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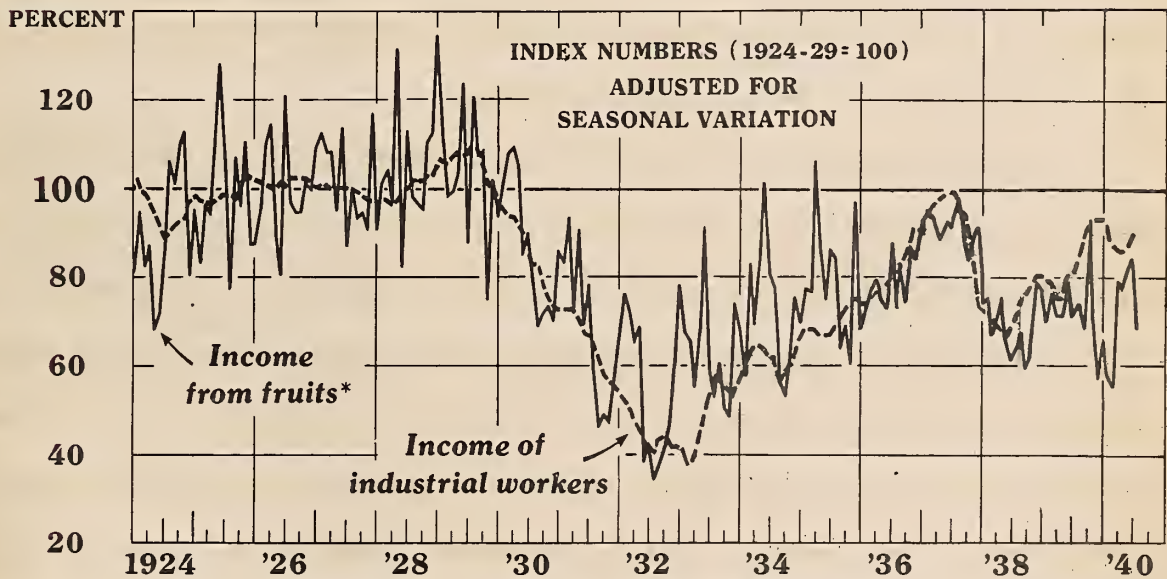
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

TFS-44



AUGUST 1940

### Cash Farm Income from Fruits, and Income of Industrial Workers, United States, 1924 - 40



\*BEGINNING JAN. 1936, DATA ARE REVISED

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

NEG. 31725

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

CHANGES IN CASH FARM INCOME FROM FRUITS ARE USUALLY ASSOCIATED WITH CHANGES IN THE INCOME OF INDUSTRIAL WORKERS. DURING THE 1939-40 SEASON, HOWEVER, CASH INCOME FROM FRUITS WAS RELATIVELY LOW PARTLY BECAUSE OF THE DECLINE IN EXPORTS OF FRESH FRUITS OCCASIONED BY THE WAR IN EUROPE, AND PARTLY BECAUSE OF THE LOSS OF WINTER CITRUS PRODUCTION RESULTING FROM FREEZE DAMAGE.

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T H E F R U I T S I T U A T I O N

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Summary

The total supply of fruits for the fresh market during the 1940-41 marketing season is indicated to be about the same as a year earlier, although total production probably will be slightly smaller. Prospective losses in export volume, and some reduction in the quantities used for canning and drying this season, are expected to offset the decline in total fruit output. Domestic demand is stronger than a year earlier, but export demand for fresh fruits has been very weak throughout the past season, and at present is at the lowest point in years.

Total production of eight of the important deciduous fruits is indicated to be about 12 percent smaller than that of a year earlier, but this reduction probably will be offset in part by larger crops of citrus. In 1939 the output of oranges and grapefruit was reduced materially by winter freezes. Although condition of these crops as of August 1 was lower than a year earlier, it is probable that production will be larger than the final outturn last season. The United States prospective production of commercial apples, apricots, cherries, grapes, peaches, plums, and prunes, is smaller than a year earlier but that for pears is slightly larger.

Canning and drying operations of many fruits on the Pacific Coast are in full swing, and packs somewhat smaller than those of a year earlier are indicated. In some instances the reductions are accounted for by the smaller supplies of fresh fruit, whereas in others they are the result of an attempt to adjust the packs to the probable domestic and foreign demand.

Market prices of most fresh fruits declined seasonally during July but in early August averaged slightly higher than a year earlier. Prices of early

apples, peaches, and of citrus, were particularly higher than in early August 1939. Prices of pears and grapes averaged about the same to slightly lower.

Total production of four important tree-nuts this season is indicated to be smaller than that of last season but substantially above average.

- August 21, 1940

### APPLES

Apple production in 424 commercial counties of the United States is indicated to total 116.7 million bushels this season compared with 143.1 million bushels in 1939 and the 5-year (1934-38) average of 121.8 million bushels. These estimates of apple production are on a slightly different basis from those published in previous issues of The Fruit Situation. The present series includes the total production of apples in the strictly commercial apple-producing counties of each State, and is not comparable with former estimates of commercial production which represented the volume of sales for fresh consumption in the entire State.

The crop this season as measured by the new estimates is sharply reduced from a year earlier, but about equal to the 5-year (1934-38) average in the central and eastern regions and slightly larger than a year earlier in the western region. The greatest reductions from a year earlier occur in the important North Atlantic and North Central States, where production is down 30 and 35 percent respectively.

Although information concerning production or supply by important early varieties is not available, market prices for these varieties this season indicate that the early apple crop is unusually small. Auction prices of California Gravensteins averaged \$2.43 per box at New York in early August this year compared with \$1.50 during the comparable week last year. Also, market prices of early eastern varieties this season to date have averaged substantially above those of a year earlier.

### PEACHES

The peach crop in the 10 early States turned out to be larger than earlier expected, and as of August 1 was indicated to total about 13 million bushels. The crop is about 2 million bushels smaller than that of 1939 and about 1 million smaller than the 10-year (1929-38) average. The marketing of the crop has been somewhat later this season than last, and as a consequence of the carlot movement of peaches in early August was considerably larger than in the corresponding period last season. Market prices declined slightly during recent weeks but in early August averaged well above those of a year earlier.

Marketings of the late northern crop, which is indicated to be about one-fifth smaller than in 1939, are starting. The supply of late peaches in



the North and Central Atlantic Coast States this season is expected to total 8.4 million bushels, or slightly more than in 1939. In the North Central States (including Kentucky and Tennessee) the peach crop is a near failure, totaling only 3.9 million bushels compared with 9.5 million last year. In the Western States (excluding California) the crop totals 4.7 million bushels this season as compared with 4.0 million bushels a year earlier. The shortage of peaches in prospect in the Middle West this season probably will result in an expanded market for western peaches and an outlet for some shipments from the Eastern States during the remainder of the marketing season.

Crop prospects for clingstone peaches in California declined slightly during July, the estimate for August 1 being reduced to 15 million bushels from the 15.6 million indicated a month earlier. The crop last year totaled 15.3 million bushels. The 1940 crop totals 360,000 tons, or only slightly more than the 359,000 tons of clingstones actually marketed in 1939 (299,200 tons canned, 29,800 tons consumed fresh, and 30,000 tons dried).

Because of the prospective loss of the export market for canned peaches this season, the Surplus Marketing Administration has authorized the purchase of 32,000 tons of clingstone peaches at \$20 per ton for relief distribution. A part of the distribution is to be in fresh form immediately and a part canned or dried for later distribution. Such a purchase would leave 328,000 tons for commercial sale, which could include 260,000 tons for canning, 35,000 sold fresh, and 30,000 tons dried. The increase in fresh use over that of 1939 is made possible by the decrease in supplies of late peaches produced in the North Central States and improved consumer purchasing power this season. A marketing order for clingstone peaches was approved by canners and growers in late July which requires inspection, grading, and certification of all canning clingstones, and limits the pack to number 1 grade fruit.

