

Does Your Watch Keep Correct Time



No reason why any watch or clock should not do it. A watch is a most delicate piece of machinery. Ordinary attention and care will materially lengthen the life of any watch. If your watch loses or gains time—it must be correctly regulated. If your watch needs cleaning or repairing it should be done by a skilled workman. Experience and skill make a workman competent. We warrant competent treatment for the most costly or the most humble timepiece entrusted to us.

Challoner & Mitchell

Don't Be Deceived



Into investing in cheap groceries. In all these matters the best is emphatically and always the cheapest. We keep only the best, but our prices provide for only a very moderate profit.

Fresh Island Eggs, per doz...30c.
New-Grease Butter, square...40c.
French Prunes, per lb.25c.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO., Cash Grocers.

SMART SHOES FOR DRESSY MEN



Our New Summer Stock of KIETH'S

FINE AMERICAN SHOES

FOR MEN HAVE ARRIVED.
Smart-dressers looking for SWELL FOOTWEAR should come here, and most of them do.
The Paterson Shoe Co., Ltd.,
35 JOHNSON STREET.

SPRING

The Trade are invited to call and inspect our many and varied lines of Spring Goods, which we offer at prices that cannot be beaten.

J. Piercy & Co.,

VICTORIA, B. C., WHOLESALE DRYGOODS

WALL PAPER SALE

Balance of last year's papers are selling at TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT, OR FIFTY TRADING STAMPS on the Dollar.
This is an opportunity to buy good papers at exceptionally low prices, for we MUST clear out all old stock to make shelf room for new goods, of which we have an immense stock, all at low prices.

J. W. MELLOR, 78 AND 76 FORT STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS STREET.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD

Poultry Netting, Garden Tools,
Bone Mills, Lawn Mowers,
Garden Barrows, Paints and Oils.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD.

61 Yates Street, Victoria.

TO-LET, THE STORE

Most Suitable For Fancy Goods.

On Fort and Douglas Streets, lately known as the Royal Saloon. Apply.

The B.C. Land and Investment Agency, 40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

V. V. & E. RAILWAY

WITH FERRY CONNECTION TO VICTORIA, will surely be built, and as a result property will advance. We have several special bargains for sale in residences and lots. Call and see us before buying.

If you are thinking of putting some insurance on your life, home or furniture, see someone who does not countenance. We have \$10,000 to loan at low rates. For sale, very cheap, 1 Gold Separator, Newcomb's patent.

To let, 1 suite of offices, 1st floor, and 1 store or office, ground floor, in MacGregor Block.

F. C. MACGREGOR & CO.,
Office, No. 2 View St., Opposite Drilard.

Wanted Purchasers for Several Bargains

We have for sale in RESIDENCES and BUILDING LOTS, which we offer on EASY TERMS.

\$150,000 TO LOAN on mortgage at lowest rates of interest.

A share of your Fire Insurance is solicited for the old reliable Phoenix of Hartford, for which we are the general agents. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere. We can save you money.

F. G. RICHARDS,
Manager, Vlet. Rest Est. & Ins. Co., Ltd.,
Corner Office of the MacGregor Block,
Opposite Drilard Hotel.

LEE & FRASER,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS.

Spring Bargains

ON THE FERNWOOD ESTATE, a new house, 6 rooms; beautiful location; a good buy; \$1,000; open for one week only.

32 ACRES near Cobble Hill, all good land, 15 acres cleared and fenced, 4 roomed house, barn, stable, etc., etc., \$1,300; or will trade for city property.

JAMES BAY, 5 roomed cottage in first-class repair, hot and cold water, bath, etc., etc., large lot, \$1,200.

JAMES BAY, nice cottage and 1 1/2 lots, for \$1,400; cheap.

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance.

9 and 11 Francis Avenue, Victoria, B.C.

Fire Insurance

Agents for THE SCOTTISH UNION & NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., THE ATLAS ASSURANCE CO.

Houses and Lots For Sale

In all parts of the city, and farms and farming lands for sale in the country.

A. W. MORE & CO., LD.,
86 Government St., Next Bank of Montreal.

UNEQUALLED FOR BREAKFAST

TRADE MARK

B & K

REGISTERED

ROLLED OATS

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

J. & J. Taylor's

FIRE PROOF SAFES

And Vault Doors.

J. BARNESLEY & CO., Agents,
Government St. Guns and Ammunition

VICTORIA JUNK AGENCY

Highest prices paid for old copper, brass, zinc, lead, iron, rubber, rope, canvas, sacks, etc. Blacksmiths and Plumbers scrape a specialty. Parties wanted upon at shop or residence.

E. Aaronson, Agent,
30 STORE ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

In Hands Of British

Another Burgler Leader Taken to Pretoria—His Family Accompanied Him.

Pro-Boers Incensed Over United States Recognition of Annexation.

Trade Review Says Former Re- publics are Now Colonies of Empire.

(Associated Press.)
London, March 16.—A dispatch from Gen. Kitchener, from Pretoria, March 10th, announces that the notorious Abel Erasmus, of Lydenburg, has been brought in, with his family, by Col. Park's column.

Nearly 3,000 troops sailed from Southampton today for South Africa. A special dispatch from Durban, Natal, says the Boer commanders are holding a meeting at Pietersburg, in Northern Transvaal, to discuss the position and advisability of a continuance of the war.

Annexation Recognized.
New York, March 16.—A special from Washington to the Herald says: "The United States has given official, although indirect, recognition to Great Britain's annexation of the two republics with which it is at war in Africa. This recognition is accorded in the state department's annual review of the commerce of the United States with foreign countries just issued. In this publication it is explained in a foot note that the former republics have been annexed to Great Britain, and that they are now city colonies of an Empire."

"The United States is the first to recognize the annexation, all other powers having taken the stand that recognition is out of order until they have the formal notice, which Great Britain has not yet given." "Boer sympathizers are considerable wrought up over the fact that the United States should be the first to accord recognition to the hated and disputed annexation."

In Aid of Boers.
The Hague, March 16.—M. Henri Rochford is organizing a big lottery throughout Europe in aid of the Boers.

SUICIDE'S REQUEST.

Wished to Be Buried at the Bottom of the Sea.

(Associated Press.)
New York, March 16.—A special to the World from Brunswick, Ga., says: "J. P. B. Harborth, a wealthy lumber exporter, committed suicide recently. He left a note saying 'Bury me at the bottom of the sea.' The request was addressed to the Knights of Pythias and today the local lodge of that order, of which the suicide was a member, carried the strange wish into effect. The body was carried 25 miles out to sea on a steamer. There the services of the burial of the dead at sea were read. Then the body of the suicide was pushed over the side, watched by a number of relatives and friends present."

MARSEILLES LABOR TROUBLES.

Docks Are Guarded by Troops—Reinforcements Ready for Emergency.

(Associated Press.)
Marseilles, March 16.—The docks this morning are guarded by troops and admittance to them is denied except in the case of workers. The adjacent streets are protected by troops and cavalry, and are held at the dockyards ready for any emergency. Fifty employed men slept yesterday on board of the vessels here and continued work today without being interrupted.

FASHIONABLE MARRIAGE.

(Associated Press.)
London, March 16.—The marriage of Mr. W. Bayard Cutting Jr., private secretary to Mr. Choate, the United States ambassador, and Lady Sybil Marjorie Cuffe, youngest daughter of Earl Desart, will take place on April 30.

SAILED FROM PORTSMOUTH.

The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall Leave To-day on Their Tour.

(Associated Press.)
Portsmouth, March 16.—Amidst the firing of a Royal salute by the assembled fleet and hearty cheers from the concourse of people gathered at all points of vantage, the steamer Ophir, with the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York on board, started about 4 o'clock this afternoon in the voyage which is not to terminate until their Royal Highness shall have made a tour of the world.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra, on board the Royal yacht Victoria and Albert, accompanied by eight torpedo boat destroyers, accompanied the Ophir a few miles out.

Before the departure the Royal party landed at the jetty, where King Edward conferred the Victoria Medal on the blue-jackets of H. M. S. Eschscholtz who dragged the funeral car in the cortege of Queen Victoria after the horses became unmanageable at Windsor railroad station.

At a luncheon the King wished the Duke and the Duchess a prosperous voyage. His Majesty said that one of the objects of the tour was to express appreciation of the loyal help rendered by the British colonies in the South African campaign. The Duke of Cornwall and York proposed the King's health. The guests at the luncheon numbered about seventy, including Mr. Joseph Chamberlain.

Interview With Conger

Minister Says Only Germans and French Are Engaged in Punitive Expeditions.

Believes It Impossible for Emperor to Return Until Allies Withdraw.

(Associated Press.)
Shanghai, March 16.—The North China Gazette published an interview with Mr. Edwin H. Conger, the United States minister at Peking, in which he is quoted as saying:

"I will not venture to say how far Russia is prepared to go. The Manchurian treaty is still uncompleted, but if ratified it would certainly affect the peace negotiations. Only the Germans and French are now engaging in punitive expeditions. The Germans are operating on the borders of Shan Si and the French around Pao Ting Fu. I believe it is impossible for the Emperor to return to Peking until the allies withdraw and the Chinese officials are restored to power."

Protest Against Agreement.

New York, March 16.—The executive committee of the American Asiatic Association has transmitted to President McKinley the protest of the American Asiatic Association of Shanghai against the Russo-Chinese agreement received some time ago.

German Fleet Will Remain.

Berlin, March 16.—In a second speech in the Reichstag yesterday, referring to the German fleet in China, Count von Bismarck, after repeating that Germany had pursued no annexationist policy in China, said the German fleet had remained in China owing to its moral effect in restoring the Chinese empire tractable in the peace negotiations, and further, because the protection and support of the fleet was necessary for the German troops. Moreover, the presence of the fleet had contributed to maintaining a quiet attitude among the various viceroys. Count von Bismarck believed that the fleet had rendered valuable service in this way, and the German minister to China, Doctor Muun von Schwaunstein, considered its temporary retention very advantageous.

The Reichstag today passed the second reading of the supplementary estimate for the China expedition, amounting to 123,322,000 marks.

FRANCE AND MOROCCO.

There Has Been Severe Fighting But No Details Are to Hand.

(Associated Press.)
London, March 16.—The Tangier correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, dealing with the reported French encroachments upon Moorish territory, says: "There has been severe fighting although but few details are allowed to pass the censor. It is clear, however, that Gen. Risbourg's column has established French authority south of Fiquig, although the rumors that Fiquig had been occupied by the French is not confirmed." "There is an uneasy feeling here that owing to the complications in Africa and China Great Britain may be unable or unwilling to stand between France and Morocco."

WORK OR INCENDIARIES.

Negro Schoolhouse Burned—A Race War Feared.

(Associated Press.)
Chicago, Ill., March 16.—A special to the Record from Cleveland, Tex., says: "A negro schoolhouse at Corbet, eight miles west of Corsicana, has been burned by incendiaries. The negroes in the neighborhood were warned to leave in 48 hours. Several shots were fired into a negro house, but no one was injured. The negroes fear a race war as a result of the recent burning of Henderson."

Who Supplied The News?

Publication of Civil List Proposal Has Created a Mild Sensation.

London Times Called to Account For an Alleged Breach of Secrecy.

Considering What Steps Should Be Taken to Run Down Culprit.

(Associated Press.)
London, March 16.—In the House of Commons yesterday the Chancellor of the Exchequer presented the report of the select committee on the civil list, with reference to the publication in the London Times of confidential statements on the subject, and recommending the Speaker to take steps, either by the expulsion of the Times representative from the House or otherwise, as he saw fit, to prevent a recurrence of such an offense. The Speaker promised to render an early decision.

The members of the House of Commons are greatly stirred up by the London Times's alleged breach of secrecy in regard to the publishing in advance the government's civil list proposals. A curious feature which has not looked out in the papers is the implication of the Birmingham Post in the same charges, and there is a half-humorous and half-serious attempt upon the part of the Irish members to connect Mr. Jos. Chamberlain's warmest supporters, and if the Liberals can get this organ punished they will use it as a personal score off the much vilified colonial secretary.

A Conservative member of parliament informed a representative of the Associated Press that the majority of his party would be delighted to see the London Times suspended for, say a week, not with the idea of seriously affecting its news service, but with giving it "a much needed lesson."

