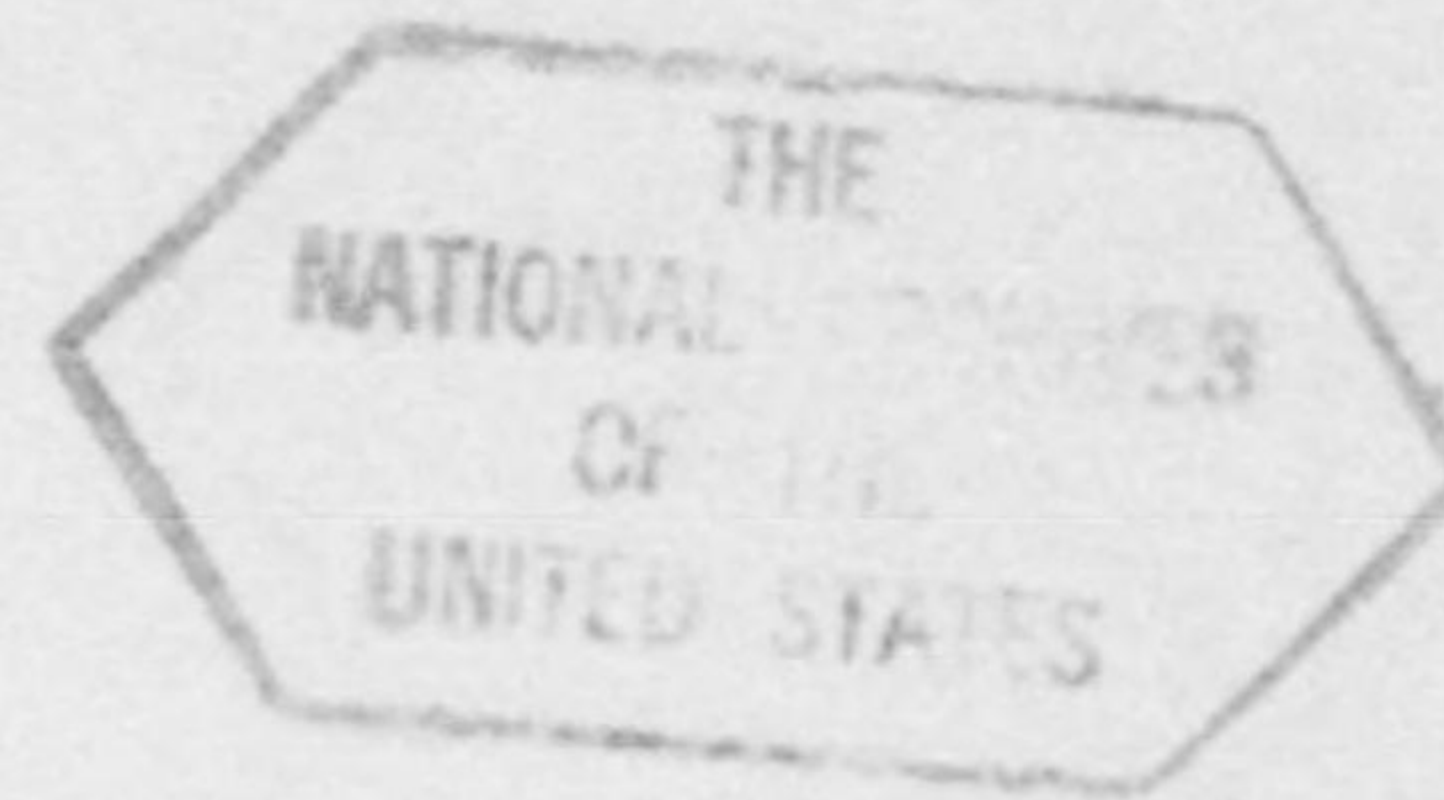


GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331)
Description of contents



- (1) Box no. 2759
- (2) Folder title/number: (8)
 Communist Activities
- (3) Date: May 1948 - Aug. 1949

(4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
9742	c, e, k

- (5) Item description and comment :
 - 1) Kanto
 - 11) Includes Contents List

(6) Reproduction: Yes No

(7) Film no. _____ Sheet no. _____

COMMUNISTIC ACTIVITIES

No.	Date	From	Subject
1.	4 May 48	Saitama	Special Report on a Communistic Member of the Labor Relation Committee
2.	20 Aug 48	Kanto	Secret Communist Directive.
3.	26 Aug 48	Ibaraki	Labor
4.	7 Sep 48	Kanto	Letter of Transmittal
5.	20 Sep 48	Ibaraki	Petition.
6.	19 Oct 48	Nagano	Report on Communist Directive.
7.	Unknown		Books on the Subject of Communism
8.	29 Aug 49	1st Cav	Intelligence Report
9.	13 Aug. 49		Communist Influence in Hospitals

