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VOL. 50

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 10, 1917

NO. 86

MORE GROUND TAKEN BY HAIG'S ARMIES

ON RIDGE, CANADIANS LOOK DOWN ON DOUAI PLAIN; A CHEAP GAIN

Troops From Dominion Pushed Forward From Line to Line Just As Planned, Important Victory Is Blow at a Vital Cord of the German System

London, April 10.—The correspondent of the Daily Express with the British armies on the Lens-Arras front says:

"The Canadians have the Vimy ridge and are sitting on the far slopes, looking down on the plain of Douai. They took it with comparatively little fighting, pushing from one line to the next as punctually as though meeting their enemies by appointment. There, as elsewhere in the Arras-Vimy areas, most of the prisoners were brought out of the dugouts in a most docile condition.

"The Canadians took more than 2,000 Germans at the Vimy ridge alone, while on the adjoining Canadian front there were 1,054 men and 26 officers in one cage alone before 3 o'clock in the afternoon."

Another correspondent speaks of prisoners arriving "in an endless procession."

One of the remarkable features of the fighting was the large number of weapons employed which were not in use in earlier parts. The "tanks" played an important part. Armored cars also were in action, supporting the infantry. Airmen speeding at 150 miles an hour despite conditions verging on those of a hurricane were active above.

"Strange engines of war" also are mentioned by the Daily Mail's correspondent.

As regards the British casualties, the Daily Mail's correspondent says: "Our losses, considerable at places, are not half what were expected and were amazingly light on certain fronts."

Most Successful Day.
The Daily Telegraph's military correspondent says yesterday's victory was by far the most successful day's work accomplished by the British army since the outbreak of the war.

"The victory aims a blow at a vital cord of the German host, by which they maintain their connection with their army covering Lille and the French and Belgian manufacturing districts. It also menaces the right flank of the Bavarian Crown Prince's army, which is delaying Sir Douglas Haig's advance upon Cambrai.

"If successfully pursued, it may well shiver the whole system of defence which has been widely advertised as the Hindenburg line. The Hindenburg line, in fact, may have been indefinitely withdrawn, and in all probability was intended to make its stand where it could. A retreating army seldom knows what will be the final limit to which it will be compelled to retire."

Cheapest Victory.

London, April 10.—Canadian troops to-day are perched well over the top of the Vimy ridge in Northern France, thousands of prisoners have been taken, and according to the first summing up of the Canadian casualties, it has been the cheapest victory the troops from the Dominion have ever won.

The first of the wounded began to arrive yesterday at English ports. Most of these had been wounded in the early part of Sunday morning. After that the more serious fighting developed, but as yet the Canadian corps has hung on, and even gained slightly towards the railway which runs on the far slope of the ridge on that part of the line from Arras to Lens.

New Front.

Highly, at the time of cabling, the new Canadian front, which is being consolidated rapidly, is now from Givenchy-en-Gohelle to Petit Vimy, a little village on the crest of the ridge which commands the larger town of the same name, well in front of La Folle Farm, situation on what is the highest ground without exception around Lens, about three-quarters of a mile from Thelus, which has been one of the Germans' strongest points in defence of the ridge, and still on the crest of the ridge paralleling the railway down almost to Athies.

According to Imperial officers, this should be an important beginning of the outflanking movement which will compel the withdrawal of the enemy to the Douai line, although it is thought the Germans will give up Lens and its valuable coal mines with reluctance.

Just at Dawn.

A Canadian division started the attack just as the rainy, stormy dawn was breaking. It followed what one Canadian officer, who has been through three great bombardments, described as "the Somme's most terrific day multiplied by five." The German first line,

LINER NEW YORK HIT MINE; IN PORT

Damaged Slightly Off Liverpool Bar; No Casualties; Passengers Landed

Washington, April 10.—The American liner New York struck a mine at 7.40 last night five miles off the Liverpool bar. No casualties were reported. The vessel later proceeded to Liverpool.

Consul Washington, at Liverpool, reporting the incident to the State Department to-day, said:

"The American liner New York struck a mine at 7.40 last night five miles off the Liverpool bar. Company reports passengers landed at Liverpool, except four, who are still on the ship. No casualties. Vessel proceeded under own steam and is now (1 o'clock this morning) entering her dock."

The New York docked safely at Liverpool at 1 a.m. (English time) and all passengers are safe, according to a cablegram received here to-day by the American Line.

Damage Slight.
The damage to the vessel was slight, the message stated. The mine came in contact with the ship about 200 feet from the bow, but the message did not say whether on the port or starboard side.

The bulkheads of the New York are longitudinal. There are 15 of these compartments, and the mine struck at hold No. 4, which has a cargo capacity of 299 tons. The cablegram said the damage was confined to this small space, no other compartment being damaged. It was stated here that so strongly is the New York built in the construction of its bulkheads that whenever a plate is removed for repair purposes it has to be dynamited, and to this strength is attributed the small damage caused by the mine.

53 Passengers.
New York, April 10.—The American liner New York left this port on March 29 for Liverpool with 53 passengers and mail. The passengers included seven American citizens. She carried a naval crew of gunners and was armed. The ship's crew of 234 men included 144 Americans.

The New York is commanded by Captain W. J. Roberts. The gun crew was in charge of a naval lieutenant. The vessel, of 10,798 tons gross, was the third armed American passenger ship to leave a United States port.

LLOYD GEORGE WILL BE QUESTIONED ABOUT PEOPLE OF GERMANY

London, April 10.—Joseph King, a Liberal member of the House of Commons, will ask Mr. Lloyd George next week whether the differentiation made by President Wilson between the German Government and the German people in his address to the American Congress recommending war with Germany is endorsed by the British Government, and whether, with a view to encouraging the German people to throw off the Hohenzollern regime the Prime Minister will take steps to show unmistakably British sympathy with the German people.

LIEUT. ROBINSON, V. C., AVIATOR AND HERO, REPORTED MISSING

London, April 10.—The Evening News says that Lieut. William Leefe Robinson, V.C., the first aviator to bring down a zeppelin in England, is reported missing.

Lieut. Robinson earned the Victoria Cross and became a popular hero in the United Kingdom last September by shooting down a zeppelin at a height of 10,000 feet. The zeppelin, which was taking part in an attack on the London area, was brought down in flames at Cuffley. The lieutenant is 21 years of age.

KING CONGRATULATES HAIG'S TROOPS; PRIDE OF CANADA JUSTIFIED

London, April 10.—King George sent the following message to-day to Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, commander of the British forces on the western front:

"The whole Empire will rejoice at the news of yesterday's successful operations. Canada will be proud that the taking of the coveted Vimy ridge has fallen to the lot of her troops. I heartily congratulate you and all who have taken part in this splendid achievement."

LOSS OF IMPORTANT VIMY RIDGE TO ALLIES MAY FORCE ENEMY BACK TO MEUSE-MAUBEUGE-LILLE LINE SOON

London, April 10.—The news of the successful opening of the new British offensive in France has stirred high hopes among the people throughout the country. Whatever the Germans may have claimed as to the retreat in the Somme sector having been pre-arranged and strategic, their recoil before the blow delivered in the Arras-Lens region can not be explained away in any such manner. It is pointed out that there is no possible voluntary element in this retirement and that there can be no dispute as to who took the initiative.

A new chapter in the conflict on the western front has begun, and whether or not it is to prove the beginning of a decisive battle, it is bound, according to prevalent opinion here, to lead to results of the highest importance. The main feature of the battle thus far, on which attention has been focussed, is the capture of the Vimy ridge by Canadian troops. The immense value of this series of heights which dominate the plain from an elevation of 400 to 500 feet has been recognized throughout the war and great sacrifices have been regarded as justifiable if they resulted in its possession.

The French and Germans fought fiercely for control of the ridge in the summer of 1915, both sides suffering heavily, but in the end the Germans held the main portion of the position. Later the British took over the French line and were ousted by the Germans from the part of the ridge that had been won by their predecessors.

Bastion of Line.
One military critic, commenting on the present battle, thus describes the importance of the Vimy heights: "They are admittedly the bastion of the enemy's western line. Whatever else has been allowed to go, he held the Vimy ridge with grim resolve, and lavished upon it all the arts of fortification and defensive skill that the war had taught him. Upon it hinges the whole strategy of the enemy's retreat in the west. With Vimy firmly held, he could swing his line farther south slowly back, until each part of it would reach the position where he has a mind to stand and he could cover the French industrial districts upon which he depends much for supplies. But with the Vimy ridge gone, the defence of these districts can hardly be maintained. The pivot of the whole retreat shifts and gives backward and is in instant risk of fracture."

The issues depending upon the ability of the British to hold the ridge therefore are immense. At the moment there is nothing to suggest a doubt that the ridge will be held, but the battle still is continuing fiercely, and there is little disposition here to indulge in over-optimistic predictions. Nevertheless the opinion is expressed that if the Germans have definitely been driven from the ridge, without hope of re-attacking, they are likely enough to be compelled to acknowledge defeat and retire to what is called the Meuse line, running from Verdun through Metz, Maubeuge and Lille.

Sober Expectation.
In the meantime the fighting is going on over a front of about 50 miles, roughly, from Lens to St. Quentin, the core of attack being around the north of Arras. As far as information goes, everything is going well for the British and justifies their sanguine hopes, but the comments to-day generally include a warning not to allow these hopes to run too high. The enemy is known to have good reserves at hand, and an iron compulsion bids him to make every effort to avoid defeat. The papers warn the country that it should await events in a spirit of sober expectation, and that it is not a time for exuberant boasting.

BRITISH ADVANCE IN MESOPOTAMIA; GAINS BY RUSSIAN FORCES

London, April 10.—British troops have made a further advance north of Baghdad, the War Office announced to-day. They have captured the Balad Station on the Baghdad-Basra Railway, and the town of Heris.

Petrograd, April 10.—Russian troops of the northern army in Persia are again on the march into Mesopotamia from Baneh, just south of the latitude of Mosul, the War Office announced to-day. The Turks have been driven out of the defences they had been holding there for some time, and the Russian offensive is being continued. Southeast of Khankin, the southern column of Russians which recently effected a juncture with the British from Baghdad, has occupied Kiall Rohat, 80 miles northeast of Baghdad.

\$5,000,000,000 BOND ISSUE IN STATES ALREADY SUCCESS

Washington, April 10.—Applications for allotments of the proposed \$5,000,000,000 bond issue have reached the Treasury Department in such quantities that the Administration believes the success of the issue already is assured.

Rio de Janeiro, April 10.—Brazil has recognized the new Government of Russia.

EAST SLOPE OF VIMY RIDGE CLEARED OF GERMANS; GAIN WAS MADE NEAR ST. QUENTIN

BRAZIL EXPECTED TO MAKE MOVE TO-DAY

Will Sever Relations With Germany; Report About S. S. Parana

MARTIAL LAW BEING ENFORCED IN GUATEMALA

Rio de Janeiro, April 10.—The official report regarding the sinking of the Brazilian steamship Parana by a German submarine, which the Government has been awaiting before taking definite action toward Germany, is believed to have been received to-day from the Brazilian legation in Paris. It is expected the Government this afternoon will sever relations with Germany. Switzerland will take charge of the Brazilian interests at Berlin.

The Minister of Marine has received from the commander of the Brazilian destroyer Alagoas, which is stationed at Desterro, a report that signals are being exchanged by means of lights and wireless messages between Germans on the coast and ships cruising in Brazilian waters. The Minister will transmit this report to the President.

A Report.
London, April 10.—Diplomatic relations between Brazil and Germany have been broken off, according to the Evening News.

In Guatemala.
Guatemala City, Guatemala, April 10.—Martial law has been declared in Guatemala. The action was taken on information of disturbances along the Mexican and Salvadorean frontiers, supposed to have been created with German assistance.

Washington, April 10.—The report that President Cabrera has proclaimed martial law in Guatemala strengthens the belief of State Department officials that Guatemala soon may join the United States in the war against Germany.

ATTACK PRESSED BY HAIG'S TROOPS

More Villages Captured To-day in the Direction of Cambrai

WILL FIGHT FOR LIBERTY TO END

Russia Will Defend Her Freedom; No Expansion, Says Kerenski

London, April 10.—Russia has renounced all ideas of territorial expansion, according to a Petrograd dispatch to Reuter's, quoting a statement of Minister of Justice Kerenski, who, in the course of a speech delivered on Monday before the military delegates, declared that while Russia wished no more territory, she would defend to the end the liberty which she had won.

Reuter's correspondent also reports that the new Governor-General of Finland, Gen. Fedro Roditcheff, denounced Russian peace advocates in an address before the congress of the Constitutional Democrats, the party which he formerly led in the Duma. General Roditcheff, after referring to the sacrifices made at Gallipoli for Russia by France and Britain, said: "In Petrograd there is a body of bold persons which dares to speak of peace in the name of the people. But the people themselves are silent. Our duty toward the Provisional Government is to raise our voices and say 'Russia is with you. Yield to nothing which concerns her requirements and interests.'"

Stockholm, April 10.—The maize and rye stocks of Sweden have been expropriated by the Government.

Village and Defences North and South of Scarpe River Taken By Haig's Men; More Than 9,000 Germans and 40 Machine Guns Taken Yesterday

London, April 10.—It was officially reported this forenoon that the British forces captured more than 9,000 prisoners and more than 40 guns in yesterday's operations. Heavy fighting took place last night on the northern end of the Vimy ridge, from which the Germans were driven by Canadian troops. The eastern slope also was cleared.

Near St. Quentin, the Germans have been driven from the high ground between Le Verguier and Hargicourt. Fighting continues along the entire battlefield.

The British have seized the village of Fampoux and the neighboring defences north and south of the Scarpe River.

The Germans made a strong attack on a narrow front southeast of Ypres and reached the British support lines. They were driven from the British trenches by a counter-attack.

NATIONAL SERVICE BOARD GIVES NAMES

Militia Department Already Told of 100,000 "Prospects" Throughout Canada

Ottawa, April 10.—Names of "military prospects" throughout the Dominion to the number of 100,000 already have been submitted to the Militia Department by the National Service Commission. These "prospects" do not include millwrights, toolsetters, miners or farmers, nor do they include men with more than three dependents, the majority being unmarried men or widowers without dependents. Such names are being submitted at the rate of about 2,000 a week, and the compilation is yet far from complete.

The names are sent to the Militia Department by the commission and the various military district headquarters. The recruiting officers are then at liberty to approach the men and induce them to enlist. At Guelph 450 men who signed the cards have received notification from the military authorities. It is pointed out here, however, that there is no compulsion attached to this notice, as volunteer service is still in force. The submission of these names will facilitate recruiting, it is expected, but it is still optional on the part of the men involved to join.

Better Than Reported.
London, April 10.—The British offensive between Lens and St. Quentin with which the spring operations on the front in France have been opened and which is still in progress has proved even more successful than the earlier accounts indicated.

Field-Marshal Haig to-day reported that yesterday's captures exceeded 3,000 men, while 40 guns fell into the hands of his troops.

The Canadian troops, who had one of the hardest bits of the front to contend with, are now in complete occupation of the famous Vimy ridge, even its eastern slopes having been cleared of the enemy. The Canadians also have repulsed German counter-attacks.

Look Down on Plain.

These reactions by the Germans indicate the importance they attach to this position, whence the conquerors look down over the plain of Douai. With the Vimy ridge gone, the whole German line covering the French towns and industrial districts to the north becomes a wavering one and any leisurely retreat the Germans may have planned is made uncertain and precarious.

With the capture of the famous ridge the British made a considerable stride along the road to Douai, while the capture of the high ground northwest of St. Quentin tightens the chain which the Anglo-French forces are drawing around that town.

A German diversion southeast of Ypres met with no success.

Offensive Growing.

Correspondents at the front report the fighting continuing keenly throughout last night, with the British offensive gradually extending northward, there being fighting this morning in the direction of La Bassée.

Some 150 officers are among the prisoners already taken, these including five battalion commanders. Although 40 guns captured is the official count thus far, the number is expected to reach three figures, while numbers of trench mortars, bomb-throwers and machine guns and quantities of ammunition also have been captured.

The Germans destroyed great quantities of supplies at the last minute to prevent their capture.

The weather continues bitterly cold, with snow flurries, but the British forces are clad in sheepskins and are kept well fed.

The text of the announcement, timed 11.50 a.m., follows:

"During the night there was severe fighting at the northern end of the Vimy ridge, where the enemy had retained a footing. He was ejected and an attempted counter-attack failed to materialize. The eastern slope of the ridge has been cleared of the enemy and counter-attacks repulsed.

"Our troops advanced and seized the village of Fampoux and neighboring defences north and south of the Scarpe.

"The number of prisoners taken yesterday exceeded 9,000 and more than 40 guns have been captured.

From High Ground.

"In the neighborhood of St. Quentin the enemy has been driven from the high ground between Le Verguier and Hargicourt.

"Fighting continues throughout the whole battlefield.

"After an intense bombardment, enemy troops made a strong attack last night on a narrow front southeast of Ypres and succeeded in reaching our support lines. They were immediately ejected from our trenches, leaving several dead."

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(Continued on page 4)

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ELEVATORS DESTROYED AT MINNEAPOLIS

Minneapolis, April 10.—Two grain elevators were destroyed by fires believed to have been of incendiary origin here early to-day. The total loss will be nearly \$500,000. It is estimated, fully covered by insurance. National Guardsmen patrolling the district reported that in both instances several explosions were heard in the structures before the flames were discovered.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, 3 for 25c.

J. H. BROWN DIED AT WINNIPEG TO-DAY

Winnipeg, April 10.—J. H. Brown, Deputy Registrar of Land Titles, of Manitoba, aged 37, one of the best known citizens of Winnipeg, died to-day of pneumonia. The body will be sent to Woodstock, Ont., for interment.

Friend—"What is your baby going to be when he grows up?" Financier—"A blackmailer, I'm afraid." Friend—"Impossible! What makes you think so?" Financier—"We have to give him something every little while to keep him quiet."—Tit-Bits.

