The New Orleans Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE.

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NEW ORLEANS: WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1860.

SUBSCRIPTION BY THE WEEK

The carriers of the Bee are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of 25 cents a week, payable in all cases to the carriers themselves.

Another Steam Tide Boat.

By G. Lonsdale, Black & Co., at 10 o'clock, at No. 69 Camp st. side, the yacht, hull, tackle, &c.

A WISE POLICY.

There are good grounds for the belief that no honorable effort will be spared in the Northern States to compass the defeat of the Black-Republican candidates. Discouraging as this split between the third wings of the Democracy may appear, their bitter and irreconcilable feud does not absolutely secure the success of LINCOLN. In the first place their combined strength is exceedingly small—two-eighths of their available force consisting of office-holders. Their votes cannot seriously impair the Democratic strength save in a few doubtful States, such as Pennsylvania, Illinois and Indiana. To this extent they will undoubtedly aid LINCOLN, and in fact many of them have openly declared they would as lief have LINCOLN as DOUGLAS. Primarily their power to harm is less than their malignity, or it would fine hand indeed with the friends of the Constitution, the Union, and Equal Rights in the North. Of course no possible fusion can take place between the seceders of BRECKINRIDGE and those of DOUGLAS in that quarter. They are so far asunder as the poles. They are divided not only by principle, but by feelings of personal and implacable hostility. The friends of BRECKINRIDGE look upon DOUGLAS as a traitor to the Democracy; those o DOUGLAS return the compliment, dressing the supporters of BRECKINRIDGE as Secessionists, Disunionists, renegades from their pledges and their party, and as pleased by their conduct beyond the pale of Democratic association. If, therefore, LINCOLN is to be defeated, this result will not be brought about by any amicable understanding and coalition between the Douglas and Breckinridge wings of the Democracy. Such a combination is in fact impracticable, and would be dishonest, for how can antagonists who abuse each other as rogues and recreant to principle, possibly unite in good faith upon the same electoral ticket?

But there are other elements more nearly approaching homogeneity which may properly come together for the laudable purpose of saving the country from the evils of Black Republican rule. The Bell and Everett men and the Douglas men are not separated by the wide and insurmountable gulf of a radical discrepancy of conviction. Both parties are animated by a profound patriotism, and the desire to preserve and strengthen it. Both are irrevocably opposed to sectionalism, whether it shows itself in the wicked and dangerous fanaticism of Abolition, or in the equally false and pernicious heresy of Disunion. Both avoid extremes, and stick to the Constitution and its mandates. Both have nominated candidates who are entitled to respect and esteem for their patriotism, their independence, and their nationality. Upon certain points of political doctrines there doubtless exists considerable diversity of opinion between Messrs. BELL and DOUGLAS; but these are of minor moment compared with the overwhelming necessity of preventing the election of the Black Republican nominee. Hence the indications that both parties will so direct their votes as most thoroughly to effect this desirable object.

Our readers will find already aware of the policy adopted by the Constitutional Union Convention which assembled at Utica, New York, a few days ago. The New York *Express* says that neither shares nor temptation is likely to drive them from Mr. BELL and EVERETT are their candidates for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency, and their only candidates. While observing that journal, they hope for, and expect Kentucky, Tennessee, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Louisiana, and perhaps Alabama, Missouri and Florida, with Texas, if necessary, they mean so to use their BALANCE OF POWER in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Indiana, Illinois, and elsewhere, as to take away the election of a President from a geographical majority, existing only in one section of the Union—a minority not known in, or recognized by the Constitution—and to transfer that election to a recognized constitutional tribunal, the States in the House of Representatives, or in the States as represented in the United States Senate. They mean in these BALANCE OF POWER States to win as many Bell electoral votes as they can—and they see no difficulty, and feel no embarrassment in co-operating with Union men. Everywhere their course is clear, upright, honorable, straightforward, and they will pursue it without flinching, fear or favor.

There is no obscurity in this manifestation of the views and intentions of the Constitutional Union men. In the South they will adhere to their ticket, because it is in general stronger than that of any other Union aspirant to the Presidency. In the North they will either combine with the Douglas men against LINCOLN, or will run an independent ticket, just as may best advance the main and paramount object—viz: the defeat and overthrow of sectionalism. We think their policy correct and sagacious, and have little or no doubt of its entire approval by the conservative masses everywhere.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

The *Deutsche Zeitung* of this city raises the Douglas flag. Consequently will receive a heavy German vote in New Orleans.

