

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 23.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1896.

No. 45.

Surprised People

When customers see the prices we are selling Solid Gold Watches, Rings, Brooches, etc., at, they exclaim: oh, they must be plated, at such prices. Our answer is: remember we bought the stock for less than 50c. on the dollar; and we guarantee everything to be exactly as represented. We have still a considerable stock of the above Goods, besides Silverware, Clocks, Novelties, Plated and Silver Jewelry, which must be closed out. Everything guaranteed.

Next Door to Our Regular Place of Business, 47 & 49 Government St.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.

The Prince of Wales

Standing on the bank of the Potomac River, at a point where the river was three miles wide, remarked, that he had heard it related that George Washington had thrown a silver dollar across the river, but upon looking at the distance, he was inclined to doubt the truth of the story. Uncle Sam, who was in company with the prince, said, by way of explanation of this remarkable throw: "Well you must remember a dollar went further in those days than it does now." History repeats itself. A dollar in our store goes further now than ever before. Lines like these should be of interest:

165 doz. Ladies' H.S. Scotch Lawn Handkerchiefs, 60c. doz.

50 doz. Nice, Soft Kid Gloves, with Embroidered Back, 7 Hook Laced, 90c. per Pair.

90 Pairs Fine Summer 10x4 Blankets, \$1.05 per Pair.

Buckramette, Fibre Interlining, 64 inches wide, 15c. usual price 25c.

Other goods in proportion.

The Westside.

April 15th, 1896.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,

100 Government Street.

Fire Agency—

Marine Agency—

Life and Accident—

Railway Agents—

Steamship Agents—

Coal Office—

The Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. Losses settled without reference to Head or other branch office.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, Lloyd's Underwriters, London.

The Traveler's Insurance Company.

The Union Pacific Railway Co'y.

Atlantic Steamship Lines. Berths reserved by wire. Orders from Europe issued at lowest rates.

THE WELLINGTON COAL YARD.

Best Wellington Household, Nut, and Cannon Steam and Blacksmith Coal, constantly on hand, delivered in quantities to suit.

It's a Strange Thing

to see how carelessly some people do their buying. They drift along spending money without thought of value received.

It's very easy to add twenty-five per cent. to your income by a little thought as to how you buy and where you buy. Our stock of groceries is full of points for money savers and dollar-fattening bargains. In a large dollar that is worth \$1.25, but your dollars are worth that with us. Bring 'em along and secure these bargains for yourself.

Pratt's Astral Oil, (not re-filled) 91.40.
American Rolled Oats, 10 lbs. for 25c.
American Best Meal, 10 lbs. for 30c.
Honey, Syrup and Molasses, in useful air-tight jars, 25c.
Another Shipment of Oranges.
Lemons, 15c. per doz.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO., Grocers.

Hot Water Bottles, Fountain and Bulb Syringes.

We have a full line of these goods, of the best manufacture, at moderate prices.

John Cochran, Chemist.
N. W. Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

Reports on Mines

We are in a position to give clients the following for the prices set opposite: Report on the value of a prospect, including map and abstract of title \$50 00
Report on the value of a developed mine, including maps and abstract of title 100 00
Special report on the value of the stock of any incorporated company in Trade Creek 25 00
General information free to clients.

FOR SALE—
"JUMBOR" the only lot in the market, PHOENIX and POORMAN.

For all particulars, information and maps, call upon
H. CUTHBERT & CO.,
Stock Brokers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SITUATION WANTED—By young lady in photographic studio; has had experience in same. Apply X. Y. Z., Times office.

WANTED—A practical trustworthy baker; one who understands making Pilot Bread. Apply at Victoria West Steam Bakery, or No. 2 Phoenix Place. ap21-2

NEW WALL PAPER arriving daily. J. W. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort street.

LOST—About ten days ago; a little black and tan dog, answering to the name of "Tilly". A reward will be paid if returned to 178 Yates st. ap20-3t

BEST WHITE LEAD—\$8 per 100 lbs. J. W. Mellor, Fort street.

FOR SALE—4 lots on Bellot street; \$500 to \$550 each; 2 Lots Bellot and Cook sts. at a bargain. Geo. W. Haynes. a21-1w

MILLINER'S ASSISTANT wanted. Apply Mrs. Vigor, 81 Douglas st., Clarence Block. ap21-2

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Drift.

CREOSOTE OIL for shingles; 45c. per gallon. J. W. Mellor.

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON COAL at lowest market prices. Full weight guaranteed. Only white labor employed. Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite Drift. Yard at foot of Johnson street.

EXPRESS or delivery wagon for sale or exchange for Phaset or buggy. Apply at Dempsey's Carriage Works, Johnson street. ap21-1w

MIXED PAINTS—\$1.50 per gallon. J. W. Mellor.

Dominion Election

Opposition Committees.

A meeting of Committees 3 and 4 will be held this (Tuesday) evening at Eight o'clock, at Templeman and Milne's Central Committee Rooms, Balmoral Building, Douglas street.

A general meeting of all committees will be held on Thursday evening 1st at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Geo. W. Haynes

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO

No. 9 Trounce Ave.,

Where he will be pleased to see any of his old friends. If you want to buy or sell property, rent a house, get a tenant, or negotiate loans, just give him a call.

AUCTION.

Corner of CHAMBERLAIN and WHITTAKER Streets.

To-Morrow, at 2 p.m.

Parlor, Diningroom, Bedroom, Kitchen

FURNITURE

I am instructed by MRS. ESCALET, who is leaving the city, to sell as above.

WM. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

CRISIS IN FRANCE.

Belief Expressed that the Cabinet will Resign To-Morrow.

Paris, April 21.—In spite of the protest of the premier, M. Bourgeois, the senate to-day adopted a motion to postpone the vote on Madagascar credits until a cabinet is formed, which enjoys the confidence of both chambers.

Later—Belief is expressed in the lobby of Palace de Luxembourg, where the senate meets, that the cabinet will resign to-morrow morning.

—As perfect beauty is a passport to good society, so "Odorona" conduces to good appearance.

DARKEST AMERICA.

The Quarrel in the Booth Household Bids Fair to Wreck the Salvation Army.

The Full Text of the Charges Which Are Made by Mr. Bramwell Booth.

A Last Touching Appeal From General Booth to His Son Not to Resign.

New York, April 21.—From the national headquarters of the Salvation Army, Commandants Frederick and Emma Booth-Tucker have given out three letters. The first of these is a letter of resignation which Ballington and Mrs. Booth sent to the international headquarters on receiving confirmation of their change of command, containing the whole of the alleged "twenty-two reasons" for severing themselves from the Salvation Army. The second is the full text of the reply of Mr. Bramwell Booth, chief of the staff, and the third is an appeal from General Booth to his son not to resign the command and leave the army.

Ballington's letter, dated Jan. 31, accused his father, General Booth, with having coerced him and dealt him a cruel blow. He says he has lost confidence in him and therefore refuses to take another command. The letter is as follows:

"We feel that in any territory we entered for another command, we should be fettered and shackled at every turn, and that the same actions of the General towards us would be repeated by him on visiting our territory. We do not believe we could ever go through another tour for him, nor do we feel that God calls us to suffer at the General's hands constant unjust treatment, which could only embitter us, to say nothing of the ill and unfortunate impression it would make upon those who witnessed it, such as was made by his visit here.

"People live in fear of the General. Therefore, they keep their mouths shut. They know if they speak a word they would be cast out of the army. While in the States the General was not only unkind and unappreciative to us personally, but was hard, ill-tempered and impossible to please.

"From the hour of his arrival he treated us without fatherly regard or affection, and often with contempt, so that in the presence of our own people, who had confidence in us and were watching every action, he alienated our affection from him.

He appeared to us as utterly inconsistent with regard to words. According to implicit instructions we had, notable persons upon the platform—though understand, we had never had them on the army platform, or gave them precedence over our own people before.

In many places he hardly took notice of the loyal troops who had come miles, at a personal sacrifice and expense, to see him, but he went out of his way to show consideration and affection even for some of these outsiders.

Then, in council, and in particular to us privately, he would make out his despised these outsiders—that he had no hope for them.

He belittled my work, even saying to us he could have drawn just as large crowds and had just as much success without any Salvation Army at all, and remarked in anger that he would have done much better in money if he had hired himself out, like lecturers do, with an agent to get up meetings, thus showing he is utterly unmindful of the toll and effort of our dear officers and soldiers, who had sacrificed, lost rest, and worked themselves sick to please him to show him something worthy the Army and the nation.

"It became to us quite evident before he had long been in the country, that he did not come to inspect the troops or enter into our battle here, but expressed his preconceived and prejudiced ideas to ride rough-shod over us all.

"This was painfully patent at the first staff council, where he said: 'I'm not going to let you suck all the juice out of this plum,' and many other things which caused surprise and comment among the officers.

"He never talked to us, or invited us to talk to him concerning our differences, trials and plans in work, or its needs, etc. If asked for opinions it was invariably merely that he might contradict it and prove us wrong.

"He would accept the notions of any minister or outsider before ours, and this, mind you, concerning the capacity of halls, suitability of cities, the people he ought to meet, etc.

"Many other matters there were which these very persons would themselves refer to us in many instances from our wider knowledge of the country. He utterly refused to receive any opinion upon anything, until, to save constant friction and unpleasantness, we had to close our mouths; indeed, this was the saddest disappointment in our lives.

The character and tenor of the General's letter makes about 4,000 words, and may be summed up in the concluding paragraphs:

"I know this is a hopeful age of what men call freedom. We have got a long way back toward the days of

old when 'every man did what was right in his own eyes,' still, there is a great all a universal instinct that something is due from son to his father, and that parental claims have still the sanction of mankind.

"Those who are not flattering sycophants of the hour will be disposed to think you owe something to your father, questioning whether you ever filled his shoes, you occupied in his vision if you had not been my son and had the Salvation Army behind you.

"Oh Ballington, Ballington, you cannot be in your right reason! The whole thing is like a horrid dream.

"Again and again I ask myself 'Is this reality or imagination?' For your own sake hesitate; think; return. The worst can yet be avoided and part may be forgiven.

"Believe me still your affectionate father praying for you all the time. (Signed.) WILLIAM BOOTH."

COL. PRIOR'S SCHEME

An Attempt to Smuggle His Little Bill Through the House of Commons.

The Game Frustrated by the Watchfulness of the Member for Winnipeg.

Ottawa, April 21.—In the house this afternoon Col. Prior cut a rather sorry spectacle. He introduced a bill from the senate regarding the subdivision of the polling divisions in Victoria electoral district. Before doing so he asked Mr. Martin if he had any objection to the bill. Mr. Martin said he would look into it. Mr. Martin went out to get some information. In his absence Col. Prior got the first readings of the bill, and also got the motion put for the second reading, although he knew Mr. Martin was absent and would have opposed the bill if present. Mr. Martin arrived, however, before the second reading was passed, and proceeded to show that the bill as introduced in the senate was extremely changed, and that there was no copy of the bill to be had except the one which Col. Prior had got. Mr. Martin gave Col. Prior a terrible dressing down, and the latter was called to order for his unparliamentary remarks. Mr. Martin asked that the bill stand over for the second reading till to-morrow, when the bill would be printed. Col. Prior insisted upon railroading the bill through at once, thereby provoking a discussion which never would have taken place. The bill ought to have been introduced in the house of commons first, and not in the senate.

SUDDEN MOVE EXPECTED.

Further Report From the Sudan this Afternoon.

Cairo, April 21.—Further reports from the front received during the afternoon to-day state that beyond an occasional volley at long range the Dervishes are very quiet. All posted military men are inclined to the belief that the Dervish movement of importance. There has been greater activity to-day in pushing forward troops and supplies to the front, and from remarks dropped here and there it would seem that fighting is expected before long. The friendly abdi, Abdel Aziz, has returned to Wurd wells after having a demonstration with horsemen south of the Nile, below Hebbek. He found no trace of the Dervishes, but heard there was a force of the enemy at Bulama.

JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

The Russian Bear Asked to Teach Young Corea How to Shoot.

Yokohama, April 21.—In addition to the loan of \$8,000,000, Japan has been negotiating for Corea from Russia, giving Ham Kieug, the northern province of Corea as security. Japan's envoy has been instructed to request that Russian troops be detailed to guard the Korean palace, also that Russia appoint advisers to the Korean government, and a military instructor for the Korean army. Nine Russian warships are now at Nagasaki awaiting the arrival of six others.

MORE MASSACRES EXPECTED.

Turkish Prisons Crowded with Armenians—Horrible Tortures.

Constantinople, April 21.—Authentic information received here shows that the Turkish prison at Marash is crowded with Armenians who, it is said, are subjected to horrible tortures. A renewal of the massacres is feared. Reports and Rash Bazouks quartered near Zaitoun are devastating the lines of the Armenians. The police here have recommenced arresting the Armenians.

—Mon's Muskintosh costs \$12. Oh more & McCandless.

ROYAL Baking Powder

has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

FORCED TO RETREAT.

Captain Napier and Men Meet Matabeles Near Bulwayo and Are Repulsed.

The Alarming Situation is Without Question Growing Darker Every Day.

Well Informed Men Say the Boers Are Also Arming for a Struggle.

Cape Town, April 21.—Captain Napier, with a force of about 200 men, left Bulwayo yesterday morning, according to a dispatch received from that place, on a reconnoitering expedition. The Matabeles, it was believed, had moved southward, away from the positions they occupied, intending, it was supposed, to intercept the relief corps advancing from Mafeking. But the scouting party was surprised to find the Matabeles in great force about five miles northeast of Bulwayo. Napier's command was fired upon, and he retreated in good order, it being useless for such a small body of troops to engage several thousand Matabele warriors apparently well supplied with fire arms.

The return of the Napier party under the circumstances cast quite a gloom over Bulwayo, as it was believed that the extensive defence works, ladders, dynamite mines and barbed wire obstacles thrown around Bulwayo had convinced the Matabeles that the place was impregnable and, in consequence, they had shifted their camp southward. It now appears that while it is true that several thousand Matabeles have struck camp for parts unknown, there are enough remaining in the vicinity of Bulwayo to cause much uneasiness. It is true that 18 wagons loaded with provisions succeeded in entering the town, but there are many months to feed and relief corps is still a long way off and moving slowly on account of the scarcity of water and the ravages of rinderpest among the cattle. In fact, pessimists say a month more may elapse before the Mafeking relief corps reaches Bulwayo and a great deal may happen by that time.

Officials of the British Chartered Company are doing everything possible under the circumstances, are paying large bonuses to transport riders, and volunteers are hurrying forward supplies as fast as possible, but here again the deadly rinderpest interferes with the work of relief. The situation grows darker every day in spite of the very effective means taken to defend Bulwayo.

Fully two hundred persons have been killed by Matabeles since the uprising occurred, and men of great experience in South African warfare notice that the Matabeles are acting in a manner altogether different from that displayed upon former occasions of a similar nature. The men claim to see in the tactics of natives a guiding hand of the leaders of the Transvaal burghers. Nothing will convince them to the contrary. They insist that the Boers are arming for a struggle with the British for the mastery of South Africa, and they hold that the Transvaal is being actively encouraged and assisted in the matter by Germany.

In the opinion of many people here, the best move for Great Britain to make at this moment would be to purchase Delagoa Bay so as to be in a position to stop the importation into Transvaal of German arms, ammunition, heavy guns and iron plates for the forts.

The Boers are becoming stronger and more defiant every day, yet, apparently, Great Britain is hopelessly blind to the gravity of the situation, which is really becoming serious enough to threaten her with the loss of immense tracts of territory in this part of the world. A settlement or two will do no good—things have gone beyond that stage. It will now require an army corps or the influence of Berlin to quell the rapidly rising storm.

Cape Town, April 21.—Later advice from Bulwayo says the patrol about that place had a brush with the Matabeles yesterday, during which 30 of the latter were killed.

London, April 21.—A long and important meeting of cabinet ministers took place this afternoon and it is believed that the South African and Egyptian situations were the cause of it. The Marquis of Salisbury is expected to arrive in London from the continent to-night.

NEW DAUPHIN RAILWAY.

Engineer White Arrives—Will Build 100 Miles This Season.

