THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JEROME BAYON,
STATE AND CITY PRINTER.

"THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1835.

The attention of speculators is called to the sale of property and slaves of J. M. Fernandez, which will take place this day, at Hewlett's Exchange.

PHRENOLOGY.

"Very like a whale."

The medical art has shed much lustre on the knowledge of man in all ages; but perhaps there has never been any pursuit or profession since the antediluvian era, in which so much quackery and nonsense have prevailed. Physician craft and priest craft have proceeded *cum pari passu*; and have often presented the anomalies of belief without reason, and reason without belief.

Nostrums have been famous in all ages from the mandrakes of Rachel, the collyrium of Darius, the cholical antidote of Nicostratus, the elixir and alkahest of Paracels s and Van-Helmont, the quicksilver of Doune, tar-water of Berkely, the metallic tractors of Perkins, the *the animal magnetism of others, the rub of some down* to the infernal specific of mercury, and the more genial one of quinine. Scarcely one mineral or vegetable has escaped the venom of fanciful hypothesis, to render man invulnerable or immortal!

Astrology has been invoked to the aid of physic, and has wrought its wonders on the superstitious mind.—Then men had some consolation: for when after the surfeit of their own conduct, they became sick in fortune, they could 'make guilty of their disasters, the sun, moon and stars: as if they were villians by necessary; foolsby heavenly compulsion; knaves, thieves and traitors, by spherical predominance; drunkards, liars and adulterers by an enforced obedience of planetary influence; and all that we are evil in, by a divine thrusting on!'

Talismans, amulets and charms were the necessary concomitants of that science; and superstition reared *aloft its head, like the demon of the, cape in the Lusiad* of Camoens. But physicians were not content to rest or reside in the skies alone; nor to build their air castles only. They penetrated to hall and dragged forth necromancy. Their resort was also made to chiromancy; and man's hand became indicative not only of his heart and head, but of his hap and happiness. Fate and fancy and fortune were clearly developed by palmistry: for

Let Hercules himself do what he may,
The cat will mew, the dog will have his day.

Astrology not enabling its votaries to hear the dogstar bark; or to perch them near their cynosure on the back of *ursa major*, it no longer remained lord of the assendant. The stars were discarded to make room for other paramours of superstitious fancy, possessing more palpable charms.' Even palmistry itself gave place to physiognomy; and instead of beggarly knaves tracing fortune on the lines of the hand, affected *fools distinguished* disposition by the lineaments of the face. But this science being likely to become too common—as all can see—the elite of credulity disdained to rank among the vulgar; and mounted from the face to the skull.

The skull is now the hobby of philosophical numbskulls, whereon they will gallop to their paradise of fools. Man's heart, mind and soul are prominently and palpably detected and denoted by this cranium. Altho

The mind is its own place; and in itself
Can make a hell of heav'n, or heav'n of hell,

it is now fortunately 'cabin'd, crib'd, confin'd' to the cellular membranes of the brain. The will too which formerly knew no bounds; and (like the Titans of old) disdained the confines of earth and sought to scale the heights of heaven, is now chained to the skull, where

The soul's dark cottage, batter'd and decayed
Lets in new light thro chinks which time has made.

And that spirit of immortality which God infused into man's nostrils, when he became a living soul, has lost its immateriality and ubiquity, and is imbedded in the malleable fat of the brain.

Nothing is too foolish and absurd for the phylosophy of physicians. They can reason without belief; and believe without reason. They know little about matter; and care less about mind—except those mental hallucinations and illusions on which they batten and brood.—Show them a stool, and they calculate the distemper; feel them the pulse, and they adjudge the disease; and let them feel our bumps, and they will tell us their feelings and our fancies, their conceits and our character.

* * *

The characters of nature are indeed legible; yet they are not so palpable that they who run can read them.—The connection of mind with matter is not so plain that it can be discovered or divined by all; and certainly phrenology is not calculated to promote that discovery, no more that it is designed to promote the welfare of man here or hereafter. It is the superstructure of futuity; an Ianother branch of the science of fatalism.

Men are wise or foolish, vicious or virtuous, solely as the configuration of their brain and the conformation of their skull compel. They love and hate, hope and fear, joy and grieve, precisely as their bumps protuberate or decline. Fancy and fate are interwoven in the brain, mind and matter strive there for the mastery; and the will is coerced in 'durance vile.' Reason is captive led; and the spirit of man that allies him in deity, is in bubbles burst.