The *Confederate* says there were only about *forty-three* men to the Breckinridge and Lane *supper-party* satisfaction in Atlanta the other night, and that's going to be a big county, too, when it comes to selling U. S. C. Yancey, one of their ablest men, was to address them.

The *Confederate* likes infernal to that at the *grand* Breckinridge ratification meeting in De Kalb county, the only persons present were the President and Secretary, and there being no one to "go through the motions," the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

The Bell and Everett men of Fulton county, Ga., held a rousing ratification meeting at Atlanta Saturday last. It was great in numbers and enthusiastic in spirit. A second set of resolutions was adopted, and addresses delivered by G. B. Haygood, G. W. Johnson, J. S. Slaughter and Geo. W. Adair, all of which were received with much spirit by the audience. The Atlanta *Intelligencer* relates the following incident of the meeting:

A marked and telling feature of the meeting at night was that the applause was principally confined to the *bells*. Small and large bells, church bells, hand bells, stiff and cow bells—bells of all sorts and sizes sounded in all parts of the hall, and wrought the audience into a perfect enthusiasm, which, at times, was almost unbearable.

The Yankees mail failed yesterday, for the first time in many weeks.

HAVANA.—By the arrival of the Habana we have received our files of Havana papers to the 19th inst. They are known as containing little of interest. The Queen was drawn on the 17th inst. The following appointments under the principal points: Mo. 29,[illegible]; No. 8567, $20,000; No. 10,910, $20,000; No. 1567, $20,000; No. 27,226, $19,[illegible].

The steamer Texas Ranger, Captain Radovich, which arrived last evening from Belize, brought up from Quarantine the smith and passengers of the steamship Habana.

Some negroes who have never learned to talk English went up the railroad the other day. They didn't get aboard at Mobile, but somewhere up in the piney woods country. It is not necessary to mention the particular place. There were twenty-five of them, apparently of the same stock, intermixed and shrewd. Their destination is unknown. They may have been hired for the enterprise, to supply a demand which existed in that market some while ago, for full-blooded African slaves, as per advertisement, or sundry gentlemen up there, offering such, at a certain price. They were in charge of one who knows how to buy and sell negroes. So says the Mobile *Mercury*.

We call the attention of the trade to the sale of dry goods, shoes and hats, which will take place this day, at auction rooms of Messrs. Lonsdale, Black & Co., 69 Camp street. Thomas Bennett, auctioneer.

REPRESENTATION OF MERIT FROM AN ENEMY.—The New York *Freeman's Journal*—an organ of the Catholics of New York, and in all records of the Douglas and Johnson Democracy—in an article on "the Presidential Candidates," says: "Of the principles of the Bell party we have seen no pamphlets and enshrined in platforms."

Central Cuba.—We are in receipt of a letter from our friend living on Black Creek, in Central Cuba. Rough times there just now, which we hope to see the last of in a few months. The sugar crop is very promising. We are at present having a sprinkle, which is about equal to any thing we have had since the 4th of July. The crop of the very finest description is a complete and total failure. I am not certain that there will be a hundred of cane made to the acre. Corn is very high, and will be for some time to come, but no one to blame.—*Clinton Patriot*.

VIGILANCE AND ANTI-VIGILANCE COMMITTEES IN VIRGINIA.—Much excitement prevails in the neighborhood of Lynchburg, Virginia, which has been occasioned by rival Committees which have been organized in that county. Vigilance Committees have been ordered to be formed in every district, while a great many meetings have been called by anti-Vigilance Committees, and public notices not heard given that the avowed purpose of the latter is to counteract the unlawful and unjust action of the Vigilance Committees, and to denounce the members of the same. Meetings of both committees are announced to be held on the same day. All in favor of law and order, and opposed to unjust oppression and lawlessness, are earnestly requested to attend."

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Two Days Later from Europe—Arrival of the Steamship Canada—The Bombardment of the Forts—Movements of the Papal Army—England will not Join the Congress—Wm. Vesnie Ordered to Newport—Cotton Steady—Stone of the Markets.