Windsor, April 21.—Engineer White arrived yesterday and proceeded at once to locate the new Dauphin railway. Mackenzie and Mackenzie have the contract, and will build 100 miles this season.

HON. T. W. ANGLIN ILL.

Was Speaker of the House of Commons Under Mackenzie.

Toronto, April 21.—Hon. T. W. Anglin, who was speaker of the house of commons under the late Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, is very ill, and his recovery is hardly hoped for.

TOPICS IN EUROPE

Germany Has a Feeling That She Does Not Want to Play in Our Yard.

The Reichstag Called Upon to Take Action to Prevent Doubling Scandals.

Berlin, April 21.—The German press has had an outburst of temper owing to an article in the Morning Post, of London, which is considered offensive to Germany.

There is an impression that the visit of Emperor William of Vienna was not a success in strengthening the friendship between Austria and Germany.

On Tuesday the Imperial court will remove to Potsdam for the summer and the Empress will shortly conduct her two eldest sons to the cadet schools at Ploen, where they will remain for three years, returning home only for the usual holidays.

Dr. von Boetticher, minister for the interior, replied for the chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, who he said, was indisposed, and unable to attend.

Oscar Kaufmann's book makes public some curious details regarding the private life of the imperial family.

The government bill to prevent unfair competition in trade was considered by the imperial diet on Friday.

The Reichstag oleomargarine bill, as amended in committee, renders the importation of American oleomargarine virtually impossible.

London, April 21.—Although it is yet early in the year, London streets present the crowded and enervating appearance peculiar to the height of the season.

Countess Howe, was united today to Mr. Franklin, Lady de Trafford's brother; and on April 28, Lady Evelyn Curzon, the eldest sister of Lady Edith, will be married to Mr. G. Eyre.

Society is still lingering in the country and will not be reasonable in full force until next week, when the Prince and Princess of Wales come to Marlborough House, which is just out of the hands of the decorators.

Since the home-coming of the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, Blenheim has only witnessed one public festivity, the reception by the Duke and Duchess of the Duke and Duchess of York, on the day of the Prince's arrival from France.

REPLY OF "OOM PAUL"

President Kruger's Reply to Mr. Chamberlain is Friendly and Diplomatic.

The Transvaal, He Says, Cannot Admit the Right of Any Foreign Power to Interfere.

London, April 21.—The reply of President Kruger to the invitation of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain to visit England in order to discuss with him what remedies could be applied to the grievances of the Transvaal, in the South African problem, the reply is not accorded a very kindly reception by the English public.

The Times to-day publishes a dispatch from Pretoria, which says: "President Kruger's reply to Mr. Chamberlain is friendly and conciliatory, but it fails to advance the negotiations."

It repeats that the president cannot ask the Volksraad to consent to his visit to England until a basis for the discussion is settled.

The liberal press is querulous as to the intentions of the government to towards the burghers.

Many factors have been developed in the African problem since the beginning of the year, not only for South Africa, but for the whole of the continent.

Public attention and apprehension for the safety of Englishmen in Matabeleland, particularly in Bulawayo, is not abated.

A large force of Boers, estimated at 1500, is massed twenty-five miles from Mafeking (which is on the borders of the Transvaal) with a machine gun.

The annual influx of Americans has already begun and the hotels most patronized by them are, in many instances, crowded.

Everything points to the most crowded and fashionable season that the metropolis has known for years.

Your Spring Gown



will be a success if you use Fibre Chamois to give it stylish stiffness. Put the Rigby waterproof line in the skirts—it is the same price, has the same stiffness and lasting qualities as the plain goods, and can never be penetrated by moisture.

Find the Star Label on each yard to be sure of getting the real Fibre Chamois.

The family, though of humble origin, is of very lofty aristocracy, its connection with the royal family of England dating back forty years ago, when the present Lord Playfair and also Sir Robert Playfair, who is married to a Miss Russell of Boston, Mass., became associated with the late Prince Consort in a number of the latter's projects for the development of science and art.

Lord Playfair subsequently acted as instructor and to a great extent supervised the education of the Prince of Wales, and of his younger brother, the now reigning Duke of Edinburgh, by the late Prince Consort in a number of the latter's projects for the development of science and art.

Her Majesty has always possessed a very keen sense of the ludicrous, and ever this day, in spite of her austere and grave appearance, is apt to go off into perfect fits of laughter on the slightest provocation.

When a well known author wrote his book entitled "Is Life Worth Living?" Mr. Punch, with shrewd, practical common sense, replied to the query, "That depends on the liver."

Thousands Suffer Because the Liver is Deranged—South American Nerveine is the Great Panacea of the Day for a Discarded Liver and All Stomach Troubles, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervousness and General Debility.

When a well known author wrote his book entitled "Is Life Worth Living?" Mr. Punch, with shrewd, practical common sense, replied to the query, "That depends on the liver."

It is not an experiment with any one who used this great discovery. It has been tested and proven over and over again, with the one result, that it provides a certain cure. For sale by Dean & Hiscock and Hall & Co.

DR. PLAYFAIR. The Physician Who Was Condemned to Pay \$50,000.

Nowhere has the lawsuit against the English fashionable physician, Dr. Playfair, excited more disagreeable surprise and dismay than among the patients, not alone of England, but also of France, Roumania, and Cologne.

There has seldom been a more disgraceful or more notorious case of medical fraud and imposture than that perpetrated by Dr. Playfair, the Prince of Wales, who always leans on the side of popular sentiment.

Who Dr. Playfair will certainly regret while he endures the decline of his practice, which is certain to result from the verdict rendered against him—namely, grand larceny in pecuniary value the sum of \$50,000 awarded to poor Mrs. Kitson—yet he cannot but feel relieved by his dismissal from the position of physician-accoucher to the reigning family.

It is one of the greatest responsibilities that a physician of a cabinet minister at the birth is required to bear, and he must be able to give wrong leads, of course, to blame thrown upon the doctor.

Sir Richard Croft, an accomplished accoucher of Princess Charlotte, the only daughter of King George IV., committed suicide because he feared the consequences of the death in childbirth of the Princess, a death that resulted in the succession of the Empress Frederick of Germany, that sentiment is to the German accoucher who attended the first confinement of the now widowed Empress Frederick of Germany, that sentiment is to the German accoucher who attended the first confinement of the now widowed Empress Frederick of Germany, that sentiment is to the German accoucher who attended the first confinement of the now widowed Empress Frederick of Germany.

Dr. Playfair, who received for his attendance at the last confinement of the young Crown Princess of Roumania a fee of \$12,000, a magnificent jewel and other order of the grand officer of the Empire, brother of Lord Playfair, who is the constant general at Algeria is known to many American visitors to the north coast of Africa.

Patronize Home Industry The B. C. Broom and Brush Works

Have opened a factory at the corner of Johnson and Blanchard streets, Victoria, and are prepared to supply the trade of Canada or the United States in quality or price. White labor only. Mail orders promptly attended to.

Harrison Hot Springs St. Alice Hotel Pleasure Resort.

Now Open for Reception of Guests. This popular resort has been completely renovated and improved, and intending visitors will find every comfort and attention.

The bathing department, with latest improved porcelain lined baths, has been entirely renovated, and is in charge of experienced male and female attendants.

The nearest point to the Harrison Lake mines, Golds and outcrops provided. Bath Hotel—winter and summer—under same management.

BROWN BROS., Harrison Hot Springs, B. C.

BY-LAW

A By-Law to Amend the "Ross Bay Cemetery By-Law, 1894."

The Municipal Council of the City of Victoria enacts as follows: Sec. 1. Section 22 of the "Ross Bay Cemetery By-Law, 1894, is repealed, and in lieu thereof the following shall be read:—

"Sec. 2. No person shall undertake or execute any work of a permanent character in connection with the beautifying, improving, or of caring for any grave lot, or any grave or graves, or carry on the work of a gardener in the cemetery, without first having the permission in writing for so doing from the Cemetery Committee, and any such work shall be carried on under the supervision of the caretaker, and to the satisfaction of said committee. No person shall be permitted to enter the cemetery for the purpose of erecting therein any monument or headstone, or to do any stone or brick work in connection with any grave lot, or any grave or graves, or to execute any work of a permanent character in connection with the beautifying or improving of any grave lot or lots, or any grave or graves, in the cemetery, unless he is possessed of a license issued by the City Treasurer under section 30 of Schedule A of the "By-Law, 1894," which covers the period during which he is about to work and does actually work in the cemetery."

Sec. 2. The "Ross Bay Cemetery By-Law, 1894," No. (109) 18, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This by-law may be cited as the "Ross Bay Cemetery Amendment By-Law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 9th day of March, 1896. Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed by the Council the 16th day of March, 1896. (L. S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

"LOOK IT UP."

Yes, dear reader, they have been "looking it up," and now that the HOUSES ARE LET, EXCEPT THE BIG ONE, we are turning our attention to the arable acreage that we offer at prices to defy competition.

Yes, MOUNT TOLMIE ESTATE, values have suffered, but by a favorable financial arrangement we are meeting the drop in prices.

We must up our past due taxes or be "SOLD UP."

Call for map and get particulars of FIVE and TEN acre plots, all ready for the plow, that will produce anything that will grow on Vancouver Island.

J. H. BROWNLEE, Financial Agent. Rooms 38 and 39, Board of Trade Building.

SOCIETIES. B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The staff of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad Street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneer and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VETERINARY. S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.M., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Brax's Livery, 108 Johnson street, Telephone 152; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS. JULIUS WEST GENERAL SCAVENGER.

Successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, groceries; Lochrine & Muir, corner of Sale and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 183.

WANTED. A middle aged woman, to take charge of kitchen in a hotel. Apply to Globe Hotel, Esquimalt. ap20-3t

HOUSE WANTED—With not less than 10 or 11 rooms; must be conveniently situated. Rent must be low. Give particulars and rent expected on one year's lease with privilege of two or three years. Address "N. O. P." Times Office.

INFORMATION WANTED—Of William Henry Lee, a native of the Township of Matheson, Ont., aged about 50; 4 ft. 10 in. tall; formerly wore dark hair and dark chin whiskers. When last heard from, about eight years ago, was in British Columbia, but is now anxious to correspond with him. Address JAMES LEE, Almonte, Ont. tis17-d&w

WANTED—Farmers and builders to leave their orders at Shore's hardware store, 27 Johnson street. ap20-3t

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—At a bargain, the Vancouver Hotel, 71 Yates street, Victoria, B. C.; good running order; for particulars apply to F. J. Dewey, P. O. Box 208, or on the premises. ap20-3t

FOR SALE CHEAP—Good second-hand cushion-tire bicycle. Apply A. E. this office. ap20-3t

FARMING LAND FOR SALE—Sea front. Cheap. 101 Douglas street.

MINING SHARES FOR SALE—5000 R. E. Lee and M. D. E. in 500 shares of 12c. 400 O. K. @ 25c, a snap; parcels Homestead; Poorman @ 14c. A. W. More & Co., Mining Brokers, 70 Douglas street.

SALOON FOR SALE—Old, respectable trade; suitable for young couple. Apply J. C. Times office. ap19-2w

FOR SALE—A Peterboro canoe, carpet and cushions. Price \$20. Apply S. J. F. . . .

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT in South Saanich, containing 150 acres; about 15 acres cleared. No reasonable offer refused. Apply to Jas. Hay, Blacksmith, Pandora street. mrd1-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—Six roomed furnished house; five minutes' walk from postoffice. Rent \$20 per month. Apply 100 Government st. or 111 Blanchard st. ap20-3

TO LET—4 1/2 roomed cottages. Rent, \$4, including water. Good place to raise chickens. Apply 3 Clarke street, Hidge. mrd2-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—An investment is offered, whereby a handsome profit can be made; capital required from \$2,000 to \$3,000. Address for particulars "Recorder," Times office.

PIANOFORTE OR SINGING taught by carefully selected from England; holding certificate from Royal Academy of Music, London, and from Trinity College, London. For terms apply Mrs. Poulton, 130 Michigan street.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m.

A & W WILSON. PLUMBERS AND GAS-FITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Also supplied with gas valves. Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 132.

JEWELERS, ETC.

American Waterbury \$1. Nickel Alarm Clocks, ANSONIA ALARMS, 90c. GERMAN ALARMS, 70c. Guaranteed two years.

S. A. STODDART. The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68 1/2 YATES STREET. Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Springs 75c.; Balance and Barrel Staffs, \$1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. SEALS' TEETH WANTED.

UNDERTAKERS. CHAS. HAYWARD (Re-established 1897.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer Government Street, Victoria. \$1.00. The Public will please take notice that Ryckman's Kootenay Cure HAS BEEN REDUCED TO ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE. For sale by Druggists. Merchants will be allowed rebate on old prices for what they have in stock.

The S. R. Ryckman Medicine Co., HAMILTON, ONT. For Sale or To Let. Splendid Farm, 80 acres, for sale or to let at once. Fine house, barn and chicken house (holds 100 chickens). 30 acres ready to plow. Excellent soil for grazing. Apply to A. HARMAN & CO., 20 Broad Street.

EAST THE ROCKIES

Monster Liberal Demonstration to be Held in Montreal to Favor of Mr. Laurier.

Ice Moving in the St. Lawrence—The Dauphin Railway—General Canadian News.

Montreal, April 21.—A monster Liberal demonstration on the 24th, in favor of Mr. Laurier, has been arranged. It is expected that numerous Liberal members will attend on their way home from the capital.

The Conservative campaign in Quebec will be inaugurated at a grand banquet in this city on Monday evening next under the auspices of the Club Conservative. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Sir Charles Tupper and other ministers will be present and outline the policy on which the attack on the country will be made.

Winnipeg, April 21.—The Regina and Sultana mines at Rat Portage produced \$17,000 in gold during March. These mines operate only ten stamps each, and one only worked two weeks on account of a break in the machinery. The ore in these mines and in the district averages one ounce of gold to the ton of rock, a much higher average than South Africa, West Australia or Colorado.

Sorel, April 21.—The St. Lawrence ice is rushing down stream. A tug has returned from St. Azul's, where assistance was given to the inhabitants to remove their drowning cattle.

Winnipeg, April 21.—T. W. White, engineer, has arrived here to locate the Dauphin road. Mann & McKenzie, of Montreal, have received the contract to build the first one hundred miles.

Toronto, April 21.—W. B. Palmer, proprietor of the Palmer House in this city, and one of the best known Ontario hotel men, died on Sunday night.

Sherbrooke, April 21.—John Yates, bookkeeper, was drowned with a team by the overflowing of the river while going home, five miles from here. The road was submerged when he left.

Toronto, April 21.—W. A. Campbell, the well known assizee, left the city yesterday for Rossland, B. C., where for the next year he will represent the interests of an eastern mining syndicate.

Toronto, April 21.—The big regatta, which it was proposed should be held on Toronto bay this coming August, is not likely to come off. The hotel keepers of the city, who would benefit financially if the aquatic carnival was held here, and who at first promised liberal support to the scheme, have now refused to subscribe any large amount of funds. In consequence of their failure to do so, Ed Hanlan now says there will be no regatta at Toronto this season.

HOW WOMEN GOT THE RIGHT.

Tradition Gives the Credit of Leap Year Customs to St. Patrick.

The words of Thomas à Kempis, "Man proposes," suffer impeachment each fourth year, when according to a mythical custom, the right to the matrimonial propositions is extended, though not surrendered, to the gentler sex, says the Washington Star. The leap year 1896 should be accepted by the hopeful maidens who are determined "to make hay while the sun shines," for there will not be another such opportunity for eight years. Once each century, with certain exceptions, the leap year is omitted. This extra long year was the device of Julius Caesar, who undertook to remedy an evil which had grown up through the practice of the Roman priests of lengthening or shortening the calendar year at pleasure. But his proclamation that a day be added to February of each fourth year was misunderstood, and each third year the increase was made, so that gradually there came to be a discrepancy between the calendar and the astronomical year, which was partially corrected by Augustus in 8 B. C. Pope Gregory in 1577 undertook to straighten out the calendar and brought things out right by annulling ten days. He ordained that the four year rule be strictly observed throughout the Christian world, and practically provided for a fractional discrepancy by eliminating the leap year in all but one in the four of the century years. In other words, by virtue of the leap year system, the gain would be two great in 100 years, and thus 1770 had but 365 days, also 1880, and 1900 will be of the same length. The year 2000 will be a leap year, also 2400. In short, the same rule of division by four that applies to the ordinary 20 years to place the extra day is also urged with the century years.

