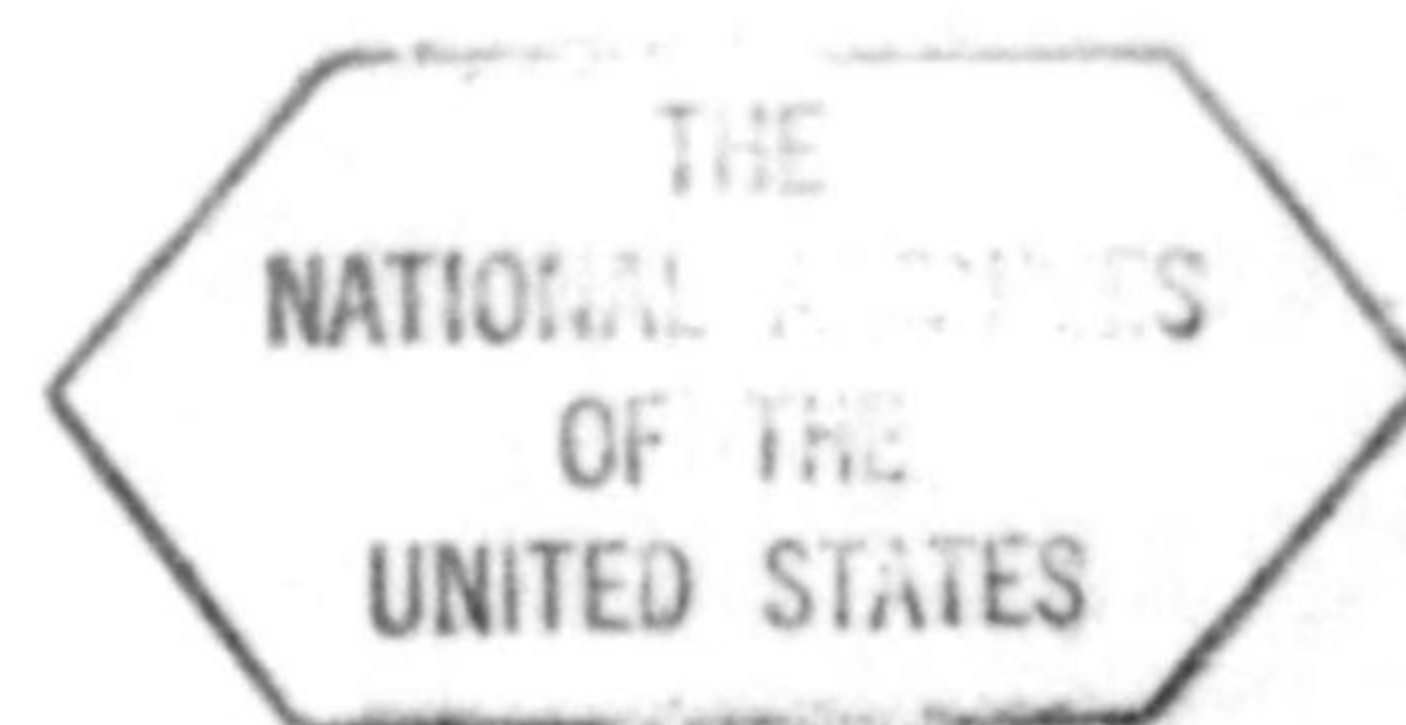


775013

GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331)
Description of contents



- (1) Box no. 2774
- (2) Folder title/number: (9)
Operational Directives (Headquarters/Eighth Army)

(3) Date: **May 1946 - Jan. 1947**

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1) 1946 Nos.50-96/1: No.96/1 (Jan. 3, 1947)
11) Includes Contents List

(6) Reproduction: Yes No

(7) Film no.

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Legal

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

51

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER 51)

23 May 1946

REPATRIATION SHIPPING

1. Reference is made to Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 270.05 (15 May 46)GC (SCAPIN-1228A), subject: "Repatriation Shipping" (Inclosure 1).

2. The Commanding General of each corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, will exercise necessary supervision and surveillance over the Japanese authorities to insure the execution of the provisions of paragraph 3b of Inclosure 1.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

1 Incl: SCAPIN-1228A

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

Bowen
BOWEN
G-3

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 370.05 (15 May 46)GC
(SCAPIN-1228-A)APO 500
15 May 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation Shipping.

1. Reference is made to the following:

a. Paragraphs 1b and 1g, Annex IV to Memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

b. Memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (18 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-1037-A), dated 18 April 1946, subject as above.

2. Information has been received that:

a. Ships are being delayed at Nagoya due to failure of the Imperial Japanese Government to comply with the provisions of the memorandums referred to in paragraph 1 above.

b. The Maritime Bureau is purchasing food for repatriation ships from the local prefectures in violation of the memorandum referred to in paragraph 1a above.

3. The Imperial Japanese Government will:

a. Take the necessary steps to provide without delay adequate supplies for repatriation shipping utilizing the port of Nagoya.

b. Build up stocks of sufficient provisions at ports used by repatriation shipping in accordance with schedules furnished to CMMC and 2d Demobilization Ministry, to insure there will be no delay in provisioning repatriation shipping in the future.

c. Insure that the supplies of food for the reception centers and ships are levied proportionally on all prefectures of Japan.

d. Report to the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers by 27 May the corrective action taken concerning the above.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ B. M. Fitch
B. M. FITCH
Brigadier General, AGD,
Adjutant General

Incl. 1 to OD No. 51, Hq 8th Army, 23 May 1946.

eco

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER..... 52)

23 May 1946

52

Revised as amended, by OD # 34, dtd 29 June 49
CUSTODY AND DISTRIBUTION OF JAPANESE MILITARY MEDICINAL NARCOTIC STOCKS

1. References:

a. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, AG 441.1 (1 May 45)PH, (SCAFIN - 913), subject: "Custody and Distribution of Japanese Military Medicinal Narcotic Stocks" (Inclosure 1).

b. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, AG 441.1 (4 Dec 45)PH, (SCAFIN - 389) subject: "Custody and Distribution of Japanese Military Medicinal Narcotic Stocks" (Inclosure 2).

2. The Former Japanese military medicinal narcotics, now in the custody of the United States Forces and concentrated and inventoried in the 9th Medical Depot, Kobe, and the 29th Medical Depot, Yokohama, are to be released to the Imperial Japanese Government through an agency designated by the Imperial Japanese Government which will receive, receipt for and deliver these narcotics into the custody of the approved wholesale drug houses listed below:

a. Hokkaido - Hokkaido Local Medicine Distribution Company, No. 8 2-chome, Minami Ichijo, Sapporo City.

b. Miyagi Ken - Sennan-do Wholesale Drug House, No. 32 Kawara-machi Sendai City.

c. Niigata Ken - Niigata Local Medicine Company, No. 1718, Furueh Torijubancho, Niigata, City.

d. Tokyo To - Sankyo Company, Ltd., No. 888, 1-chome, Nishishinag Shinagawa Ku, Tokyo.

e. Tokyo To - Takeda Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., No. 1, 1-chome Gofukubashi, Nibonbashi, Tokyo.

f. Osaka Fu - Gohei Tanabe and Company, Ltd., No. 21, Doshumachi, Higashiku, Osaka.

g. Osaka Fu - Dai Nippon Medicine Manufacturing Company, No. 23, 3-chome, Doshumachi, Higashiku, Osaka.

h. Osaka Fu - Takeda Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd, No. 37, 2-chome, Doshumachi, Higashiku, Osaka.

Operational Directive No. 52, Hq Eighth Army, subj: Custody and Distribution of Japanese Military Medicinal Narcotic Stocks, dated 23 May 1946, contd.

i. Okayama Ken - Okayama Medicine Manufacturing Company, Soshamae Kibigun.

j. Kagawa Ken (Shikoku) - Kagawa Local Medicine Distribution company, No. 3233, I Arai, Hachiokura.

k. Fukuoka Ken (Kyushu) - Fukuoka Medicine Distribution Company, No. 8, Kitafunemachi, Fukuoka City.

3. The commanding general of each corps, the General Officer Commanding the British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, and the commanding officers of military government units operating directly under this headquarters will maintain surveillance over the Japanese through the following procedure:

- a. Determine that narcotic stocks are kept under proper security.
- b. Maintain periodical surveillance to assure that stock records are being properly prepared and reports forwarded as required.
- c. Advise this headquarters of any corrective action that should be taken at the national level.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

S. White
SHUTE
Actg G-4

2 Incls

- 1. SCAP Memo AG 441.1 (1 May 46) PH
- 2. SCAP Memo AG 441.1 (4 Dec 45) PH

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 441.1 (1 May 46)PW
(SCAPIN 913)APO 500
1 May 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Custody and Distribution of Japanese Military Medicinal
Narcotic Stocks.

1. Your attention is directed to the Memorandum from GHQ, SCAP, file AG 441.1 (1 Dec 45)PW, 4 December 1945, subject: "Custody and Distribution of Japanese Military Medicinal Narcotic Stocks", and to the list of wholesale drug houses submitted in your C. L. O. No. 322 (1.1), 22 January 1946. The list as submitted is approved.

2. You will designate an agency of the Imperial Japanese Government to receive, receipt for and deliver the narcotics into the custody of approved wholesale drug houses.

3. Security and hand to hand receipt for the narcotics will be maintained.

4. Further distribution and accounting will be in accordance with paragraphs 4 and 5 of the referenced GHQ, SCAP memorandum.

5. Direct communication with the Narcotic Control Officer, Public Health and Welfare Section, GHQ, SCAP is authorized to effect release of the narcotics from the custody of United States Forces to the Imperial Japanese Government.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ J. W. Mann
for R. M. Fitch,
Major General, AGD,
Adjutant General.

Inclosure 1 to OD 52, Hq 8A, 23 May 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 441.1 (4 Dec 45)PH

APO 500

4 December 1945

(SCAFIN-389)

MEMORANDUM TO: THE IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Custody and Distribution of Japanese
Military Medical Narcotic Stocks.

1. At dates to be set by this headquarters certain Japanese military medicinal narcotic stocks, in amounts determined by this headquarters, will be released by United States Forces into the custody of approved pharmaceutical wholesale houses.

2. You are directed to submit to this headquarters not later than 22 December 1945 a list of pharmaceutical wholesale houses who will receive and have custody of such military narcotic stocks, subject to the approval of this headquarters.

3. The list of pharmaceutical wholesale houses submitted for approval will consist of one firm in Hokkaido and three firms in the Eighth Army area of Honshu; and four firms in the Sixth Army area including one in Shikoku and one in Kyushu. The following information will be furnished with the list submitted:

- a. Name and complete address of firm.
- b. Name and position of responsible members of firm.
- c. Facilities for securely storing narcotics.

4. After Japanese military medical stocks are released to the custody of these approved wholesale drug firms a report will be rendered by each such firm so as to reach this headquarters within ten days after the last day of each month. This monthly report will be certified to by a responsible official of the firm and will contain the following information regarding Japanese military narcotics stocks:

- a. Inventory of stocks on hand on the first day of each month or in the first instance when custody of stocks is assumed.
- b. Quantity of stocks disposed of during the month, showing in each instance the date and to whom released and authorization for release.
- c. Inventory of stocks on hand on the last day of each month.

Inclosure 2 to OD 52, Hq 8A, 23 May 1946

BASIC: Ltr GHQ, SCAP, file AG 441.7 (4 Dec 45)PH, Subj: "Custody and Distribution of Japanese Military Medicinal Narcotic Stocks".

5. Approved firms will be held accountable for such Japanese military stocks as are given into their custody and will not release such stocks except as authorized by this headquarters. To obtain such authorization, the Imperial Japanese Government will submit to this headquarters for approval a recommendation, by the 10th day of the month, for release of such narcotic stocks as will be necessary during the succeeding month. This recommendation will be accompanied by a certified statement that such stocks are necessary for legitimate medical needs and are not available from any other source.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER

s/ H. W. Allen
H. W. ALLEN
Colonel, A. G. D.
Asst Adjutant General

Inclosure 2 to OD 52, Hq 8A, 23 May 1946

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

12 October 1946

NUMBER 52/1)

52/1

Rescinded by OD #34, dtd 29 June 49

CUSTODY AND DISTRIBUTION OF JAPANESE MILITARY MEDICINAL MAT-
TERIAL STOCKS.

1. Paragraph 1, Operational Directive Number 52, this headquarters, 23 May 1946, subject as above, is amended by adding the following sub-paragraph: "c. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, AG 441.1 (30 Sept 46)PH, (SCAPIN-1240), subject as above."

2. Paragraph 2, Operational Directive Number 52, this headquarters, 23 May 1946, is amended by adding the following sub-paragraph: "1. Osaka Fu - Shionogi Pharmaceutical Company, Ltd., No. 12, 3-chome, Doshu-machi, Higashi-ku, Osaka".

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL

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G-4

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OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

27 May 1946

NUMBER

53)

SUPPLY OF VACCINE ON REPATRIATION SHIPS

1. Reference is made to SCAP memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 450 (10 May 1946)PH (SCAPIN-942) subject: "Supply of Smallpox Vaccine to Repatriation Ships Leaving for Netherlands East Indies." (Inclousure 1).

2. The commanding general of each corps, and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, will:

a. Check each reception center within the area of their responsibility to see that vaccine is available.

b. Check each repatriation ship leaving ports within the area of their responsibility for Netherlands East Indies ports to insure that each carries a minimum of 5,000 doses of smallpox vaccine properly stored under refrigeration.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

1 Incl: SCAPIN-942

A. P. THAYER
 Colonel, GSC
 Actg Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

BOWEN
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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
 United States Army
 Office of the Commanding General
 APO 3.

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

27 May 1946

NUMBER

53)

SUPPLY OF VACCINE ON REPATRIATION SHIPS

1. Reference is made to SCAP memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 450 (10 May 1946)PH (SCAPIN-942) subject: "Supply of Smallpox Vaccine to Repatriation Ships Leaving for Netherlands East Indies." (Inclusion 1).

2. The commanding general of each corps, and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, will:

a. Check each reception center within the area of their responsibility to see that vaccine is available.

b. Check each repatriation ship leaving ports within the area of their responsibility for Netherlands East Indies ports to insure that each carries a minimum of 5,000 doses of smallpox vaccine properly stored under refrigeration.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

1 Incl: SCAPIN-942

A. P. THAYER
 Colonel, GSC
 Actg Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 450 (10 May 46)PH
(SCAPIN-942)APO 500
10 May 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Supply of Smallpox Vaccine to Repatriation Ships
Leaving for Netherlands East Indies.

1. All Japanese in the Netherlands East Indies require smallpox vaccination before returning to Japan. Supplies of vaccine are not available at embarkation ports.