The freestone crop in California is indicated to total 8.4 million bushels (201,000 tons) compared with 8.8 million bushels (211,000 tons) last season, when 110,000 tons were dried, 79,500 tons were consumed fresh, and 21,500 tons were canned. If about the same quantity is dried this season as in 1939 (110,000 tons), only 91,000 tons would remain for fresh use and canning. The prospective loss of the export outlet this season probably will not prove as serious for dried peaches as for some other dried fruits. Only about 15 percent of the pack is normally exported, and this loss this season probably will be offset in part by increased consumer purchasing power. Also, the demand for canned freestones appears to be increasing; and this season the fresh market is somewhat better. It is reported that a larger quantity of freestones will be used for canning in the Northwest this season. In 1939 the pack totaled 350,000 cases; it may reach 500,000 cases this season.

#### PEARS

Crop prospects for pears improved slightly in the three Pacific Coast States but declined slightly in the remainder of the country during July. The United States crop is indicated to total 31.4 million bushels as of August 1 compared with 31 million bushels in 1939. Marketings of California Bartletts are in full swing and those from other States are starting. Auction prices declined seasonally during recent weeks and in early August averaged somewhat below those of a year earlier.

A total of 13.9 million bushels (339,483 tons) of Bartlett pears are indicated for the three Pacific Coast States this season compared with 14.5 million bushels (354,016 tons) in 1939. Canning operations have started in California, but the size of the total pack is uncertain. Domestic market prospects for canned pears are improved somewhat over those of a year earlier but the export outlook is very dark. If the packs of canned pears, and fruit salad and cocktails are limited to domestic requirements, the volume of pears needed for canning would be reduced some 40,000 tons below that of 1939. Also, because of the reduced prospect for exports of dried pears this season, it is probable that the volume of pears used for this purpose will be reduced sharply below that of last season, when it totaled approximately 48,000 tons (California and Washington).

If these reductions materialize there will be a larger tonnage of Bartletts available for the fresh market. Excluding the Pacific Coast Bartletts, a total of 17.5 million bushels of late Pacific Coast and eastern pears is indicated to be available for the fresh market. This supply compares with 16.5 million bushels available last season. The late Pacific Coast crop, a part of which is usually stored for winter marketing and export, is indicated to total 6.6 million bushels or about 600,000 bushels (10 percent) more than a year earlier. Only about 1.9 million boxes of pears were exported last season, and most of these moved during the early part of the season. Exports totaled 3.4 million boxes in the 1938 season. The prospect for the current season is very poor because of war restrictions in the important market areas of Europe.

#### GRAPES

A slight increase in the prospective grape crop in California over that of a month earlier is indicated by August 1 condition. This increase more than offsets a slight decrease in the prospective crop in all the other States combined. The new crop indication totals 2,488,620 tons compared with the 1939 crop of 2,525,830 tons, and the 10-year (1929-38) average production of 2,220,000 tons.

In California, prospects improved during July for all varieties. The production of wine grapes, now indicated at 585,000 tons, is 3 percent larger than in 1939, while that of raisin grapes at 1,232,000 tons is only about 3 percent smaller, and table grapes, at 387,000 tons, is only 1 percent smaller. Early marketings of the table and raisin varieties for fresh use this season to date have been somewhat heavier than in the corresponding period a year earlier, but because of somewhat improved demand conditions, market prices have been maintained at about the same levels as a year ago. Prices of the Thompson seedless varieties have averaged slightly higher but those of the Red Malaga and Ribier have been slightly lower.

A trade estimate of raisin production this season is around 210,000 tons, or somewhat less than the 245,000 tons produced in 1939. A pack of this magnitude would mean that about 392,000 tons of raisin grapes would be available for other uses (canning, wine and juice production, and fresh consumption), compared with only 289,000 tons in 1939. The reduction in the prospective output of raisins is largely a result of an attempt to adjust supplies to the prospective demand for the coming season. It is probable that the export movement will be comparatively small, and there appears to



be some decline in recent years in domestic shipments. In the 1939 season approximately 78,000 tons of raisins were purchased and disposed of by the Surplus Marketing Administration. Over one-half of these surplus purchases were carry-over raisins which have accumulated in recent years as a result of relatively large packs. Although definite information concerning the carry-over this season is not yet available, an analysis of the supply and disappearance data indicates that it probably is close to 80,000 tons.

If this is the case and the pack is about 210,000 tons, the total supply for the 1940-41 marketing season would total 292,000 tons, or some 58,000 tons short of that of 1939-40. This supply would be about normal if the export movement were about equal to the average, but the decline in export prospects is likely to result in some further accumulation of surplus stocks. For this reason a raisin prorata plan is being considered. This plan embodies the inspection, grading, and removal of inferior quality fruit through the operation of a special surplus pool, the establishment of a surplus pool for standard quality raisins to provide for marketing control, and possibly the development of an advertising program.

On the basis of the above utilization of raisin grapes for raisins, the total supply of California grapes for other uses would be about 1,364,000 tons this season compared with 1,248,000 tons so utilized last season. Because of improved consumer purchasing power and a slightly smaller crop prospect for grapes outside of California this season, it is probable that the fresh market will take a slightly larger quantity but the bulk of the increase this year will have to be used for wine and juice production or left unharvested.

#### CITRUS

Market prices of citrus fruits rose seasonally during recent weeks to levels slightly higher than a year earlier. Lemon prices rose to an unusually high level during late July in response to a sudden sharp increase in market demand occasioned by the prolonged spell of high temperatures in the eastern part of the country. By mid-August, however, they had declined to moderate levels.

Although no definite information concerning new crop production is yet available, condition reports as of August 1 indicate that large crops are in prospect. Additional moisture is needed in some sections of Florida and Texas, but the development of the crop in these areas was favorable during July. The condition of oranges in 7 States averaged 70 percent of normal compared with 71 percent a year earlier, and that of grapefruit in 4 States averaged 62 percent compared with 56 percent on August 1, 1939.



## MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS AND NUTS

Changes in crop prospects for the minor fruits and for tree nuts were small during the last month. The earlier forecast of cherry production was decreased slightly, whereas that for apricots, plums, and prunes was increased slightly.

Production of tree nuts, almonds, filberts, and walnuts, is indicated to be reduced somewhat from that of 1939, but production of pecans is increased. The indicated output of almonds is sharply smaller than in 1939 and is slightly below the 10-year (1929-38) average. Prospects for the other types of nuts are above average. The combined total of all four tree nuts is 102,932 tons this season compared with 114,170 tons in 1939 and the 10-year (1929-38) average of 82,724 tons. Because of the war in Europe, imports of these nuts probably will be smaller than usual.

Table 1.- Apples: Commercial production, average 1934-38, and annual 1934-40 <sup>1/</sup>

State	Average 1934-38	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	Indi- cated 1940
	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
Me. ....	567	434	662	403	775	562	1,068	870
N. H. ....	674	440	914	412	1,050	555	1,214	870
Vt. ....	404	264	560	152	737	308	780	437
Mass. ....	2,216	1,689	2,665	1,944	2,653	2,131	2,829	2,242
R. I. ....	282	188	435	242	286	259	275	340
Conn. ....	1,281	750	1,372	1,198	1,670	1,415	1,365	1,248
N. Y. ....	15,723	12,819	17,700	11,520	21,528	15,048	24,650	13,992
N. J. ....	3,650	2,239	4,575	3,027	4,876	3,531	4,252	3,563
Pa. ....	8,981	7,623	10,397	6,938	11,567	8,378	10,998	9,800
Ohio ....	4,698	3,262	6,336	2,676	8,531	2,684	8,756	5,771
Ind. ....	1,464	943	2,032	642	2,568	1,135	2,075	1,100
Ill. ....	2,787	2,270	4,440	1,382	4,395	1,447	4,107	2,178
Mich. ....	7,134	6,011	7,950	6,432	10,026	5,251	10,501	6,786
Wis. ....	595	492	824	426	800	432	684	643
Minn. ....	230	87	390	156	288	229	344	259
Iowa ....	311	245	423	161	366	358	374	454
Mo. ....	1,409	916	2,318	488	2,776	549	2,104	1,281
Nebr. ....	241	155	297	110	301	340	318	299
Kans. ....	714	585	1,131	198	1,141	516	1,074	954
Del. ....	1,596	874	1,537	1,638	2,377	1,554	1,686	1,771
Md. ....	1,922	1,174	2,346	1,809	2,452	1,830	2,362	2,232
Va. ....	10,279	7,411	13,295	7,142	14,898	8,648	10,800	10,150
W. Va. ....	4,622	3,509	5,015	3,910	6,384	4,290	5,670	4,309
N. C. ....	935	772	984	659	1,628	634	1,120	945
Ga. ....	444	418	546	238	745	272	437	462
Ky. ....	287	205	347	112	618	155	426	277
Tenn. ....	225	268	180	143	430	103	228	138
Ark. ....	795	1,083	858	177	1,660	198	648	704
Mont. ....	333	376	409	102	394	384	386	344
Idaho ....	3,635	3,082	5,580	2,592	3,960	2,960	2,574	2,070
Colo. ....	1,517	1,303	1,456	1,900	1,219	1,708	1,058	1,540
N. Mex. ....	679	1,048	476	564	874	432	603	770
Utah ....	356	298	300	397	398	385	395	372
Wash. ....	29,411	30,860	29,565	27,135	29,346	30,150	26,000	28,046
Oreg. ....	3,462	3,778	3,260	3,550	3,320	3,400	2,900	3,120
Calif. ....	7,897	5,820	8,928	8,033	9,339	7,364	8,024	6,384

