# WAGES COUNCILS 

## Wages Regulation (Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods

Order, dated 14th March, 1966, made by the Ministry of Health and Social Servíces under the Wages Counclls Act (Northern Ireland) 1945.

The Ministry of Health and Social Services, in exercise of the powers conferred on it by Section 10 of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland) 1945(a), hereby makes the following Order to give effect to wages regulation proposals received from the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Council (Northern Ireland): -

## Citation

1. This Order may be cited as the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Regulation Order (Northern Ireland) 1966.

## Commencement

2. The wages regulation proposals set out in the Schedule shall come into operation on the specified date and on the day immediately preceding that date the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Regulation Order (Northern Ireland) 1965(b) and the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and'Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Regulation (Amendment) Oŕder (Northern Ireland) 1966(c) shall cease to have effect.

## Interpretation

3. In this Order the expression "the specified date" means the 22 nd day of March, 1966, provided that where, as respects any worker who is paid wages at intervals not exceeding seven days, that date does not correspond with the beginning of the period for which the wages are paid, the expression "the specified date" means, as respects that worker, the beginning of the next such period following that date.

Sealed with the Official Seal of the Ministry of Health and Social Services for Northern Ireland this 14th day of March, 1966.

W. Slinger,<br>Assistant Secretary.

(a) 1945. c. 21.
(b) S.R: $\&$ O. (N.I.) 1965, No, 41 ,
(c) S.R: \& O. (N.I.) 1966, No, 31,

## SCHEDULE

The following minimum remuneration shall be substituted for the statutory minimum remuneration fixed by the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Regulation Order (Northern Ireland) 1965 (Order N.I.H.H.G. (177)) as amended by the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Regulation (Amendment) Order (Northern Ireland) 1966 (Order.N.I.H.H.G. (180)):-:

## Statutory Minimum Remuneration

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME RATES
Male Workers

Paragraph 1.
Measurers and Samplemakers who have served an apprenticeship of five years

Area A Area B The respectiye areas are defined in paragraph 28 Per hour Per hour s. "d. s. d. $5 \quad 5 \frac{1}{4}$

52
Paragraph 2.
Lappers who have served an apprenticeship of five years .
$54 \frac{1}{4}$
51
Paragraph 3.
Aprrentices to Lapping, Measuring and Sample-making-


Paragraph 4.
Workers operating Swiss Embroidery Machines-


Paragraph 5.
Warehouse Assistants or Warehouse Clerks who have served an apprenticeship of five years and who are wholly or mainly employed on warehousing operations, including clerical work incidental to or appertaining to such operations when performed by the same person

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
5 & 1 \frac{1}{2} & 410 \frac{3}{4}
\end{array}
$$

Area A
Area B
The respective areas are defined in paragraph 28
Paragraph 6.
Per hour
Per hour
Male Workers other than workers of the classes specified in paragraphs 1 to $5--$

Workers aged--


## Paragraph 7.

The statutory minimum remuneration set out under (a) in paragraph 6 applies to male workers who, within the preceding five years, have had not less than two years' employment in the trade and the statutory minimum remuneration set out under (b) therein applies to all other male workers included in that paragraph.

## Female Workers

Paragraph 8.
Female Workers other than Learners and other than workers of the classes specified in paragraphs 9 and $10-$ 3s. $\quad \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} d$. per hour
Paragraph"9.
Female Workers (including Clippers and Menders) assisting at Swiss Embroidery Machines-

Paragraph. 10.

$$
\text { 3s. } 2 \frac{1}{2} d \text {. per hour }
$$

Female Workers engaged on Stitching Machines (other than Swiss Embroidery Machines), Vice-Folding, or Hand Smoothing-
Workers commencing employment in the trade-
(a) at or over 18 years of age:Per hour
(i) During the first six months of employment $\therefore . . \quad$. $\quad . \quad 2 \quad 5 \frac{1}{2}$
(ii) Thereafter .. .. .. .. .. .. $30_{\frac{1}{2}}$
(b) at under 18 years of age:-
(i) During the first six months of employment if commencing at-
under 16 years of age .. .. .. .. .. 2 $0 \frac{3}{3}$
16 and under 18 years of age $\therefore \quad . . \quad . . \quad . . \quad 23$
(ii) Thereafter .. .. .. .. .. .. 3 0

Provided that-
(1) If a worker is transferred from one of such operations to another during the second six months of employment she must be paid during such second six months a general minimum time rate of 2 s . $5 \frac{1}{2} d$. per hour and, thereafter, at the general minimum time rate of 3 s . $0 \frac{1}{2} d$. per hour.
(2) A worker of the classes specified in paragraph 11 who is subsequently employed on Stitching Machines (other than Swiss Embroidery Machines), Vice-folding, or Hand Smoothing, must not, during the first six months on those operations, be paid at a lower general minimum time rate than that which she would have been entitled to receive if she had continued to be employed on the operations to which the general minimum time rates set out in paragraph 11 are applicable.
Certificates of Learnership are not applicable to workers employed on the operations specified in this paragraph.
Paragraph 11.
Female Learners (as defined in paragraph 27) and Juvenile Female Workers (other than workers of the class specified in paragraph 10)-


## Advances to Learners

Paragraph 12.
The advances to be given to learners commencing at under 18 years of age take effect in respect of the first full pay period in January and July of each year, the learner being entitled to her first advance on the first day of.the first full pay period in January or July, as the case may be, provided that she has been in the trade at least three months.

## Completion of Learnership

Paragraph 13
A learner ceases to be a iearner and becomes entitled to the full general minimum time rate applicable to a worker of her class upon the fulfilment of the appropriate conditions set out below:-

## Age on entering employment . . Conditions

Under 18 years .. .. The completion of two years' employment.
Provided that no learner who has left the trade during the period of learnership and subsequently re-enters the trade will, after re-entry, be required to serve a longer period as a learner than would be permissible in the case of a learner of the same age entering the trade for the first time.

## Certificates of Learnership

Paragraph 14.
Application must be made to the Wages Council for a Certificate of Learnership in respect of every worker whom it is desired to employ at the special lower rate for learners set out in paragraph 11 (which should be quoted in making application). Unless such Certificate has been obtained, or application made therefor, and the other conditions relating to learnership laid down by the Wages Council are complied with, the minimum rate payable in each case is the appronriate rate applicable to a worker other than a learner.

## PIECE WORK BASIS TIME RATES

Male Workers

Paragraph 15.
Male-Workers other than Lappers, Measurers, Samplemakers, Warehouse Assistants or Warehouse Clerks, and Workers operating machines in the Swiss Embroidery Branch of the trade
Paragraph 16.
Male Workers operating Swiss Embroidery
MACHINES-
(a) Workers employed on single machines having
Machines-
(a) Workers employed on single machines having two or three tiers
(b) Workers employed on single machines having four tiers or on any coupled machines

Female Workers


Area A Area B
The respective areas are
defined in paragraph 28
Per hour Per hour s. d. s. d.
$411 \frac{1}{4}$
4 9 $\frac{1}{4}$

5 31
5 3
$5 \quad 5 \frac{1}{4}$
5 53

## Applicabllity of Piece Work Basis Time Rates

Paragraph 19.
In the case of workers employed on piece work, each piece rate paid must be such as will yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, at least the same amount of money as the appropriate piece work basis time rate. In determining whether any piece rate satisfies this condition, regard will be had only to the earnings of ordinary workers; i.e., workers of ordinary skill and experience in the class of work in question and not to the earnings of workers of less than ordinary skill and experience, e.g., juvenile and infirm workers.

Provided that in determining any piece rate to be paid to out-workers, the rate payable will be at least the same amount of money as the appropriate piece rate applicable to that class of work in the factory from which the goods are given out.

## Employment of Juvenile Workers on Piece Work

Paragraph 20.
An employer will, in any case where a learner or other juvenile worker is employed on piece work during the first six months of his employment in the trade, be deemed to pay remuneration at less than the statutory minimum remuneration unless he shows that such worker has received, in respect of his employment on piece work in each week during that period, at least the same amount of money as such worker would have been entitled to receive if employed on time work.

An employer will, in any case where any such worker is so employed at any time subsequent to the first six months of his employment in the trade, be deemed to pay remuneration at less than the statutory minimum remuneration unless he shows that such worker has, in respect of his employment on piece work, been paid at piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker (not being a juvenile worker) at least the same amount of money as the appropriate piece work basis time rate.

## GENERAL MINIMUM PIECE RATES

## Female Workers of all Ages

Paragraph 21.

## Handkerchiefs

A.-Stitching (and preparatory operations)
(1) Vice-Folding

(2) Punch Hemstitching on Singer Machines 71W3-
(a) White or Dyed Cotton Handkerchiefs including Gingham-finished Zephyrs

Fror finished sizes in $\frac{3^{\prime \prime}}{}$ or wider hems

| Finished Size |  | Number of Stitches per inch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
|  |  |  | er 10 | Han | hiefs |  |
|  | but not |  |  |  |  | d |
| $10^{\prime \prime}$ | 1012 | $84 \frac{1}{2}$ | $95 \frac{1}{2}$ | $107 \frac{3}{4}$ | $119 \frac{3}{4}$ | $131{ }^{1}$ |
| 101" | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $88 \frac{3}{4}$ | $98 \frac{3}{3}$ | $110 \frac{3}{4}$ | $122{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $134 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $111^{\prime \prime}$ | $91 \frac{1}{8}$ | $101 \frac{3}{3}$ | $113 \frac{1}{2}$ | 125 $\frac{1}{8}$ | 1391 ${ }^{1}$ |
| $111^{\prime \prime}$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $94 \frac{1}{8}$ | $105 \frac{1}{2}$ | $117 \frac{3}{8}$ | $129 \frac{7}{8}$ | $143 \frac{5}{8}$ |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $12 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $97 \frac{7}{8}$ | $110 \frac{3}{4}$ | $121 \frac{3}{4}$ | $133 \frac{3}{4}$ | $149 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $12 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | 1023 | $113{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $127 \frac{1}{2}$ | $139{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $154 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $13^{\prime \prime}$ | ${ }^{13} 1 \frac{1}{1 / \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | $105 \frac{3}{8}$ | 117 |  | 146 | 160 |
| $13 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | "14" | $110 \frac{1}{1}$ | $120 \frac{3}{4}$ | $134 \frac{3}{4}$ | 150 | $166 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $14^{\prime \prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $144^{\prime \prime}$ $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $113 \frac{1}{2}$ | $126 \frac{1}{81}$ | 13814 | $154{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $1717{ }^{\frac{2}{8}}$ |
| $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $151^{\prime \prime}$ | $119 \frac{3}{4}$ | 1315 | $147{ }^{\text { }}$ | $164 \frac{3}{3}$ | $181{ }^{1}$ |
| $15 \frac{1}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $125 \frac{1}{2}$ | $138{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $153 \frac{7}{8}$ | $167 \frac{1}{2}$ | 186 |
| $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $16 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | 129 | 143 年 | $159 \frac{5}{8}$ | $171 \frac{1}{2}$ | 190 . $\frac{5}{8}$ |
| $16 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | 1314 | $147 \frac{1}{2}$ | $162 \frac{3}{4}$ | $1799^{\frac{3}{8}}$ | $195 \frac{5}{8}$ |
| $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}$ | 134 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 150 | $168 \frac{1}{2}$ | $183 \frac{3}{4}$ | $201 \frac{3}{3}$ |
| $171^{\prime \prime}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $138 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1531 ${ }^{\frac{1}{8}}$ | $171 \frac{7}{8}$ | 1885 ${ }^{\frac{3}{8}}$ | $206 \frac{5}{8}$ |
| $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $18 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $140 \frac{7}{8}$ | $156 \frac{1}{8}$ | $177 \frac{5}{8}$ | 193 | 211 |
| $18 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}$ | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $143 \frac{5}{8}$ | $161{ }^{\text {8 }}$ | $180 \frac{3}{8}$ | 1973 | $216 \frac{7}{8}$ |
| $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $19 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | $147 \frac{1}{2}$ | 166 | $183 \frac{3}{8}$ | $200{ }^{\frac{4}{8}}$ | 223 |
| $19 \frac{1}{2 \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $150 \frac{3}{8}$ | $170 \frac{1}{2}$ | $187 \frac{1}{4}$ | $207 \frac{1}{4}$ | $225{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $20 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 1531 | 1745 | $192 \frac{3}{8}$ | 211 | $231 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $20 \frac{1}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $156 \frac{5}{8}$ | 179 | 196\% | $215 \frac{3}{4}$ | $237 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $211^{\prime \prime}$ | 160 | 1817 | $200 \frac{7}{8}$ | $219 \frac{5}{8}$ | $243 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $21^{\frac{11}{\prime \prime}}$ | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | $163 \frac{1}{2}$ | $183 \frac{3}{3}$ | 205 | $224 \frac{3}{4}$ | $249 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $22^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | 22, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $167 \frac{1}{8}$ | $188 \frac{1}{8}$ | 208 | $229 \frac{5}{8}$ | $255 \frac{7}{\frac{7}{8}}$ |
| $223^{\prime \prime}$ | $23^{\prime \prime}$ | $170^{\circ}$ | $190 \frac{1}{2}$ | $210 \frac{1}{2}$ | $231 \frac{1}{2}$ | $258 \frac{3}{8}$ |
| $23^{\prime \prime}$ | 231 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $172 \frac{7}{8}$ | $193 \frac{3}{8}$ | 213 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 235 ${ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ | $261 \frac{1}{3}$ |