2. You are directed to take necessary steps to insure that all repatriation vessels hereafter departing for the Netherlands East Indies carry sufficient smallpox vaccine to vaccinate repatriates transported on the return voyage.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

B. M. FITCH
Major General, AGD,
Adjutant General.Incl 1 to OD No. 53, Hq Eighth Army,
27 May 1946.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 450 (10 May 46)PH
(SCAPIN-942)APO 500
10 May 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Supply of Smallpox Vaccine to Repatriation Ships
Leaving for Netherlands East Indies.

1. All Japanese in the Netherlands East Indies require smallpox vaccination before returning to Japan. Supplies of vaccine are not available at embarkation ports.

2. You are directed to take necessary steps to insure that all repatriation vessels hereafter departing for the Netherlands East Indies carry sufficient smallpox vaccine to vaccinate repatriates transported on the return voyage.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

B. M. FITCH
Major General, AGD,
Adjutant General.Incl 1 to OD No. 53, Hq Eighth Army,
27 May 1946.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE) *see Chg 1,*
NUMBER 54)

4 June 1946

1. Airplane spraying of the following cities in Hokkaido and Honshu has been approved by GHC, AFAC: Otaru, Sapporo, Sendai, Tokyo, Yokohama, Kyoto, Osaka and Kobe. Spraying will be done by the Fifth Air Force using C-47 and C-46 planes and will include only those portions of the above named cities where the greatest troop concentrations are located. Spraying will be continued through June, July and August at 15 to 30 day intervals depending on the capabilities of the Air Force.

*Revised & Subs.
by
OP
54/1*

~~2. Because of possible destruction of beneficial insect, animal and plant life, airplane spraying of areas other than those listed above will not be done without prior approval of GHC, AFAC. Requests for such approval will be forwarded through this headquarters and will be accompanied by maps, scale 1:12,500, outlining the areas concerned.~~

3. Fifth Air Force planes will operate from the airfields located in the following cities: Chitose, Tachikawa, Itami and Itazuke (Fukuoka).

4. The Commanding Generals of I Corps and IX Corps are responsible in their respective areas of command for requisitioning and making available the necessary supplies and equipment for mixing DDT solutions, loading spray planes and furnishing sufficient trained personnel (approximately eleven enlisted men) for each airfield listed in paragraph 3 above. Rations and quarters for personnel furnished will be provided by the Fifth Air Force. This directive will be used as authority for attaching this personnel to Air Force units. If operations are continued in September, the above enlisted men will be replaced by a sufficient number of other trained personnel. Malaria control detachments under control of commands concerned will be used for the training of personnel to be employed in this project.

5. Rescission: Section I, Circular Number 249, HQ Eighth Army, subj: "Spraying of Areas with DDT Solution from Aircraft," dated 21 September 1945, is rescinded.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Schanze

SCHANZE
G-1

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 3b3

Legal

7

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER.....54/1)

31 August 1946

1. Paragraph 2, Operational Directive No. 54, this headquarters, 4 June 1946, is rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

"2. Because of possible destruction of beneficial insect, animal and plant life, airplane spraying of areas other than those listed above will not be done without prior approval by this headquarters. Before any area is approved for spraying, the probable effect of DDT on the natural resources of that area will be evaluated by the Military Government unit controlling the area to be sprayed. This evaluation will include particularly the effect of DDT on sericulture, fisheries and agricultural crops. If the damages to these natural resources are not likely to be appreciable, requests for airplane spraying, accompanied by maps, scale 1:12,500, outlining the areas to be sprayed and a statement of evaluation will be forwarded to this headquarters. Airplane spraying is an adjunct to other insect control measures and will not be regarded as a substitute. Other methods of insect control, adequate to safeguard the health of the troops and the civil population will be used. Inclosure 1, Evaluation of the Effect of DDT Spray on Fish Culture, and Inclosure 2, Methods Used in the Evaluation of Agricultural Areas for Proposed Airplane Spraying with DDT, will be used for guidance of units concerned."

54/1

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Schanze
SCHANZE
G-1

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, CSC
Chief of Staff

2 Incls:

1. Evaluation of the Effect of DDT Spray on Fish Culture.
2. Methods Used in Evaluation of Agricultural Areas for Proposed Airplane Spraying of DDT.

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

EVALUATION OF EFFECT OF DDT SPRAY ON FISH CULTURE*

1. The evaluation of the possible damage to fish farms and fish culture establishments from the effect of aerial spraying with DDT solution may be achieved with reasonable accuracy if the following points are considered when the spraying program is being prepared.

2. It is of primary importance to determine the spawning season of any fish which are cultured in the areas to be sprayed.

3. Possible danger points.

a. Spawn: Fish which spawn adhesive eggs, e.g., carp and goldfish, usually select fringing vegetation in which to spawn. The accumulation of DDT and oil on the marsh and aquatic plants bordering ponds and slow running channels can seriously impair the rate of hatching of the eggs. The DDT probably exerts some poisonous effect but the major damage is due to the oil, which suffocates the eggs.

b. Fry: An emulsion of 1 in 50,000 is lethal to very young fry. Care should be taken to ensure that spraying is carried out at periods when there is no wind. Wind action on the water surface can cause an emulsification of the upper water layer with the DDT solution, and this may have injurious effects to the fry.

c. Young Fish: Fish 2 inches long or larger appear to be reasonably resistant to the effects of DDT unless in large concentrations, and then only if the concentration is maintained at a high level for several days. In the case of fish which feed on aquatic vegetation, the only source of danger lies in the possible accumulation of the DDT solution on the plants fringing the ponds or stream. Fish feeding on these plants would then directly ingest the poison.

d. Effect of oil on water surfaces. The larger fish are likely to be affected by the solvent oil. This effect is indirect. The oil forms a scum on the surface of the water and prevents the free exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide between the water and the atmosphere. The concentration of free oxygen in pond water reaches its lowest concentration usually between 1500 and 1700 hours and the free access of atmospheric oxygen is essential during that period. Spraying should be carried out during the early hours of the morning to permit the dispersal of the oil before the daily critical period.

Incl 1 to OD No. 54/1, Hq 8A, 31 August 1946.

Evaluation of Effect of DDT Spray on Fish Culture, contd.

e. Drainage. DDT solution may accumulate in dangerous concentrations at the major confluence points of surface drains. If surface drains either artificial or natural flow into fish culture areas, it may be necessary to install grease-traps.

*Information from Memorandum, SCAP, Natural Resources Section, file NR 720.5 (15 July 1946) Fi, same subject.

Incl 1 to OD No. 54/1, HQ 8A, 31 August 1946.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 313

METHODS USED IN EVALUATION OF AGRICULTURAL
AREAS FOR PROPOSED AIR-PLANE SPRAYING WITH DDT*

1. Introduction:

a. Because it is recognized that airplane spraying with DDT could seriously damage agriculture and fisheries, the possible consequences in each proposed area to be sprayed will be evaluated.

2. Prerequisites for making an evaluation:

a. In general, approval for spraying an area by airplane must be arrived at by carefully weighing probable damage to natural resources against expected benefits to be derived from spraying. To accomplish this, it is first necessary to know exactly what area is to be sprayed. From the health standpoint, it is customary to sanitize areas occupied by troops and an area extending for one half mile from the periphery of the troop areas. In order to secure necessary landmarks for the planes which are to fly the spray missions, the proposed spray areas are often extended or reduced slightly to secure readily distinguishable boundaries such as well defined roads, railroads, rivers, towers, and other terrain features. It is extremely important that the boundaries of the proposed spray areas be easily discernible both on the maps and on the ground. It is not possible to fly or evaluate accurately an area indicated on a map with no reference to terrain features.

b. Maps indicating proposed spray areas should be of as large a scale as practicable, (not less than 1:12,500), should show natural and artificial features of the terrain, and should have the scale plainly indicated. The exact boundary of the proposed spray area should be outlined in colored pencil. If necessary, a concise written description may supplement the map. NOTE: Indicate the exact area to be sprayed. It is not necessary to show barracks areas. However, if more than one area is outlined on the map, do not fail to include an adequate legend. Cross-hatching is not necessary as it is assumed that all area inside the colored line is to be sprayed.

c. Such factors as altitude, wind, convection currents, speed of the airplane, experience of the pilot, indistinguishable landmarks, skill of the sprayer operator, and mechanical efficiency of the sprayer, make accurate spraying very difficult, and while every effort will be made to confine the spray to the indicated area, it is well to evaluate an additional 1/2 mile around the designated spray area as a safety zone to allow for the above factors.

Incl 2 to OD No. 54/1, Hq-8A, 31 August 1946.

3. The evaluation of an area:

a. After the spray area and safety zone have been ascertained, damages to natural resources in the area must be evaluated as discussed below.

b. Sericulture: Raw silk constitutes Japan's most valuable export item and is essential for securing collateral with which to purchase imported foodstuffs and vital raw materials. In addition, the raising of silk worms is an important source of ready income to many farm families. Experiments have shown that DDT at the rate applied in normal airplane spraying is lethal to silkworms in all stages of growth. Silkworms may be killed either by direct spraying or by eating mulberry leaves which have been sprayed. There appears to be no way of removing the spray residue from mulberry leaves prior to feeding. In arriving at a final sericultural evaluation, the following factors are weighed:

- (1) The number of cocoon-raising households.
- (2) Mulberry acreage.
- (3) Amount of current cocoon production.
- (4) The location of sericultural schools or experimental stations.

c. Food crops: The airplane spraying of DDT in intensively cultivated areas has not been previously practiced and this headquarters has no precedents to use as a guide in determining potential damage. However, the critical food situation makes it imperative that there be no reduction in food crop yields, and that conservative evaluations be made. Previous use of DDT in the United States has shown that it is more toxic to some groups of insects than it is to others. Thus widespread spraying could seriously upset the balance of nature. After the application of DDT certain insects that normally cause little damage might severely damage crops because the parasites and predators which held them in check had been killed. In small areas the natural biological balance would be little affected in that migration of insects from adjacent areas would quickly restore the balance. However, even in a small area frequent spraying could prevent such restoration.

d. Pollinating insects: DDT spraying can damage both food and industrial crops by eliminating pollinating insects including bees. In making final evaluation, both the acreage of insect pollinated crops and the acreage devoted to the production of seed of insect pollinated plants must be considered. This acreage and the dates of pollination should also be considered in estimating the possible damage caused by the upsetting of the biological balance. If pollination is completed prior to the first application of DDT no damage from lack of pollination will result. The following is a partial list of insect pollinated plants: rapeseed, pumpkin, squash, cucumber, clovers.

Incl 2 to OD No. 54/1, Hq 8A, 31 August 1946.

e. Agriculture: Honey bees are killed by DDT and in evaluating an area, the following data should be weighed:

- (1) The number of permanent hives in the area.
- (2) Honey plants and the season of maximum honey flow.
- (3) Migratory bee-keepers in the area.

f. Experiment Stations: Each proposed spray area must be checked to determine if experiments which would be injured by DDT airplane spraying are being conducted by Agricultural or Sericultural Experiment Station or other research agencies in the area. Aside from depriving the Japanese agriculture of the experimental results experiments involving the expenditure of many man hours and much money could be ruined by the application of DDT. For example, the application of DDT would make field experiments on insecticides impossible.

Because of the small amounts of DDT used per acre, the poisoning of livestock or poultry by DDT was deemed unlikely and was not considered in making evaluations.

4. Administration:

To obviate delays and secure increased accuracy in evaluations, it is believed that spray evaluations should be made locally as a joint enterprise of local Military Government Agriculture and Public Health Officers, local military unit surgeons, and local Japanese prefectural agriculture and fisheries authorities. If such is done, Natural Resources Section, SCAP, will be available for consultation.

5. Conclusions:

This outline of spray evaluation is based on the experience of Agriculture Division, SCAP, during the period February to July 1946. Further experience and field observations will possibly necessitate changes in evaluating techniques.

*Information from Memorandum, SCAP, Natural Resources Section, file NR 720.5 (15 July 1946), same subject.

Inclosure No. 2 to OD #5L/1, Hq Eighth Army, 22 August 1946.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER.....55)

See Chg. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11

5 June 1946

REPATRIATION

The letters, indorsements, radios, and operational directives, this headquarters, and inclosures thereto, listed in inclosure 1 are rescinded.

2. References:

a. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-928), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Transmittal of Revised Memorandum on Repatriation" (Inclosure 2).

b. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation," attached as inclosure 1 to the memorandum mentioned in paragraph 2a above.

3. The Imperial Japanese Government is responsible for the execution of the provisions of reference 2b, which is the basic directive governing repatriation of Japanese nationals and displaced persons in Japan, as defined in paragraph 1 of reference 2b.

4. The commanding general of each corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, will:

a. Exercise strict supervision and surveillance to insure compliance with the instructions contained in reference 2b and in subsequent additions or amendments thereto.

b. Allocate to the Imperial Japanese Government in the designated port areas such facilities as may be required for storage, processing, and administration in connection with repatriation.

Rescinded with an amendments by D.O. 51 1847

55

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE No. 55, Hq Eighth Army, subj: Repatriation, dated 5 June 1946, contd.

c. Supervise movements of non-Japanese repatriates. (See paragraph 3, Operational Directive No. 42, Headquarters, Eighth Army, dated 13 April 1946.)

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

- 2 Incls: A. P. THAYER
Colonel, GSC
Actg Chief of Staff
1. Rescissions
 2. SCAPIN-928
(with Incl 1, SCAPIN-937)

OFFICIAL:

Bowen

BOWEN
G-3

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

RESCISSIONS

1. The following letters, radios and operational directives, this headquarters, and inclosures thereto, are rescinded:

- ✓ a. Letter, file AG 370.5 (D), dated 4 December 1945, subject: "Repatriation of Non-Japanese from Japan."
- ✓ b. Letter, file AG 370.05 (D), dated 5 December 1945, subject: "Reception Centers in Japan for Processing Repatriates."
- ✓ c. Letter, file AG 370.5(D), dated 17 December 1945, subject: "Repatriation of Non-Japanese from Japan."
- ✓ d. Letter, file AG 383.6 (D), dated 17 December 1945, subject: "Reception Centers in Japan for Processing Repatriates."
- e. Radio, cite D99100 (MG), dated 28 December 1945, subject: "Repatriation of Formosans in Japan."
- ✓ f. Letter, file AG 123 (MG), dated 2 January 1946, subject: "SCAP Memorandum AG 313 (23 Dec 45)GC."
- g. Letter, file AG 387.7 Memo (MG), dated 10 January 1946, subject: "SCAP Memorandum to Imperial Japanese Government."
- h. Radio, cite DX99153 (MG), dated 11 January 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Natives from Mariannas."
- ✓ i. Operational Directive No. 10, dated 25 January 1946, subject: "Care of Ryukyuan Refugees."
- ✓ j. Operational Directive No. 11, dated 26 January 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Non-Japanese from Japan."
- k. Letter, file AG 383.6 (MG), dated 16 February 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Koreans."
- l. 1st indorsement to SCAP letter to CG, Eighth Army, file AG 560 (3 Mar 46)GC, dated 3 March 1946, subject: "Diversion of Japanese-Manned Shipping from Karatsu."
- m. Letter, file AG 560 (MG), dated 9 March 1946, subject: "Repatriation at Port of Sensaki."
- n. Letter, file AG 383.6 (MG), dated 9 March 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Koreans aboard Vessel Kizan Maru."

