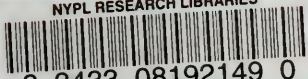


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HISTORY
OF
DAVIESS AND GENTRY COUNTIES
MISSOURI

DAVIESS COUNTY

BY

JOHN C. LEOPARD AND BUEL LEOPARD

GENTRY COUNTY

BY

R. M. McCAMMON AND MARY McCAMMON HILLMAN

ILLUSTRATED

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PREFACE

It is the aim of the editors of the History of Daviess County to present in substantial form an authentic history of the county and its people, to which the present and future generations may refer with confidence and satisfaction as the years come and go, and that it may be a matter of permanent record for all time. It is not an easy matter to write the history of such a county as Daviess. Much more research was required than was anticipated as every effort has been made to secure accuracy. Many events had an influence in shaping the destiny of this county.

The chief sources of material were the county records, newspapers, reports of the state departments, the history of the county published in 1882, "Early Days on Grand River and the Mormon War" by R. J. Britton, the Memoirs of Major J. H. McGee, "Memories" by John F. Jordin, and "Recollections" by H. C. McDougal.

The writers have made requests for information upon various subjects of a large number of men and women, almost all of whom have responded willingly and promptly. To them the writers feel greatly indebted and while it is impossible to mention them all, this must not be taken to indicate a lack of appreciation of their efforts.

Among those who have been especially painstaking in supplying information are Mrs. Mary Cruzen, Samuel F. Sperry, Sr., George W. Williams, S. W. Bandom, W. C. Gillihan, C. H. Longfellow, H. J. Hollis, E. A. Martin, Mrs. W. W. Ament, Dr. M. A. Smith, and Mrs. J. W. McClasky.

THE EDITORS.

Gallatin, Mo., June 1, 1922.

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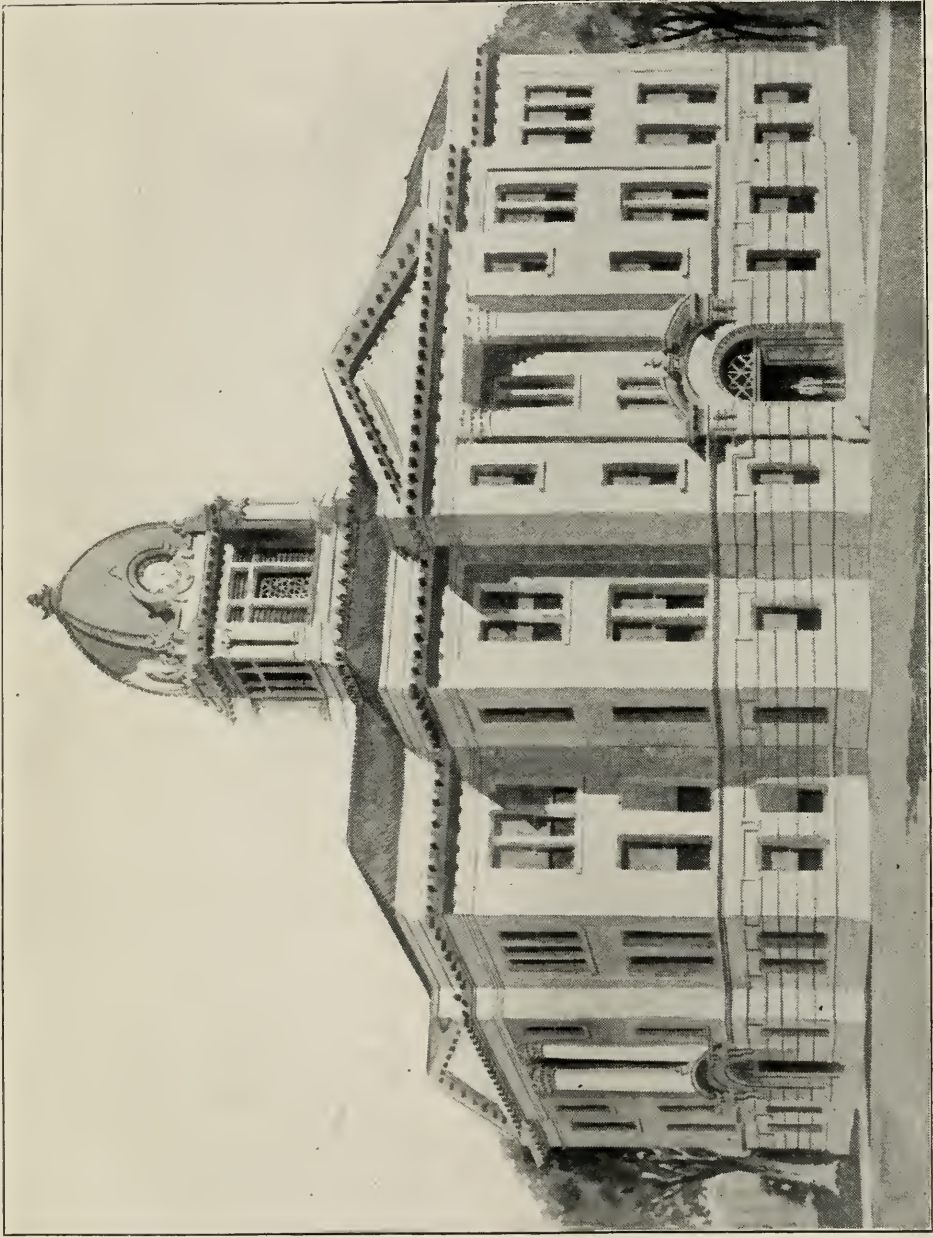
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DAVIESS COUNTY COURT HOUSE, GALLATIN

PART I.
History of Daviess County.

CHAPTER I.

EARLY SETTLEMENT.

TERRITORY EMBRACING DAVIESS COUNTY—INDIAN OCCUPATION—FIRST SETTLERS—
SETTLEMENT OF BENTON TOWNSHIP—SETTLEMENT IN OTHER TOWNSHIPS—
NATIVITY OF PIONEER SETTLERS— CHARACTER AND NATIVITY OF LATER
ARRIVALS.

The territory now embraced in Daviess County was at the formation of the State of Missouri, attached to the county of St. Charles, which included all of the territory lying North of the Missouri River as well as some territory south of the river. The County of Howard was organized by the territorial legislature in January, 1816, and the present Daviess County was attached to this new county. In 1820 the first State Legislature organized the County of Ray which embraced that part of the State lying North of the Missouri River and west of Grand River.

It was not until 1830, however, that the first white man settled in what is now Daviess County. This territory had formerly been inhabited by tribes of Sacs, Foxes, Pottawatomies and Musquakies and it was not until 1834 that the last Indian camp disappeared. Their last camp was Auberry Grove, north of the present town of Jamesport. It is said that hunters and trappers had visited this section of the country as early as 1826 but no homes had been built prior to 1830.

Probably the first house in the county was built by John and Mayberry Splawn, who came to the county in Jan., 1830. The cabin was erected near the present site of the Rock Island depot. The Splawns soon removed east of Gallatin to what is still known as Splawn Ridge. The third cabin was built by John Tarwater. The Splawns, Tarwaters and Stephen Roberts came in January and February. In the spring James Weldon, Benedict

Weldon, Humphrey Best, Daniel Devaul and his son, James R., John Stokes, Christopher Stone and his sons, James, Hardin, Robert and William and John Edward followed.

In 1831, many settlers came in. The following settled on Honey and Marrowbone Creeks: Josiah and Jesse Morin, Thomas Edwards, Lewis Linville, Philip Covington and Elisha B. Creekmore. Not far away lived Andrew McHaney and Meriwether T. Green. Jacob S. Rogers, L. Brookshier, William Runnels, Thomas Auberry and William Morgan also came in 1831. Rogers settled below the mouth of Honey Creek and had a ferry. The others of those last named settled east of the river not far from the Splawns, Edwards and others.

Robert P. Peniston, Sr., and his son, William P. came to the county in 1831. The family had come out from Kentucky the year before and had settled in Ray County. Mr. Peniston, after visiting this county, was so favorably impressed that he decided to locate on the site afterwards known as Millport. The rest of the family were Robert P., Jr., Thomas, Francis and Theodore. From 1831 to 1833, Benjamin Sampson, Elijah Frost, H. W. Enyart, Benjamin Vasser, William Prewett, Benjamin Burns, Wiley Cope and family, Russell and Solomon Frazier, Jerry Burns and John McCully all settled in what later became Grindstone Township, now Marion and Benton Townships. Adam Black located in Jamesport Township.

The first settlement in Benton Township was in 1833. Benjamin Sampson came from Tennessee and settled on the western side of the township—about a mile from the county line. Later in the year H. W. Enyart came, locating a little over a mile from Mr. Sampson. During the winter and the following spring Benjamin and Jerry Burns, John McCully, Charles and Isaac Burns and John Githens, all natives of Kentucky, located in the township. Mr. Enyart taught the first school and built the first loom used in the township. Liberty and later St. Joseph were the principal trading points of these settlers.

Colfax Township was first settled by Mormons in 1836. Practically nothing is known of settlements made there prior to 1840. Probably the first settlers after the Mormons were James, Joseph and Edward Wood, all of whom came from Kentucky in 1839. Abner Osborn, from Indiana, soon followed. Benjamin Rowell, from New York, came in 1840 and located on the south side of Marrowbone Creek. In 1841 John Castor, a soldier in the war of 1812, came from Ohio. He had seven sons, who also became citizens of this township. Other pioneers in this locality were the Kelsos, Rev. Jeremiah Lenhart, Ira Hulette, Luther Cole, Jesse Osborn, and James Drake, all of whom came in 1841 and 1842. Camden was the

chief trading point for these settlers, with Richmond and occasionally Liberty receiving a share of the trade.

The first settler in Grand River Township was Solomon Tetherow, who came in the spring of 1831. There is some doubt as to whether Mr. Tetherow or John Splawn built the first cabin in the county. William Bowman, the first sheriff of the county, came a few weeks afterwards. In 1833 John Tarwater and his wife, Nancy Tarwater, located in this township, but had lived at another point in the county prior to that time. John Martin and his wife came in 1833, Adam Black in 1834, John Roland, Alfred Coots and James O'Dell in 1835. Richmond and Liberty were the chief trading points of these settlers.

1831 marks the first settlement in what is now Harrison Township, Eli Wilson and Benedict Weldon came first, both from Tennessee. Nicholas and Elijah Trosper, Thomas Reed and Manuel Martin, all Kentuckians, came soon afterwards. Obediah Ramsbottom, another of the pioneer settlers of this township, was a native of England.

Jackson Township had as its first permanent resident Robert P. Peniston, who built a cabin there in 1833. Daniel Girdner, John Oxford and Robert McHaney also staked out claims there. All of these settlers were from Kentucky. The first loom in the township was owned by Mrs. John Oxford.

Thomas Auberry was the first settler in Jamesport Township. Prior to his coming to Daviess County in 1834, he had been a resident in Ray County and had laid out the town of Richmond. He is described as being "a preacher, doctor, farmer, horse-trader, horse-racer, surveyor," and "could play at cards so as to come out ahead about as often as his opponent." Settlers came slowly to this section of the county—they preferred the timber to the prairie. In 1837 and 1838 a number of Virginians came in—James Callison, Richard Hill, John McClung and Robert Miller. Isaac Jordin, James C. Hill and others came within a short time.

Jefferson was one of the first townships to attract homeseekers. Anderson Smith, a native of Tennessee, and his wife came from Clay County in 1834. Judge Henderson and John Owings, came the same year. During the next two years John Higgins, Elijah Armstrong and Wiley Cope, all from Tennessee, became residents of the township.

William M. Prewett and John Smith were the first settlers in Liberty Township. They came in the spring of 1834. H. W. and Elisha Creekmore, Tobias Miller and T. P. Gilreath came a few months later. All but John Smith were Kentuckians, although several of them resided in other counties in Missouri before coming to Daviess County. During the first two years the settlers had to go to Richmond or Liberty to have their

grain ground. A few years later a mill was built on the border of DeKalb County and the longer journeys were no longer necessary.

Lincoln Township was settled comparatively late, John Williams, who came in 1837, being the first resident. Mrs. Sarah Williams soon settled in the same section. Reuben Macy and Thomas Brown followed in 1838. All came from Kentucky. Peter Bear, a native of Ohio, came in March, 1839, and John Mikels, a native of Kentucky but for a time a resident of Indiana, come the same month. Other pioneer settlers were William and Berg Shirley, from Indiana, Jacob Brown, from Ohio, and Joseph Everly, originally from Pennsylvania but more recently a resident of Indiana.

David and James Brown came to this county in 1832 and settled in what later became Marion Township. Ebenezer Fields, Thomas Pennington and a few others came in 1833. Before 1838 Rebecca Clevenger, David Groomer, Taylor McCulley, William Roper and Elijah Frost had become residents of the township. The majority of these settlers came from Kentucky. Asa, Ross and Henry Vanover, also from Kentucky, came in 1838. Mrs. Rebecca Clevenger and Mrs. William Roper were especially noted for their skill in weaving.

Many of the early settlers of Monroe Township have already been mentioned. Hardin Stone, Samuel McDow, John Stokes, and William Stone came in 1833. The next year Andrew McHaney, M. Wilson, T. B. Blakely, George Henry, B. Osborn, Elijah Foley, William Splawn and others arrived. The Stones were from the Carolinas, McHaney's from Virginia and the Stokes from Kentucky.

The first residents of Salem Township were Jonathan and Alexander Liggett, natives of Tennessee, who came in 1837. A short time later Aurelius Richardson, A. G. Dergin and Matthew Harboard settled in the vicinity of where Coffey is now located. John Severe came in 1841 and built a water-mill at the Rocky Ford on Cypress Creek.

In 1833 James McCreary preempted a piece of land in what is now Sheridan Township. E. Mann and several others whose names are not known, came the same year. Isaac Splawn, Benjamin Rowell, E. Kelso, Charles McGee, Nathan Marsh, Anthony Mullins, E. Hulett, and A. McMurtry came the following year. In 1840 the McMurtrys, John, Joseph, George and Samuel, brothers of A. McMurtry, came from Tennessee. George and Reuben Noah, from Ohio, became residents the same year. Richard Woodress, Dr. Samuel Venable, Thomas Kries, were also among the 1840 immigrants.

The first settlement in Union Township was made in 1831. In 1830 a hunting party from Ray County made up of John Stone, John Stokes, Dan-

iel Devaul, Wyman Vanderpool, Thomas Linville and two others, had been so well pleased with the country that they staked out claims in 1831. The Splawns, Creekmores, Penistons and others came in 1831, 1832, and 1833. Millport was located in Union Township, and as a trading center tended to attract residents to that section of the county. The location of the county seat in Union Township also tended to give it a lead. Other settlers who came prior to 1840 were John A. Williams, Thomas W. Jacobs, Thomas Clingan, William C. Atkinson, Jacob Stollings, Lewis J. Dodd, Philip Covington, and Marshall K. Howell.

John Williams, a native of North Carolina and James Munn, of Kentucky, settled in the northern part of Washington Township in 1836. D. Nelson Foster and his wife came in 1838 from Franklin County, Indiana, and William Taylor from Kentucky.

A glance over the first few pages of this chapter shows that the overwhelming majority of the early settlers were from south of the Ohio River and of the Mason and Dixon line. A few were from Indiana and Ohio, but practically none were from New England or the Central Atlantic states. Upon examining the sketches of pioneers written by John F. Jordin in his "Memoirs," all except one of the subjects came from Kentucky, Virginia, Tennessee and North Carolina. The McCues, Prices, Jordins, Burges, Gillilans, Hills, Drummonds and Callisons were from Virginia; the Blakelys, Penistons and Ballingers from Kentucky, the Oxfords from North Carolina, and the Dinsmores from Tennessee.

At a later date the character of the population became more cosmopolitan. In the history of the county published in 1882, sketches of 395 Daviess County citizens are given. Classifying them according to the place of birth, the following is obtained.

Missouri.	79 or 20	%
Virginia.	74 or 18.98	%
Ohio.	55 or 13.94	%
Illinois.	40 or 10.12	%
Kentucky.	33 or 8.36	%
Indiana.	23 or 5.82	%
Foreign.	19 or 4.89	%
Pennsylvania	16 or 4.05	%
Tennessee.	14 or 3.55	%
Maryland.	10 or 2.53	%

Five were from Vermont, three from Wisconsin, eight from North Carolina, four from New York, four from Iowa, one each from Alabama,

Deleware, Michigan, Connecticut, Massachusetts and Mississippi, two from New Jersey. Of those of foreign birth, nine were from England, four from Canada, five from Germany, four from Ireland, and one from Scotland.

By taking the same group and eliminating those who came to the county after 1860 a much larger percentage is found to have come from the Southern states. Of the 395, only 192 came to the county before that date and the chart then stands:

Virginia	55, or 26.65%
Kentucky	26, or 13.52%
Ohio	26, or 13.52%
Indiana	20, or 10.41%
Tennessee	11, or 5.72%
Missouri	17, or 8.85%
North Carolina	9, or 4.69%
Pennsylvania	3, or 3.65%
Illinois	7, or 3.65%
Maryland	6, or 3.13%

In the latter group nearly 54 per cent were from the Southern states as against 37 per cent in the first group. In neither group was an attempt made to separate residents from Virginia and West Virginia. Most of them came before the separation of West Virginia, and the biographies frequently did not state the location in the state from which the subject came. It is interesting to note that a great many of those who were born in Ohio and Indiana were of Virginia stock. The parents came from Virginia, stopped in one of these states for a number of years, and then moved on to Missouri.

While the 395 used as a study was only a small part of the population, it is probably large enough to be fairly representative of the county. A similar study now would probably show a larger percentage born in Missouri, and a greater number born in the adjoining states of Illinois and Iowa.

CHAPTER II.

ORGANIZATION OF THE COUNTY.

PETITION PRESENTED IN 1836 BY ALEXANDER DONIPHAN—LOCATION OF COUNTY SEAT—TOWN ORDERED PLATTED AND SALE OF LOTS—REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS—EFFORT TO REMOVE COUNTY SEAT TO CRAVENSVILLE—OTHER EFFORTS TO CHANGE COUNTY SEAT.

On Nov. 29, 1836, Mr. Alexander W. Doniphan, then representative from Clay County, presented to the House of Representatives "the petition of sundry inhabitants of the territory attached to the County of Ray, praying the organization of a new county," "and also a petition of sundry citizens of the same place and for the same purpose." Upon Mr. Doniphan's motion, the petitions were referred to a select committee, Messrs. Doniphan, Head and Nolan.

On Dec. 19th, Mr. Doniphan, as spokesman of the committee, reported a bill to organize the counties of Caldwell and Daviess. The Journal does not give the original bill, but only change was made in the form—an amendment changing the boundry line of Caldwell County. This amendment was proposed by Mr. Blythe of Ray County and adopted on Dec. 21st.

On Dec. 20th, the bill was reported to the Senate, and on Dec. 27th, the Senate reported that it had concurred in the passage of the bill. On Dec. 29th, the committee on enrolled bills reported that this act with others had been presented to the Governor for his signature. The bill was approved by Governor Boggs on Dec. 29, 1836.

Location of the County Seat.—The act creating Daviess and Caldwell Counties provided that a commission composed of Joseph Baxter, of Clay County, Cornelius Gilliam of Clinton County, and William W. Mauzee of Ray County, to select a seat of justice for each of the new counties. They were to meet at the home of Francis McGuire in Caldwell county on the 1st Monday in April, 1837, and select a site for the county seat of that county, proceeding as soon as possible to Daviess County. The citizens north of the river and those on the south desired the county seat on their side of the river. The south side won, but there has always been

a feeling among the people north of the river that the seat of justice should be removed to some point further north.

Just why one of the already established towns, Millsport or Cravensville was not selected is not known. A site was chosen and the name Gallatin was given to it. The town was ordered to be platted and a sale of lots to take place Jan. 8, 1838. Lots might be bought on one or two years credit from the date of sale.

It was not, however, until Sept. 3, 1839, that the report of the commissioners was recorded, and then they had to be hunted up by the county clerk, Robert Wilson. Their report read as follows:

To The Honorable The County Court of Daviess County:

We, Joseph Baxter, Cornelius Gilliam and Jacob Riffe, being duly appointed commissioners to select and locate the seat of justice for the County of Daviess, respectfully submit the following report to your Honorable Body. After being duly qualified, we proceeded to your county on the 11th day of September, 1837, and succeeded in finding the center of said county, and after a minute examination of the county for several miles around said center, we selected and made the location of said seat of justice on the northwest quarter of Section No. 20, in Township No. 59, of Range No. 27, and designated the place by setting a stake in the presence of a number of your citizens on the 13th day of September, 1837, and we believe that said location is the most eligible that can be made within four miles of the center of your county.

Respectfully yours,

Joseph Baxter,
Jacob Riffe.

Jacob Riffe had been appointed to take the place of William Manzee who was "very ill and likely to die."

In 1840 a petition was presented to the county court signed by William Michael, Joseph Everly and others asking for the removal of the county seat to Cravensville. This would place the seat of justice within a half mile of the geographical center of the county. Another reason given for asking for the removal was because Gallatin was located "in that part of the county which is mostly prairie and cannot admit so dense a population as the parts lying west, northwest, north and east of the center of the county, with the elements necessary to make settlements." According to the petitioners, this would in the future make Gallatin difficult of access to the future population. According to tradition, Judge M. T. Green threw the petition to the floor and stamped on it. 93 names were signed to the petition. At that time there were 280 taxable inhabitants in the county

and the law required the concurrence of three-fifths of the taxpayers in order to secure removal. Lacking the requisite 168 votes, the petition was rejected.

In locating the county seat all the requirements of the law were not strictly complied with, and a question arising as to the legality of the proceedings, it was thought best to secure the passage of a legalizing act by the Legislature. The request for this act was referred to a committee of the Senate. It is evident from the report that the citizens desiring the removal of the county seat had not been idle. The report of the committee found on page 187 of the Journal of the Senate, 1841, is as follows:

“Tuesday, Jan. 12, 1841. The committee on the judiciary considered with some care the papers and evidence of witnesses in relation to the contest about the county seat of Daviess County. They believe that the County of Daviess has a good title to the tract of land on which Gallatin, the present county seat, is located, but that there have been some inequalities in the location of the county seat, particularly in the fact that the title papers of the county seat not having been submitted to and approved by the circuit court of the county.

“The remonstrance against the bill to legalize the county seat renders it probable that a majority of the citizens of that county are opposed to Gallatin being continued as the county seat. but as there is considerable contrariety of opinion on that subject and as lots have been sold and contracts made for public buildings at that place, the committee thinks it best to legalize the present county seat at Gallatin with the express stipulation that the seat of justice of said county may be removed at any time hereafter by the citizens of said county under the general law if the requisite number in favor of adopting such a course. The committee therefore report back the bill with an amendment.”

In accordance with the report of the committee the legalizing act was passed and approved by the Governor in Jan. 29, 1841. The act emphasized the duty of the county court to order an election for the removal of the county seat if demanded by three-fifths of the taxpayers.

Another attempt to remove the seat of justice north of the river was made in the winter of 1865-66. Cravensville had now disappeared but it was proposed to locate a new town nearer the geographical center of the county than Gallatin. The effort was without result.

An attempt to change the boundary line between Caldwell and Daviess had been made in?????. Mention of the bill is made in the Legislative Journals, but since it did not pass the changes contemplated are not know.

In 1867 and 1868, however, Gallatin citizens were suddenly alarmed by a petition presented to the Legislature by the residents of Hamilton.

Hamilton is on the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad and was nearly three times the size of Kingston, the county seat of Caldwell County. But Hamilton was not in the center of the county, so the citizens undertook to put themselves in the center of the county. The petition to the Legislature asked that Township 58 be set off from Daviess County and added to Caldwell and that a tract of land six miles in width extending the whole length of the south side of Harrison County be added to Daviess. While putting Hamilton in a position to secure the county seat, it meant that Gallatin and Bethany would be within three or four miles within the southern lines of their counties. A letter in the North Missourian of Dec. 24, 1867, from W. T. Foster, of Pilot Grove, Daviess County, stated that a majority of the people desired the change. This statement was at least open to debate. About the feeling of the people of Gallatin there was no doubt. Captain Ballinger was sent to Jefferson City to protest against the passage of such a bill. On Jan. 28, 1868, he telegraphed that the question was "dead and buried" by the Legislature.

Since that time no attempt has been made to change the county line, nor the county seat. Until after the building of the new courthouse at Gallatin there was always a feeling that there was still a chance for the seat of justice being removed north of the river and the largest number of votes cast against the building of the courthouse was found in the northern townships.

CHAPTER III.

COUNTY BUILDINGS.

COURT HOUSE—JAIL—COUNTY FARM AND BUILDINGS.

Court House.—Daviness County's first court house was a private residence—the home of Elisha B. Creekmore. Here both the county and circuit courts met. At the march term of the county court, 1838, the question of the erection of a court house and jail was discussed, and the following order was made:

“It is hereby ordered by the court that Philip Covington be and is hereby appointed Superintendent of the court house and jail which is to be built in Gallatin, and that he draft a plan of said building and report to this court at its next regular term.”

On March 26, 1838, this plan was presented and approved and an appropriation of \$6,000 made for the erection of the building. May 25, 1838, was set as the day on which the contract for the building would be let to the lowest bidder. The order further provided that the contractor should be bound in a sufficient bond for the completion of the building within three years, and that one-third of the payments be made annually.

Mr. Creekmore's home being outside of the county seat, the court, in May, 1839, ordered that court from that time on should be held in Gallatin. Mr. Creekmore was paid \$13 for house rent for circuit court. He was treasurer for the first eighteen months, and he evidently paid no attention to the court order that business was to be transacted at the county seat, for he later made that statement that for the first half of his term of service he received no salary and that he was finally dismissed because he persisted in keeping his office at home instead of in Gallatin.

Just when the contract for the court house was let is not known, but at the March term of the county court, 1839, a contract with Thomas N. Aubrey, Robert P. Peniston and William P. Peniston was rescinded, and “Philip Covington, superintendent of said courthouse is hereby authorized to give up the bond for the completion of said building to the said contractors on the receipt of his obligation for the payment thereof.” Evi-

dently Aubrey and the Penistons had taken no steps towards carrying the contract into execution.

The court then tried two men—Jacob Stollings and W. C. Livcy. Their plans were accepted in March, 1840. The specifications provided that the foundation was to be three feet thick, the brick wall of the first story to be 18 inches thick, second story 13 inches thick; the building was to be four square, two additional windows in the upper story, one over each door, the wall and the roof were to be painted Venetian red, doors to be painted a beech yellow, the door and window casings and sash to be painted with white lead. The window blinds were to be green and the window frames were to be put in plain and arch braces and mouldings to be put in afterwards. The contractor was to be put under bond to put up the walls and roof in one year and the remaining part in two years, each part payable when completed.

In writing of the building of this first courthouse, J. F. Jordin says: "So it was that these sturdy old pioneers with the entire revenue amounting to but \$286.44 started boldly to build a \$6000 courthouse and a \$400 jail. But there were giants in those days! Men who were in the habit of doing impossible things, men with civic pride who realized that their lot had been cast in a land rich in latent natural resources and with brave hearts and willing hands they approached the task of proving themselves worthy of such a heritage. * * * * Coonskins were current money of the realm and at 50 cents apiece it would have taken 12,800 coons to pay for these public improvements."

Work was begun in the summer of 1840. The enterprise seems to have been backed financially by Benedict Weldon. Various changes were made in the plans, more time was granted, there were changes in contractors, and finally on May 1, 1843, the following court order was made:

"Now on this day come Joseph L. Nelson and prayed the court to receive the court house as finished (except the repairing of two windows which have been broken since the completion, one bolt on each of the outside doors, repairing the plastering in second story and penciling chimneys) and that the court would order the Superintendent to deliver to him the said Nelson the bonds executed to the county by Benedict Weldon for the completion of said house. Whereupon the court proceeded to examine the house, after which mature deliberation being thereupon had, it is ordered that the house be received as finished with the exceptions above named; that Tobias Miller, the superintendent, deliver up to said Nelson the bonds of Benedict Weldon aforesaid." The total cost of the courthouse was \$8094.55 Its dedication went uncelebrated. A writer in the

Gallatin Democrat of Oct. 8, 1908, gives the following description of the building:

"The old courthouse was square, probably 40x40, no record existing of its exact dimensions. There were two double door openings, one each on the west and south. The courtroom took up the entire lower floor. The rostrum was on the north side built high so that the feet of those on it were above the eye level of the seated spectators. The courtroom was furnished with wooden benches. Here it was that James S. Rollins and R. M. Stewart, candidates for governor, met in a joint debate and would have pummeled each other with their fists but for the prompt intervention of friends.

"The stairway leading to the second floor was at the southwest corner. There were four rooms upstairs, one too small for practical use on account of the stairs, but was the office for many years of the early day lawyers beginning with the late John A. Leopard. The probate office was in the northeast room, the recorder's in the northwest and the sheriff's in the southeast."

A single story, two room structure was built about 1858 just east of the courthouse and in it the circuit clerk and recorder, the offices being under one official at that time, and county clerk's offices were established. There were no vaults in the offices and the records were kept in desks or racks having little or no protection.

A wooden tower surrounded by a balcony and ornamented with a brass ball the size of a washtub topped the building. On gala days the band occupied the balcony and the tower was decorated with flags. This cupola was a constant source of trouble. It would leak. As early as 1849 the court paid \$85 to have it guaranteed waterproof for two years and in 1870 the total repairs on the courthouse amounted to \$1500.

As early as 1865 we find the local papers complaining of the condition of the courthouse. The old building grew more and more unsatisfactory and in 1883 the Frank James trial was held in a building owned by Judge Alexander on the west side of the public square on the site now occupied by the Payne Furniture Company. On June 12, Mr. Lamkin, of the Gallatin Democrat, had published this statement: "It is said that Governor Crittenden and Phelps, General Shelby and other eminent men will be in Gallatin to attend the James trial, and it is enough to make every citizen of Daviess County blush with shame to be compelled to point to this miserable abode of bats and owls and say to these eminent visitors, "This is our courthouse." After the trial the county court entered into negotiations with Mr. Alexander, and the building was arranged to accommodate the circuit

court and one or two county offices. The old court house was torn down in 1886, but the side building remained for several more years.

In 1890 the building owned by Judge Alexander burned and the Probate records were destroyed. The present building on the same site was then erected.

Several propositions to vote bonds for a new courthouse were voted down. In 1889 a proposition to erect a \$50,000 courthouse was rejected by a majority against of 223 votes. In March, 1902, the county court, on the petition of the required number of taxpayers ordered an election to be held on April 22, on the question of erecting a new courthouse at a cost of not to exceed \$75,000, to be paid for in bonds payable in five and due in ten years, to be paid by a levy of not to exceed 25 cents on the \$100 valuation. A very light vote was cast and the vote stood 1526 for and 1118 against, but since a two-thirds majority was necessary, the proposition was lost.

In September of the same year, a petition was presented to the court asking for a vote on the question of issuing bonds not to exceed \$70,000, bearing 4 per cent interest and maturing in five years. At the election on Nov. 4, the vote stood 1821 for and 1054 against, Washington, Jamesport and Lock Springs precincts having a majority against.

The voters having twice within a year rejected propositions for building, the county court felt justified in making a contract for the use of the Alexander block for a period of seven years.

The question was still kept before the people by the press, and in 1905 petitions were again circulated for another submission of the proposition. It was proposed to build a \$75,000 courthouse, to be paid for by a special tax of four direct levies of 20 cents each rather than by issuing bonds. More than 500 signed the petition and it was presented to the county court by D. H. Davis. Accordingly, December 9th was set as the day of election. Mass meetings were held all over the county. This time the vote was 2299 for and 803 against. Only four townships failed to give the proposition a two-thirds majority, and two of these went more than two to one against.

An advisory committee was appointed by the county court in February, 1906. The members were Frank Ray, W. T. Smith, H. R. Hill, R. E. Maupin, W. C. Pogue, John R. Handy, W. P. Minnick, D. H. Davis, W. H. Kindig, E. G. Brown, J. H. Wise, Grant McCrary, E. M. Foley and Moses Mann. The court selected as a building committee A. M. Dockery, C. M. Harrison, J. W. Meade, Boyd Dudley and Weasley L. Robertson.

In April, 1906, architects submitted plans to the county court, but decision was deferred for a time. The plans and specifications of P. H. Weathers were adopted, and in August the contract for the construction

of the building were let to M. T. Lewman, of Louisville, Kentucky, at \$69,625. Work was begun early in November, with J. W. Alexander, Superintendent of construction, and M. E. Pangburn, accountant. In April, 1907, the foundation was pronounced satisfactory. The cornerstone of the building was laid on May 24, 1907, the Masonic lodge having charge of the ceremony. On Monday, August 31, 1908, the court formally accepted the courthouse and final payment was made to the Louisville company.

The formal dedication took place Oct. 5th. In the morning the cornerstone of the Y. M. C. A. was laid, the Masons having charge. In the afternoon the meeting was called to order by Judge George A. McWilliams.

Jail.—As stated in the account of the courthouse, Philip Covington was ordered in March 1838 to draw up plans for a jail. The plan was accepted and an appropriation of \$400 was made for that purpose. The contract was awarded to John B. Comer in May, 1838, and a year was allowed in which to erect the building. Mr. Comer was unable to finish the work in that time and in June of the following year an extension of time until December 25 was granted him. The court may have considered a jail to be of more immediate importance than a courthouse as three years was allowed for the building of the latter. The lack of a good jail was presented rather forcibly to the citizens when in July, 1839 Mayberry Mitchell presented the court with an account in favor of certain citizens of Clay County for guarding Joseph Smith and others. The bill amounted to \$480. Since the entire revenue derived from taxation that year amounted to but \$460.30, \$125.45 of which was delinquent, the dismay of the court may be easily imagined. The matter was laid over to the August term, and court refused to allow the claim. It was then by agreement certified to the circuit court for final adjudication. This court found for the citizens of Clay County and in Sept., 1840, the court ordered the claim to be paid.

Again John B. Comer asked for an additional year in which to complete the jail. The building was finally ready for occupancy in March, 1841. The jail is described as follows in Kost's History of Daviess County:

"It stood on the next block north of the public square in Gallatin, and was made of hewn timber one foot square and notched down so as to fit close. It was double, on one pin within another, with four inches of space between them. This space was filled with straight poles dropped down from the top. The bottom or floor was also double, like the sides. The inner space of the building was 20 feet square and the height of the ceiling was also 20 feet. The only entrance was through a trap-door in the center of the ceiling."

The total cost of this prison was \$560. In April, 1857, the court ap-

appropriated \$4000 to build a stone jail in the northwest corner of the public square. James McFerran was appointed to superintendent its construction. The building was completed Nov. 15, 1858, and cost \$7850. In June, 1859, a kitchen and smokehouse were added at a cost of \$579. This jail burned in ????, the general opinion being that it was set on fire.

In 1887, it was decided by the county court to erect a new jail, \$11,000 of the county funds being appropriated for that purpose. A. M. Irving was appointed commissioner, and submitted plans for a jail and sheriff's residence. This jail has been used ever since. Recently a survey was made by W. L. Nelson, representing the State Board of Charities, of the jails of the state. He described thirty-two as being below a descent standard as to ventilation, sanitation, size or security. The Daviess County jail was among the 32.

County Farm.—The first move to secure a permanent home for the care of the destitute of the county was made in 1864. Prior to that time the care of the poor had been let out by the sheriff to the lowest bidder. Occasionally the court would assume the responsibility and fix the terms for their support. The terms ranged all the way from \$25 to \$100 a year, paid quarterly.

At the December term of the county court, 1864, Andrew Shriver and Samuel A. Richardson were appointed commissioners to select a site for an almshouse and to report in January, 1865. A tax of one-sixth of one per cent on all subjects of taxation was ordered to defray the expense of purchasing the farm and erecting the necessary buildings.

The commissioners reported that of the several farms offered, what was known as the Ward farm seemed to them the best suited for the purpose and recommended its purchase at \$15 per acre. The farm of 160 acres was purchased at that price, William W. Everly acting as agent for the county. The following terms were agreed upon; one half cash, \$800 within two months and \$400 within six months, with ten per cent interest upon deferred payments.

This farm was of little use to the county. No buildings were put up, and after a few years it was sold and another farm selected.

The farm of John Cooper was purchased by the county court in July, 1873. The tract included 100 acres and the purchase price was \$2000.

In 1914 an examination of the county farm disclosed that miserable conditions obtained. The conditions, when reported, created a demand for a decided change. A petition was then circulated asking for a special election to vote on the question of erecting a modern infirmary. The petition was signed by nearly 700 taxpayers. The court accordingly in March 1915 ordered an election to be held the first Tuesday in June. The propo-

sition was to sell the present farm and purchase a site nearer the county seat. A special tax of 10 cents on the \$100 valuation for two years was ordered to pay for the new building. This proposition was rejected by the voters.

Since that improvements have been made on the present farm, and while conditions are far from ideal, things are in a fair condition.

Not all of the poor are cared for at the county farm. A number are allowed a certain amount a month, while other needy persons are given occasional help.

The county also has the expense of a number in the various state institutions. At the end of 1920 the county had supported 42 persons in state hospitals and assisted 47 not in state hospitals. The total amount expended by the county for poor persons in state hospitals was \$987.90, while the sum expended for poor persons not in state hospitals was \$4864.18.

CHAPTER IV.

CITIES AND TOWNS.

GALLATIN — COFFEY — WINSTON — PATTONSBURG — JAMESON — CARLOW — LOCK SPRINGS—ALTAMONT—CIVIL BEND — MILLPORT — ADAM-ONDI-AHMON — CRAVENSVILLE—PRAIRIE CITY—CRITTENDEN—ECLIPSE—OLD PATTONSBURG—VICTORIA—ALTA VISTA—BANCROFT.

Gallatin.—The events connected with the selection of the site for the seat of justice have already been mentioned. The land upon which the town is located was preempted by Philip Covington. Some difficulty later arose over the title and it was not until 1869 that the necessary quit claim deed was secured. The town was platted in December, 1837 and the first lots were sold Jan. 8, 1858. Main and Grand streets were each to be 80 feet wide, and all other streets 60 feet in width. Jacob Stollings built the first house in the town—located where the Etter Dry Goods Company now has its store. At about the same time George W. Worthington put up a building for a dram shop. The first grocery store was kept by John A. Williams. Thomas W. Jacobs opened a dry goods store and Jesse Adamson a grocery. Compton and Mann a general store. All of these business establishments were started before June, 1838. The first tavern was opened by Lewis J. Dodd, while the "Mansion House" was opened in 1844 by Stollings and Peck.

Gallatin was first incorporated in 1854, the trustees being Thomas T. Frame, Joseph L. Wilson, Alfred L. Barnett, George W. Brosius and Robert Wilson. For some unknown reason no other trustees were elected under this charter. On Nov. 7, 1854, Gallatin was again incorporated. Dr. John Cravens, Adam Clemdenen, James Owings, Henry Whittington and Otis B. Richardson were appointed the first trustees. By 1857 the town had a population of about 400 and then asked for incorporation as a city. The General Assembly passed the necessary act and it was approved by the Governor Nov. 21, 1857. The first election of Mayor and Council was held in May, 1858 when the following were elected. William M. Givens, Mayor; J. H. McGee, S. T. Hill, John Ballinger and Henry W. Lile, Council. The

Council then appointed William M. Sheets, Clerk, William T. Osborn, Treasurer and C. A. Witt, Marshall and Collector.

During the Civil War there were no elections, control of affairs being largely in the hands of the militia. In Nov., 1866, upon the petition of Joseph of McGee and a hundred and one other residents tax payers, the county court appointed Joab Woodruff, Joseph H. McGee, Samuel A. Richardson, D. L. Kost and John Ballinger, Trustees for the town until next election. This enabling act seemed unsatisfactory and in Sept., 1868 a number of citizens petitioned W. C. Gillihan, who was a notary public to call an election to fill all vacancies in "office elective under the charter of said city". The election of D. Harfield Davis as Mayor, Jacob Woodruff, Robert H. Grantham, Benton Miller and James D. Vance, members of the council.

A new charter was granted Gallatin in 1870 by the General Assembly, and the first election under it was held the first Tuesday of April 1870, and resulted in the selection of D. C. McDougal, Mayor, Joel H. Brundidge, Thomas J. Crain, A. M. Irving and Amos Poe, council.

In 1877 an attempt was made to have Gallatin become a city of the Fourth Class, but the proposition was defeated by a vote of 33 to 94. The city continued to operate under its special charter until 1908 when by a vote of 260 to 105 Gallatin became a city of the Fourth Class.

A number of additions have been made to the original town site.

In 1878 it was decided to macadamize the public square. The work was under the direction of Squire Ewing. Morley and Venable were given the contract for the south side at \$2.00 per square of 10 feet. By 1882 the work had been completed, as well as a road to the Rock Island depot. It is now proposed to have the main streets paved. In 1905 an ordinance was passed providing that all new sidewalks put down must be made of brick or granetoid.

In 1906 Governor Dockery purchased a tract of land which he presented to the town for a park. Additional land was purchased and Dockery Park was formally dedicated on June 18, 1907. For many years the Catholic church had owned a lot in Gallatin near the park. A controversy later arose over the ownership and finally in 1909 an acre adjoining the park was exchanged for the land in controversy. In the same year Governor Dockery added two more acres to the park.

Since 1911 Gallatin has maintained a Chautauqua which is managed by a group of citizens, rather than by a Chautauqua company.

The population of Gallatin in 1890 was 1,489; in 1900, 1,780; in 1910, 1,825; and in 1920 it was 1,747.

Jamesport.—The story of the founding of Jamesport is best related

in the words of one of the founders, Dr. J. T. Allen, who in 1905 wrote a series of articles for the North Missourian entitled, "Recollections of an Old Settler."

"James Gillilan's house stood near where the school house now stands, only on the West side of the street. Remember that there was nothing east of that but prairie. I built my office in his yard in the spring of 1856. I made a trip to Virginia in that fall. When I left I told Mr. Gillilan to finish my office. When I returned it was nearly Christmas, but Mr. Gillilan had not done a thing to my office. When I asked why, he said he thought I would want to go to one of the new towns, which had been laid out in my absence. I was, as the saying goes, knocked clear out of the persimmon tree, as the understanding was when I left we would lay out a town where it now exists. There was a spritely widow, a Mrs. Murray, who had laid out a town three miles north of the Jamesport-to-be, and she called it Edray. If any doubts this, look at the records in your county clerk's office. Another town was laid out by Mr. Smith about two miles east. As I had devoted a great deal of time in studying the law about how to lay out towns, I found that Mr. Smith, although he had advertised sale of lots, had violated the law by not having previously recorded the plat as the law directs. So I scared him off by a threat of the law, and I told Mr. Gillilan I thought we could beat the widow, as this was the place for the town. So with his consent I platted the old town and got a young man named Solomon to survey it. Not being accustomed to laying out towns, I made the streets too narrow. Mr. Gillilan gave me choice of a half block, with the privilege to select where I wished. I selected the lots where the old Buzard bank stood. On the other half was erected the first hotel. We had a public sale of lots and did well. I will state here that with Mr. Gillilan's consent we had an agreement that no saloon should be allowed to hold any lot. They finally beat us in this. 'As the children of darkness are always wiser in their generation than the children of light.'

"This is a true story of the origin of Jamesport. Mr. Gillilan and myself pondered a long time as to the name we should give our new foundling, and as we were both named James, we concluded to call it for ourselves."

The town grew slowly, having in 1870 only about 120 inhabitants, with the building of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, now a part of the Rock Island system, Jamesport took on new life. The first train came thru the town on June 25, 1871. New business houses began to be built. A grain house was erected by Franklin Collison in the summer of that year, Dunn & Miller started a large store building and a lumber yard established. In 1872 the Jones Mill was built. Between July 1, 1871 and Jan. 1, 1872, forty dwellings and ten stores were built.

In 1872 a petition was presented to the county clerk asking that Jamesport be incorporated.

Franklin Callison, Nathaniel G. Cruzen, Maro Thomas, A. B. Barnes and Isaiah H. Jones, were appointed trustees.

By 1875 the population had increased to 400. In that year the board of trustees undertook numerous improvements, sidewalks and street crossings were put in.

In Jan. 22, 1881, Jamesport voted to become a city of the fourth class, The vote being 78 to 22. Franklin Callison was the first mayor and P. H. Lilly, J. C. Murray, Horatio Bunker and J. H. Berry made up the first board of aldermen.

The Commercial Club has been especially active in the improvement of roads.

Jamesport has one of the prettiest parks in this section of the state.

Coffey.—Located in Salem township is a small town platted under the name of Salem but the post-office is known as Coffey. The official name of the town is now seldom used. It was platted in 1856, and the plat recorded July 29th of that year. In an account of the life of William Galbreath the following data was obtained: "Uncle Billy Galbreath came to Daviess County in Oct., 1848, and settled on the site of what is today Coffeyburg.** *** He gave the ground on which Pennebakers store now stands to Cole Brown and Frederick Westpheling in the early Fifties, provided they would establish a general merchandise store, which they did, ***** Uncle Billy was one of the committee, which secured the crossing of the old state roads from Plattsburg to Trenton and Hamilton to Bethany at Coffeyburg and the store located at the crossroads did a thriving business." The first residence was built by Edwin McIntire. William Triplett had the first blacksmith shop and William Gillispie the first cabinet shop. The town began to get daily mails in 1876.

The building of the K. C. & I. Railroad which passes through the town made it an important center in that part of the county. The population in 1920 was 367.

Winston.—The 1882 history makes the following statements regarding Winston: "It has a greater extent of rich farming country tributary to it than any town in the county, not even excepting Gallatin, and if a public spirit of enterprise is exhibited will soon rival in population and wealth the seat of justice of Daviess."

The Chicago and Southwestern railroad was completed in the summer of 1871. At that time a station was established about halfway between Gallatin and Cameron. This station was at first called Crofton. The land upon which the town was built was owned by Mrs. Susan Ethington, Fred-

erick Croft, Jacob Fleisher and Henry Koons. A large portion of the site was donated to the railroad company for railroad and town purposes. The railroad conveyed the land to a group of men in Gallatin known as the Gallatin Company. The company pushed the sale of lots. The town then became known as Winson or Winstonville. The postoffice was established at this point in Feb., 1872, and F. B. Brown was the first postmaster. There being another postoffice in the state called Winson the postoffice here was called Emporia. Up into the eighties the town was frequently referred to by this name.

T. J. Jefferies was the first station agent and the first store was opened by Joseph Swike in 1871. Henry Koons established the first hotel. The first physician was Dr. Wilson, and Dr. D. M. Clagett came in 1874.

The town was incorporated in March, 1878, and T. J. Jefferies, D. M. Clagett, Jonas Potts, John T. Taylor and Otho Preston were the first trustees.

A commercial club was organized in 1906.

The town has a population of 339.

Pattonsburg.—The plat of Pattonsburg is filed under the name of Elm Flat. It is located in the bottoms of Sampson Creek and took the name from the number of elms growing there. About a mile and a half north of the town stood old Pattonsburg. When the Chillicothe and Omaha Railroad was being built through the county in 1871, Benton Township subscribed \$20,000.00 to the road, said road to run through the old town of Pattonsburg. But instead the company built to Big Creek and there stopped for a time. Business men from Pattonsburg began to move to the railroad and soon the old town was deserted. The new town grew rapidly. A list of business references in 1876 contains the following names. E. H. Tillery, proprietor of the Valley house, Alex Edson proprietor of the Forest House.

Elm Flat was first incorporated Aug. 7, 1877, but an error had been made in the description of the land. On Sept. 10th, the court granted the amended petition.

W. G. Weldon, John W. Casebolt, F. E. Venable, Thomas J. Mattingly and E. B. Christie constituted the first board of trustees.

On May 28, 1895, the business section was almost entirely destroyed by fire. The loss was estimated at more than \$50,000. New buildings were soon put up.

In 1909 the county was subjected to the most disastrous flood in its history. On July 6th, the flood began. Big and Sampson creeks and Grand river rose rapidly. A band of some thirty men headed by Mayor Maupin started working on the dike near Pattonsburg, thinking that by rip-rapping a great of the danger could be averted. Within a few hours the town

was under water except some of the houses in Highland addition. The new drainage project which is on foot in that section of the county will when completed, prevent the recurrence of a like disaster.

The population is 1068. The town has always had a group of business men who were interested in good roads and they have managed to secure the location of a number of trails thru Pattonsburg.

The citizens have recently opened a country club house.

Jameson.—The St. Louis, Chillicothe & Omaha Railroad completed its road as far as the location of Jameson in June, 1871. A surveying party from Chillicothe laid out a town at this point, completing the work on June 12, 1871. Benjamin G. Kimball was appointed as agent for the company and on the following Monday, he began selling lots at \$100 each. The land upon which the town was laid out was entered by Charles Cravens on Oct. 2, 1854, and a year later a tract adjoining it by Ark Briggs. Henry Briggs owned the land at the time the town was laid out. At first the postoffice was known as Feurt Summitt, but the name was afterwards changed to Jameson.

Herbert D. White put up the first building, a small frame building used for a grocery and restaurant. The store building of a Mr. Threlkeld and James F. Hamaker were erected within a short time. Elijah Hubbard was in charge of the first hotel. J. W. Wanamaker, a blacksmith and wagon-maker, soon opened a shop and did a lively business. William McCoy started a livery and feed stable. The first drug store was owned by Dr. William Allen, who was also the town's first physician. The first lumber yard was owned by Leeper & Grappler.

John A. Brown was the first postmaster, but was soon succeeded by Dr. Walker. Squire Scott, one of the justices of Grand River Township, held the first court in Jameson. The railroad books show that 24 cars of grain and 53 cars of stock were shipped from the new town during Oct. and Nov., 1871.

On Oct. 12, 1876, Jameson was incorporated, and A. O. Siple, W. T. Stovall, J. M. Raley, A. Ingraham, and S. F. Howell were appointed trustees.

In 1882, a plot of ground was laid off for a public park. Here has been held the annual event of greatest social importance to Jameson and the surrounding community, the K. P. picnic, held each year on Aug. 9th.

The population of Jameson was 329 in 1920.

Carlow, an incorporated village in Jackson Township, is a station of the Wabash Railroad. The town has several stores and a bank. A consolidated school has recently been built on a site a short distance north of the village.

Lock Springs is in the southeast part of Jackson Township on the

Wabash railroad. In 1890, it had 212 inhabitants; in 1900, 246; in 1910, 255; and in 1920, 288.

Altamont is the youngest town in the county. In the early nineties, the C. R. I. & P. Railroad built an extension of its line to St. Joseph. Winston had expected that the division point would be at that place. Instead the junction was located about three miles nearer Gallatin, and called Altamont, meaning "High Mountain", and so named because of its elevation of 1,002 feet at the railroad depot.

All of the members of the present town board are women, with one exception. It is the first town of the county to elect women to such positions. The population in 1920 was 349.

Civil Bend is an unincorporated village located in Marion Township. It was laid out by Gilbert Canfield in 1868. The first business house was built by John T. Price, and N. B. Brown was another of the early merchants. In 1880 the population was 78. With the coming of the railroads, other towns located along the railroad prospered at the expense of Civil Bend, which has declined in population and business importance since 1880.

Mill Port was a thriving village when Daviess county was organized in 1836. At that time the settlers on Lick Fork, Honey creek and Grindstone creek combined and managed to have the county seat located south of Grand river. This marked the end of the prosperous career of the first town in the county. Mill Port merchants lost no time in removing to the county seat, where they were among the first merchants of the new town of Gallatin. In the fall of 1838 Mill Port was burned by the Mormons and no attempt was made to rebuild it.

Adam-ondi-Ahmon.—Early in 1837 Mormon immigrants began to flock into Daviess County. They settled mainly south of the river. At the time the administrative headquarters of the Mormon church had just been established at Far West in Caldwell County. In April, 1838, Joseph Smith, Jr., had one of his famous revelations which resulted in the establishment of a Mormon town in Daviess County. Following the vision he tells in his History of the Church how in May of that year he came up Grand river until he came to the home of Lyman Wight, one of the most prominent of his followers. Here they selected a town site, four miles south and one-half mile west of Gallatin. This place had been called Spring Hill, but by order of the prophet it was now named Adam-ondi-Ahmon.

