

Engage new editors by reducing barriers

Matthew Flaschen / [[User:Superm401]]

Pau Giner / @pauginer

Vibha Bamba / @vibhabamba

Jared Zimmerman / @jaredzimmerman

It shouldn't be this hard

- Tailored to one learning style
- Technological barriers
- Inefficient social interaction

How to solve them

- Level the playing field with improved usability
- Build tools that create community

How not to fix this



Guided Tour

- New ways of teaching a wiki
- Showing and doing

Not everyone reads the manual



Editing Th3 art 0f hacking9 - X

https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Th3_art_0f_hacking9&action=submit

"Th3 art 0f h@ckin9" Project aims to give India's most reputed workshop in the field of ethical hacking and Information security. It aims to train participants and produce skilled ethical hacker <ref><http://www.rediff.com/news/report/slideshow-1-india-needs-more-than-4-lakh-hackers/20121005.htm></ref> and equips them with all the tools, techniques and methods needed to fight cyber crimes on the Internet.

The Security Professionals/Ethical Hackers associated with "Th3 art 0f h@ckin9" Project had trained more than 3,00,000+ participants across India. These Workshops are intended to produce cyber army <ref><http://www.rediff.com/news/report/cyber-war-with-pak-why-india-is-the-weaker-side/20120821.htm></ref> for the next generation. The live interactive sessions, practical lab sessions and real life examples will take participants inside the minds of an ethical hacker and teach them how to fight the cyber criminals on the Internet.

==Need for Information Security ==
* Huge Demand of IT Security Professionals – As per NASSCOM, India will require 2,00,000 IT Security Professionals<ref>[http://articles.timesofindia.indiatimes.com/2012-05-14/job-trends/31700173_1_ethical-hacker-malicious-hacker-information-security](http://mobilepaper.timesofindia.com/mobile.aspx?article=yes&pageid=26§id=edid=&edlabel=TOI&mydateHid=26-04-2010&pubname=Times%20of%20India%20-%20Lucknow&edname=&articleId=A02601&publabel=TOI</ref> by 2012 end.
* Recession Proof Industry – Even with the economic meltdown, the IT Security industry <ref><a href=)</ref> is supposed to have 30% compounded annual growth over the next 5 years because of ever increasing cyber crimes and exponential growth of Broadband Internet.

==Key Benefits==
* Learn from the most respected authorities on Computer Security in India.
* Pursue a career for yourself in the field of Information Security & Ethical Hacking

==Certification Policy==
Certificate of Participation from "Th3 art 0f h@ckin9" Authority, approved by National Security Database (An Initiative in support with Government of India)

==Management Board==

You're almost finished!

Click 'Save page' and your changes will be visible.

End tour Okay

by clicking the "Save page" button, you agree to the [Terms of Use](#), and you irrevocably agree to release your contribution under the [CC-BY-SA 3.0 License](#) and the [GFDL](#). You agree that a hyperlink or URL is sufficient attribution under the Creative Commons license.

Save page Show preview Show changes Cancel

View templates on this page
View hidden categories on this page

Privacy policy About Wikipedia Disclaimers Mobile view

a WIKIMEDIA project Powered By MediaWiki

Getting Started

- Give new users something to work on
- Learn by doing



Where to go now?



Berlin

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Coordinate

Help the Funds Dissemination Committee decide how to spend US \$6 million in Wikimedia donations
Comment on 11 (English-language) proposals until October 31

This article is about the capital of Germany. For other uses, see [Berlin \(disambiguation\)](#).

Berlin (/[/berlɪn/; German pronunciation: \[b̥eʁl̩ɪn\] \(listen\)\) is the \[capital city of Germany\]\(#\) and one of the 16 \[states of Germany\]\(#\). With a population of 3.3 million people,^{\[1\]} Berlin is Germany's largest city and is the second most populous city proper and the seventh most populous urban area in the European Union.^{\[4\]} Located in northeastern Germany on the River Spree, it is the center of the Berlin-Brandenburg Metropolitan Region, which has about 4½ million residents from over 180 nations.^{\[5\]\[6\]\[7\]\[8\]} Due to its location in the European Plain, Berlin is influenced by a \[temperate\]\(#\) seasonal climate. Around one third of the city's area is composed of forests, parks, gardens, rivers and lakes.^{\[9\]}](#)