Secret

Communist Influence in Hospitals
Possible Communists to be employed by hospitals in Tokyo
Ltr 13 Aug. 49, From Matsuno Hiroshi, Kokuritsu Oji Byoin, Fukuro-machi
Kita-ku, Tokyo, to
To Tanemura Michihiko, Kokuritsu Mito Byoin, Watari-mura
Higashi-Ibaraki gun, Ibaraki.

Writer states: "To comrade Tanemura-----"

"According to the retrenchment program, hospital workers will be the first to be dismissed, and every branch of the Ministry is now considering how many workers can be kept working.

"Section Chief Osumi does not take this problem seriously because national medical facilities are not overstaffed on the whole

"As for the matter of vacancy for clerks that you inquired about in your letter, I shall submit it to the conference for deliberation. We have now three other applicants for the position. They are all communists and were introduced by Mine, Pharmaceutical Section Chief Yauchi and Chief Secretary Ishida respectively. One of these four including the person introduced by you will be engaged as clerk, but it will be after the General meeting.

"Faced with serious retrenchment problem, we are very busy attending the Branch Chiefs Conference and District Chiefs conference and are preparing for the coming general meeting

Examiners Note: Sender appears to be a Communist. He is a member of the Zen Kokuritsu-Iryo Roso Kanshin Chikyo, Kanto-Shinetsu District Conference of All Japan Medical Workers' Union.

Eval-Alloc: 224-25-8

Comment by: P19 J-4045 TOS 19

Opposition to Personnel Retrenchment Launched in Seiranso Sanatorium
Postcard, 11 Aug 49, From Ando Susumu, Seiranso, Muramatsu-mura, Naka-gun
Ibaraki-ken.

To Mori Kazuo, Kaizuka Sengokuso, Kita Room no 1
119, Nagoshi,
Kaizuka-shi, Osaka
fu, Japan

The KEIKOBAN (Fluorescent Board), the organ of the Seiranso Sanatorium Cell of the NIHON KYOSANTO (Japan Communist Party, list; X-76) reads in parts as follows:
"According to the information given by the ZEN IRO (All Japan Medical Employees' Union, List: H-31), the Welfare Ministry will enter on the personnel retrenchment at the beginning of August, and will announce the discharge of nine hundred employees, who are working at sanatoria. Besides, it is also reported that the change of post will be enforced ahead of the personnel retrenchment. Therefore, strengthening fighting spirits, the union is fighting against it by means of pointing out non-payment of overtime allowances and leaving offices at regular hours so as not to sacrifice a member."

JP/TOK/130829

Comment by: p19 J-3758 TOS 17

Possible Communist Girl Determined to Start Movement in Opposition to
Personnel Retrenchment in National Saitama Sanatorium
Ltr 13 Aug 49, From Tani Takako, Kokuritsu Saitama Byoin, Shirako, Yamato
cho, Kita Adachi gun, Saitama
To Yoshida Sumiko, 29, Udagawa-cho, Nakamura machi,
Soma-gun, Fukushima ken.

Writer states:

"It is my great regret that the masses are still deceived by the reactionary's false reports through radio or press on the SHIMOYAMA and MIKATA incidents, accusing the KYOSANTO (Communist Party) of being the very wire-puller of these cases of terrorism.

"As for the projected personnel cut in this national hospital, I am determined to devote myself to the fighting campaign with the help of a young Communist doctor here in order to let the persons concerned realize, through the campaign, how the power of a systemically organized union is influential upon our welfare.

"I tried to indoctrinate the sister of my elder brother's wife while she was staying in Tokyo, by means of taking her to see the Mat Day Demonstration Parade, Women's Day show, or Soviet movies, and also lending her various progressive magazines, including the AKAHATA. She wrote to me recently, expressing her desire to be introduced to any Communist through the good offices of Mr Yoshida at her native place, Kita Aizu. Her address is as follows: Matsukawa Tomoko, Takahisa, Lozashi village, Kita Aizu country, Fukushima.