Thus the twentieth century woman starts on her career with a handicap. She must forego the privileges conferred upon her by the custom that is believed to have had its origin during the first century, when St. Patrick was christianizing Ireland and incidentally driving out the vermin. The legend runs that having accomplished this most praiseworthy feat, the holy man was walking along the shores of Lough Neagh, weeping because there was a nutting in the institution over which she presided. Her charges had claimed the right to "pop the question." St. Patrick acknowledged the general justice of their demands and said he would grant the right to propose every seventh year. St. Bridget protested that her girls would never be content with such a plan, whereupon St. Patrick agreed to reduce the time to four years, and offered in the bargain to select the longest year of all leap years, as that in which the women might propose. The identical year being provided with an extra day, St. Bridget immediately inaugurated the custom by proposing it to St. Patrick, who, of course, declined, in deference to his priestly occupation. St. Bridget protested that this was a violation of the bargain and a compromise was finally reached by which St. Patrick escaped from matrimony by giving a kiss and a silk gown, which for centuries formed the penalty paid by a man who declined a woman's proposal.

Pure blood is the safeguard of health. Keep the blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla if you would be well.

THE ENGLISH AND BOERS.

In the earlier encounters—between British and Dutch at the Cape, the British invariably had the victory. In 1795 and 1803 at the battles of Muizenberg and Blaauwberg, on each of the occasions when the British forces took possession of the Cape, our troops had easily the best of it. It can hardly be said, however, that the back country farmers had much to do with these affairs. The battle of Blaauwberg, thanks to which the English finally became masters of the Cape, was a very hot affair. The Dutch fought bravely and lost seven hundred men dead and wounded. The British, under General Sir David Baird, suffered to the extent of 212 killed, wounded and missing. Between 1806 and 1848 there were various small risings and insurrections in the eastern part of Cape Colony, in which, however, the Dutch were invariably worsted. When we remember President Kruger's demerit to Dr. Jameson and his followers after the recent raid, we can scarcely blame ourselves on our own deeds in similar emergencies.

In 1815 a small rising among the Boers of the eastern province was punished with extreme severity. Hendrik Prinsloo, Stephanus Botma, Cornelius Pater, Thonis de Klerk, Abraham Botman and J. Kruger were all sentenced to death as ringleaders. Of these, Kruger, no doubt a distant connection of

IN THE SOUDAN.

Fierce Fighting in Omdurman, Near Khartoum, Headquarters of Khalifa.

Five Hundred of the Enemy's Body Guard Are Reported Killed.

Cairo April 21.—Dispatches received here to-day from the front say that there has been fierce fighting in Omdurman, near Khartoum, the headquarters of Khalifa. The exact details of the engagement or cause are not known, but it is said that 500 of Khalifa's body guard have been killed, and that a general feeling of unrest prevails among Khalifa's forces.

This news is considered favorable to the advance of the Anglo-Egyptian forces upon Dongola and is believed to indicate that the jealousies which have frequently been reported as existing among Khalifa's lieutenants are bearing fruit. The work of sending troops to the front, supplying them with food and

ed by a number of hills, while Ferket is on high ground and commands the neighborhood.

BIGGEST OF BUGS.

Venezuela is a little republic, but she has one thing that is the biggest of its kind on earth. It is a bug—the largest insect in all the world. The creature is known as the "elephant beetle," and when full grown it weighs nearly half a pound. To be struck in the face by such a bug, flying at full speed, would make a man feel as if a mule had kicked him.

This beetle, like others of its kind, both small and large, is clad in a complete suit of armor proof. This armor is made of a material far more indestructible than steel—namely, chitine. Chitine cannot be destroyed except by certain mineral acids; in other words, only the artifices of chemistry avail against it. Thus the shells of beetles that died 10,000,000 years ago have been preserved perfectly in the rocks, so that we know to-day just what these insects of antiquity looked like.

In Europe giant beetles have a considerable market value, commanding prices in proportion to their size. In London a single butterfly has been known to fetch as much as \$800. A specimen of the rare and very large Goliath beetle is worth \$90. This is the largest beetle of the old world, and it first became known through mission-

IN THE SENATE.

Claims and Counter Claims Worry Great Minds.

Washington, April 21.—In the house to-day, while proceeding with the deficiency bill, and when items relating to the indemnity to be paid Frederick O. Dawson, wife and daughter, for loss of property and injury inflicted in Nebraska, was reached, Mr. Mervin (Rep., Neb.) called attention to the great vigor with which Great Britain pressed this case, \$4000 having been claimed from the state of Nebraska.

He commended the vigilance of the British government in protecting her subjects, and said it was in strange contrast with the action of our own government. Mr. Cannon said the claim was recommended by the state department. It was a matter of international honor, as we expected heavy indemnity from China. Mr. Livingston called attention to the fact that we are now preparing to make a claim against Spain for the imprisonment of Bishop Diaz, in Cuba.

—Never let a cough run on from day to day. It indicates either inflammation or irritation, which, if allowed to continue, may result in serious injury to the lungs. A few doses of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures any pulmonary complaint, not entirely beyond the reach of medicine.

—Good digestion means good appetite, but what's the use without good teeth? Use Odolom for your teeth; it not only prevents decay, but preserves them permanently.

—Sheffield cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

AMUSEMENTS

VICTORIA THEATRE

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21st and 22nd.

The American Extravaganza Company

D Henderson, Manager, presenting that Greatest of all Burlesque Extravaganzas.

"SINBAD"

THE SAILOR, OR THE MAID OF BALSORA. 100-PEOPLE-100.

The largest, most complete and most elaborately magnificent production ever brought to Victoria. An unrivalled cast! Two Grand Ballets! Marvellous electrical effects! Superb transformations! Gorgeous costumes! A wondrous panorama! Picturesque ensembles! A wealth of new music! Stupendously beautiful scenery!

PRICES—\$1.50 and \$1. Gallery 50c. Sale of seats opens Friday morning, April 17th at 9 o'clock at Jamieson's.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES AUCTIONEER.

On Saturday, 25th inst., at 2 p.m.

I will sell by order of the executors in the estate of J. J. Russell (deceased), at

The Metropolitan Stables, 128 Yates St. above Quadra St.

- 1 MARE IN FOAL, 1 HORSE, 1 HACK, 1 DOUBLE HARNESS, ROBES, ETC. ALSO PERSONAL EFFECTS.

TERMS CASH. JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

Fine Teas.

- Lipton's Teas. Ceylon, Mudiyar Brand, in Packages, 50c. and 75c. per pound. Choice English Breakfast, 25c. per pound.

R. H. Jameson, 33 FORT STREET.

The Ideal Wheel

Is a First-Class Machine...

We have just opened up a number of these much appreciated wheels, and if we can judge from the ready sale of the "IDEAL" it has gained much favor with the local bicyclists.

See Our SHOW WINDOWS OF Bicycles.

Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort Street.

ASK FOR CATALOGUE.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Don't forget, these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other

Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Co.



HARMONIOUS HOPE BLIND, DEAF AND DUMB. But the questions still pursue him!

the present Transvaal president, occupied with transportation for life. The remaining five were ignominiously hanged in presence of a great concourse of friends and relatives. The gallows broke down under the weight of these unfortunates—they were all turned off together—and a long delay occurred. There was a terrible scene, which one shudders to think of even now. The poor, half-hanged men, as they slowly recovered, crawled to the feet of the commanding officer, and begged for mercy. Their prayers were aided by the bitter cries and tears of the multitude standing around. But there was no mercy for them. Just before sunset these unhappy Boers were hanged again, this time effectually enough. The neck between the hills where this scene took place is still well known in Cape Colony as "Slaughter's Neck" (slaughter-neck); and one of the biggest grudges that the Boers still cherish against the British is due to the undying memory of that dreadful day—Nineteenth century.

Disarrangement of the liver with constipation, induces the complexion, induces plus plus, yellow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One is a dose. Try them.

ammunition, building a strategic rail-road and fortifying Asakieh, is being carried on with admirable promptness and machine-like smoothness. When the order to send reinforcements south, reached Cairo on March 14, no body was taken by surprise; there was not a hitch in any department, and two weeks later the war office had a small army firmly established at Akosheu, about 80 miles, or five days' march from Wady Halfa, hitherto the extreme frontier posts.

This army consisted of three Soudanese battalions numbering 2,500 men; Egyptian camel corps, 500 men; two squadrons of Egyptian cavalry, say 200, and British battery screw guns, and a complete camp and transport equipment. Since then the North Staffordshire British regiment has been sent to Wady Halfa, three more battalions of Soudanese, and six battalions of Egyptians are either there or on their way to the front, with more cavalry, artillery and camel corps.

The next point to be occupied probably will be Ferket, a much healthier and naturally stronger position than Akasheh. The latter place lies in a hollow surrounded and partly command-

aries in the Congo basin.

Though no other insect in existence compares in bulk with the beetle from Venezuela, there are other bugs that exceed it in dimensions. For example there is the Atlas silk moth, which has a wing spread of nearly a foot. It spins a cocoon, the silk of which is better and stronger than that of the ordinary silk worm; but unfortunately it cannot be reeled. The department of agriculture tried for years to discover a way of reeling it, but without success. Moths of this species often alight on ships in the Indian ocean.

There is a butterfly of the Malay peninsula which has a spread of ten inches. In India and tropical Africa are found giant forms of those remarkable insects known as "walking sticks," which look like twigs of trees. Some of these measure 18 inches in length. They are related to grasshoppers and katydids.

In tropical America occur certain huge species of bugs that are closely related to the familiar electric light bugs of this country. Like the latter, which have been popularly known only since the introduction of the electric light, they fly at night, living during the day at the bottom of ponds.

SALE OF GOLD COINS.

A sale of gold and medals by Bangs & Co., at New York on Friday was well attended. British War Medals were sold as follows: India—Ava, T. Hanley, Fourth Foot, \$5.28; Lucknow, \$2; Crimea, Twenty-Third Regiment, \$5.50; Nile, Chis-Lahali, rare, 1880-90, Cheshire Regiment, \$7.75; Ganges-Cabul, Horse Brigade, Bombay Artillery, olive branch, 1842, very fine and scarce, \$32.

A testimonial piece of Ferdinand II, of Bonaventura, 1852, brought \$22.50; a rose noble of Edward IV, 1483, \$8; double guinea of George I, and II, \$12.25 each, and a quarterly receipt of John George I, of Saxony, 1696, \$22.

Cornwall coins and tokens sold from a few cents for New Jersey tokens to \$11.50 for a 79-cent shilling of 1650, and \$45 for a New Jersey cent of 1788. An Annapolis shilling, 1788, brought \$4.50, a Pine-tree shilling of 1652 \$7, and a Pine-tree three-pence of 1652 \$2.50. United States cent pieces sold as follows: 1793, obverse, \$10.75; reverse, \$12.50; 1798, small date, \$8.75; 1799, over 1798, \$16.50; 1799, perfect date, \$10; 1802, 20; 1804, \$17; 1800, sharp date, \$2.50; 1811, same, \$6; 1813, very fine, \$1.25; 1814, \$5.25; 1814, croquet, \$4. \$8; 1816, \$1.70; 1817, fifteen stars, \$2.85; 1820, small date, \$2.75; 1821, \$2; 1822, white date, olive, \$2.25; 1822, \$10; 1824, \$10.50; 1827, \$2.25; 1828, \$1.50; small date, \$2.50; 1830, \$3.75; 1840, large date, \$3; small, \$1.50; 1844, fine, \$2.50; two-cent pieces, lot, 41 cents each. United States half cents averaged about \$1.70; \$4.00; 1852, over 1850, \$2.15; 1853, \$2.30; 1860-50, 95 cents.

Calendar for April showing days of the week and dates from 1 to 30.

JOSHUA DAVIES AUCTIONEER Room 7, Board of Trade Building. Member of the Victoria Stock Exchange.

The Daily Times.

CHOOSING DISHONOR.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell is to retire and be succeeded by Sir Charles Tupper. The country will find little cause for rejoicing over the change...

A CERTAIN SIGN.

Tory members of parliament are giving the strongest sort of evidence that they expect the defeat of the government at the coming election...

PLENTY OF TIME.

Tory papers object to any doubt being cast upon the intentions of the government with regard to the passage of the remedial bill. They want everybody to believe that Sir Charles Tupper was earnestly endeavoring to get the measure through the house...

ement were in earnest they surely mismanaged badly when they failed to draw up a proper bill and have it passed in three months.

THE TORY ATTACK.

It is generally conceded by those who are watching the trend of matters political that a supreme effort will be made by the government's friends to again secure the election in this district of representatives pledged to support the grand old party of protection, boodle and coercion.

The dead will vote or rather, their votes will be polled. Absentees—men thousands of miles away—will record their votes by a system of proxy invented by Tory patriots...

Money will be used, secretly and largely, and certain Victorians, thought to have what is known as "a pull," will experience a brief period of prosperity.

The electors will be told that the opposition party is composed of "traitors," "enemies of their country," etc., etc., in an endeavor to stir up an antipathy against them.

The "old flag" will be waved vigorously and continually by the very men who have done more to disgrace that flag than any other body of men who can be mentioned.

It will be charged—falsely of course, but nevertheless charged—that the Liberal party will bring ruin—ruin, desolation—upon the entire Dominion if they ever assume power.

The electors will be told with unblinking cheek that the charges of corruption, fraud and stealing made against the present administration, are entirely unfounded.

Our "cabinet minister" will defend his action and the action of his party on the school question boldly, as is his wont—in short, the electors of this constituency will be informed that all is well; that good times will soon burst upon them; that bad times never existed, save in the minds of the Liberals...

Everything that was ever hoped for will be promised with prodigal generosity. Great and good things yet undreamed of will be offered to all if a rally is once again made around "the old flag," the "old party" and the "old policy."

We do not for one moment believe that these efforts to throw dust in the eyes of the electors will be successful. We think, rather, that the mask has been torn off by the ruthless hand of misery and that the "old party" of deceit and dishonesty stands unveiled in all its hideous reality.

But to surely contract the great effort that will be made to regain this constituency—so plainly lost for the Tupper party—what must be done? The electors must think, ponder and reflect. They must show themselves to be men—men true to the best interests of their country, and determined to resist the gigantic onslaught that will be made upon them for the purpose of securing for the hand of political frauds and humbugs another season of power, luxury and ease.

The one hope of the government party is the constitution is that they may succeed in throttling public opinion and deceiving the electors once again. None know better than they that were a free, untrammelled vote registered they would suffer defeat by an overwhelming majority, and they will govern themselves accordingly.

ONLY THREE CROWNED.

The magnificent and costly preparations now going on at Moscow for the approaching coronation of the Czar and Czarina recall to mind the fact that very few European sovereigns have gone through the ancient ceremonies which constitute a duly "anointed king." With the exception of Queen Victoria, the Emperor King of Austria, Bohemia and Hungary, and King Oscar of Sweden, no other reigning monarch has been consecrated by religious rite. In the case of the King of Italy three were obvious reasons why the services of the church should have been dispensed with. It is less intelligible that so Catholic a king as Carlos of Portugal should have been content to take the oath of the Cortes and attend a Te Deum only in the cathedral. A mere oath, too, sufficed for the establishment of King George upon that somewhat rocky Hellenic throne. The crowns of Holland and Spain are, so to speak, in commission. As in the case of the King of Portugal, he did not even care to do through the formality observed by his grand father, who put the crown on his own head, but deemed it enough to make a solemn declaration at the opening of the imperial parliament.

Henry Ward Beecher once informed a man who came to him complaining of gloomy and despondent feelings, that what he needed most was a good cathartic, meaning, of course, such a medicine as Ayer's Cathartic Pills, every dose being effective.

Another writes: "No trouble now getting the children to attend to their teeth, they like Odorona so much."

"I would like to know," said the corn fed abolitionist, "if when a woman succeeds in metamorphosing herself into a nobleman, she will drop her feminine privilege of betting on a sure thing."