HALIFAX, July 24.—The Royal mail steamship Canada, Capt. Lang, of the British and North American line, from Liverpost via Queenstown, reached this point to-day on her way to Boston. She left the port of Liverpool on Saturday, July 14th, touched at Queenstown Sunday evening, the 15th, and brings two days later intelligence than we were in receipt of at St. Johns, Newfoundland, by the North Briton.

Steamships Arrived Out.—The Hamburg American Packet Company's steamship Hammonia, from Havre, via Cowes, left the former port on the 13th instant. The United States mail steamship Illinois, from New York, arrived at Cowes—all well.

Liverpool Cotton Market—Liverpool, July 13.—The sales of Cotton for the week ending Friday, July 13, amounted to 75,000 bales, of which speculators took 3500 and exporters 17,000.

The Cotton market closed generally steady, with less irregularity in prices.

On Friday the sales amounted to 10,000 bales. The market closed generally steady at the authorized quotations of the Brokers Circular. Middling Orleans 5¾d., Middling Mobile 5¾d., Middling Uplands 5¾d.

The quantity of Cotton now in the port of Liverpool reaches 1,326,000, of which 1,049,000 are of American production.

Latest from Liverpool.

[By Telegraph from Queenstown.

Cotton Market.—Liverpool, July 15, P. M.—The sales of Cotton to-day amounted to 800 bales.

The market closed generally unchanged at yesterday's quotations.

Breadstuffs and Provisions.—Liverpool, July 15, P. M.—The Liverpool Breadstuffs market closed generally unchanged at previous quotations.

The market for Provisions of various descriptions closed dull but quiet.

Latest from London.—London, July 15, P. M.—The supply of money is more liberal, but bills remain taken at 4 per cent. The funds are unchanged.

Consols for money closed at 94¼ to 94¾.

European Political Intelligence.—The European advices to be brought by the steamer affairs of Italy are important and interesting.

Garibaldi's special ambassador to France had arrived at Paris. The Emperor Napoleon had a long interview with him, the result of which was not as yet known.

France has refused to denationalize the vessels participating in the late fight.

Advices received from Palermo state that on the 3d of July Gen. Garibaldi reviewed 9000 volunteers.

The majority of the Neapolitan exiles hitherto residing at Turin are returning to Naples.

The latest telegrams announce that Garibaldi is determined to besiege Messina.

Ferdinand II has, resolved to offer the Sicilians the Constitution of 1812.

The French Chambers of Deputies and the Council of State are at variance on the rep question.

The commanders of the French men-of-war on the coast of Syria have been ordered to confine themselves to the preservation of the French Consulates and Christians who are in need of protection.

A telegram from Rome, dated July 7th, states that Irish volunteers are leaving Rome for Spoleto, where an army of 5,000 men will be concentrated before the Fortress.

Lord John Russell intimates the unwillingness of England to join the Conference at Paris.

The Government says the Island of the town and district of Ashland are perfectly secure against any attack.

The London *Times* regards Ringlake's resolutions in the House of Commons as calculated to weaken the policy of non intervention.

A Neapolitan corvette has deserted and gone over to Garibaldi.

The British Squadron at St. Johns—Arrival of the Prince of Wales.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 24.—Yesterday evening the British Squadron, conveying the Prince of Wales and his numerous suite, arrived at this point.

The squadron is composed of Her Majesty's ship Hero, Capt. Hope; the Ariadne, Capt. Leslie; the Flying Fish, Lieut. Maxse; the Majestic, Capt. E. W. Vansittart.

Great preparations were made here by the citizens to receive the Prince on his arrival.

Later from South America—Arrival at New York—Sale of Cotton—Sailing of Steamers, &c.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The United States mail steamship Ariel, of the Pacific and Atlantic Company's line, reached her dock yesterday from Aspinwall.

The Ariel, besides a large and valuable cargo, brings $679,000 in specie on freight.

Advices from New Granada say several States are opposing bonds to the Government.

The Supreme Court of the Republic of New Granada has annulled the grant to Ambrose Kingsley Lawrence, of the Pacific railroad through the Province of Chiriqui.

Peru is more favorably disposed to a peaceful settlement of the Lobatta claims.

The United States sloop of war St. Mary's, of the Pacific squadron, was at Panama.

The United States steamer of war Saranac had left Panama for San Francisco.

St. Domingo advices of the 6th inst. state that Santa Anna, at the head of an army assuming to be Haytien, was on the frontiers of St. Domingo and Hayti, ready to declare war against the Haytiens, because President Jeffrard had treated with Gen Rios disdainfully.

