

ILLUSTRATED
UNITED STATES
 4878.


## LEGISLATIVE PROTECTION!

## AGAINST A DANGEROUS FRAUD!

f
OR one piece of legislation, at least, the Forty-fourth Congress deserves the thanks of the public and the mercantile community. It passed an Act "To punish the Counterfeiting of Trade Mark Goods, and the Sale of or Dealing in of Counterfeit Trade Mark Goods," approved August 14th, 1876. Under this new enactment, the audaciots pirates who have so persistently attempited to palm off imitations of The Chief Tonic of the Age,

## HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

Upon the credulous and the unolscrrant may be, as they assuredly will be, if caught in the act, "punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not more than two years, or both such fine and imprisonment." The sick and debilitated have reason to congratulate themselves upon a law which ought, by the terrors of condign punishment which it threatens, to protect them against a species of trickery which not only jeopardizes their heallh, by reason of the fiery adulterated nature of the counterfeit sold, but also deprived them of the benefits derivable from one of the most salutary medicines ever offered to suffering humanity.

It is to be hoped, since the counterfeiting of trade marks is made dangerous to the Liberty of the rogues who have so long practiced it, that this sort of rascality has received its death blow. Up to the passage of the act specified, the law had provided no remedy for it, no mode of redress for the injured parties except a civil suit which, beyond the procuring of an injunction and damages, amounted to nothing, as the rascally defendants were usually men of straw. Now, however, they can be CAUGIT, CAGED ANE Fined, and it is the intention of the proprietors of Hostetter's Stonach Bitters to leave no stone unturned to bring any future counterfeiters of the Great Renovant to Justice! But it is hardly probable, knowing the penalty, that they will incur the risk. Nevertheless, in view of the possibility that future attempts to palm off imitations of the Bitters may be made, wie will again describe the genuine article, for the better protection of the public.

BEWARE of ANY 1 RTICLE offered as HOSTETTER'S RITTERS which is not sold in bottles, in the glass of which the name of the preparation is blown, the Cork covered with an elegantly engraved U. S. Government Stamp, and on one side bearing a handsome steel plate label of St. George and the Dragon, at the foot of which is a miniature note of hand, with a fac simile of the signature of the firm of Hostetter \& Smith, and on the other a bronze label giving directions for the use of the article.

RS Remember also that the genuine article is Sold ONLY IN Bottles. .ism

# Hostetter's Thited States 1 manac 

 FOR THE YEAR

Calculated to Mean Time for Boston, Pittsburgh and New Orleans.



## LUNATIONS .

20 New Moon $\qquad$
3 First quanter,
(5) Full Moon,
(8) Last Quarter,

$\left\{\begin{array}{rl}\{ & 3 \\ 4 & 58 \\ 4 & 27 \\ 4 & 51 \\ 5 & 22 \\ 5 & 549\end{array}\right.$

BOSTON.
D. H. M.
$\begin{array}{lll}3 & 9 & 19 \\ \text { Mor. }\end{array}$
$11 \quad 2 \quad 3$ Eve.
$\begin{array}{lll}18 & 7 & 27 \\ \text { Eve. }\end{array}$
$25 \quad 11 \quad 6$ Mor.


PITTSBURGH.


## NEW PRLEANS

D. H M.
$\begin{array}{llll}3 & 8 & 3 & \text { Mor. }\end{array}$
11 0.47 Eve.
$18 \quad 6 \quad 11$ Eve.
$25 \quad 9 \quad 50$ Mor.
New Orleans.
Sun Sun Moon
rises sets rises
н. м. н. м. н. м.
(1.) 1st Sunday after New Year.

Luke 2. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 9 h. 23 m.

6 S Fr'e expclsJesuits,'29 \%变 7 M Liberia colonized,'22 8 T Eli Whitney d. 1825 9 W Astor Lib'y ope'd,'54
10. T Laud beheaded, 1645 11 F Linneas died, 1778
12 S Pestalozzi born, 1746 ,

| 730 | 443 | 755 | 725 | 448 | 759 | 657 | 515 | 816 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 730 | 444 | 856 | 724 | 449 | 859 | 657 | 516 |  |
| 729 | 445 | 958 | 724 | 450 | 959 | 657 | 517 |  |
| 729 | 446 | 1058 | 724 | 451 | 1058 | 657 | 518 | 1055 |
| 729 | 447 | Mor | 724 | 452 | 1159 | 657 | 519 | 1149 |
| 729 | 448 |  | 724 | 453 | mor | 657 | 519 | MOR |
| 728 | 449 |  | 723 | 454 | 10 | 657 | 520 | 044 |

(2.) 1st Sunday after Epiphany. Luke 2. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 9 h. 32 m.

| 13 | S | Pat. to Plymouth 1630 | WTM | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}9 \\ 9\end{array}\right.$ | 728 | 450 | 29 | 723 | 455 | 25 | 657 | 521 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | M | Bish. Berkeley d. 1753 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}9 & 28\end{array}\right.$ | 727 | 452 | 319 | 723 | 456 | 314 | 657 | 522 | 2 |
| 15 | T | Edward Everett d. '65 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}9 \\ 9\end{array}\right.$ | 727 | 453 | 423 | 722 | 457 | 422 | 657 | 523 | 3 |
| 16 | W | Sir John Moore d. '09 |  | $\begin{cases}10 & 9\end{cases}$ | 727 | 454 | 534 | 722 | 458 | 527 | 657 | 524 | 45 |
| 17 | T | Battle Cowpens 1781 | \%ิก | $\begin{cases}10 & 29\end{cases}$ | 726 | 455 | 632 | 721 | 5.0 | 626 | 657 | 525 | 55 |
| 18 | $\stackrel{\mathrm{F}}{\text { S }}$ | Gen. Lee born,1807 |  | $\begin{cases}10 & 48\end{cases}$ | 725 | 456 | RIS. | 721 |  | RIS. | 656 | 525 | RIS |
| 19 | S | Gen. Mercer k'd, 1777 |  |  | 725 | 458 |  | 720 |  |  | 656 | 526 | 62 |

(3.) 2d Sunday after Epiphany. John 2. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 9 h. 44 m .


Tife Best Education.-Self-knowledge.

The Best War.-To war against one's weakness.

## Brace up the Enfeebled System !

# HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, 

A N

# Unfailing Source of Health and Comfort 

TOTHE

WEAK AND INFIRM,

AND AN INCOMPARABLE REMEDY AND PREVENTIVE.

HEALTH depends upon the vigorous action of the bodily organs. It is their inaction-resulting from a general want of tone in the system, which ordinarily produces disease, since if they are inactive, they must speedily become irregular in the performance of their allotted duty. It is manifest, therefore, that the true, nay, the only way to permanently overcome ill health, is to infuse vitality into the body, and thus give the needful impulse to its internal mechanism. How can this be done? Not by medicines which only moderate the symptoms of disease for the time being. Still less by mineral and alkaloid tonics which do little else than disorder the stomach and contaminate the circulation. How then? By a wholesome vegetable invigorant which, while it strengthens the system, reforms those organic irregularities that would otherwise prevent the good effects of the vitalizing process from becoming permanent. For the accomplishment of this double result the sick and feeble can rely with certainty upon Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a botanic vitalizer and alterative fully adapted to their wants. This popular
health-cordial, by stimulating digestion, and rendering assimilation of the food complete, enables the nutritive organs to supply the body with pure, rich blood, which efficiently nourishes, warms and strengthens every part of it. This effect is rendered lasting by the orderly and harmonious discharge of their various functions into which the Bitters discipline the liver, bowels, kidneys and bladder, whose disorders obstruct invigoration.

The tonic and regulative excellence of this celebrated medicine is shown by the fact that it remedies general debility, dyspepsia, torpidity of the liver, inactivity of the bowels, urinary and uterine complaints, intermittent and remittent fevers, inability to sleep, nervous and rheumatic ailments, and by the protection it affords against malaria. The preventive value of the Bitters especially commends them to persons residing or temporarily sojourning in localities where chills and fever, and other febrile complaints of a periodic type are prevalent. Thronghout North, South and Central America, and in the West Indies, the Bitters are unquestionably the most popular means

(5.) 4th Sunday after Epiphany. Matt. 8. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 10 h. 12 m.

|  | Greece decl'd free, $30{ }^{\prime}$ |  | (14 8 | 712 | 517 | 647 | 7 | 8 | 520 |  | 649 | 539 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 M | J. Rogers burnt, 1555 | (0) | $\{1 \times 13$ | 711 | 518 | 748 | 7 | 7 | 521 | 750 | 649 | 540 | 756 |
| 5 T | Ole Bull born, 1810 | -5 | (1415 | 710 | 519 | 849 | 7 | 6 | 522 | 850 | 648 | 541 | 848 |
| 6 W | Charles II. died, 1685 | 200 | (1422 | 78 | 521 | 950 | 7 | 5 | 524 | 949 | 647 | 542 | 942 |
| 7 \% | renelon died, 1715 | - | $\begin{cases}11 & 25\end{cases}$ |  | 5 | 1051 | 7 | 4 |  | 1049 | 647 | 542 | 1035 |
| ¢ | Earthq. London, 1760 |  | 1428 |  | 523 | 1155 | 7 | 3 | $5 \quad 26$ | 1151 | 646 | 543 | 1131 |
| ${ }^{9} \mathrm{~S}$ | Iharrison born, 1773 |  | $1+29$ |  | 525 | MOR | 7 | 2 | 527 | MOR | 645 | 544 | MOP |

(6.) 5th Sunday after Epiphany. Matt. 13. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 10 h. 29 m.

(\%.) Septuagesima Sunday.
Matt. 20.
Day's Length, (Pitts.) 10 1. 46 m.


One of the greatest physiological crimes of our country is, that its meople do not get rest enough-do not sleep enoligh.

Never reflect on a past action which was done with a good motice, and with the best judgment at the time.
of curing and preventing such maladies.

Hosthiter's Butters, besides promoting regilarity of the organs of digestion, secretion and evacuation, and imparting a hardy vigor to the system which fortifies it against disease, is a genuine remedy for despondency and restorative of cheerfulness. The Bitters also relieve functional weaknesses to which the gentler sex are especially
subject, and mitigates those infirmities incident to a decline of life.

The essential principle of rye, pronounced perfectly pure by analysts, and recommended by physicians as the best of diffusible stimulants, holds in solution and lends additional efficary to the invigorating, anti-bilious, ap: ent and nerve-soothing propertic: of this prime vegetable remedy and preventive.

## ENGLAND'S RULERS.

The following is a corrcet table of the soverelgns of England, with the date of the beginning of their reign :

| DANES AMD SAXONS. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 888 | Efward If. |
| Ethelwolf.......... 837 | Ethelred If....... 979 |
| Ethelbald in...... 857 | Sweyn.............. 1018 |
| Ethelbert........... $\% 60$ | Canute............. 1014 |
| Ethelred 1........... 868 | Ethelredrragain 1014 |
| Alfred the Great 871 | Fdmund is ...... 1016 |
| Edward I........... 901 | Cantite, again... 1017 |
| Athelstan .......... 925 | Harold x........... 1035 |
| Edmund I.......... 910 | Hardicanute.... 1010 |
| Edred ................ 946 | Edward, Con- |
| Edwy................. 9\%] | fessor,........ 1043 |
| Edgar ................. 957 F,Harold II......... 1066 |  |
| NORMANS. |  |
| William x........ 1046 | Henry I........... 1100 |
| William If........ 10s7 | Stephen .......... 1135 |
| FLANTAGENETS. |  |
| Henry mi.......... 1154 | Edward I......... 1272 |
| Riehard x......... 1189 | Edward II........ 1307 |
| John ................ 1109 | Edward III...... 1327 |
| Henry III......... 1216 | Riehard II ....... 1377 |
| LANCASTER. |  |
| Henry iv ......... 13999 | Henry Vr........ 1422 |
| Henry V........... 1413 |  |
| YORK. |  |
| Edward IV........ 1461 | Richard rir...... 1483 |
| Edward v.......... 1483 |  |
| TUDOE. |  |
| Henry vir....... 1455 | Mary............... 1553 |
| Henry virr ...... 1599 | Elizabeth........ 1950 |
| Edward Vi ....... 1517 |  |
| STU | RTS. |
| James I ........... 160:3 \| Ctharles I ......... 1625 |  |
| Interregnum- | Commonwealth. |
| StUA RTS (RTGSTORED.) |  |
| Charles if......... 1069 | William \& Mary 1689 |
| James If ........... 13\%\%) Anne............... 1702 |  |
| FANOVER. |  |
| Georger........... 1714 | ( Genrge IV........ 1820 |
| George If.......... 1727 | Whlliam Iv...... 1880 |
| George imf ........ 1660 | Victoria ........... 1837 |

SEIZE-rpon truth where'er 'tis found, Among your friends, among your foes, On heathen oron Christian ground,
The flower's divino where'er it grows;
Neglect the prickle, but assume the rose.