Extras:-
Punch Hemstitchers as above are entitled to the following rates in addition to the rates set out in the above table when stitching:-

Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs.
(i) Printed Cotton Handkerchiefs, White and Coloured Corded Handkerchiefs, White or Dyed Mercerised
and Mull Handkerchiefs .. .. .. 5

## d.

(ii) All other Mercerised Cotton and Mull Handkerchiefs .. .. .. .. .. $9 \frac{1}{8}$
(iii) $\frac{1}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ and $\frac{3}{16}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ hems .. .. .. .. 5
(iv) $\frac{1}{8}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ hems .. .. .. .. .. $9 \frac{1}{8}$
(v) $\frac{1}{18}$ " hems, 4 entries into machine $\ddot{0} \quad \ddot{13 \frac{1}{4}}$
"Mull" is a cloth made with yarns finer than 80/80
(b) White or Dyed Linen Handkerchiefs

For finished sizes in $\frac{3}{8}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ or wider hems

| Finished Size |  | Number of Stitches per inch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
|  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |  |
|  | but not |  |  |  |  |  |
| Over | over <br> $101^{\prime \prime}$ | d. $89 \frac{1}{4}$ | $\stackrel{\mathrm{d}}{100 \frac{1}{4}}$ | $\stackrel{\mathrm{d}}{112 \frac{1}{2}}$ | $\underset{126 \frac{1}{8}}{\mathrm{~d}_{2}}$ | ${ }_{138}^{\text {d }}$ |
| $10 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $93 \frac{1}{8}$ | $10.3 \frac{5}{8}$ | $116{ }^{\frac{2}{8}}$ | 129 | $142{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $11^{\prime \prime}$ | 112 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $95 \frac{3}{4}$ | $107 \frac{1}{8}$ | $120 \frac{3}{8}$ | 1315 | 147 |
| $11^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $98 \frac{7}{8}$ | $110 \frac{3}{4}$ | $124 \frac{5}{8}$ | $137{ }^{\circ}$ | $151{ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $12{ }^{1 \prime \prime}$ | $102 \frac{3}{4}$ | $116 \frac{7}{3}$ | 129 | $140 \frac{7}{8}$ | $156{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ |
| $12 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $108 \frac{3}{8}$ | $120 \frac{3}{5}$ | 1333 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 147 | $162{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| 13" | 131/" | $110 \frac{3}{4}$ | $122 \frac{5}{8}$ | $138 \frac{1}{8}$ | 1531 ${ }^{158}$ | 169 |
| 131 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ " | 14" | 116 | $127 \frac{1}{2}$ | $142{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 158 | $174 \frac{5}{8}$ |
| $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $14{ }^{1 / \prime \prime}$ | 1193 | $131 \frac{5}{8}$ | $144 \frac{1}{4}$ | $162{ }^{\frac{3}{1}}$ | 181 |
| $141^{\prime \prime}$ $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $122 \frac{1}{8}$ | 136 | $148{ }^{1}$ | $167 \frac{1}{8}$ $1722^{\frac{7}{8}}$ | 1869 |
| $15 \frac{1}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $131 \frac{1}{8}$ | $146 \frac{\frac{5}{3}}{}$ | $1622^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $176 \frac{1}{4}$ | $194{ }^{\frac{2}{3}}$ |
| $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{1 \prime \prime}$ | $134 \frac{3}{4}$ | 151年 | $168 \frac{1}{2}$ | 181 | 200 |
| $16^{1 \prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $138 \frac{1}{8}$ | $154 \frac{3}{4}$ | $170 \frac{3}{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 188렬 | $206 \frac{3}{8}$ |
| $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 \frac{1}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $142 \frac{3}{4}$ | 158 $\frac{1}{2}$ | $177 \frac{5}{8}$ | 1933 | 211 |
| $17 \frac{1}{\prime \prime}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $145 \frac{5}{8}$ | 161 劲 | $181{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $198 \frac{1}{2}$ | $217 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $18 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 148 | $164 \frac{5}{8}$ | 1871 | $203 \frac{3}{8}$ | $221 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $182^{\prime \prime}$ | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $151 \frac{3}{4}$ | $169 \frac{3}{8}$ | $189 \frac{1}{2}$ | $207 \frac{3}{4}$ | 2275 |
| $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $19 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $154 \frac{3}{4}$ | 174 ${ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $193 \frac{3}{\frac{3}{5}}$ | 211 | $234{ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ |
| $19 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $158 \frac{1}{2}$ | $180 \frac{1}{8}$ | $197 \frac{3}{4}$ | $217 \frac{1}{8}$ | $238 \frac{3}{5}$ |
| $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $20 \frac{1}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $161 \frac{7}{8}$ | $182 \frac{7}{8}$ | 202 | $221 \frac{1}{2}$ | 243 ? |
| 201" | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $164 \frac{5}{8}$ | $188 \frac{1}{8}$ | 2071 | $226 \frac{1}{2}$ | 24.91 |
| $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $211^{\prime \prime}$ | $168 \frac{1}{2}$ | 192 | $212 \frac{1}{2}$ | $231 \frac{1}{2}$ | $255 \frac{7}{3}$ |
| $21 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | $171 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1933 ${ }^{\frac{3}{8}}$ | $215 \frac{3}{4}$ | $235 \frac{7}{8}$ | $262 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $22^{\prime \prime}$ | $22 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | 1753 | $198 \frac{1}{2}$ | $219 \frac{1}{4}$ | $241 \frac{1}{8}$ | $268{ }^{3}$ |
| ${ }^{22}{ }^{\frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}}$ | $23^{\prime \prime}$ | $179 \frac{3}{8}$ | 200. | $222 \frac{1}{8}$ | $243 \frac{3}{8}$ | $271{ }^{\frac{3}{8}}$ |
| $23^{\prime \prime}$ | $23 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $187 \frac{7}{8}$ | 2037 | $225 \frac{3}{4}$ | $247 \frac{3}{4}$ | $274 \frac{3}{8}$ |

Extras:-
Punch Hemstitchers as above are entitled to the following rates in addition to the rates set out in the above table when stitching:-

Per 10 dozen
Handkerchiefs
(i) Roller Printed Linen Handkerchiefs $\quad . . \quad . . \quad 4 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$.
(ii) Hand Block Printed Linen Handkerchiefs .. 81 d.
(iii) Hand Block Printed Linen Handkerchiefs requiring to be matched at outside of hem
$24 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.
(in lieu of $8 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. as shown in (ii))
(iv) $\frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{16 \prime \prime}$ hems .. .. .. .. 5 d .
(v) $\frac{1}{8} \frac{1}{8}^{\prime \prime}$ hems $\quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad 9 \quad 9 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$.
(vi) $\frac{1}{16}$ " hems, 4 entries into machine .. .. $13 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.
(3) Punch Hemstitching on Singer Machines 118W4 of White or Dyed Cotton Handierchiefs

For finished sizes in $\frac{3^{\prime \prime}}{8^{\prime \prime}}$ or wider hems

|  | Finished Size |  | Number of Stitches per inch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
|  |  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |  |
| -• |  | but not |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Over $10^{\prime \prime}$ | over <br> 101" | ${ }_{71}{ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ | ${ }^{\text {d }} 8{ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{9}{ }^{1}$ | ${ }_{1013}$ | ${ }_{110}{ }^{\text {d }}$ |
|  | ${ }^{10^{\prime \prime}} 10{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | ${ }^{101^{\prime \frac{1}{\prime \prime}}}$ | $71 \frac{7}{8}$ <br> 75 <br> 8 | $80 \frac{5}{3}$ | $91 \frac{1}{8}$ | $1013{ }^{\frac{3}{8}}$ | $110 \frac{3}{4}$ |
|  | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | 111/" | $77 \frac{3}{4}$ | $86 \frac{1}{4}$ | $97 \frac{1}{2}$ | $106 \frac{3}{8}$ | $119 \frac{3}{3}$ |
|  | $111^{\prime \prime}$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $80 \frac{1}{8}$ | $89 \frac{3}{4}$ | $100 \frac{5}{8}$ | $110 \frac{3}{4}$ | $122 \frac{5}{8}$ |
|  | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $12 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $83 \frac{1}{5}$ | $94 \frac{1}{8}$ | 104 | $113 \frac{1}{2}$ | $126 \frac{7}{3}$ |
|  | $12{ }^{\frac{1}{2 \prime}}$ | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $87 \frac{3}{3}$ | 97 | $108 \frac{3}{8}$ | $119 \frac{3}{8}$ | $131 \frac{5}{8}$ |
|  | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | 13, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $89 \frac{3}{4}$ | $99 \frac{1}{4}$ | $111 \frac{1}{8}$ | $124{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $137{ }^{\text {8 }}$ |
|  | $13 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | 931 | $102 \frac{3}{4}$ | $115 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1273 | 141震 |
|  | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $14 \frac{1}{1 \prime \prime}$ | $96 \frac{3}{3}$ | $106 \frac{3}{8}$ | $116 \frac{7}{8}$ | 1315 | 147 |
|  | 14, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | 98\% ${ }^{\frac{7}{5}}$ | 1093 | $120 \frac{3}{8}$ | $135{ }^{\frac{2}{8}}$ | $150 \frac{3}{8}$ |
|  | $15^{\prime \prime}$. | 151/" | $101 \frac{3}{3}$ | $112 \frac{1}{2}$ | $124 \frac{5}{8}$ | 1397 | $153{ }^{\frac{1}{8}}$ |
|  | $15 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $106 \frac{3}{8}$ | $117 \frac{3}{8}$ | $131 \frac{1}{4}$ | $141{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 158 |
|  | $16^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | $16 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $109 \frac{3}{4}$ | $122 \frac{1}{3}$ | $134 \frac{3}{4}$ | 147 | $161 \frac{7}{8}$ |
|  | $16 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | $110 \frac{3}{4}$ | $125 \frac{1}{2}$ | 138 | $152 \frac{3}{8}$ | 1671 $\frac{1}{3}$ |
|  | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $114 \frac{5}{8}$ | $127 \frac{7}{8}$ | 1431 ${ }^{1}$ | 1571 | $171 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $17 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $117 \frac{3}{8}$ | $130 \frac{7}{8}$ | $147{ }^{\circ}$ | $160{ }^{8}$ | $176 \frac{1}{4}$ |
|  | 18"' | ${ }^{18 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}}$ | $120 \frac{3}{8}$ | $132{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $150 \frac{7}{8}$ | $164 \frac{3}{8}$ | 1793 |
|  | $18 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | 122 $\frac{1}{8}$ | 137 | $152 \frac{3}{4}$ | $168 \frac{1}{1}$ | 1833 ${ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ |
|  | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | 19191" | $125 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1411 \frac{1}{4}$ | $156 \frac{5}{8}$ | $171 \frac{1}{2}$ | $189 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $19 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $127 \frac{7}{8}$ | $144{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | $158 \frac{7}{8}$ | $176 \frac{1}{4}$ | $193{ }^{2}$ |
|  | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $20 \frac{1}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $130 \frac{7}{8}$ | $148 \frac{7}{8}$ | $163 \frac{1}{4}$ | 179 | $197 \frac{3}{4}$ |
|  | $20 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}$ | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $133 \frac{3}{8}$ | 1523 ${ }^{\frac{3}{8}}$ | $167 \frac{1}{8}$ | 1827 | $201 \frac{3}{8}$ |
|  | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $211^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | 136 | 15434 | $171 \frac{1}{2}$ | 18714 | 2071 |
|  | $211^{\prime \prime}$ | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | 1383 | $156{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $173 \frac{3}{8}$ | $190 \frac{5}{5}$ | $212 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | $22 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $141 \frac{1}{4}$ | $160^{\circ}$ | $176 \frac{5}{8}^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $194 \frac{1}{3}$ | $217 \frac{1}{8}$ |
|  | $22 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $23^{\prime \prime}$ | $144{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | $161{ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ | 180 | 1973 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 220 |
|  | $23^{\prime \prime}$ " | 2312 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $147^{4}$ | $164 \frac{3}{8}$ | 181震 | $200{ }^{4}$ | 2223 |

Extras:-
Punch Hemstitchers as above are entitled to the following rates in addition to the rates set out in the above table when stitching:-

Per 10 dozen
Handkerchiefs
d.