It is perfectly immaterial to know that the brain is developed before the mental faculties are displayed: *post hoc, ergo propter hoc.* It is immaterial to know that character is formed of habits dependent more on the will than the understanding; and that the conduct of man is often the result of position, originating from circumstances, which may not be foreseen nor foretalled. It is immaterial to know that man can choose, and therefore alone err. It is immaterial to know that action is as often the result of persuasion as of conviction; that

Thro all the changing scenes of life
In trouble and in joy,

the habits of an individual may be progressively and radically altered; and that the conduct of youth is not the character of age—without any correspondent change in the configuration of the brain or the conglomeration of the cranium. The system of phrenology must be sustained. Man thinks but according to his bumps; he wills but in consonance to his bumps—the bell should yawn, or heaven invite. His pate is the arbiter of his fate. If he offends against his fellow his bumps compel him; if he transgresses against his God, 'tis a bump that makes him done or undone. His whole moral responsibility is concentrated in his bumps.'

Extract of a letter dated PARIS, *Feb. 4th, 1835.*

Mr W. Gouenard, a native of New Orleans, has obtained at the physical *college of Paris, a triumph which must be* gratifying to the citizens of his birth-place. In the general examination which occurred in December last, amongst all the students of the college, twenty-eight were admitted, after strict examination, to be internal students (etere interne) with salaries, in the various hospitals of that great metropolis. Your countryman was one of the chosen few; and had the good luck to be appointed to the Hôtel-Dieu, the largest hospital in Paris. His name was honorably mentioned by the professors, though that young man is a stranger in France and knows no influential person to patronize him.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Dr Powell lectures tonight to the *gentlemen*, in the Rev. T. Clapp's church, at half past seven o'clock, on the family and organ of *Inattiveness*, or the sexual impulse. The subject is replete with facts and interesting illustrations, and too important in its bearings upon the happiness of society to be neglected by young gentlemen and the *heads* of families; and therefore we venture to hope that it will not be.

CITY COUNCIL.—MONDAY, 13th inst.

The following members of the new council, appeared and took their seats: Messrs McFarlane and Schmidt, Labatut, Grailhe, Pichot, Gaiennie, Berry, Baldwin, and Allard. Mr Caldwell was absent from indisposition.

The following letter from the mayor was received and read:—

APRIL 13, 1835.

Gentlemen—It is usual in our administration that on the day of the relation of every new council, the mayor should submit to it a general statement of the situation of city affairs for the current year, that in entering on their functions the members of that body should form as accurate an estimate as *a possible, of our resources and wants. I regret sincerely* his circumstances independent of my will, have prevented

[illegible] meeting it with my former on the same subject; but I expect it shall accompany my letter on next Saturday.

With this you will receive the returns of the election of the *aldermen on the 6th inst; containing the certificates from the* different districts in the city.

I have the *honor* to be, etc. D. PRIEUR

On motion it was resolved to have a recess for 15 minutes, that the committee on elections might investigate the returns and certificates. That having expired, Mr Baldwin from the committee reported the gentlemen named above as duly elected and sworn.

The recorder then appointed the standing committees as follows:

On Finance, Messrs Baldwin, Grailhe, Schmidt.
Paving " Caldwell, Grailhe, Gaiennie.
Levees " Gaiennie, Berry, McFarlane.
Prisons " Allard, McFarlane, Pichot.
Buildings " Labatut, Caldwell, Schmidt.
Claims " Grailhe, Berry, Gaiennie.
Unfinished " Pichot, Baldwin, Allard.
Pensioners " Pichot, Berry, McFarlane.
Health " McFarlane, Caldwell, Pichot.
Asylums " Berry, Allard, Labatut.
Charities, " Schmidt, Labatut, Baldwin

Mr Schmidt presented a petition from Starky Sparkman. It stated that he was a poor man, earning his livelihood from breaking up small boats, that he had unknowingly violated the city ordinances, in breaking them in forbidden places; and had at one time been fined 20 dollars with costs, another 40 with costs. He was then in jail, and had only 50 dollars in his possession. He begged the fines should be remitted; or any part or part of them. An affidavit taken before Judge Preval accompanied the petition, certifying its truth.

Mr Schmidt presented a resolution to remit the fines, on the payment of costs and commissions.

Mr Allard thought the remission of fines for violating the ordinances of the city, a vicious course; and would tend to encourage the violation. However as it was usual for sovereigns on being crowned to grant a general amnesty, he was willing that on the day of inaugurating the council, the petition should be accorded. But hereafter he will be inflexible on the subject; and never consent to the remission of any fines.

Mr Grailhe is also opposed to remit fines. In the present instance he thought the prisoner could have freed himself by taking the oath before Judge Preval that he had only 50 dollars; and paying said sum into court: the law therefore provides a remedy; and the council should not interfere. But for the reason assigned by the member from the 6th district, he would consent that the fine should on that day be remitted.

The resolution was put and adopted unanimously.

The council then adjourned till Saturday next, at 5 p. m.

