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feems to be two Foot; but his Feet, as well as the bottom of the Monster, are spoiled, the Tessellæ representing them being gone. You will easily understand, that the whole Area of the Figure, which is here left blank, ought to be fill'd up with white Tessellæ, in like manner as you see some Intervals of the Figures here. I hope, that what foregoes, will serve to give you a just Idea of this Piece of Antiquity, but forbear to make any Reflections on it, as knowing that your Genius and Studies qualify you for that much better than my self. I am,

Sir,

Leicester, August 7, 1710. Your Affectionate Friend and humble Servant,

SAMUEL CARTE

VI. An Account of the Repetition of an Experiment of the late Dr. Hooke's, concerning two Liquors, which, when mixt together, will possess less space, than when separate: With another Experiment confirming the same. By Mr. F. Hauksbee, F.R. S.

HE Experiment related by the late Ingenious Experimentor Dr. Hooke, in one of his Papers (delivered to me by Mr. Waller) is concerning two Liquors, which, when mixt together, would possess less space than when separate; which he calls a Penetration of Dimensions: And adds surther, that this Penetration is the cause of Hear, of Fire, of Flame, of the Power of Heat,

Heat, Fire, and Gun powder, and several other Phanomena, which seem to be most prodigious and wonderful in Nature. And since the Experiment seem'd so considerable, as to account for several surprizing Operations in Nature, I thought it very worthy an Examination, by

a Repetition of the same.

Accordingly I procur'd a Bolt-Head (fuch as he there describes) with a long small Stem, which I fill'd nearly full of common Water. The Stem was mark'd into feveral Divisions, on a piece of Paper pasted along it; by which means, I diligently observ'd the heigth of the Surface of the Water. Then pouring as much of it out as fill'd a certain Measure, which being thrown away, I fill'd the same Measure, as nicely as possible, to the same height, with strong Oil of Vitriol; which I return'd into the Bolt-Head, in the room of so much Water taken from thence: Upon the mixing of these Liquors enfued a pretty strong Ebullition; and abundance of airy Particles were visibly extricated, and the Surface was not so high in the Stem confiderably, as when it was possest only by Water. But here I must take notice, that two or or three Drops of Oil of Vitriol were accidentally spile. in putting it into the bolt Head; but yet the Experiment was very manifest, in the gradual decrease of the Dimenfions of the Liquors. And 'is to be observed, that altho' they became very warm, yet, contrary to the Nature of most Liquors in such a State, they continued to possess less and less space; which was visible by the finking of the Surface in the Stem of the Bolt-Head; and in about half an Hours time, it had descended above an Inch: And when I visited it on the Monday follow. ing (for the Experiment was made on the Thursday) I found it had subsided at least two Inches below the mark Now whether the Ebullition produced I had left it at. by the Heat, might not evaporate that quantity, which it seem'd to lose in space; or whether, in so many Hours time.

time, as it had been fince the Experiment was made, there might not be such an Evaporation of the parts of the Fluid, as to become equal in bulk to the quantity of the disposses space; and whether it was so or not. I gave my felf the fatistaction after the following manner. Into an upright Glass, that would hold about 2 Ounces of Water, I put a quantity of the same Fluid equal to 885 Grains: Into another Glass of the same form, but smaller, I put a quantity of Oil of Vitriol equal to 456 Grains; which, with their respective Glasses, I weighed altogether in a nice ballance: After which, I put the Oil of Vitriol, Glass and all, into that which held the Water; where immediately a very great Ebullition began, and the Glass that contained them became so hot, as to be but just endured in the Hand. I found in two Minutes time it had lost of its weight about two Grains: And at the end of an Hour, or better, it had decreased in all but 6 Grains and a half; by that time the Conflict was wholly ceas'd, it being then nearly reduced to the Temperature of the outward Air. that, I weighed them at several times, but found them in the same State, as to their weight, as last mentioned. r continued them in the Scale till the next Morning, when I likewise could distinguish no manner of alteration in the fore mention'd weight. From whence it plainly appears, that the decrease of bulk upon the mixing of these Liquors, does not proceed wholly from an Evaporation of their Parts; fince by the last Experiment, the Evaporation continued no longer than the Fermentation lasted; but the decrease of the bulk of the Bodies, feems not to be performed all at once, or in fo short a time, as may be taken notice of in the first Experiment.