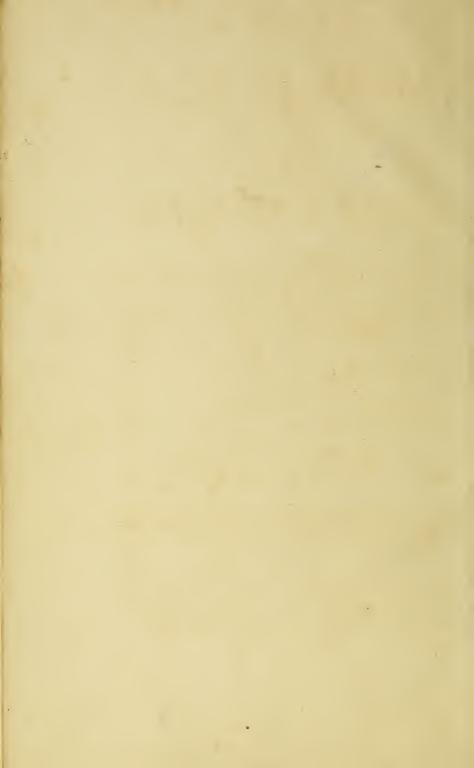


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# WORKS

OF

# SHAKESPEAR:

VOLUME the FOURTH.

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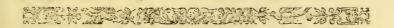
King RICHARD II.

King HENRY IV. Part I.

King HENRY IV. Part II.

King HENRY V.

King HENRY VI. Part I.



#### LONDON:

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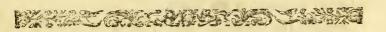
# LIFE and DEATH

OF

# RICHARD

THE

SECOND.



Vol. IV.

# Dramatis Personæ.

KING Richard the Second. Duke of York, John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, \ Uncles to the King. Bolingbroke, Son to John of Gaunt, afterwards King Henry the Fourth. Aumerle, Son to the Duke of York. Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk. Earl of Salisbury. Lord Berkley. Bushy, Servants to King Richard. Bagot, Green, Earl of Northumberland,
Percy, Son to Northumberland,
Ross,

Friends to Bolingbroke. Earl of Northumberland, Willoughby, Bishop of Carlisle, Sir Stephen Scroop, \} Friends to King Richard. Fitzwater, ·Lords in the Parliament. Surry,

Abbot of Westminster, Sir Pierce of Exton,

Queen to King Richard.
Dutchess of Gloucester.
Dutchess of York.
Ladies, attending on the Queen.

Heralds, two Gardiners, Keeper, Messenger, Groom, and other Attendants.

SCENE, dispersedly, in several Parts of England.

THE



## The LIFE and DEATH of

# KING RICHARD II.

## ACT I. SCENE I.

The COURT.

Enter King Richard, John of Gaunt, with other.
Nobles and Attendants.

King RICHARD.

Cafter,

Hast thou, according to thy oath and

bond,

Brought hither Henry Hereford thy bold fon.

Here to make good the boist'rous late Appeal, Which then our leisure would not let us hear, Against the Duke of Norfolk, Thomas Mowbray? Gaunt. I have, my liege.

K. Rich. Tell me moreover, hast thou sounded him,
If he appeal the Duke on ancient malice,

I If he appeal the Duke; Appeal, i. e. call, demand, challenge, from appello.

Mr. Pope.

B 2

Or worthily, as a good Subject should, On some known ground of treachery in him? Gaunt. As near as I could fift him on that argu-

ment,

On some apparent Danger seen in him Aim'd at your Highness; no invet'rate malice.

K. Rich. Then call them to our presence; face to

face,

And frowning brow to brow, Our felves will hear Th' accuser, and th' accused freely speak: High-stomach'd are they Both, and full of ire; In rage, deaf as the fea; hasty as fire.

#### SCENE

Enter Bolingbroke and Mowbray.

Boling. May many years of happy days befal My gracious Sovereign, my most loving Liege! Mowb. Each day still better other's happiness; Until the heavens, envying earth's good hap,

Add an immortal title to your Crown!

K. Rich. We thank you both, yet one but flatters us, As well appeareth by the cause you come; Namely, t'appeal each other of high Treason. Cousin of Hereford, what dost thou object Against the Duke of Norfolk, Thomas Mowbray? Boling. First (Heaven be the record to my speech!) In the devotion of a Subject's love, Tend'ring the precious fafety of my Prince, And free from other mif-begotten hate, Come I Appellant to this princely presence. Now, Thomas Mowbray, do I turn to thee, And mark my Greeting well; for what I speak, My body shall make good upon this earth, Or my divine foul answer it in heav'n. Thou art a traitor and a miscreant: Too good to be fo, and too bad to live; Since, the more fair and crystal is the Sky,

The

The uglier feem the Clouds, that in it fly.

Once more, the more to aggravate the Note,
With a foul Traytor's Name fluff I thy throat;
And wish, so please my Sov'reign, ere I move,
What my Tongue speaks, my Right-drawn Sword
may prove.

Mowb. Let not my cold words here accuse my zeal; 'Tis not the tryal of a woman's war, The bitter clamour of two eager tongues, Can arbitrate this cause betwixt us twain; The blood is hot, that must be cool'd for this. Yet can I not of fuch tame patience boaft, As to be husht, and nought at all to fay. First, the fair Rev'rence of your Highness curbs me, From giving reins and fpurs to my free speech; Which else would post, until it had return'd These terms of Treason doubled down his throat. Setting afide his high blood's Royalty, And let him be no kinfman to my Liege, I do defie him, and I spit at him; Call him a fland'rous coward, and a villain; Which to maintain, I would allow him odds, And meet him, were I ty'd to run a-foot Even to the frozen ridges of the Alps, Or any other ground inhabitable, Where never Englishman durst set his foot. Mean time, let this defend my Loyalty; By all my hopes, most falsly doth he lie.

Boling. Pale trembling Coward, there I throw my Gage.

Disclaiming here the kindred of a King,
And lay aside my high blood's Royalty:
(Which fear, not rev'rence, makes thee to except:)
If guilty Dread hath left thee so much strength,
As to take up mine Honour's pawn, then stoop.
By that, and all the rights of Knighthood else,
Will I make good against thee, arm to arm,

B 3

What

What I have spoken, or thou canst devise.

Mowb. I take it up, and by that Sword I fwear, Which gently laid my Knighthood on my shoulder, I'll answer thee in any fair degree, Or chivalrous design of knightly tryal; And when I mount, alive may I not light, If I be traitor, or unjustly fight!

K. Rich. What doth our Coufin lay to Mowbray's

charge?

It must be great, 2 that can inhabit us So much as of a thought of Ill in him.

Boling. Look, what I faid, my life shall prove it true; That Mowbray hath receiv'd eight thousand nobles, In name of lendings for your Highness' soldiers, The which he hath detain'd for lewd imployments; Like a false traitor and injurious villain. Besides, I say, and will in battel prove, Or here, or elsewhere, to the furthest verge, That ever was furvey'd by English eye; That all the treasons for these eighteen years, Complotted and contrived in this Land, Fetch from false Mowbray their first head and spring. Further, I say, and further will maintain Upon his bad Life to make all This good, That he did plot the Duke of Gloucester's death; Suggest his soon-believing adversaries; And consequently, like a traitor-coward, Sluic'd out his inn'cent foul through streams of blood; Which blood, like facrificing Abel's, cries Even from the tongueless caverns of the earth, To me, for justice, and rough chastisement. And by the glorious Worth of my Descent, This arm shall do it, or this life be spent.

K. Rich. How high a pitch his resolution soars! Thomas of Norfolk, what say'st thou to this?

<sup>3</sup> that can inherit us.] We should read, inhabit.

Mowb.

Mowb. O, let my Sovereign turn away his face, And bid his ears a little while be deaf, Till I have told this Slander of his blood, How God and good men hate fo foul a liar.

K. Rich. Mowbray, impartial are our eyes and ears. Were he our brother, nay, our Kingdom's heir, As he is but our father's brother's fon; Now by my Scepter's awe, I make a vow, Such neighbour-nearnefs to our facred blood Should nothing priv'lege him, nor partialize Th' unftooping firmness of my upright foul. He is our Subject, Mowbray, so art thou; Free speech, and fearless, I to thee allow.

Mowb. Then, Bolingbroke, as low as to thy heart, Through the false passage of thy throat, thou liest! Three parts of that Receipt I had for Calais, Disburst I to his Highness' soldiers; The other part referv'd I by confent, For that my fovereign Liege was in my debt; Upon remainder of a dear account, Since last I went to France to fetch his Queen. Now, swallow down that Lie. - For Gloucester's death, I flew him not; but, to mine own difgrace, Neglected my fworn duty in that case. For you, my noble lord of Lancaster, The honourable father to my foe, Once did I lay an ambush for your life, A trespass that doth vex my grieved soul; But ere I last receiv'd the Sacrament, I did confess it, and exactly begg'd Your Grace's pardon; and, I hope, I had it. This is my fault; as for the rest appeal'd, It issues from the rancor of a villain, A recreant and most degen'rate traitor: Which in my felf I boldly will defend, And interchangeably hurle down my gage Upon this overweening traitor's foot;

B 4

To

To prove my felf a loyal gentleman, Even in the best blood chamber'd in his bosom. In haste whereof, most heartily I pray

Your Highness to assign our tryal-day.

K. Rich. Wrath-kindled Gentlemen, be rul'd by me;
Let's purge this Choler without letting blood;

This we prescribe, though no physician;
Deep malice makes too deep incision:
Forget, forgive, conclude and be agreed;
Our Doctors say, this is no time to bleed.
Good Uncle, let this end where it begun;
We'll calm the Duke of Norfolk, you your Son.

Gaunt. To be a make-peace shall become my age; Throw down, my Son, the Duke of Norfolk's gage.

K. Rich. And, Norfolk, throw down his.

Gaunt. When, Harry, when?

Obedience bids, I should not bid again.

K. Rich. Norfolk, throw down, we bid; there is no boot.

Mowb. My felf I throw, dread Sovereign, at thy foot.

My life thou shalt command, but not my Shame; The one my duty owes; but my fair Name, (Despight of death, That lives upon my Grave,) To dark dishonour's use thou shalt not have. I am disgrac'd, impeach'd, and bassled here, Pierc'd to the soul with slander's venom'd spear: The which no balme can cure, but his heart-blood Which breath'd this poison.

3 This we prescribe, though no physician, &c ] I must make one remark, in general, on the Rhymes throughout this whole play; they are so much inserior to the rest of the writing, that they appear to me of a different hand. What confirms this, is, that the context does every where exactly (and frequently much better) connect without the inserted rhymes, except in a very sew places; and just there too, the rhyming verses are of a much better taste than all the others, which rather strengthens my conjecture.

Mr. Pape. K. Rich. K. Rich. Rage must be withstood:

Give me his gage: Lions make Leopards tame.

Mowb. Yea, but not change their spots: take but

my shame,

And I refign my gage. My dear, dear lord, The purest treasure mortal times afford, Is spotless Reputation; That away, Men are but gilded loam, or painted clay. A jewel in a ten-times-barr'd-up chest, Is a bold spirit in a loyal breast. Mine Honour is my life, both grow in one; Take honour from me, and my life is done. Then, dear my Liege, mine honour let me try;

In That I live, and for That will I die.

K. Rich. Cousin, throw down your gage; do you

begin.

Boling. Oh, heav'n defend my foul from fuch foul fin! Shall I feem crest-sall'n in my father's sight,

4 Or with pale beggar face impeach my height,
Before this out-dar'd Dastard? Ere my tongue
Shall wound my Honour with such feeble wrong,
Or sound so base a parle, my teeth shall tear

5 The slavish motive of recanting fear,
And spit it bleeding, in his high disgrace,
Where shame doth harbour, ev'n in Mowbray's face.

[Exit Gaunt.

K. Rich. We were not born to fue, but to command, Which fince we cannot do to make you friends, Be ready, as your lives shall answer it, At Coventry upon Saint Lambert's day. There shall your Swords and Lances arbitrate The swelling diff'rence of your settled hate:

5 The flavish motive-] Motive, for instrument.

Since

<sup>4</sup> Or with pale beggar face—] i. e. with a face of supplication, But this will not satisfy the Oxford Editor, he turns it to baggard fear.

Since we cannot atone you, you shall see Justice decide the Victor's Chivalry. Lord Marshal, bid our officers at Arms Be ready to direct these home-alarms.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E III.

Changes to the Duke of Lancaster's Palace.

Enter Gaunt and Dutchess of Gloucester.

Gaunt. A Las! the part I had in Glo'ster's blood
Doth more follicit me, than your Exclaims,
To stir against the butchers of his life.
But since correction lyeth in those hands,
Which made the fault that we cannot correct,
Put we our Quarrel to the Will of heav'n;
Who when it sees the hours ripe on earth,

Will rain hot vengeance on offenders' heads. Dutch. Finds brotherhood in thee no sharper spur? Hath love in thy old blood no living fire? Edward's sev'n sons, whereof thy self art one, Were as fev'n vials of his facred blood: Or fev'n fair branches, springing from one root: Some of those sev'n are dry'd by Nature's Course; Some of those branches by the Dest'nies cut: But Thomas, my dear lord, my life, my Glo'ster, (One vial, full of Edward's facred blood; One flourishing branch of his most royal root;) Is crack'd, and all the precious liquor spilt; Is hackt down, and his fummer leaves all faded, By Envy's hand and Murder's bloody axe! Ah, Gaunt! his blood was thine; that bed, that womb, That metal, that felf-mould that fashion'd thee;

Made him a man; and though thou liv'st and breath'st,

Yet art thou slain in him; thou dost consent In some large measure to thy father's death; In that thou seest thy wretched brother die,

Who

Who was the model of thy father's life; Call it not patience, Gaunt, it is despair. In suff'ring thus thy brother to be slaughter'd, Thou shew'st the naked pathway to thy life, Teaching stern murther how to butcher thee. That which in mean men we entitle Patience, Is pale cold Cowardise in noble breasts, What shall I say? to safeguard thine own life, The best way is to 'venge my Glo'ster's death.

Gaunt. God's is the Quarrel; for God's Substitute, His Deputy anointed in his fight,

Hath caus'd his death; the which if wrongfully, Let God revenge, for I may never lift

An angry arm against his Minister.

Dutch. Where then, alas, may I complain my felf? Gaunt. To heav'n, the widow's Champion and Defence. [wel.

Dutch. Why then, I will: farewel, old Gaunt, fare-Thou go'ft to Coventry, there to behold Our Coufin Hereford and fell Mowbray fight.

O, fit my husband's wrongs on Hereford's fpear, That it may enter butcher Mowbray's breaft!

Or, if misfortune mifs the first career,
Be Mowbray's fins so heavy in his bosom,
That they may break his foaming Courser's back,
And throw the rider headlong in the lists,
A caitiff recreant to my cousin Hereford!

Farewel, old Gaunt; thy sometime brother's wife
With her companion Grief must end her life.

Gaunt. Sifter, farewel; I must to Coventry.

As much Good stay with thee, as go with me!

Dutch. Yet one word more; grief boundeth where it falls,

Not with the empty hollowness, but weight: I take my leave, before I have begun; For Sorrow ends not, when it seemeth done. Commend me to my brother, Edmund York:

Lo,

Lo, this is all—nay, yet depart not so;
Though this be all, do not so quickly go:
I shall remember more. Bid him—oh, what?
With all good speed at Plashie visit me.
Alack, and what shall good old York see there
But empty lodgings, and unfurnish'd walls,
Un-peopled offices, untrodden stones?
And what hear there for welcome, but my groans?
Therefore commend me,—let him not come there
To seek out forrow that dwells every where;
All desolate, will I from hence, and die;
The last Leave of thee takes my weeping eye.

[Exeunt,

# S C E N E IV.

The Lists, at Coventry.

Enter the Lord Marshal, and the Duke of Aumerle.

Mar. MY lord Aumerle, is Harry Hereford arm'd?

Aum. Yea, at all points, and longs to enter in.

Mar. The Duke of Norfolk, sprightfully and bold, Stays but the Summons of th' Appellant's trumpet.

Aum. Why, then the Champions are prepar'd, and stay

For nothing but his Majesty's approach. [Flourish.

The trumpets found, and the King enters with his Nobles: when they are fet, Enter the Duke of Norfolk in arms, Defendant.

K. Rich. Marshal, demand of yonder Champion The cause of his arrival here in arms; Ask him his name, and orderly proceed To swear him in the justice of his Cause.

Mar. In God's name and the King's, fay who thou art?

[To Mowb.

And why thou com'ft, thus knightly clad in arms?

Against

Against what man thou com'st, and what thy quarrel? Speak truly on thy Knighthood, and thine Oath, And so defend thee heaven, and thy valour! [folk, Mowb. My name is Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Nor-Who hither come engaged by my oath, (Which, heav'n defend, a Knight should violate!) Both to defend my Loyalty and Truth, To God, my King, and my fucceeding Isfue, Against the Duke of Hereford, that appeals me; And by the grace of God, and this mine arm, To prove him, in defending of my felf,

The trumpets found. Enter Bolingbroke, Appellant, in armour.

A traitor to my God, my King, and me; And, as I truly fight, defend me heav'n!

K. Rich. Marshal, ask yonder Knight in arms, Both who he is, and why he cometh hither, Thus plated in habiliments of war: And formally, according to our Law, Depose him in the justice of his Cause. Thither,

Mar. What is thy name, and wherefore com'st thou Before King Richard, in his royal Lifts? [To Boling. Against whom comest thou? and what's thy Quarrel? Speak like a true Knight, fo defend thee heav'n!

Boling. Harry of Hereford, Lancaster and Derby Am I, who ready here do stand in arms, To prove, by heav'n's grace and my body's valour, In Lists, on Thomas Mowbray Duke of Norfolk, That he's a traitor foul and dangerous, To God of heav'n, King Richard, and to me; And, as I truly fight, defend me heav'n!

Mar. On pain of death, no person be so bold, Or daring-hardy, as to touch the Lists, Except the Marshal, and such Officers Appointed to direct these fair designs. Boling. Lord Marshal, let me kiss my Sovereign's

And bow my knee before his Majesty: For Mowbray and my self are like two men That vow a long and weary pilgrimage; Then let us take a ceremonious Leave, And loving Farewel, of our several friends.

Mar. Th' Appellant in all duty greets your Highness, [To K. Rich.

And craves to kifs your hand, and take his leave.

K. Rich. We will descend and fold him in our arms. Cousin of Hereford, as thy Cause is right, So be thy Fortune in this royal fight!

Farewel, my Blood; which if to day thou shed, Lament we may, but not revenge thee dead.

Boling. Oh, let no noble eye profane a tear For me, if I be gor'd with Mowbray's spear: As confident, as is the Faulcon's flight Against a bird, do I with Mowbray fight. My loving lord, I take my leave of you, Of you, my noble Coufin, lord Aumerle. Not fick, although I have to do with Death; But lufty, young, and chearly drawing Breath. Lo, as at English Feasts, so I regreet The daintiest last, to make the end most sweet: Oh thou! the earthly author of my blood, To Gaunt. Whose youthful spirit, in me regenerate, Doth with a two-fold vigour lift me up To reach at Victory above my head, Add proof unto mine armour with thy prayers; And with thy Bleffings steel my Lance's point, That it may enter Mowbray's waxen Coat, And furbish new the Name of John o' Gaunt Ev'n in the lufty 'haviour of his fon.

Ev'n in the lusty 'haviour of his son. [rous! Gaunt. Heav'n in thy good Cause make thee prospe-Be swift like Lightning in the execution,

And let thy blows, doubly redoubled, Fall like amazing thunder on the Casque Of thy adverse pernicious enemy.

Rouze

Rouze up thy youthful blood, be brave and live.

Boling. Mine innocence, God and St. George to thrive!

Mowb. However heav'n or fortune cast my lot, There lives, or dies, true to King Richard's Throne, A loyal, just and upright Gentleman:
Never did Captive with a freer heart
Cast off his chains of bondage, and embrace
His golden uncontroul'd enfranchisement,
More than my dancing soul doth celebrate
This Feast of battle, with mine adversary.
Most mighty Liege, and my companion Peers,
Take from my mouth the wish of happy years;
As gentle and as jocund, as to just,
Go I to fight: Truth hath a quiet breast.

K. Rich. Farewel, my lord; fecurely I espy Virtue with valour couched in thine eye.

Order the tryal, Marshal, and begin.

Mar. Harry of Hereford, Lancaster and Derby,
Receive thy Lance; and heav'n defend thy Right!
Boling. Strong as a tower in hope, I cry Amen.
Mar. Go bear this Lance to Thomas Duke of Norfolk.

I Her. Harry of Hereford, Lancaster and Derby, Stands here for God, his Sovereign and Himself, On pain to be found false and recreant, To prove the Duke of Norfolk, Thomas Mozekray

To prove the Duke of *Norfolk*, *Thomas Mowbray*, A traitor to his God, his King, and him; And dares him to fet forward to the fight.

2 Her. Here standeth Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk,

On pain to be found false and recreant, Both to defend himself, and to approve Henry of Hereford, Lancaster and Derby, To God, his Sovereign, and to him, disloyal:

Courageoufly,

<sup>6</sup> As gentle and as jocund, as to JEST,] Not so neither. We should read, to JUST, i. e. to tilt or tourny, which was a kind of sport too.

Courageously, and with a free desire, Attending but the Signal to begin. [A Charge founded. Mar. Sound, Trumpets; and fet forward, Combatants.

-But stay, the King hath thrown his warder down. K. Rich. Let them lay by their helmets and their

And Both return back to their chairs again: Withdraw with us, and let the trumpets found. While we return these Dukes what we decree.

> [ A long Flourish; after which, the King speaks to the Combatants.

Draw near; And lift, what with our Council we have done. For that our Kingdom's earth should not be foil'd With that dear blood, which it hath fostered; And, for our eyes do hate the dire aspect Of civil wounds plough'd up with neighbour fwords; 7 And for we think, the eagle-winged pride Of sky-aspiring and ambitious thoughts With rival-hating Envy fet you on, <sup>8</sup> To wake our Peace, which in our country's cradle Draws the fweet infant breath of gentle fleep; ] Which thus rouz'd up with boist'rous untun'd drums, And harsh-resounding trumpets' dreadful Bray, And grating shock of wrathful iron arms, Might from our quiet Confines fright fair Peace, And make us wade even in our kindred's blood:

Therefore,

7 And for we think, the eagle-winged pride, &c.] These five verses are omited in the other editions, and restored from the first of 1598. Mr. Pope.

8 To wake our Peace, — which thus rouz'd up — Might fright fuir Peace, Thus the sentence stands in the common reading, absurdly enough: which made the Oxford Editor, instead of, fright fair Peace, read, be affrighted; as if these latter words could ever, possibly, have been blundered into the former by transcribers. But his business is to alter as his fancy leads him, not to reform errors, as the text and rules of criticism

Therefore, we banish you our Territories. You cousin *Hereford*, on pain of death, Till twice five Summers have enrich'd our fields, Shall not regreet our fair Dominions, But tread the stranger paths of Banishment.

Boling. Your will be done: this must my comfort be, That Sun, that warms you here; shall shine on me: And those his golden beams, to you here lent,

Shall point on me, and gild my Banishment.

K. Rieb. Norfolk, for thee remains a heavier Doom, Which I with some unwillingness pronounce. The fly-slow hours shall not determinate The dateless limit of thy dear exile: The hopeless word, of never to return, Breathe I against thee, upon pain of life.

Mowb. A heavy Sentence, my most sovereign Liege, And all unlook'd for from your Highness' mouth:

criticism, direct. In a word, then, the true original of the blunder was this: The Editors, before Mr. Fope, had taken their Editions from the Folios, in which the text stood thus,

Of civil wounds plough'd up with neighbour swords;
Which thus rouz'd up,
fright fair Peace.

This is fense. But Mr. Pope, who carefully examined the first printed plays in Quarto, (very much to the advantage of his Edition) coming to this place, found five lines, in the first Edition of this play printed in 1598, omitted in the first general collection of the poet's works; and not enough attending to their agreement with the common text, put them into their place. Whereas, in truth, the five lines were omitted by Shakespear himself, as not agreeing to the rest of the context; which, on revise, he thought fit to alter. On this account I have put them into hooks, not as spurious, but as rejected on the author's revise; and, indeed, with great judgment; for,

To wake our Peace, which in our country's cradle Draws the sweet infant breath of gentle sleep,

as pretty as it is in the image, is abfurd in the fense: For Peace awake is still Peace, as well as when asleep. The difference is, that Peace asleep gives one the notion of a happy people sunk in sloth and luxury, which is not the idea the speaker would raise, and from which state, the sooner it was awaked the better.

Vol. IV. C

A dearer merit, not so deep a maim, As to be cast forth in the common air, Have I deserved at your Highness' hands. The language I have learn'd these forty years, My native English, now I must forego;

" And now my tongue's use is to me no more,

"Than an unftringed viol, or a harp;
"Or, like a cunning Inftrument cas'd up,
"Or being open, put into his hands

"That knows no touch to tune the harmony. Within my mouth you have engoal'd my tongue, Doubly port-cullis'd with my Teeth and Lips: And dull, unfeeling, barren Ignorance Is made my Goaler to attend on me. I am too old to fawn upon a nurse, Too far in years to be a Pupil now: What is thy Sentence then, but speechless death,

Which robs my tongue from breathing native breath? K. Rich. 9 It boots thee not to be compassionate;

After our Sentence, Plaining comes too late.

Mowb. Then thus I turn me from my Country's light,

To dwell in solemn shades of endless night.

K. Rich. Return again, and take an oath with ye. Lay on our royal Sword your banish'd hands; Swear by the duty that you owe to heav'n, ' (Our part therein we banish with your selves,) To keep the oath that we administer: You never shall, (so help you truth, and heav'n!) Embrace each other's love in Banishment;

9 It boots thee not to be compassionate; ] compassionate, for

plaintive.

<sup>1 (</sup>Our part therein we banish with your selves,)] It is a question much debated amongst the writers of the Law of Nations, whether a banish'd man be still tied in allegiance to the state which sent him into exile. Tully and Lord Chancellor Clarendon declare for the affirmative: Hobbs and Puffendorf hold the negative. Our author, by this line, seems to be of the same opinion.

Nor ever look upon each other's face, Nor ever write, regreet, or reconcile This low'ring tempest of your home-bred hate; Nor ever by advised purpose meet, To plot, contrive, or complot any Ill, 'Gainst us, our State, our Subjects, or our Land.

Boling. I fwear. Mowb. And I, to keep all this.

Boling. Norfolk, fo far, as to mine enemy: By this time, had the King permitted us, One of our fouls had wandred in the air, Banish'd this frail sepulchre of our flesh, As now our flesh is banish'd from this Land, Confess thy treasons, ere thou fly this Realm; Since thou halt far to go, bear not along The clogging burthen of a guilty foul.

Mowb No, Bolingbroke; if ever I were traitor, My Name be blotted from the Book of life, And I from heav'n banish'd as from hence! But what thou art, heav'n, thou, and I do know, And all too foon, I fear, the King shall rue. Farewel, my Liege; now no way can I stray, Save back to England; all the world's my way.

### CENE

K. Rich. Uncle, even in the glasses of thine eyes I fee thy grieved heart, thy fad aspect Hath from the number of his banish'd years Pluck'd four away; fix frozen winters spent, Return with Welcome home from Banishment.

Boling. How long a time lies in one little word! Four lagging Winters, and four wanton Springs, End in a word; fuch is the Breath of Kings.

Gaunt. I thank my Liege, that in regard of me He shortens four years of my fon's exile: But little vantage shall I reap thereby; For

Exit.

For ere the fix years, that he hath to spend, Can change their moons and bring their times about, My oyl-dry'd lamp, and time-bewasted light, Shall be extinct with age, and endless night: My inch of taper will be burnt and done: And blindfold death not let me see my son.

K. Rich. Why, uncle? thou hast many years to live. Gaunt. But not a minute, King, that thou canst give; Shorten my days thou canst with sullen forrow, And pluck nights from me, but not lend a morrow; Thou canst help time to surrow me with age, But stop no wrinkle in his pilgrimage; Thy word is currant with him, for my death; But dead, thy Kingdom cannot buy my breath.

K. Rich. Thy fon is banish'd upon good advice, Whereto thy tongue a party-verdict gave; Why at our justice seem'st thou then to low'r?

Gaunt. Things, sweet to taste, prove in digestion fow'r:

You urg'd me as a judge; but I had rather,
You would have bid me argue like a father.
O, had it been a stranger, not my child,
To smooth his Fault, I would have been more mild:
Alas, I look'd, when some of you should say,
I was too strict to make mine own away:
But you gave leave to my unwilling tongue,
Against my will, to do my felf this wrong.

A partial slander sought I to avoid,
And in the Sentence my own life destroy'd.

K. Rich. Cousin, farewel; and, uncle, bid him so: Six years we banish him, and he shall go. [Flourish. [Exit.

## S C E N E VI

Aum. Coufin, farewel; what prefence must not know, From where you do remain, let paper show.

2 A partial flander, &c.] These two lines added from the first Edition.

Mr. Pope.

Mar.

Mar. My lord, no leave take I; for I will ride As far as land will let me, by your side.

Gaunt. Oh, to what purpose dost thou hoard thy words.

That thou return'st no Greeting to thy friends? Boling. I have too few to take my leave of you, When the tongue's office should be prodigal, To breathe th' abundant dolour of the heart.

Gaunt. Thy grief is but thy absence for a time. Boling. Joy absent, grief is present for that time. Gaunt. What is fix winters? they are quickly gone. Boling. To men in joy; but grief makes one hour ten. Gaunt. Call it a Travel, that thou tak'ft for pleasure. Boling. My heart will figh, when I miscall it so,

Which finds it an inforced pilgrimage.

Gaunt. The fullen passage of thy weary steps

Esteem a foil, wherein thou art to set The precious jewel of thy home-return.

Boling. Nay, rather, ev'ry tedious stride I make Will but remember me, what a deal of World I wander from the Jewels that I love. Must I not serve a long Apprentice-hood, To foreign passages, and in the End Having my Freedom, boast of Nothing else But that I was a Journeyman to Grief?

Gaunt. 3 All Places that the Eye of Heaven visits, Are to a wife man ports and happy havens. Teach thy necessity to reason thus: There is no virtue like necessity. Think not, the King did banish Thee; But Thou the King. Woe doth the heavier fit, Where it perceives It is but faintly borne. Go fay, I fent thee forth to purchase honour, And not, the King exil'd thee. Or suppose, Devouring Pestilence hangs in our air,

<sup>3</sup> All Places that the Eye of Heav'n visits, &c. ] The fourteen Mr. Pope. verses that follow, are found in the first Edition. And

And thou art flying to a fresher clime.

Look, what thy soul holds dear, imagin it

To lye that way thou go'st, not whence thou com'st.

Suppose the singing birds, musicians;

The grass whereon thou tread'st, the presence-floor;

The slow'rs, fair ladies; and thy steps, no more

Than a delightful measure, or a dance.

For gnarling Sorrow hath less Pow'r to bite

The Man, that mocks at it, and sets it light.

Boling. Oh, who can hold a fire in his hand, By thinking on the frosty Caucasus? Or cloy the hungry edge of appetite, By bare imagination of a feast? Or wallow naked in December snow, By thinking on fantastick Summer's heat? Oh, no! the apprehension of the good Gives but the greater feeling to the worse; Fell forrow's tooth doth never rankle more Than when it bites, but lanceth not the fore.

Gaunt. Come, come, my fon, I'll bring thee on thy

way;

Had I thy Youth, and Caufe, I would not stay.

Boling. Then, England's Ground, farewel; sweet

foil, adieu,

My mother and my nurse, which bears me yet. Where-e'er I wander, boast of this I can, Though banish'd; yet a true-born *Englishman*.

[Exeunt.

### S C E N E VII.

Changes to the Court.

Enter King Richard, and Bagot, &c. at one door; and the Lord Aumerle, at the other.

K. Rich. W E did, indeed, observe—— Cousin Aumerle,

How far brought you high Hereford on his way?

Aum.

Aum. I brought high Hereford, if you call him so, But to the next High-way, and there I left him.

K. Rich. And fay, what store of parting tears were

shed?

Aum. 'Faith, none by me; except the north-east wind,

(Which then blew bitterly against our faces) Awak'd the sleepy rheume; and so by chance Did grace our hollow Parting with a tear.

K. Rich. What faid your cousin, when you parted

with him?

Aum. Farewel.

And, for my heart distained that my tongue Should so prophane the word, That taught me crast To counterfeit oppression of such grief, That words seem'd buried in my forrow's Grave. Marry, would the word farewel have lengthen'd hours, And added years to his short Banishment, He should have had a volume of farewels; But, since it would not, he had none of me.

K. Rich. He is our kinfman, Coufin; but 'tis doubt, When time shall call him home from Banishment, Whether our kinsman come to see his friends. Our felf, and Bushy, Bagot here, and Green, Observ'd his Courtship to the common people: How he did feem to dive into their hearts, With humble and familiar courtefie? What reverence he did throw away on flaves; Wooing poor crafts-men with the craft of smiles, And patient under-bearing of his fortune: As 'twere to banish their Affects with him. Off goes his bonnet to an oyster-wench; A brace of dray-men bid, God speed him well! And had the tribute of his supple knee; With, - Thanks, my countrymen, my loving friends; As were our England in reversion his, And he our Subjects' next degree in hope.

C 4

Green.

Green. Well, he is gone, and with him go these thoughts.

Now for the Rebels, which stand out in *Ireland*, Expedient Manage must be made, my Liege; Ere further leisure yield them further means For their advantage, and your Highness' loss.

K. Rich. We will our felf in person to this war; And, for our coffers with too great a Court, And liberal largess, are grown somewhat light, We are inforc'd to farm our royal Realm, The Revenue whereof shall surnish us For our affairs in hand; if they come short, Our Substitutes at home shall have blank charters: Whereto, when they shall know what men are rich, They shall subscribe them for large sums of gold, And send them after to supply our wants; For we will make for Ireland presently.

## Enter Bushy.

K. Rich. Bufby, what news?

Bufby. Old John of Gaunt is fick, my lord,
Suddenly taken, and hath fent post-haste
T'intreat your Majesty to visit him.

K. Rich. Where lyes he? Bushy. At Ely-bouse.

K. Rich. Now put it, heav'n, in his physician's mind,

To help him to his Grave immediately:
The lining of his coffers shall make coats
To deck our soldiers for these Irish wars.
Come, gentlemen, let's all go visit him:
Pray heav'n, we may make haste, and come too late!
[Exeunt.

## ACT II. SCENE I.

#### ELY-HOUSE.

Gaunt brought in, fick; with the Duke of York.

#### GAUNT.

WILL the King come, that I may breathe my

In wholesome counsel to his unstay'd youth? York. Vex not your self, nor strive not with your breath;

For all in vain comes counsel to his ear.

Gaunt. Oh, but, they fay, the tongues of dying men

Inforce attention, like deep harmony:

Where words are fcarce, they're feldom fpent in vain; For they breathe truth, that breathe their words in pain. He, that no more must fay, is listen'd more

Than they, whom youth and ease have taught to

glose;

More are men's ends mark'd, than their lives before: The fetting Sun,—and musick in the close.—As the last taste of sweets, is sweetest last; Writ in remembrance, more than things long past; Though *Richard* my life's counsel would not hear, My death's sad Tale may yet undeaf his ear.

York. His ear is ftopt with other flatt'ring charms, As praises of his State; there are, beside, Lascivious meeters, to whose venom'd sound The open ear of youth doth always listen: Report of Fashions in proud Italy, Whose manners still our tardy, apish, Nation Limps after, in base aukward imitation. Where doth the world thrust forth a vanity, (So it be new, there's no respect how vile,) That is not quickly buzz'd into his ears?

Then

Then all too late comes counsel to be heard, Where Will doth mutiny with wit's regard. Direct not him, whose way himself will chuse; 'Tis breath thou lack'ft, and that breath wilt thou lofe. Gaunt. Methinks, I am a prophet new-inspir'd, And, thus expiring, do foretel of him, His rash, fierce blaze of riot cannot last: For violent fires foon burn out themselves. Small show'rs last long, but sudden storms are short; He tires betimes, that spurs too fast betimes; With eager feeding, food doth choak the feeder; Light vanity, infatiate Cormorant, Confuming means, foon preys upon it felf. The royal Throne of Kings, this scepter'd Isle, This Earth of Majesty, this Seat of Mars, This other Eden, demy Paradise, This fortress, built by Nature for her felf, Against infection, and the hand of war; This happy Breed of men, this little world, This precious stone set in the silver sea, Which ferves it in the office of a wall, Or as a moat defensive to a house, Against the envy of less happier Lands; This nurse, this teeming womb of royal Kings, Fear'd for their breed, and famous by their birth, Renowned for their deeds, as far from home For christian service and true chivalry, As is the Sepulchre in stubborn Fury Of the world's Ransom, bleffed Mary's Son; This land of fuch dear fouls, this dear dear Land, Dear for her reputation through the world, Is now leas'd out, (I dye, pronouncing it) Like to a Tenement, or pelting Farm. England, bound in with the triumphant Sea, Whose rocky shore beats back the envious siege

Of watry Neptune, is bound in with shame, With inky blots, and rotten parchment-bonds.

That

That England, that was wont to conquer others, Hath made a shameful Conquest of it self. Ah! would the scandal vanish with my life, How happy then were my ensuing death!

#### S C E N E II.

Enter King Richard, Queen, Aumerle, Bushy, Green, Bagot, Ross, and Willoughby.

York. The King is come, deal mildly with his youth; For young hot colts, being rag'd, do rage the more.

Queen. How fares our noble uncle, Lancaster?

K. Rich What comfort, man? How is't with aged

Gaunt?
Gaunt. Oh, how that Name befits my composition!
Old Gaunt, indeed, and gaunt in being old:
Within me grief hath kept a tedious fast;
And who abstains from meat, that is not gaunt?
For sleeping England long time have I watch'd,
Watching breeds leanness, leanness is all gaunt:
The pleasure, that some fathers feed upon,
Is my strict fast; I mean, my children's looks;
And, therein fasting, thou hast made me gaunt;
Gaunt am I for the Grave, gaunt as a Grave,
Whose hollow womb inherits nought but bones.

K. Rich. Can fick-men play fo nicely with their names?

Gaunt. No, mifery makes fport to mock it felf: Since thou dost feek to kill my name in me, I mock my name, great King, to flatter thee.

K. Rich. Should dying men flatter those that live? Gaunt. No, no, men living flatter those that die. K. Rich. Thou, now a dying, say'st, thou flatter'st me.

Gaunt. Oh! no, thou dyeft, though I ficker be. K. Rich. I am in health, I breathe, I fee thee ill. Gaunt. Now he, that made me, knows, I fee thee ill.

Ill in my felf, but feeing thee too, ill. Thy death-bed is no leffer than the Land, Wherein thou lieft in Reputation fick; And thou, too careless Patient as thou art. Giv'st thy anointed body to the cure Of those physicians, that first wounded thee: A thousand flatt'rers sit within thy Crown, Whose compass is no bigger than thy head, And yet incaged in fo small a verge, Thy waste is no whit lesser than thy Land. Oh, had thy Grandsire, with a prophet's eye, Seen how his fon's fon should destroy his fons; From forth thy reach he would have laid thy shame, Deposing thee before thou wert possess; Who art posses'd now, to depose thy self. Why, Cousin, wert thou Regent of the world, It were a shame to let this Land by lease: But for thy world enjoying but this Land, Is it not more than shame, to shame it so? Landlord of England art thou now, not King: <sup>2</sup> Thy state of law is bondslave to the law; And Thou-

K. Rich. And thou, a lunatick lean-witted fool, Prefuming on an ague's privilege, Dar'st with thy frozen admonition Make pale our cheek; chasing the royal blood With sury from his native residence. Now by my Seat's right-royal Majesty, Wert thou not Brother to Great Edward's son,

1 And yet INGAGED in so small a verge, The Folio of 1623 reads INCAGED, which is right.

2 Thy state of law is bondslave to the law; ] State of law, i. e. legal for rainty. But the Oxford Editor alters it to state o'er law, i. e. absolute for rainty. A doctrine, which, if our poet ever learnt at all, he learnt not in the reign when this play was written, Queen Elizabeth's, but in the reign after it, King James's. By bondslave to the law, the poet means his being in-

flaved to his favorite subjects.

This tongue that runs fo roundly in thy head, Should run thy head from thy unreverend shoulders. Gaunt. Oh, spare me not, my brother Edward's

For that I was his father Edward's fon.
That blood already, like the Pelican,
Hast thou tapt out, and drunkenly carows'd.
My brother Glo'ster, plain well-meaning soul,
(Whom fair befal in heav'n 'mong'st happy souls!)
May be a precedent and witness good,
That thou respects not spilling Edward's blood.
Join with the present Sickness that I have,
And thy unkindness be like crooked age,
To crop at once a too-long-wither'd flower.
Live in thy shame, but die not shame with thee!
These words hereaster thy tormentors be!
Convey me to my Bed, then to my Grave:
Love they to live, that love and honour have.

[Exit, borne out. K. Rich. And let them die, that Age and Sullens

have;
For both hast thou, and both become the Grave.

York. I do beseech your Majesty, impute
His words to wayward sickliness, and age:
He loves you, on my life; and holds you dear
As Harry Duke of Hereford, were he here.

K. Rich. Right, you fay true; as Hereford's love, fo his;

As theirs, fo mine; and all be, as it is.

#### S C E N E III.

Enter Northumberland.

North. My Liege, old Gaunt commends him to your Majesty.

K. Rich. What fays old Gaunt?

North.

North. Nay, nothing; all is faid: His tongue is now a stringless instrument, Words, life, and all, old Lancaster hath spent.

York. Be York the next, that must be bankrupt so!

Though death be poor, it ends a mortal woe.

K. Rich. The ripest fruit first falls, and so doth he; His time is spent, our pilgrimage must be: So much for that. - Now for our Irish wars: We must supplant those rough rug-headed Kerns, Which live like venom, where no venom elfe, But only they, have privilege to live. And, for these great affairs do ask some charge, Towards our affistance we do seize to us. The plate, coin, revenues, and moveables, Whereof our uncle Gaunt did stand possest.

York. How long shall I be patient? Oh, how long Shall tender Duty make me fuffer wrong? Not Glo'ster's death, not Hereford's Banishment, Not Gaunt's rebukes, nor England's private wrongs, Nor the prevention of poor Bolingbroke About his marriage, nor my own difgrace, Have ever made me fow'r my patient cheek; Or bend one wrinkle on my Sovereign's face. I am the last of noble Edward's sons, Of whom thy father, Prince of Wales, was first: In war, was never Lion rag'd more fierce; In peace, was never gentle Lamb more mild, Than was that young and princely Gentleman; His face thou haft, for even fo look'd he, Accomplish'd with the number of thy hours. But when he frown'd, it was against the French, And not against his friends: His noble hand Did win what he did fpend; and fpent not That. Which his triumphant father's hand had won. His hands were guilty of no kindred's blood, But bloody with the enemies of his kin.

Oh,

Oh, Richard! York is too far gone with grief, Or else he never would compare between.

K. Rich. Why, uncle, what's the matter?

York. O my Liege,

Pardon me, if you please; if not, I, pleas'd Not to be pardon'd, am content withal. Seek you to feize, and gripe into your hands, The Royalties and Rights of banish'd Hereford? Is not Gaunt dead, and doth not Hereford live? Was not Gaunt just, and is not Harry true? Did not the one deferve to have an heir? Is not his heir a well-deferving fon? Take Hereford's Rights away, and take from time His Charters, and his customary Rights. Let not to-morow then enfue to day; Be not thy felf. —For how art thou a King, But by fair fequence and fuccession? If you do wrongfully feize Hereford's Right, Call in his letters patents that he hath, By his attorneys-general to fue His livery, and deny his offer'd homage; You pluck a thousand dangers on your head; You lose a thousand well-disposed hearts; And prick my tender patience to those thoughts, Which honour and allegiance cannot think.

K. Rich. Think what you will; we feize into our

hands

His plate, his goods, his money, and his lands. York. I'll not be by, the while; my Liege, farewel:

What will ensue hereof, there's none can tell. But by bad courfes may be understood,

That their events can never fall out good. Exit.

K. Rich. Go, Bushy, to the Earl of Wiltshire straight, Bid him repair to us to Ely-house, To fee this business done: To morrow next We will for Ireland; and 'tis time, I trow.

And we create, in absence of our self,

Our

Our uncle York Lord-governor of England:
For he is just, and always lov'd us well.
Come on, our Queen; to morrow must we part;
Be merry, for our time of Stay is short. [Flourish.
[Exeunt, King, Queen, &c.

## S C E N E IV.

Manent Northumberland, Willoughby, and Ross.

North. Well, Lords, the Duke of Lancaster is dead. Ross. And living too, for now his son is Duke. Willo. Barely in title, not in revenue. North. Richly in both, if justice had her right. Ross. My heart is great; but it must break with

filence,

Ere't be disburthen'd with a lib'ral tongue.

North. Nay, speak thy mind; and let him ne'er speak more,

That speaks thy words again to do thee harm.

Willo. Tends, what you'd speak, to the Duke of Hereford?

If it be fo, out with it boldly, man:

Quick is mine ear to hear of good towards him. Ross. No good at all that I can do for him,

Unless you call it good to pity him, Bereft and gelded of his patrimony.

North. Now, afore heav'n, it's shame, such wrongs are borne

In him a royal Prince, and many more Of noble blood in this declining Land; The King is not himself, but basely led By flatterers; and what they will inform Merely in hate 'gainst any of us all, That will the King severely prosecute

Gainst us, our lives, our children, and our heirs.

Ross. The Commons hath he pill'd with grievous

Taxes,

And

And lost their hearts; the Nobles he hath fin'd For ancient quarrels, and quite lost their hearts.

Willo. And daily new exactions are devis'd;

As Blanks, Benevolences, I wot not what?

But what o' God's name doth become of this?

North. Wars have not wasted it, for warr'd he hath not,

But basely yielded upon compromise

That, which his Ancestors atchiev'd with blows:

More hath he fpent in peace, than they in wars.

Ross. The Earl of Wiltshire hath the Realm in farm. Willo. The King's grown bankrupt, like a broken man.

North. Reproach, and diffolution, hangeth over him. Ross. He hath not mony for these Irish wars, (His burthenous taxations notwithstanding)

But by the robbing of the banish'd Duke.

North. His noble Kinfman—most degenerate King!

But, lords, we hear this fearful tempest sing,

Yet feek no shelter to avoid the storm: We see the wind sit fore upon our fails,

And yet we strike not, but securely perish.

Ross. We see the very wreck, that we must suffer;

And unavoided is the danger now,

For fuff'ring fo the causes of our wreck. [Death North. Not so: ev'n through the hollow eyes of

I fpy life peering; but I dare not fay,

How near the tidings of our comfort is. [ours. Willo. Nay, let us share thy thoughts, as thou dost

Ross. Be confident to speak, Northumberland;

We three are but thy felf, and speaking so,

Thy words are but as thoughts, therefore be bold. North. Then thus, my friends. I have from Port

le Blanc,
A bay in Bretagne, had intelligence,
That Harry Hereford, Rainald lord Cobbam,

That late broke from the Duke of Exeter,

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His

His brother, Archbishop late of Canterbury, Sir Thomas Erpingham, Sir John Rainston, Sir John Norberie, Sir Robert Waterton, and Francis Coines,

All these well furnish'd by the Duke of Bretagne, With eight tall ships, three thousand men of war, Are making hither with all due expedience, And shortly mean to touch our northern shore; Perhaps, they had ere this; but that they stay The first departing of the King for Ireland. If then we shall shake off our slavish yoak, Imp out our drooping Country's broken wing, Redeem from broking Pawn the blemish'd Crown, Wipe off the dust that hides our Scepter's gilt, And make high Majesty look like it self: Away with me in post to Ravenspurg. But if you faint, as fearing to do fo, Stay, and be fecret, and my felf will go.

Ross. To horse, to horse; urge Doubts to them that Willo. Hold out my horse, and I will first be there.

Exeunt.

## SCENE The COURT.

Enter Queen, Bushy, and Bagot.

Bushy. M Adam, your Majesty is much too sad: You promis'd, when you parted with the King,

To lay afide felf-harming heaviness, And entertain a chearful disposition.

Queen. To please the King, I did; to please my self, I cannot do it; yet I know no cause, Why I should welcome such a guest as grief; Save bidding farewel to fo fweet a Guest As my fweet Richard: yet again, methinks, Some unborn forrow, ripe in fortune's womb,

Is

Is coming tow'rd me; and my inward foul

With fomething trembles, yet at nothing grieves,
More than with parting from my lord the King.

Bushy. Each substance of a grief hath twenty shadows, Which shew like grief it self, but are not so: For sorrow's eye, glaz'd with blinding tears, Divides one thing entire, to many objects;

Like Perspectives, which, rightly gaz'd upon, Shew nothing but confusion; ey'd awry, Distinguish form.—So your sweet Majesty, Looking awry upon your lord's departure, Finds shapes of grief, more than himself, to wail; Which look'd on, as it is, is nought but shadows Of what it is not; gracious Queen, then weep not More than your lord's departure; more's not seen: Or if it be, 'tis with false sorrow's eye, Which, for things true, weeps things imaginary.

Queen. It may be so; but yet my inward soul Persuades me otherwise: howe'er it be, I cannot but be sad; so heavy-sad, As, though, on thinking, on no thought I think,

Makes me with heavy nothing faint and shrink.

Bushy. 'Tis nothing but Conceit, my gracious lady.

Queen. 'Tis nothing less; Conceit is still deriv'd

From some fore-father grief; mine is not so;

3 With nothing trembles, yet at something grieves,] The sololowing line requires that this should be read just the contrary way,

With something trembles, yet at nothing grieves.

4 Like Perspectives, which rightly gaz'd upon, Shew nothing but confusion; ey'd awry,

Distinguish form.] This is a fine similitude, and the thing meant is this. Amongst mathematical recreations, there is one in Optics, in which a figure is drawn, wherein all the rules of Perspective are inverted: so that, if held in the same position with those pictures which are drawn according to the rules of Perspective, it can present nothing but consusting and to be seen in form, and under a regular Appearance, it must be look'd upon from a contrary station: or, as Shakespear says, ey'd awry.

D 2

For nothing hath begot my fomething grief; Or fomething hath, the nothing that I grieve; 'Tis in reversion That I do posses; But what it is, that is not yet known, what I cannot name, 'tis nameless woe, I wot.

### S C E N E VI.

Enter Green.

Green. Heav'n fave your Majesty! and well met, gentlemen:

I hope, the King is not yet shipt for Ireland.

Queen. Why hop'st thou so?'tis better hope, he is: For his designs crave haste, his haste good hope: Then wherefore dost thou hope, he is not shipt?

Green. That he, our hope, might have retir'd his Power;

And driv'n into despair an enemy's Hope, Who strongly hath set sooting in this Land. The banish'd *Bolingbroke* repeals himself; And with uplisted arms is safe arriv'd At Ravenspurg.

Queen. Now God in heav'n forbid!

Green. O, Madam, 'tis too true; and what is worfe, The lord Northumberland, his young fon Percy, The lords of Ross, Beaumond, and Willoughby, With all their pow'rful friends, are fled to him.

Bushy. Why have you not proclaim'd Northumberland,

And all of that revolted faction, traitors?

Green. We have: whereon the Earl of Worcester Hath broke his staff, resign'd his Stewardship; And all the houshold servants fled with him To Bolingbroke.

Queen. So, Green, thou art the midwife of my woe, And Bolingbroke my forrow's difinal heir:
Now hath my foul brought forth her prodigy, And I, a gasping new-deliver'd mother,

Have

Have woe to woe, forrow to forrow, join'd.

Bulby. Despair not, Madam.

Queen. Who shall hinder me?

I will despair, and be at enmity

With cozening hope; he is a flatterer,

A parasite, a keeper back of death;

Who gently would dissolve the bands of life,

Which false hopes linger, in extremity.

#### SCENE VII.

#### Enter York.

Green. Here comes the Duke of York.

Queen. With figns of war about his aged neck;
Oh, full of careful bufiness are his looks!
Uncle, for heav'n's fake, comfortable words.

York. Should I do so, I should bely my thoughts;
Comfort's in heav'n, and we are on the earth,
Where nothing lives but Crosses, Care, and Grief.
Your husband he is gone to save far off,
Whilst others come to make him lose at home.
Here am I lest to underprop this Land;
Who, weak with age, cannot support my felf.
Now comes the sick hour, that his surfeit made;
Now shall he try his friends, that flatter'd him.

#### Enter a Servant.

Serv. My lord, your fon was gone before I came. York. He was; why, fo, go all, which way it will: The Nobles they are fled, the Commons cold, And will, I fear, revolt on Hereford's fide. Get thee to Plashie, to my fifter Glo'sfer; Bid her fend prefently a thousand pound: Hold, take my ring.

5 Should I do so, &c.] This line added from the first Edition.

Mr. Pope.

D 3

Serv.

Serv. My lord, I had forgot
To tell, to day I came by, and call'd there;
But I shall grieve you to report the rest.

York. What is't?

Serv. An hour before I came, the Dutchess dy'd.

York. Heav'n for his mercy, what a tide of woes

Come rushing on this woful land at once!

I know not what to do: I would to heav'n,

(So my untruth had not provok'd him to it)

The King had cut off my head with my brother's.

What, are there posts dispatch'd for Ireland?

How shall we do for mony for these wars?

Come, sister; (cousin, I would say;) pray, pardon me.

Go, fellow, get thee home, provide some carts,

[To the Servant,

And bring away the armour that is there.

Gentlemen, will you go and muster men?

If I know how to order these affairs,
Disorderly thus thrust into my hands,
Never believe me. They are both my kinsmen;
The one my Sovereign, whom both my oath
And duty bids defend; th' other again
My kinsman is, One whom the King hath wrong'd;
Whom conscience and my kindred bids to right,
Well, somewhat we must do: come, cousin, I'll
Dispose of you. Go muster up your men,
And meet me presently at Berkley castle:
I should to Plashie too;
But time will not permit. All is uneven,
And every thing is left at fix and seven.

### S C E N E VIII.

Bufby. The wind fits fair for news to go to Ireland, But none returns; for us to levy Power, Proportionable to the enemy, Is all impossible.

Green.

Exeunt York and Queen.

Green. Besides, our Nearness to the King in Love Is near the Hate of those, love not the King.

Bagot. And that's the wav'ring Commons, for their

love

Lies in their purses; and who empties them, By so much fills their hearts with deadly hate.

Bushy. Wherein the King stands generally condemn'd. Bagot. If judgment lye in them, then so do we;

Because we have been ever near the King.

Green. Well; I'll for Refuge straight to Bristol Castle;

The Earl of Wiltshire is already there.

Bushy. Thither will I with you; for little office The hateful Commons will perform for us; Except, like curs, to tear us all in pieces:

Will you go with us?

Bagot. No: I'll to Ireland to his Majesty.

Farewel: If heart's Presages be not vain,

We three here part, that ne'er shall meet again.

Bushy: That's as York thrives, to beat back Boling-

broke.

Green. Alas, poor Duke! the task he undertakes Is numb'ring fands, and drinking oceans dry; Where one on his fide fights, thousands will fly.

Bushy. Farewel at once, for once, for all and ever.

Green. Well, we may meet again.

Bagot. I fear me, never.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E IX.

Changes to a wild Prospect in Glocestershire.

Enter Bolingbroke and Northumberland.

Boling. HOW far is it, my lord, to Berkley now?

North. I am a stranger here in Glo'stershire:

These high wild hills, and rough uneven ways,

Draw out our miles, and make them wearisome:

And yet your fair discourse has been as sugar,

D 4

Making

Making the hard way fweet and delectable. But, I bethink me, what a weary way, From Ravenspurg to Cotshold, will be found In Ross and Willoughby, wanting your Company; Which, I protest, hath very much beguil'd The tediousness and process of my travel: But theirs is fweetned with the hope to have The present benefit that I possess: And hope to joy, is little less in joy, Than hope enjoy'd. By this, the weary lords Shall make their way feem short, as mine hath done, By fight of what I have, your noble company. Boling. Of much less value is my company,

Than your good words: but who comes here?

#### Enter Percy.

North. It is my fon, young Harry Percy, Sent from my brother Worcester: whencesoever, Harry, how fares your uncle?

Percy. I thought, my lord, t'have learn'd his health

of you,

North. Why, is he not with the Queen? Percy. No, my good lord, he hath forfook the Court,

Broken his staff of office, and dispers'd The Houshold of the King.

North. What was his reason?

He was not fo refolv'd, when last we spake together.

Percy. Because your lordship was proclaimed Traitor. But he, my lord, is gone to Ravenspurg, To offer fervice to the Duke of Hereford; And fent me o'er by Berkley, to discover What Pow'r the Duke of York had levy'd there; Then with directions to repair to Ravenspurg.

North. Have you forgot the Duke of Hereford, boy? Percy. No, my good lord; for that is not forgot, Which ne'er I did remember; to my knowledge,

I never in my life did look on him.

North.

North. Then learn to know him now; this is the Duke.

Percy. My gracious lord, I tender you my fervice, Such as it is, being tender, raw, and young, Which elder days shall ripen and confirm To more approved service and defert.

Boling. I thank thee, gentle Percy; and be fure, I count my felf in nothing elfe fo happy, As in a foul remembring my good friends; And as my Fortune ripens with thy love, It shall be still thy true love's recompense.

My heart this cov'nant makes, my hand thus feals it. North. How far is it to Berkley? and what stir

North. How far is it to Berkley? and what stir Keeps good old York there with his men of war?

Percy. There stands the Castle by yond tust of trees, Mann'd with three hundred men, as I have heard; And in it are the lords, York, Berkley, Seymour; None else of name, and noble estimate.

### Enter Ross and Willoughby.

North. Here come the lords of Ross and Willoughby, Bloody with spurring, fiery-red with haste.

Boling. Welcome, my lords; I wot, your love pursues

A banish'd traitor; all my Treasury

Is yet but unfelt thanks, which, more enrich'd, Shall be your love and labour's recompence.

Ross. Your presence makes us rich, most noble lord. Willo. And far surmounts our labour to attain it. Boling. Evermore, thanks; —(th' exchequer of the poor)

Which, 'till my infant-fortune comes to years, Stands for my bounty. But who now comes here?

Enter Berkley.

North. It is my lord of Berkley, as I guess.

Berk. My lord of Hereford, my message is to you.

Boling. My lord, my answer is to Lancaster;

And I am come to seek that Name in England,

And

And I must find that Title in your tongue, Before I make reply to aught you say.

Berk. Mistake me not, my lord; 'tis not my meaning To raze one Title of your honour out.

To you, my lord, I come, (what lord you will,)

From the most glorious of this Land,

The Duke of York, to know, what pricks you on

To take advantage of 6 the absent time;

And fright our native peace with felf-born arms.

### S C E N E X.

Enter York.

Boling. I shall not need transport my words by you. Here comes his Grace in person. Noble Uncle!

[Kneels. York. Shew me thy humble heart, and not thy knee, Whose duty is deceivable and false.

Boling. My gracious uncle!

York. Tut, tut! Grace me no Grace, nor Uncle me no Uncle:

I am no traitor's uncle; and that word Grace, In an ungracious mouth, is but prophane. Why have those banish'd, and forbidden legs Dar'd once to touch a dust of *England*'s ground? But more than,—why, why, have they dar'd to march So many miles upon her peaceful bosom, Frighting her pale-fac'd villages with war, And oftentation of disposed arms? Com'st thou because th'anointed King is hence? Why, foolish boy, the King is left behind; And in my loyal bosom lies his Power.

6 — the absent time,] For unprepared. Not an inelegant synecdoche.

7 And oftentation of DESPISED arms? But fure the oftentation of despised arms would not fright any one. We should read

DISPOSED arms

i e. forces in battle-array.

Were

Were I but now the lord of fuch hot youth, As when brave Gaunt, thy father, and my felf Rescu'd the Black Prince, that young Mars of men, From forth the ranks of many thousand French; Oh! then, how quickly should this arm of mine, Now prisoner to the palsie, chastise thee, And minister correction to thy fault.

Boling. My gracious uncle, let me know my fault;

On what condition stands it, and wherein?

York. Ev'n in condition of the worst degree; In gross Rebellion, and detested Treason: Thou art a banish'd man, and here art come, Before the expiration of thy time, In braving arms against thy Sovereign.

Boling. As I was banish'd, I was banish'd Hereford; But as I come, I come for Lancaster. And, noble uncle, I befeech your Grace, Look on my wrongs with an indifferent eye: You are my father; for, methinks, in you I fee old Gaunt alive. O then, my father! Will you permit, that I shall stand condemn'd A wand'ring vagabond; my Rights and Royalties Pluckt from my arms perforce, and giv'n away To upstart unthrifts? Wherefore was I born? If that my cousin King be King of England, It must be granted, I am Duke of Lancaster. You have a fon, Aumerle, my noble Kinfman: Had you first dy'd, and he been thus trod down, He should have found his uncle Gaunt a father, To rowze his wrongs, and chase them to the bay. I am deny'd to fue my livery here, And yet my letters patents give me leave: My father's Goods are all diffrain'd and fold, And these, and all, are all amis imploy'd. What would you have me do? I am a Subject, And challenge law: attorneys are deny'd me;

And therefore personally I lay my Claim

To mine Inheritance of free Descent.

North. The noble Duke hath been too much abus'd. Ross. It stands your Grace upon, to do him Right. Willo. Base men by his endowments are made great. York. My lords of England, let me tell you this.

I have had Feeling of my Cousin's wrongs,
And labour'd all I could to do him Right:
But, in this kind, to come in braving arms,
Be his own carver, and cut out his way,
To find out Right with wrongs, it may not be;
And you that do abet him in this kind,
Cherish Rebellion, and are Rebels all.

North. The noble Duke hath fworn, his Coming is But for his own; and, for the Right of That, We all have ftrongly fworn to give him aid; And let him ne'er fee joy, that breaks that oath.

York. Well, well, I fee the iffue of these arms; I cannot mend it, I must needs confess, Because my Pow'r is weak, and all ill lest: But if I could, by him that gave me life, I would attach you all, and make you stoop Unto the sovereign mercy of the King. But since I cannot, be it known to you, I do remain as neuter. So, farewel. Unless you please to enter in the Castle, And there repose you for this night.

Boling. An offer, Uncle, that we will accept; But we must win your Grace to go with us To Bristol-Castle, which, they say, is held By Bushy, Bagot, and their complices; The caterpillars of the Common-wealth, Which I have sworn to weed, and pluck away.

York. It may be, I will go: but yet I'll pause; For I am loath to break our Country's Laws: Nor friends nor foes, to me welcome you are; Things past Redress are now with me past Care.

[Exeunt. SCENE

# S C E N E XI. In W A L E S.

Enter Salisbury, and a Captain.

Cap. Y lord of Salisbury, we have staid ten days, And hardly kept our Countrymen together, And yet we hear no tidings from the King: Therefore we will disperse our selves: farewel. Salif. Stay yet another day, thou trusty Welshman: The King repofeth all his trust in thee. Cap. 'Tis thought, the King is dead: we will not "The Bay-trees in our Country all are wither'd, " And meteors fright the fixed stars of heav'n; "The pale-fac'd moon looks bloody on the earth; " And lean-look'd Prophets whisper fearful Change. "Rich men look fad, and ruffians dance and leap;" The one, in fear to lose what they enjoy; Th' other, in hope t'enjoy by rage and war. These figns forererun the death of Kings-Farewel; our countrymen are gone and fled, As well affur'd, Richard their King is dead. Salif. Ah, Richard, ah! with eyes of heavy mind, I fee thy Glory, like a shooting Star, Fall to the base earth from the firmament: Thy Sun fets weeping in the lowly West, Witneffing Storms to come, woe, and unrest:

Thy friends are fled to wait upon thy foes; And crossly to thy Good all fortune goes.

[Exit.

## ACT III. SCENE I.

Bolingbroke's Camp at Bristol.

Enter Bolingbroke, York, Northumberland, Ross, Percy, Willoughby, with Bushy and Green Prisoners.

#### BOLINGBROKE.

BRING forth these men. - Bushy and Green, I will not vex your souls (Since prefently your fouls must part your bodies) With too much urging your pernicious lives; For 'twere no charity: yet to wash your blood From off my hands, here, in the view of men. I will unfold some causes of your deaths. You have mif-led a Prince, a royal King, A happy Gentleman in blood and lineaments, By you unhappy'd, and disfigur'd clean. You have, in manner, with your finful hours Made a divorce betwixt his Queen and him; Broke the Possession of a royal Bed, And stain'd the Beauty of a fair Queen's cheeks With tears drawn from her eyes, with your foul wrongs. My felf, a Prince, by fortune of my birth, Near to the King in blood, (and near in love, Till you did make him mis-interpret me,) Have stoopt my neck under your injuries; And figh'd my English breath in foreign clouds, Eating the bitter bread of Banishment: While you have fed upon my Signiories; Dif-park'd my Parks, and fell'd my forest-woods; From mine own windows torn my houshold Coat; Raz'd out my Impress; leaving me no sign, Save mens' opinions, and my living blood, To shew the world I am a gentleman. This, and much more, much more than twice all this, ConCondemns you to the death. See them deliver'd T'execution, and the hand of death.

Bushy. More welcome is the stroak of death to me, Than Bolingbroke to England.—Lords, farewel.

Green. My comfort is, that heav'n will take our fouls,

And plague injustice with the pains of hell.

Boling. My lord Northumberland, see them dispatch'd.

Uncle, you fay the Queen is at your house; For heav'n's fake, fairly let her be intreated; Tell her, I fend to her my kind Commends; Take special care, my Greetings be deliver'd.

York. A gentleman of mine I have dispatch'd With letters of your love to her at large. [away,

Boling. Thanks, gentle Uncle: come, my lords, To fight with Glendower and his Complices; A while to Work; and, after, Holy-day. [Exeunt.

### SCENE II.

Changes to the Coast of Wales.

Flourish: Drums and Trumpets.

Enter King Richard, Aumerle, Bishop of Carlisle, and Soldiers.

K. Rich. B Arkloughly-caftle call you this at hand?

Aum. Yea, my good lord; how brooks your Grace the air,

After your toffing on the breaking Seas?

K. Rich. Needs must I like it well: I weep for joy To stand upon my Kingdom once again. Dear Earth, I do falute thee with my hand, Though Rebels wound thee with their horses' hoofs: As a long-parted mother with her child Plays fondly with her tears, and smiles in meeting; So weeping, fmiling, greet I thee my Earth, And do thee favour with my royal hands. Feed not thy Sovereign's foe, my gentle Earth, Nor Nor with thy fweets comfort his rav'nous fense:
But let thy spiders that suck up thy venom,
And heavy-gaited toads, lye in their way;
Doing annoyance to the treacherous feet,
Which with usurping steps do trample thee.
Yield stinking nettles to mine enemies;
And, when they from thy bosom pluck a flower,
Guard it, I pr'ythee, with a lurking adder;
Whose double tongue may with a mortal touch
Throw death upon thy Sovereign's enemies.
Mock not my senseless conjuration, lords;
This Earth shall have a Feeling: and these stones
Prove armed soldiers, ere her native King
Shall faulter under soul rebellious arms. [you King,

Bishop. Fear not, my lord; that Pow'r, that made Hath pow'r to keep you King, in spight of all.

The means, that heaven yields, must be embrac'd, And not neglected: else if heaven would, And we would not heav'n's offer, we refuse

The profer'd means of success and reduction

The profer'd means of fuccour and redress.

Aum. He means, my lord, that we are too remiss;

Whilst Bolingbroke, through our fecurity,

Grows ftrong and great, in fubstance and in power. K. Rich. Discomfortable Cousin, know'st thou not,

"That when the fearching eye of heav'n is hid Behind the globe, (a) and lights the lower world;

"Then thieves and robbers range abroad unfeen,

"In murders, and in outrage bloody here.
But when from under this terrestrial ball

" He fires the proud tops of the eastern pines,

"And darts his light through ev'ry guilty hole; Then murders, treasons, and detested fins,

"The cloak of night being pluck'd from off their backs,

8 The means, that heaven, &c.] The four lines that follow from the first Edition.

Mr. Pope.

[ (a) and Oxford Editor. - Vulg. that.]

66 Stand

"Stand bare and naked, trembling at themselves." So when this thief, this traitor Bolingbroke, Who all this while hath revell'd in the night, <sup>2</sup> Whilst we were wand'ring with th' Antipodes, Shall fee us rifing in our Throne, the east: His treasons will sit blushing in his face, Not able to endure the fight of day; But, self-affrighted, tremble at his sin. Not all the water in the rough rude sea Can wash the balm from an anointed King; The breath of worldly men cannot depose The Deputy elected by the Lord. For every man that Bolingbroke hath prest, To lift sharp steel against our golden Crown, Heav'n for his Richard hath in heav'nly Pay A glorious Angel; then if angels fight, Weak men must fall, for heav'n still guards the Right.

#### S C E N E III.

Enter Salisbury.

Welcome, my lord, how far off lies your Power?

Salif. Nor near, nor farther off, my gracious lord,
Than this weak arm: Discomfort guides my tongue,
And bids me speak of nothing but Despair:
One day (too late, I fear, my noble lord)
Hath clouded all thy happy days on earth.
Oh, call back yesterday, bid time return,
And thou shalt have twelve thousand sighting men.
To day, to day, —— unhappy day too late
O'erthrows thy joys, friends, fortune, and thy state.
For all the Welshmen, hearing thou wert dead,
Are gone to Bolingbroke, disperst and sled. [so pale?

Aum. Comfort, my Liege, why looks your Grace
K. Rieb. But now the blood of twenty thousand men

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<sup>2</sup> Whilf we were wand'ring &c.] This line added from the first Edition. Mr. Pope.

Did triumph in my face, and they are fled. And till fo much blood thither come again, Have I not reason to look pale, and dead? All souls, that will be safe, sly from my side; For time hath set a blot upon my pride.

Aum. Comfort, my Liege; remember, who you are. K. Rich. I had forgot my felf: am I not King? Awake, thou coward Majesty, thou sleepest: Is not the King's name forty thousand names? Arm, arm, my Name; a puny Subject strikes At thy great glory. Look not to the ground, Ye fav'rites of a King! are we not high? High be our thoughts. I know, my uncle York Hath pow'r to serve our turn. But who comes here?

#### S C E N E IV.

Enter Scroop.

Scroop. More health and happiness betide my Liege,

Than can my care-tun'd tongue deliver him!

K. Rich. Mine ear is open, and my heart prepar'd: The worst is worldly loss thou canst unfold. Say, is my Kingdom lost? why, 'twas my care: And what loss is it, to be rid of care? Strives Bolingbroke to be as great as we? Greater he shall not be; if he serve God, We'll serve him too, and be his fellow so. Revolt our Subjects? that we cannot mend; They break their faith to God, as well as us. Cry, Woe, Destruction, Ruin, Loss, Decay; The worst is death, and death will have his day.

Scroop. Glad am I, that your Highness is so arm'd To bear the tidings of calamity.

Like an unseasonable stormy day,

Which makes the silver rivers drown their shores,

As if the world were all dissolv'd to tears;

So high above his limits swells the rage

Of Bolingbroke, cov'ring your fearful Land

With

With hard bright steel, and hearts more hard than steel. White beards have arm'd their thin and hairless scalps Against thy Majesty; boys with women's voices Strive to speak big, and clasp their female joints In stiff unwieldy arms, against thy Crown: Thy very Beadsmen learn to bend their bows 3 Of double-fatal Ewe, against thy State: Yea, distaff-women manage rusty bills. Against thy Seat both young and old rebel, And all goes worse than I have pow'r to tell.

K. Rich. Too well, too well, thou tell'st a Tale so ill. Where is the Earl of Wiltsbire? where is he got? What is become of Bushy? where is Green? That they have let the dang'rous enemy Measure our confines with such peaceful steps? If we prevail, their heads shall pay for it. I warrant, they've made peace with Bolingbroke.

Scroop. Peace they have made with him, indeed, my tion! lord.

K. Rich. O villains, vipers, damn'd without redemp-Dogs, eafily won to fawn on any man! Snakes in my heart-blood warm'd, that sting my heart! Three Judasses, each one thrice worse than Judas! Would they make peace? terrible hell make war Upon their sported souls for this offence!

Scroop. Sweet love, I fee, changing his property, Turns to the fow'rest and most deadly hate: Again uncurse their souls; their peace is made [curse, With heads, and not with hands: those, whom you Have felt the worst of death's destroying hand, And lie full low, 4 grav'd in the hallow'd ground. Aum. Is Bushy, Green, and th' Earl of Wiltshire dead?

4 -grav'd in the HOLLOW ground ] We should read

ballow'd, i. e. consecrated.

<sup>3</sup> Of double fatal Ewe, -] called so, because the leaves of the Ewe are poison, and the wood is employed for instruments of death; therefore double fatal should be with an hyphen.

Scroop. Yea, all of them at Bristol lost their heads.

Aum. Where is the Duke my Father, with his Power?

K. Rich. No matter where; of comfort no man speak:

Let's talk of Graves, of Worms, and Epitaphs,

Make dust our paper, and with rainy eyes

Write forrow on the bosom of the earth!
Let's chuse executors, and talk of wills;

And yet not fo—for what can we bequeath,

Save our deposed bodies to the ground?

Our lands, our lives, and all are *Bolingbroke*'s, And nothing can we call our own, but death;

SAnd that small model of the barren earth,

Which ferves as paste and cover to our bones.
For heav'n's sake, let us sit upon the ground,

And tell fad stories of the death of Kings:

'How fome have been depos'd, fome flain in war:
'Some haunted by the Ghosts they disposses'd:

Some poison'd by their wives, some sleeping kill'd:
All murther'd.—For within the hollow Crown,

That rounds the mortal temples of a King,

Keeps Death his Court; and there the Antick fits,

Scoffing his State, and grinning at his Pomp;

' Allowing him a breath, a little scene

'To monarchize, be fear'd, and kill with looks;

Infusing him with felf and vain conceit,
As if this slesh, which walls about our life,

Were brass impregnable: and, humour'd thus,

<sup>6</sup> Comes at the last, and with a little pin

Bores through his castle-walls, and farewel King!
Cover your heads, and mock not slesh and blood

With folemn Rev'rence: throw away respect,

' Tradition, form, and ceremonious duty,

\* For you have but mistook me all this while:

I live on bread like you, feel want like you.

· Tafte

<sup>5</sup> And that small model of the barren earth.] He uses model bere, as he frequently does elsewhere, for part, portion.

Tafte grief, need friends, like you: subjected thus,

How can you fay to me, I am a King?

Carl. My lord, wife men ne'er wail their present woes, But presently prevent the ways to wail:

To fear the soe, since fear oppressent strength, Gives, in your weakness, strength unto your soe;

And so your follies sight against your self.

Fear, and be slain; no worse can come from sight;
And sight and die, is death destroying death:

Where fearing, dying, pays death servile breath.

Aum. My father hath a power, enquire of him,

And learn to make a body of a limb. [I come K. Rich. Thou chid'st me well: proud Bolingbroke, To change blows with thee, for our day of doom; This ague-fit of fear is over-blown;

An easie task it is to win our own.

Say, *Scroop*, where lies our uncle with his Power? Speak fweetly, man, although thy looks be fower.

Scroop. Men judge by the complexion of the sky The state and inclination of the day; So may you, by my dull and heavy eye, My tongue hath but a heavier tale to say. I play the torturer, by small and small To lengthen out the worst, that must be spoken. Your uncle York is join'd with Bolingbroke, And all your northern castles yielded up, And all your fouthern gentlemen in arms

Upon his faction.

K. Rich. Thou hast said enough.

Beshrew thee, Cousin, which didst lead me forth

[To Aumerle.

Of that fweet way I was in to Defpair.
What fay you now? what comfort have we now?
By heav'n, I'll hate him everlaftingly,
That bids me be of comfort any more.

6 And so your follies &co.] This line is added from the first Edition.

Mr. Pope.

E 3

Go to Flint-castle, there I'll pine away: A King, woe's flave, shall kingly woe obey: That Pow'r I have, discharge; and let 'em go <sup>7</sup> To ear the land, that hath some hope to grow: For I have none. Let no man speak again To alter this, for counsel is but vain.

Aum. My Liege, one word.

K. Rich. He does me double wrong, That wounds me with the flatt'ries of his tongue. Discharge my Foll'wers: let them hence, away, From Richard's night to Bolingbroke's fair day. Exeunt

#### SCENE V.

Bolingbroke's Camp near Flint.

Enter with drum and colours, Bolingbroke, York, Northumberland, and Attendants.

Boling. CO that by this intelligence we learn, The Welshmen are dispers'd; and Salisbury Is gone to meet the King, who lately landed With some few private friends upon this Coast.

North. The news is very fair and good, my lord, Richard, not far from hence, hath hid his head.

York. It would befeem the lord Northumberland, To fay, King Richard. Ah, the heavy day, When fuch a facred King should hide his head!

North. Your Grace mistakes me; only to be brief,

Left I his Title out.

York. The time hath been,

Would you have been so brief with him, he would Have been so brief with You, to shorten you,

For taking fo the Head, the whole Head's Length. Boling. Mistake not, uncle, farther than you should. York. Takenot, good cousin, farther than you should,

7 To ear the land, \_\_\_] ear or are, from aro, to plow.

Mr. Pope.

Left

Lest you mistake, the heav'ns are o'er your head. Boling. I know it, uncle, nor oppose my self Against their will. But who comes here?

#### Enter Percy.

Welcome, Harry; what, will not this castle yield? Percy. The castle royally is mann'd, my lord, Against your entrance.

Boling. Royally? why, it contains no King?

Percy. Yes, my good lord,

It doth contain a King: King Richard lies Within the limits of yond lime and stone; And with him lord Aumerle, lord Salisbury, Sir Stephen Scroop, besides a clergy-man Of holy reverence: who, I cannot learn.

North. Belike, it is the bishop of Carlisle.

Boling. Noble lord, To North.

Go to the rude ribs of that ancient castle, Through brazen trumpet fend the breath of Parle Into his ruin'd ears, and thus deliver: Henry of Bolingbroke upon his knees Doth kifs King Richard's hand, and fends allegiance And faith of heart unto his royal person: Ev'n at his feet I lay my arms and pow'r, Provided, that my banishment repeal'd, And lands reftor'd again, be freely granted: If not, I'll use th' advantage of my pow'r, And lay the fummer's dust with show'rs of blood, Rain'd from the wounds of flaughter'd Englishmen. The which, how far off from the mind of Bolingbroke It is, fuch crimfon tempest should bedrench The fresh green lap of fair King Richard's Land, My stooping duty tenderly shall shew. Go fignifie as much, while here we march Upon the graffie carpet of this Plain;

E 4

Let's march without the noise of threat'ning drum,

That from this Castle's tatter'd battlements

Our

Our fair appointments may be well perus'd.
Methinks, King Richard and my felf should meet
With no less terror than the elements
Of fire and water, when their thund'ring Shock,
At meeting, tears the cloudy cheeks of heav'n:
Be he the fire, I'll be the yielding water;
The rage be his, while on the earth I rain
My waters; on the earth, and not on him.
March on, and mark King Richard how he looks.

#### S C E N E VI.

Parle without, and answer within; then a flourish. Enter, on the walls, King Richard, the Bishop of Carlisle, Aumerle, Scroop and Salisbury.

York. See! fee! King Richard doth himself appear,

" As doth the blushing discontented Sun, From out the fiery portal of the East,

When he perceives, the envious clouds are bent

"To dim his Glory; and to stain the tract
"Of his bright Passage to the Occident.
Yet looks he like a King: behold his eye,
As bright as is the Eagle's, lightens forth
Controlling Majesty! alack, for woe,

That any harm should stain so fair a show! [stood K. Rich. We are amaz'd, and thus long have we To watch the fearful bending of thy knee, [To North. Because we thought our self thy lawful King; And, if we be, how dare thy joints forget To pay their awful duty to our presence? If we be not, shew us the hand of God, That hath dismiss'd us from our Stewardship. For well we know, no hand of blood and bone

<sup>8</sup> See! fee! King Richard doth himself appear,] The following fix lines are absurdly given to Bolingbroke, who is made to condemn his own conduct and disculp the King's. It is plain these fix and the four following all belong to York.

Can gripe the facred handle of our Scepter, Unless he do prophane, steal, or usurp. And though you think, that all, as you have done, Have torn their fouls, by turning them from us, And we are barren, and bereft of friends: Yet know, ---- My Master, God omnipotent, Is must'ring in his clouds on our behalf Armies of Pestilence; and they shall strike Your children yet unborn, and unbegot, That lift your vasfal hands against my head, And threat the Glory of my precious Crown. Tell Bolingbroke, (for yond, methinks, he is) That every stride he makes upon my Land Is dangerous treason. He is come to ope The purple Testament of bleeding War; But ere the Crown, he looks for, 9 light in peace, Ten thousand bloody crowns of mothers' sons <sup>1</sup> Shall ill become the flow'r of England's face; Change the complexion of her maid-pale peace To scarlet indignation; and bedew Her Pasture's grass with faithful English blood.

North. The King of heav'n forbid, our lord the King Should fo with civil and uncivil arms Be rush'd upon! no, thy thrice-noble cousin, Harry of Bolingbroke, doth kiss thy hand,

And by the honourable tomb he fwears,

LIVE in peace, We should read LIGHT in peace,

i. e. descend and settle upon Boling broke's head in peace.

I Shall ill become the slow'r of England's face; By the flow'r of England's face, is meant the choicest youths of England, who shall be slaughter'd in this quarrel, or have bloody crowns. The flower of England's face, to design her choicest Youth, is a sine and noble expression. Pericles, by a similar thought, said that the destruction of the Athenian youth was a stality like cutting off the Spring from the Year. Yet the Oxford Editor, who did not apprehend the sigure, alters the line thus,

" Shall misbecome the flow'ry England's face.

Which means I know not what,

That

That stands upon your royal grandsire's bones,
And by the Royalties of both your bloods,
(Currents, that spring from one most gracious head)
And by the warlike hand of bury'd Gaunt,
And by the worth and honour of himself,
Comprising all that may be sworn, or said,
His Coming hither hath no farther scope,
Than for his lineal Royalties, and to beg
Infranchisement immediate on his knees:
Which on thy royal party granted once,
His glitt'ring arms he will commend to rust;
His barbed steeds to stables; and his heart
To faithful service of your Majesty.
This swears he, as he is a Prince, is just;
And as I am a Gentleman, I credit him.

K. Rich. Northumberland, fay, thus the King returns: His noble Cousin is right-welcome hither, And all the number of his fair demands Shall be accomplish'd without contradiction. With all the gracious utterance thou hast, Speak to his gentle Hearing kind Commends. We do debase our felf, Cousin, do we not, [To Aum. To look so poorly, and to speak so fair? Shall we call back Northumberland, and send

Defiance to the traitor, and fo die?

Aum. No, good my lord, let's fight with gentle words, Till time lend friends, and friends their helpful fwords. K. Rich. Oh God, oh God! that e'er this tongue of mine

mine,

That laid the Sentence of dread Banishment On yond proud man, should take it off again With words of Sooth; oh, that I were as great As is my grief, or lesser than my name! Or that I could forget what I have been,

<sup>2</sup> And by the bury'd hand of warlike Gaunt,] It should be read just the other way,

And by the warlike hand of bury'd Gaunt.

Or not remember what I must be now! Swell'st thou, proud heart? I'll give thee scope to beat, Since soes have scope to beat both thee and me.

Aum. Northumberland comes back from Bolingbroke. K. Rich. What must the King do now? must he submit?

The King shall do it: must he be depos'd? The King shall be contented: must be lose The name of King? o' God's name, let it go. I'll give my jewels for a fet of beads; My gorgeous palace, for a hermitage; My gay apparel, for an alms-man's gown; My figur'd goblets, for a dish of wood; My scepter, for a palmer's walking staff; My subjects, for a pair of carved saints; And my large Kingdom, for a little Grave; A little, little Grave; ---- an obscure Grave. Or I'll be bury'd in the King's high way: 3 Some way of common Tread, where Subjects' feet May hourly trample on their Sovereign's head: For on my heart they tread now, whilst I live; And, bury'd once, why not upon my head? Aumerle, thou weep'st; (my tender-hearted cousin!) We'll make foul weather with despised tears; Our fighs, and they, shall lodge the summer corn, And make a dearth in this revolting Land. Or shall we play the Wantons with our woes, And make some pretty match, with shedding tears? As thus, to drop them still upon one place, Till they have fretted us a pair of Graves Within the earth; and therein laid, there lies Two kinsmen, digg'd their Graves with weeping eyes? Would not this ill do well? well, well, I fee I talk but idly, and you mock at me. Most mighty Prince, my lord Northumberland, What fays King Bolingbroke? will his Majesty

<sup>3</sup> Some away of common Trade, - ] I suppose it should be, Tread. Give

Give Richard leave to live, till Richard die? You make a leg, and Bolingbroke fays, ay.

North. My lord, in the base court he doth attend To speak with you, may't please you to come down.

K. Rich. Down, down I come; like glist'ring Phaeton,

Wanting the manage of unruly jades.

In the base court? base court, where Kings grow base, To come at traitors' Calls, and do them grace. In the base court come down? down, court; down, King;

For Night-owls shriek, where mounting Larks should

ling.

Boling. What fays his Majesty?
North. Sorrow, and Grief of Heart,
Makes him speak fondly, like a frantick Man;
Yet is he come.

Boling. Stand all apart,

And shew fair duty to his Majesty.

My gracious lord —— [Kneel. K. Rieb, Fair coufin, you debase your princely knee, To make the base earth proud with kissing it. Me rather had, my heart might feel your love,

Than my unpleas'd eye fee your courtefie.

Up, cousin, up; your heart is up, I know,

Up, cousin, up; your heart is up, I know, Thus high at least, although your knee be low.

Boling. My gracious lord, I come but for mine own. K. Rich. Your own is yours, and I am yours, and all. Boling. So far be mine, my most redoubted lord,

As my true service shall deserve your love.

K. Rich. Well you deferve: they well deferve to have, That know the ftrong'st and surest way to get. Uncle, give me your hand; nay, dry your eyes; Tears shew their love, but want their remedies. Cousin, I am too young to be your father, Though you are old enough to be my heir. What you will have, I'll give, and willing too; For do we must, what force will have us do. Set on towards London. Cousin, is it so?

Boling.

Boling. Yea, my good lord.

K. Rich. Then I must not say, no. [Flourish. Execunt.

### S C E N E VII.

A Garden, in the Queen's Court.

Enter Queen and two Ladies.

Queen. WHAT sport shall we devise here in this garden,

To drive away the heavy thought of care?

Lady. Madam, we'll play at bowls. [rubs, Queen. 'Twill make me think, the world is full of

And that my fortune runs against the bias.

Lady. Madam, we'll dance.

Queen. My legs can keep no measure in delight, When my poor heart no measure keeps in grief. Therefore no dancing, girl; some other sport.

Lady. Madam, we'll tell tales. Queen. Of forrow, or of joy? Lady. Of either, Madam. Queen. Of neither, girl.

For if of joy, being altogether wanting, It doth remember me the more of forrow: Or if of grief, being altogether had, It adds more forrow to my want of joy. For what I have, I need not to repeat:

And what I want, it boots not to complain. Lady. Madam, I'll fing.

Queen. 'Tis well, that thou hast cause:

But thou should'st please me better, would'st thou weep.

Lady. I could weep, Madam, would it do you good.

Queen. And I could weep, would weeping do me good,

And never borrow any tear of thee.
But flay, here come the Gardiners.
Let's flep into the shadow of these trees;
My Wretchedness unto a row of pins,

Enter

Enter a Gardiner, and two Servants.

They'll talk of State; for every one doth fo,
Against a Change; woe is fore-run with mocks.

[Queen and Ladies retire.

Gard. Go, bind thou up yound dangling Apricocks,
Which, like unruly children, make their Sire
Stoop with oppression of their prodigal weight:
Give some supportance to the bending twigs.
Go thou, and, like an executioner,

Cut off the heads of too-fast-growing sprays, That look too lofty in our Common-wealth: All must be even in our Government.

You thus imploy'd, I will go root away The noisom weeds, that without profit suck The foil's fertility from wholsom flowers.

Serv. Why should we, in the compass of a pale, Keep law, and form, and due proportion, Shewing, as in a model, 5 a firm state? When our Sea-walled garden, (the whole Land,) Is full of weeds, her fairest slowers choak'd up, Her fruit-trees all unprun'd, her hedges ruin'd, Her knots disorder'd, and her wholesome herbs Swarming with Caterpillars?

Gard. Hold thy peace.

He, that hath fuffer'd this disorder'd Spring,

4 Against a Change; were is fore-run with woe.] But what was there, in the Gardiners' talking of State, for matter of so much were?' Besides, this is intended for a Sentence, but proves a very simple one. I suppose Shahelpean wrote

simple one. I suppose Shakespear wrote,

which has fome meaning in it; and fignifies, that, when great Men are on the decline, their inferiors take advantage of their condition, and treat them without ceremony. And this we find to be the case in the following scene. But the Editors were seeking for a rhime. Tho' had they not been so impatient they would have found it gingled to what followed, tho' it did not to what went before.

5 — o u R firm flate?] How could he fay ours when he immediately subjoins, that it was infirm? We should read

- A firm state.

Hath now himself met with the Fall of leaf:
The weeds, that his broad-spreading leaves did shelter,
(That seem'd, in eating him, to hold him up:)
Are pull'd up, root and all, by Bolingbroke;
I mean, the Earl of Willshire, Bushy, Green.
Serv. What, are they dead?

Gard. They are,

And Bolingbroke hath feiz'd the wasteful King, What pity is't, that he had not so trimm'd And dress his Land, as we this Garden dress, And wound the bark, the skin, of our fruit-trees; Lest, being over proud with sap and blood, With too much riches it confound it self; Had he done so to great and growing men, They might have liv'd to bear, and he to taste Their fruits of duty. All superstuous branches We lop away, that bearing boughs may live: Had he done so, himself had born the Crown, Which waste and idle hours have quite thrown down.

Serv. What, think you then, the King shall be depos'd?

Gard. Deprest he is already, and depos'd, 'Tis doubted, he will be. Letters last night Came to a dear friend of the Duke of York, That tell black tidings.

That tell black tidings. [speaking: Queen. Oh, I am prest to death, through want of Thou Adam's likeness, set to dress this garden, How dares thy tongue sound this unpleasing news? What Eve, what Serpent hath suggested thee, To make a second Fall of cursed man? Why dost thou say, King Richard is depos'd? Dar'st thou, (thou little better Thing than earth,) Divine his downsal? say, where, when, and how Cam'st thou by these ill tidings? speak, thou wretch.

Gard. Pardon me, Madam. Little joy have I To breathe these news; yet, what I say, is true;

King Richard, he is in the mighty hold

Of Bolingbroke; their fortunes both are weigh'd: In your Lord's Scale is nothing but himself, And some sew Vanities that make him light: But in the Balance of great Bolingbroke, Besides himself, are all the English Peers, And with that odds he weighs King Richard down. Post you to London, and you'll find it so; I speak no more, than every one doth know.

Queen. Nimble Mischance, that art so light of soot, Doth not thy Embassage belong to me? And am I last, that know it? oh, thou think'st To serve me last, that I may longest keep Thy sorrow in my breast. Come, ladies, go; To meet, at London, London's King in woe. What, was I born to this! that my sad Look Should grace the triumph of great Bolingbroke! Gard'ner, for telling me these news of woe, I would, the plants, thou graft'st, may never grow.

[Exeunt Queen and Ladies. Gard. Poor Queen, so that thy state might be no worse, I would my skill were subject to thy Curse. Here did she drop a tear; here, in this place, I'll set a bank of Rue, sow'r berb of grace; Rue, ev'n for ruth, here shortly shall be seen, In the remembrance of a weeping Queen.

Ex. Gard. and Serv.



### ACT IV. SCENE 1.

#### In LONDON.

Enter, as to the Parliament, Bolingbroke, Aumerle, Northumberland, Percy, Fitzwater, Surrey, Bishop of Carlisle, Abbot of Westminster, Herald, Officers, and Bagot.

BOLINGBROKE.

ALL Bagot forth: now freely speak thy mind, What thou dost know of noble Glo'ster's death; Who wrought it with the King, and who perform'd The bloody office of 'his timeless end.

