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Plaintiff hereby alleges:

This is an action brought by Steven Eggleston ("Eggleston" or "Plaintiff") against Bisnar/Chase LLP ("Bisnar/Chase"), John Bisnar ("Bisnar"), Brian Chase ("Chase"), and Does 1-25 (Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar, Chase, and Does 1-25 are collectively referred to as "Defendants").

Plaintiff brings this action to recover front pay, back pay, compensatory damages, 2. damages for pain and suffering, wages, penalties, interest, attorneys' fees and costs, and other relief due to Defendants' sexual harassment, retaliation, interference with prospective business advantage, defamation, and intentional infliction of emotional distress,

Plaintiff also brings this action to seek declaratory relief and an accounting on 3. cases in which Bisnar/Chase asserts a lien or demands costs.

THE PARTIES

Eggleston is a resident of Orange County, California. Eggleston is an attorney 4. who worked for Bisnar/Chase in its law office in Newport Beach, California. Eggleston is also a licensed chiropractor.

Eggleston is informed and believes that Bisnar/Chase LLP is a limited liability 5. partnership. It is a law office with an office in Newport Beach, California.

John Bisnar is registered on the California State Bar website as an attorney. 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Bisnar is a partner at Bisnar/Chase. Bisnar was Eggleston's supervising attorney when he was employed at Bisnar/Chase.

Brian Chase is registered on the California State Bar website as an attorney. 7. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Chase is a partner at Bisnar/Chase.

Plaintiff does not know the true names and capacities, whether individual, 8. corporate, associate, or otherwise of defendant Does 1 through 25, inclusive. Such fictitious defendants are sued pursuant to the provisions of Code of Civil Procedure section 474. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief, alleges that each fictitious defendant was in some way responsible for, participated in, or contributed to the matter and things of which Plaintiff complains of herein, and in some form and under some theory, is subject to liability therefore. When the exact nature and identity of such fictitious defendants is

determined, Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this Complaint to set forth the same.

- 9. At all times relevant herein, all Defendants, whether Doe defendants or otherwise, were the agents, servants, employees and/or employer of each and every other defendant.
- 10. Defendants carried out a joint scheme, business plan or policy in all respects pertinent hereto and all acts and omissions herein complained of were performed within the course and scope of said employment, service, agency, common scheme, plan and/or policy.
- 11. Defendants, Defendants' founders, owners and executive officers, and each of them, directed, authorized, were on notice of, ratified and/or participated in the conduct that gives rise to the claims asserted herein and derived personal financial benefit from such conduct.

JURISDICTION

- 12. The Superior Court of the State of California has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all cases except those given by statute to other trial courts."
- 13. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 410.10.
- 14. The Defendants are located in Orange County, California and the acts complained of took place in Orange County, California

VENUE

15. Venue is proper in the Orange County Superior Court, Central Justice Center, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 395.5 because Plaintiff worked for Bisnar/Chase in Newport Beach, California and the complained of acts took place in Orange County, California.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

16. On or about July 21, 2009, Eggleston became an employee at Bisnar/Chase and worked as an attorney. Eggleston was to receive a draw of \$15,000.00 per month. At approximately the same time, Eggleston and Bisnar also entered into a verbal agreement whereby Eggleston would bring cases to Bisnar/Chase and Eggleston would receive a 1/3 referral fee on the cases. It was agreed that Eggleston and Bisnar/Chase would work on the cases and that the referral fee arrangements were to be disclosed in the retainer agreements with

clients.

approached him and said that "there is a seminar you need to go to. I can't tell you that you have to go as a requirement of your employment but, Steve, you really need to go to this." Eggleston asked what the seminar was about but Bisnar was evasive and would not provide much detail. Bisnar did tell him that the seminar was called the New Warrior Training and it was offered by The Mankind Project. Bisnar said that it would help Eggleston to learn to interact better with the men he knows. Bisnar went on to say how men in society do not have close relationships and that this seminar would help Eggleston to have closer, stronger, and better relationships with men. Bisnar said that he would personally benefit if Eggleston attended the seminar because he would obtain some type of supervisory capacity. Eggleston kept trying to get more information about the seminar from Bisnar, but Bisnar refused to answer, explaining that the things that took place at the seminar were secret and that men who attended had to take an oath not to reveal to outsiders what took place.

