OFFICIAL GAZETTE

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LAW

I hereby promulgate the Law concerning the amendment of the Emergency Measures relating to the Control of Population Inflow into Urban Areas.

Signed: HIROHITO, Seal of the Emperor

This twenty-second day of the twelfth month of the twenty-second year of Showa (December 22, 1947)

Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

Law No. 221

The Law for the Control of Population Inflow into Urban Areas

Article 1. This Law aims at the restrictions of the removal of residence which is necessary due to critical shortage of housing, employment, adequate food distribution and in time of national calamities resulting from an excessive concentration of population in urban centers.

Article 2. No person shall remove his or her residence into any of the areas fixed in the Annexed Table with the exception of cases where a person, coming under any of the undermentioned items and having imperious reasons for changing his or her residence to the said area, has obtained the approval of the mayor of the city or the chief of the town, village or special ward to which he or she intends to move in:

1. Persons engaged in works necessary for the rehabilitation of national life in the abovementioned area;
2. Officials of Governmental or Municipal Offices located in the abovementioned area;
3. Teachers, students and pupils of schools located in the abovementioned area and designated by the Prefectural Governor;
4. Relatives in the same census register as any person of abovementioned items supported by him or by her;
5. Persons coming back from a foreign country or oversea territory;
6. Persons admitted to social work facilities located in the said area, and other persons designated by the competent Minister.

Mayor of a city or chief of town, village or special ward may give the approval of the exceptional cases abovementioned, limiting the period of the change of residence, to the persons whose reason of removal is temporal.

The mayor of the city mentioned in the provisions of Paragraph 2 of Article 155 of the Local Self-Government Law, may delegate to the chief of a ward a part of the business mentioned in Paragraph 1.

Article 3. Necessary measures concerning the procedure for the approval mentioned in the preceding Article shall be determined by the competent Minister.

Article 4. Any person who, without obtaining the approval mentioned in Article 2 hereof, has moved his or her residence to any of the areas mentioned in the said Article, or who has obtained the said approval by fraud or by other illegal means shall be liable to a fine, not exceeding 3,000 *yen* or a detention.

Supplementary Provisions:

The present Law shall come into force as from January 1, 1948.

The present Law shall be valid until December 31, 1948.

Annexed Table

Tokyo Prefecture
The boundary that is special ward
Kanagawa Prefecture
Yokohama-shi, Kawasaki-shi, Yokosuka-shi
Kyoto Prefecture
Kyoto-shi
Osaka Prefecture
Osaka-shi, Sakai-shi, Fuse-shi
Hyogo Prefecture
Kobe-shi, Amagasaki-shi
Wakayama Prefecture
Wakayama-shi
Yamaguchi Prefecture
Shimonoseki-shi
Fukuoka Prefecture
Fukuoka-shi, Yahata-shi

Minister for Home Affairs
KIMURA Kozaemon

Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

I hereby promulgate the Law concerning the partial amendments of the Civil Code.

Signed: HIROHITO, Seal of the Emperor

This twenty-second day of the twelfth month of the twenty-second year of Showa (December 22, 1947)

Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

Law No. 222

The Civil Code shall partly be amended as follows:

The provisions of Article 1 shall be retained as "Article 1-(3)," and in Book 1 before Chapter 1 there shall be inserted the following two Articles:

Article 1. All of the private rights comply with the public welfare.

The exercise of rights and the performance of duties must be done truly with faithfulness.

The abuse of rights is not permitted.

Article 1–2. This Code shall be construed from the standpoint of the individual dignity and the essential equality of the sexes.

In Article 7, "Court" shall read "Court of Domestic Relations," and "the head of the House" shall be deleted.

In Article 10 and Article 12, Paragraph 2, "Court" shall read "Court of Domestic Relations."

Articles 14 to 18 inclusive. (deleted.)

In Article 19, Paragraph 2, "to a husband or legal representative" shall read "to a legal representative in respect of an act within the scope of his authority," and the proviso to this paragraph shall be deleted, and in Paragraph 4 of this Article, the words "or to a wife," "or the permission of the husband," "or the wife" and "or permission" shall be deleted.

In Articles 25 to 30 inclusive and Article 32, Paragraph 1, "Court" shall read "Court of Domestic Relations."

In Article 97–2, Paragraph 4, "Local Court" shall read "Summary Court."

Article 120, Paragraph 2 shall be deleted.

In Article 124, Paragraph 3, "husband or" shall be deleted.

Article 159, Paragraph 2 shall be deleted.

Article 159–2. With respect to the rights that one spouse has against the other, the prescription shall not become complete for six months from the time of the dissolution of the marriage.

In Articles 171 and 172, "bailiff (shittatsuri)" shall read "bailiff (shikkori)."

In Article 308, Paragraph 2, "the members of the House" shall be deleted.

In Article 310, "and the members of the House" shall be deleted.

Article 450, Paragraph 1, Item 3 shall be deleted and in the second paragraph of this Article "or Item 3" shall be deleted.

Books IV and V shall be amended as follows:

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THE CIVIL CODE

BOOK IV. Relatives

Chapter I. General Provisions

Article 725. The persons mentioned below are relatives:
1. Relatives by blood up to the sixth degree of relationship;
2. Spouses;
3. Relatives by affinity up to the third degree of relationship.

Article 726. The degree of relationship is determined by computing the number of generations between relatives.

As between collateral relatives the degree of relationship is determined by the number of generations ascending from one of them, or his or her spouse, to the common ancestor, and then descending from such ancestor to the other.

Article 727. As between an adopted child on the one hand and the parent by adoption and his or her relatives by blood on the other, there arises the same relationship as between relatives by blood as from the day of the adoption.

Article 728. The matrimonial relationship is terminated by divorce.

The same shall apply also if after the death of either husband or wife, the surviving spouse declares his or her intention to terminate the matrimonial relationship.

Article 729. The relationship between an adopted child, its spouse, its lineal descendants and their spouses on the one hand and the parent by adoption and his or her relatives by blood on the other, is terminated by dissolution of the adoptive relation.

Article 730. Lineal relatives by blood and the relatives living together shall mutually cooperate.

Chapter II. Marriage

Section I. Formation of Marriage

Sub-Section I. Requisites of Marriage

Article 731. A man may not marry until the completion of his full eighteen years of age, nor a woman until the completion of her full sixteen years of age.

Article 732. A person who has a spouse may not contract an additional marriage.

Article 733. A woman may not re-marry unless six months have elapsed from the day of the dissolution or annulment of her previous marriage.

In case a woman is pregnant from before the dissolution or annulment of her previous marriage, the preceding paragraph shall cease to apply as from the day of her delivery.

Article 734. No marriage may be contracted between lineal relatives by blood, nor between collateral relatives by blood up to the third degree or relationship, except between an adopted child and any of the collateral relatives by blood on the side of the adoptive relatives.

Article 735. No marriage may be contracted between lineal relatives by affinity. The same shall apply after the relationship by affinity has ceased in accordance with the provisions of Art. 728.

Article 736. No marriage may be contracted between an adopted child, his or her spouse, his or her lineal descendants or their spouses on the one hand, and the parent by adoption or his or her ascendants on the other, even after the relationship has ceased in accordance with the provisions of Article 729.

Article 737. A minor child must obtain the consent both of his or her father and mother in order to marry.

If either the father or mother does not give the consent, the consent of the other parent only shall be sufficient.

The same shall also apply, if either the father or mother is unknown, or is dead or is unable to declare his or her intention.

Article 738. A person adjudged incompetent need not obtain the consent of his guardian in order to marry.

Article 739. A marriage becomes effective by notification thereof in accordance with the provisions of the Law concerning registration of families.

The notification mentioned in the preceding paragraph must be made by both the parties and two or more witnesses of full age either orally, or by a document signed by them.

Article 740. The notification of marriage may not be accepted unless the marriage does not contravens the provisions of Articles 731 to 737 inclusive and Paragraph 2 of the preceding Article, and of other laws or ordinances.

Article 741. In case Japanese subjects resident in a foreign country desire to contract a marriage between themselves, notification thereof may be made to the Japanese Ambassador Minister or a Japanese Consul acting in that foreign country.

In this case the provisions of the preceding two Articles shall apply with the necessary modification.

Sub-Section II. Nullity and Annulment of Marriage

Article 742. A marriage is void only in the following cases:
1. Where there is no intention to marry common to the parties owing to a mistake as to the identity of the person or through any other cause;
2. Where the parties do not make notification of the marriage; but if the notification only fails to fulfil the conditions prescribed in Article 739, Paragraph 2, the validity of the marriage shall not be affected thereby.

Article 743. A marriage cannot be annulled except in accordance with the provisions of Articles 744 to 747 inclusive.

Article 744. In the case of a marriage contracted in contravention of the provisions of Articles 731 to 736 inclusive an application may be made to the Court for its annulment by either party thereto, any of each party's relatives or a Public Procurator; but a Public Procurator may not make such an application after the death of either of the parties.

In the case of a marriage contracted in contravention of the provisions of Article 732 or Article 733, the spouse or the former spouse of the party may also apply for its annulment.

Article 745. No application may be made for the annulment of a marriage contracted in contravention of the provisions of Article 731, if the person who was not of marriageable age has attained the requisite age.

A person married under the marriageable age may still apply for the annulment of the marriage during a period of three months from his attainment of the requisite age, unless he has ratified it after having attained the requisite age.

Article 746. No application may be made for the annulment of a marriage contracted in contravention of the provisions of Article 733 after the lapse of six months from the day of the dissolution or annulment of the previous marriage nor in cases where the woman has become pregnant after her remarriage.

Article 747. A person who has been induced by fraud or duress to contract a marriage may apply to the Court for the annulment of such marriage.

The right of annulment mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be extinguished if three months have elapsed since the party discovered the fraud, or became free from the duress, or if he has effected a ratification.

Article 748. The annulment of a marriage shall have no retroactive effect.

In case any party who was unaware at the time of the marriage that a ground for its annulment existed has acquired property by reason of the marriage, he must return such property to the extent that he is still enriched thereby.

Any party who was aware at the time of the marriage that a ground for its annulment existed

must return the whole benefit which he has acquired by reason of the marriage, and further if the other party acted in good faith, he shall be liable in damages to such party.

Article 749. The provisions of Articles 766 to 769 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to the annulment of a marriage.

Section II. Effect of Marriage

Article 750. Husband and wife assume the surname of the husband or wife in accordance with the agreement made at the time of the marriage.

Article 751. If either husband or wife has died, the surviving spouse may resume the surname assumed by her or him before the marriage.

The provisions of Article 769 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph and Article 728, Paragraph 2.

Article 752. Husband and wife shall live together, and shall co-operate and aid each other.

Article 753. If a minor contracts a marriage, he or she shall be deemed, by reason thereof, to have attained majority.

Article 754. In case a contract is entered into between husband and wife, it may be avoided by either of them at any time during the subsistence of marriage; but the rights of third persons may not be prejudiced thereby.

Section III. Matrimonial Property System

Sub-Section I. General Provisions

Article 755. If a husband and wife have not, prior to the notification of marriage, entered into a contract which provides otherwise with respect to their property, their property relations shall be governed by the provisions of the next Sub-Section.

Article 756. If a husband and wife have entered into a contract which differes in its terms from the legal property system such contract cannot be set up against their successors in title or third persons unless it is registered prior to the notification of the marriage.

Article 757. If, in cases where aliens have entered into a contract which differs in its terms from the legal property system of the husband's country, they have subsequently to their marriage acquired Japanese nationality or established their permanent residence in Japan, the contract cannot be set up in Japan against their successors in title or third persons unless it has been registered within one year.

Article 758. Property relations between husband and wife can not be changed after the notification of marriage.

If, in cases where one spouse manages the property of the other, such property is imperilled by mismanagement, the other may apply to the Court of Domestic Relations to be allowed to undertake the management thereof himself.

As regards property in co-ownership an application may be made for a partition thereof in addition to the application mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 759. In case the manager has been changed or a partition of property in co-ownership has been effected, in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article or as the result of a contract, such change or partition cannot be set up against the successors in title of the husband or of the wife or against third persons, unless it has been registered.

Sub-Section II. Legal Property System

Article 760. Husband and wife shall share the expenses of the married life with each other, taking into account their property, income and all other circumstances.

Article 761. If, with respect to daily household matters, one spouse effects a juristic act with a third person the other spouse shall be jointly and severally liable for the obligations arising therefrom. But, this shall not apply in cases where a previous notice to the effect that the other spouse will not assume the liability has been given to the third person.

Article 762. Property belonging to either a husband or wife from a time prior to the marriage and property acquired during the subsistence of the marriage in his or her own name constitutes his or her separate property.

Any property in regard to which it is uncertain whether it belongs to the husband or the wife, is presumed to be the property in their co-ownership.

Section IV. Divorce

Sub-Section I. Divorce by Agreement

Article 763. Husband and wife may effect by agreement divorce.

Article 764. The provisions of Articles 738, 739 and 747 shall apply with the necessary modifications to a divorce by agreement.

Article 765. The notification of divorce may not be accepted unless the divorce does not contravene the provisions of Article 739, Paragraph 2 and Article 819, Paragraph 1 and of other laws or ordinances. The validity of divorce shall not be affected even in cases where the notification of divorce has been accepted in contravention of the provisions of the preceding paragraph.

Article 766. In case a father and mother effect a divorce by agreement, the persons who are to take the custody of their children and other matters necessary for the custody shall be determined by their agreement, and if no agreement is reached or possible, such matters shall be determined by the Court of Domestic Relations.

The Court of Domestic Relations, if it deems necessary for the benefit of the children, may change the person to take the custody of them or order such other dispositions as may be appropriate for the custody.

The provisions of the preceding two paragraphs shall not cause any change in the rights and duties of a father and mother outside the scope of the custody.

Article 767. A husband or a wife who has changed his or her surname by reason of marriage, resumes, by reason of divorce by agreement, the surname which he or she had assumed before the marriage.

Article 768. A husband or a wife who has effected divorce by agreement may demand the distribution of property from the other spouse.

If no agreement is reached or possible between the parties with respect to the distribution of property in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing paragraph, any of the parties may apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for measures to take the place of such agreement, except, however, after the lapse of two years from the time of the divorce.

In the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the Court of Domestic Relations shall determine whether any such distribution is to be made or not and, if it is to be made, the sum as well as the mode of the distritution, taking into account the sum of such property as is acquired by cooperation of the parties and all other circumstances.

Article 769. If a husband or a wife who had changed his or her surname by reason of the marriage, has effected divorce by agreement after his or her succession to the right stated in Article 897, Paragraph 1, the person who is to succeed to the right shall be determined by an agreement between the parties and other persons concerned.

If no agreement in the preceding paragraph is reached or possible the person who is to succeed to the right mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be determined by the Court of Domestic Relations.

Sub-Section II. Judicial Divorce

Article 770. Husband or wife can bring an action for divorce only in the following cases:

1. If the other spouse has committed an act of unchastity;
2. If he or she has been deserted maliciously by the other spouse;
3. If it is unknown for three years or more whether the other spouse is alive or dead;
4. If the other party is attached with severe mental disease and the recovery from it is hopeless;
5. If there exists any other grave reason for which it is difficult for him or her to continue the marriage.

Even in cases where any or all of the grounds mentioned in Items numbered 1 to 4 inclusive of the preceding paragraph exist, the Court may dismiss the action for divorce, if it deems the cntinuance of the marriage proper in view of all the circumstances.

Article 771. The provisions of Articles 766 to 769 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to judicial divorce.

Chapter III. Parent and Child

Section I. Children of the Body

Article 772. A child conceived by a wife during marriage shall be presumed to be the child of the husband.

A child born two hundred days or more after the day on which the marriage was formed or born within three hundred days from the day on which the marriage was dissolved or annulled, shall be presumed to have been conceived during marriage.

Article 773. If, in cases where a woman who has remarried in contravention of the provisions of Article 733, Paragraph 1 has been delivered of a child, it is impossible to determine the father of the child in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article, the Court shall determine the paternity.

Article 774. In any case mentioned in Article 772 the husband may deny that the child is legitimate.

Article 775. The right of denial mentioned in the preceding Article shall be exercised by an action against the child or the mother exercising parental power. In case there is no mother who exercises parental power, the Court of Domestic Relations must apoint a special representative.

Article 776. If, after it has been born, a husband acknowledges that the child is legitimate, he shall lose the right of denial.

Article 777. An action of denial must be brought within one year from the time when the husband became aware of the child's birth.

Article 778. In case the husband is a person adjudged incompetent, the period specified in the preceding Article shall be computed as from the time when the husband became aware of the child's birth after the revocation of the adjudication of incompetency.

Article 779. A child who is not legitimate may be recognized by its father or mother.

Article 780. A father or mother, even when under disability need not obtain the consent of his or her legal representative in order to recognize a child.

Article 781. The recognition of a child shall be affected by giving notification thereof in accordance with the Law concerning the Registration of Families Recognition may also be effected by means of will.

Article 782. A child of full age cannot be recognized without his or her assent.

Article 783. A father may recognize even an unborn child. In this case the assent of the mother must be obtained.

A father or a mother may recognize even a deceased child, but only when a lineal descendant of the child is living. In this case if such lineal descendant is of full age his or her assent must be obtained.

Article 784. Recognition shall be effective retroactively as from the time of birth; but the rights acquired by third persons prior thereto shall not be prejudiced thereby.

Article 785. A father or mother who has effected recognition cannot revoke such recognition.

Article 786. A child or any other person interested may allege any fact adverse to recognition.

Article 787. A child, any of its lineal descendants of the legal representative of any of them can bring an action for recognition, provided that this shall not apply after the lapse of three years from the time when the father or mother died.

Article 788. The provisions of Article 766 shall apply with the necessary modifications in cases where a father effects recognition.

Article 789. A child recognized by its father acquires the status of a legitimate child by reason of the marriage of its father and mother.

A child recognized by its father and mother during the subsistence of their marriage acquires the status of a legitimate child as from the time of such recognition.

The provisions of the preceding two paragraphs shall apply with the necessary modifications in case where the child is already dead.

Article 790. A legitimate child assumes the surname of its father and mother. If, however, before the

birth of the child its father and mother have divorced, the child assumes the surname of its father and mother at the time of the divorce.

An illegitimate child assumes the surname of its mother.

Article 791. In case where the surname of a child differs from that of its father or mother, the child may, with the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations, assume the surname of its father or mother.

In case where a child is under fifteen years of age, the legal representative thereof may effect the act mentioned in the preceding paragraph in behalf of the child.

The minor child who has changed it surname in accordance with the provisions of the two preceding paragraphs, may resume its prior surname within one year as from the day on which he attained majority.

Section II. Adoption

Sub-Section I. Requisites for Adoption

Article 792. Any person who has attained majority may adopt another.

Article 793. No ascendant or person of older age may be adopted.

Article 794. A guardian must obtain the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations in order to adopt the ward. The same shall also apply after the duties of the guardian have come to an end, so long as the accounts of the management have not been completed.

Article 795. A person who has a spouse may not effect adoption except jointly with the spouse. But this shall not apply in case where husband or wife adopts any of the children of the other spouse.

Article 796. If, in case of the preceding Article, either the husband or wife is unable to declare his or her intention, the other may effect adoption in the name of both.

Article 797. If the person to be adopted is under fifteen years of age, his legal representative can assent to the adoption in his place.

Article 798. In order to adopt a minor child, the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations must be obtained, excepting, however, the case where a person adopts any of the lineal descendants of his own or of the other spouse.

Article 799. The provisions of Articles 738 and 739 shall apply with the necessary modifications to an adoption.

Article 800. The notification of adoption may not be accepted unless the adoption does not contravene the provisions of Article 792 to 799 inclusive and of other laws and ordinances.

Article 801. In case Japanese subjects resident in a foreign country desire to effect an adoption of the one by the other, notification thereof may be made to the Japanese ambassador, Minister or a Japanese Cousul acting in that foreign country. In this case the provisions of Article 739 and the preceding Article shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Sub-Section II. Nullity and Annulment of Adoption

Article 802. An adoption is void in the following cases only:

1. Where there is no intention to effect adoption common to the parties owing to a mistake as to the identity of the person or through any other cause;
2. Where the parties do not make notification of the adoption, but if the notification only fails to fulfil the conditions prescribed in Article 739, Paragraph 2, the validity of the adoption shall not be affected thereby.

Article 803. An adoption cannot be annulled except in accordance with the provisions of Articles 804 to 808 inclusive.

Article 804. In case of an adoption effected in contravention of the provisions of Article 792, an application may be made to the Court for its annulment by the parent by adoption or his legal representative; but this shall not apply if six months have elapsed or if the parent by adoption has ratified it after having attained majority.

Article 805. In case of an adoption effected in contravention of the provisions of Article 793, an application may be made to the Court for its annulment by either party thereto or any of each party's relatives.

Article 806. In case of an adoption effected in contravention of Article 794, an application may be made to the Court for its annulment by the adopted child or any of its relatives on the side of its original family; but this shall not apply if the adopted child has ratified it, or six months have elapsed, after the account of the management had been completed.

The ratification does not become effective unless made after the adopted child has attained majority or has recovered its capacity.

In case where the account of the management has been completed before the adopted child attaines majority or recovers its capacity, the period specified in the proviso to the first paragraph shall be computed as from the time when the adopted child has attained majority or has recovered its capacity.

Article 807. In case of an adoption effected in contravention of the provisions of Article 798, an application may be made to the Court for its annulment by the adopted child or by any of its relatives on the side of its original family, or by the person who has assented to the adoption in place of the adopted child; but this shall not apply if six months have elapsed from the time when the adopted child attained to the majority, or if it has ratified the adoption.

Article 808. The provisions of Articles 747 and 748 shall apply with the necessary modifications to an adoption but the period specified in Article 747, Paragraph 2 shall be one of six months.

The provisions of Articles 769 and 816 shall apply with necessary modifications to the annulment of adoption.

Sub-Section III. Effect of Adoption

Article 809. An adopted child acquires as from the day of adoption the status of a legitimate child of the parent by adoption.

Article 810. An adopted child assumes the surname of the parent by adoption.

Sub-Section IV. Dissolution of Adoptive Relation

Article 811. The parties to an adoption may effect by agreement a dissolution of the adoptive relation.

If an adopted child is under fifteen years of age dissolution of adoptive relation shall be effected by agreement between the parent by adoption and the person who has the right to assent to an adoption in place of the adopted child.

If an adopted child desires to effect a dissolution of adoptive relation after the death of the parent by adoption, the child may effect it with the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 812. The provisions of Articles 738, 739, 747 and Article 808, Paragraph 1, Proviso shall apply with the necessary modifications to dissolution of adoptive relation by agreement.

Article 813. The notification of dissolution of the adoptive relation may not be accepted unless the dissolution does not contravene the provisions of Article 739, Paragraph 2 and Article 811 and of other laws or ordinances.

The validity of a dissolution of the adoptive relation shall not be affected even when the notification has been accepted in contravention of the provisions of the preceding paragraph.

Article 814. One of the parties to an adoption can bring an action for dissloution of adoptive relation in the following cases only:

1. If such party has been deserted maliciously by the other;
2. If it is unknown for three years of more whether the adopted child is alive or dead;
3. If there exist any other grave reason for which it is difficult for such party to continue the adoptive relation.

The provisions of Article 770, Paragraph 2 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the cases mentioned in any of Items numbered 1 and 2 of the preceding paragraph.

Article 815. So long as an adopted child has not completed its fifteenth year, any person who would have the right to assent to his adoption can bring an action for dissolution of adoptive relation.

Article 816. An adopted child shall resume by reason of dissolution of the adoptive relation, the surname assumed by it before the adoption.

Article 817. The provision of Article 769 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case of dissolution of adoption.

Chapter IV. Parental Power

Section I. General Provisions

Article 818. A child who had not yet attained majority shall be subject to the parental power of its father and mother.

If such child is an adopted one, it shall be subject to the parental power of its parents by adoption.

While father and mother are in matrimonial relation, they shall jointly exercise the parental power. But, if either the father or the mother is unable to exercise the parental power, the other parent shall exercise it.

Article 819. If father and mother have effected divorce by agreement, they shall determine one of them to have the parental power by agreement.

In case of judicial divorce the Court shall determine a father or a mother to have the parental power.

If the father and mother have effected divorce before the birth of child, the parental power shall be exercised by the mother. But the father and mother may determine the father to have the parental power by agreement after the birth of child.

The parental power over a child recognized by its father shall be exercised by its father, only when the father and mother determine the father to have the parental power by their agreement.

If no agreement mentioned in any of Paragraphs 1 and 3 and preceding paragraph is reached or possible, the Court of Domestic Relations may render judgement in place of agreement on application of the father or mother.

If it is deemed necessary for the benefit of a child, the Court of Domestic Relations may transfer the parental power from one of parents to other on application of any relative of the child.

Section II. Effect of Parental Power

Article 820. A person who exercises parental power shall the right and shall incur the duty of providing for the custody and education of his or her chlid.

Article 821. A child must establish its place of residence in the place designated by the person who exercises parental power.

Article 822. A person who exercises parental power may, in so fare as is necessary, personally chastise his or her child or, with the permission of the Court of Domestic Relations, may place it in a disciplinary institution.

The period for which a child is to be placed in a disciplinary institution shall be determined by the Court of Domestic Relations within the limits of six months; but such period may be shortened at any time on the application of the person who exercises parental power.

Article 823. A child may not carry on an occupation without the permission of the person who exercises parental power.

In case of Article 6, Paragraph 2 the person who exercises parental power may revoke or restrict the permission mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 824. A person who exercises parental power shall manage the property of a child and represent the child in juristic acts concerning its property: in case, however, where an obligation is to be created having for its subject any act of the child, the consent of the child itself must be obtained.

Article 825. In case either a father or a mother who exercises parental power jointly with the other has performed a juristic act in place of the child or has given consent to its performance by the child, in the names of both of them the validity of such act shall not be affected thereby, even if it should be contrary to the intention of the other. But this shall not apply if the other party to such act has been acting in bad faith.

Article 826. In respect of acts in which the interests of a father or a mother who exercises parental power conflict with those of his or her child, the person who exercises the parental power must apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for the appointment of a special representative on behalf of the child.

In case where a person who exercises parental power over two or more children the provisions of

the preceding paragraph shall, on behalf of one party, apply with the necessary modifications in respect of acts in which the interests of one child conflict with those of the other or others.

Article 827. A person who exercises parental power must exercise his or her right of management with the same care as he or she uses when acting on his or her own behalf.

Article 828. When a child has attained majority, the person who has been exercising parental power must without delay render an account of the management; but the expenses of the maintenance of the child and of the management of the property on one hand and the profits of the child's property on the other shall be deemed to have been set-off against each other.

Article 829. If a third person who gratuitously transfers property to a child has declared an intention contrary to the provisions of the proviso to the preceding Article, they shall not apply to such property.

Article 830. If a third person who gratuitously transfers property to a child has declared an intention not to permit its father or mother who exercises parental power to manage it, such property shall not come under the management of such father or mother.

If, in case where neigher the father nor mother has the right of management with respect to the property mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the third person has designated no manager, the Court of Domestic Relations shall appoint one on the application of the child, of any of its relatives or of a Public Procurator.

Even when the third person has designated a manager the same shall apply if, in case where the powers of such manager have come to an end or it has become necessary to appoint another manager in his stead, the third person fails to appoint a manager anew.

The provisions of Arts. 27 to 29 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to the cases mentioned in the preceding two paragraphs.

Article 831. The provisions of Arts. 654 and 655 shall apply with the necessary modifications to a case where a person who exercises parental power manages the property of the child, and also the case mentioned in the preceding Article.

Article 832. Any obligatory right arising as between a person who has exercised parental power and the child, with respect to the management of the property, shall be extinguished by prescription if not exercised within five years from the time when the right of management became extinguished.

If the right of management has been extinguished and there is no legal representative of the child before the child attains majority, the period mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be computed as from the time when the child has attained majority or a succeeding legal representative has assumed office.

Article 833. A person who exercises parental power shall exercise, in place of the child subjected to his parental power, the parental power of such child.

Section III. Loss of Parental Power

Article 834. If a father or mother abuses parental power or is guilty of gross misconduct, the Court of Domestic Relations may, on the application of any of the child's relatives or of a Public Proculator, adjudge the forfeiture of the perental power.

Article 835. If a father or mother who exercises parental power endangers by mismanagement the property of his or her child, the Court of Domestic Relations may, on the application of any of the child's relatives or of a Public Procurator, adjudge the forfeiture of the right of management.

Article 836. If the causes mentioned in the preceding two Articles have ceased to exisit the Court of Domestic Relations may, on the application of the party concerned or of any of his relatives, revoke the adjudication of the forfeiture of the power or right.

Article 837. A father or a mother who exercises parental power may, where circumstances make it imperative, decline the exercise of parental power or the right of management with the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations.

If the circumstances mentioned in the preceding paragraph cease to exist, a father or mother may recover the parental power or the right of management with the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations.

Chapter V. Guardianship

Section I. Commencement of Guardianship

Article 838. Guardianship shall commence in any of the following cases:

1. If there is no one to exercise parental power over a minor, or if the person who exercises parental power has no right of management;
2. If an adjudication of incompetency has been made.

Section II. Organs of Guardianship

Sub-Section I. Guardian

Article 839. The person who last exercises parental power over a minor may designate a guardian by will, unless such person has no right of management.

If either a father or a mother who exercises parental power has no right of management, the other parent may designate a guardian in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph.

Article 840. If either a husband or wife has been adjudged incompetent, the other spouse shall becomes his or her guardian.

Article 841. If there is no person to become a guardian in accordance with the provisions of the preceding two Articles, the Court of Domestic Relations shall appoint a guardian on the application of any of the ward's relatives or of any other persons interested. The same shall also apply in case where a vacancy occurs in the position of guardian.

Article 842. In case it has become necessary to appoint a guardian for the reason that a father or mother has declined to exercise his or her parental power to manage the property, or that a guardian has resigned his office or that a father or mother has forfeited his or her parental power, such father or mother guardian must, without delay, apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for the appointment of a guardian.

Article 843. There cannot be more than one guardian.

Article 844. A guardian may, where any reasonable ground exists, risign his office with the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 845. If any unjust act or gross misconduct has been done by a guardian, or there is any other ground for which a guardian is unfit to perform his duties, the Court of Domestic Relations may remove such guardian from his office on the application of a supervisor of the guardian or of any of the ward's relatives.

Article 846. None of the persons mentioned below may become a guardian:

1. A minor;
2. A person adjudged incompetent or quasi incompetent;
3. A legal representative or curator who has been removed by the Court of Domestic Relations;
4. A bankrupt;
5. A person who brings or has brought an action against the ward, or the spouse or any of the lineal relatives by blood of such person;
6. A person whose whereabouts is unknown.

Article 847. The provisions of Arts. 840 to 846 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to a curator.

In respect of acts in which the interests of a curator or the person whom he represents conflict with those of the person adjudged incompetent, the curator must apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for the appointment of a curator adhoc.

Sub-Section II. Supervisor of Guardian

Article 848. A person who can designate a guradian can designate by will a supervisor of the guardian.

Article 849. In case where no supervisor of the guardian is designated in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article, the Court of Domestic Relations may, if it deems necessary, appoint a supervisor of the guardian on the application of any of the ward's relatives or of the guardian. The same shall also apply in case where a vacancy occurs in the position of a supervisor of the guardian.

Article 850. The spouse, the lineal relatives by blood and the brothers and sisters of a guardian cannot become a supervisor of the guardian.

Article 851. The duties of a supervisor of the guardian are as follows:

1. To supervise the conduct of the affairs by the guardian;
2. In case a vacancy occurs in the position of guardian, to apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for the appointment of a guardian;
3. To adopt such measures as may be necessary in case where circumstances of urgency exist;
4. To represent the ward in respect of acts in which the interests of the guardian or any person whom he represents conflict with those of the ward.

Article 852. The provisions of Arts. 644 and 844 to 846 shall apply with the necessary modifications to a supervisor of the guardian.

Section III. Functions of Guardianship

Article 853. A guardian must without delay enter upon a survey of the ward's property, and must complete such survey and prepare an inventory of such property within one month; but this period may be extended by the Court of Domestic Relations.

The survey of property and the preparation of the inventory thereof are of no effect unless conducted, in case there is a supervisor of the guardian, in his presence.

Article 854. Until a guardian has completed the preparation of the inventory, he has authority to do acts of urgent necessity only; but this cannot be set up against a third person acting in good faith.

Article 855. If, in case where a guardian possesses an abligatory right as against, or is under an obligation towards, the wards, there is a supervisor of the guardian, he must make a report thereof to the supervisor of the guardian before he enters upon the survey of the property.

If a guardian, notwithstanding that he is aware of the fact that he possesses an obligatory right as against the ward, fails to make a report thereof, he forfeits such obligatory right.

Article 856. The provisions of the preceding three Articles shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case in which the ward has acquired property by a universal title after the guardian has assumed office.

Article 857. The guardian of a minor has, with regard to the matters mentioned in Arts. 820 to 823 inclusive, the same rights and duties as a person who exercises parental power; but he must obtain the consent of the supervisor of the guardian if there is any, in order to change the mode of education or the place of residence determined by the father or mother who exercised parental power, to place the minor in a disciplinary institution, to permit him to carry on business or to revoke or to restrict such permission.

Article 858. The guardian of a person adjudged incompetent must be diligent in the medical treatment and care of the person adjudged incompetent, according to the latter's financial capacity.

In order to place a person adjudged incompentent in a lunatic asylum or any other similart institution, or to put such a person under restrain in a private house, it is required to obtain the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 859. A guardian manages the ward's property and represents the ward in juristic acts concerning the latter's property.

The provisions of the Proviso to Art. 824 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 860. The provisions of Article 826 shall apply with the necessary modifications to guardian, excepting, however, the case where there is a supervisor of the guardian.

Article 861. A guardian must, on assuming office, estimate the amount of money to be expended annually for the livelihood, the education, the medical treatment and care of the ward and for the management of his property.

Article 862. The Court of Domestic Relations may allow reasonable remuneration to the guardian out of the ward's property having regard to the financial capacity of the guardian and the ward and other circumstances.

Article 863. At any time, a supervisor of the guardian or the Court of Domestic Relations may demand a guardian to report his guardianship affairs or

to submit the inventory, or may investigate such affairs or the state of the ward's property.

The Court of Domestic Relations may, on the application of a supervisor of the guardian, of any of the ward's relatives or of any other persons interested, or of its own motion, order such dispositions as may be necessary for the management of the ward's property or other guardianship affairs.

Article 864. A guardian must obtain, in case there is a supervisor of the guardian, his consent in order to conduct business or to do any of the acts mentioned in Art. 12, Par. 1 in place of the ward, or to give consent to its performance by the minor; but this shall not apply to the receipt of capital.

Article 865. Any act done or consented to by a guardian in contravention of the provisions of the preceding Article may be avoided by the ward or by the guardian. In this case the provisions of Article 19 shall apply with the necessary modifications.

The provisions of the preceding two paragraphs shall not preclude the application of Articles 121 to 126 inclusive.

Article 866. If a guardian has acquired by assignment the ward's property of a third person's right as against the ward, the ward may avoid the assignment. In this case the provisions of Art. 19 shall apply with the necessary modifications.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not preclude the application of the provisions of Arts. 121 to 126 inclusive.

Article 867. A guardian exercises parental power in place of a minor.

The provisions of Arts. 853 to 857 and 861 to 866 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to the cases mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 868. In case where the person who exercises parental power does not possess the right of management, the guardian possesses only such powers as relate to the property.

Article 869. The provisions of Arts. 644 and 830 shall apply with the necessary modifications to guardianship.

Section IV. Termination of Guardianship

Article 870. When the duties of a guradian have terminated the guardian or his successor must render an account of his management within two months; but such period may be extended by the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 871. The accounts of the guardianship must be made up, in case there is a supervisor of the guardian, in his presence.

Article 872. Any contract entered into between a minor and the gurdian or his successor, after the former has attained majority, but before the accounts of the guardianship have been completed, may be avoided by the former. The same shall apply to any unilateral act effected by such person towards the guardian or his successor.

The provisions of Arts. 19 and 121 to 126 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 873. Money to be returned by a guardian to the ward or by a ward to the guardian shall bear interest as from the time when the accounts of the guardianship has been comleted..

If a guardian has expended the ward's money on his own behalf, such money shall bear interest as from the time of the expenditure, and if there has been any damage, he is bound also to make compensation for it.

Article 874. The provisions of Arts. 654 and 655 shall apply with the necessary modifications to guardianship.

Article 875. The prescription provided in Art. 832 shall apply with the necessary modifications to obligatory rights which have arisen in respect to guardianship as between the guardian or the supervisor of the guardian and the ward.

In case where a juristic act has been avoided in accordance with the provisions of Art. 872, the prescription mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be computed as from the time of the avoidance.

Article 876. The provisions of Par. 1 of the preceding Article shall apply with the necessary modifications as between a curator and a person adjudged quasi-incompetent.

Chapter VI. Support

Article 877. The lineal relatives by blood and brothers and sisters shall be under duty to furnish support each other.

If there are special circumstances, the Court of Domestic Relations may impose a duty to furnish support as between the relatives within the third degree other than those mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

If after the decision pursuant to the provisions of the preceding paragraph had been rendered, any change has taken place in the circumstances, the Court of Domestic Relations may revoke the decision.

Article 878. If, in cases where there exist two or more persons under a duty to furnish support, no agreement is reached or possible between the parties with respect to the order in which they are to furnish support, such order shall be determined by the Court of Domestic Relations.

If, in case where there exist two or more persons entitled to support, the financial capacity of the person who is under duty to furnish support is insufficient to support all of them, the same as provided above shall also apply with respect to the order in which they receive support.

Article 879. If no agreement is reached or possible between the parties concerned with respect to the extent and mode of support, the Court of Domestic Relations shall determine such matters, taking into account the needs of the person entitled to support, the financial capacity of the person under duty to support and all other circumstances.

Article 880. If, after an agreement had been arrived at or a decision rendered with respect to the order in which the persons who are under duty to furnish support are to furnish support or in which the person entitled to support are to receive support or the extent and mode of support any change has taken place in the circumstances, the Court of Domestic Relations may alter or revoke the agreement or the decision.

Article 881. The right to be supported cannot be the subject of disposition.

BOOK V. Succession

Chapter I. General Provisions

Article 882. Succession is opened by reason of death.

Article 883. Succession is opened at the permanent residence of the person to be succeeded to.

Article 884. The right to demand recovery of succession shall be extinguished by prescription, if it is not exercised within five years from the time when the successor or his legal representative became aware of the facts constituting a violence of the right of succession. The same shall also apply if twenty years have elapsed from the time of the opening of the succession.

Article 885. Expenses relating to the property succeeded to shall be defrayed out of such property, excepting, however, such as are caused by the negligence of the successor.

A person entitled to a legally secured portion cannot be compelled to defray the expenses mentioned in the preceding paragraph out of any property acquired by him through an abatement of gifts.

Chapter II. Successors

Article 886. A child on ventre sa mere shall in respect of succession be deemed to have been already born.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not apply in case where the child en ventre sa mere is born dead.

Article 887. The lineal descendants of a person to be succeeded to become successors in accordance with the following provisions:

1. As between persons standing in different degrees of relationship, those nearer in degree are preferred;
2. Persons standing in the same degree of relationship become successors in the same rank.