Bagot. Then fet before my face the lord Aumerle.
Boling. Cousin, stand forth, and look upon that man.
Bagot. My lord Aumerle, I know your daring tongue

Scorns to unfay, what it hath once deliver'd. In that dead time when Glo'ster's death was plotted, I heard you fay, Is not my arm of length, That reacheth from the reftful English Court As far as Calais to my uncle's head? Amongst much other talk that very time, I heard you fay, You rather had refuse, The offer of an hundred thousand crowns, Than Bolingbroke return to England; adding,

How bleft this Land would be in this your Coufin's death.

Aum. Princes, and noble lords, What answer shall I make to this base man? Shall I so much dishonour 'my fair stars, On equal terms to give him chastisement? Either I must, or have mine honour soil'd With the attainder of his stand'rous lips.

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F

There

<sup>1 —</sup> his timeless end.] timeless for untimele.
2 — my fair STARS,] I rather think it should be STEM, he being of the royal blood.

There is my Gage, the manual feal of death,
That marks thee out for hell. Thou lieft,
And I'll maintain what thou hast faid, is false,
In thy heart-blood, though being all too base
To stain the temper of my knightly sword.

Boling. Bagot, forbear; thou shalt not take it up. Aum. Excepting one, I would he were the best

In all this presence that hath mov'd me so.

Fitzw. If that thy valour stand on sympathies, There is my Gage, Aumerle, in gage to thine:
By that fair Sun, that shews me where thou stand'st, I heard thee say, and vauntingly thou spak'st it, That thou wert cause of noble Glo'ster's death.
If thou deny'st it, twenty times thou liest;
And I will turn thy falshood to thy heart,
Where it was forged, with my rapier's point.

Aum. Thou dar'st not, coward, live to see the day. Fitzw. Now, by my soul, I would it were this hour. Aum. Fitzwater, thou art damn'd to hell for this. Percy. Aumerle, thou liest; his honour is as true.

In this appeal, as thou art all unjust;

And that thou art so, there I throw my Gage To prove it on thee, to th' extreamest point Of mortal breathing. Seize it, if thou dar'st.

Aum. And if I do not, may my hands rot off, And never brandish more revengeful steel

Over the glittering helmet of my foe!

Who sets me else? by heav'n, I'll throw at all.

I have a thousand spirits in my breast,

To answer twenty thousand such as you.

Surrey. My lord Fitzwater, I remember well The very time Aumerle and you did talk.

Fitzw. My lord, 'tis true: you were in presence then; And you can witness with me, this is true.

<sup>3</sup> Who sets me else? \_\_\_ These three verses are taken from the first Edition. Mr. Pope.

Surrey. As false, by heav'n, as heav'n it self is true. Fitzw. Surrey, thou lieft.

Surrey. Dishonourable boy,

That Lie shall lye so heavy on my sword, That it shall render vengeance and revenge; Till thou the lie-giver, and that Lie, rest In earth as quiet, as thy father's scull. In proof whereof, there is mine honour's pawn;

Engage it to the tryal, if thou dar'st.

Fitzw. How fondly dost thou spur a forward horse? If I dare eat, or drink, or breathe, or live, I dare meet Surrey in a wilderness, And spit upon him, whilst I say, he lies, And lies, and lies: there is my bond of faith, To tie thee to my strong correction. As I intend to thrive in this new world, Aumerle is guilty of my true appeal. Besides I heard the banish'd Norfolk say, That thou, Aumerle, didst send two of thy men To execute the noble Duke at Calais.

Aum. Some honest christian trust me with a gage, That Norfolk lies: here do I throw down this,

If he may be repeal'd, to try his honour.

Boling. These Diff'rences shall all rest under gage, Till Norfolk be repeal'd: repeal'd he shall be; And, though mine enemy, restor'd again To all his Signiories; when he's return'd, Against Aumerle we will enforce his tryal.

Carl. That honourable day shall ne'er be feen, Many a time hath banish'd Norfolk fought For Jesu Christ, in glorious christian field Streaming the Enfign of the christian Cross, Against black Pagans, Turks, and Saracens: Then, toil'd with works of war, retir'd himself To Italy, and there at Venice gave His body to that pleasant Country's earth,

And his pure foul unto his captain Christ, Under whose Colours he had fought so long. Boling. Why, Bishop, is Norfolk dead? Carl. Sure as I live, my lord. Boling. Sweet peace conduct his foul To th' bosom of good Abraham! - Lords appealants, Your diff'rences shall all rest under gage, Till we affign you to your days of tryal.

#### SCENE II.

#### Enter York.

York. Great Duke of Lancaster, I come to thee From plume-pluckt Richard, who with willing foul Adopts thee Heir, and his high Scepter yields To the possession of thy royal hand. Ascend his Throne, descending now from him, And long live Henry, of that name the Fourth!

Boling. In God's name, I'll ascend the regal throne.

Carl. Marry, heav'n forbid!

'Worst in this royal presence may I speak, Yet best beseeming me to speak the truth. Would God, that any in this noble presence Were enough noble to be upright judge Of noble Richard; then true Nobleness would Learn him forbearance from fo foul a wrong. What Subject can give Sentence on his King? And who fits here, that is not Richard's Subject? Thieves are not judg'd, but they are by to hear, Although apparent guilt be feen in them. And shall the figure of God's Majesty, His Captain, Steward, Deputy elect, Anointed, crown'd, and planted many years, Be judg'd by subject and inferior breath, And he himself not present? oh, forbid it! That, in a christian climate, souls refin'd Should shew so heinous, black, obscene a deed.

I speak to Subjects, and a Subject speaks, Stirr'd up by heav'n, thus boldly for his King. My lord of Hereford here, whom you call King, Is a foul traitor to proud Hereford's King. And if you crown him, let me prophesie, The blood of English shall manure the ground, And future ages groan for this foul act. Peace shall go sleep with Turks and Infidels, And in this feat of peace, tumultuous wars Shall kin with kin, and kind with kind, confound. Disorder, horror, fear and mutiny Shall here inhabit, and this Land be call'd The field of Golgotha, and dead men's sculls. Oh, if you rear this house against this house, It will the wofullest division prove, That ever fell upon this curfed earth. Prevent, refift it, let it not be fo, Lest children's children cry against you, woe.

North. Well have you argu'd, Sir; and for your pains, Of capital treason we arrest you here.

My lord of Westminster, be it your charge, To keep him fafely till his day of tryal.

4 May't please you, lords, to grant the Commons' suit? Boling. Fetch hither Richard, that in common view He may furrender: fo we shall proceed Without suspicion.

York. I will be his conduct.

Exit.

Boling. Lords, you that here are under our Arrest, Procure your fureties for your days of answer: Little are we beholden to your love, And little look'd for at your helping hands.

4 May't please you, lords, &c.] This Scene, where Richard is introduced, from these words, may't please you, &c. to the fourth Scene of this Act, is entirely added fince the first Edition.

Mr. Pope.

### ENE

Enter King Richard, and York.

K. Rich. Alack, why am I fent for to a King, Before I have shook off the regal thoughts Wherewith I reign'd? I hardly yet have learn'd T' infinuate, flatter, bow, and bend my knee. Give forrow leave a-while, to tutor me To this submission. Yet I well remember The favours of these men: were they not mine? Did they not fometime cry, all hail! to me? So Judas did to Christ: but he, in twelve, Found truth in all, but one; I, in twelve thousand, God fave the King! — will no man fay, Amen? Am I both priest and clark? well then, Amen. God fave the King, although I be not he: And yet, Amen, if heav'n do think him me. To do what service, am I sent for hither?

York. To do that office of thine own good will, Which tired Majesty did make thee offer: The Refignation of thy State and Crown.

K. Rich. Give me the Crown. — Here, cousin,

feize the Crown,

Here, on this fide, my hand; on that fide, thine. Now is this golden Crown like a deep well, That owes two buckets, filling one another; The emptier ever dancing in the air, The other down, unseen and full of water; That bucket down, and full of tears, am I; Drinking my griefs, whilft you mount up on high.

Boling. I thought you had been willing to refign. K. Rich. My Crown, I am; but still my griefs are mine:

You may my Glories, and my State depose, But not my griefs; still am I King of those. [Crown. Boling. Part of your cares you give me with your K. Rich. K. Rich. Your cares fet up, do not pluck my cares down.

My care, is loss of care, by old care done; Your care, is gain of care, by new care won. The cares I give, I have, though given away; They tend the Crown, yet still with me they stay.

Boling. Are you contented to refign the Crown? K. Rich. Ay, no;—no, ay;—for I must Nothing be: herefore no No: for I resign to thee.

Therefore no No: for I refign to thee. Now, mark me how I will undo my felf; I give this heavy weight from off my head; And this unweildy Scepter from my hand; The pride of kingly fway from out my heart; With mine own tears I wash away my Balm; With mine own hands I give away my Crown; With mine own tongue deny my facred State; With mine own breath release all dutious oaths. All pomp and Majesty I do forswear: My manors, rents, revenues, I forego; My acts, decrees, and flatutes I deny: God pardon all oaths, that are broke to me! God keep all vows unbroke, are made to thee! Make me, that nothing have, with nothing griev'd, And thou with all pleas'd, that hast all atchiev'd! Long may'st thou live in Richard's Seat to sit, And foon lye Richard in an earthy pit! God fave King Henry, unking'd Richard fays, And fend him many years of fun-shine days! What more remains?

North. No more; but that you read These accusations, and these grievous crimes Committed by your person, and your followers, Against the State and Profit of this Land: That, by confessing them, the souls of men May deem that you are worthily depos'd.

K. Rich. Must I do so? and must I ravel out My weav'd-up follies? Gentle Northumberland,

If

If thy offences were upon record,
Would it not shame thee, in so fair a troop,
To read a lecture of them? if thou would'st,
There should'st thou find one heinous article,
Containing the deposing of a King;
And cracking the strong warrant of an oath,
Mark'd with a blot, damn'd in the book of heav'n,
Nay, all of you, that stand and look upon me,
Whilst that my wretchedness doth bait my self,
Though some of you with Pilate wash your hands,
Shewing an outward pity; yet you Pilates
Have here deliver'd me to my sow'r Cross,
And water cannot wash away your sin.

North. My lord, dispatch; read o'er these articles.

K. Rich. Mine eyes are full of tears: I cannot fee;
And yet falt-water blinds them not so much,

But they can see a Sort of traitors here,
Nay, if I turn mine eyes upon my self,
I find my self a traitor with the rest:
For I have given here my soul's consent,
T' undeck the pompous body of a King;
Made Glory base; a Sovereign a slave;
Proud Majesty, a subject: State, a peasant.

North. My lord———— [man; K. Rich. No lord of thine, thou haught-infulting. Nor no man's lord: I have no Name, no Title; No, not that Name was giv'n me at the Font, But 'tis usurp'd. Alack, the heavy day, That I have worn so many winters out, And know not now, what name to call my self! Oh, that I were a mockery-King of snow, Standing before the Sun of Bolingbroke, To melt my self away in water-drops! Good King,—great King,—(and yet not greatly good,) An if my word be sterling yet in England, [To Boling.

<sup>5</sup> But they can see a Sort - ] i e. a pack, a company.

Let it command a mirror hither straight, That it may shew me what a face I have, Since it is bankrupt of his Majesty.

Boling. Go fome of you, and fetch a looking-glass. North. Read o'er this paper, while the glass doth come.

K. Rich. Fiend, thou torment'st me, ere I come to Boling. Urge it no more, my lord Northumberland. North. The Commons will not then be satisfy'd.

K. Rich. They shall be fatisfy'd: I'll read enough, When I do see the very Book, indeed, Where all my sins are writ, and that's my felf.

#### Enter One, with a Glass.

Give me that Glass, and therein will I read.
No deeper wrinkles yet? hath Sorrow struck
So many blows upon this face of mine,
And made no deeper wounds? oh, flatt'ring Glass!
Like to my Followers in prosperity,
Thou dost beguile me. Was this face, the face
That every day under his houshold roof
Did keep ten thousand men? was this the face,
That, like the Sun, did make beholders wink?
Is this the face, which fac'd so many follies,
That was at last out-fac'd by Bolingbroke?
A brittle Glory shineth in this face;

[Dashes the Glass against the Ground. As brittle, as the glory, is the face; For there it is, crackt in an hundred shivers. Mark, silent King, the Moral of this sport; How soon my forrow hath destroy'd my face.

Boling. The shadow of your sorrow hath destroy'd

The shadow of your face.

K. Rich. Say That again.

The shadow of my forrow! ha, let's see;

'Tis very true, my grief lies all within; And these external manners of laments

Are

Are merely shadows to the unseen grief, That fwells with filence in the tortur'd foul, There lies the fubstance: and I thank thee, King, For thy great bounty, that not only giv'st Me cause to wail, but teachest me the way How to lament the cause. I'll beg one boon; And then be gone, and trouble you no more. Shall I obtain it?

Boling. Name it, fair Cousin.

K. Rich. Fair Cousin! I am greater than a King: For when I was a King, my flatterers Were then but Subjects; being now a Subject, I have a King here to my flatterer: Being fo great, I have no need to beg.

Boling. Yet ask.

K. Rich. And shall I have?

Boling. You shall.

K. Rich. Then give me leave to go.

Boling. Whither?

K. Rich. Whither you will, fo I were from your fight. Boling. Go Some of you, convey him to the Tower. K. Rich. Oh, good! convey: - Conveyers are

you all,

That rife thus nimbly by a true King's Fall. Boling. On Wednesday next we solemnly set down Our Coronation: lords, prepare your selves.

[Ex. all but Abbot, Bishop of Carlisle and Aumerle.

#### C E N E IV.

Abbot. A woeful pageant have we here beheld: Bishop. The woe's to come; the children yet unborn Shall feel this day as sharp to them as thorn.

Aum. You holy Clergy-men, is there no Plot, To rid the Realm of this pernicious blot?

Abbot. Before I freely speak my mind herein, You shall not only take the Sacrament,

To bury mine intents, but to effect Whatever I shall happen to devise. I see, your brows are full of discontent, Your hearts of forrow, and your eyes of tears. Come home with me to supper, and I'll lay A Plot, shall shew us all a merry day. [Exeunt.

### ACT V. SCENE I.

A Street in London.

Enter Queen, and Ladies.

QUEEN.

Th IS way the King will come: this is the way
To fulius Cæsar's ill-erected Tow'r;
To whose flint bosom my condemned lord
Is doom'd a prisoner, by proud Bolingbroke.
Here let us rest, if this rebellious earth
Have any Resting for her true King's Queen.

Enter King Richard, and Guards.

But foft, but fee, or rather do not fee,
My fair rose wither; yet look up; behold,
That you in pity may dissolve to dew,
And wash him fresh again with true-love tears!
O thou, the model where old *Troy* did stand,

[To K. Rich.

Thou map of honour, thou King Richard's tomb, And not King Richard; thou most beauteous Inn, Why should hard-favour'd grief be lodg'd in thee, When Triumph is become an ale-house Guest?

K. Rich. Join not with grief, fair Woman, do not so, To make my End too sudden: learn, good soul, To think our former state a happy dream, From which awak'd, the truth of what we are

Shews

Shews us but this. I am fworn brother, Sweet, To grim Necessity; and he and I Will keep a league till death. Hye thee to France, And cloister thee in some Religious House; Our holy lives must win a new world's Crown, Which our profane hours here have stricken down.

Queen. What, is my Richard both in shape and mind Transform'd and weak? hath Bolingbroke depos'd Thine intellect? hath he been in thy heart? The Lion, dying, thrusteth forth his paw, And wounds the earth, if nothing else, with rage To be o'erpower'd: and wilt thou, pupil-like, Take thy correction mildly, kiss the rod, And fawn on rage with base humility,

Which art a Lion and a King of beafts? [beafts, K. Rich. A King of beafts, indeed; if aught but

I had been still a happy King of men.

Good fometime Queen, prepare thee hence for *France*; Think, I am dead; and that ev'n here thou tak'ft, As from my death-bed, my last living Leave.

" In winter's tedious nights fit by the fire

"With good old folks, and let them tell thee Tales

" Of woeful ages, long ago betid:

" And ere thou bid good Night, to quit their grief,

"Tell thou the lamentable Fall of me,

"And fend the hearers weeping to their beds."
For why? the fenfeless brands will sympathize
The heavy accent of thy moving tongue,
And in compassion weep the fire out:
And some will mourn in ashes, some coal-black,
For the deposing of a rightful King.

### S C E N E II.

Enter Northumberland attended.

North. My lord, the mind of Bolingbroke is chang'd': You must to Pomfret, not unto the Tower.

And.

And, Madam, there is order ta'en for you: With all fwift speed, you must away to France.

K. Rich. Northumberland, thou ladder wherewithal The mounting Bolingbroke ascends my Throne, The time shall not be many hours of age More than it is, ere foul sin, gath'ring head, Shall break into corruption; thou shalt think, Though he divide the Realm, and give thee half, It is too little, helping him to all: And he shall think, that thou, which know'st the way To plant unrightful Kings, wilt know again, Being ne'er so little urg'd, another way To pluck him headlong from th' usurped Throne. The love of wicked friends converts to fear; That fear to hate; and hate turns one, or both, To worthy danger, and deserved death.

North. My guilt be on my head, and there's an end! Take leave and part, for you must part forthwith.

K. Rich. Doubly divorc'd? Bad men, ye violate A two-fold marriage; 'twixt my crown and me: And then betwixt me and my married wife. Let me unkils the oath 'twixt thee and me:

[To the Queen.

And yet not fo, for with a kifs 'twas made.

Part us, Northumberland: I, towards the North,

Where shiv'ring cold and sickness pines the clime:

My Queen to France; from whence, set forth in pomp,

She came adorned hither like sweet May;

Sent back like Hollowmas, or shortest day.

Queen. And must we be divided? must we part? K. Rich. Ay, hand from hand, my Love, and

heart from heart.

Queen. Banish us both, and send the King with me. North. That were some Love, but little Policy. Queen. Then whither he goes, thither let me go. K. Rich. So two together weeping, make one woe.

Weep

Weep thou for me in France; I for thee here: Better far off; than near, be ne'er the near.

Go, count thy way with fighs, I mine with groans: Queen. So longest way shall have the longest moans. K. Rich. Twice for one step I'll groan, the way

being short,

And piece the way out with a heavy heart. Come, come, in wooing forrow let's be brief; Since, wedding it, there is fuch length in grief: One kiss shall stop our mouths, and dumbly part; Thus give I mine, and thus take I thy heart. [They kifs.

Queen. Give me mine own again; 'twere no good

To take on me to keep, and kill thy heart. [Kiss again. So, now I have mine own again, be gone, That I may strive to kill it with a groan.

K. Rich. We make woe wanton with this fond delay: Once more, adieu; the rest let sorrow say. [Exeunt.

#### CENE III. The Duke of YORK's Palace.

Enter York, and his Dutchess.

Dutch. MY lord, you told me, you would tell the rest,

When Weeping made you break the story off, Of our two Cousins coming into London.

York. Where did I leave?

Dutch. At that fad ftop, my lord,

Where rude mif-govern'd hands, from window-tops, Threw dust and rubbish on King Richard's head.

York. 'Then, as I faid, the Duke, great Bolingbroke,

· Mounted upon a hot and fiery steed,

Which his aspiring Rider seem'd to know,

With flow, but stately pace, kept on his course: While all tongues cry'd, God save thee, Bolingbroke!

' You

You wou'd have thought, the very windows spake,

So many greedy looks of young and old

'Through casements darted their desiring eyes

Upon his visage; and that all the walls
With painted imag'ry had said at once,

- Fesu, preserve thee! welcome, Bolingbroke!
- Whilft he, from one fide to the other turning,
  Bare-headed, lower than his proud freed's neck.

Bespoke them thus; I thank you, Country-men;

And thus still doing, thus he past along.'

Dutch. Alas! poor Richard, where rides he the while?

York. As in a Theatre, the eyes of men,

' After a well-grac'd Actor leaves the Stage,

Are idly bent on him that enters next,

'Thinking his prattle to be tedious:

- Even fo, or with much more contempt, men's eyes
- Did fcowl on Richard; no man cry'd, God fave him!
- 'No joyful tongue gave him his welcome home; But dust was thrown upon his facred head;
- Which with fuch gentle forrow he shook off,
- ' His face still combating with tears and smiles,

'The badges of his grief and patience;

'That had not God, for some strong purpose, steel'd

The hearts of men, they must perforce have melted;

And barbarism it self have pitied him.'
But heaven hath a hand in these events,
To whose high will we bound our calm contents.
To Bolingbroke are we sworn Subjects now,
Whose State, and Honour, I for aye allow.

### S C E N E IV.

Enter Aumerle.

Dutch. Here comes my fon Aumerle. York. Aumerle that was, But that is lost, for being Richard's Friend. And, Madam, you must call him Rutland now: I am in parliament pledge for his truth, And lasting fealty to the new-made King.

Dutch. Welcome, my fon; who are the Violets now, That strew the green lap of the new-come spring?

Aum. Madam, I know not, nor I greatly care:

God knows, I had as lief be none, as one.

York. Well, bear you well in this new Spring of time,

Lest you be cropt before you come to Prime.

What news from Oxford? hold those Justs and Triumphs?

Aum. For aught I know, they do.

York. You will be there?

Aum. If God prevent me not, I purpose so

York. What Seal is that, which hangs without thy bosom?

Yea, look'st thou pale? let me see the Writing.

Aum. My lord, 'tis nothing.

York. No matter then who fees it. I will be fatisfied, let me fee the Writing.

Aum. I do beseech your Grace to pardon me,

It is a matter of imail consequence,

Which for fome reasons I would not have seen.

York. Which, for some reasons, Sir, I mean to see.

I fear, I fear --

Dutch. What should you fear, my lord? 'Tis nothing but fome bond he's enter'd into, For gay apparel, against the triumph.

York. Bound to himself? what doth he with a bond.

That he is bound to? wife, thou art a fool.

Boy, let me see the Writing.

Aum. I do beseech you, pardon me; I may not

York. I will be fatisfied, let me see it, I say.

Snatches it and reads.

Treason! foul treason! villain, traitor, slave! Dutch. What's the matter, my lord?

York. Hoa, who's within there? faddle my horse. Heav'n, for his mercy! what treachery is here?

Dutch.

Dutch. Why, what is't, my lord?

York. Give me my boots, I fay: faddle my horse.

Now by my honour, by my life, my troth,

I will appeach the villain.

Dutch. What is the matter? York. Peace, foolish woman.

Dutch. I will not Peace: what is the matter, fon?

Aum. Good mother, be content; it is no more

Than my poor life must answer.

Dutch. Thy life answer!

#### S C E N E V.

Enter Servant with boots.

York. Bring me my boots. I will unto the King. Dutch. Strike him, Aumerle. (Poor boy, thou art amaz'd.)

Hence, villain, never more come in my fight.

[Speaking to the Servant,

York. Give me my boots.

Dutch. Why, York, what wilt thou do? Wilt thou not hide the trespass of thine own? Have we more sons? or are we like to have? Is not my teeming date drunk up with time? And wilt thou pluck my fair son from mine age, And rob me of a happy mother's name? Is he not like thee? is he not thine own?

York. Thou fond mad-woman, Wilt thou conceal this dark Conspiracy? A dozen of them here have ta'en the Sacrament, And interchangeably have set their hands, To kill the King at Oxford.

Dutch. He shall be none:

We'll keep him here; then what is that to him?

York. Away, fond woman: were he twenty times
My fon, I would appeach him.

Dutch. Hadst thou groan'd for him, As I have done, thou'dst be more pitiful:

Vol. IV.

But

But now I know thy mind; thou dost suspect, That I have been disloyal to thy bed, And that he is a bastard, not thy son: Sweet York, sweet husband, be not of that mind: He is as like thee as a man may be, Nor like to me, nor any of my kin, And yet I love him.

York. Make way, unruly woman.

Dutch. After, Aumerle; mount thee upon his horse;

Spur post, and get before him to the King,
And beg thy pardon, ere he do accuse thee.

I'll not be long behind; though I be old,
I doubt not but to ride as fast as York:

And never will I rise up from the ground,

'Till Bolingbroke have pardon'd thee. Away. [Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VI.

Changes to the Court at Windsor-Castle.

Enter Bolingbroke, Percy, and other Lords.

Boling. A N no man tell of my unthrifty fon?

'Tis full three months, fince I did fee him If any plague hang over us, 'tis he: [laft. I would to heav'n, my lords, he might be found. Enquire at London, 'mong the taverns there: For there, they fay, he daily doth frequent, With unrestrained loose Companions: Even such, they say, as stand in narrow lanes, And beat our watch, and rob our passengers: While he, young, wanton, and effeminate boy, Takes on the point of honour, to support So dissolute a Crew.

[Prince, Percy. My lord, some two days since I saw the

And told him of these Triumphs held at Oxford.

Boling. And what faid the Gallant?

Percy. His answer was, he would unto the Stews, And from the common'st Creature pluck a glove,

And

And wear it as a favour, and with that He would unhorse the lustiest Challenger.

Boling. As dissolute, as desp'rate; yet through both I fee fome sparks of hope; which elder days May happily bring forth. But who comes here?

#### Enter Aumerle.

Aum. Where is the King?

Boling. What means our Cousin, that he stares, And looks fo wildly? jesty,

Aum God save your Grace. I do beseech your Ma-To have fome conf'rence with your Grace alone.

Boling. Withdraw your felves, and leave us here alone,

What is the matter with our Cousin now?

Aum. For ever may my knees grow to the earth,

My tongue cleave to my roof within my mouth,

Unless a pardon, ere I rise or speak!

Boling. Intended, or committed, was this fault? If but the first, how heinous ere it be,

To win thy after-love, I pardon thee.

Aum. Then give me leave that I may turn the key, That no man enter till the Tale be done.

Boling. Have thy defire. York within.

York. My Liege, beware, look to thy felf, Thou hast a traitor in thy presence there.

Boling. Villain, I'll make thee fafe. to fear. Aum. Stay thy revengeful hand, thou hast no cause York. Open the door, fecure, fool-hardy King:

Shall I for love speak treason to thy face? Open the door, or I will break it open.

#### SCENE VII.

#### Enter York.

Boling. What is the matter, uncle? speak, take Tell us how near is danger, breath: That

That we may arm us to encounter it.

York. Peruse this writing here, and thou shalt know

The Treason that my haste forbids me show.

Aum. Remember, as thou read'st, thy promise past:

I do repent me, read not my name there, My heart is not confed'rate with my hand.

York. Villain, it was, ere thy hand fet it down.

I tore it from the traytor's bosom, King, Fear, and not love, begets his penitence; Forget to pity him, left thy pity prove A serpent that will sting thee to the heart.

Boling. O heinous, strong, and bold conspiracy!

O loyal father of a treach'rous fon!

Thou clear, immaculate, and filver fountain, From whence this stream, through muddy passages,

Hath had his current, and defil'd himself, Thy overslow of good converts (a) the bad; And thine abundant goodness shall excuse This deadly blot, in thy digressing son.

York. So shall my virtue be his vice's bawd, And he shall spend mine honour with his shame; As thristless sons their scraping fathers' gold. Mine honour lives, when his dishonour dies: Or my sham'd life in his dishonour lies: Thou kill'st me in his life; giving him breath,

The traytor lives, the true man's put to death.

[Dutchess within.

Dutch. What ho, my Liege! for heav'n's fake, let me in.

Boling. What shrill-voic'd Suppliant makes this

eager cry?

Dutch. A woman, and thine aunt, great King, 'tis I. Speak with me, pity me, open the door; A beggar begs that never begg'd before.

Roling. Our Scene is alter'd from a ferious thing, And now chang'd to the Beggar, and the King:

[ (a) the. .Mr. Theobald-Vu'g. to. ]

My dang'rous Cousin, let your mother in; I know, she's come to pray for your foul sin. York. If thou do pardon, whosoever pray, More sins for his forgiveness prosper may; This fester'd joint cut off, the rest is sound; This, let alone, will all the rest consound.

#### S C E N E VIII.

Enter Dutchess.

Dutch. O King, believe not this hard-hearted man; Love, loving not itself, none other can. [here? York. Thou frantick woman, what dost thou do Shall thy old dugs once more a traytor rear?

Dutch. Sweet York, be patient; hear me, gentle Liege. [Kneels.

Boling. Rife up, good aunt.

Dutch. Not yet, I thee befeech;
For ever will I kneel upon my knees,
And never fee day that the happy fees,
'Till thou give joy; until thou bid me joy,
By pard'ning Rutland, my transgressing boy.

Aum. Unto my mother's pray'rs I bend my knee.

[Kneels. York. Against them Both, my true joints bended be.

[Kneels.

Ill may'ft thou thrive, if thou grant any grace!

Dutch. Pleads he in earnest? look upon his face;
His eyes do drop no tears, his prayr's in jest;
His words come from his mouth, ours from our breast:
He prays but faintly, and would be deny'd;
We pray with heart and soul, and all beside.
His weary joints would gladly rise, I know;
Our knees shall kneel, till to the ground they grow.

Ill may'st thou thrive,] This line from the first Edition.
Mr. Pope.

His pray'rs are full of false hypocrisie, Ours of true zeal, and deep integrity; Our prayers do out-pray his; then let them crave That mercy, which true prayers ought to have.

Boling. Good aunt, stand up.

Dutch. Nay, do not fay, stand up, But pardon first; say afterwards, stand up. An if I were thy nurse, thy tongue to teach, Pardon should be the first word of thy speech. I never long'd to hear a word till now: Say, Pardon, King; let pity teach thee how.

Boling. Good aunt, stand up.

Dutch. I do not sue to stand,
Pardon is all the suit I have in hand.

Boling. I pardon him, as heav'n shall pardon me. Dutch. O happy vantage of a kneeling knee!

Yet am I fick for fear; speak it again: Twice saying pardon, doth not pardon twain, But makes one pardon strong.

The word is short, but not so short as sweet; No word like pardon, for Kings mouths so meet.

Tork. Speak it in French, King; fay, Pardonnez moy. Dutch. Dost thou teach pardon, pardon to destroy? Ah, my fow'r husband, my hard-hearted lord, That set'st the word it self, against the word. Speak pardon, as 'tis current in our land; The chopping French we do not understand. Thine eye begins to speak, set thy tongue there: Or, in thy piteous heart, plant thou thine ear; That, hearing how our plaints and prayers do pierce, Pity may move thee pardon to rehearse.

Boling. With all my heart

I pardon him.

Dutch. A God on earth thou art. [Abbot,—Boling. But for our trusty brother-in-law,—the With all the rest of that consorted crew, Destruction straight shall dog them at the heels.

Good

Good Uncle, help to order feveral Powers
To Oxford, or where-e'er these traytors are.
They shall not live within this world, I swear;
But I will have them, if I once know where.
Uncle, farewel; and cousin too, adieu;
Your mother well hath pray'd, and prove you true.

Dutch. Come, my old fon; I pray heav'n make thee new. [Exeunt.

### S C E N E IX.

Enter Exton and a Servant.

Exton. Didft thou not mark the King, what words he spake?

"Have I no friend will rid me of this living fear? Was it not so?

Serv. Those were his very words.

fit twice,

Exton. " Have I no friend?—quoth he; he spake And urg'd it twice together; did he not?

Serv. He did.

Exton. And speaking it, he wistly look'd on me, As who shall say, — I would, thou wert the man, That would divorce this terror from my heart; Meaning the King at Pomfret. Come, let's go: I am the King's friend, and will rid his foe. [Exeunt.

#### S C E N E X.

Changes to the Prison at Pomfret-Castle.

#### Enter King Richard.

· Have been studying, how to compare

This prison, where I live, unto the world;

And, for because the world is populous,

And here is not a creature but my felf,
I cannot do it; yet I'll hammer on't.

My brain I'll prove the female to my foul,

· My

6 My foul, the father; and these two beget 6 A generation of still-breeding thoughts;

' And these same thoughts people this little world;

In humour, like the people of this world,

For no thought is contented. The better fort, (As thoughts, of things divine,) are intermixt With scruples, and do set the word it self [again, Against the word; as thus; Come, little ones; and then It is as hard to come, as for a Camel To thread the postern of a needle's eye.

Thoughts, tending to ambition, they do plot Unlikely wonders; how these vain weak nails May tear a passage through the slinty ribs Of this hard world, my ragged prison-walls: And, for they cannot, die in their own pride.

Thoughts tending to Content, flatter themselves, That they are not the first of fortune's slaves,

And shall not be the last: (Like filly beggars,

Who, fitting in the Stocks, refuge their shame That many have, and others must fit there;

And, in this thought, they find a kind of case,

Bearing their own misfortune on the back

6 Of fuch as have before endur'd the like.

Thus play I, in one prison, many people,

And none contented. Sometimes am I King,
Then treason makes me wish my felf a beggar,

And fo I am. Then crushing penury

Persuades me, I was better when a King;Then am I king'd again; and by and by,

"Think, that I am unking'd by Bolingbroke,

' And straight am nothing - but what-e'er I am,

Nor I, nor any man, that but man is,

With nothing shall be pleas'd, till he be eas'd

With being nothing — Musick do I hear? [Musick. Ha, ha; keep time: how fow'r sweet musick is, When time is broke, and no proportion kept? So is it in the musick of mens' lives.

And

And here have I the daintiness of ear, To check time broke in a disorder'd string; But for the concord of my state and time, Had not an ear to hear my true time broke: I wasted time, and now doth time waste me. For now hath time made me his numbring clock: My thoughts are minutes; and with fighs they jar, Their watches to mine eyes the outward watch; Whereto my finger, like a dial's point, Is pointing still, in cleanfing them from tears. Now, Sir, the founds, that tell what hour it is, Are clamorous groans, that strike upon my heart, Which is the bell; fo fighs, and tears, and groans, Shew minutes, hours, and times - O, but my time Runs posting on, in Bolingbroke's proud joy, While I stand fooling here, his jack o'th' clock. This musick mads me, let it sound no more; For though it have help'd mad men to their wits, In me, it feems, it will make wife men mad. Yet bleffing on his heart, that gives it me! For 'tis a fign of love; and love to Richard Is a strange brooch, 2 in this all-hating world.

### S C E N E XI.

Enter Groom.

Groom. Hail, royal Prince!

K. Rich. Thanks, noble Peer.

The cheapest of us is ten groats too dear.

What art? how com'st thou hither?

Where no man ever comes, 'but that sad Drudge,

That brings me food, to make misfortune live?

Groom. I was a poor groom of thy stable, King,

When thou wert King; who travelling tow'rds York,

3 - but that sad Dog. ] Read Drudge.

With

<sup>2 —</sup> in this ALL-HATING avorld.] We should read FALL-HATING, i. e. Love to Richard is a very rare jewel, in a world that shuns and avoids those who are fallen, or in misfortunes.

With much ado, at length have gotten leave To look upon my 4 fometime Master's face. O, how it yearn'd my heart, when I beheld, In London streets, that Coronation day; When Bolingbroke rode on Roan Barbary, That horse, that thou so often hast bestrid; That horse, that I so carefully have dress'd.

K. Rich. Rode he on Barbary? tell me, gentle friend,

How went he under him?

Groom. So proudly, as he had disdain'd the ground. K. Rich. So proud, that Bolingbroke was on his back! That jade had eat bread from my royal hand. This hand hath made him proud with clapping him. Would he not stumble? would he not fall down, (Since pride must have a fall) and break the neck Of that proud man, that did usurp his back? Forgiveness, horse; why do I rail on thee, Since thou, created to be aw'd by man, Wast born to bear? I was not made a horse; And yet I bear a burthen like an ass; Spur-gall'd, and tir'd, by jaunting Bolingbroke.

#### S C E N E XII.

Enter Keeper, with a dish.

Keep. Fellow, give place; here is no longer stay. [To the Groom.

K. Rich. If thou love me, 'tis time thou wert away.

Groom. What my tongue dares not, that my heart fhall fay.

[Exit.

Keep. My lord, will't please you to fall to?

K. Rich. Tafte of it first, as thou wert wont to do. Keep. My lord, I dare not; for Sir Pierce of Exton, Who late came from the King, commands the contrary.

4 — fometime Master's face.] sometime for formerly.

Mr. Pope.

K. Rich.

K. Rich. The Dev'l take Henry of Lancaster, and thee!

Patience is stale, and I am weary of it.

[Beats the Keeper.

Keep. Help, help, help! ----

Enter Exton, and Servants.

K. Rich. How now? what means death in this rude affault?

Wretch, thine own hand yields thy death's inftrument; [Snatching a Sword.

Go thou, and fill another room in hell. [Kills another. [Exton strikes bim down.

That hand shall burn in never-quenching fire,
That staggers thus my person: thy fierce hand [Land. Hath with the King's blood stain'd the King's own Mount, mount, my soul! thy seat is up on high;
Whilst my gross sless fiesh sinks downward, here to die.

Exton. As full of valour, as of royal blood; Both have I spilt: Oh, would the deed were good! For now the devil, that told me, I did well, Says, that this deed is chronicled in hell. This dead King to the living King I'll bear; Take hence the rest, and give them burial here.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E XIII.

Changes to the Court at Windsor.

Flourish: Enter Bolingbroke, York, with other Lords and attendants.

Boling. Ind Uncle York, the latest news we hear, Is, that the Rebels have consum'd with fire Our town of Cicester in Gloucestershire; But whether they be ta'en or slain, we hear not.

Enter

#### Enter Northumberland.

Welcome, my lord: what is the news?

North. First to thy sacred State wish I all happiness;
The next news is, I have to London sent
The heads of Sal'sbury, Spencer, Blunt, and Kent:
The manner of their Taking may appear
At large discoursed in this paper here.

[Presenting a Paper. Boling. We thank thee, gentle Percy, for thy pains, And to thy worth will add right-worthy gains.

#### Enter Fitz-water.

Fitz-w. My lord, I have from Oxford fent to London The heads of Broccas, and Sir Bennet Seely; Two of the dangerous conforted traytors, That fought at Oxford thy dire overthrow.

Boling. Thy pains, Fitz-water, shall not be forgot,

Right noble is thy merit, well I wot.

#### Enter Percy, and the Bishop of Carlisle.

Percy. The grand Conspirator, Abbot of Westminster, With clog of conscience, and sour melancholy, Hath yielded up his body to the Grave: But here is Carlisse, living to abide Thy kingly doom, and sentence of his pride.

Boling. Carlifle, this is your doom:
Chuse out some secret place, some reverend room
More than thou hast, and with it joy thy life;
So, as thou liv'st in peace, die free from strife.
For though mine enemy thou hast ever been,
High sparks of honour in thee I have seen.

#### Enter Exton, with a coffin.

Exton. Great King, within this Coffin I present Thy bury'd fear. Herein all breathless lies The mightiest of thy greatest enemies, Richard of Bourdeaux, by me hither brought.

Boling.

Boling. Exton, I thank thee not; for thou hast wrought A deed of flander with thy fatal hand, Upon my head, and all this famous Land. deed. Exton. From your own mouth, my Lord, did I this Boling. They love not poison, that do poison need; Nor do I thee; though I did wish him dead, I hate the murth'rer, love him murthered. The Guilt of Conscience take thou for thy labour, But neither my good word, nor princely favour. With Cain go wander through the shade of night, And never shew thy head by day, or light. Lords, I protest, my soul is full of woe, That blood should sprinkle me, to make me grow. Come, mourn with me for what I do lament, And put on fullen Black, incontinent: I'll make a voyage to the Holy-land, To wash this blood off from my guilty hand. March fadly after, grace my Mourning here, In weeping over this untimely Bier. [Exeunt cames.





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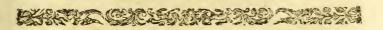
# H E N R T IV.

WITH THE

## LIFE and DEATH

OF

HENRY, Sirnam'd HOT-SPUR.





## Dramatis Personæ.

KING Henry the Fourth. Henry, Prince of Wales, & Sons to the King. John Duke of Lancaster, 3 Worcester, Northumberland, Hot-spur, Mortimer, Archbishop of York, Enemies to the King. Dowglas, Owen Glendower, Sir Richard Vernon, Sir Michell, Westmorland, of the King's Party. Sir Walter Blunt, Sir John Falstaff. Poins, Gads-hill, Companions of Falstaff. Peto, Bardolph,

Lady Percy, Wife to Hot-spur.

Lady Mortimer, Daughter to Glendower, and Wife to Mortimer.

Hostess Quickly.

Sheriff, Vintner, Chamberlain, Drawers, two Carriers, Travellers and Attendants.

SCENE, ENGLAND.



The FIRST PART of

# $H E N R \Upsilon IV.$

### ACT I. SCENE I.

The Court in London.

Enter King Henry, Lord John of Lancaster, Earl of Westmorland, and others.

#### King HENRY.

 O shaken as we are, so wan with Care, Find we a time for frighted peace to pant,

And breathe short-winded accents of new Broils

"To be commenc'd in stronds a-far remote.

" No more the thirsty entrance of this Soil

" Shall trempe her lips with her own children's blood:

" No more shall trenching war channel her fields,

I Shall damp her lips.—] This nonfense should be read, Shall TREMPE, i. e. moisten, and refers to thirsty, in the preceding line: Trempe, from the French, tremper, properly signifies the moistness made by rain.

Vol. IV. H "Nor

" Nor bruife her flowrets with the armed hoofs

" Of hostile paces. 2 Those opposed files,

"Which, like the meteors of a troubled heav'n,

"All of one nature, of one substance bred, " Did lately meet in the intestine shock

" And furious close of civil butchery,

" Shall now, in mutual, well-befeeming, ranks " March all one way; and be no more oppos'd

" Against acquaintance, kindred, and allies:

"The edge of war, like an ill-sheathed knife, " No more shall cut his master." Therefore, friends,

As far as to the sepulchre of Christ, (Whose foldier now, under whose blessed Cross We are impressed, and engag'd to fight) Forthwith a Power of English shall we levy; Whose arms were moulded in their mothers' womb To chase these Pagans, in those holy fields Over whose acres walk'd those blessed feet, Which, fourteen hundred years ago, were nail'd For our advantage on the bitter Cross.

But this our purpose is a twelvemonth old, And bootless 'tis to tell you we will go.

Therefore, we meet not now: Then let me hear, Of you my gentle Cousin Westmorland,

What yesternight our Council did decree, In forwarding 3 this dear expedience.

3 - this dear expedience.] For expedition.

<sup>2 -</sup>Those opposed eyes,] The similitude is beautiful: But, what are eyes meeting in intestine shocks, and marching all one way? The true reading is, FILES; which appears not only from the integrity of the metaphor, well beseeming ranks march all one way; but from the nature of those meteors to which they are compared; namely long streaks of red, which represent the lines of armies; the appearance of which, and their likeness to such lines, gave occasion to all the superstition of the common people concerning armies in the air, &c. Out of mere contradiction, the Oxford Editor would improve my alteration of files to arms, and so loses both the integrity of the metaphor and the likeness of the comparison.

West. My Liege, this haste was hot in question,

4 And many limits of the Charge set down
But yesternight: when, all athwart, there came
A Post from Wales, loaden with heavy news;
Whose worst was, that the noble Mortimer,
Leading the men of Herefordshire to sight
Against th' irregular and wild Glendower,
Was by the rude hands of that Wessman taken;
A thousand of his people butchered,
Upon whose dead corps there was such missuse,
Such beastly, shameless transformation,
By those Wessman done, as may not be,
Without much shame, re-told or spoken of.

K. Henry. It feems then, that the tidings of this broil Brake off our business for the holy Land. [lord; West. 5 This, matcht with other, did, my gracious For more uneven and unwelcome news Came from the North, and thus it did import. On holy-rood day, the gallant Hot-spur there, Young Harry Percy, and brave Archibald, That ever-valiant and approved Scot, At Holmedon spent a sad and bloody hour: As by discharge of their artillery, And shape of likelihood, the news was told; For he, that brought it, in the very heat

4 And many limits \_\_\_ ] Limits for estimates.
5 This, matcht with other like, my gracious Lord,

Uncertain of the iffue any way.

And pride of their contention, did take horse,

Far more uneven and unwelcome news] Far more, the Oxford Editor alters to Farther; because this other news is matcht with the former, and yet said to be Far more uneven: As if two uneven things could not be matcht together! But, to dispatch this emendation from whence it came, we must observe the old books (which our Editor appears never once to have look'd into, as trusting all to his own sagacity) read the sirst line thus,

This, matcht with other, did, my gracious lord; i.e. did

break off the business of the holy land. And this is right.

K. Henry. Here is a dear and true-industrious friend. Sir Walter Blunt, new lighted from his horse, Stain'd with the variation of each foil Betwixt that Holmedon, and this Seat of ours: And he hath brought us fmooth and welcome news. The Earl of Dowglas is discomfitted; Ten thousand bold Scots, three and twenty Knights, Balk'd in their own blood did Sir Walter fee On Holmedon's plains. Of prisoners, Hot-spur took Mordake the Earl of Fife, and eldest son To beaten Dowglas, and the Earls of Athol, Of Murry, Angus, and Menteith. And is not this an honourable spoil? A gallant prize? ha, cousin, is it not? West. In faith, a conquest for a Prince to boast of. K. Henry. Yea, there thou mak'st me sad, and

mak'st me sin In Envy, that my lord Northumberland Should be the father of so blest a son: A fon, who is the theam of Honour's tongue: Amongst a grove, the very streightest plant; Who is sweet Fortune's Minion, and her Pride: Whilft I, by looking on the praise of him, See riot and dishonour stain the brow Of my young Harry. O could it be prov'd, That some night-tripping Fairy had exchang'd, In cradle-cloaths, our children where they lay, And call mine Percy, his Plantagenet; Then would I have his Harry, and he mine. [Cousin, But let him from my thoughts.—What think you, Of this young Percy's pride? the prisoners, Which he in this adventure hath furpriz'd, To his own use he keeps, and sends me word, I shall have none but Mordake Earl of Fife.

West. This is his uncle's teaching, this is Worcester,

Malevolent to you in all aspects;

Which

Which makes him plume himself, and briftle up

The Crest of youth against your Dignity.

K. Henry. But I have fent for him to answer this; And for this cause a while we must neglect Our holy purpose to Jerusalem.

Cousin, on Wednesday next our Council we Will hold at Windsor, so inform the lords: But come your felf with speed to us again; For more is to be said, and to be done, Than out of anger can be uttered.

West. I will, my Liege.

[Exeunt.

# S C E N E II.

An Apartment of the Prince's.

Enter Henry Prince of Wales, and Sir John Falstaff.

Fal. OW, Hal, what time of day is it, lad?
P. Henry. Thou art fo fat-witted with drinking old fack, and unbuttoning thee after supper, and sleeping upon benches in the afternoon, that thou hast forgotten to demand That truly, which thou would'st truly know. What a devil hast thou to do with the time of the day? unless hours were cups of fack, and minutes capons, and clocks the tongues of bawds, and dials the signs of leaping-houses, and the blessed Sun himself a fair hot wench in flame-colour'd taffata; I see no reason why thou should'st be so superfluous, to demand the time of the day.

Fal. Indeed, you come near me now, Hal. For we, that take purses, go by the moon and seven stars, and not by *Phæbus*, he, that wandring knight so fair. And I pray thee, sweet wag, when thou art King—

<sup>6</sup> Which makes him PRUNE himself,—] Doubtles Shakespear wrote PLUME. And to this the Oxford Editor gives his fiat. 7 he, that wandering] Line of an old ballad.

as God fave thy Grace, (Majesty, I should say; for grace thou wilt have none.)

P. Henry. What! none?

Fal. No, by my troth, not fo much as will ferve to be prologue to an egg and butter.

P. Henry. Well, how then? come, roundly, roundly--

Fal. Marry, then, sweet wag, when thou art King, let not us that are squires of the night's body, be call'd thieves of the day's booty. Let us be Diana's foresters, gentlemen of the shade, minions of the Moon; and let men say, we be men of good government, being governed as the Sea is, by our noble and chast mistress the Moon, under whose countenance we ———— steal.

P. Henry. Thou fay'ft well, and it holds well too; for the fortune of us, that are the Moon's men, doth ebb and flow like the Sea; being govern'd as the Sea is, by the Moon. As for proof, now: a purfe of gold most resolutely snatch'd on Monday night, and most dissolutely spent on Tuesday morning; 8 got with swearing, lay by; and spent with crying, bring in: now in as low an ebb as the foot of the ladder; and by and by in as high a flow as the ridge of the gallows.

Fal. By the lord, thou fay'st true, lad: and is not

mine Hostess of the tavern a most sweet wench?

P. Henry. As the honey of Hybla, 9 my old lad of the

8 got with fuearing, lay by;] i. e. swearing at the passengers they robbed, lay by your arms; or rather, lay by was a phrase that then signished fland still, addressed to those who were preparing to rush forward. But the Oxford Editor kindly accommedates these old thieves with a new cant phrase, taken from

Bag hot-Heath or Finchly-Common, of LUG OUT.

9 my old lad of the castle; This alludes to the name Shake-frear first gave to this buffoon character, which was Sir John Oldcastle: And when he changed the name, he forgot to strike out this expression that alluded to it. The reason of the change was this, one Sir John Oldcastle having suffered in the time of Henry V. for the opinions of Wicklisse, it gave offence; and therefore the Poet altered it to Falstaff, and endeavours to remove the scandal,

in

the castle; and is not a buff-jerkin a most sweet robe of durance?

Fal. How now, how now, mad wag; what, in thy quips and thy quiddities? what a plague have I to do with a buff-jerkin?

P. Henry. Why, what a pox have I to do with my

Hostess of the tavern?

Fal. Well, thou hast call'd her to a reckoning many a time and oft.

P. Henry. Did I ever call thee to pay thy part?
Fal. No, I'll give thee thy due, thou hast paid all there.

P. Henry. Yea and elsewhere, so far as my coin would stretch; and where it would not, I have us'd

my credit.

P. Henry. No: thou shalt.

Fal. Shall I? O rare! By the Lord, I'll be a brave judge.

in the Epilogue to the second part of Henry IV. Fuller takes notice of this matter in his Church-History,—Stage-Poets have themselves been very bold with, and others very merry at, the memory of Sir John Oldcassle, whom they have fancied a boon companion, a jovial royser, and a coward to boot. The best is, Sir John Falsass hath relieved the memory of Sir John Oldcassle, and of late is substituted bussion in his place. Book 4. p. 168. But, to be candid, I believe there was no malice in the matter. Shakespear wanted a droll name to his character, and never considered whom it belonged to, we have a like instance in the Merry Wives of Windsor, where he calls his French Quack, Caius, a name, at that time, very respectable, as belonging to an eminent and learned physician, one of the sounders of Caius College in Cambridge.

H 4

P. Henry.

P. Henry. Thou judgest false already: I mean, thou shalt have the hanging of the thieves, and so become a rare hangman.

Fal. Well, Hal, well; and in some fort it jumps with my humour, as well as waiting in the Court, I

can tell you.

P. Henry. For obtaining of fuits? -

Fal. Yea, for obtaining of fuits; whereof the hangman hath no lean wardrobe. 'Sblood, I am as melancholy as a gib-cat, or a lugg'd bear.

P. Henry. Or an old Lion, or a lover's lute. Fal. Yea, or the drone of a Lincolnshire bagpipe.

P. Henry. What fay'st thou to a Hare, or the

melancholy of Moor-ditch?

Fal. Thou hast the most unfavoury similies; and art, indeed, the most (a) incomparative, rascalliest, sweet young Prince — But, Hal, I pr'ythee, trouble me no more with vanity; I would to God, thou and I knew where a commodity of good names were to be bought: an old lord of the Council rated me the other day in the street about you, Sir; but I mark'd him not, and yet he talk'd very wisely, and in the street too.

P. Henry. Thou didst well; for wisdom cries out

in the streets, and no man regards it.

Fal. O, thou hast damnable (b) attraction, and art, indeed, able to corrupt a saint. Thou hast done much harm unto me, Hal, God forgive thee for it! Before I knew thee, Hal, I knew nothing; and now am I, if a man should speak truly, little better than one of the wicked. I must give over this life, and I will give it over; by the lord, an I do not, I am a villain. I'll be damn'd for never a King's son in christendom.

P. Henry.

<sup>[(</sup>a) incomparative. Oxford Editor. — Vulg. comparative.]

<sup>[ (</sup>b) attraction. Oxford Editor. - Vulg. iteration.]

P. Henry. Where shall we take a purse to morrow, Fack?

Fal. Where thou wilt, lad, I'll make one; an I do

not, call me villain, and baffle me.

P. Henry. I fee a good amendment of life in thee,

from praying to purfe-taking.

Fal. Why, Hal, 'tis my vocation, Hal. 'Tis no fin for a Man to labour in his vocation. Poins!—

Now shall we know, if Gads-bill have set a match. O, if men were to be saved by merit, what hole in hell were hot enough for him!

## S C E N E III.

#### Enter Poins.

This is the most omnipotent Villain, that ever cry'd, Stand, to a true Man.

P. Henry. Good morrow, Ned.

Poins. Good morrow, fweet Hal. What fays Monfieur Remorfe? what fays Sir John Sack and Sugar? Jack! how agree the devil and thou about thy foul, that thou foldest him on Good-Friday last, for a cup of Madera, and a cold capon's leg?

P. Henry. Sir John stands to his word; the devil shall have his bargain, for he was never yet a breaker

of proverbs; He will give the devil his due.

Poins. Then thou art damn'd for keeping thy word

with the devil.

P. Henry. Else he had been damn'd for cozening the devil.

Poins. But, my lads, my lads, to morrow morning, by four o'clock, early at Gads-bill; there are pilgrims going to Canterbury with rich offerings, and traders riding to London with fat purses. I have visors for you all; you have horses for your selves: Gads-bill lies to night in Rochester, I have bespoke supper to morrow night in East-cheap; we may do it, as secure as sleep:

if you will go, I will stuff your purses full of crowns; if you will not, tarry at home and be hang'd.

Fal. Hear ye, Yedward; if I tarry at home, and

go not, I'll hang you for going.

Poins. You will, chops?

Fal. Hal, wilt thou make one?

P. Henry. Who, I rob? I a thief? not I, by my faith.

Fal. There is neither honesty, manhood, nor good fellowship in thee, nor thou cam'st not of the blood royal, if thou dar'ft not cry, stand, for ten shillings.

P. Henry. Well then, once in my days I'll be a mad-

cap.

Fal. Why, that's well faid.
P. Henry. Well, come what will, I'll tarry at home. Fal. By the lord, I'll be a traitor then, when thou art King.

P. Henry. I care not.

Poins. Sir John, I pr'ythee, leave the Prince and me alone; I will lay him down fuch reasons for this ad-

venture, that he shall go.

Fal. Well, may'ft thou have the spirit of persuafion, and he the ears of profiting, that what thou fpeak'st may move, and what he hears may be believ'd; that the true Prince may (for recreation-sake,) prove a false thief; for the poor abuses of the time want countenance. Farewel, you shall find me in East-cheap.

P. Henry. Farewel, thou latter spring! Farewel, allhallown fummer! Exit Fal.

Poins. Now, my good fweet hony lord, ride with us to morrow. I have a jest to execute, that I cannot manage alone. Falftaff, Bardolph, Peto, and Gadsbill, shall rob those men that we have already waylaid; your felf and I will not be there; and when they have the booty, if you and I do not rob them, cut this head from off my shoulders.

P. Henry.

P. Henry. But how shall we part with them in set-

ting forth?

Poins. Why, we will fet forth before or after them; and appoint them a place of meeting, wherein it is at our pleafure to fail; and then will they adventure upon the exploit themselves, which they shall have no sooner atchiev'd, but we'll set upon them.

P. Henry. Ay; but, 'tis like, they will know us by our horses, by our habits, and by every other appoint-

ment, to be our selves.

Poins. Tut, our horses they shall not see, I'll tye them in the wood; our vizors we will change after we leave them; and, sirrah, I have cases of buckram for the nonce, to immask our noted outward garments.

P. Henry. But, I doubt, they will be too hard for

us.

Poins. Well, for two of them, I know them to be as true-bred cowards as ever turn'd Back; and for the third, if he fight longer than he fees reason, I'll forfwear arms. The virtue of this jest will be, the incomprehensible lies that this same fat rogue will tell us when we meet at supper; how thirty at least he fought with, what wards, what blows, what extremities he endured; and, in the reproof of this, lies the jest.

P. Henry. Well, I'll go with thee; provide us all things necessary, and meet me to morrow night in

East-cheap, there I'll sup. Farewel.

Poins. Farewel, my lord. [Exit Poins. P. Henry. I know you all, and will a while uphold The unyok'd humour of your idleness;

Yet herein will I imitate the Sun,
Who doth permit the base contagious clouds
To smother up his beauty from the world;
That when he please again to be himself,
Being wanted, he may be more wondred at,
By breaking through the soul and ugly mists
Of vapours, that did seem to strangle him.

If all the year were playing holidays,
To sport would be as tedious as to work;
But when they seldom come, they wisht-for come,
And nothing pleaseth but rare Accidents.
So, when this loose behaviour I throw off,
And pay the debt I never promised;
By how much better than my word I am,
By so much i shall I falsisse men's fears;
And, like bright metal on a sullen ground,
My Reformation, glittering o'er my fault,
Shall shew more goodly, and attract more eyes,
Than That which hath no foil to set it off.
I'll so offend, to make offence a skill;
Redeeming time, when men think least I will. [Exit.

## S C E N E IV.

Changes to an Apartment in the Palace.

Enter King Henry, Northumberland, Worcester, Hot-spur, Sir Walter Blunt, and others.

K. Henry. MY blood hath been too cold and temperate,

Unapt to stir at these indignities;
And you have found me; for accordingly
You tread upon my patience: but be sure,
2 I will from henceforth rather be my felf,
Mighty and to be fear'd, than my Condition;

Which

<sup>1 —</sup> fhall I falfifie men's HOPES; Just the contrary. We should read FEARS.

<sup>2.</sup> I will from henceforth rather be my felf,
Mighty and to be fear'd, than my Condition; i.e. I will from henceforth rather put on the character that becomes me, and exert the refentment of an injured King, than fill continue in the inactivity and mildness of my natural disposition. And this sentiment he has well expressed, save that by his usual licence, he puts the word condition for disposition: which use of terms depaising

Which hath been fmooth as oyl, foft as young down, And therefore lost that title of Respect,

Which the proud foul ne'er pays, but to the proud.

Wor. Our House, my sovereign Liege, little deserves The scourge of Greatness to be used on it; And that same Greatness too, which our own hands Have help'd to make so portly.

North. My good lord, -

K. Henry. Worcester, get thee gone; for I do see Danger and disobedience in thine eye.

O Sir, your presence is too bold and peremptory;

And Majesty might never yet endure

The moody frontlet of a servant brow.

You have good leave to leave us. When we need

Your use and counsel, we shall send for you.

[Exit Worcester.

You were about to speak. [To Northumberland.

North. Yes, my good lord.

Those prisoners, in your Highness' name demanded, Which Harry Percy here at Holmedon took, Were, as he says, not with such strength deny'd As was deliver'd to your Majesty. Or Envy therefore, or Misprision,

Is guilty of this fault, and not my fon.

Hot. My Liege, I did deny no prisoners;

But I remember, when the fight was done,
When I was dry with rage, and extream toil,
Breathless, and faint, leaning upon my sword;
Came there a certain lord, neat, trimly dress'd;

our Oxford Editor, as it frequently does, he in a loss for the

meaning, substitutes in for than,

Mighty and to be fear'd in my condition.

So that by condition, in this reading, must be meant station, office. But it cannot be predicated of station and office, that it is smooth as oyl, fost as young down: which shews that condition must needs be licentiously used for disposition. as we said before.

3. The moody FRONTIER — ] This is nonfense. We should

read FRONTLET, i. e. forehead.

'Fresh

Fresh as a bridegroom, and his chin, new-reap'd,

Shew'd like a stubble land at harvest-home.

' He was perfumed like a milliner;

And 'twixt his finger and his thumb, he held

<sup>6</sup> <sup>4</sup> A pouncet-box, which ever and anon

'He gave his nose:' [ and took't away again; Who, therewith angry, when it next came there, Took it in fnuff.]—' And still he smil'd, and talk'd;

And as the foldiers bare dead bodies by,

' He call'd them untaught knaves, unmannerly,

'To bring a flovenly, unhandsome coarse

Betwixt the wind, and his Nobility. With many holiday and lady terms

6 He question'd me: amongst the rest, demanded

' My prisoners, in your Majesty's behalf.

6 6 I, then all fmarting with my wounds; being gal'd

' To be fo pefter'd with a popinjay,

- Out of my Grief, and my impatience, ' Answer'd, neglectingly, I know not what;
- ' He should, or should not; for he made me mad, ' To fee him shine so brisk, and smell so sweet,
- ' And talk so like a waiting-gentlewoman, [mark!]
- Of guns, and drums, and wounds; (God fave the
- And telling me, the fovereign'ft thing on earth

4 A pouncet-box, --- ] A small box for musk or other perfumes then in fashion: The lid of which being cut with open work gave it its name; from poinfoner, to prick, pierce, or engrave.

5 ——and took't away again, &c.] This stupidity between

the hooks is the Players'.

6 I, then all smarting with my wounds being COLD,

(To be so pester'd with a popinjay) ] But in the beginning of the Speech he represents himself at this time not as cold but hot, and inflamed with rage and labour,

"When I was dry with rage and extreme toil, &c.

I am persuaded therefore that Shakespear wrote and pointed it

" I then all smarting with my wounds; being GAL'D

" To be so peffer'd with a popinjay, &c.

6 Was

\* Was Parmacity, for an inward bruise;

And that it was great pity, so it was,

'This villainous falt petre should be digg'd Out of the bowels of the harmless earth,

'Which many a good, tall fellow had destroy'd

So cowardly: And but for these vile guns,

He would himself have been a soldier.—
This bald, unjointed chat of his, my lord,

<sup>7</sup> I answer'd indirectly, as I said;

And I befeech you, 8 let not his report

Come currant for an accusation,

Betwixt my love and your high Majesty.

Blunt. The circumftance confider'd, good my lord, Whatever Harry Percy then had faid, To fuch a person, and, in such a place, At such a time, with all the rest retold, May reasonably die; and never rise

<sup>9</sup> To do him wrong, or any way impeach. What then he faid, fee, he unfays it now.

K. Henry. Why, yet he doth deny his prisoners, But with proviso and exception,

7 I answer'd indirectly, -] indirectly for negligently.

8 — let not THIS report] We should read HIS. 9 To do him wrong, or any way impeach

What then he faid, so he unsay it now.] Let us consider the whole passage, which, according to the present reading, bears this literal sense. "Whatever Percy then said may reasonably "die and never rise to impeach what he then said, so he unsay "it now." This is the exact sense, or rather nonsense, which the passage makes in the present reading. It should therefore, without question, be thus printed and emended,

To do him wrong, or any way impeach. What then he faid, SEE, he UNSAYS it now.

i. e. "Whatever Percy then faid may reasonably die, and never "rise to do him wrong or any ways impeach him. For see, my "Liege, what he then said, he now unsays." And the King's answer is pertinent to the words, as so emended.—why, yet he doth deny his prisoners, but with proviso, &c. implying, "you "are missaken in saying, see he now unsays it." But the answer is utterly impertinent to what preceeds in the common reading.

That

That we at our own charge shall ransom straight His brother-in-law, the foolish Mortimer; Who, on my soul, hath wilfully betray'd The lives of those, that he did lead to sight Against the great magician, damn'd Glendower; Whose daughter, as we hear, the Parl of March Hath lately marry'd. Shail our coffers then Be empty'd, to redeem a traitor home? Shall we buy treason? 'and indent with sears, When they have lost and forfeited themselves? No; on the barren mountains let him starve; For I shall never hold that man my friend, Whose tongue shall ask me for one penny cost To ransom home revolted Mortimer.

Hot. Revolted Mortimer?

He never did fall off, my fovereign Liege,

<sup>2</sup> But by the chance of war; to prove That true,
Needs no more but one tongue, for all those wounds,
Those mouthed wounds, which valiantly he took,
When on the gentle Severn's sedgie bank,
In single opposition, hand to hand,

But 'BIDES the chance of war.

i. e. he never did revolt, but abides the chance of war, as a prisoner. And if he still endured the rigours of imprisonment, that was a plain proof he was not revolted to the Enemy. Hot-spur says the same thing afterwards,

-----fuffer'd his kinsman March to be encag'd in Wales.

Here again the Oxford Editor makes this correction his own, at the small expence of changing 'bides to bore.

He

I — and indent with fears.] The reason why he says, bargain and article with fears, meaning with Mortimer, is, because he supposed Mortimer had wilfully betrayed his own forces to Glendower out of fear, as appears from his next Speech. No need therefore to change fears to foes, as the Oxford Editor has done.

<sup>2</sup> But By the chance of war;—] A poor apology for a foldier, and a man of honour, that he fell off, and revolted by the chance of war. The Poet certainly wrote,

He did confound the best part of an hour In changing hardiment with great Glendower:

Three times they breath'd, and three times did they drink,

Upon agreement, of fwift Severn's flood; Who then affrighted with their bloody looks, Ran fearfully among the trembling reeds, And hid his crifp'd head in the hollow bank, Blood-stained with these valiant Combatants. Never did base and rotten Policy Colour her working with such deadly wounds; Nor ever could the noble Mortimer Receive so many, and all willingly.

Then let him not be slander'd with Revolt. [him;

K. Henry. Thou dost belie him, Percy, thou beliest He never did encounter with Glendower; He durst as well have met the Devil alone, As Owen Glendower for an enemy.

Art not asham'd? 3 but, sirrah, from this hour Let me not hear you speak of Mortimer.

Send me your prisoners with the speediest means, Or you shall hear in such a kind from me As will displease you——My Lord Northumberland, We licence your departure with your son.

Send us your prisoners, or you'll hear of it.

[Exit K. Henry.

Hot. And if the Devil come and roar for them, I will not fend them. I will after strait, And tell him so; for I will ease my heart, Although it be with hazard of my head. [a while; North. What, drunk with choler? stay, and pause Here comes your uncle.

3—but, firrah, from this hour] The Oxford Editor is a deal more courtly than his old plain Elizabeth author. He changes firrah therefore to fir: And punctilios of this kind he very carefully discharges throughout his edition: which it may be enough once for all just to have taken notice of.

Vol. IV.

#### Enter Worcester.

Yes, I will speak of him; and let my foul. Want mercy, if I do not join with him. In his behalf, I'll empty all these veins, And shed my dear blood drop by drop in dust, but I will lift the down-trod Mortimer As high i'th' Air as this unthankful King, As this ingrate and cankred Bolingbroke.

North. Brother, the King hath made your Nephew mad. [To Worcester.

Wor. Who strook this heat up, after I was gone? Hot. He will, forsooth, have all my prisoners: And when I urg'd the ransom once again Of my wife's brother, then his cheek look'd pale. And on my face he turn'd an eye of death, Trembling ev'n at the name of Mortimer.

Wor. I cannot blame him; was he not proclaim'd,

By Richard that dead is, the next of blood?

North. He was: I heard the Proclamation;

And then it was, when the unhappy King

(Whose wrongs in us, God pardon!) did set forth

Upon his Irish expedition;

From whence he, intercepted, did return
To be depos'd, and shortly murthered. [mouth

Wor. And for whose death, we in the world's wide

Live fcandaliz'd, and foully spoken of.

Hot. But foft, I pray you; —did King Richard then Proclaim my brother Mortimer

Heir to the Crown?

North. He did; my felf did hear it.

Hot. Nay, then I cannot blame his cousin King, That wish'd him on the barren mountains starv'd.

4 But I will lift the downfall'n Mortimer] The Quarto of 1599 reads down-trod Mortimer: which is better.

But

But shall it be, that you, that set the Crown Upon the head of this forgetful man, And for his fake wear the detefted blot Of murd'rous Subornation? shall it be, That you a world of curses undergo, Being the agents or base second means, The cords, the ladder, or the hangman rather? (O pardon me, that I descend so low, To shew the line and the predicament Wherein you range under this fubtle King) Shall it for shame be spoken in these days, Or fill up Chronicles in time to come, That men of your Nobility and Power Ingag'd them Both in an unjust behalf; (As Both of you, God pardon it! have done:) To put down Richard, that fweet lovely Rose, And plant this Thorn, this Canker Bolingbroke? And shall it in more shame be further spoken, That you are fool'd, discarded, and shook off By him, for whom these sharnes ye underwent? No; yet time ferves, wherein you may redeem Your banish'd Honours, and restore your selves Into the good thoughts of the world again. Revenge the jeering and disdain'd contempt Of this proud King, who studies day and night To answer all the debt he owes unto you, Ev'n with the bloody payments of your deaths: Therefore, I fay—

Wor. Peace, Coufin, fay no more. And now I will unclass a fecret book, And to your quick-conceiving discontents I'll read you matter, deep and dangerous; As full of peril and advent'rous spirit, As to o'er-walk a current, roaring loud, On the unsteadfast footing of a spear.

<sup>5</sup> On the unsteadfast footing of a spear.] i. e. of a spear laid across.

Hot. If he fall in, good night. Or fink or fwim, Send Danger from the east unto the west, So Honour cross it from the north to south; And let them grapple.—O! the blood more stirs To rouze a Lion, than to start a Hare.

*North*. Imagination of fome great exploit Drives him beyond the bounds of patience.

Hot. <sup>6</sup> By heav'n, methinks, it were an eafie leap, To pluck bright Honour from the pale-fac'd Moon;

6 By heav'n, methinks, &c.] Gildon, a critic of the fize of Dennis, &c. calls this speech, without any ceremony, a ridiculous rant and absolute madness. Mr. Theobald talks in the same strain. The French critics had taught these people just enough to understand where Shakespear had transgressed the rules of the Greek tragic writers; and, on those occasions, they are sull of the poor frigid cant, of fable, sentiment, distion, unities, &c. But it is another thing to get to Shakespear's sense: to do this required a little of their own. For want of which, they could not see that the poet here uses an allegorical covering to express a noble and very natural thought. — Hot-spur, all on sire, exclaims against buckstering and barrering for honour, and dividing it into shares. O! says he, could I be sure that when I had purchased honour I should wear her dignities without a Rival—what then? why then,

By heav'n methinks, it were an easie leap, To pluck bright Honour from the pale-fac'd Moon:

i. e. the' some great and shining character in the most elevated orb, was already in possession of her, yet it would, methinks, be easy by greater acts, to eclipse his glory, and pluck all his honours from him;

Or dive into the bottom of the deep, And pluck up drowned honour by the locks:

i.e. or what is still more difficult, tho' there were in the world no great examples to incite and fire my emulation, but that honour was quite sunk and buried in oblivion, yet would I bring it back into vogue, and render it more illustrious than ever. So that we see, tho' the expression be sublime and daring, yet the thought is the natural movement of an heroic mind. Euripides at least thought so, when he put the very same sentiment, in the same words, into the mouth of Eteocles— I will not, madam, disquise my thoughts; I could scale heaven, I could descend to the very entrails of the earth, if so be that by that price I could obtain a kingdom.

Or

Or dive into the bottom of the Deep, Where fathom-line could never touch the ground, And pluck up drowned Honour by the locks: So he, that doth redeem her thence, might wear Without Corrival all her Dignities. 7 But out upon this half-fac'd fellowship!

Wor. 8 He apprehends a world of figures here, But not the form of what he should attend.

Good Coufin, give me audience for a while.

Hot. I cry you mercy. Wor. Those fame noble Scots. That are your prisoners— Hot. I'll keep them all.

By heav'n, he shall not have a Scot of them: No, if a Scot would fave his foul, he shall not; I'll keep them, by this hand.

Wor. You start away, And lend no ear unto my purposes; Those prisoners you shall keep.

Hot. I will; that's flat: He faid, he would not ranfom Mortimer: Forbad my tongue to speak of Mortimer: But I will find him when he lyes afleep, And in his ear I'll holla, Mortimer! Nay, I will have a Starling taught to speak Nothing but Mortimer, and give it him, To keep his anger still in motion.

Wor. Hear you, cousin, a word. Hot. All Studies here I folemnly defie, Save how to gall and pinch this Bolingbroke: And that same sword-and-buckler Prince of Wales,

8 He apprehends a world of figures here, ] - This, I suppose, alludes to what he had said before of unclassing a secret book.

<sup>7</sup> But out upon this half-fac'd fellowship!] I think this finely expressed. The image is taken from one who turns from another, so as to stand before him with a side sace; which implied neither a full conforting, nor a feparation.

(But that, I think, his father loves him not, And would be glad he met with some mischance,) I'd have him poison'd with a pot of ale.

Wor. Farewel, my kinsman; I will talk to you, When you are better temper'd to attend. Itool

North. Why, what a wasp-tongu'd and impatient

Art thou, to break into this woman's mood,

Tying thine ear to no tongue but thine own? Hot. Why, look you, I am whipt and scourg'd with Nettled, and flung with pifmires, when I hear

Of this vile politician Bolingbroke:

In Richard's time—what do ye call the place?— A plague upon't!—it is in Glo'stershire— 'Twas where the mad-cap Duke his uncle kept-His uncle York—where I first bow'd my knee Unto this King of Smiles, this Bolingbroke: When you and he came back from Ravenspurg.

North. At Berkley castle. Hot. You fay true:

Why, what a deal of candied Courtefie This fawning greyhound then did proffer me! Look, when his infant fortune came to age,-And gentle Harry Percy—and kind cousin— The Devil take fuch cozeners—God forgive me— Good uncle, tell your tale, for I have done.

Wor. Nay, if you have not, to't again.

We'll stay your leifure. Hot. I have done, i'faith.

Wor. Then once more to your Scottish prisoners. To Hot-spur.

Deliver them without their ranfom straight, And make the Dowglas' Son your only mean For Pow'rs in Scotland; which, for divers reasons Which I shall fend you written, be affur'd, Will eafily be granted. - 9 You, my lord, [To North.

9 -You, my lord,] Here Dr. Thirlby rightly reformed the pointing. Your Your Son in *Scotland* being thus employ'd, Shall fecretly into the bosom creep Of that same noble Prelate, well belov'd, Th' Arch-bishop.

Hot. York, is't not?

Wor. True, who bears hard
His brother's death at Bristol, the lord Scroop.

I speak not this in estimation,
As what, I think, might be; but what, I know,
Is ruminated, plotted and set down;
And only stays but to behold the face
Of that occasion, that shall bring it on.

Hot. I smell it: on my life, it will do well.

North. Before the game's a-foot, thou still lett'st slip.

Hot. It cannot chuse but be a noble Plot; And then the Power of Scotland, and of York To join with Mortimer; ha!

Wor. So they shall.

Hot. In faith, it is exceedingly well aim'd.

Wor. And 'tis no little reason bids us speed

To save our heads, by raising of a head:

For, bear our selves as even as we can,

The King will always think him in our debt,

And think, we deem our selves unsatisfy'd,

Till he hath sound a time to pay us home.

And see already, how he doth begin

To make us strangers to his looks of love.

Hot. He does, he does; we'll be reveng'd on him.

I I fpeak not this in estimation, I Estimation for conjecture. But between this and the foregoing verse it appears there were some lines which are now lost. For, consider the sense. What was it that was ruminated, plotted, and set down? Why, as the text stands at present, that the Archbishop bore his brother's death bardiy. It is plain then that they were some consequences of that resentent which the speaker informed Hot-spur of, and to which his conclusion of, I speak not this by conjecture but on good proof, must be referred. But some player, I suppose, thinking the speech too long, struck them out.

Wor.

Wer. Cousin, farewel. No further go in this, Than I by letters shall direct your course; When time is ripe, which will be suddenly, I'll steal to Glendower, and lord Mortimer, Where you and Dowglas, and our Pow'rs at once, (As I will fashion it) shall happily meet, To bear our fortunes in our own strong arms, Which now we hold at much uncertainty. [trust. North. Farewel, good brother; we shall thrive, I Hot. Uncle, adieu: O let the hours be short, 'Till sields, and blows, and groans applaud our sport! [Exeunt.

# ACT II. SCENE I.

An Inn at Rochester.

Enter a Carrier with a Lanthorn in his Hand.

#### I CARRIER.

HEIGH ho! an't be not four by the day, I'll be hang'd. Charles' wain is over the new chimney, and yet our horse not packt. What, oftler?

Oft. [within.] Anon, anon.

I Car. I pr'ythee, Tom, beat Cutt's faddle, put a few flocks in the point: the poor jade is wrung in the withers, ' out of all cess.

I out of all cess.] The Oxford Editor not understanding this phrase, has alter'd it to—out of all case. As if it were likely that a blundering transcriber should change so common a word as case for cess? which, it is probable, he understood no more than this critic; but it means out of all measure: the phrase being taken from a cess, tax or subsidy; which being by regular and moderate rates, when any thing was exorbitant, or out of measure, it was said to be, out of all cess.

Enter

#### Enter another Carrier.

2 Car. Peafe and beans are 2 as dank here as a dog, and that is the next way to give poor jades the bots: this house is turn'd upside down, since Robin Ostler dy'd.

1 Car. Poor fellow never joy'd fince the price of

oats rose, it was the death of him.

2 Car. I think, this be the most villainous house in all London road for fleas: I am stung like a Tench.

I Car. Like a Tench? by th' Mass, 3 there's ne'er a King in Christendom could be better bit than I have been since the first cock

been fince the first cock.

2 Car. Why, they will allow us ne'er a jourden, and then we leak in your chimney: and your chamber-lie breeds fleas 4 like a Loach.

I Car. What, oftler, come away, and be hang'd,

come away.

2 Car. I have a gammon of bacon, and two (a) razes

of ginger to be deliver'd as far as Charing-cross.

i Car. 'Odsbody, the Turkies in my panniers are quite starv'd. What, oftler? a plague on thee! hast thou never an eye in thy head? canst not hear? an 'twere not as good a deed as drink, to break the pate of thee, I am a very villain. Come and be hang'd, hast no faith in thee?

#### Enter Gads-hill.

Gads. Good-morrow, carriers. What's o'clock?

Car. I think, it be two o'clock.

Gads. I pr'ythee, lend me thy lanthorn, to fee my gelding in the stable.

2 as dank] i.e. wet, rotten. Mr. Pope. 3 there's ne'er a King in Christendom could be better bit] Time, here, has added a pleasantry to the expression. For I think, the word to bite was not then used in the cant sense to deceive or impose upon.

4 like a Loach.] Scotch, a lake.

[(a) Razes] Bales. Mr. Theobald.]

& Car,

t Car. Nay, foft, I pray ye; I know a trick worth two of that, i'faith.

Gads. I pr'ythee, lend me thine.

2 Car. Ay, when? canst tell? lend me thy lanthorn, quoth a! marry, I'll see thee hang'd first.

Gads. Sirrah, carrier, what time do you mean to

come to London?

2 Car. Time enough to go to bed with a Candle, I warrant thee. Come, neighbour Mugges, we'll call up the gentlemen; they will along with Company, for they have great Charge.

[Exeunt Carriers.

## S C E N E II.

Enter Chamberlain.

Gads. That's ev'n as fair, as at hand, quoth the chamberlain; for thou varieft no more from picking of purfes, than giving direction doth from labouring.

Thou lay'st the plot how.

Chamb. Good-morrow, mafter Gads-hill; it holds currant, that I told you yesternight. There's a Franklin, in the wild of Kent, hath brought three hundred marks with him in gold; I heard him tell it to one of his company last night at supper; a kind of auditor, one that hath abundance of Charge too, God knows what: they are up already, and call for eggs and butter. They will away presently.

Gads. Sirrah, if they meet not with 5 St. Nicholas'

clarks, I'll give thee this neck.

Cham. No, I'll none of it: I pr'ythee, keep that for the hangman; for I know thou worshipp'st St. Nicholas as truly as a man of falshood may.

5 St. Nicholas' clarks,] St. Nicholas was the Patron Saint of scholars: And Nicholas, or Old Nick, is a cant name for the Devil. Hence he equivocally calls robbers, St. Nicholas's clarks.

Gads.

Gads. What talk'st thou to me of the hangman? if I hang, I'll make a fat pair of gallows. For if I hang, old Sir John hangs with me, and thou know'st, he's no starveling. Tut, there are other Trojans that thou dream'st not of, the which, for sport-sake, are content to do the profession some grace; that would, if matters should be look'd into, for their own credit sake, make all whole. I am join'd with no foot-land-rakers, no long-staff-fix-penny-strikers, none of those mad Mustachio-purple-hu'd-malt-worms; but with nobility and tranquillity; burgomasters, and great (a) Moneyers; fuch as can hold in, 6 fuch as will strike fooner than fpeak; and fpeak fooner than think; and think fooner than pray; and yet I lye, for they pray continually unto their Saint the Common-wealth; or rather, not pray to her, but prey on her; for they ride up and down on her, and make her their boots.

Cham. What, the common-wealth their boots? will

fhe hold out water in foul way?

Gads. 7 She will, she will; justice hath liquor'd her. We steal as in a castle, cock-sure; we have the receipt of Fern-seed, we walk invisible.

6 Such as will strike sooner than speak; and speak sooner than DRINK; and DRINK, sooner than pray; According to the specimen, given us in this play, of this dissolute gang, we have no reason to think they were less ready to drink than speak. Besides, it is plain, a natural gradation was here intended to be given of their actions, relative to one another. But what has speaking, drinking and praying to do with one another? We should certainly read think in both places instead of drink; and then we have a very regular and humourous climax. They will strike sooner than speak; and speak sooner than think; and think sooner than speak; and speak sooner than think; and the vertages they may now and then restest on their crimes, they will never repent of them. The Oxford Editor has dignished this correction by his adoption of it.

7 She will, fhe will; justice hath liquor'd her.] A Satire on chicane, in courts of justice; which supports ill men in their vio-

lations of the law, under the very cover of it.

[ (a) Moneyers. N. Hardinge, Esq.—Vulg. One-eyers.]
Cham.

Cham. Nay, I think rather, you are more beholden to the night, than the Fern-feed, for your walking invisible.

Gads. Give me thy hand: thou shalt have a share

in our purchase, as I am a true man.

Cham. Nay, rather let me have it, as you are a false thief.

Gads. Go to,—Homo is a common name to all men. Bid the oftler bring my Gelding out of the stable. Farewel, ye muddy knave.

[Exeunt.

## S C E N E III.

Changes to the Highway.

Enter Prince Henry, Poins, and Peto.

Poins. OME, shelter, shelter; I have removed Falftaff's horse, and he frets like a gumm'd velvet.

P. Henry. Stand close.

#### Enter Falstaff.

Fal. Poins, Poins, and be hanged, Poins!

P. Henry. Peace, ye fat-kidney'd rascal, what a brawling dost thou keep?

Fal. What, Poins! Hal!

P. Henry. He is walk'd up to the top of the hill,

I'll go feek him.

Fal. I am accurft to rob in that thief's company: the rascal hath remov'd my horse, and ty'd him, I know not where. If I travel but s four foot by the square farther asoot, I shall break my wind. Well, I doubt not but to die a fair death for all this, if I scape hanging for killing that rogue. I have forsworn his

8 four foot by the square] The thought is humourous, and alludes to his bulk: Infinuating, that his legs being four foot asunder, when he advanced four foot, this put together made four foot square.

company

company hourly any time this two and twenty year, and yet I am bewitch'd with the rogue's company. If the rafcal have not given me medicines to make me love him, I'll be hang'd; it could not be else; I have drunk medicines. Poins! Hal! a Plague upon you both. Bardolph! Peto! I'll starve, ere I'll rob a foot further. An 'twere not as good a deed as to drink, to turn true-man, and to leave these rogues, I am the veriest varlet that ever chew'd with a tooth. Eight yards of uneven ground, is threescore and ten miles as afoot with me: and the stony-hearted villains know it well enough. A plague upon't, when thieves cannot be true one to another. [They whistle.] Whew!—a plague upon you all. Give me my horse; you rogues, give me my horse, and be hang'd.

P. Henry. Peace, ye fat guts, lye down, lay thine ear close to the ground, and list if thou canst hear the tread

of travellers.

Fal. Have you any leavers to lift me up again, being down? 'Sblood, I'll not bear mine own flesh so far afoot again, for all the coin in thy father's exchequer. What a plague mean ye, to colt me thus?

P. Henry. Thou lieft, thou art not colted, thou art

uncolted.

Fal. I pr'ythee, good Prince Hal, help me to my horse, good King's son.

P. Henry. Out, you rogue! shall I be your oftler?

Fal. Go hang thy felf in thy own heir-apparent garters; if I be ta'en, I'll peach for this; an I have not ballads made on you all, and fung to filthy tunes, let a cup of fack be my poison; when a jest is so forward, and asoot too! I hate it.

Enter Gads-hill and Bardolph.

Gads. Stand,——
Fal. So I do against my will.

Poins.

Poins. O, 'tis our Setter, I know his voice:

Bardolph, what news?

Bard. Case ye, case ye; on with your visors; there's mony of the King's coming down the hill, 'tis going to the King's Exchequer.

Fal. You lie, you rogue, 'tis going to the King's

tavern.

Gads. There's enough to make us all.

Fal. To be hang'd.

P. Henry. Sirs, you four shall front them in the narrow lane; Ned Poins and I will walk lower; if they 'scape from your encounter, then they light on us.

Peto. But how many be of them?

Gads. Some eight or ten.

Fal. Zounds! will they not rob us?

P. Henry. What, a coward, Sir John Paunch.

Fal. Indeed, I am not John of Gaunt, your grand-father; but yet no coward, Hal.

P. Henry. Well, we'll leave that to the proof.

Poins. Sirrah, Jack, thy horse stands behind the hedge; when thou need'st him, there shalt thou find him; farewel, and stand fast.

Fal. Now cannot I strike him, if I should be

hang'd.

P. Henry. Ned, where are our difguises?

Poins. Here, hard by: stand close.

Fal. Now, my masters, happy man be his dole, say I; every man to his business.

## S C E N E IV.

#### Enter Travellers.

Trav. Come, neighbour; the boy shall lead our horses down the hill: we'll walk a foot a while, and ease our legs.

Thieves. Stand,——Trav. Jefu blefs us!

Fal.

Fal. Strike; down with them, cut the villains' throats; ah! whorson caterpillars; bacon-fed knaves; they hate us youth; down with them, fleece them.

*Frav.* O, we are undone, both we and ours for ever.

Fal. Hang ye, gorbellied knaves, are you undone? no, ye fat chuffs, I would your ftore were here. On, bacons, on! what, ye knaves? young men must live; you are grand jurors, are ye? we'll jure ye, i'faith.

[Here they rob and bind them: Exeunt.

## Enter Prince Henry and Poins.

P. Henry. The thieves have bound the true men: now could thou and I rob the thieves and go merrily to London, it would be argument for a week, laughter for a month, and a good jest for ever.

Poins. Stand close, I hear them coming.

## Enter Thieves again.

Fal. Come, my masters, let us share, and then to horse before day; an the Prince and Poins be not two arrant Cowards, there's no equity stirring. There's no more valour in that Poins, than in a wild Duck.

P. Henry. Your mony.

Poins. Villains!

[As they are sharing, the Prince and Poins set upon them. They all run away, and Falstaff after a blow or two runs away too, leaving the booty behind them.

P. Henry. Got with much ease. Now merrily to horse:

The thieves are fcatter'd, and posses with fear So strongly, that they dare not meet each other; Each takes his fellow for an officer.

Away, good *Ned*. Now *Falftaff* fweats to death, And lards the lean earth as he walks along: Were't not for laughing, I should pity him.

Poins. How the rogue roar'd!

SCENE

[Exeunt.

# S C E N E V. Lord Percy's House.

Enter Hot-spur solus, reading a letter.

BUT for mine own part, my lord, I could be well contented to be there, in respect of the love I bear your House. He could be contented to be there; why is he not then? in respect of the love he bears our House! he shews in this, he loves his own barn better than he loves our House. Let me see some more. The purpose you undertake is dangerous. Why, that's certain: 'tis dangerous to take a cold, to fleep, to drink: but I tell you, my lord fool, out of this nettle, danger, we pluck this flower, safety. The purpose you undertake is dangerous, the friends you have named uncertain, the time it self unsorted, and your whole plot too light, for the counterpeize of so great an opposition. Say you so, say you fo? I fay unto you again, you are a shallow cowardly hind, and you lie. What a lack-brain is this? By the lord, our plot is a good plot as ever was laid; our friends true and constant: a good plot, good friends, and full of expectation; an excellent plot, very good friends. What a frosty-spirited rogue is this? Why, my lord of York commends the plot, and the general course of the action. By this hand, if I were now by this rascal, I could 9 brain him with his lady's fan. Is there not my father, my uncle, and my felf, Lord Edmund Mortimer, my lord of York, and Owen Glendower? Is there not besides, the Dowglas? have I not all their letters, to meet me in arms by the ninth of the next month? and are there not some of them fet forward already? What a Pagan rafcal is this? an infidel. Ha! you shall see now, in very sincerity

<sup>9</sup> brain him with his lady's fan.] The fans, then in fashion, had very long handles.

of fear and cold heart, will he to the King, and lay open all our proceedings. O, I could divide my felf, and go to buffets, for moving fuch a dish of skimm'd milk with fo honourable an action. Hang him, let him tell the King. We are prepared, I will fet forward to night.

> E N E VI.

> > Enter Lady Percy.

How now, Kate! I must leave you within these two

Lady. O my good lord, why are you thus alone? For what offence have I this fortnight been A banish'd woman from my Harry's bed? Tell me, fweet lord, what is't that takes from thee Thy stomach, pleasure, and thy golden sleep? Why dost thou bend thy eyes upon the earth? And start so often, when thou sitt'st alone? Why hast thou lost the fresh blood in thy cheeks? And given my treasures and my rights of thee, To thick-ey'd musing, and curs'd melancholy? " In thy faint flumbers I by thee have watcht, "And heard thee murmur tales of iron wars: " Speak terms of manage to thy bounding steed;

"Cry, courage! to the field! and thou hast talk'd

" Of fallies, and retires; of trenches, tents,

"Of palifadoes, (a) fortins, parapets; " Of basilisks, of cannon, culverin,

"Of prisoner's ransom, and of soldiers slain,

" And all the current of a heady fight." Thy spirit within thee hath been so at war, And thus hath so bestir'd thee in thy sleep, That beads of fweat have stood upon thy brow, Like bubbles in a late-disturbed stream: And in thy face strange motions have appear'd,

[ (a) fortins. Oxford Editor .- Vulg. frontiers.]

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Such

Such as we see when men restrain their breath [these? On some great sudden haste. O, what portents are Some heavy business hath my lord in hand, And I must know it; else he loves me not.

Hot. What, ho! is Gilliams with the packet gone?

#### Enter Servant.

Serv. He is, my lord, an hour agone. [Sheriff? Hot. Hath Butler brought those horses from the Serv. One horse, my lord, he brought ev'n now. Hot. What horse? a roan, a crop-ear, is it not?

Serv. It is, my lord.

Hot. That roan shall be my Throne. Well, I will back him strait. O Esperance! Bid Butler lead him forth into the Park.

Lady. But hear you, my Lord. Hot. What fay'ft thou, my Lady? Lady. What is it carries you away?

Hot. Why, my horse, my love, my horse.

Lady. Out, you mad-headed ape! a weazel hath not Such a deal of fpleen as you are toft with.—
In faith, I'll know your bufinefs, that I will.
I fear, my brother Mortimer doth ftir
About his Title, and hath fent for you
To line his enterprize: but if you go——

Hot. So far afoot, I shall be weary, love.

Lady. Come, come, you Paraquito, answer me Directly to this question, I shall ask. I'll break thy little Finger, Harry,

An if thou wilt not tell me all things true. [not, Hot. Away, away, you trifler:—love! I love thee I care not for thee, Kate; this is no world To play with mammets, and to tilt with lips.

We must have bloody noses, and crack'd crowns, And pass them currant too—gods me! my horse. [me? What say'st thou, Kate? what wouldst thou have with

1 —mammets, —] i. e. girls.

Mr. Pope. Lady. Lady. Do ye not love me? do you not, indeed? Well, do not then. For, fince you love me not, I will not love my felf. Do you not love me? Nay, tell me, if you speak in jest, or no?

Hot. Come, wilt thou see me ride?

And when I am o'horse-back, I will swear,
I love thee infinitely. But hark you, Kate,
I must not have you henceforth question me,
Whither I go; nor reason, where about.
Whither I must, I must; and, to conclude,
This evening must I leave thee, gentle Kate.
I know you wise; but yet no further wise
Than Harry Percy's wise. Constant you are,
But yet a woman; and for secresse,
No lady closer. For I well believe,
Thou wilt not utter what thou dost not know;
And so far will I trust thee, gentle Kate.

Lady. How! fo far?

Hot. Not an inch further. But hark you, Kate, Whither I go, thither shall you go too; To day will I fet forth, to morrow you. Will this content you, Kate?

Lady. It must of force.

[Exeunt.

## S C E N E VII.

Changes to the Boar's-Head Tavern in East-cheap.