First documented in the 13th century, Berlin was the capital of the [Kingdom of Prussia](#) (1701–1918), the [German Empire](#) (1871–1918), the [Weimar Republic](#) (1919–33) and the [Third Reich](#) (1933–45).^[10] Berlin in the 1920s was the third largest municipality in the world.^[11] After [World War II](#), the city, along with [West Berlin](#), a political [exclave](#) (surrounded by the [Berlin Wall](#)) from 1961 to 1990, was divided into four zones. Following German reunification in 1990, the city was once more designated as the capital of [Germany](#).

Berlin is a world city of culture, politics, media, and science, hosting 147 industries, research facilities, media corporations, and convention venues. It is a major center for [biomedical engineering](#), [biotechnology](#), electronics, traffic engineering, and architecture. Berlin is home to renowned universities, research institutes, orchestras, and cultural productions.^[22] The city is well known for its festivals, diverse architecture,

Help Wikipedia

You can contribute to Wikipedia in different ways



Edit this page

We'll show you how



Find pages that need easy fixes

Fix it

No thanks, maybe later



Clockwise: Charlottenburg Palace, Reichstag building, Berlin C, Nationalgalerie, Potsdamer Platz an



Flag

Contents [hide]

1 Etymology
2 History
2.1 12th to 16th centuries
2.2 17th to 19th centuries
2.3 20th century
3 Geography
3.1 Climate
3.2 Cityscape
3.3 Architecture
3.4 Gallery of Berlin sights and attractions
4 Politics
4.1 Capital city
4.2 City state
4.3 Boroughs
4.4 Twin towns – Sister cities
5 Economy
5.1 Companies
5.3 Creative industries
6 Infrastructure

Article creation

- Start small
- Avoid conflicts
- Show positive impact

"I heard back in about a month. My article had been rejected."