Mr. A. J. Balfour, the government leader in the House of Commons, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, and Mr. Wm. Conyng-Gully, the Speaker, have been consulting together during the week. Among the suggestions which they will consider is one to examine all the members of the civil list committee separately under oath, and so run down the culprit. The Daily Mail prints an editorial in this connection headed "Unusually direct charge of venality in high places," in the course of which it says: "Should the Speaker, as he certainly won't, decide to have the London Times reporter thrown out of the House, our contemporary would have no difficulty in employing further honorable members or officials to supply it with as much news as it may desire to publish. If the committee cannot find powers to act as the guardian of its own honor and to prevent the disclosure of information which is solely in its possession, there is no remedy."

STRIKE THREATENED.

United Mine Workers Desire Another Conference With Operators.

(Associated Press.)
Hazelton, Pa., March 16.—No one of the presidents of the nine coal carrying railroads came to Hazelton today in response to President Mitchell's telegram sent last night demanding their presence at a joint conference here today.

The United Mine Workers' convention adjourned shortly before noon. The convention, after an all-morning conference, adopted a resolution instructing the National Executive Board to negotiate for another joint conference with the operators, failing to secure which the board has authority to declare a general strike in the anthracite fields, probably to go into effect April 1st.

Uneasiness at Wilkesbarre.
Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 16.—The action of the Hazelton convention has caused much consternation in the city business circles here. The operators say it does not seem possible that the coal companies will consent to meet the miners in joint conference.

THE LYNCHING CASE.

Three Men Committed to the Circuit Court.

(Associated Press.)
Mobile, Ala., March 16.—Ora Rolls and Deputy Sheriff Ashcroft and Seymour, three of the eleven men on preliminary trial at Scranton, Miss., for the lynching of John Knox, the Canadian who killed his stepson, were committed yesterday to the circuit court, which meets in April. Ashcroft and Seymour without bonds and Rolls on bonds for \$10,000, which his friends gave. The judge refused to approve of Rolls's bonds and he was sent to the Waynesboro, Miss., jail. The others were dismissed.

INDEPENDENT OPINION.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, March 16.—The Evening Journal, independent, referring to the Conservative policy, says editorially: "But even though the Liberals are not doing much reform, we fancy that there are a very large number of people in this country, among whom the Journal ranks itself, who hope that the Liberals will stay in power for the next twenty years or more, so long as the Conservatives talk about attacking the tariff preference to Britain as they do."

WALKING ROUND THE WORLD.

(Associated Press.)
Quebec, March 16.—John Thomas, a negro, aged 82, arrived here on Thursday from Richmond, Va., having walked the entire distance, and left yesterday for Montreal on foot. He proposes to walk around the world.

**HOUDE'S
STRAIGHT CUT
CIGARETTES**
MANUFACTURED BY
B. HOUDE & CO., QUEBEC
Are Better Than the Best.

Campbell's Prescription Store. We keep the largest stock of Drugs and Toilet Articles in the province. Prescriptions promptly and carefully executed.

The Royal Commission Several Witnesses Were Examined Yesterday and Interesting Evidence Adduced.

POPULATION OF INDIA. Calcutta, March 15.—The complete census returns give the population of India as 294,000,000, an increase in the last decade of 7,000,000.

Yesterday afternoon's sitting of the Royal commission on Japanese and Chinese immigration was held in the Assize court apartment, which is more spacious and convenient than the County court room, in which several of the preceding sessions were conducted.

Captain Wolley stated that he had considerable knowledge of Indian life. Asked if the Indian was not as dirty as the Chinaman, witness replied that there was such a thing as "clean dirt, outside dirt."

Plague at Capetown. No More Troops to Be Landed There Until It Subsides.

Parisian Pro-Boers to Meet Mr. Kruger—Lansdowne Replies to Wolsley.

London, March 15.—The war office, acting on advice from Capetown, will not land any more troops there until the bubonic plague subsides.

FATAL COLLISION. Three Men Killed and Three Fatally Injured. Clay Switch, Ky., March 15.—In a head-on collision between freight trains to-day on the Illinois Central railway, three men were instantly killed and three fatally injured.

DETIMENTAL TO THE COUNTRY. The chief commissioner at this juncture, for general information, read from three treaties between the United States and Chinese government.

Berlin, March 15.—Young Christian Dewet, the nephew of the Boer general of that name, and other Boer officers, visited the Reichstag today and had interviews with a number of prominent members of that body.

ARRIVED AT PORTSMOUTH. The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall Start for Australia. London, March 15.—The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York started this afternoon on the first stage of their tour of the four quarters of the globe.

When the sitting commenced the examination of Mr. Grant was resumed. In reply to Mr. Clute, the witness said that there were two Japanese tailoring establishments in the city at present.

..SLAUGHTER SALE.. OF BANKRUPT STOCK AT 97 DOUGLAS STREET, CORNER OF JOHNSON STREET. AT 50c ON THE DOLLAR Come Early and Get Bargains. Rahy Co.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

- BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR THOMAS CATTERALL—16 Broad Street. Alterations, office fittings, wharves repaired, etc. Telephone R.371.
- BRICKLAYING, Cement and Tile Work, Jobbing, Plastering and Repairs a specialty. Bragg and Grates set. R. Hollis, 115 Fort Street.
- DRESSMAKING. DRESSMAKING—Mrs. Russell has resumed business at corner Fort and Vancouver streets. Orders promptly executed at moderate prices. Evening work a specialty. Telephone 651, residence telephone 100.

stories high, the upper floor being his living apartment. His Employees Lodged With Him, and their wages were \$25, \$30 and \$35. The men worked from 9 o'clock in the morning until 8 o'clock at night, dining at 1 o'clock and at 5. His men worked nine hours per day. Of course when they were exceptionally busy they worked overtime. His parents came from Canton, but he was born in California.

- EDUCATIONAL. EDUCATIONAL—Miss C. G. Fox has opened her school at 36 Mason street.
- MISS FOX has resumed music teaching. Address 36 Mason street.
- SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 15 Broad street. Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping taught.
- HAIRDRESSERS. MR. AND MRS. C. KOSCHE, ladies' hairdressers and wig makers; combings made up in any style; theatrical and masquerade wigs to let. 55 Douglas street.

BRAKEMAN KILLED. He Was Making His First Trip Over the Road. Urica, N. Y., March 15.—Henry City, of Providence, R. I., a brakeman on the New York Central, while making his first trip over the road, was killed this afternoon. He had been sent back to flag a train following. He stepped in front of a fast freight on the next track, and was ground to pieces.

When He Came Here in 1880-90 his wages were from \$21 to \$25 per week. There were about one hundred and fifty tailors in the city at the time. There was very little competition with Chinese then—scarcely any.

Digestive Machinery. When the entire digestive machinery of the human body works with order, regularity and harmony, man and woman enjoy good health.

Asked to describe the state of Chinese quarters which had come under his observation, witness mentioned an instance in Nanaimo. In one house occupied by a crowd of Chinamen the centre was used as a pig sty in which a number of pigs were kept.

Unless the legislature redressed the needs of the laboring classes they would have to fight for it as they fought for responsible government. He could mention no industry employing white labor here which had been brought into existence through the instrumentality of Chinese. Their immigration will directly affect that from Europe and the United States.

To Meet Kruger. The Hague, March 15.—M. Henri Rochefort and other Parisian pro-Boers were here conferring with the supporters of the South African republic. They will visit Mr. Kruger at Utrecht.

IT IS EASY WORK when you are well, but when the back aches and the head throbs, a woman's work is hourly torment.

The Unsatisfactory Habits of the Chinese, Capt. Wolley stated that the typhoid fever epidemic at Rossland some time ago was traced directly to them. Filth was found beneath the flooring of every home on Columbia street.

Prices for Making Clothing had declined. At present he asserted that if ladies' tailoring was not carried on in a half, Eastern competition, he emphatically stated, was responsible for the decline in the business, as hinted at times.

Lord Salisbury said he thought it undesirable that all the papers referring to the debate should be circulated. He was not aware that any personal charges had been made against Lord Wolsley.

Strong and healthy of body who is the victim of those womanly diseases which are often responsible for feminine sufferings. Women who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, will testify that the medicine does not tire them any more.

Continuing the witness said that the reason why the Chinese engaged more than the white people was that the latter could not supply their product at the rate asked by the Chinese, because of the latter's method of fertilizing his vegetables.

Witness also mentioned that a Chinese Cobbler charged 75 cents for work that white men would do for 12 cents for this year two employees. He made ordinary clothing, but did no ladies' tailoring. His workshop was 25x50 feet, and in a building two

THE ROYAL COMMISSION County Court Rooms, Commencing at 10 a.m. The Commission will be pleased to receive suggestions bearing upon the questions...

- WANTED—A partner, with small capital, capable of taking charge of outside work. Address "Capital," this office.
- WANTED—A good canvasser, at Palace Steam Dye Works, 114 Yates street.
- WANTED—To rent, a nice 5 or 6 roomed cottage, "box or by May 1st. Address "House," Times Office.

Conference on Monday. London, March 15.—According to a dispatch to the Times dated March 15th, from Kaalspreit, it is reported there that Generals Botha, De la Rey and Dewet, will meet on March 18th to discuss the situation.

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- FOR SALE—White Wyandotte eggs, 25 per setting; also Brown Leghorns, Cornish Indian Game and Plymouth Rock, \$1 per setting. Inspection of stock invited. Mrs. Edwards, Cadboro Bay. Leave orders at Speed Bros.
- FOR SALE—An appreciation of \$4,000—four shares of \$1,000 each—in the Victoria Building Society; will be sold singly if required. Apply to W. Marchant, appraiser's office.

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Which One? Your experience with wheels will tell you which is the better. That's why we'd like to tell you about the IVER JOHNSON, TRIRUNE, GENDRON OR ECLIPSE.

Mass Meeting Of the Citizens on Tuesday Next, March 19th at 8 p. m., in the VICTORIA THEATRE CHAS. HAYWARD, Mayor.

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NEW WELLINGTON COAL Washed Nuts, \$5.00 Sack and Lump, \$6.50 Delivered. KINGHAM & CO., 44 Fort Street. Telephone 647.

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Wanted - A partner, with small capital, capable of taking charge of outside work. Address "Capital," this office. WANTED - A good canvasser, at Palace Steam Dye Works, 114 Yates street. WANTED - To rent, a nice 5 or 6 roomed cottage, "box or by May 1st. Address "House," Times Office.

AMUSEMENTS. GOD SAVE IRELAND—Irish night at Temperance Hall, Saturday, March 16th. Programme by best performers in city. No increased charge for admission, only 10 cents.

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Carpets, Carpets, Carpets.

32 BALES LATEST DESIGNS IN CARPETS, RUGS, ETC., COMPRISING

Brussels, Wiltons AND Scotch Axminsters

SAMPLES MAILED TO THE COUNTRY FREE

WEILER BROS., Complete Furnishers, GOVERNMENT STREET, CORNER OF BROUGHTON

JUST RECEIVED THESE SUPERB GOODS WILL BE ON SHOW MONDAY, MARCH 18TH.

Provincial Parliament

The Minister of Education's Bill Again Under a Heavy Fire.

Defence by Mr. Murphy—Attacked by Messrs. Oliver and Curtis.

Victoria, March 15th. The House opened at 2:15, prayers being read by Rev. Elliot S. Rowe.

Reports.

Mr. Helmcken presented the 11th, 12th and 13th reports of the private bills committee. The reports were received.

Price Ellison introduced a bill to incorporate the Yale & Northern railway. The bill was read a first time.

The reports of the railway committee were introduced as follows: "Your select standing committee on railways beg leave to report as follows: The preamble proved of bill introduced 'An Act to Incorporate the Midway & Vernon Railway Company,' and submit the same herewith with amendments."

The report was received.

First Readings.

Hon. R. Wells introduced a bill respecting the inspection of Steam Boilers and Engines and the Examining and Licensing of Engineers in Charge of Steam Boilers and Engines.

Hon. Mr. Prentice introduced a bill incorporating the Royal Columbian Hospital. Both were read a first time.

Questions.

Capt. Tatlow asked if it was the intention of the government to proclaim the 24th of May (Empire Day) a public holiday. The Provincial Secretary replied: "The following bill is now before the Dominion House: 'An Act Respecting Victoria Day.'"