Enter Prince Henry and Poins.

P. Henry. D, pr'ythee come out of that fat room, and lend me thy hand to laugh a little.

Poins. Where hast been, Hal?

P. Henry. With three or four loggerheads, amongst three or fourscore hogsheads. I have sounded the very base string of humility. Sirrah, I am sworn brother to a leash of drawers, and can call them all by their Christian names, as Tom, Dick, and Francis. They take it already

ready upon their conscience, that though I be but Prince of Wales, yet I am the King of courtesie; telling me flatly, I am no proud Jack, like Falftaff, but a Corinthian, a lad of mettle, a good boy: (by the Lord, fo they call me; ) and when I am King of England, I shall command all the good lads in East-cheap. They call drinking deep, dying scarlet; and when you breathe in your watering, they cry, hem! and bid you play it off. - To conclude, I am fo good a proficient in one quarter of an hour, that I can drink with any tinker in his own language during my life. I tell thee, Ned, thou hast lost much honour, that thou wert not with me in this action; but, fweet Ned, -(to fweeten which name of Ned, I give thee this pennyworth of fugar, clapt even now into my hand by an under-skinker, one that never spake other English in his life, than Eight Shillings and Six Pence, and You are welcome, Sir: with this shrill addition, Anon, anon, Sir; Score a pint of bastard in the balf moon, or so.) But, Ned, to drive away the time till Falftaff come, I pr'ythee, do thou stand in some bye-room, while I question my puny drawer, to what end he gave me the fugar; and do thou never leave calling Francis, that his tale to me may be nothing but, anon. Step aside, and I'll shew thee a precedent. [Poins retires.

# S C E N E VIII.

Enter Francis the drawer.

Fran. Anon, anon, Sir; look down into the pomgranet, Ralph.

P. Henry. Come hither, Francis.

Fran. My lord.

P. Henry. How long hast thou to serve, Francis?

Fran.

Fran. Forfooth, five years, and as much as to-Poins. Francis,-

Fran. Anon, anon, Sir.

P. Henry. Five years; by'rlady, a long lease for the clinking of pewter. But, Francis, darest thou be so valiant, as to play the coward with thy indenture, and shew it a fair pair of heels, and run from it?

Fran. O lord, Sir, I'll be fworn upon all the books

in England, I could find in my heart-

Poins. Francis, Fran. Anon, anon, Sir.

P. Henry. How old art thou, Francis?

Fran. Let me see, about Michaelmas next I shall

Poins. Francis, ---

Fran. Anon, Sir; pray you stay a little, my lord.

P. Henry. Nay, but hark you, Francis, for the sugar thou gavest me, 'twas a pennyworth, was't not? Fran. O lord, I would it had been two.

P. Henry. I will give thee for it a thousand pound: ask me when thou wilt, and thou shalt have it.

Poins. Francis, -Fran. Anon, anon.

P. Henry. Anon, Francis? no, Francis, but to morrow, Francis, or Francis, on Thursday; or, indeed, Francis, when thou wilt. But, Francis, -

Fran. My lord?

P. Henry. Wilt thou rob this leathern-jerkin, crystalbutton, knot-pated, agat-ring, puke-stocking, caddicegarter, smooth-tongue, Spanish-pouch.

Fran. O lord, Sir, who do you mean?

P. Henry. Why then your brown bastard is your only drink; for look you, Francis, your white canvas doublet will fully. In Barbary, Sir, it cannot come to so much.

Fran. What, Sir? Poins. Francis, - P. Henry. Away, you rogue, dost thou not hear them call?

Here they both call; the drawer stands amazed, not knowing which way to go.

#### Enter Vintner.

Vint. What, stand'st thou still, and hear'st such a Calling? Look to the guests within. My lord, old Sir John with half a dozen more are at the door; shall I let them in?

P. Henry. Let them alone a while, and then open the door. Poins, \_\_\_\_\_ [Exit Vintuer.

### Enter Poins.

Poins. Anon, anon, Sir;

P. Henry. Sirrah, Falftaff and the rest of the thieves

are at the door; shall we be merry?

Poins. As merry as Crickets, my lad. But hark ye, what cunning match have you made with this jest of the drawer? come, what's the issue?

P. Henry. I am now of all humours, that have shew'd themselves humours, since the old days of goodman Adam, to the pupil age of this present twelve o'clock at midnight. What's o'clock, Francis?

Fran. Anon, anon, Sir.

P. Henry. That ever this fellow should have fewer words than a Parrot, and yet the son of a Woman!— His industry is up stairs and down stairs; his eloquence the parcel of a reckoning. I am not yet of Percy's mind, the hot-spur of the north; he that kills me some six or seven dozen of Scots at a breakfast, washes his hands and says to his wife, "fie upon this quiet life! I want work. "O my sweet Harry, says she, how many hast thou kill'd to day? "Give my roan horse a drench, says he, and answers, some sourteen, an hour after; a trisle, a trisle. I pr'ythee, call in Fal-staff; I'll play Percy, and that damn'd Brawn shall play

play dame Mertimer his wife. (a) Ribi, fays the drunkard. Call in ribs, call in tallow.

### S C E N E IX.

Enter Falstaff, Gads-hill, Bardolph, and Peto.

Poins. Welcome, fack; where hast thou been?

Fal. A plague of all cowards, I say, and a ven-

geance too, marry and Amen! Give me a cup of fack, boy— Ere I lead this life long, I'll fow nether focks, and mend them, and foot them too. A plague of all cowards! Give me a cup of fack, rogue. Is there no virtue extant?

[He drinks.]

P. Henry. <sup>2</sup> Didft thou never fee *Titan* kifs a dift of butter? (pitiful-hearted *Titan*!) that melted at the fweet tale of the Sun? if thou didft, then behold that compound.

Fal. You rogue, 3 here's lime in this fack too; there is nothing but roguery to be found in villainous man;

yet

2 Didst thou newer see Titan kiss a dish of butter? pitisul-hearted Titan! that melted at the sweet tale of the Sun? This perplexes Mr. Theobald; he calls it nonsense, and indeed, having made nonsense of it, changes it to pitisul-hearted Butter. But the common reading is right: And all that wants restoring is a parenthesis into which (pitisul-hearted Titan!) should be put. Pitisul-hearted means only amorous, which was Titan's character the pronoun that refers to butter. But the Oxford Editor goes still further, and not only takes without ceremony, Mr. Theobald's bread and butter, but turns tale into face; not perceiving that the heat of the Sun is figuratively represented as a bre-tale, the poet having before called him pitisul-hearted, or amorous.

3 here's lime in this fack too; there is nothing but roguery to be found in willainous man; Sir Richard Hawkins, one of Queen Elizabeth's sea-captains, in his voyages, p. 379. says, Since the Spanish facks have been common in our tawerns, which for conservation are mingled with lime in the making, our nation complains of calentures, of the stone, the dropsy, and infinite other distempers not heard of before this wine came into frequent use. Besides, there

[ (a) Ribi. Oxford Editor. —Vu'g. Rivo.]

yet a coward is worse than a cup of sack with lime in it. A villainous coward—Go thy ways, old Jack, die when thou wilt, if manhood, good manhood, be not forgot upon the sace of the earth, then am I a shotten herring: there live not three good men unhang'd in England, and one of them is fat, and grows old, God help, the while! a bad world; I say. I would, I were a weaver; I could sing psalms, and all manner of songs. A plague of all cowards, I say still!

P. Henry. How now, Woolfack, what mutter you? Fal. A King's fon? if I do not beat thee out of thy Kingdom with a dagger of lath, and drive all thy Subjects afore thee like a flock of wild geefe, I'll never wear hair on my face more. You Prince of Wales?

P. Henry. Why, you whorson round man! what's

the matter?

Fal. Are you not a coward? answer me to that, and Poins there?

P. Heney. Ye fat paunch, an ye call me coward, I'll flab thee.

is no year that it wasteth not two millions of crowns of our sub-flance by conveyance into foreign countries. This latter, indeed, was a substantial evil. But as to lime's giving the stone, this sure must be only the good old man's prejudice; since in a wifer age by sar, an old woman made her fortune, by shewing us that lime was a cure for the stone. Sir John Falsaff, were he alive again, would say she deserved it, for satisfying us that we might drink sack in safety: But that liquor has been long since out of date. I think Lord Clarendon, in his Apology, tells us, That sweet wines before the Resonation, were so much to the English taste, that we engrossed the whole product of the Canaries; and that not a sipe of it was expended in any other country in Europe. But the banished Cavaliers brought home with them the goust for French wines, which has continued ever since; and from whence, perhaps, we may more truly date the greater frequency of the stone.

4 I would, I were a weaver; I could fing pfalms, &c.] In the perfecutions of the protestants in Flanders under Philip II. those who came over into England on that occasion, brought with them the woollen manufactory. These were Calvinists, who were

always diftinguished for their love of pialmody.

Fal. I call thee coward! I'll fee thee damn'd ere I call thee coward; but I would give a thousand pound I could run as fast as thou canst. You are strait enough in the shoulders, you care not who sees your back: call you that backing of your friends? a plague upon such backing! give me them that will sace me—Give me a cup of sack; I am a rogue, if I drunk to day.

P. Henry. O villain, thy lips are scarce wip'd since

thou drunk'st last.

Fal. All's one for that. [He drinks.

A plague of all cowards, still, say I! P. Henry. What's the matter?

Fal. What's the matter! here be four of us, have ta'en a thousand pound this morning.

P. Henry. Where is it, Jack? where is it?

Fal. Where is it? taken from us, it is; a hundred upon poor four of us.

P. Henry. What a hundred, man?

Fal. I am a rogue, if I were not at half-sword with a dozen of them two hours together. I have escap'd by miracle. I am eight times thrust through the doublet, four through the hose, my buckler cut through and through, my sword hack'd like a hand-saw, ecce signum. I never dealt better since I was a man; all would not do. A plague of all cowards!—let them speak; if they speak more or less than truth, they are villains and the sons of darkness.

P. Henry. Speak, Sirs, how was it? Gads. We four fet upon some dozen. Fal. Sixteen, at least, my lord.

Gads. And bound them.

Peto. No, no, they were not bound.

Fal. You rogue, they were bound, every man of them, or I am a Jew elfe, an Ebrew Jew.

Gads. As we were sharing, some six or seven fresh

men set upon us.

Fali.

Fal. And unbound the rest, and then came in the other.

P. Henry. What, fought ye with them all?

Fal. All? I know not, what ye call all; but if I fought not with fifty of them, I am a bunch of radish: if there were not two or three and fifty upon poor old Jack, then am I no two-legg'd creature.

Poins. Pray heav'n, you have not murthered fome

of them.

Fal. Nay, that's past praying for. I have pepper'd two of them; two, I am sure, I have pay'd, two rogues in buckram suits. I tell thee what, Hal, If I tell thee a lie, spit in my face, call me horse; thou know'st my old ward; here I lay, and thus I bore my point; four rogues in buckram let drive at me.

P. Henry. What, four? thou faidst but two, even

now.

Fal. Four, Hal, I told thee four. Poins. Ay, ay, he faid four.

Fal. These four came all a-front, and mainly thrust at me; I made no more ado, but took all their seven points in my target, thus.

P. Henry. Seven? why there were but four, even

now.

Fal. In buckram.

Poins. Ay, four, in buckram fuits.

Fal. Seven, by these hilts, or I am a villain else.

P. Henry. Pr'ythee let him alone, we shall have more anon.

Fal. Dost thou hear me, Hal?

P. Henry. Ay, and mark thee too, Jack.

Fal. Do so, for it is worth the listning to: these nine in buckram, that I told thee of —

P. Henry. So, two more already. Fal. Their points being broken —

Poins. Down fell his hofe.

Fal. Began to give me ground; but I follow'd me elose, came in foot and hand; and, with a thought, seven of the eleven I pay'd

P. Henry. O monstrous! eleven buckram men grown

out of two!

Fal. But as the devil would have it, three mif-begotten knaves in Kendal green came at my back, and let drive at me; (for it was so dark, Hal, that thou couldst

not fee thy hand.)

Fal. What, art thou mad? art thou mad? is not

the truth, the truth?

P. Henry. Why, how could'st thou know these men in Kendal green, when it was so dark, thou could'st not see thy hand? come, tell us your reason: what say'st thou to this?

Poins. Come, your reason, Jack, your reason.

Fal. What, upon compulsion? no; were I at the strappado, or all the racks in the world, I would not tell you on compulsion. Give you a reason on compulsion! if reasons were as plenty as black-berries, I would give no man a reason upon compulsion, I.

P. Henry. I'll be no longer guilty of this fin. This fanguine coward, this bed-presser, this horse-back-

breaker, this huge hill of flesh, ---

Fal. Away, you starveling, you (a) eel-skin, you dry'd neats-tongue, bull's pizzel, you stock-fish: O for breath to utter! What is like thee? You taylor's yard, you sheath, you bow-case, you vile standing tuck, ——

P. Henry. Well, breathe a while, and then to't again; and when thou hast tir'd thy self in base comparisons,

hear me speak but this.

[ (a) Eel-skin. Oxford Editor. - Vulg. Elf-skin.]

Poins.

Poins. Mark, Fack.

P. Henry. We two saw you sour set on sour, you bound them, and were masters of their wealth: mark now, how a plain tale shall put you down. Then did we two set on you sour, and with a word, out-fac'd you from your prize, and have it; yea, and can shew it you here in the house. And, Falstaff, you carry'd your guts away as nimbly, with as quick dexterity, and roar'd for mercy, and still ran and roar'd, as ever I heard bull-cals. What a slave art thou, to hack thy sword as thou hast done, and then say it was in sight—What trick? what device? what starting hole, canst thou now find out, to hide thee from this open and apparent shame?

Poins. Come, let's hear, Jack: what trick hast

thou now?

Fal. By the Lord, I knew ye, as well as he that made ye. Why, hear ye, my masters; was it for me to kill the heir apparent? Should I turn upon the true Prince? Why, thou knowest, I am as valiant as Hercules; but beware instinct, the Lion will not touch the true Prince: instinct is a great matter. I was a coward on instinct: I shall think the better of my self, and thee, during my life; I, for a valiant Lion, and thou for a true Prince. But, by the lord, lads, I am glad you have the mony. Hostess, clap to the doors; watch to night, pray to morrow. Gallants, lads, boys, hearts of gold, all the titles of good fellowship come to you! What, shall we be merry? shall we have a play extempore?

P. Henry. Content: — and the argument shall be

thy running away.

Fal. Ah!-no more of that, Hal, if thou lovest me.

## S C E N E X.

## Enter Hostess.

Host. O Jesu! my lord the Prince!

P. Henry. How now, my lady the hostess, what

fay'st thou to me?

Host. Marry, my lord, there is a Nobleman of the Court at door would speak with you; he says, he comes from your father.

P. Henry. Give him as much as will make him a royal man, and fend him back again to my mo-

ther.

Fal. What manner of man is he?

Host. An old man.

Fal. What doth gravity out of his bed at midnight? Shall I give him his answer?

P. Henry. Pr'ythee, do, Jack.

Fal. Faith, and I'll fend him packing. [Exit.

P. Henry. Now, Sirs, by'r lady, you fought fair; fo did you, Peto; fo did you, Bardolph: you are Lions too, you ran away upon inftinct; you will not touch the true Prince; no, fie!

Bard. 'Faith, I ran when I faw others run.

P. Henry. Tell me now in earnest; how came Fal-

staff's sword so hackt?

Peto. Why, he hackt it with his dagger, and faid, he would fwear truth out of England, but he would make you believe it was done in fight, and persuaded us to do the like.

Bard. Yea, and to tickle our nofes with spear-grass, to make them bleed; and then beslubber our garments with it, and swear it was the blood of true men. I did That I did not these seven years before, I blush'd to hear his monstrous devices.

P. Henry. O villain, thou stollest a cup of sack eighteen

teen years ago, and wert 5 taken with the manner, and ever fince thou hast blush'd extempore; thou hadst fire and sword on thy side, and yet thou rannest away; what instinct hadst thou for it?

Bard. My lord, do you see these meteors? do you

behold these exhalations?

P. Henry. I do.

Bard. What think you they portend? P. Henry. Hot livers, and cold purses. Bard. Choler, my lord, if rightly taken. P. Henry. No, if rightly taken, halter.

# S C E N E XI.

#### Re-enter Falstaff.

Here comes lean Jack, here comes bare-bone. How now, my sweet creature of bombast, how long is't

ago, fack, fince thou faw'ft thy own knee?

Fal. My own knee? When I was about thy years, Hal, I was not an Eagle's talon in the waste; I could have crept into any alderman's thumb-ring: a plague of fighing and grief, it blows a man up like a bladder. There's villainous news abroad: here was Sir John Braby from your Father; you must go to the Court in the morning. That same mad fellow of the north, Percy, — and he of Wales, that gave Amamon the bastinado, and made Lucifer cuckold, and swore the devil his true Liegeman upon the cross of a Welfbhook: what a plague call you him ———

Poins. O, Glendowser.

Fal. Owen, Owen; the fame; and his fon-in-law

i. e. I suppose, by the lord of it, as a strey.

Martimer,

<sup>(5)</sup> taken in the manner ] The Quarto and Folio read with the manner, which is right. Taken with the manner is a law phrase, and then in common use, to signify taken in the fact. But the Oxford Editor alters it, for better security of the sease, to

Mortimer, and old Northumberland, and that sprightly Scot of Scots, Dowglas, that runs a horseback up a hill perpendicular ——

P. Henry. He that rides at high speed, and with a

pistol kills a Sparrow flying.

Fal. You have hit it.

P. Henry. So did he never the Sparrow.

Fal. Well; that rascal had good mettle in him, he will not run.

P. Henry. Why, what a rafcal art thou then, to praise him so for running?

Fal. A horseback, ye cuckow, -but afoot, he will

not budge a foot.

P. Henry. Yes, Jack, upon instinct.

Fal. I grant ye, upon inftinct: well, he is there too, and one Mordake, and a thousand blue-caps more. Worcester is stoln away by night: thy father's beard is turn'd white with the news: you may buy land now as cheap as stinking mackerel.

P. Henry. Then 'tis like, if there come a hot June, and this civil buffetting hold, we shall buy maiden-

heads as they buy hob-nails, by the hundred.

Fal. By the mass, lad, thou say'st true; it is like, we shall have good trading that way. But tell me, Hal, art not thou horribly ascard? thou being heir apparent, could the world pick thee out three such enemies again as that siend Dowglas, that spirit Percy, and that devil Glendower? art thou not horribly as afraid? doth not thy blood thrill at it?

P. Henry. Not a whit, i'faith; I lack some of thy

instinct.

Fal. Well, thou wilt be horribly chid to morrow, when thou com'ft to thy father: if thou do love me, practife an answer.

P. Henry. Do thou stand for my father, and examine

me upon the particulars of my life.

Fal. Shall I? content: this Chair shall be my State, this Dagger my Scepter, and this Cushion my Crown.

P. Henry. Thy state is taken for a joint-stool, thy golden scepter for a leaden dagger, and thy precious

rich Crown for a pitiful bald crown.

Fal. Well, an the fire of grace be not quite out of thee, now shalt thou be moved—Give me a cup of Sack to make mine eyes look red, that it may be thought I have wept; for I must speak in passion, and I will do it in 6 King Cambyses' vein.

P. Henry. Well, here is my leg.

Fal. And here is my speech — Stand aside, Nobility ————

Host. This is excellent sport, i'faith.

Fal. Weep not, sweet Queen, for trickling tears are vain.

Host. O the father! how he holds his countenance? Fal. For God's sake, lords, convey my tristful Queen, For tears do stop the flood-gates of her eyes.

Host. O rare, he doth it as like one of those harlotry

Players, as I ever fee.

Fal. Peace, good pint-pot; peace, good tickle-brain--
7 Harry, I do not only marvel, where thou spendest

thy time; but also, how thou art accompany'd: for

though the camomile, the more it is trodden on, the

faster it grows: yet youth, the more it is wasted,

the fooner it wears. Thou art my fon; I have partly thy mother's word, partly my own opinion; but

' chiefly, a villainous trick of thine eye, and a foolish hanging of thy nether lip, that doth warrant me. If

then thou be fon to me, here lyeth the point; why, being fon to me, art thou so pointed at? Shall the

bleffed Sun of heav'n prove a micher, and eat black-

6 King Cambyses' weir.] A bombast play of that time.

9 Harry, I do not only marvel, &c.] A ridicule on the public oratory of that time.

8 a micher,] i. e. Truant; to mich, is to lunk out of fight, a hedge creeper.

• berries?

berries? a question not to be ask'd. Shall the fon of England prove a thief and take purses? a question

to be ask'd. There is a thing, Harry, which thou

- hast often heard of, and it is known to many in our Land by the name of pitch: this pitch, as ancient
- writers do report, doth defile; fo doth the company
- thou keep'st; for, Harry, now do I not speak to
- thee in drink, but in tears; not in pleasure, but in passion; not in words only, but in woes also; and
- yet there is a virtuous man, whom I have often

onoted in thy company, but I know not his name.

P. Henry. What manner of man, an it like your

Majesty?

Fal. 'A goodly portly man, i'faith, and a corpulent; of a chearful look, a pleasing eye, and a most

or, by'r-lady, inclining to threefcore; and now, I

remember me, his name is Falltaff: if that man fhould be lewdly given, he deceives me; for, Harry,

I fee virtue in his looks. (a) If then the fruit may

be known by the tree, as the tree by the fruit, then peremptorily I fpeak it, there is virtue in that Fal-

\* fraff; him keep with, the rest banish. And tell me now, thou naughty variet, tell me, where hast thou been this month?

P. Henry. Dost thou speak like a King? do thou

stand for Me, and I'll play my father.

Fal. Depose me? — If thou dost it half so gravely, so majestically, both in word and matter, hang me up by the heels for a rabbet-sucker, 9 or a poulterer's hare.

P. Henry. Well, here I am set.

9 or a poulterer's hare.] Meaning a painted hare, shaped on a board used by poulterers for a sign.

(a) If then the fruit may be known by the tree, as the tree by the fruit. Oxford Editor.— Vulg. If then the tree may be known by the fruit, as the fruit by the tree.

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Fal. And here I fland; judge, my mafters. P. Henry. Now, Harry, whence come you? Fal. My noble lord, from East-cheap.

P. Henry. The Complaints I hear of thee are grievous.

Fal. 'Sblood, my lord, they are false. - Nay,

I'll tickle ye for a young Prince. P. Henry, 'Swearest thou, ungracious boy? henceforth ne'er look on me; thou art violently carried away from grace; there's a devil haunts thee, in the ' likeness of a fat old man: a tun of man is thy comspanion. Why dost thou converse with that trunk of humours, that boulting-hutch of beastliness, that fweln parcel of dropfies, that huge bombard of fack, that stufft cloak-bag of guts, that roasted Manningtree Ox with the pudding in his belly, that reverend vice, that grey iniquity, that father ruffian, that vanity in years? Wherein is he good, but to taste fack and drink it? wherein neat and cleanly, but to carve a capon and eat it? wherein cunning, but in ' craft? wherein crafty, but in villany? wherein vil-' lainous, but in all things? wherein worthy, but in nothing?

Fal. I would, your Grace would take me with you:

whom means your Grace?

P. Henry. That villainous abominable mif-leader of youth, Falftaff, that old white-bearded Sathan.

Fal. My lord, the man I know. P. Henry. I know, thou doft.

Fal. 'But to fay, I know more harm in him than in my felf, were to fay more than I know. That he is old, the more is the pity, his white hairs do witness it; but that he is, (faving your reverence,) a whoremaster, that I utterly deny. If sack and sugar be a fault, God help the wicked! if to be old and merry, be a fin, then many an old Host, that I know, is damn'd: if to be fat, be to be hated, then

· Pharoah's

- · Pharoah's lean kine are to be lov'd. No, my good
- · lord, banish Peto, banish Bardolph, banish Poins;
- but for sweet Jack Falstaff, kind Jack Falstaff, true fack Falstaff, valiant Jack Falstaff, and therefore
- " more valiant, being as he is, old Jack Falstaff;
- banish not him thy *Harry*'s company: banish plump *Fack*, and banish all the world.

P. Henry. I do, I will.

[Knocking; and Hostess goes out.

# Enter Bardolph running.

Bard. O, my lord, my lord, the Sheriff with a most monstrous Watch, is at the door.

Fal. Out, you rogue! play out the Play: I have much to fay in behalf of that Falftaff.

# Re-enter the Hostess.

Host. O, my lord, my lord!

Fal. Heigh, heigh, the devil rides upon a fiddle-flick: what's the matter?

Host. The Sheriff and all the watch are at the door: they are come to fearch the house: shall I let them in?

Fal. Dost thou hear, Hal? never call a true piece of gold a counterfeit: thou art essentially mad, without seeming so.

P. Henry. And thou a natural coward, without in-

stinct.

Fal. I deny your major; if you will deny the Sheriff, fo; if not, let him enter. If I become not a cart as well as another man, a plague on my bringing up; I hope, I shall as soon be strangled with a halter, as another.

P. Henry. Go, hide thee behind the arras, the rest walk up above. Now, my masters, for a true sace

and good conscience.

Fal. Both which I have had; but their date is out, and therefore I'll hide me.

[Exeunt Falstaff, Bardolph, &c.

P. Henry. Call in the Sheriff.

# S C E N E XII.

Enter Sheriff and Carrier.

Now, mafter Sheriff, what is your will with me? Sher. First, pardon me, my lord. A hue and cry Hath follow'd certain men unto this house.

P. Henry. What men?

Sher. One of them is well known, my gracious lord, A gross fat man.

Car. As fat as butter.

P. Henry. The man, I do affure you, is not here, For I my felf at this time have imploy'd him; And, Sheriff, I engage my word to thee, That I will, by to morrow dinner time, Send him to answer thee, or any man, For any thing he shall be charg'd withal: And so let me intreat you leave the house.

Sher. I will, my lord: there are two gentlemen Have in this robbery lost three hundred marks.

P. Henry. It may be so; if he have robb'd these men, He shall be answerable; and so farewel.

Sher. Good night, my noble lord.

P. Henry. I think, it is good morrow, is it not? Sher. Indeed, my lord, I think it be two o' clock.

[Exit.

P. Henry. This oily rascal is known as well as Paul's: go call him forth.

\*Peto. Falstaff - fast asleep, behind the arras,

and fnorting like a horse.

P. Henry. Hark, how hard he fetches breath: fearch his Pockets.

[He searches his pockets, and finds certain papers. P. Henry. P. Henry. What hast thou found? Peto. Nothing but papers, my lord.

P. Henry. Let's fee, what be they? read them.

Peto. Item, a capon, 25. 2d.

Item, Sawce, 4d.

Item, Sack, two gallons, 5s. 8d.

Item, Anchoves and fack after supper, 2 s. 6 d.

Item, Bread, a halfpenny.

P. Henry. O monstrous! but one halfpenny-worth of bread, to this intolerable deal of fack? What there is else, keep close, we'll read it at more advantage; there let him sleep till day. I'll to the Court in the morning: we must all to the wars, and thy place shall be honourable. I'll procure this fat rogue a charge of foot, and, I know, his death will be a march of twelvescore. The mony shall be paid back again with advantage. Be with me betimes in the morning; and fo good morrow, Peto.

Peto. Good morrow, good my lord. Exeunt.

# ACT III. SCENE I.

The Archdeacon of Bangor's House in Wales.

Enter Hot-spur, Worcester, Lord Mortimer, and Owen Glendower.

#### MORTIMER.

THESE promises are fair, the parties fure, And our induction full of prosp'rous hope. Hot. Lord Mortimer, and cousin Glendower, Will you fit down?

I I know, his death will be a march of twelvescore.] i.e. It will kill him to march fo far as twelvescore foot.

Mr. Pope.

L 3

And,

And, uncle Worcester ---- a plague upon it! I have forgot the map.

Glend. No, here it is;

Sit, cousin Percy; sit, good cousin Hot-spur:

For, by that name, as oft as Lancaster

Doth speak of you, i his cheek looks pale; and with A rising sigh, he wisheth you in heav'n.

Hot. And you in hell, as often as he hears

Owen Glendower spoke of.

Glend. "I blame him not: at my Nativity,

The front of heav'n was full of fiery shapes, of burning Creffets; know, that, at my birth,

"The frame and the foundation of the earth

" Shook like a coward.

Hot. "So it wou'd have done

" At the same season, if your mother's cat

" Had kitten'd, though your felf had ne'er been born. Glend. I fay, the earth did shake when I was born. Hot. I say, the earth then was not of my mind;

If you suppose, as fearing you, it shook.

Glend. The heav'ns were all on fire, the earth did tremble.

Hot. O, then the earth shook to see the heav'ns on And not in fear of your nativity.

" Diseased Nature oftentimes breaks forth

"In strange eruptions; and the teeming earth

" Is with a kind of colick pinch'd and vext,

" By the imprisoning of unruly wind

"Within her womb; which, for enlargement striving, "Shakes the old beldame earth, and topples down

"High tow'rs and moss-grown steeples. At your birth, Our grandam earth, with this distemperature,

In paffion shook.

Glend. Cousin, of many men

I do not bear these crossings: give me leave

1 - his cheeks look pale; - ] Quarto, better. His cheek looks.

To tell you once again, that at my birth

"The front of heav'n was full of fiery shapes;

"The goats ran from the mountains, and the herds

"Were strangely clam'rous in the frighted fields:
These signs have mark'd me extraordinary,
And all the courses of my life do shew,
I am not in the roll of common men.
Where is he living, clipt in with the sea
That chides the banks of England, Wales, or Scotland,
Who calls me pupil, or hath read to me?
And bring him out, that is but woman's son,
Can trace me in the tedious ways of art,
Or hold me pace in deep experiments.

Hot. I think, there is no man speaks better Welsh.

I'll to dinner ----

Mort. Peace, cousin Percy; you will make him mad. Glend. I can call Spirits from the vasty deep. Hot. Why, so can I, or so can any man:

But, will they come when you do call for them?

Glend. Why, I can teach thee to command the devil. Hot. And I can teach thee, coz, to shame the devil, By telling truth; Tell truth and shame the devil. — If thou hast pow'r to raise him, bring him hither, And I'll be sworn, I've pow'r to shame him hence. Oh, while you live, tell truth, and shame the devil.

Mort. Come, come!

No more of this unprofitable chat. [head Glend. Three times hath Henry Bolingbroke made Against my pow'r; thrice from the banks of Wye, And sandy-bottom'd Severn, have I sent Him bootless home, and weather-beaten back.

Hot. Home, without boots, and in foul weather too! How 'fcapes he agues, in the devil's name?

Glend. Come, here's the Map: Shall we divide our Right,

According to our threefold order ta'en?

Mort. Th' Archdeacon hath divided it Into three limits, very equally: England, from Trent, and Severn hitherto. By fouth and east, is to my part assign'd: All westward, Wales, beyond the Severn shore. And all the fertile land within that bound, To Owen Glendower; and, dear Coz, to you The remnant northward, lying off from Trent. And our Indentures tripartite are drawn: Which being fealed interchangeably, (A business, that this night may execute) To morrow, cousin Percy, you and I, And my good lord of Worcester, will set forth, To meet your father, and the Scottish Power, As is appointed us, at Shrewsbury. My father Glendower is not ready yet, Nor shall we need his help these fourteen days: Within that space, you may have drawn together Your tenants, friends, and neighbouring gentlemen.

Glend. A shorter time shall fend me to you, lords: And in my conduct shall your ladies come, From whom you now must steal, and take no leave;

For there will be a world of water shed,

Upon the parting of your wives and you.

Hot. 2 Methinks, my portion, north from Burton
In quantity equals not one of yours:
See, how this river comes me crankling in,
And cuts me, from the best of all my land,
A huge half-moon, a monstrous cantle out.
I'll have the Current in this place damm'd up:
And here the smug and silver Trent shall run
In a new channel, fair and evenly:

<sup>2</sup> Methinks, my moiety,—] Hot-fur is here just such a divider as the Irishman who made three balves: Therefore, for the homour of Shakespear, I will suppose, with the Oxford Editor, that he wrote portion.

It shall not wind with such a deep indent, To rob me of so rich a bottom here.

Glend. Not wind? it shall, it must; you see, it doth.

Mort. But mark, he bears his course, and runs me up

With like advantage on the other fide, Gelding th' opposed continent as much, As on the other fide it takes from you.

War. Yes, but a little charge will trench him here,

And on this north-fide win this cape of land,

And then he runs straight and even.

Hot. I'll have it so, a little charge will do it.

Glend. I will not have it alter'd.

Hot. Will not you?

Glend. No, nor you shall not.

Hot. Who shall say me nay?

Glend. Why, that will I.

Hot. Let me not understand you then,

Speak it in Welsh.

Glend. I can speak English, lord, as well as you, For I was train'd up in the English Court: Where, being young, I framed to the harp Many an English Ditty, lovely well, And gave the tongue a helpful ornament; A virtue, that was never seen in you.

Hot. Marry, and I'm glad of it with all my heart,

"I'd rather hear a brazen candlestick turn'd,

"Or a dry wheel grate on the axle-tree,
And that would nothing fet my teeth on edge,

" Nothing so much as mincing Poetry;

"Tis like the forc'd gate of a shuffling nag. Glend. Come, you shall have Trent turn'd.

Hot. I do not care; I'll give thrice fo much land To any well-deferving friend;

But in the way of bargain, mark ye me, I'll cavil on the ninth part of a hair.

Are

Are the indentures drawn? shall we be gone? Glend. The moon shines fair, you may away by

night:

(3 I'll hafte the writer) and withal, Break with your Wives of your departure hence: I am afraid my daughter will run mad; So much she doteth on her Mortimer. [Exit.

#### SCENE II.

Mort. Fie, cousin Percy, how you cross my father? Hot. I cannot chuse; sometime he angers me,

" With telling 4 of the Moldwarp and the Ant,

" Of dreamer Merlin, and his prophecies;

" And of a dragon, and a finless fish,

" A clipt-wing Griffin, and a moulting Raven;

" A couching Lion, and a ramping Cat; " And fuch a deal of skimble-skamble stuff,

" As puts me from my faith. I tell you what, " He held me the last night at least nine hours,

"In reck'ning up the feveral devils names,

"That were his lackeys: I cry'd, hum, -and well, -But mark'd him not a word. O, he's as tedious As a tir'd horse, or as a railing wife:

Worse than a smoaky house. I'd rather live With cheefe and garlick, in a windmil, far; Than feed on cates, and have him talk to me, In any fummer-house in christendom.

Mort. In faith, he is a worthy gentleman; Exceedingly well read, and profited In strange concealments; valiant as a Lion;

3 (I'll baste the writer) He means the writer of the articles. Mr. Pope.

4 - of the Moldwerp and the Ant, This alludes to an old prophecy which is faid to have induced Owen Glandower to take arms against King Henry. See Hall's Chronicle, folio 20. Mir. Pope.

And wond'rous affable; as bountiful As Mines of *India*: fhall I tell you, coufin? He holds your temper in a high respect, And curbs himself, even of his natural scope, When you do cross his humour; 'faith, he does. I warrant you, that man is not alive Might so have tempted him as you have done, Without the taste of danger and reproof. But do not use it oft, let me intreat you.

Wor. In faith, my lord, you are too wilful-blame, And, fince your coming here, have done enough To put him quite befides his patience:
You must needs learn, lord, to amend this fault;
Though sometimes it shews greatness, courage, blood, (And that's the dearest grace it renders you;)
Yet oftentimes it doth present harsh rage,
Defect of manners, want of government,
Pride, haughtiness, opinion, and distain:
The least of which, haunting a Nobleman,
Loseth men's hearts, and leaves behind a stain
Upon the beauty of all parts besides,
Beguiling them of commendation.

[speed]

S C E N E III.

Here come our wives, and let us take our leave.

Hot. Well, I am school'd: good manners be your

Enter Glendower, with the ladies.

Mort. This is the deadly fpight that angers me, My wife can fpeak no English, I no Welsh.

Glend. My daughter weeps, fhe will not part with

She'll be a foldier too, she'll to the wars.

Mort. Good father, tell her, she and my aunt Percy Shall follow in your conduct speedily.

[Glendower speaks to her in Welsh, and she anfwers him in the same,

Glend.

Glend. She's desp'rate here: a peevish self-will'd harlotry,

That no persuasion can do good upon.

[Lady speaks in Welsh.

Mort. I understand thy looks; that pretty Welsh, Which thou pour'st down from those two swelling heavens,

I am too perfect in: and, but for shame, In such a parly should I answer thee.

[The Lady again in Welsh.

I understand thy kisses, and thou mine;
And that's a feeling disputation:
But I will never be a truant, love,
'Till I have learn'd thy language; for thy tongue
Makes Welsh as sweet as ditties highly penn'd,
Sung by a fair Queen in a summer's bower,
With ravishing division to her lute.

Glend. Nay, if thou melt, then will she run mad. [The Lady speaks again in Welsh.

Mort. O, I am Ignorance itself in this. Glend. She bids you,

"All on the wanton rushes lay you down, And rest your gentle head upon her lap,

"And she will sing the song that pleaseth you,
"And on your eye-lids crown the God of Sleep,
"Charming your blood with pleasing heaviness;

"Making fuch diff'rence betwixt wake and fleep,

"As is the diff'rence betwixt day and night,
"The hour before the heav'nly-harness'd team

"Begins his golden progress in the east.

Mart. With all my heart I'll fit, and hear her fing: By that time will our book, I think, be drawn.

5 And on your eye-lids crown the God of Sleep fliculd not only sit on his eye-lids, but that he should sit crown'd, that is, pleased and delighted.

Glend.

Glend. Do so;

And tho' th' musicians, that shall play to you Hang in the air a thousand leagues from hence; Yet strait they shall be here; sit, and attend.

Hot. Come, Kate, thou art perfect in lying down: come, quick, quick, that I may lay my head in thy

lap.

Lady. Go, ye giddy goose. [The musick plays. Hot. Now I perceive the devil understands Welsh: and 'tis no marvel, he is so humourous, by'r lady.

he's a good musician.

Lady. Then would you be nothing but mufical, for you are altogether govern'd by humours: lie still, ye thief, and hear the lady sing in Welsh.

Hot. I had rather hear Lady, my brach, howl in Irish.

Lady. Would'st have thy head broken?

Hot. No.

Lady. Then be still.

Hot. Neither, 'tis a woman's fault.

Lady. Now God help thee! Hot. To the Welsh lady's bed.

Lady. What's that? Hot. Peace, the fings.

[Here the Lady sings a Welsh song.

Come, I'll have your fong too.

Lady. Not mine in good footh.

Hot. Not yours, in good footh! you swear like a comfit-maker's wife; not you, in good footh; and, as true as I live; and, as God shall mend me; and, as sure as day: and givest such farcenet surety for thy oaths, as if thou never walk'd'st further than Finsbury. Swear me, Kate, like a lady, as thou art,

6 And THOSE musicians, that shall play to you
Hang in the air ——Yet] The particle yet being used

here adversitively, must have a particle of concession preceding it. I read therefore

A good mouth-filling oath, and leave infooth, And fuch protest of pepper-ginger-bread, To velvet-guards, and Sunday-citizens. Come, sing.

Lady. I will not fing.

Hot. 'Tis the next way to turn tailor, or be Robin-Red-breast teacher: if the indentures be drawn, I'll away within these two hours: and so come in, when ye will.

Glend. Come, come, lord Mortimer, you are as flow,

As hot lord Percy is on fire to go.

By this our book is drawn: we will but feal, And then to horse immediately.

Mort. With all my heart.

[Exeunt.

## S C E N E IV.

Changes to the Presence-chamber in Windsor.

Enter King Henry, Prince of Wales, Lords and others.

K. Henry. I ORDS, give us leave; the Prince of Wales and I

Must have some private conference: but be near, For we shall presently have need of you.

Exeunt Lords.

I know not, whether God will have it fo,
<sup>7</sup> For some displeasing service I have done;
That, in his secret doom, out of my blood
He breeds revengement and a scourge for me:
But thou dost in thy passages of life
Make me believe, that thou art only <sup>8</sup> mark'd
For the hot vengeance and the rod of heav'n,
To punish my mis-treadings. Tell me else,

7 For some displeasing service — ] service for action, simply.

For the bot wengeance—] i. e. appointed for the inftrument of vengeance.

Could

Could fuch inordinate and low defires, Such poor, fuch base, 9 such lewd, such mean attaints, Such barren pleasures, rude society, As thou art match'd withal and grafted to, Accompany the greatness of thy blood, And hold their level with thy princely heart?

P. Henry So please your Majesty, I wish, I could Quit all offences with as clear excuse,
As well, as, I am doubtless, I can purge
My self of many I am charg'd withal.
Yet such extenuation let me beg,
As, in reproof of many tales devis'd,
Which oft the ear of Greatness needs must hear,
By smiling pick-thanks and base news-mongers;
I may for some things true (wherein my youth
Hath faulty wander'd, and irregular)
Find pardon on my true submission.

[Harry,

K. Henry. Heav'n pardon thee: yet let me wonder, At thy affections, which do hold a wing Quite from the flight of all thy Anceftors. Thy place in council thou haft rudely loft, Which by thy younger brother is fupply'd; And art almost an alien to the hearts Of all the Court and Princes of my blood. The hope and expectation of thy time Is ruin'd, and the foul of every man Prophetically does fore-think thy Fall.

Had I fo lavish of my presence been,So common-hackney'd in the eyes of men,

So stale and cheap to vulgar company;Opinion, that did help me to the crown,

Had ftill kept loyal to possession;

And left me in reputeless banishment,

A fellow of no mark, nor likelihood.

<sup>9 —</sup> Juch lewd, Juch mean Attempts,] Shakespear certainly wrote Attaints, i. e. unlawful actions.

<sup>6</sup> But

But being feldom feen, I could not stir.

But, like a comet, I was wonder'd at!

- That men would tell their children, this is he.
- Others would fay, where? which is Bolingbroke? 4 And then I stole all courtesie from heav'n,

And dreft my felf in much humility,

- That I did pluck allegiance from men's hearts, Loud shouts and falutations from their mouths,
- Even in the presence of the crowned King. 'Thus I did keep my person fresh and new,

' My presence, like a robe pontifical,

' Ne'er feen, but wonder'd at; and fo my State, ' Seldom, but sumptuous, shewed like a feast,

And won, by rareness, such solemnity.

'The skipping King, he ambled up and down

With shallow jesters, and 2 rash bavin wits, Soon kindled, and foon burnt; 3 'scarded his State;

Mingled his Royalty with carping fools;

' Had his great name profaned with their scorns;

And gave his countenance, against his name, To laugh (a) with gybing boys, and stand the push

Of every beardless, vain comparative:

- Grew a companion to the common streets,
- And then I stole all courtesie from heav'n,] This is an allusion to the story of Prometheus's thest, who stole fire from thence; and as with this he made a Man, so with that, Bolingbroke made a King. As the Gods were supposed jealous in appropriating reason to themselves, the getting fire from thence, which lighted it up in the mind, was called a thest; and as power is their prerogative, the getting courtefie from thence, by which power is best procured, is called a theft. The thought is exquisitely great and beautiful.

2 -rash bavin-] i e. dry brushwood.

3 -- CARDED bis State; Richard is here represented as laying afide his royalty, and mixing himself with common jesters, This will lead us to the true reading, which I suppose is,

'SCARDED his State;

i. e. discarded, threw off.

[(a) with. Oxford Editor.—Vulg. at.] Enfeoff'd

To

' Enfeoff'd himself to popularity:

'That, being daily fwallow'd by men's eyes,

' They furfeited with honey, and began

'To loath the taste of sweetness; whereof a little

More than a little is by much too much.So when he had occasion to be feen,

'He was but, as the Cuckow is in June,

' Heard, not regarded; feen, but with fuch eyes,

' As, fick and blunted with community,

· Afford no extraordinary gaze;

' Such as is bent on fun-like Majesty,

When it shines seldom in admiring eyes:

' But rather drowz'd, and hung their eye-lids down,

Slept in his face, and rendred fuch aspect As cloudy men use to their adversaries,

Being with his prefence glutted, gorg'd and full. And in that very line, *Harry*, ftand'st thou; For thou hast lost thy Princely privilege With vile participation. Not an eye, But is a-weary of thy common fight, Save mine, which hath desir'd to see thee more; Which now doth, what I would not have it do, Make blind it self with foolish tenderness.

P. Henry. I shall hereafter, my thrice-gracious lord,

Be more my felf.

K. Henry. For all the world,
As thou art at this hour was Richard then,
When I from France fet foot at Ravenspurg;
And ev'n as I was then, is Percy now.
Now by my scepter, and my soul to boot,
He hath more worthy interest to the State,
Than thou, the shadow of succession!
For, of no Right, nor colour like to Right,
He doth fill fields with harness; in the Realm
Turns head against the Lion's armed jaws;
And, being no more in debt to years than thou,
Leads ancient lords and rev'rend bishops on,
You. IV.

To bloody battles, and to bruifing arms. What never dying honour hath he got Against renowned Dowglas, whose high deeds, Whose hot incursions, and great name in arms, Holds from all foldiers chief majority, And military Title capital, Through all the Kingdoms that acknowledge Christ. Thrice hath this Het-spur, Mars in swathing-cloaths. This infant warrior, in his enterprises, Discomfited great Dowglas, ta'en him once, Enlarged him, and made a friend of him, To fill the mouth of deep defiance up, And shake the peace and safety of our Throne. And what fay you to this? Percy, Northumberland, Th' Archbishop's Grace of York, Douglas, and Mortimer, Capitulate against us, and are up. But wherefore do I tell this news to thee? Why, Harry, do I tell thee of my foes, Which art my near'st and dearest enemy? Thou that art like enough, through vasfal fear, Base inclination, and the start of spleen, To fight against me under Percy's pay; To dog his heels, and curtie at his frowns, To show how much thou art degenerate.

P. Henry. Do not think fo, you shall not find it so:
And heav'n forgive them, that so much have sway'd
Your Majesty's good thoughts away from me!
I will redeem all this on Percy's head.
And in the closing of some glorious day,
Be bold to tell you, that I am your son.
When I will wear a garment all of blood,
And stain my favour in a bloody mask,
Which, wash'd away, shall scowre my shame with it.
And that shall be the day, when e'er it lights,

1000 1 2

<sup>4</sup> And stain my favours in a bloody mask,] We should read favour, i. e. countenance.

That this fame child of honour and renown, This gallant Hot-spur, this all-praised Knight, And your unthought-of Harry, chance to meet. For every honour fitting on his helm, Would they were multitudes, and on my head My shames redoubled! for the time will come, That I shall make this northern Youth exchange His glorious deeds for my indignities. Percy is but my factor, good my lord, T'engross up glorious deeds on my behalf: And I will call him to fo strict account, That he shall render every glory up, Yea, even the flightest worship of his time, Or I will tear the reck'ning from his heart. This in the name of heav'n I promise here: The which, if I perform, and do survive, I do beseech your Majesty, may salve The long-grown wounds of my intemperature. If not, the end of life cancels all bonds; And I will die a hundred thousand deaths, Ere break the fmallest parcel of this vow.

K. Henry. A hundred thousand Rebels die in this! Thou shalt have Charge, and sovereign Trust herein.

#### Enter Blunt.

How now, good Blunt? thy looks are full of speed, Blunt. So is the business that I come to speak of.

Lord Mortimer of Scotland hath sent word,
That Dowglas and the English rebels met
Th' eleventh of this month, at Shrewsbury:
A mighty and a fearful head they are,
If promises be kept on every hand,
As ever offer'd foul play in a State.

K. Henry. The Earl of Westmorland set forth to day, With him my son, lord John of Lancaster; For this advertisement is five days old.

On Wednesday next, Harry, thou shalt set forward:

M 2

On Thursday, we our selves will march: our meeting Is at Bridgnorth; and, Harry, you shall march Through Glo'stershire: by which some twelve days hence

Our general forces at *Bridgnorth* shall meet.
Our hands are full of business: let's away,
Advantage feeds them fat, while we delay.

[Exeunt.

# SCENEV.

Changes to the Boar's-head Tavern in East-cheap.

Enter Falstaff and Bardolph.

Fal. Pardolph, am not I fall'n away vilely, fince this last action? Do I not bate? do I not dwindle? why, my skin hangs about me like an old lady's loose gown: I am wither'd, like an old apple fohn. Well, I'll repent, and that suddenly, while I am in some liking: I shall be out of heart shortly, and then I shall have no strength to repent. An I have not forgotten what the inside of a church is made of, I am a pepper-corn, a brewer's horse; the inside of a church! company, villainous company hath been the spoil of me.

Bard. Sir John, you are so fretful, you cannot live

long.

Fal. Why, there is it; come, fing me a bawdy fong, to make me merry: I was as virtuously given, as a gentleman need to be; virtuous enough; swore little; diced not above seven times a week; went to a bawdyhouse not above once in a quarter of an hour; paid mony, that I borrow'd, three or four times; liv'd well, and in good compass; and now I live out of all order, out of all compass.

Bard. Why, you are so fat, Sir John, that you must needs be out of all compass, out of all reasonable com-

país, Sir John.

Fal.

Fal. Do thou amend thy face, and I'll amend my life. Thou art our Admiral, thou bearest the lanthorn in the poop, but 'tis in the nose of thee; thou art the knight of the burning lamp.

Bard. Why, Sir John, my face does you no harm.

Fal. No, I'll be fworn; I make as good use of it, as many a man doth of a death's head, or a memento mori. I never fee thy face, but I think upon hell-fire, and Dives that liv'd in purple; for there he is in his robes, burning, burning. - If thou wert any way given to virtue, I would fwear by thy face; my oath should be, by this fire; but thou art altogether given over; and wert indeed, but for the light in thy face, the fon of utter darkness. When thou rann'st up Gadsbill in the night to catch my horse, if I did not think, thou had'st been an ignis fatuus, or a ball of wildfire, there's no purchase in mony. O, thou art a perpetual triumph, an everlasting bonfire-light; thou hast faved me a thousand marks in links and torches, walking with thee in the night betwixt tavern and tavern; but the fack, that thou hast drunk me, would have bought me lights as good cheap, at the dearest chandler's in Europe. I have maintain'd that Salamander of yours with fire, any time this two and thirty years, heav'n reward me for it!

Bard. 'Sblood, I would, my face were in your belly. Fal. God-a-mercy! fo should I be fure to be heart-

burn'd.

## Enter Hostes.

How now, dame Partlet the hen, have you enquir'd

yet who pick'd my pocket?

Host. Why, Sir John, what do you think, Sir John? do you think, I keep thieves in my house? I have search'd, I have enquir'd, so has my husband, man by man, boy by boy, servant by servant: the tithe of a hair was never lost in my house before.

Fal. Ye lie, hostes; Bardolph was shav'd, and lost many a hair; and I'll be sworn, my pocket was pick'd; go to, you are a woman, go.

Host. Who I? I defie thee; I was never call'd so

in mine own house before.

Fal. Go to, I know you well enough.

Host. No, Sir John: you do not know me, Sir John; I know you, Sir John; you owe me mony, Sir John, and now you pick a quarrel to beguile me of it. I bought you a dozen of shirts to your back.

Fal. Dowlas, filthy dowlas: I have given them away to bakers' wives, and they have made boulters

of them.

Host. Now as I am a true woman, Holland of eight shillings an ell: you owe mony here besides, Sir John, for your diet, and by-drinkings, and mony lent you, four and twenty pounds.

Fal. He had his part of it, let him pay.

Host. He? alas! he is poor, he hath nothing.

Fal. How! poor? look upon his face: what call you rich? let him coin his nose, let him coin his cheeks: I'll not pay a denier. What, will you make a yonker of me? shall I not take mine ease in mine inn, but I shall have my pocket pick'd? I have lost a seal-ring of my grand-father's, worth forty mark.

Hoft. O Jesu! I have heard the Prince tell him, I

know not how oft, that the ring was copper.

Fal. How? the Prince is a Jack, a fneak-up; and if he were here, I would cudgel him like a dog, if he would fay fo.

## S C E N E VI.

Enter Prince Henry marching, and Peto playing on his Truncheon like a Fife: Falstaff meets them.

Fal. How now, lad? is the wind in that door? must we all march?

Bard.

Bard. Yea, two and two, Newgate-fashion.

Hoft. My lord, I pray you, hear me.

P. Henry. What fay'ft thou, Miftress Quickly? how does thy husband? I love him well, he is an honest man.

Host. Good my lord, hear me.

Fal. Pr'ythee, let her alone, and lift to me.

P. Henry. What fay'st thou, Jack?

Fal. The other night I fell afteep here behind the arras, and had my pocket pickt: this house is turn'd bawdy-house, they pick pockets.

P. Henry. What didft thou lose, Jack?

Fal. Wilt thou believe me, Hal? three or four bonds of forty pounds a-piece, and a feal-ring of my grandfather's.

P. Henry. A trifle, some eight-penny matter.

Host. So I told him, my lord; and I said, I heard your grace say so; and, my lord, he speaks most vilely of you, like a foul-mouth'd man as he is, and said, he would cudgel you.

P. Henry. What! he did not?

Host. There's neither faith, truth, nor woman-hood in me else.

Fal. There's no more faith in thee than in a stew'd prune; no more truth in thee than in 5 a drawn Fox; and for woman-hood, Maid Marian may be the deputy's wife of the ward to thee. Go, you thing, go.

Hoft. Say, what thing? what thing?

Fal. What thing? why, a thing to thank God on.

Host. I am nothing to thank God on, I would thou should'st know it: I am an honest man's wife; and, fetting thy knighthood aside, thou art a knave to call me so.

Fal. Setting thy womanhood afide, thou art a beaft

to say otherwise.

5 a drason Fox;] A Fox that hath been often hunted.

Hoft. Say, what beaft, thou knave, thou?

Fal. What beast? why, an Otter.

P. Henry. An Otter, Sir John, why an Otter? Fal. Why? she's neither fish nor flesh; a man knows

not where to have her.

Host. Thou art an unjust man in saying so: thou, or any man knows where to have me; thou knave, thou!

P Henry. Thou say'st true, hostess, and he slanders

thee most grossly.

Host. So he doth you, my lord, and said this other

day, you ow'd him a thousand pound.

P. Henry. Sirrah, do I owe you a thousand pound? Fal. A thousand pound, Hal? a million; thy love is worth a million: thou ow'ft me thy love.

Host. Nay, my lord, he call'd you fack, and faid,

he would cudgel you.

Fal. Did I, Bardolph?

Bard. Indeed, Sir John, you said so.

Fal. Yea, if he faid, my ring was copper.

P. Henry. I say, 'tis copper. Dar'st thou be as

good as thy word now?

Fal. Why, Hal, thou know'st, as thou art but a man, I dare; but as thou art a Prince, I fear thee, as I fear the roaring of the Lion's whelp.

P. Heury. And why not as the Lion?

Fal. The King himself is to be fear'd as the Lion; dost thou think, I'll fear thee, as I fear thy father?

nay, if I do, let my Girdle break!

P. Henry. O, if it should, how would thy guts fall about thy knees! But, Sirrah, there's no room for faith, truth, nor honesty, in this bosom of thine; it is all fill'd up with guts and midriff. Charge an honest woman with picking thy pocket! why, thou whorson, impudent, imboss'd rascal, if there were any thing in thy pocket but tavern-reckonings, Memorandums of bawdy-houses, and one poor penny-worth of sugar-candy

candy to make thee long-winded; if thy pocket were enrich'd with any other injuries but these, I am a villain; and yet you will stand to it, you will not

pocket up wrongs. Art thou not asham'd?

Fal. Doft thou hear, Hal? thou know'st in the state of innocency, Adam fell: and what should poor Jack Falstaff do, in the days of villany? thou seest, I have more flesh than another man, and therefore more frailty. You confess then, you pickt my pocket?

P. Henry. It appears so by the story.

Fal. Hostes, I forgive thee: go make ready Breakfast; love thy husband, look to thy servants, and cherish thy guests: thou shalt find me tractable to any honest reason: thou seest, I am pacify'd still. Nay, I pr'ythee, be gone.

[Exit Hostess.]

Now, Hal, to the news at Court: for the robbery, lad,—how is That answer'd?

P. Henry. O my fweet beef, I must still be good

angel to thee. The mony is paid back again.

Fal. O, I do not like that paying back; 'tis a

double labour.

P. Henry. I am good friends with my father, and may do any thing.

. Fal. Rob me the exchequer the first thing thou do'ft,

and do it with unwash'd hands too.

Bard. Do, my lord.

P. Henry. I have procur'd thee, Jack, a Charge of foot.

Fal. I would, it had been of horfe. Where shall I find one, that can steal well? O, for a fine thief, of two and twenty, or thereabout; I am heinously unprovided. Well, God be thank'd for these rebels, they offend none but the virtuous; I laud them, I praise them.

 P. Henry. Go bear this letter to lord John of Lancaster, to my brother John. This to my lord of Westmorland; go, Peto, to horse; for thou and I have thirty miles to ride yet ere dinner time. Jack, meet me tomorrow in the Temple-Hall at two o'clock in the afternoon, there shalt thou know thy charge, and there receive mony and order for their furniture.

The Land is burning, Percy stands on high; And either they, or we, must lower lye.

Fal. Rare words! brave world! hostes, my break-

fast, come:

Oh, I could wish, this tavern were my drum!

[Exeunt.

# ACT IV. SCENE I.

Changes to SHREWSBURY.

Enter Hot-spur, Worcester, and Dowglas.

#### Hor-spur.

ELL faid, my noble Scot, if speaking truth,
In this fine age, were not thought flattery,
Such attribution should the Dowglas have,
As not a soldier of this season's stamp
Should go so gen'ral currant through the World.
By heav'n, I cannot flatter: I defie
The tongues of soothers. But a braver place
In my heart's love hath no man than your self.
Nay, task me to my word; approve me, lord.
Dowg. Thou art the King of honour:

No man fo potent breathes upon the ground,

But I will beard him.

#### Enter a Messenger.

Hot. Do, and 'tis well — What letters hast thou there? ——

I can but thank you.

Meff. These come from your father.

Hot. Letters from him? why comes he not himself? Mess. He cannot come, my lord, he's grievous sick.

Hot. Heav'ns! how has he the leifure to be fick

In fuch a justling time? who leads his Power;

Under whose government come they along? [mind! \* Mess. His letters bear his mind, not I. Hot. His

Wor. I pr'ythee, tell me, doth he keep his bed? Mess. He did, my lord, four days ere I set forth:

And at the time of my departure thence, He was much fear'd by his physicians.

Wor. I would, the state of time had first been whole,

Ere he by fickness had been visited;

His health was never better worth than now.

Hot. Sick now? droop now? this sickness doth infect
The very life-blood of our enterprize;
'Tis catching hither, even to our Camp.
He writes me here, that inward sickness—
And that his friends by deputation
Could not so soon be drawn: nor thought he meet
To lay so dangerous and dear a Trust
On any soul remov'd, but on his own.
Yet doth he give us bold advertisement,
That with our small conjunction we should on,
To see how fortune is dispos'd to us:

1 Mess. His letters bear his mind, not I his mind.] The line should be read and divided thus,

Mess. His letters bear his mind, not I. Hot. His mind! Hot-spur had asked who leads his power? The Messenger answers, His letters bear his mind. The other repsies, His mind!

As much as to fay, I inquire not about his mind, I want to know where his powers are. This is natural, and perfectly in character.

For

For, as he writes, there is no quailing now; Because the King is certainly possest. Of all our purposes. What say you to it?

Wor. Your father's fickness is a maim to us.

Hot. A perillous gash, a very simb lopt off:
And yet, in faith, 'tis not; his present want
Seems more than we shall find it. Were it good,
To set the exact wealth of all our states
All at one Cast; to set so rich a Main
On the nice hazard of one doubtful hour?
It were not good; for therein should we read
The very bottom, and the soul of hope,
The very list, the very utmost Bound
Of all our fortunes.

Dowg. Faith, and fo we should; Where now remains a sweet reversion. We now may boldly spend upon the hope Of what is to come in:

A comfort of retirement lives in this.

Hot. A rendezvous, a home to fly unto, If that the Devil and Mischance look big Upon the maidenhead of our affairs.

Wor. But yet I would your father had been here The quality and hair of our attempt Brooks no division: it will be thought By fome, that know not why he is away, That wisdom, loyalty, and meer dislike Of our proceedings, kept the Earl from hence And think, how fuch an apprehenfion May turn the tide of fearful faction, And breed a kind of question in our cause: For well you know, we of th' offending fide Must keep aloof from strict arbitrement; And stop all fight-holes, every loop, from whence The eye of reason may pry in upon us: This absence of your father draws a curtain, That shews the ignorant a kind of fear Before not dreamt upon. Flos. Hot. You strain too far.

I rather of his absence make this use:
It lends a lustre, and more great opinon,
A larger Dare to our great enterprise,
Than if the Earl were here: for men must think,
If we without his help can make a head,
To push against the Kingdom; with his help,
We shall o'erturn it topsie-turvy down.
Yet all goes well, yet all our joints are whole.

Dowg. As heart can think; there is not fuch a word

Spoke of in Scotland, as this term of fear.

#### S C E N E II.

Enter Sir Richard Vernon.

Hot. My cousin Vernon, welcome, by my foul! Ver. Pray God, my news be worth a welcome, lord. The Earl of Westmorland, sev'n thousand strong, Is marching hither, with Prince John of Lancaster.

Hot. No harm; what more?

Ver. And further, I have learn'd,

The King himself in person hath set forth,

Or hitherwards intended speedily,

With strong and mighty preparation.

Hot. He shall be welcome too: where is his fon? The nimble-footed mad-cap Prince of Wales, And his comrades, that dast the world aside

And bid it pass?

Ver. All furnisht, all in arms,
All plum'd like Estridges, that with the wind

Baited like Eagles, having lately bath'd:
Glittering in golden coats like images,
As full of spirit as the month of May,
And gorgeous as the Sun at Midsummer;

2 Baited like Esgles, Baited, i. e. Autter'd the wings.
Mr. Pope.

Wanton

Wanton as youthful goats, wild as young bulls.

I faw young Harry, with his beaver on,

His cuiffes on his thighs, gallantly arm'd,
Rife from the ground like feather'd Mercury;
And vaulted with fuch ease into his feat,
As if an Angel dropt down from the clouds,
To turn and wind a fiery Pegasus,

And witch the world with noble horsemanship.

Hot. No more, no more; worse than the Sun in March,

This praise doth nourish agues; let them come. They come like Sacrifices in their trim, And to the fire-ey'd maid of smoaky war, All hot, and bleeding, will we offer them. The mailed Mars shall on his altar sit Up to the ears in blood. I am on fire, To hear this rich reprisal is so nigh, And yet not ours. Come, let me take my horse, Who is to bear me, like a thunder-bolt, Against the bosom of the Prince of Wales. Harry to Harry shall (not horse to horse) Meet, and ne'er part, 'till One drop down a coarse. Oh, that Glend wer were come!

Ver. There is more news:
I learn'd in Worcester, as I rode along,
He cannot draw his Pow'r this fourteen days.

3 I faw young Harry, with his beaver on ] We should read, beaver up. It is an impropriety to say on: For the beaver is only the visiere of the Helmet, which, let down, covers the sace. When the soldier was not upon action he wore it up, so that his sace might be seen, (hence Vernon says he saw young Harry) But when upon action, it was let down to cover and secure the sace. Hence in the second part of Henry IV. it is said,

Their armed staves in charge, their beavers down.

4 His cuisses on his thighs, — Cuisses, French, armour for the thighs.

Mr. Pope.

5 And witch the world-] For bewitch, charm.

Mr. Pope.

Dowg.

Dowg. That's the worst tidings that I hear of, yet. Wor. Ay, by my faith, that bears a frosty sound. Hot. What may the King's whole Battle reach unto? Ver. To thirty thousand. Hot. Forty let it be;

My father and Glendower being both away, The Pow'r of us may ferve fo great a day. Come, let us take a muster speedily: Dooms-day is near; die all, die merrily.

Dowg. Talk not of dying, I am out of fear Of death, or death's hand, for this one half year.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E III.

Changes to a publick Road, near Coventry.

Enter Falstaff and Bardolph.

Fal. P Ardolph, get thee before to Coventry; fill me a bottle of fack: our foldiers shall march through: we'll to Sutton-cop-hill to night.

Bard. Will you give me mony, captain?

Fal. Lay out, lay out.

Bard. This bottle makes an angel.

Fal. And if it do, take it for thy labour; and if it make twenty, take them all, I'll answer the coynage. Bid my lieutenant *Peto* meet me at the town's end.

Bar. I will, captain; farewel. [Exit.

Fal. If I be not asham'd of my soldiers, I am a sowe'd gurnet: I have missued the King's Press damnably. 'I have got, in exchange of an hundred and fifty soldiers, three hundred and odd pounds. I press me none but good housholders, yeomens' sons; en-

quire me out contracted batchelors, fuch as had been

ask'd twice on the banes: fuch a commodity of warm
flaves, as had as lieve hear the devil, as a drum;

fuch as fear the report of a culverin, worse than a

ftruck

ftruck (a) deer, or a hurt wild duck. I press me onone but fuch toafts and butter, with hearts in their bellies no bigger than pins' heads, and they have bought out their fervices: and now my whole Charge confifts of ancients, corporals, lieutenants, gentle-' men of companies, flaves as ragged as Lazarus in the painted cloth, where the Glutton's dogs licked his fores; and fuch as indeed were never foldiers, but discarded unjust servingmen, younger sons to vounger brothers; revolted tapsters, and oftlers trade-fall'n, the cankers of a calm world and a long • peace; 6 ten times more dishonourably ragged, than an old-feast ancient; and such have I to fill up the frooms of them that have bought out their fervices; that you would think, I had a hundred and fifty tatter'd Prodigals, lately come from swine-keeping, from eating draff and husks. A mad fellow met me on the way, and told me, I had unloaded all the e gibbets, and prest the dead bodies. No eye hath feen fuch skare-crows: I'll not march through " Coventry with them, that's flat. Nay, and the vil-Iains march wide betwixt the legs, as if they had <sup>6</sup> <sup>7</sup> gyves on; for, indeed, I had the most of them

6 ten times more dishonourably ragged, than an old FAC'D ancient;] But how is an old fac'd ancient, or enfign, dishenourably ragged? On the contrary, nothing is effeem'd more honourable than a ragged pair of colours. A very little alteration will give us the author's reading, which conveys a stroke of very just and

fine-turn'd fatire in the comparison.

Ten times more disbonourably ragged, than an old FEAST ancient. i.e. the colours used by the city-companies in their feasts and processions. For each company had one with its peculiar device, which was usually display'd and borne about on such occasions. Now as Falflaff's raggamussins were reduc'd to their tatter'd condition thro' their riotous excesses; so this old feast ancient became torn and shatter'd, not in any manly exercise of arms, but amidst the revels of drunken bacchanals.

7 gyves on;] i. e. shackles.

Mr. Pope.

[ (a) deer. Oxford Editor .- Vulg. forvil. ]

out

- out of prison. There's but a shirt and a half in all my company; and the half shirt is two napkins tack'd
- together, and thrown over the shoulders like a herald's
- coat without fleeves; and the shirt, to say the truth,
- foll'n from my Host of St. Albans; or the red-
- onos'd Inn-keeper of Daintry. But that's all one,
- ' they'll find linnen enough on every hedge.

#### Enter Prince Henry, and Westmorland.

P. Henry. How now, blown Jack? how now, quilt? Fal. What, Hal? How now, mad wag, what a devil dost thou in Warwickshire? My good lord of Westmorland, I cry you mercy; I thought, your Honour had already been at Shrewsbury.

West. 'Faith, Sir John, 'tis more than time that I were there, and you too; but my Powers are there already. The King, I can tell you, looks for us all;

we must away all to night.

Fal. Tut, never fear me, I am as vigilant, as a Cat

to steal cream.

P. Henry. I think, to fteal cream, indeed; for thy theft hath already made thee butter; but tell me, Jack, whose fellows are these that come after?

Fal. Mine, Hal, mine.

P. Henry. I did never see such pitiful rascals.

Fal. Tut, tut, good enough to toss: food for powder, food for powder; they'll fill a pit, as well as better; tush, man, mortal men, mortal men.

West. Ay, but, Sir John, methinks, they are exceed-

ing poor and bare, too beggerly.

Fal. Faith, for their poverty, I know not where they had that; and for their bareness, I am sure, they never learn'd that of me.

P. Henry. No, I'll be fworn, unless you call three fingers on the ribs, bare. But, Sirrah, make haste. Percy is already in the field.

Fal. What, is the King encamp'd?

Vol. IV. N West.

West. He is, Sir John: I fear, we shall stay too long. Fal. Well,

The latter end of a fray, and beginning of a feast,
Fits a dull Fighter, and a keen Guest. [Exeunt.

#### S C E N E IV.

Changes to SHREWSBURY.

Enter Hot-spur, Worcester, Dowglas, and Vernon.

Hot. W E'll fight with him to night. Wor. It may not be.

Dowg. You give him then advantage.

Ver. Not a whit.

Hot. Why fay you so? looks he not for supply? Ver. So do we.

Hot. He is certain, ours is doubtful.

Wor. Good coufin, be advis'd; stir not to night.

Ver. Do not, my lord.

Dowg. You do not counsel well; You speak it out of sear, and from cold heart.

Ver. Do me no flander, Dowglas: by my life, And I dare well maintain it with my life, If well-respected honour bid me on, I hold as little counsel with weak fear, As you, my lord, or any Scot that lives. Let it be seen to morrow in the battel, Which of us fears.

Dowg. Yea, or to night.

Ver. Content.

Hot. To night, say I.

Ver. Come, come, it may not be: I wonder much, Being men of fuch great Leading as you are, That you foresee not what impediments Drag back our expedition; certain horse Of my cousin Vernon's are not yet come up; Your uncle Worcester's horse came but to day, And now their pride and mettle is asseep,

Their

Their courage with hard labour tame and dull, That not a horse is half half of himself.

Hot. So are the horses of the enemy, In gen'ral, journey-bated, and brought low: The better part of ours are full of Rest.

Wor. The number of the King's exceedeth ours:

For God's fake, cousin, stay till all come in.

[The Trumpets sound a parley.

## S C E N E V.

Enter Sir Walter Blunt.

Blunt. I come with gracious Offers from the King,

If you vouchsafe me hearing, and respect.

Hot. Welcome, Sir Walter Blunt: and would to God, You were of our determination; Some of us love you well; and ev'n those some Envy your great deservings, and good name, Because you are not of our quality; But stand against us like an enemy.

Blunt. And heav'n defend, but still I should stand so, So long as out of limit, and true rule, You stand against anointed Majesty!
But, to my Charge—The King hath sent to know The nature of your griefs, and whereupon You conjure from the breast of civil peace Such bold hostility, teaching his dutious Land Audacious cruelty. If that the King Have any way your good deserts forgot, Which he confesseth to be manifold, He bids you name your griefs: and with all speed You shall have your desires, with interest: And pardon absolute for your self, and these, Herein mis-led by your suggestion.

Hot. The King is kind: and well we know, the King

Knows at what time to promife, when to pay.

My father and my uncle, and my felf,

Did

Did give him that same Royalty he wears: And when he was not fix and twenty strong, Sick in the world's regard, wretched and low. A poor unminded Out-law, fneaking home, My father gave him welcome to the shore: And when we heard him fwear, and vow to God, He came to be but Duke of Lancaster, To fue his livery and beg his peace, With tears of innocence and terms of zeal: My father, in kind heart and pity mov'd, Swore him affiftance, and perform'd it too. Now, when the Lords and Barons of the Realm Perceiv'd, Northumberland did lean to him. They, more and less, came in with cap and knee: Met him in boroughs, cities, villages, Attended him on bridges, stood in lanes, Laid gifts before him, proffer'd him their oaths, Gave him their heirs, as pages following him Even at the heels, in golden multitudes. He prefently, as Greatness knows it felf, Steps me a little higher than his vow Made to my father, while his blood was poor, Upon the naked shore at Ravenspurg: And now, forfooth, takes on him to reform Some certain Edicts, and some strait Decrees, That lay too heavy on the Common-wealth; Cries out upon abuses, seems to weep Over his Country's wrongs; and by this face, This feeming brow of justice, did he win The hearts of all that he did angle for: Proceeded further, cut me off the heads Of all the Fav'rites that the absent King In Deputation left behind him here, When he was personal in the Irish war. Blunt. I came not to hear this.

Soon

Soon after That depriv'd him of his life:
And, in the neck of That, task'd the whole State.
To make that worse, suffer'd his kinsman March,
(Who is, if every Owner were right plac'd,
Indeed, his King) to be encag'd in Wales,
There without ransom to lie forfeited:
Disgrae'd me in my happy Victories,
Sought to entrap me by intelligence,
Rated my uncle from the Council-board,
In rage dismiss'd my father from the Court,
Broke oath on oath, committed wrong on wrong,
And in conclusion drove us to seek out
This head of safety; and withal to pry
Into his Title too, the which we find
Too indirect for long continuance.

Blunt. Shall I return this answer to the King?

Hot. Not so, Sir Walter; we'll withdraw awhile:
Go to the King, and let there be impawn'd
Some surety for a safe return again;
And in the morning early shall my uncle

Bring him our purposes: and so farewel.

Blunt. I would, you would accept of grace and love!

Hot. It may be, so we shall.

Blunt. Pray heav'n, you do!

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VI.

Changes to the Archbishop of York's Palace.

Enter the Archbishop of York, and Sir Michell.

York. I IE, good Sir Michell, bear this fealed brief With winged hafte to the Lord Mareshal; This to my cousin Scroop, and all the rest To whom they are directed: if you knew How much they do import, you wou'd make haste.

Sir Mich. My lord, I guess their tenour.

N 3

York.

Tork. Like enough.

To morrow, good Sir Michell, is a day,
Wherein the fortune of ten thousand men
Must bide the touch. For, Sir, at Shrewsbury,
As I am truly giv'n to understand,
The King, with mighty and quick-raised power,
Meets with lord Harry; and, I fear, Sir Michell,
What with the sickness of Northumberland,
Whose pow'r was in the first proportion;
And what with Owen Glendower's absence thence,
Who with them was 8 a rated sinew too,
And comes not in, o'er-rul'd by prophecies;
I fear the pow'r of Percy is too weak,
To wage an instant tryal with the King.
Sir Mich Why, my good lord, there's Descriptor, and

Sir Mich. Why, my good lord, there's Dowglas, and

lord Mortimer.

York. No, Mortimer is not there.

Sir Mich. But there is Mordake, Vernon, Harry Percy, And there's my lord of Worcester, and a head

Of gallant warriors, noble gentlemen.

York. And so there is: but yet the King hath drawn The special head of all the Land together: The Prince of Wales, lord John of Lancaster, The noble Westmorland, and warlike Blunt; And many more corrivals, and dear men Of estimation and command in arms.

Sir Mich. Doubt not, my lord, they shall be well

oppos'd.

York. I hope no less: yet, needful 'tis to fear. And to prevent the worst, Sir Michell, speed; For if lord Percy thrive not, ere the King Dismiss his Power, he means to visit us; For he hath heard of our Confederacy,

8 — a rated finew too,] So the first edition, i. e. accounted a throng aid.

Mr. Pope.

And

And 'tis but wisdom to make strong against him: Therefore make hafte, I must go write again To other friends; and so farewel, Sir Michell. [Exeunt.

## ACT V. SCENE I.

The Camp at SHREWSBURY.

Enter King Henry, Prince of Wales, Lord John of Lancaster, Earl of Westmorland, Sir Walter Blunt, and Falstaff.

#### K. HENRY.

HOW bloodily the Sun begins to peer Above yon busky hill! the day looks pale At his distemperature.

P. Henry. The fouthern wind Doth play the trumpet to his purposes, And, by his hollow whiftling in the leaves, Foretels a tempest, and a blust'ring day.

K. Henry. Then with the losers let it sympathize,

For nothing can feem foul to those that win.

The Trumpet sounds

Enter Worcester, and Sir Richard Vernon.

K. Henry. How now, my lord of Wor'ster? 'tis not well.

That you and I should meet upon such terms As now we meet. You have deceiv'd our Trust, And made us doff our easie robes of peace, To crush our old limbs in ungentle steel: This is not well, my lord, this is not well. What fay you to't? will you again unknit This churlish knot of all-abhorred war, And move in that obedient Orb again,

N 4

Where

Where you did give a fair and natural light; And be no more an exhal'd meteor, A prodigy of fear, and a portent Of broached mischief, to the unborn times? Wor. Hear me, my Liege:

For mine own part, I could be well content To entertain the lag end of my life With quiet hours: for I do protest, I have not fought the day of this diflike.

K. Henry. You have not fought it, Sir? how comes

it then?

Fal. Rebellion lay in his way, and he found it.

P. Henry. Peace, Chewet, peace.

Wor. It pleas'd your Majesty, to turn your looks Of favour from my felf, and all our House; And yet I must remember you, my lord, We were the first and dearest of your friends: For you, my staff of office I did break In Richard's time, and posted day and night To meet you on the way, and kifs your hand; When yet you were in place and in account Nothing fo strong and fortunate, as I: It was my felf, my brother, and his fon, That brought you home, and boldly did out-dare The dangers of the time. You swore to us, (And you did fwear that Oath at Doncaster,) That you did nothing purpose 'gainst the State, Nor claim no further than your new-fall'n Right; The Seat of Gaunt, Dukedom of Lancaster. To this, we fware our aid: but in short space It rain'd down fortune show'ring on your head, And fuch a floud of greatness fell on you, What with our help, what with the absent King, What with the Injuries of a wanton time, The feeming fuff'rances that you had borne, And the contrarious winds that held the King So long in the unlucky Irish wars,

That

That all in England did repute him dead: And from this fwarm of fair advantages You took occasion to be quickly woo'd, To gripe the gen'ral Sway into your hand; Forgot your oath to us at Doncaster; And being fed by us, you us'd us fo, As that ungentle gull, the Cuckow's bird, Useth the Sparrow; did oppress our nest, Grew by our feeding to fo great a bulk, That ev'n our love durst not come near your fight For fear of fwallowing; but with nimble wing We were inforc'd for fafety's fake to fly Out of your fight, and raise this present head: Whereby we stand opposed by such means As you your felf have forg'd against your felf, By unkind usage, dangerous countenance, And violation of all faith and troth, Sworn to us in your younger enterprize.

K. Henry. These things, indeed, you have articulated, Proclaim'd at market-crosses, read in churches, To face the garment of Rebellion With some sine colour, that may please the eye Of sickle Changelings and poor Discontents; Which gape, and rub the elbow at the news Of hurly-burly innovation.—

And never yet did Insurrection want Such water-colours, to impaint his cause:

Nor moody beggars, starving for a time

P. Henry. In both our armies there is many a foul Shall pay full dearly for this bold encounter, If once they join in tryal. Tell your Nephew, The Prince of Wales doth join with all the world In praise of Henry Percy: By my hopes, (This present enterprize set off his head) I do not think a braver gentleman,

Of pell-mell havock and confusion.

More active, valiant, or more (a) valued young, More daring, or more bold, is now alive, To grace this latter age with noble deed. For my part, I may speak it to my shame, I have a truant been to Chivalry, And so, I hear, he doth account me too. Yet this before my father's Majesty, I am content that he shall take the odds Of his great Name and Estimation; And will, to save the blood on either side, Try fortune with him, in a single sight.

K. Henry. And, Prince of Wales, so dare we venture

thee,

Albeit, Confiderations infinite
Do make against it: No, good Wor'ster, no,
We love our People well; even those we love,
That are mis led upon your Cousin's part:
And, will they take the offer of our Grace,
Both he, and they, and you, yea, every man
Shall be my friend again, and I'll be his.
So tell your Cousin, and return me word
What he will do. But if he will not yield,
Rebuke and dread Correction wait on us,
And they shall do their office. So, be gone;
We will not now be troubled with Reply;
We offer fair, take it advisedly.

[Exit Worcester, with Vernon.

P. Henry. It will not be accepted, on my life. The Dowglas and the Hotspur both together Are confident against the world in arms.

K. Henry. Hence, therefore, every Leader to his

Charge.

For on their answer we will set on them.

And God befriend us, as our cause is just! [Exeunt.

[ (a) valued. Oxford Editor. - Vulg. valiant.]

SCENE

#### S C E N E II.

Manent Prince Henry and Falstaff.

Fal. Hal, if thou fee me down in the battel, and bestride me, so; 'tis a point of friendship.

P. Henry. Nothing but a Colossus can do thee that

friendship: Say thy prayers, and farewel.

Fal. I would it were bed-time, Hal, and all well.

P. Henry. Why, thou oweft heav'n a death.
Fal. 'Tis not due yet: I would be loth to pay him before his day. What need I be so forward with him that calls not on me? well, 'tis no matter, honour pricks me on. But how if honour prick me off, when I come on? 'how then? can honour set to a leg? no: 'or an arm? no: or take away the grief of a wound? 'no: honour hath no skill in surgery then? no. What is honour? a word. What is that word honour? Air; 'a trim Reckoning. — Who hath it? he that dy'd a 'Wednesday. Doth he feel it? no. Doth he hear it? no. 'Is it insensible then? yea, to the dead: but will it 'not live with the living? no: why? Detraction will not suffer it. Therefore, I'll none of it; 'honour is a meer scutcheon, and so ends my catechism. [Exit.

# S C E N E III.

Changes to Percy's Camp.

Enter Worcester, and Sir Richard Vernon.

No, my nephew must not know, Sir Richard, The liberal kind offer of the King.

Ver. 'Twere best, he did.

I honour is a meer scutcheon, This is very fine. The reward of brave actions formerly was only some honourable bearing in the shields of arms bestow'd upon deservers. But Falstaff having said that honour often came not till after death, he calls it very wittiy a scutcheon, which is the painted heraldry born in suneral processions. And by meer scutcheon is infinuated, that whether alive or dead, honour was but a name.

Wor.

Wor. Then we are all undone. It is not possible, it cannot be, The King shou'd keep his word in loving us; He will suspect us still, and find a time To punish this offence in other faults: Suspicion, all our lives, shall be stuck full of eyes; For treason is but trusted like a Fox, Who ne'er so tame, so cherish'd, and lock'd up, Will have a wild trick of his ancestors. Look how we can, or fad, or merrily, Interpretation will misquote our looks; And we shall feed like Oxen at a stall, The better cherish'd, still the nearer death. My nephew's trespass may be well forgot, It hath th' excuse of youth and heat of blood: And an adopted name of privilege, A hair-brain'd Hot-spur, govern'd by a Spleen; All his Offences live upon my head, And on his father's. We did train him on; 2 And his corruption, being ta'en from us, We as the spring of all, shall pay for all. Therefore, good cousin, let not Harry know, In any case the offer of the King. Ver. Deliver what you will, I'll fay, 'tis fo.

Here comes your cousin.

## S C E N E IV.

Enter Hot-spur and Dowglas,

Hot. My uncle is return'd:
Deliver up my lord of Westmorland.
Uncle, what news?

Wor. The King will bid you battle prefently. Dowg. Defie him by the the lord of Westmorland.

2 And his corruption being ta'en from us,] Perhaps Shakespear wrote, — being a taint. i. e. insection.

Hos.

Hot. Lord Dowglas, go you then and tell him fo. Dowg. Marry, I shall; and very willingly.

[Exit Dowglas.

Wor. There is no feeming mercy in the King. Hot. Did you beg any? God forbid! Wor. I told him gently of our grievances, Of his oath-breaking; which he mended thus, By now forfwearing that he is forfworn. He calls us rebels, traitors, and will fcourge With haughty arms this hateful name in us.

#### Enter Dowglas.

Dowg. Arm, gentlemen, to arms; for I have thrown A brave defiance in King Henry's teeth:

And Westmorland, that was ingag'd, did bear it;

Which cannot chuse but bring him quickly on.

Wor. The Prince of Wales stept forth before the King,

And, Nephew, challeng'd you to fingle fight.

Hot. O, would the quarrel lay upon our heads, And that no man might draw fhort breath to day, But I and Harry Monmouth! Tell me, tell me, How fhew'd his talking? feem'd it in contempt?

Ver. No, by my foul: I never in my life Did hear a challenge urg'd more modestly, Unless a brother should a brother dare, To gentle exercise and proof of arms. He gave you all the duties of a man, Trim'd up your praises with a princely tongue, Spoke your deservings like a chronicle, Making you ever better than his Praise:
[3] By still dispraising Praise, valued with You.] And, which became him like a Prince indeed, 4 He made a blushing cital of himself,

<sup>3</sup> By fill dispraising Praise, valued with You.] This foolish line is indeed in the Folio of 1623, but it is evidently the players' nonsense.

<sup>4</sup> He made a blushing cital of himself, Cital for taxation.

Mr. Pope.

And chid his truant youth with such a grace, As if he master'd there a double spirit,
Of teaching, and of learning, instantly.
There did he pause; But let me tell the world,
If he out-live the envy of this day,
England did never owe so sweet a hope,
So much misconstrued in his wantonness.

Hot. Cousin, I think, thou art enamoured Upon his Follies; never did I hear Of any Prince, so wild, at liberty. But be he as he will, yet once ere night, I will embrace him with a foldier's arm, That he shall shrink under my courtesse. Arm, arm with speed. And sellows, soldiers, friends, Better consider what you have to do, Than I, that have not well the gift of tongue, Can lift your blood up with persuasion.

#### SCENE V.

#### Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, here are letters for you.

Hot. I cannot read them now.
O Gentlemen, the time of life is short:
To spend that shortness basely were too long,
Tho' life did ride upon a dial's point,
Still ending at th' arrival of an hour.
And if we live, we live to tread on Kings:
If die; brave death, when Princes die with us!
Now, for our consciences, the arms are fair,
When the intent for bearing them is just.

#### Enter another Messenger.

Mess. My lord, prepare, the King comes on apace. Hot. I thank him, that he cuts me from my tale, For I profess not talking: only this, Let each man do his best. And here draw I

A

A fword, whose temper I intend to stain
With the best blood that I can meet withal,
In the adventure of this perilous day.

5 Now, Esperanza! Percy! and set on:
Sound all the losty Instruments of war;
And by that musick let us all embrace:

6 For (heav'n to earth) some of us never shall
A second time do such a courtesse.

[They embrace, then exeunt. The Trumpets found.

#### S C E N E VI.

The King entreth with his Power; Alarm to the battle. Then enter Dowglas, and Sir Walter Blunt.

Blunt. What is thy name, that thus in battle crossest me?

What honour dost thou seek upon my head?

Dowg. Know then, my name is Dowglas,
And I do haunt thee in the battle thus,
Because some tell me that thou art a King.

Blunt. They tell thee true.

Dowg. The lord of Stafford dear to day hath bought Thy likeness; for instead of thee, King Harry, This sword hath ended him; so shall it thee, Unless thou yield thee as my prisoner.

Blunt. I was not born to yield, thou haughty Scot. And thou shalt find a King that will revenge

Lord Stafford's death.

Fight, Blunt is flain: then enter Hot-spur.

Hot. O Dowglas, hadft thou fought at Holmedon thus, I never had triumphed o'er a Scot.

5 Now, Esperanza!—] This was the word of battle on Percy's side. See Hall's Chronicle, solio 22. Mr. Pope. 6 For (beav'n to earth)—] i. e. one might wager heaven to earth.

Dowg. All's done, all's won, here breathless lies the King.

Hot. Where? Dowg. Here.

Hot. This, Dowglas? no: I know his face full well: A gallant Knight he was, his name was Blunt, Semblably furnish'd like the King himself.

Dowg. Ah! fool go with thy foul, whither it goes!

A borrow'd title hast thou bought too dear.

Why didst thou tell me that thou wert a King?

Hot. The King hath many marching in his coats.

Dowg. Now by my fword, I will kill all his coats;
I'll murther all his wardrobe piece by piece,

Until I meet the King.

Hot. Up and away,
Our foldiers stand full fairly for the day. [Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VII.

Alarm, enter Falstaff solus.

Fal. Though I could 'scape shot-free at London, I fear the shot here: here's no scoring, but upon the pate. Soft, who art thou? Sir Walter Blunt? there's honour for you; 7 here's no vanity! I am as hot as moulten lead, and as heavy too: heav'n keep lead out of me, I need no more weight than mine own bowels! "I have "led my rag-o-mussians where they are pepper'd: "there's not three of my hundred and fifty left alive;

"and they are for the town's end, to beg during life.

"But who comes here?

7 here's no wanity!] In our author's time the negative, in common speech, was used to design, ironically, the excess of a thing. Thus Ben Johnson in Every Man in his Humour, says, O HERE'S NO FORFERY!'Death, I can endure the slocks better. Meaning, as the passage shews, that the soppery was excessive. And so in many other places. But the Oxford Editor not apprehending this, has alter'd it to, there's vanity!

Enter

#### Enter Prince Henry.

P. Henry. What, stand'st thou idle here? lend me thy sword;

Many a noble man lies stark and stiff

Under the hoofs of vaunting enemies;

Whose deaths are unreveng'd. Lend me thy sword.

\*Fal. O Hal, I pr'ythee, give me leave to breathe a while. \*Turk Gregory never did fuch deeds in arms, as I have done this day. I have paid Percy, I have made him fure.

P. Henry. He is, indeed, and living to kill thee:

I pr'ythee, lend me thy fword.

Fal. Nay, Hal, if Percy be alive, thou get'st not my sword: but take my pistol, if thou wilt.

P. Henry. Give it me: what, is it in the case?

Fal. Ay, Hal, 'tis hot. There's that will fack a city. The Prince draws out a bottle of fack.

P. Henry. What, is it a time to jest and dally now? [Throws it at him, and Exit.

Fal. 9 If Percy be alive, he'll pierce him; if he do come in my way, fo; if he do not, if I come in his, willingly, let him make a carbonado of me. I like not fuch grinning honour as Sir Walter hath: give me life, which if I can fave, fo; if not, honour comes unlook'd for, and there's an end.

[Exit.

8 Turk Gregory never did fuch deeds in arms,] Meaning Gregory the seventh, called Hildebrand. This surious frier surmounted almost invincible obstacles to deprive the emperor of his right of investiture of bishops, which his predecessors had long attempted in vain. Fox, in his history, had made this Gregory so odious, that I don't doubt but the good protestants of that time were well pleased to hear him thus characterised, as uniting the attributes of their two great enemies, the Turk and Pope, in one.

9 If Percy be alive, I'll pierce him; Certainly, HE'LL pierce him, i. e. Prince Henry will, who is just gone out to feek him. Besides, I'll pierce him, contradicts the whole turn and humour of

the speech.

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0

SCENE

#### S C E N E VIII.

Alarum, Excursions. Enter the King, the Prince, Lord John of Lancaster, and the Earl of Westmorland.

K. Henry. I pr'ythee, Harry, withdraw thy felf, thou bleedest too much: Lord John of Lancaster, go you with him.

Lan. Not I, my lord, unless I did bleed too. P. Henry. I do beseech your Majesty make up,

Lest your retirement do amaze your friends. K. Henry. I will do so:

My lord of Westmorland, lead him to his Tent. West. Come, my lord, I'll lead you to your Tent.

P. Henry. Lead me, my lord! I do not need your help;

And heav'n forbid, a shallow scratch should drive The Prince of *Wales* from such a field as this, Where stain'd Nobility lies trodden on,

And Rebels arms triumph in massacres! [land, Lan. We breathe too long; come, cousin Westmor-

Our duty this way lies; for heav'n's fake, come.
P. Henry. By heav'n, thou hast deceiv'd me, Lancaster,
I did not think thee lord of such a spirit:

Before, I lov'd thee as a brother, John; But now, I do respect thee as my soul.

K. Henry. I faw him hold lord Percy at the point, With luftier maintenance than I did look for

Of fuch an ungrown warrior. P. Henry. Oh, this boy

Lends mettle to us all.

Manet King Henry. Enter Dowglas.

Dowg. Another King? they grow, like Hydra's heads: I am the Dowglas, fatal to all those That wear those colours on them. What art thou, That counterfeit'st the person of a King?

K. Henry.

[Exeunt.

K. Henry. The King himself, who, Dowglas, grieves at heart,

So many of his shadows thou hast met, And not the very King. I have two boys Seek *Percy* and thy felf about the field; But seeing thou fall'st on me so luckily, I will affay thee: so defend thy felf.

Dowg. I fear, thou art another counterfeit; And yet, in faith, thou bear'st thee like a King: But mine, I'm fure, thou art, whoe'er thou be,

And thus I win thee.

Gawfey.

[They fight: the King being in danger. Enter Prince Henry,

P. Henry. Hold up thy head, vile Scot, or thou art like

Never to hold it up again: the Spirits Of Sherly, Stafford, Blunt, are in my arms; It is the Prince of Wales that threatens thee, Who never promifeth, but means to pay.

