

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 29.

VICTORIA, B.C., SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1900.

NO. 100.

NEW BELTS AND BLOUSE SETS

AT
CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S
JEWELLERS.

A GREAT OFFERING IN

Ladies' Tailor-made Costumes

25 to 50 per Cent. Below Regular Price

A business opportunity enabled us to purchase a lot of Ladies' Suits at a great reduction from the manufacturers. Their loss is your gain. How we came by them is too long a story. Enough to know that they are new and correct in every particular, and that we have marked them from 25 per cent. to 50 per cent. below regular prices. For sale to-day—Mantle Department (second floor).

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd.

JUNE 30th. THE WESTSIDE, 70 Government St.



NON-PROGRESSIVE VICTORIA? WHAT A LIBEL!

See the matrimonial wave and say non-progressive. With the matrimonial season has come the fruit season, and with it Fruit Jars.

Fruit Jars, Self-Sealing, 2-qt. \$1 1/2; 1-qt. 80c
Male Early Peaches, Moore Park Apricots.
Ashley Sharpless Strawberries at Market Rates

OUR SATURDAY SNAPS

(See them.)

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

Demanding the Best

The most progressive builders demand the best hardware for their work. The most intelligent come to us. They know we give them the best goods and make no price right for them. They are satisfied that we do better for them than any other dealer and are glad to show them our methods by coming to us.



Scholles & Renouf, Ltd.
Cor. Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B. C.

Galbriggan Underwear
Per Suit \$0.70
1.00
1.50

Natural Wool Underwear
Per Suit \$1.50
2.00
2.50

Black and Tan
Fast colors, 100 dozen.

Maro. Socks.
10c. per pair. Last to hand.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.
97 JOHNSON STREET.

WE GIVE IN TRADING STAMPS

WALL PAPER
Just arrived. A large assortment of the latest designs. Some handsome Friezes and Ceilings FOR INSULATION PAPERS.
J. W. NELLOR, 76-78 Fort Street, Victoria

BREAD Something New in Bread. Smith's Machine Roller Bread. Try it. For sale by all grocers, or leave orders for wagon to call.
R. SMITH & CO.

WILLIAM F. BEST
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST
(Heldberg and Leipzig). Late analyst for the Province of New Brunswick. Office, 201 Broad Street, opposite Driford Hotel, Victoria.

TO LET Hotel Brunswick,

Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.
Furnished or unfurnished. 96 rooms, exclusive of dining room, office, etc.
B.C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY,
40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Your Doctor Fights

Disease with medicine. To insure victory have your prescriptions accurately prepared with pure drugs by skilled dispensers.
This we guarantee.
JOHN COCHRANE,
CHEMIST, N.W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.
Let Us Fill Your Prescription.

FOR SALE.

2 LOTS and a well finished 3 roomed house on Fort Street car line, nearly new, price \$2,000. Examine this if you want a home.
LOT ON TORONTO STREET FOR \$500—easy terms. 2 Lots on Oak Bay avenue, near junction, price very low.
TO LET—3 roomed house, Blanchard street.
MONEY TO LOAN in sums to suit. "SUN" Fire Insurance.
COAL AND WOOD, best quality. RENTS AND INTEREST collected.

P. C. MACGREGOR,
92 Government Street.

BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK

We offer this week several bargains in property. Investigate them: it costs you nothing to do so and you will be repaid for your trouble.
\$2,000 to loan on Chattel Mortgage or other collateral security.
Yents Phoenix Fire Insurance Company, 41 Market.
Money to loan on Mortgage.
Notaries Public and Conveyancers.
Best household Coal for sale.

F. G. RICHARDS & CO.,
No. 15 Broad Street - Next Driford Hotel

GAS FOR COOKING

THE GAS COMPANY are loaning and connecting FREE OF CHARGE Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves.
Fuel Gas, \$1.25 per M. cubic feet.
Stoves can be seen at the Gas Works, Lower Government street, and at L. Blanks', old Post Office building, Government street.

SPARKLING ARCTIC SODA

ANY FLAVOR 5c
HALL & CO., Dispensing Chemists,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets
Ice Cream Soda, etc.

New Ice Cream Parlors

101 Johnson St., between Broad and Douglas
Neatest and best in the city. Try our Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda. You'll call again if you do.
T. SARANTIS, Proprietor.

VICTOR BICYCLES.

The highest grade possible to make. At the same price as low grade makes.
VICTORS sell for \$55.00
STEAMERS " " 50.00
Imperial " 40.00
First-class repair work.
JOHN BARNESLEY & Co.,
119 Government street.

FOR SALE

Tobacco and Fruit Store.
Splendid location, very cheap. Enquire at once.
American Piano. very cheap.
CALL AT
THE CITY AUCTION MART
73 YATES STREET.
W. JONES, AUCTIONEER

Sale of Boots and Shoes

SEE BARGAINS AT DOOR.
Ladies' Oxfords \$2.50, now \$1.25
Ladies' Glove-top Bala. \$3.50, now \$2.50
Gents' Tan Shoes \$5.50, now \$3.50
Boys' School Boots \$1.00
Dick's Old Country Boots \$3.50
EVERYTHING GOING.
MUNDAY'S SHOE STORE
89 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Gossip From London

The Aldershot Review—Queen Victoria's Wonderful Powers of Endurance.

Discouraging News From the Hague—Another Royal Visit to Ireland

(Associated Press.)
London, July 1.—The paramount thought among the crowds which thronged the enclosure at the review of troops at Aldershot on Monday, was admiration for the wonderful powers of endurance displayed by Queen Victoria. The heat was intense, the glare of the sun blinding, the dust thick and the troops occupied two hours passing the saluting point, but Her Majesty seemed to enjoy the sight from first to last, though many younger persons left the grounds quite exhausted.
The Duke and Duchess of Connaught are to arrive in Dublin on Sunday. Their visit is in the nature of a prospecting tour, as the Duke is expected to succeed Lord Roberts as commander of the forces in Ireland.
The papers publish with all seriousness a story of Senator Hanna's visit to the House of Commons on Tuesday. After listening to the open speeches of a debate, the Senator is reported to have said: "How much will a vote on this bill be worth."
News from the Hague is regarded as quite discouraging. Chamberlain, the quietest of the general opinion of observers by saying: "I am sorry to be obliged to think what most practical men would be the case, the peace conference will most probably end in failure at present."
While newspapers generally are full of praise for Lady Randolph Churchill's Anglo-Saxon Review, the Daily Chronicle says: "Notwithstanding the gorgeous binding, it is nothing but a colorable imitation of the Yellow Book, with the same writers, the same make up, and the same kind of contents."
An interesting order was issued this week to the governor of prisons to the effect that all convicts undergoing penal servitude, who have not passed the third standard in education, must be relieved from labor for an hour daily to be devoted to instruction until the convict is able to pass an examination.

Hudson's Bay Co

(INCORPORATED 1870)

SCHLITZ MILWAUKEE BEER

HEALTHFUL COOL REFRESHING

Agents for British Columbia.
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TELEPHONE 153 for Painting, Paper-hanging, Kalsomining and Glazing. Forester, 10 1/2 Douglas street.

WANTED—Old copper brass, zinc, lead, scrap iron, rope, canvas and sacks; highest prices given. Apply Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street, B. Aaronsen, Agent.

FOUND—On the George road, a small sum of money. Apply 40 Government street.

HAIR TONIC AND OINTMENT for growing and restoring the hair, also massage treatment. 67 Fort street.

MINING ENGINEERS, Assayers and Miners will find a full line of the publications on mining and metallurgy published by the Scientific Publishing Company, of New York, at publisher's prices at the Victoria office of the Engineering and Mining Journal, Room 8, Williams Block, Broad street.

KODAKS from \$2.00 to \$17.50; also plates and supplies; new stock, at John Barnesley & Co., 119 Government street.

LUMP COAL, NET GOAL, BACK COAL, SLACK COAL. Telephone 604. Munro, Holland & Co., Tronace and Broad street.

COAL AND WOOD—Baker & Colston, wharf and office, Belleville street, James Bay, telephone 407; city office, Swinerton & Oddy's, telephone 421.

COAL, \$5.50 PER TON—New Wellington Collieries, Kingham & Co., agents; office, 44 Fort street; telephone call 947.

UNION BREWERY DEPOT, 150 Government street, down stairs.

HASTIE'S FAIR

Have you been to
A Visit Will Pay You.
See our 4 piece glass sets for 30c. Reducing our stock of confectionery at cost prices.
77 Government Street.

Dodge Felt Shoes

FOR KLONDIKE.
J. L. BECKWITH
Sole Agent for B. C.,
40 JOHNSON STREET.

ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE

CANADA'S FAVORITE COMPANY.
BECAUSE of its first-class security;
BECAUSE of its long and successful record;
BECAUSE of its superior results to policy-holders;
BECAUSE of its liberal and attractive policy;
BECAUSE all profits are paid to policy-holders;
BECAUSE its premiums are lower and profit higher than in other leading companies.
Apply now to—
R. L. DRURY,
Provincial Manager, 34 Broad Street.

Dreyfus Has Arrived

He Was Landed at Quiberon and Taken by Train to Rennes.

The Prisoner Appeared To Be in Good Health—No Demonstration.

Rennes, July 1.—Dreyfus arrived at 6 a.m., via Lorient and Redon. The prisoner appeared to be in good health. He wore a blue suit, a grey overcoat and a soft felt hat. His hair is turning grey and his beard is of a reddish color. He held himself very erect.
The landing of Dreyfus at Quiberon was almost unnoticed. At nine o'clock yesterday evening the guardship Caudan put to sea to meet the Sfax. The unusual bustle attracted many people to the harbor, but as they saw nothing the crowd dispersed. The weather was most stormy and for a time it was feared it would be impossible to effect a landing. On the landing stage were M. Vignie, the chief of detectives, M. Henion, a commissary of police, and a force of gendarmes and police inspectors.
Dreyfus was landed at 1:30 a.m. A company of infantry was drawn up at the landing point. Dreyfus, who had been brought ashore in a boat, was immediately placed under the guard of a captain of the engineers and a sergeant and a corporal of the gendarmes, who formally handed the prisoner over to M. Vignie. The latter then entered a landau with Dreyfus and two detectives, and started for the railroad station. Dreyfus did not speak a word. He opened the door of a compartment of the special train consisting of three carriages and a baggage car, which was in waiting. Dreyfus was only visible for a moment to the reporters.
The train stopped at Rabelais, a short distance from Rennes. The party alighted and quickly entered a carriage drawn by two horses, which immediately started at a sharp advance.

Bullets and Torches

Non-Union Negroes Drive Unionists From Their Dwelling Houses

And Afterwards Set Them on Fire—Further Serious Trouble Feared.

(Associated Press.)
St. Louis, July 1.—A Post-Dispatch special from Carbondale, Ill., says: "Union City, named from the fact that it is occupied by union-miners, was the scene of a battle last night about midnight, and as a result the town is in ruins."
The non-union negroes and other men employed by Brush at his mines near Carbondale, having become crazed over the killing of the woman yesterday, went to the camp which consisted of nine houses and opened fire on them, which was at once returned.
The battle raged until the union miners ran from their homes and took refuge in a clump of timber close to the village. The non-union men at once applied the torch to the houses and all were burned to the ground. After the men had destroyed considerable property previously occupied by the union men, they moved on the woods and until daylight the fusillade was kept up.
"No lives have so far been reported lost."
"Union miners have been arriving at the scene of the trouble all night, and the outcome must be a long drawn out battle."
Prisoners Rescued.
Springfield, Ill., July 1.—Acting Governor Warden to-day received a telegram from Sheriff Gray at Carterville advising he was powerless to control the rioters, and asking that rifles and 200 troops be sent at once. The acting governor ordered that 150 rifles and ammunition be sent to the sheriff, and ordered him to summon and arm a posse. No troops will be ordered out until the sheriff's resources are exhausted. The sheriff telegraphed that a coroner's inquest was held on the body of the negro killed yesterday and that several warrants were issued. The sheriff arrested three men, but when on his way to the jail his carriage was surrounded by the men's sympathizers, the horses cut loose and the prisoners released.

A FILIPINO ATTACK.

One United States Soldier Killed and Four Injured in a Fight at San Fernando.