36 States : 121,755 103,691 140,503 98,608 156,376 109,595 143,085 116,721

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

<sup>1/</sup> Estimates of the commercial crop refer to the production of apples in the commercial apple counties of each State and are not comparable with former "commercial" estimates which represented sales for fresh consumption only in the entire State.

Table 2.- Apples: Commercial production, by groups of States, average 1934-38, annual 1934-40 <sup>1/</sup>

Region	Aver-	Condition Aug. 1 <sup>1/</sup>							Indi-
	age	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	cated
	1934-38:								1940
	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
North Atlantic ...	33,773	26,446	39,280	25,836	45,142	32,187	47,431	33,362	
South Atlantic ...	19,798	14,158	23,723	15,396	28,484	17,228	22,075	19,869	
North Central ....	19,583	14,966	26,141	12,671	31,192	12,941	30,337	19,725	
South Central ....	1,307	1,556	1,385	432	2,708	456	1,302	1,119	
Western .....	47,290	46,565	49,974	44,273	48,850	46,783	41,940	42,646	
United States ...	121,755	103,691	140,503	98,608	156,376	109,595	143,085	116,721	

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

<sup>1/</sup> Estimates of the commercial crop refer to the production of apples in the commercial apple counties of each State and are not comparable with former "commercial" estimates which represented sales for fresh consumption only in the entire States.

Table 3.- Citrus fruits: Condition August 1, average 1929-38, annual 1939-40

Crop and State	Condition Aug. 1 <sup>1/</sup>			Crop and State	Condition Aug. 1 <sup>1/</sup>		
	Aver-	age			Aver-	age	
	1929-38:	1939	1940		1929-38:	1939	1940
	Percent	Percent	Percent		Percent	Percent	Percent
<b>Oranges:</b>				<b>Grapefruit:</b>			
Calif., all .....	73	68	74	Fla., all .....	66	54	65
Valencias .....	74	70	71	Seedless .....	---	---	65
Navels and miscellaneous ..	72	65	78	Other .....	---	---	66
Fla., all .....	73	77	64	Tex. ....	61	55	54
Early and mid-season .....	---	---	64	Ariz. ....	82	63	68
Valencias .....	---	---	64	Calif. ....	77	70	76
Tangerines .....	64	52	69	4 States .....	66	56	62
Satsumas .....	57	67	59	<b>Lemons:</b>			
Tex. ....	66	62	64	Calif. ....	73	66	80
Ariz. ....	79	66	68	<b>Limes:</b>			
Ala. ....	---	70	5	Fla. ....	72	66	45
Miss. ....	---	60	2/				
La. ....	3/ 64	69	60				
7 States .....	73	71	70				

<sup>1/</sup> Relates to crop from bloom of year shown. In California the picking season adopted extends from November 1 to October 31. In other States the season begins about September 1. Indicated production for the 1940-41 season will be issued in October.

<sup>2/</sup> Failure reported.

<sup>3/</sup> Short-time average.

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.



Table 4.- Peaches: Production in Late States, average 1929-38, annual, 1938, 1939, and indicated 1940 <sup>1/</sup>

State	Average 1929-38	1938	1939	Indicated 1940
	<u>1,000 bu.</u>	<u>1,000 bu.</u>	<u>1,000 bu.</u>	<u>1,000 bu.</u>
Delaware .....	299	304	422	400
Maryland .....	371	352	427	450
Virginia .....	906	1,161	1,025	1,345
West Virginia .....	284	184	315	468
Kentucky .....	517	352	562	243
Tennessee .....	1,209	610	1,470	360
New Hampshire .....	18	19	17	17
Massachusetts .....	110	88	74	72
Rhode Island .....	26	27	12	19
Connecticut .....	164	140	84	112
New York .....	1,368	1,134	1,722	1,500
New Jersey .....	1,307	1,172	1,435	1,512
Pennsylvania .....	1,666	1,842	2,460	2,480
Ohio .....	788	481	1,212	492
Indiana .....	408	144	378	58
Illinois .....	1,553	1,480	1,800	204
Michigan .....	1,568	1,341	2,760	1,740
Iowa .....	79	90	110	78
Missouri .....	782	116	1,140	528
Nebraska .....	41	72	70	52
Kansas .....	125	43	154	132
Idaho .....	133	181	136	193
Colorado .....	1,159	1,634	1,575	1,935
New Mexico .....	71	51	73	98
Arizona .....	58	22	51	45
Utah .....	439	573	564	567
Nevada .....	5	6	6	5
Washington .....	1,079	1,428	1,210	1,494
Oregon .....	276	327	391	361
Total above Late States .....	16,809	15,374	21,655	16,960
California, all .....	21,914	20,501	24,043	23,377
Clingstone <sup>2/</sup> .....	14,343	13,042	15,251	15,001
Freestone <sup>3/</sup> .....	7,571	7,459	8,792	8,376
Total United States ..	52,723	51,945	60,822	53,290

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

<sup>1/</sup> For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions. In 1938 and 1939, estimates of such quantities were as follows: 1938 - New Jersey, 70,000 bu.; Washington, 57,000 bu.; Oregon, 12,000 bu.; California Clingstone, 875,000 bu.; 1939 - New York, 120,000 bu.; Utah, 32,000 bu.; California Clingstone, 292,000 bu.

<sup>2/</sup> Mainly for canning.

<sup>3/</sup> Mainly for drying.

Table 5.- Peaches: Production in 10 early States, average 1929-38, annual 1938, 1939, and indicated 1940 1/

State	Average 1929-38	1938	1939	Indicated 1940
	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
North Carolina .....	1,922	2,232	1,305	1,176
South Carolina .....	1,141	1,515	1,636	1,586
Georgia .....	5,029	5,320	3,800	4,154
Florida .....	60	68	33	66
Alabama .....	1,335	1,705	1,705	840
Mississippi .....	798	1,061	1,034	405
Arkansas .....	1,718	2,451	2,615	1,880
Louisiana .....	269	325	409	436
Oklahoma .....	526	429	615	434
Texas .....	1,200	964	1,972	1,976
Total 10 States ..	13,998	16,070	15,124	12,953

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions. In 1938, estimates of such quantities were as follows: North Carolina, 112,000 bushels.