Sir Donald Smith said of the Dominion commissioners visit to Winnipeg: "We were received in the most cordial manner; we talked the subject over with the utmost frankness; and I must assure you that we left with the strong conviction that the Manitoba government were, in all sincerity, desirous of having a settlement of the question. That is their desire; that is the desire of the people, on both sides—Whig and Tory—and I spoke to hundreds of them, and that being the case, I am still hopeful, despite the failure of the conference to effect immediate results." Sir Donald after his experience with Tupper, can have very little hope of a settlement while that unscrupulous politician is at the head of affairs. Probably Sir Donald's hope is based on the prospect of a new regime at Ottawa.

The proposed rebate of duty upon cotton lines used in salmon fishing does not give much satisfaction to those engaged in the industry. What they asked for was an abolition of the duty altogether. The duty having been paid into the custom house and the money forwarded to Ottawa, they say (judging from past experience) that the rebate will be hedged around with so many conditions that the proverbial difficulty of extracting blood from a stone would be simple in comparison.

AN OPEN LETTER.

To Our Eastern Cousins:—Sitting beneath the rainy sky, on a bright spring day, gazing out on the strapping young bachelors who are waiting for you to cross the prairie to comfort and console the 50,000 lone men in the Northwest. Without doubt the council of women will consider the long year wholesale proposal of the "excellent people willing to immigrate during the coming spring. The first step would be to open a marriage bureau, with a photograph gallery attached to it, and a list of names of men of similar nature was tried by one of our church societies. A number of splendid women arrived here, and found houses which they made comfortable and happy; but since that time the C. P. R., whose land commissioner seems so anxious to promote immigration, imported thousands of Chinese, and to this day they comprise the majority of bachelors in our cities. Further, the Chinese fill positions in factories and as house servants, which the surplus women of Toronto might occupy, but in many instances, the wily Chinaman is preferred. It is a well known fact that in Victoria we require people of means; the labor market is overstocked. Should any of our bachelors require eastern wives, the railway company would be the company by inducing them to visit Toronto to select from the large number willing to immigrate, but our young ladies are just as healthy, undoubtedly as winning and certainly as capable to fill the hearts of our young men, as those wretched maidens in the east. If the immigrants will compete with the Chinese, and will drive them out, they will be welcomed with open arms, and every woman in the west ready to marry by our bachelor friends to add them to the work; but we wish those emigration societies understood that we want all the marriageable men around here for ourselves. MARINA.

TORY TRICKERY AND TREACHERY.

To the Editor: You were so good as to insert a letter from me on a previous occasion, and for the information of your readers, I trust you will afford this space in your columns. It amuses me to glance over your contemporary, the "Colonist," and to see the "rottenest" government at Ottawa, this country of bachelors has ever had. My experience of Canada began in Glasgow in 1845, in shipping business to Montreal, and in 1856, returning to Liverpool till 1858, when I settled here in the metal trade importing, which, however, has been changed by Sir Charles Tupper's fiscal policy. The effect of the lunatic increase of the iron duties is painfully seen in the fact that the most numerous and profitable trade in any civilized country is now in the following way: Shipowners carry to many ports, and they cannot procure cargo in the United Kingdom, and it injures steamers to have to carry ballast or stores. The result is, and passengers prefer the New York route, and mostly settle in the States. Notwithstanding in many cases, the discharged, and those remaining have wages reduced lately about fifteen per cent. You can imagine whether they bless Tupper & Company or not. Then forced to economize, the owners sometimes dispatch their vessels to the Atlantic. As affecting us Canadians, especially farmers, the freights to Europe are all much higher for breadstuffs, and cattle. The protective policy hurts produce shipped here, from our virtual refusal to admit the proceeds of British labor, thus preventing our good customers, the British people, from getting what we send them. You, Mr. Editor, and your intelligent readers, will at once see my point. Lately, there was much fuss made by the Tories at Ottawa "mouthing" lip loyalty to "the throne and constitution," but what do you think of loyalty to the people of England displayed in taxing their bay-iron 45 per cent, pig iron 50 per cent, (besides smelter's bonus, 80 per cent, on clean iron, 125 per cent on scrap and coal oil, 40 per cent on carpets, and 1000 per cent on wall paper, besides 50 per cent on medicines, and so on. I appeal to the British Columbia electors through your important organ of sensible public opinion, to clear out the nest of political robbers in Ottawa, and when asked to vote for the man that shamefully misrepresents them at present, I hope they will indeed say they "have a Price engagement."

Montreal, 24th March, 1896.

There seems to be an end to the daring feats attempted by bicyclers. An Englishman named Jefferson has started to make a 6000 mile ride to Irkutsk, Siberia, on a machine which, with his baggage, weighs only 60 pounds.

Arthur Humphreys, manager of one of the great London publishing houses, when asked the other day what subjects were of general and lasting interest to readers of books, replied, "Sport, cockery, ghosts, gardening, battle, murder, and platonic friendship."

A remarkable double wedding took place recently at the residence of Mrs. Repp in Medina county. The contracting parties were Vernon R. Stair, of Berbank, and Irene V. Repp, and Veral H. Stair and Idina V. Repp. The grooms are twin brothers, and the brides twin sisters.

The story is told of Archdeacon Denison: A reported parishioner went to the vicar's study one day and burst out, "Why, I hear, Mr. Archdeacon, as how you refuse to bury dissenters?" "No," replied the Archdeacon, "you have been wrongfully informed, my man; I should really like to bury them all!"

Motif: "Why have you not pursued me all these years?" worriedly demanded the prisoner of the diuon. "I don't know," answered the wily miscreant, "unless it was to give you a chance to wear all your costumes." Drawing his mantle more closely about him, he nodded to the leader of the orchestra.



To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria:

Gentlemen: We respectfully solicit your votes and support at the general election for the House of Commons, at which we will be candidates in the interest of the Opposition party.

In our opinion the time has arrived when, for the welfare of Canada and to ensure a revival of prosperity in this constituency and throughout the Dominion, a change in the federal administration is absolutely necessary.

We fully endorse the Opposition platform, adopted at the Ottawa convention in June, 1895. As the candidates of that party we are opposed to the ruinous fiscal policy which has now had a trial of eighteen years, and are of opinion that the "highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing any injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade and hasten a return of prosperity to our people, and to that end we believe that the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government."

We believe in provincial rights, and will oppose coercion in any form towards the provinces of the Dominion in respect to matters upon which they have been entrusted with the powers to legislate. In the matter of the Manitoba School Question we are of opinion that the offer of the Greenway government to so amend the school law that the clergyman or representative of any denomination would have the right to impart religious instruction in the public schools, at stated times, was a most reasonable one, and that it ought to have been accepted by the minority as a compromise and by all parties as a liberal and adequate compliance with the judgment of the privy council. We are still in hope that, along these lines and under the policy of conciliation of Mr. Laurier—to whom all Canada is now looking for a final settlement of this disturbing question—the strife and intolerance which are provoked by denominational differences and religious rancor will forever disappear from the arena of Canadian politics, at least in so far as the public school system of our country is concerned.

We will support a progressive railway policy, and if elected will strongly urge the importance of assisting a trunk line to open up the great country in the northern part of British Columbia, by which a transcontinental line would traverse a rich and yet uninhabited region. We are opposed to the "bleeding process" whereby the province of British Columbia has been forced for years to contribute to the Dominion treasury in customs, excise, fishery and other dues, and to eastern monopolists, over two million dollars a year in excess of the sum returned to us for all purposes.

We believe that it is possible to administer public affairs absolutely free from the scandals that have been a marked characteristic of the rule of the present and late administrations, and will support no man or set of men that will shield criminals, whitewash bootlers, or condone corruption in high places.

We believe in Canada and have faith in her future. Her progress has been retarded by a ruinous tariff and by maladministration in every department of the public service. High taxation has been crushing the energies of her people, who have been leaving the country at the rate of one hundred thousand a year to find in the United States opportunities to live denied them at home. Bad government has checked, to an extent simply incalculable, her progress, but it has not—only because it had not time in eighteen years—irretrievably ruined both the people and the country. With an electorate influenced by principle and right, there is still great hope for our country, and especially for this province with its immense natural wealth and magnificent opportunities for expansion.

Keeping in mind, then, the great issues upon which you will be called to pronounce a verdict—remembering the non-progressive state of the country, the unfair treatment which British Columbia has received, the failure of the protective tariff, the debasement of Canadian political life by ministers of the crown, and all minor questions—we respectfully invite you to consider if the time has not come for the electors of Victoria to demand that the old order of things shall be reversed and that a new and a better system of government shall be inaugurated in its stead. Faithfully yours,

W. TEMPLEMAN, G. L. MILNE.

Wigs—Have you distributed the parts to the satisfaction of the amateurs? Fathless—Yes; I have encouraged the state to admit of eleven Hamlets and sixteen Ophelias. We shall have to do Polonius, Hamlet, Lear, and that grave digger, King and Queen between us.

"That poem of yours," remarked the person, "reminds me of Spencer's Fairy Queen." "But," said the aspiring writer, "you told me yesterday that you had never read the Fairy Queen." "Yes; that's why your poem reminds me of it."

Joshua Davies, AUCTIONEER.

By Order of the Mortgagees.

THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896.

I will sell the Stock and Stock in Trade of the

Manchester House.

Particulars To-Morrow.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

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Baby Buggies—the newest models. Full lines of Carpets, Crockery, Glassware and General Furnishings at rock-bottom prices.

B. C. Furniture Co., Government street. JACOB SEHL, Manager.

Medium.

Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on MISS DR. BRACHMANN. She gives valuable information on all business, waiting the separated, and can talk to your spirit friends. From reasonable. New York Hotel. apl5-2w

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice.

In the matter of the estate of A. J. Langley, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to send particulars thereof, duly verified, on or before the 17th day of May, 1896, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith to W. H. Langley, Esq. Langley St., Victoria. Dated the 17th day of April, 1896. T. M. HENDERSON, W. H. LANGLEY, Executors of the will of A. J. Langley, deceased. n17-4m

Land Registry Act.

In the matter of an application for a Duplicate of Certificate of Title to Lot 5, Subdivision of Lots 8 and 9, Block A, Extension A, Cloverdale Estate, Victoria District (Map 415). Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date hereof to issue a Duplicate of the Certificate of Title of Arthur Ross to the above Lot, dated the 23rd day of October, 1895, and numbered 17,201. Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., April 18th, 1896. S. Y. WOOTTON, apl5-1m Deputy Registrar General.

White Japanese matting, inserted Japanese matting, Japanese matting rugs, etc., at Weller Bros.

**BOWES,
He Dispenses Prescriptions.**

100 Government Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Prov. Cial News in a Condensed Form.

Fine rods, reels, lines, casts and flies at Fox's, 78 Government street. New stock.

The opposition central committee rooms are now located in the Balmoral Block, Douglas street.

Some miscreant turned in a false fire alarm from Box 8 at 10:30 o'clock last night. A fine of \$50, or one month in jail awaits the practical joker.

W. R. Lawson, a stone cutter, while working on the new postoffice building, had one leg broken and the other badly bruised by a fall of rock.

You can go away on any wheel. The one you can also come home on is what you want. Perry & McConnell, corner Broad and Troncau avenue.

The St. Alce Hotel, Harrison Hot Springs, is now open and the management have put the rates to suit the times. An excellent staff has been secured.

It is hoped there will be a large attendance at the closing exercises of the Y. M. C. A. educational classes to-morrow evening. Several interesting short addresses will be delivered.

Ben Hastings, foreman of the new postoffice, who was accidentally shot in the foot while duck hunting up the gorge, has suffered a relapse and is again in the Jubilee Hospital.

Rev. Dr. Burns, one of the best known members of the Presbyterian ministry in Canada, and well known to many Victorians, died at Brighton Ferris, Scotland, on the 9th instant.

By request the concert given in the Centennial Methodist church on Good Friday, will be repeated to-morrow evening. As will be remembered, the concert was a very enjoyable one, the choir of the Centennial church and other local vocalists contributing to the programme.

John Graham, arrested early this morning by Sergeant Walker for drunkenness and malicious injury to property, had not sufficiently recovered to appear in the police court and her case was remanded. A Chinaman was fined \$2, costs of court, for an infraction of the street by-law.

The Primrose ball given by the Companions of the Forest in the A. O. U. W. Hall last evening was largely attended. The ladies presented each of the gentlemen with a bouquet typical of the day commemorated. All of the ladies wore handsome costumes and carried beautiful bouquets. Richardson's orchestra furnished the music. By a popular vote two prizes were awarded to the two couples who most gracefully danced the minuet. All sat down to a tastefully prepared supper at midnight.

The track around Beacon Hill during the past few evenings has been well patronized by bicycle enthusiasts of both sexes, who have taken advantage of the delightfully fine weather. Last evening considerably more than 100 wheels were spinning around the hill, but the lives of riders were endangered by the reckless driving of three individuals who insisted on speeding their trottoirs and racing them on the track. Unless the police insist on more careful driving, some of the many ladies and children who use the hill for wheeling are almost sure to meet with accidents.

This evening at the Victoria theatre The American Extravaganza Company will for the first time present "Sinbad or the Maid of Balora." It is the most brilliant of Mr. Henderson's productions. Freshness marks all the setting, and so much that is entirely novel attracts the eye and ear that the performance has almost if not all the interest of a new production. When "Sinbad" was presented at the Chicago opera house two years ago it ran 526 consecutive nights.

Panoramas, tableaux, gay illusions, fantastic dances, adroit burlesque, dainty and original costumes, spirited music, innocuous mirthful patter, gorgeous blendings of multi-colored lights, brilliant corps de ballet—these are some of the incidents and features of the extravaganza. The cast is strong. The title role is taken by Miss Louise Eise, Frankie Raymond (Ninetta) shows quite a bit of daintiness. The trying roll of Marzchino is played by Miss Marta Rainsford with a rollicking humor and without a touch of the ridiculous. Hugh Chivers will be seen in the part of Snarky. Oscar Girard, the comedian of ear that the performance has almost if not all the interest of a new production. When "Sinbad" was presented at the Chicago opera house two years ago it ran 526 consecutive nights.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR.

**DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER**
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

amusing. The picturesque parts are played by Lydia Payne, Dot Carter, Beatrice McInroy and May Armstrong. The company arrived from Vancouver by the Louise this morning.

Monarch Bicycles, strictly high-grade. A. McGregor & Son, Agents.

An important special meeting of Hope lodge, Degree of Honor, A. O. U. W., will be held this evening.

The Ladies' Auxiliary will hold their last at home for the season on Tuesday, 28th inst., at A. J. U. W. hall.

The Victoria West Steam Bakery has been re-opened by Mr. D. Fraser, who is making a specialty of pilot bread and cabin biscuits.

A session of the police court is being held this afternoon to hear the case of two Chinamen charged with perjury in connection with the Chinese theatre case.

Monuments, Headstones and cemetery copings are very cheap at Stowart's. Be sure to get his prices before buying elsewhere. Cor. Yates & Blanchard streets.

Captain H. G. Morse, of San Francisco, who lately retired from the command of the steamer Alameda after 50 years of active life at sea, will lecture in Victoria in a few days, his subject being reminiscences of his eventful career.

A conference between the mayor and board of aldermen and the petitioners and property owners interested in the Craigflower road dispute is being held this afternoon at the city hall. The petitioners contend that Craigflower road is a public road and should be kept open and maintained by the city. The property owners on the other hand claim that the road belongs to them, and they want the city to open up Skinner street so that Craigflower road may be closed by them. The conference promises to last some time.

AMATEUR MINSTRELS

Clever Victorians Will Exhibit Their Talent on the 8th and 9th of May.

An Indication of the Bare Treat That May be Expected is Here Given.

Those who are lovers of the light and refreshing entertainment known as a minstrel show will be glad to know that their desires will be gratified on the 8th and 9th of May inasmuch as the Victoria Amateur Minstrels will then revive the burnt cork festival that made them so justly famous last year.

Bandmaster J. M. Finn as director seems to be a name to conjure with as regards excellence in minstrelsy. He is thoroughly an affair, having been connected with Haverly's and Cleveland's for years.

