

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XX

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1913

NO. 35

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The city board of trustees met in adjourned session in the city hall last Monday night. Upon motion of Trustee Kelley, seconded by Trustee Holston, Superintendent of Streets Kneese was authorized to put lateral sewers in Miller avenue, between Eucalyptus and Chestnut avenues.

Upon motion of Trustee Kelley, seconded by Trustee McGovern, a resolution was adopted authorizing the publication of a notice calling for bids for the purchase of 164 municipal sewer bonds to the amount of \$62,000.

Upon motion of Trustee McGovern, seconded by Trustee Kelley, a resolution was adopted authorizing the publication of a notice calling for bids for the construction and completion of a general sanitary sewer system, including an outfall.

It was reported that lateral sewers in Baden avenue were being broken by graders, on account of not being located deep enough for the new grade for that avenue.

Referred to superintendent of streets.

SERVICES AT THE METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, August 31st. Sunday school 10:30 a. m. Mrs. J. H. Lewis, acting superintendent. Senior Epworth League, 7:00 p. m. William H. Veit, president. Topic for devotional meeting, "Vocation Experiences." Public worship with sermon by the pastor: "The Liberal Soul Shall Be Made Fat." Members of every evangelical denomination will find a church home with us. Mid-week prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at 7:45. Junior League social next Friday afternoon in the parsonage 413 Linden avenue. Let the children come home from to the social.

LEAGUE SOCIAL

The Epworth League social held at Guild Hall last Thursday evening was a very pleasant affair. The attendance showed an increase over preceding socials, and those present enjoyed a good time. Depositing a penny for each letter in the full name of every one of the company furnished some amusement and brought in about four dollars cash. Games were played, and a brief program rendered. Ernest Langenbach contributed two excellent piano selections, and Miss Martha Savage sang a vocal solo from popular music. Refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were served until everyone cried "Enough." The party dispersed in time to go home before midnight.

First-class table board can be had at Mrs. M. Bragard's, 416 Baden avenue. Advt.

PRESERVE THIS FOR REFERENCE

Rainfall in San Francisco		Season Inches	
Season	Inches	Season	Inches
1913	11.96	1881	29.86
1912	14.06	1880	26.66
1911	25.49	1879	24.44
1910	19.54	1878	35.12
1909	25.58	1877	11.04
1908	17.31	1876	26.01
1906	20.42	1874	23.98
1905	23.45	1873	18.02
1904	20.59	1872	30.78
1903	18.28	1871	14.10
1902	18.98	1870	19.31
1901	21.17	1869	21.35
1900	18.47	1868	38.94
1899	16.87	1867	34.92
1898	9.38	1866	22.93
1897	23.43	1865	24.73
1896	21.25	1864	10.08
1895	27.29	1863	13.74
1894	18.47	1862	43.27
1893	22.65	1861	19.72
1892	18.55	1860	22.27
1891	17.58	1859	22.22
1890	45.85	1858	21.81
1889	23.86	1857	19.01
1888	16.74	1856	21.66
1887	18.81	1855	23.76
1886	33.05	1854	23.81
1885	18.10	1853	35.20
1884	32.38	1852	18.48
1883	20.12	1851	7.49
1882	16.14	1850	33.19

BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO
4% Interest on Savings Deposits
W. H. COFFINBERRY, Pres.
H. L. HAAKER, Ass't Cashier

Local Happenings in Brief

Mrs. Ren I. Wood was a visitor here Thursday.

John Guerra was taken quite sick last Thursday.

Mrs. George Mahoney is visiting Mrs. T. J. Mahoney.

Mrs. George Kneese is spending two weeks at Redwood City.

The work of paving Miller avenue is progressing very rapidly.

John Guerra expects to leave here and reside in Petaluma in future.

Geo. David of this left last Sunday for a week's vacation at Vallejo.

Kenneth Green of San Mateo was a visitor to this city on Wednesday.

Miss Alice Winters of Honolulu is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Martin.

G. E. Mahoney, of Petaluma was here on Sunday visiting his parents.

Miss Josie Kriess entertained the Embroidery Club Thursday evening.

John Guerra Jr. of Redwood City was a visitor to this city on Thursday.

John Watrin has moved into the Haaker house on Commercial avenue.

Mrs. E. J. Sullivan is quite ill at Berkeley, where she was taken Thursday.

Mrs. George R. Sneath, who is ill at the Red Cross Hospital, is doing nicely.

George W. Crum, representing the Standard Oil Company, was in town Monday.

A. D. Rouse, manager of the Presto-lite Company, was here on business Tuesday.

Mrs. George Perham entertained the Afternoon Euchre Club at her home in Hillsborough yesterday.

Reverend Edwin Kiser, formerly of this place, is teaching in the Iquiqui College, Chile, South America.

Jack Martin returned Friday from his trip to Alaska. Mr. Martin has been gone nearly three months.

Mrs. George Selby has returned home from the Red Cross Hospital. Mrs. Selby is improving rapidly.

The Misses Beulah Morgan and Daisy Cannonica of Reno, Nevada, visited Mrs. J. A. McCall Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. VanValin and family will reside in this city in future. Mrs. VanValin is Mrs. J. O. Snyder's sister.

Jesse W. Lillenthal of San Francisco, who has large interests in this city, has succeeded Patrick Calhoun as president of the United Railroads.

Chas. Gamble, an employe of the Bates, Borland & Ayer Construction Company, who had his arm broken last week is able to be around again.

Otto Berlinger, formerly of this city, was here last Tuesday visiting old friends. Mr. Berlinger and family moved to Los Angeles about three years ago.

Chas. Chalmers, formerly of this place, was instantly killed when he fell from the United Railroad building at Market and Valencia streets in San Francisco.

Jones & Brunner have been given a contract to build a one story bungalow on the north side of Baden, between Maple and Spruce avenues, for Peter Furi.

Wesley Byron (Ole) Robbins and wife were in this city last Monday, having returned from attending the funeral of Mr. Robbins' mother in an Eastern state.

Dan McSweeney has bought the business of Eli Allemand on the corner of Grand avenue and San Bruno Road, and will take possession the 1st of September.

A. A. Whitten, who has been with the Western Meat Co. for nearly five years, has accepted a position as organizer, representing The Fraternal Brotherhood.

C. F. Hamsher will become cashier of the First National Bank of Los Gatos, September 1st. Mr. Hamsher was former cashier of the Bank of South San Francisco.

Representatives of an Eastern company, accompanied by the local land agent, went over the land of the South

San Francisco Land and Improvement Company last Tuesday with a view of establishing a factory at this place.

A photographer of Arthur J. Brunner Company was here Thursday taking photographs of factories for the new advertising booklet of South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company.

J. W. Coleberd and F. A. Cunningham have returned from Sacramento where they have been for several days. They are glad to get back to South San Francisco, and enjoy the cool breezes here.

A. Hynding was taken to the Red Cross Hospital Saturday and was operated on Monday. Mr. Hynding had been very ill for several weeks before being taken to the hospital. He is improving rapidly.

Last Tuesday morning about 11:30 o'clock a fire started in the varnish department at the W. P. Fuller & Company plant in this city. The Fuller fire department quickly responded to the alarm and soon had the fire extinguished. There was very little damage done.

A design for the new theatre of Eschelbach & Morton has been prepared. The structure will be extremely handsome and attractive. It is proposed to put this building on the property recently acquired by Eschelbach & Morton, on Linden avenue, between Grand and Baden avenues.

Floyd Menzie, of this city and Pearl Newton of San Francisco were united in marriage on August 20th, at Redwood City by Justice Lampkin. The groom is well known here and is employed at the Western Meat Co. packing house in this city. He has purchased a house and lot for his bride.

A. Giorgi, Dario Quilici, A. Mennucci, A. Gali, P. Mariani, C. Bonalanza and A. Hendel visited Redwood City Tuesday, August 26th, and received their final citizenship papers. We understand that the newly elect will banquet their friends soon at a fashionable Italian restaurant in San Francisco.

Mrs. Margaret Mountz and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Richardson and infant daughter Margaret are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Coleberd. Mrs. Mountz is Mrs. Coleberd's mother and has come from Garrett, Indiana. Mrs. Richardson is a sister of Mrs. Coleberd and resides in Houston, Texas. Mr. Richardson is fuel agent for the Frisco Railroad System.

Hose Co. No. 1 held a special meeting last Wednesday evening and there was a fine attendance. New members are coming in and the company is gradually getting together in good shape. With regret the resignation of Wm. McDonald as secretary was accepted, as his time is taken up in other matters and E. Worden was elected to fill the vacancy. A good live committee of five was appointed to arrange for the annual dance to be given by Hose Co. No. 1, and there will be nothing left undone to make this dance a grand success. The citizens of this city are always liberal in purchasing tickets for the fire boys dance, and it is hoped they will help this time.

The second annual excursion of the "W. P. Fuller and Co. Employees"

Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars.

THE BIG EVENT NEXT MONDAY

Rev. Father Cooper, pastor of St. Michael's Parish and his associates in arranging for the big annual picnic and Labor Day celebration at Tanforan next Monday, September 1st, have completed their labor and it only remains to enjoy the satisfaction of seeing their efforts crowned with an unprecedented success.

Each year this annual reunion and consolidated series of sports is just a little better than the one previous and the 1913 event will sustain this record. Father Cooper states that more than the usual numbers of attractions have been arranged for the entertainment of the public.

The event are too numerous and varied to undertake an enumeration of them. There are games and races and contests of every description in which friendly rivals will strive to excel each other. It is expected that a record crowd will be in attendance as there is no other Labor Day celebration in the county at this time.

FULLER AND EKSWARD OFFER RESIGNATIONS

L. E. Fuller (manager) and F. L. Eksward (secretary) have presented their resignations to the board of governors of the San Mateo County Development Association, to go into effect on Tuesday next. The board of governors will appear before the board of supervisors next Tuesday and ask that the Development Association be given an appropriation for publicity purposes.

Men's 56 cent Quality Brand Neck wear. At Schneider's. Advt.

Girls wanting work, apply at once, to the packing department of the Leslie Salt Refining Company, at Leslie. S. P. trains stop morning and evening. Low commutation rates from all points.


OPEN AIR CONCERT AT SAN MATEO

The following is the program for the open air concert to be given by the Peninsula World's Fair Band of 40 pieces under the direction of Alois Winkler at the Peninsula Hotel grounds, San Mateo, Sunday, August 31, at 2:30 p. m.

The program is made up of pieces selected by the public.