Comment by: P19 J-4131 TOS 16

INFORMATION COPY

HEADQUARTERS 1ST CAVALRY DIVISION (INFANTRY)
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2
APO 201

kla

Camp Drake (Tokyo) Japan
29 August 1949

SUBJECT: Intelligence Report

TO : AC of S, G-2
IX Corps
APO 309

1. The following recapitulation of incidents in Ibaraki Prefecture is forwarded as an example of the gangster methods now being used by communists in the Takahagi Coal Mine area.

a. On 04 May 49, approx 120 employees of the Kitagata Coal Mine, stormed the Mine's office and held unlawful collective bargaining by force. Demonstration commenced at 1700K and ended at 2350K.

b. On 09 May 49, unknown procommunist elements threatened the powder men (The term powder men refers to men who handled the dynamite and caps for blasting purposes.) On 15 May 49, Rokunosuke SAITO was confined by the Ibaraki NRP for stealing 50 sticks of dynamite and approx 15 yards of fuse. This incident occurred at the Chiyoda Coal Mine. Saito is at present out on bail, awaiting investigation by the Police.

c. Also on 09 May, at the Sekiguchi Coal Mine, workers threatened the Chief of the Coal Mine Labor Section. Locks on all of the doors were broken and a large quantity of tools were stolen. The Japanese Police are still investigating this case.

d. On 16 and 17 May 49, person or persons unknown cut the telephone lines in Takahagi-machi and stole approx 3,000 yards of telephone wire.

e. On 24 May 49, fire crackers were thrown into the office of the Superintendent of the Akiyama Coal Mine Pit. At the Sekiguchi Coal Mine, street lights were turned off and two union officials of the 2nd Coal Mine Labor Union (Anti-leftist Union) were threatened with clubs.

f. On 13 June 49, an undisclosed number of tires were stolen from the Chiyoda Coal Mine warehouse.

g. On 14 June 49, 78,000 yen worth of rice was stolen from the Kitagata Coal Mine warehouse. (The rice is distributed to the workers.)

h. On 14 and 15 June, approx 10 discharged workers entered the pits of the Chiyoda Coal Mine to attempt to disturb the functioning of the pits.

i. On 24 June 49, children, abetted by older men, urinated in the kitchen of one of the executive's home.

j. On 25 June 49, 15 discharged workers entered the Sekiguchi pits in an attempt to halt operations. The workers were in the pits for approx 1 hour, but their attempt was to no avail.

k. On 6 July 49, at the Kitagata Coal Mine, pro-communists elements broke 29 panes of glass and sounded the emergency siren.

l. On 09 July 49, discharged employees at the Kitagata Coal Mine, who were drunk and carried clubs threatened the staff members of the Mine. Some of the discharged employees were carrying bamboo spears. One of the discharges shout, "We are communists and some day we will win and you and your kind will regret it."

m. On 10 July 49, a near clash between the 1st Labor Union and 2nd Labor Union occurred at the Kitagata Mine. (The 1st Labor Union is pro-leftist and the 2nd Labor Union is pro-rightist. The 1st Labor Union is strongest of the two.)

n. On 16 July 49, person or persons unknown blocked the elevator shaft at the Chiyoda Mine, by placing timbers at the top of the shaft. Three officials of the Chiyoda Mine were injured by the radical elements. Police made an investigation. Investigation negative.

o. On 17 July 49, the homes of the staff members of the 2nd Coal Mine Labor Union were damaged by unknown members of the 1st Labor Union (Pro-leftist). At Chiyoda Mine, Suskichi AKIMOTO, member of the 2nd Labor Union was beaten into unconscious by members of the leftist dominated 1st Labor Union.