"His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

"1. Throughout Canada, in each and every year, the twenty-fourth day of May, when not a Sunday, being the birthday of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, shall be a legal holiday and shall be kept and observed as such under the name of 'Victoria Day.'"

"2. When the twenty-fourth day of May is a Sunday, the twenty-fifth day of May shall be, in lieu thereof, a legal holiday throughout Canada, and shall be kept and observed as such under the same name."

Mr. Curtis asked the Hon. the Provincial Secretary the following questions: 1. Have officers been appointed to enforce the provisions of the B. C. Immigration Act at interior railway points on the eastern and southern boundaries of the province? 2. If not, does it intend to do so, when? 3. If it does not intend to do so, what is the reason for such failure to enforce the act?

The Hon. Mr. Prentice replied as follows: "Yes; upon the recommendation of the immigration agent for the Malin district, a deputy immigration officer has been appointed at Fernie, at Grand Forks and at Greenwood."

Mr. Curtis asked the Hon. the Minister of Finance the following question: "Of the revenue of \$294,019.41 received from West Kootenay district during the last fiscal year, how much was received from the mining divisions of Trail Creek, Nelson and Shesna, respectively?"

The Hon. Mr. Turner replied as follows: "Returns furnished by district assessors and collectors do not conform to the boundaries of mining divisions in showing the revenue derived from each division separately; therefore, the information cannot be given from the data at the department."

The School Bill.

D. Murphy continued the debate on the School Bill, the main features of which, he said, was to extend the burden of education from the four coast cities to all the cities of the province. In connection with this it had been found necessary to increase the poll tax. Vancouver was evidently the chief loser by the bill, and the leader of the opposition had complained of that feature.

Mr. Murphy then submitted a table of statistics to illustrate what a charge education had been on the revenue, and how necessary it was to make some ef-

fort to meet that charge. The revenue and expenditure, less fixed charges for public works and education, for the different years were given as follows:

Year	Revenue	Expend. Educat'n.
1893-94	\$ 823,773	\$ 192,832
1894-95	896,075	1,158,710
1895-96	986,765	1,062,588
1896-97	1,381,048	1,049,997
1897-98	1,439,623	1,271,491
1898-99	1,501,638	1,275,302
1899-1900	1,544,108	1,398,435

It pointed out that in 1893-94, while the revenue did not meet the fixed charges, the government spent over \$100,000. Additional statistics were produced by the speaker to emphasize the financial conditions arising out of the yearly increasing charge for education, which the government of the country had to cope with.

These figures, he added, showed the actual standing of the province. Yet in spite of it the members for Kootenay were pressing for refineries and smelters, and making out a strong case from their point of view. The members from the central part of the province wanted roads, streets and bridges, and presented an equally plausible case; while all districts were urging the administration to carry out the proposed Coast-Kootenay and other railways in the province. These figures showed that the government was not able, with the revenue at their disposal, to meet ordinary charges, and in order to borrow money they must show a good financial position. Could they go to the money markets with the statement he had just read?

"They must either increase the revenue or decrease the expenditure on carry on the public works. Could they do the latter? The expenditure which he had referred to was composed of fixed charges for debt, administration of justice and government, and only the small grants to hospitals and agricultural societies remained."

None, he felt sure, would advocate the reduction of the salaries of civil servants. Then as regards education and public works, the government must reduce the cost of education and impair its efficiency, or refuse the demand of the country to be met. No one, he thought, would advocate such a suicidal policy as that. The only course open was to follow that which had been decided upon, namely, to increase the tax and deal with education."

Under the bill a small loss would be entailed on the large centres of population. But in doing so the government was only seeking to put a stop to the increasing cost of education, and not to receive nearly the same amount as before.

"Some asked if we had not free education. So we had, but the government merely said that cities must provide for their increasing school population. And why not? Increasing school attendance meant added population and wealth to the city. It was an unfair idea that it was the duty of the province to give free education, meaning by that that the province must pay for all expenses. Moreover if people wanted the government to open up the country they must submit to a bill that would provide for public works."

The government intended to continue aid to the cities. By the Act they still received \$10. Now the tax was taken away and they got \$13. That was making provision by the government on the ratio of \$10 to \$3 for education—a freer system than in Ontario.

"Continuing, he said the bill was just, because the revenue of the province necessitated it, and because the ordinary revenue must meet the ordinary expenditure soon, or the province would become bankrupt."

He reminded the House, too, that \$300 per teacher was given the High schools, whose benefits were confined largely to the places in which they were located.

The leader of the opposition had pointed out that the change bore heavily upon cities like Rossland, where heavy charges for buildings had to be borne. He thought the government would see that all cities got a fair start in this respect.

The second principle of the bill, that of increasing the tax, had been challenged by the leader of the opposition. He had not intended his own record, as he would have to testify that it was correct.

But he had held that the increase of the tax fell on the laboring man. But whatever means was adopted for opening up the country they must have revenue, and a financial basis which did not now exist for going to the financial markets.

But the government did not start on the laboring man. Last session they had taken the coal output, then the mineral output, and this session they had mineral output, the revenue on timber. The income was now being visited. The income last year had been told by the New Vancouver coal manager that the coal tax was

an indispensable part of the industry to bear. The tax on mineral output had been attacked in the same way. The hon. member for Rossland had opposed that tax.

Mr. Curtis—On what grounds?

Continuing, the speaker said that whoever taxation fell it would be objected to. There was not a member but what felt that the demands made for appropriations for his own district was absurd when the revenue of the province was considered.

It was argued that it was unfair to tax all classes alike. But it was forgotten that that tax was all the laboring class had to pay, while real estate people paid on the property as well. Every man in the country must contribute to its revenue. Every man had long to property, and he must pay commensurate toll therefor.

The increase tax would not swell the receipts up to expenditure, but it would bring it to a figure where loans could be cheaply financed.

Further, the people of British Columbia were peculiarly situated. The laborer of to-day might be the man of affluence to-morrow. This existed nowhere else to the same extent as in British Columbia.

Wages, too, were higher here than anywhere else. In Ontario the government laborer earned \$1; here he got \$2.50. He approved of this high wage. The \$1 tax in Ontario he contended was really higher than the \$5 in British Columbia.

The tax was not wrong in principle; it applied to obnoxious classes who would not otherwise contribute, and it would assure the opening up of the province. The speaker also contended that the tax would be much more fully collected and be less difficult of evasion in the hands of the government than of the cities. There was nothing in the argument that it would be impossible to collect the tax. Taxes were always hard to collect, and the increase would make very little difference on that score.

Regarding the powers conferred on boards of school trustees, it seemed to him that the cities might well be allowed to look after the roads and bridges. But education affected the whole province, and required particular care and attention, and therefore required a separate body of men. He favored giving the trustees complete control. As the province contributed \$10 to the \$3 of the city, it was natural this body should be independent.

The school board was more representative than the city council, because its members were returned on a general and not on a ward basis. They represented the same electorate as the council, and were amenable to the same constituency. There had been striking examples of wrong-doing by trustees, although they had practically had the power for years. It was just as possible that a council would reduce the standard of the schools as that the board would be too liberal. Where could the people go to see the greatest latitude—on the grounds of liberality or of parsimony?

The effect of enforcing the rule that teachers with third class certificates be required to pass through the Normal school would be to deprive many on account of the expense it involved. He agreed with the position the leader of the opposition took in the matter. He thought that when the people understood all the circumstances they would endorse the action of the government.

Mr. Oliver.

Mr. Oliver agreed with the last speaker, that it required considerable courage for the government to introduce such a measure as that before them. The member for West Yale had treated the House to about 2 per cent. of school bill and 98 per cent. of extraneous matter. He could not agree with the principle of the bill, for it had no principle. Ten years ago the government bore the whole cost of the schools. Did it not cost the people the same to maintain the schools in one way as another? It did not matter whether it was borne by the cities, by the province or by the municipalities.

In 1893 part of that burden had been shifted from the government to the four cities. That system was now extended to the towns, and the next move would be to shift it on to the rural districts. He expected that he would be told there was no such intention, but the same assurance had been given when the liability was placed on the cities.

It had been the pride of the people of British Columbia, that they had the most excellent system of education in the known world. The present change would render it inefficient. The difference between Ontario and British Columbia was so great that a comparison was impossible. In the first named there was a big province of agricultural land with a dense population, but even with these advantages that system had been inferior to British Columbia.

It was held that this was to reduce

the cost of maintenance. But such was impossible, by diverting the liability from one body to another.

The friction between the trustees and councils had been a most serious question in the past, and had threatened the efficiency of the schools. If the government collected the revenue and administered the funds this would be removed.

He held in his hand a letter from a gentleman of long acquaintance and undoubted attainments, who held that it was making the whole system subservient to the High schools. He would oppose the second reading of the bill.

Mr. Helmcken.

Mr. Helmcken referred to the burden education had become to the revenue of the province. While it was admitted the lowering of the standard could not be entertained, and hence the necessity for the bill.

It spoke volumes for the acceptability of the bill, that the leader of the opposition had decided not to contest it in the second reading. He was surprised that having reached that decision he had decided to move for its recommittal on the third reading.

He added that the school board of Victoria had hailed with a great deal of delight the bill. The city council would advise the "planning" as they termed it, "second fiddle to the school board," as that might hamper them in their financial operations. Still that was a matter of detail which could be adjusted.

He recalled the fight a few years ago between these two bodies in Victoria, when the board-shelved that their estimate was a first charge on the revenue of the city, while the council held that it must be secondary. The corporation at present would like to see some restrictions placed on the trustees.

He pointed out that the bill implied another feature—the abolition of the right of the city council to inspect the accounts of the board. That was a matter which might be modified in committee.

He thought that possibly if the allowance to the cities were curtailed they would lower the value of economy as the hospital boards had done when municipalities government had reduced the grants to these institutions.

Mr. Martin—Hear, hear.

He was hopeful of a big increase in the prosperity of the province, and that the bill should not hesitate to accept the additional taxation.

Mr. Curtis.

Mr. Curtis thought the debate had been a high level. He was glad the bill had been introduced, as it furnished an opportunity of discussing the Education Act. He paid a compliment to the member for Delta, who he said, managed to say more in ten minutes than many of them could say in an hour, and which in his speech had hit the nail on the head.

There had been little change made in the Education Act since 1891. That was a great compliment to the act, which was the shortest and perhaps because of that the most workable in the Dominion. The department was being well administered. The minister took a great interest in his department. Of course the superintendent had much to do with it, and he was a gentleman of great ability and zeal. He said that because it was necessary to do business men did. They failed to see when the lots were valuable.

He also said that there was too long a delay between the application for new schools and the actual construction. There should be a contingency fund.

Hon. Mr. Prentice said that in the administration of affairs of the department not a single application that was warranted was refused.

Mr. Curtis said it had existed until Mr. Turner's regime.

Mr. Turner denied that.

Mr. Curtis said that the delay had occurred in the case of Rossland.

Mr. Turner—We built two schools there.

Mr. Curtis—Yes, two years after they should have been built.

There was also difficulties in getting merchants' bills settled. There were arrears in his district contracted during the South-Cotton regime which still remained unpaid.

The minister's figures showed that \$5,000 was all the additional burden placed on the cities. If the cities were not to bear it, who were? The figures could hardly be correct. They were certainly in error in regard to Rossland where they would receive \$7,500 instead of \$14,000. Besides, that city would have to provide an eight-room building at an expense of \$14,000.

Hon. Mr. Prentice said the department wanted to start all the cities the new High schools for Rossland and for Revelstoke.

Victoria, Vancouver and the Fraser valley contained Mr. Curtis's contributors \$100,000 and received \$21,500 for school purposes, while the rest of the province contributed \$165,000 and received \$71,244 and was, consequently, very impossibly treated.

It was urged that this increase was necessary in order that money could be borrowed to open up the country. That development should pay for the subsidy. If they wanted to levy for school purposes, why did they not levy it as a separate tax?

Taxes were all eventually levied in their application. One would think that the government was very anxious to get after the Chinese and Japanese, yet they

had never before given any indication of it.

The bill would do much to discredit the government, and at the next election, very few of the ministers would be returned. A strong protest was being lodged by the workmen.

Mr. McPhillips moved the adjournment of the House.

An act to accelerate the incorporation of the city of Trail was transmitted by message and referred to a committee of the House.