- "Star Spangled Banner."
- 1. March, "Americano," Bareileo.
- 2. Ent' act et valse, "Coppelia," De-libes.
- 3. "Celebrated Minuet," Paderewski.
- 4. Selection, "Maritana," Walles.
- 5. March, "Tannhaeuser," Wagner.
- 6. Overture, "Raymond," Thomas.
- 7. "Mill in the Forest," idyll, Michaelio.
- 8. Selection, "Echoes from the Metropolitan Opera House," Tobani.
- 9. March, "Alte Cameraden," Teeke.
- Extras, "In My Harem Rag," "On the Bosphorus," Turkish intermezzo. "America."

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SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

South San Francisco

Railroad Time Table

June 8, 1913.

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:03 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
7:18 A. M.
7:40 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:04 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:44 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
9:23 A. M.
9:53 A. M.
11:13 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
1:07 P. M.
3:04 P. M.
3:41 P. M.
5:14 P. M.
5:28 P. M.
7:03 P. M.
7:26 P. M.
11:39 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:02 A. M.
7:22 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:23 A. M.
10:58 A. M.
11:58 A. M.
1:37 P. M.
(Saturday only)
2:22 P. M.
(Sunday only)
2:29 P. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:17 P. M.
4:37 P. M.
5:24 P. M.
(Except Sunday)
5:58 P. M.
6:47 P. M.
8:27 P. M.
10:22 P. M.
12:02 P. M.
(Theater Train)

LOOP SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:18 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

6:25 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.
North, 8:03 a. m.
South, 11:57 a. m.
North, 12:13 p. m.
South, 2:18 p. m.
North, 3:41 p. m.
North, 7:03 p. m.

MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.
North, 11:57 a. m.
South, 12:13 p. m.
North, 2:18 p. m.
South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—F. A. Cunningham (President), Thos. L. Hickey, G. W. Holston, J. H. Kelley, J. C. McGovern.

Clerk..... W. J. Smith
Treasurer..... C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder..... Wm. Rehberg
Attorney..... J. W. Coleberg
Marshal..... H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman..... W. P. Acheson

BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire,

E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, Dr. I. W. Keith, Geo. Kneese (Secretary).

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—P. D. Broner, Chas.

Robinson, E. N. Brown.

County Officials

Judge Superior Court..... G. H. Buck
Treasurer..... P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector..... A. McSweeney
District Attorney..... Franklin Swart
Assessor..... C. D. Hayward
County Clerk..... Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder..... H. O. Heiner
Sheriff..... J. H. Mansfield
Auditor..... Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools..... Roy Cloud
Coroner and Public Adm..... Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor..... James B. Neuman
Health Officer..... W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor..... James T. Casey
Justices of the Peace..... E. C. Johnson
John F. Davis
Constables..... Jas. C. Wallace
J. H. Parker

Postmaster..... E. E. Cunningham

VETERANS' HOME CHARGES FALSE

Accusations of Misconduct an Attempt to Blackmail

President John F. Neylan of the State Board of Control, has issued a public statement in which he declares that an exhaustive investigation has shown that the charges of misconduct recently lodged against Drs. D. M. McRae and W. H. Crane, hospital surgeons at the State Veterans' Home at Yountville, and against Miss Frances E. Patten, head nurse at the hospital, were false, groundless and malicious.

The charges against the hospital officers were made by Edward Everett (Bert) Howard, a discharged hospital attendant, and by Miss Sara Lillian Banchiero and Miss Leota D. Noel, discharged nurses.

"From the evidence at hand," says President Neylan, "the Board of Control has reached the conclusion that Howard and his associates are a ring of conscienceless blackmailers, who would stop at nothing to ruin the reputations of decent men and women.

"The venom of these people was expended principally against Dr. Crane, Dr. McRae and Miss Patten, the head nurse. The brutality and heartlessness of the charges directed against Miss Patten in an attempt to involve her with Dr. Crane are almost beyond belief.

"Howard and his associates charged that on one occasion Miss Patten had a fictitious telegram sent to her in order to get permission to get away and keep a clandestine appointment. The telegram announced the death of Miss Patten's mother. Investigation shows that the telegram concerning the death of Mrs. Patten was genuine; that the daughter was overcome with grief and was given several days' absence. The records also show that Dr. Crane did not leave the hospital grounds during the time Miss Patten was absent. The brutal and criminal character of the assault upon Miss Patten's reputation is typical of the other charges, which have been conclusively disproved.

"This statement is made so that all reputable newspapers of the State may have notice that Howard and his women associates, who are not traveling under their right names, are dangerous characters. The board respectfully suggests that all newspapers investigate at first hand information furnished by Howard or his associates. In so far as this board is concerned, the charges are dismissed."

GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

United States military authorities seized a quantity of paper money at Eagle Pass, Tex., intended for the constitutionalists in Mexico, and held it as contraband of war. The Treasury Department has been notified, and the currency will be held pending instructions from Washington.

A Londoner who was spending the holidays at Llondune, a watering place in Wales, on the Irish Sea, tunneled into a sand dune for amusement. When he had burrowed so only his feet were uncovered, the sand collapsed and he was suffocated before rescuers could dig him out.

One of the strangest sights in London is the mad artists' gallery at Bethlehem Hospital, where a collection of paintings from the brushes of madmen is housed. One of the patients, who, in a fit of sudden madness killed his father, painted three pictures. They represent "Raving Madness," "Self Conceit" and "Grief." The first shows remarkable power.

The steamship Victoria, which arrived in Seattle from Nome, Alaska, brought \$450,000 in gold bullion from the placer mines on Seward Peninsula. The gold production of the Nome district has been unusually light this season because of the extended drought, which has hampered sluicing. Many large properties have shut down entirely, and others are doing only assessment work.

Representatives of ten Indian tribes, from as far as the Teuton Islands and distant Alaskan ports, signed a declaration of allegiance to the Government of the United States and pledged loyalty to the flag in a solemn and impressive ceremony, before Dr. Joseph Kessuth Dixon, Major James MacLaughlin, Special Inspector of Indian Affairs, and party at the Cushman Indian School, near Tacoma, Wash.

Mrs. Linda Burfield Hazzard, commonly known as the starvation doc-

WILLIAM SULZER.
Governor of New York Impeached in Bitter Political Feud.



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tor, whose sentence of from two to twenty years in the State Penitentiary of Washington for causing the death by starvation of Miss Claire Williamson, an English heiress, was upheld recently by the Supreme Court, has been released from the Seattle County Jail on \$20,000 bonds pending the filing of a petition for a rehearing before the Supreme Court.

The cutting of timber on the national forests of California increased 17 per cent for the fiscal year of 1913 over that of the preceding twelve months, according to figures compiled by the district forester in San Francisco. The total value of the timber cut was \$126,719.89. This cutting took place on the nineteen national forests in the State, the total amount in board feet being 61,572,000. Of this total 9,153,000 board feet, valued at \$18,011.15, was cut by settlers and residents within or near the forests, under free permit for domestic use.

Nineteen prisoners in the Washoe County Jail, at Reno, Nev., were simultaneously attacked with ptomaine poisoning following the usual afternoon meal, served three hours earlier. For five hours two physicians and several deputies were busy administering morphine and strychnine and rubbing the cramps out of the prisoners with camphorated oil. Several of them were in very serious condition, and for several hours were not expected to live. Instead of the usual "leavings" from the tables of a nearby hotel, which the prisoners are fed, under a contract, those who were stricken are now enjoying a diet of toast and milk.

The annual protests over the lack of accommodation for New York school children find that approximately 100,000 girls and boys, or one-sixth of the total enrollment, will have to be registered as "part timers" when the public schools open next month. This is an increase of 12 per cent over last year's number of those denied full time in school because of the task of building accommodation, notwithstanding that new schoolhouses are constantly being opened. Thirty new school buildings will be constructed within the next two years, but the school population is so rapidly increasing that it is predicted there will still be 75,000 part-time pupils in 1915.

A verdict of manslaughter was rendered by a Coroner's Jury in London against Christian Scientists whose seven-year-old daughter, Norah, died of diphtheria. Benjamin Jewell of Hornsey, father of the child, and his wife, both Christian Scientists, testified that they called a Christian Science practitioner instead of a doctor. The father expressed his belief in the efficacy of Christian Science treatment. Dr. Bell, who stated that the child died of diphtheria, when asked by counsel for the parents, "Is it within your professional experience that diphtheria may be present without being detected during life?" replied that sometimes the disease did not present noticeable symptoms, but that with the modern methods of diagnosis now in use it probably would be found. Dr. Bell said that when he was called the child was dead, and that the parents seemed to think it had mumps.

Miss Jane Adams, who went to Egypt because of a breakdown, is coming back to Chicago in July and is said to be quite recovered. She will spend a few days with friends at Newport and will make a speech there.

LIND AND GAMBOA RESUME PARLEYS

Mexico Gains Time But Makes No Concessions

President Wilson's personal representative, John Lind, and Federico Gamboa, the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, are again exchanging notes on the subject of relations between the respective governments, notwithstanding that Mr. Lind has already left the capital and that President Wilson's other agent, William Bayard Hale, has planned to leave.

The Mexican Foreign Minister is reticent as to the character of the exchanges, but unofficially it is said they will not alter the situation. It is believed that they had to do merely with the request on the part of Mexico that President Wilson delay the reading of his message to Congress in order that the Mexican Government might prepare for simultaneous publicity of a portion or all of the documents in the case.

Though somewhat reassured by the press dispatches from Washington indicating that the Administration is still strongly opposed to intervention, there still prevails intense anxiety on the part of foreign residents in Mexico, as well as Mexicans. Trains for Vera Cruz carried away many Americans, and many more have planned to go.

The dilatory attitude of the Huerta Government gave Washington administration officials hope that some concessions might be made to the American proposals for peace in Mexico.

Mr. Lind had made certain supplementary suggestions to Senor Gamboa, the nature of which was not divulged, but Administration officials declared these constituted no departure from the fundamentals of the American note. The original proposals were officially announced as follows:

1. Cessation of hostilities and a definite armistice.
2. An early and free election.
3. Huerta to bind himself not to be a candidate.
4. An agreement by all parties to abide by the results of the election.

PANAMA EXPOSITION NEWS

Notwithstanding the refusal of the German Government officially to participate in the celebration of the completion of the Panama Canal, Germany will be represented at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition by private concerns.

From recent advices received the failure of the German Government to participate has served to stimulate the representatives of the leading German industries to make even greater exhibits than they had at first intended, and the result will be that German industries and activities will be adequately represented in San Francisco in 1915.

Efforts are now being made by leading German-American societies throughout the United States to bring about a reconsideration on the part of the German Government of its declination of the invitation of the United States Government to take part officially in the exposition, and whether these efforts succeed or fail, to arouse the German people to a full appreciation of the need of a goodly representation anyway.

