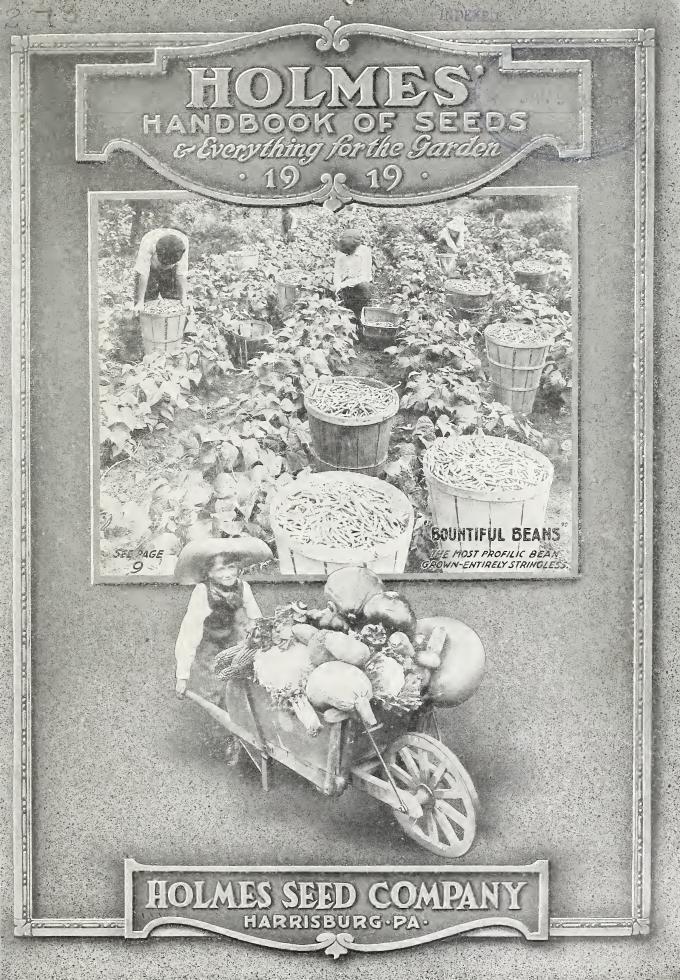
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We prefer giving our customers the advantage in good, solid money, than by offering premiums of books, and many other things with little or no value—with the cash discount you then can buy what you like.

### HOW TO BE SUCCESSFUL IN GROWING VEGETABLES FOR THE HOME GARDEN

In the past two years the public has been awakened to the fact that they are called on by the nation to grow a small garden containing the more useful vegetables for home consumption. It is the patriotic duty of every American who has a small piece of ground at his or her disposal, or can secure same from a neighbor, to help the nation at this critical time, by helping himself to more of the cheaper food, by growing his own vegetables. Had the foreign countries known prior to going to war what we have learned by their error, they would have been fortified the same as we are trying to fortify ourselves at the present time. present time.

The foreign nations at this time are looking to America for their food The foreign nations at this time are looking to America for their body supply. It will be necessary for the larger gardeners and growers to ship the majority of their foodstuffs abroad. What America can do in emer-gency cases has been proven the past two years. It can do still more if **you**, with a liking for gardening, will put your shoulder to the wheel to increase our own economic strength. The following pages will give you a brief outline of what is necessary to produce a good, home garden.

A RULE FOR ALL AMATEUR GARDENERS TO WORK UNDER AND WHICH SHOULD BE STRICTLY ADHERED TO IS AS FOLLOWS: PLANT ALL SEEDS FROM THREE TO FOUR TIMES THEIR OWN THICK-NESS UNDER THE SURFACE OF THE SOIL.

HOW AND WHEN For the benefit of our many customers, we are pub-lishing on one of the following pages, a complete table, giving the best time, when and how to plant. Unless you have competent help, do not attempt too large a garden in the beginning. A small one thoroughly manured with pulvcrized sheep manure, and thoroughly worked, will give better results and more vegetables than one that is too large and poorly worked. Make the soil as rich as possible. One hundred pounds of pulverized sheep manure to a plot of ground 20 by 30 will be sufficient for the entire summer.

by 30 will be sufficient for the entire summer. PREPARING THE SOIL The soil should be thoroughly pulverized and cnriched frequently by a liberal dressing of pulver-ized sheep manure, spread over the surface and dug under as carly in the Spring as the soil will crumble into a loose, fine con-dition. Le careful not to dig the soil when it is soggy or wet, as it will be hard to work the cntire season. As stable manure is very hard to get at the present time, we have recommended the pulverized sheep manure, which can be had from us at all times during the year, and one hundred pounds will go much farther than two cart loads of well rotted manure. Should your ground be sour or if there are red worms in the ground, which will denote same, a dressing of air-slacked lime will be found to be very beneficial. Although not a plant food of itself, its action makes plant soil will work up in the proper condition, sowings can be made as per our kitchen garden table, given on page 1. THE SEEDBED For small gardens, it would be better to start the

THE SEEDBED For small gardens, it would be better to start the carly vegetables indoors in small boxes. The plants then can be set out very early in the Spring. For late plants, such as late cabbage, celery, etc., a small corner sheltered by the fence can be put aside for this purpose. Manure same well and the plants then can be taken from the seedbed and transplanted later when the time arrives. We would suggest, however, that tomatoes, eggplants and peppers be started indoors, as they are rather tender.

INTENSE GARDENING a little fresh manure sprinkled in the rows and worked over thoroughly. Then plant it with other vegetables to keep up a constant supply in the garden, and, at the same time, you will keep out weeds and have plenty of vegetables to eat at all times during the year.

SOWING SMALL A small furrow should be made in the fine surface SEED of the soil with a stick or a rake handle laid out and pressed into the ground. The furrow should not be over a quarter to a half inch deep, varying with the size of the seed to be sown, and according to the rule given above. Then, by taking the rake and using it as a stomper, you can cover the seeds sufficiently with the fine soil, until it is time to cultivate properly. The firming of seed brings it in close contact with the earth and greatly assists it in germination.

MAKING HILLS The soil should be removed 10 to 12 inches in depth, MAKING HILLS The soil should be removed 10 to 12 inches in depth, about a half a shovelful of pulverized sheep manure placed in the bottom of this hole, the ground then hoed up carefully, making a hill about 4 inches above the level of the soil, packing it down with the back of the hoe for a space possibly 12 inches in diameter. The seeds then should be planted on top of this hill, such as melons, cucumbers, pole beans, etc., and then a light covering of the soil thrown up with the hoe and packed down firmly on top should give you very good results. Hills made this way can also be utilized for tomatoes, eggplants and peppers and should stand about four feet apart each way.

**CULTIVATION** It is absolutely necessary to cultivate the soil to get results. Many persons think that after the seed is in the ground, that is all that is necessary; but frequent cultivations, even when there is no rain, will draw a certain amount of moisture to the better they will be and the larger they will grow. After a rain, when the ground dries off sufficiently, is the best time to cultivate, but in long, dry periods do not foil to be not cultivate. periods do not fail to keep on cultivating.

**GATHERING VEGETABLES** It is only when you get the first vegetables you have grown from your own garden that you appreciate what it is to have a garden of your own. They taste better, especially corn, which has not gone through the process of sweating and taking the sweetness all out of it; and what person does not like to go out to the garden and see a large, ripe, red tomato, and pluck it and eat it. It will taste 100 percent better than any tomato you can buy, and for the best tasted fruit, it is always better to allow it to ripen on the view. on the vine.

**MULCHING** Everybody, more or less, has a certain amount of grass to cut around their place. No better use can be made of this grass, caught in a grass catcher attached to the lawn mower, than by placing it on each side of the rows of the vegetables grow-In this way, it keeps the moisture in the soil and also prevents weede from starting.

SEEDS TO USE It is necessary in sowing the seed to get the very best the country can produce (this you can have by using Holmes' tested seeds of known vitality and purity), so as not to be disappointed by the seed not coming up, as is oftentimes the case in using commission seeds, which are sold in grocery stores, etc. Our catalog gives you a brief description of all the principal varieties of seeds used in America.

ADVICE Our forty-three years' experience in the seed busi-ness has taught us many things which the amateur gardener does not know. We are perfectly willing and ready at all times to give any advice in regard to seeds, insecticides, or anything pertaining to the garden, if you will kindly call us on the telephone or call at our place of business. We will try to give you this information correctly to the best of our knowledge and should we not know some questions that are put to us, we will gladly look up and get the information for you.

**TABLES** What grading look up and get the information for you. We are constantly asked by many of our customers, questions which we have tried to answer by the following reference tables which many of our patrons will find valuable in making their garden. With the information we have given on these few pages, we believe that everyone can not help but have a good garden of superior vegetables.

**INSECTICIDES** On pages 4 and 5 will be found information per-taining to insecticides, fungicides and blight, to be used on the different plants and vegetables infested by the leaf-eating and leaf-sucking insects, most injurious to the crops. We have endeavored to make these very explicit, so as to enable our many customers to arrive at a definite conclusion and know exactly what to use from the first appear-ance of our of these insects ance of any of these insects.

We, the Holmes Seed Co., of Harrisburg, Pa., give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, purity, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

ORDER FOR HOLM	ES' TESTED	SEEDS,	ETC.
HOLMES SEED C SEED GROWERS AND MI STORE AND GENERAL OFFICES 106-108 SOUTH SECOND ST.	,	Daté, ENCLOSED FIN Postal Money Order Express Money Order	ND . \$
Name		Draft	
P. O	R. Route No	Currency	
CountyState HOW TO_BE SENT: NAME_OFFICE		Coin Postage Stamps	
Express Office		Total	.\$
Freight Office		PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN	THIS SPACE
Is there an agent at your freight office?		Received	
WE DELIVER FREE ANYWHERE IN THE U ALL VEGETABLE SEEDS, FLOWER SEED PURCHASER PAYS TRANSIT CHARGES on pints, qu and Farm Seeds, Tools, Implements,	S AND BULBS EXCEPT WHERE NOTED arts, pecks, bushels and barrels,	Filled byDa CheckedDa Packed byDa Shipped byDa	ate

Mrs. S. A. Hippensteel, R. D. No. 5, Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes-

Your new strain of Improved Golden Self-Blanching Celery, which you desired me to test and which I agreed to report on, after having grown the celery, is far beyond my expectations. The seed was planted in a hot bed and transplanted, open ground, and I received 15 to 20c per single stalk for this celery on the 28th of July. This strain is one of the finest of Golden Self-Blanching I have ever grown, absolutely free from any green celery, which is so commonly found in the ordinary Self-Blanching. When I took this celery to market all the principal market gardeners in the Chestnut Street Market came to see it and expressed great surprise at having telery like this so early in the season. I only regret that I did not have more of it, and you can rest assured that I will plant this exclusively next year.

Very truly yours,

MRS. S. A. HIPPENSTEEL.

Clerk's	Rus	Ots	Pints	Lbs.	079	Pkts.	NAMES OF ARTICLES WANTED		ICE
Clerk's Check	Dus.	210.	1 1113	LU3.	023.	I KIO.	(Order Flower Seeds by Number)	Dolls.	Cts.
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							Amount Carried Over,		

## HOLMES SEED COMPANY, HARRISBURG, PA.

Clerk's Check	Bus.	Qts.	Pints	Lbs.	Ozs.	Pkts.	NAMES OF ARTICLES WANTED (Order Flower Seeds by Number)		ICE
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							Total,		

 READ!
 When you send your order kindly write below the names and full addresses of persons that you know buy and plant seeds. Do not send any names unless you have reason to believe they might send us an order. For doing this you may select two 5-cent packages extra free, when you send in your order.

 NAME
 CITY OR TOWN
 R. F. D.
 STATE
 Note Whether They Grow for Market or Home Use

 NAME
 CITY OR TOWN
 R. F. D.
 STATE
 Note Whether They Grow for Market or Home Use

## KITCHEN-GARDEN PLANTING TABLE

A guide to the proper times for sowing of various Seeds in order to obtain continuous succession of crops

to ol	1110	uo	us	s succession of crops									
VECETABLES IN THE KITCHEN-GARDEN	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Explanation of Signs Used in the Table
Artichoke				•	0		····						• To be sown in open
Asparagus			5										ground without transplant-
Beans, Bush		6	6	6	2	2	2	•					ing. Plants have to be thinned out, given proper
" Pole and Lima					•								distance.
Beets			4	4	•	•	0	•					1. Sow on seed bed in
Borecole, or Kale					1	1	1					•••	the garden, and transplant thence to permanent place.
Broccoli		4	4	1	1	1			7	7			2. Make two sowings in
Brussels Sprouts					1	1							open ground during the month.
Cabbage, all sorts		4	4	1	1	1			7	7			3. Make three sowings
Carrot		6	5	•	•	•	•		••••		• • • •	••••	in open ground during the
Cauliflower	6	4	4	1	1	1				••••	••••	••••	month.
Celeriac		4	4	1	1	1						••••	4. Start in greenhouse or hotbed, and plant out as
Celery		4	4	1	1	1				••••		••••	soon as the ground is in
Chicory		<b>.</b>	5	0	0	•			••••		.:	••••	good shape and weather permits.
Collards							•	•	•	••••		••••	5. Sow in open ground as
Corn, Field		••••		0		•			••••	••••	••••	•••••	soon as it can be worked.
" Sweet			••••	2	2	2	2	•	••••		••••	••••	6. To be grown only in hotbed or greenhouse.
" Pop			••••	•	•			••••		••••	••••	••••	7. Sow in coldframe;
Corn Salad			5	•	•	•			8				keep plants there over win-
Cress	12	12	12	12	•		••••	••••	12	12	12	12	ter with a little protection. Plant out in spring as soon
Cucumber	6	6	6	4	•	•	••••	6	6	••••	••••	••••	as the ground can be
Eggplant		6		1	1	1 1	1	••••	••••	••••	••••	••••	worked.
Endive	6		 4	1	1	1	1			••••	••••	••••	8. To be sown in open ground, and protected with
Kohlrabi		4	4	1	1	1	-	••••	••••		••••	••••	litter over winter.
Lettuce	 6	4	4	1	2	2	2	•	9	9	 7		9. Plant in frame. When cold weather sets in, cover
Mangel		1	5	-							'	••••	with sash and straw mats.
Melon	6	6	6	4				6	••••	••••	••••	••••	Plants will be ready for use
Mushroom	10	10	11	-			-	11	10	10	10	10	in December and January. 10. Plant in cellar, barn
Mustard	12	12	12	0	•	0			0	12	12	12	or under benches in green-
Nasturtium		<u>_</u>					••••					1	house.
Okra			4	4	2	2	2	••••				••••	11. Plant outdoors in prepared beds.
Onions		4	4	1	1		-	••••					12. Sow every week in
Parsnips			5	0	•		,						greenhouse or frame, to
Parsley	6	6	4			•	•						have a good succession.
Peas			5	2	2	2	2	•		-			
Pepper		4	4	4	1								N. BFor last planting
													of beans, sweet corn, kohl- rabi, peas and radishes, or
Pumpkin		· · · · ·		4		•							even tomatoes, take the
	12	12	12	3	3	3			9	9			earliest varieties, just the same as are used for first
Rutabaga			]					•	•				planting.
Salsify			5	0				•	0				The late sowings of sal- sify are intended to remain
Spinach			5	•	0				2	8			undisturbed over winter.
Squash			4	4	•	•							Roots from these sowings
Tomato	6	6	4	1	1	1		6	6	6			will, the next year, attain a size double that usually
Turnip	••••							•	•				seen.
		-		-		-	-		-				

### Quantity of Seed Required for a Given Length of Drill

Feet of Drill

Asparagus	1 oz.	50
Beet	1 oz.	60
Beans—Dwarf	1 pt.	60
Carrot	1 oz.	150
Endive	1 oz.	100
Okra	1 oz.	40
Onions.	1 oz.	50
Onion Sets	1 pt.	20
Parsley		
Parsnips	1 oz.	150
Peas	1 pt.	50
Radishes	-	
Salsify		
Spinach		
Turnip		

### Weight of Manure and Fertilizers to Apply to Different Crops per Acre

Potatoes, Pulverized Sheep, 800 to 1,000 lbs. in the rows. Mangel Wurzel ..Stable 20 to 30 tons Carrots......Stable 12 to 20 tons Beans.....Stable 12 to 20 tons Onions.....Stable 25 to 40 tons Nitrate of Soda and Potash...250 lbs. Salt......250 to 500 bls. Concentrated Fertilizers for garden or field

¥.,

### Quantity of Seed Required for a Given Number of Plants

Asparagus.       1 oz.       300         Cabbage.       1 oz.       2,000         Cauliflower.       1 oz.       2,000         Celery.       1 oz.       2,500         Leek.       1 oz.       1,500         Endive.       1 oz.       1,600         Egg Plant.       1 oz.       1,000         Lettuce.       1 oz.       1,000         Tomato.       1 oz.       1,300         Thyme.       1 oz.       1,000         Sage.       1 oz.       1,000	I	Plants
Cauliflower	Asparagus1 oz.	300
Celery	Cabbage1 oz.	2,000
Leek	Cauliflower1 oz.	2,000
Endive	Celery1 oz.	2,500
Egg Plant1 oz.       1,000         Lettuce1 oz.       3,000         Pepper1 oz.       1,000         Tomato1 oz.       1,300         Thyme1 oz.       4,000         Sage1 oz.       1,000	Leek1 oz.	1,500
Lettuce	Endive1 oz.	3,000
Pepper	Egg Plant1 oz.	1,000
Tomato1 oz. 1,300 Thyme1 oz. 4,000 Sage1 oz. 1,000	Lettuce1 oz.	3,000
Thyme1 oz.         4,000           Sage1 oz.         1,000	Pepper1 oz.	1,000
Sage1 oz. 1,000	Tomato1 oz.	1,300
anger the second s	Thyme1 oz.	4,000
Serrorr 1.07 2.000	Sage1 oz.	1,000
Savory	Savory1 oz.	2,000
Marjoram1 oz. 1,500	Marjoram1 oz.	1,500
Rhubarb 1 oz. 500	Rhubarb1 oz.	500

Compare the column number with explanations given on right-hand side of table.

	Weight to	Weight per		Weight to N	Weight por		Weight to	MT-1-1-1
	eed an Acre		Se	weight to	Puchel			
Red Clover			Italian Rye Grass	30-40 Lbs.	20 Lbs.	Come hand-out	Seed an Acre	
Alsyke Clover			Eng. Blue Grass Mead.	30-40 LDS.	20 LDS.		50-75 Lbs.	
White Clover	6- 8 Lbs.			00 10 7 1		Broom Corn	8-12 Lbs.	46 Lbs.
			Fescue.	30-40 Lbs.	24 Lbs.	Buckwheat	30-60 Lbs.	52 Lbs.
Alfalfa or Lucerne	20-25 Lbs.	60 Lbs.	Pasture Mixture	40-42 Lbs.		Corn—in hills	14-18 Lbs.	56 Lbs.
Crimson Scarlet or Ital.			Lawn Grass	50-70 Lbs.	14 Lbs.	Corn—in drills for fodder	75 Lbs.	
Clover	10-15 Lbs.	60 Lbs.	Dwarf Essex Rape-in drills	2- 3 Lbs.	60 Lbs.	Corn-broadcast	150 Lbs.	·
Timothy	12-20 Lbs.		Dwarf Essex Rape-			Pop Corn-shelled	2- 4 Lbs.	60 Lbs.
Common Millet	50-60 Lbs.		broadcast	4- 5 Lbs.	60 Lbs.			00 2000
German Millet:	50-60 Lbs.	50 Lbs.	Brome Grass, Bromis			fodder		46 Lbs.
Siberian Millet	20-25 Lbs.	50 Lbs.	Inermis	25-30 Lbs.	14 Lbs	Sweet Corn-broadcast		10 1000
Hungarian Millet	50-60 Lbs.	48 Lbs.	Canada Field Peas-	10 00 2000	11 1003.	Wheat		60 Lbs.
Flax Seed	56-70 Lbs.	56 Lbs.	broadcast1		60 Lbs.			56 Lbs.
Blue Grass	30-40 Lbs.		Canada Field Peas-	00-100 1.05.				
Red Top, Fcy. solid seed.	10-12 Lbs.		with oats	00 100 T L.		Oats		
Red Top, Chaff	30-40 Lbs.					Barley		
Orchard Grass			Cow Peas-broadcast					60 Lbs.
Orchard Grass	30-38 Lbs.		Cow Peas-in drills			Onion Sets, Bottom	10-15 bus.	32 Lbs.
Perennial Rye Grass	30-40 Lbs.	20 Lbs.	Beans—in hills	20-35 Lbs.	60 Lbs.			

### REFERENCE TABLES

Number of plants to the acre at given distances

				•			
Dis. Apart No	o. Plants	Dis. Apart I	No. Plants	Dis. Apart	No. Plants	Dis. Apart N	Plants
12 x 1 in		24 x 24 in		36 x 36 in	4.840	60 x 60 in	1.743
12 x 3 in		30 x 1 in	. 209,088	42 x 12 in		8 x 1 ft	
12 x 12 in		30 x 6 in		42 x 24 in	6,223	8 x 3 ft	
16 x 1 in		30 x 12 in		42 x 36 in		8 x 8 ft	
		30 x 16 in		48 x 12 in		10 x 1 ft	4.356
18 x 3 in		30 x 20 in		48 x 18 in	7,790	10 x 6 ft	
18 x 12 in		30 x 24 in		48 x 24 in	5,445	10 x 10 ft	
18 x 18 in		30 x 30 in		48 x 30 in		12 x 1 ft	
20 x 1 in		36 x 3 in		48 x 36 in	3,630	12 x 5 ft	
20 x 20 in		36 x 12 in		48 x 48 in	2,723	12 x 12 ft	302
24 x 1 in		36 x 18 in		60 x 36 in		16 x 1 ft	
24 x 18 in	10,020	36 x 24 in	. 7,260	60 x 48 in	2,178	16 x 16 ft	170

### Quantity of Seed Requisite to Produce a Given Number of Plants and Sow an Acre

### Table to Assist Farmers and Gardeners in Making Accurate Estimate of the Amount of Land in Different Fields Under Cultivation

10 rods x 16 rods equal	1 acre	40 yards x 121 yards equal	1 acre
8 rods x 20 rods equal		209 feet x 209 feet equal.	1 acre
5 rods x 32 rods equal		200 feet x 108.9 feet equal	1 acre
4 rods x 40 rods equal		100 feet x 145.2 feet equal	$\frac{1}{3}$ acre
5 yards x 968 yards equal		100 feet x 108.9 feet equal	1/4 acre
10 yards x 484 yards equal	1 acre		

### VEGETABLES-SEED SOWING AND PLANTING TABLE FOR HOME GARDENERS

*									
	_		BEST	TIME RE-		PLA	NTING		1
VARIETY	T1M	ie to Sow	GERMI-	010000	TIME REQUIRED	Dis	TANCE		DEPTH
OF			NATING	TO	FOR MATURITY			AMOUNT OF SEED.	
VEGETABLE	Throppo	0	TEM-	GERMI-	FROM DATE	APART	Rows	ETC., REQUIRED	OF
VEGETABLE	UNDER	OPEN	PERA-		Sown				PLANT
	GLASS	GROUND	TURE	NATE		IN Rows	APART _		
ARTICHOKE, Globe		May	65°			2-3 ft	2-3 ft	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
ARTICHOKE, Jerusalem.		May	65°			2-3 ft,	2-3 ft	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row	1-2 in.
ASPARAGUS, Seeds		April & May	60°	20 to 28	3 to 4 years			2 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
ASPARAGUS, Roots		April				1 ft	2 ft	100 for 100 ft. row	3-5 in.
BEANS, Dwarf		May to Aug	750	6 to 10	45 to 75 days	3 in	2 ft	1 at. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}-2$ in.
BEANS, Pole and Lima		May to June .	80°	6 to 10	65 to 100 days	3 ft	4 ft	1 gt. for 100 hills	1-2 in.
BEETS	March	April to Aug	60°	7 to 10	60 to 75 days	4 in	1 ft	2 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
BORECOLE (Kale)	march	inpin to mught							
For Spring use		Aug. and Sept.	70°	6 to 10	85 to 120 days	2 ft	21/2 ft	3/4 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in.
For Fall use		Tune	70°	6 to 10	85 to 120 days	2 ft	21/2 ft	<sup>8</sup> 4 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS		April to July.	70°	6 to 10	100 to 120 days	11/2 ft	2½ ft	<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in.
CABBAGE, Early	Feb'y.	April	70°	6 to 10	100 to 125 days	11/2 ft	2 ft	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in.
CABBAGE, Late	-	May and June	70°	6 to 10	120 to 180 days	2½ ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in.
CARROT, Early	March	April	60°	10 to 15	65 to 85 days	4 in	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in.
CARROT, Late	•	May to July.	60°	10 to 15	100 to 120 days	5 in	2 ft	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in.
CAULIFLOWER, Early	Fab'r		70°	6 to 10	100 to 115 days	1½.ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		1/2 in.
CAULIFLOWER, Early	Feb'y.	April	70°			2.11	$\frac{2}{2}$ 11	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{1}$ in.
CAULIFLOWER, Late		May and June.	60°	6 to 10	100 to 135 days	2 ft	3 ft 3 to 5 ft	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	
CELERY.		April	60°	12 to 20	125 to 150 days	6 in broadcast		<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/8 in.
CHERVIL		April and May			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		20 in	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1 in.
CORN, SUGAR		May to July.	75° 70°	8 to 10	60 to 100 days	3 ft	4 ft	1 qt. for 200 hills.	1-2 in.
CRESS, Walis.		April				broadcast.	4.54	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	on sur.
CUCUMBER		May to July	80°	6 to 8	60 to 85 days	4 ft	4 ft	1 oz. for 60 hills.	1-2 in.
EGG PLANT	March		80° 60°	10 to 14	125 to 160 days	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 ft	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}-1$ in.
ENDIVE.	Feb'y.	April to Aug		6 to 10	75 to 100 days	1 ft		1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2} - 1$ in.
HORSERADISH		April and May	60°		**********	14-20 in.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	70 roots for 100 ft	3-4 in.
KOHLRABI		April to July	70°	6 to 8	65 to 85 days	1 ft	42 ft	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>2</sub> in. 1 in.
LEEK.	Feb'y.	April and May	60°	6 to 10	120 to 160 days	6 in	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1 in.
LETTUCE	Feb'y.	April to Aug	60°	6 to 10	75 to 100 days	1 ft	1 ft	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in.
MELON, MUSK		May to June	80°	6 to 10	90 to 120 days	4 ft	4 ft	1 oz. for 60 hills.	1-2 in.
MELON, WATER	<u></u>	May to June	80°	8 to 12	100 to 125 days	8 ft	8 ft	1 oz. for 30 hills	1-2 in.
ONION, Seed	Feb'y.	April and May	60°	6 to 10	120 to 150 days	3 in	1 ft	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2} - 1$ in.
ONION, Sets		April and May	60°			3 in	1 ft	3 pts. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
PARSLEY.		April and May	60°	18 to 24	90 to 100 days	4 in	1 ft	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/8 in.
PARSNIP		April	60°	12 to 18	100 to 150 days	6 in	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{1}{2}$ oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}-1$ in.
PEAS, Wrinkled		April to July	70°	5 to 10	50 to 75 days	2 in	2 to 4 ft	1 qt. for 100 ft. row.	2-3 in.
PEAS, Smooth		April to Aug	65°	5 to 10	50 to 65 days	2 in	2 to 4 ft	1 qt. for 100 ft. row.	2-3 in.
PEPPER	March		80°	10 to 14	135 to 150 days	2 ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}$ in.
POTATOES		April to June.	70°	15 to 25	75 to 100 days	10 in	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1 peck to 100 ft. row.	4 in.
PUMPKINS		May to June	80°	6 to 10	100 to 125 days	8 ft	8 ft	1 oz. for 30 hills	1-2 in.
RADISH	March	April to Sept	60°	4 to 6	25 to 50 days	2-4 in	1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{2}-1$ in.
RHUBARB PLANTS		April and May	60°			3 ft	3 to 5 ft	33 plants for 100 ft.	2-3 in.
SPINACH		April to Sept	60°	6 to 12	60 to 75 days	4 in	1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in.
SQUASH, Summer		May to July	80°	6 to 10	60 to 75 days	4 ft	4 ft	1 oz. for 50 hills.	1-2 in.
SQUASH. Winter		May to June	80°	6 to 10	100 to 125 days	8 ft	8 ft	1 oz. for 50 hills.	1-2 in.
ТОМАТО	Feb. A	June	80°	6 to 10	125 to 150 days	3 ft	3 ft	$\frac{1}{8}$ oz. for 100 hills.	$\frac{1}{2}$ -1 in.
TURNIP		April to Sept	70°	4 to 7	60 to 75 days	6 in	1 to 11/2 ft.	34 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}$ in.

## **BLACK LEAF 40**

Liquid Nicotine Sulphate Insecticide. (40% Nicotine Guaranteed)

Highly Recommended by Experiment Stations and Agricultural Colleges for Spraying Against

### APHIS, LEAF-HOPPERS, THRIPS, RED BUGS

Many crops are attacked by these pests. They injure the foliage, weaken the plants and reduce both the quantity and quality

of the crops; if, indeed, the plants themselves are not destroyed. These pests belong to the "sucking" class of insects. With their sharp slender beaks they puncture the tissues and **suck** juices from within the interior of leaf, stem, blossom and twig. They must be destroyed by spraying with a "contact insecticide," such as "Black Leaf 40." They can not be destroyed with arsenical poisons like Arsenate of Lead and Paris Green, which must be eaten to be effective.

#### SOAP AS A SPREADER

In order to assist the "Black Leaf 40" to penetrate to and thoroughly wet the insect, it is advisable when spraying with "Black Leaf 40" **alone** to add 3 to 4 pounds of dissolved soap to every 100 gallons of spray. When using "Black Leaf 40" in **combination** with other sprays, do **not** use soap. Fish Oil Soap is the best.

"BLACK	LEAF	40"	SPRAY	CALENDAR					
(Abbreviated)									

PLANTS	INSECTS	PARTS ATTACKED	DILUTE "BLACK 40"	Remarks
	Green and Rosy Aphis.	Under surface of leaves, fruit, twigs.	I to 1000	Spray when buds are green in spring. Do not wait till leaves are curled.
Apple	Woolly Aphis.	Trunk, branches, roots.	I to 800	Spray when insects are present on tops; on roots, remove soil and saturate roots.
	Red Bug.	Leaves, fruit.	I to 800	Spray when blossoms show pink and when blossoms fall.
Peach Plum Cherry	Black, Green and Mealy Aphis.	Twigs and under surface of leaves.	I to 800	Spray when buds open in spring and later when insects are present, before leaves curl.
Currant Watermelon Cantaloupe Cucumber	Green Aphis.	Stems and under surface of leaves.	I to 1000	Spray when insects appear. Use angle nozzle and wet under sides of leaves, where insects work. Spray carefully.
Pea Bean Turnip Potato Tomato Cabbage Pepper	Green, Pink and Black Aphis.	Stems and under surface of leaves; also blossoms and pods.	I to 800 to I to 1000	Spray when insects appear. Use angle nozzle so as to wet under sides of leaves. Spray carefully.
Shrubs Flowers Shade Trees	Aphis Thrips Leaf-Hoppers.	Leaves and blossoms.	I to 1000	Spray when insects appear. It is best not to spray tender plants during hot sun- shine.

IMPORTANT: "Black Leaf 40" may be used in combination with Arsenate of Lead, Lime-Sulphur, Bordeaux Mixture, Sulphur, etc., thereby saving time and labor Ask or write for special descriptive leaflets.

"BLACK LEAF 40" is highly concentrated-permits of large dilutions; hence inexpensive.

Perfectly, soluble in water-does not clog the nozzles nor gum the pump. Used as directed, it does not injure foliage or fruit. Its strength is guaranteed by the manufacturer. Complete directions on every package.

"Black Leaf 40" is packed as illustrated at the right. Each package will make the number of gallons of spraying material stated below it; depending upon the various

insects to be destroyed. The price of each package is shown at the right.

Protect your plants from Aphis, Thrips, Leaf-Hoppers by using this highly recommended insecticide.

Being a poison this can not go through 1 Oz., 25c the mail. Sent only by express.



1/2 lb., 75c Makes 6 Gals. Makes 40-150 Gals. Makes 160-600 Gals



ISCK A CONCENTRATED SOLUTION NICOTINE-SULPHATE 10 Pounds. Price, \$10.75 28 000 GRAINS OF HICOTINE The Kentucky Tobacco Product Co.

2 lbs., \$2.50

10 lbs., \$10.75 Makes 800-3000 Gals.

## ORCHARD BRAND SPRAY PRODUCTS

THESE PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

The materials we carry in stock and recommend for spraying are ORCHARD BRAND spray products. We have selected this brand because we desire to offer our customers a complete line of highest grade spraying

materials.

### **Orchard Brand Lime Sulphur** Solution

A highly concentrated Insecticide and Fungicide-tests 33° Beaume at 60° F.

For dormant period spraying on all fruit trees dilute 1 gallon with 8 or 9 of water.

For growing period spraying on apples dilute 1 gallon with 40 gallons water (do not use on peach and plum trecs in growing period). Vaseline applied to hands and face will protect the skin from irritation.

1-gallon	can		 			 	 	 .\$1.00
5-gallon	caĥ		 			 	 	 . 3.50
10-gallon	can, each		 	. <b>.</b> .	. <b>.</b> .	 	 	 . 4.50
1/2 barrel,	per gallo	n	 			 	 	 26
Barrel, pe	r gallon.		 			 	 	 23

### Orchard Brand B. T. S.

This is a dry material to be used in the place of Lime Sulphur Solution in both dormant and growing period sprayings (do not use on peach or plum trees in growing period).

Will dissolve readily if suspended in a cheese cloth or muslin bag in the top of a bucket-convenient to handle owing to greatly reduced bulk. For dormant spraying use 4 ounces to a gallon of water (12 to 13 pounds to 50 gallons); for growing period on apples, 1 ounce to 1 gallon water.

1-lb. pa	ckage,	per	lb				•		• •	 •			•			•	•			.35	5
5-lb. pa	ckage,	per	lb								•				•	•				.30	)
10-lb. pa	ckage,	per	lb								•									. 20	)
25-lb. pa	ckage,	per	lb					•					•	•			•			.13	3
50-lb. pa	ckage,	per	lb																	. 12	2
100-lb. pa	ckage,	per	lb			 														.11	L

### **Orchard Brand Arsenate of Lead** Paste

This is a standard insecticide for insects that eat the foliage of plants. Contains not less than 15% Arsenic Oxide.

For general use 1 oz. to a gallon of water is sufficient. For voracious feeders 2 ozs. may be used.

1-lb. package, per lb.	. 35
5-lb. package, per lb.	. 30 :
10-lb. package, per lb	.25
25-lb. package, per lb	. 23
50-lb. package, per lb	.22
100 lb. package, per lb	.29

### **Orchard Brand Dry Powder** Arsenate of Lead

This is a fine flocculent white powder, containing not less than 31% Arsenic Oxide.

It is more convenient to handle than the paste form and may be used for either liquid or dry applications. As it is double the strength of the paste form it is used at half the quantity ( $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  of an oz. to a gallon).

1-lb. package, per lb	 65
5-lb. package, per lb	 60
10-lb. package, per lb	 50
25-lb. package, per lb	 45
50-lb. package, per lb	 42
100-lb. package, per lb	 40

### **Orchard Brand Arsenate of Zinc** Powdered

This is a quick-acting poison to be used on potatoes, tomatoes and similar truck crops.

Owing to its quick-killing properties, adhesiveness and freedom from injurious effects, it is recognized as the best poison for killing potato bugs, asparagus beetle and similar pests.

Should be applied at the rate of 2 lbs, to an acre.

Do not use on fruit trees or grape vines.

1-lb. package, per lb.	. 60
5-lb. package, per lb.	. 55
10-lb. package, per lb	. 45
25-lb. package, per lb.	. 41
50-lb. package, per lb.	.38
100-lb. package, per lb	. 36

### **Orchard Brand Bordeaux Mixture**

This is a general fungicide, containing not less than 14% copper hydroxide (equivalent to 9% metallic copper).

For general use on apples, grapes, potatoes, tomatoes and other truck crops, use 2 to 3 ozs. to a gallon of water (7 to 9 lbs. to 50 gal.).

Do not use on peaches, plums or other stone fruits.

1-lb. package, per lb	. 30
5-lb. package, per lb	.28
10-lb. package, per lb	.25
25-lb. package, per lb	.24
50-lb. package, per lb	.23
100-lb. package, per lb	.20

### **Orchard Brand Bordeaux Lead**

This is a combined insecticide and fungicide for general use on apples. grapes, potatoes, tomatoes and similar plants (do not use on peaches and plums).

For general treatment use 21/2 to 31/2 ozs. per gallon (9 to 10 lbs. to 50 gals.) of water.

1-lb. package, per lb	. 40
5-lb. package, per lb.	.35
10-lb. package, per lb/	. 30
25-lb. package, per lb.	. 26
50-lb. package, per lb	.22
00-lb. package, per lb	.20

### **Orchard Brand Bordeaux Zinc**

This is a combined insecticide and fungicide for use on potatoes, tomatoes and asparagus. a

Use at the rate of 10 lbs. per acre.

10

1-lb. package, per lb.	.40
5-lb. package, per lb.	.35
10-lb. package, per lb	.32
25-lb. package, pcr lb	. 30
50-lb. package, per lb	.28
00-lb. package, per lb	.25

### **Orchard Brand Atomic Sulphur**

This is the safest and best remedy for scab and brown rot on peaches and plums.

Use	11/2 t	o 1¾	ozs. to	o a gallon	(5 lbs.	to 50	gals.) of	water.
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1-lb.	package,	per	lb.				 													25
5-lb.	package,	per	lь.	•	• •		 • •		•••	• •					• •	•				22
10-lb.	package,	$\mathbf{per}$	lb.	•			 • •		•••				• •	•		•		•		18
25-lb.	package,	per	њ.				 • •	·'.	• • •				• •	•		•		•		14
50-lb.	package,	$\mathbf{per}$	lЬ,			• •	 			•••	•••	• •		• •		• •			•	12
100-lb.	package,	per	lЪ.	• •			 • •	• •		• •	• •	•••	• •		•••		•	•	•	10

ALL PRICES QUOTED HEREON SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

# Holmes' Vegetable Plants

### PLANTS THAT GROW

### PRICES RIGHT

Last year, we had considerable trouble with our plant orders in not getting them to our customers in time, having them grown some distance from the city. This year, however, we have succeeded in securing one of the best plant growers in this section of the country to grow our entire stock of plants of all varieties, we furnishing the stock seed of the very highest quality. The plants will be well packed in ventilated packages to reach you in good growing condition. We prefer to send small orders by parcel post and, for your benefit, must insist that you **give both your express and post office address plainly.** Large orders will be sent by express. We guarantee these plants to be first-class in every particular when delivered to the express company and should they arrive at desti-



nation in bad condition, do not accept them, but notify us immediately and we will send you other plants and take the matter up with the express company. Be sure to give us in a case of this kind, the exact date the plants reached your express or post office. When no variety names are mentioned, we will use our best efforts to send you what we think will give you the best results.

### TRANSPLANTED PLANTS

All plants are large, well-hardened plants, ready for the field. Uniform plants of great vitality. No weaklings or misses, but every plant a good one. "Business Plants" for the man who plants for profit.

CABBAGE PLANTS—Ready April 1 to June 1. Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Wakefield, Early Summer, Copenhagen Market. Doz. 20 cts., 2 doz. 30 cts., 100 \$1.25, 500 \$4.25, 1,000 \$7.50.

**CELERY PLANTS**—Ready April 1 to June 1. Golden Self-Bleaching, Snow White and Giant Pascal, Holmes' Emperor. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100 75 cts., 500 \$3, 1,000 \$5.50.

**TOMATO PLANTS**—Ready May 1 to June 15. Improved Earliana, New Dwarf Stone, Everbearing, Red Rock,

Ponderosa. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100 90 cts., 500 \$3.50, 1,000 \$6.

**HEAD LETTUCE**—Ready March 1 to May 1. Iceberg and Big Boston. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100 85 cts., 500 \$3.50, 1,000 \$6.50.

SWEET PEPPERS—Ready May 1 to June 20. Holmes' Sweet Prolific, Ruby King and Chinese Giant. Doz. 25 cts., 3 doz. 65 cts., 100 \$1.50, 500 \$6.00.

**EARLY CAULIFLOWER**—Ready March 15 to June 1. Early Snowball. Doz. 25 cts., 3 doz. 65 cts., 100 \$1.50, 500 \$6.00.

EGG PLANTS—Ready May 10. Black Beauty, New York Improved. Doz. 25 cts., 3 doz. 65 cts., 100 \$1.50, 500 \$6.

### POTTED PLANTS

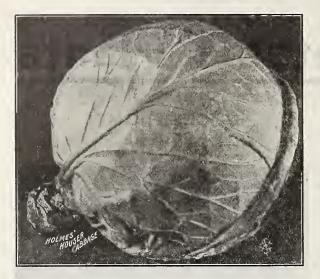
**POTTED TOMATOES**—Langdon's Earliana, Holmes' Everbearing, Bonny Best, Chalk's Early Jewel, Matchless and Stone. Ready May 1 to July 1. Doz. 50 cts., 2 doz. 85 cts., 100 \$4.