GERMANS LONG FOR PEACE WITH RUSSIA

Socialists Making Efforts; Scheidemann Has Left Germany on "a Mission"

Copenhagen, April 10.—In the midst of the interest in the preparation of the United States for participation in the war and the Allies' offensive on the western front, the fact is noted that the Germans, particularly the German Socialists, are working industriously toward peace with Russia and have not lost hope of success, despite the discouraging pronouncements of a war to a victorious end coming from Petrograd.

It is announced in Berlin that the Socialist leader, Philipp Scheidemann, head of the majority Socialists in the Reichstag and a politician close to the Chancellor, has left Germany on "a mission." The nature of this mission is not specified, but there is reason to assume that as a well-known Russo-German Socialist, known by the pen name of Pervus, who also came abroad just after the conference of the majority Socialists, which was called to consider the possibilities of the Russian situation, Herr Scheidemann's mission involves an attempt to open communication with the Russian Socialists and Social Revolutionists of the extreme school who favor an immediate peace.

It is said that the German Government has given its support to the endeavors by an assurance that no general offensive on the Russian front will be undertaken for the time being in order not to interfere with attempts at fraternization, the army leaders probably considering that the recent drive against the Stockhol bridgehead had only a local bearing.

TAKING INSTRUCTION.

London, April 10.—Capt. D. A. McDonald, of Vancouver, is taking the course of instruction for infantry officers at the Elstow School, Bedford.

Major R. McGowan, of Vancouver, has been transferred to the Canadian command depot for duty.

Hon. Captain and Chaplain the Rev. H. D. Taylor has been detailed for duty with the reserve brigade, Shorncliffe.

The Wild Beast's Wanton Savagery



—Montreal Star.

VIMY RIDGE SHARE OF CANADIAN TROOPS

First Thrust on Lens-Arras Front Carried British Far Forward

London, April 10.—The following official report telling of successful offensive on the Arras-Lens front in France was issued last night:

"The operations continue to be carried out successfully in accordance with the plan. Our troops have everywhere stormed the enemy defences, from Henin-sur-Cojeul to the south of the outskirts of Givenchy-en-Gohelle, to a depth of from two to three miles, and our advance continues.

"The enemy's forward defences on this front, including the Vimy ridge, which was carried by Canadian troops, were captured early in the morning. These defences comprise a network of trenches and fortified localities—Neuville-Vitasse, Telegraph Hill, Tilloy-lez-Mofflaines, Observation Ridge, St. Laurent, Blagny, Les Tilliculs and La Folle farm.

"Subsequently our troops moved forward and captured the enemy's rearward defences, including, in addition to other powerful trench systems, the fortified localities of Feuchy, Chappelle-de-Feuchy, the Hyderabad redoubt, Athies and Thelus.

"Up to 2 p.m. 5,156 prisoners, including 119 officers, passed through the receiving stations, and many more remain to be counted. Of these, a large number belonged to Bavarian divisions, which suffered heavy casualties in to-day's fighting.

"The captured war material includes guns and a number of trench mortars and machine guns, which have not yet been counted.

"In the direction of Cambrai, further progress has been made in the neighborhood of the Havincourt Wood. We captured the village of Demicourt.

"In the direction of St. Quentin, we captured the villages of Pentru and Leverguler.

"The aerial activity of the last few days has continued with great energy. Several successful bombing raids were carried out by us, our machines cooperating with our artillery with good results. Two hostile machines were destroyed and fifteen others were driven down and probably crushed. Two German kite balloons were brought down in flames. Ten of our aeroplanes are missing."

Scores of Positions.

With the British Armies in France, April 9, via London, April 10.—(From a Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press.)—The war on the Western front, which has been moving more rapidly in the last few weeks, broke into full swing to-day. Widening the attacks which they had been directing against the retreating Germans in the sectors of the Somme, the British struck still farther north, and in a series of assaults on a broad front, with Arras more or less the pivotal point, they drove the Germans from scores of important positions, penetrated far into the German lines and inflicted heavy casualties.

Canadians' Share.

The fighting on the Vimy ridge was carried out by the Canadian troops who had retained a footing on the ridge all winter, but always higher up was the enemy. On either side of the Canadians were English and Scottish battalions, and in to-day's battle there was glory enough for all. The irrepressible "anks" also shared in the honors of the successful assaults.

One position captured to the northeast of Arras was a sort of labyrinth of trenches, enmeshed in multiple bands of wire, called "The Harp," because of its shape. Prisoners had proclaimed this strong point practically

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, April 10.—The following casualties have been announced:

Infantry.
Killed in action—Sgt. J. Weir, Scotland; Cpl. C. Marshall, Toronto; Pte. W. Telford, Ardley P. O., Burnaby, B. C.; Pte. W. Purdy, St. John, N. B.; Pte. H. Start, Hartree, Sask.; Pte. A. Burtler, England; Pte. H. Clower, England; Pte. W. Hume, England; Pte. R. F. Irvine, Waneta, B. C.; Pte. F. Martin, Australia; Pte. W. Steeves, Stevenson, B. C.
Died of wounds—Pte. F. Thomas, England; Pte. J. Jondreau, Marksville, Ont.; Pte. C. Hillard, Winnipeg; Pte. H. Burke, Belleville, Ont.; Pte. F. Ayers, England; Pte. W. Chapman, Ireland; Pte. R. Andrews, Scotland; Pte. W. Tall, Russell, Man.
Died—Pte. D. Dundas, Ireland; Lieut.-Col. E. W. Moore, Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. H. Kiddie, England; Pte. H. Fordham, Hamilton, Ont.
Presumed to have died—Pte. R. S. Burn, Vancouver; Pte. A. Benzie, Sydney, N. S.; Cpl. H. Fowler, Newfoundland.
Wounded and missing—Pte. S. Young, Ireland.
Dangerously ill and wounded—Pte. B. H. Richardson, Winnipeg; Pte. B. F. Bailey, Stirling, Ont.
Seriously ill—Pte. A. McLeod, Scotland; Pte. E. Spencer, Trenton, Ont.; Pte. G. H. Parnaby, Cranbrook, B. C.; Pte. W. McCrorister, Portage la Prairie; Pte. G. Coles, Quebec; Pte. G. Dowers, Harcourt, Ont.; Pte. H. Hunt, Yarmouth, N. S.; Pte. A. Swick, Decatur, Ill.
Wounded—Pte. S. Coderburg, Westham Island, B. C.; Pte. T. Woodley, England; Pte. H. Harris, England; Pte. W. McLaren, Scotland; Cpl. F. Nash, London, Ont.; Pte. H. Barter, Winnipeg; Pte. J. Dryboro, Toronto; Pte. A. Wall, England; Pte. E. R. Watts, Winnipeg; Pte. H. Smith, England; Pte. A. Russell, Italy; Pte. R. Aske, England; Cpl. A. Jefford, Aske, England; Pte. J. McPee, Race Point, P. E. I.; Pte. F. Brown, Cosmo, Alta.; Pte. R. Shea, Ireland; Cpl. T. Stewart, England; Pte. P. McDougall, Winnipeg; Pte. T. Simonsen, Winnipeg; Pte. F. Styer, England; Pte. F. Willis, England.

Engineers.

Wounded—Sapper H. Horton, London, Ont.
Mounted Rifles.
Killed in action—Pte. R. E. Groves, Mars, B. C.; Pte. J. Holt, England; Pte. R. Mackay, Winnipeg; Pte. C. Elmshurst, Sanford, Man.; Pte. A. Damm, Portage la Prairie; Sgt. H. Holmes, England; Pte. A. Anderson, Russell, Man.; Pte. C. Birch, Winnipeg; Pte. A. Bruce, Winnipeg; Pte. F.

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Drew, Winnipeg; Pte. G. Turner, England; Pte. A. Philpott, England.
Presumed to have died—Pte. W. F. Thomas, Toronto.
Wounded—Pte. M. Myrick, Griswold, Man.; Pte. S. Bradshaw, Ireland.

CANADIAN PRISONERS TO THE FRONT SOON

Ottawa, April 10.—During his tour of inspection of western penitentiaries Hon. Arthur Meighen, the Solicitor-General, gave personal consideration to the offers of nearly 700 prisoners to enlist for overseas service. He found many cases in which there would be ample justification for gratifying the desires of these men. They have been imprisoned for misdemeanors that do not brand them as unfit for association with law-abiding citizens. It is expected that during the next few months several hundred will be permitted to join drafts for overseas service.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc., and reliable repairs. 1124 Government St.

GERMANS IN LAUNCH TAKEN OFF GEORGIA

Atlanta, Ga., April 10.—A launch, manned by a German-speaking crew and carrying more than 600 gallons of gasoline, was captured several days ago off the Georgia coast and taken to Fernandina, Fla., according to a letter received here by Charles S. Arnow, state game and fish commissioner.

The capture was made by a revenue cutter, Mr. Arnow says, adding that it had caused much speculation as to whether there was any truth in reports of German submarines in the Gulf of Mexico. Only one of the Germans spoke English. Arnow said he had no information to show where they came from.

FOR SASKATCHEWAN HOUSE.

Prince Albert, Sask., April 10.—Lieut.-Col. J. E. Bradshaw, M. P., was re-nominated here yesterday at a Conservative convention to contest the Prince Albert seat at the next provincial election.



Buying Groceries From Copas & Young

Means Saving Money, Keeping Down the Price, and Getting Goods of Absolute Freshness.

"BUY THE KIND WORTH WHILE"

C. & Y. BREAD FLOUR , the best Bread Flour made. Sack	\$2.55	ROBIN HOOD or ROYAL STANDARD ROLLED OATS 7-lb. sack	35c
ANTI-COMBINE TEA , nothing nicer; in lead pkts. 3 lbs. for	\$1.00	NICE SMALL NAVAL ORANGES , per doz.	10c
ANTI-COMBINE COFFEE , fresh ground and very nice. Per lb.	35c	ROMAN MEAL Per pkt.	30c
ROBERTSON'S OLD COUNTRY JAM , all kinds. 7-lb. tin	\$1.10	OLD DUTCH or LUX 3 pkgs.	25c
WAGSTAFFE'S or MALKIN'S BEST JAM 4-lb. tin	70c	ROGERS' B. C. TABLE SYRUP , Per tin, 75¢, 40¢ and	20c
NICE ONTARIO JAM 4-lb. tin	45c	NICE TABLE SALMON 2 cans for	25c
NICE ORANGE MARMALADE , 4-lb. tin	50c	LIQUID VENEER Per bottle, 40¢ and	20c
PURE GOLD or SHIRRIFF'S JELLY POWDER 4 pkts. for	25c	KELLOGG'S CORN FLAKES , per pkt.	10c
SHREDDED COCOA-NUT , per lb.	25c	NICE SHELLLED WALNUTS , Broken. Per pound	35c
		FRESH ROASTED PEANUTS , per lb.	15c

We Advertise What's True and Give No Specials for BAIT

COPAS & YOUNG

ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS
Phones 94 and 95 Corner Fort and Broad Sts. Phones 94 and 95

Severe Headaches and Pains in the Back

Resulted From Deranged Kidneys and Constipation of the Bowels.

It is in vain to try to regulate and restore the healthful action of the kidneys until the liver and bowels are set right.

And just here is where so many kidney medicines fail. Kidney derangements almost invariably begin with constipation and torpidity of the blood. The whole work of filtering the blood through the kidneys, and in time they fail to stand the strain. The poison in the system gives rise to severe headaches, pains in the back and tired, depressed feelings.

Because they act directly on the liver and bowels, as well as on the kidneys, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are eminently successful in the treatment of kidney derangements.

Mr. William Loney, Marysville, N.B., writes:—"I am glad to recommend Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to anybody who is suffering from kidney trouble or constipation. I suffered for a long time from kidney disease and pains in the back, but have found that by using one pill a week the kidneys and bowels are kept in good order, and I do not have any more pains in the back or head like I used to have. I was also a great sufferer from piles, and could get no relief until I used Dr. Chase's Ointment. This ointment is entirely cured now, but we always keep both the pills and the ointment in the house for use when they are needed."

This statement is endorsed by Mr. F. Saunders, Town Marshal, who writes that Mr. Loney's letter is true and correct.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Remember that imitations only disappoint. The genuine bear the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., the famous Receipt Book author.

The "Groundwork" of Health, Comfort and Economy



when days are wet and pavements sloppy, is a good pair of rubbers.

The sure guide to a good pair of rubbers—the guarantee of protection and service—is one of these Trade Marks:

- "JACQUES CARTIER" - "GRANBY"
- "MERCHANTS" - "DAISY"
- "MAPLE LEAF" - "DOMINION"

Canadian Consolidated Rubber Co. Limited
 Largest Manufacturers of Rubber Goods in the British Empire
 EXECUTIVE OFFICES - MONTREAL, P.Q.
 SEVEN LARGE, UP-TO-DATE MANUFACTURING PLANTS IN CANADA.
 22 "SERVICE" BRANCHES AND WAREHOUSES THROUGHOUT CANADA



BELGIAN COMMISSION NEEDS MORE FUNDS

The Germans, even officially, still are pretending that the deported Belgian citizens are not employed in military work. Now, through a report from the Belgian military authorities at the front, it appears that two Russian soldiers who had been captured by the Germans finally succeeded in reaching the British lines near Ypres. These two prisoners state that large parties of Belgians are employed in making barbed-wire net works for a third line of defence in Western Flanders. They also are compelled to dig trenches and shelters as well as to prepare the ground for the machine guns and even for the heavy batteries. All are badly fed, and about 50 per cent. are actively starving to death.

The new German position in Western Flanders which is being constructed, is not more than four miles distant from the British lines, and therefore under almost incessant bombardment by the Allies' artillery.

To this and other barbarities wrought on the Belgians by their merciless

tank-masters, there is only one practical answer that Canadians at home can make. It lies in backing to the limit the Relief Commission, by which alone the yoke of that little nation can be lightened. The actual distribution of supplies is being carried out as effectively as at any time since the inception of the work. Every Canadian should send his greatest possible amount to the nearest Relief Committee, or direct to the Belgian Relief Fund, 59 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

BRAZIL IS WARNED REGARDING GERMANS WITHIN ITS BORDERS

Rio de Janeiro, April 10.—A note, under the caption of "German Militarism at Home," takes up the question of the German rifle societies in the south of Brazil. It denounces these organizations for their affiliation with the League of German Marksmen of Nuremberg, which, it says, gives them an undeniably military character. The paper declares that Brazil should take warning in time.

BRITISH WILL TAKE LENS FROM ENEMY

Evacuation by Germans Seems Inevitable—Writes Frank Simonds; His Comments

New York, April 10.—(By Frank H. Simonds).—Launched with the usual preliminaries—first a great combat in the air, then a terrific bombardment, and finally an infantry attack—the latest British operation in France already has taken on the character of a big offensive. It is plain to all that the British are assaulting on a great scale; what remains in doubt is whether the Germans again are declining battle, as they have between Arras and St. Quentin in recent weeks, and drawing back to a new line, or accepting battle and suffering the sort of punishment that became familiar during the Battle of the Somme last summer.

Already in commenting on the German retreat I have pointed out several times that it was highly probable that before it was over the whole German line between the Lys and the Aisne—that is, between Lille and Soissons—would be drawn back and that the new front would pass through Douai, Cambrai, St. Quentin, La Fere and near Reon. By last week the withdrawal had been accomplished from Cambrai southward, but north of Cambrai the line curved westward to Arras and around Lens. This salient of the line before Cambrai to the outskirts of Lens the British now are attacking furiously, and these attacks already have carried them over the famous Vimy ridge, the scene of Gen. Foch's great battle in May, 1915, which won the Lorette heights and won and lost the Vimy ridge. The latest reports indicate that the British are now over this ridge and flowing down into the broad plain south of Lens and west of Douai.

Will Take Lens. Judging from these reports, the evacuation of Lens would now seem inevitable, because the British line approaches it on the north of the scene of the battle of Loos of September, 1915, while the new advance is pushing up toward the city from the south. With Lens the Germans will lose their hold upon the French coal districts and suffer their first material loss in their retreat to date.

Early in February I looked down upon this new battlefield from Mount St. Elol, a hill which sweeps the country around Arras. Due eastward were the German trenches about the eastern edge of the famous "Labyrinth," and to the north was the Vimy ridge, also now scarred with trenches. This ridge was the last bit of the Artois highland that the Germans held, and now that they are off it they have surrendered a position which the French expended thousands of lives in a game effort to take nearly two years ago. The French casualties were 100,000 there in 1915, while the British losses were 65,000 in trying to take Lens from the north during the Battle of Loos.

Two Possibilities. Returning now to the two possibilities: If the Germans had planned to evacuate their position and were attacked before they had completed operating, they would lose many thousands in prisoners who belonged to their rearwards, but their losses up to date, more than 8,000, as compared with 1,500 for the whole of the recent retirement on a far wider front, suggest a resistance and rearwards beyond ordinary expectations.

Granting that they have brought off their main forces, however, we shall now see a rapid retirement until the new front before Douai is reached, and we shall see the evacuation of several hundred square miles of French territory. This retirement will take place from La Bassee to the vicinity of Cambrai, just as the other retirement took place from Soissons to Arras.

On the other hand, if the British are beginning a new battle of the Somme and the Germans have been compelled to surrender their first lines as they were driven out of Manneville and Fricourt on July 1 of last year, we shall see a stiffening at once when the second line positions are reached. But the extent of the advance already reported makes this seem unlikely.

Third Possibility. There remains a third possibility. Conceivably the British at last have pierced the whole German line, and we are to see that rout so frequently expected and the retirement out of France of all the German armies. But of this there is no evidence as yet.

It is not difficult to explain the British attack. They have selected the country between Arras and Lens as a field of operations because southward the German retreat has destroyed their plans for a spring drive by compelling an enormous construction of lines of communication and a long delay incident to the bringing up of heavy artillery to the new front. But between Arras and Lens the lines faced each other as they had since 1914.