[They fight, Dowglas flyeth,

Chearly, my lord; how fares your Grace? Sir Nicholas Gawfey hath for fuccour fent, And so hath Clifton: I'll to Clifton strait.

K. Henry. Stay, and breathe a while; Thou hast redeem'd my lost opinon, And shew'd, thou mak'ft some tender of my life,

In this fair rescue thou hast brought to me.

P. Henry. O heav'n! they did me too much injury, That ever faid, I hearken'd for your death. If it were so, I might have let alone Th' insulting hand of Dowglas over you; Which would have been as speedy in your end, As all the pois'nous potions in the world, And sav'd the treach'rous labour of your son.

K. Henry. Make up to Clifton, I'll to Sir Nicholas

O 2 SCENE

# The First Part of

## S C E N E IX.

Enter Hot-spur.

Hot. If I mistake not, thou art Harry Monmouth. P. Henry. Thou speak'st as if I would deny my name. Hot. My name is Harry Percy.

P. Henry. Then I see

A very valiant Rebel of that name. I am the Prince of Wales: and think not, Percy, To share with me in Glory any more: Two Stars keep not their motion in one sphere; Nor can one England brook a double Reign, Of Harry Percy and the Prince of Wales.

Hot. Nor shall it, Harry, for the hour is come To end the one of us; and would to heav'n, Thy name in arms were now as great as mine!

P. Henry. I'll make it greater, ere I part from thee; And all the budding honours on thy crest I'll crop, to make a garland for my head.

Hot. I can no longer brook thy vanities. [Fight.

#### Enter Falstaff.

Fal. Well faid, Hal; to it, Hal. Nay, you shall find no boy's play here, I can tell you.

Enter Dowglas, he fights with Falstaff, who falls down as if he were dead. The Prince kills Percy.

Hot. O, Harry, thou hast robb'd me of my youth: I better brook the loss of brittle life,
Than those proud Titles thou hast won of me; [sless they wound my thoughts, worse than thy sword my But thought's the slave of life, and life time's fool; And time, that takes survey of all the world, Must have a stop. O, I could prophesie,

1 O, Harry, thou hast robb'd me of my youth: I fancy Shake-spear wrote growth, i. e. honours in the bud. The two following lines seem to point to this reading, and not to agree to the common one.

But

But that the earthy and cold hand of death, Lyes on my tongue: no, Percy, thou art dust, And food for -

[Dies. P. Henry. Worms, brave Percy. Fare thee well! Ill-weav'd ambition, how much art thou fhrunk! When that this body did contain a spirit, A Kingdom for it was too small a bound: But now two paces of the vilest earth Is room enough! this earth, that bears thee dead, Bears not alive fo fout a gentleman. If thou wert fensible of courtesie, I should not make so great a show of zeal. <sup>2</sup> But let my favour hide thy mangled face, And, ev'n in thy behalf, I'll thank my felf For doing these fair Rites of tenderness. Adieu, and take thy praise with thee to heav'n; Thy ignominy sleep with thee in the Grave, But not remember'd in thy epitaph. [He sees Falstaff. -What! old acquaintance! could not all this flesh Keep in a little life? poor Fack, farewel! I could have better spar'd a better man. Oh, I should have a heavy miss of thee, If I were much in love with Vanity. Death hath not ftruck fo fat a Deer to day, Though many a dearer in this bloody fray: Imbowell'd will I fee thee by and by,

#### NE X. -E Falstaff rises.

Till then, in blood by noble Percy lye.

Fal. Imbowell'd!—if thou imbowel me to day, I'll give you leave to powder me, and eat me to morrow! 'Sblood, 'twas time to counterfeit, or that hot termagant Scot had paid me scot and lot too. Counterfeit?

2 But let my favours bide thy mangled face, ] We should read favour, face or countenance. He stooping down here to kiss Hot-Spur. 0 3

Exit.

I lie, I am no counterfeit; to die, is to be a counterfeit; for he is but the counterfeit of a man, who hath not the life of a man: but to counterfeit dying, when a man thereby liveth, is to be no counterfeit, but the true and perfect image of life, indeed. The better part of valour is discretion; in the which better part, I have faved my life. I am afraid of this gun-powder Percy, though he be dead. How if he should counterfeit too, and rise? I am afraid, he would prove the better counterfeit; therefore I'll make him sure; yea, and I'll swear, I kill'd him. Why may not he rise as well as I? nothing consutes me but eyes, and no body sees me. Therefore, sirrah, with a new wound in your thigh come you along with me. [Takes Hot-spur on his back.

#### S C E N E XI.

Enter Prince Henry, and John of Lancaster.

P. Henry. Come, brother John, full bravely hast thou flesht

Thy maiden fword.

Lan. But foft! whom have we here?
Did you not tell me, this fat man was dead?

P. Henry. I did, I faw him dead, And breathless on the ground: art thou alive, Or is it fancy plays upon our eye-sight? I pr'ythee, speak, we will not trust our eyes Without our ears: thou art not what thou seem'st.

Fal. No, that's certain; I am not a double man; but if I am not Jack Falstaff, then am I a Jack: there is Percy, if your father will do me any honour, so; if not, let him kill the next Percy himself. I look either to be Earl or Duke, I can affure you.

P. Henry. Why, Percy I kill'd my felf, and faw thee

dead.

Fal. Did'st thou? lord, lord, how the world is giv'n to lying! I grant you, I was down, and out of breath, and so was he; but we rose both at an instant, and sought

fought a long hour by *Shrewsbury* clock: if I may be believed, fo; if not, let them, that should reward valour, bear the sin upon their own heads, I'll take't on my death, I gave him this wound in the thigh: if the man were alive, and would deny it, I would make him eat a piece of my sword.

Lan. This is the strangest Tale that e'er I heard.

P. Henry. This is the strangest fellow, brother John. Come, bring your luggage nobly on your back: For my part, if a Lie may do thee grace, I'll gild it with the happiest terms I have.

[A retreat is sounded.

The trumpets found retreat, the day is ours: Come, brother, let's to th' highest of the field, To see what friends are living, who are dead.

Exeunt.

Fal. I'll follow, as they fay, for reward. He that rewards me, heav'n reward him! If I do grow great, I'll grow less; for I'll purge, and leave sack, and live cleanly, as a noble man should do.

[Exit.

#### S C E N E XII.

The Trumpets sound: EnterKing Henry, Prince of Wales, Lord John of Lancaster, Earl of Westmorland, with Worcester and Vernon Prisoners.

K. Henry. Thus ever did Rebellion find rebuke. Ill-spirited Wor'ster, did we not send grace, Pardon, and terms of love to all of you? And would'st thou turn our offers contrary? Misuse the tenor of thy kinsman's trust? Three Knights upon our party slain to day, A noble Earl, and many a creature else, Had been alive this hour, If like a christian thou had'st truly borne Betwixt our armies true intelligence.

Wor. What I have done, my safety urg'd me to;

O 4 And

And I embrace this fortune patiently, Since not to be avoided it falls on me.

K. Henry. Bear Worcester to death, and Vernon too.

Other Offenders we will paufe upon.

[Exeunt Worcester and Vernon, guarded. How goes the field? [saw]

P. Henry. The gallant Scot, lord Dowglas, when he The fortune of the day quite turned from him, The noble Percy flain, and all his men Upon the foot of fear, fled with the rest; And, falling from a hill, he was so bruis'd, That the pursuers took him. At my Tent The Dowglas is, and, I beseech your Grace,

K. Henry. With all my heart.

I may dispose of him.

P. Henry. Then, brother John of Lancaster, to you This honourable bounty shall belong:
Go to the Dowglas, and deliver him
Up to his pleasure, ransomless and free:
His valour, shewn upon our crests to day,
Hath taught us how to cherish such high deeds,
Ev'n in the bosom of our adversaries.

Lan. <sup>3</sup> I thank your Grace for this high courtefie, Which I shall give away immediately. [Power.

K. Henry. Then this remains; that we divide our You fon John, and my cousin Westmorland, Tow'rds York shall bend you, with your dearest speed, To meet Northumberland and Prelate Scroop, Who, as we hear, are busily in arms, My self and You, son Harry, will tow'rds Wales, To sight with Giendower and the Earl of Marche. Rebellion in this Land shall lose his sway, Meeting the check of such another day; And since this business so far fair is done, Let us not leave, till all our own be won. [Exeunt.

3 Ithank your Grace, &c ] These two lines added out of the hrit Edition.

Mr. Pope.

The

THE SECTION OF THE SE

The SECOND PART of

# HENRY IV.

Containing his DE ATH:

AND THE

# CORONATION

OF

King H E N R T V.





# PROLOGUE.

Enter RUMOUR, painted full of Tongues.

PEN your ears: for which of you will stop
The Vent of Hearing, when loud Rumour speaks?
I from the Orient to the drooping West,
Making the wind my post-horse, still unfold
The Acts commenced on this Ball of Earth.
Upon my tongues continual slanders ride,
The which in every language I pronounce;
Stuffing the ears of men with false reports.
"I speak of Peace, while covert enmity,

"Under the smile of safety, wounds the world:

"And who but *Rumour*, who but only I, "Make fearful musters and prepar'd defence,

Whilst the big year, swoll'n with some other griefs,

" Is thought with child by the stern tyrant War,

"And no fuch matter? Rumour is a pipe Blown by furmifes, jealoufies, conjectures; And, of fo eafie and fo plain a ftop, That the blunt monfter with uncounted heads, The still-discordant wavering multitude, Can play upon it. But what need I thus My well-known body to anatomize Among my houshold? Why is Rumour here? I run before King Harry's victory; Who in a bloody field by Shrewsbury

Hath

<sup>1</sup> painted full of Tongues.] This direction, which is only to be found in the first Edition in Quarto of 1600, explains a passage in what follows, otherwise obscure.

Mr. Pope.

## PROLOGUE.

Hath beaten down young Hot-spur and his troops: Quenching the flame of bold Rebellion Ev'n with the rebels' blood. But what mean I To speak so true at first? my office is To noise abroad, that Harry Monmouth fell Under the wrath of noble Hot-spur's sword; And that the King before the Dowglas' rage Stoop'd his anointed head as low as death. This have I rumour'd through the peafant towns, Between that royal field of Shrewsbury, And this worm-eaten (a) Hold of ragged stone; Where Hot-spur's father, old Northumberland, Lies crafty fick. The Posts come tiring on; And not a man of them brings other news Than they have learn'd of me. From Rumour's tongues, They bring smooth comforts false, worse than true Exit. wrongs,

[ (a) Hold. Mr. Theobald - Vulg. Hole. ]



Dramatis

# Dramatis Personæ.

KING Henry the Fourth. Prince Henry, afterwards crowned King Henry the Fifth. Prince John of Lancaster, Sons to Henry the Fourth, and Humphrey of Gloucester, Brethren to Henry the Fifth. Thomas of Clarence, Northumberland, The Archbishop of York, Mowbray, Hastings, Opposites against King Henry the Lord Bardolph, Fourth. Travers, Morton. Colevile, Warwick, Westmorland, Surrey, of the King's Party. Gower, Harcourt, Lord Chief Justice, Falstaff. Poins, Bardolph, Irregular Humorists. Piftol, Peto, Page. Shallow and Silence, Country Justices. Davy, Servant to Shallow. Phang and Snare, two Serjeants. Mouldy, Shadow, Country Soldiers, Wart, Feeble. Bulcalf, Lady Northumberland.

Lady Northumberland. Lady Percy. Hostess Quickly. Doll Tear-sheet.

Drawers, Beadles, Grooms, &c.



The SECOND PART of

# $H E N R \Upsilon IV.$

# ACT I. SCENE I.

Northumberland's Castle.

Enter Lord Bardolph; the Porter at the door.

BARDOLPH.

HO keeps the gate here, hoa? where is the Earl?

Port. What shall I say you are? Bard. Tell thou the Earl,

That the lord Bardolph doth attend him here.

Port. His lordship is walk'd forth into the Orchard; Please it your Honour, knock but at the gate, And he himself will answer.

Enter Northumberland.

Bard. Here's the Earl.

North. What news, lord Bardolph? " ev'ry minute now

" Should

" Should be the ' father of fome stratagem.

The times are wild: Contention, like a horse Full of high feeding, madly hath broke loose,

66 And hears down all before him

"And bears down all before him. Bard. Noble Earl,

I bring you certain news from Shrewsbury. North. Good, if heav'n will!

Bard. As good as heart can wish:

The King is almost wounded to the death:

And in the fortune of my lord your fon,

Prince Harry flain outright; and both the Blunts Kill'd by the hand of Dowglas: young Prince John, And Westmorland, and Stafford, fled the field.

And Westmortana, and Staffora, fied the field.

And Harry Monmouth's brawn, the hulk Sir John,

Is prisoner to your son. O, such a day, "So fought, so follow'd, and so fairly won,

" Came not till now, to dignifie the times,

Since Cæsar's fortunes!

North. How is this deriv'd?

Saw you the field? came you from Shrewsbury?

Bard. I spake with one, my lord, that came from

thence,

A gentleman well bred, and of good name;
That free!y render'd me these news for true. [sent North. Here comes my servant Travers, whom I

On Tuesday last to listen after news.

Bard. My lord, I over-rode him on the way.

And he is furnish'd with no certainties, More than he, haply, may retail from me.

#### S C E N E II.

Enter Travers.

North. Now, Travers, what good tidings come with you?

1 father of some stratagem.] Stratagem, for vigorous action.

Tra.

Tra. My lord, Sir Jobn Umfrevil turn'd me back With joyful tidings; and, being better hors'd, Out-rode me. "After him came spurring hard

" A gentleman, almost fore-spent with speed,

"That stopp'd by me to breathe his bloodied horse:

"He ask'd the way to *Chefter*; and of him I did demand what news from *Shrewsbury*. He told me, that Rebellion had ill luck;

" And that young Harry Percy's Spur was cold.

With that he gave his able horse the head,

"And, bending forward, struck his agile heels
Against the panting sides of his poor jade

"Up to the rowel-head; and, ftarting fo,

" He feem'd in running to devour the way, Staying no longer question.

North. Ha? again:

Said he, young Harry Percy's spur was cold?

Rebellion had ill luck?

Bard. My lord, I'll tell you; If my young lord your fon have not the day, Upon mine Honour, for a filken point I'll give my Barony. Ne'er talk of it.

North. Why should the gentleman, that rode by

Travers,

Give then fuch inftances of lofs?

Bard. Who he?

He was 2 fome hilding fellow, that had stoll'n The horse he rode on; and, upon my life, Spake at adventure. Look, here comes more news.

#### S C E N E III.

Enter Morton.

North. "Yea, this man's brow, like to a title-leaf, "Foretels the Nature of a tragick volume:

2 — some hilding fellow,—] For hinderling, i. e. base, degenerate. Mr. Pope.

" So looks the strond, whereon th' imperious flood

" Hath left a witness'd usurpation.

Say, Morton, did'st thou come from Shrewsbury? Mort. I ran from Shrewsbury, my noble lord, Where hateful Death put on his uglieft Mask To fright our Party.

North. How doth my fon, and Brother?

"Thou tremblest; and the whiteness in thy cheek

"Is apter than thy tongue to tell thy errand. " Even fuch a man, fo faint, fo spiritless,

" 3 So dull, fo dead in look, fo woe-be-gone,

" Drew Priam's curtain in the dead of night,

" And would have told him, half his Troy was burn'd:

"But Priam found the fire, ere he his tongue; And I my Percy's death, ere thou report'ft it. This thou would'st fay: your Son did thus, and thus: Your brother, thus: fo fought the noble Dowglas: Stopping my greedy ear with their bold deeds. But in the end, to stop mine ear indeed, Thou hast a figh to blow away this praise, Ending with brother, fon, and all are dead!

Mort. Dowglas is living, and your brother, yet;

But for my lord your fon--

North. Why, he is dead. See, what a ready tongue fuspicion hath! He, that but fears the thing he would not know, Hath, by instinct, knowledge 4 from other's eyes,

3 So dull, so dead in look, so woe be-gone, ] The conjecture of a famous critic on this passage was pleasant. He had never seen the word before, he had no conception of its meaning, and therefore would have it that the Poet wrote,

So dull, so dead in look, Ucalegon Drew Priam's curtain in the dead of night, &c.

Because Virgil says,

- jam proximus ardet Ucalegon. Yet the word was common enough amongst the old Scotish and English poets, as G. Douglas, Chaucer, lord Buckhurst, Fairfax; and fignifies, far gone in wee.

4 - from other eyes,] We should read other's eyes.

That

That what he fear'd is chanc'd. Yet, Morton, speak: Tell thou thy Earl, his Divination lies; And I will take as a sweet Disgrace, And make thee rich for doing me fuch wrong.

Mort. You are too Great to be by me gainfaid:

Your spirit is too true, your fears too certain.

North. Yet for all this, fay not, that Percy's dead. I see a strange confession in thine eye: Thou shak'st thy head, and 5 hold'st it fear, or sin, To speak a truth. If he be slain, say so: The tongue offends not, that reports his death: And he doth fin, that doth belie the dead, Not he, which fays the dead is not alive. Yet the first bringer of unwelcome news Hath but a losing office: and his tongue Sounds ever after as a sullen bell,

Remember'd, tolling a departing friend.

Bard. I cannot think, my lord, your fon is dead. Mort. I'm forry, I should force you to believe That, which, I would to heav'n, I had not feen. But these mine eyes saw him in bloody state, Rend'ring faint quittance, wearied and out-breath'd, To Henry Monmouth; whose swift wrath beat down The never-daunted Percy to the earth, From whence with life, he never more fprung up. In few; his death, (whose spirit lent a fire Even to the dullest peasant in his Camp) Being bruited once, took fire and heat away From the best-temper'd courage in his troops. For from his metal was his party steel'd; Which once in him rebated, all the rest

Turn'd

--- bold ft it fear, or fin.] Fear, for danger. 6 For from his metal was his party fleeld;
Which once in him ABATED. \_\_\_\_\_ The word metalis one of those hacknied metaphorical terms, which resumes so much of a literal sense as not to need the idea (from whence the figure is taken) to be kept up. So that it may with elegance enough be faid, his metal was abated, as well as his courage was abated. See VOL IV.

Turn'd on themselves, like dull and heavy lead. And as the thing, that's heavy in its felf, Upon enforcement, flies with greatest speed; So did our men, heavy in Hot-four's loss. Lend to this weight such lightness with their fear, That arrows fled not fwifter toward their aim. Than did our foldiers, aiming at their fafety, Fly from the field. Then was that noble Wor'fter Too foon ta'en prisoner: and that furious Scot, The bloody Dowglas, whose well-labouring sword Had three times flain th' appearance of the King, 'Gan vail his stomach, and did grace the shame Of those that turn'd their backs; and in his flight, Stumbling in fear, was took. The fum of all Is, that the King hath won: and hath fent out A fpeedy Pow'r to encounter you, my lord, Under the conduct of young Lancaster And Westmoreland. This is the news at full.

North. For this, I shall have time enough to mourn. In poison there is physick: and this news,
That would, had I been well, have made me sick,
Being sick, hath in some measure made me well.
And as the wretch, whose feaver-weaken'd joints,
Like strengthless hinges, buckle under life,
Impatient of his fit, breaks like a fire
Out of his keeper's arms; ev'n so my limbs,
Weaken'd with grief, being now inrag'd with grief,
Are thrice themselves. "Hence therefore, thou nice
crutch;

what is faid on this subject, Note 7 on Love's labour loss. Act V. But when the writer shews, as here, both before and after, [—bis party sheel'd——turn'd on themselves like dull and beavy lead] that his intention was not to drop the idea from whence he took his metaphor, then he cannot say with propriety and elegance, his metal was abated; because what he predicates of metal, must be then convey'd in a term conformable to the metaphor. Hence I conclude that Shakespear wrote,

Which once in him REBATED, - i. e. blunted.

" A scaly gauntlet now with joints of steel

" Must glove this hand. And hence, thou sickly quoif,

"Thou art a guard too wanton for the head,

"Which Princes, flesh'd with conquest, aim to hit.
Now bind my brows with iron, and approach

"The ruggedst hour that time and spight dare bring

" To frown upon th'enrag'd Northumberland!

"Let heav'n kiss earth! now let not nature's hand

"Keep the wild flood confin'd; let order die,

"And let this world no longer be a stage

"To feed contention in a lingring act:
"But let one spirit of the first-born Cain

" Reign in all bosoms, that each heart being set

"On bloody courses, the rude scene may end,

"And darkness be the burier of the dead! [lord! Bard. 7 This strained passion doth you wrong, my Sweet Earl, divorce not wisdom from your honour.

Mort. The lives of all your loving complices Lean on your health; the which, if you give o'er To ftormy passion, must perforce decay.

<sup>8</sup> You cast th' event of war, my noble lord, And summ'd th' account of chance, before you said,

Let us make head: it was your prefurmife, That, in the dole of blows, your fon might drop:

You knew, he walk'd o'er perils, on an edge

More likely to fall in, than to get o'er:

You were advis'd, his flesh was capable Of wounds and scars; and that his forward

Of wounds and scars; and that his forward spirit Would lift him where most trade of danger rang'd:

7 This strained passion. &c.] This line is only in the first edition, where it is spoken by Umfreville, who speaks no where else. It seems necessary to the connection.

Mr. Pope.

8 You cast th' event of the war, &c.] The fourteen lines from hence to Bardolph's next speech, are not to be found in the first editions till that in Folio of 1623. A very great number of other lines in this play are inserted after the first edition in like manner, but of such spirit and mastery generally, that the insertions are plainly by Shakespear himself.

Mr. Pope.

P 2

Yet did you say, Go forth. And none of this, Though strongly apprehended, could restrain The stiff-borne action. What hath then befall'n, Or what hath this bold enterprize brought forth, More than That being, which was like to be?

Bard. We all, that are engaged to this loss, Knew, that we ventur'd on such dang'rous seas, That, if we wrought out life, 'twas ten to one: And yet we ventur'd for the gain propos'd, Choak'd the respect of likely peril fear'd; And since we are o'er-set, venture again. Come, we will all put forth, body and goods.

Mort. 'Tis more than time; and my most noble

lord,

I hear for certain, and do speak the truth: The gentle Arch-bishop of York is up With well-appointed Powers: he is a man, Who with a double furety binds his followers: 9 My lord, your fon, had only but the corps, But shadows, and the shews of men to fight. For that fame word, Rebellion, did divide The action of their bodies from their fouls; And they did fight with queafiness: constrain'd, As men drink potions, that their weapons only Seem'd on our fide: "but for their spirits and souls, "This word, Rebellion, it had froze them up, "As fish are in a pond. But now, the Bishop Turns Infurrection to Religion; Suppos'd fincere and holy in his thoughts, He's follow'd both with body and with mind: And doth enlarge his Rising with the blood

9 My lord. your son, &c.] All the following lines to the end of this speech are not in the first edition.

Mr. Pope.

I And doth enlarge his Rising—] It is probable Shakespear wrote ENLARD, i. e. satten and encourage his cause. He uses the word in Hen. V.

In which array, brawe foldier, doth he lye
Larding the plain, and by his bloody fide,

Of fair King Richard, scrap'd from Pomfret stones; Derives from heav'n his quarrel and his cause; Tells them, he doth bestride a bleeding land Gasping for life, under great Bolingbroke: And more, and less, do flock to follow him.

North. I knew of this before: but to speak truth, This present grief had wip'd it from my mind. Go in with me, and counsel every man The aptest way for safety and revenge: Get posts, and letters, and make friends with speed; Never so few, nor never yet more need.

[Exeunt.]

#### S C E N E IV.

Changes to a Street in London.

Enter Sir John Falstaff, with his Page bearing his fword and buckler.

Fal. S Irrah, you, giant! what fays the doctor to my water?

Page. He faid, Sir, the water it felf was a good healthy water. But for the party that own'd it, he

might have more diseases than he knew for.

Fal. Men of all forts take a pride to gird at me. The brain of this foolish-compounded-clay, Man, is not able to invent any thing that tends to laughter, more than I invent, or is invented on me. I am not only witty in my felf, but the cause that wit is in other men. I do here walk before thee, like a sow, that hath overwhelmed all her litter but one. If the Prince put thee into my service for any other reason than to set me off, why, then I have no judgment. Thou whorson mandrake, thou art fitter to be worn in my cap, than to wait at my heels. I was never mann'd with an agot till now: but I will set you neither in gold.

2 I was never mann'd with an agot till now: ] Alluding to the little figures cut in agots, and other hard itones, for ields: and therefore he fays, I will fet you neither in gold now filver. gold nor filver, but in vile apparel, and fend you back again to your mafter, for a jewel: The Juvenal, the Prince your mafter! whose chin is not yet sledg'd; I will sooner have a beard grow in the palm of my hand, than he shall get one on his cheek; yet he will not slick to say, his face is a face-royal. Heav'n may sinish it when it will, it is not a hair amiss yet; he may keep it still as a face-royal, for a barber shall never earn sixpence out of it; and yet he will be crowing, as if he had writ man ever since his father was a batchelor. He may keep his own grace, but he is almost out of mine, I can assure him. What said Mr. Dombledon, about the satten for my short cloak and slops?

Page. He faid, Sir, you should procure him better assurance than Bardolph: he would not take his bond

and yours, he lik'd not the fecurity.

Fal. Let him be damn'd like the Glutton, may his tongue be hotter! a whorson Achitophel, a rascally yea-forsooth-knave, to bear a gentleman in hand, and then stand upon security! the whorson-smooth-pates do now wear nothing but high shoes, and bunches of keys at their girdles; and if a man is thorough with them in honest taking up, then they must stand upon security: I had as lief they would put rats-bane in my mouth, as offer to stop it with security. I looked he should have sent me two and twenty yards of satten, as I am a true Knight, and he sends me Security. Well, he may sleep in security, for he hath the horn of abundance. And 3 the lightness of his wife shines through it, and yet cannot he see, though he have his own lanthorn to light him. Where's Bardolph?

Page.

The Oxford Editor alters this to aglet, a tag to the points then in use: (a word indeed which our author uses to express the same thought) But aglets, tho' they were sometimes of gold or silver, were never set in those metals.

3 The lightness of his wife shines through it, and set cannot be see though he have his own lanthorn to light him.] This joke seems

Page. He's gone into Smithfield to buy your Wor-

ship a horse.

Fal. 4 I bought him in Paul's, and he'll buy me a horse in Smithsfield. If I could get me but a wise in the Stews, I were mann'd, hors'd, and wiv'd.

## S C E N E V.

Enter Chief Justice, and Servants.

Page. Sir, here comes the Nobleman that committed the Prince for striking him, about Bardolph.

Fal. Wait close, I will not see him. Ch. Just. What's he that goes there? Serv. Falstaff, an't please your lordship.

Ch. Just. He that was in question for the robbery? Serv. He, my lord. But he hath since done good service at Shrewsbury: and, as I hear, is now going with some charge to the lord John of Lancaster.

Ch. Just. What to York? call him back again.

Serv. Sir John Falstaff,— Fal. Boy, tell him I am deaf.

Page. You must speak louder, my master is deaf. Ch. Just. I am sure, he is, to the hearing of any thing good. Go pluck him by the elbow. I must speak with him.

Serv. Sir John -

Fal. What! a young knave and beg! are there not wars? is there not employment? doth not the King

feems evidently to have been taken from that of Plautus: Quò ambulas tu, qui Vulcanum in cornu conclusum geris. Amph. Act 1. Scene 1. and much improved. We need not doubt that a joke was here intended by Plautus, for the proverbial term of horns, for cuckoldom, is very ancient, as appears by Artemidorus, who says, Πησειπείν συτώ ότι ή γυνή σου ποςνεύσει, καὶ τὸ λεγομενον, κέρατα ἀυτώ ποιήσει, καὶ δυτώς ἀπέβη. \*Ονειροι. lib. 2. cap. 12. And he copied from those before him.

4 I bought him in Paul's, ] At that time the refort of idle

people, cheats, and knights of the post.

P 4

lack

lack Subjects? do not the Rebels need foldiers? though it be a fhame to be on any fide but one, it is worfe fhame to beg, than to be on the worft fide, were it worfe than the name of Rebellion can tell how to make it.

Serv. You mistake me, Sir.

Fal. Why, Sir, did I fay you were an honest man? fetting my knight-hood and my foldiership aside, I

had lied in my throat, if I had faid fo.

Serv. I pray you, Sir, then fet your knight-hood and your foldiership aside, and give me leave to tell you, you lie in your throat, if you say I am any other than an honest man.

Fal. I give thee leave to tell me so? I lay aside That, which grows to me? if thou gett'st any leave of me, hang me; if thou tak'st leave, thou wert better be hang'd: you hunt-counter, hence; avaunt.

Serv. Sir, my lord would speak with you. Ch. Just. Sir John Falstaff, a word with you.

Fal. My good lord! God give your lordship good time of day. I am glad to see your lordship abroad; I heard say, your lordship was sick. I hope, your lordship goes abroad by advice. Your lordship, though not clean past your youth, hath yet some smack of age in you: some relish of the saltness of time; and I most humbly beseech your lordship, to have a reverend care of your health.

Ch. Just. Sir John, I sent for you before your ex-

pedition to Shrewsbury,---

Fal. If it please your lordship, I hear, his Majesty is return'd with some discomfort from Wales.

Ch. Just. I talk not of his Majesty: you would not come when I fent for you;—

Fal. And I hear moreover, his Highness is fallen

into this fame whorfon apoplexy.

Ch. Just. Well, heav'n mend him! I pray, let me speak with you.

Fal.

Fal. This apoplexy is, as I take it, a kind of lethargy, an't please your lordship, a kind of sleeping in the blood, a whorson tingling.

Ch. Just. What tell you me of it? be it, as it is.

Fal. It hath its original from much grief; from fludy and perturbation of the brain. I have read the cause of it in Galen. It is a kind of deafness.

Ch. Just. I think, you are fallen into that disease:

for you hear not what I fay to you.

Fal. Very well, my lord, very well: rather, an't please you, it is the disease of not list'ning, the malady of not marking, that I am troubled withal.

Ch. Just. To punish you by the heels, would amend the attention of your ears; and I care not if I do be-

come your phyfician.

Fal. I am as poor as fob, my lord, but not so patient: your lordship may minister the potion of imprisonment to me, in respect of poverty; but how I should be your Patient to follow your prescriptions, the wise may make some dram of a scruple, or, indeed, a scruple it self.

Ch. Just. I fent for you, when there were matters against you for your life, to come speak with me.

Fal. As I was then advis'd by my Counfel learned

in the laws of this land-service, I did not come.

Ch. Just. Well, the truth is, Sir John, you live in

great infany

great infamy.

Fal. He that buckles him in my belt, cannot live in lefs.

Ch. Just. Your means are very slender, and your

waste is great.

Fal. I would it were otherwise: I would, my means

were greater, and my waste stenderer.

Ch. Fust. You have missled the youthful Prince.

Fal. The young Prince hath mif-led me. I am the fellow with the great belly, and he my dog.

Cb. Just.

Ch. Just. Well, I'm loth to gall a new-heal'd wound; your day's fervice at Shrewsbury hath a little gilded over your night's exploit on Gads-hill. You may thank the unquiet time, for your quiet o'er-posting that action.

Fal. My lord

Ch. Just. But since all is well, keep it so: wake not a sleeping Wolf.

Fal. To wake a Wolf, is as bad as to smell a Fox. Ch. Just. What? you are as a candle, the better part

burnt out.

Fal. A wassel candle, my lord; all tallow: but if I did say of wax, my growth would approve the truth.

Ch. Just. There is not a white hair on your face,

but should have his effect of gravity.

Fal. His effect of gravy, gravy, gravy.

Ch. Just. You follow the young Prince up and

down, like his 5 ill angel.

Fal. Not fo, my lord, your angel is light: but I hope, he that looks upon me, will take me without weighing; and yet, in some respects, I grant, I cannot go; — I cannot tell; Virtue is of so little regard in these coster-mongers' days, that true valour is turned bear-herd. Pregnancy is made a tapster, and hath his quick wit wasted in giving reckonings; all the other gifts appertinent to man, as the malice of this age thapes them, are not worth a goose-berry. You, that are old, consider not the capacities of us that are young; you measure the heat of our Livers, with the bitterness of your Galls; and we that are in the 6 vaward of our youth, I must consels, are wags too.

Ch. Just. Do you fet down your name in the scrowl of youth, that are written down old, with all the cha-

6 Va-ward] i. e. van guard.

Mr. Pope. racters

<sup>5</sup> A pun, in an ill angel, which Mr. Theobald here tells us, he has restored and brought to light.

racters of age? have you not a moift eye? a dry hand? a yellow cheek? a white beard? a decreasing leg? an increasing belly? is not your voice broken? your wind short? your chin double? your wit single? and every part about you blasted with antiquity? and will you yet call yourself young? fie, sie, sie, Sir John.

Fal. "My lord, I was born about three of the clock "in the afternoon, with a white head, and fomething a round belly. For my voice, I have lost it with hallowing and finging of Anthems. To approve my youth further, I will not. The truth is, I am only old in judgment and understanding, and he, that will caper with me for a thousand marks, let him lend me the money, and have at him. For the box o' th' ear that the Prince gave you, he gave it like a rude Prince, and you took it like a fensible lord. I have checkt him for it; and the young Lion repents: marry, not in ashes and sack-cloth, but in new silk and old sack.

Ch. Just. Well, heav'n fend the Prince a better Companion!

Fal. Heav'n fend the companion a better Prince! I

cannot rid my hands of him.

Ch. Just. Well, the King hath sever'd you and Prince Harry. I hear, you are going with lord John of Lancaster, against the Archbishop and the Earl of Northumberland.

Fal. Yes, I thank your pretty fweet wit for it; but look you, pray, all you that kifs my lady Peace at home, that our armies join not in a hot day: for, by the Lord, I take but two shirts out with me, and I mean not to sweat extraordinarily: if it be a hot day, if I brandish any thing but a bottle, would I might never spit white again. There is not a dangerous action can peep out his head, but I am thrust upon it. Well, I cannot last ever. — "but it was always yet the trick of our English Nation, if they have a good thing,

"thing, to make it too common. If ye will needs fay, I am an old man, you should give me Rest: I would to God, my name were not so terrible to the enemy as it is! I were better to be eaten to death with a rust, than to be scour'd to nothing with perpetual motion.

Ch. Just. Well, be honest, be honest, and heav'n

bless your expedition!

Fal. Will your lordship lend me a thousand pound,

to furnish me forth?

Ch. Just. Not a penny, not a penny; yoù are too impatient to bear crosses. Fare you well. Commend me to my cousin Westmorland. [Exit.

Page. Sir?

Fal. What money is in my purse? Page. Seven groats and two pence.

Fal. I can get no remedy against this consumption of the purse. Borrowing only lingers and lingers it out, but the disease is incurable. Go bear this letter to my lord of Lancaster, this to the Prince, this to the Earl of Westmorland, and this to old Mrs. Ursula, whom I have weekly sworn to marry since I perceived the first white hair on my chin. About it; you know where to find me. A pox of this gout! or, a gout of this pox! for the one, or t'other, plays the rogue with my great toe: it is no matter, if I do halt, I have the wars for my colour, and my pension shall

<sup>7</sup> A three-man beetle] i. e. a rammer big enough to require three men to lift it. Mr. Pope. The term humorously alludes to what they then called a three man fong. i. e. a catch in three parts.

feem the more reasonable: a good wit will make use of any thing; I will turn diseases to commodity.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VI.

Changes to the Archbishop of York's Palace.

Enter Archbishop of York, Hastings, Thomas Mowbray (Earl Marshal) and Lord Bardolph.

York. THUS have you heard our cause, and know our means:

Now, my most noble friends, I pray you all, Speak plainly your opinions of our hopes; And first, Lord Marshal, what say you to it?

Mowb. I well allow th'occasion of our arms, But gladly would be better satisfied How in our means we should advance our selves, To look with forehead bold and big enough

Upon the pow'r and puissance of the King?

Hast. Our present musters grow upon the file To five and twenty thousand men of choice; And our Supplies live largely in the hope Of great Northumberland, whose bosom burns With an incensed fire of injuries.

Bard. The question then, lord Hastings, standeth Whether our present five and twenty thousand May hold up head without Northumberland?

Hast. With him we may.

Bard. Ay, marry, there's the point: But if without him we be thought too feeble, My judgment is, we should not step too far Till we had his affistance by the hand. For in a theam so bloody-fac'd as this, Conjecture, expectation, and surmise, Of aids uncertain, should not be admitted.

York.

York. 'Tis very true, lord Bardolph; for, indeed,

It was young Hot-spur's case at Shrewsbury.

Bard. It was, my lord, who lin'd himself with hope, Eating the air, on promise of Supply; Flatt'ring himself with project of a Power Much smaller than the smallest of his thoughts; And so, with great imagination, Proper to madmen, led his Pow'rs to death, And, winking, leap'd into destruction.

Hast. But, by your leave, it never yet did hurt To lay down likelihoods and forms of hope.

Bard. Yes, if this present quality of war Impede the instant act; a cause on foot Lives fo in hope, as in an early Spring We see th' appearing buds; which, to prove fruit, Hope gives not fo much warrant, as Despair, That frosts will bite them. When we mean to build, We first survey the plot, then draw the model; And when we see the figure of the house, Then must we rate the cost of the erection; Which, if we find out-weighs ability, What do we then but draw a-new the model In fewer offices? at least, defist To build at all? much more, in this great Work, (Which is almost to pluck a Kingdom down, And fet another up) should we survey The plot of situation, and the model; Consent upon a fure foundation, Question surveyors, know our own estate, How able fuch a work to undergo, To weigh against his opposite: or else, We fortifie in paper and in figures, Using the names of men instead of men: Like one, that draws the model of a house Beyond his pow'r to build it: who, half through, Gives o'er, and leaves 8 his part-created cost

<sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_ his part-created cost ] Cost, for work.

A naked subject to the weeping clouds,
And waste for churlish winter's tyranny.

Hast. Grant, that our hopes, yet likely of fair birth, Should be still-born; and that we now possest

The utmost man of expectation:

I think, we are a body ftrong enough,

Ev'n as we are, to equal with the King.

Bard. What, is the King but five and twenty thoufand?

Haft. To us, no more; nay, not so much, lord Bardolph.

For his divisions, as the times do brawl,

Are in three heads; one Pow'r against the French, And one against Glendower; perforce, a third Must take up us: so is the unfirm King

In three divided; and his coffers found With hollow poverty and emptiness.

York. That he should draw his sev'ral strengths

together,
And come against us in full puissance,

Need not be dreaded.

Haft. If he should do so,

He leaves his back unarm'd, the French and Welsh Baying him at the heels; never fear That.

Bard. Who, is it like, should lead his forces hither? Hast. The Duke of Lancaster, and Westmorland:

Against the Wellh, himself and Harry Monmouth:

But who is substituted 'gainst the French, I have no certain notice.

York, 9 Let us on:

And publish the occasion of our arms.

The Commonwealth is fick of their own choice 3

Their over-greedy love hath furfeited.

An habitation giddy and unfure

9 Let us on: &c.] This excellent speech of York was one of the passages added by Shakespear after his first Edition.

Mr. Pope.

Hath

Hath he, that buildeth on the vulgar heart. O thou fond Many! with what loud applause Did'st thou beat heav'n with blessing Bolingbroke, Before he was, what thou would'ft have him be? And now, being trim'd up in thine own desires, Thou, beaftly feeder, art fo full of him, That thou provok'st thy self to cast him up. So, fo, thou common dog, didft thou difgorge Thy glutton bosom of the royal Richard, And now thou would'st eat thy dead vomit up, And howl'st to find it. What Trust is in these times? They, that when Richard liv'd, would have him die, Are now become enamour'd on his Grave: Thou, that threw'st dust upon his goodly head, When through proud London he came fighing on After th' admired heels of Bolingbroke, Cry'st now, O Earth, yield us that King again, And take thou this. O thoughts of men accurst! Past and to come, seem best; things present, worst. Mowb. Shall we go draw our numbers, and fet on? Hast. We are time's subjects, and time bids, be gone. Exeunt.

ACT II. SCENE I.

A Street in LONDON.

Enter Hostess, with two Officers, Phang and Snare.

Hostess.

R. Phang, have you enter'd the action?

Phang. It is enter'd.

Host. Where's your yeoman? is he a lusty
yeoman? Will he stand to it?

Phang. Sirrah, where's Snare? Hoft. O Lord, ay, good Mr. Snare. Snare. Here, here.

Phang.

Phang. Snare, we must arrest Sir John Falstaff. Host. Ay, good Mr. Snare, I have enter'd him and all.

Snare. It may chance cost some of us our lives; for he will stab.

Host. Alas-the-day! take heed of him; he stab'd me in mine own house, and that most beastly; he cares not what mischief he doth, if his weapon be out. He will soin like any devil; he will spare neither man, woman, nor child.

Phang. If I can close with him, I care not for his

thrust.

Hoft. No, nor I reither; —— I'll be at your elbow. Phang. If I but fift him once; ' if he come but

within my vice.

Hoft. I am undone by his going; I warrant you, he is an infinitive thing upon my score. Good Mr. Phang, hold him fure; good Mr. Snare, let him not 'scape. He comes continually to Pie-corner, saving your manhoods, to buy a faddle: and he is indited to dinner to the Lubbar's-head in Lombard-Greet, to Mr. Smooth's the Silkman. I pray ye, fince my action is enter'd, and my case so openly known to the world, let him be brought in to his answer. 2 A hundred mark is a long Lone, for a poor lone woman to bear; and I have borne, and borne, and borne, and have been fub'd off, and fub'd off, from this day to that day, that it is a shame to be thought on. There is no honesty in such dealing, unless a woman should be made an Ass and a beast, to bear every knave's wrong.

<sup>1</sup> If he come lut within my vice.] Vice or grasp. A metaphor taken from a smith's vice: There is another reading in the old Edition, view, which I think not so good. Mr. Pope.

<sup>2</sup> Another quibble restored by Mr. Theobald.

Enter Falstaff, Bardolph, and the boy.

Yonder he comes, and that arrant malmfey - nofe knave *Bardolph* with him. Do your offices, do your offices: Mr. *Phang* and Mr. *Snare*, do me, do me, do me your offices.

Fal. How now? whose mare's dead? what's the

matter?

Phang. Sir John, I arrest you at the suit of Mrs. Quickly.

Fal. Away, varlets; draw, Bardolph: cut me off

the villain's head: throw the quean in the kennel.

Host. Throw me in the kennel? I'll throw thee in the kennel. Wilt thou? wilt thou? thou bastardly rogue. Murder, murder! O thou hony-suckle villain, wilt thou kill God's officers and the King's? O thou hony-seed rogue! thou art a hony-seed, a man-queller, and a woman-queller.

Fal. Keep them off, Bardolph. Phang. A rescue, a rescue!

Host. Good people, bring a refcue or two; thou wo't, wo't thou? thou wo't, wo't thou? do, do, thou rogue, do, thou hemp-feed!

Fal. Away, you scullion, you rampallian, you fusti-

larian: I'll tickle your catastrophe.

## S C E N E II.

Enter Chief Justice attended.

Ch. Just. What's the matter? keep the peace here, hoa!

Host. Good my lord, be good to me. I befeech you, frand to me.

Ch. Just. How now, Sir John? what, are you brawling here?

Doth this become your place, your time, and business? You should have been well on your way to York.

Stand

Stand from him, fellow; wherefore hang'ft thou on him?

Host. O my most worshipful lord, an't please your Grace, I am a poor widow of East-cheap, and he is arrested at my suit.

Ch. Just. For what sum?

Host. It is more than for some, my lord, it is for all; all I have; he hath eaten me out of house and home; he hath put all my substance into that fat belly of his; but I will have some of it out again, or I'll ride thee o'nights, like the mare.

Fal. I think, I am as like to ride the mare, If I

have any 'vantage of ground to get up.

Ch. Just. How comes this, Sir John? fie, what man of good temper would endure this tempest of exclamation? are you not asham'd to inforce a poor widow to so rough a course to come by her own?

Fal. What is the gross sum that I owe thee?

Hoft. Marry, if thou wert an honest man, thy felf, and the mony too. Thou didst swear to me on a parcel-gilt goblet, fitting in my Dolphin-chamber, at the round table, by a fea-coal fire, on Wednesday in Whitfun-week, when the Prince broke thy head for likening him to a finging-man of Windsor; thou didst swear to me then, as I was washing thy wound, to marry me, and make me my lady thy wife. Canst thou deny it? did not good-wife Keech, the butcher's wife, come in then, and call me gossip Quickly? coming in to borrow a mess of vinegar; telling us, she had a good dish of prawns; whereby thou did desire to eat some; whereby I told thee, they were ill for a green wound; and didst not thou, when she was gone down stairs, defire me to be no more fo familiarity with fuch poor people, faying, that ere long they should call me Madam? and didst thou not kiss me, and bid me fetch Q 2 thee thee thirty shillings? I put thee now to thy book-

oath; deny it, if thou canst.

Fal. My lord, this is a poor mad foul; and she fays up and down the town, that her eldest son is like you. She hath been in good case, and the truth is, poverty hath distracted her; but for these soolish Officers, I beseech you, I may have redress against them.

Ch. Just. Sir John, Sir John, I am well acquainted with your manner of wrenching the true cause the false way. It is not a confident brow, nor the throng of words that come with such more than impudent sawciness from you, can thrust me from a level consideration. I know, you have practis'd upon the easie-yielding spirit of this woman.—

Host. Yes, in troth, my lord.

Ch. Just. Pry'thee, peace; pay her the debt you owe her, and unpay the villany you have done her; the one you may do with sterling mony, and the other

with currant repentance.

Fal. My lord, I will not undergo 'this fneap without reply. You call honourable boldness impudent sawciness: If a man will court's fie and say nothing, he is virtuous. No, my lord, my humble duty remember'd, I will not be your suitor: I say to you, I desire deliverance from these officers, being upon hasty employment in the King's assairs.

Ch. Just. You speak, as having power to do wrong: but answer in the effect your reputation, and satisfie the

poor woman.

Fal. Come hither, hostess.

[Aside.

3 This sneap ] A Yorkshire word for rebuke. Mr. Pope.

## S C E N E III.

Enter Mr. Gower.

Ch. Just. Master Gower, what news?
Gower. The King, my lord, and Henry Prince of
Wales

Are near at hand: the rest the paper tells.

Fal. As I am a gentleman

Host. Nay, you said so before.

Fal. As I am a gentleman; — come, no more words of it.

Hoft. By this heav'nly ground I tread on, I must be fain to pawn both my plate, and the tapestry of my

dining chambers.

Fal. "Glasses, glasses, is the only drinking; and "for thy walls, a pretty slight drollery, or the story "of the Prodigal, or the \*German Hunting in water-"work, is worth a thousand of sthese dead-hangings, and these sly-bitten tapestries: let it be ten pound, if thou canst. Come, if it were not for thy humours, there is not a better wench in England. Go, wash thy face, and draw thy action: come, thou must not be in this humour with me; do'st not know me? Come, come, I know, thou wast set on to this.

Host. Pry'thee, Sir John, let it be but twenty nobles, I am loth to pawn my plate, in good earnest, la. Fal. Let it alone, I'll make other shift; you'll be a fool still——

Host. Well, you shall have it, though I pawn my gown. I hope, you'll come to supper: you'll pay me all together?

Fal. Will I live? go with her, with her: hook

on, hook on.

4 German Hunting in water-work, ] i. e. in water-colours. 5 These BED-hangings, ] We should read DEAD-hangings. i. e. saded.

Q3 Host.

Host. Will you have Doll Tear-sheet meet you at supper?

Fal. No more words. Let's have her.

[Exeunt Host. and Serjeant.

Cb. Just. I have heard better news.

Fal. What's the news, my good lord?

Ch. Just. Where lay the King last night?

Gower. At Basingstoke, my lord.

Fal. I hope, my lord, all's well. What is the news, my lord?

Ch. Just. Come all his forces back?

Gower. No; fifteen hundred foot, five hundred horse Are march'd up to my lord of Lancaster,

Against Northumberland and the Arch-bishop.

Fal. Comes the King back from Wales, my noble lord?

Ch. Just. You shall have letters of me presently. Come, go along with me, good Mr. Gower.

Fal. My lord, ----

Ch. Just. What's the matter?

Fal. Master Gower, shall I intreat you with me to dinner?

Gower. I must wait upon my good lord here,

I thank you, good Sir John.

Ch. Just. Sir John, you loiter here too long, being you are to take foldiers up in the countreys as you go.

Fal. Will you sup with me, master Gower?

Ch. Just. What foolish master taught you these

manners, Sir John?

Fal, Master Gower, if they become me not, he was a fool that raught them me. This is the right fencing grace, my lord, tap for tap, and so part fair.

Ch. Just. Now the lord lighten thee, thou art a great fool! [Exeunt.

#### E N E

#### Continues in LONDON.

Enter Prince Henry and Poins.

P. Henry. TRUST me, I am exceeding weary. Poins. Is it come to that? I had thought, weariness durst not have attach'd one of so high blood.

P. Henry. It doth me, though it discolours the complexion of my Greatness to acknowledge it. Doth it

not shew vilely in me to defire small beer?

Poins. Why, a Prince should not be so loosely stu-

died, as to remember fo weak a composition.

P. Henry. Belike then, my appetite was not princely got; for, in troth, I do now remember the poor creature, small beer. But, indeed, these humble confiderations make me out of love with my Greatness. "What a difgrace is it to me to remember thy name? or to know thy face to morrow? or to take note " how many pair of filk stockings thou hast? (viz. " these, and those that were the peach-colour'd ones;) or to bear the inventory of thy shirts, as one for su-" perfluity, and one other for use: but that the tenniscourt-keeper knows better than I, for it is a low ebb of linnen with thee, when thou keepest not racket there; as thou hast not done a great while, because the rest of thy low Countreys have made a shift to eat up thy holland. 6 And God knows, whether those, that bawl out of the ruins of thy linnen, shall inherit his Kingdom: but the midwives fay, the children are not in the fault; whereupon the world increases, and kindreds are mightily strengthened.

Poins. How ill it follows, after you have labour'd fo hard, you should talk so idly? tell me, how many

6 And God knows, whether, &c.] This period is supplied out Mr. Pope. of the old Edition. Q 4

good

good young Princes would do fo, their fathers lying to fick as yours at this time is.

P. Henry. Shall I tell thee one thing, Poins? Poins. Yes, and let it be an excellent good thing.

P. Henry. It shall ferve among wits of no higher breeding than thine.

Poins. Go to; I stand the push of your one thing,

that you'll tell.

P. Henry. Why, I tell thee, it is not meet that I should be fad now my father is fick; albeit, I could tell to thee, (as to one it pleases me, for fault of a better, to call my friend) I could be fad, and fad indeed too.

Poins. Very hardly, upon fuch a subject.

P. Henry. By this hand, thou think'it me as far in the Devil's book, as thou and Falftaff, for obduracy and perfiftency. Let the end try the man. But, I tell thee, my heart bleeds inwardly that my father is fo fick; and keeping such vile company, as thou art, hath in reason taken from me all oftentation of forrow.

Poins. The reason?

P. Henry. What would'st thou think of me, if I should weep.

Poins. I would think thee a most princely hypocrite.

P. Henry. It would be every man's thought; and thou art a bleffed fellow, to think as every man thinks; never a man's thought in the world keeps the road-way better than thine; every man would think me an hypocrite, indeed. And what excites your most worshipful thought to think so?

Poins. Why, because you have seemed so lewd, and

fo much ingraffed to Falfaff.

P. Henry. And to thee.

Poins. Nay, by this light, I am well spoken of, I can hear it with mine own ears; the worst they can say of me is, that I am a second brother, and that I

am

am a proper fellow of my hands: and those two things, I confess, I cannot help. Look, look, here comes

Bardolph.

P. Henry. And the Boy that I gave Falftaff; he had him from me christian, and, see, if the fat villain have not transform'd him ape.

## S C E N E V.

Enter Bardolph and Page.

Bard. Save your Grace.

P. Henry. And yours, most noble Bardolph.

Bard. Come, you virtuous ass, and bashful fool, must you be blushing? wherefore blush you now; what a maidenly man at arms are you become? Is it such a

matter to get a pottle-pot's maiden-head?

Page. He call'd me even now, my lord, through a red lattice, and I could differ no part of his face from the window; at last, I spy'd his eyes, and, methought, he had made two holes in the ale-wive's new petticoat, and peep'd through.

P. Henry. Hath not the boy profited?

Bard. Away, you whorson upright rabbet, away! Page. Away, you rascally Althea's dream, away! P. Henry. Instruct us, boy, what dream, boy?

Page. Marry, my lord, Althea dream'd, she was deliver'd of a firebrand; and therefore I call him her dream.

P. Henry. A crowns-worth of good interpretation; there it is, boy. [Gives him mony.

*Poins.* O that this good bloffom could be kept from cankers! well, there is fix pence to preferve thee.

Bard. If you do not make him be hang'd among you, the Gallows shall be wrong'd.

P. Henry. And how doth thy matter, Bardolph?
Bard. Well, my good lord; he heard of your Grace's coming to town. There's a letter for you.

P. Henry.

P. Henry. Deliver'd with good respect?—and how doth the Martlemas, your Master?

Bard. In bodily health, Sir.

Poins. Marry, the immortal part needs a physician; but that moves not him; though that be sick, it dies not.

P. Henry. I do allow this wen to be as familiar with me as my dog; and he holds his place: for, look you,

how he writes.

Poins reads. John Falltaff, knight, —— Every man must know that, as often as he hath occasion to name himself: even like those that are kin to the King, for they never prick their singer but they say, there is some of the King's blood spilt. How comes that? says he, that takes upon him not to conceive: 7 the answer is as ready as a borrower's cap; I am the King's poor cousin, Sir.

P. Henry. Nay, they will be kin to us, or they will fetch it from Japhet. But, to the letter:—Sir John Falstaff, knight, to the son of the King, nearest his father,

Harry Prince of Wales, Greeting.

Poins. Why, this is a certificate.

P. Henry. Peace.

8 I will imitate the honourable Roman in brevity.

Poins. Sure, he means brevity in breath; short-winded.

P. Henry. I commend me to thee, I commend thee, and I leave thee. Be not too familiar with Poins, for he misuses thy favours so much, that he swears, thou art to marry his Sister Nell. Repent at idle times as thou

7 the answer is as ready as a borrow'd cap.] But how is a borrow'd cap so ready? read, a borrower's cap: and then there is humour in it; he that goes to borrow mony being of all others the most complaisant.

8 I will imitate the honourable Romans in brewity.] I suppose it should be Roman, meaning M. Brutus who affected great

brevity of stile.

may'st, and so farewel. Thine, by yea and no; which is as much as to say, as thou usest him. Jack Falstaff with my familiars: John with my brothers and fifters: and Sir John with all Europe.

Poins. My Lord, I will steep this letter in sack, and

make him eat it.

P. Henry. 9 That's to make him eat plenty of his words. But do you use me thus, Ned? must I marry your Sister?

Poins. May the wench have no worse fortune! But

I never faid fo.

P. Henry. Well, thus we play the fools with the time, and the spirits of the wife sit in the clouds and mock us: is your master here in London?

Bard. Yes, my lord.

P. Henry. Where fups he? doth the old Boar feed ' in the old frank?

Bard. At the old place, my lord, in East-cheap.

P. Henry. What company?

Page. Ephesians, my lord, of the old church.

P. Henry. Sup any women with him?

Page. None, my lord, but old Mrs. Quickly, and Mrs. Doll Tear-Sheet.

P. Henry. What Pagan may that be?

Page. A proper gentlewoman, Sir, and a kinfwoman

of my mafter's.

P. Henry. Even such kin, as the parish heifers are to the town Bull. Shall we steal upon them, Ned, at supper?

Poins. I am your shadow, my lord, I'll follow you. P. Henry. Sirrah, you boy, and Bardolph, no word

9 That's to make him eat TWENTY of his words.] Why just twenty, when the letter contain'd above eight times twenty? we should read PLENTY; and in this word the joke, as slender as it is, confitts. Mr. Pope.

; in the old frank?] i. e. hogfty.

to your mafter that I am yet come to town. There's for your filence.

Bard. I have no tongue, Sir.

Page. And for mine, Sir, I will govern it.

P. Henry. Fare ye well: go. This Dol Tear-Sheet should be some road.

*Poins*. I warrant you, as common as the way between St. *Albans* and *London*.

P. Henry. How might we fee Falftaff bestow himself to night in his true colours, and not our selves be seen?

Poins. Put on two leather jerkins and aprons, and

wait upon him at his table, as drawers.

P. Henry. From a God to a Bull? <sup>2</sup> a heavy descenfion. It was Jove's case. From a Prince to a prentice? a low transformation; that shall be mine: for in every thing, the purpose must weigh with the folly. Follow me, Ned. [Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VI.

Changes to Northumberland's Castle.

Enter Northumberland, Lady Northumberland, and Lady Percy.

North. I Pr'ythee, loving wife, and gentle daughter, Give even way unto my rough affairs.

Put not you on the vilage of the times, And be like them to *Percy*, troublesome.

L. North. I have giv'n over, I will speak no more: Do what you will: your wisdom be your guide.

z a heavy descension.] Other readings have it declension. Mr. Pope chose the first. On which Mr. Theobald says, But apply not declension? are not the terms purely synonimous? If so, might not Mr. Pope say in his turn, then why not descension? But it is not so. And descension was preserved with judgment. For descension since sa voluntary going down; declension, a natural and necessary. Thus when we speak of the Sun, poetically, as a charioteer, we should say his descension: if physically, as a mere globe of light, his declension.

North. Alas, fweet wife, my Honour is at pawn, And, but my Going, nothing can redeem it.

L. Percy. Oh, yet, for heav'n's fake, go not to these wars.

The time was, father, that you broke your word, When you were more endear'd to it than now; When your own *Percy*, when my heart-dear *Harry*, Threw many a northward look, to fee his father Bring up his Pow'rs: but he did long in vain! Who then perfuaded you to ftay at home? There were two Honours loft; yours and your fon's. For yours, may heav'nly glory brighten it! For his, it stuck upon him as the Sun In the grey vault of heav'n: and by his light Did all the chivalry of England move To do brave acts. He was indeed the glass, Wherein the noble Youth did dress themselves. 3 He had no legs, that practis'd not his gait: And speaking thick, which Nature made his blemish. Became the accents of the valiant: For those, that could speak low and tardily, Would turn their own perfection to abuse, To feem like him. So that in speech, in gait, In diet, in affections of delight, In military rules, humours of blood, He was the mark and glass, copy and book, That fashion'd others. And him, wondrous him! O miracle of men! him did you leave (Second to None, unfeconded by You;) To look upon the hideous God of War In difadvantage; to abide a field, Where nothing but the found of Hot-spur's Name Did feem defensible: so you lest Him.

<sup>3</sup> He had no legs, &c.] The twenty-two following lines are of those added by Shakespear after his first edition. Mr. Pope.

Never, O, never do his Ghost the wrong,
To hold your honour more precise and nice
With others, than with him. Let them alone:
The Marshal and the Archbishop are strong.
Had my sweet Harry had but half their numbers,
"To day might I, (hanging on Hot-spur's neck)
"Have talk'd of Monmouth's Grave.

North. Beshrew your heart,
Fair daughter, you do draw my spirits from me,
With new-lamenting ancient over-sights.
But I must go and meet with danger there;
Or it will seek me in another place,
And find me worse provided.

L. North. Fly to Scotland,

'Till that the Nobles and the armed Commons Have of their puissance made a little taste.

L. Percy. If they get ground and 'vantage of the King,

Then join you with them, like a rib of steel,
To make strength stronger. But, for all our loves,
First let them try themselves. So did your son:
He was so suffer'd; so came I a widow:
And never shall have length of Life enough,
To rain upon remembrance with mine eyes,
That it may grow and sprout as high as heav'n,
For recordation to my noble husband.

[mind]

North. Come, come, go in with me: 'tis with my As with the tide fwell'd up unto his height, That makes a still-stand, running neither way.

4 To rain upon remembrance—] Alluding to the plant, rolemary, so called, and used in sunerals.—Thus in The Winter's Tale.

For you there's rolemary and rue, these keep Seeming and sawour all the winter long, Grace and remembrance be unto you both, &c.

For as rue was called *herb of grace*, from its being used in exorcisms: so rosemary was called *remembrance*, from its being a cephalic.

Fain

Fain would I go to meet the Archbishop,
But many thousand reasons hold me back:
I will resolve for Scotland; there am I,
'Till time and 'vantage crave my company. [Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VII.

Changes to the Boar's-head Tavern in East-cheap.

#### Enter two Drawers.

1 Draw. WHAT the devil hast thou brought there?
Apple-Johns? thou know'st, Sir John

cannot endure an Apple-John.

2 Draw. Mass! thou fayest true; the Prince once set a dish of Apple-Johns before him, and told him there were five more Sir Johns; and, putting off his hat, said, I will now take my leave of these fix dry, round, old, wither'd knights. It anger'd him to the heart; but he hath forgot That.

I Draw. Why then, cover, and fet them down; and fee if thou can'ft find out Sneak's Noise; Mrs. Tear-sheet would fain hear some musick. 5 Dispatch! the room where they supt is too hot, they'll come in

straight.

2 Draw. Sirrah, here will be the Prince, and Master Poins anon; and they will put on two of our jerkins and aprons, and Sir John must not know of it. Bardolph hath brought word.

I Draw. Then 6 here will be old Utis: it will be an

excellent stratagem.

2 Draw. I'll fee, if I can find out Sneak. [Exeunt.

5 Dispatch, &c.] This period is from the first edition.

Ar. Pobe.

6 here will be old Utis: Utis, an old word yet in use in some countries, signifying a merry sessional, from the French, Huit, osto, ab A. S. Cahva. Ostavæ Festi alicujus. Skinner.

Mr. Pope. S C E N E

## S C E N E VIII.

## Enter Hostess and Dol.

Hoft. I'faith, fweet heart, methinks, now you are in an excellent good temperality; your pulfidge beats as extraordinarily as heart would defire; and your colour, I warrant you, is as red as any rofe: but, i'faith, you have drank too much canarys, and that's a marvellous fearching wine; and it perfumes the blood, ere we can fay what's this. How do you now?

Dol. Better than I was: hem.

Host. Why, that was well faid: a good heart's worth gold. Look, here comes Sir John.

#### Enter Falstaff.

Fal. When Arthur first in Court—empty the jourden—and was a worthy King: how now, Mrs. Dol.

Host. Sick of a calm: yea, good footh.

Fal. So is all her fect; if they be once in a calm, they are fick.

Dol. You muddy rascal, is that all the comfort you

give me?

Fal. You make fat rafcals, Mrs. Dol.

Dol. I make them! gluttony and difeases make them,

I make them not.

Fal. If the cook make the gluttony, you help to make the diseases, Dol; we catch of you, Dol, we catch of you; grant That, my poor Vertue, grant That.

Del. Ay, marry, our chains and our jewels.

Fal. <sup>7</sup> Your brooches, pearls and owches: for to ferve bravely, is to come halting off, you know; to come off the breach with his pike bent bravely, and to

furgery

<sup>7</sup> Your brooches, fearls and owches: Brooches were chains of gold that women wore formerly about their necks. Occeles were bosses of gold set with diamonds. Mr Pope.

.furgery bravely; to venture upon the charg'd chambers bravely—

Dol. Hang your felf, you muddy Conger, hang

your self!

Host. By my troth, this is the old fashion; you two never meet, but you fall to some discord; you are both, in good troth, as rheumatick as two dry toasts, you cannot one bear with another's confirmities. What the good-jer? one must bear, and that must be you: you are the weaker vessel, as they say, the emptier vessel.

[To Dol.

Dol. Can a weak empty veffel bear fuch a huge full hogshead? there's a whole merchant's venture of Bourdeaux stuff in him; you have not seen a hulk better stuft in the Hold. Come, I'll be friends with thee, Jack: thou art going to the wars, and whether I shall ever see thee again or no, there is no body cares.

#### SCENE IX.

#### Enter Drawer.

Draw. Sir, ancient Piftol is below and would speak with you.

Dol. Hang him, swaggering rascal, let him not come

hither; it is the foul-mouth'dst rogue in England.

Host. If he fwagger, let him not come here: no, by my faith: I must live amongst my neighbours, I'll no swaggerers: I am in good name and fame with the very best: shut the door, there comes no swaggerers here: I have not liv'd all this while to have swaggering now: shut the door, I pray you.

Fal. Dost thou hear, Hostes? ----

Hoft. Pray you, pacify your felf, Sir John; there comes no swaggerers here.

Fal. Do'st thou hear -- it is mine Ancient.

Hoft. Tilly-fally, Sir John, never tell me; your Ancient swaggerer comes not in my doors. I was before Vol. IV. R master

master Tisick the deputy the other day; and, as he said to me—it was no longer ago than Wednesday last—neighbour Quickly, says he; — master Domb our minister was by then — neighbour Quickly, says he, receive those that are civil; for saith he, you are in an ill name: (now he said so, I can tell whereupon;) for, says he, you are an honest woman, and well thought on; therefore take heed, what guests you receive: receive, says he, no swaggering companions. — There come none here. You would bless you to hear what he said. No, I'll no swaggerers.

Fal. He's no fwaggerer, Hostess; a tame cheater, i'faith; you may stroak him as gently as a puppey-grey-hound; he will not swagger with a *Barbary* hen, if her feathers turn back in any shew of resistance. Call him

up, drawer.

Hoft. Cheater, call you him? I will bar no honest man my house, nor no cheater; but I do not love swaggering, by my troth; I am the worse, when one says, swagger: seel, masters, how I shake, look you, I warrant you.

Dol. So you do, hostess.

Hoft. Do I? yea, in very truth, do I, as if it were an afpen leaf: I cannot abide fwaggerers.

# S C E N E X.

Enter Pistol, Bardolph and Page.

Pist. Save you, Sir John.

Fal. Welcome, ancient Pistol. Here, Pistol, I charge you with a cup of fack: do you discharge upon mine hostes.

8 I will bar no boxess man my bouse, nor no cheater; The humour of this consilts in the woman's mistaking the title of Cheater (which our ancestors gave to him whom we now, with better manners, call a Gamester) for that officer of the exchequer called an Escheator, well known to the common people of that time; and named, either corruptly or satirically, a Cheater.

Pist.

Pist. I will discharge upon her, Sir John, with two bullets.

Fal. She is Pistol-proof, Sir, you shall hardly offend

her.

Host. Come, I'll drink no proofs, nor no bullets: I will drink no more than will do me good, for no man's pleasure, I.

Pist. Then to you, Mrs. Dorothy, I will charge you.

Del. Charge me! I fcorn you, fcurvy companion! what? your poor, base, rascally, cheating, lack-linnen mate; away, you mouldy rogue, away, I'm meat for your master.

Pist. I know you, Mistress Dorothy.

Dol. Away, you cut-purse rascal, you filthy bung, away: by this wine, I'll thrust my knife in your mouldy chaps, if you play the sawcy cuttle with me. Away, you bottle-ale rascal, you basket-hilt stale jugler, you. Since when, I pray you, Sir? 9 what, with two points on your shoulder? much!

Pift. I will murther your ruff for this.

Fal. 'No more, Pistol; I wou'd not have you go off here: discharge your self of our company, Pistol.

Hoft. No, good captain Pistol: not here, fweet

captain.

Dol. Captain! thou abominable damn'd cheater, art thou not asham'd to be call'd captain? if Captains were of my mind, they would truncheon you out of taking their names upon you, before you have earn'd them. "You a captain! you slave! for what? for tearing a poor whore's ruff in a bawdy-house? he a captain! hang him, rogue, he lives upon mouldy stew'd prunes

1 No more, Piffel, &c.] This is from the old edition of 1600.

Mr. Pope.

and

<sup>9</sup> what, with two points on your shoulder? much!] Much was 2 common expression of distain at that time, of the same sense with that more modern one, Marry come up. The Oxford Editor not apprehending this, alters it to march.

and dry'd cakes. A captain! these villains will make the word *captain* as odious as the word *occupy*; which was an excellent good word, before it was ill forted: therefore captains had need look to it.

Bard. Pray thee, go down, good Ancient.

Fal. Hark thee hither, mistress Dol.

Pift. Not I: I tell thee what, Corporal Bardolph, I could tear her: I'll be reveng'd on her.

Page. Pray thee, go down.

Pift. I'll fee her damn'd first: to Pluto's damned lake, to the infernal deep, where Erebus and tortures vile also. Hold hook and line, fay I: down! down, dogs; down, fates: have we not Hiren here?

Host. Good captain Peesel, be quiet, it is very late:

I befeech you now, aggravate your choler.

Pift. These be good humours, indeed. Shall pack-horses

And 2 hollow-pamper'd jades of Afia,
Which cannot go but thirty miles a day,
Compare with Cæsars, and with Cannibals,
And Trojan Greeks? nay, rather damn them with
King Cerberus, and let the welkin roar:
Shall we fall foul for toys?

Host. By my troth, captain, these are very bitter

words.

Bard. Begone, good Ancient: this will grow to a brawl anon.

Pist. Die men, like dogs; give crowns like pins:

have we not 3 Hiren here?

Host. O' my word, captain, there's none such here. What the good-jer? do you think, I would deny her? I pray, be quiet.

2 — hollow-pamper'd jades of Afia, &c.] These lines are in part a question out of an old absurd fustian play intitled, Tamburlain's Conquests, or the Scythian Shepherd Mr. Theobald.

3 Hiren] The name of Pissel's and Amadis du Gaul's sword.

Mr. Theobald.

Pift.

Pist. Then feed, and be fat, my fair Calipolis; come, give me fome fack. Si fortuna me (a) tormenta, il sperare me contenta.

Fear we broad fides? no, let the fiend give fire:

Give me fome fack: and, fweet-heart, lye thou there: Come we to full points here; and are & catera's nothing?

Fal. Pistol, I would be quiet.

Pift. Sweet knight, I kiss thy neif: what! we have feen the seven stars.

Dol. Thrust him down stairs, I cannot endure such a fustian rascal.

Pist. Thrust him down stairs? know we not gal-

loway nags?

Fal. Quoit him down, Bardolph, like a shove-groat shilling: nay, if he do nothing but speak nothing, he shall be nothing here.

Bard. Come, get you down stairs.

Pift. What, shall we have incision! shall we embrew? then Death rock me asleep, abridge my doleful days: why, then let grievous, ghastly, gaping wounds untwine the sisters three: come, Atropos, I say.

[Drawing his sword.

Host. Here's goodly stuff toward. Fal. Give me my rapier, boy.

Dol. I pr'ythee, Jack, I pr'ythee, do not draw.

Fal. Get you down stairs.

[Drawing, and driving Pistol out.

Hoft. Here's a goodly tumult; I'll forfwear keeping house, before I'll be in these tirrits and frights. So; murther, I warrant now. Alas, alas, put up your naked weapons, put up your naked weapons.

Dol. I pr'ythee, Jack, be quiet, the rafcal is gone:

ah, you whorson, little valiant villain, you!

[ 'o) tormenta, il sperare me contenta. Oxford Editor-Vulg. tormente sperato me conțente ]

Host. Are you not hurt i' th' groin? methought, he made a shrewd thrust at your belly.

Fal. Have you turn'd him out of doors?

Bard. Yes, Sir, the rafcal's drunk: you have hurt him, Sir, in the shoulder.

Fal. A rascal, to brave me!

Dol. Ah, you sweet little rogue, you: alas, poor ape, how thou sweat'st? come, let me wipe thy face—come on, you whorson chops—ah, rogue! I love thee,—thou art as valourous as Hetter of Troy, worth five of Agamemnon; and ten times better than the nine Worthies: a villain!

Fal. A rascally slave! I will toss the rogue in a

blanket.

Dol. Do, if thou dar'st for thy heart: if thou do'st, I'll canvass thee between a pair of sheets.

## Enter Musick.

Page. The musick is come, Sir.

Fal. Let them play; play, Sirs. Sit on my knee, Dol. A rascal, bragging slave! the rogue fled from me

like quick-filver.

Dol. I'faith, and thou follow'd'ft him like a church: thou whorson little tydie Bartholomew Boar-pig, when wilt thou leave fighting on days, and foining on nights, and begin to patch up thine old body for heaven?

### S C E N E XI.

## Enter Prince Henry and Poins.

Fal. Peace, good Dol, do not speak like a death'shead: do not bid me remember mine end.

Dol. Sirrah, what humour is the Prince of?

Fal. A good shallow young fellow: he would have made a good Pantler, he would have chipp'd bread well.

Dol. They say, Poins has a good wit.

F.l.

Fal. He a good wit? hang him, baboon!—his wit is as thick as Tewksbury mustard: there is no more conceit in him, than is in a mallet.

Dol. Why doth the Prince love him so then?

Fal. Because their legs are both of a bigness: and he plays at quoits well, and eats conger and fennel, and drinks off candles' ends for flap-dragons, and rides the wild mare with the boys, and jumps upon joint-stools, and swears with a good grace, and wears his boot very smooth like unto the sign of the leg, and breeds no hate with telling of tindiscreet stories; and such other gambol faculties he hath, that shew a weak mind and an able body, for the which the Prince admits him: for the Prince himself is such another: the weight of an hair will turn the scales between their Averdupois.

P. Henry. Would not this Nave of a wheel have

his ears cut off?

Poins. Let us beat him before his whore.

P. Henry. Look, if the wither'd Elder hath not his poll claw'd like a Parrot.

*Poins*. Is it not strange, that defire should so many years out-live performance?

Fal. Kiss me, Dol.

P. Henry. Saturn and Venus this year in conjunction!

what fays the almanack to that?

Poins. And, look, whether the fiery Trigon, his man, be not 5 clasping too his master's old Tables, his notebook, his counsel-keeper?

Fal. Thou dost give me flattering busses.

Dol. By my troth, I kiss thee with a most constant heart.

4 discreet stories;] We should read indiscreet.

5 LISPING TO his master's old Tables, &c.] We should read CLASPING TOO his master's old Tables, &c. i. e. embracing his master's cast-off whore, and now his bawd, [his note-book, his counfel-keeper.] We have the same phrase again in Cymbaline,

You clasp young Cupid's Tables.

Fal. I am old, I am old.

Dol. I love thee better than I love e'er a fcurvy

young boy of them all.

Fal. What stuff wilt thou have a kirtle of? I shall receive mony on Thursday: Thou shalt have a cap to morrow. A merry song, come: it grows late, we will to bed. Thou wilt forget me when I am gone.

Dol. By my troth, thou wilt fet me a weeping if thou fay'ft fo: prove, that ever I dress my felf handsom till

thy return—Well, hearken the end.

Fal. Some fack, Francis.

P. Henry. Poins. Anon, anon, Sir.

Fal. Ha! a bastard son of the King's! and art not thou Poins his brother?

P. Henry. Why, thou globe of finful continents,

what a life dost thou lead?

Fal. A better than thou: I am a gentleman, thou art a drawer.

P. Henry. Very true, Sir; and I come to draw you

out by the ears.

Hoft. Oh, the lord preserve thy good Grace! Welcome to London.—Now heav'n bless that sweet face of thine: what, are you come from Wales?

Fal. Thou whorson-mad compound of majesty, by this light slesh and corrupt blood, thou art welcome.

[Leaning his hand upon Dol.

Dol. How! you fat fool, I fcorn you.

Poins. My lord, he will drive you out of your revenge, and turn all to a merriment, if you take not the heat.

P. Henry. You whorson candle-myne, you, how vilely did you speak of me even now, before this honest, virtuous, civil gentlewoman?

Hoft. 'Bleffing on your good heart, and fo she is,

by my troth.

Fal. Didst thou hear me?

P. Henry. Yes; and you knew me, as you did when you ran away by *Gads-hill*; you knew, I was at your back, and fpoke it on purpole to try my patience.

Fal. No, no, no; not fo; I did not think, thou

wast within hearing.

P. Henry. I shall drive you then to confess the wilful abuse, and then I know how to handle you.

Fal. No abuse, Hal, on my honour, no abuse.

P. Henry. Not to difpraife me, and call me pantler, and bread-chipper, and I know not what!

Fal. No abuse, Hal. Poins. No abuse!

Fal. No abuse, Ned, in the world; honest Ned, none. I disprais'd him before the wicked, that the wicked might not fall in love with him; in which doing, I have done the part of a careful friend, and a true subject, and thy father is to give me thanks for it. No abuse, Hal, none, Ned, none; no, boys, none.

P. Henry. See now, whether pure fear and entire cowardife doth not make thee wrong this virtuous gentlewoman, to close with us? Is she of the wicked? is thine Hostess here of the wicked? or is the boy of the wicked? or honest Bardolph, whose zeal burns in

his nofe, of the wicked?

Poins. Answer, thou dead Elm, answer.

Fal. The fiend hath prickt down Bardolph irrecoverable, and his face is Lucifer's privy-kitchen, where he doth nothing but roaft mault-worms: for the boy, there is a good angel about him, but the devil outbids him too.

P. Henry. For the women, ——

Fal. For one of them, she is in hell already, and burns, poor (a) soul! for the other, I owe her mony; and whether she be damn'd for that, I know not.

Host. No, I warrant you.

[ (a) Soul! Oxford Editor - Valg. Souls! ]

Fal. No, I think, thou art not: I think thou art quit for that. Marry there is another indictment upon thee, for fuffering flesh to be eaten in thy house, contrary to the law, for the which, I think, thou wilt howl.

Host. All victuallers do so: what is a joint of mutton or two in a whole Lent?

P. Henry. You, gentlewoman, ---

Dol. What fays your Grace?

Fal. His Grace fays That, which his flesh rebels against.

Hoft. Who knocks, fo loud at door? look to the

door there, Francis.

## S C E N E XII.

#### Enter Peto.

P. Henry. Peto, how now? what news?
Peto. The King your father is at Westminster,
And there are twenty weak and wearied Posts
Come from the North; and, as I came along,
I met and overtook a dozen captains,
Bare-headed, sweating, knocking at the taverns,
And asking every one for Sir John Falstaff.

P. Henry. By heaven, Poins, I feel me much to

blame,

So idly to profane the precious time; When tempest of commotion, like the South Borne with black vapour, doth begin to melt And drop upon our bare unarmed heads.

Give me my fword, and cloak: Falstaff, good night.

[Exeunt Prince and Poinc.]

Fal. Now comes in the fweetest morsel of the night, and we must hence, and leave it unpick't. More knocking at the door? how how? what's the matter?

Bard. You must away to Court, Sir, presently: a

dozen captains stay at door for you.

Fal.

Fal. Pay the musicians, Sirrah: farewel, Hostes; farewel, Dol. You see, my good wenches, how men of merit are sought after; the undeserver may sleep, when the man of action is call'd on. Farewel, good wenches; if I be not sent away post, I will see you again, ere I go.

Dol. I cannot speak; if my heart be not ready to

burst-well, sweet Jack, have a care of thy self.

Fal. Farewel, farewel. [Exit. Host. Well, fare thee well: I have known thee these twenty nine years, come pescod-time; but an honester

and truer-hearted man - well, fare thee well.

Bard. Bid Mistress Tear-sheet come to my master. Host. O run, Dol, run; run, good Dol. [Exeunt.

## ACT III. SCENE I.

The Palace in London.

Enter King Henry in his Night-gown, with a Page.

### K. HENRY.

O, call the Earls of Surrey and of Warwick;
But, ere they come, bid them o'er-read these letters,

And well confider of them: make good speed.

[Exit Page.

How many thousands of my poorest Subjects Are at this hour asleep! 'O gentle Sleep,

Nature's foft Nurse, how have I frighted thee,That thou no more wilt weigh my eye-lids down,

· And steep my senses in forgetfulness?

Why rather, Sleep, ly'st thou in smoaky cribs,

' Upon

' Upon uneasie pallets stretching thee,

And husht with buzzing night-flies to thy slumber;

'Than in the perfum'd chambers of the Great,

' Under the Canopies of costly State,

And lull'd with founds of fweetest melody?O thou dull God, why ly'st thou with the vile

In loathfom beds, and leav'st the kingly couch

A watch-case to a common larum-bell?Wilt thou, upon the high and giddy mast,

' Seal up the ship-boy's eyes, and rock his brains,

' In cradle of the rude imperious Surge;

· And in the visitation of the winds,

- Who take the ruffian billows by the top,Curling their monftrous heads, and hanging them
- With deaf'ning clamours ' in the flip'ry shrouds,
- That, with the hurley, death it felf awakes?
  Can'ft thou, O partial Sleep, give thy repofe
- To the wet sea-boy in an hour so rude?And, in the calmest and the stillest night,With all appliances and means to boot,
- Deny it to a King? 3 then, happy low! lye down; Uneasie lyes the head, that wears a Crown.

1 A watch case, &c.] This alludes to the watchmen set in garrison-towns upon some eminence attending upon an alarum-bell, which he was to ring out in case of fire, or any approaching danger. He had a case or box to shelver him from the weather, but at his utmost peril he was not to sleep whilst he was upon duty. These alarum bells are mentioned in several other places of Shake-spear.

Oxford Editor.

2 — in the slip'ry shrouds, ]. The ship-boy (says the speaker) can sleep in the shrouds, tho' made wet and slip'ry by the sea's dashing over them, and rearing with deas' ming clamours. Would not any reasonable man now be contented with sense? But nothing will serve the Oxford Editor but raising the billows to the clouds,

nay, to the flip'ry clouds, for fo he reads it.

3 —— then, happy LOW! LYE DOWN;] Evidently corrupted from happy LOWLY CLOWN. These two lines making the just conclusion from what preceded. If sleep will fly a king and consort it felf with heggars, then happy the lowly clown, and uneasy the crawn'd head.

SCENE

## S C E N E II.

Enter Warwick and Surrey.

War. Many good morrows to your Majesty! K. Henry. Is it good morrow, lords? War. 'Tis one o' clock, and past.

K. Henry. Why, then, good morrow to you.

Have you read o'er the letters I fent you?

War. We have, my Liege. [dom,

K. Henry. Then you perceive the body of our King-

How foul it is; what rank difeases grow, And with what danger, near the heart of it.

War. <sup>4</sup> It is but as a body flight diftemper'd, Which to its former strength may be restor'd, With good advice and little medicine;
<sup>5</sup> My lord Northumberland will soon be cool'd.

K. Henry. Oh heav'n, that one might read the book

of fate,

And fee the revolution of the times
Make Mountains level, and the Continent,
Weary of folid firmnefs, melt it felf
Into the Sea; and, other times, to fee
The beachy girdle of the Ocean
Too wide for Neptune's hips: how Chances mock,
And Changes fill the cup of alteration
With divers liquors! 6 O, if this were feen,
The happieft youth viewing his progress through,
What perils past, what crosses to ensue,

4 It is but as a body YET dissemper'd,] What would he have more? We should read,

It is but as a body slight distemper'd.

5 My lord Northumberland will from be cool'D.] I believe Shakespear wrote school'D; tutor'd, and brought to submission.

6 — O, if this were feen, &c.] These four lines are supplied from the Edition of 1600.

[ (a) Well, Mr. Theobald. - Vu'g. All. ]

Mou'd

Wou'd shut the book, and sit him down and die.
'Tis not ten Years gone,
Since Richard and Northumberland, great Friends,
Did feast together; and in two years after
Were they at wars. It is but eight years since,
This Percy was the man nearest my soul;
Who, like a brother, toil'd in my affairs,
And laid his love and life under my foot;
Yea, for my sake, ev'n to the eyes of Richard
Gave him defiance. But which of you was by?
(You, cousin Nevil, as I may remember) [To War.
When Richard, with his eye brim-full of tears,
Then check'd and rated by Northumberland,
Did speak these words, now prov'd a prophecy.

Northumberland, thou ladder by the which My coufin Bolingbroke ascends my Throne; (Though then, Heav'n knows, I had no such intent; But that Necessity so bow'd the State,

That I and Greatness were compell'd to kiss:)
The time shall come, (thus did he follow it,)

' The time will come, that foul fin, gathering head,

Shall break into corruption: fo went on, Foretelling this fame time's condition,

And the division of our amity.

War. There is a history in all men's lives, Figuring the Nature of the times deceas'd; The which observ'd, a man may prophesie, With a near aim, of the main chance of things As yet not come to life, which in their feeds And weak beginnings lie intreasured. Such things become the hatch and brood of time; And by the necessary form of this, King Richard might create a perfect guess, That great Northumberland, then salse to him, Would of that seed grow to a greater salseness, Which should not find a ground to root upon, Unless on You.

K. Henry.

K. Henry. Are these things then necessities? Then let us meet them like necessities; And that same word even now cries out on us: They say, the Bishop and Northumberland Are sifty thousand strong.

War. It cannot be:

Rumour doth double, like the voice and echo, The numbers of the fear'd. Please it your Grace To go to bed. Upon my life, my lord, The Pow'rs, that you already have sent forth, Shall bring this prize in very easily. To comfort you the more, I have receiv'd A certain instance that Glendower is dead. Your Majesty hath been this fortnight ill, And these unseason'd hours perforce must add Unto your sickness.

K. Henry. I will take your counsel: And were these inward wars once out of hand, We would, dear lords, unto the Holy Land.

Exeunt.

## S C E N E III.

Changes to Justice Shallow's Seat in Gloucestershire.

Enter Shallow and Silence, Justices; with Mouldy, Shadow, Wart, Feeble, and Bull-calf.

Shal. OME on, come on, come on; give me your hand, Sir; an early ftirrer, 7 by the rood.

And how doth my good coufin Silence?

Sil. Good morrow, good coufin Shallow.

Shal. And how doth my coufin, your bed-fellow? and your fairest daughter, and mine, my god-daughter Ellen?

7 By the rood ? i. e. the cross.

Mr. Pope.

Sil. Alas, a black ouzel, coufin Shallow.

'Shal. By yea, and nay, Sir, I dare fay, my cousin William is become a good scholar: he is at Oxford still, is he not?

Sil. Indeed, Sir, to my cost.

Shal. He must then to the Inns of Court shortly: I was once of Clement's-Inn; where, I think, they will talk of mad Shallow yet.

Sil. You were call'd lufty Shallow then, coufin.

Shal. I was call'd any thing, and I would have done any thing, indeed, too, and roundly too. There was I, and little John Doit of Staffordshire, and black George Bare, and Francis Pickbone, and Will Squele a Cot's-wold man, you had not four such swinge-bucklers in all the Inns of Court again: and I may say to you, we knew where the Bona-Roba's were, and had the best of them all at commandment. Then was Jack Falstaff, (now Sir John) a boy, and page to Thomas Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk.

Sil. This Sir John, cousin, that comes hither anon

about Soldiers?

Shal. The same Sir John, the very same: I saw him break Schoggan's head at the Court-gate, when he was a crack, not thus high; and the very same day I did sight with one Sampson Stocksish, a fruiterer, behind Grays-Inn. O the mad days that I have spent! and to see how many of mine old acquaintance are dead?

Sil. We shall all follow, cousin.

Shal. Certain, 'tis certain, very fure, very fure: Death (as the Pfalmist faith) is certain to all, all shall die. How a good yoke of Bullocks at Stamford Fair? Sil. Truly, cousin, I was not there.

Shal. Death is certain. Is old Double of your town

living yet?

Sil. Dead, Sir.

Shal. Dead! fee, fee, he drew a good bow: and dead? he shot a fine shoot. John of Gaunt loved him well,

well, and betted much mony on his head. Dead! he would have 8 clapt in the clowt at twelve fcore, and carried you a fore-hand shaft a fourteen and fourteen and a half, that it would have done a man's heart good to fee. —— How a fcore of ewes now?

Sil. Thereafter as they be: a score of good ewes

may be worth ten pounds.

Shal. And is old Double dead?

## S C E N E IV.

Enter Bardolph, and Page.

Sil. Here come two of Sir John Falstaff's men, as I think.

Shal. Good morrow, honest gentlemen.

Bard. I befeech you, which is Justice Shallow?

Shal. I am Robert Shallow, Sir, a poor Esquire of this Country, one of the King's Justices of the peace: what is your good pleasure with me?

Bard. My captain, Sir, commends him to you: my captain Sir John Falstaff; a tall gentleman, by

heav'n! and a most gallant leader.

Shal. He greets me well: Sir, I knew him a good back-sword man. How doth the good Knight? may I ask, how my lady his wife doth?

Bard. Sir, pardon, a foldier is better accommodated

than with a wife.

Shal. It is well faid, Sir; and it is well faid, indeed, too: better accommodated——it is good, yea, indeed, is it; good phrases, surely, are, and ever were, very commendable. Accommodated——it comes of accommodo; 9 very good, a good phrase.

Bard.

8 Clapt in the clowt ] i.e. hit the white mark.

of Very good, a good phrase.] Accommodate was a modish term of that time, as Ben Johnson informs us: You are not to cast or turing for the perfumed terms of the time, as accommodation, complement, spirit, &c. but use them properly in their places as Vol. IV.

# The Second Part of

Bard. "Pardon me, Sir, I have heard the word." Phrase, call you it? by this day, I know not the phrase: but I will maintain the word with my sword, to be a soldier-like word, and a word of exceeding

"good command. Accommodated, that is, when a

"man is, as they fay, accommodated; or, when a man is, being whereby he may be thought to be

" accommodated, which is an excellent thing.

## S C E N E V.

### Enter Falstaff.

Shal. It is very just: look, here comes good Sir John. Give me your good hand: give me your Worship's good hand: trust me, you look well, and bear your years very well. Welcome, good Sir John.

Fal. I am glad to see you well, good master Robert

Shallow: Master Sure-card, as I think,—

Shal. No, Sir John, it is my cousin Silence; in Commission with me.

Fal. Good mafter Silence, it well befits, you should be of the peace.

Sil. Your good Worship is welcome.

Fal. Fie, this is hot weather, gentlemen; have you provided me here half a dozen of fufficient men?

Skal. Marry, have we, Sir: will you fit? Fal. Let me fee them, I befeech you.

Shal. Where's the roll? where's the roll? where's the roll? let me see, let me see; so, so, so, so: yea, marry, Sir. Ralph Mouldy: — let them appear as I call: let them do so, let them do so. Let me see, where is Mouldy?

others. Discoveries. Hence Bardolph calls it a word of exceeding good command. His definition of it is admirable, and highly satirical: nothing being more common than for inaccurate speakers or writers, when they should define, to put their hearers off with a synonimous term; or, for want of that, even with the same term differently accommodated; as in the instance before us.

Moul,

Moul. Here, if it please you.

Shal. What think you, Sir John? a good limb'd fellow: young, strong, and of good friends.

Fal. Is thy name Mouldy? Moul. Yea, if it please you.

Fal. 'Tis the more time thou wert us'd.

Shal. Ha, ha, ha, most excellent, i'faith. Things, that are mouldy, lack use: very singular good. Well said, Sir John, very well said.

Fal. Prick him.

Moul. I was prickt well enough before, if you could have let me alone: my old dame will be undone now for one to do her husbandry, and her drudgery; you need not to have prickt me, there are other men fitter to go out than I.

Fal. Go to: peace, Mouldy, you shall go: Mouldy,

it is time you were spent.

Moul. Spent?

Shal. Peace, fellow, peace: stand aside: know you where you are? for the other, Sir John.—Let me see: Simon Shadow.

Fal. Ay, marry, let me have him to fit under: he's like to be a cold foldier.

Shal. Where's Shadow?

Shad. Here, Sir.

Fal. Shadow, whose fon art thou?

Shad. My mother's fon, Sir.

Fal. Thy mother's fon! like enough; and thy father's shadow: so the son of the semale is the shadow of the male: it is often so, indeed, but not of the father's substance.

Shal. Do you like him, Sir John?

Fal. Shadow will ferve for fummer; prick him; for we have a number of shadows do fill up the muster-book.

Shal. Thomas Wart. Fal. Where's he?

Wart.

Wart. Here, Sir.

Fal. Is thy name Wart?

Wart. Yea, Sir.

Fal. Thou art a very ragged wart.

Shal. Shall I prick him down, Sir John?

Fal. It were fuperfluous; for his apparel is built upon his back, and the whole frame flands upon pins; prick him no more.

Shal. Ha, ha, ha, ' you can do it, Sir; you can do

it: I commend you well. Francis Feeble.

Feeble. Here, Sir.

Fal. What trade art thou, Feeble? Feeble. A woman's tailor, Sir. Shal. Shall I prick him, Sir?

Fal. You may: but if he had been a man's tailor, he would have prick'd you. Wilt thou make as many holes in an enemy's battel, as thou hast done in a woman's petticoat?

Feeble. I will do my good will, Sir; you can have

no more.