- 18. Bisnar provided Eggleston with a telephone number to call regarding the seminar. Eggleston called the number and was required to use his personal credit card to make a reservation to attend. During the phone call, Eggleston was not able to receive much additional information about the seminar.
- 19. Eggleston was curious about the seminar so he did a Google search to find out more about it. Some of the postings he found on the Internet revealed the following:
- a. The Mankind Project encouraged men not to drive their own car to the seminar. Attendees were to carpool with other men who were attending the seminar. New attendees were told that there was not enough parking at the facility for all the attendees. The Internet research included comments that there was ample parking and that new attendees were made to carpool so that they could not leave once they arrived. There were reports by attendees who said they wanted to leave but they were intimidated into staying. Some claimed they are told that it was not fair to make other men leave just to drive them home.
 - b. The seminars were held at remote locations, away from civilization.

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	c.	When the attendees arrived, all of their personal belongings are taken away from
them		

- d. One activity at the seminar included a "trust walk" where attendees were stripped naked, blindfolded, and then led on a walk through the woods holding the hand of one of the supervisory men.
- e. Another activity included 30 to 50 men sitting naked in a circle on the floor of a candle lit room called the smoke hut. A large wooden dildo called "The Cock" was passed around the room. The man holding "The Cock" was asked to describe in graphic detail a sexual experience from his life. One Internet report stated that a supervisor told attendees that they could place their hand on the penis of the man next to them. However, if the man did not want his penis touched, he was free to remove the hand.
- f. Attendees were yelled at, had smoke blown in their faces, and were subject to intimidation tactics.
- g. Some organizations recommended that men attend New Warrior Training in order to cure themselves of being homosexuals.
- h. Some Internet postings indicated that men attend the New Warrior Training to learn to accept their homosexuality.
- i. A wrongful death lawsuit had been filed against The Mankind Project by the family of a Texas man who attended the Warrior Training seminar. The man allegedly committed suicide a few weeks after attending the seminar.
- 20. Eggleston was understandably concerned about what he read on the Internet. He was unsure if the postings were true, but he did not want to attend the seminar and find out. His concern was further exacerbated by the possibility that Bisnar, his supervising attorney, would also attend the seminar and that he might be required to sit naked in a room with Bisnar, that Bisnar might decide to touch his penis, or that he might be required to disclose details about his sex life to Bisnar.
- 21. Eggleston's concern increased when he received a phone call from a man who said that he was calling to make arrangements to carpool to the seminar with Eggleston. Just like

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the stories he read on the Internet, Eggleston was told that the seminar would be held in a remote location - the mountains at a campground somewhere near Santa Barbara - and that there was not enough parking for attendees to drive their own cars. Eggleston decided to test the information he read on the Internet so he insisted that he be able to drive his own car. The man said that he could not drive his own car and insisted that they carpool. Eggleston refused to make arrangements with the man to carpool to the seminar.

- 22. Eggleston received an email from The Mankind Project requesting he complete some paperwork for the seminar. The paperwork requested personal information that Eggleston was not comfortable sharing with total strangers. Eggleston also did not want the personal information shared with Bisnar.
- 23. Feeling greatly distressed about the seminar, Eggleston spoke with a supervisor from The Mankind Project named Marshall and explained to him the information he read on the Internet. Marshall told him that the Internet stories were "taken out of context," although he confirmed that they were essentially true. This only increased the concern and distress that Eggleston felt over the seminar.
- about telling Bisnar given that Bisnar was extremely insistent that Eggleston attend the seminar. Based on his interactions with Bisnar, Eggleston believed that the only way he could get out of attending the seminar without suffering retaliation or further pressure was to provide Bisnar with a reason why he could not attend. The seminar started November 6, 2009, which, coincidently, was his mother's 78th birthday. Eggleston's mother was recently widowed and this would be her first birthday alone since the passing of her husband of 60 years. Eggleston told Bisnar that he could not attend the seminar because he felt an obligation to stay with his mother and support her during what might be a difficult time.
- 25. Instead of understanding and being supportive, Bisnar stated, "Oh Steve, she'll have more birthdays. This seminar is really important and you need to go." Bisnar repeatedly insisted that Eggleston attend the seminar but Eggleston continued to insist that he should spend the weekend with his mother. Finally, in order to stop the repeated pressure from Bisnar,

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Eggleston had to say that he would attend the seminar in February.