Article 888. If, in cases where a person who would become successor in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article dies or loses his right of succession previous to the opening of the succession, there exist lineal descendants of such person, the lineal descendants become successors in the same rank as that person, in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article.

For the application of the provisions of the preceding paragraph, a child en ventre sa mere shall be deemed to have been already born, except however, in case where it is born dead.

Article 889. In case where there exists no person who if to become successor in accordance with the provisions of the preceding two Articles, the persons mentioned below become successors in the order stated therein:

1. Lineal ascendants;
2. Brothers and sisters.

In the case mentioned in Item 1 of the preceding paragraph, the provisions of Article 887, and in the case mentioned in Item 2 thereof, those of Article 887, Item 2 of the preceding Article shall respectively apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 890. The spouse of a person succeeded to becomes, in every case, a successor. In case if there is any person who is to become a successor in accordance with the provisions of the preceding three Articles, the order of succession of the spouse shall be in the same rank with such person.

Article 891. None of the persons mentioned below can become an successor:

1. Any person who has been sentenced to punishment for having intentionally caused or attempted to cause the death of the person to be succeeded to, or of any person who has a prior or the same rank with respect to the succession;
2. Any person who, knowing that the preson to be succeeded to has been killed by homicide, has omitted to give information, or to bring a formal charge, except when such person has no capacity to discern right and wrong, or when the guilty party is the spouse or a lineal relative by blood of such person;
3. Any person who has by fraud or duress prevented the person to be succeeded to from making, revoking or altering a will relating to the succession;
4. Any person who has by fraud or duress induced the person to be succeeded to make, revoke or alter a will relating to the succession;
5. Any person who has forged, alterad, destroyed or concealed a will of the person to be succeeded to relating to the succession.

Article 892. In case a presumptive successor who is entitled to a legally secured portion has treated the person to be succeeded to with cruelty or has effected him a gross insult, or in case a presumptive successor has been guilty of any other gross misconduct, the latter may apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for the disinheritance of such presumptive successor.

Article 893. In case a person to be succeeded to has declared by will his intention to disinherit the presumptive successor, the executor of will must Apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for the disinheritance without delay after the will has become effective. In this case, the disinheritance shall be effective retroactively as from the time of the death of the person succeeded to.

Article 894. A person to be succeeded to may at any time apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for the revocation of the disinheritance of a presumptive successor.

The provisions of the preceding Article shall apply with the necessary modifications to annulment of disinheritance.

Article 895. If succession is opened after an application has been made for the disinheritance of a presumptive successor or for the revocation thereof, but beofre the decision on such application has become final and conclusive, the Court of Domestic Relations may, on the application of any relative or any person interested, or of a Public Procurator, order such disposition as may be necessary for the management of the estate. The same shall also apply when there exists a will disinheriting a successor.

In case where the Court of Domestic Relations has appointed an administrator, the provisions of Articles 27 to 29 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Chapter III. Effect of Succession

Section I. General Provisions

Article 896. A successor succeeds, as from the time of the opening of the succession, to all the rights and duties pertaining to the property of the person

succeeded to except such as are entirely personal to that person.

Article 897. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding Article, the ownership of genealogical records, of utensils for religious rites and of tombs and burial grounds is succeeded to by the person who, according to custom, is to hold as a president the worship to the memory of the ancestors. If, however, the person succeeded to has designated the person who is to hold as a president the worship to the memory of the ancestors, such person shall succeed to that ownership.

In case the custom mentioned in the preceding paragraph is unknown, the person who is to succeed to the right mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be determined by the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 898. In case there exist two or more successors the property succeeded to is in their co-ownership.

Article 899. Each co-successor succeeds to the rights and duties of the person succeeded to in proportion to his share in the succession.

Section II. Shares in a Succession

Article 900. If there exist two or more successors in the same rank, their shares in the succession shall be determined in accordance with the following provisions:

1. Where lineal descendants and a spouse are successors, the shares in the succession of the lineal descendants shall, in all, be two thirds, and that of the spouse shall be one third;
2. Where the spouse and lineal ascendants are successors, the share in the succession of the spouse and of the lineal ascendants shall respectively be one half;
3. Where the spouse and brothers and sisters are successors, the share in the succession of the spouse shall be two thirds and those of the brothers and sisters shall be one third;
4. Where there exist two or more lineal descendants, or lineal ascendants, or brothers and sisters, their respective share in the succession shall be equal. But, the share in the succession of lineal descandant, who is not legitimate shall be one half of that of a legitimate lineal descendant, and the share in the succession of any of the brothers and sisters whose father or mother alone is the same with that of the person succeeded to, shall be one half of the share of any of the brothers and sisters whose father and mother both are the same with those of the person succeeded to.

Article 901. The share in a succession of a lineal descendant who is a successor in accordance with the provisions of Art. 888 shall be the same as that which would have been received by his lineal ascendant, but in case there exist two or more lineal descendants their shares in the succession shall, in respect of the share which would have been received by the lineal ascendant of each of them, be determined in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply with the necessary modifications in case where a lineal descendant of brothers and sisters is a successor in accordance with the provisions of Article 889, Paragraph 2.

Article 902. A person to be succeeded to may, notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding two Articles, by will determine the shares of co-successors or commission a third person to determine them; but neither the person to be succeeded to nor the third person may contravene the provisions relating to legally secured portions.

In case a person to be succeeded to has determined or caused to be determined the shares of the other co-successors shall be determined in accordance with the preceding two Articles.

Article 903. In case any of the co-successors has received from the person to be succeeded to a testamentary gift, or a gift for the purpose of his marriage, adoption, or as a means of livelihood, the value of the property owned by the person to be succeeded to at the time of the opening of the succession plus the value of such gift shall be deemed to be the property succeeded to, and the amount remaining after deducting the value of the gift, whether testamentary or not, from what would have been his share in the succession, as computed in accordance with the provisions of the preceding three Articles, shall constitute his share in the succession.

If the value of the gift, whether testamentary or not, equals or exceeds the value of the share in the succession, the donee may not receive such share.

If the person to be succeeded to has declared any intention different from the provisions of the preceding two paragraphs, such declaration of intention shall be effective in so far as it does not contravene the provisions relating to legally secured portions.

Article 904. The value of gift mentioned in the preceding Article shall be determined by treating the property which forms the subject of the same as if it still existed in its original condition at the time of the opening of the succession, even if it has been lost or increased or decreased in value by an act of the donee.

Article 905. In case one of the co-successors assigns his share in the succession to a third person before partition, other co-successors may have such share in the succession assigned to them upon effecting a reimbursement of its value and expenses.

The right mentioned in the preceding paragraph must be exercised within one month.

Section III. Partition of Estate

Article 906. For effecting partition of estate, the kind and nature of the things or rights constituting the estate, the profession of each successor and all other circumstances shall be taken into account.

Article 907. Except the case where partition of estate has been forbidden by the will of the person succeeded to in accordance with the provisions of Article 908, co-successors may, at any time, effect the partition of the estate by their agreement.

If no agreement is reached or possible between the co-successors for partition of the estate, each co-successor may apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for its partition.

If, in the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph, any special reason exists, the Court of Domestic Relations may forbid partition of all or a part of estate for a fixed period.

Article 908. A person to be succeeded to may by will determine, or commission a third person to determine, the mode of partition, or forbid partition for a period not exceeding five years from the time of the opening of the succession.

Article 909. Partition of estate shall be effective retroactively as from the time of the opening of the succession, but nothing in this Article shall prejudice any of the rights of third persons.

Article 910. If, in case where a person who has become successor by acknowledgment after the opening of the succession applies for the partition of estate, other co-successors have already effected the partition or other dispositions, he may claim only the payment of value of the estate to which he is entitled.

Article 911. Each co-successor shall in proportion to his share in the succession bear the same liability for warranty as that of a seller towards other co-successors.

Article 912. Each co-successor shall in proportion to his share in the succession warrant the solvency of the obligor as at the time of partition in regard to obligations acquired by other co-successors through partition.

In regard to an obligation which is not yet due or an obligation subject to a suspensive condition each co-successor warrants the solvency of the obligor as at the time when performance is to be effected.

Article 913. If any of the co-successors who incur a liability for warranty has not sufficient means to effect reimbursement, the part which he is unable to reimburse shall be borne by the person demanding reimbursement and the other solvent successors in proportion to their respective share in the succession; but in case the party demanding reimbursement is in fault, he cannot demand that the other co-successors shall bear their proportions.

Article 914. The provisions of the preceding three Articles shall not apply where the person to be succeeded to has declared any different intention by will.

Chapter IV. Acceptance and Renunciation of Succession

Section I. General Provisions

Article 915. A successor must, within three months from the time when he became aware that the succession had been opened in his favour, effect an acceptance, either absolute or qualified, or a renunciation; but such period may be extended by the Court of Domestic Relations on the application of any person interested or of a Public Procurator.

A successor may make a survey of the property to be succeeded to before effecting acceptance or renunciation.

Article 916. In case a successor dies without effecting either acceptance or renunciation, the period mentioned in Par. 1 of the preceding Article shall be computed as from the time when his successor became aware that the succession had been opened in his favour.

Article 917. In case a successor is a person under disability, the period mentioned in Art. 915, Par. 1, shall be computed as from the time when his legal representative became aware that the succession had been opened in favour of the person under disability.

Article 918. A successor must manage the property succeeded to with the same care as he uses in respect of his individual property, except when he has effected either acceptance or renunciation.

The Court of Domestic Relations may, on the application of any person interested or of a Public Procurator, at any time order the adoption of such measures as may be necessary for the management of the property succeeded to.

In case where the Court of Domestic Relations appoints an administrator the provisions of Arts. 27 to 29 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 919. Acceptance and renunciation cannot be revoked even within the period mentioned in Art. 915, Par. 1.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not preclude the avoidance of acceptance or renunciation in accordance with the provisions of Book 1 and the preceding Book; but such right of avoidance shall be extinguished by prescription, if it is not exercised within six months from the time when it became possible to effect ratification, or if ten years have elapsed from the time of the acceptance or renunciation.

Section II. Acceptance

Sub-Section I. Absolute Acceptance

Article 920. If a successor effects an absolute acceptance he succeeds without limitation to the rights and duties of the person succeeded to.

Article 921. In the cases mentioned below a successor shall be deemed to have effected an absolute acceptance:

1. If he has disposed of the whole or part of the property succeeded to, but this shall not apply to effecting an act of preservation or a lease for any period not longer than those specified in Art. 602;
2. If he fails to effect either a qualified acceptance or a renunciation within the period mentioned in Art. 915, Par. 1;
3. If, even after having effected a qualified acceptance or a renunciation, he has concealed or secretly consumed, or failed in had faith to enter in the inventory, the whole or part of the property succeeded to; but this shall not apply after an acceptance has been effected by a person who has become successor in consequence of his having effected a renunciation.

Sub-Section II. Qualified Acceptance

Article 922. A successor may effect an acceptance with the reservation that he shall perform the obligations and testamentary gift of the person succeeded to only to the extent of the property acquired through the succession.

Article 923. If there exist two or more successors, qualified acceptance may be effected merely by joint acts of all co-successors.

Article 924. If a successor desires to effect a qualified acceptance he must prepare an inventory within the period mentioned in Art. 915, Par. 1 and present it to the Court of Domestic Relations with a declaration that he effects a qualified acceptance.

Article 925. In case a successor effects a qualified acceptance any rights and duties which he had towards the person succeeded to shall be deemed not to have been extinguished.

Article 926. A qualified acceptor must continue to manage the property succeeded to with the same care as he uses in respect of his individual property.

The provisions of Arts. 645, 646, 650 Pars. 1 and 2, and Art. 918, Pars. 2 and 3 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case contemplated in the preceding paragraph.

Article 927. A qualified acceptor must, within five days after he has effected the qualified acceptance, give public notice to all obligees of the person succeeded to and to all testamentary donees to the effect that he has effected a qualified acceptance and that they are called upon to present their claims within a specified period which must not be less than two months.

The provisions of Art. 79, Pars. 2 and 3 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case contemplated in the preceding paragraph.

Article 928. A qualified acceptor may refuse performance to obligees of the person succeeded to and to testamentary donees until the expiration of the period mentioned in Par. 1 of the preceding Article.

Article 929. Upon the expiration of the period mentioned in Article 927, Par. 1, a qualified acceptor must effect performance to those obligees who have presented their claims within such period and to all other obligees known to him, in proportion to the amounts of their respective obligation, out of the property succeeded to; but the rights of obligees who have priority may not be prejudiced thereby.

Article 930. A qualified acceptor must perform in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article even those obligations which are not yet due.

Conditional obligations and obligations of uncertain duration must be performed according to the valuation of an expert appointed by the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 931. A qualified acceptor may not effect performance to testamentary donees until after he has effected performance to each obligee in accordance with the provisions of the preceding two Articles.

Article 932. In case it is found necessary to sell the property succeeded to in order to effect performance in conformity with the provisions of the preceding three Articles, a qualified acceptor must offer it for sale by official auction, but he may dispense with the sale by official auction of the whole or part of the property succeeded to upon paying the value thereof according to the valuation of an expert appointed by the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 933. An obligee of a person succeeded to or a testamentary donee may at his own expense intervene in the sale by official auction or the valuation of the property succeeded to. In this case the provisions of Art. 260, Par. 2 shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 934. If a qualified acceptor has neglected to give the public or peremptory notice as prescribed in Art. 927 or has effected performance to some obligees or testamentary donees within the peroid mentioned in Par. 1 of the same Article, and in consequence has become unable to effect performance to the other obligees or testamentary donees, he shall be bound to make compensation for any damage arising therefrom. The same shall apply where performance has been effected in contravention of any of the provisions of Arts. 929 to 931 inclusive.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not prejudice the right of the other obligees or testamentary donees to demand reimbursement from such obligees or testamentary donees as have improperly received performance with knowledge of the circumstances.

The provisions of Art. 724 shall also apply in the cases of the preceding two paragraphs.

Article 935. Obligees and testamentary donees who have failed to present their claims within the period mentioned in Art. 927, Par. 1 and who were unknown to the qualified acceptor can exercise their rights with respect to the surplus assets only, except those who have special securities in respect to the property succeeded to.

Article 936. In case there exist two or more successors, the Court of Domestic Relations must appoint an administrator of the property to be succeeded to from among the successors.

The administrator manages the property to be succeeded to, and does all acts necessary for performing obligations on behalf of, and in place of the successors.

The provisions of Articles 926 to 935 inclusive shall apply with necessary modifications to the administrator; but the period to give public notice prescribed in the first paragraph of Article 927 shall be within ten days as from the time when the administrator was appointed.

Article 937. If there exists any of the grounds mentioned in Item 1 or 3 of Article 921 with regard to one or several of the co-successors who effected an qualified acceptance, an obligee of a person succeeded to may exercise the right over such co-successor's in proportion to his (their)share(s) in the succession in respect of the amounts of obligations which have not been satisfied out of the property succeeded to.

Section III. Renunciation

Article 938. A person who desires to effect a renunciation of a succession must make a declaration to the Court of Domestic Relations to that effect.

Article 939. Renunciation shall be effective retroactively as from the time of the opening of the succession.

If, in case where there exist two or more successors, one of them has effected a renunciation, his share in the succession devolves on the other successors in proportion to their respective share therein.

Article 940. A person who has effected a renunciation of a succession must continue to manage the property succeeded to with the same care as he uses in respect of his own property until the person who becomes successor by reason of his renunciation is able to commence the management of the property.

The provisions of Arts. 645, 646, 650, Pars. 1 and 2, and Art. 918, Pars. 2 and 3 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case contemplated in the preceding paragraph.

Chapter V. Separation of Property

Article 941. An obligee of a person succeeded to or a testamentary donee may, within three months from the time of the opening of the succession, apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for the separation of the property succeeded to from the property of the successor. The same shall apply even after the expiration of that period so long as the property succeeded to has not been intermingled with the successor's individual property.

If the Court of Domestic Relations has ordered a separation of property on an application as mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the person who made such application must, within five days, give public notice to the other obligees of the person succeeded to and to testamentary donees to the effect that an order for a separation of property has been made and that they are called upon to claim to intervene in the distribution within a specified period which must not be less than two months.

Article 942. A person who has applied for a separation of property and those who have claimed to intervene in the distribution in accordance with the provisions of Par. 2 of the preceding Article shall receive performance out of the property succeeded to in preference to the obligees of the successor.

Article 943. In case an application has been made for a separation of property the Court of Domestic Relations may order the adoption of such measures as may be necessary for the management of the property succeeded to.

In case where the Court of Domestic Relations has appointed an administrator, the provisions of Arts. 27 to 29 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 944. If, even after a successor has effected an absolute acceptance, an application is made for a separation of property, the successor must thenceforth manage the property succeeded to with the same care as he uses in respect of his individual property except when an administrator has been appointed by the Court of Domestic Relations.

The provisions of Arts. 645 to 647 inclusive and Art. 650, Pars. 1 and 2 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 945. As regards immovables a separation of property cannot be set up against a third person until it has been registered.

Article 946. The provisions of Art. 304 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case of a separation of property.

Article 947. A successor may refuse performance to obligees of the preson succeeded to and to testamentary donees until the expiration of the periods mentioned in Art. 941, Pars. 1 and 2.

In case an application for a separation of property has been made, the successor must, upon the expiration of the period mentioned in Art. 941, Par. 2, effect performance, out of the property succeeded to, to those obligees and testamentary donees who applied for the separation of property or claimed to intervene in the distribution in proportion to their respective obligation; but the rights of obligees who have priority may not be prejudiced thereby.

The provisions of Arts. 930 to 934 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 948. A person who applied for a separation of property or claimed to intervene in the distribution may exercise his rights with respect to the successor's individual property only in case where he could not receive full performance out of the property succeeded to. In this case the obligees of the successor may receive performance in preference to such person.

Article 949. A successor may prevent an application for a separation of property or extinguish its effect by effecting performance to the obligees of the person succeeded to and to testamentary donees out of his individual property or by furnishing adequate security to them; but this shall not apply where any obligee of the person succeeded to raises an objection with proof that he will thereby sustain damage.

Article 950. So long as a successor is at liberty to effect a qualified acceptance or the property succeeded to is not intermingled with the successor's individual property, his obligees may apply for a separation of property against the Court of Domestic Relations.

The provisions of Arts. 304, 925, 927 to 934 inclusive, 943 to 945 inclusive and 948 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph; but the public and peremptory notice as prescribed in Art. 927 must be given by the obligee who has applied for the separation of property.

Chapter VI. Default of Successors

Article 951. If it is unknown whether there exists a succeesor or not, the property to be succeeded to shall constitute a juristic person.

Article 952. In the case mentioned in the preceding Article the Court of Domestic Relations must, on the application of any person interested or of a Public Procurator, appoint an administrator of the property to be succeeded to.

The Court of Domestic Relations must without delay give public notice of the appointment of the administrator.

Article 953. The provisions of Arts. 27 to 29 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to an administrator of the property to be succeeded to.

Article 954. If a demand is made by any of the obligees of the person to be succeeded to or of the testamentary donees. the administrator must report to such persons on the condition of the property to be succeeded to.

Article 955. If it becomes known that there exists a successor the juristic person shall be deemed never to have existed, provided that the validity of acts done by the administrator within the scope of his authority shall not be effected thereby.

Article 956. The power of representation of an administrator shall be extinguished at the time when a successor effects an acceptance of succession.

In the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph the administrator must without delay render an account of the management to the successor.

Article 957. If it does not, within two months after the public notice prescribed in Art. 952, Par. 2,

has been given, become known that there exists a successor, the administrator must, without delay, give public notice to all obligees of the person to be succeeded to and to all testamentary donees, calling upon them to present thier claims within a specified period, which must not be less than two months.

The provisions of Art. 79, Pars. 2 and 3, and Arts. 928 to 935 inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph, except those of the proviso to Art. 932.

Article 958. If, even after the expiration of the period mentioned in Par. 1 of the preceding Article, it is still unknown whether there exists any successor, the Court of Domestic Relations must, on the application of the administrator or of a Public Procurator, give public notice calling upon the successor, if any, to assert his right within a specified period, which must not be less than one year.

Article 959. If no one asserts his right as successor within the period mentioned in the preceding Article, the property to be succeeded to shall devolve on the National Treasury. In such case the provisions of Art. 956, Par. 2 shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Obligees of the person to be succeeded to and testamentary donees cannot exercise their rights as against the National Treasury.

Chapter VII. Wills

Section I. General Provisions

Article 960. No will can be made otherwise than in conformity with the forms prescribed in this Code.

Article 961. Any person who has completed his fifteenth year may make a will.

Article 962. The provisions of Arts. 4, 9 and 12 shall not apply to a will.

Article 963. A testator must at the time of making a will be invested with capacity to do so.

Article 964. A testator may make a disposition of the whole or part of his property under either a universal or special title; but provisions relating to legally secured portions may not be contravened.

Article 965. The provisions of Arts. 886 and 981 shall apply with the necessary modifications to testamentary donee.

Article 966. If, before the accounts of a guardianship have been completed, the ward makes a will under which the guardian, his spouse or any of his lineal descendants is to take a benefit, such will shall be void.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not apply in case where a lineal relative by blood, the spouse, or a brother or sister is the guardian.

Section II. Forms of Wills

Sub-Section I. Ordinary Forms

Article 967. A will must be made by means of a holographic, or a notarial, or a secret document, except when resort to special forms is permitted.

Article 968. In order to make a will by a holographic document, the testator must write with his own hand the whole text, the date and his full name and must affix his seal thereto.

Any insertion, deletion or other alteration in a holographic document shall be ineffective unless the testator indicates the place thereof, makes an additional entry to the effect that an alteration has been made, specially adds his signature to such entry and also affixes his seal at the place of alteration.

Article 969. In order to make a will by a notarial document, the following formalities must be complied with:

1. That two or more witnesses are present;
2. That the testator orally declares the tenor of the will to a notary;
3. That the notary writes down the testator's oral statement and reads it to the testator and the witnesses;
4. That the testator and each of the witnesses affix their signatures and seals to the writing after acknowledging it to be correct; but in case where the testator is unable to sign the notary may make an additional entry of the fact in substitution for the signature;
5. That the notary makes an additional entry to the effect that the document has been drawn up in compliance with the formalitites specified under the preceding four heads and affixes signature and seal thereto.

Article 970. In order to make a will by a secret document, the following formalities must be complied with:

1. That the testator affixes his signature and seal to the document;
2. That the testator closes up the document and seals the cover with the same seal as he has used upon the document;
3. That the testator produces the sealed document before a notary and at least two witnesses and declares that it is his testamentary document and also declares the full name and permanent residence of the writer thereof;
4. That, after the notary has written down on the sealed cover the date of the production of the document and the declaration of the testator, he, the testator and the witnesses affix their signatures and seals thereto.

The provisions of Art. 968, Par. 2 shall apply with the necessary modifications to a will made by a secret document.

Article 971. Even if a will made by a secret document is defective as regards the formalities prescribed in the preceding Article it shall be valid as a will made by a holographic document if it fulfils the formalities specified in Art. 968.

Article 972. In case where a person who is unable to speak makes a will by a secret document, the testator must, in substitution for the declaration mentioned in Art. 970, Par. 1, No. 3, write with his own hand in the presence of the notary and of the witnesses on the sealed cover a statement that the document is his testamentary one and also the full name and permanent residence of the writer thereof.

The notary must wirte on the sealed cover, in substitution for writing the declaration, a statement that the testator has complied with the formalities prescribed in the preceding paragraph.

Article 973. In order to enable a person adjudged incompetent to make a will during a lucid interval, at least two medical practitioners must be present.

The medical practitioners present at the making of the will must make an additional entry upon the testamentary document to the effect that the testator was not in a condition of mental unsoundness at the time when he made the will and must affix their signatures and seals thereto; but in case where a will is made by a secret document such entry, signatures and seals must be affixed to the sealed cover.

Article 974. None of the persons mentioned below can become a witness to a will or a person required to be present at the making thereof:

1. A minor;
2. A person adjudged incompetent or quasi-incompetent;
3. A presumptive successor, a testamentary donee, and their spouses and lineal relatives by blood;
4. The spouse, any of the relatives up to the fourth degree of relationship and any of the clerks as well as of the servants, of the notary.

Article 975. No will can be made by two or more persons by one and the same document.

Sub-Section II. Special Forms

Article 976. In case a person who is in imminent danger of death through disease or from any other cause desires to make a will, he may do so in the presence of at least three witnesses by orally declaring its tenor to one of them. In this case the person to whom the oral declaration is made must write it down and read it to the testator and the other witnesses, and each witness, after having acknowledged the writing to be correct, must affix his signature and seal thereto.

A will made in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not be valid, unless within twenty days from the day on which the will was made one of the witnesses or some person interested applies to the Court of Domestic Relations and obtains a confirmation thereof.

The Court of Domestic Relations may not confirm a will unless convinced that it represents the true intention of the testator.

Article 977. A person who is in a place communication with which is cut off by administrative measures on account of contagious disease may make a written will in the presence of a police officer and at least one witness.

Article 978. A person on board ship may make a written will in the presence of the master or one of the clerical staff of the ship and at least two witnesses.

Article 979. A person who, in the event of a ship's distress, is on board the ship and is in immediate danger of death, may make a will orally in the presence of at least two witnesses.

A will made in compliance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not be valid, unless witnesses write down its tenor and verify such writing with their signatures and seal-impressions and one of the witnesses or some person interested also applies without delay to the Court of Domestic Relations and obtains a confirmation thereof.

The provisions of Article 976, Paragraph 3 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 980. In the cases mentioned in Arts. 977 and 978, the testator, the writer and the persons required to be present and the witnesses must each affix their signatures and seals to the testamentary document.

Article 981. If, in the cases mentioned in Arts. 977 to 979 inclusive, there is concerned a person who is unable to affix his signature or seal, persons required to be present or witneeses must make an additional entry of the fact.

Article 982. The provisions of Art. 968, Par. 2 and Arts. 973 to 975 inclusive shall apply to a will made in accordance with the provisions of Arts. 976 to 981 inclusive.

Article 983. A will made in accordance with the provisions of Arts. 976 to 982 inclusive shall not be valid if the testator survives for six months from the time when he becomes abble to make a will in compliance with ordinary forms.

Article 984. In case a Japanese resident in a place where there is stationed a Japanese Consul desires to make a will by means of a notarial or secret document, the duties of a notary shall be performed by such Consul.

Section III. Effect of Wills

Article 985. A will becomes effective upon the death of the testator.

If, in case where a will is subject to a suspensive condition, the condition is fulfilled after the death of the testator, the will becomes effective upon the fulfilment of the condition.

Article 986. A testamentary donee may effect a renunciation of the testamentary gift at any time subsequent to the death of the testator.

A renunciation of a testamentary gift shall be effective retroactively as from the time of the death of the testator.

Article 987. A person charged with a testamentary gift or any person interested may give a peremptory notice to the testamentary donee to effect either an acceptance or a renunciation of the testamentary gift within a reasonable period fixed by him. If the testamentary donee fails to declare his intention to the person charged with the testamentary gift within such period, he shall be deemed to have accepted the testamentary gift.

Article 988. In case a testamentary donee dies without effecting either an acceptance or a renunciation of the testamentary gift, his successor can effect either an acceptance or a renunciation within the scope of his own right of succession, but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Article 989. An acceptance or a renunciation of testamentary gift cannot be revoked.

The provisions of Art. 919, Par. 2 shall apply with the necessary modifications to an acceptance or a renunciation of a testamentary gift.

Article 990. A testamentary donee by a universal title has the same rights and duties as a successor.

Article 991. So long as a testamentary gift is not yet due, the testamentary donee may demand adequate security from the person charged with the testamentary gift.

The same shall apply as respects a testamentary gift subject to a suspensive condition during the pendency of the condition.

Article 992. A testamentary donee acquires fruits as from the time when he can demand fulfilment of the testamentary gift; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Article 993. In case a person charged with a testamentary gift incurs any expenses in respect of the subjectmatter of the testamentary gift after the death of the testator, the provisions of Art. 299 shall apply with the necessary modifications.

As regards ordinary necessary expenses incurred for the purpose of collecting fruits, the reimbursement thereof may be demanded to the extent of the value of the fruits.

Article 994. A testamentary gift shall not take effect if the testamentary donee dies before the death of the testator.

The same shall apply with respect to a testamentary gift subject to a suspensive condition if the testamentary donee dies before the fulfilment of the condition; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Article 995. In case a testamentary gift does not take effect, or becomes void of effect by reason of renunciation, whatever the testamentary donee would have received devolves on the successor; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Article 996. A testamentary gift shall not take effect if the right which forms the subject thereof is not comprised in the property succeeded to at the time of the death of the testator, except when it appears that such right has been made the subject of the testamentary gift notwithstanding that it may not be comprised in the property succeeded to.

Article 997. In case a testamentary gift having for subject a right which is comprised in the property succeeded to is effective in accordance with the provisions of the Proviso to the preceding Article, the person charged with the testamentary gift is under a duty to acquire that right and transfer it to the testamentary donee. If he cannot acquire it or if excessive expense would be required in order to acquire it, he must pay over the value thereof; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Article 998. If, in case where a non-specific thing has been made the subject of a testamentary gift, the testamentary donee is deprived by eviction of the thing delivered, the person charged with the testamentary gift shall assume the same liability in respect of warranty as that of a seller.

If, in the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph, any defect exists in the thing, the person charged with the testamentary gift must substitute in its place a thing free from any defect.

Article 999. In case a testator has a right to demand compensation from a third person by reason of the loss or alteration of the subject-matter of the testamentary gift or the loss of the possession thereof, such right shall be presumed to have been made the subject of the testamentary gift.

If, in case where the subject matter of a testamentary gift has been united to or mixed with another thing, the testator has become the sole owner of a co-owner of the composite thing or the mixture in accordance with the provisions of Arts. 243 to 245 inclusive, the ownership or the co-ownership of the whole shall be presumed to have been made the subject of the testamentary gift.

Article 1000. If the thing or right which constitutes the subject of a testamentary gift at the time of the death of the testator is the subject of a right belonging to a third person, the testamentary donee may not demand from the person charged with the testamentary gift that such right be extinguished; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Article 1001. If, in case where an obligation has been made the subject of a testamentary gift, the testator has obtained performance and things which he has so received still remain among the property succeeded to, such things shall be presumed to have been made the subject of the testamentary gift.

As regards an obligation which has money for its subject, the amount of such money shall be presumed to have been made the subject of the testamentary gift even though there is in the property succeeded to no sum of money corresponding to the amount of the obligation.

Article 1002. A person who has received a testamentary gift subject to a charge is bound to perform the duty which he has assumed only to the extent of the value of the subject of the testamentary gift.

In case the testamentary donee has effected a renunciation, the person who is to receive the benefit of the charge may himself become testamentary donee; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Article 1003. In case the value of the subject of a testamentary gift which is subject to a charge is reduced by reason of a qualified acceptance of the succession or an action for the recovery of a legally secured portion, the testamentary donee shall in proportion to such reduction be relieved of the duty which he has assumed; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Section IV. Carrying Wills into Effect

Article 1004. Upon becoming aware of the opening of the succession the custodian of a testamentary document must without delay present it to the Court of Domestic Relations and apply for probate thereof. In case where there exists no custodian of the testamentary document, the same shall apply upon the discovery of the document by the successor.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not apply to a will made by means of a notarial document.

A testamentary document closed up with a seal may not be opened except in Court of Domestic Relations and in the presence of the successors or their representatives.

Article 1005. Any person who neglects to present a testamentary document in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article, or who carries a will into effect without first procuring probate, or who opens a will out of Court of Domestic Relations, shall be held liable to an administrative

penalty of not exceeding two hundred *yen*.

Article 1006. A testator may designate one or more executors by will or commission a third person to designate them.

A person who has been commissioned to designate executors must without delay effect the designation and give notice thereof to the successors.

If a person who has been commissioned to designate executors desires to decline such commission, he must without delay give notice to that effect to the successors.

Article 1007. An executor who has consented to assume office must at once enter upon its duties.

Article 1008. Successors or any other person interested may give a permptory notice to the executor to make a definite answer within a reasonable period fixed by them as to whether he consents to assume office or not. If the executor fails to make a definite answer to the successor within such period, he shall be deemed to have consented to assume office.

Article 1009. Person under disability and bankrupts cannot become executors.

Article 1010. If there exists no executor or if no executor remains, the Court of Domestic Relations may appoint one on the application of any person interested.

Article 1011. An executor must without delay prepare an inventory of the property succeeded to and hand it over to the successors.

If an application is made by the successors, an executor must prepare an inventory in their presence or cause a notary to prepare it.

Article 1012. An executor has the right and duty to manage the property succeeded to and to perform all acts necessary for carrying the will into effect.

The provisions of Arts. 644 to 647 inclusive and 650 shall apply with the necessary modifications to an executor.

Article 1013. In case where there exists an executor, the successors may not in any way dispose of the property succeeded to or do any act which would obstruct the carrying of the will into effect.

Article 1014. In case where a will relates to some specific property, the provisions of the preceding Articles shall apply to such property only.

Article 1015. An executor shall be deemed to be the representative of the successors.

Article 1016. An executor may not procure a third person to perform his duties except for unavoidable reasons; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

In case where an executor procures a third person to perform his duties in accordance with the terms of the Proviso to the preceding paragraph, he shall assume towards the successors the responsibility as prescribed in Art. 105.

Article 1017. In case where there exist two or more executors, the conduct of their duties shall be decided by the majority; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, each executor is entitled to effect acts of preservation.

Article 1018. The Court of Domestic Relations may determine the remuneration of an executor having regard to the conditions of the property succeeded to or other circumstances, except, however, when a testator provided the remuneration in his will.

In case where an executor is to receive remuneration, the provisions of Art. 648, Pars. 2 and 3 shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 1019. If an executor neglects his duties or if there exists any other reasonable ground, any person interested may apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for his removal.

If reasonable ground exists, an executor may resign his office with leave of the Court of Domestic Relation.

Article 1020. The provisions of Arts. 654 and 655 shall apply with the necessary modifications in case where the duties of an executor have terminated

Article 1021. Expenses relating to carrying a will into effect shall be borne by the property succeeded to; but legally secured portions cannot be diminished thereby.

Section V. Revocation of Wills

Article 1022. A testator can at any time revoke the whole or part of his will in accordance with any of the forms prescribed for wills.

Article 1023. If a prior will is inconsistent with a subsequent will the prior will shall be deemed to have been revoked by the subsequent one in respect of the parts in which they are inconsistent.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply with a necessary modifications in case where a will is inconsistent with a disposition inter vivos or any other juristic act effected subsequently to the will.

Article 1024. If a testator intentionally destroys his testamentary document he shall be deemed to have revoked the will in respect of such parts as have been destroyed. The same shall apply when a testator intentionally destroys the subject-matter of a testamentary gift.

Article 1025. A will revoked in accordance with the preceding three Articles shall not be revived even though the act of revocation is avoided or becomes ineffective, except when such act has been induced either by franud or duress.

Article 1026. A testator cannot waive the right to revoke his will.

Article 1027. If a person who has received a testamentary gift subject to a charge does not perform the duty which he has assumed, the successors may fix a reasonable period and give peremptory notice demanding its performance and may apply to the Court of Domestic Rations for the revocation of the will, if no performance is effected within such period.

Chapter VIII. Legally Secured Portions

Article 1028. Any successors, with the exception of brothers and sisters of the person succeeded to, shall receive, as their legally secured portion, the following sum:

1. In case where all of the successors are lineal descendants, or all of them are lineal descendants and the spouse, one half of the property of the person succeeded to;

2. In all other cases, one third of the property of the person succeeded to.

Article 1029. A legally secured portion shall be calculated on the basis of adding to the value of the property which the person succeeded to had at the time of the opening of the succession the value of any property of which he had made gifts and deducting therefrom the total amount of his obligations.

The value of a conditional right or of a right of uncertain duration shall be determined according to the assessment of an expert appointed by the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 1030. The value of gifts shall be taken into account in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article only if they were made within one year prior to the opening of the succession. But the rule shall apply even to gifts which were made more than a year before if both the parties acted with knowledge that loss would be caused to the person entitled to a legally secured portion.

Article 1031. A person entitled to a legally secured portion or his successor may demand an abatement of testamentary gifts and of gifts inter vivos as mentioned in the preceding Article to the extent necessary for the protection of the legally secured portion.

Article 1032. If, in case where a conditional right or a right of uncertain duration is made the subject of a gift inter vivos or a testamentary gift, such gift or testamentary gift is to abate partially, persons entitled to a legally secured portion must at once pay to the donee or the testamentary donee the value of the remaining part according to the value as determined in accordance with the provisions of Art. 1029, Par. 2.

Article 1033. Gifts do not abate until testamentary gifts have abated.

Article 1034. Testamentary gifts abate in proportion to the value of their subject; but if the testator has declared a different intention in his will, such intention shall prevail.

Article 1035. Abatement of gifts shall commence with the latest and extend in a successive order to the earliest.

Article 1036. In addition to the property to be returned, donee must also return its fruits as from the day on which a demand for an abatement was made.

Article 1037. Any loss arising from the insolvency of a donee whose gift is to abate shall be borne by the persons entitled to a legally secured portion.

Article 1038. As to a gift subject to a charge, an abatement may be demanded in respect of the value of the subject less that of the charge.

Article 1039. An act for value performed for an inadequate consideration shall be deemed to be a gift only if both the parties acted with knowledge that loss would be caused to the person entitled to a legally secured portion. In such case, the person entitled to a legally secured portion who demands abatement must make reimbursement for the consideration.

Article 1040. In case a donee whose gift is to abate has assigned the subject of the gift to another person, he must pay its value to the person entitled to a legally secured portion; but if the assignee knew at the time of the assignment that loss would be caused to the person entitled to a legally secured portion, the latter may also demand an abatement as against the assignee.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case where a donee has created rights over the subject of the gift.

Article 1041. A donee inter vivos or a testamentary donee may relieve himself of the duty of restoration by paying to the person entitled to a legally secured portion the value of the subject of the gift inter vivos or the testamentary gift to the extent that such gift is to abate.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case mentioned in the Proviso to the preceding Article, Par. 1.

Article 1042. The right to demand abatement shall be extinguished by prescription, if it is not exercised with one year from the time when the person entitled to a legally secured portion became aware that the succession had been opened and that gifts inter vivos or testamentary gifts which are to abate had been made, or if ten years have elapsed from the time of the opening of the succession.

Article 1043. The renunciation of a legally secured portion effected before the opening of the succession shall be effective, if, and only if, the approval of the Court of Domestic Relations is obtained.

No renunciation of a legally secured portion effected by one of the co-successors shall affect the legally secured portion of any other co-successors.

Article 1044. The provisions of Arts. 888, 900, 901, 903 and 904 shall apply with the necessary modifications to a legally secured portion.

Supplementary Provisions:

Article 1. The present Law shall come into force as from January 1, 1948.

Article 2. Law No. 37 of 1902 is hereby repealed.

Article 3. Within the meaning of these Supplementary Provisions, the New Code shall be taken to refer to the Civil Code as amended by the present Law, the Old Code shall to the Civil Code which have hitherto been in force and the Law concerning Temporary Measures shall to the Law No. 74 of 1947.