Fal. Well faid, good woman's tailor; well faid, courageous Feeble: thou wilt be as valiant as the wrathful Dove, or most magnanimous mouse. Prick the woman's tailor well, master Shallow, deep, master Shallow.

Feeble. I would, Wart might have gone, Sir.

Fal. I would, thou wert a man's tailor, that thou might'st mend him, and make him fit to go. I cannot put him to be a private foldier, that is the leader of so many thousands. Let that suffice, most forcible Feeble.

Feeble. It shall suffice.

Fal. I am bound to thee, reverend Feeble. Who is the next?

Shal. Peter Bull-calf of the Green. Fal. Yea, marry, let us fee Bull-calf.

1 - You can do it, Sir; ] i. e. you know how to jest.

Bul.

Bul. Here, Sir.

Fal. Trust me, a likely fellow. Come, prick me Bull-calf, till he roar again.

Bul. Oh, good my lord captain, -

Fal. What, dost thou roar before th'art prickt?

Bul. Oh, Sir, I am a difeafed man.

Fal. What difease hast thou?

Bul. A whorson Cold, Sir; a cough, Sir, which I caught with ringing in the King's affairs, upon his Coronation-day, Sir.

Fal. Come, thou shalt go to the wars in a gown: we will have away thy Cold, and I will take such order that thy friends shall ring for thee. Is here all?

Shal. There is two more called than your number, you must have but four here, Sir; and so, I pray you,

go in with me to dinner.

Fal. Come, I will go drink with you, but I cannot tarry dinner. I am glad to fee you, in good troth, mafter Shallow.

Shal. O, Sir John, do you remember fince we lay all night in the wind-mill in Saint George's fields?

Fal. No more of that, good master Shallow, no more

of that.

Shal. Ha! it was a merry night. And is Jane Night-work alive?

Fal. She lives, master Shallow.

Shal. She never could away with me.

Fal. Never, never: fhe would always fay, she could not abide mafter Shallow.

Shal. By the mass, I could anger her to the heart: she was then a Bona-roba. Doth she hold her own well?

Fal. Old, old, mafter Shallow.

Shal. Nay, she must be old, she cannot chuse but be old; certain, she's old, and had Robin Nightwork by old Night-work, before I came to Clement's Inn.

Sil.

Sil. That's fifty-five years ago.

Shal. Ha, cousin Silence, that thou hadst seen That, that this knight and I have seen! —— hah, Sir John, said I well?

Fal. We have heard the chimes at midnight, Mafter Shallow.

Shal. That we have, that we have, in faith, Sir John, we have: our watch-word was, hem, boys. — Come, let's to dinner; Oh, the days that we have feen! come, come.

Bul. Good master corporate Bardolph, stand my friend, and here is four Harry ten shillings in French Crowns for you: in very truth, Sir, I had as lief be hang'd, Sir, as go; and yet for my own part, Sir, I do not care, but rather because I am unwilling, and for mine own part, have a desire to stay with my friends; else, Sir, I did not care for mine own part so much.

Bard. Go to; stand aside.

Moul. And good master corporal captain, for my old Dame's-sake stand my friend: she hath no body to do any thing about her when I am gone, and she's old and cannot help her self: you shall have forty, Sir.

Bard. Go to; stand aside.

Feeble. I care not, a man can die but once; we owe God a death, I will never bear a base mind: if it be my destiny, so: if it be not, so. No man is too good to serve his Prince; and let it go which way it will, he that dies this year is quit for the next.

Bard. Well faid, thou art a good fellow. Feeble. 'Faith, I will bear no base mind. Fal. Come, Sir, which men shall I have?

Shal. Four of which you pleafe.

Bard. Sir, a word with you: — I have three pound to free Mouldy and Bull-calf.

Fal. Go to: well.

Stal.

Shal. Come, Sir John, which four will you have? Fal. Do you chuse for me.

Shal. Marry then, Mouldy, Bull-calf, Feeble, and

Shadow.

Fal. Mouldy, and Bull-calf: ——for you, Mouldy, flay at home till you are past service: and for your part, Bull-calf, grow till you come unto it: I will none of you.

Shal. Sir John, Sir John, do not yourfelf wrong, they are your likeliest men, and I would have you serv'd

with the best.

Fal. Will you tell me, master Shallow, how to chuse a man? care I for the limb, the thewes, the stature, bulk and big semblance of a man? give me the spirit, master Shallow. Here's Wart; you see what a ragged appearance it is: he shall charge you and discharge you with the motion of a pewterer's hammer; come off and on, swifter than he that gibbets on the brewer's bucket. And this same half-sac'd fellow Shadow, give me this man, he presents no mark to the enemy; the so-man may with as great aim level at the edge of a pen-knise: and, for a retreat, how swiftly will this seeble, the woman's tailor, run off? O give me the spare men, and spare me the great ones. Put me a caliver into Wart's hand, Bardolph.

Bard. Hold, Wart, traverse; thus, thus, thus.

Fal. Come, manage me your caliver: fo, very well, go to, very good, exceeding good. O, give me always a little, lean, old, chopt, bald shot. Well said, Wart, thou art a good scab: hold, there is a tester for thee.

Shal. He is not his craft-mafter, he doth not do it right. I remember at Mile-End Green, when I lay at Clement's Inn, I was then Sir Dagonet in Arthur's Show; there was a little quiver fellow, and he would manage you his piece thus; and he would about, and about, and come you in, and come you in: rah, tah, tah, would he fay; bounce, would he fay, and away

4 again

again would he go, and again would he come: I shall

never see such a fellow.

Fal. These fellows will do well. Master Shallow, God keep you; farewel, master Silence. I will not use many words with you, fare you well, gentlemen both. I thank you, I must a dozen mile to night. Bardolph, give the soldiers coats.

Shal. Sir John, heaven bless you, and prosper your affairs, and send us peace. As you return, visit my house. Let our old acquaintance be renewed: perad-

venture, I will with you to the Court.

Fal. I would you would, master Shallow.

Shal. Go to: I have fpoke at a word. Fare you well. [Exit.

Fal. Fare you well, gentle gentlemen. On, Bardolph, lead the men away. " As I return, I will fetch " off these Justices: I do see the bottom of Justice " Shallow. How subject we old men are to this Vice " of lying! this fame starv'd Justice hath done no-66 thing but prated to me of the wildness of his youth, " and the feats he hath done about Turnbal-street; " and every third word a lie, more duly paid to the " hearer than the Turk's tribute. I do remember him " at Clement's Inn, like a man made after supper of a " cheefe-paring. When he was naked, he was for all "the world like a forked radifh, with a head fantasti-" cally carv'd upon it with a knife. He was fo for-" lorn, that his dimensions to any thick fight were " invincible. He was the very Genius of famine, yet leacherous as a Monkey, and the whores call'd him Mandrake: he came ever in the rere-ward of the fashion; and fung those tunes to the 2 over-scutcht huswives that he heard the carmen whiftle, and fware they were his Fancies, or his Good-nights. And now is this Vice's dagger become a Squire, and talks as familiarly of John of Gaunt as if he had been sworn brother to him: and I'll be fworn, he never faw him but once in the Tilt-yard, and then he broke his head for crouding among the Marshal's men. I saw it, and told John of Gaunt he beat his own name; for you might have truss'd him and all his apparel into an Eel-skin: the case of a treble hoboy was a Mansion for him, a Court; and now hath he land and beeves. Well, I will be acquainted with him, if I return; and it shall go hard but I will make him a 3 philosopher's two stones to me. If the young Dace be a bait for the old Pike, I see no reason in the law of nature but I may snap at him. Let time shape, and there's an end.

[Exeunt.

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

Changes to a Forest in Yorkshire.

Enter the Archbishop of York, Mowbray, Hastings, and Colevile.

### YORK:

WHAT is this forest call'd?

Hast. 'Tis Gaultree forest.

York. Here stand, my lords, and send discoverers forth,

To know the numbers of our enemies.

Hast. We have fent forth already.

York. 'Tis well done.

My friends and brethren in these great assairs, I must acquaint you, that I have receiv'd New-dated letters from *Northumberland*; Their cold intent, tenour and substance thus: Here doth he wish his person, with such Powers

3 Philosopher's two stones ] One of which was an universal medicine, and the other a transmuter of baser metals into gold.

As might hold fortance with his quality,
The which he could not levy; whereupon
He is retir'd, to ripe his growing fortunes,
To Scotland; and concludes in hearty prayers,
That your attempts may over-live the hazard
And fearful meeting of their opposite.

Mowb. Thus do the hopes we have in him touch ground,

And dash themselves to pieces.

## Enter a Messenger.

Hast. Now, what news?

Mess. West of this forest, scarcely off a mile,
In goodly form comes on the enemy:
And by the ground they hide, I judge their number

Upon, or near, the rate of thirty thousand.

Mowb. The just proportion that we gave them out.

Let us way on, and face them in the field.

## S C E N E II.

### Enter Westmorland.

York. What well-appointed leader fronts us here? Mowb. I think, it is my lord of Westmorland. West. Health and fair Greeting from our General, The Prince, Lord John, and Duke of Lancaster. York. Say on, my lord of Westmorland, in peace;

What doth concern your coming?

West. Then, my lord, Unto your Grace do I in chief address
The substance of my speech. If that Rebellion
Came like it felf, in base and abject routs,
Led on by bloody youth, goaded with rage,

i Let us sway on, \_\_\_\_] We should read away on. i. e. march on.

2 Led on by bloody youth, - ] I believe Shakespear wrote, heady youth.

And

And countenanc'd by boys and beggary; I fay, if damn'd Commotion so appear'd In his true, native, and most proper shape, You, reverend Father, and these noble lords, Had not been here to dress the ugly form Of base and bloody insurrection With your fair honours. You, my lord Arch-bishop, Whose See is by a civil peace maintain'd, Whose beard the filver hand of peace hath touch'd, Whose learning and good letters peace hath tutor'd, Whose white investments figure innocence, The Dove and every bleffed Spirit of Peace; Wherefore do you so ill translate your self, Out of the speech of peace, that bears such grace. Into the harsh and boist'rous tongue of war? <sup>3</sup> Turning your books to glaves, your ink to blood, Your pens to launces, and + your tongue divine To a loud trumpet and a point of war? York. 5 Wherefore do I this? fo the question stands. Briefly, to this end: we are all difeas'd, And with our furfeiting and wanton hours, Have brought our felves into a burning fever, And we must bleed for it: of which disease Our late King Richard being infected, dy'd. But, my most noble lord of Westmorland, I take not on me here as a physician: Nor do I, as an enemy to peace, Troop in the throngs of military men:

And purge th' obstructions, which begin to stop

But rather shew a while like fearful war, To diet rank minds, sick of happiness;

<sup>3</sup> Turning your books to GRAVES ] We should certainly read, GLAVES, i. e. swords.

<sup>4</sup> your tongue divine] i. e. Preaching in the meekness of the gospel.

<sup>5</sup> Wherefore do Ithis? — ] Most of this speech inserted since the first edition.

Mr. Pope.

Our very veins of life. Hear me more plainly. I have in equal balance justly weigh'd What wrongs our arms may do, what wrongs we fuffer; And find our griefs heavier than our offences. We fee, which way the stream of time doth run, 6 And are inforc'd from our most quiet Sphere, By the rough torrent of occasion; And have the fummary of all our griefs, When time shall serve, to shew in articles: Which long ere this we offer'd to the King, And might by no fuit gain our audience. When we are wrong'd and would unfold our griefs. We are deny'd access unto his person, Ev'n by those men that most have done us wrong. The danger of the days but newly gone, (Whose memory is written on the earth With yet-appearing blood) and the Examples Of every minute's instance, present now, Have put us in these ill-beseeming arms: Not to break peace, or any branch of it; But to establish here a peace, indeed, Concurring both in name and quality.

West. When ever yet was your appeal deny'd? Wherein have you been galled by the King? What Peer hath been suborn'd to grate on you, That you should feal this lawless bloody book Of forg'd Rebellion with a Seal divine,

7 And confecrate Commotion's Civil Edge?

York.

6 And are inforc'd from our most quiet THERE, This is said in answer to Westmorland's upbraiding the Archbishop for engaging in a course which so ill became his profession,

Whose See is by a civil peace maintain'd, &c. So that the reply must be this,

And are inforc'd from our most quiet SPHERE.

7 And confecrate Commotion's Civil Edge?] So the old books read. But Mr. Theobald changes edge to page, out of regard to the uniformity (as he calls it) of the metaphor. But he did not understand what was meant by edge. It was an old custom, continued

York. 8 My brother general, the Common-wealth, To Brother born an household Cruelty, I make my quarrel in particular.

West. There is no need of any such redress;

Or if there were, it not belongs to you.

Mowb. Why not to him in part, and to us all, That feel the bruifes of the days before; And fuffer the condition of these times To lay an heavy and unequal hand

Upon our honours?

West, 9 O my good lord Mowbray, Construe the times to their necessities, And you shall say, indeed, it is the time, And not the King, that doth you injuries. Yet, for your part, it not appears to me, Or from the King, or in the present time, That you should have an inch of any ground To build a grief on. Were you not restor'd

tinued from the time of the first croisades, for the pope to consecrate the general's sword, which was employ'd in the service of the church. To this custom the line in question alludes. As to the cant of uniformity of metaphor in writing, this is to be observed, that changing the allusion in the same sentence is indeed vicious, and what Quintilian condemns, Multi quam initium à tempessate sumferint, incendio aut ruina finiunt. But when one comparison or allusion is fairly se; arated from another, by distinct sentences, the case is different. So it is here; in one sentence we see the book of rebellion stampt with a seal divine; in the other, the sword of civil discord consecrated. But this change of the metaphor is not only allowable, but sit. For the dwelling overlong upon one occasions the discourse to degenerate into a dull kind of allegorism.

8 My brother general, &c .--

I make my quarrel in particular.] The sense is this, My brother general, the Common-wealth, which ought to distribute its benefits equally, is become an enemy to those of his own house, to brothersborn, by giving some all, and others none; and this (says he) I make my quarrel or grievance that honours are unequally distributed; the constant birth of male-contents, and source of civil commotions.

9 O my good lord Mowbray, &c.] The two or three next speeches were also of those inserted.

Mr. Pope.

To all the Duke of *Norfolk*'s Seigniories, Your noble and right-well-remember'd father's?

Mowb. What thing, in honour, had my father loft, That need to be reviv'd and breath'd in me? The King, that lov'd him, as the State stood then, Was, force perforce, compell'd to banish him. And then, when Harry Bolingbroke and he Being mounted and both rowfed in their feats, Their neighing Courfers daring of the spur, Their armed staves in charge, their beavers down, Their eyes of fire sparkling through sights of steel, And the loud trumpet blowing them together; Then, then, when there was nothing could have staid My father from the breast of Bolingbroke; O, when the King did throw his warder down, His own life hung upon the staff he threw; Then threw he down himfelf, and all their lives, That by indictment, or by dint of fword, Have fince miscarried under Bolingbroke.

West. You speak, lord Mowbray, now, you know

not what.

The Earl of Hereford was reputed then In England the most valiant gentleman. Who knows, on whom fortune would then have smil'd? But if your father had been victor there, He ne'er had borne it out of Coventry; For all the country in a general voice Cry'd hate upon him; all their prayers and love Were set on Hereford, whom they doted on, And bless'd, and grac'd, (a) indeed, more than the King.

But this is mere digression from my purpose.—
Here come I from our princely General,
To know your griefs; to tell you from his Grace,
That he will give you audience; and wherein

[ (a) indeed. Dr. Thirlby .- Vulg. and did. ]

It shall appear that your demands are just, You shall enjoy them; every thing set off, That might so much as think you enemies.

Mowb. But he hath forc'd us to compel this offer,

And it proceeds from policy, not love.

West. Mowbray, you over-ween to take it so:
This offer comes from mercy, not from fear.
For, lo! within a ken, our army lies;
Upon mine honour, all too confident
To give admittance to a thought of fear.
Our battel is more full of names than yours,
Our men more perfect in the use of arms,
Our armour all as strong, our cause the best;
Then reason wills, our hearts should be as good.
Say you not then, our offer is compell'd.

Mowb. Well; by my will, we shall admit no parley. West. That argues but the shame of your offence:

A rotten case abides no handling.

Hast. Hath the Prince John a full commission,

In very ample virtue of his father, To hear and absolutely to determine Of what conditions we shall stand upon?

West. That is intended in the General's name:

I muse, you make so slight a question.

Tork. Then take, my lord of Westmoreland, this schedule,

For this contains our general grievances:
Each several article herein redress'd,
All members of our cause, both here and hence,
That are infinewed to this action,
Acquitted ' by a true substantial form;
And present executions of our wills

only as a quibbling joke upon a school term; as much as to say, fubstantial forms can do every thing in the schools; but out of them, the true substantial form is a pardon under the broad seal.

<sup>2</sup> To us, and to our properties, confin'd;

3 We come within our lawful banks again, And knit our powers to the arm of peace.

West. This will I shew the General. Please you, lords,

In fight of both our battles, we may meet;

(a) And either end in peace, (which heav'n fo frame!) Or to the place of difference call the fwords, Which must decide it.

York. My lord, we will do fo.

[Exit West.

### SCENE III.

Mowb. There is a thing within my bosom tells me,

That no conditions of our peace can stand.

Hast. Fear you not that: if we can make our peace Upon such large terms and so absolute, As our conditions shall insist upon,

Our peace shall stand as firm as rocky mountains.

Mowb. Ay, but our valuation shall be such, That ev'ry slight and salfe-derived cause, Yea, ev'ry idle, nice and wanton reason, Shall to the King taste of this action.

2 To us, and to our PURPOSES, confin'd; This schedule we see consists of three parts, 1. A redress of general grievances. 2. A pardon for those in arms. 3. Some demands of advantage for them. But this third part is very strangely expressed.

And present execution of our wills To us and to our PURPOSES confin'd.

The first line shows they had something to demand, and the second expresses the modesty of that demand. The demand, says the speaker, is confined to us and to our purposes. A very modest kind of restriction truly! only as extensive as their appearies and passions. Without question Shakespear wrote,

To us and to our PROPERTIES confin'd;

i. e. we defire no more than fecurity for our liberties and properties: and this was no unreasonable demand.

3 We come within our AWFUL banks again, ] We should read LAWFUL.

[(a) and. Dr. Thirlby.-Vulg. at.]

That,

That, were our royal faiths martyrs in love, We shall be winnow'd with so rough a wind, That ev'n our corn shall seem as light as chaff, And good from bad find no partition.

York. No, no, my lord, note this; the King is weary

Of dainty and fuch picking grievances:

For he hath found, to end one doubt by death,

Revives two greater in the heirs of life.

And therefore will he 4 wipe his tables clean,

And keep no tell-tale to his memory, That may repeat and history his loss

To new remembrance. For full well he knows,

He cannot so precisely weed this land,

As his misdoubts present occasion;

His foes are fo enrooted with his friends,

That, plucking to unfix an enemy,

He doth unfasten so and shake a friend.

So that this Land, like an offensive wife, That hath enrag'd him on to offer strokes,

As he is striking, holds his infant up,

And hangs refolv'd correction in the arm

That was uprear'd to execution.

Haft. Besides, the King hath wasted all his rods. On late offenders, that he now doth lack. The very instruments of chastisement: So that his pow'r, like to a fangless Lion,

May offer, but not hold.

York. 'Tis very true:

And therefore be affur'd, my good lord Marshal,

If we do now make our atonement well, Our peace will, like a broken limb united,

Grow stronger for the breaking.

Mowb. Be it so.

Here is return'd my lord of Westmorland.

4—wipe his tables clean,] Alluding to a table-book of flate, ivory, &c.

Vol. IV.

T

Enter

### Enter Westmorland.

West. The Prince is here at hand: pleaseth your lordship

To meet his Grace, just distance 'tween our armies? Mowb. Your Grace of York in God's name then set forward.

York. Before, and greet his Grace; my lord, we come.

### S C E N E IV.

Enter Prince John of Lancaster.

Lan. You're well encounter'd here, my cousin Mowbray;

Good day to you, my gentle lord Arch-bishop, And so to you, lord Hastings, and to all. My lord of York, it better shew'd with you, When that your flock, affembled by the bell, Encircled you, to hear with reverence Your exposition on the holy text; Than now to fee you here an iron man, Cheering a rout of Rebels with your drum, Turning the word to fword, and life to death. That man, that fits within a monarch's heart, And ripens in the fun-shine of his favour, Would he abuse the count'nance of the King, Alack, what mischiefs might he set abroach, In shadow of such Greatness? With you, lord Bishop, It is ev'n fo. Who hath not heard it spoken, How deep you were within the books of heav'n? To us, the Speaker in his Parliament: To us, th' imagin'd voice of heav'n it felf; The very opener, and intelligencer Between the grace, the fanctities of heav'n, And our dull workings. O, who shall believe But you misuse the rev'rence of your place, Employ the countenance and grace of heav'n,

As

As a false favourite doth his Prince's name In deeds dishon'rable? you've taken up, Under the counterseited zeal of God, The Subjects of his substitute, my father; And both against the peace of heav'n and him Have here up-swarm'd them.

York. Good my lord of Lancaster,

I am not here against your father's peace:
But, as I told my lord of Westmorland,

The time mis-order'd doth in common sense
Crowd us and crush us to this monstrous form,
To hold our fasety up. I sent your Grace
The parcels and particulars of our grief,
The which hath been with scorn shov'd from the Court;
Whereon this Hydra-son of war is born,
Whose dangerous eyes may well be charm'd asleep
With Grant of our most just and right desire;
And true Obedience, of this madness cur'd,
Stoop tamely to the foot of Majesty.

Mowb. If not, we ready are to try our fortunes

To the last man.

Haft. And though we here fall down, We have Supplies to fecond our attempt: If they miscarry, theirs shall second them.

6 And so Success of mischief shall be born, And heir from heir shall hold his quarrel up, While England shall have generation.

Lan. You are too shallow, Hastings, much too

shallow,

To found the bottom of the after-times.

West. Pleaseth your Grace, to answer them directly,

How far-forth you do like their articles?

Lan. I like them all, and do allow them well: And fwear here, by the honour of my blood,

5 The time missorder'd doth in common sense] I believe Shakespear wrote, common sence, i.e. drove by self-desence.
6 And so Success of mischief—] Success, for specession.

T 2

My father's purposes have been mistook;
And Some about him have too lavishly
Wrested his meaning and authority.
My lord, these griefs shall be with speed redrest;
Upon my life, they shall. If this may please you,
Discharge your Pow'rs unto their several Counties,
As we will ours; and here, between the armies,

Let's drink together friendly, and embrace;
That all their eyes may bear those tokens home,
Of our restored love and amity.

Of our rentored love and amity.

York. I take your princely word for these Redresses. Lan. I give it you; and will maintain my word;

And thereupon I drink unto your Grace.

Hast. Go, captain, and deliver to the army
This news of peace; let them have pay, and part:
I know, it will please them. Hie thee, captain.

[Exit Colevile.

York. To you, my noble lord of Westmorland. West. I pledge your Grace; and if you knew what pains

I have bestow'd, to breed this present peace, You would drink freely; but my love to ye Shall shew it self more openly hereaster.

Yerk. I do not doubt you. West. I am glad of it.

Health to my lord, and gentle cousin Mowbray.

Mowb. You wish me health in very happy season, For I am on the sudden something ill.

York. Against ill chances men are ever merry,

But heaviness fore-runs the good event.

West. Therefore be merry, Coz, fince sudden forrow Serves to say thus; some good thing comes to morrow.

York. Believe me, I am passing light in spirit.

Mowb. So much the worse, if your own rule be

true. [Shouts. Lan. The word of peace is render'd; hark! they

fhour.

Mowb.

Mowb. This had been chearful after victory. York. A peace is of the nature of a conquest; For then both parties nobly are subdu'd, And neither party loser.

Lan. Go, my lord,

And let our army be discharged too. [Exit West. And, good my lord, so please you, let our trains March by us, that we may peruse the men We should have cop'd withal.

York. Go, good lord Hastings:

And, ere they be difmis'd, let them march by.

[Exit Hastings.

Lan. I trust, lords, we shall lie to night together.

## S C E N E V.

### Re-enter Westmorland.

Now, cousin, wherefore stands our army still? West. The Leaders, having charge from you to stand, Will not go off until they hear you speak.

Lan. They know their duties.

### Re-enter Hastings.

Hast. My lord, our army is dispers'd already: Like youthful Steers unyoak'd, they took their course East, west, north, south: or like a school broke up, Each hurries towards his home and sporting-place.

West. Good tidings, my lord Hastings; for the

I do arrest thee, traitor, of high treason:

And you, lord Arch-bishop, and you, lord Mowbray, Of capital treason I attach you both.

Mowb. Is this proceeding just and honourable?

West. Is your affembly so?

York. Will you thus break your faith?

Lan. I pawn'd you none:

I promis'd you Redress of these same grievances,

T 3 Whereof

Whereof you did complain; which, by mine honour, I will perform with a most christian care. But for you, Rebels, look to taste the due Meet for rebellion and such acts as yours. Most shallowly did you these arms commence, Fondly brought here, and foolishly fent hence. Strike up our drums, pursue the scatter'd stray, Heav'n, and not we, hath safely fought to day. Some guard these traitors to the block of death, Treason's true bed and yielder up of breath. [Exeunt. [Alarm. Excursions.]

### S C E N E VI.

Enter Falstaff and Colevile.

Fal. What's your name, Sir? of what condition are you? and of what place, I pray?

Cole. I am a Knight, Sir: and my name is Colevile

of the dale.

Fal. Well then, Colevile is your name, a Knight is your degree, and your place, the dale. Colevile shall still be your name, a traitor your degree, and the dungeon your place, a place deep enough: so shall you still be Colevile of the dale.

Cole. Are not you Sir John Falstaff?

Fal. As good a man as he, Sir, who e'er I am: do ye yield, Sir, or shall I sweat for you? if I do sweat, they are the drops of thy lovers, and they weep for thy death; therefore rowze up fear and trembling, and do observance to my mercy.

Cole. I think, you are Sir John Falstaff, and in that

thought yield me.

Fal. I have a whole school of tongues in this belly of mine, and not a tongue of them all speaks any other word but my name: an I had but a belly of any indifferency, I were simply the most active fellow in

Europe:

Europe: my womb, my womb, my womb undoes me. Here comes our General.

Enter Prince John of Lancaster, and Westmorland.

Lan. The heat is past, follow no farther now, Call in the Pow'rs, good cousin Westmorland.

[Exit West.

Now, Falftaff, where have you been all this while? When every thing is ended, then you come. These tardy tricks of yours will, on my life, One time or other break some Gallows' back.

Fal. I would be forry, my lord, but it should be thus: I never knew yet, but rebuke and check was the reward of valour. Do you think me a swallow, an arrow, or a bullet? have I, in my poor and old motion, the expedition of thought? I speeded hither 7 with the very extreamest inch of possibility. I have founder'd ninescore and odd posts: and here, travel-tainted as I am, have in my pure and immaculate valour taken Sir fobn Colevile of the dale, a most furious Knight and valorous enemy: but what of that? he saw me and yielded; that I may justly say with the hook-nos'd fellow of Rome there, Casar, — I came, saw, and overcame.

Lan. It was more of his courtesie than your de-

ferving.

Fal. I know not; here he is, and here I yield him; and I befeech your Grace, let it be book'd with the rest of this day's deeds; or, by the lord, I will have it in a particular ballad else, with mine own picture on the top of it, Colevile kissing my soot: to the which course if I be enforc'd, if you do not all shew like gilt two-pences to me; and I, in the clear sky of same, o'ershine you as much as the full Moon doth the cinders of the ele-

7 with the very extreamest inch of possibility.] i.e. it we senot possible, in the nature of things, to have got one inch fur her in the space of time allowed me.

ment, which shew like pins' heads to her; believe not the word of the noble. Therefore let me have Right, and let desert mount.

Lan. Thine's too heavy to mount.

Fal. Let it shine then.

Lan. Thine's too thick to shine.

Fal. Let it do fomething, my good lord, that may do me good, and call it what you will.

Lan. Is thy name Colevile?

Cole. It is, my lord.

Lan. A famous Rebel art thou, Colevile. Fal. And a famous true Subject took him.

Cole. I am, my lord, but as my betters are, That led me hither; had they been rul'd by me, You should have won them dearer than you have.

Fal. I know not how they fold themselves; but thou, like a kind fellow, gav'ft thy self away gratis; and I

thank thee for thee.

#### S C E N E VII.

Enter Westmorland.

Lan. Now, have you left pursuit?

West. Retreat is made, and execution stay'd. Lan. Send Colevile then with his Confederates

To York, to present execution.

Blunt, lead him hence; and fee you guard him fure.

[Ex. with Colevile.

And now dispatch me tow'rd the Court, my lords; I hear, the King, my father, is fore fick:
Our news shall go before us to his Majesty,
Which, cousin, you shall bear to comfort him:
And we with sober speed will follow you.

Fal. My lord, I befeech you, give me leave to go through Glo'stershire; and when you come to Court, 'pray, stand my good Lord in your good report.

Lan. Fare you well, Falftaff; I, in my condition, Shall better fpeak of you than you deserve. [Exit.

Fal.

Fal. I would, you had but the wit; 'twere better than your dukedom. Good faith, this same young sober-blooded Boy doth not love me; nor a man cannot make him laugh; but that's no marvel, he drinks no wine. There's never any of these demure boys come to any proof; for thin drink doth fo over-cool their blood, and making many fish-meals, that they fall into a kind of male green-fickness; and then, when they marry, they get wenches. They are generally fools and cowards; which some of us should be too, but for inflammation. A good Sherris-Sack hath a two-fold operation in it; it ascends me into the brain, dries me there all the foolish, dull and crudy vapours which environ it; makes it apprehensive, quick, forgetive, full of nimble, fiery, and delectable shapes; which deliver'd o'er to the voice, the tongue, which is the birth, becomes excellent wit. The second property of your excellent Sherris, is, the warming of the blood; which before cold and fettled, left the liver white and pale; which is the badge of pufillanimity and cowardife; but the Sherris warms it, and makes it course from the inwards, to the parts extreme; it illuminateth the face, which, as a beacon, gives warning to all the rest of this little Kingdom, Man, to arm; and then the vital commoners and inland petty spirits muster me all to their captain, the heart; who great, and puft up with this retinue, doth any deed of courage; and this valour comes of Sherris. So that skill in the weapon is nothing without fack, for that fets it a-work; and learning a meer hoard of gold kept by a devil, 'till Sack commences it, and fets it in act and use. Hereof comes it, that Prince Harry is valiant; for the cold blood he did naturally inherit of his father, he hath, like lean, steril, and bare land, manured, husbanded, and till'd, with excellent endeavour of drinking good and good store of fertil Sherris, that he is become very hot and valiant. If I had a thousand sons, the first humane principle I would teach them them should be to forswear thin potations, and to addict themselves to Sack.

Enter Bardolph.

How now, Bardolph?

Bard. The army is discharged all, and gone.

Fal. Let them go; I'll through Gloucestershire, and there will I visit master Robert Shallow, Esquire; 8 I have him already tempering between my finger and my thumb, and shortly will I feal with him. Come away.

Exeunt.

#### EN E VIII.

Changes to the Palace at Westminster.

Enter King Henry, Warwick, Clarence, and Gloucester.

K. Henry. NOW, lords, if heav'n doth give fuc-cessful end

To this Debate that bleedeth at our doors. We will our youth lead on to higher fields. And draw no fwords but what are fanctify'd. Our Navy is address'd, our Pow'r collected. Our Substitutes in absence well invested, And every thing lyes level to our wish: Only we want a little personal strength: And pause us, till these Rebels, now a-foot, Come underneath the yoak of Government.

War. Both which, we doubt not, but your Majesty

Shall foon enjoy.

K. Henry. Humphry, my fon of Gloucester,

Where is the Prince your brother?

Glou. I think, he's gone to hunt, my lord, at Windsor.

K. Henry. And how accompanied?

8 I have him already tempering &c. ] A very pleasant allufion to the old use of sealing with fost wax.

Glou.

Glou. I do not know, my lord.

K. Henry. Is not his brother, Thomas of Clarence, with him?

Glou. No, my good lord, he is in presence here.

Cla. What would my lord and father?

K. Henry. Nothing but well to thee, Thomas of Clarence.

How chance thou art not with the Prince thy brother? He loves thee, and thou dost neglect him, Thomas;

Thou hast a better place in his affection,

Than all thy brothers: cherish it, my boy;

And noble offices thou may'ft effect

Of mediation, after I am dead,

Between his greatness and thy other brethren. Therefore omit him not; blunt not his love;

Nor lose the good advantage of his grace, By seeming cold, or careless of his will.

"For he is gracious, if he be observ'd:

" He hath a tear for pity, and a hand Open as day, for melting charity:

"Yet notwithstanding, being incens'd, he's flint;

"As humourous as winter, and as fudden

"As flaws 9 congealed in the fpring of day.
"His temper therefore must be well observ'd:

" Chide him for faults, and do it reverently,

"When you perceive his blood inclin'd to mirth:

" But being moody, give him line and fcope,

"'Till that his passions, like a Whale on ground,

"Confound themselves with working. Learn this, Thomas,

And thou shalt prove a shelter to thy friends: A hoop of gold to bind thy brothers in,

That

o — congealed in the spring of day. ] Alluding to the opinion of some philosophers, that the vapours being congealed in the air by cold, (which is most intense towards the morning) and being afterwards rarified and let loose by the warmth of the sun, occasion those sudden impetuous gusts of wind which are called Flaws.

Oxford Editor.

That the united veffel of their blood, (Mingled with venom of fuggestion, As, force perforce, the age will pour it in:) Shall never leak, though it do work as strong As Aconitum, or 'rash gun-powder.

Cla. I shall observe him with all care and love.

K. Henry. Why art thou not at Windsor with him,
Thomas?

Cla. He is not there to day; he dines in London.

K. Henry. And how accompanied? canst thou tell
That?

Cla. With Poins, and other his continual followers. K. Henry. Most subject is the fattest soil to weeds:

And he, the noble image of my youth,
Is over-spread with them; therefore my grief
Stretches it self beyond the hour of death.
The blood weeps from my heart, when I do shape,
In forms imaginary, th' unguided days
And rotten times that you shall look upon,
When I am sleeping with my ancestors.
For when his headstrong riot hath no curb,
When rage and hot blood are his counsellors,
When means and lavish manners meet together,
Oh, with what wings shall his affection fly
Tow'rd fronting peril and oppos'd decay?

War. My gracious lord, you look beyond him quite: The Prince but studies his companions,
Like a strange tongue; wherein to gain the language,
'Tis needful, that the most immodest word
Be look'd upon, and learn'd; which once attain'd,
Your highness knows, comes to no farther use,
But to be known and hated. So, like gross terms,
The Prince will in the perfectness of time
Cast off his followers; and their memory
Shall as a pattern or a measure live,
By which his grace must mete the lives of others;

<sup>1 -</sup> Rash gun-powder ] i. e. dry.

Turning past evils to advantages.

K. Henry. 'Tis feldom, when the Bee doth leave her comb

In the dead carrion, — Who's here? Westmorland!

#### S C E N E IX.

#### Enter Westmorland.

West. Health to my Sovereign, and new happiness Added to That, which I am to deliver! Prince John, your son, doth kiss your Grace's hand: Mowbray, the Bishop Scroop, Hastings, and all, Are brought to the correction of your Law; There is not now a rebel's sword unsheath'd, But Peace puts forth her Olive ev'ry where. The manner how this action hath been borne, Here at more leisure may your Highness read, With every course, in his particular.

K. Henry. O Westmorland, thou art a summer bird, Which ever in the haunch of winter sings

The lifting up of day.

#### Enter Harcourt.

Look, here's more news.

Har. From enemies heav'n keep your Majesty: And, when they stand against you, may they sall As those that I am come to tell you of!

The Earl Northumberland, and the lord Bardelph, With a great Pow'r of English and of Scots, Are by the Sh'rist of Yorkshire overthrown:

The manner and true order of the fight,

This packet, please it you, contains at large.

K. Harry And wherefore should these good ne

K. Henry. And wherefore should these good news

make me fick?

Will fortune never come with both hands full, But write her fair words still in foulest letters? She either gives a stomach, and no food;

(Such

(Such are the poor, in health) or else a feast, And takes away the stomach; (such the rich, That have abundance and enjoy it not.) I should rejoice now at this happy news, And now my sight fails, and my brain is giddy. O me, come near me, now I am much ill!

Glou. Comfort your Majesty! Cla. Oh, my royal father!

West. My sovereign lord, chear up your self, look up. War. Be patient, Princes; you do know, these sits

Are with his Highness very ordinary.

Stand from him, give him air: he'll straight be well. Cla. No, no, he cannot long hold out these pangs;

Th' incessant care and labour of his mind

<sup>2</sup> Hath wrought the mure, that should confine it in, So thin, that life looks through, and will break out.

Glou. <sup>3</sup> The people fear me; for they do observe Unfather'd heirs and loathly births of Nature:

4 The Seasons change their manners, as the year Had found some months asleep, and leap'd them over.

Cla. The river hath thrice flow'd, no ebb between; And the old folk (time's doting chronicles)

Say, it did so a little time before

That our great Grandfire Edward fick'd and dy'd. War. Speak lower, Princes, for the King recovers.

Glou. This apoplex will, certain, be his end.

K. Henry. I pray you, take me up, and bear me

hence
Into fome other chamber: foftly, 'pray.
Let there be no noise made, my gentle friends,

2 Hath wrought the mure, - ] i. e. the wall. Mr. Pope.

5 Unless

<sup>3</sup> The people fear me; — ] i. e. make me afraid; which fense the Oxford Editor not taking, alters it to fear it.

<sup>4</sup> The feafons change their manners,——] This is finely expressed; alluding to the terms of rough and harsh, and mild and fost, applied to weather.

5 Unless some doleing, favourable hand Will whisper musick to my weary spirit.

War. Call for the musick in the other room.

K. Henry. Set me the crown upon my pillow here:
Cla. His eye is hollow, and he changes much.
War. Less noise, less noise.

#### S C E N E X.

#### Enter Prince Henry.

P. Henry. Who faw the Duke of Clarence? Cla. I am here, brother, full of heaviness.

P. Henry. How now! rain within doors, and none abroad?

How doth the King?

Glou. Exceeding ill.

P. Henry. Heard he the good news yet? Tell it him.

Glou. He alter'd much upon the hearing it.

P. Henry. If he be fick with joy, He'll recover without phyfick.

War. Not fo much noise, my lords; sweet Prince, speak low;

The King, your father, is dispos'd to sleep. Cla. Let us withdraw into the other room.

War. Will't please your grace to go along with us? P. Henry. No; I will sit, and watch here by the King. [Exeunt all but P. Henry.

Why doth the Crown lye there upon his pillow,

Being so troublesome a bed-fellow?

" O polish'd perturbation! golden care!

"That keep'ft the ports of flumber open wide
"To many a watchful night: fleep with it now!

5 Unless some DULL AND favourable hand ] Thus the old editions read it. Evidently corrupt. Shakespear seems to have wrote,

Unless some Doleing favourable hand. Doleing, i. e. a hand using soft melancholy airs.

"Yet not so sound, and half so deeply sweet,

" As he, whose brow, with homely biggen bound,

"Snores out the watch of night. O Majesty!

" When thou dost pinch thy bearer, thou dost sit

" Like a rich armor worn in heat of day,

That scalds with safety. By his gates of breath There lyes a downy feather, which stirs not: Did he suspire, that light and weightless Down Perforce must move. My gracious lord! my father! This sleep is sound, indeed; this is a sleep, That from this golden Rigol hath divorc'd So many English Kings. Thy Due from me Is tears, and heavy forrows of the blood; Which nature, love, and filial tenderness Shall, O dear father, pay thee plenteously.

My due from thee is this imperial Crown,
Which, as immediate from thy place and blood,

Derives it felf to me. Lo, here it fits,

Which heav'n shall guard: and put the world's whole strength

Into one gyant arm, it shall not force
This lineal Honour from me. This from thee
Will I to mine leave, as 'tis left to me. [Exit.

#### S C E N E XI.

Enter Warwick, Gloucester, and Clarence.

K. Henry. Warwick! Gloucester! Clarence! Cla. Doth the King call?

War. What would your Majesty? how fares your Grace?

K. Henry. Why did you leave me here alone, my lords?

Cla. We left the Prince my brother here, my Liege, Who undertook to fit and watch by you.

6 That from this golden Rigol] Rigol or circle; meaning the Crown.

Mr. Pope.

K. Henry.

K. Henry. The Prince of Wales! where is he? let

War. This door is open, he is gone this way.

Glou. He came not through the chamber where we

stay'd.

K. Henry. Where is the Crown? who took it from my pillow?

War. When we withdrew, my Liege, we left it here. K. Henry. The Prince hath ta'en it hence? go feek him out.

Is he fo hasty, that he doth suppose
My sleep my death? find him, my lord of Warwick,
And chide him hither straight; this part of his
Conjoins with my disease, and helps to end me.
See, sons, what things you are! how quickly nature
Falls to revolt, when gold becomes her object?
For this, the foolish over-careful fathers
Have broke their sleeps with thought, their brains with
care,

Their bones with industry: for this, engrossed
The canker'd heaps of strange-atchieved gold:
For this, they have been thoughtful to invest
Their sons with arts and martial exercises:
When, like the Bee, culling from ev'ry flow'r,
Our thighs are packt with wax, our mouths with honey,
We bring it to the hive; and, like the Bees,
Are murder'd for our pains! this bitter taste
Yield his engrossments to the dying father.

#### Enter Warwick.

Now, where is he, that will not ftay fo long, 'Till his friend, Sickness, hath determin'd me?

War. My lord, I found the Prince in the next room, Washing with kindly tears his gentle cheeks; With such a deep demeanour in great forrow, That Tyranny, which never quaft but blood, Would by beholding him have wash'd his knife Vol. IV.

With gentle eye-drops. He is coming hither.

K. Henry. But wherefore did he take away the Crown?

#### Enter Prince Henry.

Lo, where he comes. Come hither to me, *Harry*; Depart the chamber, leave us here alone. [Exe. Lords.

P. Henry. I never thought to hear you speak again. K. Henry. Thy wish was father, Harry, to that

thought:

I stay too long by thee, I weary thee. Dost thou so hunger for my empty Chair, That thou wilt needs invest thee with my Honours, Before thy hour be ripe? O foolish youth! Thou feek'ft the Greatness, that will overwhelm thee. Stay but a little; for my cloud of Dignity Is held from falling with fo weak a wind, That it will quickly drop; my day is dim. Thou hast stoln That, which, after some few hours, Were thine without offence; and at my death Thou hast feal'd up my expectation; Thy life did manifest, thou lov'dst me not; And thou wilt have me die affur'd of it. Thou hid'ft a thousand daggers in thy thoughts, Which thou hast whetted on thy stony heart, To stab at half an hour of my frail life. What! canst thou not forbear me half an hour? Then get thee gone, and dig my Grave thy felf, And bid the merry bells ring to thy ear That thou art crowned, not that I am dead. Let all the tears, that should bedew my herse, Be drops of balm to fanctifie thy head; Only compound me with forgotten dust, Give That, which gave thee life, unto the worms. Pluck down my officers, break my decrees; For now a time is come to mock at form; Henry the Fifth is crown'd: up, Vanity! Down, Down, royal State! All you fage Councellors, hence;

"And to the English Court affemble now,

"From ev'ry region, apes of Idleness:

"Now, neighbour confines, purge you of your fcum; Have you a ruffian that will fwear? drink? dance?

"Revel the night? rob? murder? and commit

"The oldest sins the newest kind of ways?

"Be happy, he will trouble you no more: [England shall double gild his treble Guilt;]

" England shall give him office, honour, might:
"For the Fifth Harry from curb'd licence plucks

"The muzzle of restraint; and the wild dog

"Shall flesh his tooth on every innocent.
O my poor kingdom, sick with civil blows!

When that my care could not withhold thy riots,

What wilt thou do when riot is thy care? O, thou wilt be a wilderness again,

Peopled with Wolves, thy old inhabitants.

P. Henry. O pardon me, my Liege! but for my tears, [Kneeling.

(The moist impediments unto my speech,)
I had fore-stall'd this dear and deep rebuke,
Ere you with grief had spoke, and I had heard
The course of it so far. There is your Crown;
And he that wears the crown immortally,
Long guard it yours! If I affect it more,
Than as your Honour, and as your Renown,
Let me no more from this obedience rise,
Which my most true and inward-duteous spirit

U 2

Teacheth

<sup>7</sup> England shall double gild bis treble Guilt; ] Eviden'ly the nonsense of some soolish Player: For we must make a difference between what Shakespear might be supposed to have written off hand, and what he had corrected. These Scenes are of the latter kind; therefore such lines by no means to be esteemed his. But except Mr. Pope, (who judiciously threw out this line) not one of Shakespear's Editors seem ever to have had so reasonable and necessary a rule in their heads, when they set upon correcting this author.

Teacheth this prostrate and exterior bending. Heav'n witness with me, when I here came in, And found no course of breath within your Majesty, How cold it struck my heart! If I do feign, O let me in my present wildness die, And never live to shew th' incredulous world The noble Change that I have purposed. Coming to look on you, thinking you dead, (And dead almost, my Liege, to think you were) I spake unto the Crown, as having sense, And thus upbraided it. The care on thee depending Hath fed upon the body of my father, Therefore thou best of gold art worst of gold; Other, less fine in carrat, is more precious, Preserving life in med'cine potable: But thou, most fine, most honour'd, most renown'd, Hast eat thy bearer up. Thus, Royal Liege, Accusing it, I put it on my head, To try with it (as with an enemy, That had before my face murder'd my father) The quarrel of a true inheritor. But if it did infect my blood with joy, Or swell my thoughts to any strain of pride, If any rebel or vain spirit of mine Did with the least affection of a welcome Give entertainment to the Might of it; Let heav'n for ever keep it from my head, And make me as the poorest vassal is, That doth with awe and terror kneel to it!

K. Henry. O my fon!
Heav'n put it in thy mind to take it hence,
That thou might'ft win the more thy father's love,
Pleading fo wifely in excuse of it.
Come hither, Harry, sit thou by my bed;
And hear, I think, the very latest counsel,
That ever I shall breathe. Heav'n knows, my son,
By what by-paths and indirect crook'd ways

I

I met this crown; and I my self know well, How troublesome it sate upon my head. To thee it shall descend with better quiet, Better opinion, better confirmation: For all the foil of the atchievement goes With me into the earth. It feem'd in me But as an Honour fnatch'd with boift'rous hand, And I had many living to upbraid My gain of it by their affiftances; Which daily grew to quarrel and to blood-shed, 8 Wounding supposed peace. 9 All their bold feats Thou feeft, with peril I have answered. For all my reign hath been but as a Scene, Acting that Argument: And now my death <sup>1</sup> Changes the mode; for what in me was purchas'd, Falls upon thee in a much fairer fort; <sup>2</sup> For thou the garland wear'ft fuccessively. Yet though thou stand'st more fure than I could do, Thou art not firm enough, fince griefs are green; And all thy friends, which thou must make thy friends, Have but their stings and teeth newly ta'en out; By whose fell working I was first advanc'd, And by whose pow'r I well might lodge a fear, To be again displac'd: which to avoid I cut them off, and had a purpose now

- 8 Wounding supposed peace. Supp fed, for undermined.
- 9 ——All THESE bold FEARS, We should certainly read,
  ——All THEIR bold FEATS,
- i. e. plots, commotions ef conspirators.

1 Changes the mode; ] Mode, here, does not fignify fashion, but time and measure in singing, or the pitch in speaking: Modus, a word peculiar to the ancient Drama: For the metaphor is continued from the words immediately preceding,

Acting that Argument.

2 So thou the garland — ] We should read, FOR thou the garland

U 3

To lead our many to the Holy Land;
Left Rest and lying still might make them look
Too near into my State. Therefore, my Harry,
Be it thy course to busy giddy minds
With foreign Quarrels; that action, hence, borne out,
May waste the memory of former days.
More would I, but my Lungs are wasted so,
That strength of speech is utterly deny'd me.
How I came by the Crown, O God, forgive!
And grant it may with thee in true peace live.

P. Henry, My gracious Liege

P. Henry. My gracious Liege, You won it, wore it, kept it, gave it me; Then plain and right must my Possession be; Which I with more than with a common pain, 'Gainst all the world, will rightfully maintain.

Enter Lord John of Lancaster, and Warwick.

K. Henry. Look, look, here comes my John of Lan-caster.

Lan. Health, peace and happiness to my royal father! K. Henry. Thou bring'st me happiness and peace, son John;

But health, alack, with youthful wings is flown From this bare, wither'd, Trunk. Upon thy fight My worldly business makes a period.

Where is my lord of Warwick?

P. Henry. My lord of Warwick.

K. Henry. Doth any name particular belong Unto the lodging where I first did swoon?

War. 'Tis call'd Jerusalem, my noble lord.

K. Henry. Laud be to God! even there my life must end.

It hath been prophefy'd to me many years,

3 To lead our many to the Holy Land; ] As plaufible as this reading is, it is corrupt. Shakespear, I think, wrote,

To lead our many our many or meiny, i.e. our reopic.

1

I should not die but in Ferusalem:
Which vainly I suppos'd the Holy Land.
But bear me to that chamber, there I'll lye:
In that Ferusulem shall Harry die.

[Exeunt.

#### ACT V. SCENE I.

Shallow's Seat in Glo'stershire.

Enter Shallow, Silence, Falstaff, Bardolph, and Page.

#### SHALLOW.

BY cock and pye, Sir, you shall not away to night. What! Davy, I say——

Fal. You must excuse me, master Robert

Shallow.

Shal. I will not excuse you; you shall not be excused. Excuses shall not be admitted: there is no excuse shall serve: you shall not be excused. Why, Davy,

#### Enter Davy.

Davy. Here, Sir.

Shal. Davy, Davy, Davy, let me see, Davy, let me see; yea, marry, William Cook, bid him come hither.
—Sir John, you shall not be excus'd.

Davy. Marry, Sir, thus: those precepts cannot be ferv'd; and, again, Sir, shall we fow the head-land

with wheat?

Shal. With red wheat, Davy. But, for William Cook, — are there no young Pidgeons?

I I will not excuse you, &c.] The sterility of Justice Shallo w's wit is admirably described, in thus making him, by one of the finest strokes of nature, so often vary his phrase, to express one and the same thing, and that the commonest.

U 4

Dary.

Davy. Yea, Sir—Here is now the Smith's note for shooing, and plow-irons.

Shal. Let it be cast and paid --- Sir John, you shall

not be excus'd.

Davy. Now, Sir, a new link to the bucket must needs be had. And, Sir, do you mean to stop any of William's wages about the sack he lost the other day at Hinckly Fair?

Shal. He shall answer it. Some Pidgeons, Davy, a couple of short-legg'd Hens, a joint of mutton, and any pretty little tiny kickshaws: tell William Cook.

Davy. Doth the man of war stay all night, Sir?

Shal. Yes, Davy. I will use him well. A friend i' th' Court is better than a penny in purse. Use his men well, Davy, for they are arrant knaves, and will back-bite.

Davy. No worse than they are back-bitten, Sir;

for they have marvellous foul linnen.

Shal. Well conceited, Davy. About thy business, Davy.

Davy. I beseech you, Sir, to countenance William

Visor of Woncot against Clement Perkes of the hill.

Shal. There are many complaints, Davy, against that Visor; that Visor is an arrant knave, on my knowledge.

Davy. "I grant your Worship, that he is a knave,

- "Sir; but yet God forbid, Sir, but a knave should have some countenance at his friend's request.
- "An honest man, Sir, is able to speak for him-
- " felf, when a knave is not. I have ferv'd your
- "Worship truly, Sir, these eight years; and if I
- " against an honest man, I have but very little credit
- "with your Worship. The knave is mine honest
- " friend, Sir, therefore, I beseech your Worship, let
- " him be countenanc'd.

Shal.

Shal. Go to, I fay, he shall have no wrong: look about, Davy. Where are you, Sir John? come, off with your boots. Give me your hand, master Bardolph.

Bard. I am glad to fee your Worship.

Shal. I thank thee with all my heart, kind master Bardolph; and welcome, my tall fellow; [To the Page.]

Come, Sir John.

Fal. I'll follow you, good master Robert Shallow. [Exeunt Shallow, Silence, &c.] Bardolph, look to our horses. — If I were faw'd into quantities, I should make four dozen of fuch bearded hermites-staves as master Shallow. "It is a wonderful thing to see the " femblable coherence of his mens' fpirits and his: they, "by observing of him, do bear themselves like foolish "justices; he, by conversing with them, is turn'd into " a justice-like servingman. Their spirits are so mar-" ried in conjunction, with the participation of fociety, "that they flock together in confent, like fo many wild "Geefe. If I had a fuit to master Shallow, I would hu-" mour his men with the imputation of being near their " master: If to his men, I would curry with master " Shallow, that no man could better command his fer-" vants. It is certain, that either wife Bearing or igno-" rant Carriage is caught, as men take diseases, one of " another: therefore let men take heed of their com-" pany." I will devise matter enough out of this Shallow to keep Prince Henry in continual laughter the wearing out of fix fashions, which is four terms or two actions, and he shall laugh without Intervallums. "O, "it is much, that a lie with a flight oath, and a jest "with a fad brow, will do with a fellow that never " had the ache in his shoulders." O, you shall see him laugh, till his face be like a wet cloak ill laid up.

Shal. [within.] Sir John -

Fal. I come, master Shallow; I come, master Shallow.

[Exit Falstaff.

S C E N E

#### S C E N E II.

Changes to the Court, in LONDON.

Enter the Earl of Warwick and the Lord Chief Justice.

War. HOW now, my lord Chief Justice, whither away?

Ch. Just. How doth the King?

War. Exceeding well: his cares are now all ended:

Ch. Just. I hope, not dead?

War. He's walk'd the way of Nature; And to our purposes he lives no more.

Ch. Just. I would, his Majesty had call'd me with him.

The fervice, that I truly did his life, Hath left me open to all injuries.

War. Indeed, I think, the young King loves you not. Ch. Just. I know, he doth not; and do arm my felf, To welcome the condition of the time:

Which cannot look more hideously on me,

Than I have drawn it in my fantasie.

Enter Lord John of Lancaster, Gloucester, and Clarence.

War. Here come the heavy iffue of dead Harry; O, that the living Harry had the temper Of him, the worst of these three gentlemen: How many Nobles then should hold their places, That must strike sail to spirits of vile fort!

Ch. Just. Alas, I fear, all will be overturn'd.

Lan. Good morrow, coulin Warwick.

Gleu. Cla. Good morrow, cousin.

Lan. We meet, like men that had forgot to speak. War. We do remember; but our argument

all too heavy to admit much Talk

Is all too heavy to admit much Talk.

Lan. Well, peace be with him that hath made us heavy!

Ch. Just.

Ch. Just Peace be with us, left we be heavier! Glou. O, good my lord, you've lost a friend, indeed; And I dare swear, you borrow not that face Of seeming forrow; it is, sure, your own.

Lan. Tho' no man be affur'd what grace to find,

You stand in coldest expectation.

I am the forrier; 'would, 'twere otherwise.

Cla. Well, you must now speak Sir John Falstaff fair,

Which swims against your stream of quality.

Ch. Just. Sweet Princes, what I did, I did in Honour, Led by th' impartial conduct of my foul; And never shall you see, that I will beg <sup>2</sup> A rated and forestall'd remission. If truth and upright innocency fail me,

I'll to the King my mafter that is dead, And tell him who hath fent me after him.

War. Here comes the Prince.

#### S C E N E III.

#### Enter Prince Henry.

Ch. Just. Heav'n fave your Majesty!

K. Henry. This new and gorgeous garment, Majesty,
Sits not so easie on me, as you think.
Brothers, you mix your sadness with some fear:
This is the English, not the Turkish Court;
Not Amurath an Amurath succeeds,
But Harry, Harry. Yet be sad, good brothers,
For, to speak truth, it very well becomes you:
Sorrow so royally in you appears,
That I will deeply put the sashion on,
And wear it in my heart. Why then, be sad;
But entertain no more of it, good brothers,

Than

<sup>2</sup> A RAGGED and forestall'd remission.] Ragged has no sense here. We should read,

A rated and forestall'd remission. i. e. a remission that must be sought for, and bought with supplication.

Than a joint burthen laid upon us all. For me, by heav'n, I bid you be affur'd, I'll be your father and your brother too: Let me but bear your love, I'll bear your cares: Yet weep, that *Harry*'s dead; and fo will I. But *Harry* lives, that fhall convert those tears By number into hours of happiness.

Lan. &c. We hope no other from your Majesty. K. Henry. You all look strangely on me; and you

most.

You are, I think, affur'd, I love you not.

[To the Ch. Just.

Ch. Just. I am affur'd, if I be measur'd rightly, Your Majesty hath no just cause to hate me.

K. Henry. No! might a Prince of my great hopes

forget

So great indignities you laid upon me? What! rate, rebuke, and roughly fend to prison Th' immediate heir of *England!* was this easie? May this be wash'd in *Lethe*, and forgotten?

Ch. Just. I then did use the person of your father; The image of his Power lay then in me: And in th' administration of his Law, While I was busie for the Common-wealth, Your Highness pleased to forget my Place, The Majesty and Pow'r of Law and Justice, The image of the King whom I presented; And struck me in my very Seat of Judgment: Whereon, as an offender to your father, I gave bold way to my authority, And did commit you. If the deed were ill, Be you contented, wearing now the Garland, To have a Son fet your decrees at naught: To pluck down justice from your awful bench; To trip the course of law, and blunt the sword That guards the peace and fafety of your person: Nay more, to spurn at your most royal image,

And

And mock your working in a fecond body.

Question your royal thoughts, make the case yours;

Be now the father, and propose a son;

Hear your own dignity so much prophan'd;

See your most dreadful laws so loosely slighted;

Behold your felf so by a son disdain'd:

And then imagine me taking your part,

And in your pow'r so filencing your son.

After this cold consid'rance, sentence me;

And, as you are a King, speak in your State,

What I have done that misbecame my place,

My person, or my Liege's Sovereignty.

P. Henry. You are right Justice, and you weigh

this well,

Therefore still bear the balance and the fword: And I do wish, your Honours may increase, Till you do live to fee a fon of mine Offend you, and obey you, as I did: So shall I live to speak my father's words; Happy am I, that have a man fo bold, That dares do justice on my proper son; And no lefs happy, having fuch a fon, That would deliver up his Greatness so Into the hand of justice. — You committed me; For which I do commit into your hand Th' unstained fword that you have us'd to bear; With this remembrance, that you use the same With a like bold, just, and impartial spirit, As you have done 'gainst me. There is my hand, You shall be as a father to my youth: My voice shall found, as you do prompt mine ear; And I will stoop and humble my intents, To your well-practis'd wife directions. And, Princes all, believe me, I befeech you; My father is gone wild into his Grave, For in his tomb lye my affections; And with his spirit sadly I survive,

To mock the expectations of the world; To frustrate prophecies, and to raze out Rotten opinion, which hath writ me down After my feeming. Tho' my tide of blood Hath proudly flow'd in vanity 'till now; Now doth it turn and ebb back to the fea, Where it shall mingle with 3 the state of floods, And flow henceforth in formal Majesty. Now call we our high Court of Parliament; And let us chuse such limbs of noble counsel, That the great body of our State may go In equal rank with the best govern'd nation; That War or Peace, or both at once, may be As things acquainted and familiar to us, In which you, father, shall have foremost hand. [To the Lord Chief Justice.

Our Coronation done, we will accite
(As I before remember'd) all our State,
And (Heav'n configning to my good intents)
No Prince, nor Peer, shall have just cause to say,
Heav'n shorten Harry's happy life one day. [Exeunt.

3——the state of floods.] i. e. the assembly, or general meeting of the sloods. For all rivers, running to the sea, are there represented as holding their sessions. This thought naturally introduced the following,

Now call we our high Court of Parliament

But the Oxford Editor much a stranger to the phraseology of that time in general, and to his author's in particular, out of mere loss for his meaning reads it backwards,

the floods of flate.

#### S C E N E IV.

Changes to Shallow's Seat in Gloucestershire.

Enter Falstaff, Shallow, Silence, Bardolph, the Page, and Davy.

Shal. A Y, you shall see mine orchard, where in an arbour we will eat a last year's pippin of my own graffing, with 4 a dish of carraways, and so forth: come, cousin Silence; and then to bed.

Fal. You have here a goodly dwelling, and a rich. Shal. Barren, barren, barren: beggars all, beggars all, Sir John; marry, good air. Spread, Davy, spread,

Davy; well faid, Davy.

Fal. This Davy serves you for good uses; he is your

fervingman, and your husbandman.

Shal. A good varlet, a good varlet, a very good varlet, Sir John. By th' Mass, I have drank too much Sack at supper. —— A good varlet. Now sit down, now sit down: come, cousin.

Sil. Ah, firrah, quoth-a,

We shall do nothing but eat, and make good chear, [Singing, And praise heav'n for the merry year;

When flesh is cheap and females dear, And lusty lads roam here and there;

So merrily, and ever among, so merrily, &c.

Fal. There's a merry heart, good master Silence.

I'll give you a health for that anon.

Shal. Give Mr. Bardolph some wine, Davy.

Davy. Sweet Sir, sit; I'll be with you anon; most

4 a dish of carraways.] A comfit or confection so called in our author's time. A paisage in De Vigneul Marwille's Melanges d'Histoire et de Litt. will explain this odd treat, Dans le dernier secle ou l'on avoit le goût delicat, on ne croioit pas pouvoir vivre sans Dragées. Il n'etoit fils de bonne mere, qui n'eut son Dragier; et il est raporté dans l'histoire du duc de Guise, que quand il sut sué à Blois il avoit son Dragier à la main.

**fweet** 

fweet Sir, fit. Master Page, fit: good master Page, fit: proface. What you want in meat, we'll have in drink; but you must bear; the heart's all. [Exit.

Shal. Be merry, master Bardolph, and, my little

foldier there, be merry.

And welcome merry Shrovetide.

Sil. [Singing] Be merry, be merry, my wife has all, For women are Shrews, both fhort and tall; 'Tis merry in hall, when heards wag all,

Be merry, be merry.

Fal. I did not think, master Silence had been a man of this mettle.

Sil. Who I? I have been merry twice and once ere now.

#### Re-enter Davy.

Davy. There is a dish of leather-coats for you.

Shal. Davy, ----

Davy. Your Worship-I'll be with you straight.

A cup of wine, Sir?

Sil. [Singing.] A cup of wine,

That's brisk and fine,

And drink unto the leman mine; And a merry beart lives long-a.

Fal. Well said, master Silence.

Sil. If we shall be merry, now comes in the sweet of the night.

Fal. Health and long life to you, master Silence.

Sil. Fill the cup, and let it come. I'll pledge you,

were't a mile to the bottom.

Shal. Honest Bardolph, welcome; if thou want'st any thing and wilt not call, beshrew thy heart. Welcome, my little tiny thief, and welcome, indeed, too: I'll drink to master Bardolph, and s to all the cavileroes about London.

Davy.

5 to all the cavileroes about London.] Les Cavalieri Italiens, que nous dewons apeller, et que nos apellons effectivement Cavaliers, ne fout pas des Chevaliers d'Ordre, mais seulement des personnes de distinction Davy. I hope to fee London, ere I die.

Bard. If I might fee you there, Davy, -

Shal. You'll crack a quart together? ha, will you not, master Bardolph?

Bard. Yes, Sir, in a pottle pot.

Shal. By God's liggens, I thank thee; the knave will flick by thee, I can affure thee that. He will not out, he is true-bred.

Bard. And I'll stick by him, Sir.

One knocks at the door.

Shal. Why, there fpoke a King: lack nothing, be merry. Look, who's at door there, ho: who knocks?

Fal. Why, now you have done me right.

Sil. [Singing.] Do me right, and dub me Knight, 6 Samingo. Is't not so? Fal. 'Tis so.

Sil. Is't fo? why, then fay, an old man can do fomewhat.

Davy. If it please your Worship, there's one Pisto! come from the Court with news.

Fal. From the Court? let him come in.

#### SCENE

#### Enter Pistol.

How now, Piftel?

Pist. Sir John, 'fave you, Sir.

Fal. What wind blew you hither, Piftol?

Pist. Not the ill wind which blows no man good, fweet Knight: thou art now one of the greatest men in the Realm.

distinction dans les Lettres ou dans les Arts. Par example, nous disons le cavalier Marin, qui étoit un excellent poëte, le Cavalier Bernin qui étoit un excellent architecte. Melanges d'Hist. et Litt. par de Vig. Marville. vol. 3.

6 Samingo.] He means to fay, San Domingo. Oxford Editor.

Sil. Indeed, I think he be, but goodman Puff of Barson.

Pist. Puff?

Puff in thy teeth, most recreant coward base? Sir John, I am thy Pistol and thy friend; And helter skelter have I rode to thee; And tidings do I bring, and lucky joys, And golden times, and happy news of price.

Fal. I pr'ythee now, deliver them like a man of this

world.

Pift. A foutra for the world and worldlings base! Speak of Africa and golden joys.

Fal. O base Assyrian Knight, what is thy news?

Let King Cophetua know the truth thereof. Sil. And Robin-bood, Scarlet, and John.

Pist. Shall dunghill curs confront the Helicons?

And shall good news be baffled? Then Pistol lay thy head in fury's lap.

Shal. Honest gentleman, I know not your breeding.

Pift. Why then, lament therefore.

Shal. Give me pardon, Sir. "If, Sir, you come " with news from the Court, I take it, there is but "two ways either to utter them, or to conceal them." I am, Sir under the King, in some authority.

Pist. Under which King? Bezonian, speak or die.

Shal. Under King Harry.

Pift. Harry the Fourth? or Fifth?

Shal. Harry the Fourth.

*Pift.* A foutra for thine office! Sir John, thy tender Lamb-kin now is King. Harry the Fifth's the man. I speak the truth. When Piftol lies, do this, and fig me like The bragging Spaniard.

7 Let King Cophetua &c.] Lines taken from an old bombast play of King Cophetua: of whom, as we learn from Shakespear. there were ballads too Mr. Theobald.

8 Bezonian.] A vile or needy person.

Fal.

Fal. What, is the old King dead?

Pist. As nail in door: the things I speak are just.

Fal. Away, Bardolph, saddle my horse. Master Robert Shallow, chuse what office thou wilt in the Land, 'tis thine. Pistol, I will double charge thee with Dignities.

Bard. O joyful day! I would not take a Knight-

hood for my fortune.

Pist. What? I do bring good news.

Fal. Carry master Silence to bed: master Shallow, my lord Shallow, be what thou wilt, I am fortune's Steward. Get on thy boots, we'll ride all night. Oh, sweet Pistol! away, Bardolph: come, Pistol, utter more to me; and withal devise something to do thy self good. Boot, boot, master Shallow. I know, the young King is sick for me. Let us take any man's horses: the Laws of England are at my commandment. Happy are they which have been my friends; and wo to my Lord Chief Justice!

Pift. Let vultures vile seize on his lungs also!

9 Where is the life that late I led, fay they?

Why, here it is, welcome this pleasant day. [Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VI.

Changes to a Street in LONDON.

Enter Hostess Quickly, Doll Tear-sheet, and Beadles.

Hoft. O, thou arrant knave, I would I might die, that I might have thee hang'd; thou hast

drawn my shoulder out of joint.

Bead. The constables have deliver'd her over to me; and she shall have whipping cheer enough, I warrant her. There hath been a man or two kill'd about her.

- 9. Where is the life that late I led,—] Words of an old ballad.

X 2

Dol.

Dol. Nut-hook, nut-hook, you lie: come on, I'll tell thee what, thou damn'd tripe-vifag'd rafcal, ifthe child, I go with, do mifcarry, thou had'ft better thou had'ft ftruck thy mother, thou paper-fac'd villain.

Host. O the Lord, that Sir John were come, he would make this a bloody day to some body. But I

pray God, the fruit of her womb miscarry.

Bead. If it do, you shall have a dozen of cushions again, you have but eleven now. Come, I charge you both go with me; for the man is dead, that you and

Pistol beat among you.

Dol. I'll tell thee what, ' thou thin man in a Cenfer! I will have you as foundly fwing'd for this, you bluebottle rogue! you filthy famish'd correctioner! if you be not swindg'd, I'll forswear half-kirtles.

Bead. Come, come, you she-Knight-arrant, come. Host. O, that Right should thus o'ercome Might!

Well, of sufferance comes ease.

Dol. Come, you rogue, come; bring me to a Justice.

Host. Yes, come, you starv'd blood-hound. Dol. Goodman death, goodman bones! ---

Hoft. Thou Atomy, thou!

Dol. Come, you thin thing: come, you rascal! Bead. Very well. [Exeunt.

I thou thin man in a Cenfer! These old Censers of thin metal had generally at the bottom the figure of some saint raised up with the hammer, in a barbarous kind of imbossed or chased work. The hunger-starved Beadle is compared, in substance, to one of these hin raised figures, by the same kind of humour that Pistol, in the Merry Wives, calls Stender, a laten bilboe.

#### S C E N E VII.

A publick Place near Westminster-Abbey.

Enter two Grooms, strewing rushes.

1 Groom. MORE rushes, more rushes.
2 Groom. The trumpets have sounded twice.

1. Groom. It will be two of the clock ere they come from the Coronation: difpatch, difpatch.

[Exeunt Grooms.

Enter Falstaff, Shallow, Pistol, Bardolph, and the Boy.

Fal. Stand here by me, master Robert Shallow, I will make the King do you grace: I will leer upon him as he comes by, and do but mark the countenance that he will give me.

Pist. Bless thy lungs, good Knight.

Fal. Come here, Pistot, stand behind me. O, if I had had time to have made new liveries, I would have bestow'd the thousand pound I borrow'd of you. But it is no matter, this poor Show doth better; this doth infer the zeal I had to see him.

Shal. It doth fo.

Fal. It shews my earnestness of affection.

Pift. It doth fo. Fal. My devotion.

Pift. It doth, it doth, it doth.

Fal. As it were, to ride day and night, and not to deliberate, not to remember, not to have patience to thift me.

Shal. It is most certain.

Fal. But to stand stained with travel, and sweating with desire to see him, thinking of nothing else, putting all affairs else in oblivion, as if there were nothing else to be done but to see him.

Pift.

Pist. 'Tis semper idem; for absque boc nibil est. 2'Tis all in all, and all in every part.

Shal. 'Tis fo, indeed.

Pift. My Knight, I will enflame thy noble liver, and make thee rage.

Thy Dol and Helen of thy noble thoughts Is in base durance and contagious prison; Haul'd thither by mechanick dirty hands.

Rowze up revenge from Ebon den, with fell Aletto's fnake,

For Dol is in. Pistol speaks nought but truth.

Fal. I will deliver her.

Pift. There roar'd the fea; and trumpet-clangour founds.

#### S C E N E VIII.

The Trumpets sound. Enter the King, and his train.

Fal. God fave thy Grace, King Hal, my royal Hal! Pift. The heav'ns thee guard and keep, most royal imp of fame!

Fal. God fave thee, my sweet boy!

King. My Lord Chief Justice, speak to that vain man. Cb. Just. Have you your wits? know you, what 'tis you speak?

Fal. My King, my Jove, I speak to thee, my heart! King. I know thee not, old man: fall to thy prayers:

How ill white hairs become a fool and jefter! I have long dream'd of fuch a kind of man, So furfeit-fwell'd, fo old, and fo profane;

2 'Tis all in every part.] The fentence alluded to is,
'Tis all in all, and all in every part.

And so doubtless it should be read. 'Tis a common way of expressing one's approbation of a right measure, to say, 'tis all in all. To which this phantastic character adds, with some humour, and all in every part: which, both together, make up the philosophic sentence, and compleat the absurdity of Pistar's phraseology.

But,

But, being awake, I do despise my dream. Make less thy body, (hence!) and more thy grace; Leave gormandizing. 3 Know, the Grave doth gape For thee, thrice wider than for other men. Reply not to me with a fool-born jest; Presume not, that I am the thing I was: For heav'n doth know, so shall the world perceive, That I have turn'd away my former felf, So will I those that kept me company. When thou dost hear I am as I have been, Approach me, and thou shalt be as thou wast, The tutor and the feeder of my riots; Till then I banish thee, on pain of death, As I have done the rest of my mis-leaders, Not to come near our person by ten miles. For competence of life, I will allow you, That lack of means enforce you not to Evil: And as we hear you do reform your felves, We will according to your strengths and qualities Give you advancement. Be't your charge, my lord,

3 - Know, the Grave doth gape

For thee, thrice wider than for other men.

Reply not to me with a fool-born jest; Nature is highly touched in this passage. The king having shaken off his vanities, schools his old companion for his follies with great severity; heads grace, and leave gormandizing. But that word unluckily prefenting him with a pleasant idea, he cannot forbear pursuing it.

Know, the Grave doth gape for thee thrice wider, &c. and is just falling back into Hal, by an humourous allusion to Falstaff's bulk; but he perceives it immediately, and fearing Sir John should take the advantage of it, checks both himself and the knight, with

Reply not to me with a fool born jeft; and so resumes the thread of his discourse, and goes moralizing on to the end of the chapter. Thus the poet copies nature with great skill, and shews us how apt men are to fall back into their old customs, when the change is not made by degrees, and brought into a habit, but determined of at once on the motives of honour,

interest or reason.

To fee perform'd the tenour of our word. Set on. [Ex. King, &c.

#### S C E N E IX.

Fal. Master Shallow, I owe you a thousand pound. Shal. Ay, marry, Sir John, which I beseech you to

let me have home with me.

Fal. That can hardly be, Mr. Shallow. Do not you grieve at this; I shall be sent for in private to him: look you, he must seem thus to the world. Fear not your advancement, I will be the man yet that shall make you great.

Shal. I cannot perceive how, unless you give me your doublet, and stuff me out with straw. I befeech you, good Sir John, let me have five hundred

of my thousand.

Fal. Sir, I will be as good as my word. This, that

you heard, was but a colour, ----

Shal. A colour, I fear, that you will die in, Sir

John.

Fal. Fear no colours: go with me to dinner: come, lieutenant *Piftol*; come, *Bardolph*. I shall be fent for foon at night.

### Enter Chief Justice and Prince John.

Ch. Just. Go, carry Sir John Falstaff to the Fleet, Take all his company along with him.

Fal. My lord, my lord, -

Ch. Just. I cannot now speak, I will hear you soon. Take them away.

Pist. Si fortuna me (a) tormenta, il sperare me contenta. [Exeunt.

[(a) -tormenta, il sperare me contenta. Oxford Editor-Vulg. tormento spera me contento.]

Manent

Manent Lancaster, and Chief Justice.

Lan. I like this fair proceeding of the King's. He hath intent, his wonted followers
Shall all be very well provided for;
But they are banish'd, till their conversations
Appear more wise and modest to the world.

Ch. Just. And so they are.

Lan. The King hath call'd his Parliament, my lord.

Ch. Just. He hath.

Lan. I will lay odds, that ere this year expire, We bear our civil fwords and native fire As far as France. I heard a bird fo fing, Whose musick, to my thinking, pleas'd the King. Come, will you hence? [Exeunt.



EPILOGUE.



# EPILOGUE.

## Spoken by a DANCER.

IRST, my fear; then, my court'sie; last, my speech. My fear is your displeasure; my court'sie, my duty; and my speech, to beg your pardons. If you look for a good speech now, you undo me; for what I have to say is of mine own making, and what, indeed, I should say, will, I doubt, prove mine own marring. But to the purpose, and so to the venture. Be it known to you, (as it is very well) I was lately here in the end of a displeasing Play, to pray your patience for it, and to promise you a better. I did mean, indeed, to pay you with this; which if, like an ill venture, it come unluckily home, I break; and you, my gentle creditors, lose. Here, I promised you, I would be, and here I commit my body to your mercies: bate me some, and I will pay you some, and, as most debtors do, promise you infinitely.

If my tongue cannot entreat you to acquit me, will you command me to use my legs? and yet that were but light payment, to dance out of your debt: but a good conscience will make any possible satisfaction, and so will I. All the gentlewomen here have forgiven me; if the gentlemen will not, then the gentlemen do not agree with the gentlewomen, which was never seen before in such an

assembly.

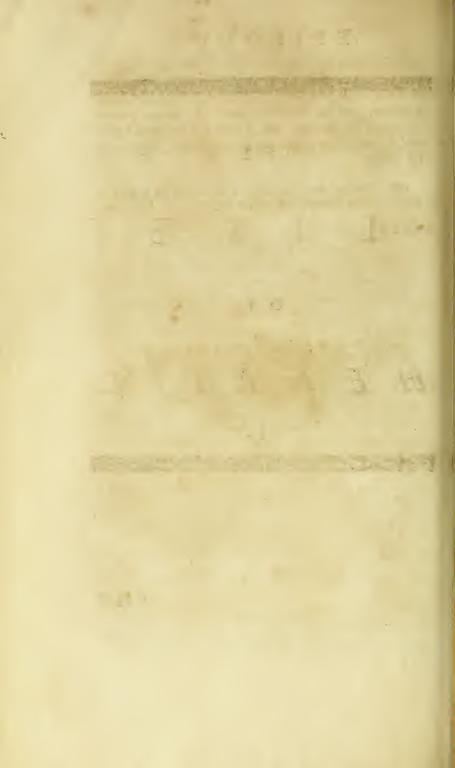
One word more, I befeech you; if you be not too much cloy'd with fat meat, our bumble author will continue the story with Sir John in it, and make you merry with fair

#### EPILOGUE.

fair Catharine of France; where, for any thing I know, Falstaff shall die of a sweat, unless already he be kill'd with your hard opinions: 'for Oldcastle died a martyr, and this is not the man. My tongue is weary: when my legs are too, I will bid you good night, and so kneel down before you; but, indeed, to pray for the Queen.

1 for Oldcastle died a martyr,] This alludes to a play in which Sir John Oldcastle was put for Falstaff. Mr. Pope.





THE

## LIFE

OF

HENRY V.



#### DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

```
KING Henry the Fifth.
Duke of Gloucester,
Duke of Bedford,
                      Brothers to the King.
Duke of Clarence,
Duke of York,
Duke of Exeter,
                     Uncles to the King:
Earl of Salisbury.

Earl of Westmorland.
Earl of Warwick.
Archbishop of Canterbury.
Bishop of Ely.
Earl of Cambridge,
                        Conspirators against the King.
Lord Scroop,
Sir Thomas Grey,
Sir Thomas Erpingham,
Gower,
                             Officers in King Henry's Army.
Fluellen,
Mackmorris,
Jamy,
Nym,
               Formerly Servants to Falstaff, now Soldiers in the
Bardolph,
Pittol,
                 King's Army.
Boy,
Bates,
Court,
              Soldiers.
Williams,
Charles, King of France.
The Dauphin.
Duke of Burgundy.
Conitable.
Orleans,
Rambures,
               French Lords.
Bourbon,
Grandpree,
Governour of Harfleur.
Mountjoy, a Herald.
 Ambassadors to the King of England.
Isabel, Queen of France.
Catharine, Daughter to the King of France.
Alice, a Lady attending on the Princess Catharine.
 Quickly, Pittol's Wife, an Hoftess.
 CHORUS.
         Lords, Meffengers, French and English Soldiers,
                     with other Attendants.
  The SCENE, at the beginning of the Play, lies in England;
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but afterwards, subolly in France.

PRO.

### PROLOGUE.

THE SECTION OF THE SE

For a Muse of sire, that would ascend "The brightest beaven of invention! A kingdom for a stage, Princes to act, " And Monarchs to behold the swelling scene! "Then should the warlike Harry, like himself, " Assume the port of Mars; and, at his beels, " (Leasht in, like bounds,) should famine, sword and fire "Crouch for employment. Pardon, gentles all, The flat unraised spirit, that hath dar'd, On this unworthy scaffold, to bring forth So great an object. Can this Cock-pit hold The vasty field of France? or may we cram, Within this wooden O, " the very caskes "That did affright the air, at Agincourt? O, pardon; since a crooked figure may Attest in little place a million; And let us, cypbers to this great accompt, On your imaginary forces work. Suppose within the girdle of these walls Are now confin'd two mighty monarchies;

1 O for a Muse of fire, &c.] This goes upon the notion of the Peripatetic System, which imagines several Heavens one above another; the last and highest of which was one of fire.

" Whose high up-reared, and abutting fronts e Perillous, the narrow ocean parts asunder.

2 Whose high up-reared, and abutting fronts, THE PERILLOUS narrow ocean parts afunder.] Without doubt the author wrote,

Whose high up reared, and abutting fronts PERILLOUS, THE narrow ocean parts asunder; for his purpose is to shew, that the highest danger arises from the shock of their meeting; and that it is but a little thing which keeps them asunder. This sense my emendation gives us, as the common reading gives us a contrary; for those whom a perillous ocean parts asunder, are in no danger of meeting. Piece

VOL. IV.

### PROLOGUE.

Piece out our imperfections with your thoughts:
Into a thousand parts divide one man,
And make imaginary puissance:
Think, when we talk of horses, that you see them
Printing their proud hoofs i' th' receiving earth.
For 'tis your thoughts that now must deck our Kings,
Carry them here, and there; jumping o'er times;
Turning th' accomplishment of many years
Into an hour-glass: for the which supply,
Admit me Chorus to this history;
Who, prologue-like, your humble patience pray,
Gently to hear, kindly to judge, our Play.





#### The LIFE of

### King $H E N R \Upsilon V$ .

### ACT I. SCENE I.

An Antechamber in the English Court, at Kenilworth.

Enter the Arch-bishop of Canterbury, and Bishop of Ely.

<sup>2</sup> Arch-bishop of CANTERBURY.



Y lord, I'll tell you; that felf bill is urg'd, Which, in th' eleventh year o' th' last King's reign,

Was like, and had, indeed against us past, But that the scambling and unquiet time

Did push it out of further question.

a The life of Henry V.] This play was writ (as appears from a passage in the chorus to the fisch act) at the time of the Earl of Effex's commanding the forces in Ireland in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, and not till after Henry the VIth had been played, a may be seen by the conclusion of this play.

Mr. Pope. 5

2 Arch bishop of Canterbury.] This first scene was added fine the edition of 1608, which is much short of the present editions wherein the speeches are generally enlarged and raised: Severa whole scenes besides, and all the chorus's also, were since added by Shakespear.

Mr. Pape.

VOL. IV.

Ely. But how, my lord, shall we resist it now? Cant. It must be thought on: if it pass against us, We lose the better half of our possession: For all the temporal lands, which men devout By testament have given to the Church. Would they strip from us; being valu'd thus, As much as would maintain, to the King's honour, Full fifteen Earls and fifteen hundred Knights, Six thousand and two hundred good Esquires: And to relief of lazars, and weak age Of indigent faint fouls, past corporal toil, A hundred alms-houses, right well supply'd; And to the coffers of the King, befide, A thousand pounds by th' year. Thus runs the bill.

Ely. This would drink deep.

Cant. 'Twould drink the cup and all.

Ely. But what prevention?

Cant. The King is full of grace and fair regard. Ely. And a true lover of the holy Church.

Cant. The courses of his youth promis'd it not; The breath no fooner left his father's body, But that his wildness, mortify'd in him, Seem'd to die too; yea, at that very moment,

" Confideration, like an angel, came,

"And whipt th' offending Adam out of him;

" Leaving his Body as a Paradife,

"T'invelope and contain celeftial spirits. Never was fuch a fudden scholar made: Never came reformation in a flood With fuch a heady current, fcow'ring faults: Nor ever Hydra-headed wilfulness So foon did lofe his feat, and all at once, As in this King.

Ely. We're bleffed in the change. Cant. 3 Hear him but reason in divinity,

3 Hear him but reason in divinity, &c.] This speech seems to have been copied from King James's prelates, speaking of their Solomon; when Archbishop Whitgift, who, as an eminent writer fays,

And,

And, all-admiring, with an inward with You would defire, the King were made a Prelate. Hear him debate of common-wealth affairs, You'd fay, it hath been all in all his study. Lift his discourse of war, and you shall hear A fearful battle render'd you in musick. Turn him to any cause of policy, The Gordian knot of it he will unloofe, Familiar as his garter. When he speaks, The air, a charter'd libertine, is still; And the mute wonder lurketh in men's ears, To fteal his fweet and honied fentences: So that the (a) Act, and practic part of life, Must be the mistress to this theorique. Which is a wonder how his Grace should glean it, Since his addiction was to courfes vain; His companies unletter'd, rude and shallow; His hours fill'd up with riots, banquets, sports; And never noted in him any study, Any retirement, any fequestration From open haunts and popularity.

Ely. The Strawberry grows underneath the nettle, And wholfom berries thrive, and ripen best, Neighbour'd by fruit of baser quality:
And so the Prince obscur'd his contemplation
Under the veil of wildness; which, no doubt,
Grew like the summer grass, fastest by night,

Unfeen, yet crescive in his faculty.

Cant. It must be so; for miracles are ceas'd: And therefore we must needs admit the means, How things are persected.

saye, died soon afterwards, and probably doated then, at the Hampton-Court conference, declared himself werily persuaded, that his facred Majesty spake by the Spirit of God. And, in effect, this scene was added after King James's accession to the crown: So that we have no way of avoiding its being esteemed a compliment to him, but by supposing it was a fatire on his biscops.

[(a) AA, Mr. Theobald.—Vulg. Art.]

Ely. But, my good lord, How now for mitigation of this bill, Urg'd by the Commons? doth his Majesty Incline to it, or no?

Cant. He feems indifferent;
Or rather fwaying more upon our part,
Than cherishing th' exhibiters against us.
For I have made an offer to his Majesty,
Upon our spiritual Convocation;
And in regard of causes now in hand,
Which I have open'd to his Grace at large,
As touching France, to give a greater Sum,
Than ever at one time the Clergy yet
Did to his predecessors part withal.

Ely. How did this offer feem receiv'd, my lord? Cant. With good acceptance of his Majesty: Save that there was not time enough to hear (As, I perceiv'd, his Grace would fain have done) The feverals, and unhidden passages Of his true titles to some certain Dukedoms, And, generally, to the Crown of France, Deriv'd from Edward his great grandfather.

Ely. What was th' impediment, that broke this off? Cant. The French Ambassador upon that instant Crav'd audience; and the hour, I think, is come To give him hearing. Is it four o' clock?

Ely. It is.

Cant. Then go we in to know his embassie: Which I could with a ready guess declare, Before the Frenchman speaks a word of it.

Ely. I'll wait upon you, and I long to hear it.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E II.

Opens to the Presence.

Enter King Henry, Gloucester, Bedford, Clarence, Warwick, Westmorland, and Exeter.

K. Henry. WHERE is my gracious lord of Canterbury?

Exe. Not here in presence.

K. Henry. Send for him, good uncle.

West. 4 Shall we call in th' ambassador, my Liege? K. Henry. Not yet, my cousin; we would be refolv'd,

Before we hear him, of fome things of weight,
5 That task our thoughts, concerning us and France.

Enter the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Bishop of Ely.

Cant. God and his angels guard your facred throne, And make you long become it!

K. Henry. Sure, we thank you.

My learned lord, we pray you to proceed;

And justly and religiously unfold,

Why the law Salike, that they have in France, Or should, or should not, bar us in our claim.

And, God forbid, my dear and faithful lord,

That you should fashion, wrest, or bow your reading;

Or nicely charge your understanding soul With opening titles miscreate, whose right

Sutes not in native colours with the truth.

For, God doth know, how many now in health

Shall drop their blood, in approbation

Of what your reverence shall incite us to.

Therefore take heed, 6 how you impawn our person;

4 Shall we call in, &c.] Here began the old play. Mr. Pope.
5 That task our thoughts, \_\_\_\_ ] Task, for employ simply.
6 \_\_\_\_ how you impawn our perfon; ] Impawn, for engage simply.

Y 3 How

How you awake our fleeping fword of war:
We charge you in the name of God, take heed.
For never two fuch kingdoms did contend
Without much fall of blood; whose guiltless drops
Are every one a woe, a fore complaint,
'Gainst him, whose wrong gives edge unto the swords,
That make such waste in brief mortality.
Under this conjuration, speak, my lord;
For we will hear, note, and believe in heart,
That what you speak is in your conscience washt,
As pure as sin with baptism.

Cant. Then hear me, gracious Sovereign, and you

That owe your lives, your faith, and fervices, To this imperial throne. 7 There is no bar To make against your Highness' claim to France, But this which they produce from Pharamond; In terram Salicam Mulieres nè succedant; No Woman shall succeed in Salike land: Which Salike land the French unjustly gloze To be the realm of France, and Pharamond The founder of this law and female bar. Yet their own authors faithfully affirm, That the land Salike lies in Germany, Between the floods of Sala and of Elve: Where Charles the great, having subdu'd the Saxons, There left behind and fettled certain French: Who, holding in disdain the German women, For some dishonest manners of their life, Establisht then this law; to wit, no semale Should be inheritrix in Salike land: Which Salike, as I faid, 'twixt Elve and Sala,

<sup>7 —</sup> There is no bar, &c.] This whole speech is copied (in a manner verbatim) from Hall's Chronicle, Henry V, year the second, selio 4. xx, xxx, xl, &c. In the first edition it is very imperfect, and the whole history and names of the princes are consounded; but this was afterwards set right, and corrected from his original, Hali's Chronicle.

Mr. Pope.

Is at this day in Germany call'd Meisen, Thus doth it well appear, the Salike law Was not devised for the realm of France; Nor did the French possess the Salike land, Until four hundred one and twenty years After defunction of King Pharamond, (Idly suppos'd, the founder of this law;) Who died within the year of our redemption Four hundred twenty fix; and Charles the great, Subdu'd the Saxons, and did feat the French Beyond the river Sala in the year Eight hundred five. Befides, their writers fay, King Pepin, which deposed Childerick, Did as heir general (being descended Of Blitbild, which was daughter to King Clothair) Make claim and title to the Crown of France. Hugh Capet also, who usurp'd the Crown Of Charles the Duke of Lorain, fole heir male Of the true line and stock of Charles the great, <sup>8</sup> To fine his title with fome shews of truth, (Though, in pure truth, it was corrupt and naught) Convey'd himself as heir to th' lady Lingare, Daughter to Charlemain, who was the fon To Lewis th' Emperor, which was the fon Of Charles the great. Also King 9 Lewis the ninth, Who was fole heir to the usurper Capet, Could not keep quiet in his conscience, Wearing the Crown of France, 'till fatisfy'd That fair Queen Isabel, his grandmother, Was lineal of the lady Ermengere, Daughter to Charles the foresaid Duke of Lorain: By the which match the line of Charles the great Was re-united to the Crown of France. So that, as clear as is the fummer's fun,

<sup>8</sup> To fine bis title -- ] i. e. refine, purify.
9 Lewis the ninth,] tenth. See Hall, loc cit.
Mr. Pope.

King Pepin's title, and Hugh Capet's claim, King Lewis his Possession, all appear To hold in right and title of the female. So do the Kings of France until this day: Howbeit they would hold up this Salike law. To bar your Highness claiming from the female; And rather chuse to hide them in a net. <sup>2</sup> Than amply to imbare their crooked titles, Usurpt from you and your progenitors. K. Henry. May I with right and confcience make this

claim?

Cant. The fin upon my head, dread Sovereign! For in the book of *Numbers* it is writ, 3 When the fon dies, let the inheritance Descend unto the daughter. Gracious lord, Stand for your own, unwind your bloody flag: Look back into your mighty ancestors; Go, my dread lord, to your great grandfire's tomb, From whom you claim; invoke his warlike spirit, And your great uncle Edward the black Prince; Who on the French ground play'd a Tragedy, Making defeat on the full pow'r of France; While his most mighty Father, on a hill, Stood fmiling, to behold his Lion's whelp Forage in blood of French Nobility. O noble English, that could entertain With half their forces the full pow'r of France; And let another half stand laughing by, All out of work, 4 and cold for action!

I King Lewis bis Possession --- ] Satisfaction. See Hall, Mr. Pope. loc. cit.

<sup>2</sup> Than openly to imbrace \_\_ ] The two old Felios read, Than amply to imbarre. Hence it appears we should read, Than amply to IMBARE, i. e. lay open, make naked, expose to view.

<sup>3</sup> When the son dies, ] Man. See Hall, loc. cit. Mr. Pope. 4 - and cold for action! ] Not indifferent to the work, but cold for want of being employed in it.

Ely. Awake remembrance of these valiant dead, And with your puissant arm renew their feats! You are their heir, you sit upon their throne; The blood and courage, that renowned them, Runs in your veins; and my thrice puissant Liege Is in the very May-morn of his youth, Ripe for exploits and mighty enterprises.

Exe. Your brother Kings and Monarchs of the

earth

Do all expect that you should rouze your felf; As did the former Lions of your blood.

West. 5 They know, your Race had cause, and

means, and might:

So hath your Highness; never King of England Had Nobles richer, and more loyal Subjects; Whose hearts have left their bodies here in England, And lie pavilion'd in the field of France.

6 O let their bodies follow, my dear Liege, With blood and sword, and fire, to win your right.

Cant. In aid whereof, we of the Spiritualty Will raife your Highness such a mighty sum, As never did the Clergy at one time

Bring in to any of your ancestors.

K. Henry. We must not only arm t'invade the French, But lay down our proportions to defend Against the Scot, who will make road upon us With all advantages.

5 They know your GRACE HATH cause, and means, and might, So hath your Highness.—] We should read,
— your RACE HAD cause,—

which is carrying on the sense of the concluding words of Exeter.

As did the former Lions of your blood.

meaning Edward III, and the Black Prince.

6 O, let their bodies follow, &c.] These two lines, with a high indecorum, are given to the Archbishop: but they belong to Westmorland; and Canterbury begins,

In aid whereof, we of the Spiritualty, &c.

Cant.

Cant. They of those Marches, gracious Sovereign, Shall be a wall fufficient to defend Our Inland from the pilfering borderers.

K. Henry. We do not mean the coursing snatchers

only,

But fear the main intendment of the Scot. Who hath been still a giddy neighbour to us: For, you shall read, that my great grandfather 7 Ne'er went with his full forces into France, But that the Scot on his unfurnisht kingdom Came pouring, like a tide into a breach, With ample and brim fulness of his force; Galling the gleaned land with hot affays; Girding with grievous siege castles and tow That England, being empty of defence, Hath shook, and trembled, at th' ill neighbourhood.

Cant. She hath been then more fear'd than harm'd,

my Liege;

For hear her best exampled by her felf; When all her chivalry hath been in France, And she a mourning widow of her Nobles, She hath her felf not only well defended, But taken and impounded as a stray The King of Scots; whom she did send to France, To fill King Edward's fame with prisoner Kings; 9 And make his chronicle as rich with prize,

7 Never went with his forces into France.] Shakespear wrote the line thus.

Ne'er avent with his FULL forces into France. The following expressions of unfurnisht kingdom, gleaned land, and empty of defence shew this.

8 For hear her BUT exampled by herfelf; ] We should read,

For hear her BEST exampledi. e. her own history will be our best instruction in this point.

9 And make his chronicle as rich with PRAISE, He is speaking of King Edward's prisoners; so that it appears Shakespear wrote,

- as rich with PRIZE, i. e. captures, booty. Without this, there is neither beauty nor likeness in the similitude.

As

As is the ouzy bottom of the Sea With funken wreck and fumless treasuries.

\* Exe. But there's a faying very old and true, If that you will France win, then with Scotland first

begin.

For once the Eagle England being in prey, To her unguarded nest the Weazel, Scot, Comes fneaking, and fo fucks her princely eggs; Playing the Mouse in absence of the Cat, To (a) taint, and havock, more than she can eat.

Ely. It follows then, the Cat must stay at home,

<sup>3</sup> Yet that is but a 'scus'd necessity; Since we have locks to fafeguard necessaries, And pretty traps to catch the petty thieves. While that the armed hand doth fight abroad, Th' advised head defends it self at home: For Government, though high, and low, and lower, Put into parts, doth keep in one confent; Congreeing in a full and natural close, Like musick.

Cant. Therefore heaven doth divide The state of man in divers functions,

I Ely. But there's a faving &c.] This speech, which is difseasive of the war with France, is absurdly given to one of the churchmen in confederacy to push the King upon it, as appears by the first scene of this act. Besides, the poet had here an eye to Hall, who gives this observation to the Duke of Exeter. But the editors have made Ely and Exeter change fides, and speak one another's speeches; for this, which is given to Ely, is Exeter's; and the following given to Exeter, is Eh's.

2 If that you will France win, &c.] Hall's Chronicle. Hen. V.

year 2. fol. 7. p. 2. x. Mr. Pope.

3 Yet that is but a curs'd necessity; ] So the old Quarto. The Folios read crush'd: neither of the words are pertinent. Exeter's business to thew there is no unavoidable necessity of staying at home. We must read therefore,

a 'scus' D necessity; i. e. a necessity that may be excused; but a seeming necessity, not a real one.

[ (a) taint, Mr. Theobald .- Vulg. tear.]

Setting

Setting endeavour in continual motion: To which is fixed, as an aim or butt, Obedience; for fo work the honey Bees; Creatures, that by a ruling nature teach The art of order to a peopled kingdom. They have a King, and officers of fort;

Where fome, like magistrates, correct at home:

Others, like merchant-venturers, trade abroad;

" Others, like foldiers, armed in their stings, Make boot upon the summer's velvet buds:

"Which pillage they with merry march bring home

To the tent-royal of their Emperor: Who, busied in his majesty, surveys

"The finging mason building roofs of gold;
The civil citizens kneading up the honey;

"The poor mechanick porters crowding in Their heavy burthens at his narrow gate:

"The fad-ey'd Justice with his furly hum,

"Delivering o'er to executors pale

"The lazy yawning drone. I this infer, That many things, having full reference

4. Creatures, that by a RULE IN NATURE teach] The editors have made the poet say the direct contrary to what he intended. He would say, that the bees instinctively teach; they say, that bees ast by a rule in nature. We should read,

i. e. by a governing nature. And this the argument requires. For if bees did it by a ruling nature, it is reason we should imitate them; not so, if only by a rule in nature; for all animals are not to go by one and the same rule.

5 Others, like merchants, VENTURE trade abroad; ] What is the venturing trade? I am persuaded we should read and point

it thus,

Others, like merchant-venturers, trade abroad.

6 The civil citizens kneading up the honey; ] This may possibly be right; but I rather think that Shakespear wrote Heading up the honey; alluding to the putting up merchandise in casks. And this is in fact the case. The honey being headed up in separate and distinct cells by a thin membrane of wax drawn over the mouth of each of them, to hinder the liquid matter from running out.

To one confent, may work contrariously:
As many arrows, loosed several ways,
Come to one mark: as many ways meet in one town;
As many fresh streams meet in one salt sea;
As many lines close in the dial's center;
So may a thousand actions, 't once a-soot,
End in one purpose, and be all well borne
Without defeat. Therefore to France, my Liege.
Divide your happy England into sour,
Whereof take you one quarter into France;
And you withal shall make all Gallia shake:
If we, with thrice such powers left at home,
Cannot defend our own doors from the dog,
Let us be worried; and our Nation lose
The name of hardiness and policy.

K. Henry. Call in the messengers, sent from the Dauphin.

Now are we well refolv'd; and by God's help And yours, the noble finews of our power, France being ours, we'll bend it to our awe, Or break it all to pieces. There we'll fit, Ruling in large and ample empery, O'er France, and all her almost kingly Dukedoms; Or lay these bones in an unworthy urn, Tombles, with no remembrance over them. Either our History shall with full mouth Speak freely of our acts; or else our grave, Like Turkish mute, shall have a tongueless mouth; Not worshipt with a waxen epitaph.

<sup>7</sup> So may a thousand actions, ONCE a-foot,] The speaker is endeavouring to shew, that the state is able to execute many projected actions at once, and conduct them all to their completion, without impeding or jostling one another in their course. Shake-spear, therefore, must have wrote, 't once a foot, i.e. at once: or, on foot together.

#### S C E N E III.

#### Enter Ambassadors of France.

Now are we well prepar'd to know the pleasure Of our fair cousin *Dauphin*; for we hear, Your greeting is from him, not from the King.

Amb. May't please your Majesty to give us leave Freely to render what we have in charge:

Or shall we sparingly shew you far off

The *Dauphin*'s meaning, and our embassie?

K. Henry. We are no tyrant, but a christian King, \* Unto whose grace our passion is as subject, As are our wretches setter'd in our prisons: Therefore, with frank and with uncurbed plainness, Tell us the *Dauphin*'s mind.

Amb. Thus then, in few.

Your Highness, lately sending into France,
Did claim some certain Dukedoms in the right
Of your great predecessor, Edward the third.
In answer of which claim, the Prince our master
Says, that you savour too much of your youth;
And bids you be advis'd: there's nought in France,
That can be with a nimble galliard won;
You cannot revel into Dukedoms there:
He therefore sends you (meeter for your spirit)
This tun of treasure; and in lieu of this,
Desires you, let the Dukedoms, that you claim,
Hear no more of you. This the Dauphin speaks.

K. Henry, What treasure, uncle?

K. Henry. What treasure, uncle? Exe. Tennis-balls, my Liege.

K. Henry. We're glad, the Dauphin is fo pleafant with us.

His prefent, and your pains, we thank you for. When we have match'd our rackets to these balls, We will in *France*, by God's grace, play a set, Shall strike his father's Crown into the hazard.

. 8 Unto whose grace \_\_\_] i. e. the christian grace.

Tell him, h'ath made a match with fuch a wrangler, That all the Courts of France will be diffurb'd With chaces. And we understand him well, How he comes o'er us with our wilder days; Not measuring, what use we made of them. We never valu'd this poor feat of England, 9 And therefore, living hence, did give our felf To barb'rous licence; as 'tis ever common, That men are merriest, when they are from home. But tell the Dauphin, I will keep my State, Be like a King, and shew my sail of Greatness; When I do rowze me in my throne of France. For that I have laid by my Majesty, And plodded like a man for working days; But I will rife there with fo full a glory, That I will dazzle all the eyes of France; Yea, strike the Dauphin blind to look on us. And tell the pleasant Prince, this mock of his Hath turn'd his balls to gun-stones; and his foul Shall stand fore charged for the wasteful vengeance That shall fly with them: many thousand wido ws. Shall this his Mock mock out of their dear husbands; Mock mothers from their fons, mock castles down: And some are yet ungotten and unborn, That shall have cause to curse the Dauphin's scorn. But this lies all within the will of God, To whom I do appeal; and in whose name, Tell you the Dauphin, I am coming on To venge me as I may; and to put forth My rightful hand in a well-hallow'd cause. So get you hence in peace; and tell the Dauphin, His jest will favour but of shallow wit, When thousands weep, more than did laugh at it.

<sup>9</sup> And therefore, living hence,— ] This expression has strength and energy: He never valued England, and therefore lived hence, i. e. as if absent from it. But the Oxford Editor alters hence to here.

Convey

Convey them with fafe conduct. Fare ye well. [Excunt Ambassadors.

Exe. This was a merry message.

K. Henry. We hope to make the fender blush at it: Therefore, my lords, omit no happy hour, That may give furth'rance to our expedition; For we have now no thoughts in us but France, Save those to God, that run before our business. Therefore, let our proportions for these wars Be soon collected, and all things thought upon, That may with reasonable swiftness add More feathers to our wings: for, God before, We'll chide this Dauphin at his father's door. Therefore let every man now task his thought, That this sair action may on foot be brought. [Exeunt.

#### SCENE IV.

Before QUICKLY's House in Eastcheap.

Enter Corporal Nim, and Lieutenant Bardolph.

#### BARDOLPH.

WELL met, Corporal Nim.
Nim. Good-morrow, Lieutenant Bardolph.
Bard. What, are Ancient Piffol and you friends
yet?

Nim. For my part, I care not: I fay little; but when time shall serve, there shall be. [2 smiles] But that shall

the editions hitherto, is inferted the chorus which I have postponed. That chorus manifestly is intended to advertise the spectators of the change of the scene to Southampton, and therefore ought to be placed just before that change, and not here, where the scene is still continued in London.

Mr. Pope.

2 there shall be smiles] I suspect smiles to be a marginal direction crept into the text. It is natural for a man, when he threatens,

day

shall be as it may. I dare not fight, but I will wink and hold out mine iron; it is a simple one; but what though? it will toast cheese, and it will endure cold as another man's sword will; and there's an end.

Bard. I will bestow a breakfast to make you friends, and we'll be all three sworn brothers to France: let it

be fo, good corporal Nim.

Nim. Faith, I will live fo long as I may, that's the certain of it; and when I cannot live any longer, I will do as I may; that is my rest, that is the rendezvous of it.

Bard. It is certain, corporal, that he is married to Nel Quickly; and certainly she did you wrong, for

you were troth-plight to her.

Nim. I cannot tell, things must be as they may; men may sleep, and they may have their throats about them at that time; and some say, knives have edges: it must be as it may; tho' patience be a tir'd(a) Dame, yet she will plod; there must be conclusions; well, I cannot tell,—

#### Enter Pistol and Quickly.

Bard. Here comes ancient Pistol and his wife; good corporal, be patient here. How now, mine host Pistol?

Pift. Base tyke, call'st thou me host? now by this hand, I swear, I scorn the term; nor shall my Nel

keep lodgers.

Quick. No, by my troth, not long: for we cannot lodge and board a dozen or fourteen gentlewomen, that live honeftly by the prick of their needles, but it will be thought we keep a bawdy-house straight. O welli-

to break off abruptly, and conclude, But that shall be as it may. But this fantastical fellow is made to smile disdainfully while he threatens; which circumstance was marked for the player's direction in the margin.

[(a) Dame. Oxford Editor.—Vulg. Name.]
Vol. IV.

day lady, if he be not (a) drawn! Now we shall see wilful adultery, and murther committed.

Bard. Good lieutenant, good corporal, offer nothing

here.

Nim. Pish! —

Pift. Pish for thee, Island dog; thou prick-ear'd cur of Island.

Quick. Good corporal Nim, shew thy valour and

put up thy fword.

Nim. Will you shog off? I would have you folus.

Pift. Solus, egregious dog! O viper vile! The folus in thy most marvellous face, The folus in thy teeth, and in thy throat, And in thy hateful lungs; yea, in thy maw, perdy; And, which is worse, within thy nasty mouth. I do retort the folus in thy bowels; For I can take, and Pistol's cock is up, And slashing fire will follow.

Nim. I am not Barbason, you cannot conjure me: I have an humour to knock you indifferently well; if you grow foul with me, Pistol, I will scour you with my rapier as I may, in fair terms. If you would walk off, I would prick your guts a little in good terms as I may, and that's the humour of it.

Pift. O braggard vile, and damned furious wight! The grave doth gape, and doating death is near;

Therefore exhale.

Bard. Hear me, hear me, what I fay: he that ftrikes the first stroke, I'll run him up to the hilts as I am a soldier.

Pift. An Oath of mickle might; and fury shall abate.

Give me thy fift, thy fore-foot to me give:

Thy spirits are most tall.

Nim. I will cut thy throat one time or other in fair terms, that is the humour of it.

[ (a) drawn. Mr. Thesbald. — Vulg. hewn.]

Pist. Coupe à gorge, that is the word. I defie thee again.

O hound of Crete, think'ft thou my spouse to get?

No, to the spittle go.

And from the powd'ring tub of infamy
Fetch forth the lazar Kite of Cressid's kind,
Dol Tear-sheet, she by name, and her espouse.
I have, and I will hold the Quondam Quickly
For th' only she; and pauca, there's enough; go to.

#### Enter the Boy.

Boy. Mine host Pistol, you must come to my master, and your hostes: he is very sick, and would to bed. Good Bardolph, put thy nose between his sheets, and do the office of a warming-pan: faith, he's very ill.

Bard. Away, you rogue.

Quick. By my troth, he'll yield the Crow a pudding one of these days; the King has kill'd his heart. Good husband, come home presently. [Exit Quick.

Bard. Come, shall I make you two friends? we must to France together: why the devil should we keep

knives to cut one another's throats?

Pift. Let floods o'erswell, and fiends for food howl

Nim. You'll pay me the eight shillings, I won of you at betting?

Pist. Base is the slave, that pays.

Nim. That now I will have; that's the humour of it. Pift. As manhood shall compound, push home.

[Draw.

Bard. By this fword, he that makes the first thrust, I'll kill him; by this sword, I will.

Pist. Sword is an oath, and oaths must have their

course.

Bard. Corporal Nim, an thou wilt be friends, be friends; an thou wilt not, why then be enemies with me too; pr'ythee, put up.

Z

Pift.

Pift. A noble shalt thou have and present pay; And liquor likewise will I give to thee; And friendship shall combine and brotherhood. I'll live by Nim, and Nim shall live by me. Is not this just? for I shall Suttler be Unto the camp, and profits will accrue. Give me thy hand.

Nim. I shall have my noble? Pist. In cash most justly paid.

Nim. Well then, that's the humour of't.

#### Re-enter Quickly.

Quick. As ever you came of women, come in quickly to Sir John: ah, poor heart, he is so shak'd of a burning quotidian tertian, that it is most lamentable to behold. Sweet men, come to him.

Nim. The King hath run bad humours on the

Knight, that's the even of it.

Pist. Nim, thou hast spoken the right, his heart is fracted and corroborate.

Nim. The King is a good King, but it must be as

it may; he passes some humours and careers.

Pift. Let us condole the Knight; for, lambkins! we will live. [Exeunt.

### 'ACT II. SCENE J.

#### Enter Chorus.

Chorus. NoW all the youth of England are on fire, And filken dalliance in the wardrobe lies:

Now thrive the armourers, and honour's thought

I ACT II. SCENE I.] I have divided the acts of this play differently from all the editions, by beginning here the second act, whereby each throughout the play begins with a chorus regularly; whereas before, this chorus was stuck into a place where it interrupted the continuance of the scene, and for want of this division,

Reigns folely in the breaft of every man.
They fell the patture now, to buy the horse;
Following the mirror of all Christian Kings,
With winged heels, as English Mercuries.
"2 For now sits Expectation in the air,

"And hides a fword from hilts unto the point
"With Crowns imperial; Crowns, and Coronets,

Promis'd to *Harry* and his followers. The *French*, advis'd by good intelligence Of this most dreadful preparation, Shake in their fear; and with pale policy Seek to divert the *English* purposes. O *England!* model to thy inward greatness,

Like little body with a mighty heart; What might'sft thou do, that honour would thee do,

Were all thy children kind and natural!

But see, thy fault France hath in thee found out;

A neft of hollow bosoms, which he fills

With treach'rous crowns; and three corrupted men; One, Richard Earl of Cambridge, and the fecond, Henry Lord Scroop of Masham, and the third, Sir Thomas Grey Knight of Northumberland, Have for the gilt of France (O guilt, indeed!) Confirm'd Conspiracy with fearful France:

And by their hands, 3 this grace of Kings must die, If hell and treason hold their promises,

they were forced to split the one day's battle at Azincourt into two acts, namely the third and fourth. See the note on Act IV. Scene 13. Mr. Pope.

2 For now fits Expectation in the air, And hides a sword from hilts unto the point

With Crowns imperial; &c.] The imagery is wonderfully fine, and the thought exquifite. Expectation fitting in the air defigns the height of their ambition; and the Sword bid from the bilt to the point with Crowns and Coronets, that all fentiments of danger were lost in the thoughts of glory.

3 — this grace of Kings—] i.e. he who does greatest honour to the title. By the same kind of phraseology the usurper in Hamlet is call'd the Vice of Kings, i. e. the opprobrium of them.

Ere

Ere He take ship for France; and in Southampton.
Linger your patience on, and well digest
Th' abuse of distance, + while we force a play.
The sum is paid, the traitors are agreed,
The sim is fet from London, and the scene
Is now transported, gentles, to Southampton:
There is the play-house now, there must you sit;
And thence to France shall we convey you safe,
And bring you back; charming the narrow seas
To give you gentle pass: for if we may,
We'll not offend one stomach with our play.
But, till the King come forth, and not till then,
Unto Southampton do we shift our scene.

[Exit.

# S C E N E II. SOUTHAMPTON.

Enter Exeter, Bedford, and Westmorland.

Bed., FORE God, his Grace is bold to trust these traitors.

Exe. They shall be apprehended by and by. West. How smooth and even they do bear themselves, As if allegiance in their bosoms sate,

Crowned with faith and constant loyalty!

Bed. The King hath note of all that they intend, By interception which they dream not of.

Exe. Nay, but the man that was his bedfellow, Whom he hath lull'd and cloy'd with gracious favours;

4—while we FORCE a play.] This may be right; but I rather believe Shakespear wrote, FARCE a play, i. e. stuff it, swell it out; as the word farce from fartum, forced meat (now applied to theatrical representations) then signified; and the metaphor agrees to what went before, of well digesting th' abuse of distance. Perhaps it may here mean stuff, a great deal in a little compass, something like the apology he makes in the prologue, and in the chorus to the fifth act. He uses this word in the same sense, Act IV. Scene V.

The sarsed title running fore the King.

That

'That he should for a foreign purse so sell His Sovereign's life to death and treachery!

[Trumpets sound.

Enter the King, Scroop, Cambridge, Grey, and Attendants.

K. Henry. Now fits the wind fair, and we will aboard. My lord of Cambridge, and my lord of Masham, And you, my gentle Knight, give me your thoughts: Think you not, that the Pow'rs, we bear with us, Will cut their passage through the force of France; Doing the execution and the act

5 For which we have in aid affembled them?

Scroop. No doubt, my Liege; if each man do his best. K. Henry. I doubt not that; since we are well perfuaded.

We carry not a heart with us from hence, That grows not in a fair confent with ours: Nor leave not one behind, that doth not wish Success and conquest to attend on us.

Cam. Never was monarch better fear'd, and lov'd, Than is your Majesty; there's not a subject, That sits in heart-grief and uneasiness

Under the sweet shade of your government.

Grey. True; those, that were your father's enemies,
Have steept their gauls in honey, and do serve you
With hearts create of duty and of zeal.

K. Henry. We therefore have great cause of thankfulness;

And shall forget the office of our hand,
<sup>6</sup> Sooner than quittance of defert and merit,
According to the weight and worthiness.

5 For which we have IN HEAD affembled them?] This is not an English phraseology. I am persuaded Shakespear wrote,

For which we have IN AID affembled them?

alluding to the tenures of those times.

6 Sooner than quittance \_\_ ] i. e. requital.

Z 4 Scroop.

Scroop. "So fervice shall with steeled sinews toil; And labour shall refresh it self with hope,

To do your Grace incessant services.

K. Henry. We judge no less. Uncle of Exeter, Inlarge the man committed yesterday, That rail'd against our person: we consider, It was excess of wine that set him on, And on his more advice we pardon him.

Scroop. That's mercy, but too much security: Let him be punish'd, Sovereign, lest example Breed (by his suff'rance) more of such a kind.

K. Henry. O, let us yet be merciful.

Cam. So may your Highness, and yet punish too. Grey. You shew great mercy, if you give him life,

After the taste of much correction.

K. Henry. Alas, your too much love and care of me Are heavy orifons 'gainst this poor wretch. If little faults, 'proceeding on distemper, Shall not be wink'd at, how shall we stretch our eye, When capital crimes, chew'd, swallow'd and digested, Appear before us? we'll yet enlarge that man, Though Cambridge, Scroop, and Grey, in their dear care And tender preservation of our person, Would have him punish'd. Now to our French causes; Who are the late Commissioners?

Cam. I one, my lord.

Your Highness bad me ask for it to day. Scroop. So did you me, my Liege.

Grey. And I, my Sovereign.

K. Henry. Then Richard, Earl of Cambridge, there is yours:

There yours, lord Scroop of Masham; and Sir Knight, Grey of Northumberland, this same is yours; Read them, and know, I know your worthiness. My lord of Westmorland and uncle Exeter,

<sup>7 -</sup> proceeding en distemper,] i. e. sudden passions

We will aboard to night. Why, how now, gentlemen? What fee you in those papers, that you lose So much complexion? look ye, how they change! Their cheeks are paper. Why, what read you there, That hath so cowarded, and chas'd your blood Out of appearance?

Cam. I confess my fault,

And do fubmit me to your Highness' mercy. *Grey. Scroop.* To which we all appeal.

K. Henry. The mercy, that was quick in us but late, By your own counsel is suppress'd and kill'd: You must not dare for shame to talk of mercy; For your own reasons turn into your bosoms, As dogs upon their mafters, worrying you. See you, my Princes and my noble Peers, These English monsters! my lord Cambridge here. You know, how apt our love was to accord To furnish him with all appertinents Belonging to his Honour; and this man Hath for a few light crowns lightly conspir'd, And fworn unto the practices of France To kill us here in Hampton. To the which, This Knight, no less for bounty bound to us Than Cambridge is, hath likewise sworn. But O! What shall I say to thee, lord Scroop, thou cruel, Ingrateful, favage, and inhuman creature! Thou, that didft bear the key of all my counsels, That knew'st the very bottom of my soul, That almost might'st have coin'd me into gold, Would'st thou have practis'd on me for thy use: May it be possible, that foreign hire Could out of thee extract one spark of evil, That might annoy my finger? 'tis fo strange That though the truth of it stand off as gross 8 As black and white, my eye will fcarcely fee it.

Treason

<sup>8</sup> As black and white-] I rather think Shakespear wrote, as black from white.

9 Treason and murder ever kept together, As two yoak-devils fworn to either's purpose: Working so grossy in a natural cause, <sup>2</sup> That admiration did not whoop at them. But thou, 'gainst all proportion, didst bring in Wonder to wait on treason, and on murther: And whatfoever cunning fiend it was, That wrought upon these so prepost'rously, Hath got the voice in hell for excellence: And other devils, that fuggest by-treasons, Do botch and bungle up damnation, With patches, colours, and with forms being fetcht From glist'ring semblances of piety: But he, that temper'd thee, bad thee stand up; Gave thee no instance why thou shouldst do treason, Unless to dub thee with the name of traitor. If that fame Dæmon, that hath gull'd thee thus, Should with his Lion-gate walk the whole world, He might return to vafty Tartar back, And tell the legions, I can never win A foul so easy as that Englishman's. Oh, how hast thou with jealousie infected The fweetness of affiance! Shew men dutiful? Why fo didst thou: or feem they grave and learned? Why fo didst thou: come they of noble family? Why fo didst thou: seem they religious? Why fo didft thou: or are they spare in diet, Free from groß passion, or of mirth, or anger, Constant in spirit, not swerving with the blood, Garnish'd and deck'd in modest compliment,

1 Working so groß - ] Grelly for commonly, which the Ox-

ford Editor not understanding, alters to cloyel.

3 — in mode? compliment, i.e. fulnels.

<sup>9</sup> Treason and murder—] What follows to the end of this speech is additional fince the first edition. Mr. Pope.

<sup>2</sup> That admiration did not whoop at them ] Wheep, of which the author makes a verb, is a note of admiration.

\*Not working with the ear, but with the eye,
And but in purged judgment trusting neither?
Such, 'and fo finely boulted didst thou seem.
And thus thy fall hath left a kind of blot,
'To mark the full-fraught man, the best endu'd,
With some suspicion. I will weep for thee.
For this revolt of thine, methinks, is like
Another fall of man—Their faults are open;
Arrest them to the answer of the law,
And God acquit them of their practices!

Exe. I arrest thee of high treason, by the name of

Richard Earl of Cambridge.

I arrest thee of high treason, by the name of Henry

Lord Scroop of Masham.

I arrest thee of high treason, by the name of Thomas

Grey, Knight of Northumberland.

Scroop. Our purposes God justly hath discover'd, And I repent my fault, more than my death; Which I beseech your Highness to forgive, Although my body pay the price of it.

Camb. For me, the gold of France did not seduce, Although I did admit it as a motive The sooner to effect what I intended; But God be thanked for prevention.

Which I in fuff'rance heartily rejoice for, Befeeching God and you to pardon me.

4 Not working with the eye without the ear,] He is here giving the character of a compleat gentleman, and fays, he did not trust bis eye without the confirmation of his ear. But when men have eye-fight-proof, they think they have sufficient evidence, and don't stay for the confirmation of an hear-say. Prudent men, on the contrary, won't trust the credit of the ear, till it be confirmed by the demonstration of the eye. And this is that conduct for which the king would here commend him. So that we must read, Not working with the ear, but with the eye.

from all faults.

Mr. Pope.

6 To MAKE the full-fraught man,—] We should read,

To MARK the full-fraught man.

blot he speaks of in the preceding line.

i. e. marked by the

Grey.

Grey. Never did faithful subject more rejoice At the discovery of most dangerous treason, Than I do at this hour joy o'er my felf, Prevented from a damned enterprize: My fault, but not my body, pardon, Sovereign.

K. Henry. God quit you in his mercy! hear your

fentence;

You have conspir'd against our royal person, <sup>7</sup> Join'd with an enemy proclaim'd, and from his coffers Receiv'd the golden earnest of our death; Wherein you would have fold your King to flaughter, His Princes and his Peers to fervitude, His subjects to oppression and contempt, And his whole kingdom into defolation. Touching our person, seek we no revenge; But we our kingdom's fafety must so tender, Whose ruin you three sought, that to her laws We do deliver you. Go therefore hence, (Poor miserable wretches) to your death; The taste whereof God of his mercy give You patience to endure; and true Repentance Of all your dear offences! Bear them hence. [Exeunt. Now, lords, for France; the enterprize whereof Shall be to you, as us, like glorious. We doubt not of a fair and lucky war, Since God fo graciously hath brought to light This dangerous treason lurking in our way, To hinder our beginning. Now we doubt not, But every rub is smoothed in our way; Then forth, dear countrymen; let us deliver Our puissance into the hand of God, Putting it straight in expedition. Chearly to fea; the figns of war advance; No King of England, if not King of France.

[Exeunt.

<sup>7</sup> Join'd with an enemy, &c.] This speech also has been enlarg'd by the author.

Mr. Pote.

SCENE

#### S C E N E III.

Changes to Quickly's House in Eastcheap.

Enter Pistol, Nim, Bardolph, Boy and Quickly.

Quick. PR'ythee, honey-sweet husband, let me bring thee to Staines.

Pist. No, for my manly heart doth yern. Bardolph, be blith: Nim, rouze thy vaunting veins: Boy, briftle thy courage up; for Falstaff he is dead, And we must yern therefore.

Bard. Would I were with him wherefome'er he is,

either in heaven or in hell.

Quick. Nay, sure, he's not in hell; he's in Arthur's bosom, if ever man went to Arthur's bosom. He made a finer end, and went away, an it had been any christom child; a 'parted ever just between twelve and one, even at the turning o' th' tide: For after I saw him sumble with the sheets, and play with slowers, and smile upon his singer's end, I knew there was but one way; of for his nose was as sharp as a pen. How now,

o for his nose was as sharp as a pen, and a table of green-fields.] These words, and a table of green-fields, are not to be sound in the old editions of 1600 and 1608. This nonsense got into all the sollowing editions by a pleasant misake of the stage editors, who printed from the common piece-meal-written parts in the play-house. A table was here directed to be brought in (it being a scene in a tavern where they drink at parting) and this direction crept into the text from the margin. Greensield was the name of the property-man in that time who turnish'd implements, & c. for the actors. A table of Greensield's.

Mr. Pope.

So reasonable an account of this blunder Mr. Theobald would not acquiesce in. He thought a table of Greenfield's part of the text, only corrupted, and that it should be read, he babled of green fields, because men do so in the ravings of a calenture. But he did not consider how ill this agrees with the nature of the Knight's illness, who was now in no babling humour: and so far from wanting cooling in green fields, that his seet were cold,

and he just expiring.

Sir John? quoth I: what, man? be of good cheer: fo a' cried out, God, God, God, three or four times. Now I, to comfort him, bid him, a' fhou'd not think of God; I hop'd, there was no need to trouble himfelf with any such thoughts yet: so a' bad me lay more clothes on his feet: I put my hand into the bed and felt them, and they were as cold as a stone: then I felt to his knees, and so upward, and upward, and all was cold as any stone.

Nim. They fay, he cried out of Sack.

Quick. Ay, and that a' did.

Boy. And of women.

Quick. Nay, that a' did not.

Boy. Yes, that he did; and faid they were devils incarnate.

Quick. A' could never abide carnation, 'twas a colour he never lik'd.

Boy. He said once, the deule would have him about women,

Quick. He did in fome fort, indeed, handle women; but then he was rheumatick, and talk'd of the whore of Babylon.

Boy. Do you not remember, he saw a Flea stick upon Bardolph's nose, and said, it was a black soul

burning in hell?

Bard. Well, the fuel is gone, that mantain'd that fire: that's all the riches I got in his fervice.

Nim. Shall we shogg? the King will be gone from

Southampton.

Pift. Come, let's away. My love, give me thy lips: Look to my chattels, and my moveables;

Let fenses rule; the word is, pitch and pay;

Trust none, for oaths are straws; men's faiths are wafer-cakes,

And hold-fast is the only dog, my Duck, Therefore Caveto be thy counsellor.

Go, clear thy crystals. Yoke-fellows in arms,

Let

Let us to France; like Horse-leeches, my boys; To suck, to suck, the very blood to suck.

Boy. And that's but unwholesome food, they say.

Pist. Touch her soft mouth and march.

Bard. Farewel, hostess.

Nim. I cannot kiss, that is the humour of it; but adieu.

Pift. Let housewifery appear; keep close, I thee command.

Quick. Farewel; adieu.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E IV.

Changes to the French King's Palace.

Enter the French King, the Dauphin, the Duke of Burgundy, and the Constable.

Fr. King. THUS come the English with full power upon us,

And more than carelessly it us concerns
To answer royally in our defences.
Therefore the Dukes of Berry, and of Britain,
Of Brabant and of Orleans, shall make forth,
And you, Prince Dauphin, with all swift dispatch;
To line and new repair our towns of war,
With men of courage, and with means defendant:
For England his Approaches makes as fierce,
As waters to the sucking of a gulf.
It fits us then to be as provident

I And more than CAREFULLY it us concerns] This was a business indeed, that required more than care to discharge it. I am persuaded Shakespear wrote,

The King is supposed to hint here at the Dauphin's wanton affront in sending over tennis-balls to Henry: which, arising from overgreat considence of their own power, or contempt of their enemies, would naturally breed carelesses.

As

As fear may teach us out of late examples, Left by the fatal and neglected *English* 

Upon our fields.

Dau. my most redoubted father, It is most meet we arm us 'gainst the foe: For peace it felf should not so dull a Kingdom, (Though war, nor no known quarrel, were in question) But that defences, musters, preparations, Should be maintain'd, affembled, and collected, As were a war in expectation. Therefore, I fay, 'tis meet we all go forth, To view the fick and feeble parts of France: And let us do it with no shew of fear; No, with no more, than if we heard that England Were busied with a Whitson morris-dance: For, my good Liege, she is so idly king'd, Her scepter so fantastically borne, By a vain, giddy, shallow, humorous youth, That fear attends her not.

Con. O peace, Prince Dauphin!

2 You are too much mistaken in this King:
Question your Grace the late ambassadors,
With what great state he heard their embassie;
How well supply'd with noble counsellors,
How modest in exception, and withal
How terrible in constant resolution:
And you shall find, his vanities fore-spent

3 Were but the out-side of the Roman Brutus,

Covering

2 You are too much mistaken in this King: &c.] This part much enlarg'd fince the first writing.

Mr. Pope.

3 Were but the out-side of the Roman Brutus,] Shakespear not having given us, in the first or second part of Henry IV. or in any other place but this, the remotest hint of the circumstance here alluded to, the comparison must need be a little obscure to those who don't know or restect that some historians have told us, that Henry IV. had entertain'd a deep jealousy of his son's aspiring superior genius. Therefore to prevent all umbrage, the prince withdrew from publick affairs, and amused himself in consorting with

Covering discretion with a coat of folly;

"As gardeners do with ordure hide those roots,

"That shall first spring and be most delicate.

Dau. Well, 'tis not so, my lord high constable.

But tho' we think it fo, it is no matter:
In causes of defence, 'tis best to weigh
The enemy more mighty than he seems;
So the proportions of defence are fill'd;
Which of a weak and niggardly projection,
Doth, like a miser, spoil his coat with scanting
A little cloth.

Fr. King. Think we King Harry strong; And, Princes, look, you strongly arm to meet him. The kindred of him hath been slesh'd upon us; And he is bred out of that bloody strain,

That hunted us in our familiar paths:
Witness our too much memorable shame,

When *Creffy*-battle fatally was ftruck; And all our princes captiv'd by the hand

Of that black name, Edward black Prince of Wales:

While that his mounting fire, on mountain flanding, [6 Up in the air, crown'd with the golden fun,] Saw his heroick feed, and smil'd to see him

Mangle the work of nature: and deface

The patterns, that by God and by French fathers

with a dissolute crew of robbers. It seems to me, that Shakespear was ignorant of this circumstance when he wrote the two parts of Henry IV. for it might have been so managed as to have given new beauties to the character of Hal, and great improvements to the plot. And with regard to these matters, Shakespear generally tells us all he knew, and as soon as he knew it.

4 That HAUNTED us—] We should assuredly read HUNTED: the integrity of the metaphor requires it. So, soon after, the king

fay's again,

You see this Chase is hotly followed.

5 While that his MOUNTAIN fire, on mountain flanding,] We should read, MOUNTING, ambitious, aspiring.

6 Up in the air, crown'd with the golden fun, A nonfenfical line of fome player.

Vol. IV.

Aa

Had

Had twenty years been made. This is a flem Of that victorious flock; and let us fear The native mightiness 7 and fate of him.

# Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Ambassadors from Harry, King of England, Do crave admittance to your Majesty.

Fr. King. We'll give them present audience. Go,

and bring them.

You fee, this chase is hotly follow'd, friends.

Dau. Turn head, and ftop pursuit; for coward dogs Most spend their mouths, when, what they seem to threaten,

Runs far before them. Good my Sovereign, Take up the English short; and let them know Of what a monarchy you are the head: Self-love, my Liege, is not so vile a sin, As self-neglecting.

# S C E N E V.

#### Enter Exeter.

Fr. King. From our brother England?
Exe. From him; and thus he greets your Majesty:
He wills you in the name of God Almighty,
That you divest your felf, and lay apart
The borrow'd glories, that, by gift of heaven,
By law of nature and of nations, 'long
To him and to his heirs; namely, the Crown;
And all the wide-stretch'd honours, that pertain
By custom and the ordinance of times,

7 and fate of bim.] i. e. fortune and condition of his house or family. The Oxford Editor alters it to force; not considering its use in latin, or the sense of this line,

Ut locuples moriaris, egenti vivere fato.

Unto

Unto the Crown of France. That you may know, 'Tis no finister nor no aukward claim, Pick'd from the worm-holes of long-vanish'd days, Nor from the dust of old oblivion rak'd; He sends you this most memorable Line, In every branch truly demonstrative,

[Gives the French King a Paper.

Willing you over-look this pedigree; And when you find him evenly deriv'd From his most fam'd of famous ancestors, Edward the Third; he bids you then refign Your Crown and Kingdom, indirectly held From him the native and true challenger.

Fr. King. Or else what follows?

Exe. Bloody constraint; for if you hide the Crown Ev'n in your hearts, there will he rake for it. And therefore in fierce tempest is he coming, In thunder, and in earthquake, like a Fove: That, if requiring fail, he may compel. He bids you, in the bowels of the Lord, Deliver up the Crown; and to take mercy On the poor fouls, for whom this hungry war Opens his vasty jaws; upon your head Turning the widows' tears, the orphans' cries, The dead mens' blood, the pining maidens' groans, For husbands, fathers, and betrothed lovers, That shall be swallow'd in this controversie. This is his claim, his threatning, and my message; Unless the *Dauphin* be in prefence here, To whom expresly I bring Greeting too. Fr. King. For us, we will confider of this further:

To morrow shall you bear our full intent

Back to our brother England.

Dau. For the Dauphin,

I stand here for him; what to him from England?

Exe. Scorn and defiance, slight regard, contempt,

And any thing that may not mis-become

Aa2

The

The mighty fender, doth he prize you at.

Thus fays my King; and if your father's Highness Do not, in grant of all demands at large,
Sweeten the bitter mock you fent his Majesty;
He'll call you to so hot an answer for it,
That caves and womby vaultages of France

Shall chide your trespass, and return your mock
In second accent to his ordinance.

Dau. Say, if my father render fair reply, It is against my will; for I desire
Nothing but odds with England; to that end, As matching to his youth and vanity,
I did present him with those Paris balls.

Exe. He'll make your Paris Louvre shake for it, Were it the mistress court of mighty Europe: And, be assured, you'll find a difference, (As we his subjects have in wonder found,) Between the promise of his greener days, And these he masters now; now he weighs time Even to the utmost grain, which you shall read In your own losses, if he stay in France.

Fr. King. To morrow you shall know our mind at full.

[Flourish.

Exe. Dispatch us with all speed, lest that our King Come here himself to question our delay; For he is sooted in this land already.

Fr. King. You shall be soon dispatch'd with fair conditions:

A night is but finall breath, and little paufe,
To answer matters of this consequence. [Exeunt

2 Shall HIDE your trespass, \_\_ ] Mr. Pope rightly corrected it, 2hall CHIDE

ACT

# ACT III. SCENE I.

Enter C H O R U S.

Chorus. THUS with imagin'd wing our fwift scene flies,

In motion of no less celerity Than that of thought. Suppose, that you have seen The well-appointed King at Hampton Peer Embark his royalty; and his brave fleet With filken streamers the young Phabus fanning. Play with your fancies; and in them behold, Upon the hempen tackle, ship-boys climbing; Hear the shrill whistle, which doth order give To founds confus'd; behold the threaden fails, Borne with th'invisible and creeping wind, Draw the huge bottoms through the furrow'd sea, Breafting the lofty furge. O, do but think, You stand upon the rivage, and behold A city on th' inconstant billows dancing; For fo appears this Fleet majestical, Holding due course to Harfleur. Follow, follow. Grapple your minds to sternage of this navy, And leave your England, as dead midnight still, Guarded with grandfires, babies and old women; Or past, or not arriv'd, to pith and puissance: For who is he, whose chin is but enrich'd With one appearing hair, that will not follow These cull'd and choice-drawn cavaliers to France? Work, work your thoughts, and therein see a siege; Behold the ordnance on their carriages With fatal mouths gaping on girded Harfleur. Suppose, th' ambassador from France comes back;

<sup>1</sup> ACT III. Scene I.] This whole act (and all the rest of the play) very much enlarged and improved by the author, since the editions of 1600, and 1608.

Mr. Pope.

Tells Harry, that the King doth offer him Catharine his daughter, and with her to dowry Some petty and unprofitable Dukedoms:
The offer likes not; and the nimble gunner With lynftock now the develop cannon touches,

[Alarm, and Cannon go off. And down goes all before him. Still be kind, And eke out our performance with your mind.

[Exit.

# S C E N E II.

Before HARFLEUR.

Enter King Henry, Exeter, Bedford, and Gloucester; Soldiers, with scaling ladders.

K. Henry. ONCE more unto the breach, dear friends, once more;

Or close the wall up with the English dead. In peace, there's nothing fo becomes a man As modest stillness and humility: But when the blaft of war blows in our ears, Then imitate the action of the Tyger; Stiffen the finews, fummon up the blood, Disguise fair nature with hard-favour'd rage; Then lend the eye a terrible aspect; Let it pry thro' the portage of the head, Like the brafs cannon: let the brow o'erwhelm it, As fearfully, as doth a galled rock O'er-hang and jutty his confounded base, Swill'd with the wild and wasteful ocean. Now fet the teeth, and stretch the nostril wide; Hold hard the breath, and bend up every spirit To his full height. Now on, you noblest English, Whose blood is fetcht from fathers of war-proof; Fathers, that, like fo many Alexanders, Have in these parts from morn till even fought,

And

And sheath'd their swords for lack of argument. Dishonour not your mothers; now attest, That those, whom you call'd fathers, did beget you. Be copy now to men of groffer blood, And teach them how to war; and you, good yeomen, Whose limbs were made in England, shew us here The mettle of your pasture: let us swear That you are worth your breeding, which I doubt not: For there is none of you so mean and base, That hath not noble lustre in your eyes; I fee you stand like Greyhounds in the slips, Straining upon the start. The game's a-foot: Follow your spirit; and, upon this charge, Cry, God for Harry! England! and St. George! [Exeunt King, and Train. [ Alarm, and Cannon go off.

S C E N E III.

Enter Nim, Bardolph, Pistol, and Boy.

Bard. On, on, on, on, to the breach, to the breach,

Nim. 'Pray thee, corporal, stay; the knocks are too hot; and for mine own part, I have not a case of lives: the humour of it is too hot, that is the very plain song of it.

Pift. The plain fong is most just; for humours do abound:

Knocks go and come: God's vaffals drop and die; And fword and fhield, in bloody field, doth win immortal fame.

Boy. Wou'd I were in an ale-house in London, I would give all my same for a pot of ale and safety.

Pift. 2 And I; if wishes would prevail, I wou'd not stay, but thither would I hye.

2 And I; if wishes &c.] See the editions of 1600, and 1603.

Mr. Pope.

A a 4

Enter

#### Enter Fluellen.

Flu. Up to the breach, you dogs; avaunt, you cullions.

Pift. Be merciful, great Duke, to men of mould,

Abate thy rage, abate thy manly rage;

Good bawcock, bate thy rage; use lenity, sweet chuck.

Nim. These be good humours; your honour wins bad humours.

[Exeunt.

Boy. As young as I am, I have observ'd these three fwashers. I am boy to them all three; but all they three, though they would ferve me, could not be man to me; for, indeed, three such Anticks do not amount to a man. For Bardolph, he is white-liver'd and redfac'd; by the means whereof he faces it out, but fights not. For Pistol, he hath a killing tongue, and a quiet fword; by the means whereof he breaks words, and keeps whole weapons. "For Nim, he hath heard, that " men of few words are the best men; and therefore " he fcorns to fay his prayers, left he should be thought " a coward; but his few bad words are match'd with as few good deeds, for he never broke any man's head but his own, and that was against a post when he was drunk. They will steal any thing, and call it purchase. " Bardolph stole a lute-case, bore it twelve leagues, " and fold it for three half-pence. Nim and Bardolph are fworn brothers in filching; and in Calais they stole a fire-shovel. I knew by that piece of service, the men would carry coals. They would have me as familiar with mens' pockets, as their gloves or their handkerchers; which makes much against my manhood; for if I would take from another's pocket to put into mine, it is plain pocketting up of wrongs. I must leave them, and feek some better service; their villany goes against my weak stomach, and therefore I must [Exit Boy. call it up.

Enter Gower, and Fluellen.

Gower. Captain Fluellen, you must come presently to the mines; the Duke of Gloucester would speak with

you.

Flu. To the mines? tell you the Duke, it is not fo good to come to the mines; for, look you, the mines are not according to the disciplines of the war; the concavities of it is not sufficient; for, look you, th' athversary (you may discuss unto the Duke, look you) is digt himself four yards under the countermines; by Cheshu, I think, a' will plow up all, if there is not petter directions.

Gower. The Duke of Gloucester, to whom the order of the siege is given, is altogether directed by an Irish man, a very valiant gentleman, i' faith.

Flu. It is captain Mackmorris, is it not?

Gower. I think, it be.

Flu. By Cheshu, he is an Ass, as is in the world; I will verifie as much in his beard; he has no more directions in the true disciplines of the wars, look you, of the Roman disciplines, than is a Puppy-dog.

Enter Mackmorris, and Capt. Jamy.

Gower. Here he comes, and the Scots Captain, Cap-

tain Jamy with him.

Flu. Captain Jamy is a marvellous valorous gentleman, that is certain; and of great expedition and knowledge in the ancient wars, upon my particular knowledge of his directions; by Chefhu, he will maintain his argument as well as any military man in the world, in the disciplines of the pristine wars of the Romans.

Jamy. I fay, gudday, Captain Fluellen.

Flu. Godden to your worship, good captain fames. Gower. How now, captain Mackmorris, have you quitted the mines? have the pioneers given o'er?

Mack.

Mack. By Chrish law, tish ill done; the work ish give over, the trumpet sound the retreat. By my hand, I swear, and by my father's soul, the work ish ill done; it ish give over; I would have blowed up the town, so Chrish save me law, in an hour. O tish ill done,

tish ill done; by my hand, tish ill done.

Flu. Captain Mackmorris, I befeech you now, will you vouchfafe me, look you, a few diffrutations with you, as partly touching or concerning the disciplines of the war, the Roman wars, in the way of argument, look you, and friendly communication; partly, to satisfy my opinion; and partly for the satisfaction, look you, of my mind; as touching the direction of the military discipline, that is the point.

Famy. It fall be very gud, gud feith, gud captains bath; and I fall quit you with gud leve, as I may pick

occasion; that fall I, marry.

Mack. It is no time to discourse, so Chrish save me: the day is hot, and the weather and the wars, and the King and the Duke; it is not time to discourse, the town is beseech'd: and the trumpet calls us to the breach, and we talk, and by Chrish do nothing, 'tis shame for us all; so God sa' me, 'tis shame to stand still; it is shame, by my hand; and there is throats to be cut, and works to be done, and there is nothing done, so Chrish sa' me law.

Jamy. By the mess, ere theise eyes of mine take themselves to slomber, aile do gud service, or aile ligge i'th' ground for it; ay, or go to death; and aile pay it as valorously as I may, that fall I surely do, the bress and the long; marry, I wad full fain heard some

question 'tween you tway.

Flu. Captain Mackmorris, I think, look you, under your correction, there is not many of your nation—

Mack. Of my nation? what ish my nation? ish a villain, and a bastard, and a knave, and a rascal? what ish my nation? who talks of my nation?

Flu.

Flu. Look you, if you take the matter otherwise than is meant, captain *Mackmorris*, peradventure, I shall think you do not use me with that affability as in discretion you ought to use me, look you; being as good a man as your self, both in the disciplines of wars, and in the derivation of my birth, and in other particularities.

Mack. I do not know you fo good a man as my felf; fo Chrish save me, I will cut off your head.

Gower. Gentlemen both, you will mistake each

other.

Jamy. Au! that's a foul fault. [A Parley founded.

Gower. The town founds a parley.

Flu. Captain Mackmorris, when there is more better opportunity to be requir'd, look you, I'll be so bold as to tell you, I know the disciplines of war; and there's an end.

[Exeunt.

# S C E N E IV.

Before the Gates of Harfleur.

Enter King Henry and bis Train.

K. Henry. HO W yet resolves the Governor of the town?

This is the latest parle we will admit:
Therefore to our best mercy give your selves,
Or, like to men proud of destruction,
Desie us to our worst; as I'm a foldier,
(A name, that, in my thoughts, becomes me best)
If I begin the batt'ry once again,
I will not leave the half-atchieved Harsteur
'Till in her ashes she lie buried.
The gates of mercy shall be all shut up;
And the sless of mercy shall be all shut up;
And the flesh'd foldier, rough and hard of heart,
In liberty of bloody hand shall range
With conscience wide as hell, mowing like grass
Your fresh sair virgins, and your flow'ring infants.
What

What is it then to me, if impious war, Array'd in flames like to the Prince of fiends. Do with his fmircht complexion all fell feats, Enlinkt to waste and desolation? What is't to me, when you your felves are cause, If your pure maidens fall into the hand Of hot and forcing violation? What rein can hold licentious wickedness, When down the hill he holds his fierce career? We may, as bootless, spend our vain command Upon th' enraged foldiers in their spoil, As fend our precepts to th' Leviathan To come a-thoar. Therefore, you men of Harfleur, Take pity of your town and of your people, While yet my foldiers are in my command; While yet the cool and temp'rate wind of grace O'er-blows the filthy and contagious clouds Of heady murther, spoil and villany. If not; why, in a moment, look to fee The blind and bloody foldier with foul hand Defile the locks of your shrill-shrieking daughters; Your fathers taken by the filver beards, And their most reverend heads dasht to the walls; Your naked infants spitted upon pikes, While the mad mothers with their howls confus'd Do break the clouds; as did the wives of Fewry, At Herod's bloody-hunting flaughter-men. What fay you? will you yield, and this avoid? Or, guilty in defence, be thus destroy'd?

# Enter Governor upon the Walls.

Gev. Our expectation hath this day an end: The Dauphin, of whom fuccours we intreated, Returns us, that his pow'rs are not yet ready To raife fo great a fiege. Therefore, great King, We yield our town and lives to thy foft mercy: Enter our gates, dispose of us and ours,

For

For we no longer are defensible.

K. Henry. Open your gates: come, uncle Exster, Go you and enter Harfleur, there remain, And fortify it strongly 'gainst the French: Use mercy to them all. For us, dear Uncle, The winter coming on, and sickness growing Upon our soldiers, we'll retire to Calais. To night in Harfleur we will be your guest, To morrow for the march we are addrest.

[Flourish, and enter the town.

#### SCENEV.

The French Court.

Enter Catharine, and an old Gentlewoman.

Cath. A LICE, tu as esté en Angleterre, & tu parles bien le language.

Alice. Un peu, Madame.

Cath. Je te prie de m'enseigner; il faut, que j'aprenne à parler. Comment appellez vous la main en Anglois.

Alice. La main, ell' est appellée, de band.

Cath. De band. Et le doyt?

Alice. Le doyt? ma foy, je oublie le doyt; mais je me fouviendra le doyt; je pense, qu'ils ont appellé des singres;

ouy, de fingres.

Cath. Lamain, de hand; le doyt, le fingres. Je pense, que je suis le bon escolier. J'ay gaignée deux mots d'Anglois vistement; comment appellez vous les ongles?

Alice. Les ongles, les appellons de nayles.

Cath. De nayles. Escoutes : dites moy, si je parle bien : de hand, de singres, de nayles.

Alice. C'est bien dit, madame; il est fort bon Anglois.

3 SCENE V.] I have left this ridiculous scene as I found it; and am forry to have no colour left, from any of the editions, to imagine it interpolated.

Cath.

Cath. Dites moy en Anglois, le bras.

Alice. De arme, madame.

Cath. Et le coude.

Alice. D' elbow.

Cath. D'elbow: je m'en faitz la repetition de tous les mots, que vous m'avez apprins dès a present.

Alice. Il est trop dissicile, madame, comme je pense. Cath. Excuse moy, Alice; escoutez; d' band, de singre,

de nayles, d'arme, de bilbow.

Alice. D' elbow, madame.

Cath. O Seigneur Dieu! je m'en oublie d' elbow; comment appellez vous le col?

Alice. De neck, madame.

Cath. De neck; & le menton?

Alice. De chin.

Cath. De sin: le col, de neck: le menton, de sin.

Alice. Ouy. Sauf vostre honneur, en verité, vous prononces les mots aussi droiet, que les natifs d'Angleterre.

Cath. Je ne doute point d'apprendre par la grace de

Dieu, & en peu de temps.

Alice. N'avez vous pas deja oublié ce que je vous ay enseignée?

Cath. Non, je reciteray à vous promptement; d' hand,

de fingre, de nayles, de arme.

Alice. De nayles, madame.

Cath. De nayles, de arme, de ilbow. Alice. Sauf vostre honneur, d'elbow.

Cath. Ainsi, dis je d'elbow, de neck, de sin: comment appellez vous les pieds, & de robe?

Alice. Le foot, madame, & le coun.

Cath. Le foot, & le coun! O Seigneur Dieu! ces font des mots mauvais, corruptibles & impudiques, & non pour les dames d'honneur d'user: je ne voudrois prononcer ces mots devant les Seigneurs de France, pour tout le monde! il faut le foot, & le coun, neant-moins. Je reciteray une autrefois ma leşon ensemble; d'hand, de fingre,

fingre, de nayles, d' arme, d' elbow, de neck, de sin, de foot, de coun.

Alice. Excellent, madame.

Cath. C'est assez pour une fois, allons nous en disner.

CENE

Presence-Chamber in the French Court.

Enter the King of France, the Dauphin, Duke of Bourbon, the Constable of France, and others.

Fr. King. 'IS certain, he hath pass'd the river Some.

Con. And if he be not fought withal, my lord, Let us not live in France; let us quit all, And give our vineyards to a barb'rous people.

Dau. O Dieu vivant! shall a few sprays of us, (The emptying of our fathers' luxury,) Our Syens, put in wild and favage stock, Sprout up so suddenly into the clouds, And over-look their grafters?

Bour. Normans, but bastard Normans; Norman

bastards.

Mort de ma vie! if thus they march along Unfought withal, but I will fell my Dukedom, To buy a foggy and a dirty farm

4 In that nook-shotten Isle of Albion.

Con. Dieu de Batailles! why, whence have they this mettle?

Is not their climate foggy, raw and dull? On whom, as in despight, the Sun looks pale, Killing their fruit with frowns? can fodden water,

4 In that nook-shotten Isle of Albion.] Shotten fignifies any thing projected: So we say, a shotten-herring, for a herring that hath cast its spawn. So nook-shotten Isle, is an Isle that shoots out into capes, promontories and necks of land, the very figure of Great-Dritain.

A drench

A drench for fur-reyn'd jades, their barly-broth, Decoct their cold blood to fuch valiant heat? And shall our quick blood, spirited with wine, Seem frosty? Oh, for honour of our land, Let us not hang like frozen isicles Upon our house-tops, while more frosty people Sweat drops of gallant blood in our rich fields: Poor (we may call them) in their native Lords.

Dau. By faith and honour,
Our madams mock at us, and plainly fay,
Our mettle is bred out; and they will give
Their bodies to the lust of English youth,
To new-store France with bastard warriors.

Bour. They bid us to the English dancing-schools, And teach Lavolta's high, and swift Curranto's; Saying, our grace is only in our heels; And that we are most lofty run-aways.

Fr. King. Where is Mountjoy, the herald? fpeed him hence:

Let him greet England with our sharp defiance. Up, Princes, and with spirit of honour edg'd, Yet sharper than your swords, hie to the field: Charles Delabreth, high constable of France; You, dukes of Orleans, Bourbon, and of Berry, Alanson, Brabant, Bar and Burgundy, Fagues Chatillion, Rambures, Vaudemont, Beaumont, Grandpree, Rousse, and Faulconbridge, Loys, Lestraile, Bouciqualt, and Charaloys, High Dukes, great Princes, Barons, Lords and Knights; For your great feats now quit you of great shames: Bar Harry England, that sweeps through our land With penons painted in the blood of Harfleur: Rush on his host, as doth the melted snow Upon the vallies; whose low vasfal feat The Alps doth spit and void his rheum upon. Go down upon him, (you have pow'r enough,) And in a captive chariot into Roan Bring him our prisoner. Con. Con. This becomes the great.

Sorry am I, his numbers are fo few,
His foldiers fick, and famisht in their march:
For, I am fure, when he shall see our army,
He'll drop his heart into the fink of fear,
And for atchievement offer us his ransom.

Fr. King. Therefore, Lord Constable, haste on

Mountjoy;

And let him fay to England, that we fend To know what willing ranfom he will give. Prince Dauphin, you shall stay with us in Roan.

Dau. Not so, I do beseech your Majesty.

Fr. King. Be patient, for you shall remain with us. Now forth, Lord Constable, and Princes all; And quickly bring us word of England's fall.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VII.

The English Camp.

Enter Gower and Fluellen.

Gow. HOW now, captain Fluellen, come you from the bridge?

Flu. I affure you, there is very excellent fervices committed at the pridge.

Gow. Is the Duke of Exeter fafe?

Flu. The Duke of Exeter is as magnanimous as Agamemnon, and a man that I love and honour with my foul, and my heart, and my duty, and my life, and my living, and my uttermost power. He is not, God be praised and plessed, any hurt in the world; he is maintain the pridge most valiantly, with excellent discipline. There is an Antient lieutenant there at the pridge, I think, in my very conscience, he is as valiant a man as Mark Antony, and he is a man of no estimation in the world, but I did see him do gallant services.

Vol. IV. Bb Gow.

Gow. What do you call him? Flu. He is call'd Ancient Pistol. Gow. I know him not.

#### Enter Pistol.

Flu. Here is the man.

Pift. Captain, I thee befeech to do me favours:

The Duke of Exeter doth love thee well.

Flu. I, I praise God, and I have merited some love at his hands.

Pift. Bardolph, a foldier firm and found of heart, And buxom valour, hath by cruel fate, And giddy fortune's furious fickle wheel, That Goddess blind that stands upon the rolling restless

ftone ----

Flu. By your patience, Ancient Pistol: 5 Fortune is painted with a mussel before her eyes, to fignific to you that fortune is plind; and she is painted also with a wheel, to fignific to you, which is the moral of it, that she is turning and inconstant, and mutabilities and variations; and her foot, look you, is fixed upon a spherical stone, which rowles, and rowles, and rowles; in good truth, the Poet makes a most excellent description of it: fortune is an excellent moral.

Fortune is painted PLIND, with a muffler before her eyes, to fignifie to you that fortune is plind; ] Here the fool of a player was for making a joke, as Hamlet tays, not fet down for him, and shewing a most pitiful ambition to be witty. For Fluellen, though he speaks with his country accent; yet is all the way represented as a man of good plain sense. Therefore, as it appears he knew the meaning of the term plind, by his use of it, he could never have said that Fortune was painted plind, to signify she was plind. He might as well have taid atterwards, that she was painted inconstant, to signify she was inconstant. But there he speaks sense, and so, unquestionably, he did here. We should therefore strike out the first plind, and read,

Fortune is painted with a muffler &c.

*Pist.* Fortune is *Bardolph*'s foe, and frowns on him; for he hath ftoln a *Pax*, and hanged must a' be; damned death!

Let gallows gape for dog, let man go free, And let not hemp his wind-pipe fuffocate; But Exeter hath given the doom of death, For Pax of little price. Therefore, go fpeak, The Duke will hear thy voice; And let not Bardolph's vital thread be cut With edge of penny-cord, and vile reproach.

Speak, Captain, for his life, and I will thee requite. Flu. Ancient Pistol, I do partly understand your

meaning.

Pist. Why then rejoice therefore.

Flu. Certainly, Arcient, it is not a thing to rejoice at; for if, look you, he were my brother, I would defire the Duke to use his good pleasure, and put him to executions; for disciplines ought to be used.

Pist. Die and be damn'd, and Figo for thy friendship!

Flu. It is well.

Pift. The fig of Spain [Exit Pift.

Flu. Very good.

Gow. Why, this is an arrant counterfeit rascal, I

remember him now; a bawd, a cut-purse.

Flu. I'll affure you, he utter'd as prave words at the pridge, as you shall see in a summer's day: but it is very well; what he has spoke to me, that is well, I

warrant you, when time is ferve.

Gow. Why, 'tis a gull, a fool, a rogue, that now and then goes to the wars, to grace himfelf at his return into London, under the form of a foldier. "Such fellows are perfect in the great commanders' names, and they will learn you by rote where fervices were done; at fuch and fuch a fconce, at fuch a breach, at fuch a

6 for he hath fieln a Pax,] This is conformable to history. A soldier (Hall tells us, Henry V. year 3. sol. 14) being hanged at this time for such a fact.

Mr. Pope.

Bb 2

" convoy;

"convoy; who came off bravely, who was shot, who disgrac'd, what terms the enemy stood on; and this they con perfectly in the phrase of war, which they trick up with new-turned oaths: And what a beard of the general's cut, and a horrid sute of the camp, will do among soaming bottles and ale-wash'd wits, is wonderful to be thought on! But you must learn to know such slanders of the age, or else you may be

Flu. I tell you what, captain Gower; I do perceive, he is not the man that he would gladly make shew to the world he is; if I find a hole in his coat, I will tell him my mind; hear you, 7 the King is coming, and I

must speak with him from the pridge.

marveloufly miftook.

#### S C E N E VIII.

Drum and Colours. Enter the King, and bis poor soldiers.

Flu. God pless your Majesty.

K. Henry. How now, Fluellen, cam'st thou from the

bridge?

Flu. I, fo please your Majesty: the Duke of Exeter has very gallantly maintain'd the pridge; the French is gone off, look you, and there is gallant and most prave passages; marry, th' athversary was have possession of the pridge, but he is enforced to retire, and the Duke of Exeter is master of the pridge: I can tell your Majesty, the Duke is a prave man.

K. Henry. What men have you lost, Fluellen?

Flu. The perdition of th' athverfary hath been very great, very reasonable great; marry, for my part, I think, the Duke hath lost never a man but one that is

7 The King is coming, and I must speak with him from the bridge. ] i.e. I want to acquaint the King with the circumstances of the action which happened there,

like

like to be executed for robbing a church, one *Bardolph*, if your Majesty know the man: his face is all bubukles, and whelks, and knobs, and flames of fire; and his lips blows at his nose, and it is like a coal of fire; fometimes plue, and sometimes red; but his nose is executed, and his fire's out.

K. Henry. We would have such offenders so cut off; And give express charge, that in all our march There shall be nothing taken from the villages, But shall be paid for; and no French upbraided, Or yet abused in disdainful language; When lenity and cruelty play for kingdoms, The gentler gamester is the soonest winner.

Tucket sounds. Enter Mountjoy.

Mount. You know me by my habit.

K. Henry. Well then, I know thee; what shall I know of thee?

Mount. My master's mind.

K. Henry. Unfold it.

Mount. Thus fays my King: fay thou to Harry England,

Although we feemed dead, we did but fleep:
Advantage is a better foldier than rafhness.
Tell him, we could at Harfleur have rebuk'd him;
But that we thought not good to bruise an injury,
'Till it were ripe. Now, speak we on our cue,
With voice imperial: England shall repent
His folly, see his weakness, and admire
Our suff'rance. Bid him therefore to consider,
What must the ransom be, which must proportion
The losses we have borne, the subjects we
Have lost, and the disgrace we have digested;
To answer which, his pettiness would bow under.
First for our loss, too poor is his Exchequer;
For the effusion of our blood, his army
Too faint a number; and for our disgrace,

Ev'n

Ev'n his own person kneeling at our feet A weak and worthless satisfaction. To this, defiance add; and for conclusion, Tell him he hath betray'd his followers, Whose condemnation is pronounc'd. So far My King and master; and so much my office.

K. Henry. What is thy name? I know thy qua-

lity.

Mount. Mountjoy.

K. Henry. Thou dost thy office fairly. Turn thee back,

And tell thy King, I do not feek him now; But could be willing to march on to Calais Without impeachment; for to fay the footh, (Though 'tis no wisdom to confess so much Unto an Enemy of craft and vantage) My people are with fickness much enfeebled, My numbers lessen'd; and those few I have, Almost no better than so many French; Who, when they were in health, I tell thee, herald, I thought, upon one pair of English legs Did march three Frenchmen. Yet, forgive me, God, "That I do brag thus; this your air of France " Hath blown that vice in me; I must repent. Go, therefore, tell thy mafter, here I am; My ransom is this frail and worthless trunk; My army but a weak and fickly guard: Yet, God before, tell him we will come on, Though France himself, and such another neighbour, Stand in our way. There's for thy labour, Mountjoy. Go, bid thy master well advise himself: If we may pass, we will; if we be hinder'd, We shall your tawny ground with your red blood Discolour; and so, Mountjoy, fare you well.

<sup>8</sup> We shall your tawny greand &c.] Hall's Chronicle, fol. 14. Henry V. year 2. Mr. Pope.

The fum of all our answer is but this; We would not seek a battle as we are, Yet, as we are, we say, we will not shun it: So tell your master.

Mount. I shall deliver so: thanks to your Highness.

Glou. I hope, they will not come upon us now.

K. Henry. We are in God's hand, brother, not in theirs:

March to the bridge; it now draws toward night; Beyond the River we'll encamp our felves; And on to morrow bid them march away. [Exeunt.

#### 9S C E N E IX.

The French Camp near Agincourt.

Enter the Constable of France, the Lord Rambures, Orleans, Dauphin, with others.

Con. T UT, I have the best armour of the world.
Would it were day!

Orl. You have an excellent armour; but let my horse have his due.

Con. 'It is the best horse of Europe. 'Orl. Will it never be morning?

' Dau. My lord of Orleans, and my lord high Con-'ftable, you talk of horse and armour,—

' Orl. You are as well provided of both, as any

' Prince in the world.

'Dau. What a long night is this! I will not change my horse with any that treads but on four pasterns; 'ça, ba! le Cheval volant, the Pegasus, chez les Na-

9 SCENE IX.] This scene is shorter, and I think better, in the first editions of 1600 and 1608. But as the enlargements appear to be the author's own. I would not emit them; but have for the reader's curiosity marked them with small commas

Mr. Pope.

rines de feu! he bounds from the earth, as if his

entrails were hairs; when I bestride him, I soar, I am a Hawk; he trots the air, the earth sings when

he touches it; the basest horn of his hoof is more musical than the pipe of Hermes.

Orl. He's of the colour of the Nutmeg.

Dau. And of the heat of the ginger. It is a beast for *Perseus*; he is pure air and fire; and the dull elements of earth and water never appear in him, 'but' only in patient stilness while his rider mounts him;

he is, indeed, a horse; and all other beasts you may

call jades.

' Con. Indeed, my lord, it is a most absolute and

excellent horse.

' Dau. It is the prince of palfreys; his neigh is like the bidding of a monarch, and his countenance enforces homage.

· Orl. No more, cousin.

- 'Dau. Nay, the man hath no wit, that cannot, from the rifing of the lark to the lodging of the lamb, vary deferved praise on my palfrey; it is a theme as
- fluent as the fea: turn the fands into eloquent tongues,
- and my horse is argument for them all; 'tis a subiect for a Sovereign to reason on, and for a Sovereign's
- · Sovereign to ride on; and for the world, familiar to
- us and unknown, to lay apart their particular func-
- tions and wonder at him. I once writ a fonnet in his

praise, and began thus, 3 Wonder of nature

t be bounds from the earth, as if his entrails were hairs; Allading to the bounding of tennis-balls, which were stuffed with hair, as appears from Much ado about Nothing, And the old ornament of his cheek bath alread; fluffe tennis-balls.

a And all other jades you may call beasts ] It is plain that jades and beasts should change places, it being the first word and not the last, which is the term of reproach; as afterwards it is said.

I bad as lieve have my mistress a jade.

3 Wonder of nature—] Here I suppose, some soolish poem of our author's time is ridiculed; which indeed partly appears from the answer.

Ort.

Orl. I have heard a fonnet begin fo to one's miftress. Dau. Then did they imitate that, which I compos'd to my courser; for my horse is my mistress.

· Orl. Your mistress bears well.

'Dau. Me, well; — which is the prescript praise, and perfection, of a good and particular mistress.

Con. Methought, yesterday your mistress shrewdly

shook your back.

• Dau. So, perhaps, did yours. • Con. Mine was not bridled.

Dau. O, then, belike, she was old and gentle; and you rode, like a Kern of Ireland, your French hose

off, and in your strait Trossers.

Con. You have good judgment in horsemanship.
Dau. Be warn'd by me then; they that ride so
and ride not warily, fall into soul bogs; I had rather
have my horse to my mistress.

' Con. I had as lieve have my mistress a jade.

Dau. I tell thee, Constable, my mistress wears her own hair.

' Con. I could make as true a boast as that, if I had

a Sow to my mistress.

'Dau. Le chien est retourné à son propre vomissement, 'El la truie lavée au bourbier; thou mak'st use of any thing.

' Con. Yet do I not use my horse for my mistress;

or any fuch proverb, fo little kin to the purpose.

\*Ram. My lord Constable, the armour, that I saw

in your tent to night, are those stars, or suns upon it?

' Con. Stars, my lord.

· Dau. Some of them will fall to morrow, I hope.

' Con. And yet my sky shall not want.

Dau. That may be, for you bear many superfluously; and 'twere more honour, some were away.

' Con. Ev'n as your horse bears your praises, who would trot as well, were some of your brags dis-

mounted.

'Dau. Would I were able to load him with his defert.' Will it never be day? I will trot to morrow a mile, and my way shall be paved with English faces.

Con. I will not fay fo, for fear I shou'd be fac'd out of my way; but I would it were morning, for I would

fain be about the ears of the English.

Ram. Who will go to hazard with me for twenty English prisoners?

Con. You must first go your self to hazard ere you

have them.

Dau. 'Tis mid-night, I'll go arm my self. [Exit.

Orl. The Dauphin longs for morning.

Ram. He longs to eat the English.
Con. I think, he will eat all he kills.

' Orl. By the white hand of my lady, he's a gallant 'Prince.

' Con. Swear by her foot, that she may tread out the oath.

Orl. He is simply the most active gentleman of France. Con. Doing is activity, and he will still be doing.

Orl. He never did harm, that I heard of.

Con. Nor will do none to morrow: he will keep that good name still.

Orl. I know him to be valiant.

Con. I was told that, by one that knows him better than you.

Orl. What's he?

Con. Marry, he told me fo himself; and he said, he car'd not who knew it.

'Orl. He needs not, it is no hidden virtue in him.

' Con. By my faith, Sir, but it is; never any body faw it, but his lacquey; 'tis a hooded valour, and when it appears, it will bate.

Orl. Ill will never faid well.

Cor. I will cap that proverb with, There is flattery in friendship.

Orl. And I will take up that with, Give the Devil

bis due.

Con. Well plac'd; there stands your friend for the devil; have at the very eye of that proverb with, A pox on the devil!

Orl. You are the better at proverbs, by how much

a fool's bolt is soon shot.

Con. You have shot over.

Orl. 'Tis not the first time you were over-shot.

#### S C E N E X.

# Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My Lord high Constable, the English lye within fifteen hundred paces of your tents.

Con. Who hath measur'd the ground?

Mess. The lord Grandpree.

Con. A valiant and most expert gentleman. Would it were day! Alas, poor *Harry* of *England!* he longs not for the dawning as we do.

Orl. What a wretched and peevish fellow is this King of England, to mope with his fat-brain'd followers so

far out of his knowledge?

Con. If the English had any apprehension, they would

run away.

Orl. That they lack; for if their heads had any intellectual armour, they could never wear such heavy head-pieces.

Ram. That Island of England breeds very valiant creatures; their mastiffs are of unmatchable courage.

Orl. "Foolish curs, that run winking into the mouth of a Russian Bear, and have their heads crush'd like rotten apples. You may as well say, that's a valiant Flea, that dares eat his breakfast on the lip of a Lion.

Con. "Just, just; and the men do sympathize with the mastiffs in robustious and rough coming on,

" leaving

" leaving their wits with their wives; and then give them great meals of beef, and iron and steel, they

" will eat like wolves, and fight like devils.

Orl. Ay; but these English are shreudly out of beef. Con. Then shall we find to morrow, they have only stomachs to eat, and none to fight. Now is it time to

arm; come, shall we about it?

Orl. 'Tis two o'clock; but (let me see) by ten, We shall have each a hundred Englishmen. [Exeunt.

# ACT IV. SCENE I.

#### AGINCOURT.

#### Enter CHORUS.

OW entertain conjecture of a time,
When creeping murmur, and the poring dark,
Fills the wide veffel of the universe.

" From camp to camp, through the foul womb of night,

"The hum of either army stilly founds; That the fixt centinels almost receive

- " The fecret whifpers of each other's watch.
- "Fire answers fire; and through their paly flames

"Each battel fees 2 the other's umber'd face,

"Steed threatens steed, in high and boastful neighs Piercing the night's dull ear; and from the tents,

"The armourers accomplishing the knights,

1- Fills the wide weffel of the universe.] Universe for borizon: for we are not to think Shakespear so ignorant as to imagine it was night over the whole globe at once. He intimates he knew otherwise, by that fine line in Mid-summer Night's Dream.

—— following darkness like a dream.

Besides, the image he employs shews he meant but half the globe; the horizon round which has the shape of a vessel or goblet.

2 — the other's umber'd face.] Umber'd or umbred, is a term in blazonry, and fignifies shadowed.

66 With

With busie hammers closing rivets up,

"Give dreadful note of preparation.

"The country cocks do crow, the clocks do toll:

"And (the third hour of drousie morning nam'd)
Proud of their numbers and secure in soul,

The confident and over-lusty French

<sup>3</sup> Do the low-rated English play at dice; And chide the cripple tardy-gated night, Who, like a foul and ugly witch, does limp

So tediously away. "The poor condemned English,

" Like facrifices, by their watchful fires

"Sit patiently, and inly ruminate

"The morning's danger: and their gefture fad,
"Invest in lank-lean cheeks and war-worn coats,

" Presented them unto the gazing moon

"So many horrid ghosts. Who now beholds

"The royal captain of this ruin'd band

"Walking from watch to watch, from tent to tent,

"Let him cry, Praife and glory on his head!
For forth he goes and vifits all his hoft,
Bids them good morrow with a modeft finile,
And calls them brothers, friends, and countrymen.
Upon his royal face there is no note,
How dread an army hath enrounded him;
Nor doth he dedicate one jot of colour
Unto the weary and all-watched night:
But freshly looks and over-bears attaint,
With chearful semblance and sweet majesty:
That ev'ry wretch, pining and pale before,
Beholding him, plucks comfort from his looks.

3 Do the low-rated English play at dice; ] i. e. do play them away at dice.

4 INVESTING lank-lean cheeks &c.] A gesture investing cheeks and coats is nonsense. We should read,

INVEST IN lank-lean cheeks,

which is fense, i.e. their sad gesture was cloath'd, or set off, in lean-cheeks and worn coats. The image is strong and picturesque.

A largefs univerfal, like the fun,
His lib'ral eye doth give to ev'ry one,
Thawing cold fear. Then, mean and gentle, all
Behold, (as may unworthinefs define)
A little touch of Harry in the night.
And so our scene must to the battle fly:
Where, O for pity! we shall much disgrace,
With four or five most vile and ragged foils,
(Right ill dispos'd, in brawl ridiculous)
The name of Agincourt. Yet sit and see,
Minding true things by what their mock'ries be. [Exit.

#### SCENE II.

The English Camp, at Agincourt.

Enter King Henry, Bedford and Gloucester.

# King HENRY.

Clou'ster, 'tis true, that we are in great danger; The greater therefore shou'd our courage be. Good morrow, brother Bedford: God Almighty! 'S' There is some soul of goodness in things evil, 'Would men observingly distil it out. For our bad neighbour makes us early stirrers; Which is both healthful, and good husbandry. Besides, they are our outward consciences, And preachers to us all; admonishing, 'That we should 'dress us fairly for our end. Thus may we gather honey from the weed, And make a moral of the devil himself.

Enter Erpingham.

Good morrow, old Sir Thomas Erpingham:

5 There is some soul of goodness—] Soul, for spirit. 6 That we should dress us fairly—] i. e. address.

A good foft pillow for that good white head Were better than a churlish turf of France.

Erping. Not so, my Liege; this lodging likes me better:

Since I may fay, now lye I like a King.

K. Henry.'Tis good for men to love their present pain

Upon example; fo the spirit is eased:

And when the mind is quicken'd, out of doubt, The organs, though defunct and dead before, Break up their drowfie grave, and newly move With casted slough and fresh legerity.

Lend me thy cloak, Sir Thomas: brothers both, Commend me to the Princes in our camp:

Do my good morrow to them, and anon Defire them all to my pavillion.

Glou. We shall, my Liege.

Erping. Shall I attend your grace? K. Henry. No, my good knight;

Go with my brothers to my lords of England: I and my bosom must debate a while, And then I would no other company.

Erping. The Lord in heaven bless thee, noble Harry!

Exeunt.

K. Henry. God-a-mercy, old heart, thou speak'st chearfully.

#### C E N E III.

#### Enter Pistol.

Pist. Qui va là? K. Henry. A friend.

Pift. Discuss unto me, art thou officer, Or art thou base, common and popular?

K. Henry. I am a gentleman of a company. Pist. Trail'st thou the puissant pike?

K. Henry. Even fo: what are you?

Pist. As good a gentleman as the Emperor. K. Henry. Then you are a better than the King. Pist. The King's a bawcock, and a heart of gold,

A lad of life, an imp of fame,

Of parents good, of fift most valiant:
I kiss his dirty shoe, and from my heart-string
I love the lovely bully. What's thy name?

K. Henry. Harry le Roy.

Pift. Le Roy! a Cornish name: art thou of Cornish crew?

K. Henry. No, I am a Welshman. Pist. Know'st thou Fluellen?

K. Henry. Yes.

Pist. Tell him, I'll knock his leek about his pate,

Upon St. David's day.

K. Henry. Do not you wear your dagger in your cap that day, left he knock that about yours.

Pist. Art thou his friend?

K. *Henry*. And his kinfman too. *Pift*. The *Figo* for thee then!—

K. Henry. I thank you: God be with you.

Pift. My name is Piftol call'd.

K. Henry. It forts well with your fierceness.

[Manet King Henry.

Enter Fluellen, and Gower, feverally.

Gow. Captain Fluellen. ---

Flu. So; in the name of Jesu Christ, speak sewer; it is the greatest admiration in the universal world, when the true and auncient prerogatises and laws of the wars is not kept: if you would take the pains but to examine the wars of Pompey the great, you shall find, I warrant you, that there is no tiddle taddle, nor pibble pabble, in Pompey's camp: I warrant you, you shall find the ceremonies of the wars, and the cares of it, and the forms of it, and the sobrieties of it, and the modesty of it to be otherwise.

Gow.

Gow. Why, the enemy is loud, you hear him all

night.

Flu. If the enemy is an ass and a fool, and a prating coxcomb, is it meet, think you, that we should also, look you, be an ass and a fool, and a prating coxcomb, in your own conscience now?

Gow. I will speak lower.

Flu. I pray you, and befeech you, that you will.

[Exeunt.

K. Henry. Though it appear a little out of fashion, There is much care and valour in this Welshman.

#### S C E N E IV.

Enter three Soldiers, John Bate, Alexander Court, and Michael Williams.

Court. Brother John Bates, is not that the morning which breaks yonder?

Bates. I think it be, but we have no great cause to

defire the approach of day.

Will. We see yonder the beginning of the day, but, I think, we shall never see the end of it. Who goes there?

K. Henry. A friend.

Will. Under what captain ferve you? K. Henry. Under Sir Thomas Erpingham.

Will. A good old commander, and a most kind gentleman: I pray you, what thinks he of our estate?