Table 6.- Pears: Production in 3 Pacific Coast States, average 1929-38, annual 1938, 1939, and indicated 1940 1/

State	Average 1929-38	1938	1939	Indicated 1940
	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
Washington, all .....	4,781	6,500	5,779	6,478
Bartlett .....	3,480	4,340	3,700	4,182
Other .....	1,301	2,160	2,079	2,296
Oregon, all .....	3,159	4,249	4,229	4,558
Bartlett .....	1,346	1,437	1,620	1,677
Other .....	1,814	2,812	2,609	2,881
California, all .....	9,530	11,751	10,542	9,500
Bartlett .....	8,417	9,751	9,209	8,042
Other .....	1,112	2,000	1,333	1,458
Total Pacific States .....	17,470	22,500	20,550	20,536
Bartlett .....	13,243	15,528	14,529	13,901
Other .....	4,227	6,972	6,021	6,635
Total United States ...	26,333	32,473	31,047	31,372

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions. In 1938, Washington - Bartlett, 1,208,000 bushels; Other, 320,000 bushels; Oregon - Bartlett, 230,000 bushels; Other, 309,000 bushels; California - Bartlett, 833,000 bushels; Other, 84,000 bushels; 1939, Washington - Bartlett, 185,000 bushels; Other, 350,000; Oregon - Bartlett, 81,000 bushels; Other, 107,000 bushels; California - Bartlett, 83,000 bushels; Other, 125,000 bushels.

Table 7.- Pears: Production by States, (excluding three Pacific Coast States), average 1929-38, annual 1938, 1939, and indicated 1940 <sup>1/</sup>

State	Average 1929-38	1938	1939	Indicated 1940
	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels
Maine .....	12	13	13	12
New Hampshire ...:	14	15	11	15
Vermont .....	8	7	7	6
Massachusetts ...:	72	75	53	54
Rhode Island ...:	10	11	8	8
Connecticut .....	48	49	43	47
New York .....	1,374	1,960	1,749	1,722
New Jersey .....	73	57	52	58
Pennsylvania .....	630	657	918	873
Ohio .....	625	634	956	768
Indiana .....	350	366	527	462
Illinois .....	545	413	668	493
Michigan .....	1,042	1,411	1,354	1,333
Iowa .....	99	104	139	141
Missouri .....	347	66	426	420
Nebraska .....	41	54	55	48
Kansas .....	157	56	151	196
Delaware .....	15	7	9	9
Maryland .....	94	82	81	104
Virginia .....	325	334	189	399
West Virginia ...:	56	35	56	88
North Carolina ..:	260	364	230	288
South Carolina ..:	100	129	104	118
Georgia .....	272	404	281	402
Florida .....	100	156	69	170
Kentucky .....	195	135	206	306
Tennessee .....	226	186	244	142
Alabama .....	280	383	313	238
Mississippi .....	278	462	348	420
Arkansas .....	152	156	211	187
Louisiana .....	115	190	130	209
Oklahoma .....	113	80	92	68
Texas .....	359	440	406	518
Idaho .....	60	67	62	66
Colorado .....	273	251	173	255
New Mexico .....	42	27	45	56
Arizona .....	12	6	11	8
Utah .....	86	127	104	126
Nevada .....	4	4	3	3
Total above States .....	8,864	9,973	10,497	10,836

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

<sup>1/</sup> For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions. In 1938 - New York 140,000 bushels; Pennsylvania, 79,000 bushels; 1939 - New York, 60,000 bushels; Pennsylvania, 73,000 bushels; Ohio, 76,000 bushels; Indiana, 53,000 bushels.



Table 8.- Grapes: Production by States, average 1929-38, annual 1938, 1939, and indicated 1940 1/

State	Average 1929-38	1938	1939	Indicated 1940
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Maine .....	31	30	30	30
New Hampshire .....	90	70	110	110
Vermont .....	39	40	50	50
Massachusetts .....	644	540	700	730
Rhode Island .....	288	220	230	300
Connecticut .....	2,083	1,960	2,460	2,740
New York .....	74,910	55,600	75,600	66,700
New Jersey .....	3,150	2,800	3,100	3,800
Pennsylvania .....	21,770	15,700	23,200	23,300
Ohio .....	27,430	9,800	42,800	39,400
Indiana .....	4,080	2,200	4,800	4,300
Illinois .....	6,490	6,300	8,800	7,500
Michigan .....	57,960	16,900	58,100	56,900
Wisconsin .....	387	430	490	480
Minnesota .....	257	270	290	270
Iowa .....	5,630	5,000	5,800	5,600
Missouri .....	9,380	6,200	12,500	10,300
Nebraska .....	2,520	3,100	3,000	3,600
Kansas .....	3,650	3,100	4,100	3,900
Delaware .....	2,050	1,500	2,000	2,000
Maryland .....	686	580	750	700
Virginia .....	2,280	2,000	2,600	2,800
West Virginia .....	1,298	430	1,750	2,000
North Carolina .....	6,224	6,600	7,500	7,400
South Carolina .....	1,485	1,670	2,020	1,960
Georgia .....	1,411	1,560	1,830	1,970
Florida .....	785	820	670	830
Kentucky .....	1,855	2,390	2,750	2,870
Tennessee .....	1,886	1,590	2,240	1,780
Alabama .....	1,275	1,400	1,710	1,300
Mississippi .....	285	250	290	220
Arkansas .....	9,840	4,800	8,200	9,600
Louisiana .....	54	50	50	60
Oklahoma .....	3,165	2,500	3,200	3,400
Texas .....	2,410	2,000	2,800	2,800
Idaho .....	539	580	580	590
Colorado .....	512	650	500	670
New Mexico .....	1,069	1,240	1,170	1,240
Arizona .....	1,047	730	710	740
Utah .....	952	860	840	890
Nevada .....	94	100	110	100
Washington .....	5,030	5,500	5,700	6,400
Oregon .....	2,280	2,400	1,700	2,300
California, all .....	1,950,700	2,531,000	2,228,000	2,204,000
United States .....	2,220,001	2,703,560	2,525,830	2,488,620

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions.

Table 9.- Grapes: Production in California, by varieties, average 1929-38, annual 1938, 1939, and indicated 1940

State and variety	Average 1929-38	1938	1939	Indicated 1940
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Wine varieties .....	481,800	641,000	569,000	585,000
Raisin varieties .....	1,126,500	1,443,000	1,269,000	1,232,000
Dried 1/ .....	212,560	290,000	245,000	---
Not dried .....	276,200	283,000	289,000	---
Table varieties .....	342,400	447,000	390,000	387,000
California, all .....	1,950,700	2,531,000	2,228,000	2,204,000

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Dried basis: 1 ton of dried raisins equivalent to 4 tons of fresh grapes

Table 10.- Frozen fruits: Cold storage holdings, by varieties, August 1, 1940 with comparisons

Commodity	July 1	Aug. 1			
	5-year average 1935-39	5-year average 1935-39	Aug. 1, 1939	July 1, 1940	Aug. 1, 1940
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
Blackberries .....	Data		2,004	2,665	3,776
Blueberries .....	for		2,621	2,159	1,794
Cherries .....	these		22,021	8,499	21,136
Young, Logan, Boysen, etc.:	earlier		4,474	2,351	3,529
Raspberries .....	years		11,532	4,738	13,324
Strawberries .....	not		51,001	55,177	56,006
Other fruits .....	compara-		14,905	12,665	13,913
Classification not reported .....	ble		23,578	32,639	36,802
Total .....		88,785	113,845	132,136	120,893
				120,893	150,280

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Table 11.- Cherries: Production in 12 States, average 1929-38,  
annual 1938, 1939 and indicated 1940 1/

State	All varieties					
	Average		1938	1939	Indicated	
	1929-38				1940	
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
New York .....	19,094	16,900	27,950	22,130		
Pennsylvania .....	7,491	6,560	12,170	11,520		
Ohio .....	4,696	3,630	8,860	7,180		
Michigan .....	28,310	14,940	37,000	38,870		
Wisconsin .....	8,534	8,600	8,500	12,410		
Montana .....	503	430	360	360		
Idaho .....	2,698	2,490	1,800	2,200		
Colorado .....	3,559	5,280	3,920	4,350		
Utah .....	2,922	4,440	2,450	4,690		
Washington .....	16,850	26,500	26,800	29,800		
Oregon .....	13,990	21,100	21,200	22,000		
California .....	20,720	30,000	36,000	14,100		
12 States .....	129,367	140,870	187,010	169,610		
	Sweet varieties			Sour varieties		
			Indi-			Indi-
	1938	1939	cated	1938	1939	cated
	Tons	Tons	1940	Tons	Tons	1940
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
New York .....	1,440	1,980	1,650	15,460	25,970	20,480
Pennsylvania .....	1,960	3,280	3,450	4,600	8,890	8,070
Ohio .....	180	450	380	3,450	8,410	6,800
Michigan .....	2,240	2,730	3,590	12,700	34,270	35,280
Wisconsin .....	---	---	---	8,600	8,500	12,410
Montana .....	60	60	80	370	300	280
Idaho .....	1,970	1,370	1,670	520	430	530
Colorado .....	280	150	260	5,000	3,770	4,090
Utah .....	3,330	1,380	2,940	1,110	1,070	1,750
Washington .....	19,850	20,000	21,900	6,650	6,800	7,900
Oregon .....	19,250	18,500	19,500	1,850	2,700	2,500
California .....	30,000	36,000	14,100	---	---	---
12 States .....	80,560	85,900	69,520	60,310	101,110	100,090

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions. In 1938, estimates of such quantities were as follows (tons): Idaho - Sweet, 450; Sour, 100; Washington - Sweet, 3,900; Sour, 1,400; Oregon - Sweet, 3,200; Sour, 400; California - Sweet, 4,800. In 1939, Idaho - Sweet, 70; Sour, 60; Washington - Sweet, 1,350; Sour, 450; Oregon - Sweet, 1,870; Sour, 130; California - Sweet, 3,000.



