate action to achieve the objectives of the United Nations.

c. This directive does not purport finally to formulate long-term policies concerning the treatment of Japan in the post-war world, nor does it seek to prescribe in detail the measures which you are to take throughout the period of your occupation of Japan in the effort to give effect to the surrender and the Potsdam Declaration. These policies and the appropriate measures for their fulfilment will in large measure be determined by developing circumstances in Japan. It is, therefore, essential that surveys dealing with economic, industrial, financial, social and political conditions in Japan be constantly maintained by you and made available to your government. These surveys should be developed in such a manner as to form the basis for effecting modifications in the initial measures of control set forth herein as well as for the progressive formulation of policies to promote the ultimate objectives of the United Nations. Supplemental directives will be issued to you through the Joint Chiefs of Staff as may be required.

4. The Establishment of Military Authority over Japan

a. Immediately upon the surrender of Japan you will require the Emperor, the Japanese Government and the Japanese Imperial General Headquarters to issue orders to all the armed forces of Japan and all armed forces under Japanese control to cease hostilities and to surrender their arms and to issue such other orders as may be required to give effect to the instrument of surrender and the policies set forth in the Potsdam Declaration You will require the Emperor and the Japanese Government . . .

to take all necessary steps to assure that all orders issued to effectuate the objectives of your mission are promptly and fully complied with by all persons in Japan.

b. You will occupy the Imperial capital of Tokyo, and the capitals of such prefectures as you deem necessary in order to facilitate your control over the Japanese Government. You will also occupy such strategic places as you may deem necessary. Otherwise you should not occupy any part of Japan unless it becomes essential to impose direct military government therein. However, you may temporarily utilize your forces in any area of Japan as may be required for the fulfilment of your mission. Subject to the provisions of subparagraph 4 c below, you will take prompt action to assure the restoration and maintenance of law and order by Japanese authorities or by your forces, if necessary.

c. Where action is necessary in order to carry out the surrender, you have the right to act directly from the outset. Otherwise, subject always to your right as the Supreme Commander to take direct action in the event of the unwillingness or failure of the Emperor or other Japanese authority to act effectively, you will exercise your supreme authority through the Emperor and Japanese governmental machinery, national and local. The policy is to use the existing form of government in Japan, not to support it. Changes in the direction of modifying the feudal and authoritarian tendencies of the government are to be permitted and favored. In the event that the effectuation of such changes involves the use of force by the Japanese people or government against persons opposed thereto, you as Supreme Commander should intervene only where necessary to ensure the security of your forces and the attainment of all other objectives of the occupation. You may, as circumstances require, exercise your supreme power . . .

and authority in the fullest measure including the imposition of direct military government. If it becomes necessary to impose direct military government in any part of Japan, you will immediately thereafter advise the Joint Chiefs of Staff. You will not remove the Emperor or take any steps toward his removal without prior consultation with and advice issued to you through the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

d. You will take appropriate steps in Japan to effect the complete governmental and administrative separation from Japan of (1) all Pacific islands which she has seized or occupied under mandate or otherwise since the beginning of the World War in 1914, (2) Manchuria, Formosa and the Pescadores, (3) Korea, (4) Karafuto, and (5) such other territories as may be specified in future directives.

e. By appropriate means you will make clear to all levels of the Japanese population the fact of their defeat. They must be made to realize that their suffering and defeat have been brought upon them by the lawless and irresponsible aggression of Japan, and that only when militarism has been eliminated from Japanese life and institutions will Japan be admitted to the family of nations. They must be told that they will be expected to develop a non-militaristic and democratic Japan which will respect the rights of other nations and Japan's international obligations. You will make it clear that military occupation of Japan is effected in the interests of the United Nations and is necessary for the destruction of Japan's power of aggression and her war potential and for the elimination of militarism and militaristic institutions which have brought disaster on the Japanese. With this end in view, and to insure the security of the troops, a policy of non-fraternization may be applied in Japan if and to the extent that you may deem it to be desirable. Your officers and troops, however, should so treat the . . . . . .

Japanese population as to develop confidence in the United States and the United Nations and their representatives.

f. You will require the Emperor to abrogate all laws, ordinances, decrees and regulations which would prejudice the achievement of the objectives set forth in the Potsdam Declaration or which conflict with the instrument of surrender or with directives which may be issued to you through the Joint Chiefs of Staff. You will, in particular, assure the abrogation of all laws, orders and regulations which established and maintained restrictions on political and civil liberties and discriminations on grounds of race, nationality, creed or political opinion. Agencies or parts of agencies charged specifically with the execution of legislation abrogated or to be abrogated shall be abolished immediately.

g. You will establish such military courts as may be necessary with jurisdiction over offenses against the forces of occupation and over such other matters as are consistent with the implementation of the surrender. You will, however, except as otherwise deemed necessary by you assure that Japanese courts exercise an effective jurisdiction over cases not of direct and predominant concern to the security of your troops.

h. Representatives of civilian agencies of the United States Government or of other United Nations governments shall not participate in the occupation or function independently within Japan except upon your approval, and subject, as to purpose, time and extent, to decisions communicated to you by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

5. Political and Administrative Reorganization.

a. Local, regional and national agencies of governmental administration, excluding those with functions and responsibilities inconsistent with the purposes of the occupation will be permitted to continue to function after the removal . . . . . .

of officials who are unacceptable as described in paragraph 5 b below, or who are ascertained to be unreliable. Such agencies and their personnel will be held responsible for the administration of government and will be charged with the execution of your policies and directives. At all times, however, and in all circumstances you are empowered yourself to take direct action if and to the extent that Japanese authorities fail satisfactorily to carry out your instructions.

b. Except as indicated in paragraph 7 c below, in no circumstances will persons be allowed to hold public office or any other positions of responsibility or influence in public or important private enterprise who have been active exponents of militant nationalism and aggression, who have been influential members of any Japanese ultra-nationalistic, terroristic or secret patriotic society, its agencies or affiliates, who have been influential in the activities of the other organizations enumerated in paragraph 5 g below, or who manifest hostility to the objectives of the military occupation.

c. you will assure that at all times, so long as the present form of government is retained, the posts of Lord Privy Seal, Privy Council, Prime Minister and Cabinet members are held only by persons who may be relied upon to further the purposes of your mission. You will require the immediate abolition of the Ministry of Greater East Asia but may retain such of its machinery and personnel as may be necessary to carry out the separation of colonies provided for by paragraph 4 d above. You will progressively disband and eliminate the Ministries of War, Navy, and Munitions during the process of disarmament and demobilization.

d. Local responsibility for the local enforcement of national policy will be encouraged.

e. Ordinary criminal and civil courts in Japan will be permitted to continue to function subject to such regulations, supervision and control as you may determine. As rapidly as possible, judges and other court personnel who are unacceptable under the provisions of paragraph 5 b above will be removed. Such officials will be replaced with acceptable and qualified successors. Full power of review will be retained by you over all courts which are allowed to function. You will veto all decisions which are inconsistent with the purpose of your mission. You will take all practicable measures to cause the release of persons held in custody solely under laws or regulations of the type to be abrogated under paragraph 4 f above.

f. Criminal and ordinary police agencies, and such others as you may consider proper to be retained under appropriate supervision, must be purged of undependable and undesirable elements, in particular, of members of ultra-nationalistic, terroristic and secret patriotic societies.

g. Throughout Japan you will assure the dissolution of the Political Association of Great Japan, the Imperial Rule Assistance Association (Taisei Yokusankai), the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Society (Taisei Seijikai), their affiliates and agencies or any successor organizations, and all Japanese ultra-nationalistic, terroristic and secret patriotic societies and their agencies and affiliates.

h. You will direct the Japanese Government to recall such Japanese diplomatic and consular officials and other agents abroad as the Department of State may request through the Joint Chiefs of Staff. You will also direct the Japanese Government to arrange for the turning over to the custody of properly accredited representatives of the Allied governments of archives and property of Japanese diplomatic and . . . . . .

consular establishments for the purposes of effectuating the surrender.

i. All property, real and personal, owned or controlled by any of the organizations referred to in paragraph 5 g above, should be considered public property. If there is any doubt as to the public status of any property (e.g., property of quasi-official companies or of private companies in which the Japanese Government or the Japanese Imperial Household has an important interest), it should be considered public property. Imperial Household property shall not be exempted from any action necessary to carry out the objectives set forth in this directive.

6. Demilitarization

a. You will assure that all units of the Japanese armed forces including the Gendarmerie (Kempei) (but not the civil police), Civilian Volunteer Corps, and all para-military organizations are promptly disarmed. Personnel of such units will not be held as prisoners of war, but as disarmed units under their own officers and will be demobilized in accordance with directives issued or to be issued by you. You will require that provision be made against any inequitable treatment of or disabilities against any member of the Japanese armed forces taken as a prisoner of war who is returned to Japan.

b. You will provide for the permanent dissolution of all military and para-military organizations, including the Supreme Military Council, the Board of Field Marshals and Fleet Admirals, the Imperial General Headquarters, the Army and Navy General Staffs, the Army, Navy, Civilian Volunteer Corps and Gendarmerie, together with all reservists and other militaristic associations which might serve to keep alive the military tradition in Japan. You may, however, for a brief period of time, utilize military and naval agencies, including those enumerated above, for the limited purpose of giving effect to the surrender with particular

reference to demobilization. All military and para-military training on land and sea and in the air will be prohibited.

c. In accordance with the provisions of the directive already issued you*, you will seize or destroy all arms, ammunition, naval vessels, and implements of war, including aircraft designed for civil use, and stop the production thereof.

d. You will take proper steps to destroy the Japanese war potential, as set forth in Parts II and III in this directive.

7. Arrest and Internment of Japanese Personnel

a. The following will be arrested as rapidly as practicable and held as suspected war criminals, pending further instructions concerning their disposition:

(1) All members of the Supreme Military Council, the Board of Field Marshals and Fleet Admirals, the Imperial General Headquarters, and the Army and Navy General Staffs;

(2) All commissioned officers of the Gendarmerie (Kempei), and all officers of the Army and Navy who have been important exponents of militant nationalism and aggression.

(3) All key members of ultra-nationalistic, terroristic and secret patriotic societies; and

(4) All persons who you have reason to believe are war criminals or whose names or descriptions are contained in lists of suspected war criminals which have been or may be furnished to you.

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*SWNCC 58/9 (J.C.S. 1328/5)

b. All persons who have played an active and dominant governmental, economic, financial or other significant part in the formulation of execution of Japan's program of aggression and all high officials of the Political Association of Great Japan, the Imperial Rule Assistance Association, the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Society and their agencies and affiliates or successor organizations will be interned pending further disposition. You may intern other civilians as necessary for the achievement of your mission.

c. You may, however, for a brief period of time, utilize the closely supervised services of those persons within the categories enumerated in subparagraphs 7 a (1) and (2) above, who are absolutely required by you to insure the demobilization of the Japanese armed forces.

d. You will receive further instructions concerning your responsibility with relation to war criminals, including those who have committed crimes against peace and crimes against humanity.

e. No differentiation shall be made or special consideration be accorded to civilian or military personnel arrested as war criminals either as to manner of arrest or conditions of detention, upon the basis of wealth, or political, industrial, or other rank or position.

f. All nationals of countries except Japan with which any of the United Nations are or have been at war in World War II (Bulgaria, Finland, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Roumania, and Thailand) will be identified and registered and may be interned or their activities curtailed as may be necessary under the circumstances. Diplomatic and consular officials of such countries will be taken into protective custody and held for further disposition.

g. Property, real and personal, owned or controlled by persons who have been detained or arrested under the . . . . . .

provisions of paragraph 7 will be taken under your control pending directions as to its eventual disposition.

8. Prisoners of War, United Nations Nationals, Neutrals, and Other Persons

a. You will insure that prisoners of war and displaced persons of the United Nations are cared for andrepatriated.

b. Nationals of neutral countries will be required to register with the appropriate military authorities. They may be repatriated under such regulations as you may establish. However, all nationals of neutral nations who have actively participated in any way in the war against one of the United Nations will be arrested for disposition in conformity with later instructions. Nationals of neutral nations will be accorded no special privileges of communications or business relationships with their home countries or people resident outside Japan. The persons, archives and property of diplomatic consular officials of neutrals will be accorded full protection.

c. All civilians who are nationals of the United Nations, resident or interned in Japan will be identified, examined closely, and if you deem it advisable, may be placed in custody or restricted residence. All such nationals who fall within the provisions of paragraph 7 b above shall be arrested and held as suspected war criminals. All other United Nations nationals who have actively participated in any way in the war against one or more of the United Nations will be arrested and held for later disposition. Thereafter, they will be dealt with in accordance with instructions to be furnished you. In general, practical measures will be taken to insure the health and welfare of United Nations nationals.

d. You will treat Formosan-Chinese and Koreans as liberated peoples in so far as military security permits. They are not included in the term "Japanese" as used in . . . . . .

this directive but they have been Japanese subjects and may be treated by you, in case of necessity, as enemy nationals. They may be repatriated, if they so desire, under such regulations as you may establish. However, priority will be given to the repatriation of nationals of the United Nations.

e. Within such limits as are imposed by the military situation, you should take all reasonable steps necessary to preserve and protect the property of the United Nations and their nationals.