Cravensville.—After the Mormons were driven from Adam-ondi-Ahmon, a new town was established on the same site by Dr. John Cravens; who had come from Virginia and had settled in Saline County, a short time before the outbreak of the Mormon trouble. The town was called Cravensville. For a number of years Cravensville contested with Gallatin

for the county seat. At one time 93 of the 280 taxpayers of the county petitioned to have Cravensville made the seat of justice, but the county court rejected the proposal. The town had ten or twelve dwelling houses, several stores and about 60 inhabitants.

Prairie City.—The plat of Prairie City, located in the northern part of the county, was filed by J. R. Vancil on June 1, 1857. As late as 1870 the village had an assessed valuation of \$365, but at that time it had practically disappeared.

Crittenden was located in the southwestern part of Lincoln Township. Stage lines passed through it four times a week. In 1860 Joseph H. Herndon was postmaster. After the war practically nothing was heard of the village.

Eclipse had practically no existence except on paper. The plat was recorded Dec. 15, 1856 by James Blizzard.

Old Pattonsburg was located about one and one-half miles north of the present town of that name. About 1845 Matthew Patton built on Big Creek the first water-mill in Benton Township. The settlement which sprang up near the mill was at first called Patton Mill, but was later changed to Pattonsburg.

In 1872 the Wabash Railroad built as far as the present site of Pattonsburg, which was then known as Elm Flat. The business men soon began to remove to the Flats, but they took the name of the town with them. The old town rapidly disappeared, and is now a cornfield.

Victoria.—Jefferson Township furnished sites for two towns, which are now extinct. Victoria, named for the English queen, was laid out in 1855 by John Osborn, and was located less than a mile from the southern line of the township in Section 32.

When the Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad was built, trade was diverted to Cameron and when later the Rock Island was built thru the country, Victoria was again overlooked and has been practically extinct since 1880.

Alta Vista, also located in Jefferson township, was laid out by M. D. Hines, in 1856. Mr. Hines conducted the first store located in the new town. Alta Vista had the distinction of giving the first barbecue in the county on July 4, 1858. Alta Vista has also disappeared, the name remaining only to designate the neighborhood.

Bancroft was situated about a mile from the Sullivan County line in Lincoln Township. In 1859 John Oram and Thomas Mickels each gave five acres for the town site. The first merchant was Washington Nichols and Lon Chaplin had the first blacksmith shop. This town enjoyed a greater prosperity than its contemporaries. About 1890 the Omaha and Quincy

Railroad was built through the county, missing Bancroft by about a mile. Gilman was built at that distance from Bancroft. From that time on the town fought a losing fight and has now ceased to exist.

CHAPTER V.

MILITARY HISTORY.

BLACK HAWK WAR—HEATHERLY WAR—MEXICAN WAR—COL. WICKHAM'S MILITIA COMPANY, COMPANY A, SECOND MISSOURI REGIMENT, N. G. M.

Black Hawk War.—Settlers had just begun to come into what is now Daviess County when all of North Missouri was aroused over the threatened attack of Indians under Chief Black Hawk. In the fall of 1831, many of the settlers took their families back nearer the Missouri River where the county was more thickly populated and better protection was offered, in case of attack by the Indians. It is said that Daniel Devaul when the first alarm came announced his intention of staying and seeing the thing through. He made a very heavy door to replace the thin slab one, and cut holes through which to shoot. A few of the neighbors decided to stand by him and the Devaul cabin was arranged to withstand the siege. About this time a second alarm came, conditions seemed much more terrifying. Mr. Devaul and his two friends decided not to risk their lives any longer and followed the neighbors to a place of safety. Some of the pioneers who did not leave the county built a block house surrounded by palisades near a spring on the old John Merritt farm. Scouts were sent out and every one was ready for business if the Indians appeared. But there was no need for alarm as the Indians who sometimes visited the county were very peaceably inclined.

A company of rangers was organized in Ray County by Colonel Skouts and many young men living within the boundaries of the present Daviess County joined the company. Among them were Hardin Stone, Theodore Peniston and Milford Donaho. Maj. McGee relates this incident which occurred while the men were in service:

“It was while scouting at the head waters of the Chariton river that the rangers met a company from Howard County on a similar warlike mission. During the meeting the question of marksmanship came up and a shooting match was arranged between the two companies. A Mr. Josiah Davis was selected by the Howard County boys to show Daviess County youngsters how to handle shooting irons while the gallant hunter and ranger Milford Donaho was selected as the Ray and Daviess County representa-

tive to show the Howard County boys that while they could hold a full hand at brag, when it came to a sharp eye and a steady hand the rangers were at home to all comers. It was reported a close match, but Mr. Donaho was declared the winner."

The Indian War was soon over and with the danger removed the settlers soon began to return and many others came with them.

The Heatherly War.—What is usually styled the "Heatherly War" is important chiefly because of the excitement it created in the northwestern counties. A family by the name of Heatherly lived in what is now Grundy County on Medicine river. With them were four men, Thomas, Watkins, Hawkins and a colored man. All were regarded as rather desprate characters.. In 1836 they were organized into a regular horse-stealing band, and made raids wherever there was any chance of meeting with success. In the fall of that year they took horses from a man by the name of Dunbar and his companion. Both men were killed trying to defend their property. The character of the Heatherly gang being pretty well known, they were under the necessity of doing something to divert suspicion. They therefore invented the story that the Indians, the Iowas and the Sacs, were on the warpath, scalping and killing and burning the homes of the settlers. Any mention of an attack by the Indians was terrifying to the settlers and they had visions of whole armies of savages pouring in upon them. The inhabitants at Moore's and Thompson's settlements assembled. Those at Moore's hastily built a block house. The militia was ordered out by General Thompson, two companies were ordered out from Ray, and two from Clay, a number joining from Daviess and Livingston. It was soon learned that it was a false alarm and the settlers determined to find out the cause. It was soon traced to the Heatherly gang, who had stated that Indians had been murdering. The bodies of the two men were found in the river. Detection being practically certain, Hawkins, one of the gang, turned state's evidence. The gang was sent to the penitentiary.

The Mexican War.—The exploits of the Missouri troops in the Mexican War are too well known to need repetition. Daviess County's part in the struggle is harder to determine. In 1846 a volunteer company was raised in Ray County and mustered into service on the first of August. This company, Company "G", Battallion of Missouri Mounted Rifles, was commanded by Captain Israel R. Hindley. A number of Daviess County men joined this company. Captain Hindley was killed at the Battle of Mors, and William M. Jacobs then became captain. This company was a part of the command of Colonel Alexander W. Doniphan. A company was raised in northern part of Daviess County, and in Harrison and Gentry Counties. This group became Company "H" in a regiment which went from Jackson

County. Captain Simons, who had raised the company, died on the way out and Benjamin Salmon, of Daviess County, was elected to fill the vacancy. In July, in a fight with the Apache Indians and Mexicans, Captain Salmon was severely wounded. After the battle he was removed to a hospital at Toas where he died the following February. Other members of Company "H" from this county were Nathaniel H. Blakley, Granville D. Sego, James A. Robinson, John M. Conkle, Samuel Gunter, Henry Johnson, Jacob Hoover and Captain Meredith Morris.

William Y. Slack of Livingston County organized a company in that county, and a number of Daviess countians enlisted. Among them were Captain John W. Sheets, Francis Peniston, Jack Edwards, Thomas Latham, James Wynne and John B. Comer.

Major S. P. Cox was a member of Company "D" of the Oregon Battalion. This battalion was ordered to Mexico, but before they got out of reach were ordered back and sent to Nebraska to keep the Indians quiet. Stokes and English (first names not known,) Thomas B. Lynch, A. T. Patton, George W. Nickell, J. L. Haynes, W. P. Young (Ohio), and Henry Akins Roberts (Illinois) were also veterans of the Mexican War. Stokes died in service. There were, no doubt, many others from Daviess County or who at some time have lived in the county who served in this war.

The return of these soldiers was not allowed to pass unnoticed and the homecoming is described by Major McGee, "The citizens to honor them had a great barbecue. Colonel Doniphan, their commander, was invited to be present and deliver the speech of the occasion. The ground selected was what is now enclosed in Block E, McGee's Addition to the city of Gallatin, all the ridge east of town being then heavily timbered. The tables were spread on the top of the hill. The trenches for roasting the meat were dug on the brow of the hill just above the spring now owned by William Adams. Colonel Doniphan was present and talked for about an hour in his usual style. He gave the boys a great deal of credit."

Col. Wickham's Militia, Co., A, 2nd Missouri Regiment, N. G. M.— About 1882, Col. J. A. Wickham of Gallatin was made a field officer of the Second Missouri Regiment, N. G. M. Company "A" was organized in Gallatin, but some of its members lived in other parts of the county. The armory was over Etter's store. A list of the officers of Company "A" was published in the Gallatin Democrat of May 27, 1882, which is given below:

A. M. Irving, Captain; Frank Clingan, First Lieutenant; George T. Crozier, Second Lieutenant.

Non-commissioined Officers: William Johnson, First Sergeant; O. A. Smalley, Second Sergeant, C. A. Stout, Third Sergeant, J. A. Selby, Fourth Sergeant; George H. Smith, Fifth Sergeant.

CHAPTER VI.

THE MORMONS IN DAVIESS COUNTY.

LYMAN WIGHT THE FIRST MORMON TO SETTLE IN DAVIESS COUNTY—HEADQUARTERS AT FAR WEST—JOSEPH SMITH, JR., SELECTS SITE OF STRAKE IN DAVIESS COUNTY—GROWTH OF TOWN—FIRST MORMON TROUBLE—LATER DEVELOPMENTS—THE MORMON WAR—MOBOLIZATION OF TROOPS—EXTERMINATION ORDER—MAUN'S MILL MASSACRE—MORMONS SURRENDERED TO MILITIA LEADERS TAKEN TO INDEPENDENCE—SUBSEQUENT TRIAL—REMAINS OF MORMON OCCUPATION.

The facts included in this chapter are taken largely from "Early Days on Grand River and the Mormon War," by R. J. Britton, who has made a most thorough investigation of the subject.

The first Mormon to settle in Daviess County was Lyman Wight, who came in 1837. He had left Ohio, hoping to be allowed to live in peace, and settled first in Jackson and later in Ray County. Being driven from both counties he came to Daviess County.

At this time the Mormons had just located their administration headquarters at Far West, in Caldwell County, and Joseph Smith, Jr., the prophet began to select various places in the neighboring territory as stakes. On May 18, 1838, Joseph Smith Jr., and others traveled north to the mouth of Honey Creek, and the next morning crossed Grand River at the mouth of Honey Creek and Nelson's Ferry, and followed the river to the home of Lyman Wright. Near this place Smith selected the site of the city, "which the brethern called 'Spring Hill,' but by the mouth of the Lord it was named Adam-ondi-Ahmon, because, said he, it is the place where Adam shall come to visit his people, or the ancient of days shall sit, as spoken of by Daniel, the prophet." (Smith, History of the Church.)

The new town grew rapidly, soon having over 500 inhabitants. a good wagon road was built between Adam-ondi-Ahmon and Far West, making communication easy between the two points.

A number of Mormons entered land, and it seemed for a time they had indeed reached a land where they might live peacefully. But soon friction

arose between them and their Gentile neighbors. The Gentiles grew suspicious of the Mormons and no doubt held them responsible for many acts of depredation with which they had nothing to do. A secret society called the Danites was organized by the followers of Smith. The highest degree in this order was that of "Destroying Angel." Whatever the real purpose of this organization may have been, the other settlers in the county believed that its purpose was to plunder and rob those who were not believers in their doctrine. The wrath of the Gentiles can be easily imagined.

The first outbreak came in Aug. 6, 1838. A general election was being held in Gallatin. The Missourians attempted to keep the saints from voting and a general fight followed. One man was stabbed, and about twenty others injured, but no one was killed. The Missourians were victorious, and the saints had to leave. After this, according to the prophet, "The brethern held a council about one-fourth of a mile out of town, where they saw mobbing recruits coming in, in small parties of from five to 25 in number, armed with clubs, pistols, dirks, knives, and some guns, cursing and swearing. The brethern, not having arms thought it wisdom to return to their farms collect their families, and hide them in a thicket of hazel bush, which they did, and stood sentry around them through the night, while the women and children lay on the ground in the rain."

The news of this engagement reached Far West the next day, it being reported that several of the saints had been killed, and were refused burial by the Gentiles. Accordingly a group started to the scene of hostilities. Thinking that Adam Black, then a justice of the peace, was largely responsible for the difficulty, the saints called on him and secured his promise not to do them any violence so long as he was not molested.

A meeting was arranged between some of the citizens of Mill Port and the saints of Adam-ondi-Ahmon—Joseph Morin, John Williams, James B. Turner and others representing the Missourians; Lyman Wight, Vinson Knight, John Smith, Reynolds Cahoon being the leaders for the saints. At this meeting each agreed to preserve the others' rights, and that neither would uphold wrongdoing, and that all offenders would be dealt with according to the law.

Shortly after this, Aug. 10th, affidavits were sworn to in Ray County by William P. Peniston, William Bowman, Wilson McKinney and John Netherton, stating that Adam Black had been intimidated by the Mormons, and that their leaders intended to "intimidate and drive from the county all the old citizens, and possess themselves of their land, or force such as do not leave to come into their measures and submit to their dictation."

On Aug. 16th, the sheriff of Daviess County, accompanied by Judge Morin called upon Joseph Smith Jr., at Far West with a writ to take him

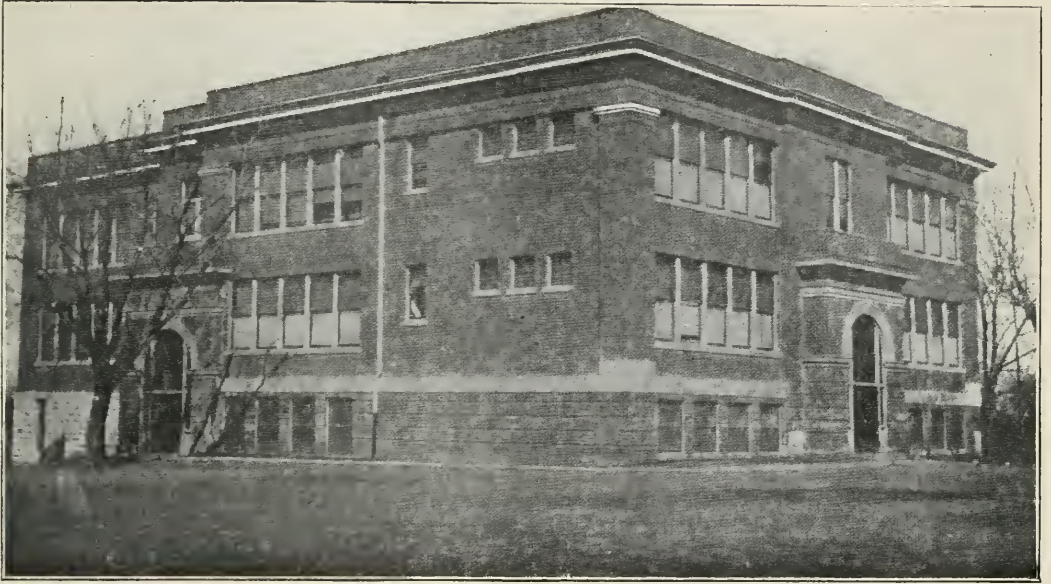
to Daviess County for trial for visiting the county on the 7th. He informed the sheriff that while he would submit to the laws of the land, he wished to be tried in Caldwell County since the attitude of the people of Daviess was so unfriendly. The sheriff then went to Richmond to see Judge King, and returning informed the prophet that he was not in his jurisdiction and that he could not act in Caldwell.

On Sept. 2nd, Joseph Smith Jr., sent for General David R. Atchison, who was in command of a division of the State Militia, hoping that his presence would stop the citizens of Daviess preparing for hostilities. He also wrote to Austin A. King, circuit judge, asking him to assist in putting down what he termed as a "mob." General Atchison arrived the next day and was employed as counsel by the Mormons, as was his partner, Alexander W. Doniphan. Joseph Smith Jr., and Lyman Wight agreeing to a preliminary hearing before Judge King, in Daviess County, arrangements were made for the trial to be held at Mr. Littlefield's near the present site of Winston.

Court was convened at the Littlefield home on Sept. 6th, but no testimony was taken and the case was continued until the next morning, at a Mr. Rgalin's who lived further south, within a half mile of the Caldwell County line. William P. Peniston was the prosecutor and Adam Black, the only witness for the state. The hearing resulted in Smith and Wight being bound over to court on a \$500 bond.

At this time a wagon load of fire arms was being sent from Richmond to Daviess County. Learning of this the civil authorities at Far West decided to intercept them. A writ was issued, the wagon surrounded and John B. Comer, William L. McHaney and Allen Miller put under arrest. These men were held till Sept. 12th. Their preliminary trial was held at Far West, when they were bound over to the circuit court, the charge against Comer being "attempting to smuggle arms to a mob," and the others as accomplices.

The arrest caused a great deal of excitement. The Missourians petitioned the Governor to drive the Mormons from the state, while the saints petitioned for his protection. On Sept. 11th, General Atchison ordered the militia to Caldwell and Daviess Counties. The order was given to General Doniphan, who reported on Sept. 15th that he had ordered Col. William A. Dunn to raise four companies of mounted riflemen of 50 men each, and proceed to the scene of the excitement. General Doniphan, accompanied by his aide, then went to Far West, where he took charge of Comer, McHaney and Miller, and collected the arms captured by the saints. The arms were sent to General Atchison. Comer was also sent to Ray County, while the



HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING, GALLATIN

South Side of Square, Gallatin, Mo.



SOUTH SIDE OF SQUARE, GALLATIN

THE NEW YORK
LIBRARY
TILDEN LENOX AND
TILDEN FOUNDATIONS
R L

other two were taken to Daviess County by General Doniphan where they were released on parole.

Arriving at the camp of the citizens of Daviess and adjoining counties, he read them General Atchison's order to disperse. They insisted that they were acting only for the purpose of defending themselves, but General Doniphan reported "They still continue in arms marching and counter-marching." Proceeding to the camp of the Mormons, Colonel Wight in charge of the troops agreed to disband and to turn over all Mormons accused of crime if the opposing side should also disband. "I intend to occupy this position until your arrival, and I deem it best," wrote General Doniphan to General Atchison, "to preserve peace and prevent an engagement between the parties, and if kept so for a few days they will doubtless disband without coercion." Shortly thereafter, General Doniphan arrived and reported to the Governor that there were 200 or 300 men in arms from Livingston, Carroll and Saline Counties under the command of a Dr. Austin of Carroll County, whom he ordered home. "The citizens of Daviess County, or a large portion of them residing on each side of the Grand River have left their farms and removed their families either to the adjoining county or collected them together at a place called Camp Ground. The Mormons of Daviess County had also left their farms and had encamped for safety at a place immediately on the east bank of Grand River, called Adam-ondi-Ahmon. Both parties have been scouting through the country and occasionally taking prisoners and threatening and insulting each other, but as yet no blood has been shed. I have been informed by the Mormons that all of those who have been charged with a violation of the law will be in to-day for trial. When that is done the troops under my command will be no longer required in this county if the citizens of other counties will return to their respective homes. I have proposed to leave two companies of 50 men each in this county and to discharge the remainder of the troops."

On the 18th, Governor Boggs ordered the 4th division, commanded by General S. D. Lucas to the county, evidently considering that the force was not large enough, or that General Atchison underestimated the gravity of the situation.

Later General Atchison wrote the Governor that the citizens of other counties had gone to their homes, as had also the Mormons, and that he considered the insurrection at an end for the present. However, a portion of the military force was left in the county under the command of General Parks. On Sept. 25th, he wrote General Atchison that a committee from Daviess County would meet the next day with a committee of Mormons at Adam-ondi-Ahmon to propose to them to buy or sell.

But the suspension of hostilities in Daviess County was followed by as

serious trouble with the saints in Carroll County. The Mormons finally agreed to leave the county, and they then joined their fellow-believers at Far West.

Here on the morning of Oct. 15th, a company of about 100 men was organized. The commander was a Mormon, Lieutenant Colonel Hinkle, who held a commission in the State Militia. It is said that he acted under the order of General Doniphan. This company, accompanied by Joseph Smith, Jr., then went to Adam-ondi-Ahmon. On the 18th of October about 150 Mormons came to Gallatin, and finding but a few men in the place, took possession of the town. Removing the goods from the stores, the business houses were burned. According to Major McGee, "We could stand in our dooryard and see houses burning every night for over two weeks. The Mormons completely gutted Daviess County. There was scarcely a Missourian home left standing in the county. Nearly every one was burned. Their flight from the county had been so precipitated that they left all they had behind, taking only their families and teams. The Mormons secured all their property and took it to De Amon and there placed it in what was termed the Lord's Storehouse, to be issued out to the saints as they might need."

According to the Prophet, the Missourians removed the contents of their houses and set fire to them themselves and then accused the saints of doing it. He also tells of threats made by the "mob," as he termed all his enemies.

During this time, on Oct. 18, 1838, General Parks came to Daviess County and went at once to the home of Lyman Wight, at Adam-ondi-Ahman. On the 25th, a small engagement took place near the ford of Crooked Creek, and several of the Mormons were killed.

The following day Governor Boggs ordered a large force of the militia into Daviess County. This order came as a result of petitions, he says, stating that "The Mormons with an armed force have expelled the inhabitants of that county from their homes, have pillaged and burned their dwellings, driven off their stock, and were destroying their crops; that they, the Mormons, have burned to ashes the towns of Gallatin and Mill Port in said county, the former being the county seat of said county, and including the clerk's office and all the public records of the county, and that there is not now a civil officer within said county." On the 27th, the Governor issued his famous 'Exterminating Order,' addressed to General Clark, in which he states "The Mormons must be treated as enemies, and must be exterminated or driven from the state, if necessary, for the public good. Their outrages are beyond all description. If you can increase your force you are authorized to do so, to any extent you may think necessary." It is said that General Atchison, upon receiving this letter, withdrew from the

military force, saying he would not be a party to the enforcement of such inhuman commands. On the other hand, it is also stated that he was relieved of his command by the Governor.

According to "The History of the Church," the Danites were organized at this time by a Dr. Avard. In a speech to his followers he instructed them to rob and plunder from the gentiles as this was the way to build up the kingdom of God—laws were of no consequence under the new dispensation. Naturally, this aroused the ire of the gentiles, and they were in no frame of mind to believe the statements of the presidency of the church that Avard's actions were unauthorized and met with the disapproval of the Mormon authorities.

In the meanwhile troops were gathered in obedience to the call of the Governor, and the feeling between the two factions increased. On Oct. 30th, what is usually referred to as Haun's Mill Massacre took place in Caldwell County. On Oct. 30, 1838, a force of between 2,200 and 3,000 men gathered near Far West under Generals Lucas, Wilson and Doniphan. Before the expected battle the leaders of the Mormons were delivered to the militia through one of their number, Colonel Hinkle, who was supposed to be in command of the Mormon forces. He had also made terms upon which the Mormons agreed to leave the state. The Mormons later gave up their arms and were ordered to leave the state. Their leaders were tried before a military court (though Lyman Wight was the only one connected with the military) and sentenced to be shot. General Doniphan refused to obey the orders and threatened General Lucas if they had them executed. The order was never carried out. According to the interpretation placed upon one of the articles of agreement the church membership was held liable for the payment of the debts of the war waged against them, and in this manner deprived of their property. No hearing was given them.

On Nov. 4th, John B. Clark assumed command in Far West, with explicit orders from the Governor to carry out his "Exterminating order." In speaking of the Mormons, he reviewed the terms of the treaty, stating that the first three provisions had been complied with—their leaders given up for trial, their arms given up, and their property signed over to defray the expenses of the war. He then advised them to comply as quickly as possible with the last provision—to leave the state.

On Nov. 6, 1838, the Governor wrote General Clark, directing him to hold a military court of inquiry in Daviess County. General Clark then ordered Bragadier-General Robert Wilson to go to Adam-ondi-Ahman for this purpose. He arrived there on the 8th. Every man in town was put under guard, and the court established, with Adam Black as judge, and a soldier in General Clark's command as prosecuting attorney. At the end

of three days, every man tried was honorably acquitted. General Wilson then ordered every family to be out of town within ten days. They might spend the winter in Caldwell County, but must leave the state then on penalty of extermination. This is a sample of the permits issued to those against whom a charge had been sustained:

"I permit David Holman to remove to Caldwell County, there to remain during the winter or to pass out of the state.

Nov. 10, 1838.

(Signed) R. Wilson, Brigadier General,

By F. G. C., Aide."

On Nov. 2nd, Joseph Smith Jr., Sidney Rigdon, Hiram Smith and other Mormon leaders were started for Independence under a strong guard. They were detained at Richmond and there 53 were held for trial, charged with high treason against the state, murder, burglary, arson, robbery and larceny. Austin A. King presided at the trial. The testimony of Samson Avard, mentioned above in connection with the Danite band, gave testimony which confirmed the beliefs of the Gentiles regarding the purpose of that organization. Smith states that in his diary Avard swore falsely in order to save himself. When the defendants were called upon for witnesses, Smith says that, "The persons whose names were given were thrown into jail and the few who were allowed to testify were prevented by threats from telling the truth as much as possible." In spite of this 23 prisoners were dismissed for lack of evidence. Finally, all but Lyman Wight, Hiram Smith, Caleb Baldwin, Alexander McRae and Joseph Smith, Jr., and four others were released. The first group was sent to Liberty, the other four to Boone County. P. P. Pratt and Morris Phelps escaped from the Boone County jail, July 4, 1839. Follet escaped with them but was recaptured. Luman Gibbs, the remaining one of the four, apostatized and was acquitted.

Joseph Smith Jr., and his companions arrived in Liberty on the first day of December, 1838.

After various preliminaries and during which time the prisoners appealed to the Legislature and the Supreme Court and no action taken,—on April 6, 1839, Judge Austin A. King ordered them taken to Daviess County. On April 8th. they were delivered to Sheriff Wm A. Morgan of Daviess County. The grand jury was in session at the time, and returned a true bill for treason against the prisoners and others. The witnesses were: Samon Avard, Waterman Phillips, Adam Blaxer, Josiah Marin, John Corril, J. L. Rogers, Francis McGuire, Lebum Marrin, Henry McHenry, John Edwards, John Brown, Robert McGaugh, John B. Comer, Jackson Job and Ira Glaze.

Indictments against the prisoners for murder, treason, burglary, larceny, theft and receiving stolen goods, were also returned by this jury. The

prisoners pleaded not guilty when brought up for the trial before Judge Thomas C. Burch. A change of venue was asked by Smith and his companions on the ground that the judge had been of counsel in the cause. The request was granted and the case transferred to the circuit court of Boone County.

On April 15, 1839, William Morgan and four guards started to Columbia, Mo., with the five prisoners. On the night of the 16th the Mormons escaped.

Only one log cabin remains to mark the site of the Mormon town, Adam-on-di-Ahman. On the elevation nearby grows a giant hackberry tree, at the foot of which is a pile of limestone. This spot is commonly referred to as "Adam's Grave."

CHAPTER VII.

THE CIVIL WAR.

SENTIMENT DIVIDED IN DAVIESS COUNTY—ACTIVITIES OF UNION MEN IN 1861—COMPANIES ORGANIZED—HEADQUARTERS ESTABLISHED AT GALLATIN—GUERRILLA WARFARE—SKIRMISH—BOUNTY OFFERED TO VOLUNTEERS—UNION SOLDIERS FROM DAVIESS COUNTY—COMPANY A—COMPANY G—COMPANY B—FORTY-THIRD INFANTRY—SPECIAL ORDER NO. 6—CONFEDERATES—CIVIL WAR INCIDENTS.

At the outbreak of the Civil War, the people of Daviess County were divided in sentiment, probably the majority of them, however, being Southern sympathizers. Major McGee reports that while there were plenty of Union men in the county, in Gallatin there were only 20 men who, in the fall of 1860, favored standing by the Union and only eight would declare it openly, Judge S. A. Richardson, S. B. Cox, John Ballinger, Harfield Davis, Owen H. McGee, William V. McGee and Joseph H. McGee. James McFerran, councillor of the group, kept in the background. The southeast corner of the square in Gallatin, occupied by Davis and Son, druggists, was known as "Secession Corner." While Harfield Davis was a Union man his father was a violent rebel. Finally the firm dissolved, Baalis Davis going into business at Chillicothe.

The activities of the Union men during 1861 are told by Major McGee in the following paragraphs:

"Dr. C. C. Hogan, my old family physician, had raised a company for the rebel army, had them camped on Grand River bottoms, about three miles from town. Rebel companies were now organizing and drilling all over the country. Many of them would come upon the platform in front of my office while Judge Richardson and I were in there and talk so that we could hear them. They would purpose taking out what few Union men there were in Gallatin and hang them. They never did. This kind of life could not be borne always. We decided to put an end to it. Upon consulting Major Cox, Captain Ballinger, brother William, John Shriver and myself, we concluded to leave town and raise one or more companies, then come

back, take possession of the place, keep it. * * * We set the time for us to leave. It was arranged that all should get an early dinner, then meet at my house promptly at 12 m. At 12 o'clock sharp we all mounted our horses, laid our rifles before us on our saddles. Two abreast we galloped up the street and by "Secession Corner." More than 20 rebels were standing looking at us as we galloped past. They had never dreamed of such a thing. Their eyes bulged out to such an extent that you could have almost thrown a lariat around them. I had part of a company enlisted who were to meet us at Honey Creek. We went by, got them, went on to Cameron. Dr. Folmsbee had enlisted a company on the east side of Grand River and met us at Cameron. I had about half enough to organize a company.

"Learning that Colonel Craynor was disbanding his men at St. Joseph and knowing that all the Civil Bend boys who were with him would reenlist, Capt. Ballinger and myself got on the train. We went to St. Joseph to see them; found that they had all started for home across the country. We returned to Cameron the same night. Early next morning we mounted our horses and struck across the country to intercept them. We halted them late in the evening, made arrangements with them to meet at a neighbor's the next morning and go with us to Cameron to enlist. We all met the next morning and went to Cameron. We were mustered into six months' service under the call made by Governor Gamble. Col. James H. Birch was our mustering officer. As Dr. Folmsbee had his company first made up, his was Company A. Mine was Company B. Major Cox was mustered in as Major over our two companies. Meredith Morris was my first lieutenant, McLain Wilson my second lieutenant.

"We were mustered in Sept. 18, 1861. We had no arms but our old shot guns and rifles. * * * * We got word that Price had sent troops across the river to tear up the H. & St. J. R. R. The objective point would be Cameron. We kept our horses saddled and bridled for two nights; had pickets out for five and ten miles on the Lexington road.

"Judge Birch, father of Colonel Birch, our mustering officer, got on the engine with the engineer, (it was not safe to run a train on the railroad on account of Bushwackers) and went to Hannibal, got on a steamboat there and went to St. Louis; gave his individual bond for guns with which to arm our two companies; did not leave the city until he saw them boxed and shipped to us. They were nothing but old Springfield muskets. We were supplied with fixed ammunition, which made them a great improvement on our former arms. We still remained at Cameron practicing our arms and scouting through the country.

"Captain Folmsbee and myself concluded we would take a survey of the county around Gallatin. When we started, I supposed we were coming

to Gallatin. When we got as far as where the Round school house now stands, four miles west of Gallatin, Captain Folmsbee, being the ranking captain, ordered the command to take the road leading to Esquire William Everly's, near where the Crab Orchard church now stands. I was anxious to see home. Tried to get him to change his order. He declined doing so. It was probably well enough that he did not, as I afterwards learned that Dr. Hogan's rebel company was expecting us and had concealed themselves on each side of the road west of Major Cox's and intended bushwacking us as we came in. We went to Squire Everly's and struck camp, which was afterwards known as Camp Everly.

"We remained at Camp Everly until we had seen our families and learned all we could as to the intention of the rebels. It is singular how numbers can be magnified. In Captain Folmsbee's company and my own we had probably 150 men all told. Yet the rebels at Gallatin who could by occupying the cupola of the court house and using a field glass take in our camp, as it was only four miles off, had magnified our number to 1000 men. We did not try to undeceive them. After we had remained in camp as long as we thought best, we concluded to break camp and return again to the railroad where we could get our supplies. We camped the first night after leaving Camp Everly at old Uncle John Castor's on Marrowbone Creek. We were treated to the best he had on his farm. Next day we moved to Kidder on the H. & St. J. R. R. Made our quarters in the depot. Major S. P. Cox now took command of us as our major. We remained at Kidder some two or three weeks drilling. It was determined to return to Gallatin even if we had to fight our way in. We broke camp at Kidder early in the morning and started for Gallatin. We were not interrupted on the way, entered, took possession of Gallatin without opposition. To say that we were joyfully received would be partly true and partly false. By our families and Union friends we were joyfully received but by the rebels of the town, they would rather, as one woman expressed it, "have seen the devil coming into town." The drama was now changed. For the last two months the town and country had been under the control of the rebels. Union men fared badly. Now that we had possession they expected there would be a retaliation.

"I forgot to state that before we left Kidder some of the boys whilst on a scout duty had captured Dr. Hogan. He had taken his company off south to Price's army, had returned to recruit others. We countermanded his orders. Captain Ballinger and myself took him to Hannibal, where he was confined as a prisoner of war until he took the oath. He was paroled. It took the rebel portion of Gallatin some time to settle down to the conviction that they were still in the Union. They finally gave up all hopes of Price

coming to relieve them, accepted the situation hoping and praying for the success of the Southern Confederacy.”

Major Samuel P. Cox established his headquarters in Gallatin. In addition to the companies commanded by McGee and Folmsbee, Captain Brumfield's company from the northern part of the county and two from Harrison County were stationed there. The rest of the winter was passed in scouting through the country, keeping out Confederate recruiting officers, arresting Confederates and requiring them to take the oath.

Service in the six months militia being ended in January, 1862, plans were made to organize a regiment of cavalry of the Missouri State Militia. In April the regiment was formed with James McFerran as colonel. Three of the companies were raised in Daviess County, Company A, under Captain Joseph H. McGee, Company B, under Captain W. H. Folmsbee, and Company G, under Captain John Ballinger.

On April 9, 1862, the field and staff officers were commissioned. The battallion was perfected March 26th, except companies G and H, which were added April 9, 1862. On May 28th, two new companies were added. In February, 1863, the Fifth Missouri Cavalry (ten companies) was broken up and three of the companies added to Colonel McFerran's regiment, while Companies A. and D. were broken up.

Only one engagement took place in Daviess County and it was only a slight skirmish—a sort of game of hide-and-seek. The official account of the encounter is found in the official records of the Union and Confederate Armies, Series I, Vol. 13, p. 207:

“Headquarters, Breckenridge, Mo., Aug. 16, 1862.

I have the honor to report that on the 5th instant 14 men of the First Regiment of Cavalry, Missouri State Militia, under Lieutenant Goodbrake, and 21 militia, under Captain Vickers, making in all 35 men, near Cravensville, in Daviess County, Mo., were fired upon from the brush by 85 guerrillas, under Davis and Kirk. The engagement lasted for about an hour and a half, and resulted in the defeat of the guerrillas, with a loss of six killed and ten wounded, 15 horses, and ten guns. We had three severely and two slightly, wounded. Our wounded are all doing well and will recover.

“On the 6th a notorious guerrilla and outlaw named Wicklin was shot and on the 7th a notorious guerrilla named Daniel Hale was also shot by our troops in the forks of Grand River.”

James McFerran, Colonel Commanding First Regiment Cavalry, M. S. M.

Major James Rainsford, Assistant Adjutant General, St. Joseph, Mo.

A more detailed and widely varying account of this skirmish is given by John F. Jordin. He says:

“Jesse Clark, whose father was a Presbyterian preacher, and one of the pioneers of Livingston County, came into this section from Mercer County where he was then living, and having many friends and acquaintances in this and Livingston Counties he organized a small company of volunteers for the rebel service. Clark represented to his friends that there were many adherents to the cause of the South in Mercer and Schuyler Counties and that if a company could be formed and invade those counties these men would flock to their standard. The company was formed, that is, a few adventurous spirits were gotten together and started on this wild goose chase. They invaded Mercer, passed through Schuyler, back across Harrison, over into Worth and Gentry Counties, but the expected accession to their ranks did not materialize, so the expedition turned and headed for Daviess County and home. The original number augmented by some 30 or 40 recruits nearly all of whom were unarmed were met near Di-Ammon by a considerable force of Federal troops under the command of Captain Woodrow.

“A skirmish at once ensued. About 15 of the rebels who had guns held the Union soldiers in check until their unarmed companions got away. Among those on the firing line were the men before mentioned. It was their first baptism in the fire and smoke of battle but not a man flinched. A desultory fire was kept up by both parties until nightfall. Charles Goben was the only man hit on the Confederate side and in the darkness the little band became separated and he was not missed until the next day when it was found that Goben and Thomas Hicklin had been left behind. Hicklin was unhurt but his horse had given out and he had wandered about in the darkness and became lost. The next day he and Goben were captured by the Federal troops. After his capture Hicklin was questioned about the fight and as to whether or not he had taken part in it. He admitted at once that he had. He was then asked to give the names of those who were with him. This he politely, but firmly, refused to do. Threats and persuasion alike failed to move him and he remained steadfast in his refusal to betray his comrades. At last he was given to understand in unmistakable language that if he persisted in his refusal to answer his life would pay the forfeit. His answer to this grim ultimatum was characteristic of the super-courage and unfaltering loyalty of the man; “Be not afraid of them that kill the body,” said he, ‘and after that they have no more that they can do, but I will forewarn you whom ye shall fear; Fear him which after he hath killed hath power to cast into hell; yea, I say to you, fear him.’” Thomas Hicklin had been a devout student of the Bible, and it was fitting that the final answer that was to decide his fate was given in the words of the Master. He was taken out on the prairie upon or near the

present farm of Robert Johnson in Grand River Township and there a platoon of soldiers were drawn up and Hicklin was placed in position to receive their fire. An attempt was made to blindfold him but at his request this was not done. And so it was with a courage that never faltered and a firmness that the terrors of death could not shake this loyal soul calmly met his fate. Truly, 'Greater love hath no man than this: that a man lay down his life for his friends.' "

Some of the Daviess County Federal troops took part in various engagements in northeast Missouri in pursuit of Porter. Others were engaged in the pursuit of Poindexter's men in Livingston and Linn Counties. In August, 1862, the first regiment was sent to Lexington. For some time these men took part in various engagements in Lafayette, Johnson, Jackson, Cass, Bates, Vernon, Cooper and Saline Counties. In 1864, the regiment was sent to Sedalia and then on to Jefferson City, reaching the latter place in October and taking part in various engagements in the vicinity. Early in 1865 the regiment helped exterminate guerillas in central Missouri.

The county must have been quite thoroughly scouted. An examination of the history of the various organizations shows that the following Union troops were on scouting duty: Livingston County Home Guard, Cox's Batallion, James' Batallion, Burris' Batallion. The last named organization was mustered out of service at Gallatin March 14, 1862. A Harrison County Batallion was mustered into service at Gallatin Oct. 5, 1861, and discharged at the same place on March 14, 1862.

In 1864 the county offered a bounty to all who would volunteer in the service of the United States. The county's quota under this call was 169. A tax was ordered to be levied in 1865 to pay a bounty of \$100 to each volunteer. 82 names were reported as joining under this act.

The Adjutant General reported that up to Dec. 31, 1863, the number of men reported in the services from Daviess County was distributed as follows:

18th Infantry.	2
23rd Infantry.	39
25th Infantry.	60
35th Infantry.	2
2nd Cavalry.	3
11th Cavalry.	32
12th Cavalry.	1
Total.	139

Illinois Regiments.....	7
1st Nebraska Inf.....	1
	<hr/>
Total.....	8

Missouri State Militia:

First Cavalry.....	467
Sixth Cavalry.....	14
	<hr/>
Total.....	481

In the abstracts of quotas and credits for the state of Missouri during 1864 and 1865, 261 men had been called before Dec. 19, 1864, while the county was credited with 284 enlistments. Under the call of Dec. 19, 1864, the county's quota was 90, but only 30 responded to the call.

The following list of Union soldiers is taken from the 1882 history of Daviess County:

Company A.—This company was mustered into service Feb. 3, 1862, at Gallatin, Mo., by Capt. T. B. Biggers. This company was commanded by Capt. Joseph H. McGee, of Gallatin; First Lieutenant Meredith Morris, of Pattonsburg, and Second Lieutenant McLain Wilson, of Monroe Township. On April 3, 1863, Joseph McGee was promoted to major; March 26, 1863, Meredith Morris succeeded him as captain; Benton Miller as 1st lieutenant, and McLain Wilson holding his position as 2nd lieutenant. Captain Morris was dismissed April 26, 1865; Lieut. Miller was mustered out Feb. 11, 1865, and McLain Wilson resigned April 23, 1864.

ROLL OF COMPANY A.

Privates.

Bear, Martin L.	Doll, John H.
Blenkeship, Benjamin F.	Flemming, Thomas J.
Blenkeship, Alfred	Flemming, William H.
Browning, Alfred.	Frazier, Levi.
Browning, William R.	Fields, Stephen.
Barber, Elisha.	Frazier, Samuel.
Bartlett, John.	Gray, James.
Brown, Solomon.	Gentry, John A.
Crawford, Benj. R.	Gentis, David.
Cutshall, John R.	Grantham, John E.
Clore, George W.	Garrison, Benj. F.
Dutcher, William R.	Gray, William A.
Downing, William.	Handel, Isaac I.
Downing, Thomas.	Harrah, James C.

Hughes, John S.	Powell, George W.
Holmes, Henry.	Powell, William C.
Haver, John.	Persinger, John.
Hughes, Joseph.	Royston, William H.
Hayes, Thomas F.	Royston, James M.
Hines, James A.	Royston, Benj. F.
Harter, George W.	Reed, Orange.
Jones, John R.	Roney, William.
Johnson, Eleazer.	Smith, Martin.
Leard, Alfred C.	Sweaney, Andrew.
Leard, Robert J.	Snider, Lewis.
Leard, William A.	Schaffer, David.
McGee, James.	Shriver, Nathan.
McCrary, John W.	Shiple, James H.
Marshall, Dennis.	Travis, Charles.
Moore, Robert N.	Utterback, Ferdinand.
Netherton, James C.	Whitman, Thomas W.
Poe, Jonathan.	Woodey, Nathan.

Transferred:

Kenney, Patrick S., first sergeant.	Leard, Alfred C.
Groomer, David, first corporal.	Lewis, Jacob.
Cope, John, private.	Lewis, Joseph P.
Frazier, William, private.	Hamm, John.
Frazier, Henry C.	Jeffries, Martin P.
Hilton, William H.	O'Neil, Thomas.

Discharged for Disability:

Bear, Peter, second sergeant.	Everly, Samuel H., private.
Tipton, George W., fifth sergeant.	Field, Riley, private.
Stone, George W., third sergeant.	Grantham, William D., private.
Grantham, Robert H., sixth sergeant.	Miller, William F., private.
Peniston, Thomas, bugler.	Sweaney, George, private.
Miller, Seamon, private.	Sego, Charles B., private.
Leard, James G., private.	

Died of Disease.

Handel, Edward W.	Dale, Thomas J.
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Non-Commissioned Officers—Sergeants.

Benton Miller, orderly sergeant.	David E. Youtsey, second sergeant.
W. V. McGee, quarter-master sergt.	William L. Powell, third sergeant.
William C. Gillihan, company sergt.	Lewis Heaston, fourth sergeant.
Benjamin F. Poe, first sergeant.	

Corporals.

First, Isaac H. Wilson.	Fifth, George T. Netherton.
Second, Daniel Johns.	Sixth, Charles W. Lake.
Third, Joshua Brown.	Seventh, Wiley W. Stone.
Fourth, James Browning.	Eighth, John W. Hancock.

Company G.—Company G was organized March 27, 1862, with John Ballinger as captain. The original roll of the company could not be found, but the roll of the company when mustered out was preserved by Lieut. David Groomer.

ROLL OF COMPANY G.

Privates.

Brown, David.	Splawn, John R.
Blakely, Andrew C.	Splawn, Isaac N.
Caldwell, James H.	Smith, John M.
Crowder, James M.	Jeffries, George W.
Cope, John.	Walker, Albert G.
Endicott, Jacob I.	Ham, John F.
Frazier, William.	Hines, Benj. F.
Frazier, Miles.	Miller, Michael.
Fansler, Thomas.	Harris, Seth H.
Fansler, William.	Orr, Jasper N.
Fitts, Jackson.	Payne, Ebenezer.
Galbreath, Squire.	Way, Charles A.
Hilton, William H.	Orr, Moses.
Hill, David.	Rowhuff, James.
Hindman, John U.	French, Jesse N.
Jeffries, Martin P.	Day, John M.
Leeper, Joseph.	Osborn, Carlow B.
Mitchell, John T.	Simms, Thomas.
Morgan, Asa.	Allen, Charles W.
McBride, Sylvester K.	Bailey, Jasper N.
McBride, James.	Benedict, Moses.
Miller, George W.	Cope, Wiley.
Oram, James.	Cope, William B.
Peugh, George W.	Cain, George L.
Reynolds, John M.	Duskins, William F.
Shriver, Francis W.	Elliott, Gilford.
Shriver, Nova Zembla.	Gilkey, Robert T.
Sabens, Thomas B.	Grindstaff, Julias.
Smith, Jeremiah.	Johnson, James G.
Dilley, Barnett.	Jacques, Gabriel M.

Hall, George W.
 Lewis, Joseph P.
 Miller, John H.
 McClure, James.
 McClure, David.
 Owen, Richard.
 Payne, Reuben L.
 Pilcher, Francis L.
 Rop, James L.
 Rowland, John D.

Rhoades, Charles W.
 Sabens, William M.
 Stout, William S.
 Starr, William M.
 Starr, James.
 Stephens, Wiley.
 Wright, John R.
 Wheeling, Harrison.
 Worley, William T.
 Wilson, Matthew.

Killed in Battle.

Lewis Jacob, bugler, killed Aug. 9, 1862, at Panther Creek, Mo.

Died.

James, John.
 Clevinger, Pitman A.
 Place, Peter.
 Gillihan, Benona H.

Fitts, George W.
 Orr, Patrick M.
 Pennington, William J.

Discharged.

Risdon, John, drunkenness.
 Jordan, James, drunkenness.
 Harmon, Jacob C.
 Harmon, Richard M., disability.
 Harmon, David, disability.
 Murphy, Thomas, drunkenness.
 O'Neal, Thomas, disability.
 Shadwick, Levi, disability.
 England, William, disability.
 Fields, Thomas, disability.
 Brown, Joel R., disability.
 Keene, Joseph B., disability.
 Place, Richard J., disability.
 Knight, Thomas, disability.
 Brown, Joel R., disability.
 Dilley, Barnett, disability.
 Splawn, John B., disability.

Smith, John N., disability.
 Splawn, Isaac N., disability.
 Smith, John N., disability.
 Jefferies, George W., disability.
 Walker, Alfred G., disability.
 Ham, John T., disability.
 Hines, Benj. F., disability.
 Miller, Michael, disability.
 Harris, Seth H., disability.
 Orr, Jasper N., disability.
 Payne, Ebenezer, disability.
 Way, Charles A., disability.
 Orr, Moses, disability.
 Rowhuff, James, disability.
 French, Jesse N., disability.
 Day, John M., horse stealing.

Deserted.

Moore, James.
 Alfred R. Leard.
 Joseph Dilley.
 Benj. H. Hines.

Stephens, John E.
 Non-Commissioned Officers—Sergeants.
 David K. Eeads.
 Charles M. Rogers.
 Eli McClure.

Davis Lewellyn.
 Isaac Summers.
 David M. Heath, discharged for
 disability.

Nathan Johnson, discharged for
 disability.

James Johnson, died at home,
 Daviess County Nov. 3, 1862.

Corporals:

William G. Stow.
 Bailey Webb.
 Harvey Dilley.
 William H. Elliott.
 Carl R. Lord, discharged for dis-
 ability.
 Joseph P. Lewis, discharged for
 disability.
 Ira C. Tuttle, discharged for dis-
 ability.

Henry C. Frazier.

Willis Dilley.

Daniel Pilcher.

Henry Dilley, discharged for dis-
 ability.

George W. Hall, discharged for
 disability.

John L. Shriver, discharged for
 disability.

Luther Ferrington, deserted on
 May 16, 1863.

Company B.—The original roll of this company was lost. The follow-
 ing list is as nearly correct as possible.

Privates.

Alexander, John.
 Allen, Isaac.
 Atwell, _____
 Brown, William.
 Baker, Guy.
 Baker, Harvey.
 Bashford, Cline.
 Butler, Francis.
 Butrick, William.
 Butrick, G.
 Bender, James.
 Bender, Robert.
 Bender, John.
 Blessing, Henry.
 Critton, Erve.
 Critton, James.
 Cole, Harvey.
 Collins, Thomas.
 Sactor, J.
 Castor, Benjamin.
 Castor, William.
 Castor, C.

Critton, Joseph.
 Charles, C.
 Daniels, C.
 Daniels, James.
 Elmore, _____
 Enyhart, Richard.
 French, J.
 Fulcher, _____
 Fannon, William.
 Fannon, Joseph.
 Gipson, Thomas.
 Harolson, _____
 Henderson, _____
 Harmon, J.
 Hoover, Isaac.
 Harmon, _____
 John, B.
 Keene, Gabriel.
 Knight, J.
 Laswell, John.
 Laswell, A. J.
 Landers, Joseph.

Leber, Isaac.	Ohar, M.
Lewis, Sylvester.	Place, F. A.
Mann, Adam.	Paxton, Doc.
Morris, John.	Reader, Robert.
Miries, ——	Renn, William.
Myers, S.	Rhodes, N.
McFarland, Marshall.	Snider, Henry.
McGarvin, David.	Snider, Henry, Caldwell County.
McGarvin, Dennis.	Shanks, Michael.
McCarty, Dennis.	Story, G.
McCarty, David.	Story, Mounce.
McClure, John.	Story, John.
Matthews, David.	Sego, Lemuel.
McKinney, Arthur.	Sitch, Perry.
Nichols, D.	Savey, William.
Norton, J.	Savey, L.
Noah, Uriah.	Tracy, D.
Nichols, Joseph.	Woodson, Richard.
Nichols, Rhodes.	Wilson, Adam.
Nichols, John.	Ward, James.
Nations, Edward.	Webster, Hiram.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Daniel Lebow, sergeant.

Forty-third Infantry, Missouri Volunteers.

The Forty-third Regiment was organized, September 22, 1864, under the command of Chester Harding, Jr., of St. Louis as colonel. Only one company was partially organized from Daviess County, under the captaincy of William F. Flint, whose address was given as Bethany, but who, after the war became sheriff of Daviess County. A portion only of the names can be given and all of these were not from this county. They were in active service in the Central Missouri District and were mustered out of service June 30, 1865.

Privates.

Brown, Joel E.	Bolin, William
Bowyer, William	Eads, William
Hendick, T. J.	Rader, John
Hendrick, John	Cline, John
Herndon, Isaac	Robb, James
Irwin, Joseph	Foster, Andrew J.
Daniels, Richard	Terry, David
Frazier, Joseph	Terry, Aaron

Terry, David T.	Chapman, Alonzo
Miers, William	Chapman, C.
Poe, James	Sarrah, Jacob
Smith, W. T.	Henderson, John
Smith, John E.	Endicott, Jacob
Wright, James	Greenwood, F. L., drummer
Royston, Powell	Flint, Larkin S., fifer
Yost, Cornelius	

Non-Commissioned Officers—Sergeants.

