THE BEE:

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"THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR:

J. B. DAWSON.

CANDIDATES FOR THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.
3d district—Felix Labatut.
5th district—B. Marigny, J. Culbertson.
6th district—J. McIlvady, J. P. Freret, F. W. Lea, Berry, F. Guiennie.
8th district—Frederic Buisson.

We call the attention of the members of the legislature, and the sugar planters of Louisiana, to the samples of sugar boiled in vacuum, on the plantation of *T. A. Morgan*, and now exhibiting at the counting house of Samuel P. Morgan & Co., No. 27, Camp street.

Yesterday's mail brings nothing beyond Mobile. Among the numberless failures, which we have been compelled to notice, we mention this with the conviction that it was uncontrollable. The Mobile papers state, the roads are so very bad, as to cut off all expectations of a mail for many days to come. We are willing to apply the axiom: *à l'impossible, nul n'est tenu*. While on this subject, it may not be irrelevant to say a few words of the inland carriage of the mail. Our country subscribers, and these remarks are intended for them, complain of not receiving our papers. They are regularly sent to the post office in this city: the duties of the office are strictly performed, we feel assured; and if the papers are not received in the country, the blame must be laid at the door of the intermediate offices.

We have received files of the *Diario* of Habana, furnishing late dates from that city. The cholera, accompanied by its satellites, terror and death, is continuing its ravages. The papers, however, speak of it as abating in violence. The *Diario* of the 17th, contains an order from the captain general, which, however authoritative it may appear, struck us as peculiarly expedient under existing circumstances. So prevalent, it seems, is the dread of the scourge, that it has invaded all classes of society. The proclamation, to which we allude, forbids all physicians and surgeons, leaving not only the city; but the immediate vicinage, without authority, under the penalty of a severe fine! The protomedical tribunal have imposed a stated tariff on the price of medicine, and, with the sanction of the intendant, have enacted heavy penalties against all extortion or exorbitance. Much as we admire our own government of laws, we can find enough in the recollections of the shameful exactions, and inhuman cupidity, to reconcile us to such arbitrary measures. Both doctors and druggists are enjoined to extend their assistance to the poor without remuneration; the government will, no doubt, compensate the former for their services, and the latter for their drugs.

A Washington correspondent of the Boston Atlas thus summarily disposes of all the talent and intellect in the country to make room for Mr. Webster:—"It cannot be disguised, the truth is too palpable to be covered or discolored, that surrounded as he is with individuals of distinguished talents, at the head of whom stand *Clay*, Tyler, and Frelinghuysen, *he is a man among boys, a giant in the midst of Lilliputians!*"—We can easily imagine the feelings of the Boston Senator as he casts his eye over this indiscreet, injudicious, out-of-place, and *palpable* piece of flattery. It will be regarded as the reverse of any thing just or complimentary, either to the distinguished individual himself or to the country;—and least of all, will he thank this Washington letter-writer for thus deliberately holding him up as a subject for the mirth and ridicule of the whole nation.

DEPRECIATION OF PROPERTY IN JAMAICA.—A gentleman who has an intimate acquaintance with local property in the Island of Jamaica, on looking over our files received by the last vessels, observed that sales have been attempted on the following estates: Temple Hall, with two hundred and forty negroes, which cost a few years since, fifty thousand pounds, was bid in, eight thousand only having been entered for it; Pleasant Hill, a coffee estate, with two hundred and sixty-nine negroes, cost a few years since, one hundred thousand pounds, was bid in, only ten thousand offered. These are said to be fair specimens of the depreciations of the value of estates in the Island; and as they were brought to the hammer, the mortgage having been sued up, would not have brought much more than sufficient to pay the costs of court.—*N. Y. Daily Advertiser.*

The number of vessels which arrived at Boston from foreign ports, during the year 1832, was 1004, of which 156 were ships and barks, 336 were brigs and 300 were schs. The number of American vessels was 843, and of English vessels 211. Of the articles imported coastwise, were 60,011 bales of Cotton; 356,803 barrels of Flour, 1,207,676 bus. of Corn; 47,690 bushels of Rye; 172,771 bushels of Oats; and 77,379 bushels of Shorts. Of the Flour 127 213 brls. were from the State of New-York; 97,036 barrels from Baltimore; 98,075 barrels from Virginia; 43,106 barrels from the District of Columbia, &c.