A petition was received from Bernard McDonald by the House asking for the introduction of a bill to incorporate the B. C. Mining Association.

The report of the printing committee was presented by Mr. Hall.

The House then rose.

Notices of Motion.

On Monday next Mr. Martin will ask leave to introduce "An Act to Amend Chapter 23 of the Revised Statutes, being the 'Legal Professions Act'"; "An Act to Amend Chapter 185 of the Revised Statutes of British Columbia, being the 'Franchise and Company Incorporation Act'"; "An Act to Amend Chapter 80 of the Revised Statutes of British Columbia, being the 'Fire Escape Act'"; "An Act to Amend Chapter 50 of the Revised Statutes of British Columbia, being the 'Absconding Debtors Act'"; "An Act to Amend Chapter 67 of the Revised Statutes of British Columbia, being the 'Provincial Elections Act'"; "An Act to Amend Chapter 170 of the Revised Statutes of British Columbia, being the 'Trustees and Executors Act'"; "An Act to Amend Chapter 10 of the Revised Statutes of British Columbia, being the 'Arrest and Imprisonment for Debt Act.'"

Question.

Mr. Hayward on Monday will ask the Minister of Finance: What amount of money does the government of British Columbia lose by the present rebate of 20 per cent. on real estate, 20 per cent. on wild land, and 50 per cent. on personal property?

FOOD AND WISDOM.

Brain Workers Learn the Secret.

Ambitious students who study hard and try their best to gain an education, frequently give down under the pressure and are greatly disappointed when they find they cannot carry out the cherished desire of the life.

The result is nearly always caused by the lack of the right kind of food to make-up the waste caused by excessive brain work.

The average student does not know how to select the right kind of food, but a food expert has devised a food which produces a food especially intended to nourish and rebuild the brain and the nerve centers throughout the body. This food is known as Grape-Nuts.

A student, Rosa Scott, of Kenoma, Mr. says, "I was very ambitious, and I was studying hard. I was under unfavorable circumstances with good health and need what is generally supposed to be good, substantial articles of food, such as meat, vegetables, etc."

I worked hard and soon became troubled with distress in my stomach. I noticed a confusion of thought and inability to memorize. I found it almost impossible to study in the condition I was in, and resorted to medicine, but that did not relieve me of my suffering, and I seemed to grow worse. I was in despair until one day a friend, who had passed through a similar experience, led me to stop using medicine, and in place of ordinary food use Grape-Nuts Food. He said it contained certain elements necessary to rebuild the worn out tissues of both body and brain, and positively assured me that if I would use the food, I would get well and be able to go on with my work.

It seemed too good to be true, and I at once began the use of Grape-Nuts Food, with an egg for breakfast. For the mid-day meal I used four heaping teaspoonfuls with some cream or milk and nothing else. Then for the evening meal I used Grape-Nuts and fruit. Right from the beginning my sufferings were not so great, and gradually my strength returned, and I could see that my brain was regaining its former activity.

These favorable symptoms continued until I was entirely relieved from my trouble, and am now stronger than I ever was before. Can you see, ten or twelve hours a day with results that I feel are a credit to myself.

I would like to have students all over the world know of the powerful properties contained in Grape-Nuts Food, as a means of saving any ordinary diet. This sort of experience testifies plainly the fact that there is everything in the selection of food if one desires to work hard and make a success in this world. There is probably no food known that is as perfect for the rebuilding of the body and brain as Grape-Nuts.

MUNYON'S GOLD CURE

Nearly everybody seems to be taking Prof. Munyon's Gold Cure whenever a cold appears. It relieves the head, nose, throat and lungs so quickly that a cold need no longer be a forerunner of grippe, diphtheria or pneumonia. A vial of the Gold Cure is like a life insurance policy. Every one of his remedies is as sure. Mostly see, via, Guide to Health Free. MUNYON, NEW YORK and Philadelphia. MUNYON'S NEW YORK CURE CATHARTIC.

GENEROUS MINERS.

Workmen of Fernie Contribute \$710 to the Union Fund.

The Minister of Mines yesterday afternoon received the following letter accompanied by the cheque mentioned.

"Dear Sir,—The workmen at the Fernie and Michel mines, together with their several friends, have made a collection for the benefit of the widows and orphans left in need by the sad calamity of accident that befell their loved ones at the Union mine on Friday, February 15th."

"Not knowing the proper parties to send the money to, which amounts to \$710, we are taking the liberty of mailing the sum to you, asking you to see that it is properly applied to the above purpose."

"W. R. WILSON, Gen. Manager."

THE PARISH PRIEST.

Something About Daniel Sully's Play to Be Here on Monday.

On Monday evening theatre patrons of Victoria will witness the presentation in this city of Daniel Sully's pleasing play, "The Parish Priest." There is a mysterious something in this play which appeals to all theatre-goers. The story is simple, but wonderfully interesting, depicting as it does the doings of an evening on the road of life. The characters are novel, natural and eloquent. Some are eloquent in their simplicity, as there is no attempt to awaken applause either in the lines or the situations.

Rosa compared "The Parish Priest" to "Sag Harbor." It has the same delightful atmosphere, and the same quaintness of character. It has more comely, perhaps, and its heart touches are as plentiful. It is appropriately staged, and in all is a beautiful production.

As Father Whalen, the jolly priest, Daniel Sully gives one of the best character portrayals of recent years. In fact his general excellence comes in the nature of a surprise, as Mr. Sully heretofore has been identified with comedy work and his ability to sound the mellow note of true pathos stamps him as a possessor of that rare characteristic, versatility, among the leading actors of to-day. Several of the characters demand exceptionally good acting and are well played.

AT ALL TIMES OF YEAR Pain-Killer will be found a useful household remedy. cures cuts, sprains and bruises. Internally for cramps and diarrhoea. Avoid substitutes, there's only one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1900

The Judges at the Paris Exposition have awarded a

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 Telephone: No. 45
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 Daily, one week by carrier, \$1.00
 Twice-a-week Times, per annum, \$5.00
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F. CAMPBELL, Tobaccosalt, 92 Government street.
GEORGE MARDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government.
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MRS. CHORON, Victoria West post office.
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T. REIDING, Craigflower road, Victoria West.
 Orders taken at Geo. Marden's for delivery of Daily Times.

MONOPOLY'S IRON-HAND.

It is difficult to credit the report, but there is reason to believe there is some substantial foundation for it, that the provincial government is opposed to the granting of a charter to the Crow's Nest Southern Railway. The taxes are being filled upon the people for the purpose of filling the public coffers, yet here is a project which would increase the revenue of the government by hundreds of dollars a day directly and by still greater sums indirectly by reason of the great increase of population which must necessarily follow its construction, and which must be stifled for reasons which we are assured when announced will not prove satisfactory to the country. If it be true that the chairman of the Railway Committee has been instructed not to report the bill on Monday, but to announce that the government will appoint a commission to inquire into the matter and report at the next session of the House, that statement when made will indicate clearly that the motives which actuate the government are sinister and inimical to the interests of the country. The merits of the measure have not been discussed in caucus by the supporters of the government, and if the course which will be resorted to evidently the majority of the members are in favor of granting the application. In view of the resolutions which have been passed by the men chiefly interested we do not see clearly the process of reasoning by which any man could place himself in any other frame of mind.

We can assure the government of Mr. Dunsmuir that there is a feeling abroad that the influences which seem to be directing the policy of the government have objects in view other than the welfare of the province generally. As we have pointed out before, a sister province has pledged her credit to an extent which may seriously cripple her future in a desperate effort to shake off the load which her people asserted was weighing them down and hindering their progress. It is not that they hate the C. P. R. or believe that it has not the interests of the country at heart as much as they have, but it is that they want to be freed from monopoly and to be accorded the justice as to freight rates which they are convinced they can only get by competition.

It will be remembered that in the first instance the C. P. R.'s monopoly in Manitoba was guaranteed by law. The people rose in arms against that and the Federal government was compelled to yield to their demands and to repeal that law. Then the province heavily bonused the Northern Pacific lines for the purpose of securing the competition which they desired. The result of that experiment did not prove satisfactory, and the government of Mr. Greenway went down because it was suspected that it was in alliance with the railway,

and did not do all that the people thought it should have done to secure them justice. There should be a lesson in these things for the railway company and the government. British Columbians have as great a love for liberty as their countrymen in any part of the continent. If the suspicion which is now abroad that there is an alliance between the government and the C. P. R. for the purpose of converting this province into an almost exclusive preserve for the railway company should by any act of the administration be converted into a certainty, we are satisfied that both the government and the company would very quickly discover that they had made a serious mistake. It has been determined to kill the Crow's Nest Southern Railway Bill, it might as well be done openly. Those responsible would not divest themselves of blame by shoving the question under the pretence of waiting for the report of a commission.

THE COAST-KOOTENAY LINE.

There has not yet been any announcement of the policy of the Government in connection with the direct line from the Coast to Kootenay, but it is political consistency has any weight with two members of the cabinet there ought to be no doubt of one of two things—either that the contract with the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern Railway Company will be carried out and the subsidy restored, or Mr. Dunsmuir will have to look for a new Finance Minister and a new Attorney-General. If there was one question to which Messrs. Turner and Eberts were more committed than to any other, it was to the solemn undertaking entered into by them, representing the Crown, with the company just named to construct a railway from the Coast to Kootenay, with a connection with Victoria, and to pay the company the subsidy of \$4,000 a mile voted by the Legislature.

In the election of 1898, one of the grounds upon which these gentlemen appealed to their respective constituencies was that they had put through the Subsidy Act the previous session and entered into a contract under it with responsible parties. They were both elected, and there is not the least doubt about their action in that matter having greatly contributed towards their election. It is a part of the political history of the province that the Semlin Government, for reasons which it is not necessary to inquire into, annulled the contract and subsequently repealed the Subsidy Act. It is also a matter of history that Mr. Turner, having found it necessary to resign his seat in the House, came before the constituency of Victoria in the year 1899 for re-election. During that campaign Mr. Turner laid great stress upon the fact that he had made the above mentioned contract as Premier of the province, and that its annulment by the Semlin Government was an act of repudiation calculated to destroy the credit of the province in the eyes of the world. Other candidates in the same bye-election, and other speakers at public meetings, dealt with other subjects, but this was the principal thing that Mr. Turner talked about, excepting when he was dealing with the correspondence between himself and Lieutenant-Governor McInnes.

Mr. Eberts took an active part in the same campaign, and was equally forcible in denouncing this act of repudiation. During the election of 1900 Mr. Turner and Mr. Eberts both dealt frequently and forcibly with this same question, and they pointed out that not only was the credit of the province seriously affected by such an act of repudiation, but that a lawsuit had been instituted by the parties to the contract against the province, in which large claims were made for damages. On the eve of the election, at a meeting held in the Victoria theatre, Mr. Turner took a strong attitude on this point. After taking credit to himself for having introduced a Subsidy Act covering the above mentioned railway, and for having at once effected a contract for the construction of the line, and after having characterized in vigorous language the policy of the Semlin Government in the premises, he declared in no many words that if he were returned to power he would restore the company to its rights and do everything that he could to secure immediate construction of the railway. The electors of Victoria took him at his word, and sent him back to the House. During this campaign also Mr. Eberts took precisely the same position as Mr. Turner.

If, under these circumstances, there is some surprise in the community that Messrs. Turner and Eberts are hesitating about making good their pledges, and are parties to negotiations which will give the lie to the policy with which their names have been hitherto connected, and will endorse what they time and again described as a shameful act of repudiation, there need not be any surprise.

It is of course possible that the government has secured terms from another company, which will be considered of such advantage to the province as to absolve Messrs. Turner and Eberts from their pledges. But, as we have pointed out before, the people—and especially those dwelling and doing business in the interior—desire competition, and all other things being in some measure equal, they will insist upon competition in the transportation business in the province. Public opinion has made it

Matters have evidently reached a critical stage in China. Perhaps the mere statements of newspaper correspondents may not be taken to amount to a great deal, but a higher authority than the Associated Press, one of the members of the British cabinet, admits that forces of Britain and Russia confront each other in a hostile attitude, therefore it is clear that a little thing might precipitate a conflict which would not be confined to China. It is comforting to know, however, that the nations realize their responsibilities, that the days when war was entered upon with a light heart have passed away and that it is the consuming desire of the great majority of statesmen to maintain peace in the world.