- After refusing to attend the November seminar, Bisnar's attitude toward 26. Eggleston became extremely hostile. He yelled and Eggleston at work and tried to bully him into signing up for the February seminar. Bisnar even reduced Eggleston's pay from a draw of \$15,000 per month to \$10,000 per month.
- Eggleston also began receiving numerous calls from a man trying to get him to 27. sign up for the February seminar. After receiving several of these calls, Eggleston stated that he did not want to attend the seminar based on the information he read on the Internet. The man told Eggleston that he would answer any questions about the seminar that he might have. Eggleston asked the man about the activities he read on the Internet. The man confirmed that these were activities that took place at the seminar but said that there would be no nudity at the upcoming seminar. Eggleston asked the purpose of the seminar and was told that was to teach men to be more honest with each other, more honorable in their dealings with other men, and to have better professional and personal relationships with men.
- Even assuming there was no nudity at the February seminar, Eggleston still did 28. not want to attend a seminar where he might be required to talk about his sex life, hear others talk about their sex lives, or handle "The Cock." Eggleston refused to go to the February seminar.
- After learning that Eggleston would not attend the February seminar, on January 29. 15, 2010, Bisnar stopped paying him a draw and said that he would only receive money from cases that settled.
- In or about February 2010, Bisnar walked into Eggleston's office and asked, 30. "How are you doing personally?" Eggleston replied that he could not pay his mortgage since Bisnar had stopped paying him. Bisnar replied, "You should be stressed. If you weren't stressed out I would think you were selling drugs."
- In March 2010, Eggleston left his employment. He continues to suffer retaliation 31. and harassment for his refusal to attend a seminar where he would be stripped naked, not allowed to leave, be required to discuss details of his sex life, handle a wooden dildo, and potentially

allow other men to touch his genitals. 2

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- Before leaving his employment, Eggleston attempted to speak with Bisnar about 32. the clients he brought into Bisnar/Chase. Other than yelling at Eggleston and making demeaning statements to him, Bisnar refused to discuss the matter. Eggleston hired counsel to negotiate a joint letter to be sent to the clients he referred to Bisnar/Chase. A letter was mailed and many clients chose to retain Eggleston as their counsel.
- Although asked to do so, Bisnar/Chase refused to provide a list of all cases 33. Eggleston brought to Bisnar/Chase.
 - Bisnar/Chase asserted a lien on the cases that went with Eggleston. 34.
- Bisnar/Chase was asked to provide an accounting of a particular settlement in 35. which Eggleston was to receive a referral fee. It refused to provide the accounting.
- Bisnar/Chase was asked to provide support for its lien on the attorneys' fees for 36. cases that chose Eggleston as counsel. It refused to provide the requested information.
- On August 10, 2010, a former client who Eggleston had not been notified as 37. choosing him as counsel, contacted Eggleston. She stated that she had just learned that day that Eggleston had left Bisnar/Chase. She did not receive a letter notifying her that Eggleston was no longer with Bisnar/Chase or that she had an option to choose him as her counsel. She stated, "I wish I had known that you had left their firm because I always wanted you to be my attorney. It was you that I trusted."
- The former client stated that her son had gotten into an accident in September 38. 2009 and that she referred him to Eggleston when he was at Bisnar/Chase. Eggleston was not made aware of this referral by Bisnar/Chase even though he was working for Bisnar/Chase at the time. When making the appointment, the former client and her son insisted both on the telephone and several times in person that they wanted Eggleston to represent the son. Defendants to the case, never told Eggleston of its existence, and did not Eggleston's name on the retainer agreement with the son.
- Bisnar/Chase has claimed a lien on attorney's fees and costs for the clients who 39. followed Eggleston. Bisnar/Chase provided statements outlining the costs for each case.