(Associated Press.)
Manila, July 1.—The rebels made a demonstration at San Fernando last evening. They took advantage of the darkness and rain to make a sally against the north line for the purpose of annoying the Americans, as they failed to push their attack.
The American loss was a private of the 17th Regiment killed and four men wounded.
Return of Nebraskans.
Omaha, July 1.—A cablegram from Colonel Mulford announces that the First Nebraska Regiment sailed from Manila for home this morning. Governor Payne, on its receipt, issued a proclamation calling upon the people of the state to give the returning soldiers a fitting welcome.

LABOR TROUBLES.

Nearly 50,000 Tin Plate Workers Are Idle in the United States—Tarceat's Strike at Homestead.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 1.—The new scale year of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers began to-day with a better record for the union than has been made for half a dozen years. Nine hundred individual firms and the representatives of the American Hoop Company, the Republic Iron & Steel Company, and the Iron and Steel Manufacturers Association have signed the scale so far, and a number of other structures are expected before the day closed.
As a result of a failure to agree upon the tin plate scale, all the mills in the country are idle to-day, barring four non-union plants, and nearly 50,000 workmen are idle pending a settlement.
Pittsburg, July 1.—The reported strike at the Homestead Steel Works has not taken place as yet, but the men are much worked up over the discharge of the members of the amalgamated committee who waited upon Superintendent Corey yesterday and demanded the return of the men discharged recently for joining the association. Threats of a strike are heard on all sides, but the plant was in full swing to-day.

FIREMEN INJURED.

(Associated Press.)
Pittsburg, July 1.—Weldon's large grocery, a four story brick structure on Market street, was burned to-day, entailing a loss of about \$100,000. During the blaze three firemen were injured. One of them, Joseph G. Geis, fell from the building adjoining and was fatally injured.

FIGHT BETWEEN NEGROES.

(Associated Press.)
Pittsburg, Pa., July 1.—John Moore, of Roanoke, was shot and killed, and Henry Stewart fatally wounded during a quarrel between negro workmen at the Black Diamond steel works to-day. Moore was an innocent spectator.

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THE XORA.

The Sloop Which is to Circle the Globe Has Her Trial Trip.

The sloop Xora, the little craft on which three adventurous, some say foolhardy, mariners, will start on Monday on a voyage such as has never been equalled, since the Vikings cruised, had a trial trip yesterday. She spread her white wings of Captain Warren's wharf, skimed around the harbor, and then, after the buoy had been circled a few times, scudded away before a fair breeze to Esquimaux, where to-day and to-morrow she will be open to visitors at the village pier.
On Monday she will come around to James Bay again and tie up at McIntosh's boat house, from where late in the day, she will be towed to sea to begin her world circling cruise. A hand will be on hand to play some appropriate selections, and an escort will be furnished by the local yachtmen.
It was intended to clear for Paris but the French capital not being a seaport, this cannot be done, so instead, clearance papers will be taken to London via ports.
A large number of Victorians went down to the naval village this morning to see the little vessel, of which since the article appeared in Thursday's Times, nothing of her prospective cruise has been said. Doubtless as there are not so many eager attractions a much larger crowd will inspect the little vessel tomorrow.

HOLIDAY DOINGS.

Victorians Celebrate the Anniversary of Confederation in Usual Quiet Manner.

Dominion Day dawned upon the city with a mantle of absolutely perfect weather. The general rush of business and hum of industry is hushed and the appearance of a deserted city, or an ideal Sunday. The only stir and excitement occurred during the first part of the morning, as the street cars, laden with bright and happy children and joyous holiday makers, hied away to the various haunts of nature beyond the city to enjoy a public or a private picnic.
In accordance with the usual custom nearly all the Sabbath schools are having their annual treat to-day. The schools of the First Presbyterian and St. Andrew's Presbyterian and Emmanuel Baptist churches were converted to Langford Plains. The St. Paul's and St. John's Presbyterian churches will enjoy the day at the Oak Bay golf links. The Methodist schools are all taking the day for the children, the Metropolitan and Centennial going to Rannan Bay Park, while Spring Ridge Sunday school went to Porter's Field, and the James Bay Methodist and the Celtic Baptist church Sunday schools went to the Big Kanaka Ranch, Esquimaux.
Last evening a very large number went over to Vancouver, the First Battalion, Fifth Regiment, and the James Bay increase team accompanying them. The steamers Islander and Yosemite were taxed to their fullest capacity to convey the holiday seekers to their destination.
The farmers of Saanich are holding their annual picnic at the agricultural grounds, South Saanich.

TRY Campbell's Invisible Rose Leaf Face Powder. Pure and aromatic. Is the Best. Corner Fort and Douglas Sts.

OUR Prescription Department Is Up-to-Date. We are Reasonable. We are Prompt. We are Careful. We Buy the Best.

Dominion Parliament

House Makes Excellent Progress With Estimates-Salaries of Postmasters.

Senate Amends the Loan Companies Bill and the Criminal Code.

Ottawa, June 24.—At the opening of the House yesterday the Minister of Railways, in reply to a question by Mr. Clarke (West-Toronto), made a statement in connection with the Grand Trunk railway rules, and with the government's proposal for uniform rules on all roads. Mr. Blair's statement was to the effect that the G.T.R. rules have not yet been put into force, although they have been approved. The rules of the C.A.R. are in exactly in the same position.

From a remark made by Sir Hibbert Tupper in asking for the burying up of the printed report of the inquiry into the case of the Grand Trunk railway, it is apparent that that gentleman proposes once more going into the whole question of the government's administration of Yukon.

In committee of supply the opposition made an attack on the Minister of Railways in connection with an appropriation of \$3,000 for the purpose of a wharf at Mount Stewart, P.E.I., and denounced him for placing parliament in the pocket of the property. Mr. Martin, the local member, who sits on the opposition side of the house, endorsed the government's course. It was also pointed out that no purchase had been finally made, the arrangements being conditional upon the money being voted by parliament. When Mr. Foster continued his attack the Prime Minister asked him whether he really objected to the vote, and threw at him the Latin motto, "De minimis non curat praetor," and added that some matters were not able to be "blown into a mountain."

On an item of \$250,000 for improvements along the north channel of the St. Lawrence Mr. Haggart stated that the undertaking, a very expensive one, had been entirely unapproved by the government. He stated that the bill, which was still a democrat to the hilt, (laughter).

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Salaries of the Postmasters.—In the evening the post office estimates were taken up. A long debate ensued on the salaries paid to postmasters. In regard to salaries which are made by a percentage of the revenue of the office, the Postmaster-General said that in the last year in which the three cent rate was in force. A number of requests were made by members for increases in the salaries of post masters in their respective districts, but the Postmaster-General was unable to hold out any hope for granting these.

The Postmaster-General informed the House that although last year he had estimated that the reduction in the revenue consequent upon the reduction in the domestic rate would be \$500,000, there had been such an increase in the amount of mail carried that it should be that of the last year in which the three cent rate was in force. A number of requests were made by members for increases in the salaries of post masters in their respective districts, but the Postmaster-General was unable to hold out any hope for granting these.

Mr. Hogg had consulted the Minister of Justice, who had admitted the claim of the amount of \$100,000. The Hon. David Mills—He was not refused. The matter is in abeyance. Every amendment to the criminal law was a question of public interest at stake. There was no intention of sending Mr. Burland to jail, but unless these plates were given up there was nothing to prevent these plates from being used to the detriment of Canada to the extent of ten or thousands of dollars.

It was claimed that Mr. Burland under his contract had lithographed stamps instead of steel engraving them. There was no intention of sending Mr. Burland to jail, but unless these plates were given up there was nothing to prevent these plates from being used to the detriment of Canada to the extent of ten or thousands of dollars.

be too large in view of the special needs which arise in connection with the opening of the Yukon, the Crow's Nest Pass work, etc.

Mr. Foster asked if the standard of the force had not deteriorated during the last two years, since the best men were drafted away to Yukon. Mr. Foster praised the work of the Mounted Police and asked if Dawson had any civic government.

Mr. Sifton replied that he had expressed the opinion to the commissioner, Mr. Ogilvie, that it should have.

The Prime Minister explained that he would reserve a few of the larger items in the supplementary estimates for future discussion, and asked the House to put through the balance.

Customs Estimates.—On the customs estimates the Solicitor-General explained that an examination for discovery will proceed on Thursday next in Montreal in the case of the Queen vs. Fitzgibbon, Scharfstein and others.

The House rose at half past one o'clock, excellent progress having been made, such as to justify the hope that the supplementary estimates may be cleared up at the next sitting.

IN THE SENATE.—The Senate yesterday went into committee on the Loan Companies bill, 1st. Hon. David Mills introduced two new paragraphs giving companies power to transact business outside the Dominion. These were adopted. He then proposed an amendment giving companies power to borrow money in any part of the Dominion or elsewhere for the transfer of stock. This was adopted. The bill as amended was reported and the amendments were concurred in.

Senator Allen moved the third reading of the bill incorporating the Canada Permanent and Western-Canada Companies.

Senator Clewson understood that these companies had a capital of fourteen million dollars, not one half paid up. The country would soon be governed by trusts if this sort of thing was allowed.

The bill was read a third time and passed.

The House then went into committee on the Criminal Code Amendment Bill. A new clause governing the crime of kidnapping and to separate the crime of false imprisonment from that of kidnapping was adopted. The clause covering the crime of polygamy was amended to rectify a clerical error in the present law. The libel clause was amended by making it criminal to publish matter of or concerning any person instead of to present to any person. The clause relating to burglary was amended by subjecting any person found with offensive weapons on him when caught in the act of burglary to the lash and additional imprisonment. The following new clause then came up for consideration. That every one is guilty of an indictable offence who has in his possession any playing card, roll or die made for printing or engraving Dominion notes or any stamps to be used for government revenue purposes, printing or engraving any part of any such Dominion note or stamp, who neglects or refuses to demand to deliver the same to the Minister of Finance. The Hon. David Mills said that he intended to add to this clause "but nothing in this section shall prejudice any claim which any person may have against Her Majesty in respect to the said notes, rolls, or stamps." No one had a contract with the government. They could not be used without fraud.

A Provision in the Postoffice Act was simply made general to this bill.

Sir Mackenzie-Bowell said this was one of the numerous bills introduced in session directed at man. A difficulty had arisen between the government and the old contractors for the printing of stamps. The Postmaster-General demanded from the old contractor the dies and plates which the contractor (Mr. Burland) said belonged to him, but that he was willing to give them up if the government paid for them. The Postmaster-General not only said he would not pay for them, but refused also to pay some eight or ten thousand dollars which his department certified was due Mr. Burland, until the plates were given up.

The Postmaster-General said the plates were paid for in the price paid for the goods, but Mr. Burland said they were not.

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was a vast difference in the price of these two kinds of work, and thousands of these unused stamps were in the possession of the Inland Revenue Department. No matter whether he was compensated for the dies or not, it was the duty of the government to compel him to give them up at once.

Sir Mackenzie-Bowell admitted that the clause was a proper one, but still he argued that Mr. Burland had a right to hold on to the dies.

The Hon. David Mills said that right or wrong had nothing to do with the matter. The question was not one of whether Mr. Burland was paid or not. A fiat would be issued, if he delivered up these dies.

The committee rose and reported.

Nemesis on the Trail

Murderers of the Passengers of the Jessie Will Be Punished.

Marshall Shoup Going North With a Well Armed Party.

United States Marshal J. M. Shoup of Alaska is going to investigate the death of the officers and crew of the Seattle steamer Jessie, who either perished in the wreck of their steamer or were brutally massacred by Alaskan coast Indians about a year ago on the Kuskokwim river.

Marshall Shoup says that the Jessie expedition was massacred beyond a doubt. He further asserts that he will bring the murderers of the Jessie to justice if he has to ask for United States troops and chase the rascals through the Alaskan mountains all winter. He will take a number of deputies and a detachment of soldiers from the revenue cutter McCulloch up the river with him, and bring back all Indian suspects to Sitka for trial. He expects to have them in limbo by the end of August.

The story that the revenue cutter Corwin is going to the mouth of the Kuskokwim to investigate the mystery of the Jessie is unfounded. Orders have been sent North countermanning those given the cutter when she left port. The McCulloch will take Marshall Shoup and party on board at Sitka about the middle of August. The officers of the United States court will also be passengers.