THE WINDING UP OF CONGRESS.—The scene in each house of Congress at the final adjournment, is always filled with many touching passages. Here a fiery Southron is seen extending his hand to a member who has occupied a seat near him the whole session, and whom before he has hardly deigned to notice,—wishing him a safe return to his family, and health, happiness and prosperity, for the remainder of his life. There, two vigorous gladiators who have watched each other's movements with eyes of suspicion, suddenly are seen advancing with expressions of kindly feeling, as the thought forces itself upon their minds that this meeting may perhaps, be the last. The conflicts of political life do not often allow the flow of gentle feelings, but there are few who, in parting, are sufficiently iron hearted not to manifest some symptoms of sensibility.

Among the number of those who retire from public life with the present session, are some who have long been distinguished in the annals of legislation. There is a Senator from Ohio by the name of Ruggles, who has served eighteen years in that body, than whom a more useful, honest and patriotic man, that State does not possess. The Hon. John W. Taylor, of New-York, now takes his leave of Washington, after having been honored with the confidence of his constituents for an uninterrupted period of twenty years. Dr. Lewis Condict of New-Jersey, an upright, pure and valuable member, also takes his farewell after a term of service not much shorter. Others there are, like John Holmes of Maine, whom office alone has made conspicuous, who

"Are but bubbles on the sea of matter borne;
They rise, they break, and to that sea return."

From the Philadelphia Intelligencer.

BISHOP WHITE.—This virtuous and venerable prelate is perhaps, the only, living individual in this city, who can boast of having been the friend of WASHINGTON. The recollection of the day, when, as Chaplain of Congress, he called down the blessing of Heaven on the infant strugglings of our country, still gives to every thing connected with those times a lively interest. Although now 85 years old, he, on Friday, took an active part in the ceremonies of the day. He ascended the stage erected for the occasion, and raising his feeble hands to heaven, blessed the work that was to commemorate the virtues of his former friend—the pious Washington.—The scene is described to us by a friend as most impressive and interesting.

Amusements.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
MR. J. WALLACK'S LAST NIGHT BUT THREE.
THIS EVENING, MARCH 27th,
Will be enacted the grand romantic operatic drama, entitled
THE BRIGAND.
Allessandro Massaroni, the Brigand chief, Mr J Wallack
Maria Grazie, his wife, : : : : : Miss Placide
With the farce of the
CHILDREN IN THE WOOD.

Chartres-street, No. 43, between Bienville and Custom-house, in the upper part of the Globe Coffee-House.

TEMPLE OF ILLUSIONS OR TRAVELLING COSMORAMA EXHIBITION.—The three days of July, 1830; fight of the port St. Denis; taking of the castle of the Tuilleries; proclamation of the Duke of Orleans, lieutenant general of the kingdom; the royal family of France; Napoleon Bonaparte and all his family; view of Paris, views of Toulouse, Bayonne, Montouban; a Swiss landscape; the column of the place vendome in Paris; the bombardment of Algiers by the French fleet in 1830; Paris, London, St. Petersburg, conflagration of Moscow in 1812, Bordeaux, Marseilles, Genova in Switzerland, a view of the neighbourhood of Palermo in Sicily; Havre de Grace four scenes of domestic life, the sleep, the dressing, the dispute and reconciliation, fighting in July 1830.

The Cosmorama is open every day from 10 o'clock in the morning, till 10 o'clock in the evening, the days when the sun shines. Admittance 50 cents. mar 9

EXHIBITION OF THE
ART OF FANCY GLASS BLOWING & SPINNING.

EXHIBITION room, corner of Conti street. Entrance 92 Chartres street. Mr. Finn respectfully informs the public, that he will exhibit for a short time, his curious and interesting ART; and can assure those who are disposed to encourage the fine arts, that the exhibition will be found worthy of their attention. The process of modelling figures of animals, &c. from glass, in a state of fusion, is so wonderfully sublime, as to fill the beholder with astonishment, and must be witnessed, in order to decide on its merits, as no description can afford an adequate idea of the pleasure it affords. The various productions of the artist, which are rare and exquisite in their construction, are for sale, and well adapted as presents for relatives or a fair friend. Admission 50 cents—children half price. Season ticket, (for one gentleman,) $1. Open from 10 A M till 5 & 4 to 8 P M. mar 25

(*By authority.*)
AN ACT
To provide for the appointment of a Notary Public in the Parish of Lafayette.

SECT. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in general assembly convened,* That there shall be appointed for the Parish of Lafayette, a Notary Public, who shall reside and hold his office on Bayou Vermillion, in that section called Perry's Bridge; whose duty it shall be to execute and receive acts and contracts, which the contracting parties interested may desire to authenticate.

