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NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 24, 1859. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE NO. 10,899.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST.

THE DAILY BEE.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 24.

OUR UNGRATEFUL COUNTRY.

We have been singularly interested in a report made in the United States Senate by Mr. SHIELDS, of the Committee on Revolutionary Claims, on the memorial of H. M. SALOMON, for indemnication for advances of money made by his father during the revolutionary war. It is fully and clearly established by this report that HAYM SALOMON, who, by the way, was the grandfather of a highly respectable citizen of New Orleans and a member of the Louisiana Legislature, rendered the most important financial services to our country during the progress of our revolutionary struggle. Mr. SALOMON was a Pole by birth, and a resident of Philadelphia. His ardent and enthusiastic devotion to liberty induced him freely to lend his ample means to the cause of our national independence. As a banker he had acquired considerable wealth, which he dispensed with the utmost liberality in promoting this grand object of his aspirations. So eminent were these services, so timely and momentous was the aid furnished by this noble-hearted patriot, that half the great men of America, including several who subsequently occupied the Presidential station, voluntarily and warmly acknowledged their indebtedness to him. Among those whom he freely aided while they were discharging important trusts, the Committee cite the names of THOMAS JEFFERSON, Secretary of State to Washington, and vice President; JAMES MADISON, twice President; ARTHUR LEE, Ambassador to France; Baron STEUBEN, Inspector-General of the Continental Army; General MIFFLIN, Governor of Pennsylvania; General St. CLAIR, ROBERT MORRIS, and a host of others.

A passage or two from the report will corroborate these statements:

That it appears from documentary evidence submitted by the memorialist, that Haym Salomon, his father, contributed largely of his pecuniary means towards carrying on the war of the revolution, aiding the public treasury by frequent loans of moneys, and advancing liberally of his means to sustain many of the public men engaged in the struggle for independence, at a time when the sinews of war were essential to success. It further appears to be satisfactorily established that the confidence of Mr. Salomon was so great in the good faith of this Government, that he parted with his money, relying on that good faith for its return.

He died shortly after the conclusion of peace, and the inventory of his estate contains a list of treasury and other evidences of indebtedness of the Government of a very large amount, viz:

Loan office certificates	$110,223 63
Treasury certificates	11,333 88
Continental liquidated dollars	199,214 45
Commissioners' certificates	17,870 37
Virginia State certificates	8,166 00
	353,729 43

The report cites numerous facts to prove that Mr. SALOMON was in truth the negotiator of all the war subsidies obtained from France and Holland, which he indorsed and sold in Europe to merchants in America, at a credit of two or three months, on his own personal security, without the loss of a cent to the country, receiving only a quarter per centum commission. Documents are cited to show that at the period of his death Mr. SALOMON was the possessor *bona fide*, at par value, of revolutionary paper to the amount of $353,714, in which he had invested his entire estate, as well as his mercantile earnings, in the patriotic manner already described. Besides this, Mr. SALOMON advanced large sums to members of the Continental Congress, and sustained the Spanish Envoy to America by his liberal purse, because he believed that the hostility of Spain to England might be made available in the advancement of our national independence. His heirs demand no return for these large expenditures. All they ask is the repayment of some $300,000 disbursed in cash by Mr. SALOMON, for the indispensable operations of the army, and the support of the Government.

The Committee report a bill refunding to the memorialist the sum of $393,000. This tardy recognition of the claims of one of the noblest, self-sacrificing patriots that ever lived is a bitter reproach to our Government, and adds another to the too numerous evidences of the truth of the axiom which declares republics ungrateful. We trust, nevertheless, that the bill will pass the Senate without delay, and wou'd fain hope that there yet exists in the House of Representatives a lingering sense of honor and duty sufficient to induce that body to concur in its adoption, so that it may become a law during the present session of Congress.

THE CONCERT LAST NIGHT.

Impresario ULLMAN is the prince of managers. Few men could have displayed the energy and tact sufficient to bring together such a galaxy of vocal and instrumental talent as presented itself last evening before a fashionable and brilliant audience at Odd Fellows' Hall. Although the concert closed at a late hour, we cannot forbear from the pleasure of briefly stating our impressions with regard to the principal artists of the troupe. *Place aux dames.* Mme. LAGRANGE is richly entitled to precedence. She is one of the most faultless singers we have ever heard. Her voice is wonderfully clear, flexible, and sweet, with an intonation of surpassing purity. In vocalization Mme. LAGRANGE is unrivalled. Her voice is so obedient to her will as the chords of the violin to the bow of VIEUXTEMPS, and her execution is consequently not merely fine, but absolutely perfect. In these respects we believe Mme. LAGRANGE to be unequaled.