To Prevent Felons.-The foliowing direetions, earefully observed, will prevent those cuticular and osseous abominations known as felons. As soon as the discase is felt, put directly over the spot a fly blister, about the size of your thumb nail, and let it remain for six hours, at the expiration of whieh time, direetly under the surface of the blister, may be seen the felon, whiel ean instantly be taken out with the point of a needle or lancet.

JUDGE Grime, late of the United States Supreme Court, was onee trying a ease in Pennsylvania. A blundering jury returned an unjust verdiet. As the elerk turned to reeord it, Judge Grier said; "Mr. Clerk, that verdiet is set aside by the Court. It may as well be understood that in this State it takes thirteen men to steal a man's farm."

Neuralara Remedy.-Prepare horseradish, by grating and mixing in vinegar, the same as for table purposes, and apply to the temple where the face or head is affected, or the wrist, when the pain is in the arm or shoulder.

A Good Listener.-Reverend gentleman: "Well, Tim, did you leave the letter at the squire's?" 'im: "I did, your riv'renee. I b'lieve they'rehavin' dinner eompany to-day." Reverend gentleman (angrily) "What business have you to be listening about? How often have I told you -_" Tim: "Plaze your riv'renee, I only listened with my nose."

THE germination of seeds can be watehed at every stage of its progress by laying the seeds between moist towels, and placing the latter between plates. The towels can be lifted without damage to the tender sprouts.


| 11.) 2d Sunday in'Lent. |  |  |  | Matthew |  | 15. | Day's Length, (Pitts.) 12 h .1 m. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 |  | . Patrick's Day |  | \{ 826 |  | 69 | 520 | 6 | 69 | 519 |  |  | 610 |  |
|  |  | Russia emancpa'n,'61 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}8 & 8 \\ 8 & 8\end{array}\right.$ |  | 610 | kis. | 6 | 610 | RI |  | 7 | 610 |  |
|  | T | Pat. Connecticut, 1631 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}7 \\ 50\end{array}\right.$ | 6 | 611 | 736 |  | 611 | 735 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 724 |
|  | W | Isaac Newton d., 1727 |  | \} 732 | 6 | 612 | 858 |  | 612 | 855 | 6 | $4$ | 611 | S 37 |
|  |  | Cranmer burn |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}714\end{array}\right.$ |  | 613 | 1018 |  | 613 | 1013 | 6 |  | 612 | 947 |
|  | F | Goethe died, 1832 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}6 & 56\end{array}\right.$ | ${ }_{5} 5$ | 614 | 1133 |  | 614 | 1127 |  |  |  | 1055 |
|  | S | Napoleon I. rest,'d'15 |  | 637 |  | 615 | MO | 558 |  | MO | 6 |  |  |  |


| (12.) 3d Sunday in Lent |  |  |  | Luke 11. |  | Day's Length, (Pitts.) $12 \mathrm{h} 19 m.$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $241$ | 4 S | Eliz | 5 | \{ 619 | 557 | 616 | 041 |  | 616 | 034 | 559 | 614 |  |
| $25$ | 5 M | Hudson river dis. 1609 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}6 & 0\end{array}\right.$ | 5 | 618 |  | 555 | 617 | 133 | 558 | 614 | 057 |
|  | T | Gen. Hull tried, 1814 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}5 \\ 42\end{array}\right.$ | 553 | 619 | 228 | 553 | 618 | 222 | 556 | 615 | 148 |
|  | W | James I. died, 1625 |  | $\} 523$ | 552 | 620 | 3 3 | 552 | 619 | 3 3 0 | 555 | 616 | 231 |
|  | T | Death of Raphaell520 |  | $\begin{cases}5 & 5\end{cases}$ | 550 | 621 | 334 | 550 | 6 | 330 | 554 | 616 | 3 |
|  | F | Vera Cruz taken,'47 |  | ( 447 | 548 | 622 | 358 | 549 | 621 | 355 |  | 617 | 339 |
| 30 | S | Capitulation Paris'13 |  | 428 | 546 | 623 | 419 | 547 | 622 | 418 | 552 | 617 |  |

[^0]

Billy.-"I wonder why my moustache does'nt grow under my nose as well as at the corners of my mouth."

Soph,-Too much shade."

Probably the most remarkable sense of humor ever known was that of a German soldier who laughed uproariously all the time he was being flogged, and when the officer, at theend, inquired the cause of his mirth, broke out into a fresh fit of laughter and cried, "Why, I'm the wrong man!"

A Volume of Criticism.-A man wishing to engage several bushels of potatoes from a party in the suburbs, asked a neighbor what sort of a man he was. "Well," said the conscientious neighbor, "I don't know very much about him, but I should think he would make a tiptop stranger."

Thoroughly Respectable,-" Well, I think you will suit me. What is your name?" "Shakespeare, ma'am; but no relation to the play-actor of that name!"

Inability to sleep is the first step towards madness, while sound and sufficient sleep imparts a vigor to the mind, and a feeling of wellness and activity to

Spurgeon says: "Brethren, avoid the use of the nose as an organ of speech, for the best authorities are agreed that it is intended to smell with."
"Scrence," says Dr. Holmes," is a good piece of furniture for a man to have in an upper chamber, provided he has common sense on the ground floor."

Celery.-This is a marine plant, a knowledge of which fact is sufficient to cause gardeners to use salt upon it, whether they knew it was beneficial or not; butit can be used with great benefit and profit. Much of that celery which is found fluted, will be, by the use of salt, plump and smooth. Every time it is hilled, sprinkle in a little salt.

Butter is composed of fat and a little albumen. When the temperature is raised, the albumen acts as a ferment and decomposes the fat, converting it into acid-butyric. This is soluble in water. No matter how rancid your butter, it may be made perfectly sweet by washing.


## 

SIMPLE inactivity of the liver, before that organ beeomes congested and otherwise diseased, is sufficient to disorder digestion, interfere with free evacuation, and contaminate the blood. Common prudence would seem to dietate the advisability of adopting precautionary measures against a complaint which is able, thus early, to obstruct two of the most important functions of the body, and to vitiate the fom tain of life itself. Yet many persons are fool-hardy onough to disregard its symptoms, until absolutely forced to resort to medieation by the violence of the disease.
In all cases of liver complaint, Hostetter's stomach nitters may be relied upon as an unfailing specific, but they are particularly desirable in the early phase of the malady, as the biliary organ being then merely inactive, and not positively diseased, the healthful stimulation afforded by the Bitters rouses it from its dormant condition, impels it to assume its seeretive
functions, and averts a train of evils consequent upon its continuance.
Besides constipation and indigestiontwin disorders that are speedily overcome by the regulating action of the Bitters upon the bowels and stomach-a liver at fault causes yellowness of the skin, furred tongue, pain in the right side and under the right shoulder, deep color of the urine, nausea, blurred vision, eruptions, itching and many other symptoms equally annoying. If the disorder is not cheeked and the gland becomes inflamed and congested, the symptoms grow rapidly worse, and usually culminate in abscess of the liver. The disease also has a tendency to become chronic. Mercury affords but slight and temporary relief in liver complaint, and is to be regarded with disfavor on account of its injurious after effeets upon the system. Hostetter's Bitters, on the other hand, completely eradicate it, and are a safe as well as a potent anti-bilious medicine.

FROM NEW YORK TO FGREIGN PORTS.

|  | 11850 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| moor | 16900 |  |  |
| Amsterdam, | 3500 | Lisbon, Por | 30 |
| Aspinwall, | 2300 | Liverpoo | 3050 |
| Bordeaux, | 3300 | London | 3225 |
| Bomba | 11600 | Madras, Ind | 1700 |
| Brem | 3700 | Melbourne | 12800 |
| Fristol, | 31025 | Pekin, Chin | 15000 |
| Buenos Ayres, | 7100 | Rio de Jan'i | 4900 |
| adiz, | 3220 | St. Domingo | 85 |
| leutta, | 12300 | St. Petersba | 4120 |
| Cape Horn,..... | 7500 | Stockholm, | 4100 |
| Constantin'pe | 51.00 | Sydne | 12900 |
|  | 4100 |  | 4970 |
| Havant | 1225 | V | 8710 |
|  | 3140 | Veni | 4960 |
| Hong | 14000 | Ver | 19 |

Hereditary gout is a disease of the meanest sort. Its victim suffers all the pain of firstclass gout, and is at the same time aggravated by the thought, that some old grandfather had all of the fun acquiring the heirloom.

The rigid observance of English rules in the South Carolina courts, and a neglect of the same on the part of Mr. Petigru, gave rise to the following passage:
"Mr. Petigru," said the judge, "you have on a light coat. You can't speak."

Petigru replied: "May it please the bench, I conform strictly to the law. Let me illustrate: The law says that the barrister shall wear a black gown and coat, and your honor thinks that means a black ccat?"
"Yes;" said the judge.
"Well, the law also says the sheriff shall wear a oocked hat and sword. Does your honor hold that the sword must be cocked as well as the hat?"

He was permisted to go on.
Courtsfit is detined by a man who pretends to know, as "the skirinish before the regudar battle begins."

## HOSTETTER'S ILLUSTRATED AYMANAC FOR $18 \%$.


(20.) 4th Sunday after Easter. John 16. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 14 h. 33 m.

| 19 S | Cuba discovered, $1494 \mid$ | 8 | 45 | 5 | 718 | 55 | 40 | 13 | 9 | 5 |  | 48 | 1017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $20 . \mathrm{M}$ | Hawthorne died, 1864 | d | \{ 342 | 434 | 7 F | 1132 | 439 | 714 | 1127 | 5 | 4 | 649 | 110 |
| 21 T | Riots Montreal, 1832, |  | \} 338 | 433 | 720 | MOR | 438 | 715 | 1158 | 5 | 3 | 650 | 1138 |
| 22 W | First Steamship, 1819 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}3 \\ 34\end{array}\right.$ | 432 | 721 | 0 | 438 | 715 | MOR | 5 | 3 | 650 | MOR |
| 23 T | 2d Charter of Va. 1609 |  | \} 329 | 431 | 722 | 0 27, | 437 | 716 | 025 | 5 | 2 | 651 | 010 |
| $24 . \mathrm{F}$ | Copernicus died, 1543 |  | $\begin{cases}3 & 24\end{cases}$ | 430 | 723 | 048 | 436 | 717 | 047 | 5 | 2 | 652 | 039 |
| $25 . \mathrm{S}$ | Emerson born,1803 | ¢0¢0 | $\begin{cases}319\end{cases}$ | 430 | 724 |  | 435 | 718 |  | 5 | 2 | 652 | 14 |

## (21.) Rogation Sunday. <br> John 16. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 14 1. 44 m.

| 26 | S | Dantzic taken, 1807 |  | 312 | 429 | 725 | 125 | 435 | 719 | 127 |  | 53 | 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | M | Paris Com'e sur. 1871 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}3 & 6 \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right.$ | 428 | 726 | 145 | 434 | 719 | 148 |  | 653 | 159 |
| 28 | T | Agassiz born, 1807 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}2 & 58 \\ 2\end{array}\right.$ | 428 | $7 \begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 7\end{aligned}$ | 25 | 434 | 720 | 29 | 5 | 654 | ${ }_{2} 26$ |
| 29 | W | Gen. Scott died, 1866 |  | 251 | 427 | 727 | 229 | 433 | 721 | 235 | 5 | 654 | 258 |
| 30 | T | A. Pape died, 1744 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}2 \\ 2\end{array} 3\right.$ | 427 | 728 | 258 | 433 | 722 | 35 | 5 | 655 | 335 |
| 31 | 1 F. | P. Henry born, 1736. |  | \{231 | 426 | 729 | 335 | 432 | 723 | 343 | 5 | 655 | 418 |

A BARREL contains forty gallons, or 9,240 cubic inches.

KEEP bread and cake in a tin box or stone jar.

## 

THE kidneys filter the blood-that is to say, in its passage through them, they strain from it certain impurities, which the bladder subsequently expels in a liquid form. If the process of sewerage is interrupted in consequence of inactivity or disease of the kidneys, the life-current becomes tainted by the refuse which should have been strained from it, and maladies arising from an impure state of the blood are developed in the system. The kidneys themselves are sluggish, and apt to drift into Bright's disease and diabetes, unless their inaction is remedied by diuretic treatment.
Hostetter's stomach Biters, in addition to their properties as a general tonic, an anti-dyspeptic, and an alterative, are a gentle stimulant of the kidneys and blaclder, to whose secreting and expelling functions they give an impetus, which has the effect of promoting the elimination from the blood of
those impurities which corrupt it, and of counteracting tendencies to disease attributable to inactivity of the urinary organs. Those organs, also, in common with the rest of the physical structure, acquire a due proportion of the vigor which this incomparable tonic imparts to it, and as vigor is the best promoter of regular organic action, the value of the Bitters to those who suffer from weakness or irregularities of the kidneys and bladder, is readily appreciable.

