fort of Wood, and to the fame Depth, in lefs than Eight or Nine Strokes.

XXXI. Abstracts of the original Papers communicated to the ROYAL SOCIETY by Sigismond Augustus Frobenius, M. D. concerning his Spiritus Vini Æthereus: Collected by C. Mortimer, M. D. Secr. R. S.

R. Frobenius being dead, and fome learned Chemists at Paris, in Germany, and in Italy, having endeavoured, in various Manners, and with different Contrivances, to make this Athereal Spirit; I thought it would be acceptable to the Curious in England, to give them an Abstract of the Three Papers the Doctor communicated to the ROYAL SOCIETY concerning his Spiritus Vini Æthereus. The First he gave in on Feb. 19. 1729-30. along with what is printed in Nº 413. p. 283. of these Transactions, but was defired by the Author not to be published at that Time. In this Paper he fays, you must " take of " Oil of Vitriol, and the highest rectified Spirit of Wine, "equal Parts by Weight, not by Measure: That the " Oil of Vitriol was to be poured by little and little " into the Spirit of Wine, because they will grow hot " upon mixing; that they fhould be fhaken often, that " they may mix thoroughly; then to be digefted gently " in a glafs Retort, and a large Receiver to be applied " and luted on, left the fubtile Spirits fhould fly away : " Then distil them in an Athanor, in gentle Digestion, " for Three Days; and pour back the diffilled Liquor, " till

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" till the Liquor in the Recipient appears double, or of "Two Sorts. Thus far he fays, Sir *Ifaac Newton* was " acquainted with the Process *."

He then proceeds almost in the very Words of the late Mr. Godfry [Hanckewitz] as printed in the Transaction, quoted above, p. 289.

He concludes, by telling us, that the First Part of the Process, till one comes to the Separation of the Two Liquors is mentioned by *Caneparius*, in his Book *de Atramentis*, first printed at *Venice*, and afterwards at *London*; then by the great Mr. *Boyle*; afterwards by Sir *Isaac Newton*: That Dr. *Stahl*, and Professor *Hoffmann*, were the first in *Germany* who knew the first Operation from *Kunckel*; but neither of them brought it to Perfection, or knew the Effects of it \ddagger . In *France M. Homberg* undertook an Experiment fomewhat analogous to this, with Sulphur and Oil.

The Second Paper was communicated on the 12th of *February* 1740 1. in *Latin*, and contains an ample Account of the whole Process, with Improvements and Additions: But as the Author in his Third Paper, given in *Feb.* 19. 1740-1. in *English*, fays that that is the truest and most advantageous Process, I shall prefent it to the Reader as follows, only subjoining the Differences and Additions in the Second Paper, by way of Note or Explication.

^{*} So long ago as the Time of Raymund Lully this Process was in Use: See his Epist. accurtatoria, p. 327. and Weidensfeld's Secrets of the Adepts, p. 251.

⁺ But Baron at Vienna, knew the whole Process; and it is said Frobenius learned it of him.

TAKE Four Pounds in Weight of the best Oil of Vitriol, and as much in Weight (not Measure) of the best *Alcohol*, or the highest rectified Spirit of Winc.

1. First, pour the *Alcohol* into a chosen glass Retort; then pour in, by little and little, One Ounce of Oil of Vitriol; then shake the Retort, till the Two Liquors are thoroughly mixt, when the Retort will begin to grow warm; then pour in more of the Spirit of Vitriol, and shake it again; then the Retort will become very hot. Do not pour in the Spirit of Vitriol too fast, or too much at a time, less the glass Retort, by being heated too fuddenly, should burst: You must allow about an Hour's time for pouring in the Spirit of Vitriol, not pouring in above an Ounce at a time, and always shaking the Retort, till the whole Quantity of the ponderous mineral Spirit is intimately united with the light inflammable vinous Spirit.