The Secretary of the Navy has given notice, that a board for the examination of Midshipmen, whose Warrants have date prior to the 1st January 1830, will be convened at Baltimore on the 2d Monday in May next. Commodore Jacob Jones is President of the Board, to whom Midshipmen are to report at the time and place specified.

The Copper Mines in Hunterdon county, New Jersey, are said to be in successful operation. The process of smelting the ore has been commenced there successfully, and the yield of pure copper is said to be greater than was anticipated.

The United States and the Cherokees.—A treaty was concluded between the United States and a delegation of Cherokees on the 14th of March, at Washington, by which they, in consequence of the additional quantity of land which they are to receive beyond the Mississippi, and also of the sum of *four millions five hundred thousand dollars*, cede all their right and title to all the lands owned, claimed and possessed by them, including the lands reserved by them for a school fund, east of the Mississippi river. The additional quantity of land referred to above is seven millions of acres.

The Treaty is to take effect when ratified by a majority of the Cherokees, and by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the U. S.

The National Intelligencer of the 24th inst says "It is *rumored in this city—and the rumor has reached us* through such a channel as to induce us to attach some credit to it—that our Postmaster General Barry is about to be rewarded for his services in that department, by being appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to the court of Spain, and that Mr Amos Kendall is to succeed Mr Barry as Postmaster General."

The Washington correspondent mentions the above as a premature report, but states that Mr Barry is actively engaged in reforming many abuses of the post office department, which bring effect d, he will resign his office in the course of the summer and retire to Kentucky, and that it is believed Mr Kendall will then receive the appointment of *postmaster general*

FROM COL CROCKETT'S TOUR.

When I went home, there I met a young man that was stone blind. 'Well,' says you, 'that's no new thing.' Stop, if you please: that puts me in mind of an old person and a scolding woman that belonged to his church. She told him in one of her tantrums, that she could preach as well as he could; and he might select the text. 'Well,' said the old man, 'I'll give you one, and you can study over it—It is better to dwell on the house top, than in a wide house with a brawling woman.' 'You good-for-nothing, impudent, old—what about I say? do you go for to call me a brawling woman?' 'O! mistress,' said the good old man, 'you'll have to study a *while longer, for you to come to the application of the text* before you discuss the doctrine.'

Now it was not that I met a blind boy in Tremont house that was any curiosity: but it was his errand. He inquired of the barkeeper for me, as I was standing by him, and said he was sent by the teacher of the blind, to invite me to visit the institution, and that he would show me the way!!

I was told by the gentlemen present, that he could go all over Boston. A gentleman accompanied me, and we went on till we came to a fine house, where the institution was kept. We went in and were introduced to the teacher. He asked me if I wished to hear some of them read. I said I did: and he ordered a little girl, perhaps ten or twelve years old, to get her book, asked her to find a certain chapter in the Old Testament, and read it. She took up her book, and felt with her fingers till she found it. He then told her to read: and she did so, with a clear, distinct voice. This was truly astonishing: but on examining their books, I found that the letters were stamped on the under side of the paper, so as to raise them above the surface of the upper side; and such was the keenness of their touch, that by passing the end of the finger over the word, it served them for sight, and they pronounced the word. There was a little boy learning to cipher in the same way. The teacher put several questions to him aloud: and, putting his fingers together and working them for a short time, he answered all the questions correctly.

That kind of education astonish d me more than any thing I ever saw. There was a great many of them. Some were learning to play on the piano fortes and many of them were busy making pretty little baskets, such as are carried about by ladies.

They asked me if I would like to hear them sing; and telling them it would please me very much, a number of them came up, and some had musical instruments: one had a large thing which I never saw before, nor did I ask the names one had a clarionet, and one had a flute. They played and sung together beautifully; and indeed I never saw happier *people in my life. I remained some time with them, going* over the establishment. This is the house that I mentioned before was given by Col. Perkins to the blind. There is not so grand a house owned by any person in Washington. What a satisfaction it must be to this old gentleman, and *others who have helped these unfortunates, to see them sur*rounded with so many comforts.

ITEMS.

RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS.—From a statistical then before it, the Salem Gazette remarks that the denomination of Catholics in the United States is about 500,000, or about one twenty-eighth part of our population. The Calvinistic Baptists are numbered at 2,743,853, nearly one sixth part of our population, on the supposition that the United States embrace fourteen millions within their borders. The Methodist Episcopal Church is set down at 2,600,000, more than one seventh part of our population. The Presbyterian General Assembly is estimated at 1,800,000, or one eighth of our population. The *Congregational orthodox are reckoned at* 1,260,000, one twelfth part. The Protestant Episcopal is rated at 600,000, and the Universalists number about 500,000, about the same as the Catholics.

NEW YORK.—SMALL NOTES.—A bill has recently passed the New York Legislature, prohibiting the issue and circulation of bank notes under $5. It provides, for the gradual withdrawal of this species of circulation as thus: the *once* on the 1st September next; the *twos* on the 1st March 1836; and the *threes* on the 1st of September 1836.