**POTTED EGG PLANTS**—Black Beauty. Doz. 75 cts., 2 doz. \$1.25, 100 \$6.

I get 50 peach baskets of ripe tomatoes from 100 potted plants.

Potted tomato plants will ripen their crop three weeks earlier than Transplanted plants.

The man who has early ripe tomatoes gets the money for them.



## LATE TOMATO PLANTS

Five hundred thousand Stone and Chalks Jewel, 75 cts. per 100, \$5 per 1,000. Ready May 10 to July 10.

## FIELD GROWN PLANTS

**CABBAGE PLANTS**—Ready May 20 to September 1. Three million extra stocky Cabbage Plants sown thin in rows, twelve inches apart. Dug with forks (not pulled up), so every plant has mass of roots. Packed in damp moss and shipped carefully.

Can be shipped safely to Texas, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Canada, and all nearer. States.

All Head Early, Succession, Copenhagen Market, Henderson's Early Summer, Early Jersey Wakefield, Enkhuizen Glory, Flat Dutch and Surehead. 75 cts. per 100, \$5 per 1,000.

**CELERY PLANTS**—Ready July I to September I. Two million hardy and extra fine plants, raised by heavy fertilization, in rows 14 inches apart, thinned by hand and kept entirely free of weeds. No plants shipped except good, strong plants. (Satisfaction guaranteed.) 50 cts. per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000.

GOLDEN SELF-BLEACHING (French Grown Seed)— White Plume, Winter Queen, Giant Pascal. 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

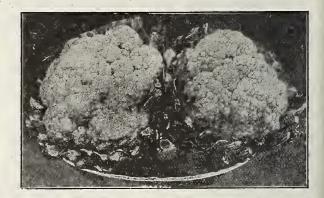


### NON-WARRANTY

While we endeavor to have all plants true to name, carefully packed and promptly shipped, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or of any other matter, of any of the plants we send out, and will not in any way be responsible for the crop.

All orders accepted subject to plants being unsold.

Every order received will be accepted upon these conditions only, and they must be accepted by the customer , when ordering.

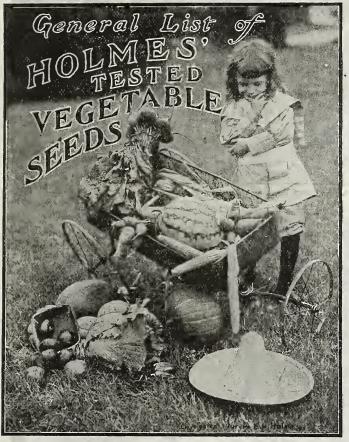


## SPECIAL OFFER

Be sure to take advantage of the

"VICTORY" Collection

Illustrated on back cover and full description with illustrations found on pages 10, 12, 19 and 31. Bought as the Victory collection, price 45 cents.



## Satisfaction Guaranteed

### **OR YOUR MONEY BACK**

All Seeds or other articles listed in this Catalog are sold with the understanding that should they fail to please, we will refund the price paid or duplicate your order free.

### BULK SEED DISCOUNTS

On a \$5 Order, Discount is 10 percent. On a \$10 Order, Discount is 12½ percent. On a \$20 Order, Discount is 15 percent.

This discount is allowed on all general orders for Flower and This discount is allowed on all general orders for Flower and Vegetable Seeds in packets, ounces, quarter-pounds, pounds, pints, quarts, four quarts, pecks and bushels, when the order is for five or more items, BUT IS NOT ALLOWED ON AN ORDER FOR A SINGLE ITEM, NOR ON POTATOES, ONION SETS, BULES, GRASS SEEDS AND FIELD SEEDS, SUCH AS FIELD CORN, OATS, BARLEY, COW-PEAS, ETC. ON ORDERS OF PACKETS OR OUNCES AMOUNTING TO \$1.00, DEDUCT 20 CENTS FROM EACH ONE DOLLAR SENT.

### We call this Catalog "Holmes"

### Advance Agent

Since the Parcel Post has been inaugurated, it is now just as easy for the farmer to buy direct from our catalog as to call at our store or have our salesman call on you. "The Tested Seeds" offered by the Holmes Seed Co. are seeds of "Known Vitality and Purity," and are the best soil and cultivation can grow. Forty years' experience enables us to know, and we realize that the farmer and home gardener must have the best that grows.

OWING TO WAR CONDITIONS ALL SEED SHIPPED BY EXPRESS OR FREIGHT ARE SENT THIS WAY AT PUR-CHASER'S EXPENSE AND ARE SUBJECT TO DELAY.

### ARTICHOKE

Artischoke Karczocky

Articiocca

Culture .--- May be grown from seed sown in April, or from suckers taken from established plants. The seed can be sown in beds and the plants trans-planted to rows 4 feet apart, 18 inches between. Three ounces of seed will sow 100 yards of row. Large Green Globe .--- Grown chiefly for unripe flower heads, delicious. Pkt., .05; Oz., .25; 1/4 Lb., .85

By Mail, Postpaid

### ASPARAGUS

Spargel S Szparagi Sparagio

*Culture.*—Sow in March or April, in rows 1 foot apart. When two years old, transplant into permanent beds. Set the plants in rows from 3 to 4 feet apart and 2 feet in the row, and cover gradually during the sease to 6 or 8 inches. On approach of winter cover with manure or straw. One ounce will sow 40 feet of drill. When two years old, transplant into permanent season

BARR'S MAMMOTH.—Valuable for market; stalks large, tender, light. See illustration. Pkt., 05; Oz., 10; ½ Lb., 20; Lb., .75

Columbian Mammoth White.--New Variety; valuable for its whiteness. Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ½ Lb., .25; Lb., .85 Conover's Colossal.—Mammoth, green, of largest size; extra good. Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .20; Lb., .75

GIANT ARGENTEUIL.—Early, large, good, flavor superb, white. Pkt., 10; Oz., 15; ¼ Lb., 35; Lb., 1.00

Palmetto.-Thick, dark green shoots, early, uniform, disease-resisting. Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .85

By Mail, Postpaid

### ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Two years old; 2,500 roots are required to plant an acre. Barr's Mammoth, and Columbian Mammoth White. Per 100, 1.00; per 500, 3.00; per 1,000, 5.50 Conover's Colossal .- Old and well-known variety. Per 100, .75; per 500, 2.75; per 1,000, 5.00 Giant Argenteuil.-Extra good, large. Per 100, 1.25; per 500, 3.50; per 1,000, 6.50 Palmetto, or Eclipse.-Early, prolific. Per 100, 1.25; per 500, 3.00; per 1,000, 5.50 By Express or Freight, Not Prepaid

### BROCCOLI

One ounce will sow a bed 40 feet square

Culture.-Same as cauliflower. Early Purple Cape.—Heads of medium sized close, compact, brownish purple. Best suited to our climate, and of excellent flavor. Pkt., .05; Oz., .35; 14 Lb., 1.00; Lb., 3.75

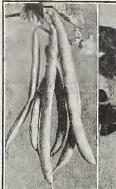
Barr's Mammoth Asparagus

## BRUSSELS SPROU

*Culture*.—The seed should be sown in April or May, and the plants cultivated like cabbage. The heads are improved by frost. An ounce of seed will produce 2,000 plants. Paris Market .- Dwarf, with small, solid, tender heads, growing close along the stem.

Pkt., 05; Oz., .20; Lb1/4., .50; Lb., 1.50

### HOLMES SEED COMPANY, HARRISBURG, PA.

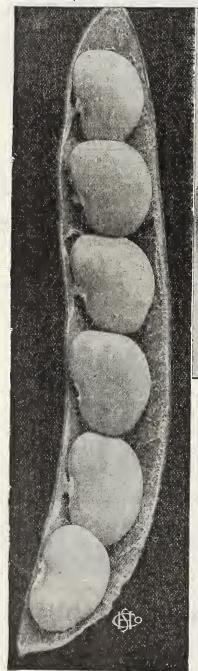




**Giant Stringless Valentine** Bountiful or Sure Crop Wax Beans

B.'s Stringless Green Pod

Wardwell's Kidney Wax

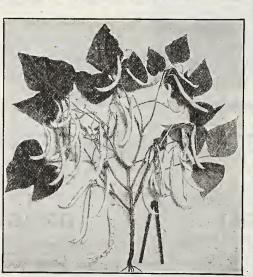


Holmes' Green Prolific Pole Lima





Black Valentine



Pencil-Pod Black Wax Beans





BEANS

Bohnen Fagiuoli Fasola

### These prices are subject to change without notice

Culture.—About the first of May sow in rows 2 inches deep and 18 inches to 2 feet apart; beans 3 inches apart. Sow every two weeks for a succession until September. One quart to 100 feet of drill. One and a half bushels per acre. We put up liberal-sized packets at 10 cts., postpaid.

#### SPECIALTY

#### GIANT GREEN-POD STRINGLESS VALENTINE BEAN

An Extra-Early, Green-Podded Bush Bean of fine quality. Remarkably early; exceedingly prolific. Ready for market in 45 days

One of the best green-podded Bcans in the entire list, either/for the home garden or for market. It is very early, exceedingly prolific, with pods fully one-third longer than the old standard Red Valentine. The pods are round and handsome and without any string.

#### SPECIALTY

The first in the spring; last until fall; absolutely stringless

This is a flat-podded green Bean; enormously prolific and continuous bearer; early and late; absolutely stringless; very tender and excellent flavor.

SPECIALTY

STRINGLESS GREEN-POD

**BOUNTIFUL BUSH** 

Absolutely stringless, of fine flavor; the earliest green-podded Bean. Without any exception it surpasses all others in crispness and tenderness. The pods are absolutely stringless and ready to market two weeks earlier than the best stock of other early Red Valentines.

#### BLACK VALENTINE

Very popular in the South for shipping to market, being a very vigorous strong grower, making a long, handsome Bean, very meaty and one of the best and most prolific market sorts. See illustration.

Price of the above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.40	.75 postpaid.	25.00

### **DWARF GREEN-PODDED SNAP-SHORT BEANS**

Best of All. Round; long glossy green; fleshy pods.

DWARF HORTICULTURAL.-An excellent green-podded sort.

Early China Red Eye .- Very early; old standard sort.

Early Mohawk .- Very carly and hardy; long, flat, straight pods.

Large White Marrowfat .- For winter use.

LONGFELLOW .- Perfectly round; early; prolific; pods solid, fleshy. Long Yellow Six Weeks .- Early, with full, flat green pods.

Low's Champion Bush .- Exceedingly fine; prolific.

NEW HODSON GREEN-POD .- Long, straight, round, green pods. Red Kidney.

REFUGEE, or 1,000-to-1.-Late; hardy; very productive.

Refugee Extra Early .- Very prolific; exceptionally free from strings. Round Yellow Six Weeks .- Very prolific; semi-round pods. TENNESSEE GREEN-POD .- Excellent shipper; medium to late;

flat pods. White Kidney .- Medium-sized pods; coarse; dark green; late.

White Navy .- Sure cropper; prolific; good quality; early.

2 Lbs. .65 postpaid. Price of the above ..... Pkt. Lb. 100 Lbs. 25.00 .35 .10

### NEW ROUND-POD KIDNEY OR BRITTLE WAX BEAN SPECIALTY

The Meatiest, Crispest, Most Brittle and Entirely Stringless Bean Grown

Our customers have frequently asked for a round-podded Wax Bean, possessing the excellent market and shipping qualities of the popular Wardwell's Kidney Wax, and this is the first Bean we have ever discovered that will fill the bill. The plant grows tall, strong and sturdy, with long, round, handsome, stringless pods of large size, very solid and full of meat; crisp, brittle and free from rust; wonderfully early and productive. See illustration.

#### SURE-CROP STRINGLESS OR BOUN-SPECIALTY TIFUL WAX

A dwarf-growing variety; strong, vigorous vines producing early, rich yellow pods of extra size, mcasuring 7 to  $7\frac{1}{2}$  inches long, more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch wide, nearly  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch thick, and of excellent quality. But this is not all. It is one of the most prolific Bush Beans known to the trade, and its bountiful crop of splendid Beans sells at sight. See illustration.

Price of the above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	. 50	.85 postpaid.	30.00

### DWARF WAX-PODDED SNAP-SHORT

Golden Wax .- The well-known old sort; popular for market. IMPROVED RUSTPROOF GOLDEN WAX.—A greatly improved strain; more prolific and superior to the old Golden Wax.

Keeney's Improved Stringless Refugee Wax.—(New.) Decided im-provement on old Refugee Wax; best for canning.

New Prolific German, or Cylinder Wax .- Very early and prolific; pods round, full and stringless.

Perfection Wax .- Large, handsome pods, very showy. WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX .- Very robust and hardy, one of the very best, large-podded varieties. Saddleback Wax .- Entirely stringless, of fine quality.

Valentine Wax.-A perfect Valentine Bean with a wax pod; valuable for both market gardeners and private planter. Davis Wax.—Most hardy and productive wax bean in cultivation; pods long, straight and handsome.

Pencil Pod Black Wax.—Hardier and more prolific than the old German Wax. Pods long, pencil-like, tender and brittle.

Currie's Rustproof Wax .- Positively proof against rust and possesses most excellent quality.

Hodson Wax .- Sturdy grower; productive; a market Bean.

Price of above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	. 10	. 50	.75 postpaid.	32.00

#### POLE LIMA BEANS

HOLMES' GREEN PROLIFIC POLE LIMA.—Grows green, keeps green, and the only Lima Bean that is absolutely green when dried. Equals Early Jersey for earliness and is more productive than any other Pole Lima we have ever seen. See illustration.

**CARPINTERIA LIMA.**—Beans largest size and much thicker than old type. Extra-fine quality.

DREER'S IMPROVED LIMA .- A thick, almost round Bean; fine quality.

Extra-Early Jersey Lima .- Much earlier than Large White Lima. King of the Garden Lima .- Vcry prolific and heavy bearer.

Large White Lima .- The old favorite.

Small White, or Carolina Sieva.-A small seedling variety.

TRUCKER'S DELIGHT EXTRA-EARLY LIMA.-The green shelled Beans are of immense size, tender and succulent.

Price of above ..... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. .65 postpaid. 100 Lbs. 30.00 .35 .10

#### WAX-PODDED POLE, or RUNNING

Culture.—After settled warm weather, set 4 to 8-foot poles in rows 4 feet apart, the poles being 3 feet apart in the row. Around each hill plant five to eight Beans 2 inches deep; thin to four plants. One quart to 150 hills; 12 to 15 quarts to acre.

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX .- Early; thick, flat pods; prolific. Golden Butter Wax .- An excellent sort.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX.—New. Fleshy and quite as stringless as snaps; golden-yellow.

Price of above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.50	.85 postpaid.	30.00

### **GREEN-PODDED POLE, or RUNNING**

Golden Carmine-Podded Hortlcultural.-Early; stringless.

Horticultural, or Wren's Egg.-Best for corn Beans.

LAZY WIFE .- Pods dark green; fleshy; entirely stringless; rich flavor. OLD HOMESTEAD (Kentucky Wonder) .- Crisp, early and prolific. Southern Prolific .--- Continuous bearer.

WHITE CREASEBACK POLE .- Earliest snap-shorts; very productive; entirely stringless

White Dutch Case-Knife .--- Flat pods.

Price of above ..... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. 30.00 . 10 .40 .75 postpaid.

SPECIALTY

### DWARF BUSH LIMA BEANS FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA

Fordhook Bush Lima has an ideal bush growth and bears tremendous crops. The Beans are ready for use fully three weeks earlier than any other of the Pole Lima varieties. The plump, well-filled pods are twice as large as those of the Dreer's Bush, while the Beans are also twice the size, pods meas See illustration. pods measuring 4 to 5 inches, containing four to five large Beans.

Price of above..... Pkt. . 10 Lb. .50 2 Lbs. .85 postpaid. 100 Lbs. 30.00

	BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSHEnormous pods,					
SPECIALTY	borne abundantly; well-filled and very					

Beans: Pode 5

				ned and v	
	These a	re the larg	est pods of	any of the	Bush Lima
		heavy fo	liage; plar	nts uniforml	y upright.
to 6 by 1	1/4 inches.			·	

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA .- Bushes 18 to 20 inches; immense yielder. Dreer's Bush Lima .- Bush form of pole sort of same name.

Henderson's Bush Lima .- True bush variety, 18 to 20 inches high;

Price of above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs,
	.10	.40	.75 postpaid.	30.00

9



NOVELTY

## BEANS, "VICTORY" THESE WILL HELP UNCLE SAM WIN THE WAR

Beans have formed a staple of army diet for many years, because of their extremely high nutritive value which has demonstrated their great worth over a period of many years. They are not only delicious as a table vegetable, but they are also of high food value. We have named this wax bean "VICTORY" owing to its wonderful prolificness. The VICTORY is a dwarf growing variety, with strong vigorous vines about eighteen inches in height, producing early large yellow pods of extra size, measur-ing 7 to 7½ inches long and more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch wide, and being of the semiround type, give more meat than any other bean we know of. It is absolutely stringless and of excellent quality, but this is not all. The VICTORY is one of the most prolific bush beans we have ever seen, and their bountiful crop of splendid rustproof beans sell at sight. They can

be picked rapidly, as they hang in great clusters. The illustration above, which is  $\frac{7}{4}$  natural size, gives a fair representation of this wonderful bean. Our many customers will not be disappointed in this, as well as the three other VICTORY novelties which we bring out this year.

he above]	Pkt. . 15	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Lb.		2 Lbs. 1.00 postpaid	by mail
	. 10	.00	.00	1.00 postpaid	by man

By freight or express at purchaser's expense:

25 lbs. at 40 cts. per lb. 50 lbs. at 35 cts. per lb. 100 lbs. at 30 cts. per lb.

**SPECIAL OFFER** A full description illustrated will be found in this catalog under Peas, Beets and Corn. This Entire Victory Collection, bought separately at retail, would cost you 60 cts., but we have decided to make price 45 cts. on the four novelties, if purchased at one time under the name of "Victory Collection."

Price of t

### HOLMES' GREEN PROLIFIC POLE LIMA BEAN

GROWS GREEN, KEEPS GREEN AND DRIES GREEN. THE ONLY LIMA BEAN THAT IS ABSOLUTELY GREEN WHEN DRIED The most productive Pole Lima Bean, as early as the Early Jersey and unquestionably the most prolific of all Pole Limas. See below.

ORIGIN

ORIGIN This Pole Lima was originated in Philadelphia over sixty years age by Mr. Lafferty, a market gardener, in the "Neck"—chat portion of South Philadelphia lying between the Del-ware and Schuylkill Rivers. Mr. Lafferty was a gardener of renown who made a specialty of growing Lima Beans for family and hotel trade, and being a very careful gardener succeeded in the course of his lifetime in produc-ing this Bean. Through careful selec-tion of the Beans, close observation and long years of application, he finally became known in his locality as the best grower of Lima Beans in the "Neck." He cherished this Lima Bean and was careful to keep it to himself until he died, when his son, Godfrey, brought it to Mr. Wm. K. Harris, the noted florist in Philadelphia, about twenty-four years ago, and he has used at he original type. the original type.

### WHAT WE FOUND OUT-PODS

WHAT WE FOUND OUT—PODS
In our crop which we grew this year, we find the Bean equals the Early Jer.
See y or any other variety for earliness, and is by far more productive than any other Poly lima we have ever seen grow. It is not like the Mastodor lima, which retains only a portion of the green coloring in the dry Bean, but each and every
Beam of Holmes' Green Frolific Pole has that try distinct, deep green color which insures the color when the Beans are shelled for market. The large pods hang in cluster, each having five to six Beans in a pod.

HOLMES' GREEN PROLIFIC GROWS GREEN DRIES GREEN STAYS GREEN

## Pole Lima Beans

Holmes' Green Prolific Pole Lima

Grows green, keeps green, and the only Lima Bean that is absolutely green when dried. Equals Early Jersey for earliness and is more productive than any other Pole Lima we have ever seen. By mail, postpaid. Pkt., 15 cts.; 1 lb., 50 cts.; 2 lbs., 85 cts.; 10 lbs., at 40 cts. By express or freight, 100 lbs. at 35 cts. per Ib.

## "VICTORY" BEET

A DEEP BLOOD TURNIP BEET, WORTHY OF THE NAME-A VERY EARLY MATURING BEET, THE FINEST SHAPED IN THE WORLD, OF THE DEEPEST BLOOD RED COLOR, FREE FROM ALL WOODINESS AND OF DELICIOUS FLAVOR

For market purposes, the WICTORY" can not fail to be apopular favorite every-where, as its attractive ap-pearace and perfect globe shape to be surpassed, being exceedingly only and far superior in quality to the old Egyptian and many of the other arily blood turnip beets. The leaves and be surpassed, being exceedingly old Egyptian and many of the other arily blood turnip beets. The leaves and borne on slender stems, occupying the simal portion of the bulb. The yords are uniformly medium sized. The surface is remarkably smooth. The yords of the skin and flesh is a brilliant, dark firery red, the richest darkest of any beet. This intensity of "UCTORY" is equally valuable for ary framework and for the open groun. Enc. Pitt Oz. 14 Lb. Lb

Price Pkt Oz. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Lb. Lb. 1.25 4.00



### SWISS CHARD OR SPINACH BEET

Swiss Chard is unique in that it is a two-purpose vegetable. The outside leaves are used as "boiling greens" and are most excellent for this purpose. The large white stalks (see illus-tration below) are used like asparagus; they are boiled and served in melted butter and are fully as delicious and even more tender than asparagus. If covered with a good mulch of straw, it will come up again early in the spring. May be sown until the first or even to the tenth of July, if small leaves are used.

GIANT LUCULLUS.—The plants grow to a height or two to two and one-half feet. The stalks are as thick and broad as those of rhubarb, being one and one-half inches broad, heavily ribbed, and from ten to twelve inches long below the leaf. The extra-large leaves of thick texture are heavily crimpled or "savoyed" and of fine flavor.



HELP

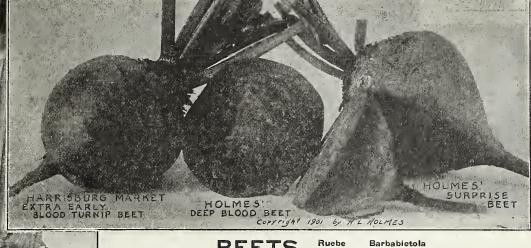
UNCLE SAM

WIN THE WAR

PLANT

"VICTORY"

BEET



Ruebe BEETS Buraki

Culture.—The soil should be rather light and thoroughly enriched with manure. Sow in spring as soon as the ground becomes fit, in rows about 1 foot apart and 2 inches deep. For main crop sow first week in May; for winter, sow in June. Thin to 5 or 6 inches. One ounce to 50 feet of drill. Sow 5 pounds to the acre. Our selected stock of Beets is uniform and of fine quality. French-grown Beet seed is far superior to that grown in America, producing Beets uniform in every respect. Ours is French.



HOLMES' "WHITE TOP" BLOOD TURNIP BEET A NEW BEET OF SUPERIOR MERIT A Beet That Advertises Itself

A Beet That Advertises Itself For the past seven years we have been working up the stock of this particular beet, making our selection carefully from year to year, getting it ready to put on the market as near perfection as we could possibly wish. Whoever saw an absolutely light green top beet with pure blood-red root? It is unique in this particular way; it is one of the most tender of beets, of delicious flavor, and is abso-lutely unsurpassed for quality by any beet that we know of. This grand new beet—HOLMES' WHITE TOP BLOOD TURNIP—is almost globe-shaped, tapering somewhat toward the root. The flesh is a handsome dark red, sweet and tender at all stages of growth, regardless of size. The hard, stringy, wooden-like fiber so common with all other varieties, is entirely absent in this new beet. It is an ideal main crop beet and outsells all others wherever it is known. Our stock seed of this beet was produced from a single plant which was grown by Mr. W. W. Tracy, of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. In conversation with Mr. Tracy, he remarked that this was the most unique novelty of the kind that he had ever seen, and he thought it was of so much value that he produced seed that he gave to our Mr. Holmes. He also stated that it was entirely distinct from any other beet he knew of and especially from the beet that was called the Cheltenham, and furthermore said in his opinion we had a great novelty. We would advise any of our customers who want an exceptionally fine beet to try this. The seed sells at 10 cts. per pk., 20 cts. per oz., 75 cts. per 1/4 hs, 82.50 per lb., 5 lbs. and over \$2.25 per lb.

#### THE FOUR BEST BEETS FOR MARKET-GARDENERS HOLMES' EARLY SURPRISE BEET SPECIALTY For early or late planting

Since its introduction by us several years ago, this extra-early Blood Turnip Beet has become won-derfully popular with both market gardeners and private planters. It is a rich, blood-red Beet, with fine grain and delicious flavor. Equally as good as the famous Harrisburg Market Beet, although a little different in shape. Especially valuable for market on account of extreme earliness and size. See illustration.

Holmes' White Top Blood Turnip Beet

SPECIALTY

HARRISBURG MARKET BLOOD TURNIP BEET

The earliest and decidedly the handsomest distinct new Beet in Cultivation

The Harrisburg Market Beet is well represented in the illustration given. It is of true, turnip shape, has a single tap root, a smooth skin, a rich, tender quality and is free from the woodiness so often found in early varieties. It is ready to use in 45 days from time of planting and does not become coarse or stringy with large size like other varieties.

### SPECIALTY HOLMES' DEEP BLOOD TURNIP BEET A Valuable Market-Garden Variety

For several years we have been trying, at the instigation of many of our market-gardening customers, to secure a Beet which comes early, is of deep blood color, and has small tops. We have succeeded in securing a variety that, while not as early as the Harrisburg Market, has the color and texture desired. From trials made at our trial grounds it proves to be the best deep blood Beet for both market and home gardeners.

#### SPECIALTY HOLMES' BEET

Exceedingly Tender, Magnificent Form and Blood-Red Flesh

Extremely early, of perfect globe shape and of the finest quality. This Beet we sent out several years ago as No. 27, and the many excellent reports we received convinced us that it was a Beet worthy of introduction. Our trials also convinced us that it was a Beet far superior to anything we had yet introduced. Bastian's Blood Turnip.—A fine second early, following Egyptian and

Eclipse

Crimson Globe.—The finest table Beet grown. Early, of medium size, uniformly round; color, deep crimson throughout; exceedingly tender and sweet and a good keeper.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN.—Very early a	nd of exce	ellent qu	ality; sma	ll tops.
Price of above				

**DETROIT DARK RED.**—A fine strain of turnip-shaped Beet. Valuable for its remarkable uniformity and smoothness; size medium; flesh fine grained, tender and remaining so for a long time; admirable for either early or late.

Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip.—Handsome, smooth and round, tapering at the base; flesh strongly zoned, of fine quality. Dark Stinson.—Roots good size; tops small; flesh fine grained, free

from any woodiness.

14 Oz. 05

.10 1.50.40

#### MANGEL-WURZELS AND SUGAR BEETS Futter Ruben

Culture.—Sow in rows 2 feet apart, 2 inches between seeds, thinning later to 12 to 15 inches. For stock feeding. Long varieties do best in deep soil; round sorts in sandy soil. Five or six pounds will sow an acre. Golden Giant Intermediate.—Keeps well; grows over half above ground. Golden Tankard.—Distinct; highly prized by dairymen. Lane's Imperial Sugar Beet.—American sort; productive. Mammoth Prize Long Red.—Enormously productive. Vilmorin Improved Sugar.—Not so large as others, but has as much sugar.

sugar.

<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Lb. 25 Lb.

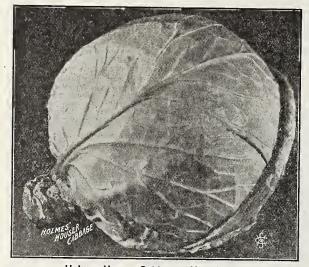
### HOLMES SEED COMPANY, HARRISBURG, PA.



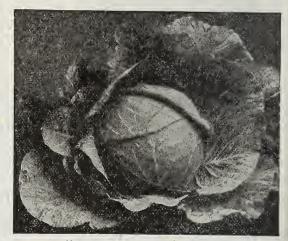


Holmes' Early

Copenhagen Market Cabbage. The Best Early Cabbage from Denmark



Holmes-Houser Cabbage. Very Late



Holmes' Perfected Late Flat Dutch



Pe-Tsai, Chinese or "Celery" Cabbage

The new vegetable known as Chinese celery cabbage was unknown in this country, except among the Chinese of the Pacific coast, but it is now being grown in every state in the Union by those who are ready to grow something new and try it in every possible way to determine the good qualities. The culture is the same as for Winter Cabbage.

Is not found practical to grow it in the early summer, as it inclines to go to seed without heading. The seed should be sown in July to September, half inch deep in the row, and rows about 24 inches apart. When the plant has grown up 5 or 6 inches in height thin to 10 inches apart, keeping the best and pulling up the others. Cultivate well, and when large enough should be blanched by earthing up and tying closely with burlap. Any good soil is sufficient, a most excellent vegetable can be grown. Develops quickly, and as the weather gets cooler, it heads up nicely, producing nice, crisp, celerylike stalks, closely headed in, until it forms quite a compact mass. It can be eaten raw, made into salads, or cooked as cabbage or greens. Does not require long to cook thoroughly. Is rapidly finding a place in the markets, and people are using it as rapidly as it is brought to them. Will be found an excellent addition to late summer and autumn vegetables.

Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., 1/4 lb. \$1.25, 1 lb. \$4.00 postpaid.

PE-TSAI-From a Photograph

#### PURE AMERICAN-GROWN TESTED SEED CABBAGE

Kopfkohl

Lb.

Cavolo cappuccio Kopusta

For years we have given the selection of Cabbage seed particular attention. We have selected only such varieties as are certain to be of great value to all growers. Our seed is from stocks carefully selected and tested on Long Island.

Culture.—Sow in hotbeds in February, or still better, from September 10 to 20 and winter the plants over in a coldframe. Transplant March 15 to April 15 about 20 inches apart, in rows 2 feet apart. For second-early crop, sow seeds of early kinds early in April and plant out in May. For a late crop, sow early in May and plant out in July; the plants 2 feet apart in rows 3 feet apart. One ounce will produce 1,500 to 2,000 plants.

SPECIALTY HOLMES' EARLY.—The Largest Early Round-Headed Cabbage. Five years ago, as "No. 138," we sent out samples of this new Cabbage. Before listing it, we desired to get the sentiment of practical growers, and test it out in every particular as to solidity, season, growth, ability to with-stand dry weather and hot sun, to do well in all solis in all parts of the country. It has been all we hoped it would be; in fact, from our own tests, and from reports received, it has far exceeded expectations. This new Cabbage combines two good qualities—large size and very early season. The heads are large, globe-shaped, solid, finely ribbed. Resists blight and drought. drought.

¼ Lb.

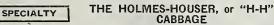
**DANISH BALLHEAD, or HOLLANDER.**—This Cabbage has few equals for winter use. It is highly prized in Denmark, and is grown there almost exclusively for winter Cabbage. The heads are round, 8 to 10 inches in diameter, and very solid, with few outer leaves. The quality is second to

**DANISH ROUNDHEAD.**—An earlier, shorter stemmed type of the Danish Ballhead. Danish Roundhead, with less outer foliage, is better able to resist blight, being, in most sections, as vigorous in growth as the best American types. The heads average larger and mature nearly two weeks earlier. The heads are unusually solid, and beautifully white when trimmed. They are splendid keepers.

Oz. 1.25 ¼ Lb. Price of above..... Pkt. 20 Lb.

DANISH RED STONEHEAD.—Vigorous, hardy, sure-heading, large and heavy, and, as it has a neat habit, requires small space and can be planted close together. The heads are solid, well shaped, and of a dark red clear through.

Price of above	Oz. 1.25	¼ Lb.	Lb.	



Noted for its Fine Grain, Smallness of Heart and Keeping Qualities

#### MARKET GARDENERS' IDEAL. A CABBAGE WHICH HAS WEIGHT AND SIZE

Introduced by Holmes Seed Co. thirteen years ago and has grown into popular favor. No other late variety can approach it in quality, size, productiveness, smallness of heart and good keeping qualities. Our original stock produced heads exactly like the illustration, and it is remarkable what enormous crops are produced from this variety. To keep the seed pure and selection perfect, we entered into a contract several years ago with Mr. Houser to supply us with one pound of seed of his own selection at a cost of \$50. This seed is then sent to Long Island to one of the best cabbage growers, where it undergoes a second selection. Our agreement with the grower is that we take the entire crop, and not a single ounce of this seed is to go to any other seedsman. Consequently, the pure and genuine stock can only be had direct from us, or from some of our regular wholesale dealers to whom we sell the seed.

To protect the public this year from unscrupulous dealers who claim to have the originator's stock, we will sell this seed only in sealed pack-ages. Look for the seal on every package, and make your dealer show you our seal with our name on it.

A WARNING.—It is absolutely necessary to plant out the Holmes-Houser Cabbage two weeks earlier than any other late sort, as it requires this much longer to mature than the flat Dutch types or any other late variety.

**NOTE.**—The crop of Cabbage this year was very short, owing to the climatic conditions. We would warn you against seed offered as Holmes-Houser by many unscrupulous dealers.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Crop failed Ľb.

SPECIALTY

### COPENHAGEN MARKET

Offered for the First Time in 1911. It Proved to be the Best Early Cabbage from Denmark. Remember, as Early as the Charleston Wakefield

A valuable new, early Cabbage, producing round, hard heads very early in the season. As early as the Charleston Wakefield. It is the most popular early Cabbage in the markets of Copenhagen. Market gardeners here who tried it for the first time last season are simply crazy about it on account of its extreme earliness and solid, 10-pound heads, with a small core and always of excellent quality. The plants are short-stemmed, producing heads almost on the ground. The light green leaves are medium

in size, saucer shaped, and are always tightly folded; the plants may therefore be set closer than most other early varieties. It is a vigorous grower and yielder, as are all Cabbages from Denmark, and an excellent keeper. Our stock of Copenhagen Market comes to us direct from the originator. By mail acetorici originator. By mail postpaid.

Price of above..... Pkt. 1/4 Lb. Lb. Oz. 1.25 .20

#### EXTRA-EARLY VARIETIES

**EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.**—This famous Cabbage still retains its lead. The heads of pyramidal shape, with blunt peaks, and are remarkably solid. The outside leaves are small, though of great substance, enabling the plants to stand severe weather. Our seed is from highly bred, selected stock and is unequaled.

**EARLY CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD.**—This is the largest Early Cab-bage, which we bred from the Early "Jersey" Wakefield, to meet a demand for a larger heading sort. It possesses all the valuable characteristics of the parent, with the advantage of the heads being 50 percent larger, though a few days later. Our strain of seed is very superior.

Prices of above ..... Pkt. 07. 1/4 Lb. Lb. .10 .85

Extra Early Express .- Earliest of French Cabbage; small, pointed head. Early York .- Very early, producing small, oval-shaped heads.

Early Winingstadt.—An old, popular, medium early variety, with large, pyramidal heads of excellent quality; good to succeed the extra earlies. ALLHEAD EARLY .- A flat head, coming in with Early Summer; much larger.

Early Flat Dutch .- We offer a remarkably fine strain; a sure header, the head weighing from ten to twelve pounds; most valuable for forcing or for general crop.

Prices of above	Pkt	Oz.	1⁄4 Lb.	Lþ.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 10	.85		

### SECOND-EARLY, or SUMMER VARIETIES

**Early Summer.**—This peerless variety; it makes a large, solid, round flat head, coming about ten days later than Wakefield.

Succession, Henderson's. Universally conceded to be the grandest Cabbage in existence for either summer or winter use; heads hard and uniform, ten to twelve pounds in weight; quality extra fine and a good keeper.

ALL SEASONS (VANDERGAW).---One of the finest; growing to a large size quickly. Will stand hot sun and dry weather.

Fottler's Improved Flat Brunswick.-Large, solid heads; fine for early or late. Considered by many gardeners as second to none of the second-early varieties.

**LIMITED MAIL.**—A superb second early variety. Produces hard, pointed heads of good size. Often sold as Lightning, Express and several other fancy names.

Stein Early Flat Dutch.—An excellent variety for winter use and valu-able for market-gardening.

Prices of above ..... Oz. ¼ Lb. Pkt. Lb. .85

### LATE, or WINTER VARIETIES

Autumn King, Henderson's.—The acknowledged "King" of all Winter Cabbages, excepting only Holmes-Houser, producing enormous solid heads, weighing 25 to 30 pounds: interior crisp, fine-grained, white; splendid keeper.

HOLMES' PERFECTION LATE FLAT DUTCH.—Our improved highly bred strain of this old favorite Winter Cabbage will be found very superior.

Short-Stem Drumhead .--- Selected strain: ripens early.

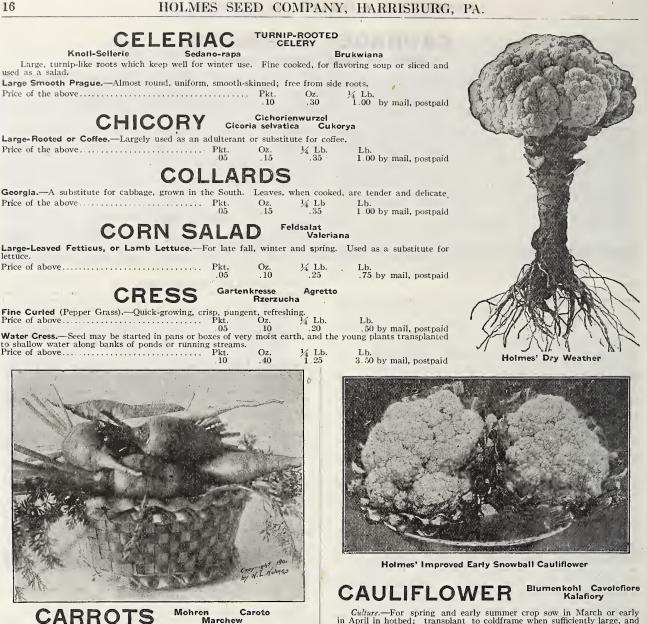
Red Dutch .- For pickling.

Surehead .- Fine large solid heads, with few outside leaves.

SAFE CROP .- (Same as Houseman's Late Flat Dutch.) A good strain. **Perfection Drumhead Savoy.**—The largest heading Savoy; a general favorite for both home use and marketing.

Pkt .10 Oz. .85 Prices of above..... 1/4 Lb. Lb.

**PRICES ON LARGER QUANTITIES QUOTED BY MAIL** 



*Culture.*—For spring and early summer crop sow in March or early in April in hotbed; transplant to coldframe when sufficiently large, and to open ground as soon as danger of frost is over. For late crop sow at the same time as for late cabbage. One ounce of seed will produce 1,000 One ounce will sow 100 feet of drills; three pounds an acre plants.

plants. **HOLMES' DRY WEATHER CAULIFLOWER.**—Reaches Perfection when Ordinary Sorts fail. This new strain originated in Denmark, but has been fully tested in America with the most happy results. We offered it in 1907 for the first time and are well satisfied with its behavior. It produces a large; solid, pure white head, maturing a little later than Snow-ball. It is in all respects a first-class Cauliflower, but is especially and peculiarly adapted to dry situations and to resisting the effects of droughts. It will not thrive in poor soil or under bad treatment, as, like all other Cauliflowers, it requires manure and culture, but it will succeed with less rainfall than any other variety within our knowledge. It will also do well in moist or wet seasons, making heads equal to the best; but it is in dry seasons that its merits appear to best advantage, and we are confident that it will extend the culture of this delicious vegetable into locations in which it is practically unknown. See illustration. Price of above Pkt.  $\frac{14}{20}$  Oz.  $\frac{14}{20}$  Lb. Lb.

Price of above F	Pkt. <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> Oz. .20 .85	Oz. 3.00	<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> Lb. 8.00	Lb. 30.00
Extra-Early Dwarf fall crop.	ErfurtGood-sized	heads; f	ine for open	ground
Prcie of above		Pkt. .15	Oz. 2.50	<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> Lb. 7.00
HOLMES' IMPROV			-	liflower.
For forcing, coldframe Price of above			tion. Oz. 2.50	<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> Lb. 7.00
Veitch's Autumn G heads.	iant.—A large-grow	ing, late va	ariety, splend	id white
Price of above	•••••••••••••	Pkt. .05	Oz. . 60	$\frac{14}{2.00}$ Lb.

Culture.—A good, light, well-enriched sandy loam is the best for this crop. Market gardeners sow in drills about 18 inches apart, and cultivate by hand. For field culture, sow in drills from 3 to 5 feet apart, so as to cultivate by horse. For early crops, over  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch deep, thin to 6 inches apart. For late, cover  $\frac{3}{2}$  of an inch.