Article 4. Except for cases otherwise provided, the New Code shall apply to any of the matters which have occurred before the coming into force of the New Code. But nothing in this Article shall prejudice any of the effects which have arisen under the Old Code and the Law concerning Temporary Measures.

Article 5. No act can be avoided which has been done by a wife in contravention of the provisions of Article 14, Paragraph 1 of the Old Code before the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures.

Article 6. In case where retirement from the headship of a House effected before the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures could be annulled under the Old Code, such retirement can be annulled in accordance with the Old Code.

In this case, the provisions of Article 760 of the Old Code shall apply.

Article 7. If, before the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures, rights of the head of a House have been lost by reason of retirement from the headship of the House or by reason of marriage with an incoming husband, the provisions of Article 761 of the Old Code shall continue to apply.

Article 8. Even in case where a marriage contracted before the coming into force of the New Code one be annulled under the Old Code, such marriage may not be annulled, if none of the matters constituting the grounds for the annulment is provided in the New Code.

Article 9. The period of time fixed in Article 747, Paragraph 2 of the Civil Code which is applicable with the necessary modifications in the provisions of Article 764 of the New Code shall be computed as from the day on which the New Code comes into force, if the party concerned discovered the fraud or became free from the duress before the coming into force of the New Code.

Article 10. Each of the parties who have effected divorce after the coming into force of the Constitution of Japan and before the coming into force of the New Code, may demand distribution of property from the other party in accordance with the provisions of Article 768 of the New Code.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply with the necessary modifications to annulment of marriage.

Article 11. With respect to an application for divorce by reason of any of the grounds which have occurred before the coming into force of the New Code, the provisions which are hitherto in force shall continue to apply.

The provisions of Article 770, Paragraph 2 of the New Code shall apply with the necessary modifications to cases mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 12. In case where a minor child has entered into the house of its father or mother in accordance with the provisions of any of Arts. 737 and 738 of the Old Code before the coming into force of the Urgent Measures Law, the child may resume its prior surname within one year as from the day on which he attained majority. If the child attains majority before the coming into force of this Law, the same shall apply also with regard to within one year as from the coming into force of this Law.

Article 13. The provisions of Articles 8, 9 and 10 shall apply with the necessary modifications to adoption.

Article 14. In case where the father and mother not in matrimonial relation exercise jointly the parental power ever the minor child at the time of coming into force of the New Code, they shall exercise jointly the parental power continually after the coming into force of this Law. But the father and mother may determine one of them to have the parental power by agreement.

If no agreement mentioned in the latter part of the preceding paragraph is reached or possible, the Court of Domestic Relations may frender decision in place of agreement on an application of the father or mother.

The provisions of Art. 819, Par. 6 of the New Code shall apply with the necessary modifications to the cases mentioned in any of the latter part of Par. 1 and the preceding paragraph.

Article 15. An act done or consented to in contravention of the provisions of Article 886 of the Old Code by a mother exercising parental power before the coming into effect of the Law concerning Temporary Measures cannot be avoided.

Article 16. The provisions of Article 21 shall apply with the necessary modifications to a step-father or a step-mother, or a woman who is the wife of the father of an acknowledged child and belongs to the same House as that of the child (Chakubo), if such person has been exercising parental power before the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures.

Article 17. The provisions of Article 894 of the Old Code shall continue to apply to any obligatory right which has arisen, with respect to the management of the property, as between any of the members of family council and a child who is subject to parental power, before the coming into force of the New Code.

Article 18. Even if a mother resigned the management of property of her child according to the old provisions, her resignation shall have no effect after the enforcement of the New Code, in case where guardian-ship for the child has not been commenced at the time of the coming into force of the New Code.

Article 19. If either a father or mother occupies the position of a guardian in accordance with the provisions of Article 902 of the Old Code, or if there is a guardian appointed in accordance with the provisions of Article 904 of the Old Code at the time of the coming into force of the New Code the guardian shall not automatically forfeit such position by reason of the coming into force of the New Code. But such person shall forfeit the position mentioned above as a matter of course, if the guardianship terminated as a result of the coming into force of the New Code, or if there exists a legal guardian assuming his office under the New Code.

Article 20. The provisions of the preceding Article shall apply with the necessary modifications to a supervisor of the guardian or to a curator.

Article 21. An act done or consented to in contravention of the provisions of Article 929 of the Old Code by a guardian before the coming into force of the New Code can be avoided in accordance with the Old Code.

Article 22. The provisions of Article 17 shall apply with the necessary modifications to relations between any of the members of a family council on one hand and a ward or a person adjudged incompetent on the other.

Article 23. In respect of discontent with a resolution adopted at a family council before the coming into force of the New Code, the Old Code shall continue to apply.

Even if a judgment annulling a resolution adopted at a family council has become final and conclusive, it is not allowed to vote and pass a resolution at the family council again.

Article 24. The provisions of Article 880 of the New

Code shall apply with the necessary modifications to a judgment delivered with respect to support before the coming into force of the New Code.

Article 25. With respect to succession which opened before the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures, the Old Code shall apply even after the coming into force of the New Code excepting the ecase mentioned in Paragraph 2.

As to case where a succession to the headship of a House has been commenced before the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures and, according to the Old Code, it is necessary to appoint the successor to the headship of a House after the coming into force of the New Code, the New Code shall apply with respect to the succession. But as to case where such succession has been commenced by reason of annulment or dissolution of marriage with incoming husband or by reason of annulment of adoptive relation, the provisions of Article 28 shall apply with the necessary modification, in consideration of the fact that succession has not been commenced as yet in respect to property.

Article 26. In case where a person who is the head of a House at the time of the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures is one who has entered therein from another House by reason of marriage or of adoption, any of such person's stepchildren who have originally belonged to the former House shall have the same rights not assume the same liabilities as those of the legitimate children, in so far as succession to be commenced after the coming into force of the New Code concerned.

In case where succession with respect to a person who was the head of a House mentioned in the preceding paragraph opened after the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures and before the coming into force of the New Code the stop-children mentioned in the preceding paragraph may demand distribution of a part of the property succeeded to from the successor. The provisions of Article 27, Paragraphs 2 and 3 shall apply with the necessary modifications to those cases.

The provisions of the preceding two paragraphs shall not apply to cases where the person who was the head of a House mentioned in Paragraph 1 has changed his or her surname by reason of annulment of marriage or of adoption or by reason of divorce or of dissolution of adoptive relation after the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures.

Article 27. With the exception of the case mentioned in the former sentence of Article 25, Paragraph 2, in case where succession to the headship of a House by reason of the death of the head thereof opened after the day of the coming into force of the Constitution of Japan, any person who would have become one of the co-successors under the New Code, may demand distribution of a part of the property succeeded to from the successor to the headship of the House.

In case where no agreement is reached or possible between the parties in respect of the distribution of the property succeeded to in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph, any of the parties concerned may apply to the Court of Domestic Relations for measures to take the place of such agreement. But this shall not apply after the elapse of one year from the day of the coming into force of the New Code.

In case mentioned in the preceding paragraph the Court of Domestic Relations shall determine whether the property be distributed or not and, if it be distributed, the sum of each share and the method of distribution, taking into account the condition of the property succeeded to the number and financial capacity of the person who is to receive the distribution, the facts as to whether such person has received any distribution of property by an act inter vivos or by a will of the person succeeded to, and all other circumstances.

Article 28. If a person who was the head of a House at the time of the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures changes his or her surname, after the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures, by reason of annulment of marriage, divorce, annulment or dissolution of adoptive relation, the other spouse or adoptive parents, and in case where there is no such spouse or adoptive parents their successors may, according to the New Code, demand the distribution of a part of the property from such person. In this case the provisions of Paragraphs 2 and 3 of the preceding Article shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 29. If, a presumptive successor to the headship of a House or a successor to an estate has been disinherited in accordance with the provisions of Article 975, Paragraph 1, Item 1 or Article 998 of the Old Code, such person shall, for the application of the New Code, be deemed to have been disinherited in accordance with the provisions of Article 892 of the New Code.

Article 30. In case succession is to be governed by the New Code pursuant to the provisions mentioned in the main part of Paragraph 2 of Article 25, any dispositions made with respect to the management of an estate in accordance with Article 978 of the Old Code (including the cases where the same Article is applicable with the necessary modifications in Article 1000), shall be deemed to have been made in accordance with the provisions of Article 895 of the New Code.

Article 31. For the application of the provisions of Article 903 of the New Code, any property which has been donated, before the coming into force of the Law concerning Temporary Measures, for the purpose of establishment of a branch House or re-establishment of an abolished or extinct House, shall be deemed to have been donated as a means of livelihood.

Article 32. The provisions of Articles 906 and 907 of the New Code shall apply with the necessary modifications to cases where the Old Code applies to succession to estate, in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 1 of Article 25.

Article 33. With respect to a will which, before the coming into force of the New Code, has been made in accordance with the provisions of Article 1079, Paragraph 1, of the Old Code, but has not been confirmed in compliance with the provisions of Paragraph 2 of the said Article, the provisions of

Article 979, Paragraphs 2 and 3 of the New Code shall apply with the necessary modifications.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall also apply to a will wich has been made, before the coming into force of the New Code, in the event of a distress of a ship belonging to the navy in accordance with the provisions of Article 1079 Paragraph 1 of the Old Code which are applicable in Article 1081 thereof with the necessary modifications, but has not been confirmed in compliance with the provisions of Paragraph 2 of the Article.

Minister of Justice
SUZUKI Yoshio
Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

I hereby promulgate the Law concerning the Adjustment of various Laws resulting from the amendments to the Civil Code.

Signed: HIROHITO, Seal of the Emperor

This twenty-second day of the twelfth month of the twenty-second year of Showa (December 22, 1947)

Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

Law No. 223

Article 1. Prison Law shall be partially amended as follows:

In Article 56, "the members of a House" shall be deleted.

Article 2. The Reformatory Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 1, "Article 882" shall read "Article 822."

Article 3. The Notary Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 12, Paragraph 1, Item 1, "the subject of the Japanese Empire" and "man of full age and upwards" shall respectively read "the Japanese national" and "adult."

In Article 22, Item 1, "the head or the members of a House" shall read "relatives."

In Article 34, Paragraph 3, Item 6, "the Head or the members of a House living together," shall be deleted.

Article 4. The Law concerning the Disposing of Persons who got ill or died during their Travels shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 3, Paragraph 1, "the members of a House" shall be deleted.

In Article 6, "Articles 955 and 956" shall read "Article 878."

In Article 10, Paragraph 1, "the members of a House" shall read "relatives living together."

Article 5. The National Tax Collection Law shall partially be amended as follows:

The Proviso of Paragraph 1 of Article 4–(3), shall be deleted and in Paragraph 2 of the same Article, "successor by reason of the loss of nationality or" shall be deleted.

In Article 16, Items 1, 2 and 8, "the members of a House" shall read "relatives" and in Item 5 of the same Article, "the House of" shall be deleted.

In Article 21, "the members of a House" shall read "relatives living together."

Article 6. The National Eugenic Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 4, "if he or she has not completed his or her thirtieth year or," "if the father and mother are unable to declare their intention ..... the consent or application of guardian ....." and "the consent or application (of the father and mother shall be replaced by) that of family council" shall respectively read "if he or she it a minor or a (feebleminded) person having no spouse," "(if the father and mother are) unable to declare their intention ....., the consent of guardian ....., and "the consent (of the father and mother shall be replaced by) the permission of a Court of Domestic Relations"; "who are in his or her House," "(in case of a person who has entered the House of his or her spouse by reason of marriage, the father and mother of his or her spouse and hereinafter the same shall apply)," "(if the father and mother) have left the House," and "(the consent or application) of the head of a House, and if the head of a House is unknown, a minor, or unable to declare his or her intention," shall be deleted; and the Proviso of Paragraph 4 of the same Article shall be deleted; and the following Paragraph shall be added to the same Article:

With regard to the application of the provisions of the Law for Adjudgment of Domestic Relations, the permission mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be deemed to be the matter mentioned in Article 9, Paragraph 1 (A) of the said Law.

In Article 5, "(if the person concerned) has not completed his or her thirtieth year of" shall read "(if the person concerned) is a minor or a (feebleminded) person having no spouse," and "who are in his or her House" shall be deleted.

In Article 7, Paragraph 2, "who are in his or her House" shall be deleted.

Article 7. The Industrial Association Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 1, Paragraph 3, "a person who is in the same House" shall read "a person living together."

Article 8. Regulations of Bailiffs shall partially be amended as follows:

In Articles 8 and 9, "wife" shall read "spouse."

Article 9. The Vaccination Law shall partially be amended as follows:

Article 20. A protector within the meaning of this Law is a person who exercises parental power over a minor or a guardian.

Article 10. The Juvenile Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 55, "The Head of a House" shall be deleted.

Article 11. The Commercial Code shall partially be amended as follows:

In Articles 5 and 6, "or wife" shall be deleted.

In Article 7, Paragraph 1, "a legal representative with the consent of the family council (carries on .... on behalf of) a person under disability" shall read "a guardian (carries on .... on behalf of) a ward" and in the same Article, Paragraph 2, "a legal representative" shall read "guardian."

Article 12. The Law of Trusts shall partially be amended as follows:

Article 5, Paragraphs 2 and 3 shall be deleted.

Article 13. The Law concerning the Custody of the Lunatics shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 1, Paragraph 1, "relatives up to the fourth dagree of relationship or the head of a House" and "Article 908" shall respectively read "or relatives up to the fourth degree of relationship" and "Article 846," and in the same Article, Paragraph 2, "a father or mother who exercises parental power," "the head of a House" and "a family council" shall respectively read "a person who exercises parental power," "deleted" and "the Court of Domestic Relations," and the following paragraph shall be added to the same Article:

With regard to the application of the provisions of the Law for Adjudgment of Domestic Relations, the appointment mentioned in the preceding paragraph Item 5, shall be deemed to be the matter mentioned in Article 9, Paragraph 1 (A) of the said Law.

In Article 3, Paragraph 3, "Article 922" shall read "Article 858."

In Article 23, "the court in accordance with the provisions of Article 50 or 60 of the Law of Procedures in Personal Matters" shall read "the Court of Domestic Relations."

Article 14. The Local Taxes Law shall partially be amended as follows:

The Provisos of Article 5, Paragraph 3 and of Article 29, Paragraph 3, shall read as follows:

But a successor who has effected a qualified acceptance assumes duties to the extent of the value of the property acquired through the succession.

In Article 50, Paragraph 4, Item 1 and Article 53, Paragraph 2, Item 1, "succession to the headship of a house or succession to estate" shall read "succession".

Article 15. The Epidemic Prevention Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 4, Paragraph 2, and Article 14, "the head of a House" shall read "the head of the family household."

Article 16. The Patent Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 91, Item 1, "wife" shall read "spouse", and in the same Article, Item 3, "the head of a House or the members of a House" shall read "relatives living together".

Article 17. The Land Expropriation Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 40, Paragraph 2, "the head of a House, the members of a House" shall read "relatives living together".

Article 18. The Trachoma Prevention Law shall partially be amended as follows:

Article 11, Item 1 shall read as follows:

1. The person who exercises parental power over a minor or the guardian of a minor or of a person adjudged incompetent.

Article 19. The Bankruptcy Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 9, Paragraph 1, "succession to estate" shall read "succession".

In Article 11, Paragraph 2, "Article 1089" shall read "Article 987".

Article 13 deleted.

Article 14, Paragraph 3 shall be deleted.

The latter part of Article 31 shall be deleted.

Article 35 to 37 inclusive deleted.

In Article 42, "or the credit of the ereditor of the former head of a House after the opening of a succession" shall be deleted.

Article 45 deleted.

In Article 68, "Article 796", "Article 797" and "Article 897" shall respectively read "Article 758", "Article 759" and "Article 835"; and the following paragraph shall be added to the said Article:

With regard to the application of the Law for Adjudgment of Domestic Relations, the disposition relating to the alteration of an administrator of estate and the partition of the common estate in accordance with the provision of Article 758, Paragraphs 2 and 3 of the Civil Code to be applied with the necessary modifications in the preceding paragraph shall be deemed to be the matters mentioned in Article 9, Paragraph 1 (B) of the Law for Adjudgment of Domestic Relations, and the judgment of loss of administrative right in accordance with the provisions of Article 835 of the Civil Code to be applied with the necessary modifications in the preceding paragraph shall be deemed to be the matters mentioned in Article 9, Paragraph 1 (A) of the Law for Adjudgment of Domestic Relations.

In Article 72, Item 3, "the head of a House, the members of House" shall be deleted.

In Article 80, "and the act performed by the former head of a House regarding the property prescribed in Article 13" shall be deleted.

In Article 83, Paragraph 1, Item 2, "the head of a House, the members of a House" shall be deleted.

In Article 97, Paragraph 1, "the person who has the right of seizing the hereditary property of a peer and" shall be deleted.

Article 130, Paragraph 2 shall be deleted.

In Article 131, "Article 1041" shall read "Article 941".

In Article 152, "former head of a House," shall be deleted.

In Article 153, Paragraph 1, "former head of a House, administrator of estate of inheritance, executor of will and agent of heir or former head of a House" shall read "his or her agent, administrator of estate of inheritance and executor of will".

In Article 315, "or former head of a House" and "creditors of the former head after beginning of inheritance" shall be deleted.

In Article 345, Paragraph 2, "Article 1021" shall read "Article 918" and the following paragraph shall be added to the said Article:

With regard to application of the said Law, for Adjudgment of Domestic Relations, the disposition relating to the preservation and management of an estate of inheritance in accordance with the provisions of Article 918, Paragraphs 2 and 3 of the Civil Code to be applied with the necessary modifications in the preceding paragraph, shall be deemed to be the matters mentioned in Article 9, Paragraph 1 (A) of the Law for Adjudgment of Domestic Relations.

In Article 376, "Former head of a House" shall be deleted.

Article 20. The law concerning the Registration of Immovables shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 12, Paragraph 1, "wife" shall read "spouse".

Article 21. The Law concerning the Application of Laws in General shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 13, Paragraph 2, "Article 777" shall read "Article 741".

Article 14, Paragraph 2 and Artcile 15, Paragraph 2 shall be deleted.

Article 22. The Law concerning Prohibition of Minors from Drinking shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 1, Paragraphs 1 and 3 and Article 2, "minors" shall read "persons under the full twenty years of age".

In Article 4, Paragraph 2, "the head of a House members of House" shall be deleted.

Article 23. The Law concerning Prohibition of Minors from Smoking shall partially be amended as follows:

In Articles 1 and 4, "minors" shall read "persons under the full twenty years of age".

Article 24. The Law concerning Publication by Subscription shall partially be amended as follows:

In Article 5, Paragraph 2, "the head of a House or" shall be deleted.

Article 25. In the following provisions, "the head and members of a House" shall be deleted:

Article 12—(3) of the Opium Law

Article 15 of the Law of Management of Plants Exported or Imported

Article 26. In the following provisions, "the head of a House, members of a House," shall be deleted:

Article 10 of the Law of Management of the Compressed and Liquidized Cases

Article 18 of the Law concerning Encouragement of Deep-sea Fishery

Article 45, Paragraph 2 of the Law concerning Associations of Owners of Houses for Rent

Article 21 of the Law concerning Live-stock Markets

Article 64 of the Fishery Law

Article 104, Paragraph 1 of the Mining Law

Article 77 of the National Medical Treatment Law

Article 17 of the National Physical Strength Law

Article 49, Paragraph 1 of the Silk Industry Law

Article 20, Paragraph 2 of the Law concerning Buildings in Urban Districts

Article 16 of the Social Work Law

Article 21 of the Law of Management of Firearms and Explosives

Article 15 of the Law concerning Control of Important Exports

Article 29 of the Breeding Hores Control Law

Article 8 of the Law of Management of Merchandise Certificates

Article 103 of the Forest Law

Article 10 of the Silk-reeling Industry Law

Article 24 of the Central Wholesable Market Law

Article 15 of the Butchery Law

Article 13 of the Law of Management of Fertilizers

Article 25-(8) of the Pasture Law

Article 149 of the Insurance Business Law

Article 42 of the Law concerning Medicine Affairs

Article 10 of the Law of Management of Exported Silk Fabrics

Article 7 of the Law of Management of Exported Woolen Farbics

Article 12 of the Law of Management of Exported Marine Products

Article 22 of the Dairy-farming Adjustment Law

Article 17 of the Forestry and Seedling Law

Article 36 of the Trade Union Law

Article 14 of the Law No. 67 of the 14th year of Showa (1939) (Law concerning agency of copyright)

Article 27. In the following provisions, "the head of a House, members of a House" shall read "persons living together":

Article 26 of the Gas Industry Law

Article 16, Paragraph 1 of the Express Business (Kounso) Law

Article 12 of the Rehabilitation Work Law

Article 15 of the Warehousing Business Law

Article 46 of the Ship-building Industry Law

Article 37 of the Electrical Industry Law

Article 16 of the Law concerning the Weights and Measures

Article 9 of the Law concerning Increase of Production and Control of Rationing of Ammonia Sulphate.

Article 28. The following Laws shall hereby be abolished:

The Law No. 94 of the 32nd year of Meiji (1899) (Law concerning rights of those who have lost nationality)

The Law No. 13 of the 33rd year of Meiji (1900) (Law concerning confirmation of a will in accordance with the provisions of Articles 1079 and 1081 of the Civil Code)

Supplementary Provisions:

Article 29. The present Law shall come into force as from January 1, 1948.

Article 30. The acceptance of trust which was made by a wife without any permission of her husband, before the enforcement of the Law No. 74, the 22nd year of Showa (1947) (Law concerning temporary Measures of the Civil Code pursuant to the Enforcement of the Constitution of Japan cannot be rescinded.

Article 31. Bankruptcy in case of applying, relating to succession, in accordance with the provisions of Article 25, Paragraph 1 of the supplementary provisions of the partial amendments to the Civil Code which comes into force on the same day as the present Law (hereinafter referred to as the New Codes) shall be governed by the provisions hitherto in ferce regardless of the provisions of Article 19.

The same as the preceding paragraph shall apply to cases where an adjudication of bankruptcy has been given to the property succeeded to relating to succession of the provisions of Article 25, Paragraph 2 of the supplementary provisions of the New Code, before the enforcement of this Law.

Article 32. Effect of marriage and the property system of husband and wife in case of an alien having married a woman who is the head of a House or become an adopted child of a Japanese as a husband of his daughter shall, regardless of the provisions of Article 21, be governed by the provisions hitherto in force.

Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

Minister for Home Affairs
KIMURA Kozaemon
Minister of Finance
KURUSU Takeo
Minister of Justice
SUZUKI Yoshio
Minister of Welfare
HITOTSUMATSU Sadayoshi
Minister of Agriculture and Forestry
HATANO Kanae
Minister of Commerce and Industry
MIZUTANI Chozaburo
Minister of Transportation
KITAMURA Tokutaro
Minister of Labor
YONEKUBO Mitsusuke

PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE ORDINANCE

Prime Minister's Office Ordinance No. 25

December 22, 1947

Part of the Enforcement Regulations of Price Control Ordinance shall be amended as follows:

Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

Article 8–(3). In accordance with the provisions of Article 26 of the Price Control Ordinance, the following shall be provided for:

Officers, members, or other personnal of the judicial persons or other organizations which, are, under the provisions stipulated by the Director-General of Price Board (the Director of Local Price Bureau or Prefectural Governor in case the Director-General of Price Board specifically designates under Art. 9 of Price Assessment Regulations) in accordance with the provisions of Art. 3, Art. 10, Par. 2, or proviso of Art. 11 of Price Assessment Regulations, engaged in business relating to the assessment in connection with the controlled price nuder Art. 3, Par. 1 of Price Control Ordinance or the approved price under proviso of the same paragraph, or engaged in business relating to the inspection of quality, standard, etc. to be the basis of the controlled price under Art. 3, Par. 1 of Price Control Ordinance or the approved price under proviso of the same paragraph in accordance with the instruction of the Director-General of Price Board, Director of Local Price Bureau or Prefectural Governor.

Supplementary Provision:

The present Ordinance shall come into force as from January 1, 1948.

MINISTERIAL ORDINANCE

Ministry of Welfare Ordinance No. 35

December 22, 1947

A part of Seamen's Insurance Enforcement Regulations shall be revised as follows:

Minister of Welfare
HITOTSUMATSU Sadayoshi

"the local director" shall be revised as "the governor of prefecture" and "the director of Tokyo Metropolis" as "the governor of Tokyo-to."

In Article 8, "a port of registry in case of a person having no dwelling-place in the Country" shall be repealed.

Article 16–2 shall be repealed, and Articles 16–3, 17, 18 and 19 shall be respectively Articles 17, 18, 19 and 20.

In Article 21, "Article 17 or Article 18" and "the class of standard remuneration" shall be respectively revised as "Article 18 or Article 19" and "the monthly standard remuneration, its class, and the date of its change, or the date of acquiring the qualification of the insured or of losing such qualification."

In Article 23–2, Paragraph 1, "and chapter 3" shall be repealed.

Article 24. An insurance doctor or an insurance pharmasist must, according to the separately prescribed regulations regarding the charge of medical benefits, be take charge of such benefits in a kind and polite manner.

Article 24–2 and Article 24–3 shall be repealed.

Article 36, Item 5 shall be revised as follows:

5. The term of sick-nursing in case of sick-nursing, and the section and the number of times of transportation in case of transportation.

In Article 37, Item 2, "the cause and whether such cause was an occupational one or not." shall be added next to "the name of sickness or injury."

Article 43. The following should be written in the application for medical benefits under Item 1 of Article 23 of Enforcement Order:

1. The number written in the seaman's pocket-ledger;
2. The name and dwelling-place of ship-owner;
3. The latest date of losing the qualification of the insured in case of the formerly insured;
4. The name of sickness or injury, the date of falling ill or of being injured, the cause and whether such cause was an occupational one or not;
5. The name and dwelling-place of doctor, dentist or the other whom he consulted;
6. The amount of expenses for medical examinations or medical treatments;
7. The amount of expenses for lodging and foods in case of the latter part of Item 4 of Paragraph 1 of Article 28 of the Act;
8. The reason why it was difficult to receive medical benefits in kind.

The written application under the preceding paragraph should be accompanied with documentary evidences regarding the amount of expenses under Items 6 and 7 of the same paragraph.

Article 43–2. In case an insured or formerly insured person consulted a doctor in a hospital or clinic situated in a foreign country with respect to his sickness or injury originated during the period for which he was in any other place than the places where this Law is in force, the medical benefits expenses shall, on such person's application therefor, be granted according to Item 3 of Article 23 in Enforcement Order.

The person who wishes to receive medical benefits expenses according to the preceding paragraph should present the application therefor to the governor of To, Do or Prefecture having the jurisdiction over such person's dwelling-place or to the governor of Tokyo-to in case there is no governor of To, Do or Prefecture having the jurisdiction over such person's dwelling-place.

The provisions of Article 43 (except Item 8 of Paragraph 1) shall be correspondingly applied to the case to grant medical benefits expenses according to Paragraph 1.

In Article 44, Paragraph 1, Item 1, "Item 8" shall be revised as "Item 7."

In Article 46, Paragraph 1, Item 7, "and, in case there are persons who are wholly supported their livings by the insured or formerly insured, such persons' names, the dates of such persons' births and such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the insured or formerly insured person" shall be repealed.

Article 47. Repealed.

Article 48. Repealed.

In Article 49, Paragraph 3, Item 1, "Article 6 and Paragraph 3 of Article 82 in Municipality" shall be revised as "Paragraph 2 of Article 155 of the Local Self-government Act."

Article 56, Paragraph 2 shall be repealed.

Next to Article 64–2, Paragraph 1, Item 4, the following one item shall be added:

5. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the old-age pensioner and such persons' names.

In Article 65, Paragraph 2, Item 1, "kinship-relations" shall be revised as "relations."

Next to Article 67, Paragraph 1, Item 4, the following one item shall be added, and, in Item 1 of Paragraph 2 of the same Article," of the person belonging to the "old-age pensioner's household" shall be revised as "between the old-age pensioner and the applicant" and, in Item 4 of the same Paragraph, "Item 3" as "the principal part":

5. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the old-age pensioner and such persons' names.

Next to Article 68, Paragraph 1, Item 3, the following one item shall be added:

4. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the old-age pensioner and such persons' names.

Next to Article 74–2, Paragraph 1, Item 5, the following one item shall be added, and, in Item 3 of Paragraph 2 of the same Article, "of the person belonging to the insured or formerly insured person's household", shall be revised as "between the insured or formerly insured person and the applicant" and, in Item 5 of the same paragraph, "Item 3" shall be revised as "the principal part."

6. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the insured or formerly insured person and such persons' names.

Article 77, Paragraph 1, Item 5 shall be revised as follows:

5. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the insured or formerly insured person and such persons' names.

Items 4 and 5 of Paragraph 1 of Article 78 and Paragraph 2 of the same Article shall be repealed.

In Article 81, Paragraph 1, Item 5, "(except the child in receipt of survivor's pension, and hereafter the same as this)" shall be repealed and, next to Item 7 of the same paragraph, the following one item shall be added, and, in Item 1 of Paragraph 3 of the same Article, "of the person belonging to the insured or formerly insured person's household" shall be revised as "between the insured or formerly insured person and the applicant" and, in Item 6 of the same paragraph, "15" shall be revised as "16" and, next to Item 5 of the same paragraph, the following one item shall be added and Items 6, 7 and 9 shall be respectively Items 7, 8 and 9:

8. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the insured or formerly insured person and such persons' names.
6. In case there is a child who was a fetus under Paragraph 2 of Article 15 of the Enforcement Order, the documentary evidence to prove the fact.

In Article 82, Paragraph 1, Item 3, "or other relations" shall be added next to "kinship-relations" and, next to Item 7 of the same paragraph, the following one item shall be added, and, in Item 4 of Paragraph 2 of the same Article, "15" shall be revised as "16":

8. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the insured or formerly insured person and such persons' names.

In Article 82–3, Paragraph 2, Item 2, "15" shall be revised as "16.":

In Article 82–4, Paragraph 1, Item 3, "or other relations" shall be added next to "kinship-relations" and, next to Item 6 of the same paragraph, the following one item shall be added, and, in Item 4 of Paragraph 2 of the same Article, "15" shall be revised as "16":

7. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the insured or formerly insured person and such persons' names.

In Article 82–5, Paragraph 1, "Article 28–4 of the Enforcement Order" shall be revised as "Article 29 of the Enforcement Order."

Next to Article 82–5, the following one Article shall be added, and Articles 82–6, 82–7, 82–8, 82–9, 82–10, 82–11 and 82–12 shall be Articles 82–7, 82–8, 82–9, 82–10, 82–11, 82–12 and 82–13 respectively.

Article 82–6. In case the child under Paragraph 2 of Article 15 of the Enforcement Order who was fetus at the time of the insured or formerly insured person's death, has been born, the survivor's pensioner should present the notice in which the following items are written to Minister of Welfare within 10 days:

1. The insured or formerly insured person's name and the date of such person's birth;
2. The mark and number in the deed of survivor's pension;
3. The date of birth of the child who was fetus and such child's name.

The notice under the preceding paragraph

should be accompanied with an abstract copy of the census register regarding the child under Item 3 of the preceding paragraph.

In Article 82–7, Paragraph 1, "Article 28–4 of the Enforcement Order" shall be revised as "Article 29 of the Enforcement Order."

Next to Article 82–8, Paragraph 1, Item 6, the following one item shall be added, and, in Item 3 of Paragraph 2 of the same Article, "Item 3" shall be revised as "the principal part":

7. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the insured or formerly insured person and such persons' names.

Next to Article 82–11, Paragraph 1, Item 5, the following one item shall be added:

6. In case there are persons in the same order as that of the applicant, such persons' kinship-relations or other relations with the insured or formerly insured person and such persons' names.

Chapter 3 shall be revised as follows:

Chapter 3. Repealed.

Article 89—Article 96. Repealed.

In Article 98, "a government official" shall be revised as "a government official or other public official."

In Article 98–2 and Article 98–3, "the competent government official" shall be revised as "the competent government official or other public official."

In Article 99, "a branch office of Metropolitan Police Office, Do or Prefecture" shall be revised as "a social insurance branch office."

In Article 103–2, "a local director" shall be revised as "Minister of Welfare or a governor of To, Do or prefecture."

Supplementary Provisions:

Article 1. This Ministerial Ordinance shall be applied from December 1, 1947.

Article 2. With respect to the basis of the calculation upon insured person's monthly remuneration on December 1, 1947, a ship-owner must present a notice in the form, No. 2, to the governor of To, Do or prefecture by December 25, 1947.

When the notice under the preceding paragraph has been presented, the governor of To, Do or prefecture must, without delay, decide upon the standard remuneration and imform the ship-owner of such remuneration.

Article 3. With respect to a seaman who was insured person under Law, No. 103, 1947, namely, Law for Revision of a Part of Seamen's Insurance Law on the day of enforcement of the said Law, a ship-owner employing such seaman must present a notice corresponding to the form, No. 1, to the governor of To, Do or prefecture by December 25, 1947.

In case, owing to the fact that an insured person who was, on December 25, 1947, with the ship-owner employing him in any other place than the places where this Law is in force, the notice regarding such person could not be presented by the date under the preceding paragraph, such notice must be presented without delay when the said ship-owner has become able to take the proceedings for such notice.

Ministry of Commerce and Industry
Ordinance No. 34

December 22, 1947

A part of Enforcement Regulations of the Patent Law shall be amended as follows:

Minister of Commerce and Industry
MIZUTANI Chozaburo

"The Empire" shall be amended as "Japan," "within the Empire" as "within the country," "Patent Office" as "Board of Patents and Standards," "the Director of the Patent Office" as "the Director-General of the Board of Patents and Standards" and "officials of the Patent Office" shall be amended as "officials of the Board of Patents and Standards."

Paragraph 2 of Article 19 shall be amended as follows:

The prescriptions made in Arts. 165, 166, 168, 169, 171 and 177 of the Code of Civil Procedure apply mutatis mutandis to the delivery of those documents.

Of Article 19, the following paragraph shall be added:

The delivery of the documents by mail, relating to examinations may be forwarded by registered-mail.

Article 20. Deleted.

Article 20–(2) shall be deleted.

In Article 21, "Preceding two Articles" shall be amended as "Article 19."

Article 22–(2). The prescriptions of Articles 19, 21 and 22 apply mutatis mutandis to the delivery of the transcript of letter of decision under the Paragraph 2 of the Article 12 of the Patent-expropriation Law; provided that those delivery by mail may be forwarded as registered-mail.

Supplementary Provision:

This Ordinance shall come into force as from January 1, 1948.

NOTIFICATIONS

Ministry of Finance Notification No. 308

December 22, 1947

A part of the Ministry of Finance Notification No. 230 of September, 1947 (Notification concerning the provisions of Article 5, Par. 1, Item 11 of the Enforcement Regulations of Emergency Financial Measures Ordinance) shall be amended as follows:

Minister of Finance
KURUSU Takeo

"(except the ones with Primium hereinafter the same)" will be added next to "the deposits of fixed postal savings."

Ministries of Finance and Justice
Notification No. 8

December 22, 1947

The following company is designated as company referred to in the Proviso of Item 2 of Paragraph 1 of Article 1 of the Enforcement Ordinance of the Debentures Registration Law:

Minister of Finance
KURUSU Takeo
Minister of Justice
SUZUKI Yoshio

Name of Debenture	Name of Registry
Kanto Electric Distribution Co., Ltd. Debentures (Series No. 10)	The Teikoku Bank Ltd.