9. Political Activity

a. The dissemination of Japanese militaristic and ultra-nationalistic idealogy and propaganda in any form will be prohibited and completely suppressed. You will require the Japanese Government to cease financial and other support of National Shinto establishments.

b. You will establish such minimum control and censorship of civilian communications including the mails, wireless, radio, telephone, telegraph and cables, films and press as may be necessary in the interests of military security and the accomplishment of the purposes set forth in this directive. Freedom of thought will be fostered by the dissemination of democratic ideals and principles through all available media of public information.

c. You will immediately place under control all existing political parties, organizations and societies. Those whose activities are consistent with the requirements of the military occupation and its objectives should be encouraged. Those whose activities are inconsistent with such requirements and objectives should be abolished. Subject to the necessity of maintaining the security of the occupying forces, the formation and activities of democratic political parties with rights of assembly and public discussion will be encouraged. Free elections of

representative local governments should be held at the earliest practicable date, and at the regional and national levels as directed, after consideration of your recommendation, through the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Your action in connection with the program referred to in this subparagraph should be taken in the light of one of the ultimate objectives of the occupation, the establishment, in accordance with the freely expressed will of the Japanese people, of a peacefully inclined and responsible government.

d. Encouragement will be given to the development of democratic organizations in labor, industry and agriculture.

e. Freedom of religious worship shall be proclaimed promptly by the Japanese Government. To the extent that the security of your military occupation and the attainment of its objectives are not prejudiced and subjectto paragraph 9 a and c above, you will insure freedom of opinion, speech, press and assembly.

10. Education, Arts and Archives

a. As soon as practicable educational institutions will be reopened. As rapidly as possible, all teachers who have been active exponents of militant nationalism and aggression and those who continue actively to oppose the purposes of the military occupation will be replaced by acceptable and qualified successors. Japanese military and para-military training and drill in all schools will be forbidden. You will assure that curricula acceptable to you are employed in all schools and that they include the concepts indicated in paragraph 3 a above.

b. You should cause to be preserved for your information and use the records of all governmental and quasi-governmental, important private financial, industrial, manufacturing and business concerns, and the Japanese organizations referred to in paragraph 5 f above.

c. You will, so far as practicable, cause to be protected and preserved, all historical, cultural and religious objects, against depredations by the occupational forces, or others.

PART II

A. ECONOMIC

Objectives and General Basic Principles

11. The policies of the American Government in regard to the economic affairs of Japan during the period of occupation are intended simultaneously to accomplish the following purposes:

a. To eliminate existing specialized facilities for the production of arms, munitions, or implements of war of any kind.

b. To destroy the economic ability of Japan to create or support any armaments dangerous to international peace.

c. To execute such program of reparations and restitution as may be decided upon by the appropriate Allied authorities.

d. To encourage the development within Japan of economic ways and institutions of a type that will contribute to the growth of peaceful and democratic forces in Japan.

e. To supervise and guide the operation of Japanese economic arrangements and operations to assure that they conform to the general purposes of the occupation, and make possible the eventual readmission of Japan to the ranks of peaceful trading nations.

The instructions composing the economic part of the directive are intended to advance these objectives during the first and immediate period of occupation that lies ahead; they will be subject to addition and revision in the light of the circumstances which you encounter and the conduct of the Japanese people.

12. Your supreme authority as Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers in Japan will extend to all matters in the economic sphere. In the exercise of that authority, to the extent that the accomplishment of your objectives permits, you will use the services of the Emperor and the machinery of the Japanese Government to accomplish your objectives. You will require them to

carry out your orders, and to make such changes in the administrative organization of those branches of government concerned with economic matters as may seem to you necessary to carry out your objectives.

You should act directly:

a. If because of the very nature of the task action through Japanese authorities will not effectively accomplish your economic objectives.

b. In the event that operation through the Japanese Government clearly fails in any particular phase of your operations to prove a satisfactory method.

In acting directly, you will establish administrative machinery independent of and superior to the Japanese officials and agencies to execute or assure the execution of the economic measures contained in this directive until such time as you may deem that the tasks can be satisfactorily assigned to the Japanese Governmental authorities.

13. You will not assume any responsibility for the economic rehabilitation of Japan or the strengthening of the Japanese economy. You will make it clear to the Japanese people that:

a. You assume no obligations to maintain, or have maintained, any particular standard of living in Japan, and

b. That the standard of living will depend upon the thoroughness with which Japan rids itself of all militaristic ambitions, redirects the use of its human and natural resources wholly and solely for purposes of peaceful living, administers adequate economic and financial controls, and cooperates with the occupying forces and the governments they represent.

It is not the policy of the United States to prevent the eventual achievement by Japanese working effort and resources of conditions of living in Japan consistent with objectives specified in paragraph 11.

Economic Disarmament

14. In order to effect the economic disarmament of Japan

a. You will stop immediately and prevent the future production, acquisition, development, maintenance, or use of all arms, ammunitions, and other implements of war; naval vessels; all types of aircraft including those designed for civilian use; and all parts, components, and materials especially designed for incorporation in any of the foregoing.

b. You will take such measures as you deem necessary to safeguard the facilities used or intended for use in the production or maintenance of any of the items above mentioned. Pending further instructions as to their ultimate disposition such facilities are not to be destroyed except in emergency situations.

c. You will not postpone the enforcement of the prohibitory program specified in subparagraph a or carrying out instructions that you will receive pursuant to subparagraph b without specific approval through the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Should you, however, find that production of any of the items enumerated in subparagraph a is essential to meet your requirements for military operations, the occupying forces, or temporary military research, you will make suitable recommendations to the Joint Chiefs of Staff; and pending the decision of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, you are authorized to make arrangements for production to the minimum extent necessary therefor.

15. Instructions which will be subsequently transmitted to you for carrying out programs for economic disarmament, reparations and restitution will involve the reduction or elimination of certain branches of Japanese production, such as iron, steel, chemicals, non-ferrous metals, aluminum, magnesium, synthetic rubber, synthetic oil, machine tools, radio and electrical . . . . . .

equipment, automotive vehicles, merchant ships, heavy machines, and important parts thereof.

Pending, however, final and specific decision on these matters, you will permit continued production in these industries and the repair of production facilities to the minimum extent required to meet the needs of the occupation forces, and the minimum peaceful requirements of the populations.

You will make clear to the Japanese that any permission to continue production or to repair production facilities is granted without prejudice to final decisions, as to either the limitations that may be imposed upon any branch of the Japanese economy or deliveries which may be required as reparations or restitution.

16. You may also permit the conversion of plant and equipment, including those types mentioned in paragraphs 14 and 15, to the production of essential consumer goods. You will satisfy yourself that any such conversion undertaken is a genuine move towards a peaceful economy and not a disguised attempt to preserve capacity to produce for military purposes.

You will also make clear to the Japanese that any such permission to convert is granted without prejudice to subsequent decisions as regards removal of plant or equipment on account of reparations or restitution or scrapping for security reasons under paragraph 11.

17. You will

a. Immediately establish a system of inspection, and control to insure that production of the type forbidden in paragraphs 14 and 15 is not undertaken in concealed or disguised form.

b. Have prepared as rapidly as possible inventory reports upon all significant facilities that have been producing or are intended to produce the products covered in paragraph 14, and in all the industries specifically mentioned in paragraph 15. These reports should specify the condition and

capacity of plant and equipment and the extent of raw materials stocked, finished goods, and goods in process. You will also inventory the Japanese merchant fleet.

In order to furnish the information necessary for further decisions concerning economic policy you will communicate these reports to the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

c. Develop and recommend to the Joint Chiefs of Staff controls which will prevent Japanese rearmament after termination of your occupation.

18. You will insure that all laboratories, research institutes, and similar technological organizations are closed immediately except those you deem necessary to the purposes of the occupation. You will provide for the maintenance and security of physical facilities thereof when deemed necessary, and for the detention of such personnel as are of interest to your technological or counter-intelligence investigations. You will at once investigate the character of the study and research conducted in such closed organizations and as rapidly as possible permit the resumption of those forms of study and research that have an obviously peaceful purpose under appropriate regulations which (1) define the specific type of research permitted, (2) provide for frequent inspection, (3) require free disclosure to you of the results of the research, and (4) impose severe penalties, including permanent closure of the offending institution whenever the regulations are violated.

The Operation of the Japanese Economic System

19. The Japanese authorities will be expected to develop and effectively carry out programs of working activity that will enable them out of their own resources and labor to accomplish the following:

a. To avoid acute economic distress.

b. To assure just and impartial distribution of available supplies.

c. To meet your demands for the needs of the occupying forces.

d. To meet the requirements for such reparations deliveries as may be agreed upon by the Allied Governments.

In order to achieve these aims, the Japanese authorities will have to make the utmost effort to maximize production of agricultural and fishery products, coal, charcoal, housing repair materials, clothing and other essentials. In the event that they fail to do so, you will direct them to take such measures as in your judgment are necessary.

20. You will require the Japanese authorities to provide goods and services to meet the needs of the occupying forces to the extent that this can be effected without causing starvation, widespread disease and acute physical distress.

21. The Japanese authorities shall be permitted on their own responsibility to establish and administer any controls over economic activities that are appropriate or necessary in order to achieve the economic ends specified in paragraph 19. Both the policy and the administration of these controls shall be subject to your approval and supervision particularly in so far as they may conflict with paragraph 15. This paragraph shall not preclude your taking direct action as provided in paragraph 12.

22. Serious inflation will substantially retard the accomplishment of the ultimate objectives of the occupation. You . . . .

will, therefore, direct the Japanese authorities to make every feasible effort to avoid such inflation. However, prevention or restraint of inflation shall not constitute a reason for limiting the removal, destruction, or curtailment of productive facilities in fulfillment of programs for reparations, restitution, demilitarization, or economic disarmament.

Elimination of Certain Elements in the Japanese Economic System

23. You will prohibit the retention in or selection for positions of important responsibility or influence in industry, finance, commerce, or agriculture of all persons who have been active exponents of militant nationalism and aggression, of those who have actively participated in the organizations enumerated in paragraph 5 g (page 141, Political and General Part) of this directive, and of any who do not direct future Japanese economic effort solely towards peaceful ends. (In the absence of evidence, satisfactory to you, to the contrary, you will assume that any persons who have held key positions of high responsibility since 1937, in industry, finance, commerce or agriculture have been active exponents of militant nationalism and agression.)

24. You will require the protection from destruction and the maintenance for such disposition as may be determined by this and other directives of all plants, equipment, patents, books and records and all other significant property of the large Japanese industrial and financial companies and trade and research associations that have played an important part in the Japanese war effort or economy.

Democratization of Japanese Economic Institutions

25. It is the intent of the United States Government to encourage and show favor to:

a. Policies which permit a wide distribution of income and of ownership of the means of production and trade.

b. The development or organizations in labor, industry, and agriculture organized on a democratic basis. Accordingly, you will:

(1) Require the Japanese to establish a public agency responsible for reorganizing Japanese business in accordance with the military and economic objectives of your government. You will require this agency to submit, for approval by you, plans for dissolving large Japanese industrial and banking combines of other large concentrations of private business control.

(2) Establish and maintain surveillance, until satisfactory plans for reorganization have been approved, over the Japanese businesses described in subparagraph (1) above in order to ensure conformity with the military and economic objective of your government.

(3) Dissolve the Control Associations. Any necessary public function previously performed by these associations should be transferred to public agencies, approved and supervised by you.

(4) Abrogate all legislative or administrative measures which limit free entry of firms into industries to be reorganized where the purpose or effect of such measures is to foster and strengthen private monopoly.

(5) Terminate and prohibit all Japanese participation in private international cartels or other restrictive private international contracts or arrangements.

(6) Require the Japanese to remove, as rapidly as practicable, wartime controls over labor and reinstate protective labor legislation.

(7) Require the removal of all legal hindrances to the formation of organizations of employees along democratic lines, subject to any necessary safeguards to prevent the perpetuation of militaristic influences under any guise or the continuation of any group hostile to the objectives and operations of the occupying forces.

(8) Prevent or prohibit strikes or other work stoppages only when you consider that these would interfere with military operations or directly endanger the security of the occupying forces.

Foreign Economic Transactions.

26. You will establish controls over all Japanese foreign trade in goods and services. Such controls should be so operated as to give effect during the initial period to the following policies:

a. Exports shall not be approved if such goods are clearly needed to meet minimum domestic requirements.

b. No exports of plant and equipment shall be permitted until determination has been made as to whether they may be required for reparations or restitution.

c. Exports other than those directed to be shipped on reparation account or as restitution may be made only to those recipients who agree to provide necessary imports in exchange or agree to pay for such exports in foreign exchange.

d. All proceeds of exports shall be controlled by you and made available in the first place for the payment for approved imports. No person, corporation or organization in Japan shall be permitted to acquire foreign assets of any kind except with your special approval.

e. Approval should be given only to imports which are clearly in accord with the economic policies elsewhere set down in this directive.

f. Neither the need for imports or exports (including exports that might be made on reparations account) shall be deemed a reason for requiring or permitting any branch of Japanese industry to be restored or developed to an extent that might significantly contribute to Japan's warmaking potential, or promote dependence by other countries on Japan for strategic products.

27. The Japanese authorities are to enter into no economic agreements of any kind with foreign governments or interests except after prior consultation with you by your express approval. Any such proposed agreements should be submitted to the Joint Chiefs of Staff for their consideration.

Reparations and Restitutions

28. You will assure the execution of programs of reparations in kind and of restitution of identifiable looted property in accordance with decisions of the appropriate Allied authorities transmitted to you by the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Reparations will be accomplished:

a. Through the transfer of Japanese property located outside of the territories to be retained by Japan;

b. Through the transfer from Japan of goods, existing plant, equipment, and facilities that are not necessary to the operation of a peaceful Japanese economy, or the supplying of the occupying forces.

All requests received by you, for reparations or restitution from the United Nations which have been victimes of Japanese aggression will be reported with your recommendations to the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

B. CIVILIAN SUPPLY AND RELIEF

Civilian Supply Policy and Standard of Provision

29. a. You will assure that all practicable economic and police measures are taken to achieve the maximum utilization of essential Japanese resources in order thatimports into Japan may be strictly limited. Such measures will include production and price controls, rationing, control of black markets, fiscal and financial controls and other measures directed toward full employment of resources, facilities and means available in Japan.

b. You will be responsible for providing imported supplies only to supplement local resources and only to the extent supplementation is needed to prevent such widespread disease or civil unrest as would endanger the occupying forces or interfere with military operations. Such imports will be confined to minimum quantities of food, fuel, medical and sanitary supplies and other essential items, including those which will enable local production of such supples which you would otherwise have to import.

c. Supplies necessary to be imported under paragraph 29 b above will be obtained to the extent possible from surpluses available from other Asiatic and Pacific Ocean areas. To the extent that such surpluses are available in areas under the jurisdiction of other United States commanders, arrangements may be made by you directly with such other commanders. To the extent that such surpluses are available in areas under the jurisdiction of governments other than the United States, or the military commanders of such governments, negotiations necessary to obtain such surpluses will be conducted by or with approval of local United States diplomatic representatives in the areas in question. In the eventsuch diplomatic representatives are not available, you will report the situation, with your recommendations to the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

d. If you deem that you should assume responsibility for additional imports to accomplish the objectives of your occupation, you will submit your recommendations to the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

Methods and Conditions of Distribution

30. You will require that all practicable steps be taken to assure the fair and equitable distribution of supplies under uniform ration scales.