In one of his late geological lectures at Boston, professor Silliman mentioned that in the neighborhood of New Haven, there is a vein of beautiful green marble, the *verde antique* of the ancients, which extends for several miles, some of which has been quarried at great expense, and used for tables and architectural ornaments. Mr S. considered that at a future day this immense mass of green marble, probably the only one of the kind in the country, would be much prized.

PHENOMENON.—At Elk Grove, in the county of Iowa, Michigan Territory, is a most singular well. It is situated upon a narrow ridge of land somewhat elevated above the surrounding country, at the distance of more than a mile from a branch of Fever River. The first twenty feet of its depth is through clay, in which were occasionally found masses of loose rock, the remaining twenty-four feet and a half through deep strata of grey limestone. The proprietor, Nathan Goodell, Esqr, had *penetrated to the depth of forty*-four feet, without discovering any water, and was upon the point of abandoning his labors upon that spot, when he accidentally broke through the rock with his pick and discovered a brisk running stream of pure water, two feet *and a half in depth and three feet in width.*

A COMPARISON.—In the late London Quarterly, there is an article on the Table-Talk of Coleridge, which preserves many of his occasional sayings and remarks, all indicative of a profound and brilliant mind, such as the world but rarely *sees.* The following relative to the future prospects of America, is a just comparison upon the subject, and places the libelous carricatures of cockney travellers in their proper light.—N. Y. Com. Adv.

BASIL HALL.—*The possible destiny of the United States of* America—as a nation of a hundred millions of freemen—stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific, living under the laws of Alfred, and speaking the language of Shakspeare and Milton—is an august conception. Why should we not wish to see it realized? America would then be England viewed through a solar microscope!—Great Britain in a state of glorious magnification! How deeply to be lamented is the spirit of hostility and sneering which some of the popular books of travels have shown in treating of the Americans! They hate us, no doubt, just as brothers hate; but they respect the opinion of an Englishman concerning themselves ten times as much as that of a native of *any* other country on earth. A very little humoring of their *prejudices, and some courtesy of language on the part of* Englishmen, would work wonders, even as it is, with the public mind of the Americans.

[illegible] and instructive; but in my judgment, his comments upon many points, especially his mode of expression, are unwise and unchartitable. After all, are not most of the blunders up with so much bitterness by him mere national *foibles, parallels to which every people has, and most of ne*cessity have?

An invention of Commodore Thomas Maitland is about to be adopted in the British Navy, which, though extremely *simple, will save the country some thousands annually, be*sides rendering the practice of naval gunnery in the effectual. The invention is a fuser, (a supply of which are now casting at the arsenal at Woolwich) to carry a four ounce ball; the barrel is to be fitted upon the gun horizontally, and to *fire with a lock in the ordinary manner, so as to insure the* seamen the benefit of the sight placed upon the muzzle of the gun. The powder allowed for exercise is very made quate to perfect the seamen in the practice of firing with ball; and trifling as it is, the country input to a heavy expense by it, even in its limited scale. The object, therefore, of Captain Maitland, is to enable the gunner to acquire a knowledge of target practice at the least expense, which is effected by the fitted fuser, or barrel in question; thus the service of powder for an 18 pound carronade once, will allow this cannon to be fired at least twelve times with ball, and all the ends intended by the working of the gun and the precision of the shot effected.

Anecdote on Waltzing.—At a ball lately in Richmond, Va. a belle asked a country rustick, who stood nigh her, in a compact ring of four or five deep, gazing on a pair waltzing, 'pray sir, how do you like the waltz?' "Madam," (said the quaint gentleman,) "I like the hugin part very well; but I don't like the *whirling round.*—When it comes to hugin, I would like to stand still.

The state debt of Pennsylvania is said to amount to twenty millions of dollars.

Business is represented to be very brisk in New York and Philadelphia, and as becoming crowded with strangers, chiefly merchants, who are there for the purpose of buying goods.

It is stated in the Raleigh, N. C. Register that the individual arrested in Orange county as the murderer of Porteus, has been released, after undergoing an examination, for want of proof.

A life of Aaron Burr has just been published in New York, written by Col. Knapp, which is highly commended in the New York papers.

Steamboats Lost.—The Apalachicola Gazette of the 2d inst. states that the steamer *Sangamon, when near Newton*, under a full head of steam, ran upon a rock, and immediately sunk—he had 60 bales of cotton in her hold, which together with the boat will be lost.

We learn from the Georgia Courier of the 1st inst. that the steamboat Augusta was destroyed by fire on the night of the 31st ult. She had no cargo on board.