Those who recall the first part, that exacting test of an efficient organization, will be pleased to know that the most prominent and favored singers in the city will be heard in heroic songs and charming ballads. Messrs. Kent, Buehly and Henwood, while familiar to our music lovers, have never yet been heard in the guise of darker songsters, will for the nonce don the burnt cork, and with Messrs. Pilling, Robertson, Ross Munro, Sehl, Brownlie, Thomas, Howard and Austin, conspire to gladden us with bursts of melody.

The end men will present the old candidates for popular approval. Messrs. Higgins, Richardson, Pauline and George Powell, reinforced with some snappy young blood—Messrs. Matson, B. Powell, S. Schultz and H. Robertson, while Mr. P. S. Lampan will greet his end men's jests and sallies with a laughter that will prove exciting from the centre of the circle.

The first part will be rolled away amid the "Frolics of the Brownies," who will afford genuine amusement by their ludicrous antics.

The feature of last year's olio, the entrancing skirt dance, will by special request of the ladies, be revived in all its magnificence of diaphanous and fluttering undulations. Those bewitching maidens, Messrs. Geo. E. Powell, B. W. Powell, H. Austin, F. Richardson, H. Howard and W. Carmichael, will guarantee that the front rows are interested.

The minstrel quartette, Messrs. Kingham, Bushly, Henwood and Kent, will be heard in popular selections.

The Fifth Regiment have in preparation a novel and intricate drill, entitled "The Zouave Paraders," under the command of Lieutenant Hilson, which will certainly excite wonderment. The finale will be a kaleidoscopic mélange of serenades, songs and dances, and bristling with those delicate delineations of the negro character that lend such a charm to his creation, and prove so intensely amusing.

It will be a potpourri of the latest songs and dances of the day, culled for the occasion.

The minstrels have a record for the precision and style of their entertainment and promise that the show will eclipse the former effort. They intend visiting Nanaimo and Vancouver, where they already have secured guarantees. In a word, don't make any engagement for the 8th and 9th, if you want to have all the fun.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.
The jury yesterday afternoon returned a verdict in favor of the defendant in *Trumbert v. Frohbart*. This means that Mrs. Trumbert keeps the property in question. E. V. Redwell for plaintiff and W. J. Taylor for defendant.
In *Levy v. Levy* an order was made this morning that the suit for judicial separation be tried by a jury.
Argument is being continued to-day before the Full Court in *Cravston v. Hild*.
At the Benchers' meeting last night it was decided to take no further action in the Blake matter until the next regular meeting, which takes place in July.

"Odorona" imparts beauty to the teeth, fragrance to the breath and health to the gums.

Corona Photos

At \$3.00 per Dozen

Is something new, so do not miss the chance, as it is only for a short time.

SKYNE LOWE, 68 Government Street.

DAY'S SHIPPING NEWS

A Sealing Schooner Built at Ballard to be Added to the Victoria Fleet.

Steamer Mischief Reports the Coast Catches—Empress of Japan Sails for Orient.

Captain Balcom, the well known sealer, yesterday launched a new schooner which was built for him at Ballard, Wash. She will receive her masts and sails there, after which she will be brought here and fitted out for Behring Sea. Those who have seen the new schooner say that from her appearance, she is likely to prove the clipper of the Victoria fleet. In this connection many gentlemen prominent in marine circles would like to see the committee having charge of the Queen's birthday celebration, offer some inducement to sealing schooners to enter their schooner in a race. Captain Balcom has already expressed himself as willing to enter his new schooner, and it is well known that many captains, now on the West Coast but who will be back here shortly after May 1, are anxious to enter their vessels in an ocean race. Such a race should prove very attractive, as each of the schooners entering could take a number of passengers on board who would in this manner have a delightful outing.

Last evening the steamer Mischief, Capt. Foot, returned from West Coast points bringing reports of the catches of a number of sealing vessels. The majority of these were learned from the South End, which was in Krynokut on the 15th with only six skins. In addition to the Favorite, already reported by the Mischief, Capt. Foot's report credits the San Jose with 130 skins, Penelope 140, Nancy Lass 119 and Amateur 75. The Mischief reports the colonists at Quatsino busy clearing their land. The new wharf at that harbor has just been completed. It has a depth of ten feet of water at low tide. The wharf at San Juan is in need of repair. Mr. Baird, of San Juan, shipped a large number of cedar bolts of excellent quality by the Mischief to Victoria. Capt. Fulton, of the Osprey, who was down arranging for an Indian crew, was one of her passengers.

The deputy minister of marine and fisheries has recently issued the following notice to mariners: "From and after June 1st next the fog horn machinery at Active Pass light station, on Georgia Point, Mayne Island, will be changed so that the horn will discharge five blasts of 8 seconds' duration, with intervals of 52 seconds between them, that is, one blast per minute. A wooden pile beacon, surmounted by a red ball made of lattice work, and showing 12 feet above high water, has been established at the extreme northern edge of Spanish Bank, at the entrance to Burrard Inlet, north latitude 49 degrees 17 minutes and 6 seconds, west longitude 123 degrees 14 minutes and 25 seconds.

The Empress of Japan left for Yokohama last evening. She received from the steamer Maude, which went out to meet her the Victoria mails and about 20 Chinamen. Her saloon passenger list is as follows: Kenze Iwahara, T. Matsumoto, S. Kihamura, T. M. Barnard, L. Lombard, A. H. Groom, M. Abraham, H. Schlee and wife, M. DeCamp, A. H. Croon Warren, B. Smith, Mrs. Dunbar, Mrs. H. C. Martin, J. Gittins, Mr. Greig, J. B. Rentlers, Surgeon Lieut.-Col. J. J. H. Ewart, the Alford party, H. J. Hart and wife, W. W. Greig, S. Scarisbarich and wife, Miss Manning.

The survey of the British ship Kilbrannan has been completed, specifications for the necessary repairs have been prepared and tenders called for. All tenders are to be handed in by 4 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. Besides several local firms, one or more Vancouver firms will endeavor to secure the contract.

The C. P. N. Co.'s steamer Maude, Capt. Roberts, will leave for Nootha and West Coast points this evening, loaded with cannery supplies and miscellaneous merchandise. Among her passengers are J. C. Anderson, Thos. Hooper, R. V. Winch and Mr. Johnson.

The Pheasant went over to Seattle this morning to take part in the ceremonies in connection with the opening of the new dry dock at Port Orchard.

Having waited at Vancouver for the Sinbad theatrical company, the Princess Louise did not arrive till nine o'clock this morning.

Hong Kong, April 21.—The Empress of India arrived at Hong Kong at 8:30 a.m. to-day.

This morning, the steamer Rainbow left on her regular weekly trip to Sooke.

No small objection which young folks had to the old-time spring medicines was their nauseousness. In our day this objection is removed and Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the most powerful and popular of blood purifiers, is as pleasant to the palate as a cordial.

See the "Perfect" bicycle before you place your order. Shore's Hardware Store.

THE BEST MOUTH TONIC IN THE WORLD.
Odorona
THE PERFECT TOOTH POWDER
IT LEAVES THE MOUTH FRESH AND PLEASANT.
HENRY SHOLT & SONS,
215-1st 72 Douglas street.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE RIFLE.

SPOON COMPETITION.
The result of the Fifth Regiment spoon competition held at Clover Point follows:

First Class—Corporal MacDougall, 67 out of a possible 105; Corporal Hunter, 61; Major Williams, 57; Gr. Bailey, 50; Gr. Gordon, 78; Gr. W. Duncun, 69; Hon. Lettice, 66; Gr. E. Beam, 44; Gr. Kipling, 44.

Second Class—Gr. Schofield, 73; Corp. McLean, 62; Hon. Ross, 61; Gr. Bunting, 58; Gr. Gault, 54; Gr. Dickinson, 54; Gr. McTavish, 59; Gr. B. Trimmer, 47; Gr. Jones, 46; Gr. Futeber, 40; Gr. Jones, 38; Corp. Roberts, 33; Lt. Jamison, 29; Corp. Patton, 27; Gr. Gore, 29.

Third Class—Gr. Gaudin, 39; Gr. Sealey, 37; Gr. B. Trimmer, 36; Gr. W. Duncun, 35; L. J. Hamilton, 34; Gr. Corwell, 23; Gr. Rosecamp, 23; Gr. F. L. Hamilton, 19; Gr. D. Tuck, 11.

BASEBALL.

LEAGUE BUSINESS.

A meeting of the officers of the new Pacific baseball league is being held at the Driard hotel this afternoon, arrangements necessary for the opening of the season at Portland on May 1, being discussed. Those present are: M. J. Roche, Portland, president of the league; R. J. Gleaselin, manager of the league; R. J. Lendley, manager of the Tacoma team; and S. D. Schultz, representing the home team. The visitors arrived by the Rosalie this morning and they expect to have all business completed in time to return by the Kingston leaving this evening.

LACROSSE.

REFERRED BACK.

At a general meeting of the Capital Lacrosse club held last evening the resolution passed by the executive was referred back to that body for reconsideration. Messrs. Blackwood and J. G. Brown were elected representatives of the Victoria club to the new provincial association. It was suggested that members of the association be not chosen from among active players of the club, a suggestion which will be communicated to Vancouver. The schedule for the season as passed at Vancouver was adopted.

THIERING.

O'DONNELL AND SLAVIN.

London, April 21.—The Bellinghoke club offers a purse of £350 for a fight between O'Donnell and Slavin.

FEMALES IN POLITICS.

Women, and especially unmarried women, are, on the whole, more impulsive and emotional than men; more easily induced to gratify an undisciplined and misplaced compassion, to the neglect of the larger and more permanent interests of society; more apt to dwell upon the proximate than the more distant results; more subject to fanaticism, which often requires almost the intensity of monomania. A due sense of the proportion of things; an adequate subordination of impulse to reason; a habitual regard to the ultimate and distant consequences of political measures; a sound, sober and unprejudiced judgment; are elements which already are lamentably wanting in political life, and female influence would certainly not tend to increase them.—W. E. H. Lecky.

PERSONAL.

F. MacLeod, Roseland, is at the Driard. W. G. Mackenzie and wife returned from the Sound by the Rosalie this morning. Mr. J. Gleaselin and M. J. Roche, Portland, and R. H. Lendley, Seattle, are registered at the Driard. E. V. Winch, Vancouver, and Thos. Hooper, leave by the Maude this evening for their cannery at Nootha Sound. W. R. Goodwin, Seattle, R. P. Edgar, Los Angeles, and Chas. J. Strobee, Tacoma, are among the recent arrivals at the Driard.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—W. B. Goodwin, McCulloch, W. G. Mackenzie, Mrs. Mackenzie, C. J. Stroebel, M. J. Hoach, Capt. Lloyd, Miss Grant, F. M. MacLeod, A. Eckert, J. P. Holland, R. H. Willett, Wm. Anderson, R. H. Leadly, R. J. Gleaselin, L. Dene.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—R. C. Beattie, Oudens & P. T. Johnston, B. & K. Mill Co. Jay & Co., Wollaston, J. Barnet, M. W. Wain & Co., Weller Bros., J. Jenkins, G. Marsden.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 35 and 75 cent bottles for sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

\$7.00 Sack Suits.

A small price but a big value. You'll wonder how such suits can be made for the money. The cloth alone looks to be worth it. Scotch mixtures, guaranteed to be every thread wool, lined with good strong material, trimmed artistically, sizes 36 to 42. Good, honest business suits that will give three times their price in actual wear. Money back if you want it.

CAMERON, THE CASH CLOTHIER,
55 JOHNSON STREET.

Stout Men
At one time were compelled to get their Clothing made to order. Not so now. We have in stock a fine selection of Tailor-made Suits, specially got up for big men; prices from \$8 to \$18. Give us a trial.
Gilmore & McCandless,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

Another Big Cut
In the ridiculously low prices in Stoves in the bankrupt stock of Perry & Turner. We want to dispose of these Stoves and have carved the prices down to suit all purses. Parlor Stoves, Hall Stoves, Cooking Ranges—all kinds, sizes, and prices, but all prices at the lowest notch. Only by examination can you realize what bargains we are offering.
J. L. Beckwith & Co.

NOLTE'S PATENT
Classes Accurately Adjusted
F. W. Nolte & Co
The Only Opticians
37 Fort Street.

The Ladies of Victoria, who are Housekeepers want
PURE PRESERVES
And not cheap Jams, and should
Try **OKELL & MORRIS'**
They are the Purest and Best, and are
Perfection in Preserves. Sold by every Grocer in the city.

DENTISTRY
AT...
One-Half the Usual Prices
For one month longer DR. MOODY will continue to give his services at the prices as advertised last month.
This is owing to the very great demand that has been made upon his time—many patients having had to be turned away; so until the 1st of May these prices will hold good.
Valuable base plates, perfect adaptation to the mouth.
Full Set of Teeth, \$10.00.
Very Best Set of Teeth..... \$10.00
Plated Teeth..... 5.00
Gold Filling..... 3.00
Amalgam Filling..... 1.00
Cement Filling..... 1.00
Extracting Teeth..... 50
Children's Teeth..... 25
Cleaning Teeth..... 1.00
The very best workmanship and material guaranteed.
REMEMBER, the best workmanship and the latest appliances and methods used in my office.
By aid of Electric Reflector work can be done just as well in the evenings.
Dr. H. P. MOODY,
Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College and Hospital of Oral Surgery.
NOTE THE ADDRESS—Moody Block, Cor. Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria B. C.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

SOAP! SOAP!
Whose shall we use? Why
Pendray's Electric Soap
It is the Best and Cheapest and keeps the money in the province by employing our men and boys.
SOAP! SOAP!

DR. HANINGTON
Having returned from Europe, may be consulted at his office, corner of Kane and Blanchard streets. Hours 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 8 p.m. to 9 p.m.

Ladies Bonnets,
Who are in quest of the most becoming and latest styles in millinery should not fail to call and inspect the specialties in
Bonnets,
Hats and Toques we are showing for Easter. A consignment of the latest novelties just to hand awaits your inspection. Don't forget the address, 80 Government Street, Opposite T. N. Hibben's Bookstore.
BON TON
Millinery House,
Mrs. E. H. Small.

FLIES.
Finest English and Scotch Varieties From 50c to \$9 a dozen. Largest and most complete assortment in British Columbia. All classes of Fishing Tackle. Complete stock of Cricket and Lawn Tennis goods.
HENRY SHOLT & SONS,
215-1st 72 Douglas street.

A SLIDE FOR LIFE.

Some curious customs are to be found among the inhabitants of the northwest provinces of India. The following, for instance, is related of a ceremony performed by badis, or rope dancers, to bring prosperity to the villages to which they belong.

A rope is stretched from the summit of a cliff to the valley beneath, the ends being made fast to stakes driven into the ground. The badis, seated astride on a wooden saddle, well greased to make it run freely, rides from the top to the bottom of the rope. The pace, of course, varies according to the degree of inclination given to the rope, but, as may be expected, it is always very rapid and sometimes terrific.

Precautions are taken to prevent accidents. The saddle is fastened, for instance, so that it cannot slip around the rope, and the badis' feet are ballasted by sandbags to maintain his perpendicular; and the only danger is from a possible breaking of the rope. This is usually made of bhabar grass, and naturally the badis takes great care to see that it is equal to the strain.

The remuneration paid to the badis for this novel form of Blondinism is one rupee for every one hundred cubits of rope traversed, and the longest journey of the kind on record is one for which 21 rupees were paid, and which accordingly measured 2100 cubits.

The practice is not so dangerous nowadays as it was in the time of native rule, when to the risk of a fall was added the certainty that such a mishap would entail death, because it was a custom whenever a badi fell, for the surrounding spectators to promptly dispatch him with swords. That part of the excitement has been eliminated, and it is on record that no fatal accident has resulted from the performance since 1815, though it is probably still celebrated at upwards of 50 Indian villages every year.

The rope or bast used for the ceremony is supposed to be endowed with remarkable properties by the successful accomplishment of the feat, and it is cut up and distributed among the people of the village, who hang the pieces to the eaves of their houses in order that they may serve as charms.

The badis' hair is believed to have preserved, as he himself is supported by contributions of grain from the villagers in addition to the monetary reward for his feat, and theory being that his share in propitiating the gods to secure fertility to the lands of others makes his own land unlucky, and that any seed he might sow would be certain not to germinate.