Mlle POINSOT possesses a fine soprano voice, complete under control, of great compass, and equal in the several registers. Her style is eminently dramatic, and, we should imagine, would prove highly successful on the stage.

CARL FORRES is a grand singer. His true and splendid basso exceeds in power and volume any thing we could have conceived, while his execution evinces the highest artistic skill, and the most perfect musical knowledge.

Signor FLORENZA has a manly baritone, and sings with feeling, power and judgment.

Herr GOTZAVE BAUTER is a charming pianist, with a delicate touch and an expressive style. His mastery of the mechanism of the instrument is thorough and complete.

The orchestra was, of course, excellent, composed, as it was, of some of the best instrumentists in America, and conducted by the renowned ANSCHUTZ.

THE CALIFORNIA EXPERIMENT THIS EVENING.—Every body, young and old, wise and simple, credulous and sceptical, are invited to attend Dr. HALE's second and last representation of the California Experiment this evening at the new Concert Hall, corner Poydras and Carondelet streets. This experiment is an intensely interesting illustration of the wonderful power of Electro-Biology. The subjects, usually numbering ten or twelve, are made to perform an imaginary voyage to California, in the course of which they encounter such accidents as a railroad collision, and a shipwreck. Arriving at the new El Dorado, they proceed to the mines, discover and appropriate gold to an immense amount, return home by the Indian-rubber line, sell their dust to Dr. HALE for checks, and fancy themselves rich as Croesus. The delusion is perfectly maintained from the commencement to the close of the entertainment, while the absolute fidelity of the representation, and its astonishing natural tones, render it one of the most marvelous psychological phenomena ever witnessed. We hope that a brilliant attendance will repay the Doctor for his time and trouble.

THE MCDONOUGH ESTATE.—The sale of that portion of the McDonough estate belonging to the city of New Orleans, and embraced within the limits of the Second District, took place yesterday at the rotunda of the St. Louis Exchange. N. VIGNIE, city auctioneer, conducted the sale, which produced the handsome amount of $189,270. This was considerably above the estimated value of the property, which, in the division between the two cities of New Orleans and Baltimore, had been appraised at $135,000. This proves the prosperous condition of the Second District better than all the reasoning in the world.

The building occupied by the Citizens' Bank was purchased by that institution for the sum of $64,000.

TONI AROMATIC BITTERS.—We invite attention to the communication in our columns setting forth the excellent qualities of Mr. PEYCHAUD's Toni-Aromatic, and American Aromatic Bitters.

BALL BY FOYER MAÇONNIQUE LODGE, NO. 44.—The managers of the grand dress ball to be given to-morrow evening at Odd Fellows' Hall, for the benefit of the widows and orphans of Foyer Maçonnique Lodge, have our thanks for tickets of invitation.

An unfortunate woman in Brooklyn, N. Y., stole four door mats, for the reason, she declared, that she was about to become a mother, and having no home, or money to obtain one, had taken this mode to compel the county to provide her with the necessary accommodations.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Later from the Black Warrior

SOME HOPES OF SAVING BEE.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The steamship Black Warrior, ashore near Rockaway, lies imbedded in the sand fully seven feet this morning.

The water is very low around her now, owing to strong westerly winds.

She lies quiet at high water, and strong hopes are entertained of being able to save her, if the weather continues as favorable as it is this morning.

Lighters are still alongside receiving her freight.

The steamer is fully insured in this city and New Orleans.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, February 23.—The proceedings in the House to-day were not of general interest or importance.

In the Senate, Mr. Hale, of New Hampshire, offered an amendment to the act of last session for the admission of Kansas.

The amendment proposes to repeal the clause in that act which requires Kansas to have a sufficient number of inhabitants to entitle it to one Representative in Congress before it can be admitted as a State into the Union.

The amendment was discussed at great length, and the debate upon it became very general.

There is a prospect of an all-night session.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

BAYOU ROUGE, February 23.—In the House to day a substitute for the Apportionment bill was offered and passed.

In the Senate the Apportionment bill was made the special order of the day for to-morrow.

A Democratic caucus is to be held this evening with a view of settling upon the course the party shall pursue in relation to the Apportionment bill.

ATLANTIC BANK DEFALCATION.

NEW YORK, February 23.—A heavy defalcation has been discovered in the Atlantic Bank of Brooklyn, Long Island.

The defaulter is Mr. Field, the paying teller of the bank, who, it has been ascertained, has appropriated nearly sixty thousand dollars to pocket account, and left for parts unknown.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, February 23.—The sales of Cotton to-day amount to 1000 bales.

