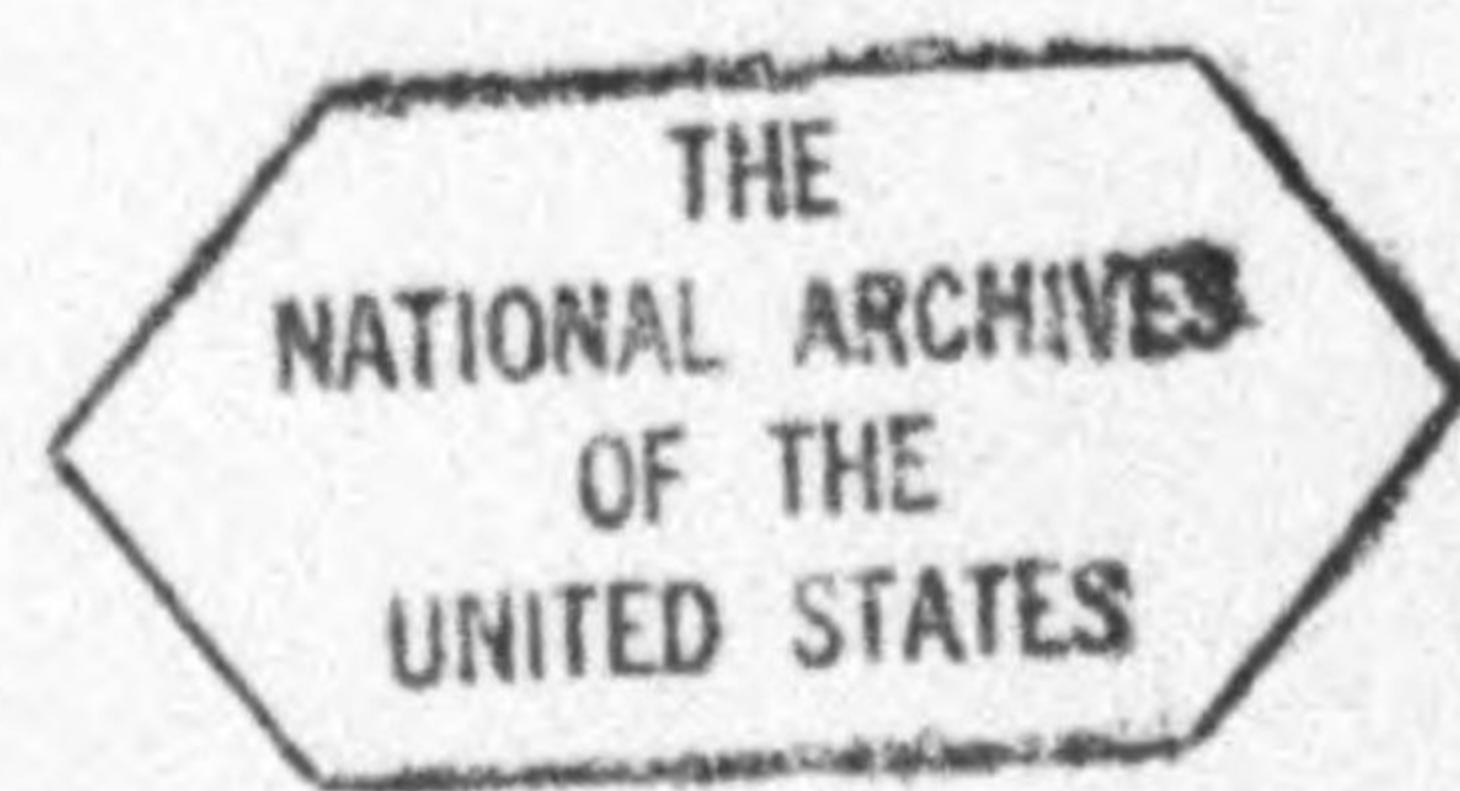


775 OK3

GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331)  
Description of contents



(1) Box no. 2745

(2) Folder title/number: (31)  
PG 006.005 Labor Standard Bureau - Saitama

(3) Date : Feb. 1950 - Jan. 1951

(4) Subject :

Classification	Type of record
9422, 9740	C

(5) Item description and comment :

Saitama

(6) Reproduction :  Yes  No

Sheet no.