For the debility of body and despondency of mind of which venal weakness is notably productive, and for the loss of flesh and appetite which it entails, the Bitters are an excellent remedy. Persons of both sexes who suffer from want of tone in the organs of urination, and females afflicted with uterine troubles and other local causes of debility and discomfort, may rely upon obtaining from the Bitters the relief they might vainly seek from less reliable sources.
"I sUPPOSE," said a quack, while feeling the pulse of a patient who had reluctantly submitted to solicit his advice, "I suppose you think me a bit of a humbug?" "Sir," gravely replied the sick man, "I was not aware until now that you could so readily discover a man's thoughts by feeling his pulse."

Nose Bleed.-To stop bleeding at the nose, press the finger firmly upon the little artery that supplies the blood to the side of the face affected. Two small arteries branching up from the main arteries on each side of the neck, and passing over the outside of the jaw-bone, supply the face with blood. If the nose bleeds from the right nostril, for example, pass the finger along the edge of the right jaw till the beating of the artery is felt. Press hard upon it and the bleeding will cease. Continue the pressure five minutes, until the ruptured vessels in the nose have time to contract.

## AROUND THE WORLD.

New York to San Francisco, Cal.,
by railroad,................................. 3307 San Francisco to Calcutta, India, by steamship, .............................. 9980
Calcutta to Bombay, by railroad,.... ..... 1230
Bombay to Marseilles, France, by steamship, ..... 5590
Marseilles to Havre, by railroad,.... ..... 575
Havre to New York, by steamship, ..... 3140
Total miles, ..... 23,732

Mirth is the medicine of life, It cures its ills, it calms its strife, It softly smooths the brow of care, And writes a thousand graces there.

A THICK HEADED squire being worsted by Sydney Smith in an argument, took his revenge by exclaiming: "If I had a son that was an idiot, by Jove, I'd make him a parson!" "Very probable," roplied Sydney, "but I see your father was of a very different mind."

## HOSTENTER＇S HLLUSTRATED ALMANAC FOR 1878．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\operatorname{lic}_{3 x}=2$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | S |  | PITT | 8 |  | NEW | OR |  |  |
| 3 <br> （2） <br> （8） <br> （3） <br>  |  | Full Mo <br> Last Qu <br> New Moo |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 14 \\ 22 \\ 30 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 2 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | Eve． <br> ＂ <br> ＂ Mor． | $\begin{array}{cc} \hline \text { D. } & \text { F } \\ 7 & 1 \\ 14 & \\ 22 & \\ 30 & \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { H. } & \text { M. } \\ 10 & 35 \\ 6 & 31 \\ 1 & 55 \\ 7 & 11 \end{array}$ | Eve． ＂ ＂ | 7 14 22 30 | 9 5 1 6 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eve. } \\ & \text { " } \\ & \text { Mor. } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | HISTORICAL <br> EVENTS． |  | Sun Fast． <br> M．S． | Boston． |  |  | Pittsburgh． |  |  | New Orleans． |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Sun <br> rises <br> H．m． |  | Sun scts If．3． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Moon } \\ \text { sets } \\ \text { H．M．}\end{gathered}\right.$ | Sun ses ch． | Sun <br> sets <br> H．M． | moon sets H．m． | Sun rises H．m． | Sun sets F．m． |  |  |
|  | S |  | Buchanan died， 186 | 和尔 | 2 | 4 | 730 | 841 | 432 | 723 | 8 | 459 | 65 |  | 75 |
| （22．）．6th Sunday after Easter．John 15．Day＇s Length，（Pitts．） $14 \mathrm{h}$.53 m ． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 S Piots in London，1780 <br> 3 M Douglass died，1861 <br> 4 T Battle Magenta，1859 <br> 5 W First Balloon，1783 <br> 6 T P．Henry died 1799 <br> 7 F Pruce died，1329 <br> 8 S Thomas Paine d．1809 |  |  |  | \｛216 |  |  |  | 431 | 724 | 928 | 459656 |  | 82 |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{rr}2 & 16 \\ 2 & 6 \\ 1 & \end{array}\right.$ | 425 | 731 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}10 & 18\end{array}$ | 4 4 4 31 | 725 | 1013 | 459 |  | 8941 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 424 | 732 | 1054 | 431 | $\begin{array}{ll} 7 & 26 \\ 7 & 26 \end{array}$ | 1050 | 45965 |  | 1023 |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{cases}1 & 56 \\ 1 & 45\end{cases}$ | 424 | 733 | 1124 | 431 | 1121 |  | $\begin{array}{llll}4 & 59 \\ 4 & 68 & 58\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}11 & 1 \\ 11 & 36\end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{cases}1 & 45 \\ 1 & 35\end{cases}$ | 424 | $7 \quad 33$ | 1150 | 4334304 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} 7 & 27 \\ 7 & 27 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 11 & 49 \\ \mathrm{MOR} \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}1 & 24\end{array}\right.$ | 423 | 731 |  |  |  | MOR | 458 458 |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 11 & 36 \\ \text { MOR } \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\{112$ | 423 | 735 | 014 | 430 | 728 | 014 | 458 | 659 | 09 |  |

（23．）Whit Sunday or Pentecost．John 14．Day＇s Length，（Pitts．） 14 h． 59 m ．

| 9 S | Partition Poland，1772 | 第 | $\begin{cases}1 & 1\end{cases}$ | 423 | 735 | 037 | 430 | 729 | 039 | 458 | 7 | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 M | De Soto landed， 1539 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}0 & 49\end{array}\right.$ | 423 | 736 | 1 | 430 | 729 |  | 458 | 7 | 0 | 113 |
| 11 T | Ben Johnson b．， 1574 |  | $\begin{cases}0 & 37\end{cases}$ | 422 | 736 | 129 | 429 | 730 | 134 | 458 | 7 | 1 | 149 |
| 12 W | New York incor．，1665 |  | \} $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ | 422 | 737 | 23 | 429 | 730 | 210 | 458 | 7 | 1 | 230 |
| 13 T | Battle of Ghent， 1794 |  | 013 | 422 | 737 | 243 | 429 | 731 | 251 | 458 | 7 | 1 | 317 |
| 14 F | Arnold died， 1801 |  | \｛Slow | 422 | 738 | RIS． | 429 | 731 | RIS． | 458 | 7 | 2 | RIS． |
| 15 S | Arkansas adm＇d， 1836 | 边 | 012 | 422 | 738 | 846 | 429 | 731 | 840 | － 458 | 7 | 2 |  |

## （24．）Trinity Sunday．

16 S Great Eclipse， 1805 17 M Jer．Bonaparte d．，1870 18 T Battle Malakoff， 1855 19 W War of 1812 declared 20 T William IV．d．， 1837 21 F Pius IX．inaug＇d，1846 $22 \mid \mathrm{S}$ Machiavelli d．， 1527

John 3.

$\left\{\begin{array}{ll|l} \begin{cases}0 & 25 \\ 0 & 38 \\ 0 & 51 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 17 \\ 1 & 30 \\ 1 & 30 \\ 1 & 43\end{cases} & \begin{array}{l}4 \\ 4\end{array} & 4 \\ 4\end{array}\right.$

| 4 | 22 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 22 | 7 |
| 4 | 22 | 7 |
| 4 | 23 | 7 |
| 4 | 23 | 7 |
| 4 | 23 | 7 |
| 4 | 23 | 7 |

（25．）1st Sunday after Trinity．Luke $16 . \quad$ Day＇s Kength，（Pitts．） 15 h .3 m ．


Day＇s Length，（Pitts．） 15 mh． 3 m ．

| 928 | 429 | 732 | 923 | 458 | 7 | 2 | 853 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 102 | 429 | 732 | 958 | 458 | 7 | 3 | 935 |
| 1029 | 429 | 732 | 1026 | 459 | 7 | 3 | 10 |
| 1051 | 429 | 732 | 1050 | 459 | 7 | 3 | 10 |
| 1110 | 429 | 732 | 1110 | 459 | 7 | 3 | 11 |
| 1129 | 430 | 733 | 1.130 | 459 | 7 | 4 | 1133 |
| 1148 | 430 | 733 | 1150 | 459 | 7 | 4 | 115 |

（26．）2d Sunday after Trinity．Luke 14．Day＇s Length，（Pitts．） 15 h .1 m ．



Tailor, measuring a fat customer.-"Would you hold the end, sir, while I go around?"

Hitiling the Nail on the head.Charles Lamb's description of his sensation on being emancipated from his daily labor as a clerk in the "India House" hits the nail on the head. Hole says: "It was like passing from life into eternity. I wandered about, thinking I was happy, but feeling I was not. When all is holiday there are no holidays. Think of this, thou man of sudden wealth; and if it shall so chance that thou hast been a tallow chandler in thy days of usefulness, make it a clause in thy bill of sale that shall reserve to thee the right of still assisting at the factory on 'melting days.'"

An old Scotch parson once came to the house of a parishioner, where his gently knocking could not be heard for the noise within. Upon this he lifted the latch and walked in, saying, in a majestical way, " I should like to know who is the head of this house?" "Weel, sir," said Sandy, "If ye bide a wee we'll maybe be able to tell ye, for Janet and I are just trying to settle that point."

A young lady asked of the poet Whittier his autograph, and he responded with the following lines:
Our lives are albums, written through With good or ill, with false or true; And as the blessed angels turn The pages of our years;
God grant they read the good with smiles And blot the bad with tears.

Answering a Tailor's Dun.-Sheri-dan-scholar, wit and spendthrift-being dunned by a tailor to pay at least the interest on his bill, answered that it was not his interest to pay the principal, nor his principle to pay the interest. The tailor thoughtfully retired.

COMPLIMENT To WHARFINGERS.- A bill was once brought into the House of Assembly of Jamaica for regulating the duties and fees of wharfingers. During its discussion, Mr. Paul Phipps, a distinguished member, said, "I very much approve the bill. The wharfingers are a set of knaves. I was one myself for ten years, sir!"

（2\％）3d Sunday after Trinity．Luke 15．Day＇s Length（Pitts．） 14 h .55 m ．

| 8 |  | R．B．Sheridan d． 1816 | 等： | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}4 & 39 \\ 4 & 48\end{array}\right.$ | 430 | 739 | 11.1 | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & 37 \\ 4 & 38\end{array}$ | 732 | 1136 |  |  | $7{ }_{7} 7$ | 55 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M | Bat．Ticonderoga， 1758 | $8^{3}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 57\end{array}\right.$ | ${ }_{4}^{4} 31$ | 738 | Mor | － $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 38\end{aligned}$ | 732 | MOR |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{10}^{9}$ | W | CrimeanWarends＇55 | － | － $4 \begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 5 \\ & 5\end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4} 31$ | 738 738 | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 1 \\ 0 & 38\end{array}$ | 4 439 | 732 | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | T | J．Q．Adams b． 1767 | \％ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}5 \\ 5 \\ 5\end{array} 14\right.$ | 433 | 737 | 124 | 440 | 731 | 132 |  |  | 7 |  |
| 12 | F | Cæsar born，B．C． 100 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}51 \\ 5 \\ 5\end{array} 2\right.$ |  | 7 | 218 | 440 | 730 | 227 |  |  | 73 | 3 |
| 13 | S | Revol＇n in Eng＇d1688｜ | 边 |  | 434 | 736 | RIS | 4 | 730 |  |  |  | 73 |  |

（28．）4th Sunday after Trinity．Luke 6．Day＇s Length（Pitts．） $14 \mathbf{h} .47 \mathrm{~m}$ ．

| 14 S |  |  |  | 435 | 735 |  | 442 | 729 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 M | Stony Point tak． 1778 | ， | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}5 \\ 5\end{array} 42\right.$ | 436 | 735 | 829 | 443 | 729 | 826 |  |  |  | $8{ }^{7} 6$ |
| 16 | Ereedmar＇s Bu．es．＇66 |  | \} 548 | 437 | 734 | 853 | 443 | 728 | 851 |  |  | 2 |  |
| 17. | Dr．Watts b． 1674 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}5 \\ 5 \\ 5\end{array}\right.$ | 438 | 734 | 9 | 444 | 728 | ${ }_{9} 13$ | 510 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{19}^{18}$ | Fright Mahomet， 622 | ${ }^{\text {O }}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{rl}5 & 57 \\ 6 & 2\end{array}\right.$ | 439 | 733 | 9 93 |  | 7 | 934 <br> 954 | 511 |  |  |  |
| 20.5 | Protestant Mas． 1620 | － | $\begin{cases}6 & 5\end{cases}$ | 440 | 731 | 1011 | 447 |  | 1014 | 512 |  |  | 1027 |