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry
Notification No. 181

December 22, 1947

In accordance with the provisions of Arts. 12 and 13 of the Agricultural Materials Distribution Regulations, the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry Ordinance No. 74 of 1947, registration certificates for producers of the designated agricultural chemicals were delivered to the following persons:

Minister of Agriculture and Forestry
HATANO Kanae

Articles dealt in	Sales district	Location of place of business	Name of producer
1. Machine oil emulsion	The whole country	No. 415, Nishikubo, Sodeshimura, Ibara-gun, Sizuoka-ken (Office); Ibara Agricultural Chemical Works, No. 75, Ejiri Eirakumachi, Shimizushi	Ibara-gun Rural Industrial Purchasing, Sales and Utilization Assoc. with Liability Ltd. to the Fixed Sum above the Amount of Contribution
2. Pyrethrum powder for agricultural use	do.	No. 2, 1-chome, Misaki-cho, Kanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo-to(Office); Saga Agricultural Chemical Works of the National Agricultural Assoc., No. 968-1, Kanno-machi, Saga-shi	National Agricultural Assoc.
3. Arsenate of lead, arsenate of lime, machine oil emulsion, pyrethrum powder and extract and for agricultural use, and "Derisu" powder for agricultural use	do.	c/o Nomura Bldg., No. 2, 2-chome, Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo-to (Main Office); Yokohama Works, No. 255, Senwa machi, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama-shi; Kyoto Works, No. 101, Takeda Nakajima-machi, Fushimi-ku, Kyoto-shi	Toa Agricultural Chemicals Co., Ltd.
4. Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 277, Minoshima, Minoshima-machi, Arita-gun, Wakayama-ken (Main Office and Works); East Wing of Shimbashi Bldg., No. 5,3-chome, Sueyoshi-bashi-dori, Minami-ku, Osaka-shi (Branch Office); Shindo Works, No. 12, Shindo, Minoshima-machi, Arita-gun, Wakayama-ken; Hoshio Works, No. 40, Tsujido, Yasuda-mura, Arita-gun, Wakayama-ken	Daido Pyrethrum Co., Ltd.
5. Arsenate of lime and machine oil emulsion	do.	No. 644–1–8, Nishitatekasu, Fukuoka-shi (Main Office); Amagi Works, No. 2, 354, Amagi, Amagi-machi, Asaku-ra-gun, Fukuoka-ken	Limited Partnershp Mikasa & Co.
6. Pyrethrum emulsion for agricultural use	do.	Asahi Bldg., No. 3, 3-chome, Nakanoshima, Kita-ku, Osaka-shi (Main Office); Tsukaguchi Works, No. 130, Kami-shokuman, Amagasaki-shi	Kaho Products Co., Ltd.
7. Sulphate of nicotine	do.	No. 13, Yanagi-machi, Tawara, Tawara-machi, Atsumi-gun, Aichi-ken (Main Office and Works)	Ishiguro Pharmacy
8. Pyrethrum mulsion for agricultural use	do.	No. 38, 5-chome, Higashiosaki, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo-to Office and Works)	Sammei Chemical Co., Ltd.
9. Arsenate of lead	do.	No.14–3,1-chome, Horidomecho, Nihombashi, Chuo-ku, (Main Office); Works of the Co., Moriyado, Suka-gawa-machi, Iwase-gun, Fukushima-ken	Ouchi Shinko Chemical Industry Co., Ltd. Tokyo-to
10. Arsenate of lead, machine oil emulsion, pyrethrum powder, extract and emulsion for agricultural use, and "Derisu" roots,	do.	No. 8, 5-chome, Tsukuda-machi, Nishi-yodogawa-ku, Osaka-shi (Main Office and Works); No. 8, 2-chome, Muro-machi, Nihombashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo-to (Tokyo Store)	Nihon Agricultural Chemicals Co., Ltd.

	powder and emulsion for agricultural use		
11.	Arsenate of lead	do.	c/o Mitsukoshi, No. 7, 1-chome, Muro-machi, Nihombashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo-to (Main Office); Saganoseki Smelting Works, Saganoseki-machi, Kita-amabe-gun, Oita-ken	Nihon Mining Co., Ltd.
12.	Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 101, Minoshima, Minoshima-machi, Arita-gun, Wakayama-ken (Main Office and Works); Dojima Bldg., No. 46, Kinugasa-machi, Kita-ku, Osaka-shi (Branch Office); No. 102, Wakamatsu-cho, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo-to; Wakayama Works, No. 46, Kozoga, Wakayama-shi; Azukijima Works, No. 931, Azukijima, Minoshima-machi, Arita-gun, Wakayama-ken	Teikoku Pyrethrum Co., Ltd.
13.	"Derisu" powder for agricultural use	do.	No. 3-69, Kamitotsuhon-machi, Kokura-shi (Main Office and Works)	Nichinan Trading Co., Ltd.
14.	Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	Kasumi-machi, Hiroshima-shi (Office); Kauchi Works, No. 1, 194, Gotanda, Nakakauchi, Kauchi-machi, Toyoda-gun, Hiroshima-ken	Hiroshima Prefectural Agricultural Assoc.
15.	Arsenate of lead and arsenate of lime	do.	c/o Shiroki-ya, No. 9, Tori 1-chome, Nihombashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo-to (Main Office); No. 46, Kinugasa-machi, Kita-ku, Osaka-shi (Branch Office); Sasakura, Nenakamachi, Nehi-gun, Toyama-ken (Sub-branch); No. 168, Misakino-machi, Shimonoseki-shi (Sub-branch); Kinoshitagawa Works, Higashi 8-chome, Azumacho, Sumida-ku, Tokyo-to	Nissan Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.
16.	Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 267, Gionmachi, Asa-gun, Hiroshima-ken (Main Office and Works); No. 183, Higashi-tamagawamachi, Setagayaku, Tokyo-to (Branch Office)	Oshita Kaishundo
17.	Machine oil emulsion	do.	No. 2–92, Kasuga-machi, Shizuoka-shi (Main Office and Works)	Tomono Agricultural Chemical Works
18.	Pyrethrum powder for agricultural use	do.	No. 226–5, Sawa, Setoda-machi, Toyoda-gun, Hiroshima-ken (Office and Works)	Seiko Federation of Rural Industrial Sales, Purchasing and Utilization Associations with Liability Limited to the Fixed Sum above the Amount of Contribution
19.	Pyrethrum powder for agricultural use	do.	No. 203, Miyatamachi, Matsuyama-shi (Office); Works of the Assoc., No. A 721–1, Hiyoshi Sagino-machi, Imaharu-shi	Ehime Prefectural Agricultural Assoc.
20.	"Derisu" powder for agricultural use	do.	No. 180, Ikuma Higashi-iru, Umekoji, Shimokyo-ku, Kyoto-shi (Main Office); Jujo Works, No. 4, Toyoda-machi, Nishi-kujo, Shimokyo-ku, Kyoto-shi	Takii Agricultural Chemicals Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
21.	Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 1–1, Nishi, Kita-shijo, Sapporo-shi (Office); Kotoni Works, No. 38, Kotoni-machi, Sapporo-gun, Hokkaido	Hokkaido Agricultural Assoc.
22.	"Derisu" powder for agricultural use	do.	No. 19, Nishiura-machi, Kichijoin, Shimokyo-ku, Kyoto-shi (Main Office and Works)	Ishiwara Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
23.	Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 2–11, Tosadori, Nishi-ku, Osaka-shi (Main Office); 12-chome, Nijo-dori, Asahigawa-shi, Hokkaido (Branch Office); No. 3, 1-chome, Kakigara-cho, Nihombashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo-to Branch Office); The Co's Works, No. 280, Shimae, Shonai- machi, Toyono-gun, Osaka-fu; Kishu Works, No. 180, Yamadawara, Yasuda-mura, Arita-gun, Wakayama-ken	Dai-Nippon Pyrethrum Co., Ltd.
24.	Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 386, Shindo, Minoshima-machi, Arita-gun, Wakayama-ken (Main Office and Works); No. 2-29, Andojibashidori, Minami-ku, Osaka-shi (Branch Office)	Naigai Pyrethrum Co., Ltd.
25.	Arsenate of lime, pyrethrum powder for agricultural use, and machine oil emulsion	do.	No. 660, Koraimachi, Kagoshima-shi (Main Office); Gungen Works, No. 880, Gungen-machi, Kagoshima-shi; Inari-machi Works, Inari-machi, Kagoshima-shi	Kagoshima Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.
26.	Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 142, Tanaka, Motoyama-mura, Muko-gun, Hyogo-ken (Main Office); c/o Rinno Bldg., No. 3, 1-chome, Nishiki-cho, Kanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo-to (Branch Office); Tsuchiyama Works, No. 170, Tsuchiyama, Hiraoka-mura, Kako-gun, Hyogo-ken	Nagaoka Insecticide Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
27.	Machine oil emulsion	do.	No. 9, Nishirifune-machi, Nishinari-ku, Osaka-shi; Amagasaki Works, No. 11, Inokuchi, Nishi-nagasu, Amagasaki-shi	Osaka Agricultural Chemicals Co., Ltd.
28.	"Derisu" powder and emulsion for agricultural use	do.	No. 2, 2-chome, Muro-machi, Nihombashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo-to (Main Office); No. 20, 1-chome, Doshu-machi, Higashi-ku, Osaka-shi (Branch Office); No. 10, Nakaichi-koji, Fukuoka-shi (Branch Office); No. 82, Kitame-machi, Sendai-shi (Sub-branch); No. 1, Misokurahara-machi, Kanazawa-shi (Sub-branch); No. 308, Shiroita-machi, Matsumoto-shi (Sub-branch); c/o Sakae Department Store, Sakae-machi, Naka-ku, Nagoya-shi (Sub-branch); c/o Hino Bldg., No. 17, Sankawa-machi, Hiroshima-shi (Sub-branch); Yasu-kawa Works, No. 1,041, Yasu, Yasu-machi, Yasu-gun, Shiga-ken	Sankyo Co., Ltd.
29.	Pyrethrum powder and emulsion for agricultural use	do.	No. 1,215–8, Shimokyo, Yamaguchi-shi (Office); Chofu Works of the Assoc., No. 3,447, Toyoura-mura, Shimonoseki-shi	Yamaguchi Prefectural Agricultural Assoc.
30.	Pyrethrum powder for agricultural use	do.	No. 946–2, Kami-ifuku, Okayama-shi (Office); Rokujoin Pyrethrum Works of the Assoc., No. 2,965, Naka-ku, Rokujoin-machi, Asakuchi-gun, Okayama-ken	Okayama Prefectural Agricultural Assoc.
31.	Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 3–5, 7-chome, Ginza-Nishi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo-to (Main Office); Works of the Co., No. 451, Kozoga, Wakayama-shi	Shiseido Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.
32.	Arsenate of lead	do.	No. 1, 2-chome, Muro-machi, Nihombashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo-to (Main Office); c/o Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, No. 5, 3-chome, Nakanoshima, Kita-ku, Osaka-shi; Miike Dye Works, No. 30, Asamudamachi, Omuda-shi	Mitsui Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

33. Pyrethrum powder, emulsion and extract for agricultural use	do.	No. 1,899–2, Nakabetsu, Nagayama-mura, Asahigawa-shi, Hokkaido	Hokkaido Pyrethrum Industry Co., Ltd.

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry Notification No. 182

December 22, 1947

In accordance with the provisions of Art. 1, Par. 3 of the Game Law, capturing of birds and mammals as stated below shall be prohibited:

Minister of Agriculture and Forestry
HATANO Kanae

Name of birds and mammals the capturing of which is prohibited	Area	Period
Kiji (and its family) and Yamadori	The whole area of Nishi-kubiki-gun, Niigata-ken	From Dec. 24, 1947 to Dec. 23, 1949
Kiji (and its family)	The whole area of Kariha-gun, Niigata-ken	From Dec. 24, 1947 to Dec. 23, 1950
Kiji (and its family)	The whole area of Hokkaido	From Dec. 24, 1947 to Dec. 23, 1956
Female weasel	The whole area of Kushiro-koku, Nemurao-koku and Kitami-koku Hokkaido	From Dec. 24, 1947 to Dec. 23, 1952

Ministry of Transportation Notification No. 329

December 22, 1947

The following change shall be made in the names of Japanese Government Railway Bus Lines, and put into force as from December 25, 1947:

Minister of Transportation
KITAMURA Tokutaro

The following column shall be inserted next to the column of the Kozuya Line under the heading of the Numakunai West Line:

Ekari Line (Chayaba-Kunizakaitôge)

The following change shall be made to the column of the Oshikado Line:

Iwaizumi Line	Utsuno-Omoto and Iwateochiai-Kunizakaitôge

Ministry of Transportation Notification No. 330

December 22, 1947

Beginning December 25, 1947, a Japanese Government Railway Bus service for passenger, baggage, parcel and freight traffic shall be started between Utsuno and Omoto, between Iwateochiai and Kunizakaitoge of the Iwaizumi Line, and between Chayaba and Kunizakaitoge of the Ekari Line, as mentioned below:

Minister of Transportation
KITAMURA Tokutaro

1. Station and Kilometerage

Station	Location	Kilometerage	Freight Kilometerage
Iwaizumi Line			
Utsuno	(The station of Omoto Line)		
		Utsuno—Sawaguchi 1.0	5.0
Sawaguchi	Oaza Okawa, Okawa-mura, Shimoheii-gun, Iwate-ken	Sawaguchi—Iwate-hirai 1.0	5.0
Iwate-hirai	ditto	Iwate-hirai—Owatari 2.0	10.0
Owatari	ditto		
Mainoko	ditto	Owatari—Mainoko 1.0	5.0
Iwate-kawadai	Oaza Asanai, Okawa-mura, Shimoheii-gun, Iwate-ken	Mainoko—Iwate-kawadai 3.0	15.0
Soiriguchi	ditto	Iwate-kawadai—Soiriguchi 2.0	10.0
Asanai	Oaza Asanai, Okawa-mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Soriguchi—Asanai 1.0	5.0
Iwate-ochiai	ditto	Asanai—Iwate-ochiai 1.0	5.0
Kami-nishôishi	Oaza Nishoishi Iwaizumi-machi, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Iwate-ochiai—Kami-nishoishi 2.0	10.0
		Kami-nishoshi—Shimo-nishoishi 1.0	5.0
Shimo-nishoishi	ditto	Shimo-nishoishi—Amabitai 3.0	15.0
Amabitai	Oaza Amabitai, Iwaizumi-machi, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Amabitai—Iwaizumi 2.0	10.0
Iwaizumi	Oaza Iwaizumi, Iwaizumi-machi, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Iwaizumi—Iwaizumi-yubin-kyoku-mae 1.0	5.0
Iwaizumi-yubin-kyoku-mae	ditto	Iwaizumi-yubin-kyoku-mae—Iwaizumi-sambon-matsu 1.0	5.0
Iwaizumi-sambon-matsu	ditto	Iwaizumi-sambon-matsu—Shimo-iwaizumi 2.0	10.0
Shimo-iwaizumi	ditto	Shimo-iwaizumi—Ninaigawa bashi 3.0	15.0
Ninaigawa-bashi	Oaza Otomo, Iwaizumi-machi Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Ninaigawabashi—Otomo 1.0	5.0
Otomo	Oaza Iwaizumi, Iwaizumi-machi, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Otomo—Ushibatake 1.0	5.0
Ushibatake	Oaza Otomo, Iwaizumi-machi Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Ushibatake—Mitaichi 1.0	5.0
Mitaichi	Oaza Iwaizumi, Iwaizumi-machi, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Mitaichi—Horono 1.0	5.0
Horono	Oaza Horono, Omoto-mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Horono—Akashika 1.0	5.0
Akashika	ditto	Akashika—Odanosawabashi—1.0	5.0
Odanosawabashi	ditto	Odanosawabashi Iwate-hinata 1.0	5.0
Iwate-hinata	ditto	Iwate-hinata—Nakasato-mukai 1.0	5.0
Nakasato-mukai	Oaza Nakasato, Omoto-mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Nakasato-mukai—Hayashinoshita 1.0	5.0
Hayashinoshita	ditto	Hayashinoshita—Iwate-nakajima 1.0	5.0
Iwate-nakajima	Oaza Nakajima, Omoto-mura, Shomo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Iwate-nakajima—Nakanokami 1.0	5.0
Nakanokami	Oaza Omoto, Omoto-mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Nakanokami—Iwate-nakano 1.0	5.0
Iwate-nakano	ditto	Iwate-nakano—Omoto 1.0	5.0
Omoto	ditto	Omoto 1.0	5.0
Iwate-ochiai	(The station mentioned above)		
		Iwate-ochiai—Kurihata 1.0	5.0
Kurihata	Oaza Asanai, Okawa-mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Kurihata—Matsuno 2.0	10.0
Matsuno	ditto	Matsuno—Iwate-shimo-yama 1.0	5.0
Iwate-shimo-yama	Oaza Horono, Kogawa-mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Iwate-shomo-yama—Hitotsunawashiro 2.0	10.0
Hitotsunawashiro	ditto	Hitotsunawashiro—Hondoguchi 1.0	5.0
Hondoguchi	ditto	Hondoguchi—Horowata 1.0	5.0
Horowata	ditto	Horowata—Anazawa 1.0	5.0
Anazawa	Oaza Anazawa, Kogawa-mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Anazawa—Tannai 1.0	5.0
Tannai	ditto	Tannai—Iwate-kogawa 1.0	5.0
Iwate-kogawa	Oaza Kado, Kogawa mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Iwate-kogawa—Kado 1.0	5.0
Kado	ditto	Kado—Nameiri 1.0	5.0
Nameiri	ditto	Nameiri—Iwate-tanko-mae 1.0	5.0
Iwate-tanko-mae	ditto	Iwate-tanko-mae—Yokomichi 1.0	5.0
Yokomichi	ditto	Yokomichi—Oana 1.0	5.0
Oana	Oaza Kado, Kogawa-mura, Shimo-heii-gun, Iwate-ken	Oana—Minaigawa 3.0	15.0
Minaigawa	ditto	Minaigawa—Shimo-kunizakai 2.0	10.0
Shimo-kunizakai	ditto	Shimo-kunizakai—Kami-kunizakai 1.0	5.0
Kami-kunizakai	ditto	Kami-kunizakai—Kunizakaitoge 2.0	10.0
Kunizakaitoge	ditto		

Ekari Line			
Chayaba	(Already established, Numakunai West Main Line)		
		Chayaba—Yokkaichibashi 1.0	5.0
		Chayaba—Yokkaichibashi 1.0	5.0
Yokkaichibashi	Chiwari No. 6, Ekari-mura, Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Yokkaichibashi—Iwate-hashiba 1.0	5.0
Iwate-hashiba	Chiwari No. 8, Ekari-mura, Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Iwate-hashiba—Terata-mukai 2.0	10.0
Terata-mukai	Chiwari No. 10, Ekari-mura Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Terata-mukai—Ekari 1.0	5.0
Ekari	Chiwari No. 14, Ekari-mura, Konohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Ekari—Konawashiro 1.0	5.0
Konawashiro	ditto	Konawashiro—Kohirasawa 2.0	10.0
Kohirasawa	Chiwari No. 18, Ekari-mura, Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Kohirasawa—Iwate-kuriyama 1.0	5.0
Iwate-kuriyama	Chiwari No. 23, Ekari-mura, Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Iwate-kuriyama—Iwate-itsukaichi 1.0	5.0
Iwate-itsukaichi	Chiwari No. 24, Ekari-mura, Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Iwate-itsukaichi—Takizawabashi 1.0	5.0
Takizawabashi	Chiwari No. 28, Ekari-mura,	Takizawabashi—Nishi-satoguchi	

	Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	2.0	10.0
Nishi-satoguchi	Chiwari No. 31, Ekari-mura, Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Nishi-satoguchi —Toyaba 1.0	10.0
Toyaba	Chiwari No. 33, Ekari-mura, Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Toyaba— Arasawaguchi 2.0	10.0
Arasawaguchi	Chiwari No. 34, Ekari-mura, Kunohe-gun, Iwate-ken	Arasawaguchi— Kunizakaitoge 3.0	15.0

Kunizakaitoge (The station of Iwaizumi Line)

2. At Utsuno, Owatari, Iwaizumi, Omoto and Iwatekogawa Stations passengers, baggages, parcels and freight will be handled; at Asanai, Otomo, Horowata, Minaigawa, Ekari, Iwate-itsukaichi and Arasawaguchi passengers, arriving baggages, parcels and freight will be handled; and at the other stations passengers only will be handled.

Ministry of Transportation Notification No. 331

December 22, 1947

As from December 25, 1947, the following amendment shall be made to the paragraph concerning Localities and Jurisdictions of Railway Divisions:

Minister of Transportation
KITAMURA Tokutaro

The words "Oshikado Kine" shall be changed to "Iwaizumi Line" in the jurisdiction column for the Sendai Railway Division.

Ministry of Transportation Notification No. 332

December 22, 1947

As from December 25, 1947, the following amendment shall be made to the part of Item relating to the Establishment of Railway Subdivision and Railway Workshop in Railway Division:

Minister of Transportation
KITAMURA Tokutaro

The words "Oshikado Line" shall be changed to "Iwaizumi Line" in the jurisdiction column of the Morioka Subdivision under the heading of Sendai Railway Division, given in the accompanying table.

Ministry of Transportation Notification No. 333

December 22, 1947

Part of the names and locations of the Observatories of the Hydrographical Bureau as prescribed in Art. 6 of the Ordinance concerning the Organization of the Hydrographical Bureau, Ministry of Transportation Notification No. 304, dated November, 1947, shall hereby be revised as follows:

Minister of Transportation
KITAMURA Tokutaro

In the annexed list, the following paragraph shall be added next to the paragraph concerning "Kasaoka Hydrographical Observatory, Ministry of Transportation.":

do.	Yamakawa Yamakawa-machi, Kagoshima-ken	do. Ibuki-gun,

Ministry of Communications Notification No. 375

December 22, 1947

The following official use wireless telegraph station was authorized on December 17, 1947, in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 of the Official Use Wireless Telegraph and Telephone Regulations:

Minister of Communications
MIKI Takeo

1.	Name of the establisher	Director of the Lighthouse Bureau
2.	Object of the establishment	For the emission of radio compass affairs and radio beacon signal in accordance with the provisions of Article 1, Paragraph 7 of the Official Use Wireless Telegraph and Telephone Regulations.
3.	Site of the installation	In the site of the Hekurajima Lighthouse, Hekurajima, Aza Ubusuna-cho, Wajima-machi, Houshi-gun, Ishikawa-ken
4.	Call sign	J L P
5.	Beacon signal	H A
6.	Distance passing usually	A1 450 KM A2 250 KM
7.	Anttena power	300w
8.	Type and frequency of the electric wave used	A1 and A2 300, 375 and 500 KC
9.	Working hour	Have no holiday

ERRATA

In Ministry of Justice Notification No. 55 of November 6, 1947, "Asaka-machi" shall be added, before "Shiki-machi" in the Item of Asaka Protection District.

Secretary of Ministry of Justice

CONFERMENT & APPOINTMENT

Cabinet and Prime Minister's Office

November 22, 1947

NAKAZAWA Sôjûrô:
Promoted to Second Class.

December 7, 1947

KAWAMURA Jirô, Secretary of Ministry of Transportation:
Promoted to Second Class.

December 13, 1947

HATANO Kanae:
Appointed Minister of State.
KIJIMA Hideo, Technical Official of Ministry of Finance:
AKIYAMA Hanji, Educational Official of Ministry of Education:
Promoted to First Class, respectively.

FUJIWARA Kenzô, ditto:
Appointed Technical Official of Ministry of Welfare, Graded First Class.
SHIMBORI Masayoshi:
WATANABE Busaburô:
ENDÔ Kôkichi:
MATSUMOTO Masao:
Appointed Technical Official of Ministry of Communications,
Graded First Class, respectively.
HARADA Teikichi, Secretary of Court:
SUZUKI Hisashi, ditto:
FUKAZAWA Riichi, ditto:
KINEBUCHI Hikokichi, ditto:
INIWA Hidemaru, ditto:
HASEGAWA Torijirô, ditto:
HATTORI Kazumi, ditto:
YAMAKI Yasunaga, ditto:
HISHINUMA Ryôzô, ditto:
SEO Keiji, ditto:
TAJIMA I, ditto:
TONOUCHI Gengo, ditto:
IINO Yoshiharu, ditto:
YAMADA Teiji, ditto:
KAWASHIMA Kihei, ditto:
YOKOYAMA Ryohei, ditto:
TOBATA Toyokichi, ditto:
ENOMOTO Jôichi, ditto:
KURAKAKE Takekuma, ditto:
IJUIN Kanetaka, ditto:
AIKAWA Yonetarô:
OKIUCHI Noboru:
KOBASHIKAWA Masayoshi:
SUZUKI Hayata:
KUBOTA Tomoyuki:
KAMIJO Richôji:
KIMURA Shizuka:
BETSUKI Iwao:
YANO Kimbei:
KAWANO Saburô:
SHIMIZU Kôkichi:
IWAKIRI Takehiro:
NAKATSUMI Yoshinori:
TOKUDA Hideo:
KAWAHARA Jin:
YONEYAMA Yoshikazu:
UENO Tamon:
ARAE Yasushi:
KATAOKA Rokurô:
MIZUGUCHI Yutaka:
TAUCHI Takeki:
KONDÔ Haruô:
SHÔDA Hidemaro:
NAGATA Chiyomatsu:
KANNO Yasuyuki:
Appointed Judges of Summary Courts, respectively.
SUSUKI Sadao:
Appointed Secretary of Prime Minister's Office, Graded Second Class.
ISEKI Toshisaburô:
Appointed Technical Official of Prime Minister's Office, Graded Second Class.
TSUTSUMI Fusaji:
SASAKI Kazuyoshi:
Appointed Public Procurator,
Graded Second Class, respectively.
TANIGUCHI Atsushi, Educational Official of Ministry of Education:
ISHIHARA Yoshio, ditto:
MAGONO Chôji, ditto:
MÔRI Ryôtarô, ditto:
ABUKU Masashi, ditto:
KAWAI Taeko, ditto:
ONO Minoru, ditto:
SAKAMOTO Tsurutarô, ditto:
OAE Isao, ditto:
IWASAKI Takano, ditto:
ÔSHIMA Isao, ditto:
WATANABE Masao, ditto:
Promoted to Second Class, respectively.
SASAKI Tatsuo, Secretary of Ministry of Finance:
MATSUI Hisao:
Appointed Secretary of Ministry of Commerce and Industry,
Graded Second Class, respectively.
YAMAZAKI Fujimatsu:
IMAE Takeji:
Appointed Technical Official of Ministry of Commerce and Industry,
Graded Second Class, respectively.
YAMAZAKI Yasushi, Secretary of Ministry of Commerce and Industry:
SUZUKI Kikuo, ditto:
SAITÔ Masaaki, ditto:
KATÔ Saburô, Technical Official of Ministry of Commerce and Industry:
Promoted to Second Class, respectively.
YOKOO Ren-ichi, Judge of Local Marine Court of Inquiry and concurrent Secretary of Ministry of Transportation:
Appointed Technical Official of Ministry of Transportation,
Graded Second Class.
KANO Toshio, Educational Official of Ministry of Education:
Appointed Educational Official of Ministry of Transportation,
Graded Second Class.
MATSUI Keiji, Secretary of Ministry of Communications:
HIRONO Keiichi, ditto:
MURAKAMI Tamakichi, ditto:
NISHIMINE Naritoshi, Secretary of Local Government:
ABE Yoshiyuki, ditto:
FUJII Teizô, ditto:
SAITA Kazuo, ditto:
KURODA Kurata, ditto:
NOBE Susumu, ditto:
IKEDA Satoru, ditto:
SUGIMURA Noboru, ditto:
YAMANAKA Midori, ditto:
ERAMI Yûkichi, Educational Official of Local Government:
TÔHARA Yoshiharu, ditto:
HIRAMATSU Hisao, ditto:
NASU Masao, ditto:
TSUKUI Taisuke, ditto:
KANATANI Masao, ditto:
FUJII Tomitoshi, ditto:
ÔMURA Shirô, ditto:
SUZUKI Kiyoshi, ditto:
TSUJIMURA Yasuo, ditto:
TOMIYAMA Tokushiro, ditto:
WADA Shirô, ditto:

TOMITA Eikichi, ditto:
TAKAHAGI Kiyosaku, ditto:
Promoted to Second Class, respectively.

HATANO Kanae, Minister of State:
Appointed Minister of Agriculture and Forestry.
FUTAMI Torao, Judge of Summary Court and concurrent Judge:
Relieved of office and concurrent office at his own request.
(December 13, 1947, Cabinet)
TANAKA Motooki, Secretary of Prime Minister's Office:
Relieved of office at his own request.
IOCHI Ryôtarô, ditto:
SHINOHARA Shimpei, Technical Official of Prime Minister's Office:
SUENAGA Shigeki, ditto:
YANO Motozô, ditto:
Appointed Statistic Official, respectively.
SEKIDA Takatoki, Technical Official of Ministry of Justice:
TANOGAMI Kyôhei, Secretary of Public Procurator's Office:
KAMIKAWADOKO Hisashi, ditto:
MAEDA Tetsuo, ditto:
SHIMIZU Hômaru, ditto:
ÔTAKE Kiyoji, ditto:
ENOMOTO Fumio, Technical Official of Ministry of Commerce and Industry:
KOIZUMI Shigeru, Secretary of Ministry of Transportation:
ANDÔ Ken-ichi, Technical Official of Ministry of Transportation:
YOSHIDA Katsuji, ditto:
IKEJIRI Kensei, ditto:
Relieved of office at their own request, respectively.
HISAAKI Yonejirô, Technical Official of Ministry of Transportation and concurrent of Procurator Local Marine Court of Inquiry:
Relieved of office and concurrent office at his own request.
MATSUBARA Seijirô, Secretary of Local Government:
SHIRATORI Masao, ditto:
FUJIBAYASHI Motoyuki, ditto:
YASUDA Katsumi, ditto:
SUMITA Nobuichirô, ditto:
TSUZUKI Jintarô, Educational Official of Local Government:
Relieved of office at their own request, respectively.
(December 13, 1947, Prime Minister's Office)
MIYAMOTO Suematsu, Secretary of Prime Minister's Office:
Granted No. 23 Salary,
Assigned to Secretariat Section, General Affairs Department, Office of Fair Trade Comission.
(December 19, 1947, ditto)

MIURA Fumio, Secretary of Ministry for Foreign Affairs:
Granted No. 27 Salary.
(December 9, 1947, Ministry for Foreign Affairs)
NISHIMURA Kumao, ditto:
Granted No. 27 Salary,
Nominated to Director of Treaties Bureau of Ministry for Foreign Affairs.
YOSANO Shigeru, ditto:
Granted No. 26 Salary,
Appointed Director of Public Relations Bureau of Ministry for Foreign Affairs.
MATSUI Akira, Counsellor of Embassy:
Dismissed from Acting-Director of Public Relations Bureau of Ministry for Foreign Affairs.
OZAWA Seiichi, Secretary of Ministry for Foreign Affairs:
Nominated to Director of Central Liaison Office,
Appointed Director of Accomodiation Division, Central Liaison Office.
(December 10, 1947, ditto)

ABE Shôzô, Assistant Judge:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sapporo District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
ANIYA Yoshiaki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagasaki District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Sasebo Branch of Nagasaki District Court.
ASAGA Sakae, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Hiroshima District Court.
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
ANEGAWA Sutemi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
IIZAWA Gensuke, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sendai District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
IIJIMA Ikutarô, ditto
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kushiro District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Abashiri Branch of Kushiro District Court.
INOUE Saburô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
IKEDA Masasuke, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
IKEBA Masaaki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Mito District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
ISHIZAKI Shirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
ISHIZEKI Takeo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Maebashi District, Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
ISHIDA Minoru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kofu District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
ICHIMURA Kôichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yokohama District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
ITÔ Keiju, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
IWAMOTO Masahiko, ditto:

Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
UNO Shigeo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sapporo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
EJIRI Heihachirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
ENOMOTO Seiichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
ÔE Kenjirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tottri District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Yonago Branch of Tottori District Court.
ÔKUBO Hiroshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sapporo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Otaru Branch of Sapporo District Court.
ÔTSUKA Masao, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
ÔHASHI Susumu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
ÔNO Chisato, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 4 Compensation.
OKADA Shin, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kushiro District Coutr,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Obihiro Branch of Kushiro District Court.
OKAMATSU Yukio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yokohama District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
OGAWA Izumi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
OGAWA Jun, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Toyama District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
OGAWA Takeshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Takamatsu District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
OGATA Setsurô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
OZAKI Rikio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Ôita District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
KAKU Masami, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
KAGEYAMA Isamu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
KASHIWAGI Chiaki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
KATSUMATA Toshio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Urawa District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
KATÔ Takashi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kyoto District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
KAMATA Yoshio, ditto:
KAWAMURA Sumio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation, respectively.
KAWARATANI Sueo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Himeji Branch of Robe District Court.
KINOSHITA Tadayoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
KIMOTO Narao, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kumamoto District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
KUMEGAWA Masakazu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
KUSANO Ryûichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yokohama District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
KUWAHARA Katsuichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 4 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Himeji Branch of Kobe District Court.
KOIKE Nihachi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yamaguchi District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Shimonoseki Branch of Yamaguchi District Court.
KONISHI Takahide, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
KONISHI Masaru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
KOBORI Isamu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 4 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Hachiôji Branch of Tokyo District Court.
KOMATSU Masatomi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kumamoto District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
KOSHIKAWA Junkichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Gifu District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
GOMI Itsurô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kofu District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
GOYA Aiei, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Takamatsu District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
SAITÔ Heigo, ditto:

Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

SAKAGUCHI Kimio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nara District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

SAWADA Naoya, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

SANNOMIYA Shigenori, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kochi District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

SHIRAISHI Kenzô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

SHIRAISHI Haruki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagoya District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

SUGA Kenjirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Chiba District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

SUZUKI Toshio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

SETO Shôji, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yokohama District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

TAKAHASHI Mikio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

TAKASHIMA Ryôichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assitant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

TAKESHIMA Yoshirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yamaguchi District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

TANAKA Ryôji, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

TANAKA Masakazu, ditto:
Nominated to Assitant Judge of Fukushima District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

TACHIBANA Moriyuki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Matsuyama District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

TACHIBANA Takashi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

TANINO Hidetoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

TSUJIKAWA Toshitada, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Okayama District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

TSUCHIHASHI Yoshihiro, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Shizuoka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compesnation,
Ordered to be attached to Numazu Branch of Shizuoka District Court.

YADOMI Harukichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compesnation,
Ordered to be attached to Kokura Branch of Fukuoka District Court.

TERAUCHI Fuyuki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

TERADA Jirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kyoto District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

TODA Masaru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

TOMIKAWA Morisuke, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Saga District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

TOYAMA Shirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

NAKAJIMA Ichirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

NAKAJIMA Seiji, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

NAKAJIMA Takanobu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

NAKATA Sanae, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Aomori District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Hirosaki Branch of Aomori District Court.

NAKATA Shûe, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NAKAMURA Saburô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 4 Compensation.

NAKAMURA Jirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NAGASE Seichô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NAGAHISA Kazumi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NIIHO Yutaka, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Kokura Branch of Fukuoka District Court.

NISHIKAWA Masayo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NISHIMATA Nobuhiko, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NISHIMURA Tetsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

NISHIYAMA Mitsumori, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Maebashi District Court,

Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NOSE Takao, ditto:
Nominated Assistant Judge of Yokohama District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NOMURA Chûji, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukui District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

NOMURA Kiyoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukushima District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

HAGIHARA Naozô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yokohama District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

HASHIMOTO Seiji, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Kokura Branch of Fukuoka District Court.

HASHIMOTO Morisaburô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kushiro District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

HANABUCHI Seiichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

HARADA Osamu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

BANDÔ Osamu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

HIGASHI Tetsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

HIRATANI Shingo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tsu District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

HIRONO Tarô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

FUKUCHI Kazuzô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

FUJIHARA Chihiro, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Saga District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

FUJINO Eiichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Sakai Branch of Osaka District Court.

FUJIMOTO Hisashi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tsu District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

FUSE Yasuke, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yamagata District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Yonezawa Branch of Yamagata District Court.

FUCHIGAMI Hisashi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Miyazaki District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

FUTONAKA Shigeru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Asahikawa District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

FURUKAWA Minoru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

HOSHI Tomotaka, ditto:

MAEDA Jiichiro, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kyoto District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation, respectively.

MAKI Keiji, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

MASUDA Kôjirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kyoto District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

MATSUNAGA Tsuneo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokushima District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

MIWA Katsurô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kobe District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

MIYAZAKI Jumpei, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yokohama District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Odawara Branch of Yokohama District Court.

MIYAZAKI Fukuji, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kyoto District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

MUTÔ Eiichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

MUROFUSHI Sôichirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yokohama District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

MOTOI Tatsumi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kyoto District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

MORIMATSU Kazuhide, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Hakodate District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

YAMANOGUCHI Suguya, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.

YAMAMOTO Satoru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Hiroshima District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Onomichi Branch of Hiroshima District Court.

YASUOKA Mitsuhiko, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.

YANAGIDA Toshio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.

YANO Ikichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Matsuyama District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Saijo Branch of Matsuyama District Court.

YUNOKI Kiyoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tottori District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
YOKOGAWA Toshio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
YOKOCHI Tsuneo, ditto:
YOSHIOKA Susumu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation, respectively.
YOSHIZAWA Junzô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
YOSHIDA Yoshimasa, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagasaki District Court,
Granted No. 4 Compensation.
YOSHIMASU Kiyoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Wakayama District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
YONEMITSU Tetsu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kanazawa District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
WAKAGI Tadayoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
WATABIKI Sueo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Mito District Court,
Granted No. 4 Compensation.
ITÔ Hiderô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yamagata District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation.
TODA Hiroshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Hiroshima District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
HAYASHI Shin-ichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Niigata District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
HITOTSUMATSU Hiroshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation.
AIHARA Hiroshi, Assistant Judge and concurrent Judge of Summary Court:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagano District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Iida Branch of Nagano District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Iida Summary Court.
ABE Ki, ditto:
Nominated to Assisant Judge of Fukushima District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Shirakawa Branch of Fukushima District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Shirakawa Summary Court.
ANDÔ Satoru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukushima District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Taira Branch of Fukushima District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Taira Summary Court.
ASANO Toyohide, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Utsunomiya District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Utsunomiya Summary Court.
ICHIHARA Tadaatsu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagano District Court,
Granted No. 4 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Ueda Branch of Nagano District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Ueda Summary Court.
ITÔ Masahiko, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sendai District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Sendai Summary Court.
IWASAKI Zenshirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Akita District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Akita Summary Court.
UENO Masaaki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yamagata District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Yamagata Summary Court.
EBISUDA Isao, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Maebashi District Court,
Granted No. 4 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Takasaki Branch of Maebashi District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Takasaki Summary Court.
ÔGURO Masayasu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Aomori District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Aomori Summary Court.
OKAMOTO Jirô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yamagata District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Yonezawa Branch of Yamagata District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Yonezawa Summary Court.
OTOMO Michi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Aomori District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Aomori Summary Court.
OBUCHI Ren, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagoya District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Nagoya Summary Court.
OKUMURA Yoshio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagoya District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Nagoya Summary Court.
KAMEKAWA Kiyoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagasaki District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Nagasaki Summary Court.
KAWABUCHI Sachio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,

Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Kokura Branch of Fukuoka District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Kokura Summary Court.
KANKE Kaname, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukushima District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Wakamatsu Branch of Fukushima District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Wakamatsu Summary Court.
KIMURA Naoyuki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagoya District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Nagoya Summary Court.
KIMIWADA Yasuzô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Niigata District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Takada Branch of Niigata District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Takada Summary Court.
KOBAYASHI Kensuke, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Niigata District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Nagaoka Branch of Niigata District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Nagaoka Summary Court.
KOMADA Shuntarô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Utsunomiya District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Utsunomiya Summary Court.
SASAKI Tsugio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Morioka District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Ichinoseki Branch of Morioka District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Ichinoseki Summary Court.
SAWADA Tetsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kanazawa District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Kanazawa Summary Court.
SUGIYAMA Takashi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yamagata District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Yamagata Summary Court.
SUZUKI Toshio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagano District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Matsumoto Branch of Nagano District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Matsumoto Summary Court.
TAKANO Akitaka, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Akita District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Yokote Branch of Akita District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Yokote Summary Court.
TAJIMA Jûtoku, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Chiba District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Chiba Summary Court.
TANAKA Minoru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Shizuoka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Shizuoka Summary Court.
TABARA Giei, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Fukuoka Summary Court.
TAMURA Sadakichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Niigata District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Shibata Branch of Niigata District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Shibata Summary Court.
TATSUOKA Yasumasa, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Urawa District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Urawa Summary Court.
TATSUOKA Sukehisa, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kagoshima District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Kagoshima Summary Court.
TANIGUCHI Masataka, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagoya District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Nagoya Summary Court.
FUJIMA Tadaaki, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Matsue District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Matsue Summary Court.
NAKAIKE Toshio, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kagoshima District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Kagoshima Summary Court.
NISHITSUJI Kôkichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Kurume Branch of Fukuoka District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Kurume Summary Court.
NOGUCHI Nakaji, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Urawa District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Kumagaya Branch of Urawa District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Kumagaya Summary Court.
HAYASAKA Hiroshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sendai District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Furukawa Branch of Sendai District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Furukawa Summary Court.
HARADA Kazutaka, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Ôita District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Nakatsu Branch of Ôita District Court,

Nominated to Judge of Nakatsu Summary Court.
HARIMOTO Kakuichi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Shizuoka District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Hamamatsu Branch of Shizuoka District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Hamamatsu Summary Court.
HIJIKATA Kazuyoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Mito District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Shimozuma Branch of Mito District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Shimozuma Summary Court.
HIRAOKA Shôhei, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Aomori District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Hachinohe Branch of Aomori District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Hachinohe Summary Court.
HIROSE Tomonobu, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagano District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Nagano Summary Court.
FUJIHARA Takashi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Hachiôji Branch of Tokyo District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Hachiôji Summary Court.
FUJIMOTO Takao, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagoya District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Nagoya Summary Court.
FURUTA Tomihiko, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Morioka District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Morioka Summary Court.
HORIHATA Hiroshi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Utsunomiya District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Tochigi Branch of Utsunomiya District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Tochigi Summary Court.
MATSUNAGA Shinwa, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Niigata District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Niigata District Court.
MIURA Katsumi, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Iizuka Branch of Fukuoka District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Iizuka Summary Court.
YAMAZAKI Shigeru, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kumamoto District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Kumamoto Summary Court.
YAMADA Mizuo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sendai District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Ordered to be attached to Ishimaki Branch of Sendai District Court,
Nominated to Judge of Ishimaki Summary Court.
YAMAMOTO Gorô, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Yamagata District Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Yamagata Summary Court.
WATANABE Kazuo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court,
Granted No. 1 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Tokyo Summary Court.
KINASHI Setsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagano District Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Judge of Nagano Summary Court.
AOKI Eigoro, Judge of Summary Court:
Nominated to Judge of Kyoto Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
AOYAMA Tomochika, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kumamoto Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
AKAI Sadao, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Nada Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
AKAGI Kaoru, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Ôhara Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
AKAMATSU Kiyosuke, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kobe Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
AKUTSU Taketo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Obihiro Summary Court,
Granted No. 7 Compensation.
ATSUJI Masanobu, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Nagasaki Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
ARAKI Hirotofu, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tondabayashi Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
ISHII Yoshihiko, ditto:
ISHIZAWA Michio, ditto:
IMANAKA Goitsu, ditto:
UEOKA Haruyoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Osaka Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation, respectively.
USUI Naomichi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Otaru Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
UCHIDA Takebumi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Choshi Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
EZAKI Hisashi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Omuta Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
ÔKURA Michiyoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kurosaka Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
KAMIYA Toshio, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Okazaki Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
KITAURA Kenji, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Amagasaki Summary Court,

Granted No. 5 Compensation.
KITA Masaru, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kobe Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
KUDON Seien, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Hiroshima Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
GÔDA Tokutarô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Wakimachi Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
SAITÔ Kakunosuke, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Saga Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
SATÔ Hiizu, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Fukuoka Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
SHINODA Kichinosuke, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Abashiri Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
SHIRAI Hiroshi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Daito Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
SUGANÔ Shintarô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kushiro Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
TAKEUCHI Sadaji, ditto:
TERAO Masaji, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Osaka Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation, respectively.
NAKASEKO Nobuyoshi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tsushima Summary Court,
Granted No. 7 Compensation.
NAKANISHI Takashi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tosu Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
NAKAMURA Tomoichi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Nada Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
NAGAI Yonezô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Ayabe Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
NISHIMOTO Toshiki, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Hiroshima Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
NORIKANE Seishichi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Johen Summary Court,
Granted No. 7 Compensation.
HATAKEYAMA Kunishige, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kyoto Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
HATA Wataru, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Arao Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
BABA Hagemu, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Sapporo Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
HAMAGUCHI Matsuyo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Takeo Summary Court,
Granted No. 7 Compensation.
FUKUHARA Yoshiharu, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kobe Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
FUJIHARA Keiichirô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kyoto Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
HOSOE Hideo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Osaka Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
MAEDA Kakurô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Sakai Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
MASUNAGA Giichi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kyoto Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
MIZOGUCHI Setsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Ishuin Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
MIZUNO Masao, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Hakodate Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
MÔRI Tsuneo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Gumma-ota Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
YAMASHITA Tetsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kobe Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation.
YAMADA Masatake, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kohama Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
YAMAMOTO Risaburô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Toyama Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
YABE Takashi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Shimada Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation.
YABUKI Kôtarô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Sapporo Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation.
YOSHIKAWA Yukio, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Ina Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compesnation.
AIZAWA Masashige, Judge of Summary Court and concurrent Assistant Judge:
Nominated to Judge of Sumida Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court.
AKANDO Masao, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tokushima Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court.
AKIBA Yûji, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Chiba-ichinomiya Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Chiba District Court.
AZUMA Tetsu, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tokyo Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court.
AMANO Kenji, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tokyo Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court.
IKEDA Akira, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Gifu Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Gifu District Court.
ISHIKAWA Ki, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Shinjuku Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court.
ISHIWATA Yoshio, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Matsumoto Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,

Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagano District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Matsumoto Branch of Nagano District Court.