SECT. 2. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That it shall be the duty of said Notary to give a copy of all the acts, passed by him, to the parties interested; it shall, furthermore, be his duty to cause to be enregistered, every eight days, in the office of the Parish Judge of Lafayette, a copy of all the acts that he shall have passed; said acts shall only be considered as authentic from the day on which the same shall have been enregistered as above specified.

SECT. 3. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That said Notary shall be, and he is hereby authorized to ask and receive the same fees allowed to Parish Judges, for similar acts, and no more; excepting he may add, to his fees herein granted, the sum that he shall have to pay the Parish Judge for enregistering the same.

SECT. 4 *And be it further enacted, etc.*—That this act shall be in force from and after the day of its passing.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

APPROVED, March 14th, 1833.
(Signed) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

AN ACT
To determine permanently the Roads in the County of Attakapas.

SECT. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in general assembly convened,* That from and after the passing of this act, any person, or persons, wishing to enclose more than five arpents beyond an ordinary depth of forty arpents already enclosed, shall be bound to furnish a road of sixty feet between the first and second depth, which road shall be kept in repair at the expense of the Parish.

SECT. 2. *And be it further enacted, etc.*—That it shall be the duty of the Police Jury, of each Parish, to appoint, yearly, three Commissioners, who shall be authorized to examine whether the proprietor, or proprietors do furnish the said Road in a convenient place, and according to the Police regulations.

(Signed) ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

Approved March 21st, 1833.
(Signed) A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE—FIRST SESSION
JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, *March 20, 1833.*

The house met agreeably to adjournment.

Mr. Morgan chairman of the committee of conference to whom was referred the amendments made by the senate to the bill entitled "An act to amend the bill entitled an act authorizing the erection of a penitentiary house, and for other purposes," approved 16th March, 1832, presented the following report:

The committee of conference to whom was referred the amendment of the *senate*, to the *1st section* of the bill entitled "An act to amend an act authorizing the erection of a penitentiary house, and for other purposes," approved 16th March, 1832, report;

That the amendments made by the senate, should be so amended that the words "*be confined to the construction of the cells, &c.*" be stricken out, and that the remainder of the amendments be concurred in.

THOMAS GIBBS MORGAN, Chairman.

On motion, ordered, that said report be adopted.

The clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof.

Mr. Voorhies of Avoyelles, chairman of the committee on contingent expenses, to whom was referred the account of the governor, of the contingent expenses, presented the following report:

The joint committee to whom was referred the account of the contingent expenses of the executive department, beg leave to report: That they have carefully examined the vouchers accompanying the account rendered by the governor, and find them correct and proper, amounting to $3911 56, for which sum he has drawn on the treasury. The committee, therefore, approve the account. All which, is respectfully submitted.

W. VOORHIES,
L. H. MOORE, Reporters.

On motion, ordered, that said report be adopted.

Mr. Garland moved, that the house reconsider its vote given on the amendments made by the senate in the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Mechanics and Traders bank of Louisiana," which was adopted.

On motion of the same member, ordered, that the amendments be laid on the table, subject to the call of the house.

A message from the senate, by Mr. Davis their secretary, informing the house that the senate have concurred in the bill entitled "An act amending the acts now in force, relative to the introduction of slaves."

By the same message, the concurrence of the house is requested in the bill entitled "An act for the relief of the Charity Hospital of New Orleans," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Walker, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and proceed to the 3d reading of the bill entitled "An act for the security of the public arsenal at New Orleans," and to take the same into consideration.

On motion of Mr. Walker, the house formed itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of said bill, Mr. Voorhies of Avoyelles, being called to the chair.

After some time, on motion of Mr. Walker, the committee of the whole rose, and the speaker having resumed his seat, Mr. Voorhies, chairman, reported, that said committee had had the above mentioned bill under consideration, and had made progress.

The house took up said bill.

On motion of Mr. Walker, ordered, that the further consideration of said bill be postponed until to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Guillet, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and proceed to the third reading of the bill entitled "An act relative to the ferry between bayou Lafourche and Attakapas," and to take the same into consideration.

On motion, ordered, that said bill do pass as amended, and retain its former title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

On motion of Mr. Chinn, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and proceed to the third reading of the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the St. John Baptist Roman Catholic chapel in the parish of West Baton Rouge," and to take the same into consideration.

On motion, ordered, that said bill be taken into consideration section by section.

The several sections of said bill having been adopted;

On motion, ordered, that said bill do pass, and retain its former title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

On motion of Mr. Maddox, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and proceed to the third reading of the bill entitled "An act to change the line between the parishes of Ouachita and Catahoula," and to take the same into consideration.