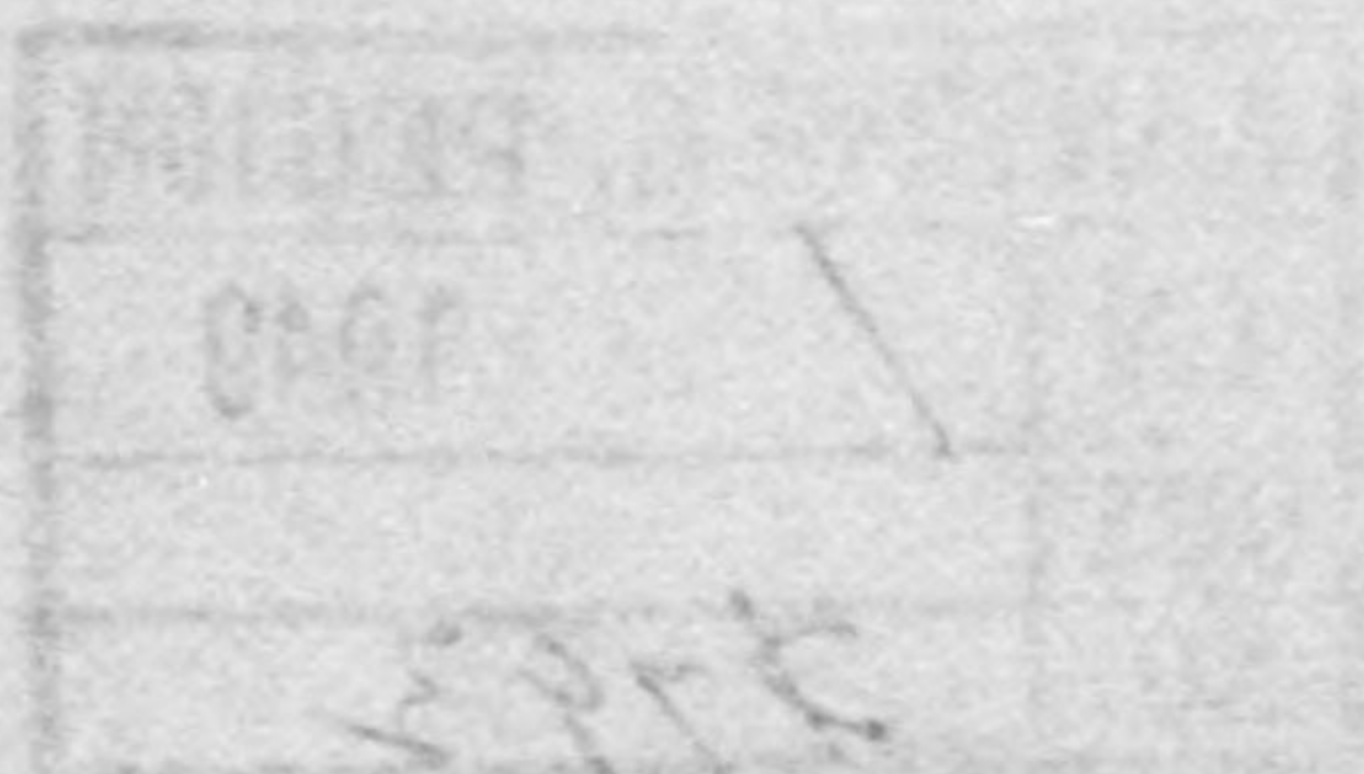
p. On 30 July 49, persons wearing masks ran amok, and damaging the homes of the officials of the Chiyoda Coal Mine. One of the attackers yelled, "It is the same to kill one man as it is to kill a hundred men". This case was reported to the police, and the police are investigating.

q. On 13 August 49, 15 persons wearing towels for masks and wearing dark glasses attacked the home of a Mr. SASAO (Official of the Kitagata Coal Mine.)

r. On 15 August 49, approx 200 pounds of rationed sugar was stolen from the warehouse of the Kitagata Coal Mine. (The sugar is awarded to the workers of the Mine)

2. Ibaraki Civil Affairs Team has been informed.

JOHN J. BEISER
Lt Col., GSG
AC of S, 2-2



BOOKS ON THE SUBJECT OF COMMUNISM

AVAILABLE AT SCAP - CIE INFORMATION CENTERS:

- 335.4 I Blue print for world conquest as outlined by the Communist International. 1946
- 947.08 K *Kravcherko. I chose freedom. 1946
- 335.4 US U. S. Congress. Strategy and tactics of world communism. 1948.
- 335.4 Y Ypsilon. Pattern for world conquest. 1947.
- 947.08 B Barmine. One who survived. 1945.
- 947.08 D Dallin. The real Soviet Russia. 1947.
- 947.08 D Dean. Russia: menace or promise. 1947.
- 914.7 F Fischer. Why they behave like Russians. 1947.
- 331 G Gordon. Workers before and after Lenin. 1941.
- 940.5K *Koestler. The Togi and the commissar. 1945.
- 947.08 P Peters. American capitalism vs Russian communism. 1946.
- 914.7 W White. Report on the Russians. 1945.
- 335.4 E Ebon. World communism today. 1948.
- 327.73 B *Burnham. Struggle for the world.
- 947 V Vrenodsky. A history of Russia. 1944.
947. S Sumner. A short history of Russia. 1943.
- 947 M Maynard. Russia in flux. 1942
- 947.08 C Carr. The soviet impact on the western world. 1947.
- 914.7 C Crankshaw. Russia and the Russians. 1948.
- 914.7 W Walsh. Russia; a handbook. 1947.
- 914.7 S Simmons. USSR; a concise handbook. 1946.