Bisnar/Chase was sent multiple letters requesting an explanation of certain costs on the statements but it has not provided an explanation. For example, Bisnar/Chase charges clients a file maintenance fee of \$40 per month. In its retainer agreement it states this fee is "[i]n lieu of CLIENT being charged for in-office photocopying, long distance telephone charges, facsimile charges, in house audio/video charges, in house asset searches, auto mileage, parking costs, and postage." However, many of the cost statements include the monthly maintenance fee and postage expenses. Bisnar/Chase has refused to explain the reason for this apparent overcharge. Another example of unexplained costs include filing fee charges that are greater than those charged by the court. Again, Bisnar/Chase has refused to explain the charges.

- 40. Bisnar/Chase was asked to provide information to support its lien on the attorney's fees received in cases handled by Eggleston but has ignored this request. In some cases, the client files provided by Bisnar/Chase show little to no activity.
 - 41. Bisnar/Chase never paid Eggleston wages for the time he worked at Bisnar/Chase.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Sexual Harassment in Violation of Gov't Code § 12940(j)(1) (By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar, and Does 1-25)

- 42. Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 43. Eggleston performed work for Bisnar/Chase. He received paychecks with deductions for employment related taxes and performed services on behalf of Bisnar/Chase.
 - 44. Bisnar supervised Eggleston and he is a named partner at Bisnar/Chase.
- 45. While working at Bisnar/Chase, Eggleston was subjected to a sexually hostile work environment in which he was pressured to attend a seminar that pried into his personal sex life, included touching a wooden dildo, attending meetings with naked men, and stripping naked in front of other men. Bisnar admitted that he would personally obtain a benefit if Eggleston participated in these sexually related activities.
- 46. Eggleston also suffered quid pro quo sexual harassment in that his subjection to sexual conduct in the form of attending the seminar was linked to his pay and continued

employment. Eggleston's refusal to participate in the sexually charged seminar caused him to lose money and ultimately, his job.

- 47. Bisnar's conduct was unwelcome.
- 48. The conduct of Bisnar/Chase and Bisnar was severe and pervasive and altered the conditions of the work environment. Eggleston suffer actual job detriments because of the unwelcomed conduct and continues to suffer retaliation.
- 49. Eggleston exhausted his administrative remedies with the DFEH and received a right to sue letter before filing this Complaint.
- 50. Bisnar/Chase's and Bisnar's actions as described herein were willful and performed in reckless disregard of Eggleston's rights.
- 51. Bisnar/Chase's and Bisnar's conduct as described herein was malicious, fraudulent and oppressive and done with a conscious disregard for Eggleston's rights.

 Consequently, Eggleston is entitled to punitive damages.
- 52. Plaintiff was damaged by Bisnar/Chase's and Bisnar's actions and, as such, seeks backpay, front pay, compensatory damages, damages for pain and suffering, punitive damages, interest, and attorneys' fees and costs.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Retaliation in Violation of Gov't Code 12940 (By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase and DOES 1-25)

- 53. Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 54. Eggleston was subjected to materially adverse actions because he would not attend the Mankind Project's New Warrior Seminar. Bisnar would yell at him, he reduced his wages, and ultimately he stopped paying him. Eggleston continues to suffer retaliation as of the filing of this Complaint in connection with his attempts to represent clients who left Bisnar/Chase and statements made by employees and partners at Bisnar/Chase about Eggleston.
- 55. Bisnar/Chase's actions as described herein were willful and performed in reckless disregard of Eggleston's rights.

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	56.	Bisnar/Chase's conduct as described herein was malicious, fraudulent and			
	oppressive and done with a conscious disregard for Eggleston's rights. Consequently, Eggleston				
	is entitled to punitive damages.				
	57.	Eggleston was damaged by Bisnar/Chase's actions and, as such, seeks backpay,			
	front pay, compensatory damages, damages for pain and suffering, punitive damages, interest,				
	and attorneys' fees and costs.				
		THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION			
	Failure to Pay Wages				
	(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase and Does 1-25)				
	58.	Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs			
	stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.				
	59.	Eggleston was an employee of Bisnar/Chase. His job duties included providing			
	legal services to clients.				
	60.	Bisnar/Chase provided Eggleston with a draw but required him to pay all of the			
	draw back. Therefore, in violation of the Labor Code, Eggleston was not paid any wages for his				
	work at Bisnar/Chase. (Lab. Code 510, 1194, 1197.)				
	61.	Bisnar/Chase made tax deductions for wages from the draw payments.			
	62.	Eggleston did not receive a guaranteed payment of at least two times minimum			