Please remember to deduct 10 cents per pound from these prices if ordered by express or freight at purchaser's expense PRICES, DELIVERED FREE IN THE UNITED STATES, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

PRICES, BELIVERED FREE IN THE UNITED STATES, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
 Early Half-Long Scarlet.—A distinct, slender, cylindrical variety, with few and small leaves; skin glossy and smooth; flesh red and without core; extra fine. Fine for forcing and frame.
 CHANTENAY HALF-LONG SCARLET.—A stump-rooted variety of handsome shape, medium early, very productive and of fine quality.
 DANVERS HALF-LONG.—A handsome, smooth, cylindrical stump-rooted variety of rich, dark orange color; flesh of close texture, good quality, with but little core.
 Early French Forcing.—The earliest, and largely grown for forcing. Small, almost globular; roots orange-red in color.
 Early Scarlet Horn.—A popular early variety, 3 to 4 inches long and blunt-rooted; it is a favorite for bunching for market and is sometimes forced. A fine table Carrot, and when pulled young is excellent for soup.
 Long Orange Improved.—An improved strain of this popular variety for either garden or field culture, roots averaging 12 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter at the top; an enormous yielder and a good keeper.
 OXHEART, OR GUERANDE.—Very distinct and desirable Carrot. Smooth, handsome, very thick and blunt-rooted; about 6 inches long, rapid grower and of fine quality; color orange-red; good all-season Carrot.
 White and Yellow Belgian.—Use the principally for stock.

Price of above	 Pkt. .05	<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> Lb. .70	

## NEW CELERY, EASY BLANCHING

## The quickest and easiest to blanch

### Superb quality, stringless and fine flavor

A new variety of Celery with remarkable easyblanching characteristics, so much so that even those who have never been successful in growing good Celery may plant it with the assurance that the crop will equal in quality and appearance any Celery grown by the 'professional growers, and it will be found useful both for early use and for keeping during the winter months, characteristics which are extremely valuable in a Celery to be grown in the home garden.

The plants make a quick, healthy growth and the stalks are thick, very tender and brittle, with a rich flavor which will quickly appeal to all who eat it, and the ease with which it may be blanched, together with its long season for use, will strongly recommend it both to the amateur gardener as well as the commercial Celery grower. Pkt., 15 cts.; ½ oz., \$1.00; oz., \$1.75; ¼ lb., \$5.00.

#### Sellerie Selery CELERY Sedano

Culture.—Sow in a finely prepared seed-bed, and keep the bed moist. In setting, prepare shallow trenches, 6 inches deep and 4 to 6 feet apart, the plants 6 inches apart, cutting off the outer leaves and pressing the soil firmly about the roots. Good plants may be set out as late as the middle of August. One ounce of seed will produce 4,000 plants; one pound will produce sufficient plants for an acre. an acre.

These grow quickly, blanch easily and are especially adapted for fall and early winter use.

### Durham, N. H.

NOVELTY

December 28, 1916. Gentlemen: The Depart-ment has delayed reporting on the Holmes Emperor, as the last of it has just been taken

NEW HAMPSHIRE COLLEGE

last of it has just been taken out of storage. I am pleased to say, judg-ing by one year's trial, that nt is at least all you recommend it. For late fall and early winter it is the best celery I have han-dled. While it is not extremely large, nor as uniform or well ap-recomme as come of the yarigties large, nor as uniform or well ap-pearing as some of the varieties, it blanches quickly and evenly, the stems and hearts are full and heavy and is the finest flavored eelery I ever tasted. So gratified I am with results that I would like I am with results that I would like to carry the test over another season. You might send me an-other supply of seeds this year. I regret that you can not send the Laxtonian peas. I intended testing it out along side of similar varieties this year. I would appreciate a small quantity of it, if it can be spared.

Very truly yours, J. B. SCHERRER, Asst. Professor of Horticulture.

Holmes' Emperor Celery

### Second-Early, Long-Keeping and Winter Varieties

HOLMES' NEW GREEN CELERY, EMPEROR INTRODUCED BY US IN 1912

The finest-flavored, most brittle Celery ever grown One of the largest seedsmen of the country said: "It is the great-est novelty that has been introduced since the introduction of the Burpee's Bush Lima Beans." For seven years we have been selecting this seed, and growing from individual specimens to firmly establish the good qualities as given below: First: To retain the flavor, which, in the green state, is as fine as when blached

bleached.

Second: Solidity, free from the hollowness so often found in many Celeries.

Third: The stems, instead of being moon-shaped, we have been breed-ing to as near round as is possible, and are found only in "Holmes' Em-peror," a distinguishing characteristic not found in other sorts, and is fully established. When we say it surpasses every Celery known, you can rest assured we know. The market-gardener who grows Holmes' Emperor will find a ready sale for it.

Price of seed, originator's own stock, sealed ...... Pkt. 
 own stock, sealed
 Pkt.
 2 Pkts.
 ½ Oz.
 Oz.
 ¼ Lb.
 Lb.

 .15
 .25
 .75
 1.25
 4.50
 15.00

 Seed as sold by other dealers
 .10
 .15
 .25
 .40
 1.25
 4.00

NEW COLUMBIA CELERY

A very early-maturing sort, unsurpassed in shape and quality, very stocky and heavy. The stalks are thick, almost round, resembling those of the Giant Pascal. The color has more of the rich yellow tint of the Golden Yellow Self-Blanching, which it resembles when trimmed and bunched for the market. Its quality is certainly fine, some connoisseurs considering it superior to any other variety. Price of above. Pkt

Price of above	PKt.	02		1/4 LD.	LD.
	. 05	. 5	0	1.50	5.00
Dwarf Golden Heart.—Large vellow.	heart;	solid	stalks,	blanching	golden
GIANT PASCAL.—Desirable robust, healthy, stocky, 2 feet hi		winter	Celery	. Long-k	eeping;

Giant White Solid .- Sold as large-ribbed Kalamazoo. Compact-growing

Perfection Heartwell .- Splendid for late use; excellent keeper; fine

WINTER QUEEN Best late or	winter	keeper;	ribs thick; very	solid.
Price of above	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
	.05	. 25	.75	2.50
Giant Pascal, our own growing		. 30	.90	3.00
Soup Celery. (Old seed.) Excel	lent for	flavoring	Lb. 50 cents.	

### **Early Varieties**

#### HOLMES' IMPROVED GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY (FRENCH GROWTH) THE BEST EARLY CELERY Critical Market Gardeners Say Ours is the Finest They Ever Had

For some time past we have been carefully selecting they they that well-known Celery from the original strain. We believe now we have so far perfected it that when once grown you will have no other. The stalks are much broader than the White Plume and greatly superior in quality, and is ready for market almost as soon, producing dwarfer and much larger bunches of fine, heavy stalks, which are crisp, tender and of nut-like flavor. We can recommend this particular strain to our customers. Price of above, **French Grown Seed**. Pkt.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Oz. Oz.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Lb. Lb. .15 .75 1.50  $4_{e}$ 00 15.00

### **IMPROVED SNOWWHITE CELERY**

The new Snowwhite is a pure white, self-blanching Celery, introduced in 1902, after five years of careful selection and improvement. It is with-out a rival in purity of color.

Holmes' Scarlet PlumePra solid, stringless, flavor delicious,			with White	Plume;		
Price of above		Oz. . 20	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> Lb.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Lb.} \\ 1.75 \end{array}$		
<b>HOLMES' SELECTED WHITE PLUME.</b> —Earliest variety grown; can be blanched for the table in September.						
Price of above	Pkt. .05	Oz. .35	$^{1_{4}}_{1.00}$ Lb.	Lb. 3.50		

## **"VICTORY" CORN**

### Ready for Market in Seventy Days

### The Sweetest, Largest Eared and Most Prolific Sweet Corn Ever Introduced

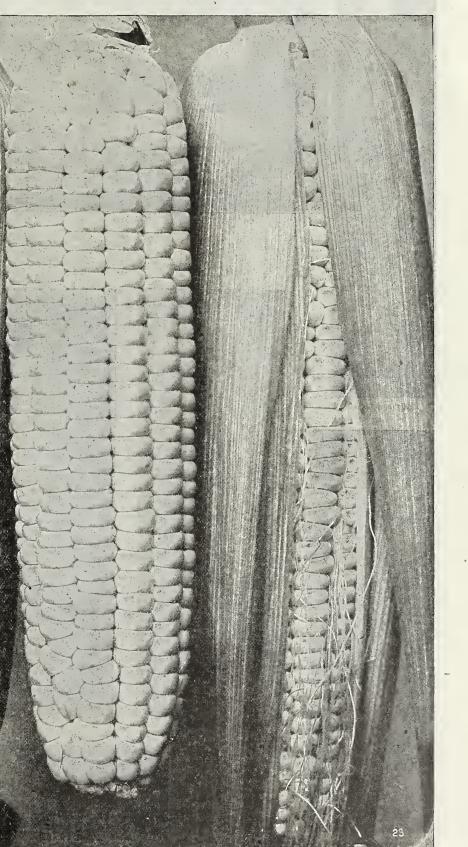
"VICTORY" SWEET CORN can be planted as early as the Premo, when weather conditions are right. This corn will come in from seventy to seventy-five days, from ten to fifteen days later than the Premo, which is considered the earliest sweet corn grown today. The ears contain twelve rows of deep grains, which are protected by a heavy husk and two fine ears are frequently produced on one stalk.

C. S. CLARK, the noted Corn Grower of Ohio, says:

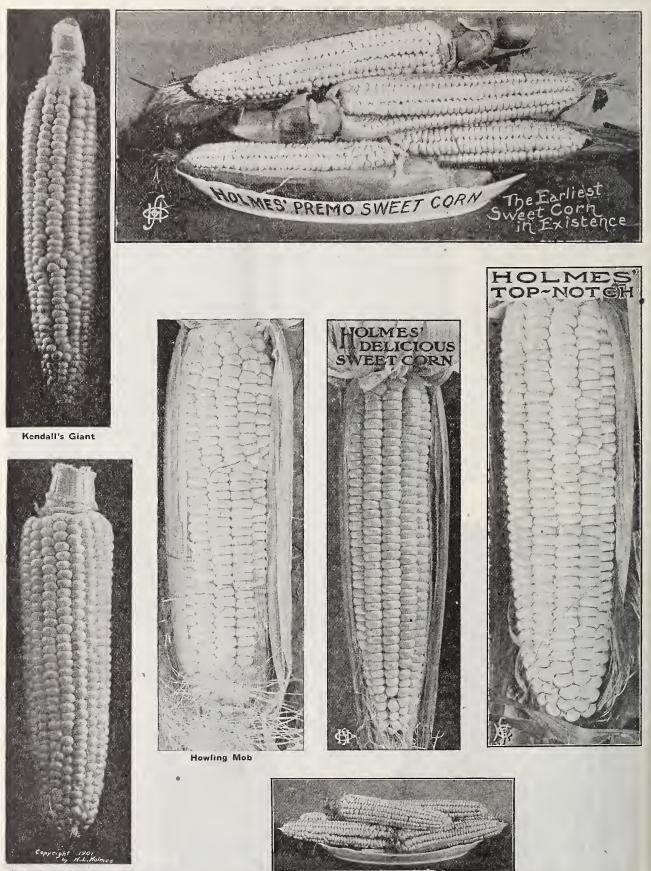
Ohio, says: In regard to the Victory Corn will say that it is a splendid grower, very sweet and tender, fodder grows same height as Stowell's Evergreen, full of red cast fodder making it very pretty to look at. The corn is itself pure and clean, free from smut, is well bred. You cannot say too much in its favor. It is a splendid shaped table ear, being eight to twelve rowed and is about the same season as Stowell's.

It retains its whiteness when put up in the can, as distinct from the yellow tinge of the still popular original Stowell's Evergreen. Price,

Per pkt.	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> lb.	1b.	2 lbs.
15c	35c	60c	1.00
15 to 25 p 100 pound			



### HOLMES SEED COMPANY, HARRISBURG, PA.



Holmes' Gold Coin Evergreen

Golden Bantam

## SWEET, or SUGAR CORN Kukurudza to change without notice

Culture.—Sugar Corn requires a good soil and a warm situation. Begin for first early by planting the early varieties about May 1, and, for a continuous supply all summer, make plantings about two weeks apart, from May 1 until late July, first planting early varieties, then later ones. Plant in rows 3 feet apart each way. One quart for 200 hills, 8 to 10 quarts in hills for an acre.

#### SPECIALTY

### HOLMES' PREMO

Ready for the Table 60 days after Planting. We originated and introduced this variety in 1900

One of the earliest and best Sweet Corns in existence. The best seed can be had only from the introducers. Market gardeners will make no mistake in planting this Corn for a money crop. It is a success, not an experiment.

Holmes' Premo is of the best quality. It is tender, sweet, deliciously flavored, and the ears are well filled to the very tip. It is so early that there is a full crop at the time of the very highest price. The stalks, which grow very strong and stiff, about 5 feet high, are free from smut and will grow in any soil, as well as resist drought and bad seasons generally to a very marked extent. See illustration.

### NOVELTY

Prie

### HOLMES' SWEETHEART

### Delicious Flavor; Ears 8 to 10 Inches; Twelve Rows

This new sweet corn, now for the first time introduced by us, is one of the most valuable sweet corns offered in many years. The ears measure 8 to 10 inches in length, symmetrical shape with twelve even rows of broad and very deep grains covering the small white cob from heel to tip. The cobs range in diameter from three-fourths to one inch. The grains do not shrink so much when rightly cured and dried as some of the other types, such as Country Gentleman and Evergreen. "Holmes' Sweetheart' is the outcome of a selection from both the Evergreen and Country Gentleman, and then crossed again with a variety which was obtained from a garden specialist, which he named "French Honey," retaining the sweetness of the latter and the depth and breadth of the grain from the former varieties. It is a main crop, coming in two weeks earlier than the Evergreen. The grains are a silvery gray, semi-transparent. The stalks average in size from 7 to 9 feet. This depends greatly on the soil where planted. It is a full cropper, thrifty, hardy and prolific. Frequently, there has been as many as four well formed ears on one stalk, two on each side. It can be planted in this locality about May 1 to 10, afterwards in regular succession of ten days. See illustration, back cover.

Price of above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpai	d. 25.00

#### SPECIALTY HOLMES' TOP-NOTCH

#### Delicious Flavor. Ears from 10 to 12 inches Long

For several years we have been growing this variety. The **Top-Notch** strongly favors the Early Mammoth, but is much longer in the ears, measuring 11 inches. The grains are rather deep, and, as one gardener pronounces it, "the most delicious Corn for a late variety I ever used." It comes in about the same season as early Evergreen and is the largest and hest Sweet Corn grown. Anyone desiring Sugar Corn producing ears of immense size, delicious flavor and earlier than the Evergreen, will do well to give the **Top-Notch** a trial. It comes in at the time when Sweet Corn brings its best price. See illustration on cover.

Prices of above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	.35	.60 postpaid.	25.00

### SPECIALTY HOLMES' GOLD COIN EVERGREEN

Every gardener in the world knows the Evergreen Corn. Our **Gold Coin** is a selected strain of the old Stowell's Evergreen, being more even and coming in even throughout the crop. We can recommend it as being far superior to the old strain and will test 90 percent of vitality. See illustration.

ces of above Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 .10 .30 .60 postpaid. 22.	
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### SPECIALTY MORSE'S GOLDEN CREAM SWEET

### GOLDEN YELLOW COUNTRY GENTLEMAN FLAVOR DELICIOUS

The verdict has been unanimous in its praise. Everywhere it has proved a much better Sweet Corn than we ourselves had anticipated, and we feel that it is worthy of first place among vegetable attractions this season. The kernels are long and pointed and are borne on a very slender cob in irregular rows. In its green state the kernels are light yellow, but they cook to a bright golden yellow. The stalks grow about 4 to 5 feet high and bear from two to four ears. The shucks are tinged with brown and the tip of the silk is also slightly brown. The ears vary in size, but average about 5 inches in length—rather smaller than the old-fashioned Sweet Corn, but easily handled in eating. The flavor is delicious and in sweet ness and tenderness resembles both parents, **Golden Bantam** and **Country**  **Gentleman.** It is as early as the former, being one of the first of the main-crop varieties. We hope every one of our customers who has a spot in his garden will try it.

#### SPECIALTY

### GOLDEN BANTAM SWEET CORN

This corn is extra early, very sweet and of a delicious flavor. As indicated in its name, the grain, when ready for use, is a rich, creamy yellow, deepening to an orange-yellow as it ripens. We do not recommend it as a market sort, as its color gives it the appearance of being old; but when once used it will be popular on account of its rich flavor.

Prices of above...... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. .10 ,40 .75 postpaid. 30.00

### SPECIALTY

#### HOWLING MOB, NEW

The finest large-eared second-early Corn, of delicious flavor. In the vicinity of Pittsburgh the gardeners plant this extensively, as they claim it is far ahead of any other second-early Corn and sells on sight.

#### FIRST-EARLY VARIETIES

Early Adams, or Burlington.-Robust; early; productive; handsome ears for marketing, but of inferior quality.

**Early Metropolitan.**—Ears 9 inches long; 10 to 12-rowed, filled with luscious white milky kernels.

**EARLY MINNESOTA.**—Standard early of dwarf growth, coming in between Cory and Crosby's; ears fair size, good quality.

Extra-Early Dwarf Adams.-Not Sugar Corn, but sweet and tender. Small cars.

KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT.—Large handsome ears; ready in 70 days. PEEP O'DAY. New. Good early variety.

White Cob Cory.—Extremely early, usually fit to use in from 50 to 60 days; ears 6 to 7 inches; milky white kernels; sweet, tender. Plants dwarf.

Prices of above...... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. .10 .25 .45 postpaid. 22.00

### MEDIUM-EARLY VARIETIES

**Black Mexican.**—Medium early, 8-inch ears, well filled with large kernels which, though black when ripe, are white when green and then exceptionally sweet.

CLARK'S NONESUCH .- Best large-eared, second-early Sweet Corn.

Crosby's Early. Second early, of fine quality.

Early Mammoth, or Asylum .- Much earlier than Late Mammoth.

NEW' EARLY EVERGREEN.—Ears as large as Stowell's; 10 days earlier.

Perry's Hybrid.—Second early; large, white kernels; sweet; tender.

Shaker's Early.—Very large, white grain; early; productive. Stabler's Early.—Large cared; second early; sweet.

Holmes' Delicious.—Very sweet, large and tender.

Prices of above...... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. .10 .25 .45 postpaid. 22.00

### LATE, or MAIN-CROP SWEET CORN

**COUNTRY GENTLEMAN** (Shoe-Peg, or Ne Plus Ultra).—Ears 8 to 9 inches long; cob small and irregularly crowded with pearly white kernels of great depth; surpassingly sweet and tender.

Egyptian, or Washington Market .- Fine for market; ears large.

HENDERSON SUGAR .- An ideal midseason Sweet Corn.

Hickox .- Earlier than Stowell's Evergreen; good for drying.

Mammoth.—Very late; ears 14 inches; broad, white kernels; superb quality.

#### Moore's Concord.

**STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.**—The standard late, for home, market and canning; kernels long, tender and sugary.

WHITE EVERGREEN.—A high bred, ideal type of Stowell's Evergreen, with all its points of merit.

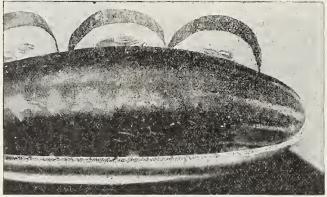
Zig-Zag Evergreen .- Good-sized ear; deliciously sweet.

Pop Corn: Golden Queen and Silver Lace. -

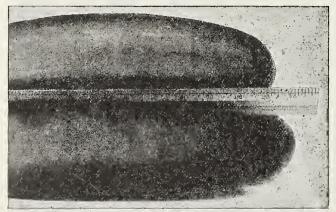
Prices of above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	.10	. 25	.45 postpaid.	22.00



Improved White Spine Cucumber



Holmes' Special White Spine Cucumber



Holmes' Improved Long Green Cucumber



Davis Perfect Cucumber



Holmes' Perfect



The Davis Perfect Cucumber

CUCUMBERS

Gurken Cetriolo Ogorek

**One ounce will plant about 50 hills; one to two pounds to the acre** *Culture*—An ounce will plant about 50-hills. Sow about first of May in turned-over sods or small pots, which can be bedded in the soil in the frames, and use little bottom heat. Transplant to open ground in three or four weeks; plants 3 or 4 feet apart each way, four strong plants to each hill. Two to three pounds per acre.

### SPECIALTY HOLMES' SPECIAL WHITE SPINE

This Cucumber can not be praised too highly. It is nothing more or less than an extra-fine type of what is unquestionably the best and most widely grown Cucumber in America. It is unsurpassed as a table and market sort, and is also used for pickling. No other kind exceeds it in productiveness, and it is equally good for forcing under glass or growth in the open air. We have a record of where a single hill of three vines produced over 500 Cucumbers during the season. The fruit is from 5 to 7 inches long and 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Color, a beautiful dark green; straight, and does not turn yellow. The illustration shows most accurately the fine shape this Cucumber attains.

Cool and Crisp.-Extra early, tender and crisp, and a grand pickler.

DAVIS PERFECT.—A forcing variety of excellent quality, shape and productiveness. See illustration.

Early Cluster.—An early, prolific, prickly, short green Cucumber. Early Frame, or Short Green.—For slicing or pickling; productive; early.

Everbearing.—Form perfect; rich, deep green; desirable for pickling. Extra-Early Green Prolific.—Ideal for pickling.

Extra-Early Long Green.-Very early and prolific.

Fordhook Famous.-Smooth, dark green fruits measuring 12 to 18 inches.

HOLMES' IMPROVED ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE.—Early; very productive; fruit good size, straight and well formed.

HOLMES' JERSEY PICKLE.—Produces more dark green pickles than any other variety we ever tested.

HOLMES' IMPROVED LONG GREEN.—Fruits 12 to 14 inches long; firm; crisp; excellent.

Klondyke.—An exceedingly productive variety; dark green in color. Livingston's Emerald.—Large, smooth; deep green.

Cumberland .- Very prolific; fine for pickling or slicing.

Nichol's Medium GreenVer			urpassed for	pickling.
Price of above	Pkt.	Oz.	<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.20	.60	1.75

NOVELTY

### HOLMES' PERFECT

Its good qualities are its extreme earliness and prolificness. Very hardy, resisting unfavorable weather conditions; very dark green; attractive shape, and is a good size for slicing. A most profitable sort for shipping to distant, markets.

Price of above	.10	.20	.75	2.75
West India Gherkin, or Burr.	—Small,	prickly	fruits; best for	pickles.
Price of above	Pkt. .05	Oz. ,25	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> Lb. .60	Lb. 2.00

HOLMES SEED COMPAN	NY, HARRISBURG, PA. 23
DANDELION	Loewenzahn Dente di leone Papawa
A useful salad plant, especially when Endive and Lettuce are scarce in winte of the blanched leaves are sold in the market for this esculent.	er. The roots are grown in a similar manner to Chicory, and large quantities
Improved Large.—Leaves broad and fleshy; very tender.           Price of above         Pkt.         Oz.         ½ Lb.           .10         .20         .60	French.—Leaves finely cut;         mild and tender.           Price of the above         Pkt.         ½ Oz.         Oz.         ½ Lb.           .10         .15         .35         1.00
ENDIVE	Enđivien Indivia Endiven
The Cultivation of EndiveSow for early crops in middle of April, and for s method of blanching is to put an inverted pot over each plant and cover it with	succession to beginning of August; thin out to about 10 in. apart. A simple h leaves or straw. 1 oz. of seed will sow 150 ft. of drill.
Holmes' Winter Golden Heart.—The most beautiful and perfect form of Curled Endive yet introduced. It is exceedingly ornamental, of a distinct color, and bleaches admirably. Holmes' Winter Golden Heart Endive is greatly admired by all who grow it. Price of above	Holmes' White Endive.—Superbly curled and laciniated; easily blanched, very tender.         HOLMES' OVAL, or PLAIN-LEAVED ENDIVE         Round-Leaved Batavian.—Very compact and hardy; forms good heart.         Green Batavian or Escarolle.—Tender broad leaves, crisp; good flavor.         Price of above
The Cultivation of Egg Plant.—Sow in gentle heat early in April, transplant of seed produces about 1,500 plants.	t towards the middle of June, setting the plants 3 feet apart each way. 1 oz.
Black Beauty.—Fruit jet black; good form and solid.   Price of above	<b>N. Y. Improved.</b> —A splendid market variety; fruit large. Pkt. Oz. $\frac{14}{2.25}$



Holmes' Winter Golden Heart Endive

Black Beauty Eggplant

Monstrous Carentan Leek

Blaetterkohl

Cavolo verde

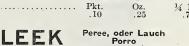
Kale is more hardy than cabbage, and will endure considerable frost without injury. Cultivate like cabbage. One ounce will sow a drill about 200 feet. Three pounds will sow an acre.

Dwarf Green-Curled Scotch.—Beautifully curled; bright green; very hardy.

HOLMES' IMPROVED DWARF GERMAN.--(American-grown). Like the above except in color. This has a bluish tinge.

## KOHL RABI, or KNOL KOHL Knollkohl Cavolo rapa

A useful vegetable, not nearly so much cultivated in this country in gardens as it would be were its merits known. Used as a substitute for Turnips, especially in hot dry seasons. The bulb grows entirely out of the ground. The Cultivation of Kohl Rabi.—Prepare a breadth of good, well-manured soil. Drill the seeds in rows, about 15 in. apart in May, and thin out to about 9 in. apart. They are ready for use when they attain the size of a small Turnip. 1 oz. of seed will sow 150 ft. of drill. Varieties.—There are two varieties in general cultivation, the white and the purple.



KALE, or BORECOLE

The Cultivation of Leek.—Sow early in April, and transplant early in July into trenches of well-manured soil, say 1 ft. in depth, and 1 ft. 8 in. between the plants. In warm weather liberal dressings of liquid manure will be of service, and the plants should be afterwards carefully earthed up to blanch the stems. For exhibition, sow in January in boxes under glass, and transplant as early as the ground can be worked into rich soil. 1 oz. of seed will sow 100 ft. of drill.

BROAD LONDON FLAG.—Hardy; whole plant is edible; quick-growing for early use. Monstrous Carentan, or Scotch Champion.—Grows rapidly and is very hardy; grows to large size, and is highly recommended. See illustration.

Price of above ...... Pkt. Oz. 14 Lb. Lb. .05 .20 .50 1.50



LETTUCE Lattich, oc Lattuga

Lattich, oder Kopfsalat Lattuga Salata

Cultivation of Lettuce.—Sow the seed in hotbeds during February or early March. As the seedlings appear prick them into flats or cold frames, leaving several inches between the plants for growth. As soon as a nice, rich warm spot can be worked in the open, transplant the sturdiest plants in rows 1 foot apart and leaving 8 to 12 inches between the plants in the rows. For a succession of growths sow the seeds very lightly in open ground and thin the plants to 6 inches or more apart. Do this as often as one bed is rid of its result. Some varieties will do very well during the winter in a cool forcing house. 1 ounce of seed will produce 3,000 plants.

### CABBAGE-HEADED VARIETIES

NOVELTY

### HOLMES' ZERO LETTUCE

Resists Heat in Summer and Stands Longer Than Any Other Lettuce Without Going to Seed

As hardy in winter as the winter Lettuce, Nansen, introduced a few years ago. Produces large, solid heads of a yellowish green color, being very crisp and of the most delicious flavor. Great value for market. See illustration.



#### HOLMES' PERFECT LETTUCE

A fine all-around Lettuce. It is an exceedingly quick grower with handsome buttery head, and can be used for both early and late sowings. Under glass it is the finest heat-resisting variety we know of outside of, probably, Holmes' Zero. The inner leaves (practically the entire head) blanch to a rich golden yellow, and have a fine, rich buttery flavor. It is an excellent shipper and a good keeper. See illustration.



#### HOLMES' IMPROVED BIG BOSTON LETTUCE

(FRENCH GROWN)

### Quality Superb. Tender, free from any Bitterness. Absolutely will not turn Red

Similar to the old Big Boston, only runs much more even and larger in head; leaves lay close and form a compact, buttery head. It is praised by all users, and ia a distinct strain, far superior to any other strain we have ever seen growing. We have given it the name "Holmes' improved" so as to distinguish it from any other strain on the market. Sold only under seal. See illustration.

For ordinary Big Boston Lettuce as usually sold by other seedsmen, see general list.

Price of above			14 Lb. .75	
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Boston Market.--(Private Stock.) Ideal for forcing; fine quality; tender, sweet, crisp.

California Cream Butter .- Produces large, solid heads in cool weather.

Deacon.-Large, firm heading; fine buttery quality.

Denver Market .-- Large, solid heads; leaves crimped.

Holmes' Giant Crystal Head.—Exceeds every other variety in size and productiveness. Fine flavor, crisp, tender.

Big Boston.—Plants large; very vigorous; broad, comparatively smooth, hard, light green leaves.

Holmes' Rapid Forcing .- Solid, golden-yellow heads; crisp, tender.

Improved Hanson.—A large, flat head, resembling that of cabbage; very tender and sweet.

Mammoth Black Seeded Butter.-Enormous head; tender, sweet and crisp.

Price of above...... Pkt. Oz. ½ Lb. Lb. .05 .20 .60 2.00 May King.—Heads of globular shape, firm and close; color light green; ribs delicate and waved center is of a light yellow and very tender.

**lceberg.**—A large solid-headed very crisp kind, the hearts of which under moderate cultivation weigh from 2 to 3 pounds.

NEW YORK, or WONDERFUL.—Immense heads; solid, crisp, tender, delicious.

Philadelphia Dutch Speckled Butter.—Large heads; excellent quality. Philadelphia Early Dutch Butter.—Heads very compact; for forcing.

Philadelphia White Cabbage.-Large-headed summer variety.

Salamander.—Good-sized, compact and tender heads, creamy white inside; rich, buttery flavor.

Tennisball, Black-Seeded.—Very early, small, hard-heading variety. THICK HEAD YELLOW.—Extra fine, large, summer variety.

Yellow-Seeded Butter.-Large, dense, yellow head; crisp, tender; fine flavor.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. ½ Lb. Lb. .05 .20 .60 2.00

### SPECIALTY HOLMES' IMPROVED GRAND RAPIDS

Improved by Years of Selection; Grows Larger and Absolutely Free from "Rogues"

Almost Lettuce perfection, being free from the rogues found in almost every stock grown. Does not form heads, but makes large, compact bunches of light golden foliage, the leaves having finely curled or fringed edges. Delicious quality and handsome appearance make it most popular in many markets. See illustration.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. Lb. .10 .25 .75 2.50

#### CURLED, or CUTTING LETTUCE

This type does not form compact heads, but large masses of curly, crisp leaves, which are practically everbearing, as they keep growing after picking. The best are:

Black-Seeded Simpson .- Large, loose heads; curly, yellow leaves.

Early Curled Silesia .- One of the best cutting varieties.

Early Curled Simpson.—Yellowish green; curly; earlier than head Lettuces.

Early Prize-Head .- Large, loose heads, stained red; curled.

THE MORSE .- Light green; hardy. Superior to all.

Tomhannock .- An upright Lettuce: tinged brown.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb. .05 .20 .60 2.00

### COS OR ROMAINE VARIETIES

Pkt

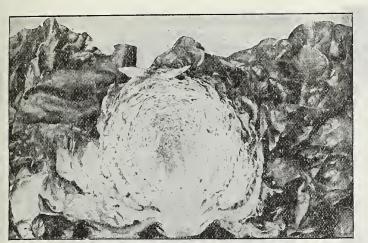
.10

Holmes' Paris White Cos.—This remarkably fine Lettuce becomes more popular every season, and is without doubt the best and finest flavored Cos Lettuce in cultivation. Owing to the self-folding habit it possesses, no tying is required. The heads are very solid and crisp eating. It does not run to seed as quickly as other Cos varieties.

Lb. 2.00

Price of above.....

. Oz. ¼ Lb. .20 .75

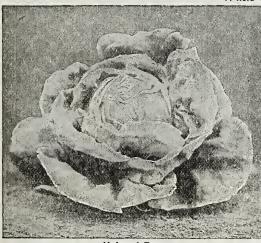


A cut head of Holmes' Improved Big Boston Lettuce, French Grown

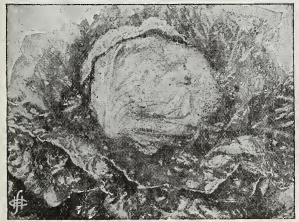




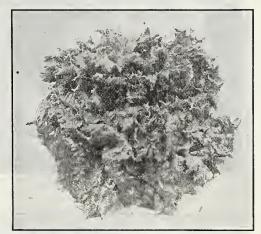
A field of Holmes' Improved Big Boston



Holmes' Zero



Holmes' Perfect

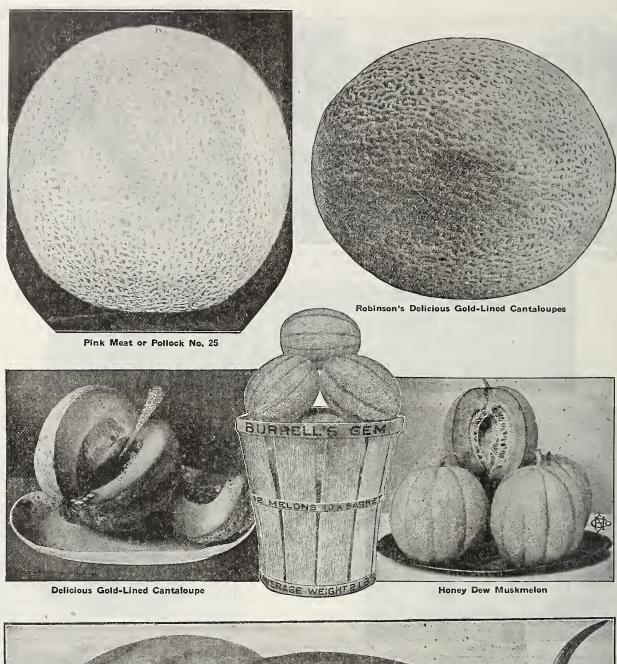


Early Prize Head



Salamander

### HOLMES SEED COMPANY, HARRISBURG, PA.





Kleckley Sweets

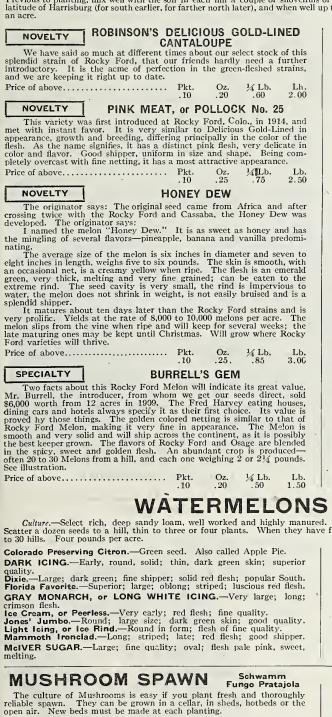
Harris' Earliest Watermelon

### MUSKMELONS

Melone Popone Melon

One ounce for 60 hills; 2 to 3 pounds in hills for an acre

Culture.—Melons thrive best in a moderately enriched, light soil; the hills should be 3 to 6 feet apart each way, according to the richness of the soil. Previous to planting, mix well with the soil in each hill a couple of shovelfuls of thoroughly rotted manure; plant 8 or 10 seeds in each hill early in May for latitude of Harrisburg (for south earlier, for farther north later), and when well up thin out to 3 or 4 plants to the hill. One ounce for 60 hills; 2 to 3 pounds for



rick Doz. 25 Lbs. 100 Lbs. 35 (.40 postpaid) 2.25 3.50 11.00 Price of above, English... Brick American Pure-Culture Brick 5 Bricks .25 (.35 postpaid) 5 Bricks 1.10 10 Bricks Spawn ..... 2.00

### MUSTARD

Black, or Brown.—Large, succule Giant Southern Curled.—A fav White London.—Leaves used in	orite in	the Sout	h.	
Price of above	Pkt.	Oz.	<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> Lb.	Lb.
	.05	.10	.20	.60

PAUL ROSE, or PETOSKEY In this variety, which has gained great popularity, are combined all the good qualities of the Netted Gem and Osage, of which it is a cross. It is finely netted like the Gem and averages about the same size; will out-weigh a Netted Gem of equal size by at least a third. Flesh salmon-colored.

#### **ROCKY FORD**

This is one of the most popular of small or basket McIons and is shipped in large quantities from Colorado and Arizona. The fruit is oval, slightly ribbed, densely covered with fine netting and very uniform in shape and quality. Flesh thick, green, vcry sweet and highly flavored.

#### EMERALD GEM

A splendid Melon. Fruit conveniently small or medium-sized, globu-lar, or slightly flattened at the ends, only slightly netted and ribbed; skin green, tinged with yellow; flesh deep salmon-yellow, thick, ripening close to the rind and exceedingly high flavored.

### **NEW FORDHOOK**

This Melon originated in South Jersey and is a cross between Emerald Gem and Improved Jenny Lind. It is the shape of the large-sized type of Jenny Lind but has very thick, deep salmon-colored flesh, surpassingly sweet to the very rind.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Lb. 1.75

#### **GREEN-FLESHED MUSKMELONS**

Anne Arundel .- Oval; heavily netted; green fleshed; solid; grand shipper.

EXTRA-EARLY HACKENSACK.—Hardy; prolific; round; deeply ribbed, coarsely netted; green flesh; delicious. Hackensack, or Turk's Cap.-Large with round and flattened ends; thickly netted; productive; extra quality.

HOLMES' IMPROVED NUTMEG.—Popular; skin deep green, finely netted; flesh greenish-yellow, rich and sugary.

Jenny Lind .--- Small, round, flat-ended, deeply ribbed; flesh yellowish: flavor fine; very productive over long season.

Long Island Beauty.—Hackensack type; very early; luscious, green flesh, thick and sweet; netting heavy.

NEW GREEN-FLESHED OSAGE.—Hardy; prolific; handsomely netted and colored; firm, luscious flesh. NEW

#### RED, or SALMON-FLESHED MUSKMELONS

Banana.-An old variety; very long.

MILLER'S CREAM, or OSAGE.—Medium to large, oval, netted; flesh rich salmon; deep, firm, sweet and melting. PERFECTION, or PRINCESS .- Early, round, beautifully netted;

best red-fleshed. Tip-Top Nutmeg.-Slightly oval; good size; sweet, juicy; yellow flesh.

Oz. 1/4 Lb. Price of above..... Pkt. Lb. .05 .15 45 1.50

### Wassermelone Melo Melon Wodny Meloni d'aqua

Price of above.....

Price of above ....

Culture.—Select rich, deep sandy loam, well worked and highly manured. Plant when all danger of frost is over, in hills 5 to 6 feet apart each way. Scatter a dozen seeds to a hill, thin to three or four plants. When they have four or five rough leaves, pinch off the ends of the main shoots. One ounce to 30 hills. Four pounds per acre.

Mountain Sweet.-Flesh red; extra-fine quality. Sweetheart.-Large; oval; heavy; flesh bright red; crisp, melting, sweet. Price of above..... Pkt. .05 Oz. 14 Lb. . .10 .25 Lb. .85 HARRIS EARLIEST .- Oval; fine quality; bright red flesh; sweet, tender and delicious. KLECKLEY SWEETS.—Flesh bright scarlet; crisp, sugary and melting.

illustration **TOM WATSON.**—New. Large variety; 18 to 24 inches long; weight 40 to 50 pounds; flesh deep red; good shipper. See illustration, page 21. Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. Lb. 1.25 .05

### NASTURTIUM, or Indian Cress

The seed pods, gathered green, are delicious; pickled and used for sea-

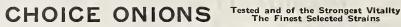
**Dwarf.**—Mixed varieties. A trailer requiring no support. **Tall, or Large.**—Climber 10 feet high; ornamental flowers. In many varieties mixed.

Pkt.	Oz.	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> Lb. .40	Lb.
.05	.15	.40	1.50

### OKRA, or GUMBO Ochre

Dwarf Prolific.—Of dwarf, stocky growth; very early and prolific. Lady Finger.—Long, slender, pale green pods; very tender. White Velvet.—Large, round, smooth pods; never ridged; prolific.

Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb.	Lb.
05 10 20	.60



### One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; five pounds will sow an acre.

We pride ourselves on selling the very best Onion Seed that can be produced, and are now supplying some of the largest Onion growers of the country. By sowing our seed, large Onions may be produced direct from the seed. See testimonial below.

Culture.—Sow in early spring, in moist soil, as soon as the weather will permit, in rows 12 inches apart, and cover half an inch deep. If the Onions grow too thick, thin to about an inch apart, or only a few small Onions will be the result. Manure highly (20 loads to the acre being used by market-gardeners with profit), and if manure is not plenty, some good phosphate, at the rate of 400 to 800 pounds per acre, will give splendid crops. A top dressing of wood ashes, applied after the second weeding, is very beneficial.

CAUTION.—Beware of cheap Onion seed. Fresh new seed, such as we sell, will test 90 to 95 percent. If you are led by low prices to purchase Onion seed from doubtful sources, test it before planting. Our prices are as low as reliable seeds can be bought. The lowest priced Onion seed Is not always the cheapest.

### SPECIALTY

#### HOLMES' OHIO YELLOW GLOBE GUARANTEED OHIO GROWN

A selected strain, uniform shape, attractive color, mild flavor, and produces enormous crops of large Globe Onions. Grown in Ohio for us by one of the best growers who has been selecting this strain for a number of years. Note the shape in the illustration.

Our strain of this particular Onion has the finest shape, best color, and yields the largest crop of any yellow Onion. The heaviest yield of Onions is always obtained from rich, black lands. On such soils a globe-shaped Onion, with a somewhat flattened base, gives largest returns; the bulbs are large and uniformly spherical, with very small necks, the largest diameter below the center of the bulb; of a rich orange-yellow; enormous yielders and splendid keepers. See illustration.