Assurances have been received by Chairman Delger that not only German industries, but German educational systems, social and economic practices and other subjects of civilization during the past decade will be fully displayed.

One thing that has acted as a stimulus to participate in the exposition has been not only the refusal of their own Government, but of the British Government to take part. Far-seeing Germans see in this situation an excellent opportunity to further their own interests, especially in the growing trade of the Pacific Ocean.

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APPLY TO
South San Francisco Land & Improvement Co

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

**W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.**

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USE

CALIFENE

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

ASK YOUR DEALER

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

Western Meat Company

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year, in advance \$2 00
Six Months " " 1 00
Three Months " " 50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1913

HOME-OWNERSHIP.

Home-ownership benefits the worker many material ways.

In holding him fast in one fixed place it saves him the loss of time and waste of money squandered in moving from place to place. It gives him pleasant as well as profitable employment for all his idle hours in improving and beautifying his home. It brings within his reach the chance for promotion with better pay. Its material benefits are manifold.

Home-ownership benefits the worker in other ways. It improves the man.

It takes him from the rank of dependents and makes him measurably independent. It makes him not only a home-owner, but a home-lover as well, and love of home creates love of country, chief among the civic virtues.

It makes him a better husband and father; a better neighbor, citizen and workman, and therefore a better man.

The effort put forth by the worker in acquiring a home, develops in the man patience, persistence, courage and character. It establishes fixed habits of industry and economy which make the after contests of life easier, and success more certain and complete. As he works for home he learns the love of home, and so comes to love the work by which home is won, and with love, toil becomes lighter.

Home-ownership means to the toiler that every tree, or shrub, or plant, or flower he puts out to adorn his dwelling place, is his own; that every spare moment devoted to improving his habitation, is not the work of a dependent to enrich a landlord, but that of a free man for family and home.

It means renewed strength, higher courage, broader views, increased self-respect, and that calm confidence and peace of mind which comes to him who is securely sheltered in the castle of home, that strong fortress of the poor in time of need.

It means the beginning of the worker's life as an integral part of the community in which he lives, with the added stability and nobility of character which comes up out of the earth to the owner of the soil.

Only the free-holder is a free man in the fullest sense.

We want the wage earners of this industrial city to become infected with the home-getting and home-owning fever.

The appointment of Jesse W. Lienthal as president of the United Rail-

roads meets with universal approval. The choice of Mr. Lienthal for this important position has been received nowhere with greater satisfaction than in this industrial city. Mr. Lienthal is vice-president of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company. He was president of the local bank and one of its founders, and he is a director in and attorney for all the corporations connected with the city and its development. His selection of the new board of directors for the United Railroads means just what Mr. Lienthal announces as the policy of the company. It means that the activities of the company will be confined strictly to the operation of street railroads, and in a manner that will fully recognize the duties of a public utility.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

IMP. O. R. M.

Last Thursday evening a great time was held in the council chamber of Tippecanoe Tribe, No. 111. Six candidates were initiated in the adoption degree and all stood the ordeal fine, considering what they went through. The degree work was put on in a splendid manner and the members deserve great credit for their efforts in placing the tribe in the front rank. There were also two more applications acted on which will be ready for next initiation night.

THE EVENING CALL

Announcement was made Thursday that the San Francisco Call, a morning paper, will appear on September 1st as an evening paper. M. H. De Young, proprietor of the San Francisco Chronicle, who bought the plant of the morning paper, has sold the equipment, with the exception of the color presses, to the new owners, who are announced as F. W. Kellogg, publisher and editor, representing 80 per cent of the stock, and John D. Spreckles, formerly owner of the Morning Call, and now holding 20 per cent of the stock of the evening paper.

Mr. Kellogg began newspaper work on the Cleveland, O., Press, was from 1894 to 1899 one of the managers of the Scripps-McRae league of newspapers, and later became owner of the St. Paul Daily News, the Minneapolis Daily News and the Des Moines News.

S. P. LOSING MONEY

Even though it is operating 877 suburban trains daily out of the Oakland and Alameda moles, and has carried in the last year about nineteen million passengers, the Southern Pacific Company is losing approximately three and a quarter million dollars annually on the suburban electric service in Alameda county. These figures are made known from authoritative sources. It is said that the total passenger revenue for the twelve months ending June 30, 1913, was \$1,265,707.15, while the total expense was \$4,613,262.00, leaving a deficit to the company of just \$3,247,554.85.

\$250 APPROPRIATED

Chas. N. Kirkbride, H. C. Tuchsien and Mrs. Henry C. Finkler addressed the board of supervisors last Saturday in support of an application for assistance for a county exhibit in the Portola celebration in San Francisco next October.

It was the sense of the board that \$250 be appropriated for that purpose. It is understood the money will be used in payment for services of the Peninsula band in the Portola parade.

No Wind or Weather

Can harm the complexion, treated with our soaps, creams and face powders. For they give health, vigor and daintiness to the skin, removing all dirt, all effects of sun, wind or rain. To use them is to assure the performance of every woman's duty, which is to look and to stay beautiful.

SOUTH CITY PHARMACY,

San Bruno South San Francisco
Phone Main 162 Phone Main 82

UNIFORMITY IN WRITING

People do not like to write. On the contrary, experts assert with apparent reason that no person's handwriting is identical with any other person's. This is accepted by the courts as a fact. It is a circumstance of the utmost usefulness in business. Without it the world's convenient systems of finance could scarcely exist. It would be well if everybody wrote legibly, but it would not be well at all if everybody wrote uniformly. That would be a condition greatly to be deplored.

Yet the public schools endeavor to bring about that very thing. At least they teach penmanship as if they expected to force all pupils to write alike. Whether the model in vogue happens to be "Spencerian" or "modified Spencerian," "vertical," or "modified vertical," every child is required to conform to it strictly. Uniformity is insisted on; individuality is suppressed. Legibility is nothing, uniformity is everything. So zealous are the school people in the cause of uniformity that writing that is legible is condemned if it is larger or smaller than the model. Lest some variations creep in, they insist that every one of the thousands of children shall use the same method; they mark good writing "poor" if it is produced with a movement or a pen position not described by the rules.

The system, seemingly so silly, may be susceptible of some defense. Very likely something of the sort is inevitable to some extent in an institution and a task of such magnitude. And perhaps the writing instructors expect the children to abandon the painfully acquired uniformity and cultivate individuality as soon as they leave school and become free agents—as, of course, many of them do.

Handwriting is by way of becoming an obsolete art. It has virtually disappeared from business and even private correspondence is now largely machine-written. The pen's future usefulness will be principally for signature purposes. It might be well for the schools to recognize this. If it were not so unsuccessful in attaining its object, the present plan of teaching penmanship would make it possible for one person to forge 7000 signatures on a referendum petition with some chance of escaping detection.—Cleveland Dealer.

WEEDS ARE GOING IN SANTA BARBARA

If you haven't cut the weeds on your property by this time, after having received written notice from the street department, you'll probably find a card posted somewhere on your lot by evening, notifying you that the place must be cleared of weeds within the next ten days, or the city will cut them and assess the costs against the property. An inspector from the street department started out this morning with the large official notices.

The passage of the weed ordinance has had a salutary effect, however. The majority of property owners notified by mail have responded by cutting their weeds and those who have not are largely non-residents.

Councilmen Tomlinson and Henck, together with an inspector from the street department, made a tour of the city early this morning to ascertain to what extent the weed notices had had been followed. Upon their return to the city hall, Mr. Tomlinson said:

"Santa Barbara is freer from weeds today than it ever has been before. Three-fourths of the property owners who were notified by mail to cut their weeds have done so. Most of the remaining one-fourth are non-residents. The inspector was sent out to post notices on these properties to-day and if the notice is not complied with, employees of the street department will start out at the expiration of ten days and cut the weeds.

"The weed ordinance already has accomplished a great deal in getting a cleaner city and will bring even greater results."—Santa Barbara News.

Men's Monarch Brand Dress Shirts, \$1.00. At Schneider's. Advt.

For Sale—Plymouth Rock and White Leghorn hens. Mrs. J. H. New, Peck's addition. Advt.



Worn by navy men on all occasions and in all places. Notaseme hosiery has been admired and has given good service in every important port of the world.

NOTASEME

(Perfect Process)

Silk-Lisle Hosiery

Wears like "Sixty"
Looks like "Fifty"
Costs but Twenty-five

Every penny you pay for Notaseme Hosiery goes into the quality and workmanship.

Exclusive treatments which, in combination, form the NOTASEME PERFECT PROCESS, effect this superiority.

NOTASEME 4-ply cable-twist heels and toes, though soft and flexible, are of amazing long wear.

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 GRAND AVENUE South San Francisco

FOR SALE on EASY TERMS

Choice Residence Lots
Will Build to Suit Purchaser
Terms Like Rent

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance
Postoffice Building South San Francisco

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ENTERPRISE subscribers are requested to notify this office immediately if they do not receive their papers promptly each week

HOTELS

Linden Hotel

WOLGEVEN & FENGER, Props.

206-210 Linden Avenue

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of Charles J. Barbeau, deceased.
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the estate of Charles J. Barbeau, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at No. 10 Broadway, Redwood City, California, office of Edw. F. Fitzpatrick, the same being his place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said County of San Mateo, State of California.
CHARLES P. BARBEAU,
Administrator of the estate of said deceased.
Dated, Redwood City, Cal., August 25, 1913.
Edw. F. Fitzpatrick, Attorney for said estate. 8-30-5t

BADEN STOCK FARM

E. N. BROWN, Prop.

One Thousand White Leghorn Pullets,
Three Months Old, For Sale.

"The Hub"

CHAS. GUIDI, Prop.

Ladies' and Children's Furnishings
313-315 GRAND AVE.
South San Francisco

Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of
New Spring Styles

L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas
SHOES

Standard Price Goods

Dowd's Shoe Store

Expert Hair Cutting, Hot
Baths, Razors Honed

—AT—
METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

FRANCIS DRAKE LODGE,
No. 376, F. & A. M.,
meets at Metropolitan
Hall first Friday every
month for Stated meetings.
E. P. KAUFFMANN, Master.
J. G. WALKER, Secretary.



SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LODGE, No. 850, THE FRATERNAL BROTHERHOOD, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall.

MARY E. BOHN, President.
VIOLA R. WOOD, Secretary.

TIPPECANOE TRIBE No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome.



B. BAGGENSTOS, Sachem.
G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

SOUTH CITY AERIE No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. T. C. MCGOVERN, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.



SAN MATEO LODGE, No. 7, JOURNEYMEN BUTCHERS, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m.