- wage each month for the work he performed.
- Eggleston did not receive overtime pay for work over eight hours in a day or for 63. more than 40 hours in a week.
- Eggleston is entitled to bring an action to recover unpaid wages, interest, 64. liquidated damages, penalties, injunctive relief, and attorneys' fees and costs. (Lab. Code §§ 218.5, 218.6, 558, 1194, 1194.2, and 1197.)
- The Labor and Workforce Development Agency was provided a copy of this 65. complaint pursuant to Labor Code section 2699 et seq. Eggleston will amend the complaint as appropriate under the statute.

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FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Failure to Provide Itemized Wage Statement

(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase and Does 1-25)

- Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs 66. stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- When paying wages, every employer must furnish its employees with accurate 67. itemized statements showing, among other things, wages earned, total hours worked, and net wages earned. (Lab. Code § 226.)
- Eggleston did not receive accurate itemized statements with his paychecks 68. because his paychecks did not reflect all hours worked or the pay for all hours worked.
- Based on Bisnar/Chase's violation, Eggleston is entitled to recover actual 69. damages or penalties for each pay period in which a violation occurs not exceeding \$4,000.00, plus her attorneys' fees and costs. (Lab. Code § 226.) Plaintiff is also entitled to recover civil penalties and seeks injunctive relief. (Lab. Code § § 226.3, 2699 et seq.)

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Constructive Termination

(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase and Does 1-25)

- Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs 70. stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- After Eggleston refused to participate in Mankind Project's New Warrior 71. Seminar, Bisnar/Chase engaged in conduct that forced Plaintiff to terminate his employment. This conduct included, but is not limited to, not paying him wages, continual badgering to attend the seminar, and yelling at him. The conditions became intolerable and Eggleston was forced to leave.
- It is against public policy to force an employee out or otherwise terminate him for 72. refusing to participate in or for opposing sexually harassing behavior.
 - It is against public policy to not pay an employee at least minimum wage. 73.

74. Eggleston was damaged by Bisnar/Chase's actions and, as such, seeks backpay, front pay, compensatory damages, damages for pain and suffering, punitive damages, interest, and attorneys' fees and costs.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Intentional Interference with Prospective Economic Advantage (By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar, Chase, and Does 1-25)

- 75. Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 76. Eggleston had an economic relationship between himself and the clients he brought with him when he began working at Bisnar/Chase. Eggleston performed legal services for the clients and was entitled to compensation based on a contingency fee arrangement for his services.
- 77. Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase were aware of the existence of the economic relationship between Eggleston and his clients. Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase intentionally acted to disrupt the relationship between Eggleston and his clients. Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase took the clients away from Eggleston, and did not pay Eggleston for his work. Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase caused clients that Eggleston brought with him to the Bisnar/Chase law firm to sign legal services agreements naming Bisnar/Chase as their attorneys. When Eggleston refused to attend The Mankind Project's New Warrior Seminar, they retaliated against him and began a campaign to force him out of Bisnar/Chase and take the cases he brought to the firm without paying him for his work.
- 78. After Eggleston left his employment, the parties negotiated a mutually agreeable letter to send to clients Eggleston brought to the law firm advising them that Eggleston was no longer employed by Bisnar/Chase and providing the clients with a choice of counsel.

 Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase allegedly mailed the letter to all clients brought to Bisnar/Chase by Eggleston. Since leaving his employment, Eggleston has received information from persons whose files remained at Bisnar/Chase who said they did not know that he was no longer working there. In one case, the client, believing that Eggleston still worked at Bisnar/Chase emailed him