（29．）5th Sunday after Trinity．
Luke 5.
Day＇s Length（Pitts．） 14 h． 38 m．

| 2 |  | Bat．Shrewsbury，1403 | ） | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ |  | AtlanticCablelaid，＇65 |  | 611 |
| 24 |  | Emmett＇s Insur． 1803 | ars | \｛ |
| 25 | T | BaronTrenck ex． 1794 |  | $\} 615$ |
| 26 | F | Robert Fulton b． 1765 | ＊ |  |
| 27 | S | Manilla taken， 1762 | สิํ | 5 |

（30．）6th Sunday after Trinity．Matt．5．Day＇s Length（Pitts．） 14 h． 26 m．

| 28 | Robespierre ex＇d 1794 | 容尔 | $\{614$ |  |  | 259 | 53 | 19 |  | 516 |  | 342 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 M | Charles X．dethr＇d，30 | 吅 | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}6 & 1 \\ 6\end{array}\right.$ | 449 | 723 | SETS | 454 | 718 | SETS | 517 | 655 | SETS |
| 30. | Cook first sailed，1768 | 钧发压 | 611 | 450 | 722 | 755 | 455 | 717 | 753 | 517 | 655 | 39 |
| 31 W | Loyola died， 1556 |  | 6 | 451 |  | 821 | 456 | 716 | 820 | 518 | 654 | 814 |

## -

1ERRIBLE diseases have small beginuing. A contrast of the climax and the origin of the numerous maladies which abruptly terminate or materially shorten life-and it may be remarked with perfect truth that there is no chronic disorder which docs not have this latter effect-would somewhat astonish and possibly startle those who are in the habit of disregarding their small ailments as of little or no importance. A trifling organic irregularity may beget an irremediable disorder. The malady in its incipiency is not dangerous, and may easily be remedied. But the fact that it involves no immediate danger should not lead us to disregard it. Is it not better to check it at the outset, and avoid all peril and discomfort, than to undertake to arrest it when it has fully developed itself? Let the sad experience of thousands of chronic invalids, the mute testimony of multi-
tudes of untimely graves answer the question.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is of immense value as a preventive of disease, because it rectifies so many bodily irregularities, of which the most formidable maladies are the offspring, and because it speedily and thoroughly remedies that most fruitful source of ill-healthweakness.
Torpidity of the liver or bowels, indigestive symptoms and their cause, inactivity of the kidneys and bladder, poverty of the blood, and a host of other indicia of local disorder or general debility are soon overcome by this inestimable corrective tonic, the timely use of which fortifies the system against malaria, and renders impossible a host of dire consequences originating solely in a want of physical or constitutional vigor, or in the incomplete performance of the functions upon which health depends.

## DISTANCES BETWEEN PRINCIPAL CITIES.

By railroad, by the shortest, or the mean of several routes.

|  | New York. | Wash ingt'n | Boston. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chi- } \\ & \text { cago. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albany | 143 | 369 | 201 | 819 |
| Baltimore | 188 | 40 | 422 | 800 |
| Boston, | 234 | 462 |  | 1020 |
| Charleston | 815 | 587 | 1040 | 1110 |
| Chicago. | 899 | 840 | 2020 |  |
| Cincinnati, | 744 | 611 | 978 | 293 |
| Detroit,.. | 678 | 716 | 736 | 284 |
| Galveston, | 1822 | 1594 | 2056 | 1215 |
| Indianapolis | 812 | 724 | 963 | 192 |
| Leavenworth, | 1360 | 1260 | 1510 | 590 |
| Memphis,........ | 1159 | 931 | 1393 | 526 |
| Milwaukee,........... | 984 | 925 | 1105 | 85 |
| New Orleans,........ | 1502 | 1274 | 1736 | 895 |
| New York, ${ }^{\text {Pre. }}$ | 0 | 228 | 234 | 899 |
| Philadelphia, | 90 | 138 | 324 | 822 |
| Pittsburgh, | 431 | 350 | 665 | 468 |
| Richmond,... | 358 | 130 | 592 | 970 |
| Rock Island, | 1081 | 1022 | 1202 | 182 |
| St. Louis, ..... | 1051 | 951 | 1201 | 281 |
| Salt Lake City,.... | 2459 | 2400 | 2580 | 1560 |
| San Francisco,..... | 3307 | 3246 | 3425 | 2405 |
| Tallahassee,......... | 1182 | 954 | 1416 | 1259 |
| Vicksburg,.., | 1364 | 1136 | 1598 | 764 |
| Yankton, ... | 1490 | 1430 | 1610 | 593 |

What a meaning and unique expression was that of a young Irish girl who was tendering testimony against an individual in a New Orleans court not long since: "Arrah, sir," said she, "I'm sure he never made his mother smile." There is a biography of unkindness in that single sentence.

## TO FAME,

They say thou hast a hundred tongues; My wife has only one;
If she had been equipped like thee, $O$ ! what should I have done.

Warts and Corns.-The following is said to be a perfect cure: Take a small piece of raw beef, steep it all night in vinegar, cut as much from it as will cover the wart, and tie it on it; if the excrescence is on the forehead, fasten it with strips of sticking plaster. It may be removed in the day and put on every night. In one fortnight the wart will die and peel off. The same prescription will cure corns.

## HOSTETTER'S ILLUSTRATED AKMLNAC FOR $18 \% 8$.



(31.) 7th Sunday after Trinity. Mark 8. Day's Length (Pitts.) 14 h. 12 m


## (32.) 8th Sunday after Trinity.

Matt. 7. Day's Length (Pitts.) 13 h .56 m .

| 11 | $\mathbf{S}$ | Savannah evac. 1782 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | $\mathbf{M}$ | A. Gallatin died, 1849 |
| 13 | T | Strasbourg bom. 1870 |
| 14 | W | John Fletcherd. 1785 |
| 15 | T | Napoleon horn, 1768 |
| 16 | $\mathbf{F}$ | Hull surrenders 1812 |
| 17 | $\mathbf{S}$ | Comet of 1682 |



| \| 458 | 5 | 77 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{cases}4 & 48\end{cases}$ | 5 | 76 |
| $\begin{cases}4 & 38\end{cases}$ | 5 | 7 |
| $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}4 & 27\end{array}\right.$ | 5 | 7 |
| \} 415 | 5 | 7 |
| $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}4 & 3\end{array}\right.$ |  | 7 0 |
| $\{350$ |  | 658 |

$$
\begin{array}{|c||cc|cc|}
\hline 3 & 25 & 5 & 7 & 7 \\
\text { R1S. } \\
7 & 19 \\
7 & 19 & 8 & 7 & 2 \\
7 & 33 & 9 & 7 & 1 \\
7 & 57 & 10 & 6 & 59 \\
8 & 16 & 11 & 6 & 58 \\
8 & 12 & 6 & 56 \\
8 & 36 & 5 & 13 & 6 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{l|ll||l}
3 & 3 & 32 & 5 \\
2 & \text { RIS. } & 5 \\
1 & 7 & 18 & 5 \\
9 & 7 & 38 & 5 \\
8 & 7 & 58 & 5 \\
6 & 8 & 19 & 5 \\
5 & 8 & 40 & 5
\end{array}
$$

$$
\| \begin{array}{ll}
5 & 25 \\
5 & 25 \\
5 & 26 \\
5 & 26 \\
5 & 27 \\
5 & 28 \\
5 & 28
\end{array}
$$

$$
\left|\begin{array}{rrr}
4 & 0 \\
\text { RIS } \\
7 & 8 \\
7 & 85 \\
8 & 3 \\
8 & 29 \\
8 & 56
\end{array}\right|
$$

(33.) 9th Sunday after Trinity.

Luke 16.
Day's Length (Pitts.) 13 h .40 m.

|  | $\mathbf{S}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M |  |  |
| 20 | T | Izaak Walton b. 1593 |  |
| 21 | W | William IV. b. 1765 |  |
|  | T | Bat.BosworthF*d1485 |  |
|  | F | Wallace behea'd, 1305 |  |
| 24 | S | Pompeii destroyed 78 |  |


$|$| $\{$ | 3 | 37 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 24 |  |
| 3 | 10 |  |
| 2 | 55 |  |
| 2 | 40 |  |
| 2 | 25 |  |
| 2 | 9 |  |


| 10 | 657 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 511 | 655 | 926 |
| 12 | 654 |  |
| 13 | 652 | 1040 |
| 14 | 651 | 1132 |
| 515 | 649 | MOR |
| 516 | 648 |  |


| 5 | 14 | 6 | 54 | 9 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 15 | 6 | 52 | 9 | 33 |
| 5 | 15 | 6 | 51 | 10 | 7 |
| 5 | 16 | 6 | 49 | 10 | 48 |
| 5 | 17 | 6 | 48 | 11 | 41 |
| 5 | 18 | 6 | 46 | $M O R$ |  |
| 5 | 19 | 6 | 45 | 0 | 43 |$|$


| 5 | 29 | 6 | 38 | 9 | 26 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 29 | 6 | 37 | 10 | 1 |
| 5 | 30 | 6 | 36 | 10 | 40 |
| 5 | 31 | 6 | 35 | 11 | 26 |
| 5 | 31 | 6 | 34 | Mor |  |
| 5 | 32 | 6 | 33 | 0 | 19 |
| 5 | 32 | 6 | 32 | 1 | 20 |

(34.) 10th Sunday after Trinity.

Luke 19.
Day's Length (Pitts.) 13 h .23 m.

| 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |


| 5 | 17 | 6 | 46 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 18 | 6 | 44 |
| 5 | 19 | 6 | 43 |
| 5 | 20 | 6 | 41 |
| 5 | 21 | 6 | 39 |
| 5 | 22 | 6 | 38 |
| 5 | 23 | 6 | 36 |


$|$| 1 | 47 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 4 |
| SETS |  |
| 6 | 46 |
| 7 | 11 |
| 7 | 37 |
| 8 | 6 |


$|$| 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 |
| 5 | | 5 | 20 | 6 | 43 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 21 | 6 | 42 |
| 5 | 22 | 6 | 40 |
| 5 | 23 | 6 | 39 |
| 5 | 24 | 6 | 37 |
| 5 | 25 | 6 | 36 |
| 5 | 26 | 6 | 34 | 154

3
SETS
646
7
7
7
813

811 $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll}5 & 3 \\ 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 3\end{array}\right.$ | 33 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 34 |  |
| 34 |  |
| 35 |  |
| 36 | 6 |
| 36 |  | $\begin{array}{lll}6 & 31 \\ 6 & 29 \\ 6 & 28 \\ 6 & 27 \\ 6 & 26 \\ 6 & 25 \\ 6 & 24\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r}227 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \text { SETS } \\ 644 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 85 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$

## HOSTHTTER＇S GUFDE TO HEALTH．

## 忽资ELIEF FOR THE 盗HEUMATIC．

IHE cause of rheumatism，according to the best pathologists，is an acid impurity of the blood，which being deposited upon the sensitive tissue that unites the joints and covers the muscles， irritates it，producing those tortures which characterize the disease，and which，in its inflammatory form，are perhaps the most agonizing which the human frame can endure．Rheumatism is always dangerous，on account of the liability of the heart to be attacked by it．

It was the fashion with the medical Sangrados of fifty years ago to bleed rheumatic patients，as if an impure condition of the blood could be reme－ died by spilling some of it．This folly has been abandoned，but a mode of treatment has been adopted in its stead scarcely less absurd and pernicious． Colchicum，a poisonous drug，a few grains of which produce spasms of the heart and death，and veratrum，which is almost as pernicious and equally pow－
erless，are resorted to ineffectually，to expel the rheumatic virus from the sys－ tem．They produce，at best，but a temporary mitigation of the painful symptoms，and invariably disorder the stomach and bowels．

The permanent relief these drugs fail to afford may be obtained from Hostet－ ter＇s Stomach Bitters，which impel the kidneys to perform with increased vigor their secretive functions－the means provided by nature for straining from the blood its various impurities，and among them the active germs of rheu－ matism and gout．A predisposition to those maladies is thus counteracted，and if rheumatism is already developed，its cause is removed，and the disease cured． Such，at least，is the only reasonable deduction to be drawn from the testi－ mony of those who have experienced the remedial effects in rheumatism， incipient or chronic，of this popular vegetable detergent．

A Simple Remedy－An eminent phys－ ician says he cures ninety－nine out of every hundred cases of scarlet fever by giving the patient warm lemonade with gum arabic dissolved in it．A cloth wrung out in hot water and laid upon the stomach，should be removed as rap－ idly as it becomes cool．

The Column Vendome．－Here is a versicle which was once attached to the column in the Place Vendome，when the statue of the first Napoleon stood on that monument：
Tiger standing there so high，
If the blood that thou hast shed，
Were gathered here thou might＇st well nigh
Drink，nor yet incline thine head．
THE world，says Thackaray，deals good－ naturedly with good－natured people，and I never knew a sulky misanthropist who quarreled with it，but it was he，and not it，who was in the wrong．

To CURE SUNSTROKE．－－1．Rub power－ fully on the back，head and neck，mak－ ing horizontal and downward move－ ments．This draws blood away from the front brain，and vitalizes the involu－ tionary nerves．

2．While rưbbing call for cold water immediately，which apply to the face， and to the hair on top and side head．
3．Call for a bucket of water as hot as can be borne，and pour it by dippersfuls on the back，head and neek for several minutes．The effect will be wonderful for vitalizing the medulla eblongato；it vitalizes the whole body，and the patient will generally start up into full consoious life in a very short time．

Cornelius O＇Dowd says that in Eng－ land a man meets a marvelous energy and＂go＂that he finds nowhere else．＂I of course except A nerioa，＂he says，＂for with us we wori：life at a high boiler pressure；but the Yankees do more－ they sit on the valves．＂

## HOSTETTER＇S HLUSTRATED ALMANAC FOR 1878.


（35．）11th Sunday after Trinity．Luke 18．Day＇s Length，（Pitts．） 13 h .6 m ．

（36．）12th Sunday after Trinity．Mark 7．Day＇s Length，（Pitts．） 12 lh .47 m.