2. In the next place, examine with your Hand the Heat of the glass Retort, and have a Furnace ready, with the Sand in the iron Pot, heated exactly to the fame Degree as the Retort has acquired by the Mixture of the Two Liquors : Take out fome of the Sand, and, having placed your Retort in the Middle of the iron Pot, put in the hot Sand again round the Retort, and apply a capacious Receiver to it; fet it into cold Water, and wrap it over with double Flannel dipped in cold Water.

Raife your Fire gradually *, that the Drops may fall fo faft, that you may count Five or Six between each,

^{*} Force it from the Beginning with a pretty ftrong Fire, that not only the Spirit of Wine be carried over, but the Oil of Vitriol along with

each, and that belide this quick Discharge of the Drops, the upper Hemisphere of your Receiver appear always filled with a white Mift or Fumes : Continue this Heat as long as they emit the Scent of true Marioram *.

As foon as the Smell changes to an Acid, fuffocating one like that of Brimflone, take out the Fire, and lift the Retort out of the Sand, and change the Receiver ; for all that arifes afterwards is only a mere Gas of Brimftone, and of no Ufe +.

If you do not use the greatest Precaution, the Liquors in the Retort will run over; the Fire must cease, as soon as the æthereal Spirits are gone over; for there remains behind an Oleum Vini, which is extracted by the Force of the Acid out of the Spirits, which will arife, run over, and often caufe Explosions ||.

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with it; which will most certainly happen, if a middle Degree of Heat be kept up, between a reverberatory Heat and the other Degrees of Fire. For the Spirit of Wine being mixt with the vitriolic Acid in equal Weight, but by unequal Measure; the Spirit taking up double the Room of the Oil, does in a wonderful manner make up the Deficiency of the highest Degree of Heat.

^{*} Towards the End, the Scent will more refemble that of Arrack; continue this Heat for about Three Hours, till the Scent becomes offenfive, and like that of Gas Sulphuris.

⁺ At this time you will fee black Froth arifing, which will certainly burit your Glasses, and deftroy your Work, ir continued.

^{||} The Retort with its Receiver being removed, fet them by in a cold Place; and when all are thoroughly cold, feparate the Receiver from the Retort: There will be Two different Liquors in the Receiver, which pour off through a glafs Funnel into a glafs Bottle, which ftop up very carefully.

The Liquor will be of Two Sorts; that which fwims at Top, inflammable, of the Nature τε Φλογισε; that which finks to the Bottom,

The Second Day, when your Glafs is cold, infufe the Remainder, with half as much *Alcohol* *; and diffil again as before, and you will have the fame: The Third Day again, with as much, and proceed as at first, it gives it again. Go on as long as you can obtain any (of the æthereal Spirit) till all turns to a *Carbo*. Then feparate it, and *alcalize* it with Spirits of *Salt Armoniac* made without Spirits of Wine, till all Effervescence ceases; and diffil it once more \grave{e} *Balneo Mariæ*: So is it ready for Experiments +.

There are more Products to be got from this Procefs; as, 1/t, A balfamic Oil. 2*dly*, A *Terra foliata Tartari* of a glittering Nature, not fulible, as is the common, prepared with Wine-vinegar, and fixt Salt, which is of great Ufe in Medicine: And, *3dly*, A purple Earth out of the *Caput Mort*.

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like Gas Sulphuris, a fulphureous Acid. Separate the one Liquor from the other, by the feparating Funnel (per Tritoreum).

* I suppose he means, pour in half as much fresh Alcohol, as you did at first, that is, Two Pounds Weight, to the Liquor remaining in the Retort.

 \dagger N. B. The above-mentioned Liquors are to be purified from the ftrong-fmelling Sulphur, and fuperfluous Acid, which is performed in the following manner :

Pour the Liquor, which fwam at Top, into a Phial; drop into it Drop by Drop fucceffively, a fufficient Quantity of Spirit of Sal Ammoniac, prepared either from Salt Ammoniac with Quick-lime, or trom Salt Ammoniac and Salt of Tartar, with common Water, and not with Spirit of Wine: Every Operator knows the Quantity; viz. continue dropping in of fuch Spirit upon the Liquor of the Phlogiften, till all Effervescence ceases, and all the acid Taste, with the fulphureous Smell, vanishes, being precipitated by the volatile Alcali to the Bottom.