First, Nathan E. Reed,	Fourth, William Tibbles,
Second, Silas H. Hammond,	Fifth, Hugh Sharon, discharged,
Third, L. L. Terry,	Fifth, Robert S. Terry, promoted

Corporals:

First, Isaac N. Goodwin,	Fifth, Joseph H. Knott,
Second, James O. Frisbee,	Sixth, Sideon Smith,
Third, John F. Silby,	Seventh, John Hendricks,
Fourth, Philip Higgins,	Eighth, Corydon Hart.

There were in the above company fifty-five more privates whose names could not be secured, and part of them were from Daviess County.

Special Order No. Six.—Among the orders which were issued applying to the county, Special Order No. Six was probably the most drastic.

Headquarters, Sub-district of Chillicothe,
Chillicothe, Mo., Dec. 17, 1864.

Special Order No. Six:

The committees named below are hereby appointed for Daviess County whose duty it is in their respective townships to prepare and put in the hands of Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel P. Cox at Gallatin with the least possible delay a list of all persons of their respective townships who have been in the rebel army designating those who are or have been attached to guerilla or bushwhacking organizations, also including all persons against whom evidence of aiding armed rebels or bushwhackers and the withholding of information concerning their presence and movement can be furnished. This list will give the name, age and residence of each person, when he joined the rebel army, what family he has and where they are now living, the age of the eldest child at home, present value of personal property, number of acres of real estate and such additional remarks touching each family as to enable the military to arrive at just conclusion in the premises.

Committees:

Gallatin Township: Joseph H. McGee, William Bristow and Jacob Woodruff.
Jackson Township: Lieut. Mounts Nichols, W. G. Eads, George N. Smith.

Harrison Township: John H. Tuggle, Thomas R. Tuggle, Manuel Martin.

Jefferson Township: James L. Powell, G. M. Lile, G. M. Tipton.

Pattonsburg Township: Dr. William Pyle, Capt. M. Morris, Henry Dilley.

Salem Township: Judge B. M. Coffey, Capts. W. B. Brown and Andrew Barr.

Grand River Township: Judge Peter Bear, J. P. Brown, M. Netherton.

The closing events of the war are chronicled in the Gallatin North Missourian, established in 1864. On Nov. 17th of that year, an account was published of the fight with Price near Independence, and the Big Blue in which many Daviess countians took part.

On April 5, 1865, news reached Gallatin that Petersburg and Richmond had surrendered to Grant. At four o'clock a meeting was held in the court house and enthusiastic speeches made. Committees were appointed to plan for the proper celebration of the event. All citizens were requested to illuminate their homes. Postmaster Taylor, Bob Graves and Major Cox hurriedly collected enough money to brilliantly illuminate all the windows in the court house and get up an oyster benefit. The banquet committee was composed of S. A. Richardson, Major McGee and Dr. Givens. The paper reports that most every house was illuminated.

On April 8th, Salem celebrated the surrender of Richmond on a grand scale. The speakers were Captain Brown, J. H. Hardin, R. H. Vandivert and others.

During 1864 and 1865 a great many new settlers came into the county. Fearing that the newcomers might have disloyal tendencies, a meeting was held Jan. 28, 1865, and a resolution passed that a committee be appointed to find out the political affiliations of those proposing to settle in the county, and that none but loyal persons were to be allowed to come into the county to live.

Confederates.—Although a large number of men from the county went into the Southern army and while many of the non-combatants were Confederate sympathizers, the county was at all times under the control of the Federal authorities. Little can be learned of the activities of the Confederates. Major McGee mentions a company raised by Dr. C. C. Hogan. The recruiting service of John D. Casey, Will Jordin, Logan Enyard and others are occasionally referred to. It was necessary, with the Federals in control, to proceed secretly. After evading the local authorities, the danger of crossing the Missouri river to join the Southern Army was yet to be encountered. Some were turned back, but it is estimated that more than 300 from Daviess County were in the Confederate Army. Efforts have been made to compile a list of these soldiers, but it is far from complete. Names of Confederate soldiers who were not residents of the

county at the time, but have at a later date lived here are also included for several reasons. In the first place, it is not always possible to be sure whether the soldier was living in the county during the war. Second, since no concerted effort has been made until recently to collect records of these soldiers, it may be of value to those interested to have the record, even though he served in another state.

Thanks are due Mr. N. A. Baker, Mrs. Mary Cruzen, Mr. George Williams and Mr. Samuel Sperry, Sr., for assistance in compiling the list.

H. E. Acton,
 Frank Abcock,
 J. H. Abcock,
 George P. Allen,
 William Anderson,
 Lut Ashby,
 N. A. Baker,
 Noah J. Black,
 A. C. Ball,
 Alfred F. Barnett,
 ——— Blizzard,
 W. S. Beard,
 L. M. Best,
 Thomas Bradshaw,
 James A. Bowen,
 W. H. Bray,
 Joseph Breeden,
 James Brosius,
 Thomas B. Brookshire,
 Nathan Broughton,
 Calvin Burge,
 John W. Burge,
 J. C. Byrd,
 John D. Casey,
 Richard Childs,
 William Childs,
 Henry Clothier,
 Pit Cloudas,
 John B. Comer,
 Jerre C. Cravens,
 Dr. John Cravens,
 John Cravens, Jr.,
 William Cravens,

Jesse A. Creekmore,
 Nathaniel G. Cruzen,
 William Cruzen,
 William Darr,
 Edward Davis,
 Dr. F. M. Davis,
 Josiah Davis,
 William Davis,
 James R. Dehring,
 Jesse Dehring,
 A. L. Deavers,
 Arthur Dever,
 Jim Dever,
 J. T. Dunn,
 Harve Ellis,
 L. A. Ellis,
 Logan Enyart,
 Rev. ——— Enyart,
 James W. Estes,
 George D. Ewing,
 Hiram Faulkner,
 Mat Foley,
 T. R. Ford,
 Thos. Gee,
 Dick Gilkey,
 Press Githens,
 Doute Githens,
 Pack Githens,
 John D. Gillilan,
 Mathias Gillilan,
 N. B. Githens,
 Charles Gobon,
 J. T. Green,

Jack Haines,
 Henry Harnes,
 A. N. Harper,
 Cap Harper,
 Hardin Hartley,
 Jacob Haynes,
 Dave Hays,
 Patrick H. Hawkins (?)
 T. B. Head,
 Frank Hicklin (?)
 Tom Hicklin, (?)
 Dr. John Hillman,
 Dr. C. C. Hogan,
 George Hopkins,
 J. Houghton,
 James M. Hunter,
 John Hyatt, (?)
 John Irving,
 Richard Irving,
 William Irving,
 T. B. Jackson,
 Thos. Jennings,
 James Jordin,
 William Jordin,
 H. H. Justus,
 Daniel Kessler,
 John Kessler,
 Joseph Kirk,
 James F. Knight,
 James Lamey,
 Thos. Lathrop,
 Dee Lawson,
 William Ledgewood,
 John Lile,
 Henry Lockwood,
 ——— Lockwood,
 ——— Lockwood,
 Sam Lowrey,
 Gus. A. Lynn,
 David Martin,
 John Middleton,

Wm. Mead,
 George McCartney,
 William McCartney,
 Wm. Henry McClung,
 R. J. McClane,
 Sam McClane,
 M. B. McClung,
 J. W. McCullough,
 Frank McCue,
 George McCue,
 James McCue,
 Paul McCue,
 ——— McCue,
 ——— McCue,
 R. M. McCue,
 Archie McDaniel,
 Martin McDaniel,
 William McDaniel,
 Dock McDonald,
 Jno. McLaughlin,
 James McMillion,
 John A. McNeel,
 John H. McNeill,
 William S. McNeill,
 John Macrander,
 M. T. Mallory,
 Alexander Mann,
 Independence Mann,
 Jacob Mann,
 Dr. J. B. Marley,
 Alphonso E. Martin,
 Gabriel May,
 James W. Miller,
 John H. Miller,
 Robert Miller,
 Alfred C. Minnick,
 Tim Murray,
 Davis Nance,
 J. W. Neill,
 William N. Nickell,
 G. I. O'Ferrell,

W. T. Osborn,
 Bob Owens,
 Jacob Oxford,
 Asa Payne,
 Henry Payne,
 Francis Peniston,
 H. C. Peniston,
 John Perry,
 Wm. Perry,
 B. F. Pugh, (?)
 Lute Powell,
 John Pryor,
 J. A. Scott,
 John Sheeler,
 Bootes Shultz,
 Edward Shultz,
 Peter Shultz,
 Sidney Shultz,
 Tom Shultz,
 Dick Shutluth,
 Emanuel Small,
 George C. Smith,
 George H. Smith,
 I. V. Smith,
 Stephen Smith,
 Jack Sperry,
 E. W. Stafford,
 Joseph Stamper,
 Cap Stone,

W. T. Stovall,
 Maro Thomas,
 John Taylor,
 Obediah Taylor,
 J. E. Tomlinson,
 Milton Tye,
 Thomas Tye,
 Richard Vallandingham,
 Monroe Ware,
 Joseph Weldon,
 Nick Weldon,
 Martin Weldon,
 George W. Williams,
 Monroe Williams,
 Roger Williams,
 Samuel Wilson,
 Jason Winburn,
 Charles F. Witten,
 William F. Witten,
 John H. Wood,
 Bob Woodring,
 Colley Woodring,
 Asa Worrell,
 Hill Workman,
 John Workman,
 James Wynn,
 John Wynn,
 M. W. Yeager,

Civil War Incidents.—Along toward the beginning of the war, Will Jordin was recruiting for the Confederate army, and some six or seven of them started south. They were seen by Captain Mounts Nichols and his company of militia, who at once started in pursuit. The recruits kept ahead until Grand River was reached. The river was frozen over, but there was considerable doubt as to whether it would bear them and their horses. Jordin, who was small and was riding a small horse, got safely across. Mr. John F. Jordin's account of the incident continues: "Next came Tom Bradshaw on a mule and the mule skated across in good style. The others encouraged by scattering fire from their pursuers who were now within shooting distance made an attempt to cross, when a powerful horse ridden by Ed McClung broke through the ice and stopped the retreat. Jor-

din was the only man in the crowd that was armed and seeing that it would be useless to attempt to rescue his companions turned reluctantly away and with Bradshaw continued on their way. The only casualty in this engagement was the wounding of Bradshaw's mule, which was shot through the ear. Bradshaw soon tired of soldiering and returned home and afterwards served in the 'Mackerel Brigade' as the Home Guards were called, for a sufficient length of time to entitle him to a pension, which he still lives to draw with more pleasure than he did his gun in the days of '61."

This incident is related by Mr. Jordin in his "Memories":

"In November, 1863, George and Frank McCue and a comrade named Markham left the Confederate army, undertook to make their way north in order that Frank, who was suffering with serious wounds, might be properly cared for. As the boys reached the old neighborhood, a cold drizzling rain set in, turning into sleet. They went into camp at a place near Uncle Isaac's, known as the 'rock house.' They had made the trip thus far on horseback but Frank was now thoroughly exhausted by the suffering and exposure incident to their long and tiresome journey. The weather continued to be inclement and George decided to go to Uncle Isaac and make their condition known. He did so and uncle at once directed them to bring Frank to the house, which they did at once. George and Markham continued their journey, but Frank remained for some days resting and recuperating his strength. Then one night Tom Bradshaw came with a covered wagon and took Frank to Iowa where he was cared for at the home of a friend until some time during the following year, when he died.

"Uncle was not ignorant of what the probable consequences of this act would be. He knew that in giving food and shelter to Frank McCue he was violating the military law, which forbade the giving of aid and comfort to those in rebellion. He knew that to reach out the hand of mercy and try to save this battered piece of flosam cast up by the waves from the crimson sea of war was an offense so grave that he who committed it endangered his liberty, perhaps his life. But knowing all this, be it said to his credit, he never hesitated for a moment. 'Let the consequence be what they may,' said he, 'it shall never be said that I turned one of my neighbor's children from my doors when he was hungry, sick and without shelter.' There was a committee in each township, composed of three members, whose duty it was to promptly report offenses of this kind. The names of the men composing these committees as I write but I have no desire to open old wounds. The matter was, however, promptly reported to Lieut. Col. S. P. Cox, at Gallatin. But Col. Cox possessed that generous nature that always characterizes the truly brave man and friendly warning was given and uncle bade farewell to his home, and left, never to return."

In account of Jefferson Kelley, a jack-of-all-trades who made a meager living by doing odd jobs for the neighbors, Mr. Jordin tells the following story:

"It was the custom during the war to hold prayer meetings at private residences, and a man's welcome more often depended upon his political faith rather than his religious convictions. Here the gray-haired father invoked the divine protection for his boy who was battling at the front, and for the ultimate triumph of the cause he believed to be just. While Kelly had neither boy nor political convictions he always rose to the spirit of the occasion and if prayer could have saved the day and turned the tide of battle the Southern Confederacy would have won hands down. At one of these meetings, held at Uncle Isaac Jordin's, Kelly was called on to lead in prayer. He opened up all right and got through with preliminary matters in his usual felicitous manner, but somehow when he came to discuss political issues he seemed to lose his grip. Isaac Oxford and I were small boys at the time and were devoutly kneeling in a dark corner of the room. It occurred to us that Jeff needed encouragement and we began to supplement his feeble petitions with hearty 'Amens,' 'Do, Lord,' and 'God Grant It.' Kelley did not know the source of the endorsement which he was receiving, but it revived him at once, and he fairly outdid himself, much to the delight of two small boys. But the sequel for one of us at least was not so amusing. Mother was present, recognized my voice and gave me one of the worst whippings that I ever received. That settled the matter so far as I was concerned. I never encouraged Kelley after that. He might have got stuck in the middle of a prayer, and stayed there, for all I cared."

Irresponsible bands of militia frequently went about the county subjecting the Southern sympathizers to petty annoyances. During a meeting at Ketron Chapel a group of these men passed and decided it would be great sport to put a flag over the door, so that those coming out of the church had to pass under it. The people were indignant, but were wise enough not to protest. But when one young woman walked out, she seized the flag and tore it in two. She was arrested and taken to Chillicothe, where she was forced to take the oath of allegiance. Having taken the oath to support the Union, she turned to the authorities and announced, "I'll keep that if I want to."

Jonathan Oxford was an avowed Southern sympathizer, and made no effort to conceal his feelings. He was arrested and taken to Breckenridge. He was paroled by the military authorities and ordered to report again in 30 days. A few days later, on April 3, 1863, a group of armed men came to the house and told him he must go to Breckenridge to answer his parole. Since it then lacked about 15 days until he was supposed to report, he ob-

jected, but was forced to go. Next morning he was found dead by the roadside, his body riddled by bullets and no clue was ever found as to the identity of the murderers.

James Weldon had served in the Confederate army, but had returned home, taken the oath and was a member of the Home Guard. A captain from Caldwell County, with a group of his men, was passing through the country, and knowing that Weldon had once been a Confederate, had him taken from his home and murdered.

No less tragic was the death of William Crews, which occurred in 1866, but was the direct outgrowth of Civil War enmities. A debate concerning the doctrines of the Universalist church was being held at Clear Creek church and a large crowd was in attendance. During the noon hour, Crews was standing with his back to a tree talking to a group of girls. A man approached and offered him an apple, which he laughingly accepted. Two men were waiting for the signal, and now approached with drawn revolvers. Miss Ann Weldon, seeing them, gave a warning cry to Crews and struck the pistol so that it was discharged in the air and injured no one. The other man, said to have been Broomfield, fired and Crews fell dead. The murderers rode away unmolested and no effort seems to have been made to arrest them. The events which lead up to the murder go far back into the Civil War. The father of William Crews was a strong Southern sympathizer, and was compelled to leave home. Crews, at that time, a youngster of about 14, said and did a good many things calculated to arouse the ire of the military authorities. He was arrested and taken to Breckenridge, but was soon released. Later he was again arrested. His mother became anxious about him and induced his brother and Thomas Perry to attempt his rescue. The plan was discovered and when the attempt was made, George Crews and Perry were killed. The boy saw the killing and vowed to avenge their deaths. He made no secret of his intention and it was no doubt because of these threats that he was sought and murdered by men who had reason to fear him.

Among the persons arrested after the ironclad oaths provided for in the Constitution of 1865 went into effect, was the Rev. B. F. Kenny, a well known Baptist minister. He was charged with preaching without having taken the oath. Justice Daniels held that he was not guilty because he did not take a text—that he did not preach but simply stood at the side of the pulpit and talked to the people.

CHAPTER VIII.

PIONEER AND MODERN TRANSPORTATION.

STAGE LINES—FERRIES—NAVIGATION—ROADS—RAILROADS.

Stage Lines.—Before the building of the railroads, the people depended largely upon river transportation. The people of Daviess County and adjoining territory when making a journey of any length had to go to some point on the Missouri River—Richmond Landing, Brunswick or Lexington, usually—to take the boat. Where river transportation was impracticable, the people depended upon stage lines. The Missouri Register of 1855, published a time card for Gallatin and St. Joseph Coach Line, which left Gallatin on Monday at six A. M. and arrived at St. Joseph on Tuesday at 1 P. M. It returned to Gallatin on Wednesday at 6:00 P. M. Only one round trip was made a week.

M. T. Green owned one of the early stage lines. His line operated between Gallatin, Hamilton and Richmond. One of his drivers was George W. Runnells. After the building of the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad, hacks were run from the nearest points, Chillicothe and Hamilton, to points to the north. The line from Chillicothe to Bethany passed through Jamesport. In 1865 Captain John Ballinger was running a passenger hack between Hamilton and Gallatin every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. At the same time, Major S. P. Cox was operating a tri-weekly hack from Gallatin to Bethany.

As late as 1976, the Valley House at Elm Flat advertised the "Gentryville and Albany stage line to and from this house daily". But after the extension of the railroad beyond Elm Flat, this line was discontinued.

Ferries.—The first ferry license recorded is one issued to James Hunter. He was granted the privilege of keeping a "public ferry" on the west fork of the Grand River at the mouth of Honey creek for six months. His license for the six months cost him \$2.50.

Jacob S. Rogers was granted a license in 1837. When the license was renewed later in the year, the rates which he might charge were fixed by the county court as follows:

Eight horse or ox team and wagon.....	\$1.00
Six horse or ox team and wagon.....	75
Four or five horse or ox team and wagon.....	62
Three horse or ox team and wagon.....	37
One horse or ox team and wagon.....	25
Man and horse.....	12
Footman	06
Loose cattle, horses and mules.....	06
Hogs and sheep.....	03

In 1839 Jacob S. Rogers was granted the right to operate a ferry in Grand River Township. In the same year James Taylor and John Cravens were granted ferry licenses, the first in Grindstone Township, the latter at Adam-ondi-Ahmon. After a few years bridges were built and there was no longer the same necessity for ferries. As late, however, as 1864, a license was granted to Joseph H. Herndon to operate a ferry at Shriver mill on Grand river, and one to Francis W. Payne to operate a ferry at Peniston Crossing on Grand river.

Navigation.—It will be noticed that the first town in the county was located on Grand river, and was called Millport. Its founders evidently had hopes that the new city would become an important port. Before the days of railroads the people had to depend much more upon river transportation than at present and Grand River was regarded as a decided asset to the new county. Accordingly, the residents of the Grand river country obtained the passage of an act of the General Assembly declaring “all that portion of north Grand river from its mouth to where the township line dividing Townships 62 and 63 north crosses the east and west forks of the said river shall be and the same is declared to be a public highway to be navigated by all perons whatsoever.” The act was approved Feb. 13, 1839.

At the session of the Legislature which met in 1840 and 1841, the Board of Internal Improvements reported that a survey of north Grand river had been made and stated rather fully what improvements would have to be made before navigation on this river would be profitable. The board seemed to think the project altogether practicable.

Two years later this board again reported on the proposition and concluded with this paragraph (See Appendix, House Journal, 1842, 1843, page 624).

“By improving its navigation in the matter contemplated by the bill herewith reported, a large territory would be greatly benefitted, including not only the counties through which it runs and on which it borders, but also that of Grundy and the extensive back country attached to these counties, a space sufficient for the erection of four additional new counties,

making in all a territory comprising more than three thousand square miles”.

The Grand River Association was incorporated by the 1848-1849 session of the General Assembly. By it the counties of Chariton, Carroll, Livingston, Daviess and Grundy “and such other counties as shall invest funds in the association hereby established” were incorporated. The object of the Association was “to enter upon north Grand river in this state and to improve the navigation thereof from its mouth to the mouth of Big creek on the west fork thereof and to the town of Trenton on the east fork of said river for steamboat, vessels, rafts and other crafts”. The Association was capitalized at \$200,000, divided into shares of \$20 each. Each county investing in the organization was to appoint a director to represent the county, such director to hold office for the term of one year. Full power to carry out the objects of the Association was granted.

Nothing came of these plans for the navigation of Grand river. A few skiffs made trips up and down the river, but the improvements contemplated were never made, and larger boats have never been seen.

In 1847, Robert P. Peniston built a large flatboat, loading it with hoop-poles, wheat, bacon and hemp, he started for St. Louis. At Compton's Ferry on Grand river, the boat sunk and all the cargo was lost, except a portion of the hemp. The cargo was valued at \$1500, and no insurance was carried. This was probably the only flatboat to attempt the trip to St. Louis.

Roads.—A map of Missouri showing early Indian trails shows that one trail extended through Daviess County. Major H. S. Long says that it skirted the east side of Grand river and was 60 miles long, and that when he followed it in 1819 it was known at “Fields trace”. At the upper end (in what is now Worth County) it joined another trail running northwest. This trail to the headwaters of Grand river was a favorite warpath by the Sankees, Foxes and Pottawatomies into the Osage country.

Soon after the organization of the county, the county court took steps toward laying out a system of roads. In 1837 road commissioners were appointed for each of the three townships, Adam Black for Grand River, Elijah Foley and Philip Covington for Honey Creek, and John Wright for Grindstone Township. No record has been found showing the roads laid out by these commissioners.

Mitchell's map of 1844 shows only one road in Daviess County, which ran from Gallatin to Far West and on to Macon Court House. This road was built by the Mormons and was said to have been an unusually good thoroughfare compared with the other roads in the vicinity.

In 1849-54 road overseers were appointed. It would seem that with

so many, no one person would have his business interests seriously interfered with by the duties of the office.

An examination of Mitchell's "New Travellers Guide Through the United States" of 1849 shows the stage roads through Missouri. This shows a road from Gallatin to Chillicothe, and from north to Cravensville, where it divided, one road going to Sandsville and the other running north and a little east until it met another road just this side of the Iowa line. There was also a road from Gallatin to Plattsburg, Far West and Mount Refuge. From Far West and Plattsburg, roads led directly to Richmond.

In June, 1859, the following road districts were formed: Grand River road district Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Jackson road districts Nos. 5, 6 and 7; Salem road district Nos. 8, 9 and 10; Benton road districts Nos. 11, 12 and 13; Jefferson road districts Nos. 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18; Gallatin road districts Nos. 19, 20, 21 and 22; Harrison road districts Nos. 23 and 24.

The General Assembly of Missouri established a number of state roads prior to the Civil War. Among those passing through Daviess County were:

(1) A road from Pattonsburg to St. Joseph, approved Feb. 22, 1845. Repealed in 1853.

(2) A road from Camden to Taylor's Ferry in Daviess County, approved March 24, 1845.

(3) A road from Gallatin to St. Joseph, via Maysville, approved Feb. 23, 1853.

(4) A road from Bethany to Gallatin, approved Feb. 24, 1853.

(5) A road from Spring Hill to Bethany, to run "through or near Auberry and Pilot Grove in Daviess County", approved Feb. 27, 1857.

(6) A road from Richmond to Trenton, via Kingston and Gallatin, approved March 20, 1860.

In 1860, the Legislature passed an act for opening and repairing roads and highways in the County of Daviess. The County Court was given power to make and enforce all orders necessary. All county roads must be not less than twenty nor more than 40 feet wide. Section 4 provides that "all county roads shall be cleared of trees and limbs of trees which may incommode horsemen or carriages, and no stump shall exceed eight inches in height, and wet grounds and small watercourses shall be causewayed or bridged in such manner as to enable horsemen and carriages to pass with safety".

All able-bodied men between the ages of 16 and 45 who had resided in the state sixty days and in the district one month were subject to work on the roads, and when called by the road overseer were obliged to respond or forfeit and pay One Dollar for each day he might fail to attend, or Two

Dollars for each day he should attend and fail to work with due diligence.

The overseer was required to erect a post at every cross-roads or fork, "unless a suitable tree be found at the proper place, to which shall be affixed a finger board containing a legible inscription directing the way and noting the distance to the next remarkable place on the road".

Overseers were to be paid from the road and canal fund. The law provided making out new roads and altering old ones, for the formation of road districts, and contained provisions necessary to carry into effect the provisions of the law.

It was not, however, until after 1900 that much interest was taken in the improvement of roads. Interest had previously been centered largely upon securing the most convenient route and in the building of bridges across the streams. Soon with the introduction of the motor car, the improvement of highways became a necessity.

The road drag came into use. The Daviess County Good Roads Association was organized with James Tuggle as President and C. M. Harrison as Secretary. A county convention was called by them for May 2, 1903, which resulted in aroused interest in the movement.

To mention all of the road meetings which have been held and to discuss the preliminaries leading to the location of the various trails through the county would take much more space than is available. Only a few of the events will be mentioned, as indicative of the work done in the county.

All the townships but one sent representatives to a meeting held in Gallatin in March, 1914, to discuss the joint purchase of power road outfits. A committee was appointed to further consider the matter. Nothing was done in the matter, Union Township, however, later purchasing a crusher to supply rock for its roads.

In August of the same year, Governor Major issued a proclamation asking all citizens to work on the roads on two days. Many Daviess Countians responded to the call.

A big road meeting and banquet was given at Pattonsburg in March, 1914, for the committees on cross-state highways.

In June, 1914, the Omaha and St. Louis Highway was, after considerable discussion, located through Gallatin, Lock Springs, Jameson and Pattonsburg, and in December the St. Paul, Des Moines and Kansas City trail was fixed from Bethany to Pattonsburg, and through Winston to Cameron.

A law of the General Assembly passed in 1913 provided for highways between every county seat. On July 3rd, the commission met in Gallatin and located these thoroughfares—from Gallatin to Maysville, Gallatin to Albany, Gallatin to Bethany, Gallatin to Trenton, Gallatin to Chillicothe,

and Gallatin to Kingston. There was considerable rivalry between various neighborhoods to determine the road to be used for this purpose.

Jamesport has always been active in the movement for better roads. The following clipping from a 1915 paper tells something of the work done in that section of the county:

"The Commercial Club and Jamesport Township officials put in some good work the past summer. Money to be used on the Jamesport-Ash Grove road to almost \$1500 was subscribed. A little more than a like amount was subscribed for the Jamesport-Olive Church road. A requisition was made for state aid for both roads and for Jamesport Township. When the state funds for permanent road work reached Gallatin, it was found that the State Auditor had sent to this county about \$2079.69. Of this amount Jamesport Township received \$240.33, Ash Grove road \$379.90 and the Olive Church road about \$383. This makes a total of \$1009.23, or almost half the amount sent in for the whole county."

The citizens of Colfax Township made arrangements for an election to be held on June 6, 1916, to vote on a \$15,000 road bond issue, bonds to run for twenty years. A petition signed by at least sixty citizens was presented to the county court in May, and the election was authorized. Before the date of the election, however the leaders, among whom were H. L. Buck and F. E. Warner, decided to call it off. The time was not ripe, in their estimation. Some were indifferent, and the proposition was not generally understood.

The latter part of April, 1916, the Pattonburg Commercial Club entertained over 700 Jefferson Highway boosters at a banquet given at the M. E. Church, South. This is probably the largest road meeting ever held in the county. Representatives from Bethany, Ridgeway, Coffey, Jameson, Maryville, McFall, Hamilton, Altamont, Winston, Gallatin, Santa Rosa, Civil Bend and St. Joseph were present.

After the McCollough-Morgan amendment to the Hawes law went into effect there was a great rush to get applications for State and Federal aid before the State Highway Commission. By Dec. 1, 1920, the commission had approved 184 projects. Among these were two in Daviess County, one a 24 foot graded earth road 8.87 miles in length, running east and west through the Gallatin-Jamesport district. It was estimated that the road would cost \$139,664.83, of which \$69,832.41 would be paid by the Federal and \$4,440.00 by the state government.

The second project approved was a 24 foot earth road 7.64 miles in length between Jamesport and the Grundy County line, with an estimated cost of \$41,634.56, with Federal aid amounting to \$2,817.28, and state aid amounting to \$3,820.00.

The reports of the State Highway Board show that at the close of the biennial period in 1920, a total of \$6,770.65 had been paid Daviess County for dragging the inter-county seat roads, \$1,213.58 in 1917, \$2,045.17 in 1918 and \$549.20 in 1919, \$2,962.70 in 1920.

For the four years ending in 1920, the summary of the State Highway Board shows that for Daviess County \$5,460.00 has been paid to state surveys, \$16,720.22 had been paid on road work by the State Highway Department, and that \$98,909.69 in State and Federal aid had been allotted the county. The figures show that \$71,297.11 had been paid and allotted in excess of the automobile licenses paid into the state road fund during the same period.

Under the new highway law, Daviess County will have 82.6 miles of road. The bulletin published in March 1921 by the State Highway Department, "Tentative Designation of State Roads", described these as follows:

Sec. 8a Road—Beginning at the DeKalb-Daviess County line near the southwest corner of Daviess County, thence in a northeasterly direction through Winston, Altamont and Gallatin to the Grundy-Daviess County line a distance of approximately 42.5 miles.

Sec. 8b Road—Beginning at Gallatin, thence south to the Daviess-Caldwell County line. A distance of approximately 12.1 miles.

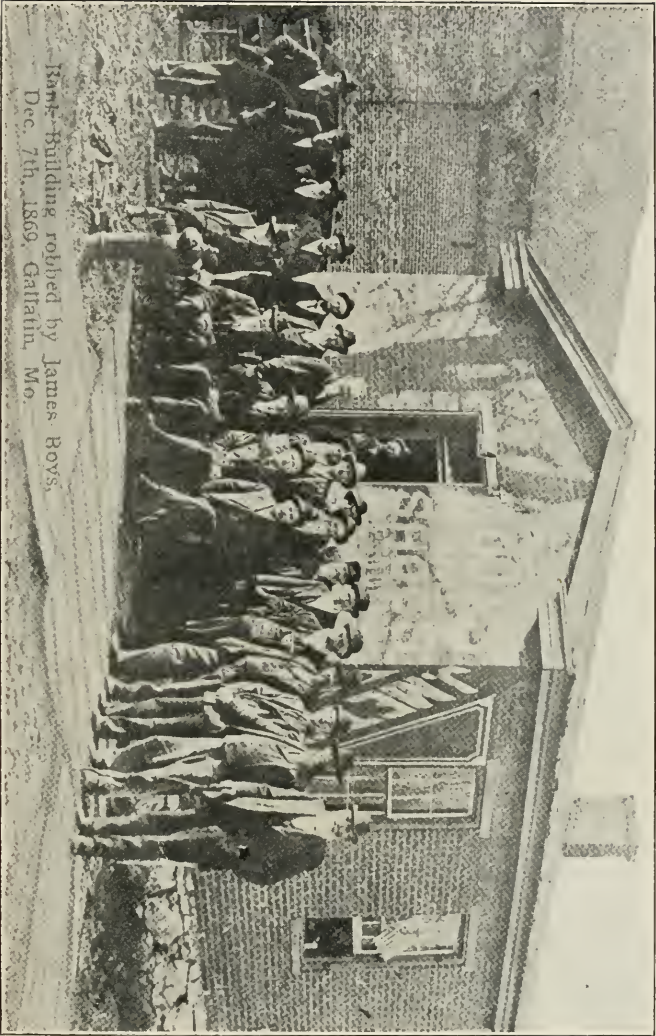
Sec. 10 Road—Beginning at the Daviess-Harrison County line north to Pattonburg, thence in a southerly direction through Pattonsburg to Altamont. A distance of approximately 21 miles.

Sec. 10 Road—Beginning at the DeKalb-Daviess County line near Weatherby thence south and east to a point on the state road near Winston. A distance of approximately 7 miles.

The state is divided into six districts. The first district is composed of, Atchison, Andrew, Clinton, Clay, Caldwell, Carroll, DeKalb Daviess, Grundy, Gentry, Holt, Harrison, Jackson, Livingston, Mercer, Nodaway; Platte, Ray and Worth Counties. A. C. Lingley, St. Joseph, is the division engineer.

As an incentive to roadbuilding, the Federal Government donated 650 trucks and tractors to be used for this purpose. The records of the State Highway Board, July, 1921, showed that five trucks and one tractor had been allotted to Daviess County.

Railroads.—The settlers were not slow to realize the importance to their communities of the location of the railroads. Towns and counties untouched by the railroads would clearly suffer, to the profit of those located along them, and this fact not only created intense rivalry among the various towns and counties but also operated to the advantage of the railroads and their promoters who were in a position to demand concessions



Bank Building robbed by James Boys,
Dec. 7th, 1869, Gallatin, Mo.

BANK BUILDING ROBBED BY THE JAMES BOYS, GALLATIN

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and assistance from the localities traversed by them as well as to derive profit from speculation in lands along the proposed routes.

The first railroad project to take definite form contemplated a road across northern Missouri, connecting Hannibal and St. Joseph. In Feb., 1847, the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad was chartered by the Legislature. Robert Wilson, of Daviess County, was named as one of the directors. A vigorous canvass was immediately opened along the line to secure subscriptions from the several counties. Meetings were held in every county seat and town. A large meeting or convention, was held in Chillicothe, June 2, 1847, at which delegates from Buchanan, DeKalb, Ray, Grundy, Caldwell, Livingston, Linn, Macon, Shelby and Marion Counties were present. Judge Austin A. King of Ray County, was elected president, and Dr. John Cravens, of Daviess County, was one of the Vice-Presidents. The delegates from Daviess County were Robert Wilson, John B. Comer, Volney E. Bragg, William P. Peniston, James Turley, Thomas T. Frame, Jacob S. Rogers, M. T. Green, John Mann, Woody Manson and John Cravens. Upon the recommendation of a committee appointed to submit subjects for the action of the convention, the following measures were adopted: (1) The appointment of three to draft an address to the people of western Missouri setting forth the advantages of the proposed roads. Volney E. Bragg, of Daviess County, was a member of this committee. (2) The appointment of a committee of three to petition the Missouri Legislature for such aid as "can be afforded consistently with the rights of other sections of the state." (3) The appointment of a committee of three to petition Congress to donate alternate sections of land within six miles on each side of said road when located. Dr. John Cravens was a member of this committee. The delegates agreed to withhold political support from any candidate for a state office or for Congress who failed to pledge his aid to the project.

In Feb., 1850, the Missouri Legislature pledged \$1,500,000 in bonds to the enterprise. A number of counties subscribed stock in the company. In May, 1851, Daviess County voted \$30,000 of stock, and James McFerran was appointed county agent to represent the county and vote its stock. Two routes had been proposed for the road, one of which passed through Grundy and Daviess Counties, and the other through the tier of counties south of Daviess. Daviess County also offered to donate the right of way and to take \$20,000 additional stock if the railroad were located by the northern route and should pass through or adjacent to Gallatin. The road as finally located, did not pass through the county and a settlement was made between the county and the railroad by which the county's stock was surrendered.

By appropriate acts of Congress and of the State Legislature, the road

was granted every alternate section of land for six miles in width on each side of the railroad in aid of the proposed enterprise. Under these acts, a considerable body of land in Daviess County came to be owned by the railroad company.

In the years following the location of the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad, the citizens of Daviess County and of other communities not adequately served by existing railroads were active in the promotion of other railroad projects. Among the roads proposed were the Hamilton, Gallatin and Bethany Railroad, chartered in 1855, with seven Daviess Countians as directors, having as its objective a line from Hamilton passing through Gallatin, Bethany and Eagleville, and thence to the Iowa line, and also the Parkville and Grand River Railroad, which contemplated a line from Parkville to the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad, thence by Gallatin and Trenton to the Missouri state line in the direction of Burlington, Iowa. Neither project was carried out.

During 1866, it was proposed to build a line having Kansas City and Des Moines as its terminal points. The route to be taken through Daviess County was the subject of a warm contest between Civil Bend and Gallatin. The road had been first surveyed through Cameron, Civil Bend, Pattonsburg and Bethany, while Gallatin urged that the route be changed so as to pass through Gallatin, then to Bethany.

Finally, plans for railroad building in the county began to take definite shape, and in 1868 the county court agreed to subscribe \$150,000 for the Leavenworth and Des Moines Railroad on the condition that the railroad be built through the county and a depot be constructed within one thousand yards of the county court house in Gallatin. It is also agreed that \$150,000 would be subscribed to the Chillicothe & Omaha Railroad, a depot to be built within one-half mile of Gallatin. The county court also agreed to and did issue bonds to the Chicago & Southwestern Railway, to whom the bonds voted to the Leavenworth & Des Moines Railroad were also issued, in the sum of \$60,000 for and in behalf of the people of a strip ten miles wide along the railway, generally known as the Ten-mile Strip Bonds.

On April 5, 1871, the first rail was laid within Daviess County on the Chillicothe & Omaha line. The track was soon completed to Gallatin, and before the end of the year was built as far as Elm Flat, now Pattonsburg, where it stopped. Pattonsburg remained the terminal point of the road until 1879, at which time it was completed to Omaha and in October of that year the road was opened for through traffic.

The year 1871 also marked the completion of the Chicago & Southwestern Railroad line. The forces engaged in the building of the road and working from opposite ends of the road, met in Colfax Township, a few

miles southwest of Winston, where with a ceremony befitting the occasion, the last spike was driven. On Sept. 26, 1871, the opening of the road was celebrated by the running of an excursion train, upon which a number of Gallatin citizens were guests.

The years that followed the building of these roads were marked by protracted litigation and bitter feeling between the railroads and the people of the county. The Chillicothe & Omaha Railroad aroused the ire of the people of Gallatin by failing to run their road across the river and by attempting to build up a rival town at the crossing of the Chicago & Southwestern road about two miles east of Gallatin and to remove the postoffice to that place. Likewise, the people of Pattonsburg and Benton Township became embittered because of the company's failure to complete the road through that township. The township had subscribed \$20,000 toward the railroad upon the condition that it should run through the center of the township. As constructed, it ran to Elm Flat, near the southeast corner of the township and there stopped. The road was run about two miles south of old Pattonsburg, with the deliberate purpose, it was charged by the citizens, of destroying that town in order that the promoters might profit by speculation in the surrounding lands. Certainly, it had that effect, and old Pattonsburg soon disappeared. The action of the company led the township to contest the validity of the \$20,000 subscription and in the suit that followed the township was successful.

The feeling of opposition to the railroads, created largely by the failure to construct their roads where desired, soon led to a demand from the people of many sections of the county that the county court contest the validity of the bonds issued to the two railroads. Indignation ran high, and mass-meetings were held throughout the county, at which the purpose was declared of refusing to pay taxes to meet the interest on the bonds, and calling upon judges and clerks who had issued and delivered them to resign. Finally, on Oct. 2, 1872, the county court made an order declaring the Chicago & Southwestern bond issue and the Ten-mile Strip bonds invalid and ordering that the interest should not be paid nor any tax levy of taxes made to meet the same. Suit was instituted to test the validity of the bonds, and litigation continued for several years. The Ten-mile Strip bonds were held invalid, and the county secured a very favorable compromise on a large portion of the bonds and paid them off in cash. The remainder were paid off at their maturity in 1891.

In the early nineties, the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, the successor of the old Chicago & Southwestern, built a branch line from Altamont to St. Joseph.

In 1897 and 1898, rights of way for another road through the county

was secured, and shortly thereafter another road, the Omaha, Kansas City & Eastern Railroad, was constructed, passing through Coffey, Pattonsburg and southwesterly in the direction of Kansas City. The name of the road has since been changed to the Quincy, Omaha & Kansas City Railroad.

The Board of Equalization report of 1921 shows the Wabash Railway Company having a mileage of 35.81, and a valuation of \$1,343,949.30; the Quincy, Omaha & Kansas City Railroad, 18.56 miles, valuation \$229,372.80; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, 35.33 miles, valuation \$1,021,037.

CHAPTER IX.

CHURCHES.

PIONEER MINISTERS—PIONEER CHURCHES—CAMP MEETING—CHURCH SERVICES—
CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—CATHOLIC CHURCH—CHRISTIAN CHURCH—EVAN-
GELICAL CHURCH—BAPTIST CHURCH—METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—
METHODIST EPISCOPAL SOUTH—PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—SEVENTH DAY AD-
VENTISTS.

Pioneer Ministers.—Rev. James McMahan was the first minister to hold religious services in Daviess County. His church was the out-of-doors, for he stood under an oak tree near the site where Robert Peniston later built the first mill in the county. This was on Aug. 25, 1830. Mr. McMahan was of the Methodist faith.

Other ministers of the same denomination were Abraham Millice, who came in 1834, and who organized a church at Jonathan Liggett's residence in Salem Township in 1839; George Waugh, who preached the first sermon in Benton Township in 1834; Isaac Burns, J. T. V. Duberry, J. Barker and Thomas Ellington. Most of these belonged to the now extinct type known as "circuit riders". The following account of the activities of the pioneer circuit rider is given by the late John F. Jordin:

"The circuit rider followed close upon the heels of the early settlers, and was always a welcome guest in the log cabins of our fathers. He was usually a man of little learning, but unbounded zeal; a man with an easy conscience and a good digestion. He travelled from one settlement to another on horseback, carrying a pair of huge saddle-bags, which contained a few articles of clothing, a Bible, and tracts on various religious subjects, thus combining the offices of preacher and colporteur. He was moved by an honest desire to be useful and helpful to his fellowmen, and although he asked for nothing beyond the means of subsistence, he gave freely of all that he possessed. It mattered little whether he was called upon to perform a marriage ceremony, preach a funeral, assist at a log-rolling or take up a corner at a house-raising, he waited for no second invitation, but just sailed in and did his level best. He knew his people and kept in touch with

them. But he never lost caste by assisting in heavy work. Always he was a preacher and was respected and venerated as a man set apart for God's work. If he assisted at a house-raising or any kind of work on which a number of men were engaged, he generally made it a condition precedent that if he helped them work through the day they were to come at night to some cabin in the neighborhood and hear him preach. And thus did the circuit-rider "Become all things to all men, that by all means he might save some".

The second preacher in the county was a Baptist, the Rev. William Michaels. He held services at the home of a Mr. Atkinson and in several other homes. In 1840 he organized the Pilot Grove Baptist Church. Rev. Jonathan Smith was another pioneer minister of this denomination. He settled in Washington Township in 1840, and for many years was a most valued worker.

Probably the first Presbyterian to preach in the county was the Rev. Robert Morgan. His first services were held at the home of Robert Miller.

Elder George Flint preached for the members of the Christian Church some time in the forties. Other early ministers of this faith who held religious services in the county were Dr. Jourdan, of Chillicothe, Missouri, John H. Ballinger, David T. Wright and Joseph Davis.

Pioneer Churches.—The first church services were usually held in the cabins of the settlers or out of doors, when the weather permitted. Sometimes a tobacco barn served as a church. Before long, however, there was a general desire for special church buildings. Usually these were very crude structures, at least when compared with the churches of today. Typical of the church of the early days was the old Lick Fork Baptist church.

The Camp Meeting.—To the pioneer the camp meeting was an event to be looked forward to throughout the whole year. They were usually held in the late summer after the crops were laid by. Rude cabins and tents were erected and a small city flourished for the few weeks of the meeting. Socially it meant as much to the early settlers as it did religiously.

Probably the first camp meeting in the Grand River country were held on the Kessler farm in Livingston County. The date of the first one is not known but it was prior to 1839. A spring furnished abundant water for the campers. Many Daviess countians attended these meetings annually.

In 1855 the meeting place was changed to the James Callison farm a short distance northwest of Jamesport. It was an ideal spot for a camp meeting. A beautiful grove of white oak trees furnished abundant shade and a large spring nearby assured a supply of water. Because of its near-

ness to town few cabins were erected there, but some tents were put up. The last meeting on this ground was in August and September, 1857, which ended in a free-for-all fight. There were no saloons near and the neighboring landowners refused to let anything be sold on their land without consent of the managers of the meeting. Because he was refused a license to sell cider and cakes, one man became so incensed that he bought a barrel of Bourbon and established what was then called a "Texas" on nearby railroad land. One of the patrons of this establishment was arrested at the camp meeting and his comrades came down to rescue him, but found that the Methodists were quite vigorous in the use of clubs and fists.

Church Services—As hymn books were scarce, the hymns were usually "lined", that is, the preacher read a couple of lines and these were then sung by the congregation. This, of course, took some time, but time was no particular item at a church service then. Neither did they sing the first second and last stanzas of a hymn—the whole song was sung regardless of the number of stanzas. Among the favorites were, "How Tedious and Tasteless the Hour," "Rock of Ages," and "Oh, Tell Me, Happy Sailor." Musical instruments were unknown in the early days, in fact, were generally regarded with disfavor, if not with actual animosity.

Sermons were also long. Doctrinal sermons were heard much more frequently than today. The horrors of the hereafter were dwelt frequently upon, and in the words of Billy Sunday, the hereafter pictured in sermons today is a regular summer resort compared to that depicted in the sermons of the early days. Mr. Jordin gives a vivid picture of one of these sermons delivered by a Presbyterian divine, William Houston, who, he said, impressed him more than any preacher he ever heard.

"I remember of listening to Houston preach one night from the words: 'Ephriam is a cake not turned. Strangers have devoured his strength and he knoweth it not. Yea, gray hairs are here and there upon him, yet he knoweth it not.' He must have spoken for at least two hours. It was one of the most terrific arraignment of the world, the flesh and the devil that I ever listened to. Nor was his preaching ineffective. I saw one night 21 new converts who had come into the fold under his preaching stand up to testify as to what the Lord had done for them. It was an indescribable scene and one long to be remembered by those who witnessed it."

Congregational Church.—There is some difference of opinion as to the date of the organization of the Gallatin Congregational church. Judge J. T. Day gives the date as May 5, 1866. The history of Daviess County, published in 1882, places the date at May 6, 1876. The meeting at which the organization was perfected was held in the court house. The Rev. O. A. Thomas of Richmond preached in the morning, and Rev. B. Turner of

Hannibal in the evening. The membership was so small that the congregation soon disbanded. No church building was erected.

Catholic Church.—Only one church of the Catholic faith has ever been built in Daviess County. This church was situated a short distance from old Bancroft. It was dedicated June 28, 1878, by the Right Rev. Bishop Hogan, assisted by Revs. Kennedy and O'Leary. The church had only a few members, but it was hoped that a strong church would be built up. The congregation is no longer in existence, those who remain in its membership attending the church at Gilman.

For many years the Catholic church owned a lot in Gallatin. As time went on and there was not enough people of that faith in the vicinity to justify the building of a church, the lot was finally donated to the city of Gallatin to become a part of Dockery Park.

Christian Church.—The Altamont Christian Church was organized in 1890. It has a membership of 110 and a Bible School enrollment of 80. The value of the church building is \$2500.

Soon after the Civil War a church of this denomination was established at Carlow. It has a membership of 75, and its church property is valued at \$2,000.

The Christian church at Civil Bend was organized in February, 1868. A church building was erected in 1872. The church has a membership of 125, and a Sunday School with an enrollment of about 100. The church property is valued at \$2,500. Elisha Frost, Barney Shriver and George Roberts are among its leading members.

The Coffey Christian church was organized about 1890. On its membership books are 125 names, and the Bible School has an enrollment of about 70.

The Christian church of Gallatin was organized in June, 1843, with 41 charter members. Services were held in the court house until the war, when that building was taken over by the militia. The congregation then worshipped in the Methodist and Cumberland Presbyterian churches. The church went down during the war, and was reorganized in 1865, with 23 members. In 1866 a large frame church costing some \$4,000 was erected across the street and a little north of the present church. In 1898 the church now used was erected, a commodious basement being added in 1921, making it of the total value of about \$15,000. The total membership of the church is 512, with a Bible School enrollment of 450. The pastor is W. H. Funderburk, and among its officials are W. C. Gillihan, Joshua W. Alexander, Howard Poage, A. H. Pettijohn and John Reid.

March 24, 1872, is given as the date of the organization of the Jameson Christian church. A church was first erected in 1875 at a cost of some

\$800. The membership has now reached 100 to 125 members, with a Sunday School enrollment of between 90 and 100. The value of the church property is \$4,000.

The Jamesport Church of Christ was organized in 1868 or 1869. For a time they held services in the Methodist Episcopal Church South. They now have a large frame church valued at about \$2,000. The membership of the church is 100, with a Bible School enrollment of 90.

Old Union church was built by several denominations, and is open to all. The Christian church has an interest in the church. A union Sunday School is maintained. The church property is valued at \$1,200.

One of the earliest Christian churches in the county is the Clear Creek church. It was organized before the Civil War. No report is made from church in the 1921 yearbook. The church property is valued at \$1,200.

The Lock Springs congregation was organized in 1875, though an organization had been effected prior to this time. Among the leaders of the earlier organization were G. L. Ballinger, William Eads and Hiram Poe. The church now has a membership of 75, with a Sunday School enrolling about the same number. The church is valued at \$2,500.

The Madison Square church was organized about 1870, and some years later a church building erected, now valued at about \$200. It has a membership of 75, and a Sunday School enrollment of 60.

The second largest Christian church in the county is at Pattonsburg. It was organized about 1872, though prior to the war there had been a prosperous congregation. A frame church was erected, but this was badly damaged by the floods of 1909, and a new church built, being dedicated in June, 1914. The property is now valued at \$20,000. The church enrollment is 217, and the Sunday School enrollment 230. There is also an organization of the C. W. B. M.

Prairie City Christian church was established in 1897. It has a church building valued at about \$1,500, and a membership of 125. Its Bible School enrollment is about 65.

Whitefield church, organized in 1880. A church building was started the same year. The membership is now between 50 and 75. The church has no organization now.

Splawn Ridge church near Gallatin was organized about 1904, and a church built the same year, which is valued at from \$1,200 to \$1,500. There are about 35 members.

Scotland Church of Christ, formerly known as Pilot Grove, is located in Washington Township and was established in 1856. The church now has a membership of 200, and a church building valued at \$2,500.

Oak Ridge Christian church was organized in 1876, but did not have a

church building until 1871. There were 28 charter members. The building is valued at \$1,200. The enrollment of the church is 50 and of the Sunday School, 40.

The pastors of this denomination, as listed in the 1921 Yearbook, are Charles P. Murphy, Altamont; Earl Stark, Civil Bend and Pattonburg; Z. Mitchell, Madison Square and Coffey; W. H. Funderburk, Gallatin; H. H. Tinsley, Lock Springs; and C. E. Hunt, Whitefield.

Evangelical Church.—As far back as 1868, an Evangelical Church was located in School District No. 1, in Colfax Township. In the fall of 1879, it was decided to build a church in Winston. A brick church 32x44 feet was erected. The congregation was largely made up of Pennsylvania Germans, among them the Triems. In 1882 the church had a membership of 50. As time passed the membership dwindled and in 1918 the few remaining members reluctantly decided to disband. The church has now been torn down and a residence occupies the church site.

Baptist Church.—The Baptist churches of Daviess County, together with four Harrison County churches are organized into the Daviess County Baptist Association. The officers are, O. E. Turner, Moderator; S. W. Bandom, Secretary; and A. R. Graham, Treasurer. The 20th annual meeting was held in Pattonsburg, Sept. 10, 11, 1921. The statistics below are from that report.

The Altamont church, the youngest in the county, was organized in 1900. It has a membership of 37 and a Sunday School enrollment of 33. The church is free from indebtedness and is valued at \$1,500. Clerk, Elva Cole. Pastor, Dan R. Gott.

A church was organized at Coffey in 1888. The church property is valued at \$6,500, but there is a debt upon it of about \$400. There are 148 members of the church, and 45 enrolled in Sunday School. Pastor, W. A. Hyde. Clerk, Miss Eileen Lowe.