ITÔ Shunrô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Sendai Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sendai District Court.

USHIO Morizo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Okayama Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Okayama District Court.

USUKI Tsutomu, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Ôita Summary Court,
Granted No. 15 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Ôita District Court.

UCHIDA Hassaku, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kumagaya Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Urawa District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Kumagaya Branch of Urawa District Court.

URABE Mamoru, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Fukuoka Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Fukuoka District Court.

ÔNISHI Nobuo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Ôsu Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Matsuyama District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Ôsu Branch of Matsuyama District Court.

OKADA Tatsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Shimizu Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Shizuoka District Court.

OKABE Yukio, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tokyo Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tokyo District Court.

OGASAWARA Hajime, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tsuchiura Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Mito District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Tsuchiura Branch of Mito District Court.

KAMESHITA Kitarô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Nakagawa Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagoya District Court.

KAMO Yoshisuke, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Sendai Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Sendai District Court.

KARASHIMA Yûji, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Kisarazu Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Chiba District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Kisarazu Branch of Chiba District Court.

KAWAZOE Toshiki, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Beppu Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Ôita District Court.

KIDO Wakio, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Tsu Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Tsu District Court.

KINOSHITA Haruo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Yatsushiro Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Kumamoto District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Yatsushiro Branch of Kumamoto District Court.

KINOSHITA Yasuke, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Urawa Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Urawa District Court.

KUNIMASA Jitsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Miyoshi Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Hiroshima District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Miyoshi Branch of Hiroshima District Court.

KUMADA Kôichi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Gifu Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Gifu District Court.

KURITA Tadashi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Chiba Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Chiba District Court.

KOJIMA Yasaku, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Hanamaki Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Morioka District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Hanamaki Branch of Morioka District Court.

KOMOBUCHI Etsuo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Nara Summary Court,
Granted No. 2 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nara District Court.

SATÔ Tsuneo, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Utsunomiya Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Utsunomiya District Court.

SHIMIZU Haruzô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Shibata Summary Court,
Granted No. 5 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Niigata District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Shibata Branch of Niigata District Court.

SHIMIZU Matami, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Iida Summary Court,
Granted No. 3 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Nagano District Court,
Ordered to be attached to Iida Branch of Nagano District Court.

SUGIMOTO Masao, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Ninoe Summary Court,
Granted No. 7 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Morioka District Court.

SUZUKI Moriichirô, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Usa Summary Court,
Granted No. 7 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Ôita District Court.

SESHITA Sadakichi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Utsunomiya Summary Court,
Granted No. 6 Compensation,
Nominated to Assistant Judge of Utsunomiya District Court.

TAKAZAWA Shinshichi, ditto:
Nominated to Judge of Aomori Summary Court,
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Nominated to Assistant Judge of Osaka District Court.
(December 10, 1947, Supreme Court)

COURT CIRCULARS

H.M. the Empress Dowager's Visit to the Tama Imperial Mausoleum

H.M. the Empress Dowager has signified Her intention that Her Majesty will visit the Tama Imperial Mausoleum, Tokyo-to, on the 22nd inst.

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU ENGLISH EDITION 昭和二十一年十一月三十日 第三種郵便物認可

EXTRA MONDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1947

LAW

I hereby promulgate the Law for the Revision of the Census Registration Law.

Signed: HIROHITO, Seal of the Emperor

This twenty-second day of the twelfth month of the twenty-second year of Showa (December 22, 1947)

Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

Law No. 224

CENSUS REGISTRATION LAW

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CENSUS REGISTRATION LAW

Chapter I

General Provisions

Article 1. The business concerning census registration shall be managed by a City mayor, Town headman or Village headman.

Article 2. No City mayor, Town headman or Village headman may perform his functions with respect to any census registration relating to himself, his spouse, his lineal ascendant or lineal descendant.

Article 3. The business concerning census registration shall be subject to the supervision of the headman of Judicial Bureau having jurisdiction over the district in which the office of City, Town or Village is situated.

Article 4. In respect of the areas which constitute regions of the wards of the Metropolis, the provisions of this Law relating to a City, City mayor and City office shall apply with the necessary modifications to a Ward, Ward headman and Ward office respectively. The same excepting the provisions of Art. 5, Par. 1 shall also apply to the special cities and the cities mentioned in Art. 155, Par. 2 of the Local Autonomy Law.

Article 5. All fees to be received in accordance with the provisions of this Law shall belong to the revenue of the City, Town or Village concerned.

The sum to be paid as the fees abovementioned shall be fixed otherwise by Law.

Chapter II

Census Register

Article 6. Any family-register shall be made up for each husband and wife who have their registered locality within the district of a City, Town or Village and their children whose surnames are the same as that of such husband and wife, but in cases where a family-register is newly made up for any person having no spouse, it shall be made up for such person and his children whose surnames are the same as that of such person.

Article 7. Family-registers shall be bound together and compiled into books.

Article 8. Every family-register shall be made up in duplicate, the original and the copy thereof.

The original shall be placed at an office of

City, Town or Village and the copy shall be kept at a supervising Judicial Bureau or its branch.

Article 9. Family-register shall be indicated by the full name and registered locality of the person who appears first in the family-register. The same shall also apply after such person has been struck off the family-register.

Article 10. Any person who wishes to inspect a census register or to get a copy of or an abstract from a family-register may apply therefor upon paying the fixed fee. The same shall also apply to any person who wishes to get the certification for non-alteration of any of the matters stated in a copy of or an abstract from a family-register and any person who wishes to get the certification in respect of any of the matters registered in a family-register; provided that a City mayor, Town headman or Village headman may refuse the application mentioned in this paragraph only in where he has a reasonable cause therefor.

If such person pay postage in addition to the fixed fee, he may apply for the sending by mail of the copy, abstract or certificate mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

In making a copy, the transcription of any of the matters relating to a person whose registration was already struck off may be omitted, if it is demanded by the applicant.

Article 11. If a census register or any part trereof has been or is apprehended to be destroyed, the Attorney-General shall order such disposition as to be deemed necessary for its remanufacture or complement; but in case where it has been destroyed, it is necessary to give the public notice thereof.

Article 12. If all of the contituent members of a family have been struck off the family-register, such family-register shall be detached off from the census register and the family-registers of such kind shall be bound together and compiled into a book, which is to be kept as a Struck-off Census Register.

The provisions of Arts. 9 to the preceding Article inclusive shall apply with the necessary modifications to a struck-off census register and a family-register detached off from a census register.

Chapter III

Registration in Family-Register

Article 13. In addition to the registered locality, every family-register shall state the following particulars for each person in the same family:

1. The full name;
2. The date of birth;
3. The cause for which such person is entered in the family-register and the date of the said entrance;
4. The full names of such person's natural parents and his connection in point of personal relationship with the natural parents;
5. If such person is an adopted child, the full names of his parents by adoption and his connection in point of personal relationship with the parents by adoption;
6. In respect of husband and wife, the statement to that effect;
7. In respect of a person who has been entered in the family-register from another one, the indication of the latter family-register;
8. Other matters as specified by ordinaince.

Article 14. The statement of the full names shall be made in the following order:

1. If husband and wife assume the surname of husband, the husband and if they assume the surname of wife, the wife;
2. The spouse;
3. The children.

As between children the priority shall be given according to the order of their birth.

With respect to a person who is to be entered in a family-register for any of the causes occurred after the making up thereof, the entry shall be effected at the end of the family-register.

Article 15. Any registration in a family-register shall be effected upon a notification, report, application or demand, a copy of a document or of a log-book, or a judicial decision.

Article 16. If a notification of marriage is given, a new family-rgeister shall be made up for the husband and wife. But this shall not apply if in case the husband and wife assume the surname of husband, the husband, and if they assume the surname of wife, the wife is the person who appears first in the family-register.

In the cases mentioned in the proviso of the preceding paragraph, a wife who assumes the surname of her husband shall be entered in the family-register of the husband and a husband who assumes the surname of his wife shall be entered in the family-register of the wife.

Article 17. If any person other than the person who appears first in the family-register and the spouse thereof comes to have a child assuming the same surname as that of the said person or an adoptive child, a new family-register shall be made up for the said person.

Article 18. A child who assumes the surname of its father and mother shall be entered in the family-register of the father and mother.

Except in cases mentioned in the preceding paragraph, a child who assumes the surname of its father shall be entered in the family-register of the father and a child who assumes the surname of its mother shall be entered in the family-register of the mother.

An adopted child shall be entered in the family-register of its parents by adoption.

Article 19. If a person who has altered his or her surname as a result of marriage or adoption, resumes the surname assumed by such person prior to the marirage or adoption by reason of divorce or dissolution of the adoptive relation or by reason of annulment of the marriage or of the adoption, such person may be entered into the family-register wherein such person was registered prior to the marriage or adoption; provided, however, that if the said family-register has already been removed or if such person declares his or her intention to have a new family-register made up, a new family-register shall be made up.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply with the necessary modifications in cases where the surname assumed prior to marriage is resumed in accordance with the provisions of Art. 751, Par. 1 of the Civil Code and where the former surname is resumed in accordance with the provisions of Art. 791, Par. 3 of the Civil Code.

Article 20. If a person who is to be entered in another family-register in accordance with the preceding two Articles has the spouse, a new family-register shall be made up for such husband and with, notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding two Articles.

Article 21. A person who has attained majority may effect separation from the present family-register, provided, however, that this shall not apply to the person who appears first in the family-register and such person's spouse.

If a notification has been given of separation from the present family-register, a new family-register shall be made up.

Article 22. If registration in a family-register is to be effected for the first time for a person who is not registered in a family-register, excepting a person who is to be entered in the family-register of such person's father or mother, a new family-register shall be made up therefor.

Article 23. A person who enters in a new or another family-register in accordance with any of the provisions of Arts. 16 to 21 inclusive shall be struck off the present family-register. The same shall also apply to a person who has died, or against whom a judicial declaration of disappearance has been made, or who has lost Japanese nationality.

Article 24. Upon finding that any statement in a family-register is legally not permissible or there is any mistake or omission in respect of the statement, the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman shall, without delay, given notice thereof to the person who had given the notification upon which such statement was made, or to the person to whom the matter notified occurred; but this shall not apply if the aforesaid mistake or omission has been caused through the negligence of the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman.

If the notice mentioned in the preceding paragraph is unable to be given, or, although such notice has been given, no person applies for the rectification of the statement, the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman may, with leave of the supervising Judicial Bureau, rectify the statement. The same shall also apply in the case mentioned in the proviso of the preceding paragraph.

A court or any other governmental authority, a Public Procurator or any other governmental official who has found, in the performance of his duties, that any statement in a family-register is legally not permissible or there is any mistake or omission in respect of the statement, shall, without delay, give notice thereof to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman whose administrative district includes the registered locality of the family of the person to whom the matter notified occurred.

Chapter IV

Notifications

Section I

General Provisions

Article 23. Any notification shall be given in the district within which the family of the person to whom a matter to be notified occurred has been registered or within which the notification-giver is staying.

A notification in respect of a person who has not Japanese nationality shall be given in the district within which such person's temporary residence is situated or within which the notification-giver is staying.

Article 26. In cases where a notification was received in respect of a person whose registered locality had been unknown or who had not yet been registered anywhere and thereafter the registered locality of such person has become known or such person has been registered in a family-register, the person who gave the notification or the person to whom the matter notified occurred shall; within ten days of his becoming aware of such fact, give the notification thereof to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman who had accepted the aforesaid notification, indicating the matter formerly notified.

Article 27. Any notification may be given either in writing or orally.

Article 28. The Attorney-General may, having regard to the nature of a matter, fix a form in accordance with which the written notification of that matter shall be given.

In the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the notification of that matter shall be given in accordance with the form; but this shall not apply in cases where there exists any reason for which non-compliance with the form is render-

ed imperative.

Article 29. Any written notification shall be signed and sealed by the notification giver and state the following particulars:

1. The matter notified;
2. The date of the notification;
3. The date of birth and the residence of the notification-giver as well as the indication of the family-register in which he is registered;
4. If a notification-giver is not the person to whom the matter notified occurred, the full name, the date of birth and the residence of such person, the indication of the family-register in which such person is registered, and the qualification of the notification-giver.

Article 30. If, by reason of the matter notified, the notification-giver or the person to whom such matter occurred is to be entered in another family-register, the written notification shall contain the indication of the family-register, and in case such person is to be struck off the present family-register, the indication of the said present family-register and also in case a new family-register is to be made up for such person, the statement to that effect together with the cause for the making-up of the new family-register and the new registered locality of such person.

If, by reason of the matter notified, any other person than a notification-giver or the person to whom such matter occurred is to be entered, into other or new family-register, the written notification shall contain in addition to the full name and the date of birth of such person, the matters mentioned in the preceding paragraph according to discrimination as to whether such person is to enter into other family-register or a new family-register is to be made up for such person.

If a new family-register is to be made up for a person other than a notification-giver, it shall be deemed that the new registered locality of such person shall be the same as the former registered locality.

Article 31. If the person who shall give a notification is a minor or a person adjudged incompetent, it shall be the duty of the person exercising parental power over or the guardian of such person to give that notification in place of him; but notification may be given also by a minor or a person adjudged incompetent.

In cases where a person exercising parental power or a guardian gives a notification, the written notification shall state the following particulars:

1. The full name, the date of birth and the registered lcoality of the person who is to give the notification;
2. The reason of the disability of such person;
3. The statement that the notification-giver is the person exercising parental power or the guardian.

Article 32. In respect of an act which may be validly conducted by a person under disability without the consent of his legal representative, such person shall give the notification thereof.

If a notification-giver is a person adjudged incompetent, a diagnosis which is able to prove his sufficient ability to understand the nature and effect of the matter notified shall be annexed to the written notification.

Article 33. For the notification of a matter for which witnesses are necessary, the witnesses shall state their dates of birth, the residences and the registered localities in the written notification and shall sign and impress their seals thereon.

Article 34. If any matter which is prescribed to be stated in a written notification does not exist or is unknown, the statement to that effect shall be contained in the written notification.

No City mayor, Town headman or Village headman shall accept any written notification which fails to contain the statement of any of the matters deemed essentially important.

Article 35. In addition to the particulars prescribed to be stated by this Law or by other Laws or ordinances, any written notification shall state such particulars as are necessary for bringing out clearly the matters to be registered in a family-register.

Article 36. In cases where registration in a family-register is to be effected at two or more City offices, Town offices or Village offices, as many written notifications as the number of such offices shall be presented.

If a notification is given at a place outside the district which includes the registered locality of the person to whom a matter to be registered occurred, one more written notification shall be presented in addition to those which shall be presented in pursuance of the provisions of the preceding paragraph.

In the cases mentioned in the preceding two paragraphs, a City mayor, Town headman or Village headman may, if he deems it proper, make copies of the written notification presented, and substitute such copies for the written notifications required.

Article 37. In order to give the notification of a matter orally, the notification-giver must attend at the appropriate City office, Town office or Village office and state orally the particulars which is to be stated in the written notification of such matter.

The City mayor, Town headman or Village headman shall put the oral statement of the notification-giver in writing, enter the date of the notification in the writing, read it to the notification-giver, and make him sign and impress his seal on the writing.

If, by reason of sickness or for any other causes, the notification-giver is unable to attend personally, he may give the notification by his representative; but this shall not apply to the notification mentioned in Arts. 60, 61, 66, 70 to 72 inclusive, 74 and 76.

Article 38. If, in respect of a matter to be notified, it is necessary to obtain any consent or assent, of a father or mother or any other person, a writing which proves such consent or assent, shall be annexed to the written notification of the matter; but it shall be sufficient for the person who has given the consent or assent, to make the statement to that effect in the written notification verified with such person's signature and seal-impression.

If, in respect of a matter to be notified, it is necessary to obtain the licence of a court or a governmental authority, a copy of the decision or the certificate of such licence shall be annexed to the written notification.

Article 39. The provisions in this Law relating to written notifications shall apply with the necessary modifications to the writings mentioned in Art. 37, Par. 2 and in Par. 1 of the preceding Article.

Article 40. Any Japanese who is in a foreign country may, in accordance with the provisions of this Law, give a notification to the Japanese ambassador, minister or consul residing in the coutry.

Article 41. If any Japanese who is in a foreign country has, in accordance with the established form of that country, had a document executed in respect of a matter to be notified, he shall, within one month, present a copy of such document to the Japanese ambassador, minister or consul residing in that country.

If no Japanese ambassador, minister or consul resides in that country, a copy of such document shall, within one month, be dispatched to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman within whose administrative district such person has been registered.

Article 42. The ambassador, minister or consul who has received papers in accordance with the provisions of the preceding two Articles shall, without delay, send them through the Minister for Foreign Affairs to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman whose administrative district includes the registered locality of the person to whom the matter to be notified occurred.

Article 43. The periods of time within which notifications are to be given shall be computed as from the day on which the matter to be notified occurred.

If, in cases where a period of time is to be computed as from the day on which a judicial decision became final and conclusive, that judicial decision has become final and conclusive before it is served or delivered to the party concerned, such period of time shall be computed as from the day on which the service or the delivery is effected.

Article 44. If a City mayor, Town headman or Village headman has become aware of any person's default of giving a notification, he shall give a peremptory notice to the person bound in duty to give the notification requiring him to do so within a reasonable period fixed by the former.

If the person bound in duty to give the notification fails to do so within the period fixed in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman may further give a peremptory notice fixing therein a reasonable period within which the notification is to be given.

In cases where the peremptory notices mentioned in the preceding two paragraphs are unable to be given or in cases where, although such peremptory notices have been given, the notification required is not given, the provisions of Art. 24, Par. 2, and in cases where a Court or other governmental authority or a Public Procurator or other governmental official has become aware of any person's default of giving a notification in the performance of his duties the provisions of Par. 3 of the same Article, shall respectively apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 45. If, in cases where a City mayor, Town headman or Village headman has received a notification, he is unable to effect registration in the family-register by reason of any defect in the written notification presented, he shall have it complemented by the person bound in duty to give such notification. In this case, the provisions of the preceding Article shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 46. Even if a notification is given after the lapse of the period of time within which it shall be given, the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman must receive the notification.

Article 47. A City mayor, Town headman or Village headman shall receive a written notification even after the death of the notification-giver, if it has been sent by mail before his death.

If a written notification has been received in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph, the notification shall be deemed to have been given at the time of the death of the notification-giver.

Article 48. Any notification-giver may apply for the issue of a certificate of the acceptance or non-acceptance of the notification; but if he applies for the issue of a certificate of acceptance, he must pay a fixed fee.

Any person interested may, only in cases where there exists a special reason therefor, apply for the inspection of the written notification and other papers received by the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman or for the issue of a certificate in respect of any of the particulars stated in

such papers. But in case of an application to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman, a fixed fee must be paid.

The provisions of Art. 10, Par. 2 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the cases mentioned in the preceding two paragraphs.

Section II

Birth

Article 49. A notification of birth shall be given within fourteen days.

A written notification of birth shall state the following particulars:

1. The sex of the child born and the discrimination as to whether the child born is a legitimate child or a child who is not legitimate;
2. The date, the hour and minute and the place of the birth;
3. The full names of the father and mother and the registered locality of their family, and if either or both of them has or have not Japanese nationality, the statement to that effect;
4. Other matters as specified by ordinance.

In cases where a medical practitioner, midwife or any other person attended at the birth, a certificate of birth made in accordance with the provisions of ordinance made by the medical practitioner, or the midwife or lastly the other person shall be annexed to the written notification. However, this shall not apply in cases where there are unavoidable reasons.

Article 50. In order to indicate the name of a child, it is required to use ordinary and plain characters.

The characters which are within the limit of ordinary and plain characters shall be determined by ordinance.

Article 51. Except in cases where a child is born in any foreign country or any district determined by ordinance, a notification of birth shall be given in the district within which the birth occurred.

But if the birth occurred in a train or other means of communication (excepting a ship; the same shall apply hereinafter) a notification shall be given at the place where the mother has got out of such means of communication, and if a child was born on board a ship which keeps no logbook, at the place of first arirval of such ship.

Article 52. A notification of birth of a legitimate child shall be given by its father, and in case the father is unable to give the notification or in case the father and mother divorced before the bird of a child, by the mother of the child.

A notification of birth of a child who is not legitimate shall be given by its mother.

In case where the persons who shall give the notification in accordance with the preceding two paragraphs are unable to give the notification, such persons as enumerated below shall give the notification in the order of the enumeration:

1. The co-habitants;
2. The medical practitioner, midwife or other person who attended at the child-birth.

Article 53. Even if an action for the denial of the legitimacy of a child has been instituted, the duty to give the notification of the birth of the child shall not be exempted thereby.

Article 54. In case where the paternity is to be determined by a Court in accordance with the provisions of Art. 773 of the Civil Code, the notification of birth of the child in question shall be given by its mother. In this case the reason for which the paternity still remaines undetermined shall be stated in the written notification.

The provisions of Art. 52, Par. 3 shall apply with the necessary modifications in the case mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 55. If a child was born during a voyage, the captain of the ship shall, within twenty-four hours, state the particulars enumerated in Art. 49, Par. 2 in the log-book and verify it with his signature and seal-impression.

If, after the proceedings mentioned in the preceding paragraph had been taken, the ship arrived at a port in Japan, the captain shall, without delay, send a copy of the log-book concerning the birth to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman of the port.

If the ship arrived at a port in a foreign country, the captain shall, without delay, send a copy of the log-book concerning the birth to the ambassador, minister or consul residing in that country, and the ambassador, minister or consul shall, without delay, send it through the Minister for Foreign Affairs, to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman within whose administrative district the family to be entered by the aforesaid child had been registered.

Article 56. If, in cases where a child was born in a hospital, prison or any other public institution, both of its father and mother are unable to give the notification of the birth, the chief or manager of such public institution concerned shall give the notification.

Article 57. Any person who found a deserted child or any police-officer who was informed of the finding of a deserted child shall, within twenty-four hours, give information thereof to a City mayor, Town headman or Village headman.

The City mayor, Town headman or Village headman who has received the information mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall give a full name to the deserted child, select the locality of register and state in a record the articles worn or possessed by the child, the place, the date and time as well as other circumstances of the finding, together with the full name, sex, presumptive date

of birth and the locality of register of the child. This record shall be deemed a written notification.

Article 58. If a deserted child died before the proceedings prescribed in Par. 1 of the precednig Article are taken, such proceedings shall be taken together with the notification of its death.

Article 59. The father or mother of a deserted child shall, if he or she takes back the child, within one month, give the notification of birth and apply for the rectification of the family-register of the child.

Section III

Recognition

Article 60. A person who wishes to effect recognition of a child shall state the following particulars and give the notification to that effect:

1. In cases where the recognition is effected by the father, the full name and the registered locality of the mother;
2. In cases where a dead child is recognized, the date of death of the child and the full name, the date of birth and registered locality of the lineal descendants thereof.

Article 61. In cases where a child *en ventre sa mere* is recognized, the written notification of the recognition shall contain the statement to that effect as well as the full name and the registered locality of the mother, and such notification shall be given in the district within which the mother had been registered.

Article 62. If, for a person who is to become a legitimate child by virtue of the provisions of Art. 789, Par. 2 of the Civil Code, the father and mother of such person give the notification of the birth stating the person as their legitimate child, such notification shall have the same effect as the notification of the recognition.

Article 63. If a judgment of judicial recognition has become final and conclusive, the person who had instituted the action therefor shall, within ten days of its becoming final and conclusive, give the notification to that effect, annexing a copy of the judgement. The written notification of the aforesaid matter shall contain the date on which the judgment became final and conclusive.

Article 64. In the case of recognition by will, the executor of the will shall, within ten days of his assumption of the office, give the notification of the recognition in accordance with the provisions of Art. 60 or 61, annexing a copy of the will.

Article 65. Where a child *en ventre sa mere* who had been recognized was born still, the person bound in duty to give the notification of the birth shall, within fourteen days of his becoming aware of such fact, give the notification to that effect in the district where the notification of the recognition was given; but in cases where the executor of a will has given the notification prescribed in the preceding Article, the aforesaid notification shall be given by the executor.

Section IV

Adoption

Article 66. A person who wishes to effect adoption shall give the notification to that effect.

Article 67. In cases where either one of a couple effects an adoption in the name of both of the couple, the reason therefor shall be stated in the written notification.

Article 68. If an assent to an adoption has been given in accordance with the provisions of Art. 797 of the Civil Code, the notification of the adoption shall be given by the person who has given the assent.

Article 69. The provisions of Art. 63 shall apply with the necessary modifications in case where a judgment of annulment of adoption has become final and conclusive.

Section V

Dissolution of Adoptive Relation

Article 70. A person who wishes to effect dissolution of adoptive relation shall give the notification to that effect.

Article 71. In cases where an agreement of dissolution of adoptive relation has been made in accordance with the provisions of Art. 811, Par. 2 of the Civil Code, the notification thereof shall be given by the person who has made the agreement.

Article 72. In cases where dissolution of adoptive relation is effected in accordance with the provisions of Art. 811, Par. 3 of the Civil Code, the notification thereof may be made only by the adopted child.

Article 73. The provisions of Art. 63 shall apply with the necessary modifications in case where a judgment of judicial dissolution of adoptive relation or of annulment of dissolution of adoptive relation has become final and conclusive.

Section VI

Marriage

Article 74. A person who wighes to effect marriage shall state the following particulars in the written notification and give the notification to that effect:

1. The surname assumed by husband and wife;
2. Other matters as specified by ordinance.

Article 75. The provisions of Art. 63 shall apply with the necessary modifications case where a judgment of annulment of a marriage has become final and conclusive.

If a Public Procurator had instituted the action on which the aforesaid judgment was rendered, he shall demand the registration of such judgment

in the family-register, without delay after the judgment became final and conclusive.

Section VII
Divorce

Article 76. A person who wishes to divorce shall state the following particulars in the written notification and give the notification to that effect:

1. The full names of the party who is determined to exercise the parental power and of the child subject to such parental power;
2. Other matters as specified by ordinance.

Article 77. The provisions of Art. 63 shall apply with the necessary modifications in case where a judgment of judicial divorce or of annulment of divorce has become final and conclusive.

The written notification of divorce mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall state the following particulars:

1. The full names of the party who has been determined to exercise the parental power and of the child subject to such parental power;
2. Other matters as specified by ordinance.

Section VIII
Parental Power and Guardianship

Article 78. A person who wishes to determine the parent having parental power by agreement in accordance with the proviso of Art. 819, Par. 3 or Par. 4 of the same Article of the Civil Code, shall give the notification to that effect.

Article 79. The provisions of Art. 63 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the parent having parental power in case a judgment substituting for the agreement mentioned in the proviso of Art. 819, Par. 3 or Par. 4 of the same Article of the Civil Code or a judgment changing the parent having parental power has become final and conclusive, or in case one of father and mother has been adjudged forfeiture of his or her parental power or right of management and the other exercises the said power or right and to the person who has applied for judgment in case where a judgment of annulment of adjudication of forfeiture has become final and conclusive.

Article 80. A person who declines to exercise the parental power or right of management or wishes to recover it shall give the notification to that effect.

Article 81. A notification of commencement of guardianship shall be given by the guardian within ten days of his assumption of the office.

The written notification of that matter shall state the following particulars:

1. The cause for and the date of the commencement of the guardianship;
2. The date on which the guardian assumed his office.

Article 82. If a guardian has been changed, his successor shall give the notification to that effect within ten days of his assumption of office. In this case, the provisions of Par. 2 of the preceding Article shall apply with the necessary modifications.

Article 83. In case the guardian is a guardian who has been designated by will, a copy of the will concerning the designation shall be annexed to the written notification.

In case a judgment appointing a guardian has been rendered, a copy of the judgment shall be annexed to the written notification.

Article 84. A notification of termination of guardianship shall be given by the guardian within ten days of its termination. The written notification of that matter shall state the cause for and the date of the termination of the guardianship.

Article 85. The provisions in this Section relating to a guardian shall apply with the necessary modifications to a supervisor of guardian or a curator.

Section IX
Death and Disappearance

Article 86. A notification of death shall be given within seven days of the day on which the person bound in duty to give the notification become aware of the death, presenting therewith a diagnosis or a post-mortem examination report.

The written notification of that matter shall state the following particulars:

1. The date and the hour and minute as well as the place of the death;
2. Other matters as specified by ordinance.

If no diagnosis or post-mortem examination report is obtainable for an imperative reason, any writing which is able to prove the fact of the death may be substituted therefor. In this case, the reason for which no diagnosis or post-mortem examination report is obtainable shall be stated in the written notification of the death.

Article 87. The persons enumerated below shall give a notification of death according to the order of the enumeration; but this shall not preclude that the notification is given irrespective of the order:

1. The relative who was living with the deceased;
2. The person other than relative who was living with the deceased;
3. The owner of the house or the land wherein the death occurred or the manager of such house or land.

Article 88. Any notification of death shall be given in the district within which the death occurred, except in case the death occurred in a foreign country or a district designated by ordinance. But it shall be given, in case the district within which the death occurred is unknown, in the district within which the dead body was found first, in case the death occurred in a train or other means of communication, in the district within which the dead body was brought down from such means of communication, and in case the death occurred on board a ship which keeps no log-book, in the district at which such ship arrived first.

Article 89. In cases where any person died in consequence of a water calamity, fire or any other disaster, the governmental or public authorities who have made the investigation thereof shall make report of the death to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman within whose administrative district the death occurred. But in cases where the death occurred in a foreign country or a district mentioned in the preceding Article, the report of the death shall be made to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman within whose administrative district the deceased has been registered.

Article 90. If a death-penalty has been executed, the chief of the prison concerned shall, without delay, make report of the death to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman within whose administrative district the prison is situated.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply with the necessary modifications to the case where no person undertakes to take the corpse of a person who died during imprisonment. In this case, a diagnosis or post-mortem examination report shall be annexed to the written report given in accordance with the preceding paragraph.

Article 91. Any of the written reports of the matters mentioned in the preceding two Articles shall state such particulars as are enumerated in Art. 86, Par. 2.

Article 92. In cases where the registered locality of the deceased is unknown or it is unable to identify a deceased, the police officer shall prepare the post-mortem inspection record and, without delay, make report of the death to the City mayor, Town headman or Village headman within whose administrative district the death occurred.

If the registered locality of the deceased has become known or it has become able to identify the deceased, the police officer shall, without delay, make the report to that effect.

If any of the persons enumerated in Art. 87, Item 1 or 2 identified the deceased after the report of the death mentioned in Par. 1 had been made, such person shall give the notification of the death within ten days of the identification.

Article 93. The provisions of Arts. 55 and 56 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the notification of death.

Article 94. The provisions of Art. 63 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the person who has applied for the judgment of judicial declaration of disappearance or of annulment of such declaration in case such judgment has become final and conclusive. In this case the written notification of judicial declaration of disappearance shall state the date on which the period of time fixed in Art. 30 of the Civil Code expired.

Section X
Resumption of Surname by Surviving Spouse and Dissolution of Matrimonial Relation

Article 95. A person who wishes to resume the surname assumed by him (or her) in accordance with the provisions of Art. 751, Par. 1 of the Civil Code shall give the notification to that effect.

Article 96. A person who wishes to declare the intention that he (or she) will dissolve the matrimonial relation in accordance with the provisions of Art. 728, Par. 2 of the Civil Code shall give the notification to that effect, stating the full name, registered locality and the date of death of the dead spouse in a written notification.

Section XI
Disniheritance of a Presumptive Successor

Article 97. The provisions of Art. 63 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the person who has applied for a judgment of disinheritance of a presumptive successor or annulment thereof in cases where such judgment has become final and conclusive.

Section XII
Entry into a Census-Register

Article 98. A person who wishes to assume the surname of the father or mother in accordance with the provisions of Art. 791, Par. 1 or 2 of the Civil Code shall give the notification to that effect, stating the full name and the registered locality of such father or mother in a written notification.

Article 99. A person who wishes to resume the former surname in accordance with the provisions of Art. 791, Par. 3 of the Civil Code shall give the notification to that effect, stating the date on which such person altered the surname in accordance with the provisions of Par. 1 or 2 of the same Article in a written notification.

Section XIII
Separation from a Census-Register

Article 100. A person who wishes to separate from the present family-register shall give the notification to that effect.

In cases where a new registered locality is settled in another City, Town or Village, a copy

of the family-register shall be annexed with the written notification.

Article 101. In cases mentioned in Par. 2 of the preceding Article, a notification of separation from the present family-register may be given at the place where such separation has been effected.

Section XIV

Acquisition or Loss of Nationality

Article 102. If an alien is to acquire Japanese nationality by reason of an adoption or a marriage, the original nationality of the acquisitor of Japanese nationality shall be stated in the written notification of the adoption or of the marriage.

Article 103. If an alien is to acquire Japanese nationality by reason of recognition, the original nationality of the recognized child shall be stated in the written notification of the recognition.

If the person who recognized a child is its father, the written notification shall state the nationality of its mother.

Article 104. A notification of naturalization shall be given within ten days of the day on which the license thereof was granted.

The written notification of the aforesaid matter shall state the following particulars:

1. The original nationality of the naturalized person;
2. The full names and nationalities of the father and mother of such person;
3. The date on which the license was granted;
4. Where any person has acquired Japanese nationality in company with the naturalized person, the full name and the date of birth of such person as well as the connection in point of personal relationship between such person and the naturalized person.

If the wife or any of the children of a naturalized person does not acquire Japanese nationality in company with the naturalized person, the reason therefor shall be stated in the written notification of the naturalization.

Article 105. A notification of loss of Japanese nationality of a person shall be given by the spouse or any of his relatives within the fourth degree of relationship within one month of the day on which he became aware of that fact, upon being annexed with a writing proving the loss of Japanese nationality.

The written notification of the aforesaid matter shall state the following particulars:

1. The cause for and the date of the loss of Japanese nationality;
2. If any other nationality has been newly acquired by such person, the statement of that nationality.

Where a person who has lost Japanese nationality is a person who had held Japanese governmental office, a writing whereby it is proved that he ceased to hold such office shall be annexed to the written notification of the loss of Japanese nationality.

Article 106. A notification of recovery of Japanese nationality shall be given within ten days of the day on which the license thereof was granted.

The written notification of the aforesaid matter shall state the following particulars:

1. The cause for which and the date on which the recoverer formerly lost Japanese nationality;
2. The nationality held by such person before his recovery of Japanese nationality;
3. The date of the aforesaid license;
4. Where any person has acquired or recovered Japanese nationality in company with the recoverer, the full name and the date of birth of such person as well as the connection in point of personal relationship between such person and the recoverer.

The provisions of Art. 104, Par. 3 shall apply with the necessary modifications to the notification mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Section XV

Alteration of Name

Article 107. If the surname is required to be altered by reason of imperative cause, the person who appears first in the family-register and the spouse thereof shall, upon obtaining the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations, give a notification to that effect.

A person who wishes to alter the (given) name by reason of reasonable cause shall, upon obtaining the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations, give a notification to that effect.

Section XVI

Transfer of Registered Locality and Establishment of a Census-Register

Article 108. If it is desired to transfer the registered locality, the person who appears first in the family-register and the spouse thereof shall give a notification to that effect, stating in the written notification the new locality of registration.

In cases where the registered locality is transferred to a place within other City, Town or Village, a copy of the family-register made up for the family shall be annexed to the written notification of the aforesaid matter.

Article 109. Any notification of transfer of the registered locality may be given in the district which includes the locality whereto the transfer is effected.

Article 110. Any person for whom there exists no family-register shall give a notification of the establishment of such family-register with leave of the Court of Domestic Relations within ten days of the day on which such leave was granted.

The written notification of the aforesaid matter shall state the date on which the leave for such establishment was granted, in addition to the particulars enumerated in Art. 13.

Article 111. The provisions of the preceding Article shall apply with the necessary modifications to the cases where a notification of the establishment of the family-register is to be given by virtue of a final and conclusive judgment. In this case, a copy of such judgment shall be annexed to the written notification.

Article 112. Any notification of the establishment of family-register may be given in the district within which such family-register is to be established.

Chapter V.