31. To the maximum extent consistent with military expediency, imported supplies for the civilian population should, in so far as

practicable and desirable, be delivered to such Japanese public supply agencies or other consignees as are acceptable to you and under your direct supervision or control. Whenever possible, such deliveries will be at ports of entry, but if necessary, deliveries may take place at appropriate inland centers of distribution.

32. You may make sales directly to wholesalers or other commercial dealers in the event that no satisfactory public supply agency exists or that operational or other reasons render distribution of civilian supplies through such an agency impracticable. In order to limit direct provision and distribution of supplies by you to the civilian population, you should assure that the Japanese do not unnecessarily involve the occupying forces in such responsibility. Such direct sales by you as are necessary will be paid for by the purchaser in local currency at prices determined by you to be consistent with the internal economy.

33. Supplies delivered to supply agencies or other consignees will be sold by them through distribution channels and in accordance with distribution policies satisfactory to you and at prices determined by you to be consistent with the internal economy. When military necessity requires, civilian supplies may be made the subject of direct relief issue by you or by supply agencies under your supervision or control.

PART III

FINANCIAL

34. In the financial field you will make full application of the principles stated elsewhere in this directive, acting through the Japanese Government to the extent that effective execution of the policies and programs hereinafter enumerated will permit, but establishing administrative machinery not dependent upon Japanese authorities and agencies to the extent necessary to execute or assure the effective execution of such policies and programs. You are specifically directed to establish such independent administrative machinery in order to execute or assure the effective execution of the provisions of paragraphs 40, 41, 45, 46 and 47 of this directive.

35. Japanese financial organizations and the public finance system will be expected to function on the basis of Japanese resources. You will take no steps designed to maintain, strengthen, or operate the Japanese financial structure except in so far as may be necessary for the purposes specified in this directive.

36. You may authorize or require the Bank of Japan or any other bank or agency to issue bank notes and currency which will be legal tender; without such authorization no Japanese governmental or private bank or agency will be permitted to issue bank notes or currency.

37. You will require the Japanese authorities to make available to you legal tender yen notes or yen credits free of cost and in amounts sufficient to meet all expenses of your forces including the costs of your military occupation.

38. a. In the event that for any reason adequate supplies of regular legal tender yen notes are not available you will use supplemental military yen (Type "B") issued . . . . . .

pursuant to military proclamation. Supplemental yen will be declared legal tender and will be interchangeable at par without distinction with other legal tender yen currency.

b. Regular yen currency will include currencies which are now legal tender in the area.

c. Japanese military yen issued for circulation in territories occupied by the Japanese will not be legal tender and will not be acceptable nor interchangeable with supplemental yen or regular yen currencies.

39. You will not announce, establish or permit the use or publication, until receipt of further instructions, of any general rate of exchange between the Japanese yen on the one hand the U. S. dollar and other currencies on the other. However, a rate of conversion to be used exclusively for pay of military and naval personnel and for military and naval accounting purposes, namely 15 regular or supplemental yen equal one U. S. dollar, has already been communicated to you.

40. You will remove and exclude from positions of important responsibility or influence in all public and private financial institutions, agencies or organizations all persons who have been active exponents of militant nationalism and aggression or who actively participated in the organizations enumerated in paragraph 7 of this directive. It may be generally assumed in absence of evidence to the contrary that any persons who have held key positions in any such institutions, agencies, or organizations are active exponents of militant nationalism and aggression. You will also prevent the retention in or selection for places of importance in the financial field of individuals who do not direct future financial effort solely towards peaceful ends.

41. You will close and not allow to reopen banks and other financial institutions whose paramount purpose has been the . . . . .

financing of war production or the mobilization or control of financial resources in colonial or Japanese occupied territories. These include:

a. The Wartime Finance Bank,

b. The National Financial Control Association and its member control associations,

c. Offices, in the area, of the Bank of Chosen and the Bank of Taiwan,

d. The various banks and development companies whose fields of operation have been outside Japan proper such as the Southern Development Company, the Southern Development Company Bank and the Tokyo offices of the Central Bank of Mancheu, Bank of Mongolia, Federal Reserve Bank of China, and Central Reserve Bank of China. You will take custody of all the books and records of these banks and other institutions.

42. You are authorized to take such financial measures as you may deem necessary to accomplish the objective of your military occupation, specifically including, without limitation, the following:

a. Close banks, other than those indicated in paragraph 41 above, only where clearly necessary for the purposes of introducing satisfactory control, removing objectionable personnel and taking measures to effectuate the program for the blocking of certain accounts and transfers or the determination of accounts to be blocked or for other reasons of military necessity. You should reopen any banks so closed except those indicated in paragraph 41 above, as promptly, as is consistent with the accomplishment of the foregoing purposes;

b. Prohibit, or regulate transfers or other dealings in private or public securities or real estate or other property;

c. Establish a general or limited moratorium or moratoria only to the extent clearly necessary to carry out the

objectives of your military occupation;

d. Close stock exchanges, insurance companies and similar financial institutions for such periods as you deem appropriate.

43. You will prohibit the payment of:

a. All military pensions, or other emoluments or benefits, except compensation for physical disability limiting the recipient's ability to work, at rates which are no higher than the lowest of those for comparable physical disability arising from non-military causes;

b. All public or private pensions or other emoluments or benefits granted or conferred:

(1) By reason of membership in or services to the Political Association of Great Japan, the Imperial Rule Assistance Association (Taisei Yokasankai), the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Society (Taisei Soijikei), their affiliates and agencies or any successor or similar organizations, and all Japanese nationalistic terroristic and secret patriotic societies and their agencies and affiliates.

(2) To any person who has been removed from an office or position in accordance with paragraphs 5 or 40 of this directive.

(3) To any person interned in accordance with paragraph 7 of this directive, during the term of his internment, or permanently in case of his subsequent conviction.

44. a. Any laws, ordinances and regulations or practices relating to taxation or other fields of finance which tend to discriminate for oragainst any person because of nationality, race, creed or political opinion will be amended, suspended or abrogated to the extent necessary to eliminate such discrimination. The collection of contributions

of any kind for nationalistic, imperialistic, militaristic, or anti-democratic societies of any kind will be prohibited.

b. You will insure that Japanese public expenditures are consistent with the objectives stated elsewhere in this directive.

45. You will impound or block all gold, silver, platinum, currencies, securities, accounts in financial institutions, credits, valuable papers and all other assets within the categories listed below:

a. Property owned or controlled directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, by any of the following:

(1) The Japanese national, prefectural and local governments, or any agency or instrumentality of any of them, including all utilities, undertakings, public corporations or monopolies under the control of any of the above;

(2) The Governments, nationals, or residents of Germany, Italy, Bulgaria, Rumania and Hungary, including those of territories formerly occupied by them and by Japan;

(3) The Japanese Imperial Household;

(4) The Political Association of Great Japan, the Imperial Rule Assistance Association, the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Society, their affiliates and agencies or any successor or similar organizations, and all Japanese nationalistic, terroristic and secret patriotic societies, agencies and affiliates and their officials, leading members and supporters;

(5) The National Shinto;

(6) All organizations, clubs or other associations prohibited or dissolved by you;

(7) Absentee owners of non-Japanese nationality including United Nations and neutral governments and

Japanese outside of Japan;

(8) Any person or concern in any area under Japanese control at any time since 1894, except the islands of Honshu, Hokkaido, Kyushu, Shikoku and whatever minor islands are left to Japan;

(9) Persons subject to internment under provisions of paragraph 7, and all other persons specified by Military Government by inclusion in lists or otherwise.

b. All Japanese (public and private) foreign exchange and external assets of every kind and description located within or outside Japan.

c. Property which has been the subject of transfer under duress, wrongful acts of confiscation, dispossession or spoliation, whether pursuant to legislation or by procedure purporting to follow forms of law or otherwise.

d. Works of art of cultural or material value of importance, regardless of ownership.

You will take such action as will insure that any impounded or blocked assets will be dealt with only as permitted under licenses or other instructions which you may issue. In the case particularly of property blocked under a (1) above, you will proceed to adopt licensing measures which will maintaining such property under surveillance permit its use by you or by the licenses in consonance with this directive. In the case of property blocked under c above, you will institute measures for prompt restitution, in conformity with the objectives of this directive and subject to appropriate safeguards to prevent the cloaking of militaristic and other undesirable influence.

You will require from the Japanese Government such reports as you deem necessary to obtain full disclosure of all assets mentioned in b above.

46. You will seek out and reduce to the possession or control of a special agency established by you within your command all . . .

Japanese (public and private) foreign exchange and external assets of every kind and description located within or outside Japan.

47. All foreign exchange transactions, including those arising out of exports and imports, will be controlled with the aim of preventing Japan from developing a war potential and of achieving the other objectives set forth in this directive. To effectuate these purposes, you will:

a. Prohibit, except as authorized by regulation or license, all dealings in gold, silver, platinum, foreign exchange, and all foreign exchange transactions of any kind.

b. Make available any foreign exchange proceeds of exports for payment of imports directly necessary to the accomplishment of the objectives of this directive, and authorize no other outlay of foreing exchange assets without specific approval of your government through the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

c. Establish effective controls with respect to all foreign exchange transactions, including:

(1) Transactions as to property between persons inside Japan and persons outside Japan;

(2) Transactions involving obligations owed by or to become due from any person in Japan to any person outside Japan; and

(3) Transactions involving the importation into or exportation from Japan of any foreign exchange asset or other form of property.

d. You will provide full reports to your government with respect to all Japanese foreign and external assets.

48. No extension of credit to Japan or Japanese by any foreign person, agency or government will be permitted except as may be authorized by your government through the Joint Chiefs of Staff upon your recommendations.

49. It is not anticipated that you will make credits available to the Bank of Japan or any other bank or to any public or private institution. If, in your opinion, such action becomes essential, you may take such emergency actions as you may deem proper, but in any such event, you will report the facts to your government through the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

50. You will maintain such accounts and records as may be necessary to reflect the financial operations of your military occupation and you will provide the Joint Chiefs of Staff with such information as it may require, including information in connection with the use of currency by your forces, any governmental settlements, occupation costs, and other expenditures arising out of operations or activities involving participation of your forces.

V

III.

Influential Members of Ultra-nationalistic, Terroristic or Secret Patriotic Sociaties. (15)

6-16

Any person who has at any time:

1. Been a founder, officer or director of; or

2. Occupied any post of authority in; or

3. Been an editor of any publication or organ of; or

4. Made substantial voluntary contributions

(a sum or property the value of which is large in itself or large in proportion to the means of the individual in question) to:

The national organization or metropolitan, Do, Fu, Ken, Gun (including area under jurisdiction of head of branch of the prefectural office), city, ward, town, or village branch of any of the following organizations.

Tokyo Metropolis

(1) AIKOKU SHA (Patriotic Society)

AIKOKU KINRO TO (Patriotic Labor Party)

AIKOKU SHA (Patriotic Society)

(2) AJIA SEINEN SHA (Asia Young Men's Society)

(3) AJIA TAIRIKU KYOKAI (Asiatic Continent Society)

DAIA GIMEI (Greater Asiatic Moral Federation)

(4) DAI AJIA KYOKAI (Greater Asia Society)

(5) DAI CHOKUKAI (Greater Righteous Society)

(6) DAI NIPPON GENRON HOKOKU KAI (Literary Patriotic Society)

DAI NIPPON GOKOKU KAI (Greater Japan Patriotic Militia)

(7) DAI NIPPON ISSHIN KAI (Great Japan Renovation Society)

(8) DAI NIPPON KEIKOKU RENMEI (Great Japan Statecraft Alliance)

(9) DAI NIPPON KINNO DOSHI KAI (Great Japan Loyalist Comrades Society)

(10) DAI NIPPON KINNO KAI (Great Japan Loyalist Society)

(11) DAI NIPPON KODO KAI (Great Japan Imperial Morality Association)

(12) DAI NIPPON SEISA TO (Great Japan Production Party)

(13) DAI NIPPON SEKISEI-KAI (Including DAI NIPPON SEINEN TO) (Great Japan True-Hearted Society)

DAI NIPPON SHINPEI TAI(SHINPEI TAI) (Greator Japan Divine Corps (Divine Corps)

(14) DAI TOA KEISETSU KOKUMIN UNDO KENKYUKAI (Association of National Movements for Construction of Greator East Asia)

(15) DAI TOA KENSETSU KYOKAI (Greator East Asia Construction Society)

(16) DAI TOA KYOKAI (Great East Asia Association)

(17) DAI TOA SEINEN DOMEI (Great East Asia Young Men's Alliance)

DAI TO SHA (Greater Union Association)

(18) DAI TOA SEINEN TAI (Greater East Asia Youth Corps)

(19) DAITO JUKU (Eastern Academy)

(20) DOJIN KAI (Equal Benevolence Society)

DOKURITSU SEINEN SHA (Independent Youth Association)

GENRI NIPPON SHA (Principle Japan Society)

(21) GENYOSHA (Dark Ocean Society)

(22) ISHIN KORON SHA (Restoration Public Opinion Society)

(23) JIKEN SHORI KENKYU KAI (Society for the Study of Management of the Incident)

(24) JIKISHIN DOJO (Righteous Academy)