Other books on Communism:

- Andrews. Washington witch hunt. 1948.
- *Avery Communist power in industry
- Baarslag. Communist trade union trickery. 1947.
- Bennett. Christianity and communism. 1948.
- Bern. Behind the red mask. 1947.
- Bishop. Russia astride the Balkans. 1948.
- Browder. World communism and U. S. foreign policy. 1948.
- *Budenz. This is my story. 1948.
- Burns. What is Marxism? 1948.
- *Bullitt The Great globe itself
- Cameron. Scrutiny of Marxism. 1948.
- Campbell. Communist answer to the challenge of our time. 1948.
- Cannon. American Stalinism and anti-Stalinism. 1947.
- Colc. Meaning of Marxism. 1948.
- Coperman. Reason in revolt. 1948.
- Crocl. Russia's race for Asia. 1949.
- Cronin. Communism. 1947.
- Dumenty. Stalin and company. 1949.
- Edel, an. Myth of the iron curtain. 1948.

Fischer. Stalin and German communism. 1948.
 Gitlow. Whole of their lives. 1948.
 Gorky. Culture of the people. 1940.
 Gouzenko. Iron curtain.
 Henderson. Twenty questions about Russia.
 Ingram. Communist challenge. 1948.
 Kolson. Political theory of bolshevism. 1948.
 Lovell. Soviet way of life. 1948.
 Miller. Christian significance of Karl Marx. 1948.
 Norborg. Operation Moscow. 1948.
 O'Rahilly. Aquinas versus Marx. 1948.
 Peters. Secrets of the Communist party exposed. 1947.
 Plamenatz. What is communism? 1947.
 Rohwinkel. Communism and the church. 1948.
 Roy and Spratt. Beyond communism. 1947.
 Sheon. Communism and the conscience of the West. 1948.
 Smith. Climax of civilization. 1947.
 Sprigg. Studies in a dying culture. 1938.
 Swinhart. Communist plot exposed. 1948.
 Thompson. Truth about communism. 1948.
 Utloy. Lost illusion. 1948.
 *Valtin. Out of the night
 *Waldman. Labor lawyer

*Available at special service libraries.

File 091.4
(Nagano 19 Oct 48)
SUBJECT: Report on Communist Directive

1st Ind

JAT/yk

HQ. KANTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION, APO 201, 22 October 1948

TO: Commanding General, IX Corps, APO 309
Attn: Military Government Section, Labor Officer

Forwarded as a matter of information

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

KENNETH G. SEE
1st Lt., QMG
Adjutant

Our File
[Signature]

12

HEADQUARTERS
Kagano Mil Govt Team
APO 151

LHE/24

19 October 1948

SUBJECT: Report on Communist Directive

TO: Commanding Officer
Kanto Military Government Region
APO 201
ATTN: Labor Relations Officer

1. There has been a rumor circulating about the prefecture that an Oral Directive was issued on 14 August 1948 by the Communist Party to all Local Branches.
2. The gist of the rumor is as follows:
 - a. The National Machine and Local Labor Union will take the lead on Autumn Labor Offensive.
 - b. Communist elements shall extend their influence to all large industries. Plan to increase the publicity of communism in order to gain popular support of the general public.
 - c. Organize Youth Democratic Racial Front to be coordinated with Democratic Racial Front Movement.
 - d. Government Railway Workers Union and Government Communications Workers Union have taken the initiative in the struggle and shall continue using tactics, based upon general welfare of public workers and purification of the Dist.
 - e. Unions of such companies as Tokyo Shibaura Electric, Japan Electric Power Generating and Transmitting, Fuji Industrial, Japan Express and Private Railways shall base their offensive on the establishment of a minimum wage system. Using such tactics as management purification and hamper production by failing to follow orders of management in order to enlarge the communistic system and enlighten the political sense of the general public.
 - f. Farmers Union shall stage a "No Delivery Campaign" against the peoples "Give us rice campaign" in order to enlighten the general public of the political aspects of the food collection program. This plan is to be coordinated with the Democratic Racial Front Plan.