5
i) Printed Cotton Handkerchiefs, White and Coloured Corded Handkerchiefs, White or Dyed Mercerised and Mull Handkerchiefs .. .. ..
(ii) All other Mercerised Cotton and Mull Handkerchiefs

(iv) $\frac{1 / 1}{8}$ hems .. .. .. . . .. $9 \frac{1}{R}$
(v) $\frac{1,18}{\frac{1}{8} / 1}$ hems, 4 entries into machine $\quad . \cdot \quad \therefore \quad 13 \frac{1}{4}$
"Mull" is cloth made with yarns finer than $80 / 80$
(4) Punch Hemstitching on Singer Machines 118 W 4 of White or Dyed Linen Handkerchiefs

For finished sizes in $\frac{3^{\prime \prime}}{8}$ or wider hems

|  | Finished Size |  | Number of Stitches per inch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
|  |  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | but not |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Over | over | ${ }_{763}$ | ${ }_{85}{ }^{\text {d. }}$ | ${ }_{95}{ }^{\text {d }}$ | ${ }_{1071}$ | ${ }_{116}$ |
|  | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | ${ }^{10 \frac{1}{2}}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $76 \frac{3}{8}$ | ${ }^{85} 8$ | $95 \frac{7}{8}$ | $107 \frac{1}{8}$ | $116{ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ |
|  | ${ }^{101^{\prime \prime}} 1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | ${ }^{111^{\prime \prime}}$ | $80 \frac{1}{8}$ $81 \frac{1}{4}$ | $88 \frac{3}{8}$ 91 91 | $99 \frac{1}{4}$ 1015 | $1110 \frac{1}{4}$ | 1218 |
|  | $11{ }^{1}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $84{ }^{4}$ | $94 \frac{1}{2}$ | 105 ${ }^{\frac{8}{8}}$ | $116 \frac{1}{2}$ | 128 |
|  | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $12 \frac{1}{1 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | 873 | $98 \frac{1}{\frac{2}{8}}$ | $109 \frac{3}{8}$ | $119{ }^{\frac{2}{3}}$ | $133{ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ |
|  | 12 ${ }^{\frac{1}{\prime \prime}}$ | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | 92 | 101 $\frac{5}{8}$ | $114 \frac{1}{8}$ | 1251 | $138 \frac{3}{8}$ |
| , | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | 131/' | $94 \frac{1}{2}$ | 104 | $117 \frac{3}{3}$ | 1314 | $143{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ |
|  | 1312" | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $98 \frac{7}{8}$ | $108 \frac{3}{8}$ | $121{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 134 | $149 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $14 \frac{1}{}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $101 \frac{3}{8}$ | $112 \frac{1}{8}$ | $122 \frac{1}{8}$ | $138 \frac{3}{8}$ | 153 |
|  | $14 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $104{ }^{8}$ | $116{ }^{8}$ | $126 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1411^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 158 |
|  | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | 151/" | $107 \frac{3}{4}$ | 119 | $131 \frac{1}{4}$ | 147 | 161 \% |
|  | 151/' | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $111 \frac{1}{8}$ | $123 \frac{1}{4}$ | $138 \frac{3}{4}$ | 150 | 166 |
|  | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1151 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 129 | $142 \frac{3}{4}$ | 1537 | 170 |
|  | $16 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $116 \frac{7}{8}$ | $131{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $145 \frac{1}{4}$ | 160 | $1755^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
|  | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 \frac{1}{1 / \prime}$ | $121 \frac{1}{4}$ | 134 | $150 \frac{3}{3}$ | $165 \frac{3}{4}$ | 180 |
|  | $171_{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $123 \frac{1}{4}$ | 138 | $154 \frac{3}{4}$ | 169 | 1857 |
|  | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | 1812 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $126 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1397 | $158 \frac{7}{8}$ | $170 \frac{3}{4}$ | $188 \frac{5}{8}$ |
|  | $18^{1 / \prime \prime}$ | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $128 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1435 | $161{ }^{8}$ | $176 \frac{1}{2}$ | $193 \frac{3}{8}$ |
|  | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $19 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $132 \frac{3}{8}$ | $148 \frac{7}{8}$ | $164 \frac{3}{4}$ | $180 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1.99 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $19^{193^{\prime \prime}}$ | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | 134 | 1523 | $167 \frac{1}{2}$ | $185 \frac{7}{8}$ | $203 \frac{3}{3}$ |
|  | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $201 /$ | $138 \frac{1}{8}$ | 1565 ${ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $171{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1885 | $207 \frac{3}{3}$ |
|  | $20 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $140 \frac{3}{8}$ | $160^{\circ}$ | 1761 | 193 | $212 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $211^{\prime \prime}$ | $143 \frac{5}{5}$ | 1623 | 181 | $197 \frac{3}{4}$ | $218 \frac{1}{4}$ |
|  | $21^{\frac{1}{2 \prime}}$ | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | $146 \frac{5}{8}$ | 164 ${ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $182 \frac{7}{8}$ | $200 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2233 |
|  | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | $22{ }^{\frac{1}{2 \prime}}$ | $149 \frac{1}{2}$ | $168 \frac{1}{2}$ | $186 \frac{1}{2}$ | $204 \frac{1}{4}$ | 2295 |
|  | 221" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $23^{\prime \prime}$ | 152 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 170 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $188 \frac{5}{8}$ | 2073 | $231 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | 23.' | 231/ ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 154 ${ }^{\frac{2}{4}}$ | $173 \frac{3}{4}$ | 192 | 211 | $234 \frac{3}{8}$ |

Extras:-
Punch Hemstitchers as above are entitled to the following rates in addition to the rates set out in the above table when stitching:-

Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs
(i) Roller Printed Linen Handkerchiefs .. .. $4 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$.
(ii) Hand Block Printed Linen Handkerchiefs .. $8 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.
(iii) Hand Block Printed Linen Handkerchiefs requiring to be matched at outside of hem
(in lieu of $8 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. as shown in (ii))
$\begin{array}{clllll}\text { (iv) } \frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{4} \text { and } \frac{33^{\prime \prime}}{}{ }^{\prime \prime} \text { hems } & . & . . & . & . . & 5 \mathrm{~d} \\ \text { (v) } \frac{1}{8} \text { " hems } & . & . & . . & . & . . \\ 9 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}\end{array}$
(vi) $\frac{1}{16}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ hems, 4 entries into machine .. .. . $13 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.
(5) Punch Hemstitching on Singer 71 W 3 and 118 W 4 Machines of Handkerchiefs on two sides only
The general minimum piece rates payable for Punch Hemstitching on Singer 71W3 and 118W4 Machines of handkerchiefs on two sides only (the remaining sides having already been sewn on automatic machines) are 50 per cent of the appropriate general minimum piece rates for the punch hemstitching of handkerchiefs on four sides and IN ADDITION .5 d. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs.
(6) Punch Hemstitching $\frac{1}{18}$ " Hems

Any cloth, by the process of five entries into the machine

| Cloth Size |  | Number of Stitches per inch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
|  |  |  | er 10 | Hand | hiefs |  |
|  | and under | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. |
| $9^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $121{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | $129 \frac{7}{8}$ | $132 \frac{1}{4}$ | $146{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | 1513 |
| $10^{\prime \prime}$ | 11" | 132 ${ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ | $140 \frac{7}{8}$ | $146 \frac{5}{8}$ | 157 ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | $162{ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ |
| $11^{\prime \prime}$ | 12" | $140 \frac{7}{8}$ | $151 \frac{3}{4}$ | $157 \frac{1}{8}$ | $168{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $181 \frac{7}{9}$ |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | 151 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $157 \frac{1}{8}$ | $168 \frac{1}{2}$ | $181{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 193 |
| $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $157 \frac{1}{3}$ | $168 \frac{1}{2}$ | $181 \frac{3}{4}$ | 193 | $203 \frac{7}{8}$ |
| $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $168 \frac{3}{2}$ | $181 \frac{3}{4}$ | 193 | $203 \frac{7}{8}$ | $214 \frac{7}{8}$ |
| $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $173 \frac{3}{4}$ | $187 \frac{5}{8}$ | $198 \frac{1}{2}$ | $209 \frac{5}{8}$ | $226 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $181 \frac{7}{8}$ | $198 \frac{1}{2}$ | $209 \frac{5}{8}$ | $220 \frac{5}{8}$ | $237 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | 193 | $203 \frac{7}{8}$ | $220 \frac{3}{8}$ | $231 \frac{1}{2}$ | $251{ }^{\circ}$ |
| $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $198 \frac{1}{2}$ | $214 \frac{7}{8}$ | $231 \frac{1}{2}$ | $245 \frac{2}{8}$ | $262 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $209 \frac{5}{5}$ | $226 \frac{1}{2}$ | $237 \frac{3}{8}$ | $256 \frac{3}{4}$ | $272 \frac{1}{2}$ |

(7) Shire Hemstitching

| Cloth Size |  | Number of Stitches per inch |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 |
|  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | and under | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. |
| 8' | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | $101 \frac{1}{8}$ | $114 \frac{1}{2}$ | 116. ${ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ | 133 | $144 \frac{1}{4}$ | $161{ }^{\frac{3}{8}}$ |
| $9{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $107 \frac{1}{2}$ | $116 \frac{1}{2}$ | $127 \frac{3}{4}$ | $144 \frac{1}{4}$ | $161 \frac{3}{8}$ | 178 |
| $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $119{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $128 \frac{1}{4}$ | 139 | $155 \frac{3}{8}$ | 172 | $188 \frac{7}{\frac{7}{4}}$ |
| 11" | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | 125 | $139 \frac{3}{8}$ | $155 \frac{3}{8}$ | 172 | $188 \frac{7}{8}$ | 204.7 |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | 137 | 1507 | $166 \frac{1}{7}$ | $183 \frac{3}{8}$ | 2047 | $222 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $142 \frac{1}{2}$ | $162 \frac{3}{4}$ | 178 | $193 \frac{1}{2}$ | $216 \frac{1}{8}$ | 2388 |
| $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $156 \frac{3}{4}$ | $174 \frac{3}{8}$ | $188 \frac{7}{8}$ | $210 \frac{7}{8}$ | $233 \frac{1}{4}$ | $255 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| 15" | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $161 \frac{3}{5}$ | 1801 | 200 | 2221 | 244 | $265 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $166 \frac{5}{8}$ | 192 | $210 \frac{7}{8}$ | 2331 | $260 \frac{1}{2}$ | $282{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $17^{\prime \prime}$ | 18" | $178 \frac{7}{8}$ | 204 | $222 \frac{1}{3}$ | 244 | $270 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2991 |
| $18^{\prime \prime}$ | 19" | 1844 | $215 \frac{1}{2}$ | $233 \frac{1}{4}$ | $260 \frac{1}{2}$ | 288 | $315 \frac{7}{7}$ |
| $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $196 \frac{3}{3}$ | $220 \frac{1}{3}$ | $243 \frac{5}{3}$ | $270 \frac{1}{2}$ | $299 \frac{1}{4}$ | $332{ }^{\text {\% }}$ |
| $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $202 \frac{5}{8}$ | $232{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $255 \frac{1}{8}$ | $282 \frac{3}{4}$ | $315 \frac{7}{8}$ | $343 \frac{7}{8}$ |
| $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $22^{\prime \prime}$ | 2143 | $244 \frac{1}{2}$ | $265 \frac{1}{2}$ | $293 \frac{1}{2}$ | $327 \frac{3}{\text { 3 }}$ | $360 \frac{7}{8}$ |
| $22^{\prime \prime}$ | 23" | $220 \frac{1}{8}$ | $256 \frac{1}{4}$ | $277 \frac{3}{4}$ | $310 \frac{1}{2}$ | $343 \frac{7}{8}$ | $377 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| 23" | $24^{\prime \prime}$ | $231 \frac{1}{2}$ | 262 | 288 | $321 \frac{1}{4}$ | $355 \frac{1}{8}$ | $393 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $24^{\prime \prime}$ | $25^{\prime \prime}$ | $238 \frac{2}{5}$ | $2733^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 299 ${ }^{4}$ | 332 ${ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | 372 | $401 \frac{7}{8}$ |
| 25" | $26^{\prime \prime}$ | $249 \frac{3}{4}$ | $285 \frac{1}{1}$ | $310 \frac{1}{2}$ | 3495 | $382 \frac{3}{8}$ | $421{ }^{\frac{5}{7}}$ |
| $26^{\prime \prime}$ | $27^{\prime \prime}$ | $255 \frac{7}{8}$ | $296 \frac{5}{\frac{5}{5}}$ | $321 \frac{5}{8}$ | $360 \frac{7}{8}$ | 3992 | $437 \frac{7}{8}$ |