According to present plans the McCulloch will sail direct to a safe anchorage in Kuskokwim bay. A shore party, well equipped with guns and provisions, will be landed and they will proceed up the river. Marshall Shoup is arranging to secure native and missionary guides. A bid-trip up the river from the head of steam launch navigation will be made in canoes. It is hoped to take the Indians by surprise and in that way secure evidence that might otherwise be destroyed.

Marshall Shoup, who was a passenger on the Jessie, yesterday by the steamer Queen, said before he sailed:

"I am going after the murderers of the nineteen men of the Seattle steamer Jessie who were killed by Kuskokwim Indians about a year ago while trying to get to alleged gold fields on the head waters of the Kuskokwim river. There is not the slightest doubt in my mind that these prospectors were murdered and the steamer looted by the natives. The testimony sent out by the missionaries on the coast can be relied on, especially that which comes from the native wife of one of the missionaries."

"Of course, things may look different when we arrive on the ground and get fuller details of the mystery. I do not believe, however, that the Jessie was wrecked. The only Indian on board escaped. Alaskan Indians are so vindictive and it is not likely that the Indian would let any of his kind escape. There is little chance for the steamer to have gone down while crossing Kuskokwim bay and once in the river no kind of Alaskan storm would trouble her."

"The Jessie had a great amount of whisky on board. The Indian pilot knew this. My theory of the case is that the whites fell in with a large party of Indians who became troublesome. They were given whisky which only made them more dangerous. Desire for more whisky and the other possessions of the prospectors led to the wholesale murder."

"The Jessie was built at Portland by the Columbia Navigation Co., of which Richard Chilcote, a president and manager. A party was organized to take her up the Kuskokwim river. A number of Kentuckians joined the party, which included a half dozen Seattleites. The Jessie was towed North by the steamer King and left off the entrance to Kuskokwim bay. The officers of the Lakme saw the steamer enter the river. Shortly after a storm came up and the Lakme put to sea. A few weeks later a missionary sent to Dutch Harbor a story of the wreck of the Jessie. It was claimed that all was drowned except the Indian guide, who claimed to have floated ashore on a raft."

Last fall another missionary discovered evidence of foul play. The Indians on the Kuskokwim, after waiting a reasonable length of time, came out in Mackinaw clothing. They sported gold watches and neckties. The refused to go on their annual hunt and seemed to have plenty of white man's food. This was the first suspicion that the men might have been murdered. The government's attention to the outrage was attracted by influential Kentuckians who had lost relatives in the disaster."

The Son (unmistakably)—Say, papa, the fishes is biting like everything down to the creek."

The Son (rejoicing)—Wal, son, just you keep on hookin' pevatars, an' I guess they won't bite you—New York Journal.

IT IS FUNNY.

It is strange how some merchants will spend time trying to sell an inferior article when Foot ELM is asked for, just because they make one or two cents more on a box. Always insist on getting Foot Elm. It satisfies. At drug stores, or by mail. STOTT & JURY, Box 9, Bowmansville, Ont.

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Why do Some Women Grow Homely so Soon?

That's a question we ask ourselves every day as we watch the daily crowd in great cities, in villages and towns. Women nowadays begin to lose their good looks before they are twenty-five; the lustre leaves their eyes, and the color their cheeks, and in its place comes dullness, sallowness, muddiness, or any unhealthy pallor—and presto! beauty is gone.

Wives and daughters, you do not take proper care of yourselves, that's why your good looks vanish. Our grandmothers and great-grandmothers were wiser in their generation than we are today. They did not allow themselves to be so driven as we are, for their steady, continued health gave them strength enabling them to keep abreast of their work which, when it was finished, left them tired, but happy, not as we find ourselves today, bilious and constipated and generally forlorn.

Their secret will be found in the regular use of herb teas, prominent among them being preparations of clover tops and clover roots. These keep their digestion in good trim, and so make their blood pure and muscles strong. That's why they were so capable on their feet, and could do their own housework till they were three-score and ten!

Karl's Clover Root Tea revives the use of this wonderful plant in our generation; its formula, prescribed by a famous German physician, is printed on every package. "The proof of the pudding is in the eating." Why not try this grand remedy? We guarantee your cure or money refunded.

Write to S. C. Wells & Co., 52 Colburn Street, Toronto, Ont., and they will mail you a sample free of charge. Sold throughout the United States and Canada at 25c. and 50c., in England, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 3d.



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A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF BABY CARRIAGES AND GO-CARTS JUST RECEIVED.

We cannot mention all the styles that are in our show-rooms, but we would like the opportunity of drawing your attention to the "very latest models."

WEILER BROS., GOVERNMENT STREET.

Note.—For the above goods, take the elevator to the fourth floor.

Australia is highest in the list as a meat-eating nation, with a consumption of 276 pounds per inhabitant per year. Great Britain coming next, with 115 pounds.

Manila rope made in the United States has a large sale in Paraguay. The price is 12 to 15 cents a pound. American cotton twine and fishing lines are also sold at from 20 to 40 cents.

The Duchess of Bedford is a great cat fancier. She owns the finest Siamese cats in the world.

James Edwin Cooke, once famous as the champion and 10-horse rider of the world, is living in an abandoned street car in Long Island.

Spain's new minister to the United States, the Duke d'Acr6s, is slim and below medium height. He wears a straggling bald beard, his hair is thin, and he has a bald spot on the top of his head.

AWAY BACK IN '95

Samuel Kernohan's Story Was First Made Known.

He is Still of the Same Mind—Living at His Old Home in Gelert, Ont.—His Recent Letter.

Toronto, June 30.—Last week the Canadian papers printed a despatch, giving a short account of a novel scrap-book which a Toronto man has compiled. In it, in the shape of newspaper clippings, are thousands of the published cases effected by Dodd's Kidney Pills or Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Heart Failure, Female Complaints, Nervous Troubles, and Disorders of the Bladder and Urinary Organs. The owner of the scrap-book received a large number of replies to the enquiries he sent out to determine whether cure by Dodd's Kidney Pills were lasting or not. Samuel Kernohan, Gelert, Ont., is one of these.

In 1885, Mr. Kernohan's case was published. He had been a sufferer since December of 1883. He was attended by five doctors, three of them pronounced his case Floating Kidneys, two of them Spinal Disease. All five agreed that it was incurable. When his money was nearly all gone, as a last hope Mr. Kernohan tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. Three boxes put him on his feet, and a continued treatment cured him entirely. Here is his recent letter.

Gelert P. O., Ont., May 27th, 1890. Dear Sir,—In answer to your request I now write. I am much pleased to be able to say that I have been as sound as ever. I was ill about two weeks ago, since when I have been a little under the weather, but not with the old complaint. I got another letter from London, Canada, from a woman to ask if the cure was as advertised, and I answered it, as I do this one. I have never ceased to thank Dodd's Kidney Pills for my cure. I saw my old doctor the other day and he said my case was something wonderful. Yours truly, SAMUEL KERNOHAN.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are for sale at all druggists, fifty cents a box, or will be sent on receipt of price, by the Dodd's Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Western Canadian press excursion returned to Winnipeg last night from the Pacific coast.

There are at present three tunnels being excavated, and a fourth is being projected.

Stoddart's Jewelry 68 YATES STREET.

Stoddart's Watches Prices over than ever.

APOLI & STEEL PILLS A REMEDY FOR IRRREGULARITIES.

Superior Bitter Apple, Pfl. Cochin, Pennyroyal, &c.

J. N. S. WILLIAMS, ENGINEER.

Is prepared to supply and erect in working order Mining, Milling and Metallurgical Machinery by the best makers; Blast Power and Diamond Rock Drills of all styles. Office: 14 Board of Trade building.

REFORMS FOR SAMOA.

International Commissioners Are Now Busy With Their Report.

Apia, Samoa, June 16, via San Francisco, June 30.—Immediately after the arrival of the international commission here the members held interviews, first with King Tanu, then with Matafa. Tanu was not at first recognized as king by the commissioners.

Tanu and his chiefs readily agreed to give up their arms and stated that they were prepared to accept any form of government the commission might recommend even if the kingship was abolished.

Matafa readily agreed to give up the guns held by him in part but insisted that as the weapons were the private property of the natives they should receive compensation for them. The commission issued a proclamation stating that the guns would either be returned or proper payment made for them after all troubles had been settled.

After Matafa's men had turned in eighteen hundred rifles and the Tanu supporters a thousand more, there he was informed that the commissioners supported the decision by Chief Justice Chambers and that Tanu had been king of Samoa ever since the decision had been rendered. Tanu said that he was willing to do anything for the good of Samoa and at the request of the commissioners resigned his kingship to them.

The commission is now engaged in formulating its report. The abolition of the kingship will be a feature of the report, also the abolition of the office of President of Apia. This municipality is to be governed by a council and mayor. The judicial and diplomatic functions of the consuls will be greatly restricted and the commission recognizes that the Supreme Court and consuls are sufficient for the needs of Samoa. Revenue will be raised by direct taxation and by means of increased customs duties. The poll tax will be abolished. The license and tax rates of Apia will remain as formerly under the treaty. The Supreme Court will remain under the treaty. An administrator or governor will be appointed who will not be a subject to the treaty powers. He is to be assisted by a legislative council of three, one appointed by each of the three treaty powers. The council will legislate for the Samoans and be assisted by a small body of representative Samoans. The government will have the power of veto over all proposed laws.

Chief Justice Chambers wishes to resign his position and return to the United States, but on the request of the commissioners he decided to remain.

Some of the rebels, dissatisfied with the proclamation providing for a provisional government, have declined to give up their rifles. Matafa disclaimed any responsibility for this action.

At a Cure vs Asthma Relief

It is a recognized fact among those suffering from asthma that when they use the temporary relief asthma remedies which require to be burned, the worse they become, until it loses its effect entirely. Clarke's Kola Compound is not among this class, but will permanently cure the worst case of asthma in from 50 to 90 days. Mr. P. J. Easton, proprietor of Easton's Music Store, Vancouver, B. C., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from asthma in its worst form for over 15 years, and had consulted many physicians both in England and Canada, but obtained no relief. A friend of mine who had been cured by the Kola Compound entirely cured me. It is now over two years since my recovery and I have had no return of the disease. I am now able to take Clark's Kola Compound I have many nights had to sit up nearly all night in the most wonderful remedy, and it affords me much pleasure in attesting my appreciation of anything so worthy as Clark's Kola Compound by all druggists. Free sample bottle sent to any person. Mention this paper. Address: The Kola Compound, 421 Church Street, Toronto, or Vancouver, B. C., sole Canadian agents."

KAISER WANTS A NEW MINISTRY

Berlin, June 30.—The Tagblatt says: "The Emperor has summoned Prince Herbert Bismarck to an audience." The paper connects it with a possible new Prussian ministry, which there is reason to believe the Kaiser will form in order to have his way in putting through the North German canal measure. There was a suggestion in the Prussian Diet yesterday caused by the arrival of Dr. Loebner, of the Kaiser's personal staff, who wanted to see the Secretary of State, Von Miquel.

COLORED MINER'S STRIKE.

St. Louis, June 30.—A special from Carbonate, Ills., says: "It is reported that a number of colored miners from Pana, Ills., who went to the Williamson county coal fields last night were freed upon today when they attempted to enter the mines at Fredona. When near the mines they were met with a fusillade of shots, resulting in the killing of two persons and wounding twenty men. Desultory firing has, it is reported, been going on all morning."

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

Washington, June 30.—General Leonard was in Washington today. He came at the request of the officials of the war department to confer with the President and Secretary of War regarding the situation in the islands and to discuss with them future plans. General Wood says advice from Santiago are such as to convince him there will be no serious outbreak of yellow fever.

Dyspepsia in its worst forms will yield to the use of Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

THE CABLE SCHEME.

Toronto, June 30.—A special to the Evening Telegram, dated London, June 29, says: "The afternoon papers here have more or less comment on the mission of the deputation which waited on the Chancellor of the Exchequer and the Colonial Secretary yesterday in opposition to the Imperial government monetary aid to the Pacific cable scheme, and the editorial remarks are generally unfavorable to the deputation."

AN INTERESTING CASE.

Mr. W. C. Phyllis, proprietor Bodega Hotel, 36 Wellington street east, Toronto, says: "While

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co. Limited. Supply from their Nanaimo, Southfield and Protection Island Collieries. Steam Coal. Double Screened Lump, Run of the Mine, Washed Nuts and Screenings.