(7) Film no.

775 OK3

埼基登二三号

昭和二十六年一月十二日

埼玉労働基準局長



関東民事部労働課長殿

算旭に對する賃金不払事件の申告について

昭和二十五年十一月十七日連絡にて連絡ありました。標記はうりや社長  
八木義司より左記通り全額支拂ひ不拂解消した旨報告があつたが  
経過を合せて報告致します。

労 動 省

記

一、川越常切基準監督署に於て東京女子制服株式會社社長入木義司に對し十一月三十日以降再三出頭を求られたが十二月七日至つとうやく川越署に出頭しその結果十二月三十日正午川越市の同社におりて済保者立合の上賃金残額六件圓（月一萬円を六月四件内支拂つた残額六件円）を支拂う旨言明したが申告者寛旭に對し同日同時刻同社に出向く様先の旨を附し通知した

二、申告者寛旭より十二月十二日附出頭不能の通知があり早速社長入木義司にその旨を通知すると共に旅費考慮方を連絡した社長入木義司は直に寛旭に對し六件圓を支拂う旨を附し出頭するよう連絡した

三、十二月二十日寛旭は度骨神経痛の為出頭不能の理由書に「六件圓を手渡し完了まで監督署で立會の上見届けよう」と依頼する

芳

動

省

775 OK3

旨を附して妻・徳子に持参させ当事者に於て相互意見を交換し来る三十日六阡圓金額小鳥替口で送金することに決定した。そこで社長八木泰司に付し三十日対し箕浦に支拂うよう誓約をせめだ。

四、十二月三十一日社長八木泰司より小鳥替口(川越局記号番号あう四四一四、四四八七、四四八六番)を以て箕浦に付し六阡円送金した旨報告があつた。

方 動 省

775 OK3

## 申告内容

## 一、申告者

神奈川縣高座郡大和町第三住宅九十二号

寛  
旭

## 二、申告のあつた事業場

埼玉縣川越市江戸町一〇一三(蓮川越ニ四五)

東京女子制服株式會社

社長 入木義司

## 三、申告の経緯

十一月十七日関東民事部湯山課大小字通譯あり連絡<sup>オサジ</sup>  
連絡あり下るもウ(一倉受理)

## 四、申告内容

十一月二十九日東京支店長より入職一ヶ月給料一万円

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契約で勤務一ヶ月で辞めたが六月に四十円支拂かず、残額  
六阡円が支拂われてつぶつ。  
九月に川越監督署へ申告したが現在に至らずも支拂  
われぬうえ民事部に依頼したもの

以上

労 動 省

775 OK3SAITAMA

FROM: Mr. Kyutaro Suzuki (Address: No.1-1 Nihonbashi, Tokyo)  
 TO : Chief of Labor Division, ECAR

Recently democraticism is gradually going to be widespread and there exist numerous complicated labor problems.

At such an important jucture some people are still making a large profit by intermediate exploitation action or by firing those undesirable to them.

This is the case of such exploitors related to Urawa horse-race and Omiya bicycle-race. They are Mr. Toshiharu Mano living at Yono, Saitama and Mr. Yasuji Iwaki, at 4-chome, Nihonbashi, Tokyo.

These persons, getting into good graces of prefectoral officials and making a falsified record in which absentees are shown as presence, secured their wages and kept themselves or deducted their commission from wages of the regular employees.

I think they, who contracted such races exclusively, have not paid even a cent as tax to their large profit which they made by deducting their commission from the wages which these employees earned by working hard.

We desire you could be good enough to conduct a strict investigation in this connection so that such exploitation action be ceased by order of GHQ and those persons who are still acting without the knowledge of authority concerned be strictly punished and expelled from horse-race and bicycle-race world.

At the same time it is desired that those officials who act in cooperation with these undesirable persons be expelled.

If not, "Making Bright" of this world will not be expected.