CHAS. HEDLUND, President
C. L. KAUFFMANN, Secretary.



PROFESSIONAL CARDS

J. W. COLEBERD

Attorney at Law

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, San Mateo Co. Cal.

Phone Main 222

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OFFICE: South San Francisco
Kauffmann Building San Mateo Co.

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE

Surgeon

Office. Hours
500 Grand Avenue 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.



POPULAR MECHANICS FOR SEPTEMBER

A reliable speedometer of progress is Popular Mechanics Magazine with its authentic illustrations and terse accounts of all developments in science and mechanics. The September number is especially attractive for its numerous views of flying boats, air propelled boats and aeroplanes, which now play conspicuous parts in mid-summer sports and activities. Among the craft described in picture and story, are an "air canoe," depicted in the cover design, which is practical for many purposes; a new style of hydroplane; an aeroplane shaped like a soaring bird, which is expected to solve the problem of inherent stability; Amundsen's flying boat, which he will take on his north pole expedition; all the competing machines of the recent Chicago to Detroit flying boat race, and the English dirigible "Astra Torres," which met with a serious accident on its trial trip.

"The Underground Life of the Big Cities" is discussed by Leo. L. Redding in a profusely illustrated article wherein it is stated that "from a million and a half to a million and three-quarters of the residents of New York City spend at least a portion of each day underground, and many thousands come to the surface so rarely that the light of day blinds them when they reach it." It is interesting to note the many occupations and industries which have been relegated to the underground regions in the economics of the great cities.

Discussing, editorially, "One Hundred Years of Railroads," H. H. Windsor says that the locomotive is "the shuttle which weaves the fabric of a nation, by reason of easy and constant intercommunication," and that "it has become in these days the pioneer, and people, pulpit and press now follow in its wake instead of blazing for it a path." Other topics discussed by Mr. Windsor are: "Our Boys' Opportunity;" "Motor Polo Abroad;" "Why Don't the Horses Go?" and "Parcel Post Not Fatal."

The last installment of West Point views, completing a series of 121 pictures, is published in the September number, in which the life of a cadet in his final year is shown. Among the many other features for the month are: "Lifeboats Launched on Inclined Tracks;" "The Great Shoshone Dam Completed;" "Signal Tower Aids Police and Fire Departments;" "Making the Suburban Tract Attractive;" "Cover Protects Baseball Field from Rain;" "Making the Navy a Real Training School," by Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy; "Machine-Made Houses of Low Cost;" "The Restoration of Perry's Flagship;" "The Cyclecar Introduced in America;" "Model of House Fly on Large Scale;" "Scow That Unloads by Cap-sizing;" "Hydraulic Transmission for Motor Truck," etc.

The Shop Notes and Amateur Mechanics departments contain much useful material gathered from reliable sources, and, like the rest of the magazine, "written so you can understand it."

CALIFORNIA INVENTORS.

The following patents were just issued to California inventors reported by D. Swift & Co., patent lawyers, Washington, D. C., who will furnish copies of any patent for ten cents apiece to our readers.

Alfred N. Adams, Stockton, transmission gearing; Elizabeth Bonstell, Alameda, heel protecting device; Herold Branton, Chico, automatic oil relief valve; Charles L. Carman, Riverside, ball mill; Thomas E. D. Crumpton, Coalinga, tubing catcher; W. G. Dingle, Riverside, gas generator for fumigating apparatus; Hermine H. Fishbaum, Stockton, jewelry; John Haug, Berkeley, starting and reversing apparatus for internal combustion engines; Melvin H. Manasse, San Francisco, key tag; Walter Michael, Oakland, signal control mechanism; Stanley H. Page, San Francisco, gasifier for liquid fuels, (sold); Harry B. Stilz, Vallejo, oil burner.

Wanted—Girl for cooking and general housework; four in family. Write Mrs. S. Leopold, 39 13th avenue, San Mateo. Advt.

Dress Shirts for Men, Arrow Brand, \$1.50. At Schneider's. Advt.

TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

Anticipating early rains when the hop aphids multiply rapidly, County Horticultural Commissioner Bloomer has turned loose more than a million lady bugs in the hop fields of Sacramento County. He stated that if the aphids, also known as hop lice, get a start they would do great damage in the hop fields, but that the ladybugs will clean them out.

San Joaquin Valley fruit growers, in an effort to maintain what they consider reasonable prices for their product, have organized the Madera County Dried Fruit Association. A number of the principal peach growers are the organizers of the association, and resolutions were adopted determining not to accept less than 6 cents a pound for this product.

When the San Jose High School opens on September 15th for its fall semester the second largest high school in the State in point of attendance, it will be under the supervision of C. M. Osenbaugh, recently selected by the Board of Education from a field of twenty-seven applicants to succeed Professor Lewis B. Avery as principal. Professor Osenbaugh comes to San Jose from the South Side High School of Denver, Colo., and is considered one of the foremost educators of the country.

During the last two weeks there were 190 street railway accidents in Los Angeles, according to the report of the Los Angeles Street Railway, filed in the City Clerk's office. "Automobile struck car" was the heading for seventy-seven of the total, while the reverse, "car struck automobile," covers fifty-three cases, indicating that motormen are more careful than chauffeurs. There were ten cases of "car struck wagon," and fully two-thirds of the remaining number of accidents were to passengers alighting from cars.

A charge of first-degree murder has been placed against Raymond Hite, the sixteen-year-old boy, who is alleged to have caused the drowning of young Berton Todd by pushing him from a rowboat into the Sacramento River. Hite's bail was fixed at \$5000, and he was released from the Sacramento County Jail on bonds. Assistant District Attorney Atkinson said he was still convinced that young Hite has a mania to kill. Hite admitted having deliberately pushed young Todd into the water. A year ago he killed a six-year-old boy with a revolver.

With 2400 sealskins and 1000 skins of the rare blue fox in the forward hold, the steamer Homer, which left San Francisco ten weeks ago, returned from the Pribylov Islands. The furs and sealskins were gathered from the United States Government stations on St. George and St. Paul Islands. Under charter to Uncle Sam the small craft takes north stores and returns with whatever furs and skins are on hand. Immediately on the arrival of the Homer a squad of detectives was sent aboard to guard the cargo, which is valued in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000.

Dr. John Grant Lyman, who is in the Los Angeles County Jail awaiting a trial in the Federal courts on a charge of having made fraudulent use of the mails in connection with the promotion of the Panama Development Company, will be examined as to his sanity. Authorization of this course was received from Washington by Deputy United States District Attorney Edward A. Regan, who has charge of the prosecution of Lyman. Letters written by Lyman to President Wilson and other men in high executive positions caused Government officials at Washington to authorize the examination of the prisoner's mental condition. Lyman's last letter to President Wilson contained an appeal for aid in obtaining dental work.

According to figures furnished by the State Printer and Superintendent of Public Instruction Hyatt, giving free text-books to the children of public schools has had the effect of causing a tremendous increase in consumption of books. Already the end of the \$510,000 appropriation made by the State, to last two years, is in sight. Since January 15th, when the first free text-books were sent out, the State has shipped 1,103,000 books, at a cost of approximately \$310,000. Only \$200,000 remains to cover the demand of next spring and fall, and before the next appropriation can become available all the money will be gone. The office of State Superintendent of Public Instruction Hyatt is swamped with orders for books from all parts of the State. Last year at this time there had been sold under the former private purchase system 607,000 books. Just about twice as many books are demanded now that they are free.

SAN BRUNO NEWS.

The Enterprise is on sale at the real estate office of Mrs. L. M. Pfluger, on San Mateo avenue, every Saturday on the arrival of the afternoon north mail

Piano for sale cheap. Address P. O. Box 58. Advt.

Mrs. H. Honery of Huntington Park is quite ill at home.

Mrs. Segrue has a fine baby boy.

Al Jacobsen of Huntington Park left this week for Santa Cruz.

Mrs. L. M. Pfluger has been on the sick list for the past week with an attack of LaGrippe.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Nelson are moving to San Jose this week. Mr. and Mrs. J. Wight have taken the Nelson home.

Judge Davis has returned from his vacation trip and the court room again hums with the usual routine of business.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Cryer and daughter, formerly of Huntington Park, were out visiting friends during the past week.

Mrs. Cabbage of San Jose is visiting Mrs. John Bean of Lomita Park. Mrs. Cabbage was formerly a resident of Lomita Park.

Mr. Miller of San Francisco, who is spending his vacation with Mr. and Mrs. Gee of Millbrae, spent a few days with old friends in San Bruno.

Mr. McCarty has sold the 16-mile house to parties of San Francisco. Three thousand dollars will be spent in remodeling the place which will be open for business September 15th.

Mr. Fulkerson of third addition left Monday for the oil fields of Bakersfield. Mrs. Fulkerson and little daughter will leave today (Saturday) for a month's visit in Santa Rosa.

Mr. and Mrs. Scoville, formerly of Huntington Park, now of Sacramento, came by automobile to visit old friends in San Bruno and are now visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hatfield in Huntington Park.

The dodgers are out announcing an entertainment and dance for August 30th in Green's Hall for the benefit of the Catholic Church. This is a worthy cause, so help them along by your presence.

High Class Motion Pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening, and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8.15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m. Advt.

A. D. Moore spent Wednesday in San Bruno looking after his business interests also visiting friends. Mrs. Moore and children have gone away for a month or six weeks' visit in the southern part of the state.

William Petersen of Petersen's grocery is serving Young & Swain's Baking Co.'s bread, also carries a fine line of cakes. Agent for Hoyt's home-made doughnuts. Leave orders at Petersen's grocery for daily delivery. Advt.

Mrs. Petersen, Mr. and Mrs. Emerick, Mr. and Mrs. Doyen and Frank Jacobsen gave a surprise party to Mrs. C. Stewart of Belle Air Park, the occasion being Mrs. Stewart's birthday, Thursday, August 21st. All had a jolly good time.

Mr. and Mrs. Emerick left Thursday for Lake county by automobile on a deer-hunting trip. Mrs. Emerick's father, Mr. Hampton, and wife of San Luis Obispo who were visiting here the past few weeks left Wednesday for Lake county for the summer.

Mrs. H. J. Baker was visiting her sons, Delmar and Ray Maede, last Sunday and Monday. Mrs. Baker also heralded the news of the birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. Alva Meade in Sunnyvale, of which they are very proud as he is the first scion to bear the name of the Maede.

The red automobile driven by our town doctor has given way to the little white horse belonging to Petersen's grocery. On inquiry we find the machine is in the repair shop and the people are not considerate enough to wait for the repairs, so the doctor has to go back to the usual mode of travel—the horse.