The Crab Orchard Baptist church was originally called the South Big Creek church, and under this name was organized by Elder Benjamin Smith and Deacon Samuel Penn on Dec. 5, 1846. There were eight charter members. On the first Sunday in April, 1860, the congregation unanimously decided to change the name to Crab Orchard. B. F. Kenney was the pastor at that time. The present church house was erected in 1860, and is valued at \$1,200. The membership is about 40. Clerk, Mrs. Hattie Adams.

Three Baptist churches have been organized in Gallatin. Of the first nothing can be learned. The next one was organized in 1855 by Elders R. C. Hill and Franklin Graves. Meetings were held over a store where the postoffice now is. R. C. Hill was the first pastor and was succeeded in 1857 by B. F. Kenney. Arrangements for building a church were begun but

the war made it necessary to disband. Mr. Kenney continued to preach there as often as possible and in 1870, Kenney Chapel Baptist church was organized. Meetings were held in the Cumberland Presbyterian church until the completion of the Baptist church which was located one block north of the northwest corner of the public square. In 1905, the congregation began making plans for a new church, work, however, not beginning until 1910. The church was formerly dedicated June 4, 1911. A home for the pastor was purchased in 1914. The value of the church property is estimated at \$17,400. The present membership, 245. Sunday School enrollment, 225. Pastor, R. F. Judson. Clerk, A. R. Maffitt.

Grand River Baptist church, the oldest of the denomination, and the first or second of any denomination, in the county, was organized Dec. 14, 1833. For years they worshiped in a log school house. The first church was erected in 1864. A few years ago a new building was put up, and is valued at \$3,000. There are now 109 members of the church and the Sunday School enrollment is 50. Pastor, B. Venable. Clerk, Virgil Jenkins.

Hickory Creek church, located in Washington Township, was erected in 1869 by a stock company formed of those in the neighborhood interested in having a church in the community. The church cost \$1,700. A board of trustees was elected, and the first board was comprised of Gabriel Feurt, J. C. Glaze and William Grant. The first pastors in charge were J. L. Netherton for the Baptists, and J. H. Tharp for the Presbyterians. The church is now inactive. The Baptists report 25 members. Crit Feurt is the clerk.

The Jameson church was organized in 1892. Although one of the newest churches, it has the second largest membership of any Baptist church in the county—189. The Sunday School enrollment is 117. A Woman's Missionary Society and Young Women's Auxiliary are maintained. Pastor, C. W. Kent. Clerk, F. L. Scott. The value of the church property is \$5000.

The church at Jamesport was established in 1867. For some time services were held in the Methodist church. About 1882 a church house was erected. Many improvements have been made, and the property is now valued at \$3,500. It has 87 members, and 85 in the Sunday School. Mrs. Dan R. Gott is president of the Ladies Aid Society. Pastor, Dan R. Gott. Clerk, Miss Jennie Harrah.

Lick Fork, in Harrison Township, is the largest rural Baptist church in the county. It has a membership of 186, and a Sunday School enrollment of 23. A women's missionary society is also maintained. It was organized in 1867 or 1869, with nine members. A church was built in 1871. The pastor is Ellwood James, and Clarence Dewey is clerk.

The Rev. B. F. Kenney and the Rev. Mr. Black assisted in organizing

the church in Sheridan Township in July, 1858. The church building is valued at \$1,200. The congregation numbers 37 members, and the Sunday School enrolls 30. W. M. Bristow is clerk.

New Salem church is in the southwest corner of Jefferson Township. It was organized in 1846 and was formerly known at Victoria church. It was then one of the most prominent churches in the county, but its membership has now declined to 30. The church is valued at \$1,200. Joseph Coin is clerk.

Olive church was organized in 1872. The church property is valued at \$1,500. There are 65 members and 34 are enrolled in the Sunday School. The pastor is Lewis Clark, and the clerk is Otto Critten.

A church was established at Pattonsburg in 1881. A church building was erected in that year at a cost of \$1,500. The church now used is valued at \$7,500. The membership is 154, and the Sunday School enrollment, 159. A Women's Missionary Society and Ladies Aid Society are maintained by the members. The pastor is J. W. Trower, and A. J. Coffey, is clerk.

In 1880, the Rev. Joseph Wood organized a church in Lincoln Township, three miles south of old Bancroft. For a time it was called for the organizer, but the name has been changed to Pilot Grove church. There are now 51 members, and 40 are enrolled in the Sunday School. The church is valued at \$1,200. Richard Griffith is clerk.

Pilot Grove Church No. 2, was organized in 1886. It has 83 members, the Sunday School enrolling 27. The church building is valued at \$3,000. W. E. Kaufman is pastor and A. L. Mann is clerk.

Pleasant Ridge church has a membership of 83 and a Sunday School enrollment of 59. The church property is valued at \$1,200. Lillie Weldon is clerk.

Union Grove church was organized in 1886. The church has an enrollment of 59. The church property is valued at \$1,200. Lillie Weldon is clerk.

The Winston church has a membership of 128, and the Sunday School has an enrollment of 100. Mrs. V. C. Huffman is president of the Ladies Aid Society. A. B. Brown is pastor, and Cora McWilliams, clerk. The church property is valued at \$3,000.

In addition to Baptist churches, which are members of the Daviess County Baptist Association, this denomination holds an interest in Old Union church which is owned jointly by the Christian and Baptist churches. Services are no longer held there regularly. Hickory Creek church, now inactive, was owned by the Baptists and Presbyterians.

The Old School Baptists established a church in Lincoln Township in 1859. Rev. James M. Ward was the first pastor. The church is still active.

Another church of this denomination was organized in 1850 in Colfax Township.

There are two Free Will Baptist churches in the county—the Muddy (Philadelphia) Free Will Baptist church and the Center Point Free Will Baptist church. Both are in the northern part of the county.

The Methodist Episcopal Church.—There are in the county six Methodist Episcopal churches forming a part of the Cameron District.

Altamont Methodist church has a church building valued at \$4,000. It has 169 full and 12 preparatory members. The pastor is W. T. Cline. The church at Mabel is part of the Altamont charge.

F. A. Tinney is pastor of the churches at Coffey and Gilman. The two charges have a membership of 231, and a Sunday School enrollment of 233. The two churches are valued at \$9,500.

The church at Civil Bend was organized in 1865 through the efforts of Rev David Heath. There were about 15 charter members. A frame church was built in 1868, costing about \$1,500. A parsonage was also erected.

The Jamesport church was organized in 1869, with a membership of 25. The first church building was put up in 1871 and dedicated by Rev. Oscar Deshles. It was a frame building, and an addition was added in 1883. In 1903 a new lot was purchased a block from the business section of the town and on it was erected a brick building valued at about \$12,000. An addition was added the past summer. The church now has about 286 members with a Sunday School enrollment of 315 and an average attendance of 139. The pastor is A. S. Olsen.

The church was established at Winston in 1874 under the direction of Rev. H. S. Barnes. The following year a frame church building was begun but was not completed until 1876. The membership is now 320, with a Sunday School enrollment of 268. The pastor is Rev. C. H. Ragsdale. The church property is valued at \$10,000, the parsonage at \$2,000.

The first Methodist church at Pattonsburg was built in 1882. Before it was entirely completed it was sold to the Christian church. A congregation had been organized some time before this date. Services were held in the Baptist church until the building of the Methodist church in 1887. This church was a frame structure valued at about \$1,200. The pastor lived at Jameson until about 1886, when a parsonage was built at Pattonsburg. The first pastor to occupy this home was Rev. Hunt, and the church was begun during his pastorate. Rev. S. B. Tabor was pastor at the time of its completion. It was dedicated by Bishop Hendricks, January, 1888. This church was used until after the floods of 1909, after which a large and commodious church was built, which is valued at \$25,000. The parsonage is valued at \$4,000. The membership of the church is now 312, of the Sunday

School, 225. The Women's Missionary Society, 21. The pastor is K. T. Davis.

Methodist Episcopal Church, South.—The Gallatin church was organized in 1832, but the records prior to 1839 have been lost. It was probably included in a circuit, and the latter date is usually given as the date of organization. There was neither church nor school house in the county before 1835. The first preaching of any denomination in the county was held at the cabin of Hardin Stone by the Rev. Hardin Ellington about 1833. The first regular pastor was Rev. Abraham Millice in 1839 and 1840. In 1859 a frame church was erected at a cost of about \$1,500, and was dedicated by Rev. E. K. Miller. This building was replaced in 1886 by another frame structure at a cost of \$3,500. It was dedicated by Rev. John D. Vincil. The last service was held in this church July 28, 1912. The new building, valued at \$35,000, was dedicated in January, 1913, by Dr. W. F. McMurray. The church has a membership of 384. The first Sunday School in the county was organized in this church in 1850, with Judge John D. Coulson as superintendent. The enrollment is now 250. A Ladies Aid Society and Woman's Missionary Society are maintained. A parsonage valued at \$4,000 is owned by the church. The pastor, Rev. S. E. Hoover, also preaches at Centenary twice a month.

Centenary was organized in 1882 by Rev. Atterbury. There were only seven members at this time. Uncle Davis Van Dyke and six ladies. They collected money and material and built a church, which was dedicated by Rev. R. H. Cooper in 1883. This church was in a thriving condition for years as at one time they had as many as 250 members. Of late years many have moved their membership to Gallatin and towns nearby, so that only about 50 members are left. Sunday School is held during the summer months, E. G. Knight, being superintendent.

Wesley Chapel, three miles north of Pattonsburg, was originally a North Methodist church. About 25 years ago, Bethel and Ellis Chapel united and remodeled Wesley Chapel. It has since been of the Methodist church, South. The church is valued at about \$3,000. There is a membership of about 40.

The Methodist Episcopal church, South, at Jamesport, was built in 1879, at a cost of \$1,500. It was dedicated by the Rev. E. R. Hendricks. In 1882 the church had a membership of 26, which has increased to 226 at the present time. It has a Sunday School enrollment of about 300. The church has been remodelled and an addition built, the structure now being valued at \$5,000. A parsonage is located about three blocks from the church. C. L. Green is the pastor.

The Lock Springs church was organized in 1865. The names of only

four of the original members are known—Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Drummond, and John and James Brown. A building was soon erected. In 1882 the church had a membership of over 200. The church is now on the Lock Springs circuit, composed of Lock Springs, Mt. Olive, Spring Hill and Central Chapel, the last three being in Livingston County. The churches of the circuit have a total membership of 436. The four churches are valued at \$8,000. A parsonage, valued at \$1,500, is owned by the churches. The pastor is F. G. Seyforth.

In the early eighties a revival meeting was held at the old Honey Creek school house, now known as the Shiner school house. As a result of the meeting it was decided to build a church in the vicinity. Through the personal efforts of Wes. Woods and other prominent citizens, funds were secured. Most of the work on the building was done by the members. The church Monroe Chapel was dedicated in 1889 by Willis E. Dockery. For a time the congregation flourished, but now the major portion of the original members have died, others have moved away, and the motor cars have placed the remaining members in closer touch with the Gallatin church. In 1921, the church disbanded and the building was sold.

The first church to be built in Jamesport Township was Ketron Chapel, erected in 1858 or 1859 at a cost of \$750. It was a frame building 46 by 56 feet. It was named for William Ketron, a prominent minister. A few years later this church was sold and a new church erected some distance away. The new church was built in 1879 at a cost of \$1,000, and was dedicated by Rev. John D. Vincil. Since that time the church has been thoroly remodeled. Prior to the erection of the church building, a Methodist congregation had existed in this community, which had held services regularly since 1838. In 1842 a class was organized with Isaac Jordin as leader. The first minister was Rev. Reuben Aldridge, who preached for this congregation in 1838.

The church known as White Oak was organized in 1866 by Rev. J. F. Shores, and for four years services were held in a school house. In 1870, a church was built about one-half mile south of Jameson at a cost of \$1,500. For a number of years Harold L. Yates was superintendent of the Sunday School. The church was destroyed by fire in 1874.

The same year the principal members of White Oak Chapel organized the Jameson church, and a building was erected, costing when completed about \$1,800. The church maintains a Sunday School of over 150 members and a Women's Missionary Society. The Jameson, Wesley Chapel and Ketron churches now form the Jameson circuit, of which Rev. A. Snowden is pastor. The three churches have a membership of 125. A parsonage valued at \$2,000 is owned by the churches.

Presbyterian Church.--There are at present five Presbyterian churches in Daviess County, Gallatin, Bethel, Prairie, Grand River and Lock Springs. They form a part of the Presbytery of McGee.

The Gallatin church was formed by the union of the First Presbyterian and Cumberland Presbyterian churches in 1905.

The Cumberland Presbyterian church was organized on Dec. 24, 1857, under the direction of Rev. W. D. Mahan. The following year a church was built at a cost of \$1,200. The present church was built in 1892 at a cost of \$7,000.

The First Presbyterian church was organized April 29, 1871. A frame building was erected on the lot now occupied by the Virgil Wynne residence. The church had a devoted, but never a large membership. In May, 1905, at a congregational meeting, it was voted to unite with the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

The church now has an enrollment of 118, the Sunday School of 115, and the Women's Missionary Society of 35. A manse is owned by the church and is located on a lot adjoining the church building. For nine years the Rev. J. H. Tharp was pastor of this church, also preaching in a number of other churches in the county. The pastor at present is C. W. Smith.

Bethel church dates its origin back to 1860. On April 26 of that year, a group of Presbyterians effected an organization at the Goodbar School house under the leadership of the Rev. J. W. French. Owing to the Civil War the congregation soon became discouraged. After the close of the war, there was an attempt to get the congregation together, but it was not fully reorganized until 1871. A church building was then begun and completed the following year at a cost of \$2,126. When the two Presbyterian churches united, the Hopewell congregation was added to the Bethel congregation. The membership of the church now numbers 20.

Old Harmony church, northeast of Carlow, was built in 1869. In 1887 Prairie Valley church was built by the members of old Harmony and the old church was abandoned. The church now has a membership of 60, and a Sunday School enrollment of 50. The pastor is Rev. L. E. Brown.

In 1913, the Bethel and Prairie Valley churches purchased a tract of land at Blake and erected a most attractive manse.

Grand River church was erected a number of years ago. The congregation has gradually become scattered and at the last report to the General Assembly, it had only two members. In 1921 the McGee Presbytery appointed the Rev. C. W. Smith and Elder J. A. Selby a special committee to investigate the condition of the church and report what steps should be taken regarding it.

The church at Lock Springs was organized in 1860. The first pastor was Rev. John French. This congregation is now the largest of the Presbyterian denomination in the county, having a membership of 186, and a Sunday School enrollment of about 100. A manse is owned by the church. T. M. Glick is the pastor.

Seventh Day Adventists.—The Seventh Day Adventists have one church in the county which is located in Jefferson Township. The leading member of the original congregation was Joseph H. Mallory. Desiring a church of his own faith near his home, he and with the other members of the congregation selected a site on his farm and work was immediately begun on a church which was completed in 1885. Seven years later Mr. Mallory and his wife conveyed the land upon which the church was situated to the Seventh Day Adventists General Conference Association. Some years later it was discovered that the land was not correctly described, and a suit is now pending to determine the title of the church site.

CHAPTER X.

SCHOOLS.

EARLY DAY SUBSCRIPTION SCHOOLS—PIONEER TEACHERS—FIRST SCHOOL HOUSE—
LOCATION OF EARLY SCHOOLS—TEACHER'S INSTITUTES—HIGH SCHOOLS—CON-
SOLIDATED HIGH SCHOOLS—APPROVED RURAL SCHOOLS—GRAND RIVER COL-
LEGE—GRAND RIVER ACADEMY—GALLATIN ACADEMY.

Before the organization of the public school system subscription schools were established. The 1882 history of the county says, "In 1835 schools were taught, and from that day there has been no faltering by the way." However, no record of a school is found prior to 1837. This school was taught by H. W. Enyart, in Benton Township, in the summer of 1837. The term lasted for three months and in the following winter he taught another term of the same length. The salary was \$2.00 per scholar, one account says \$2.50, and was payable in produce, corn, deerskins, honey, etc. Occasionally money was paid but this was the exception rather than the rule.

A. S. Youtsey taught the first school in Union Township in a small cabin adjoining his farm. His terms were \$3.50 per student for a session of three months. The first school house in the county was erected on his farm. The lumber was furnished by the settlers. The carpenter work cost \$25 and William Bixby was the contractor.

The following account of the first schools in Jamesport Township is given in the 1882 history. "The first school taught was in a log cabin on Auberry's farm and taught by Lewis McCoy. This was in 1838. He got \$6.00 per month, for six pupils and boarded around. On the John Hill place was the first school house and school was kept by James H. B. McFerran; who afterwards was a lawyer and banker at Gallatin, and now lives in Colorado. He had some seven or eight pupils and taught for \$2.00 per scholar, a session of three months. It is evident that it was not the superabundance of wealth realized from teaching that caused him to take his departure."

The first school house in Benton Township was built in the summer of 1842. It was made of round logs, 16x18 feet, in size and had a dirt floor. It had a clapboard roof held with mud. The equipment consisted of smooth purcheon seats and desks. The building was put up by the neighbors,

among them being Isaac and David Groomer, John D. Williams, John Githens and Joseph McCrasky. This building was in the north half of the section 28. John Githens taught the first school here and had about 20 pupils and received \$3.50 per scholar for a three months term.

In 1846 the first school house was built in Colfax Township, and was on the Caster farm in section 15. Miss Elizabeth Morton was the first to teach in the building and she received, regardless of the number of pupils, \$10.00 per month for her services. Not more than a year later a school was taught in the west side of the township by M. C. Weddle and he charged \$1.00 tuition per pupil.

James Jeffries taught the first school in Lincoln Township in 1844. The school house was erected on Section 30, between ten and 15 pupils attended the first term. Mr. Jeffries was paid \$15.00 per month.

The first school house in Marion Township was built of small lots or poles, Jonathan Trotter was the first teacher. A Mr. Peiffer taught the first school in Jackson Township on Penniston's Ridge. Here the first school building was erected at a cost of from \$15.00 to \$20.00. The first school in Liberty Township was taught by Joseph Starling.

Two school houses were built in Sheridan Township in 1842. C. Needler was the first teacher, receiveing \$1.50 per pupil unless the higher branches were taught.

Just who taught the first school in Monroe Township is not known. R. Owens taught in the township in 1837. James Hemly is supposed to have taught prior to that time but the exact date cannot be determined. The first school house was built, at a cost of about \$40.00, in the Hickory Grove neighborhood. This was in 1840. The trustees of this school were Hardin Stone, Elijah Whitt, and George Hemry.

William P. Dunnington was one of the first to teach in Harrison Township. He had about 15 pupils in 1838 and 1839. The first school was taught in 1836 but was poorly attended and the name of the teacher is not remembered.

A Maine Yankee, Dr. Watts, was not only the first physician in Salem Township, but the first school teacher.

In 1840 some of the settlers in Washington Township erected a school house on the banks of Honey Creek. John D. Inlow, (or Enlow,) taught here, having as many as 20 pupils. A large number for those days. In the late winter of 1841-42 this building was washed away.

Teachers Institutes.—After the public schools were fairly well organized it was customary to hold county institutes. These were held just before examinations for county certificates were given and the courses offered were largely preparatory for these examinations.

In 1869 W. M. Bostaph reported to the state superintendent of schools, "The county teachers institute in this county is in a flourishing condition, with about 50 members, most of whom are regular attendants, and a lively interest is being manifested by some of them."

The report of 1883-84 shows that an institute was held in Daviess County under the management of B. F. Brown with H. H. King as instructor. The session lasted 30 days and 47 teachers were in attendance.

During the summer of 1885, the institute was managed by W. T. Paugh with B. F. Duncan and J. J. Bryant. The term lasted ten days and was attended by 71 teachers.

The instructors during the summer of 1887 were Laura Hyden, C. H. Dutcher and F. A. Swanger, and W. T. Pugh was again manager. Again the attendance showed an increase, 93 being enrolled. Each teacher paid a tuition of \$3.10 for the 19 day session.

H. Hamilton was in charge of the institute in 1889 and B. F. Heaton and others were the instructors. An institute lasting from July 9 to July 27, in 1895 and was under the management of C. A. Savage. F. W. Williams and W. H. Buch and A. R. Alexander were the teachers. The enrollment reached 122. At the end of the session 16 first grade, 32 second grade and 49 third grade certificates were granted.

The teachers in the 1900 session which met from July 17, to August 4, were A. D. Edmison, J. L. Gallatin and F. W. Williams. 78 were enrolled.

The character of these teachers' meetings has been greatly changed. The state university and the teacher's colleges have supplanted the county institute for courses of instruction. Even the county meetings which usually lasted a couple of days in August and in November are being superseded by the state and district associations.

At the time of the organization of the county statutory provisions were in force for the organization of public schools to be supported out of the school funds of each county and local taxation. In 1842, the first apportionment of state money was made, but Daviess County had no schools entitled to this fund. At the next apportionment in February, 1843, one school received state aid. District No. 1, in Township 59, Range 26. 42 children were taught in the school out of a possible enrollment of 59. The account of state money received was \$35.40 when the fifth apportionment in January, 1846, was made, four schools were entitled to aid and the sum received was \$146.74.

The report of the state superintendent of schools for the year 1854 contains much detailed information regarding the schools.

At that time the effort from Daviess County showed that out of the

2,345 children between the ages of five and 20, 1,084 were enrolled in the schools. The average attendance was, however, much lower than this. 30 teachers were employed, 23 of whom were men. The average salary per month for the men was \$19.12, while the women had to content themselves with an average of \$10.60. The average length of the school year was four months, seven days. The sum of \$442.00 was reported raised for building and repairing school houses.

The school system continued to grow until the Civil War. During that period many of the schools were suspended. By 1886 the system had been somewhat reorganized and the report for that year showed that there were in the county 61 primary schools and three private or select schools, with an average school term of four and one third months and an average attendance of 29.

For the school year ending in June, 1821, the reports show that the enumeration for that year was 4,105. The decreases in enumeration are to be accounted for in decrease in the whole population of the county. The average daily attendance was 3,538. Two schools have less than a six months term. 16 have between six and eight months. 60 have eight months, and seven have a nine months term. 297 pupils were graduated from the common school course in 1921.

There were 153 teachers employed in the schools, 25 men and 128 women, while in 1854, only seven of the 30 teachers employed were women. There still remains, however, considerable difference in the average salary paid men and women. In 1921 the average salary per month for the former was \$110, for women \$80. Of the 153, 18 held state, 41 held normal and 94 held county certificates. The estimated value of school property in the county is \$250,000, while equipment is valued at \$35,000.

High Schools.—High Schools were early established in the county. The report of the state superintendent in 1910 showed that Gallatin maintained a first class, Plattsburg a third class and Jamesport an unclassified high school.

In the last 11 years great progress has been made. By 1915 there were three first class high schools. Gallatin, Jamesport and Pattonsburg; two third class high schools, Coffey and Jameson. The schools at Altamont Lock Springs and Winston were on the unclassified list. Which schools of Coffey, Jameson and Lock Springs, had been added to the list of first class high schools in 1921. There were third class schools at Altamont, Winston, Blake and Carlow.

Two high schools provide training for teachers—Gallatin and Pattonsburg. At Gallatin the class is taught by Mrs. Clara Wills, at Pattonsburg by R. F. Wood.

Vocational agriculture is taught at Jameson and Gallatin.

The Winston opera house is being remodeled for use as a high school. The building is so located that the city park can be used as a play ground.

The Jamesport high school building was erected in 1914. The Gallatin building was completed in 1910.

The first consolidated high school in the county was built at Jameson. The district being formed by the union of Jameson, Laswell, Brown, Brushy Creek and the Grant schools. The first week in February, 1914, a petition signed by 36 taxpayers, asking for consolidation was presented to I. J. Vogelgesang, county superintendent. The election was held later in the month and was carried by a vote of 142 to 69. The question of providing transportation for school children which was presented as a separate proposition carried by a vote of 154 to 15. Two weeks later the new district voted a bond issue of \$20,000 for the erection of a school building. Early in March the district acquired four acres for a campus, and the contract let for the building. Seven new school wagons each accommodating 25 pupils were also contracted for.

Suit was then made to disorganize the district; was made a test case before the Supreme Court. The auditor declining to register the bonds. The court decided that the consolidation was legal and the new directors proceeded with the work.

Two elections were brought to disorganize the district but both failed. School opened Oct. 4, 1915, with B. F. Brown as principal.

In 1916 the county court ordered school districts known as Prairie Valley 63 and Mann 64, to be hereafter designated as Blake school district No. 63-64. An attractive building was erected. In addition to the elementary school work, two years of high school work was offered.

Approved Rural Schools.—In 1909 the state superintendent formulated a plan for the approval of rural schools. In 1910, Daviess County had ten approved schools—Barnett, Johnson, Haw Branch, Madison and Swisher with Bert E. Morgan, F. W. Williams, Edna Offield, Blanche Ayres and Orpha Leabo as teachers.

By Jan. 1, 1916 the number had a little more than doubled, 11 schools: Everly, Virginia Ridge, Barnett, Prairie Hall, Splawn's Ridge, Prairie Hill, Castor and Madison being on the approved list.

The schools placed on the standard list in 1921 and their teachers are, Liberty, James I. Ray; Netherton, Mrs. Irvin Schapaugh; Goodbar, Mary Croy; Fairview, Orla Olsen; Prairie Hall, Gertrude Parmley; Pleasant Grove, Bernice Miller; Blake, Mrs. Alvin Nebelsick; Island No. 10, Ferm Meloy; Wooderson, Ora Quitmyer; Allen, Mary Temple.

Grand River College.—Grand River College, then located at Edinburg,

in Grundy County, was organized and opened to the public in 1850. It was a co-educational institution, and is said to have been the first college in the state to admit women on equal terms with men. It was first called Grand River College Association. It had its inception in the enterprising spirit of the Baptists of Grundy and adjoining counties. Several years later the name of the organization was changed and the institution incorporated as Grand River College. For 40 years this unpretentious college maintained a record of faithful and efficient work. Its faculty included some of the ablest educators in the state.

Edinburg was an inland town, and in 1892, the trustees decided that in order to make the college more accessible, enlarge its facilities and increase its usefulness, its removal to another location was desirable. Gallatin was selected. The citizens of Gallatin agreed to furnish the college site and to erect a building, to cost when completed, including furnishings, not less than \$15,000, and when completed, to convey the site and buildings to the six Baptist Associations, Mt. Moriah, West Fork, North Grand River, Gentry, Livingston and Linn County. The gift was made with the understanding that a college in all its appointments to the educational demands of the age should be maintained. Any surplus remaining from the sale of town lots in the College Addition to Gallatin, after appropriating the \$15,000 for the building, was to be added to the permanent endowment fund. The citizens further agreed to raise within two years after the opening of the college an amount which when added to this surplus would be \$5,000.

The college started out under very favorable conditions. Dr. W. Pope Yeaman, a prominent Missouri educator, who had formerly been chancellor of William Jewell College and president of the Board of Curators of the University of Missouri, was secured as president.

The college had seven departments, philosophy, languages, mathematics and astronomy, natural science, literature and history, art, and preparatory. It conferred the degrees of Bachelor of Science, Bachelor of Arts, and Master of Arts, and certificates of graduation were given in any department upon the completion of the studies in that department.

The college opened its first session at Gallatin, Oct. 3, 1893. During the first year, 106 students were enrolled, 60 others being enrolled in the preparatory department, taught in the old college building at Edinburgh.

On Jan. 16, 1893, the charter of the college was approved by the county court, the Board of Trustees being C. P. Brandon, W. L. Merritt, I. H. Bohannon, Joseph Koger, J. N. Brassfield, I. S. Lowry, E. A. Excun, F. P. Bain, Jasper Shoemaker, S. R. Dillion, E. D. Isbell, George Tuggle and Gabriel Feurt.

The second year a law department was added, the work being conducted

by J. W. Alexander and President Yeaman. The total enrollment that year reached 137.

Dr. Yeaman resigned in 1897, and the school was taken over by the Hatton brothers, J. H. Hatton being president, M. W. Hatton, vice-president and R. E. Hatton, secretary.

In 1902, J. H. Hatton resigned and H. E. Osborn of Warrensburg was chosen as his successor. In November of the same year, President Osborn resigned. A successor was not secured until August, 1913, when the Rev. James Rice, of Bolivar, Mo., was chosen. Under the agreement with him, the college was to be endowed and put upon a permanent basis. The trustees, were, however, unable to endow the college, and after a rather long struggle, the work was abandoned temporarily.

Grand River Academy.—Some time after the closing of Grand River College, an offer was made by William Jewell College, of Liberty, to take over the property and use it as a preparatory school. In February, 1905, the trustees of the college met in Gallatin, and voted to accept the offer, upon the condition that William Jewell College would provide for the mortgage indebtedness of Grand River College, amounting to about \$1200. The proposition made by William Jewell College was to take over the property, changing the name to Grand River Baptist Academy of William Jewell College, and to provide an endowment for the institution.

In May, 1906, the Board of Trustees of Grand River College decided to accept the offer, with some slight modifications, and arrangements were then made to open the Academy under the principalship of Rev. O. L. Wood, on Sept. 19, 1906.

At the first commencement, three were graduated in music, Blanche Deem, Charity Macy and Helen Weiser. Bessie Fannin, Lennis Downing, Etta Fox, Claude Fannin, Jessie Wilson, Irene Stout and Frances completed the business course.

The enrollment increased during the second year, reaching 100 in January, 1908..

In the summer of 1908, plans were set on foot to erect a new dormitory, since the main building did not furnish accommodations for all the students. To meet the growing demands of the school, several cottages near the Academy were rented.

During the summer of 1909, plans were completed for the erection of a \$6,000 dormitory. The site selected was just west of the main building. Work was begun in August and was practically completed, when the Academy closed in 1910.

After again remaining vacant for several years, another attempt was made to revive Grand River College. In February, 1914, Dr. E. W. Dow

begun negotiations with William Jewell College for the purchase of the building. The Commercial Club invited Dr. Dow to visit Gallatin to investigate the proposition. He came in April. He proposed to open a school for girls and asked the citizens of Gallatin to subscribe \$500 annually for five years, payable at the end of each school year.

Arrangements were made for the opening of the school in September. At first it was called the Dow College for Girls, but it was later decided to retain the name of the original institution. The faculty was composed of Dr. and Mrs. Dow, Miss Helen Dow, Miss Mary Dow, in the Academic Department, Prof. Dunwoody, Music Miss Ruth Early, Art, and Miss Elizabeth Reneau, Commercial Department. The enrollment during the first year was near 50. The next year the standard of the college was raised, and a full four years' course offered. In 1916 the A. B. degree was conferred upon Miss Ethel Ramsbottom.

The third year there were three graduates from the preparatory department, Mary Moore, Lucille Netherton and Ruth Ramsbottom, and Georgia O'Hare from the collegiate department.

In 1918, the graduates were Cecil Burns, Fay Croy, Esther Foley, Mary Croy and Edna Merritt.

During the fall of 1918, an attempt was made to make Grand River College an accredited military school for the Students Army Training Corps. Negotiations were well under way and promised to be successful, but before the petition was acted upon by the government, the college burned. The dormitory, built in 1909, but which was never used, is all that is left to show for this institution of higher learning.

Gallatin Academy.—The State Legislature of 1849 passed an act incorporated the Daviess County Female Academy, pursuant to the provisions of which, the county court, in July, 1849, appointed as the first board of trustees Jonathan E. Mann, Volney E. Bragg, Francis M. Estes, Joseph L. Nelson, John D. Williams, Benedict Weldon and John D. Coulson.

Six years later the legislature passed an act incorporateing the Daviess County Academy and Masonic Hall, naming as the first directors: John Cravens, Samuel Bryan, John D. Coulson, Thomas T. Frame, Nathan Gililan, James McFerran, and Edgar C. Kelso.

Just when the Academy opened is not known. The first principal was a Mr. Tuttle, and Miss Addie Cauthorn, later Mrs. W. M. Givens, was its first teacher of Latin and Greek.

Others who taught at the Academy were J. S. Huffacre, R. M. Messick, Arthur C. Weston, John C. Vertrees, Miss Carrie Smith, Mrs. Ann Givens Cauthorn, and Miss Hattie Atchison, (Mrs. A. M. Irving).

CHAPTER XI.

BENCH AND BAR.

THREE CIRCUIT JUDGES FROM DAVIESS COUNTY—FIRST TERM OF CIRCUIT COURT HELD IN 1837—FIRST BUSINESS TRANSACTED—CHANGES IN JUDICIAL CIRCUIT—CIRCUIT JUDGES—LAWYERS IN 1860—LAWYERS WHO CAME AFTER THE CIVIL WAR—ATTORNEYS IN 1882—PRESENT DAY ATTORNEYS—THE TRIAL OF FRANK JAMES.

In the little more than 85 years of its existence, Daviess County has furnished three Circuit Judges, James McFerran, Samuel A. Richardson and Joshua W. Alexander.

The first term of the circuit court was held at the home of Elisha B. Creekmore on the first Thursday after the fourth Monday in July, 1837. Judge Austin A. King presided. Thomas C. Burch acted Prosecuting Attorney, James B. Turner as Clerk, and William Bowman, Sheriff. The county was then a part of the Fifth Judicial Circuit. The court lasted one day, disposed of two petitions in debt and continued a third. The grand jury returned one indictment, for manslaughter. The third session of the court, in March, 1838, was more exciting. It had been discovered that betting on and playing at cards were indictable offenses, and the grand jury proceeded to do its duty. It returned 43 indictments for these offenses, trespass, peddling without a license, and similar offenses which the freedom loving pioneer had regarded as among his inalienable rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. The session lasted several days. The 40 persons indicted for betting at cards were each fined \$5.00. All paid but William Cates, who insisted upon a trial by jury of his peers. This being granted, he was fined One Cent by said peers. It might be remarked incidentally that this was the first term of court which paid expenses.

Judge King held court in the county until 1839, when he was succeeded by Thomas C. Burch. The same year Daviess County became a part of the Eleventh Judicial Circuit, composed of Chariton, Ray, Daviess, Livingston, Macon, Linn, and Graundy counties with James A. Clark of Chariton County, as Judge, B. F. Stringfellow, of Chariton, Circuit Attorney. The

following lawyers were members of the bar: Philip L. Edwards and Amos Reese, of Richmond; Benjamin F. Tarr and William Y. Slack, Chillicothe; Anderson S. Harris, of Brunswick, Wesley Halliburton, of Bloomington; and Ebenezer H. Wood, of Trenton. From 1841 until 1848, Austin A. King was again Circuit Judge, with George W. Dunn as Circuit Attorney. The first resident attorneys were admitted to the bar in March, 1845; Theodore Peniston, George W. Poage, and Gabriel M. Keene, Volney E. Bragg and James H. B. McFerran located in Gallatin in 1848. Other attorneys who practiced in the early courts of the county were: Mordecai Oliver, Christian Garner, John C. Griffin, John H. Shanklin and Joseph T. Tindall, all non-residents.

George W. Dunn became judge in 1848, and served for the following ten years. Mordecai Oliver was Circuit Attorney. He was succeeded in 1852 by Christian Garner. In 1855, James H. B. McFerran became the first county attorney.

Daviess County now became a part of the Seventh Judicial Circuit, and in 1859 James H. B. McFerran was elected judge, serving until 1864. James Clark, of Livingston County, became Judge in 1864.

A change was again made in the circuits in 1872, Daviess County being made a part of the 28th circuit, composed of Gentry, Worth and Harrison counties. Samuel A. Richardson was made judge, serving until 1880.

The next circuit judge was John C. Howell, of Bethany.

A Missouri State Gazeteer and Business Directory, published in the year 1860 lists the following lawyers in Daviess County: B. M. Butler and S. B. Guthrie, of Cravensville; J. K. Cravens, R. L. Dodge, R. E. Douglas, J. H. Kinkead, John A. Leopard and Samuel A. Richardson, of Gallatin. This list is probably quite incomplete.

During and following the close of the Civil War, a number of lawyers came to the county. Among these were William A. Hargis, John Conover, Wm. A. McDowell, Madison A. Ballinger, Frank Ewing, Henry C. McDougal, D. L. Kost, W. T. Sullivan and others.

Of those who were practicing in the county in 1882, the history published in that year makes the comments found below:

"Marcus A. Low, now in Trenton, one of the best corporation lawyers in the State".

"Judge Samuel A. Richardson, oldest and most successful practitioner here."

"William M. Rush Jr., a fluent speaker, logical and convincing."

"Joshua F. Hicklin, a close student, with unblemished character and a reputation for honesty and fairness that is universally admired by both the bar and the people of the county."

"H. C. McDougal, a successful young lawyer and genial gentlemen."

"William C. Gillihan, by untiring energy he has succeeded in his profession."

"Samuel T. Brosius, a young lawyer of great industry, is making a success."

"Loren G. Rowell, a lawyer of tact and talent."

"D. L. Kost, has been an editor and much of a politician."

"William N. Richardson, a member of the bar, but finds more money in stock-raising."

"R. A. Vance, practices in this court, but gives his attention chiefly to speculation."

"Adams Ballinger, is a young and promising lawyer, just commencing to practice."

"John A. Keck has been admitted, but is now merchandising."

"Boyd Dudley, youngest member of the bar, now in Socorro, New Mexico."

"William M. Bostaph, a strict and careful business man."

"William D. Hamilton, endowed with sense, energy and pluck."

"Thomas R. Shaw, the present judge of probate, practiced successfully before going into office five years ago."

"Oscar Saylor, now singly and surely succeeding."

"J. A. Holliday, making commercial law a specialty."

"Joshua W. Alexander, is young and his future is full of bright prospect for honor in his profession."

"Milt Ewing, a young man of ability and learning."

"Edward E. Yates, a promising young man, a good talker, good student, splendid business qualifications."

"G. A. Chapman, E. A. Huson and W. W. Snider are young and promising attorneys at Winston."

"Thomas A. Gaines, at Jameson, has long been in the practice, and receives his share of the legal business."

"Wm. G. Gallison, at Jamesport, practices successfully, but gives more time and attention to cattle-raising."

Forty years has wrought many changes in the personal of the bar. Of those above mentioned, only two are new practicing actively—J. W. Alexander and Boyd Dudley. W. C. Gillihan, while still living, has been compelled because of ill health to retire almost completely from the practice. Some have left Gallatin and attained eminence in the practice elsewhere, among whom are Ed. E. Yates, who has for many years maintained a foremost place among the lawyers of Kansas City; H. C. McDougal, who also removed to Kansas City, where he died a few years ago; and M. A.

Low, whose remarkable career as a corporation lawyer was brought to close with his death at Topeka, Kansas, only a few months ago. With the passing of the years, the youth of the bar of 1882 has become the veteran of the present, and Boyd Dudley, then referred to as the youngest member is now probably the oldest in point of continuous active practice within the county. The period of practice of J. W. Alexander has been divided by a term of highly honorable public service, in which he served successively as Circuit Judge, Congressman and Secretary of Commerce. Thomas R. Shaw still resides at Gallatin, but does not practice. S. T. Brosius resides at Alton, Missouri, and D. L. Kost at Gentry, Arkansas.

In the later eighties John C. Leopard and J. A. Selby were admitted to practice, and have resided and practiced in Gallatin continuously since that time. Others admitted since that time and who complete the ranks of the present bar are Nathaniel G. Cruzen, Lewis B. Gilliam, O. C. Mettle, Dean H. Leopard, Charles D. Bandom, and S. W. Bandom, of Gallatin; George B. Padget and M. E. Pangburn, of Pattonsburg.

While it is not the purpose of this history to recite in detail all trials for murder and robbery that have taken place in the county, it might be of interest to give some space to what was probably the most noted case ever tried in Daviess County—the trial of Frank James.

On Dec. 7, 1869, between twelve and one o'clock, two men entered the office of the Daviess County Savings Association. One of them asked the cashier, Captain John W. Sheets, to change a hundred dollar bill. Cashier Sheets went into the back room to get the money, when he was shot. Hearing the shot, Mr. McDowell, the only other person in the bank, turned quickly and was immediately covered. He managed however to get out of the door and gave the alarm, although pursued by one of the bandits who shot at him several times. Hastily gathering up what funds they could get quickly, they mounted their horses and rode away, closely pursued by citizens who had heard the alarm. They managed to escape. One of the horses escaped and it was afterwards proved that it had at one time been the property of Jesse James. In a letter to Governor McClurg, dated June, 1870, Jesse James stoutly denied that he had anything to do with the robbery and murder, and said that while the horse captured had belonged to him, he had sold it prior to this time. A number of people testified that they had seen him at other places during the time of the robbery.

On the night of July 15, 1881, the Rock Island train was robbed by seven men, who boarded the train at Winston, and began work as soon as they were out of town. When the order of "Everybody down" was not obeyed by Conductor Westfall, he was promptly shot down. Other shots

were fired, Frank McMillan also being killed. Two of the men took charge of the engine, while others entered the baggage car and forced the messenger to open the safe. The amount secured was estimated from \$3,000 to \$15,000. Again the James gang was suspected of the robbery and murder, but again nothing could be proved.

In 1882, Frank James gave himself up upon the promise of the Governor that he would be given a fair trial. He was brought to Gallatin in December, and was confined in the stone jail which was on the northwest corner of the public square. The trial was begun Aug. 20, 1883, Judge Goodman, of Albany, presiding. Dr. A. F. McFarland was Circuit Clerk, and his deputy was William Sheets. George T. Crozier was sheriff and his deputy was Gabe W. Cox. Major S. P. Cox, A. P. Shour, John Bowen and William Hamilton were also deputies and jury attendants.

The attorneys for the State were William H. Wallace, of Kansas City, John H. Shanklin, of Trenton, William D. Hamilton, Prosecuting Attorney of Daviess County, and J. F. Hicklin, Gallatin. Frank James had as his attorneys, Charles P. Johnson, John M. Glover, of St. Louis, John M. Slover, of Independence, Mo., J. W. Alexander and Wm. Rush, Jr., of Gallatin, and Judge John F. Phillips, of Kansas City.

The jurors were J. B. Smith, age 26; Charles R. Nance, 45; Jason Winburn, 39; Richard E. Hale, 24; James Snider, 37; Benjamin Feurt, 37; Lorenzo Gilbreath, 46; W. F. Richardson, 53; William Merritt, 33; Oscar Chamberlain, 31; A. B. Shellman, 37; James Boggs, 57.

The selection of this jury required four days. Over 200 witnesses were subpoenaed. Among them were Mrs. Sarah Hite, Dick Liddell, General Joe Shelby, Mrs. Zerelda Samuels, John D. Samuels and Mrs. Allen Palmer.

The crowds which a trial of this sort would attract can be imagined. All the leading newspapers in the country sent special representatives.

The jury stood 11 to 1 in favor of acquittal on the first ballot. Lorenzo Gilbreath being the only one favoring conviction. He soon gave in and James was acquitted.

CHAPTER XII.

THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

WM. P. THOMPSON THE FIRST DOCTOR IN THE GRAND RIVER COUNTRY—OTHER EARLY DAY DOCTORS—THE LIFE AND PRACTICE OF PIONEER DOCTORS—THE DAVIESS COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY—THE GRAND RIVER MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

The first doctor to practice in this part of the Grand River country was William P. Thompson. He was a native of South Carolina. Coming west he settled first in Ray County. In 1833 he made his home in what afterwards became Madison Township in Grundy County. His services as a physician were soon in demand and for years he had a most extensive practice.

Dr. Smith, Dr. Robert Ellis, Dr. Hoover and Samuel Venable, were the pioneer physicians in Union Township. Dr. Ellis went to California in the early days. The first resident physician in Jamesport Township was Dr. Kehr. After practicing for some ten years, he moved to Memphis, Tennessee.

Dr. William Henderson came from Kentucky in 1835 and was the first doctor to reside in Benton Township. Soon afterwards Dr. Yater settled in the same township. Both enjoyed a splendid practice.

Dr. D. B. Hill was the first physician to make his home in Lincoln Township. He came from Adams County, Illinois, and settled near Bancroft.

Drs. J. W. Hightree and Whitley Miller were the first to practice in Marion Township. Dr. R. B. Ellis, a native of Vermont, was the first physician to settle in Jackson Township. Dr. William Livcy, a native of Virginia, came to Liberty Township in 1838. He remained only two years and then moved away.

Dr. John Cravens came to the county in 1837, settling first at Adamondi-Ahmon, or Cravensville, as the town was later called. Some years afterwards he moved to Gallatin and lived on the corner now occupied by the Farmers Exchange Bank. He was a native of Rockingham County, Virginia.

Dr. William Allen, who came from Carroll County, was the first practicing physician of Harrison Township. After a few years he removed to Orgeon.

A Dr. Watts, from Maine, practiced for a few years in Salem Township, being the first resident physician there.

In 1860, the following physicians were practicing in the county: E. M. Breeden, G. D. Pyles, R. M. Robertson, K. Scott, all of Cravensville.

G. W. Brosius, John Cravens, F. M. Estes, W. M. Givens, and C. C. Hogan, all of Gallatin.

J. T. Allen, Jesse Bright, of Jamesport.

J. W. Pyle, Thomas Simms, Pattonburg.

This list is taken from a state gazeteer published in that year and the data is probably incomplete.

The life of a physician was in those days no easy task. Long rides in all kinds of weather, poor roads to travel over or none at all. Little training was necessary—only a comparative few medicines were used, calomel, quinine, rhubarb and a few others being the standbys. But most of the physicians were, according to the standards of the day, well-educated, and when we consider how little was known of the causes and treatment of diseases, the wonder is that they were so successful. Even rather difficult operations were sometimes performed.

Daviess County Medical Society.—The Daviess County Medical Society was organized Dec. 19, 1877, as a means of discussing problems of general interest to the profession. Some sixteen were present at the time of organization. Duly qualified physicians alone were admitted to membership. The first officers were: Dr. W. M. Givens, President; Dr. F. C. Eastman, First Vice-President; Dr. R. H. Robertson, Second Vice-President; Dr. D. F. Long, Treasurer; Dr. D. F. Hanna, Secretary. Other members of the society were: James T. Allen, Alexander M. Dockery, G. W. Hutchison, W. E. Black, A. H. Campbell, James H. Berry, D. M. Glagett, M. McClung, W. H. Folmsbee, David Macy and J. H. Harmon.

After about a year and a half, this society was merged into a larger organization known as the Grand River Medical Association. The physicians of five counties united in forming this society. Meetings were held semi-annually. One meeting was held in Chillicothe each year, on the first Tuesday in June. The other meeting was held on the first Tuesday in December at alternate places. Dr. W. M. Givens served as president for one year.

CHAPTER XIII.

THE PRESS.

FIRST PAPER PUBLISHED IN THE GRAND RIVER COUNTRY IN 1843—FIRST NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN DAVIESS COUNTY IN 1853—EARLY DAY NEWSPAPERS AND PUBLISHERS—ED. HOWE ENGAGED IN NEWSPAPER WORK HERE—LATER PUBLICATIONS—NEWSPAPERS AT GALLATIN, WINSTON, COFFEY, LOCKSPRINGS, JAMESON, ALTAMONT, JAMESPORT, PATTONSBURG AND OTHER PLACES.

No newspaper was published in the Grand River country until 1843. At that time James H. Darlington established the Grand River Chronicle at Chillicothe. Under his management, the paper became one of the most influential in North Missouri. His son, E. S. Darlington, took charge of the paper in 1855, and published it until 1860. Because of its advocacy of the doctrine of secession, the paper was suppressed by the Federal authorities. This paper no doubt had some subscribers in Daviess County.

It was not until 1853 that a newspaper was published within the county. At that time the Missouri Sun was established by Stearns and McKean. It was Democratic in politics.

In 1917 a copy of this paper was found by J. C. McDonald, which was dated Feb. 1, 1855. A description of the paper was given by the Jameson Gem:

“The paper shows a splendid advertising patronage from business firms in Gallatin, Brunswick, St. Joseph, Pattonsburg, Chillicothe, Kingston and other places. One Gallatin merchant ran a want ad to buy up 1000 yards of brown jeans, 1000 yards of white linsey, 500 dozen pair of socks and other home-made products. One peculiar advertisement was that of S. Bryan, who offered to pay the highest prices in trade for deerskins.”

Two years later Frame & McKean became the proprietors, and the name of the paper was changed to the Gallatin Sun, and for the next three years, it upheld the politics of the “Know Nothing” party. The failure of the party meant the death of the paper.

After the failure of the Sun in 1858, Edward S. Darlington, former

editor of the Grand River Chronicle, bought the materials and began the publication of a Democratic sheet, known as the Western Register. He continued the paper for four years, when it was sold. Mr. Darlington at various times edited papers at Chillicothe, Trenton, Kirksville, Lawson, Holt, Rayville, Columbia, Fulton and other places. He died near Richmond in 1912. According to D. H. Davis, while Darlington was in Gallatin, he fell heir to an estate in Virginia, most of which he spent in buying a negro servant. The servant soon skipped to Kansas and sent back word that he was free as his former master.

James Graham, who purchased the Western Register from E. S. Darlington in 1862, changed the name of the paper to the Peoples Press. Although Mr. Graham was a Democrat, he made it a local rather than a party organ. In spite of its conservativeness, the editor incurred the wrath of the militia, and in 1864 the paper was suspended.

The establishment of the North Missourian is told by Mr. Kost, one of its first editors, in the Dec. 29, 1905, issue of that paper. He tells of coming to Gallatin in Aug., 1864, and of meeting B. J. Waters, a young lawyer, who suggested that they buy out Mr. Graham.

The first issue came out Aug. 28, 1864. Six months later B. J. Waters sold his interest to Mr. Kost and removed to Ray County and at the next election was elected to the Legislature from that county. In 1865, J. T. Day became associated with Mr. Kost. At this time there was no newspaper in DeKalb County, and the Missourian managed to get most of the printing from that county. In 1871 Mr. Kost disposed of his interest to W. T. Foster. Mr. Kost later represented Daviess County in both branches of the State Legislature.

In March, 1873, Mr. Foster retired, and Josiah Powell purchased his interest. Mr. Powell sold out to William T. Sullivan in Aug., 1875, and removed to Chillicothe, where for twenty years he served as surveyor and deputy.

Mr. Sullivan was a leader of the Radical party. In 1881 he was appointed to a government position in the Pension Department, continuing in that work nearly six years. For 25 years he was a post-office inspector. He died in 1910.

Mr. Day disposed of his interest in the Missourian, and for a time Mr. Sullivan was sole editor.

Harley Brundidge then became one of the editors. He retired after two years. Mr. Brundidge has since attained considerable fame as an editor, becoming chief director of the Los Angeles Express and Tribune. He was a member of the board that framed the charter for Los Angeles. At

present he is President of the Railroad Commission of the state of California.

In 1893 or 1894, R. M. Harrah purchased the *Missourian*. He was succeeded by D. H. Gilchrist, who soon disposed of it to C. M. Harrison. Mr. Harrison continued to edit the paper until 1909, when the paper was purchased by S. G. McDowell, a former editor of *Bethany*. In 1913, Mr. Harrison and his son, Fred M. Harrison, again acquired the paper and it has continued under their management up to the present time. Fred M. Harrison having the active management.

Ed. Howe, later editor of the *Atchison Globe*, was once an employee of the *North Missourian*. An interesting account of his life in Gallatin, is written by Judge McDougal.

“Twenty-six years ago, when I, a stranger in a strange land, was wrestling with the mysteries of Blackstone here at Gallatin, a rosy-faced, good-natured printer boy struck town and went to setting type in the *North Missourian* office, then owned and edited by Kost & Day. We took our meals at Mrs. Emmons boarding house . * * * * The printer boy heard everything, said little, was full of quiet, quaint humor, and had sense, and I became very fond of him. So after he drifted away from here, I kept track of him but did not appreciate his well-earned fame until I read his ‘Story of a Country Town’ only a few years ago. That settled it, for the ‘Twin Mounds’ of that book is *Bethany*, the county seat next north of us, and Howe’s old home. And no old citizen of Gallatin can read the book without recognizing at once John Williams as the ‘nervous little druggist,’ old man Jacobs as the ‘big fat blacksmith’ and Harfield Davis’ drug store as ‘the place where all questions, political, religious and social were discussed and settled,’ although Howe does not directly name either.”