8 S Bat．Eutaw Spgs， 1781 䰟 9 M Geneva Aw＇d paid，＇73 10 T Judge Story died，＇45 11 W Mahomet born， 565
12 T Rat．Chapultepec，1847 13 F Gen．Wolfe kil＇d，1759 14 S Aaron Burr d．， 1801
$\qquad$

| 2 | 22 | 5 | 34 |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 27 | 5 | 35 |
| 4 | 31 | 5 | 36 |
| RIS． | 5 | 37 |  |
|  | 6 | 21 | 5 |
| 4 | 68 |  |  |
|  | 4 | 4 | 5 |


| 34 | 6 | 21 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 35 | 6 | 19 | 3 |
| 36 | 6 | 18 | 4 |
| 37 | 6 | 16 | 8 |
| 38 | 6 | 14 | 6 |
| 39 | 6 | 13 | 6 |
| 40 | 6 | 11 |  |

$\left|\begin{array}{rr}2 & 28 \\ 3 & 31 \\ 4 & 34 \\ \text { RIS．} \\ 6 & 23 \\ 6 & 45 \\ 7 & 9\end{array}\right|$

| 5 | 40 | 6 | 14 | 2 | 52 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 41 | 6 | 13 | 3 | 49 |
| 5 | 42 | 6 | 12 | 4 | 46 |
| 5 | 42 | 6 | 10 | $R I S$ |  |
| 5 | 43 | 6 | 9 | 6 | 31 |
| 5 | 43 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 0 |
| 5 | 44 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 29 |

（3\％．）13th Sunday after Trinity．Luke 10．Day＇s Length，（Pitts．）12 h． 29 m.

16 M Siege of Puebla， 1847
${ }_{18} 17$ W Wash．Farewell， 1796
19 T Magellan sailed， 1519 他荅
20 F Chas．Carroll b．， 1737
$21 \mid$ S Bat．Monterey， 1846

Luk

$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|}
\hline 5 & 39 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

10

| 7 | 29 | 5 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 7 | 59 | 5 |
| 8 | 36 | 5 |
| 9 | 23 | 5 |
| 10 | 20 | 5 |
| 11 | 26 | 5 |
| MOOR | 5 |  | $\left|\begin{array}{ll|}5 & 41 \\ 5 & 42 \\ 5 & 43 \\ 5 & 44 \\ 5 & 44 \\ 5 & 45 \\ 5 & 46\end{array}\right|$ $\left|\begin{array}{rr}6 & 10 \\ 6 & 8 \\ 6 & 6 \\ 6 & 4 \\ 6 & 3 \\ 6 & 1 \\ 5 & 59\end{array}\right|$ | 8 | 7 | 35 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 8 | 6 |
| 6 | 8 | 44 |
| 4 | 9 | 32 |
| 3 | 10 | 28 |
| 1 | 11 | 34 |
| 59 | Mor |  | | 5 | 44 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 5 | 45 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 38 |
| 5 | 45 | 6 | 3 | 9 | 20 |
| 5 | 46 | 6 | 2 | 10 | 10 |
| 5 | 46 | 6 | 1 | 11 | 6 |
| 5 | 47 | 5 | 59 | ror |  |
| 5 | 47 | 5 | 58 | 0 | 8 |

（38．）14th Sunday after Trinity．Luke 17 Day＇s Length，（Pitts．）12 1． 10 m． 22 S Arnold＇s Trea＇n，1780｜ 23 M Andre arrested， 1780 24 T Gen．Taylor b．， 1784 25 W Montreal taken， 1775 W．Whe

| 26 | T | Constant＇ple fou＇d329 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 27 | F | Strasbourg falls， 1870 |
| 28 | St |  |

28 S Bat．Marat＇n，B．C． 490 会
$\left\{\left.\begin{array}{rrr}7 & 24 \\ 7 & 44 \\ 8 & 5 \\ 8 & 25 \\ 8 & 46 \\ 9 & 6 \\ \{ & 9 & 26\end{array} \right\rvert\,\right.$

| 5 | 47 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 48 |
| 5 | 49 |
| 5 | 50 |
| 5 | 51 |
| 5 | 52 |
| 5 | 53 |

$\left|\begin{array}{ll}5 & 58 \\ 5 & 56 \\ 5 & 51 \\ 5 & 52 \\ 5 & 51 \\ 5 & 49 \\ 5 & 47\end{array}\right|$


| 5 | 47 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 48 | 5 |
| 5 | 49 | 5 |
| 5 | 50 | 5 |
| 5 | 51 | 5 |
| 5 | 52 | 5 |
| 5 | 53 | 5 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll}5 & 57 \\ 5 & 56 \\ 5 & 51 \\ 5 & 53 \\ 5 & 51 \\ 5 & 49 \\ 5 & 48\end{array}\right.$ $\left|\begin{array}{rr}0 & 46 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 17 \\ 4 & 35 \\ \text { SETS } \\ 6 & 7 \\ 6 & 42\end{array}\right|$ $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 48 \\ 5 & 49\end{array}$ $\qquad$ | 57 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

（39．）15th Sunday after Trinity．Matthew 6．Day＇s Length，（Pitts．） 11 h． 52 m ． $29 \mid \mathbf{S}$ Lord Nelson b．， 1758


[^1]

Man.-" Do you think it would be safe for me to cross this pasture?"
Maid.-" Well, the old bull don't like red very much; but if you chalk your nose, I guess he won't attack you."

What Coal Loses by being made into Coke.-Connellsville coal, which may be taken as the standard of coking coals, weighs 80 pounds to the bushel. When properly coked, 100 bushels of coal yield 125 bushels of coke, weighing 40 pounds to the bushel ; that is, 8000 pounds of coal produce 5000 pounds of coke, or, in other words, the coal gains 25 per cent. in bulk and loses $35 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in weight.

Pulsations.-Normally, the number of pulsations per minute differs at different periods of life; at birth, it is about 135; at the age of seven, from 80 to 85 ; in adults, 70 to 75 ; in old age, 50 to 65 . In females, the pulse is quicker than in males.

OAK timber loses about one-fifth of its weight in seasoning, and about one-third of its weight in becoming perfectly dry.

The Very Best.-"What do you think is the best size for a man?" drawled a lazy fop to his physician. "Exer-cise," sternly replied the doctor.
"I HAD more money than he had to carry on the suit," said a very mean individual, who had just won a lawsuit over a poor neighbor, "and that's where I had the advantage of him. Then I had much better counsel than he, and there I had the advantage of him. And his family was sick while the suit was pending, so he couldn't attend to it, and there I had the advantage of him again. But, then, Brown is a very decent sort of a man, after all." " Yes," said his listener, "and there's where he had the advantage of you."

To Keep out Motis.-The simplest and most effcctual recipe. Red cedar chips are good to keep in drawers, wardrobes, closets, trunks, \&c., and are a positive preventive of the ravages of moths.

Tongue.-A tongue which has not been well dried will require very little soaking; but if dried it should be soaked in water for three or four hours, then put it into cold water, and let it boil gently till tender.

## HOSTETTER'S ILLUSTRATED ALMANAC FOR 1878.



(41.) 1\%th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 14. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 11 h. 14 m.

(42.) 18th Sunday afier Trinity. Matthew 22. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 10 h. 56m.

| 201 S | Battle Navorino, 1827 | 证 | $\{1511$ | 619 | 511 | MOR | 617 | 513 | MOR | 6 | 5 | 524 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 M | Smollett died, 1771 |  | $\begin{cases}15 & 20\end{cases}$ | 620 | 59 | 050 | 618 | 511 | 054 | 6 | 6 | 523 | 111 |
| 22 T | Richard III. b., 1450 |  | \{15 29 | 621 | 58 | 25 | 619 | 510 | 28 | 6 | 6 | 522 | 217 |
| $23 . \mathrm{W}$ | Battle Edgehill, 1642 | Mm | \{15 37 | 622 | 56 | 322 | 620 | 58 | 323 | 6 | 7 | 521 | 325 |
| 21. | D. Webster d., 1852 |  | \{15 45 | 623 | 5 | 441 | 622 | 57 | 440 | 6 | 8 | 520 | 433 |
| 25 F | Bat. Agincourt. 1415 | 2 | \{15 52 | 624 |  | SETS | 6 | 55 | SETS | 6 |  | 519 | SETS |
| 26 S | Doddriage d., 1751 | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\{1558$ | 626 |  | 56 | 624 |  | 513 | 6 | 9 | 518 | 542 |

(43.) 19th Sunday after Trinity. Mathew 9. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 10 h. 38 m.

| 27 | S | Wm. Penn arrod,1682 | ${ }^{\beta}$ | 2163 | 627 | 50 | 550 | 625 | 53 | 558 | 610 | 517 | 633 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | M | Earthq.des.Lima. 1746 | ctem | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}16 \\ 16\end{array}\right.$ | 6 28 | 459 | 644 | 626 | 5 | 652 | 611 | 517 | 730 |
| 29 | T | John Adams b., 1735 | ${ }^{4}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{lll}16 & 11\end{array}\right.$ | - 29 | 458 | 748 | 627 | 5 | 756 | 512 | 516 | 833 |
| 30 | W | End of Crusades, 12\%0 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{\|lll}16 & 14\end{array}\right.$ | 631 | 456 | 856 | -628 | 459 | 9 | 612 | 515 | 937 |
| 31 | T | Reformation beg.1517 | S2 | $\left\{\begin{array}{ll}16 & 17\end{array}\right\}$ | 632 | 455 | 1004 | \| 629 | 458 | 1010 | 613 | 514 | 1039 |

THe steed called Lightning, say the Fates Is owned in the United States;

Franklin's hand first caught the horse, 'Twas harnessed by Prof. Morse.

THIS is the name which physicians have given to sleeplessness, and their testimony is concurrent and positive that it is a disability which prevails to a far greater extent than is generally supposed.

When it is a functional disorder of the brain, it proceeds from inordinate mental activity, and if this is its cause, a suspension or moderation of the brainwearying pursuit which originates is absolutely necessary to overcome it. This is the first step essential to be taken toward recovery, but the recuperative power of the brain is so weakened by this exhausting disease, that the use of an efficient tonic nervine is also necessary.

The most frequent cause of sleeplessness is undoubtedly dyspepsia, of which all medical writers declare it to be a symptom. But whether the brain is deprived of its resting power by the
irregularities of the stomach, with which it is united in the closest bonds of sympathy by a most important nerve, or whether it has been over-excited and weakened by undue mental exertion, the influence upon it of Hostetter's Stomach ritters is a most salutary one. The brain-soothing effect of this standard medicinal agent is due to the fact that it counteracts influences that tend to weaken the nerves of the head, by its invigorative action upon the organs which convert food into blood, thus repairing undue waste of brain tissue, and that it also eradicates dyspepsia, which is the most frequent cause of inability to sleep.

No mineral sedative, no opiate or narcotic can be persistently used without great danger to the general health. Hostetter's Bitters, on the contrary, are a safe and agreeable means of relieving insomnia.

## THE BALLOT.

A weApon that comes down as still, As snowflakes fall upon the sod, But executes the freeman's will, As lightnings do the will of God.

The Rhode Island Legislature, at its last session, made some needed reforms in militia matters. Many years ago a bill being introduced "for the organization of the militia," a hard-headed member from Pettyquamscott, who had been instructed by his constituency " not to let them city chaps have everything their own way," arose in his seat and said: "Mr. Speaker, I goes in agin that bill; I goes in agin organs; they'll be dreadfui unhandy things in battle now, let me tell you." So Aunt Rhody's army remained unorganized.

Diphtheria.- Dr. Revillout states that lemon juice used as a gargle, is an efficacious specific against diphtheria and similar throat troubles. He has successfully thus employed it for 18 years.