Incl No. 1, to Operational Directive No. 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946.

o. Radio, cite D99411 (MG), dated 12 March 1946, subject:
"Beppu Repatriation Center."

p. Letter, file AG 383.6 (MG), dated 13 March 1946, subject:
"Trans-shipment of Formosan Repatriates."

q. Radio, cite DX99432 (MG), dated 16 March 1946, subject:
"Beppu Repatriation Center."

r. Radio, cite DX99454 (MG), dated 22 March 1946, subject:
"Suspension of Repatriation from Japan of Koreans Residing in
Northern Korea."

s. Radio, cite DX99460 (MG), dated 25 March 1946, subject:
"Suspension of Repatriation from Japan to Ryukyus."

t. Radio, cite D99472 (MG), dated 28 March 1946, subject:
"Trans-shipment of Korean Repatriates."

u. Radio, cite DX99539 (MG), dated 10 April 1946, subject:
"Supply of Hospital Ship."

Inclosure 1 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC
(SCAPIN-928)

APO 500
7 May 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Transmittal of Revised Memorandum on Repatriation.

1. Memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (16 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-822), dated 16 March 1946, subject: "Repatriation," as amended, is rescinded.
2. Reference is made to memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation," attached as inclosure number 1 hereto.
3. The instructions contained in the attached memorandum, except for the designation of Tebata as a reception center in lieu of Moji, are a compilation of previous directives from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers regarding mass repatriation.
4. All instructions, contained in the memorandum mentioned in paragraph 1 above, that have been changed in the attached memorandum, have been underlined.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ J. W. Mann
for B. M. FITCH,
Brigadier General, AGD,
Adjutant General.

1 Incl:

as indicated in
paragraph 2 above.

Incl No. 2 to CD 55; Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 270.05 (7 May 46)GC
(SCAPIN-927)APO 500
7 May 1946MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT
THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo
SUBJECT : Repatriation.

1. This memorandum is the basic directive governing repatriation of:

a. Japanese nationals from areas under the military control of:

Commander-in-Chief, United States Army Forces, Pacific.

Commander-in-Chief, Pacific Ocean Areas.

Generalissimo, Chinese Armies.

Supreme Allied Commander, Southeast Asia Command.

General Officer Commanding, Australian Military Forces.

Commander-in-Chief, Soviet Forces in the Far East (when appropriate agreements have been consummated).

b. Displaced persons in Japan formerly domiciled in China, Formosa, Korea and the Ryukyus.

2. Previous instructions, as contained in the memorandums and radios listed in Annex VIII hereto, are superseded by this directive.

3. In the future, in so far as practicable, all general directives concerning repatriation to and from the areas listed in paragraph 1 above, will be issued to the Imperial Japanese Government in the form of additions or amendments to this memorandum.

4. The Imperial Japanese Government will carry out the instruc-

Incl No. 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Memo for IJG, file AG 579.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

tions as contained in annexes to this memorandum, under the supervision of the Commanding General, Eighth United States Army.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ B. M. Fitch
B. M. FITCH
Brigadier General, AGD,
Adjutant General.

ANNEXES:

- Annex I - General Policies Governing Repatriation of Japanese Nationals in Formerly Japanese Occupied Territory, and Non-Japanese from Japan.
- Annex II - Reception Centers in Japan for Processing Repatriates.
- Annex III - Repatriation to and from Japan.
- Annex IV - Supply and Transportation.
- Annex V - Medical and Sanitary Procedures.
- Annex VI - Currency, Securities, and Other Documents and Possessions.
- Annex VII - Miscellaneous.
- Annex VIII - Rescissions.

Inclosure No. 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

tions as contained in annexes to this memorandum, under the supervision of the Commanding General, Eighth United States Army.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ B. M. Fitch
B. M. FITCH
Brigadier General, AGD,
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- Annex VII - Miscellaneous.
- Annex VIII - Rescissions.

Inclosure No. 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX I

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

GENERAL POLICIES GOVERNING REPATRIATION OF
JAPANESE NATIONALS IN FORMERLY JAPANESE OCCUPIED TERRITORY, AND
NON-JAPANESE* FROM JAPAN

The following policies will govern repatriation of Japanese nationals in formerly Japanese occupied territory, and non-Japanese from Japan.*

1. Maximum utilization will be made of Japanese naval and merchant shipping allocated for repatriation of Japanese nationals.
2. Japanese naval vessels and those Japanese merchant vessels, designed primarily for the transport of personnel and not required for inter-island coastal passenger service, will be utilized for the repatriation of Japanese nationals.
3. Personnel to be repatriated will not be transported on cargo vessels to the extent that the essential cargo is displaced. Repatriates will be transported on cargo vessels destined only for authorized repatriation ports (see paragraph 2a, Annex II).
4. The Imperial Japanese Government will operate, man, victual and supply Japanese-manned shipping used for repatriation to the maximum practicable extent. In case of emergency, fuel, food, medical supplies and material repairs may be obtained from US Army or Navy sources, or at foreign ports from foreign government sources, by memorandum receipt signed by the master of the vessel concerned (See Annex IV).
5. First priority will be granted to the movement of Japanese military and naval personnel, and second priority to the movement of Japanese civilians. Exceptions may be made by the appropriate Allied area commanders as deemed necessary for areas under their control.
6. Only personnel being repatriated to and from Japan under the Japanese repatriation program or such others as may be authorized in special cases by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers will be transported on repatriation vessels.

*The term "non-Japanese" as used in this annex and throughout this memorandum includes only Chinese, Formosans, Koreans, and Ryukyuans.

Annex 1 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex I to Memo for IJG, file AG 570.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN 927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

7. Non-Japanese nationals who have been repatriated to their homelands, will not be permitted to return to Japan until such time as commercial facilities are available, except as authorized by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

8. All Japanese personnel will be disarmed prior to return to Japan proper.

9. In the evacuation of Japanese nationals from areas under the control of the Commander-in-Chief, United States Army Forces, Pacific and the Commander-in-Chief, Pacific Ocean Areas, the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers will prescribe the percentage of shipping, allocated exclusively for repatriation purposes, to be employed in servicing the respective areas. Priorities for the evacuation of specific areas will be established as necessary.

10. The Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers retains control over, and will make such arrangements as may be required for, the transportation to and reception in Japan of Japanese nationals evacuated from areas under the control of: the Generalissimo, Chinese Armies; the Supreme Allied Commander, Southeast Asia Command; the General Officer Commanding, Australian Military Forces; and the Commander-in-Chief, Soviet Forces in the Far East (the last when appropriate agreements have been consummated.)

D O

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX II

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 70.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

RECEPTION CENTERS IN JAPAN FOR
PROCESSING REPATRIATES

1. The Ministry of Public Welfare, having been designated by the Japanese Government to handle repatriation matters, will:

a. Establish a central agency to effect coordination with other Japanese governmental agencies regarding supply, customs, transportation, physical inspections, quarantine and demobilization, and to effect liaison with the headquarters of the Eighth United States Army.

b. Establish and operate reception centers at designated ports (see paragraph 2a) to:

(1) Receive, process, care for and evacuate all Japanese repatriates returning to Japan properly from overseas.

(2) Assemble, process, care for and lead non-Japanese nationals, as outlined in Annex III.

c. Designate a resident director at each reception center responsible for its operation and for maintaining liaison with local Allied military authorities responsible for supervision of the reception center.

2. a. Reception centers: Location, character and capacity.

Reception centers will be located as indicated below, and only these centers will be used for repatriation purposes:

| Ports | Capacity per day | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Incoming (Par 1b) | Outgoing (Par 1b) |
| Hakata | 7,500 | 5,000 |
| Hakodate* | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Karatsu* | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Kagoshima | 3,000 | 1,500 |
| Kure area** | 8,000 | 3,000 |
| Maizuru | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Nagoya | 5,000 | 0 |
| Sasebo | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Senzaki | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Shimonoseki*** | 2,500 | 2,500 |

Annex 2 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex II to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN -927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation:"

| Ports | Capacity per day | |
|---------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Incoming (Par lb) | Outgoing (Par lb) |
| Tanabe | 3,000 | 1,000 |
| Topata* | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Uraga | 5,000 | 1,500 |

* Centers on inactive status. To be operational on ten (10) days notice.

** Includes Ninoshima, Otake and Ujina.

**** To be used as a staging area (an area to billet and process repatriates moving to and from other reception centers) until such time as port is mine free.

b. Facilities.

Adequate facilities will be established at each of the above designated ports to receive, process and evacuate repatriates in the numbers indicated above. They will include necessary storage space for food, clothing and medical supplies as well as space for administration, necessary medical examinations, quarantine stations and quarantine hospitals. The Ministry of Public Welfare will make arrangements with the Commanding General of the Eighth United States Army for assignment of necessary space for these facilities.

c. Medical procedures.

Adequate inspection and quarantine stations, established at the above designated ports, will be operated in accordance with the procedures prescribed in Annex V.

3. The establishment, organization and operation of each reception center will be under the supervision of the Allied military commander who exercises control over the area in which the reception center is located.

Annex 2 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX III

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05
(7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation:

REPATRIATION TO AND FROM JAPAN

SECTION I - GENERAL PLAN.

1. a. The following plan governing the repatriation to and from Japan, now in effect, will continue until otherwise directed by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

b. The entire plan revolves around the use of reception centers and the flow of persons to be repatriated through these centers in the numbers that can be accommodated by the available shipping and rail transportation.

c. Under this plan non-Japanese nationals who, having registered as being desirous of repatriation, refuse to comply with plans of the Imperial Japanese Government for movement to reception centers forfeit their privilege to repatriation and will not be considered in any future repatriation plans. A list of such persons will be maintained by the Japanese Government.

2. The following reception centers will be used to process non-Japanese repatriates leaving Japan:

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Hakata and Senzaki | <u>Primarily to process Koreans.</u> |
| Kagoshima | <u>Primarily to process Ryukyans.</u> |
| Kure Area | <u>Primarily to process Formosans, and such Chinese as were formerly domiciled in south China.</u> |
| Maizuru | <u>Primarily to process Chinese who were formerly domiciled in central China.</u> |
| Sasebo | <u>Primarily to process Chinese who were formerly domiciled in north China.</u> |

3. The Japanese Ministry of Welfare will:

a. Make the necessary arrangements with the other ministries concerned to insure that each of the reception centers mentioned in paragraph 2 above is kept filled, insofar as practicable, with outgoing repatriates as hereinafter prescribed.

Annex 3 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex III to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN -927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

b. Scrutinize carefully the shipping schedules furnished and take appropriate action to insure that:

(1) Reception centers do not become congested.

(2) Repatriation vessels sailing for Korean or Formosan ports are filled to capacity with repatriates for those areas, insofar as practicable.

c. Arrange for the necessary transportation to move incoming repatriates from the reception centers within twenty-four (24) hours after completion of processing.

d. Establish controls to fix in their present abodes non-Japanese nationals desiring return to their homelands until such time as they are directed to move under the provision of this plan.

4. The Imperial Japanese Government will be furnished shipping schedules governing the movement of:

a. Japanese merchant and naval vessels, Japanese-manned Liberty ships and Landing Ships, Tank, by the Shipping Control Authority for the Japanese Merchant Marine.

b. US-manned Landing Ships, Tank, and other Allied vessels, as they are established, by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

5. The Imperial Japanese Government will prohibit the use of reception center facilities as permanent housing.

6. Guards aboard trains carrying non-Japanese repatriates.

a. Local Allied military authorities have been directed to place Allied guards aboard all trains scheduled specifically to carry non-Japanese repatriates to reception centers. Guards will number two (2) per rail car occupied by non-Japanese repatriates.

b. The Imperial Japanese Government will direct the local Japanese government officials to:

(1) Request local Allied military authorities to place Allied guards aboard trains scheduled specifically to carry non-Japanese repatriates to reception centers. Each request will contain information as follows:

(a) Number of non-Japanese repatriates being transported.

(b) Number of rail cars in the train scheduled specifically to carry non-Japanese repatriates

Annex 3 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex III to Memo to IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC,
(SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

- (c) Schedule, route and destination of train.
- (2) Submit requests to local military authorities in sufficient time to permit orders to be issued and guards to be placed aboard the trains.
 - (3) Provide suitable sleeping cars or first class coaches as quarters for Allied guards during entire trip, when possible to do so without using cars needed by other Allied personnel on official business. When, in exceptional cases, these accommodations are not available second class coaches may be furnished in lieu thereof. The cars will be clean.
 - (4) Promptly forward complete and accurate information regarding changes in train movements to the appropriate local military authorities.

c. The Imperial Japanese Government will also direct the local Japanese government officials to:

- (1) Organize outgoing non-Japanese repatriates into groups under selected group leaders prior to entraining.
- (2) Insure against overcrowding.
- (3) Insure orderly entraining and detraining of the groups.

7. Control.

a. The Imperial Japanese Government will direct its representatives at reception centers to:

- (1) Organize outgoing non-Japanese repatriates into groups under selected group leaders prior to embarkation.
- (2) Thoroughly instruct these groups in shipboard routine and sanitary measures to be observed.
- (3) Insure orderly embarkation of groups.
- (4) Furnish the captain of Allied-manned vessels with a list of individuals and leaders in each group.

b. The local Japanese officials will utilize every legal means available to control repatriates, while in Japan and aboard Japanese-manned vessels.

Annex 3 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex III to Memo to IJG, file AG-370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

SECTION II - REPATRIATION OF KOREANS

8. The following plan governs the repatriation of Korean nationals.

9. Shipping.

a. Japan - Korea shuttles.

Short range Japanese repatriation shipping in the Japan-Korea shuttles is assigned so as to make available the following number of spaces daily:

| | <u>Initially</u> | <u>By 5 May 1946</u> |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Hakata</u> | <u>1,500</u> | <u>3,000</u> |
| <u>Senzaki</u> | <u>500</u> | <u>1,000</u> |

b. Japan - Korea - China shuttles.

Certain Japanese shipping, shuttling between Shanghai and Hakata, may be loaded with Koreans at Hakata for debarkation at Pusan.

10. Processing of Koreans through Japanese ports.

a. The repatriation of Koreans now in Japan who were formerly residents in Korea south of 38 degrees north latitude will be completed on or before 30 September 1946.

b. Koreans will be outlanded to Pusan from the following ports at the daily rates indicated:

| | <u>Initially</u> | <u>By 5 May 1946</u> |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Hakata</u> | <u>1,500</u> | <u>3,000</u> |
| <u>Senzaki</u> | <u>500</u> | <u>1,000</u> |
| <u>TOTAL</u> | <u>2,000</u> | <u>4,000</u> |

Initial daily rates indicated above will be progressively increased to insure that the prescribed rates are reached by 5 May 1946. Thereafter the prescribed rates will be maintained until all Koreans desirous of repatriation are either cleared from Japan or have forfeited their privilege to repatriation. Sufficient Koreans will be backlogged in these reception centers to insure the above.