Rectification of Census-Registration

Article 113. If it is found that a statement in a family-register is legally not permissible or there is any mistake or omission in respect of the statement, any person interested may apply for the rectification of the statement, with the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 114. If it is found that an act which is to become effective upon the notification thereof is null and void, after the registration in respect of such act has been effected in a family-register, the person who has given the notification or to whom the matter notified occurred may apply for the rectification of such registration with the leave of the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 115. If a judicial decision granting any of the leaves mentioned in the preceding two Articles has been rendered, the rectification of the registration in the family-register shall be applied for, within one month and with the annexation of a copy of the decision.

Article 116. Where rectification of registration in a family-register is to be effected by virtue of a final and conclusive judgment, the person who had instituted the action on which the judgment was rendered shall, within one month of its becoming final and conclusive, apply for the rectification, annexing a copy of such judgment.

Where a Public Procurator had instituted the aforesaid action, he shall demand for the rectification without delay after the judgment became final and conclusive.

Article 117. The provisions of Art. 25, Par. 1, Arts. 27 to 32, 34 to 39 and 43 to 48 shall apply with the necessary modifications to an application for rectification of census registration.

Chapter VI

Miscellaneous Provisions

Article 118. Any person who, in respect of a matter concerning census registration, is discontented with a disposition taken by a City mayor, Town headman or Village headman may raise a complaint against it to the Court of Domestic Relations.

Article 119. The leave mentioned in Art. 107, Art. 110, Par. 1, Art. 113 or Art. 114 and the complaint mentioned in the preceding Article shall be deemed to be the matters enumerated in (A) of Art. 9, Par. 1 of the Law of Adjudgment of Domestic Matters with regard to the application of that Law.

Article 120. Any person who, without any reasonable cause, fails to give any notification or application which he is bound to give within a fixed time shall be liable to an administrative fine not exceeding five hundred yen.

Article 121. Any person who, in cases where, in accordance with the provisions of Par. 1 or 2 of Art. 44 (including the case where this Article is applicable with the necessary modifications under Art. 117), a City mayor, Town headman or Village headman has given a peremptory notice to give a notification or to present an application within a period of time fixed by him, fails to give the notification or present the application within such time without any reasonable cause shall be liable to an administrative fine not exceeding one thousand yen.

Article 122. Any City mayor, Town headman or Village headman shall be liable to an administrative fine not exceeding one thousand yen in any of the following cases:

1. If, without any reasonable cause, he fails to accept any notification or application;
2. If he neglects to effect any registration in a family-register;
3. If, without any reasonable cause, he refuses to permit the inspection of Census Register, Struck-off Census Register, or the written notifications as other papers received;
4. If, without any reasonable cause, he fails to deliver any copy of or any abstract from a family-register or struck-off family-register, any certificates mentioned in Art. 10, Par. 1 including the case where this Article is applicable with the necessary modifications in Art. 12, Par. 2 or any of the certificates mentioned in Art. 48, Par. 1 or 2 (including the case where this Article is applicable with the necessary modifications in Art. 117);
5. If he otherwise neglects to perform any of his duties with respect to any matter concerning census registration.

Article 123. A judicial decision imposing an administrative fine shall be rendered by the Summary Court.

Article 124. Any person who gives a false notifi-

cation in respect of a matter which need not be registered in a family-register shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labour for a term not exceeding one year or a fine not exceeding one thousand yen. The same shall apply also to any person who gives a false notification in respect of a matter relating to a person who has not Japanese nationality.

Article 125. The matters concerning written notification or the matters necessary for the transactions of business concerning census registration shall be provided for by ordinance, in addition to those prescribed by this Law.

Supplementary Provisions:

Article 126. This Law shall come into force as from January 1, 1948.

Article 127. In the perview of this Supplementary Provisions, the new Law shall mean the Family Registration Law after amendment, the old Law, the present Family Registration Law; the new Civil Code, the Law for Partial Amendment of the Civil Code which shall come into force as from the same day as that of the enforcement of this Law; the old Civil Code, the present Civil Code; and the Emergent Measures Law, the Law No. 74 of 1947.

Article 128. The family-registers made up in accordance with the provisions of the old Law shall be deemed to have been made up in accordance with the provisions of the new Law. However, if ten years have elapsed as from coming into force of this Law, the family-registers made up in accordance with the provisions of the old Law shall be revised under the new Law pursuant to the provisions specified by ordinance.

The registered locality selected pursuant to the old Law shall be deemed to have been selected pursuant to the new Law.

Article 129. In respect of the case to which the old Civil Code is applicable, the provisions of the old Law shall remain applicable even after coming into force of the new Law.

Article 130. The provisions of the new Law shall be applicable even in cases where a registration is to be made in a family-register or a new family-register is to be made up by reason of a notification given or other cause occurred before coming into force of the new Law.

Article 131. In cases where a new family-register is to be made up for any person who is registered in the family-register mentioned in Art. 128, Par. 1, any child who is registered in the family-register mentioned in the said paragraph and has assumed continuously the same surname as that of such person shall be entered in the new family-register; provided, however, that this shall not apply to cases where such child has the spouse or a child registered in the same family-register.

In the case of the preceding paragraph, if a new registered locality is established in a city, town or village where the former registered locality was existed, the provisions of Art. 30, Par. 2 shall not apply.

Article 132. The provisions of Art. 19, Par. 1 and Art. 99 of the new Law shall apply with the necessary modifications in case the former surname is resumed in accordance with the provisions of Art. 12 of the Supplementary Provisions of the new Civil Code.

Article 133. A person registered in the family-register mentioned in Art. 128, Par. 1 who has the spouse cannot separate from the present family-register unless in company with such spouse.

Article 134. If an agreement determining as to who shall exercise the parental power has been arrived at in accordance with the provisions of the former part of Art. 6, Par. 2 of the Emergent Measures Law after coming into force of the Emergent Measures Law and before coming into force of the new Law, the parent having parental power shall give a notification to that effect, annexing a writing which proves such agreement, within ten days of the day of coming into force of the new Law. In this case, the provisions of Art. 38, Par. 1 proviso and Art. 39 shall apply with the necessary modifications.

If a judgment mentioned in any of the latter part of Par. 2 and Par. 3 of Art. 6 of the Emergent Measures Law has become final and conclusive after coming into force of the Emergent Measures Law and before coming into force of the new Law, the parent having parental power shall give a notification to that effect, annexing a copy of such judgment, within ten days of the day of coming into force of the new Law. The written notification of such matter shall state the date on which the judgment became final and conclusive.

Article 135. The provisions of Art. 78 of the new Law shall apply with the necessary modifications to a person who wishes to determine the parent having parental power by agreement in accordance with the provisions of Art. 14, Par. 1 of the Supplementary Provisions of the new Civil Code.

The provisions of Art. 63 of the new Law shall apply with the necessary modifications to the parent having parental power in cases where the judgment prescribed in any of Pars. 2 and 3 of Art. 14 of the Supplementary Provisions of the new Civil Code has become final and conclusive.

Article 136. A person who is a supervisor of guardian at the time of coming into force of the new Law shall, within ten days of the coming into force of the new Law, give a notification prescribed in the provisions of Art. 81 or 82 of the new Law which are applicable with the necessary modifications under Art. 85 of the new Law.

Article 137. If a notification of transfer of registered locality has been given with regard to family-register mentioned in Art. 128, Par. 1, the family-register shall be made up pursuant to the former family-register notwithstanding the provisions of the new Law.

Article 138. The following laws and ordinances shall be abrogated:

Proclamation of Dajokan No. 235 of 1872 (Ordinance concerning Alteration of Surname and Name);

Proclamation of Dajokan No. 118 of 1873 (Ordinance concerning the Use of Character Applied to the Posthumous Name and Name of Past Emperors or Empresses);

Law No. 4 of 1940 (Law concerning Notification of Census Registration by Means of Commission or by Mail);

Ministry of Justice Ordinance No. 47 of 1945 (Ordinance concerning Notification of Birth, Death and Others under the Imperial Ordinance No. 542 of 1945 concerning the Orders to be issued consequence of the acceptance of the Potsdam Declaration).

In respect of the commission of notification made before coming into force of this Law, the Law No. 4 of 1940 shall remain effective. In this case the confirmation mentioned in Art. 1, Par. 1 of that Law shall be made by the Court of Domestic Relations.

The provisions of Art. 119 of the new Law shall apply with the necessary modifications to confirmation mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

Article 139. The Temporary Residence Law shall partially be amended as follows:

In Art. 2, Par. 2, "Arts. 5 and 6" shall read "and Art. 4".

In Art. 3, "an Imperial Ordinance" shall read "a Cabinet Order".

In Art. 4, Par. 2, "five yen" shall read "two hundred yen" and in Par. 2 of the same Article, "Art. 179" shall read "Art. 123".

Article 140. In application of provisions relating to administrative fine imposed against any act which has been done before coming into force of the present Law, the provisions hitherto in force shall be complied with.

Article 141. With respect to a case of administrative fine which is pending a Court at the time of coming into force of the present Law, the provisions hitherto in force shall be complied with.

Article 142. Before coming into force of Law concerning Establishment of Attorney-General, "the attorney-General" in Art. 11 and Art. 28, Par. 1 of the present Law shall read "the Minister of Justice".

Article 143. Ths fees mentioned in Art. 5, Par. 2 may be levied according to the sum fixed by Cabinet Order before coming into force of the provisions of Art. 3. Finance Law, Law No. 34 of 1947.

Minister of Justice
SUZUKI Yoshio

Prime Minister
KATAYAMA Tetsu

NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE

November 10, 1947

Claimants:

Tatsu Kato
No. 968, Aza Tobuse, Mishima-mura, Mishima-gun, Osaka

Tahe Tanaka
c/o M. Tanaka, No. 3, Izumi-machi, Nishio-machi, Hazu-gun, Aichi-ken

---

Tama Tanaka
c/o Sansei Kabushiki Kaisha, No. 11-3, Hon-cho, Nishio-machi, Hazu-gun, Aichi-ken

---

Taguchi Shoken Kabushiki Kaisha
c/o I. Sawa, No. 7, 1-chome, Horidome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo

Rinji Tateno
c/o S. Ishii, No. 8, 1-chome, Kabuto-cho, Nihombashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo

---

Nagahiko Murakami
No. 2537, Oaza Itahitsu, Kokura-shi, Fukuoka-ken

At the instance of the abovementioned persons the bearers of share certificates shown on the annexed sheets are hereby requested to notify their claims on the said certificates and submit the same to this Court by 10.00 a.m., June 11th, 1947.

In case of failure to notify of and submit the same in accordance with the preceding paragraph by the date fixed, the said share certificates may be declared null and void.

Tokyo Summary Court

(Annexed sheets abridged)

September 1, 1947

Claimant: Heitaro Suzuki
No. 277, Nishiotsuka, Iida-mura, Hamamatsu-shi, Shizuoka-ken

At the instance of the abovementioned person the possessors of the share certificates shown on the annexed sheet are hereby requested to notify their

claims on the said share certificates and submit the same to this Court by 10.00 a.m., June 1, 1948.

In case of failure to notify their claims and submit the same in accordance with the preceding paragraph by the date fixed, the said share certificates may be declared null and void.

Hamamatsu Summary Court

(Annexed sheet abridged)

September 1, 1947

Heitaro Suzuki
No. 277, Nishiotsuka, Iida-mura, Hamana-gun, Shizuoka-ken

At the instance of the abovementioned person the possessors of the share certificates shown on the annexed sheet are hereby requested to notify their claims on the said share certificates and submit the same to this Court by June 1, 1948.

In case of failure to notify their claims and submit the same in accordance with the preceding paragraph by the date fixed, the said share certificates may be declared null and void.

Hamamatsu Summary Court

(Annexed sheet abridged)

November 12, 1947

Claimants:

Haru Suemasa
No. 1, 1-chome, Umegako-machi, Osada-ku, Kobe

Moriji Suemasa
No. 518, Sakada, Shutto-mura, Hamekawa-gun, Shimane-ken

Kanetaro Kishimoto
No. 430, Hirao, Minomo-mura, Toyono-gun, Osaka

Shozaemon Miki
65-Go, Toyono-Eidan-Jutaku, Neyagawa-machi, Kita-Kawachi-gun, Osaka

---

Kaname Tsumura
No. 1238, Otani-machi, Tsu-shi, Mie-ken

Daikyo Shoken K. K.
Bantoya-machi, Nishikikoji-sagaru, Higashichoin-dori, Nakakyo-ku, Kyoto

At the instance of the abovementioned persons the bearers of share certificates shown on the annexed sheets are hereby requested to notify their claims on the said certificates and submit the same to this Court by 10.00 a.m., June 15, 1947.

In case of failure to notify of and submit the same in accordance with the preceding paragraph by the date fixed, the said share certificates may be declared null and void.

Tokyo Summary Court

(Annexed sheets abridged)

November 10, 1947

Claimant: Hana Kitahara
No. 3885, Oaza Kaikai, Aza Shikaguchi, Takeda-mura, Naoiri-gun, Oita-ken

At the instance of the abovementioned person the bearers of share certificates shown on the annexed sheet are hereby requested to notify their claims on the said certificates and submit the same to this Court by 10.00 a.m., April 6, 1948.

In case of failure to notify of and submit the same in accordance with the preceding paragraph by the date fixed, the said share certificates may be declared null and void.

Tokyo District Court

(Annexed sheet abridged)

OFFICIAL GAZETTE

GOVERNMENT PRINTING BUREAU ENGLISH EDITION 昭和二十一年十一月三十日 第三種郵便物認可

EXTRA MONDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1947

NOTICE

Public Notice of Screening Results No. 21

(December 1—December 15)

December 22, 1947

Director-General of the Cabinet Secretariat NISHIO Suehiro

1. This table shows the screening results of the Central Public Office Qualifications Examination Committee, in accordance with the provisions of Imperial Ordinances No. 1 to No. 3 inclusive of 1947, and Cabinet and Home Ministry Ordinance No. 1 of the same year.
2. This table is to be shown most publicly. The office of city, ward, town or village, shall post this table publicly upon receipt of this report. This table shall be at least posted for a month, and it shall, upon receipt of the next official report, be replaced by a new one. The old report which is replaced, shall not be destroyed, but be bound and preserved at the office of a city, ward, town or village, in order that it may serve for the public persual.
3. The questionnaire of the person who is published in this table and who has passed the screening, may be offered for the public perusal, at the office of the Central Public Office Qualifications Examination Committee, or at the office of the Public Office Qualifications Examination Committee of Metropolis, Region, Prefecture or City concerned.

   Any one may, at this request, freely peruse the questionnaire as prescribed in the preceding paragraph.
4. Result:

Central Public Office Qualifications Examination Committee

(No. 8, 2-chome, Nagata-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo)

Number of Screened Persons: 4,118

Number of Non-applicable: 3,544

Public Services and Names of Persons who Passed Screening their officials.

Principal Public Office Holders of Central Government Offices

Persons relative to the Cabinet and the Prime Minister's Office

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INOUE Mitsuyashi
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KATO Masaki
KATO Naochika
KATO Shinji
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KAMOU Yoshio
KANAI Shoichi
KANAZAWA Kikuo
KANASE Kakuzo
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KANNO Shinobu
KANEGAE Manzo
KANO Itsuo
KANO Yujiro
KASAHARA Minoru
KASAMATSU Tokio
KASHIMA Kukio
KASUGAI Kan
KATAOKA Hiroji
KATAYAMA Haruo
KATAYAMA Teruo
KATO Hideji
KATO Katsuji
KATO Masato
KATO Naritomo
KATO Shoichi
KATO Takekiko
KATO Toshio
KATO Yoshizo
KATSUNO Yoshio
KAWADA Akira
KAWAGUCHI Tamenosuke
KAWAI Ikumi
KAWAI Tokihei
KAWAKAMI Iwao
KAWAKAMI Masayoshi
KAWAMATA Hideo
KAWAMURA Masaru
KAWANO Tameji
KAWASAKI Shozaburo
KAWASE Jiro
KAWAUCHI Takeo
KAYO Kenjiro
KEMMOCHI Yasuji
KIHARA Kenzo
KIKUCHI Soichiro

ITO Yoshiro
IWADA Risaku
IWASAKI Rokuji
IWAMOTO Uichiro
IWANAGA Michiomi
IZUMIKAWA Taizo
JIMI Teruo

KABE Hiroshi
KAGAYA Tokumatsu
KAIEDA Hiromori
KAZAMA Katsushi
KAKUDA Hisashi
KAMADA Kan
KAMEDA Iwao
KAMETANI Eiji
KAMIJO Kiichi
KAMIYA Fumio
KAMIYAMA Toshio
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KANEGUSUKU Kisho
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KAWAZU Takezo
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KIBE Nobuyoshi
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KIKUCHI Takeo

KIKUTANI Shigehezu
KIMOTO Snnao
KIMURA Kotaro
KIMURA Sadao
KIMURA Shotaro
KINEBUCHI Masamitsu
KINOSHITA Masatomi
KINOSHITA Tsurumatsu
KIRINO Kenroku
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KITAHARA Tsunezo
KITAMURA Bunsuke
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KOBAYAGAWA Tadaichi
KOBAYASHI Hajime
KOBAYASHI Shoshiro
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KODAMA Saichi
KOGA Satsuo
KOGI Hideyoshi
KOIDE Hyoji
KOIKE Kakichi
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KONO Sushi
KONZO Yasuichi
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KOSHIGA Takakage
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KUBO Toshisuke
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KUBOTA Minoru
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KURIMOTO Haruo
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KURITA Uneme

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KUBOTA Kuniyasu
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KUSHIYA Eisuke
KUWABARA Shoichi
KUWAHARA Tadao
KYOYA Shoji
MAEDA Eitaro
MAEDA Yasushi
MAETSURU Eishi
MAJIMA Yoshinori
MAKINO Sunao
MANABE Hidekatsu
MANO Matsushiro
MARUYAMA Choji
MASUDA Atsushi
MAEDA Ichizo
MASUDA Michizo
MASAKI Toshiyo
MASUDA Sumihiro
MASUGAWA Ryozo
MATSUBAYASHI Yoshiro
MATSUDA Mineo
MATSUE Tatsuo
MATSUI Katsumi
MATSUI Sogo
MATSUKI Masayoshi
MATSUMOTO Hidetaro
MATSUMOTO Heizo
MATSUMOTO Kinzo
MATSUMOTO Shunshiro
MATSUMURA Takeo
MATSUNAGA Yoshio
MATSUO Hideo
MATSUOKA Keisuke
MATSUOKA Yoshie
MATSUSHIMA Kazuo
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MATSUZAKI Sumio
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MIKI Rikuyoshi
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MIURA Tasuku
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KUSUMI Yasuma
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KUWAHARA Yoshiki
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MAEDA Kintaro
MAEKAWA Sentaro
MAFUNE Dengo
MAKINO Isamu
MAKITA Yoshihei
MANABE Magotaro
MARUKO Yukitaka
MARUYAMA Kozaburo
MASUDA Goro
MAEDA Isao
MAEDA Miki
MAEMA Yasushi
MASUDA Sumihiro
MATOBA Kanji
MATSUDA Masago
MATSUDA Seiji
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MIKUNI Ryumon
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MINOWA Mohei
MISUMI Mohei
MITOMO Shonosuke
MIURA Junzo
MIURA Torao
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MAKINO Jin-ichi
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MAEDA Kensuke
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MATSUBARA Osamu
MATSUDA Masaji
MATSUE Hidesue
MATSUI Hisao
MATSUI Shizuo
MATSUKAWA Umekichi
MATSUKURA Hikoichiro
MATSUMOTO Hisato
MATSUMOTO Kenji
MATSUMOTO Sen-ichi
MATSUMURA Mitsuhiro
MATSUNAGA Tsuneo
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MATSUO Osamu
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MATSUZAKA Ken-ichi
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MITSUMATA Hayashi
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MORI Shigeru
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MORIMOTO Seiichi
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MURATA Shugo
MURATA Hosaku
MURATA Osamu
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MURAYAMA Haruo
MUTO Matasaburo
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NAGAI Hachijuro
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NAGATA Sukemitsu
NAGATOMO Susumu
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MIZUKAMI Akira
MIZUNO Hideo
MIZUNO Kimpei
MIZUSHIMA Taro
MIZUTANI Kingoro
MOCHIZUKI Mitsuyoshi
MOMOZAKI Hiroshi
MORI Hiroyoshi
MORI Kuniichi
MORI Takao
MORIMOTO Michio
MORINO Sansaku

MORITA Kuninobu
MORITA Shinsuke
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MUTO Tadao
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NAGAI Hyakusuke
NAGAI Tamotsu
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NAGAOKA Yuei
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NAKAMURA Yasutomi
NAKANISHI Masakazu
NAKANO Kunitaro

MIYAZAKI Magosaburo
MIYAZAWA Shunzo
MIZUKOSHI Takei
MIZUNO Kei
MIZUNO Tateki
MIZUSHIMA Terubumi
MIZUTANI Takeku
MOGI Satoru
MONJI Toshiyuki
MORI Kaoru
MORI Masaakira
MORIBE Koichi
MORIMOTO Senjiro
MORISHIGE Shigeichi

MORITA Michihiro
MORITA Tsutae
MOTAI Yanosuke
MUKAI Shigeyuki
MURAI Shinji
MURAKAMI Masakata
MURAKAMI Shinji
MURAKAMI Toshio
MURAKOSHI Hisao
MURASAWA Tadao
MURATA Hajime
MURATA Nitaro
MURATA Tomeji
MURAYAMA Chokichiro
MUTO Jutaro
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NAGAI Bunsaku
NAGAI Kameki
NAGAMATSU Atsushi
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NAGAO Yoritaka
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NAKAJIMA Ichiro
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NAKAJIMA Shohei
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NAKAMURA Iwao
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NAKAOJI Toshiyasu
NAKASHIMA Takashi
NAKATAKE Mitsuo
NAKATSUGAWA Shikazo
NAKAYAMA Yoshihide
NAMIKI Eiji
NAMBA Tomoshichi
NARAI Yukiji
NARIHARA Masaki
NARUSE Shiro
NEGORO Kojiro
NIIDA Kiyoshi
NIKAIDO Tatsuhiko
NIO Masatada
NISHIDA Toyohiko
NISHIJIMA Naoyoshi
NISHIKAWA Sentaro
NISHIMURA Isamu
NISHIMURA Moriyoshi
NISHINARITA Makoto
NISHINO Gijiro
NISHIZAWA Sadanori
NITO Kamekichi
NODA Ken-ichi
NOGE Sachio
NOJIMA Genji
NOMATA Satoshi
NOMOTO Takejiro
NOMURA Taiji
NORO Kagetoshi
NOZAKI Eigo
NOZAKI Yoshio
NUMASAWA Saburo
NUSHI Seiichi
OBATA Seizo
ODA Kinji
ODA Yoshio
OE Itsuki
OGA Takesaburo
OGASAWARA Hiroshi
OGATA Kinjiro
OGAWA Kiyoshi
OGAWA Masayoshi
OGAWA Tokunosuke
OGITA Genshiro
OGUMA Hironori
OGURA Akira
OHARA Takehiro
OHASHI Tokichi
OHIRA Masao
OI Shoichi
OISHI Oto
OISO Takeo
OKA Hiroshi
OKADA Asakichi
OKADA Kiichiro
OKAMOTO Satoru
OKAMURA Seizo

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NAKANO Yoshitaka
NAKARAI Hideichi
NAKATA Kojiro
NAKATANI Shinaichi
NAKAYAMA Shigeru
NAKAZATO Teijiro
NAMIKI Hiroshi
NANKO Sotaro
NARASAKA Sakari
NARITA Haruto
NASU Yutaka
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NIIDE Shigeo
NINOMIYA Saburo
NISHI Noboru
NISHIHARA Yoshihisa
NISHIKAWA Katsuji
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NISHIMURA Kyoichiro
NISHINA Takehiro

NISHINOAKI Fuazo
NISHIZAWA Shinchu
NITSUMA Tsunenori
NODA Michio
NOGUCHI Minato
NOJIMA Hiroichi
NOMI Matsuo
NOMURA Hideo
NONAKA Nobuyoshi
NOSAKA Osamu
NOZAKI Kaichi
NUMAJIRI Toshinosuke
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OBA Masamichi
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ODA Kyusaku
ODAIRA Tatsuya
OE Naozo
OTA Yutaka
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OGAWA Taihei
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OGOSHI Keiji
OGURI Giichi
OGUSHI Sadao
OHARA Yukito
OHASHI Yushin
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OIDE Hideo
OISHI Otohei
OIZUMI Sosuke
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OKADA Hideo
OKADA Nagatsune
OKAMOTO Takashi
OKAMURA Suketaro

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NAKAO Kozo
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NAKATA Sadamu
NAKATOGAWA Shigetsugu
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NAKAZAWA Risaku
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NARA Yoshimatsu
NARAZAKI Hikue
NARITA Matsujiro
NEGAMI Sotoji
NEMOTO Sakiji
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NINOMIYA Waichiro
NISHIDA Katsumi
NISHIHARA Yoshio
NISHIKAWA Masayoshi
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NISHIMURA Mikio
NISHINA Takehiro

NISHIZAWA Kuro
NITA Kameki
NIWA Atsushi
NOGAMI Takashi
NOHIRA Kiyoshi
NOMA Tokichi
NOMOTO Yoshiya
NOMURA Shintaro
NONOMURA Yasuo
NOSE Nobujiro
NOZAKI Taro
NUMAKURA Reisuke
NUNOUE Masanori
OBANA Ko
OCHIAI Kiyoshi
ODA Saburo
ODANI Kazuo
OE Sadao
OGAKI Kiroku
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OGAWA Juro
OGAWARA Masami
OGAWA Taro
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OGOUCHI Kikuo
OGURI Yoshitomo
OHARA Masaru
OHASHI Shinsaku
OHINATA Shun-ichiro
OI Minoru
OISHI Gensaku
OISHI Yoichiro
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OKADA Nobushige
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OKAMURA Tsutomu

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OKI Hango
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OKUDA Mitsunosuke
OKURA Kazuyasu
OKUYAMA Haruzo
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ONIRUKA Shigeyuki
ONO Shizuka
ONO Zenzui
ONUKI Kosaburo
OSAKA Katsue
OSANAI Sadakichi
OSHIBI Kenshichiro
OSHIKA Tsuyoshi
OSHIMA Mitsunobu
OTA Hideo
OTA Masao
OTA Shozaburo
OTA Yoshio
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OTANI Toshio
OTOWA Eisuke
OTSUKI Ichiro
OTSUKI Okuichi
OWADA Yoshishige
OYABU Aiichi
OYAMA Teisaburo
OZAKI Hisamitsu
OZAWA Hanshichi
RITANI Yuichi
SAGAE Masahiro
SAGARA Tamotsu
SAI Kinnosuke
SAITSU Takeo
SAITO Eisaku
SAITO Hiroshi
SAITO Mitsuru
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SAITO Yukihiro
SAKAGUCHI Kojiro
SAKAI Shotaro
SAKAI Iwahiko
SAKAMOTO Koreichi
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SAKATA Toshiaki
SAKUMA Tomoo
SAKURAI Kiyoshi
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SASAKI Hisashi
SASAKI Jiro

OKAWA Nagashiro
OKAYAMA Eijiro
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OKI Saburo
OKI Toshishige
OKUBO Nobuhisa
OKUDA Zenzo
OKURA Shuhachiro
OMAGARI Kaichiro
ONAMI Makoto
OMIYA Jiro
ONO Makoto
ONO Tadao
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ONUMA Seisaburo
OSAMURA Tokutaro
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OSHIDA Taro
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OSHIMA Ten
OTA Katsuro
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OTA Takeo
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OTANI Saburo
OTAO Hiroji
OTSUKA Kikuji
OTSUKI Kaoru
OUCHI Mamoru
OWAKI Matazo
OYAGI Chiyozo
OYAMADA Benji
OZEKI Shoichi
OZU Kyuji
RYUZAKI Torao
SAGAO Masayoshi
SAGARA Tsunesaburo
SAIGI Yoshisaburo
SAITO Akio
SAITO Hiroshi
SAITO Kenjiro
SAITO Ren-ichi
SAITO Sakae
SAITO Jihei
SAITO Yogo
SAKABA Tsuneo
SAKAI Kiyoshj
SAKAI Tokuji
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SAKAMOTO Tadao
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SAKUMA Kenjj
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SAKURAI Masatsugu
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SAMUKI Masao
SASAKI Hyo
SASAKI Keigo

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OKUMA Teruzo
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OMORI Kyoichi
ONISHI Eikichi
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ONO Seiichi
ONO Takeji
ONOFUSA Hideo
ORITA Fumio
OSANA Teisaku
OSAWA Tomejiro
OSHIKA Tominori
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OTA Yoshima
OTAKE Takashi
OTANI Isamu
OTANI Takeji
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OTSUKI Katsuo
OUCHI Yoshiaki
OYA Hiraku
OYAMA Shiro
OYAMADA Takao
OZEKI Tatsutoshi
RIKIMARU Chozaburo
SADA Etsuji
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SAKAI Kuranoshin
SAKAI Toshikazu
SAKAMOTO Hachiro
SAKAMOTO Toragoro
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SAKURAI Toyomi
SAKURAOKA Tadao
SASAJIMA Eiichi
SASAKI Hyoji
SASAKI Matsusaburo

SASAKI Saburo
SASAKI Shigeo
SASAKI Tatsuo
SASAMA Tomohiko
SATO Chojiro
SATO Eiji
SATO Jishiro
SATO Jun
SATO Keiji
SATO Kichiya
SATO Kojiro
SATO Mitsuo
SATO Noboru
SATO Shoji
SATO Takeshi
SATO Tomoyoshi
SATO Toyokichi
SAWA Haruyoshi
SAWADA Ryuzo
SAWAMURA Tamotsu
SEINO Kazumi
SEKI Takeo
SEKIGUCHI Takeshi
SEKINE Umekichi
SENGOKU Tadayoshi
SENSHU Kunio
SEO Haruyuki
SERATA Ken-ichi
SETSUDA Tamotsu
SHIBAGAKI Akira
SHIBAUCHI Teizo
SHIBUYA Junsaku
SHIGA Takashi
SHIGEMATSU Minezo
SHIGETO Toichi
SHIMADA Kazuo
SHIMADA Yuju
SHIMAMATSU Toyoji
SHIMAZU Koji
SHIMIZU Ginjiro
SHIMIZU Masao
SHIMIZU Yoshiharu
SHIMOZAWA Masayoshi
SHINODA Shiro
SHINOHARA Noriyasu
SHINOMIYA Tetsuro
SHIODA Hideo
SHIRABA Yoichi
SHIRAISHI Hideki
SHIRAISHI Umeo
SHIRAKAWA Toshihiko
SHIRAKI Tatsuo
SHIRATSUGU Kunishige
SHOJI Yoshimitsu
SOMA Fujio
SONODA Moriyuki
SUDA Eiji
SUDO Yoshio
SUGA Shozo

SASAKI Sadao
SASAKI Shuichi
SASAKI Toshio
SASHITA Osachika
SATO Chuichi
SATO Hiroshi
SATO Jukichi
SATO Kanejiro
SATO Kenjiro
SATO Kiyoshi
SATO Masasuke
SATO Mitsuo
SATO Seiji
SATO Shuzaburo
SATO Teikichi
SATO Toshi
SATO Yoshifumi
SAWADA Hidekazu
SAWADA Shinsaku
SAWANO Chuichi
SAINO Mikio
SEKIGUCHI Rokuro
SEKIMOTO Hideichi
SEKIYA Motoya
SENO Yoshikuni
SENSHU Sotokichi
SEO Asataro
SERIZAWA Kotaro
SETTAI Yasumi
SHIBATA Naoichiro
SHIBUSAWA Seiji
SHIBUYA Masatoshi
SHIGEMATSU Atsuo
SHIGENO Chohei
SHIHONO Toshio
SHIMADA Sentaro
SHIMADA Yutaka
SHIMAMURA Fukutaro
SHIMAZU Masaaki
SHIMIZU Ichiro
SHIMIZU Masao
SHIMIZU Yoshio
SHIMURA Jiro
SHINOE Kozo
SHINOHARA Shoji
SHINOO Michio
SHIOSAWA Tomoju
SHIRADO Toshio
SHIRAISHI Takashi
SHIRAKABE Kenta
SHIRAKAWA Tsurukichi
SHIRASAKI Masayoshi
SHIROKAWA Keizo
SODA Ryuzo
SOMEKAWA Ryoju
SONOMOTO Shigeki
SUDA Takio
SUENAGA Hideaki
SUGA Yoshimasa

SASAKI Saichiro
SASAKI Tadashi
SASAMA Kazuo
SATAKE Chiyokichi
SATO Choshiro
SATO Jinzaburo
SATO Jun
SATO Katsuhiko
SATO Kenroku
SATO Koichiro
SATO Matsujiro
SATO Nioto
SATO Shizuo
SATO Tadashi
SATO Tomotsugu
SATO Toshijiro
SATO Yosuke
SAWADA Kenji
SAWAMURA Chojiro
SEIKE Shoji
SEIYAMA Itsuo
SEKIGUCHI Shigeyoshi
SEKINE Takazo
SEKIYA Yutaka
SENOO Susumu
SENTA Saburo
SERA Naotaro
SERIZAWA Kunio
SEZAKI Yoshikuni
SHIBATA Yosaku
SHIBUYA Azuma
SHIEHI Saburo
SHIGEMATSU Masaru
SHIGETA Masakichiro
SHIMADA Isamu
SHIMADA Shinobu
SHIMAFUKURO Morikatsu
SHIMAMURA Takiichi
SHIMAZU Samata
SHIMIZU Masaji
SHIMIZU Shigeru
SHIMOKAWA Shimekichi
SHINODA Masakichi
SHINOHARA Noriyasu
SHINOHE Michio
SHIMPO Hisa
SHIOYA Katsuo
SHIRAI Takashi
SHIRAISHI Takeshi
SHIRAKAMI Akira
SHIRAKI Satoo
SHIRATORI Matsuji
SHOZAWA Masao
SOGA Kiyoharu
SOMEYA Osamu
SUCHI Yoshimi
SUDO Shimpei
SUE Sadanori
SUGA Rakuzo

SUGAHARA Mitso
SUGASAWA Osamu
SUGAWARA Akira
SUGAWARA Junji
SUGI Hideo
SUGIMOTO Shin-ichi
SUGISAKI Kiyosoi
SUGITA Tadao
SUGITA Yasue
SUGIKAWA Kin-ichiro
SUGIYAMA Matsunosuke
SUGIYAMA Tojiro
SUMIDA Isamu
SUMIYOSHI Toshiaki
SUWA Toshikazu
SUZUKI Daizo
SUZUKI Haruo
SUZUKI Ichii
SUZUKI Kitaro
SUZUKI Kyuya
SUZUKI Sengo
SUZUKI Takemitsu
SUZUKI Toru
SUZUKI Yukinosuke
TABATA Torao
TACHIBANA Yoshio
TACHIKI Masaharu
TADA Yoshimatsu
TAGUCHI Miyoji
TAIRA Yuto
TAKADA Akira
TAKAGI Shin-ichi
TAKAHASHI Chimoto
TAKAHASHI Juji
TAKAHASHI Hideo
TAKAHASHI Kamekichi
TAKAHASHI Motokichi
TAKAHASHI Shogo
TAKAHASHI Takashi
TAKAHASHI Tatsuo
TAKAHASHI Tokusaburo
TAKAHASHI Toshio
TAKAHASHI Yoshio
TAKAKURA Kazuo
TAKAMI Yoshitaka
TAKANASHI Mokichi
TAKAOKA Kiyoshi
TAKASAKI Hiroshi
TAKASHIMA Akira
TAKEBE Mototaka
TAKEDA Hachiro
TAKEDA Kitsuo
TAKEDA Tsunetaro
TAKEI Kumoe
TAKEMURA Yasutaro
TAKENOUCHI Takeo
TAKEUCHI Buntaro
TAKEUCHI Hitoshi
TAKEUCHI Kiyoshi

SUGA Hidekichi
SUGATA Seihachiro
SUGAWARA Fushimi
SUGAWARA Tetsuryo
SUGIMOTO Kanji
SUGINO Kikuji
SUGISHITA Takato
SUGITA Takajiro
SUGITA Yukio
SUGIYAMA Eiichi
SUGIYAMA Mitsuyoshi
SUGO Seiichi
SUMIDA Tasaburo
SUNAGA Tokuya
SUZUKI Akira
SUZUKI Eiji
SUZUKI Heihachi
SUZUKI Isamu
SUZUKI Kan-ichi
SUZUKI Moriji
SUZUKI Shigeo
SUZUKI Tamiya
SUZUKI Yoshitomo
SUZUKI Jiro
TACHI Shun-ichi
TACHIBANA Yoshizo
TADA Toshio
TAGASHIRA Takeo
TAHARA Yasuji
TAJIMA Kichiro
TAKADA Masao
TAKAGI Yuriya
TAKAHASHI Dairoku
TAKAHASHI Haruo
TAKAHASHI Hiroshi
TAKAHASHI Kyogo
TAKAHASHI Sadatomo
TAKAHASHI Suekichi
TAKAHASHI Takeshi
TAKAHASHI Tei
TAKAHASHI Tomizo
TAKAHASHI Toshio
TAKAHASHI Yoshio
TAKAMATSU Kojiro
TAKAMINE Hideo
TAKANO Kiyoharu
TAKAOKA Yoshihei
TAKASE Hisaru
TAKASHIMA Yoshimatsu
TAKEHISA Kusuo
TAKEDA Goro
TAKEDA Masayuki
TAKEDA Wakio
TAKEI Norimichi
TAKENAKA Shigeo
TAKENOUCHI Yoshitada
TAKEUCHI Chutaro
TAKEUCHI Isamu
TAKEUCHI Kozo

SUGANO Chugo
SUGATA Seiichiro
SUGAWARA Hiroshi
SUGAWARA Zensaku
SUGIMOTO Kazuji
SUGINO Susumu
SUGITA Michiya
SUGITA Takuro
SUGIURA Masaru
SUGIYAMA Hiroshi
SUGIYAMA Tamakichi
SUKEGAWA Takeo
SUMIYA Saizo
SUNAMORI Sadao
SUZUKI Chikaji
SUZUKI Eisuke
SUZUKI Hitoshi
SUZUKI Kichiji
SUZUKI Kuranosuke
SUZUKI Nobutaka
SUZUKI Shigeo
SUZUKI Tatsuo
SUZUKI Yoshiyuki
TABATA Nobuo
TACHIBANA Fumikatsu
TACHIKAWA Munekiyo
TADA Yanosuke
TAGAWA Hirotsugu
TAIRA Takeo
TAKABE Kyuzo
TAKAGI Eiji
TAKAHASHI Kakusaburo
TAKAHASHI Eiichi
TAKAHASHI Heishiro
TAKAHASHI Juzo
TAKAHASHI Masao
TAKAHASHI Sho
TAKAHASHI Susumu
TAKAHASHI Tatsumi
TAKAHASHI Tatsuo
TAKAHASHI Toshio
TAKAHASHI Yasukatsu
TAKAKI Masaki
TAKAMI Tadao
TAKAMUKO Tanio
TAKANO Toshio
TAKASAGO Kamenosuke
TAKASE Tadashi
TAKAURA Torakichi
TAKEBUCHI Tatsuo
TAKEDA Hisashi
TAKEDA Tetsuo
TAKEDA Yoshio
TAKEMURA Fumio
TAKENOUCHI Kisaburo
TAKESAKI Kyube
TAKEUCHI Gyozo
TAKEUCHI Jinji
TAKEUCHI Shin-ichiro