K. Henry. Even as men wreck'd upon a fand, that

look to be wash'd off the next tide.

Bates. He hath not told his thought to the King?

K. Henry. No; nor is it meet, he shou'd: for tho' I speak it to you, I think, the King is but a man as I am: "the Violet smells to him as it doth to me; the ele"ment shews to him as it doth to me; 7 all his senses

7 all his fenses have but human conditions.] i. e. as defective and circumscribed as the rest of men's.

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"have but human conditions. His ceremonies laid by, in his nakedness he appears but a man; and tho' his affections are higher mounted than ours, yet when they stoop, they stoop with the like wing; thereof ore when he sees reason of sears as we do, his sears, out of doubt, be of the same relish as ours are; yet in reason no man should possess him with any appearance of sear, lest he, by shewing it, should dishearten his army.

Bates. "He may shew what outward courage he will; but, I believe, as cold a night as 'tis, he could wish himself in the Thames up to the neck; and so I would he were, and I by him at all adventures, so

" we were quit here.

K. Henry. By my troth, I will speak my conscience of the King; I think, he would not wish himself any where but where he is.

Bates. Then would he were here alone; fo fhould he be fure to be ranfomed, and many poor men's lives faved.

K. Henry. I dare fay, you love him not so ill to wish him here alone; howsoever you speak this to feel other men's minds. Methinks, I could not die any where so contented as in the King's company; his cause being just, and his quarrel honourable.

Will. That's more than we know.

Bates. Ay, or more than we shou'd seek after; for we know enough, if we know we are the King's subjects: if his cause be wrong, our obedience to the King

wipes the crime of it out of us.

Will. But if the cause be not good, the King himfelf hath a heavy reckoning to make; when all those legs, and arms, and heads, chop'd off in a battle, shall join together at the latter day, and cry all, We dy'd at fuch a place; "fome, swearing; some, crying for a "furgeon; some, upon their wives lest poor behind them; some upon the debts they owe; some, upon their children rawly lest. I am ascard there are

few

few die well, that die in battle; for how can they charitably dispose of any thing, when blood is their argument? now, if these men do not die well, it will be a black matter for the King that led them to it, whom to disobey were against all proportion of subjection.

K. Henry. "So, if a fon, that is fent by his father 46 about merchandize, do fall into some lewd action and miscarry, the imputation of his wickedness, by of your rule, should be imposed upon his father that " fent him; or if a fervant, under his master's coms mand transporting a fum of mony, be affail'd by " robbers, and die in many irreconcil'd iniquities; " you may call the business of the master the author " of the fervant's damnation; but this is not fo: the "King is not bound to answer the particular endings " of his foldiers, the father of his fon, nor the master " of his fervant; for they purpose not their death, " when they purpose their services. Besides, there is " no King, be his cause never so spotless, if it come to " the arbitrement of fwords, can try it out with all 55 unspotted soldiers: some, peradventure, have on "them the guilt of premeditated and contrived mur-"ther; fome, of beguiling virgins with the broken "feals of perjury; fome, making the wars their " bulwark, that have before gored the gentle bosom " of peace with pillage and robbery. Now if these "men have defeated the law, and 8 out-run native " punishment; though they can out-strip men, they " have no wings to fly from God. War is his " beadle, war is his vengeance; fo that here men " are punished, for before breach of the King's 166 laws, in the King's quarrel now: where they "feared the death, they have borne life away; and "where they would be fafe, they perish. Then if "they die unprovided, no more is the King guilty of

44.5

<sup>8</sup> out-run native punishment;] Native, for civil.

" their damnation, than he was before guilty of those

"impieties for which they are now visited. Every subject's duty is the King's, but every subject's soul

- " is his own. Therefore should every soldier in the wars do as every sick man in his bed, wash every
- " moth out of his conscience: and dying so, death
- " is to him advantage; or not dying, the time was bleffedly loft, wherein fuch preparation was gained:
- " and, in him that escapes, it were not fin to think,
- "that making God so free an offer, he let him out-
- " live that day to fee his greatness, and to teach others

" how they should prepare.

Will. 'Tis certain, every man that dies ill, the ill is upon his own head, the King is not to answer for it.

Bates. I do not defire he should answer for me, and

yet I determine to fight luftily for him.

K. Henry. I my felf heard the King fay, he would

not be ranfom'd.

Will. Ay, he faid so, to make us fight chearfully; but, when our throats are cut, he may be ransom'd, and we ne'er the wifer.

K. Henry. If I live to see it, I will never trust his

word after.

Will. You pay him then; that's a perilous fhot out of an Elder-gun, that a poor and private displeasure can do against a monarch! you may as well go about to turn the sun to ice, with fanning in his face with a Peacock's feather: you'll never trust his word after! come, 'tis a foolish saying.

K. Henry. Your reproof is fomething too round: I should be angry with you, if the time were convenient.

Will. Let it be a quarrel between us, if you live.

K. Henry. I embrace it.

Will. How shall I know thee again?

K. Henry. Give me any gage of thine, and I will wear it in my bonnet: then if ever thou dar'st acknowledge it, I will make it my quarrel.

Will.

ACE (1)

W VERSE NOW

Will. Here's my glove; give me another of thine.

K. Henry. There.

Will. This will I also wear in my cap; if ever thou come to me and say, after to morrow, this is my glove; by this hand, I will give thee a box on the ear.

K. Henry. If ever I live to fee it, I will challenge it.

Will. Thou dar'ft as well be hang'd.

K. Henry. Well, I will do it, though I take thee in the King's company.

Will. Keep thy word: fare thee well:

Bates. Be friends, you English fools, be friends; we have French quarrels enow, if you could tell how to reckon. Exeunt Soldiers.

#### SCENE V.

# Manet King Henry.

K. Henry. Indeed, the French may lay twenty French crowns to one, they will beat us, for they bear them on their shoulders; but it is no English treason to cut French crowns, and to morrow the King himself will

be a clipper.

Upon the King! let us our lives, our fouls, Our debts, our careful wives, our children and Our fins, lay on the King; he must bear all. O hard condition, and twin-born with greatness, Subject to breath of ev'ry fool, whose sense No more can feel but his own wringing. What infinite heart-ease must Kings neglect, That private men enjoy? and what have Kings, That private have not too, fave ceremony? Save gen'ral ceremony?

And what art thou, thou idol ceremony?

What kind of God art thou, that suffer'st more

6 Of mortal griefs, than do thy worshippers?

9 Upon the King! &c. ] This beautiful speech was added after the first edition. Mr. Pope.

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" What

What are thy rents? what are thy comings-in?

O ceremony, shew me but thy worth:

What is thy toll, O adoration?

· Art thou aught else but place, degree, and form,

· Creating awe and fear in other men?

Wherein thou art less happy, being fear'd,

' Than they in fearing.

What drink'st thou oft, instead of homage sweet,
But poison'd flatt'ry? O be sick, great Greatness,

· And bid thy ceremony give thee cure.

'Think'ft thou, the fiery fever will go out

With titles blown from adulation?

Will it give place to flexure and low bending?

- 'Can'st thou, when thou command'st the beggar's knee,
- Command the health of it? no, thou proud dream, That play'ft so subtly with a King's repose; I am a King, that find thee; and I know,
- "Tis not the balm, the scepter and the ball,
- "The fword, the mace, the crown imperial, "The enter-tiffued robe of gold and pearl,
- "The farfed title running 'fore the King,
- "The throne he fits on, nor the tide of pomp

1 What are thy rents? What are thy comings-in?
O ceremony, show me but thy worth:

What! is thy soul of adoration?] Thus is the last line given us, and the nonsense of it made worse by the ridiculous pointing. We should read, What is thy Toll, O adoration! Let us examine how the context stands with my emendation. What are thy rents? What are thy comings in? What is thy worth? What is thy toll?—— (i.e. the duties, and imposs, thou receivest:) All here is consonant, and agreeable to a sensible exclamation. So King John:—— No Italian priest shall tysh or Toll in our dominions. But the Oxford Editor, now he finds the way open for alteration, reads, What is thy shew of adoration. By which happy emendation, what is about to be inquired into, is first taken for granted: namely, that ceremony is but a shew. And to make room for this word here, which is found in the immediate preceding line, he degrades it there, but puts as good a word indeed in its stead, that is to say, tell.

66 That

- "That beats upon the high shoar of this world;
- " No, not all these thrice gorgeous ceremonies,

" Not all these, laid in bed majestical,

- " Can sleep so soundly as the wretched slave;
- "Who, with a body fill'd, and vacant mind,
- "Gets him to rest, cramm'd with distressful bread;
- " Never fees horrid night, the child of hell:
- "But, like a lacquey, from the rife to fet,
- "Sweats in the eye of Phabus; and all night
- " Sleeps in Elvsium; next day, after dawn,
- " Doth rife, and help Hyperion to his horse;
- " And follows fo the ever-running year
- "With profitable labour to his grave:
- " And (but for ceremony) fuch a wretch,
- " Winding up days with toil, and nights with sleep,
- "Hath the fore-hand and vantage of a King:
  The flave, a member of the country's peace,
  Enjoys it; but in groß brain little wots,
  What watch the King keeps to maintain the peace;
  Whose hours the peasant best advantages.

# S C E N E VI.

### Enter Erpingham.

Erp. My lord, your Nobles, jealous of your absence, Seek through your camp to find you.

K. Henry. Good old Knight,

Collect them all together at my tent:

I'll be before thee.

Erp. I shall do't, my lord. [Exit. K. Henry. O God of battles! steel my soldiers'

Posses them not with fear; take from them now The sense of reck'ning: (a) lest th' opposed numbers Pluck their hearts from them.—Not to day, O Lord,

[(a) lest, Mr. Theobald. Vulg. of.]

0

O not to day, think not upon the fault
My father made in compassing the crown.
I Richard's body have interred new,
And on it have bestow'd more contrite tears,
Than from it issu'd forced drops of blood.
Five hundred Poor I have in yearly pay,
Who twice a-day their wither'd hands hold up
Tow'rd heav'n to pardon blood; and I have built
Two chauntries, where the sad and solemn priests
Sing still for Richard's soul. More will I do;
Tho' all that I can do, is nothing worth,
Since that my penitence comes after call,
Imploring pardon.

Enter Gloucester.

Glou. My Liege.

K. Henry. My brother Glo'sfer's voice? I know thy errand, I will go with thee: The day, my friends, and all things stay for me.

Exeunt

# S C E N E VII.

Changes to the French Camp.

Enter the Dauphin, Orleans, Rambures and Beaumont.

Orl. THE Sun doth gild our armour; up, my lords.

Dau. Montez Cheval: my horse, valet, lacquay: ha! Orl. O brave spirit!

Dau.

2 Since that my penitence comes after ALL,
Imploring pardon.] We must observe, that Henry IV. had committed an injustice, of which he, and his son, reap'd the fruits. But reason tells us, justice demands that they who share the profits of iniquity, shall share also in the punishment. Scripture again tells us, that when men have sinned, the Grace of God gives frequent invitations to repentance; which, in the language of Divines, are stilled Calls. These, if neglected, or carelessy dallied

Dau. Via!——les eaux & la terre.—
Orl. Rien puis! le air & feu.—
Dau. Ciel! Cousin Orleans.—

Enter Constable.

Now, my lord Constable!

Con. Hark, how our Steeds for present service neigh. Dau. Mount them, and make incision in their hides, That their hot blood may spin in English eyes, And daunt them with supersuous courage: ha!

Ram. What, will you have them weep our Horses'

How shall we then behold their natural tears?

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. The English are embattel'd, you French Peers. Con. To horse! you gallant Princes, strait to horse! Do but behold you poor and starved band, And your fair shew shall suck away their souls; Leaving them but the shales and husks of men. There is not work enough for all our hands, Scarce blood enough in all their fickly veins To give each naked 3 curtle-ax a stain; That our French gallants shall to day draw out, And sheath for lack of sport. Let's but blow on them, The vapour of our valour will o'erturn them. 'Tis positive 'gainst all exception, lords, That our fuperfluous lacqueys and our peafants, Who in unnecessary action swarm About our fquares of battle, were enow To purge this field of fuch a hilding foe; Tho' we, upon this mountain's basis by, Took stand for idle speculation:

lied with, are, at length, irrecoverably withdrawn, and then repentance comes too late. All this shews that the unintelligible reading of the text should be corrected thus,

3 — curtle ax ] Or rather coutelas.

But that our honours must not. What's to say? A very little, little, let us do; And all is done. Then let the trumpets sound The tucket-sonuance, and the note to mount: For our approach shall so much dare the field, That England shall couch down in fear, and yield.

Enter Grandpree.

Grand. Why do you stay so long, my lords of France?

'Yon Mand carrions, desp'rate of their bones,

Ill-favour'dly become the morning field:
Their ragged curtains poorly are let loofe,

• And our air shakes them passing scornfully.

Big Mars feems bankrupt in their beggar'd host,

And faintly through a rufty bever peeps.
The horsemen sit like fixed candlesticks,

With torch-staves in their hand; and their poor jades
Lob down their heads, dropping the hide and hips:

The gum down-roping from their pale dead eyes; "And in their pale dull mouths 4 the jymold bitt

"Lies foul with chaw'd grafs, fill and motionless:

And their executors, the knavish Crows, Fly o'er them, all impatient for their hour. Description cannot suit it self in words, To demonstrate the life of such a battle, In life so liveless as it shews it self.

Con. They've faid their prayers, and they stay for death.

Dau. Shall we go fend them dinners and fresh sutes, And give their fasting Horses provender,

And, after, fight with them?

Con. I stay but for my guard: on, to the field; I will the banner from a trumpet take, And use it for my haste. Come, come, away! The sun is high, and we out-wear the day. [Exeunt.

4 \_\_\_\_the jymold bitt.] Jymold, or rather, gimmald, which gnifies a ring of two rounds. Gemellus, Skinner. Mr. Pope.

SCENE

# S C E N E VIII.

The English CAMP.

Enter Gloucester, Bedford, Exeter, Erpingham, with all the Host; Salisbury and Westmorland.

Glou. WHERE is the King?

Bed. The King himself is rode to view their battle.

West. Of fighting men they have full threescore thousand.

Exe. There's five to one; besides, they all are fresh. Sal. God's arm strike with us, 'tis a fearful odds! God be wi' you, Princes all; I'll to my charge. If we no more meet till we meet in heav'n, Then joyfully, my noble lord of Bedford, My dear lord Glo'ster, and my good lord Exeter, And my kind kinsman, warriors all, adieu!

Bed. Farewel, good Salisbury, and good luck go

with thee!

Exe. [to Sal.] Farewel, kind lord; fight valiantly to day:

And yet I do thee wrong to mind thee of it, For thou art fram'd of the firm truth of valour.

[Exit Sal.

Bed. He is as full of valour, as of kindness; Princely in both.

### Enter King Henry.

West. O, that we now had here But one ten thousand of those men in England, That do no work to day!

K. Henry. What's he, that wishes so?

My cousin Westmorland? no, my fair cousin,

If we are mark'd to die, we are enow

To do our country loss; and if to live,

The

The fewer men, the greater share of honour. God's will! I pray thee, wish not one man more. By Jove, I am not covetous of gold; Nor care I, who doth feed upon my cost; It yerns me not, if men my garments wear; Such outward things dwell not in my defires: But if it be a fin to covet honour, I am the most offending foul alive. No, faith, my lord, wish not a man from England: God's peace, I would not lose so great an honour, As one man more, methinks, would share from me, For the best hopes I have. Don't wish one more: Rather proclaim it (Westmorland) through my host, That he, which hath no stomach to this fight, Let him depart; his passport shall be made, And crowns for convoy put into his purse: We would not die in that man's company, That fears his fellowship to die with us. This day is call'd the feast of Crispian: He that out-lives this day, and comes fafe home, Will stand a tip-toe when this day is nam'd, And rouze him at the name of Crispian:

" 5 He that out-lives this day, and fees old age,

" Will yearly on the vigil feast his neighbours,

" And fay, to morrow is Saint Crispian:

"Then will he strip his sleeve, and shew his scars:

" Old men forget; yet shall not all forget, "But they'll remember, with advantages,

" What feats they did that day. Then shall our names,

"Familiar in their mouth as houshold words, " Harry the King, Bedford, and Exeter,

" Warwick and Talbot, Salisbury and Glo'fter,

"Be in their flowing cups freshly remember'd. This ftory shall the good man teach his fon: And Crifpin Crifpian shall ne'er go by,

5 He that shall live this day, --- ] The Quarto of 1608 reads better, He that out-lives this day.

From

From this day to the ending of the world,
But we in it shall be remembered;
We few, we happy few, we band of brothers:
For he, to day that sheds his blood with me,
Shall be my brother; be he ne'er fo vile,
This day shall gentle his condition.
And gentlemen in England, now a-bed,
Shall think themselves accurs'd, they were not here;
And hold their manhoods cheap, while any speaks,
That sought with us upon St. Crispian's day.

# Enter Salisbury.

Sal. My fov'reign lord, bestow your self with speed: The French are bravely in their battles set, And will with all expedience charge on us.

K. Henry. All things are ready, if our minds be fo. West. Perish the man, whose mind is backward now?K. Henry. Thou dost not wish more help from England, cousin?

West. God's will, my Liege, would you and I alone Without more help could fight this royal battle!

K. Henry. Why, now thou hast unwish'd five thoufand men:

Which likes me better than to wish us one. You know your places: God be with you all!

### S C E N E IX.

A Tucket Sounds. Enter Mountjoy.

Mount. Once more I come to know of thee, King Harry,

If for thy ranfom thou wilt now compound,
Before thy most affured over-throw:
For, certainly, thou art so near the gulf,
Thou needs must be englutted. Thus, in mercy,
The Constable desires thee, thou wilt mind
Thy followers of repentance; that their souls

May

May make a peaceful and a fweet retire From off these fields; where, wretches, their poor bodies

Must lie and fester.

K. Henry. Who hath fent thee now? Mount. The Constable of France.

K. Henry. I pray thee, bear my former answer back. Bid them atchieve me, and then fell my bones. Good God! why should they mock poor fellows thus? The man that once did fell the lion's skin While the beast liv'd, was kill'd with hunting him. And many of our bodies shall, no doubt, Find native graves; upon the which, I trust, Shall witness live in brass of this day's work. And those that leave their valiant bones in France, Dying like men, tho' buried in your dunghils, They shall be fam'd; for there the fun shall greet them, And draw their honours reeking up to heav'n; Leaving their earthly parts to choak your clime, The smell whereof shall breed a plague in France. Mark then a bounding valour in our English: That being dead, like to the bullet's grazing, Breaks out into a fecond course of mischief, Killing in relapse of mortality. Let me speak proudly; tell the Constable, We are but warriors for the working day: Our gayness, and our gilt, are all be-smirch'd With rainy marching in the painful field. There's not a piece of feather in our host; (Good argument, I hope, we will not fly:) And time hath worn us into flovenry. But, by the mass, our hearts are in the trim: And my poor foldiers tell me, yet ere night They'll be in fresher robes; or they will pluck The gay new coats o'er the French foldiers' heads; And turn them out of service. If they do, (As, if God please, they shall) my ransom then  $\operatorname{Will}$  Will foon be levy'd. Herald, fave thy labour. Come thou no more for ransom, gentle herald; They shall have none, I swear, but these my joints: Which if they have as I will leave 'em them, Shall yield them little, tell the Constable.

Mount. I shall, King Harry: and so fare thee well.

Thou never shalt hear herald any more.

K. Henry. I fear, thoul't once more come again for Ranfom.

#### Enter York.

York. My lord, most humbly on my knee I beg The leading of the vaward.

K. Henry. Take it, brave York; now, foldiers, march

And how thou pleasest, God, dispose the day! Exeunt.

#### CENE X.

# The Field of Battle.

Alarm, Excursions. Enter Pistol, French soldier, and boy.

Pift. YIELD, cur.

Fr. Sol. Je pense, que vous estes le gentilbomme de bonne qualité.

Pift. 6 Quality, cality—consture me, art thou a gentleman? what is thy name? discuss.

Fr. Sol. O Seigneur Dieu!

Pist. O, Signieur Dewe should be a gentleman: Perpend my words, O Signieur Dewe, and mark; O Signieur Dewe, thou diest on point of fox,

6 Quality, CALMY, CUSTURE me, art thou a gentleman?] We should read this nonsense thus,

Quality, CALITY - CONSTURE me, art thou a gentleman? i. e. tell me, let me understand whether thou be'it a gentleman. THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

Except,

Except, O Signieur, thou do give to me Egregious ranfom.

Fr. Sol. O, prennez misericorde, ayez pitie de moy.

Pist. Moy shall not serve, I will have forty moys; 7 or I will fetch thy ransom out at thy throat, in drops of crimson blood.

Fr. Sol. Est-il impossible d'eschapper la force de ton bras?

Pift. Brass, cur?

Thou damned and luxurious mountain Goat, offer'st me brass?

Fr. Sol. O pardonnez moy.

Pift. Say'st thou me so? is that a ton of moys? Come hither, Boy; ask me this slave in French, What is his name?

Boy. Escoutez, comment estes vous appellé?

Fr. Sol. Monsieur le Fer.

Boy. He fays, his name is Mr. Fer.

Pist. Mr. Fer! I'll fer him, and ferk him, and ferret him: discuss the same in French unto him.

Boy. I do not know the French for fer, and ferret, and ferk.

Pist. Bid him prepare, for I will cut his throat.

Fr. Sol. Que dit-il, Monsieur?

Boy. Il me commande de vous dire que vous vous teniez prest; car ce soldat icy est dispose tout à cette beure de couper vostre gorge.

Pist. Owy, cuppelle gorge, parmafoy, pefant, unless thou give me crowns, brave crowns: or mangled shalt

thou be by this my fword.

Fr. Sol. O, je vous supplie pour l'amour de Dieu, me pardonner; je suis gentilhomme de bonne maison, gardez ma vie, & je vous donneray deux cents escus.

Pift. What are his words?

7 For I will fetch thy RYM] We should read, OR I will fetch thy RANSOM out of thy throat. Boy. He prays you to fave his life, he is a gentleman of a good house, and for his ransom he will give you two hundred crowns.

*Pift.* Tell him, my fury shall abate, and I the crowns will take.

Fr. Sol. Petit Monsieur, que dit-il?

Boy. Encore qu'il est contre son jurement, de pardonner aucun prisonnier: neantmoins pour les escus que vous l'avez promettes, il est content de vous donner la liberté, le franchisement.

Fr. Sol. Sur mes genoux je vous donne mille remerciemens, & je me estime heureux qui je suis tombé entre les mains d'un Chevalier, je pense, le plus brave, valiant,

& tres estimé Signeur d'Angleterre. Pist. Expound unto me, boy.

Boy. He gives you upon his knees a thousand thanks, and esteems himself happy that he hath fall'n into the hands of one, as he thinks, the most brave, valorous, and thrice-worthy Signieur of England.

Pist. As I suck blood, I will some mercy shew.

Follow me, cur.

Boy. Suivez le grand capitain. [Ex. Pist. and Fr. Sol. I did never know so full a voice issue from so empty a heart; but the saying is true, The empty vessel makes the greatest found. Bardolph and Nim had ten times more valour than this roaring devil i'th' old play; every one may pare his nails with a wooden dagger: yet they are both hang'd; and so would this be, if he durst steal any thing advent'rously. I must stay with the lacqueys, with the luggage of our camp; the French might have a good prey of us, if he knew of it; for there is none to guard it but boys.

[Exit.

# S C E N E XI.

Another part of the Field of Battle.

Enter Constable, Orleans, Bourbon, Dauphin, and Rambures.

Con. O Diable!
Orl. O Signeur! le jour est perdu, tout est
perdu.

Dau. Mort de ma vie! all is confounded, all!
Reproach and everlasting shame
Sits mocking in our plumes. [A short alarm.
O meschante fortune! —— do not run away.

Con. Why, all our ranks are broke.

Dau. O perdurable shame! let's stab our selves: Be these the wretches, that we play'd at dice for? Orl. Is this the King we sent to for his ransom?

Bour. Shame, and eternal shame, nothing but shame! Let us die, (a) instant: — Once more back again; The man, that will not follow Bourbon now, Let him go hence, and with his cap in hand Like a base pander hold the chamber-door, Whilst by a slave, no gentler than a dog, His fairest daughter is contaminated.

Con. Disorder, that hath spoil'd us, friend us now!

Let us on heaps go offer up our lives.

Orl. We are enow, yet living in the field, To fmother up the English in our throngs; If any order might be thought upon.

Bour. The devil take order now! I'll to the throng; Let life be short, else shame will be too long. [Exeunt.

[ (a) instant. Mr. Theobald .- Old Folio, in.]

### S C E N E XII.

Alarum. Enter the King and his train, with prisoners.

K. Henry. Well have we done, thrice valiant countrymen;

But all's not done; the French yet keep the field.

Exe. The Duke of York commends him to your Majesty.

K. Henry. Lives he, good uncle? thrice within this hour

I faw him down; thrice up again, and fighting:

From helmet to the spur all bleeding o'er.

Exe. In which array, brave foldier, doth he lie, Larding the plain; and by his bloody fide (Yoak-fellow to his honour-owing wounds) The noble Earl of Suffolk also lies. Suffolk first dy'd, and York, all haggled over, Comes to him where in gore he lay infleep'd, And takes him by the beard; kiffes the gashes, That bloodily did yawn upon his face, And cries aloud, tarry, my cousin Suffolk, My foul shall thine keep company to heav'n: Tarry, fweet foul, for mine, then fly a-breast: As in this glorious and well-foughten field We kept together in our chivalry. Upon these words I came, and cheer'd him up; He smil'd me in the face, gave me his hand, And, with a feeble gripe, fays, dear my lord, Commend my fervice to my Sovereign; So did he turn, and over Suffolk's neck He threw his wounded arm, and kift his lips; And so espous'd to death, with blood he seal'd A testament of noble-ending love. The pretty and fweet manner of it forc'd Those waters from me, which I would have stop'd; But I had not so much of man in me,

Dd 2

But

But all my mother came into mine eyes, And gave me up to tears.

K. Henry. I blame you not;

\*For, hearing this, I must perforce compound
With mistful eyes, or they will issue too. [Alarum.
But, hark, what new alarum is this same?
The French have re-inforc'd their scatter'd men:
Then every soldier kill his prisoners.
Give the word through. [Exeunt.

#### 9 S C E N E XIII.

Alarms continued; after which, Enter Fluellen and Gower.

Flu. Kill the poyes and the luggage! 'tis expressy against the law of arms; 'tis as arrant a piece of Knavery, mark you now, as can be desir'd in your conscience

now, is it not?

Gow. 'Tis certain, there's not a boy left alive; and the cowardly rascals, that ran away from the battle, ha' done this slaughter: besides, they have burn'd or carried away all that was in the King's tent; wherefore the King most worthily has caus'd ev'ry soldier to cut his prisoner's throat. O'tis a gallant King!

Flu. I, he was porn at Monmouth, captain Gower; what call you the town's name, where Alexander the

pig, was born?

Gow. Alexander the great.

8 For, hearing this, I must perforce compound

With mixtful eyes. — ] The poet must have wrote, missful: i. e. just ready to over-run with tears. The word he took from his observation of Nature: for just before the bushing out of tears the

eves grow dim as if in a miit.

9 SCENEXIII.] Here, in the other editions, they begin the fourth act, very abfurdly, fince both the place and time evidently continue, and the words of Fluellen immediately follow those of the King just before.

Mr. Pepe.

Flu. Why, I pray you, is not pig, great? the pig, or the great, or the mighty, or the huge, or the magnanimous, are all one reckonings, fave the phrase is a little variations.

Gow. I think, Alexander the great was born in Macedon; his father was called Philip of Macedon, as I

take it

Flu. I think, it is in Macedon where Alexander is porn: I tell you, captain, if you look in the maps of the orld: I warrant, that you fall find, in the comparisons between Macedon and Monmouth, that the situafions; look you, is both alike. There is a river in Macedon, there is also moreover a river at Monmouth: it is call'd Wye at Monmouth, but it is out of my prains, what is the name of the other river; but it is all one, 'tis as like as my fingers to my fingers, and there is Salmons in both. If you mark Alexander's life well, Harry of Monmouth's life is come after it indifferent well; for there is figures in all things. Alexander, God knows and you know, in his rages, and his furies, and his wraths, and his cholers, and his moods, and his displeasures, and his indignations; and also being a little intoxicates in his prains, did in his ales and his angers, look you, kill his best friend Clytus.

Gow. Our King is not like him in that, he never

kill'd any of his friends.

Flu. It is not well done, mark you now, to take the tales out of my mouth, ere it is made and finish'd. I speak but in figures, and comparisons of it; as Alexander kill'd his friend Clytus, being in his ales and his cups; so also Harry Monmouth, being in his right wits and his good judgments, turn'd away the fat Knight with the great belly-doublet; he was full of jests and gypes, and knaveries, and mocks: I have forgot his name.

Gow. Sir John Falstaff.

Flu. That is he: I tell you, there is good men porn at Monmouth.

Gow. Here comes his Majesty.

#### S C E N E XIV.

Alarum. Enter King Henry, with Bourbon and other prisoners; Lords and Attendants. Flourish.

K. Henry. I was not angry fince I came to France, Until this inftant. Take a trumpet, herald, Ride thou unto the horsemen on yon hill: If they will fight with us, bid them come down, Or void the field; they do offend our fight. If they'll do neither, we will come to them; And make them sker away, as swift as stones Enforced from the old Asyrian slings: Besides, we'll cut the throats of those we have; And not a man of them, that we shall take, Shall taste our mercy. Go, and tell them so.

# Enter Mountjoy.

Exe. Here comes the herald of the French, my Liege. Glou. His eyes are humbler than they us'd to be. K. Henry. How now, what means their herald? know'ft thou not,

That I have fin'd these bones of mine for ransom? Com'st thou again for ransom?

Mount. No, great King:
I come to thee for charitable licence
That we may wander o'er this bloody field,
To book our dead, and then to bury them:
To fort our nobles from our common men;
For many of our Princes (woe, the while!)
Lie drown'd, and foak'd in mercenary blood:
So do our vulgar drench their peafant limbs
In blood of Princes, while their wounded fteeds
Fret fet-lock deep in gore, and with wild rage

Yerk

Yerk out their armed heels at their dead masters, Killing them twice. O, give us leave, great King, To view the field in safety, and dispose Of their dead bodies.

K. Henry. I tell thee truly, herald, I know not, if the day be ours or no; For yet a many of your horsemen peer, And gallop o'er the field.

Mount. The day is yours.

K. Henry. Praised be God, and not our strength, for it!

What is this castle call'd, that stands hard by?

Mount. They call it Agincourt.

K. Henry. Then call we this the field of Agincourt,

Fought on the day of Crispin Crispianus.

Flu. Your grandfather of famous memory, an't please your Majesty, and your great uncle Edward the plack Prince of Wales, as I have read in the chronicles, fought a most prave pattle here in France.

K. Henry. They did, Fluellen.

Flu. Your Majesty says very true: if your Majesties is remember'd of it, the Welshmen did good service in a garden where Leeks did grow, wearing Leeks in their Monmouth caps, which your Majesty knows to this hour is an honourable padge of the service; and I do believe, your Majesty takes no scorn to wear the Leek upon St. Tavee's day.

K. Henry I wear it for a memorable honour: For I am Welsh, you know, good countryman.

Flu. All the water in Wye cannot wash your Majesty's Wellh plood out of your pody, I can tell you that: God pless and preserve it, as long as it pleases his grace and his majesty too.

K. Henry. Thanks, good my countryman.

Flu. By Jeshu, I am your Majesty's countryman, I care not who know it: I will confess it to all the orld; I need not to be ashamed of your Majesty, praised be D d 4 God,

God, fo long as your Majesty is an honest man. K. Henry. God keep me so!

Enter Williams.

Our heralds go with him:

Exeunt Heralds, with Mountjoy. Bring me just notice of the numbers dead On both our parts.—Call yonder fellow hither.

### S C E N E XV.

Exe. Soldier, you must come to the King.

K. Henry. Soldier, why wear'st thou that glove in thy cap?

Will. An't please your Majesty, 'tis the gage of one

that I should fight withal, if he be alive.

K. Henry. An Englishman?

Will. An't please your Majesty, a rascal that swagger'd with me last night; who, if alive, and if ever he dare to challenge this glove, I have sworn to take him a box o'th' ear; or if I can see my glove in his cap, which he swore as he was a foldier he would wear, (if alive) I will strike it out foundly.

K. Henry. What think you, captain Fluellen, is it

fit this foldier keep his oath?

Flu. He is a craven and a villain elfe, an't please your Majesty, in my conscience.

K. Henry. It may be, his enemy is a gentleman of

great fort, quite from the answer of his degree.

Flu. Though he be as good a gentleman as the devil is, as Lucifer and Belzebub himself, it is necessary, look your Grace, that he keep his vow and his oath: if he be perjur'd, fee you now, his reputation is as arrant a villain and a jacksawce, as even his black shoe trod upon God's ground and his earth, in my conscience law.

K. Henry. Then keep thy vow, firrah, when thou meet'ft the fellow.

Will. So I will, my Liege, as I live. K. Henry. Who ferv'ft thou under? Will. Under captain Gower, my Liege.

Flu. Gower is a good captain, and is good know-ledge and literature in the wars.

K. Henry. Call him hither to me, foldier.

Will. I will, my Liege. [Exit.

K. Henry. Here, Fluellen, wear thou this favour for me, and stick it in thy cap; when Alanson and my self were down together, I pluck'd this glove from his helm; if any man challenge this, he is a friend to Alanson and an enemy to our person; if thou encounter any such, apprehend him if thou dost love me.

Flu. Your Grace does me as great honours as can be defir'd in the hearts of his fubjects: I would fain fee the man, that has but two legs, that shall find himfelf agriev'd at this glove; that is all: but I would fain fee it once an please God of his grace that I might

K. Henry. Know'st thou Gower?

Flu. He is my dear friend, an please you.

K. Henry. Pray thee, go feek him, and bring him to my tent.

Flu. I will fetch him. [Exit.

K. Henry. My lord of Warwick and my brother Glo'fter,

Follow Finellen closely at the heels:

The glove, which I have given him for a favour, May, haply, purchase him a box o'th' ear. It is the soldier's; I by bargain should

Wear it my self. Follow, good cousin Warwick: If that the soldier strike him, as, I judge

By his blunt bearing, he will keep his word; Some fudden mischief may arise of it:

For I do know Fluellen valiant,

And,

And, touch'd with choler, hot as gun-powder; And quickly he'll return an injury. Follow; and fee, there be no harm between them. Come you with me, uncle of Exeter. [Exeunt.

### S C E N E XVI.

Before King HENRY'S Pavilion.

Enter Gower and Williams.

Will. I Warrant, it is to knight you, captain.

Enter Fluellen.

Flu. God's will and his pleasure, captain, I beseech you now come apace to the King: there is more good toward you, peradventure, than is in your knowledge to dream of.

Will. Sir, know you this glove?

Flu. Know the glove? I know, the glove is a glove.

Will. I know this, and thus I challenge it.

[Strikes bim.

Flu. 'Sblud, an arrant traitor as any's in the universal orld, in France or in England.

Gower. How now, Sir? you villain! Will. Do you think I'll be forfworn?

Flu. Stand away, captain Gower, I will give treason his payment into plows, I warrant you.

Will. I am no traitor.

Flu. That's a lye in thy throat. I charge you in his Majesty's name apprehend him, he's a friend of the Duke of Alanson's.

#### Enter Warwick and Gloucester.

# Enter King Henry, and Exeter.

K. Henry. Now now, what's the matter?

Flu. My liege, here is a villain and a traitor, that, look your Grace, has struck the glove, which your

Majesty is take out of the helmet of Alanson.

Will. My Liege, this was my glove, here is the fellow of it; and he, that I gave it to in change, promis'd to wear it in his cap; I promis'd to strike him, if he did; I met this man with my glove in his cap, and I have been as good as my word.

Flu. Your Majesty hear now, saving your Majesty's manhood, what an arrant, rascally, beggarly, lowsie, knave it is. I hope, your Majesty is pear me testimonies, and witnesses, and avouchments, that this is the glove of Alanson that your Majesty is give me, in your conscience now.

K. Henry. Give me thy glove, foldier; look, here is the fellow of it: 'twas me, indeed, thou promifed'st to strike, and thou hast given me most bitter terms.

Flu. An please your Majesty, let his neck answer for

it, if there is any martial law in the world.

K. Henry. How canst thou make me satisfaction? Will. All Offences, my lord, come from the heart; never came any from mine, that might offend your Majesty.

K. Henry. It was our felf thou didst abuse.

Will. Your Majesty came not like your self; you appear'd to me, but as a common man; witness the night, your garments, your lowliness; and what your Highness suffer'd under that shape, I beseech you, take it for your fault and not mine; for had you been as I took you for, I made no offence; therefore, I beseech your Highness, pardon me.

K. Henry. Here, uncle Exeter, fill this glove with

crowns,

And give it to this fellow. Keep it, fellow;

And

And wear it for an honour in thy cap,
Till I do challenge it. Give him the crowns:

And, captain, you must needs be friends with him.

Flu. By this day and this light, the fellow has mettle enough in his pelly; hold, there is twelve pence for you; and I pray you to ferve God, and keep you out of prawls and prabbles, and quarrels and differitions, and, I warrant you, it is the better for you.

Will. I will none of your mony.

Flu. It is with a good will; I can tell you, it will ferve you to mend your shoes; come, wherefore should you be so pashful; your shoes is not so good; 'tis a good silling, I warrant you, or I will change it.

#### S C E N E XVII.

#### Enter Herald.

K. Henry. Now, Herald, are the dead number'd? Her. Here is the number of the flaughter'd French. K. Henry. What prisoners of good fort are taken, uncle?

Exe. Charles Duke of Orleans, nephew to the King; John Duke of Bourbon, and lord Bouchiqualt: Of other Lords, and Barons, Knights, and Squires, Full fifteen hundred, besides common men.

K. Henry. This note doth tell me of ten thousand French

Slain in the field; of Princes in this number, And nobles bearing banners, there lie dead One hundred twenty fix; added to these, Of Knights, Esquires, and gallant Gentlemen, Eight thousand and four hundred; of the which, Five hundred were but yesterday dubb'd Knights; So that in these ten thousand they have lost,

r Charles Duke of Orleans, &c.] This lift is copied from Hall.

Mr. Pope.

There

There are but fixteen hundred mercenaries:
The rest are Princes, Barons, Lords, Knights, 'Squires, And gentlemen of blood and quality.
The names of those their nobles, that lie dead, Charles Delabreth, high constable of France;
Jaques of Chatilion, admiral of France;
The master of the cross-bows, lord Rambures;
Great master of France, the brave Sir Guichard Dauphin:
John Duke of Alanson, Anthony Duke of Brabant
The Brother to the Duke of Burgundy,
And Edward Duke of Bar: Of lusty Earls,
Grandpree and Roussie, Faulconbridge and Foyes,
Beaumont and Marle, Vaudemont and Lestrale.
Here was a royal fellowship of death!
Where is the number of our English dead?

Exe. Edward the Duke of York, the Earl of Suffolk, Sir Richard Ketley, Davy Gam Esquire; None else of name; and of all other men,

But five and twenty.

K. Henry. O God, thy arm was here! And not to us, but to thy arm alone, Ascribe we all. When, without stratagem, But in plain shock and ev'n play of battle, Was ever known so great, and little loss, On one part, and on th' other? take it, God, For it is only thine.

Exe. 'Tis wonderful!

K. Henry. Come, go we in procession to the village: And be it death proclaimed through our host, To boast of this, or take that praise from God, Which is his only.

Flu. Is it not lawful, an please your Majesty, to tell

how many is kill'd?

K. Henry. Yes, captain, but with this acknow-ledgment,

That God fought for us.

Flu. Yes, my conscience, he did us great good.

K. Henry.

K. Henry. \* Do we all holy rites;
Let there be fung Non nobis, and Te deum:
The dead with charity enclos'd in clay;
And then to Calais; and to England then;
Where ne'er from France arriv'd more happy men.

[Exeunt.

# ACT V. SCENE I.

#### Enter CHORUS.

OUCHSAFE, to those that have not read the

That I may prompt them; and to fuch as have, I humbly pray them to admit th' excuse Of time, of numbers, and due course of things; Which cannot in their huge and proper life Be here presented. Now we bear the King Tow'rd Calais: grant him there; and there being seen, Heave him away upon your winged thoughts Athwart the sea: behold, the English beach

Pales in the flood with men, with wives and boys, Whose shouts and claps out-voice the deep-mouth'd

Which, like a mighty whiffler 'fore the King, Seems to prepare his way; fo let him land, And folemnly fee him fet on to London. So fwift a pace hath thought, that even now You may imagine him upon Black-heath: Where that his lords defire him to have borne His bruifed helmet, and his bended fword, Before him through the city, he forbids it;

fea:

Being

<sup>2</sup> Do we all holy rites; &c.] The king (say the chroniclers) caused the Psalm, In exitu Israel de Ægypto (in which according to the vulgate, is included the Psalm, Non nobis domine, &c.) to be sung after the victory.

Mr. Pope.

Being free from vainness and self-glorious pride: Giving full trophy, fignal, and oftent, Quite from himself to God. But now behold, In the quick forge and working-house of thought, How London doth pour out her citizens: The Mayor and all his brethren in best fort, Like to the fenators of antique Rome, With the *Plebeians* fwarming at their heels, Go forth and fetch their conqu'ring Casar in. As by a low, but loving likelihood, <sup>3</sup> Were now the General of our gracious Empress (As in good time he may) from Ireland coming, Bringing rebellion broached on his fword; How many would the peaceful city quit, To welcome him? much more (and much more cause) Did they this Harry. Now in London place him; (As yet the lamentation of the French Invites the King of England's Stay at home: The Emperor's coming in behalf of France, To order peace between them;) and omit All the occurrences, whatever chanc'd, 'Till Harry's back return again to France: There must we bring him; and my self have play'd The int'rim, by remembring you, 'tis past. Then brook abridgment, and your eyes advance

I Like to the fenators of antique Rome, This is a very extraordinary compliment to the City. But he ever declines all general fatire on them; and, in the epilogue to Henry VIII, he hints with disapprobation on his contemporary poets who were accustomed to abuse them. Indeed his fatire is very rarely partial or licentious.

After your thoughts, straight back again to France.

2 As by a low, but lowing likelihood, ] Likelihood, for fimilitude.
3 Were now the General &c.] The Earl of Effex in the reign of Queen Elizabeth.

Mr. Pope.

CITE I'M

#### S C E N E II.

The English Camp in France.

Enter Fluellen and Gower.

Gow. A Y, that's right: but why wear you your Leek to day? St. David's day is past.

Flu. There is occasions and causes why and wherefore in all things; I will tell you as a friend, captain Gower; the rascally, scauld, beggarly, lowsie, pragging knave, Pistol, which you and your self and all the world know to be no petter than a sellow (look you now) of no merits; he is come to me and prings me pread and salt yesterday, look you, and bids me eat my Leek. It was in a place where I could breed no contentions with him; but I will be so pold as to wear it in my cap, 'till I see him once again; and then I will tell him a little piece of my desires.

#### Enter Pistel.

Gow. Why, here he comes fwelling like a Turky-cock. Flu. 'Tis no matter for his fwelling, nor his Turky-cocks. God pleffe you, aunchient Piftol: you fcurvy lowfie knave, God pleffe you.

Pist. Ha! art thou bedlam? dost thou thirst, base

Trojan,

To have me fold up *Parca*'s fatal web? Hence, I am qualmish at the smell of leek.

Flu. I pefeech you heartily, fcurvy lowfie knave, at my defires, and my requests and my petitions, to eat, look you, this leek: because, look you, you do not love it; and your affections, and your appetites, and your digestions, does not agree with it; I would defire you to eat it.

Pist. Not for Cadwallader and all his Goats.

Flu. There is one Goat for you, [Strikes bim. Will you be so good, scauld knave, as eat it?

Pist.

Pift. Base Trojan, thou shalt die.

Fin. You fay very true, scauld knave, when God's will is: I desire you to live in the mean time and eat your victuals; come, there is sauce for it—[Strikes bim.] You call'd me yesterday Mountain-Squire, but I will make you to day a Squire of low degree. I pray you, fall to; if you can mock a leek, you can eat a leek.

Gow. Enough, captain; you have aftonish'd him.

Flu. I fay, I will make him eat some part of my leek, or I will peat his pate, four days and four nights. Pite, I pray you; it is good for your green wound and your ploody coxcomb.

Pist. Must I bite?

Flu. Yes, out of doubt, and out of questions too, and ambiguities.

Pist. By this leek, I will most horribly revenge; I

eat and fwear-

Flu. Eat, I pray you; will you have fome more fawce to your leek? there is not enough leek to fwear by.

Pist. Quiet thy cudgel; thou dost see, I eat.

Flu. Much good do you, fcauld knave, heartily. Nay, pray you throw none away, the skin is good for your proken coxcomb: when you take occafions to fee leeks hereafter, I pray you, mock at 'em, that's all.

Pift. Good.

Flu. Ay, leeks is good; hold you, there is a groat to heal your pate.

Pist. Me a groat!

Flu. Yes, verily, and in truth, you shall take it; or I have another leek in my pocket, which you shall eat.

Pist. I take thy groat in earnest of revenge.

Flu. If I owe you any thing, I will pay you in cudgels; you shall be a woodmonger, and buy nothing of me but cudgels; God pe wi' you, and keep you, and heal your pate.

[Exit:

Vol. IV. Ee Pift.

Pift. All hell shall stir for this.

Gow. Go, go, you are a counterfeit cowardly knave: will you mock at an ancient tradition, began upon an honourable respect, and worn as a memorable trophy of predeceas'd valour, and dare not avouch in your deeds any of your words? I have seen you gleeking and galling at this gentleman twice or thrice. You thought, because he could not speak English in the native garb, he could not therefore handle an English cudgel; you find 'tis otherwise; and henceforth let a Welsh correction teach you a good English condition': fare you well.

Pist. Doth fortune play the huswife with me now? News have I, that my Dol is dead of malady of France; And there my rendezvous is quite cut off: Old I do wax, and from my weary limbs Honour is cudgell'd. Well, bawd will I turn; And something lean to cut-purse of quick hand: To England will I steal, and there I'll steal; And patches will I get unto these scars, And swear, I got them in the Gallia Wars. [Exit.

### S C E N E III.

The French Court at Trois in Champaigne.

Enter at one door King Henry, Exeter, Bedford, Warwick, and other Lords; at another, the French King, Queen Isabel, Princess Catharine, the Duke of Burgundy, and other French.

K. Henry. P Eace to this meeting, wherefore we are met:

Unto our brother France, and to our fifter,
Health and fair time of day; joy and good wishes,
To our most fair and princely cousin Catharine;
And as a branch and member of this royalty,
By whom this great assembly is contriv'd,

We

We do falute you, Duke of Burgundy.

And, Princes French, and Peers, health to you all.

Fr. King. Right joyous are we to behold your face;

Most worthy brother *England*, fairly met! So are you, Princes *English*, every one.

Q, Isa. So happy be the Issue, brother England, Of this good day, and of this gracious meeting, As we are now glad to behold your eyes: Your eyes, which hitherto have borne in them Against the French, that met them in their bent, The fatal balls of murthering basilisks: The venom of such looks, we fairly hope, Have lost their quality; and that this day Shall change all griefs, and quarrels into love.

K. Henry. To cry Amen to that, thus we appear. Q. Isa. You English Princes all, I do salute you. Burg. My duty to you both, on equal love,

Great Kings of France, and England. That I've

labour'd

With all my wits, my pains, and ftrong endeavours, To bring your most imperial Majesties Unto this bar and royal interview, Your Mightinesses on both parts can witness. Since then my office hath fo far prevail'd, That, face to face and royal eye to eye, You have congreeted: let it not difgrace me, If I demand, before this royal view, What rub or what impediment there is, Why that the naked, poor, and mangled peace, Dear nurse of arts, plenties and joyful births, Should not in this best garden of the world, Our fertile France, put up her lovely visage? Alas! she hath from France too long been chas'd; And all her husbandry doth lye on heaps, Corrupting in its own fertility. " Her 4 Her vine, the merry chearer of the heart,

"Unpruned lyes; her hedges even pleach'd, Like prisoners, wildly over-grown with hair,

" Put forth disorder'd twigs: her fallow leas

"The darnel, hemlock, and rank fumitory
Doth root upon; while that the culter rufts,

"That should deracinate such favagery:

I hat inould deracinate fuch lavagery:

"The even Mead, that erft brought fweetly forth "The freckled cowflip, burnet, and green clover,

"Wanting the fcythe, all uncorrected, rank, "Conceives by idleness; and nothing teems,

" But hateful docks, rough thiftles, keckfies, burs,

" Losing both beauty and utility;

- "And all our vineyards, fallows, meads, and hedges,
- " 5 Defective in their nurtures, grow to wildness. Even so our houses, and our selves and children Have lost, or do not learn, for want of time, The sciences, that should become our country; But grow like savages, (as soldiers will, That nothing do but meditate on blood) To swearing and stern looks, 6 diffus'd attire, And every thing that seems unnatural. Which to reduce into our former savour, You are assembled; and my speech intreats, That I may know the Let, why gentle peace

4 Her wine, ——
Unpruned dyes: ] We must read, lyes: For neglect of pruning does not kill the vine, but causes it to ramify immoderately, and grow wild; by which the requisite nourishment is withdrawn from its fruit.

5 Defective in their natures, grow to wildness ] Quite contrary; they were not defective, but exuberant in their natures, and crescive faculty: only, wanting their due cultivation, they

degenerated. We must therefore read, nurtures.

diffus'd attire,] Diffus'd, for extravagant. The military habit of those times was extremely so. Act 3, Scene 7, Gower says, And what a heard of the General's cut, and a horrid suit of the camp, will do amongs &c. is wonderful to be thought on.

Should

Should not expel these inconveniencies; And bless us with her former qualities.

K. Henry. If, Duke of Burgundy, you would the peace, Whose want gives growth to th' imperfections Which you have cited; you must buy that peace With full accord to all our just demands: Whose tenours and particular effects
You have, enschedul'd briefly, in your hands.

Burg. The King hath heard them; to the which as yet

There is no answer made.

K. Henry. Well, then; the peace,

Which you before fo urg'd, lyes in his answer.

Fr. King. I have but with a curforary eye O'er-glanc'd the articles; pleafeth your Grace T'appoint some of your council presently To sit with us, once more with better heed To re-survey them; 7 we will suddenly Pass, or accept, and peremptory answer.

K. Henry. Brother, we shall. Go, uncle Exeter, And brother Clarence, and you, brother Gloucester, Warwick and Huntington, go with the King; And take with you free Pow'r to ratisse, Augment, or alter, as your wisdoms best Shall see advantageable for our dignity, Any thing in, or out of, our Demands; And we'll consign thereto. Will you, fair sister, Go with the Princes, or stay here with us?

Q. Isa. Our gracious brother, I will go with them; Haply, a woman's voice may do some good,

Pass our accept, and peremptory answer.] As the French King desires more time to consider deliberately of the articles, 'tis odd and absurd for him to say absolutely, that he would accept them all. He certainly must mean, that he would at once wave and decline what he dislik'd, and consign to such as he approv'd of. Our author uses pass in this manner in other places.

When Articles, too nicely urg'd, be flood on. [us. K. Henry. Yet leave our cousin Catharine here with She is our capital demand, compris'd Within the fore-rank of our articles.

Q. Isa. She hath good leave.

[Exeunt.

### S C E N E IV.

Manent King Henry, Catharine, and a Lady.

K. Henry. Fair Catharine, most fair. Will you vouchsafe to teach a soldier terms, Such as will enter at a lady's ear, And plead his love-suit to her gentle heart?

Cath. Your Majesty shall mock at me, I cannot

speak your England.

K. Henry. O fair Catharine, lif you will love me foundly with your French heart, I will be glad to hear you confess it brokenly with your English tongue. Do you like me, Kate?

Cath. Pardonnez moy, I cannot tell vhat is like me. K. Henry. An angel is like you, Kate, and you are

like an Angel.

Cath. Que dit-il, que je suis semblable à les Anges?

Lady. Ouy, vrayment, (sauf vostre grace) ainsi dit il.

K. Howen, I sid so donn Satherine and Lawyst not

K. Henry. I faid fo, dear Catharine, and I must not blush to affirm it.

Cath O hou Di

Cath. O bon Dieu! les langues des hommes sont pleines de tromperies.

K. Henry. What fays she, fair one? that tongues

of men are full of deceits?

Lady. Ouy, dat de tongues of de mans is be full of

deceits: dat is de Princes.

K. Henry. The Princess is the better English Woman. I' faith, Kate, my wooing is fit for thy understanding; I am glad thou canst speak no better English, for if thou could'st, thou would'st find me such a plain King, that thou would'st think I had sold my farm to buy

my

my Crown. I know no ways to mince it in love, but directly to fay, I love you; then if you urge me further than to fay, do you in faith? I wear out my fuit. Give me your answer; i'faith, do; and so clap hands and a bargain; how say you, lady?

Cath. Sauf votre bonneur, me understand well.

K. Henry. Marry, if you would put me to verses, or to dance for your fake, Kate, why, you undid me; for the one I have neither words nor measure; and for the other I have no strength in measure, yet a reasonable measure in strength. If I could win a lady at leap-frog, or by vaulting into my faddle with my armour on my back; under the correction of bragging be it spoken, I should quickly leap into a wife: Or if I might buffet for my love, or bound my horse for her favours, I could lay on like a butcher, and fit like a jack-a-napes, never off. But, before God, Kate, I cannot look greenly, nor gasp out my eloquence, nor have I cunning in protestation; only downright oaths, which I never use 'till urg'd, and never break for urging. If thou canst love a fellow of this temper, Kate, whose face is not worth fun-burning; that never looks in his glass for love of any thing he fees there; let thine eye be thy cook. I speak plain soldier; if thou canst love me for this, take me; if not, to fay to thee that I shall die, 'tis true; but for thy love, by the lord, no: yet I love thee too. And while thou liv'st, Kate, take 8 a fellow of plain and uncoined constancy, for he perforce must do thee right, because he hath not the gift to woo in other places: " for these fellows of infinite tongue, that can rhime themselves into ladies' favours, they "do always reason themselves out again. What? a speaker is but a prater; a rhime is but a ballad; a good leg will fall, a ftraight back will ftoop, a black beard

<sup>8</sup> a fellow of plain and uncoined constancy, ] i. e. a constancy in the ingot, that hath suffered no alloy, as all coined metal has.

will turn white, a curl'd pate will grow bald, a fair face will wither, a full eye will wax hollow; but a good heart, Kate, is the fun and the moon; or rather the fun, and not the moon; for it shines bright and never changes, but keeps his course truly. If thou would'st have such a one, take me; take a soldier; take a King: and what say'st thou then to my love? speak, my fair, and fairly, I pray thee.

Cath. Is it possible dat I should love de enemy of

France?

K. Henry. No, it is not possible that you should love the enemy of France, Kate; but in loving me you should love the friend of France; for I love France so well, that I will not part with a village of it: I will have it all mine; and Kate, when France is mine and I am yours, then yours is France, and you are mine.

Ceth. I cannot tell vhat is dat.

K. Henry. No, Kate? I will tell thee in French, (which, I am fure, will hang upon my tongue like a married wife about her husband's neck, hardly to be shook off) quand j'ay le possession de France, & quand vous aves le possession de moi (let me see, what then? St. Dennis be my speed!) donc vostre est France, & vous estes mienne. It is as easy for me, Kate, to conquer the kingdom, as to speak so much more French: I shall never move thee in French, unless it be to laugh at me.

Cath. Sauf vostre honneur, le Francois que vous parlez,

est meilleur que l'Anglois lequel je parle.

P. Henry. No, faith, is t not, Kate; but thy speaking of my tongue and I thine, most truly falsly, must needs be granted to be much at one. But, Kate, dost thou understand thus much English? canst thou love me?

Caib. I cannot tell.

K. Henry. Can any of your neighbours tell, Kate? I'll ask them. Come, I know thou loveft me; and at night

night when you come into your closet, you'll question this gentlewoman about me; and I know, Kate, you will to her dispraise those parts in me, that you love with your heart; but, good Kate, mock me mercifully, the rather, gentle Princess, because I love thee cruelly. If ever thou beest mine, Kate, (as I have faving faith within me tells me, thou shalt) I get thee with scambling, and thou must therefore needs prove a good soldier-breeder: shall not thou and I, between St. Dennis and St. George, compound a boy half French, half English, that shall go to Constantinople and take the Turk by the beard? shall we not? what say'st thou, my fair Flower-de-luce?

Cath. I do not know dat.

K. Henry. No, 'tis hereafter to know, but now to promise; do but now promise, Kate, you will endeavour for your French part of such a boy; and for my English moiety, take the word of a King and a batchelor. How answer you, La plus belle Catharine du monde, mon tres chere & divine deesse.

Cath. Your Majestee ave fause French enough to

deceive de most sage damoisel dat is en France.

K. Henry. Now, fie upon my false French; by mine honour, in true English I love thee, Kate; by which honour I dare not swear thou lovest me, yet my blood begins to flatter me that thou dost, notwithstanding the poor 7 and untempting effect of my visage. Now beshrew my father's ambition, he was thinking of civil wars when he got me; therefore was I created with a stubborn outside, with an aspect of iron, that when I come to woo ladies I fright them: but in faith, Kate, the elder I wax, the better I shall appear. My comfort is, that old age (that ill layer up of beauty) can do no more spoil upon my face. Thou hast me, if thou hast me, at the worst; and thou shalt wear me, if thou

9 and UNTEMPERING effect ] Certainly, UNTEMPTING.

wear me, better and better; and therefore tell me, most fair Catharine, will you have me? Put off your maiden blushes, avouch the thoughts of your heart with the looks of an Empress, take me by the hand and say, Harry of England, I am thine; which word thou shalt no sooner bless mine ear withal, but I will tell thee aloud, England is thine, Ireland is thine, France is thine, and Henry Plantagenet is thine; who, tho' I speak it before his face, if he be not fellow with the best King, thou shalt find the best King of good fellows. Come, your answer in broken musick; for thy voice is musick, and thy English broken: therefore Queen of all, Catharine, break thy mind to me in broken English, wilt thou have me?

Cath. Dat is, as it shall please le roy mon pere.

K. Henry. Nay, it will please him well, Kate; it shall please him, Kate.

Cath. Den it shall also content me.

K. Henry. Upon that I kifs your hand, and I call

you my Queeen.

Cath. Laissez, mon seigneur, laissez, laissez: ma foy, je ne veux point que vous abbaissez vostre grandeur, en baisant la main d'une vostre indigne serviteure; excusez moy, je vous supplie, mon tres puissant Seigneur.

K. Henry. Then I will kiss your lips, Kate.

Cath. Les dames & damoisels pour estre baisées devant

leur nopces, il n'est pas le coutume de France.

K. Henry. Madam my interpreter, what fays she? Lady. Dat it is not be de fashion pour les ladies of France; I cannot tell, what is baisser en English.

K. Henry. To kifs.

Lady. Your Majesty entendre bettre que moy.

K. Henry. Is it not a fashion for the maids in France to kiss before they are married, would she say?

Lady. Ouy, vrayement.

K. Henry. O Kate, nice customs curt'sie to great Kings. Dear Kate, you and I cannot be confin'd within within the weak lift of a country's fashion; we are the makers of manners, *Kate*; and the liberty that follows our places, stops the mouth of all find-faults, as I will do yours, for the upholding the nice fashion of your country in denying me a kis: therefore, patiently and yielding. [Kissing ber.] You have witchcraft in your lips, Kate; there is more eloquence in a touch of them, than in the tongues of the French Council; and they should sooner persuade Harry of England, than a general petition of monarchs. Here comes your father.

## S C E N E V.

Enter the French King and Queen, with French and English Lords.

Burg. God fave your Majesty! my royal cousin, teach you our Princess English?

K. Henry. I would have her learn, my fair cousin, how perfectly I love her, and that is good English.

Burg. Is she apt?

K. Henry. Our tongue is rough, and my condition is not smooth; so that having neither the voice nor the heart of flattery about me, I cannot so conjure up the spirit of love in her, that he will appear in his true likeness.

Burg. Pardon the frankness of my mirth, if I anfwer you for that. If you would conjure in her, you must make a circle: if conjure up love in her in his true likeness, he must appear naked and blind. Can you blame her then, being a maid yet ros'd over with the virgin crimson of modesty, if she deny the appearance of a naked blind boy, in her naked seeing self? it were, my lord, a hard condition for a maid to consign to.

I the heart of HATRED about me, Certainly, the heart of FLATTERY.

K. Henry.

K. Henry. Yet they do wink and yield, as love is blind and enforces.

Burg. They are then excus'd, my lord, when they fee not what they do.

K. Heñry. Then, good my lord, teach your cousin

to confent to winking.

Burg. I will wink on her to confent, my lord, if you will teach her to know my meaning. Maids, well fummer'd and warm kept, are like flies at Bartholomew-tide, blind, though they have their eyes: and then they will endure handling, which before would not abide looking on.

K. Henry. This moral ties me over to time, and a hot fummer; and fo I shall catch the sie your cousin

in the latter end, and she must be blind too.

Burg. As love is, my lord, before it loves.

K. Henry. It is so; and you may some of you thank love for my blindness, who cannot see many a fair French city, for one fair French maid that stands in my way.

Fr. King. Yes, my lord, you fee them perspectively; the cities turn'd into a maid; for they are all girdled with maiden walls, that war hath never enter'd.

K. Henry. Shall Kate be my wife?

Fr. King. So please you.

K. Henry. I am content, so the maiden cities you talk of may wait on her; so the maid, that stood in the way for my wish, shall shew me the way to my will.

Fr. King. We have confented to all terms of reason.

K. Henry. Is't fo, my lords of England? West. The King hath granted every article: His daughter first; and then in sequel all, According to their firm proposed nature.

Exe. Only he hath not yet subscribed this:

Where your Majesty demands, That the King of France, having occasion to write for matter of grant, shall name your Highness in this form, and with this addition in

French:

French: 2 nostre tres cher filz Henry Roy d'Angleterre, heretier de France: and thus in Latin; Præcerissimus filius noster Henricus Rex Angliæ & hæres Franciæ.

Fr. King. Yet this I have not (brother) fo deny'd,

But your request shall make me let it pass.

K. Henry. I pray you then, in love and dear alliance, Let that one article rank with the rest, And thereupon give me your daughter.

Fr. King. Take her, fair fon, and from her blood

raise up

Iffue to me; that these contending Kingdoms, England and France, whose very shores look pale With envy of each other's happiness, May cease their hatred; and this dear conjunction Plant neighbourhood and christian-like accord In their sweet breasts; that never war advance His bleeding sword 'twixt England and fair France.

Lords. Amen!

K. Henry. Now welcome, Kate; and bear me witness all,

That here I kiss her as my Sovereign Queen. [Flourish. Q. Isa. God, the best maker of all marriages, Combine your hearts in one, your realms in one: As man and wife, being two, are one in love, So be there, 'twixt your kingdoms such a spousal, That never may ill office, or fell jealousie, Which troubles oft the bed of blessed marriage, Thrust in between the paction of these kingdoms, To make divorce of their incorporate league: That English may as French, French Englishmen, Receive each other. God speak this Amen!

All. Amen!

K. Henry. Prepare we for our marriage; on which day,

2 nossre tres cher filz — And thus in Latin; PR ECLARIS-SIMUS filius] What, is tres cher, in French, Præclarissimus in Latin! We should read, PR ECARISSIMUS.

My

My lord of *Burgundy*, we'll take your oath And all the Peers, for furety of our leagues. Then shall I swear to *Kate*, and you to me, And may our oaths well kept, and prosp'rous be!

[Exeunt.

#### Enter Chorus.

Thus far with rough, and all-unable, pen
3 Our bending author hath purfu'd the story;

In little room confining mighty men,

Mangling by ftarts the full course of their glory, Small time, but, in that small, most greatly liv'd

This Star of *England*. Fortune made his fword; By which the world's best garden he atchiev'd,

And of it left his fon imperial lord.

Henry the Sixth, in infant bands crown'd King Of France and England, did this King succeed:

Whose state so many had i' th' managing,

That they lost *France*, and made his *England* bleed: Which oft our stage hath shown; and, for their sake, In your fair minds let this acceptance take.

3 Our BENDING author——] We should read,
BLENDING author——
So he says of him just afterwards, mangling by flarts.



CHARLES SALES SALE

THE

## FIRST PART

OF

# $H E N R \Upsilon VI.$

## Dramatis Personæ.

KING Henry VI.

Duke of Gloucester, Uncle to the King, and Protestor.

Duke of Bedford, Uncle to the King, and Regent of France. Cardinal Beauford, Bishop of Winchester, and Uncle likewise to

the King.

Duke of Exeter.

Duke of Somerset.

Earl of Warwick.

Earl of Salisbury. Earl of Suffolk.

Lord Talbot.

Young Talbot, his Son.

Richard Plantagenet, afterwards Duke of York.

Mortimer, Earl of March.

Sir John Fastolfe.

Woodvile, Lieutenant of the Tower.

Lord Mayor of London. Sir Thomas Gargrave. Sir William Glansdale.

Sir William Lucy.

Vernon, of the White Rose, or York Faction. Basset, of the Red Rose, or Lancaster Faction.

Charles, Dauphin, and afterwards King of France. Reignier, Duke of Anjou, and Titular King of Naples. Duke of Burgundy.

Duke of Alanson.
Bastard of Orleans.

Governor of Paris.
Master Gunner of Orleans.

Boy, his Son.

An old Shepherd, Father to Joan la Pucelle.

Margaret, Daughter to Reignier, and afterwards Queen to King Henry.

Countess of Auvergne.

Joan la Pucelle, a Maid pretending to be inspir'd from Heaven, and setting up for the Championess of France.

Fiends, attending her.

Lords, Captains, Soldiers, Meffengers, and several Attendants both on the English and French.

The SCENE is partly in England, and partly in France.



The FIRST PART of

# King $H E N R \Upsilon$ VI.

## ACT I. SCENE I.

WESTMINSTER-Abbey.

Dead March. Enter the Funeral of King Henry the Fifth, attended on by the Duke of Bedford, Regent of France; the Duke of Gloucester, Protector; the Duke of Exeter, and the Earl of Warwick, the Bishop of Winchester, and the Duke of Somerset.

#### BEDFORD.

UNG be the heav'ns with black, yield day to night!

H Comets, importing 'change of times and states,

And with them scourge the bad revolting stars,

1 — change of times — ] Times for manners.

2 Brandish your CRYSTAL treffes—] We have heard of a crystal heaven, but never of crystal comets before. We should read, CRISTED or cressed, i. e. tresses standing an end, or mounted like a crest.

Vol. IV. Ff That

That have confented unto Henry's death!
Henry the Fifth, too famous to live long!
England ne'er lost a King of so much worth.

Glou. England ne'er had a King until his time:
Virtue he had, deserving to command.
His brandish'd sword did blind men with its beams;
His arms spread wider than a Dragon's wings:
His sparkling eyes, repleat with awful fire,
More dazzled and drove back his enemies,
Than mid-day sun fierce bent against their faces.
What should I say; his deeds exceed all speech:
He never listed up his hand, but conquer'd.

Exe. We mourn in black; why mourn we not in

blood?

Henry is dead, and never shall revive:
Upon a wooden cossin we attend:
And death's dishonourable victory
We with our stately presence glorisie,
Like captives bound to a triumphant car.
What? shall we curse the planets of mishap,
That plotted thus our glory's overthrow?
Or shall we think the subtle-witted French
Conj'rers and sorc'rers, that, asraid of him,
By magick verse have thus control his end?

Win. He was a King, bleft of the King of Kings. Unto the French, the dreadful judgment day So dreadful will not be as was his fight.

The battles of the Lord of hofts he fought:

The church's pray'rs made him so prosperous.

Glou. The church? where is it? had not church-men

pray'd, His thread of life had not so soon decay'd. None do you like but an effeminate Prince, Whom, like a School-boy, you may over-awe.

Win. Glo'ster, whate'er we like, thou art Protector.

And lookest to command the Prince and realm;

Thy wife is proud. The holdest thee in away.

Thy wife is proud; she holdeth thee in awe,

More

More than God, or religious churchmen may.

Glou. Name not religion, for thou lov'st the sless, And ne'er throughout the year to church thou go'st, Except it be to pray against thy soes.

Bed. Cease, cease these jars, and rest your minds in

peace:

Let's to the altar: heralds, wait on us; Instead of gold we'll offer up our arms, Since arms avail not now that Henry's dead! Posterity await for wretched years, When at their mother's moist eyes babes shall suck; Our isle be made a Marish of salt tears, And none but women left to 'wail the dead! Henry the Fifth! thy ghost I invocate; Prosper this realm, keep it from civil broils, Combat with adverse planets in the heavens! A far more glorious star thy soul will make, Than Julius Casar, or bright———

3 Our isle be made a Marish of salt tears, I Thus it is (says Mr. Theobald) in both the impressions of Mr. Pope; but upon what authority I cannot say. All the old copies read a nourish: and considering it is said in the line immediately preceding, that babes should suck at their mothers' moist eyes, it seems very probable that our author wrote a Nourice. i. e. that the whole island should be one common nurse or nourisher of tears, &c. Was there ever such nonsense! But he did not know that Marish is an old word for marsh or sen; and therefore very judiciously thus corrected by Mr. Pope.

4 Than Julius Cæsar, or bright—] I can't guess the occasion of the Hemystic and imperfect sense in this place; 'tis not impossible it might have been filled up with — Francis Drake, — tho' that were a terrible anachronism; (as bad as Hector's quoting Aristotle in Troilus and Cressida) yet perhaps at the time that brave Englishman was in his glory, to an English-hearted audience, and pronounced by some savourite actor, the thing might be popular, tho' not judicious; and therefore by some critic in savour of the author afterwards struck out. But this is a mere slight conjecture.

Mr. Pope.

## S C E N E II.

## Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My honourable lords, health to you all; Sad tidings bring I to you out of France, Of loss, of slaughter, and discomfiture; Guienne, Champaign, and Rheims, and Orleans, Paris, Guysors, Poistiers, are all quite lost.

Bed. What fay'st thou, man, before dead Henry's

coarse?

Speak foftly, or the loss of those great towns Will make him burst his lead, and rise from death.

Glou. Is Paris lost, and Roan yielded up?

If Henry were recall'd to life again,

These news would cause him once more yield the ghost. Exe. How were they lost? what treachery was us'd?

Mess. No treachery, but want of men and mony. Amongst the soldiers this is muttered, That here you maintain sev'ral factions;

And, whilst a field should be dispatch'd and fought, You are disputing of your Generals.

One would have lingring wars with little coft; Another would fly fwift, but wanteth wings: A third man thinks, without expence at all, By guileful fair words, peace may be obtain'd.

Awake, awake, English nobility!

Let not floth dim your honours, new-begot; Crop'd are the Flower-de-luces in your Arms, Of *England*'s Coat one half is cut away.

Exe. Were our tears wanting to this funeral, These tidings would call forth their flowing tides.

Bed. Me they concern, Regent I am of France. Give me my steeled coat, I'll fight for France. Away with these disgraceful, wailing robes;

Wounds

Wounds I will lend the French, instead of eyes, <sup>5</sup> To weep their intermissive miseries.

## C E N E III.

Enter to them another Messenger.

2 Mess. Lords, view these letters, full of bad mischance.

France is revolted from the English quite, Except some petty towns of no import. The Dauphin Charles is crowned King in Rheims, The bastard Orleans with him is join'd: Reignier, Duke of Anjou, doth take his part, The Duke of Alanson flies to his side. TExit.

Exe. The Dauphin crowned King? all fly to him?

O, whither shall we fly from this reproach?

Glou. We will not fly but to our enemies' throats.

Bedford, if thou be flack, I'll fight it out.

Bed. Glo'ster, why doubt'st thou of my forwardness? An army have I muster'd in my thoughts, Wherewith already France is over-run.

#### SCEN E IV.

Enter a third Messenger.

3 Mess. My gracious lords, to add to your laments, Wherewith you now bedew King Henry's hearfe, I must inform you of a dismal fight Betwixt the stout lord Talbot and the French.

Win. What! wherein Talbot overcame? is't so? 3 Mess. O, no; wherein lord Talbot was o'erthrown. The circumstance I'll tell you more at large, The tenth of August last, this dreadful lord

<sup>5</sup> To weep their intermissive miseries.] i. e. their miseries, which have had only a short intermission from Henry the Fifth's death to my coming amongst them. Retiring

Retiring from the fiege of Orleans, Having fcarce full fix thousand in his troop, By three and twenty thousand of the French Was round encompassed and set upon. No leifure had he to enrank his men; He wanted pikes to fet before his archers; Instead whereof, sharp stakes, pluckt out of hedges, They pitched in the ground confusedly; To keep the horsemen off from breaking in. More than three hours the fight continued; Where valiant Talbot above human thought Enacted wonders with his fword and lance. Hundreds he fent to hell, and none durst stand him: Here, there, and every where, enrag'd he flew: The French exclaim'd, "The devil was in arms! All the whole army stood agaz'd on him. His foldiers, fpying his undaunted spirit, A Talbot! Talbot! cried out amain, And rushid into the bowels of the battle. Here had the Conquest fully been seal'd up, If Sir John Fastelfe had not play'd the coward; He being in the vaward, (plac'd behind, With purpose to relieve and follow them) Cowardly fled, not having struck one stroak. Hence grew the gen'ral wreck and massacre; Enclosed were they with their enemies. A base Wallcon, to win the Dauphin's grace, Thrust Talbot with a spear into the back; Whom all France with her chief affembled strength Durst not presume to look once in the face.

Bed. Is Talbot flain then? I will flay my felf, For living idly here in pomp and eafe; Whilft fuch a worthy leader, wanting aid,

Unto his dastard foe-men is betray'd.

3 Mess. O no, he lives, but is took prisoner, And-lord Scales with him, and lord Hungerford; Most of the rest slaughter'd, or took likewise.

Bed.

Bed. His ransom there is none but I shall pay.

I'll hale the Dauphin headlong from his throne,
His Crown shall be the ransom of my friend:
Four of their lords I'll change for one of ours.
Farewel, my masters, to my task will I;
Bonsires in France forthwith I am to make,
To keep our great St. George's feast withal.
Ten thousand soldiers with me I will take,
Whose bloody deeds shall make all Europe quake.

3 Mess. So you had need, for Orleans is besieg'd; The English army is grown weak and faint:

The English army is grown weak and faint: The Earl of Salisbury craveth supply, And hardly keeps his men from mutiny; Since they so few watch such a multitude.

Exe. Remember, lords, your oaths to Henry sworn:

Either to quell the Dauphin utterly, Or bring him in obedience to your yoak.

Bed. I do remember it, and here take leave,

To go about my preparation. [Exit Bedford.

Glou. I'll to the Tower with all the haste I can, To view th' artillery and ammunition;

And then I will proclaim young Henry King.

[Exit Gloucester.

Exe. To Eltam will I, where the young King is, Being ordain'd his special governor; And for his safety there I'll best devise. [Exit

Win. Each hath his place and function to attend:

I am left out: for me nothing remains:
But long I will not be thus out of office:
The King from Eltam I intend to fend,
And sit at chiefest stern of publick weal.

[Exit.

## S C E N E V.

Before Orleans in France.

Enter Charles, Alanson, and Reignier, marching with a drum and Soldiers.

Char. M ARS his true moving, ev'n as in the heav'ns,

So in the earth to this day is not known.

Late, did he shine upon the English side:

Now we are victors, upon us he smiles.

What towns of any moment, but we have?

At pleasure here we lye near Orleans:

Tho' still the samish'd English, like pale ghosts,

Faintly besiege us one hour in a month.

Alan. They want their porridge, and their fat Bullbeeves;

Either they must be dieted, like mules, And have their provender ty'd to their mouths; Or piteous they will look like drowned mice.

Reig. Let's raife the fiege: why live we idly here? Talbot is taken, whom we wont to fear: Remaineth none but mad-brain'd Salisbury, And he may well in fretting fpend his gall;

Nor men, nor mony, hath he to make war.

Char. Sound, found alarum: we will rush on them:

Now for the honour of the forlorn French:

Him I forgive my death, that killeth me; When he fees me go back one foot, or fly. [Exeunt. [Here Alarm, they are beaten back by the English

with great loss.

Re-enter Charles, Alanson, and Reignier.

Char. Who ever faw the like? what men have I? Dogs, cowards, dastards! I would ne'er have fled, But that they left me 'midst my enemies.

Reig.

Reig. Salisbury is a desp'rate homicide, He fighteth as one weary of his life: The other lords, like lions wanting food, Do rush upon us as their hungry prey.

Alan. Froysard, a countryman of ours, records, <sup>6</sup> England all Olivers and Rowlands bred, During the time Edward the Third did reign: More truly now may this be verified; For none but Sampsons and Goliasses It sendeth forth to skirmish; one to ten! Lean raw-bon'd rascals! who would e'er suppose,

They had fuch courage and audacity!

Char. Let's leave this town, for they are hair-brain'd

flaves,

And hunger will enforce them be more eager: Of old I know them; rather with their teeth The walls they'll tear down, than forfake the fiege.

Reig. I think, <sup>7</sup> by fome odd gimmals or device Their arms are fet like clocks, still to strike on; Else they could ne'er hold out so, as they do: By my consent we'll e'en let them alone.

Alan. Be it so.

## Enter the Bastard of Orleans.

Bast. Where's the Prince Dauphin? I have news for him.

Dau. Bastard of Orleans, thrice welcome to us. Bast. Methinks, your looks are sad, your chear appal'd.

6 England all Olivers and Rowlands bred, These were two of the most same in the list of Charlemagne's twelve Peers; and their exploits are render'd so ridiculously and equally extravagant by the old romancers, that from thence arose that saying amongst our plain and sensible ancestors, of giving one a Rowland for bis Oliver, to signify the matching one incredible lye with another.

7 — by some odd gimmals or device Gimmals are rings of

double rounds, from gemelli, wheels one within another.

Mr. Pope.

Hath

Hath the late overthrow wrought this offence? Be not difmay'd, for fuccour is at hand: A holy maid hither with me I bring, Which by a vifion, fent to her from heav'n, Ordained is to raife this tedious fiege; And drive the English forth the bounds of France. The spirit of deep prophecie she hath, Exceeding the 8 nine Sibyls of old Rome: What's past, and what's to come, she can descry. Speak, shall I call her in? believe my words, For they are certain and infallible.

Dau. Go, call her in; but first, to try her skill, Reignier, stand thou as Dauphin in my place; Question her proudly, let thy looks be stern: By this means shall we sound what skill she hath.

## S C E N E VI.

Enter Joan la Pucelle.

Reig. Fair maid, is't thou wilt do these wond'rous

Pucel. Reignier, is't thou that thinkest to beguile me? Where is the Dauphin? come, come from behind, I know thee well, tho' never seen before. Be not amaz'd: there's nothing hid from me: In private will I talk with thee apart: Stand back, you lords, and give us leave awhile.

Reig. She takes upon her bravely at first dash.

Pucel. Dauphin, I am by birth a shepherd's daughter.

My wit untrain'd in any kind of art:

Heav'n, and our Lady gracious hath it pleas'd

To shine on my contemptible estate.

Lo, whilst I waited on my tender lambs,

And to sun's parching heat display'd my cheeks,

<sup>8 —</sup> nine Sibyls of old Rome: ] There were no nine Sibyls of Rome: But he confounds things, and mistakes this for the nine books of Sibylline oracles, brought to one of the Tarquins.

God's

God's mother deigned to appear to me;
And, in a vision full of majesty,
Will'd me to leave my base vocation,
And free my country from calamity:
Her aid she promis'd, and affur'd success.
In compleat glory she reveal'd her self;
And, whereas I was black and swart before,
With those clear rays which she infus'd on me,
That beauty am I blest with, which you see.
Ask me what question thou canst possible,
And I will answer unpremeditated.
My courage try by combat, if thou dar'st,
And thou shalt find that I exceed my sex.
Resolve on this, thou shalt be fortunate,
If thou receive me for thy warlike mate.

Dau. Thou hast astonish'd me with thy high terms:
Only this proof I'll of thy valour make,
In single combat thou shalt buckle with me;
And, if thou vanquishest, thy words are true;

Otherwise, I renounce all confidence.

Pucel. I am prepar'd; here is my keen-edg'd fword, Deck'd with fine Flow'r-de-luces on each fide; The which, at *Tourain* in St. Catharine's church, Out of a deal of old iron I chose forth.

Dau. Then come o'God's name, for I fear no woman. Pucel. And while I live, I'll ne'er fly from a man.

[Here they fight, and Joan la Pucelle overcomes. Dau. Stay, stay thy hands, thou art an Amazon; And fightest with the sword of Debora.

Pucel. Christ's mother helps me, else I were too

weak.

Dau. Who-e'er helps thee, 'tis thou that must

help me:

Impatiently I burn with thy defire; My heart and hands thou hast at once subdu'd; Excellent *Pucelle*, if thy name be so, Let me thy fervant and not Sovereign be,

'Tis

'Tis the French Dauphin fueth to thee thus. Pucel. I must not yield to any rites of love, For my profession's facred from above: When I have chased all thy foes from hence, Then will I think upon a recompence.

Dau. Mean time, look gracious on thy prostrate

thrall.

Reig. My lord, methinks, is very long in talk.

Alan. Doubtless, he shrives this woman to her smock;

Else ne'er could he so long protract his speech.

Reig. Shall we difturb him, fince he keeps no mean? Alan. He may mean more than we poor men do

know:

These women are shrewd tempters with their tongues. Reig. My lord, where are you? what devise you on? Shall we give over Orleans or no?

Pucel. Why, no I say; distrustful recreants! Fight till the last gasp, for I'll be your guard.

Dau. What she says, I'll confirm; we'll fight it out: Pucel. Assign'd I am to be the English scourge.

This night the fiege affuredly I'll raise: Expect Saint Martin's summer, Halcyon days, Since I have enter'd thus into these wars.

Glory is like a circle in the water;
Which never ceafeth to enlarge it felf,

'Till by broad fpreading it disperse to nought. With *Henry*'s death the *English* circle ends; Dispersed are the glories it included: Now am I like that proud insulting ship, Which *Cæsar* and his fortune bore at once.

Dau. Was Mahomet inspired with a Dove? Thou with an Eagle art inspired then. Helen the mother of great Constantine, Nor yet St. Philip's daughters, were like thee. Bright star of Venus, fall'n down on the earth, How may I reverently worship thee?

Alan. Leave off delays, and let us raise the siege.

Reig.

Reig. Woman, do what thou canst to save our honours;

Drive them from *Orleans*, and be immortaliz'd.

Dau. Presently try: come, let's away about it.

No prophet will I trust, if she proves false. [Exeunt.

## S C E N E VII.

The Tower-gates, in London.

Enter Gloucester, with his Serving-men.

Glou. I A M this day come to furvey the Tower; Since Henry's death, I fear, there is conveyance.

Where be these warders, that they wait not here? Open the gates. 'Tis Gloucester, that calls.

I Ward. Who's there, that knocketh fo imperiously?

I Man. It is the noble Duke of Gloucester.

2 Ward. Who e'er he be, you may not be let in.
I Man. Villains, answer you so the Lord Protector?

Ward. The Lord protect him! so we answer him; We do no otherwise than we are will'd.

Glou. Who willed you? or whose will stands, but mine?

There's none Protector of the realm but I. Break up the gates, I'll be your warrantize; Shall I be flouted thus by dunghil grooms?

Gloucester's men rush at the Tower-gates, and Woodvile the Lieutenant speaks within.

Wood. What noise is this? what traitors have we here?

Glou. Lieutenant, is it you, whose voice I hear?

Open the gates; here's Glo'ster, that would enter.

Wood. Have patience, noble Duke; I may not open;

The Cardinal of Winchester forbids;

From him I have express commandment,

That

That thou, nor none of thine, shall be let in.

Glou. Faint-hearted Woodvile, prizeft him 'fore me? Arrogant Winchester, that haughty prelate, Whom Henry, our late Sovereign, ne'er could brook? Thou art no friend to God, or to the King.

Thou art no friend to God, or to the King: Open the gate, or I'll shut thee out shortly.

Serv. Open the gates there to the Lord Protector; We'll burft them open, if you come not quickly.

Enter to the Protector at the Tower-gates, Winchester and his men in tawny coats.

Win. How now, ambitious Umpire, what means this?

Glou. 9 Piel'd Priest, dost thou command me be shut out?

Win. I do, thou most usurping proditor, And not protector, of the King or realm.

Glou. Stand back, thou manifest conspirator; Thou, that contriv'st to murder our dead lord; Thou, that 'giv'st whores indulgences to fin; I'll canvas thee in thy broad Cardinal's hat, If thou proceed in this thy insolence.

Win. Nay, stand thou back, I will not budge a foot:

<sup>2</sup> This be *Damascus*, be thou cursed *Cain*, To slay thy brother *Abel*, if thou wilt.

Glou. I will not flay thee, but I'll drive thee back; Thy scarlet robes, as a child's bearing cloth, I'll use to carry thee out of this place.

Win. Do, what thou dar'ft; I beard thee to thy face.

9 Piel'd Priest, \_\_\_\_] Alluding to his shaven crown, a metaphor from a peel'd orange. Mr. Pope.

1 —— giw'st whores indulgences to sin; ] The public stews were formerly under the district of the Bishop of Winchester.

Mr. Pope.

2 This be Damascus, be thou cursed Cain, ] N. B. About four miles from Damascus is a high hill, reported to be the same on which Cain slew his brother Abel. Maundrell's Travels, page 131.

Mr. Pope.

Glou.

Glou. What? am I dar'd, and bearded to my face? Draw, men, for all this privileged place.
Blue coats to tawny. Prieft, beware thy beard; I mean to tug it, and to cuff you foundly.
Under my feet I'll ftamp thy Cardinal's hat:
In spight of Pope or dignities of Church,
Here by the cheeks I'll drag thee up and down.

Win. Glo'ster, thou'lt answer this before the Pope. Glou. Winchester Goose! I cry, a rope, a rope. Now beat them hence, why do you let them stay? Thee I'll chase hence, thou Wolf in Sheep's array. Out, tawny coats; out, scarlet hypocrite!

Here Gloucester's men beat out the Cardinal's; and enter in the burly-burly the Mayor of London, and his Officers.

Mayor. Fy, Lords; that you, being supreme magistrates,

Thus contumeliously should break the peace!

Glou. Peace, Mayor, for thou know'st little of my wrongs:

Here's Beauford, that regards not God nor King, Hath here distrain'd the Tower to his use.

Win. Here's Glo'ster too, a foe to citizens,
One that still motions war, and never peace,
O'er-charging your free purses with large fines,
That seeks to overthrow religion,
Because he is Protector of the realm;
And would have armour here out of the Tower,
To crown himself King, and suppress the Prince.
Glou. I will not answer thee with words, but blows.

[Here they skirmish again.

Mayor. Nought rests for me in this tumultuous strife, But to make open proclamation.

Come, officer, as loud as e'er thou canst.

All manner of men affembled here in arms this day, against God's peace and the King's, we charge and command you in his Highness's name, to repair to your feveral dwelling places; and not wear, handle, or use any sword, weapon, or dagger henceforward upon pain of Death.

Glou. Cardinal, I'll be no breaker of the law: But we shall meet, and tell our minds at large.

Win. Glo'ster, we'll meet to thy dear cost, be sure?

Thy heart-blood I will have for this day's work.

Mayor. I'll call for clubs, if you will not away:

This Cardinal is more haughty than the devil.

Glou. Mayor, farewel: thou dost but what thou may'st.

Win. Abominable Glo'ster, guard thy head,

For I intend to have it, ere be long. [Exeunt. Mayor. See the coast clear'd, and then we will depart.

Offic. Good God! 2 that nobles should such stomachs

bear!

I my felf fight not once in forty year. [Exeunt.

## S C E N E VIII.

Changes to Orleans in France.

Enter the Master-gunner of Orleans, and his Boy.

M. Gun. SIRRAH, thou know'st how Orleans is besieg'd,

And how the English have the suburbs won.

I my felf fight not once in forty year.] The Mayor of London was not brought in to be laugh'd at, as is plain by his manner of interfering in the quarrel, where he all along preserves a sufficient dignity. In the line preceding these, he directs his officer, to whom without doubt these two lines should be given. They suit his character, and are very expressive of the pacific temper of the City Guards.

Boy.

Boy. Father, I know, and oft have shot at them, How e'er, unfortunate, I miss'd my aim.

M. Gun. But now thou shalt not. Be thou rul'd

by me:

Chief Master-gunner am I of this town, Something I must do to procure me grace. The Prince's 'spials have informed me, The English, in the suburbs close intrench'd, Went thro' a fecret grate of iron bars, In yonder tow'r, to over-peer the city; And thence discover how, with most advantage, They may vex us, with shot or with affault. To intercept this inconvenience, A piece of ord'nance 'gainst it I have plac'd; And fully ev'n these three days have I watch'd, If I could fee them. Now, Boy, do thou watch. For I can flay no longer,—— If thou spy'st any, run and bring me word, And thou shalt find me at the Governor's. [Exit. Boy. Father, I warrant you; take you no care;

I'll never trouble you, if I may fpy them.

## S C E N E IX.

Enter Salisbury and Talbot on the turrets, with others.

Sal. Talbot, my life, my joy, again return'd!

How wert thou handled, being prisoner?

Or by what means got'st thou to be releas'd?

Discourse, I pr'ythee, on this turret's top.

Tal. The Duke of Bedford had a prisoner,

Called the brave Lord Ponton de Santraile.

For him was I exchang'd, and ransomed.

But with a baser man of arms by far,

Once, in contempt, they would have barter'd me:

Which I disdaining scorn'd, and craved death,

Rather than I would be so vile esteem'd.

In fine, redeem'd I was, as I desir'd.
But, oh! the treach'rous Fastolse wounds my heart;
Whom with my bare sists I would execute,
If I now had him brought into my pow'r.

Sal. Yet tell'st thou not, how thou wert entertain'd. Tal. With scoffs and scorns, and contumelious taunts, In open market-place produc'd they me, To be a publick spectacle to all. Here, faid they, is the terror of the French; The scare-crow, that affrights our children so. Then broke I from the officers that led me, And with my nails digg'd stones out of the ground, To hurl at the beholders of my shame. My grifly countenance made others fly; None durst come near, for fear of sudden death. In iron walls they deem'd me not fecure: So great a fear my name amongst them spread, That they suppos'd, I could rend bars of steel; And spurn in pieces posts of adamant. Wherefore a guard of chosen shot I had; They walk'd about me ev'ry minute-while; And if I did but stir out of my bed, Ready they were to shoot me to the heart.

Enter the Boy, with a Linstock.

Sal. I grieve to hear what torments you endur'd, But we will be reveng'd fufficiently.

Now it is supper-time in Orleans:
Here thro' this grate I can count every one,
And view the Frenchmen how they fortify:
Let us look in, the sight will much delight thee.
Sir Thomas Gargrave, and Sir William Glansdale,
Let me have your express opinions,
Where is best place to make our batt'ry next?
Gar. I think, at the north gate; for there stand lords.
Glan. And I here, at the bulwark of the bridge.
Tal. For aught I see, this city must be famish'd,

Or

Or with light skirmishes enfeebled.

[ Here they shoot, and Salisbury falls down. Sal. O Lord, have mercy on us, wretched finners. Gar. O Lord, have mercy on me, woful man. Tal. What chance is this, that suddenly hath crost us? Speak, Salisbury; at least, if thou canst speak; How far'st thou, mirror of all martial men? One of thy eyes and thy cheek's fide struck off! Accurfed tow'r, accurfed fatal hand, That hath contriv'd this woful tragedy! In thirteen battles Salisbury o'ercame: Henry the Fifth he first train'd to the wars. Whilst any trump did found, or drum struck up, His fword did ne'er leave striking in the field. Yet liv'st thou, Salisbury? tho' thy speech doth fail, One eye thou hast to look to heav'n for grace. The fun with one eye vieweth all the world. Heav'n, be thou gracious to none alive, If Salisbury wants mercy at thy hands! Bear hence his body, I will help to bury it. Sir Thomas Gargrave, hast thou any life? Speak unto Talbot; nay, look up to him. O Salisb'ry, chear thy spirit with this comfort, Thou shalt not die, while-

—He beckons with his hand, and smiles on me, As who should say, When I am dead and gone, Remember to avenge me on the French.

Plantagenet, I will; and, Nero-like,
Play on the lute, beholding the towns burn:

Wretched shall France be only in my name.

[Here an alarm, and it thunders and lightens. What stir is this? what tumults in the heav'ns? Whence cometh this alarum and this noise?

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, my lord, the French have gather'd head.

Gg 2

The Dauphin with one Joan la Pucelle join'd, A holy prophetes new risen up,

Is come with a great power to raise the siege.

[Here Salisbury lifteth himself up, and groans. Tal. Hear, hear, how dying Salisbury doth groan! It irks his heart, he cannot be reveng'd.

Frenchmen, I'll be a Salisbury to you.

Pucelle or Pussel, Dauphin or Dog-fish,

Your hearts I'll stamp out with my Horse's heels,

And make a quagmire of your mingled brains.

Convey brave Salisbury into his tent,

And then we'll try what dastard Frenchmen dare.

[Alarm. Exeunt, bearing Salisbury and

Sir Thomas Gargrave out.

## S C E N E X.

Here an alarm again; and Talbot pursueth the Dauphin, and driveth him: then enter Joan la Pucelle, driving Englishmen before her. Then enter Talbot.

Tal. Where is my strength, my valour, and my force? Our English troops retire, I cannot stay them: A woman, clad in armour, chaseth them.

Enter Pucelle.

Here, here, she comes. I'll have a bout with thee; Devil, or devil's dam, I'll conjure thee: Blood will I draw on thee, thou art a witch; And straightway give thy soul to him thou serv'st.

Pucel. Come, come, 'tis only I, that must disgrace thee. [They fight.

Tal. Heavens, can you suffer hell so to prevail? My breast I'll burst with straining of my courage, And from my shoulders crack my arms asunder, But I will chastise this high-minded strumpet.

Pucel. Talbot, farewel, thy hour is not yet come,

I must go victual Orleans forthwith.

[A short alarm. Then enter the town with foldiers.
O'ertake

O'ertake me if thou canst, I scorn thy strength. Go, go, chear up thy hunger-starved men, Help Salisbury to make his testament:

This day is ours, as many more shall be. [Exit Pucelle.

Tal. My thoughts are whirled like a potter's wheel. I know not where I am, nor what I do: A witch, by fear, not force, like Hannibal, Drives back our troops, and conquers as she lists. So Bees with smoke, and Doves with noisom stench, Are from their hives, and houses, driv'n away. They call'd us for our fierceness English dogs, Now, like their whelps, we crying run away.

A Short alarm.

Hark, countrymen! either renew the fight, Or tear the Lions out of England's Coat; Renounce your foil, give Sheep in Lions' stead: Sheep run not half so tim'rous from the Wolf, Or Horse or Oxen from the Leopard, As you fly from your oft-subdued slaves.

[Alarm. Here another Skirmish.

It will not be: retire into your trenches: You all confented unto Salisbury's death, For none would strike a stroke in his revenge. Pucelle is enter'd into Orleans, In fpight of us, or aught that we could do. O, would I were to die with Salisbury! The shame hereof will make me hide my head.

Exit Talbot.

[ Alarm, Retreat, Flourish.

#### E N XI.

Enter on the Wall, Pucelle, Dauphin, Reignier, Alanson, and Soldiers.

Pucel. Advance our waving colours on the walls, Rescu'd is Orleans from the English Wolves: Thus Joan la Pucelle hath perform'd her word. Dist. Gg 3

Dau. Divinest creature, bright Astrea's daughter, How shall I honour thee for this success! Thy promises are 'like Adonis' Garden, That one day bloom'd, and fruitful were the next.

France,

3 —— like Adonis' Garden, ] It may not be impertinent to take notice of a dispute between four critics, of very different orders, upon this very important point of the Gardens of Adonis. Milton had said,

Spot more delicious than those Gardens seign'd;

Or of reviv'd Adonis, orwhich Dr. Bentley pronounces spurious; For that the Knast As wissos, the Gardens of Adonis, so frequently mentioned by Greek awiters, Plato, Plutarch, &c. were nothing but portable earthen Pots, with some Lettice or Fennel growing in them. On his yearly festival every woman carried one of them for Adonis' next day they were thrown away, &c. To this Dr. Pierce rephes, That this account of the Gardens of Adonis is right, and yet Milcon may be defended for what be says of them: For wby (says he) did the Grecians on Adonis' festival carry these small earthen Gardens about in honour of him? It was because they had a tradition, that, when he was alive, he delighted in Gardens, and bad a magnificent one: For proof of this we have Pliny's words, xix. 4. Antiquitas nihil priùs mirata est quam Hesperidum Horros, ac regum Adonidis & Alcinoi. One would now think the question well decided: But Mr. Theobald comes, and will needs be Dr. Bentley's fecond. Alearned and reverend gentleman (fays he) baning attempted to impeach Dr. Bentley of error, for maintaining that there NEVER WAS EXISTENT any magnificent or spacious Gardens of Adonis, an opinion in which it has been my fortune to second the Doctor, I thought my self concerned, in some part, to weigh those authorities alledged by the objector, &c. The reader fees that Mr. Theobald mistakes the very question in dispute between these two truly learned men, which was not whether Alisnis' Gardens quere ever existent, but whether there was a tradition of and celebrated Gardens cultivated by Adonis. For this would fufficiently jultify Milton's mention of them, together with the Gardens of Alcinous, confessed by the poet himself to be fabulous. But hear their own words. There was no fuch Garden (fays Dr. Bentley) ever existent, or EVEN FEIGN'D. He adds the latter part, as knowing that that would justify the poet; and it is on that affertion only that his adversary Dr. Pierce joins issue with him. Why (fays he) did they carry the small earthen Gardens? It was because they bad a TRADITION, that when be France, triumph in thy glorious prophetess! Recover'd is the town of Orleans; More blessed hap did ne'er besal our state.