The Cotton market closed dull without quotable change in prices.

The Flour market closed firm; the sales today were 8000 barrels at previous quotations.

Lard firm, with moderate sales at 11½ to 12¼c.

Whisky steady at 26½ to 27c.

Sugar closed firm and steady at 7 to 7¾c.

Molasses closed at 38 to 40c.

Spirits of Turpentine steady; small sales to-day at 42c.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, February 23.—The Flour market closed dull at $5 50 to $5 60.

Whisky steady; sales to-day 1100 barrels at 25½c.

Western Mess Pork dull; sales to-day 500 barrels at $18 25.

Lard in tierces closed at 11½c, and in kegs at 12¼c.

The Sugar market is firmer, with few transactions; prime to fancy at 7¾c.

Molasses closed firmer, but there is scarcely any thing doing in the market.

STATE OF THE RIVERS

LOUISVILLE, February 23.—The Ohio river at this point is nearly stationary this evening.

The water is now thirty-two and a half feet deep on the falls.

St. Louis, February 23.—The Mississippi at this point is nearly stationary, with ten feet of water in the channel between here and Cairo.

The Illinois river and upper Mississippi are rising slowly.

The Missouri river is falling.

CINCINNATI, February 23.—The Ohio at this point has fallen three inches during the last twenty-four hours, ending at 7 o'clock this evening.

The highest point reached by the water was six feet and seven inches below the high-water mark of 1847.

ARRIVED AT ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, February 23.—The steamer St. Nicholas has arrived there from New Orleans.

There are no departures to report to-day.

STEAMBOATS PASSING.

VICKSBURG, February 23.—The steamer City of Memphis passed down at 5 o'clock this morning.

VICKSBURG, February 23.—The steamer Fanny Bullitt passed down at 5 o'clock this evening.

THE APPORTIONMENT.

In conformity with the resolution of the House of Representatives of Louisiana, we publish the Report of the Committee of Conference on the part of the House on the disagreements of both Houses in relation to the Apportionment bill:

REPORT.

MR. SPEAKER:—The Committee of Conference, appointed to meet the Committee on this part of the Senate, beg leave to report that they have been unable to agree.

The Committee on the part of the House of Representatives, acting in a proper spirit of conciliation, and in view of the immediate necessity of passing the bill for the apportionment of the State, and duly appreciating their constitutional obligations, were willing to make any concessions short of a violation of that Constitution which we are all solemnly bound to support.

They regret to say that this disposition was not met by any corresponding feeling on the part of the Committee appointed by the Senate, and we, the Committee on the part of this House were willing to make any concession short of an actual violation of the Constitution, and no definite proposition for adjustment was ever made by them.

As a further evidence of this conciliatory disposition, the Committee on the part of the House unanimously submitted the accompanying plan, which was rejected by the Senate Committee, and which is now submitted to the House of Representatives.

H. GRAY, Chairman.

PORT LAFOURCHE, SENATORS.

Parish of Orleans	6
Plaquemines, Smith Bank Orleans	2
St Bernard and Jefferson	3 934
St. Charles and Lafourche	3 492
Terrebonne, Ascension and Assumption	5 665
St James and St. John	1 842
St. Mary	1 541
St. Martin and Vermilion	2 152
Calcasieu, St. Landry and Lafayette	3 241
Rapides	1 350
Point Coupee, Avoyelles and West Feliciana	2 981
East Feliciana, East Baton Rouge and West Baton Rouge	2 499
Sabine, Natchitoches, DeSoto and Caddo	4 241
Winn, Catahoula and Caldwell	2 161
Franklin and Carroll	1 975
Jackson, Texas and Concordia	2 020
Claiborne	1 596
Bossier and Bienville	2 630
Nothitoches and Union	1 647
Jackson and Union	2 372
St. Helena, Washington, Livingston and St. Tammany	2 195
	72

Mr. Hodge renewed the motion to receive and approve the report, and the yeas and nays being called by Messrs. Hodge and Hiron, Messrs. Adams, Allen, Armant, Babin, Bannister, Barry, Baird, Beggs, Broussard, Bush, Claiborne, Cornay, Dickey, Dugas, Eastman, Fox, Fuller, Gastinel, Gray, Hawkins, Haynes, Hodge, Holland, Huard, Hynes, Knox, Laville, Lawrason, Leefe, Lumsden, Martin, Morel, Perrault, Pierce, Phillips, Randall, Roberts, J. A. Smith, J. W. Taylor, J. G. Taylor, Texada, Whittaker, Wilkinson, J. Womack and Woolley voted yea; and Messrs. Andrews, Bush, Carnes, Cooke, Cornay, Ditto, Gilbeau, Hayes, Herring, Keary, Lashbrook, Morse, Roberts, Sale, J. W. Taylor, Thiel, Walsh and Whittaker voted nay. So the resolution was adopted.