Although not mentioned in any history of the county, the *Columbia Statesman* makes mention of a Democratic paper published in Gallatin from January, 1854, through 1858. The paper was published by G. W. Gardner and L. R. Stephens, and was known as the *Gallatin Spectator*.

The Democratic paper which had been published prior to and during the war had in the latter part of the war incurred the enmity of the militia and had been suppressed. The party now demanded an organ of expression, and the *Torchlight* was established in the summer of 1866, by James M. Gallimore and William H. Schrader. In October of the same year, Mr. Schrader sold his interest to his partner and went to Maryville, where in 1869 he acquired an interest in the *Maryville Register*, later the *DeKalb County Herald*. On Jan. 30, 1869, Mr. Gallimore sold the paper to Thomas and George Frame, and the paper was edited by Thomas Frame. In July, 1869, D. Harfield Davis took charge of the paper and from that time on the

success of the paper was assured. The name was soon changed to Democrat.

Mr. Davis remained an editor until June 30, 1870, when he retired for a few months in favor of Frank P. Warner. In the fall of 1871 Mr. Davis again became editor. During this time the paper was gaining in popularity, and was organizing the Democratic party into fighting form. In 1872, Mr. Davis again retired temporarily and during the campaign of 1872 the Democrat was edited by S. M. C. Reynolds. For the first time since the war, the Democratic party won out in the county election. In December, 1872, Mr. Davis again assumed the management of the paper, which he retained until Feb. 26, 1874, when he sold the office and good will to Dr. W. E. Black, Milt Ewing and Dr. N. M. Smith. Dr. Smith withdrew in November of the same year. On Jan. 1, 1875, S. L. Harvey, then of Trenton, purchased the paper and became proprietor, but remained only a few months. He then sold out to Lewis Lamkin. Mr. Harvey later edited papers in Trenton, Centerville, Iowa, and Neosho.

Mr. Lamkin remained editor of the Democrat for several years. He was one of the best known editors in Missouri. He died at Lee's Summitt in 1907. He assisted in establishing the first paper in Kansas City, moving the press from Independence.

Wesley L. Robertson purchased the Democrat in 1889, and continued as editor until 1894, when J. F. Jordin took charge. Mr. Jordin owned the paper only three years, at the end of which time it became the property of Gus Leftwich. After a few months, in March, 1898, he again became editor with Robert J. Ball as his partner. They continued to publish the paper until the death of Mr. Robertson in December, 1919. A few months later, Mr. Ball purchased his partner's interest, and is assisted in the publication of the paper by R. L. Etter, Jr.

The Daviess County Republican, a short-lived paper, was published in Gallatin. The last issue was in February, 1902. In the Gallatin Democrat of the following week, C. M. C. Showalter, the editor, made the following statement: "Not having been notified that last week's Daviess County Republican would be my last issue before the paper was out, I did not make my bow to the patrons of the paper as I should have, which I very much regret. I have no apologies to make; I have done my best under the unfavorable circumstances that I have contended with." H. L. Eads, W. T. Paugh and others owned the plant.

The New Era was started in December, 1880, by E. A. Martin, now of the Pattonsburg Call. After nine months, the paper was suspended.

The next newspaper met with somewhat better success. The Winston

Independent was founded in 1883 by Harvey L. Cross and was continued until about 1887. Mr. Cross is now editor of the Bentonville (Ark.) Sun.

The Winston Star, edited by H. J. Hollis, was established May 3, 1888, and published by him until July 1, 1901, when the plant was sold to James H. Wise.

Mr. Wise then changed the name to the Winston Sentinel, with H. L. Johnson as its editor. On July 21, 1902, Dudley A. Reid became editor and proprietor and continued its publication until May 16, 1903. At that time the plant was purchased by T. H. Black. On April 8, 1909, the paper became the property of Williams & Black until Sept. 7, of the same year. It was then taken over by Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Black. Virgil H. Black became the owner on July 21, 1910, and continued as editor until Sept. 7, 1916. The plant was purchased by Benton B. Smith, and published by him until the editor was inducted into military service. Until his return from the army in June, 1919, the paper was edited by the present editor, Howard J. Hollis. Immediately after his return, Mr. Smith sold the paper to C. A. Smith. Mr. Hollis continued as editor and business manager. Mr. C. A. Smith died on Dec. 7, 1918, and on Nov. 1, 1919, Mr. Hollis purchased the entire equipment and goodwill of the Sentinel, and is still its owner and editor.

About 1891, the Winston Mirror was founded by W. W. Arnold. Within the next two years the paper became the property of Edward A. Truitt. It suspended about 1894.

The Coffeyburg Life was established in 1897 by I. J. Vogelgesang. It was published for only a short time. The next paper was the Sun, owned and edited by Allen F. Wade, present editor of the Jameson Gem. It was established in 1899 and published until about 1901. A paper was also established by Rupe & Son, known as the Headlight, which was short-lived.

In April, 1904, Ben Sailor, who had been editing the Altamont Index, moved the Index plant to Coffey, and the first issue of the Enterprise appeared in May of that year. Mr. Sailor was succeeded a few years later by W. F. Rice. A short time later Thomas Cunningham became editor. W. T. Pugh became the owner in 1910 or 1911.

The first editor of the Lock Springs Herald was T. E. Platt, who started the paper about 1900. It was independent in politics. He sold his interest to J. B. Ferguson in 1907 or 1908, who continued to edit the paper until his death in May, 1917. Charles R. Clark then took charge of the paper, but in May, 1918, he sold it to Charles E. Cook. In July, 1918, the writer of the Lock Springs items in the Gallatin Democrat complains that the "Lock Springs Herald closed its doors some two months ago and quit business. We suppose the owner went to seek greener fields."

Lock Springs was then without a newspaper until a few months ago, when the *Era* was established.

The *Jameson Reporter* was established in 1884. On Jan. 1, 1885, M. F. Stripes took charge, but nine months later gave it up, having purchased the *Jamesport Gazette* which he published for so many years.

In 1891, E. A. Martin, editor of the *Pattonsburg Call*, began the publication of the *Larconic*, which was printed in the *Call* office. This paper continued quite successfully until 1897, when the *Call* office burned. There was no insurance on the plant. The *Larconic* was then discontinued.

For a short time *Jameson* was without a newspaper. In 1899 or 1900 the *Journal* was established by C. C. Bartruff. This paper was continued until 1903. It was independent in politics.

Allen F. Wade became the next *Jameson* editor. The *Gem* was established about 1913. It was an independent weekly.

The first newspaper was established in *Altamont* in 1894 or 1895, under the name of the *Index*. Joe H. Hess was its editor in 1899-1900, and he was succeeded by George W. Crenshaw. In 1902 Ben F. Sailor bought the paper. Two years later, in April, 1904, it suspended publication and Mr. Sailor moved the plant to *Coffey*. About a month later the *Index* reappeared, edited by Al Snow. Its next editor was D. M. Fisher. The paper was discontinued.

The *Live Wire* was a short-lived publication. It was established about the same time as the *Index*.

The *Altamont Times* was started by Leo Sharp in 1908. Some two years later Barrett & Clark became its editors. They were succeeded by George G. Tedrick, the present owner. The paper had always been listed as independent in politics until the last few years when it has carried the Republican label.

Jamesport has had a number of newspapers, but its first one, the *Gazette*, has outlived all of them, and is today the only paper in the town. The first number of the *Gazette* was issued March 8, 1877. Its editors were M. O. Cloudas and Joe Wright, son of Elder D. T. Wright, editor of the *Christian Pioneer*. This number announced that the paper would be issued "every Thursday from the corner of Main and East Streets, *Jamesport*, Missouri. Our politics and religion—got none. Our rates are the same to everybody, \$1.50 per year in advance." On Sept. 1, 1886, M. F. Stipes became the editor of the paper. For some time it was published semi-weekly. The paper was alternately Democratic and independent in its politics, being listed in the 1889-1890 and 1891-1892 state manuals as an independent paper, while from 1893 to 1904 it was classed as Democratic, and after that it was again ranked as independent. Mr. Stipes was a his-

torian of considerable ability, being the author of "Gleanings in Missouri History," and various historical articles. Mr. Stipes disposed of the newspaper about 1913, and died in Jamesport, Oct. 14, 1916.

Upon the retirement of Mr. Stipes, Thomas R. Shaw, Jr., became the editor. He continued it as an independent sheet and changed it to a weekly paper. In January, 1918, the paper was sold to a Mr. Ryal. Albert F. Hulen is the present owner and editor. Since about 1900 the Gazette has had no rival in the town.

The Gallatin Democrat of March 17, 1883, contains the following item: "The Jamesport Observer has suspended. Our young friend, Sam Buzzard, has too good a financial head to waste money on so precarious an enterprise." Just when this paper was started has not been ascertained, but it evidently was short lived.

The Jamesport Herald was established about 1889. Robert M. Harrah was editor of the paper until 1893 or 1894, when he became editor of the Gallatin North Missourian. The paper was not affiliated with an political party, but since its editor later became the editor of the Republican North Missourian, it is probable that he had strong tendencies toward that party.

In 1899 or 1900, Ed A. Sproul started an independent paper known as the Jamesport Natural Gas. It was published only a short time. The editor went west and has since been connected with various papers.

The first paper published in Pattonsburg was the Call, the first issue of which appeared in September, 1881. Since its establishment, the paper has been edited by Eugene A. Martin. Mr. Martin is a native of Iowa, but the family removed to Hamilton, Mo., while he was still a small boy. Here he learned the printer's trade and worked at Brookfield, Laclede, Kingston, and Linneus, and assisted in establishing the Hamiltonian. In December, 1880, he came to Daviess County and founded the Winston New Era. The paper was published only nine months. He then established the Call. During 1889 and 1890 the paper was semi-weekly and again in 1911 it was published twice a week. It is independent in its political policy. Mr. Martin also published for a time the Jameson Larconic. No other editor has seen so many years of service in the county.

Missouri Veteran was established at Pattonsburg in 1884 by Col. W. B. Watts, a veteran printer. After about a year he disposed of the paper to Charles E. Hill, a real estate man. A short time afterwards the paper was suspended.

Dr. William Neil established the Star in the early nineties. About 1895, Charles P. Warner took over the paper and changed its name to the Star-Press. He soon gave it up, and W. S. Daniels became its editor. About 1898, Mr. Daniels disposed of the paper to E. A. McCollom. It was sus-

pended about 1900. Under Mr. Daniels the paper was listed as Republican in politics, but under Mr. McCollum as Democratic.

During the summer and fall of 1894, a paper was edited by Anthony Dahl.

At one time Pattonsburg had three newspapers, the Call (independent) the Star-Press (Democratic,) and the Life (Republican.) This latter paper was edited a short time by W. T. Paugh, who about 1898, moved the plant of the Coffey Life to Pattonsburg. The paper was published for a year or two and the plant was again moved to Coffey. In 1901, it was purchased by John Adams, a school teacher, who again brought it to Pattonsburg, where he established the Courier. Joe Wright was also connected with the paper. It lasted only a short time, not long enough to be listed in the state manuals. The plant finally landed in Gallatin where it became the Daviess County Republican, which had a brief and troubled existence.

Still later a man from Camden Point started a paper which lasted only a few months. This was the Call's last competitor, and from the length of time it was published, it did not cause much competition.

CHAPTER XIV.

A CHAPTER OF "FIRSTS."

Jacob Stollings kept the first boarding house in Gallatin.

Daviess County first inhabited by the white man in 1830.

First cabin built in the county by John Splawn and his son, Mayberry Splawn, in January, 1830.

First house built on the site of Millport by Robert P. Peniston and his son, Wm. P. Peniston, in 1831.

First crop planted on the prairie land of the county by William Prewett in 1834.

First county court held near present site of Gallatin at the home of Philip Covington, in Feb. 17, 1837.

First election called for April 29, 1837, to elect two justices of the peace and one constable for each township. None held in Honey Creek and Grand River Townships, and another called for May 29, 1837.

First grocer's license granted to John A. Williams, April 2, 1837.

Ferry license across Grand River granted Jacob S. Rogers in Nov. 1837.

First term of court held at Gallatin, Sept. 3, 1838.

First court of appeal for Daviess County, called at Gallatin, Aug. 4, 1839.

First census taken by Wm. P. Peniston and allowed \$60 for same in 1840.

William H. Harrison, first free person of color found asking for a license to reside in the state. Granted license "so long as he is of good behavior." 1845.

First record of the action of a coroner. Jacob Stollings presented a bill to county court for holding an inquest, February, 1847.

One hundred dollars allowed to pay surveyors in Daviess County for the survey of the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad. First railway business transacted by the court in the county, 1851.

First telegraph line over the Chicago & Southwestern Railway route reached Gallatin at 12 m. Thursday, Aug. 17, 1871. A message was sent to Chicago and an answer received that afternoon.

First rail laid within the county on the St. Louis, Chillicothe & Omaha line, April 5, 1871.

First excursion to celebrate the opening of the Chicago & Southwestern arrival, Sept. 26, 1871.

First term of circuit court held in the county, Austin A. King, judge, July 18, 1837, at the home of Elisha B. Creekmore.

First power of attorney recorded, Oct. 3, 1838.

First bridge built in the county by Adam Black across Muddy Creek on road from Diamon to Chillicothe, 1841.

First iron bridge contracted for, 1877.

First postoffice in Daviess County located at Millsport, 1835, moved to Gallatin in 1837.

First daily mails received at Gallatin, from Hamilton to Gallatin, April 1, 1870.

First daily mail train on Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad commenced Feb. 1, 1873.

First appraisalment on record, 1837.

James Miller commissioned first justice of the peace, Jan. 5, 1839.

The first deaths in the county were the two children of Stephen Roberts. Both died on the same day, in March, 1830.

Elizabeth Tarwater, daughter of John and Ruth Tarwater, was the first child born in Daviess County. The date of her birth was Jan. 8, 1832.

The first sermon was preached by James McMahan, a Methodist minister, under a tree near the place where Millport was later located, on April 25, 1830. The second preacher in the county was William Michaels of the Baptist church.

Dr. William P. Thompson was the first physician. He settled just over the line in Grundy County in 1833.

The first mill was owned by Robert P. Peniston. The work of putting it up was done by Milford Donaho and "Jake," a slave owned by Mr. Peniston.

The first cattle brand on record was filed May 8, 1837, by Robert P. Peniston, and his mark was "crop and hole in the right ear, swallow fork in the left ear." Among those who registered marks in 1838 were Evan and William Morgan, Vincent Smith, Thomas Edwards, Sarah Williams, Adam Black, John W. Freeman, Benedict Weldon, Elijah Foley, Silas Best, William Nation, Andrew McHaney and Nathan Price.

The first slave in the county was "Jake," owned by Robert P. Peniston.

Mrs. Nancy Peniston wove the first cloth.

The first recorded literary attempt by a Daviess County woman was a poem by Minnie Hammer.

The first court house was completed in 1843.

The first buggy ever used in the county was built by Thomas Clingan in 1838.

The first cooking stove in the county was owned by a hotel in Pattonsburg. Elijah Hubbard was the first to own one for family use. Mrs. Lydia Smith Youtsey, in a letter to the Gallatin Democrat, on her 59th wedding anniversary, said, "My father sent my brother to St. Joseph to get a cooking stove. It was the first one brought into the neighborhood and most all our neighbors came to see us cook on it. Now we have more stoves than vituals."

The following is a portion of a letter written by Nathan Shriver in 1915: "I was a member of the first brass band that Gallatin had. It was organized in 1857 or 1858. We played at county fairs and on other noted occasions up to 1861. Then the war burst it all up to pieces. Some of the members went north, some south and some stayed at home. Some of your now honorable townsmen were members of that band, D. Harfield Davis, William Sheets. Others were Dr. Charles Hogan, William Osborn, Robert Owens, Capt. John Sheets and Elwood Lewis."

First mercantile licenses issued in the county in 1837 were as follows: April 7, John A. Williams, grocer, \$5; April 8, John Wright, merchandise, \$15; May 8, Thos. W. Jacobs, merchandise, \$15; May 8, Jesse Adamson, grocer, \$5; June 25, Worthington & McKinney, merchandise, \$15; James Hunter, ferry on Grand River, \$2.50.

First case in the circuit court was John Ragland vs. Jacob B. and William Oxford, appeal. An entry of nonsuit was made.

First houses on the present site of Jamesport were two Mormon cabins, one of which was just south of the old M. E. church, the other was near the I. O. O. F. cemetery.

The first store in Jamesport was opened about 1855 by John and Isaac Faulkner, just north of the George B. Callison home.

January 13, 1838, is the date of the first deed on record. It was given by Francis C. Case and Mary, his wife, to Elisha Groves, and vonveyed land in Section 13, Township 58, Range 28.

Theodore Penniston, George W. Poag and G. W. Keene were the first attorneys admitted to the bar in the county. They were admitted in March 1855.

The first application for a dramshop to be refused was on Nov. 1, 1860.

The first newspaper printed in the county was the "Missouri Sun," established at Gallatin in 1853, published by Stearns and McKean.

So far as can be learned the first school in the county was in Benton Township in the spring of 1837, with H. W. Enyhart as teacher. The term

was three months and tuition was \$2.00 a pupil, which might be paid in produce.

Early marriages: Enoch Riggs-Ann Littlefield, May, 1838, by Elisha H. Groves; Jonatha Hall-Matilda Roberts, February 13, 1838, by H. W. Enyhart, J. P.; Benjamin Crandle-Rebecca Simmons, April 29, 1838, by Lyman Wight; Josiah Summer-Betsey Ireland, June 13, 1838, by Nathan West; John McCrary-Lucinda Splawn, March 26, 1838, by James McMahan; Robert Jobe-Margaret Splawn, March 26, 1838, by James McMahan; Robert Jobe-Margaret Adkins, Feb. 11, 1838, by Christopher Nations; Andrew I. Williams-Rachel Heckman, Feb. 22, 1838, by James Miller, J. P.; Samuel H. O. Urvin-Specy L. G. Dunk, June 7, 1838, by Harvey Green; Benjamin I. Grubb-Eliza Ann Liggett, March 15, 1838, by James McMahan.

Elisha Trosper-Margaret Trosper, Nov. 17, 1837, by Elijah Foley, J. P.

CHAPTER XV.

OFFICIALS.

UNITED STATES OFFICIALS—STATE OFFICIALS—DAVISS COUNTY REPRESENTATIVES—COUNTY TREASURERS—PROBATE JUDGES—COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—RECORDERS—SHERIFFS—PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS—CIRCUIT CLERKS—COUNTY CLERKS—COUNTY JUDGES.

United States Officials.—While Daviess County has not furnished Missouri with a Senator, two United States Senators from other states have been prior to their election, residents of the county—James Thompson Farley, Senator from California, 1879-1885, and Chester I. Long, from Kansas, 1903 to 1909. Two Daviess Countians have been members of the House of Representatives, Alexander M. Dockery and Joshua W. Alexander, both of Gallatin. Mr. Dockery was elected in 1882, and served for 16 years. Mr. Alexander was elected in 1906 and served until his resignation in December, 1919.

The same two men mentioned above have held other high positions in the Federal government. A. M. Dockery served as Assistant Postmaster General during the Wilson administration. On Dec. 3, 1919, Mr. Alexander was appointed Secretary of Commerce by President Wilson, and served until the close of Mr. Wilson's term of office. During the McKinley administration Webster Davis, former Gallatin resident, and at one time mayor of Kansas City, was Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

State Officials.—One governor of the state has come from Daviess County, Alexander M. Dockery being elected in 1900, for a term of four years. The county had delegates in the 1861-1865 conventions. In the 1846 convention, delegates from other counties in the district were chosen.

Judge James McFerran of Gallatin, was one of the delegates to the convention elected in 1861, which was elected to determine the relations between Missouri and the Union. He was a Union man and later a Colonel of the First M. S. Cavalry. Judge McFerran had served as representative and State Senator and as Circuit Judge. He organized the first bank in the county. He later moved to Chillicothe and in 1873 to Colorado Springs,

where he was engaged in the banking business, and was among the capitalists who developed the Cripple Creek gold mines.

Dr. William H. Folmsbee was a delegate to the constitutional convention of 1865. He located in Gallatin in 1859. He served during a part of the Civil War as captain of Company D, First Cavalry Regiment, M. S. M., resigning in 1862, when he was elected to the legislature. For many years he was a leader in the Republican party in the county and in the state.

None of the delegates to the 1875 convention were from Daviess County, although one of them, J. A. Holliday, subsequently lived in Gallatin for a short time.

In the election of delegates to the constitutional convention now in session, J. W. Alexander, one of the delegates-at-large, received a larger number of votes than any other candidate. The vote for Judge Alexander was 77,177, or more than 2,000 more than the next highest candidate, Stephen B. Hunter, of Cape Girardeau, who received 74,720 votes.

Major Joseph H. McGee was Register of Lands during the administration of Joseph McClurg, being elected in 1868. Major McGee was also United States Marshal for the western district, besides holding various county offices. He was a staunch Union man.

Joseph A. Wickham, of Gallatin, was an Adjutant General of Missouri longer than any other holder of that office. He had served in Company C, 68th Ohio Volunteer Infantry, during the Civil War. He was mayor of Gallatin for two terms, and city treasurer for five years. In 1889, Governor Francis appointed his Adjutant General and Governor Stone reappointed him. He resigned in 1897, and soon afterwards removed to Kennett, Mo., where he died in 1911.

Ed E. Yates of Kansas City, but a native of Daviess County, was appointed superintendent of insurance by Governor Dockery in June, 1902. He resigned in the latter part of the year, and his brother, Robert G. Yates, was appointed as his successor. This office the latter held until October 1905.

There have been only three state senators from Daviess County. James McFerran was elected in 1858, but resigned the following year. David L. Kost was senator for two years, being elected to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Joseph Truex. He served in the 33rd General Assembly. Mr. Kost was one of the founders of the North Missourian, and Superintendent of Registration and member of the Missouri House of Representatives in 1871. Henry L. Eads, a lawyer of Pattonsburg, was elected to the senate in 1906. He had served as postmaster at Pattonsburg.

James McFerran became circuit judge in 1859 and held the office until 1864. Upon the formation of the 28th judicial circuit in 1872, Samuel A.

Rihardson was elected judge. He made the race as a non-partisan. He was re-elected to the same position in 1874 and served until 1881. J. W. Alexander was appointed judge by Governor Stephens in January, 1901, and served until his election to Congress in the fall of 1906.

Following is a list of Daviess County representatives in the state legislature:

10th G. A., 1838—John D. Williams.	31st G. A., 1881—Andrew L. Buzzard.
11th G. A., 1840—Benedict Weldon.	32nd G. A., 1883—J. W. Alexander.
12th G. A., 1842—John A. Williams.	33rd G. A., 1885—J. W. Alexander.
13th G. A., 1844—Benjamin Salmon.	34th G. A., 1887—J. W. Alexander.
14th G. A., 1846—Wiley Pool.	35th G. A., 1889—William Hickman .
15th G. A., 1848—George W. Poage.	36th G. A., 1891—William Hickman.
16th G. A., 1850—John D. Williams.	37th G. A., 1893—William E. Black.
17th G. A., 1852—John J. Ford.	38th G. A., 1895—P. R. DeFord.
18th G. A., 1854—John D. Williams.	39th G. A., 1897—Joseph Wood.
19th G. A., 1856—James McFerran.	40th G. A., 1899—Wm. D. Hamilton.
20th G. A., 1858—Thomas McGauh.	41st G. A., 1901—Wm. D. Hamilton.
21st G. A., 1860—Robert C. Williams.	42nd G. A., 1903—J. L. Davisson.
22nd G. A., 1862—W. H. Folmsbee.	43rd G. A., 1905—W. E. Land.
23rd G. A., 1864—Thomas Sims.	44th G. A., 1907—S. W. Brandon.
24th G. A., 1867—J. A. Brown.	45th G. A., 1909—Horace L. Johnson.
25th G. A., 1869—James L. Powell.	46th G. A., 1911—Floyd S. Tuggle.
26th G. A., 1871—David L. Kost.	47th G. A., 1913—Floyd S. Tuggle.
27th G. A., 1873—Ebenezer West.	48th G. A., 1915—Floyd S. Tuggle.
28th G. A., 1875—William B. Smith.	49th G. A., 1917—Floyd S. Tuggle.
29th G. A., 1877—E. Wiley Payne.	50th G. A., 1919—Fred L. Dunlap.
30th G. A., 1879—Elijah Hubbard.	51st G. A., 1921—Fred L. Dunlap.

County Treasurers.

1837—John A. Williams.	1880—Lewis P. DeHart.
1838—Elisha B. Creekmore.	1882—W. M. Givens.
1839—Adam Clendenen.	1884—W. M. Givens.
1856—Robert F. Owings.	1886—N. B. Brown.
1860—John Ballinger.	1888—N. B. Brown.
1862—David H. Davis.	1890—Gabriel Feurt.
1864—Owen H. McGee.	1892—George W. Henderson.
1868—Thomas J. Flint.	—A. M. Irving.
1870—Hadley Brown.	1894—M. G. Netherton.
1872—Hadley Brown.	1896—Howard Poage.
1874—A. F. Barnett.	1898—Howard Poage.
1876—A. F. Barnett.	1900—Maro Thomas.
1878—Lewis P. DeHart.	1902—Maro Thomas.

1904—C. H. Weldon.
 1906—C. H. Weldon.
 1908—W. D. McDonald.

1912—W. D. McDonald.
 1916—Moses Mann.
 1920—Lee R. Pierce.

Probate Judges.

1855—Robert Wilson.
 1856—Gabriel M. Keene.
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 1872—Henry C. McDougal.
 1876—Thomas R. Shaw
 1878—Thomas R. Shaw.
 1880—Thomas R. Shaw.
 1882—Frank Ewing.
 1884—Frank Ewing.
 1886—Frank Ewing.
 1888—Frank Ewing.
 1890—Frank Ewing.

1892—Frank Ewing.
 1894—J. T. Day.
 1896—J. T. Day.
 1898—Thomas R. Shaw.
 1900—Thomas R. Shaw.
 1902—Thomas R. Shaw.
 1904—Thomas R. Shaw.
 1906—P. P. Doak.
 1910—P. P. Doak.
 1914—J. M. McClaskey.
 1918—Oliver O. Mettle.

Judges Court of Common Pleas.

1866—Joseph H. McGee.

1868—R. L. Dodge.

Recorders.

1838—Robert Wilson.
 1844—Wm. P. Peniston.
 1850—Thomas T. Frame.
 1856—John W. Sheets.
 1862—S. P. Cox.
 1865—R. H. Grantham.
 1870—J. H. Frost.
 1874—Wm. S. Abell.
 1878—Wm. S. Abell.
 1882—S. D. Stephens.

1886—S. D. Stephens.
 1890—H. A. Pilcher.
 1894—O. B. Price.
 1898—F. E. Clingan.
 1902—A. R. Maffitt.
 1906—W. E. Wampler.
 1910—D. M. Cashman.
 —T. L. Cashman.
 1914—D. O. Richardson.
 1918—R. E. Stapleton.

Sheriffs.

1837—William Bowman.
 1838—Willam Morgan.
 1840—William P. Peniston.
 1839—John Pinkerton.
 1844—Meriwether T. Green.
 1848—John W. Sheets.
 1852—Thomas S. McGaugh.
 1856—Charles A. Cravens.
 1858—James J. Minor.

1862—Andrew Shriver.
 1866—John Ballinger.
 1868—William F. Flint.
 1870—Thomas J. Flint.
 1872—James T. Dunn.
 1874—James T. Dunn.
 1876—A. L. Martin.
 1878—A. L. Martin.
 1880—George T. Crozier.

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| 1882—George T. Crozier. | 1902—R. D. McCray. |
| 1884—James H. Witt. | 1904—William T. Hutchinson. |
| 1888—Gabe W. Cox. | 1906—William T. Hutchinson. |
| 1890—O. P. Walters. | 1908—J. A. Blair. |
| 1892—E. S. Lankford. | 1912—Sam R. Surface. |
| 1896—William A. Johnson. | 1916—J. A. Blair. |
| 1898—William A. Johnson. | 1920—J. Frank Gildow. |
| 1900—R. D. McCray. | |

Prosecuting Attorneys.

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|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1855—James H. McFerran. | 1894—R. J. Britton. |
| 1859—Samuel A. Richardson. | 1896—John C. Leopard. |
| 1866—John Conover. | 1898—John C. Leopard. |
| 1868—William C. Gillihan. | 1900—Harry K. Allen. |
| 1872—William C. Gillihan. | 1902—John C. Leopard. |
| 1874—William M. Rush. | 1904—Thomas H. Hicklin. |
| 1876—William M. Rush. | 1906—Thomas H. Hicklin. |
| 1878—J. F. Hicklin. | 1908—Fred Fair. |
| 1880—J. F. Hicklin. | 1910—George B. Padget. |
| 1882—William D. Hamilton. | 1912—George B. Padget. |
| 1884—William D. Hamilton. | 1914—Thomas H. Hicklin. |
| 1886—Gus A. Chapman. | 1916—Lewis B. Gillihan. |
| 1888—Gus A. Chapman. | 1918—Lewis B. Gillihan. |
| 1890—J. A. Selby. | 1920—M. E. Pangburn. |
| 1892—William C. Gillihan. | |

Circuit Clerks.

- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1837—James B. Turner. | 1886—W. H. McClung. |
| 1838—Robert Wilson. | 1890—W. H. McClung. |
| 1844—Thomas T. Frame. | 1894—James N. Netherton. |
| 1856—Joseph H. McGee. | 1898—I. J. Vogelgesang. |
| 1856—John W. Sheets. | 1902—I. J. Vogelgesang. |
| 1862—Samuel P. Cox. | 1906—A. B. Evans. |
| 1864—Robert H. Grantham. | 1910—A. B. Evans. |
| 1870—A. M. Sweaney. | 1914—W. C. Tague. |
| 1874—A. F. McFarland. | 1918—H. C. Scott; resigned 1921. |
| 1878—A. F. McFarland. | 1921—William Scott; appointed for
unexpired term of H. C. Scott. |
| 1882—A. F. McFarland. | |

County Clerks.

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|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1837—James B. Turner, March 15. | 1856—Joseph H. McGee, Aug. 4. |
| 1838—Robert Wilson, Aug. 2nd. | 1868—William M. Bostaph. |
| 1844—Thomas T. Frame. | 1874—John P. Smith. |

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| 1876—John P. Smith. | 1898—R. G. Yates. |
| 1878—Pines R. Dunn. | 1902—N. R. Barnett. |
| 1880—Pines R. Dunn. | 1906—H. F. Lawrence. |
| 1882—J. W. Miller. | 1910—S. L. McClure. |
| 1886—Silas C. Rowland. | 1914—Bert H. Tarwater. |
| 1890—E. H. Tillery. | 1918—Harley J. Harrah. |
| 1894—O. P. Walter. | |

County Judges.

- 1837—John W. Freeman, presiding justice; Vincent T. Smith, William Morgan, (succeeded by Josiah Morin.)
- 1838—Meriwether T. Green, presiding justice; James H. Wilson; Adam Black.
- 1842—John Cravens, presiding justice; Wiley Pool; Wm. M. Livey.
- 1844—John Cravens, presiding justice, Thomas Greenwood, Nathaniel Martin.
- 1846—John A. Tuggle, presiding justice; Robert Wilson; Tobias Miller, (succeeded by M. T. Green.)
- 1850—John Cravens, presiding justice, (succeeded by John A. Williams;) Hadley Brown, John P. Lotz.
- 1852—Hadley Brown, presiding justice; John Gillilan; John P. Lotz.
- 1854—John D. Coulson, presiding justice, David Henderson; John Hill.
- 1858—David Henderson, presiding justice; Bailey H. Coffey; Peter Bear.
- 1860—David Henderson, presiding justice; John D. Coulson, Bailey H. Coffey.
- 1862—David Henderson, presiding justice; John D. Coulson, Bailey H. Coffey.
- 1864—Bailey H. Coffey, presiding justice; John D. Coulson, Peter Bear.
- 1866—Bailey H. Coffey, presiding justice; Peter Bear, Wm. Bristow.
- 1868—Peter Bear, presiding justice; William Bristow, G. M. Keene.
- 1870—M. Morris, presiding justice, G. M. Keen, Gabriel Feurt.
- 1872—Gabriel Feurt, chairman; Nathan E. Reed, Nathan Nichols, William Earl, John Haver, Benjamin G. Kimball, Robert C. Williams, William Smith, John D. Coulson, William Prewitt, Wesley Lee, S. R. Gurney, George E. Barkdoll, John A. Tuggle, Thomas W. Reed.
- 1873—B. H. Coffey, chairman; William Adams, Nathan Nichols, Henry Ramey, J. E. Grantham, B. G. Kimball, R. C. Williams, William Smith, B. F. Stout, William Prewitt, Wesley Lee, S. R. Gurney, George E. Barkdoll, John A. Tuggle, Thomas B. Tuggle, Gabriel Feurt, Moses Brown, Sr., four years, B. B. Perry, two years.
- 1874—George W. Henderson.
- 1875—A. E. Woodruff.

- 1876—Gabriel Feurt, presiding justice; Moses Brown, Sr., Joh A. Tuggle, Aaron E. Woodruff, George W. Henderson.
- 1877—Gabriel Feurt, presiding justice; John A. Tuggle, A. M. Irving, Moses Brown, Sr., Aaron E. Woodruff.
- 1879—John A. Tuggle, presiding justice; John S. Graham, Gabriel L. Ballinger.
- 1880—John A. Tuggle, presiding justice; John D. Coulson, Henry F. Wynn.
- 1882—R. C. Williams, presiding judge; Jacob M. Poage; William P. Heyser.
- 1884—R. C. Williams, presiding judge; Jacob M. Poage, William P. Heyser.
- 1886—R. C. Williams, presiding judge; J. E. Grantham, William P. Heyesr.
- 1888—R. C. Williams, presiding judge; John H. Heath; Gerofie W. Cauthorn.
- 1890—John A. Dunn, presiding judge; William R. Cole; Jason Winburn.
- 1892—John A. Dunn, presiding judge; William R. Cole; Jason Winburn.
- 1894—J. H. Carter, presiding judge; J. H. Heath; T. B. Crowder.
- 1896—J. H. Carter, presiding judge; Philip Shaw; T. B. Crowder.
- 1898—T. B. Crowder, presiding judge; G. N. Gromer, W. E. Blackburn.
- 1900—T. B. Crowder, presiding judge; L. M. Best; Henry J. Lynch.
- 1902—N. B. Brown, presiding judge; L. M. Best; Daniel Blackburn.
- 1904—R. McGahey, presiding judge; W. J. Gromer, Daniel Blackburn.
- 1906—G. A. McWilliams, presiding judge; W. J. Gromer; James P. Tarwater.
- 1908—G. A. McWilliams, presiding judge; W. J. Gromer, Wm. E. Naylor.
- 1910—John W. Thompson, presiding judge; A. I. Pratt, E. S. Lankford.
- 1912—John W. Thompson, presiding judge; Frank P. Keplar, E. S. Lankford.
- 1914—John W. Thompson, presiding judge; Frank P. Keplar, E. S. Lankford.
- 1916—John W. Thompson, presiding judge; R. A. Daniels, M. N. Knight.
- 1920—Daniel Blackburn, presiding judge; (resigned, and R. O. Strong appointed to fill vacancy;) R. A. Daniels, N. R. Barnett.

CHAPTER XVI.

THE WORLD WAR.

EARLEY ENTRANTS FROM DAVIESS COUNTY—FIRST REGISTRATION—DRAWING UNDER THE SELECTIVE DRAFT—EXEMPTION BOARD—FIRST GROUP OF MEN CHOSEN—LEAVING FOR CAMP—KILLED IN ACTION—DIED OF DISEASE—WOUNDED—DAVIESS COUNTY SOLDIERS—RETURN OF SOLDIERS—AUXILIARY WAR WORK—LIBERTY LOANS—UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN—THRIFT STAMP CAMPAIGN—COUNCIL OF DEFENSE.

One Daviess Countian, Paul, Gillihan, was a member of the first contingent sent overseas in the World War. He had been in the Regular Army for several years. Others from the county in the Regular Army followed shortly thereafter.

R. L. Etter, Jr., L. T. Killam, Fred McFarland and Charles A. Shaw, attended the first officers training camp. As soon as war was declared a number of young men enlisted.

June 5th, was the day set aside for the registration of all men between the age of 21 and 30, made necessary by the National Universal Service Act. Complete registration returns showed 1288 men of military age in the county. Of this number 451 did not claim exemption, while 837 gave some reason for being excused. 14 colored men and two aliens registered.

The following account is given by the Gallatin Democrat of the drawing of the first ten Daviess County men:

“The first number was drawn by Secretary of War Baker at 9:30 o’clock a. m., and proved to be 258. This is the number of Leonard E. Patterson, who lives on Route 5, east of Gallatin, and to him is the honor of being the first Daviess County young man to be called to the service of his country. The second number, 458, also calls another Gallatin man, W. H. McGee, the popular Wabash agent. The third, 854, is held by a Jameson young man, Otto McCartney, and the fourth, 1095, is the number of George Reed Netherton, of Coffey. Another Jameson boy, Henry D. French, is the fifth, with 783, and Pattonsburg scored sixth with No. 1117, held by William P. Tunnell. Jameson also got seventh, with No. 837, held by Ira C. Robinson, and Gallatin scored again with number 337, held by James

Henry Ramsbottom. Jamesport's first numbers were 676, held by Earl Goodbar, and 275, held by Sherman Wright Blakely.

On August 8th, the exemption board, consisting of Dr. L. R. Doolin, County Clerk, Bert H. Tarwater, and Sheriff, J. A. Blair, began the work of passing on the eligibility of those subject to the draft.

The first group of men chosen and called into the service from Daviess County were: Leonard Patterson, Ira C. Robinson, William P. Tunnell, James H. Ramsbottom, Ashford Bowman, Marshall L. Lowery, and Daniel Lewis Collier. This contingent left Gallatin for the training camp, Sept. 6, 1917. Before their departure, a luncheon was given for them at the Y. M. C. A. At 2:30 the school children carrying flags assembled and sang patriotic songs. Headed by the local band and accompanied by several Confederate and Union soldiers, the school children and a large crowd of citizens, the boys marched to the Rock Island depot where they entrained for Ft. Riley.

On Sept. 19, 55 Daviess Countians left for camp, and on Oct. 3rd, a group of 14. From that time on to the close of the war, groups of men in varying numbers were called and sent to camps throughout the country for training. As each group left the county for camp some sort of recognition was given of the fact that they were entering the country's service and that the citizens appreciated the sacrifices they were making.

A large group of the younger registrants attended various Students Army Training Camps, located at the state university and certain colleges in the state.

Following is a list of those in the service whose home was in the county, or whose parents or guardians resided here. The list was compiled by the Daviess County Chapter, American Red Cross, and published in the Gallatin papers, May, 1919:

Killed in Action.

Francis V. Frazier	Robert Adkinson
William Seiler	Ray Noll
Wallace McAfee	Charles Shaw
C. H. Roy	Stanley Benard
John Tracy	John Whetstone

Died of Disease.

Daniel Collier	William Robinson
Alexander Dowell	Joseph Linville
Francis McCray	Emmitt Downs
Virgil Utz	Lloyd Biddle
Wilford Smith	Robert C. Holmes

Bert Ayres
 Othal Lukehart
 Earl Weist

Elmer Oak
 George Hudson

Wounded.

Charles McLaughlin
 Frank Stapleton
 Roy Stephenson
 Charles Graham
 Evan Edwards
 Homer Venable
 Henry Ramsbottom
 Lloyd Welson
 Leroy Spidle
 Sam Graham
 Charles Plymell
 Ora Butcher
 Frank Brown
 Eddie Earl Smith
 Lee Goodbar
 Hobart Brown

Clyde Robinson
 Ronald Ginder
 Alex Stephenson
 John Swafford
 Homer Lunnon
 Clarence Morris
 Kenneth Aid
 Freeman M. Buchanan
 Robert P. Hoover
 Arthur King
 Joe H. McCormick
 Ernest Mott
 William P. Tunnell
 James Turner
 Edward Vanover
 Roger W. Vipond

DAVIESS COUNTY SOLDIERS.

Gallatin.

Aid, Harry
 Aid, Kenneth
 Ayres, Allen
 Akes, Elva
 Alexander, L.
 Andrews, Floyd
 Alexander, Walter
 Alexander, Preston
 Ayres, Bert
 Adkinson, Robert
 Barnett, Corbin
 Ballard, Myrl
 Becker, Arthur
 Becker, John A.
 Blackburn, Forest
 Blair, Forest
 Blair, Russell
 Bruce, William B.

Beck, H. Boyd
 Brosius, W. L.
 Butler, Ivale
 Butler, Charles
 Butler, Alva
 Booth, Raymond
 Berg, Willie,
 Brady, Orville
 Black, Estie
 Black, Virgil
 Biddle, Lloyd
 Clark, Kenneth
 Cole, Elgin
 Chamberlain, Cyrus
 Croy, Earl
 Cornell, Cravens
 Culver, Ernie
 Culver, Luther

Cravens, Chas. Ed.	Hockensmith, R.
Cruzen, Richard	Harlow, Roy
Chadwick, George A.	Hamilton, Ezra
Cooper, Egner	Handy, Glen
Dunnington, Claud	Harmon, Lloyd
Day, Frank	Hesler, Carl
Day, Virgil	Hesler, Harry
Dewey, Clarence	Hershberger, F.
Dumm, John H.	Harris, Charles
Dumm, William	Harris, John
Douglas, Lloyd	Hamilton, Lewis
Dow, John	Hager, Everett
Drummond, Ray	Harrison, Fred
Doak, Edgar	Hawkins, Harvey
Dudley, Boyd, Jr.	Hughes, Claud
Earnshaw, George	Houghton, Hugh
Earnshaw, Steel	Jackson, Alva
Earnshaw, Bert	Irving, Robert
Etter, Robert	Ingersoll, Hulett
Evans, Roy	James, Ray
Edwards, Evan	James, Oda
Davis, Harfield	Ketchum, George
Farrar, Joe	Kemp, Jasen
Ferguson, Julius	Lukehart, Earl
Fitterer, Clinghan	Lewis, Ben
Ford, Edrick	Knight, Jesse
Frazier, Francis V.	Koger, Cleo
Foley, Oscar	Lukehart, Othal
Gaines, Charles	Lynch, Artie
Gillihan, Paul	Leopard, Dean
Gillihan, Ben	Lunnon, Homer
Gillispie, James	Long, Homer
Gosnell, Dan W.	Lowrie, Joseph
Griffith, Howard	Meade, Dudley
Griffith, Harry	Meade, Feurt
Graham, Charles W.	Meade, Homer
Graham, Samuel	Morris, Harley
Graham, Leonard	Morris, Clarence
Graham, Homer	McGlaughlin, Charles
Graham, Lawrence	Murray, Ozier
Gilbert, James	Mann, Marion

Mann, Harry	Stephenson, Roy
McClure, J. C.	Stewart, Carl
McAfee, Wallace	Stewart, Henry
McSparrin, Wallace	Stapleton, Frank
McGill, Earl	Stapleton, Charles
Mettle, Omer	Smith, Byron
Merritt, Paul	Smith, Earl
Moss, Patton	Sullivan, John
Nichols, Otis	Shiple, Leo
Nichols, Roy	Smith, Eben
Nichols, James	Selby, John
New, Vernon	Selby, Seth
Nida, James	Swafford, Homer
Netherton, Earl	Swafford, John
O'Toole, Tom	Swafford, R. E.
Osborn, Edwin	Sharrah, James
Page, William C.	Thompson, Victor
Page, Marion	Tolan, Ross
Page, Elvin	Thomas, James
Payne, Elias	Tarwater, Thurman
Poage, Grady	Teel, Claud
Place, Roscoe	Trotter, Roy
Place, Otis	Trotter, Mack
Pendelton, Dewey	Venable, Homer
Penniston, J. B.	Vanable, Frank
Patterson, Leonard	Vanover, Edward
Pilcher, Harry	Vanover, Sam
Pilcher, Roy	Vipond, William J.
Pierce, Lloyd	Vipond, Roger
Russel, Elbert	Welden, Lloyd
Ramsbottom, H.	Welch, Dean
Richards, Frank	Whitt, Woody
Richard, William	Whitt, Lando
Rogers, Clarence	Wood, Ray
Rulon, Woody	Wynne, Justin
Roach, Lewis	Wynne, Carry
Runnels, Cleo	Wulliams, Earl
Ramsbottom, J.	Wynne, Kenneth
Robinson, William	Weist, Earl
Smith, M. A.	Whitt, Charles
Seiler, William	Whitt, Jonah

Whitt, Howard
 White, E. H.
 Wilson, Wm. Boyd
 Walton, Harvey
 Williams, Milton

Williams, Vernon
 Walker, Robert
 Yates, Ralph
 Yates, Paul
 Youtsey, Frank

Jamesport.

Athy, James Roy
 Aimes, Floyd, H.
 Brown, Neal
 Baker, James A.
 Barnett, Fallis
 Baker, Albert B.
 Brown, Grover
 Brown, Colbert
 Bond R. E.
 Buzard, R. L.
 Caldwell, George A.
 Caraway, Levi E.
 Caraway, Sidney
 Coberly, Oscar L.
 Coberly, Orville S.
 Dowell, Ray
 Dowell, Alexander
 Drummond, Kerry
 Drummond, Glesner
 DeVorss, Wm. Earl
 Doty, J. E.
 Evans, George H.
 Evans, Wm. Charles
 English, John M.
 Fletcher Ernie
 Goodbar, Earl
 Goodbar, Charles L.
 Goodbar, Rolling
 Gildow, O. L.
 Gildow, John F.
 Gott, Loyd
 Griffith, Bert
 Gillilan, Frank
 Foster, Charles
 Harding, Orville

Hampton, Homer N.
 Hill, Wilbuer
 Hill, Leon
 Haley, James L.
 Havet, Cecil E.
 Hill, Joseph Carl
 Hill, Thurman, L.
 Harrah, Mark
 Houston, LeRoy
 Harris, Paul W.
 Hallem, A. J.
 Justus, Harry
 Jenkins, A. Lee
 Johnson, Walter B.
 Kelly, Edward C.
 Kingdon, Howard
 Kelley, Albert
 Lunnon, Homer
 Layson, Manly G.
 Lawrence, Webster
 Langford, Lowell
 Langford, Ross
 Lockridge, Frank
 Lent, Fred
 Lumpkin, Harold
 Lankford, Thomas
 Lankford, Leslie
 Lankford, Wilbur
 Mann, Gordon
 McGahey, Glenn
 Markham, Claud H.
 McMahan, Fern H.
 McClung, R. Earl
 McCrary, Robert F.
 McAllister, Harry

McAllister, Arthur
 Martin, James R.
 Martin, Adger
 Miller, Claud
 Miller, Harry
 Marks, Arthur E.
 McCue, Robert
 McCollum, N.
 McVey, Clarence
 Nighswonger, John
 Nolle, Ray
 Nolle, Earl
 Nickell, Gay
 Nighswonger, Jesse
 Owens, Ray E.
 Osborn, Claud N.
 Pliley, Wm. L.
 King, Albert
 Prior, Paul Dewill
 Pogue, Grady
 Poe, Forest
 Ray, James Ivan
 Riley, John F.
 Richmond, Forest
 Roy, C. H.
 Robinson, Clyde
 Robinson, Harvey
 Richardson, Nathan
 Reed, Harvey
 Reed, Perry
 Reed, Rolla
 Ruble, Franklin J.
 Somerville, George
 Sharrah, James B.

Stephens, Eddi B.
 Shaffer, Gordon L.
 Scott, James A.
 Scott, James, J.
 Smith, Eddie Earl
 Songer, Herbert L.
 Smith, Lee H.
 Stoller, Clifton H.
 Shaw, Boyd Scott
 Scott, Roy
 Shaffer, Gordon
 Truitt, James
 Thomas, Howard
 Thompson, Arthur
 Thompson, Earl V.
 Ward, John D.
 Ward, Vess J.
 Whittaker, H. R.
 Wynne, Allen F.
 Whitley, A. E.
 Wilks, Presley H.
 Witten, Ralph
 Witten, Herbert
 Wiles, Ralph J.
 Wiles, William A.
 Wells, Clarence
 Woods, Otis
 Wheeler, Harry C.
 Winbar, Ivan C.
 Ware, Orville R.
 Wills, Clarence L.
 Ware, Noble O.
 Williams, Harry

Lock Springs.

Brookshire, R. O.
 Brookshire, H. L.
 Boucher, Earl
 Blakely, S. W.
 Bennett, Enid A.
 Burton, Vernie

Coberly, Oscar Lee
 Coberly, Orville S.
 Cox, Lewis L.
 Drummond, W. L.
 Egbert, Archie Lee
 Hise, Earnest L.

Herbert, Charles E.
 Harvey, Karl
 Huffman, Roy
 Jordin, Charles
 McCollum, Joe
 Minnick, James P.
 Minnick, Ben F.
 Minnick, Earl R.
 Mason, Ray
 McCrary, Chester

Sloan, O. W.
 Smith, Thesler J.
 Ranes, Virgil A.
 Ragan, Virgil D..
 Tague, Vernie
 Wilson, Drury
 Wilson, Harry
 Wade, Clarence C.
 Wade, Raymond V.
 Wade, A. B.

Civil Bend.

Bell, Henry
 Bell, Orlando
 Bell, George
 Boyer, Clyde
 Brown, Earl
 Estes, James
 Fleming, Claud
 Frazier, Elra
 Frazier, Wm. F.

Ginder, Ronald
 Ginder, Roger
 Huff, Jonathan
 Hibbs, Ward
 Lee, Victor
 Shaw, Charles
 Palmer, Macey
 Snyder, David L.
 Snyder, Charles

Mt. Nebo.

Bristow, Frank
 Doll, Earl
 Fuller, Earl
 Gilbert, James W.
 Hosman, Floyd
 Johnson, Clarence
 Kirchofer, Reo
 Kirchofer, George
 Lee, Jesse
 Linval, Joseph
 Morrow, Earl

McBrayer, Carl
 Newby, James
 Newby, Ray
 Neel, Charles
 Peters, George
 Short, Stephen H.
 Short, Tinsley
 Snow, Carl
 Snow, Walter
 Williams, Earl

Pattonsburg.

Barnes, Arthur
 Bernard, Donald
 Brewer, Emmitt
 Boyd, Erskine
 Bowman, Millard
 Bray, Porr
 Bray, Carl
 Blankenship, F.

Best, Guy
 Becket, Paul
 Becket, Maurice
 Brannan, Robert
 Burns, J. I.
 Buck, Roscoe
 Bernard, Stanley
 Burk, Alva

Butcher, Oma
Butcher, Ora
Creekmore, Lloyd
Clevenger, Jerry
Campbell, J. C.
Carter, E. S.
Cruits, Fred D.
Carter, David
Caster, Glen
Dix, Robert
Devers, Claud
Elam, Leslie
Elam, Merlin
Ferguson, J. L.
Ferguson, Joe
Fisher, Delbert
Fitts, Isaac McCord
Francisco, Walter
Graham, Darius G.
Graham, C. B.
Groomer, Louis D.
Groomer, Logan, Jr.
Gambill, Esquire
Gardner, Ezra
Gotchel, Owen
Croetecke, James
Guilkey, Floyd
Hart, Arthur
Heath, William
Heath, John
Hedges, Frank
Hurley, A. R.
Hooper, W. H.
Helms, Frank
Horton, Joseph
Harris, Elmer
Huff, Jonathan
James, Robert
Johnson, Robert
Lowrie, Marshall
Lipps, Orval

Lear, Albert
Lambert, J. C.
Maupin, Curtman
Murphy, Wayne
Morris, Carl
Morris, Floyd
Morris, Robert
Morris, Herman
Morris, Meredith
Mott, Ernest
Meyer, Ashley C.
Markham, Roy
Martin, Clark
Nolle, David
Newman, Harry
Newman, Clyde
Newton, Hue
Persinger, Roscoe
Phillips, Bartley
Phillips, Houston
Price, Lloyd
Price, George
Price, Rupert
Rogers, Elmer
Roberts, M. Henry
Reed, Crafton
Reed, Frank
Rice, Harley
Royston, Cecil
Royston, Jerry
Royston, Albert
Royston, Emil
Royston, Homer
Savage, Edward
Shepherd, James
Smith, Herman
Sadler, Emil
Salmon, George
Sweany, Lee
Stalbert, Frank
Smart, Thomas L.