(44.) 20th Sunday after Trinity. Matthew 22.Day's Length, (Pitts.) $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{h . ~} 21 \mathrm{~m}$.

(45.) 21st Sunday after Trinity. John $4 . \quad$ Day's Length, (Pitts.) 10 h .6 m.

| 10 | S | obins banis'd, 1794 | \% | \{15 56 | 645 | 443 | RI | 641 |  |  | 21 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | M | Lafa yette.esca'd, 1794 |  | $\{1549$ | 646 | 442 | 519 | 642 | 446 | 527 | 622 |  | 6 | 4 |
|  | T | Montreal capt'd. 1775 | \% | \{15 41 | 647 | 441 | 610 | 643 | 445 | 618 | 623 |  | 6 |  |
| 13 | $\stackrel{\text { W }}{\text { W }}$ | George Fox d., 1690 Mozart born 1719 | \% | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 21\end{array}\right.$ | 6 |  | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 8 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6} 46$ | 4 4 4 4 | 8 22 | ${ }_{6}^{6} 24$ |  | 5 |  |
| 15 |  | Dr.Herschel b., 1738 | M1 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}15 \\ 15 \\ 14\end{array}\right.$ | 651 | 438 | 925 | 647 | 442 | 931 | 625 |  | 5 | 7 |
| 16 | S | J. Brown's Raid, 1859 |  | 15 | 652 | 437 | 1037 | 648 |  | 1042 | 626 |  |  |  |

(46.) 22d Sunday after Trinity. Matthew 18. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 9 h. $\mathbf{5} 2 \mathrm{~m}$.

| 17 | S | Siege of Que | - | \{1451 | 653 | 437 | 1149 | 649 | 441 | 1152 | 627 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M | Napoleon disint'd,'40 |  | $\{1438$ | 655 | 436 | Mor | 651 | 440 | M10e | 628 |  | 3 | 4 |
| 19 | T | Tweed i'nd guilty', 73 | \%is | $\begin{cases}14 & 25 \\ 14\end{cases}$ | 656 | 435 | 12 | 652 | 440 | 1 | ${ }_{6}^{6} 28$ |  | 3 |  |
| 2 | T |  | - | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1410 \\ 13 \\ 55\end{array}\right.$ | 657 658 | 4 434 4 4 | 217 3 3 | -653 | 439 438 | ${ }_{3}^{2} 17$ | 629 630 | 5 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  |
| 22 | F | Ville du Havre s'k,'73 | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | (13 39 | 659 | 433 | 451 | 655 | 438 | 451 | 631 | 5 | 2 |  |
| 23 | S | Dr.Parkman kil'd,' | 88 | $\begin{cases}13 & 22\end{cases}$ | 71 | 432 | 615 | 657 | 437 | 610 | 632 |  | 1 | 543 |

(4\%) 23d Sunday after Trinity. Matthew 22. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 9 h. 39 m.


The Best Navigation-Steering clear of the lacerating rocks of personal contention.

The Best Mathematics.-That which doubles the most joys and divides the most sorrows.

## ITS SYMPTOMS AND CONSEQUENCES.

INDIGESTION, particularly in its chronic form, is manifested by a multitude of vexing and puzzling symptoms. Among them are flatulence, heartburn, water-brash, a haggard and anxious expression, great despondency, headache, chilliness of the extremities, blurred vision, loss of appetite and flesh, restlessness, a tendency to yawn frequently, and palpitations of the heart. Constipation and biliousness usually accompany this complaint.
It is the experience and the testimony of those who employ Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to get rid of indigestion, that this potent and agreeable anti-dyspeptic remedy invariably conquers the disease, whether temporary or chronic, and as a natural sequence removes all its symptoms. By so doing, the Bitters also prevent very serious consequences to be apprehended from it if unchecked, since physicians inform us in their published dicta, and it is a well established fact, that this malady begets monoma-
nia ; insomnia, or inability to sleèp-a dangerous disease, with an active tendency to become chronic-gastritis or inflammation of the stomach, and increases a predisposition to heart disease.

The Bitters, besides conquering indigestion, and preventing the diseases above specified, obviate disorders of the liver and bowels which contribute to weaken and unsettle the stomach.

Since nutrition of the body is dependent upon the vigorous action of the great alimentary organ, which action the Bitters promote, it is easy to see that they are a most desirable means of infusing strength into the system. A larger supply of pure blood is what a feeble physique requires. Hostetter's Bitters facilitate and hasten the blood making process. Those who suffer from Atony, or a want of vigor, should, therefore, lose no time in providing themselves with this unrivaled, strength-giving cordial and restorative of digestion.

Gentlemen. - Amongst Sheridan's school-fellows was the son of a physician who boasted that his father was a gentleman professionally attending the nobility. "And so is my father, and as good as yours any day,"said Sheridan. "Ah, but your father is only an author, 'rom," said the doctor's son, " therefore it is impossible that he can be a gentleman." "You may think so," rejoined Sheridan, "butI don't, for your father kills people, while mine only amuses them."

[^2]ScARLET FevFR.-In this disease the parent and the school teacher are often concerned to know how long a time must elapse before it is safe to admit the convalescent children to mingle with other children. For a month, at least, the body of a scarlet fever patient is casting off scales from the skin, and from the nose, throat, bowels and kidneys, discharges which are poisonous and convey the disease. The chicf danger, however, arises from the skin, as this is the maint outlet for the blood poison to escape, hence every scale it throws off can carry the infection.

Woman's Wit.-_"Sce here, wife, you indulge that boy too much. He's a perfect mule." "Oh, husband, please don't accuse our poor boy of having an ass for a father." The old man was silent.

## HOSTETTER'S TLLUSTRATED AKMLANAC FOR $18 \% 8$.





Shoe Dealer.-"I find we have no number twelve shoes, sir, but here is a pair of large nines."

Customer.-"Nines : Do yer take me for Cindereller?"

Interest.-The following is the shortest and most accurate method of computing interest known, and is worth preserving. Multiply the principal by the number of days, and divide-If at 5 per cent., by 7200 . If at 6 per cent., by 6000 . If at 7 per cent., by 5143 . If at 8 per cent., by 4500 . If at 9 per cent., by 4000 . If at 10 per cent., by 3600 . If at 11 per cent., by 3273 . If at 12 per cent., by 3000 . If at 13 per cent., by 2760 . If at 14 per cent., by 2571. If at 15 per cent., by 2400 .

Tomato Catsup.-One gallon ripe tomatoes, one table-spoon salt, four of ground pepper, three of mustard, one teaspoon allspice, one of cloves, one of cinnamon, six little red peppers; simmer the whole slowly with a pint of vinegar, for three or four hours. Strain through a sieve; cork tight.

There is a lesson in each flower, A story in each stream and bower; In every herb on which we tread Are written words which, rightly read Will lead us from earth's fragrantsod To hope and holiness in God.
Dr. Newman spoke, in a recent sermon, of "the sad funeral procession" which followed Abel to the grave. An irreverent woman in the audience nudged her companion and whispered: "Not such a large procession, but very select. None but the first families."
SERVANt-"Please, sir, we ain't got no bread, and the baker says he won't trust you any longer!"
Irate Hibernian-"The mane baste! No bread? Bedad, then, I must have toast!"

Corns.-A mixture of equal parts of glycerine and carbolic acid, applied with a camel's hair pencil, is recommended as an excellent remedy for corns.

## HOSTETTER'S GULDE TO HEALTE.

## 

$\uparrow$HERE is an unhealthy condition of the system which falls short of actual disease, but which, if not remedied, must eventually reach it. This may be aptly characterized as a deficiency of vital power. No mystery surrounds its origin. It is directly traceable to poverty of the blood, and manifests itself by a feeling of constant languor, worse in the morning than at any other time, tremulousness of the nerves, want of elasticity and compactness in the muscles, a sensation of inability to clench the hand tightly, a feeble gait, great fatigue after trifling exertion, loss of appetite, and a tendency of the stomach and bowels to become easily disordered. Those who lack vitality are usually deficient in flesh, have a haggard, weary look, and a dull, lack-lustre appearance of the eye.

For all the above symptoms, as well as for the cause that produces them,

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are an unfailing remedy. The digestive and assimilative processes upon which the manufacture of blood depends receive a prompt and vigorous impetus from the action of this sovereign tonic stimulant of the alimentary organs, and the vital current is thus fertilized, or in other words, its strength and flesh-creating constituents are increased. The Bitters are, therefore, a sure agent for imparting both vigor and substance to the body. That this is the case is apparent from the fact that when they are used, the nervous energy is speedily augmented, the step grows firm and more elastic, the haggard cheek fills out and acquires color, appetite returns, tendencies to indigestion are overcome, life acquires an unwonted relish, and the quondam invalid daily feels and sees that he is gaining new stamina, and strengthening his hold on existence.

To Make Good Coffee.-French cooks are famous for the excellence of their coffee, which they make so strong that one part of the liquor requires the addition of two parts to reduce it to the proper strength. This addition is made with hot milk. The large proportion of hot milk, in the place of so much warm water, gives the coffee a richness like that made by the addition of cream in the ordinary way. By this means any housckeeper desirous of making good coffee, can have it without cream.

> IT is not just as we take it, This mystical life of ours,

Life's field will yield as we make it, A harvest of thorns or flowers.

Stye on the Eyelid. - Put a teaspoonful of black tea in a small bag; pour on it enough boiling water to maisten it; then put it on the eye pretty warm. Keep it on all night, and in the morning the stye will most likely be gone; if not, a second application is certain to remove it.

CHARCOAL FOR WOUNDS.-The best simple remedy for surface wounds, such as cuts, abrasions of the skin, \&c., is charcoal. Ta're a large coal from the fire, pulverize it, apply it to the wound, and cover the whole with a rag. The charcoal absorbs the fluids secreted by the wound, and lays the foundation of the scab; it also prevents the rag from irritating the flesh, and is an antiseptic.

The most gallant man ever heard of is one who refrained from kicking a dog who had bitten him, because it was a female. "If it wasn't for your sex," said he, I'd kick your head off."

Food feeds the body, thought feeds the brain, and fertilizers feed the soil. The better the food, the better the thought; the better the fertilizers, the more vigorous does the body become, the greater the activity of the mind, and the higher productiveness of the soil. By the bet, ter living of the last half century, ten years have been added trexthe average of human existence in civiliztd lands.

#  <br> FOR EMIGRANTS AND TRAVELERS. 

IHOSE who are about to emigrate, and travelers by land or sea, particularly in the tropics, should always be provided with an efficient medicinal safeguard against the influences of an insalubrious and unaccustomed climate and other conditionsoften unavoidable - which militate against health. As a means of protecting the system against malaria, neutralizing the hurfful properties of miasma-tainted or brackish water, and preventing the ill effects of an unwholesome or unwonted diet, Hostetter's Stomach bitters has long held the first place in public esteem.
It is unwise to rely wholly upon the natural resisting powers of a vigorous constitution and active digestion, when opposed to the separate or combined influences of miasmatic or otherwise vitiated air or water, unaccustomed deprivation of home comforts, the hardships often endured in traveling, or the
bodily trials of a sea voyage; but to encounter such influences with an enervated system, impaired digestion, unsettled nerves, an irregular habit of body, or a disordered state of the liver, is the lieight of folly. Not only should the traveler or emigrant take with him a supply of the Bitters, to be used as a medicinal protection en route, or after arrival at his place of destination, but he will do wisely to tone and regulate his system before departure by a course of this reliable invigorant and alterative.
The process of acclimation, or the habituation of the system to the peculiarities of a new climate is, unaided, and particularly with persons whose constitutions are deficient in stamina, a very slow one, and often accompanied by grave peril. But with the tonic and regulative assistance of the Bitters, it is materially hastened, and the dangers which attend it averted.

A well-known divine, in his wise old age, once said to a newly-married pair: "I want to give you this advice, my children-don't try to be happy. Happiness is a shy nymph, and if you chase her you will never catch her; but just go quietly on, and do your duty, and she will come to you."

Oat Meal Cakes.-Into a quart of cold water stir oat meal enough to make it about as thick as hasty pudding. Be sure that the meal is sprinkled in so slowly, and that the stirring is so active, that the mush will have no lumps in it. Now, put it on the buttered pan, where it can be spread out to half the thickness of a common cracker, and smooth it down with a case knife. Run a sharp knifo across it, so as to divide it into the sized pieces you wish, and then place it in a warm oven and bake slowly, being careful not to brown it.

So naturalists observe, a flea
Have smaller fleas that on him prey, And these havesmaller still to bite' 'em, And so proceed-ad infinitum.
" When I married," said ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer Lowe, "I declared ' With all my worldly goods I thee endow, although I had'nt a shilling in the world." "But," chimed in the wife, "you had your splendid talents." "Yes, my dear; but you know I did'nt endow you with them," was the right honorable gentleman's reply.