Furthermore, a successful breaking through here would expose the whole flank of the German line to the south, which has been retreating and is now halted along what is supposed to be the Hindenburg line.

For the moment the actual situation remains obscure. Until the German retreat has passed the Lille-Douai-Cambrai line, it is safest to interpret it as a detail in the shortening of the western front. Afterward it will be reasonable to look for German disaster.

Now the best test of the extent of the German defeat must be the number of prisoners taken, and it is already considerable without being actually impressive.

Rheims-Verdun Line. Meantime it is of great importance to watch what is taking place between Rheims and Verdun. There the French are likely to begin their attack on the ground on which they fought the first

THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT HELPED HER

"Fruit-a-tives Again Proves Its Extraordinary Powers"

"Rochon, Que., March 2, 1915.
 "I have received the most wonderful benefit from taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. I suffered for years from Rheumatism and change of life, and I took every remedy obtainable without result. I tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and it was the only medicine that really did me good. Now I am entirely well—the Rheumatism has disappeared, and the terrible pains in my body are all gone. I hope that others, who suffer from such distressing diseases, will try 'Fruit-a-tives'."
 "MADAME ISABE ROCHON."
 50c. a box, 4 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

Battle of Champagne in the spring of 1915, and the second and greater battle in September of the same year. Conceivably the Germans also will retire on that front. The furious bombardment of Rheims and the recent attack on Berry-au-Bac both suggest such a move.

By drawing back their whole front behind the Aisne from Berry-au-Bac to the Argonne, the Germans would repeat the strategy employed against the British and delay the French attacks for weeks, at the least, while communications were being restored and heavy artillery moved forward. It is by no means improbable that the Germans have elected to fight a delaying campaign all along the western front.

On the other hand, such tactics must be combined with an attack elsewhere, either in the east, the north or on the Lorraine front, because the moral effect of continual retreat in the west, with no compensating advantage gained by attack elsewhere, would be disastrous in Germany. It is unlikely that we shall have the real Hindenburg strategy disclosed until the German forces in the west have reached the line on which they mean to stand or have completed the first stage of a general retirement. That first stage would not be completed until the German line stood from Lille to Laon, on the front we have come to describe as the Hindenburg line. These present operations between Arras and Lens, while exceedingly interesting, have not yet reached the stage when it is possible to do more than outline the possibilities which they suggest.

"Mother, please turn the hose on me," said little Willie as his mamma was dressing him in the morning. "Why, Willie, what in the world do you mean?" cried his alarmed and loving parent. "Why, you've put my stocking on the wrong side out."

TOOK BODY FROM COAL CREEK MINE

Remains of Albert Barton Were Found by Rescuers Yesterday Afternoon

Fernie, April 10.—The rescuers at work in No. 3 mine at Coal Creek recovered the body of young Albert Barton yesterday afternoon. It was alongside his little car leaning over it and covered with a mass of rock. His chest was badly crushed and death must have been instantaneous.

The funerals of the four men whose bodies were recovered last Friday took place yesterday and was largely attended. The bodies of Fireman Benazeth, Patrick Gormley and Hugh McFarley were buried from the Church of the Holy Family, and that of James Henry Machin from Christ Church. Machin's age was 24 and he leaves a widow and two children. Benazeth was 29 years old and single. Hugh McFarley was 50 years old and married, but his family does not reside here.

Thomas Graham, late Chief Inspector of Mines for British Columbia; George Wilkinson, his successor in that office, and James Ashworth, once manager of the mines here, are in town and will assist in investigating the causes which led to the explosion.

STATES NOW OPEN TO CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Winnipeg, April 10.—Now that a formal declaration of a state of war has been made by the United States against Germany, Canadian troops from the west may travel over United States soil on the way to Europe. Troops going via the Canadian Northern Railway have to spend some time on United States soil after leaving Rainy River, Ont., and entering Warroad, Minn., before reaching their Canadian point of embarkation.

Returned soldiers will be able to go in uniform to visit across the line and many contemplate such a trip within the next few days.

OBREGON'S LOYALTY TO GEN. CARRANZA

Washington, April 10.—Mexican Ambassador Bonillas received a telegram to-day from General Obregon, asserting his loyalty to General Carranza. The dispatch, signed by Obregon, says:

"Knowing that New York and Washington papers have published reports accusing me of revolting against the first chief, you are hereby authorized to deny such absurd news."

Phoenix Back now on sale.

"The Fashion Centre"
Campbell's
 1008-10 Government St. Phone 181

Boy's Wash Suits

\$1.00 to \$2.25

Boys' Wash Suits, in many smart styles. Made from good wearing striped galatea and plain drills, trimmed with braids and contrasting materials. Choose now while the assortment of styles is at its best. Exceptional value at \$1.00 to \$2.25.

To Fit Ages 2 to 6 Years

MUNITION APRONS

With Cap to Match at \$1.50

Just received a shipment of Women's Munition Aprons, made from strong dark grey chambray, long sleeves, button down front from neck to hem, finished with belt. Close fitting cap to match. Just the outfit for women munition workers. Marked special at \$1.50.

New Arrivals in the Art Needlework Section

New arrivals in the Art Needlework Section include the following pieces, stamped and ready to embroider:

- Nightgowns, \$1.25 and \$1.50
- Corset Covers 75c
- Envelope Pillow Slips, pair \$1.50
- Children's Pique Dresses, for ages 1 to 6 yrs., at 65c and 75c
- Dressing Sacques 65c
- Boudoir Caps 25c
- Centres 80c

All Numbers in "Peri Lusta" Crochet Cotton

NEMO CORSETS, \$4.25 TO \$6.75 PAIR

Let us give you this book



It will show you how to reduce the cost of clearing land. It contains 44 illustrations of the most effective methods of blasting. It gives diagrams showing how you can place the charges in ways that will cut down the quantity of Powder needed. Mail the coupon and the book will be sent free.

Make this test. Get a trial case of Giant Stumping Powder. Use it alongside of any other explosive. Keep track of the cost. You will find, as thousands of other British Columbia farmers and lumbermen have found, that Giant Stumping Powder goes further and breaks up the stumps better than ordinary explosives. Giant Stumping Powder has been made in Canada for 32 years, especially for British Columbia stump blasting.

FREE BOOK COUPON

GIANT POWDER COMPANY OF CANADA Limited, Vancouver, B. C.

Send me your book, "Better Farming with Giant Stumping Powder." I am interested in the subjects which I have marked X:

STUMP BLASTING TREE BED BLASTING

BOULDER BLASTING DITCH BLASTING

ROAD MAKING MINING—QUARRYING

Name _____

Address _____

The "Superfluties" Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society

Presents the Famous and Popular

JUVENILE ENTERTAINERS

The Most Unique Aggregation of Kiddies in the World

ALL KIDS—REAL KIDS—CLEVER KIDS

THE SHOW WITH THE PEP—BRIGHT, BREEZY, TUNEFUL AND WITTY

Whole of Profits Will Be Equally Divided Between

"Superfluties" AND The Returned Soldiers' Association OF WINNIPEG

The latter Association caters to the needs of ALL Returned Soldiers passing through Winnipeg to the West as far as Victoria, B.C.

Remember This: No one connected with the Juvenile Entertainers gets one cent remuneration. The children work for nothing, too; they have raised, so far, \$12,000 clear of expenses for the Returned Soldiers, the War Widows and War Orphans.

IT'S A REAL SHOW WITH REAL KIDS. DON'T MISS 'EM. POPULAR PRICES

ROYAL VICTORIA

PRICES—50c AND 25c

Wednesday and Thursday Nights, 8.30; April 11 and 12

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THE DAILY TIMES

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MEMBER OF THE AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATIONS

Announcement

MEETINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS. Notices of meetings, political, suffrage, patriotic, lodge, society, club or church meetings and services, concerts, socials, etc., inserted under special headings of "Meetings" on classified pages at one cent per word per insertion

THE VIMY RIDGE.

Who has not read of the Vimy Ridge? It was one of the immediate objectives of two fierce offensives launched by General Foch in the summer and fall of 1915. If the name has slipped from the reader's recollection we have only to mention a few of its associations to recall it.

Up to this writing the British on the front of the new offensive have captured more than 9,000 prisoners and forty guns. This shows that the Germans were not engaged in any backward movement when Sir Douglas Haig struck and that they were in their full strength on that line.

A study of the map will show that during the first day of the British attack a large bite was taken out of the German front. Most of the main railroad linking Lens with Arras is either in British hands or is commanded by British guns.

the valley of the Scarpe River, east of Arras, the British have taken a promising step along the Arras-Douai road. It is apparent also that the advance east of Arras has involved the northern part of the German front affected in the main retirement from the Somme, sharpening it at Neuville-Vitasse, making necessary its withdrawal towards Douai, and that without delay, in other words, the northern wing of the German army which retired from both sides of the Somme must swing backward, pivoting on St. Quentin.

The British official statement to-day reports heavy fighting along the whole front. Thus the big spring offensive has begun in earnest, and from now onward the heaviest fighting may be expected at the various important strategic points. It will be particularly violent on the front of the latest attack, on both sides of the Bapaume-Cambrai road, around St. Quentin and between La Fere and the Aisne.

The Berlin official bulletin to-day admits the penetration of the German line on the roads "radiating from Arras," but says the British "failed to break through" although inflicting heavy losses on two divisions. We may be sure that the last thing Sir Douglas Haig tried to do was to break through the German line.

Austria Overawed. Austria's action in severing diplomatic relations with the United States shows how completely the Vienna Government remains under the control of Potsdam. The United States calculatingly left the Dual Monarchy out of its war policy in the hope of detaching her from the German orbit.

Undoubtedly the central reserve that Hindenburg is known to have organized from various sources includes among its duties the important one of overawing Germany's allies, besides keeping a wary eye upon Bavaria and Saxony and supplying an emergent need on the main fronts.

HOPELESSLY BEHIGHTED. Brazil is reported to have severed diplomatic relations with Germany, and no doubt will follow this action with a declaration of a state of war.

A study of the map will show that during the first day of the British attack a large bite was taken out of the German front. Most of the main railroad linking Lens with Arras is either in British hands or is commanded by British guns.

struggling. Whatever they may have been taught or compelled to believe about the Entente, by no stretch of the imagination could they picture the United States as seeking their destruction out of envy and malice. If they are so incredibly stupid as to attribute the intervention of the great republic to British pressure then nothing but the most overwhelming disaster can be given a little light to their stagnant public mind.

"SAVING" NEW YORK.

Billy Sunday is trying to illumine the dark places in the soul of New York and this is how he does it: "Come on, you God-forsaken degenerates; come on, you forces of iniquity that have made the church a cuspidor and a doormat to wipe your dirty feet on; come on, you traducers, you triple extract of infamy, you assassins of character, you sponsors of harlotry, you defamers of God and enemies of the church, you bull-necked, beetle-browed, hog-jawed, peanut-brained, weasel-eyed four-flushers, false alarms and excess baggage. In the name of God, I challenge and defy you."

According to the press report of the meeting the refined sentiment so delicately expressed in the foregoing pleased the audience so much that the speaker was applauded to the echo. Probably each thought Sunday was giving a life-like delineation of somebody else. Certainly nobody present ever peered into such a reservoir-sewer as the proper term—of vituperation before. No slumber ever heard its equal and no habitue of the lower levels of the East Side under the stress of the very strongest provocation could touch it.

We wonder how the well-intentioned admirers of Sunday's methods would like to have him re-write the Scriptures as the worst kind of blasphemy, yet such a production would not be a bit more blasphemous than the hideous stuff which he uses on the platform in the name of Christianity. How many parents would permit children of tender years to listen to the coarse expletives which flow from the lips of this speaker? Yet if his mouthings are not fit for children's ears they cannot be fit for the ears of anybody.

The United States Government proposes to raise money by taxing large incomes, war profits and big estates. It intends to make wealth pay its just proportion. It is not going to squeeze the consumer by raising the tariff as high as it will go, as our own Government did.

When Brazil declares war she will take over some forty German vessels interned along her coast. If her example is followed by Argentina and Chili, one-third of the enemy's merchant marine as it existed before the war will have been lost.

Austria's severance of diplomatic relations with the United States presents Uncle Sam with some further substantial addition to his merchant marine. He has now picked up nearly three-quarters of a million tons of enemy shipping.

Russia's new Minister of Justice announces the Slav republic's renunciation of aims of territorial expansion. This is a most important and significant utterance, which may have a momentous effect upon the whole Near Eastern situation.

There is nothing small about the way Uncle Sam is going to war, judging by his initial financial appropriations. The three-billion credit for the Allies is a broadside which will strike Germany with terrific force.

It is beginning to look more like the Armageddon of prophecy every day. There are now twenty straight bell-grenades with several more on the frontiers of war.

A German Councillor speaks of "our colonies" in Asia Minor. This is pretty tough on Turkey, who, however, was bound to lose no matter how the war ended.

AMERICAN LEGISLATOR DEAD. Washington, April 10.—Representative Henry T. Hedges, of North Dakota, Republican and member of Congress since 1911, died here to-day after an operation for appendicitis.

Nut Coal For Your Kitchen

It's the most economical coal you can buy—more convenient and cheaper than lump, gives a better fire, more heat, and free from dirt.

But be sure it's Kirk's, for there's a reason.

\$6.50 PER TON DELIVERED

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1212 BROAD ST. PHONE 100

DRY FIR CORDWOOD \$6.00 PER CORD

Cheaper and Cleaner Than Coal.

Our Wood is ABSOLUTELY DRY and is worth considerably more than the GREEN WOOD, much of which is now being offered on the market.

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It is easy to get a ready-made suit that looks well AT FIRST, but

MADE TO MEASURE

to your special form, is what

COUNTS IN THE LONG RUN

Perfect tailoring means good work all through, whether it is in sight or not.

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STATES LOOKS FOR

WAR WITH AUSTRIA

Wilson, However, Has No Intention of Forcing the Next Step

Washington, April 10.—War between the United States and Austria-Hungary seemed practically certain to-day following the break in diplomatic relations.

President Wilson, however, was believed to have no intention of forcing it by asking Congress to declare that a state of war exists unless some overt act be committed.

The seizure of a number of Austrian ships in American ports may be interpreted as an act of war by Austria.

The intentions of Bulgaria and Turkey were not known to-day, but officials generally believed they also would break relations eventually.

A statement given out by the State Department disclosed that 10 days ago Austria notified the United States that a diplomatic break would occur if the United States should enter war with Germany.

Austrian Note. Austria's note to American Charge Grew, at Vienna, severing diplomatic relations with the United States because of this country's declaration of a state of war with Germany and offering every facility for the return of American officials in Austria, was made public at the State Department to-day, with an official statement, as follows:

"The following dispatch, dated April 8, from American Charge d'Affaires Grew, at Vienna, has been received by the Department of State.

"The Minister of Foreign Affairs has just informed me that the diplomatic relations between the United States and Austria-Hungary are broken and has handed me passports for myself and the members of the Embassy. He states that we may leave the monarchy at our convenience and that every possible courtesy will be extended. An telegraphing consuls to arrange their affairs and proceed to Vienna with a view to leaving for

Switzerland if possible at the end of the week." Decided to Break.

"Following is the translation of the note handed the Minister: 'Since the United States of America has declared that a state of war exists between it and the Imperial German Government, Austria-Hungary, as ally of the German Empire, has decided to break off diplomatic relations with the United States, and the Imperial and Royal Embassy at Washington has been instructed to inform the Department of State to that effect.

"While regretting under these circumstances to see a termination of the personal relations which he has had the honor to hold with the Charge d'Affaires of the United States of America, the undersigned does not fail

to place at the former's disposal herewith passports for the departure from Austria-Hungary of himself and the other members of the embassy. At the same time the undersigned avails himself of the opportunity to renew to the Charge d'Affaires the expression of his most perfect consideration.

(Signed) "Csernin."

ON RIDGE, CANADIANS LOOK DOWN ON DOUAI PLAIN; A CHEAP GAIN

(Continued from page 1.)

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

STORE HOURS: 8.30 TO 6 P.M. SATURDAY, 1 P.M.

An Interesting Sale of Embroideries and Flouncings Arranged for To-morrow at Prices About Half

One of those exceptional purchases we are enabled to make from time to time. But never has a sale of Embroideries been so welcome as this one will be. The fact that it comes at the very opening of the season when most women are considering their late spring and early summer dresses and lingerie, and that it offers the most wanted goods at prices about one-half their regular, just when the prices of most everything are advancing by leaps and bounds, will add materially to the value and interest of this sale.

Some of the pieces included in the following prices are very fine qualities and most exceptional bargains. These will be bought up quickly by early shoppers.

- See Broad street windows to-day for samples, then shop early to-morrow morning. In brief, the details are: 4 to 18-Inch Embroideries. Reg. to 50c. Wednesday, a yard..... 25c 24 to 27-Inch Fine Grade Embroideries, suitable for ladies' and children's dresses. Values to \$1.75. Wednesday, yard..... 75c 18 to 24-Inch Corset Cover Embroideries and Flouncings, beautiful designs, in long cloth, cambric and Swiss. Reg. to \$1.00. Wednesday, a yard..... 50c 18-Inch Corset Cover Embroideries and Flouncings. Values to 75c. Wednesday, a yard..... 35c 45-Inch Flouncings, beautiful qualities and designs. Regular values \$2.50. Wednesday, a yard..... \$1.00

A Big Shipment of Black Silk, Novelty Silk and All-Wool Cloth Skirts Enables Us to Offer Most-Interesting Values From \$7.50 to \$20

An exceptionally big range and some of the most interesting styles and materials shown for several seasons. The separate skirt takes a prominent place in women's dress this spring and summer, and this is quite understandable when you see such attractive novelties as are represented by this assortment. Apart from the style you will also be interested in the values. For instance:

- BLACK TAFFETA SILK SKIRTS, \$7.50 Various styles, cut full and finished with novelty pockets, handsomely embroidered in colors. These are exceptional values. NOVELTY SILK SKIRTS, \$12.50 TO \$20.00 Skirts in many new novelty styles and in all the latest novelty materials. There are wide and narrow stripes, checks, and plaids; also bright shades in Shantung. Some are very elaborate and will be most useful for garden party or dressy outing wear. EXTREME NOVELTIES AT \$20.00 The price may appear a little high, but these Skirts are all very extreme novelties, tailored from exclusive all-wool materials. There are skirts of fine all-wool plaids, large and small checks, stripes and various other designs that will appeal strongly to the exclusive dresser. Come in and see these Skirts to-morrow while assortment is at its best.