They are acting by legal means, so again I hope you would be kind enough to investigate the matter for the benefit of the general public.

Contact Lab Standards Bureau and have them make a thorough investigation of this matter and submit report to this office - MTC

<sup>chief,</sup>  
Fax copy handled by S. S. S., Section Off.,  
by Mr. Saeki, 17 Mar. 1950.

Full report on this matter sent to KMB  
by Lab Standards Office Saitama, about 23 April.  
VB.

775 OK3

Control Symbol IXD-1

SUBJECT: Labor Relations Activities (Form #1)

Prefecture Tochigi . Code Number T1 - GD - 20 .

(Sister)

(Dispute)

All Monopoly Bureau, Motegi machi

a.

b. Tobacco

All Monopoly Bureau Motegi Branch Labor  
Union

c.

JFLU

d. 222 Male 256 Female

Union demands overtime pay + refuses to  
work overtime until they get it.

Dispute started 22 Jan. Reported 23 Jan.

Strike

e. Dispute Settled 7 Feb. '48 - Dispute changed  
To strike 5 Feb. '48 Settled 9 Feb. '48 - Co. met  
All Demands.

T.X

669-467-24 Jan '48

Diary

[Redacted]

Settlement

T.X

669-485

Feb  
12 '48

*for dithers  
FEB 21 1950  
not discussed  
& discussed  
with SSO  
in N.R.B. Bureau*  
Seikihatsu No.135  
17 Feb, 50

SUBJECT: Suspected Violation of Art.6 of Labor Standard Law by Hanzaburo Komata.

FROM : Chief of Saitama Labor Standard Bureau  
TO : Chief of Labor Division, KCAR

As to the above case, referred to us by Major Curtis, Chief of Labor Section, former Saitama Civil Affairs Team as of 28 Jan, 49, we already submitted an interim report, July 5, 49. This time, however, investigation has been finished, he was approved to be a violator of evil nature and the case was sent to Urawa District Procurator's Office. Therefore we hereby submit the report to you.

1. Crime:

The suspect Hanzaburo Komata lives at No.1-2,704 Morinouchi, Omiya, Saitama. After the 11nd war, he had no regular job, and he has been working as a pedlar until to-day. The other suspect Shinji Ishii lives at No.1-3,712 Takahana-cho, Omiya, Saitama. Until present he has been working as a pedlar besides getting a occasional job as a out-door electric mechanic.

These two persons either singly or in conspiracy with each other violated Art.6 of LSL as follows;

(1) In the middle of May, 49 Ishii mediated in placing the eldest daughter of Komata, Kimiko as a geisha-girl to Ten Jimbo, geisha service by trade, his house professionally called "Tsukino-ya" located at No.413 Sokokura, Onsen-mura, Ashikarashimo-gun, Kanagawa and was presented with Y3,000 for his labor by Jinbo..

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- (2) About 28 May, 49 both Komata and Ishii in conspiracy with each other placed Aiko Aikawa as a geisha-girl to Yai Okawa, geisha service by trade, her house professionally called "Yoshizumi" and located at No.1,249 Soryo, Matsuda-machi, Ashikagakami-gun, Kanagawa. They were presented with Y5,000 by Okawa as a remuneration which was divided equally between them, each getting Y2,500.
- (3) About 27 May, 49 Komata and Ishii in conspiracy with each other placed Shitoe Oike as a geisha-girl to Ten Jinbo as mentioned in (1) and were given Y3,500 for their labor.
- (4) About the beginning of June, 49 Ishii placed a woman of about 28 years old as a geisha-girl to Jinbo and was given Y1,500 by Jinbo.
- (5) On June 2, 49 Komata placed Fusai Mukaihara as a geisha-girl to Yai Okawa, mentioned in (2) and was given Y5,000 by Okawa for his labor.