The Daily Times.

Published every day (except Sunday) by the Times Printing & Publishing Co. W. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Office: 23 Broad Street, Telephone No. 45.

Subscription Price: Daily, one month, by carrier, 75 cents; one week, by carrier, 20 cents; per annum, \$7.00.

Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 11 o'clock a.m. if received later than that hour, will be changed the following day.

All communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of the Times," Victoria, B.C.

The Daily Times is on Sale at the following places in Victoria: CASIMIRO'S BOOK EXCHANGE, 105 Douglas Street.

WHORY'S CIGAR STAND, 23 Government Street.

KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE, 75 Yates Street.

H. GEO. MASON, Dawson Hotel Entrance, Yates Street.

VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY COMPANY, 61 Government Street.

E. N. HERRIN & COMPANY, 29 Government Street.

F. CAMPBELL, Tobacconist, 92 Government Street.

GEORGE MARSDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government.

H. W. WALKER (Switch Grocery), Esquimalt Road.

W. WILBY, 91 Douglas Street.

MRS. CROOK, Victoria West Post-Office.

GEO. J. COOK, Victoria West.

T. REDDING, Craigflower Road, Victoria West.

THE ATLIN AGITATION.

In the petition presented by Mr. Hans Helgeson, M.P.P., to the government, as coming from the "merchants, business men and miners of the Atlin district," there is a clause which we are assured by a competent authority just down from Atlin, does not meet with the approval of the working miners, and which ought not to pass unchallenged. It is the clause relating to the hydraulic leases, and it is as follows:

"The delay of the government in the issue of leases for hydraulic mining has prevented the employment of a great many men in the necessary work of prospecting the leases with a view to determining their value, and to obtain the necessary data for floating their companies next winter.

"It has also had the sad effect of driving out capital. Numerous capitalists have come here with almost unlimited capital behind them, willing to invest, but have gone out in disgust, not being able to acquire ground, as the government has refused to grant leases.

"We therefore earnestly hope that the government will at once remedy this evil by granting hydraulic leases when applied for, and recommended by the gold commissioner."

The Times is informed that the granting of those leases will do serious injustice to the working miners, for the reason that the operations of the hydraulic miners will fill the creeks with debris, and make it quite impossible for the miners to work. We are further assured that the feeling of the working miners in the district is almost unanimously against the granting of those leases, and that the clause mentioned was not placed in that petition by their consent. It is as well that the government should be made fully aware of that before any action is taken in the matter. The government's aim all through has been to protect as far as possible the working miners, and the wishes of that body should be carefully consulted before anything is done.

From all we are able to learn there seems to be no doubt that the extension of the close season is working hardship to the working miners of the district. Feeling on this point runs high amongst the miners, many of whom with characteristic recklessness have abandoned their claims, tents, tools and other property and gone on to Dawson, despairing of seeing the difficulties which have arisen in the Atlin adjusted in time to be of any service to them.

The action of Judge Irving in ordering to give a decision in the cases in dispute, if one case could be laid before him in its entirety, on the same day that he received the evidence, greatly pleased the miners. He has before him twenty-eight parallel cases (Northwest by British Columbia licenses). But the miners strenuously object to the twenty-five dollar stipulation, and the compulsory lawyer in the hearing of the cases.

Another matter which is exciting comment in the district is the action of Mr. Reant, who is charged with having given receipts and never recorded them. There is the Times is informed, a strong feeling that his case should be squandered at the earliest moment, as it is thought in the district the delay in doing so is

caused by the desire of the government to sustain him in the alleged irregularity. It is to be hoped that the reply of the government to the petition will be such as to convince the miners that their interests are not being in any manner neglected.

JUSTICE FOR DREYFUS.

That power which is said to guide the destinies of the human race would appear to have issued the fiat: "France nor the world shall rest till justice be done to Dreyfus." Every new turn in the case recalls a lower depth of infamy in French officialdom, until one feels like exclaiming: "Is there a man connected with the military service of France who is not an abandoned scoundrel?"

The interest in the affair is spreading far beyond the borders of the unhappy country which is enduring the exposure of the most horrible corruption ever decried before the world. But the latest news from that quarter is more disquieting than any so far—that the chief of the court of revision is a vile partisan, and cannot be depended to do his duty. It is hard to believe the French people of to-day are the descendants of the republicans of the revolution, that they stand idly by and see the honor of France soiled by that gang of imitation soldiers. There was a French people who would have meted out swift Parisian justice to fellows like Paty de Clam and Esterhazy, for their swaggering impertinence if for nothing else; and to Mercier, the arch-foe of the tragedy.

It is not a pleasant thing to contemplate the position in which France would have found herself had war been declared with Germany and the chiefs of the French army hand-and-glove with the enemy, selling their country for so much in cash or for a fresh political "pull."

Waldeck-Rousseau has given the first warning yet issued to the army to have a care; had he done so as premier six months ago he would have been bundled out of office. But the national conscience has been awakened, and when a man is found bold enough to take the army by the nose and cut its ears, so to speak, the people are more inclined to applaud him than to invite him to resign. The French army chiefs must be taught that the army is subordinate to the will of the people, and that the army is not the supreme power in the land.

Abuses have grown into traditions; perpetuated blunders have crystallized into a military creed and become the vested interests of the army which must be held sacred. It is all nonsense—the light of day must be let into the dark places of the army, and its officers and officers subjected to critical scrutiny, and prove themselves worthy if they are to remain.

The most intensely interesting act in the great tragedy of Dreyfus is about to open. All other topics appear insignificant by the side of this titanic struggle between the forces of right and wrong. Justice ought to be done to Dreyfus even if France be plunged into revolution to secure the triumph of the right.

THE TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

Great Britain may be at war with the Transvaal within a year. Two things are operating to maintain the peace. First the magnificent diplomacy of President Kruger, and second the warnings of military experts that it is not a war which can be entered into lightly or without much preparation.

The several sharp lessons learnt by the British government in its dealings with the Transvaal have had their due effect, and it is very unlikely there will be any more of the blunders which characterized the former operations in that country. The Transvaal military force has been vastly improved since Majuba, not only in technique but also in arms and appliances.

It is a mistake to refer to or think of the Burghers as a lot of raw farmers and cowboys. The word of a distinguished British soldier may be quoted that they are amongst the finest troops in the world, and that the conquest of them even by Great Britain would be a tremendous task. No one cares nowadays to risk the ridicule of his hearers by referring to the Boers as cowardly, the men who could not be dislodged from Laing's Nek and who carried Majuba Hill in the teeth of such troops as the Gordon Highlanders and the Naval Brigade are not to be described as cowards, unless one is getting off a grim joke.

It is the firm conviction of men who know the Boers from actual experience that every one of them would die in his boots for the maintenance of the independence of the republic. They come of the stock that whipped the Spaniards after a long struggle in Holland; no one can read the "Revolt of the Netherlands" or "The Rise of the Dutch Republic" without feeling that the people who could shatter the power of a nation like Spain on the zenith of its strength were not likely to leave a progeny of pitiful men.

But then the best answer to the charge that the Boers are a cowardly lot is supplied in their present attitude toward Great Britain. It is said to be due to ignorance of the real strength of this empire, but that cannot be the true cause; for they have had in London for years men of the highest intelligence as representatives, and Mr. Kruger himself is perfectly aware of the power of Britain, in fact he has astonished more than one earlier with the intimate knowledge which he has displayed of the resources of the British Empire.

Neither should it be said that the ignor-

ance is on our side, for here is the very unpleasant fact that the Boer artillery is now so much superior to the British that if the latter had to go into action against the Boers it would be annihilated before it could do anything. The London Daily Mail, in commenting on this startling state of affairs says: "The Transvaal government possesses in South Africa no less than forty-six quick-firing guns of the latest pattern—a total of only twenty-two British slow-firing guns. This is by no means a disadvantage to the nation or creditable to the British War Office. Three more batteries are now under orders for Natal, which will strengthen our artillery in South Africa greatly, but their guns will not be quick-firers. Six months ago they would not have been able to do anything."

"We cannot complain that the Boers have adopted the newest and best weapon; on the contrary, the charge of rustic thick-headedness which is sometimes brought against them is by this fact disproved. They value the lives of their men, and they argue very reasonably that they must give their men the best, even if that best is not the cheapest. They have no circumlocution office to waste precious months in talk and red tape; no frantic economists, to decry all systematic preparation for war on account of its cost."

"It is not a good thing, from the standpoint of Imperial policy, that this contrast should exist. And, be it remembered, every great army—the world is now adopting, where it has not already adopted, a quick-firing gun. For England, Colonel Clarke has devised a means and method of converting our present guns so as to make them quick-firing; but, good though the invention is, it is doubtful whether these converted guns can be considered equal to the new French, German, or Boer patterns. Still, they should be supplied without delay to our forces in South Africa; or, better still, guns of the type employed in the Sudan by Lord Kitchener should be bought and dispatched."

The military policy which England should pursue is fairly obvious. Her soldiers are the most expensive in the world—except the American—being furnished by voluntary service. As they cost so much, and are necessarily so few they should certainly be the best armed."

At a recent meeting of the members of the Liverpool Shippers' Association attention was called to the extraordinary proceedings of the American boarding-masters at Pacific coast ports since the new American Shipping act came into force, as instanced in the cases of the Howard D. Troop and some other ships. After discussion it was moved and carried unanimously that the committee of the association be requested to take such steps as they thought fit to obtain the abolition of "blood money" at San Francisco, Portland, and other United States ports, and the provision of proper police protection for masters and crews.

A new tug is being built on False creek for the Albion Cannery company. The tug, which is to be called the Albion, is being built under the direction of Capt. Bridgeman, late of the steamer Manawatu, who will command the vessel when completed. The Albion is 42 feet in length, and will have machinery of capacity to develop 200 horse power. It is expected that she will be ready to be launched about the middle of July.

D.G.S. Quadra was draped with bunting to-day and all the shipping in port flew their colors in honor of the natal day of the Dominion.

For those who wish to go where the Eagle screams on July 4th, George L. Courtney has arranged an excursion. The steamer City of Nanaimo, which has been renovated and overhauled, will sail from the wharf from where the lost Kingston went to swing out, at 9 a.m. on July 3rd, and returning will leave Seattle at midnight on July 4th. The fare is \$2 for the round trip.

Steamer Willapa is at Sehl's wharf loading lumber for the West Coast. She will sail this evening. Among those booked to sail by her are: T. S. Spencer and Messrs. Halston, Cranston and Jodson.

British ship County of Cardigan, Hugues, master, 120 tons, will shortly leave Anjer for this port.

Steamer Tees is due from the North.

TANUS TO BE TRANSPORTED.

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BASEBALL.

BEATEN IN VANCOUVER.

At the Maple Leaf Base Ball Club playing at Brockton Point yesterday morning and sustained a defeat, the score being 8 to 3. It should be stated that the Maple Leaf team played three men shut out.

Personal.

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sel had struck a rock. A rush was made for the boats but Captain McLeod soon recalled his men to their duty. The pumps were tried and no leak found, after which an examination was made. It was then seen from the general appearance of things that it was an earthquake that had given the men the scare.

The U. S. coast and geodetic survey steamer Patterson sailed to-day for the Yukon from Seattle to undertake the development and survey for marine guidance of the outside portion of what is known as the Yukon flats. Last year she surveyed the two channels ways out as far as the shoals part of the bar, solving the problem as to what draft vessels may with safety enter the Yukon's mouth. Chart maps showing the work accomplished have already been published by the government. They reveal that at low tide a vessel drawing nine feet of water can pass over the bar, and one of thirteen feet draft at high tide.

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LIPTON'S CEYLON TEA. RICH, PURE, FRAGRANT. The finest money can buy. Over 1,000,000 packages Lipton's Teas sold weekly in Great Britain alone. THOS. EARLE, Victoria, Wholesale Agent.

THE Brais BRAND. For Sale by Haberdashers and Dry Goods Houses Everywhere.

PUNCTUALITY IN BUSINESS. OUR NEW RULE, June 1, 1899. The Province Publishing Co., Ltd. Printers, Binders and Engravers.

The Churches. Services To-Morrow.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co., Ltd. EXCURSION TO PORT ANGELES. Tuesday, July 4. 50c. Fare for Round Trip 50c. 5th Regiment Band in Attendance.