The Earl of Dundonald, long familiar to the public for his radical politics in England, and for his naval exploits in S. *America, when he bore the title of Lord Cochrane, was called* upon during the last session of the British parliament, to give his opinion before a committee, on the practicability of steam navigation to India, on which occasion he mentioned an extraordinary statement. He said that he had discovered in quicksilver a substitute for steam, and that it possessed superior advantages. It would not, for instance, require a large quantity of fuel, and the ship in which it should be employed, might be navigated with sails, and would not differ in appearance from other vessels. Had this statement been made by one unknown to the public, it would probably have been disbelieved, or attributed to the workings of a disturbed imagination; but the Earl of Dundonald is so well known as a man of extraordinary talents, that there is less occasion to be sceptical about his discovery, especially when we reflect on the wonderful improvements effected by modern science. He added that the vessels would be propelled without paddle wheels; but that not having secured his patent right, he declined giving an explanation of that part of the plan.

After all, it may, like many other things, come to nothing; but also it it be realized, it will probably effect as great a change in navigation, as was wrought by steam; since it could be applied to long voyages as easily as to short ones; a desideratum in steam, owing to the vast quantity of fuel required.—[Balt. Gaz.

(By Authority.)

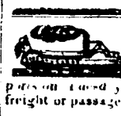
AN ACT

Authorizing the removal of the property of Catherine Nolan Rogers, a minor, from this state.

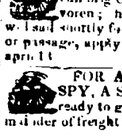
*Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re*presentatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That Edward Sparrow, of the parish of Concordia, tutor of Catherine Nolan Rogers, a minor, be and is hereby authorized, and required to pay, and deliver over to Nolan Stewart of the state of Mississippi, to be by him removed from this state, all the property, money, rights and credits in his possession, and of which he has the administration as tutor, as aforesaid, on conditions that the said Nolan Stewart shall first furnish to the parish judge of the parish of Concordia, satisfactory evidence that he is the legal guardian of said minor in the state of Mississippi, and that he shall have qualified, in said state, ample and satisfactory security for the faithful administration of the property, so delivered over to him, as *aforesaid*, and that this law take effect from the passage thereof.

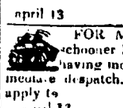
ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

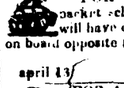
Approved March 19th, 1835.
E. D WHITE,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

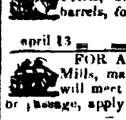

FOR VICKSBURG and intermediate landings—The packet steamer ABEONA, W Shepherd, master, will leave for the above port on Tuesday, 14th instant, at 4 o'clock, p. m. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 13 28 and 29 new levee

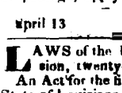
FOR MATAMORAS.—The A 1, fast sailing schooner PENNSYLVANIA, capt D. Dopse, having the greater part of her cargo engaged will sail with despatch. For balance of freight or passage, having superior *accommodations, apply on board opposite* post 26, or to
april 13—4t D MARSTON, 12 Bienville st

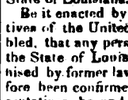

FOR VERA CRUZ—The well known Mexican brig GENERAL SANTANA, capt Vanstavoren; having two thirds of her cargo engaged, will sail shortly for the above port. For balance of freight or passage, apply to
april 11 M S CUCULLU LAPEYRE & Co.


FOR APALACHICOLA.—The packet sch'r SPY, A Smith, master; having most of her cargo ready to go on board, will have despatch. For remainder of freight or passage, apply on board, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 13 28 and 29 New Levee


FOR MOBILE—via the Lake—the packet schooner MONTGOMERY, A Smith, master, having most of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. For remainder of freight or passage, apply to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 13 28 & 29 new levee


FOR MOBILE—via the River—the regular packet schooner BRILLIANT, Brown, master; will have despatch. For freight or passage, apply on board opposite the blue stores, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 13 28 & 29 new levee


FOR APALACHICOLA—the schooner EMPIRE, Brooks, master—wants the bulk of 200 barrels, *for which apply to*
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 13 28 and 29 new levee


FOR APALACHICOLA—the sch'r WHIG, Mills, *master; having part of her cargo engaged*, will meet with despatch. For balance of freight or passage, apply on board, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 13 28 and 29 new levee

LAWS of the United States passed at the second Session, twenty-third Congress.—(Public No. 7.)