Taylor, Harve
 Thompson, Kenneth
 Tunnel, Harve
 Tunnel, William
 Tunnel, Charles
 Trotter, Clarence
 Thompson, Marvin
 Utz, Virgil
 Vanness, Fred
 Williams, Sam
 Williams, Charles

Weldon, Moss E.
 Walker, Ray
 Wade, _____
 Webb, C. E.
 Wyrick, Lucian
 Wyrick, Stephen C.
 Warford, John V.
 Warford, Lester
 Warford, Charles
 Webb, Lester
 Yost, Earnie

Winston.

Bartlett, Carl
 Bell, Harvey E.
 Bowman, Ashford
 Brown, Curtis
 Brown, Earl H.
 Black, Virgil
 Burgert, Alfred
 Baldwin, Harry
 Crowder, Cleo
 Carey, William
 Campbell, Dennis
 Caster, Cleo
 Croll, Frank
 Clapper, Ernest
 Clapper, Roswell
 Dean, Lawrence
 Downs, Emmitt E.
 Downs, Benjamin
 Edwards, Victor F.
 Dunlap, John Carl
 Dunlap, Rudin
 Gould Clem
 Gibson, Crval
 Hangley, Jay
 Hangley, H. S. G.
 Haley, James L.
 Huffman, Marshall
 Hudson, Lester
 Hudson, George

Kelso, Thomas
 Loop, John
 Loomis, Neil
 Lehr, Ashel
 Loomis, Wilber
 Miles, Bernley
 Osborn, Charles T.
 Potter, McKinley
 Potter, Theron
 Potter, Lewis
 Parmley, Thomas
 Manring, Carl
 Manring, Glen
 Manring, Earl
 Morrison, Harvey
 Norton, Elmer
 Oaks, Elmer
 Steel, Herbert
 Steel, Ralph D.
 Peters, George R.
 Reid, Lloyd
 Reid, Clyde
 Reid, Conley
 Schuele, Phillip
 Schuele, Henry
 Smith, James B.
 Smith, William W.
 Shaw, Floyd
 Strong, Morris

Stewart, Howard
 Trotter, Lewis
 Thomas, Scy Milton
 Uthe, Jurd
 Willis, Walter

Woody, James P.
 Wise, Chester
 Worrel, Adeson H.
 Wooden, Maurice

Jameson.

Andrews, Harold
 Barlow, George
 Briner, George
 Brown, Frank
 Cox, Elbert
 Contrall, W. J.
 Carter, Marion
 Day, Roy
 Estes, James
 Feurt, Cleo
 Feurt, Charles
 Feurt, Vernon
 Feurt, James
 Gains, Roy C.
 Gisebert, Walter
 Gisebert, Charles
 Harrington, John R.
 Hankins, John E.
 Hoyle, Grover
 Irwin, Howard

Jenkins, Virgil
 Jobe, Charles .
 Landes, Carl
 Knecht, William
 Knott, Wood
 McKenney, Jett L.
 McDonald, Allen
 McGee, Paul
 Mikes, John
 O'Brian, Chas. R. P.
 Pugh, Samuel
 Reed, Lan
 Pugh, Allen
 Robertson, Ira
 Sabens, Earl
 Scott, Henry
 Schaffer, Homer
 Shemwell, Bishop
 Smith, Wilford
 Walls, Cecil

Coffey.

Abbott, Walter
 Bartlett, Garland
 Bolar, Albert
 Chambers, Poe
 Chambers, Ray
 Cunningham, Jas.
 Davisson, David
 Elkins, Vile
 Gear, Walter
 Glaze, Perry E.
 Hathaway, Earl
 Harrington, Chas.
 Harrington, Roscoe
 Holcomb, Harley

Hoover, Henry H.
 Hoover, Jacob A.
 Hoover, Robert P.
 Hampton, Earl
 Iddings, Eddie
 Kinkade, Kinnish
 Martin, Charles H.
 Patton, John
 Parrett, Charles
 Plymell, Charles D.
 Plymell, Emil
 Prindle, Ralph
 Pugh, Hasset
 Roland, Harry

Scott, John T.
 Smith, Floyd
 Snyder, Everett
 Snyder, Roy
 Stitt, Herman

Stretch, Omar G.
 Thompson, Toney
 Tracy, John
 Witten, John F.

Altamont

Banks, Roy
 Barkdoll, Victor
 Boyd, Grover
 Brassfield, Leonard
 Champion, Fred
 Cornelius, Vern
 Cook, John W.
 Cook, Willis
 Deany, Wilford
 Drake, Marion
 Duffey, Earl
 Faw, Harvey
 Faw, Aaron
 Foltz, Filmore
 Foster, Carney
 Grove, Paul
 Hendricks, Roy

Kemp, Henry
 Kuebler, Leon
 Kuebler, Roland
 Lindsey, Fred
 Patton, Herbert
 Pierce, Robert
 Roper, Lester
 Snyder, Loren
 Stephenson, E. F.
 Stephens, John J.
 Stephens, Leonard
 Stephens, John
 Stephenson, Ellis
 Tedrick, Orson
 Wathen, Clarence
 Youtsey, Charles

Lick Fork.

Alexander, Earl
 Cox, Ralph
 Davis, Toney
 Miller, Carl
 Puckett, James
 Spidle, Forest L.
 Spidle, Samuel
 Townsend, Charles
 Townsend, Willard

Townsend, Frank
 Taylor, Peter
 Townsend, Glen
 Rogers, Sherman
 Reed, George
 Trosper, Roy
 Trosper, Nicholas
 Tuggle, Leslie

Pattonsburg

Lambert, J. C.
 Nigh, J. W.
 Wade, H. L.
 Whetstone, John
 Smith, George
 Yost, Harvey
 Hart, Clarence

Bland, Earl
 Davis, Ray
 Chappell, Paul
 Morris, Clyde
 Kerns, Charles
 Gromer, S. A.
 Blankenship, Arch

Williams, Walter
Carter, Lawrence
James, Floyd

Shackelford, E. U.
Armstead, Harry
Williams, Joseph

Jameson.

Findley, Ben
McClary, Leslie
Lewis, Clarence
Scott, Roy
Palmer, Macy
Trotter, Lyle
Foster, Charles
Dunn, Chas. W.

Turner, James
Murry, Ozar D.
Gustalson, Carl
Beck, Boyd
Hansher, Roy
Gould, Robin P.
Francisco, Walter

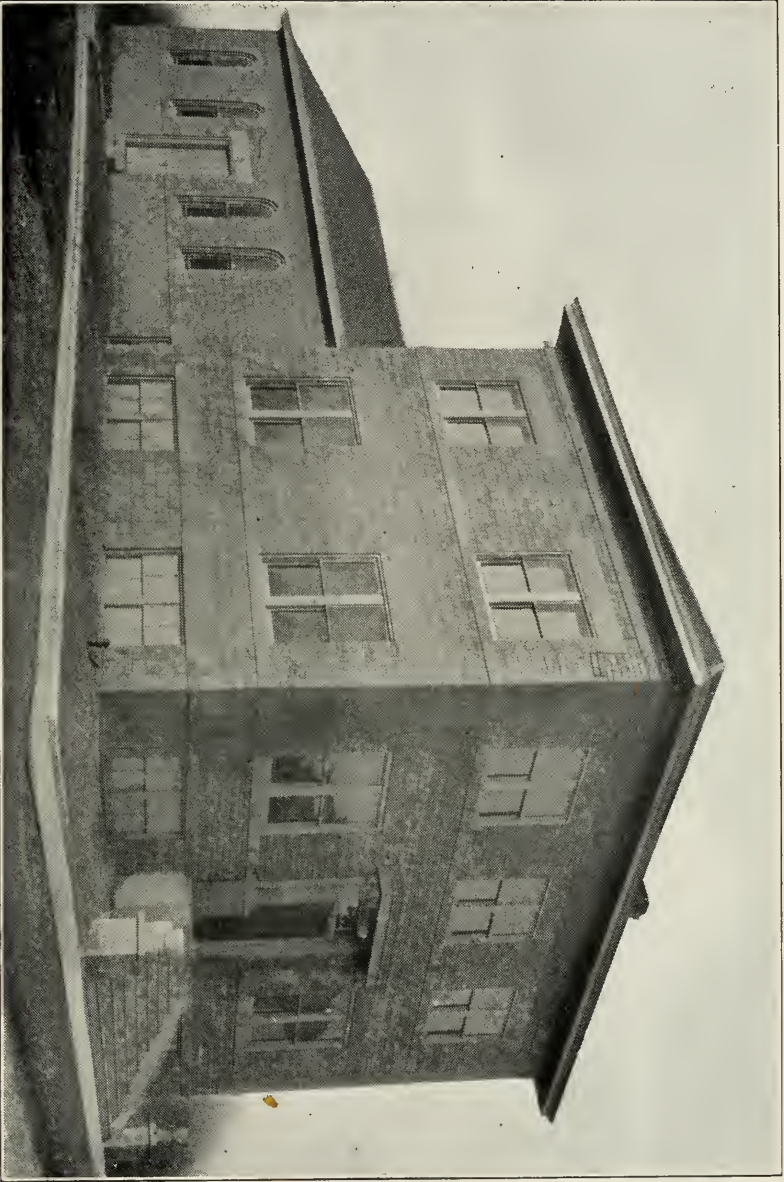
The Distinguished Service Cross was awarded to three Daviess County boys: Ora Lee Butcher, John W. McAfee, and Charles A. Shaw.

Return of Soldiers.

Soon after the signing of the armistice, the men in camps were sent home. On January 1, the first of a series of "Welcome Home" receptions was given in Gallatin. The reception was in charge of the Canteen Service of the Red Cross. By the middle of the summer a large number of those overseas had also returned. It was then decided by the Red Cross to give a "Welcome Home" celebration on July 4th to the 725 Daviess Countians who had been in the service. An address of welcome was given by ex-Governor A. M. Dockery, followed by responses by Henry Ramsbottom and Frank Gildow and an address by Col. Ruby D. Garrett of Kansas City. Gold pins were presented as souvenirs on behalf of the Red Cross to each soldier. Mrs. James Manring was awarded a prize for having more sons in the service than any mother present. Prizes were awarded the prettiest babies whose fathers were in the service, the prizes being awarded to Gretchen Etter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Etter, Jr., and Walter William Colbert, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Colbert. Various communities also gave recognition of the return of the soldiers and sailors.

Auxiliary War Work.

The following figures show the contributions made by Daviess County to Liberty Loan Campaigns, War Charities and Welfare organizations:



Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, GALLATIN

THE NEW YORK
PUBLIC LIBRARY

ASTOR LENOX AND
TILDEN FOUNDATIONS

R

L

Liberty Loans.

	Date	Chairman	Quota	Sold
First.....	June 24, 1917	R. V. Thompson	\$221,088	
Second.....	Oct. 24, 1917	E. G. Urban	233,000	\$194,150
Third.....	April 6, 1918	G. G. Murray	239,000	399,250
Fourth.....	Sept. 28, 1918		555,000	591,550
Victory.....	April, 1918	R. V. Thompson	427,000	417,400

Y. M. C. A. Drive, 1917.

Quota, \$6,000.00; raised, \$9,327.76; C. L. Knauer, County Chairman.

United War Work Campaign, 1918.

Funds to be divided between Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., Salvation Army and four other welfare organizations.)

Quota, \$18,800.00 (later raised to \$28,000.00); raised, \$24,878.65; C. L. Knauer, County Chairman.

Armenian, Grecian and Servian Relief, January, 1919.

Quota, \$4,000.00; raised, \$3,282.66; Floyd S. Tuggle, County Chairman.

Thrift Stamp Campaign, 1918.

The entire quota of \$352,000.00 was subscribed. The exact figures are not at hand. The county chairman was Homer Feurt.

Daviess County Council of Defense.

Chairman, Hon. Floyd S. Tuggle, Gallatin. Secretary, Dean E. Handy, Gallatin. Simon Arnold, Jamesport; Dr. G. M. Wooden, Winston; Dr. S. L. Hardinger, Pattonsburg; R. E. Maupin, Pattonsburg; I. L. Wade, Lock Springs; Mrs. Chas. Arnold, Jamesport.

Township Councils of Defense.

Benton—R. C. Maupin, O. P. Meadows, W. A. Warford, Geo. N. Groomer, Raleigh A. Utz, M. E. Pangburn, Geo. N. Frazier, E. A. Martin, Mrs. Ben A. Yates.

Colfax—C. H. Bryant, L. Hudson, C. W. Shreckengaust, V. E. Foxworthy, A. C. Triem, E. W. Manring, Dr. D. M. Claggett.

Grand River—R. A. Daniels, George Goodbar, John F. Wilder, G. W. Case, James Barnett, Virgil Gaines, S. C. Shaffer, Forest Everly.

Jamesport—S. E. Arnold, Joseph Foster, D. H. Robinson, Sam Gant, S. B. Currin, W. L. McClure, C. L. Hampshire.

Liberty—Dan Fisher, W. P. Griffin, H. E. Posten, Amos Steigers, M. T. Lankford, E. G. Urban, T. L. Sturgeon, W. E. Hathway.

Monroe—F. E. Mueller, W. D. Statler, Jas. O'Toole, E. T. Lankford, E. J. Harlow, S. J. Dunlap, E. W. Foley.

Daviess—Frank Kissinger, W. M. Bristow, W. S. Sailor, Lewis Doll, Grant McCleary, S. A. Gaines, J. W. Morrow, W. W. Edwards.

Union—W. R. Handy, W. C. Pogue, Penn Love, R. B. Moss, Roy Whitt, Charles Hemry, R. J. Ball, Glenn Smith.

Harrison—J. G. Lawson, W. B. Trosper, B. W. Patrick, Gates Woolsey, Lynn Newman, Jacob Treon, John Boyd, J. W. Goins.

Jackson—I. L. Wade, M. R. Weed, A. C. Buckingham, E. H. Greenwood, S. L. McClure, Ezra Hamilton, R. W. Burge, Rev. Orr, Iva Drummond.

Lincoln—J. R. Baker, R. D. McCray, E. R. Leigh, R. C. Griffith, B. F. Bedford, Albert Springs, Elmer Wickizer, M. F. Ward.

Marion—J. H. Haver, Harve Zentz, Mrs. J. H. Henderson, John J. Johnson, Chas. Snider, Orvy Schriver, Mrs. John Shaw.

Salem—W. Guy Welden, Robt. D. Kincade, J. E. Gotschall, Harper Butler, J. F. Holmes, W. T. Siple, J. A. Burtch, J. A. Chambers.

CHAPTER XVII.

AMERICAN RED CROSS.

FIRST APPEAL—DAVISS COUNTY CHAPTER ORGANIZED—BRANCH CHAPTERS—
GROWTH IN MEMBERSHIP—SCHOOL AUXILIARY—RED CROSS WEEK—FIRST AID
CLASS—MEETING OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—WELCOME HOME ENTERTAIN-
MENT—AWARDS FOR SERVICE—PEACE PROGRAM.

On May 3, 1917, a letter appeared in the local county papers signed "Monroe Township Patriot," making an appeal for funds for the Red Cross for the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers in France. At the same time expressions came from other sections of the county favoring the local organization of the Red Cross and kindred societies. The first start toward a Red Cross fund was made about the same time when Mrs. James P. Tarwater sent a check to the editor of the Gallatin Democrat, together with an earnest appeal to the women of the county to organize this great work.

The general desire thus expressed to do and give soon began to take definite form, manifesting itself in the organization of local welfare bodies, some of which later affiliated with the Red Cross. The Daughters of the American Revolution first made arrangements for opening rooms for the making of articles necessary for the comfort of the soldiers, and a class was organized May 26th to receive instructions in the making of surgical dressings. The National League for Women was organized in Gallatin June 1, 1917, with the following officers: President, Mrs. Boyd Dudley; Vice-President, Mrs. Arch Thompson; Secretary, Golden Etter; Treasurer, Mrs. Floyd Tuggle. Interest in the League grew rapidly. About the same time a group of girls at Winston organized a club to do knitting. A branch of the National League for Women's Service was organized at Jamesport in June of the same year, the following officers being elected: President, Mrs. I. C. Hill; Vice-President, Mrs. L. N. Callison; Secretary, Mrs. Lewis Marlow; Treasurer, Mrs. Frankie Carr.

The organization of the Daviess County Chapter of the American

Red Cross dates from June 23, 1917. The movement was headed by Mayer Penn Love of Gallatin and met with the hearty co-operation of the community. A canvass for memberships in Gallatin and other towns in the county met with a liberal response. A permanent organization was effected at a meeting held at the courthouse on July 23rd, and the following were elected: Simon Arnold, Jamesport, Chairman; Penn Love, Gallatin, Vice-Chairman; George B. Koch, Jamesport, Secretary; Dr. R. V. Thompson, Gallatin, Treasurer.

The work of organizing branch chapters and women's auxiliaries was soon begun. Gallatin branch organized Sept. 24 with an initial membership of almost 200. Branch organizations were also perfected at Altamont, Winston, Jameson and Pattonsburg, before the end of the month. Organizations such as the National League for Women's Service came into the Red Cross. The branch organizations, with the first chairmen, are as follows: Gallatin, Charles Brandon; Altamont, Mrs. John Vanover; Coffey, J. A. Chambers; Jameson, Mrs. C. A. Feurt; Jamesport, E. F. Ashbrook; Lock Springs, F. M. Achauer; Lick Fork, Mrs. Lena Ramsbottom; Mt. Nebo, Henry McCord; Pattonsburg, Rev. Powell A. Smith; Winston, Miss Emma Triem; Blake, J. O. Stanley; Civil Bend, Mrs. S. L. Hardinger; Wesley Chapel, Walter Edwards.

Mrs. Victoria Tuggle was chosen Executive Secretary of the Home Service Committee of the County Chapter. Before taking up the work in December, she went to St. Louis where she took a course of training given at the Divisional Headquarters of the A. R. C.

Membership in the organization grew rapidly, reaching 1748 on Dec. 19, 1917, and in the nation-wide Christmas, 1917, membership drive, under the leadership of W. Glen Smith, the county's quota of 3,000 was greatly exceeded, a total of 5,136 new members being added by January 1, 1918. This increase in membership was distributed among the various branches as follows: Gallatin, 1,100; Pattonsburg, 1,088; Jamesport, 908; Winston, 499; Coffey, 401; Jameson, 319; Civil Bend, 242; Lick Fork, 200; Altamont, 194; Lock Springs, 150; Mt. Nebo, 134; non-resident, 1.

In February, 1918, came the call of President Wilson asking that between Feb. 12 and 22 a school auxiliary of the American Red Cross be organized in every school in the nation; Mrs. Eunice E. Hosman was made chairman and George B. Koch treasurer of the committee in charge of this work in the county. Other members of the committee were Boyd Dudley, G. N. Gromer, E. H. Greenwood, J. F. Holmes, Sam Clark, O. T. Brown, Dell Alleman and Ben Wood.

During Red Cross Week, beginning May 20, 1918, a drive, under

the chairmanship of J. M. Bauer, was begun which by Aug. 13 had produced a fund of \$64,000, winning for Daviess County the distinction of being the banner county in the southwestern division composed of Missouri, Kansas, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Louisiana.

A First Aid class was conducted in Gallatin, beginning the first week in November, 1918, Dr. Norman being in charge.

On Nov. 26, 1918, the county executive committee met in Gallatin and elected the following committee: Rev. Powell A. Smith and Mrs. S. L. Hardinger, Pattonsburg; Miss Emma Triem and Mrs. Virgil Black, Winston; Mrs. Lena Ramsbottom, Charles Brandom and W. C. Pogue, Gallatin; George H. Pogue, Jamesport; Mrs. C. A. Feurt, Jameson; Mrs. John Vanover, Altamont; Mrs. Henry Duffey, Pattonsburg; J. G. Lawson, Breckinridge; S. L. McClure, Lock Springs. Several attempts were made to elect officers, the first group selected by the committee declined to serve. For a time after the armistice interest in the organization was at ebb.

W. R. Handy was in charge of the membership drive for 1918.

After the signing of the armistice the Red Cross sponsored a series of Welcome Home entertainments for the soldiers. On July 4, 1919, a home-coming celebration was given at Gallatin, at which badges were presented to each of the soldiers.

The foregoing account is entirely inadequate in expressing the part that the American Red Cross played during the war. Red Cross work and other war activities superseded all social activities. Practically all other organizations were temporarily disbanded. Nor can any account ever adequately tell of the hours of patient service, the endless making of pads, hospital garments, bandages, and the continual click of the knitting needles turning out sweaters, helmets, scarfs, socks and wristlets. The lists published below show in part the work done by the county chapter. A committee on awards was formed to ascertain the service given in the various departments. Awards were necessarily based on the number of hours of Red Cross work done from April 6, 1917, to Dec. 24, 1918. A badge with a blue ribbon having two white stripes represented three units of six months with 2,400 hours' service. This was awarded to the following: Penn Love, Mrs. V. A. Tuggle, Mrs. Belle Dudley and Mrs. R. V. Thompson.

For 1,600 hours or 12 months continuous service, the badge had a blue ribbon with one white stripe. This emblem was awarded to Mrs. C. A. Feurt, Mrs. J. W. Jenkins, Jameson; Mrs. I. C. Hill; Mrs. Morgan Hill, Jr., Mrs. Anna Carter and Mrs. Mollie McClure, Jamesport; Mrs.

Minnie McElfresh, Mrs. Trave Campbell, and Mrs. Glasson, Pattonsburg; Mrs. W. S. Whitt, Mrs. L. M. Hosman, Miss Ona Fletcher, Mrs. Edna Cruzen, Mrs. H. A. Pilcher, Gallatin; Miss Emma Triem, Mrs. Earl Manring, and Mrs. D. M. Clagett, Winston.

The badge with a plain blue ribbon attached represented six months of continuous service with a minimum of 800 hours service and was awarded to the following: Mrs. E. F. West, Winston; Mrs. Maggie, Tague, Mrs. Belle Sperry, W. J. Gromer, Mrs. Emma Hardinger, Mrs. Lucy Maupin, Mrs. Lucy Yercion, Rev. Powell Smith, Pattonsburg; Mrs. Allen Selby, Miss Kate Young, Mrs. Martha Williams, Moses Mann, Mrs. Emma Schmidt, Mrs. H. T. Leeper, Mrs. John Kemp, Mrs. J. C. Leopard, Mrs. Cora Barlow, Mrs. Susan Osborn, Mrs. Sallie Burbank, Mrs. Wood Hamilton, Gallatin; Mrs. John Vanover, Altamont; Mrs. Letha Mann, Mrs. Dora Hays, Mrs. C. P. Mann, Mrs. G. W. Edwards, Mrs. Emma Merrill, Charles Arnold, Mrs. George Mundell, Mrs. Emma Stipes, Jamesport; Mrs. Geo. McWilliams, Winston.

Sixty others were awarded the badge with the plain khaki colored ribbon, representing 400 hours of work. These names are omitted for lack of space.

When one adds to this 82,400 hours, the dozens of others who gave freely of their time, but who were not included in the awards and when it is also taken into consideration that the majority of the people working had a good day's work to do every day without including this work, the result seems all the more remarkable.

Peace Program of the American Red Cross—In the latter part of 1919 Mrs. Vessey, a Red Cross nurse was brought to the county. She conducted classes in Home Nursing in six centers. Certificates were awarded to 179 who finished the course; many others were present for part of the lectures. First aid courses have been given in three schools, by Dr. J. Z. Parker at Pattonsburg, Dr. T. E. Cooper at Gallatin, and Dr. Glen Johnson at Winston.

The work done during the year 1921 is clearly set forth in a small pamphlet published by the chapter. The chapter officers are: Mrs. V. A. Tuggle, chairman; Mrs. Frank Davis, vice-chairman; Mrs. H. A. Pilcher, secretary; Dr. R. V. Thompson, treasurer.

The health work of the Executive Secretary, Mrs. H. A. Pilcher, is reported as follows: Two classes, first aid, 110 pupils; 3 high schools co-operate with Red Cross in nutrition work; 100 correct class work charts; 100 graph charts; 100 daily food records furnished them; two schools, hot lunch; 32 sanitary drinking fountains; 6 Fairbanks scales in

town schools for weighing and measuring; 65 health posters made; 35 babies weighed and measured monthly and records kept; 100 health pamphlets distributed; 8 practical nurses secured for families; 5 practical nurses furnished families; 1 tonsil operation by home doctors; 9 hospital cases; 2 children for specialist examination; 4 families furnished serum for diphtheria.

This list shows only a part of the work done. Among other things the secretary reported that 595 home visits had been made, 23 schools enrolled as Junior Red Cross auxiliaries, with 2,000 pupils enrolled; 300 ex-service men given information and aid, 100 filed for vocational training and 24 were given training; 100 filed for compensation and 33 of the applications were granted, 24 given dental work, 36 received hospitalization, 158 given medical examination, 40 civilian families helped.

The total expenses of the chapter for the year were \$2,590.77, total branch and chapter expense, \$2,900.

CHAPTER XVIII.

SOCIETIES AND LODGES.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC—SONS OF VETERANS—PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY—
YOUNG MENS CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS—
P. E. O. SISTERHOOD—JAMESPORT FORTNIGHTLY CLUB—DAVIESS COUNTY
IMMIGRATION SOCIETY—DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION—THE W.
C. T. U.—MASONIC—EASTERN STAR—KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—I. O. O. F.—RE-
BEKAHS—AMERICAN LEGION.

Grand Army of the Republic.—The first post of the G. A. R. in the county was organized at Winston, then called Emporia, and was called Kilpatrick Post No. 66. The date of the organization was the latter part of 1882, or early in 1883, as it is first listed in the 1883 report of the G. A. R., Department of Missouri. The first commander was Wesley Lee.

Gallatin had the next organization—Lewis Post No. 104, the name of which was later changed to Nichols Post. Benton Miller was the first commander and at the state meeting in 1884, the post was represented by Benton Miller, A. M. Irving and H. C. McDougal.

Salem Post No. 128 was organized shortly afterwards and R. M. Askins was its commander.

Victoria had an organization known as the James N. Whitehead Post No. 171. V. P. Dillingham was the first commander of the Post.

Jamesport Post No. 220 was organized in 1884, with Jacob Kenestruck as the first commander.

S. L. Turley Post No. 222 was organized about the same time at Bancroft, with C. D. Knight commander.

Jameson was not long in following the example of the other towns, and organized the John Kennett Post No. 226.

Pattonsburg Post No. 242 was the next Post in the county.

In 1887 the Bob Ford Post No. 303 at Coffeyburg appears for the first time in a state report. Cornelius Yost was the first commander.

In 1890 the camps had the following commanders. Where the post was inspected during the year, the number of members in good standing is also given:

By 1895 the number of members in the organization had begun to decrease. A report of members in the various camps for 1894 shows that of the Daviess County Posts, the Post at Bancroft led with a membership of 44, Winston coming next with 37, Jamesport with 33, Gallatin 23, Pattonsburg 18, Coffeyburg 11.

After 1895 few of the Posts made reports or sent delegates to the state meetings, and an account of their proceedings are difficult to obtain. In 1905 one of the local papers made the statement that there was only one active camp in the county, the Bob Ford Post. The following week the Jamesport correspondent replied that the organization there was still in fine working order. The members of the G. A. R. of the various towns hold meetings occasionally, but their numbers are now so few that the organization is no longer the force that it was in the eighties and nineties.

Sons of Veterans.—In June, 1914, through the work of Rev. A. O. Hunsaker, a post of the Sons of Veterans was organized at Altamont, and was known as Altamont Camp No. 26.

Patrons of Husbandry.—The first grange of the Patrons of Husbandry was established in 1873, but reached its greatest strength in the late summer of 1874.

The Daviess County Council of the Patrons of Husbandry, organized Oct. 15, 1873, was composed of the subordinate granges or local organizations which had complied with the order of the association. Annual meetings were held on the first Tuesday in September, and other regular meetings in December, March and June.

The first officers of the county organization were William D. McDonald, president; James L. Powell, secretary; Gabriel Feurt, treasurer; J. P. Drummond, Samuel Kindig and R. M. Jackson, trustees; B. G. Kimball, business agent.

During 1873 and 1874, twenty granges were affiliated with the county organization, about half of them being organized at the time of the formation of the county association.

The organization of the county reached its climax in 1874, but as late as 1877 there were still grange stores in operation. In the early fall of 1877 a Grange picnic was given in Woodruff's grove, near Gallatin, and was attended by a large crowd. Judge Peter Bear presided, and speeches were made by D. L. Kost, Rev. J. L. Netherton and others.

Could the organization have been kept free from politics it would probably have been much more effective. As it was, the order was practically dead by 1880.

Young Men's Christian Association.—During the winter of 1886

and 1887, a revival meeting was held in Gallatin by the Rev. Z. M. Williams, now president of Central College for Women at Lexington, Mo., who was then pastor of the Methodist Church. Shortly after the close of the services, some of the young men decided to organize a Y. M. C. A. Accordingly a meeting was held in the Methodist Church Sunday afternoon, Jan. 16, 1887, with Dr. Williams presiding, and W. T. Osborn as temporary secretary.

The first officers were Ed. E. Yates, president; Charles L. Knauer, first vice-president; Wesley L. Robertson, second vice-president; and Clint A. Stout, secretary.

Mr. Yates served as president for four years. He was succeeded by C. L. Knauer, who held the office for two years. In 1893, S. T. Brosius was elected president, and the following year Joshua W. Alexander headed the organization. Since that time C. L. Knauer has been president. Mr. Knauer has also taken a prominent part in State Y. M. C. A. work.

The need of a large building was soon evident, and the first thought was to buy a lot and erect a building, but it was later, in 1889, decided to purchase the building now occupied by office of the superintendent of the city electric light plant. The price paid was \$1600. The upper floor was converted into a reading room and auditorium. For many years the first floor was occupied by the post office.

The need of a gymnasium was felt for some time before the present building was erected. In January, 1903, a meeting was called to discuss the advisability of fitting up a gymnasium. It was not until January, 1908, however, that the work was undertaken. A membership drive was then begun, 200 members being the goal. Subscriptions were also taken for the improvement fund. A fund of about \$2,000 was raised.

In the meantime Mr. Knauer had interested the state committee in the work and that organization decided to attempt the institution of a county Y. M. C. A., using Gallatin as a sort of experiment station. To help in the movement, Mr. Knauer offered the Gallatin Y. M. C. A. a lot one block from the public square, and \$600 if the association would raise the funds for a modern building. The offer was accepted, the old building disposed of at \$1,000, and the remainder raised by public subscription. The whole amounted to about \$7,000.

The new building was completed in January, 1909. It contains a gymnasium, which can also be used as an auditorium. A kitchen adjoining also makes it convenient to use the gymnasium as a dining room.

The main room is used as a social meeting place, the second floor for a library.

In the space back of the building is a tennis court. About two years ago, the lot adjoining the building on the west was purchased, a large portion of the price being donated by Governor Dockery, and the remainder raised by public subscription.

The first full-time secretary employed was Fred Vollmer, who came in 1908, and continued in the position until 1915, when he was succeeded by Frank K. Zoll, and he in turn by Rush Tuttle. The present secretary is Alfred N. Sanson.

United Confederate Veterans.—So far as can be learned, only one camp of the United Confederate Veterans has ever been organized in Daviess County. The exact date of the organization is not known, but it was probably in the early part of 1897. In the first annual report of the United Confederate Veterans of Missouri, the Surgeon John Cravens Camp No. 912 is reported with Independence Mann as Commander, J. W. Miller, Adjutant. For a number of years, N. A. Baker served as adjutant. The camp has not been active for several years. The last commander was George W. Williams.

In 1906 and 1907, reunions were held to which the "Boys in Blue" were given cordial invitations to attend.

Below are given the names of those who belonged to the organization, together with the record of their service. The list was made up from the records of the camp, obtained through the kindness of Adjutant N. A. Baker.

Allen, Dr. J. T. Co. A, Col. Reeves' Regt., Mo. Cavalry.
 Baker, N. A., Sergeant, Co. K, Twenty-second Va. Infantry.
 Bowen, James A., Stanwerty's Staff.
 Burge, John W., Co. B, Elliot's Battalion.
 Ball, A. C., Private, Capt. Austin's Independent Company.
 Beard, W. S., Co. B. First Arkansas Infantry.
 Best, L. M., Co. G, First Mo. Cavalry.
 Broughton, Nathan, Private Co. K, Tenth Mo. Cavalry.
 Burge, J. W., Private, Co. H. Eleventh Missouri Infantry.
 Cruzen, Nathaniel G., Private, Co. E, Ninth Missouri, Infantry.
 Cloudas, Pitt, Private, Co. K, Sixth Missouri, Infantry.
 Dehring, James R., Private, Co. G. First Missouri Cavalry.
 Ellis, L. A., Private, Co. G. First Missouri, Cavalry.
 Ellis, L. A., Private, Co. G, First Missouri Cavalry.
 Ewing, George D., Private, Co. A, Fourth Ky. Cavalry.
 Enyart, Logan, Captain, Missouri, State Guards.

Estes, J. W., Private, Co. I, Fifty-fourth Ky.
 Ford, T. R., Private, Co. I, Twelfth Tenn., Cavalry.
 Green, J. T. Private, Co. G, Col. Reeves' Regt., Missouri Cavalry.
 Houghton, J., Private, Co. B, Sixth Va. Cavalry.
 Hunter, James M., Private, Co. A, Wither's Artillery.
 Hopkins, George, Private, Co. D, Third & Fifth Missouri Infantry.
 Harper, A. N., Captain, Co. F. Ninth Tenn. Cavalry.
 Jackson, T. B. Paymaster, Third Division Missouri, State Guards.
 Lynn, Gus A., Private, Co. G., First Missouri Cavalry.
 Mallory, M. T. Private, Co., E, Thirtieth Va. Battalion Infantry.
 McClane, R. J.
 McCue, R. M., Private, Co. B, Elliott's Battalion.
 McCue, James, Lieutenant, Co. B, Elliott's Battalion.
 McCue, George, Company B, Elliott's Battalion.
 McNeil, John, McNeil's Co., Reeves' Regiment, Missouri Cavalry.
 May, Gabriel, Private, Co. E, Fourth Ky. Cavalry.
 Mann, Independence, Co. E, Third Missouri, Infantry.
 McCartney, William, Co. F, Sixtieth Va. Infantry.
 McCartney, George, Co. F, Sixtieth Va. Infantry.
 McCullough, S. W., Co. H, Tenth Missouri, Infantry.
 McMillion, James, Sergeant, Co. G. First Missouri Cavalry.
 Neal, J. W., Private, Co. F. Fourth Va. Infantry.
 Nickell, William N., Co. D, Twenty-seventh Vo. Infantry.
 O'Farrall, G. I., Lieutenant, Co. C. Shelby's Brigade.
 Scott, J. A., Capt. Co. E, Twenty-sixth Va. Battalion Infantry.
 Stovall, W. T. Fourth Tenn. Cavalry.
 Thomas, Dr. Maro, Forty-ninth Tenn. Infantry, Detach Service.
 Tomlinson, John E, Private, Co. D, Shelby's Brigade.
 Vallandingham, R., Private, Col. Reeves' Regt.
 Wilson, Samuel, Private, Second Texas Battery.
 Williams, Roger, Private, Col. Reeves' Regt.
 Williams, George, Private, Col. Reeves' Regt.
 Winburn, Jason, Lieutenant, Co. D, Second Ky. Cavalry.
 Worrell, Asas, Lieutenant, Co. K. Col. Bolt's Brigade.
 Woods, John H. Captain, Co. I, Sixteenth Va Cavalry.
 Yeager, M. W., Co. I, Second Texas Cavalry.
 Smith, I. V., Co. E, Cockrel's Brigade.
 Shultz, Peter.
 Stafford, E. W., McCamma's Battalion, Wise's Brigade.

P. E. O. Sisterhood.—B. C. Chapter of the P. E. O. Sisterhood was organized at Pattonsburg, May 12, 1909. The charter members were

Miss Matie Kelly, Mrs. Minnie McElfresh, Mrs. Anna B. Yates, Mrs. Anna Haas, Mrs. Blanche Gorsuch, Mrs. Rhea McCue, Mrs. Mucy Maupin, Mrs. Ellen Groomer, Miss Elsie Fisher, and Miss Edith Bray. There are now fifteen resident and nine non-resident members. The president of the organization for the year 1922-1923 is Mrs. Lowell Bray. The following have served as president of the organization: Mrs. Minnie McElfresh, Miss Matie Kelly, Mrs. Anna Yates, Mrs. Lucy Maupin, Mrs. Blanche Gorsuch, Mrs. Sallie Cook, Mrs. Elsie Harris, Mrs. Sallie Frazier, Mrs. Cena Wright, Mrs. Dorothy Maupin and Miss Hattie McDaniel. The pastor's study in each of the three Pattonsburg churches have been furnished by the order, and a large number of books added to the public library.

B. Q. Chapter of the P. E. O. Sisterhood was organized at Gallatin, Sept. 17, 1912. The charter members were Mrs. Maude Clingan Fitterer, Mrs. Rebecca C. Townsend, Mrs. Josephine B. Davis, Mrs. Vennie Love, Mrs. Lillian M. Clingan, Mrs. Minnie B. Mann, Mrs. Kate C. Osborn, Miss Lida May Clinghan, and Miss India Irving Richardson. The organization has now seventeen resident and four non-resident members. The president for the year 1921-22 is Mrs. Kate C. Osborn. Mrs. Mollie Dahl, Mrs. Gertrude C. Gillihan, Mrs. Maude C. Fitterer and Mrs. Bess C. Murray have served as presidents of the organization.

Jamesport Fortnightly Club.—The Jamesport Fortnightly Club has been since 1911 a member of the Missouri Federation of Women's Clubs. It is also a member of the General Federation of Women's Clubs. The club has twenty members. The officers for 1921-1922 are: Miss Leda R. Malone, President; Mrs. Floyd Ames, secretary. During the past year a study has been made of the history of Missouri.

Daviess County Immigration Society.—Thinking that the county needed new settlers, and that if the advantages of the country were known, this increase in population would necessarily follow, the Daviess County Immigration Society was formed in 1875. The board of directors consisted of H. C. McDougal, James L. Davis, T. B. Yates, John Ballinger, S. P. Cox, James T. Dunn, and Milt Ewing. The following township committeemen were chosen: S. A. Richardson, George Tuggle and James Stigers, of Gallatin; H. P. Hubbard, of Hamilton; T. J. Jefferies, Winstonville; W. B. Smith, and Michael Murray, Jamesport; Thomas B. Crowder, Alta Vista; Elijah Hubbard, Jameson; James L. Powell, Civil Bend; R. S. Hall, Breckenridge; John F. McDougal and Bernard Markey, Bancroft; B. H. Coffey, Coffeyburg; T. J. Mattingly, Pattonsburg.

A committee was appointed to write a brief descriptive history of the county, giving such facts as would interest prospective settlers. Five thousand copies of this pamphlet were printed for free distribution in 1876. The organization lasted only a short time.

The Gallatin Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized Oct. 8, 1913, with the State Regent Mrs. George McFarlane present. There were seventeen charter members. The first officers of the organization were: Regent, Mrs. Mollie P. Brosius; Vice Regent, Mrs. Maude Fitterer; Registrar, Miss Amy Smith; Secretary, Mrs. Margaret Thompson; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Minnie Achuff; Treasurer, Miss Eloise Wynne; Historian, Mrs. Vennie Love. The chapter now has fifteen resident and seven non-resident members. Mrs. C. R. Brandon is the Regent. A flag pole and flag were given the public school soon after the outbreak of the World War. A flag pole was erected in the court house yard by the citizens of Gallatin, the flag being donated to the county court by the D. A. R. society. The first definite step to organize the women for war work was taken by this organization.

The W. C. T. U.—Since the Woman's Christian Temperance Union is the only temperance organization which has remained active for any length of time, a sketch of the organization is included here, the data being furnished by Mrs. John W. McClaskey.

Gallatin had a branch organization of the Women's Christian Temperance Union since 1885, the leaders in the early years of its organization being Mrs. Thomas Crane, Mrs. A. T. Ray, who is still very active in the work, Mrs. Tom Brown, Mrs. Dr. Pipkin, and Mrs. Dan Critten. In later years Mrs. Fred Fair, Mrs. H. A. Kerr, Mrs. A. H. Pettijohn, Mrs. Harry Pilcher and Mrs. J. W. McClaskey have been among the leaders of the work.

Unions are also active at Pattonsburg, Coffey and Jamesport. Among the leaders at Pattonsburg are Mrs. N. G. Ellis, Mrs. W. P. Brodbeck, Mrs. E. O. Turner and Mrs. R. F. Wood, who among them have held the presidency of the organization for the past twelve years. The leader of the work at Coffey is Mrs. Ollie Siple, who was president of the county organization for a number of years and has always been a willing and capable worker in the organization. The Jamesport organization has existed since 1891, and among the leaders have been Mrs. Harry Jones, Mrs. Longfellow, Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Pease and others.

In the year 1910 the state was divided into counties, for the purpose of organization, instead of into districts, as before. Daviess County was organized in 1911, Mrs. John W. McClaskey being chosen Presi-

dent, and Mrs. Harry Jones, of Jamesport, Vice-president. In June, 1912, the first county convention was held in Gallatin. Mrs. Ollie Siple, of Coffey, was chosen President to succeed Mrs. McClaskey, whose ill health compelled her retirement. Mrs. Siple continued in the presidency of the organization for three years, when Mrs. McClaskey was again chosen. Mrs. N. G. Ellis, of Pattonsburg, has also served as President of the county organization. Mrs. John W. McClaskey now holds the office.

All of the unions have been active in all lines of the organization's work. Effective work has been done in the way of Medal contests, instruction in citizenship, scientific temperance instruction, child welfare, law enforcement, Sabbath observance and a number of other activities.

Masonic Lodge.—Pattonsburg Lodge No. 65, was established at Pattonsburg, in 1854. It was removed to the new town in 1877. The chapter has a membership of 81. Charles Gorsuch is W. M., and J. B. Sentz, Secretary.

Earl Lodge No. 285, at Coffey, has 68 members. The present officers are H. A. Cunningham, W. M., and C. W. Githens, Secretary.

Western Star Lodge No. 15, at Winston, was originally located at Victoria. It was removed to Winston in 1879. The chapter has a membership of 82. Dell Alleman is W. M., and A. E. DeFord, Secretary.

Altamont Lodge No. 108, was organized about 1918, and has a membership of 52. The officers are J. Lester Johnson, W. M., and Ben F. Kuhns, Secretary.

Lock Springs Lodge No. 488, was organized in 1874, with 7 charter members, all of whom are dead. The officers are W. F. Brookshier, W. M., J. W. Bills, S. W.; J. E. Smith, J. W.; A. D. Manned, Secy.; I. L. Wade, Treasurer.

Jamesport Lodge No. 201, was organized April 5, 1866, with James T. Allen, W. M. This chapter continued in existence until 1892, when the charter was arrested. In the winter of 1897, the present lodge, No. 564, was organized with the following officers: John Brookshier, W. M.; Jerd Graves, S. W.; Wm. Drummond, J. W.; R. L. Isherwood, Secy.; William McNeil, Treas. There were at that time about 25 members.

The date of the charter is Oct. 19, 1898. There are now about 125 members, with the following officers: George B. Koch, W. M.; W. E. Bray, S. W.; H. S. Hook, J. W.; C. A. Lewis, Secy.; W. T. McClure, Treas.

Gallatin Lodge No. 106, was instituted Oct. 16, 1879, a chapter organized many years before having been disbanded. The first officers were A. F. McFarland, W. M.; John H. Ball, S. W.; George Tuggle, J. W.; Henry E.

Orcutt, Secy.; T. B. Yates, Treas. It now has a membership of about 150. The officers are T. E. Cooper, W. M.; Ralph Yates, S. W.; Roy Trotter, J. W.; N. S. Givens, Secretary.

Royal Arch Chapter, No. 11 at Gallatin, was instituted Oct. 10, 1867, with Nelson M. Smith, H. P.; James L. Davis, King; Robert L. Dodge, Scribe. The chapter now has about 250 members.

Order of the Eastern Star.—Corinthian Chapter O. E. S., at Gallatin, received its charter Oct. 7, 1875, with A. F. McFarland, a Master Mason as W. P.; Mrs. M. Sue Black, W. M.; and Villa S. Ladd, A. M. The present officers are Mrs. Roy Dean, W. M.; Virgil Chrane, W. P.; Mrs. Guy Murray, A. M.; Mrs. Elmer Blackburn, Secy.; Mrs. John Musselman, Treas.

Jameson Chapter O. E. S., No. 45, was organized in 1896, with 20 charter members. The first officers were Mrs. V. Dunn, W. M.; John Handy, W. P.; Mrs. V. Dunn, A. M.; Mrs. John Irwin, Secy.; Mrs. Alice Stovall, Treas., There are now 60 members of the order with the following officers: Mrs. Gertrude Smith, W. M.; John Robinson, W. P.; Miss Susie Martin, A. M.; Mrs. Ruth J. Dunn, Secy.; Mrs. Mary Gaines, Treas.

Pattonsburg Chapter No. 199, O. E. S., was organized Oct. 12, 1901, with 21 members. The first officers were Mrs. Lucy Maupin, W. M.; M. B. Yates, W. P.; Mrs. Rosa Gough, A. M. The present officers are Mrs. Goldena Smart, W. M.; Thomas Smart, W. P.; Mrs. Hattie McDaniels, A. M.; Mrs. Daisy Ross, Secy.; Mrs. Emma Bray, Treasurer.

Ideal Chapter O. E. S., No. 119, at Jamesport was organized in May, 1902, and a charter was granted Oct. 30, 1902. The first officers of the organization were Mrs. Ida Sutcliffe, W. M.; John R. Handy, W. P.; Miss Mabel Lumpkin, A. M.; Mrs. Lizzie Phipps, Secy.; Mrs. Emma Hill, Treas. The present officers are Mrs. Dora Tye, W. M.; R. M. Cole, W. P.; Mrs. O. J. Sommerville, A. M.; Mrs. Martha Bray, Secy.; Mrs. Nancy Drummond, Treasurer.

Lock Springs, Lock Springs Chapter No. 83, O. E. S., was organized in 1902 with 20 charter members, and the following officers: Mary J. Minnick, W. M.; H. F. Lawrence, W. P.; Margaret M. Wade, A. M.; I. L. Wade, Secy.; Jessie Lawrence, Treas. The order now has a membership of 64, with Rosa Litton, W. M.; J. R. Stanley, W. P.; Ella Bills, A. M.; W. F. Broosshier, Secy.; I. L. Wade, Treas.

Winston Chapter No. 182, O. E. S., was organized in 1917, in 25 charter members. The first officers were Mrs. Edna Manning Alva DeFord, W. M.; Mrs. Cressie DeFord, A.M.; Mrs. Eetta McCaskey, Sec.; Mrs. Addie Claggett, Treas. At present the chapter has the following officers: Mrs. Tracy Orcutt, W. M.; Ralph Orcutt, W. P.; Mrs. Letha Taylor, A. M.;

Mrs. Blanche Gysin, Secy.; Mrs. Addie Claggett, Treas. There are 55 members.

Altamont Chapter O. E. S. No. 432, was organized in 1919 with Mrs. Ruth Riggs, as W. M., and John Vanover, W. P.; Christine Layman, A. M.; Florence Vanover, Treasurer; Martha Wallace, Secy. The present officers are: Cora Black, W. M.; Lester Johnson, W. M.; May Rhemes, A. M.; Christine Layman, Secy.; Georgia Burns, Treas. There are 79 members of the order.

Knights of Phythias.—Banner Lodge No. 88, at Jamesport had, according to the 1920 report, 126 members. During the year five new members had been added and two lost. The property of the lodge is valued at \$848.96, and its assets amount to \$1230.02. J. F. Jackson was the deputy in 1920, and Robert McCue, keeper of the records and seal.

Jameson Lodge No. 255, had in 1920, 84 members, 11 more than in 1919. The lodge property was valued at \$300, and its total assets amounted to \$1626.42. A. E. Geisbert was deputy and J. C. McDonald, keeper of the records and seal.

On page 27 of the 1920 report, under the title "Charters Arrested," appears the following:

"Pattonsburg Lodge No. 247, Pattonsburg, April 3rd, 1919, by S. D. G. C. W. F. Drummond, who after paying all bills remitted \$178.95 in cash and a note for \$351.20 secured by deed of trust on real estate, 21 members paying dues and retaining membership in the Home State Lodge."

I. O. O. F.—Gallatin Lodge No. 167, was organized May 22, 1867, with W. H. Folmsbee, N. G.; S. A. Black, V. G.; Pines R. Dunn, R. S.; R. L. Dodge, F. S. The order now has 225 members. The officers are: J. E. Swafford, N. G.; Lewis Smith, V. G.; A. R. Maffitt, R. S.; Fred Weiser, F. S.; Homer Feurt, Treas.

Jamesport Lodge No. 339, was organized May 19, 1876, with P. R. Dunn, N. G.; W. F. Boyd, V. G.; W. A. Wynn, Secy.; and S. T. Haynes, Treas. There are now 73 members of the chapter.

Wilbur Lodge No. 403 at Pattonsburg was organized Feb. 23, 1881. It has a membership of 117.

Winston Lodge No. 371 was organized March 5, 1877, with F. B. H. Brown as N. G.; Joseph Swike, V. G.; John T. Shaw, Secy.; and M. J. Benson, Treasurer. The chapter now has a membership of 37, with the following officers: W. H. Kauffman, N. G.; John Walp, V. G.; and R. J. Kimberling, Secy.

Civil Bend Lodge No. 203 was instituted Feb. 15, 1869, with A. M.

Swaney, N. G.; W. S. Mallory, V. G.; J. H. Frost, R. S.; John Easter, P. S.; T. J. Swaney, P. S. The chapter now has 41 members.

Lock Springs Lodge No. 380 has a membership of 43. Coffeyburg No. 520, has a membership of 117. Altamont Lodge No. 607 has a membership of 66. The hall was destroyed by fire in 1921, and plans are being made to rebuild.

There are about 725 members of the I. O. O. F. in the county.

Rebekahs.—Sarah Rebekah Lodge was organized at Pattonsburg about 1890. The officers are Mrs. Ione Bloom, N. G.; Mrs. Etta Crump, V. G.; Mrs. Minnie McElfresh, Secy.; and H. D. Milstead, Treas.

The first officers of the New Hope Rebekah Lodge at Lock Springs were, Mrs. T. A. Abbott, N. G.; I. L. Wade, V. G.; Brumett Bowersock, Treasurer. The present officers are Mrs. Ora Trosper, N. G.; Mrs. May Eads, V. G.; Mrs. Mary Eads, R. S.; Mrs. Anna Garr, F. S.; Mrs. Brumett Bowersox, Treas.

Altamont Rebekah Lodge No. 525, was organized at Altamont about 1908 with 60 members. Mrs. Dan Fisher was the first Noble Grand and Mrs. Abe Wills, the first Vice Grand. The other officers are not known as the records were destroyed by fire. The present officers are Pearl Roberts, N. G.; Jessie Snyder, V. G.; Cena Curtis, Secy.; Georgia Burns, Treas. There are 53 members of the chapter.