Powdered charcoal will keep meat over which it is sprinkled, and will remove any taint from flesh. A piece of charcoal boiled in the water with meat or fowl, will render them nicerand sweet. Hams, after being smoked, can be kept any length of time by packing in pow'ered charcoal.

## 

3MAJORITY of mankind find the down-hill side of life beset with infirmitics which render it a thorny slope. What is termed a " green old age" is very rarely enjoyed, and a hale, hearty man or woman of seventy is quite a phenomenon.

When we remember that each thought involves the destruction of a certain amount of nervous, and each motion of muscular tissue, we ought to be less surprised that so many persons die in the prime of life, than that they ever reach that golden meridian, so tremendous is the constant wear and tear of the system. Were it not that Nature re-pairs-though far less rapidly and com-pletely-what she destroys in Man, that wondrous piece of mechanism, the human system, would specdily run down. As it is, the reparative process grows fecbler with increasing years, and decay more activc, so that even when
there is no positive disease to hasten the end, we hurry with strides sufficiently rapid to that "Tourne from whence no traveler returns."

For the infirmities which attend the decline of life, Hostetter's stomach Bitters is the safest, surest and most agreeable of remedies, and though they cannot of course arrest decay, they can restrain that process within its natural limits by strengthening the system, and regulating its various functions. The vigor with which this esteemed tonic endows the aged, protects them against diseases to which they are especially subject, and to which a debilitated frame could offer but little resistance, unless it were strengthened by medical means.

The mental comfort and bodily stamina derivable from the Bitters constitute it an inestimable family cordial, not only for the old, but for the sickly and debilitated of both sexes and of all ages.

THE DIFFERENCE OF LOCAL TIME BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND OTHER CITIES.

Faster than Pittsburgh Time.


A LADY once consulted Dr. Johnson on the degree of turpitude to be attached to her son's robbing an orchard. "Madam," said Johnson, "it all depends upon the weight of the boy. My school-fellow, David Garrick, who was always a little fellow, robbed a dozen of orchards with impunity; but the very first time $I$ climbed up an apple tree-for I was always a heavy boy-the bough broke with me, and it was called judgment. I suppose that is why justice is represented with a pair of scales."

Mes. Milliss was asked the other day how she managed to get along so nicely with Mr. Milliss, and frankly replied: "Oh, I feed him well. When a woman marries, her happiness for a little while depends upon the state of her husband's heart; after that it's pretty much according to the state of his stomach."

Sheridan told Lord North that he had takell a new house, and that everything would now go on tike clock-work. "Ah," replied his lordship, "tick, tick."

SOLOMON says "A merry heart maketh a glad countenance," but the heart is not apt to be merry if digestion is impaired and sleep disturbed or unrefreshing. On the other hand, the animal spirits cannot long be depressed, even by hardship and misfortune, if the bodily functions are vigorously performed, and each day's sequel is a night of sound repose.
There is a moral and a physical reason for the despondency of dyspeptic and bilious invalids. The obstinate nature of their complaint makes them despair of permanent relief, and the brain suffers by sympathy with the stomach, the two organs being connected by a sensitive link called the sympathetic nerve. It is impossible that the stomach should be deranged or weakened without cerebral disturbance, so close is the relationship between the digestive and reflective organs.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are a searching eradicant of indigestion and biliousness, and it may be added, of venal maladies, which are often complicated with the two first, and like them, are invariably accompanied by low spirits. The mind as well as the body recovers elasticity through the genial action of this benignant promoter of digestion, sleep, a regular habit of body, active biliary secretion, and healthful urination. Taking it before meals not only facilitates the alimentary process, but imparts additional relish for the food. A wineglassful of it at bed time affords sound, brain-invigorating repose. The daily pursuance of this plan is sure to be attended by a rapid improvement in health and spirits, as gratifying to the patient as it is demonstrative of the strengthening and regulative qualities of the Bitters.

Theodore de Banville is credited with a very happy retort by Charivari. "Can you tell me, sir," said a person, "how verses are made? for I confess I have never been able to understand." "It is very easy, sir." " Really?" "You take lines of unequal length, and put rhyme at the ends and talent inside of them." "Ah!"
"We can't all of us be great," remarked a scedy, but benevolent philosopher. "Some of us have got to run peanut stands, or children would grow up comparatively unaccustomed to luxuries.

Pumpioin as a Poultice.-A writer gives an instance in which a woman's arm was swelled to an enormous size and painfully inflamed. A poultice was made of stewed pumpkins, which was renewed every fifteen minutes, and in a short time produced a perfect cure. The fever drawn out by the poultices made them extremely offensive as they were taken off.

How to meep Sick Rooms Cool.It consists in opening the windows wide and covering the openings with cloths steeped in water. It is well known how largely water, in passing from the liquid to the gaseous state, absorbs caloric. This absorption lowers the temperature of the room from five to six degrees in a few minutes, and the humidity diffused in the air causes the heat to be more readily endured. By this system patients, even in the hottest time of the summer, find themselves in a perfectly fresh atmosphere.

Croup can be cured in one minute, and the remedy is simply alum and sugar. Take a knife or grater, and shave off in small particles about a teaspoonful of alum, mix it with twice its quantity of sugar to make it palatable. and administer it as quickly as possible. Almost instantaneous relief will foliow.

The best statesmanship-self-government.

## HOSTETTER'S GUIDE TO HEALTH.

## 

19O the insidious poison which lurks in the air and water of regions where intermittent and bilious remittent fevers are prevalent, there is a certain antidote. Its name is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a defensive and regulating tonic, which has long held the foremost place among medicinal preparations of its class.

The true way to protcet the system against malaria, is to cndow it with extra vigor, and kecp the stomach, liver and bowels in perfect order. The preventive cfficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is attributable to the fact that they do this, if used regularly. Under malarious conditions of the most pestilential kind, this depurative, anti-periodic preserves those who avail themselves of its protective influence from the slightest symptom of fever and ague, while in their immediate vicinity are others, who, having neglected this necessary precaution, are suffering such
torments as only malarious disease can inflict.

It is not alone as a preventive, but also as a remedy for fever and ague, that Hostetter's Bitters have achieved a popularity unequaled by that of any American remedy. They speedily check the violence of the paroxysms, and counteract the terrible exhaustion produced by the alternate shaking and sweating to which the unhappy sufferer is subjected.

Besides being infinitely more efficacious than quininc and other officinal remedies for intermittent and bilious remittent fever, the Bitters, being prepared from a purely botanic formula, cntail none of the pernicious consequences to be apprehended from the use of mineral and alkaloid drugs. Indeed one of the greatest blessings conferred on humanity by the discovery of this superb remedy and preventive, over a quarter of a century ago, is that it has widely superseded such hurtful medicines.

Moss and Polish.-"Sambo, my massa always trabbel; yours ebber stay at home." "Dat berry true, Jim; but you know what de proverb say, 'Rollin' stone gadder no moss:'" "No, Sambo, but it gadder polish, and dat 'ere's a qualification your massa stan' berry much in need ob."

Practical Philosophy.-"Ah, well, Mrs. Jenkins, them as lives longest sees most; but as I often says to my old man, says I, a kind word's an easy obligation, and goes a good deal further than a hobnailed boot or a quart pot, says I."
"Remember," said a trading quaker to his son, "in making thy way through the world, a spoonful of oil will go further than a quart of vinegar."

ONE of the easiest and best ways to expand the chest is to have a good large heart in it. It saves the cost of gymnastics.

Fruit for Dessert.-Beat well the white of an egg with a little water; dip the fruit in, and roll it immediately in some fine crushed sugar; place it on a dish and leave it five or six hours, then serve. A more sightly and exquisite dessert than a plate of currants thus dressed, cannot be had.

For rheumatism, take two teaspoonfuls of cayenne pepper to a teacupful of good vinegar; heat together slowly, but not quite boil; bottle it. Bathe the parts affected.

THE memory, like a true friend, is made the firmer by being trusted; noting down trifling things is the very way to destroy what remnant of memory you have.

Reasoning at every step they tread, Men yet mistake their way,
While meaner things by instinot led, Are rarely known to stray.

"A MAN who'd maliciously set fire to a barn," said good old Elder Poyson, " and burn up a stable full of horses and cows, ought to be kicked to death by a jackass, and I'd like to be the one to do it."

THus talks an old farmer about his boys: From sixteen to twenty they knew more than $I$ did; at twenty-five they knew as much; at thirty they were willing to hear what I had to say; at thirtyfive they asked my advice; and I think when they get to be forty, they will acknowledge that the old man does know something.

Handsome ornaments can be made by mounting fern leaves on glass. The leaves must be dyed or colored. They are then arranged on the mirror according to fancy. A butterfly or two may be added. Then a sheet of clear glass of the same size is placcd on top, and the sheets secured together at the edges, and placed in a frame.
"LeARN to save yourself work," is the best maxim to be observed in housekeeping.

Worth KNowing.--To neutralize any poison, mineral or vegétable, taken intentionally or by accident, swallow two gills of sweet oil. For a strong constitution, more oil.
"My Lord," began a pompous young barrister, "it is written in the book of Nature -" "On what page, sir, on what page?" interrupted the judge, with pen in hand.

Getting up And Prospering.-Getting up in a cold room to make a fire is like getting up in life. If you crawl timidly out of bed, go on tip-toe to the stove, and allow the shivers to get control of you before the kindling starts, your fire will probably be a failure, and you will half freeze to death in the operation. But if you jump out bravely, bustle around, pull on your clothes, knock over a chair or two, and pitch in the stove wood, you will probably be too warm before the fire gets to burning, and have to open a window. So in life. Attack it timidly and you will fail. Grapple with it, hurry up things, stir around, conquer fortune, and you will be a success.

## Gitinsettled Nerves.

1HERE are many individual and coöperating causes of an unsettled state of the nervous system. Professional experience, however, indicates lack of vital power, accompanied by chronic indigestion, as the most prolific.

Among the remedial attributes of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is that of strengthening and soothing the nerves. This effect is materially hastened by the rapid improvement in digestion, and acquisition of tone by the entire bodily organism, which results from the systematic use of this renowned tonic and corrective.

The sympathetic nerve-one of the most important in the body-which connects the stomach with the brain, communicates to the great reflective organ no small modicum of the irritation it experiences in consequence of acidity of the stomach, flatulence, contamination of the food with bile, and other concomitants of dyspepsia. The
irritation thus conveyed to the brain, produces pain in the head, sleeplessness by night and restlessness by day, vertigo, dullness of vision ; nervous apprehension manifests itself in a variety of other ways destructive of mental as well as bodily comfort. These sympathetic manifestations of digestive weakness and irregularity speedily cease when Hostetter's Bitters are used to invigorate the stomach, and insure the performance of its alimentary, functions. This latter result also promotes invigoration as well as quietude of the nerves, since the new stock of physical energy which the Bitters furnish to the system through the agency of uninterrupted and active digestion and assimilation, is shared by the nerves in common with every tissuc and fibre of the body. Mineral sedatives and opiate drugs deaden the nerves, but this superb vegetable nervine increases their vitality and gives them steadiness.

We lately met an old negro trudging along with a heavy side of bacon that he had bought swinging over his shoulder. We noticed that he was miserably clad, and we felt sorry for him, for a cold wind was blowing. We remonstrated with him. "Why do you spend your money for meat? You'd better buy a coat." The old man stopped, looked us full in the face for a few moments, and said, in most solemn tones: "Massa, when I ax my back for credit, it gibs it; when I speak to dis," laying his hand upon his stomach, "it calls for de cash."

Dr. Hawes used to say that his style of preaching was moulded by the criticisins of Dr. Emmons on a single sermon. Dr. Hawes read a paper to his tutor exuberant with rhetoric. "Joel," said the sage, "I kept school once. When I whipped the boys, I always stripped the leaves off the rod,"-drawing an imaginary rod through his fingers.

A Good Disif for Tired People.Beat two or more eggs, the whites and yolks separately, add a little sugar, and if you wish, crumb crackers into the dish and eat. This will often agree with the stomach when it rejects other food; it is easily assimilated, and can be taken without an appetite, and without hindering the organs of digestion. Excessive mental or bodily fatigue renders the stomach incapable for the time of performing its office, and this simple dish will recuperate the strength until the person is rested enough to eat heartily.

The celebrated John Randolph, in one of his letters to a young relative, says: "I know nothing I am so anxious you should acquire as the faculty of saying ' No.' You must expect unreasonable requests to be preferred to you every day of your life, and must endeavor to deny with as much facility and kindness as you acquiesce."


IT is irrational and injurious to use violent purgatives to remedy constipation. They make the disorder worse rather than better, because the abrupt and drenching effect which they catise weakens the bowels, and unfits them for their evacuative duty. To overcome an irregular habit of lody, the bowels must be relaxcl, of course, but never viokently. The laxative process should be gradual, and resemble as closcly as possible an effort of nature. At the same time, the bilious and indigestive causes of costiveness must be removed by invigorating the stomach and regulating the liver. These effects are invariably prodinced by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a mild but thorough cvacuant, an admirable invigorant of the digestive organs, and an active promoter of the secretion and natural fow of bile.