Price of abovePostpaid	Pkt.	Oz. .35	14 Lb. 1.25	Lb. 4.00
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YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS (as usually sold).---Of uniform size; bright yellow; immensely productive; mild, tender, of fine flavor.

### ROUND, or FLAT YELLOW DANVERS

As grown by us, this is a fine, selected strain, combining extreme reliability in ripening with large yield. It is grown extensively for market, ripening more surely in moist locations than do globe-shaped varieties, as well as earlier. It is becoming most popular also for growing Yellow Onion sets. Our strain produces thin-necked, flattened bulbs which are quite thick through, yielding well in bulk.

Price of above	Postpaid	Pkt. .05	Oz. .20	1/4 Lb. .65	Lb. 2.25
MARKET GARDENERS	AND THOSE	WHO E US	USE ON	ON SEED	) IN ICES

### WHITE PORTUGAL, or AMERICAN SILVERSKIN

A medium-sized Onion of mild flavor; it is a good keeper and fine for fall and early winter use.

Price of abovePostpaid	Pkt. .10	Oz. .30	1.00 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> Lb.	Lb. 3.50
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### YELLOW STRASBURG, or DUTCH

The large Onions are flat, round, thick through. Skin yellow; flesh pure white, mild flavored; productive; best for sets.

### SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE ONION

The Onions from Southport, Conn., generally command an extra price in New York markets because of their beautiful shape and color, due partly to the variety grown and partly to the favorable soil and the extra care taken in handling the crop. The Southport Red Globe is of medium size, spherical, with small neck, very deep, rich red in color, and of superior quality.

Price of abovePostpaid	Pkt. .05	Oz. .20	14 Lb. .75	$\frac{\text{Lb.}}{2.50}$

#### SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE

Yields abundantly, producing handsome and uniformly globe-shaped bulbs. The flesh is firm, fine grained and of mild flavor. See illustration.

> Oz. .35

14 Lb. 1.00

Price of above..... Pkt. Postpaid .10

### SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE

This is of the same general character as the Southport White and Red Globes, except that the skin is a rich yellow; flesh pure white and of a mild and delicious flavor. It is one of the most popular of the Yellow Globe Onions. These three varieties of Southport Globe Onions we have carefully bred up for years. All three Southport Onions ripen very evenly and on this account particularly are wonderful keepers.

### EXTRA-EARLY RED

A medium sized, flat variety of deep red; an abundant yielder. It is very uniform in shape and size, moderate in flavor; ten days to two weeks earlier than Wethersfield. Especially good for a cool climate where other varieties fail to produce full-sized Onions.

Price of above			
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### PRIZETAKER (AMERICAN-GROWN)

The true American-grown Prizetaker is larger and more uniform in growth than any other yellow variety. It is of beautiful appearance, with outside skin of a rich straw color, while the flesh is white, sweet, mild and tender. The average size is 12 to 16 inches in circumference; the weight sometimes reaches 5 pounds.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. ½ Lb. Lb. Postpaid .10 .30 1.00 3.50

### LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD

#### A Leading Varlety. Produces Enormous Crops of Solid, Heavy and Perfect Onions

This is a grand red variety and a general favorite. With the exception of the Yellow Globe Danvers, there is no variety so largely grown. Our stock is excellent, being saved from only carefully selected bulbs; will be found quite free from necky and misshapen bulbs, and will invariably grow to a large size under proper conditions. The surface color is a rich, dark red. It is an early variety to mature and a fine keeper. The flavor is good and mild, and is an admirable Onion for boiling.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. ½ Lb. Lb. Postpaid .05 .20 .65 2.00

### **ONION SETS**

White and Yellow Onion Sets.—Grown from our select strains. The price per bushel is subject to change with the market. Write for quotations. Per qt., postpaid, 35 cts.

### **ITALIAN AND PICKLING ONIONS**

Adriatic Barletta.—Very early; small; pure white with silver skin; flesh mild, but firm; fine for pickling.

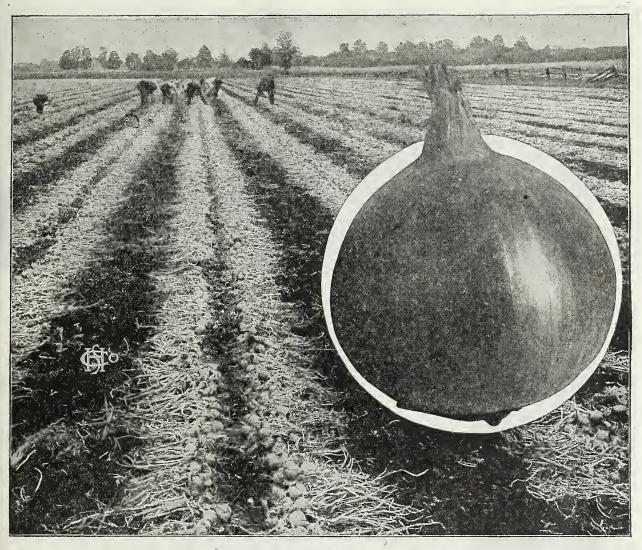
> Lb. 4.00

Queen .--- Very early; small; flat; white and mild pickling Onion.

Silver King .- White-skinned Onion; immense size.

Price of above.....Postpaid 14 Lb. 1.25 Oz. 35

Lb. 3.75



Holmes' Improved Ohio Yellow Globe Danvers Onion Seed Ohio Grown



Ontario, N. Y. September 16, 1918.

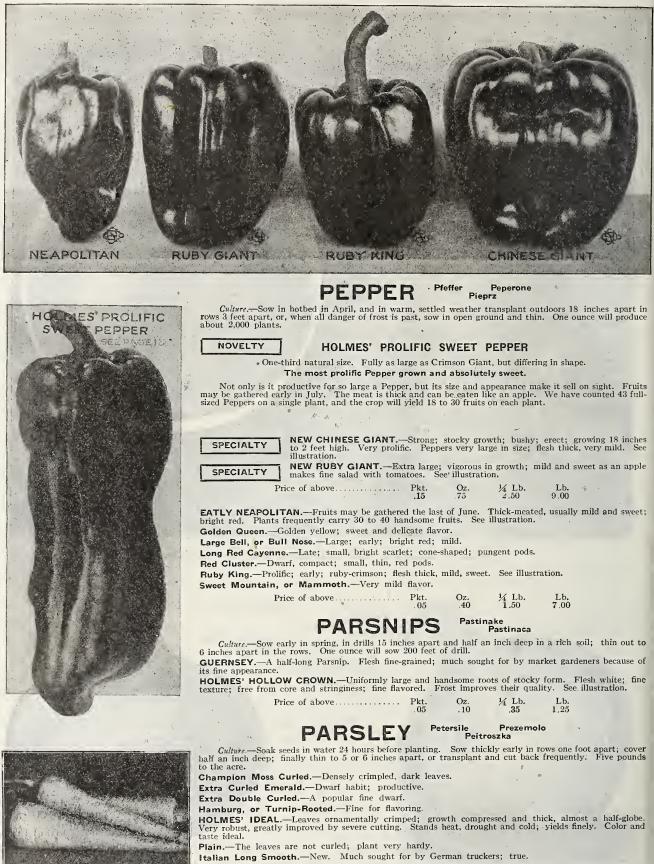
Holmes Seed Co., Harrisburg, Pa. Gentlemen: The Ohio Yellow Globe Onions which I purchased from you this spring were entirely satisfactory, both as to germination and to strain, and I expect to average at the least 700 bu. to the acre. Inclosed find my order for 1919. Yours Resp.

Yours Resp. John P. Sheahan.

Round or Flat Danvers Onion

Prizetaker Onion

### HOLMES SEED COMPANY, HARRISBURG, PA.



Holmes' Hollow Crown Parsnips

Oz. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Lb. Price of above ..... Pkt.

05

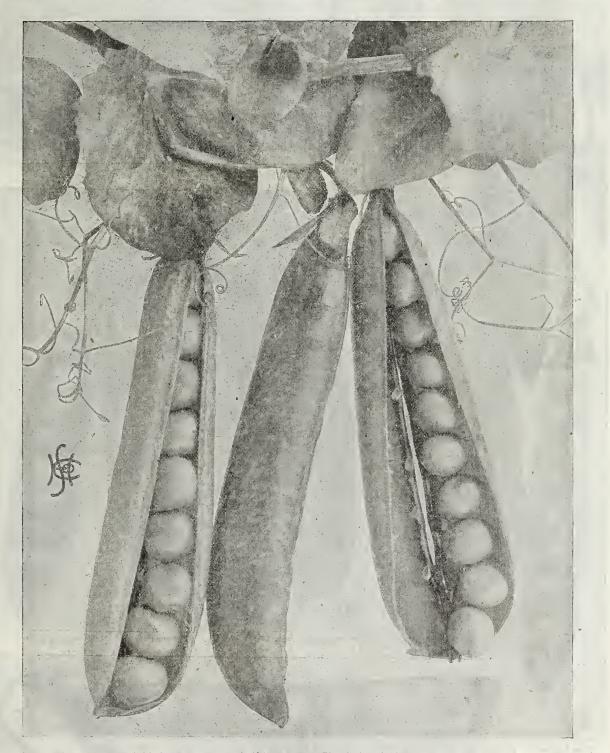
Lb.

1 25

30

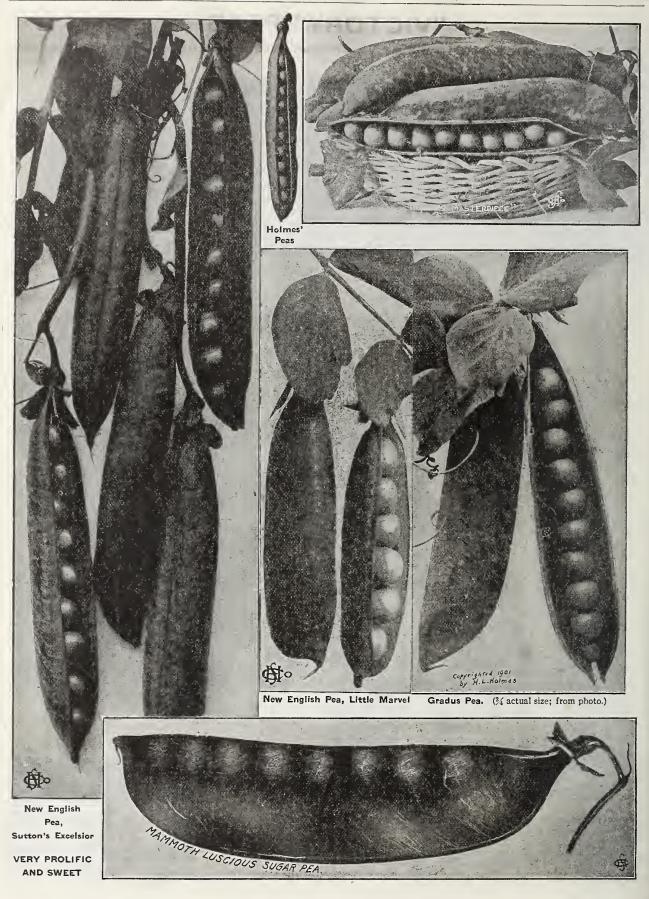
# "VICTORY" PEAS

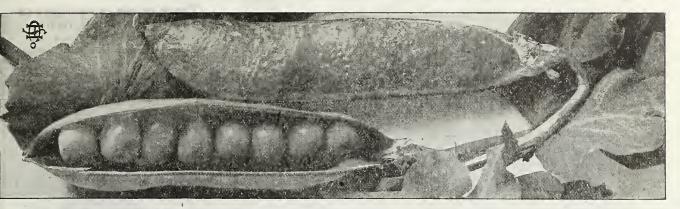
The Favorite for a Large, Late Pea. Illustration Accurately Engraved from Photograph



THIS marvelous, sweet, wrinkled pea grows one-half larger than The Duke of Albany, or Alderman. The pods are produced in pairs and contain from eight to twelve peas of exceptionally rich flavor to a single pod. Haulm is sturdy and this pea grows to a height of 3½ to 4½ feet, according to the season, fertilizer used, etc. It is one of the largest croppers that we know of and the quality is exquisite. The "VICTORY" is a main crop variety and we believe that anyone who gives this pea a fair trial will be more than satisfied with the results obtained, be he an amateur or a regular market gardener.

Prices of above	Pkt.	$-\frac{1}{2}$ Lb.	Lb.	2 Lb.	100 lbs.
	. 15	.35	.60	I.00	40.00





The best late Pea grown-ALDERMAN

Erbsen Groch Pisello PEAS NORTHERN-GROWN

### These prices are subject to change without notice

NEW PEA, HOLMES' MASTERPIECE

Extra-Early Large Podded

Again, for the sixth year, the Pea crop is short; in fact, at this writing, there is no telling just the damage done, but we are assured that many varieties of Peas have been cut very short by reason of the frosts and snow. So beware of cheap seed. *Culture*.—To grow for market sow in single rows 1 inch apart and 2 to 3 inches deep, the rows from 2 to 4 feet apart. When grown in garden sow in double rows 6 to 8 inches apart; tall sorts require brush. Begin sowing the extra-early varieties as soon as the ground can be worked in March; continue for a succession, every two weeks until June. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill; 1½ bushels to the acre.

NOVELTY

### NEW ENGLISH PEA, LITTLE MARVEL

Still another year's experience makes us hold this distinct, new, dwarf first-early in even higher esteem. We are sure that as soon as American gardeners, whether for pleasure or profit, become acquainted with Little Marvel, they will drop both Little Gem and Nott's Excelsior, popular as these two varieties are today. The vines of dwarf, even growth, average 15 inches in height and are heavily set with fine pods, frequently borne in pairs. The pods average 2½ inches in length, are square at the bottom and well filled with six to seven quite large, deep green Peas. The Peas are ready for the table fully as early as American Wonder or Nott's Excel-sior, while the pods are larger and the vines produce a much heavier crop. All who desire a fine early crop of the choicest quality wrinkled Peas will be delighted with Little Marvel. See illustration. NEW ENGLISH PFA. SUITTON'S

NOVELTY

DWA

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NOVELTY

# NEW ENGLISH PEA, SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR

Its great merit is that it is an early, dwarf, wrinkled Pea in the front rank for earliness, yet with much larger, handsomer pols than any other dwarf wrinkled. Similar in habit of growth to Nott's Excelsior, which is one of the most popular. It holds the place in the extra-early class that is now so acceptably filled by Stratagem and Telephone in the later sorts. The height is about 12 to 14 inches, showing a great abundance of long, broad, straight pods of pale green.

GRAND NEW G	 .35		postpaid.	30.00
ice of above	Lb.	2 Lbs.		100 Lbs

A sensational novelty of England which is, without doubt, the largest podded Pea in existence. At all the principal shows in England Carter's "Quite Contert" is now preeminent. It is ready for picking at the same time as the well-known Alderman, which it closely resembles, but has considerably larger pods. The vines attain the height of 5 to 6 feet; pods enormous, dark green, measuring 5 to 6 inches and contain 8 to 12 Peas of delicious flavor. We have seen pods of this new Pea 7 to 8 inches long and fairly crowded from tip to tip with fine large tender Peas.

### NEW LATE PEA, ALDERMAN

This fine second-early, wrinkled Pea has proven in our trials to be a very valuable acquisition. We predict for it a place in every catalog, and, once in the hands of the gardener, the old Telephone and Duke of Albany will be forgotten. Vines vigorous, growing about 3½ feet high, with coarse, dark-colored leaves and producing an abundance of very large, dark green pods, filled with immense Peas of delicious flavor. A splendid shipper and we recommend this to all large Pea growers. Price of above....

ARE I	EXTRA	EARLY	VARI	ETIES	
• • • • • •	Pkt. . 10	Lb. ,35	2 Lbs. .60	postpaid.	100 Lbs 25.00

#### Require no staking or brush

Require no staking or brush American Wonder.—10 to 12 inches. Extra early; of dwarf, compact growth, wrinkled; of the finest quality. Little Gem.—16 to 18 inches. A dwarf, green, wrinkled Pea, prolific and of excellent flavor. A few days later than above. Nott's Excelsion.—14 inches. A superior dwarf, wrinkled early; ready for the table in about 45 days; vigorous constitution and wonderfully productive; quality extra fine. Premium Gem.—15 inches. A fine dwarf Pea of the "Little Gem" type, on which it is a great improvement. FXTRA FABLY VADIETICS OF AUTOMICS

### EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES OF MEDIUM HEIGHT

**Alaska.**—2 feet. A wonderfully early, smooth, blue Pea; vines slender; pods very dark green, about 3 inches long, well filled with small, smooth, blue-green Peas. The earliness, uniformity in ripening and deep color render it a desirable market and canning Pea. **Holmes' Pedigree Extra Early.**—2½ feet. An extra early round, smooth white Pea unequaled in earliness, uniformity in ripening, size, yield and flavor. The universally popular extra early Pea for both market and private gardens. **Holmes' Market-Gardeners Extra Early.**—A superior strain of the **Extra Early Peas, ripening even throughout the crop.** 2 feet. **Drive of choure.** Pitt L b 21 bs 100 L bs

Price of above I	Pkt. Lb	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
	10 .35	,60 postpaid.	25.00

We have watched the behavior of this splendid Pea with much interest, We have watched the behavior of this spiendid Pea with much interst, for it always seemed to us that it would outrank, as a large early Pea, the justly famous Gradus, or Prosperity, and it has. We believe this to be one of the finest and most prolific large-podded Peas ever introduced. The pods contain 8 to 10 perfectly formed Peas, and are of such large size and excellent flavor that they sell on sight at market. In quality and flavor the Peas are all that can be desired. See illustration, back cover. NOVELTY **NEW ENGLISH PEA, LAXTONIAN** This is the Largest Podded of All Early Dwarf Peas A new sort of decided merit. The vines are vigorous, growing about 16 inches high and produce a large crop of good-sized pods, averaging from 9 to 10 Peas to the pod. The Peas are of exquisite flavor and mature early. Many people who have tried Laxotonian consider it superior to either Gradus or Thomas Laxton and claim it to be the best of all the early dwarf

sorts. It is certainly worth a trial. See illustration. <sup>2</sup> Lbs. .60 postpaid. Price of above..... Pkt. 1.h. .35 100 Lbs. 28.00

. 10 SPECIALTY NEW PEA, GRADUS ALSO CALLED EARLY TELEPHONE Earliest Large-Podded Pea ever Introduced—Height 3 feet; Plant Thickly

In the Gradus we have one of those long strides of progress not often found in the ordinary advancement of vegetables. The variety is an imported one, having been raised by Thomas Laxton in England. The vine has very heavy stems and produces uniformly large pods, measuring 4 to  $4\frac{1}{2}$  inches long, nearly round, and well filled with 8 to 10 large hand-some Peas. In flavor and quality Gradus is of the highest "marrow" type, melting and sugary, retaining, when served, its bright, vivid green.

SPECIALTY

NEW PEA, THOMAS LAXTON

A new variety, producing large pods in abundance. Delicious; matures as early as the extra-early smooth Peas and, being a wrinkled sort, is much sweeter.

100 Lbs. Price of above..... Pkt. 2 Lbs. ,60 postpaid. Lh. .35 10 28.00

SECOND OR MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES

SECOND OR MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES Advancer.—2½ fect. A great favorite and popularly known as the Dwarf Champion; green, wrinkled peas of fine flavor. Abundance.—3 fect. A deservedly popular variety, branching from the bottom and bearing abundantly roundish pods 3 to 3½ inches long, well filled with 6 to 8 large wrinkled Peas of excellent quality. Everbearing.—3 fect. A prolific and continuous-bearing Pea, giving it especial value for both summer and autumn use; pods 3 to 4 inches long, containing 6 to 8 large wrinkled peas, ½ inch in diameter. Horford's Market Garden.—2 fect. A grand wrinkled Pea, noted for its uniform growth and prodigious yield. The pods, though of medium size, are packed with peas of sweet flavor.

uniform growth and prodigious yield. The pods, though of medium size, are packed with peas of sweet flavor. --**Carter's Daisy, or Dwarf Telephone**,---Cross of Stratagem on Tele-phone. Very productive. Pods long and well filled. **NEW DWARF CHAMPION**.--A hardy, robust and vigorous grower of handsome green pods and the quality is unsurpassed. Height of vine 26 inches, 68 days from planting. For a reliable, staple market variety we believe it will fill a long-felt want.

believe it will fill a long-felt want. MAIN CROP OR LATER VARIETIES Long Island Mammoth, or Telegraph.—Large pods and peas. 3½ feet. Pride of the Market.—(Imp.) Large pods; popular for market. 1½ feet. Yorkshire Hero.—A spreading variety; very productive. 3 feet. Duke of Albany, or American Champion.—4½ feet. A grand, large-podded, wrinkled Pea, each pod containing from 9 to 12 immense peas; the largest of all varieties, while the quality is superlatively fine, tender, rich and sweet; very productive. Champion of England.—5 feet. A superior selection of this well-known favorite, noted for the rich, marrow-like quality of its large, wrinkled Peas. Juno.—2 feet. A dwarf main crop, green, wrinkled, marrow Pea of superb flavor and vigorous constitution.

flavor and vigorous constitution.

Price of above ..... Pkt. 2 Lbs. .60 postpaid. 100 Lbs. Lb. 25.00 10

### PEAS—Concluded

\*Stratagem.-2 feet. A dwarf, blue, Wrinkled Pea; a heavy cropper, producing large pods well filled with large marrow Peas of excellent flavor. \***Telephone, Special Strain.**—4½ feet. Strong-growing; exceedingly productive pods of largest size, containing 6 to 7 large, wrinkled marrow Peas of rich, sugary flavor.

Black-Eyed Marrowfat .- 51/2 feet. An old favorite; prolific market Pea. White Marrowfat .- 51/2 feet. Similar to above, but of better quality.

Lb, Price of above..... Pkt. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. .10 .35 .65 25.00

### SUGAR, or EDIBLE-PODDED PEAS

The pods are cooked like string beans; if used when about half-grown < they are deliciously tender and sweet.

#### PUMPKINS **Melonen Kurbis** Zucca Bania

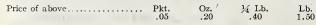
Culture.—Sow in good soil in May, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way; or in fields of corn about every fourth hill. Avoid planting near other vines. One ounce will plant 15 hills; one pound for an acre.

### MAMMOTH GOLDEN CASHAW, or CROOKNECK

This splendid variety is of a rich golden-orange color, and grows to a large size. In its early stages it is dark green, ripening to a warm and rich color. The fiesh is much thicker, sweeter and finer grained than in any other Pumpkin, and a deep rich yellow. For making pies this variety is superior, while for stock-feeding and keeping purposes it has no equal.

### JUMBO, or MAMMOTH POTIRON

No other Pumpkin ever introduced has reached such enormous weights, and been awarded so many prizes. Hundreds of our customers have raised specimens weighing over one hundred and fifty pounds each. It frequently attains a diameter of over 4 feet. The flesh and skin are golden yellow, and, notwithstanding its enormous size, it makes a good table Pumpkin.



Jumbo, or Mammoth Potiron Pumpkin

Cheese.—The most popular for pies and table use; large, flat-round; creamy yellow skin; thick, orange flesh of fine quality.

Small Sugar.—A handsome and productive small Pumpkin; 10 to 12 inches in diameter; round-flattened; skin orange, flesh deep yellow, fine-grained and very sweet.

Winter Luxury.—A superior pie Pumpkin, small, but enormously productive, and an excel-lent keeper; shape rounding-oblong, about 10 inches in diameter; golden-russet, finely netted; flesh deep golden, sweet and tender.

Improved Green Striped Cashaw.—Improvement on White Cashaw, green and white striped; flesh rich yellow, solid, fine-grained, thick and sweet.

Quaker Pie .--- Shape nearly oval. Cream-colored skin and flesh; fine quality.

05

Tennessee Sweet Potato .- Bell-shaped, white flesh, very thick and sweet.

Japanese .- Surpasses all others in flavor. Flesh thick, salmon-colored, fine-grained, sweet.

Price of above......Pkt. <sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> Lb. .35 Lb. 1.25 Oz.

Connecticut Field.—A productive, large, orange-colored field Pumpkin, usually grown for stock feeding, but it also makes good pies. Price of above ..... Pkt. Oz <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Lb. Lb.

.10

# PURE NORTHERN-GROWN SEED POTATOES

SPECIAL NOTICE.-This year Seed Potatoes are very scarce and FIRST-CLASS stock will be hard to get. Our stock will be the same as in former years-pure and of the finest selection. Standard varieties of Seed Potatoes weigh 165 pounds to the bag. Plant 10 bushels to the acre. Finest select stock.

-This grand strain of the old reliable Early Ohio is, without doubt, Holmes' Improved Early Ohio .the earliest and most productive variety. Irish Cobbler .-- One of the best extra-early varieties. Very large, white and heavy cropper; of excellent

quality. Earlier than the Ohio. Vermont Gold Coin.—Excellent flavor; small shallow eyes, thin skin, fine-grained flesh; shape slightly oblong, rather broad and thick through. The strong-growing quality and exceptional productiveness oblong, rather broad and thick through. make it the best Potato for general crop.

### AS THESE PRICES ARE MADE EARLY, THEY ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

WRITE FOR PRICES

Improved Early Rose.—Pure and genuine. Maine Rose.—The best variety of the rose type. Early Fortune.—Is very productive and early. Guick Crop.—Very early vigorous grower. Sir Walter Raleigh.—New, valuable variety, late. Rural New-Yorker.—The tubers are large, late. Carman No. 1.—Finest second early Potato, late. Carman No. 3.—Best late sort; yields heavily, late. White Elephant.—Very large and late; excellent variety.

### \*Dwarf Sugar .--- 11/2 feet. Extra-fine quality; productive and early. Melting Sugar.-5 feet. Mammoth variety; pods "snap" without string; very sweet; tender.

**MAMMOTH LUSCIOUS.**—Excels in size, productiveness and quality. Vines average 36 inches; pods gigantic in size; broad, sweet and tender; extremely fleshy; equal best snap beans for cooking pods and all. See extremely fi illustration.

These prices are subject to

change without notice

\*Tall Gray Sugar .--- 4 feet. Immense pods; snap; 78 days.

Price of above		2 Lbs. .65	

Cowpeas and Field Peas .- See Farm Seed Department.

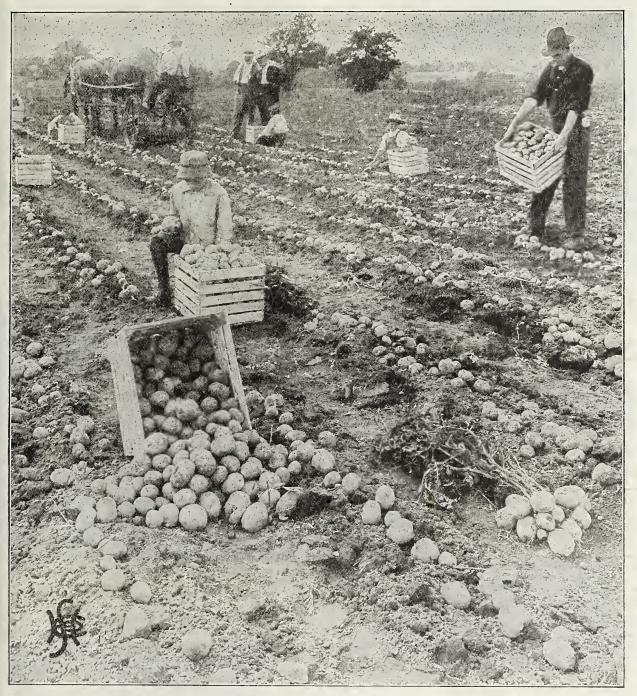
Mammoth Golden Cashaw Pumpkin







# SEED POTATOES



# **IRISH COBBLER**

The most popular early variety grown at the present time. We sold more bushels of them last spring than ever before and more than any other early variety. Our customers are more than pleased with them and report having harvested large, handsome, white tubers, very early. They cook dry and the flavor is fine. Will keep good until late in spring. One of our contract growers reported 267 bushels per acre on his farm last season. The above photograph was taken from a field of Irish Cobblers grown on Mr. Robt. Waltons' East End Truck farm. Note how even the entire crop grows.

Holmes Seed Co., Harrisburg, Pa.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 29th, 1918.

Gentlemen: The Holmes Emperor Celery which I purchased from you, I consider the finest celery ever introduced. The beauty of this celery is that you can eat the green at the top of the stalk just as well as the blanched stem and it is just as sweet and nutty at one end as the other. Any private or market gardener who wants a good celery will do well to give this a trial. Yours very truly, Yours very truly, A. F. Bucher.

Radies

RADISHES

Ravenello Rzodkiew

### Our stock of Radishes is French-grown. Being sown in beds and transplanted, we are positive of having straight sorts.

Culture .- Radishes delight in light, rich, mellow soil, and to be crisp and tender must make rapid growth. For very early use, sow in a gentle hotbed in January, and continue sowing every two weeks until September, in drills 10 inches apart, thinning plants to 2 inches apart. Sow winter Radishes in midsummer and take up before severe frosts and store in sand or earth in a cool cellar. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 10 pounds in drills will sow an acre.

#### WHITE STRASBURG SUMMER

This variety is now the most popular summer Radish. Both skin and flesh are pure white, almost transparent, and of a delightful, pungent taste. It can be pulled five weeks from time of sowing, yet it will continue to grow without losing its fine quality and remains tender longer than any other summer sort. See illustration.

### SPECIALTY

36

### VICK'S EARLY SCARLET GLOBE

The roots of this Radish are slightly olive shaped; a rich, bright scarlet in color; flesh tender and white. It is fit to pull among the very earliest and is much larger than most of the extra-early Radishes. We especially recommend this to gardeners whose market demands a large, first-early, forcing Radish.

### EARLY LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP IMPROVED

This variety is a standard and excellent sort for private gardens or the market. The roots grow half out of the ground, are very uniform in shape, smooth and very bright red in color, and continue crisp and tender until fully matured, when they are about 6 inches long. This is the variety grown so extensively in Petite Cote, Ontario, where the finest Radishes in America are produced.

### SPECIALTY | EARLY SCARLET TURNIP WHITE-TIPPED

#### **Or Coopers Sparkler**

Handsome; a little later than the extra-early forcing Radishes, but will give entire satisfaction where extreme earliness and small top are not the chief consideration. Roots slightly flattened on the under side; color very deep scarlet with a distinct white tip; flesh white and of the best quality; fine flavored, crisp, juicy, solid, and with never a hint of pithiness. This is an excellent variety, both for home and market purposes.

Price of abovePostpaid			1/4 Lb. .60	
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### SPECIALTY

### NEW WHITE ICICLE

The finest flavored quick-growing Radish now in cultivation .

We have no hesitancy in saying it is one of the finest long, white, forcing radishes known. The name is derived from the almost transparent whiteness of the root, which has no comparison among all existing Radishes. Leaves are short; taste is exceedingly fine. If well cultivated, Icicle produces its 31/2 to 4-inch cylindrical roots within 22 days from date of sowing. This means the acme of crispness. We find that for successive planting Icicle succeeds as well in midsummer as when sown early; even in an advanced state it retains its fine flavor, never becoming woody. See illustration.

### SPECIALTY

### HOLMES' ROYAL RED FORCING

Best for forcing in or out doors; quick grower; makes Radishes in three weeks. Globe-shaped; deep red; crisp and tender; tops small. The beautiful color and shape of this Radish make it a very attractive table relish.

#### SPECIALTY

### **GIANT FORCING**

For Forcing or Open-Ground Culture A Variety for Market Gardeners CRIMSON RADISH

A new Early Turnip Radish, double the size of any of the early turnipshaped type. This variety develops to 6 and often 7 inches in circumference, weighing up to an ounce per bulb, or about four times the weight of similar sorts: but notwithstanding its immense size, does not get hollow or pithy, the flesh remaining sparklingly white, solid, crisp and juicy, and of the mildest flavor. The shape of the bulb varies between round and almost oval, but the bright, deep crimson color of the skin remains quite constant. Excellent, both for forcing and open-ground culture.

### FELTON'S MODEL WHITE BOX RADISH

Felton's Model possesses all the excellent qualities of the old Philadelphia White Box, but is superior in being much handsomer and earlier, with fewer and shorter leaves; hence it can be sown more thickly in the row, enabling the grower to raise at least one-third more Radishes in the same space under glass, in boxes or open ground.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. <sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> Lb. Lb. 2 25 Postpaid .10 .20

### EARLY ROUND, or TURNIP-SHAPED RADISHES

Early Round Dark Red .- Rich, dark red; medium; uniform. Early Scarlet Turnip .- Medium; bright scarlet; mild flavor. SCARLET BUTTON .--- Small; round; bright scarlet, white tip.

### EARLY OLIVE AND OVAL-SHAPED

French Breakfast .- Oval; bright scarlet; white tip; dainty on the table. HOLMES' DAINTY FORCING .- Three weeks; sweet, tender and crisp; olive shaped.

Scarlet Olive Shaped .- Half long; bright scarlet; flesh white; excellent for market.

Surprise .- Earliest yellow; fine for early or summer.

White Olive Shaped .- Similar to Scarlet olive shaped.

Yellow Olive Shaped .- Second early; skin golden vellow; tender.

### EARLY LONG

Cincinnati Market, or Glass .- Long, scarlet, straight; small top. Long Brightest Scarlet.-Scarlet; tipped white; mild flavor. Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger .- Mild and tender.

PEARL FORCING .- Skin pure white; very early; resembles Vienna. Wood's Early Frame.--- A favorite for frame culture.

### SUMMER AND AUTUMN

CHARTIER .- Summer Radish; long; large; handsome; flesh white; delicious

Giant White Stuttgart .- Turnip-shaped summer Radish; tender, mild. Half-Long Deep Scarlet, or Paris Beauty .- Bright; crisp; flesh. White Summer Turnip.-A flat, round, early summer Radish.

### WINTER

California Mammoth White .- A favorite winter Radish. Long Black Spanish .- A leading winter variety; excellent keeper. Rose China Winter .- Skin rosy red; flesh white and firm. Round Black Spanish .- Roots round; skin black; flesh white. Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Price of above..... Postnaid 2 00 .05 .20 .60

### WHITE CHINESE, or CELESTIAL RADISH

Never has a winter Radish won so much favor, and indeed it is worthy of all the praise given it. Mr. Austin G. Rupp has been growing this variety for some years and gets very high prices in market for the Radishes. So valuable did he consider it that for years he thought it policy not to tell his neighbors the name of the Radish. The true stock of this variety is stump-rooted, as will be seen in the photograph, and although a winter Radish, it can also be grown in late summer, as were those photographed and shown in our illustration. The flesh is firm, solid and pure white. It keeps all winter in prime condition and is of mild flavor.

Pkt.

Oz.

25

1⁄4 Lb.

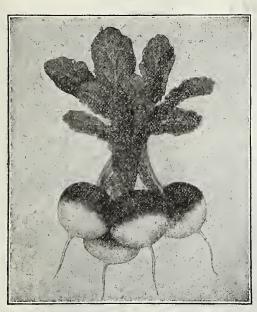
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Lb.

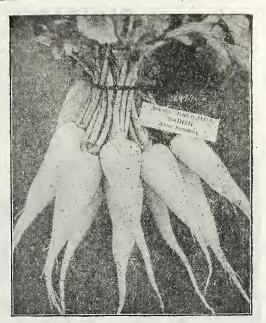
2.50

Price of above..... Postpaid .10

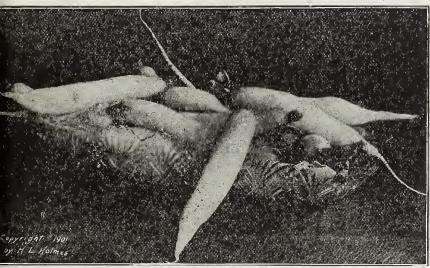
CROP ALMOST AN ENTIRE FAILURE TER



Sparkler, or White Tip Scarlet Turnip Radish



White Strasburg Summer Radishes



Icicle Radish (from a photograph)



Early Scarlet Turnip Radish



Holmes' Royal Red Forcing Radish



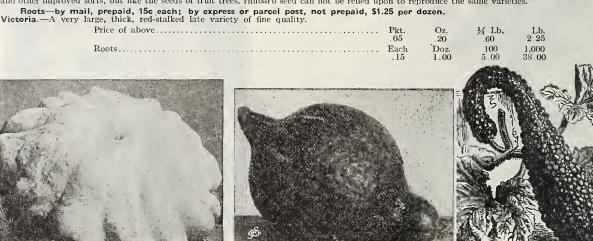
Holmes' Scarlet Globe Radishes



Felton's White Box Radishes

### Rhabarber Rababarbo Rhubarb, also known as Pie Plant, or Wine Plant, is the earliest spring vegetable and is grown for its leaf stalks, which are extensively used for pies

Rhubarb succeeds best in deep, somewhat retentive soil and the richer this is and the deeper it is stirred, the better. Sow in drills an inch deep and thin out the plants to six inches apart. In the fall transplant into very highly manured and deeply stirred soil, setting them four to six feet apart each way and give a dressing of coarse manure every spring. The stalks should not be plucked until the second year. When a blossom stalk appears, it should be evaluated well into the ground and the plant never allowed to exhaust itself by running to seed. Our seed is saved from selected plants of the Linnaeus, Victoria, Giant and other improved sorts, but like the seeds of fruit trees, rhubarb seed can not be relied upon to reproduce the same varieties.





Mammoth White Bush Scallop Squash

Improved Hubbard Squash Kurbisz Zucca

Giant Summer Crookneck Squash

2.00

Lb.

1.50

SQUASH

Miekuzr

Culture.—The squash is one of the most nutritious and valuable of garden vegetables. The summer varieties come to the table early in the season, while the fall and winter sorts can be had from August until the following spring. The winter varieties are very well adapted for stock feeding, and we heartily recommend them for that purpose. Squash plants are very tender and sensitive to cold and so planting must be delayed until settled warm weather. General methods of culture are the same as for cucumbers and melons, but the squash is less sensitive to unfavorable conditions of soil. Summer varieties should be planted four to five feet apart each way, and winter sorts eight to twelve. Three plants are sufficient for a hill. In gathering the winter sorts care should be taken not to bruise or break the sitem from the squash, as the slightest injury will increase the liability to decay. Winter squashes should be stored in a moderately warm, dry place and the temperature kept as even as possible. For those who desire very early squashes, seed can be planted in boxes, and transplanted. Insect pests that attack the vines when small, such as the striped beetle, may be kept off by frequent dustings with air slaked lime, tobacco dušt, soot or sifted ashes diluted with fine road earth. For the large squash bug, a good remedy is a kerosene emulsion. Probably the most effective way is to place a small piece of board, about 4 x 12 inches, on the ground near the plant. Towards evening or early in the morning the bugs may be gathered from under the boards and destroyed.

Boston Marrow.-Fall and winter variety; large, oval form; skin thin, bright orange, with netting of light cream-color, flesh rich salmon-yellow, fine

### AUTUMN AND WINTER

Delicious (Gregory).—Fine quality; excels any in flavor. Large Warted Hubbard.—Large size; productive; hard, green, warty shell. Mammoth Chili.—Often weighs 200 pounds; flesh rich, fine flavored. 1/4 Lb. .60

Price of above ...... Pkt. Oz. .20

### Haferwurzel Sassefrica

SALSIFY (Vegetable Oyster) Haferwurzel Sassefrica Jarzynowa Culture.—It succeeds best in light, well-enriched soil. Sow early and quite deep. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain out all winter, but should be dug early in spring. One ounce for 75 fect of drill. Ten pounds to the acre. Large White.—Common variety; medium-sized; smooth; flesh white. Lh. 2.25

Price of above..... Oz. Pkt. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>75</sub> Lb. 05

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND .- Larger and less liable to branch than Large White.

Price of above..... Oz. 1/4 Lb. Pkt

# SPINACH

Spinat Spinace

Culture.—Sow in early spring in drills a foot apart, every two weeks for a succession, and thin out for use. For fall use sow in August; for winter in September. Cover with straw or leaves in winter. Varieties prefixed (\*) may be sown in the fall for spring crop. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill. Twelve pounds to the acre in drills. \*BLOOMSDALE or Norfolk Savoy.—Fall planting; fleshy; curled; hardy. Giant Eskimo.—New. A variety we imported from Japan; very large. LONG SEASON.—Can be grown successfully in hot weather without going quickly to seed. Leaves are very dark green, and grow in a thick, rounded cluster; tender and succulent; remain fresh and crisp for a considerable time after cutting. Long-Standing.—Excellent; compact; thick, fleshy, dark green leaves. New Zealand.—Abundant; never cooks stringy. Round-Leaved.—Thick, round, succulent leaves. \*Thick-Leaved.—Produces large, thick, bright green, crumpled leaves. Victoria.—Very heavy, broad, deep green leaves, crumpled. -

Victoria.-Very heavy, broad, deep green leaves, crumpled.

Price of above ..... Pkt. Oz.