11. Repatriation to Korea north of 38 degrees north latitude.

Repatriation to northern Korea will be held in abeyance pending consummation of appropriate agreements. Koreans destined for northern Korea will be held in Japan until such time as they can be repatriated to northern Korea.

BASIC: Annex III to Memo to IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

12. Repatriation of Korean prisoners.

a. The Imperial Japanese Government will not repatriate Korean civil prisoners from Japan until they have served their term of imprisonment and are duly released from confinement. This shall not be construed as in any way infringing upon the prerogative of the Imperial Japanese Government to remit or mitigate sentences.

b. The above is subject to the provisions of memorandum, from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 015 (19 Feb 46)LS, (SCAPIN-757), dated 19 February 1946, subject: "Review of Sentences Imposed upon Koreans and Certain Other Nationals."

SECTION III - REPATRIATION OF FORMOSANS

13.. The following plan governs the repatriation of Formosan nationals.

14. Shipping.

Empty spaces on certain vessels bound for the Philippine Islands, or areas under the control of the Supreme Allied Commander, Southeast Asia Command, or Australian Military Forces, will be filled with Formosans who will be debarked in Formosa (See Paragraph 4b above).

15. Processing of Formosans through Japanese Ports.

Formosans desiring repatriation from Japan will be assembled at the Kure area reception centers during the week 5-11 May 1946 for evacuation on Japanese-manned shipping.

SECTION IV - REPATRIATION TO AND FROM THE RYUKYUS

16. The following plan governs the repatriation of Ryukyans from Japan to their home islands, and of Japanese from the Ryukyus to Japan.

17. Repatriation of Ryukyans from Japan.

a. All repatriation to the Ryukyus is suspended until further notice.

b. The Imperial Japanese Government will provide adequate food, shelter, medical care, bedding and clothing for destitute Ryukyuan refugees.

18. Repatriation of Japanese from the Ryukyus.

Japanese will be repatriated from the Ryukyus at a rate of 150 persons per month until further notice.

19. Only such Japanese as were bonafide residents of the Ryukyus will be repatriated to those islands.

Annex 3 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex III to Memo for the IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927) dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

SECTION V - REPATRIATION TO AND FROM CHINA

20. The following plan governs the repatriation of Chinese from Japan to China, and of Japanese from China to Japan.

21. Repatriation of Japanese from China (including Formosa and north French-Indo-China).

a. The allocation of Japanese repatriation shipping spaces (approximately 18,000) now assigned to the China - Japan shuttle remains unchanged.

b. US-manned Landing Ships, Tank (LST's), formerly assigned to the China - Japan shuttle have been withdrawn from the repatriation service.

22. Repatriation of Chinese from Japan.

a. Prior to 13 May 1946 Chinese will be outloaded as follows

(1) Those formerly domiciled in north China at Sasebo and Senzaki.

(2) Those formerly domiciled in central China at Hakata and Senzaki.

b. All Chinese remaining in Japan on 13 May 1946, desiring repatriation, will be assembled on that date for evacuation as follows

(1) Those whose destination is north China at Sasebo for shipment on Japanese or Japanese-manned shipping.

(2) Those whose destination is central China at Maizuru for shipment on Japanese or Japanese-manned shipping.

(3) Those whose destination is south China at Kure for shipment to Canton on Japanese-manned shipping servicing the Southeast Asia areas.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX IV

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORTATION

1. The following govern the provision of food, clothing, and other supplies for repatriates.
 - a. Adequate food, safe drinking water, clothing and medical supplies will be provided repatriates while enroute to and in the reception centers. Resupply will be arranged if trains are delayed while enroute to the reception centers.
 - b. All Japanese-manned vessels, including hospital ships, leaving designated ports in the home islands (paragraph 2a, Annex II) will be provided by the reception centers with sufficient stocks of palatable food, safe fresh water, medical supplies, clothing and other items required for the ships' crews and repatriates on the outgoing and return voyages plus one (1) day each way.
 - c. The Japanese Ministry of Welfare will furnish all non-Japanese repatriates outloaded on US-manned Landing Ships, Tank, with one (1) day's supply of pre-cooked rice and sufficient dry rice for the voyage plus one (1) day. The food will be palatable.
 - d. United States repatriation vessels leaving designated ports in the Japanese home islands and which will return to Japan with repatriates, will be provided by the reception centers with sufficient stocks of food, medical supplies, blankets and other items required for the repatriates on the return voyage. During periods of cold weather in Japan, the Imperial Japanese Government will place aboard vessels departing from Japan sufficient warm clothing for repatriates to be returned to Japan from warm climates.
 - e. The cost of supplies and facilities for repatriates will be borne by the Imperial Japanese Government.
 - f. Retention of American military equipment by Japanese evacuees in Japan.
 - (1) In order that maximum utility may be gained from American military clothing and equipment issued by competent authority to Japanese evacuees, the Imperial Japanese Government is directed to take the following actions:

Annex 4 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex IV to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC,
(SCAFIN_927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

- (a) Collect all American clothing and equipment in the possession of repatriates as they are processed through reception centers.
- (b) Re-cut it such personnel when necessary with Japanese clothing and equipment.
- (c) American clothing and equipment, collected as directed in paragraph 1 (a) above, may be used by the Japanese Government for relief purposes subject to the following:

1. All clothing or equipment of textile or fabric material will be dyed a distinctive color prior to issue.
2. All equipment such as shoes, canteens, etc, which cannot be dyed, will be marked or branded in the manner approved by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.
3. Unless so dyed or marked, items will be confiscated by Allied authorities.

- (2) The Imperial Japanese Government will report to the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers as of the last day of each month the quantities of each item of American clothing and equipment dyed and marked and reissued to needy individuals during that month

g. Supplies of food and clothing for the reception centers will be levied proportionally on all prefectures of Japan.

2. Transportation.

a. Water transportation will be provided without cost to repatriates.

b. Rail transportation will be provided without cost to authorized repatriates moving to reception centers under Japanese planned evacuation. This is retroactive to 15 October 1945. The following governs payment of refunds:

- (1) When refunds are made they should be made to individuals unless an organization has legal proof that it is acting as an agent for such individuals under a proper power of attorney.
- (2) The matter of refunds to employers for fares paid in behalf of non-Japanese employees is a matter for settlement between the Imperial Japanese Government and the employers concerned.

Annex 4 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex IV to Memo for the IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

c. Vessels and trains will be clean, and adequate sanitary facilities therein will be provided.

d. Adequate fire fighting equipment and life rafts will be provided Japanese-manned repatriation vessels.

e. Quarters for US escort guards aboard vessels will be clean and the best available. Adequate sanitary facilities will be provided.

3. Emergency supplies furnished repatriation ships in foreign ports.

a. Arrangements have been made with the authorities who control ports outside of Japan to accept receipts for necessary supplies issued to Japanese-manned ships servicing those ports.

b. Masters of Japanese-manned vessels engaged in repatriation will be instructed to furnish quantitative receipts for supplies obtained outside of Japan. Receipts will specify amount and kind of supplies and whether supplies will be used for Japanese troops or civilians.

c. The Imperial Japanese Government will provide fuel, fresh water, medical supplies and food for all Japanese-manned ships engaged in repatriation to the maximum extent practicable from Japanese sources. Accordingly Japanese-manned vessels will obtain supplies at overseas ports in minimum amounts necessary to complete their scheduled voyages.

4. Other Medical Supplies.

See Paragraph 4, Annex V.

Annex 4 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX V

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

MEDICAL AND SANITARY PROCEDURES

1. The Ministry of Public Welfare will carry out the following medical and sanitary procedures as minimum requirements incidental to repatriation of all nationals to and from Japan.

a. Procedures with respect to all repatriates will provide for:

- (1) Physical inspection for detection of louse infestation, and of cases and suspects of quarantinable diseases (cholera, plague, smallpox, louse-borne typhus, yellow fever, leprosy, and anthrax) or of communicable disease which might prejudice the health of subsequent contacts.
- (2) Hospitalization or other effective segregation of persons known or suspected to be infected with quarantinable or significant communicable diseases, until communicability has passed. These persons will not be placed aboard vessels or trains carrying repatriates (see paragraph 3).
- (3) Appropriate measures for continued observation of persons known to have had contact with a quarantinable disease of a type liable to convey infection. Observation will continue during the incubation period of the disease concerned, calculated from the day of last contact. The following incubation periods will be observed: smallpox-14 days, louse-borne typhus-12 days, plague-6 days, yellow fever-6 days, and cholera-5 days, (see paragraph 3).
 - (a) In accordance with the risk involved, appropriate measures may vary from detention under observation to notification to the responsible control agency in the country of entry of the presence of passengers aboard ships that have been exposed to the diseases mentioned in paragraph 1a (3) above.
- (4) Disinfestation by methods approved by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers (preferably DDT) of: all persons arriving from Karafuto, Kurile Islands, Russia, Manchuria, Korea, China and other areas in

Annex 5 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex V to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927)GC, dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

which louse-borne typhus is known to be occurring; all persons found infested with lice upon arrival from other areas, or who have been in contact en-route with persons from the above designated areas. Disinfestation will include the clothing and baggage of such persons and other articles susceptible to infestation.

(5) Immunizations.

(a) The following vaccinations will be given:

1. Smallpox vaccination will be given to all outgoing repatriates, and all incoming repatriates not vaccinated within one year.
2. Typhus vaccine will be administered to all repatriates travelling to the Asiatic Mainland, and all incoming repatriates not vaccinated within previous 6 months period.
3. Cholera vaccine will be given during spring and summer to all outgoing repatriates.

(b) Only the initial dose of a multi-dose vaccine need be administered at the reception centers if the flow of outgoing repatriates would be impeded otherwise.

(6) Maintenance of records required to comply with International Quarantine procedure.

b. Procedures with respect only to Japanese-manned vessels will provide for:

- (1) Inspection for rodent infestation aboard such vessels arriving from areas in which plague is known to be occurring or is considered endemic, including the Asiatic mainland, Formosa and Netherlands East Indies.
- (2) Fumigation by cyanide, sulfur dioxide, or other method submitted to and approved in advance by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, of vessels in which a case of rodent plague has been detected or in which there is an excessive number of rats as determined by the amount of feces present.
- (3) Examination for infection with plague of all rats recovered after fumigation, or by trapping ashore or aboard vessels in which fumigation is not being carried out.

Annex 5 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex V to Memo for IJG, File AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927)GC, dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

- (4) Additional measures applicable to prevent the spread of plague, including anchorage in stream, fending off from wharves, rat guards, etc, as well as disinfection (preferably with DDT) of persons and their effects and of parts of the vessels which may have been infested with lice. Disinfection with DDT will be accomplished monthly on all vessels operating on shuttles where less than a month is required for a round trip. Vessels assigned to voyages requiring more than a month for a round trip will be disinfested with DDT prior to departure from Japan on each voyage.
- (5) Other sanitary measures approved by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers as appropriate for control of diseases aboard vessels, including adequate provision for safe drinking water and proper disposal of wastes, and thorough cleaning of vessels at port of debarkation. In all cases ships will be thoroughly cleaned prior to their departure from Japan and in the shortest practicable time.
- (6) Providing ships' masters with the necessary means and equipment to maintain a high degree of sanitation while at sea. The Imperial Japanese Government will require ships' masters to enforce the desired high standard of cleanliness and sanitation.

c. Procedures with respect to reception centers will provide for:

- (1) A continuing program of rat control and autopsies of captured rats in all reception centers with immediate notifications to appropriate Allied military and Japanese authorities whenever a plague rat is found.
- (2) All immunizations, processing and disinfection of ships, and personnel and their baggage being done at the reception center. A blanket certificate to the effect that all required procedures have been accomplished will be attached to the passenger manifest. In cases where any required procedures have been omitted, an appropriate notation will be made on the certificate.
- (3) Physical inspection being done during daylight hours, except in exceptional circumstances in which the flow of repatriates would be impeded otherwise.

Annex 5 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex V to Memo for IJG, File AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927)GC, dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

(4) Additional measures of port sanitary control, including in particular investigation of enteric infections, being carried out by the Ministry of Public Welfare as desirable and feasible provided that the flow of repatriates is not impeded thereby.

d. Japanese crews of repatriation vessels will be vaccinated for the diseases enumerated in paragraph 1a(3) above. Immunization will be considered valid not to exceed the following periods: smallpox-1 year, louse-borne typhus-6 months, cholera-4 months, yellow fever-5 years, plague-3 months. Each member of the crew will be issued an immunization register, indicating type of vaccination and the date the vaccine was administered. The crew members will carry these registers at all times. Loss of immunization registers will necessitate revaccination.

e. Members of crews of incoming repatriation ships carrying smallpox cases will be vaccinated, or revaccinated, and the responsible control agency notified that the ship can be dispatched when five days have elapsed subsequent to the vaccination. This will not apply to ships carrying quarantinable disease other than smallpox.

f. The Imperial Japanese Government will direct the captains of Japanese manned repatriation vessels to notify the responsible control agency in the country of entry of the presence on board ship of any of the diseases listed in paragraph 1a(3) above or of exposed passengers travelling during incubation periods. Notification will also include cases of significant communicable disease, the institutionalization of which is not immediately practicable, i.e. tuberculosis, etc.

g. Persons infected with leprosy will not be repatriated.

2. Japanese medical personnel to be furnished for repatriation shipping.

a. Medical personnel aboard Japanese-manned Liberty ships and Landing Ships, Tank, repatriating Japanese from China, except for hospital ships, will be furnished by the Chinese authorities from Japanese medical personnel now in China. This personnel will be assigned for permanent duty aboard these vessels.

b. The Imperial Japanese Government will assign medical personnel for permanent duty aboard all Japanese-manned repatriation shipping, other than that mentioned in paragraph 2a above, as follows:

(1) On ships making voyages of less than four days duration, two medical orderlies.

(2) On ships making voyages of four days or longer duration, a doctor and two medical orderlies.

c. The Imperial Japanese Government will obtain names and Annex 5 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex V to Memorandum for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927) dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

itineraries of shipping requiring Japanese medical personnel from the Shipping Control Authority for the Japanese Merchant Marine.

3. Quarantine procedures for cholera among repatriates.

a. The Imperial Japanese Government will take the following measures immediately to prevent the introduction of cholera into Japan by individuals being repatriated from China:

b. In the case of ships with repatriates from China which arrive without cases of cholera aboard:

(1) Where the voyage has taken more than six (6) days, all personnel, except crew members who have been inoculated within the previous one month period (see paragraph 1d above), will be inoculated with 1 cubic centimeter of cholera vaccine and debarked, and processing procedures will be performed as usual.