## Extras:-

Shire Hemstitchers are entitled to the following rates in addition to the rates set out in the above table when stitching:-
$\frac{1}{1 /}$ hems

- 12d. per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs ${ }_{\frac{1}{16}}^{\frac{1}{16}}$ hems
.. $23 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$
(8) Ordinary Narrow Hemming on Wilcox and Gibbs Machine $\frac{1}{8}^{\prime \prime}$ hem, handkerchief hemmed on 3 sides 12 stitches to the inch

| Rough | Up to 14" | Over 14" | Over 171/ ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Over $21^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cloth |  | not over | not over | not over |
| Size |  | 171" | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $24^{\prime \prime}$ |

Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs
$32 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. $\quad 35 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. $43 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. $46 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{~d}$.
When handkerchiefs are hemmed on four sides, $6 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. extra per 10 dozen handkerchiefs is payable.
(9) Special Narrow Hemming on Wilcox and Gibbs and Singer Highspeed ( $95 \mathrm{~K} 10,95 \mathrm{~K} 40$, 95 K 60 and $95-10$ ) Machines
Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs. All classes.
$\frac{1}{16}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ hems, handkerchiefs hemmed on four sides. Cloth to be cut, torn and prepared for worker

(10) Special Narrow Hemming on Singer Bulldog Machine Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs. All classes.
$\frac{1}{18}$ " hems, handkerchiefs hemmed on four sides. Cloth to be cut, torn and prepared for worker

(1i) Overlocking

| Rough Clotiz Size | Straight Edge |  |  | Scalloped Edge |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 18/22 | Stitches | 28/32 |  |
|  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |
| Up to $14^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Over 14" not över $17 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Over $17 \frac{1}{2}$ " not over $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{d} . \\ 43 \frac{1}{8} \\ 54 \frac{1}{8} \\ 63 \frac{7}{8} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{d} . \\ 46 \frac{3}{\mathrm{~g}} \\ 63 \frac{7}{8} \\ 75 \frac{1}{8} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{d} . \\ 54 \\ 75 \frac{1}{8} \\ 85 \frac{3}{4} \end{gathered}$ | d. $63 \frac{7}{8}$ <br> Nickelling by Machine 7d. |

(12) Imitation Revering

Inside row on single cloth measuring over $10^{\prime \prime}$ and not over $12^{\prime \prime}$, 88 d . per 10 dozen handkerchiefs.
Fancy shapes to be calculated at the rate of $5 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 yards of revering. In addition, for each separate bar, shape or turn on handkerchiefs, 5d. per 10 dozen is payable.
(13) Punch Spoke Stitching on other than Singer High Speed Machine No. 119 W 2

Spoked hems, $\frac{3^{\prime \prime}}{8}$ or wider

| Finished Size |  | Stitches |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 |
|  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |
|  | not |  |  |  |  |
| Over | over | d. | d. | d. | d. |
| $7 \prime \prime$ | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | 1051 | 1115 ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | $123 \frac{1}{8}$ | 1315 ${ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ |
| 8" | 9 ' | $112 \frac{3}{8}$ | 119 | $130 \frac{3}{4}$ | $144{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ |
| $9^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $1188^{\frac{5}{6}}$ | $128{ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ | $140 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1475 |
| $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $121 \frac{1}{2}$ | $134{ }^{1}$ | $146 \frac{1}{3}$ | $153 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | 1311 | 1461 $\frac{1}{8}$ | $161 \frac{3}{8}$ | 177 |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $141 \frac{1}{2}$ | $161 \frac{3}{5}$ | $184 \frac{3}{8}$ | $201 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| 13"' | 14" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 152 | 1731 | $195 \frac{3^{\frac{3}{4}}}{}$ | $219 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| 14" | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $164 \frac{5}{8}$ | 1847 | $207 \frac{1}{3}$ | $226 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $187 \frac{1}{2}$ | 207⿺𠃊 | 2324 ${ }^{2}$ | $256 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $200 \frac{3}{8}$ | $2222^{\frac{3}{3}}$ | 246 | $267 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $19^{\prime \prime}$ | $202 \frac{7}{8}$ | 224 ${ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $257 \frac{1}{2}$ | $278 \frac{1}{2}$ |

In addition to the rates set out in above table, the following rates are payable:-
${ }_{1}^{1 / 1}{ }^{1 /}$ hems-
(a) where hems are spoked in one operation on machines fitted with an automatic folder or "curler"- $13 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 dozen.
(b) where hems are previously prepared either by vice-folding or plain hemming machine- $25 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. per. 10 dozen.

Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs
$\frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{8}$ hems-
if sewn through on automatic folder . . .. $9 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$.
$\frac{1}{}^{\prime \prime}$ or $\frac{3}{1 / 2}$ hems-
if sewn through on automatic folder .. .. 5 d .
Mercerised cotton or mull handkerchiefs .. .. $9 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$.
（14）Punch Spoke Stitching on Singer Highspeed Machine No．119W2 Spoked hems，$\frac{3^{\prime \prime}}{8}$ or wider

| Finished Size |  | Stitches |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 |
|  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |
|  | not |  |  |  |  |
| Over | over | d． | ${ }^{\text {d．}}$ | d． | d． |
| $7^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $91 \frac{1}{2}$ | $96 \frac{3}{3}$ | 1061 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 104 |
| $8^{\prime \prime}$ $9^{\prime \prime}$ | $9^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 971 | $103^{\circ}$ | $1122^{\frac{2}{8}}$ | $124 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $9^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $101 \frac{7}{8}$ | $110 \frac{3}{4}$ | $119 \frac{5}{8}$ | $126 \frac{7}{3}$ |
| $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $11^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | $103 \frac{5}{8}$ | $114 \frac{3}{8}$ | $124 \frac{1}{2}$ | $130{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | 112 | $124 \frac{1}{2}$ | $137 \frac{1}{8}$ | $150 \frac{7}{8}$ |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $120 \frac{1}{4}$ | 1371 | $157 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1711^{\frac{1}{2}}$ |
| $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | 129 | $147 \frac{3}{8}$ | $166 \frac{1}{2}$ | $186 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{15^{\prime \prime}}$ | $140 \frac{1}{2}$ | $157 \frac{1}{2}$ | $176 \frac{1}{\text { ¢ }}$ | 193 |
| $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $150 \frac{1}{2}$ | $166 \frac{1}{2}$ | $189 \frac{1}{2}$ | $204 \frac{7}{5}$ |
| ${ }_{17 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $159 \frac{3}{4}$ | 1761 $\frac{1}{8}$ | $199 \frac{7}{\frac{7}{8}}$ | $218 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| 17＂ | $11^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $170 \frac{5}{8}$ | 189 $\frac{1}{2}$ | $209 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2277 |
| $18^{\prime \prime}$ | 19＂ | 181客 | 1997 | $219 \frac{1}{4}$ | $236 \frac{7}{3}$ |

In addition to the rates set out in above table，the following rates are payable：－
$1{ }^{1 / \prime}$ hems－
（a）where hems are spoked in one operation on machines fitted with an automatic folder or＂curler＂－－13站d．per 10 dozen．
（b）where hems are previously prepared either by vice－folding or plain hemming machine－ $25 \frac{1}{5} \mathrm{~d}$ ：per 10 dozen．

Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs
$\frac{1}{8}^{\prime \prime}$ ．hems－
if sewn through an automatic folder ．．．． $9 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$ ．
$\frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{4}$ or $\frac{3}{76^{\prime \prime}}$ hems－
if sewn through an automatic folder ．．．． 5 d ．
Mercerised cotton or mull handkerchiefs ．．．． $9 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$ ．
（15）Shire Spoke Stitching on other than Singer High Speed Machine No．119W2

Spoked hems，$\frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{s}$ or wider，any cloth

| Finished Size |  | Stitches |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 |
|  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |
|  | not |  |  |  |  |
| Over | ${ }_{8}^{\text {over }}$ | 93. | d93． | $\stackrel{\mathrm{d}}{\text { di }}$ | ${ }_{120}{ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| $8^{\prime \prime}$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | 104 ${ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ | $111 \frac{5}{8}$ | $123{ }^{\text {8 }}$ | $136 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $9^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | 112 | 123 | 1342 | 142．${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $121 \frac{5}{8}$ | $134 \frac{1}{2}$ | 146 | 1531 |
| $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | 131 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 146 | $161 \frac{3}{8}$ | 177 |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$ | 13 ＂ | $141 \frac{1}{2}$ | $161 \frac{3}{8}$ | 1847 | 2013 |
| $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | 152 | $173 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1953． | $219 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | 1643 | 184 $\frac{7}{8}$ | $207 \frac{1}{1}$ | $226{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $176 \frac{1}{2}$ | $195 \frac{3}{4}$ | $222 \frac{1}{4}$ | $241 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $187 \frac{1}{2}$ | $207 \frac{1}{8}$ | $234 \frac{5}{8}$ | $256 \frac{1}{8}$ |
| $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $200 \frac{3}{8}$ | $222 \frac{1}{4}$ | 246 | 267.1 |
| $18^{\prime \prime}$ | 19＂ | 213 | 234䂞 | 2571 | $278 \frac{3}{8}$ |

$\frac{1}{8 \prime \prime}$ hems，any cloth－ $25 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$ ．per 10 dozen is payable in addition to the rates set out in above table．
(16) Shire Seoke Stitching on Singer High Speed Machine No. 119W2 Spoked hems, $\frac{118}{8}$ or wider, any cloth

| Finished Size |  |  | Stitches |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 |
|  |  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |
|  |  | not |  |  |  |  |
|  | Over | Over | ${ }_{76 \text { d }}^{\text {d }}$ | 82 | ${ }_{91}{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $\stackrel{\text { d. }}{99}$ |
|  | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | $86 \frac{1}{8}$ | $91{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 1014 | $112 \frac{5}{8}$ |
|  | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $92{ }^{\frac{5}{5}}$ | 101年 | $110 \frac{3}{8}$ | 117 |
|  | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | $100 \frac{1}{4}$ | $110 \frac{3}{8}$ | $120 \frac{1}{8}$ | $126 \frac{1}{8}$ |
|  | 11" | 12" | $108 \frac{1}{8}$ | 12018 | $132 \frac{3}{8}$ | 1455 |
|  | 12" | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | 116 | $132 \frac{3}{8}$ | $151{ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ | $165 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $124 \frac{1}{2}$ | $142 \frac{1}{8}$ | $160 \frac{3}{4}$ | 1795 |
|  | $14^{\prime \prime}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | 1355 | 1517 | 170 | $186 \frac{3}{5}$ |
|  | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | 1451 | $160 \frac{3}{4}$ | 1827 | $197 \frac{5}{5}$ |
|  | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $154 \frac{1}{8}$ | 170 | $192 \frac{7}{8}$ | $210 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | 164 ${ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | 1827 | $202 \frac{1}{8}$ | 2197 |
|  | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | 19" | 1753 | 1927 | 211 $\frac{5}{8}$ | $228 \frac{5}{8}$ |

$\frac{1}{16}$ " hems, any cloth- $25 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 dozen is payable in addition to the rates set out in above table.
(17) Extras payable in addition to the rates set out in sub-paragraphs (13) to (16) for inside rows and fancy designs of Pùnch or Shire Spoke Stitching
(i) Inside Rows
(a) Turned and through inside rows should be calculated at the piece rates specified in the tables set out in sub-paragraphs (13) and (14) for $\frac{3}{8}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ or wider hems, and in sub-paragraphs (15) and (16) for $\frac{1_{8}^{\prime \prime}}{8}$ or wider hems, according to the measurements of spoking.
(b) Broken or stopped inside rows should be calculated in the same manner as turned and through rows, but, in addition, 5 d . per 10 dozen handkerchiefs is payable for each point in spoking where threads have to be clipped on both sides of handkerchief.
In the case of all inside rows where the spoking is sewn on four sides of handkerchief the relevant size in the table is one quarter of the total measurement of spoking on inside row.
Where rows of spoke on each side of handkerchief are even in length but are sewn on only one, two or three sides, a proportionate rate (i.e., $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ (as the case may be) of the rate fixed for the relevant size in the table) is payable.
Where rows of spoke on sides of handkerchief vary in length and are sewn only on one, two or three sides, measurements should not be averaged, but each side should be taken separately for the purpose of ascertaining the proportionate rate payable.
A proportionate rate is payable only when each straight run of spoking measures not less than six inches, and when the definitions (a), (b) and (c) below are applicable either singly or in combination.
(ii) Fancy Designs

Fancy Designs of Spoking are to be calculated at the rate of 10 d . per 10 yards of spoking. In addition, 10 d. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs is payable for each point in spoking, where threads have to be clipped on both sides or at edge of handkerchief, and $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs for each stop and turn where design is not broken.
Where a fancy design is attached to an inside row by a "stop and turn" join, the fancy design "Extra" becomes payable at this point, i.e., the stop and turn "Extra" of $6 \frac{1}{2}$ d. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs, but no "Extra" is payable at this point for what would otherwise have been paid as a break in spoking.

## DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of the application of the "Extras" set out in subparagraph (17), the following definitions apply:-
(a) Turned Row:

A row of spoking is "turned" when at any point it is continued at right angles without a break and each straight run of spoking measures not less than 6 inches and is sewn parallel to the hem.
(b) Through Row:

A row of spoking is "through" when it is commenced at outside edge of handkerchief and sewn through to outside edge of handkerchief on opposite side.
(c) Broken or Stopped Row:

A row ef spoking inside handkerchief is "broken" or "stopped" where the continuity of the row is incomplete round the handkerchief, the spoking being discontinued at ofe or more points, provided that there shall not be more than eight points where threads have to be clipped on both sides of handkerchief.
(d) Fancy Designs:

Any design of spoking inside handkerchief which is not provided for in sub-paragraph (17) ( $i$ ) is a "Fancy Design" and "is payable as such.

## Calculation of Finished Sizes of Handkerćhiefs

The finished sizes of handkerchiefs should be calculated as follows:For $\frac{114}{4}$ or narrower hems-deduct from the cloth size four times the width of hem. For $\frac{3}{8}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ or wider hems-deduct from the cloth size twice the width of hem, plus $\frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{2}$ for turn in.
(18) Machine Top Sewing or Overseaming

Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs


Over $1^{\prime \prime}$.. .. .. .. $33 \frac{1}{4}$
If corner turned in by Overseamer, $16 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{~d}$; per 10 dozen extra.
(19) Lace Stitching on Ladies' Handkerchiefs

Finished Sizes exceeding $10^{\prime \prime}$, but not exceeding $12 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}, 16$ stitches to the inch.
Attaching Lace Edging to hem with Singer Zig-Zag Machine:Pleats in each corner . . .. 1 . 2 3 Total Pleats on handkerchief .. $\quad 4 \quad 4 \quad 8 \quad 12$ Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs $108 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d} . \quad 128 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d} . \quad 152 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{~d}$.
Attaching Lace Edging to hem or raw edge cloth with hemstitching machine:-
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Pleats in each corner } & . & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Total Pleats on handkerchief } 4 & 8 & 12 & . & 16 & 20 & 24\end{array}$

Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs
$118 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d} .142 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d} . \quad 162 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{~d} .183 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d} .207 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d} .227 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. Stitching of Fancy or Mitred Lace Edges to be paid at above rates. In addition $9 \frac{1}{2} d$. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs is payable for each mitre on handkerchief, and $6 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs is payable for each additional pleat on handkerchief.
(20) Straight Rows of Lace Insertion
$\left.\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Measurement }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{cccccc}\text { over } & 5^{\prime \prime} & 6^{\prime \prime} & 7^{\prime \prime} & 8^{\prime \prime \prime} & 9^{\prime \prime}\end{array} 1^{\prime \prime \prime} 11^{\prime \prime}$ of side $\}$.not over $6^{\prime \prime} \quad 7^{\prime \prime} \quad 8^{\prime \prime} \quad 9^{\prime \prime} \quad 10^{\prime \prime} 11^{\prime \prime} 12^{\prime \prime}$

Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs
$171 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d} .181 \frac{7}{5} \mathrm{~d} .192 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{~d} .207 \frac{1}{5} \mathrm{~d} .218 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d} .228 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{~d} .239 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.
Straps, Bars and Fancy Shapes of insertion to be calculated at the rate of $16 \frac{s}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 yards of insertion.

In addition, $9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs is payable for each separate piece, bar, or shape on handkerchief, and $6 \frac{1}{3} d$. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs is payable for each separate stop or turn on handkerchief where stitching crosses the insertion.

|  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 Corner d. | $\begin{gathered} 4 \text { Corners } \\ d . \end{gathered}$ |
| Inserting triangular motif, stitched one side only | $21 \frac{1}{8}$ | $92 \frac{5}{8}$ |
| Inserting triangular motif, stitched three sides | $35 \frac{1}{4}$ | 135: ${ }^{\frac{5}{4}}$ |
| Inserting square motif, stitched two sides only | $28 \frac{3}{4}$ | $114 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Inserting square motif, stitched four sides .. | $46 \frac{3}{8}$ | 1817 |

## B.-Smoothing

(1) Hand Dry Smoothing

Men's (i.e., over $17 \frac{1}{2}$ " cloth size) Prints. $20 \frac{1}{4} d$. per 10 dozen handkerchiefs.
(2) Hand Damp Smoothing

The Cloth size of handkerchiefs to be calculated as follows:-
For $\frac{1}{4}^{\prime \prime}$ or narrower hems-add to finished size four times the width of the hem.
For ${ }^{\frac{3}{3} / \prime}$ or wider hems-add to finished size twice the width of the hem, plus $\frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{}$.

Cloth Size

| Ladies' Sizes |  | Men's Sizes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Up to } \\ & 13^{\prime \prime} \end{aligned}$ | Over | Over | Over |  |
|  | 13" | 172 ${ }^{1 \prime}$ | 21" | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Over } \\ & 23^{\prime \prime} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | not | not | ot |  |
|  | over | over | over |  |
|  | 171/2' | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $23^{\prime \prime}$ |  |
|  | Per 10 doz | n Hand | erchie |  |
| d. | d. | d. | d. | d. |
| $19 \frac{3}{3}$ | $24 \frac{1}{4}$ | $38 \frac{7}{8}$ | $48 \frac{1}{2}$ | $58 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $24 \frac{1}{4}$ | 29 | $43 \frac{3}{4}$ | $53 \frac{1}{4}$ | 6.3 |
| 29 | 34 | $48 \frac{1}{2}$ | $58 \frac{1}{4}$ | 68 |

Ordinary Cotton, Fine Cotton, Mull $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { and Bordered Handkerchiefs } & 10 & 19 \frac{3}{8} & 24 \frac{1}{4} & 38 \frac{7}{8} & 48 \frac{1}{2} \\ 58 \frac{1}{4}\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Printed Cottons and Printed Muils } & 24 \frac{1}{4} & 29 & 43 \frac{3}{3} & 53 \frac{2}{4} & 63 \\ \text { Linen Handkerchiefs and Initials } . .29 & 34 & 48 \frac{1}{2} & 58 \frac{1}{4} & 68\end{array}$
Embroidered and Fancy Handkerchiefs
Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs d.

Embroidery, Fancy Stitching, or Insertion, in one corner

Embroidery or Insertion all round $43 \frac{3}{4}$
Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs

Plain or One Corner Embroidered, with Spoking or
Fancy Stitching all round and straight Lace Edge $\quad 38 \frac{7}{8}$
Embroidery or Insertion all round and straight Lace Edge
Embroidery in Four Corners to be paid at the same rate as all round Embroidery.
(3) Hand Smoothing Washed Goods which are stretched and prepared for Smoothing

| Cloth Size | Over Over Over Over |  |  |  |  | Over Over Over |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 19" | $21^{\prime \prime}$ | $23^{\prime \prime}$ |  |
|  | to | not | not | not | not | not | not | no | $25^{\prime \prime}$ |
|  | 112 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | over | over | over | over | over | over |  |  |
|  |  | $13^{\prime \prime}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | $17^{\prime \prime}$ | 19" | $21^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  |  |
| Plain Border and Printed- |  |  | Per 10 dozen Handkerchiefs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. |  |  | d. |
| Linen | $511_{4}^{1}$ | 59, $\frac{3}{5}$ | $60 \frac{1}{2}$ | 76 | 89 |  |  | 140 | $166 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Cotton | $51 \frac{1}{4}$ | $64 \frac{1}{4}$ | $72 \frac{1}{4}$ | 89 | 102 | 1185 | $139 \frac{1}{4}$ | 178 | $203 \frac{1}{2}$ |

Initials and one
Corner Embroidery-

| Linen | $\ldots$ | $63 \frac{3}{8}$ | 71 | 71 | $79 \frac{1}{8}$ | $90 \frac{7}{8}$ | 103 | $118 \frac{5}{8}$ | $142 \frac{1}{2}$ | $166 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

All round or four Corner
Embroidery-

| Linen | $\therefore .71$ | $79 \frac{1}{5}$ | $79 \frac{1}{8}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cotton | . .71 | $79 \frac{1}{8}$ | $79 \frac{1}{3}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |

If handkerchiefs are not stretched and prepared for smoothers after coming from wringer or extractor, $3 \frac{1}{4} d$. extra per 10 dozen is payable for all sizes.
If handkerchiefs are embroidered on raw edge cloth, $3 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. less per 10 dozen is payable.
(4) Machine Dry Smoothing-Feeders only

Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs One run through machine d.

(5) Machine Damp Smoothing-Feeders only

Work damped before given to smoothers
Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs
One run through machine
All classes of handkerchiefs
Sizes up to $13^{\prime \prime}$
Over $13^{\prime \prime}$ up to $17 \frac{11^{\prime \prime}}{}{ }^{\circ}$.
$55 \frac{3}{8}$
" $17 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ " $21^{\prime \prime} \cdots \cdots \quad \cdots \quad 73^{3}$
" $21^{2 \prime 2} \quad$ ", $23^{\prime \prime} \quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad 83 \frac{1}{4}$
" 23 " $\quad . \quad$.. $\quad . \quad$.. $\quad 92 \frac{1}{2}$
If two runs through machine, second run to be paid at Machine Dry Smoothing rate.
C.-General Warehouse Work
(1) Hooking

Mulls
Cottons and Linens Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs

| Splitting and Hooking only-Up to $16 \frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{}$.. .. |  |  | d. | d. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 231 | 27 |
| Over $16 \frac{1}{2}^{\prime \prime}$ up to $20^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  | 26 | $30 \frac{5}{8}$ |
| , 20" |  |  | 32 ${ }^{\frac{3}{8}}$ | 341 |
| Nicking and Tearing Off- |  |  |  |  |
| Up to $16 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}}$ |  |  | $27 \frac{7}{5}$ | 341 |
| Over $16 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}_{\prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ up to $20^{\prime \prime}$. |  |  | $32 \frac{3}{8}$ | $39 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| " 20 " |  | $\cdots$ | $35 \frac{7}{8}$ | 45 |

（2）Cutting and tearing Prints：and Woven Cords into Single Handkerchiefs

Ordinary Cotton Roller Prints and Cords，
Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs
Ladies＇Sizes（i．e．，up to $17 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Cloth Size）
Ordinary Cotton Roller Prints and Cords，

If cloth cannot be torn lengthways，and each handkerchief has to be cut out singly， $26 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ ．extra per 100 dozen handkerchiefs is payable．

Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs
Roller Printed Mulls，Block Prints and Printed d．
Linens，Ladies＇Sizes（cut singly）
Roller Printed Mulls，Block Prints and Printed Linens，Men＇s Sizes（cut singly） $97 \frac{1}{2}$
The above rātes are payable exclusive of the operation of Paring．
（3）Creasing Handkerchiefs
Creasing handkerchiefs with iron after being smoothed－ $64 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{~d}$ ．per 100 dozen handkerchiefs．
（4）Boxfolding
Ordinary Plain and Printed Cottons，Printed Mercerised and Bordered Cottons and Mulls，dry or Damp Smoothed；Plain and Printed Linens and Washed Cottons；Initials and Embroidered Handkerchiefs．
Ladies＇Sizes Men＇s Sizes
（up to $17 \frac{1}{2 \prime \prime}$
cloth size）
（over $17 \frac{1}{1^{\prime \prime}}$
cloth size）

Quarter fold，that is handkerchiefs folded
in four $. . \quad . . \quad . \quad . \quad 83 \frac{1}{8} \quad 104 \frac{3}{8}$
Small and oblong folds to mark，oblong
folds in 3 operations，i．e．， 3 folds $\quad . \quad 124 \frac{3}{5} \quad \therefore 145 \frac{5}{8}$
Square fold， $11^{\prime \prime} \times 11^{\prime \prime}$ ，etc．，in 2 opera－
tions，i．e．， 2 folds，when creased by
smoother $\because \quad . . \quad . . \quad . \quad 156 \frac{3}{4}: . \quad 179 \frac{5}{8}$
Oblong folds in more than 3 operations
or square fold in more than 2 operations $\quad 132 \frac{3}{8} \quad 156 \frac{3}{8}$
Men＇s handkerchiefs，folds smaller than $5 \frac{3}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 5 \frac{3}{4}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ．
－$\quad 171 \frac{5}{8}$
Extras：－Ladies＇Sizes Men＇s Sizes
When handkerchiefs for square fold are not creased by smoother the following extras are payable $\quad . . \quad 16 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}=$ ． $20 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{~d}$ ．
Hemmed Bordered Handkerchiefs：－