Table 12.-Miscellaneous fruits and nuts, condition August 1  
with comparisons; production, average 1929-38,  
annual 1939 and indicated 1940

Fruit and State	Condition August 1			Production 1/		
	Average:	1939	1940	Average:	1939	1940
	1929-38:			1929-38:		Indicated
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Tons	Tons	Tons
Apricots -						
California .....	61	82	26	231,000	312,000	102,000
Washington .....	2/3/ 68	77	87	6,710	10,700	13,000
Avocados, Florida ...	2/ 65	64	35	1,338	2,500	---
Figs -						
California, dried ..	77	72	85	22,260	26,000	---
California, not " ..	---	---	---	8,690	9,300	---
Plums -						
California .....	69	72	76	61,500	71,000	74,000
Michigan .....	49	63	61	5,390	6,300	5,900
Prunes -						
Idaho .....	62	77	78	17,960	23,500	18,800
Washington, all ...	58	83	53	33,050	34,300	19,600
E. Washington ...	67	77	78	13,250	14,300	14,100
W. Washington ...	54	88	29	19,800	20,000	5,500
Oregon, all .....	55	85	28	113,650	153,800	48,300
E. Oregon .....	63	66	78	12,880	13,800	15,300
W. Oregon .....	55	87	22	100,770	140,000	33,000
California (Dry basis) 4/	64	61	65	198,900	185,000	202,000
Pineapples, Florida ..	3/ 74	3/ 72	3/ 60	5/14,250	5/15,000	---
Almonds, California ..	57	75	41	12,270	19,200	10,800
Filberts -						
Oregon .....	2/ 77	90	73	1,025	3,160	2,810
Washington .....	2/ 68	86	84	2/ 199	590	690
Walnuts -						
California .....	76	84	70	42,030	55,000	47,000
Oregon .....	2/ 70	76	77	2,340	4,400	4,800

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ For some States in certain years, production includes some quantities unharvested on account of market conditions. In 1939, estimates of such quantities were as follows (tons): California, apricots, 8,000; plums, 7,000; prunes, Idaho, 1,200; eastern Washington, 500; western Washington, 4,800; eastern Oregon, 1,200; western Oregon, 18,300.

2/ Short-time average.

3/ Production in percentage of a full crop.

4/ In California, the drying ratio is approximately 2-1/2 pounds of fresh fruit to 1 pound dried.

5/ Boxes.

Table 13.-Pecans: Production by States, average 1929-38, annual 1938, 1939, and indicated 1940

State	All varieties							
	Average		1938		1939		1940	
	1929-38						Indicated	
	1,000 pounds		1,000 pounds		1,000 pounds		1,000 pounds	
Illinois .....	173		75		160		195	
Missouri .....	896		148		500		544	
North Carolina :	902		1,188		764		984	
South Carolina :	1,013		1,100		1,265		1,215	
Georgia .....	6,982		8,122		8,700		8,680	
Florida .....	1,376		1,774		1,560		1,512	
Alabama .....	2,800		2,280		4,035		2,082	
Mississippi ...:	4,610		4,294		7,018		2,264	
Arkansas .....	3,414		2,240		3,543		3,375	
Louisiana .....	4,410		3,400		4,104		4,674	
Oklahoma .....	12,382		2,100		13,000		16,650	
Texas .....	24,470		23,000		19,000		31,490	
Total ....:	63,430		49,721		63,639		73,665	
	Improved varieties 1/				Wild or seedling varieties			
	Average		1940		Average		1940	
	1929-38		Indi-		1929-38		Indi-	
			cated				cated	
	1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000	
	pounds		pounds		pounds		pounds	
Illinois .....	---	2	2	4	173	73	158	191
Missouri .....	16	7	30	33	880	141	470	511
North Carolina :	638	880	535	748	264	308	229	236
South Carolina :	869	990	1,075	1,069	144	110	190	146
Georgia .....	6,453	7,553	8,091	8,072	529	569	609	608
Florida .....	1,087	1,437	1,271	1,225	289	337	279	287
Alabama .....	2,465	2,052	3,632	1,874	335	228	403	208
Mississippi ...:	2,357	2,147	3,439	1,087	2,253	2,147	3,579	1,177
Arkansas .....	304	290	461	439	3,111	1,950	3,082	2,936
Louisiana .....	1,036	1,020	1,108	1,309	3,374	2,380	2,996	3,365
Oklahoma .....	310	126	520	666	12,072	1,974	12,480	15,984
Texas .....	963	1,000	1,140	1,889	23,507	22,000	17,860	29,601
Total ....:	16,499	17,504	21,304	18,415	46,931	32,217	42,335	55,250

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ Budded, grafted, or top-worked varieties.

Table 14.-Strawberries: Acreage, production and price,  
1940 with comparisons 1/

Group and State	Acreage			Yield per acre		
	10-year			10-year		1940
	average	1939	1940	average	1939	Prel.
	1929-38			1929-38		
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Crates (24 qt.)	Crates (24 qt.)	Crates (24 qt.)
Early -						
Alabama .....	3,920	3,600	3,800	75	85	85
Florida .....	8,420	9,000	7,200	70	85	75
Louisiana .....	20,090	20,000	23,000	64	70	45
Mississippi .....	840	350	300	53	65	60
Texas .....	2,400	1,900	1,700	55	57	60
Total .....	35,670	34,850	36,000	65.1	74.7	56.1
Second early -						
Arkansas .....	18,280	16,900	14,400	43	52	46
California, S. Dist. :	1,690	2,100	2,250	185	156	160
Georgia .....	480	250	200	54	75	60
North Carolina .....	7,790	7,900	6,000	75	64	90
South Carolina .....	500	300	300	66	75	80
Tennessee .....	16,130	17,000	19,500	46	50	35
Virginia .....	6,480	7,700	8,000	76	68	88
Total .....	51,350	52,150	50,650	58.0	60.0	58.9
Intermediate -						
California, other ... :	2,930	3,320	3,500	190	164	135
Delaware .....	4,540	5,000	5,100	55	45	75
Illinois .....	5,100	6,700	7,300	52	65	60
Kansas .....	1,150	1,300	1,400	48	45	40
Kentucky .....	6,820	8,900	8,500	55	60	60
Maryland .....	7,270	7,900	7,900	68	60	85
Missouri .....	10,360	13,500	14,200	40	35	25
New Jersey .....	3,670	4,000	4,400	84	70	85
Oklahoma .....	1,390	900	900	34	45	35
Total .....	43,230	51,520	53,200	63.6	59.5	61.9
Late (1) -						
Indiana .....	2,650	4,000	4,200	68	80	70
Ohio .....	3,940	4,900	4,900	61	90	105
Oregon .....	11,180	12,200	13,400	66	85	100
Washington .....	7,540	7,500	8,000	71	71	89
Total .....	25,310	28,600	30,500	67.7	81.5	93.8
Late (2) -						
Iowa .....	1,490	900	1,000	55	75	60
Michigan .....	9,940	13,000	14,300	61	105	110
New York .....	3,610	4,300	4,700	78	85	90
Pennsylvania .....	3,930	4,800	4,900	65	85	100
Utah .....	1,240	1,300	1,300	60	65	70
Wisconsin .....	1,910	3,000	3,200	54	70	75
Total .....	22,120	27,300	29,400	63.8	91.6	97.9
Total, all States :	177,680	194,420	199,750	62.9	70.1	70.2