- Roy Tennant,

The Winter of Wikipedia's Discontent



**It's amazing “to find out that something you started
[...] influences more than one thousand people.”**

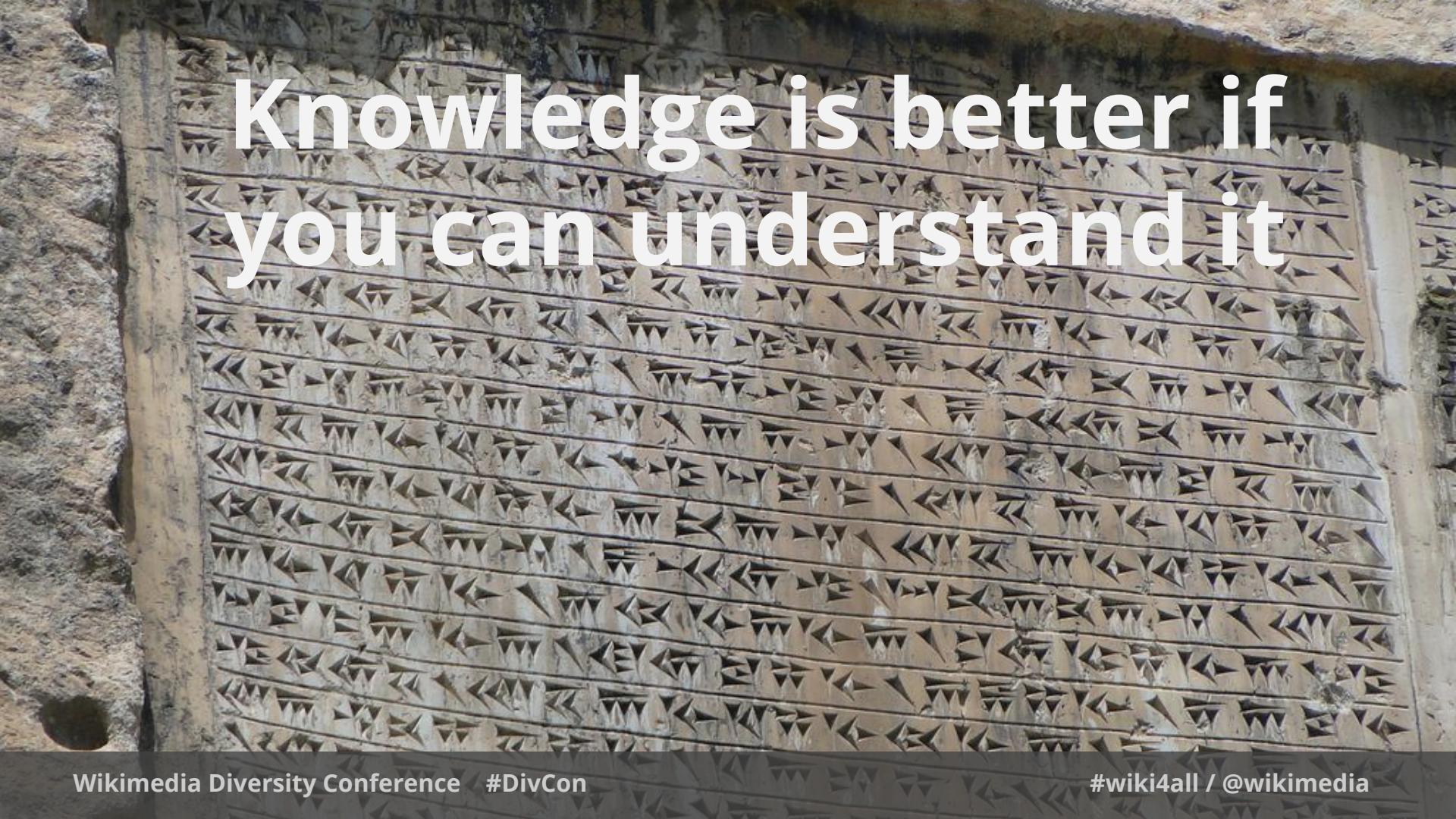
- Ravan Jaafar Altaie

The Impact of Wikipedia

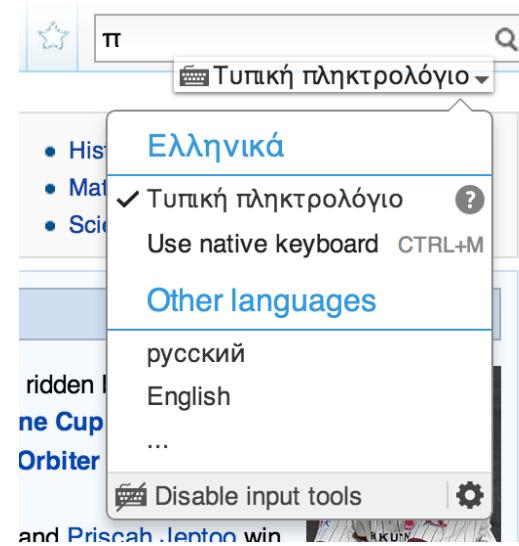
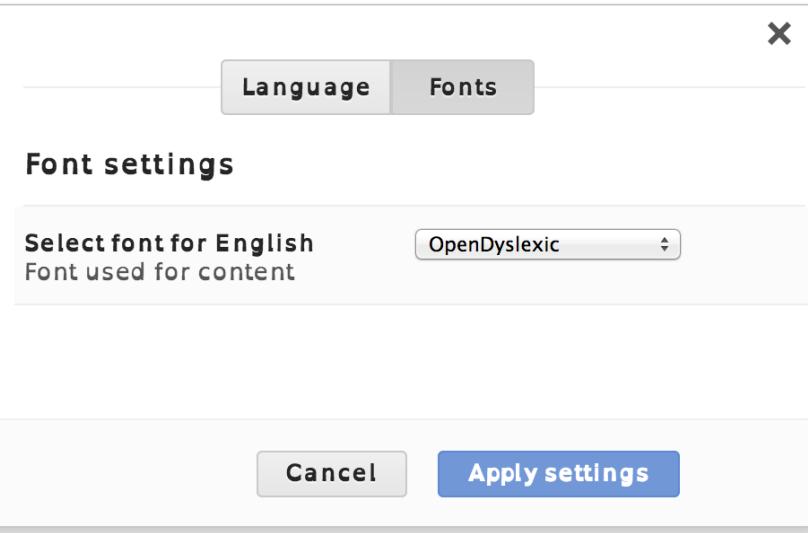