The Vancouver Province's ideas on railway matters are somewhat grotesque, but when the weather is favorable in the Terminal City—which unfortunately is not often—our contemporary gives utterances to some truly beautiful sentiments on altruistic propositions. For instance:
 "It is the little things of life that count—the little acts of loving regard. They sweeten the cup for us all and smooth over the rough and rugged places in the journey we are all taking from the cradle to the grave. It does not cost much to do them in time, trouble or money; but they go a long way in rounding out and enriching life and making it worth the living."

The war of the railways for provision to levy tolls upon the wealth of British Columbia is vastly more interesting now than the contest in South Africa.

THE ROW IN THE COMMONS.

Toronto Globe.
 Eboya, have ye had the news from the Commons?
 What the floor did emotion an' walloper the air!
 Our members defied the base Chairman's vile summons.
 An' Cran, he me-sowl, was dragged out an' his chair.
 An' Donellan parted wid all av his vest.
 Oh, but they had a most ligant racket.
 Gilhooly, McHugh, Dugan an' the rest; Cullinan, sure, they tore aff the most av his jacket.
 An' Donellan parted wid all av his vest.
 What was it for?—The very short story.
 That omadhaun, Balfour, shut down the debate;
 An' the Orishman swore the vidions av glory
 They juddn't stop talkin', he'd jist have to wait!
 They wuddn't be garged, nor out to the lobby
 Wid wan av thim ludge, brave lads that they are;
 So the Sargin't-at-Arms kem along wid a lobby.
 Backed up be some more, an' that started the war.
 Begob, but they say 'twas a shindy most splendid,
 Beside it oul'd Donnybrook's not to be named.
 They yellin' an' they klockin', an' befoer it was ended
 A score av base Saxons war mangled an' maimed.
 An' niver since-iver the House first assembled
 Was there anything like it—jist listen to that!
 For wance, be me sowkin, Westminster tumbled
 Befoor the bowld heroes that represent Pat.
 What good did it do? Arrah, how I'm ashamed
 To hear sich a question—what good, did you say?
 Sure, isn't the world be this shrimmage admonished—
 That our Cause is both lovely an' kickin'-to-day.

THE MOSCOW RIOTS.

London, March 16.—During the night of Thursday the British bark Wanderer, from Tacoma, was sighted recently disabled six miles off St. Ann's Head. The steam fishing boat Merlin endeavored ineffectually to take her in tow, then went to Milford Haven for assistance. The stern trawler Reginald went out and searched for the Wanderer for eighteen hours without sighting her, and then returned to port.

PUMPING CONTINUES.

Still Thirty Feet of Water in No. 6 Shaft.

(Special Correspondence of the Times.)
 Cumberland, March 14.—There is now about thirty feet of water in No. 6 shaft. Pumping is often delayed by portions of the wreckage obstructing the filling of the buckets. This wreckage has to be removed from time to time, and pumping has to cease while the men are in the shafts. Subscriptions in aid of the widows and orphans still come in, and it is hoped that at least \$10,000 may be collected.

CHINESE LABOR.

To the Editor:—If the royal commission would just offer a load of wood laid down in front of their home and watch the scramble of free traders to get to the front to do the work for anything that is offered, it would be an object lesson as to the chances of a self-respecting Canadian competing. They the employers in this great province dignify it by the name of labor, (Heaven save the mark!) If the souls of our leaders are not dead they must be stumbling as regards the best interests of their native land, or it may be self-interest comes first. Why not ship the Chinese gardeners to Ottawa if they need them there? Even in Victoria there are a few that would like clean vegetables and earnestly desire a market where Canadian producers and consumers could meet to their mutual advantage.

AN UNFORTUNATE BLUNDER.

Kansas Legislature Declined to Place on Record Letter from King Edward (Associated Press.)
 Topeka, Kansas, March 16.—A letter was received here last night from Mr. Choate, United States ambassador to England, in which the regrets of King Edward VII are expressed for the unfortunate wording of the message to the Kansas legislature after the death of Queen Victoria. The legislature sent a letter of condolence to King Edward after the death of Queen Victoria and in his letter of acknowledgment the King expressed thanks for the loyalty of the Kansasans. One of the legislators objected to the word "Loyalty" and his motion to have the letter stricken from the records prevailed.

SPRING CLEANING
 Modern Fenders and Fire Sets

Buy a Broom or Carpet Sweeper; also
 Modern Fenders and Fire Sets
 At Rock Bottom Prices.
Deaville, Sons & Co.,
 Importers,
 Grocers and Provision Merchants.
 Hillside Avenue and First St.
 TEL. 324.

CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

George W. Herskovitz Will Be Surrendered to Canadian Authorities.
 (Associated Press.)
 Washington, March 16.—The secretary of state has handed to Lord Poucefote a warrant for the surrender to the Canadian authorities of George W. Herskovitz, of Toledo, who is to answer to the charge of perjury. It was alleged that the prisoner eloped with a girl of 15 from Ohio into Canada and committed perjury there in falsely swearing that the girl was of age. It is asserted that her parents are responsible for the extradition proceedings.

OFFICERS SURRENDERED.

(Associated Press.)
 Washington, March 16.—The war department has received the following cablegram from Gen. MacArthur at Manila, announcing the surrender of Lieut. General Trias:
 "Adjt.-General, Washington. Mariano Trias, the only lieutenant-general of the insurgent army, surrendered on March 15th at San Francisco de Matambon, with nine officers and 199 well armed men. Trias immediately took the oath of allegiance in the presence of several American officers. This most auspicious event indicates the final stage of armed insurrection, as the prestige of Trias in southern Luzon was equal to Aguinaldo. General Bates and Col. Frank D. Baldwin are entitled to great credit for persistent work in bringing this about. (Signed) MacArthur."

BARK DISABLED.

(Associated Press.)
 London, March 16.—During the night of Thursday the British bark Wanderer, from Tacoma, was sighted recently disabled six miles off St. Ann's Head. The steam fishing boat Merlin endeavored ineffectually to take her in tow, then went to Milford Haven for assistance. The stern trawler Reginald went out and searched for the Wanderer for eighteen hours without sighting her, and then returned to port.

THE MOSCOW RIOTS.

There Has Been Bloodshed and the City is in a State of Siege.
 (Associated Press.)
 London, March 16.—"The students' agitation in the city," says the Moscow correspondent of the Daily Mail, "has become extremely serious. Bloodshed has occurred and the students threaten serious trouble. It is not safe for individuals to cross the streets in the day time. The schools are closed and the city is in a state of siege."

WORKINGMEN JOIN STUDENTS.

St. Petersburg, March 16.—The riots in Moscow were more serious than was at first expected. Several thousand workmen were encouraged by a hundred female students. The police, some of the rioting was in the neighborhood of the palace of the Grand Duke Sergius, governor-general. A state of siege has been established in Moscow where great excitement prevails. Similar disturbances are reported to have broken out at Odessa, Kiev, Karkoff and other university cities.

FATAL FIRE IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 16.—Fire broke out about five o'clock in a building occupied by Leonard, Miles & Co., wholesale druggists, at the corner of St. Sulpice and Desbrosses streets, and spread to Hudson, Hebert & Company's large wholesale grocery opposite. The stock of Meagher Bros., wholesale wine merchants, in the building adjoining Hudson Hebert's, was also damaged. The loss is about a quarter of a million. Fireman Horadamas Dumais was killed, and two other firemen slightly injured by a falling wall.

ONE FREEMAN KILLED AND TWO OTHERS INJURED BY FALLING WALLS.

(Associated Press.)
 Montreal, March 16.—Fire broke out about five o'clock in a building occupied by Leonard, Miles & Co., wholesale druggists, at the corner of St. Sulpice and Desbrosses streets, and spread to Hudson, Hebert & Company's large wholesale grocery opposite. The stock of Meagher Bros., wholesale wine merchants, in the building adjoining Hudson Hebert's, was also damaged. The loss is about a quarter of a million. Fireman Horadamas Dumais was killed, and two other firemen slightly injured by a falling wall.

DEAR SIR, I wish to let you know of the benefit I have derived by using your Pills.

I am a widow with a family to support, and have to work hard, which is very trying on my nerves.
 At night I was unable to sleep for hours after going to bed, and it seemed as if every nerve in my body was on the go.
 I had a smothering, choking sensation, and had to spring out of bed to catch my breath.
 Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done me so much good, that I can recommend them highly to any person afflicted with heart and nerve troubles like I was.
 Yours, with gratitude,
 THE T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED,
 Toronto, Ont.

Just Received

- MACARONI, VERMIGELLI, 10c lb.
- MACARONI, VERMIGELLI, 10c lb.
- SALAD OIL, 50c per gallon
- WASHING AMONIA
- EVAP. APRICOTS, 10c lb. EVAP. PEACHES, 10c. PRUNES, 5c lb.

Dr. Deimel's Linen-Mesh UNDERWEAR

To Avoid Spring Colds.
 With the return of spring and light outer clothing the tendency to take cold is increased unless the proper underwear is worn.
Dr. Deimel's Linen-Mesh Undergarments
 Are porous, dry and ventilating. They absorb the perspiration, carry it off, and keep the body dry and thoroughly comfortable.

W. & J. WILSON,
 SOLE AGENTS FOR VICTORIA.

Catarrh Sense

IF YOU ARE TROUBLED WITH CATARRH OF THE EXPERIENCE OF OTHERS MAY BE WORTH SOMETHING TO YOU.
 You have possibly seen Powders, Snuffs, and Tablets you have advertised to cure Catarrh, others advise you to load your stomach with some of their Blood Purifier; now if you had an ulcer, a sore, or inflamed surface anywhere else on your body you would not think of blowing essence powders on it, would you? And so for Tablets and Blood Purifiers, you might as well think of taking them to cure Cerebra Catarrh of the Head.
 Some of these so-called Catarrh remedies contain dangerous narcotics. They relieve at the time, but give rise to a false security, the disease keeps on spreading deeper, until the hearing and lungs are affected. You take more and more of the stuff each time to relieve. Soon you will wake-up to the reality of these statements and find you have neglected the proper treatment too long. Now there is a cure for Catarrh, not one that gives only temporary relief, but permanently cures. It is called Japanese Catarrh Cure. This remedy is a pleasant, healing antiseptic pomade, which is inserted up the nostrils, it melts at the temperature of the body, each breath carries a fresh supply to the irritated, inflamed and ulcerated membrane, and it penetrates to the air cells themselves. It immediately kills the Catarrhal Germ, heals, soothes, allays all inflammation, and removes every sign of Catarrh. Japanese Catarrh Cure is not an experiment. It has been successfully used during eight years in Canada, and has cured thousands of very bad cases of Catarrh, and will cure thousands more. If you have Catarrh don't experiment with untried remedies; get a box of Japanese Catarrh Cure, and you will get the proofs of these statements, and benefit at the same time.

Mrs. H. Nigh, of Springfield, Ont., writes a few commonplace words regarding her experience in trying Japanese Catarrh Cure. She says: "Enclosed find \$2.50 for six boxes of Japanese Catarrh Cure. A few days ago I received a sample box, and from the results obtained from this sample I am sure the remedy will cure me. I have great faith in a remedy like this for Catarrh, and believe it to be the proper thing. We never buy powder on a sore of any kind, and I don't see why people advertise powders to cure Catarrh. I have tried all the powders on the market, they relieved at the time, but I was worse when I stopped using them."
 Japanese Catarrh Cure is sold by druggists everywhere, 50 cents complete. Trial size, and Book on Catarrh and Deafness, 10 cents by mail, postpaid, by The Griffin and Macpherson Co., Limited, Toronto, Can.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie, from the Sound—Patton & Son, Armour & Co., Vic Mac's Depot, E M Nodde, Hardness Clark, Weller Bros, Pichou & Lenfesty, R P Hittet & Co., J J Fild & Son, D H Ross & Co., D Spencer, Colanlet P & P Co., E H Anderson, W & J Wilson, Rowland Machin, C A Holland, T N Hibben & Co, J C Bro, H C Beeton & Co, Yick Lung, Clayton & Cousin, S J Pitts, P R Stewart, Vialo & Brooks.
 Via E. & N. Railway ex Vancouver—Jes-Sumner & Co, C R King, E B McFerrin & Co, A McKoon, Marine Iron Works, P McQuade & Son, W S Fraser & Co, Mrs Noble, J Weston, A McGregor, E G Prior & Co, T Earle, Wilson Bros, S Letear & Co, Lens & Letser, Hutchison Co, M E Smith & Co, J Fullerton, W E R French, Thos Shottell, M Marks, D Spencer, H Smith, W P Jaynes, Speed Bros, Saunders Groe Co, T N Hibben & Co, Watson & Hall.