On motion, ordered, that said bill do pass, and retain its former title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The bills entitled—"An act to incorporate the town of Clinton," "An act for the relief of the New Orleans commercial library society," and "An act to dispense Antoine Blanchard from the time prescribed by law, to attain the age of majority," were read for the second time, and ordered for a third reading on to-morrow.

A message from the senate, by Mr. Davis their secretary, informing the house that the committee of enrollment of the senate having reported as duly enrolled, the bills entitled "An act to create two additional police jury wards in the parish of St. Landry, and an additional election district in the parish of Rapides," and "An act to amend an act entitled an act to establish the college of Franklin in the parish of St. Landry," the president of the senate had signed said bills.

By the same message; the house is informed that the committee of enrollment of the senate having reported as duly enrolled, the bill entitled "An act supplementary to the act entitled an act to incorporate the Clinton and Port Hudson rail road company, and for other purposes," the signature of the speaker is requested.

By the same message, the house is informed that the senate have adopted with amendments, the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana;" in which amendments the concurrence of the house is requested.

By another message, the house is informed that the senate have rejected the bill entitled "An act to increase the number of judges of the supreme court of the state."

By the same message, the house is informed that the senate have adopted with amendments, the bill entitled "An act to grant certain privileges to the New Orleans steam ferry company," in which amendments the concurrence of the house is requested.

The house is also informed, that the senate have adopted with amendments, the bill entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled an act to appoint weighers of cotton and hay, in and for the city and parish of New Orleans," approved March 24, 1827, in which amendments the concurrence of the house is requested.

The house took up the bill, entitled "An act relative to the revenue of the state," which was under consideration when the house adjourned yesterday.

On motion, ordered, that the house form itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of said bill Mr. Hoa being called to the chair.

After some time, on motion, the committee of the whole rose, and the speaker having resumed his seat Mr Hoa, chairman, reported that said committee had had the above bill under consideration and had made some progress.

The house took up said bill.

On the adoption of the third section, which is as follows:

Be it further enacted, that any person who is not a citizen of the United States or is not domiciliated in any part of the said United States shall be subject to pay to the state ten per cent on all sums which may be due to him, as an heir, legatee or donee, by any succession which may be opened in this state; and that therefore, all administrators of the said succession, and their securities, under whatever title they may administer the same, shall be bound under their own responsibility to retain in their hand ten per cent on all sums which may accrue to any person, of the above description as an heir, legate or donee, in the succession by them administered and pay over the same to the state treasurer within one year from the time of the opening of the said succession, and when the said legacy, inheritance, or donation, shall be or consist of specific property, the same shall be taken at the appraised value as made in the inventory of the succession from which the same shall come.

The yeas and nays were called for by Mr. J. F. Canonge, when it appeared that Messrs Barrow, Brown, Bullard Chauvin, Chinn, Dannoy, Dupre, Garland, Jones, Leonard, Morgan, Mulhollan, Nicholls, Patten, Thibodeaux, Voorhies, of Lafayette, and Voorhies, of Avoyelles had voted in the affirmative—seventeen yeas.

And that Messrs. Allard, Breau, J. F. Canonge, Charpentier, Debaillon, Ducros, Folse, Guillet, Hoa, Lagarde, Legendre, Lessassier, Porter, Roussel and Sibley, had voted in the negative—15 nays.

Said section was consequently adopted.

Mr. Marigny, moved that said bill be laid on the table until to-morrow.

On the adoption of said motion the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Chinn, when it appeared that Messrs. Allard, Breau, J. F. Canonge, B. Z. Canonge, Charpentier, Chauvau, Debaillon, Ducros, Guillet, Hoa, Lagarde, Legendre, Lessassier, Marigny, Ory, Porter, Roussel, Sibley and Watkins, had voted in the affirmative—19 yeas.

And that Messrs. Barrow, Breau, Bullard, Chinn, Dupre, Dyer, Folse, Garland, Johnson, Jones, Leonard, Maddox, M'Rae, Morgan, Mulhollan, Nicholls, Patten, Thibodeaux, Voorhies, of Lafayette, Voorhies, of Avoyelles and Walker had voted in the negative—21 nays.

Said motion was consequently rejected.

On the final passage of said bill the yeas and nays were called for, when it appeared that Messrs. Barrow, Brown, Bullard, Chinn, Dupre, Dyer, Garland, Jones, Leonard, Maddox, M'Rae, Morgan, Mulhollan, Nicholls, Patten, Thibodeaux, Voorhies, of Lafayette, Voorhies, of Avoyelles and Walker, had voted in the affirmative—19 yeas.