A Rebekah lodge was organized at Civil Bend, but was disbanded about 15 years ago. Another chapter was organized April 1, 1921, and is known as Augusta Rebekah Lodge No. 741. The officers are Mrs. Pearl Smith, N. G.; Mrs. Lillie Faiber, V. G.; Mrs. Bettie Brown, F. S.; John Field, C. S.; Clyde Frost, Treas. There are 24 members.

Coffey Rebekah Lodge No. 287 was organized in May, 1901 with 28 members. Miss Emma Hendrix, N. G.; Mrs. Fannie Dryer, V. G.; Miss Mollie Armstrong, C. S.; Miss Phena Everly, F. S.; Mrs. Lou Witten, Treas. There are now 89 members of the chapter with the following officers: Mrs. Kattie Miller, N. G.; Mrs. Lillian Weldon, V. G.; Mrs. Frankie Wright, R. S.; Mrs. Merle Williams, F. S.; Mrs. Hattie Glaze, Treas.

One of the most flourishing chapters of the order is found at Jamesport. Two state presidents have come from this organization, Mrs. Mary Buren and Miss Ethel Langford.

The Gallatin Rebekah Lodge was organized about 1893. The present officers are, Mrs. Maude Galpin, N. G.; Mrs. Ada Witten, V. G.; Miss Bernice Ramsbottom, R. S.; Mrs. Stella Hunt, F. S.

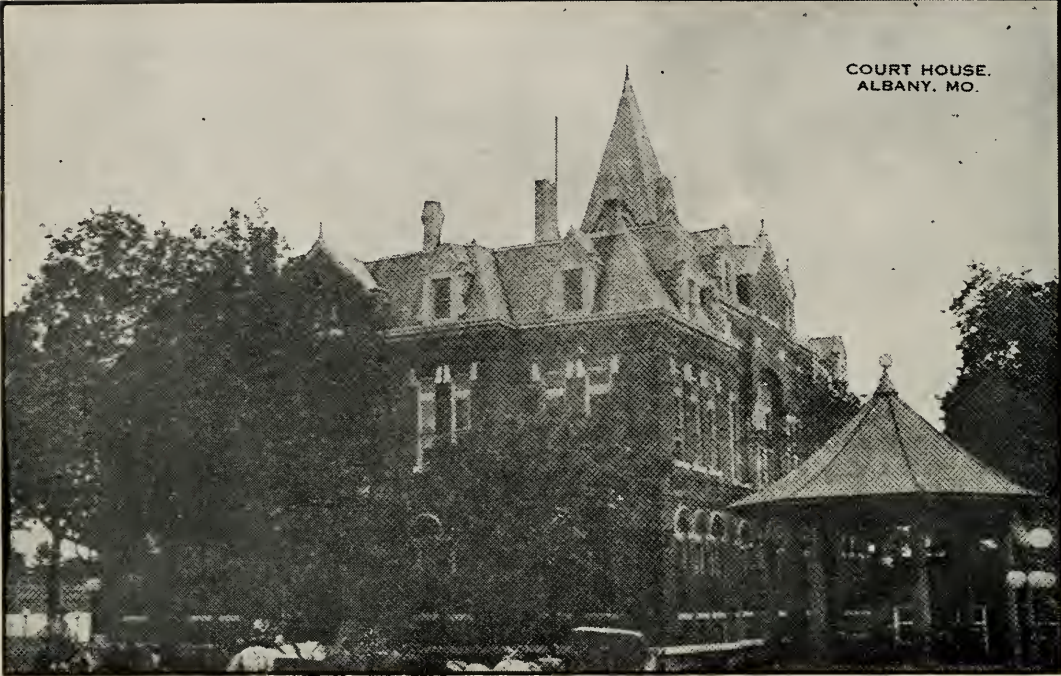
American Legion.—The first chapter of the American Legion was organized in Gallatin, Sept. 2, 1919, with a charter membership of 30. It

was decided that the organization should be known as the Wallace McAfee Post. The following officers were elected: Post Commander, Dr. M. A. Smith; Vice Commander, Dean H. Leopard; Adjutant, H. C. Venable; Finance Officer, Harley Morris; Historian, Fred M. Harrison. Harley Morris is now Post Commander. There are about 90 members.

The Ray Noll Post No. 79 was organized at Jamesport, Sept. 18, 1919, with 30 members. Neal O. McCollum was the first Post Commander; Viwell Lankford, Vice Commander; Charles Evans, Sergeant at Arms; O. L. Gildow, Finance Officer; J. Frank Gildow, Historian; Lee Goodbar, Adjutant. The post now has 55 paid up members. A hall is owned by the organization. There is a Women's Auxiliary with a membership of 47. Charles Evans is Post Commander; Clarence Wells, Vice Post Commander; J. R. Wiles, Adjutant; O. L. Gildow, Finance Officer; Leslie Lankford, Historian.

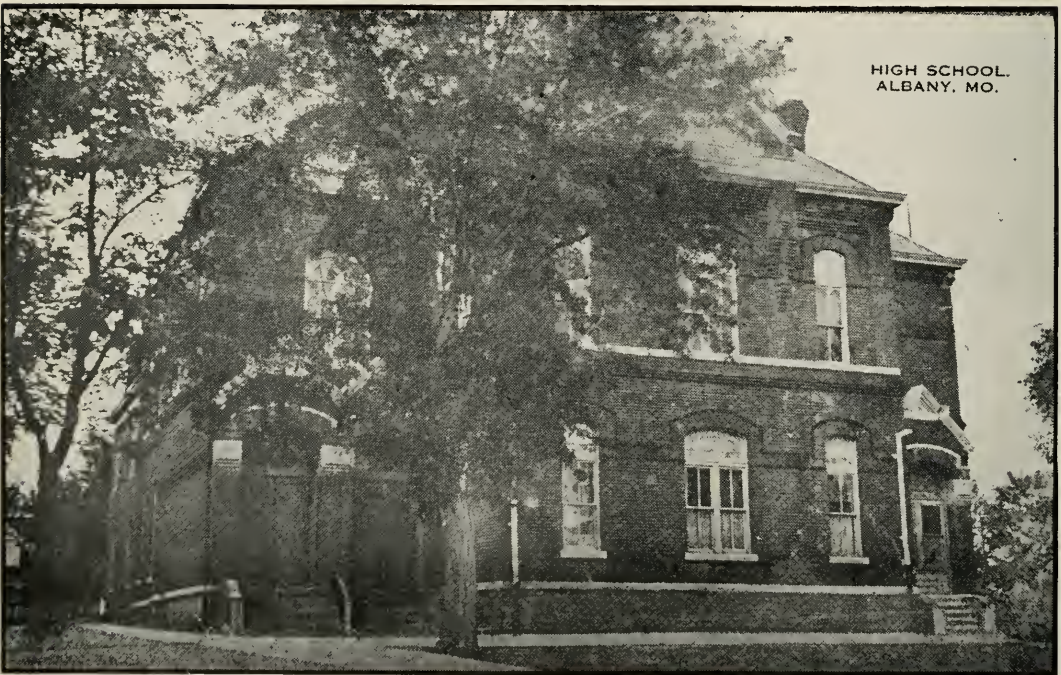
The Shaw-Whetstone Post No. 227, at Pattonsburg, has a membership of about 90. E. U. Shackelford is commander, and T. L. Smart, Vice Commander. W. L. Moody is the Adjutant.

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A black and white photograph of a large, ornate, multi-story brick building with a prominent central steeple and several chimneys. The building is surrounded by trees and a well-manicured lawn. In the foreground, there is a small, octagonal gazebo with a pointed roof.

COURT HOUSE.
ALBANY, MO.

GENTRY COUNTY COURT HOUSE, ALBANY

A black and white photograph of a two-story brick building with a prominent arched entrance on the right side. The building is partially obscured by large, leafy trees in the foreground. The architecture features arched windows and a decorative cornice.

HIGH SCHOOL.
ALBANY, MO.

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING, ALBANY

PART II.

History of Gentry County.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTORY.

THE AUTHOR'S OBSERVATION OF SIXTY-FIVE YEARS IN GENTRY COUNTY—HIGH POINTS OF HISTORY—PROGRESS OF GENTRY COUNTY—ADHERENCE TO FACTS—“HARKING BACK”

With a commendable lack of confidence the writer undertakes the preparation of his county's history. At the impressionable age of 14 years the author arrived in Gentry County in 1856, 22 years after the earliest white settlers. At that date all leading facts of local history were still distinct in the general consciousness. Sixty-five years residence have given the writer personal acquaintance and friendship with many of the county fathers.

There must of necessity be high points in any history. The most interesting feature of local county history is the usual, every day life of the people. Pioneer life, because of its vast difference from that which comes later, is of highest interest to posterity.

History should reveal the advancement, the obstacles, and the manner of their overcoming. More than this, history should indicate the rate of progress. Posterity will ask, “How far did Gentry County travel in the way of progress and development?” The best answer to this question is a vivid picture of our activities today, material, social and benevolent. For instance, agriculture and allied interest will be one of the high points; education will be one and response to the World's War crisis will be another. With a rigid adherence to facts, every effort is made to preserve the high lights, and to give due proportion to larger things.

Those readers who held acquaintance with the author will generously indulge him in the following literary extravagance.

HARKING BACK

In the Grand River Valley, I'm contented to dwell.
The allotment of Providence pleases me well.
I'm walking with industry, day in and day out,
And collecting the comforts she's never without.
Like a deep rooted tree in the midst of the grove,
I am firmly attached in the bondage of love,
To my friends and the scenes that environ my home,
Untempted by specious allurements to roam.

Though storms overhead at intervals beat,
And hindering meshes entangle my feet,
With heaven above and Missouri beneath,
Not a shade of distrust ever wavers my faith.
Content with the blessings, I've had in the past,
And the promise that seed time and harvest shall last,
I'll continue to plod in the fields I have known,
Ever generous to wield where faithfully sown.

No envious yearnings for the rich and the great,
Whose cares grow apace with increasing estate,
In the furrows of plenty, unburdened by wealth,
My life ripples onward in the sunshine of health.
Now the time is far spent; my day is at close;
The sunset invites me to final repose,
And I'll find it secure in a higher-up Land.
While my body decays on the banks of the Grand.

CHAPTER II.

TERRITORIAL HISTORY.

CLAIMED BY RIGHT OF DISCOVERY—INDIANS' RIGHTS SWEEP ASIDE—LOUISIANA PURCHASE—TERRITORY OF MISSOURI ORGANIZED—HOWARD COUNTY ESTABLISHED—"THE MOTHER OF COUNTIES"—GENTRY COUNTY ORGANIZED IN 1845—NAMED IN HONOR OF COLONEL GENTRY—LOCATION.

Gentry County in Northwest Missouri is a parcel of territory from that vast domain in the New World west of the Mississippi River, claimed by right of discovery, in the name of Louis XIV, for the kingdom of France.

The Indians, the original inhabitants, being almost entirely nomadic, were adjudged uncivilized, and their rights were swept aside with more or less promptitude, by the great powers of Europe. Under the name of "the Province of Louisiana," France maintained undisputed control until the close of the old French War in 1763, when this large region was ceded to Spain.

After 37 years control, Spain, in 1800, ceded to France this great possession. In April 1803 Napoleon sold and ceded the entire realm to the United States for \$15,000,000.00. In October of the same year, President Madison was authorized by Congress to take possession and provide provisional government.

In March 1804 the division of the Louisiana Purchase was authorized, this was effected a month later when the southern portion was named the Territory of Orleans, and the northern portion was set apart as the District of Upper Louisiana, under the temporary jurisdiction of Indiana Territory, the 33rd parallel North latitude being the dividing line. The present state of Missouri was embraced in the District of Upper Louisiana.

In 1805 the District of Upper Louisiana, coming under its own Territorial government on July 4th of the same year. In 1812 this territory was organized, or reorganized, as the Territory of Missouri under act of congress approved June 4th. In 1819, a portion of the Territory

of Missouri was set apart and organized as the Territory of Arkansas.

In 1816, Howard County was established out of portions of St. Louis and St. Charles Counties. This county, known as "Mother of Counties," comprised the whole northwest portion of the territory. Howard County was named in honor of General Benjamin Howard, acting governor of the territory, which was established in 1816. Settlements were begun as early as 1807 by Daniel Boone, Benjamin Cooper, and others. In 1820 Ray County was formed from the western part of Howard County. In 1821 the territory was admitted into the Union as the State of Missouri. In 1822 Clay County was formed from the west half of Ray County. In 1833 Clinton County was formed from the northern portion of Clay County.

In 1841 the present counties of Gentry and Worth were set apart from Clinton County, located and named Gentry County but was not organized till 1845. In 1861 Worth County was detached from Gentry County, leaving the County its present dimensions, 24 miles long, north and south, and $20\frac{1}{2}$ miles wide, east and west. Located specifically, as townships, 61,62,63,64, in ranges 30, 31 and 32 and $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles on the east side of the same townships in range 33. The western boundary being the old state line, definitely fixed by act of 1845.

Colonel Richard Gentry, whose honored name is borne by the county, was probably a native of Missouri and of Boone County, where he was living in 1836, at the outbreak of the Florida War. He raised a volunteer regiment for service in that war and led them with devotion and honor to the field of Okeechobee, where at the moment of promised victory, he received a mortal wound, but for an hour, in the face of death, he directed and cheered his troops to final triumph. The same night his brave spirit passed to a hero's reward. In 1842 his regimental flag was presented by the state with all appropriate honors to his widow.

Gentry County is bounded on the north by Worth County, on the east by Harrison and Daviess Counties, on the south by DeKalb County, and on the west by Andrew and Nodaway Counties, and lies just above the 40th degree of North latitude, and in Longitude 17 degrees west from Washington. Most of the county is watered by Grand River—East, West and Middle forks and tributaries. In the extreme southwest begins the Platte River slope.

CHAPTER III.

NATURAL RESOURCES AND TOPOGRAPHY.

WHAT CONSTITUTES NATURAL RESOURCES—AVAILABLE AND POTENTIAL—MINERAL SPRINGS—RAINFALL—PHYSICAL FEATURES—SCENERY AND SOIL—"A LAND OF PROMISE".

The natural resources of an undeveloped country include not only what the first settlers saw, but also whatever they found—whatever proved to their benefit or assistance in their struggle with the wilderness, the location of groves for shelter, the quality and use of timber, for fuel, building and implements, the abundant native grasses for grazing and forage, such game as was native to the country, the fish of its streams and the natural sources of good water, the stone for foundation work, the temperature, the rain fall and the quality of the soil. For none of these things did the pioneers bring with them. Gentry County with 60,000 acres of scattered groves and forests, was hospitable to the and abundance of fuel, with excellent oak for building, walnut for furniture and hickory for implements. Gentry County was also rich in grass land for pasture and hay stack. The early settler could have his wood lot at one hand and his cow lot at the other. As to game, if the earliest comers had the greater loneliness and the more privations, they also had more venison, more turkeys, grouse and pheasants, and possibly more time for fishing. They also found a well watered country, rivers, creeks, and springs, enough for all, distributed over the entire county. They found limestone for all necessary uses. They found a growing climate, a sufficient rainfall and a responsive soil. Live stock thrive and crops were abundant. Food for man and beast became plentiful.

Thus it will be seen that Gentry County, in common with all Northwest Missouri, was rich in resources quickly available to the early settler, while the potential resources native to the county, were beyond any power of estimation possible to the first residents. What could they know of timothy, of red clover, of blue grass, of high class stock, of creamery and poultry shipments? To those natural resources which

aided the settlers in their plans for permanent occupation, should be added some that tended to relieve pioneer life from monotony and to impart to it a sporting flavor, as the locating of her trees, the gathering of wild fruits and nuts, and the hunting and trapping of fur bearing animals. Though this phase of life has little to do with permanent civilization, it was probably very interesting and profitable, since it seems a trustworthy conclusion that the region was early relieved of any inroads from Indian hunters.

While not of interest to early settlers, Gentry County possesses fine mineral and medicinal springs.

The average yearly rainfall and melted snow is 36.62 inches, distributed by seasons as follows: winter 5.25 inches, spring 9.25 inches, summer 14.50, autumn 7.62.

The physical features of Gentry County are pleasing to the eye, and very favorable to all agricultural pursuits. There are three classes of land; river bottoms, the breaks or broken hills, and back of the broken lands are large areas of higher undulating prairie—ideal land for general farming.

At many points of elevation the views are far reaching and unsurpassed in their blending of streams, timber and rolling hills, in all their native beauty. The slopes are usually long and moderate and the natural drainage is everywhere so sufficient that but a negligible part of Gentry County could ever have been classed as water or swamp lands. The soil is everywhere, a rich black loam with excellent clay subsoil. The prairie carried a heavier covering of rich top soil than did the timbered lands.

This is what the early settlers beheld; a rich soil, an open country, ready for subjection, and promising both speedy and enduring rewards to the labor and intelligence of civilized man. The native woods and forests covered the fifth part of the county's extent—so well distributed that no part seemed naked. To the pioneers of vision it probably appeared a land of promise, a place of splendid possibilities, an empire of opportunities, where one could work in hope, and where dreams might come true. With all its natural resources it was still a wilderness, producing nothing for the comfort and progress of humanity.

CHAPTER IV.

EARLY SETTLEMENTS.

NONE OF THE FIRST SETTLERS NOW LIVING—CONQUEST OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY—WHAT THE PIONEERS BROUGHT—THEIR AMBITIONS—SETTLEMENT BEGAN IN 1834—FIRST SETTLERS—OTHER SETTLERS—FIRST SCHOOL—FIRST POSTOFFICE—FIRST WHITE CHILD BORN IN COUNTY—FIRST CHURCH—EARLY PREACHERS.

After 88 years, it is naturally impossible that any of the first settlers should still be living—The History of 1882 was prepared while Isaac Miller, one of the first four was still a resident of the county. At that time the leading facts could easily be verified. Logically the History of 1882 is the basis of authentic first things.

From the dawn of history, families, tribes, communities, and nations have taken keen delight in all facts and traditions concerning their origin, and early development.

In the larger sense the settlement and growth of Gentry County is part and parcel of that great immigration and conquest of the 19th century which followed as a natural result of the independence of the United States. The strong and resolute swarmed westward to subdue and occupy the Valley of the Mississippi and its tributaries. Gladstone declared it, "The greatest peaceful monument of Civilized Man, to the greatest tract of fertile land on the face of the Earth."

The present generation is close enough to this great beginning to have interests, many and varied and often personal, apart from that which is merely historical. It is possible to know whence we came, how we were derived, why we are what we are. It is possible, in considering the beginning of things less than 90 years ago in the wilds of Gentry County, to trace the influence of Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky. Other influences are as easily and definitely traced. If the pioneers came with empty hands, they came with sound minds and strong hearts. They brought the experience of ages of struggle and progress and mental and moral attainments that go to explain their speedy and marvellous successes.

Each pioneer held one personal ambition—to win a home and the means of its maintenance, of this he was conscious. But in the mass the pioneers were part of something great, something racial and something national. They were empire builders.

The county is divided at the present time into eight municipal townships, as follows: Miller, Athens, Howard, Bogle, Wilson, Huggins, Cooper and Jackson. Settlement began in the spring of 1834, 11 years before the organization of the county. In this year came four men, Isaac and Tobias Miller, William Marton and John Roberts, natives of Kentucky and Tennessee, locating in what is now known as Miller Township at Greenwell Ford. With them this same year are associated the names of two others, David Henderson and Robert Ready. They raised a crop of corn on the north bank of Grand River.

In 1835 the second settlement was made, also in Miller Township near what is now known as Gentryville, when John Culp, Benjamin Culp and Elisha Cameron from Tennessee and Milton Foster from Kentucky, with some others from the same states located in the township.

In 1838, the first store was opened by a Mr. Stevenson, three miles northeast of Gentryville. Also in 1838, the first mill in the county was erected by Taylor McCully, four miles east of Gentryville.

In 1836 Daniel Saunders from North Carolina settled in Athens Township, two miles south of Albany, at Sandsville.

The first settlers usually selected timber land for homes and for cultivation. Most of them came from old forest regions, and all traditions were in favor of cleared land in preference to prairie.

As early as 1836, settlers began to arrive in ever increasing numbers, and by the time of county organization, in 1845, over two hundred prominent names—heads of families—were added to the few forerunners of 1834-35-36.

In 1838 the first school house was built, east of Gentryville, in the neighborhood of John D. Burbon and Jacob Jones. John Githius taught the first school during the winter of 1838-39. It was a log building 20 feet square with puncheon floor and roofed with clapboards; in place of a window a log was left out on one side, and the space covered with greased paper.

In 1838 the first postoffice was established at Sandsville, two miles south of Albany. Daniel Saunders was postmaster and the mail was carried from Sandsville to Plattsburg, Clinton County by Levi Baldock, contractor.

In 1939 the first white child was born in the county, named Nancy

M. Miller, daughter of Isaac Miller. She became the wife of W. P. Gartin.

In 1840 the first water mill was built at Gentryville by Charles Gay and John T. Hunter. It was a log house with one run of buhr stones. The mill stones were chipped from native "Nigger Head" rocks by Joshua Potter, a pioneer citizen. This location was first called Gay's mill. The oldest town of the county grew up around it, and was for a time called Columbus. In 1850 the Legislature changed the name to the present name, Gentryville.

In 1842, four miles east of Gentryville, the first church house was built by James C. Patton and others. The denomination was New School Presbyterian (Mount Zion, or Brushy), but the building was free to all denominations, and was used by Methodists, Baptists and Christians.

The earliest preachers were John Udell and Hiram Wariner, Christians; Lorenzo D. Waugh, Methodist; and Timothy Morgan, Presbyterian.

In 1845 the county was organized and the first court house built.

April 3rd, 1845—first marriage, Abraham Popples and Barbara Rhudy.

CHAPTER V.

PIONEER LIFE.

REMINISCENT AND TRADITIONAL—THE PIONEER'S HOME—IMPLEMENTS—HIS TRIALS AND PRIVATIONS—SCARCITY OF NECESSITIES—BUILDING THE LOG CABIN—THE CRUDE FURNITURE—COMMUNITY SPIRIT—PASTIMES—GAME AND FISH—THE BLACKSMITH—GRISTMILL AND TRADING POST.

Pioneer life when fairly treated is of deepest interest to all who come after. Direct history records what they did and its results. This chapter, somewhat different, should tell how they did it. It should intimately and sympathetically enter into their daily life with its labor, patience, self-denial, handicaps, sufferings, its successes, its personal gladness, its neighborhood pleasures and its community achievements.

There is a sort of cumulative glamour attached to the reminiscences and traditions of the first year of pioneer experience. The personal triumphs are recalled and related, the anniversaries and various assemblings are in a manner relived again and again. All that was fine, joyous, successful, is preserved; much that was otherwise is dropped if not forgotten. It is therefore highly proper that the actual should be placed side by side with the more pleasurable traditional.

The pioneer, at his winter fireside, with his family about him is indeed a cheerful prospect. The cheeriness of the picture contrasts agreeably with the crudeness of his cabin and its meagre furniture. However, but little of his life was spent at that cheerful fireside. His labor was heavy, and often vexatious. His days were slow and lonely. The immediate results were so slender that he was often discouraged. His implements were clumsy makeshifts, his motive power limited. He could only dream of the tools and teams he would like to have. The "good time coming" seemed very far off. If he had a journey to make, it was a serious matter. The imperfect trail would stretch itself, the hours would drag and the team would weary. He felt the discomfort of cold or heat, and the pangs of hunger. If a bridge were out, or a ford swollen, the delay would take his thoughts to the folks at home. Gloomy question-

ings would beset his mind and heart. When could he reach home? What were the folks thinking? Would they be afraid? Would they worry? Were they safe? Reaching home at last, he might be weather-worn and fatigued, until exhaustion rendered enjoyment impossible.

To many pioneers, it was an endless grind of toil, endurance, plain feeding and solid slumber. His brave, patient helpmeet, likewise, had much of loneliness. Perhaps she spent happy, hopeful hours helping with outside efforts, but in the cabin, alone or with infant children, how many hours of brooding solitude were hers. She too must dream of comforts for which her woman's soul was longing, so little that was convenient and encouraging, so little beauty, so much plainness. The wilderness without, frugality within. No neighbors within hailing distance, fewest of books, no magazines, a stray newspaper at odd times. perhaps twice a year tidings came from the old home, or from friends in other settlements. Little wonder that the dear old faces seem engraved with half a century of exile. There was sickness too, also death. Chills and fever, ague, that did not often kill, but always blighted, stealing energy, hope and happiness. It was often the woman's lot to watch the slow course of disappearing vitality, or with shrinking heart to behold the swift work of malignant disease. At times the able were so few and scattered they could but half attend the unable. At all such times the women, sensing what was lacking more clearly than the man, womankind suffered more.

Again and again in those early years there were lean seasons, spells of scarcity. Something had broken the ordinary run of things. Bad luck would bring the wolf to the door, and encourage him to wait and watch. The reason might be any one of many. The man of the house might be ailing and laid up, at a critical time in the crop season. He might meet with an accident and broken limbs. The sickness of wife and children might consume his whole time and energy. The straying of stock might greatly delay him. Sometimes the strayed stock was not recovered. The result would be tragic. The loss of only one cow, dead, strayed or stolen, would bring a sense of panic to the housewife, and deepest gloom to the children. During such seasons of privation, it is incredible how the craving for certain articles of food would grow in the thoughts of the family as they divided their meagre rations. This craving might be for salt side-meat, for cheese or for butter, or it might be a longing for pickles. But it would be very vivid and terribly persistent. It is related in the chronicles of De Soto's followers, after they had crossed the Mississippi and before they found the salt springs on White River, that a soldier one day cried out, "Oh, if I could only have just one slice of meat

with salt, I could be patient." He voiced a longing that first, last or between times, has gripped every man, woman and child among the pioneers.

It is right that these first great costs of our inheritance should be remembered. We are the heirs of a conquest that was truly fine in the elements of labor, patience, and heroic endurance. With a deep sense of the multiplied obligations thus created, we turn with gratitude to all that was pleasurable and prosperous in the experience of these honored fathers and mothers of the early days. When youth, vitality, and energy come face to face with opportunity, hope springs at once to fullgrown strength. Anticipation flushes the heart, and the mind puts the hands to work. The early settler found a wilderness. There was no house, but the family could build a home; humble as it might be there was the hope of better ahead. There were no fields, but they could enclose and clear. If the labor was heavy, it was for themselves and their children they were working. Hope and faith were shining to cheer them onward.

The first homes were not the log cabin of usual build. They are best described as shelter, whatever the newcomer could devise, whatever he could throw together with his own hands, a place to stay, temporary quarters. The wagon cover might be part with poles and bark, picturesque but not permanent. In some cases there flimsy shelters were used much longer than was first intended. Soon, however, the typical, strong built, permanent log cabin appeared. This meant more than one or two men's work. The settler selected his trees, felled and cut them into lengths. Then a small boy, if one there was, and a yoke of oxen snaked them to the desired location, and all was ready for the "Raising."

"The cabins were of round logs, notched together at the corners, ribbed with poles, and covered with boards split from a tree. A punch-eon floor was then laid down, a hole cut in the end and a stick chimney run up. A clapboard door was made; a window was opened by cutting out a hole in the side or end, two feet square, finished without glass, often with greased paper for transparency. The chinking between the logs held the mud with which it was daubed. The roof might be clapboards, bark or thatch, and the house was ready."

Skill, as always, was at a premium. It was a proud day in the life of a stripling or youth when at a "raisin" he was first allowed to "carry a corner," as the notching was styled. At his first effort he was allowed one misfit, or renotching to make the fit. The second mistake disqualified him for that day. The writer, then under 17, carried his first corner to the top, renotching but once.

The one legged bedstead could only be made in a corner of the

cabin, but the two legged table could be adjusted most any place. Shelves were easy and pegs abundant, while the cross poles which sustained the floor of the loft were made to do duty for whatever might be hung up. Peg-leg benches took the place of chairs. Pots, pans and skillets were hung about the fireplace, all without nails or bolts. The auger was mighty in those days. Thus was the home made ready.

The raising of the cabin was a social event for the entire neighborhood. Every man and boy wanted to be present. They gathered early and with much chaffing and up to date slang, they got busy. It was the aim of all that the "heft" of the work should be completed in time for a one or two o'clock dinner, at least the unskilled labor should be finished; only the deft finishing touches were left for after dinner. The main body of the gathering must be free for play. Always there were wives and sisters in numbers sufficient to make the big dinner a matter of easy and merry achievement for the ladies assembled. The day recalled happy memories in the hearts of the older ones, while the younger were laying the foundation of future memories of their own. The bashful youth had his moment of supreme daring, and the clever damsel found her chance for sweet graciousness in a manner so casual as to deceive the very expert. If, in the main, human happiness is pretty evenly balanced, so is wisdom pretty evenly distributed. "Wisdom is justified of her children," measured by this standard, the generation that built log cabins, classes right along with almost any other.

The cabin raising was a typical occasion. It was just one phase of that community spirit which was more fully shared by all the inhabitants than is possible in the fuller development which follows pioneer life. They had so much in common. They were all poor together, all working for a similar purpose. Each one needed the support of all the rest. Only as they gave mutual assistance could any of them succeed. For peace, for protection, for happiness, for success, none of them lived, or could live, unto himself. This community of interest and of sentiment, produced a hospitality and a fellowship, which is the admiration of the generations that follow.

A writer forty years closer to these first things puts the case with great clearness. "It was a time of self reliance and brave, persevering toil, of privations cheerfully endured, and the experience of one settler was practically that of every other; all faced the same hardships. They stood on an equal footing. There were no castes. Aristocratic pretensions did not exist and would not have been tolerated. The only nobility was the nobility of generosity. The bond of sympathy was the consciousness of common hardships." They were sensitive to each others

needs and misfortunes. They needed no urging to help in time of trouble. The victim of storm or fire was speedily and cheerfully restored to the general equality in all he had lost. The restoration was as prompt as if ties of blood were in force.

Neighbors were on the best of terms; envy, jealousy and strife had no place among them. They were a little world, or a large family, far removed from the great world of the East. To quote again: "This general state of feeling among the pioneers was by no means peculiar to Gentry County, although it was strongly illustrated here. It prevailed generally throughout the West, during the time of early settlement. The very nature of things taught the settlers the necessity of dwelling together in all good will. It was their only protection. They had come far away from a well established reign of law, and entered a new country where the civil authority was still feeble and totally unable to afford protection and redress grievances. Here the settlers lived some little time before there was an officer of the law in the country. Each man's protection was in the good will and friendship of those about him, and the thing any man might well dread was the ill will of the community. It was more terrible than law. It was no uncommon thing in the early times for hardened men who had no fears of jails or penitentiaries to stand in great fear of the indignation of a pioneer community." This community spirit was intensely practical. If one neighbor killed a beef, a pig, or a deer, he shared with the rest. A writer of 1882 laments the speedy passing of this communal interest, and disparages the cold, selfish, calculating orderliness which had even then taken place. In 1922 his criticism is better understood. In the early times there was the occasional ne'er-do-well who failed to kill his beef, pig, or deer, in his turn, and it was a joke to be winked at. But progress and industry while tolerating such individuals, cannot encourage them. Such people make a visible difference between themselves and the general run of which they are usually the first to complain.

The common heart of Gentry County is as kind and generous today as it was in 1850. The unfortunate and afflicted, receive sincere sympathy and ready assistance, and the care of them is more effectual and continuous than was possible seventy years ago.

The pleasures of those early days were carried with a whole hearted enthusiasm, almost beyond our present comprehension. The shooting match when it occurred had the whole field to itself. The last quilting was over and gone, the nest fish fry was not yet dated. The same was true of each recreation in its turn. For the time being each was all in all. The question is often asked why we do not have such

spelling schools and such religious revivals as in the early days. The answer is this. No one bit of knowledge can now enthuse the whole people. We are learning scores of things. Neither can any one sentiment, no matter how sacred, ever again dominate the emotions of an entire community. Progress implies an increasing number of interesting aims and purposes. In the nature of things they compete one with another. The result should be a well balanced civilization.

Physical well being no longer means a periodic abundance of good things after long periods of scant tables; but a sane and continuous enjoyment of sufficient food in comfortable homes. Education no longer means an occasional triumph of memory, but a universal distribution of useful and entertaining knowledge that sweetens and dignifies every day life. Religion no longer means a season of annual exalted emotion, but a settled conviction of endeavor after righteousness, with an abiding sense of God's power and goodness, and daily offerings of praise and gratitude.

Anything, which offered to break the monotony of pioneer isolation, was welcome, and the most was made of it. They even invented diversions which had no other purpose. One community had this annual custom, sometime during roasting ear season. The whole family would load up and drive for miles, until they found a corn field whose owner they did not know. There they would camp, gather corn for a roasting, carefully extract a rail or two without greatly harming the fence, and proceed to feast. If the owner happened along, he "threw in" with them and got acquainted.

The settlers had game and fish in abundance and variety. Turkey, geese, duck, prairie chickens, pheasants, quails. Also butter, honey, and lard. Of what use are the latter without bread? Above many things, they wanted bread. As roasting ear season passed, they grated corn and made fritter cakes. Lard for the griddle, butter for the fritter cake, and honey for the trimming. They had hand mills, and hominy blocks and horse mills. All these meant bread more or less, before water grist mills came into use. No doubt it tasted fine and went well with flesh, fowl and fish. Beeswax, coonskins and other peltry were their first trade commodities. Money was not; trade was everything; even the postmaster accepted coonskins for postage.

Let no one imagine that pioneer life lacked established customs. The game, whether of work or of play, had its rules, and those who took part must mind the rules. The Anglo-Saxon spirit of fair play pervaded all activity. At quilting bees, each man must pay a dollar in money, or split a hundred rails. As dollars were scarce, the men usually worked

on the logs while the ladies quilted. The party in the evening would be full of life and zest. Music and dancing might last till day break. Then came the hazardous task of seeing the ladies "safe home." The "mitten," a pet among some of the young ladies, was dreaded by the young men as a most vicious varmit. Strange to say, if a youth caught one, he never boasted.

"The smith, a mighty man is he," was not written of any pioneer and for some reason earlier histories have neglected him. There can be no doubt that the blacksmith's shop was an early fact, ranking with grist mills and trading posts. The implements of the early farmers in their many imperfections must often have gone to the smith. Happy was that neighborhood when the mill, the store, and the shop were grouped. Such was not always the case, and the pioneer less favored had before him the possible necessity of a journey in two or three directions. Going to mill or the store might be postponed during spells of bad weather. When it could no longer be put off, the weather might even turn worse. Many are the tales told of long waiting at the mill or the smithy, of high water, and lost bridges, and of all-night drives.

As time passed "Old Settlers Day," came into vogue, specially designed to cherish these memories. They were also preserved in many other ways. As the number of pioneers diminished, the survivors became notable persons at all picnics and community gatherings. Each one representing something particular and personal. As more time elapsed the sons and daughters of first settlers had their place in helping to perpetuate these lovable traditions of early experience.

CHAPTER VI.

FIRST COURTS.

MET IN 1845—OFFICERS APPOINTED—BUSINESS TRANSACTED—CREATED SIX MUNICIPAL TOWNSHIPS—FIRST PETITION FILED IN CIRCUIT COURT—EARLY RECORDS—RECORD BOOK STILL IN EXISTENCE.

The first county court of Gentry County met on the 5th day of May, 1845, at the house of Daniel Sanders. The record is as follows:

“May 5th, A. D. 1845.

Be it remembered, that on the first Monday of May and the fifth day of said month, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, the county court of the county aforesaid, met in pursuance of law, at the house of Daniel Sanders, in Sandsville, in said county, the place designated by law for holding courts in the County of Gentry aforesaid. Present, Michael Maltzberger, William Steel and Samuel Collins, Esq's, county justices of said county, James M. Howell, sheriff and George W. Birch, clerk; when and where the following proceedings were had and done, to wit; Michael Maltzberger, William Steel and Samuel Collins present their commissions from the Governor, under seal of the state, appointing them justices of this court, who thereupon took the oath of office required by law.

Whereupon the court was opened by proclamation by the sheriff; then the said court proceeded to elect Michael Maltzberger, Esq., one of their body as president of the said court.

The court appoints George W. Birch as clerk pro tem of this court, who thereupon enters into bond according to law, for faithful performance of said trust, in the sum of five thousand dollars with Peter Culp, Daniel Sanders, John Culp, Gideon Wright and Christopher F. Bartlay as his security, which is approved by the court, and thereupon said George W. Birch takes the oath of office required by law.

James M. Howell, the sheriff, filed his bond as collector of the county. John Huggins was appointed assessor; John Plaster, surveyor; John B. Hundley, treasurer, and Elisha Perkins, coroner.

It was ordered by the court that the county seat, which had been located by the commissioners, Ebenezer H. Wood and Armstrong McClintock, be called Athens. The court then adjourned from the house of Daniel Sanders to the house of William Daily, in the town of Athens.

The above constituted the business of the county court the first day. The other county commissioner was Stephen Jones.

On the 6th day of May, 1845, the court met again at the house of William Daily in the town of Athens. The county was then divided into six municipal townships, which were bounded and named as follows:

Commencing at the southeast corner of the county proper, thence running west with the county line to the southwest corner of said county; thence north with said county line nine miles; thence east across the county to the east boundary of said county; thence south nine miles to the place of beginning, to be known and called Miller Township; place of voting at Gay's Mill.

Commencing at the northeast corner of the first township; thence running with said township line to the west boundary of the County of Gentry; thence nine miles north, with the county line; thence east across the county to the east boundary of the county; thence south nine miles to the place of beginning, to be known and called Athens Township; place of voting at the seat of justice of said county.

Third Township—Commencing at the northeast corner of Athens Township; thence west with the line of said township to the bank of the East Fork of Grand River; thence with the meanders of said river to the north boundary of the said county proper; thence east with the county to the northeast corner of said county; thence south with the county line to the place of beginning, to be known and called Howard Township; place of voting at Lacy Carter's.

Fourth Township—Commencing at the southwest corner of the third township; thence with the line of the second township, to the west boundary of the county; thence with the county line to the north boundary of the third township; thence down the river with the meanders of said river, to the place of beginning, to be called and known as Bogle Township; place of voting at Jason Bogle's.

The territory on the east side of the Middle Fork of Grand River, to be known and called Allen Township; place of voting at Sweems' Mill.

The territory on the west side of the Middle Fork of Grand River, to be called and known as Green Township; place of voting at Philip Norris'.

These townships have undergone many changes, since first organ-

ized in 1845; two of them now constitute a part of Worth County. Since then, the County of Gentry has been divided into eight municipal townships, the names and boundaries of which we give when treating of the history of the townships proper.

Ebenezer H. Wood and Armstrong McClintock were allowed, respectively, the sum of twenty-eight and twenty-four dollars, for their services as commissioners in locating the county seat.

Elisha Cameron was appointed county seat commissioner.

Ebenezer H. Wood was appointed county attorney for twelve months.

An orphan boy, named John Gay, was brought before the court and Jonathan Mosier was appointed his guardian.

James M. Howell was appointed administrator of the estate of James Baker, deceased.

A license to sell goods and merchandise was granted to E. P. Howell.

The court met again on the 7th day of May, when the following proceedings were had:

John Plaster was appointed a justice of the peace for Athens Township.

Elisha Cameron was ordered to advertise and sell a portion of the town lots of Athens, on the 16th day of June, 1845, and was further ordered to lay the town of Athens off into a public square, into lots, avenues, streets, alleys, etc., the number of lots to be ninety-six.

The court then adjourned to meet on June 2, 1845.

Among other things done at the June term of court were the following:

Ordered by the court that Elisha Cameron be appointed superintendent for the County of Gentry, to superintend a final settlement between the County of Clinton and the County of Gentry.

Elisha Cameron was also appointed to superintend the building of the county jail at Athens.

William Bentley was made justice of the peace of Howard Township, as was also John C. Williams.

John Plaster was appointed justice of the peace of Athens Township; Walter Savage, also of Athens Township; Charles Claggett and John Fox, of Athens Township; Aristippus Brown, of Mills Township; Jesse Lewis, of Green Township; O. H. Sweem, of Allen Township.

John Plaster was allowed ten dollars for surveying a portion of the county seat.

Levi Baldock was allowed three dollars, as axman, in the survey of the county seat.

Elisha Cameron was allowed four dollars, as flagman, during the survey.

Samuel H. O. Irvin was appointed constable of Athens Township; William McNatt, constable of Miller Township; Archibald Ross, constable of Howard Township.

The first Circuit Court was held at Athens, on March 12, 1846. Hon. Solomon L. Leonard was the judge presiding. James M. Howell was sheriff; Elijah P. Howell, clerk; and Isaac N. Jones, circuit attorney.

The first petition filed in the Circuit Court of Gentry County, was that of William Smith vs. A. Higgins, and reads as follows: Gentry Circuit Court, September Term, A. D., 1845.

William Smith, by his attorney, Ebenezer H. Wood, complains of Alfred Higgins in a plea of trespass, for that the said Alfred Higgins, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1845, at the County of Gentry and State of Missouri, with force and arms in and upon the said William Smith, made an assault, and him then and there beat, bruised, wounded and evil entreated and other enormities to the said William Smith, the said Alfred Higgins then and there did against the peace and to the damage of the said William Smith, fifteen hundred dollars, and thereupon he brings his suit, etc. By his attorney.

E. H. WOOD.

On the back of said petition are the following endorsements:

"William Smith vs. A. Higgins. Trespass. Damage, \$1,500.

Filed August 18, A. D. 1845.

E. P. HOWELL, Clerk."

"The clerk of the Circuit Court in and for the County of Gentry and State of Missouri, will please issue a summons, returnable at the next term of this court, August 18, 1845.

E. H. WOOD,

Attorney for Plaintiff."

I certify that I executed the within writ and declaration, by leaving a copy of the same with the wife of the defendant, at the residence of Alfred Higgins, as the law directs, on the 21st day of August, A. D., 1845.

JAMES M. HOWELL, Sheriff."

The first case that came before the grand jury for investigation was the State of Missouri vs. John K. Kennedy, charged with the murder of his wife, in Athens Township. The papers in the case were filed March 12, 1846.

The first grand jurors were Richard Cheneworth, Elijah Carter, William Green, Isaac N. Carson, Nathaniel Mothersead, John Q. Smith, David Buckridge, James C. Patton, Abel Yates, Jefferson Taliaferro, James M. Marrs, John Job, Adam Black, Henry P. Hiller, Franklin W. Seats, and John Plaster.

The following is a record of some of the first marriages in the county:

I, W. Bentley, a justice of the peace, within and for the county aforesaid, do certify that on the third day of April, 1845, I joined in marriage Abraham Peppels and Barbara Rhudy.

Given under my hand this 3d day of April, 1845.

W. BENTLEY, J. P.

I, W. Bentley, a justice of the peace, within and for the county aforesaid, do certify that on the first day of May, 1845, I joined in marriage Andrew Keer and Jane Castor.

Given under my hand this first day of May, 1845.

W. BENTLEY, J. P.

I, W. Bentley, a justice of the peace, within and for the county aforesaid, do certify that on the 29th day of May, 1845, I joined in marriage Samson Castor and Martha Ross.

Given under my hand this 29th day of May, 1845.

W. BENTLEY, J. P.

This is to certify that the undersigned, ordained minister of the gospel, did, on July the 14th, 1845, solemnize the rites of matrimony between Mr. Daniel M. Thomas and Miss Susan Jane Low.

TIMOTHY MORGAN.

I, Abraham S. Weese, a justice of the peace, within and for the county aforesaid, do certify that on the 7th day of August, 1845, I joined together in marriage Alexander Smith to Susan Adams.

Given under my hand this 7th day of November, 1845.

A. WEESE, J. P.

I hereby certify, that on the 3d day of November, A. D. 1845, I solemnized a marriage between Rev. Timothy Morgan and Miss Belinda J. Patton, both of said county.

Given under my hand this 3d day of November, 1845.

E. A. CARSON,

An Ordained Minister of the Gospel.

This is to certify that I, Zachariah Linville, an ordained minister of the gospel, did, on the 19th day of June, 1845, unite in matrimony James S. Leverich and Elizabeth Burton, according to law.

Given under my hand this 24th day of December, 1845.

ZACHARIAH LINVILLE.

During the year 1845, fourteen marriages were recorded.

The original real estate records are still in existence. The book in which they are recorded contains 413 pages, and although its leaves have become yellowed and soiled by time, it is in a good state of preservation. Here are found, promiscuously recorded, mortgages, bills of sale, chattel mortgages, powers of attorney, indentures of apprentice-

ship, warranty deeds, etc. The character of the penmanship and the orthography are generally good. Bills of sale, mortgages, and deeds, were in early times usually drawn up by justices of the peace, who, while they were men of good judgment, of unimpeachable integrity, were frequently unlearned and unlettered, as nearly all the early records testify, yet the early records of Gentry County are generally an exception to this rule. The fact must not be lost sight of, however, that the early officials of the newly organized counties in this western county, were hardy backwoodsmen, whose continual struggle for a livelihood precluded the possibility of devoting any time to self culture.

CHAPTER VII.

COUNTY BUILDINGS.

COURTHOUSE—JAIL—COUNTY FARM BUILDINGS.

The second Court House was wrecked by a violent windstorm from the north on July 13, 1883, a storm of considerable extent and destruction. The upper story collapsed and the lower rooms were a wreck of brick and mortar. Fortunately the various records were not seriously injured and a watch was kept over the ruins until all valuable papers could be placed in safety.

On July 16th an order of the Court placed the records of the circuit court, the probate court in the sheriff's office in the block at northeast corner of court house square. At the same time the records of the county clerk were placed in the Peery Block at northwest corner of court house square. These buildings being deemed safe as well as convenient.

Immediately agitation began for the removal of the seat of justice to the center of the county. As a result, the first petition, Sept. 4, 1883, for a new court house to be built in Albany, came to nothing.

On May 7, 1884, the county court made an order for the erection of a court house and appointed L. H. Peery and S. W. Clark to procure plans and specifications and estimates of costs for approval of the court, and when so approved to proceed to have the buildings erected. In the meantime a large number of citizens were working vigorously for the removal of the county seat, and on June 2, 1884, a motion was filed asking that the court order of May 7th be annulled. This motion was overruled by the court.

On June 3, 1884, L. H. Peery and S. W. Clark reported progress in accordance with the court order of May 7, 1884. The report was made of record and is as follows: Comes now L. H. Peery and S. W. Clark, superintendents, appointed and qualified at the May term, 1884, of this court, to build a court house at the established seat of justice, Gentry County, and submit plans and specifications, and the court approves the plans prepared by the architects.

The superintendents, the said Peery and Clark, advertised the letting of the court house on June 26, 1884, in the Albany Ledger, the Albany Memoranda, St. Joseph Daily Gazette, the St. Joseph Daily Herald and the Omaha Bee, said letting to be in parts. At the letting Rufus K. Allen of St. Joseph, was the lowest and best bidder for enclosing, roofing and finishing the outside of said building for \$22,000.00 and the work was let to him to be completed on or before Dec., 1, 1884; \$15,000.00 to be paid by Gentry County, and the balance of \$7,000.00 to be paid by the citizens of Albany, L. H. Peery and S. W. Clark, Superintendents. All of which was considered and approved by by the Court. The contract and bond were also approved and placed on file.

The wreckage of the old court house including the foundation, was removed, and the work of building a new court house on the same ground was commenced July 18, 1884. The work was carried forward as rapidly as possible.

The opposition was also busy. On August 6, 1884, C. M. Gorman and others in sufficient numbers filed a petition for an election, for the purpose of submitting a proposition to remove the seat of justice to the center of the county. Accordingly, the court made an order that the proposition be voted on at the next general election, Nov., 4, 1884, and that the county clerk give notice thereof by advertisement according to law. The result was so decidedly against the proposition as to be considered a final settlement of the question. The order for an election did not delay the work, and on the 24th of August, about one month after the brick work was begun, the corner stone was laid in the presence of the greatest crowd assembled in Albany up to that time.

For the first time in the history of Albany, the Missouri Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. was called to order by Hon. A. M. Dockery at 12:30 o'clock in the Albany lodge room. The following were the officers of the Grand Lodge acting on this occasion: A. M. Dockery, G. M.; Hugh Stevenson, G. S. W.; J. T. Dunn, G. J. W.; G. P. Bigelow, D. D. G. M. The Lodge was formed in the hall, and marched down to the street, when it was joined by the Commandery, G. A. R. Post, the A. O. U. W., and the Knights of Pythias. The line of march was taken up, and headed by the Bethany band, the procession mover around several adjacent squares, marching into the court house yard at the southeast corner, forming as near as possible a hollow square at the northeast corner of the new building.

The stone had been swung into position by a derrick, and after prayer by Rev. J. A. Blakey, the ceremonies proper were performed, and the stone lowered into its resting place, there perhaps to remain for

many generations to come. Although the crowd was large there was not a jar of discord to mar the occasion. A cavity was cut out of the stone, into which was fitted a copper box, as a receptacle for articles to be deposited as historical relics of future generations.

The following was a partial list of the deposits: A list of the subscribers and the amount subscribed by each for the erection of the court house; cards of invitation to the corner stone ceremony; a history of the Girls Wide Awake Club; a copy of the city ordinances of the City of Albany; a copy of the Albany Weekly Ledger; archives of the Albany M. E. Church; copies of the orders of county court, pertaining to the building of the court house; silver shield pin, by J. R. Saunders; coin of S. W. Clark, marked "S. W. C."; family record of C. S. Canaday; copy of the Albany Sun, containing an account of the storm that destroyed the old court house by J. M. Davis; by the A. O. U. W., a silver anchor and shield, and constitution and by-laws and list of members; archives of the Christian Church, Albany; English coin by R. L. Whaley; card by C. B. Hinkley; list of members of the Gentry County Bar Association; copy of King City Chronicle; premium list Gentry County Fair Association, 1884; list of members of Island City Lodge, No. 109 A. F. & A. M., at Stanberry; archives of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, Albany; copy of the Home Guide, by Hubbard and Hubbard; list of members and by-laws of Lodge No. 195, I. O. O. F., Albany; engraved silver coin by L. H. Peery; archives of the M. E. Church, South, at Albany; sentiments of Dr. J. L. Coffey; list of members of Athens Lodge No. 127, A. F. & A. M., Albany; archives of the Presbyterian Church, Albany; copy of American Freeman; copy of the Bethany Broad Axe; copy of Stanberry Sentinel; Bible by Athens Lodge; card, C. Crossan; card, S. P. Larmer; card by W. E. Alexander; archives of Gentry Post, G. A. R., Albany; engraved silver coin by J. W. Barkley; silver coin by C. C. Byrne; family record by R. A. Scarborough; archives of Captain Little Post, G. A. R.; history of Gentry County, Missouri; card of Patton, Cramer and Austin; copy of memoranda; card of Thomas, McCullough & Peery; by-laws of Bethany Commandery, K. T., Royal Arch Chapter and A. F. & A. M. Lodges; Cumberland Presbyterian paper by C. M. Boshart; coin by G. F. Peery; card by Jno. T. Haynes; card of G. W. Combs; family record, Geo. Carlock; coin by C. T. Lyttle; coin by J. F. Culp, Jr.; list of workmen employed in building court house.

The court house block is 200 feet square. The building is of substantial build and symmetrical architecture with cupola, of usual brick with stone pointing and slate roof, three stories high. The interior finish was also let to R. K. Allen. The first floor is complete with halls and com-

modious office rooms with vaults. The second floor has the circuit court room with all appropriate adjuncts. On its completion the new building was accepted June 5, 1885, at a total cost of \$29,100.00.

The block was also enclosed with ornamental iron fence, but in time this gave place to permanent concrete walls with the 10 feet of concrete pavement at their base, thus giving to the court house grounds a pleasing elevation of several feet. In 1904 during the mayoralty of R. M. McCammon, the fair way of 60 feet around the court house square, with its four intersections, was paved with vitrified brick.

As early as 1891, W. F. Greenlee and others proposed raising money to equip the cupola with a first class town clock, and some money was raised. But the proposal was not carried far at that time. About 1900, the young ladies formed the "Town Clock Club." This club in several agreeable ways raised most of the money needed. The city furnished a small sum, and in 1902, the clock was installed, which strikes the hours upon a splendid bell.