Missouri is setting a good example to her sister States in regard to the Mount Vernon Association. On Saturday week, we see by a despatch from Jefferson City in the St. Louis *Republican*, a portrait of Washington was raised in the Senate Chamber in the course of the afternoon. Appropriate speeches were made, and what was still better, two thousand dollars were appropriated unanimously to the Mount Vernon Fund.

THE MABEE TROUPE.—On the recent occasion of the death of "Little Mary," from burning at Macon, Georgia, Mr. Marsh published a card, thanking the citizens for their aid and sympathy in the case of this fatal accident and says her name was Mary Ellen Georieuse—"the daughter of Robert and Georieuse—"the daughter of Robert and Jane C. Georieuse (Marsh) and sister of little George," from which it appears that "Georieuse" is the real name of the family, "Marsh being, as is customary, assumed as the theatrical name.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—*Senate.*—The Consular and Diplomatic bill was taken up, debated and laid aside.

The Cuba question came up as the special order, and Mr. Thompson, of Kentucky, having the floor, proceeded to make a lengthy speech, having an audience of over 2,000 persons. He spoke for some two hours in facetious vein, being interrupted by continued laughter. He was wholly against the acquisition of Cuba. He was astonished to find the Senators from Louisiana in favor of it. The acquisition would draw off trade and commerce to the better climate and port of Havana till New Orleans would become shrivelled up, and be like Lexington, Ky., a finished town.

After Mr. Thompson had proceeded but a short time, he was obliged to sit and deliver his speech, as he was too weak to stand. Lord Napier chanced to be seated near him, and was evidently amused.

The debate was postponed, after Mr. Thompson had concluded, for an Executive session.

Mr. Gwin, on behalf of Mr. Stuart, withdrew the latter's motion to reconsider the Pacific Railroad bill. Adjourned.

House.—Nearly an hour was spent in a call of the House, no quorum being present at the usual time of meeting.

The bill increasing the number of surgeons, assistant surgeons and pursers in the Navy was tabled.

Mr. Stephens, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill providing for the temporary government of Arizona. He asked that it be considered at once. It made no appropriation of money, and was an important measure, and he presumed every one's mind was made up, and hence no further consideration was necessary.

After a long debate, Mr. Kilgour moved to table the whole subject, which was agreed to—yeas 121; nays 56.

Mr. Stephens, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to provide temporary government for Dacotah. He said it also contained an appropriation. The Territory lay outside the limits of Minnesota, and was now without government.

Mr. Morgan moved to table the bill. Carried—yeas, 137; nays 56.

Mr. Stephens also reported a bill providing temporary government for Jefferson Territory, which was likewise laid on the table.

Various bills concerning the organized Territories were reported, including appropriations for completing the capitols in Utah, Nebraska, New Mexico, and for building prisons in the two last and in Kansas, were reported.

Mr. Florence, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, reported back the bill granting a pension of $50 per month to Myra, widow of General Gaines, from June, 1849, and to continue during her natural life. The bill was passed.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the business on the Speaker's table, and took up the Senate's amendments to the House bill, granting public lands to the several States and Territories to provide for colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts.

Mr. Morrill said that the material amendment was that proposing to allow every State having an increase of representation under the census of 1860 twenty thousand acres for every additional representative.

Mr. Cobb moved to lay the whole subject on the table, but the question was decided in the negative—yeas 95, nays 108.

The Senate's amendments were then concurred in. The House also concurred in the amendments of the Senate to the bill for the relief of the widow of Commodore Porter.

The House went into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, and resumed the consideration of the Senate amendments to the Indian Appropriation bill. The amendment transferring the Indian Bureau from the Interior to the War Department was debated and finally rejected. All the Senate amendments were subsequently acted upon, and the House adjourned.

Western Newspaper Enterprise.

The Cincinnati *Times* occasionally publishes a burlesque on telegraphic news which hits right and left, but more particularly one of its city contemporaries, which makes a more liberal use of the telegraph than itself. We copy from its last column the following thrilling intelligence:

[Special Dispatch to the Times.]

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM COLUMBUS.

Columbus, February 5, M.—Governor Chase expects to retire from the Executive chair when his term of office expires. Other public officers will do the same thing if they are not re-elected. This announcement has caused quite a sensation here.