(2) Where the voyage from China has taken less than six (6) days, all personnel will be held aboard the ship until six (6) days have elapsed, the personnel physically examined for cholera, and if no cases are found they will be disembarked as described in paragraph 3b (1) above. In the event cholera is found, the procedure will be as prescribed in paragraph 3c below.

c. Ships which arrive in Japan WITH CHOLERA ABOARD will use only the ports of Uraga or Sasebo until directed otherwise by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

(1) Ships will be anchored sufficiently far from shore to preclude the possibility of anyone swimming to shore or contamination from the vessel washing ashore.

(2) All personnel will be held on board for fourteen (14) days after the development of the last case.

(3) Cases of cholera will be removed from the ship to a hospital ship anchored off shore, which will receive and treat cholera cases among repatriates. Prior to the arrival of the hospital ships at the ports of Uraga and Sasebo, cholera patients will be removed to the isolation hospitals at the reception centers at the above mentioned ports, where strict isolation procedure will be maintained. Great care will be exercised in sterilizing all discharges from the patients (using 2 per cent cresol solution), screening to protect from flies and isolation of attendants.

Annex 5 to Incl 2 to CD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex V to Memd for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 1946)GC,
(SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

- (4) All personnel (except cholera patients, and crew members who have been inoculated within the previous one month period) will be inoculated with 1 cubic centimeter of cholera vaccine.
- (5) During the quarantine period the feces and urine of all personnel will be treated with a 2 per cent cresol solution before being discharged into the sea.
- (6) A stool examination will be performed on all personnel to detect carriers. All carriers discovered will be isolated in the same place as cholera cases and kept until three negative stool specimens have been obtained at two day intervals.
- (7) The baggage and clothing of all personnel will be sterilized.

4. The Japanese Government will furnish the vaccine necessary for medical processing at all repatriation ports in China and Japan. The Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers will furnish the necessary instructions concerning amounts and types needed for China. Where it is not possible for the Japanese Government to furnish vaccines in the required amounts, the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers will be notified of deficiencies with reasons therefore.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX VI

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN- 927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

CURRENCY, SECURITIES, AND OTHER DOCUMENTS AND POSSESSIONS

1. The Ministry of Public Welfare will carry out the following procedures in processing Japanese being repatriated to Japan, and Chinese, Formosans, Koreans, and Ryukyans to their respective homelands.

2. In processing Japanese nationals being repatriated to Japan, the Imperial Japanese Government will:

a. Permit the following currency and Japanese Government Bonds to be brought into Japan:

- (1) Bank of Japan yen currency and supplemental "B" type currency in the following amounts:
 - (a) Commissioned officers - a maximum of ¥ 500.
 - (b) Non-commissioned officers and enlisted men - a maximum of ¥ 200.
 - (c) Civilians* - a maximum of ¥ 1000.
- (2) Exchange certificates for Japanese yen, issued by demobilization directors at ports of embarkation in north China, and duly certified receipts for yen currency, issued in southern Korea, in lieu of yen currency up to the limits stipulated in paragraph 2a (1) above.
- (3) Japanese Government bonds expressed in yen, in lieu of yen currency and/or exchange certificates up to the limits stipulated paragraph 2a (1) above.

b. In addition to the amounts of yen currency, exchange certificates, or Japanese Government bonds which may be brought in by all repatriates, permit Japanese prisoners of war to bring in with them additional amounts equal to payments made to them or accumulated by them while interned as prisoners of war.

- c. (1) Convert exchange certificates and certified receipts (see paragraph 2a (2) above) into Bank of Japan currency on a

* Includes civilians attached to Japanese Army and Navy.

Annex 6 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex VI to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAFIN- 927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

one-to-one basis, retaining in safe custody exchange certificates so exchanged pending further directions from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. Bank of Japan and "B" type currency allowed to be brought in plus the proceeds of any exchange made at the port of debarkation will not exceed the limitations of paragraph 2a (1) above.

- (2) Effect no exchanges of any foreign currency brought into Japan including, but not by way of limitation, currency of the Bank of Chosen, the Bank of Taiwan, and the Central Bank of Manchuria. All such currency carried to Japan by repatriates will be taken up against individual receipt and held in safe custody pending further directions from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. The above will not be construed to amend or nullify paragraph 3 of Memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 123 (13 Dec 45)E33/FL, dated 13 December 1945, subject: "Relief Payments to Japanese Repatriates."

d. Permit the following financial instruments to be brought into Japan as indicated below.

- (1) Postal savings pass books of the Japanese Postal Savings System issued in Japanese Yen in Japan, Korea, Formosa, Kwantung Province, and north China.
- (2) Post Office life insurance policies and other insurance policies issued by Japanese companies.
- (3) Bank pass books issued by financial institutions in Japan.
- (4) Japanese Army and Navy field-postal savings pass books.
- (5) Remittance receipts, payable in yen, issued to repatriates from China by the Yokohama Specie Bank in China against yen deposits, provided that the total yen amount of remittance receipts carried by any person, when added to the yen currency, exchange certificates and/or Japanese Government bonds does not exceed the amounts stipulated in paragraph 2a (1) above.

e. Permit them to carry with them their clothing and Personal possessions of value only to the owner. This will be limited to the amount each person can carry at one time.

f. (1) Take up against individual receipt:

- (a) All currency or combinations of currency and/or exchange certificates, remittance receipts and Japanese Govern-

BASIC: Annex VI to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

ment bonds in excess of the limitations stipulated in paragraph 2a (1) above, and all foreign currencies (see paragraph 2c (2) above).

- (b) Gold or silver coin.
 - (c) Gold, silver or platinum bullion or alloy thereof in bullion form.
 - (d) Checks, drafts, bills of exchange securities, promissory notes, payment instructions, transfer orders, or other financial instruments, except as in paragraphs 2a through 2d above.
 - (e) Powers of attorney, proxies, or other authorizations or instructions to effect financial or property transactions with in or outside Japan.
 - (f) Any other evidence of indebtedness or evidence of ownership of property not specifically enumerated above.
 - (g) Art objects and personal property of value to others beside the possessor, and personal possessions in excess of limits proscribed in paragraph 2c above.
- (2) Hold those items taken up against individual receipt in safe custody pending further directions from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.
- g. (1) Permit the following to be brought into Japan by repatriating oversea forces.
- (a) Administrative documents relating to military personnel to include service records, data on promotions, awards, decorations, pay allowances and allotments, and other official documents necessary for completing final records and discharge papers of military and auxiliary personnel. Administrative regulations and procedures covering personnel matters are included in this authorization.
 - (b) Tables of organization and equipment, strength returns, changes in command and military directorics.

Annex 6 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex VI to Memo for IJG, file IG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN- 927) dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation,"

- (c) Health regulations, hospital records and sick reports.
 - (d) Courts martial proceedings, records of arrests and confinements, and files of pending cases.
 - (e) Inventories, budgets, receipts, disbursements and settlements of purely military accounts.
 - (f) Demobilization and repatriation regulations.
 - (g) Census of Japanese nationals in various areas.
 - (h) Official documents necessary for settlement of accounts of the deceased who were formerly in the military or auxiliary service.
 - (i) Lists of missing personnel and desertors.
 - (j) Official organization seals.
- (2) Items listed in paragraphs 2g (1) (a) through 2g (1) (j) above will be subject to screening by appropriate authorities at ports of embarkation and debarkation. When cleared at the port of embarkation, the items will be placed aboard departing repatriation vessels in the custody of an individual designated by the Allied Commander in that area. The appointed custodian of the documents will present his credentials and clearance certificate from the port of embarkation to the proper authority at the port of debarkation for final clearance to transfer these documents to the control of the Imperial Japanese Government. The provisions of paragraph 2g (1) above are not to be construed as a matter of policy and do not abrogate the prerogative of the local Allied Commander to retain in his area such documents as he considers necessary.

3. In processing Korean, Chinese, or Formosan nationals, or Ryukyuans being repatriated from Japan to their respective homelands, the Imperial Japanese Government will:

a. Permit them to take with them yen currency in an amount not to exceed ¥ 1000 per person.

- (1) Chinese, Formosans and Ryukyuans will take Bank of Japan currency.
- (2) The Imperial Japanese Government will exchange Bank of Chosen currency for Bank of Japan currency for Korean nationals, on a one to one basis.

BASIC: Annex VI to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAFIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

b. Permit Koreans and Chinese to take with them in addition to currency:

- (1) Postal savings pass books and bank pass books issued by financial institutions in Japan and in the country to which they are being repatriated.
- (2) Insurance policies issued in Japan and in the country to which they are being repatriated.
- (3) Checks, drafts and certificates of deposit drawn on and issued by financial institutions in Japan and payable in Japan.

c. Permit them to carry with them their clothing and personal possessions of value only to the owner. These affects will be limited in weight to 250 pounds per person. The Imperial Japanese Government will take the necessary steps to handle this additional baggage without delaying the repatriation program.

d. (1) Take up against individual receipt:

- (a) All other currency and yen currency in excess of the amount set forth in paragraph 3a above. All Bank of Japan currency carried by Korean repatriates will be collected and individual receipts will be issued for all that over and above the amount taken in exchange for Bank of Chosen currency (see paragraph 3a (2) above, and memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091.31 (30 Mar 46)ESS/PI, (SCAFIN-354-A), dated 30 March 1946, subject: "Conversion of Currency for Korean Repatriates.")
- (b) Gold, silver or platinum bullion or alloy thereof in bullion form.
- (c) Checks, drafts, bills of exchange, securities, promissory notes, payment instructions, transfer orders, or other financial instruments, except as specified in paragraph 3b above.
- (d) Powers of attorney, proxies, or other authorization or instructions to effect financial or property transactions within or outside Japan.
- (e) Any other evidence of indebtedness or evidence of ownership of property not specifically enumerated above, except as specified in paragraph 3b above.

Annex 6 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex VI to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAFIA-927),
dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

- (1) Art objects and personal property of value to others
beside the possessor, and personal possessions in
excess of limits prescribed in paragraph 3c above.
- (2) Hold these items taken up against individual receipt in
safe custody pending further directions from the Supreme
Commander for the Allied Powers.

Annex 6 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX VII

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC,
(SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

MISCELLANEOUS

1. Visits by Japanese Nationals to Korea.

a. All requests for permission for Japanese nationals to visit Korea will be disapproved unless, in the opinion of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, visit is for the purpose of conducting business essential to the occupation of Japan and Korea.

b. The settlement of private business matters by Japanese nationals and their assistance in welfare and relief work is not considered essential business as defined in a above.

2. Use of repatriation vessels for cargo.

a. Cargo space on regularly assigned repatriation ships may be allocated by the Shipping Control Authority for the Japanese Merchant Marine for essential cargo under the following conditions:

- (1) When suitable cargo ships are not available.
- (2) When the amount of cargo is so small that the scheduling of a cargo ship therefor is not warranted.

b. The Imperial Japanese Government will continue to arrange with the Shipping Control Authority for the Japanese Merchant Marine through the Civilian Merchant Marine Committee, for the assignment of the necessary space for shipping authorized cargoes.

Annex 7 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
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ANNEX VIII

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

RESCISSIONS

1. The instructions contained in the following memorandums and radios from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers to the Imperial Japanese Government, and the directives rescinded therein, are superseded by this directive.

Memo, file AG 563.5 (1 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-780), dated 1 March 1946,
subject: "Cargo Shipped on Repatriation Vessels."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (1 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-781), dated 1 March 1946,
subject: "Unsatisfactory Conditions Aboard Repatriation Vessels."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (15 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-817), dated 15 March 1946,
subject: "Unsatisfactory Conditions Aboard Repatriation Vessels."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (16 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-822), dated 16 March 1946,
subject: "Repatriation."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (27 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-822/1), dated 27 March
1946, subject: "Repatriation."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (28 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-822/2), dated 28 March
1946, subject: "Repatriation."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (15 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-822/3), dated 15 April
1946, subject: "Repatriation."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (18 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-825), dated 18 March
1946, subject: "Suspension of Repatriation from Japan to Ryukyus."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (19 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-828), dated 19 March
1946, subject: "Reception Centers in Japan for Processing Repatriates."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (19 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-829), dated 19 March
1946, subject: "Suspension of Repatriation from Japan of Koreans Residing
in Northern Korea."

Memo, file AG 560 (22 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-832), dated 22 March 1946,
subject: "Use of Repatriation Vessels for Cargo."

Annex 8 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex VIII to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

Memo, file AG 720.4 (6 Apr 46)FI, (SCAPIN-865), dated 6 April 1946,
subject: "Quarantine Procedures for Cholera in Repatriates."

Memo, file AG 560 (7 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-867), dated 7 April 1946,
subject: "Supply of Hospital Ships."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (9 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-872), dated 9 April 1946,
subject: "Repatriation of Chinese, Formosans and Koreans."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (13 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-876), dated 13 April
1946, subject: "Repatriation of Chinese, Formosans and Koreans."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (22 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-892), dated 22 April
1946, subject: "Repatriation of Koreans."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (23 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-894), dated 23 April
1946, subject: "Placing of Repatriation Reception Centers at Hakodate, Karatsu, and Moji (Tobata) on an Inactive Status."

Memo, file AG 123 (28 Apr 46)ESS/FI, (SCAPIN-908), dated 28 April
1946, subject: "Currency Carried into Japan by Japanese Nationals Repatriating from Korea."

Annex 8 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

BASIC: Annex VIII to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

2. The instructions contained in the following memorandums and radios from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers to the Imperial Japanese Government, are rescinded since the instructions contained therein are no longer applicable.

Memo, file AG 370.05 (3 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-655-A), dated 3 March 1946, subject: "Trans-Shipments of Formosan Repatriates."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (7 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-678-A), dated 7 March 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Chinese Nationals."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (8 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-688-A), dated 8 March 1946, subject: "Return of Japanese Nationals to Hachijo-Shima."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (15 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-739-A), dated 15 March 1946, subject: "Increase in Rate of Flow of Repatriates into Maizuru."

Memo, file AG 053 (17 Feb 46)GC, (SCAPIN-746), dated 17 February 1946, subject: "Registration of Koreans, Chinese, Ryukyans and Formosans."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (1 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-732), dated 1 March 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Japanese Diplomats."

Memo, file AG 560 (3 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-789), dated 3 March 1946, subject: "Diversion of Japanese Manned Repatriation Shipping from Karatsu."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (4 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-792), dated 4 March 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Japanese Diplomats."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (5 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-795), dated 5 March 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Koreans Aboard Vessel Kizan Maru."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (8 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-804), dated 8 March 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Formosans and Koreans Aboard Vessel Kizan Maru."

Memo, file AG 370.05 (29 Mar 46)GC, (SCAPIN-833-A), dated 29 March 1946, subject: "Trans-Shipments of Korean Repatriates."

Memo, file AG 560 (4 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-902-A), dated 4 April 1946, subject: "Diversion of Shipping."