The Brotherhood of American Yeomen gave another one of their good times last Tuesday evening in the form of a whist party. A large attendance and a general good time includ-

ing refreshments and dancing followed. Next Tuesday evening will be class initiation and the prospects are for a large class to be taken into the order. This closes our three months' campaign and it certainly has proved a grand success for the Yeomen of San Bruno.

To-morrow (Sunday) the San Bruno ball team will play the Ellery Arms team, and the boys promise a good game. Last Sunday's game was decided in favor of San Bruno 7 to 6.

The Federated Clubs held their weekly meeting on Wednesday in Mrs. Pfluger's real estate office. The committee on finding a permanent place to hold meetings reported that Judge Davis' court room could be used by paying for the use of the lights. Further arrangements were made for presenting the matter of incorporation of San Bruno at the meeting of the board of supervisors on Tuesday next.

For Sale—3-room house and 2 lots 3d addition, cash \$1800, or will consider terms; 5-room house and 2 lots, most-up-to-date house anywhere, price \$5500, \$1500 down, balance \$25 a month; 4-room house and lot in Belle Air, \$800, \$200 down, balance \$10 month, no interest; 2 lots in fourth addition for \$500, good location; 2 lots in 5th addition for \$500, good location, 4-room house, plastered, and 2 lots in Huntington Park, price \$1600, \$350 down, balance \$10 month. L. M. Pfluger, San Bruno. Advt.

San Bruno is slowly improving. Have you noticed the approach to the bridge near Uncle Tom's Cabin? With the coat of white paint it looks very neat. At last we have a light on the bridge which was known as the darkest place in San Bruno. The residents along San Mateo avenue were out during the week burning the rubbish which had accumulated along our sidewalk (ditch) of the main street of San Bruno, which presented anything but a pleasing appearance to the passerby.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church held its monthly Tea last Wednesday in the church parlors. The annual installation of officers by the pastor was a very interesting feature. The following were installed: President, Mrs. Fields; vice-president, Mrs. Beckner; second vice-president, Mrs. Walsh; secretary, Mrs. Evarts; treasurer, Mrs. Walsh. Our pastor, Rev. M. J. Williams, announced refreshments and when they were served we were delightfully surprised with home-made ice-cream, for which all present rendered the Chautauqua salute.

COURT NOTES.

People of the State of California vs. Faustino Decorgi. Charge of battery against defendant. Fine of \$50 or sixty days in jail.

THAW'S ATTORNEYS WIN FIRST MOVE

The New York State forces and associate counsel fighting for the return of Harry K. Thaw to Matteawan announced that, in their opinion, the move of the defense to abandon the writ of habeas corpus could not be done without formal permission of the Court, and that in any event Thaw would be forced into court even if the commitment on which he is held had to be quashed.

If the State forces can make good their threat, Thaw may be discharged and turned over to the immigration authorities for deportation immediately.

Harry K. Thaw's Canadian attorneys withdrew the writ of habeas corpus obtained last week in his behalf, which may prolong the proceedings indefinitely.

The next move in the Thaw case is now distinctly up to those desiring his deportation. Under the present commitment he might remain in the Sherbrooke Jail indefinitely, electing to have a hearing before a district magistrate, or demanding a jury trial before the King's bench, criminal side, which does not sit until October. Briefly, Thaw's lawyers have decided to let him pace his cell, meanwhile perfecting plans to defeat attempts to put him across the Canadian border.

PAYS TO RAISE BARTLETT PEARS

During the past week the highest price for Bartlett pears shipped out of Placerville was received by Dr. B. E. Burger, who owns a ranch of 200 acres about four miles above town, the amount being \$3.67 a box, and as his crop runs about 450 boxes to the acre, he thinks it has been demonstrated that it pays to raise this fruit in the foothills of the Sierra Nevada. The average price obtained last year was \$2.29, and that was considered pretty good, but the crop was about 40 per cent larger. The fruit was sold in Boston and New York, and the expense of shipment, etc., is about \$1 a box. The demand has been so great this season that it has been difficult to keep the markets supplied, and, as the El Dorado County ranchers have standardized their fruit, the market may be expected to extend every year. Few Californians have any idea of the extent of the pear-raising industry in this county or the exceptional quality of the fruit. On account of the high altitude it is later than the Sacramento Valley crop, and has a firmness and color that cannot be attained on the lowlands.

Deaf mutes of Texas recently held a convention in Dallas.

Yosemite and Return

\$19.30 Special Round \$19.30
...Trip Rate...

Tickets Sold August 1st to 31st,
inclusive
Return Limit 30 days from date
of sale

BEAUTIFUL SCENERY
ABUNDANT WATER IN FALLS

Excursion Rates to Lake Tahoe, Shasta, Sierras, and
Other Mountain Resorts

Ask any Agent for further particulars and literature

E. SHILLINGSBURG, D. F. and P. A.
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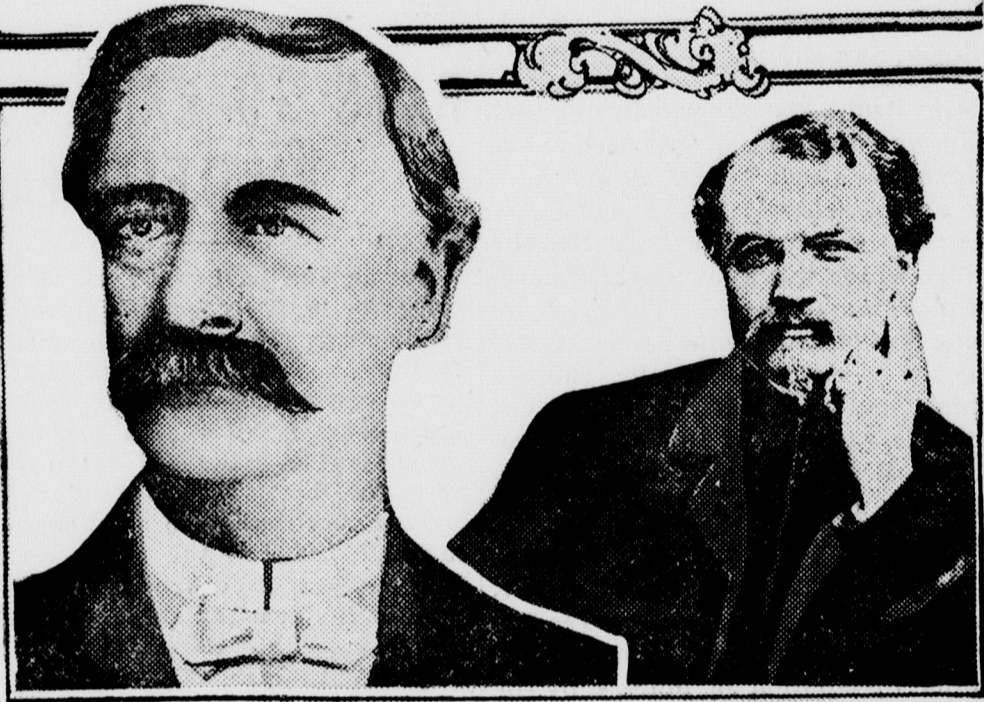
Southern Pacific

The War Fifty Years Ago

Bold Federal Raid in the Mountains—General W. W. Averell Leads a Mounted Column Through West Virginia—Numerous Escapes From Ambush—Valuable Salt Works Destroyed by the Raiders—Gallantry of a Prussian Volunteer—Encounter in a Gap of the Green Mountain Range—Federals March to Attack Little Rock, Ark.—The Siege of Charleston. An Outwork of Battery Wagner Captured.

By Capt. GEORGE L. KNEESE, Late U. S. V.
 On Aug. 25, 1863, General W. W. Averell, the alert Federal cavalry leader, closed a drawn action with Confederate troops in the mountains of West Virginia. It was the windup of a ride of hundreds of miles beginning at Winchester, in the Shenandoah valley on Aug. 5, and ending at Rocky Gap in the Green Mountain range, the scene of the battle. There had been no limit of hardship for the raiders and their horses for it was a wild, inaccessible country, very tempting as a hiding place for armed columns wishing to form in secret and sally forth without warning. West Virginia, after it had been cleared of formidable Confederate armies in 1861, had no positions of im-

portance to be conquered. It was the salt producing field of the south and the Confederates held partial control, especially in the salt regions. The Federals didn't think it worth the cost of a big army to hold the country down.



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 COLONEL W. L. JACKSON, C. S. A., AND GENERAL W. W. AVERELL, U. S. A., OPPOSING COMMANDERS IN WEST VIRGINIA.

portance to be conquered. It was the salt producing field of the south and the Confederates held partial control, especially in the salt regions. The Federals didn't think it worth the cost of a big army to hold the country down.

Warfare All Along the March.

Averell's column comprised four regiments of West Virginia troops, native to the mountains and the Fourteenth Pennsylvania cavalry, with Ewing's horse battery. About the time that the raiders left Winchester General J. D. Imboden, a bold Confederate leader, native to the region, started south with a column, following roads farther west than those taken by the enemy. He hoped to beat Averell in the race and unite his own force with the native defenders of the district threatened by the raid.

Averell kept out a slender advance guard led by his aid-de-camp, Captain Baron Paul von Koenig, a venturesome foreign volunteer. Soon after leaving Winchester Von Koenig picked up ten of Imboden's scouting troopers and that was the beginning of constant warfare en route between the two columns.

Having been instructed to halt at Petersburg for a supply of shoes and nails which would be sent after him to put his horses in condition for a long march, Averell went into camp and sent out foragers. The troopers carried bread, coffee and sugar in their haversacks, but men and horses lived off the country for the rest. The roaming foragers discovered that the region was alive with enemies.

Colonel W. L. Jackson of the Confederate force in the Shenandoah was stationed around Staunton, at the head of the valley. Believing that the raiders were aiming for that point, he warned Imboden and also the chief of the department, General Sam Jones. The alarmists overdid their role. Jackson ordered his scattered detachment to rally for the cover of Staunton, and Jones sent to General R. E. Lee at his camps on the Rapidan to forward a brigade of infantry and one of cavalry to the scene. A little more daring and the raiders might have been trapped.

In the Mountain Passes.

After waiting a week Averell decided that longer delay was more risky than to go without shoes. He marched rapidly to Monterey, only forty miles

from Staunton, only to learn that Imboden had been there the day before and intended to attack the Federals at Petersburg. Imboden heard of Averell's approach and stationed a detachment in the passes of the Allegheny range to ambush the raiders should they move westward toward Huntersville. After destroying a salt works near Monterey, Averell made a feint to attack the ambush which Von Koenig had discovered, but instead marched rapidly along a byroad to Huntersville. He was now in the heart of the enemy's country, with mountains behind him and mountains in front of him.