DEMONSTRATION OF

7-Sutherland Sisters-7

Hair Grower and Hair and Scalp Cleaner

Daily from 8.30 to 6 p.m., in our Annex, corner of View and Broad streets.

Free consultations daily, 2.30 to 5 p.m.

Special price offer during period of demonstration.

Extra Values in Fibre Matting Suit Cases on Sale Wednesday

Suit Cases in useful sizes, and just a nice light and medium weight for summer travel. For the week-end or short holiday trips, nothing more serviceable. All Cases are well made and neatly finished.

- Fibre Matting Suit Case, with leather handle, brass lock and sideclasp, steel corners, nicely lined inside, all made on a steel frame— Size 14-inch. Special at..... \$1.50 Size 16-inch. Special at..... \$1.60 Size 18-inch. Special at..... \$1.70 Size 22-inch. Special at..... \$2.10 Size 24-inch. Special at..... \$2.25 Size 26-inch. Special at..... \$2.40 Same style Case, with two stout leather outside straps. Size 24-inch. Special at..... \$2.95 Size 26-inch. Special at..... \$3.10 Fibre Matting Suit Case, in better grade matting, finished with leather corners. Size 24-inch. Special at..... \$2.40 Size 26-inch. Special at..... \$2.55 Similar Case, finished with two stout leather outside straps. Size 24-inch. Special at..... \$3.50 Size 26-inch. Special at..... \$3.65 Extra Deep Fibre Matting Suit Case, with leather swing handle, shirt fold and 4 straps, good brass lock and side clasp, leather corners. Size 24-inch..... \$3.10 Size 26-inch..... \$3.25 Similar Suit Case, with two stout leather outside straps. Size 24-inch. Special at..... \$4.25 Size 26-inch. Special at..... \$4.40 Fibre Matting Suit Case, suitable for ladies, leatherette bound edges, brass lock and side clasp, leather corners, cloth lining with fancy pocket in lid, tapes in body and lid. Size 24-inch. Special..... \$4.25 Size 26-inch. Special..... \$4.50 Similar Case, with two heavy leather outside straps. Size 24-inch. Special at..... \$5.35 Size 26-inch. Special at..... \$5.60 Black Club Bags, made of fabricoid fibre that is guaranteed to wear better than a low grade sheepskin, perfectly waterproof, finished with double leather handle, side clasp and good lock and key. Size 16-inch. Special at..... \$7.50 Size 18-inch. Special at..... \$8.25

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

varian garrisons were dazed into surrender and in the first hour more than 1,000 prisoners were hustled back and five machine guns captured. The second and third lines, which had been crumpled almost beyond recognition by the sudden increase in what had been a steady, heavy bombardment, were defended with greater tenacity, but the driving rain which for once came from behind and was in the Canadians' favor, helped considerably. The heavier Canadian and British guns then started another concentrated bombardment. It must have caught the enemy's complicated system of light railways for, according to one wounded man from Vancouver, his battalion captured a small train of supplies with a little deserted engine in which steam was still up.

with which the Canadians were well acquainted after many raids, was gained with slight casualties. The Ba-

ON RIDGE, CANADIANS LOOK DOWN ON DOUAI PLAIN; A CHEAP GAIN

(Continued from page 1.)

There are many kinds of Scotch Whiskies—but when you require a "good Scotch"—be sure to ask for

"Grant's Stand Fast"

Aged—Mild—Mellow
Per Bottle \$1.50

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Family Wine and Spirit Merchants. Incorporated 1870
Open Till 10 p.m. Telephone 4253
1812 Douglas Street We Deliver

A GREAT RELIEF

To know that our Easter Footwear is the most up-to-date goods in the city. Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes at right prices.

THE BETTER VALUE SHOE STORE

Maynard's Shoe Store

849 Yates Street

Phone 1232

Spring Dress Accessories

It is the little refinements of dress, the accessories and dainty sundries that set off a new Easter Suit to the best advantage. We have—

- Blouses—Prettily trimmed Voile Blouses, from \$3.99 to \$1.50
- Silk Gloves—"Queen Quality," \$1.25, \$1.00 and 75¢
- Lisle Hose—Black or white, from 25¢
- Silk Hose—Black or white, from 50¢

G.A. Richardson & Co.

Victoria House, 636 Yates St.

Victoria Wood Co.

809 Johnson St. Phone 2274

Buy your wood direct from the dealers and save real estate agents' commission.

Stove Lengths
\$5.50
Per Cord

University School for Boys

Recent successes at McGill University. Second place in Canada in 1916 at the Royal Military College, Kingston, Canadian Navy, B. C. Survivors' Preliminary Cadet Corps and Shooting. Separate and special arrangements for Junior Boys.

BOYS TAKEN FROM 8 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS

Summer Term commences April 18. Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.). Headmaster—J. C. Barnacle, Esq. (London University). For particulars and prospectus apply the Headmaster.

APRIL 30th

Is the end of the fiscal year of the Local Young Men's Christian Association.

\$2,000 over the ordinary revenue is needed this month to close with a clean sheet.
WILL YOU HELP prevent a deficit on this useful work by sending in a gift of \$10, \$25, \$50, \$100, or \$200 in proportion to your ability?

STAMPED AND READY FOR MAILING
VICTORIA DAILY TIMES
APPLY OFFICE, 5c. PER COPY

BRIEF NEWS OF THE CITY

Phoenix Book now on sale.

B. C. Funeral Co. (Maynard's) Ltd.—Established 50 years. Modern chapel and parlors. Certificated embalmers. Motor or horse equipment. Always open, 734 Broughton Street. Phone 2235

Phoenix Book now on sale.

Sutton's Seeds direct this year from Sutton & Sons, Reading, England. Packets reduced to 10c each. A. J. Woodward, Florist.

Phoenix Book now on sale.

Polish Up Your Furniture with Nu-surface Polish. It puts on a lasting polish. 25c for 8 oz., at R. A. Brown & Co's.

Phoenix Book now on sale.

Owl Auto Service is now prepared to furnish autos or taxis at any hour of the day or night at reasonable rates. Phone 299.

Phoenix Book now on sale.

The Only Way to enjoy the beauties of the Gorge. Get a boat or canoe. Gorge Park Boat House.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, \$2.00 per dozen.

Phoenix Book now on sale.

You Need Not Be Without a really reliable time-keeper, as a first-class 7-Jewel Watch, in dust-proof case can be purchased from Haynes, 1124 Government Street, for \$5.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, 2 for 50c.

TEL. 1322.

BELMONT TEA ROOMS DE LUXE
Light Lunches and Teas. Special Savoury Teas on Fridays. Exhibition of Watercolors by Western Art Studio. Corner of Humboldt and Gordon Streets.

"If you get it at PLIMLEY'S it's all right"

Let Plimley Overhaul Your Car This Spring

HE promises you a thorough workmanlike job at a very reasonable expense to you. Just bring your car round to-day and let him give you an estimate.

Plimley Does— Retouching Paint and Enamel, Upholstering, Dressing, Etc., Radiator Repairs, Fenders Straightened.

Plimley Supplies— Packing Gaskets, Wiring, Grease and Oils.

Plimley always has a complete stock of
TIRES—Dunlop, Kelly-Springfield, Dominion, and Goodyear Tires.

AUTOS 727-735
Cycles 611
Thomas Plimley
Johnson St., Phone 697 Phone 693 View St

ROBBERY IS COMMITTED

Watches and Rings Are Taken From Window of 1009 Douglas Street.

About the hour of eleven o'clock last evening the premises at 1009 Douglas Street, in which is situated the jewellery store of H. Billingsley, were visited by a burglar or burglars, who, unobserved, made away with a considerable amount of property which was displayed in the window. The window in the front part of the store is formed by a large pane of glass which the thief broke, thus making an aperture stretching almost completely across the show window. Having done this the culprit was able to reach everything which was in the case and succeeded in carrying away seven watches and a ring of a total value of approximately \$25.

H. Billingsley, the proprietor of the establishment, was notified of the occurrence late last night by the police, and, on arriving at his store, found the window smashed and the contents of the case gone. As yet no indication of the whereabouts of the thief has been found, but the local force is investigating the case.

FACES TWO CHARGES

Maxine Powells Arraigned in Court as Keeper of Disorderly House.

Arraigned upon two charges, the first that she was the keeper of a disorderly house and the second that without a license she did unlawfully sell liquor, Maxine Powells was brought before Magistrate Jay in the City Police Court this morning.

The former charge—the accused pleaded guilty and sentence will be passed upon her to-morrow. In the latter case a plea of not guilty was submitted, and at the request of the prosecution the hearing was remanded until to-morrow.

In conjunction with the above case Mabel Woods was charged with being the inmate of the disorderly house of which Maxine Powells is said to be the keeper. She pleaded guilty to the offence and sentence will be delivered to-morrow.

AUTOMOBILE OVERTURNED

James Drummond Injured at Chemoainus Spends a Week in Hospital.

James Drummond, of St. Patrick Street, Oak Bay, returned home yesterday after being laid up for a week at the Chemoainus Hospital. While driving in the neighborhood of Chemoainus a week ago the automobile in which Drummond was driving upset and pinned him and his companion beneath the car. For nearly two hours they were crushed almost lifeless when someone found them and released them from their predicament. They were taken to the hospital and under careful treatment Mr. Drummond has sufficiently recovered to return home. Mr. Drummond says that he was driving very slowly at the time of the accident. The wheels of the car sank into a hole in the road and the steering gear was put out of action.

AN INVITATION TO WOMEN

Women are invited to visit the laboratory of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. at Lynn, Mass., and see for themselves with what accuracy, skill and cleanliness this wonderful remedy for women's ailments is prepared. Over 250,000 pounds of roots and herbs are used annually in making this famous medicine. The great bins of herbs, the huge tanks filled with the medicine ready to be bottled, and the bottling room where it is put up and labelled for the market, cannot help but impress them with the reliability of this good, old-fashioned root and herb remedy, which for the past forty years has been so successful in the home treatment of female ills.

Expect to Finish This Week

It is understood that the city ploughing and harrowing of vacant lots should be finished this week.

City Engineer of Seattle to Speak

At the meeting of the Victoria Branch of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers, to be held to-morrow evening at the board room of Belmont House, the speaker will be City Engineer Dimock, of Seattle, who will lecture on "Municipal Engineering in Seattle."

Each Fined \$10

Two fines of \$10 were imposed this morning in the police court. The one against W. S. Fawcett for driving his motor on the right hand side of the road and the other against J. P. Smith, of the delivery service of Copas & Young's Grocery, for driving a car at a rate of speed greater than that permitted by the law.

WINNIPEG JUVENILES COMING THIS WEEK

Will Perform at Royal Victoria Theatre Wednesday and Thursday

The famous Juvenile Entertainers will perform at the Royal Victoria Theatre on Wednesday and Thursday nights of this week.

This startlingly original show is being presented by the "Superfitties" branch of the Canadian Red Cross Association. Half the profits will go to this society and half to the Returned Soldiers' Association of Winnipeg. The latter association caters to the needs of the Victoria soldiers returning from the war, and of all other western soldiers passing back through Winnipeg.

Who are the Juvenile Entertainers? It would fill a book to give an adequate answer. First of all, let it be said that they are children.

"Yes," you say rather doubtfully, "adults dressed down to look like children."

If you think so, you are welcome to snoop over to the C.P.R. Car No. 2999 and ask the porter to show you through.

You will find toys galore—things that delight the hearts of children from seven to twelve years old.

"Then," you ask, "what are they doing here? If they are so small, what can they do?"

That is where the wonderful part of it comes in. Past deeds speak more eloquently than promises. These children have played in the biggest theatres in Western Canada, and not only played to capacity audiences, but turned thousands away.

They had to repeat their concerts owing to the clamorous public demand. Critics have gone to their show with the intention of saying something nice "because they were kids." They have gone away dumbfounded, startled and amazed.

Premier Norris, of Manitoba, on receiving his first invitation to see the Juveniles, attended the performance as a sort of public duty. In less than five minutes he settled himself down in his chair and began to thoroughly enjoy himself. After the show, the Premier walked up to a newspaper critic and said: "I want you to say, in your paper to-morrow, that I never before enjoyed myself so much in my life. These children are wonderful; I am simply amazed."

The next point, therefore is: "Why are these children on the stage? What is it all about?"

For the past year and a half these children have given performances all over Manitoba. They have not received one cent for their services, nor does any remuneration go to their adult managers.

Every cent above expenses has been contributed to the cause of the returned soldier, and especially to the war widows and the war orphans.

The concerts given by these children in the past were staged generally at week-ends, so as not to interfere with their school studies. Yet—here in the marvel of it all—in a year they raised by such concerts twelve thousand dollars above expenses—for the war veterans, their families, the widows and the fatherless.

And the show! It goes through with a pep, and it winds up with a flourish that keeps the audience in its seats hoping for more. And this despite the fact that the children are generous with their encores.

When the kiddies gave their first concert in Saskatoon the mayor of that town arranged to let the school children out early the next afternoon so that they could attend the matinee.

"These children," said the Mayor, "have done more good for the Saskatoon Returned Soldiers' Association in one day than we have done by our combined efforts since organization."

Saskatoon begged for a return date. It was the same at Yorkton.

At Calgary, the most unapproachable critic of that city—Everett Marshall, of the Herald—went to the show with reluctance. "I can't for the life of me see how such small children can interest me," he said. "I'll stay for a couple of numbers." He stayed all through, and devoted a column and a half to them in his paper the next day, in which he used such words as "remarkable," "wonderful," and so on.

Resolved—That this association in annual meeting assembled, extend to our member, Dr. Sutherland, its best wishes, and herewith express its continued confidence in him. And it is further resolved that this association desires to congratulate the member for his riding on his able address delivered on the floor of the House on the debate in reply to the Speech from the Throne and fully appreciate the fact that it was the first time in the history of the province that the immense natural resources of this particular district were placed clearly before the legislators of this province from the floor of the House.

Resolutions of condolence were

Quick Action Counts When a \$700 Player-Piano



—Is Offered for Only

\$450

Your Piano Taken as Part Payment
Easy Installments Arranged to Suit You

You can gain no conception of the value of this offering unless you actually see the instrument. It is a high-grade, 88-note Player Piano of a well-known standard make. Encased in a beautifully designed cabinet of dull oak, you would scarcely credit that it has been service, so little has it been used. It has only been with us a day or two, but during that time our piano experts have gone thoroughly over it and have pronounced it perfect in every detail.

Twenty-five music rolls and a stool go with this Player-Piano. Investigate this to-morrow, sure!

FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House
1121 GOVERNMENT STREET AND 607 VIEW STREET
In the New Spencer Building

TO RESIDENTS OF FAIRFIELD

The Fairfield Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society has received permission from Headquarters (owing to the extraordinary demands that are expected to be made on same) to make a canvass of the district for monthly subscriptions, and to this end a committee of business men has been organized which has undertaken to see that a complete canvass is made.

The amount asked for is set within the reach of all, a monthly subscription of from ten cents to one dollar being asked of each and every person residing in the district.

As is well-known, the "GREAT DRIVE" is to commence very soon, with its consequent heavy casualty lists, and as RED CROSS PRODUCTS are mainly wanted at these times of great stress, the Branch hopes that there will be a liberal response to the appeal of the collectors.

As each collector has undertaken to call on about fifty houses, it is urged that when he calls YOU will assist him by coming to his aid with a quick response.

All collectors will be provided with written authority and will leave a subscription card with their receipt on same.
PLEASE GIVE LIBERALLY AND QUICKLY
L. E. ALDRIDGE, Convener.

More Lady Helpers are urgently needed at the rooms of the Branch, and if you are not now working for RED CROSS an offer of help will be gratefully received.

FAIRFIELD BRANCH, ROOMS COR. LINDEN AND MAY
PHONE 3894L.

General Hardware Beaver Board Garden Tools

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd
1129 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.
Telephones 3 and 2361.

REVELSTOKE LIBERALS

Annual Meeting Elects Officers and Passes Resolutions of Confidence:

At the annual meeting of the Revelstoke Liberal Association the following resolutions were passed:

"Resolved—That this association desire to express its unbounded confidence in Hon. H. C. Brewster and his Government, and firmly believe that under their able management the province will have honest, prosperous and progressive legislation."

"Resolved—That this association in annual meeting assembled, extend to our member, Dr. Sutherland, its best wishes, and herewith express its continued confidence in him. And it is further resolved that this association desires to congratulate the member for his riding on his able address delivered on the floor of the House on the debate in reply to the Speech from the Throne and fully appreciate the fact that it was the first time in the history of the province that the immense natural resources of this particular district were placed clearly before the legislators of this province from the floor of the House."

Resolutions of condolence were

Esquimalt Town Liberal Association

The Annual Meeting of the Association will be held at Jones' Hall, 1421 Esquimalt Road, on Tuesday, April 10, 1917, at 8 p.m., for the election of officers and for such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

J. W. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

that their intentions were not of an immoral nature. He also asked that in view of the fact that two of the men were married the penalty be not severe in order that it might not work a hardship on the wives and families of the men.

Magistrate Jay stated that it was only the consideration of the wives and families which in any way influenced him in imposing only a small penalty.

IN DISORDERLY HOUSE

Three Men Are Fined \$15 for Being Found in Figgard Premises.