The California news by the steamship Ariel had been anticipated by the overland mail at Van Buren, Ark.

River Intelligence—Louisville, July 23. The Ohio river at this point is falling, with 4 feet 6 inches water in the canal by the mark.

New York Markets.—New York, July 23.—The Cotton market closed quiet. The sales amounted to 1000 bales at 10¾c for Middling Uplands. The Flour market closed dull, Superfine State selling at $5 05 to $5 10 per barrel, to 50c per bushel. Western and York was sold at $19 38¾ to $19 50 per barrel. Coffee is firm at 15½c per pound for Rio. The Sugar market is firm at 6½c per pound. Porto Rico Molasses is selling at 38c. per gallon.

Cincinnati Markets—Cincinnati, July 23.—The Flour market closed dull; the sales amounted to 1000 barrels at $4 25. The Corn market is dull; prime is selling at 53c per bushel. Oats are steady at 36c per bushel. Whisky is steady, and was sold at 19½c per gallon. Pork is steady; there was sold at $18 per barrel. Lard was sold at 12½c per pound. Bacon is firm at prices ranging from 9 to 9½c. per pound. Molasses is quoted at 44c per gallon.

New Orleans Post-Office Defalcation.—New York, July 24.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says that the books of the Post Office Department show that the Postmaster at New Orleans is a defaulter in the sum of $50,000.

Danish Negotiations.—Washington, July 24.—The Government of Denmark has sent a Commissioner to this city to negotiate with our Government for the Africans recently captured off Cuba, to employ their services as apprentices at St. Croix.

Terrible Accident on Louisville, July 24.—Last Sunday this city was visited with a tornado, accompanied with rain and hail.

The wind blew so heavily as to cause the uprooting of trees, the unloosing of boats from their moorings and the uncoiling of bonnets.

Arrival of the Steamship Jura.—New York, July 24.—The steamship Jura, Captain Woodie, from Liverpool July 19, and Queenstown the 11th, has arrived at this port.

Her news has been fully anticipated by the steamship Canadian, at Halifax, and St Johns, N. F., with later Liverpool dates.

Arrival of the Connaught at Boston.—Boston, July 24.—The steamship Connaught, of the New York and Liverpool line, arrived here has been telegraphed from St. Johns, N. F., reached this port on 12 o'clock last night.

New York Markets.—New York, July 24.—The market for Cotton is quiet; the sales amounted to 800 bales at 10¾c. for Middling Uplands. Flour closed dull; the sales added up 16,250 bbls. Sugar is selling at 6¾ to 6¾c. Coffee is dull; the sales amounted to 2500 bags at $3 95 per bbl. Corn is dull; the turn is in favor of the buyer; the sales amounted up 76,000 bushels, at prices ranging from 60c. to 62c. Pork closed dull; there were 220 bbls. sold at $19 25 to $19 37½ for Mess. Tobacco closed dull; prices range from 3½c. to 11c. per pound. The Sugar market is quiet; the sales amounted to 1000 hhds. at 6¼c. to 7¾c. per pound for Cuba, and 7c. to 7¾c. for Porto Rico. Cuba Molasses is selling at 34c. per gallon.

Cincinnati Markets—Cincinnati, July 24.—The Flour market is dull; there were sales at $4 25 to $4 50 per bbl. Whisky is quiet; there was 20 bbls. sold to-day at 19¾c. per gallon. Corn closed dull at 52c. to 53c. per bushel. Oats closed steady, with sales at 35c. to 36c. per bushel. Pork is dull; there was 150 bbls. sold to-day at $18 75 per bbl. The prices for Sugar range from 6c. to 6¾c. per pound. Molasses is steady, and worsted at 35c. to 36c. per gallon.

River Intelligence—Louisville, July 24.—The Ohio river at this point is at a stand, with 4 feet 9 inches water in the canal by the mark.

[For the New Orleans Bee.]

The Democratic Party—McCaskill—"Honor to whom Honor is Due."

Messrs. Editors: In an article copied from your paper of the *Carrollton Gazette*, of Carrollton, Texas, by a meritorious and determined party of the Montgomery county, Texas, by a meritorious and determined party of the Montgomery county, Texas, by a meritorious and determined party of the Montgomery county