- 79. Bisnar/Chase's, Bisnar's and Chase's intentional act of forcing Eggleston out of his employment at the law firm in retaliation for his refusal to attend the seminar, disrupted Eggleston's relationship with his clients.
- 80. Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase also provided incomplete client files to Eggleston for clients who chose to continue with Eggleston. They also delayed and/or improperly filed Substitution of Attorney forms. Bisnar/Chase is required to sign certain settlement checks because they contain multiple payors. Obtaining signatures from Bisnar/Chase on some of these checks has been very difficult. In one instance, Bisnar/Chase claimed to have signed the check and mailed it to Eggleston. It was later learned that Bisnar/Chase mailed it to the office address of Eggleston prior to his employment with Bisnar/Chase and not to the address of his office subsequent to his employment. Bisnar/Chase was aware of Eggleston's new office address because there had been numerous correspondence between the Parties and someone from Bisnar/Chase had even been to Eggleston's new office.
- 81. Eggleston has suffered actual damages due to Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase actions in the form of lost attorney's fees.
- 82. Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase actions as described herein were willful and performed in reckless disregard of Plaintiff's rights.
- 83. Bisnar/Chase, Bisnar and Chase conduct as described herein was malicious, fraudulent and oppressive and done with a conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights.

 Consequently, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages.

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SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Written Contract

(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase and Does 1-25)

- 84. Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 85. Eggleston had an agreement whereby he would receive a 1/3 referral fee on fees collected on all cases he brought to Bisnar/Chase.
- 86. Eggleston did not receive his referral fee because he was required to pay the fees to Bisnar/Chase in order to pay back the draw.
- 87. Bisnar/Chase's failure to pay the referral fee constitutes a breach of contract for which he is entitled to recovery of damages.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Oral Contract

(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase and Does 1-25)

- 88. Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 89. Eggleston and Bisnar/Chase had an oral agreement that he would receive a 1/3 referral fee for all cases he brought to Bisnar/Chase. This referral fee would be disclosed to clients in the legal services agreement that they signed with Bisnar/Chase. Bisnar/Chase also agreed that they would mail a letter notifying clients that Eggleston brought to the firm that he was no longer working at the firm.
- 90. Sometime after September 24 2009, a client of Eggleston's referred her son to the Bisnar/Chase law firm believing that Eggleston would handle a legal matter for her son. The mother and the son took their case to Bisnar/Chase specifically because of Eggleston's employment at the law firm. The client told Bisnar/Chase that they were coming to the firm for legal assistance because of Eggleston. Bisnar/Chase had the client sign a retainer agreement that did not include a disclosure that Eggleston would receive a referral fee. Also, Bisnar/Chase did

not send the client a letter notifying him that Eggleston was no longer working with Bisnar/Chase or that the client had an option to follow Eggleston or remain with Bisnar/Chase.

- 91. Bisnar/Chase breached their agreement with Eggleston to pay him 1/3 referral fee on cases he brought to the firm because they did not disclose the referral fee to the client and, pursuant to the Rules of Professional Conduct, the lack of disclosure prohibits the sharing of any fees. (Cal. Rules of Prof. Resp., rule 2-200.)
- 92. Bisnar/Chase breached their agreement to mail the letter to clients brought to the firm by Eggleston.
- 93. Eggleston seeks damages against Bisnar/Chase in the form of any money lost due to Bisnar/Chase's breach of contract. In the alternative, Eggleston seeks a declaration from the court that he is entitled to receive from Bisnar/Chase an amount equal to the sum he lost due to its breach.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

(By Plaintiff against all Defendants)

- 94. Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 95. Defendants engaged in extreme and outrageous behavior that exceeded the normal risk of the employment relationship. Defendants also engaged in extreme and outrageous behavior intended to damage Eggleston professionally.
- 96. Defendants' conduct was intended to cause or was in reckless disregard of the probability of causing emotional distress.
- 97. As a direct, foreseeable, and proximate result of Defendants' actions, Eggleston has suffered and continues to suffer severe emotional distress including such things as anxiety, humiliation, embarrassment, and physical ailments.
- 98. Defendants' actions as described herein were willful and performed in reckless disregard of Eggleston's rights.
 - 99. Defendants' conduct as described herein was malicious, fraudulent and oppressive

making any claim as to costs.