A Practical Demonstration—One result of General Manager Hutchinson's visit to the Empress Hotel last week is that the head gardener has received encouragement to have the half-acre of land against Douglas Street cultivated for the growing of potatoes, thus bringing into cultivation the whole of the C. P. R. acreage around the hotel block.

ROYAL VICTORIA

Grand Revival Week

Change of Programme Each Day

NOTICE

A large number of the patrons of the Royal and Dominion Theatres have requested the management to repeat a number of their favorite plays.

So, taking this into consideration, a change of programme will be given each day.

Remember, each of these features will star some of the best actors and actresses who now appear in the silent drama.

If you have seen these pictures, tell your friends how good they are.

If you have not seen them, ask your friends who have what they think of them.

Each picture is a guaranteed attraction.

Cut out the list below and pick your favorite star and play.

TO-NIGHT

Mabel Taliaferro

in

"HER GREAT PRICE"

FRIDAY
MME. TROVA

"What Will People Say"

SATURDAY

MME. PETROVA

"The Scarlet Woman"

DOMINION

TO-DAY
and Wednesday

Presents the Peerless
Emotional Actress

TO-DAY
and Wednesday

MADAME PETROVA

A HIGHLY
DRAMATIC
STORY
OF
SOCIETY
AND
THE
STAGE



A
WONDERFUL
PLAY
OF
UNUSUAL
POWER
CONTAINING
NOVELTY
ROMANCE
AND
THRILLS

IN

"The Soul Market"

VICTORIA BIRDMAN'S DISTRESSING INJURY

Nerves of Both Eyes Frozen
During Flight Over
North Sea

The perils of the airman, even by the uninitiated, can be well appreciated. Every day brings the news of the most extraordinary feats performed at tremendous altitudes. New records by both British and Canadian airmen are being set "rule" than the exception. There now comes the news of the painful injury to Flight Commander Curtis Watson, of this city, which gives some idea of the many perils the birdman must encounter. In a flight over the North Sea, Commander Watson had omitted to affix his goggles with the result that the nerves of both eyes were frozen.

Advice to hand, however, state that consultation with specialists in London has removed the doubt as to the possible loss of the sight of one eye and a serious impairing of the other, a possibility at first. It is gratifying to learn that in the course of a few days he will have quite recovered and, contrary to expectation, he will not even be required to wear glasses. He is anticipating leave in order to allow the eyes a fair chance to become strong again, during the course of which he will take the opportunity to visit relatives in Edinburgh.

Flight Commander Watson is a son of Robert Watson, the proprietor of Watson's Shoe Store, 525 Yates Street, and left here in July, 1915. Following a few weeks of training at Toronto, with weather conditions unfavorable, he transferred to the School of Aviation conducted by the Wright Brothers at Dayton, Ohio. It did not take long for the young aviator to pass the qualifying tests. He proceeded to England in October of 1915 and trained at Eastbourne and Portsmouth. On the passing of his final examinations he was sent to Dover where he inaugurated a new system of training observers, work which was attended by considerable success.

He has the distinction of having attempted to vanquish one of Count Zeppelin's "aluminum battleships" single handed over the North Sea, but was forced to give up the unequal fight on account of engine trouble. The disconcerting experience of floating on those troubled waters for fifteen hours followed. Since he has been at the front he has had many thrilling experiences in the air and was recently in one of the large squadrons to raid the enemy's aerodromes in Belgium, the result of which was quite satisfactory.

Phoenix Book now on sale.

RECRUITING JOURNEY WAS SUCCESSFUL ONE

Lieut. Evans, C. E., Finishes
His Mission of Explanation
About Engineers

The campaign in behalf of recruiting for the Royal Engineers, recently carried out by Lieut. Evans, has met with a good deal of success in every district through which he passed during his long trip. He commenced from Victoria about two months ago, proceeding to Prince Rupert, thence over the Grand Trunk eastwards almost to the Alberta boundary, returning via the Yellowhead and down the North Thompson to the main line of the C.P.R. The principal towns of the interior were visited and, where possible, Lieut. Evans exhibited his fifteen hundred feet of film at the various picture houses. The film in question shows the men of the 6th Field Company undergoing their training at North Vancouver.

One of the principal features of the tour was to dispel the idea that the Canadian Engineer is the pick-and-shovel man in France. Lieut. Evans rather alludes to the Engineer as the "aristocrat" in that particular branch of the service. An Engineer private, if he does not possess the knowledge, is taught during the course of his training the scientific principles of engineering as understood in the military sense, the major portion of which knowledge stands him in good stead when he returns to civil life.

Many of the men seen personally by Lieut. Evans on his trip have responded to the call and found their way to North Vancouver. A wire was received yesterday from the Mayor of Prince George saying that he had signed on a number of the South African War. A number have gone over recently from Victoria, and Lieut. Evans states that the demand is more insistent than ever.

KILLED IN ACTION

Victoria Letter Carrier Makes the Supreme Sacrifice in France.

Information received in the city yesterday tells of the death in action of Private H. N. Canning, of Victoria. The war had not been in progress more than a month or so when Mr. Canning left the city for the Old Country with the object of taking up munition work. He soon enlisted with a Canadian battalion in England, however, and went to the fighting front.

Before leaving Victoria he was en-

gaged at the Post Office as a letter carrier and belonged to the Letter Carriers' Association. Private Canning is the third member of that body to make the supreme sacrifice during the present war. His parents are now resident in Calgary, having moved there from Burnside Road.

SPLENDID TRIBUTE TO HIS COMMANDER

Private of 54th Tells of the Last Moments of Colonel Kembell

Reference was made in these columns recently to the death in action of Lieut. Col. Kembell, D. S. O., the gallant commander of the 5th Kootenay Battalion, who met his end while bravely leading his men to the attack. The deceased officer was a resident of Kaslo before going to the front. His widow is now residing in Vancouver. The following quotations from a letter written by Private Chadwick, a Vancouver soldier, to his wife, are a splendid tribute to the Commander of the 6th, both as a soldier and a man. Private Chadwick was attached to the personal service of Colonel Kembell, in consequence of which no one could have a better opportunity of appreciating his sterling qualities. The letter reads in part as follows:

Gassed First.
"You will have heard before this of the death of our beloved Colonel. He was killed whilst on a raid, and he died a brave man, among his men, who were equally as brave to face that terrible fire, which was poured into them. I guess it hit Kaslo pretty hard, and I am sure his family must be near frantic with grief. I can't seem to realize that he has gone from us yet. He was a fine officer and a fine man to be around with, so patient, so just and straightforward. I shall never forget the last morning he went out. He went out to watch the first barrage and gas put over (we were sending gas over on the enemy), and came back to report to the brigade. He had then had a bad dose of gas, and never ought to have gone out again. But no, he was set on going over with the boys, and it would have taken a good deal to stop him. He put his hat on and with a wave of his hand said: "As revoir, boys," and with a smile on his face left for the last time, alive."

Buried Among Allies.
"They got his body two days later and buried him the following day a few miles behind the lines in a beautiful cemetery, full of French soldiers, who were gassed some time back. I carried a large artificial wreath, a token from his brother officers. Oh, it was an impressive ceremony, the band playing, big guns roaring, aeroplanes hovering overhead and a ruined village in the distance. Just try and picture it all in your mind. You can guess how I felt, and many of the war-hardened fellows were moved to tears, men who you would think were beyond feeling."

SOUTH AFRICAN'S WORK AT DELVILLE WOOD

Descendants of Original East
London German Settlers
Fighting Modern Hun

Although in the light of latter events, the magnitude of which cannot yet be appreciated, the early days of the great Somme battle are almost forgotten. Montauban, Longueval, Delville Wood, and the many names associated with the first few weeks of July last are mere incidents now in the great events moving for the final overthrow of the Hun. In one part of the British Empire, however, Delville Wood will be long remembered. An Ypres is to Canada so is Delville Wood to South Africa. That will be a page of history upon which both races in South Africa can look with equal pride.

The official casualty list, included in a booklet recently issued by the Cape Delville Wood, told in Letters from the Front," shows that men of British and of Dutch descent have fought and fallen in the same cause in the same action. And to quote the words used in the brief introduction, "the cause for which they have fallen is as truly the cause of South Africa as if the battle of Delville Wood had been fought on the South African border in repelling the invader."

German Ancestry.
"Each one of the letters included in the booklet is a human document in itself and through all of them runs the note of elation at great deeds done, if also of sorrow for gallant comrades who fell by the way. General Lukin's succinct account of the battle forms a remarkable chapter and was compiled by the authority of the War Office. The casualties amongst the South African troops in the one engagement were 143 officers and 3,139 men killed, wounded and missing."

One of the remarkable features of this unique booklet, although no mention whatever is made in the document itself, is the large number of essentially German names appearing in the casualty list, as quite distinct from those of purely Dutch origin. This is explained in a letter accompanying the booklet received in the city on Saturday last from a private who enlisted at East London, South Africa, and went through the famous battle. He states that the German legion raised by Great Britain in Southern Germany, and who fought against the Russians in the Crimea, volunteered for service with the allied forces at that time with the promise from Great Britain that on the completion of the campaign each one should receive a certain

amount of land in one or other of the British colonies.

Fighting Their Countrymen.

A substantial draft of the survivors of this legion went to East London, at that time a newly opened port in Cape Colony, now the third port in the Union. On arrival there every member was presented with a town lot and a farm outside the town. During the next few years many were joined by their women folk from Germany and the settlement grew and prospered. Such names in the casualty list as Ehke, Hirtzel, Hahn, Haarhoff, Francklow, Kleinhaus, Kurz, Moltke, Rothkugel, Schon are representative of the third generation of the original settlers, who are thoroughly British in their sentiments although the German is used extensively by them in their everyday life.

Many of the East London Volunteers, in view of their thorough knowledge of the German language, were drafted to the Intelligence Department of the headquarters staff to the South African contingents, and as such have acquitted themselves magnificently.

RED CROSS WORK

Mackenzie Avenue Branch of the Red Cross met at the home of Mrs. Birkby last week. A very encouraging report of the work done during March was sent in by Mrs. George Rogers, convener of the committee, showing that there had been handed in 14 day shirts, 25 suits pyjamas, 46 pairs socks, 72 abdominal bandages and one complete comfort bag. The report was accompanied by a very cheery note wishing the members a happy Easter and a bigger showing for April.

Oak Bay Branch.
A bridge tournament is being given on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Doe in aid of the funds of the Oak Bay Red Cross Branch. The drawing for the harbinging table cloth will be held at 4 o'clock, and afternoon tea will be served.

North Ward Branch.
The North Ward Branch rooms reopened to-day for work, with Mrs. Beard in charge. On Friday, April 13, a dance is to be held under the auspices of this branch at St. John's Hall, Herald Street, the following ladies having kindly undertaken to act as chaperones during the evening: Mrs. Ben Gonnason, Mrs. T. Palmer, Mrs. R. T. Elliott, Mrs. Holmes, Mrs. Dinnsdale, Mrs. Wallis and Mrs. Clark. Capt. R. Wallis will take charge of the floor arrangements. Contributions of cash or suitable edibles for the supper will be welcomed. Tickets of admission can be obtained at the rooms in the Scott Building, or from W. E. Wallis, Quadra and Hillside; or F. W. Fawcett, Douglas Street and King's Road. Members of the committee will also have tickets for sale.

Mrs. C. W. Bradshaw will give a bridge tea in the rooms on Saturday, April 14, in aid of the Red Cross. Home-made candy is to be sold during the afternoon, and gifts for the purpose will be welcomed.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quart, 2 for 50c.

SIXTY HAVE JOINED Ten Men From 5th Regiment Go to Overseas Ammunition Column.

To swell the ranks of the Divisional Ammunition Column, now being raised for overseas service by Lieut. Finnick, at the Willows, ten men from the 5th Regiment, C. G. A., transferred to the draft this morning. The total number recruited has now reached the sixty mark and progress at that rate will mean departure before the end of the month. To take advantage of the necessary riding instruction and other incidental training recruits who are desirous of going overseas with the column during the next few weeks, should make application to join without delay. Full particulars are obtainable at the recruiting office on Government Street or at the Willows.

FAMOUS JUVENILES



THE HOLMES TWINS

Two clever youngsters with the Juvenile Entertainers, playing at the Royal Victoria on Wednesday and Thursday, under the auspices of the Superfluties.

WON'T YOU HELP US

Save the starving and distressed old women, old men, children and babes in Russian Poland by sending a contribution to the Victoria Branch, Russian Polish Jewish Relief Society. Their need is very urgent. Headquarters, Fred Landsberg 54 Fort St., and I. Waxstock, 1241 Brass

Clean and Wholesome

as if you baked them yourself—with a crisp, uniform perfection possible only in a fully equipped modern bakery.

Som-Mor Biscuit

make an appetizing, satisfying lunch, and add welcome variety to any meal. In Packages only—Plain or Salted.

For all occasions, and especially for the children, try our ROYAL ARROWROOT BISCUIT



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Houses Built at \$16 per Month and Upwards

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BEAUTY CULTURE

It is just as good doing anything while disguised with those ugly hairs. Electrolysis, which has complete medical endorsement, is the only permanent way to remove them. MISS HANMAN, Qualified Specialist, 228 Campbell Bldg. Phone 3624

Provide for the Future SECURE FOR YOURSELF A LOVELY HOMESITE IN THE COUNTRY WHILE PRICES ARE LOW.

CHOICE WATERFRONT ACREAGE

at Metcumin, close to Church School, Hall, Post Office, Station. Commands a view of the Straits and snowed Olympics which is unsurpassed.

ONLY \$150 PER ACRE

TO ENTER FISH BUSINESS.

William Manson, formerly chairman of the Agricultural Credits Board, and for a number of years representative of Prince Rupert in the Legislative Assembly, contemplates engaging in the fishing business with headquarters at Prince Rupert, according to reports from the northern port.

SEWARD FORMERLY IN ALASKA SERVICE

American Steamship Sunk Without Warning Was Once Owned by Alaska S. S. Co.

The most recent American victim of Teutonic unrestricted submarine warfare, the steamship Seward, was well known on this coast, having been operated for a number of years in the Seattle-Alaska trade.

The Seward was built for the Alaska Steamship Company by Moran Brothers, of Seattle, in 1907, and she was operated on this coast until May, 1916, when she was sold to M. H. Tracey & Co., of New York, at a figure said to be in the vicinity of \$300,000.

In turn sold the Seward to C. W. Harrison & Co., of New York, who chartered her to Proctor & Gamble, of Cincinnati.

ed from Bellingham with a cargo of lumber for Callao. Capt. John Johnson, one of the best known skippers of the Alaska Steamship Co., commanded the Seward on her voyage to New York via the West Coast and the Panama Canal.

VANCOUVER GETS NEWS

Next Effort Will Be Made to Float Steamer Prince Rupert on April 20.

Vancover, April 10.—The G. T. P. steamship Prince Rupert, ashore on Glenn Island since March 23, will not make an effort to float until April 20.

As related yesterday the attempts on Sunday and yesterday failed, and the next big tide will not come along until Friday week.

TRADE COMMISSIONER LEAVING ON RUSSIA

Paul Page Whitham, Representing U. S. Department of Commerce, Making Tour

Among the passengers sailing for the Orient this week aboard the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services liner Empress of Russia will be Paul Page Whitham, Federal Trade Commissioner of the United States, who is making a tour of China and Siberia under the auspices of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the U. S. Department of Commerce.

For many years Mr. Whitham was consulting engineer and also chief engineer of the Seattle Port Commission, having been appointed Federal Trade Commissioner about two months ago, and since that time he has been in Washington and New York preparing for his mission abroad.

Mr. Whitham's itinerary first takes him to Shanghai, from which point he will start his tour in North China.

MASTS TO BE STEPPED

Riggers Due to Start Work on Schooner Laurel Whalen To-morrow.

The stepping of the masts aboard the auxiliary schooner Laurel Whalen will start to-morrow, according to an announcement made to-day by Manager Pritch. The masts are now ready to be installed and it is expected that the vessel will be ready to go on berth toward the latter part of May.

SERIOUS SITUATION FOR NEW SCHOONERS

Canadian Lumber Carrying Ships Discriminated Against in Australian Trade

The following report was presented to the Council of the Victoria Board of Trade this morning by G. W. Paterson on behalf of the Trade, Commerce and Transportation committee, dealing with the question of the discrimination at the present time against Canadian ships carrying lumber between this continent and Australia:

"Your Committee on Trade, Commerce and Transportation beg to report consideration of the letter addressed to the Board of Trade by H. B. Thomson, Superintendent of the Shipping Credit Commission, calling attention to the Australian trade line on Canadian lumber carrying vessels.

"It appears that under the Commonwealth of Australia Navigation Act of 1912 provision is made for fixing the load-line of every ship before proceeding to sea, but vessels operating under United States register are exempted, and if this course is continued the vessels being built in this province will be put out of business as far as carrying lumber to Australia is concerned.

"We have therefore instructed your secretary to present the case to the Honorable Sir George E. Foster and urge that either: (a) United States vessels carrying lumber to Australian ports should be subject to the regulations now enforced against Canadian vessels; (b) that Canadian vessels carrying lumber to Australian ports should be afforded the same privileges as are now given to vessels under the flag of the United States.

"We have also asked that the necessary representations may be made to the Australian Government with the least possible delay.

"The report was formally adopted, the telegram already having been dispatched to Sir George Foster, immediately prior to the holidays.

CREW OF BRIGANTINE ARE SAFE AT SECHART

Capt. C. A. Darling and Eight Seamen Expected to Arrive Here on Steamer Tees

Capt. C. A. Darling and the crew of the American brigantine Harriet G. which was abandoned after she had become water-logged and dismasted in a gale off Cape Flattery on Sunday, are now safe at the Victoria Whaling Company's Whaling Station at Sechart, on the west coast of Vancouver Island, unharmed and none the worse for their exciting experience.

MISSIONARY'S REPORT

Good Work Done Among Visiting Seamen in Port During Past Month.