The remedial operation of this standard tonic aperient may be aided in cases of costiveness by taking active
out-door exercise at regular hours, and by cating brown bread, fruit, plenty of vegetables, and only moderately of meat. When the disease is attributable to sedentary habits, as it very frequently is, exercisc is especially nccessary. But whether these hygienic and dietary measures are resorted to or not, a systematic usc of the Bitters will invariably overcome constipation, and the bilious and dyspeptic symptoms usually complicated with it. Headache, flatulence, furred tongue, sallowness of the skin, pain in the right side, and other symptoms to which the costive are subject, promptly succumb to the Bitters, which may be relicd on not only to give tone and regularity to the bowels, the liver and the stomach, but also to strengthen the entire system.

Costiveness being very prone to become chronic, if not obviated in its early stage, a prompt use of the Bitters is to be recommended, when the habit of body begins to grow irregular.

A Home Question.-A boy surprised his father the other day by asking, "Father, do you likc mother?" "Why, yes, of course." "And she likes you?" "Of coursc she does." "Did she ever say so?" "Many a time, my son." "Did she marry you because she loved you?" "Certainly she did." The boy looked the old man over, and after a long pause asked: "Well, was she as near-sighted then as she is now."

Thackaray once described a kiss of etiquette as "a kiss which is like the contact of oysters." But a kiss not of etiquette is like a rip in a yard of calico; you can't tell where it begins or ends.
Till Adam had a partner given,
Much as fair Eden bloomed like heaven, His bliss was incomplete; No social friend those joys to share, Gave the gay scene a vacant air; She came-'twas all replete!

IT is said that Germans arc seldom afflicted with consumption, and this, it is asserted, is in part occasioned by the strength which their lungs acquire by exercising them in vocal music, for this constitutes a very important branch of the education of German youth.
An old physician, on taking his place at the table of a lady, the mother of seven young children, observed: "I have often wondered at your rosy children, and admired their complexion, indicating such perfect health. I now sce the cause. You give them coarse bread and milk, instead of coffce and cake, or even bolted flour bread. It is my belief that white bread and butter poison more children than you would believe."
Dr. Hall says a person should go to sleep with his face to the wall. Batcs says: "I s'pose that the healthy way, but it's mighty unsociable."

## - ${ }^{2}$ 雨RUE 角nvigoration.

IHE temporary stimulation afforded by unmedicated spirits, the brief craving for food excited by certain tonics without regulating properties, are mere counterfeits of the permanent results achieved by a genuine invigorant like Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. That beneficent elixir indeed stimulates, but its stimulative influence is never excessive, nor followed by a hurtful reaction, which is the case with nonmedicinal exhilarants, and is exerted upon precisely the organs that require it when inactive, viz., the stomach, the bowels and the liver. Bat it does more than stimulate those organs; since the invigorating and alterative botanic elements which it contains permanently strengthen and regulate them. Nor is this all, for the Bitters, by powerfully aiding digestion and assimilation, render the conversion of food into blood,
the great life-sustaining fiuid and motor of vital action, rapid and thorough. The weakened system is thus supplied with vigor, and the retention of that inestimable blessing insured by the removal of irregularities of the secretive and discharging organs, which mightimpede digestion and nutrition. This is true invigoration, and this is what Hostetter's Stomach Bitters accomplish.
To persons deficient in vitality, those afflicted with digestive weakness, irregular habit of body, debilitating disorders of the bladder or kidneys, mental depression, nervous ailments, to the aged and infirm, and to females suffering from causes of debility peculiarly incident to their sex, Hostetter's Bitters afford a most reliable and pleasant source of relief, and one against which none of those objections can be urged which apply to mineral tonics and unmedicated stimuli.

## hatasurement of an acre.

To aid farmers in arriving at accuracy in estimating the amount of land in different fields under cultivation, the following table is given :
5 yards wide by 968 yards long, 1 acre.
10 yards wide by 484 yards long, 1 acre.
20 yards wide by 252 yards long, 1 acre.
40 yards wide by 121 yards long, 1 acre.
70 yards wide by 69 yards long, 1 acre.
80 yards wide by 60 yards long, 1 acre.
60 feet wide by 726 feet long, 1 acre.
110 feet wide ty 369 feet long, 1 acre.
120 feet wide by 363 feet long, 1 acre.
220 feet wide by 198 feet long, 1 acre.
240 feet wide by 181 feet long, 1 acre. 440 feet wide by 99 feet long, 1 acre.
A box $24 \times 16$ in. 22 in. deep, holds 1 barrel. A box $16 \times 16$ in. 8 in . deep, holds 1 bushel. A box $81 / 2 x 81 / 2 \mathrm{in} .8$ in. deep, holds 1 peck. A box $4 \times 4$ in. $41 / 2$ in. deep, holds $1 / 2$ peck.

It was Sydney Smith who retorted upon some one who called him an everyday man, "Well, if I am an every-day man, you are a weak one."

Ir pays well to have a rainy-day room on a farm; not a small, cramped-up place, but a large, light room, furnished with a stove. Here valuable seeds are arranged. Many crops are prepared for market. Farm vehicles are repaired and painted. Things are got ready before the day they are wanted, and much bad talk is saved.

Very Good if not quite Correct.Dobb's memory is not of the best, and he rather surprised his sweetheart the other evening by asking her if these lines of Scott were not beautiful: Oh woman, in our hours of ease, Uncertain, coy, and hard to please; But seen too oft, familiar with thy face, We first endure, then pity, then embrace.
"Call that a kind man?" said an actor, speaking of an acquaintance; "a man who is away from his family and never sends them a farthing? Call that kindness?" "Yes, unremitting," Jerrold replied.


BLARNEY.
Tall Yankee (just arrived)-"Guess your legal fare is just sixpence?"
Dublin Carman.-"Sure, me Lord, we take some Chape Jacks at thatbut I wouldn't disgrace a gintleman av your Lordship's quality by drivin' him at a mane pace t'rough the public sthreets, so $I$ tuk upon myself to give your Lordship a shillin's worth both av stoyle an' whipcord."

Brids as Helpers.-Our friends, the insect-eating birds, have been ruthlessly destroyed in all parts of the country, and a war of extermination is still going on in communities where we might expect better things. These are but a small number of the causes which might be named, all working together, in giving the noxious insects the advantage over the husbandman, and bringing disastrous results where good would come, if an opposite course had been pursued.
There is this difference between happiness and wisdom; he that thinks himself the happiest man, really is so; but he that thinks himself the wisest man is generally the greatest fool.
Perseverance and Obstinacy.-The difference between perseverance and obstinacy is, that one often comes from a strong will, and the other from a strong won't.

To Make Graham Bread.-Set the sponge to rise over night, using milk instead of water, and adding, for every three quarts of flour, a cup of molasses. In the morning add a little salt, and enough flour to make a dough just thick enough not to be moulded. Put in baking tins to rise, and when light bake in a moderate oven. Do not mould it at all. Rye bread and Graham bread should be made soft; moulding spoils the bread, making it hard, dry and chippy.
"It isn't loud praying which counts with the Lord so much as giving four full quarts for every gallon," says an Arkansas circuit rider.

At a restaurant the other day a man inquired, reading from a bill of fare, "What is this sirloin of beef, a la financiere!" "I suppose that is a cut from the stock exchange bull," replied his friend.

## FRESH TRIBUTES OF PRAISE

## FROM THE

## PUBLIC, PRESS, AND MEDICAL PROFESSION

TO THE MERITS OF

## HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

The following opinions of the efficacy of the Most Popular American Remedy and Preventive, show what excellent reasons there are for the public favor accorded to it for over a quarter of a century:

From William Carothers, Grayville, Illinois, May 4, 1876:
Having tested your excellent Bitters, I am only too glad to testify to its efficacy in bilious complaints, as a certain cure, and preventive, which is better than cure.
From James T. Hutchison,Trenton, N. J., Aug. 26, 1875:
This is to certify that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters cured me of one of the worst forms of dyspensia, after suffering for four years. During that time I tried various quack medicines without relief. The preparation is not only pleasant but effectual, and I believe will relieve and cure indigestion thoroughly, if only persevered in.
From J. B. Bell, M. D., Potosi, Mo., June 22d, 1872:
I am at present engaged in practicing my profession as physician and surgeon. I take pleasure in recommending your valuable Bitters, and have used them in my own fanily in cases of indigestion and debility, with marked benefit.

From George W. Brooks, New York, October 1, 1875:
Your Bitters sold very well here last year, as there was a great deal of intermittent fever.
From William Eaur, St. Clair, Schuylkill, Co., Pa., Jan. 10, 1876:
I have been selling your Bitters ever since I have been in business, and must say it s,ives universal satisfaction. I have sold it to several persons who have been suffering with indigestion for a number of years, whom it has benefited more than any other remedy they have tried

From Ira R. Foster, Gadsden, Ala., Mar. 5, 1876: I am an old retired physician, and have used your Bitters for the last seven years with great advantage, having been afficted with diabetes.

From F. J. Robbins, Editor Dansville Express, New York, Sept. 8, 1875:
During the past three months I have been using, and with marked bencfit, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. I was troubled greatly with my stomach, with impaired digestive organs, loss of appetite, \&c. The Bitters helped me, and I shall continue their use.
From Feterson \& Neilson, Dannebrog, 'Neb., December 26, 1875:
We have been using your Bitters for the last four years, more or less, and it is the best remedy we have found for summer complaint. It is a great help for the new comers.
From St. Clair Laurence, Supt. Public Education, Por.totoc, Miss., Mar. 5, 1875:
Your Citters have almost relieved me of a severe attack of rheumatism. I am using one bottle per week.

From T. C. Humphrey, M. D., Prospect Bluff, Ark., February 7, 1874:
I am a druggist, and located in a malarious section of country, and sell many kinds of Bitiers, but Hostetter's Bitters stand head in the list, both in sales and satisfaction.

From H. E. Hubbard. IIalcott Centre, N. Y., May 1, 1875:
My wife has been troubled for the past ten years with dyspepsia. Your Bitters have done her a great deal of good, as she has improved very much since she commenced taking them.

## IRRESISTIBLE CONCLUSIONS.

y
S the annual edition of this Almanac is about Ten Million Copies, the cost of preparing, printing and distributing it is simply enormous, but it is slight indeed compared with the expense of manufacturing and shipping all over the world the

## - GREAT MEDICINAL STAPLE,

Whose unequivocal merits it sets forth. This celebrated preparation has been for over a quarter of a century before the public, and has long ranked first among American Remedies and Preventives. The press at home and abroad has over and over again borne voluntary testimony to the surpassing excellence of

## Hostetter's Stomach Bitters,

And this unsolicited evidence has been repeatedly corroborated, not only by grateful testimonials from the most respectable private sources, but also by emphatic expressions of approval over the signatures of physicians of high repute.

During its long career the demand for Hostetter's Bitters has been an ever-increasing one, until it has not only spread over every civilized portion of the vast area within the limits of the United States and Territories, but widely exists in British North America, South and Central Anerica, Mexico, the West Indies, Australia, and to some extent in Europe.

## What Irresistible Conclusions

Are to be drawn from the above facts? These -
First-That the proprietors of Hostetter's Stomacir Bitters would not incur, year after year, immense outlay in preparing, forwarding and giving publicity to the People's Favorite Remedy, unless its sales warranted them in so doing.

Second-That a Medicine, the record of which can be traced for over twentyfive years, in the encomiums of the press, in the published recommendations of physicians, and the earnest testimony of thousands whom it has cured or protected from disease, must possess the remedial and preventive efficacy attributed to it.

Third-That the popularity- of Hostetter's Stomach Bititers, in the foreign countries where it has already been introduced, aukurs well for its success in every quarter of the globe.

## Hostetter's Business Calendar for 1878.



## AUGUST W. H. REEN,

303 MAIN STREET,

## PIEORIA, ITITS.

DEAIER IN

## Fiostetter's Cerlebrated stomathath fitters,

 Drusis, Medicines, Chemicals,FINE TOILET SOAPS, BRUSHES, COMBS, FTC.,
Dexfunery and 马ancy Toilet Articles, in great variety,
Pure Brandy, Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes.


[^0]:    (13.) 4th sunday in Lent.

    John 6. Day's Length, (Pitts.) 12 h. 38 m.

[^1]:    ＂Hurry mamraa，＂said the little in－ nocent，with his cut finger．＂Hurry，it＇s leaking．＂

    There is no rule of health more im－ portant than＂keep the feet dry and the head cool．＂

[^2]:    "Get ont of the way! what are you good for?" said a cross old man to a littie bright-eyed urchin, who happenced to stand in his way. The little fellow, as he stepped to one side, replied very gently. "They make men out of such things as we are."