3dly, Let the whole Liquor be rectified in a frefh Retort by a most gentle Heat of a *Balneum Mariæ*, or of an Hand as hot as that of a Person in a Fever; and then keep it for Chemical Uses.

The Doctor proposed at some subsequent Meeting, to exhibit Four other simple *æthereal Spirits*, but of faline Origins, equally subtile with this æthereal Spirit of Wine.

Soon after this the Doctor died, and never difcovered any thing relating to these elementary athereal Liquors; only in a Paper he left in my Hands, he gave these few Hints of their Nature.

There are Four Spheres opened, one of the Earth, one of the Sea, one of the Air, and one of the Heaven.

N. B. This Earth is of diverse Colours, but it is not the common vulgar Terra foliata of Tartar; for it does not flow in the Fire, nor has the fame Tafte as the common. The common is made by pouring diftilled Vinegar upon fixed Salt of Tartar, till an intire Saturation is made. The Ules of this were formerly known, and I know not by what Fate (fays the Doctor) it is coming into Ufe again now. thought proper to mention the Difference of these Preparations, because I am able, from innumerable Experiments, to demonstrate a real Diverfity in them. I shall feem to have dwelt too long upon one thing, but I hope I shall be the less blamed, since I design to shew, that there are several æthereal Liquors besides this above-deicribed; for there are not only fuch (programa, or) combustible Fluids, but there are likewife faline Liquors, and alfo fome quite infipid, being a Mixture of Combustibles differently graduated, and extracted by no other Heat unless their internal Fire. In a word, as many Spheres as there are of the Elements, fo many æthereal, or (if you rather chuse to call them so) aereal Liquids, viz. the Æther of the Earth, of the Water, of the Air, and of the Fire: Which, with the Leave of the ROYAL SOCIETY, I intend inorthy to lay before them.

⁴thly, The inferior Liquor is to be purified as well as that which fwam on the Top, but it must be done by Oil of Tartar per Deliguium, till all Ebullition intirely ceases: By evaporating all the Humidity of this Liquor, you will have a peculiar Terra foliata Tartari, which, being reduced into a Calx, thines in the Crucible like oriental Pearls, or a Peacock's Tail. This Earth has nothing of a pungent Taste, and is to be esteemed as a Sheet-anchor in the most ardent Fevers.

Wholoever therefore knows how to extract the *Effences* out of Vitriol and Nitre, whole Centres are Salt, (and the Surface of the Earth is Salt),

1. Posses the Salt of the Earth.

2. The Salt of the Sea is made from the Sphere of the Sea, and common Salt.

3. That of the Air is made of Sal Ammoniac and Salts of Vegetables.

4. The Effence of Fire is made foon and eafily from a concentrated Spirit of Wine, or of Vegetables. Thus the Four genuine Elements of Nature are obtained.

XXXII. An Account of the Fire-ball feen in the Air, and of the Explosion heard, on Dec. 11. 1741. by the Right Honourable the Lord BEAUCHAMP, near London.

N Friday the 11th of this Month, being on the Mount in Kenfington Gardens, at a Quarter pait 10 o'Clock, the Sun fhining bright, in a ferene Sky, I faw towards the South, a Ball of Fire, of about Eight Inches Diameter, and fomewhat oval, which grew to the Size of about a Yard and an half Diameter. It feemed to defeend from above, and at the Diftance of about half a Mile from the Earth, took its Courfe to the Eaft, and feemed to drop over Weftminsfter. In its Courfe it affumed a Tail of Fourfcore Yards in Length; and before it difappeared, it divided into Two Heads. It left a Train of Smoke all the Way as it went; and from the Place where it feemed