1⁄4 Lb. 15 .50

Sandwich Island Salsify WRITE FOR SPECIAL PRICES OF SPINACH IN QUANTITIES TOR

# HOLMES' EVERBEARING TOMATO

#### NOVELTY THE EARLIEST, LARGEST, MOST PROLIFIC AND MEATIEST RED TOMATO GROWN

GROWN This wonderfully prolific new Tomato was introduced by Holmes Seed Co., of Harrisburg, and was illustrated in one of the Harrisburg dally papers, July 20, 1912. The illustration is from a photograph of one stem bearing 17 fine large fruits, and weighing 7<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> pounds. The clusters will average 15 fine, large, red or scallet Tomatoes, and the beauty of it is that they all run about the same size and absolutely free from the acidy taste so common in most varieties. The seed-cavities are exceedingly small, and we believe it to be the meatiest Tomato grown. This Tomato combines all the good qualities of each parent—earliness of the Earliana, size from Ponderosa, and color and smoothness

Price of originator's own stock ... Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb. Postpaid .10 .75 2.25 7.50



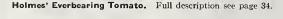
The above illustration from Photograph of single vine showing 64 fruits and single fruit showing size attained.

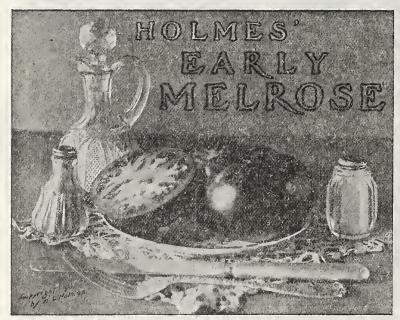
### TOMATOES Liebesapfel Pomo d'oro Pomidor

All our Tomato seeds are from seed stocks carefully selected. We challenge comparison with any offered.

Culture.—Tomatoes do best on light, warm, not overrich soil. Sow in hotbeds from six to eight weeks before they can be set out of doors; when the plants have four leaves transplant into shallow boxes or coldframes, setting them 4 to 5 inches apart. Set out of doors as soon as danger from frost is over. The fruit will be better in quality if the vines are tied to trellis or stakes.

One ounce for 1,500 plants, 1/4 lb. for an acre.





Beefsteak or Crimson Cushion Tomato



Livingston's Globe Tomato

Stone Tomatoes

# TOMATOES

SPECIALTY BEEF STEAK, or CRIMSON CUSHION	Trophy.—Extra selected; an old favorite.
·	Truckers' Favorite.—Reddish-purple; fleshy; vines strong and vigorous. Yellow Plum, Yellow Pear, Red Pear.—For preserving.
THE VERY BEST LARGE-FRUITED BRIGHT CRIMSON TOMATO	Price of above Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb. Lb.
The Crimson Cushion is well worthy of its name; in beauty of color- ing and symmetry of form, it is indeed without a peer. The vines are of strong, vigorous growth, well set with fruit; the foliage is very rich dark green in color. The fruits are of the largest size, which size is maintained throughout the season.	Postpaid .10 .40 1.25 4.50     NOVELTY   HOLMES' EVERBEARING TOMATO
<b>ENORMOUS.</b> —Most large Tomatoes grow rough and of bad shape for slicing, but these giants are smooth, round, solid and with few seed. A standard main-crop Tomato of great size. "Everybody is buying it."	THE EARLIEST, LARGEST, MOST PROLIFIC AND MEATIEST RED TOMATO GROWN
SPECIALTY "EARLY BONNY BEST."—Nearly as early as Earliana; color intense scarlet and ripening even up to the stems; round and slightly flattened at the stems. Of good size and uniform. Good for early, medium and late crop. CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL.—One of the best for main crop. Bright scarlet; very solid; fine flavor. Crine's June Pink.—Extra early; fruit smooth, about 3 inches in	This wonderfully prolific new Tomato was introduced by Holmes Seed Co., of Harrisburg, and was illustrated in one of the Harrisburg daily papers, July 20, 1912. The illustration is from a photograph of one stem bearing 17 fine large fruits, and weighing 7% pounds. The clusters will average 15 fine, large, red or scarlet Tomatoes, and the beauty of it is that they all run about the same size and absolutely free from the acidy taste so common in most varieties. The seed-cavities are exceedingly small, and we believe it to be the meatiest Tomato grown. This Tomato combines all the good qualities of each parent—earliness of the Earliana, size from Ponderosa, and color and smoothness of the Stone.
diameter, almost round; flesh solid; finely flavored; free from acidity.	Price of originator's own stock Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. Lb. Postpaid .10 .75 2.25 7.50
<b>DWARF CHAMPION.</b> —Early; prolific; smooth; medium-sized; pink- ish-purple.	ACME.—Early: medium sized; smooth; solid; prolific; purplish pink.
Livingston's CorelessBright red; immense clusters; mild acid flavor.	<b>BEAUTY.</b> —Early; prolific; medium sized; smooth; solid; purplish red.
LIVINGSTON'S DWARF STONE.—Resembles Livingston's Stone in color and shape. Specimen fruits weighing 1 pound are common. More productive and as early as New Dwarf Stone.	Buckeye State.—Large; solid; meaty; deep purple; heavy cropper. CUMBERLAND RED.—Color bright red; medium early.
LIVINGSTON'S NEW GLOBE.—Globe-shaped; early; large size; smooth; firm-fleshed; color glossy rose, tinged purple; very delicate.	FavoriteLarge; solid; smooth; bright scarlet; ripens evenly.
MATCHLESS.—Fruit large, smooth, free from core; rich cardinal red. Ponderosa.—The largest Tomato of all.	Golden Queen.—Large; handsome form; beautiful clear yellow color. Early Paragon.—Bright red; standard for market and canning.

SPARK'S EARLIANA .- Remarkable for earliness; large size; handsome shape and bright red color; solid; fine quality.

STONE .- Fruit round, apple-shaped; very large; deep red; heavy.

#### One ounce for 100 feet; 2 pounds to the acre TABLE TURNIPS

#### Weisse Rube

**Rzoper Cruklew** 

Ravone

For feeding stock in fall and winter there is nothing superior to Turnips and Rutabagas, as they are much liked by all kinds of stock and serve to keep them in good condition. We can not too earnestly recommend farmers to increase their sowings largely, for we are sure the crop will prove remunerative. This wholesome and agreeable vegetable is most easily affected in its form and flavor by soil, climate and mode of culture. There are a great many varieties, but our list comprises the best for the garden or farm. Sow in drills about two feet apart and half an inch deep, or sow broadcast, but in either case be sure to have the ground rich and freshly stirred. Be careful to weed and thin out so the young plants will not be checked and injured. Any overcrowding will result in rough and poorly flavored roots. It is important to get the spring and summer crops started very early so that the Turnips may have time to grow to sufficient size before hot weather causes them to become tough and bitter. In the Middle and Western States sow for fall and main crop from middle of July to last of August, and in the manner given for spring sowing. In the field, Turnips are often sown broadcast, though in most cases better results are obtained by drill culture. To preserve Turnips in good order for winter, store in a cool cellar and cover with sand or turt to keep them fresh. Another method is to put them in a pit dug in dry soil where there will be no danger of water standing, and to cover with straw overlaid with earth sufficiently deep to keep out frost. Thus protected, Turnips will keep well till spring.

### WHITE-FLESHED VARIETIES

**Cow Horn, or Long White.**—Carrot-like in form, slightly crooked. Delicate and well flavored; valuable as a market sort for fall and early winter, also for turning under.

EARLY PURPLE-TOP STRAP-LEAVED .- Early; favorite for table use; medium size; flesh white.

Early White Flat Dutch .- Standard early, white flat Turnip.

Extra-Early Purple-Top Milan.—All in all, these Milan Turnips leave little to be desired in the way of an extra-early garden Turnip. **PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE.**—Nearly as large as Pomerania White Globe; white flesh; excellent, equally desirable for table or stock. Pomeranian White Egg .- Oval or egg-shaped; firm; mild, sweet and very tender. White Globe .- Globe-shaped; early, mild and tender.

Price of above.....

### **YELLOW-FLESHED VARIETIES**

Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly .- Medium size.

Purple-Top Yellow Aberdeen.-Large, globe-shaped.

YELLOW, or AMBER GLOBE .--- Yellow-fleshed; globe-shaped; large.

RUTABAGA

(RUSSIAN, or SWEDISH TURNIP)

Two to three pounds to acre

Improved American Purple Top .- Old popular standard; rich flavor

Pkt. 1/4 Lb. .05

# SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL HERB SEEDS

No garden is complete without a few Herbs for culinary or medicinal purposes. These should be harvested on a dry day, just before they come into full bloom, then dried quickly and packed closely, excluding the air.
By Mail, Postpaid.

Perfection .- Smooth, tough skin of brilliant scarlet; solid, rich flavor.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz 14 Lb. Lb. Postpaid .05 .30



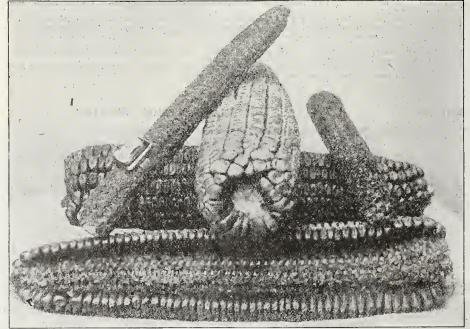
# EXTRA SELECTED FARM SEEDS

Fully realizing the great importance of supplying the farmer with the highest quality of Farm Seeds, we have given this branch of our business special study, exercising the greatest care in growing and securing seed of the highest standard in purity and quality—fully matured, plump, sound, fresh and clean. The care exercised in selecting our seeds has given Holmes' Field Seeds an enviable reputation and today our house is recognized as head-quarters for the most reliable field and grass seeds.

# HOLMES' EARLY GOLDEN SURPRISE CORN

### 90-DAY FIELD CORN

THIS REMARKABLE VARIETY IS INCOMPARABLE IN SOLIDITY, UNIFORMITY, DEVELOPMENT OF THE TIP AND BUTT, EXTRA-ORDINARY YIELD AND SMALLNESS OF COB



All oblief Corn has given such nuversal satisfaction as our Early Golden Surprise. Its prepotency and power of reproduction is so great that neither wet nor dry weather noticeably influences its growth and maturity. Unapproachable as a yielder, it withstands the harshest weather and when shelled this Corn produces a superior quality on account of extreme smallness of cob and depth of grain. The cobs are so small that many may be encased in an ordinary finger ring, as seen by our illustration. The grains are of a rich golden color, very deep, and profitable on account of small percent of waste of cob. The cob is so small that 35 pounds of ears produced 31½ pounds of shelled Corn. The Corn is a vigorous grower, with short, strong stocks and an abundance of deep green foliage, which makes it an excellent fodder Corn. It matures uniformly in 90 days from planting, and all points considered it is the best field Corn in cultivation. Golden Surprise is the greatest money earner yet introduced to the American farmer. There can be nothing of greater importance to him than to increase the yield and feeding value of Corn. Early Golden Surprise will give that result. Lge. Pkt., by mail, pcstpaid, 10 cts., Ib. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 70 cts., by freight or express, not prepaid, tb. 20 cts., peck \$1.50, ½ bushel \$2.50, bushel \$4.75, 2-bushel sack \$9.00.

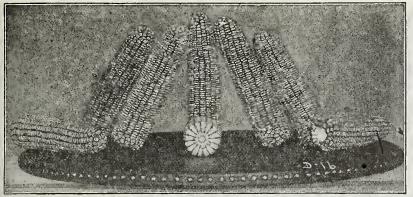
No other Corn has given such universal

Holmes' Early Golden Surprise

The past season when other varieties failed to grow, Golden Surprise gave excellent results. Our customers report that every grain grew.



BAGS HOLDING 21/2 BUSHELS, EXTRA AT 75c EACH.



Reed's Golden Dent Seed Corn

The foliage is abundant. The well-developed roots and strong, wiry stalks enable it to stand up s are loose, dropping away from the ear. Considering The stalk is rather light, short and well developed. The stalk is rather light, short and well developed. The foldage is abundant. The well-developed roots are well, even during windy seasons. When mature, the husks are loose, dropping away from the ear. Considering the size of the ear it is a surprisingly good yielder, due to the fact that a great many of the stalks bear two ears. Its rich golden color and fine quality of grain make it superior for grinding into meal. It is perfect in every respect. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., by mail, postpaid; by freight or express, lb. 20 cts., peck \$1.25, bushel spect. \$4.50.

# IMPROVED MASTODON

#### OUR FAMOUS ENSILAGE CORN

Is a yellow Corn with white cap and red cob. The ears attain exceptional size, being from  $0\frac{1}{2}$  to 12 inches long and from  $7\frac{1}{2}$  to  $8\frac{1}{2}$  inches in circumference. Some of the ears retain a slight taper from but to tip, but the large majority are very cylindrical. The ears weigh 11 to 18 ounces, having from 16 to 22 rows. The crown is slightly roughened, with rounding corners, the rounding corners giving a smoother appearance to the Corn than it really has. The kernels set very close together and have a fine large development of the germ. This Corn carries a large percent of oil and protein. We have obtained some striking results as to yield with the Improved Mastodon. Under ordinary conditions this Corn yields over 100 bushels an acre. The stalk is large and stiff, producing a great amount of luxuriant foliage, which, when cured, affords a very superior article of fodder. It stands about ro feet high, the ear appearing 4 feet from the ground. It has come into such favor as an ensilage Corn that there is a great demand for it by dairymen throughout the country. It matures in 120 days and is recommended for any soil. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., by mail, postpaid. By freight or express, lb. 20 cts., peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50.

A Half Bushel of Improved Mastodon

# IMPROVED GOLDEN BEAUTY

#### HAS THE LARGEST GRAIN AND SMALLEST COB OF ANY CORN IN CULTIVATION

The productiveness of the Golden Beauty Corn is due to the economical shape of the ears and the fact that a large proportion of the stalks produce fine ears. It is the largest grained and handsomest golden yellow Corn we have ever seen. The ears are of perfect shape, with no to 14 straight rows. Cobs are unusually small; when broken in half the grains will reach across them. The richness of color and fine quality of grain make it superior for grinding into meal. We can guarantee this Corn to give good satisfaction wherever grown. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid; by freight or express, peck \$1.25, the bar set of the se bushel \$4.50.

# WHITE CAP DENT CORN

This combines the earliness and hardiness of the Pride of the North, with ears of very large size. The stalks are stout, growing 6 to 7 feet in height, with abundant foliage. Ears of handsome appearance, 8 to 10 inches in length, well filled, having 16 to 18 rows of deep grains. The cob is small, grains being very deep and quite wide. The outer end of the grain is white, deeply dented, while the inner portion is a clear amber-yellow. The grains are flattened and set squarely on the cob and completely fill the entire surface of the ear. 60 test, postpaid. By freight or express, peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50.

# GOLD STANDARD LEAMING CORN

We have increased the size of ears and percentage of grain by breeding from tapering to cylindrical shape. We have also increased depth and roughness of kernel and feeding value by increase of protein and fat. The ears range from 9 to 11 inches long, 7½ to 8 inches in circumference, weighing 12 to 17 ounces. The stalks range from 9 to 12 feet in height, are well developed below the ear and slender above. They are very valuable for ensilage and thrive well on all soils where many other varieties fail. It is an immense yielder, producing, under favorable conditions, 100 bushels or more to the acre. Prices same as White Cap Dent.





Group of Kernels showing Desirable and Undesirable Shapes. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 are fair to best shapes, while 1, 2, 7 and 8 are to be avoided

# REED'S GOLDEN DENT

A deep, pure yellow Corn, with uniform ears 8 to 10 inches long, 7 to 8 inches in circumference, cylindrical, with well-filled butts and exceedingly well-developed tips. The kernels are rough, deep, § to ½ inch long, § inch wide, broad-wedge and uniform. One of the chief characteristics of Golden Eagle is its large per-centage of grain, in which respect it exceeds any other variety. The average is about 90, often above. The very small, light cob, deep kernel and perfect cylindrical shape make this high average possible. Each ear con-tains 16 to 18 rows of kernels and each row 50 to 60 kernels. Forty bushels of Ear Corn will shell 44 bushels of grain. This is an early variety, maturing in about 90 days.

bushels of grain. This is an early variety, maturing in about oo days. It grows well on almost any soil. It is used extensively as a replant corn and is especially desirable for fields which for some reason have to be planted late. It stands high with feeders because of the small cob. It is easily broken and readily masticated by cattle. As it matures thoroughly, it is sweet and palatable, making the very best grain fed.





HOLMES' LIBERTY BOND-field of corn growing for seed

# CORN IS KING

# Holmes' LIBERTY BOND Field Corn DECIDEDLY THE LARGEST AND BEST FIELD CORN IN CULTIVATION. ABSOLUTELY DROUTH PROOF

Holmes' Liberty Bond originated in Lehigh county and has been grown there by a prosperous farmer for a number of years. Last year we were very fortunate in securing some stock seed of this variety, and succeeded in raising a magnificent crop by the originator. It is the most productive, bears the largest ears of any field Corn that we know of. The stalks grow uniformly, from twelve to fifteen feet high, with ears set rather low for such tall fodder, making it very easy for husking. It matures in about 100 days and the large, handsome ears vary from sixteen to twenty rows each, measuring ten to thirteen inches in length, the majority of them having eightcen rows of dcep, broad grains of a rich golden ycllow color. It has a red cob, thus denoting its healthy character. The cobs are rather small for such mammoth ears, being only 1¼ inches thick. The six points of merit of this magnificent, new field Corn are:

First .- It being an extremely heavy cropper.

Second.-Maturing in 100 days.

Third.-Its evenness in maturing, the ears all being about the same length, and a large proportion having two fully developed ears to each stalk.

Fourth.—It can be used for a silo corn, as the fodder grows very strong. which gives it a double advantage over ordinary field Corn.

Fifth.-It is one of the best yielders that we know of, producing from 125 to 150 bushels to the acre on fair soil.

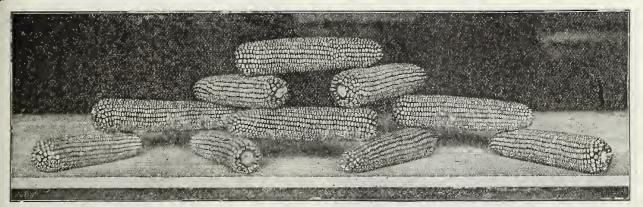
Sixth.-For Seed Corn, it will sell on sight and farmers will make more money from this Corn than any we know of.

money from this Corn than any we know of.
The illustrations on this page are exact reproductions from photographs of our field growing for seed, and als an average ear.
This Corn may be ground almost as soon as husked, as it dries rapidly.
This year we offer Holmes' Liberty Bond at the following prices: Per pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., by mail, postpaid. Per pk. \$1.35, ½ bu. \$2.50, bu.
\$4.75, 2 bus. sack \$9.00, 10 bushel and over at \$4.25 per bushel, sacks extra,

holding 2 bu. 75c each.

From photograph Above ear 3/4 natural size

OUR CROP IS LIMITED AND WE WOULD ADVISE ORDERING EARLY.



Holmes' Emperor Dent

# HOLMES' EMPEROR DENT

DECIDEDLY THE LARGEST AND BEST FIELD CORN IN CULTIVATION. ABSOLUTELY DROUGHTPROOF PENNSYLVANIA GROWN

Holmes' Emperor Dent, grown in Dauphin County, is the most productive of any field Corn that we know of. The stalks grow uniformly, from 10 to 12 feet high, with ears set rather low for such tall fodder, making it very easy for husking. It matures in about 90 days, and the large, handsome ears vary from 16 to 20 rows each, measuring 10 to 12 inches in length, the majority of them having 18 rows of deep, broad grains of a rich golden yellow color. It has red cob, thus denoting its healthy character. The six points of merit of this magnificent new field Corn are: (1) It being an extremely heavy croppent. (2) Maturing in 90 days. (3) Its evenness in maturing, the ears all being about the same length, and a large proportion having two fully developed ears to each stalk. (4) It can be used for a silo corn, as the fodder grows very strong, which gives it a double advantage over ordinary field Corn. (5) It is one of the set yelders that we know of, producing from 125 to 150 bushels to the acre on fair soil. (6) For seed Corn, it will sell on sight, and farmers will make more money from this Corn than any we know of. The illustration on this page is an exact reproduction from photograph of average ears. This Corn may be ground almost as soon as husked, as it dries very rapidly. This year we offer Holmes' Emperor Dent at the following prices: Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., by mail, postpaid; peck \$1.25, ½ bushel \$2,50, bushel, \$4,50, 2-bushel sack, \$8.50, 10 bushels and over at \$3,85 per bushel, sacks included.

Cuban Giant Mammoth Ensilage. Has produced 70 tons of fodder to the acre and is one of the very best and most popular for Ensilage. The fodder is sweet, tender, juicy; grows 13 to 14 feet in height. Peck \$1.25, busnel, \$4.75.

A new variety of extreme merit. We highly recommend it as the heaviest cropping variety, producing from 50 to 75 tons per acre. The fodder is tender, sweet and juicy and grows 12 to 14 feet high. Unexcelled for Red Cob Ensilage.

the silo. Peck, \$1.25, bushel, \$4.75. Sugar Corn for Green Fodder. Best for early fall green feed. Very profitable for cattle. A favorite with dairy farmers, also excellent for soiling. Peck \$1.50, bushel, \$5.25.

### New Keystone Mammoth Pride Corn

Absolutely droughtproof. The most productive; bears largest ears and is absolutely droughtproof. The stalks grow uniformly about 10 to 12 feet high, with ears set rather low for such tall fodder, making it very easy for husking. It matures in about 115 days, and the large, handsome ears vary from 10 to 18 rows each, the most of them having 16 rows of deep grains, which are of a rich golden yellow color. It has a red cob, thus denoting its healthy character; cobs are remarkably small for such mammoth ears, being only 1½ inches thick. This grand new Corn can only be obtained from us. By express or freight, at purchaser's expense, peck \$1.25, ½ bushel \$2.50, bushel \$4.50.

# IOWA GOLD MINE

Ears of good size and symmetrical; a bright golden yellow; grain very deep; cob small, drying out quickly when ripe. From 70 pounds of ears, 60 to 62 pounds of shelled corn may be obtained. Early, and of the highest market value. Peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.00, bag of two bushels \$5.75.

PRIDE OF THE NORTH. Used in northern latitudes. Stalks short-jointed and leafy. Kernels are very deep, closely set on the ear. Qt. 25 cts., peck \$1.25, busnel \$4.50.

### VIRGINIA EUREKA ENSILAGE CORN

Has a record of 70 tons and 800 pounds of Corn grown on one acre. Enough to feed seven head of cattle for one year and enough left over for 261 days, feeding at the rate of 50 pounds per day.

This Corn was originated in Virginia about 25 years ago and has been grown on the same southern prolific Corn which often has five to eight ears on a stalk. This selection was made with the view of getting a larger ear and more foliage. It has been grown entirely away from ther kinds and it is a distinct variety and a great improvement over any other Southern White Dent Corn.

Dent Corn. Corn has been offered by others under the name of Eureka, but it is simply the common Southern White that they are offering and at the time of cutting there will be as much differ-ence as there is between Crosby and Stowell's Evergreen. Eureka is a Smooth White Dent Corn with short kernels, while many of the southern white varieties have the horse tooth kernels. Be sure and get the genuine.

### WHEN IS THE PROPER TIME TO CUT ENSILAGE?

As Corn is simply overgrown grass and everyone knows that grass should be cut when it

As Corn is simply overgrown grass and everyone knows that grass should be cut when it is in the blossom, then Corn should be cut when it is in that same condition. Don't look for the ear; simply watch the tassel. It is better to cut Corn too early than too late. Mature ears should never be put in the silo. The grain bin is a much better place. The silo was not invented as a substitute. Eureka Corn has a record of 70 tons and 800 pounds of green corn from one acre. This record was made by weighing one square rod taken from an acre which was first divided into four equal parts, and the weighing was done by three reliable disinterested parties. We have several estimates of even more than this and we believe that this record can be broken. Price,  $\frac{1}{2}$  peck 75 cts., peck \$1.50,  $\frac{1}{2}$  bushel \$2.75, bushel \$5.25, 2-bushel bag \$10.00, 10 bushels and over \$4.85 per bushel. NOTE—Courstok is the grauine heing grown by one of the best grouper in Vircinia.

NOTE-Our stock is the genuine, being grown by one of the best growers in Virginia.



45



### The New Alberta Oats

In almost every line of agriculture today improvements have been made-better stock, better corn, better cotton, better stock, better fruits and vegetables one of the most important crops and easiest to grow, has been left out until the last two or three years.

Of all the crops that grow on the great American continent nothing is so easily grown and as reasonably sure as a good crop of oats, if the right kind of methods are pursued. You can't raise good oats from poor, inbred seed any more than you can raise good cattle or pigs or good corn, unless you select the best. It is an absolute impossibility.

For many years we have made the growing of Seed Oats a specialty, importing our seed stock for our own use, from which we grew much of our seed, but in the progress of time we find many progressive farmers who want the best the world can produce, and as good as any seedsman or seedhouse in America uses for growing their own stock.

### THE NEW ALBERTA

The cut bordering this page is a fine illustration of the head of the New Alberta Oats, except these were photo-graphed below the average size and only shows the head  $\frac{1}{3}$  natural size.

These new Oats were introduced into the Alberta country only four years ago by emigrants who took their seed from Iowa, and were known at that time as the **Regenerated Swedish Select** Oats, but owing to the great success and results made and given they soon thereafter took the name of New Alberta, often yielding 125 to 140 bushels per acre and weigh-ing out from 45 to as high as 52 pounds per measured bushel. Since their first introduction into Alberta they have been continually grown on new, clean virgin land, free from weeds, located in the greatest Oats producing country in the world, which produces these vigorous hardy Oats—Seed Oats that is full of life and vigor that will easily make you a yield of three times as much as common ordinary varieties.



The New Alberta is of strong, stiff straw; stands up well on rich ground, as near rustproof as any Oats in existence; ripens medium early, two or three weeks ahead of late varieties, and is the all-round best variety and quality of Oats to be found anywhere.

Price, at purchaser's expense, by express or freight, peck 75 cts.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  bushel \$1.40, 1 bushel \$2.75, 2 to 4 bushels \$2.60, 10 bushels and over \$2.50.

NOTE-Our Oats are direct from the Alberta country. You can rely on securing the genuine seed if purchased from us.

# Long's Improved White Tartar

Direct from the new importation. Outyields nearly all others and is the very best for all-round purposes. Earliest variety grown, with long straw, usually averaging 4 to 5 feet, and rustproof. Succeeds well on all soils. Golden-yellow color. Grains white with golden cast. Withstands stormy weather without lodging or falling off of grains. A measured bushel weighs 42 pounds. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, peck 75 cts., bushel of 32 lbs. \$2.50, 2 bushels \$2.40, 10 bushels \$2.30 per bushel, 20 bushels and over \$2.25 per bushel. Bags holding  $2\frac{1}{2}$  bushels 75 cts. each, extra.

# Long's Storm King

Mr. Isaac Long, a successful, scientific and widely known 'farmer, imported this remarkable Oats from Tartary. We have named it Long's Storm King Oats Long's Storm King Oats By express or freight, peck 75 cts., bushel of 32 lbs. \$2.75, 2-bushel sack \$5.00, 16 to 20 bushels \$2.40 per bushel, 21 to 50 bushels \$2.25 per Remember, we have the originator's code and for the straw and heaviness of head. Lb. 35 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid.

Remember, we have the originator's stock and offer this from the original importation. Send for sample.

MRS. J. M. IRVINE, Loysville, Pa., writes: "We have been selecting seed from your seed book for several years and always were well pleased with the seed bought of you and found them the cheapest in the end, because they always grow and prove to be just as you represent them."

BENJ. G. WENGER, Murrell, Pa., writes: "Enclosed find our order for seeds. We have ordered seeds from you for several years and have always found them very satisfactory.

# Holmes' Superior Recleaned Clover Seeds



Alfalfa, or Lucerne

Note. The prices of some varieties of Clover, Grass and Field Seeds may change as the season advances. Prices now given are those prevailing when this catalog was published. It will be to advantage of intending purchasers to write for samples and special prices before ordering in large quantities.

Alfalfa (Medicago sativa), also known as Lucerne and Chili Clover. One of the most valuable forage or pasture grasses, being very nutritious, both as a green feed and as hay. It requires moist land or frequent irrigation and often bears from five to six crops of hay a year. It does well in almost any climate and improves any soil that is sown with it. A good stand of it will choke out and practically kill wild morning-glory. Prepare the land by deep plowing and thorough harrowing, and sow 17 to 25 pounds per acre broadcast and harrow it. Alfalfa seed is graded by the amount of dead matter and the percentage of weed seeds it contains. The very worst weed is dodder, which infests seed grown on low lands. Dodder is a yellow parasitic plant with abundant stems but no leaves; the roots live on the alfalfa plant and quickly kill it. A little thought will show that Alfalfa which contains no dodder is worth several cents a pound more than Alfalfa which contains this weed. Our Alfalfa is grown out of the state on high land, and is dodder-free. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.

RED MEDIUM CLOVER. This is the common Red Clover so largely grown throughout the country. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.

MAMMOTH, or PEA-VINE CLOVER. This grows much taller, with larger, leafier stalk, and large, slightly-pointed leaflets. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. The best variety for lawns; valuable in permanent pastures. Lb. 45 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.

Alsike, or HYBRID CLOVER. The hardiest of all, sometimes called Giant White Clover. It is a perennial, therefore adapted for permanent pastures or for hay crop. Never heaves or throws in the winter; thrives equally well on wet or dry soil, through extreme droughts or excessive rains; grows on clover-sick land and yields a heavy bulk of herbage where no other Clover succeeds. Its superior pasturage is much liked by cattle. Blossom-heads round; fiesh-colored; sweet and fragrant; much liked by bees. Sow 16 to 20 pounds per acre in spring or fall. Lb. 35 cts., postpaid. For larger quantities write for prices.

**Crimson**, or **SCARLET CLOVER**. An annual variety providing large crops of green forage, or, if cut while in bloom, will make excellent hay. As a green manuring crop for grain, fruit or trucking crops, it gives the very best results, while for improving poor land it has few equals. It succeeds on every kind of soil, standing southern suns and northern winters, and is now grown largely in Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and has succeeded in every state where tried. Sow 15 pounds to the acre from July to September. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. For larger quantities write for prices.

# Holmes' Superior Recleaned Grass Seed

All prices on Grasses subject to change. Write for special quotations

By Freight or Express Bu. Lb. roolbs.

Prices on Application

AWNLESS BROME GRASS (Bromus inermis). Will stand long droughts and produce heavy crops in dry sections. Es- Bu. pecially desired for permanent pasturage. (14 lbs. per bu.).... CANADA BLUE GRASS (Poa compressa). Useful for sowing on hard clay and poor soils. (14 lbs. per bu.)..... CREEPING BENT GRASS (Agrostis stolonifera). Excellent for lawns; thrives on moist lands. (Bu. 20 lbs.)..... CRESTED DOG'S TAIL (Cynosurus cristatus). An excellent grass for hard, dry soils; valuable for pastures and lawns. (21 lbs. per bu.) . . ENGLISH RYE GRASS (Lolium perenne). Nutritious, vigorous; for meadow and pasture. (Bu. 24 lbs.)..... HARD FESCUE (Festuca duriuscula). One of the most desirable dwarf grasses, excellent for dry soils and shady places. (12 lbs. per bu.). ITALIAN RYE GRASS (Lolium Italicum). A valuable European variety, adapted to any climate and produces large and nutritive crops. (18 lbs. per bu.)..... KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (Poa pratensis). Well known and extensively grown in all parts of the country; used for lawns. (14 lbs. per bu.). MEADOW FESCUE (Festuca pratensis). Fine permanent pasture; heavy and nutritious. (Bu. 22 lbs.)..... MEADOW FOXTAIL (Alopecurus pratensis). One of the earliest and best pasture grasses; grows rapidly when cut or eaten down by stock. (7 lbs. per bu.). ORCHARD GRASS (Dactylis glomerata). A valuable pasture grass, adapted for growing in shady, moist places under trees, etc. (14 lbs. per bu.). PERENNIAL RYE (Lolium perenne). Nutritious; for meadow or permanent pasture. (Bu. 20 lbs.)..... RED, or CREEPING FESCUE (Festuca rubra). Valuable for lawns. (14 lbs. per bu.)..... RED TOP GRASS (Agrostis vulgaris). Valuable for either pastures or lawns. (14 lbs. per bu.).....



Timothy

MRS. D. S. KREPS, Canalon, Mo., writes: "I have planted your seeds for about 12 years and have had good results all the time. I am well pleased with your promptness in filling orders.

# **SPECIAL NOTICE:** Owing to the many changes in the markets, customers are requested to write us for prices ruling at the present time.

# MANURIAL CROPS

PRICES OF SEEDS ON THIS PAGE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Modern agricultural practice proves that it is far more economical and desirable to grow the nitrogen fertilizers for soil than to attempt to produce this in the form of manure, especially on large farms or where much live stock is not kept. The chief thing the soil needs is organic matter, and if the farmer can not afford to give enough of this in the form of manure, he can afford to grow and turn down certain good cover-crops for fertilizing. The clovers of various kinds, such as the Mammoth Clover, Red Clover, Alfafa, Alsike and the Sweet Clovers are beneficial as soil renewers, and in addition to these there are Cowpeas, Soy Beans and, in fact, Peas and Beans of all kinds, Sand and Spring Vetches, Sainfoin, Kidney Vetch, Vellow Lupine and other Legumes which have the power of catching nitrogen from the atmosphere and transforming it into available form for plant-growth. Where soil is even too thin or poor in quality to grow Red Clover, Sand Vetch or Alsike can be started, and after growing these crops the Red Clover can then be grown with success. If these cover-crops are grown and turned under, the farmer then can add lime, phosphoric acid in the form of acid phosphate, and potash in the form of Kainit or wood ashes, and will find the soil then to contain fairly well-balanced rations for plant-food and be rich and productive in a few seasons,

### COWPEAS

Can be grown in all parts of the country where Dent Corn succeeds. It is one of the best for temporary pasture country where the control of the valuable for producing milk, growing young stock and fattening all kinds of domestic fowls and animals. Effective fertilizing plant, and can be used as a green manure crop at any time during the summer and in almost every crop rotation. Can be grown on greater variety of soils than any other legume. LARGE BLACK EYE. Extremely early variety, matures peas in six to eight weeks.

BLACK. Quicker to mature than other varieties and better adapted for late planting or for growing north of Virginia.

CLAY. Tall, erect, large dark green leaves; stems of vigorous growth; pod large and yellow; seeds kidney-shaped, medium size, cream-colored; medium to late in ripening.

NEW ERA. A very regular variety; erect and not inclined to run; matures in 60 or 75 days.

WHIPPOORWILL. Usually an erect grower and rarely climbs; pods gray, long and full; seeds large, nearly spherical, mottled red and white; matures early. One of the best for late planting and growing. Prices of above, pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Barley, BEARDLESS. This variety is free from beard. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts.

Rye, WHITE WINTER. It is much hardier than wheat and can be grain, but for straw and soiling purposes. Plowed under when about 6 inches high, it is in condition to add great fertility to the soil. Rye can be cultivated longer on the same land than any other crop. Can be sown at the last working of corn. Sow at the rate of  $\frac{1}{2}$  bushel to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid.

20 cts., 3 los. 50 cts., postpand. SPRING. True stock. Spring Rye is an excellent catch-crop where winter grain has been killed out, or where a fall crop has not been planted. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid. Buckwheat, Buckwheat. The yield is far greater and it makes a superior flour. It is used as a poultry-food. Sow I bushel (48 lbs.) to the acre broadcast. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

SILVER HULL. The grains are of a silvery gray color, making a white flour. Prices same as Japanese.

Broom Corn, IMPROVED EVERGREEN. Best variety for general cultivation, on account of color and quality of brush; ripens very early; grows about 8 to 10 feet high; brush of good length, fine and straight, and always of green appearance when ripe. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid.

Spring Emmer. (Incorrectly called Speltz.) A grain especially can be sown very early in the spring like oats. Emmer grows best in the dry prairie regions with hot summers, and even does well in poor or stony ground. It is a better drought and rustresister than either oats or barley, and it also yields considerably better. The feeding value is high. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Milo Maize. A variety of sorghum, nonsaccharine, growing amount of green feed or cured fodder it produces and for its grain. It stands dry weather and makes its crops when corn would wholly fail. Plant in 3-foot rows and cultivate as corn; 3 to 5 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid.

**Sorghum, or Sugar Cane.** Sorghum is a sweet fodder of most luxuriant growth. There is no better feed for horses—very nourishing, fattering and keeps the bowels open, and can be safely fed at any stage of growth. Fedito cows, proves a great milk producer and is a wonderful feed to fatten hogs. Will produce as high as 20 tons per acre, and two or three cuttings in a single season in a single season.

EARLY AMBER. Grows from 11 to 12 feet in height and can be planted by the first of May. The seed ripens almost invariably, affording an excellent food for stock and poultry. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 55 cts., postpaid. EARLY GEM. This is a strong grower and will outyield any other Sorghum; is highly recommended as a feed for horses and cows. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid.

**Kaffir Corn.** One of the best forage-plants. If the crop is wanted mainly for fodder, it is recommended to cut down the whole stalk when the first seed heads come into bloom. The second growth springing at once from the roots, will still mature a full crop of grain and a second full crop of forage by October 15. For grain sow in rows 3 feet apart, 5 lbs, to the acre. For fodder, sow 3 pecks broadcast. Pkt. 10 cts., 1b. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Sunflower, By freight or express, Field Peas, that is now purchased annually by the farmers at the cost of millions of dollars."—Year Book of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Peas are second only to clover in their soil-enriching properties and can be grown under almost any condition. The vines make rich, nutritious hay, or can be grown to turn under. Peck \$1.50, bushel (60 lbs.) \$4.75, 2 bushels 1400 Berlin State and the source of the second best of the second

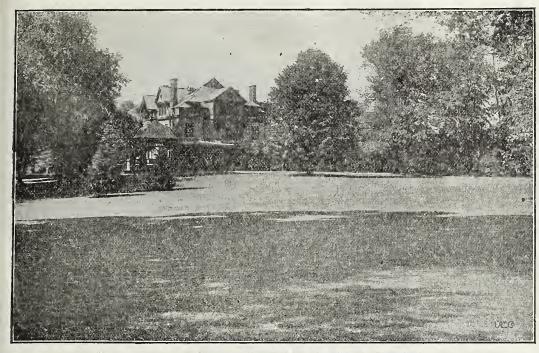
be grown to turn under. Peck \$1.50, bushel (60 lbs.) \$4.75, 2 pusness \$9.00. LARGE MARROWFAT. Growth immense. The best of the Field Beans for hay. Peck \$2.50, bushel (60 lbs.) \$9.00. New Velvet Bean. A very heavy yielding legume be-longing to the Soja and Cowpea class. The most rampant growing of all these sorts. Popular in the South—and of value in the North for a cover crop. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 30 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices. Giant Spurry. An annual plant extensively cultivated in sheep; grows well on poor, dry, sandy soil; an excellent fertilizer for light soil and valuable for forage. Sow 12 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices. Teosinte. A valuable continuous-cuting forage plant for the nutritious food, green or dry, for horses and cattle. Sow in May or June in drills 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> to 4 feet, 2 to 3 lbs. to the acre. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lb 75 cts., b. \$2.50, postpaid. Soja Beans. The Soja Bean is often used to take the place of and for fertilizing purposes. It is a sure cropper. Ordinary yield of beans 25 to 40 bushels per acre. One of the richest of natural food stocks. Sow about 1 bushel to the acre. either broadcast or drilled. MAMMOTH YELLOW. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts. Write for prices in larger lots. Duroer Ference Darge The Source This plant is extensively grown

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prices.



This Lawn was sown with Holmes' Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed

Preparing and Manuring the Ground. In making a new lawn, all grading, tree planting and laying out of walks and drives should be done first.

Preparing and Manuring the Ground. In making a new lawn, all grading, tree planting and laying out of walks and drives should be done first. The ground should be thoroughly dug or plowed to a depth of 10 or 12 inches, after which some good fertilizer—pure ground bone or pulverized sheep manure is especially recommended—should be applied at the rate of 60 to 800 pounds per acre. The ground should be fine and perfectly smooth and even. Sowing the Seed, Rolling and Weeding. The best time for sowing grass seed is in spring, from February to May, or if in fall, from September to November, using on small plots at the rate of one quart of seed to each 15 square feet, and for large lawns, golf-links, tennis, cricket and croquet-ground, use at the rate of 80 pounds of seed per acre. After the seed has been sown broadcast the ground should be thoroughly rolled; or, on small places, beaten with the back of a spade to "firm" the surface and press the seed into the soil. Annual weeds, natural to the soil, will appear before the young grass becomes established; none of these should be allowed to ripen their seeds. Renovating Old Lawns. This should be done either in the spring or early fall, by raking the soil where bare spots occur, and sowing seed, taking care that it is not covered too deep, and also to roll or pat the surface smooth with a shovel. Cutting, Weeding and Watering. When the grass has attained a height of 4 inches it should be mown, care being exercised not to cut it too close. Frequent rolling and mowing will make the turf close and compact, strengthen the grass and render the lawn smooth and attractive. Lawns require frequent watering and feeding to keep up their vigor. We recommend Holmes' Lawn Dressing as the best fertilizer for nourishing lawns. The DrDressing in Fall. A coating of wood-ashes and ground boon in the late fall is very beneficial and gives the lawn a good start in the spring. It is also advisable to roll the lawn after the last cutting in the fall; it prevents much of the young growth from f

# Holmes' Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed

BOTH FOR FORMING NEW LAWNS AND RENEWING OLD LAWNS. THE KIND THAT GIVES LASTING RESULTS. FOUR WEEKS FROM SOWING YOU CAN USE YOUR MOWER

A good lawn once made will last for years if the right material is used and the work properly done. Our Capitol Park Lawn Seed has been thoroughly tested in all parts of the country and gives perfect satisfaction. Its use will insure a beautiful, green, smooth, velvety sward, which is often ready for cutting in from four to six weeks. Composed of fancy, recleaned domestic and foreign grasses, best adapted for a perfect and enduring lawn. No more solding once Capitol Park Lawn Seed is used; for, if directions are followed, you are sure of good results. Lawn seed can be sown at almost any time, from early spring to late in the fall. Qt. 25 cts., 2 qts. 45 cts. (add 5 cts. per quart extra if sent by mail). Seed in bulk, by freight or express, peck \$1.25, bushel of 20 lbs. \$4.50.

