

- o. Do you have a filing system in your reports?
- p. What system do you have for the carrying of evidence in a continuity nature for the purpose of testimony in courts?
- q. Do you make use of the lie detector? (Known as Polygraph)?
- r. Is the crime laboratory attached to the Bureau of Criminal Investigation? Or is it a part of regular police department? Or is it a separate and distinct unit from the Police Authorities?
- s. Is there a crime laboratory attached to Public Procurator's Office?

#### VI- Traffic

1. Who is the Head of the Traffic Bureau?
2. What area is controlled by Metropolitan Police Department; Traffic Bureau?
3. How many men work on traffic duty? Foot, motorbike, mounted, bicycle, clerical, other?
4. Is there a separate police precinct or precincts in traffic bureau?
5. If so, where are such precincts located?
6. Are traffic police chosen from regular force? Are they chosen for special qualities?
7. Do they have all police powers of foot patrolmen?
8. Can they make arrests for all crimes?
9. Can they serve court summons?
10. Are they given special instruction in traffic duty?
11. Do traffic men perform any other duty such as foot patrol?

#### VI\*- Traffic (Omit)

12. What equipment do they carry?
13. Are their superior men specially trained in traffic regulations?
14. How many sergeants are assigned as Superior Officers in Traffic Bureaus?
15. How many inspectors are assigned to Traffic Bureaus?



16. Is there a set of traffic rules, regulations or laws for vehicles and pedestrians?
17. Can you give a copy of these laws to us?
18. For what offenses are arrests made?
19. For what offenses are court summons served?
20. How many automobiles are used by Traffic Bureau?
21. How many horses in Traffic Bureau?
22. How many motorbikes in Traffic Bureau?
23. How many bicycles in Traffic Bureau?
24. What hours do Traffic Policemen work?
25. How many days do they work per week?
26. Do they receive more or less, or same pay as foot patrolmen?
27. Are traffic patrolmen chosen for special qualities such as height etc?
28. What duties do traffic policemen perform at functions such as parades and meetings?
29. Is there a traffic equipment planning section?
30. Are Engineers employed to plan the installation of traffic lights- safety zones- traffic stanchions etc? How many?
31. How many traffic lights are now operating in Tokyo?
32. How many traffic lights were destroyed by war?
33. Is there an accident prevention section?
34. How are accidents recorded?
35. Is there any effort made to reduce accidents?
36. Does police traffic bureau print posters or promote radio or other programs to educate public in safe driving and walking.
37. What licenses are issued by Traffic Bureau?
38. Does Traffic Bureau license:  
Vehicles?  
Drivers?



39. If so, are vehicles tested for safe condition?
  40. Are drivers given driving tests?
  41. Does Roads Department consult Traffic Bureau when laying out new streets and roads?
  42. Does any Agency other than Traffic Bureau of Police Department regulate Traffic in Tokyo?
  43. Do all persons arrested or summoned go before a Judge?
  44. What penalties are imposed on violators of Traffic Laws?  
Are they fined?  
Are they sent to prison?  
Are Driver's Licenses revoked?
  45. Do you have a Traffic Board for planning the policing of traffic at large functions as parades?
  46. Do you have any Traffic Equipment on the streets such as stanchions? If so, how and when is same placed on and removed from streets?
  47. If you have traffic equipment, how is it manufactured, repaired, and maintained in good condition?
  48. Do you assign policemen to intersections where schools are located for the protection of children going to and coming from school at opening time, during lunch and at dismissal time?
  49. Does your department maintain any supervision of busses, motor vehicles, motor bikes, other vehicles- such as inspection?
  50. What is the specific relation of mounted police, motor bike police, bicycle police to police work? Explain the functions and duties of each.
- VII- Protection of Public Morals and Enforcement of Laws pertaining thereto.
1. State briefly the laws and regulations covering:
    - A. Gambling
    - B. Prostitution
    - C. Liquor(whiskey, Beer, etc.)
  - 1.a. What is government policy in respect to each?