Language support

- Display content regardless of font availability
- Write in all scripts regardless of keyboard support



Knowledge is better if
you can understand it



RTL support

- Guided Tour has full right-to-left support
- Determines whether to flip based on tour code location

Article translation

- Make content available in my language
- Ensure quality of content

Currently, not a fluent process

Your translation contains 100% of unmodified content

X

Automatic translations are provided as templates, but you need to make sure that the final text **reads natural in your language**.

Ludwig Mies van der Rohe

English [view article](#)

Ludwig Mies van der Rohe (born Maria Ludwig Michael Mies; March 27, 1886 – August 19, 1969) was a German-American architect.^[1] He is commonly referred to, and was addressed, as **Mies**, his surname. He served as the last director of Berlin's **Bauhaus**, and then headed the department of architecture, **Illinois Institute of Technology** in Chicago, where he developed the Second Chicago School. Along with **Le Corbusier**, **Alvar Aalto**, and **Frank Lloyd Wright**, he is widely regarded as one of the pioneering masters of **modern architecture**.

Mies, like many of his post-World War I contemporaries, sought to establish a new architectural style that could represent modern times just as **Classical** and **Gothic** did for their own eras. He created an influential twentieth century architectural style, stated with extreme clarity and simplicity. His mature buildings made use of modern materials such as steel, reinforced concrete, and glass to define interior spaces. He strove toward an

Ludwig Mies van der Rohe

Nederlands

Ludwig Mies van der Rohe (geboren Maria Ludwig Michael Mies, 27 maart 1886 - 19 augustus 1969) was een Duits-Amerikaanse architect.^[1] Hij is algemeen bekend, en was gericht, zoals **Mies**, zijn achternaam. Hij diende als de laatste directeur van de Berlijnse **Bauhaus**, en vervolgens gingen de afdeling architectuur, **Illinois Institute of Technology** in Chicago, waar hij de ontwikkelde Tweede Chicago School. Samen met **Le Corbusier**, **Alvar Aalto**, en **Frank Lloyd Wright**, wordt hij algemeen beschouwd als een van de baanbrekende meesters van de moderne architectuur .

Mies, net als veel van zijn post- WO I tijdgenoten, zocht naar een nieuwe architectonische stijl die de moderne tijd net zo zou kunnen vertegenwoordigen vast **klassieke** en **gotische** deden voor hun eigen tijdperken. Hij creëerde een invloedrijke twintigste-eeuwse bouwstijl, verklaarde met extreme helderheid en eenvoud. Zijn volwassen gebouwen waren gemaakt van moderne materialen zoals industriële staal en spiegelglas aan binnenruimten te gebruiken. Hij had een voorkeur voor minimalistische

Automatic translation ▾

Use source text

Clear translation

[Remove current sentence](#)





Keep experimenting with new ideas

New ways to contribute

- Allow users to contribute in meaningful ways
- Tasks for different interests, devices, and expertise levels.

Find easy ways to contribute anytime

At “contributions” you’ll find pages that need simple fixes such as spelling corrections.



WIKIPEDIA
The Free Encyclopedia

Main page
Contents
Featured content
Current events
Random article
Donate to Wikipedia

Interaction
Help
About Wikipedia
Community portal
Recent changes

X

Search

Special page

User contributions

For Ludmilla (talk | block log | uploads | logs | filter log)