HARY W. MILLER, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "It affords me a great deal of pleasure to express the satisfaction I have experienced in the sowing, on new and heavily weeded ground, of your Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed Mixture. The grass was above the surface of the ground four days after it had been sowed, and today there is a thick, velvety verdure which is the admiration of the neighborhood. I have never seen its equal anywhere. This goes to prove that seed, if properly sown according to your booklet, The American Lawn Beautiful, which you advised me to read, will give results; and the beauty of it all is no weeds have made their appearance."

# HOLMES' TERRACE MIXTURES

A mixture of grasses best adapted for sloping ground and terraces. Has deep, spreading roots that hold enbankments and cover terraces with a beautiful green turf. By freight or express, qt. 30 cts., peck \$1.50, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.

# Holmes' Shady Nook Lawn Mixture

The beauty of many lawns today is marred by the unsightly bare spots under trees and shrubbery and elose to walks, due to all-day shade. Unfortunately the regular Lawn Grass Seed will not thrive well in shady places, but we have, by long experience in the study of grasses and their growing natures, succeeded in making a special mixture that will produce a velvety green sod in the very shadiest nooks and corners. The special grasses that are used in this mixture are mostly imported and high-priced, and we can recommend this variety to our most critical trade. The grasses are all fancy recleaned and we make the prices as low as possible con-sistent with the quality offered. Ground that is densely shaded is usually covered with moss and clumps of coarse grasses, which should be removed and the ground covered with slaked lime before sowing our special mixture. Qt. 35 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. \$1, peck \$1.60, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.50. \$5.50.

V. GRANT FORRER, Supt. Harrisburg Park Commission, writes: "I desire to say that the grass seed which you furnished of your Shady Nook Mixture for the shady places on Front Street under the trees speaks for itself. The results obtained were more than satisfactory, and I can unhesitatingly recommend your seed, not only the Shady Nook, but also the grass seed you furnished for golf-course and lawns, as being thoroughly reliable."

The above photograph taken on Front Street speaks for itself. The seed was sown early in spring, and on the date the photograph was taken, May 28, there was a beautiful sod.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

# Choice Lawn Grass Seed Mixtures

A Few Words Here. The seedsman is always The seedsman is always censured if weeds come up in the lawn. We invariably purchase the finest grasses we can obtain, either here or abroad. Weed seeds are carried by the thousands by birds and by the carried by the thousands by birds and by the manure you put on the soil. Even if you plant nothing, weeds will come. We know of soil which was excavated at a depth of 70 feet and inside one month was covered with a magnifi-cent growth of numer-ous weeds.

### MAKING AND CARING FOR THE LAWN

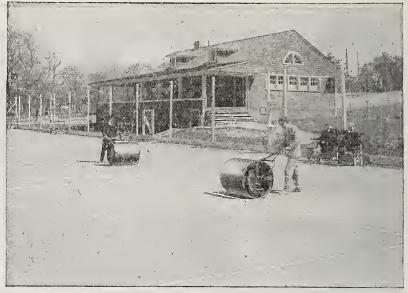
Holmes' Shady Nook Mixture

### Holmes' Golf-Links Mixture FOR FAIR-GREENS AND PUTTING GREENS

FOR FAIR-GREENS AND PUTTING GREENS For some years past we have made up a special mix-ture of Grasses adapted specially for golf courses. This mixture is composed of Grasses that produce in a very short time a permanent, low-growing, tough green sward of beautiful appearance. By the use of our famous mixtures for fair greens and putting greens, a permanent turf can be produced in a very short time. Holmes Fair Greens Mixture. Ot. 20 cts., 2 qts. 35 cts., 4 qts. 50 cts., peck 85 cts., bushel of 15 lbs. \$45. Holmes' Putting Green Mixture. Ot. 30 cts., Holmes' Putting Green Mixture. Ot. 30 cts.,

Holmes' Putting Green Mixture. Qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. 90 cts., peck \$1.50, bushel of 20 lbs. \$6, 5 bushels \$28.75, 10 bushels \$55.

bushels \$28.75, 10 bushels \$55. The Fair Green Mixture you supplied to the Colonial Country Club for use on the golf course has answered the purpose exactly. This seed was sown from April 27 to 30. On all parts of the grounds where soil con-ditions, etc., were good it came up beautifully and in six weeks' time has made a fine sod. On hard, shaly knolls, extreme slopes and ground subject to heavy washes, of course no sod could be expected for years, but even on those spots we have got a foundation that will hold next seeding. With light seeding fall or spring we shall have a fine sod next spring. As regards the lawn in front of clubhouse, seeded October, 1011, it shows up beautifully and certainly speaks well for Holmes' Capitol Park Mixture— STEWART MCEWAN, Professional Greenkeeper.

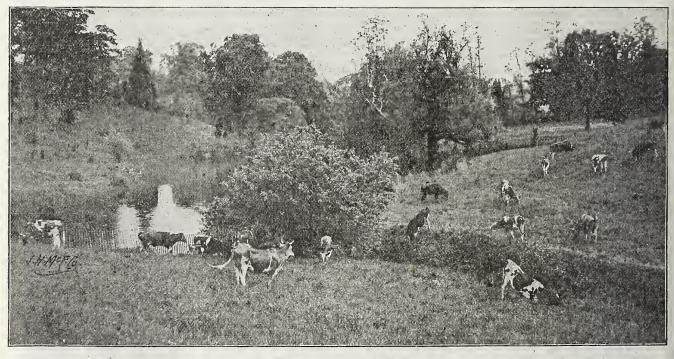


# Holmes' "Tough Sod" Grass Mixture

FOR TENNIS-COURTS, CROQUET-GROUNDS, BOWLING-GREENS, BALL-PARKS, ETC.

It quickly forms an indestructible turf, smooth, firm, elastic, standing wear and tear of outdoor games. Under congenial conditions it will be ready for mowing four weeks from sowing, and in six weeks ready for playing.

Holmes' "Tough Sod" (Grass Seed is a blend of Grasses especially suited for the making of Grass tennis courts, croquet grounds, bowling greens, etc. The turf required for outdoor sports must be closely interwoven, firm, elastic, smooth, and durable to stand to wear and tear. These requirements are met in Holmes' "Tough Sod" Mixture, which is composed of native and acclimated foreign fine-leaved, fibrous, deep-rooting Grasses that spread and interminigle, the seeds of which are blended in the proper proportions to form and maintain a tough, matted sward, constantly green, even in dry weather. These varieties of Grasses, being low-growing and fine-leaved, require to be sown liberally if a playing turf is desired quickly; not less than one quart should be used for 300 square feet, or 5 bushels per acre; half that quantity will do for renovating. Price, delivered free in the United States, qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. 75 cts., peck \$1.35, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.

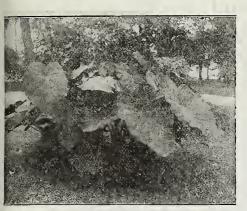


# Holmes' Special Grass Mixture

FOR PERMANENT PASTURE AND HAY

Our famous mixture is becoming more generally used each season by progressive and successful farmers who desire an abundance of hay and permanent pasturage. This mixture is made up of the Grasses best calculated to afford an abundant and nutritious food supply for stock, and its formula is based upon years of successful experience. It thrives well on all soils and is not seriously affected by the different climatic conditions. Will outyield timothy and will thrive in soils where the latter fails. Not only does it produce an abundance of hay, but will give an excellent pasturage after it has been cut. In nany cases it will produce two crops a season, whereas from timothy alone you can cut but one. If your fields are old and worm out it will pay you to plow up and seed again, when you will soon be cutting heavy crops from Holmes' Permanent Pasture Mixture. Sow 3 to 4 bushels to the acre, or half this amount in established pasture. In ordering, state whether for light or heavy soil. Should you desire a special mixture for renewing do pasture, etc., write us and we will give information. Lb. 25 cts., by mail 35 cts.; bushel of 15 lbs. \$3, 5 bushels \$13.75, 10 bushels \$26, 25 bushels \$62.50, 50 bushels \$120.

# Summer-Flowering Bulbs and Roots



Caladium Esculentum (Elephant's Ear)

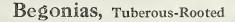
### Holmos' Soloctod Connos

поше	es selec	lea l	Jannas		
Name of Canna	Color of Flo	ower Cold	or of Foliage	He	ight
Austria	.Canary yellow		Green 4	Ļ	feet
Allemania	.Scarlet and yellow		Green 4		feet
America	.Golden orange		Bronze 4		feet
Cherokee	.Dark crimson		Green 5		feet
Mille Berat	.Rose carmine		Green 4		feet
David Harum	.Vermilion scarlet.		Bronze 3		feet
Black Prince	.Velvety maroon		Green 5	1/2	feet
Tarrytown	Light crimson		Green 4	I	feet
Mephisto					feet
Egandale					feet
Shenandoah	.Old rose salmon		Bronze 5		feet
General Merkell	.Scarlet, with orang	ge base and			
	edge			L	feet
Musafolia	.This canna is used	for foliage			
	only				
Indiana	.Golden orange		Green 5	:	feet
Kanzleiter	.Light amber vello	w	Green 5		feet
Richard Wallace	. Pleasing canary ye	llow	Green 5		feet
Wyoming					feet
Italia	. Red bordered velle	ow	Green 6		feet
Prince Wied	. Rich deep crimson		Green		feet
Louisiana	.Vivid scarlet		Green 7		feet
Pennsylvania					feet
Gladiator	. Bright yellow spott	ed crimson.	Green 6		feet
Gladioflora	.Crimson changing	to carmine			
	rose		Green 5		feet
Vind II. mahant	Owners and the set	and a set of the set	D		C

King Humbert..... Orange-scarlet-red markings. Bronze 4 feet

Nymphaea Dahlia

Price of any of the above varieties in strons \$1 per doz., by mail postpaid; \$6.00 per 100, Dwarf French, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$35 Mixed, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 1 supply plants at 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10



There is hardly a single garden in which there are not semior entirely shaded spots where the average flower will not grow. Such places are ideal for this flower; yet it will make a dazzling show in the open. Enormous wax-like flowers appear uninterruptedly from June till frost.

		SIN	GLE	,			DOI	JBL	Е	
	Each	D	oz.	10	00	Each	D	oz.	IO	0
Crimson	10	\$1	00	\$6	00	15	\$1	50	\$10	00
Orange	10	1	00	6	00	15	1	50	10	00
Pink	10	1	00	6	00	15	1	50	10	00
Scarlet	10	1	00	6	00	15	1	50	10	00
White	10	1	00	6	00	15	1	50	10	00
Yellow	10	1	00	6	00	15	1	50	10	00
Mixed	07		70	5	00	12	1	20	8	50

Add 10 cts. per dozen for mailing Single Bulbs mailed free

Pearl Tuberose

# Caladium Esculentum

(Elephant's Ear)

As centerpieces or specimens in flowerbeds, Caladiums answer well. They also make an excellent edging for a hardy bed of grass, for ricinus and other tall-growing plants. When planted in a bed alone, a border of scarlet sage removes the one-color effect and makes a beautiful contrast. Do not plant Caladiums outdoors until after May I, but to get them in early growth, they may be started indoors.

	Each	Doz.	100	
Monster Bulbs		\$3 25	\$20 00	
Mammoth Bulbs	20	2 20	15 00	
First-Size Bulbs	10	1 10	8 00	
Second-Size Bulbs	07	75	5 00	
Single Bulbs mailed free Add for no	stade	to dozen	prices as	

follows: Monster Bulbs 15 cts., Mammoth 10 cts., First-Size 5 cts., Second-Size 3 cts

### Holmes' Prize Dahlias

THE CHOICEST OF THEIR RESPECTIVE CLASSES

Add 10 cts. per clump if wanted by mail

Our Dahlia roots are, in all cases, splendid, large, original specimens, often weighing 10 to 16 ounces each, and containing 6 to 8 tubers. We do not cut the roots into small pieces to save postage, but make our prices by express or freight.

### DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

ng roots, 10 cts. each,	Each	Doz.
0, by express. Mixed Admiral Dewey. Rich purple; very free		\$1 50
o per 100; Tall Snorts Madame Van den Dael Large: white	15	1 50
100. After May I we Lack Rose Rich crimson: large	15	1 50
10 per 100. Clifford W. Bruton. Canary-yellow		1 50
Lyndhurst. Brilliant cardinal-red		1 50
Sylvia. Deep pink, pure white center		1 50
Nymphaea. White suffused with pink		1 50
Maid of Kent. Cherry-red, tipped white	15	1 50
Mrs. Roosevelt. Beautiful light pink	20	2 00
Mrs. J. Gardner Cassatt. Deep rose-pink; large.		5 00
CACTUS DAHLIAS	Each	Doz.
Countess of Lonsdale. Salmon-pink and amber	. 20	\$2 00
Volker. Yellow; free-flowering	25	2 50
Kriemhilde. Brilliant pink	20	2 00
J. H. Jackson. Crimson-maroon; large	20	2 00
Eva. Dwarf, white; profuse bloomer	20	2 00
Mrs. Edw. Mawley. Soft yellow; large	25	2 50
Floradora. Pure garnet; splendid form	15	1 50
SHOW AND FANCY DAHLIAS	Each	Doz.
Arabella. Light sulphur-yellow		\$1 50
John Walker. Elegant pure white		2 00
Red Hussar. Pure cardinal-red		1 50
Emily. White, tipped soft lilac		1 50
Admiral Schley. Rich crimson		1 50
A. D. Livoni. Clear soft pink, quilled		1 50
Dorothy Peacock. Clear soft pink		7 50
White Swan. Large; pure white		2 00
SINGLE DAHLIA. "Rebecca Mayhew." Pure white		5 00
NEW "GIANT CENTURY" DAHLIAS. Write for list and prices.	50	5 00
Holmes' Special Dahlia Catalog sent free for the asking		

Gloxinias

A gorgeous plant, either for conservatory or garden. January, but should not be set outdoors until after May 15.					
Named Colors Choicest Mixed Colors	By ma	il, postpale	Each 1 15 10	<sup>•</sup> Doz. \$1 50 1 00	100 \$10 00 6 00



# Summer-Flowering Bulbs and Roots-Continued Holmes' Superb Gladioli



**Gladlolus** Augusta

The Gladiolus is the most useful of all flowers. Apart from its striking beauty and effectiveness while blooming in the garden, its practical value as a cut-flower is becoming more highly appreciated the better it becomes known. We name below a few of the latest introductions: By Mail By Exp.

Ea liant colors liant colors EUGENE SCRIBE. Rose color, shaded carmine-red.. GEORGE PAUL. Crimson, stained yellow, spotted 

By	Mail		By	E	xp.
ich	Doz				0
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05	5	0			75
06		Ō			50
05	3	5		2	50
08	7	5			00
10	8	5		6	00
04	3	0		2	00
04	3	5		2	00
10	8	0		6	00
06	6	0		4	00
10	\$1 0	0		6	00
05	5	0		3	00
10	1 0	0		7	50
upo	n appli	ca			



**Gladlolus** America

# MISCELLANEOUS BULBS AND BULBOUS PLANTS

CINNAMON VINE. A beautiful hardy annual climber, 15 to 30 feet high. Leaves thick and glossy. The white flowers, borne in clusters, emit a delightful cinnamon-like perfume. Strong roots 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz.; extra-strong roots 8 cts. each, 80 cts. per doz., postpaid. MADEIRA, or MEXICAN VINE (Climbing Mignonette). Thick, glossy leaves, and long, hanging stems of feathery, fragrant, white flowers. Strong roots 5 cts. each, 40 cts. per doz., S3 per 100, postpaid. OXALIS, Summer-Blooming. Deppi, white. Lasiandra, pink. Either variety, 2 cts. each, 15 cts. per doz., S1 per 100. TUBEROSES. Excelsion Pearl, pure white. 5 cts. each, 35 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100. Mammoth Bulbs 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz. \$3 per 100. Add 15 cts. per doz. for mailing.

# **Ornamental** Vines

AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Boston Ivy). The best climber to cling to walls,

AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Boston Ivy). The best climber to cling to walls, trees, etc. Strong plants 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100; extra-strong plants 25 cts. each. \$2.50 per doz. \$18 per 100.
ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). A strong grower, with large leaves and pipe-like flowers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
BIGNONIA grandiflora (Trunpet Vine). Large, orange-red flowers. 50 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
CLEMATIS paniculata (Japanese Virgin's Bower). One of the finest climbers; clouds of small fragrant flowers in August. Strong plants 15 cts. each, \$15 per doz., \$10 per 100; extra-strong plants 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$10 per 100; Henryi. Creamy white; large. 50 cts. each.
Jackmani. The popular rich purple variety. 50 cts. each.
WISTARIA Sinensis (Chinese Wistaria). Blue. 50 cts. each.

# Peonies

These old-time favorites are being planted more and more than ever before. They are admired in open borders, beds along walks and drives; well suited to intermingle among either shrubs or perennials. Their great flowers are perfectly formed, and some are fragrant and as delicately colored as a rose. Peonies grow best in rich, deep soils and sunny positions. They flower at the close of May and in June.

Named Varieties 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz. Mixed Varieties 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

MOUTAN (Tree Peony). These differ from the herbaceous varieties by their growth, which is in the form of a dwarf shrub; they commence bloom-ing about three weeks earlier, and while also perfectly hardy are benefited by slight protection through the winter. We offer strong plants in shades of crimson, pink and white. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

TENUIFOLIA fl. pl. Interesting on account of their rich crimson, double flowers, and the fine, feathery foliage which makes a handsome ornamental plant. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

OFFICINALIS. This type is the old-fashioned Peony and comes into bloom from ten days to two weeks ahead of the other herbaceous sorts. All are strong growers, with large, full-double, fragrant flowers.

Alba. Blush-white. Rosea. Bright rose-pink.

Rubra. Deep crimson.

30 cts. each; 1 of each for 75 cts.

# HOLMES' HARDY ROSES

Hardy Roses are permanent guests in your garden or about your home. As often as summer comes again they are there with the fragrance and beauty and elegance of old-fashioned places. Put a bed in an empty place, or a row around the outside. The plants we offer are all two-year-old, pot-grown, 2 feet high, many of them in bud when shipped. All are absolutely free from disease and are guaranteed to be satisfactory.

Any of the following large two-year-old plants 50 cts. each, \$5 per dozen, by express, you pay charges; one-year-old plants of the same varieties 35 cts. each, \$3 per dozen, you pay express.

SOUV. DE PIERRE NOTTING. Superb new Tea Rose. A cross of Marechal Niel on Maman Cochet. Color, apricot-yellow tinged with golden. Rim of petals shaded beautiful carmine-rose. Great quantity of blocm bloom

bloom. KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. Hybrid Tea. Large, strongly fragrant flowers of snowy whiteness, produced in great profusion; a strong, healthy grower with large foliage. KILLARNEY. A splendid new Hybrid Tea Rose; strong, robust grower; free, continuous bloomer; color is brilliant, sparkling pink; flowers are extra large and the buds long and pointed. CLOTHILDE SOUPERT. Tea Polyantha. One of the freest flowering Roses in our collection, producing perfectly double flowers of a French-white, deepening to rosy blush in the center. DUCHESSE DE BRABANT. Tea. One of the most deliciously scented and beautiful in cultivation; silvery pink; free growth. ETOILE DE LYON. Tea. A splendid rich yellow, beautiful in the bud as well as in the flower.

BIOIDE DE DIOIR, Tea. A spicial faith years, to a a sur a sin the flower. MAD. FRANCISCA KRUGER. Tea. A fine bedding Rose; color, copper-yellow, shaded with peach; large and full. HERMOSA. Bourbon-China. The old favorite bright rich pink, which

HERMOSA. Bourbon-China. The old favorite bright rich pink, which is always in bloom. MAMAN COCHET. Everblooming Tea. An extra-strong grower, producing large buds and flowers in the greatest profusion; color, deep rose-pink, inner side of petals silvery rose; borne on long, stiff stems; very double and exquisite when in bud. WHITE MAMAN COCHET. Everblooming Tea. Identical with Maman Cochet, except in color, which is pure white. FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. Hybrid Perpetual. This is an ideal hardy white Rose, pure in color, perfect in form, strong grower and remarkably free-flowering; superb in every way.

free-flowering; superb in every way.

HELEN GOULD, or BALDUIN. Tea. An excellent bedding variety, with large full flowers of fine form; bright, glowing carmine; a free and continuous bloomer. GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Hybrid Perpetual. Brilliant scarletcrimson.

crimson. LA FRANCE. Hybrid Tea. An old favorite and probably the most popular Rose the world over. Flowers clear, satiny pink; large; very full

and of perfect form. GLOIRE LYONNAISE. Hybrid Perpetual. White, tinted with yellow;

GLOIRE LYONNAISE. Hybrid Perpetual. White, tinted with yellow; large, full and of good shape; very distinct. MAGNA CHARTA. Hybrid Perpetual. Bright pink, suffused with car-mine; a beautiful Rose; strong, vigorous grower. MRS. JOHN LAING. Hybrid Perpetual. Soft pink of beautiful form; exceedingly fragrant and remarkably free flowering. PAUL NEYRON. Hybrid Perpetual. The largest Rose; smoky rose color. An old favorite.

# **Climbing Roses**

CRIMSON RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each. PINK RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each. WHITE RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each. YELLOW RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each.

Our Guarantee. The shipping of Roses and other plants by mail is so unsatisfactory to the buyer that we have decided to offer only large, strong one and two-year-old plants by express, which we will guarantee to please you. Roses and Hardy Climbers will not be ready to ship before May I, and unless otherwise ordered, we will seed all plants on or about thet dete send all plants on or about that date.



In all cases the order will be filled exactly as desired, but in order to take advantage of this reduced price offer, it will be necessary to mention the fact in the order.

# HOLMES' SUPERIOR FLOWER SEEDS

53

On the following pages are listed the very best flower seeds that can be grown. We offer them with the full consciousness of their superiority, knowing that they will give unbounded satisfaction. We guarantee all of them to be absolutely fresh, new crop, tested and of strong germination power. We have listed all seeds by using the botanical in some instances and the English names in others. There are also cross references wherever needed so that every variety may readily be under either name. Following each name will be found bettere needed in the second

may readily be under either name. Following each name will be found letters according to the following table, showing the nature and character of each plant, and figures showing the height to which it naturally grows. The letters and their meanings are as follows:
A. Annual—Blooming the same year of planting, but dying in the fall.
HA. Hardy Annual—Growing with but little care.
HIA. Half-Hardy Annual—Requiring protection in unfavorable seasons

seasons.

R

 Biennial—Lasting two years.
 Biennial—Lasting two years.
 Hardy Perennial—Permanent in growth, coming up each spring from the roots, and increasing in size and beauty.
 Tender Perennial—Requiring mulching or protection during йр. ТŶ

the winter. P. Greenhouse Perennial Plants-Those suitable only for grow-GP

 Greenhouse Ferenhait ranse these sature only to the ing in pois in the conservatory or house.
 GS. Greenhouse Shrubby Plants—which are appropriate for greenhouse culture, but which can be planted outside during the summer.

We shall be glad, at all times, to answer questions relative to the growing of flowers, and will cheerfully give our patrons the benefit of our experience. Write us for any information desired.

**Special Collections of Flower Seeds** A NEW MONEY-SAVING PLAN—SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

To give our patrons all the advantages possible in their purchase of flower seeds, we have devised a plan whereby everyone has a chance to make his own selection of seeds, but to obtain them at reduced prices.

By this plan selections and payments may be made as follows:

Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$3.00 and remit \$2.00

- with the order.
- Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$1.50 and remit \$1.00 with the order. Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$1.00 and remit \$0.70

with the order.

	ALL FLOWER SEEDS DE	LIVE	RED FREE, BY	Y MAIL	, POSTPAID, AT PRICES AFFIXED Pkt. Lge. Pkt.
		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	61	Sunrise. Carmine flowers
1	ABRONIA umbellata (Sand Verbena). A. Trail-		L'ECT L ALL	62	superbus, Fire-brand. Red
	ing. Rose-colored flowers in clusters. For			63	tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Variegated foliage. 05 20
	baskets, borders and rockeries	05	25	64	Mixed. All kinds and colors
5	ABUTILON (Flowering Maple). GS. 4 ft. Ten-				AMARYLLIS (Jacobean Lily). See Bulbs and Roots.
	der shrub, with handsome foliage and bright		-	10	AMETHYST. See Browallia.
	bell-shaped flowers. Mixed colors. For	10	40	69	AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII (Japan, or Boston
10	garden, greenhouse or house ACHILLEA Ptarmica, "The Pearl" (Yarrow;	10	40 ·		Ivy). HP. Climbing Vine. See, also, Pkt. Oz. Climbing Plants
10	Milfoil). HP. 2 ft. Double white flowers in				Climbing Plants
	clusters	10	30		the second design of the secon
	ACONITUM (Monk's Hood). HP. 4 ft. Panicles		00		
	of helmet-shaped flowers.				
15	Napellus. Blue	05	25		have a second
16	Napellus. White	05	40		a bar the second
20	ACROCLINIUM. HHA. I ft. Everlasting				A CALLER AND A CALLER AND A CALL
	flowers; mixed colors. Fine for winter decoration	05	15		ALL THE BALL BARDER BARDER
25	ADLUMIA cirrhosa (Allegheny Vine). B.	0.5	15		
	Climbing. Splendid climber, with pink flowers.	10	25		
30	ADONIS aestivalis (Flos Adonis). A. I ft.				
	Feathery leaves; blue flowers	05	15		to be a final and the second second because
	AGERATUM (Floss Flower). A. For edging;				
21	blooms all summer. Blue Perfection. 9 in. Blue	10	20		Called A Ward of the PRACE Laboration
31 32	Blue Star. 5 in. Bright blue	10 15	20 50		
33	Dwarf White. 9 in. White	05	15		
34	grandiflora alba, 9 in, White; large flowers,	10	15		
35	Princess Victoria Louise, 6 in. Light blue,				
	white center	10	30		
36	AGROSTEMMA. HP. 2 to 3 ft. Free blooming.	05	15		
	Fine for dry places.				
46	coronaria (Rose Campion). Rose-colored	05	15		and the second
~0	ALLEGHENY VINE. See Adlumia.	00			
	ALTHAEA. See Hollyhock.				
	ALYSSUM. Clusters of small flowers all summer.				
51	For edging.	Dirt	0.7		
51	saxatile compactum (Basket of Gold). HP. Ift. Yellow. Little Gem. HA. 6 in. White; spreading	PRT. 05	Oz. 75		
52	Little Gem HA 6 in White: spreading	05	50		
53	procumbens (Carpet of Snow). HA. White;	00	00	•	
	very dwarf	05	60		
54	maritimum (Sweet Alyssum). HA. 6 in. White	05	25		
	AMARANTHUS. A. 2 to 3 ft. Handsome	D1 /	T DL		
59		Pkt. 05	Lge. Pkt.		
60	caudatus (Love-Lies-Bleeding). Red salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Red; drooping.	05	15 30		Holmes' Late Giant Branching Aster
•••	bistorio (Foundain Flancy, field, dioophilg.	05			

ALL FLOWED SPEDS DELIVEDED EDEE DY MAIL DOSTRAID AT DRIGES AFFIVED

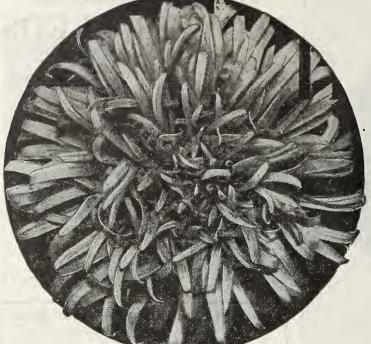
175 176 177

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230 231 232

233 242



ASTERMUM. A Glorified Aster

		DL		
74	ANCHUSA capensis. HP. 11/2 ft. Purple flowers.	Pkt. 05	Lge. F	40
79	ANEMONE (Wind Flower). HP. 2 ft. Charm-	05		-10
	ing double flowers: all colors	05		20
	ANIMATED OATS (Avena sterilis). See Grasses.			
	ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon). HP. Magnifi-			
	cent trusses of odd-shaped flowers.	•		
	Tall Varieties. 2 to 3 ft.			
84	Giant Pink	10		25
85	Giant Scarlet	10		25
86	Giant Striped	10		25
87	Giant White	10		25
88	Giant Yellow	10		25
89	Giant Mixed	10		20
0.4	Semidwarf Varieties. I to 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ft.	15		40
94 95	Daphne. Bright Pink	15		40 20
95 96	Firefly. Scarlet and white	10 10		20
90 97	Queen of the North. White	10		20
97	Dwarf Varieties. 6 in.	10		20
98	Golden Sun	10		40
99	Mixed.	05	-	20
~ /	AQUILEGIA (Columbine). HP. 2 ft. Quaint.	0.5		40
	spurred flowers on long stems.			
05	Long-spurred Hybrids. Mixed colors	10		40
06	Canadensis	05		25
07	chrysantha. Golden yellow	10		25
<b>08</b>	chrysantha alba. White	1ŏ		30
ŏ9 -	California Hybrids. Yellow and scarlet	10		25
10	caerulea. Blue	10		40
11	glandulosa. Blue and white	15		40
12	Haylodgensis delicatissima	20		50
13	nivea grandiflora	05		15
14	Rose Queen	20		50
15	Single Mixed. All colors	05		15
16	Double Mixed. All colors	05		15
25	ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe).			
	HP. Climbing Vine. Brown and yellow			
	flowers; large, heart-shaped leaves, 30 seeds	10		
30	ASCLEPIAS tuberosa, HP. 2 ft. Orange			
	flowers in spikes	10		
	ASPARAGUS. GP. Trailing. Feathery long			
	stems, for pots and baskets.			
35	plumosus. Fine, lace-like foliage	25	\$1	00
36	Sprengeri. Coarser foliage; red seed berries.,	10		50

### Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 9, 1914.

Holmes Seed Co., Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen: In reply to you'r favor of October 31, your Emperor Celery and Columbia are not at all alike in size, shape or growth. The Emperor is a much heavier stalk and stalkier heads, large, thick, fine ribs. Also a larger leaf. One's first glance, the Emperor resembles the Columbia, but on close inspection they are entirely different. We are growing both and have concluded to grow only the Emperor for late next season. It is the kind of the late varieties. Please pardon delay; absence from home cause of delay.

Respectfully yours,

MILLER BROS. Per A. G. M.

### Asters. A. 1 to 2 ft.

The best known and most popular of all late-blooming garden annuals. Some are handsomely quilled, and others rival the largest chrysanthemums in form and beauty. Special instruction in their cultivation will be sent upon application.

instruction in their cultivation will be sent upon application. **ASTERMUM. A Glorified Aster** (See illustration) The plant itself grows straight up with very strong, sturdy stems starting near base and reaching from 18 to 24 inches; even the center stems are plenty long enough for the market. The three colors are unsurpassed. The lavender has never been produced before. The pink is the beautiful pink of the rose and the white is as white as the driven snow. Each plant yields from 10 to 15 blooms, measuring fully 5 inches in diameter, and their solidity is such that they make good shippers. They do not require either disbranching or disbudding, in fact, there are but few side buds. Owing to the symmetry of the plants, they may be set only 0 inches apart. They seem to vie with each other in reaching up and the roots are better shaded; in case of storm, they support each other and the bloom remains unarmed. unharmed.

- unharmed.
  137 Plnk: A beautiful rose-pink.
  138 Lavender.
  139 White. As white as the driven snow.
  Pkt. 20 cts., ¼ oz. \$2.50. One packet of each color for 50 cts.

	50 ct	s.		
	Holmes' New Imperia True Comet type; extr 140 Daybreak. Shell-pink.	al Asters.	Diet	0-
L	140 Davbreak. Shell-pink.	a large.	Pkt. 10	Oz. \$3 00
7			10	3 00
	142 Purity. Pure white		10	3 00
	143 Sunset. Light pink; de 150 Holmes' Lavender Gem.	ep center.	10	3 00
	142 Purity. Pure white 143 Sunset. Light pink; de 150 Holmes' Lavender Gem. color; feathered like	Delicate		
	plume	an Ostricii-	10	2 50
	plume Holmes' Mikado Asters.	Beautifully		
	curved and twisted pet	als.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	155 Rochester. Lavender-I	ank; very	15	50
	156 White. Midseason; ext	ra large	15	50
	160 Holmes' Rose King. Bri	lliant rose-	Pkt.	Oz.
	color; very large		15	\$2 50
	<ul> <li>155 Roberts, Lavender, large</li> <li>156 White, Midseason; ext</li> <li>160 Holmes' Rose King. Bri color; very large</li> <li>165 Holmes' Royal Purple. F handsome: dwarf</li> </ul>	ull-double;	10	2 50
	170 Holmes' Violet King.	oft violet-	10	2 50
	lilac: petals very mu	ch twisted		
~	and curled Giant Comet Asters. Resemble chrysa		10	2 00
G	Giant Comet Asters. Resemble chrysa	nthemums;		
	often 6 inches across; petals long a Rose. Delicate shade		10	3 00
	White, Clear and brilliant		10	3 00
	Mixed Colors		10	2 00
	much twisted, resembling a hands	etals very	Dlet	1/4 oz.
	White	me prume.	10	60
	White Rose		10	60
	Carmine		10	60
	Blue	• • • • • • • • • •	10 10	60 50
	Blue. Mixed Colors. Giant Late Branching Asters.	Extra large	10	50
			Pkt.	Oz.
	Pink Purple Crimson		05	\$1 50
	Pink		05 05	1 50 1 50
	Lavender		05	1 50
	Crimson		05	1 50
	Mixed Colors		05	1 50
	Distinct type: yery large flower	st Asters.		
	Crimson Mixed Colors. Holmes' Queen of the Marke Distinct type; very large flower stems, Extra early.	0 011 10115		
	Indigo-blue		05	1 00
	<b>Red</b>		05 05	1 00 1 00
	Rose		05	1 00
	Mixed Colors. AUSTRALIAN STRAW FLOWER.		05	1 00
А	AUSTRALIAN STRAW FLOWER.	See Heli-		
A	AUSTRALIAN STRAW FLOWER. chrysum. AVENA sterilis. See Grasses. 3ACHELOR'S BUTTON. See Centz 3ALDOON VINE. See Cardiospermu BALSAM, Camellia-flowered (Impa samina). Lady Slipper. HHA Well-known, old-fashioned garden j ing dainty, double, rose-like flow erect stalk. See, also, Impatiens. Pink			
B	BACHELOR'S BUTTON. See Centa	urea.		
B	BALLOON VINE. See Cardiospermu	m.		
в	SALSAM, Camellia-flowered (Impa	r 1/2 ft		
	Well-known, old-fashioned garden	plant, bear-		
	ing dainty, double, rose-like flow	ers on an		
	erect stalk. See, also, Impatiens.		10	\$1 00
	Pink Salmon-pink		10	1 50
	Salmon-pink		10	1 00
	White		10	1 50 75
ъ	White Choice Mixed. All colors BALSAM APPLE; BALSAM PE	AD Soo	10	75
р	Momordica.	iii. Dee		
В	BARTONIA aurea. HA. I ft. Go.	den-yellow		
	flowers, fragrant in the evening.		Pkt. 10	Lge. Pkt. 15
в	foliage. BABY'S BREATH. See Gypsophila. BEANS, SCARLET RUNNER. A.	• • • • • • • • • • •	10	15
B	BEANS, SCARLET RUNNER. A.	Climbing.		
	Broad foliage and scarlet flowers f	ollowed by	Pkt.	Pt. 20
р	Broad foliage and scarlet flowers f long, edible beans. Fine for porch BEGONIA. GP. I to 1½ ft. Hands	es	05	20
в	and flowers.	mie ronage		
	Semperflorens type. Everbloom	ing. For		
			Pkt. 15	Lge. Pkt. 65
	Zulu King ' Blood-red flowers' dark	red foliage.	15	65
	Queen of Carpet Bedders. Re	d foliage;		•
	orange red flowers; compact in gro	wth	15	40
	bedding and pot clifter. Anna Regina. Rose-color Zulu King.: Blood-red flowers; dark Queen of Carpet Bedders. Re orange-red flowers; compact in gro Vernon. Light red flowers; dark re Rex Hybrids. Magnificent, large, foliage: all colors and markings.	a tollage	15	30
	foliage; all colors and markings, m	ixed	25	

Lge. Pkt.

 $\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 20 \end{array}$ 

Lge. Pkt. 

	BEGONIA—continued Tuberous-rooted. For massing in	
	shady places. Pkt. Lge. F	
252 253	Single Varieties, choice mixed 15 Double Varieties, choice mixed 25	65
	See, also, Summer-flowering Bulbs	
	and Roots. BELLIS perennis (English Daisy).	
	B. 4 in. Dainty little flowers in	
260	early spring. Pink and white. Holmes' Mammoth White 15	65
261	German Double Mixed 15 BLACK-EYED SUSAN. See Thun-	40
	bergia.	-
	bergia. BLANKET FLOWER. See Gaillardia. BOSTON IVY. See Ampelopsis. BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy).	
266	BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy).	
	A. 1 ft. For edging. Mixed 05 BRIZA maxima. See Grasses.	20
	BROMUS brizaeformis. See Grasses.	
271	BROWALLIA (Amethyst). A. 2 ft. Blue and white flowers. Fine for	
	garden and house blooming 05 BUTTERFLY FLOWER. See Schi-	20
	zanthus.	- 3
276	CACALIA coccinea (Tassel Flower).	
	A. 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ft. Pretty tassel-like scarlet flowers	
	scarlet flowers	
	CALCEOLARIA (Pocket Flower). GP. I to 2 ft. Charming house plants, with curious striped and mottled	
	flowers.	
281	hybrida grandiflora. Tall; mixed	
282	colors	75
	pacta. Dwart mixed 25	75
283	James' Perfection Strain. All colors; beautifully marked 50 \$1	25
	colors; beautifully marked	
	flowers, constantly in bloom.	
288	flowers, constantly in bloom. Prince of Orange. Bright yellow Pkt.	Oz.
289	and orange	25
290	and cream	25
270	white	25
	CALIFORNIA POPPY. See Esch- scholtzia.	
	CALLIOPSIS or COREOPSIS T to 2	
295	ft. Showy, large, daisy-like flowers. coronata. A. Yellow	25
296	Golden Wave. A. Yellow 05	25
297 298	Mixed Varieties. A 05 Janceolata (Coreopsis). HP. Bril-	25
	CALLIRHOE involucrata (Poppy Mallow).	50
303		50
	HP. Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers:	
	HP. Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers	90 Pkt. 10
	<ul> <li>HP. Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt.
	<ul> <li>HP. Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt.
	<ul> <li>HP. Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li> <li>CAMPANULA. Bell-shaped flowers in splendid spikes.</li> <li>Biennial Varieties: Medium (Canterbury Bells). 2 ft. Pkt. Lge. Pkt.  </li> </ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt.
308	HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers	Pkt. 10 Pkt.
308 309	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt.
308 309	HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers	Pkt. 10 Pkt.
308 309	HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers	Pkt. 10 Pkt.
308 309 316 317	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt.
308 309 316 317 324	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10
308 309 316 317	HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers	Pkt. 10 Pkt.
308 309 316 317 324 325 330	HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10
308 309 316 317 324 325	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt.
308 309 316 317 324 325 330	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 05 05 15 05
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 05 05 15 05 9kt. 10
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 10 05 05 15 * 05 Pkt.
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 335 340 341 342 343	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 05 05 15 05 9kt. 10
308 309 316 317 324 330 335 340 341 342	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 05 05 15 05 Pkt. 10 05
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 344	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 05 05 15 05 05 15 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
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308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 360	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 360	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 360	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 343 344 344 344 344 344 344 344	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 10 05 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 15 05 10 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 344 344 344 344 344 344 347 360 365	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 10 05 05 15 Pkt. 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 346 365 370	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 344 345 344 345 346 347 360 365 370 371 374 374	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 324 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 343 344 344 344 344 345 346 365 370 371 374 377 378	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 05 10 05 10 05 05 15 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 10 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0
308 309 316 317 325 330 335 340 341 342 343 344 345 344 345 344 345 346 347 360 365 370 371 374 374	<ul> <li>HP, Trailing. Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson. white centers</li></ul>	Pkt. 10 Pkt. 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0



Group of Double Annual Pinks.