(25) JIKYOKU KYOGI KAI (Current Affairs Discussion Society)

JINMU KAI (Jinmu Association)

(26) KAI JIN KAI (Oceanic Benevolence Society)

(27) KAIKO SHA (Army officer's Association)

(28) KAKUMEI-SHA (The House of the Cry of the Crane)

KETSUMEI DAN (Blood Brotherhood Circle)

(29) KANNAGARA RENMEI (Divine Way League)

(30) KENKOKU KAI (National Foundation Society)

(31) KINKEI GAKUIN (Golden Pheasant Institute)

(32) KINNO GOKOKU KAI (Defense Loyalist Society)

(33) KINNO ISHIN DOMEI (Loyal Restoration Alliance)

(34) KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Loyalist True Solidarity)

(35) KOA MEKKYO RENMEI (Asia Development and Anti Communist League)

(36) KOA UNDO DOSHI KAI (Asia Development Movement Comrades Association)

(37) KOKO YOKUSAN SEINEN RENMEI (Imperial Rule Assistance Young Man's Alliance)

(38) KOKURYU KAI (Black Dragon Society)

(39) KOKUSAI HANKYO RENMEI (International Anti-Communist League)

(40) KOKUSAI SEIKEI GAKKAI (International Political and Economic Society)

(41) KOKUSAKU SHA (National Policy Society)

(42) KOKUSUII DOMEI (Ultranationalist Alliance)

(43) KOKUSUI TAISHU TO (Ultranationalist People's Party)

(44) KOKUTAI YOGO RENGO KAI (National Institution Protection League)

(45) KOMIN JISSEN KYOGIKAI (Imperial Subject Action Discussion Association)

(46) MEIRIN-KAI (Higher Ethics Society)

(47) MEIRIN-KAI Rengo-KAI (Higher Ethics Society Association)

(48) MITATE JUKU (Imperial Shield Academy)

(49) MIZUHO KURABU (Fresh Rice Plant Club)

(50) NANAO KAI (Southern Phoenix Society)

NIPPON FASHIZUMU RENMEI (Japan Fascism League)

(51) NIPPON SHISO KENKYU KAI (Society for the Study of Japanese Thought)

(52) SEIKYO SHA (Religion and Politics Society)

(53) SEINEN AJIA DOMEI (Young Men's Asia Alliance)

(54) SEISEN KANSHO KAI (Society for Complete Triumph of Holy War)

SEISEN KANTETSU DOMEI (Alliance for Complete Holy War)

(55) SEISEN MEICHO UNDO SOHONBU (Sacred War Clarifying National Movement Headquarters)

(56) SEKAI KOKA KAI (World Imperializing Society)

SHINEI TAISHU TO (Rising Popularizing Society)

(57) SHINTO JUKU (East Prosperity Academy)

SHIRIN SO (House of Knights)

(58) SHINPU TOKKO KOZOKUTAI (Divine Tempest Special Attack Succeeding Party)

(59) SONJO DOSHIKAI (Loyalist Comrades Society)

(60) SUIKOSHA (Navy Officers' Association)

(61) SUMERA MIKUNI DOSHI KAI (Imperial State Comrade Society)

(62) SUMERA MIKUNI UNDO DOMEI (Imperial State Movement League)

(63) TAIKA KAI (Great Change Society)

TAIKO SHA (Great Action Company)

(64) TAISHI DOSHI KAI (Chinese Problem Society)

TEKKETSU SHA (Blood-and Iron Association)

(65) TENKAN DAKAI KISEI KAI (Heaven Warrior Break Open Association)

(66) TENKOKAI (Heavenly Action Society)

TENSHOGI DAN (Heavenly Rays Patriotic Association)

(67) TOA KYOKAI (East Asia Society)

(68) TOA RENMEI (East Asia League) which will mean and include

TOA RENMEI DOSHIKAI (East Asia League Comrades Association)

TOA RENMEI KYOKAI (East Asia League Society)

(69) TOA SHISOSEN KENKYUJO (Research Institute for East Asia Thought War)

(70) TOA SHINCHITSUJO KENKYUKAI (Society for the Study of the East Asian New Order)

(71) TOHO DOSHIKAI (Far Eastern Comrades Association)

(72) TOHO KAI (Including SHIN TO SHA) (Eastern Society)

(73) TOKYO SOSEI KAI (Tokyo Creation Society)

(74) TONAN AJIA MINZOKU KAIHO DOMEI (South-eastern Asiatic Races Liberation Alliance)

TOTEN JUKU (Heaven Governing Academy)

(75) YAMATO KURABU (Yamato Club)

(76) YAMATO MUSUBI (Including DAI NIPPON TO) Yamato Solidarity Headquarters)

YUSON SHA (Remaining Force Association)

(77) ZEN NIPPON SEINEN KURABU (All Japan Young Men's Club)

(78) ZEN NIPPON KOKUMIN TOKKO TAI SOHONBU (General Headquarters of All Japan Special Attack Corps)

Hokkaido

(79) HOKKAIDO KOKUMIN DOJO (Hokkaido National Academy)

Kyoto Prefecture

(80) DAIDO JUKU (Cardinal Principle Academy)

(81) ISSHIN JUKU (One Heart Academy)

(82) KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI KYOTO CHIHO HIMUKYOKU (Kyoto Loyalist True Solidarity Office)

(83) SHINSHIN RYO (Sincerity House)

Osaka Prefecture

(84) DAI NIPPON YUKO KAI (Great Japan Development Society)

(85) KAKUSHIN SEINEN TO (Youth Renovation Party)

(86) KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI OSAKA CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Osaka Loyalist True Solidarity Office)

(87) KOKUCHUDAN (Country Pillar Party)

(88) TENCHU JUKU (Sky Support Pillar Academy)

Nagasaki Prefecture

(89) NAGASAKI KEN SOSEI KAI (Nagasaki Prefecture Creation Society)

Niigata Prefecture

(90) SHINNO JUKU (Sacred Agriculture Academy)

Ibaragi Prefecture

(91) AIKYO JUKU (Native Country Loving Academy)

(92) AIKYO KAI (Native Country Loving Society)

(93) IKKEN KINNO UNDO (Prefectural Loyalist Movement)

(94) KINNO YAMATOMUSUBI IBARAGI-CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Ibaragi Loyalist True Solidarity Office)

(95) MITO HIMOROGI JUKU (Mito Divine Academy)

(96) SHIZAN JUKU (Purple Mountain Academy)

(97) TOTEN KAI (Eastern Sky Society)

Aichi Prefecture

(98) KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI TSUSHIMA DOJO (Tsushima Loyalist True Solidarity Hall)

Nagano Prefecture

(99) SHINANO HIMOROGI JUKU (Shinano Divine Academy)

Fukushima Prefecture

(100) FUKUSHIMA HIMOROGI JUKU (Fukushima Divine Academy)

(101) KODO ISHIN JUKU (Imperial Morality Restoration Academy)

Aomori Prefecture

(102) AOMORI-KEN KINNO SEINEN DOMEI (Loyalist Youth Alliance of Aomori Prefecture)

(103) SHINTO JUKU (Rising East Academy)

(104) TOTEN JUKU (Eastern Sky Academy)

Yamagata Prefecture

(105) KOMATSU KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Komatsu Loyalist True Solidarity)

(106) TOKO KAI (Eastern Light Society)

(107) YONEZAWA HIMOROGI JUKU (Yonezawa Divine Academy)

Toyama Prefecture

(108) KENSHIN JUKU (True Exaltation Academy)

(109) SEIEI JUKU (Sacred Clarity Academy)

(110) TATEYAMA JUKU (Mt. Tateyama Academy)

(111) TOYAMA SEINEN YUSHI KAI (Toyama Youth Volunteers Society)

(112) YUSHI JUKU (Galant Figure Academy)

Okayama Prefecture

(113) CHOWA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Chuwa Loyalist True Solidarity)

(114) KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI OKAYAMA-CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Okayama Loyalist True Solidarity Office)

(115) KURASHIKI-SHI KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Kurashiki City Loyalist True Solidarity)

(116) OKAYAMASHI KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI (Okayama City Loyalist True Solidarity)

(117) TSUYAMA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Tsuyama Loyalist True Solidarity)

(118) WAKI KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Waki Loyalist True Solidarity)

(119) YATSUKA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Yatsuka Loyalist True Solidarity)

Gifu Prefecture

(120) KOKUMIN SIEKATSU KENKYUJO (National Living Institute)

Wakayama Prefecture

(121) NIPPON SUMERA (NIPPON KODO TO) - Japan Kodo To (Japan Imperial Way Party)

(122) OTAKEBI, KAI (Gallent Roar Society)

Kagawa Prefecture

(123) KAGAWA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Kagawa Loyalist True Solidarity)

Fukuoka Prefecture

(124) DAIA TAKUSHI GIJUKU (Great Asia Pioneer School)

(125) KONAN SEINEN JUKU (South Development Young Men's Academy)

Saga Prefecture

(126) KUMAMOTO KEN: NIPPON KOITO DOSHI KAI (Kumamoto Prefecture: Carp Banner Comrade Society)

(127) SAGA KEN ISSIN DOSHI KAI (Saga Prefecture Renovation Comrade Society)

d. Official or personnel of newspaper companies, magazine or other publishing companies, broadcasting corporations, companies producing motion pictures or theatrical presentations or any other media of public information or organization which sponsored or controlled the dissemination of information through the above media.

i) Persons who occupied any of the following positions in newspaper companies, magazine or other publishing companies, broadcasting corporation, companies producing motion pictures or theatrical presentations and other media of public information which, between 7 July 1937 and 7 December 1941 in and outside of Japan, engaged actively in activities as mentioned in sub para. c. above or as prescribed in para. 1, Article I of the Imperial Ordinance No. 101 of 1946, and exercised wide influence which are specified in paras. 1 to 4 of the Appended List: "List of organizations of public information to be defined as falling under Category 'G' under the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947" attached hereto. However, companies or organizations and persons that can produce satisfactory evidence to the contrary shall be exempted.

(a) Newspaper Companies and News Agencies

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku Kaicho)

President (Shacho), Vice-President (Fuku Shacho)

Managing Director (Senmu Torishimari Yaku or Senmu Riji)

Standing Director (Jyomu Torishimari yaku or Jyomu Riji)

Director (Torishimariyaku or Riji), who held concurrently any other important post of the company.

Chief of Compilation Bureau (henshu Kyokucho)

Editor-in-Chief (Shuhitsu or Shukan)

Chief of Research Bureau (Chosa Kyokucho)

Managing Editor (Henshu Kyoku Jicho) (in case where there were not less than two managing editors, who were not fulltime, the most senior)

Chief of Editorial Staff (Ronsetsu Iincho or Konsetsu Shunin)

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised the authority commensurate with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.

(b) Book and Magazine publishers.

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku Kaicho)

President (Shacho), Vice-President (Fuku Shacho)

Managing Director (Senmu Torishimariyaku or Senmu Riji)

Standing Director (Jyomu Torishimariyaku or Jomu Riji)

Director (Torishimariyaku or Riji) who held concurrently any other important post of company.

Editor-in-Chief (henshu Kyokuchu, Henshu Bucho or Shukan)

Magazine Editor (Zasshi Henshu-cho or Zasshi Henshu Sekininsha)

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised the authority commensurante with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.

(c) Companies producing motion pictures or theatrical presentations.

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku Kaicho)

President (Shacho), Vice-President (Fuku Shacho)

Managing Director (Senmu Torishimariyaku or Senmu Riji)

Standing Director (Jyomu Torishimariyaku or Jyomu Riji)

Director (Torishimariyaku or Riji) who held concurrently any other important post of company.

Film Production Manager (Seisaku Kyokucho)

Theatrical Production Manager (Geino Kyokucho)

Studio Chief (Satsuei Shocho)

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised authority commensurate with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.

(d) Broadcasting Corporations.

President (Sosai), Vice-President (Fuku Sosai)

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku Kaicho)

Managing Director (Senmu Torishimariyaku or Senmu Riji)

Standing Director (Jomu Torishimariyaku or Jomu Riji)

Director (Torishimariyaku or Riji) who held concurrently any other important post of the corporation

Director of the General Affairs Department (Somukyokucho)

Director of the Business Department (Gyomukyokucho)

Vice-Director of the Business Department (Gyomukyoku Jicho), (in case where there were not less than two vice-directors of the Business Department, who were not full-time, the most senior)

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised the authority commensurate with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.

APPENDED LIST:

(1) Newspaper companies and news agencies

1. The Aikoku Shimbun Sha (Patriotic Newspaper Co.)
2. The Akita Sakigake Shimpo Sha (Akita Sakigake Newspaper Co.)
3. The Asahikawa Shimbun Sha (Asahikawa Newspaper Co.)
4. Cancel
5. The Asahi Shimbun Sha (Asahi Newspaper Co.)
6. The Bushu Simpo Sha (Bushu Newspaper Co.)
7. Cancel
8. The Chugai Shogyo Shimpo Sha (Chugai Commercial Newspaper Co.)
9. The Cho Shimbun Sha (The Nippon Sangyo Hokoku Shimbun)(Cho Newspaper Co., Japan Industrial Patriotic Newspaper Co.)
10. The Chugoku Shimbun Sha (Chugoku Newspaper Co.)
11. The Daimin Sha (Great Nation Co.)
12. The Dainippon Shimbun Sha (Great Japan Newspaper Co.)
13. The Domei Tsushin Sha (Domei News Agency Co.)
14. The Doyo Shimbun Sha (Doyo Newspaper Co.)
15. The Fukui Shimbun Sha (Fukui Newspaper Co.)
16. The Fukuoka Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Fukuoka Daily Newspaper Co.)
17. The Fukushima Mimpo Sha (Fukushima Mimpo Co.)
18. Cancel
19. Cancel
20. The Gifu Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Gifu Daily Newspaper Co.)
21. The Gifu Shimbun Sha (Gifu Newspaper Co.)
22. The Godo Shimbun Sha (United Newspaper Co.)
23. The Hakodate Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Hakodate Daily Newspaper Co.)