New contributions



New article



Fix spelling and grammar

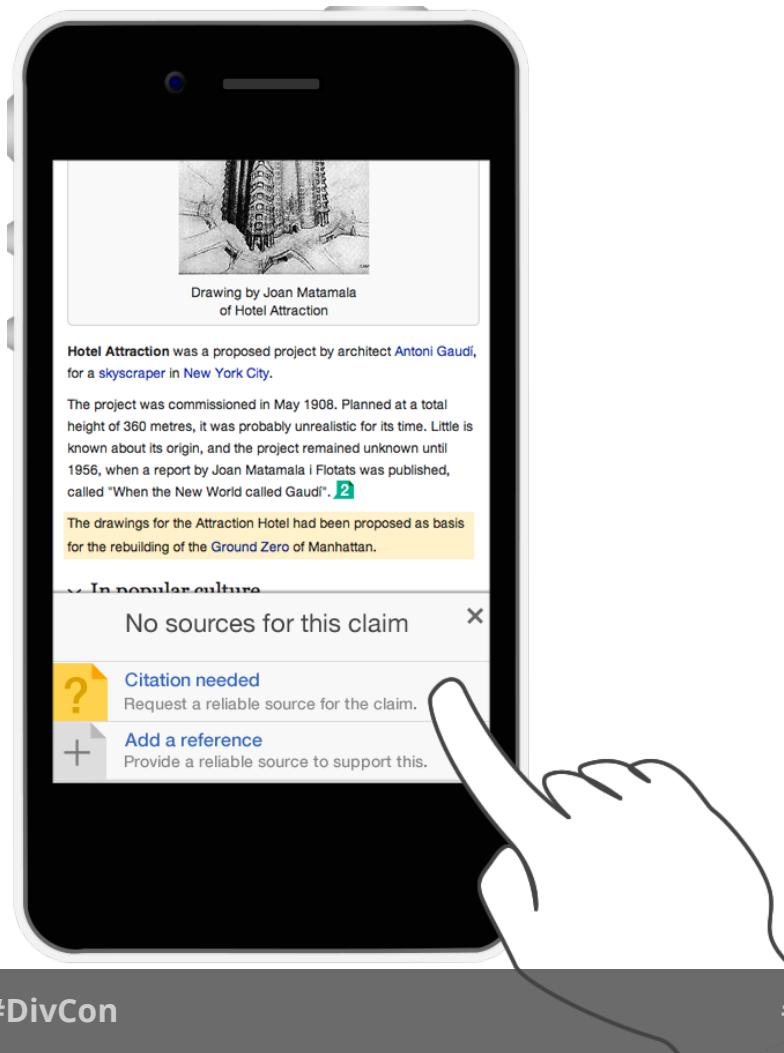


Add links to articles



Translate articles

More



Learn about our users

- Discover the varying needs and motivations of users
- Improve tools for getting relevant usage data

W Astroturfing - Wikipedia, https://en.m.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=W_Astroturfing&oldid=1060000

Search Wikipedia (Beta)

EDITED 2 MIN ago by MGalloway (WMF)

Astroturfing

This article is about the type of advocacy. For the artificial grass, see AstroTurf.

Astroturfing is the practice of masking the sponsors of a message (e.g. political, advertising, or public relations) to give the appearance of it coming from a disinterested,

W Astroturfing - Wikipedia, https://en.m.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=W_Astroturfing&oldid=1060000

Search Wikipedia (Beta)

JUST EDITED by Zimmerman

Astroturfing

This article is about the type of advocacy. For the artificial grass, see AstroTurf.

Astroturfing is the practice of masking the sponsors of a message (e.g. political, advertising, or public relations) to give the appearance of it coming from a disinterested,

W Astroturfing - Wikipedia, https://en.m.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=W_Astroturfing&oldid=1060000

Search Wikipedia (Beta)

243 Unique editors have created this article.

EDITED 2 MIN ago by MGalloway

Astroturfing

This article is about the type of advocacy. For the artificial grass, see AstroTurf.

Astroturfing is the practice of masking the sponsors of a message (e.g. political, advertising, or public relations) to give the appearance of it coming from a disinterested,

W Astroturfing - Wikipedia, https://en.m.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=W_Astroturfing&oldid=1060000

Search Wikipedia (Beta)

Astroturfing was started by an anonymous user on 6th June 2003. This is a brief history of the article.