FIRST GREAT REQUISITE!

Pure Blood and Strong Nerves.

Paine's Celery Compound Gives These Blessings to Every Sufferer.

The Only Medicine That Thoroughly Banishes Disease.

An Ontario Lady's Experience.

The first great requisite for a condition of perfect health for every man, woman and child at this season, is pure blood and strong, healthy nerves. They give us the health, strength, vim and activity that we are so eager to possess, so that we may be fortified to meet the enervating weather of our hot summers.

Three-fourths of our people rush into the portals of summer with systems charged with deadly impurities and poison. The blood is foul and stagnant; the liver and kidney work imperfectly, and are very often diseased. With many rheumatism, dyspepsia and indigestion are daily tormentors. Constipation, headache, dull head and heavy brains, weak and tired feelings, and sleeplessness, make life a misery, for thousands.

Life is not safe when such symptoms and diseases are permitted to run unchecked. If you, reader, happen to be one of the many suffering from any of the forms of disease just referred to, do not fail to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial at once. It is your only safer—your only true and certain deliverer from perils that end in death.

Paine's Celery Compound is an absolute and certain specific for the troubles that threaten your life; it has cured thousands, and will do the same good work for you. One bottle will cost you less than a visit to a physician, and will convince you of its power to cure.

Mrs. C. Ferguson, of Redickville, Ontario, says: "For eight years I was sorely troubled with neuralgia, nervous debility and indigestion, for which I tried various advertised medicines, and was treated by five doctors. I did not receive any good results from any source until I was recommended to use Paine's Celery Compound. Before I had used one bottle of the Compound I found myself very much better. After using four bottles, I am now almost as well as ever before in my life. I sleep well, appetite is good, and I feel renewed and strengthened."

—People of good taste use Odorama for their teeth—Do you? —O'Neil & Morris' daisy and green gage preserves are a luxury. Try them.



LIKE A SCENE IN "CARMEN."

An English lady in Seville writes: "We have been wondering every moment what might happen next, for the strike of the cigars has been a great excitement. At the tobacco factory here there are 5200 women and about 100 men. The women one morning rose up against the authorities and smashed windows, doors and everything they could lay their hands on, and then marched into the Plaza San Fernando. One woman climbed up on a block just opposite our windows and started to the crowd. The women shouted and screamed and applauded, until the soldiers and town guards had to be called out. For ten days the shops have been mostly shut, the women walking about in groups, interviewing people and haranguing, always accompanied by the guards and the soldiers. It has been an exciting time.

"The orders were to prevent the cigar men from mixing with the women, as the soldiers were warranted to keep the women pretty calm; but if the men had interposed blood would have been shed. The patience and arrangements of the civil people have really been marvellous; but one got very tired of it, and one is thankful that the struggle is over. The women made a dash to get at the inspector and overtook, swearing to tear them to pieces; and they would have done, for you have no idea what savage figures they look—it made me think of Marie Antoinette's visitors. At last they have been reduced to entreating to have the factory opened again, and the strike is over. Nineteen ringleaders have been dismissed, and the inspector stays on; but several concessions have been made to the women. The town is fiercely on their side.

"One day I was sitting in the public gardens when I found myself suddenly surrounded by the strikers. It was a trifling alarm. But I kept up a courageous smile and distributed a couple of coppers as far as they would go. They were quite delighted, and instead of scowling at me, one beautiful girl was desired to dance in my honor, which she did, the rest clapping hands. I had heard so much of the beauty of the cigars, and I expected more. But the scene in the garden had entirely changed the palm trees and the blue sky, and the surging mass of wild-looking women in sandy scarfs, with red flowers pinned to their black dresses. They made a good show; however ugly or old they were, the hair was always carefully dressed and covered pinned on."—Fall Mall Gazette.

THE "SILENT" DEATHS OF THE SEA.

The fate of the Romsigate smack "Bonny John" is that which befalls many a vessel of fishing boats and coasters every year. The story of all might be told in the same words—"they were run down in the Channel, and sunk during the night, by a steamer, name unknown." In this case the crew were brought in by a smack that was at work near them at the time; but in some cases out of ten the short tale is never told since none survive to tell it. The steamer which, from the gross carelessness of the lookout and of the officer on the bridge, ploughs her way through a homeless small craft, simply goes without inquiry, and usually without the slightest notice of the event appearing in her log book. It is a conspiracy of silence. The watch in the bows are asleep, and the rest of the crew will sleep. The officer might have been doing, or he might have been having a quiet chat in the warmth of the cabin; inquiry would have elicited suspension or loss of his certificate; therefore the steamer goes on, leaving the practically murdered sailors to their fate. The smack or the coaster is never heard of again; the relatives and friends at home think that she has been in some sudden gale; but a lay in small craft know well enough that she has been one more victim of the danger far more feared than tempest—the passage of one of the steamers heedless among them by the significant title of "silent deaths." So it will go on; so fishing and coasting craft will disappear every week, until a lay is passed making mauler at sea a crime equal to murder on land, and until a few careless or drunken masters and crews have been executed for the crime. When they once discover that it is at least better to stop and give aid than to let a vessel sink, they will adopt the former alternative, and may even take the trouble to see that a vigilant watch is kept.—London Standard.

Ninety Per Cent. Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla at this season to prevent that run down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The money invested in half a dozen bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will come back with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerves.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. Cure all liver ills. 25c. —Everybody wants a wheel; everybody wants the best for the money; everybody ought to know the merits of the "Ideal." Call at Weller Bros.

M. Marben, late chef and proprietor of the Poodle Dog restaurant in this city, has been secured as chef at the St. Alice, Harrison Hot Springs.

—We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Boys, read the ad. of Gilmore & McCandless.

A SIGNIFICANT EPISODE.

While the Cuban resolution was pending in the conference committee the house of representatives was debating and passing the naval appropriation bill, and the Indiana was at Port Royal, in a pocket, unable to get into the dry dock whether Secretary Heriot had sent her, or to get out of the harbor—a fact that would have been disastrous if Senator Morgan's desire to make war on Spain had been realized. Altogether the proceedings in congress and the condition of things at Port Royal were striking coincidences, tending to throw light on the sincerity of the law-making Jingoos who are spouting for a fight.

Congress is willing to spend millions of dollars for new battle ships, and to invite war with any European power that may be willing to engage with us in the game of slaughter, but it is not willing, and it has not been willing to spend money for the maintenance of the new ships unless such expenditure will carry a district for "the party." With a glow of pride Mr. Boutelle described our new battle ships—the Indiana, in commission, the Massachusetts, nearly ready, the Iowa, just launched, and the Oregon. We have also authorized, by a former act, the Keeseau, and the Kootenay. And before finishing the consideration of the navy bill, the house authorized the construction of four more battle ships and fifteen torpedo boats, to cost nearly \$27,000,000. And all this while the Indiana, the only fully equipped battleship we have, was at Port Royal Harbor, unable to get into the dock to be cleaned, or to go to sea, because, forsooth, the wind had blown the water out of the harbor. It is true that she did get into the dock later, but it is nevertheless the fact that congress has placed the only large dock to hold our new battleships at a harbor of such a character that large vessels can only enter it under what may be called fortuitous circumstances, while if they strike the hard bottom in their progress to the dock will probably go to pieces.—Harper's Weekly.

THE STUNDISTS.

Characteristics of the Sect So Persecuted in Russia. Name of the churches, sects, and sects now persecuted by the Orthodox Church of Russia through the political authorities enjoy the sympathies of Christian hearts everywhere, and the fact that they are persecuted has been the subject of numerous articles in the press, and the names of the sects are well known to all who are interested in the progress of the world. The sects are not skilled theologians, and as a consequence indulge in some religious peculiarities. They are not, however, as a rule, bigoted, and they are not without some good qualities. They are also not satisfied with the existing authorities with the basis for considering their opinions, and they are not without some good qualities. They are also not satisfied with the existing authorities with the basis for considering their opinions, and they are not without some good qualities.

The public services of the Stundists are ever the same. They have no regular churches, but worship in some hall or generally in the largest room of some private house. At one end there is a table and a chair for the elder. When the members enter they salute each other with the kiss of fraternal love. Women and men sit apart. Then a hymn is sung, and it is claimed by those who have attended that the singing of the Stundists is especially good. Some of the hymns have been translated into English, and the singing of the elder reads a chapter out of the Bible, the psalm, and each one present is privileged to sing a verse. The hymns are in compliance with St. Paul's injunction, are required to be silent auditors. They are, however, allowed to sing a hymn which is always done in a kneeling posture. The hymns are closed with the Lord's prayer, which is the standard of the Stundists. The parents of the bride and groom present the couple to the elder. The bride is first asked to give her consent to enter the estate of holy matrimony with the groom, and if she gives her consent, she is asked to give her consent to the groom, and if she gives her consent, she is asked to give her consent to the groom, and if she gives her consent, she is asked to give her consent to the groom.

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weeds and Pills. Backache Pasters. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

CLAIMS TO ESTATES.

A Mania That is Very Serious on This Continent. We infer from reports which have recently come to our notice, that before the end of the century the most valuable parts of all the large cities on the Atlantic seaboard will be claimed by impatient and indignant "heirs" residing in the interior or on the Pacific coast. Now claims are brought out every week, and since the beginning of the year, thousands of people reading in the interior states have been holding conventions, and measures have been taken to erect their property claims to the satisfaction of the courts. A very large number of persons, scattered throughout the interior, are now holding property claims to the satisfaction of the courts. A very large number of persons, scattered throughout the interior, are now holding property claims to the satisfaction of the courts.

The demand of the almost countless heirs of the lands of the interior, which are now being discovered by the lawyers who are engaged in working up the case. There is a great deal of money to be made out of this, and it is not surprising that many of the heirs are willing to sell their claims for a small sum of money. The heirs are now being discovered by the lawyers who are engaged in working up the case. There is a great deal of money to be made out of this, and it is not surprising that many of the heirs are willing to sell their claims for a small sum of money.

TRANSPORTATION.

Liverpool to Victoria. The magnificent British ship "Manx King" 1700 tons register, classed 100 A1 Lloyd's. KARRAN, MASTER. Will begin loading in Liverpool about 1st May for this port, and having the greater portion of her cargo engaged will have quick despatch.

TRANSPORTATION.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry. NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY. ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C. The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Falls.

THROUGH TRAINS SEM-WEEKLY. Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marston.

T. A. M. Lv. Spokane, Jan. 25, 5:30 P.M. Connecting January 26th. Weekdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake ports, arriving at Kaslo at 9:30 p.m., same days. Returning passengers will leave like points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

No Trouble

To furnish information about Splendid Service offered via "The Northwestern Line" from Minneapolis and Chicago—it's a pleasure. If you contemplate a trip East, please drop a line to T. W. Tensdale, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and receive illustrated folder, free, with detailed information about the three superb trains leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis every day in the week, together with any special information you may desire. Your home agent will sell you tickets via this first class line and reserve you sleeping car berths in advance, on application.

F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

TRANSPORTATION. ATLANTIC Steamship Agency THROUGH TICKETS TO AND FROM ALL EUROPEAN PORTS. At Lowest Rates. Saloon fares from \$40 to \$90, according to location of berth. Second cabin \$30 to \$40. Steerage, \$24.50. SPECIAL RATE. Parties sending for their friends in Europe will receive the benefit of a great reduction by purchasing their tickets here. For location of berths, sailing lists, etc., apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria, Cor. Fort and Government streets.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. Is the only direct line to the Cariboo and Kootenay Gold Fields. Passengers should leave Victoria for Kootenay points on Friday, Sunday and Tuesday nights, making direct connections for Nakusp, Thos Forks, Sandon, Nelson, Robson, and all Kootenay points.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED.) TIME TABLE NO. 27, Taking effect June 21st, 1896. VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY. TIME TABLE NO. 26. To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Saturday March 21st, 1896. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

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TRANSPORTATION. Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line FOR HONOLULU, CHINA and JAPAN. S. S. CHITTANGONG, 2,900 tons, due 25 April. ALTHORPE, 3,500 tons, due 20th May. PUCET SOUND & CENTRAL AMERICA S.S. CO. S. S. TRANSIT—Sailing monthly for Central American ports.

F. C. DAVIDGE & COY. Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents. IMPORTERS OF Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise. Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

Victoria & Sidney R. Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows: Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m. SATURDAYS and SUNDAYS. Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 2 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

The Oceanic Steamship Company. Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company wharf, foot of Polson St., San Francisco for HONOLULU ONLY S. S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday April 28th, 1896, at 10 a.m.

SS. "ROSALIE" Leaves Victoria Daily at 9 a.m. except Sunday. Arriving at Victoria Daily except Sunday at 7 a.m. Leaves Seattle at 11:30 p.m. Daily except Saturdays. For tickets and information call on J. K. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government Street.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R. The only line running 2-DAILY TRAINS TO Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Fargo, Crookston, Helena, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.

THROUGH TICKETS To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South Also to China and Japan. Northern Pacific S.S. Co.

THROUGH TICKETS The only all rail route to Nelson, B. C. and Kootenay Gold Fields.

THROUGH TICKETS For full information, time cards, etc., call on or address E. B. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C. Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison Street, Portland, Ore.

THROUGH TICKETS For freight or waterfreights apply on board, or at the company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

PACIFIC COAST S.S. COY Dispatch a Steamer Every 5 days for San Francisco Carrying Her Majesty's Mails FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M. UMATILLA APRIL 22

FOR ALASKA. ALKI APRIL 28 CITY OF TOPLKA MAY 2 and 17 B. F. RITHEE & CO., Agents.

"City of Kingston" Speed, 15 knots. Tonnage, 1147. 8:30 pm Lv. Victoria, 11th Apr. 4:30 pm Lv. Seattle, 18th Apr. 11:30 am Lv. Portland, 25th Apr. 7:30 am Lv. Seattle, 28th Apr. 11:30 am Lv. Portland, 5th May. 7:30 am Lv. Seattle, 12th May. 11:30 am Lv. Portland, 19th May.

Best City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific to and from points east and south. Daily except Monday. E. B. BLACKWOOD, Asst. Victoria, B. C.

Chase & Sanborn's



Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the leading fine coffee of the world.

The only coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON, MONTREAL, CHICAGO

British Columbia.

GALIANO ISLAND

Plumper Pass, April 20.—The mortal remains of Henry Clapham, Galliano's pioneer settler, were laid in their respective place on Wednesday last, in the private burial ground belonging to Mr. Henry Georgeon, Mr. Mackay, Presbyterian, in charge of Pender Island mission, read the burial service. A large crowd had gathered at the grave to witness the last Christian rite. Mr. Clapham was a native of St. Neots, Hunts, England, and was born October 1831, and had resided among the islands for about 23 years. In his early days he had seen life with both the imperial army and navy. He leaves to will, so that it is to be hoped his small property will benefit some of his poor relations.

Some anxiety is felt as to the fate of William Truceworthy, who left Plumper Pass in a small skiff about three weeks ago for Orcas Island, where he was due on April 1st. Apparently he was not turned up at his destination, as letters have arrived for him from there, bearing the date stamp of April 7th.

Rev. Canon Padon preached in the Marine Island school house on Sunday, 9th. There was an unusually large congregation, Marine Island, Saturna, Galliano, Pender, and Salt Spring Islands being fully represented.

Prisoners were "en evidence" on the 9th, in commemoration of the late Lord Beaconsfield. This, besides being a tribute of respect to the dead, is a high mark of patriotism, and yet the people of the Old Country consider the spirit of young Canadians unpatriotic, having heard certain misguided individuals denouncing their mother-land as fossilized and played out.

The Point Comfort hotel is to be opened on May 1st by Mr. Thos. Bennett. Preparations are being busily pushed forward. Intending visitors to Plumper Pass this coming summer will find in this hotel every convenience and comfort and in the proprietor, who has resided in the neighborhood for many years, an energetic and obliging host, attached to the hotel are spacious rooms in which all kinds of pastimes can be enjoyed. It is a charming neighborhood for a health resort and Mr. Bennett is wished every success with his new venture.

REVELSTOCK.

Kootenay Mills.