The Port Missionary's Report for the month ending March 31, 1917 to the Ladies' Guild of the Congregational Seaman's Institute noted that the H. M. S. Avoca boys continued to use the Institute frequently and to write their letters. There had been considerable sickness among the boys this month, but most of them, the report stated, had been able to return to their duties again.

There had been several applications for men from various ships, but unfortunately it was impossible to supply the demand. Mr. Mitchell, Dr. Hudson, Miss Newcombe, Mrs. Cruckshanks and Mrs. Gilbert Cook contributed literature. A consignment of tracts were received from The Bible House, Los Angeles, and The Grant Publishing House, Los Angeles, Cal. Sacks and parcels of magazines, portion of the Word of God and tracts were sent to H. M. S. Avoca, the whaling fleet and the schooner Margaret Haney. Gramophone records would be appreciated.

The Sailors' Sunday in the city churches is to be held on the first Sunday in June. Mrs. Tomperly has undertaken to visit the sailor patients in the T. B. ward of the Royal Jubilee Hospital. Mrs. Ranns and her company of soldiers' wives have undertaken to plant the Institute garden. The ground to the rear of the Equipt building is now being prepared for the planting of vegetables.

Statistics for the month are as follows: Lumber signing book, 42; visits recorded, 127; free beds, 31; letters received and written, 62; port missionary's visits to vessel 9, hospitals 22, sick sailors 52, sick soldiers (not recorded), sailors' homes 10, dockyard 6; services held, 4; magazines distributed, 18 sacks and parcels; Word of God distributed, 198; tracts distributed, 207.

Canadian Northern Railway TRANSCONTINENTAL LEAVES VANCOUVER

8:00 A.M. SUNDAY WEDNESDAY FRIDAY, 9:00 A.M. SCENIC ROUTE BETWEEN VANCOUVER AND TORONTO. SHORT LINE TO EDMONTON AND PRAIRIE POINTS. NEW AND MODERN EQUIPMENT. ELECTRIC LIGHTED STANDARD AND TOURIST SLEEPERS. DINING AND LIBRARY OBSERVATION CARS.

SHIPBUILDING WORK AND PRESS COMMENT

J. O. Cameron Says Neither Government Nor City Encouraging Industry.

"The statement in the press recently to the effect that if the Act be allowed to stand the Provincial Government might be called upon to lose in the way of subsidies up to \$4,000,000 per annum," said J. O. Cameron at the Council meeting of the Board of Trade this morning—when rising to explain certain matters in connection with his firm's relations with the separate concern now building the ships at the local yards—"is simply absurd."

Mr. Cameron went on to explain that neither the Cameron Lumber Company or the Genoa Lumber Company had any financial interest in the tributary company, the Cameron-Genoa, Millia Shipbuilders, Limited, now engaged in the building of the ships here. There had been reflections to the contrary. "When these people came along," he said, "we turned the business over to them at what the books showed to be the value of the work done. A cheque was handed over for the amount in full."

DAY STEAMER TO SEATTLE THE S.S. "Sol Duc"

Leave C. P. R. wharf daily except Sunday at 11:00 a.m. for Port Angeles, Dungeness, Port Williams, Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving Seattle 7:45 p.m. Return leaves Seattle daily except Saturday at midnight, arriving Victoria 3:00 a.m.

The Union Steamship Company of B. C., Limited

S. S. "Camouan" sails from Victoria, Evans-Coleman Dock, every Monday at 11 p.m. for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Sohotsa, Port Hardy, Shushartle Bay, Takush Harbor, Smith's Islet, RIVER INLET, CANNERIE, NAMU, OCEAN FALLS and BELLA COOLA.

S. S. "Venture" sails from Vancouver every Thursday at 11 a.m. for Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Namu, Bella Bella, RIVER INLET, Hartley Bay, PRINCE RUPERT, Port Simpson, and NAAS RIVER, Cannerie.

S. S. "Chiloheta" sails from Grand Trunk Dock every FRIDAY, EAST DIRECT SERVICE to OCEAN FALLS, PRINCE RUPERT, ANXOX, calling at Powell River, Campbell River, Namu, Swanson Bay, Butedale.

UNIT IS RAPIDLY NEARING STRENGTH

Recruiting for Inland Water Transport Now Confined to Certain Ratings

Sergt. H. W. Fry, recruiting officer for the Inland Water Transport unit, has received a telegram from Montreal headquarters instructing him to enlist in future only master mariners, deep-seamen, lightermen, dredgers, stowmen and marine engineers. No motorboatmen or motorboat-mechanics are now needed for this branch of the service as a large number of men experienced in motorboats have already been dispatched for duty overseas.

SCHOOL OF WHALES SEEN AT VANCOUVER

Vancover, April 10.—Visitors to the Victoria municipal park at Alamos on Sunday afternoon were treated to the unusual sight of a school of whales, seemingly about 100 in number, which were departing themselves close to the shore on the northern side of English Bay. According to Municipal Clerk Olsson, who has had some experience of cetaceans the school comprised whales of the rorqual class, averaging about 40 feet in length. That they were rorquals, or as they are commonly known, razorbacks, Mr. Olsson is certain from the dorsal fin, which was easily distinguishable.

NORCROSS IS ABOUT READY FOR LAUNCHING

The Jesse Norcross, third of the six auxiliary-schooners being built at the Wallace Shipyards, North Vancouver, is about ready for launching. While the launching date has not been definitely set, it will take place about April 21, according to the most favorable tide.

Housefurnishing SPECIALS



WHITE ENAMEL DRESSER FOR GIRLIE'S ROOM. Neat plain designs, with bevel plate mirror, thoroughly well made, 3 drawers, all dovetailed and mothproof cedar lined. Price \$14.95

CHEST OF DRAWERS. Just the thing for storing away winter blankets, etc.—Fir Enamel 3 Drawers \$8.50 \$11.70 6 Drawers \$11.70 \$14.40

CROCKERY. Cups and Saucers, 5 for \$1.00 China Cups and Saucers, 1, 3 and 3 gold lines, dozen \$2.70 China Tea Plates, dozen \$2.00 New Dinner Sets from \$14.50 to \$35.00 Glasses, good quality plain tumblers, each \$1.00

WHITE ENAMEL CRIBS \$7.00 Child's White Enamel Wood Crib, with adjustable side-spring and Restmore felt pad complete, at \$7.00



CONGOLEUM Rugs. You will want several of these good-looking Rugs the moment you see them. They're different in texture from ordinary grass, fibre or fabric rugs; cost less and wear longer. No place for dirt to settle and frequent washings won't harm them.

Every room in the house should have a Congolectum Rug. Come in today and let us tell you all about them. 9 x 10 1/2 \$11.75 9 x 12 \$13.50

JAP MATTING 30¢. Specially close woven, fine grade Matting, with shadow flower design suitable for bedrooms. Very special, per yard \$3.00

ENGLISH CRETONNES. Just arrived, a shipment of English Cretonnes. Beat the Germans through the blockade. Hand some new designs. Prices per yard, 30¢ to 55¢

INLAID LINOLEUM. at the old prices. Buy now while the stock lasts. New shipments will surely be much more expensive. Designs suitable for every room. Sq. yard, \$1.12 1/2, \$1.35 and \$1.60

GENTS' ARM ROCKER \$2.95. Just the chair and rest for a tired working man after his day's work is done. Only 7 left at this old price. Phone orders taken.

STRONG WINDOW SHADES 60¢. Mounted on best hardwood rollers, complete with brackets and pull.

NEW SHIPMENT ENGLISH PRAMS. Made in England—not the English style made in the States—These Carriages beat the Germans through the blockade. They will go very quickly, as there is no carriage on the market to compare with them. Complete with every necessary attachment. Dark Green \$37.00 Grey \$33.00

CHILD'S HIGH CHAIR \$1.90. Very strongly made with adjustable overhead tray.

WASHING MACHINES. Saves labor, time and worry; does away with back-bending drudgery. Any boy can work it. Safe covered cogs. Prices \$11.50 & \$15.75

LAWN MOWERS. Buy your Lawn Mower now and get the utmost use out of it. We have a good selection. Prices from \$6.50

WRINGERS. Now is the time to buy a Wringer. Makes washing easy during house-cleaning. Very necessary for wringing out blankets and heavy goods. Prices, \$6.00 and \$7.00

BROOMS. Regular \$4.00 Special \$4.50

CUSHION FORMS. for your new Housecleaning Covers—Cotton Down 45¢ 70¢ 20 x 20 60¢ \$1.15 22 x 22 80¢ \$1.35 24 x 24 90¢ \$1.60 18 x 24 80¢ \$1.35

NURSE ROCKER \$1.50. Specially designed low seat, for nursing purposes. English-Hair Brooms \$1.15



Of Interest to the Bride

We make a special study of furnishing homes complete, carrying every article needed from garret to basement. It is quite an advantage to get all your needs at one store, and have one account. We have lists prepared of complete outfits for \$200, \$250, \$300 and up. We will be pleased to show you these outfits whether you purchase or not. Call and see our

Three Room Outfit for \$200

Dining Room—Table, Buffet, 4 Chairs, Carpet, Blinds, Curtains and Poles. Bedroom—Bed, Spring, Mattress, 2 Pillows, 2 Blankets, 2 Sheets, Spread, 2 Towels, 2 Pillow Cases, Dresser, Carpet, Curtains and Blinds. Kitchen—Range, complete set of Hardware and Cutlery (64 pieces), Linoleum, 2 Chairs, Table, 46-piece Dinner Set, Curtains, Poles and Blinds.

OTHER OUTFITS \$250, \$300 AND UP. 10% Discount for Cash

Standard Furniture Company 711 YATES STREET

SPORTING NEWS

GIANTS LOOK LIKE BEST BET IN RACE

National League Team is Expected to Make Fine Showing This Year

Only a few hours more and the bell rings in the major leagues. There is something in the thought that sends a pleasant shock up and down the spinal column, and there is an additional thrill to it this year, for the baseball folk are looking forward to a great season.

From April 11 until the 15th of October, sixteen major league clubs will fight it out for the honor of competing in the world's series next fall, and while the fan awaits the outcome of the first games, he pauses to ponder on the chances of the sixteen clubs.

The merry little dopsters have been doping it out piece by piece. Every club in the two major leagues has been picked to pieces and pasted together again. Every dopster has his selections to offer the baseball public. Here goes for one more.

Take the National League first, because this year the probable outcome of the race in Governor Tener's circuit is more substantial from a distance than that in the American League.

Giants Favorites.

Glances at the National Leaguers from all angles favor the Giants as pennant winners. They look like the most capable all-round ball club in their league, and John McGraw is due for a come-back. The wonderful showing of the Giants last fall was hardly a flash in the pan. They were too consistent. The club has been remodeled and it stands out to-day as a club with a terrific punch. All of the experting persons declare that McGraw needs only consistent pitching to beat all rivals to the wire. Five players

CURSON'S RING WORK

A NOTABLE RECORD

Has Been Prominent in Fistic Game for Fifteen Years

At a time when he is to be matched with Scotty McKay for the welter-championship of British Columbia in the Army and Navy units the past record of Petty Officer Curson, of H. M. C. S. Rainbow, is of considerable interest. The following list is only a record in part of his ring activities:

1905—Won from Seaman Phillips, H. M. S. Ocean, knockout; 3 rounds. Won from Seaman Corbett, H. M. S. Diadem, knockout, 5 rounds. Won from Seaman Henderson, H. M. S. Glory, knockout, 2 rounds. Drew with Seaman Savage, H. M. S. Vivid, 15 rounds.

1906—Lost to Seaman Dunkley, H. M. S. Victory, navy champion, decision, 10 rounds.

1911—Beat Leading Stoker Poster, H. M. S. Newcastle, decision, 4 rounds. Beat Seaman Wise, H. M. S. Newcastle, knockout, 1 round. Beat Scott Cropper, V. I. A. A., decision, 4 rounds.

1916—Drew with Trooper Tommy Moore, 11th C. M. R., 10 rounds. Lost to George Corke, V. I. A. A., knockout, 3 rounds. Won from Leading Seaman Wise, H. M. S. Newcastle, knockout, 1 round. Won from Stoker Knight, H. M. S. Newcastle, knockout, 1 round.

1917—Won from Pte. Beasley, Ordnance Corps, knockout, 2 rounds.

Curson is by no means a stranger to Victorians owing to the fact that he has appeared in the local ring on numerous occasions during the past few years. In all of these contests he has demonstrated without a doubt that he is able to take a great deal of punishment in a sportsmanlike manner. Possibly his best bouts staged here were with Tommy Moore, of the 11th C. M. R., to the tune of 10 rounds, which proved a draw and the contest in which he engaged with Scott Cropper, whom he defeated in 4 goes.

During his career as a navy man Curson has visited many parts of the globe and has participated in contests in many lands. While stationed in England he was considered one of the leading lightweights of the navy. In 1905 he was at the China station and was there successful in winning the championship of H. M. S. Glory and the challenge cup which was presented by the late Commander Shelford. Besides this he was able to capture the lightweight championship of the station. In 1908 he was defeated by Seaman Dunkley, of H. M. S. Victory at Portsmouth for the lightweight championship of the British Navy and in the following year he was the runner-up in the Army and Navy title contest, which was competed for at Aldershot, England.

After coming to Canada he lived at Calgary during the time that Tommy Burns was managing the boxing game in that city, and although he did not compete in any contests, he helped the promoter, Billy Conder, fighting Dick Hyland and others as a sparring partner, thereby gathering some very valuable points in the game.

THIS DARCY MATCH MAY BE CALLED OFF

Referee's Decision on Question of Referee

Ruction over the referee question may result in cancelling the scheduled 20-round battle between Les Darcy and Jeff Smith at New Orleans April 23. Domnick Tortorich, the promoter, has announced that unless the prospective battlers make some concessions the match will not be staged according to programme, according to a dispatch from the South.

Darcy will go to New Orleans high in the hope that the fight will be staged on the 23rd, but he says the referee question has not been decided. Tortorich declares Les has dictated new terms for the fight, including the right to select his arbiter.

Jeff Smith, upon hearing from Tortorich of Darcy's demands, is said to have specified certain additional considerations which Tortorich does not fancy from the standpoint of a promoter.

"I will make one more attempt to bring the men together on the 23rd," said Tortorich in New Orleans, "but I don't believe the prospects are bright."

GOTHAM GAMES MAY NOW BE POSTPONED

The time has now come when everybody is set to hear some arguments in favor of opening major league baseball seasons later in the spring. And, if tangible evidence has anything to do with it, the season would be opened in New York exchange.

In the last four days of this backward spring the Yankees and Dodgers have made two attempts to open the baseball season in New York. They were scheduled to make the third attempt yesterday in Brooklyn, but Brooklyn did a clever imitation of the summit of Pike's Peak by remaining well hidden under an inch or so of snow—one of the best arguments for a later opening.

The opening day is to-morrow. Every club in the two circuits is scheduled to open Wednesday. Four of the clubs are scheduled for Greater New York. But it is no cinch these games will be played. Fields are now close relatives of swamps, and the weather has been cold for a week. Things will have to change or that opening will be laid over a few hours.

LATEST OLD COUNTRY FOOTBALL RESULTS

London, April 10.—Following are the results of the scheduled English football games played yesterday on the grounds of the first-named club:

London Combination.

Arsenal 3, Tottenham Hotspur 2. Southampton 2, Clapton Orient 1. Luton Town 3, Watford 0. Crystal Palace 2, Portsmouth 2. Millwall Athletic 2, Fulham 2. Brentford 1, West Ham United 2. Chelsea 3, Queen's Park 1. Lancashire Section.

Rochdale 2, Bury 2. Manchester United 5, Burnley 1. Stoke 5, Manchester City 0. Everton 1, Stockport County 1. Southport Central 0, Liverpool 7. Midland Section.

Rotherham County 2, Sheffield Wednesday 1.

Chesham 3, Lincoln 0. Hull City 2, Grimsby 2. Birmingham 4, Notts Forest 2. Notts County 2, Leicester Fosse 3. Huddersfield 3, Leeds City 0.

GIANTS SIX-TO-FIVE CHOICE IN NATIONAL

New York, April 10.—A tour of four places in New York where big bets are made on baseball disclosed the fact that the Giants are six to five favorites for winning the National League pennant, and ardent followers of the club are showing signs of worry. Never in diamond history has a low-priced favorite carried off the honors.

In the American League there is no favorite. Yanks, Red Sox, White Sox and Tigers are all two to one, and you can have your pick. Fans believe that either of those four clubs has a chance.

Little Johnnie had been showing his two-year-old sister how to make mud pies on the front doorstep, when his mother, coming to the door and seeing the condition of her recently cleaned step, asked rather sharply—"Who's been putting all this dirt on the step?" "If you're going to gumble," said Johnnie, "it's Lizzy; if you ain't going to gumble it's me."

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.00 per dozen.

AUSTRALIAN CUEIST A WONDERFUL PLAYER

Showed Exceptional Mastery of Famous English Game at Empress Hotel

MATCH WAS RESUMED DURING THE AFTERNOON

It was with somewhat of a sensation of awe that billiard enthusiasts witnessed, with undivided attention, the exhibition of George Gray, the Australian billiard champion, in the first two stages of the exhibition game which he is playing against Jack MacMillan, the British Columbia champion, at the Empress Hotel. To say that the visitor is a wizard at the game expresses it but a conservative degree the wonderful skill which he has attained. From the moment that he takes his first shot until the game is completed Mr. Gray assumes the role of one who has almost a complete mastery of the play.

His Method.

After watching him the observer is impressed by the decisive manner which characterizes all his actions. There is not the slightest hesitation. Immediately the balls become stationary from a previous player's shot the Australian in a comprehensive manner reviews mentally the possibilities which the situation presents, and quickly deciding on his play executes the shot with precision. The spectator who observes the visitor closely could not but be attracted by the wonderful control of wrist motion which he possesses. Allowing the cue to slide freely between thumb and finger of the left hand, he directs it with unerring accuracy by the right. The entire movement appears to be obtained by a wrist action. The right arm hanging in a vertical position from the elbow enables the player to rest the handle of the cue lightly between the third finger and thumb of the hand. Then by the free movement of the hand from the wrist the cue is drawn lightly back and forth, so that practically all the force of the shot is supplied by the mere weight of the cue.