Benefit Derived From Using Milburn's Pills For Nervousness.

Dear Sirs, I wish to let you know of the benefit I have derived by using your Pills.
 I am a widow with a family to support, and have to work hard, which is very trying on my nerves.
 At night I was unable to sleep for hours after going to bed, and it seemed as if every nerve in my body was on the go.
 I had a smothering, choking sensation, and had to spring out of bed to catch my breath.
 Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done me so much good, that I can recommend them highly to any person afflicted with heart and nerve troubles like I was.
 Yours, with gratitude,
 THE T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED,
 Toronto, Ont.

Dr. Deimel's Linen-Mesh UNDERWEAR
 To Avoid Spring Colds.
 With the return of spring and light outer clothing the tendency to take cold is increased unless the proper underwear is worn.
Dr. Deimel's Linen-Mesh Undergarments
 Are porous, dry and ventilating. They absorb the perspiration, carry it off, and keep the body dry and thoroughly comfortable.
W. & J. WILSON,
 SOLE AGENTS FOR VICTORIA.

Keewatin Flour
 Lake of the Woods Milling Co., Ltd.
 HAS NO EQUAL. Insist on getting "Five Roses."
Trout Fishing
 Rods, Reels, Lines, Baskets, fine Scotch Casts and Flies, Fly Books and Tackle Cases, Landing Nets, etc. See our line of rods, at
 78 GOVERNMENT STREET
FOX'S

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.
 DEALERS IN
HARDWARE.
 Iron, Steel, Pipe, Fittings, and Brass Goods. Building, Mining and Logging Supplies a Specialty. Lawn Mowers, Hose and Garden Tools.
 Telephone, 5
 P. O. Box, 425.
 Wharf St. Victoria, B. C.

Cycling In Couples
 Is very pleasant when everything runs smoothly. Our wheels will do this, as we handle only bicycles of well known and standard makes, makes that have made bicycling what it is today. COLUMBIA, CLEVELAND, CRESCENT AND QUICKSTEP are household words.

M. W. Waitt & Co.
 44 GOVERNMENT STREET.
VICTORIA THEATRE.
MONDAY, MARCH 18
 The Great New York and Boston Success, SIX WEEKS NEW YORK. 4 WEEKS BOSTON.
DANIEL SULLY
 Presents
The Parish Priest

Benefit Derived From Using Milburn's Pills For Nervousness.
 Dear Sirs, I wish to let you know of the benefit I have derived by using your Pills.
 I am a widow with a family to support, and have to work hard, which is very trying on my nerves.
 At night I was unable to sleep for hours after going to bed, and it seemed as if every nerve in my body was on the go.
 I had a smothering, choking sensation, and had to spring out of bed to catch my breath.
 Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done me so much good, that I can recommend them highly to any person afflicted with heart and nerve troubles like I was.
 Yours, with gratitude,
 THE T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED,
 Toronto, Ont.

The Parish Priest
 A sweet, wholesome play. Humor and pathos deftly combined. The theatrical surprise of the season. Prices: \$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Seats on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery store.
TO HOUSEKEEPERS
 Springtime is coming, and with it comes house-cleaning. THE SANITARY FEATHER RENOVATOR is now ready to turn out first-class work at short notice, and all feathers sent in to be cleaned will receive careful and prompt attention. We also repair mattresses, lounge, easy chairs, table awnings, and do carpet cleaning and laying at reasonable rates.
 B. DEACON,
 454-456 BROAD STREET, TEL. 202.

Feasting at Alert Bay

Three Large Indian Tribes Holding Potlatch - Tees Returns From Northern Ports.

Sealing Schooner Borealis Seized By Hawaiian Customs But Afterwards Released.

From Naas river and way ports there arrived this morning the steamer Tees, which had called at Vancouver yesterday to land a number of her passengers.

There was a big potlatch on the Tees when she returned to her home port. Three tribes, the Potlatch, Nimpkish and Alert Bay natives, had gathered, and the jubilation was expected to extend over this week.

THE BOREALIS SEIZED.

Schooner Borealis, of the home fleet of sealers, has been seized at Vancouver by Capt. Macaulay, the officers sent by the Hawaiian customs authorities to watch for the vessels calling there.

MARINE NOTES.

The barkentine Hawaii, now at Honolulu on her maiden voyage in the Pacific; the James Drummond, about due from that port, and the Willie Rickmers, which is coming from Kotze, are among the recent arrivals reported to load at the Chemainus mills.

As a result of the survey held by Capt. J. G. Cox and Capt. Mellon on the bark Prince Victor, that vessel will be discharged her deck load of lumber.

Steamer Wilhepa took her departure for northern British Columbia ports last night with a good number of passengers.

The Washington & Alaska Steamship Company has chartered the steamer Clarence Nelson and S. H. Portland and will add them to its Lynn rail fleet.

The United States lighthouse tender Manzanilla dropped anchor in the bay yesterday afternoon, remaining over in port until this morning.

Tug Lornie tows the ship Laomona to Tacoma, today.

M. Biogioff, minister of public instruction, who, while holding a reception on January 27th, was slain by Peter Karayovich, formerly a student at the University of Moscow, died yesterday of his wound.

Lieut. Governor McMillan visited the Manitoba legislature yesterday and gave assent to the Northern Pacific Railway Bill. Assent was not asked for the Canadian Northern Bill, the explanation being made that it was not engrossed.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Dr. Wood

See Pac-Stuff-Wrappers Below.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SLOW BOWEL.

CURES MEN! CURES WOMEN!



Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

Has Restored Health and Strength to Thousands of Weak Men and Women With Back Pains, Rheumatism, Nervous Debility, Indigestion, Constipation, Liver, Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

It is the only never-failing cure for Rheumatism, Lame Back, Nervousness, General Debility, Loss of Power, in Young, Middle Aged and Old Men, Vari-cocle, Weak Back and Kidneys, Lost Vitality, Wasted Energy, Sleeplessness, Pains in Head, Back, Chest, Shoulders and Limbs, Female Weakness, Bearing Down Pains and all those ailments from which women suffer.



DRUGS ONLY STIMULATE. DR. M'LAUGHLIN'S ELECTRIC BELT GIVES LASTING STRENGTH. ITS CURES ARE PERMANENT, FOREVER.

WILL ALWAYS RECOMMEND IT.

Rock Cut, Stevens Co., Wash., Nov. 8th, 1900. Dr. M. E. McLaughlin: I am pleased to say that the Belt has done me a great deal of good.

HIS PAINS ARE GONE.

Yale, B. C., Nov. 7th, 1900. Dr. M. E. McLaughlin: I am well pleased with the Belt. The soreness and stiffness are all gone from my legs.

A GRATEFUL LADY CURED.

Buckley, Wash., Nov. 15th, 1900. Dr. M. E. McLaughlin: Your Belt is simply a wonder. I could not live without it.

50,000 CURES --- It has cured in every town and hamlet in the country. Cures after everything else had failed. Send for book with full information. FREE. Be sure now, while you can, without costing you a cent if it fails. Call and test it free, if possible. We will pay duty on all goods sent into British Columbia.

DR. M. E. M'LAUGHLIN, 106 1-2 Columbia Street, Seattle, Wash.

Nothing Else Cures! PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Used By Men and Women of Wealth and Social Standing and by the Great Army of Toilers.

THE SPRING MEDICINE THAT CURES WHEN ALL OTHERS FAIL.

A MARVELLOUS BANISHMENT OF PAIN AND DISEASE ENDURED FOR FIFTY YEARS.

Honest and Unsolicited Testimony of a Leading Montreal Business Man.

If you have suffered agonies from rheumatism, and neuralgia during the winter months; if your dyspepsia has gnawed at your vitals and tortured you from day to day; if kidney and liver troubles threaten to end your life; if poisoned and impure blood has shown its effects in boils, pimples and eruptions; if sciatica or salt rheum have made you unsteady; if sleeplessness and nervousness have made you miserable and despondent; if headaches, aches and backaches give warning of approaching dangers, your only hope of new life and vigorous health is the use of Paine's Celery Compound.

ENJOYABLE MEETING

Of the Sir William Wallace Society Was Held Last Evening. The Sir William Wallace Society held their usual weekly meeting in their hall last night, 29 Broad Street.

PRESENTED WITH MEDALS

Three Graduates of Jubilee Hospital Recipients of These Badges of Honor. Directors and nurses of the Royal Jubilee hospital met last evening under most favorable conditions.

WIND IN THE STOMACH

Indicates poor digestion, and the digestive organs require toning up by BURDICK BLOOD BITTERS. The wind is caused by the fermentation of gas from imperfectly digested food or a faulty condition of the digestive organs, which, if neglected, must lead to stomach and blood troubles.

REMOVED NOTICE.

J. I. BURROWS, MANAGER. Removed to old stand, Todd Block, corner of Douglas and Pandora street.

Reduced Rates

PORT TOWNSEND AND SEATTLE. FARE, 25c. BERTHS, 25c. FREIGHT 50c PER TON.

MAIL STR. SEHOME

Arrive daily, except Sunday 8:00 p.m. Leave daily, except Saturday 7:30 p.m. DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Phone 580, 64 Government St.

J. H. Getschmann Family Grocer.

50 Humboldt St., Cor. Douglas, Tel. 638. HUNGARIAN FLOUR (Pellier's) \$1.25. PRATT'S BEST OIL 1.25. PERRIN'S CREAM SODAS, 3 lbs. 1.25.

Victoria Tailoring Parlors.

38 Douglas Street. Spring Woollen Goods. Just received, first shipment of spring stock. Call and inspect our goods before ordering your spring suit.

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THE White Pass and Yukon Route

PACIFIC AND ARCTIC RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO. BRITISH COLUMBIA YUKON RAILWAY CO. BRITISH YUKON RAILWAY CO. CANADIAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, LTD.

THE WHITE PASS AND YUKON ROUTE

Earlier in the season and quicker than any other way. Daily (except Sunday) winter train service between SKAGWAY AND WHITE HORSE.

Table with columns for departure times and destinations: LEV. 8:30 a.m., 11:25 a.m., 12:15 p.m., 2:40 p.m., 4:35 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA. Time Table No. 55 - Taking Effect November 15th, 1900.

WHEN GOING EAST

Canadian Pacific Railway. Steamships of this company will leave every Wednesday, via Vancouver, for Wrangell and Skagway at 8 p.m.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP SALES.

Cambran-Dominion Line. Fr. Portland. Vancouver-Dominion Line. Mar. 13. Portland-Alban Line. Mar. 27. Skagway-Alban Line. Mar. 27.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

75 Government Street, Victoria, B. C. Passengers can leave and arrive daily by steamers Romie and Sabome, connecting at Seattle with overland routes.

E. & N. RAILWAY

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE FOR FISHERMEN. To Shawigan Lake, SATURDAY, MARCH 16.

Trains leave Victoria 8:00 a. m. and 2:10 p. m. Excursion tickets on sale, good to return Sunday, March 17th.

\$1.40. SUNDAY, MARCH 17, RETURN FARE ON SUNDAY, \$1.00.

FREE CURE FOR MEN.

A new remedy which cures every case of weakness, varicocele, etc., and restores the system to its normal condition.

W. J. CLARK, Solicitor for Applicant, Toronto, 9th January, 1901.

100 BOYS' TWO-PIECE SUITS REDUCED TO HALF PRICE

AN EXTRA PAIR OF KNICKERS GRATIS WITH EVERY BOY'S SUIT, FOR SATURDAY ONLY

30 Cases New Spring Suits Just to Hand.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

68-70 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.



Advertising Comment

By Emerson De Puy.

HEART FAILURE.

When a patient dies suddenly and ascribes it to "heart failure," the term is as good as any, and fully covers the ground, as a man's heart usually fails when he dies.

I might also say that he generally dies when his heart fails.