An Act for the final adjustment of claims to Lands in the State of Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that any person or persons having claims to lands in the State of Louisiana, whose claims have been recognised by former laws as valid, but which have not heretofore been confirmed to the Grantees or their legal representatives, be and they are hereby authorised to present their claims to the register and receiver of the land office in which the land may lie, within two years from the passage of this act, together with the written and other testimony in support of the same, and it shall be the duty of the register and receiver to record in a book to be kept by *them for that purpose, the notice of every claim so preferred*, together with the evidence in support of the same; and the said register and receiver are hereby further authorised to receive any evidence for and on behalf of other individuals who may resist the confirmation of any such claim either on their own behalf, or that of the United States, and cause to be taken any evidence which shall be deemed necessary and proper by them to have such claim properly and justly settled, and to have the same recorded in said book, for which service, in recording the applicant's title papers and evidence, they shall be entitled to receive from said applicant at the rate of twenty five cents for every hundred words.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, that it shall be the duty of the registers and receivers of the land offices, at or before the beginning of each Session of Congress thereafter, to make to the Secretary of the Treasury a report of claims which may have been presented before them, together with the testimony, accompanied by their opinions of the validity of each claim, and such other information respecting them as may be in their possession, which said report, shall, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be laid before Congress *as soon as practicable, with the opinion of* the Commissioners of the General Land Office, touching the validity of the respective claims.

Approved, February 6, 1835. april 13 - 6t

LARD.—1000 *kegs leaf lard, a prime article*, landing this day from Cincinnati, and for sale by
april 11 FORSYTH, GOODWYN & Co

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Telumah, Hunley, Liverpool, Adams & Andrews
Ship Alabama, Handy, New York, Bogert & Hawthorn
Schr St Louis, Gastinga, Matamoras, E J Forstall & co
Schr Empire, Brooks, Mobile, Tourne & Beckwith

ARRIVED

Steamer Fox, Gough, from St Martinsville—Cargo, 20 bls cotton, Lastrapes & Desmarais; 152 do do, 14 hhds sugar, 2 bls oottonade, 24 hides, *Miramond, O Duhigg & co; 200 hhds* sugar, Lambeth & Thompson; 6 trs molasses, Gray, Durrive & co; 37 hides, 6 coopstowls, owners on board. Passengers, Mrs Bruno, Mrs and Miss Fontinelle, Messrs Thibaut, Gunnee, Judd, Cooper, Doyle, Minnaville, Valery, Delery, Landry, Bernard, Weamer, Bowers, Fagat, Pritchard, Allison, Fisk, Theall, De Blanc, Bellery, Geyneau.

Schr Carolia, Smith, from Mobile, in ballast, to Tourne & Beckwith.

Schr Peru, Johnson, from Mobile, to Tourne & Beckwith, in ballast.

Sloop Van Buren, Hoxie, 14 days from Key West—Cargo, 50 bbls potatoes, to the master.

Sloop Two Friends, from the coast, with 120 hhds sugar, to Ducros & Murphy.

Sloop Jackson, from the coast with 202 hhds sugar, to A Prieur.

Steam ship Connecticut, from Havana—Cargo, coffee, segars, sugar, almonds, wax, fruit, to G Buckini; J Harlandes; *J A Merie & co; M S C Lapeyre & co; Koppenburg, Bleeker* & co; A D Gove; J Vignat; L Hermanos; Mallard & co; and order. Passengers; Messrs C C Perry, S Mills, F F Escarrin, F C Black, J Howard, E P Prieur, J Beckwith, W H Johnson, Mrs Smith and servant, Mesdames Manalgue, Elliott, Messrs S Martinez, J P Veinte, S Ulmen, C Rotter.

Steamer Ouachita, Vawter, from Natchitoches—Cargo, 72 bales cotton, 15 packs deer skins, 107 hides, etc, to Miramond, O Duhigg & co; Robeson, Wood & co; T Barrett & co; M & A D Crossman; Peyroux, Rivarde & co—Passengers, Dr Gaines, lady, son and servant; Mrs Augustin, Capt McGuire, Col Haughton, Lewdenseger and lady, Parker, Acomberg, Chatar, Justamond, Vickory, Barnes, Baldwin, Roberts, La Bach, Brossett, Goodwin, Grenault, Boyer; Samuel, Harris, Hotchkiss, Gift, Roussell, Warnock, Sparks.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
CAMP STREET.

MR FINN'S 6th night.

THIS EVENING, APRIL 14,
Will be performed Meyerbeer's grand romantic opera of
ROBERT LE DIABLE.

Robert, Duke of Normandy, ...Mr Hodges,
——— the Demon Father, ...Reynolds,
Raimbaut.....Thorne,
Alberti,.....Williamson.
Alice, ...Mrs KNIGHT.

The evening entertainment to conclude with the drama of the
MAY QUEEN.

Caleb Pipkin, (a tinker,).....Mr FINN.
Mary Bower, (the May Queen,).....Miss RAE.

Wednesday, Mr FINN'S 7th night.

TAKE NOTICE.

SALVADOR FIGUEROA has established in the first story of his dwelling, corner of New Levee and Julia streets a room appropriated for Cock-fighting, with all necessary appendages.

This diversion will begin to-day, and continue every Thursday, Saturday and Sunday.