24. The Hakodate Shimbun Sha (Hakodate Daily Newspaper Co.)

25. Cancel

26. The Hochi Shimbun Sha (Hochi Newspaper Co.)

27. The Hokkai Times Sha (Hokkai Times Co.)

28. The Hokkoku Shimbun Sha (Hokkoku Newspaper Co.)

29. The Hokuetsu Shimpo Sha (Hokuetsu Newspaper Co.)

30. The Hokuriku Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Hokuriku Daily Newspaper Co.)

31. The Hyuga Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Hyuga Daily Newspaper Co.)

32. The Ibaragi Sha (Ibaragi Co.)

33. The Ise Shimbun Sha (Ise Newspaper Co.)

34. The Iyo Shimpo Sha (Iyo Newspaper Co.)

35. Cancel

36. Cancel

37. The Kagoshima Asahi Shimbun Sha (Kagoshima Asahi Newspaper Co.)

38. The Kagoshima Shimbun Sha (Kagoshima Newspaper Co.)

39. The Kahoku Shimpo Sha (Kahoku Newspaper Co.)

40. The Kainan Shimbun Sha (Kainan Newspaper Co.)

41. Cancel

42. Cancel

43. The Kanmon Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Kanmon Daily Newspaper Co.)

44. The Kansai Nippo Sha (Kansai Newspaper Co.)

45. The Karafuto Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Karafuto Daily Newspaper Co.)

46. The Keijo Nippo Sha (Keijo Newspaper Co.)

47. The Kita-Nippon Shimbun Sha (North Japan Newspaper Co.)

48. The Kobe Shimbun Sha (Kobe Newspaper Co.)

49. The Kobe Yushin Nippo Sha (Kobe Yushin Daily Co.)

50. The Kochi Shimbun Sha (Kochi Newspaper Co.)

51. The Kodo Nippo Sha (Imperial Way Daily Co.)

52. The Kokumin Shimbun Sha (National Newspaper Co.)

53. The Kure Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Kure Daily Newspaper Co.)

54. The Kyoto Hinode Shimbun Sha (Kyoto Sunrise Newspaper Co.)

55. The Kyoto Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Kyoto Daily Newspaper Co.)

56. The Kyushu Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Kyushu Daily Newspaper Co.)

57. The Kyushu Nippo Sha (Kyushu Newspaper Co.)

58. The Kyushu Shimbun Sha (Kyushu Newspaper Co.)

59. The Manshu-koku Tsushin Sha (Manchukuo News Agency Co.)

60. The Manshu Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Manchuria Daily Newspaper Co.)

61. The Manshu Shimbun Sha (Manchuria Newspaper Co.)

62. The Miyako Shimbun Sha (Miyako Newspaper Co.)

63. The Mokyo Shimbun Sha (Mongolian Newspaper Co.)

64. The Muroran Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Muroran Daily Newspaper Co.)

65. The Muroran Nippon Sha (Muroran Newspaper Co.)

66. The Nagasaki Minyu Shimbun Sha (Nagasaki Minyu Newspaper Co.)

67. The Nagasaki Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Nagasaki Daily Newspaper Co.)

68. The Nagoya Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Nagoya Daily Newspaper Co.)

69. Cancel

70. The Nagoya Shimbun Sha (Nagoya Newspaper Co.)

71. Cancel

72. Cancel

73. Niigataken Chuo Shimbun Sha (Niigata Central Newspaper Co.)

74. The Niigata Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Niigata Daily Newspaper Co.)

75. The Niigata Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Niigata Daily Newspaper Co.)

76. The Niigata Shimbun Sha (Niigata Newspaper Co.)

77. The Nikkan Kogyo Shimbun Sha (Daily Industrial Newspaper Co.)

78. The Nipponkai Shimbun Sha (Japan Sea Newspaper Co.)

79. Cancel

80. The Nippon Sangyogun Shimbun Sha (Japan Industrial-Army Newspaper Co.)

81. The Nippon Shimbun Sha (Japan Newspaper Co.)

82. The Niroku Shimpo Sha (Niroku Newspaper Co.)

83. The Oita Shimbun Sha (Oita Newspaper Co.)

84. The Osaka Choho Sha (Osaka Morning Press Co.)

85. The Osaka Jiji Shimpo Sha (Osaka Chronicle Co.)

86. The Osaka Keizai Shimbun Sha (Osaka Economic Newspaper Co.)

87. The Osaka Konnichi Shimbun Sha (Osaka Today Newspaper Co.)

88. The Osaka Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Osaka Daily Newspaper Co.)

89. The Osaka Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Osaka Daily Newspaper Co.)

90. The Otaru Shimbun Sha (Otaru Newspaper Co.)

91. The Saga Shimbun Sha (Saga Newspaper Co.)

92. The Shimotsuke Shimbun Sha (Shimotsuke Newspaper Co.)

93. The Shinaichi Shimbun Sha (New Aichi Newspaper Co.)

94. The Shimano Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Shinano Daily Newspaper Co.)

95. The Shin Iwate Sha (New Iwate Co.)

96. Cancel

97. The Shizuoka Shimpo Sha (Shizuoka Newspaper Co.)

98. The Shoyo Shimpo Sha (Shoyo Newspaper Co.)

99. The Tairiku Shimpo Sha (Continent Newspaper Co.

100. The Taisho Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Taisho Daily Newspaper Co.)

101. The Taiwan Nichinichi Shimpo Sha (Taiwan Daily Newspaper Co.)

102. The Teikoku Shimpo Sha (Imperial Newspaper Co.)

103. The Teito Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Metropolitan Daily Newspaper Co.)

104. The Toa Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (East Asia Daily Newspaper Co.)

105. The Toa Shimpo Sha (East Asia Newspaper Co.)

106. The Tokushima Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Tokushima Daily Newspaper Co.)

107. The Tokushima Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Tokushima Daily Newspaper Co.)

108. The Tokyo Maiyu Shimbun Sha (Tokyo Evening Newspaper Co.)

109. The Too Nippo Sha (Too Newspaper Co.)

110. The Toyama Nippo Sha (Toyama Newspaper Co.)

111. Cancel

112. The Yamagata Shimbun Sha (Yamagata Newspaper Co.)

113. The Yamanashi Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Yamanashi Daily Newspaper Co.)

114. The Yamato Shimbun Sha (Yamato Newspaper Co.)

115. The Yomiuri Shimbun Sha (Yomiuri Newspaper Co.)

116. The Yukan Osaka Shimbun Sha (Evening Osaka Newspaper)

117. The Yukan Teikoku Shimbun Sha (Evening Imperial Newspaper Co.)

118. Tenri-Joho-Sha (Natural Law Press Co.)

(2) Book and Magazine Publishers.

1. The Aikoku Doshi Kai (Patriotists Association)

2. The Aikoku Hyoron Sha (Patriotic Review Publishing Co.)

3. The Ajia Shuppan Sha (Asia Publishing Co.)

4. The Akebono Hakkojo (Dawn Publishing Co.)

5. The Arusu (Arusu Publishing Co.)

6. The Asahi Shimbun Sha Shuppan Kyoku (Asahi Newspaper Co., Bureau of Publication)

7. The Bungei Shunju Sha (Bungei Shunju Publishing Co.)

8. The Chikura Shobo (Chikura Publishing Co.)

9. The Chiyu Nippon Sha (Chiyu Nippon Association)

10. The Chobun Kaku (Chobun Kaku Publishing Co.)

11. The Chosen Kinyu Kumiai Rengo Kai (Korean Financial Unions Asso.)

12. The Chosen Koron Sha (Korean Review Co.)

13. The Chosen Kyoikukai (Korean Education Association)

14. The Chosen Oyobi Manshu Sha (Korea and Manchuria Publishing Co.)

15. The Chuo Koron Sha (Chuo Koron Publishing Co.)

16. The Dai Ajia Kensetsu Sha (Greater Asia Construction Asso.)

17. The Dai Ajia Kyokai (Great Asia Association)

18. The Daido Juku (Kyoto) (Daido School)

19. The Daiichi Koron Sha (Daiichi Koron Publishing Co.)

20. The Daiichi Shobo (Daiichi Publishing Co.)

21. The Daiichi Shuppan Kyokai (Kaiichi Publishing Association)

22. The Daiichi Shuppan Sha (Daiichi Publication Co.)

23. The Dainonji Shoin (Taiheiyo Shokan) (Daimonji Publishing Co.) (Pacific Ocean Publishing Co.)

24. The Dainichi Sha (Dainichi Publishing Co.)

25. The Dai Nippon Doshi Kai (Greater Japan Co-Patriots Asso.)

26. The Dai Nippon Gokoku Seinen Kai (Greater Japan Patriotic Youth's Association)

27. The Dai Nippon Isshin Kai (Greater Japan Reformation Asso.)

28. The Dai Nippon Keibo Kyokai (Greater Japan Defense Association)

29. The Dai Nippon Kinki Kai (Greater Japan Imperial Banner Association)

30. The Dai Nippon Kinki Kai (Greater Japan Loyalists Association)

31. The Dai Nippon Koa Domei (Greater Japan Asia-Construction League)

32. The Dai Nippon Seinendan Hombu (Greater Japan Youngmen's Association Headquarters)

33. The Dai Nippon Sekisei Kai (Greater Japan Patriotic Asso.)

34. Cancel

35. The Dai Nippon Yubenkai Kodan Sha (Greater Japan Yubenkai Kodan Publishing Co.)

36. The Dai Toa Kyokai (Greater East Asia Association)

37. The Daito Juku (Greater East School)

38. The Daito Shuppan Sha (Daito Publishing Co.)

39. The Daiyamondo Sha (Diamond Publishing Co.)

40. Cancel

41. The Dobun Shoin (Dobun Shoin Publishing Co.)

42. The Doitsu Jijo Sha (German Information Publishing Co.)

43. The Fujokai Sha (Fujokai Publishing Co.)

44. The Gaijo Jiho Sha (Diplomatic News Publishing Co.)

45. The Gakuen Sha (Gakuen Publishing Co.)

46. The Gakuto Shisei Kai (Students Patriotic Association)

47. The Gansho Do (Gansho Do Publishing Co.)

48. The Gendai Sha (Gendai Publishing Co.)

49. The Genri Nippon Sha (Genri Nippon Publishing Co.)

50. The Gunjih Engo Kai (Society of Relief and Help for Soldiers)

51. The Gunkei Kai (Military Policemen's Association)

52. The Hakubun Kan (Hakubun Kan Publishing Co.)

53. The Heibon Sha (Heibon Publishing Co.)

54. The Hibon Kaku (Hibon Kaku Publishing Co.)

55. The Higashi Ajia Sha (East Asia Publishing Co.)

56. The Hinomaru Sha (Sun-Flag Publishing Co.)

57. The Hyogoken Kokubo Kyokai Banshu Kokubo Kenkyukai Hombu (Hyogo-ken National Defense Association Banshu National Defense Research Headquarters)