2. Are these laws enforced by all members of the police department?
3. Are men especially selected and trained to enforce these laws?
4. Are uniformed men or detectives charged with enforcement of above laws?
5. Is there a special group of policemen assigned to enforce these laws? If so, how are they selected?
6. If so, how many men are so assigned?
7. Is gambling a licensed industry? Bookmaking on Horse Races? Lottery? Other?
8. Are arrests made for illegal gambling?
9. Can gambling apparatus be seized if illegally used?
10. How are offenders punished for such crimes?  
By Fines?  
By Prison Sentence? Otherwise?
11. Is prostitution a licensed industry? If so, who licenses and what is the procedure?
12. If so, who are licensed?  
The Prostitutes? The Houses? The Masters?
13. Do Police inspect and supervise prostitution areas?  
What action is taken against unlicensed prostitutes?
14. To what extent is there cooperation with Health Ministry?  
Is there medical and supervision of prostitutes?
15. How are offenses against prostitution laws punished?  
By Fine? By Imprisonment? Other?
16. Do police license places where alcoholic liquor is sold?  
By the drink?  
By the Bottle?  
Wholesale?
17. Are hours of sale established by police?
18. What other departments of the government regulate prostitution, gambling, and the sale of alcoholic beverages?



19. How are offenders against alcoholic beverages punished?  
By Fine?  
By Prison Sentence?  
By confiscation of property? Otherwise?
20. Can liquor be sold to persons under 18 years of age?
21. Can young girls engage in prostitution? At what age may they be employed as prostitutes?
22. If gambling is legal, may young people be employed in the business of gambling?
23. May young people (under 21 years ) gamble?
24. Are you faced with the problem:
  - a. Of people on the streets unlawfully taking wagers for fights, horse racing or other tests of human and animal test of speed or endurance?
  - b. Of people on the streets accepting bets on policy playing, lottery playing, or any related or similar form of gambling.
  - c. Of people congregating inside of buildings, stores, or other type of premises engaged in the unlawfully wagering of bets on races, fights, other sports or policy and lottery playing.
  - d. If so, what procedure do you follow to cope with these situations?
25. What procedure do you follow in dealing with the narcotic situation?
26. How do you ascertain information of the existence of the violation of any of your laws relative to public morals?
27. Is it a responsibility of your policemen to be alert and observing to apprehend the existence of said type of violation and report same to his superior?
28. Is the Owner or Operator of a premises housing any violation of public morals law held legally responsible in any way?
29. Do you ever station a policeman in a premises to prevent a violation of public morals? If so, fully explain the procedure and legal responsibilities and limitations.



## VIII- Aviation Police.

Note: Please answer the above questions on a peacetime basis. Include in your answer such projects as may be planned for the future.

1. Do you have any airplanes in the police department? If so, how many?
2. Did you have airplanes before the war for police work? If so, how many?
3. Are you planning to use airplanes in the future for police work?
4. Are any airport facilities provided for police use? Hangers? Repair Shops? Mechanics?
5. Who regulates Commercial Aviation?
6. Who regulates Civilian Aviation?
7. Is there a code of laws governing licensing and operation of airplanes?
8. Do the police enforce such laws?
9. What are specific duties of your airplane policy, if any?
10. What is numerical strength of the personnel of airplane police by rank?

## I X- Water Police

1. Is Water Police for all of Japan, a single unit under one head?
2. Are Water Police supervised by local inspector of police? Has it any connection with the regular Japanese Police?
3. Do Water Police have their own officers?
4. How many men are assigned to Water Police as:
 

Policemen, Sergeants, Assistant Inspectors, Inspectors, Superintendents, Civilian Employees of Water Police, Detectives of Water Police
5. Does Water Police unit have its own detective force?
6. What equipment does Water Police have?
  - A. Boats? State number of boats
 

"	"	length
"	"	location



7. List the principal duties of Water Police?
  - a. What laws do they enforce?
  - b. How do they cooperate with customs officials?
  - c. How do they cooperate with Jap Navy?
  - d. How do they cooperate with foreign countries?
8. Are boats sent out on patrol?
9. How far out to sea do boats go?
10. Do Water Police patrol shores of Japan?
11. Do Water Police Patrol docks, piers, and waterfront streets?
12. State locations of Water Police Station Houses?
13. What equipment is carried by Water Policemen?
14. What standard equipment is carried by boats on water patrol?
15. Do Water Police have special training? If so, what?
16. Do Water Police license or supervise any businesses? Which businesses?
17. What other agencies of government exercise police control over navigable waters? If so, give names of bureaus and extent of patrol?