From Huntersville Averell turned south toward Lewisburg, down Greenbriar valley. Meanwhile Colonel Jackson had gathered a force for the protection of salt works abounding on Jackson river, on the flank of Averell's march. The raiding column then turned eastward and, encountering Jackson, drove him over the mountains. Averell broke up the column into detachments and destroyed Confederate salt and saltpeter works over a region fifty miles in extent.

The operations of the raiders on Aug. 25 covered the vicinity of Sweet Springs, Covington and Callaghan. Army wagons, supplies and prisoners were captured in every engagement. Jackson lost the bearings of the enemy entirely, so rapid and audacious were Averell's movements. He really feared an attack on his rear, but on Aug. 26 ventured to send out a scouting body toward Lewisburg to see if the raiders were still aggressive. When the report of the scout reached him the action at Rocky Gap had been fought and that without his help.

Mount in Gorge and Stockade. Early on the 26th Averell formed his column for a march over the mountains to White Sulphur Springs. Baron von Koenig had warned him that the region south swarmed with Confederates and that the hour of fighting with scattered detachments was over. The road ahead was extremely rough and the first ten miles of march led across two mountain ranges.

About the middle of the forenoon Van Koenig, who was far ahead as usual, sent back word that he had encountered the Confederates in strength and needed reinforcements. Two squadrons were despatched at a gallop and soon came back the sound of cannon, indicating that Von Koenig had not overstated the Confederate strength.

The column had marched twelve miles from its night camp. When the message came from the front it had entered a narrow pass which opened on the south into a valley about one mile in length. The valley was inclosed on both sides by rugged mountain heights covered with stunted trees. As soon as the Federals emerged from the pass into the valley they were greeted with missiles from Confederate cannon. Averell posted a regiment on each of the summits at the right and left of the valley, and under their protection stationed Ewing's battery to answer the enemy's guns. Ewing's fire was brisk and accurate. More Federals poured through the pass into the val-

ley. Then it was that the Confederates disclosed their tactics.

Not until the night of the 25th did General Jones rest satisfied that Averell was not going to Staunton, but had taken up his march toward White Sulphur Springs. Picking up Colonel G. S. Patton's brigade at Monterey he made a roundabout night march and reached Rocky Gap just as Von Koenig rode into the pass at the north end of the little valley. Awaiting Averell's main column he made a weak show of opposition while Rocky Gap, at his end of the valley, was being prepared for defense.

Fighting at One Hundred Yards.

The Confederates appeared to give way and fell back to a new position stronger than the first pass. Their right rested upon a rocky prominence and their left and center were protected by stockades made of fence rails. Averell ran his battery to within 600 yards of the gap, to the cover of a farm house and outbuilding. Awaiting only a few shots the Confederates sallied and drove the guns away. As soon as the battery was clear of the house Averell opened on it with shells and prevented the enemy from getting possession. The outposts were now within one hundred yards of each other. Advance in force seemed impossible for either side and the afternoon was passed in sharpshooting. Von Koenig attempted to lead a regiment along the summit of the ridge and flank the gap. This failed. During the lull Averell reconnoitred in person and at 4 o'clock sent the baron forward again with Captain Bird's squadron of Pennsylvanians.

The charge was aimed at the stockade, but the fire from it was too heavy. Von Koenig fell shot from the saddle, close to the stockade. A battalion of West Virginians next rode in and the Confederates temporarily abandoned the citadel, but a fresh regiment dashed forward and sent the Federals flying, leaving the commander mortally wounded.

Averell's boldness had been prompted in part by the expectation of reinforcements, which had been ordered to march and overtake him in the mountains. They did not come forward, but during the night Jones was re-enforced and Averell decided to retreat. This was as difficult as the advance. The backward march was by the way of Huntersville, toward which Jackson was marching to cut the raiders off. However, by barricading the roads behind and stealthily avoiding ambush in front, Averell brought his column out after a march of 600 miles. His total loss was 218 against 126 of the Confederates. He had taken 266 prisoners.

In his retreat as well as in the advance Averell deceived his foes. They looked to find him everywhere except where he actually was. The road was often blocked by barricades, but there was no attack beyond the usual bushwhacking.

Federal Advance Toward Little Rock.

During the last days of August fifty years ago General Frederick Steele's Federal column was executing its difficult march from White river to the Arkansas to attack the Confederates in Little Rock. Leaving his base at Duvall's bluff on the 22d, the column reached Brownsville on the 26th. Here occurred a sharp skirmish between the advance guard led by the First Iowa cavalry and Confederate troopers belonging to General W. J. S. Marmaduke's command.

The Federal vanguard consisted of General J. W. Davidson's division of cavalry. Upon this body depended the success of Steele's enterprise, for Marmaduke's troopers were scattered across the route to guard the passes of streams and woodland gaps. The Confederates were driven from the town, but next day the First Iowa, still in the lead, encountered them holding a bridge over Bayou Metoue.

With the exception of a causeway the bridge and the banks above and below could only be approached by crossing a deep quagmire. The stream itself was deep and miry. The Iowans made a gallant charge at the bridge, with drawn sabers, dashing right up to the entrance in face of a heavy fire from rifleman and artillery. The regiment lost thirty-seven killed and wounded in a few minutes.

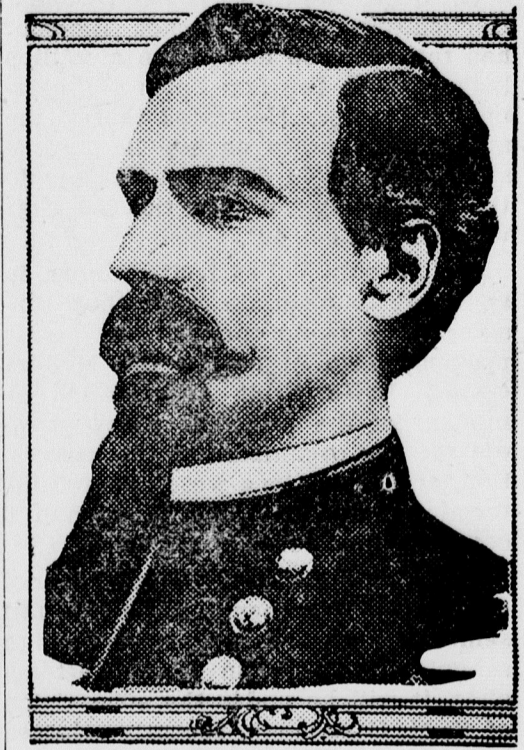
Fearing that a second attempt would be more successful, the Confederates destroyed the bridge, having prepared for the event beforehand. Davidson then rode on a wide reconnaissance to the north of Brownsville. The bayou in that direction would not admit of the crossing of an army in the presence of an enemy and Steele was forced to adopt a more southerly route.

Skirmishes took place daily between Davidson's troopers and Confederate cavalry of Marmaduke's command. The latter avoided battle and sought merely to delay the Federal march toward Little Rock. To cover that point General Sterling Price was hastily throwing up earthworks on the north bank of Arkansas river. Every day that Steele's column could be held off

added to the strength of the defenses which he must break through in order to reach the prize.

Other Events of the Week.

On the 26th Confederate artillery and sharpshooters were dislodged from a ridge which barred Federal progress



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GENERAL J. W. DAVIDSON, U. S. A., FEDERAL CAVALRY LEADER IN ARKANSAS.

toward Battery Wagner, on Morris island. The position had been bombarded by the Federal navy and land batteries without results. Previous attempts to carry it by storm had failed. On this date the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts drove the Confederates out by a spirited bayonet charge.

On the 26th, also, General U. S. Grant, the captor of Vicksburg, received his first public honors as a victorious commander. This came in the form of a public reception and banquet at the Gayoso House, in Memphis.

The Federal conscription spared no rank. It is well known that the late Grover Cleveland narrowly escaped enforced service in the army. On the 28th the wheel of fate in New York brought forth the name of James Gordon Bennett, Jr., son of the founder of the New York Herald (now its owner). He was then twenty-two years old.

Put two tablespoonfuls sugar into a small saucepan and stir it until it becomes quite brown, then pour it into a plain pudding mold. Butter the sides of the mold. Beat the eggs with four tablespoonfuls of sugar together till mixed well, then add one pint milk and one teaspoonful of vanilla extract. Pour into mold, cover with buttered paper, steam gently for one hour. Turn out and serve hot or cold.

NOTICE INVITING SEALED PROPOSALS.

Pursuant to the Statute and to the Resolution of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, directing this notice, said Board of Trustees hereby invites sealed proposals or bids for doing the following work in said city, to-wit:

That that portion of Baden Avenue between the median line of Magnolia Avenue and the median line of Orange Avenue, including all street intersections and portions of street intersections, be improved by grading, and by constructing concrete curbs therein on both sides thereof, except where such curbs have already been constructed; and by constructing concrete gutters therein on both sides thereof, except where such gutters have already been constructed; and by constructing artificial stone sidewalks therein on both sides thereof, having a width of five (5) feet commencing two (2) feet from the property or boundary lines of said street and extending five (5) feet towards the curb line, except where such sidewalks have already been constructed; and by filling in earth back of said curbs so as to bring sidewalks between curbs and artificial stone sidewalks to official grade; and by laying and constructing corrugated iron culverts wherever shown on the plans for said work; and by laying and constructing an oiled macadam pavement therein from gutter to gutter.

All the work herein provided for shall be done to official grade in accordance with the special plans and specifications heretofore adopted by said Board of Trustees for doing said work and now on file in the office of the City Clerk.

The Board of Trustees, under the authority conferred upon it by the provisions of that certain act of the Legislature of the State of California, approved April 7th, 1911, and known as the "Improvement Act of 1911," determines and declares that serial bonds shall be issued to represent the cost of said proposed improvements; said bonds shall be serial, extending over a period of nine (9) years from the second day of January next succeeding their date, and shall be issued to represent assessments of Twenty-five (25) Dollars or more remaining unpaid for thirty (30) days after the date of the whole is paid, and interest shall be payable semi-annually by coupon on the second days of January and July, respectively, of each year at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum on all sums unpaid until the whole amount principal and interest is paid and said bonds shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of said "Improvement Act of 1911."

Reference is hereby made to Resolution of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, declaring its intention to order said work to be done, for further particulars, which Resolution of Intention is on file in the office of the City Clerk.