58. The Ikusei Sha (Ikusei Publishing Co.)

59. The Ishin Kai (Ishin Association)

60. The Ishin Koron Sha (Ishin Koron Publishing Co.)

61. The Ishin Undo Sha (Reformation Campaign Association)

62. The Isshin Juku (Reformation School)

63. The Jiei Sha (Sanroku Sha) (Self-Defense Society or Three-Six Association)

64. Cancel

65. The Jinsei Sha (Jinsei Publishing Co.

66. The Jitsugyo No Nippon Sha (Jitsugyo no Nippon Publishing Co.)

67. The Jitsugyo no Sekai Sha (Jitsugyo no Sekai Publishing Co.)

68. The Joho Kyoku (Board of Information)

69. The Kagakushugi Kogyo Sha (Kagaku Sha) (Scientific Industry Publishing Co., Science Publishing Co.)

70. The Kaibo Gikai (Coast Guard Association)

71. The Kaibo Jidai Sha (Critic of the Era Association)

72. The Kaigunsho Gunji Fukyu Bu (Navy Ministry Propagation Board)

73. The Kaiten Jiho Sha (Reformation News Association)

74. Cancel

75. The Kaiten Jiho Sha (Reformation News Association)

76. The Kaizo Sha (Kaizo Publishing Co.

77. The Kakushin Domei (Kobe) (Reformation League (Kobe)

78. The Kakumei So (Reformation School)

79. The Kasumigaseki Shobo (Kasumigaseki Publishing Co.)

80. The Kaibun Sha (Keibun Publishing Co.)

81. The Keinei Sha (Keinei Association)

82. The Keio Shobo (Keio Publishing Co.)

83. The Keisetsu Kyokai (Policemen's Association)

84. The Keizai Chishiki Sha (Economic Knowledge Publishing Co.)

85. The Keizai Joho Sha (Economic Information Publishing Co.)

86. The Kenkoku Kai (National Foundation Association)

87. Cancel

88. The Kinno Makoto Musubi (Loyal Sincereity Board)

89. The Kinno Resshi Kensho Rengokai (Association of Societies for Exalting Loyalists)

90. The Kinsei Sha (Kinsei Publishing Co.)

91. The Kinkei Gakuen (Kinkei School)

92. The Koa Seinen Undo Sha (Asia Construction Youths' Movement Association)

93. The Kobun Sha (Kobun Publishing Co.)

94. The Kodo Fuyoku Undo Sha (Imperial Way Assistance Movement Association)

95. The Kodo Juku (Imperial Way School)

96. The Kodo Nippon Kyokai (Imperial Way Japan Association)

97. The Kodo Sha (Imperial Way Association)

98. The Kodo Yokusan Seinen Renmei (Imperial Way Assistance Youth's League)

99. The Kogun Hakkojo("Imperial Army" Publishing Co.)

100. The Kobon Seikoku Sha (Kobon Seikoku Association)

101. The Kokon Shoin (Kokon Publishing Co.)

102. The Kokoku Doshi Kai (National Construction Co-Patriots Asso.)

103. The Kokon Sha (Imperial Spirit Association)

104. The Kokumin Boku Shuppan Kyokai (Peoples Air-Befense Publishing Association)

105. The Kokumin Hyoron Sha (Kokumin Hyoron Publishing Co.)

106. The Kokumin Keizai Kenkyo Jo (National Economic Research Institute)

107. The Kokumin Kyoiku Tosho Kabushiki Kaisha (National Educational Books Co., Ltd.)

108. Cancel

109. The Kokumin Seiji Keizai Kenkyujo (National Political and and Economic Research Institute)

110. The Kokumin Seishin Bunka Kenkyujo (National Spiritual Culture Research Institute)

111. The Kokumin Seishin Sodoin Chuo Renmei (National Spiritual Mobilization Central League)

112. The Kokumin Shiso Kenkyujo (National Thought Research Institute)

113. Cancel

114. The Kokusai Hankyo Renmei (International Anti-Communist League)

115. The Kokusai Seikei Gakukai (International Political and Economic Institute)

116. The Kokusaku Kenkyu Sha (National Policy Research Assn.)

117. The Kokushui Domei (National Spirit Preservation League)

118. The Komin Jissen Kyogikai (Imperial Subjects Practice Conference Association)

119. The Komyo Shiso Fukyukai (The Nippon Kyobun Kan) (Komyo Thought Propagation Asso., Japan Kyobun Kan)

120. The Konnichi-no-mondai Sha (Konnichi-no-mondai Publishing Co.)

121. Cancel

122. The Kosei Kai (Kosei Association)

123. The Koyo Shoin (Koyo Publishing Co.)

124. The Kyokoku Sha (All Nation Association)

125. The Kyozai Sha (Kyozai Publishing Co.)

126. The Menshu Iju Kyokai (Manchuria Emmigrant Association)

127. The Meguro Shoten (Meguro Publishing Co.)

128. The Meiji Tosho Kabushiki Kaisha (Meiji Book Publishing Co.,Ltd.)

129. The Meirin Kai Rengokai (League of Meirin Assn.)

130. The Meiro Kai (Meiro Association)

131. The Meitoku Kai (Meitoku Association)

132. The Mikasa Shobo (Mikasa Publishing Co.)

133. The Mito Shunju Kai (Mito Shunju Association)

134. The Modan Nippon Sha (The Shin Taiyo Sha) (Modern Japan Publishing Co. (New Sun Publishing Co.)

135. The Monasu (Monasu Publishing Co.)

136. The Morita Shobo (Morita Publishing Co.)

137. The Nagano Yuko Kai (Nagano Yuko Association)

138. The Nagoya Shichisei Kurabu (Nagoya Shichisei Club)

139. The Nancho Jiku (Nancho School)

140. The Nanshin Sha (Advance to South Publishing Co.)

141. Cancel

142. The Nichi-Doku Bunka Kyokai (Japan-German Cultural Asso.)

143. The Nichi-Doku Shuppan Kyokai (Japan-German Publication Asso.)

144. The Nichi-Doku Junkan Sha (Japan-German Ten Days Periodical Co.)

145. Cancel

146. Cancel

147. The Nippon Dempo Tsushin Sha (Nippon Dempo News Agency)

148. Cancel

149. The Nippon Hyoron Sha (Nippon Hyoron Publishing Co.)

150. The Nippon Kakushin To (Japan Reformation Party)

151. The Nippon Keizai Gakumei (Japan Economic School)

152. The Nippon Kokusai Kyokai (Japan International Asso.)

153. The Nippon Koron Sha (Japan Public Review Co.)

154. The Nippon Kyokai (Japan Association)

155. The Nippon Seinen Gaiko Kyokai (Japan Youth Diplomatic Asso.)

156. The Nippon Seinen Kyoikukai (Japan Youth Education Asso.)

157. The Nippon Shiso Kenkyukai (Japanese Thought Research Asso.)

158. The Nosangyoson Bunka Kyokai (Agricultural, Forestry and Fishing Country Cultural Association)

159. The Obun Sha (Obun Publishing Co.)

160. Cancel

161. The Okura Zaimu Kyokai (Okura Financial Affairs Asso.)

162. The Osaka Mainichi Shimbun (Osaka Daily Newspaper Co.)

163. The Panfuretto Bungeo Sha (Pamphlet Literary Co.)

164. The Rikugun Gaho Sha (Army Pictorial Publishing Co.)

165. The Rikugunsho Shimbun Han (War Ministry Newspaper Section)

166. The Riso Sha (Riso Publishing Co.)

167. The Ritsumeikan Shuppanbu (Ritsumeikan University Publication Bureau)

168. Cancel

169. The Sangyo Kumiai Chuo Kai (Central Association of Industrial Unions)

170. Cancel

171. The Sanyu Sha (Sanyu Publishing Co.)

172. The Satomi Nippon Bunka Kenkyujo (Satomi Japan Culture Research Institution)

173. The Seibundo Shinko Sha (Seibundo Shinko Publishing Co.)

174. The Seido Kenkyu Kai (System Research Association)

175. The Seikatsu Sha (Seikatsu Publishing Co.)

176. The Seiken Sha (Nagoya) (Seiken Publishing Co. Nagoya)

177. The Seikyo Sha (Seikyo Publishing Co.)

178. The Seinen Shobo (Seinen Publishing Co.)

179. The Seito Kaisho Renmei (League for Dissolution of Political Parties)

180. Cancel

181. The Sekai Sozo Sha (World Foundation Asso.)

182. The Senso Bunka Kenkyujo (War Culture Research Asso.)

183. The Shakai Kyoiku Kai (Social Education Association)

184. Cancel

185. Cancel

186. The Shiken Ryo (Shiken School)

187. The Shina Jiho Sha (China News Co.)

188. The Shincho Sha (Shincho Publishing Co.

189. The Shin Koa Sha (New Asia Construction Co.)

190. The Shin Nippon Doshi Kai (New Japan Co-Patriots Asso.)

191. The Shin Sei Sha (Shinsei Publishing Co.)

192. The Shin Tenchi Sha (Shin Tenchi Publishing Co.)

193. The Shishio Bunko (Shishio Bunko Publishing Co.)

194. The Shogaku Kan (Shogaku Kan Publishing Co.)

195. The Showa Shobo (Showa Publishing Co.)

196. The Shubunkaku (Shubunkaku Publishing Co.)

197. The Shufu-no-Tomo Sha (Shufu-no-Tomo Publishing Co.)

198. The Shunju Sha (Shunju Publishing Co.)

199. The Sozo Sha (Sozo Publishing Co.)

200. The Taiheiyo Kyokai (Taiheiyo Publishing Co.)

201. The Iyasaka Kai (Iyasaka Association)

202. The Taiseiyokusan Kai Sendenbu (Imperial Rule Assistance Asso. Propagation Division)

203. The Takayama Shoin (Takayama Publishing Co.)

204. The Teikoku Komin Kyoiku Kyokai (Imperial Social Education Asso.)

205. The Teikoku Zaigo Gunjin Kai (Imperial Reserve Soldier League)

206. The Teishin Kyokai (Communications Association)

207. The Teito Nichinichi Shimbun Sha Shuppanbu (Metropolitan Daily Newspaper Co. Publishing Section)

208. The Tengyo Minpo Sha (Tengyo Minpo Co.)

209. The Tenkan Dakai Kisei Kai (Tankan Dakai Kisei Assn.)

210. The Tensen Sha (Tensen Publishing Co.)

211. The Tensho Sha (Yokohama) Tensho Asso. Yokohama)

212. The Toa Dobun Kai (East Asia Co-Culture Association)

213. The Toa Kai (East Asia Association)

214. The Toa Renmei Kyokai (East Asia League Association)

215. The Toho Doshi Kai (Eastern Co-Patriots Association)

216. Cancel

217. The Toko Shoin (Toko Publishing Co.)

218. The Tokyo Choya Shimbun Sha Shuppanbu (Tokyo Choya Newspaper Co. Publishing Section)

219. The Totairiku Sha (East Continent Publishing Co.)

220. The Toyo Keizai Shimpo Sha (Oriental Economy Newspaper Co.)

221. The Toyo Kyokai (Oriental Association)

222. The Umi-to-Sora Sha (Umi-to-Sora Publishing Co.)

223. The Yamatomusubi (Yamatomusubi Association)

224. The Yosuko Sha (Yangtse Publishing Co.)

225. Dai Nippon Kokusai-kai Sohombu (General Headquarters of National Virtues Association of Greater Japan)

226. Dai Nippon Seinen Doshi-kai (Young Men Kindred Spirit Association of Greater Japan)

227. Kwanto Kokushui-kai (Kwanto National Virtues Association)

228. Koa Nihon-sha (Asia Development Japan Company)

229. Kodo Jichi-kai (Imperial Morality Self-Government Asso.)

230. Kodo-kai (Imperial Morality Association)

231. Namboku-sha (South and North Company)

232. Nippon Ronso-sha (Japan Critics, Company)

233. Nippon Shugi Bunka Domei (Cultural Federation of Japanism)

234. Yosei Jiho-sha (Justice Guardiance Current Review Co.)

235. Seikai Orai-sha (Political World Traffic Co.)

236. Seinen Ajia Renmei (Young Men Asia Federation)

237. Shiso-sen sha (Thought War Co.)

238. Tei-yu Rinri-kai (Teiyu Morality Association)

239. Toa Kensetsu Doshikai (Asia Construction Kindred Spirit Asso.)

(3) Companies producing motion pictures or theatrical presentation.

1. The Asahi Eiga Seisaku Kabushiki Kaisha (Asahi Film Production Co., Ltd.)

2. The Chuka Denei Kofun Yugen Koshi (China Film Co., Ltd.)

3. Cancel

4. The Daito Eiga Kabushiki Kaisha (Daito Film Co., Ltd.)

5. Cancel

6. The Kahoku Denei Kofun Yugen Koshi (North China Film Co., Ltd.)

7. The Kokko Eiga Kabushiki Kaisha (Kokko Film Co., Ltd.)

8. The Manshu Eiga Kyokai (Manchuria Film Association)

9. The Nippon Eiga Sha (Japan Film Co.)

10. The Nippon Katsudo-shashin Kabushiki Kaisha (Japan Movie Co., Ltd.)

11. Cancel

12. The Sinko Kinera Kabushiki Kaisha (Sinko Cinema Co., Ltd.)

13. The Shochiku Kabushiki Kaisha (Shochiku Co., Ltd.)

14. The Toho Eiga Kabushiki Kaisha (Toho Film Co., Ltd.)

15. The Tokyo Takarazuka Gekijo (Tokyo Takarazuka Theatre)

(4) Broadcasting Companies

1. The Chosen Hoso Kyokai (Korean Broadcasting Asso.)

2. The Chugoku Hoso Kyokai (China Broadcasting Asso.)

3. The Kahoku Kohan Kyokai (North China Broadcasting Co.)

4. The Manshu Denshin-denwa Kabushiki Kaisha Hoso Sokyoku (Manchurian Telephone and Telegram Co., Ltd. Broadcasting Bureau)

5. The Nippon Hoso Kyokai (Japan Broadcasting Asso.)

6. The Taiwan Hoso Kyokai (Formosa Broadcasting Asso.)

ii) Persons who occupied any of the following positions in organizations which, between 7 July 1937 and 2 September 1945 in and outside Japan, sponsored or controlled the dissemination of information which are specified in para. 5 of the "Appended List." However, organizations or persons that can produce satisfactory evidence to the contrary shall be exempted.

President (Sosai), Vice-President (Fuku-Sosai),

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku-Kaicho),

Chairman of Board of Directors (Riji-Cho),

Managing Director (Senmu-Riji),

Director (Riji) who held concurrently any other important post of the organization,

Influential officials in the censorship of manuscripts over two years.

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised the authority commensurate with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.

(5) Organizations Controlling the Dissemination of Information

1. The Deinippon Eiga Kyokai (Great Japan Film Association)
2. The Manshu Koho Kyokai (Manchuria Information Association)
3. The Nippon Shimbun Kai (Japan Newspaper Association)
4. The Nippon Shuppan Bunka Kyokai (Japan Publication Culture Asso.)

7. Representative of highest executive officer of Ultra-Nationalistic, Terroristic or Secret Patriotic Societies other than those specified in the provision of Paragraph C.

8. Any person who was "recommended" in the general election of 1942.

9. Any person who held between 7 July 1937 and 2 September 1945 any one of the following positions.

Chief of metropolitan, city, ward, town or village federation of branches or chief of city, ward, town or village branch of the Imperial Ex-Servicemen's Association (Zaigo Gunjin Kai).

10. Persons who held the following offices in the Great Japan Military virtue

Association (Dai Nippon Butoku Kai) (to be called Association hereafter) between 22 March 1942 and 2 September 1945, with the exception of those who can give satisfactory proof to the contrary.

(1) Central office-president, Vice-president, Chief of the Board of Directors, Directors and Chiefs of Section.

(2) Prefectural branch-chief, Vice-Chief, Chief of the Board of Directors, Directors and Chiefs of Sections.

(3) Local sub-branch (including sub-office (Bun Kai) and others substantially corresponding with sub-branch), Chief (including chief of sub-office and others substantially corresponding with chief of sub-branch; ditto hereafter.)

Note: "Persons who can give satisfactory proof to the contrary shall be as follows:

1. Proof to the contrary to be recognized in respect of all officers.

Any person or persons who can give proof that he made positive attempts to obstruct the militarization of the association.

II. Other proof to the contrary to be recognized in respect to the following officers.

1. In respect to directors of central office, any person who can give proof to the contrary under the following paragraphs.

(a) That he did not hold the concurrent post of a Section Chief or any other active position, and

(b) The number of attendance at the directors conference being such as not to exceed 1/4 of the number of conferences held during the period in which he was a director and, proof of non-participation in other activities of the association, and,

(c) That his personal record was such as to show that he did not identify himself with any quasi-militaristic or quasi-ultranationalistic activities.

2. Officers of Prefectural Branches

(a) In respect to person who was an officer only before September 22, 1942, any of the above persons who can give proof to the contrary under the following paragraphs.