Reig. Why ring not out the bells throughout the

town:

Dauphin, command the citizens make bonfires, And feath and banquet in the open streets; To celebrate the joy, that God hath giv'n us.

Alan. All France will be replete with mirth and joy, When they shall hear how we have play'd the men.

Dau. 'Tis Joan, not we, by whom the day is won: For which I will divide my Crown with her; And all the priests and friars in my realm Shall in procession sing her endless praise. A statelier pyramid to her I'll rear, Than Rhodope's or Memphis' ever was! In memory of her, when she is dead, Her ashes, in an urn more precious Than the rich-jewel'd coffer of Darius, Transported shall be at high festivals, Before the Kings and Queens of France. No longer on St. Dennis will we cry, But Joan la Pucelle shall be France's Saint. Come in, and let us banquet royally, After this golden day of victory. [Flourish. Exeunt.

cwas alive he delighted in Gardens. Mr. Theebald therefore, mistaking the queltion, it is no wonder that all he says, in his long note at the end of the fourth volume, is nothing to the purpose; it being to shew that Dr. Pierce's quotations from Plinyand others, do not prove the real existence of the Gardens. After these, comes the Oxford Editor; and he pronounces in savour of Dr. Bentley against Dr. Pierce, in these words, The Gardens of Adonis were never represented under any local description. But whether this was said at hazard, or to contradict Dr. Pierce, or to rectify Mr. Theebald's mistake of the question, it is so obscurely expressed, that one can hardly determine.

ACT

## ACT H. SCENE I.

Before ORLEANS.

Enter a Serjeant of a Band, with two Centinels.

SERJEANT.

SIRS, take your places, and be vigilant: If any noise or soldier you perceive Near to the wall, by some apparent sign Let us have knowledge at the court of guard.

Cent. Serjeant, you shall. Thus are poor servitors (When others sleep upon their quiet beds)
Constrain'd to watch in darkness, rain, and cold.

Enter Talbot, Bedford, and Burgundy, with scaling ladders. Their drums beating a dead march.

Tal. Lord Regent, and redoubted Burgundy, By whose approach the regions of Artois, Walloon, and Picardy are friends to us; This happy night the Frenchmen are secure, Having all day carous'd and banquetted. Embrace we then this opportunity, As sitting best to quittance their deceit, Contriv'd by art and baleful forcery.

Bed. Coward of France! how much he wrongs his fame,

Despairing of his own arms' fortitude, To join with witches and the help of hell!

Bur. Traitors have never other company. But what's that Pucelle, whom they term so pure?

Tal. A maid, they fay.

Bed. A maid? and be fo martial?

Bur. Pray God, she prove not masculine ere long! If underneath the standard of the French

She carry armour, as she hath begun.

Tal.

Tal. Well, let them practife and converse with spirits; God is our fortress, in whose conqu'ring name Let us resolve to scale their flinty bulwarks.

Bed. Ascend, brave Talbot, we will follow thee.

Tal. Not all together: better far I guess, That we do make our entrance several ways: That if it chance the one of us do fail, The other yet may rise against their force.

Bed. Agreed; I'll to yon corner.

Bur. I to this.

Tal. And here will Talbot mount, or make his grave. Now, Salisbury! for thee, and for the right Of English Henry, shall this night appear How much in duty I am bound to both.

Cent. [within.] Arm, arm; the enemy doth make

[The English, scaling the Walls, cry, St. George! A Talbot!

## S C E N E II.

The French leap o'er the Walls in their shirts. Enter, feveral ways, Bastard, Alanson, Reignier, half ready and half unready.

Alan. How now, my lords? what all unready fo? Bast. Unready? I, and glad we 'scap'd fo well.

Reig.' Twas time, I trow, to wake and leave our beds; Hearing alarums at our chamber-doors.

Alan. Of all exploits, fince first I follow'd arms,

Ne'er heard I of a warlike enterprize More venturous, or desperate than this.

Bast. I think, this Talbot is a fiend of hell.

Reig. If not of hell, the heav'ns, fure, favour him. Alan. Here cometh Charles, I marvel how he sped.

Enter Charles and Joan.

Bast. Tut! holy Jean was his defensive guard.

Char.

Char: Is this thy cunning, thou deceitful dame? Didst thou at first, to flatter us withal, Make us partakers of a little gain; That now our loss might be ten times as much?

Pucel. Wherefore is Charles impatient with his

friend?

At all times will you have my pow'r alike? Sleeping, or waking, must I still prevail? Or will you blame and lay the fault on me? Improvident foldiers, had your watch been good. This fudden mischief never could have fal'n.

Char. Duke of Alanson, this was your default, That, being captain of the watch to night, Did look no better to that weighty charge.

Alan. Had all your quarters been as fafely kept, As that whereof I had the government,

We had not been thus hamefully furpriz'd.

Bast. Mine was secure.

Reign. And so was mine, my lord.

Char. And for my felf, most part of all this night, Within her quarter, and mine own precinct, I was employ'd in paining to and fro,

About relieving of the centinels.

Then how, or which way, should they first break in? Pucel. Question, my lords, no further of the case,

How, or which way; 'tis fure, they found some

part But weakly guarded, where the breach was made: And now there rests no other shift but this, To gather our foldiers, scatter'd and disperst, And lay new platforms to endamage them.

Exeunt.

# S C E N E III.

Within the Walls of Orleans.

Alarm. Enter a Soldier crying, a Talbot! a Talbot! they fly, leaving their clothes behind.

Sol. I'LL be so bold to take what they have left:
The cry of Talbot serves me for a sword,
For I have loaden me with many spoils,
Using no other weapon but his name.

[Exit.]

Enter Talbot, Bedford, and Burgundy.

Bed. The day begins to break, and night is fled, Whose pitchy mantle over-veil'd the earth. Here sound retreat, and cease our hot pursuit. [Retreat:

Tal. Bring forth the body of old Salisbury, And here advance it in the market place, The middle centre of this cursed town. Now have I pay'd my vow unto his foul: For ev'ry drop of blood was drawn from him, There have at least five Frenchmen dy'd to night. And that hereafter ages may behold What ruin happen'd in revenge of him, Within their chiefest temple I'll erect A tomb, wherein his corps shall be interr'd: Upon the which, that every one may read, Shall be engrav'd the Sack of Orleans; The treach'rous manner of his mournful death, And what a terror he had been to France. But, lords, in all our bloody massacre, I muse, we met not with the Dauphin's Grace, His new-come champion, virtuous Joan of Arc, Nor any of his false confederates.

Bed. 'Tis thought, lord Talbot, when the fight began, Rous'd on the sudden from their drowsy beds, They did amongst the troops of armed men Leap o'er the walls, for refuge in the field.

Bur.

Bur. My felf, as far as I could well discern For smoak and dusky vapours of the night, Am sure, I scar'd the Dauphin and his trull: When, arm in arm, they both came swiftly running, Like to a pair of loving Turtle Doves, That could not live asunder day or night. After that things are set in order here, We'll follow them with all the pow'r we have.

## Enter a Messenger.

Mess. All hail, my lords; which of this princely train Call ye the warlike Talbot, for his acts
So much applauded through the realm of France?
Tal. Here is the Talbot, who would speak with him?

Meff. The virtuous lady, Counters of Auvergne, With modesty, admiring thy renown,

By me intreats, great lord, thou would'st vouchsafe. To visit her poor Castle where she lies;

That she may boast she hath beheld the man, Whose glory fills the world with loud report.

Bur. Is it ev'n so? nay, then, I see, our wars Will turn into a peaceful comick sport; When ladies crave to be encounter'd with. You can't, my lord, despise her gentle suit.

Tal. Ne'er trust me then; for when a world of men Could not prevail with all their oratory, Yet hath a woman's kindness over-rul'd: And therefore tell her, I return great thanks; And in submission will attend on her.

Will not your honours bear me company?

Bed. No, truly, that is more than manners will:

And I have heard it faid, unbidden guests Are often welcomest when they are gone.

Tal. Well then, alone, fince there's no remedy,

I mean to prove this lady's courtefy.

Come hither, captain; you perceive my mind. [Weispers. Capt. I do, my lord, and mean accordingly. [Execut. S C E N E

#### S C E N E IV.

The Countess of Auvergne's Castle.

Enter the Countess, and her Porter.

Count. DOrter, remember what I gave in charge; And, when you've done so, bring the keys

Port. Madam, I will. Exit. Count. The plot is laid: if all things fall out right, I shall as famous be by this exploit, As Scythian Tomyris by Cyrus' death. <sup>3</sup> Great is the rumour of this dreadful Knight, And his atchievements of no less account: Fain would mine eyes be witness with mine ears, <sup>2</sup> To give their censure of these rare reports.

## Enter Messenger, and Talbot.

Mess. Madam, according as your ladyship By message crav'd, so is lord Talbot come. Count. And he is welcome; what! is this the man? Mess. Madam, it is.

Count. Is this the scourge of France? Is this the Talbot fo much fear'd abroad, That with his name the mothers still their babes? I fee, report is fabulous and false, I thought, I should have seen some Hercules; A fecond Hettor, for his grim aspect, And large proportion of his strong-knit limbs. Alas! this is a child, a filly dwarf: It cannot be, this weak and writhled Shrimp Should strike such terror in his enemies.

Tal. Madam, I have been bold to trouble you:

I Great is the rumour \_\_\_ ] Rumour, for reputation. 2 To give their censure \_\_\_ ] Censure, for judgment simply.

But since your ladyship is not at leisure, I'll fort some other time to visit you.

Count. What means he now? Go ask him, whither

he goes.

Mess. Stay, my lord Talbot; for my lady craves To know the cause of your abrupt departure.

Tal. Marry, for that she's in a wrong belief,
I go to certifie her, Talbot's here.

## Enter Porter with keys.

Count. If thou be he, then art thou prisoner.

Tal. Pris'ner? to whom?

Count. To me, blood-thirsty lord:
And for that cause I train'd thee to my house.
Long time thy shadow hath been thrall to me,
For in my gallery thy picture hangs:
But now the substance shall endure the like,
And I will chain these legs and arms of thine,
That hast by tyranny these many years
Wasted our country, slain our citizens,
And set our fons and husbands captivate.

Tal. Ha, ha, ha.

Count. Laughest thou, wretch? thy mirth shall turn to moan.

Tal. I laugh to fee your ladyship fo fond, To think, that you have aught but Talbot's shadow Whereon to practise your severity.

Count. Why? art not thou the man?

Tal. I am, indeed.

Count. Then have I substance too.

Tal. No, no, I am but shadow of my self: You are deceiv'd, my substance is not here; For what you see, is but the smallest part And least proportion of humanity: I tell you, Madam, were the whole frame here, It is of such a spacious losty pitch, Your roof were not sufficient to contain it.

Count.

Count. This is a riddling merchant for the nonce; He will be here, and yet he is not here: How can these contrarieties agree?

Tal. That will I shew you presently.

Winds his horn; drums strike up; a peal of Ordnance. Enter Soldiers.

How fay you, Madam? are you now persuaded, That Talbot is but shadow of himself? These are his substance, sinews, arms and strength, With which he yoaketh your rebellious necks; Razeth your cities, and subverts your towns; And in a moment makes them desolate.

Count. Victorious Talbot, pardon my abuse; I find, thou art no less than fame hath bruited, And more than may be gather'd by thy shape. Let my presumption not provoke thy wrath; For, I am forry, that with reverence I did not entertain thee as thou art.

Tal. Be not difmay'd, fair lady; nor misconstruct. The mind of Talbot, as you did mistake. The outward composition of his body. What you have done, hath not offended me: Nor other satisfaction do I crave, But only with your patience that we may Taste of your wine, and see what cates you have; For soldiers' stomachs always serve them well.

Count. With all my heart, and think me ho-

noured
To feast so great a warrior in my house.

Exeunt.

### SCENE

Changes to London, in the Temple garden.

Enter Richard Plantagenet, Warwick, Somerset, Suffolk, and others.

Plan. GReat lords and gentlemen, what means this filence?

Dare no man answer in a case of truth?

Suf. Within the Temple-hall we were too loud, The garden here is more convenient.

Plan. Then fay at once, if I maintain'd the truth:

Or else was wrangling Somerset in th' error? Suf. Faith, I have been a truant in the law;

I never yet could frame my will to it, And therefore frame the law unto my will.

Som. Judge you, my lord of Warwick, then between us.

War. Between two hawks, which flies the higher pitch,

Between two dogs, which hath the deeper mouth, Between two blades, which bears the better temper, Between two horses, which doth bear him best, Between two girls, which hath the merriest eye; I have, perhaps, some shallow spirit of judgment: But in these nice sharp quillets of the law, Good faith, I am no wifer than a daw.

*Plan.* Tut, tut, here is a mannerly forbearance. The truth appears so naked on my side,

That any pur-blind eye may find it out.

Som. And on my fide it is so well apparell'd,

So clear, fo shining, and so evident,

That it will glimmer through a blind man's eye.

Plan. Since you are tongue-ty'd, and fo loth to fpeak, In dumb fignificants proclaim your thoughts: Let him, that is a true-born gentleman,

And

And stands upon the honour of his birth, If he suppose that I have pleaded truth,

From off this briar pluck a white rose with me.

Som. Let him that is no coward, and no flatterer, But dare maintain the party of the truth, Pluck a red rose from off this thorn with me.

War. I love no colours; and without all colour

Of base infinuating flattery,

I pluck this white rose with Plantagenet.

Suf. I pluck this red rose with young Somerset,

And fay withal, I think, he held the right.

Ver. Stay, lords and gentlemen, and pluck no more, 'Till you conclude, that he, upon whose side The fewest roses are crop'd from the tree, Shall yield the other in the right opinion.

Som. Good master Vernon, it is well objected;

If I have fewest, I subscribe in silence.

Plan. And I.

Ver. Then for the truth and plainness of the case, I pluck this pale and maiden blossom here, Giving my verdict on the white rose side.

Som. Prick not your finger as you pluck it off, Lest, bleeding, you do paint the white rose red;

And fall on my fide so against your will. Ver. If I, my lord, for my opinion bleed, Opinion shall be surgeon to my hurt;

And keep me on the fide, where still I am.

3 From off this briar pluck a white rose with me. &c.] This is given as the original of the two badges of the house of York and Lancaster, whether truly or not, is no great matter. But the proverbial expression of saying a thing under the Rose, I am persuaded, came from thence. When the nation had ranged itself into two great sactions, under the white and red Rose, and were perpetually plotting and counterplotting against one another, then when a matter of saction was communicated by either party to his friend in the same quarrel, it was natural for him to add, that he said it under the Rose; meaning that, as it concern'd the saction, it was religiously to be kept secret.

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Som. Well, well, come on; who else?

Lawyer. Unless my study and my books be false,
The argument, you held, was wrong in you;

[To Somerset.

In fign whereof I pluck a white rose too.

Plan. Now, Somerset, where is your argument? Som. Here in my scabbard, meditating that Shall dye your white rose to a bloody red.

Plan. Mean time, your cheeks do counterfeit our

Roses;

For pale they look with fear, as witnessing The truth on our side.

Som. No, Plantagenet,

Tis not for fear, but anger, that thy cheeks Blush for pure shame to counterfeit our Roses; And yet thy tongue will not confess thy error.

Plan. Hath not thy Rose a canker, Somerset?
Som. Hath not thy Rose a thorn, Plantagenet?

Plan. Ay, sharp and piercing to maintain his truth;

Whiles thy confuming canker eats his falfhood.

Som. Well, I'll find friends to wear my bleeding Roses,

That shall maintain what I have said is true, Where salse *Plantagenet* dare not be seen.

Plan. Now by this maiden blossom in my hand,

I fcorn thee and thy Fashion, peevish boy.

Suf. Turn not thy fcorns this way, Plantagenet.

Plan. Proud Pool, I will; and fcorn both him and thee.

Suf. I'll turn my part thereof into thy throat.

4 I from thee and thy Fashion, — ] So the old copies read, and rightly. Mr. Theobald altered it to Fastion, not considering that by fashion is meant the badge of the red-rose, which Somerset said he and his friends should be distinguished by. But Mr. Theobald asks, If Fastion was not the true reading, why should Susfolk immediately reply,

Turn not thy scorns this way, Plantagenet? Why? because Plantagenet had called Somerset, with whom Suf-

folk fided, peevist boy.

Som.

Som. Away, away, good William de la Pool!
We grace the Yeoman by conversing with him.
War. Now, by God's will, thou wrong'st him,
Somerset.

His grandfather was Lyonel Duke of Clarence, Third fon to the third Edward King of England: Spring crestless Yeomen from so deep a root?

Plan. He bears him on the place's privilege,

Or durst not for his craven heart say thus.

Som. By him that made me, I'll maintain my words On any plot of ground in Christendom.

Was not thy father, Richard, Earl of Cambridge,
For treason headed in our late King's days?

And by his treason stand'st not thou attainted,

6 Corrupted and exempt from ancient gentry?

His trespass yet lives guilty in thy blood;

And, till thou be restor'd, thou art a yeoman.

Plan. My father was attached, not attainted; Condemn'd to die for treason, but no traitor; And that I'll prove on better men than Somerset, Were growing time once ripen'd to my will. For your partaker Pool, and you your felf, I'll note you in my book of memory, To scourge you 7 for this apprehension; Look to it well, and say, you are well warn'd.

Som. Ah, thou shalt find us ready for thee still, And know us by these colours for thy foes:

For these my friends, in spight of thee, shall wear. Plan. And by my soul, this pale and angry rose, As cognizance of my blood-drinking hate,

Will I for ever and my faction wear; Until it wither with me to my grave, Or flourish to the height of my degree.

<sup>5</sup> Spring creftless Yeomen --- ] i. e. those who have no right to arms.

<sup>6</sup> Corrupted and exempt. ] Exempt, for excluded.
7 — for this apprehension: ] Apprehension, i. e. opinion.
H h 2 Suf.

Suf. Go forward, and be choak'd with thy ambition:
And fo farewel, until I meet thee next. [Exit.
Som. Have with thee, Pool: farewel, ambitious
Richard. [Exit.

Plan. How I am brav'd, and must perforce endure it!
War. This blot, that they object against your house,
Shall be wip'd out in the next Parliament,
Call'd for the truce of Winchester and Gloucester:
And if thou be not then created York,
I will not live to be accounted Warwick.
Mean time, in signal of my love to thee,
Against proud Somerset and William Pool,
Will I upon thy party wear this rose.
And here I prophesie; this brawl to day,
Grown to this saction, in the Temple-garden,

A thousand souls to death and deadly night.

Plan. Good master Vernon, I am bound to you;

Shall fend, between the red rose and the white,

That you on my behalf would pluck a flow'r. Ver. In your behalf still will I wear the same.

Lawyer. And fo will I. Plan. Thanks, gentle Sir.

Come, let us four to dinner; I dare fay, This quarrel will drink blood another day.

[Exeunt.

#### S C E N E VI.

# A Prison.

Enter Mortimer, brought in a chair, and jailors.

Mor. IND keepers of my weak decaying age, Let dying Mortimer here rest himself. F.v'n like a man new haled from the rack, So fare my limbs with long imprisonment: And these grey locks, the pursuivants of death, Nestor-like aged in an age of care, Argue the end of Edmund Mortimer.

These

These eyes, like lamps whose wasting oil is spent, Wax dim, 8 as drawing to their exigent.

Weak shoulders over-born with burthening grief, And pithless arms, like to a wither'd vine
That droops his sapless branches to the ground:
Yet are these feet, whose strengthless stay is numb, (Unable to support this lump of clay)
Swift-winged with desire to get a grave;
As witting, I no other comfort have.
But tell me, keeper, will my nephew come?

Keep. Richard Plantagenet, my lord, will come; We fent unto the Temple, to his chamber; And answer was return'd, that he will come.

Mor. Enough; my foul then shall be fatisfy'd. Poor gentleman, his wrong doth equal mine. Since Henry Monmouth first began to reign, (Before whose glory I was great in arms,) This loathsom sequestration have I had; And, ev'n since then, hath Richard been obscur'd, Depriv'd of honour and inheritance. But now the arbitrator of despairs, Just death, kind umpire of men's miseries, With sweet enlargement doth dismiss me hence. I would, his troubles likewise were expir'd, That so he might recover what was lost!

## Enter Richard Plantagenet.

Keep. My lord, your loving nephew now is come.

Mor. Richard Plantagenet, my friend, is he come?

Plan. I, noble uncle, thus ignobly us'd,

Your nephew, late-despised Richard, comes.

Mor. Direct mine arms, I may embrace his neck, And in his bosom spend my latest gasp.
Oh, tell me, when my lips do touch his cheeks;

<sup>8 —</sup> as drawing to their exigent.] Exigent, for conclusion, period.

That I may kindly give one fainting kifs. And now declare, sweet stem from York's great stock, Why didst thou say, of late thou wert despis'd?

Flan. First, lean thine aged back against mine arm, And in that ease I'll tell thee my Disease. This day, in argument upon a case, Some words there grew 'twixt Somer fet and me: 9 Amongst which terms he us'd his lavish tongue. And did upbraid me with my father's death; Which obloquy fet bars before my tongue, Else with the like I had requited him. Therefore, good uncle, for my father's fake, In honour of a true Plantagenet, And for alliance' fake, declare the cause My father Earl of Cambridge lost his head.

Mcr. This cause, fair nephew, that imprison'd me; And hath detain'd me all my flow'ring youth Within a loathfome dungeon there to pine,

Was curfed instrument of his decease.

Plan. Discover more at large what cause that was,

For I am ignorant and cannot guess.

Mer. I will, if that my fading breath permit; And death approach not, ere my tale be done. Henry the Fourth, grandfather to this King, Depos'd his cousin Richard, Edward's son: The first-begotten, and the lawful heir Of Edward King, the third of that descent. During whose reign the Percies of the north, Finding his usurpation most unjust, Endeavour'd my advancement to the throne. The reason mov'd these warlike lords to this, Was, for that young King Richard thus remov'd, Leaving no heir begotten of his body, I was the next by birth and parentage:

For

<sup>9</sup> Amongst which terms he us'd his lawish'd tongue,] I rather think Shakespear wrote, -loos'd his lavish tongue.

For by my mother I derived am From Lyonel Duke of Clarence, the third fon To the Third Edward; whereas Bolingbroke From John of Gaunt doth bring his pedigree, Being but the Fourth of that heroick Line. But mark; as in this haughty great attempt They laboured to plant the rightful heir; I lost my liberty, and they their lives. Long after this, when Henry the Fifth After his father Bolingbroke did reign, Thy father, Earl of Cambridge, (then deriv'd From famous Edmund Langley, Duke of York, Marrying my fifter, that thy mother was;) Again in pity of my hard distress Levied an army, weening to redeem And re-instal me in the Diadem: But as the rest, so fell that noble Earl, And was beheaded. Thus the Mortimers, In whom the title rested, were supprest.

Plan. Of which, my lord, your Honour is the last.

Mor. True; and thou feest, that I no issue have;

And that my fainting words do warrant death:

Thou art my heir; the rest I wish thee gather:

But yet be wary in thy studious care.

Plan. Thy grave admonishments prevail with me:

But yet, methinks, my father's execution Was nothing less than bloody tyranny.

Mor. With filence, nephew, be thou politick: Strong-fixed is the House of Lancaster, And, like a mountain, not to be remov'd. But now thy uncle is removing hence; As Princes do their Courts, when they are cloy'd With long continuance in a settled place.

Plan. O uncle, would some part of my young years

Might but redeem the passage of your age!

Mort. Thou dost then wrong me, as that slaught'rer doth,

Hh4

Which

Which giveth many wounds when one will kill. Mourn not, except thou forrow for my good; Only give order for my funeral. And so farewel; and fair (a) befal thy hopes,

And profp'rous be thy life, in peace and war! [Dies.

Plan. And peace, no war, befal thy parting foul!

Plan. And peace, no war, befal thy parting foul! In prison hast thou ipent a pilgrimage,
And, like a hermit, over-past thy days.
Well; I will lock his counsel in my breast;
And what I do imagine, let that rest.
Keepers, convey him hence; and I my self
Will see his burial better than his life.

Here lies the dusky torch of Mortimer,
Choak'd with ambition of the meaner fort.
And for those wrongs, those bitter injuries,
Which Somerset hath offer'd to my House,
I doubt not but with honour to redress.
And therefore haste I to the Parliament;
Either to be restored to my blood,
Or make my (b) Ill th' advantage of my Good. Exit.

I Here DIES the durly terch—] The image is of a terch just extinguished, and yet smooking. But we should read LIES instead of DIES. For when a dead man is represented by an extinguished torch, we must say the torch lies: when an extinguished torch is compared to a dead man, we must say the torch dies. The reason is plain, because integrity of metaphor requires that the terms proper to the thing illustrating, not the thing illustrated, be employed.

2 Ghoak'd quito ambition of the meaner fort.] We are to understand the speaker as reflecting on the ill fortune of Mortimer, in being always made a tool of by the Percies of the north in their rebellious intrigues; rather than in afferting his claim to the crown,

in support of his own princely ambition.

[ (a) befal. Mr. Theobald - Vulg. be all ]

[ (b) Ill. Mr. Theobald .- Velg Will. ]

## ACT III. SCENEI.

#### The PARLIAMENT.

Flourish. Enter King Henry, Exeter, Gloucester, Winchester, Warwick, Somerset, Suffolk, and Richard Plantagenet; Gloucester offers to put up a Bill: Winchester snatches it, and tears it.

#### WINCHESTER.

OM'ST thou with deep premeditated lines, With written pamphlets studiously devis'd? Humphry of Glo'ster, if thou can'st accuse, Or aught intend'st to lay unto my charge, Do it without invention suddenly; As I with sudden and extemporal speech Purpose to answer what thou canst object.

Glou. Presumptuous Priest, this place commands

my patience;

Or thou should'st find, thou hast dishonour'd me. Think not, altho' in writing I prefer'd The manner of thy vile outragious crimes, That therefore I have forg'd, or am not able Verbatim to rehearse the method of my pen. No, Prelate, fuch is thy audacious wickedness, Thy leud, pestif'rous, and dissentious pranks, The very Infants prattle of thy pride. Thou art a most pernicious usurer, Froward by nature, enemy to peace, Lascivious, wanton, more than well beseems A man of thy profession and degree. And for thy treach'ry, what's more manifest? In that thou laid'st a trap to take my life, As well at London-bridge, as at the Tower. Beside, I fear me, if thy thoughts were sifted, The King thy Sovereign is not quite exempt

From

From envious malice of thy fwelling heart. Win. Glo'ster, I do defie thee. Lords, vouchsafe To give me hearing what I shall reply. If I were covetous, perverse, ambitious, As he will have me; how am I fo poor? How haps it then, I feek not to advance Or raise my self? but keep my wonted Calling. And for diffention, who preferreth peace More than I do? except I be provok'd. No. my good lords, it is not That offends; It is not That, which hath incens'd the Duke: It is, because no one should sway but he: No one, but he, should be about the King; And That engenders thunder in his breast, And makes him roar these accusations forth. But he shall know, I am as good -

Glou. As good?

Thou bastard of my grandfather!

Win. Ay, lordly Sir; for what are you, I pray,

But one imperious in another's throne?

Glou. Am not I then Protector, faucy priest? Win. And am not I a prelate of the Church? Glou. Yes, as an out-law in a castle keeps,

And uses it to patronage his theft. Win. Unrev'rend Glo'ster! Glou. Thou art reverend

Touching thy spiritual function, not thy life.

Win. This Rome shall remedy. War. Roam thither then.

Som. My lord, it were your duty to forbear. War. Ay, fee, the Bishop be not over-born.

Som. Methinks, my lord should be religious;

And know the Office that belongs to fuch.

War. Methinks his lordship should be humbler then,

It fitteth not a prelate fo to plead.

Som. Yes, when his holy state is touch'd so near.

War. State, holy or unhallow'd, what of that?

Is not his Grace Protector to the King?

Rich. Plantagenet, I fee, must hold his tongue; Lest it be said, 'Speak, sirrah, when you should; 'Must your bold verdict enter talk with lords? Else would I have a sling at Winchester.

K. Henry. Uncles of Glo'ster, and of Winchester,
The special watchmen of our English weal;
I would prevail, if prayers might prevail,
To join your hearts in love and amity.
Oh, what a scandal is it to our Crown,
That two such noble peers, as ye, should jar!
Believe me, lords, my tender years can tell,
Civil dissention is a vip'rous worm,
That gnaws the bowels of the Common-wealth.

[A noise within; Down with the tawny coats.

K. Henry. What tumult's this?

War. An uproar, I dare warrant,

Begun thro' malice of the Bishop's men.

[A noise again, Stones, Stones.

## S C E N E II.

## Enter Mayor.

Mayor. Oh, my good lords, and virtuous Henry, Pity the city London, pity us; The Bishop and the Duke of Glo'ster's men, Forbidden late to carry any weapon, Have fill'd their pockets full of pebble stones; And, banding themselves in contrary parts, Do pelt so fast at one another's pates, That many have their giddy brains knock'd out: Our windows are broke down in ev'ry street, And we for fear compell'd to shut our shops.

Enter, in Skirmish, with bloody pates.

K. Henry. We charge you on allegiance to our felves,

To hold your flaught'ring hands, and keep the peace: Pray, uncle Glo'ster, mitigate this strife.

i Serv. Nay, if we be forbidden stones, we'll fall to it with our teeth.

2 Serv. Do what ye dare, we are as resolute.

[Skirmish again.

Glou. You of my houshold, leave this prevish broil;

And fet this unaccustom'd fight aside.

3 Serv. My lord, we know your Grace to be a man Just and upright; and for your royal birth Inferior to none but to his Majesty:
And ere that we will suffer such a Prince,
So kind a father of the Common-weal,
To be disgraced by an Inkhorn mate;
We, and our wives, and children, all will sight:
And have our bodies slaughter'd by thy foes.

I Serv. Ay, and the very parings of our nails Shall pitch a field, when we are dead. [Begin again.

Glou. Stay, stay, I say;

And if you love me, as you fay you do, Let me persuade you to forbear awhile.

K. Henry. O, how this discord doth afflict my foul! Can you, my lord of Winchester, behold My sighs and tears, and will not once relent? Who should be pitiful, if you be not? Or who should study to prefer a peace, If holy churchmen take delight in broils?

War. My lord Protector, yield: yield, Winchester; Except you mean with obstinate repulse To slay your Sovereign, and destroy the Realm. Ye see, what mischief, and what murther too, Hath been enacted thro' your enmity: Then be at peace, except ye thirst for blood.

Win.

Win. He shall submit, or I will never yield.

Glou. Compassion on the King commands me stoop;

Or I would see his heart out, ere the priest

Should ever get that privilege of me.

War. Behold, my lord of Winchester, the Duke Hath banish'd moody discontented sury, As by his smoothed brows it doth appear. Why look you still so stern and tragical?

Glou. Here, Winchester, I offer thee my hand.

K. Henry. Fie, uncle Beauford: I have heard you

preach,

That malice was a great and grievous fin:
And will not you maintain the thing you teach,

But prove a chief offender in the same?

War. Sweet King! the Bishop hath a kindly gird: For shame, my lord of Winchester, relent; What, shall a child instruct you what to do?

Win. Well, Duke of Glo'ster, I will yield to thee;

Love for thy love, and hand for hand, I give.

Glou. Ay, but I fear me, with a hollow heart. See here, my friends and loving countrymen, This token ferveth for a flag of truce Betwixt our felves, and all our followers: So help me God, as I diffemble not!

Win. [Aside.] So help me God, as I intend it not! K. Henry. O loving uncle, gentle Duke of Glo'ster, How joyful am I made by this contract!

Away, my masters, trouble us no more; But join in friendship, as your lords have done.

I Serv. Content, I'll to the furgeon's.

2 Serv. So will I.

3 Serv. And I'll fee what phyfick the tavern affords. [Exeunt.

#### S C E N E III.

War. Accept this scrowl, most gracious Sovereign, Which in the right of Richard Plantagenet

We

We do exhibit to your Majesty.

Glou. Well urg'd, my lord of Warwick; For, fweet Prince,

An if your Grace mark ev'ry circumstance, You have great reason to do *Richard* right:

Especially, for those occasions

At Eltham-place I told your Majesty.

K. Henry. And those occasions, uncle, were of force: Therefore, my loving lords, our pleasure is, That Richard be restored to his blood.

War. Let Richard be reftored to his blood, So shall his father's wrongs be recompens'd. Win. As will the rest, so willeth Winchester.

K. Henry. If Richard will be true, not that alone, But all the whole inheritance I give,
That doth belong unto the house of York;
From whence you spring by lineal Descent.

Rich. Thy humble fervant vows obedience, And faithful fervice, till the point of death.

K. Henry. Stoop, then, and fet your knee against my foot.

And in reguerdon of that duty done, I gird thee with the valiant Sword of York. Rife, Richard, like a true Plantagenet, And rife created Princely Duke of York.

Rich. And so thrive Rickard, as thy foes may fall!

And as my duty springs, so perish they,

That grudge one thought against your Majesty!

All. Welcome, high Prince, the mighty Duke of York!

Som. Perish, base Prince, ignoble Duke of York!

[Aside.

Glou. Now will it best avail your Majesty To cross the seas, and to be crown'd in France: The presence of a King engenders love Amongst his subjects and his loyal friends, As it disanimates his enemies.

K. Henry. When Glo'sfer says the word, King Henry goes;

For friendly counsel cuts off many foes.

Glou. Your ships already are in readiness. [Exeunt.

#### Manet Exeter.

Exe. Ay, we may march in England or in France, Not feeing what is likely to enfue; This late diffention, grown betwixt the peers, Burns under feigned ashes of forg'd love; And will at last break out into a slame. As fester'd members rot but by degrees, 'Till bones, and flesh, and finews, fall away; So will this base and envious discord breed. And now I fear that fatal Prophecy, Which in the time of Henry, nam'd the Fifth, Was in the mouth of ev'ry fucking babe; That Henry, born at Monmouth, should win all; And Henry, born at Windsor, should lose all: Which is so plain, that Exeter doth wish, His days may finish ere that hapless time. [Exit.

## SCENE IV.

Changes to Roan in France.

Enter Joan la Pucelle disguis'd, and four Soldiers with Sacks upon their backs.

Pucel. THese are the city-gates, the gates of Roan, Thro' which our policy must make a breach. Take heed, be wary, how you place your words; Talk like the vulgar fort of market-men, That come to gather mony for their corn. If we have entrance, (as, I hope, we shall;) And that we find the slothful Watch but weak, I'll by a sign give notice to our friends;

That

That Charles the Dauphin may encounter them. Sol. Our Sacks shall be a mean to fack the city, And we be lords and rulers over Roan: Therefore we'll knock. [Knocks.

Watch. Qui va là?

Pucel. Paisans, pauvres gens de France. Poor market-folks, that come to fell their corn. Watch. Enter, go in, the market-bell is rung. Pucel. Now, Roan, I'll shake thy bulwarks to the [Exeunt. ground.

Enter Dauphin, Bastard, and Alanson.

Dau. St. Dennis bless this happy stratagem! And once again we'll sleep secure in Roan.

Bast. Here enter'd Pucelle, and her practisants:

Now she is there, how will she specifie Where is the best and safest passage in?

Reig. By thrusting out a torch from yonder tow'r, Which, once discern'd, shews, that her meaning is, No way to that (for weakness) which she enter'd.

Enter Joan la Pucelle on the top, thrusting out a torch burning.

Pucel. Behold, this is the happy wedding torch, That joineth Roan unto her countrymen; But burning fatal to the Talbotites.

Bast. See, noble Charles, the beacon of our friend,

The burning torch in yonder turret stands.

Dau. Now shines it like a comet of revenge,

A prophet to the fall of all our foes.

Reig. Defer no time, delays have dangerous ends; Enter and cry, The Dauphin! presently, And then do execution on the Watch.

[An Alarm; Talbot in an Excursion. Tal France, thou shalt rue this treason with thy tears. If Talbot but survive thy treachery. Pucelle, that witch, that damned forcerefs,

Hath

Hath wrought this hellish mischief unawares; That hardly we escap'd the pride of France. [Exit.

#### S C E N E V.

An alarm: Excursions. Bedford brought in, sick, in a chair. Enter Talbot and Burgundy, without; within, Joan la Pucelle, Dauphin, Bastard, and Reignier, on the walls.

Pucel. Good morrow, gallants, want ye corn for bread?

I think, the Duke of Burgundy will fast, Before he'll buy again at such a rate.

'Twas full of darnel; do you like the taste?

Burg. Scoff on, vile fiend, and shameless curtizan! I trust, ere long to choak thee with thine own; And make thee curse the harvest of that corn.

Dau. Your grace may starve, perhaps, before that time.

Bed. Oh let not words, but deeds, revenge this treason! Pucel. What will you do, good grey-beard? break a lance,

And run a'tilt at death within a chair?

Tal. Foul fiend of France, and hag of all despight, Incompass'd with thy lustful paramours, Becomes it thee to taunt his valiant age, And twit with cowardise a man half dead? Damsel, I'll have a bout with you again, Or else let Talbot perish with his shame.

1 That hardly we escaped the pride of France. ] Pride signifies the haughty power. The same speaker says afterwards, Act 4. Scene 6.

And from the pride of Gallia refcu'd thee.

One would think this plain enough. But what won't a puzzling critic obscure! Mr. Theobald says, Pride of France is an absurd and unmeaning expression, and therefore alters it to Prize of France; and in this is followed by the Oxford Editor.

Vol. IV. Ii Pucel.

Pucel. Are you so hot? yet, Pucelle, hold thy Peace; If Talbot do but thunder, rain will follow.

[They whisper together in counsel.]
God speed the parliament! who shall be the speaker?
Tal. Dare ye come forth, and meet us in the field?
Pucel. Belike, your lordship takes us then for fools,

To try if that our own be ours, or no.

Tal. I speak not to that railing Hecate, But unto thee, Alanson, and the rest.

Will ye, like foldiers, come and fight it out?

Alan. Seignior, no.

Tal. Seignior, hang:——base muleteers of France! Like peasant foot-boys do they keep the walls, And dare not take up arms like gentlemen.

Pucel. Captains, away; let's get us from the walls,

For Talbot means no goodness by his looks.

God be wi'you, my lord: we came, Sir, but to tell you That we are here. [Exeunt from the walls.

Tal. And there will we be too, ere it be long, Or else repreach be Talbot's greatest same! Vow, Burgundy, by honour of thy House, Prick'd on by publick wrongs sustain'd in France, Either to get the town again, or die. And I, as sure as English Henry lives, And as his father here was Conqueror, As sure as in this late-betrayed town Great Caurdelion's heart was buried; So sure I swear, to get the town, or die.

Burg. My vows are equal partners with thy vows. Tal. But ere we go, regard this dying Prince, The valiant Duke of Bedford: come, my lord,

We will bestow you in some better place; Fitter for sickness, and for crazy age.

Bed. Lord Talbot, do not fo dishonour me: Here I will sit before the walls of Roan, And will be partner of your weal and woe.

Burg. Couragious Bedford, let us now persuade you.

Bed.

Bed. Not to be gone from hence: for once I read, That flout Pendragon, in his litter fick, Came to the field, and vanquished his foes. Methinks, I should revive the foldiers' hearts; Because I ever found them as my felf.

Tal. Undaunted fpirit in a dying breaft!

Then be it fo: heav'ns keep old Bedford fafe!

And now no more ado, brave Burgundy,

But gather we our forces out of hand,

And fet upon our boafting enemy.

[Exit.

An alarm: excursions: Enter Sir John Fastolfe, and a Captain.

Cap. Whither away, Sir John Fastolfe, in such haste? Fast. Whither away? to save my self by slight. We are like to have the overthrow again.

Cap. What! will you fly, and leave lord Talbot?

Fast. Ay, all the Talbots in the world to save my life.

[Exit.

Cap. Cowardly Knight, ill fortune follow thee! [Exit.

Retreat: excursions. Pucelle, Alanson, and Dauphin fly.

Bed. Now, quiet foul, depart when heav'n shall please;

For I have feen our enemies' overthrow.
What is the trust or strength of foolish man?
They, that of late were daring with their scoffs,
Are glad and fain by flight to save themselves.

Dies; and is carried off in his chair.

# S C E N E VI.

Within the Walls of Roan.

An Alarm: Enter Talbot, Burgundy, and the rest.

Tal. OST and recover'd in a day again?
This is a double honour, Burgundy;

Yet, heav'ns have glory for this victory!

Burg. Warlike and martial Talbot, Burgundy Inshrines thee in his heart; and there erects Thy noble deeds, as Valour's monuments.

Tal. Thanks, gentle Duke; but where is Pucelle

now?

I think, her old Familiar is asleep.

Now where's the Bastard's braves, and 2 Charles his

glikes?

What, all a-mort? Roan hangs her head for grief; That fuch a valiant company are fled.

Now we will take fome order in the town, Placing therein fome expert officers, And then depart to Paris to the King; For there young Henry with his Nobles lyes.

Burg. What wills lord Talbot, pleaseth Burgundy.

Tal. But yet before we go, let's not forget
The noble Duke of Bedford, late deceas'd;
But fee his exequies fulfill'd in Roan.
A braver foldier never couched lance,
A gentler heart did never fway in Court.
But Kings and mightiest Potentates must die,
For that's the end of human misery.

[Exeunt.

### S C E N E VII.

Enter Dauphin, Bastard, Alanson, and Joan la Pucelle.

Pucel. Difmay not, Princes, at this accident, Nor grieve that Roan is fo recovered.

2 — Charles bis glikes ? ] Glikes or scoffs. Mr. Pope.

Care is no cure, but rather corrosive,
For things that are not to be remedy'd.
Let frantick *Talbot* triumph for a while;
And, like a Peacock, sweep along his tail:
We'll pull his plumes and take away his train,
If Dauphin and the rest will be but rul'd.

Dau. We have been guided by thee hitherto, And of thy cunning had no diffidence.

One fudden foil shall never breed distrust.

*Bast.* Search out thy wit for fecret policies, And we will make thee famous through the world.

Alan. We'll fet thy statue in some holy place, And have thee reverenc'd like a blessed Saint. Employ thee then, sweet virgin, for our good.

Pucel. Then thus it must be, this doth Joan devise: By fair persuasions mixt with sugar'd words, We will entice the Duke of Burgundy

To leave the Talbot, and to follow us.

Dau. Ay, marry, sweeting, if we could do That, France were no place for Henry's warriors; Nor shall that Nation boast it so with us, But be extirped from our provinces.

Alan. For ever should they be expuls'd from France,

And not have title of an Earldom here.

Pucel. Your honours shall perceive how I will work, To bring this matter to the wished end.

[Drum beats afar off.

Hark, by the found of drum you may perceive Their powers are marching unto *Paris*-ward.

[Here beat an English march.

There goes the Talbot with his colours fpread, And all the troops of English after him. [French Much. Now, in the rereward, comes the Duke and his: Fortune, in favour, makes him lag behind, Summon a parley, we will talk with him.

[Trumpets sou da parley.

### SCENE

Enter the Duke of Burgundy marching.

Dau. A parley with the Duke of Burgundy. Burg. Who craves a parley with the Burgundy? Pucel. The princely Charles of France, thy country-

Burg. What fayst thou, Charles? for I am marching hence.

Dau. Speak, Pucelle, and enchant him with thy words. Pucel. Brave Burgundy, undoubted hope of France! Stay, let thy humble hand-maid speak to thee.

Burg. Speak on, but be not over-tedious.

Pucel. Look on thy country, look on fertile France; And see the cities, and the towns defac'd

By wasting ruin of the cruel foe.

As looks the mother 3 on her lovely babe, When death doth close his tender dying eyes; See, see the pining malady of France, Behold the wounds, the most unnat'ral wounds, Which thou thy felf hast giv'n her woful breast. Oh, turn thy edged fword another way; Strike those that hurt; and hurt not those that help: One drop of blood, drawn from thy country's bosom, Should grieve thee more than streams of common gore; Return thee, therefore, with a flood of tears,

And wash away thy country's stained spots. Burg. Either she hath bewitch'd me with her words,

Or nature makes me fuddenly relent.

Pucel. Besides, all French and France exclaim on thee:

Doubting thy birth, and lawful progeny. Whom join'ft thou with, but with a lordly nation

That

<sup>3 -</sup> on her LOWLY babe, It is plain Shakespear wrote, LOVELY babe. it answering to fertile France above, which this domestic image is brought to illustrate.

That will not trust thee but for profit's sake? When Taibot hath set footing once in France, And fashion'd thee that instrument of Ill; Who then but English Henry will be lord, And thou be thrust out like a sugitive? Call we to mind, and mark but this for proof; Was not the Duke of Orleans thy soe? And was not he in England prisoner? But when they heard he was thine enemy, They set him free without his ransom paid; In spight of Burgundy, and all his friends. See then, thou sight'st against thy countrymen; And join'st with them, will be thy slaughter-men. Come, come, return; return, thou wand'ring lord; Charles, and the rest will take thee in their arms.

Burg. I'm vanquished. These haughty words of hers Have batter'd me like roaring cannon-shot, And made me almost yield upon my knees. Forgive me, country, and sweet countrymen; And, lords, accept this hearty kind embrace. My forces and my pow'r of men are yours. So farewel, Talbot, I'll no longer trust thee.

Pucel. 4 Done, like a Frenchman: turn, and turn

again! ——

Dau. Welcome, brave Duke! thy friendship makes us fresh.

Bast. And doth beget new courage in our breasts.

Alan. Pucelle hath bravely play'd her part in this,

And doth deserve a Coronet of gold.

Dau. Now let us on, my lords, and join our powers; And feek how we may prejudice the foe. [Exeunt.

4 Done like a Frenchman: turn, and turn again!—] This feems to be an offering of the poet to his royal mistress's refentment, for Henry the Fourth's last great turn in religion, in the year 1593.

# The First Part of

## S C E N E IX.

## Changes to PARIS.

Enter King Henry, Gloucester, Winchester, York, Susfolk, Somerset, Warwick, Exeter, &c. To them Talbot, with his Soldiers.

Hearing of your arrival in this realm,
I have a while giv'n truce unto my wars,
To do my duty to my Sovereign.
In fign whereof, this arm (that hath reclaim'd To your obedience fifty fortreffes,
Twelve cities, and fev'n walled towns of strength,
Beside five hundred prisoners of esteem;)
Lets fall the sword before your Highness' feet:
And with submissive loyalty of heart
Ascribes the glory of his Conquest got,
First to my God, and next unto your Grace.

K. Henry. Is this the fam'd lord Talbot, uncle Glo'fter,

That hath fo long been refident in France?

Glou. Yes, if it please your Majesty, my Liege. K. Henry. Welcome, brave Captain, and victorious lord.

When I was young, (as yet I am not old)
I do remember how my father faid,
A ftouter champion never handled fword.
Long fince we were refolved of your truth,
Your faithful fervice and your toil in war;
Yet never have you tasted your reward,
Or been reguerdon'd with so much as thanks,
Because 'till now we never saw your face:
Therefore stand up, and, for these good deserts,
We here create you Earl of Shrewsbury,
And in our Coronation take your place.

[Exeunt.

Manent

#### Manent Vernon and Baffet.

Ver. Now, Sir, to you that were so hot at sea, Disgracing of these colours that I wear In honour of my noble lord of York;

Dar's thou maintain the former words thou spak's the search of the search

Dar'st thou maintain the former words thou spak'st?

Bas. Yes, Sir, as well as you dare patronage

The envious barking of your faucy tongue Against my lord, the Duke of Somerset.

Ver. Sirrah, thy lord I honour as he is.

Bas. Why, what is he? as good a man as York. Ver. Hark ye; not so: in witness, take you that.

[Strikes bim.

Baf. Villain, thou know'ft, the law of arms is fuch, 'That, whoso draws a fword in th' presence 't's death; Or else this blow should broach thy dearest blood. But I'll unto his Majesty, and crave I may have liberty to venge this wrong; When thou shalt see, I'll meet thee to thy cost.

Ver. Well, miscreant, I'll be there as soon as you; And, after meet you sooner than you would. [Exeunt.

5 That, whose draws a sword, 'tis present death; ] Shakespear wrote,

dracus a sword i'th' presence 't's death;
i. e. in the Court, or in the presence Chamber.



# ACT IV. SCENE I.

## PARIS.

Enter King Henry, Gloucester, Winchester, York, Suffolk, Somerset, Warwick, Talbot, Exeter, and Governor of Paris.

#### GLOUCESTER.

L OR D Bishop, set the Crown upon his head.

Win. God save King Henry, of that name the Sixth!

Glou. Now, Governor of Paris, take your oath, That you elect no other King but him; Esteem none friends, but such as are his friends; And none your foes, but such as shall pretend Malicious practices against his state.

This shall ye do, so help you righteous God!

#### Enter Fastolfe.

Fast. My gracious Sovereign, as I rode from Calais, To haste unto your Coronation; A letter was deliver'd to my hands, Writ to your Grace from th' Duke of Burgundy. Tal. Shame to the Duke of Burgundy, and thee! I vow'd, base Knight, when I did meet thee next, To tear the Garter from thy craven leg, Which I have done; because unworthily Thou wast installed in that high degree. Pardon, my Princely Henry, and the rest: This dastard, at the battle of Poictiers, When but in all I was fix thousand strong, And that the French were almost ten to one, Before we met, or that a stroke was given, Like to a trusty 'squire, did run away. In which affault we loft twelve hundred men:

My felf and divers gentlemen befide Were there furpriz'd, and taken prisoners. Then judge, great lords, if I have done amiss; Or whether that such cowards ought to wear This ornament of knighthood, yea or no?

Glou. To fay the truth, this fact was infamous,

And ill befeeming any common man;

Much more a knight, a captain, and a leader.

Tal. When first this Order was ordain'd, my lords, Knights of the Garter were of noble birth; Valiant and virtuous, full of haughty courage; Such as were grown to Credit by the wars; Not fearing death, nor shrinking for distress, But always resolute in most extremes. He then, that is not furnish'd in this fort, Doth but usurp the facred name of Knight, Prophaning this most honourable Order; And should, if I were worthy to be judge, Be quite degraded, like a hedge-born swain That doth presume to boast of gentle blood.

K. Henry. Stain to thy countrymen! thou hear'st

thy doom:

Be packing therefore, thou that wast a Knight; Henceforth we banish thee on pain of death. [Exit Fast. And now, my lord Protector, view the letter Sent from our uncle Duke of Burgundy.

Glou. What means his Grace, that he hath chang'd

his stile?

No more but plain and bluntly, To the King. [Reading. Hath he forgot, he is his Sovereign? Or doth this churlish superscription Portend some alteration in good will? What's here? I have upon especial cause, Mov'd with compassion of my country's wreck, Together with the pitiful complaints Of such as your oppression feeds upon, Forsaken your pernicious fastion, And join'd with Charles, the rightful King of France.

O monstrous treachery! can this be so? That in alliance, amity, and oaths,

There should be found such false dissembling guile? K. Henry. What! doth my uncle Burgundy revolt? Glou. He doth, my lord, and is become your foe. K. Henry. Is that the worst this letter doth contain? Glou. It is the worst, and all, my lord, he writes. K. Henry. Why then, lord Talbot there shall talk

with him,

And give him chastisement for this abuse.

My lord, how say you, are you not content?

Tal. Content, my Liege? yes: but that I am prevented,

I should have begg'd I might have been employ'd.

K. Henry. Then gather strength, and march unto him strait:

Let him perceive how ill we brook his treason,
And what offence it is to flout his friends.

Tal. I go, my lord, in heart desiring still
You may behold confusion of your foes. [Exit Talbot.

### S C E N E II.

#### Enter Vernon and Basset.

Ver. Grant me the combat, gracious Sovereign.

Bas. And me, my lord; grant me the combat too.

York. This is my servant; hear him, noble Prince.

Som. And this is mine; sweet Henry, savour him.

K. Henry. Be patient, lords, and give them leave to speak.

Say, gentlemen, what makes you thus exclaim?
And wherefore crave you combat? or with whom?

Ver. With him, my lord, for he hath done me wrong.

Baf. And I with him, for he hath done me wrong.

K. Henry. What is the wrong whereon you both complain?

First let me know, and then I'll answer you.

Bsf.

Baf. Croffing the fea from England into France, This fellow here, with envious, carping tongue, Upbraided me about the rofe I wear; Saying, the fanguine colour of the leaves Did represent my master's blushing cheeks; When stubbornly he did repugn the truth About a certain question in the law, Argu'd betwixt the Duke of York and him; With other vile and ignominious terms. In confutation of which rude reproach, And in defence of my lord's worthiness, I crave the benefit of law of arms.

Ver. And that is my petition, noble lord; For though he fee n with forged quaint conceit. To fet a gloss upon his bold intent, Yet, know, my lord, I was provok'd by him; And he first took exceptions at this badge,

Pronouncing, that the paleness of this flow'r Bewray'd the faintness of my master's heart.

York. Will not this malice, Somerfet, be left? Som. Your private grudge, my lord of York, will out, Though ne'er so cunningly you smother it.

K. Henry. Good lord! what madness rules in brainfick men!

When, for so slight and frivolous a cause, Such factious emulations shall arise! Good cousins both of *York* and *Somerset*, Quiet your selves, I pray, and be at peace.

York. Let this diffention first be try'd by fight, And then your Highness shall command a peace.

Som. The quarrel toucheth none but us alone; Betwixt our felves let us decide it then.

York. There is my pledge; accept it, Somerset, Ver. Nay, let it rest, where it began at first. Bas. Confirm it so? mine honourable lord. Glou. Confirm it so? consounded be your strife,

And perish ye with your audacious prate;

Presumptuous

Prefumptuous vassals! are you not asham'd With this immodest clamorous outrage To trouble and diffurb the King, and us? And you, my lords, methinks, you do not well To bear with their perverse objections: Much less to take occasion from their mouths To raise a mutiny betwixt your selves: Let me persuade you, take a better course. [friends. Exe. It grieves his Highness: good my lords, be K. Henry. Come hither you, that would be combatants: Henceforth I charge you, as you love our favour, Quite to forget this quarrel and the cause. And you, my lords; remember where we are; In France, amongst a fickle wavering nation: If they perceive diffention in our looks, And that within our felves we disagree, How will their grudging stomachs be provok'd To wilful Disobedience, and Rebel? Beside, what infamy will there arise, When foreign Princes shall be certify'd, That for a toy, a thing of no regard, King Henry's Peers and chief Nobility Destroy'd themselves, and lost the realm of France? O, think upon the Conquest of my father, My tender years, and let us not forego That for a trifle, which was bought with blood. Let me be Umpire in this doubtful strife: I see no reason, if I wear this rose, That any one should therefore be suspicious I more encline to Somerset, than York. Both are my kinfmen, and I love them both. As well they may upbraid me with my Crown, Because, forsooth, the King of Scots is crown'd. But your discretions better can persuade, Than I am able to instruct or teach: And therefore, as we hither came in peace, So let us still continue peace and love. Cousin of York, we institute your Grace

To be our Regent in these parts of France: And, good my lord of Somerset, unite Your troops of horsemen with his bands of foot; And, like true subjects, sons of your progenitors, Go chearfully together, and digest Your angry choler on your enemies. Our felf, my lord Protector, and the rest, After some respite, will return to Calais; From thence to England; where I hope ere long To be presented, by your victories, With Charles, Alanson, and that trait'rous rout.

Flourish. Exeunt.

Manent York, Warwick, Exeter, and Vernon.

War. My lord of York, I promise you, the King Prettily, methought, did play the orator.

York. And so he did; but yet I like it not,

In that he wears the badge of Somerset.

War. Tush, that was but his fancy, blame him not; I dare prefume, fweet Prince, he thought no harm. York. And, if I (a) wis, he did. —But let it rest; Other affairs must now be managed. Exeunt.

#### Manet Exeter.

Exe. Well didst thou, Richard, to suppress thy voice: For had the passions of thy heart burit out, I fear, we should have seen decypher'd there More ranc'rous spight, more furious raging broils, Than yet can be imagin'd or suppos'd. But howfoe'er, no fimple man that fees This jarring discord of Nobility, This should'ring of each other in the Court, This factious bandying of their favourites; But that he doth presage some ill event. 'Tis much, when scepters are in childrens' hands; But more, when envy breeds unkind division: There comes the ruin, there begins confusion. [Exit.

[ (a) Wis. Mr. Theobald. - Vulg. wish. ]

SCENE

# S C E N E III.

Before the Walls of Bourdeaux.

Enter Talbot with trumpets, and drum:

Tal. GO to the gates of Bourdeaux, trumpeter, Summon their General unto the Wall. [Sounds.

Enter General, aloft.

English John Talbot, Captains, calls you forth, Servant in arms to Harry King of England; And thus he would. —— Open your city-gates, Be humbled to us, call my Sovereign yours, And do him homage as obedient subjects, And I'll withdraw me and my bloody pow'r. But if you frown upon this proffer'd peace, You tempt the fury of my three attendants, Lean famine, quartering steel, and climbing fire; Who in a moment even with the earth Shall lay your stately and air-braving tow'rs, If you forsake the offer of their love.

Gen. Thou ominous and fearful owl of death, Our nation's terror, and their bloody feourge! The period of thy tyranny approacheth. On us thou canst not enter, but by death: For, I protest, we are well fortify'd; And strong enough to issue out and sight,

If thou retire, the Dauphin, well appointed, Stands with the fnares of war to tangle thee. On either hand thee, there are fquadrons pitch'd To wall thee from the liberty of flight; And no way canft thou turn thee for redrefs: But death doth front thee with apparent spoil; And pale destruction meets thee in the face.

Ten thousand *French* have ta'en the sacrament, To rive their dangerous artillery

Upon

Upon no christian soul but English Talbot.
Lo! there thou stand'st, a breathing valiant man,
Of an invincible, unconquer'd spirit:
This is the latest glory of thy praise,
That I thy enemy due thee withal;
For ere the glass, that now begins to run,
Finish the process of this sandy hour,
These eyes, that see thee now well coloured,
Shall see thee wither'd, bloody, pale and dead.

Hark! hark! the Dauphin's drum, a warning bell,

Sings heavy musick to thy tim'rous soul; And mine shall ring thy dire departure out.

[Exit from the walls.

Tal. He fables not: I hear the enemy:
Out, some light horsemen, and peruse their wings.
O, negligent and heedless discipline!
How are we park'd, and bounded in a pale?
A little herd of England's tim'rous Deer,
Maz'd with a yelping kennel of French curs.
If we be English Deer, be then in blood;
Not rascal-like to fall down with a pinch,
But rather moody, mad, and desp'rate Stags,
Turn on the bloody hounds with heads of steel,
And make the cowards stand aloof at bay.
Sell every man his life as dear as mine,
And they shall find dear Deer of us, my friends.
God and St. George, Talbot, and England's right,
Prosper our Colours in this dangerous sight!

TExeunt,

#### E IV.

Another Part of France.

Enter a Messenger, that meets York. Enter York, with trumpet, and many soldiers.

York. A R E not the speedy scouts return'd again,
That dogg'd the mighty army of the Dauphin?

Mess. They are return'd, my lord, and give it out That he is march'd to Bourdeaux with his pow'r, To fight with Talbot; as he march'd along, By your espyals were discovered Two mightier troops than that the Dauphin led, Which join'd with him, and made their march for Bourdeaux.

York. A plague upon that villain Somerset, That thus delays my promifed supply Of horsemen, that were levied for this siege! Renowned Talbot doth expect my aid, And I am lowted by a traitor villain, And cannot help the noble chevalier: God comfort him in this necessity! If he miscarry, farewel wars in France.

### Enter Sir William Lucy.

Lucy. Thou princely leader of our English strength, Never so needful on the earth of France, Spur to the rescue of the noble Talbot; Who now is girdled with a waste of iron, And hem'd about with grim destruction: To Bourdeaux, warlike Duke; to Bourdeaux, York! Else farewel Talbot, France, and England's honour. York. O God! that Somerset, who in proud heart

Doth stop my cornets, were in Talbot's place!

So should we save a valiant gentleman, By forfeiting a traitor and a coward: Mad ire, and wrathful fury, makes me weep, That thus we die, while remis traitors sleep.

Lucy. O, fend fome fuccour to the diffres'd lord! York. He dies, we lofe; I break my warlike word: We mourn, France smiles; we lose, they daily get:

All long of this vile traitor Somerfet.

Lucy. Then God take mercy on brave Talbot's foul, And on his fon young John! whom, two hours fince, I met in travel towards his warlike father; This fev'n years did not Talbot fee his fon,

And now they meet, where both their lives are done.

Tork. Alas! what joy shall noble Talbot have,
To bid his young fon welcome to his grave!
Away! vexation almost stops my breath,
That sundred friends greet in the hour of death.
Lucy, farewel; no more my fortune can,
But curse the cause; I cannot aid the man.
Maine, Bloys, Poistiers, and Tours are won away,
Long all of Somerset, and his delay.

[Exit.]

Lucy. Thus while the vulture of fedition
Feeds in the bosom of such great commanders,
Sleeping neglection doth betray to loss
The Conquests of our scarce-cold Conqueror;
That ever-living man of memory,
Henry the Fifth!—While they each other cross,
Lives, honours, lands, and all, hurry to loss. [Exit.

# S C E N E V.

Another Part of France.

Enter Somerset, with his army.

Som. T is too late; I cannot fend them now: This expedition was by York and Talbot Too rashly plotted. All our gen'ral force

Kk2

Might

Might with a fally of the very town
Be buckled with. The over-daring Talbot
Hath fullied all his glofs of former honour,
By this unheedful, desp'rate, wild adventure:
York set him on to sight, and die in shame,
That, Talbot dead, great York might bear the name.

Capt. Here is Sir William Lucy, who with me Set from our o'er-match'd forces forth for aid.

## Enter Sir William Lucy.

Som. How now, Sir William, whither were you fent? Lucy. Whither, my lord? from bought and fold lord Talbot:

Who, ring'd about with bold adversity,
Cries out for noble York and Somerset,
To beat affailing death from his weak legions.'
And while the honourable Captain there
Drops bloody sweat from his war-wearied limbs,
And, in advantage ling'ring, looks for rescue;
You, his false hopes, the trust of England's honour,
Keep off aloof with worthless emulation.
Let not your private discord keep away
The levied succours, that should lend him aid;
While he, renowned noble gentleman,
Yields up his life unto a world of odds.
Orleans the Bastard, Charles, and Burgundy,
Alanson, Reignier, compass him about;
And Talbot perisheth by your default.

Som. York fet him on, York should have fent him aid. Lucy. And York as fast upon your Grace exclaims; Swearing, that you with-hold his levied host,

Collected for this expedition.

Som. York lies: he might have fent, and had the horfe? I owe him little duty, and less love,

And take foul fcorn to fawn on him by fending.

Lucy. The fraud of England, not the force of France, Hath now entrapt the noble-minded Talbot:

Never

Never to England shall he bear his life; But dies, betray'd to fortune by your strife.

Som. Come, go; I will dispatch the horsemen strait:

Within fix hours they will be at his aid.

Lucy. Too late comes refcue; he is ta'en, or flain; For fly he could not, if he would have fled: And fly would Talbot never, though he might.

Som. If he be dead, brave Talbot, then adieu! Lucy. His fame lives in the world, his shame in you.

[Exeunt.

### S C E N E VI.

A Field of Battle near Bourdeaux,

Enter Talbot, and his son.

Tal. O Young John Talbot, I did fend for thee To tutor thee in stratagems of war; That Talbot's name might be in thee reviv'd, When fapless age, and weak unable limbs, Should bring thy father to his drooping chair, But, O malignant and ill-boading stars! Now art thou come unto a feast of death, A terrible and unavoided danger. Therefore, dear boy, mount on my swiftest horse; And I'll direct thee how thou shalt escape By fudden flight. Come, dally not; be gone. John. Is my name Talbot? and am I your fon? And shall I fly? O! if you love my mother, Dishonour not her honourable name, To make a bastard, and a slave of me. The world will fay, he is not Talbot's blood, That basely fled, when noble Talbot stood. Tal. Fly, to revenge my death, if I be flain. John. He that flies fo, will ne'er return again.

i To tuter thee in stratagems of war; Stratagem, for art simply.

Kk3

Tal.

Tal. If we both stay, we both are sure to die. John. Then let me stay, and, father, do you sty: Your loss is great, so your regard should be; My worth unknown, no loss is known in me. Upon my death the French can little boast; In yours they will, in you all hopes are lost. Flight cannot stain the honour you have won: But mine it will, that no exploit have done. You sled for vantage, ev'ry one will swear: But if I bow, they'll say, it was for sear. There is no hope that ever I will stay, If the first hour I shrink, and run away. Here, on my knee, 2 I beg mortality, Rather than life preserv'd with infamy.

Tal. Shall all thy mother's hopes lye in one tomb? John. Ay, rather than I'll shame my mother's womb. Tal. Upon my blessing I command thee go. John. To fight I will, but not to fly the foe. Tal. Part of thy father may be sav'd in thee. John. No part of him, but will be shame in me. Tal. Thou never hadst renown, nor canst not lose it. John. Yes, your renowned name; shall slight abuse it? Tal. Thy father's charge shall clear thee from that stain. John. You cannot witness for me, being slain.

If death be so apparent, then both fly.

Tal. And leave my followers here to fight, and die?

My age was never tainted with fuch shame.

John. And shall my youth be guilty of such blame? No more can I be sever'd from your side, Than can your self your self in twain divide: Stay, go, do what you will, the like do I; For live I will not, if my father die.

Tal. Then here I take my leave of thee, fair fon, Born to eclipfe thy life this afternoon:
Come, fide by fide, together live and die;
And foul with foul from France to heaven fly. [Exeunt.

2 --- I beg mortality, ] Mortality, for death.

Alarm:

Alarm: excursions, wherein Talbot's son is hemm'd about, and Talbot rescues him.

Tal. St. George, and victory! fight, foldiers, fight: The Regent hath with Talbot broke his word, And left us to the rage of France's fword. Where is John Talbot? pause, and take thy breath; I gave thee life, and rescu'd thee from death.

John. O, twice my father! twice am I thy fon: The life, thou gav'ft me first, was lost and done; Till with thy warlike sword, despight of fate, To my determin'd time thou gav'ft new date.

Tal. When from the Dauphin's crest thy sword struck fire,

It warm'd thy father's heart with proud defire Of bold-fac'd victory. Then leaden age, Quicken'd with youthful spleen and warlike rage, Beat down Alanson, Orleans, Burgundy, And from the pride of Gallia rescu'd thee. The ireful bastard Orleans, that drew blood From thee, my boy, and had the maidenhood Of thy first Fight, I soon encountered; And, interchanging blows, I quickly shed Some of his baftard blood; and in difgrace Bespoke him thus: Contaminated, base, And mif-begotten blood I spill of thine, Mean and right poor, for that pure blood of mine, Which thou didst force from Talbot, my brave boy Here, purposing the Bastard to destroy, Came in strong rescue. Speak, thy father's care, Art not thou weary, John? how dost thou fare? Wilt thou yet leave the battle, boy, and fly, Now thou art feal'd the fon of Chivalry? Fly, to revenge my death, when I am dead; The help of one stands me in little stead. Oh, too much folly is it, well I wot, To hazard all our lives in one small boat,

IF

If I to day die not with Frenchmens' rage,
To morrow I shall die with mickle age.
By me they nothing gain; and, if I stay,
'Tis but the shortning of my life one day.
In thee thy mother dies, our houshold's name,
My death's revenge, thy youth, and England's same:
All these, and more, we hazard by thy stay;
All these are sav'd, if thou wilt sty away.

John. The fword of Orleans hath not made me smart, These words of yours draw life-blood from my heart.

(a) Out on that vantage bought with such a shame, To save a paltry life, and slay bright same! Before young Talbot from old Talbot fly, The coward horse, that bears me, fall and die! And like me to the peasant boys of France, To be shame's scorn, and subject of mischance. Surely, by all the glory you have won, An if I sly, I am not Talbot's son! Then talk no more of slight, it is no boot; If son to Talbot, die at Talbot's foot.

Tal. Then follow thou thy desp'rate Sire of Crete, Thou Icarus! thy life to me is sweet:

If thou wilt fight, fight by thy father's side;

And, commendable prov'd, let's die in pride. [Exeum.

#### S C E N E VII.

Alarm. Excursions. Enter old Talbot, led.

Tal. Where is my other life? mine own is gone. O! where's young Talbot? where is valiant John? Triumphant Death, smear'd with captivity! Young Talbot's valour makes me smile at thee. When he perceiv'd me shrink, and on my knee, His bloody sword he brandish'd over me;

[ (a) out on that wantage. Mr. Theobald. — Vulg. on that advantage ]

And,

And, like a hungry Lion, did commence Rough deeds of rage, and stern impatience: But when my angry Guardant stood alone, Tendring my ruin, and affail'd of none, Dizzy-ey'd fury and great rage of heart Suddenly made him from my fide to ftart, Into the clustring battle of the French: And, in that fea of blood, my boy did drench His over-mounting spirit; and there dy'd My Icarus! my bloffom in his pride!

Enter John Talbot, borne.

Serv. O my dear lord! lo! where your fon is borne. Tal. Thou antick death, which laugh'st us here to fcorn,

Anon, from thy infulting tyranny, Coupled in bonds of perpetuity, Two Talbots winged through the lither sky, In thy despight, shall 'scape mortality. O thou, whose wounds become hard-favour'd death, Speak to thy father, ere thou yield thy breath. Brave death by speaking, whether he will or no: Imagine him a Frenchman, and thy foe. Poor boy! he fmiles, methinks, as who should fay, " Had death been French, then death had died to day." Come, come, and lay him in his father's arms; My spirit can no longer bear these harms. Soldiers, adieu: I have what I would have, Now my old arms are young John Talbot's Grave.

[Dies.

# ACT V. SCENE I.

Continues near Bourdeaux.

Enter Charles, Alanson, Burgundy, Bastard and Pucelle.

#### CHARLES.

AD York and Somerset brought rescue in, We should have found a bloody day of this.

Baft. How the young whelp of Talbet's raging broad

Did flesh his puny sword in Frenchmens' blood!

Pucel. Once I encounter'd him, and thus I faid:
"Thou maiden youth, be vanquish'd by a maid."
But with a proud, majestical, high scorn
He answer'd thus: "Young Talbot was not born
"To be the pillage of 'a giglot wench."
So, rushing in the Bowels of the French,
He left me proudly, as unworthy fight.

Bur. Doubtless, he would have made a noble Knight:

See, where he lies inherfed in the arms Of the most bloody nurser of his harms.

Bast. Hew them to pieces, hack their bones asunder; Whose life was England's glory, Gallia's wonder.

Char. Oh, no: forbear: for that which we have fled During the life, let us not wrong it dead.

#### Enter Sir William Lucy.

Lucy. Conduct me to the Dauphin's tent, to know Who hath obtain'd the glory of the day.

Char. On what submissive message art thou sent? Lucy. Submission, Dauphin? 'tis a meer French word, We English warriors wot not, what it means. I come to know what prisoners thou hast ta'en, And to survey the bodies of the dead.

a giglot avench ] A drab, firempet. Mr. Pope.

Char.

Char. For prisoners ask'ft thou? hell our prison is.

But tell me whom thou feek'ft?

Lucy. Where is the great Alcides of the field, Valiant lord Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury? Created, for his rare success in arms, Great Earl of Washford, Waterford, and Valence, Lord Talbot of Goodrig and Urchinsteld; Lord Strange of Blackmere, Lord Verdon of Alton, Lord Cromwel of Wingfield, Lord Furnival of Sheffield, The thrice victorious lord of Falconbridge, Knight of the noble Order of St. George, Worthy St. Michael, and the Golden Fleece, Great Marshal to our King Henry the Sixth

Pucel. Here is a filly, stately, stile, indeed: The Turk, that two and fifty Kingdoms hath,

Of all his wars within the realm of France.

Writes not fo tedious a stile as this.

Him that thou magnify'ft with all these titles, Srinking, and fly-blown, lies here at our feet.

Lucy. Is Talbot flain, the Frenchmens' only fcourge, Your kingdom's terrour and black Nemefis? Oh, were mine eye-balls into bullets turn'd, That I in rage might fhoot them at your faces! Oh, that I could but call these dead to life, It were enough to fright the realm of France! Were but his picture lest among you here, It would amaze the proudest of you all. Give me their bodies, that I may bear them hence, And give them burial as beseems their worth.

Pucel. I think, this Upstart is old Talbot's ghost; He speaks with such a proud commanding spirit: For God's sake, let him have 'em; to keep them here,

They would but stink and putrifie the air.

Char. Go, take their bodies hence.

Lucy. I'll bear them hence;

But from their ashes, Dauphin, shall be rear'd A Phœnix, that shall make all France afear'd.

Char.

# The First Part of

Char. So we be rid of them, do what thou wilt: And now to Paris, in this conq'ring vein; All will be ours, now bloody Talbot's flain. [Exeunt.

## S C E N E II.

Changes to England.

Enter King Henry, Gloucester, and Exeter.

K. Henry. HAVE you perus'd the letters from the Pope,

The Emperor, and the Earl of Armagnac?
Glou. I have, my lord; and their intent is this;
They humbly fue unto your Excellence,
To have a godly Peace concluded of,
Between the realms of England and of France.

K. Henry. How doth your Grace affect this motion? Glou. Well, my good lord; and as the only means To stop effusion of our Christian blood,

And stablish quietness on ev'ry side.

K. Henry. Ay, marry, uncle, for I always thought It was both impious and unnatural, That fuch immanity and bloody strife Should reign among professors of one Faith.

Glou. Beside, my lord, the sooner to effect And surer bind this knot of amity,
The Earl of Armagnac, near kin to Charles,
A man of great authority in France,
Prosfers his only daughter to your Grace
In marriage, with a large and sumptuous dowry.

K. Henry. Marriage? alas! my years are yet too young:

And fitter is my study and my books, Than wanton dalliance with a paramour. Yet call th' Ambassadors; and, as you please, So let them have their answers ev'ry one. I shall be well content with any choice, Tends to God's glory, and my Country's weal.

Enter Winchester, and three Ambassadors.

Exe. What, is my lord of Winchester install'd, And call'd unto a Cardinal's degree? Then I perceive That will be verify'd, Henry the Fifth did fometime prophesie: " If once he came to be a Cardinal,

" He'll make his Cap coequal with the Crown."

K. Henry. My lords Ambassadors, your sev'ral suits Have been consider'd and debated on; Your purpose is both good and reasonable: And therefore are we certainly refolv'd To draw conditions of a friendly Peace, Which by my lord of Winchester we mean Shall be transported presently to France.

Glou. And for the proffer of my lord your master, I have inform'd his Highness so at large; As, liking of the lady's virtuous gifts,

Her beauty and the value of her dower, He doth intend She shall be England's Queen.

K. Henry. In argument and proof of which Contract, Bear her this jewel, pledge of my affection. And, so my lord Protector, see them guarded, And fafely brought to Dover; where, inshipp'd, Commit them to the fortune of the sea.

[Exeunt King and Train.

Win. Stay, my lord Legate, you shall first receive The fum of money which I promised Should be deliver'd to his Holiness, For cloathing me in these grave ornaments.

Legate. I will attend upon your lordship's leisure. Win. Now Winchester will not submit, I trow, Or be inferior to the proudest Peer. Humphry of Glo' ster, thou shalt well perceive,

That nor in birth, or for authority,

The

The Bishop will be over-borne by thee:

1'll either make thee stoop, and bend thy knee,
Or sack this country with a mutiny.

[Exeunt.

## S C E N E III.

Changes to France.

Enter Dauphin, Burgundy, Alanson, Bastard, Reignier, and Joan la Pucelle.

Dan. THESE news, my lords, may cheer our drooping spirits:

'Tis faid, the stout *Parisians* do revolt, And turn again unto the warlike *French*.

Alan. Then march to Paris, royal Charles of France, And keep not back your Pow'rs in dalliance.

Pucel. Peace be amongst them, if they turn to us, Else Ruin combat with their Palaces.

#### Enter Scout.

Scout. Success unto our valiant General,
And happiness to his accomplices!

Dau. What tidings fend our scouts? I pr'ythee,

fpeak.

Scout. The English army, that divided was Into two parts, is now conjoin'd in one; And means to give you battle prefently.

Dau. Somewhat too fudden, Sirs, the warning is;

But we will presently provide for them.

Burg. I trust, the ghost of Talbot is not there; Now he is gone, my lord, you need not fear.

Pucel. Of all base passions fear is most accurst. Command the Conquest, Charles, it shall be thine:

Let Henry fret and all the world repine.

Dau. Then on, my lords,; and France be fortunate. [Exeunt.

Alarm:

Alarm: excursions. Enter Joan la Pucelle.

Pucel. The Regent conquers, and the Frenchmen fly. Now help, 2 ye charming Spells and Periapts; And, ye choice Spirits, that admonish me, And give me figns of future accidents; [Thunder. You speedy helpers, that are substitutes Under the lordly monarch of the North, Appear, and aid me in this enterprize.

#### Enter Fiends.

This fpeedy quick appearance argues proof
Of your accustom'd diligence to me.
Now, ye familiar spirits, that are cull'd

Out of the pow'rful regions under earth,
Help me this once, that France may get the field.

[They walk, and speak not.

Oh, hold me not with filence over long:
Where I was wont to feed you with my blood,
I'll lop a member off, and give it you
In earnest of a further benefit:
So you do condescend to help me now.

[They hang their heads.

No hope to have redress? my body shall Pay recompence, if you will grant my suit.

They shake their heads.

Cannot my body, nor blood-facrifice, Intreat you to your wonted furtherance? Then, take my foul; my body, foul and all; Before that *England* give the *French* the foil.

They depart.

See, they forfake me. Now the time is come,

2 — ye charming Spells and Periapts; ] Charms fow'd up, from περιάπ]ω to fow. Ezek. xiii. 18. Wo to them that fow pillows to all arm-holes, to hunt fouls.

Mr. Pope.

3 Out of the pow'rful regions under earth, ] I believe Skake-

Spear wrote legions,

That

That France must vail her lofty plumed crest, And let her head fall into England's lap. My ancient incantations are too weak, And Hell too strong for me to buckle with: Now, France, thy glory droopeth to the dust.

Excursions. Pucelle and York fight hand to hand. Pucelle is taken. The French fly.

York. Damsel of France, I think, I have you fast. Unchain your spirits now with spelling Charms, And try if they can gain your liberty. A goodly prize, fit for the devil's Grace! See, how the ugly witch doth bend her brows, As if, with Circe, she would change my shape.

Pucel. Chang'd to a worfer shape thou canst not be. York. Oh, Charles the Dauphin is a proper man; No shape, but his, can please your dainty eye.

Pucel. A plaguing mischief light on Charles and

thee! And may ye both be fuddenly furpris'd By bloody hands, in fleeping on your beds! York. Fell, banning hag! inchantrefs, hold thy tongue. Pucel. I pr'ythee, give me leave to curse a-while. York. Curse, miscreant, when thou comest to the

#### CEN E IV.

Alarm. Enter Suffolk, with Lady Margaret in his hand.

Suf. Be what thou wilt, thou art my prisoner. Gazes on her.

Oh, fairest beauty, do not fear, nor fly; For I will touch thee but with reverend hands: I kiss these fingers for eternal peace, And lay them gently on thy tender fide. Who art thou? fay; that I may honour thee.

stake.

Mar.

Exeunt.

Mar. Margaret, my name; and daughter to a King; The King of Naples; whosoe'er thou art.

Suf. An Earl I am, and Suffolk am I call'd.

Be not offended, Nature's miracle,

Thou art allotted to be ta'en by me:

So doth the Swan her downy cignets fave,

Keeping them pris'ners underneath her wings.

Yet if this fervile usage once offend,

Go and be free again, as Suffolk's friend. [She is going.

Oh, stay! I have no power to let her pass;

My hand would free her, but my heart fays, no.

As plays the fun upon the glaffy streams, Twinkling another counterfeited beam,

So feems this gorgeous beauty to mine eyes.

Fain would I woo her, yet I dare not speak:

I'll call for pen and ink, and write my mind.

Fie, De la Pole, disable not thy self:

Hast not a tongue? is she not here thy pris'ner?

Wilt thou be daunted at a woman's fight? Ay; beauty's princely Majesty is such,

Confounds the tongue, and makes the fenses rough.

Mar. Say, Earl of Suffolk, if thy name be fo,

What ransom must I pay before I pass? For, I perceive, I am thy prisoner.

Suf. How canst thou tell, she will deny thy suit,

Before thou make a tryal of her love? [Afide. Mar. Why speak'st thou not? what ransom must

I pay?

Suf. She's beautiful; and therefore to be wooed: She is a woman, therefore to be won. [Afide.

Mar. Wilt thou accept of ranfom, yea, or no?

Suf. Fond man! remember, that thou hast a wife; Then how can Margaret be thy paramour? [Aside.

Mar. 'Twere best to leave him, for he will not hear. Suf. There all is marr'd; there lies a cooling card.

Mar. He talks at random; fure, the man is mad.

Vol. IV. L1 Suf.

Suf. And yet a dispensation may be had. Mar. And yet I would, that thou would answer me. Suf. I'll win this lady Margaret. For whom? Why, for my King: Tush, that's a wooden thing. Mar. He talks of wood: it is some carpenter.

Suf. Yet so my fancy may be satisfy'd, And Peace established between these realms. But there remains a scruple in that too: For though her father be the King of Naples, Duke of Anjou and Maine, yet he is poor; And our Nobility will fcorn the match.

Mar. Hear ye me, Captain? are ye not at leisure? Suf. It shall be so, disdain they ne'er so much:

Henry is youthful, and will quickly yield.

Madam, I have a fecret to reveal.

Mar. What tho' I be inthrall'd, he seems a Knight, And will not any way dishonour me. Aside.

Suf. Lady, vouchsafe to listen what I say.

Mar. Perhaps, I shall be rescu'd by the French; And then I need not crave his courtefie. Suf. Sweet Madam, give me hearing in a cause.

Mar. Tush, women have been captivate ere now. [Aside.

Suf. Lady, wherefore talk you so?

Mar. I cry you mercy, 'tis but Quid for Quo. Suf. Say, gentle Princess, would you not suppose

Your bondage happy, to be made a Queen?

Mar. To be a Queen in Bondage, is more vile

Than is a flave in base servility; For Princes should be free.

Suf. And fo shall you,

If happy England's Royal King be free.

Mar. Why, what concerns his freedom unto me? Suf. I'll undertake to make thee Henry's Queen,

To put a golden Scepter in thy hand, And fet a precious Crown upon thy head,

If

If thou wilt condescend to be my-

Mar. What?

Suf. His love.

Mar. I am unworthy to be Henry's wife. Suf. No, gentle Madam; I unworthy am To woo fo fair a dame to be his wife; And have no portion in the choice my felf. How fay you, Madam, are you fo content?

Mar. An if my father please, I am content. Suf. Then call our Captains and our colours forth. And, Madam, at your father's castle-walls, We'll crave a parly to confer with him.

### S C E N E V.

Sound. Enter Reignier on the walls.

Suf. See, Reignier, fee thy daughter prisoner. Reig. To whom?

Suf. To me.

Reig. Suffolk, what remedy? I am a foldier, and unapt to weep, Or to exclaim on fortune's fickleness.

Suf. Yes, there is remedy enough, my lord:
Confent, and for thy honour give confent,
Thy daughter shall be wedded to my King;
Whom I with pain have woo'd and won thereto;
And this her easy-held imprisonment
Hath gain'd thy daughter princely liberty.

ath gain'd thy daughter princely liberty Reig. Speaks Suffolk as he thinks?

Suf. Fair Margaret knows,

That Suffolk doth not flatter, face, or fain.

Reig. Upon thy princely Warrant I descend 3 To give thee answer of thy just demand.

Suf. And here I will expect thy Coming.

Trumpets

# The First Part of

Trumpets sound. Enter Reignier.

Reig. Welcome, brave Earl, into our territories; Command in Anjou, what your Honour pleases.

Suf. Thanks, Reignier, happy in so sweet a child,

Fit to be made companion of a King:

What answer makes your Grace unto my suit?

Reig. Since thou dost deign to woo her little worth, To be the Princely bride of such a lord;

Upon condition I may quietly

Enjoy mine own, the country Maine and Anjou, Free from oppression or the stroke of war,

My daughter shall be *Henry*'s, if he please.

Suf. That is her ransom, I deliver her; And those two Counties, I will undertake, Your Grace shall well and quietly enjoy.

Reig. And I again in Henry's Royal name,

As Deputy unto that gracious King,

Give thee her hand for fign of plighted faith.

Suf. Reignier of France, I give thee kingly thanks,

Because this is in traffick of a King.

And yet, methinks, I could be well content. To be mine own Attorney in this cafe.

I'll over then to England with this News, And make this marriage to be folemniz'd: So farewel, Reignier; fet this diamond safe

In golden Palaces, as it becomes.

Reig. I do embrace thee, as I would embrace The Christian Prince King Henry, were he here.

Mar. Farewel, my lord: good wishes, praise and

pray'rs
Shall Suffolk ever have of Margaret. [She is going.
Suf. Farewel, sweet Madam, hark you, Margaret;

No princely commendations to my King?

Mar. Such commendations as become a maid,

A virgin and his fervant, fay to him.

Suf.

Aside.

Suf. Words fweetly plac'd, and modestly directed. But, Madam, I must trouble you again, No loving token to his Majesty?

Mar. Yes, my good lord, a pure unspotted heart,

Never yet taint with love, I fend the King.

Suf. And this withal. [Kisses her.

Mar. That for thy felf—I will not so presume,

<sup>4</sup> To fend fuch peevilh tokens to a King.

Suf. O, wert thou for my felf! — but, Suffolk, stay; Thou may'st not wander in that labyrinth; There Minotaurs, and ugly treasons, lurk. Sollicit Henry with her wond'rous praise, Bethink thee on her virtues that surmount, Her nat'ral graces that extinguish art; Repeat their semblance often on the seas; That, when thou com'st to kneel at Henry's feet, Thou may'st bereave him of his wits with wonder.

Exeunt.

### S C E N E VI.

Enter York, Warwick, a shepherd, and Pucelle.

York. Bring forth that forceres, condemn'd to burn. Shep. Ah, Joan! This kills thy father's heart outright.

Have I fought ev'ry Country far and near, And now it is my chance to find thee out, Must I behold thy timeless, cruel, death!

Ah, Joan, sweet daughter, I will die with thee.

Pucel. 5 Decrepit miser! base ignoble wretch!

I am descended of a gentler blood.

Thou art no father, nor no friend of mine.

Shep. Out, out! — my lords, an please you, 'tis not so;

4 To send such peevish tokens Peevish, for childish, 5 Decrepit miser! \_\_\_\_] i. e. wretch.

I did beget her, all the parish knows: Her mother, living yet, can testify, She was the first-fruit of my batch'lorship.

War. Graceless, wilt thou deny thy parentage?

York. This argues what her kind of life hath been,

Wicked and vile; and fo her death concludes. Shep. Fie, Joan, that thou wilt be fo obstacle:

God knows, thou art a collop of my flesh, And for thy sake have I shed many a tear; Deny me not, I pray thee, gentle *Joan*.

Pucel. Peafant, avaunt! You have suborn'd this

man

Of purpose to obscure my noble Birth.

Shep. 'Tis true, I gave a noble to the priest,
The morn that I was wedded to her mother.
Kneel down and take my blessing, good my girl.
Wilt thou not stoop? now cursed be the time
Of thy nativity! I would, the milk,
Thy mother gave thee when thou suck'dst her breast,
Had been a little ratsbane for thy sake:
Or else, when thou did'st keep my lambs a-field,
I wish some rav'nous wolf had eaten thee.
Dost thou deny thy father, cursed drab?
O, burn her, burn her; hanging is too good.

[Exit.

York. Take her away, for she hath liv'd too long, To fill the world with vitious qualities.

Pucel. First, let me tell you, whom you have condemn'd;

Not me begotten of a shepherd swain, But issu'd from the progeny of Kings; Virtuous and holy, chosen from above, By inspiration of celestial grace, To work exceeding miracles on earth: I never had to do with wicked Spirits. But you, that are polluted with your lusts,

Stain'd

Stain'd with the guiltless blood of innocents, Corrupt and tainted with a thousand vices, Because you want the grace, that others have, You judge it straight a thing impossible To compass wonders, but by help of devils. No, misconceived Joan of Arc hath been A virgin from her tender infancy, Chafte and immaculate in very thought; Whose maiden blood, thus rig'rously effus'd, Will cry for vengeance at the gates of heav'n.

York. Ay, ay; away with her to execution.

War. And heark ye, Sirs; because she is a maid, Spare for no faggots, let there be enow: Place pitchy barrels on the fatal stake,

That so her torture may be shortened.

Pucel. Will nothing turn your unrelenting hearts? Then, Joan, discover thine infirmity; That warranteth by law to be thy privilege. I am with child, ye bloody homicides: Murther not then the fruit within my womb, Although ye hale me to a violent death.

York. Now heav'n forefend! the holy maid with

child !

War. The greatest miracle that ere you wrought: Is all your strict preciseness come to this?

York. She and the Dauphin have been juggling:

I did imagine, what would be her refuge.

War. Well, go to; we will have no bastards live;

Especially, since Charles must father it.

Pucel. You are deceiv'd, my child is none of his; It was Alanson that enjoy'd my love.

York. Alanson! that notorious Machiavel!

It dies, an if it had a thousand lives.

Pucel. O, give me leave, I have deluded you; 'Twas neither Charles, nor yet the Duke I nam'd, But Reignier, King of Naples, that prevail'd. War.

LlA

War. A married man! that's most intolerable.
York. Why, here's a girl; I think, she knows not well,

(There were fo many) whom she may accuse.

War. It's sign, she hath been liberal and free.

York. And yet forsooth, she is a virgin pure.

Strumpet, thy words condemn thy brat and thee:

Use no intreaty, for it is in vain.

Pucel. Then lead me hence; with whom I leave

my curse.

May never glorious fun reflect his beams
Upon the country where you make abode!
But darkness and the gloomy shade of death
Inviron you, 'till mischief and despair
Drive you to break your necks, or hang your selves!

[Exit guarded.]

York. Break thou in pieces, and consume to ashes,

Thou foul accurfed minister of hell!

### S C E N E VII.

# Enter Cardinal of Winchester:

Car. Lord Regent, I do greet your Excellence With letters of Commission from the King. For know, my lords, the states of Christendom, Mov'd with remorfe of these outrageous broils, Have earnestly implor'd a gen'ral Peace & Betwixt our nation and th' respiring French; And see at hand the Dauphin, and his train, Approaching to confer about some matters.

6 Betwixt our nation and th' ASPIRING French; But would an Ambassador, who came to persuade peace with France, use it as an argument, that France was aspiring. Shakespear without doubt wrote,

i. e. who had but just got into breath again, after having been almost hunted down by the English.

York.

York. Is all our travel turn'd to this effect? After the flaughter of fo many Peers, So many Captains, gentlemen and foldiers, That in this quarrel have been overthrown, And fold their bodies for their country's benefit, Shall we at last conclude effeminate Peace? Have we not lost most part of all the towns, By treason, falshood, and by treachery, Our great progenitors had conquered? Oh, Warwick, Warwick! I foresee with grief The utter loss of all the realm of France.

War. Be patient, York; if we conclude a Peace, It shall be with such strict and severe covenants, As little shall the Frenchmen gain thereby.

Enter Charles, Alanfon, Bastard, and Reignier.

Char. Since, lords of England, it is thus agreed, That peaceful Truce shall be proclaim'd in France; We come to be informed by your selves, What the conditions of that league must be.

York. Speak, Winchester; for boiling choler chokes

The hollow passage of my prison'd voice, By sight of these our baleful Enemies.

Win. Charles and the rest, it is enacted thus:
That in regard King Henry gives consent,
Of meer compassion and of lenity,
To ease your Country of distressful war,
And suffer you to breathe in fruitful Peace;
You shall become true liegemen to his Crown.
And Charles, upon condition thou wilt swear
To pay him tribute and submit thy self,
Thou shalt be plac'd as Viceroy under him;
And still enjoy thy regal dignity.

Alan. Must be then a shadow of himself?

Adorn his temples with a Coronet, And yet in fubstance and authority

Retain

Retain but privilege of a private man? This proffer is abfurd and reasonless.

Char. 'Tis known, already that I am possess Of more than half the Gallian Territories, And therein rev'renc'd for their lawful King. Shall I, for lucre of the rest un-vanquish'd, Detract fo much from that prerogative, As to be call'd but Viceroy of the whole? No, lord Ambaffador, I'll rather keep That which I have, than, coveting for more, Be cast from possibility of all.

York. Infulting Charles, hast thou by secret means

Us'd intercession to obtain a League; And now the matter grows to compromise, Stand'st thou aloof upon comparison? Either accept the title thou usurp'st, Of benefit proceeding from our King, And not of any challenge of defert, Or we will plague thee with inceffant wars.

Reig. My lord, you do not well in obstinacy To cavil in the course of this Contract: If once it be neglected, ten to one,

We shall not find like opportunity.

Alan. To fay the truth, it is your policy, To fave your Subjects from fuch massacre, And ruthless slaughters, as are daily seen By our proceeding in hostility. And therefore take this compact of a Truce,

Although you break it, when your pleasure serves.

Aside, to the Dauphin.

War. How fay'st thou, Charles? shall our Condition stand?

Char. It shall:

Only referv'd, you claim no interest In any of our towns of garrison.

York. Then swear allegiance to his Majesty.

As thou art Knight, never to disobey,
Nor be rebellious to the Crown of England:
Thou, nor thy Nobles, to the Crown of England.
So now dismiss your army, when you please:
Hang up your ensigns, let your drums be still,
For here we entertain a solemn Peace.

[Exeunt.]

### S C E N E VIII.

Changes to England.

Enter Suffolk, in Conference with King Henry; Gloucester, and Exeter.

K. Henry. YOUR wondrous rare description, noble Earl,

Of beauteous *Margaret* hath aftonish'd me: Her virtues, graced with external gifts, Do breed love's settled passions in my heart. And, like as rigour of tempessuous gusts Provokes the mightiest hulk against the tide, So am I driv'n by breath of her renown, Either to suffer shipwreck, or arrive Where I may have fruition of her love.

Suf. Tush, my good lord, this superficial tale Is but a preface to her worthy praise:
The chief perfections of that lovely dame, (Had I sufficient skill to utter them,)
Would make a volume of inticing lines,
Able to ravish any dull conceit.
And, which is more, she is not so divine,
So full replete with choice of all delights,
But with as humble lowliness of mind
She is content to be at your command:
Command, I mean, of virtuous chaste intents,
To love and honour Henry as her lord.

K. Henry. And otherwise will Henry ne'er presume:

Therefore, my lord Protector, give consent, That Marg'ret may be England's Royal Queen. Glou. So should I give consent to flatter fin.

You know, my lord, your Highness is betroth'd

Unto another lady of esteem:

How shall we then dispense with that Contract, And not deface your honour with reproach?

Suf. As doth a Ruler with unlawful oaths; Or one, that at a triumph having vow'd To try his ftrength, forfaketh yet the Lifts By reason of his adversary's odds. A poor Earl's daughter is unequal odds, And therefore may be broke without offence.

Glou. Why, what, I pray, is Marg'ret more than

that?

Her father is no better than an Earl, Although in glorious titles he excel.

Suf. Yes, my good lord, her father is a King, The King of Naples and Jerusalem; And of fuch great Authority in France, That his Alliance will confirm our Peace; And keep the Frenchmen in allegiance.

Glou. And so the Earl of Armagnac may do,

Because he is near kinsman unto Charles.

Exe. Beside, his wealth doth warrant lib'ral Dow'r,

While Reignier sooner will receive, than give.

Suf. A Dow'r, my lords! difgrace not so your King, That he should be so abject, base and poor, To chuse for wealth, and not for perfect love. Henry is able to enrich his Queen; And not to seek a Queen, to make him rich. So worthless peasants bargain for their wives,

As market-men for Oxen, Sheep or Horse. But marriage is a matter of more worth, Than to be dealt in by Attorneyship:

Not whom we will, but whom his Grace affects,

Must

Must be companion of his nuptial bed. And therefore, lords, fince he affects her most, It most of all these reasons bindeth us, In our opinions she should be preferr'd; For what is wedlock forced, but a hell, An age of discord and continual strife? Whereas the contrary bringeth forth Blifs, And is a pattern of celestial Peace. Whom should we match with Henry, being a King, But Marg'ret, that is daughter to a King? Her peerless feature, joined with her birth, Approves her fit for none, but for a King: Her valiant courage, and undaunted spirit, (More than in woman commonly is feen,) Answer our hope in Issue of a King: For Henry, fon unto a Conqueror, Is likely to beget more Conquerors; If with a lady of fo high refolve, As is fair Marg'ret, he be link'd in love. Then yield, my lords, and here conclude with me, That Marg'ret shall be Queen, and none but she.

K. Henry. Whether it be through force of your

report,

My noble lord of Suffolk; or for that
My tender youth was never yet attaint
With any passion of inflaming love,
I cannot tell; but this I am assur'd,
I feel such sharp dissention in my breast,
Such sierce alarums both of hope and fear,
As I am sick with working of my thoughts.
Take therefore shipping; post, my lord, to France;
Agree to any Covenants: and procure,
That lady Marg'ret do vouchsafe to come
To cross the seas to England; and be crown'd
King Henry's faithful and anointed Queen.
For your expences and sufficient charge,

Among

Among the people gather up a tenth. Be gone, I fay; for 'till you do return, I am perplexed with a thousand cares. And you, good Uncle, banish all offence: If you do censure me, by what you were, Not what you are, I know, it will excuse This studden execution of my will. And so conduct me, where from company I may revolve and ruminate my grief.

nay revolve and ruminate my grief. [Exit. Glou. Ay; grief, I fear me, both at first and last. [Exit Gloucester.

Suf. Thus Suffolk hath prevail'd, and thus he goes, As did the youthful Paris once to Greece, We hope to find the like event in love; But prosper better than the Trojan did:

Marg'ret shall now be Queen, and rule the King:
But I will rule both her, the King, and realm. [Exit.

The End of the Fourth Volume.