Transfers are recorded upon the No. Donald and Walter Scott mineral claims, Illecillewaet. Twenty men are at work on the Lanark, Maple Leaf and carbella tunnels.

Horne's boats were successfully launched Monday last and hauled above the bridge. They are being loaded up this week with the hydraulic machinery and will start on their trip to Big Bend on Monday next. The round trip will take 11 days to accomplish and requires 30 men.

Henry Howard and partners, who have been building flumes on their property, the Big Hole, on Gold Stream, report that on a three days' run they hauled \$1000. They have now two big flumes and 345 feet of fluming on their ground, and will probably make a good haul on this year as their ground is all on bed-rock.

To the Columbia Hydraulic Mining Co., organized in Illinois, with a capital of \$100,000 in 10,000 shares of \$10 each, is due the credit of the first attempt to try hydraulic mining in the Big Bend. The company has two mines covering 250 acres of ground, in a angle between Smith Creek and the Columbia river on the north side of the Big Bend. This ground consists of level banks, about 40 feet high where the workings are at present and rising 80 feet behind. There are some 5000 cubic feet of ground, but of such size that 75 per cent. will pass through the pieces. For the purpose of working this ground this year, water, under a total head of 185 feet, or allowing for friction, 150 feet, will be drawn from Smith Creek, from which the company has a water right of 3000 inches. The water, as it is, will have cost about \$5000. It is a large enterprise, the success of which is expected to find the golden gravel of the Big Bend.

HE WANTS OTHERS TO KNOW.

Dear Editor: Please state in your valuable journal, at if any sufferer from Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Lack of Energy and Ambition, Lost Manhood, light Losses, etc., will write me in confidence, I will inform him by sealed letter, free of charge how to obtain a perfect cure. I ask for no money, having nothing to sell. I know how to sympathize with those sufferers and am anxious to be able to assist them. I advise everyone absolute secrecy and do not, of course, wish to expose myself either. I do not give my name, you desire to get well, send stamp address simply: P. O. Box 388, Seattle, Wash. D.C.

A GENEROUS OFFER

Toronto Women Want to Send Out Wives for Western Bachelors.

Report of the Water Works Enquiry Committee Disposed of Last Evening.

The board of aldermen at their regular meeting last evening disposed of the water works enquiry committee reports and other business. The estimates were taken up, but nothing was done with them, the council being unable to decide, off-hand, on the rates to be levied.

Mrs. Johnson, of Cedar Hill, drew the attention of the council to the fact that a public hack had been used to take a patient to the infectious disease hospital. Referred to the medical health officer for report.

Chief Justice Davis expressed his appreciation of the motion of commendation passed by the council. Received and filed.

The post office employees asked whether the council intended to force the payment of the \$3 revenue tax by Dominion government employees, and if it was the intention, they wished to draw attention to the decision of Mr. Justice Drake in the case of Collector Boveell vs. the City of Vancouver. Referred to the city barristers.

The following letter was the next item of business:

Toronto, April 6, 1896.

To the Mayor of Victoria, B. C.

Dear Sir,—It having been represented by articles in the Nor-Western and Mail-King that there is a great scarcity of women in the Northwest, and there being a great excess and overcrowding of women in Toronto and other eastern cities of the Dominion, making it difficult for women of all classes to obtain lucrative employment, a number of philanthropic and charitable disposed persons in Toronto have been prompted to form an association for the promotion of emigration to that country. Having been appointed chairman of a committee of inquiry to obtain information on the subject and to report at a subsequent meeting, I write you direct to ask you to furnish me with any information on the subject, and to say whether you body would be disposed to take an interest in the work. We should like to see a home and distributing committee established there, the work of which would be the receiving of applications from persons requiring female help, and the care and distribution of those who may emigrate. I should also like to ascertain if the provincial government would give any assistance in the carrying on of the work, as that is a part and parcel of their immigration department's duty. The land commissioner of the C. P. R. is credited with having stated that the greatest need of the Northwest is women, for want of whom all domestic relations in life the progress of the country is very much retarded, and many bachelor farmers are giving up and discouragement and quitting the country. Statistics show that in 1881 there was a deficiency of over 20,000 women; that in 1890 it is supposed to have increased from 40,000 to 20,000.

It is proposed to encourage only healthy women, who can furnish certificates of respectability and good moral character, in emigrate, and if there can be any guarantee that such persons will be kindly received and well treated when they get there, we can send you a large number of very excellent people during the coming spring.

This would only be turning the tide of emigration away from the U. S., where thousands go every year, to our own Northwest, and it is thought to be a worthy and patriotic movement in which to engage. The C. P. R. have offered to give every assistance in their power to promote the enterprise. As a public meeting will soon be held, at which I have to report, may I ask an early reply to this communication and oblige, yours respectfully,

W. J. BESSEY, M. D.

On motion of Ald. Macmillan, seconded by Ald. Williams, the letter was referred to the local Council of Women.

George Adams, of New Westminster, offered to sell the city a beaver for the park manager. Referred to the park committee.

In regard to the \$5 ordered by the school trustees to be paid Messrs. Shedd and Goyard, the auditor reported that he had ascertained that it was for verifying a statement of the chairman of the board of school trustees, used by him in his controversy with Principal McNeill.

Ald. Macmillan moved, seconded by Ald. Marchant that the school board be informed that James L. Raymer is the duly authorized auditor of the board of school trustees and in view of this the expenditure in question is unnecessary.

Ald. Partridge did not think that the council had the right to interfere with the accounts of the trustees.

Ald. Macmillan contended that if it had been necessary to audit the statement the auditor could have done it. He had proved himself competent to audit the city and school accounts and he could have done this. The money was placed in the hands of the school trustees to spend on education and not in the way that it was spent.

Ald. Marchant thought probably the trustees had overlooked the fact that there was a city auditor.

Ald. Cameron and Humphreys while believing the vote was a little irregular did not think the council could interfere.

Mayor Beaven gave as his opinion that the school board could spend their money as they pleased.

Ald. Macmillan—Do you think it was wise to spend it in this way?

Mayor Beaven—Oh, that is another question.

The motion was amended to lead with the future, and expressing the opinion that in future such expenditures would be unnecessary.

Ald. Humphreys thought probably the auditor would object to the item which he had the school board accounts under consideration.

The motion was declared defeated, Mayor Beaven voting to kill it.

The police commissioners reported that it was absolutely necessary to have 20 constables, two sergeants and a chief for the police force. Received and filed.

Powers for police clothing were referred to the purchasing agent and Ald. Humphreys, Cameron and Glover.

The street committee recommended that street vendors be called for street cleaning on account of the death of the late contractor, and that Messrs. Wilkely, King and Caser be notified to return the rock crusher in as good condition as when they took it, the city to pay a fair price for the new dies. Received and adopted.

The same committee reported on a

number of matters referred to them including the fact that there was not sufficient funds to grade Belmont avenue and recommended the purchase of a new street sprinkler, that concrete gutters be laid on Government street from Yates to Fort and on View street between Douglas and Broad. Received and adopted.

The street committee reported that six tenders had been received for lumber and that Mr. D. P. Adams tender was the lowest, viz. \$6.75 per thousand for rough lumber and \$8.50 for dressed lumber and recommended that Mr. Adams be awarded the contract. Adopted.

Ald. Cameron introduced a by-law to amend the market by-law.

The council took up the reports of the special committee on the complaints of the workmen at Beaver Lake and the letter of G. E. Jorgensen.

On the question of adopting the report signed by Ald. Macmillan and Humphreys, Ald. Cameron said he did not sign it because he thought it went too far. The man undoubtedly had cause of complaint as to their board, but that the contractors were not present was an omission. While other witnesses were directly summoned, the contractors were not. It was hard to establish a going rate of wages, considering the fact that men employed there could not get any other work. While believing the board was not good he thought it would have been better to remedy it last year.

Ald. Macmillan contended that the committee did not go beyond the powers conferred upon it by the council. Ald. Cameron would not sign the report nor would he suggest any amendments to it. Before the committee met he suggested a plan of action with which Ald. Cameron agreed. It came out that carpenters were paid the same as laborers, while the contracts stipulated that there should be a difference. Mr. Jorgensen had, by writing to the council regarding strikes, admitted that he had something to do with the workmen. Mr. Bodwell, in a letter written to the council at the time of the discharge of Mr. Jorgensen, said that the engineer was the sole arbitrator and judge between the contractors and the council. Mr. Jorgensen had always been looked upon as the interpreter of the contractors.

Ald. Partridge would oppose the adoption of the report for the simple reason that the accused parties were not heard. The chairman of the committee had acted as prosecuting attorney, judge and jury. One witness, Howard Cameron, had been summoned, but his evidence had not been taken because the chairman did not want it.

Ald. Macmillan—That is not true.

Ald. Humphreys contended that the report had been fairly questioned. Howard Cameron had asked witnesses many questions and could have testified himself. Several times the chairman asked if there were any present who wished to give evidence; it would be heard.

Ald. Macmillan gave the same explanation regarding Howard Cameron as did Ald. Humphreys.

Ald. Glover had always looked upon the investigation as nonsense. If the men were not satisfied they could quit. Contractors were not in the habit of asking their men what dish they preferred.

The report was adopted. The division being: Ayes—Ald. Macmillan, Williams, Humphreys, Cameron and Marchant. Nays—Ald. Glover, Turks and Partridge.

The report signed by all the members of the committee was adopted. The report signed only by Ald. Macmillan regarding the allegation that a log had been put in the wall, was taken up.

Ald. Humphreys contended that this point was certainly outside the instructions of the committee and should be dealt with by the council.

Ald. Marchant moved, seconded by Ald. Macmillan that the report be referred to the engineer, the latter explaining that he considered it his duty to call the attention of the council to the charge. The report was adopted.

Ald. Macmillan asked what action had been taken in view of the fact that the contract expired on March 31 and that no extension had been granted, and whether the workmen employed were residents of the city.

Mayor Beaven explained that all the employees produced certificates of residence. As to the extension he would not answer from the engineer. He believed the engineer had supplied the work which entitled them to a certain number of days extension, which he did not think had yet been exceeded.

Mr. Jorgensen's letter on the special committee reports was received and filed.

The council went into committee on the estimates first taking up the question of the rates to be levied.

Ald. Macmillan held that the water works could be made self-supporting by levying the frontage tax.

Ald. Williams moved to levy the following rates: Land, 15 mills; 7-1-2 on improvements, 2 mills for education and mill for board of health, the latter two special rates to be levied on land and improvements.

Ald. Macmillan could not support the motion until it was known whether something could not be done to relieve improvements.

At this point the council rose and reported progress, deciding to sit this evening.

The council adjourned at 10:50.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rules forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits.

—Wedding presents, wedding presents, silver plated ware, fine china, brass goods, and a host of other things to select from at Weller Bros.

—Garden tools at cut prices at Shore's Hardware store, 57 Johnson street.

LORD DUFFERIN'S TREASURES.

In addition to the Burmese and Indian curios, Lord Dufferin has a very large collection stored in Chateauboy. Of these there is quite an armory of Burmese weapons, beautifully carved bronze guns, small cannons, and curiously gilded standards with the favorite Burmese crowing cocks where Western eyes are accustomed to see the eagle. These trophies of rather barbaric splendor are, however, less interesting, to many as the jewels, indeed, Lord Dufferin is present to act as showman, when everything is invested with a fresh charm by his lordship's delightful descriptions than some of the other art treasures scattered about the home of the Dufferin family. On the great staircase, in a position where it is most attractively viewed, is a large painting by the Princess Louise, and presented to the Marchioness of Dufferin by the royal artist. The subject of the painting is a skating party in Canada, very delicately and brightly colored, and so animated in effect as to suggest a sketch taken on the spot. The one-legged effect of so many skating pictures is avoided by the introduction of children's figures in picturesque Canadian skating dress.

Lady Dufferin's boudoir is a perfect marvel of tasteful and brilliant coloring, every portion of wall and ceiling being painted in soft French shades of pink and green, blue and gold, with panels of terra cotta, all executed in accordance with the taste of Lord Dufferin, who is a great lover of colors, and seems to be just a little French in his predilections. At the head of the grand staircase is a large painting of those three beautiful Sheridan girls, that is enough to send any modern woman into fits of downright despair, so lovely are the faces of those exquisite sisters. There are no such eyes as those now-days—Irish eyes of the deepest blue with such heavy black eyelashes, and their long dark ringlets that would go far to spoil a style of good looks less perfect than theirs. There is also a very interesting portrait of the present Marchioness in the costume of white satin worn by her at the celebration of her silver wedding at Simla.—Modern Society.

DO YOU GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR?

Many Are Deceived When Buying Diamond Dyes.

Many ladies are deceived when they go to purchase Diamond Dyes. They ask for "Diamond," but many dealers, greedy for gain and extra profit, wrap up some worthless make of dye that proves ruinous to the materials that are to be dyed.

We strongly advise the ladies to beware of the merchants who are mean enough to substitute inferior goods. If your merchant sells only common and high-grade dyes, send your order direct to us and we will send the Diamond Dyes by mail to your address. The Diamond Dyes are only ten cents per package (same price as worthless dyes) and are always warranted perfect. Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal.

An Advertis.

This is to certify that on May 11th I walked to Melick's drug store on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for inflammation, which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it. Charles H. Wetzel, S. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

Sworn and subscribed to before me on August 10th, 1894.—Walter Shipman, J. P. For sale at 75 cents per bottle by all druggists, Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

"The Yellow Fellow"

Is the title bestowed on the Stearns by its admirers of its orange rims. In constructing the '96 Stearns we have striven to make the best bicycle producible, and if best materials, superior workmanship, unsurpassed facilities and honest effort count for anything, we have surely succeeded.

Our Lead-Down new catalogues, which we will mail on request, is not more attractive than the wheel itself.

AMERICAN RATTAN CO.
TORONTO, ONT.
CANADIAN BICYCLE AGENTS.

Kootenay Mines.

LATEST INFORMATION OF New Finds, Transfers, Shipments of Ore, Developments.

WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF Stock and Share Prices.

READ...

THE MINER
PUBLISHED BY NELSON.

The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of

Mr. Geo. Shedd,
Agent for Victoria and Vancouver Islands.

CARTER'S

LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE SICK HEAD

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. Whilst their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 50 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE

Tax on Dogs.

Owners of dogs are requested to take notice that the tax for the year 1896, on every dog within the city of Victoria is now due.

The provisions of the Pound by-law and the Revenue by-law, 1893, will be enforced with respect to any such tax remaining unpaid from this date.

Mr. W. P. Winsby is authorized to collect the above tax.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C.,
March 23rd, 1896.

WHY WASTE Time and Money

making experiments with other baking powders, when

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

has become a DEMONSTRATED SUCCESS.

Medal Awarded, 1895.

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WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

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Medal Awarded, 1895.

THE EYES OF THE WORLD

Are Fixed Upon South American Nervine.

Beyond Doubt the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

WHEN EVERY OTHER HELPER HAS FAILED IT CURES

A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible.



In the matter of good health temporary measures, while possibly successful for the moment, can never be lasting. Those in poor health soon know whether the remedy they are using is simply a passing incident in their experience, bracing them up for the day, or something that is getting at the seat of the disease and is surely and permanently restoring.

The eyes of the world are literally fixed on South American Nervine. They are not viewing it as a nine-days wonder, but critical and experienced men have been studying this medicine for years, with the one result—they have found that its claim of perfect curative qualities cannot be gainsaid.

The great discoverer of this medicine was possessed of the knowledge that the seat of all disease is the nerve centres, situated at the base of the brain. In this belief he had the best scientists and medical men of the world occupying exactly the same premises. Indeed the ordinary layman recognized this principle long ago. Everyone knows that let disease or injury affect this part of the human system and death is almost certain. Injure the spinal cord, which is the medium of these nerve centres, and paralysis is sure to follow. Here is the first principle. The trouble with medical treatment usually, and with nearly all medicines, is that they aim simply to treat the organ that may be diseased. South American Nervine passes by the organs, and immediately applies its curative powers to the nerve centres, from which the organs of the body receive their supply of nerve fluid. The nerve centres healed, and of necessity the organ which has shown the outward evidence of derangement is healed. Indigestion, nervousness, impoverished blood, liver complaint, all owe their origin to a derangement of the nerve centres. Thousands bear testimony that they have been cured of these troubles, even when they have become so desperate as to baffle the skill of the most eminent physicians, because South American Nervine has gone to headquarters and cured there.