WANTED. To purchase for cash a horse and buggy, must be in good condition. Apply % to this office.

GOVERNMENT NURSERY. Young lady (Scottish) desires situation in charge children; good pianist; dressmaker. Apply "X," Times office.

GOOD FITS GUARANTEED. general sewing solidified. \$1.00 per day. 170 Cook street.

TO LET. RENT-Office in the Times building, ground floor. Apply at Times office.

TENDERS. NOTICE TO BUILDERS-Tenders will be received up to 4 p. m. Wednesday, 5th inst., for the erection of a brick building facing Johnson street, for smith shop and carriage works. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. John Trague, Architect.

EDUCATIONAL. PRIVATE TUITION-The undersigned is prepared to give private instruction and to receive pupils for tuition in branches: English, Commercial, Mathematical, and Classical education. Practical instruction will be given. For terms, etc., apply at 74 Kingston street. S. D. POPE, L.L.D.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL-Room 2, Adams Block, 15 Broad street. Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping taught.

SOCIETIES. VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meet first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 p.m.

FRIENDSHIP ORDER-BAGLES-The Victoria Order No. 12 P. O. E. hold their regular weekly meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, Workman Hall, Yates street.

VETERINARY. S. F. TOLMIE, Veterinary Surgeon-Office at Bray's livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417.

MISCELLANEOUS. REMOVAL-Thomas Catterall, builder and general contractor, to 16 Broad street, near Fort.

NO MORE BAD DEBTS-Collections made world-wide. In city and in any part of Canada or United States. All claims receive immediate attention. Will call upon receipt of postal. Victoria Law & Collection Agency, 4 Adams block, 15 Broad street, Victoria, B. C.

A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hanger and Tinners and decorators in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooling Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128.

SCAVENGERS. JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty-Yards and cess-pools cleaned; contracts made for removal of earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Port street, grocery; John Cochran, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 130.

AMUSEMENTS. SAANICH FARMERS' annual basket picnic will be held at Agricultural Grounds, Saanichton, on July 1st. Visitors are invited. No liquor sold on the ground. Bring your baskets. Hot water supplied.

SAVOY THEATRE. JACKSON & McDONELL, PROPRIETORS VICTORIA. PETER H. SMITH, GEORGE WALSH, Stage Manager Musical Director. Performers will please address all mail to SAVOY THEATRE, VANCOUVER, B. C. P. O. Box 352.

SEATTLE JULY 4th 1899. The Popular Excursion Steamer "City of Nanaimo" will sail from Kingston wharf for Seattle 8:00 p. m., July 3rd. Returning will sail from Seattle midnight, July 4th.

CHAPTER XII. 1. Long-continued fermentations of undigested food sometimes ulcerate the stomach. 2. Chronic dyspepsia often leads to distressing complications which are neglected until the system is wrecked. 3. Hundreds of dollars are wasted by sufferers on insipid stomachics which Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets will cure for 35 cents. 4. They cure dyspepsia at any stage. 5. They cure indigestion and relieve all distress from the start. Druggists sell these tablets at 35 cents a box—sixty tablets in a box.

DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS are so pure, and so absolutely free from harmful chemicals, that a child may take them. They tone up the most delicate stomach, and they cure the worst forms of dyspepsia.

Tickets for sale at E. & N. Railway Station, Northern Pacific Railway Co.'s office, Government street, and at steamer's wharf Monday afternoon. GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager, E. & N. Ry.

Sporting News.

BASEBALL.

JEFFRIES, AS AN UMPIRE.

Money comes easy to a champion. Jim Jeffries cleaned up nearly \$500 in Paterson in about two hours and didn't strike a blow. He umpired a ball game. As a umpire Jeffries will never wear medals enough to make him far rarer, but as a drawing card he discounts eighteen ball players. Nearly 3,000 Patersonians crowded the grounds at Lake View to see the champion. The biggest crowd that ever assembled to see a baseball game in that town previously numbered 190 men, women and policemen.

Baseball has never induced Paterson to part with its money to any extent, and in consequence the teams that have represented the town in the Atlantic League have been as yellow as a gambler's watch. An entirely new team was put in the field yesterday; a team imported from New Orleans. Fitted against them were the Lancaster champions of the Atlantic League, and about as swift an aggregation of one-eight-stamp players as ever kicked up the dust on a diamond. But even with the attraction offered by the game it was Jeffries that drew the thousands.

Champion Kissed the Babies.

The big champion came over from Philadelphia on a morning train. He rode from Newark to Paterson by trolley, kissed three babies and accumulated a bunch of roses before going to the ball grounds. Billy Brady, Jack Jeffries and Ross O'Neill accompanied him. Defiance and Day were so soundly in Philadelphia that it was found impossible to awaken them for the train.

For days previous to the game Brady, who is optimistic to a degree, believed in Jeffries in Newark as "champion of the world." All Paterson knew he would umpire the ball game, and considerable of Paterson determined to get a glimpse of the pugilist and enjoy a ball game for one price of admission.

Not included in the receipts at the gate was the money in the pockets of about one thousand thrifty persons who perched on a bluff outside the grounds. This distressed Brady exceedingly, but there was no help for it. However, if he had had time before the game he would have moved the hill.

Before the players went out to practice they were introduced to Jeffries, who shook the hand of each and grinned good-naturally. He had great fun with the Paterson pitcher, a son of the name of St. Oliver. The player with the thirty-two-year-old face is 6 feet 9 inches tall and about fourteen inches around. Contrasted with Jeffries, he looked like a telegraph pole alongside of a frame house.

Pitcher Was Tall Timber.

"You ought to make a good serapper," volunteered Jeffries, after a critical inspection. "About the only way they could hit you would be with a trolley car." The big fellow was a trifle under the grand stand until just before the time to call the game. He was undoubtedly nervous and fidgeted around like a boy. Somebody had supplied him with the reddest sweater that was ever made. He had on a pair of trousers that were almost white, and both of his feet were surrounded with cerise circles. His make-up was patriotic, but he seemed to have something on his mind. It came out:

"Say," he ventured finally, calling his manager aside, "if there's any speechmaking to be done you've got to do it. Noting fees Brady, and he promised. He showed that, added to his many accomplishments, he is what Coney Island would call a "balldropper" performer of great promise. When the time came he stepped out in front of the grand stand, and in a voice that was doubtless audible in every corner, introduced, with many verbal flourishes, "The American (accet on the American) Champion of the World."

At this Jeffries, who had been hiding behind the grand stand, came forth and showed himself. The crowd cheered like Indians, and the big fellow ducked his head like a man going through a low door. There were bursts of "speech" "speech" but the sound of the big fellow's voice in oratory was drowned then. It was decided that Jeffries should decide the plays on bases, while Anderson, the regular umpire, called balls and strikes. Jeffries borrowed a chest of tobacco and took his place behind first base and the game was on.

It was not until the second inning that he was called on to render a decision on a close play. He called a Paterson player out at first. The player turned around to object, and Jeffries waved one of his large hands. The player subsided and walked to the bench. In the third inning he ran up against two gentle players of the Lancaster team, Laroque and "Piggy" Ward. Laroque has a voice like a fire engine going over a wooden bridge. Paterson was at bat and a player was on second. With a quick throw the pitcher caught him. He was at least three feet off the base. Jeffries had just turned around to expostulate with the wind and did not see the play. He promptly called the man safe.

Laroque came at him roaring like a distressed elephant, and from another direction came "Piggy" Ward, also roaring. The pugilist was puzzled. Laroque ran up to him, threw his hands high in the air and poured out words as only a ball player can. When he got breathless, "Piggy" Ward took his place. The rest of the team turned somersaults and gave vent to other expressions of deep and abiding disgust.

The look of astonishment on Jeffries' face was comical. He gazed appealingly at Brady, who sat on the home players' bench, but got no encouragement. The Lancaster men, believing they had him going, renewed their verbal onslaughts. Jeffries got mad.

"I called the man safe, didn't I?" he queried in a hard voice. "Out-ridden-off base-b-r-r-wo-w-b-z." yelled Laroque and "Piggy" Ward in chorus. "Now, look here," said Jeffries, "you shut up or I'll put you out of the game, see?"

With that he inserted one of his hands in his pocket and pulled forth a watch. The crowd screamed in sheer enjoyment. Laroque and "Piggy" Ward talked softly, persuasively, and Jeffries walked out in the field, his eyes on the face of the watch. The Lancaster men hustled to their places and the game was resumed.

A few moments later Jeffries evaded things up by calling a Paterson player out at first when he had beaten the ball there by a city block.

After five innings had been played he sent in a messenger to inquire how long

"A step in the right direction" is to give up using poor or adulterated tea and drink Blue Ribbon Beylon Tea.

the game would last. He said he was sleepy. Brady sent back word that it would be over in fifteen minutes, and Jeffries cheered up and placed an unlighted cigar in his visage. He showed the crowd some bursts of speed in running around the base lines, and on one occasion beat a foot runner in a dash of about fifteen yards to get close to a base play.

At times Jeffries was puzzled about decisions, but he managed to guess right generally, and his umpiring had no effect on the result, which was 4 to 3 in favor of Lancaster.

After the game the good natured champion was nearly mobbed on his way to his carriage. He came to New York by way of Newark and went to the Vanderbilt hotel.

In a sense Jeffries made his debut as a championship attraction. Mr. Brady has written a play called "The Rough Rider," in which he will star his champion next season. During the summer James J. will umpire ball games to wear off the stage fright.—New York Journal.

THE WHEEL.

A GLORIOUS RUN.

The following amusing description of a bicycle ride enjoyed by a party of Vancouver and Nanaimo schoolmen from the Coal City to Victoria, is taken from the Province. The party included Collector of Customs Howell, Inspector of Inland Revenue Miller, Freight Agent Louitt, and City Ticket Agent Sifer of the C. P. R., all of Vancouver, and Vincent Good, the popular employee of the New Vancouver Coal Co. at Nanaimo. "One of Them" thus describes the run:

"We left Saturday on the steamer Joan for Nanaimo. At Nanaimo we were joined by Mr. V. W. Good, of the New Westminster Coal Company, who is a most entertaining cyclist and a prince of good fellows. At first he intended to escort the party a few miles on the journey, but ended by going. If the rest of the Nanaimo cyclists compare at all favorably with 'One of Them' the Vancouver schoolmen say they are all right. The great C. P. R. official refused to leave Nanaimo until the party were all supplied with accident insurance policies.

"Right here the trouble began. The party was 'ring up' and his telephone proved to be 13.

"At 7 p. m. we left Nanaimo for Chemainus, where the night was to be spent, but in the outskirts of the city the railway flagstaff's tire exploded—accident No. 1.

"A new wheel being procured, we were at last on our way, when 10 miles from Nanaimo the inland revenue strip broke a crank, and we were compelled to ride the remaining 15 miles with only one pedal—accident No. 2.

"Some three miles further the coming bank president broke his chain—accident No. 3.

"The C. P. R. was given a grand opportunity of working up both muscle and appetite, by trundling his wheel the balance of the 12 miles. However, 'all's well that ends well,' and a hearty supper put us all in good humor. Next morning an early start had been arranged for, but by the time the bashful and retiring customs official, who is not as young as he used to be, was routed out and breakfast polished off, it was 8 a. m.

"The road from Chemainus to Duncan is an ideal one for cyclists, smooth as a billiard table.

"It runs through a charming stretch of agricultural country. At Duncan we intended to partake of mid-day dinner and to match—very easily applied—easily cleaned—and strictly fire proof and sanitary, giving permanent beauty, points no other style of finish can offer.

"Prices are moderate—if you'd like an estimate mail us an outline showing the shape and measurements of your walls and ceilings.

METALLIC ROOFING CO. Limited

MANUFACTURERS, TORONTO.

A. B. FRASER, SR., SELLING AGENT, VICTORIA.

confirmed report that the racing gear of the Shamrock will be shipped to-morrow on board the American Blue steamer New York, which sails for New York. The Shamrock was not injured by going on the mud on Wednesday.

New York, June 30.—The new cup defender Columbia dropped anchor in the sound just off the New Rochelle yacht club this morning. The yacht has come to prepare for the races which are expected to prove her fitness to race with the Shamrock.

THE OAK.