And that Messrs. Allard, Breau, J. F. Canonge, Chauvin, Debaillon, Ducros, Folse, Guillet, Hoa, Johnson, Lagarde, Legendre, Lessassier, Marigny, Ory, Porter, Roussel, Sibley and Watkins, had voted in the negative—19 nays.

The votes being equally divided, the speaker having voted in the affirmative.

On motion, ordered, that said bill do pass as amended.

Mr. Marigny moved to amend the title by adding the following: "And to oblige all persons, who are not born in the state of Louisiana to abandon the same."

On the adoption of said motion the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Marigny, when it appeared that Messrs. Allard, Marigny and Sibley, had voted in the affirmative—3 yeas.

And that Messrs. Barrow, Breau, Brown, Bullard, J. F. Canonge, P. Z. Canonge, Charpentier, Chauvin, Chinn, Dannoy, Debaillon, Ducros, Dupre, Dyer, Folse, Garland, Guillet, Hoa, Johnson, Jones, Legendre, Leonard, Lessassier, Maddox, M'Rae, Morgan, Mulhollan, Nicholls, Ory, Patten, Porter, Roussel, Thibodeaux, Voorhies of Lafayette, Voorhies, of Avoyelles, Walker and Watkins, had voted in the negative—33 nays.

Said motion was consequently lost.

On motion, ordered, that said bill retain its former title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

The bill, entitled "An act to incorporate the agricultural society of Louisiana;" was read for the third time and taken into into consideration section by section.

Mr. Bullard offered an amendment to the 3rd section.

Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, moved to strike out the words "three to be appointed by the governor, with the advise and consent of the senate."

On the adoption of said motion, the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Ducros, when it appeared that Messrs. Barrow, Breau, Brown, Chinn, Ducros, Dyer, Folse, Guillet, Johnson, Jones, Lagarde, Leonard, M'Rae, Morgan, Patton, Porter, Thibodeaux, Voorhies, of Avoyelles, and Walker, had voted in the affirmative—19 yeas.

And that Messrs. Allard, Bullard, J. F. Canonge, B. Z. Canonge, Charpentier, Chauvin, Debaillon, Dupre, Garland, Hoa, Legendre, Lessassier, Maddox, Marigny, Mulhollan, Nicholls, Ory, Roussel, Sibley, Voorhies, of Lafayette, and Watkins, had voted in the negative—21 nays.

Said motion was consequently rejected.

During the discussion of said bill.

On motion, the house adjourned until to-morrow.

THURSDAY, March 21st, 1833.

The house met agreeably to adjournement.

Mr. Allard presented the following resolutions:

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the civil engineer, to inspect the shores of lake Pontchartrain, from the railroad to the new canal, which the canal and banking company are causing to be dug, (a space including about one mile,) and to verify if, by the means of a levee on the shore of the lake, and of a dam at the mouth of the bayou St. John, it should not be possible to preserve from the inundation of the lake, the whole city of New Orleans and its adjacent parts.

Resolved, moreover, that it shall be his duty to present to the legislature, at the beginning of the next session, a plan and estimate of the works that he shall deem necessary, in order to obtain the completion of said project.

Which were read for the first time, and laid on the table until Monday next.

On motion of Mr. Bullard, ordered, that the resolutions imposing certain duties on the civil engineer, be fixed for the special order of the day for Monday next.

Mr. Bullard, chairman of the committee on propositions and grievances, to whom was referred the petition of John Armanson, praying for certain privileges, and the petition of certain inhabitants of the parish of Iberville, praying for a division of said parish, moved that time be granted to them until the next session, to report on said petitions.

On motion, ordered, that said motion be adopted.

The same member, as chairman of the committee on propositions and grievances, to whom was referred the petition of J. & P. Devine, presented the following report.

The committee on propositions and grievances, to whom was referred the petition of James Devine, surviving partner of the firm of J. & P. Devine, have had the same under consideration, and respectfully

REPORT:

That the petitioners caused to be prosecuted one John Kelly, as accessary to a burglary and robbery committed on a dry goods store, belonging to that firm.

Kelly was recognized to answer the accusation before the criminal court of New Orleans, in the sum of two thousand dollars, and gave one Joseph Titus, as security.

The firm of J. & P. Devine commenced suit against him for damages, and recovered a judgment of seven hundred dollars and costs. They did not hold Kelly to bail, the law requiring for that purpose, an oath that he was about to remove from the state, without leaving in it sufficient property to satisfy the demand, which oath they could not take, because he had a house and lot, slave and grocery store; and was recognized to appear before the criminal court in a sum that they believed would insure his appearance. Kelly, however, absconded, having sold all his property to Titus, who converted it into money, and paid it into the state treasury, with all the costs of the criminal prosecution.