775 OK3

埼基第一三五号

昭和二十五年二月十七日

埼玉労働基準局長

埼玉労働基準局

関東民事労働課長殿



小保平三郎に対する法第六條違反被疑事件につて  
昭和二十四年六月二十九日元埼玉民事労働課長より  
連絡のあつた標記につては昭和二十四年七月五日附を以つて中間  
報告をしておいたところであるが今回検査を完了し事実悪  
質と認めたので昭和二十五年二月六日浦和地検察庁一事  
件送致 たゞうち報告書一通

## 一犯罪事實

被疑者小俣半三郎は埼玉縣大宮市塙之内一丁目ニテ四畝地に在住し終戰後は無職で行商などに從事して現在に至リオツモアリ。被疑者石井信治も埼玉縣大宮市高鼻町二丁目三丁<sup>ノ</sup>番地に在住し電気外線工事夫として從事してゐるがためう行商を行つて現在まであるも又は

單独に次の如く劣働基準法第六條に違反したも又は

(1) 昭和二年五月月中旬被疑者石井信治は小俣半三郎の長女<sup>ノ</sup>子を神奈川縣足柄上郡温泉村衣笠四<sup>ノ</sup>番地藝妓置屋兼

月迺家事神保軒方に芸妓として就職を斡旋しその謝礼と

して神保軒より参<sup>ノ</sup>内圓を貰つたも又は

(2) 昭和二年五月二十八日頃被疑者小俣半三郎並被疑者石井信治の内人は共謀して相川あい子を神奈川縣足柄上郡松田町

惣領三九畠地藝妓置屋業によらず、事大川又不方び販  
として就職を斡旋しさり謝礼として大川マイより五十圓を貰  
、小保半三郎が貰十五圓を石井信治が貰十五圓に分配した  
もつである

(3) 昭和二十四年五月二十二日頃被疑者小保半三郎並石井信治  
の内人は共謀し尾池志江江を神奈川縣足柄下郡温泉村衣笠  
四三番地藝妓置屋業「月廻家」事神保転すに藝妓として  
就職を斡旋し神保転よりそり謝礼として各十五圓を貰つた  
もつである

(4) 昭和二十四年六月之初頃被疑者石井信治は三八才位の女子半  
神保転すに藝妓として就職を斡旋しさり謝礼として神  
保転より壹千五百圓を貰つたもつである

(5) 昭和二十四年六月二日被疑者小保半三郎は向笠序江を大

775 OK3

川メイテへ藝妓として就職を斡旋しその謝礼として大川メイ  
ナリ五十圓貰つたものである

1)

Why won't Employers  
Petition to ~~allow~~ discharge allowance

To: Labor Section Chief, Kanto Civil Affairs Region

Dissolution of Nihon Kanko Kyokai or Japan Tourist Corporation as well as an immediate reimbursement of unpaid salary and discharge allowance were decided on 28 Nov. 1949 at the meeting of the employer and employees. In spite of the decision of its dissolution, however, the Corporation employed new employees after the resignation of old employees and is still continuing the tourist business, besides Mr. Fujisawa Mizuya, President of the corporation, appears to want us forget about the promise he made as the time goes on. As his attitude was so irresponsible as the president, ignoring the promise and uttering the revocation of the decision with undemocratic words which meant the suspension of payment when we, the old employees, claimed his fulfilment of the promise made on 28 Nov. 1949, that we presented the problem to the Central Labor Standards Office at the end of December 1949 and asked an investigation in order to solve the problem peacefully. However, no clue to the solution of it has not been seen yet. Such being the case in which we are perfectly at a loss we have come to a conclusion to make a petition about it to your Headquarters, hoping the early solution of the problem by your kind consideration.

Name of Corporation: Nihon Kanko Kyokai

Address: Main office, located at 9 Nihon Denki Kyokai,  
3, 1-chome, Yurakucho, Chiyoda-ku.

Information Office is located at The Mainichi  
Shimbun sha Annex, 5, 1-chome Yurakucho,  
Chiyoda-ku.

Date Established: 11 Feb. 1936

President: Fujisawa Mizuya

No. of Employee: 36 (at the time of dissolution)

Last Payment: 30 Sept. 1949

Total Amt. Unpaid: ¥329,862 (Approx.)

The negotiation made with Labor Standards Office and the result.