[Special Dispatch by Enterprise Line.]

SUMMARY OF WASHINGTON INTELLIGENCE.

Washington, February 5, 12 M.—The President will sneeze at 12 O'clock, precisely, to-morrow. Attest to the Democratic faith will follow suit, at precisely M., Washington time.

The Washington Monument is not yet completed. The question is, shall it be taken down or allowed to fall down? The decision of the board will be published in the next New York *Ledger*.

Bennett, of the *Herald*, was graciously received by the President last night. During the interview he recited some of his five verses, to the great delight of his Excellency. Bennett is a trump at court.

The Honorable Mr. John Smith was observed walking on Pennsylvania avenue this morning with his wife. This breach of court etiquette caused a great sensation, and the foreign ministers immediately held an indignation meeting. They promptly laid the matter before the President.

His Excellency was advised to respond that Hon. John Smith, not being a Democrat, it was out of his power to keep him from speaking to his wife in public. The only alternative is, to read Mr. Smith out of Washington society. It is astonishing how vulgar some of our Representatives are.

Several speeches will be delivered in Congress next Monday. This is reliable.

Mr. Douglas took his seat in the Senate Chamber to-day at 12. A lady in the gallery, who had never seen him, looked at him through an opera glass.

A fight will occur on next Tuesday on the steps of the Capitol. It will be between two newsboys. They will hit each other six times, and a heartless policeman will arrest them. Kind Congressmen will release them, and give each a penny to stop their crying.

No extra session will be held. Congressmen now get paid by the year.

[Special Dispatch to the Times.]

IMPORTANT FROM CHICAGO.

Chicago, February 5, 12 M.—The population of this city is increasing vastly; one capitalist late arrived yesterday. In ten years it will exceed that of New York, and in twenty years become the mistress of the world. Two families arrived here for the Chicago duck today, and were so well pleased with the city, they concluded to settle here.

"WAS THE ATLANTIC CABLE A HUMBUG?"—Our readers have observed various insinuations and assertions doubting or denying the reality of the messages which were reported in August, 1858, as transmitted through the *Atlantic* cable.

The Boston *Courier*, of the 14th inst., has some able and searching remarks from "Vindex" in reply to these insinuations and imputations, and in proof of the genuineness of the connection and communications reported through the cable.

As a summary of the argument, we quote from the concluding paragraphs of "Vindex:"

On Monday, the *twenty third of August*, 1858, Mr. James Eddy, the General Superintendent of the American Telegraph Company, died at Burlington, in Vermont. The announcement of his death was telegraphed to Newfoundland, and thence over the Atlantic cable to London, where it reached on *the twenty-fourth*—that is, on the next day, after the death occurred at Burlington, and the fact was duly recorded in *the London Times of the twenty fifth!"*

Now, I think even "Observer" will agree with me that here is a case in which there did have been no "collusion." Mr. Eddy was a gentleman and a Christian, as every man who ever knew him will freely acknowledge, and he thought it his duty to be entertained for a moment that he would have conspired with others, and contracted to die on a certain day in order that the fact of his death might be sent to London in advance, and the announcement there palmed off upon the public in the shape of a cable dispatch for the purpose of cheating certain parties to swindle the community. But how else could the announcement of his death at Burlington, in Vermont, have reached London on the day following it, if the Atlantic cable was not then in working order? I should like to have "Observer" answer this inquiry through the columns of the papers, and, in the meantime, to use his own language, I shall wait with "curious impatience" to see that answer.

With Oregon, the federal Union consists of thirty-three States, in eighteen of which slavery is not allowed. The relative positions of the free and slave States may be shown at a glance, as follows:

	States.	Senators.	Representatives.
Free	18	36	174
Slave	15	30	63
	33	66	237

"When lovely woman stoops to Folley."

Mrs. Lee, an aged lady of Columbus, Ohio, has secured the arrest of a mulatto named William Folley, on the ground that he had destroyed her happiness, by marrying her daughter Mary Ann, a very pretty white girl. She declared that the man made oath to the effect that the girl was eighteen years of age, when she was but sixteen. The girl, however, appears to be satisfied with her Folley, and is determined not to abandon her lord.

Here is a case of Music versus Brains. A man in Wisconsin, according to papers of that State, lost a considerable portion of his brain by an accident, and considerable more through the exertions of the surgeons who attended him. His case was deemed entirely hopeless. But he unexpectedly improved, and has nearly recovered. Previous to the accident he had never been known to whistle or sing, or display the least musical talent; but as soon as he was able to speak, he began to sing with correctness, and now displays a taste for music amounting to a passion.