Continued -



Table 14.-Strawberries: Acreage, production and price, 1940 with comparisons <sup>1/</sup> - Continued

Group and State	Production			Price per crate <sup>2/</sup>		
	: 10-year :	:	: 1940 :	: 10-year :	:	: 1940 :
	: average : 1939 :	:	: Prel. :	: average : 1939 :	:	: Prel. :
	: 1929-38 :	:	:	: 1929-38 :	:	:
	: 1,000	1,000	1,000	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
	: crates	crates	crates			
Early -						
Alabama .....	292	306	323	2.22	2.25	3.00
Florida .....	589	765	540	4.70	4.15	4.65
Louisiana .....	<sup>3/</sup> 1,268	<sup>3/</sup> 1,400	<sup>3/</sup> 1,035	3.76	3.20	3.55
Mississippi .....	<sup>3/</sup> 42	23	18	2.40	2.80	3.25
Texas .....	130	108	102	3.99	3.25	3.15
Total .....	2,321	2,602	2,018	3.76	3.37	3.74
Second early -						
Arkansas .....	<sup>3/</sup> 784	879	662	2.26	2.35	3.15
California, S. Dist. :	312	328	360	3.07	3.55	4.30
Georgia .....	26	19	12	2.45	2.40	2.50
North Carolina .....	583	506	540	2.49	2.60	3.40
South Carolina .....	33	22	24	2.64	2.40	3.50
Tennessee .....	750	850	682	1.96	2.20	2.50
Virginia .....	<sup>3/</sup> 490	524	<sup>3/</sup> 704	2.10	2.35	1.80
Total .....	2,978	3,128	2,984	2.25	2.48	2.92
Intermediate -						
California, other ... :	552	544	472	2.89	2.50	3.70
Delaware .....	252	225	382	2.18	2.40	1.95
Illinois .....	262	436	438	2.47	1.75	2.50
Kansas .....	56	58	56	2.60	2.05	2.60
Kentucky .....	362	534	510	2.59	1.95	2.60
Maryland .....	495	474	672	2.14	2.15	1.80
Missouri .....	417	472	355	2.80	2.30	3.00
New Jersey .....	308	280	374	2.34	2.80	2.00
Oklahoma .....	47	40	32	2.66	2.15	3.10
Total .....	2,751	3,063	3,291	2.43	2.22	2.49
Late (1) -						
Indiana .....	180	320	294	2.53	1.75	2.00
Ohio .....	244	441	514	2.72	1.90	2.25
Oregon .....	754	1,037	<sup>3/</sup> 1,340	2.33	1.90	1.75
Washington .....	536	532	712	2.21	2.15	1.86
Total .....	1,714	2,330	2,860	2.32	1.94	1.90
Late (2) -						
Iowa .....	88	68	60	3.06	2.35	2.45
Michigan .....	600	1,365	1,573	2.64	1.50	1.65
New York .....	282	366	423	2.96	2.00	1.85
Pennsylvania .....	261	408	490	2.48	2.75	2.50
Utah .....	75	84	91	2.18	2.40	2.00
Wisconsin .....	106	210	240	2.68	2.25	1.90
Total .....	1,412	2,501	2,877	2.61	1.89	1.87
Total, all States :	11,176	13,624	14,030	2.67	2.39	2.51

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

<sup>1/</sup> Estimates include undetermined quantities used for canning, frozen pack, etc.

<sup>2/</sup> Prices received by growers for harvested crop. Preliminary for 1940 crop season and subject to revision December 18, 1940.

<sup>3/</sup> Includes some quantities not harvested.

Table 15.- Citrus fruits: Weighted average auction price per box, New York and Chicago, by specified periods, 1939-40

Market and period	Oranges				Grapefruit				Lemons	
	Calif. Valencias:		Fla.		Fla.		Calif.		Calif.	
	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
New York										
July 13	2.89	3.06	2.33	2.03	1.78	---	3.24	2.47	4.57	4.20
20	2.90	3.01	2.14	2.11	1.92	---	2.67	2.28	4.63	3.88
27	3.11	3.22	2.39	2.38	1.59	2.25	2.15	2.44	4.32	4.70
Aug. 3	3.12	3.39	2.59	2.58	1.48	2.07	2.00	2.51	4.22	8.69
Mo.	2.96	3.13	2.31	2.26	1.65	1.86	2.49	2.41	4.36	5.01
Aug. 10	3.36	3.34	2.80	3.10	1.71	2.41	2.23	2.78	4.51	5.93
Chicago										
July 13	2.83	3.01	2.62	---	---	---	2.37	2.43	4.92	3.46
20	3.12	2.97	3.20	---	1.84	---	2.67	2.25	4.61	3.19
27	2.93	3.08	2.86	---	1.45	---	2.39	2.04	4.14	5.91
Aug. 3	3.09	3.29	2.82	---	1.78	---	1.99	2.27	4.26	7.17
Mo.	2.87	3.07	2.68	---	1.67	---	2.43	2.23	4.59	4.86
Aug. 10	3.12	3.29	---	---	---	---	1.73	2.09	4.32	5.30

Compiled as follows: New York, weekly reports of California Fruit Growers' Exchange; Chicago, Chicago Fruit and Vegetable Reporter.

Table 16.- Apples, western: Weighted average auction price per box, all grades, at New York and Chicago, by specified varieties and weeks, 1939-40

Market and week	1939		1940	
	Winesap, Washington (old crop)	Gravenstein California (new crop)	Winesap, Washington (old crop)	Gravenstein, California (new crop)
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
New York				
July 12	2.12	---	2.39	---
19	2.38	---	2.58	---
26	2.47	1.71	2.74	---
Aug. 2	2.60	1.37	2.70	2.09
9	---	1.50	2.80	2.43
Chicago				
July 12	1.70	---	2.21	---
19	1.30	1.82	2.59	---
26	1.54	1.52	---	2.07
Aug. 2	---	1.32	---	1.82
9	---	1.22	---	1.93

Compiled from New York Daily Fruit Reporter, deciduous section, and Chicago Fruit and Vegetable Reporter.

Table 17.- Grapes, California: Weighted average auction price per lug, at New York and Chicago, by specified varieties and weeks, 1939-40

Market and week	1939				1940			
	Seed- less	Red Malaga	Malaga	Ribier	Seed- less	Red Malaga	Malaga	Ribier
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<u>New York</u>								
July 12	2.47	3.02	---	3.35	2.17	3.37	---	---
19	2.91	2.72	---	3.53	2.04	2.30	1.46	3.16
26	1.77	2.81	---	2.73	1.44	1.50	1.40	2.03
Aug. 2	1.38	1.39	.84	2.08	1.40	1.12	1.10	1.78
9	1.36	1.19	1.17	1.61	1.43	1.12	1.16	1.56
<u>Chicago</u>								
July 12	1.89	2.95	1.74	---	2.34	2.65	---	---
19	2.49	2.70	1.46	2.65	1.57	2.28	1.23	2.58
26	1.51	1.91	1.50	2.63	1.30	1.58	1.15	1.91
Aug. 2	1.26	1.42	---	1.98	1.38	1.28	1.45	1.53
9	1.30	1.37	1.11	1.56	1.48	1.26	1.25	1.60

Compiled from New York Daily Fruit Reporter, deciduous section, Chicago Fruit and Vegetable Reporter.