A letter on violation of Labor Standards Law and on the request of payment of discharge allowance was submitted through Mr. Koizumi, who used to be an employee of the corporation and discharged without specified reason, to Central Labor Standards Office in the middle of November 1949 and nothing was done. At the end of December 1949 through Mr. Matsunoto, Iwabari, and Nogami, the old employees, another letter of request on payment of outstanding salary was submitted to Mr. Take-mura, an official of Central Labor Standards Office, and an investigation was made at the end of January 1950 and as the result of the investigation it was answered that the payment was intended to be made at the end of January 1950, however nothing has been done even now.

The negotiation made with Crime Prevention Section, Marunouchi Police Station.

As Mr. Fujisawa, President, resorted to force when we, the old employees, went to his office to demand the payment of the unpaid salary and discharge allowance about 20 Feb. 1950, the case was appealed by Mr. Nogami to Mr. Iijima, a police sergeant of Crime Prevention Section, Marunouchi Police Station. Mr. Fujisawa was summoned to the police station a few days later and promised to pay within February.

Request that an investigation be made on the following cases.

1. Nonpayment of Salary and Discharge Allowance.  
The president has not paid the employees the salary for the months since October 1949 and in spite of the repeated claims no intention of payment can

3)

be seen.

2. Embezzling fees of pension and health insurance suspected.

Those fees were reduced from the salary of the employees, but it is suspected that Mr. Fujisawa has embezzled himself.

3. Embezzling of income tax.

According to the information received from Nihonbashi Taxation Office in the middle of October 1949 the income taxes paid by the employees and the taxes for contracts charged have been outstanding since January 1949 and it was <sup>also</sup> revealed that Mr. Fujisawa made a false report which stated that the date of establishment of the corporation was 1947 to the above said tax office.

4. Violation of Labor Standards Law.

5. Fraud by using dishonored cheques.

We, hereby, make a petition with joint signature

Michiko Nagami  
Etsuko Fukai  
Zenrosuke Kaneko  
Takashi Konuma  
Shin Koizumi  
Takashi Wakabayashi  
Kiichiro Nakamura  
Fukue Tomizawa  
Kazuo Kuwita  
Teruko Saito  
Tomiko Suzuki  
Kayoko Sato

Takeshi Kato      Representatives now working  
Hisco - Michimi      at Asahi Kenko Kabushiki Kaisha,  
Noriko Aoki      c/o Kyobashi Kaikan, 9, 2-chome,  
Yoshiko Takahashi      Kyobashi, Chuo-ku.  
                            Tel. 56-5291

THE SAITAMA LABOR STANDARDS BUREAU  
URAWA CITY, SAITAMA PREFECTURE*file*

SLO-221

27 March 1950

SUBJECT: MONTHLY LABOR STANDARDS BUREAU ACTIVITIES  
REPORT (FOR MARCH)

THRU : KANTO LIAISON & COORDINATION OFFICE  
TO : LABOR RELATIONS DIVISION, ECONOMICS SECTION,  
HQ. KANTO CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION  
( ATTENTION: CHIEF, MR. MARTIN CAMACHO)

We hereby submit to you the subject report for  
March 1950 as follows.

## (1) Administrative problems.

The same as previously reported.

## (2) Effectiveness of Labor Standards Inspection Offices.

The Rules on the Official Duties of the Labor Standards Inspectors came into effect in Feb. last. The business of labor standards inspection has been consolidated accordingly. The report on the results of inspections of the nine Labor Standards Inspection Offices follows:

1. Total number of labor inspectors who were engaged in the work of inspection:

43 persons

2. The cumulative number of days when inspection was conducted:

465 days

3. The number of establishments to which inspection was conducted:

554 plants

4. The number of establishments to which inspection was conducted in compliance with reports therefrom:

51 (No. of reporting cases: 57 )

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- (Violation)*  
5. The number of infraction cases against the Labor Standards Law which were detected by inspectors:

1519

6. The type of violation against the Labor Standards Law:

a. Article 42	283	cases
b. " 108	177	"
c. " 107	143	"
d. " 43	137	"
e. " 52	136	"
f. " 32	87	"
g. " 24	80	"
h. " 57	61	"
i. " 39	56	"
j. " 37	50	"

As compared with the cases of the previous month, the conspicuous are the increase in infringement of the regulations pertaining to safety and the decrease in infraction of those concerning working hours.