(1) That the actual activities including the various performances of the said branches were similar to those of the said branches prior to the reorganization of the central office and,

(11) That (consequent on the reorganization of the central office) the preparatory measures for the purpose of the reorganization of the said branches did not become active.

(111) That his personal record was such as to show that he did not identify himself with any quasi-militaristic or quasi-ultranationalistic activities.

(b) In respect to officers subsequent to the period as in 2(a) above, (to include officers even prior to the same date, in cases where the activities of the said branches were in actual fact strengthened or preparatory measures for the purpose of reorganization thereof became active), any person who can give proof to the contrary under the following paragraphs.

(i) That he was not authorized any responsible part in the final coordination or general execution of the functions of the branch, such as Chief of Branch or Chief of the Board of Directors; and,

(ii) That he did not take an active part in strengthening the actual activities of the said branches such as various performances, etc.; and,

(iii) That his personal record was such as to show that he did not identify himself with any quasi-militaristic or quasi-ultranationalistic activities.

3. Chief of Local Sub-Branch.

(a) In respect to any person or persons who was Chief of a local sub-branch only before September 22, 1942, any person or persons who can give proof to the contrary under the following paragraphs.

(i) That the actual activities of the said local sub-branch including its various performances were similar to those of the said branches prior to reorganization of the central office; and,

(ii) That consequent on the reorganization of the central office no preparatory measures for the purpose of strengthening the actual activities of the said local sub-branch were taken; and,

(iii) That his personal record was such as to show that he did not identify himself with any quasi-militaristic or quasi-ultranationalistic activities.

(b) In respect to chief of local sub-branch subsequent to date as in 3 (a) above any person who can give proof to the contrary under following paragraphs.

(i) That the actual activities of the said local sub-branch including the various performances were similar to that of the said sub-branch prior to the reorganization of the central office; and,

(ii) That the period of service as chief of local sub-branch was one year or less; and,

(iii) That during the period of service as chief of local sub-branch the activities of the said branch were in no way militaristic or ultra-nationalistic; and

(iv) That his personal record was such as to show that he did not identify himself with any quasi-militaristic or quasi-ultranationalistic activities.

VI. Governors of Occupied Territories. Any person who has held any of the following positions:

1. Korea:

Any person who has since July 7, 1937 held the position of:

Governor General, or

Superintendent General of Political Affairs (Seimu Sokan)

of the Government General of Korea, or President, Vice-President, Advisor or Member of Privy Council.

2. Formosa:

Any person who has since July 7, 1937, held the position of:

Governor General, or

Director General of General Affairs (Somu Choken)

of the Government General of Formosa.

3. Kwantung:

Any person who has since September 18, 1931 held the position of:

Governor of Kwantung, or

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Manchukuo, or

Director General of Kwantung Board, (Kanto Kyoku Socho)

4. South Seas:

Any person who has since July 7, 1937, held the position of:

Director General of South Seas Administration

5. Netherlands East Indies:

Chief Military Administrator

Superintendent General of the Civil Administration (Minsei Fu Sokon) in the Military Government Areas occupied by the Navy.

Most Senior Civilian Administrator General in the Military Government Areas occupied by the Army

6. Malaya:

Chief Military Administrator (Gun Sei Ken)

Supreme Military Government Advisor

Mayor of Singapore

7. French Indo-China:

Any person who has since December 8, 1941, held the position of:

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to French Indo-China, or

Acting Director General of the General Affairs Bureau in the Govt. General of French Indo-China, Manager of the Bank of Indo-China

8. Burma:

Supreme Advisor to the Military Government in Burma; Supreme Advisor to the Burmese Government, Chief Departmental Advisor to the Burmese Government who was of the Japanese Civil Service Rank of Chokunin or of an equivalent position.

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Burma

9. China:

Supreme Advisor to the Nanking Government

Chief Departmental Advisor to the Nanking Government who was of the Japanese Civil Service Rank of Chokunin or of an Equivalent position.

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to China after the establishment of the Nanking Government.

10. Manchukuo:

Director General or Vice-Director General of the General Affairs Board

Officers of the Central Organization of the Concordia Society.

11. Others:

Supreme or Political Advisor to the Federal Autonomous Government of Mongolia.

Supreme Advisor to the Military Government in the Philippines

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Philippines

Chief of the Hikari Agency

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Thailand.

d. Any person who held a position of Advisor to a Foreign Government including its local organs within the territories occupied by the Japanese armed forces other than those persons falling under the provisions of Paragraph F.

Japanese Thai Alliance Pact

or in the stationing of Japanese forces in French Indo-China or in starting the Greater East Asia War.

(2) Facts that a person in question played an important role in the suppression of opponents of militarism.

(3) Facts that a person in question played an important role in concluding economic agreements with, or in extending credits to countries in the sphere occupied by the Japanese armed forces.

(4) Facts that a person in question played an important part in the financial or production program for Japanese military activities.

Note: The term "conspicuous evidence as a person falling under the provisions of Paragraph G", as mentioned in Paragraph 2 above, will mean and include, the following:

(1) Facts that a person in question played an important part in the conclusion of:

Tripartite Alliance

2. Any person who actively engaged by writing, speech or action in instigating war, suppressing opponents of jingoism, or advocating dictatorship, totalitarianism of the Nazi or Fascist pattern, militarism or ultra-nationalism regardless of whether or not it was his official obligation to do so.

b. Member of the House of Peers or of House of Representatives. Any person who in or outside the Diet was conspicuously active by writing, speech or action for the following purposes: instigation or direction of war, suppression of opponents of jingoism, or inspiring of dictatorship, totalitarianism of the Nazi or Fascist pattern, militarism or ultra-nationalism.

c. Man of letters or artist. Any person who in the capacity as scholar, journalist, member of a newspaper editorial staff, reviewer or writer for magazines or other publications, or in any other similar capacity, comes under one of the following categories because of his writing, lecture, speech, articles, news report, etc.

1) Person who advocated aggression of militant nationalism, or actively contributed to such propaganda, or who through his political or philosophic doctrine laid down an ideological basis for the policies for the Greater East Asia, or New Order in the East Asia or policies of similar nature, or the Manchurian Incident, China Incident or the Pacific War.

2) Person who advocated dictatorship or totalitarianism of the Nazi or Fascist pattern.

3) Person who advocated the supremacy of the Japanese nation to be a leader of other nations or who cooperated actively with propaganda to the above effect.

4) Person who persecuted or denounced liberals or anti-militarists for their liberal or anti-militaristic ideologies.

5) Person who in any other way advocated or championed militarism or ultra-nationalism.

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IV. Persons Influential in the Activities of IRAA, IRAPS, and the Political Associations of Great Japan: (16)

Any person who has at any time held any of the following or commensurate positions:

1. The Imperial Rule Assistance Association

Shintaisei Jumbi-IIn (Member of the New Political Order

President (Sosai)

Vice-President (Fuku Sosai)

Standing Advisor (Jonin Komon)

Advisor (Komen)

Standing Member of the Board of Directors (Jonin Somu)

Member of the Board of Directors (Somu)

Chairman of the National Cooperation Conference (Chuo Kyoryoku Kaigi Gicho)

Secretary-General of the National Headquarters (Chuo Honbu Jimu Socho)

Director of a Bureau of the National Headquarters or Principal of the Central Training Institute (Chuo Honbu Jimu-Kyoku Kaku Kyoku Cho Oyobi Kunran Shocho) Chief (Bucho) or influential Deputy Chief (Fuku Bucho) of a Section of the National Headquarters or of the Central Training Institute.

President (Sori) and Secretary*General (honbu Cho) of the Asia Development Headquarters (Koa So Honbu),

Chief of a bureau (Kyoku Cho) of the Asia Development Headquarters.

Chief (Bu Cho) or influential Deputy

Chief (Fuku Bu Cho) of the Asia Development Headquarters.

Chief (Shibucho), Secretary-General (Jimu Kyoku Cho) or Chief of a section (Bucho) of a Prefectural Branch.

Chairman of a Prefectural Cooperation Conference (kyoryoku Kaigi Gicho)

Chief (Shibucho), Secretary-General (Jimu Kyoku Cho), or Chief of a Section (Bucho) of a Municipal Branch of Tokyo, Kyoto, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe and Nagoya Cities (Called the six principal cities hereafter)

Chairman of a Municipal Cooperation Conference (Kyoryoku Kaigi Gicho) of the six principal cities.

Chief (Shibucho) or Secretary-General (Jimucho) of a Gun, City (excepting the six principal cities; ditto hereafter) or Ward Branch.

Chairman of a Gun, City or Ward Cooperation Conference,

Chief (shibucho) of a Town or Village Branch.

Chairman of a Town or Village Branch Cooperation Conference

2. Affiliates of the IRAA

A. Dainippon Yokusan Sonendan (The Imperial Rule Assistance Youth Association of Great Japan)

President (Dan-cho)

Vice-President (Fuku Dancho)

Advisor (komon)

Member of the Board of Directors (Somu)

Member of the Executive Committee (Riji)

Secretary (Kanji)

Director of the National Headquarters (Honbucho)

President (Dancho, Vice-President (Fuku Dancho), Member of the Board of Directors (Somu), Director (Honbucho), or Chief of a Section (Bucho of a Prefectural Branch.

Chief (Dancho), Deputy Chief (Fuku Dancho), Member of Board of Directors (Somu), Secretary-General (honbucho), Chief of a Section (Bucho) of a Municipal Headquarters of the six principal cities.

Chief (Dancho) of a Gun, City, Ward, Town or Village Branch.

B. Dainippon Koa Domei (The Asia Development League of Great Japan)

President (Sosai)

Chancellor (Tori)

Vice-President (Fuku Sosai)

Standing Advisor (Jonin Komon)

Chairman of the Board of Director (Riji-cho)

Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors (Fuku Riji-cho)

Standing member of the Board of Directors (Jomu Riji)

Member of the Board of Directors (Riji)

Secretary-General (Jimu Socho)

Assistant Secretary-General (Jimu Jicho)

Director of a Bureau of the Secretariat (Jimukyoku Kaku Kyoku-cho)

Chief (Shibu-cho) of a Prefectural Branch

C. Other Affiliates

DAI NIPPON SANGYO HOKOKUKAI (Great Japan Industrial Patriotic Association)

NIPPON KAIUN HOKOKUKAI (Japan Navigation Patriotic Assoc.)

DAI NIPPON SEISHONEN DAN (Great Japan Youth Association)

DAI NIPPON FUJIN KAI - (Great Japan Women's Association)

DAI NIPPON ROMU HOKOKUKAI (Great Japan Laborer's Patriotic Association)

NOGYO HOKOKU RENMEI (Agricultural Patriotic Association)

SHOGYO HOKOKU KAI (Commercial Patriotic Association)

KOKUBO KIKAIKA KYOKAI (National Defense Movement for Mechanical Forces Association)

President (Sosai, Kaicho or Dancho)

Vice-President (Fuku Sosai, Fuku Kaicho, Fuku Dancho)

Chairman of Board of Directors (Riji Cho)

Vice Chairman of Board of Directors (Fuku Riji Cho)

Active member of Board of Directors

Active Advisor

3. Yokusan Seiji Kai (The Imperial Rule Assistance Political Society)

Yokusan Seiji Kosshu Jumbikai Iiń (Member of the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Consolidation Preparation Committee)

President (Sosai)

Advisor (Komon)

Standing Member of the Board of Directors (Jonin Somu)

Member of the Board of Directors (Somu)

Chairman of the Committee for Investigation of Political Affairs (Seimu Chosakai-cho)

Chairman of the Association of Member of the House of Representatives (Daigishikai-cho)

Secretary General (Jimukyoku-cho)

Auditor (Kaikei Kantoku)

Chief of a Section of the Secretariat (Jimukyoku Kaku Bucho)

4. Dai Nippon Seiji Kai (The Political Association of Great Japan)

Any person who took part in the planning of the foundation of the Association.

President (Sosai)

Advisor (Komon)

Member of the Board of Directors (Somu)

Chief Secretary (Kenjicho)

Chairman of the Committee for Investigation of Political Affairs (Seimu Chosakai-cho)

Chairman of the Association of Member of the House of Representatives (Daigishigai-cho)

Auditor (Kaikei Kantoku)

Chief of a Section (Kaku Bucho)

Chief of a Prefectural Branch (To-Do-Fu-Ken Shibu-cho)

5. Member of Yokusen Saiji Taisei Kakuritsu Kyogikai (Council for Establishing the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Structure, including the local branches thereof).

6. Editor of any publication or organ of any of the organizations mentioned in Items 1-5 above.

Note: In those cases where there have been any changes in the names of the above-mentioned organizations or offices due to the changes made in the rules relating thereto the present Paragraph will apply also to such organizations or offices corresponding to those mentioned in the paragraph.

7. Ministry of War (unless appointed since September 2, 1945):

Minister

Permanent Vice-Minister

Parliamentary Vice-Minister

Parliamentary Councillor

Chief Secretary (Kokyu Fukukan)

Any civilian official of the Civil Service Rank of Chokunin or above, or who occupied a position normally held by a person of such rank.

8. Ministry of the Navy (unless appointed since September 2, 1945):

Minister

Permanent Vice-Minister

Parliamentary Vice-Minister

Parliamentary Councillor

Chief Secretary (Kokyu Fukukan)

Any civilian official of the Civil Service Rank of Chokunin or above, or who occupied a position normally held by a person of such rank.

V. Officers of Financial and Development Organizations involved in Japanese Expansions:

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1. Any person who has at any time between 7 July 1937 and 2 September 1945 occupied the position of Chairman of the Board of Directors, President, Vice-President, Directors, Advisor, or Auditor of any of the following or, manager of a controlling branch or a branch commensurate thereto of the following in Japanese Colonial Possession or any territory occupied by the Japanese Army since July 7, 1937.

South Manchurian Railway Company (Minami Manshu Tetsudo K.K.)