Large oblong folds， $13^{\prime \prime} \times 5 \frac{1}{2}$＂，etc．．．． $151 \frac{3}{8}$ ．． $169 \frac{1}{2}$ Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs

Small folds， $7 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 3 \frac{1^{\prime \prime}}{}{ }^{\prime \prime} 8^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}$ ，etc．．． $169 \frac{1}{2} \quad .186 \frac{7}{8}$
（5）．Bundle Folding in dozens or two dozens
Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs
Where the worker is required to examine each handker－ chief separately over a dark surface before placing． it in bundle．．
$28 \frac{3}{8} d$ ．
（6）Making－up．and Tying
Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs
Bundle fold in 5 or 10 dozens，tied with two tapes or cords
$14 \frac{1}{8} d$ ．
(7) Bundle Folding in dozens or two dozens and Making-up and Tying in 5 or 10 dozens tied with two tapes or cords

Per 100 dozen
Handkerchiefs
Where the handkerchiefs are placed directly into bundle without an intermediate process of examination over a dark surface, and the operations of folding, making-up and tying are done by the same worker . 30d.
(8) Pressing

|  |  |  | Per 100 dozen <br> Handkerchiefs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| d. |  |  |  |

(9) Making-up

Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs
Dozens $\frac{1}{2}$ Dozens $\frac{1}{4}$ Dozens
Plain or Printed Cottons or Linens, Initials, Embroidery and lace, etc. .. .. $32 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. $38 \frac{1}{5} \mathrm{~d}$. $42 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{~d}$.
Extras:-
Clipping loose threads on Fancy Hand-
kerchiefs .. .. .. 10d. per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs
Putting in Tissues (Fancy Handkerchiefs) .. ... .. 10d. per 100 Tissues
Clipping Corners on Washed Shire Hemstitched Handkerchiefs:One Corner .. .. .. 10d. per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs Four Corners .. .. $39 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$.
(10) Tying with Ribbon or Tinsiel

Per 100 Packets or Tyings
One Band, knotted d.
.. .. ..
One Band, with bow .. .. .. 21 .
Two Bands, both knotted .. .. .. $31 \frac{3}{4}$
Two Bands, one knotted, one with bow .. 34
Two Bands, with two bows .. .. $38 \frac{1}{8}$
Cross tied with one bow .. ... $\quad 31 \frac{3}{4}$
Cross tied with one bow, sizes over $7^{\prime \prime} \times 7^{\prime \prime}$
square fold .. .. .. .. . 34
(11) Banding with Paper Bands

One Band ... .. .. 143 d . per 100 packets or bandings
Two Bands .. .. .. 27d. " " "
(12) Pinning Handkerchiefs on Cards

(13) Ticketing

One Ticket or Label attached
Per 100 dozen Hañ dkerchiefs Dozens $\frac{1}{2}$ Dozens $\frac{1}{4}$ Dozens

> Two Tickets or Labels attached Three Tickets or Labels attached

| d. | d. | $\cdots$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4 \frac{1}{4}$ | $8 \frac{5}{8}$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| $8 \frac{5}{8}$ | 17 | 17 |  |
| $13 \frac{17}{8}$ | $24 \frac{1}{8}$ |  | $30 \frac{3}{4}$ |

(14) Boxing, Parcelling and Labelling (including Ticketing with one Ticket)


For Initial Handkerchiefs, $3 \frac{3}{4}$ d. extra per 100 dozen is payable.
Ladies'Sizes Men's Sizes
Per 100 dozen Handkerchiefs d.
d.

Square fold, papered in 10 dozens (no boxes)

18
$20 \frac{3}{8}$
Square fold, papered in 5 dozens (no boxes)
$20 \frac{5}{8}$ $22 \frac{3}{8}$
Bundle fold, papered in 10 or 12 dozens (no boxes)
$11 \frac{1}{4}$
$13 \frac{7}{8}$
Bundle fold, put in Shells, not papered 912 $9 \frac{1}{2}$
Paragraph 22.
Fancy Linens
A.-Vice Folding and Machine Stitching

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

A.-Vice Folding and Machine Stitching (continued)

| Finished Size or Description | Vice Folding Thread Drawn Work |  | Punch <br> Hem <br> Stitch ing | Punch Spoke | Shire Spoke | Plain Scalloping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ing | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stitch- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Mach | Hand |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{stitc\mid} \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | hes per <br> h | Round | Square |
|  | Per dozen Articles |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | d. | d. |  | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. |
| $9 \times 14^{\prime \prime}$ | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | $6 \frac{3}{4}$ | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $14 \frac{3}{4}$ | 16i ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| $12 \times 16^{\prime \prime}$ | 5 | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ | 9 | $13 \frac{1}{2}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ | $16 \frac{1}{2}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $14 \times 18^{\prime \prime}$ | 5 | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $14 \frac{3}{4}$ | 20 | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $22 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $14 \times 20^{\prime \prime}$ | $6 \frac{1}{2}$ | $9{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $11 \frac{1}{4}$ | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $22 \frac{1}{4}$ | $20^{4}$ | 24 |
| $16 \times 24^{\prime \prime}$ | $6 \frac{1}{2}$ | $9 \frac{3}{4}$ | $11 \frac{3}{4}$ | $20 \frac{1}{4}$ | $23 \frac{1}{4}$ | $22 \frac{1}{4}$ | 29 |
| $18 \times 27^{\prime \prime}$ | 7 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $13 \frac{1}{2}$ | 22.4 | $24 \frac{3}{4}$ | 24 | 32 |
| $20 \times 30^{\prime \prime}$ | 7 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $14 \frac{3}{4}$ | 234 | $28 \frac{1}{4}$ | 27 | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $22 \times 32^{\prime \prime}$ | 7 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $15 \frac{1}{2}$ | $24 \frac{4}{4}$ | $30 \frac{5}{3}$ | 29 | $38{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $24 \times 34^{\prime \prime}$ | $7 \frac{3}{4}$ | $11 \frac{3}{4}$ | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $28 \frac{1}{4}$ | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ | 33 | $40 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $25 \times 40^{\prime \prime}$ | $9 \frac{3}{4}$ | $14 \frac{3}{4}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ | $29 \frac{3}{4}$ | $36 \frac{1}{2}$ | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ | $44 \frac{2}{4}$ |
| $27 \times 45^{\prime \prime}$ | $10 \frac{1}{4}$ | 151 | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ | $33 \frac{3}{4}$ | $40 \frac{1}{2}$ | $40 \frac{1}{2}$ | $52 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $27 \times 54^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1.7 \frac{1}{4}$ | 234 | $38 \frac{3}{4}$ | $46 \frac{1}{4}$. | $44 \frac{1}{4}$ | $57 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $27 \times 60^{\prime \prime}$ | $12 \frac{1}{4}$ | $18 \frac{1}{2}$ | 27 | $42 \frac{1}{2}$ | 51. | 48 | 62 |
| $9 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | $6 \frac{1}{2}$ | 93 | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ | $24 \frac{3}{4}$ | 24 | 32 |
| $10 \times 42^{\prime \prime}$ $12 \times 45^{\prime \prime}$ | 7 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $15 \frac{1}{2}$ | $24 \frac{3}{4}$ | $30 \frac{3}{4}$ | 29 | $38 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $14 \times 54^{\prime \prime}$ | ${ }^{7}$ | $114 \frac{3}{4}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ | 281 3 | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ | 331 | 414. |
| $14 \times 60^{\prime \prime}$ | 101. | $15 \frac{1}{2}$ | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ | 333 | $41{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | $40 \frac{1}{2}$ | $52 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $15 \times 68^{\prime \prime}$ | $11{ }^{1}$ | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $23 \frac{1}{4}$ | 383 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $46 \frac{1}{4}$ | $44 \frac{1}{4}$ | $57 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $16 \times 72^{\prime \prime}$ | 117 | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | 27 | $42 \frac{1}{2}$ | 51 | 48 | 62 |
| $16 \times 90^{\prime \prime}$ | $14 \frac{1}{4}$ | $21{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $30 \frac{3}{4}$ | $51^{2}$ | 62 | 24 | 77 |
| $18 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | $7 \frac{3}{4}$ | $11 \frac{3}{4}$ | $1.5 \frac{1}{2}$ | $24 \frac{3}{4}$ | $30 \frac{3}{4}$ | 29 | $38{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $18 \times 45^{\prime \prime}$ | 93 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $14 \frac{3}{4}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ | $29 \frac{3}{4}$ | $36 \frac{1}{2}$ | $33 \frac{3}{4}$ | $44 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $17 \times 50^{\prime \prime}$ | $9{ }^{93}$ | $14 \frac{3}{4}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ | . 32 | 38. | $35 \frac{3}{4}$ | 48 |
| $18 \times 54^{\prime \prime}$ | 101 | $15 \frac{1}{2}$ | 20 | 33 | $40 \frac{1}{2}$ | $40 \frac{1}{2}$ | 52.4 |
| $18 \times 63^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 . \frac{1}{2}$ | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $23 \frac{1}{4}$ | $38 \frac{3}{4}$ | $45 \frac{1}{4}$ | $44 \frac{1}{4}$ | 62 |
| $18 \times 72^{\prime \prime}$ | 123. | $18 \frac{1}{2}$ | 27 | $42 \frac{1}{2}$ | 51 | 48 | $63 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| N.D. Cases | $6 \frac{1}{2}$. | 93 | .113 | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $21 . \frac{1}{2}$ | 151 ${ }^{1}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Pyjama Cases | $6 \frac{1}{2}$. | $9{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $11 \frac{3}{7}$ | 223 | $24 \frac{3}{4}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ | $23 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Cosy Covers . | $3 \frac{3}{4}$ | $5 \frac{3}{4}$ | $5 \frac{3}{4}$ | $9 \frac{3}{4}$ | $11 \frac{3}{4}$. | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | - |
| Pram Covers with Flap .. | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | 174 | 27 | 42 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 51 | 48 | 62 |
| Canopy Covers, $35 \times 50^{\prime \prime}$ | 1112 | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $24 \frac{3}{4}$ | $38 \frac{3}{4}$ | 51 | 47i. | $59 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| Sheets, 72" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $8{ }^{1}$ | $1.2 \frac{1}{2}$ | J13 | $18 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2014 | 4. | $30 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| " 80 " | $8 \pm$ | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | $11 \frac{3}{4}$ | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ | 24 | - | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 90" | $9 \frac{3}{4}$ | $14 \frac{3}{4}$ | $13 \frac{1}{2}$ | $23 \frac{1}{4}$ | $30 \frac{3}{4}$ | - | $38 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| " 100 " | 104 | $15 \frac{1}{2}$ | $15 \frac{1}{2}$ | $24 \frac{3}{4}$ | $36 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | $46 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| " 108" | $12 \frac{3}{4}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ | 151 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 284 | $41 \frac{1}{4}$ | - | $53 \frac{3}{4}$ |

A.-Vice Folding and Machine Stitching (continued).


In the case of workers operating the Singer Highspeed Spoking Machine, No. 119W2, the general minimum piece tates for Shire Spoke Stitching of Fancy Linens are the appropriate piece rates set out above less 15 per cent.
When Punch Spoke and Shire Spoke Stitching are sewn at over 12 stitches per inch, 10 per cent. extra is payable.
For Vice-Folding French Corners, $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. extra for 4 Corners per dozen articles is payable.

## Bias or French Corners

Making of Bias or French Corners where articles have been vice-folded previous to the process of cornering, but corners have not been shaped by the vicefolder.

Per dozen Articles
d.

Hems up to $1^{\prime \prime}$.. .. .. .. ... .. $7^{\frac{1}{2}}$
Hems over $1^{\prime \prime}$ but under 2" .. .. .. .. $9 \frac{3}{4}$
Hems 2" and over .. . . . . .. .. 11弪
In cases where Bias or French corners are made in any manner other than that specified, the piece rates paid must be such as will yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, at least the same amount of money as the piece work basis time rate applicable.