Annex 8 to Incl 2 to OD 55, Hq 8A, 5 June 1946

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

9 July 1946

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER 55/1)

REPATRIATION

1. Reference is made to SCAPIN-927/1, with inclosures, attached herewith (Inclosure 1).
2. The commanding general of each corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, will exercise routine supervision of the Japanese in the execution of the instructions contained in reference in paragraph 1 above.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

(Signature)

BOWEN
G-3

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

1 Inclosure: SCAPIN 927/1

Received by 0031- 4 April 47

55/1

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 014.33 (14 June 46)GC
(SCAPIN-927/1)APO 500
14 June 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation.

1. Reference is made to memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject as above.

2. The following page of the memorandum reference paragraph 1 is rescinded and the page attached as Inclosure 1 hereto will be substituted therefor.

Page 1, Annex III

3. The following page attached as Inclosure 2 hereto will be inserted as an addition to the memorandum reference paragraph 1.

Page 4A, Annex III

4. Additions or changes incorporated in the new pages have been underlined.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ J. W. Mann
for JOHN B. COOLEY,
Colonel, AGD,
Adjutant General

2 Inclosures (part of the memo
referred to in par 1 above)

Incl 1 - Page 1 (Revised 14 June 1946), Annex III.
Incl 2 - Page 4A (Added 14 June 1946), Annex III.

Inclosure 1 to Operational Directive No. 55/1, Hq Eighth Army, 9 July 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX III

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 014.33 (7 May 46)
GC, (SCAFIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

REPATRIATION TO AND FROM JAPAN

SECTION I - GENERAL PLAN.

1. a. The following plan governing the repatriation to and from Japan, now in effect, will continue until otherwise directed by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

b. The entire plan revolves around the use of reception centers and the flow of persons to be repatriated through these centers in the numbers that can be accommodated by the available shipping and rail transportation.

c. Under this plan non-Japanese nationals who, having registered as being desirous of repatriation, refuse to comply with plans of the Imperial Japanese Government for movement to reception centers forfeit their privilege to repatriation and will not be considered in any future repatriation plans. A list of such persons by name will be maintained by the Japanese Government. The number of persons so listed as of 31 May 1946 will be reported to General Headquarters not later than 25 June 1946. Thereafter monthly reports will be furnished on or about the 10th day of the month following the month reported on.

2. The following reception centers will be used to process non-Japanese repatriates leaving Japan:

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Hakata and Senzaki | Primarily to process Koreans. |
| Kagoshima | Primarily to process Ryukyans. |
| Kure Area | Primarily to process Formosans, and such Chinese as were formerly domiciled in South China. |
| Maizuru | Primarily to process Chinese who were formerly domiciled in central China. |
| Sasebo | Primarily to process Chinese who were formerly domiciled in north China. |

3. The Japanese Ministry of Welfare will:

a. Make the necessary arrangements to insure that each of the reception centers mentioned in paragraph 2 above is kept filled, insofar as practicable, with outgoing repatriates as hereinafter prescribed.

(Revised 14 June 1946)
(SCAFIN- 927/1)

Inclosure 1 to Operational Directive No. 55/1, Hq Eighth Army, 9 July 1946

BASIC: Annex III to memo for IJG, file AG 014.33 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

12. Under this plan it is the responsibility of the Imperial Japanese Government to plan and implement the repatriation of Korean nationals from Japan to Korea. This responsibility will not be delegated wholly or in part to any of the various Korean associations or societies.

(Added 14 June 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/1)

SECTION I - GENERAL STATE
REPRODUCTION TO THE HONORABLE

Inclosure No. 1 to Official Directive No. 55/1, Hq Eighth Army, 9 July 1946

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER 55/2)

24 July 1946.

REPATRIATION

1. Reference is made to SCAP memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, (SCAPIN-927/2) dated 2 July 1946, subject: "Repatriation, with inclosures attached. (Inclosure 1).
2. The purpose of the above memoranda is to discharge United States obligations for the repatriation of liberated persons as expeditiously as practicable. It is realized in the application of its provisions many unforeseen contingencies and special situations will arise where it may be advisable to make exceptions. For this reason, hard and fast rules covering all eventualities are not established.
3. Specific cases involving the health of repatriates, must be considered on the individual merits of each case.
4. Exception should not be made for Korean families which have immediate members in the Japanese army located in areas outside of Japan. In this connection present plans contemplate the return of these Koreans directly to Korea.
5. The commanding general of each corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces will exercise supervision over the Japanese to insure compliance with the above mentioned directive.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

1 Incl:
SCAPIN-927/2

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

Bowen
BOWEN
G-3

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

55/2

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 370.05 (2 Jul 46)GC
(SCAPIN-927/2)

APO 500
2 July 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation.

1. Reference is made to memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject as above, as amended.

2. The following pages of the memorandum reference paragraph 1 are rescinded and the pages attached as Inclosures 1, 3 and 4 hereto will be substituted therefor.

Page 1 (Revised 14 June 1946), Annex III
Page , Annex III
Page A (Added 14 June 1946), Annex III

3. The following page attached as Inclosure 2 hereto will be inserted as an addition to the memorandum reference paragraph 1.

Page 1A, Annex III

4. Additions or changes incorporated in the new pages have been underlined.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ R. G. Hershey
for JOHN B. COOLEY,
Colonel, AGD,
Adjutant General

4 Inclosures (part of the memo
referred to in para 1 above)

Incl 1 - Page 1 (Revised 30 June 1946), Annex III,
Incl 2 - Page 1A (Added 30 June 1946), Annex III,
Incl 3 - Page 4 (Revised 30 June 1946), Annex III,
Incl 4 - Page 4A (Revised 30 June 1946), Annex III.

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/2, Hd Eighth Army, 24 July 1946.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX III

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 1946)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

REPATRIATION TO AND FROM JAPAN

SECTION I - GENERAL PLAN

1. a. The following plan governing the repatriation to and from Japan, now in effect, will continue until otherwise directed by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

b. The entire plan revolves around the use of reception centers and the flow of persons to be repatriated through these centers in the numbers that can be accommodated by the available shipping and rail transportation.

c. Under this plan non-Japanese nationals who, having registered as being desirous of repatriation, refuse to comply with plans of the Imperial Japanese Government for movement to reception centers forfeit their privilege to repatriation and will not be considered in any future repatriation plans. A list of such persons ~~by name~~ will be maintained by the Japanese Government. The number of persons so listed as of 31 May 1946 will be reported to General Headquarters not later than 25 June 1946. Thereafter monthly reports will be furnished on or about the 10th day of the month following the month reported on.

d. Exception to paragraph 1 c above may be made in the case of families which cannot comply with plans of the Imperial Japanese Government for movement to reception centers, due to circumstances over which they have no control. Insofar as practicable the immediate family group should be considered a unit, and should be repatriated as a unit, unless members thereof have forfeited their privilege of repatriation. Persons, who cannot comply with repatriation plans, due to circumstances beyond their control, will not be included in the reports directed in paragraph 1 c above.

2. The following reception centers will be used to process non-Japanese repatriates leaving Japan:

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Hakata and Sensaki | Primarily to process Koreans |
| Kagoshima | Primarily to process Ryukyans. |
| Kuro Area | Primarily to process Formosans, and such Chinese as were formerly domiciled in south China. |
| Maizuru | Primarily to process Chinese who were formerly domiciled in central China. |
| Sasebo | Primarily to process Chinese who were formerly domiciled in north China. |

(Revised 30 June 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/1 and 2)

1

Incl 1 to Incl 1 to OD No. 55/2, Hd Eighth Army, 24 July 1946.

BASIC: Annex III to Memo to IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927)
dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

3. The Japanese Ministry of Welfare will:

a. Make the necessary arrangements to insure that each of the reception centers mentioned in paragraph 2 above is kept filled, insofar as practicable, with outgoing repatriates as hereinafter prescribed.

(Added 30 June 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/2)

- 1A -

Incl 2 to Incl 1 to OD No. 55/2, Ho Eighth Army, 24 July 1946.

3ASIC: Annex III to Memo to IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927) dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

Short range Japanese repatriation shipping in the Japan-Korea shuttles is assigned so as to make available the following number of spaces daily:

| | <u>Initially</u> | <u>By 5 May 1946</u> |
|---------|------------------|----------------------|
| Hakata | 1,500 | 3,000 |
| Senzaki | 500 | 1,000 |

b. Japan - Korea - China shuttles.

Certain Japanese shipping, shuttling between Shanghai and Hakata, may be loaded with Koreans at Hakata for debarkation at Pusan.

10. Processing of Koreans through Japanese ports.

a. The repatriation of Koreans now in Japan who were formerly resident in Korea south of 38 degrees north latitude will be completed on or before 30 September 1946, except as noted in paragraph 1d above. A report will be submitted to the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers by 10 October 1946 showing:

- (1) Names of Koreans, listed by family, who could not be repatriated on or before 30 September 1946, but who have not forfeited their privilege of repatriation, as outlined in paragraph 1d above.
- (2) Approximate date each family, referred to in paragraph 10 a (1) above, will be able to move to repatriation ports.

b. Koreans will be outloaded to Pusan from the following ports at the daily rates indicated:

| | <u>Initially</u> | <u>By 5 May 1946</u> |
|---------|------------------|----------------------|
| Hakata | 1,500 | 3,000 |
| Senzaki | 500 | 1,000 |
| TOTAL | 2,000 | 4,000 |

Initial daily rates indicated above will be progressively increased to insure that the prescribed rates are reached by 5 May 1946. Thereafter the prescribed rates will be maintained until all Koreans desirous of repatriation are either cleared from Japan or have forfeited their privilege to repatriation. Sufficient Koreans will be backlogged in these reception centers to insure the above.

11. Repatriation to Korea north of 38 degrees north latitude.

Repatriation to northern Korea will be held in abeyance pending consummation of appropriate agreements. Koreans destined for northern Korea will be held in Japan until such time as they can be repatriated to northern Korea.

(Revised 30 June 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/2)

Incl 3 to Incl 1 to OD No. 55/2, Hd Eighth Army, 24 July 1946.

BASIC: Annex III to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC,
(SCAPIN-927) dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

12. Repatriation of Korean prisoners.

a. The Imperial Japanese Government will not repatriate Korean civil prisoners from Japan until they have served their term of imprisonment and are duly released from confinement. This shall not be construed as in any way infringing upon the prerogative of the Imperial Japanese Government to remit or mitigate sentences.

b. The above is subject to the provisions of memorandum, from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 015 (19 Feb 46)LS, (SCAPIN-757), dated 19 February 1946, subject: "Review of Sentences Imposed upon Koreans and Certain Other Nationals."

12 $\frac{1}{2}$. Under this plan it is the responsibility of the Imperial Japanese Government to plan and implement the repatriation of Korean nationals from Japan to Korea. This responsibility will not be delegated wholly or in part to any of the various Korean associations or societies.

(Revised 30 June 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/1 and 2)

4A

Incl 4 to Incl 1 to OD No. 55/2, Hd Eighth Army, 24 July 1946.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

8 August 1946

NUMBER.....55/3)

REPATRIATION

1. Reference is made to SCAPIN 927/3, dated 9 July 1946, with inclosures, attached herewith. (inclosure 1).

2. The commanding general of each corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, will exercise routine supervision of the Japanese in the execution of the instructions contained in reference in paragraph 1 above.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHENBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

Bmw

BOWEN
G-3

1 Incl: SCAP memorandum,
(SCAPIN - 927/3)

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

55/3

Resubmitted by 0031-7 April 47

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 370.05 (9 Jul 46)GC
(SCAPIN-927/3)APO 500
9 July 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation.

1. Reference is made to memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject as above, as amended.

2. The following pages of the memorandum reference paragraph 1 are rescinded and the pages as attached as inclosures hereto will be substituted therefor.

Page 1, Annex II

Page 2, Annex II

Page 1 (Revised 30 June 1946), Annex III

3. Additions or changes incorporated in the new pages have been underlined.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

3 Inclosures (part of the memo referred to in paragraph 1 above).

Incl 1 - Page 1 (Revised 9 July 1946), Annex II

Incl 2 - Page 2 (Revised 9 July 1946), Annex II

Incl 3 - Page 1 (Revised 9 July 1946), Annex III

/s/ R. Y. Hersey
for JOHN B. COOLEY
Colonel, AGD,
Adjutant General.

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/3, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
 SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX II

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC,
 (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

RECEPTION CENTERS IN JAPAN FOR
 PROCESSING REPATRIATES

1. The Ministry of Public Welfare, having been designated by the Japanese Government to handle repatriation matters, will:

a. Establish a central agency to effect coordination with other Japanese governmental agencies regarding supply, customs, transportation, physical inspections, quarantine and demobilization, and to effect liaison with the headquarters of the Eighth United States Army.

b. Establish and operate reception centers at designated ports (see paragraph 2a) to:

- (1) Receive, process, care for and evacuate all Japanese repatriates returning to Japan proper from overseas.
- (2) Assemble, process, care for and load non-Japanese nationals, as outlined in Annex III.

c. Designate a resident director at each reception center responsible for its operation and for maintaining liaison with local Allied military authorities responsible for supervision of the reception center.

2. a. Reception Centers: Location, character and capacity.

Reception centers will be located as indicated below, and only these centers will be used for repatriation purposes:

| Ports | Capacity per day | |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Incoming (Par 1b) | Outgoing (Par 1b) |
| Hakata | 7,500 | 5,000 |
| Hakodate* | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Karatsu# | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Kagoshima** | 3,000 | 1,500 |
| Kure APO*** | 8,000 | 3,000 |
| Maizuru**** | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Nagoya | 5,000 | 0 |
| Sasebo | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Senzaki | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Shimonoseki# | 2,500 | 2,500 |

(Revised 9 July 1946)
 (SCAPIN-927/3)

Inclosure 1 to Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/3, Hq Eighth Army,
 8 August 1946.

BASIC: Annex II to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927) dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation".

| Ports | Capacity per day | |
|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Incoming (Par 1b) | Outgoing (Par 1b) |
| Tanabe # | 3,000 | 1,000 |
| Tobata # | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Uraga | 5,000 | 1,500 |

Inactivated effective 1 August 1946. The Imperial Japanese Government will close these Reception Centers as soon as practicable thereafter.

* Inactive status, prepared to reopen on ten (10) days notice.

** For outgoing Ryukyuns only effective 1 August 1946.

*** Includes Ninoshima, Otake and Ujina.

**** Reception center inactive status effective 1 August 1946, prepared to reopen on ten (10) days notice.

b. Facilities.

Adequate facilities will be established at each of the above designated ports to receive, process and evacuate repatriates in the numbers indicated above. They will include necessary storage space for food, clothing, and medical supplies as well as space for administration, necessary medical examinations, quarantine stations and quarantine hospitals. The Ministry of Public Welfare will make arrangements with the Commanding General of the Eighth United States Army for assignment of necessary space for these facilities.

c. Medical procedures.

Adequate inspection and quarantine stations, established at the above designated ports, will be operated in accordance with the procedures prescribed in Annex V.