All proposals or bids shall be accompanied by a check payable to the city, certified by a responsible bank for an amount which shall not be less than ten per cent of the aggregate of the proposal, or by a bond for the said amount, and so payable, signed by the bidder and two sureties, who shall justify, before any officer competent to administer an oath, in double the said amount, and over and above all statutory exemptions.

Said sealed proposals or bids shall be delivered to the City Clerk on or before eight o'clock p. m. on Monday, September 8, 1913, said time being not less than ten days from the time of the first publication and posting of this notice.

Dated August 20, 1913. WILLIAM J. SMITH, City Clerk.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC WORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 14th day of July, 1913, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, passed its certain resolution of intention to order the following work to be done in said city, to-wit:

That the following described portion of Butler Avenue in said city be closed up in whole, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the northwesterly line of Butler Avenue, distant 171 feet from the northwesterly line of the northeasterly line of Lot Numbered Fourteen (14) in Block lettered "S," and running thence southwesterly and along said line of Butler Avenue one hundred and ten (110) feet to the most southerly corner of Lot Numbered Twenty-two (22) in said block lettered "S"; thence southerly and along the southwesterly end of said Butler Avenue fifty-two and 94-100 (52.94) feet to the northwesterly corner of Lot Numbered Twenty-one (21) in Block lettered "R"; thence northeasterly and along the southeasterly line of Butler Avenue to a point distant thereon forty-one and 11-100 (41.11) feet southwesterly from the southwesterly line of Lot Numbered Eleven (11) in said block lettered "R"; and thence northerly in a direct line across Butler Avenue to the point of commencement.

That no land is necessary to be taken therefor. That the following described district of land was thereby declared to be the district affected and benefited by said work and to be assessed to pay the costs and expenses thereof, and that said district is situated within the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, and the exterior boundaries thereof are particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point in the northwesterly line of Butler Avenue distant thereon fifteen (15) feet southwesterly from the northwesterly line of Lot Numbered Four (4) in Block lettered "S," and running thence northwesterly and parallel with said line of said lot one hundred and 36-100 (100.36) feet; thence southwesterly and parallel with said line of Butler Avenue one hundred (100) feet to the northwesterly line of Lot Numbered Twenty-two (22), the southwesterly end of Butler Avenue and the southwesterly line of lot Numbered Twenty-one (21) in Block lettered "R" to the most southerly corner of said lot Numbered Twenty-one (21); thence northeasterly and parallel with the southeasterly line of Butler Avenue to a point in the same course distant ninety-two and 40-100 (92.40) feet southwesterly from the southwesterly line of Lot Numbered Four (4) in said block lettered "R"; thence northwesterly and parallel with the southwesterly line of Chapman Avenue one hundred and two and 78-100 (102.78) feet to the southeasterly line of Butler Avenue; thence northerly in a direct line across Butler Avenue to the point of commencement.

The streets, lots and blocks above referred to are as shown and delineated on the certain "Map of Peck's Subdivision No. 1, South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.," recorded in the office of the County Recorder of the County of San Mateo, State of California, in Book 5 of Maps at page 11.

Said resolution was adopted pursuant to the provisions of that certain Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An Act to Provide for the laying out, opening, extending, widening, straightening or closing up in whole or in part any street," etc., approved March 6, 1880, and future proceedings hereunder shall be taken and had in accordance with the provisions of said Act as amended.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution of intention on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of South San Francisco, Cal., July 22, 1913.

This notice shall be published for four successive insertions in The Enterprise, a weekly newspaper published and circulated in said city, being the newspaper designated by said Board of Trustees for such publication.

South San Francisco, Cal., July 22, 1913. GEORGE A. KNEESE, Superintendent of Streets.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC WORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 14th day of July, 1913, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, passed its certain resolution of intention to order the following work to be done in said city, to-wit:

That the following described portion of Green Avenue in said city be closed up in whole, to-wit:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the northwesterly line of Green Avenue with the southwesterly line of Lewis Avenue, and running thence south fifty-one (51) degrees six (6) minutes west along the northwesterly line of Green Avenue one hundred (100) feet to the most southerly corner of lot Numbered Eleven (11) in Block lettered "U"; thence southeasterly and along the southwesterly end of Green Avenue fifty and 18-100 (50.18) feet to the most westerly corner of block lettered "N"; thence northerly and parallel with the northwesterly line of Green Avenue (6) minutes East and along the southeasterly line of Green Avenue one hundred ten (110) feet; thence northwesterly in a direct line across said Green Avenue to the point of commencement.

That no land is necessary to be taken therefor.

That the following described district of land was thereby declared to be the district affected and benefited by said work and to be assessed to pay the costs and expenses thereof, and that said district is situated within the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, and the exterior boundaries thereof are particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the northwesterly line of Green Avenue with the southwesterly line of Lewis Avenue and running thence northwesterly and along said line of Lewis Avenue fifty and 18-100 (50.18) feet to the northwesterly line of Lot Numbered Ten (10) in Block lettered "U"; thence southwesterly and along said line of Lot Numbered Ten (10) one hundred (100) feet; thence southeasterly and along the southwesterly line of Lots Numbered Ten (10) and Eleven (11) in Block lettered "U" and the southwesterly end of Green Avenue and the westerly line of Lot Numbered Twenty-one (21) in Block lettered "S" to the most southerly corner of said lot numbered twenty-one; thence northwesterly and parallel with the southeasterly line of Green Avenue one hundred ten (110) feet; thence northwesterly and parallel with the southwesterly line of Chapman Avenue one hundred and 36-100 (100.36) feet to the southeasterly line of Green Avenue; thence northwesterly and in a direct line across Green Avenue to the point of commencement.

Saving and excepting therefrom that portion of said Green Avenue which is included and contained in the aforesaid described district.

The streets, lots and blocks above referred to are as shown, designated and delineated on the certain "Map of Peck's Subdivision No. 1, South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.," recorded in the office of the County Recorder of the County of San Mateo, State of California, in Book 5 of Maps at page 11.

Said resolution was adopted pursuant to the provisions of that certain Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An Act to Provide for the laying out, opening, extending, widening, straightening or closing up in whole or in part any street," etc., approved March 6, 1880, and future proceedings hereunder shall be taken and had in accordance with the provisions of said Act, as amended.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution of intention on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of South San Francisco.

This notice shall be published for four successive insertions in The Enterprise, a weekly newspaper published and circulated in said city, being the newspaper designated by said Board of Trustees for such publication.

South San Francisco, Cal., July 22, 1913. GEORGE A. KNEESE, Superintendent of Streets.

The Tabriz Carpet

And Its Wonderful Secret

By CLARISSA MACKIE

The three young men gloated over the beautiful, silky carpet from Tabriz. John Fleming had spread it on the floor of his studio, and his two friends sat cross legged in the middle of its rich expanse while John pointed out its remarkable pattern.

"It's exactly as Billy translated from the old Persian manuscript," said John excitedly. "Here is the body of the mosque. All these little squares are the prayer rugs of the worshippers. Here in the niche facing the east is the altar. This mixture of peacock tints represents the altar itself, and beneath the altar, so the manuscript says, lie buried these famous emeralds of the great shah."

"Who has been dust these 200 years," solemnly added Billy Blake.

"Peace to his ashes," piously concluded Tom Pike. "By the way, John,



LEAN FINGERS GRIPPED HIS THROAT AND CHOKED HIM INTO SILENCE.

what is your idea about discovering these emeralds? You've claimed that the purchase of this rug was only the first step toward making the three of us rich. We've put all our available coin into it. What next?"

"Well, the manuscript says that this famous rug is a replica of the floor of the rose mosque in Tabriz. Unfortunately, there is much discussion as to which of the modern mosques was built upon the old foundation and flooring of the ancient rose mosque. Now that we have the floor plan it is my suggestion that we take the rug to Tabriz with us, and when we find the mosque floor plan that matches up with it, why, we will find some way to burrow down and get those jewels. We'll have to pay something to the government, I suppose."

"Suppose we fail. We will be out our money and the trip we planned."

"Be a sport," said Tom disgustedly. "If we win we can take holidays and holidays. John, I'm with you. When do we sail?"

"The 22d—Prince Joachim," said John promptly.

"Engage my passage, too," groaned Billy.

"Done," said John Fleming, rolling up the rug. "Now, you chaps, clear out. I've got a lot to do in the next three days."

Fourteen days later the three friends and the Tabriz carpet landed in the Persian city and put up at a very indifferent hotel. John Fleming had gained for himself the reputation of being eccentric, for he traveled nowhere without a rolled and strapped steamer rug in his hand. He even appeared at the captain's table with it during the passage, and his plea that he needed it for a foot rest was not entirely acceptable to his table companions.

They did not know that carefully sewed between two steamer rugs was the carpet from Tabriz.

The morning after their arrival in the city they set forth on their search for the rose mosque, whose identity had been lost in many a pillaging and sacking of the city by infidels. Somewhere in the street of Sweet Incense was a rebuilt mosque whose floor

would correspond with the pattern of the Tabriz carpet.

It was not until the second day that they stood in a small mosque wedged in between dark gray buildings. John Fleming did not unroll his rug. It was not necessary, for even to the unstudied eyes of Billy Blake and Tom Pike the floor of the edifice was similar in arrangement to that of the silky rug. As they stood there gazing, John Fleming pointing here and there through the gloom, there became visible, through the wear of centuries and the pressure of countless feet, traces of the beautiful marble floor. The altar, which might once have been that famous gem of peacock coloring, had been in a later day of restoration overlaid with gold leaf, but it was there.

"Beneath that, eh?" muttered Billy Blake, drawing a long breath.

"I think so," said John proudly.

"What's your plan now?" growled Tom.

"You two slide out, while I remain behind. I can conceal myself in one of the anterooms until dusk. Then you two return with tools, and I'll let you in. We can remove the altar in a jiffy and have the treasure out and away in no time."

"How about the guard? Isn't there some kind of a watchman on duty here?"

"Hardly. The priests have trouble enough in rounding up the sinners in the daytime. No danger of the rascals haunting the mosque at night. Most of them are drinking sweet coffee in some cafe until morning."

"Very well, John. Pick out your hiding place. Tom and I will go now. There, behind that carved screen in the corner. So long, old chap."

When John Fleming had dodged behind his screen and the footsteps of his friends had died away on the stone floor he saw a shaft of golden light pierce the gloom of the mosque and then vanish. He knew that the door had opened and closed behind the forms of his friends.

Hours passed. People came and went, and at the hour of sunset the place was crowded. A priest went up into the tower, and far below in his place of concealment Fleming heard the whining musical chant of the muezzin call to prayer.

After that all was quiet. He was entirely alone.

When it was dark, the thick, velvety blackness of an Asiatic night, he stepped softly to the outer door and, opening it gently, whistled softly.