Extras payable in addition to the rates set out in this sub-paragraph for inside rows and fancy designs of̣ Punch or Shire Spoke Stitching
(i) Inside Rows
(a) Turned and through inside rows to be calculated at the piece rates specified in the table set out in this sub-paragraph according to the measurements of spoking.
(b) Broken or stopped inside rows to be calculated in the same manner as turned and through rows, but, in addition, $5 \frac{1}{2} d$. per 10 dozen articles is payable for each point in spoking where threads have to be clipped on both sides.
In the case of all inside. rows where the spoking is sewn on four sides the relevant size in the table shall be onie quarter of the total measurement of spoking on inside row.
Where rows of spoke on each side are even in length but are sewn on only one, two or three sides, a proportionate rate (i.e., $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ (as the case may be) of the rate fixed for the relevant size in the table) is payable.
Where rows of spoke on sides of article yary in length and are sewn only on one, two or three sides, measurements should not be averaged, but each side should be taken separately for the purpose of ascertaining the proportionate rate payable.
A proportionate rate is payable only when each straight run of spoking measures not less than six inches, and when the definitions (a), (b) and (c) below are applicable either singly or in combination.
(ii) Fancy Designs

Fancy Designs of Spoking to be calculated at the rate of $10 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 yards of spoking. In addition, $10 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. per 10 dozen articles is payable for each point in spoking, where threads have to be clipped on both sides or at edge of article, and 7 d . per 10 dozen articles for each stop and turn where design is not broken.
Where a fancy design is attached to an inside row by a "stop and turn" join, the fancy design "Extra" becomes payable at this point, i.e., the stop and turn "Extra" of 7 d . per 10 dozen articles, but no "Extra" is payable at this point for what would otherwise have been paid as a break in spoking.

## DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of the application of the "Extras" the following definitions apply:-
(a) Turned Row:

A row of spoking is "turned" when at any point it is continued at right angles without a break and each straight run of spoking measures not less than 6 inches and is sewn parallel to the hem.
(b) Through Row:

A row of spoking is "through" when it is commenced at outside edge of article and sewn through to outside edge on opposite side.
(c) Broken or Stopped Row:

A row of spoking inside article is "broken". or "stopped" where the continuity of the row is incomplete round the article, the spoking being discontinued at one or more points, provided that there shall not be more than eight points where threads have to be clipped on both sides of article.
(d) Fancy Designs:

Any design of spoking inside article which is not provided for in (i) above is a "Fancy Design" and is payable as such.

## B.-Making-up

(1) Plain Sewing Pillow Cases, plain

|  | Per-dozen Articles |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single Seams | Single Seams. | Double Seams |
| (side and | (side) and double | (side and |
| bottom) | seam (botiom) | bottom) |
| d. | d. | d. |
| $13 \frac{1}{2}$ | 151 | 1714 |
| $\cdots \quad 17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $19 \frac{1}{4}$ | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| .. 194 | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ | 23 ${ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ |

The above general minimum piece rates do not include folding, attaching buttons or making button-holes. Prices are for 12 stitches; over 12 stitches, $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$, extra per dozen articles.

Folding flaps, $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. per dozen extra.

Pillow Cases, $18 \times 28^{\prime \prime}$

| illow Cases, | $18 \times 28^{\prime \prime}$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | 33 | $23 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $20 \times 30^{\prime \prime}$ | . |  |  | 34는 | 26 |
| " \# | $22 \times 32^{\prime \prime}$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | $35 \frac{3}{4}$ | $28 \frac{1}{4}$ |

In making up Frilled Pillow Cases, if frills have to be gathered by Stitcher, $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. extra per dozen articles is payable.

Per dozen Articles Plain
d.

Bolster Cases, $20 \times 54^{\prime \prime} \quad . \quad \therefore \quad . . \quad . \quad 27$
$20 \times 60^{\prime \prime}$
29

For Vice-Folding Pillow and Bolster Cases, $2 \frac{1}{2} d$. extra per dozen articles is payable. Prices are for 12 stitches; over 12 stitches, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. extra per dozen articles. Per dozen Articles
With Flaps . Attached Backs d.
$\begin{array}{cccccc}\text { N.D. Cases, } 13 \times 17^{\prime \prime} & . & \cdots & 12 \frac{1}{2} & 12 \frac{1}{2} \\ \# & \because & 14 \times 18^{\prime \prime} & \because & \cdots & 15 \frac{1}{2} . \\ 15 \times 19^{\prime \prime} & & 15 \frac{1}{2}\end{array}$
$\# \quad \ddot{\#} 15 \times 19^{\prime \prime} \quad \cdots \quad \cdots \quad 15 \frac{1}{2} \quad: 15 \frac{1}{2}$
When N.". Cases are made with Gussets, 9d. extra per dozen articles is payable.


Per dozen Articles $20 \times 40^{\prime \prime} \quad 22 \frac{1}{2} \times 36^{\prime \prime} .25 \times 36^{\prime \prime} 27 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$
Bag tops without Vents, stitched one side and one end .. .. $11 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. $11 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d} . \quad 11 \frac{3}{4} d . \quad 11 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$.
Bolster without Vents, stitched one side only, $20 \times 80^{\prime \prime} .11 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. per dozen articles.

Per dozen Articles Plain Sewing Button Stitching d.

Extra for Vents-4 Vents
9 $7 \frac{1}{8}$
Extra for Vents-8 Vents .. .. 18 141
Per dozen Sheets
$72^{\prime \prime} 80^{\prime \prime} 90^{\prime \prime} 100^{\prime \prime} 108^{\prime \prime}$
Sheets hemmed with $1^{\prime \prime}$ to $2^{\prime \prime}$ hem, one end d. d. d. d. d. $\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { only } & . . & . . & . . & . . & 9 \frac{3}{4} & 11 \frac{3}{4} & 11 \frac{3}{4} & 13 \frac{1}{2} & 14 \frac{3}{4}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Sheets hemmed with } 1^{\prime \prime} \text { to } 2^{\prime \prime} \text { hem, two ends } 19 \frac{1}{4} & 23 \frac{1}{4} & 23 \frac{1}{4} & 27 & 29\end{array}$
(2) Spoking

Hem spoked and back and flap attached in one operation
(a) Punch Spoking

|  |  | Per dozen | icles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pillow Cases | Stitches | French or Bias | Through |
| Finished Size | per inch | Corners | Corners |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} 17 \times 27^{\prime \prime} \\ \text { to } \end{array}\right\}$ | 8 to $9 \frac{1}{2}$ | 29 | 32 |
| $18 \times 28^{\prime \prime}$ | 10 to 12 | 32 | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 19 \times 29^{\prime \prime} \\ \text { to } \end{gathered}$ | 8 to $9 \frac{1}{2}$ | 32 | $34 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $20 \times 30^{\prime \prime}$ ) | 10 to 12 | 341 | $36 \frac{1}{2}$ |

The above general minimum piece rates do not include vice-folding or plain sewing for which operations the following general minimum piece rates are payable:-

Pillow Cases
Finished Size

$$
18 \times 28^{\prime \prime}
$$

$20 \times 30^{\prime \prime}$.. ... .. .. 9 4i
Cushion Covers
Finished Size $20 \times 20^{\prime \prime}$.. .. .. .. 9 . 41
(b) Shire Spoking

Pillow Cases
Finished Size
$20 \times 30^{\prime \prime}$
Cushion Covers
$20 \times 30^{\prime \prime}$
Cushion Covers
Finished Size $20 \times 20^{\prime \prime}$

Per dozen Articles
Plain Sewing Spoking
d.
s. d.
.. .. .. 44
$310 \frac{1}{4}$
(3) Hand Hemming of Damask

Napkins


Extras::-
When hems are not folded the following extras are payable:-
Per dozen
s. d.

Napkins
$13 \frac{1}{2}$
Tablecloths... .. .. .. .. . .. $110 \frac{1}{2}$
C--Hand SmOothing
(1.). Hand Smoothing Cloths, Mats, Spreads, etc.

| Plain or Embroidered Goods |  | Plain Goods |  |  | Embroidered Goods |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dry | Damp | We | Dry | Dan | Wet |
|  |  | Smooth | Smooth | Smoo | moo | , | Woot |
|  |  | ing | ing | ing | ing | ing | ing |
| Size or Description |  | Per dozen Articles |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | s. d: | s. d. | s. d. |  |  | S. d. |
| $6 \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0.2 | 0 41 | 0 63 | - | 0...414 | 09 |
| $7 \times 7^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 2\end{array}$ | 0 4i | 0 6 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |  | 0 4i | 09 |
| $8 \times 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 | . 0 4 ${ }^{4}$ | 0 6 $6^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |  | $0.4 \frac{4}{4}$ | 09 |
| $9 \times 9$ " |  | 0 | 0.44 | 066 | $\div$ | $0: 4 \frac{4}{4}$ | 09 |
| $10 \times 10^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 02 | $0 \cdot 4 \frac{1}{4}$ | 0 6 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $\cdots$ | 0 4, | 09 |
| $12 \times 12^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 02 | 0 4, | $09 \frac{3}{4}$ | - | $0 \cdot 4 \frac{1}{4}$ | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $14 \times 14^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 23. | 0.5 | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | O. $5 \frac{3}{4}$ | $0111^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $15 \times 15^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 23 | 05 | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | 0 53 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $16 \times 16^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 44 | 0 53 | $011 \frac{3}{4}$ | - | $0.6 \frac{3}{4}$ | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $18 \times 18^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 05 | 0 63 | $12{ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ | - | 09 | 15 51 |
| $20 \times 20^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 05. | $0 \quad 6 \frac{3}{4}$ | $16 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | 09 | 1 9 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ |
| $22 \times 22^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 O $6 \frac{3}{4}$ | 09 | 178. | - | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | $111 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $24 \times 24^{\prime \prime}$ | " . . . . ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 0 6 ${ }^{3}$ | 09 | 1 91 |  | $0 \cdot 10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $20 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $27 \times 27^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $0{ }^{0} 7 \frac{1}{2}$ | 0 93 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $20^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |  | $011{ }^{\frac{2}{4}}$ | $25 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $30 \times 30$ " |  | 0. 9 | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2 53 | - | $1{ }^{1 \frac{1}{2}}$ | $32^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $32 \times 32^{\prime \prime}$. |  | 0 93 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | $210 \frac{1}{4}$ | - | 1. $2^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $36 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $36 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | ' | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1{ }^{1} 1$ | $36 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | $7: 5$ | $43^{2}$ |
| $40 \times 40^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $011 \frac{3}{4}$ | $12^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 43 | - | I. $6 \frac{1}{2}$ | $53 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $45 \times 45^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $1{ }^{1} 1{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $15 \frac{1}{4}$ | 5 31 |  | $19 \frac{1}{2}$ | $7 \quad 0 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $54 \times 54^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $13{ }^{1}$ | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ | $64 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | $20{ }^{3}$ | $9{ }^{63}$ |
| $63 \times 63^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $171 \frac{1}{4}$ | $111 \frac{1}{4}$ | $10 \quad 7 \frac{1}{4}$ | - | $2.5 \frac{3}{4}$ | $1410 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $72 \times 72^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $111 \frac{1}{4}$ | $24 \frac{1}{4}$ | $1510 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | $210 \frac{1}{4}$ | $21 \quad 2 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $7 \times 9^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 02 | 0 4i | 0. $6 \frac{3}{4}$ |  | 044 | 09 |
| $9 \times 14^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 02 | 0 4i | 09. |  | 0 4i | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $10 \times 14^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 02 | 0 41 | 09 | - | 0 (4) ${ }^{\frac{4}{4}}$ | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $12 \times 16^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 41 | $05 \frac{3}{4}$ | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | $0 \cdot 5$ | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $14 \times 18^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 4 4 | 0 53 | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | $0{ }^{6} \frac{3}{4}$ | $1{ }^{1} 0 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $14 \times 20^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 4 4 | 0 63 | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | - | $07 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1 51 |
| $16 \times 24^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 05 | 0 7 ${ }^{1}$ | $16 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\because$ | $09 \frac{3}{4}$ | $19 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $18 \times 27^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 63 | 09 | 178 |  | 098 | $110 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $20 \times 30^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $06^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | 0 93, | $111 \frac{1}{4}$ |  | $010 \frac{1}{2}$. |  |
| $22 \times 32^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $07^{1}$ | 0 933. | 2414 |  | 0 1114. |  |
| $24 \times 34^{\prime \prime}$. |  | 071 | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | $26^{\frac{3}{3}}$ | - | $0.111^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $211 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| $25 \times 40^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 93 | $011 \frac{3}{4}$ | $32^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | - | $11^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | $38 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| $27 \times 45^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1{ }^{1} 1$ | 3 4 $4 \frac{3}{4}$ | - | 1: 5 5 | 43 |
| $27 \times 54^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0113 | $1{ }^{1} 2^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $310 \frac{1}{4}$ |  | 1. $7 \frac{1}{4}$ | $411{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $27 \times 60^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $1{ }^{1} \frac{1}{2}$ | $15 \frac{1}{4}$ |  |  | 7. $9 \frac{1}{2}$ | $53 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $9 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ $10 \times 42^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 63 | 09 |  | - | $0 \cdots 9 \frac{3}{4}$ | $110{ }_{4}$ |
| $10 \times 42^{\prime \prime}$ $12 \times 45^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 0 6 6 | $0 \quad 93$ | 198 |  | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |
| $12 \times 45^{\prime \prime}$ $14 \times 54^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 7 \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0\end{array}$ | $010 \frac{1}{2}$. | $20{ }^{2}$ | -: | $0111^{\frac{2}{4}}$ | 2.8 |
| $14 \times 54^{\prime \prime \prime}$ |  | 0 9 93 | $011 \frac{3}{\frac{3}{4}}$ | $28 \frac{3}{1}$ |  | 1. $1{ }^{1}$ | $32^{\frac{3}{4}}$ |
| $14 \times 60^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $010 \frac{1}{2}$ | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2114 | - | $1{ }^{2} \frac{3}{4}$ | $377 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| $15 \times 68^{\prime \prime}$ | ' | $10 \frac{1}{3}$ | $72 \frac{3}{4}$ | 3 5 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | -: | 15 | $43^{2}$ |


(2) Hand Smóothing Made-up Articles



For Wet Smoothing N.D. Cases and Pyjama Cases with Gussets, $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. extra per dozen articles is payable.