TAKEUCHI Shogo
TAKEYAMA Hisao
TAKIGAMI Hisashige
TAKISAWA Sanchi
TAKUMA Shinji
TAMAKI Kanejiro
TAMARI Tatsuya
TAMURA Masaaki
TAMURA Tatsuji
TANABE Hisataka
TANABE Minoru
TANABE Susumu
TANAKA Hajime
TANAKA Kazuma
TANASE Matsuichi
TANAKA Takashi
TANAKA Tsunajiro
TANAKA Yukimitsu
TANI Shin-ichi
TANIGUCHI Fudetaro
TANIKAWA Kenkichi
TANISAWA Yoshio
TANNO Yosanada
TASHIRO Toru
TATSUMI Gentatsu
TAZAKI Ayaru
TERADA Kazuhiko
TERAISHI Shigemasa
TERAMOTO Toyojiro
TERASHI Giko
TERAYAMA Kiyokazu
TODA Hatsutaro
TOGASHI Shiro
TOKIO Shuichi
TOMARI Goro
TOMIYAMA Moriju
TORIGOE Hidezo
TOYA Nobuo
TOYOSHIMA Toshizo
TOYOSHIMA Tadashi
TSUBAKI Eiichi
TSUCHIDA Jisuke
TSUDA Keiichi
TSUJI Kanegoro
TSUKAHARA Takesada
TSUKIYAMA Junji
TSUNEKAWA Takashi
TSURUTA Ryohei
TSUTSUMI Takehiko
UCHIDA Hiroshi
UCHIDA Osamu
UCHIYAMA Soichiro
UEDA Atsuo
UEDA Yoshio
UEKI Shinzo
UEMURA Kisaburo
UENO Takaji
UGAI Takashi
UMEDA Ichiro

TAKEUCHI Syunji
TAKEZAWA Kiyoshi
TAKIGAURA Sakuzo
TAKIYAMA Mamoru
TAMADA Azuma
TAMAMA Tomi
TAMURA Heibe
TAMURA Masanobu
TAMURA Yoneichi
TAMARU Wataru
TANABE Saburo
TANAKA Gen
TANAKA Ichiro
TANAKA Kazuo
TANAKA Ryuzo
TANAKA Takeshi
TANAKA Yoshio
TANAKA Yukio
TANI Shun
TANIGUCHI Masayuki
TANIKAWA Minomatsu
TANIWAKI Takuma
TANZAWA Kisaburo
TATEYA Hiroshi
TAUCHI Tsuneo
TAZAWA Hiroshi
TERATA Takashi
TERAKAWA Shigenobu
TERANUMA Masao
TERAYA Shigechika
TERUI Katsutoshi
TODA Tsutomu
TOGO Sadao
TOKIYAMA Yoshisuke
TOMINOKAWA Kisaji
TOMONAGA Minoru
TORII Tadashi
TOYAMA Osao
TOYAMA Yoshikazu
TOYOSHIMA Tamotsu
TSUBURAI Reiji
TSUCHIHASHI Sadanori
TSUDA Takao
TSUJI Yoshio
TSUKAMOTO Kisaku
TSUKUNE Kiyoshi
TSUNODA Taisuke
TSURIYA Yoshimatsu
TSUYUKI Usaburo
UCHIDA Juichiro
UCHIKAWA Kiichi
UCHIYAMA Sueaki
UEDA Kentaro
UEHARA Toshitada
UEMATSU Gizo
UENO Sadao
UESUGI Keisaku
UKEGAWA Iwao
UMEDA Saburo

TAKEUCHI Tadashi
TAKEZAWA Masanori
TAKINO Tatsuo
TAKU Kozaburo
TAMADA Kiyoji
TAMARI Tanehiko
TAMURA Ikaku
TAMURA Shigeru
TAMARU Wataru
TANABE Kenji
TANABE Shuji
TANAKA Gisaku
TANAKA Iwataro
TANAKA Kiyoshi
TANAKA Shigeru
TANAKA Toshinobu
TANAKA Yoshito
TANAKA Wasaburo
TANI Zenzo
TANIKAWA Kaiji
TANIMOTO Yasujiro
TANNO Hajime
TASAKI Jiro
TATEYAMA Kiyoshi
TSURA Shigeto
TAZOE Hisashi
TERAI Katsu
TERAMATSU Bunji
TERASAWA Kisaichi
TERAUCHI Tsunesaku
TOBARI Isao
TOFUKUJI Shoji
TOI Toyohei
TOKUMITSU Goichi
TOMIOKA Kaname
TONAKI Noboru
TORIYA Munechika
TOYAMA Sakae
TOYODA Tokujiro
TOYOHARA Renjiro
TSURUUMI Kazuo
TSUCHIDA Mitsuo
TSUJI Yoshihiko
TSUJIHATA Yoshisumi
TSUKAMOTO Kizo
TSUNEKAWA Kiyosaku
TSURUTA Masanosuke
TSUTSUMI Hikoichi
UCHIBORI Seiji
UCHIDA Koichi
UCHITA Ko
UDAGAWA Fujiyasu
UEDA Sadao
UEKI Narutaka
UEMURA Hiroshi
UENO Shigemasa
UEYAMA Kenzo
UKICHI Tsunetaro
UMEKI Shigeru

UMEMORI Fujio	UMEMOTO Yoshito	UMEMURA Masao
UMEZAWA Susumu	UMEZAWA Tsutomu	UMEZU Kaoru
UMI Kinjiro	UNO Osamu	URABE Hanzaburo
URANO Saburo	URATA Rintaro	URUSHIHARA Hideo
USAMI Sakujiro	USHIJIMA Bunji	USHIO Chuzo
UTSUMI Tokutaro	UYAMA Haruo	UZAWA Rokuji
WADA Gisaburo	WADA Isamu	WADA Minoru
WADA Sadao	WADA Shokichi	WADA Takashi
WAKABAYASHI Masaru	WAKABAYASHI Tetsuzo	WAKAEYA Toshisuke
WAKAMATSU Takichi	WAKAMIYA Masayasu	WAKANA Shu
WAKI Inashiro	WAKISAKA Nagatomo	WANI Toyokichi
WARASHINA Yoshimi	WASAKI Eiichi	WASHIO Kusuo
WASHISU Teiji	WASHIZAWA Akira	WASHIZAWA Yoshiro
SATANABE Eisaku	WATANABE Hajime	WATANABE Ichiro
WATANABE Katsumi	WATANABE Kazuo	WATANABE Keizo
WATANABE Kinji	WATANABE Kishiro	WATANABE Konosuke
WATANABE Motoji	WATANABE Nobunami	WATANABE Ryuzo
WATANABE Satoru	WATANABE Satoru	WATANABE Shusaku
WATANABE Sueji	WATANABE Sukekuni	YABE Tagayasu
YABUKI Kiyoshi	YADA Takeo	YAGI Hideo
YAGI Toshimasa	YAGIHASHI Kozo	YAGIHASHI Shigesaku
YAGINUMA Ichiji	YAGIU Yasuzo	YAGUCHI Kentaro
YAKAMI Kiichi	YAMADA Akiyoshi	YAMADA Eimatsu
YAMADA Etsuji	YAMADA Fumio	YAMADA Gihei
YAMADA Hisashi	YAMADA Hisashi	YAMADA Kaname
YAMADA Mataichi	YAMADA Rikuo	YAMADA Shiro
YAMADA Shoji	YAMADA Shoji	YAMADA Sueo
YAMADERA Ryoichi	YAMAGAMI Keiji	YAMAGAMI Keiji
YAMAGATA Rinkichi	YAMAGATA Shuntaro	YAMAGATA Takeshi
YAMAGATA Taketo	YAMAGATA Yoshito	YAMAGUCHI Hiroshi
YAMAGUCHI Hisato	YAMAGUCHI Itsusaburo	YAMAGUCHI Kiyoshi
YAMAGUCHI Masahiro	YAMAGUCHI Moriyasu	YAMAGUCHI Shunji
YAMAGUCHI Tadashi	YAMAGUCHI Tadayoshi	YAMAGUCHI Tomikichi
YAMAGUCHI Yasutoshi	YAMAKAWA Fukashi	YAMAKAWA Hiroshi
YAMAKI Masaru	YAMAMORI Nobuo	YAMAMOTO Ichiro
YAMAMOTO Iwao	YAMAMOTO Jutaro	YAMAMOTO Kazuo
YAMAMOTO Kiku	YAMAMOTO Kinsaburo	YAMAMOTO Kiyoshi
YAMAMOTO Masami	YAMAMOTO Sadaeda	YAMAMOTO Tatsuya
YAMAMOTO Toshio	YAMAMOTO Tsuneo	YAMAMOTO Yoshimatsu
YAMAMOTO Yoshio	YAMAMOTO Yukio	YAMAMURA Heishichi
YAMANAKA Shin	YAMANAKA Toshio	YAMANAKA Yoshinobu
YAMANO Shigeru	YAMANO Shigeru	YAMANE Kumaji
YAMANE Takero	YAMANOUCHI Mitsuo	YAMASAKI Masahiro
YAMASAKI Tsukasa	YAMASHITA Hidenosuke	YAMASHITA Hikosaburo
YAMASHITA Mitsuji	YAMASHITA Rokusaburo	YAMASHITA Shunsuke
YAMASHITA Yoshimi	YAMATANI Kameo	YAMAUCHI Kenzo
YAMAUCHI Kosaku	YAMAUCHI Seiji	YAMAURA Takuzo
YAMAURA Uneme	YAMAYOSHI Shigeo	YAMAZAKI Chosaku
YAMAZAKI Hideo	YAMAZAKI Heijiro	YAMAZAKI Noboru
YAMAZOE Kusuke	YANAGI Sutekichi	YANAGIDA Tsurutaro
YANAGIDA Yutaka	YANAGIMOTO Takamasa	YANAGISAWA Tadao
YANAGISHITA Shichitaro	YANAGIYA Kitaro	YANAGO Hideichiro
YAMASE Kiyoji	YANO Iwao	YANO Zenji
YASU Yoshio	YASUDA Kaoru	YASUI Tatsuzo
YASUKAWA Kazushige	YASUKAWA Setsuo	YASUNAGA Genshi
YASUNAGA Yoshio	YATA Tomohisa	YOKOI Tomeshichi
YOKOHORI Shoichi	YOKOMIZO Takejiro	YOKODA Zenjiro
YOKOE Matasaburo	YOKOTA Eiichi	YOKOTA Keizo
YOKOTA Minoru	YOKOTA Mitsuhiko	YOKOTA Sen

YOKOTA Ukichi	YOKOYAMA Tsuneji	YONETSU Kentaro
YONEYA Kiyomi	YONEYAMA Torao	YORIFUJI Jitsuro
YOSHI Goro	YOSHIDA Daiya	YOSHIDA Heiji
YOSHIDA Heimatsu	YOSHIDA Hideo	YOSHIDA Hiroshi
YOSHIDA Iwamatsu	YOSHIDA Iwao	YOSHIDA Katsuji
YOSHIDA Kiichi	YOSHIDA Kiyokichi	YOSHIDA Kingo
YOSHIDA Kohei	YOSHIDA Masao	YOSHIDA Masatake
YOSHIDA Masayuki	YOSHIDA Morimasa	YOSHIDA Sadao
YOSHIDA Seizo	YOSHIDA Tadashi	YOSHIDA Tomekichi
YOSHIDA Toshiro	YOSHIDA Yoshibumi	YOSHIDA Yuya
YOSHIDOME Naokata	YOSHIHARA Masao	YOSHIHARA Masao
YOSHIHARA Minoru	YOSHIHARA Takashi	YOSHII Saburo
YOSHII Shiro	YOSHII Yasusada	YOSHIKAWA Etsuharu
YOSHIKAWA Masato	YOSHIKAWA Munemitsu	YOSHIMI Hiroshi
YOSHIMINE Tomoe	YOSHIMURA Junshi	YOSHIMURA Saburo
YOSHIMUA Sadaaki	YOSHINARI Iwao	YOSHINARI Kingo
YOSHINO Susumu	YOSHIOKA Shigeyuki	YORIHIRO Kunio
YOSHIOKA Kenzo	YOSHITANE Yutaka	YOSHIZAWA Kametaro
YOSHIZAWA Teiji	YOSOMIYA Takajiro	YUASA Hisashi
YUASA Kenjuro	YUASA Mitsutomo	YUHARA Takeo
YUKI Kino	YUKUMATSU Mitsuo	YUMOTO Yoshio
ZFNNYOJI Iwao		

Persons relative to the Communications Ministry

AMEMIYA Shin-ichiro	GOTO Asahi	ITO Kanshi
NAGAYA Kazuo	NISHINA Hiroshi	YAMAMOTO Akira
YOSHIDA Hitoshi		

Candidates for Membership of the House of Councillors in By-Election (Nagasaki Pref.)

EGUCHI Senzaburo	HARA Man-ichiro	KONO Akisumi
MASUDA Mokichi	NAKAMURA Tatsu	TAKANO Kikunosuke
YAMARYO Sadao		

Persons scheduled for Membership of the Central Public Office Qualification Examination Committee (Muroran City)

ICHIKI Naka	SOTOKAWA Tahito

Persons relative to Paragraph 6, Appendix 2 Principal Personnal of Japan Synthetic Oil Co., Ltd.

KAWAGUCHI Masana	OKAMOTO Tamesuke

Persons relative to Paragraph 8, Appendix 2 Principal Personnel of Japan Coal Mining Association

AZUMA Tomoichi

Persons relative to Paragraph 9, Appendix 2 Principal Personnel of the Shochiku Co., Ltd.

OTANI Takejiro	SHIRAI Matsujiro

Persons relative to Paragraph 11, Appendix 2 Principal Personnel of Japan Reconstruction Industry Co., Ltd.

HIRAGI Ken-ichiro

Persons relative to the Provisions of Paragraph 2, Article 4 of Imperial Ordinance No .1 of 1947.

Director of Chubu Direct Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)

HANAOKA Toshio	HIRAI Shozaburo	KOYAMA Ryuichi
NAKAGAWA Ginzaburo	OTSUBO Shichiro	SAKURAGI Ryozo
SUZUKI Haru	TAKEI Yoshitaro	WATANABE Motoe

Director of Chugoku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)

HIDETANI Tojuro	ODA Shiro

Directors of the same (Resigned)

HAMANISHI Denji	HAYASHI Jiro	NOBUTA Shinichi

Directors of Kansai District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)

HASHIMOTO Sumizo	HAYASHI Kentaro	KITA Ichimatsu
TAKAGISHI Soji	UEDA Ichirobe	UENO Taizo
OMEDA Yuzo		

Directors of Kanto District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)

ANAMIZU Kasaburo	IWASE Eiichiro	OISHI Shukei
SATO Intoku	SOGI Koji	

Directors of Kawanami Industry Co., Ltd. (Resigned)

IKEUE Hiroshi	IWATSUKA Kenji	KAWAHARA Kinasaku
KAWANAMI Hidezo	KAWANAMI Tahachiro	OTSU Tomo
SUENAGA Harue	TORII Akiyoshi	URABE Nobuo

Standing Director of Keihanshin Express Tramway Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
SHINKAI Tetsunosuke

Directors of Kyushu District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)

AOKI Masayuki	IKEDA Tsuneji	IROKAWA Tateki
SAKURAI Tokuzo	TANABE Kumazo	

Directors of Tohoku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)

HATA Tokio	MIYAMURA Giichi	NAKAOKA Magoichiro
SAITO Iichiro	SAITO Kiyoo	TAJIMA Yuji
YAMAGATA Keiichi		

Manager of Manila Branch of Yokohama Specie Bank (Resigned)
HORIE Eisuke

Director of North China Telegraph and Telephone Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
MURAKAMI Genki

Director of North China Traffic Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
NISHIKAWA Soichi

Director of Tatung Branch of Bank of Mongolia
NARUTOMI Giichi

Chief of Kochi Newspaper Office (Resigned)
TAMURA Subenori

Chief of Compilation Bureau of the Shoyo Shimpo Office (Resined)
TAKAHASHI Haruo

Names of Persons whose objection to their Provisional Designation being admitted.

Surgeon-lieutenant (Resigned)
HAYAO Torao

Member of Central Committee of Kyowakai, Manchukuo (Resigned)
OKAMOTO Tadao

Chief of Anjo Sub-branch, Aichi Branch of Dai-Nippon Butokukai (Resigned)
SUGIURA Giroku

Standing Director of Toyo Spinning Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
WASHINO Jinnosuke

Director of Korean Trust Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
HAYASHI Shigeki

Persons Scheduled for Appointment or Promotion

Special Investigator of Standing Committee, House of Councillors

FUJITA Yusaku	TAKEI Atsushi	TAKEUCHI Toshio

Assistant Secretary of House of Representatives
YAOITA Yozaburo

Special Investigator of Standing Committee of the same
UNO Enku

Judges of Summary Court

ABE Takeshi	AIKAWA Yonetaro	ENOMOTO Toichi
FUJISAWA Kenyu	HARADA Taikichi	HASEGAWA Torijiro
HATTORI Kazusane	HISHINUMA Ryozo	IGUCHI Hitoshi
IINO Yoshiharu	IJUIN Kanetaka	IKEDA Yoshikatsu
INIWA Hidemaru	IWAKIRI Takehiro	KAGEYAMA Ryojiro
KANE Toru	KATO Hidesumi	KAWANO Saburo
KAWARA Hitoshi	KAWASHIMA Kihei	KIKUCHI Makoto
KIMURA Shizuka	KINBUCHI Hikokichi	KOHASHIKAWA Shokei
KUBOKAWA Keikichi	KUBOTA Koshi	KUMAGAI Sei
KURAKAKE Takekuma	NAKAJIMA Iwao	NAKAMURA Kenichiro
NAKAZUMI Yoshinori	OIKE Kazunori	OKIUCHI Noboru
SEKINE Kihei	SEO Keiji	SHIMIZU Kokichi
SUZUKI Tomoyata	SUZUKI Tsune	TAJIMA Takeshi
TOBATA Toyokichi	TOKUDA Hideo	TOTSUGI Iwao
TOUCHI Gengo	UEJORI Nagaharu	UENO Daimon
YAMADA Teiji	YANO Kinbei	YATSUMAKI Yasunaga

YOKOYAMA Ryohei	YONEYAMA Giin	YOSHIMARU Chukichi

Private Secretary to Minister of State
TERADA Masao

Secretary of the Cabinet
SAKAMOTO Kunio

Setretaries of the Prime Minister's Office

KURAMOCHI Hiroshi	MIYAMOTO Suematsu	NAGANO Tamotsu
SUZUKI Sadao	TAKANO Makoto	TSUCHIYA Sadao

Technical Officials of the Prime Minister's Office

IZEKI Shunzaburo	KATO Yutaro	KOZU Hideo

Officials of the Economic Stabilization Board

ANDO Masuo	FUJIMOTO Toku	KAWAGUCHI Takashi
SANADA Seiichi		

Member of the Central Disaster Relief Measures Conference, the Prime Minister's Office
KITANI Kyuichi

Local Secretaries

ARAGA Kokichi	IIDA Itsujiro	KAWABATA Seisuke
KITAKAWA Keisaku	KOBAYASHI Kiroku	MANABE Yoshio
MOGAI Keishi	NAKAYAMA Yaichi	SAKATA Hirokichi
SHUDO Taka	YAMAWAKE Ichiro	

Secretaries of the Finance Ministry

AOE Kazue	ASAI Shojiro	EGUCHI Matsuyoshi
FUKAYA Katsuya	HINOHARA Isao	HIROSE Yoshiro
HIROTO Tsuneyoshi	IKEDA Shigeo	ISHIBASHI Hisao
ISHIMOTO Zenji	KATO Isamu	KAWAMATSU Juichi
KOBAYASHI Tamajiro	KOYAMA Takeshi	KUNIEDA Kanichi
MATSUOKA Genji	MIAKE Masayuki	MITANI Shosaku
MIYOSHI Terumi	MOJI Masaru	NAGAYAMA Motokichi
NAKAJIMA Hisasuke	NAKAMURA Toshikatsu	NAKANISHI Harutada
NAKATA Yukimichi	NAKATANI Tomaru	OFUJI Yasuo
OHASHI Ryuichi	OKUBO Fumio	SHIROMIZU Hakuai
SONE Masao	SUEMITSU Kinya	SUGIYAMA Toyojiro
TAKADA Seiichi	TAKAHASHI Toshio	TAMURA Shozo
TAMURA Takashige	TOKURA Tasaku	UEKI Tatsuichi
UEKUBO Yoshiki	WASHIMI Teizo	YAMAGUCHI Shigeichi
YAMAMOTO Bunnosuke		

Technical Officials of the Finance Ministry

ARAI Shigeru	NAKAKUBO Yoshikuni	NAKAMURA Yuzuru

Member of the Financial System Investigation Committee
KANEKO Saichiro

Public Procurators

SATO Masayuki	TARUI Yoshio	YOKOI Tadashi
YOKOMAKU Taneyuki		

Vice-Publice Procurators

ASAMI Tetsusaku	KAJI Munesaburo	KANDA Toshikichi
KAWASAKI Munetake	KOYAMA Takayasu	MINOWA Matsujiro

Judge of Juvenile Court
TAKASHIMA Shigeru

Member of the Administrative Inspection Committee of the Justice Ministry
FUKUDA Goro

Members of the Local Administrative Inspection Committee of the same

FUKUSHIMA Yoshimaru	HIRATA Akira	KASHIMAGI Junichi
KAWAI Michi	KUBOTA Eiichi	ONISHI Yoshinaka
SUZUKI Saizo	TADARA Masatoshi	USUI Kametaro

Educational Officials of the Education Ministry

AOKI Yoshi	GOTO Shunzui	KITAMURA Seiichi
MABUCHI Hideo	OZAKI Yoshimasa	

Emeritus Professor of the Tokyo University
TAKEUCHI Matsujiro

Members of the Text-books Committee

ANDO Goro	AOYAGI Takekado	HAMAI Kenichi
HOSOKAWA Hidematsu	HOTA Shiro	IMAYAMA Seizaburo
ISHII Kazuasa	IWAYA Ryo	IZEKI Yoshihiko
IZUDA Setsuo	KOJIMA Mitsugu	MANO Tsuneo
MATSUSHITA Shoichi	MITANI Kiichi	MIURA Yoshio
NAKANO Koshiro	OKABE Sada	OKUMA Tateji
OTANI Shoji	OUCHI Kakunosuke	SAEKI Hideo
SAKUMA Shoichi	SUDA Shohei	TANAKA Yoshio
TSUKAMOTO Kiyoshi	TSUNEFUKA Go	UCHIDA Shosuke
UTSUNOMIYA Yoshi	WATANABE Toshikatsu	YASUDA Sadahide

Technical Official of the Welfare Ministry

YANAGI Kintaro

Members of the Nippon Medical Service Association Liquidation Administrative Committee

SHIMIZU Gen YAMAJI Makoto

Managers of the same

KAWAMURA Seiitsu OTE Sanjiro

Secretaries of the Agricultue and Forestry Ministry

ARAI Takashi	ASAKAWA Fumiya	ASANO Tokuichi
DOI Naoya	ENDO Akira	FUJIMORI Kikuo
GOTO Hiroichiro	HAYASHI Shiro	HOMMA Yaeo
IKEMURA Kyuichi	ISHII Kenji	ITO Motomi
KATO Hiroyuki	KAWAGUCHI Yo	KAWANO Mitsuhide
KIHARA Hitoshi	KIKUMOTO Kiyoshi	KISHI Ryukichi
KOBAYASHI Masayoshi	KOBAYASHI Shigeru	KOIZUMI Yoshitami
KUROSAWA Shoji	MATSUOKA Akihide	
MIZUNO Gonsaku	MOTOZAWA Hisao	NAKAMURA Monsaku
NISHIDA Takao	NISHIHARA Shunji	NISHIKAWA Jinsei
NISHITOBA Takeshi	NOMURA Gen-ichi	ODAJIMA Shiro
OE Takashi	OGATA Sakae	OGURI Katao
OIKAWA Susumu	OTA Ritsushi	SHIMADA Tamotsu
SHIMIZU Satoru	SHIROTA Matsuo	SUGIYAMA Seiichi
TADA Akio	TAKAE Tomijiro	TAKASHINA Seiichi
TAKAYAMA Iwao	TOYAMA Seiji	UCHIKOSHI Kentaro
UENO Tomio	WATANABE Choji	WATANABE Isamu
WATANABE Naobumi	WATANABE Yatoro	YAMAA Katsunori
YAMADA Norio	YAMAGUCHI Hiroshi	YASHITA Sadao
YOSHIKAWA Zenji		

Technical Officials of the Agriculture and Forestry Ministry

AKASAKA Kiyoto	ANDO Hitoshi	AOKI Hideaki
ASADA Akiichi	ASADA Ken-ichi	ASAMI Etsusaburo
DOI Toshikazu	EGUCHI Katsuo	EKI Kimio
ETO Akutoshi	FUJINO Yoshietsu	FUJIOKA Kiyoshi
FUKUI Bunkichi		
HAMADA Isao	HARAGUCHI Tateki	HASEGAWA Iwao
HASHIGUCHI Osami	HIGUCHI Makoto	HIGUCHI Tatsuo
HIRASE Toshio	HIRATA Yoji	HISHINUMA Tatsuya
HOKI Naoyuki	HONDA Totaro	HOSHINA Susumu
IDO Yoshitsugu	IIZUKA Hajime	IKUSA Takuro
INO Juro	INOUE Shigeaki	INOUE Zenzaburo
ISHII Takeo	ISHINO Takeji	ITO Goro
ITO Yoshio	IZAWA Chimao	IZUMI Seiichi
KAMI Masaya	KATAYAMA Kotaro	KAWAGUCHI Taketoyo
KAWAI Jun	KAWAI Masamori	KIMURA Shinsaku
KITAHARA Yukio	KITAMURA Takesaburo	KIYONO Ryosaku
KOBAYASHI Genkichi	KOMATSU Shiro	KONO Kanji
KOTANI Yukio	KUDO Yasushi	KURIHARA Yoshijiro
KUSUHARA Masajiro	KUTANI Fukujiro	KUWAHARA Hiroshi
MAENO Tokichi	MAKI Choji	MASUI Yoshio

MATSUDA Ryusei	MATSUDAIRA Takashi	MATSUI Shoji
MATSUOKA Ryuichi	MATSUMOTO Fukuma	MATSUMOTO Toru
MATSUO Hiroki	MITSUTOMI Miyoji	MIYAGI Tadao
MIZUSHIMA Shin-ichi	MOMIYAMA Hisashi	MORI Jiro
MORIMOTO Yukio	MUNEKATA Shoichi	NAKABAYASHI Kanji
NAKAMURA Inosuke	NAKAMURA Kenjiro	NAOTA Atsushi
NAZUKA Takeo	NIINA Masanori	NISHIMURA Katsuki
NIWA Einojo	NIWA Tazaemon	ODA Hiroshi
OFUJI Hisano	OGATA Kakuzo	ONOYAMA Yoshitaka
OTA Goro	OTA Isao	OTA Masaharu
OTSUKI Tomoharu	SAITO Hiroyasu	SAITO Iwao
SAKAMOTO Shiro	SAKATA Kyuji	SATO Matsuo
SATO Nagao	SATO Ryohachi	SAWADA Kozai
SEKITSUKA Seizo	SHIBUKAWA Toshio	SHIMA Kiyonobu
SHINDO Masao	SHIOZAWA Ichiro	SHIRAIWA Kakusaburo
SHISHIKURA Hiroshi	SOGA Chuzo	SUGIMOTO Mitsugi
SUGIURA Isao	SUZUKI Seiichi	SUZUKI Shintei
SUZUKI Takeo	TAKAGI Kakuro	TAKAHASHI Ryobei
TAKAHASHI Tomokichi	TAKAHASHI Yuzo	TAKAMICHI Tatsuo
TAKESHITA Takeo	TAKETA Katsutaro	TAKIMOTO Tomeichi
TANAKA Hideo	TANAKA Shinji	TANAKA Tameo
TANAKA Tatsuo	TANOSAKI Kunio	TAZAKI Takeshi
TERASAKI Koichi	TOMINAGA Tokito	TSUBOI Yasuji
TSUJIMOTO Kazukiyo	TSUNODA Jiro	TSUNODA Kin-ichi
TSUSHIMA Toshiharu	UCHII Seiichiro	UEKI Rokuro
UMESAWA Kei	UEMURA Jo	URAKAWA Mitsuru
USUDA Isuo	WATANABE Junjo	YANAGISAWA Kokichi
YAMAGUCHI Yoshimaru	YAMAGUCHI Zenzo	YAMANAK Ichiro
YAMANE Ichiro	YAMAOKA Taku	YAMASAKI Shuya
YASUTAKE Mitsugi	YOSHINARI Fumio	YUKIYAMA Akira

Educational Official of Agriculture and Forestry Ministry

YODA Keiji

Manager of the Agriculture and Forestry Financial Improvement Special Accommodation Loss Examination Committee

HIRANAKA Gosaburo

Secretary of Commerce and Industry Ministry

KOBAYASHI Motaro

Members of the Administrative Inspection Committee of the Commerce and Industry Ministry

FUJITA Masao SEDA Ineo YONESAWA Kikuji

Member of Administrative Inspection Committee of Tokyo Commerce and Industry Bureau

OHASHI Yoshio

Member of Admidistrative Inspection Committee of Osaka Commerce and Industry Bureau

YUASA Yuichi

Member of Administrative Inspection Committee of Sendai Commerce and Industry Bureau

KUMAGAYA Taijiro

Members of Administrative Inspection Committee of Shikoku Commerce and Industry Bureau

ABE Kazuo INOUE Fumio ITO Hisazumi

Members of Invention Encouragement Committee

NAKA Tsuneo	NISHIJIMA Naomi	OKUDA Seiichi
SASAKI Rinjiro	SHIMIZU Masao	SUDO Shigeo
TAKEI Toshiro	YUGAWA Masao	

Technical Official of Transportation Ministry

MATSUSHIMA Masayoshi

Members of Local Administrative Inspection Committee of Transportation Ministry

HATANO Yoshihiro IWASAKI Seiichi MATSUNAWA Shinta

SHINOYA Tsukumo

Technical Officials of Communications Ministry

ENDO Kokichi MATSUMOTO Masao NIIBORI Masayoshi

WATABE Takesaburo

Secretaries of Local Ministry

HIRAIWA Kaname　　OTSUKI Terue

Labor Standard Inspectors

ABE Minoru	AIDA Eiichi	AKAMINE Kin-ichi
AKIMOTO Moriji	AKUZAWA Tatsuo	AMAIKE Takehiko
AOKI Kenjiro	ARAI Aiichi	ASAKURA Koji
ASHINA Shoji	BABA Moritsugu	DOROGAWA Kiyotaka
EHANA Tsuneyo	FUJIE Takeo	FUJII Shinji
FUJINO Jyu	FUJIWARA Kazuo	FUJIWAR Tomizaburo
FURUKAWA Shoichi	FUKUMA Seinosuke	FUKUOKA Fumiyoshi
FURUWATARI Hikoji	HAMAMOTO Kenji	HAMURA Hidetoshi
HANANO Nobuo	HANAOKA Tsutomu	HARADA Heizaburo
HARANO Jyun	HASEGAWA Goro	HASEGAWA Kyuya
HASEGAWA Sumi	HASHIMOTO Usaburo	HATTA Kazuo
HAYASHIHARA Mitsuo	HAYASHIYA Kokichi	HIGAWA Hiroshi
HIGO Shizuharu	HIKIJIMA Kikuo	HIROSE Ryuichi
HIROSE Toshimasa	HONDA Seiya	HOTTA Kiyoshi
HYODO Kamenosuke	IBE Gorosaku	IDE Shun-ichi
IDE Tsunakichi	IIDA Ryuichi	IGARASHI Kenji
IGARASHI Tadasu	IKE Sanzo	IKI Giichi
IMADA Jiro	INOUE Eikichi	INOUE Tatsuo
ISHIHARA Keizo	ISHITOYA Shin	ISHIYAMA Sadamitsu
ISODA Tatsuo	ITO Haruichi	ITO Masujiro
ITO Shozo	ITO Shukuji	ITO Takashi
ITO Tokio	IWASA Masao	KAIJIRI Yoshio
KARAGI Iwao	KASAHARA Norio	KATAGIRI Torakichi
KATAYAMA Seiichiro	KATO Saburo	KAWAMATSU Kenzo
KAZUHISA Yoshizo	KIMOTO Iwao	KINOSHITA Kosuke
KITAMURA Sadaichi	KOBAYASHI Kenkichi	KOIZUMI Eijiro
KOMATSU Toshikazu	KONO Harukazu	KONO Isamu
KONO Shigeo	KONO Toshiharu	KUMAZAKI Jyunzo
KURITA Shinjiro	KUSAKA Koshin	KUSUHARA Nobutaro
KUWAJIMA Yasuo	MAEDA Sueo	MAKIJIMA Jiro
MARUYAMA Kaoru	MATSUMOTO Akira	MATSUMOTO Kiyoshi
MATUMOTO Shun-ichi	MATSUMOTO Eiichi	MATSUMURA Ichitaro
MATSUURA Takehiko	MIYAUCHI Misao	MORI Tsuneo
MORI Yukitaka	MORITA Hiroshi	MOTOCHI Masami
NAGATA Kiyoshi	NAGATSUKA Kinsaku	NAGAYAMA Shigetoshi
NAITO Naohiko	NAKAHARA Denei	NAKAMURA Kazuo
NAKAO Kazuma	NAKASHIMA Shoichi	NAKAYAMA Yoshito
NARUSE Hatsuo	NEGISHI Takeo	NIFUKU Atsushi
NISHI Tatsuo	NISHIHARA Kiyoshi	NOMURA Hideo
NOZAKI Hikokuro	OGASAWARA Mitsuo	OISHI Iwao
OKA Hajime	OKADA Kazuto	OKADA Ko
OKADA Shigeo	OKAMURA Nobuyoshi	OKANO Kabeo
OKUBO Toshio	ONO Ikuro	ONO Seiroku
ONUKI Tokuzaburo	OTA Tamehiro	OTSUKA Isamu
OZAWA Ringo	SAKA Yasuhiko	SAKAI Masataka
SAKAMOTO Kozaburo	SAKAUCHI Shogo	SAKURAI Iwato
SAITO Mitsuyoshi	SANO Kichizo	SASAKI Minoru
SASAKI Shunosuke	SATO Hamao	SATO Katsushige
SATO Kichiuemon	SATO Koshichi	SATO Kozaburo
SATO Toshiro	SAWAMURA Tokujiro	SEGUCHI Kimitaro
SEKI Shinshiro	SEKI Yoshimoto	SEKIGUCHI Yoshiro
SHIGETOMI Hideo	SHIMAKURA Seiichi	SHIMIZU Ichiji
SHIMIZU Toshio	SHIMOMURA Kingo	SOTOGA Yubu
SUGA Riichi	SUGINO Seitaro	SUGITA Minaji
SUMIYA Jisei	SUZUKI Hideo	SUZUKI Jinichi
SUZUKI Shigero	SUZUKI Takeshi	TAKAHASHI Masao

TAKAI Mitsuji	TAKANASHI Masatada	TAKEUCHI Hisao
TAKEUCHI Keishin	TAKEYA Saburo	TANAKA Chiji
TANAKA Masagoro	TANAKA Shiguro	TANAKA Shuei
TANAKA Takejuro	TANAKA Yasunori	TANIMOTO Keizo
TANIYAMA Muneyuki	TATENO Seisa	TATEYAMA Iwao
TATEYAMA Toshinari	TAZAKI Kizaburo	TARAO Kihachiro
TODA Masayoshi	TOISHI Fumimaru	TOMINAGA Koichiro
TOTOKI Toshio	TSUDA Kiichiro	TSUGANEYAWA Eisaku
TSUGANO Yasutoshi	TSURUZAKI Kahachi	UCHIDA Benko
UCHIYAMA Makoto	UCHIYAMA Masatoshi	UEDA Sueyoshi
UEKI Morishichiro	UENO Matao	UENO Soichi
URAYAMA Komei	WATANABE Seiichi	WATANABE Yutaro
YABUKI Gunji	YABUSHITA Masuji	YAGOSHI Yukiho
YAMADA Ichiro	YAMADA Masashi	YAMADA Shigeo
YAMADA Takeshi	YAMADA Yachio	YAMADA Yoshito
YAMAGUCHI Hisashi	YAMAGUCHI Minoru	YAMAJI Kiyoshi
YAMAMOTO Tomio	YAMANAKA Ikuzo	YAMAZAKI Tomokichi
YASUDA Mitsuru	YASUHARA Hidemichi	YASUKAWA Kazutoshi
YASUMURO Shinpei	YOKOMICHI Yoshitomo	YOKOYAMA Hideo
YOSHIDA Tadafusa	YOSHITAKE Fumiaki	

Members of Laborers' Disaster Indemnity Insurance Committee

ARAI Goro　　EWATARI Saburo　　FUJITA Totaro

KUME Sadao　　SUENAGA Tamizo

Principal Office Holder of the Bank of Japan

TSURUHARA Koji

Directors of Japan Exploitation Association

HAYASHI Hisakazu　　HONDA Masaharu　　ITO Koichi

KATO Kuranosuke　　KATSURA Tetsuo　　KUNIEDA Masuji

MINAKAMI Yoshio　　NISHIKAWA Shinkichi　　OKUBO Takeshi

SASAKI Hideo

Auditors of Japan Exploitation Association

IWATA Masaharu　　KIMURA Tadao

Director and Chief of Compilation Bureau of Hokkai Nichinichi Newspaper Office

YOKOYAMA Hideshi

Chief of General Affairs Bureau of the same

SATO Kyuya

Vice-Chairman of the Committee of the Ishinkai

MURAKAMI Toshiro

Chief of the Compilation Division of the same

KAWAMATA Hitoshi

Managing Director and Chief of the Business Division of the Kanagawa Newspaper Office

TANAKA Ichiro

Director of the Nipponkai (Japan Sea) Newspaper Office

WASHIMI Yoshio

Auditor of the same

KIMURA Tomomi

Chief Editor of the Sakai-Nippo Newspaper Office

SASAO Katsumi

Auditor of the Shimozuke Newspaper Office

SAKAI Hiroshi

Directors of the same

SUZUKI Minoru　　TAKEUCHI Masami

Audifor of Furukawa Electric Ind. Co., Ltd.

YOSHIKAWA Tadao

Directors of Nippei Industry Co., Ltd.

MORIYA Shonosuke　　NICHI Jiro　　NOMI Gunji

SAITO Shun-ichi　　SATO Jitsugoro　　YAMAMOTO Akira

Chief of General Affairs Dept. of Shikoku Machine Ind. Co., Ltd.