GENERAL HEADQUARTERS  
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS  
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF CIVIL INTELLIGENCE  
PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION

*File I*  
*invest original questionnaire*

APO 500  
2 April 1946

Inspector General Fujinuma  
Metropolitan Police Board  
Tokyo, Japan

Dear Mr. Fujinuma:

Enclosed herewith is a set of questions for the clarification of certain answers submitted by you in connection with our first questionnaire.

It is requested that you immediately obtain necessary information under each question and submit the answers thereto, without delay.

Let me again thank you for your past cooperation.

Very truly yours,

LEWIS J. VALENTINE

LJB/f  
Encls.



4/2/46

File I

For clarification of answers of  
MFB 3/30/46

(With original  
questionnaire)

1. Personnel

A. Recruitment

Q. 8: What authority is asked to give mental exams? What are the contents of the exam? What type and how many questions asked? Is it oral or written? Who certifies the question and answers?

Q. 11: What means of investigation are resorted to in investigating the character of applicants?

Q. 15: Do you have residence qualifications for candidates and do you have any non-employment restrictions for candidates?

II- A. What is meant by cane wielding?

Q. 4-B. On special subjects, do you train members of the Police Department at the Metropolitan Police Board Educational Ministry and Foreign Ministry? Explain fully and in detail.

Q. 3-6. Under general duties assumed by the Metropolitan Police, "Offenses concerning companies, banks and exchanges," please elaborate on this statement. Give the Heads of the laws likely to be violated and the procedure followed in arresting perpetrators.

Q. 3-14. Under general duties assumed by the Metropolitan Police, what persons are supervised under Police Surveillance? What manner of supervision is given businesses concerning convicted person? What manner of supervision is given the released? How are parolees supervised? (A Parolee is a person released from prison before the expiration of his term and who must be supervised until the end of his term.)

Who supervises probationists? (A probationist is a person convicted of a crime but who has been released by the Court because of his previous good records to be supervised by Officers)



Q. 3-15: Under general duties assumed by the Metropolitan Police Department at the Metropolitan Police Station, what procedure is followed for the protection of runaways from home and mental patients at large?

Q. 4: What specifically, are the crimes for which they make arrests relating to food and drink?

What is meant by "control" regarding food and drink?

Q. 6: What is meant by "control" regarding clothing, fuel, daily necessities, housing facilities, and metal and chemical articles?

Q. 7: What is meant by "supervision" regarding the emergency financial measures; custody fee; rents, repair fee and process fee? Please elaborate and explain in detail. Also please define:

1. Emergency financial measures
2. Custody fee
3. Rents
4. Repair fee
5. Process fees

Q. 9: Please describe what is meant by "business of traffic service such as overhauling motor vehicles?"

Q. 10: Please describe what permission is granted and what control is maintained over small scale transportation service? Describe what small scale transportation service means.

Q. 11: Please clarify what is meant by business concerning fuel for automobiles.

Q. 13: Please elaborate in qualifying what is meant by and the procedures followed in the control of sham currency and insurance business and illegal money lending?



Q. 14: Please elaborate and clarify what is meant by supervision of raising subscriptions and weights and measure instruments? Describe what is meant by raising subscriptions?

Q. 15: Elaborate and clarify what is meant by control of dangerous objects such as guns, powder, electricity, gas, compressed gas, and liquid gas? Do you supervise manufacture of such? Do you issue licenses in connection therewith? Do you supervise transportation, storage use and expending thereof?

Q. 17: What is meant by regulation of such mercenary acts as gambling, running a lottery, making money in horse-racing? Do you permit such conditions to exist? If so, do you license and supervise same? If not, what action do you take to prevent?

Q. 21: Do you issue licenses, permits for the following places:

1. Public entertainment places
2. Hotels
3. Game Grounds
4. Swimming pools
5. Public employment agencies
6. Second-hand dealers
7. Fortune tellers
8. Advertisements
9. Public baths
10. Motion picture projectors
11. Scriveners

What supervision do you exercise over said types of businesses and callings? What action do you take in the event you observe violation?