- (Violation)*  
7. The total amount of money which the labor standards inspectors have had the employers paid to the workers:

¥28,180,935.18

(3) Attitudes and reactions of employers toward the Labor Standards Law and its provisions.

The textile industry circles in Chichibu area are the most feudalistic as a whole. Both labor and capital are not too much concerned about the Labor Standards Law. Though it has passed three years since the Labor Standards Law came into effect, there are many cases of infraction against the regulations concerning women and minor workers, overtime working and working on rest days, working till late at night, etc.. The Labor Standards Inspectors, therefore, are making efforts to improve the status.

About 430 textile business people in Chichibu area are suspending their business operations on account of the financial difficulties and the heavy tax load. In Kumagaya area, there are found some idle factories in silk-reeling industry owing to the lowering of prices of silk.

Besides the "Tabi" (Japanese socks) industry circles in Gyoda area, which has been previously reported, it is anticipated that there may be pretty many plants which will suspend business operations for a long period. The Labor Standards Bureau and the Labor Standards Inspection Offices are making efforts to understand the status and

-3-

to make employers pay rest-day allowances to workers during the period of business suspension.

(4) 1. Attitudes and reactions of the unions toward the Labor Standard Law.

Stimulated by the recent unfavorable trends such as non-payment, personnel cut and long period of business suspension, labor unions and union members are taking keen interest in the provisions of the Law concerning the restriction on the dismissal of workers, the payments of wages and retirement allowance and rest-day allowance. They are endeavoring to hold the minimum standards which are guaranteed by the Labor Standards Law against unfair labor practice of employers. Most of reports from workers included such subject as mentioned above.

2. With regard to the "law observance strife" of the National Railway Workers Union, the Labor Standards Bureau and the Labor Standards Inspection Offices are carefully watching the trend, keeping connections with the Labor Ministry.

(5) Methods being used by the bureau to assure compliance with the Labor Standards Law, cases of violation degree of co-operation from procurators.

1. The Labor Standards Bureau lays emphasis upon the re-inspection and the detection of violation against the Law to secure the right of workers.
2. From 28 February to 22 March, the Labor Standards Bureau and the Labor Standards Inspection Offices jointly held short courses for safety men at workshops in the district of each Labor Standards Inspection Office. The aim of the course was to make them understand their legal obligations and co-operate with the authorities concerned.

Cooperative attitude of procurators.

Procurators are assuming a cooperative attitude toward the Labor Standards Bureau. But some cases turned over to the Procurator's Office were dropped during last year. It is deemed that the reason lies in their lack of understanding to the principle of the Labor Standards Law. So, further efforts are required to make them deepen their understanding.

Measures taken for workshops where wages are unpaid.

The basic principle is the same as it was reported in the previous month. But the Labor Standards Office is making every efforts, keeping connections with workers, customers and financiers, to

-4-

look into the cause of employers' non-payment and capacity to pay and their goods faith as well. To the cunning employers who would evade payment to workers in spite of their solvencies, the Labor Standards Office is holding a course of action to put them under the judicial measures.

(6) Any cases of forced labor and child-selling.

None

(7) Matters regarding unpaid wages.

No. of cases: 74

Total amount of unpaid wages: 104,740,149 yen

Cases turned over to the procurator's office: 2  
(Cases under preparation: 3)

- a. Kyowa Oxygen Co. Ltd. (in the district of Kawaguchi Labor Standards Inspection Office)
- b. Kurihashi Plant, Tōtsu Electric Co. Ltd. (in the district of Kasukabe L. S. I. O.)

Both cases were turned over to the procurator's office on 20 March.

(8) Worker's accident compensation insurance.

a. Status of collection of premium.