MITSUTANI Iwao

Directors of Sumitomo Electric Ind. Co., Ltd.
HIRANO Yoshio MIYAKE Shozaburo OBA Tada
TAKASU Norio YUKI Takeshi
Directors of Tohoku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.
AOSHIMA Sadahisa FUJIO Kannosuke KAWAJI Hideo
NIWA Katsujiro OGOSHI Morihito OZAKI Hanzo
TATEUCHI Saburo
Directors of Meiwa Development Co., Ltd.
HAMADA Sakae HOZUMI Sozo
Chief of General Affairs Dept. of Tokai Bank
MATSUNAGA Reijiro
Director of Tokyo Securities Co., Ltd.
TAMATSUKA Eijiro
Auditor of the same
SHIMIZU Hiroshi
Number of persons decided to fall under the Memorendum : 574 persons
Public Offices screened and Names or officials subjected to screening
Commissioner of Repatriations Assistance Board
ODAGIRI Sasuke
Secretaries of Demobilization Board (Resigned)
HASHIMOTO Kenji ODAJIMA Kaoru SAYAMA Keiro
SEKI Yoshihiro YAMADA Junichi YANO Katsumi
Commissioners of P.O.W. Information Bureau (Resigned)
HAMANO Masami MIYAZAKI Tetsuzo OZAKI Shuzei
TANAKA Toshinori TSURANA Hitomi
Chief of Liaison Section and Concurrent Chief of Special Construction Section, Domestic Affairs Dept. of Shiga Prefecture
SUGAWARA Yoshitaro
Chief of Higashi-Nogami Police Station of Wakayama Prefecture
SAKAGUCHI Chojun
Chief of Criminal Matters Section, Aomori Prefecture
MATSUBARA Seijiro
Chief of Mombetsu Police Station Hokkado (Resigned)
HANZAWA Susumu
Chairman of the Board of Directors of Hakodate Newspaper Office
ENDO Seiichi
Candidate for Governor (Shimane Prefecture)
KUMANO Hide
Ordinary Director of Chugoku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.
ARAMOCHI Kaoru
President and Director of Hokuriku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.
KANAI Kyubei
President and Director of Kyushu District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.
OKUMURA Shigetoshi
Names of the persons falling under the Memoradum in accordance with the Provisions of Art. 4, Par. 2 of Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 and the reasons thereof.
Chief of 2nd Compilation Section of Bureau of Books, Education Ministry (Resigned)
SHIONO Naomichi
Chief of General Affairs Dept. and Director of Chubu District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
MATSUMOTO Yonosuke
Chiefs of General Affairs Dept. and Directors of Kanto District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
KAWAUCHI Tsuchizo SAITO Kojiro
Director of Kawanami Industry Co., Ltd. & Commissioned Officer in the Regular Navy (Resigned)
SHIMAMOTO Mantaro
Director of Nissan Chemistry Indurstry Co., Ltd. & Commissioned Officer in the Regular Navy (Resigned)
MATSUOKA Yoshimi
Standing Auditor of Tohoko District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
KUNITOMO Suezo
Chief of General Affairs Dept. and Director of the same (Resigned)

TAMURA Junzo
Chief of Shinkyo, Minami-hiroba Branch of Manchurian Industrial Bank
SATO Kan-ichi
Chief of Kwantung Branch of Taiwan Colonial Co., Ltd. (Resigned)
YOSHINO Kinzo
Chairman of Shimane Cooperative Conference and Chief of Shimane Branch Office, I.R.A.A. (Resigned)
ITOHARA Taketaro
Commissioned Officer in the Regular Army (Resigned)
SAKONIN Motoi
Commissioned Officer in the Regular Navy (Resigned)
HIIRO Kinji
Names of the persons falling under the Memorandum in accordance with the Expiration of the term for raising objection to provisional designation, and the reasons thereof.
Commissioned Officers in the Regular Army (Resigned)
MOMOYAMA Ken-ichi RI Kon
Vice-Director-General of Board of Imformation and Acting Chief of 1st Dept. and of 2nd Dept. of the same (Resigned)
OKUMURA Kiwao
Chief of 1st Dept. of Board of Information (Resigned)
UEDA Masao
Chief of 5th Dept. of the same (Resigned)
KAWAMO Kyuzo
Director of Police Bureau, Home Ministry, and Chief of Special Police Affairs Dept. Metropolitan Police Board (Resigned)
MIZUIKE Ryo
Superintendent-General of Metropolitan Police Board (Resigned)
TOMEOKA Yukio YOSHINAGA Tokiji
Vice-Minister for Home Ministry (Resigned)
HANIN Masanori
Vice-Director-General of Board of Imformation and Acting Chief of 1st Dept. and 2nd Dept. of the same (Resigned)
MURATA Goro
Vice-Minister of Commusications Ministry (Resigned)
HIRASAWA Kaname
Chief of Educational Bureau of Education Ministry (Resigned)
KONDO Hisao
Vice-Minister of Education and Acting Director-General of Educational Bureau (Resigned)
KIKUCHI Toyosaburo
Vice-Minister of Education and Director-General of Educational Bureau (Resigned)
FUJINO Megumu
Acting Chief of 1st Dept. of Board of Information (Resigned), and Chief of 2nd Section, 2nd Dept. of the same (Resigned)
SATO Katsuya
Vice-Minister for Home Affairs and Superintendent General of Metropolitan Police Board (Resigned)
KAYABA Gunzo
Director of Electric Affairs Bureau, Communications Ministry (Resigned)
FUJIKAWA Yasu
Chief of Thought Section, Justice Ministry
TAMAZAWA Usaburo

So-Called Recommended Candidates in the General Election of the Members of the House of Representatives in 1942.

ABIKO Sakatugu	ADACHI Ken	AGOSHIMA Toshiharu
AINO Tokiichiro	AKAMA Norihisa	AKAMATSU Torashichi
AMANO Yoriyoshi	ANDO Satoru	AOYAMA Kenzo
ARAKAWA Masato	ARIMA Eiji	AYABE Kentaro
BABA Genji	BESSHO Kiichiro	BO Hideo
DEI Heikichi	EGUCHI Shigeru	EHARA Saburo
EZAKI Toshikazu	FUJII Izaemon	FUJIMOTO Sutesuke
FUJIO Yasutaro	FUKAMIZU Yoshiki	FUKAZAWA Yoshihei

FUMIUSHI Kazuo
HAMADA Naotomo
HAMANO Tetsutaro
HARAGUCHI Sumimasa
HAYASHI Masao
HIKATA Takeshi
HIRANO Kikutaro
HORIMOTO Nobumi
IBUKI Gengoro
IKEMOTO Jinshiro
IMAI Takehiko
ISAKA Toyomitsu
ISHIZAKA Shigeru
ITO Hakuai
ITO Toichiro
KANEKO Hikotaro
KANNA Norikazu
KOSHIOKA Kiyokatsu
KATAOKA Tsuneichi
KAWAGUCHI Hisashi
KAWAMURA Ichibei
KEYAMA Moritaro
KIMURA Torataro
KISHIDA Masaki
KITAMURA Fumie
KIYOSE Ichiro
KODAKA Chozaburo
KOHATA Toranosuke
KOMATSU Motoji
KOTANI Yoshio
KOYAMA Matsuhisa
KOYANAGI Makie
KUGIMOTO Morio
MACHIDA Tatsujiro
MAKIHARA Motoo
MANABE Giju
MATSUHARA Iozo
MATSUNAGA Hisao
MATSUO Shiro
MAZAKI Katsuji
MIKAMI Hideo
MITSUYOSHI Nobufusa
MIYAZAWA Hiroshi
MORIBE Ryusuke
MORITA Jujiro
MURAKMI Dankichi
MURASE Takeo
NAGANO Mamoru
NAGAYAMA Tadanori
NAKAGOSHI Yoshiyuki
NAKAI Kazuo
NAKAJIMA Yadanji
NAKAMURA Tsuneichiro
NAKASE Setsuo
NAKATANI Takeyo
NISHIDA Ikuemon
NISHIMURA Kinsaburo
NODA Seisho
NOMOTO Kichibei

FUNAWATARI Sasuke
HAMAJI Bunpei
HARA Sobei
HARUNA Shigeaki
HAYASHI Nobuo
HIRAHARA Shigeyuki
HONDA Koji
HORIUCHI Kazuo
ICHINOMIYA Fusajiro
IKEZAKI Tadataka
IMAI Yoshiyuki
ISHII Ryosuke
ISHIZAKA Yohei
ITO Kiyoshi
IZUMI Kunisaburo
KANEKO Teiichi
KARAHASHI Shigemasa
KASHIWABARA Koichi
KATO Kozo
KAWAKAMI Tetsuta
KAWAMURA Naotake
KIDO Tsunesuke
KINOSHITA Gisuke
KISHII Toshiro
KITAMURA Matazaemon
KIZAKI Takayuki
KOGURE Budaiyu
KOIZUMI Junya
KONDO Yoshijiro
KOURA Sohei
KOYAMA Ryo
KUBOI Yoshimichi
KUROSAWA Torizo
MAEDA Fueanosuke
MAMIYA Seikichi
MASUDA Giichi
MATSUKATA Kojiro
MATSUNOBE Yasaburo
MATSUOKA Shunzo
MIKI Kumaji
MINAKUMO Seisaku
MIURA Torao
MIZUSHIMA Hikoichiro
MORIGUCHI Ryozo
MORITA Masayoshi
MURAMATSU Hisayoshi
MURATA Yosuke
NAGANUMA Gon-ichi
NAITO Masataka
NAKAGAWA Kanji
NAKAIGAWA Hiroshi
NAKAMORI Hanzaemon
NAKAMURA Umekichi
NAKASONE Genkai
NANGO Takeo
NISHIKATA Toshima
NISHIMURA Shigeo
NODA Takeo
NOMURA Kakuma

FUTADA Koreyoshi
HAMANO Seigo
HARA Tamashigo
HASHIMOTO Daikichi
HIGUCHI Zen-uemon
HIRANO Mitsuo
HORIGUCHI Tsuramichi
HASHINO Yasunosuke
ICHINOSE Toshitami
IMAI Shinzo
INABE Keisuke
ISHII Tokuji
ITO Goro
ITO Mikizo
KADO Inokichi
KANEMITSU Kunizo
KASHIMA Morinosuke
KATAYAMA Kazuo
KATO Ryogoro
KAWAMORI Yasunosuke
KAWAZOE Takashi
KIHARA Shichiro
KINOSHITA Shin
KITA Soichiro
KITAO Kanbei
KOBAYASHI Fusanosuke
KOGUSU Yoshio
KOMAI Shigetsugu
KOTANI Setsuo
KOYAMA Kunitaro
KOYAMA Tanizo
KUDO Tosao
KURODA Iwao
MAFUJI Shintaro
MATSUMURA Kozo
MATSUDA Takechiyo
MATSUNAGA Azuma
MATSUO Sanzo
MATSUYAMA Tsunejiro
MIKI Yokichiro
MINAMI Iwao
MIYAZAKI Hajime
MOGAMI Seizo
MORISHITA Kunio
MORIYA Shin-ichi
MURASAWA Yoshijiro
NAGANO Koichi
NAGATA Ryokichi
NAKA Sukematsu
NAKAHARA Kinji
NAKAIMA Soichi
NAKAMUR Sannojo
NAKANISAI Saburo
NAKATA Yoshinao
NANJO Norio
NISHIKAWA Teiichi
NOBUSHO Yoshio
NOGUCHI Zen-ichi
NOMURA Keiichiro

OCHI Tahei
OISHI Saiji
OKAMOTO Umataro
OKI Tamotsu
OKUMURA Tetsuzo
OMURA Tadashi
ONO Ken-ichi
OSHIMA Torakichi
OZAWA Osamu
SAITO Masami
SAKAMOTO Masaru
SAKUMA Wataru
SHIMIZU Tomosaburo
SHIOTEN Nobutake
SOWA Yoshitake
SUGANO Kazutaro
SUZUKI Hideo
TAGO Kazutami
TAKAGI Yoshindo
TAKAHASHI Yoshiji
TAKANO Magozaemon
TAKEO Saburobei
TAKIZAWA Shichiro
TAMURA Minoru
TANIHARA Ko
TERADA Ichimasa
TSUBOTA Kozo
TSUKUI Tatsuo
TSURU Soichi
UEDA Kokichi
UMAOKA Jiro
WATANABE Yasukuni
YAGI Genpachi
YAMADA Junsaku
YAMAGUCHI Sauhei
YAMAMOTO Seinosuke
YAMANO Heiichi
YOKOKAWA Shigetsugu
YOSHIDA Teijiro
ZUSHI Kaneji

ODA Hikotaro
OKADA Keijiro
OKANO Ryuichi
OKU Hisato
OKUNO Koshiro
ONO Giichi
ONO Shuichi
OTA Mitsunaga
ROYAMA Masamichi
SAITO Naoki
SAKAMOTO Sotaro
SATO Yonosuke
SHINTA Giuemon
SOEDA Keiichiro
SOYAMA Hachiroji
SUGIYAMA Genjiro
SUZUKI Jujj
TAJIMA Eijiro
TAKAHASHI Kumajiro
TAKAHATA Kametaro
TAKAOKA Daisuke
TAKETOMO Yuki
TAMA Kiyoomi
TANAKA Tosaku
TANOMOGI Shinroku
TOJO Sada
TSUCHIYA Minoru
TSUKUMO Kumitoshi
TSUSAKI Naotake
UEMATSU Nerimaro
USHITSUKA Torataro
WATANABE Zenjuro
YAGI Sojuro
YAMADA Rokuro
YAMAMOTO Kozo
YAMAMOTO Yoshiji
YASUDA Koji
YORIMITSU Yoshiaki
YOSHIKAWA Sukeo

OHASHI Seitaro
OKAMOTO Dennosuke
OKAWA Kozo
OKUBO Gennojo
OKURA Saburo
ONO Kazuzo
OSHIMA Kosei
OYAMADA Yoshitaka
SAITO Kenzo
SAKAI Toshio
SAKUMA Michio
SERAKU Kikuzaburo
SHIRASU Kikujj
SOKI Shigeki
SOZEN Kiyoshi
SUZUKI Chukichi
TABE Akiyuki
TAKADA Kohei
TAKAHASHI Morihei
TAKAJO Norio
TAKEDA Tokusaburo
TAKEUCHI Shunkichi
TAMURA Hidekichi
TANAKA Waichiro
TASHIMO Seiji
TOMITA Aijiro
TSUKAHARA Kaichi
TSUNAMATSU Otoji
UDA Koichi
UEMURA Takeichi
WATANABE Ken
YABE Toshichi
YAKUSHIJI Kazue
YAMAGUCHI Yajoji
YAMAMOTO Kumekichi
YAMANAKA Yoshisada
YASUMI Saburo
YONEDA Kikuma
YOSHIKAWA Yoshirobei

Chief of Nagasaki Prefectural Branch, Dai-Nippon Butokukai (Resigned)
TAIRA Toshitaka

Chairman of the Board of Directors of the same (Resigned)
AKIBA Yasuhiro

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Aomori Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
KAIHO Yoshio

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Aomori Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned), Chairman of the Board of Directors, Kumamoto Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
YAMAJI Sadamu

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Kagoshima Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
UEMURA Kentaro

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Nagano Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned), Chairman of the Board of Directors, Shimane Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
ONUKI Gen

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Oita Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
ODAGIRI Kiyoshi

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Kagoshima Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
TOKITA Yoshio

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Ibaragi Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)

MATSUNO Sadao

Vice-Chiefs of Hokkaido Branch of the same (Resigned)
IGURO Seigo MATONO Kenzaburo YAMADA Saburo

Vice-Chief of Aomori Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
ITO Heihachi

Vice-Chief of Iwate Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
SAKAMOTO Bin TSUTSUI Yoichi

Vice-Chjef of Fukui Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned), Vice-Chief of Miyagi Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
YAMAUCHI Hideo

Vice-Chief of Miyagi Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
SHOJI Toshishige

Vice-Chiefs of Akita Prefectural Branch of the same (Resignd)
HIROSE Katsushige HOJO Saburo

Vice-Chiefs of Yamagata Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
AOYAMA Kiyoshi ISHIDA Toyozo MINAMIKUMO Shin-ichiro

Vice-Chiefs of Fukushima Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
ISSHIKI Tomejiro YANAGISAWA Yokio

Vice-Chief of Ibaragi Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
AOTO Keiichi

Vice-Chief of Kanagawa Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
HOSHINO Osho

Vice-Chief of Tochigj Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
FUJIOKA Hikoe

Vice-Chiefs of Chiba Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
MEGATA Shunosuke YANO Satoshi

Vjce-Chiefs of Niigata Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
IGAKURA Tetsuro OTA Totaro TAKEUCHI Heishichi
TODA Kakuju

Vice-Chief of Fukui Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
EGUCHI Shiro

Vice-Chiefs of Yamanashi Prefectural Branch the same (Resigned)
HIGUCHI Kiyoto

Vice-Chiefs of Aichi Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
IIDA Masao MAKI Akira

Vice-Chief of Mie Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
TOGANAI Kozo

Vjce-Chiefs of Osaka Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
AOKI Shigekazu KOIKE Masatsugu MIZUSAKI Masajiro
OISHI Kenshiro

Vice-Chief of Hyogo Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
ONO Isao

Vice-Chief of Mie Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
KAWAOKA Sanjuro

Vice-Chief of Wakayama Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
MATSUO Kenzo

Vice-Chief of Tottori Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
KATAGIRI Goro NISHIDA Noboru OGAWA Zensho

Vice-Chief of Yamaguchi Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
OKA Hiroaki

Vice-Chief of Tokushima Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
KAWAKATSU Ikuro

Vice-Chief of Ehime Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
SHIRAHARA Shigeto

Vice-Chief of Kochi Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
OE Tsunekichi

Vice-Chiefs of Fukuoka Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
ARIMA Shigeho TOGO Minoru

Vice-Chiefs of Kumamoto Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)

FUKAMIZU Buheiji IKIRI Motoo MATSUDA Genjiro

Vice Chief of Oita Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
MUTO Kazuhiko

Vice Chiefs of Kagoshima Prefectural Branch of the same (Resigned)
OSEKO Michisada SHIINA Seiji

Vich Chief of Yamgata Prefecural Branch of the same (Resigned)
SOTOGA Ryozaburo

Directer, President of the Manshu Mainichi (Retired)
MATSUMOTO Toyozo

Director, President, Chief Editor and Chief of Editorial Bureau of the Hokuriku Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
FUKAE Hikoichi

Assistant Chief of Editorial Bureau of the Miyako Shimbun Sha (Retired)
KAMIIZUMI Hidenobu

Director, President of Nagasaki Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
MAKIYAMA Kozo

Standing Director of the Hokkai Times Newspaper Office (Retired)
AZUMA Suchiko

Director, Chief of General Affairs Bureau of Chugai Shogyo Shimbun Sha (Retired)
OTANI Ko

Standing Director, Chief of Editorial Dept. of Ise Shimbun Sha (Retired)
MITSUI Yasuhide

Chief Editor of Fukui Shimbun-Sha (Retired)
FUJITA Teizo

Manager of Editorial Bureau, Assistant Managing Editor of Editorial Bureau, Manager of Editorial Bureau of Tokyo Branch of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
UEHARA Torashige

Director, President of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
OKUMURA Shintaro

Standing Director of the Hokkai Times Newspaper Office (Retired)
KASHIOKA Kiyokatsu

Chief Editor of Niigata Shimbun Sha (Retired)
HOSHINO Ryohei

Chief of Editorial Bureau of the Hokkai Times Newspaper Office (Retired)
OSANAI Kiyoshi

Chief of Editorial Bureau of Kammon Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NISHIKAWA Teiichi

Chief of Editorial Bureau of Kammon Nichnichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
KOTANI Tamotsu

Director, President of Ise Shimbun Sha
MATSUMOTO Muneshige

Chief of Editorial Bureau of Taiwan Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
SUZUKI Iwao

Director, Chief of Management Bureau of Asahikawa Shimbun Sha (Retired)
KOYAMA Yoshio

Director, Chief of Editorial Bureau of Nagasaki Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
SETOZAKI Hango

President, Director and President, of Kammon Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
SUEMITSU Tetsunosuke

Director, Chief of, Business Bureau of Kyushu Nippo Sha (Retired)
SHIMAZAKI Masaomi

President of Yamanashi Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NOGUCHI Jiro

Standing Director, Chief of General Affairs Bureau of Doyo Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NISHIYAMA Tokuji

Representative Director and President of Nagasaki Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
MUTO Tomozo

Managing Director, Ordinary Director of Akita Sakigake Shimbun Sha (Retired)
KOMURA Seiichiro

President of Muroran Shimpo Sha (Retired)
SUZUKI Yokichi
Vice-President, Manager of Shoyo Shimpo Sha (Retired)
KATSUBE Motoemon
Director, Chief of Business Bureau of Asahikawa Shimbun Sha (Retired)
OMORI Kumazo
Manager of Editorial Bureau, Chief of Nagoya Branch Office, Director of General Bureau of Nagaya of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
OHARA Takeo
Director, Vice-President and Chief Editor of Kammon Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
KATO Shichigoro
Chairman of Board of Directors and Chief Editor of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
TAKAISHI Shingoro
Managing Director, Ordinary Director, Chief of Western Branch Office and Chief of Business Bureau of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
YAMADA Junji
Chief Editor of Editorial Bureau of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired) and Chief Editor of Editorial Bureau Tokyo Branch Office of the same (Retired)
ABE Kenichi
Manager of Editorial Bureau, Assistant Chief Editor of Editorial Bureau of Tokyo Branch and Chief of Western Branch Office (Retired)
FUSE, Katsuji
Director, Chief of Editorial Bureau and Chief of City News Dept. of Kochi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NAKAJIMA Seiko
Chief Editor of Oita Shimbun Sha (Retired)
MIZOGUCHI Yakazu
Director, Vice-President. Chief of Editorial Bureau and Chief of Planning Bureau of Godo Shimbun Sha (Retired)
SUGIYAMA Sakae
Vice-President and Chief Editor of Gifu Shimbun Sha (Retired)
MISHIO Koichi
Vice-President of Kammon Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
KAWAMURA Minetaro
Director and President of Akita Sakigake Shimpo Sha (Retired)
INOUE Hiroi
Director and Manager of Nagasaki Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
KIDA Tadae
Director and President of Shizuoka Shimpo Sha (Retired)
YAMAGUCHI Chugoro
Director and Manager of Taiwan Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
HASE Rikyo
Director and President of Godo Shimbun Sha (Retired)
HASHIMOTO Tomigoro
Director Acting Chief of Editorial Bureau, Chief of Editorial Bureau and Assistant Chief of Editorial Bureau of Nagasaki Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
TANAKA Toyoaki
Standing Director of Domei Tsushin Sha (Retired)
HATAKEYAMA Toshiyuki
Standing Director of Osaka Kaigai Shimpo Sha (Retired)
NOGUCHI Kin-ichi
President of Shoyo Shimpo Sha (Retired)
TANABE Tomoyuki
Standing Director of Doyo Shimbun Sha (Retired)
TAKAHASHI Naomichi
Chief Editor of Hoshu Shimbun Sha (Retired)
ITO Moriichi
Director and President of Doyo Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NOMURA Mokuma
Standing Director, Representative Director, Managing Director, Chief of Editorial Bureau (Osaka), Vice-

Chairman of Central Investigation Committee (Chuo Chosa Kai) of Asahi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
HARADA Joji
Chief of Editorial Dept. of Ise Shimbun Sha (Retired)
MORI Isamu
Director of Nigata Shimbun Sha (Retired)
SATO Shinjiro
Chief of Editorial Bureau of Toyama Nippo Sha (Retired)
YAMAHARA Masatoshi
Director, President and Managing Director of Hokuriku Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
TAKAGI Hachiro
Director and President of Nihonkai Shimbun Sha (Retired)
YONEHARA Shozo
Director and President of Kyushu Shimbun Sha (Retired)
TAKAGI Daishiro
Director Managing Editor and Chief of Editorial Bureau of Kyushu Shimbun Sha (Retired)
TAKAGI Ryo
Director, Assistant Chief of General Affairs Bureau of Too Nippo Sha (Retired)
ITO Masando
President of Gifu Shimbun Sha (Retired)
KIYOSHI Kan
Chief Editor and Chief of Editorial Bureau of Nihonkai Shimbun Sha (Retired)
IKEDA Kumero
Ordinary Director of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NANAMI Matasaburo
Director and President of Doyo Shimbun Sha (Retired)
HASHIDA Sanae
Director and Chief of Editorial Bureau of Asahikawa Shimbun Sha (Retired)
YAMAMOTO Chikara
Assistant Chief of Editorial Bureau and Chief of City-News Dept. of Yomiuri Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NAKAMICHI Yoshichika
Director and President of Kyushu Nippo Sha (Retired)
MORITA Hisashi
Standing Director of Chugai Shogyo Shimpo Sha (Retired)
MURAKAMI Kohei
Director and Chief of Political Dept. of Nagasaki Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NAKAMURA Tamiya
Managing Editor of Saga Shimbun Sha and Chief of Editorial Bureau of Saga Godo Shimbun Sha (Retired)
NAKAJIMA Masumi
Chief of Editorial Bureau of Gifu Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
GISO Shuji
Managing Director and Chief of Editorial Bureau of Kyushu Nippo Sha (Retired)
SASA Masanori
Standing Director of Social Education Society (Shakai Kyoiku Kai) (Retired)
SEKIYA Ryukichi
Vice-Chairman, and Director of Agricultural, Forestry and Fishing Village Civilization Society (No-San-Gyo-son Bunka Kyokai) (Retired)
SENGOKU Kotaro
Chief of Editorial Bureau of Gaiko Jiho Sha (Retired)
UJITA Naoyoshi
Representative Director and President of Daiyamondo Sha (the Diamond) (Retired)
ABE Ryuta
Director and President of Koyo Publishing Co. (Retired)
IMAIZUMI Kunio
Editor of "Taiyo" of Bungei-Shunju Publishing Co. (Retired)
KOSAKA Eiichi
Representative Director and President of Jitsugyo-no Nippon Publishing Co. (Retired)
MASUDA Giichi
Manager of Tengyo Mimpo Sha (Retired)

KAYAMA Minoru
Director of Manager of Bungei-Shunju Publishing Co. (Retired)
NARUSE Masayoshi
Proprietor of Tensen Publishing Co. (Retired)
KOIZUMI Jun-ichi
Director of Tengyo Mimpo Sha (Ketired)
UTAGAWA Seizaburo
Chief of Editor of Jitsugyo-no-Sekai Publishing Co. (Retired)
FUJII Masukichi
Director and President of Seibundo-Shinko Publishing Co. (Retired)
OGAWA Kikumatsu
Director and President of Tengyo Mimpo Publishing Co. (Retired)
OHASHI Yotaro
Director of Bungei-Shunju Publishing Co. Chief Editor of "Bungei-Shunju" and "Genchi-Hokoku", and Chief of Editorial Bureau of Bungei-Shunju Publishing Co. (Retired)
SAITO Ryutaro
Vice-President of Yuishin Publishing Co. (Retired)
ISHII Sakujiro
Editor and Publisher of Satomi Nihon-Bunka Kenkyujo (Retired)
OKAMOTO Nagaharu
Chief Editor of Toyo Kyokai (Retired)
YAMAGUCHI Shozo
Chief of Peking Branch, Bank of Korea
IGUCHI Toshihiko
Manager of Hoten Branch, Manchurian Industrial Bank (Retired)
SHIMIZU Yasuo
Chief of Peking Branch, Bank of Mongolia (Retired)
WATANABE Yasushi
Chief of Java Branch, Southern Development Bank (Retired)
SHINDO Kaoru
Chief of Hsinking Branch of Yokohama Specie Bank (Retired)
SHIMOMURA Teiji
Standing Director of North-China Textile Co., Ltd. (Retired)
NAGASAWA Kaoru
Vice-Chairman of Board of Directors, Hwahsin Commercial Bank (Retired)
WASHIO Isoichi
Standing Directors of the same (Retired)
OKASAKI Kaheita SHIMO Genkichi
Standing Director of Manchu Mortion Picture Association (Retired)
WADA Hideo

Name of persons for whom their statement of objection against their provisional designation can't be admitted, and the reasons for which they fall under the Memorandum.

Chief of the Electric Bureau of the Communications Ministry
YASUDA Josuke
Chief of Nagano Prefectural Branch of Butoku Kai (Retired)
KORIYAMA Yoshio
Chief Director of Shimane Prefectural Branch Butoku Kai (Retired)
HIRAKI Kuniyoshi
Chief Director of Iwate Prefectural Branch of Butoku Kai (Retired)
YAMAMOTO Yanosuke
Chief Director of Ishikawa Prefectural Branch of Butoku Kai (Retired)
SHIMIZU Yoshikazu
Vice-Chief (chief director) Shimizu of Shizuoka Prefectural Branch of Butoku Kai (Retired) and Vice-Chief of Gumma Branch of the same (Retired)
NISHII Kazutaka
Chief of Morotomi Branch, Koshiro Branch and Rokkaku Branch Saga Prefectural Branch of Butoku Kai (All retired)
IMAIZUMI Kentaro
Chief of Arita Branch, Saga Prefectural Branch of Butoku Kai (Retired) and Chief of Kanzaki Branch

of the same (Retired)
YOSHITANI Kaichi
Assistant Chief of Editorial Bureau of Asahi Shimbun Sha (Tokyo) (Retired),
Chief of Editorial Bureau and concurrently Chairman of Comparative News Study Committee of Asahi Shimbun Sha (Osaka) (Retired)
Director, Chief of Communication Dept. of the same (Retired)
KITANO Kichinai
Director, Chief of Editorial Bureau, Chief of City News Dept. Kobe Shimbun Sha (Retired)
MIYAMOTO Uichi
Standing Director of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired) Head of Western Branch of the same (Retired)
SHIKAKURA Yoshiji
Acting Chief of Editorial Bureau of Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
Director, Chief Editor, Manager of Editorial Section of the same (Retired), Standing Director, Chief of Publication Bureau of the same (Retired)
SHIMODA Masami
Director and Manager of Nagoya Mainichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
SAKANO Kamajiro
Director and Chief of Business Bureau of Osaka Jiji Shimpo Sha (Retired)
KITAMURA Eijiro
Chief Editor of Shizuoka Shimbun Sha (Retired)
YAMAGUCHI Harumitsu
Chief Editor of Teito Nichinichi Shimbun Sha (Retired)
SAKAMOTO Tokumatsu
Director and Chief of Editorial Bureau of Yukan Osaka Shimbun Sha (Retired)
WASHIYA Takeshi
Director of Nissan Chemical Industry Co., Ltd. (Retired)
OHASHI Taiji

Numbers of persons to be dismissed : 8 Persons

Names of porsons to be dismissed and their public offices (only those subjected to screening or principal ones being held are mentioned)

Commissioner of Repartriation Assistance Board
ODAGIRI Sasuke
Chief of Liaison Section and Chief of Special Construction Section (concurrent) of Domestic Affairs Dept., Shiga Prefecture
SUGAWARA Yoshitaro
Chief of Criminal Cause Section of Aomori Prefecture
MATSUBARA Seijiro
Chief of Higashi-nogami Police Station of Wakayama Prefecture
SAKAGUCHI Chojun
Chairman of Board of Directors of Hakodate Shimbun Sha
ENDO Seichi
Standing Director of Chugoku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.
NIIMOCHI Kaoru
President and Director of Hokuriku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.
KANAI Kyubei
President and Director of Kyushu District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.
OKUMURA Shigetoshi

Revocation of the Decision of "Non-applicable"

The decision of "Non-applicable" concerning the following persons shall be concelled :

Chief of Liaison Section and Chief of Special Construction Section (concurrent) of Domestic Affairs Dept,, Shiga Prefecture
SUGAWARA Yoshitaro
Chief of Criminal Cause Section of Aomori Prefecture
MATSUBARA Seijiro
Chief of Higashi-nogami Police Station of Wakayama Prefecture
SAKAGUCHI Chojun
Chief of Mombetsu Police Station of Hokkaido
HANZAWA Susumu
Candidate for Governor (Shimane Prefecture)
KUMANO Akira
Standing Director of Chugoku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.

NIIMOCHI Kaoru

President and Director of Hokuriku District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.

KANAI Kyubei

President and Director of Kyushu District Electricity Distribution Co., Ltd.

OKUMURA Shigetoshi

Revocation of the Dicision of "Applicable"

The decision of "Applicable" concerning the following persons shall be concelled:

Commissioners of Reconstruction Board

HIGASA Tadachi KAWAGOE Kunio

Secretaries of Finance Ministry

TAKAHASHI Kenji TAKIGUCHI Kiyoshi

Technical Officials of Finance Ministry

HANAZAWA Nobuhisa SAKAI Yoshiyuki

Commissioners of Finance Ministry

ARAI Masaki ASAKURA Toshihiko IKEDA Hajime
IKEDA Takaharu ITO Kenshi KATO Yoshio
KOBAYASHI Ryuhei KUROKI Masanori SAKAMOTO Shuzo
SAKASHIMO Aikichi TAKAHASHI Ryokichi TAKAHASHI Shozaburo
TAKAHASHI Yosuke

Commissioners of Electric Wave Physics Research Institute

HIRANO Masao MURAMATSU Kinya YABE Goro
YUHARA Akio

Assistant of Physical and Chemical Research Institute, Hokkaido University

HIRATA Osamu

Commissioner of 2nd Engineering Dept., Tokyo University

ARA Tetsuya

Commissioner of Seismological Research Institute, Tokyo University

AKIMA Tetsuo

Sub-Assistants of Osaka University

KODAMA Taketoshi MAMURO Tetsuo OTOARI Takao

Technical Official of Welfare Ministry

SAKAKIBARA Hisao

Commissioners of Welbare Ministry

ABE Ichiro ABE Masakazu ABE Masatomo
ABE Toshiaki ABE Tsuneo AIJIMA Toru
AKASHI Hisashi AWATSU Toshiro DEZUKI Ikuro
EBIHARA Masaru EMA Kiyoshi ENOMOTO Akikazu
FUJIMOTO Gohei FUJINO Kunihiro FUJISAWA Yoshishige
FUJITA Kiyoharu FUKAI Hisao FURUKUBO Hiroshi
HARA Teruo GOTO Hisashi HATA Iwao
HAYAKAWA Takechi HAYASHI Yorihito HIDA Shuntaro
HIGUCHI Toshio HORI Hiroyuki IGETA Takamasa
IGUCHI Zenjiro IKEMORI Yujiro IMAMURA Sumio
INOUE Keiichi IRIE Masaki ISHIHARA Takuro
KAMIO Takaaki KANAZAWA Minoru KAWAMURA Takanobu
KIMIZUKA Gonuemon KIMURA Takashi KISEN Joji
KISHIDA Hisashi KITABATAKE Fujio KITADA Takezo
KOBAYASHI Hiroshi KOGOCHI Tadashi KOJIMA Isao
KONDO Rikio KONDO Takehiko KOYAMA Shigeru
KOZUKA Takayoshi KURACHI Keiichi KURAMITSU Hiroshi
KUROZAWA Kazuo MAEDA Kiyoshi MASE Kyojiro
MATSUSHIMA Tadashi MASUDA Takeo MATSUDA Yukichi
MATSUMORI Masayoshi MATSUO Ryuzo MATSUO Takashi
MATSUURA Noboru MINAMI Shin-ichi MINAMISATO Masayoshi
MIYAHARA Shigeru MIYAMOTO Yafuku MIYOSHI Ihachiro
MOGI Takeo MOMOTANI Saburo MORIMOTO Masatoshi
MURAKAMI Shin-iehi
MURASE Yutaka MURATA Akira NAKADA Masami
NAKAHARA Michihiko NAKAJIMA Noriyasu NAKAJIMA Toshiro
NAKADA Tsutomu NISHIKAWA Hiroshi NONAKA Jinsaku
OGA Yasuro OHARA Nobuhisa OKUTSU Hiroshi

OMURE Kazuo ONO Takeshi ONSHIMA Yoshio
OTA Takuo SAGARA Yoshihito SAITO Hironari
SAKAI Shozo SAKAMOTO Sadao SAKURADA Koichi
SARAI Goro SATO Hiroshi SAWAKI Shunji
SERA Masaho SETO Hidenobu SHIMADA Katsumizu
SHIMIZU Hisashi SHIMIZU Shiro SHIMODA Matsuji
SHIRAI Sumio SHIRAISHI Yukihiri SOFUE Itsuro
SONE Masaki SONODA Kunizo SUGANO Suemitsu
SUGIHARA Takeji SUGIURA Sadao SUMA Nobuyuki
SUZUKI Kazuo SUZUTANI Etsudo TABUCHI Keizo
TAKA Sakae TAKABAYASHI Yoshimitsu TAKAGI Hiroshi
TAKAMATSU Kimito TAKAMI Noboru TSUKAMOTO Tetsuo
TAKASE Yasumitsu TAKATA Isao TAKEDA Makoto
TAKEGOSHI Toru TAKEOKA Eiji TAKEYA Yasumitsu
TAKIKAWA Maruaki TAKUMA Teruo TAMAKI Tadao
TOMODA Masao TANAKA Teruo TOMIKAWA Shiro
TOMODA Taira TORII Arihito TOYODA Kinji
TSUKADA Kaname TSUKAGAWA Mitsunao UEDA Gaizo
UEMURA Hitoshi UETAKE Kimishige UGAKI Hiromitsu
WADA Toshihiro YAMADA Osamu YAMAGUCHI Kenji
YAMAGUCHI Shigenobu YAMAKA Hiroshi YAMAMURA Yoshinobu
YAMASHITA Kumio YAMAUCHI Kazuo YODA Saburo
YOKOTA Hideo YOSHIDA Sekio YOSHIDA Yoshio
YOSHITOSHI Mochihisa YOSHIZAWA Kazuo

Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry Ministy

UCHIDA Masanari YAMANAKA Ichiro

Commissioner of Commerce and Industry Ministry

YAZAKI Asamichi

Commissioner of Patents and Standards Bureau

YOSHIMURA Hiroshi

Commissioners of Tokyo Commerce and Industry Bureau

KAWASAKI Toshimasa SATO Isamu

Commissioners of Machine Examination Station

AOKI Michikazu INOUE Atsushi KUTSUWADA Nagamasa
MATSUMOTO Hisao YAMAIE Joji

Commissioner of Transportation Ministry

KANTAYAMA Sunami

Technical Officials of Communications Ministry

AMAMIYA Shin-ichiro NAGAO Kazuo YAMAMOTO Akira
YOSHIDA Hitoshi

Commissioner of Nagano Communication Clinic

GOTO Akira

Commissioner of Nagano Electric Communication, Construction Bureau

Commissioner of Industrial Dept., Nagoya Communications Bureau

ITO Kanji

ERRATA

1. The following corrections shall be made to the Notification No. 20 concerning the results of the Public Office Screening published in the Extra of Official Gazette dated December 7, 1947:

2. Of the "Names of persons whose statements of objection to their provisional designation can be admitted" reported in the Notification No. 19 concerning the results of the Public Office Screening Published in the Extra of Official Gazette dated November 22, 1947, "Standing Director of Japan Diesel Industry Co., Ltd. (Retired) MIZUMA, Yoshitsugu" shall be deleted because of repetition; accordingly, in the number of persons subjected to screening and the number of persons decided to be Non-applicable, "2,831 persons" and "2,379 persons" shall be amended as "2,830 persons" and "2,378 persons" respectively.

3. In the Notification No. 16 concerning the results of the Public Office Screening published in the Extra of Official Gazette dated October 7, 1947, "Standing Directors of Nissan Chemical Industry Co., Ltd. IIYAMA Tahei, Koji, MATSUOKA Toshimi" shall be deleted; accordingly, in the number of persons subjected to screening and the number of persons decided to be Non-applicable, "1,443 persons" and "991 persons" shall be amened as "1,440 persons" and "980 persons" respectively

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