	Group of Double Annual Pinks.		
383 384 385 386 387	<ul> <li>CELOSIA. A. r to 2 ft. Brilliant bedding plants, with unique flowers. Fine for pots.</li> <li>Dwarf Feathered. Rose-colored</li></ul>	Pkt. 05 10 05 05 Pkt.	Lge. Pkt. 25 25 25 15 25 25 0z.
392 393	fashioned flowers. Emperor William. Blue; extra large Double Blue. Very large; handsome Pkt. Oz.	05 10	50 \$1 50
394 395	Pink 05 25 396 Single Mixed White 05 25 397 Double Mixed CENTAUREA imperialis (Giant Cornflower).	05 05	25 25
400 401	Sweet-scented. Deep Rose. Lavender	Pkt. 10 ·10	Lge. Pkt. 75 75
402 403 404 405	Lilac. Brilliant Pink. Purple. White	10 10 10 10	75 75 75 75
406	Choice Mixed CENTAUREA, White-leaved. (Dusty Miller). For edges.	10 Pkt.	60 500 Seeds
410 411 415	gymnocarpa. Finely cut; silvery gray candidissima. Broad leaves, cut CENTAUREA moschata (Sweet Sultan). Hand-	10 10 Pkt.	20 30 Lge. Pkt.
	some, fragrant purple and white flowers CHEIRANTHUS. See Wallflower. CHIMNEY BELLFLOWER. See Campanula. CHINESE BELLFLOWER. See Platycodon. CHINESE PRIMROSE. See Primula. CHRYSANTHEMUM. HP. 1½ to 3 ft.	05	25
420 421	<b>Double Mixed.</b> All colors; autumn frutescens (Marguerite, or Paris Daisy).	20	65
422	White, with yellow disc	10 20	20 65
427 428 429 430 431	many colors. Holmes' Prize Strain. Mixed colors James' Giant Strain. Mixed colors Prize Dwarf. All colors Prize Medium Tall. Mixed colors hybrida, Choice Mixed. Splendid selection	35 50 35 35 25	75 1 25 74 75 65
432 433 435	stellata hybrids. Mixed colors plenissima. Dwarf; double; mixed CINERARIA, White-leaved. For edging. maritima candidissima (Dusty Miller)	50 05 05	1 25 25 15

-					-
		CINNAMON VINE. See Bulbs. CITRIODORA (Lemon Verbena). TP. Pale	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	
	45	green, lemon-scented iollage	10		
4	50	CLARKIA. A. 1½ ft. Graceful sprays of various colored flowers. CLEMATIS. HP. Climbing vines of rapid growth.	05	15	
4	55	CLEMATIS. HP. Climbing vines of rapid growth. paniculata (Japan Virgin's Bower). Great			
-		profusion of sweet-scented, small white flowers. Large flowered. See under Climbing Plants.	05	20	
4	58	CLEOME pungens (Spider Plant). A. 4 ft.	0.7	-	
		Bushy plant with odd pink flowers COBAEA scandens (Cup-and-Saucer). A. 20	05	, 20	
		ft. rapid climber, bearing quaint cup-and- saucer-like flowers.			
	63 64	White	05 05	30 15	
	04	Violet-blue COCKSCOMB, See Celosia,	05	15	
		COIX lachryma. See Grasses. COLEUS. GS. 2 ft. Handsome plants, with			
		foliage of many colors curiously marked and splashed.			
	69	Large-leaved. Bronzy foliage	15	65	
4	70	Large-leaved. Bronzy foliage Finest Mixed. All colors COLUMBINE. See Aquilegia.	10	50	
		CONVOLVULUS. See Morning-Glory.			
		COREOPSIS. See Callionsis.			
		CORNFLOWER. See Centaurea. COSMOS. A. 2 to 6 ft. Handsome, stately			
		plants, with feathery foliage, bearing multi- tudes of brilliant flowers late in the season.			
		Pinch tips of plants when a foot high to induce			
4	75	bushy growth. Holmes' Mammoth Perfection. Mixed	Pkt.	Oz.	
	76	colors; flowers very large and round Lady Lenox. New. Large, shell-pink Klondyke. Golden yellow	05 05	\$1 25	
	77 78	Klondyke. Golden yellow New Giant Mixed	10 05	1 25 75	
4	79 80	New Giant Mixed. White Pond-Lily. 5 inches across Dawn. Dwarf; early; white	05 05	75 75	
4	81	Mammoth Pink	05	75	
	82 83	Mammoth Crimson Rainbow. All colors in one flower	05 05	75 150	
4	87	Rainbow. All colors in one flower COWSLIP. See Primula veris. CROTOLARIA retusa (Florida Rattlebox). A.			
-		$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Golden yellow; much like a sweet pea			
		in shape. , Seed-pods rattle	10		
4	90	Seed-pods rattle CUPHEA platycentra (Cigar Plant). HHA. I ft. Quaint scarlet tubular flowers, with			
		white tips. For baskets CUP-AND-SAUCER. See Campanula and	15		
		Cobaea,			
		CUP FLOWER. See Nierembergia. CUT-AND-COME-AGAIN. See Stocks.			
		CYCLAMEN, Holmes' Superb Giants. GP. 9 in. One of the handsomest of all conserva-			
		tory or house plants, with exquisitely shaped			
		and colored flowers and curiously mottled foliage. Our Cyclamen seed is grown specially			
		for us by the leading expert in England, and we can guarantee its purity and blooming			
4	92	quality. Duke of Connaught. Crimson	Pkt. 50	100 Seeds \$1 50	
4	93	Excelsior. White, with red eve	50	1 50	
4	94 95	grandiflora alba. White; extra large Princess of Wales. Pink	50 50	1 50 1 50	
	96 97	Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink Mixed. All colors	50 50	1 50 1 25	
	98	The regular Giganteum strain of any of the	35	1 25	
5	02	above varieties. CYPERUS alternifolius (Umbrella Plant). GP.			
		2 ft. Graceful house plant with long stems and palm-like foliage. CYPRESS VINE (Impomoea Quamoclit). A.	Pkt. 10	Lge. Pkt. 50	
		20 ft. Graceful climbing vine, with feathery			
5	07	foliage and star-like flowers.	Pkt. 05	Oz. 30	
5	08	White Scarlet Mixed	05	30	
5	09	Mixed CYPRESS, SUMMER. See Kochia. DAHLIAS. HHA. 2 to 5 ft. Superb, decorative	05	25	
		DAHLIAS. HHA. 2 to 5 ft. Superb, decorative plants, grown mostly from roots, but can be	,		
		successfully grown from seed. See, also, Bulbs and Roots.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	
	14	Superb Single. Mixed colors and forms	10	30	
	15 16	Double Large Flowering. Mixed varieties Pompons. Choice mixed; small flowers	10 10	30 30	
		DAISY, English. See Bellis perennis. Swan River. See Brachycome.			
		Shasta. See Chrysanthemum.			
		DELPHINIUM (Larkspur). Stately spikes of			
		beautiful flowers in June and in fall. Perennial Varieties:			
5	25 26	Belladonna. 5 ft. Delicate blue Burbank's Hybrids. 4 to 5 ft. Mixed	25 25	65 50	
5	27 28	Chinese (D. grandiflorum album). White formosum. 5 ft. Deep blue	05 05	15 20	
5	29	nudicaule. 18 in. Bright scarlet	10	50	
	30 31	Zalil. 4 ft. Sulphur-yellow Mixed. All colors	10 05	50 20	
5	36	Annual Varieties: Emperor. 3 to 4 ft. Mixed colors	Pkt. I0	Oz. 40	
5	37 38	Tall Rocket.       2 ft.       Mixed colors.         Double Dwarf Rocket.       I ft.       Mixed	05 05	30 25	
		Giant Hyacinth-flowered:			
5	42 43	Dark Blue. 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ft Shell-pink. 3 ft	05 05	60 60	
	44 45	White. 3 ft. Mixed. 3 ft. All colors	05 05	60 50	

	DIAMOND FLOWER. See Ionopsidium. DIANTHUS (Pinks). B. 1 ft. Charming, clove-		
	scented flowers of the old time gardens. See,		
	also, Carnations. Double Varieties:	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
550 551	Chinensis. All colors mixed Dwarf Snowball. White	05 05	15 20
552	Dwarf Snowball. White Dwarf Fireball. Blood-red; globe-shaped Single Varieties:	10	20
557	Single Varieties: Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink; fringed stellarius (Star Pink). Mixed colors Japonlcus, "Eastern Queen." Fringed Dainty. White plumarius, "Pheasant's Eye." Dark cen- ter	05	20
558 559	stellarius (Star Pink). Mixed colors Japonlcus, "Eastern Oueen." Fringed	05 05	15 20
560 561	Dainty. White	05	15
	ter	05	15
562 563	scotius (Florist's Pink). Mixed laciniatus, Mixed. All colors	10 05	20 15
564	arda White Recombles a Cornetion	05	20
569	Barbatus (Sweet William). Holmes' Giant Double Mixed Brilliant Bed	05	20
570 571		05 05	20 20
572	Pure White Perfection. Single; mixed colors. DICTAMNUS fraxinella (Gas Plant). HP. 2 ft.	05	20
582 583	alba. White.	05 05	15 15
	<b>DIGITALIS</b> (Foxglove). HP. 4 ft. Majestic spires of tubular flowers of all colors.		
588	monstrosa. Extra large; the spire is sur-		
	mounted by one large flower. DUSTY MILLER. See Centaurea and Cineraria.	10	30
598	ECHINOCYSTIS lobata (Wild Cucumber). HA.		
	Climbing vine. A rampant grower, covered in summer with dainty spikes of white flowers,	Pkt.	Oz.
	followed by curious seed-pods ELEPHANT'S EAR. See Caladium.	05	30
	ELEPHANT'S EAR. See Caladium. ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy). HA. I ft. Masses of showy poppy-like flowers all		
	summer.		
603 604	Holmes' Mammoth White. White; large Hunnemannia. Bush-form: vellow	05 05	30 75
605 606	Hunnemannia. Bush-form; yellow Golden West. Orange-yellow	05 · 10	40 35
607	Mandarin. Orange-yellow Rose. Carmine-rose Finest Single Mixed. All colors	· I0	40
608	EULALIA Japonica. See Grasses.	05	1 25
613	EUPHORBIA variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain)		
	Ornamental foliage EVENING-GLORY. See Ipomoea. EVENING PRIMROSE. See Oenothera. EVERLASTING FLOWERS. See Xeranthemum FALSE DRAGON HEAD. See Physostegia.	05	30
	EVENING PRIMROSE. See Oenothera.		
	EVERLASTING FLOWERS. See Xeranthemum	l.	
	FEVERFEW. See Matricaria. FLAME FLOWER. See Tritoma.		
	FLORIDA RATTLEBOX. See Crotolaria.		
	FLOSS FLOWER. See Ageratum.		
	FLOWERING FLAG. See Iris. FLOWERING MAPLE. See Abutilon.		
	FLOSS ADON'S. See Adonis. FLOSS FLOWER. See Ageratum. FLOWERING FLAG. See Iris. FLOWERING MAPLE. See Abutilon. FLOWERING TOBACCO. See Nicotiana. FORGET-ME-NOT. See Myosotis. FOUR O'CLOCK. See Mirabilis. FOUR O'CLOCK. See Divitalis		
	FOUR O'CLOCK. See Mirabilis. FOXGLOVE. See Digitalis.		
618	FUCHSIA (Lady's Eardrop), GS. 2 ft. Dainty,	Pkt.	
	two-parted flowers, in various colors GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). 2 ft. Brilliant daisy-like flowers in shades of yellow and	30	50
	daisy-like flowers in shades of yellow and		
623	orange. Annual Varietles:	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
624	picta. Mixed colors Lorenziana fl. pl. Mixed colors	05 05	15 15
	Perennial Varieties:	10	20
626 627	grandiflora. Mixed colors; brown center grandiflora compacta. Dwarf	10	20
628 629	Salmon-red. Orange edgesulphurea oculata. Red eye	10 10	30 30
	GAS PLANT. See Dictamnus. GERANIUM (Pelargonium). GS. 1½ ft. The		
	well-known and popular bedding flowers.		
632	Grow well from seed. ZonaI. Mixed colors	IÒ	20
633	ZonaI. Mixed colors Lady Washington. Mixed. 100 seeds, 75c GLADIOLI. See Bulbs and Roots.	10	
	GLOBE AMARANTH. See Gomphrena.		
	GLOXINIA. GP. 2 ft. Curious, velvet-throated flowers, handsomely marked, spotted and		
637	stained. Holmes' Tiger-spotted. Gorgeous coloring.	25	75
638	Mixed Hybrids, Brilliant colors; velvety		75
	foliage. See, also, under Bulbs GODETIA (Satin Flower). A. 1 to 2 ft. Hand-	25	75
643	some garden plants, in constant bloom. Bijou. Blush-pink	05	15
644	gloriosa. Blood-red	05 05	15 15
645	Finest Mixed. All colors GOLDENROD. See Solidago.	03	15
	GOMPHRENA (Globe Amaranth). A. I to 2 ft. Coarse plants, with a profusion of globe-		
	shaped everlasting flowers. For winter	Pkt.	Oz.
650	bouquets. aurea superba. Golden yellow	05	30
651 652	nana compacta. Dwarf; red flowers	05 05	30 25
002	GOURDS. A. 10 to 30 ft. Climbers of quick		
	seed-vessels.		
655 656	Sugar Trough (Sap Bucket). Largest White Egg (Nest Egg). Very useful	05 05	25 25
500			

-	-	IIOLMILS	SEED	COMI
		COUDDS continued	Pkt.	Oz.
	57	GOURDS—continued Dishcloth (Luffa, or Bonnet Gourd) Mock Orange. The best known	. 05	25
6	58 59	Mock Orange. The best known Mixed Ornamental. All sorts	. 05	25
	65	GRASSES, Ornamental: Avena sterilis (Animated Oats). A. Interesting	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt. 15
	66	Briza maxima (Quaking Grass). A. Fo	r	
6	67	bouquets Bromus brizaeformis. A. Winter bouquets Coix lachrymae (Job's Tears). Seed resemble	. 05 . 05	15 15
6	68	teats	. 05	10
	69	Eulalia Japonica. HP. Beautitul	. 05	15
	70	Gynerium argenteum (Pampas Grass). HI Fine	. 05	15
6	71	Hordeum jubatum (Squirrel Tail Grass). A Bushy.	. 05	15
6	72	Pennisetum Rueppelianum (Purple Fountai Grass). A. Crimson plumes	n . 05	15
6	73	Stipa pennata. HP (Feather Grass) SPECIAL OFFER. One packet each of th	05	15
		above 9 varieties of Ornamental Grasses, 40 cts	e 8.	
6	78	postpaid. GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath)		
		GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath) HP. 3 ft. Small white flowers in spray forming a misty effect above the plant	s . 05	15
		forming a misty effect above the plant HELIANTHUS (Sunflower). A. and HP. Bold	, 05	10
	83	HELIAN IHUS (Sunnower). A. and HP. Bold majestic plants, with large ray flowers. cucumerifolius. A. 3 ft. Yellow, multiflorus, P. 4 ft. Double; golden Silver-leaved. A. 4 ft. Foliage silvery Miniature. A. 3 ft. Small; orange-yellow. HELENIUM Bigelovii. HP. 5 to 6 ft. Daisy like vellow flowers.	. 05	15
	84 85	"The Dahlia." P. 4 ft. Double; golden	. 05 . 05	15 15
61	86	Silver-leaved. A. 4 ft. Foliage silvery	. 05	15
	87 92	HELENIUM Bigelovii. HP. 5 to 6 ft. Daisy	. 05	15
69	37	HELICHTON BIGGIONT, III. 5 to ofte Datay HELICHTYSUM (Straw Flower). A. 2 to 3 ft One of the best "everlasting" (howers. All color HELIOTROPE. GS. 2 ft. Beautiful sprays o small flowers of excusive perfume	. 10	30
0.		One of the best "everlasting" flowers. All color	s 05	15
		small flowers of exquisite perfume.	f	
70	92	Holmes' Mammoth Blue. Largest of all	. 10	50
70		Flower heads often measure a foot across Choice Mixed. All shades; delicious perfume	10	50 25
70	98	<ul> <li>HESPERIS (Sweet Rocket; Dame's Rocket; Dame's Violet). HP. 2 to 3 ft. Spikes o white, likac and pink flowers; fragrant</li> <li>HIBISCUS (Mallow). HP. 2 to 3 ft. Magnificent</li> </ul>	į	
		white, lilac and pink flowers; fragrant	05	15
		large, saucer-snaped nowers of exquisite colors		
71		Golden Bowl. Cream-color; flowers, 6 to 9 in moscheutos roseus. Rose-pink	05	20 20
71		palustris. Pink. HOLLYHOCK (Althaea). HP. 4 ft. Majesti	. 05	20
		spires of flowers of splendid colors. Chater's Superb Double. Mixed colors	c Pkt.	Oz.
72	20 21	Chater's Superb Double. Mixed colors	. 10 . 10	\$2 00 1 00
		Allegheny. Semidouble; mixed; fringed HONESTY. See Lunaria.		1 00
		HORDEUM jubatum. See Grasses. HORN-OF-PLENTY. See Datura.		
		HUMBLE PLANT. See Mimosa		
72	26	HUMULUS Japonicus variegata (Japanes	e	
		HUMULUS Japonicus variegata (Japanes Hop). A. 20 to 30 ft. Rapid climber, with green and white foliage.	. 05	75
		IBERIS. See Candytuft		
		ICE PLANT. See Mesembryanthemum.		
		IMPATIENS (Sultan's Balsam). GS. 2 ft. A charming house plant, with dark green, shinin,	g	
73	31	foliage and bright flowers; always in bloom. Sultani. Rosy scarlet flowers	Pkt. . 15	Lge. Pkt. 40
73		Holstii. Bright scarlet flowers	15	65
73	37	balsamina. See Balsam. IONOPSIDIUM acaule (Diamond Flower). A.	3	
		in. Splendid rockery plant, with violet flowers IPOMOEA (Evening-Glory). A. Climbing Vine	. 10	
		Rapid grower, with large flowers opening in	i Pkt.	0-
74		the evening or on cloudy days. noctifiora (Moonflower). White	. 10	Oz. 75
74 74		grandiflora superba. Blue, with white margin Mexicana grandiflora alba. White	s 05 . 05	25 25
		Ouamoclit. See Cypress Vine.		
	0	IRIS (Flowering Flag). 2 ft. Most gorgeous of al the "Flags." Blooms second year from seed		
75		Kaempferi (Japanese Iris). All colors Finest Mixture. Newest Japanese varieties.	. 10 . 10	75 1 00
		JACOBEAN LILY. See Amaryllis. JAPANESE HOP. See Humulus.		
		JERUSALEM CHERRY. See Solanum.		
		JERUSALEM CROSS. See Lychnis. JOB'S TEARS. See Grasses.		
75	56	KENILWORTH IVY. See Linaria. KOCHIA tricophylla (Summer Cypress, o	r -	
		Mexican Fire Bush). A. 3 ft. Forms a cy	-	L DI (
		press-like hedge, which turns deep red in autumn.		Lge. Pkt. 15
		KIDZU VINE. See Pueraria. LADY'S EARDROP. See Fuchsia.		
		LANTANA. GS. 2 ft. Verbena-like flowers in shades of yellow, and bronzy reds. Com	n	
		stantly in bloom.	Pkt.	Oz.
76	52	Holmes' Mixed Hybrids. All colors Dwarf Mixed. All colors	. 10	20 20
76	53	Tall Mixed. All colors	. îŏ	20
76	58	LARKSPUR. See Delphinium. LATHYRUS latifolius (Perennial Pea). HF		
		Climbing Vine. Resemble sweet peas, but las	t . 10	30
7.	73	for years. Mixed colors LAVATERA trimestris. A. 2 ft. Glossy foliag and mallow-like red flowers	e Pkt. . 05	Lge. Pkt. 20
-	79	LEMON VERBENA. See Citriodora.		20
	78	LINARIA cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy). GS 3 to 6 ft. Trailing plant, with violet flowers	s.	
		Fine for baskets and window boxes	. 05	30

	LOBELIA. Handsome garden plants; valuable for their blue and white flowers.		•
	Annual Varieties:	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
783	compacta alba. White; trailing	10	30
784 785	compacta. Mixed colors Crystal Palace. Dwarf; blue; trailing	$10 \\ 10$	30 25
105	Perennial Variety:	10	40
786	cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Rich cardinal-		
	red	10	50
	LOVE-IN-A-MIST. See Nigella. LOVE-IN-A-PUFF. See Cardiospermum.		
791	LUNARIA biennis (Honesty; Satin Flower). B.		
	2 ft. Interesting garden plants, with purple		0-
	flowers and curious, transparent (seed-pods, much used for winter decoration	PKt. 05	Oz. 40
	<ul> <li>much used for winter decoration</li> <li>LUPINUS (Lupin). A. and HP. 2 ft. Splendid showy plants, bearing fine spikes of pea- shaped flowers of all colors.</li> </ul>	0.5	-10
	showy plants, bearing fine spikes of pea-		
796	shaped flowers of all colors. Annual Varieties. All colors mixed	05	20
797	Perennial Varieties. All colors mixed	10	30
802	LYCHNIS Chalcedonica (Jerusalem Cross).		
	HP. 2 ft. Fine, showy garden plants, with	05	40
	scarlet cross-shaped flowers in clusters MADAGASCAR PERIWINKLE. See Vinca.	05	40
	MALLOW, See Hibiscus.		
	MARGUERITE. See Chrysanthemum.		
	annuals in all shades of vellow brown and red.		
	MARIGOLD (Tagetes). HA. Favorite garden annuals in all shades of yellow, brown and red. Very free flowering; require sunny situation.		
005	Large African Varieties. 3 ft. Lemon Queen. 3 ft. Lemon-yellow Eldorado. 3 ft. Vellow; large Double Mixed. 3 ft. All shades	05	
807 808	Eldorado 2 ft Vellow: large	05 05	\$1 00 1 00
809	· Double Mixed. 3 ft. All shades	05	75
	French Varieties:		
814 815	Legion of Honor. 6 in. Yellow and brown.	05 05	75 50
816	Brown-marbled. 1 ft. Red and brown	05	50
817	Double Mixed. Tall, 18 in. Mixed	05	75
818	Dwarf Striped. Dark brown	05	75
	French Varieties: Legion of Honor. 6 in. Yellow and brown. Striped Single. 1 ft. Yellow and brown Brown-marbled. 1 ft. Red and brown Double Mixed. Tall, 18 in. Mixed Dwarf Striped. Dark brown MARIGOLD, POT. See Calendula. MARVEL OF PERU. See Mirabilis. MATRICARIA (Feverfew). HA 2 ft. Showy.		
823			
	double, white flowers; for bedding or pots MATTHIOLA. See Stocks.	05	40
	MATTHIOLA. See Stocks. MAURANDYA GP to ft Graceful climber		
	MAURANDYA. GP. 10 ft. Graceful climber, with foxglove-like flowers.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
828	Large-flowering Rose New	05	25
829 830	Dark Purple. Fine Mixed. All colors. MIGNORETTE (Reseda). HA. I to 1½ ft. Charming old-time favorite of exquisite per- fume.	05 05	25 25
030	MIGNONETTE (Reseda). HA, I to 11/2 ft.	05	23
	Charming old-time favorite of exquisite per-		
835	fume. Holmes' Giant Sweet-scented. Golden yel-	Pkt.	Oz.
035	low: very fragrant.	10	50
836	low; very fragrant. Holmes' Dwarf Machet. Red; fragrant Allen's Defiance. Red; extra choice	05	75
837	Allen's Defiance. Red; extra choice	05	75 15
838 839	ouorata granumora. Large and magrant	05 05	30
840	gigantea. Mixed colors Bismarck. Compact plant; large flowers	05	2 00
841	Giant Pyramidal. Bright red	05 05	50 1 50
842	Goliath. Red; extra large MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (Ice Plant). A. 6	05	1 50
	inches. For edging and baskets.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
847 848	<ul> <li>crystallinum. Foliage icy in appearance</li> <li>tricolor (Wax Plant). Foliage feels icy,</li> <li>MEXICAN FIRE BUSH. See Kochia.</li> <li>MIMOSA pudica (Sensitive Plant). A. 18 in.</li> <li>Purplish white flowers; leaves droop when touched.</li> </ul>	05 05	15 15
040	MEXICAN FIRE BUSH. See Kochia.	05	15
853	MIMOSA pudica (Sensitive Plant). A. 18 in.		
	Purplish white flowers; leaves droop when	05	15
	MIMULUS. A. Peculiarly marked flowers.	05	15
858	moschatus (Musk Plant). Mixed colors tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Resembles a	05	30
859	tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Resembles a	05	30
864	monkey's face. MIRABILIS Jalapa (Four-O'Clock; Marvel of	05	30
	Peru). A. Red and yellow flowers all sum-		
	mer, opening four o'clock	05	15
	low flowers and ornamental fruit of medicinal		
<i></i>	value.	7.1	- (
869	Balsamina (Balsam Apple). Yellow pods, scarlet	Pkt. 05	Oz. 30
870	seeds Charantia (Balsam Pear). Round, pear-	05	50
	shaped pods	05	30
	MONKEY FLOWER. See Mimulus. MONK'S HOOD. See Aconitum.		
	MONTBRETIA. See Bulbs.		
	MOURNING BRIDE. See Scabiosa.		
	MORNING-GLORY (Convolvulus). A. Climb- ing. The old and well-known climbing vines.		
875	Rochester. Blue, with white eye	05	25
876	Rochester. Blue, with white eye True Japanese. Mottled and striped	05	25 10
877 878	tricolor or minus Blue: trailing	05 05	20
5.0	Trice Japanese: Motiled and striped Frie Mixed. All colors tricolor, or minus. Blue; trailing MUSK PLANT. See Mimulus.		
	MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not). 6 in. Biennial Varieties. Bloom first year.	DL	I an Di-t
883	alpestris, Victoria Bright blue, large	Pkt. 10	Lge. Pkt. 30
884	alpestris, Victoria. Bright blue; large Eliza Fonrobert. Large; bright blue	10	20
885	grandifiora alba. Large; white flowers	. 10	25
886 887	grandiflora rosea. Large pink flowers palustris. True "Forget-Me-Not" blue	10 10	25 40
888	Choice Mixed. All sorts and colors	05	20
	Perennial Varieties: Increase each year.		
893 894	dissitiflora. Deep blue flowers palustris semperflorens. Everblooming	10 10	40 30
074	MYRSIPHYLLUM. See Smilax.	10	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		T
	MR. R. W. EDELBLUTE, Lewisberry, Pa., writes:	every s	seed 1 pur-

MR. R. W. EDELBLUTE, Lewisberry, Pa., writes: Every seed I pur-chased from you this year has proved entirely satisfactory. I have been dealing with your house for many years, occasionally getting seed from other parties, but I decided to place my orders where I can get the best seed.



PRICES OF NASTURTIUMS IN QUANTITY, except Lilliput, Lobbianum, Ivy-leaved and Spencer varieties: 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75cts.

This old favorite flower has been so wonderfully improved of late that the different varieties present an array of colors almost bewildering in their magnificence. They flower most profusely when the soil is not too rich. The climbing varieties form splendid screens, while the dwarf kinds are admirable for borders or in front of shrubbery.

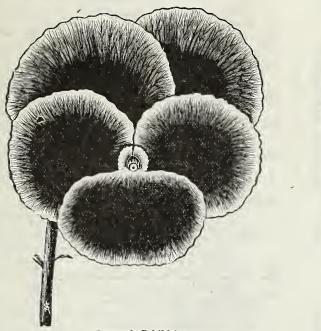
	Tall or Climbing Varieties:	Pkt.	Oz.
900	Chameleon (Coquette). Splashed and bordered.	05	10
901	Coccineum. Scarlet	05	10
902	Coccineum. Scarlet	05	10
903	Dunnett's Orange (Sunlight) Colden	05	10
904	Edouard Otto. Lilac-brown.	05	10
905	Fordhook Fashion. Veined old rose	05	15
906	Hemisphaericum. Straw; rose blotched	05	10
907	Jupiter. Golden yellow	05	10
908	Pearl (Moonlight). Creamy white	05	10
909	Vesuvius. Salmon-rose	05	10
910	Finest Mixed Tall Varieties. All colors	05	10
	Lobb's Climbing Varieties. Lobbianum.		
920	Asa Gray. Cream-yellow	05	15
921	Black Princess. New. Dark maroon	00	20
922	Brilliant. Bright scarlet	05	15
923	Crown Prince of Prussia. Dark blood-red	05	15
924	Firefly. Orange-yellow		15
925	Primrose Cream-White. Maroon spotted	05	15
926	Princess Victoria Louise (Margaret). Cream-	~ ~	
927	white, spotted and veined scarlet	05	15
	Queen Alexandra. Blood-red; variegated	10	25
928	Queen Dowager Emma. Crimson; varie-	10	25
929	gated. Queen of the Morning, New. Scarlet	10	25
930	Queen of the North. Yellow; variegated	10	25 25
931	Queen of Spain. Golden yellow; variegated.	10 10	25
932	Queen Wilhelmina. Scarlet; variegated	10	25
933	Rudolph Virchow. Soft, rosy pink	05	15
934	Spitfire. Fiery scarlet	05	10
935	Finest Mixed Lobbianum Varieties. All	05	10
733		05	10
	Lobbianum Lilliput Hybrids:	05	10
940	Fairy King. White and dark rose	05	20
941	Fairy Queen Vellow turning to brown	05	20
942	Fairy Queen. Yellow, turning to brown Lady Cherry. Dark wine-red	10	25
943	Othello. New. Deep red	05	20
944	Queen of Holland. Light yellow to purple	10	20
945	Rubin. Ruby-red	05	20
946	Snow Oueen. New. Cream-white	10	25
947	Finest Mixed of above. All colors	05	15
	Lobbianum Ivy-leaved Sorts:		
960	Emma Alida. Yellow and orange; laciniated.	10	25
961	Mourning Bride. Velvety crimson	10	25
962	Prinzessin Juliana. Gold-orange; deeply cut. Finest Mixed Ivy-leaved. All kinds and	10	25
963	Finest Mixed Ivy-leaved. All kinds and		
	colors	10	20
	Tom Thumb, or Dwarf Varieties:		
970	Aurora. Terra cotta	05	10
971	Bronze. Splendid form	05	10
972	Chameleon. Cream-white, spotted scarlet	05	15
973	Golden Blotched. With scarlet blotch Golden Midnight. Dark purple	05	10
974	Golden Midnight. Dark purple	05	10
975	Golden Queen. Golden yellow	05	10
976	Golden Rose. Pink	05	10
977	King of Tom Thumbs. Bright scarlet	05	10
978	Lady Bird. Orange, spotted scarlet	05	15
979	Pearl (Moonlight). Cream-yellow	05	15

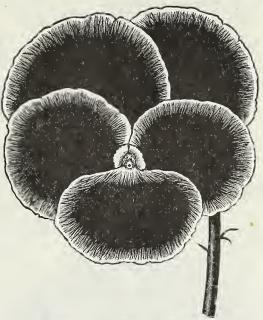
	1			
		Pkt.		Oz.
980	Prince Henry. White, spotted scarlet	05		15
981	Ruby King. Ruby-red	05		10
982	Rudolph Virchow Scarlet. Brilliant	05		15
983	Spotted King. Dark yellow, brown spots	05		15
984	Vesuvius. New. Salmon-rose	05	1011	15
985	Tom Thumb Varieties Mixed. All colors	05		10
	Queen of Tom Thumbs. Variegated foliage:			
995	Bright Rosy Scarlet. Very bright Brilliant Crimson. White veins	05		10
966	Brilliant Crimson. White veins	05		15
997	Chameleon. Variable colors	05		15
998	Crystal Queen. Orange, blotched	05		10
999	Deep Orange-Scarlet. New. Brilliant	05		10
1000	Golden Yellow. Handsome	05		10
1001	Sulphur-Yellow. Very refined	05		10
1002	Oueen of Tom Thumbs Mixed	05		10
	Tom Thumb Spencer Varieties:			
1012	David Burpee. Velvety purple-scarlet	05		25
1013	Lady Bird. Orange; dark foliage	05		25
1014	Riemke Groot. Bright scarlet	05		25
1015	Spencer Mixed. All colors	05		15
1025	NEMOPHILA insignis (Love Grove). A. I ft.			
	Border plants bearing a profusion of cup-	Pkt.	Lge.	Pkt.
	shaped flowers, all colors	05		15
10.30	NICOTIANA affinis (Flowering Tobacco). TP.			
	3 ft. Showy plants, with broad foliage and			
	fragrant white flowers	05		15
1035	NIEREMBERGIA frutescens (Cup Flower).			
	TP. 1 ft. Bedding plant, with white flowers			
	tinted lilac	05		20
1040	NIGELLA Damascena (Love-in-a-Mist). A.			
	I ft. Quaint blue flowers surrounded by		1.1	
	finely cut foliage, forming a misty effect	05		15
1045	OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose). A. 2 to 3 ft.			
2010	Shrubby plants, bearing a great profusion of			
	brightly colored flowers opening as the sun			
	goes down. Mixed colors	05		15
1164	PASSIFLORA caerulea (Passion Vine). TP.			
	8 to 10 ft. Interesting vine, with blue, wax-			
		0.5		0.5
	like flowers	05		25
	like flowers	05		25
	like flowers	. 05		25

# PETUNIAS

These are among the most easily grown of all garden annuals and furnish a magnificent succession of brilliant flowers.

1170	New Frimbriata, Canary Bird. Beautifully		64 001
	fringed flowers of distinct yellow, deeper in throat	15	\$1 75
1171	Holmes' Defiance. Extra large; all colors	10	1 25
1172	New Star. Perfect star in center; all colors	10	1 00
1173	Holmes' Fancy Fringed. All colors	10	1 00
1174	Double Giant. Large, 250 seeds, \$1.75	25 05	





**Bugnot's Exhibition** 

Cassler's Very Large-flowered Blotched

# PANSIES

For a number of years we have been selling our Superb Mixtures of Different Varieties of Pansies, and, without a single exception, we have had the most flattering reports on the many beautiful varieties and colors never before seen by our customers in other mixtures, obtained elsewhere. We give a complete list of the different varieties in the mixtures that we are handling, and which include all the varieties obtainable from the best growers in Germany and other countries.

		,					6
1046	Holmes' Non Plus Ultra. The richest mixture		1	1068	Raphael (Benary). New; blue veins and dark		
	ever sent out, and containing the Blotched				violet spots on white ground; beautiful	Pkt.	Oz.
	and Masterpiece varieties in greatest propor-	Pkt.	Oz.		varieties	25	\$10 00
	tion; very effective	25	\$10 00	1070	Aurlcula-flowered, Prince Bismarck. Light		
1047	Large-flowered Parisian. Mostly light colors;				blue, striped rosy lilac	10	1 50
	very gay and pretty	10	2 00	1071	King of Blacks. Violet-blue	10	1 50
1048	Giant French Large-stained. Beautiful and	10	2 25	1072	Giant Cassier, Hortensia Red. New	10	3 00
1040	very effective	10	2 23	1073	Giant Marmorata. Marbled on purple, red and crimson ground	10	2 50
1049	growing weatherproof class of Pansies, mostly			1074	Odier Five-spotted Yellow. Magnificent	10	2 50 6 00
	blotched, and some frilled flowers; very			1075	Odier Five-spotted White. Extra fine	10	6 00
	valuable	15	8 00	1076	Psyche. Velvety violet on white: curled	10	6 00
1050	Holmes' Triumph of the Giants. Robust.		0 00	1077	Giant Vulcan. Dark red: five black blotches.	15	7 00
1000	compact-growing plants; flowers enormous in				Giant Trimardeau, separate colors:	-0	1 00
	size, of rich and rare colors	15	8 00	1087	Adonis. Light blue	10	2 00
1051	Holmes' Mammoth Five-blotched. Mag-		-	1088	Atropurpurea. Dark purple	10	2 00
	nificent extra-large flowers, superbly marked	10	5 00	1089	Fire King. Brilliant yellow and purple	10	2 00
1052	Holmes' Giant Masterpiece. Enormous			1090	Canary Bird. Golden yellow	10	2 00
	flowers, 4 inches across, with ruffled edges and			1091	Indigo-Blue. Very rich color	10	2 00
	distinct colors and markings	10	7 00	1092	Emperor William. Ultramarine-blue	10	2 00
1053	Bugnot's Giant Spotted. Color radiates on			1093	Lord Beaconsfield. Purple and lavender	10	2 00
	margin of petals; beautifully spotted	10	5 50	1094	Peacock. Blue, edged white	10	2 00
1054	Mme. Perret. Great American Giant, "Red,	10	2 00	1095	White with Eye. Black center; showy	10	2 00
1055	White and Blue"	10	3 00	1105 1106	Crimson King. Very brilliant Mauve Queen. Dainty mauve	10 10	2 25
1055	Odier Five-spotted Beauties. Of perfect form and wondrous beauty	10	3 00	1107	Snowflake. Dazzling white	10	$   \begin{array}{c}     2 & 25 \\     2 & 25   \end{array} $
1056	Goliath Cattleya Orchid-flowered. Ex-	10	3 00	1107	PHLOX Drummondii. 6 in. to I ft. Among	10	2 23
1050	guisite	10	3 50		the best of all garden plants, producing masses		
1057	Giant Trimardeau. Enormous in size and	10	0.00		of flowers of dazzling colors constantly all		•
10.57	great variety of colors	. 10	2 00		summer.		
1058	Trimardeau Giant Spotted Parisian. Extra	. =0			Annual Varleties:		
	large; gorgeous colors	10	2 50	1185	Holmes' Large-flowering. Mixed colors	10	75
1059	Cassier and Trimardeau Mixture. Superb			1186	Starred and Fringed. Charming in shape;		
	mixture of large flowers	10	2 25		all colors	10	75
1060	Very Fine Mixture, composed of all the sepa-	_		1187	Meteor. Brilliant scarlet	05	75
	rate varieties. Remarkably showy	10	1 25	1188	alba. White flowers	05	80
1061	Holmes' Large-flowering, Mixed (Butterfly			1189	Apricot. Beautiful shades	05	2 50
4010	Mixture)	10	2 00	1190	Shell-pink. Very dainty	05	75
1062	English Pansies, Mixed (the old "Faced Pansy"). Plants of compact habit	10	2 00	1191 1192	Dwarf Compact. All colors	05 05	1 40 50
1063	French Faced, Mixed	10	2 00	1192	Splendid Mixed. All colors and kinds Perennial Variety:	05	50
1064	Cassier's Very Large-flowered Blotched.	10	2 00	1200	decussata. 2 ft. All colors; flowers in splendid		
1004	The largest flowered class of Blotched Pansies.	•		1200	panicles	05	1 50
	Our famous, very showy and especially rich			1210	PHYSOSTEGIA denticulata (False Dragon	00	1 00
	strain: quality unsurpassed	10	3 50		head). P. 3 to 4 ft. Spikes of tubular	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1065	Bugnot's Superb Blotched. A very beautiful				flowers of all colors	10	20
	class. Large flowers, with broad blotches,				PINKS. See Dianthus and Carnations.		
	many having the two upper petals finely				PLATYCODON (Chinese Bellflower). HP. 2 ft.		
	lined; great variety of handsome and rare				Splendid hardy garden plants bearing beautiful		
	colors	10	3 50	101-	blue and white bell-shaped flowers in profusion.	0.5	
1066	Bugnot's Exhibition. Saved from best			1215	grandiflorum. Blue; large flowers	05	15
	selected plants. An incomparable strain,	15	8 00	1216	grandiflorum album. White flowers	05	15
10/7	producing many beautiful and rare varieties	15 15	8 00	1217	Japonicus fl. pl. (Double Japanese Bellflower). Deep blue	15	40
1067	Bugnot's Dark Brown Shades	15	0 00		Deep blue	15	• <b>m</b>