This is one of those rules that work backward as well as forward.

The sort of heart failure to which the doctor refers is disastrous to a man physically. There is another kind that plays havoc with him from a business standpoint.

How many a man has pushed a business enterprise along for years, and then just as he was getting the thing out of the ruts, and upon smoother ground, has had an attack of heart failure, and his whole life is ruined.

In times of doubt and discouragement it is well for us to remember that the man who gives up, never knows what he might have won.

It is far better to pursue the proposition to the end and fail, than to stop anywhere this side of possible success.

The thought is an uncomfortable one to an ambitious man, that a little more effort on his part just at the right time, which is generally the most discouraging time, might have pushed the thing over the hill and landed him and his business safely on easy street.

The men who have accomplished things in this world are the fellows who never knew when to quit, and could not possibly be convinced even by the most discouraging train of circumstances, that they ought to do anything but push ahead.

During one of Grant's great campaigns when the roads were rivers of mud and it was with the greatest difficulty the immense wagon trains and heavy pieces of artillery could be moved, one of his officers who had been struggling nearly all day with an unusually heavy train, without making any headway so far as he could see, came to Grant completely discouraged and said: "It is no use, general, we are so deep in mud that we cannot move our heavy ordnance another mile, and the rebels will get us, sure." The man who never had an attack of heart failure in his life, looked calmly at his worried and discouraged officer a moment and then quietly said: "Go on with your work, captain, and don't forget that the rebels are just as deep in the mud as we are."

Everything in life has its discouragements. If there was such a thing as a business which was all sunshine and easy sailing, we would be falling over ourselves to get into it and soon it would be overdone.

It takes patience and perseverance to

the objects of the Naval League.

Others followed, believing that there was no reason why both societies should not work in unison.

Deciding to form a branch, a membership list was opened and the following enrolled: His Worship Mayor Hayward, Noah Shakespeare, Charles E. Redfern, Lambert Bond, R. C. B. Bagshaw, Louis J. Seymour, Joseph Nelson, Rev. W. D. Barber, F. Irving Taylor, H. C. Jackson, Clarence McNeill, A. E. Welby Solomon, J. M. Wilson, Gordon M. Grant, E. O. S. Schofield, Henry J. S. Masket, D. H. McDowell, Capt. Livingston Thompson, W. Wallace Grime, R. E. Gosnell, Charles A. Bury, Thomas A. Fletcher, F. Finch-Smiles, F. Napier Denison, J. Blanchard Bell, and Seymour Hastings, J. O'Dell.

The object of the society is to promote reciprocal arrangements throughout the various parts of the Empire.

The following officers were elected: Chair. man, Mayor Hayward; vice-chairman, Charles E. Redfern; C. McLean O'Brien; treasurer, Charles A. Bury; secretary, A. F. Welby Solomon; committee, D. H. McNeill, Capt. Livingston Thompson, E. O. S. Schofield, Rev. W. D. Barber, F. Napier Denison, Louis J. Seymour.

A. F. Welby Solomon, in thanking Mr. Prins for his services in assisting to form this branch, moved that the committee petition the central committee to be allowed to make Mr. Prins an honorary member. The motion was carried unanimously, and Mr. Prins, in thanking the society for this honor, said that the success of the organization would be to him a sufficient reward.

After deciding to meet next Friday night the meeting adjourned.

"77"

It's Tonicity.

A Cold is usually caused by checked circulation, recognized by a chill or shiver. The use of "77" starts the blood coursing through the veins until it reaches the extremities, when the feet warm up and the Cold or Grip is broken, while its tonicity sustains the system during and after the attack. Many persons write: "Your '77' has proved such a blessing, I want to try Dr. Humphreys' Specifics for other diseases." In response we send free a Pocket Manual known as "The Dainty Lady" from the picture on the cover, for which a beautiful model was induced to pose.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicines, 40, Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

GRIP

IN BED SIX WEEKS.

A Very Bad Case of Dyspepsia—But After Three Years of Suffering, Mrs. Tefft Is Cured by Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Mr. R. C. Tefft is Vice-President of the East York Agricultural Society. His home is in Markham, Ont.

He says: "For three years past my wife has been a sufferer from Dyspepsia and Indigestion. Her sufferings were continual, but were more severe on some days than others.

"So greatly did the complaint increase of late that she was obliged to take to her bed, and during that period beyond description.

"Our doctor attended her, but did no permanent good.

"Finally, she was advised to try Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. She received marked benefit immediately, and after having used three boxes she was able to get up and attend to her regular duties as well as ever.

"Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets were the only remedy that ever did her any good.

"I have used the Tablets myself for Dyspepsia and Constipation, and always with the best results.

"They have effected a cure in every case for which they have been used in our district.

Is your case any worse than that of Mrs. Tefft? Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets cured her. They will cure any case of Dyspepsia, no matter how painful. Your druggist sells them. Don't wait, and don't suffer. They never disappoint. No matter how many other treatments have failed, Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets never fail.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Schom from the South—J. Noew, E. Pierce, E. Jones, J. Smith, J. Imbert, J. Sturgeon, E. H. Barker, Geo. Bennett, Mrs. Kenner, R. A. Johnston, J. Johnston, J. Legate, Mary Legate, D. O'Hara, G. E. Carleton, F. Wright, L. C. Boyles, Mes Boyles, H. Develier, F. C. Worrell, E. Bradley, L. G. Talcott, A. H. Hill, Miss Crook, Mrs. C. E. Crook, W. J. Harrester, H. Marx, M. Anning, Mrs. Anning, C. A. Williams, B. K. McLachlan, Mrs. McLachlan, T. M. Campbell, Mrs. Kelly, W. C. R. Spradling, Mrs. Spradling, A. J. Farrington, Miss Farrington, H. Harn, Mrs. Harn, R. C. Bishop, N. N. Allen, C. Campbell, F. L. Freen, W. L. Stephens, H. J. Helne, J. Lee, G. H. Turner, M. Turner, F. A. McKenzie, T. Buckley, J. Bennett, P. Biese, S. Kitchell, T. McMillan, J. Smith, D. Mack, J. Milligan, J. R. Monson, A. E. Dourest, G. B. Stevens, C. E. Strutton, W. F. J. Ready, M. Stenmel.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Schom from the South—Sea & Gowen, Hastie's Fair, A. C. Henderson, W. G. Cameron, Cunningham Hdw Co, Via. Mach Depot, Mrs. Bickford, J. Pierce & Co, D. Spencer, Thos Sumerville, A. R. Johnson, Brackman & Ker, J. Morrison, R. G. Prior & Co, R. Porter & Son, Watson & McGregor, Hickman T. H. Co, Weller Bros, G. A. King, W. A. Jameson, Ord-Bank of Montreal, T. Redding, G. E. Munro & Co.

"REGULAR PRACTITIONER—NO REFUSE."—Maggie Asie-Chestnut of Whitby, was for months a rheumatic victim, but South American Rheumatic Cure changed the song from "despair" to "joy." She says: "I suffered untold misery from rheumatism—doctors' medicine did me no good—two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure cured me—relief two hours after the first dose." Sold by Dean & Hicks and Hall & Co.—59.

BRITISH



TROOP OIL LINIMENT

covers a wide field. There is no better application for Cuts, Wounds, Ulcers and all Open Sores, as the soothing and healing properties of this remedy are unsurpassed.

For Sprains, Bruises, Stiff Joints, Contracted Cords, Bites and Stings of Insects, and Painful Swellings of all kinds, bathe the parts with hot water, then apply the Troop Oil freely, and you will be surprised how quickly pain will be eased and inflammation subside.

In the case of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lame Back, or muscular soreness the Oil gives wonderful relief.

For Caked Breasts or Cracked Nipples, which cause women so much suffering, they will find nothing to equal Troop Oil. Internally the Oil may be taken with great benefit for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc., in addition to the internal use of the Oil, the throat, neck, and chest should be rubbed thoroughly with it.

Used as a gargle it is of inestimable value in Diptheria, Sore Throat, Quinsy and Ulcerated Tonsils. A large bottle 5/-.

This hanger is displayed in all stores where Steele, Briggs' seeds are sold. Steele, Briggs' seeds are always fresh, they are suited to Canada, they are the safest seeds that can be bought. Every packet is generously filled, you get best value in Steele, Briggs' seeds and seeds that grow, be sure you get them.

B.C. Clothing Renovatory

Telephone 686

Steam Dyeing and Cleaning Works

44 Broad Street

STODDART'S JEWELLERY STORE

63 YATES STREET, 2 Doors East From Broad Street.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

BRITISH SHIP "LYNTON"

JAMES, Master.

Neither the master nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel without their written authority.

R. P. RITCHEY & CO., LTD., Agents.

FOR SALE--CHEAP.

AN ACETYLENE GAS MACHINE

In perfect working order, with 500 feet of piping. Apply to

M. R. SMITH & CO., LD., FORT ST.

FREE

OH CURE also letters on the left and a card in this advertisement. Write or telephone to me for a free trial, and we will send you FREE a really useful piece of jewelry. Tablets, a cure for all diseases of Kidneys, Liver & Digestive Organs.

TORONTO MEDICAL COY., Dept 18, Toronto Junction

VICTORIA UNDERTAKING PARLORS

102 Fort St. Cor. Blanchard Telephone 69.

Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE.

GASSIAR DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that the reservation placed on Crown lands situated in the Bennett Lake and Atlin Lake Mining Divisions of Cassiar District, notice of which was published in the British Columbia Gazette and dated 13th December, 1900, is hereby cancelled.

W. C. WELLS, Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 9th January, 1901.

LEARY COAL LEARY COAL!

PRICE \$6.00 PER TON.

JAMES BAKER & CO., PHONE 407, 33 BELLEVILLE ST.

MONUMENTS

BE SURE TO Get STEWART'S Prices

On Monuments, Cemetery Coping, Imported Scotch Granite Monuments, etc., before purchasing elsewhere. Building, but first-class stock and workmanship.

Corner Yates and Blanchard Sts.

FOR RENT

First-class rooms, with use of fire-proof vaults, to rent in Old Post Office building, Government street. Rooms will be cleaned to suit tenants. Apply Public Works Office, New Post Office.

BUSINESS CHANGE

Having purchased the business of the Hamilton Bakery from Messrs. & Messrs. 22 Cook street, we beg to solicit a continuance of the past patronage.

A. COOMBS Only No. 1 hard Manitoba wheat flour used.

CURE YOURSELF!

Get Big 42 Cent Glass Bottle, Glass, Spermatorrhoea, White, Unnatural Discharges, or any Inducement, Irritation or Abnormalities of the Male Sexual System, or any other ailment, cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

U.S.A. Sold by Druggists, Grocers and all Retailers.

New Vancouver Coal Co., LIMITED.

NANAIMO B. C.

AMEL M. ROBINS, SUPERINTENDENT.

Coal Mined by White Labor.

New Wellington Coal

Washed Nuts, \$5.00 per ton
Sack and Lump, \$6.50 per ton

Delivered to any part of the city

KINGHAM & CO., 44 Fort Street.
Wharf-Spratt's Wharf, Store Street.
Telephone Call: wharf; 49; Office Telephone, 933.

Business Change

Having purchased the Grocery Business carried on by A. R. Sheek, corner of Fernwood road and North Chatham street, I beg to solicit a continuance of the past patronage.

A full line of Groceries always kept in stock. Goods delivered to any part of the city.

J. R. NOOT, COR. FERNWOOD ROAD AND NORTH CHATHAM STREET.

Corporation of the City of Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 19th day of March, 1901, at the City Hall, situate on Chambers street, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, will be sold by Public Auction the following animal, viz., one light bay horse, unless the said animal is redeemed and the purchase charges paid at or before the time of sale.

F. CURRAN, Town Crier.

Victoria, B. C., March 11th, 1901.

Victoria Building Society

A general meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street, on Saturday, the 16th day of March, 1901, at 8 p.m. for the purpose of electing a director to fill the place of Robert Brekin, resigned.

By order, A. ST. G. FLINN, Secretary.

B.C. Stock Exchange, Ltd.

CAPITAL \$10,000.00

New York Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Cotton on Margin or for Delivery, Strictly Commission

Correspondents: Downing, Hopkins & Co., Seattle; Raymond, Pynchon & Co., Chicago; Henry Clow & Co., New York.