J. & P. Devine have been able to recover nothing from their judgment, the proceeds of the property of their debtor, having been paid to the state, in satisfaction of his appearance bond.

By an act, entitled "An act for the punishment of crimes and misdemeanors," approved May 4, 1805, section 39, that property was liable in preference to all other demands, after satisfying the expenses of prosecution, to make reparation or restitution to the injured party. Your committee think it is just that the petitioner should be reimbursed their damages, out of the money that has been paid into the treasury, being the proceeds of property liable for their indemnification. They find a precedent in the act passed for the relief of Isaac L. McCoy and James Callan, approved March 11, 1832. They ask leave to report a bill for the relief of the petitioner—all which is respectfully submitted.

CHARLES A. BULLARD, Chairman.

On motion, ordered, that said report be adopted. The bill accompanying said report, and entitled "An act for the relief of P. Devine, *surviving partner of J. & P. Devine,*" was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Porter, chairman of the committee of claims, to whom was referred the petition of Stroud & Pew, presented the following report.

The committee of claims, to whom was referred the petition of Stroud & Pew, editors of the Mercantile Advertiser, has the honor to present—

That they have caused certain witnesses to appear before them, whose evidence will be found hereunto annexed, from the testimony of the state treasurer, it appears that the sum of sixty-three dollars, the amount claimed, is too [illegible] inasmuch as the bill, which consisted entirely of figures and the names of plants, which are the same, in French and English, should be considered as a publication in a language only. Taking this statement as a correct opinion, formed by one who had the best opportunity of knowing all the facts, it would at once reduce the claim to three hundred and thirty-three dollars.

Another difficulty, however, has arrived, and that is, whether the printers are entitled to any extra compensation for this work? They were elected state printers for one year, and for their services, were entitled to a certain salary. During the year for which they were elected, the services in question were rendered; in pursuance of the 65th section of a law, approved 25th March, 1832. (See acts of that year, page 125.) Your committee has not deemed it necessary to report any bill, but leave it to the discretion of the house to say, whether they shall do so or not. All of which is respectfully submitted.

JAMES PORTER, Chairman.

On motion, ordered, that said report be laid on the table.

Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, chairman of the committee of enrollment, reported that he had this day presented to the governor for his approbation, the bills entitled "An act to amend the act, entitled an act to establish the college of Franklin, in the parish of St. Landry;" "An act to determine permanently the roads in the county of Attakapas;" and "An act to create two additional police jury wards in the parish of St. Landry, and an additional election district in the parish of Rapides."

Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, chairman of the committee of enrollment, reported as duly enrolled the bills, entitled "An act amending the acts now in force, relative to the introduction of slaves;" "An act to amend the act, to incorporate the West Feliciana railroad company;" and "An act to incorporate the Presbyterian church at Bohler's plains, in the parish of East Baton Rouge."

On motion, ordered, that said report be adopted. The speaker having signed said bills, the clerk was directed to request the signature of the president of the senate to the same.

A message from the senate by Mr. Davis, their secretary, informing the house that the senate have rejected the amendments made by this house, to the resolution granting leave of absence to the public officers therein mentioned.

On motion of Mr. Garland, the house took up the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Mechanics' and Traders' bank of Louisiana."

Mr. Garland moved that the house concur in the amendment of the senate, to the 9th section, making the secretary of the state one of the directors.

On the adoption of said motion the yeas and nays were called for, when it appeared that Messrs. Barrow, Breau, Brown, Bullard, J. F. Canonge, Charpentier, Dannoy, Debaillon, Dyer, Garland, Grymes, Hoa, Leonard, Maddox, McRae, Morgan, Mulhollan, Ory, Sibley and Walker, had voted in the affirmative—20 yeas.

And that Messrs. Allard, Bienvenu, Bagligny, Chauvin, Chinn, Ducros, Folse, Forstall, Guillet, Lagarde, Legendre, Lessassier, Marigny, Nicholls, Porter, Rolin, Thibodeaux, Voorhies, of Lafayette, and Voorhies, of Avoyelles, had voted in the negative—19 nays.

Said motion was consequently adopted.

The house took up the bill entitled "An act for the security of the public arsenal at New Orleans," which was laid on the table until this day.

On motion of Mr. Walker the house formed itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of said bill, Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, being called to the chair.