~~12~~
6

BASIC: Ltr., Hagano Mil. Govt. Team, APO 181, Subj: "Report on Communist Directive", dtd. 19 October 1948.

g. Management Offensive is expected to begin during September using typical communist tactics in an effort to obstruct managements Contracts. Try to weaken management and hinder production as much as possible superficially insisting upon independence of the race, production recovery and unification of the labor front. Concentrate on medium and small enterprises.

h. Try to expose illegal actions and graft cases of important government officials.

THOMAS H STRATTON
Major, GP
Commanding

126

COPY

HEADQUARTERS
IBARAKI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 181

091.4

20 September 1948

SUBJECT: Petition
TO : Commanding Officer,
Kanto Military Government Region,
APO 201
Attn: Labor Officer

Over File
Int

Forwarded as a matter of information the enclosed statement from the chief of the Government Railroad Workers Union. The writer, Saburo Kubo, was formerly the head of the Ibaraki Federation of Labor Unions and resigned because he wouldn't go along with the Communist Party ideas.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

William D. Cotham, Jr
WILLIAM D. COTHAM, JR
Capt CE
Adjutant

1 Incl:
Statement from Union Chief

*Info copy sent to
Maj Kendrick 1st Corps
1 Oct 48 Int*

~~105~~

BASIC: Ltr Ibaraki Mil Govt Team, Sub.: "petition", dated 20
Sep 48, Incl I.

7 September 1948

TO: Gen. Douglas MacArthur

FROM: Saburo Kubo, Mito Chapter of Railroad Labor Union

I have read SCAP's to the Prime Minister in Japan on the National Public Service Law. Judging from the past labor movements, it can be said that the left wing group has been taking an important and active part in their movements and demonstrations. Political power in Japan was very poor, it is true. In fact, we could not check their movements and demonstrations. Now we are facing the new turning point which will reflect upon us.

We will observe SCAP's letter heartily. We must expel the extreme left wing group from the Labor Union and bring labor union back to its original form. We realize that we should promote for the interest and prosperity of the nation.

Before long our government will proclaim an Ordinance to the National Public Service Law in answer to SCAP's Letter. This Ordinance would be a revision of the National Public Service Law. But in revising the National Public Service Law. But in revising the National Public Service Law, our authorities would interpret SCAP's Letter in a narrow sense of way. They would take the very limited application of the law. So consequently, the revised Ordinance would be parting away from the key points of SCAP's letter.

Expelling Red groups (Communist) out of Labor Union is right, in fact, we are doing so voluntarily. But in the opinion of the membership, it is said to be an oppression to the labor union program. So the saying goes "Legislator would kill a bull just to get the horn".

After the war, as you know, privileged classes of people in Japan were dismissed by SCAP's kind efforts. To this we Japanese thank you heartily for your kind act. But there is still one called Bureaucrat. They are the "die hard" Bureaucrats. This existence of Bureaucrat would be like Cancer in Japan's democratic country. The extreme Left wing group also may be the Cancer of this country. Who will cure this Cancer? The serious suppression against the Labor Union and the limited application of the National Public Service Law can also be Cancer in this country.

SCAP's letter is pointing out this fact. Now we hear that the revision of the National Public Service Law would be proposed at the coming Diet. Is it possible that serious suppression, limited application and expelling communist would be able to cure Cancer? Pray God "Legislator will not kill the bull to get the horn:

If the revised law should pass the Diet, our government will be cultivated by privileged class under glass again.

Infering from our sincerest desire, judging from the current world, would you please indicate to our government that serious restrain and extreme limited application would be an obstacle for the development of a cultural democratic country.

~~10~~

5

PRESS TRANSLATIONS AND SUMMARIES-JAP.

NO. 711

6 Sep 48

POLITICAL

091.4
ITEM 7 Education Policy of Communist Party - Akahata - 1 Sep 48.
Translator: K. Murakami. (RL)

Full Translation:

The educational policy of the Communist Party is not a deceitful policy like that of other parties, but is established on the basis of our party's systematic general, political, economic, and cultural policies.

We Communists will make it our responsibility to put this policy into practice, with as much force on the realization of our party platform, based upon a peaceful democratic revolution. Our policy follows:

1. All expenses for national education shall be obtained from the national treasury. The people shall receive all national education, from primary school to university, free of charge. At least 35 percent of the total national budget shall be appropriated for cultural education.

2. Treatment of teachers:

(a) As teachers need special training and study, they shall be guaranteed not only the minimum livelihood under the minimum wage system, but also a higher standard of living than the general people.

(b) Their office hours shall be limited to seven, while actual teaching hours shall be limited to four hours.

(c) The number of students under one teacher shall be limited to 30 at the most.