The amateurs of such a diversion will please to call at the above mentioned place at 4 P. M.

Price of admission, 25 cents. april 14—3t

WINE &c.—200 pipes Burgundy wine, 100 pipes Grand Larose and old St Julien claret,
25 pipes White Hermitage.
100 do Hochheimer, Geisheimer and Branberger,
200 baskets Champagne, ste and crown brands.
ALSO.
French china, table and bed linen, silk stockings, embroidered cambric, ribbons, gloves, etc. For sale by
CAZEAUX & BIJOTAT,
april 14 36 camp street

EXCHANGE.—Bills on Paris and London, for sale by
P J TRICOU,
april 14 St Louis street

MISLAID, a check for $160 drawn by F Coralgolles on the State Bank, dated April 13. The finder is requested to return it at No. 55, Old Levee street, payment of it having been stopped in bank.
april 14—2t F. PASCAL.

NOTICE.—The owners of taxable properties in the 6th ostrict, included between Dour and Felicity streets and formed by the four suburbs of Annunciation, Laconrse, Saulet, and Delor, are notified that the tables of evaluation of their properties is completed, and will be left at Mr John Brandt's tavern, corner of Religeouse and Grangers streets, during ten days from 8 till 11 o'clock A. M, and from 3 till 6 o'clock P. M, where it can be examined during that time.

SAMUEL KIBOUZ,
P. MOUCHON,
D. ROSENDA.
april 11

FOR SALE,
A LIKELY Creole NEGRESS, aged about 22 years with her son aged about one year. She is a first rate cook, washer and ironer, and general house servant, is a seamstress—she speaks French and English—is of a good disposition and remarkably honest—she is sold for no fault whatever, her present owner having no further use for her—she will be sold on a credit with a full warranty.

If not disposed of at private sale before the 22d instant, she will on that day be offered at auction at Hewlett's exchange, by M Barnett, Sr. auctioneer.

For further particulars, apply to M. Barnett, Sr., 100 Chartres st. april 14 8-

STRAYED ANIMAL.
WAS brought to the subscriber in Tchoupitoulas, No. 545, the following described animal:
One white Horse (supposed Spanish) marked B on the right hind foot, and marked M on the left shoulder 7 years old.
The owner is hereby notified to present himself, pay the fine and expenses of keeping, advertising, &c., and take it away, otherwise it will be sold agreeable to law by
P AUVRAY,
in mayor commissary
april 14—3t

OFFICE OF THE NEW ORLEANS AND CARROLLTON RAIL ROAD COMPANY—In conformity with the provisions of the 4th section of the act entitled "An act to amend the act to incorporate the New Orleans and Carrollton Railroad Company," notice is hereby given that the books of *subscription for the stock* of said company, will be opened the 4th day of May next, at the office of the Atlantic Insurance Company, Canal st, from ten o'clock, a. m. to two, p. m. and remain open every day, Sundays excepted, during the term of 30 days.
By order of the Board,
april 14—30t L. F. GENERES.

SUCCESSORS OF MR A LAFARGUE.
THE undersigned most respectfully inform the public that they intend opening their establishment of eating and coffee house, on Thursday next 16th inst, at the old stand in Orleans street opposite the French theatre, where the best of provisions and liquors will constantly be *kept.*

The undersigned grateful for the confidence they were honored with by the public when superintending the said establishment for account of their predecessor, will endeavor to deserve a continuance of patronage.

They will receive apprentices in the cooking line.
april 14 DUPUY & EDOUGAISE

$50 REWARD.
Runaway, *Sunday last, 12th inst.*, the two negroes called JOSEPH and PETER, $25 will be paid for each, or $50 for both.

Joseph is a negro about 5 feet 4 inches high; has big eyes and looks impudent; he speaks very loud and has a swaggering gait; he has been before arrested several times by the city guard.

Peter is taller than Joseph, is not used to run away, *and is not a bad character*, he must have been enticed away by Joseph; he is 20 years old; a pleasant smiling countenance and very bashful. When he absconded, he had on a jacket and trowsers of domestic goods, and Joseph had on a very remarkable straw hat lined with green stuff.

Captains of vessels and others are requested not to harbour them under the penalty of the law.
april 14—4t A LACOUTURE.

PORK & LARD.—50 barrels mess pork, 200 kegs lard, now landing and for sale by
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
april 13 28 and 29 new levee

CHEESE—47 boxes P A cheese, now landing from ship Orleans and for sale by
april 13 WILLIAM BRYAN, 19 Common st.