CANADIANS GOING STRONG.

Toronto, June 30.—The special to the Evening Telegram from—Healey on the Thames says the Toronto eight were out bright and early today, and went over the course against a head wind in 7:45. Goldman is trying flying starts and rowing half course spins, always finishing strong. All the men are in prime condition. Nat Scholze, who arrived from Toronto yesterday, is looking after the quartette. Their boat, kindly loaned by the London Rowing Club, is an excellent one. It is 4 feet longer than the Clasper creation and floats them better.

THE TURF.

RACING AT NEWMARKET.

London, June 30.—At Newmarket today the Waterbury Welter Handicap was won by Lord Ellensmere's Pheon. Sir J. Miller's Galahad, 3 to 1, with Stoupe up, was second, and Candalaria third. Ten horses ran.

The race for the Princess Cup was won by Lacarolina, filly. Yumbou, Lord Beresford's bay gelding, ridden by Stoupe (R. B. S.), finished third. Mr. J. Porter's bay filly Mercury was second, beating 11 to 4 against Yumbou.



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Metallic Ceilings and Walls

are being used by progressive people all over the country. You can choose from designs suitable for any room of any building, with borders, moldings, etc. to match—they are easily applied—easily cleaned—and strictly fire proof and sanitary, giving permanent beauty, points no other style of finish can offer.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

500-PACIFIC LINE

Travel with comfort by the

"IMPERIAL LIMITED"

The fastest train crossing the continent.

It is a through train, making few stops.

Its equipment is of surpassing elegance.

It will pay you to travel by it.

For full particulars as to rates, time and copies of C.P.R. publications apply to

H. W. GREER, Agent, Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

YACHTING.

THE RIVAL YACHTS.

Southampton, June 30.—A former officer of Valkyrie II, the yacht which was defeated by the Defender in the recent American cup, said to-day he thought the Shamrock had all her work-out out. In the opinion of the yachting world here, Lipton has made a great mistake in appointing two skippers, owing to the probability of a clash of opinion.

It has now been decided that the Shamrock will not be docked here.

Immediately after the trial races will go to Belfast for inspection by the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, and will return to Southampton before crossing the Atlantic. She will be conveyed to America by the steam yacht Erin, which will also accompany her on all her trips. There is an un-

WILL LEAVE

Nanaimo for Victoria, Thursday, 7 a.m.

Nanaimo for Victoria, Friday, 7 a.m.

Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

Nanaimo for Victoria, Sunday, 7 a.m.

Calling at way ports.

Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and return same day.

For rates apply on board or at Porter's Wharf.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS TO AND FROM All Points in Europe. Via Montreal, Quebec, Boston or New York, and all steamship lines. For all information as to sailings, rates, etc., apply R. W. GREER, Agent, Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

The Boscowitz Steamship Co., Ltd. STR. BOSCOWITZ Will leave Spratt's wharf on THURSDAY, 6TH JULY AT 10 P.M. For Naas River and Way Ports VIA VANCOUVER.

Canadian Development Co. Ltd. H. MAITLAND-KERRIEY, Managing Director. BENNETT LAKE AND UPPER YUKON ROUTE. Carrying Canadian and United States Mails and Express.

Atlin, Dawson and Yukon. Goods routed through in bond. Express matter and postal express messages carried at reasonable rates. Fast through steamer service between Bennett Lake and Dawson City.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. For San Francisco. The company's elegant steamships Queen City of British Columbia, Walla Walla and Unstilla, carrying H.M. mails, leave VICTORIA, 8 p.m. June 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, July 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, August 2, and every fifth day thereafter.

O.R. & N. Oregon Short Line. Lowest Rates. Shortest Route. Seattle to all points East and Southeast, via Portland, Salt Lake City and Beaver. Pullman palace sleepers, upholstered tourist sleepers and free reclining chair cars; steam heat, electric light.

Agency Atlantic S.S. Lines. Orders issued for passage from Great Britain or THE CONTINENT. RICHARD HALL, Agent, 100 Government Street, Seattle, W. H. WULBERT, G.P.A., Portland.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., 100 Government Street.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED) WHARF STREET, VICTORIA. Time Table No. 41—Taking Effect June 1, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock a.m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 1:15 p.m. or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

C. P. N. Co., Ltd., Steamers. Will leave Turner, Beaton & Co's wharf for DYE, SKAGWAY, WRANGEL. Carrying Her Majesty's Mails. As follows at 8 p.m.

"ALPHA" Will leave Turner, Beaton & Co's Wharf for Dyea, Skagway and Wrangel WEDNESDAY, JULY 12. And from VANCOUVER at 12 noon on following day.

HUMBOLDT STEAMSHIP CO. LIGHTNING EXPRESS TO DYE AND SKAGWAY IN 55 HOURS. SS. HUMBOLDT SAILS FOR Dyea and Skagway.

ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO. For Alaska and Gold Fields. "Dirigo" and "Rosalie" EVERY THURSDAY.

SS. "CITY OF SEATTLE" Sale from Outer Wharf WEDNESDAY, JULY 5TH THURSDAY, JULY 20TH FRIDAY, AUGUST 4TH SATURDAY, AUGUST 18TH.

OCEANIC Steamship Company. FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia. SS. AUSTRALIA to sail Friday, June 30, at 2 p.m. for HONOLULU only.

Spokane-Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railway. The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Rosland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Rosland.

THE White Pass Yukon ROUTE. The Pacific and Arctic Railway and Navigation Company, British Columbia-Yukon Railway Company. Our Tracks will be Completed to Lake Bennett, B.C., about July 15. We are Authorized United States and Canadian Bonded Carriers.

Chilkoot Pass Route. Chilkoot Railroad & Transport Company, Alaska Railway & Transportation Company, Dyea-Klondike Transportation Company. Operating a System of Aerial Tramways Between Dyea and Crater Lake.

THE NORTH-WESTERN'S Fast Mail. THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE. Have added two more trains (the Fast Mail) to their St. Paul-Chicago service, making eight trains.

A FEW INTERESTING FACTS. When people are contemplating a trip, whether on business or pleasure, they naturally want the best service obtainable so far as speed, comfort and safety are concerned.

THE GREAT NORTHERN. Leave Seattle daily (except Sunday). Ar. Seattle 8:30 a.m. Ar. Port Townsend 12:00 p.m. Ar. Victoria 12:30 p.m. Ar. Victoria 5:30 p.m.

Provincial News.

GREENWOOD.

Mr. Dana has arrived in Greenwood to take charge of the business...

NELSON.

Dr. and Mrs. Kellar and infant son have arrived here. They will stay in Nelson a week or so...

MIDWAY.

Now that building operations in and around Midway are fairly under way, the question of furnishing material is becoming a burning one...

KAMLOOPS.

On Tuesday evening about 8 o'clock Harry Stewart was drowned while crossing a slough on horseback...

ROSSLAND.

There came very near being a repetition of the recent War Eagle disaster in the Deer Park drift last Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock...

bers would come over to Vancouver on Saturday next to meet the representatives of Vancouver and New Westminster branches...

The first day of Dominion Day celebrations passed off successfully. Bicycle races took place at Brockton Point...

The regatta in the four-oared junior race an unfortunate accident happened to Victoria, resulting in water-jogging their well-spoken race...

Hastings horse races: Results: The grand finale race went to Johnny Bismarck with Canadian Berry second...

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The foundry building on which construction has begun at the site of the late Vulcan Iron Works, is being put up by Messrs. Brown & Wilkes...

MINING NEWS.

On the Fourth of July claim, in the Wilcox group, the shaft is down thirty feet, and President Bywater says everything is looking remarkably well...

On the Surprise, on the north side of the Porcupine, a 22 foot ledge has been uncovered on the west side...

On the Goodenough, situated on the summit up with the creek, at a depth of four feet a ledge seven feet wide has been struck carrying gold...

On the Happy Thought, adjoining the Big Horn group, development is to be resumed. On the Council Bluff group, up six miles creek adjoining the Hennessy property, there is good work being done...

Ten men are doing surface work at the Emily Edith. The Tacoma smelter is being enlarged to a capacity of 350 tons. Forty men are employed at the Payne and the force is being increased...

5 RELIABLE PEOPLE ENDORSE

MRS. C. B. JONES, OF 4284 WELLSINGTON STREET, LONDON, ONT. says: "I have long been troubled with extreme weakness of the nerves and general debility..."

MIR. A. D. WILSON, OF CLEARWATER, MAN., is emphatic in his statements regarding this remedy. It cured him completely, and he does not hesitate to give a history of his case...

MRS. E. JAMES, 36 ARCADE ST., MONTREAL, QUE., is one of those who found Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills an effective remedy for heart weakness and nervous troubles...

MR. S. DOBIE, 37 OXFORD ST., TORONTO, ONT., manager of the employment department of the W. J. Gage Co., says: "Prior to January last, when I first commenced taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, I had for a long time been in a state of almost complete physical and nervous prostration..."

MR. A. STERLING McFARLANE, PRINCIPAL, 7050 STREET SCHOOL, in that city, writes: "The following account of my recent recovery of health through the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills is a recommendation of the value of these pills..."

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Montserrat LIME FRUIT JUICE

Is the Finest Drink in the World for Hot Weather. Cooling. Refreshing. Invigorating. Wholesome.

these comes to hand there will, of course, be increased employment for miners and mill men. On the Fontenoy the development has shown up a big shoot of ore four feet in width on the 50-foot level...

Surface work on the Duluth claim on Hill creek, adjoining the Columbia Belle, has been attended with most favorable results. An open cut shows up an ore body eight feet wide, a sample assay from which gave returns of \$83.40.

The management of the Nelson-Poorman Company on Tuesday engaged several additional miners for the Poorman. The company is paying the union rate of \$3.50 per day. Wilson brothers have let a contract for driving a tunnel on the Birdseye claim, adjoining the Athabasca and June groups...

The Jewel Mine. Among the properties in the Boundary creek group which a large amount of work has been done during the last few months is the Jewel mine in Long Lake camp. The Jewel is one of the oldest locations in the district...

The Kamloops is regarded as a property of considerable merit. Mr. Paul says it is a great deal of activity on the north fork of the Kettle river and both going in and coming out he met parties of prospectors and miners going in there.

Superintendent J. Morrish of the Velvet mine on Sophie mountain, was in the city on Tuesday, and he brought excellent news with him. On the 200-foot level the large ore body that was met on the 150-foot level has been tapped. This proves the ore body to be about 200 feet in length and 250 feet in depth...

Don't Tear Down—Build Up. The old-fashioned theory of tearing down disease was entirely changed by the advent of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, which cures by creating new rich blood and nerve tissue...

On the Surprise, on the north side of the Porcupine, a 22 foot ledge has been uncovered on the west side of the Porcupine a 9 foot ledge is traceable for 600 feet. A big pack train consisting of fourteen horses loaded with provisions and supplies left on Tuesday for the Big Horn group, operated by the Bennett Mining & Milling Company, Limited...

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Test the Kidneys And if they are diseased use the World's Greatest Kidney Cure

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

It's a simple matter to test the kidneys. You need not consult a doctor. By asking yourself three questions you can determine whether or not your kidneys are diseased. First: "Have you backache, or weak, lame back?" Second: "Do you have difficulty in urinating or a too frequent desire to urinate?" Third: "Are there deposits like brick dust in the urine after it has stood for twenty-four hours?"

Charles Hayward, (Established 1867), Funeral Director and Embalmer, Government street, Victoria.

Sidney Hotel, Delightful Seaside Resort for Holiday Makers. Lovely scenery. Good bathing and boating. Best location for photographers. Finest cycling roads in British Columbia. Terms moderate. Apply F. G. NORRIS, Proprietor.

ATLIN MINES. Reliable information can be had by applying to RANT & JONES, Notaries, Mining Brokers & General Agents, ATLIN, B.C.

ANDREW SHERET, Plumber, Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter, 192 FORT ST., Telephone 666.

PROVINCIAL GAOL AT VICTORIA. TENDERS. For the supply of Groceries, Clothing and Coal for the use of the said institution, from the 12th day of July next to the 30th of June, 1900...

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. In the matter of the goods of William R. Hutchison, deceased, intestate, and in the matter of the "Official Administrators Act."