Sir Francis Drake died in England in 1622, or thereabout, and left an immense estate. Worth scores upon scores, which, after pending through several generations, has at last been unable to find one of the family upon whom to bestow itself. The sons and daughters, uncles and aunts, sistags and brothers, cousins and cousing cousins, have all died, and in the whole of Britain not a relative could be found who can accept the colonial fortune. A widow lady of Cincinnati, Mrs. Anna Cooper, formerly Miss Harris, has put forward a claim to the estate, as a lineal descendant of Sir Francis.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT OF LOUISIANA.—Decisions in the following cases were read on Monday in this Court:

6033. J. D. Gaudet, under-tutor, appellant, vs. Widow Ursin Gaudet, appellee. Appeal from the Fourth District Court of Assension. Judgment affirmed.

5981. Stephen Van Wickle, appellee, vs. Sarah Garret and husband, appellants. Appeal from the Ninth District Court of Pointe Coupée. Judgment affirmed.

5991. John H. Knox, appellant, vs. L. P. Pullian, appellee. Appeal from the Ninth District Court of Pointe Coupée. Judgment affirmed.

5997. Francis Lombas, appellee, vs. E. B. Robichaux, sheriff, et al. Appeal from the Fifth District Court of Lafourche. Judgment affirmed.

5998. Drausin Triche, appellant, vs. Valery Vicknair et al., appellees. Appeal from the Fifth District Court of Lafourche. Judgment affirmed.

5653. Succession of John Walker—John Culbertson, receiver, opponent and appellant—Mrs. C. L. Walker, appellee. Appeal from the Second District Court of New Orleans. Former judgment of this Court so amended that the succession of Yates be paid first in rank; then A. B. Mitchell; then appellee.

5559. Martha Ann Loyd, wife, &c., appellee, vs. J. D. Mortee et al.—Wm. Bagley et als., warrantors, appellants. Appeal from the Eighth District Court of St. Tammany. Judgment affirmed.

6024. Rosalie Riche et al., appellants, vs. John F. Ayrand et al. Appeal from the Fourth District Court of Ascension. Judgment affirmed.

5848. Marcus Hunter et al., appellees, vs. J. M. Bell, sheriff.—Bennet, Walton & Co. et al., appellants. Appeal from the Fifth District Court of New Orleans. Judgment amended that injunction issued to be perpetuated; that plaintiffs recover of Bennet, Walton & Co. one dollar as damages, with costs of Court below; those of appeal to be borne by plaintiffs and appellees.

5796 and 5767. Succession of J. A. Beard—C. C. Beard, testamentary executor, appellant; Sarah E. Andrews, appellee; and Sarah E. Andrews, appellee, vs. C. C. Beard, executor of J. A. Beard, appellant. Appeal from the Second District Court of New Orleans. Decreed that the judgment of probate and execution of the due bill of J. A. Beard, deceased, held by Sarah E. Andrews as a last will of said Beard, be reversed; and the petition of said Andrews for probate be dismissed at her cost in both courts. Further decreed that judgment in favor of Sarah E. Andrews against C. C. Beard be reversed, and cause be remanded for a new trial according to law, and cost of appeal in this case be paid by plaintiff and appellee.

6022. Randolf Hessee, appellee, vs. Mayfield & Cage, appellants. Appeal from the Third District Court of Terrebonne. Judgment reversed.

5633. P. Fortunich et als., W. Stagnaro et al., appellees, vs. Joseph Covich et als., appellees, vs. City of New Orleans, appellant. Appeal from the Sixth District Court of New Orleans. Judgment affirmed. The claim in these suits were fruit sellers in the French Market, and had their property destroyed by a mob. Their claim for damages, allowed by Judge Hunt, has thus been held good.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—A draft of two hundred and fifty jurors was ordered to be drawn, to serve during March. The trials of all persons arrested for crimes, committed in March, indicted for murder, were fixed for yesterday, but were continued, the first on account of the absence of the witness for the defence, and the other for the same reason in regard to the prosecution. Subsequently Jean Louis, f. m. c., a witness in a libel case, was brought into Court, not having obeyed the summons, and was ordered to be imprisoned for three days.

RECORDER SCHMEER'S COURT.—Manuel Posada and John Martin were committed for trial on the Criminal Court on a charge of having stolen $200 worth of clothing from Payne & Harrison, on Tuesday last. The charge against Patrick Ebe of passing a counterfeit bank bill was dismissed.