Table 18.- Pears, California: Weighted average auction price per box, New York and Chicago, by specified varieties and weeks, 1939-40

Market and week	1939		1940	
	Bartlett	Hardy	Bartlett	Hardy
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
<u>New York</u>				
July 12	3.27	---	2.90	---
19	2.46	---	2.74	---
26	2.32	---	2.53	2.08
Aug. 2	2.51	---	2.17	1.72
9	2.63	2.07	2.31	1.71
<u>Chicago</u>				
July 12	2.64	---	2.83	---
19	2.45	---	2.63	---
26	2.34	---	2.44	1/ 2.13
Aug. 2	2.49	---	2.08	1/ .75
9	2.56	---	2.16	---

Compiled from New York Daily Fruit Reporter, deciduous section, and Chicago Fruit and Vegetable Reporter.

1/ Less than 500 boxes.



Table 19.- Fruits: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago, for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No. 1 when quoted) specified weeks, 1940 with comparisons

Market and commodity	Unit	Week ended					
		1939			1940		
		Aug. 12:	July 13:	July 20:	July 27:	Aug. 3:	Aug. 10:
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
<b>New York</b>							
Apples, eastern:	Bushel basket:						
Yellow Trans-	and						
parent 1/	eastern crate:	.56	1.69	1.35	1.10	1.02	.89
Starr 2/	"	.90	1.75	1.34	.97	.80	.74
Williams Red 1/	"	2/ 1.31	---	---	.92	.98	.84
Twenty Ounce 2/	"	---	---	---	1.56	1.06	.84
Avocados:							
Cuba	Crate	1.83	1.64	1.59	1.58	1.52	1.50
Blackberries:							
New Jersey	Quart	.18	.15	.15	.16	.15	.18
New York	"	3/ .16	---	---	.21	.21	.23
Blueberries:							
New Jersey,	Pint	.19	.18	.14	.13	.12	.17
(cultivated)							
Cherries:							
New York (Sweet)	4 qt. basket	---	.45	.47	.68	.88	.84
New York (Sour)	"	3/ .32	.28	.27	.29	.29	.37
Gooseberries:							
New York	Quart	---	.11	.13	.14	.16	.14
Huckleberries:							
Pennsylvania	Quart	3/ .14	.21	.16	.16	.15	.18
Maine	"	.19	---	---	.19	.16	.21
Massachusetts	"	.22	---	---	---	.21	.23
Limes, seedless,							
Persian:							
Florida	Carton	---	1.35	1.35	1.46	1.79	1.69
Peaches, 2-2½ in.							
minimum:							
Georgia Elberta	Bushel	1.57	---	2.06	2.05	1.93	2.02
North Carolina							
Elberta	"	1.42	---	---	1.86	1.80	1.87
North Carolina							
Hiley	"	4/ 1.19	5/ 1.96	1.91	1.74	1.66	---
N. C. and S. C.							
Hale	"	1.94	---	---	---	2.06	1.96
N. C. and S. C.							
Belle	"	1.42	---	1.59	1.56	1.66	1.81
Golden Jubilee 4/	"	1.11	1.88	1.80	---	1.44	1.20
Raspberries:							
New Jersey (red)	Pint	3/ .15	.12	.10	.09	.10	---
New York (red)	"	.20	.11	.09	.09	.12	.18
New Jersey (black)	"	---	.09	.08	.07	---	---
Pears:							
New York,							
Clapps Favorite	Bushel	1.11	---	---	---	3/ 1.75	1.42

Continued -

Table 19.- Fruits: Unweighted average wholesale price at New York and Chicago, for stock of generally good quality and condition (U. S. No.1 when quoted) specified weeks, 1940 with comparisons - Continued

Market and commodity	Unit	Week ended					
		1939		1940			
		Aug. 12	July 13	July 20	July 27	Aug. 3	Aug. 10
		Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Chicago							
Apples, eastern and:							
midwestern:	Bushel basket:						
Oldenburg	and						
(Duchess) <u>1/</u> .....	eastern crate:	<u>2/</u> .54	1.82	1.84	1.78	1.46	1.09
Yellow Trans-							
parent <u>1/</u> .....	"	---	1.63	1.72	1.62	1.47	1.27
Williams Red <u>1/</u> ..	"	---	---	2.24	2.08	1.64	1.26
Wealthy <u>1/</u> .....	"	<u>2/</u> .86	---	---	1.94	1.81	1.76
Avocados:							
California .....	Flat crate	---	2.34	2.28	2.14	1.75	---
Blackberries:							
Michigan .....	16-qt. crate	1.25	---	---	---	1.59	1.69
Blueberries:							
Mich. (cultivated):	Pint	---	<u>6/</u> .23	.16	.14	.13	.14
Michigan .....	16-qt. crate	<u>7/</u> 2.82	4.92	3.85	3.00	2.88	3.62
Cherries:							
Mich. (sweet) .....	16-qt. crate	---	1.79	2.31	2.29	2.41	2.25
Mich. (sour) .....	"	---	1.18	1.52	1.21	1.74	1.92
Dewberries:							
Michigan .....	16-qt. crate	---	---	2.42	1.78	1.64	1.75
Figs, black and							
white:							
California .....	Flat crate	---	<u>3/</u> 1.25	1.12	---	.67	.54
Gooseberries:							
Mich. (Med.-large):	16-qt. crate	---	2.30	2.35	2.30	---	<u>8/</u> 1.62
Limcs, Persian:							
Florida .....	1/4 box	1.25	1.04	1.16	1.44	2.30	1.88
Peaches, 2-2 $\frac{1}{4}$ in.							
minimum:							
Georgia Elberta ..	Bushel	1.55	---	2.53	1.95	1.95	2.14
Arkansas Elberta ..	"	---	---	---	1.89	1.79	2.12
Georgia,							
J. H. Hale .....	"	<u>4/</u> 1.80	---	---	---	---	2.07
Georgia, Hiley ...	"	---	1.06	.85	---	---	---
Raspberries:							
Michigan (red) ...	24-pt. crate	---	4.12	2.83	1.92	1.81	2.94
Michigan (black) ..	"	---	2.57	1.92	1.99	1.84	<u>3/</u> 2.20

Compiled from reports of Agricultural Marketing Service.

1/ 2-1/4 inch minimum. 2/ 2-1/2 inch minimum. 3/ Average for 1 day. 4/ All sources. 5/ Georgia Hileys 1/2 bushel doubled. 6/ New Jersey. 7/ Cultivated. 8/ Overripe.

Table 20.-Fruits: Exports of fresh, dried, and canned from the United States, year beginning July 1938 and 1939

Year beginning July	Fresh fruit									
	Apples		Pears		Oranges		Grapefruit		Lemons	
	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939
	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	boxes	boxes	boxes	boxes	boxes	boxes
July-Dec.	6,139	2,447	3,223	1,748	3,053	1,759	508	381	435	359
Jan. ....	2,396	243	107	65	572	289	118	104	36	42
Feb. ....	1,231	158	43	15	520	336	83	75	37	40
Mar. ....	1,192	167	27	18	915	399	173	81	67	40
Apr. ....	634	96	11	5	1,385	585	168	83	62	37
May .....	396	79	6	9	738	180	147	56	116	47
June .....	83	26	2	2	398	296	109	51	116	45
Total										
July-June	12,071	3,216	3,419	1,862	7,581	3,854	1,306	831	869	610
	Dried fruit									
	Apples		Apricots		Prunes		Raisins		Total 1/	
	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
July-Dec.	9,125	6,060	12,030	13,935	66,143	37,978	54,849	50,673	157,102	118,936
Jan. ....	1,743	512	527	565	7,284	8,333	4,804	3,530	15,958	14,937
Feb. ....	2,513	361	393	514	7,133	5,350	3,195	3,651	14,747	11,285
Mar. ....	979	1,250	542	501	7,370	3,676	3,618	2,793	13,872	8,571
Apr. ....	548	105	439	223	7,131	1,871	3,260	1,450	12,660	4,083
May .....	488	38	287	134	7,902	1,137	4,914	709	14,665	2,130
June .....	419	45	202	88	4,054	1,178	1,984	578	7,185	2,116
Total										
July-June	15,815	8,371	14,420	15,960	107,017	59,523	76,624	63,384	236,189	162,058
	Canned fruit									
	Apricots		Peaches		Pears		Grapefruit		Total 2/	
	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939	1938	1939
	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.
July-Dec.	22,515	27,627	64,388	59,445	47,386	47,893	9,883	14,072	207,144	219,302
Jan. ....	1,824	1,142	4,995	5,259	6,446	2,199	6,209	6,228	23,945	19,412
Feb. ....	1,959	2,205	6,368	8,796	7,251	4,567	6,749	19,784	29,925	42,756
Mar. ....	2,856	1,373	6,901	6,966	6,911	3,490	5,511	6,570	28,907	24,898
Apr. ....	1,844	621	5,572	5,294	4,110	3,264	6,969	2,051	23,209	20,437
May .....	1,558	140	6,646	357	3,537	354	4,750	409	24,512	2,441
June .....	520	37	1,781	293	1,646	150	4,518	4,588	11,573	5,835
Total										
July-June	33,076	33,145	96,651	86,410	77,287	61,917	44,589	53,702	349,215	335,081

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

1/ Includes evaporated and dried fruit for salads, pears, raisins, apples, apricots, peaches, prunes, apple waste (except pomace) and other.