Yesterday's Play.

In yesterday's game Gray was not long in demonstrating to the spectators the skill which he possesses with the losing hazard. At the second innings he had the white ball put away in the corner pocket, and then in his usual style he proceeded to score 150 off the red. This break was his largest for the day. He then proceeded, by steady playing, to treat the audience to a variety of all-round billiards. MacMillan was working in excellent form during the afternoon, and at the end of the first stage was leading in the handicap. Most of the shots which he missed were those which, to the spectators, appeared to be the easiest. Many of his breaks were quite lengthy, and on the whole he played a steady game. Gray's best breaks during the afternoon session were 150, 67 three times, 47 and 40, while MacMillan's big breaks were 58, 47, 37, 34, 31 and 23.

When play was resumed in the evening the scores were called: MacMillan (receives 1,500) 1,878, Gray, 693.

Evening Session.

When play was resumed in the evening Gray proved to be in excellent form, and his scoring was very rapid. Only four times during the play did he go to the table without making notable breaks. MacMillan was in play with an unfinished break of 29, but was only able to add a couple to his totals. Gray next made 14, and MacMillan replied with 17. This was followed by an 81 run in all-round play on the part of Gray. From here on the Australian was in regular form, putting together breaks of 57, 126, 46, 117 and finally 63.

His opponent meanwhile was hardly figuring at all, and on two or three occasions he lost the chance to make a good start by losing a "sitter." Gray, however, was soon at the game again and put together a total 166 which was followed by 66 from the local player, who commenced to show his real skill in the art. The interval was taken at this point with the scores standing at MacMillan 2,622, Gray 1,412.

After the interval Gray looked as if he were going to run to his points at his first attempt, but missed a white loser when he had reached 29. MacMillan kept his form and made 20, 46, 25 and 17, while Gray ran to his points for the evening with 7, 47 and 8 unfinished, the final scores being: MacMillan 2,130, Gray (in play) 1,501.

Trick Shooting.

Following each session Mr. Gray gave an exhibition of trick and fancy shots which were the cause of much interest and amusement to the spectators. In demonstrating the masse stroke he showed himself to be a master, giving examples of many of the variations of the shot. He also performed what he termed the impossible billiard shot with an ease which was really astonishing.

The match is being continued to-day at 3 and 8 o'clock.

SOLDIERS IN TRENCHES WANT BASEBALL SCORES

Many requests from the trenches have been received by the management of the Toronto baseball team for the scores of the games played by the Leafs this season in the International League and in the inter-league series with the American Association, says a dispatch from the Queen City.

President McCaffery said recently that he was negotiating with certain London newspapers which are circulated in the trenches to publish the scores of the games played by the Toronto team. The club has offered to deny the expenses of cabling the results and looks forward to a favorable reply from the English publications.

TY COBB TELLS THE STORY OF HIS LIFE

Played Ball on Corner Lots When He Was a Youngster

I was born at Royston, Ga., on December 18, 1884. So far as I have any information, no comet blazed out the tidings to the solar system and no salute of 101 guns announced by advent to the people of my native town. At the age of seven years I started in school and, from that moment dates my baseball playing. With the other youngsters of my age I used to make crude balls out of rubber and cotton, and we had many a good game of town ball with these rude implements. As I remember it, I always was the last man out when we played town ball.

My first chance really to distinguish myself came when a member of our nine tried to hold the manager up for money to play, and the manager, refusing to be bluffed, began to look around for a substitute. Finally, as there wasn't anybody else available, he decided on me, though I was in knickerbockers at the time and most of the other boys were from 18 to 25 years of age. There was a storm of protest when the leader announced that I was to appear in the lineup, and he was game, and told the critics to wait and see what I would do before condemning me utterly.

Good Start.

Well, I happened to have a good day at shortstop on the occasion of my first appearance, making a number of fine stops and hitting the ball safely several times. I wasn't strong enough to drive the sphere to the outfield, but was fairly fast and managed to beat out some infield taps. Soon the "fans" were with me to a man and from that day until I left Royston I always played with the first team. I wouldn't take any money for playing, as I expected to go to college when I got older, and knew

that if I were found out receiving cash for my services I would be barred from college athletics.

My first professional appearance was with the Augusta club of the South Atlantic League, to which I reported in the spring of 1904. "Con" Struthers was the manager at that time, and he is the man who has been claiming credit for "discovering" me, when as a matter of fact he was the first and only manager who ever handed me an unconditional release. It causes me to think of his going around now trying to get some glory out of the success that has come my way.

Struthers released me just when I thought I had earned an outfield job with the team. Then I received an offer from Anniston, and father advised me to accept the Anniston offer, although the salary was but \$45 a month, which was \$25 less than I had been receiving with Augusta, or that I would have received had Struthers let me stay. I had good luck from the start over in Anniston, and was hitting about .400 when Augusta got me back. Struthers in the meantime had got into trouble with the fans in Augusta and had been obliged to resign as manager. I never should have gone back unless this change had come about, for I swore that I never again would play for "Con."

The latter part of the season I was with Augusta, playing 38 games with a batting average of .238. A bad attack of malaria hurt me at this time, which accounts for my low average, in part, at least.

Got a Raise.

In the spring of 1905 I held out for a salary of \$125 a month, which was \$25 more than the contract under which I had finished the previous year. Things weren't going any too well for the Augusta club at that time and rather than pay me the increase the club offered to sell me for \$50, Charleston, in the same league, was considering this offer when some of the Augusta stockholders, who believed in my possibilities, came to the rescue and I got by \$125.

Andy Roth was managing the club at this time, and he and I didn't get along any too well. Andy tried to put a bridle on me, and every time I tried to do anything out of the ordinary, such as taking a chance on the

bases, I was checked up. Under these conditions I soon assumed an indifferent attitude, and I was just drifting along when George Ledy, our centre-fielder, came to my rescue. Ledy manifested a friendly interest in my welfare and began to teach me how to do things. He used to take me out to shows and amusement places and picture to me the easy and pleasant life of a big leaguer, with all the luxurious hotels and things. My ambition to see all these wonders for myself was aroused, and my work began to improve at once.

Sold to Detroit.

Ledy finally became manager of the club, and under his tutelage I continued to learn rapidly. In the latter part of the season of 1905 I was sold to Detroit for \$500, of which sum \$200 was for immediate delivery and the balance later. When Ledy learned that I was going to the big show he gave me a lot of advice that was very useful to me at the time, and I found the American League very much as he had pictured it.

I didn't get what you would call a brass band welcome from the players on the Detroit club, but I suppose that I was treated as well as any youngster could expect to be when he came up at the age of 18 to make a name for himself. Manager Armour looked after me and helped me along, and I found his advice very valuable.

When Hughie Jennings was appointed manager of the club and reported for the spring training trip of 1907, I was surprised to find him a pleasant, likable gentleman, and—least so I think—an ideal leader. I really found myself, as you might say, that season—and I think the rest is baseball history.

ST. PAUL FIGHTER IS READY FOR WAR

St. Paul, Minn., April 10.—Mike Gibbons, middleweight boxer, announced recently that he is willing to do his bit for his country. The Phantom said he is ready to answer the first call to arms should the time come when the men of this country are called to the colors.

In addition to that statement Mike offered his services in the ring for a contest with Georges Carpentier, the French champion, gratis, the proceeds of the bout to go to the Red Cross or some similar organization.

Victoria Taxpayers

NEW ORDER RE TAXPAYMENTS

I am authorized by the City Council to accept payments by instalments or by payments from time to time, on account, of the rates and taxes due by any person, or due in respect of any parcel of land.

This authority is extended to include unpaid special assessments and special rates imposed in respect of works of local improvement as provided by Section 43 of the Local Improvement Act.

EDWIN C. SMITH,
Treasurer and Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., 16th March, 1917.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, as "Cookson Plumbing Company," in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Albert Ernest Hasenfratz at 925 Yates Street, Victoria, and Province aforesaid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said Albert Ernest Hasenfratz, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Victoria this 10th day of March, 1917.

F. G. BRYNOLSON,
A. E. HASENFRATZ.

Witness: W. M. LAYNE,
1005 Laney Street, Victoria, B. C.

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GOODYEAR WINGFOOT HEELS

**WEEKLY CLEARINGS
STILL NOT INCLUDED**

**Victoria Returns Said to Be
Too Late for Publication
With Others**

From the ninth day of February last, when Mayor Todd drew the board's attention to the matter, the publication of weekly bank clearings as affecting Victoria, in keeping with those of other cities in the Dominion, has been a subject occupying the attention of the Council of the Board of Trade with a view to placing the responsibility for the provision of such information for the benefit of the press. A good deal of correspondence has taken place between the secretary of the Board, the local clearing house, the manager of the Western Associated Press, the clearing houses of Montreal and Winnipeg, the whole of which was presented in its entirety to the last meeting of the present Council held this morning, preparatory to the annual gathering on Friday.

The whole matter was reviewed this morning from its commencement. The secretary of the Board on the 12th of February took up the question with T. H. Laundry, the manager of the Victoria Clearing House, from whom it was learned that the practice locally was for the information to be mailed on the day following close of business on Thursday, which was useless for the purpose intended. The same communication suggested the desirability of the information being telegraphed and thus secure inclusion with the full list, that apparently being the method adopted by the other clearing houses.

Placed Onus on Board.
Mr. Laundry's reply dated February 15, indicated that the matter would be taken up at the next executive meeting of the Victoria Clearing House. On the suggestion of the vice-chairman, however, he pointed out that as far as they knew they were following out the practices of other Clearing Houses of Canada in the matter of voluntarily distributing information regarding their figures, and if other cities were receiving more publicity than Victoria it was due to the fact that their Boards of Trade and the mercantile representatives were more alert in getting that information, which would always be readily given to interested parties.

Replies from the Montreal and Winnipeg Clearing Houses failed to throw much light on the matter from the general sense, dealing only with the local end of the publication in each case. On the 18th of February, Mayor Todd again drew the secretary's attention to the continued omission of the Victoria return. A communication was sent to the manager and secretary of the Western Associated Press on February 27th complaining of the continued omission, advising him also that the particulars as far as Victoria was concerned were mailed to sundry commercial statistics collecting centres in the east. Enquiry was also made as to how the press of the Dominion was supplied with the details in question and why Victoria was omitted.

Not in Time.
Fred J. B. Livesay, manager and secretary of the Western Associated Press, wrote on March 6th that he had asked the W. A. P. representative on the coast to wire the Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster returns in time for their distribution for publication on Friday morning, but he had been informed that the Victoria returns were not available until Friday noon. A subsequent telegram on March 30th from the Secretary of the Board of Trade to Mr. Livesay again told of the absence of Victoria's return from that issue of the morning paper.

Up to Bankers' Association.
The following day Mr. Livesay, in reply to the telegram mentioned, wrote declaring he was informed that the trouble lay with the Victoria Bankers' Association, as all other cities made up their returns by noon on Thursday, which precluded this city from sharing in the publicity of that weekly return. The terms of this letter were made known to the Victoria Clearing House under date of the 5th instant and an intimation also that the meeting would be held this morning, when any observations from Mr. Laundry would be gladly included in the presentation to the Council. The information was also given that in the event of the returns being handed in to the Times office by noon on Thursday Mr. Dunn would see that they were sent to the W. A. P. representative in Vancouver.

Laid on Table.
In the absence of a reply from Mr. Laundry in time for presentation to the Council this morning, it was agreed by the members present that the matter be laid on the table for the present.

PRISONERS OF WAR

Every Possible Effort Being Made by Red Cross to Get Food to Captured Canadians.

The Victoria City and District Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society have been asked by headquarters to give the following the widest publicity possible.

The following cable was dispatched on March 31 by Colonel Marshall to Colonel Hodgetts, Commissioner of the Canadian Red Cross Society:

"Confer with Mrs. Rivers Bulkeley and War Committee and see what further, if anything, we can do to insure Canadian prisoners of war getting sufficient parcels. Press contains many letters, stating under new arrangements few parcels being received, and then contents not sufficient. The desire of the Committee is that the men should be well supplied, and funds will be provided for that purpose."

In reply, the following cable signed

by Mrs. Rivers Bulkeley and Major Claude Bryan, has been received:

"Present difficulties regarding prisoners' parcels due to no failure of scheme, but caused by circumstances quite beyond control. You may feel entirely confident that everything possible being done to insure dispatch of adequate supplies to every Canadian."

The public may therefore, rest assured that everything that can possibly be done to get food to the prisoners has been done by the Canadian Red Cross Society, and that the non-arrival of parcels which undoubtedly occurred for several weeks was not owing to any negligence on the part of the Society, but simply to the fact that the delivery of such parcels is in the hands of the Germans, who for some reason, did not distribute parcels to Canadian prisoners for some weeks. It appears, however, from a letter from Mrs. Rivers Bulkeley dated March 9, that parcels are now being received by the men as before, as on that date she reports the receipt of a great number of cards from the men saying parcels had started arriving.

**PROBABLE RECORD IN
ABSENCE OF APPEALS**

**Citizens Well Satisfied With
Equality of Assessments;
Council To-night**

The last opportunity for receiving appeals against the decision of the Civic Court of Revision is passing today, and beyond a hint at the City Hall that some appeals will be lodged in the Dean properties on Rock Bay, the city officials are able to congratulate themselves on a remarkable situation, unparalleled in recent years. Even if appeals come in in these cases, they will not be due to over-valuation, but to questions of assessing industrial sites built over tidal harbor lands, so that the situation is truly notable in civic annals.

Smith's Hill Reservoir will not be cleaned out till the weather is more encouraging, the Water Commissioner says to-day, as certain work which will be necessary at the cleaning must be done during dry weather. On account of the abundance of precipitation, the Humpback Reservoir is still being fed by the creeks of that watershed, and Sooke Lake water has not been wanted hitherto this season. To give an idea of the lateness of the season, it may be mentioned that there is two feet of snow on the Goldstream-Sooke summit still, and access to Sooke Lake has to be made by Fitzgerald.

City Council business this evening ought not to occupy the time of the aldermen long, since the bulk of the matters were cleared up at the special session on Thursday afternoon. Two legal subjects arising out of that meeting will require ratification by the Council. One is to give the City Solicitor power to seek a declaration of the priority of right of the city to land expropriated from T. G. Moody in the widening of Pandora Avenue, the title to which was not registered, and upon which the owner has a mortgage. The second is to authorize the City Solicitor to counter-claim, in the action commenced by C. D. Hason, H. E. Mason and Mary Mason (Amphion Street Local Improvement By-law) in the Supreme Court, for recovery of the annual installment of the Local Improvement Assessment which fell due on October 31 last.

**USEFUL SUGGESTIONS
PLACED BEFORE NURSES**

**Papers Read at Afternoon Ses-
sion of Graduates'
Association**

Nurses in convention listened to interesting papers at the afternoon session of the B. C. Graduate Nurses' Association. Dr. J. B. Helmcken, president of the Victoria Medical Association, spoke the words of welcome to the visiting delegates. Miss H. Bone's paper, entitled "Looking Forward," was the last on the programme for the afternoon, and dealt very ably with many phases of the nursing question which will have to be solved in the near future.

The care of the sick person in moderate circumstances had not been successfully coped with by the present methods, said the speaker. The institution of hourly nursing, whether by individual nurses or societies, only met the needs of those cases which did not require constant care. The "practical" nurse did not fill the need in cases of serious illness, no matter what the financial standing of the family, nor did she meet the case in maternity work, particularly in these times when such stress was being placed on the best possible care being given the mother and child. The place of the untrained nurse was really in cases of chronic illness, where little real nursing was required, and in slight illnesses and injuries. The medical profession was coming to the consideration of state-paid physicians. This would logically include state-paid nurses. Every year more nurses were finding salaried positions paid by life insurance companies, telephone companies, mining corporations, departmental stores, or out of the public taxes as city, health or school nurses. "There is not necessarily any more clamor of charity about a national medical service than about our national educational system which we now accept as a matter of course," said the speaker.

Reference was made to the fact that the term "graduate nurse" was held

alike by the woman of deficient education in a fourth-rate hospital and the finished product of the best institutions. At the present time there was no official status for the nurse, and under any reorganization of the medical service this might prove a serious handicap. Two much-to-be-desired goals were Registration and Standardization of training schools. Service, not money, was the nurses' ideal.

"We must either adapt ourselves and our profession to the ever-increasing needs of humanity or expect that they will be adapted for us by others less sympathetic with our traditions and aims," concluded Miss Bone.

Columbia Coast Missions.
Mr. Haughton, secretary of the Columbia Coast Missions, read a very good paper on "Nursing in the Mission Hospital of B. C." He spoke of the needs of the growing settlements and camps situated in the vast districts lying between Vancouver Island and the Mainland. The work of the missionary depended very much on the help given by the members of the Nursing Association. The nurses at the Columbia Coast Mission Hospitals helped not alone in mere nursing duties but in many other things.

Goats' Milk for Invalids.
Miss M. Clark, of Victoria, read an excellent paper pointing out the advantages of goats' milk for invalids. The goat, an aristocratic feeder, despite popular notions to the contrary, should be fed and milked with regularity. The food should be clean. Under these conditions they were valuable as milk and butter producers. The milk is white and sweet without a strong taste. The fat globules, being much smaller than in cow's milk, were

much more easily digested. The milk was much richer, containing 6 per cent. to 8½ per cent. in cow's milk of butter fat. The casein of goat's milk when curdled in the stomach did not form as solid a mass as that in cow's milk.