Amt. of premium decided to be collected	Premium	Miscellaneous incomes	Total
	67,673,125	1,965,375	69,638,400
Amt. of premium already collected	58,243,680	1,953,075	60,196,755
Amt. of premium not yet collected	9,429,445	12,300	9,441,745

b. Status of payment.

Amt. of money

Business expenses 5,506,109

Insurance benefits 51,498,447

Premium paid back 370,554

TOTAL 57,375,110

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(9) Activities of the Safety Section: Problems of maintenance and repair, attitude of employers, degree of compliance.

It was reported that a short course of practical affairs for Safety men was under consideration.

The program is being operated as follows:

February 28		In the district of Omiya Office	Attendants	51 persons
March 2		In the district of Omiya Office	"	35 "
" 6		In the district of Kumagaya Office	"	23 "
" 10		In the district of Kawagoe Office	"	15 "
" 13		In the district of Tokorozawa Office	"	19 "
" 17		In the district of Gyoda Office	"	45 "
" 20		In the district of Kasukabe Office	"	37 "

J. Ohana.

Chief of Saitama Labor Standards Bureau

S/T/I

775. OK3

埼基發第二二四號

昭和二十五年三月二十四日

關東民事部長殿

埼玉勞働基準局長

埼玉勞働基準局

覺書第三一九號の一に依る報告

標記の件三月分別紙の通り報告致します

(本件については日本文壹通、英文參通提出致します)

775. OK3

## 月報内容 三月分

(2) (1)  
前月の通り

## 地区監督署の実效

二月に入り労働基準監督官執務規範の制定施行を契機に作年秋以來着々整備されつゝあつた監督業務態勢に最後的仕上を終へその一元的運営と充實強化に新たなる段階を刻しつゝある。

二月中の九監督署における監督実施結果報告によれば

一 監督を実施した監督官總員數 四三名

監督を実施した延日數 四六五日

一般監督を実施した事業場數 五五四工場

申告に基き監督を実施した事業場數 五一（申告件數五七）

監督實施により發見せられた違反件數 一五一九件

違反の内容を條文別にみると

(1) 四二條 二八三件 (2) 一〇八條 一七七件 (3) 一〇七條 一四三件 (4) 四三條 一三

七件 (5) 五二條 一三六件 (6) 三二條 八七件 (7) 二四條 八〇件 (8) 五七條 六一件

(9) 三九條 五六件 (10) 三七條 五〇件の順となり前回と對比する時安全關係の違反の増加と労働時間の違反の減少が目立つ

監督實施に依り監督官が使用者をして労働者に支給せしめた

775 OK3

金額 二八一八〇九三五圓一八錢

(3)

労働基準法とその條項に對する雇傭主の態度及び動向

從來秩父地區の織物業界は最も封建的身分拘束的労働關係の濃厚に殘存する分野で労働基準法に對する勞使双方の關心度も極めて低調にして法施行以來三年後に於ても尙法定最低年令違反女子年少労働者に對する休日時間外、深夜労働等惡質違反が頻りに行はれつゝある狀況で、これに對處して秩父署に置いても法普及の徹底、夜間臨檢等指導監督の強化徹底に努めつゝあつたが最近に到り事態は一轉し整品の値下り、徵稅攻勢金融等のため操業繼續困難となり、二月末以來相次て一ヶ月前後の休業に入りつゝある（秩父地區織物業者數約四三〇名）又熊谷署管内の製絲工場に於ても一ヶ月程度の休業に入るものが逐次増加する動向が顯れ（絲價の崩落による採算割れによる）前回報告せる行田足袋業界の長期休業とも考へ合せる時今後經濟界的一般的不況に伴ひ長期休業に入る事業場が相等數に昇るものと予想せられるので各署ともかかる事業場の狀況把握に努めるとともに休業手當の適法を支給を爲さしめ、違法に亘らざるやう嚴に看視中である。

(4)

労働基準法とその條項に對する労組の態度及動向

一 最近の全般的經濟不況による賃金不拂、人員整理、長期休業等の情勢悪化に刺戟せられ各労働組合並びに労働者個人にとつても労働基準法中解雇手續、退職金支給賃金の支拂、休業手當の支給等の條項に對する關心は次第に昂まり使用者側の一方的な労働條件の切下に對し労働