RECORDER WILTZ'S COURT.—J. J. Bryant was examined on a charge of having violated the peace of the State, with intent to kill. The evidence showed a case of assault and battery, for which Bryant was sent to trial before the Criminal Court. John Miaclock was examined on a charge of having committed a violent assault and battery on Hubert Donville, in April of the last year, was to have both placed under bonds to keep the peace. Sam Wilson, alias Jackson, alias Bull Prog, was sent to the Workhouse for six months as a dangerous and suspicious character.

THE FIRE ON SAINGRAND.—Up to noon yesterday, the fire on board the ship Mary and Adelaide had not been extinguished, though the fire engine had been hard at work all the time pumping water into her. The prospect at noon was that the ship would burn down hold of the cargo between decks, that the efforts to save the ship and her freight would not be successful. Two thousand five hundred bales were on board, and all insured in France by the shippers, Lecesne & Co.

Wm. Frazer, a member of Fire Company No. 1, which he reported as having been lost, we are glad to know, was amongst those rescued. The body of C. Hemschemier, also alluded to by us, was found floating ashore day morning. A slave boy belonging to Mrs. Peppers, of St. Thomas street, was also drowned, while at work at the engine. Michael Gale and Hemschemmier were natives of Germany, and respectively aged 22 and 29. The colored boy was 16 years of age, and a native of this city. Inquests were held and verdicts of "accidentally drowned" rendered.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.—In Newton, Jasper county, Iowa, a few days ago, a butcher, named Harvey Copeland, murdered his wife, cut her body in pieces, and then hanged himself. They had been living on bad terms for some time. It is supposed that he at first intended to dispose of the dead body, and destroy the evidence of his guilt, but, finding it impossible, he put an end to his existence. Copeland and his wife came to Iowa from Indiana, and settled in Newton. The terrible work with an ax, cutting the head and limbs off, and then tried to dispose of the body with a razor. There little boy was asleep in the house at the time.

Horace Greeley, in speaking of the extraordinary success of the New York *Ledger*, and the way in which it has been advertised, gives the following advice to business men:

Business in our day has three cardinal elements: 1. The article offered must be well worth the money. 2. It must be adapted to the needs and the tastes of the million; 3. It must be so advertised that the million are made to know that it is in existence. And, 4. It must be sold for cash down and nothing short. Based on these foundations, business may succeed, even in these dull, hard times.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Useful to the Human Race.

To the Editors of the Bee:

With the Bitters prepared by Mr. A. A. PEYCHAUD become thoroughly known, when every one understands the value of his Toni-Aromatic, and his American Aromatic Bitters—the first to be taken pure, and the second diluted—there will be few families willing to do without them. Every mother should be thankful that there is such a good cordial glassfull of the weakest, yet most delicious beverage, which can be rendered more or less powerful to suit the taste. As for ladies, aged persons and children, the Toni-Aromatic Bitters, which are taken pure, will best agree with them. Nevertheless a small quantity of the stronger article may be added to please the taste of those who desire it.

So delightful and precious a compound—one so essential to the preservation of health—might be taken as habitually as food and drink, with the perfect certainty that its use will prolong life and promote health.

A CONSUMER.

We are requested by D. E. Morphy, auctioneer, to announce that all Havana Cigars that the long-wished-for day has come, and that it will afford him great pleasure to meet all his old buyers at Messrs. Gans & Meisle's, corner of Tchoupitoulas and Gravier streets, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., where he will sell that choice lot of Cigars so long advertised.

Messrs. J. A. Beard & Co. will sell THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, at the corner of Camp and Lafayette streets, under Odd Fellows' Hall, the contents of a confectionery store, including a fine assortment of wines, liquors, &c. For full particulars see advertisement.

DR. HOSTETTER'S justly celebrated and never failing STOMACH BITTERS will effectually cure all diseases of the body of a morbid nature. The Doctor, in calling the attention of the public to this valuable specific, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended. It is no quack nostrum, but one that has stood the criticism of the American press and people. The testimony given in its favor by the most eminent and well known professors and private individuals in all parts of the United States is immense, and cannot be gainsaid. The use of the "Bitters" can not but satisfy the skeptical that it is really deserving the celebrity it has obtained wherever sold.