Mgalloway

→ removed Category:Biomorphic robots;
added Category:Flower robots using HotCat

2 MIN ago

-2 m

? Anonymous User
Created page with "In home automation systems and robotics, a ""flower robot""

-181 m

User profile - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

https://en.m.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=User:Jooojay&oldid=108311333

Jooojay

Jooojay has been contributing to Wikipedia for 146 days and has made 104 edits.
This user is a somewhat experienced editor.

No edits and no uploads in the last 30 days.

A black and white photograph of a multi-story building with multiple storefronts. One sign reads "FIRECLUBS" and another "SWISS CROWN 7 UP". A car is parked in front of the building.

Last upload by Jooojay, 32 days ago.

Last thanked by Jaredzimmerman for an edit to Pioneer Race Course.



You cannot fix what you
are not aware of



WIKIPEDIA
The Free Encyclopedia

Navigation

Main page

Contents

Featured content

Current events

Random article

Donate to Wikipedia

Interaction

Help

About Wikipedia

Community portal

Article Talk

Wardenclyffe Tower

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

For the Allan Holdsworth album, see [Warden](#)

Wardenclyffe Tower (1901–1917) also known as the Wardenclyffe Station, was an early wireless transmission tower designed by Nikola Tesla.

The tower was located in Shoreham, New York and intended for commercial trans-Atlantic wireless telephony, broadcasting, and proof-of-concept demonstrations of wireless power transmission.^{[2][3]} It was never fully operational,^[4] and the tower was demolished in 1917.

The tower was named after James S. Warden, a western lawyer and banker who had purchased land for the endeavor in Shoreham, Long Island, about sixty miles from Manhattan. Here he built a resort community known as Wardenclyffe-On-Sound. Warden believed that with the implementation of Tesla's "world system" a "Radio City" would arise in the area. He offered Tesla 200 acres (81 ha) of land close to a railway line on which to build his wireless

1 anonymous edit

Create account to save your edit count

Log in

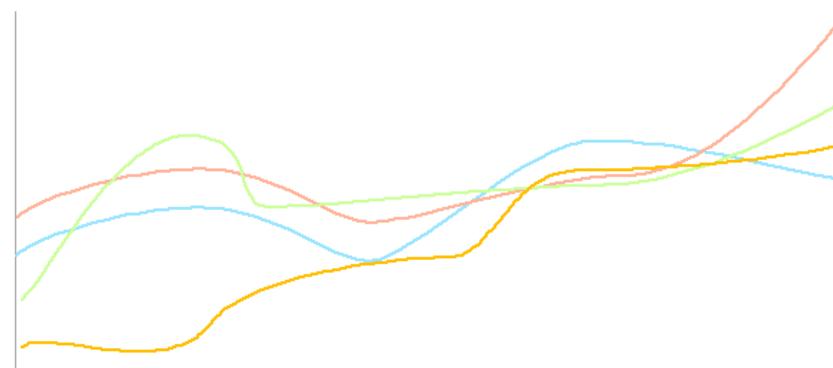
Do you want to keep track of your edits?

Create an account to track your edits and get notified when your edits are found useful, or when they need some improvements.

[Create a new username](#)

[Use an existing account](#)





Add metrics

Mobile All

Mobile Pageviews daily_desktop

Desktop Pageviews daily_mobile 2 used

Mobile Uploads monthly_pmobile_wp_views

#chile #colombia ...

Select highlighted Preview selected

- Canada
- Chad
- Chile
- China
- Colombia
- Comonos

Credits

- [Pink Stereo](#) - schnaars - CC-BY-SA 2.0
- [Books](#) - Andrew Lorien - CC-BY-SA 2.0
- [Yellow Signs](#) - Aidan - CC-BY 2.0
- [Mary Wright Pratt](#) - PD
- [Ravan Jaafar Altaie](#) - Victor Grigas - CC-BY-SA 3.0
- [Cuneiform](#) - Adam Jones - CC-BY-SA 2.0

Credits

- [Notepad](#) - Juan Sanabria - CC-BY 2.0
- [Microscope](#) - dave.dave.dave - CC-BY 2.0
- [Hotel Attraction](#) - Antoni Gaudí - PD
- [Wafer and Magnifying Glass](#) - Don DeBold - CC-BY 2.0
- Wikipedia text - Various - CC-BY-SA 3.0