SHEATHING PAPER—Five tons of tons of sheathing paper of the best quality. For sale by
april 13 WILLIAM BRYAN, 19 common st

ICE CREAM & SHERBETS.
THE flattering patronage I was honored with, by the ladies particularly, during last summer, has induced me to select a place where, whatever be the state of the atmosphere, ladies and gentlemen may enjoy the ice creams and sherberts so *sweet and salutary* in the heat of summer. My establishment will not have the least appearance of a coffee house; no other beverage will be served but those fit for the most delicate lady; and it is intended as a fashionable place of resort, as those in Paris, so much frequented by the fair.

Besides ice creams and sherbots, we have selected a great variety of all sorts of syrups, such as gasous, gooseberries, orangeades and all cooling fruit juices.

The establishment will be open on Sunday, 12th inst. in Royal street, between St Ann and Orleans sts.
april 11—1m GRENIER, confectioner.

200 KEGS Family Leaf Lard, received by *steamer* Lady Franklin, and for sale by
HENRY, LATAPIE, & Co.
march 31 65 Old Levee.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY JOS. LE CARPENTIER.

BY virtue of an order of the honorable the Parish court in and for the Parish and city of New Orleans dated March 6, 1835, will be sold on Tuesday the 14th of April, 1835, at noon precisely, at Hewlett's Exchange, the hereafter described property, surrendered by J M Fernandez to his creditors:

No. 1. A lot of ground situate in this city, east side of Burgundy, between Ursuline and Hospital streets, measuring 30 feet front on said Burgundy street, by 120 feet in depth, French measure, bounded on one side by the property of the late widow Dupiton, and on the other by that of the late Mr. Duplessis, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

No. 2. A lot of ground situate in faubourg Marigny, in this city, forming the corner northeast of the streets Champs Elysées and Mereau, measuring 90 feet front on the first, by 125 feet in depth, and front on Moreau street, bounded by the property of Zenon Cavelier, and on Moreau street by the property of Mr. John Roe: together with all the improvements thereon.

No. 3. A portion of a lot situate in this city, in faubourg Marigny, in Marigny street, designated by No. 4, on a plan made the 25th of March 1833, by Bourgeois architect, and deposited in the office of Mr. Fode Armas, notary public, according to an act of said year, of the 9th of April; the said portion of ground, having American measure 23 feet 2 inches front on Marigny street, *subject a depth on the side which separates it* from lot No. 3, on said plan and the same depth on the other side, which separates it from lot No. 5, on said plan; and 23 feet 5 inches 6 lines and 2-7ths on the line on the back of said lot which separates it from lot No. 9, on said plan.

No. 4 Another portion of ground, situate in faubourg Marigny, adjoining the precedent lot No. 4, this last portion of ground designated by No. 5 on the plan above mentioned, dated the 25th of March 1833, in lines (American measure) 23 feet 3 inches front on Marigny street, 100 feet in depth on one side, on the line which separates it from lot No. 4, above described; the same depth on the other side which separates it from lot No. 6, on said plan and 23 feet 5 inches 6 lines 2-7ths on the line back, which separates said lot from the lot designated by No. 9, on said plan.

No. 5. Seven lots of ground, situate near faubourg Marigny, and designated by Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11 and 22, in the square No. 87, in the square formed by Union, Liberaux and Sagatelle and measures (french measure) as follows, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, each 30 feet front on Union street, by 120 feet in depth; lot No. 1 forms the *corner of Liberaux & Union; lot No. 11 measures* 30 feet front on Force street, by 150 in depth, and No. 22, 30 feet front on Liberaux street, by 150 in depth, the whole conform to a plan made by L. Bringier, surveyor general, the 11 May 1831, and annexed to an act passed before A. T. Caire notary dated 18 May, 1831

No. 6 A portion of ground situate in faubourg Montreuil near this city, bounded by the streets Morales, Elmire and Urquhart, and forming the square designated by No. 15, on the plan of said faubourg, made the 18th of June 1831, by Mr. Pilie, city surveyor, and deposited in the office of Mr Fode Armas, notary; said square divided in conformity of said plan, in six lots, numbered from 1 to 6 inclusively, together with all the rights, privileges, charges, &c., attached to it.

No. 7.—One half of a lot situate in new faubourg Marigny, making part of the lot designated by no 364, of the square no 40, on the original plan of said faubourg, deposited in the office of Fode Armas, not. public, which the half lot *measures (French measure)* 30 feet front on St. Anthony street, commencing at a distance of 60 feet from the corner of Urquhart street, and running on its front towards Moreau street, by 120 feet in depth, another lot of ground situate in same faubourg, designated by no 4 6 of said square no 48 on the said plan, said lot measures [French measure] 60 feet front on Annette street, between Girod and Urquhart streets, by a depth of 120 feet, bounded on the side at Girod street by no 505, and in its depth by lot 390, together with all the improvements thereon.

No 8—Two lots of ground situate in faubourg Marigny, *designated as nos 1 & 2 of the* square 24, forming the corner of the streets Union