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	and done with a conscious disregard for Eggleston's rights. Consequently, Eggleston is entitled					
	to punitive damages.					
	100. E	Eggleston seeks damages for pain and suffering and punitive damages according				
	to proof.					
		TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION				
		Declaratory Relief				
		(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase)				
	101. F	Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs				
	stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.					
	102. A	An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between Eggleston and				
	Bisnar/Chase over division of legal fees for clients who chose Eggleston as their counsel.					
	Bisnar/Chase asserts a lien on cases that have settled.					
١	103. I	Eggleston seeks a judicial determination of the respective amounts to Eggleston				
١	and Bisnar/Chase to all legal fees obtained in cases involving the two parties.					
I		ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION				
١		Accounting				
		(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase)				
١	104. I	Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs				
١	stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.					
I	105. I	Eggleston seeks an accounting of the fees and costs associated with cases retained				
١	by Bisnar/Chase	by Bisnar/Chase in which he is entitled to a portion of the attorneys' fees.				
	106. I	Eggleston seeks an accounting of the costs incurred and efforts made by				
	Bisnar/Chase or	Bisnar/Chase on the cases litigated by Eggleston in which Bisnar/Chase is asserting a lien or				

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TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Fraudulent Concealment

(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase and Does 1-25)

- 107. Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 108. Bisnar/Chase had an oral agreement with Eggleston that he would receive a 1/3 referral fee for all cases he brought to Bisnar/Chase. This referral fee would be disclosed to clients in the legal services agreement that they signed with Bisnar/Chase. Bisnar/Chase also agreed that they would mail a letter notifying clients that Eggleston brought to the firm that he was no longer working at the firm.
- 109. Bisnar/Chase concealed and suppressed material facts from Eggleston in that Bisnar/Chase did not tell him that a client had referred her son (last name is Johnson) to Eggleston after his accident in September 2009. On January 7, 2010, Bisnar/Chase had the client sign a retainer agreement but did not include Eggleston's name on the agreement or advise Eggleston that the client requested that he represent him.
- 110. Had Eggleston known that client Johnson was referred to him, he would have included his name on the retainer agreement and asked that Johnson be provided a choice of counsel when Eggleston left his employment at Bisnar/Chase.
- 111. Eggleston suffered damage from Bisnar/Chase's concealment of material facts in the form of monetary lose of his referral fee and attorneys' fees from any recovery in the case.
- 112. Bisnar/Chase's actions were oppressive, fraudulent or malicious and intended to cause harm. As such, punitive damages are warranted.

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THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Unfair Business Practices

(By Plaintiff against Bisnar/Chase and Does 1-25)

- Plaintiff hereby restates, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference the paragraphs 113. stated above in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- It is an unlawful, unfair, and deceptive business practice to not pay an employee 114. wages, to engage in harassing behavior, and to interfere with the business relationships of others. Such acts violate Business and Professions Code sections 17200 et seq.
- As the result of such unlawful, unfair, deceptive and/or anti-competitive business 115. practices, Bisnar/Chase retained benefits from Plaintiff in the form of wages, business, and work time. Eggleston suffered actual damages from Bisnar/Chase's actions.
- Bisnar/Chase's continual refusal to conform to the law is a violation of Business and Professions Code sections 17200 et seq. As such, the Court is justified to issue an injunction pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17203 and order restitution to Eggleston in order to prevent Bisnar/Chase from continuing to accumulate unjust profits at the expense of Eggleston, prevent violation of the public policies of the State of California enacted for the welfare of all citizens, and to prevent Bisnar/Chase from competing unfairly with other lawabiding California businesses.
- Plaintiff also seeks recovery of attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to Code of Civil 117. Procedure section 1021.2

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Eggleston prays for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

- General and compensatory damages; 1.
- Recovery of wages; 2.
- Penalties; 3.
- Punitive damages; 4.
- 5. Restitution;

1	6.	Injunctive relief;		
2	7.	Interest;		
3	8.	Attorneys' fees and co	sts; and	
4	9.	For such other and fur	ther relief as the Court deems just and proper.	
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6		JURY TRIAL DEMAND		
7	PLA	PLAINTIFF hereby demands a jury trial on all issues so triable.		
8	DATED: A	ugust 31, 2010	CALLAHAN, THOMPSON, SHERMAN & CAUDILLIALLP	
9				
11		21	KATHLEEN M HARTMAN Attorneys for Plaintiff	
12			STEVÉN EGGLESTON	
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