Manchurian Development Company (Manshu Takushoku Kosha)

(Including Manchurian Development Joint Stock Co., Ltd.)

or Manshu Takushoku K.K.)

North China Development Company (Kitashima Kaihatsu K.K.)

Central China Development Company (Nakashina Shinko K.K.)

Southern Development Company (Nanyo Takushoku K. K.)

Formosan Development Company (Taiwan Takushoku K. K.)

Manchurian Heavy Industry Company (Manshu Jukogyo K. K.)

Nanyo Development Company (Nanyo Kohatsu K. K.)

Oriental Development Company (Toyo Takushoku K.K.)

Wartime Finance Bank (Senji Kinyu Kinko)

Southern Development Bank (Nampo Kaihatsu Kinko)

Overseas Funds Bank (Gaishi Kinko)

Chosen Colonization Bank (Chosen Shokusan Ginko)

Deutsche Bank fuer Ostasien (Doitsu Toa Ginko)

Bank of Chosen (Chosen Ginko)

Central Bank of Manchukuo (Manshu Chuo Ginko)

Manchurian Development Bank (Manshu Kogyo Ginko)

Karafuto Development Company (Karafuto Kaihatsu K.K.)

Korean Trust Company (Chosen Shintaku K.K.)

Manchuria Investment Securities Company (Manshu Toshi Shoken K.K.)

Federal Reserve Bank of China (Chukoku Rengo Junbi Ginko)

Korean Cooperative Union of Credit (Chosen Kinyu Kumiai Rengo Kai)

Bank of Mongolia (Mokyo Ginko)

National Banking Bureau of Thailand (Taikoku Kokuritsu Ginko Kyoku)

Central Reserve Bank of China (Chuo Chobi Ginko)

Bank of Thailand (Taikoku Ginko)

South China Bank (Kanan Ginko)

Yokohama Specie Bank (Yokohama Shokin Ginko)

Any other bank, development company or institution whose foremost purpose has been the financing of colonization and development activities in colonial and Japanese occupied territory or the financing

of war production by the mobilization or control of the financial resources of colonial or Japanese-occupied territories.

2. Any person who has held the position of the Manager of a branch, or agency or a representative in the territory occupied by the Japanese armed forces of the Bank of Japan at any time between July 7, 1937 and September 2, 1945.

VI. Governors of Occupied Territories. Any person who has held any of the following positions:

1. Korea:

Any person who has since July 7, 1937 held the position of:

Governor General, or

Superintendent General of Political Affairs (Seimu Sokan) of the Government General of Korea, or President, Vice-President, Advisor or Member of Privy Council.

2. Formosa:

Any person who has since July 7, 1937, held the position of:

Governor General, or

Director General of General Affairs (Somu Choken) of the Government General of Formosa.

3. Kwantung:

Any person who has since September 18, 1931 held the position of:

Governor of Kwantung, or

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Manchukuo, or

Director General of Kwantung Board, (Kanto Kyoku Socho)

4. South Seas:

Any person who has since July 7, 1937, held the position of:

Director General of South Seas Administration

5. Netherlands East Indies:

Chief Military Administrator

Superintendent General of the Civil Administration (Minsei Fu Soken) in the Military Government Areas occupied by the Navy.

Most Senior Civilian Administrator General in the Military Government Areas occupied by the Army

6. Malaya:

Chief Military Administrator (Gun Sei Ken)

Supreme Military Government Advisor

Mayor of Singapore

7. French Indo-China:

Any person who has since December 8, 1941, held the position of:

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to French Indo-China, or

Acting Director General of the General Affairs Bureau in the Govt. General of French Indo-China, Manager of the Bank of Indo-China

8. Burma:

Supreme Advisor to the Military Government in Burma; Supreme Advisor to the Burmese Government, Chief Departmental Advisor to the Burmese Government who was of the Japanese Civil Service Rank of Chokunin or of an equivalent position.

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Burma

9. China:

Supreme Advisor to the Nanking Government

Chief Departmental Advisor to the Nanking Government who was of the Japanese Civil Service Rank of Chokunin or of an Equivalent position.

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to China after the establishment of the Nanking Government.

10. Manchukuo:

Director General or Vice-Director General of the General Affairs Board

Officers of the Central Organization of the Concordia Society.

11. Others:

Supreme or Political Advisor to the Federal Autonomous Government of Mongolia.

Supreme Advisor to the Military Government in the Philippines

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Philippines

Chief of the Hikari Agency

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Thailand.

Any person who held botween July 7, 1937 and September 2, 1945 one of the following positions will be considered falling under the provisions of Paragraph G of the Memorandum.

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a. Minister of State (Kokumu Daijin)

b. Lord Keeper of Privy Seal (Nai Daijin)

c. President of the Privy Council (Sumitsuin Gicho)

d. Chief Secretary of the Cabinet (Naikaku Shokikancho)

e. Director-General of the Board of Legislation (Hosei Kyoku Chokan)

f. President of the Board of Information (Jycho Kyoku Sosai)

g. President of the Board of Planning (Kikakuin Sosai)

h. President, Vice-President of the Asia Development Board (Koain Sosai and Fuku Sosai)

i. President of the Board of Manchurian Affairs (Taiman Jimu Kyoku Sosai) (including those who held the position prior to July 1937)

j. Public Prosecutor General (Konji Socho)

k. Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Ambassador to Germany or Italy.

2. Any person who held between July 7, 1937 and September 2, 1945 one of the following positions and about whom there has been conspicuous evidence as a person falling under the provisions of Paragraph 6.

A. Governmental offices

a. Cabinet Councillor (naikaku Sangi)

b. Cabinet Advisor (Naikaku Komon)

c. Vice-President of the Privy Council

d. Board of Information-Vice-President and Director of a Division

e. Board of Planning-Vice-President and Director of a Division

f. Asia Development Board-Director-General of General Affairs, Director of a Division, Director-General of a Liaison Office.

g. Board of Manchurian Affairs-Vice-President

h. Any Ministry-Vice-Minister, Parliamentary Vice-Minister, Parliamentary Councillor, Director-General of a General Board or Director

i. Governor-General of a Local Government-Bureau (Chiho Sokan), Superintendent-General of the Metropolitan Police Board, Director-General of Local Military Procurement Supervision Office (Chiho Gunju Kanribu Chokan)

3-13

B. Others

a. President or Vice-President of the Bank of Japan

b. Manager of a branch or agency or representative within the territories occupied by the Japanese armed forces of any of the banks, corporations and other organizations listed below

Any special bank other than those falling under the provisions of Paragraph E.

Any ordinary bank, trust company, savings banks, insurance company or any other financial institution, whose main office is located in Japan proper (excluding those prescribed in paragraph 6 below)

Any special company

Any Eidan

Any control Association (Tosei Kai)

Any control company (Tosei Kaisha)

Any corporation in which the Government or its agency, a special bank or special company is the largest stockholder.

c. Japanese advisor, representative or executive personnel of Bank of Indo-China and Franco-Japanese Bank.

Note: The term "conspicuous evidence as a person falling under the provisions of Paragraph G", as mentioned in Paragraph 2 above, will mean and include, the following:

(1) Facts that a person in question played an important part in the conclusion of:

Tripartite Alliance

3-13

d. Any person who held a position of Advisor to a Foreign Government including its local organs within the territories occupied by the Japanese armed forces other than those persons falling under the provisions of Paragraph F.

or in the stationing of Japanese forces in French Indo-China or in starting the Greater East Asia War.

(2) Facts that a person in question played an important role in the suppression of opponents of militarism.

(3) Facts that a person in question played an important role in concluding economic agreements with, or in extending credits to countries in the sphere occupied by the Japanese armed forces.

(4) Facts that a person in question played an important part in the financial or production program for Japanese military activities.

5. Any person who has been in any of the following positions or professions and who has been positive in activities such as mentioned in Paragraph G.

3-13

a. Government official (other than those who fall under Paragraphs 1 to 4).

1.) Any person who during all those past years of war -namely from July 7, 1937 to September 3, 1945 - took part in the planning or execution of important war-time policies of the Government pertaining to the following matters (except those whose tenure of office was especially short);

a. Propaganda or dissemination of news for the purpose of instigating war, suppressing opponents of jingoism or advocating dictatorship, totalitarianism of the Nazi or Fascist pattern, militarism or ultra-nationalism.

b. Guidance or control of though or speech for the same purpose.

Note: Detailed interpretation of subparas. a. and b. above shall be as follows:

Persons who conducted control and censor of press, thought or public information who held any of the following positions between 7 July 1937 and 2 September 1945. However those who can produce satisfactory evidence to the contrary shall be exempted.

(a) The Board of Information (Joho-Kyoku)

Vice-President (Jicho)
Directors of Divisions (Bucho)
Influential Section Chiefs in charge of control and censorship of press, news, magazines and other publications, radio, film, play and other dissemination of information

(b) The Home Departments (Naimu-Sho)

Vice-Minister (Jikan)

Director of Police Affairs Bureau (Keiho-Kyokucho)

Chief of Publications Section (Tosho-Kacho)

Chief of Censorship Section (Kenetsu-Kacho)

(c) The Metropolitan Police Board (Keishi-Cho)

Inspector-General (Keishi-Sokan)

Director of Special Police Division (Tokyo-Bucho)

Chief of Censorship Section (Kenetsu-Kacho)

(d) The Education Department (Monbu-Sho)

Vice-Minister (Jikan)

Director of Thoughts Bureau (Shiso-Kyokucho)

Director of Moral Education Bureau (Kyogaku Kyokucho or Kyogaku-Kyokuchokan)

Director of Test-Books Bureau (Tosho-Kyokucho)

Influential Division Chiefs (Bucho) and Section Chiefs (Kacho) under the Thoughts, the Moral Education and Text Books Bureaus.

(e) The Communication Department (Teishin-Sho)

Vice-Minister (Jikan)

Director of Electric Affairs Bureau (Denmu-Kyokucho)

Chief of Radio Section (Musen-Kacho) in Electric Affairs Bureau (Denmu Kyoku)

(f) The Department of Justice (Shiho-Sho)

Vice-Minister (Jikan)

Director of Criminal Affairs Bureau (Keiji-Kyokucho)

Chief of Thought Section (Shiso Kacho)

(g) The Planning Board (Kikaku-In)

Vice-President (Jicho)

Influential officials who were in charge of making a draft of the General Mobilization Law in connection with thought, speech and publication affairs.

c. Political direction or economic exploitation of Japanese occupied territories.

d. Important plans for war time general mobilization or economic control.

e. Matters enumerated in the note at the end of para. 2 above. ("Conspicuous evidence as a person falling under the provisions of Paragraph G")

f. Other plans for the direction of the war.

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d. Official or personnel of newspaper companies, magazine or other publishing companies, broadcasting corporations, companies producing motion pictures or theatrical presentations or any other media of public information or organization which sponsored or controlled the dissemination of information through the above media.

i) Persons who occupied any of the following positions in newspaper companies, magazine or other publishing companies, broadcasting corporation, companies producing motion pictures or theatrical presentations and other media of public information which, between 7 July 1937 and 7 December 1941 in and outside of Japan, engaged actively in activities as mentioned in sub para. c. above or as prescribed in para. 1, Article I of the Imperial Ordinance No. 101 of 1946, and exercised wide influence which are specified in paras. 1 to 4 of the Appended List: "List of organizations of public information to be defined as falling under Category 'G' under the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947" attached hereto. However, companies or organizations and persons that can produce satisfactory evidence to the contrary shall be exempted.

(a) Newspaper Companies and News Agencies

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku Kaicho)

President (Shacho), Vice-President (Fuku Shacho)

Managing Director (Senmu Torishimari Yaku or Senmu Riji)

Standing Director (Jyomu Torishimari yaku or Jyomu Riji)

Director (Torishimariyaku or Riji), who held concurrently any other important post of the company.

Chief of Compilation Bureau (henshu Kyokucho)

Editor-in-Chief (Shuhitsu or Shukan)

Chief of Research Bureau (Chosa Kyokucho)

Managing Editor (Henshu Kyoku Jicho) (in case where there were not less than two managing editors, who were not fulltime, the most senior)

Chief of Editorial Staff (Ronsetsu Iincho or Konsetsu Shunin)

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised the authority commensurate with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.

(b) Book and Magazine publishers.

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku Kaicho)

President (Shacho), Vice-President (Fuku Shacho)

Managing Director (Senmu Torishimariyaku or Senmu Riji)

Standing Director (Jyomu Torishimariyaku or Jomu Riji)

Director (Torishimariyaku or Riji) who held concurrently any other important post of company.

Editor-in-Chief (henshu Kyokuchu, Henshu Bucho or Shukan)

Magazine Editor (Zasshi Henshu-cho or Zasshi Henshu Sekininsha)

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised the authority commensurante with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.

(c) Companies producing motion pictures or theatrical presentations.

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku Kaicho)

President (Shacho), Vice-President (Fuku Shacho)

Managing Director (Senmu Torishimariyaku or Senmu Riji)

Standing Director (Jyomu Torishimariyaku or Jyomu Riji)

Director (Torishimariyaku or Riji) who held concurrently any other important post of company.

Film Production Manager (Seisaku Kyokucho)

Theatrical Production Manager (Geino Kyokucho)

Studio Chief (Satsuei Shocho)

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised authority commensurate with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.

(d) Broadcasting Corporations.

President (Sosai), Vice-President (Fuku Sosai)

Chairman (Kaicho), Vice-Chairman (Fuku Kaicho)

Managing Director (Senmu Torishimariyaku or Senmu Riji)

Standing Director (Jomu Torishimariyaku or Jomu Riji)

Director (Torishimariyaku or Riji) who held concurrently any other important post of the corporation

Director of the General Affairs Department (Somukyokucho)

Director of the Business Department (Gyomukyokucho)

Vice-Director of the Business Department (Gyomukyoku Jicho), (in case where there were not less than two vice-directors of the Business Department, who were not full-time, the most senior)

Any other official, regardless of his title, who in fact, exercised the authority commensurate with that of any of the positions listed above or was influential in the making of company policy.