After some time, on motion of Mr. Hoa, the committee of the whole rose, and the speaker having resumed his seat, Mr. Voorhies, chairman, reported that said committee had had the above bill under consideration and had made some progress.

The house took up said bill, the several sections of said bill having been adopted.

On motion, ordered that said bill do pass and retain its former title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The house took up the amendments made by the senate to the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Citizens bank of Louisiana," the several amendments having been adopted, the clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof.

The house took up the amendments made by the senate in the bill entitled "An act to grant certain privileges to the New Orleans steam ferry company."

The several amendments having been adopted, the clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof.

The house took up the amendment made by the senate in the bill entitled "An act supplementary to the act entitled "An act to appoint weighers of cotton and hay, in and for the city and parish of New Orleans," approved 24th March, 1827.

On motion of Mr. J. F. Canonge, ordered that the amendment of the senate to the 1st section of said bill be amended, by inserting the word "two" in lieu of the word "four;" the clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof, and request the concurrence of the senate in said amendment.

The bill entitled "An act for the relief of the charity hospital of New Orleans," was read for the second time and ordered for a third reading on to morrow.

Mr. Voorhies, of Avoyelles, as chairman of the committee of enrollment, reported as duly enrolled the bill entitled "An act supplementary to the act entitled an act incorporating the Clinton and Port Hudson rail road company, and for other purposes."

On motion, ordered that said report be adopted.

The speaker having signed said bill, the clerk was directed to request the signature of the president of the senate to the same.

The house took up the bill from the senate entitled "An act to incorporate the agricultural society of Louisiana," which was under consideration yesterday when the house adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Robin, the house formed itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the 6th section of said bill.

After some time, on motion, the committee of the whole rose, and the speaker having resumed his seat, Mr. Robin, chairman, reported that said committee had had under consideration the 6th section of said bill, and have adopted said section.

The house took up said section. The several sections of said bill having been adopted with amendments,

On motion, ordered that said bill do pass as amended, and retain its former title; the clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof, and to request the concurrence of the senate in said amendments.

The bill from the senate entitled "An act to incorporate the Commercial bank of New Orleans," was read for the third time and taken into consideration, section by section.

During the discussion of said bill, on motion, the house adjourned until to-morrow morning.

☞For the sitting of the 22d, see first page.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED,

Ship Princess Victoria, Paul Liverpool, Harrod & Quarles
Ship Cincinnati, Barstow, N. York, Barstow & Adams
Barque Valhalla, Stevens, Providence, L H Gale
Brig Triton, Ebbesen, Hamburg, J A Merle & co
Schr Cora Ann, Elderkin, Mobile, Master
Schr Santa Anna, Cook, Baltimore, Harrison, Brown & co
Schr Aguilade Oro, Sanchez, Matanzas, Estevanelle & Courval

ARRIVED,

Towboat Grampus, Beebe, from S W P. as; towed to sea brig Pactolus and schr Isabella; brought up brigs Actor, Dos Hermanos, and schr Crawford.

Towboat Caledonia, Davis, towed to sea ship Tennessee barques Agnes and Ann, Lord Stanley, and schr Francisco—brought up, brig Otway, brig Henry Tallman, schr Eliza, schr Martha returned in distress, and schr John Hope. The Caledonia leaves for sea this afternoon, with Br ship Crown, Smith, and Br barque Margaret Johnson, Lowerly; both for Liverpool.

Steamboat Huntress, Herriman, having towed to sea brigs Carroll and Crawford, schrs Bonita and Mexico—brought up brigs Spark and Emory and schr Roman. Nothing in sight in offing.

Brig Emery, Marshall, from Havre, in ballast.

Brig Spark, Kennedy, from Vera Cruz—in ballast.

Schr Roman, Hill, from Attakapas—with 70 hhds sugar and molasses to Reynolds, Byrne & co.

Brig Actor, Harris, from Boston; cargo consorted to S Thayer & co; J A Merle & co; Tourné & Beck with Lincoln and Green and others.

Brig Dos Hermanos, Marillo, fm Havana, to Estevanell and Courval—cargo segars, coffee, &c, to J Estevanelle; M S Cucullu; J A Miller; sundries to the master. Passengers—T Buye, F Renevoris.

Brig Rival, Stone, fm Kennebunk, cargo 271 bales hay, 3500 feet boards to the master.

Brig Ottawa, Clark, fm St Thomas, in ballast.

Schr Martha, Meldrum, fm Mobile to Tampico; put in in distress.