3. All facilities for study shall be furnished from the national treasury.

4. Students shall be fully provided with food at school.

Students' school supplies shall be furnished free of charge.

5. Private schools, as a rule, shall not be authorized because private schools tend to exploit labor and strengthen the influence of capitalists and landowners.

6. Program of education:

The objective of our education is to unify studies with labor. The deceitful education of "character training" is the basic policy of the governing class toward slave labor. Although our party recognizes the morality of working men in social life, we do not recognize the forced code of ethics. From this point of view, we propose to abolish the former system made up of moral education and practical scientific education, and shall teach "ethics" through the practical phase of collective school life.

7. School system:

The term of compulsory education shall be 10 years. According to our party's labor policy, children under 16 years of age shall be prohibited from engaging in gainful labor. Children must be in school until they are 16 years of age.

8. Democratization of educational administration:

(a) After thoroughly democratizing the boards of education in the central and local districts, the present Ministry of Education shall be abolished, and the Supreme Council of Culture and Education (tentative name) shall be established in its place.

(b) The system of school inspections by a commission shall be abolished.

(c) Principals shall be publicly elected.

(d) Normal schools shall be abolished. New teachers will be recruited from university graduates, and by re-educating the present teachers.

(e) War criminals shall be thoroughly purged from schools.

In order to ensure the people's right to receive all national education in accordance with Article 26 of the Constitution and Article 3 of the Education Standards Law, the Communist Party is now making arrangements to present the Education Guarantee Law (a part of the Minimum Livelihood Guarantee Law) to the next Diet session.

Our File
let

091.4

HEADQUARTERS
KANFO MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
APO 201

JAT/so

7 September 1948

091.4

SUBJECT: Letter of Transmittal

TO : Commanding General, IX Corps, APO 309
Attn: Military Government Labor Officer

1. The inclosed copy of a special report submitted by Ibaraki Military Government Team regarding a communist led riot which occurred on 24 August 1948, at Hitachi city, Ibaraki Prefecture, is hereby forwarded for your information.

2. No additional information is presently available to this headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

KENNETH G. SEE
1st Lt., Q.M.C.
Adjutant

1 Incl:
Special Report Ibaraki
Mil Govt Team, dated
27 August 1948.

see Spec Rpts File 319.1

74

HEADQUARTERS
IBARAKI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 181

27 August 1948

SUBJECT: Government Workers

TO : Commanding Officer, Kanto Military Government
Region, APO 201
Attn: Labor Officer

Following is a report on 24 hour strike and related facts of Communications Workers at the Hitachi Post Office, Hitachi-machi, Taga-gun, Ibaraki-ken:

A twenty-four (24) hour strike by the Communications Workers at the Hitachi Post Office was scheduled to begin at 0800, 22 August 1948, beginning with the day shift, at 0830 18 of the 21 day shift employees, though present, did not begin their duties. At the request of the Postmaster all but (1) One of the 18 persons went about their duties; Tomatsura, Yoshi (M) 19 years old left the building.

At 1800, 22 August 1948, the twelve (12) night shift employees reported for work, all assumed their duties except one, Nagayama, Heiza (M) 23 years old. He remained in the building but refused to work.

The police, having been warned of the strike in advance, were on duty and investigated Nagayama, who in turn promised to continue work only because of Scap's order.

Thus no 24 work stoppage actually existed.

On Monday, 23 August 1948, 14 persons failed to report for work. During the investigation four (4) of the fourteen (14) absent were found to have legitimate reasons for staying home. The other ten (10) wilfully stayed away from their jobs. On completion of the investigation warrants of arrest were issued by the Procurators office, for the ten (10) persons.

Thuesday, 24 August 1948, two of the agitators were arrested, Tanaka, Yohei (M) 31 years old and nakagawa, Kiyomatsu (M) 24 years old. At 1000 a parade led by Numata, Hidesato, of the Communist Party, marched up to the post office in a protest demonstration. The police, stationed at the post office, spotted 2 of the men in the crowd, for which they had warrants of arrest. The police moved out to arrest the two (2) men and when the crowd resisted, the police, using night sticks, dispersed the crowd and carried out the arrest of

See Lt's Trans KMG-R -1- dtd 7 Sept '48

Ebina, Kiyomatsu (M) 29 years old and Kashiwa, Satao (M) 35 years old. 20 persons suffered minor injuries as a result of the action.

Following the action of the police the demonstration lost its continuity and Numata attempted to reorganize the group, some distance from the scene, and bring reprisal against the police, this failed.