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基準法で保障せられる最底基準を確保せんとする労働者側の切實な要求が反映している労働者の申告内容もこれ等の條項に關連するものが壓倒的多數を占め労働時間、安全衛生等の條項に關するものは極めて少く關心度は依然低調をきはめている。

二 尚國鐵労組の違法闘争の動向に對しては局署とも慎重な態度を以て臨み本省とも緊密なる連絡を保ちつゝこれが措置につき万全を期しつゝある。

## (5)

労働基準法を遵守させるために基準局が用いている方法

一 監督方針としては前回報告通り再監督の勵行實質違反の發見是正による労働者の権利確保に重點を指向監督業務本然の姿に變りつゝあり。

二 二月二十八日以降三月二十二日にわたり局署合同にて各監督管内に於て管下各事業場の安全管理者に對する實務講習會を開催その法的義務を再認識せしめ擔當管理業務の推進を通して局署の監督業務に積極的協力を促し併せて一般労働者に對する労働基準法の關心喚起に挺身を要請その效果が期待せられる

## 検事の協力態度

送次協調的態度を示しつゝあり、捜査方法、書類の作成等手續的面に對しては良心的指導を受けつゝあるも昨年中送檢した事件中不起訴處分に終つたものの理由を検討するに尚労働基準法に對するその理解の不充分によると思料せらるゝものも若干見受けられるので更にこれが認識を深めるよう一段の努力を必要とする  
不拂事業場に對する措置

○ つづける文書は上記の件名と同一の件名で本件の取扱いを終了する旨

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基本の方針は前回報告通りであるが労働者側とも緊密な提携を保ちつゝ不拂の原因の究明、文  
拂余力の有無の確認を金融面取引先との關係等より総合的且つ詳細に爲し賃金支拂に對する使  
用者側の誠意盡力の程度を適確に把握するよう努力しつゝあり支拂余力のあるにもかかはらず  
故意にその資金を他の支出に充てゝいる悪質業者については司法處分に附する方針を以つて臨  
んでいる

## (6) 強制労働、人身賣買の件

該當なし

## (7) 未拂賃金に關する件

件數 七七件 對象労働者數 七一五〇名

不拂賃金總額 一〇四七四〇一四九圓

送檢件數 二件 (準備中のもの三件)

(イ) 協和酸素株式會社 (川口署管内)

(ロ) 東通電氣株式會社栗橋工場 (春日部署管内)

送檢年月日は何れも三月二〇日

## (8) ▲ 保險料の徵收狀況

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摘要	料収入	雜收入	計
徵收決済額	67,673.125圓	1,965.375圓	69,638.400圓
受納済額	58,243.680圓	1,953.075圓	60,196.755圓
受納未済額	9,429.445圓	123.00圓	9,441.745圓

## B 文機状況

備註	金額
事務費	5,506.109圓
支拂金	51,498.447圓
支拂未清算返還金	370.554圓
計	57,375.110圓

- (9) 安全課の活動維持、修理の問題、使用者側の態度、法をどの程度遵守しているか  
 二月分報告にて安全管理者實務講習を計画中の旨報告したが左記の通り実施している  
 二月二十八日 浦和、川口監督署管内 出席者 五一名  
 三月 二日 大宮監督署管内 \*\* 三五名  
 三月 六日 龍谷監督署管内 \*\* 二三名  
 三月 十日 川越監督署管内 \*\* 一五名

出席者

一九名

四五名

三七名

三月  
十三日  
十七日  
二十日

新潟監視管内  
行田監視管内  
春日部監視管内

三月二十八日  
新潟・長岡監視管内

足立  
第一会

二月廿六日  
新潟・長岡監視管内  
大泊監視の趣意宣傳上アヘル

(e) 宣傳の説明資料、地圖の説明、地圖の説明等アヘル事

新潟監視	長岡監視	足立監視
新潟監視	長岡監視	足立監視

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