Schr Emeline, Sawyer, fm Havana, 15th, to Tufts and Clark; cargo—coffee, sugar, wax, segars, &c, to F Pazz; J Barrilli; S Gracia, J M Kortier, J Groning & co; A Delpuch; Stetson & Avery; S M Cucullu; Gray, Durrive & co.

Schr Crawford, Chase fm Trinidad, to S Thompson—cargo—1 case of silver, W L Hodge; 1 bag, 1 box do, 1621 hides, S Thompson.

Schr Elizabeth, Jacques, fm Vermillion Bay; cargo—70 hhds sugar, 12 bbls molasses, J Linton.

Schr John Hope, McDaniel, fm McCalla—cargo—[illegible] Steamer Lancaster, Hinkles, from St Martinville—cargo 89 hhds sugar, T Segond; 42 bales cotton Peyroux, Rivarde & co; sundries to others—passengers, 23 cabin, 10 way and 13 on deck.

Steamboat Sangamon, Culver, from Little Rock—[illegible] cotton, &c to sundry consignees—11 pass.

Steamboat Planet, Gunn, from Fort Adams—[illegible] cotton &c to sundry consignees—20 pass.

ARRIVED AT THE BASIN.

Steamer Hatchie, from Monticello, with 220 bales cotton to Bagley & Marsh; B Flower; N Cox; A Fisk, Watt & co.

HAY and neat CATTLE.—220 bales hay and 60 neats cattle; landing from ship St. Paul, and for sale by
m 26 LINCOLN & GREEN.

RUSSIA SHEETINGS.—20 bales brown, entitled to debenture, now landing and for sale by
m 26 LINCOLN & GREEN.

Free School Lottery,

EIGHTH CLASS DRAWS ON SATURDAY 30th,
TICKETS AT MANAGERS' OFFICE,
No. 71, Chartres street, opposite Bishop's hotel.
72 NO. LOTTERY—12 DRAWN BALLOTS

SCHEME.			
1	[illegible]	in	$20,000
1	[illegible]	"	5,000
1	[illegible]	"	3,000
1	4,000	"	4,000
1	1,600	"	1,600
1	1,500	"	1,500
1	1,400	"	1,400
1	1,300	"	1,300
1	1,200	"	1,200
1	1,100	"	1,100
10	1,000	"	10,000
20	500	"	10,000
10	200	"	2,000
120	150	"	18,000
120	60	"	7,200
120	50	"	6,000
120	20	"	2,400
2000	10	"	20,000
$1,240	5	"	100,200

26,480 Prizes, Amounting to $288,500

PRICE OF TICKETS—Whole tickets $5, halves $2,50 quarters $1,25. Packages of 24 tickets, embracing all the numbers put into the wheel, cost $120—warranted to draw not less than $60, and may draw the four highest capitals. Packages of halves and quarters in the same proportion.

LAWTON & MEAD,
m 27 Managers.

ALL PRIZES—NO BLANKS!
MORE THAN HALF GUARANTEE.
FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH
LOTTERY.
CLASS NO. 18, for 1833.
To be drawn in the City of New-Orleans, Friday, March 29.
D. MALCOLM, manager,
And Proprietor under the Act authorising the Lottery.
30 NUMBER LOTTERY—4 DRAWN BALLOTS.
CAPITAL PRIZE, 10,000 DOLLARS.

SCHEME.		
1	of	10,000
1	"	2,500
1	"	1,200
1	"	1200
1	"	1000
6	"	696
6	"	500
6	"	400
8	"	200
156	"	50
156	"	20
621	"	6
7600	"	4
1,600	"	2

Price of tickets—Whole $5; Halves $2 50, Quarters $1 25. Packages of 10 whole tickets $50; warranted to draw not less than $22 or $28. Shares in proportion. Apply at the Manager's Office, No 56 Chartres st. m 27

NEW YORK CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY,
Class No. 4, for 1833.
To be drawn in New York on Wednesday, March 13.
The drawing may be expected in New Orleans, 30th inst.
☞No Lottery—10 drawn ballots.

SCHEME:			
1 prize of	$20,000	is	$20,000
1 "	10,000	"	10,000
1 "	8,760	"	8,760
10 "	1,000	"	10,000
10 "	500	"	5,000
10 "	300	"	3,000
10 "	200	"	2,000
30 "	150	"	4,500
47 "	100	"	4,700
56 "	60	"	3,360
56 "	50	"	2,800
112 "	40	"	4,480
112 "	30	"	3,360
224 "	20	"	4,480
1960 "	10	"	19,600
15400 "	5	"	77,000

18,040 prizes. $183,000
Tickets $5.
mar