"LAND REGISTRY ACT." In the Matter of the Application of The Kossiah Quarry Company, Limited Liability, for a Certificate of Indefinite Title to the East half of Sections Six (6) and Seven (7) Range Seven (VII) Quanchichan District, and the west half of Section Six (6) Range Eight (VIII) Quanchichan District, except part (4) there of, thereof, which was by deed dated 18th December, 1897, conveyed to The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing that annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, bowels, liver and regulate the bowels. Even if used only once.

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AT THE PARIS MORGUE. How the "Third-Degree" is Worked on Murderers in France. A law that has recently come into operation gives prisoners the right of choosing to bring with them, within twenty-four hours after their arrest, one of the immediate consequences of this measure may be to put a stop to those "confrontations" at the morgue which are so dramatic a feature of French criminal procedure.

A MIDNIGHT ADVENTURE. "I walked up and down the upstairs landing all last night," said Brown, the junior partner. "Baby?" asked the bookkeeper. "Worse than that," said the junior partner. "Impossible," said the bookkeeper. "Blame sight worse than that," repeated the junior partner, emphatically. "What was it?" asked the bookkeeper. "Well," said the junior partner, "it was a cross between cholera and something else."

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Ninth Annual Meeting

Of Subscribers to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Satisfactory Reports From Directors and Officials—Directors Appointed.

Pursuant to advertisement, and according to law, as President Wilson said, the ninth annual meeting of the donors and subscribers to the funds of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital was held yesterday afternoon in the council chamber, city hall, and, again quoting President Wilson, it was the first meeting of the kind that was ever granted by the presence of ladies. Even in the days of the old Royal Hospital the business of the annual meeting was left in the hands of the gentlemen, and President Wilson suggested great things as a result of the increased interest evinced by the women who have now organized an auxiliary and will make every effort to assist in the work of the institution.

In addition to the president and Secretary Elworthy, there were present, Messrs Robert Beaven, Hasser, B. J. Smith, C. Hayward, L. Goodrich, D. W. Higgins, H. C. Robertson, J. D. Pemberton, Ryker and Butler and Messrs H. Dallas Helmcken, vice-president; Charles Hayward, hon. treasurer; J. L. Crimp, Edward Lewis, Joshua Davies and Thomas Shubert, directors; R. S. Day, John Teague, W. Marchant, F. H. Eaton and Dr. Hassell, medical superintendent.

President Wilson, in opening the proceedings made a graceful reference to the presence of the ladies, which he regarded as an evidence of the interest that is being taken in the work of the hospital. They have done something in the past for which the directors were duly grateful, and he would just say that whatever they did in this direction would be of assistance to members of their own sex. There was no female patient could receive treatment in an institution of this kind, but now there had been an agreeable change in this regard. He was pleased to remind those present that the Jubilee is the equal of any hospital in the Dominion, although but small. The work done there is of the same character and as well done as that in any hospital in Canada, or even in Europe. (Applause.)

The secretary read the minutes of the last annual meeting, which were duly adopted, and then the reading of the following report from the directors:—

Secretary Elworthy then read the annual reports, as follows:

In Memoriam.

The directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital have recently sustained a serious loss by the death of their colleague, the late George Byrnes. The deceased served on the board continuously from June, 1891, to March this year, during which time he evinced a uniform and deep interest in all matters pertaining to the welfare of the institution.

Repairs and Improvements.

During the past twelve months the affairs of the hospital have progressed smoothly and nothing unusual has transpired. The repairs and improvements mentioned in the previous report have been completed and necessary reformulating has been done, as various articles, by reason of wear and tear, became useless; microscope and surgical instruments also have been replaced, and through the indefatigable efforts of Mrs. H. Dallas Helmcken the hospital has been supplied with an X-ray apparatus. The ambulance has been thoroughly overhauled, fitted with rubber tires and in every way possible put in the best condition to meet the comfort and necessities of the patients. The electric light, installed by the Agentoria Society, has proved very satisfactory, although more costly than the previous coal oil lamp system of lighting. The recovery rooms built and furnished by these same ladies have been a great convenience in many operation cases. Year by year the spacious grounds which surround the hospital become more beautiful, and will be a lasting memorial of the thoughtful and liberality of the donors of many shade and ornamental trees and shrubs. The fruit trees, with a coming along very well, and about a score of land is now being prepared for a vegetable garden.

Further Improvements Suggested.

It must not be thought from the foregoing that the hospital is now all that can be desired. On the contrary, the efficiency can be greatly increased by the erection of additional private rooms, as at times the applications of pay patients have had to be refused. A children's ward and a maternity ward are also needed, but before these additions can be effected the nurses' accommodation must be increased. During this month two nurses were employed on special cases who could not be accommodated on the premises. These and other important matters are fully set forth in the report of a special committee on ways and means, which is appended hereto. It is therefore unnecessary to say more than acknowledge with thanks the excellent work done by the Ladies' Auxiliary and the women's working committee in raising the sum of \$2,500 during the past year towards the children's ward fund. The directors also desire to thank the "benefactor" who agreed with them upon the necessity of providing a maternity ward and anonymously donated the sum of \$100 towards that object.

Councils of Absentees.

On Monday, July 25 last, the directors were honored by the visit of the Councils of Absentees, who delivered an address upon the Victorian Order of Nurses, with the object of removing certain misapprehensions.

Treating School.

The hospital training school for nurses is prospering satisfactorily so far as the means are disposed. A very thorough training in medical and surgical cases is now possible, and advantage was taken of the visit of Miss Livingston for a course of invalid cooking instruction, which

was given on the premises. The directors would be glad to see their way to establish a diet kitchen, and hope the time is not far distant when the nurses training at this hospital will include children, maternity and infectious cases.

Matron Resigned.

On March 31 last the hospital lost a valuable officer by the resignation of Miss M. Macmillan, who for more than six years had very ably filled the position of matron. Miss Macmillan left with the directors' best wishes for happiness in her new sphere of life. The vacancy was filled by the promotion of Miss J. M. Grady, who after graduating at the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital held the position of head nurse for two years. Miss Elsie Gordon, who recently completed her course of training at this hospital, now occupies the position of head nurse.

Changes in the Directorate.

Mr. John Braden, one of the directors appointed by the government, resigned in April last, and the vacancy was filled by the appointment of Mr. R. L. Drury. The government also appointed Mr. C. A. Holland to fill the vacancy caused by the decease of the late George Byrnes.

The amended "Jubilee Hospital Act" provides "that no member of the council of the corporation of the city of Victoria shall be eligible of being elected or appointed a director of the said hospital." In consequence of the foregoing we regret that Alderman Hayward, the present honorary treasurer of the hospital, who was one of the original directors, has served as president, and then continuously a member of the board since its inception, is not now eligible for re-election to the directorate. We hope, however, that in an unofficial way he will continue to give the hospital the advantage of his experienced, active, intelligent interest in promoting its future prosperity and well being.

Visiting Medical and Surgical Staff.

The directors take this opportunity to thank the visiting medical and surgical staff, who by their untiring good services have done so much to promote the welfare of the patients and popularity of the hospital.

Recognitions and Thanks.

The directors also desire to place on record their thanks and hearty appreciation of the good offices of the Arion Club, under conductor Greig, who cheered the patients, resident staff and many visitors by an excellent concert on Christmas day.

The directors are much indebted to the British Columbia Board of Trade for free office room for the holding of their meetings.

The directors beg to sincerely thank the very numerous donors of fruit, books, paintings, and, in fact, gifts of every description, most of which have been duly acknowledged in the public press by the matron and formal intimation of vote of thanks by post in each case.

The thanks of the board are extended to the Colonist, Times and Globe newspapers for their kind notices.

Additional Information.

Attention is directed to the detailed information which will be found in the reports of the honorable treasurer, auditor and resident medical health officer, which are appended hereto.

By order of the directors, (Signed) A. WILSON, President. F. ELWORTHY, Secretary. Dated June 30, 1899.

The report of the honorary treasurer was as follows:

The Directors Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Gentlemen—In submitting the annexed annual statement of receipts and disbursements, it is necessary to state that the sum of \$1,082.93, shown as due to the Bank of British Columbia, represents the checks issued, but not presented, before the 31st May, and covers all the known liabilities of the hospital in that date.

The increased expenditure, \$28,353.25, against \$25,468 in 1898, is mainly accounted for by the larger number of days stay of patients, viz., 15,705 as against 14,043 in 1898.

The cash receipts include the provincial grant of \$10,000 to June 30, 1899. Under the new per capita arrangement of the provincial government the receipts under this head will be much less than heretofore, and it is therefore apparent that the greatest economy will be necessary to maintain the present satisfactory and efficient condition of the hospital without again relapsing into financial difficulties.

The barclods' donation of \$100 towards a maternity ward has been placed in a separate fund in the Bank of British Columbia, bearing interest.

The sum of \$250 by Mr. H. D. Helmcken was also kept in a separate fund, bearing interest. The whole of this has been expended in paying the cost and charges of the X-ray apparatus now being installed in the hospital.

It is also understood that a large sum of money—approximately \$2,500, the proceeds of the children's carnival, etc., etc., is in the hands of the ladies' committee. The effort is being made to have this sum placed in a separate fund, jointly under the control of the hospital authorities and the ladies, has not been successful.

Yours faithfully, CHAS. HAYWARD, Hon. Treasurer.

The statement referred to in the treasurer's report shows that the receipts were made up as follows: Cash balance, \$2,171.27; grants and donations, \$12,700.95; pay patients' fees, \$12,390.74; all other sources, \$117.49; and Bank of British Columbia, \$1,082.93; the latter, as stated in the report, representing the checks issued, but not presented, before May 31.

The disbursements were: Food, \$8,905.46; fuel and soda water, \$203.07; drugs, dressings, etc., \$5,173.40; wines and spirits, \$255.75; furnishings, \$1,608.75; fuel, \$1,410.88; light, \$911.03; water, \$111.11; scavenging, \$181; salaries, \$7,771.55; repairs and improvements, \$2,867.19; insurance, \$24.40; printing, stationery and advertising, \$383.80; telephone, \$96; undertaking, \$180.50; training school, \$211.15; French hospital, insurance, taxes, etc., \$82.50.

Medical Superintendent Dr. Hassell submitted the following:

May 31, 1899.

The President and Members of the Board of Directors Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Gentlemen, I have the honor to submit my report for the year ending May 31, 1899.

The cost of maintenance for the year was \$28,353.24. The daily average cost per patient was the same as last year, \$1.80. The daily average number of patients in hospital was 41.3, as against 35.89

last year. The number of patients admitted this year as compared with last:

1897-1898	208	3-7
1898-1899	218	4-8

The total number of patients treated this year was: In patients, 688; out patients, 236; or an increase of 53 patients in the year. The total days stay of patients was 15,705, as against 14,043 last year.

The following table for the past three years was as follows:

	95-98	97-98	98-00
Groceries	\$ 94	\$ 94	\$ 94
Bread	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
Milk	3	4	4 1/2
Poultry, game, fish	1	1 1/2	1 1/2
Vegetables and fruit	3	3 1/2	3 1/2
Salaries	53	51 1/2	49 1/2
Drugs and dressings	14 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Alcohol, ether and chloroform	2 1/2	3	2 1/2
Ale, wine and spirits	4 1/2	5	4 1/2
Lighting, per night	1 28	1 29	2 13
Wash, per 100 to 60	70	70	70
Fuel, per diem	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2

Milk and meat have increased, owing to the contract prices being more this year than last.

The items for drugs and dressings have increased, owing to the increased number of surgical cases, as have stimulants from the same cause.

The electric light has proved much more expensive than old lamps, but it is incomparably more convenient. My hope that the price would have fallen with the installation of the new power from Gold stream has not been realized.

The washing per month has increased, partly owing to increased work and also to an increase in wages.

The fuel item is larger, owing to the unusually long cold season, and to the continuous use of the operating and recovery rooms.

The salaries have decreased, owing to the decreased salaries now paid to the nurses.

The days stay of patients for the past four years arranged for comparison is as follows:

1895-96	Free	\$10 week	\$15 week
1896-97	8,875 days	1,427 days	2,184 days
1897-98	7,135	2,275	3,716
1898-99	6,078	3,843	3,512
1898-99	7,901	4,151	2,653

The number of surgical operations has very largely increased, the number this year being 280, as against 291 for 1897-1898.