POCKET FLOWER. See Calceolaria. POPPIES (Papaver). Brilliant and showy garden flowers, growing freely from seed. Sow where

	nowers, growing neery nom seed. Sow where	
	intended to bloom, as they will not stand	
	transplanting.	
	Annual Varieties, Single:	
E	Dettillomt Describer of 1	x

	transplanting. Annual Varieties, Single:		
1225	Brillant. Dazzling red	Pkt.	Oz.
1226 1227	Brilliant. Dazzling red Danebrog. Scarlet; silvery white spot Dwarf Shirlay. Beautifully variageted	05 05	30 25
1228	Maid of the Mlst. White; fringed	05	30
1229 1230	Japanese Dwarf. Mixed colors.	05 05	30
1230	Annual Varieties, Double:	05	50
1240	Gardinal. Hyprids; scarlet; enormous size.	05	20
1241 1242	Golden Gate. All colors; magnificent Improved Carnation-flowered. Fringed	05	20
1242	flowers; all colors	05	20
1243	Perennial Varieties:	05	25
1250	Oriental Giant, Enormous: brilliant	05	75
1251 1252	bracteatum. Brilliant scarlet, black spot nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). Brilliant	05 20	\$1 00 · 75
1253	Mixed Hybrids. Gorgeous large flowers	10	1 00
	POPPY MALLOW. See Callirhoe. PORTULACA. A. Trailing. Forms a brilliant		
	display of many-colored flowers, surmounting		
	peculiar heavy foliage. Sow where they are to bloom when ground is warm.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1263	Finest Single Mixed. All colors	05	15
1264	Finest Single Mixed. All colors Double Rose-flowered Mixed. All colors PRIMULA (Primrose). 6 in. to 2 ft. Most beauti-	05	50
	ful greenhouse and garden plants, with dainty		
	flowers of all colors. Our seed is saved from		
	the finest specimens and is unexceptionally pure. Fringed Chinese Varleties:		
1270	Holmes' Prize Mixture. Contains only the very finest varieties. Seed selected		
	from prize-winning plants	25	75
1271	from prize-winning plants alba magnifica. White, with yellow eye	35	75
1272 1273		35 35	75 75
1274	Kermesina splendens: Crimson	35	75
1275	Rosy Morn. Tender pink Obconica gigantea Varietles:	35	75
1280	lilacina. Pale lilac	20	65
1281 1282	lilacina. Pale lilac rosea. Brilliant pink Kermesina. Bright crimson	20 20	65 65
1283	alba. Pure white. Hybrids, Mixed. All colors	20	65
1284	Hybrids, Mixed. All colors Obconica grandiflora Varieties:	20	65
1290	compacta. Dwarf; rosy lilac	• 25	65
1291	fimbriata. Fringed; all colors	10 25	65 65
1292	Miscellaneous Varieties:	23	۰ <b>-</b> 05
1297		25	65
1298 1299	malacoides. New. Lilac: in clusters	25 25	65 65
1304	cortusoides Sieboldii. Mixed colors; for garden or pots.	15	65
1305			
1306	and well known	10	20
	The common bardy Primrose of gardens	10	40
1310	PUERARIA Thunbergiana (Kudzu Vine). HP. Climber. The fastest growing vine known. Immense heart-shaped leaves and purple pea-		
	Immense heart-shaped leaves and purple pea-		
	shaped flowers. PURPLE FOUNTAIN GRASS. See Grasses.	05	30
1315	<b>PYRETHRUM roseum.</b> HP, 2 ft. Rose-colored,		
	daisy-like flowers QUAKING GRASS. See Grasses. RED-HOT POKER. See Tritoma.	10	25
	RED-HOT POKER. See Tritoma.		
	RESEDA. See Mignonette. RICHARDIA (Calla). See Bulbs.		
	<b>RICINUS</b> (Castor-Oil Plant), A. 6 to 12 ft.		
	Magnificent foliage plants with enormous leaves and clusters of beans.	-	0
1320	leaves and clusters of beans. Holmes' Giant. Enormous brown leaves.	Pkt.	Oz.
	15 ft	10	50
1321	from light green to purplish red to ft	05	15
1322		05	15
1323	Mixed. All kinds and colors ROSES, All Kinds. See Hardy Roses. ROSE CAMPION. See Agrostemma.	05	15
	ROSE CAMPION. See Agrostemma.		
1328	ROSEMARINUS officinalis (Rosemary). HP. 2 ft. Shrub-like plant, with fragrant foliage and blue flowers. Vields aromatic oil	Ɗl≁t	Lge. Pkt.
	and blue flowers. Yields aromatic oil	05	25
	RUDBECKIA (Conenower). HP. 2 to 3 II.		
	Strong-growing plants, bearing great numbers of ray flowers on long stems.		
1333	laciniata (Golden Glow), Bright vellow	05 05	20 20
1334 1335	purpurea. Reddish purple, brown disc superba. Yellow with brown disc SALPIGLOSSIS (Velvet Flower). HHA. 18 in.	05	15
	SALPIGLOSSIS (Velvet Flower). HHA. 18 in.		
	Beautiful orchid-like flowers, exquisitely marked and veined.		
1340	Emperor. New. Wondrous gold-veined flowers		
1341	in clusters	05	40
	veined with gold	05	30
1342	Mixed Hybrids. All colors and markings	05	25
	of all garden nowers, bearing great masses of		
1247	brilliantly colored blossoms in spikes.	10	30
1347 1348		15	40
1349	splendens (Scarlet Sage). Brilliant	05 15	30 40
1350	ATTACK AND SOUSCALLED AWARD AND A	13	40

Zurich. Crimson-scarlet; dwarf...... 15 SAND VERBENA. See Abronia. 1350

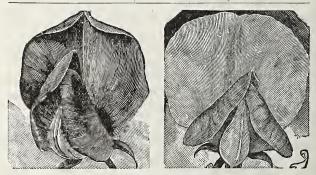
	SATIN FLOWER. See Godetia.		
	SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride). HIIA. 2 ft. Easily grown garden plants.	Dist	Las Dist
1355	Double Black. Black-purple	05	Lge. Pkt.
1356	Dwarf Double Mixed. All colors	05	15
1360	SCARLET SAGE. See Salvia. SCHIZANTHUS Wisetoniensis (Butterfly Flow-		
1500	er). HHA. 18 in. Orchid-like flowers of.		
	sensitive plant. See Mimosa.	05	65
1265	SENSITIVE PLANT. See Mimosa.		
1303	SMILAX (Myrsiphyllum asparagoides). GP. Climbing. Delicate greenhouse climber, with	Pl++	Oz.
	heart-shaped leaves	10	5
1270	SNAPDRAGON. See Antirrhinum.		
1370	GP. I ft. Handsome pot-plant for the		
	house, with vellow flowers followed by scarlet		
1275	cherry-like seed-pods	05	40
1575	SOLIDAGO Canadensis (Goldenrod). HP. 3 ft. The well-known wild flower of autumn, with		
	golden plumes	05	50
1	SPEEDWELL. See Veronica.		
	SPIDER PLANT. See Cleome. SQUIRREL-TAIL GRASS. See Grasses.		
1380	STOKESIA Cyanea (Stokes' Aster), HP, 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> to		
	2 ft. Splendid aster-like flowers of pale blue.		
	Always in bloom STRAW FLOWER. See Helichrysum.	10	\$2 50
	STOCKS, Ten weeks (Matthiola; Cut-and-Come-		
	Again). HHA. I to $1\frac{1}{2}$ it. Old favorites of		
	the garden, with splendid spikes of fragrant flowers of all colors.		
1385		19	40
1386	Holmes' New Largest-flowering Globe		
1387	Pyramidal. Mixed	10	50
1307	<b>Emperor.</b> Extra large; mixed colors <b>SUMMER HYACINTH.</b> See Bulbs.	10	60
	SUNFLOWER. See Helianthus.		
	SWAN RIVER DAISY. See Brachycome. SWEET ALYSSUM. See Alyssum.		
	SWEET ALISSUM. See Alyssum.		
	ATELET DED OF STOL OF		

# 1390 NEW RED SUNFLOWER

The plants grow strong and sturdy to a height of 7 to 9 feet—according to the richness of the soil and the sunny warmth of location—producing several large flowers of refined form, the rays wide and long, the disc or center, small. The coloring varies from golden-yellow, splashed with red, to nearly all red, but the great majority will be Gaillardia colored, that is a wide or narrow zone of red surrounds the purplish-black center, the ends or tips of the petals being of a rich golden-yellow color; this combi-nation is very rich and effective. Of course a small proportion of the plants may produce all yellow flowers, but even these will be showy and desirable. The seed may be sown in the onen ground when warm enough—or it

The seed may be sown in the open ground when warm enough—or it may be started in the house or hotbed. The plants commence flowering in about eight weeks from seed sowing, and should stand not nearer than three feet apart for best development.

Price, per Packet, 15c.



# SWEET PEAS

All our strains of Sweet Peas are grown especially for us by one of the best experts in the country, and we can recommend them as being abso-lutely fresh and true to name. The new types listed below will be a reve-lation to the lover of Sweet Peas, as they are of size, color and form never dreamed of before by the enthusiast.

### BEST SPENCER VARIETIES

CREAM-YELLOW SHADES	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
1400 Primrose Spencer	05	40	\$1 25	\$4 00
DEEP ROSE, or PINK SHADES				
1406 Beatrice Spencer	05	25	75	2 50
1407 George Herbert	05	25	75	2 00
1408 Helen Lewis	05	35	1 00	3 50
LIGHT PINK SHADES				
1415 Blanche Ferry Spencer	05	40	1 25	4 00
14I6 Countess Spencer	05	25	75	2 50
1417 Mrs. Routzahn Spencer	05	40	1 25	4 00
MAROON SHADES				
1420 Othello Spencer	05	35	1 00	3 00
WHITE SHADES				
1425 White Spencer. Pure white	05	40	1 25	4 00
1430 Holmes' Superb Spencers, Mixed.		-		
All colors	05	35	1 00	3 00

### SWEET PEAS-continued

### UNWIN WAVED VARIETIES

UNWIN WAVED VA	AKIE	TIES	9		
LAVENDER SHADES	Pkt.	Oz.	1⁄4 lb.	Lb.	
1435 Frank Dolby	05	35	\$1 00	\$3 00	
LIGHT PINK SHADES					
1440 Gladys Unwin	05	20	50	1 50	
ROSE-PINK SHADES	*				
445 Phyllis Unwin	05	25	75	2 00	
WHITE SHADES			с,		
1450 Nora Unwin. Pure white 1455 Holmes' Superb Unwin's Mixed.	05	25	75	2 00	
1455 Holmes' Superb Unwin's Mixed. All colors	05	20	50	1 50	
LARGE-FLOWERING GRAM	NDIF	LOR	А ТҮ	PES	
This list contains the best of the standard panded or hooded petals.	1 Sweet	Peas,	with lar	ge, ex-	
DARK BLUE SHADES	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.	
1460 Navy Blue	05	15	40	\$1 00	
DEEP PINK SHADES					
1465 Coccinea 1466 Janet Scott	05 05	15 25	40 75	$   \begin{array}{c}     1 & 00 \\     2 & 00   \end{array} $	
LAVENDER AND BLUE SHADES	00				
1470 Countess of Cadogan	05	' 15	35	75	
1471 Helen Pierce	05	20	50	1 50	
1472 Mrs. Walter Wright	05	15	35	75	
LIGHT PINK SHADES	0.5	-		1 50	
1480 Agnes Eckford	05 05	20 15	$50 \\ 40$	$     1 50 \\     1 00 $	
1481 Blanche Ferry. 1482 Blanche Ferry, Extra Early	05	15	40	1 00	
1483 Katherine Tracy	05 05	15 15	40 40	$     \begin{array}{r}       1 & 00 \\       1 & 00     \end{array} $	
1483 Katherine Tracy 1484 Lovely 1485 Prince of Wales	05	15	40	1 00	
MAROON SHADES					
1490 Black Knight	05	15	40	1 00	
1491 Othello	05	15	40	1 00	
ORANGE SHADES	05	15	40	1 00	
1500 Henry Eckford 1501 Miss Willmott	05 05	15 15	40 35	1 00 75	1
PRIMROSE SHADES					No.
1505 Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon	05	15	35	75	1
RED SHADES					X
1510 America	05	15	40	1 00	and a
1511 George Gordon 1512 King Edward VII	05 05	15 15	35	75 1 00	N.
1512 King Edward VII	05	15	$40 \\ 40$	1 00	
VIOLET AND PURPLE SHADES					
1520 Duke of Westminster	05	15	40	1 00	
WHITE SHADES					
1525 Blanche Burnee. Pure white	05	15	40	1 00	
1526 Dainty	05 05	15 15	40 40	$     \begin{array}{c}       1 & 00 \\       1 & 00     \end{array} $	
1526 Dainty 1527 Dorothy Eckford. Pure white 1528 Lottie Eckford. 1529 Phenomenal.	05	15	40	1 00	
1529 Phenomenal 1535 Holmes' Superfine Mixture. All	05	15	40	1 00	
colors	05	15	40	1 00	

### FOR CHRISTMAS FORCING

<ul> <li>1540 Burpee's Early White</li></ul>	· 05 · 05 · 05 · 05 · 05 · 05 · 05 · 05	Oz. 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1/4 lb. 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	Lb. \$2 00 2 00
colors SWEET ROCKET. See Hesperis.	. 05	15	50	1 50
SWEET SULTAN. See Centaurea.				
SWEET WILLIAM. See Dianthus. TAGETES. See Marigold.				
TASSEL FLOWER. See Cacalia.				
TOUCH-ME-NOT. See Impatiens.				
1560 THUNBERGIA (Black-eyed Susan).				DI
Bears a profusion of flat white, orange flowers, with bold black c	enters	and PRt.		e. Pkt. 20
1563 TRITOMA (Flame Flower; Red-Hot	Poker).	TP.	·	20
3 ft. Long, compact spikes of o				
flowers. Brilliant and showy UMBRELLA PLANT. See Cyperus	•••••	10	)	30
VELVET FLOWER. See Salpigloss	is.			
VERBENA. HA. 11/2 to 2 ft. The	e well-kn	own		
old favorites of the garden, with fl				0
fragrant flowers of all colors. Alw 1565 Extra Choice Mixed. Specially set	ays in blo	ed., $0$		Oz. \$1 50
1566 Holmes' Mammoth. Extra large	mixed	10		1 50
1567 Scarlet Defiance. Brilliant color.				2 00
1568 Pure White. Very choice		05	5	2 00
1569 Blue with White Eye. Extra fine		05		2 00
1570 Blood-Red, White Center		10		2 00
1571 Auricula-flowered. Mixed colors	• • • • • • •	13	,	2 00

1581	VERONICA spicata (Speedwell). HP. 18 in.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	Fine border plant; long spikes of blue flowers.		30
	VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle). HP. 1 ft.		
	Dwarf bedding plants, with glossy green foliage		
	and dainty flowers.		
1586	alba. White with rose eye	10	20
1587	alba pura. Pure white	10	20
1588	rosea. Rose with dark eye	10	20
1589	Mixed. All colors	10	20
	VIOLET, Sweet-scented (Viola odorata). TP.		
	6 in. The favorite fragrant flowers, blooming		
	all season. Seed germinates slowly.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1595		10	40
1596	Single White Czar. Large; white	10	40
1597		10	40
	VIRGIN'S BOWER. See Clematis.		
	WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus). TP. 18 in.		
	Handsome garden plant, bearing spikes of		
	fragrant flowers.		
1605	Fine German, Double. All colors; selected	-	40
	seed	20	40
1606	Single Mixed. All colors; brilliant	05	15
	WAX FLOWER. See Mesembryanthemum.		
	W1LD CUCUMBER. See Echinocystis.	•	
	WIND FLOWER. See Anemone.		
	WISTARIA. See Climbing Plants.		
1616	XERANTHEMUM (Everlasting Flower). A. 2 ft.		
	Interesting plants bearing peculiar straw-like		
	flowers; fine for winter decorations. Double	05	15
	mixed	05	15
	YARROW. See Achillea.		

# Holmes' Improved Giant Large-flowering Double Zinnias

ZINNIA (Youth and Old Age). A. Favorite garden flowers; among the easiest to grow and bloom.

For many years we have been working on a strain of Giant Zinnias, as many of these beautiful flowers would run back to the small type. The strains from abroad seem to give the poorest flowers. This year our seed was grown in Colorado, and to our surprise we had flowers ranging in size from  $4\frac{1}{2}$  to  $5\frac{1}{2}$  inches across. The illustration above shows a flower which measures  $5\frac{1}{2}$  inches across and had to be reduced to go in our catalog.

1626	Mammoth (Robusta Plenissima). Flowers of mammoth size, perfectly formed, very double and of striking colors; a fine strain; 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Pkt.	Oz.
	feet <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz., 25 cts.	10	\$1 00
1627	Flesh-pink. Delicate shade 1/4 oz., 35 cts.	10	1 25
1628	Crimson. Very rich $\dots$ $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35 cts.	10	1 25
1629	Canary. Clear yellow	10	1 25
1630	Jacqueminot. Rich crimson-		
	scarlet	10	1 25
1631	Purple	10	1 25
1632	Scarlet. Bright and fiery $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35 cts.	10	1 25
1633	White. Pure white $\dots$ $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35 cts.	10	1 25
	Dwarf Varieties: 18 in.:		
1634	Snowball. Pure white	05	75
1635	Fireball. Brilliant red	05	75
1636	Pompon. Smaller flowers, all colors	05	75
1637	Mixed. All kinds and colors	05	60



A Neat Hedge of Ligustrum Ovalifolium (California Privet)

# Suitable Shrubs for Hedges

Many people are now planting hedges instead of building fences which neither add to the appearance or value of the home grounds. With hedges the direct opposite is true, for a home, planted on either side with an attractive, well-kept hedge, is sure to be worth more money than a home where a fence is used between your grounds and those of your neighbor's. In the following list are numerous hedge plants which are easy to keep in order and are well adapted to this locality.

# Berberis. Barberries

BARBERRY THUNBERGII. (THUNBERG'S, OR JAPANESE BAR-BERRY.) This is without doubt one of the best plants for hedge; for regardless of whether it is given attention or not the effect is always good. Barberry can be planted and allowed to grow naturally. An excellent effect is attained if you prune this plant, for with this variety you can make a hedge of almost any design or shape. The leaves are small, dark green and change to red in fall. The plant bears a mass of bright scarlet fruit which remains through the winter.

				Each	Per	10	Per 100
I	to	1½	feet	25	\$1	75	\$13 00
11/2	to	2	feet	35	2	00	15 00
2	to	3	feet	45	3	00	18 00

**B. VULGARIS PURPUREA.** (PURPLE BARBERRY.) The foliage of this hedge plant is violet purple, which color is strongly marked when this variety is planted near shrubs that have green foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet	75	\$6 00	\$40 00

B. VULGARIA. (COMMON EUROPEAN BARBERRY.) An excellent hedge plant, also useful in mass planting. In early summer it bears numerous yellow flowers, and in autumn an abundance of orange-scarlet fruits.

	Each	Per	10	Per 100
$1_{2}^{1/2}$ to 2 feet	35	\$2	25	\$16 50

# Ligustrum. Privet

LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM. (CALIFORNIA PRIVET.) A vigorous, low-growing plant that will stand any amount of pruning. The leaves are large, glossy dark green and remain on the plant until late winter. Makes a very dense hedge.

	Per	10	Per	100	Per 1000
8 to 12 inches		75	\$4	50	\$35 00
1½ to 2 feet	\$1	00	7	00	55 00
2 to 3 feet	1	25	8	00	65 00
Extra Bushy, Grown Espec	iallv	for So	reen Pl	anting	r

				Each	Per 10
3	to	4	feet	\$1 25	\$7 00
4	to	5	feet	1 50	8 50

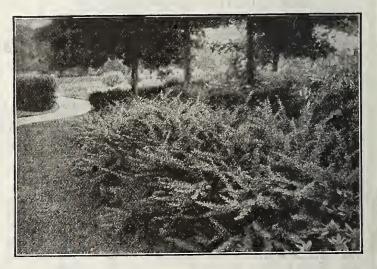
# Thuya. Arborvitae

THUYA OCCIDENTALIS. (COMMON AMERICAN ARBORVITAE.) An excellent plant for hedges if it receives a little pruning. Fully described and priced under Evergreen Trees

TSUGA CANADENSIS. (CANADIAN HEMLOCK.) Grows to considerable height and is unexcelled for wind breaks and screens. Will stand any amount of pruning and can be trained into different shapes as wished. Fully described and priced under Evergreen Trees.

PRICES OF ABOVE				
	Each	10	100	
3 to 4 feet 4 to 5 feet 5 to 6 feet 6 to 7 feet	\$2 00 3 00 4 00 5 00	\$17 50 27 50 37 50 47 50	\$150 00 250 00 350 00	

Freight or Express Charges Must be Paid by Purchaser.



Thunberg's Barberry, whether pruned or not, makes a very attractive hedge

# FRUIT TREES

So many people have inquired of us for fruit trees, that this year we have added to our catalogue a long list of Apples, Peaches, Pears, etc. Of course, there are many varieties of each that are not given here, but we don't care to deviate from our usual custom of selling only what we know to be all right. There is not a fruit listed in this catalogue that we would not plant ourselves. Therefore, any selection you make from those given here may be fully relied on. They are tested and tried sorts, and the kinds that always "make good," whether it be in the home garden or commercial orchard.

# Apples

Prices of Two-Year Budded Apple Trees:

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet	45	\$4 00	\$35 00
4 to 5 feet	50	4 50	40 00
5 to 6 feet	60	5 00	45 00

JULY. (FOURTH OF JULY.) An excellent red Apple, fit for use in early summer.

RED ASTRACHAN, Summer, Skin red; flesh delicious.

RED JUNE. (CAROLINA RED JUNE.) Summer. Red. An excellent eating Apple.

WILLIAMS. (WILLIAMS' EARLY RED.) Summer. A reddish Apple of large size; flesh is tender, juicy, and possesses a pleasing flavor.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Summer. A handsome Apple that grows well all over the country. Fruit is large; skin is yellowish; flesh is tender, juicy, and possesses a good flavor.

**GRAVENSTEIN.** Fall. A perfect fruit with a handsome yellowish skin striped with red. The flesh is yellow, firm, juicy, of excellent quality; flavor palatable.

**GRIMES.** (GRIMES GOLDEN.) Fall. A large size Apple, with golden yellow skin dotted gray. The flesh is tender, juicy, crisp and the flavor is good. The tree is hardy and productive.

MCINTOSH. (MCINTOSH RED.) Fall. This is a bright red Apple with white flesh, slightly pink towards the core. Flesh is juicy and has a subacid flavor. It will keep a long time and requires no special storage. McIntosh is hardy anywhere and does very well in this section.



Yellow Transparent is one of the best summer Apples

Stayman Winesap is a very delicious Apple

YORK IMPERIAL. Winter. This is one of the most important commercial Apples grown. Its size is medium. The skin is white, with a reddish shade. The flesh is firm, crisp and juicy; flavor is pleasant and mild. The tree is vigorous and productive. Seems to do well wherever planted.

- WINESAP. Winter. Wherever you see a good commercial or home Apple orchard you will find Winesap, for it grows practically anywhere north of Maryland. The fruit is of medium size, with a dark red skin; flesh is a creamy white, tender, crisp and juicy. Winesap belongs in a class by itself, for it will stand shipping long distances without losing any of its selling value. The tree is a strong grower, bears well and does it every year.
- **DELICIOUS.** Winter. This Apple can be told anywhere on account of its shape. It is oblong, quite full at the stem, but at the blossom end it is deeply notched. In quality, Delicious is considered one of the best for commercial orchards. The fruit's color is brilliant dark red, shading to yellow at the blossom end. The flesh is perhaps the best keeping Apple you can find.

✓ STAYMAN WINESAP. Winter. The only reason we can see why this Apple is not planted more extensively in every orchard all over the country is because it is not well enough known. Frankly, we can think of no other Apple that possesses more of every good quality than does the Stayman Winesap. Its size is large, nearly round; has a very high red color and a pleasing appearance. The flesh is white, very fine quality, juicy, and flavor is one of the best. If you have room for only a few trees, plant Stayman Winesap. If you grow for market you can't afford to overlook this variety. It is a moneymaker.

# Peaches

	Each	Pe	r 10	Per	100
I to 2 feet	25	\$2	00	\$17	00
2 to 3 feet	30	2	25	19	00
3 to 4 feet	40	3	00	22	00
4 to 5 feet	50	3	75	24	00
5 to 6 feet	60	s 4	50	26	00

**GREENSBORO.** Ripens June 25 to July 10. It is yellow, with a crimson cheek; flesh is white, juicy and sweet. It is extra large for an early Peach, and on account of its firmness is considered one of the best commercial sorts. Freestone.

**CARMEN.** Ripens July 20. A favorite variety with many growers, for it usually produces excellent prices wherever sold. The fruit is large, pale yellow with crimson cheek. The flesh is tender, creamy white, possessing a spicy flavor. Freestone.

**CHAMPION.** Ripens August I. A large Peach with creamy white skin and red cheek. The flesh is white. The flavor is sweet and very high in quality. Champion is an excellent shipper. Freestone.

BELLE. (BELLE OF GEORGIA.) Ripens August 5. A large showy fruit, with white skin and reddish cheek. The flesh is white, firm and delicious; extra high quality. This is one of the standard market varieties for the east. Freestone.

**RAY.** An extra large Peach of excellent form. The skin is yellowish, nearly all overlaid with red. The flesh is white and firm. The quality is high and desirable in every way. It ships well and arrives at distant markets in excellent condition. Freestone.

FREIGHT OR EXPRESS CHARGES MUST BE PAID BY PURCHASER



Carman Peach is a great favorite

### **PEACHES**—Continued

**ELBERTA.** Ripens August 20. This is a favored variety with many of our leading commercial growers. The fruit is large, yellow with reddish cheek. The flesh is firm, yellow, juicy; flavor is very high, and quality is excellent. Freestone.

LATE CRAWFORD. Ripens September 5. One of the leading late varieties. Is large in size; skin is yellow with red cheek. Flesh is yellow, juicy, possessing a rich flavor. Excellent for either market or home planting on account of its late ripening period. Is considered one of the leading late Peaches. Freestone.

### Pears

Prices of all varieties except Kieffer

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet	50	\$4 00	\$35 00
4 to 5 feet	60	4 50	40 00
5 to 6 feet	70	5 00	45 00

**BARTLETT.** Summer. A handsome golden yellow fruit. Very popular with everyone who grows Pears. The fruit is large and shapely. The flavor is melting and sweet.

- CLAPP FAVORITE. A large lemon yellow fruit with very fine flesh. Flavor rich and sweet.
- DUCHESS. (ANGOULEME.) A large fruit of excellent quality. Flavor very pleasing, melting and buttery. Tree bears when quite young.
- SECKEL. While not as large as some other varieties, Seckel makes up for this deficiency by its excellent flavor and high quality. The flesh is very juicy and the tree is a low grower. For either home or market use Seckel is an excellent variety.

KIEFFER. This Pear is the one that is grown perhaps more extensively than any other one variety that we can think of. Its size is large and the fruit possesses a sweet flavor. The flesh is rather coarse. Kieffer is one of the best for general planting. We have a special price on Kieffer trees.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet, 1 and 2 years	40	\$3 75	\$28 00
4 to 5 feet, I and 2 years	45	4 00	32 00
5 to 6 feet, 1 and 2 years	50	4 50	37 00
FREI	CHT OR	EXPRESS	CHARG

# Cherries

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet		\$3 50	\$28 00
4 to 5 feet	60	4 50	37 00
5 to 6 feet	70	5 50	46 00

# SOUR VARIETIES

MONTMORENCY. Red. Very large in size. The flesh is solid, juicy, with rich acid flavor.

**RICHMOND.** Red. This fruit ripens-quite early. Tree is thrifty and bears heavily; fruit medium sized.

### SWEET VARIETIES

BALDWIN. Red. Flavor sweet and delicious. SCHMIDT. Black. Flavor sweet and pleasing.

### Plums

	Each 40	Per 10 \$3 00	Per 100 \$25 00
3 to 4 feet	50	3 50	30 00
4 to 5 feet	60	4 00	35 00
5 to 6 feet	70	4 50	40 00
ABUNDANCE. Very large, amber color	r. Flesh	juicy;	flavor sweet.

IMPERIAL GAGE. A green variety possessing a pleasing flavor.

ITALIAN. Purple. An excellent sort for either home or market use.

WICKSON. Red. Very large. Flesh firm; flavor delicious.

# Quinces

3 to 4 feet	Each 70	Per 10 <b>\$6 00</b>	Per 100
CHAMPION Large to very large Fri	uit oval in	shape brigh	t vellow

CHAMPION. Large to very large. Fruit oval in shape, bright yellow. Flesh tender, and of excellent quality.

ORANGE. A large bright yellow fruit of excellent quality.



504 5037 00Elberta is one of the best Peaches for either market or tableFREIGHT OR EXPRESS CHARGES MUST BE PAID BY PURCHASER

# SMALL FRUITS

### Grapes

 Strong
 Two-Year
 Vines

 Each
 Per 10
 Per 100

 20
 \$1 50
 \$8 00

One-Year Vines Each Per 10 Per 100 15 \$1 00 \$4 75

**CATAWBA.** Red. This is one of the standard market varieties. Its flavor is delicious and pleasing. Keeps well and is a good shipper.

**CONCORD.** A fine black variety with a splendid juicy flavor. This is considered the best market grape, as it is one of the best keeping varieties. If you plant only one variety, be sure to get Concord.

NIAGARA. White. Berries are good-sized and borne in large bunches. The flesh is pulpy, tender and very sweet. Niagara is the standard white grape. Be sure to plant some this year.

# Blackberries

ELDORADO. Medium size berrics. Jet black in color; flavor is pleasant, melting and sweet.

Each	Per 10	Per 100
20	90	\$4 00

RATHBUN. Extra large berries, glossy black; flesh firm and of excellent quality.

lach	Per 10	Per 100	
20	90	\$4 00	

# Currants

PERFECTION. Beautiful, bright red berries borne in large clusters. Flavor excellent, mild, subacid.

Each	Per 10	Per 100	
20	\$1 25	\$5 50	

 WILDER.
 Red.
 Fruit has an excellent flavor.

 Each
 Per 10
 Per 100

 20
 \$1 25
 \$5 50

# Dewberry

 LUCRETIA. Really a trailing blackberry, but better in quality than any blackberry. Black in color, large and handsome. Flavor excellent.

 Each
 Per 10

 Per 100
 Per 100

 20
 \$1 00
 \$4 50



Montmorency Cherries are great, big fellows FREIGHT OR EXPRESS CHARGES MUST BE PAID BY PURCHASER



It takes but a few Berries like these to make a good shortcake

# Gooseberry

**DOWNING.** A large handsome berry of excellent quality for either dessert or cooking purposes.

hch	Per 10	Per 100
25	\$1 35	\$8 80

# Raspberries

**CUMBERLAND.** An excellent quality Raspberry, ripening in midseason. The berries are large, firm and ship well. The Cumberland is considered one of the best of all black Raspberries.

ST. REGIS. Bright red berries of large size. Flesh firm with a true Raspberry flavor.

**PLUM FARMER.** A new introduction that promises in time to eclipse all other black Raspberries. Its flavor is excellent; flesh is firm and meaty, and the vine is prolific. You will make no mistake if you plant Plum Farmer.

 Each
 Per 10
 Per 100

 Price of above......
 20
 90
 \$3
 75

# Strawberries

BUBACH. An old favorite. The plants are strong growers and the berries are of large size.

100	250	5 00	1000
\$1 25	\$2 00	\$3 25	\$5 50

CHESAPEAKE. Widely planted because of its high value both for market and table.

100	250	500	1000
\$1 25	\$2 00	\$3 25	\$5 50

GANDY. A very late variety of high value. The berries are large, keep well, and the vines bear tremendous crops. 100 250 500 1000

75	<b>\$1</b> 3	5	\$2 00	\$3 75
0				

PROGRESSIVE. Everbearing. Without doubt the greatest strawberry on the market. Bears fruit until November. Try it.

100	250	500	1000
\$2 50 ~	\$4 50	\$7 50	\$13 00

SUPERB. Everbearing. A good companion for Progressive. Berries are extra large, handsome and delicious.

100	250	500	1000
\$2 50	\$4 50	\$7 50	\$13 00

# NITRO-FERTILE

# THE ODORLESS LIQUID FERTILIZER

Nitro-Fertile is an absolutely odorless plant-food, free from weed seeds and bulk waste, quick in action, widely used by professional florists and growers. It is excellent for house plants and the lawn, shrubbery, flower and vegetable garden can be fertilized throughout the growing season easily and pleasantly; successfully used to force growth. Contains 2% Nitrogen, 3% Phosphoric Acid and 3% Potash. To use, dilute with water in the following proportions: I tablespoonful to a gallon for potted plants; 2 tablespoonfuls to a gallon for shrubs, lawns or gardeh. Will keep indefinitely. Fertilizing with Nitro-Fertile is a simple and economical way of insuring a successful garden. One quart fertilizes 1,500 square feet. One gallon is sufficient for the average lawn and garden for the entire season.

½ PINT	\$	35
1 PINT		60
1 QUART		00
1 GALLON	3	00
5 -GALLON KEG	14	00

"JUST MIX WITH WATER AND APPLY"

makes flowers lawns

vegetables thrive



#### GARDEN TOOLS AND REQUISITES HIGHEST OUALITY ONLY

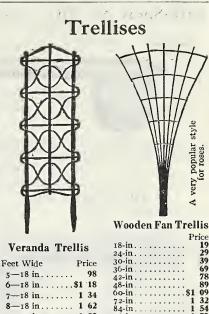




# 5 8 Auto Compressed-Air Sprayer No. 1

This is without doubt the standard of all Compressed Air Sprayers. It consists of a 4-gallon reservoir, made of heavy material, either brass or galvanized steel as ordered. It is operated by working an air pump, with which air is compressed on top of the solution. A few strokes of the plunger will compress enough air to operate the machine several minutes, and two pumpings will discharge all of the contents. This Sprayer, is made of heavy material throughout, and the brass machine, which we strongly recommend, "is practically indestructible, because it can not be affected by the various spray solutions. No other Sprayer will do such a variety of work, and do it so well. The cut shows the air chamber and reservoir, also autopop nozzle. Drice

	PI	ice
Brass tank, with auto-pop nozzle	\$9	75
Galvanized steel tank, with pop nozzle	7	50
Auto-pop nozzle, supplied separately	1	75
Brass extension rods, in 2-foot lengths		65



06-in.

9-20 in.... 1 89

69

79

# HOLMES' STANDARD INOCULATING BACTERIA HASTENS MATURITY

**INCREASES THE YIELD** 

**BUILDS UP THE LAND** 

ENRICHES THE SOIL **IMPROVES THE FEEDING VALUE** 

### Inoculated Soy Bean Plant

### BENEFITS OF INOCULATION

First-Inoculated legumes take nitrogen from the air to supply the plant, resulting in faster growth, earlier maturity and larger crops.

Second—Inoculated legumes take up more nitro-gen than the plant itself requires, the surplus inuring to the benefit of future crops.

Third—Inoculated legumes develop larger root systems than when not inoculated and therefore reach the immense stores of potash and phosphorus in the sub soil, bringing them up to supply the plant.

Fourth—Inoculated legumes, by taking their nitrogen from the air, save the soil. When not inocu-lated they drain the soil of its nitrogen just the same as wheat or timothy or other nonleguminous plants.

Fifth-Inoculated legumes contain more proteid matter than when not inoculated, greatly increasing their feeding value.

EASY TO APPLY-SIMPLY MOISTEN THE SEED BEFORE SOWING FULL DIRECTIONS IN EVERY PACKAGE

### PREPARED FOR

ALFALFA SOY BEANS **COW PEAS** FIELD BEANS NAVY BEANS CANADA PEAS GARDEN BEANS AND ALL OTHER LEGUMES

SWEET CLOVER **RED CLOVER** ALSIKE CLOVER **CRIMSON CLOVER** VETCH SWEET PEAS GARDEN PEAS



Special Mixture for all Garden Beans and Peas

### PRICE

Garden size	40
Acre size	75
Two acre size\$1	
Four acre size	
Six acre size	
By Mail, 5 cts. extra.	
by mail, o cos catta.	

### SPECIAL NOTICE

When ordering state crop to be inoculated, as there is a different bacteria for each legume.

Applied direct to seed. DIRECTIONS IN EACH PACKAGE

INCREASE YOUR CROPS THE WORLD NEEDS THE FOOD. INOCULATE

### Inoculated Soy Bean Root Showing Nodules

### What the Experiment Stations say:

#### NEW JERSEY

Bulletin 226, New Jersey Experiment Station states that inoculation produced an increased yield of 500% on Alfalfa, 75% on Beans, and that Lima Beans and Cow Peas more than doubled.

#### SOUTH CAROLINA

Bulletin No. 53, South Carolina Experiment

Station says: "Inoculation is not a cure-all, but its proper use will send the farmer farther forward in three years than it has been possible for him to go without it in a generation."

### LEGUMES CAN NOT ENRICH THE SOIL UNLESS BACTERIA DEVELOP THE NODULES

"The peculiar value of legumes for maintaining and increasing the fertility of soils is due to certain bacteria which develop nodules upon the roots of leguminous plants and which have the unique power of rendering the free nitrogen of the atmosphere available for plant growth. Without these bacteria, legumes, like other crops, exhaust the soil of its com-bined nitrogen."—Ext. Farmer's Bulletin No. 315.







# Three Good Little Cultivators to Push Along

### PREMO SKABOO

A complete 5-shovel cultivator, with detachable double point reversible shovels. Adjustable from 10 to 14 inches in cutting width. A garden tool that will please the most exacting. Compactly bundled. Weight 21 lbs.

### PREMO DEXTER **CULTIVATOR**

A most complete and desirable garden tool. Strong and durable. Wheel 18-in. by 1-in. tire. Shipped in one bundle complete with three shovels, rake and wrench. Weight 20 lbs.

# No. 1 PREMO CULTIVATOR

A perfectly balanced plow, as the weight is directly over the pivotal point. Handles are adjustable in height to suit operator. Open shovel shank permits any style shovel being used and any pitch desired. Wheels 24-inch. Packed in one bundle with three shovels, rake and wrench. Weight 21 lbs.

# The **<b>DULL-EA5U** Cultivators

These two Junior Cultivators are for women and children to use for preparing the soil and weeding in small gardens and flower beds. Four teeth unbreakable steel-instantly adjustable from 2 to 6 inches wide—no tools needed to adjust.

PEJ1 with ten-inch handle;

The lightest, most efficient wheel cultivator made. Two tools furnished-a spring tool steel weed slayer  $9\frac{1}{2}$  inches wide, and an adjustable nine-tooth cultivator, described below. Wheel I inch by 14 inches; weight 12 pounds; price \$4.00 each.

Wheeled Cultivator Number PEWF

ADJUSTABLE TO 18" WIDE

Junior Cultivators PEJ1, 10" handle PEJ4, 4" handle

This is the most popular Pull-Easy seller. Has a  $4\frac{1}{2}$ -foot French polished handle, adjustable 7 inches to 18 inches wide-used as a rake or cultivator-nine teeth, unbreakable steel, 3 inches long, will mulch and weed perfectly. Weight 3 pounds. Price \$1.50.



ADJUSTABLE

weight one pound; price 60 cents. PEJ4 with four-foot polished maple handle; weight 11/2 pounds; price 75 cents.



Planet Jr. Garden Tools

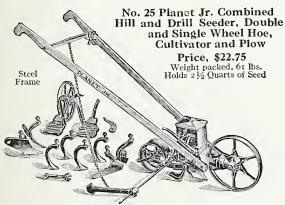


The publicity given to the importance of increased food supply and reducing the cost of living by personal effort has had one effect which will be bene-ficial and lasting; that is, that thousands of people are cultivating gardens this year who have never done so before; thousands of people, therefore, are making a large saving in their living expenses and find out, perhaps for the first time in their lives, what fresh peas, beans and corn taste like when they are right out of the garden. The labor of cultivating these gardens is made easy by the use of the modern seed drills and wheel hoes, as is shown by the fact that many of the most enthusiastic gardeners this year are women. A little subburn and sore hands are the first effects of this garden cultivating, but this is soon succeeded by a sense of pride in achievement, and a toning up of the whole physical system through exercise.



This accurate, durable and easy-running tool sows all garden seeds from the smallest up to peas and beans in hills 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart, or in drills at the proper thickness and depth; rolling down and marking out the next row all at one passage. By removing the seeder parts and substituting the tool frame, you have a first-class single wheel hoe with a set of specially hardened steel tools, the best made for hoeing, plowing, cultivating, opening furrows, billing, etc.

hilling, etc.



This combination is intended for gardeners who have a large enough acreage in crops for a double wheel hoe to be used to good advantage, and yet prefer not to buy seeders and wheel hoes separately; and for the family garden where a double wheel hoe is preferred. As a seeder it is practically the same as the **Planet Jr. No. 4**, and as a wheel hoe has the same steel frames and cultivating attachments as the **Planet Jr. No. 12 Double Wheel Hoe**.

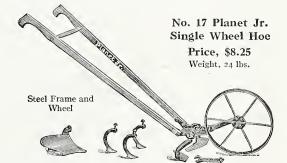


This combination will delight the suburbanite or the growing boy who knows that a certain amount of garden work is to be part of his service. Women, younger or older, will find in this tool a **light running** wheel hoe that will save them hard work and help much to supply the table with fine vegetables.

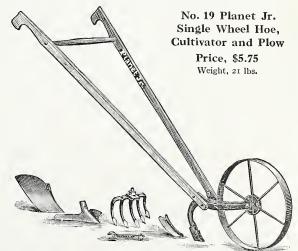
No. 12 Combined Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow Price, \$11.75 Weight, 33 lbs

double and single wheel hoe in one. 14-inch steel wheels,

A double and single wheel hoe in one. 14-inch steel wheels. Straddles crops till 20 inches high, then can be worked between rows with one or two wheels. The hoes are wonderful weed killers and leave the ground almost level. The cultivator teeth are of improved design and admirable for deep work. The plows are invaluable for opening furrows for manure, etc.; for covering and for plowing to or from the crop.



These Single Wheel Hoes are the highest type of their class. They have a great variety of attachments which adapt them to a large variety of work, and there is scarcely any garden cultivation they will not do. The No. 17 has a pair of 6-inch hoes, a plow and a set of cultivator teeth, an outfit sufficient for most garden work.



This attractive implement is especially designed for the farmer's garden work, though it offers to everyone, with either field or garden, a cheap and effective tool for wheel-hoe operations. The high wheel makes easy running; the standard is slotted for depth regulation and an adjustable malleable piece carries any of the steels that go with the machine.

The New "Planet Jr." Catalogue is the handsomest, best and most instructive book ever issued on a similar subject. Full of little points that bring profit. Full of true and handsome illustrations. We mail it free to any address on application.