**WATCH STREET BRAWL
FROM HOUSE WINDOWS**

**So Dr. Wilbur Sums Up United
States' Attitude to World
Struggle**

A striking contrast between the pacifist campaign of Dr. David Starr Jordan, Chancellor Emeritus of Leland Stanford, Jr., University, California, and that of the present president, Dr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, is given in the following extract from an address by Dr. Wilbur:

"The phrase, 'wishful thinking,' seems to me to cover best the general attitude of the United States in its reaction to the great war. Our ideals are high, even sentimental at times. We have felt down in our bones for many months that the governing forces in Germany and Turkey and their allies could hardly be exponents of those principles for which our Revolutionary forbears fought. 'We have wanted to believe well of them, have tried to keep our mental state free from bias against them but

in spite of our wishful thinking towards law and peace, and justice the steady march of encroachment following encroachments, of Belgium, Armenia, the Lusitania, the deportation of the Belgians, and now the barred ship and the barred zone with its Laconia victims, and the Prussian proffer of Texas, has forced on us the grim conviction that upon us falls an inescapable responsibility for the maintenance of rights and law.

"We did so want to have the world's fuss coming to a conclusion without our having to mix in it. We hoped we could be like the householder who watches a street brawl from the windows of his safe house, and who after the patrol and ambulance wagons have cleared up the mess, saunters down in an airy way to assert the freedom of the streets and the majesty of the law. 'It now seems clear that if we must be a part in the future, we must take a man's part in the present. Unconsciously most of us assume the final victory of the Allies, and the rescue by them of international law. What if we are wrong? Where would liberty, as we conceive it, be? Our duty is as plain as is the fact that we have neglected it. We are committed in the great struggle. We have lined up firmly for the right, and our rights. Now is the time, or now rather is the only time left to move every force into position, so that there can be no failure to make good as a nation. At Stanford we must play our part, organize our forces for our country, and be ready to live up to Stanford ideals of service, if the eventualities of the future call upon us to back up the vital demands of President Wilson."

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Neolin has been a great success. Because of distinct superiorities it is replacing leather for shoe soles. Neolin's appearance can be imitated. But Neolin's qualities are the result of methods and materials known only to us. Now there are other soles that look like Neolin. But there is only one Neolin—and every pair of soles is branded with the trademark below.

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DR. M'INTOSH TALKS TO GRADUATE NURSES

Advocates Outdoor Life and State Control of Medical Profession

The B. C. Graduate Nurses' Association concluded its fifth annual meeting with the session which took place last night at the Victoria Club, when Dr. J. W. McIntosh, M.L.A., was the speaker. In an address both retrospective and prophetic the doctor covered the subject of nursing past, present and to come, in a manner which was instructive and replete with suggestions worthy of serious consideration.

Nursing was one of the earliest professions of the human race, mothers through the ages naturally filling the role which more lately has been chiefly passed into the hands of women. Nursing as known to modern times came into existence with the Crimean War and Florence Nightingale, the first person to introduce modern methods. The use and the need of nurses had expanded more lately until outside the hospitals and homes where sickness was to be found they were employed in mercantile and industrial establishments, insurance companies, schools, municipalities, dispensaries, dentists, and for follow-up work in the homes.

Proceeding, Dr. McIntosh commended the resolution brought in by the nurses at their morning session having to do with the care of the sick and disabled nurses who were coming back from the war zone. Probably one thousand nurses from Canada would be returning, and in addition there would be many more who did not go from Canada who would be coming out to this country when the war was over.

Technical Training. "Technical training is not the whole thing that is looked for in the hospitals," went on Dr. McIntosh. "In Philadelphia they now put down ten points, three for technical knowledge in nursing, three for experience, and four for ability in judging personal character." Emphasis was placed on this last point by the speaker. More than half the success of nursing a stated patient was in being able to judge (and act upon) the advice of that judgment points of mental sensitiveness of that patient. Failure to recognize the sensitiveness of an invalid on certain points very often needlessly prolonged the illness.

A very large part of the speaker's address was taken up with the question of state control. It was surprising to see what a large number of doctors were ready to accept some sort of state control in their profession. In 1913 Professor Adams, one of the foremost pathologists in the world, had said: "The time has come when the physician must make his success not from the cure of the disease but in the preservation of his patient in good health." Professor Adams had heralded state control of the medical profession. In China the principal was to pay the doctor so long as one was well and when sick to cease feeling the physician. It paid the medical man to get his patient back to good health as soon as possible.

The subject of "carriers" and focal diseases was spoken of. Virulent germs were often carried about by immune persons and disseminated among people who, with less vitality, succumbed to the disease. These germs were, like Germany before the war, "just waiting their chance." People who had perhaps never suffered from typhoid fever could carry the germs and spread them about. There were classical instances of epidemics having been started in this way.

Enemy of Disease. The great enemy of disease was outdoor life. "We are more and more being warned that the nearer we get to outdoor life the better will our resistance to disease become," said the speaker. As a cure for neurasthenia it was better than any other form of treatment. A certain division of nursing should have to do with nursing out of doors, the treatment of such patients to be accompanied by outdoor games and athletics. Epilepsy, also, as seen in many experiments tried, had been very effectively treated in this way also. Bromides used ordinarily in the treatment of such cases dulled the brain and the nervous tissues and made it difficult to restore them to really healthy condition. The outdoor treatment was infinitely to be preferred. In the case of influenza, colds, meningitis, etc., the very stimulus of the fresh air brought out an antitoxic serum which disinfects the mucous lining of the passages of the nose and throat through which the germs entered the tissues.

Sick Benefits. Referring to the matter of state control, workmen's compensation, and sick benefits, Dr. McIntosh pointed out that it was not very many years ago that the medical profession in England stood out strongly against the latter mentioned. It was Lloyd George who had carried it through, and the doc-

tors themselves were now among those much pleased with the results. Compulsory Examinations. The speaker stood out against the private practitioner doing state work as well. In the near future he prophesied that a certain proportion of the medical profession in the Province would be set apart for state work. The state would have to conserve its human assets. If disease was preventable why not prevent it. The United States was losing at the rate of \$2,000,000,000 annually in disease. Canada had lost \$115,000,000 in time lost in illness that should have been prevented. In British Columbia \$8,000,000 was lost annually in the same way. Men were being allowed to lose days, weeks, months out of the year away from the mines and other industries through sickness. Doctors should be set apart for the work, and it should be compulsory for every workman to go at certain fixed periods before those doctors to be examined and promptly given treatment if disease germs were found present.

Tuberculosis Growing. "Canada is losing \$50,000,000 through tuberculosis alone," declared the speaker. "By facing this problem in a systematic way the mischief can be eliminated almost to nil, instead of which we find that the disease is on the increase." In British Columbia we have a long way to go in recognizing that insanity is nothing but mental disease which, scientifically treated, would restore the patients well and healthy to their homes. Diagnosing the nervous system in the body has been developed to a wonderful point. Even so we can see the effect of brain disorders without being able to trace any structural change very often.

Care of Insane. Dr. McIntosh said that there would be something said before the present session of the House ended about the Government making some move in preparation for the care of the insane. British Columbia was vastly behind other provinces in Canada in this respect. Skilled treatment for the mentally diseased was just as necessary as for the physically diseased. In conclusion the speaker touched on the question of an eight-hour day for nurses. The present system, whereby the nurse often had to go without any regular hours of sleep, and "fall steam ahead," sapped the very vitality which was so necessary to the best sort of work in her profession.

A very hearty vote of thanks was moved at the close of Dr. McIntosh's address, and the remainder of the evening was passed in the discussion of questions which had been brought up by the speaker. This session concluded the annual meeting of the B. C. Nurses' Association.

NOTES ON MOTORING IN NEW ZEALAND

Representative of Leading Manufacturers on Visit Here From Sister Dominion

The wild natural scenery of a large part of New Zealand has many points of resemblance to that of British Columbia, particularly the West Coast of the South Island, that some remarks with regard to motoring in that part of the world will be of interest. They come from a representative in that Dominion of a prominent motor manufacturing company: He is Godfrey Magnus, of Wellington, and arrived on the Niagara last week, leaving again this afternoon for the south.

Since the embargo was placed on British cars being exported to America cars are largely in demand, mostly ranging from \$1,000 to \$2,000 in price. Freight charges have been exceedingly high. Mr. Magnus states, "as much as \$400 having been paid on a large, high grade car. Formerly the chassis and types came into the country free, with a duty on the car body, but it is now based on a percentage tariff, being the cost plus transportation, and then an ad valorem duty, ten per cent on British made cars, and twenty per cent on foreign cars. There is no duty on tires, and therein is suggested the basis of creating a fund for arterial roadways in the interests of automobilists. The supporters of this suggestion believe that a customs duty on tires would be eventually paid by the motorist, and that fund should be earmarked for road improvements."

Mr. Magnus pointed out that the roads in many places were never designed for the growth of the country, are steep, narrow, and the bends are made at sharp angles, entailing a very considerable expenditure to place them in service for modern traffic. There has not hitherto been much use made up of motor lorries and trucks, outside the cities, nor of motor tractors in agricultural pursuits, but steam traction engines, drawing several trailers with wool, etc., are to be seen conveying the farmer's products into the towns for packing and shipment. That is one of the objects of Mr. Magnus' present visit, to study the varieties of motor trucks which are popular in the United States.

Another phase of the good roads movement which will receive considerable attention from him will be the method of hard surfacing of some of the roads in the various states and provinces on this side. Automobilists in New Zealand are using the best in-

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739 Yates St. Phone 5510

Charming New Styles in English and American Chintz, Taffeta and Cretonnes

Our stock of new Cretonnes, Chintz and Taffetas feature all the new rich colorings so popular at present for over draperies, loose covers, spreads, fancy work, etc. Bold rich designs, suitable for living room or drawing room use; restful colors for the den or library and a delightful assortment of dainty new styles for bedrooms. Come in and look over these new styles—we will be delighted to help you. All our experience is at your service.

- Cretonnes, yard, 50c, 30c, 25c, 20c **25c**
and **50c**
Shadow Cloth, yard, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c **50c**
Taffetas, yard, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c **50c**
- Art Satens, yard, 30c, 25c, 20c **25c**
and **\$1.00**
50-inch Cretonnes, yard, \$1.50, \$1.25 **\$1.00**
and **\$1.00**
New Doyle Cloth yard **\$1.00**
- Quack Doodles, Danny Doodles and Kiddie Cloths, for the nursery, Yard..... **65c**
—House Furnishing Section, Second Floor

Special From the Art Needlework Dept.

- Children's Stamped Mats in pretty floral designs, for satin stitch on rep or plique. An easily laundered style, which can be opened and ironed flat. Special value at..... **25c**
- Stamped Pillow Tops in easily worked floral and conventional patterns on tan and green cotton. Reg. 25c value. **19c**
Wednesday
—Art Needlework, Main Floor

Important News From the Staple Department

The problem of getting 100 cents for your dollar is a difficult one in these war times. We, however, are in a position to make this possible, while our present supply of merchandise holds good. Visit our enlarged Staple Goods Department and prove this statement to be correct.

HOUSEHOLD REQUIREMENTS AT ECONOMICAL SAVINGS

- BLEACHED SHEETINGS AT MILL PRICES**
These goods are made from high-grade cotton and are the best procurable for hard wear.
2 yds. wide. Per yard, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c
2 1/2 yds. wide. Per yard, 37 1/2c, 40c, 45c, 50c
3 yds. wide. Per yard, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c
3 1/2 yds. wide. Per yard, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c
- PILLOW TUBING**
Made in the grade to match Sheets.
40 ins. wide. Per yard, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c
42 ins. wide. Per yard, 25c, 35c, 45c
44 ins. wide. Per yard, 30c, 40c, 45c
46 ins. wide. Per yard, 35c, 45c, 55c
- PILLOW CASES, READY FOR USE**
These Cases come in plain and hemstitched, made from good quality cotton. Widths 40, 42, 44, 46 ins. Prices, each, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c
- QUALITY WHITE TURKISH TOWELS AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES**
Quality White Turkish Towels, Size 15 x 22, Each..... **10c**

Smart New Styles in Women's Dress Skirts

We anticipate a Separate Skirt season, and we are prepared to meet the demand. We have on display a range of Skirts made of serge and gabardine with sport pockets, belt, and finished with fancy stitching. These are particularly good value at..... **\$5.95**

Another range is made of taffeta with shirred top and pockets. These come in black and navy and are very useful for afternoon and evening wear. Price **\$7.50** and..... **\$8.50**
—Mantle Section, First Floor

Women's Underwear

- Women's White Cotton Vests, plain or ribbed, in low neck with short or no sleeves. **25c**
Price..... **25c**
- Women's White Cotton Vests, plain ribbed or porous knit, with short sleeves, no sleeves, and comfy-cut styles which will not slip off the shoulders. Price 35c, or 3 for, **\$1.00**
—Hosiery Section, Main Floor

50% of your labor saved during spring cleaning. We have everything you need and don't forget this is headquarters for Garden Tools.

DRAKE HARDWARE CO., LIMITED
1418 Douglas Street Phone 1643

The Salvation Army Industrial Store
At 211 Douglas, will be pleased to send to your home for any cast-off clothing Phone 267.

NEW WELLINGTON COAL
We have a large supply of our celebrated
Washed Nut Coal, per ton, delivered..... **\$6.50**
Lump Coal and Sack Lump Coal, per ton, delivered..... **\$7.50**

J. KINGHAM & CO.
Pemberton Block, 1004 Broad St. Phone 647
Our Method: 20 sacks to the ton and 100 lbs. of coal in each sack.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW
2 p.m.
High-Class Furniture Carpets, Piano, Etc.
Particulars in yesterday's paper
TAKE WILLOWS CAR TO WILLOWS HOTEL
E. GREENWOOD
Auctioneer 716 Johnson St.

AUCTION SALE GERHARD HEINTZMAN CABINET GRAND PIANO.
Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain Conditional Sale Note dated the 4th Aug. 1907, I have taken possession of a Gerhard Heintzman Cabinet Grand Piano, and will offer the same for sale at public auction at my office, Law Courts, Bastion Street, Victoria, on Wednesday next, April 11th, at 10.30 o'clock a.m.
The Piano can be seen at Sheriff's Office. Terms of sale, cash.
F. G. RICHARDS, Sheriff.
Baillif for Holder of Lien Note.
Sheriff's Office, Victoria, B. C., April 7th, 1917.

Independent Grocery Prices For Market Day

B & K Bread Flour \$2.65 per sack

B. C. Sugar, 20-lb. sack, \$1.00

Nice Creamery Butter, lb., 45c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, doz., 40c
Leslie Shaker Salt, 2 pkgs., 25c
Quaker Tomatoes, large cans, only, 20c
Shredded Wheat Biscuits, 2 pkgs., for, 25c
Shredded Coconut, per lb., 30c
Cowan's Cocoa, 1/2-lb. tins, 25c
Old Dutch Cleanser, 3 tins, 25c
Washing Ammonia, per bot., 20c
Smoked Cod, per lb., 22c
Fresh Kippers, 2 lbs., 25c
Sliced Boiled Ham, per lb., 50c
Jellied Veal, per lb., 50c

Independent Tea, best value in the city, 3 lbs., \$1.00

E. B. JONES
Corner Cook and North Park Sts. Phone 712

STAMPED—READY FOR MAILING
VICTORIA DAILY TIMES
APPLY OFFICE, 5c. PER COPY

HISTORIC EVENT FIRST MASS MEETING OF VICTORIA WOMEN VOTERS
METROPOLITAN METHODIST CHURCH
April 12, 3 p.m.
Subject of discussion
PROHIBITION
SPEAKERS: Mrs. Spofford, Mrs. Gillespie and Mrs. Mitchell.
Doors will not open until 2.30

WOOL CLIP BRINGS ENHANCED VALUES

New Zealand Sheep Farmer Speaks of Assistance to Old Country

The wool clip of New Zealand is netting to the farmers 50 per cent. more than in pre-war times, according to Charles Gray, of Pahautanui, near Wellington, who is now visiting the city. Mr. Gray is in a large way of business sheep farming, and was able to give some interesting data how the Dominion, with a million people, is able to supply so large a percentage of the foodstuffs and clothing required by the British and allied armies.

Yet so great is the advancing cost of wool that the pre-war prices would have automatically risen far beyond the levels which once prevailed. "The clip is now being taken over," he points out, "at from 30 to 32 cents a pound, representing an aggregate value on the total clip of \$75,000,000, as against about \$50,000,000 three years ago. The number of sheep in the Dominion is about the same as in 1916. It is assumed that the local Government will acquire the next clip for the Imperial authorities, on a similar system of apportionment to that which now prevails."

"One of the reasons," he explains, "for the remarkable success of sheep farming in the North Island has been the fact that natural herbage is always available. That encourages the raising of flocks of sheep, climatic conditions being particularly favorable."
Frozen Meat.

In addition to the wool, frozen carcasses are being shipped very extensively under order of the British Government, the supply being forwarded as tonnage is available. In that way supplementary food supplies, such as butter, are all ready for export to feed the Allied armies. It has also been proposed to take over the milk supplies of the cities and towns, to prevent abnormal raising of prices.

Owing to the unusually high percentage of men engaged in the primary industries as actual producers, the large enlistment has begun to tell on the labor supply, he states, in those industries which are producing meat and wool for the armies. Altogether 60,000 men have gone overseas, and the call for a month reinforcements has forced the adoption of the ballot system under compulsory service. Personally he was only able to get four months' leave of absence, and had to put up a bond for £100 before sailing. Closer Settlement.

The question of keeping up reinforcements brought the speaker to the point when he referred to the closer settlement policy inaugurated by the Government for the Returned Soldiers. He pointed out that large areas had been taken over for sub-division into smaller holdings. While the impression prevailed that some would certainly return to city life after the war, the conditions of settlement were such as to encourage them to stop, carrying them over the time between getting the land into shape, and a return on their holdings.

Mr. Gray proposes an extended tour in the United States. He is going to talk sheep farming to a number of American breeders, and look into the question of the export of New Zealand stud sheep to the States, a demand which is unquestionably increasing.