2/ Includes grapefruit, loganberries, other canned berries, apples, and apple sauce, apricots, cherries, prunes, peaches, pears, pineapples, fruit for salads and other canned fruits.



Table 21.- Fruit: Carlot (rail and boat) shipments from originating points in the United States for the week ended August 17, with comparisons

Item	Week ended						
	1939			1940			
	Aug. 19	13	July 20	27	August 3	10	17
	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars
<b>Commercial:</b>							
Apples, western .....	49	16	57	120	81	71	77
Apples, eastern .....	95	49	101	95	71	60	37
Apricots .....	15	212	188	83	21	3	0
Blackberries, dewberries, and loganberries .....	19	0	0	4	0	15	17
Cherries .....	0	29	10	1	0	0	0
Grapefruit .....	75	96	87	75	60	111	88
Grapes .....	895	344	582	632	776	787	829
Lemons .....	395	483	449	763	710	410	449
Mixed citrus .....	111	134	145	146	127	126	145
Mixed deciduous .....	125	55	42	69	63	86	153
Oranges and satsumas ...	1,320	1,393	1,527	1,488	1,484	1,652	1,458
Peaches .....	1,550	1,157	1,798	2,751	1,886	2,758	2,185
Pears .....	1,084	242	435	631	678	955	1,034
Plums and fresh prunes .:	601	445	437	324	322	672	515
Strawberries .....	0	9	0	0	0	0	0
Total .....	6,334	4,664	5,858	7,182	6,279	7,706	6,987
<b>Relief:</b>							
Apples .....	125	0	0	0	15	16	13
Oranges and satsumas ...	66	0	154	168	119	103	109
Peaches .....	34	0	0	56	71	67	1
Pears .....	0	0	0	0	0	7	84
Plums and fresh prunes .:	0	0	0	0	0	0	67
Grand total .....	6,559	4,664	6,012	7,406	6,484	7,899	7,261

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.

Table 22.- Oranges: Total weekly shipments from producing areas, by varieties, June to August 1939 and 1940 1/

Week ended	1939			1940			
	Calif. Ariz. Valencias	Fla.	Total <u>2/</u>	Calif. Ariz. Valencias <u>3/</u>	Fla.	Total	
	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Com-mer-cial <u>2/</u>	Relief pur-chases <u>4/</u>
June 15	1,529	1,096	2,625	2,217	58	2,275	---
22	1,295	1,125	2,420	2,061	40	2,101	---
29	1,247	816	2,063	1,805	23	1,828	---
July 6	1,041	545	1,586	1,267	24	1,291	---
13	1,163	636	1,800	1,507	10	1,517	---
20	1,396	418	1,814	1,654	3	1,657	154
27	1,395	256	1,651	1,658	5	1,663	168
Aug. 3	1,424	210	1,634	1,550	1	1,551	119
10	1,398	59	1,457	1,720	1	1,721	103

Compiled from reports of the Surplus Marketing Administration.

1/ Rail, boat, and truck. No truck shipments reported for Louisiana, Alabama, and Mississippi, total truck shipments originating in Texas; interstate truck shipments from California-Arizona; interstate and intra-state truck shipments (excluding trucked to canners and to boats) from Florida.

2/ Includes shipments from Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, and also tangerines.

3/ Excluding relief shipments.

4/ Purchases made by Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation.

Table 23.- Grapefruit: Total weekly shipments from producing areas, June to August 1939 and 1940 1/

Week ended	1939			1940			
	Fla.	Calif. Ariz.	Total	Fla.	Calif. Ariz.	Total	
	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Cars	Com-mer-cial	Relief pur-chases <u>2/</u>
June 15	384	119	503	46	189	235	---
22	424	86	510	21	166	187	19
29	216	72	288	15	160	175	58
July 6	110	41	151	---	70	70	4
13	102	108	210	1	104	105	---
20	102	103	205	2	93	95	---
27	107	72	179	4	81	85	---
Aug. 3	54	49	103	4	65	69	---
10	23	42	65	---	114	114	---

Compiled from reports of the Surplus Marketing Administration.

1/ Rail, boat, and truck. Total truck shipments originating in Texas; interstate truck shipments from California-Arizona; interstate and intra-state truck shipments (excluding trucked to canners and to boats) from Florida.

2/ Purchases made by Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation.

Table 24.-Fruits, frozen: Cold storage holdings, August 1, 1940, by geographic divisions

Commodity	Unit	New England		Middle		East		West		South		East		West		Mountain		Pacific		Total
		Thou- sands	Thou- sands	At- lantic	Thou- sands	North: Central	North: Central	South: Central	South: Central	North: Central	North: Central	South: Central	South: Central	South: Central	South: Central	South: Central	South: Central	South: Central	South: Central	
<b>In small containers :</b>																				
Blackberries	.....: pound:	3	20	45	3	5	---	2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	57	135	
Blueberries	.....: "	17	545	137	3	34	2	2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1	741	
Cherries	.....: "	31	1,208	163	46	89	---	4	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	72	1,613	
<b>Logan and similar berries</b>																				
.....: "	.....: "	1	14	72	6	12	1	1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	648	755	
Raspberries	.....: "	139	246	361	129	109	9	16	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	459	1,468	
Strawberries	.....: "	943	2,124	1,814	429	1,330	229	245	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4,896	12,071	
Other fruits	.....: "	216	2,107	1,438	105	249	425	36	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4,225	8,801	
Total	.....: "	1,350	6,264	4,030	721	1,828	666	306	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	10,358	25,584	
<b>In bulk or large containers</b>																				
Blackberries	.....: "	17	690	210	387	923	19	35	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2	1,358	3,641
Blueberries	.....: "	44	677	133	172	23	3	1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,053
Cherries	.....: "	132	12,455	3,836	392	133	52	67	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	478	1,978	19,523
<b>Logan and similar berries</b>																				
.....: "	.....: "	17	128	264	54	57	20	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	118	2,116	2,774
Raspberries	.....: "	592	4,347	1,969	447	188	134	19	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	13	4,147	11,856
Strawberries	.....: "	1,276	9,950	6,874	1,630	3,892	155	828	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	413	18,917	43,935
Other fruits	.....: "	156	13,254	4,257	391	891	202	565	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	512	21,686	41,914
Total	.....: "	2,234	41,501	17,543	3,473	6,107	585	1,515	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,536	50,202	124,696
<b>Total, all containers:</b>																				
Blackberries	.....: "	20	710	255	390	928	19	37	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2	1,415	3,776
Blueberries	.....: "	61	1,222	270	175	57	5	3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1	1,794
Cherries	.....: "	163	13,663	3,999	438	222	52	71	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	478	2,050	21,136
<b>Logan and similar berries</b>																				
.....: "	.....: "	18	142	336	60	69	21	1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	118	2,764	3,529
Raspberries	.....: "	731	4,593	2,330	576	297	143	35	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	13	4,606	13,324
Strawberries	.....: "	2,219	12,074	8,683	2,059	5,222	384	1,073	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	474	23,813	56,006
Other fruits	.....: "	372	15,361	5,695	496	1,140	627	601	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	512	25,911	50,715
Total	.....: "	3,584	47,765	21,573	4,194	7,935	1,251	1,821	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,597	60,560	150,280

Compiled from reports of the Agricultural Marketing Service.