Q. 23: Please describe all duties involved in flood relief by Police and Fire Department.



File

I

## I - Personnel.

## A. Manner of recruitment.

1. Civil service or appointment without civil service qualifications and examination.
2. Age minimum and maximum.
3. Height requirement.
4. Weight requirement.
5. Physical requirement.
6. Medical requirement.
7. Type of physical and medical tests and examinations, if any.
8. Type of mental examinations, if any.
9. Citizenship requirements.
10. Educational requirements and literacy.
11. Application of criminal record of recruit as to such criminal record that would deny appointment. Character investigation by competent authority?
12. Manner of calling attention to male population the need for additional or supplemental police.
13. Place of recruitment and investigation and appointment in every city of more than 30,000 population.
14. Any special requirements, as swimming, operating motor vehicles, boats, military experience.
15. Other civil service qualifications, if any.

## B. Training.

1. Any period of probation.
2. Type of training program.
  - a. Physical
  - b. Mental
3. Duration of training period, if any.
4. Place of mental and physical training, if any.
5. Syllabus and curriculum used for training purposes (physical and mental).
6. Any in-service training? If so, the curriculum followed together with agenda, itinerary and curriculum (course of study and instructions) by day of the week.
7. Selection and assignment of men to duties for which they are best fitted.
8. Any specialized training.
  - a. Horsemanship.
  - b. Motorcycling.
  - c. Motor vehicle.
  - d. Use of special and certain tools and equipment.
  - e. Law.
  - f. Criminal investigation.



- g. Statistics.
- h. First aid.
- i. Scientific criminal investigation.
- j. Promotion.
- k. Public relations.

#### C. Rank.

1. The rank of the personnel starting from the top and working down.
2. Show same by Japanese pronunciation, translated to English.
3. Supervising jurisdiction of each rank.
4. Disciplinary jurisdiction of each rank.
5. Duties of each rank in general.
6. Duties of Police Department in general. In detail and in elaboration. We are also interested in the direct duties as related to the people such as protection of life and property, preservation of peace, etc.
7. Salaries and accretments of each rank.
8. Any special qualifications to attain a higher rank.
9. Any competitive examination and promulgation of eligible lists for promotion.

#### D. Equipment of Personnel only.

1. Type of uniforms used by each rank.
2. Insignia denoting each rank or the identifying emblem.
3. Any weapons or firearms.
  - a. Type
  - b. To whom assigned.
4. Any shield or badge?
5. The wearing of medals or insignias of reward or citation for meritorious police duty.
  - a. Describe any and each such medal or insignia of citation.
6. Any memorandum book?
7. Any night stick?
8. Any nippers or hand cuffs?
9. Any additional rounds of cartridges?
10. Any means (as a whistle) for signalling for assistance?
11. Any rules covering the color and type of shoes and socks?
12. Manner of obtaining uniforms and personnel equipment. Does Government furnish same or does each man furnish own?

### II - Equipment.

#### A. Types.

1. Automotive, type and number in service.
2. Launches, type and number in service.
3. Conveying of prisoners, type and number in service.
4. Emergency trucks, type and number in service, if any.
5. Travel and equipment, firearms and weapons for combatting emergencies of any nature whatsoever. A detailed description of each and all such tools and equipment.



6. Scientific and technical research.
  - a. For investigation of crime.
  - b. For assembling evidence.
  - c. For assembling articles of evidence.
  - d. For developing articles of evidence.
  - e. For restoration of articles of evidence.
  - f. For reclaiming articles of evidence.
  - g. Number and type of each piece of equipment for scientific procedure, as spectrograph, multi-microscope, infra-red ray, ultra-violet ray, moulage, etc.
  - h. For development of latent fingerprints, burned papers and articles, hidden or secret writing.
7. Cameras.
8. For sanitary care of buildings.
9. Engineering for building, repairing and remodeling and maintaining P.D. buildings and property.
10. Manner of purchasing, putting into service, repairing and maintaining.
  - a. Automotive equipment.
  - b. Telephone service.
  - c. Radio equipment.
  - d. Telegraph equipment.
11. Who is assigned.
  - a. To operate motor vehicles.
  - b. To operate Department trucks.
  - c. To operate communications systems.