The eyes of the world have not been disappointed in the inquiry into the success of South American Nervine. People marvel at it, its wonderful medical qualities, but they know beyond all question that it does everything that is claimed for it. It stands alone as the one great certain curing remedy of the nineteenth century. Why is the medium of these nerve centres, and paralysis is sure to follow. Here is the first principle. The trouble

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

Why Waste Time and Money

making experiments with other baking powders, when

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

has become a DEMONSTRATED SUCCESS.

Medal Awarded, 1895.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

PURE & WHOLESOME

JOHN MESTON



Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

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A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible.

For Sale by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

TROUBLE BREWING.

Sir Charles Tupper is Making the Pace Too Hot for Some of His Followers.

He Wants the Premiership, and Will Not be Happy Till He Gets It.

Proposal to Pay Members for Their Coercion Votes Opposed by Bowell.

Ottawa, April 21.—(Special).—There may be another political crisis before the session closes. The report to-day is that Tupper is forcing Mackenzie Bowell out of the premiership before the session closes. It is said that the premier would like to finish up the session which opened up so unfavorably for him. His idea is to see prorogation over as well as dissolution and then step quietly aside, permitting whoever likes to run the government. Sir Charles Tupper, on the other hand, wants to make a statement in the house as premier.

The latest report to-day is that Tupper is forcing through the cabinet the appointment of certain members of parliament to office who voted for the remedial bill. This gives ground for the reports which have been published from time to time concerning these members and their votes for coercing Manitoba.

Bowell is said to be opposed to these appointments and has threatened to resign if he insists on this course. Aberdeen is not likely to sign the commission of the parties referred to.

Premier Bowell's office was crowded to-day with members wanting to interview him.

(Press Dispatch)—In the commons yesterday the bill to incorporate the Manitoba and Nelson Valley railway company was debated from 3 till 9 at night, when it was dropped. Several other measures were then advanced a stage, and Foster proposed that the house go into committee to consider the resolution authorizing the Governor-in-council to raise a sum of money not to exceed \$3,000,000 for the purpose of Dominion defence, but the opposition objected to dealing with the question last night and it was deferred until to-day.

A resolution declaring it expedient to revivify the harbor commission of Montreal a sum not exceeding \$2,000,000 for the redemption of certain debentures, issued by the commissioners and in payment of certain loans and advances made to them and for construction of certain works in the harbor of Montreal, was agreed to, and a bill founded on it was introduced and read a first time. Half of the money is to be devoted to the redemption of bonds about due, and the other half to new improvements in the harbor.

At 11 o'clock Foster moved the house into committee on supply. Campbell took the floor and resumed a discussion of the Schomberg canal affair.

The house will be prorogued at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon. There is a very strong rumor that Sir Mackenzie Bowell has resigned the premiership. He refuses to say anything about the matter.

BARON HIRSCH DEAD

Great Hebrew Financier and Philanthropist Dies Suddenly of Heart Disease.

End of a Noble Life—Sketch of His Remarkably Successful Career.

Vladivostok, April 21.—Baron Hirsch died this morning of heart disease at his estate near Komorn.

Baron Maurice de Hirsch, whose full name was Maurice de Hirsch de Gerzenth, had a world wide reputation as a millionaire financier and philanthropist. No man who had acquired vast riches had ever used them to better purpose. His charities in Austria and Germany were innumerable and his schemes for transplanting his unfortunate Russian co-religionists in South America cost what an ordinary merchant would consider a colossal fortune. In Egypt, Europe, and Asiatic Turkey many schools, educational and industrial, were founded and maintained by the Baron. For instruction in Galicia alone he gave \$400,000.

In Russia the Baron made the magnificent offer of \$2,000,000 for public instruction, with the idea provided that no distinction should be made in the application of the funds as to race or religion. The Russian government declined. The Baron was particularly fond of the sport of turf and chase. He maintained large racing stables and

partridge shooting grounds at Eichenborn and St. Johann, two of his country estates, said to be the finest in Europe. His principal residence of late years was in Paris, but a great part of his time was spent in England. Born in Munich, 63 years ago, the son of a Bavarian merchant, he early entered business, becoming identified at the age of 17 with the European banking houses of Bischoffshelm and Goltshelm. Before he was 21 years old his capacity as a financier became evident. His moderate patrimony soon doubled itself, his personal influence was greatly increased by a matrimonial alliance with Mile. Bischoffshelm, daughter of the head of the banking house with which he was associated. He was the first to plan the system of railways leading from Brda-Platz, in Hungary, to Varma, on the Black Sea, and through his strenuous will and financial capacity the plans were carried out. In 1866 the commercial collapse of M. Lagarde Dumoucau, which shook the money world of Belgium to its foundations, gave him his opportunity. He secured the most valuable of the assets, including Turkish railways, and by skilful manipulation built up in a quarter of a century a fortune which at his death equals that of a Rothschild. Baron Hirsch was a Jew, and much of his fortune went to ameliorate the condition of his oppressed co-religionists in all climes, especially Russia. During the first rush of the exodus of the Jews from Russia in 1880, he sent the Jewish societies in New York \$2,000 a month to aid in establishing the people who came in such numbers and without any preparation in the way of funds. Subsequently Baron Hirsch sent to this country \$300,000 as a fund, on which the interest would be about \$25,000 a year. Part of this has been used in establishing the colony at Woodbine, N. J. The Baron rather favored the emigration of the Russian Jews to South America in stead of North America, and spent about \$2,000,000 in the Argentine Republic alone. It is related of the Baron that once when entertaining American visitors, a dispatch was brought to him asking for aid for some fugitive Jews exiled from the Turkish empire. The sum asked for was 100,000 marks (\$25,000). The Baron told his secretary to wire the committee of relief to draw upon him for that amount, and a moment later the dispatch was brought in for his signature. The Baron reproved his secretary for using two superfluous words. The visitor smiled and said: "It strikes me as strange that you should send your secretary for a waste of words costing less than 25 cents in a message which gives away \$25,000." "Ah," replied the Baron; "One is charity; the other business." The speech was exactly indicative of the man.

FOR PRESIDENT.

Democrats of Massachusetts Select Ex-Governor Russell for the Position.

The Deadly Electric Wire Again at Work—General American News.

Boston, April 21.—With an enthusiasm almost surpassing that noted at the recent state convention of the Republicans of Massachusetts, when Hon. Thos. B. Reed was endorsed as a presidential candidate, the Democrats of the state to-day set their approval upon Governor Cleveland as president and named Ex-Governor Wm. E. Russell their choice for nomination to be President Cleveland's successor.

Albany, N. Y., April 21.—Governor Morton to-day issued extradition papers for the custody of Dunlop and Turner, arrested in London, Eng., on the charge of the Baden diamond robbery.

Washington, April 21.—About 500 people were present at the morning session of the first national congress of religious education. Papers were read by Dr. F. B. Palmer, principal of the state normal school at Potsdam, N. Y., on "Religious Education Defined," by Miss Annie T. Smith, of the bureau of education, on the subject of "Old Problems in New Lights," and by Rev. Dr. Bailey, vice-chancellor of the American University at Washington, on "Religious Education at Different Periods of Life." Rev. Dr. Gilman, corresponding secretary of the American Bible Society, read a report on "Society."

New Haven, April 21.—The Republican convention opened to-night. It is expected to declare in favor of a gold standard. There are no definite indications as to who will be favored for president.

Providence, R. I., April 21.—The platform adopted by the Democratic convention to-day declares for a gold standard, and against free coinage, "until at least four of the great powers of the western world shall come to an international agreement establishing a ratio at which gold and silver shall be admitted to circulation, and reciprocity is deemed impracticable."

Philadelphia, April 21.—By coming in contact with a live electric light, while crossing the roof of his house to-day, Linford C. Bliss, aged 64, was instantly killed, and his son, who came to his father's rescue, was badly burned, probably fatally. Bliss was foreman of the jury which convicted H. H. Holmes of Benjamin F. Peltzer's murder.

Mangles—Is this a church-going town? Citizen—Yes, sir-ee. Every man in town is a staunch Christian, except for an hour every Tuesday and Friday morning.

Mangles—What happens then? Citizen—That's the time they meet to trade horses.

Shopkeeper (to saleswoman)—We are so well accustomed to each other, Emma, how would it be if you became my wife?

Saleswoman—Um—yon and better add 20 marks on my salary; you would come off cheaper.

Justice—What's your name? Victim—S. S. e. h. Justice—What? Victim—S. S. e. h. Justice—Officer, what is this man doing, or what? Officer—I guess, your honor, it's soda water.

GREAT BRAIN AT REST

Leon Say, the Distinguished Political Economist and Statesman, is Dead.

He Was a Great Authority on Financial and Economical Questions.

Paris, April 21.—Leon Say, the distinguished economist, died this morning.

Jean Baptiste Leon Say was the son of Horace Emile Say, a celebrated political economist. Following the traditions of his family, he devoted himself to the study of political economy, and for many years he was editor of the Journal des Debats. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the Corps Legislatif in 1869, but in February, 1871, he was returned to the National Assembly as one of the representatives of the department of the Seine. In June the same year he became prefect of that department. In October, 1871, he came to London accompanied by M. Vautrain, the president of the municipal council of Paris, and presented to the court of aldermen at the Guildhall a bronze medal of the Hotel de Ville, and the large gold medal which was struck in commemoration of the revolution of Paris by voluntary subscriptions collected in this country. At the same time he, on behalf of the National Assembly, presented the Lord Mayor with the grand cross of the Legion of Honor. He and M. Vautrain were entertained at a public banquet at the Mansion House (October 18). On December 7, 1872, he was made minister of finance by M. Thiers, on whose downfall he naturally left office (May 24, 1873). He again accepted the portfolio of finance in M. Buffet's administration in March, 1875. Soon after he was elected a senator for the department of the Seine-et-Oise; his term of office expired in 1882. He retained his portfolio in the Dufaure cabinet of the 10th of May, 1875, and in the Jules Simon cabinet of the 13th of December following, but he retired with the latter May 17, 1877. When a new ministry was formed under the presidency of M. Dufaure in 1882, he retained his portfolio in the cabinet of M. Waddington, and resumed his place among the members of the left centre. In April, 1880, he was appointed ambassador in London, with a view to his conducting the negotiations for a treaty of commerce, and he met with a cordial reception, but he returned to Paris in the course of a few weeks, in consequence of his having been elected president of the senate, May 25th, 1880, in place of M. Martel, who had resigned on account of ill health. He contributed to the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences had elected M. Leon as successor to M. Michel Chevalier (April 24). He was re-elected president of the senate, January 20, 1881, and he became minister of finance in the De Freycinet cabinet, formed January 30, 1882. M. Leon Say, who was a great authority on financial and economical questions, wrote "Theorie des Chances Etrangeres," translated from the English, and preceded by an introduction; "Histoire de la Caisse d'Escompte," 1848; "La Ville de Paris et le Credit Foncier," and "Membres de la Commission du Corps Legislatif." "Observations sur le Systeme Financier de M. la le Prefet de la Seine," 1865; and, in conjunction with M. Leon Walras, "Les Obligations Populaires," 1848; "Le Annuaire de l'Economie Politique and the Journal des Economistes." In December, 1874, the French Academy of Moral and Political Sciences elected M. Leon Say to the seat left vacant by the death of M. Dubois.

DIED.

JONES—At residence, 261 Johnson street, on 20th Inst., Charles Jones, aged 70 years, a native of County Armagh, Ireland.

Funeral will take place from late residence on Wednesday, the 22nd Inst., at 10:30 a.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

HALL—At "Norwood," Oak Bay Avenue, on 19th Inst., Dr. C. H. Hall, M.D., John Hall, a native of Lincoln, England, aged 70.

The funeral will take place from his late residence on Thursday, the 23rd Inst., at 2:30 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.



Mrs. May Johnson.

Ayer's Pills

For Stomach and Liver

Has been caused in Wheeling Circles by the DAYTON. See it and be convinced. Beeston-Number Cyclery, 25 BROAD STREET, S. A. Colson Agent & J. Taylor, Toronto.

Look at the Snaps In Our Windows

Dr. Jim's South African Gem Searf Pins, Studs, Ear Rings and Rings.	\$ 25 to \$ 50
Ladies' Blouse Sets.	25 to 1 00
Solid Silver Belt Pins.	15 to 25
Solid Silver Belt Buckles.	75 to 2 75
Solid Silver Thimbles.	25
A Fine Watch, guaranteed, at.	3 00

EVERYTHING MUST GO. Jewellery Manufactured. Watches Repaired. DAVIDSON BROS., Jewellers.

CAN THIS BE TRUE? Stories of Spanish Cruelties in Cuba Are Beyond Belief.

Cincinnati, April 21.—The Commercial Gazette's special correspondence from Havana contains an interview with Dr. Jose Manuel Delgado, an American citizen, who was shot, hacked, and left for dead by the Spaniards on March 4th, when they raided the plantation of Dolores in Matanzas. Delgado said he was an American neutral in Cuba, attending to his farm, and when he was captured, he presented his passport as an American citizen. General Metguso answered by striking him three times with his sword. Delgado and seven ploughmen, were then tied together with a rope and placed in line against a stone wall. The order was to cut the prisoners down with machetes. In attempting this the rope broke and the soldiers were ordered to fire. With the first volley Delgado fell forward, feinting death. The second volley sent a bullet into his thigh. All the others, except one, were killed. The doctor, left for dead, lost all consciousness. When he recovered he found himself in a dwelling. There his old father took care of him. Shortly Delgado's father hid him in a cave, negotiating for the two that escaped. Delgado's father hid him in a cave, field exposed to the inclement weather, and in the meantime the old father communicated with Consul-General Williams and obtained safe conduct to Havana, where Delgado lies under the protection of the United States.

"WE needs must Love the Choicest when we taste it."



Ram Lal's are grown, blended and packed on the estate in India. One pound is sufficient for 200 tea cups. For sale only by

Erskine, Wall & Co. Leading Grocers, Government Street.

ARRIVAL OF NEW SPRING GOODS

McCALLUM'S Large and Attractive Stock. Choice Goods. Popular Prices. See Them.

We extend a cordial invitation to the most inveterate bargain hunter to closely examine our Suitings for the coming season's trade. NO TROUBLE TO SHOW THEM.

Don't waste your time and money on poor clothes. The man who knows a good thing when he sees it, comes for his clothes direct to JOHN McCALLUM, The Fashionable Tailor, 28 1-2 Broad Street, Next Times Building.



USE Ocean Wave Baking Powder. For cakes so white and buns so light. And bleats fit for any one. Use Ocean Wave. It's always right. The price is just two bits a can. Manufactured by the Hamilton Coffee and Spice Co., Hamilton, Ont.

Special Show

Ladies interested in Fancy Work should call and see our latest novelties in that line.

Also a Summer Show of Children's Garments of every description.

Monday & Tuesday, April 13 & 14

Mrs. W. Bickford, Somerset House, 61 & 63 Fort Street.

A Sensation

Has been caused in Wheeling Circles by the DAYTON. See it and be convinced. Beeston-Number Cyclery, 25 BROAD STREET, S. A. Colson Agent & J. Taylor, Toronto.

Seagram's Whiskey

FOR... Apply to R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 1884. Victoria Loan Office, 123 GOVERNMENT ST.

MONEY TO LOAN. On any approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance, Pandora street. F. Landsberg, Prop. P. O. Box 606. Tel-17

Crescent Bicycles

Are the most reliable wheels for the money on the market. The Crescent is... The Ladies' Favorite... Another large shipment just received. Also agents for the Columbia and Cleveland wheels, the standards of the world. The best bicycles that money and brains, with experience, can produce. They may cost a little more than others, but they are worth every dollar asked.

M. W. Waitt & Co., 42 and 64 Government St.

Are You Wealthy?

Why do you pay 15 to 20 per cent. more for your printing than you can have it done elsewhere for? I am not in the ordinary and can satisfy you in quality and price. PHIL. R. SMITH, PRINTER, BOOK-BINDER AND MANUFACTURING STATIONER, 32 Langley Street.