An Observation

of Saturne, made at Paris, the 17th of August, 1668, at hor, 111, at night, by M. Hugens, and M. Picart; as 'tis describ'd in the Journal des Scavans of Febr. 11.1669.

He Observers, imploying a Telescope of 21 Foot, saw the Planet Saturn, as 'tis represented by Fig. II. the Globe in the midle man festly appearing both above and below beyond the Ovale of his Anses; which was hardly discernable the last

year.

They measur'd divers ways the Inclination of the Great Diameter of the Ovale to the Equator, which (Inclination) was found of about Nine degrees, although at that time it should not be but of Four degrees, according to what M. Hugens hath affirm'd in his Systeme of Saturn, viz. that the Plan of the Ring, which environs the Globe of this Planet, is inclin'd to the Plan of the Ecliptique but 23 deg. 30. m. But this last Observation and other like ones of this and the precedent Year being more exact, and made at a time more proper for measuring that obliquity, than were those, which had formerly served for a foundation to determine it; M. Hugens finds that, in stead of 23. deg. 30.m. the Angle of the Plans of the Ring and of the Ecliptique must be of 31.deg. or thereabout; and that being so, that not onely the Shape, which Saturn hath at present, but also all those, that have been noted fince the true ones were observed, do perfectly agree with the Hypothesis of the Ring; and particularly that of 1664. in the beginning of Fuly *, which was made, and made * See Fig. 3. 38 'tis to be found in the French Let- publick by Signior Camters, written by M. Augout to M. L'Abbé Charles, pani, wherein the Great and printed at Paris, A. 1665, upon the occasion of Diameter is double to the Diameter is double to the the Razguaglio di due Nuove Osservationi da Leffer

As to the round Phasis of Saturn, that Change of the Inclination, which was just now spoken of cannot alter the time of it but very little or nothing; so that M. Hugens still exspects this Apparance in 1671. when in the Summer of that Year Saturn will begin to loose his Anses, there being then to remain onely the Globe in the Midle; and will not recover them but about a

year after, according to what he hath said in his Book of the systeme of Saturn.

An Extract

of M. Dela Quintiny's Letter, pritten to the Publisher in French sometime agoe, concerning his way of Ordering Melons; now communicated in English for the satisfastin of several curious Melonists in England

T Shall now answer to that particular of your Letter, which concerns Melons, as exactly as I can. All the Seeds, I fent you, produce Melons with a thin and somewhat embroider'd skin, not divided by Ribbs: Some of them have their skin whitish, others of the Colour of Slate. The Melons themselves are not very great, their flesh very red, dry, melting upon the tongue; not mealy, and of a high tafte. And these are the two onely kinds, which, after I have tried above an hundred different forts, I make use of, and send you, not having observed any change in them, after the use of 20 years.

As to the manner of cutting them, you know, that the first thing appearing of them, are two Leaves united, here called Ears (mark't in Figure IV. by 1.1.) Out of the midst of these two Ears there shoots, some days after, first one Leaf, which we call the first Leaf or Knot (mark't 2.) and out of the same place, after some days more, shoots a second, call'd the second knot (mark't 3.) Our of about the midst of the Stalk of this second knot shoots the third knot (mark'c 4.) And this third knot it is, which must be cut at the place markt 6, without hurting the branch of the second knot, whence this third came; because that from that place will fpring a branch, which we call the first Arm, and this Arm will shoot forth first one knot, then a second, then a third; and this third it is, you are to cut again in the same manner, as was faid before. And you must be careful to cut these third knots. without strying for the shooting of the fourth or fifth ones. You'l fee out or every knot come forth Arms or Branches like to the first, spoken of before; and it is at those Arms, that the Melon will be produced. And they will be good, if the foot or root be well nourish't in good earth, and cherish't by a good hot-bed and L 111

the