3. The establishment, organization and operation of each reception center will be under the supervision of the Allied military commander who exercises control over the area in which the reception center is located.

(Revised 9 July 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/3)

2

Inclosure 2 to Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/3, Hq Eighth Army,
8 August 1946

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX III

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)
GC. (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

REPATRIATION TO AND FROM JAPAN

SECTION I - GENERAL PLAN.

1. a. The following plan governing the repatriation to and from Japan, now in effect, will continue until otherwise directed by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

b. The entire plan revolves around the use of reception centers and the flow of persons to be repatriated through these centers in the numbers that can be accommodated by the available shipping and rail transportation.

c. Under this plan non-Japanese nationals who, having registered as being desirous of repatriation, refuse to comply with plans of the Imperial Japanese Government for movement to reception centers forfeit their privilege to repatriation and will not be considered in any future repatriation plans. A list of such persons by name will be maintained by the Japanese Government. The number of persons so listed as of 31 May 1946 will be reported to General Headquarters not later than 25 June 1946. Thereafter monthly reports will be furnished on or about the 10th day of the month following the month reported on.

d. Exception to paragraph 1 c above may be made in the case of families which cannot comply with plans of the Imperial Japanese Government for movement to reception centers, due to circumstances over which they have no control. Insofar as practicable the immediate family group should be considered a unit, and should be repatriated as a unit, unless members thereof have forfeited their privilege of repatriation. Persons, who cannot comply with repatriation plans, due to circumstances beyond their control, will not be included in the reports directed in paragraph 1 c above.

2. The following reception centers will be used to process non-Japanese repatriates leaving Japan:

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Hakata and Senzaki | Primarily to process Koreans. |
| <u>Kagoshima</u> | <u>Primarily to process Ryukyans now domiciled on Kyushu.</u> |
| <u>Kure Area</u> | <u>Primarily to process Ryukyans not processed through Kagoshima.</u> |

(Revised 9 July 1946)
(SCAPIN- 927/1, 2 and 3)

Inclosure 3 to Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/3, Hq Eighth Army,
8 August 1946.

BASIC: Annex III to Memo to IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927)
dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

3. The Japanese Ministry of Welfare will:

a. Make the necessary arrangements to insure that each of the reception centers mentioned in paragraph 2 above is kept filled, insofar as practicable, with outgoing repatriates as hereinafter prescribed.

(Added 30 June 1946)
(SCAPIN - 927/2)

- 14 -

Inclosure 3 to Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/3, Hq Eighth Army,
8 August 1946.

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER 55/4)

8 August 1946

REPATRIATION

1. Reference is made to SCAPIN-927/4, with inclosures, attached herewith. (Inclosure 1).

2. The commanding general of each corps and the General Officer Commanding British Commonwealth Occupation Forces will exercise routine supervision of the Japanese in the execution of the instructions contained in reference 1 above.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

Bowen

BOWEN
G-3

1 Incl:
SCAPIN 927/4

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

55/4

Revised by 00 25/4 dated 4 April 47

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 370.05 (11 Jul 46)GC
(SCAPIN-927/4)APO 500
11 July 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT : Repatriation

1. Reference is made to memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject as above, as amended.

2. The following pages of the memorandum reference paragraph 1 are rescinded and the pages attached as Inclosure 1, 2 and 4 will be substituted therefor.

Page 4, Annex V
Page 5, Annex V
Page 1, Annex VI

3. The following page attached as Inclosure 3 hereto will be inserted as an addition to the memorandum reference paragraph 1.

Page 6, Annex V

4. Additions or changes incorporated in the new pages have been underlined.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

4 Inclosures (all part of the memo referred to in par 1 above). /s/ R. G. Hersey
for JOHN B. COOLEY
Colonel, AGD
Adjutant General

Incl 1 - Page 4 (Revised 11 July 1946), Annex V
Incl 2 - Page 5 (Revised 11 July 1946), Annex V
Incl 3 - Page 6 (Added 11 July 1946), Annex V
Incl 4 - Page 1 (Revised 11 July 1946), Annex VI

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/4, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

BASIC: Annex V to Order for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

f. The Imperial Japanese Government will direct the captains of Japanese manned repatriation vessels to notify the responsible control agency in the country of entry of the presence on board ship of any of the diseases listed in paragraph 1a (3) above or of exposed passengers traveling during incubation periods. Notification will also include cases of significant communicable disease, the institutionalization of which is not immediately practicable, i.e. tuberculosis, etc.

g. Persons infected with leprosy will not be repatriated.

2. Japanese medical personnel to be furnished for repatriation shipping.

a. Medical personnel aboard Japanese-manned Liberty ships and Landing Ships, Tank, repatriating Japanese from China, except for hospital ships, will be furnished by the Chinese authorities from Japanese medical personnel now in China. This personnel will be assigned for permanent duty aboard these vessels.

b. The Imperial Japanese Government will assign medical personnel for permanent duty aboard all Japanese-manned repatriation shipping, other than that mentioned in paragraph 2a above, as follows:

(1) On ships making voyages of less than four days duration, two medical orderlies.

(2) On ships making voyages of four days or longer duration, a doctor and two medical orderlies.

c. The Imperial Japanese Government will obtain names and itineraries of shipping requiring Japanese medical personnel from the Shipping Control Authority for the Japanese Merchant Marine.

3. Quarantine procedures for cholera among repatriates.

a. The Imperial Japanese Government will take the following measures immediately to prevent the introduction of cholera into Japan by individuals being repatriated from ports infected with cholera. Ports so infected will be designated by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers as "cholera ports."

b. In the case of ships with repatriates from cholera ports which arrive without cases of cholera aboard:

(1) Where the voyage has taken more than six (6) days, all personnel, except crew members who have been inoculated within the previous one month period (see paragraph 1d above), will be inoculated with 1 cubic centimeter of cholera vaccine and debarked, and processing procedures will be performed as usual.

(Revised 11 July 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/4)

4

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/4, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

BASIC: Annex V to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

- (2) Where the voyage from the cholera port has taken less than six (6) days, all personnel will be held aboard the ship until six (6) days have elapsed, the personnel physically examined for cholera, and if no cases are found they will be disembarked as described in paragraph 3b (1) above. In the event cholera is found, the procedure will be as prescribed in paragraph 3c below.

c. Ships which arrive in Japan WITH CHOLERA ABOARD will use only the ports of Uraga or Sasebo until directed otherwise by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

- (1) Ships will be anchored sufficiently far from shore to preclude the possibility of anyone swimming to shore or contamination from the vessel washing ashore.
- (2) All personnel will be held on board for fourteen (14) days after the development of the last case.
- (3) Cases of cholera will be removed from the ship to a hospital ship anchored off shore, which will receive and treat cholera cases among repatriates. Prior to the arrival of the hospital ships at the ports of Uraga and Sasebo, cholera patients will be removed to the isolation hospitals at the reception centers at the above mentioned ports, where strict isolation procedure will be maintained. Great care will be exercised in sterilizing all discharges from the patients (using 2 per cent cresol solution), screening to protect from flies and isolation of attendants.
- (4) All personnel (except cholera patients, and crew members who have been inoculated within the previous one month period) will be inoculated with 1 cubic centimeter of cholera vaccine.
- (5) During the quarantine period the feces and urine of all personnel will be treated with a 2 per cent cresol solution before being discharged into the sea.
- (6) Stool examination will be performed on all personnel to detect carriers. All carriers discovered will be isolated in the same place as cholera cases and kept until three negative stool specimens have been obtained at two day intervals.
- (7) The baggage and clothing of all personnel will be sterilized.

(Revised 11 July 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/4)

BASIC: Annex V to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN -927), dated 7 May 1946; subject: "Repatriation."

4. The Japanese Government will furnish the vaccine necessary for medical processing at all repatriation ports in China, Manchuria and Japan. The Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers will furnish the necessary instructions concerning amounts and types needed for China and Manchuria. Where it is not possible for the Japanese Government to furnish vaccines in the required amounts, the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers will be notified of deficiencies with reasons therefore.

(Added 11 July 1946)
(SCAPIN - 927/4)

6

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/4, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX VI

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)CC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

CURRENCY, SECURITIES, AND OTHER DOCUMENTS AND POSSESSIONS

1. The Ministry of Public Welfare will carry out the following procedures in processing Japanese being repatriated to Japan, and Chinese, Formosans, Koreans, and Ryukyans to their respective homelands.

2. In processing Japanese nationals being repatriated to Japan, the Imperial Japanese Government will:

a. Permit the following currency and Japanese Government Bonds to be brought into Japan:

(1) Bank of Japan yen currency and supplemental "B" type currency in the following amounts:

(a) Commissioned officers - a maximum of ¥ 500.

(b) Non-commissioned officers and enlisted men - a maximum of ¥ 200.

(c) Civilians* - a maximum of ¥ 1000.

(2) Exchange certificates for Japanese yen, issued by demobilization directors at ports of embarkation in north China, exchange certificates for Manchu yuan, issued in Manchuria, and duly certified receipts for yen currency up to the limits stipulated in paragraph 2a (1) above.

b. In addition to the amounts of ~~yen currency, exchange certificates, or Japanese Government bonds~~ which may be brought in by all repatriates, permit Japanese prisoners of war to bring in with them additional amounts equal to payments made to them or accumulated by them while interned as prisoners of war.

c. (1) Convert exchange certificates and certified receipts (see paragraph 2a (2) above) into Bank of Japan currency on a

*Includes civilians attached to Japanese Army and Navy.

(Revised 11 July 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/4)

1

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/4, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

Eco.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER 55/5)

8 August 1946

REPATRIATION

1. Reference is made to SCAP memorandum, (SCAPIN 927/6) dated 20 July 1946, subject: "Repatriation," attached as Inclosure 1.
2. The Commanding General of each Corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, will exercise routine supervision of compliance with reference memorandum.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

Bowen

BOWEN
G-3

1 Incl
SCAP memorandum - (SCAPIN 927/6)

DISTRIBUTION: "A" plus "Z"

55/5

Revised by OD 31 - 4 August 47

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 370.05 (20 Jul 46)GC
(SCAPIN-927/6)

APO 500
20 July 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT
THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.
SUBJECT : Repatriation

1. Reference is made to memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject as above, as amended.

2. The following pages of the memorandum reference paragraph 1 are rescinded and the pages attached as inclosure 1, 3 and 4 will be substituted therefor.

Page 2, Annex V
Page 5, (Revised 11 July 1946), Annex VI
Page 5A (Added 11 July 1946), Annex VI
Page 6 Annex VI

3. The following page attached as Inclosure 2 hereto will be inserted as an addition to the memorandum reference paragraph 1.

Page 2A, Annex V

4. Additions or changes incorporated in the new pages have been underlined.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ R. G. Hersey
for JOHN B. COOLEY
Colonel, AD
Adjutant General

4 Inclosures (all part of the memo referred to in par 1 above).

Incl 1 - Page 2 (Revised 20 July 1946), Annex V
Incl 2 - Page 2A (Added 20 July 1946), Annex V
Incl 3 - Page 5 (Revised 20 July 1946), Annex VI
Incl 4 - Page 6 (Revised 20 July 1946), Annex VI

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/5, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

BASIC: Annex V to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN 927) dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

will include the clothing and baggage of such persons and other articles susceptible to infestation.

(5) Immunization.

(a) The following vaccinations will be given:

1. Smallpox vaccination will be given to all outgoing repatriates, and all incoming repatriates not vaccinated within one year.
2. Typhus vaccine will be administered to all repatriates traveling to the Asiatic mainland, and all incoming repatriates not vaccinated within previous 6 months period.
3. Cholera vaccine will be given during spring and summer to all outgoing repatriates.

(b) Only the initial dose of a multi-dose vaccine need be administered at the reception centers if the flow of outgoing repatriates would be impeded otherwise.

(c) A certificate, in the English language, indicating that smallpox and cholera vaccine have been administered during the appropriate seasons, will be furnished each outgoing repatriate prior to embarkation on repatriation ship.

(6) Maintenance of records required to comply with International Quarantine procedure.

b. Procedures with respect only to Japanese-manned vessels will provide for:

- (1) Inspection for rodent infestation aboard such vessels arriving from areas in which plague is known to be occurring or is considered endemic, including the Asiatic mainland, Formosa and Netherlands East Indies
- (2) Fumigation by cyanide, sulfur dioxide, or other method submitted to and approved in advance by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, of vessels in which a case of rodent plague has been detected, or in which there is an excessive number of rats as determined by the amount of feces present.
- (3) Examination for infection with plague of all rats recovered after fumigation, or by trapping ashore or aboard vessels in which fumigation is not being carried out.

(Revised 20 July 1946)
(SCAPIN 927/6)

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/5, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

BASIC: Annex V to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN 927) dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

- (4) Additional measures applicable to prevent the spread of plague, including anchorage in stream, fending off from wharves, rat guards, etc, as well as disinfection (preferably with DDT) of persons and their effects and of parts of the vessels which may have become infected with lice. Disinfection with DDT will be accomplished monthly on all vessels operating on shuttles where less than a month is required for a round trip. Vessels assigned to voyages requiring more than a month for

(Added 20 July 1946)
(SCAPIN 927/6)

2A

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/5, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

BASIC: Annex VI to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN 927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

b. Permit Koreans and Chinese to take with them in addition to currency:

- (1) Postal savings pass books and bank pass books issued by financial institutions in Japan and in the country to which they are being repatriated.
- (2) Insurance policies issued in Japan and in the country to which they are being repatriated.
- (3) Checks, drafts and certificates of deposit drawn on and issued by financial institutions in Japan and payable in Japan.

c. (1) Effective 1 August 1946, permit Koreans, Formosans and Chinese to take from Japan clothing, personal possessions and household effects of value only to the owner limited to the amount that can be carried by the individual concerned. Application to the appropriate Eighth Army Military Government unit is authorized, in accordance with separate instructions to be issued, for desired unaccompanied shipment, as follows:

- (a) Clothing, personal possessions and household effects of value only to the owner, in addition to that authorized above, the total shipment thereof limited in weight to 500 pounds per person.
- (b) Certain light machinery and handicraft tools owned by them, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances as of 2 September 1945 and limited in weight to 4000 pounds.

(2) Permit Ryukyuan to take with them from Japan clothing and personal possessions of value only to the owner, limited in weight to 250 pounds per person.

d. (1) Take up against individual receipt:

- (a) All other currency and yen currency in excess of the amount set forth in paragraph 3a above. All Bank of Japan currency carried by Korean repatriates will be collected and individual receipts will be issued for all that over and above the amount taken in exchange for Bank of Chosen currency (see paragraph 3a (2) above, and memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 091 31 (30 Mar 46) ESS/FI, (SCAPIN-854-A), dated 30 March 1946, subject: "Conversion of Currency for Korean

(Revised 20 July 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/5 and 6)

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/5, Hq Eighth Army, 8 August 1946.

BASIC: Annex VI to M~~emo~~ for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN 927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

Repatriates.")