For sale by Druggists and dealers generally everywhere, and by

J. WRIGHT & CO, General Agents.
21 and 151 Chartres st

Dr. G. J. Loed's Quinine Substitute, OR NERVE TONIC,

Will cure Fever and Ague; also, Yellow Charges and Panama Fevers can often be prevented by the use of this invaluable remedy. The recipe is from a very celebrated physician, after thirty-five years' experience in hospitals and private practice in New York city, and has been tested in all sections of the country during the past six years, with the most wonderful success. In the Western and Southwestern country, where fever and ague prevail, it has accomplished much by curing the disease, as well as renovating and recuperating the system, already shattered by the use of quinine, morphine and mercury, or from too free use of the trashy nostrums such as are daily being forced upon the unsuspecting invalid. To all suffering from prostration after disease, I recommend and guarantee this medicine as a perfect tonic. To travelers in unhealthy climates, I would use the words of the well-known Capt. John W. Munson, now of a Liverpool packet ship, and many years in the Southern and South American coasting trade, "I would as soon think of going to sea without a rudder as without the Quinine Substitute"

HAZARD, Proprietor,
191 Maiden Lane, New York.

Sold in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO,
General Agents.
21 and 151 Chartres street.
feb22 24 26

A Word to Captains of Ships.

It is an indisputable fact that the Yellow Fever, which visits us so frequently, first breaks out among the shipping. It would be well to all shipmasters and owners made aware of a method by which they can avoid bringing the fearful plague from diseased ports, and the blight it leaves behind in these suitable fever grounds, and thus prevent the loss of thousands when they arrive at their destination.

We may believe that legislation on this subject would be a highly desirable thing.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO., General Agents.
feb22 24 26 21 and 151 Chartres street.

Flatulence;

Many persons are annoyed, and even distressed, by the occurrence of flatulence, or wind in the stomach and bowels. This arises from impaired digestion, and from some other causes, connected with the alimentary canal. By restoring the necessary tone to the stomach, the VEGETABLE STRENGTHENING BITTERS renders the occurrence of this complaint impossible, and permits the food to go through its natural process of digestion.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street.
feb22 24 26

The Nervous System.

One of the greatest evils poor human nature is subject to, is deterioration of the nervous system. Then a man, through his imprudence, has shattered his nerves and becomes enfeebled, his life becomes a burden, and death is his only hope. Such a case is now at hand in a complete panacea, called

WRIGHT'S REJUVENATING ELIXIR.

In this nervous complaint, the patient is weak of the weak and the debilitated but take care to avoid exciting causes; they are sure of a speedy restoration to health and full enjoyment of life.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street,
feb22 24 26 Sole Proprietors.

Dr. Ham's Aromatic Invigorating Spirit.

Weak and sickly families will find Dr. Ham's invigorating Spirit a valuable remedy for the female difficulties—it being a Regenerator, as well as a Strengthener of the constitution. Such complaints as Nervous Debility, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, &c., are cured by the use of this Spirit. Consignees are hereby requested to attend to the above, and order for use are also this lively given. Price $1 per bottle.

Prepared by Dr. HAMM, 214 Chartres street, New Orleans, and by Dr. Z. Liberty street, New York, where whole sale orders should be addressed.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO,
21 and 151 Chartres street.
feb22 24 26

Alfred Marks, Esq. says:

"My wife has been sorely afflicted with Dyspepsia for the last year. During this time she had never been free from pain, which seemed to aggravate rather than remove the disease, that was almost despaired of her recovery. Living in the country, she was cut off at the advantage of pure air and exercise, yet each day she seemed to be more enfeebled. With some hesitation I recommended her to try Dr. Wright's BITTERS, which, I am happy to state, her completely cured her."

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO., General Agents,
21 and 151 Chartres street.
feb22 24 26

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., are be coming very prevalent among our citizens. We would advise all who may be afflicted with those complaints, to go at once and procure some of McLean's STRENGTHENING CORDIAL. It is just the remedy to cure all diseases of the Liver and Stomach. See advertisement. Price $1 per bottle.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Scrofula, erysipelas, salt rheum, and all skin diseases, indicate impure blood. The ointment rectifies and purifies the blood in these cases, while the Pills remove all internal obstructions.

The Functional Derangements Incident to the female constitution, yield to these powers restored to a healthy tone, by the use of THOMPSON'S Sol. Read "Human Frailty, or Physical Decay." Sold by Druggists, Price $1 per Bottle. To be had of Dr. HARROW, 157 Prince street, New York. Price 25 cents per box, or part of five.

Sold also, in New Orleans, by J. WRIGHT & CO.,
feb12 1m 21 and 151 Chartres street.

☞Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Dunnett Stokes.

B. PRADEL,
66.....ST. CHARLES STREET.....66

MANUFACTURER of Surgical Instruments, Trusses Orthopedic Apparatuses, of Dr. Hunter's patent, Shoulder Braces, Elastic Stockings, Fraziel, a new and improved article—SILVER-PLATED SPITTOONS, Ivs. Webster's Hydraulic Pessaries, Ivs. Webster's Elastic Pessaries, for the cure of RETROVERSION, when curable. These various