I would draw attention to the urgent need there is for affording increased accommodation for the nursing staff. I have had this year three cases of sickness among the nurses owing to the extra work entailed on them by the increased number of serious cases.

If a properly equipped sterilizing room were built adjoining the operating room, the room now used for the purpose of preparing dressings might be utilized for an extra patient and an increased amount of labor and time saved to the nurses in charge of the operating room, and a considerable revenue accrue to the hospital from the use of the room for private patients.

There is also urgent need of a diet kitchen for the preparation of food for the patients, and for the instruction of pupils in sick cooking.

I recommend these three needs most humbly to your earnest consideration during the coming year.

The fire appliances of the hospital are in good working order. Iron cylinders with buckets are being substituted for the barrels containing water on the roofs of the wards.

The greater portion of the roofs of the buildings will require re-covering shortly. It would be a great protection from fire if slate or metal shingles could be used instead of wood.

A great deal of work has been done towards beautifying the surroundings of the hospital in the way of sittings in lawns and planting trees and making grass lawns. The plot of land to the north of the hospital has been cultivated and planted with potatoes.

Some further drainage work will have to be undertaken this autumn to prevent the judgment of surface water from Richmond road and the Fernwood estate on the grounds of the hospital by the main entrance.

I have to thank the medical staff for their services and the large amount of their time devoted to the patients in the free wards.

The employees and members of the nursing staff have worked well and harmoniously during the year.

The matron in dealing with the nursing school in its report. There is a great competition for appointments as probationers as ever.

The health of the staff on the whole has been good, though there have been several cases of sickness among the nurses owing to overwork.

Miss Elsie Gordon, Vancouver, B. C. Miss Mary McKee, Victoria, B. C. Miss Frances Johnston, Vancouver, B. C. Miss Gertrude Hadwen, Dunsmuir, B. C.

Twenty-one applications were received from young women desiring to become nurses; eight were taken on probation, six of whom were accepted.

To Drs. Mary Macdonell, F. W. Hall, E. C. Hart and E. Haesel are due our thanks for kindly giving lectures to the class in training during the year.

The work of the hospital has increased to such an extent that it is quite imperative that the nursing staff be enlarged; but as our accommodation is so limited, we have hitherto been unable to have as many nurses as are really needed.

I might say to clothe the work of the training school is a pleasure to me, and I think to the nurses, and I hope it will be satisfactory to you.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, respectfully yours, J. M. GRADY, Superintendent of Nurses.

Jubilee Hospital, June 27, 1899.

Mr. H. Dallas Helmcken moved the adoption and printing of the reports as read, and the motion being seconded by Mr. Crimp, was unanimously carried.

The next business was the election of four directors, Messrs. Dwyer and Wilson, who were retired. The following nominations were made: Alexander Wilson, H. Dallas Helmcken, Joshua Davies and J. Stuart Crimp. The nominations were carried.

President Wilson referred to the work of the Agentoria Society, saying it was at first suggested that they should supply the hospital with a laundry. They had worked some time towards that end when the doctor decided to establish what was intended to be a temporary laundry, and this had "filled the bill."

The next suggestion was that they should supply the institution with a sterilizing apparatus, which would save much labor and increase the revenue, but then the electric light suggestion was made, and when it was found possible to bring the wires out to the hospital, the doctor, while anxious to have the sterilizing plant, preferred the electric light first.

The ladies put in the electric light and built two recovery rooms, which have been found very useful. Now, said Mr. Wilson, without any intention of being impertinent, if the ladies, who intend to enrol among their number all the women in the city, will go to work and prepare a simple suggestion, it would be doing good work. It would place another room at the disposal of the management, which means an income of \$700, or \$800 a year, and would also enable them to do more good by treating an increased number of patients.

It was simply a suggestion thrown out for the ladies to act upon.

Mr. Wilson then referred to the valuable addition of the Roentgen rays which have been obtained by the hospital, thanks to the energy of Mrs. H. Dallas Helmcken, and had been taken up to the hospital that day.

The directors congratulated themselves upon the possession of such an apparatus as but few hospitals in any part of the world possess.

Going back a little into history, Mr. Wilson referred to the fact that some time ago the King's Daughters were given a room, but unfortunately, on account of a misunderstanding, they gave up their efforts for a time, thinking they were unappreciated. Then another lady gave \$250 a year for the use of a room, but the directors could not afford to set apart a bed for the whole year at what was practically half price. Mr. Wilson had no doubt, however, that great good would result now from the united efforts of the ladies.

In answer to a question, the President said he thought the cost of a sterilizing apparatus would be about \$900.

Mrs. Hassell said, on behalf of her colleagues, that they are prepared to undertake the purchase of the sterilizer and the establishment of a diet kitchen, if the directors will put up the necessary building.

Mr. Wilson said the directors would be very much obliged for that, and would do all possible to meet the wishes of the ladies. He would remind them, however, that the directors have a whole lot of things to do, and that they would be a time when the institution would be \$10,000 to the tradesmen of the city, but thanks to the aid of the government, the city council, and of generous subscribers, that burden of debt had been removed, so that at the end of last month the directors did not owe one cent that they knew of. And this in addition to a large expenditure on painting during the year, which would not have been met during the ensuing twelve months.

Mr. Joshua Davies said a special committee on ways and means had made a report, in which the whole question of expense had been gone into, and when he said the cost of the proposed building with all its appurtenances was estimated at \$32,000, it could be well furnished at \$7,000, which would be required for the building and the best thing the ladies could do would be to keep their money where they have it at interest until the balance could be raised.

Mrs. Hassell thought the estimate for the maternity ward building too high, that figure, based upon the cost of the other buildings, included labor and material at much higher prices than obtain now, in reply to which Mr. Davies said the new building would have a metal shingle roof and other improvements which the present buildings have not.

President Wilson said that through Mr. Teague, in which the whole question of an expenditure of \$3,500, and Mr. Davies, after consulting with Mr. Teague, said the building contemplated in those plans was a wooden one with brick and stone foundation. The new building would have to be built of stone, uniform with those already erected.

Mr. Helmcken thought the mistake had been made that the ladies had been kept too much in the dark in regard to what is needed. He paid a graceful compliment to Mrs. Hassell for her check in the nomination she occupies on the Ladies' Auxiliary, and suggested that a special committee be appointed by the board of directors to meet with the ladies, and as the ladies have now "got up steam," there need be no fear as to the result. He had no doubt of getting into him in strict confidence where to be cured. No attention can be given to those writing out of mere curiosity but any one who really needs a cure is advised to address Mr. Graham as above.

ing the year and was acknowledged by D. Lassell. Mr. Helmcken proposed a vote of thanks to the president, which was carried with hearty applause and duly responded to.

A Child's Suffering.

MR. WM. MCKAY, CLIFFORD, N.S., TELLS OF HIS DAUGHTER'S CURE.

She Was First Attacked With Acute Rheumatism, Followed by St. Vitus' Dance in a Severe Form—Her Parents Thought She Could Not Recover.

From the Enterprise, Bridgewater, N.S.

Mr. McKay, Esq., a well-known and much-respected farmer and mill-man at Clifford, Lunenburg Co., N.S., has the following wonderful cure effected in his family by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills: "About three years ago my little daughter Ella, then a child of ten years, was attacked with acute rheumatism. It was a terribly bad case; for over a month she was confined to her bed, and during most of the time was utterly helpless, being unable to turn in bed, or in fact to move at all without help. She could not even hold anything in her hand. All power or use of her limbs had entirely gone and the pain she suffered was fearful. By constant attention after a month or so she began to gain a little strength, and after a while improved enough to be taken out of bed and even walked around a bit after a fashion by means of a support. But now she was seized with a nervous ailment that the rheumatism. Her nervous system gave way and she was completely shattered. She shook violently all the time, would tumble down in trying to walk. In attempting to drink from a cup her hand shook so as to spill the contents all over herself. She was a pitiable object. The doctors were called to her again and said she had St. Vitus' dance in the worst form. She took the medicine prescribed and followed the instructions of her physician for some time, but without apparent benefit. She wasted away almost to a skeleton and we gave her up for lost. About this time I read in a paper an account of a great cure of nervousness effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and resolved to try them. I bought six boxes and the little girl began using them. The good effects of the first box were quite apparent and when four boxes were used, she seemed so much improved that the pills were discontinued. She kept on improving and after a few days was well as ever. We were told that the cure would not last, that it was only some powerful ingredient in the pills which was deceiving us and that after a time the child would be worse than ever. All this has proved false, for now nearly three years she has had unbroken good health, as strong as they are made, and stands school work and household work as well as a mature person. We have no doubt about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills restoring to us our little girl whom we looked upon as doomed to an early grave."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a specific for diseases arising from an impoverished condition of the blood or shattered nervous system, such as St. Vitus' dance, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, paralysis, headache, the after effects of a grippe, sciatica, dizziness, erysipelas, scrofula, etc. They are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, such as nervousness, headache, and restoring the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Protect yourself against imitations by insisting that every box bears the full name Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. If your dealer does not have them they will be sent, post paid, at 25 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

KOHLER PLEADS GUILTY.


A Fort Townsend dispatch says Charles Kohler, who, while the revenue cutter Rush was in port, improved his short leave by robbing the residence of Herman Trepaner, has been sentenced to a term of three years at hard labor in the penitentiary at Walla Walla. He pleaded guilty to the charge of housebreaking. When sentence was pronounced Kohler smiled, and said that he had no kick in him on three years, when, had he stood trial in British Columbia, where he was captured, it would have been ten years for him in the Westminster jail breaking rock.

HONEST ADVICE FREE TO MEN.

The Times is requested to publish the following: All men who are nervous and debilitated or who are suffering from any of the various troubles resulting from overwork, excess or youthful errors, are aware that most medical firms cannot be relied upon. Mr. Graham, a resident of London, Ont., living at 4374 Richmond street, was for a long time a sufferer from above troubles and after trying in vain many advertised remedies, electric belts, etc., became almost entirely discouraged and hopeless. Finally he confided in an old Clergyman who directed him to an eminent skillful physician, through whose skillful treatment a speedy and perfect cure was obtained.

Knowing to his own sorrow that so many poor sufferers are being imposed upon by unscrupulous quacks, Mr. Graham considers it his duty to give his fellow-men the benefit of his experience and assist them to a cure by informing anyone who will write to him in strict confidence where to be cured. No attention can be given to those writing out of mere curiosity but any one who really needs a cure is advised to address Mr. Graham as above.

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Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

"The firm of Walter Baker & Co. Ltd., of Dorchester, Mass., put up one of the few really pure cocoas, and physicians are quite safe in specifying their brand."

—Dominion Medical Monthly.

A copy of Miss Parlow's "Choice Receipts" will be mailed free upon application.

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The Dawson Fire.

A LESSON TO BE LEARNED.

Before concluding any arrangement for shipping your freight from Bennett to Dawson, please write or give a call. By using our barges you can carry your freight for very much less than what steamboats would charge you. Two thousand tons of freight were sent down to Dawson in our barges during the season of 1898 without loss or accident. Cattle shipped in this way arrive without loss of weight and in the best possible condition for making good beef. On your arrival at Dawson you have your own warehouse, and, if necessary, your own dwelling, and you can move your goods when you are ready and not before. This may save you hundreds of dollars for teaming, storage, etc., while at the same time you run no risk from fire. Insurance on route or cargo may be effected in our office if you so desire. If you wish to make rapid time we will arrange a tow for you past the lakes.

Verify these facts before shipping your freight and it will save you money. Lumber, boats and merchandise of all kinds constantly on hand at our mills at Bennett Lake.

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is almost impenetrable for hunting, by some Indians. The object was to drive out the bears so that they might be killed.

Speaking of the Edmonton route, Mr. Gaze tells of scores who had come into Glenora unable to proceed any farther, he himself having entertained many of them at his own quarters. They agree in speaking of that route as a most dangerous one to man and beast, the danger to the animals being a poison weed, after eating which the animals seem to shrink and wither away to a shadow. The trail was literally strewn with the bodies of dead animals.

Mr. Gaze is returning to England, feeling that he has had enough of the north and its visionary prospects. During the time he has been in, some 10 months, his hair has turned completely grey, and he says this is a feature common to nearly every one in there.

"Necessity knows no law." It is a law of Nature that the blood must be kept pure, and Hood's Sarsaparilla does it.