- (b) Gold, silver or platinum bullion or alloy thereof in bullion form.
 - (c) Checks, drafts, bills of exchange, securities, promissory notes, payment instructions, transfer orders, or other financial instruments, except as specified in paragraph 3b above.
 - (d) Powers of attorney, proxies, or other authorization or instructions to effect financial or property transactions within or outside Japan.
 - (e) Any other evidence of indebtedness or evidence of ownership of property not specifically enumerated above, except as specified in paragraph 3b above.
 - (f) Art objects and personal property of value to others besides the possessor, and personal possessions in excess of limits prescribed in paragraph 3c above.
- (2) Hold these items taken up against individual receipt in safe custody pending further directions from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

{ Revised 20 July 1946
{ SCAPIN 927/6

6

Inclosure 1 to OD No. 55/5, Hq Lighth Army, 8 August 1946.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

30 August 1946

NUMBER 55/6)

REPATRIATION

1. References:

a. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 710 (21 Jul 46)PH, (SCAPIN-1074), 21 July 1946, subject: "Prevention of Introduction of Cholera into Japan" (Inclosure 1).

b. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 710 (5 Aug 46)PH, (SCAPIN-1102), 5 August 1946, subject: "Prevention of Introduction of Cholera into Japan" (Inclosure 2).

c. Memorandum, file 710(5 Aug 46)PH, 5 August 1946, subject: "Information of General Application Pertaining to Directive Number (SCAPIN-1102) file AG 710 (5 Aug 46)PH, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, 5 August 1946, subject: "Prevention of Introduction of Cholera into Japan" (Inclosure 3).

2. The commanding general of each corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces will exercise supervision and surveillance over the Japanese to insure compliance with the instructions contained in references 1 a and 1 b.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

BOWEN
G-3

3 Incls

- 1. SCAPIN-1074
- 2. SCAPIN-1102
- 3. Memo, GHQ, SCAP, dtd 5 Aug 46

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

30 August 1946

NUMBER 55/6)

REPATRIATION

1. References:

a. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 710 (21 Jul 46)PH, (SCAPIN-1074), 21 July 1946, subject: "Prevention of Introduction of Cholera into Japan" (Inclosure 1).

b. Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 710 (5 Aug 46)PH, (SCAPIN-1102), 5 August 1946, subject: "Prevention of Introduction of Cholera into Japan" (Inclosure 2).

c. Memorandum, file 710(5 Aug 46)PH, 5 August 1946, subject: "Information of General Application Pertaining to Directive Number (SCAPIN-1102) file AG 710 (5 Aug 46)PH, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, 5 August 1946, subject: "Prevention of Introduction of Cholera into Japan" (Inclosure 3).

2. The commanding general of each corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces will exercise supervision and surveillance over the Japanese to insure compliance with the instructions contained in references 1 a and 1 b.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

BOWEN
G-3

3 Incls

1. SCAPIN-1074
2. SCAPIN-1102
3. Memo, GHQ, SCAP, dtd 5 Aug 46

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
 United States Army
 Office of the Commanding General
 APC 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
 NUMBER 55/7)

4 October 1946

1. Reference is made to SCAP memorandum (SCAPIN-927/7), 10 September 1946 subject: "Repatriation," with inclosure attached hereto (Inclosure #1)

2. The commanding generals of each corps and the General Officer Commanding, British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, will exercise routine supervision of compliance with provisions of memorandum cited above.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELSBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Bowen
 BOWEN
 G-3

CLOVIS M. BYERS
 Major General, GSC
 Chief of Staff

1 Incl: SCAP memorandum
 (SCAPIN-927/7)

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55/7

Resubmitted by OD31 - 4 Oct 46

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAPO 500
10 September 1946AG 370.05 (10 Sept 46)GC
(SCAPIN-927/7)

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT : Repatriation

1. Reference is made to memorandum from the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject as above, as amended.

2. The following pages of the memorandum reference paragraph 1 are rescinded and the pages attached as inclosures will be substituted therefor.

Page 1 (Revised 9 July 1946), Annex II

Page 2 (Revised 9 July 1946), Annex II.

Page 1 (Revised 9 July 1946), Annex III

Page 1 A (Added 30 June 1946), Annex III

Page 2, Annex III

Page 3, Annex III

Page 4, (Revised 30 June 1946), Annex III

Page 5, Annex III

Page 6, Annex III

Page 1, Annex IV

Page 2 (Revised 30 July 1946), Annex V

Page 2 A (Added 20 July 1946), Annex V

Page 4 (Revised 11 July 1946), Annex V

Page 2, Annex VI

Incl 1 to OD 55/7, Hq. Eighth Army, 4 Oct 1946.

BASIC: Memo to IJG, file AG 370.05 (10 Sept 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927/7), dated 10 September 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

3. Additions or changes incorporated in the new pages have been underlined.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ R. Y. Hersey for
JOHN B. COOLEY,
Colonel, AGD,
Adjutant General.

15 Inclosures (all part of the memor
referred to in par 1 above).

Incl 1 - Page 1 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex II
Incl 2 - Page 2 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex II
Incl 3 - Page 1 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex III
Incl 4 - Page 2 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex III
Incl 5 - Page 3 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex III
Incl 6 - Page 4 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex III
Incl 7 - Page 5 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex III
Incl 8 - Page 6 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex III
Incl 9 - Page 1 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex V
Incl 10 - Page 2 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex V
Incl 11 - Page 2 A (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex V
Incl 12 - Page 4 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex V
Incl 13 - Page 4 A (Added 10 September 1946), Annex V
Incl 14 - Page 2 (Revised 10 September 1946), Annex VI
Incl 15 - Page 2 A (Added 10 September 1946), Annex VI

Incl 1 to OD 55/7, Hq Eighth Army, 4 Oct 1946.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX II

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)
GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

RECEPTION CENTERS IN JAPAN FOR
PROCESSING REPATRIATES

1. The Ministry of Public Welfare, having been designated by the Japanese Government to handle repatriation matters, will:

a. Establish a central agency to effect coordination with other Japanese governmental agencies regarding supply, customs, transportation, physical inspections, quarantine and demobilization, and to effect liaison with the headquarters of the Eighth United States Army.

b. Establish and operate reception centers at designated ports (see paragraph 2a) to:

- (1) Receive, process, care for and evacuate all Japanese repatriates returning to Japan proper from overseas.
- (2) Assemble, process, care for and load non-Japanese nationals, as outlined in Annex III.

c. Designate a resident director at each reception center responsible for its operation and for maintaining liaison with local Allied military authorities responsible for supervision of the reception center.

2. a. Reception Centers: Location, character and capacity.

Reception centers will be located as indicated below, and only these centers will be used for repatriation purposes:

| Ports | Capacity per day | |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Incoming (Par 1b) | Outgoing (Par 1b) |
| Hakata | 7,500 | 5,000 |
| Hakodate* | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Kagoshima** | 0 | 1,500 |
| Kure area*** | 8,000 | 3,000 |
| Maizuru**** | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Nagoya | 4,000 | 1,000 |
| Sasebo | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Senzaki**** | 5,000 | 5,000 |

(Revised 10 Sep 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/3 and 7)

BASIC: Annex II to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC,
 (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

| Ports | Capacity per day | |
|-------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Incoming (Par 1b) | Outgoing (Par 1b) |
| Uraga | 5,000 | 1,500 |

- * For processing persons apprehended entering Japan from areas outside Japanese main islands by means other than regularly scheduled repatriation shipping.
- ** For outgoing Ryukyans only.
- *** Includes Minoshima, Otake and Ujina.
- **** Inactive status, prepared to reopen on ten (10) days notice.

b. Facilities.

Adequate facilities will be established at each of the above designated ports to receive, process and evacuate repatriates in the numbers indicated above. They will include necessary storage space for food, clothing and medical supplies as well as space for administration, necessary medical examinations, quarantine stations and quarantine hospitals. The Ministry of Public Welfare will make arrangements with the Commanding General of the Eighth United States Army for assignment of necessary space for these facilities.

c. Medical procedures.

Adequate inspection and quarantine stations, established at the above designated ports, will be operated in accordance with the procedures prescribed in Annex V.

3. The establishment, organization and operation of each reception center will be under the supervision of the Allied military commander who exercises control over the area in which the reception center is located.

(Revised 10 Sept 1946)
 (SCAPIN-927/3 and 7)

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

ANNEX III

to

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)
GC, (SCAFIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

REPATRIATION TO AND FROM JAPAN

SECTION I - GENERAL PLAN.

1. a. The following plan governing the repatriation to and from Japan, now in effect, will continue until otherwise directed by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

b. The entire plan revolves around the use of reception centers and the flow of persons to be repatriated through these centers in the numbers that can be accommodated by the available shipping and rail transportation.

c. Under this plan non-Japanese nationals who, having registered as being desirous of repatriation, fail to comply with the instructions of the Imperial Japanese Government for consummation of their repatriation, forfeit their privilege to repatriation and will not be considered in any future repatriation plans. A list of such persons by name will be maintained by the Japanese Government. The number of persons so listed as of 31 May 1946, will be reported to General Headquarters not later than 25 June 1946. Thereafter monthly reports will be furnished on or about the 10th day of the month following the month reported on.

d. Exception to paragraph c above may be made in the case of families which cannot comply with plans of the Imperial Japanese Government for their repatriation, due to circumstances over which they have no control. In no case, however, will delays in repatriation be authorized the aforementioned people beyond 31 December 1946. Insofar as practicable the immediate family group should be considered a unit, and should be repatriated as a unit, unless members thereof have forfeited their privilege of repatriation. Persons, who cannot comply with repatriation plans, due to circumstances beyond their control, will not be included in the reports directed in paragraph c above.

2. The following reception centers will be used to process non-Japanese repatriates leaving Japan:

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <u>Hakata</u> | Primarily to process Koreans. |
| <u>Kagoshima and Sasebo</u> | Primarily to process Ryukyans now domiciled on Kyushu. |
| <u>Kure Area and Nagoya</u> | Primarily to process Ryukyans not processed through <u>Kagoshima and Sasebo</u> . |

(Revised 10 September 1946)
(SCAFIN-927/1, 2, 3 and 7)

BASIC: Annex III to Memo to IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAFIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

3. The Japanese Ministry of Welfare will:
 - a. Make the necessary arrangements to insure that each of the reception centers mentioned in paragraph 2 above is kept filled, insofar as practicable, with outgoing repatriates as hereinafter prescribed.
 - b. Scrutinize carefully the shipping schedules furnished and take appropriate action to insure that:
 - (1) Reception centers do not become congested.
 - (2) Repatriation vessels sailing for Korean or Ryukyuan ports are filled to capacity with repatriates for those areas, insofar as practicable.
 - c. Arrange for the necessary transportation to move incoming repatriates from the reception centers within twenty-four (24) hours after completion of processing.
 - d. Establish controls to fix in their present abodes non-Japanese nationals desiring return to their homelands until such time as they are directed to move under the provisions of this plan.
 - e. Prohibit the use of active reception centers as housing except as required in the actual processing and quarantine of repatriates.
4. The Imperial Japanese Government will be furnished shipping schedules governing the movement of:
 - a. Japanese merchant and naval vessels, Japanese-manned Liberty ships and Landing Ships, Tank, by the Shipping Control Authority for the Japanese Merchant Marine.
 - b. US-manned Landing Ships, Tank, and other Allied Vessels, as they are established, by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.
5. Guards aboard trains carrying non-Japanese repatriates.
 - a. Local Allied military authorities have been directed to place Allied guards aboard all trains scheduled specifically to carry non-Japanese repatriates to reception centers. Guards will number two (2) per rail car occupied by non-Japanese repatriates.
 - b. The Imperial Japanese Government will direct the local Japanese government officials to:
 - (1) Request local Allied military authorities to place Allied guards aboard trains scheduled specifically to carry

BASIC: Annex III to Memo for IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAFIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

non-Japanese repatriates to reception centers. Each request will contain information as follows:

- (a) Number of non-Japanese repatriates being transported.
 - (b) Number of rail cars in the train scheduled specifically to carry non-Japanese repatriates.
 - (c) Schedule, route and destination of train.
- (2) Submit requests to local military authorities in sufficient time to permit orders to be issued and guards to be placed aboard the trains.
 - (3) Provide suitable sleeping cars or first class coaches as quarters for Allied guards during entire trip, when possible to do so without using cars needed by other Allied personnel on official business. When, in exceptional cases, these accommodations are not available second class coaches may be furnished in lieu thereof. The cars will be clean.
 - (4) Promptly forward complete and accurate information regarding changes in train movements to the appropriate local military authorities.

c. The Imperial Japanese Government will also direct the local Japanese government officials to:

- (1) Organize outgoing non-Japanese repatriates into groups under selected group leaders prior to entraining.
- (2) Insure against overcrowding.
- (3) Insure orderly entraining and detraining of the groups.

6. Control.

a. The Imperial Japanese Government will direct its representatives at reception centers to:

- (1) Organize outgoing non-Japanese repatriates into groups under selected group leaders prior to embarkation.
- (2) Thoroughly instruct these groups in shipboard routine

BASIC: Annex III to Memo to IJG, file AG 370.05 (7 May 46)GC, (SCAPIN-927), dated 7 May 1946, subject: "Repatriation."

and sanitary measures to be observed.

(3) Insure orderly embarkation of groups.

(4) Furnish the captain of Allied-manned vessels with a list of individuals and leaders in each group.

b. The local Japanese officials will utilize every legal means available to control repatriates, while in Japan and aboard Japanese-manned vessels.

SECTION II - REPATRIATION TO AND FROM KOREA

7. The following plan governs the repatriation of Korean nationals.

8. Shipping.

a. Repatriation shipping is assigned to lift 4,000 Koreans per day from Hakata, Japan, to Pusan, Korea. These ships will be returned empty to Japan.

b. Shipping will be scheduled as necessary to lift Japanese from Korea to Sasebo.

9. Processing of Koreans through Japanese ports.

a. The repatriation of Koreans now in Japan, who were formerly resident in Korea south of 38° north latitude, will be completed on or before 15 November 1946, except as noted in paragraph 1d above. A report will be submitted to the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers by 30 November 1946 showing:

(1) Names of Koreans, listed by family, who were not repatriated on or before 15 November 1946, but who have not forfeited their privilege of repatriation, as outlined in paragraph 1d above.

(2) Approximate date each family, referred to in paragraph 9a (1) above, will be able to move to the Hakata Reception Center. In any case, delay in repatriation is not authorized beyond 31 December 1946.

b. Koreans will be outloaded to Pusan, Korea in shipping as provided in paragraph 3a above until all Koreans desirous of repatriation are either evacuated from Japan or have forfeited their privilege to repatriation.

10. Japanese repatriates arriving in Japan from Korea will be processed as prescribed in paragraph 3b (2), Annex V.

(Revised 10 September 1946)
(SCAPIN-927/1, 2 and 7)