A dark figure glided toward him. Lean fingers gripped his throat and choked him into silence. He struggled and tried to cry out, but he was powerless in the grip of a giant.

He was borne back into the mosque, and far away from the entrance in a tiny niche he was set down, and his captor produced a vile smelling oil lantern.

Then it was that Fleming saw his captor was a tall, fanatical looking individual, with a wisp of dirty green silk wound around his disordered head.

"Come to the altar!" hissed the man in French. "You will show me and I will dig for the emeralds of the great shah." He pressed the blade of a knife suggestively against Fleming's throat, and there was nothing to do save to obey.

With ill grace John Fleming consented and, going to the altar, directed its removal as well as the displacement of the great block of stone upon which it stood.

Together they worked in silence, using the rough tools the man had brought with him. When the altar had been removed from its bed of cement they pried up the stone slab beneath it and found nothing but a solid bed of cement.

Then it was that the fanatical priest flew madly at John Fleming and would have killed him had he not been the swifter of the two and managed to outrun his enemy in the dark corners of the mosque. Happily at this moment Billy Blake and Tom Pike appeared, and while John Fleming snatched up his precious roll of rugs they covered his escape to the street and followed him to the hotel.

"Dished!" said Billy Blake, disgustedly thumping the bundle of rugs.

"Say anything you like; I'll take it all!" groaned John, sitting on the edge of his lumpy bed in grim despair.

Tom Pike, who said little, but in his slow and cautious way did much thinking, removed his pipe from his lips and dragged out his suit case.

"I've got inside information that the emeralds of the great shah will be in America when we get there," he said mysteriously. "If you want to be in at the finish come with me and catch the next steamer for home."

It was significant of the subdued mood of the two younger enthusiastic treasure seekers that they merely followed his suggestion.

During the homeward voyage John Fleming did not display the same solicitous care concerning the Tabriz carpet. For him it had lost its value.

When they landed in New York Tom Pike showed signs of excitement.

"Fellows," he said cautiously, "soon

as we're through the customs get a taxi and beat it to John's studio."

Two hours later three excited young men flung themselves from a taxicab and dashed up the stairs to Fleming's studio. Once there, they locked the door and opened wide the closed windows.

"Well, Tom, what is it?" demanded Fleming and Blake in the same breath.

"Unroll your precious rug," said the silent one.

They obeyed, spreading the silky oblong on the dusty floor.

"Find the peacock altar," went on Tom.

"Here it is," said John, his finger on the rich mass of color.

"Take your knife and dig there, John, and I reckon you'll find the emeralds! That's my interpretation of the manuscript."

Ten minutes later three awed young men sat back on their heels and gazed at a handful of large uncut emeralds which they had released from the carefully tied knots of the peacock threads of the rug.

It was quite true. Beneath the skillfully woven pattern of the altar of the rose mosque the great shah had hidden his jewels. It had remained for Tom Pike to discover them.

John Fleming arose and, lifting a bronze laurel wreath from its hook on the wall, carefully placed it on Tom's tow colored hair.

"What next?" he asked gayly.

"I want to make plans for a hunting trip," said Tom Pike mildly.

Fan Trimming to Be Popular.

Black broadcloth is going to be a material much used this fall and winter for good suits. The charming model in this cloth to be seen in the illus-



TAILORED SUIT IN BLACK BROADCLOTH. Tration has many features that are entirely new, among them being the fan plaiting and the novel cut of the coat.

Braid, too, is used as a further ornamentation on this advanced trotting suit.



This charming shady hat of tuscan straw was trimmed with brocade ribbon. The indentation at the left was filled in with a cluster of roses and foliage.

NOTICE INVITING SEALED PROPOSALS OR BIDS FOR SEWER CONSTRUCTION IN THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO.

Sealed proposals or bids will be received by the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco until 8:00 o'clock, p. m., on Monday, September 15, 1913, for doing the following work in said City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California:

Constructing and completing a sewer system, including an outfall sewer for the City of South San Francisco and furnishing all materials therefor, in accordance with the plans and specifications hereinafter mentioned.

All material and all work must be in strict compliance with the requirements of the plans and specifications adopted by said Board of Trustees on the 24th day of March, 1913, and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. Copies of said plans and specifications are on file in the office of David L. Dozier and Tibbetts, Consulting Engineers of the City of South San Francisco, at Alaska Commercial Building, San Francisco, California, where the same are open to the inspection of prospective bidders. Bids shall be opened and read for the purpose of bid to be obtained from the City Clerk. The successful bidder shall within ten days after the award enter into a contract with the City of South San Francisco for the faithful performance of the work to be done under said award.

All proposals must be accompanied with a certified check upon a solvent bank of the State of California, payable to the City of South San Francisco, for an amount not less than the aggregate of the bid, on the condition that if the proposal be accepted and the contract awarded, and if the bidder shall fail or neglect to execute the contract and give the bonds required, the amount mentioned in said check shall be liquidated damages for such failure and neglect and shall be forfeited to and paid into the treasury of the City of South San Francisco.

Bidders shall give unit prices for each and all of the items of work provided for in the specifications.

The bidder to whom is awarded a contract will be required to execute a bond for the faithful performance of his work in an amount equal to fifty per cent of the amount of his undertaking, with at least two responsible sureties, in the full amount of the bid each, and will also be required before entering upon the work to furnish a good and sufficient bond as required by an act of the Legislature of the State of California, approved March 27th, 1907, entitled "An Act to secure the claims of material men, mechanics, or laborers employed by contractors upon State, municipal or other public work."

The contract must be entered into in compliance with and subject to the conditions imposed by Section 653c of the Penal Code of the State of California.

Sealed proposals or bids shall be delivered to the City Clerk on or before 8:15 o'clock, p. m., of Monday, September 15, 1913. All sealed proposals or bids will be opened by said Board of Trustees in public session on Monday, September 15, 1913, at 8:00 o'clock, p. m., in the council chamber of said Board. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.

Dated August 25, 1913.

WILLIAM J. SMITH, City Clerk.

NOTICE OF THE SALE OF MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENT SEWER BONDS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids or proposals will be received by the City Clerk of the City of South San Francisco, California, until eight o'clock, p. m., on Tuesday, the 16th day of September, 1913, for the purchase of all or any portion of the following bonds of the City of South San Francisco, to-wit:

One hundred and sixty-four municipal improvement sewer bonds in the amount of Sixty-two Thousand Dollars (\$62,000.00) said bonds are 31-year serial bonds and are one hundred and sixty-four in number; the first one hundred of said bonds are of the denomination of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) each; the next twenty-four of said bonds are of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) each; the remaining forty of said bonds are of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1000.00) each. Said bonds are dated August 1, 1913, and bear interest at the rate of five per cent per annum payable semiannually, on the first day of February and the first day of August of each year, principal and interest payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, at the office of the City Treasurer of the City of South San Francisco. Twenty of the first hundred of said bonds are due and payable on August 1, 1914; twenty of the first hundred of said bonds are due and payable on August 1, 1915; twenty of the first hundred of said bonds are due and payable on August 1, 1916; twenty of the first hundred of said bonds are due and payable on August 1, 1917; twenty of the first hundred of said bonds are due and payable on August 1, 1918; four of said bonds of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) are due and payable on August 1, 1919; four of said bonds of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) are due and payable on August 1, 1920; four of said bonds of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) are due and payable on August 1, 1921; four of said bonds of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) are due and payable on August 1, 1922; four of said bonds of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) are due and payable on August 1, 1923; four of said bonds of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) are due and payable on August 1, 1924; two of said bonds of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1000.00) are due and payable on August 1, 1925; and two of said bonds of the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1000.00) are due and payable on the first day of August of each year thereafter until all are paid; interest on said bonds will be evidenced by coupons attached thereto.

Said bonds are issued under the authority of an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An act authorizing the incurring of indebtedness by cities, towns and municipal corporations for municipal improvements, and regulating the acquisition, construction, or completion thereof," which became a law February 25th, 1901, and all acts amendatory thereof, and in accordance with the provisions of law and the ordinances of said City. No bid or proposal for said bonds will be entertained at less than their face value, together with their accrued interest at the date of delivery, and all bids or proposals submitted will be construed by the Board of Trustees to mean par and accrued interest at the date of delivery of said bonds, in addition to the premium offered, whether the bid or proposal sets forth the same explicitly or not. Said bonds will be ready for delivery on or about the 20th day of September 1913, and will be delivered at the office of the City Treasurer of said City of South San Francisco, or at any designated place upon the payment by the purchaser of all expenses incurred in the delivery of the bonds and transfer of the money necessary to make delivery and payment equivalent to a transaction at the office of said City Treasurer in said City of South San Francisco. All bids or proposals providing for delivery at any place other than the said City of South San Francisco, will be construed by said Board of Trustees to mean the price bid in addition to the expense of delivery, whether the bids set forth the same explicitly or not.

Each proposal or bid should be enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed to the City Clerk of said city, and endorsed "Proposal for Bonds" and each bid or proposal must be accompanied by a certified check drawn upon some responsible bank of the State of Cali-

fornia and payable to the order of the Treasurer of the City of South San Francisco of an amount of five (5) per cent of the face value of the bonds for which said bid or proposal is made, as a guarantee that the successful bidder will take up and pay for said bonds in accordance with his bid within fifteen days after said Board of Trustees shall have passed a resolution awarding said bonds to said bidder. Said check and said amount represented thereby will be forfeited to said city on the failure of such successful bidder so to take up and pay for said bonds in the event the bid or proposal is accepted. Said Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids or proposals, and to waive any informality in any bid, as the interest of said city may require.

A certified abstract of the proceedings of said bond issue may be had upon application to the City Clerk of said city.

By order of the Board of Trustees of said City of South San Francisco.

Dated August 25, 1913.

W. M. J. SMITH, City Clerk and Ex-officio Clerk of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, State of California.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Phebe A. Hawkins, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Phebe A. Hawkins, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them within the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administratrix at the office of "The Enterprise", 312 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco, California, which said office the undersigned selects as her place of business in all matters connected with said estate of Phebe A. Hawkins, deceased.

MINA LOOMIS, Administratrix of the estate of Phebe A. Hawkins, deceased. Dated, South San Francisco, August 16, 1913.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of "Charles Guidi and Company," in the City of South San Francisco, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Ernest W. Langenbach having sold his share in the stock and business to Charles Guidi, who will conduct and carry on said business hereafter. All persons who are indebted to the undersigned are respectfully requested to come forward and make payment immediately. ERNEST W. LANGENBACH. CHARLES GUIDI.

Dated the 1st day of August, 1913. 8-9-13

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