## I - E Manner of patrol and performance of police duty:

1. How many station houses have you?
2. " " police booths have you?
3. " " " boxes have you?
4. " " policemen, by rank, are assigned to each station house, booths, boxes?
5. How many posts in each station house?
6. What type of posts do you have?
7. Do you assign policemen to:
  - (a) Foot patrol posts.
  - (b) Motor patrol in motor vehicle.
  - (c) Traffic post.
  - (d) Booth post.
  - (e) Hospital post.
  - (f) Motorcycle patrol in motorcycle.
  - (g) Special post.
  - (h) Mounted patrol on horse.
  - (i) Bicycle post.
  - (j) Park post.
8. Describe the manner of patrol as relates to each post.
9. Are there any other type of posts to which you assign policemen? If so, describe same.
10. How do you divide the prefecture, and City into areas for patrol purposes. Include the division for station house jurisdiction, booths, boxes and foot posts.
11. What rules and regulations (or rules of procedure) have you for directing and guiding policemen in patrol duty as relates to the manner of patrol. For instance, do you direct the policeman to be constantly alert and observing; constantly on patrol; observe the interior of premises, patrol to right or left; examining doors of stores and bldgs.; location of safes and valuable property, etc. Elaborate on this as it is very important.
12. What procedure is followed to assign men to posts?
13. What hours do policemen work each day of the week? Furnish charts describing same. Furnish charts describing the assignment of policemen to squads or troops.
14. What powers of arrests do policemen possess?
15. What means have you for the protection of life and property?
16. Any reserve force maintained?
17. What procedures have you for aiding the public, such as service of Doctors; care of lost people, search for missing persons, care of the sick or infirm, identification of unidentified dead? List any and all means you have as relates to this part of police work.
18. What means does each policeman have for summoning immediate assistance?
19. What means do you have for preservation of the peace?



20. How do you control and police parades, large crowds, public meetings, political meetings?
  - (a) Do you have a special committee for planning the policing of the above?
  - (b) What is the general procedure followed in planning such policing?
21. Do policemen have memorandum books for recording police conditions and actions? If so, describe the procedure relating thereto. Include whether or not they are inspected by superior officer.
22. What procedure is followed relating to police booths and boxes?
23. Do you have procedures for policemen signalling the the station house while on patrol and at regular intervals? If so, how many telephones have you from the streets to each station house?
24. Do you have rules permitting a policeman to abandon his post for police or personal necessity and for the taking of meals?
25. Are policemen assigned to traffic crossings at school during the times children report to school in the morning, during lunch and at dismissal?
26. Why are police always observed sitting in a booth or box and not out walking the post?
27. Do you maintain seniority rights in assigning policemen to duty?
28. Are policemen inspected and instructed when being assigned to posts?
29. What investigation is made in case of dereliction of duty amounting to failure to prevent or take proper police action in connection therewith? If any, who conducts same?
30. Who performs the duty of preparing clerical work in connection with:
  - (a) Promulgation of orders and procedures and policies arising out of Home Minister's Office; Director of Public Station.
  - (b) Promulgation of orders, procedures and policies arising out of Metropolitan Police Board.
  - (c) All clerical duty in connection with the operation of a station house, booth and box. Explain fully and in detail, including all phases of such duty.
31. Is a policeman in uniform required to primarily investigate crimes, preserve evidence, detain witnesses and turn his findings over to a detective? Or is said uniformed policeman required to fully investigate, take all necessary action to apprehend perpetrators. Or is he not permitted or required to conduct any investigation in connection with the commission of a crime?
32. What procedure is followed by a Detective investigating crime? Must he obtain permission from any official before starting an investigation? If so, what is that official's title?
33. What rules of your Dept. govern the conduct and deportment of the policeman?
34. What uniforms, equipment and Dept. property is issued to policemen to aid them in carrying out their respective duties?



35. What are the duties of policewomen in respect to carrying out the functions of the P.D.? And in respect to patrol duty?
36. Are complaints against members of the P.D. made by civilians entertained, investigated and acted upon? If so, what procedure is followed?
37. Does the Police Dept. receive any military training?

F. Rules and regulations (or procedures) governing the deportment and conduct of a policeman; and for the taking of disciplinary action against malefactors:

- (a) What rules govern deportment and conduct of personnel? Describe same.
- (b) Do you have a rule book or guide in printed form for each member of dept.?
- (c) Do you have specific punishment prescribed for each rule violated?
- (d) What procedure is taken by your command for any violation by a policeman or higher officers?
- (e) Are they served personally with a written complaint?
- (f) Are the accused permitted to secure counsel?
- (g) What procedure is taken for the affidavits of witnesses?
- (h) Does the accused receive a copy of the charges and also informed what witnesses will testify against him?
- (i) What board of commissioners or individual hears the charges?
- (j) Describe the procedure you now follow in disciplinarily acting against a policeman.