TELEPHONE 362.
21 BROAD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I, Harriet R. Hastings, of Victoria, B. C., will apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners sitting at a Licensing Court on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1901, as an agent for the sale of the license for the premises known as "The Queen's Hotel," situate on the N. W. corner of Johnson and Store streets, Victoria, B. C., to Fred Golding.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., February 9th, A. D. 1901.

H. E. HASTINGS.

Cordwood Wanted.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 3 p. m. on Monday, the 20th inst., for 100 cords or more of good, straight, dry, red fir cordwood, cut 4 feet long, to be delivered and piled at the North Dairy Farm Pumping Station, to the satisfaction of the Water Commissioner of the city.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHICOTT, Purchasing Agent, City Hall, March 13th, 1901.

APIOL & STEEL PILLS

REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.

SUPPLEMENTING BITTER APPLE PILLS, COCHIA, PENNYROYAL, ETC.

Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.00 from EVANS & BONS, LTD., Victoria, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England.

CURE YOURSELF!

Get Big 42 Cent Glass Bottle, Glass, Spermatorrhoea, White, Unnatural Discharges, or any Inducement, Irritation or Abnormalities of the Male Sexual System, or any other ailment, cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

U.S.A. Sold by Druggists, Grocers and all Retailers.

March Weather

Induces COUGHS and COLDS LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE

Is the sovereign remedy. 50c per bottle.

John Cochrane, CHEMIST. Sole Manufacturer. N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets

THE ROYAL COMMISSION.

(Continued From Page 2.)

When the Royal Commission on Chinese and Japanese Immigration was resumed this morning the examination of Tim Kee was continued. He gave evidence regarding the nature of the Chinese labor.

The clothing would cost in China between \$4 to \$5. He paid a rental of \$16 per month for the building occupied by him.

As labor agent he received orders for labor and supplied it. He charged 10 per cent of the wages the men earned if engaged for a short time.

None of the Chinese companies brought on Chinamen by contract since the construction of the C. P. R. The men were employed here.

Witness was also questioned by Mr. Munn and Mr. Foley, and during his examination said that Chinese immigration was prohibited because they thought white men could get along all right.

Asked as whether the effect of Chinese immigration would be to lower white men's wages, he gave a typical illustration of Oriental naivete and logic, replying: "Some white men say they can do twice as much as a Chinaman—well then they should get paid twice as much if they can."

Asking whether he knew of the employment of Chinese domestics would not eventually prevent the white women from obtaining "situation," he replied: "They ought to get married."

To Mr. Wilson, witness then gave some figures regarding the cost of clothes made by him, showing that for a \$14 suit, after deducting the cost of labor, \$1.50, clothing and trimmings, \$7, he would make a profit of \$2.50.

Witness supplied the Chinamen mill with 80 Chinamen. He had a store there, and furnished provisions to them. Chinese coming into the country paid \$100 head tax—equivalent to \$500 in their country. They managed to raise the Money themselves.

In addition to supplying the Chinamen mill with Chinese labor, he had also supplied the firm.

Under examination by Mr. Bradburn witness said that about half of the Chinese had silk clothing of medium price, which they wore on New Year's. The building he occupied was an old one owned by Mr. Porter. His bed covering consisted of sheets and blankets, and he slept on a spring bed.

the mission. Some of them wanted to be Christians. He attended mission night school in the States about two years. He was asked to be a Christian, and he told his parents, who forbade him to do so.

Mr. Clute—You'd better guess again. How do you make it out? The witness then

in his amount, making it about \$25 for clothes. After some further questioning he came down to \$20. He had never known of Chinese procuring women for immoral purposes.

Witness was not a Christian and had no religion, but was a member of the Reform Society. He attended the Chinese Methodist church. He was not there last Sunday, having had business to attend to.

To Mr. Munn witness said his men did not work on Sunday. He did not care for Sunday, having had business to attend to. He had some brothers who were Christians.

Witness was also examined by Messrs. Foley, Munn, and Bradburn. He was asked whether he had any other way of making money than by sending money to them.

Witness was also questioned by Mr. Munn and Mr. Foley, and during his examination said that Chinese immigration was prohibited because they thought white men could get along all right.

"WOMAN'S BEST FRIEND."

Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Laid Claim to This Title.

They Seem to Be Substantiating the Claim by the Evidence of Many Trustworthy and Well-Known Ladies.

Lushes's Right, Little Bay Island, Green Bay, Nfld., March 15.—(Special.)—Dodd's Kidney Pills, and the wonderful healing power they are exercising in Newfoundland, is the subject of much favorable comment among our people.

Many cases are reported, where they have saved the lives of men and women suffering with Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism, and Female Troubles. The local druggists are selling a great deal of this remedy.

Another Pioneer Dead. Nanaimo, March 16.—Arthur Bullock, one of the best known pioneers of British Columbia, was found dead in bed this morning.

Wounded by the Count. Paris, March 16.—In the duel fought today between Count Boni de Castellane and M. De Rodays, the latter was wounded in the thigh.

Card of Thanks. Mr. A. W. Semple takes this opportunity of thanking the many sympathizing friends who so kindly donated flowers at the funeral of his late daughter.

Sporting News

BASKETBALL. TO-NIGHT'S MATCH. In the basketball match to be played at the 4th hall this evening between the Nainimo and Victoria West, the Victoria West team will be picked from the following players: T. Cressford, C. Fairall, F. Crocker, G. Andrews, W. Fairall (captain), and N. Willard.

LACROSSE. THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S CUP. (Special to the Times.) Ottawa, March 16.—The Governor-General will present a challenge cup for competition between lacrosse teams in Canada.

THE ROD. SEASON OPENED THIS MORNING. Early this morning parties of fishermen with their tackle could be seen journeying to some of the creeks or lakes near by.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL. TODAY'S MATCHES. A match is taking place at the Caledonia grounds this afternoon between the intermediate teams, Columbias and Thistles, of Nanaimo.

BASEBALL. THE AMITIES RE-ORGANIZE. The Amity Baseball Club formerly re-organized for the coming season at a meeting at the office of Dr. Haynes last evening.

STOCK QUOTATIONS. (Furnished by the B. C. Stock Exchange, Limited.) New York, March 16. The following quotations were filed on the Stock Exchange today.

Table with columns: Open, High, Low, Close. Lists prices for American Sugar, American Tobacco, People's Gas, Manhattan, C. M. & St. P., C. R. I. & P., C. R. & Q., P. R. T., Federal Steel, Am. S. & W., Northern Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, Union Pacific preferred, Cons. Tobacco, A. T. & S. F., Southern Pacific, Louis. & Nash., Paltz, & Ohio, Western Union.

Table with columns: Asked, Bid. Lists prices for U. C. Gold Fields, Back Tail, Brandon & Golden, Canadian G. F. S., Cariboo McKinney, Cariboo Hydraulic, Centre Star, Crow's Nest Pass Coal, California, Deer Trail Coal, Evening Star, Fairview Corp., Golden Star, Glad, North Star, Knob Hill, Granby Smelter, Montreal & Lehigh, Morning Glory, Morrison, Noble Fire, North Star, Old Ironsides, Old Globe, Payne, Rambler Cariboo Coal, Rembrandt, Spokane Sovereign, War Eagle Coal, Waterloo, White Bear, Winnipeg, Sullivan.

Table with columns: Open, High, Low, Close. Lists prices for American Sugar, American Tobacco, People's Gas, Manhattan, C. M. & St. P., C. R. I. & P., C. R. & Q., P. R. T., Federal Steel, Am. S. & W., Northern Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, Union Pacific preferred, Cons. Tobacco, A. T. & S. F., Southern Pacific, Louis. & Nash., Paltz, & Ohio, Western Union.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.

\$125 down and mortgage of \$475 will buy 1 acre near Patsy St. \$300 down and small monthly payment will buy 2 story 10 roomed house and lot, 20x150 ft. \$700 will buy 2 corner lots on Oak Bay near Fishermen's Wharf. \$1,000 will buy 6 roomed cottage and 2 lots fronting the Park. \$1,000 cash, balance on installments, 5 per cent. Sydney Townsite 5 acres, all cleared, \$1,100. 77 acres, Otter district, \$400. Furnished house to rent, \$17.50.

35 Fort Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. VICTORIA WEST METHODIST CHURCH.—The Ladies Aid will hold their annual Sale of Goods on Thursday, March 22nd. Concert and supper, all for 25c.

LOST.—About March 8th, a wagon cover, Reward on returning same to Mr. T. Rowland, Otter district, city.

SIX SMART BOYS WANTED.—Must have references. Messenger service, 7A Douglass street.

WANTED.—Good live man, to take orders for custom clothing; good commission; open. Apply on 15th, 9 a. m., at Vernon hotel, to M. H. Van Valkenburg, representing Crown Tailoring Co., Toronto.

WANTED.—Teacher for the West Saanich school district. Applications will be received by the undersigned, until March 20th, 1901. School to open April 15th. J. M. W. A. Pitters, secretary Board of Trustees, Saanich, B. C.

WANTED.—A chambermaid, \$29 a month. Apply at once to Vernon hotel, Douglas St.

CITY AUCTION MART AUCTION SALE

FURNITURE AND EFFECTS 2 p. m. Tuesday, March 19

JONES, CRANE & CO. Dominion Government Auctioneers.

B. H. Hurst & Co.

Stock Brokers and Real Estate Agents

OUR RATES OF COMMISSION: Selling or buying Stocks under 5 cents per share, 1/2 cent per share.

TORONTO STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Table with columns: Asked, Bid. Lists prices for U. C. Gold Fields, Back Tail, Brandon & Golden, Canadian G. F. S., Cariboo McKinney, Cariboo Hydraulic, Centre Star, Crow's Nest Pass Coal, California, Deer Trail Coal, Evening Star, Fairview Corp., Golden Star, Glad, North Star, Knob Hill, Granby Smelter, Montreal & Lehigh, Morning Glory, Morrison, Noble Fire, North Star, Old Ironsides, Old Globe, Payne, Rambler Cariboo Coal, Rembrandt, Spokane Sovereign, War Eagle Coal, Waterloo, White Bear, Winnipeg, Sullivan.

You Need No Longer Go to San Francisco

As the Treatment is in Victoria—A Successful Institution of Scientific Massage Treatment Established. Hello! Hello!! Hello!!!

TELEPHONES.

The WRONG way to talk. The RIGHT way to talk. Pasty Line Telephones at reduced rates. Call up "Central No. 500" and ask for terms and districts. Perfect service. Terms so moderate as to be within the reach of all. No installation charge, no advance payment.

Victoria & Esquimalt Telephone Co., Ltd.

CRAWFORDS, Brantfords, and Massey Harris Bicycles.

THOS. PLIMLEY, 44 Broad Street, PROPRIETOR.

THE BEST OF THE BEST Mackilligin's O. V. Scotch Whisky.

W. A. WARD, Sole Agent, Bank of Montreal Bldg., Victoria, B. C.

The Luxury of Electric Light

Like that of a good cigar, must be experienced to be thoroughly appreciated; but its freedom from smoke, odors, dirt and noise of oil and gas—so saying nothing of the danger of asphyxiation—anyone can easily understand. We supply all sorts of appliances and apparatus to be used with electric light, as well as useful contrivances for the storage and distribution of electricity in many varied forms.

The Hinton Electric Co., Ltd., 62 GOVERNMENT ST.

Granite and Marble Works

74 and 76 View St. For Monuments, Head Stones, Tablets, Curtains, and all kinds of cut or set work at bed rock prices. JOS. E. PHILLIPS.

R. P. RITHET & CO. LD.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS, AGENTS FOR

Caledonian Liqueur Whisky, King William IV. V. O. P. Whisky, Distillers' 20 Years Old Whisky, Bernard's 'Encore' Whisky, Slater-Rogers' Thistle Blend Whisky, Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, Melcher's Canadian Hollands Gin, Vve Clicquot Champagne, Heidsieck's Dry Monopole Champagne, Jos. E. Seagram's Canadian Rye Whisky.

WE KEEP IN STOCK NEARLY EVERY KNOWN BRAND OF WHISKIES, BRANDIES, LIQUEURS, GINS, ETC. PRICES ON APPLICATION.

35 Fort Street.

THE BEST OF THE BEST Mackilligin's O. V. Scotch Whisky.

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