Prices for Damp Smoothing include Damping by Worker.
(3) Hand Wet Smoothing Unmade Articles Embroidered on Raw Edge Cloth

|  |  | Per dozen Articles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | s. d. |
| Pillow Cases, $33 \times 40^{\prime \prime}$, one side embroidered |  | $3{ }^{2 \frac{3}{4}}$ |
| " both sides | embroidered | $310 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Cushion Covers, $20 \times 40^{\prime \prime}$, one si | de embroidered | $26^{\frac{3}{3}}$ |
| ", | ides embroidered | 3 23 |
| Cushion Tops, $20 \times 23^{\prime \prime}$ | .. . . | $15 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| N.D. Cases, $19 \times 45^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 25 |
| B. \& C. Bags, $9 \times 40^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 1 912 |
| Cosy Covers, $12 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | . | $19 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| " $24 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | .. $\quad$. | $2{ }^{2}$ |
| American Pillow Tops, $20 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | .. .. | 23 |
| " $20 \times 40^{\prime \prime}$ | .. .. | 25 |
| " Cases, $40 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | $\cdots \quad . \cdot$ | 3 41 |
| American Bolster Tops, $20 \times 80^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $310 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| " Cases, $40 \times 80^{\prime \prime}$ | . | 69 |
| S. L. Bags, $33 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ " $36 \times 4$ | . | $210 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| 俗 $36 \times 40^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $3{ }^{3} 4$ |
| Pram Covers. $20 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 25 |
| Pram Pillow Cases, $18 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$, on | side embroidered | $20 \frac{3}{7}$ |
|  | sides embroidered | 25 |

For the purposes of paragraph 22 the general minimum piece rates for intermediate sizes apply as follows:-

The rate payable for an article which is intermediate in size in relation to similar articles for which general minimum piece rates are fixed as shown in the relevant tables is the general minimum piece rate for that article which is the nearer in size to the actual size of the article for which no general minimum piece rate has been fixed. In the case of an article the size of which is exactly half-way between the sizes of any two such articles of consecutive sizes the rate payable is half the aggregate general minimum piece rates payable as shown in the relevant tables for those two sizes.

## Overtime for all Male and Female Workers

Paragraph 23.
Overtime rates are payable as follows:-
(A) Workers employed on Tme Work:-
(1) For all time worked in any week in excess of 42 hours-One-and-a-half times the general minimum time rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Time-and-a-Half except in so far as a higher rate is payable under the provisions of sub-paragraph (3).
(2) For overtime on any day other than Sunday or a customary holiday-One-and-a-half times the general minimum time rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Time-and-A-Half.
(3) For all time worked on Sunday or a customary holiday-Twice the general minimum time rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Double Time.
(B) Workers employed on Piece Work:-
(I) For all time worked in any week in excess of 42 hours-The rates as set out in sub-paragraph (2) below, except in so far as a higher rate is payable under the provisions of sub-paragraph (3) below.
(2) Each worker employed on piece work must receive, in respect of each hour of overtime worked on any day, other than Sunday or a customary holiday, in addition to piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, at least the same amount of money as the piece work basis time rate applicable, AN AMOUNT EQUAL to one-quarter of. the appropriate Piece Work Basis Time Rate.
(3) Each worker employed on piece work must receive, in respect of each hour of overtime worked on Sunday or a customary holiday, in addition to piece rates each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, at least the same amount of money as the piece work basis time rate applicable, an AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE APPROPRIATE Piece Work Basis Time Rate.

In the case of female workers employed on operations for which general minimum piece rates have been fixed piece rates calculated to yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, not less than the piece work basis time rate applicable will be held to include all such general minimum piece rates.
Paragraph 24.
Overtime rates are payable where on any day (not being a Sunday or a customary holiday), the number of hours worked exceeds 8 , or, in the case of Saturday exceeds 3, notwithstanding that the number of hours worked in the week does not exceed 42.

Provided that where an employer requires attendance on five days a week only, overtime rates are payable where on any day the number of hours worked exceeds $8 \frac{1}{2}$.
Provided also that h'here an employer requires attendance on four-and-a-half days $a$ week only, overtime rates are payable where on any day the number of hours worked exceeds 9.

Paragraph 25.
The provisions of paragraphs 23 and 24 are without prejudice to the payment of overtime rates after a lesser number of hours of work than therein mentioned where such lesser number of hours constitutes the number customarily worked in the establishment.
Paragraph 26.
The expression "customary holiday" means-
Christmas Day (or, if Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, such other week-day as may be appointed by national proclamation or, if none is so appointed,
the next following Tuesday), Boxing Day, Easter Monday, Easter Tuesday, and two other days (being days of the week on which the worker normally works) in the course of a calendar year to be allowed at a time agreed between the employer and his workers (or a majority thereof) or their representative and notified to the workers not less than two calendar months before the date proposed for the customary holiday. In default of such agreement the customary holiday will be allowed at a time fixed by the Wages Council on application in writing thereto by any of the parties concerned, such application to be made not less than one calendar month before the date proposed for the customary holiday.

## DEFINITIONS

## Female Learner

Paragraph 27.
For the purpose of the application of the statutory minimum remuneration set out in paragraph 11, the following definition applies:-
A Female Learner is a worker who:-
(a) is employed during the whole or a substantial part of her time in learning any branch or process of the trade connected with Swiss Embroidery Machines, Machine Smoothing or General Warehouse Work by an employer who provides the learner with reasonable facilities for such learning; and
(b) has received a Certificate, or has been registered in accordance with the rules from time to time laid down by the Wages Council, or has made application for such Certificate or Registration which has been duly acknowledged and is still under consideration.

Provided that the certification or registration of a learner will become invalid if at any time during learnership the provisions set out in this Schedule relating thereto are not complied with.
Provided also that an employer may employ a female learner on her first employment without a Certificate or Registration for a probation period not exceeding four weeks, but, in the event of such learner being continued thereafter at her employment, the probation period will be included in her period of learnership.
Provided further that, notwithstanding compliance with the conditions contained in this paragraph, a person will not be deemed to be a learner if she works in a room used for dwelling purposes and is not in the employment of her parent or guardian.

Paragraph 28.
The statutory minimum remuneration set out under the respective Areas A and B applies as follows:-
Area A-To workers employed in the County of the City of Belfast and in districts situated within a radius of 25 statute miles therefrom.
Area B-To workers employed in all areas other than A.

## GENERAL

## Waiting Time

Paragraph 29.
(1) A worker is entitled to payment of statutory minimum remuneration during all the time during which he is present on the premises of his employer unless he is so present either without his employer's consent express or implied, or for some purpose unconnected with his work and other than that of waiting for work to be given to him to perform.
(2) When a piece worker is present as aforesaid and his normal work is not available to him his employer must provide him with alternative employment for which payment will be made at the piece work basis time rate normally
appropriate to him; or, if such alternative employment is not available, the worker will, in respect of all time during which he is so present, be entitled to payment of the general minimum time rate applicable to workers of the class to which he belongs.
(3) Provisions (1) and (2) above do not apply when-
(a) a worker is present on his employer's premises by reason only of the fact that he is resident thereon, or
(b) a worker is present on his employer's premises during normal meal times in a room or place in which no work is being done and is not waiting for work to be given to him to perform.

## Applicability of Statutory Minimum Remuneration

Paragraph 30.
The statutory minimum remuneration aforesaid applies (subject to the provisions of the Wages Councils Act (Northern Ireland) 1945) to workers in relation to whom the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Council (Northern Ireland) operates, that is to say, workers employed in Northern Ireland in the trade specified in the Schedule to the Trade Boards (Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piepe Goods Trade, Northern Ireland) (Constitution, Proceedings and Meetings) Regulations 1924 (a), dated 17 th November, 1924, namely:-
(1) The making of such articles as are specified in (a) and (i) below, from linen or cotton or mixed linen and cotton fabrics (excepting knitted fabrics), or from other textile fabrics when the work is carried on in establishments mainly engaged in the making of such articles from the before-mentioned fabrics, viz: :-
(a) Handkerchiefs (including mufflers or flags when made in association or conjunction with handkerchiefs)
(b) Bed linen, towels, dusters, table napery, bed-spreads, tea-cloths, tablecentres, sideboard-covers, cushion-covers, or similar household articles.
Including all or any of the following operations:-
(i) Hooking, cutting, or tearing the material.
(ii) Vice-folding.
(iii) Machine hemming, hem-stitching, spoking, over-locking, tambouring, button-holing, and other plain or fancy machine stitching.
(iv) All processes of embroidery or decorative needlework done by machine, whether before or after the making of the articles of the description specified above.
(v) The following processes, if done by machine:-Thread-drawing, threadclipping, top-sewing, scalloping, nickelling and paring.
(vi) All processes of laundering, smoothing, folding, ornamenting, boxing, finishing, warehousing, packing and other similar operations incidental to or appertaining to the making of the articles of the description specified above.
(2) The making up in linen warehouses, or in establishments mainly engaged in linen lapping, of linen or mixed linen and cotton or other textile fabrics in the piece, or of linen or mixed linen and cotton or other textile articles cut from the piece, including:-
Measuring, cutting, lapping, ornamenting, boxing, warehousing, packing and similar operations.
Paragraph 31.
The statutory minimum remuneration set out in this Schedule is without prejudice to workers earning higher rates of wages, or to agreements made, or that may be made, between employers and workers for the payment of wages in excess of the statutory minimum remuneration.
(a) S.R. \& O. (N.I.) 1924, No. 86.

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

> (This note is not part of the Order, but is intended to indicate its general purport.)

This Order, which comes into operation on 22nd March, 1966, sets out the statutory minimum remuneration payable in substitution for that fixed by the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Regulation Order (Northern Ireland) 1965 (Order N.I.H.H.G. (177)) as amended by the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Wages Regulation (Amendment) Order (Northern Ireland) 1966 (Order N.I.H.H.G. (180)).

Orders N.I.H.H.G. (177) and N.I.H.H.G. (180) are revoked.
New provisions in the Schedule are printed in italics.
1966. No. 45

## AGRICULTURE

## Grants to the Pigs Marketing Board

Scheme, dated 15th March, 1966, made by the Minister of Agriculture under Section 1 of the Agriculture (Temporary Assistance) Act (Northern Ireland) 1954(a), as amended by the Agriculturb (Temporary Assistance) (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 1957(b).

The Minister of Agriculture with the approval of the Minister of Finance and in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the Agriculture (Temporary Assistance) Acts (Northern Ireland) 1954 and 1957, and of all other powers him thereunto enabling, hereby makes the following Scheme:-

## Short title and commencement

1.-(1) This Scheme may be cited as the Pigs Marketing (Improvement) Scheme (Northern Ireland) 1966.
(2) This Scheme shall come into operation on the 15 th March, 1966.

## Interpretation

2. In this Scheme-
"Ministry" means the Ministry of Agriculture.
"Board" means the Pigs Marketing Board for Northern Ireland.

## Purpose of grants

3. Subject to the provisions of this Scheme the Ministry may make to the Board grants towards expenditure which in the opinion of the Ministry has been reasonably incurred by the Board during the year ending 31st March, 1966, in the carrying out of measures designed to increase efficiency in the production, processing, handling, transporting, storage, presentation and marketing of Northern Treland pigs and pig products and in maintaining the level of prices to farmers producing pigs, having regard to the costs of transporting pigs and pig products.
(a) 1954. c. 31.
(b) 1957. c. 3.