After a short address to the crowd by Numata they were dismissed. There has been no further action as of the date of this report.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s William D. Cotham Jr
WILLIAM D. COTHAM JR
Adjutant

~~775013~~
4

copy

091.4

HEADQUARTERS
IBARAKI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 131

SUBJECT: Labor
TO : Commanding Officer, Kanto Military Government
Region, APO 201
Attn: Labor Officer

26 August 1948

Per File

In compliance with a telephone message from your headquarters, 24 August 1948, the inclosed report is submitted.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER: 319.1

See Spec Rpts File

/s William D. Cotham Jr
WILLIAM D. COTHAM JR
Capt CE
Adjutant

1 Incl:

091.4
(25 Aug 48) 1st Ind JAT/so
HEADQUARTERS KANTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION, APO 201
28 August 1948

TO: Commanding General, IX Corps, APO 309
Attn: Mil Govt Labor Officer

1. In compliance with telephone message from your headquarters, 1830 hours 24 August 1948, the inclosed report submitted by Ibaraki Military Government Team is forwarded.

2. No additional information is available to this headquarters at the present time.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

KENNETH G. SHE
1st Lt., C.M.C.
Adjutant

1 Incl:
Special Report

Basic report dictated to Mrs Rogers IX Corps at
1115 hrs 1 Sept 48 by JAT

3

*Restricted*HEADQUARTERS
KANTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION
APO 201

JAT/so

030

20 August 1948

SUBJECT: Secret Communist Directive

TO : Commanding General, IX Corps, APO 309
Attn: Mil Govt Labor Officer*Over File
JAT*

1. Information available to this headquarters from a confidential source discloses the following:

a. "It is rumored that the Japan Communist Party Headquarters recently issued a secret order directing it's members to incite public disturbance during September. The contents of the order are said to have been the movement to discourage production, the use of force, anti-American movement and struggle against the government authorities".

2. Information previously reported to your headquarters, cite telephone conversation Lt Tillotson to Maj Kendrick 1215 hours 19 August 1948, regarding recent communist activity in Nagano may be related.

3. An effort is being made to obtain additional information such information to be reported to your headquarters as soon as received.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

KENNETH G. SEE
1st Lt., Q.M.C.
Adjutant

*Copy of this sent forward as Incl 3
to Conf. Ltr Ibaraki on 30 Aug 48.
JAT*

*Restricted**270*

Classification Canceled by authority of
CONFIDENTIAL
Col. Ernest A. Merkle by
1st Lt. John A. Tillotson 24 May 48
 SAITAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
 APO 201

418-31

080
~~EX-091111~~

4 May 1948

Our File
~~Part~~

SUBJECT: Special Report on a Communistic Member of The Labor Relation Committee

THRU : Commanding Officer Kanto Military Government Region, APO 201

TO : Commanding General IX Corps, APO 209

1. Pursuant to verbal message received from Kanto Military Government Region, APO 201 on the above subject the following information is submitted.

2. Mr. Masata Suzuki, communist member for N.C.I.U. of the Saitama Labor Relation Committee is currently in office and has been in this work for the past three years. The chief of the Labor Relation Committee, Mr. Hirose, has been consulted as to the inadvisability of allowing this representative to remain in office and he stated that he had informed the Governor, and the Labor Ministry as a result of a previous conference with Military Government and to date no governmental action has been taken.

3. Instructions for action by Military Government are desired on the advisability of allowing the communistic member to remain in office.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

Clarence W. Carlson
 CLARENCE W. CARLSON
 Capt. CAV
 Labor Officer

1st Ind.

EAM/cap

HEADQUARTERS KANTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION, APO 201, 24 May 1948

TO: Commanding Officer, Saitama M. G. T., APO 201.

1. Information contained in basic correspondence does not warrant classification and is therefore declassified per par 16 Section I AR 380-5.

2. No effort should be made to remove from a Labor Relations Committee a duly appointed member merely because he is a Communist. Any effort to remove a member should be based on cause other than affiliation with any political party.

3. Basic letter gives no indication as to cause for removal of Mr. Masata Suzuki from the Saitama Labor Relations Committee. Unless such cause can be shown, there is no need for further action.

Classification Canceled by authority of
CONFIDENTIAL
Col. Ernest A. Merkle by
1st Lt. John A. Tillotson 24 May 48
 ERNEST A. MERKLE
 Colonel, CAC
 Commanding.

080
~~EX-091111~~