- k. Do you keep a record of all violations in a personal folder of individual?
- l. If a member of your Police Department is arrested for a crime, what procedure is taken?

I - G System of Award and Reward for Meritorious Duty.

- a. Do you have a system of reward or reward for meritorious duty?
- b. Is it by currency?
- c. Is it by promotion; special assignment? Raise in salary or bonus?
- d. Do you present medals or other type of decoration?
- e. Do you have currency rewards for apprehension of wanted criminals?
- f. If so, what percentage of reward is kept by individual? Or does the P.D. take custody of any reward?
- g. May awards be accepted without permission of Home Ministry or Supt. General?
- h. Do you have certain forms prescribed for acceptance of awards?
- i. Must they be forwarded to any certain individual for approval?
- j. Do you investigate thoroughly the source of reward?
- k. Any special consideration given, such as granting time off with pay?



*Equipment of Personnel*

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS  
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 014.12 (16 Jan 46)CC

16 January 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.  
THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.  
SUBJECT : Armament of Police Forces in Japan.

1. Information received at this Headquarters indicates that the Japanese Government has refrained from arming the Civil Police due to a misunderstanding of the disarmament directives. Directives issued by this Headquarters have not prohibited the arming of Japanese Civil Police with pistols where necessary nor has such prohibition been the intention of this Headquarters at any time.

2. The Imperial Japanese Government is hereby advised that the Japanese Civil Police are authorized to carry pistols in the performance of their duties, as deemed necessary by the Imperial Japanese Government, subject to the provision that the total number of pistols available to the Japanese Civil Police shall not exceed the strength of the Japanese Civil Police Force authorized by this Headquarters.

3. It is directed that all firearms, other than pistols authorized in accordance with the foregoing, currently in the hands of the Japanese Civil Police Force be delivered to United States Army Occupation Forces on or before 1 March 1946 in accordance with established disarmament procedures.

4. The Imperial Japanese Government is authorized to maintain a supply of 100 rounds of ammunition for each pistol authorized the Japanese Civil Police. Ammunition in excess of this amount will be turned over to United States Army Occupation Forces. Requests for resupply of ammunition may be submitted by police chiefs through local Occupation Force Commanders, as necessary.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

*H. W. Allen*  
H. W. ALLEN,  
Colonel, A.G.D.,  
Asst Adjutant General.



JAPANESE  
STATE FUNCTIONARY RANKS

SHINNIN KAN (Personal appointment by Emperor, who signs the appointment certificate)

1st Grade	Prime Minister only	¥ 9,600
2nd Grade	11 men	6,800
3rd Grade		6,600
4th Grade	(Governor of Tokyo-To)	6,500
5th Grade		6,200
6th Grade		5,800

CHOKUNIN KAN (Personal appointment by Emperor, who puts seal on appointment certificate)

1st Grade	(Pres. Imperial Univ.)	¥ 6,200 5,800
2nd Grade	(Supt. General)	5,800
3rd Grade	(No man in police)	5,800 5,100
4th Grade	(Two police officials only)	5,800 5,100 4,650
5th Grade		5,350 4,920 4,650
6th Grade		5,100
7th Grade		5,100 4,650
8th Grade		5,350 4,920 4,650 4,300
9th Grade		4,650
10th Grade	Mr. Hiroka, Chief, Gen'l affairs Sec., Home Ministry	4,650 4,300
11th Grade		4,650 4,300 4,050



-2-

SONIN KAN (Appointment by Cabinet. Seal on appointment certificate.)

1st Grade	¥ 4,050
	3,660
	3,400
	3,050
	2,770
	2,420
	2,150
	1,820
	1,650
	1,470
	1,300
	1,150
2nd Grade	3,400
	3,050
	2,770
	2,420
	2,150
	1,820
	1,650
	1,470
	1,300
	1,130
	1,050
3rd Grade (No police)	2,770
	2,420
	2,150
	1,820
	1,650
	1,470
	1,300
	1,130
	1,050
	970
	900

HANIN KAN (Appointment by an individual in Shinnin, Chokunin, or Sonin Kan. Seal on appointment certificate).

1st Grade	145
2nd Grade	125
3rd Grade	110
4th Grade	95
5th Grade	85
6th Grade	75
7th Grade	65
8th Grade	55
9th Grade	50
10th Grade	45
11th Grade	40