In 1906 the "White Way," with more than four score globes, was extended around the Public Square; thus assuring all desirable illumination.

Our court house and surroundings are complete, permanent and pleasing.

The first court house of Gentry County was built in 1845. The plan was submitted by Isaac Cameron, the commissioner of the county seat, on the 2d day of June, 1845, as follows:

"A wall of hewed logs, twenty-four feet by twenty feet, of good durable timber, two stories high, logs to be eight inches thick, and to face ten inches in the middle; the upper story to be divided into three rooms, to be covered in with joint shingle roof; a brick chimney with two fire places; a stairway to the second story; two floors, the lower laid with square joints, and the upper tongued and grooved; two doors and two windows in the lower story, and one window and one door in each of the upper rooms; to be pointed with lime mortar, and a circle bar and judge's bench made in the lower story; all to be done in a good, workmanlike manner."

The building stood upon lot number four, in block number two. It was afterwards sold with the lot, to Judge Elias Parrot, for about \$275.

On the 7th day of December, 1852, the county court made the following order in reference to the building of the second court house:

"It is ordered by the court here that a court house be built in the town of Athens, the seat of justice of this county, and that the sum of \$5,000 be appropriated for the building thereof."

William M. Albin was appointed superintendent of the building.

On the 7th day of March, 1853, the court ordered that an additional sum of \$1,000 be appropriated toward the building of a court house.

The court also ordered that the county court borrow so much of the road, canal, county improvement and common school fund as was necessary to build the court house. This order was made in pursuance of a petition, signed by a majority of the voters of the county, asking that body to use the funds named above, and was authorized by an act of the legislature, approved Feb. 24, 1853.

On the 5th day of July, 1853, the court ordered the levying of a tax of one-fifth of one per cent., and a poll tax of $37\frac{1}{2}$ cents on all persons subject to state tax, to aid in the construction of the court house. Oct. 25, 1853, the court borrowed \$621.61 from the internal improvement fund, to pay the two first installments due on the court house. Dec. 6, 1853, the court borrowed \$700. Miller R. Craig and Joseph Selecman were paid the above amount of \$700, as sub-contractors. March 6, 1854, court borrowed \$500. June 5, 1854, court borrowed \$500. Nov. 15, 1854, court borrowed \$500. July 13, 1855, court borrowed \$500. Nov. 6, 1855, court borrowed \$276. July 6, 1858, court borrowed \$300. Dec. 23, 1858, court borrowed \$741.25.

The court house was a brick building, 45x60 feet, and two stories in height, the first story being 15 feet high and the second ten feet,, and a portico on the south end 12 feet in width, extending the whole height of the building. The court room was at first in the lower story, 40x45 feet, with two small rooms at the south end, and a hall between. The upper story was divided into four rooms for public hall and jury rooms. In 1875 the court house was remodeled, so as to arrange the second story for the court room, with the offices below. Connected with the county and circuit clerks offices was a fire-proof vault, in which are kept the records.

In May, 1846, the county court ordered the building of a jail, and Elisha Cameron was appointed commissioner to let and superintend the building of the same, and he not qualifying, E. H. Wood was appointed in his place. The jail was built in 1846 and 1847, and was a log building about 24 feet square, built of hewn logs, with double walls, a space being left between the walls and timbers placed in an upright position therein. It was two stories high, with an entrance from the ground to the second story, and a trap-door in the floor of the second story as an entrance to the first story. The jail cost about \$500, and was burned in 1850. The county had no jail thereafter till 1859, when a second jail was erected on the northeast corner of the public square, Redmond

Whitton being the contractor, for the sum of \$3,230. This building was about 20 feet square, the outside being brick and inside timber two inches thick, and covered with iron bars, crossing each other and spiked to the timber. It was two stories high, with same character of entrance as the first jail. It was not a safe jail for prisoners. In the fall of 1874, the county erected a third jail, at a cost of \$11,500, the size of which is 96 feet square, built of brick, two stories high, with a basement.

The County Farm—The history of 1882 closed with Walter Gladstone, superintendent of the recently acquired farm in Bogle Township, and its thousand dollar home for indigent poor.

Mr. Gladstone remained in charge for some time. By good management he restored the run-down farm and produced most of the home sustenance. By careful economy, he was able to keep the average number of inmates in reasonable comfort. It was a great improvement on the system of contracting or allowancing, which so long prevailed to the humiliation of the county.

Wm. Loyd, C. A. Kennedy and other following superintendents efficiently carried on the poor home until December, 1906, when it was burned. The inmates were then installed in a large hotel at Siloam Springs. In December, 1908, this hotel was burned and again the unfortunate ones were homeless. However, public sentiment was now fully aroused, and the building of a suitable and permanent home had already been decreed, which this second fire only served to hasten. The Albany Canning Factory was leased for a temporary home.

The farm in Bogle Township had been disposed of and on July 7, 1908, a county farm was bought from Mary R. Monroe for \$7500.00, in Section 36, two miles south of Albany, a splendid location.

At the general election Nov. 3, 1908, \$20,000.00 bonds were voted for building a county home. Nov. 1, 1911, \$15,000.00 ten-year bonds were sold. Dec. 13, 1911, the bid of Chas. Harrison for the building, except plumbing and heating, was accepted at \$11,995.00. F. B. Thompson secured contract for plumbing and heating. Geo. R. Williams was superintendent of construction.

The members of the county court for 1911-'12 deserve great credit for their zeal in providing funds and pushing the work of construction, and for the intelligent care with which they looked after the county poor from the time they took office until the opening of the new home in the fall of 1912. They were untiring, first, in having the money provided by direct issue of bonds in accordance with the vote of 1908, instead of taking it from the road and bridge funds, and second in their painstaking decisions



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regarding plans, material and workmanship, by which Gentry County secured one of the best constructed, most conveniently arranged, perfectly equipped, and most comfortable homes for its indigent charges that can be found in the state of Missouri.

Sept. 17, 1912, the county court made a tour of inspection. The work was then practically complete, ready for the adjustment of a few minor items, and a general cleanup for permanent occupancy.

The following description is as apt in this good year of 1922, as it was in 1912..

The two-story section of the new home has been arranged for the living rooms of the superintendent and his family, and the one-story wings to the north and south are cut off into dormitories, sitting rooms and special sleeping rooms for the inmates, while the west section of the building has been especially erected for the kitchen and dining-rooms. In the west section are also bath rooms for both male and female inmates and in the main wings are separate toilet rooms for men and women.

A large boiler and pressure tank in the basement forces hot and cold water to all parts of the building, and all the rooms and halls are heated by the modern steam-heating plant which has been installed in the basement. There is also a large laundry room in the basement, together with ample storage room, should it ever be needed, some excellent rooms for inmates could be arranged on the basement floor. The plumbing work and the steam-heating plant are the best that the court could buy, and has been installed with the utmost care. Under the careful superintendency of Geo. R. Williams, the carpentering, brick work and other details of construction have been so carefully handled that it is safe to say there is not a public building in north Missouri that can show more careful workmanship than the new home. The large barn and chicken house have been built with a view to permanency, and none of the work about the place has been slighted.

The new home should be ample for the care of Gentry County's pauper charges for fifty years to come. It is located on one of the best tracts of ground in this section; is only about a mile from the geographical center of the county; is convenient to both the railroads and the county seat, and, standing on one of the highest spots in this part of the county, commands a view for miles in all directions.

Mr. Walter Brown is now the efficient superintendent.

CHAPTER VIII.

TOWNSHIPS.

ATHENS—BOGLE—COOPER—HOWARD—JACKSON—HUGGINS—MILLER—WILSON.

Athens Township, is bounded as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of section 1, township 63, range 30; thence west about seven miles to the east fork of Grand River; thence following the meanderings of said river to the north line of section 23, township 63, range 31; thence west about two miles to the middle fork of Grand River; thence down said river to the south line of section 13, township 62, range 31; thence east to the Harrison County line; thence north nine miles to the place of beginning. It contains 73.05 square miles.

Some of the early settlers of Athens Township were the following: J. B. Kingsborough, Iri Orton, Alfred Orton, Robert Dubois and William Green, all from Richland County, Ohio. In 1836, two of these parties passed through this section, seeking a location, and had selected a mill-site near the town of Gentryville. Being pleased with this western country, they returned to Ohio, where they remained until the spring of 1838, when they again left their homes in the East, in company with Dubois, Green and Kingsborough above mentioned. Orton and Kingsborough came thru on horseback to Peoria, Illinois, where they were rejoined by the others, who had traveled by water. Here they purchased an outfit, coming the balance of the way by land, in a two-horse wagon. The men were all young and single, except Dubois, who was married, but left his family in Ohio. They reached the neighborhood of Gentryville, on the evening of June 12, 1838, stopping with William Martin, one of the earliest pioneers of the county. Here they sojourned during the summer, rented a few acres of ground from Martin and planted it in corn. They afterwards located in Athens Township, one and one half miles north of Albany, or where the town of Athens was located—Kingsborough opening a farm.

Michael Maltzberger came from Tennessee, before the county was organized, and located three miles southeast of Albany, where he continued

to reside until his removal to Texas. Maltzberger was commissioned by the Governor one of the first county court justices, and was one of the three persons elected to that position at the election of 1846, the first election held in the county. It was at his suggestion that the county seat was called Athens, for the town of Athens, in McMinn County, Tennessee.

George K. and Benjamin Culp came from Kentucky in the spring of 1835, and located on and near Jacob Miller's place, two miles west of Albany. They came to Clay County, Mo., where they remained about one year, and came from that county to Gentry, bringing all their worldly goods on a horse.

Kelse and David Culp came about the same time, settling also near Albany.

Levi Baldock, another Kentuckian, settled one mile south of Albany. Daniel Saunders, from North Carolina, located two miles south of Albany, at Sandsville which was named after him. The county court of Gentry County met for the first time in his cabin, and organized in May, 1846. Daniel Saunders was the first postmaster in the county, being appointed to that position about the year 1838. James, Simon and Stephen Leverich, from Virginia, were among the early settlers, stopping in the neighborhood of Sandsville.

Henry P. Miller was also from Virginia, and opened a farm adjoining the townsite of Albany.

George Smith said when he and his brother came to Gentry County, the Indians were here in large numbers, for two or three years, and that wild game was in great abundance in every portion of the county. He killed a large deer on the spot where the courthouse now stands.

John Q. Smith, from Kentucky, located about one mile northeast of the town. Andrew J. Bulla, from Virginia, settled two miles northeast, and Thomas Peery, also a Virginian, three miles northeast of Albany.

Samuel McKillen, from Scotland, Gideon Wright, from Clay County, James B. Hunter, from New York and Ohio, Benjamin and Joseph Twedell from Illinois, and Charles Rund from Austria, all located in the township at an early day, and near the town of Athens, as it was then called.

Allen Meek, from Clay County, and at one time a soldier in the United States Regular Army, was an early settler. Daniel Spainhower came from Casey County, Kentucky, in 1884, settling about five miles northeast of Albany, on what was known as the Hardin farm, where he remained until 1852, when he moved onto a farm ten miles north of Albany, where he continued to reside until 1874, when he came to Albany.

Caleb S. Canaday emigrated from Casey County, Ky., in 1828 to Illi-

nois to Morgan and Montgomery Counties, thence to Gentry County, Athens Township, in 1844, locating six miles northeast of Albany, where he lived until 1872, when he became a resident of Albany. He was probate judge of the county in 1872.

Elisha Cameron came among the earliest. He was a prominent and influential citizen of the county, and filled numerous positions of honor and trust, among which were the offices of commissioner of the seat of justice, county commissioner and sheriff.

Among others, were Robert Carter, Walter Savage, William Childers, Peter Vesser, Jink Vesser, Jesse Martin, James Marrs, Jesse Gay, William G. Williams, who was the first representative from the County of Gentry in the legislature, and was probate judge of the county, Henry P. Milier, Miles Orton, George Brown, John Brown, John W. Canaday, James L. Canaday, George W. Birch, Samuel Irvin, Charles W. Claggett, Mason Claggett, Thomas E. Peery, William A. Peery, John R. Hundley, Jacob Newman, James Thompson, Nathaniel Thompson, John Handy, Edward McCart, William McCart, George C. Needles, William Steel, Joseph Siddons, James B. Hunter, Eli P. Hardin, David O'Brien, Christopher Bartley, William Rice, David Prunty, Zachariah Spriggs, William Ward, Jr., Henry Ward, John Fox, Josiah Fox, William Fox, Charles F. Rund, William Brooks, John Riley, William Crants, Willis B. Sampson, Warren Leftwich, Hiram Warner and William Glendenning.

Bogle Township.—Beginning at the northwest corner of section two; thence east eight miles to the east fork of Grand River; then following the meanderings of the river to the south line of section 35, township 64, range 31; thence west to the southwest corner of section 35, township 64, range 32; thence north six miles to the place of beginning, containing 44 square miles.

Early settlers in this township were John Ross and his son, John who came from Nova Scotia about the year 1841 or 1842 and settled west of the Middle Fork of Grand River.

William Glendenning came from Ohio, about the year 1841, and settled west of the Middle Fork on the bank of the stream. The Rosses and William Glendenning were doubtless the first white men to locate permanently in Bogle Township.

Alexander Newman emigrated from Tennessee about the year 1842, and located between the East and Middle Forks of Grand River. At the time of his death he was a citizen of St. Joseph, Mo.

William Allen came to Gentry County prior to 1844, and located on the west side of the East Fork of Grand River, where he continued to live

until 1850, when he went to Oregon. A man by the name of Harris located about the same time, and in the same neighborhood. He left the country several years afterwards.

Thomas Martin came to the county about the year 1874, and settled what was called the Jack Ray farm, between the East and Middle Forks. Martin went to Oregon in 1863.

Jesse Martin, brother of Thomas Martin, located in Bogle Township prior to 1884, and settled in the same locality where his brother Thomas had lived. Jesse went to California in 1849.

James Dean came from Callaway County, Missouri, in an early day, first locating in Athens Township, where he remained until 1847, when he enlisted as a soldier for the Mexican War. He returned from the war in 1848, and settled between the East and Middle Forks of Grand River, in Bogle Township.

Alexander Guynn emigrated from Ohio prior to the year 1844, and located in the same locality.

Harris Green came from South Missouri in 1846 or 1847 and settled in the same neighborhood, where he died.

L. L. Shockley, from Gasconade County, Missouri, came in 1842,, and settled on section 27, township 64, range 31.

William and Thomas David, coming from Gasconade County, Mo., settled about three-quarters of a mile south of Mr. Shockley's farm. They finally moved to Iowa, near Red Oak Junction. James Murphey, and Decatur Murphey, his brother, came from Illinois about the year 1846 and settled west of the Middle Fork of Grand River. Frederick Summa located in the same neighborhood about 1846. Reuben Cox came from Gasconade County, Missouri, and settled in Bogle Township at an early day. He moved to the mountains in 1862 or 1863. A man by the name of Ingles and his son Coleman, also opened a farm between the Middle and East Forks of the Grand River.

Then came John Lawrence from Ohio, in 1850, and improved a place west of the Middle Fork. William A. Snyder, from Indiana, came also in 1855, taking a claim in the same locality. Snyder is still living, but Lawrence is dead. John Patton was one of the settlers of this township in 1850.

James Long and Reuben Long took a claim in the northwestern part of Bogle Township.

Uriah Wells, Jonothan Bogue and Grayble all located in the west part of the township.

Wright Stevens built the first grist mill (horse power) on Bear

Creek in the northwestern part of the township. It was a primitive structure, and rested upon four to eight forks, eight or ten feet above the ground. It had a pair of burrs made of lost rock, and turned out from three to five bushels per day. A son of Wright Stevens, who was about 16 years of age, committed suicide prior to 1850 by hanging, committing the deed with green bark, which he used instead of rope. About 1858, on the same farm, a man by the name of Timmons was waylaid, shot and killed by Milligan and Kestler. At a still later period, and on an adjoining farm, Enwhistle killed Fightner.

Thomas Napier, familiarly known as "Father Napier," settled near the Worth County line, in the northwest part of the township. He came prior to 1850, and he is said to have been familiar with the Old and New Testament scriptures that he could quote from memory almost any passage contained in either of them.

Joshua Cox and Reuben Cox were among the early settlers, locating in the eastern part of the township. Benjamin Dawson became a resident of the township about 1850. He was from Kentucky.

Luman Yates, son-in-law of Thomas Martin, settled near Martin, and later went to California. Beverly Mahoney came from Indiana prior to 1850, and settled in Bogle Township. Dr. Jabez Hunt, from Ohio, located near Union Grove postoffice. He died in the winter of 1881, in Gentryville. Noah and Alexander Hise, from Ohio, settled in this township prior to 1850.

J. J. Patton came from Indiana in 1856. Philip Hinote, who was also an Indianian, located in Bogle Township in 1850. Henry Ross emigrated from Ohio in the Spring of 1855. William Hough took up his line of march westward from North Carolina at a very early day.

The Protestant Episcopal organization built a house of worship in 1881. The constituent members were Wisley Lawrence and family, John J. Swank, Andrew Henderson and family, William Stebbins and family.

The Missionary Baptist, United Brethren and the Christian denominations, each hold services in the different school houses of the township.

Probably the first school in Bogle Township, was taught by a man named Brison; the school house was a log cabin, located in district number six, and was erected in 1855. The teacher was from Tennessee, and taught what was called a loud school, where each pupil studies his or her lessons aloud.

The pioneer grist mill of Bogle Township was a horse mill, built prior to 1850, by John Armstrong, and located on Linn Creek. The mill was

standing in 1855, but since that time both mill and owner have passed away.

William Jackson and brother built the next grist and saw mill and sold the same to Martin Mervin, who moved the machinery onto the land owned by John J. Patton.

Cooper Township.—Commencing at the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section three, township 63, range 33; thence east to the West Fork of Grand River; then down said river to the south line of section 13, township 62, range 31; thence west to the Nodaway County line; thence north to place of beginning, containing 76 square miles.

Early settlers in Cooper Township were: John Hussey, William R. James, James House, James H. Saunders, Dr. T. C. Hussey, Benjamin Floyd, John J. Stansbury, Green B. Cooper, William Hall, James House, Silas Houston, John N. Ross, Thomas W. Wilson, John J. Gish, Charles B. Newhall, Ephriam Shisler, Isreal Shisler, Thomas Irons, John Cooper, L. E. Shaddock, Lewis Christian, James Rouse, John T. Daniel, James R. Farriss, John H. Kay, J. L. Edster, Fred Cogdill, James Stockton, Sidney Wilson, George Wilson, William Harkrider, Enoch Liggett, I. N. Malson, Robert Webber, Elijah Hathaway, Sylvanus Hathaway, Wilson J. Wheeler, I. N. Morris, J. W. Boner, William McCurry, Anderson Redding, Joshua Cranor, Henry Cobb, Reuben Perkins, B. Steves, T. C. Hussey, H. H. Hussey.

Howard Township.—Howard Township is bounded as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of section one, township 64, range 30; thence west six miles to the East Fork of Grand River; thence down said river to the south line of section 36, township 64, range 31; thence east seven miles to the west line of Harrison County; thence north six miles to the place of beginning, 39 square miles.

Samuel and Asa Howard, after whom Howard Township takes its name, came about 1840 from Ohio, and located near the southwest corner of the township, near the East Fork of Grand River. Samuel went to Iowa.

William Bently, Sr., from West Virginia, but came from Illinois here, in 1838, and settled in the southwest corner of the township. He was sheriff of the county whence he came to Illinois, and ran for that office here, but was defeated. He served as one of the justices of the peace of Howard Township in an early day. He was a soldier in the Mexican War, and was in some of the most sanguinary battles of that struggle, being present at the Battle of Monterey and at the capture of

the City of Mexico. He returned to Gentry County after the Mexican War, and in 1850 went to California, where he died.

David Rhudy emigrated from Tazewell County, Virginia, about the year 1842, and located on Muddy Creek, in the northwest part of the township. He moved away and has been dead for many years.

John Finley came from Tennessee in 1838, settling in Daviess County, Missouri. He was in the Mormon War of that year, and located in Gentry County, on Muddy Creek, in 1841 or 1842. Inseparably associated with the name of John Finley is that of Sicamac, the name of a horse prized very highly by him.

William Smith settled in Daviess County, Missouri, prior to 1838, and was in the Mormon difficulties at Far West. He located in Howard Township in 1844, and afterwards moved to Worth County, where he died. He was a native of Tennessee.

James and Nathaniel Blakely came from Tennessee to Daviess County, Missouri, in 1844. These men were exceedingly fond of frontier life, spending the greater portion of their time in hunting game, wild honey, and in fishing. Jesse Blakely, another brother, who came in 1845, was killed in New Mexico.

Old man Blakely and his wife were also early settlers of Gentry County. They were taken sick on the same day, and died about the same time, and were buried in the same coffin.

Charles Roe came in 1840, remained two or three years, and went to Iowa.

Edward Nance arrived in 1842, and was about the first blacksmith to ply his trade in Howard Township.

John Handy, a native of Kentucky, but from Illinois to Gentry County, pitched his tent near Muddy Creek, on the 16th section. He afterwards moved to Athens Township, and upon the organization of the county, moved to the town of Athens, now Albany, and kept the first tavern that was ever opened to the public in the town.

John Plaster came from Indiana at an early day, lived in Miller and Athens, and moved to Howard Township about 1850. He filled various offices in the county, among which was that of surveyor, assessor and justice of the peace.

Madison Marrs, formerly from Virginia, but came from Illinois to this county, in 1840, and located on Panther Creek. This creek takes its name from the fact of a panther being killed upon its banks by some hunters who were passing through the country several years before the permanent settlement of Gentry County.

Elijah Vincent, John and Samuel Carter, together with big and

little John and Richard Glendenning, came to the township in the fall of 1841, and settled on the south bank of Panther Creek, three-quarters of a mile north of the line of Athens Township. From these two families and their relations sprang the M. E. Church of Gentry County. They were great friends of Methodism, being prominent and active members of that church, their homes being headquarters for the entertainment of the ministers of that church.

The first camp meeting that was held in Gentry County was on the farm of the Carters, above named, which took place about the year 1842 or 1843. It began on Thursday and continued over Sunday. There were about 200 persons in attendance, coming from Daviess, DeKalb, Nodaway, Gentry and other counties, and they came generally in ox wagons and were well supplied with provisions, which they cooked and ate upon the ground. Among the ministers officiating upon that occasion were Isaac Burns and Noah Richardson, both of whom were devoted and earnest servants of God. It was an occasion characterized by a manifestation of genuine Christian piety.

Sampson Caster settled near the Rosses in an early day, where he continued to reside until his death, which occurred in the winter of 1881. He was from Pennsylvania. Iri Hewlett came from Ohio about 1846.

Lace Carter, was also among the early pioneers to Howard Township. He was said to have excelled as a bee hunter; he was also fond of hunting and trapping wild game. After remaining here a few years, he left for Iowa, where he continued to live until his death, which occurred many years ago; being inseparably connected with his two most faithful companions—his gun and his dog.

John C. Williams, Thomas Williams, Evan D. Williams, William H. Williams and James Williams were also among the early settlers of the township.

George W. Needels came from Ohio prior to 1845, and located in this township. He was one of the county judges of Gentry County in 1864 and '66. He was a farmer and also the proprietor of the American Freeman, an anti-monopoly, anti-secret-society weekly newspaper.

David Culp and Thomas Cook, William Stevenson and George Smith were also early settlers.

Hugh Ross was, perhaps, the pioneer school teacher of the township. Peter Wilson emigrated from Old Virginia, near Richmond, and located south of Muddy Creek, in the north part of the township, on the Rhudy farm. He was an active member of the M. E. Church, South.

Giles and Henry Parman emigrated from Tennessee and settled in Howard Township quite early. Henry Parman went to California shortly after the gold excitement of 1850, where he died.

John Munger, who was also from Tennessee, came in 1842, and was the first blacksmith in Howard Township. A man by the name of Hixon and his brother-in-law, Saylee, came to the township prior to 1850. Hixon afterwards killed Saylee, which was one of the earliest murders in Gentry County. Charles McNeece came from Clay County, Missouri, formerly from Tennessee, settled east of a town known as Elenora.

Solomon Yates, Abram Yates, Henry Sourds, Aaron Allen and Samuel Colvin, were also early settlers of the township.

About 1841, a family named Robinson, consisting of two or three brothers and as many sisters, came from Clay County, Missouri, and located near Muddy Creek, or in the forks of Muddy Creek. Potter Harrington, from Clay County, who resided near the Robinsons, went to visit them one afternoon, remaining till dark before attempting to return home. In the meantime a heavy shower of rain had fallen, and the creek had risen rapidly. Harrington mounted his horse, being somewhat intoxicated, it is said, and started for home. He rode into the creek; his horse came out upon the opposite shore, riderless. Harrington was drowned; his body, however, was never afterwards indentified. Some boys who were fishing in the creek the following spring discovered the bones of a human skeleton; this skeleton was supposed to be the remains of Potter Harrington. The bones were collected and carefully interred on the banks of the stream, near the place where they were found. Harrington drowning at night, or being last seen at night, when he left Robinson's cabin—the Robinsons being a rough, drinking indecent, and immoral people, were arrested, charged with the murder of Harrington, and taken before 'Squire Tip Brown, of Gentryville, but for want of sufficient testimony, authorizing the justice to hold them for trial till the succeeding term of the circuit court, they were discharged.

As early, perhaps, as 1855, a brick church edifice was erected by George W. Needels and others near the former's residence and called Needel's Church. The denomination known as the Methodist Episcopal worshipped there for many years. Among the early members of this church were George W. Needels, Sr., and wife, George W. Needels, Jr., and wife, Thomas Needels and wife and Barrett Needels, who was a preacher. The old brick church was taken down, and near it was erected a frame building.

The Cumberland Presbyterians built a house of worship on John Wayman's land. It was built prior to 1860. Wayman and family,

Archibald Ross, James Castor and wife, Mayhew Harris and wife, Robert Reddy and wife, and ——Wiley and wife were among the organizing members. Rev. John Wayman was the first pastor. The building is still standing. The Christian M. E. Church and M. E. Church, South, not having any houses of worship of their own, hold services either in other houses or in the different township school houses.

Jackson Township.—The boundaries of Jackson Township are: Beginning at the northeast corner of section 24, township 62, range 32, thence west eight and a half miles; thence south nine miles; thence east eight and a half miles; thence north nine miles to place of beginning. There are 76.5 square miles in the township.

Among the early settlers of Jackson Township were J.J. Taylor and his brother, G. P. Taylor, from Scott County, Illinois; the latter came in 1855 and the former in 1856, and located about three miles northeast of King City. Ithra Todd settled four miles east of town, prior to 1856. William Ring, —— Allison, Elijah Hull and Manlove Cranor were all residents of the township at an early day.

Porter Hardin, Rufus Brown, Love Millen, John G. Millen, Oscar Griswold, Samuel Millen, Harvey White and Thomas Payne were all in the township prior to 1860, and located near the present site of King City.

William Currel, from the southern part of Missouri, came also prior to 1855, but left soon after. Levi Wood located west of the town, was from Boone County, Missouri, but afterwards removed to Worth County.

R. M. Brown came with his father. E. K. Wood, settled about four miles northwest. Andrew Tomlinson came at a later date from Indiana.

David Cranor, William and Moses Cranor were among the early settlers.

Tiney Helton, from Kentucky, settled in the northwest corner of the township in 1840. He was a man of decided characteristics, and was exceedingly fond of frontier life. He spent much of his time in the woods and on the banks of the neighboring streams in search of bees, honey and wild game. His cabin stood near Wild Cat Branch, where he lived a number of years, finally going to Arkansas and locating among the Ozark Mountains. It is said by those who know him, that wild cats and coons were among his favorite meats. His cabin was without a floor, other than the ground. His pigs and lambs were raised in the cabin, where they shared with his family about the same fare.

Harrison Ballard, Israel Cook, Edwin Winchester, Daniel Raridan, Thomas Stegall, Adam Combs, Lewis Russell, Coleman Fugate and William Cogdill, all came before 1845.

Huggins Township.—Huggins Township is bounded as follows: Beginning at the West Fork of Grand River, where the same crosses the south line of section 32, township 64, range 32; thence down said river to the southwest corner of section 36, township 63, range 32; thence following the meanderings of said river to where the same intersects the Middle Fork of Grand River; thence up the Middle Fork to the north line of section 21, township 63, range 31; thence east to the East Fork of Grand River; thence up said river to the south line of section 35, township 64, range 31; thence west to the place of beginning. Containing 37 square miles.

The pioneers who first settled Huggins Township, or that territory now known as Huggins Township (it being once a part of Athens Township) located near, or in the timber on the banks of the streams. Grand River, eighty five years ago contained a much larger volume of water than it does now. Its native timber belts were larger, darker, and more dense, abounding in a variety of game, and its waters teemed with fish, all of which constituted incentives that were not easily resisted by the old settler.

One of the first to locate in this township was Samuel Collins, who came from Indiana about the year 1842, and settled on the southwest side of the township, near the West Fork of Grand River. He was one of the three county judges, the first that the county had in 1845, his associates being Michael Moltsberger and William Steele. They were commissioned as judges by the governor of the state. Prior to the Kansas and Nebraska troubles, Judge Collins moved to Buchanan County and built a brick residence within a few miles of St. Joseph. He finally about the time of the breaking out of the civil war moved to Kansas. He is said to have been a rough, overbearing man, and constantly at war with his neighbors. He was killed in a difficulty in Kansas.

Frank Alexander came from Ohio prior to 1884, and settled near the West Fork of Grand River. He built the first stream saw and grist mill erected in Huggins Township.

Peter Vesser came from Tennessee in a very early day, as did John and George Brown, and settled in the Forks of Grand River; they were Indian traders, and possessed but little refinement, either in dress or manners. John Brown died here and George moved to Texas.

Lemuel Lyle came from Kentucky prior to 1844, and located between the East and Middle Forks of Grand River.

Strother Ball came from Clay County, Missouri, to Gentry County, and located near the Middle Fork of Grand River, in 1844. He was a

native of Kentucky; went to Texas where he died. He was a minister of the Hard Shell Baptist denomination.

Wright Stephens from Kentucky, settled near the forks of Grand River. He erected a saw mill in Worth County, in which he lost one of his arms. He went to Texas before the war.

Hiram Warner, from Kentucky, came in 1845, and located in the forks of Grand River. Mr. Warner was a minister of the Christian church and lived and died an exemplary Christian life.

William J. Canaday, Sr., originally from Kentucky, but came from Illinois to Gentry County, in 1845 and located between the forks of the river.

Lewis David, from South Missouri, came in 1845, and settled on Caleb S. Canaday's farm, where he died.

Thomas and Calvin David, who were also from South Missouri, settled on the Middle Fork of Grand River.

George O. Carlock came in 1842, from Tennessee, and settled west of the Middle Fork of Grand River. He died in 1881, at the age of 83 years. His son, Henry Carlock, who settled with his father, at the same date, was a soldier in the Union army and died at Jefferson City, in 1862.

In 1842, Uriah Wells came from Indiana and settled west of the Middle Fork of Grand River. He afterwards went to Iowa, where he died.

Jonathan Bogue was also an early settler, from Indiana, settled west of the East Fork of Grand River.

William Cox, from South Missouri, came in 1845, and settled west of the Middle Fork of Grand River. He went to Oregon before the Civil War.

Meredith Shockley was also from South Missouri, and settled west of the Middle Fork, where he died. He was a Methodist preacher.

John Huggins, after whom the township received its name, came from Ohio, about the year 1845, and settled west of the Middle Fork, at Hugginsville, which also took its name from John Huggins, where was afterwards established a post office. In 1868 and '70 he was one of the county judges of Gentry County. John Armstrong, son-in-law of Huggins, located about the same time near Hugginsville.

William and Elisha Poole came from Ohio, at an early day.

Elisha and Isaac Enochs, from Ohio, located also near Hugginsville.

Frederick Watson, a native of Scotland, but from Ohio to Gentry County, was one of the earliest settlers, locating west of the Middle Fork of Grand River.

James Hall, from one of the Eastern States, settled near Grand River, where he died.

James McGuire came from Kentucky in 1842 or 1843, with his father, both settling on the West Fork of Grand River. His father went to Oregon.

In 1845 William Rhoades came from Clay County, Missouri, and settled on the Middle Fork of Grand River, in the bottom.

Andy Mackey located between the Middle and East Forks.

Valentine Waltrip settled here at an early day.

Among the earliest settlers was Solomon Graybill, from South Missouri.

Morris B. Huggins, John Armstrong, Francis H. Alexander, Cornelius Enochs, David Buckridge, James F. Hall, Samuel Gunter and Wilson T. Canaday, were all among the earliest settlers of Huggins Township.

A church was built in Huggins Township as early at 1848. It was a brick edifice, and the land was donated by William J. Canaday, as was also the cemetery, which is one of the oldest in the county, and is the last resting place of many of the old pioneers and their wives. The first minister to officiate within its walls was Hiram Warner, who continued to fill its pulpit for nineteen consecutive years. As above stated, he was from Kentucky, and an Elder in the Christian Church. Among the persons organizing this church were William J. Canaday and wife, George Brown and wife, Uriah Wells and wife, Henry Carlock and wife, George O. Carlock and wife, Edwin Miller and wife, and ——— Constance and wife. Jasper H. Coffey succeeded Warner. Rev. Ripley and wife, each of whom proclaimed the glad tidings of salvation, also labored irregularly for some years in this church. Barton W. Wadkins is the minister in charge at the present time. The brick church (Christian) was wrecked by storm in 1883. A frame building soon took its place and the work of this church has been continued.

The Chapel, located at Hugginsville, was erected about 1854, by the M. E. Church society. Meredith Shockley and Herald Johnson were among its earliest ministers. John Huggins and wife, William Poole and wife, Robert Morris and wife, John Ross, Sr., Mrs. John Armstrong, and others, assisted at its organization.

Miller Township.—Miller Township is bounded as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of section 24, township 62, range 30; thence west 12 miles; thence south nine miles; thence east 12 miles; thence north nine miles to place of beginning, containing 108 square miles.

Miller Township was the first settled in the county, that is to say, the first emigrants coming to the county located in Miller Township, and

near what are now known as Greenwell Ford and Gentryville. It is the southeast township of the county, the line of Daviess County forming its eastern boundary. Daviess County was organized in 1836. Settlements, however, had been made in that county several years prior to that date. Because of its contiguity to Daviess County, which had been settled from twelve to fifteen years, Miller Township received the first emigration coming westward. The Grand River, with its affluents, affording ample water-power for mill sites, and the abundant supply of timber which fringed these streams, as well as the fertility of the soil, constituted attractions such as were sought after by the pioneers, coming from the well watered and well timbered districts of the Eastern and Southern States.

In 1832 Isaac Miller and his brother, Tobias, came from Garrett County, Kentucky, to Clay County, where they remained for two years. During the fall of that year and the succeeding fall, 1832-33, he came to Gentry County in company with a number of young men in search of game and wild honey. His immediate companions in the fall of 1833 were his brother, Moses Miller, David Henderson, Lewis Arnold and William Arnold, all from Kentucky. There were three wagons in the company, containing from three to five men each, besides the wagon under the control of Mr. Miller and his party. They crossed Grand River near what was afterwards known as Patton's Ford, and after remaining in the vicinity of what is now Gentryville and Greenwell Ford for several weeks, they returned to Clay County, taking with them an abundance of honey. Having, during his sojourn in Clay County, made the acquaintance of William Martin and John Roberts, both of whom were from Tennessee, they concluded to come together to Gentry County, and accordingly in the winter of 1834, in February, they arrived at Greenwell Ford. They built a cabin on the north side of the river, about forty steps from the bank, north of the ford. At that time the locality had not been named, nor had a ford or crossing place been established. When Mr. Miller and his companions reached the end of their journey they found a large band of Fox and Sac Indians, who had been camping there that winter. They soon erected their cabin and prepared to raise a small crop of corn in the spring of 1834, putting in fifteen acres. At that time there were no mills or trading posts nearer than Clay County, where they were compelled to go for their supplies, at long intervals, a distance of about seventy miles. After spending the winter and summer in their cabin, Martin, Roberts and Tobias Miller, each took a claim. Martin located three-fourths of a mile east of the ford, on what was not inaptly called then "Poverty Point," from the fact that the location was poor, sandy and barren. Here Martin died many years ago.

John Roberts, of whom we have spoken in the history of Albany, lived a short time near Greenwell Ford, and then moved on to the town site of Albany, from which place he went to Illinois.

Tobias Miller, settled southeast of the ford, on the east side of the river. After two or three years he removed to Daviess County, Mo., and died there, about the year 1857. Isaac Miller then became and continued the solitary occupant of the old cabin near the ford, until he located on the northwest quarter of section 23, township 62, range 31, two miles south of Greenwell Ford, where he lived until 1881, when he sold to his son. While living at Greenwell Ford, Mr. Miller observed a large bald-headed eagle, which had built her nest in a dead sycamore tree near his cabin. The top of the tree had been broken off by the wind, leaving about 70 feet of the trunk standing. Upon this stump the proud bird had built her nest, where for two or three succeeding summers she raised her brood.

This region of country was the hunter's paradise, and it was annually visited for several years after its settlement by the whites, by the Indians of the Platte Purchase, who always returned to their homes with a winters' supply of elk and deer.

In the fall of 1835, Mr. Miller, while standing upon the brow of an upland prairie, saw on the plains below 127 deer in a single herd. Such were visions which not unfrequently delighted the eyes and gladdened the hearts of the brave pionrees who pitched their tents upon the banks of the Grand River.

In 1835, the year following the first settlements made in the county, emigration began to come quite rapidly. During that year, among those who settled in Miller Township were John Culp, from Tennessee; Milton Foster, from Kentucky; a German by the name of Taughlemyer, who afterwards removed to Platte County; Benjamin Culp, from Tennessee; Elisha Cameron, from Tennessee, and a number of others, principally from Kentucky and Tennessee, all locating within a few miles of Gentryville.

Nancy J. Miller, daughter of Isaac Miller, was the first white child born in the county, the date of her birth being October, 1839. When grown to womanhood she married W. P. Garten.

Among the earliest settlers of this township was Judge Jacob Jones, who came from Muskingum County, Ohio, in 1839, arriving here on the 1st day of February, of that year. He came by land, through the newly settled states of Indiana and Illinois, crossing the Mississippi River at Quincy. He purchased from John McCully, his claim, located five miles east of Gentryville and one mile from the Daviess County line, subject

to a survey. McCully was a Kentuckian and had lived on his claim about two years, and then moved to Daviess County, Mo. Judge Jones continued to reside upon this farm, where he made substantial improvements, until 1865, when he located at Albany, the county seat. He was one of the prominent citizens of the county and was one of the county judges in 1862 and in 1866.

Jesse Green, from Kentucky, located near the center of the township, prior to 1839. Shortly after the discovery of gold in California, he, in company with a number of others from Gentry County, went to that state, where he afterwards died.

Clayton T. Robinson, also a Kentuckian, located in the northwest part of the township prior to 1839. Charles Gay, from Ohio, came to the county prior to 1839 and settled at or near Gentryville, and was one of the men who built at Gentryville in 1840 the first water mill that was ever erected in the county, the place being called at that time Gay's Mill. This primitive structure was built of logs, about 24 feet square, and was operated with one pair of stones and had an upright saw. These stones were made in the county by Joshua Potter out of what is called "Nigger Head," or lost rock. This mill was washed away by the freshet of 1844, and was rebuilt in 1844 and 1845, constructed in the second instance of logs, but had two runs of stones. It was washed away in 1851, and again rebuilt.

John T. Hunter, a son-in-law of Charles Gay above named, came with Gay from Ohio, settling also at or near Gentryville, and became the partner of Gay in the erection of the water mill above mentioned. In 1851 the mill was sold to J. C. and T. J. Patton and rebuilt in 1853-4. John Graham & Brother bought it in 1863, and was washed away again in 1865. Mr. Hunter afterwards became a citizen of eastern Oregon. Aristippus Brown, from Kentucky, located near Gentryville, prior to 1839, and finally went to California.

Taylor McCully, from Kentucky, settled about four miles east of Gentryville, about the year 1836. He erected the first horse mill worked by lever power in the county, as early as 1837 or '38, at or near the place of his residence. It was afterwards operated by Levi Baldock. The facilities for obtaining breadstuffs then were very meagre and incomplete. An entire day was doubtless consumed by mills similar to this in grinding from two to five bushels of corn, and it is said that Levi Baldock, the last proprietor of this mill, possessed an old hound that sometimes lapped up the meal as rapidly as the mill ground it, and in the intervals looked up towards the hopper and barked for more. The original settlers of the county generally grated their meal at home, which

made very excellent bread, especially when eaten hot, with native honey, of which at that time, the forests along the streams abounded.

George and Wm. Weese located west of Gentryville prior to 1839. Charles Roberson, from Kentucky, settled north of Gentryville in 1839.

John Patton, of Kentucky, settled in the northeast corner of the township prior to 1839. Being smitten with the gold fever, which prevailed so universally in this country in 1849, he went to California. Upon his homeward voyage from California, where he had remained a short time, he died on board of a ship, in the Gulf of Mexico. Byron Linville and James M. Howell, from Tennessee, were also early settlers in this township. William McNatt and Paschal O. Roberson, from Kentucky, the former locating east of Gentryville two miles and the latter north of Gentryville, were also among the pioneers. Charles Pryor and William Newby settled south of Gentryville. John D. Burton, from Kentucky, located on the Taylor McCully farm, at an early day. Caleb Sampson settled one mile southeast of Judge Jones, prior to 1836.

James C. Patton was born in Augusta County, Va., July 24, 1787. In 1809 he emigrated from Virginia to Knox County, Tennessee, where he continued to reside till March, 1819. He then moved to Monroe County, Tennessee, where he lived till the spring of 1841, when he came to Daviess County, Missouri, where he lived till Sept. 14, 1841, when he came to Gentry County, Missouri, settling in Miller Township, not far from Gentryville. He died in 1862, at Albany.

In 1840, E. W. Dunegan, a native of Kentucky, but from Montgomery County, Indiana, to Missouri, located in Miller Township. In June, 1841, Mr. Dunegan commenced a three months' school two miles above Gentryville, on the east side of Grand River. A few days before his school opened, the neighbors of the vicinity, living in a radius of perhaps ten miles, met and erected the school house, which was a log building, 16 feet square, a portion of one of the logs being taken out for a window. There were enrolled 22 pupils in this the pioneer school of Gentry County, the names of 20 of whom are here given: A. J. Ward, A. Ward, Joseph Ward, Daniel Gay, J. S. Ward. James W. Crawford, G. W. Crawford, William Osborn, William Ward, Miriam Foster, Susan Foster, Margaret Foster, Nancy Ready, Ellen Ready, Louisa Smith, Judith Smith, Barbara Smith, Loretta Warren, Sarah Osborn, Sarah A. Ward.

Wilson Township.—Wilson Township is bounded as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section 3, township 64, range 33; thence east six and a half miles; thence south six miles;

thence west six and a half miles; thence north to the place of beginning; 39 square miles, 25,000 acres.

One of the first pioneers to pitch his tent within the limits of what is now known as Wilson Township, was Abraham Enyart. He came from Clinton County, Mo., where he had gone from Kentucky, before Clinton County was organized, about the year 1831. He was an elder in the Christian Church, and a physician. As early as 1837 or 1838, he made visits to Gentry County, where at regular intervals he conducted religious services. Finally, in 1840, he settled in the northern part of Wilson Township, about four miles north of Alanthus. He was instrumental in securing the first post office in the township, and named it Alanthus.

In 1842 or 1843, John Bryson from Tennessee, located in the northeast corner of the township. He has filled the position of justice of the peace for a number of years.

Samuel and Captain Bryson were also among the early settlers to this portion of the county.

Thomas Stanley was also one of the pioneers, settling in the northeast part of the township. He left the county many years ago.

Squire Chapman located near Alanthus.

Lemuel Wadkins, who was also an elder of the Christian Church, was among the early settlers.

Two or three families of Wrights, Levi and Riley Osborn, George Smith and one of the Granthams, all came at an early day, as did Leander and Jesse Coffey from Indiana. Jesse Coffey was a physician, residing at Alanthus.

William Richardson settled south of Alanthus.

Enoch Liggett, was also an early settler. In 1856, in 1862 and 1864, he was one of the judges of the county court.

CHAPTER IX.

CITIES AND TOWNS.

ALBANY—AT FIRST CALLED ATHENS—LOCATION—FIRST HOUSE—FIRST BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN—TOWN INCORPORATED—FIRST SCHOOLS AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS—NEWSPAPERS—CHRISTIAN CHURCH—PRESBYTERIAN—METHODIST EPISCOPAL—BAPTIST—LIBRARY.

Albany.—Albany, the county seat of Gentry County, was laid out in May, 1845, by Elisha Cameron, the commissioner of the county seat. It was first known as the town of Athens. The following is his report of the same:

“Now comes Elisha Cameron, commissioner of the seat of justice of Gentry County, and State of Missouri, and submits a report to this court, which is ordered to be recorded as follows, to wit: By order of the county court, met on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1845, at the town of Athens, the seat of justice of the county of Gentry, and proceeded to lay off a portion of the tract of land known as the southeast quarter of section number twenty-four (24), in township number sixty-three (63) of range number thirty-one (31), west of the fifth principal meridian, into a square, lots, avenues, streets, lanes and alleys. Commencing in the northeast corner of the above mentioned tract of land, at the half mile stake, on the range line dividing ranges 30 and 31; thence running south 173 feet; thence west 12 feet, which constitutes the northeast corner of block number one (1), and lot number one (1); thence running west 198 feet to the beginning, constituting one block, containing lots number (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), each lot 66 feet in front and 93 feet back, making an alley of 12 feet, running east and west through said block; thence commencing at the southeast corner of block number one; thence running south 66 feet and cornering, composing Clay Street, running east and west; thence proceeded to lay off 15 blocks, each block containing six lots and a 12-foot alley. Blocks, lots, alleys and square, each of the size of the above mentioned block, lots, streets, alleys and square, making 90 lots, six streets, three of which

running east and west and three north and south, each 60 feet wide.”

As will be seen, the town of Athens was laid out during the month of May, 1845, by Elisha Cameron, commissioner of the county seat, and the first sale of town lots was made on the 16th of June thereafter.

The town is handsomely located, about five miles northeast of the geographical center of the county, in the midst of a beautiful and fertile country. The original town site is a broad elevation, gently sloping towards the south and southwest, and commands a fine view of the country, stretching out in the latter direction. The northern part of the town is upon ground still more elevated, from which the observer may see in the distance the green fields and attractive homes of the farmer, and still beyond, the dark timber belts which skirt the higher grounds towards the east, and fringe the affluents of Grand River to the south and westward.

Albany has a population of 2016 according to the census of 1920.

The original proprietor of the quarter section of land, upon which Athens was located, was John Roberts, a native of one of the Southern States. When he located here, is not definitely known. Judge Kingsborough came in 1838, and says that the cabin which Roberts had built on the town site, looked as if it had been standing several years. This cabin was located southeast of the jail, where the Central Hotel now stands, and was constructed of white oak logs. Roberts sold his interest in the land to William Dailey, from Ohio, about the year 1842. Dailey died in Montgomery County, Illinois, in 1852, where he had moved in 1846, having exchanged 200 acres of land, north of Athens, for land in Illinois, with Robert C. Canaday. Dailey quit-claimed his interest in the land, where the town was located, in August, 1845, and Elisha Cameron purchased the same at the land office, at Plattsburg, Mo., for the sum of \$200 in the name of the county.

The first house erected in the town, after the location of the county seat, was that of Elijah P. Howell. It was a log house, with shed attached, and stood near the Central Hotel. Howell built this for a business house, and sold goods and general merchandise, being the first merchant who sold goods in Athens. Howell came from Clinton County to this place. He was one of the pioneer merchants of Plattsburg, having sold goods there as early as 1833 and 1834, or soon after the location of the town. He was the first county and circuit court clerk, and went to California in 1849, where he died. He was a great hunter, and killed 30 deer near the town, in the winter of 1848.

John Handy, came from Montgomery County, Illinois, locating first in Howard Township, and built the next house in the new town of

Athens, which he used as a hotel, or as it was called in those days—tavern. Joseph Cole, from Virginia, was the first saddler.

John Patton had the honor of keeping the first saloon in Athens, and built a log house, wherein to vend whisky, hickory nuts and soft soap.

John B. Hundley built the next house. He afterwards built a brick store on the same lot. Mr. Hundley came from Green County, Tennessee, in 1845, and located near Evona.

The first blacksmith in the town was John W. Shockley, from Gasconade County, Missouri. John T. and Lewis Rowe were also among the earliest blacksmiths. William Armstrong and William Cook, from Illinois, also put up a blacksmith and repair shop on the west side of the public square.

The next hotel was erected by John Thompson.

The first shoemaker was James Shelby, George B. Clover, from Indiana, coming next in 1853. Joseph Kingsborough, from Ohio, was the pioneer shoemaker of Athens Township and probably the first shoemaker in Gentry County, as he came as early as 1838. Kingsborough made the boots worn by Dr. Williams to the legislature in 1846.

Walter Savage was among the first carpenters. He came from Clay County in 1846, and built a house south of the Gentry County Bank.

Robert C. Canaday, erected the first frame house in 1846, in the north part of town. The sills, studding, rafters and sleepers were hewed. The boards (four feet boards) were cut and split from a white oak tree, and shaved, and with these a house, 20x24 feet was made, containing two rooms below and one above. It was considered the most magnificent structure of that day in all this region of country. It was taken down in 1880.

The first brick building was erected by C. B. Hartwell, who came from Montgomery County, Illinois, in 1847. It stood about half a block north of the Evans House. Hartwell was a builder and contractor, and built this for a business house, two stories high. The upper story was occupied by the Masonic order, the first organized in the town. The first floor was a store room. Here a man named Lehman sold goods, as did Isadore and Francis B. Robidoux, one of whom was a brother and the other a nephew of Joseph Robidoux, the founder of St. Joseph, Mo. Hartwell went to Lincoln, Neb.

P. K. Price was the first saddler in the town, and built a brick house (which was probably the second brick) south of the public square. Price went to Texas.

John B. Hundley and Alexander Patton built and operated the first

steam mill (grist and saw) in the town. This mill had two pairs of burrs. The mill was afterwards moved to Island Branch.

Dr. J. W. Stapleton came from Daviess County, Missouri, formerly from Virginia, in 1847, and opened a tan yard, about four blocks west of the public square. He sold his tannery to Samuel Fry, from Ohio, and Fry sold to Joseph Davidson, from Virginia.

The first physician to practice his profession in the town was Dr. William G. Williams. The doctor was the second physician in the county—Dr. Hood, of Miller Township, being the first. Dr. Williams came to Gentry County in January, 1845, and settled a half-mile north of Albany. He was a native of Taswell County, Virginia, whence he moved in October, 1843, sojourning a short time in Harrison and Grundy Counties, Missouri, and arriving here, as stated, in 1845. At the time of his locating there was much malaria, the field of his practice reaching to Gentryville on the south and to the Iowa line on the north. Shortly after his arrival he was absent from his home two days and nights, professionally engaged, and during this time he treated 40 patients, all of whom were suffering with fever and ague.

The next physician was Cyrus Hubbard, a graduate of the University of Maine and a brother of Governor Hubbard, of that State. He located at Sandsville. The doctor was not only a thorough physician, but a man of fine classical and literary attainments, and notwithstanding his many eccentricities, he is said to have been eminently successful.

The first attorney was Colonel E. H. Wood, who was appointed one of the commissioners from Daviess County, formerly from Bucyrus, Ohio, to locate the county seat of Gentry. He soon after moved to Albany, and engaged in the practice of law. He died in 1847, being the first person who died in the town.

The next attorney was Moses H. Simonds, from Plattsburg, Clinton County, to Athens, and formerly from Ohio. Simonds was a graduate of Ohio University, and a man of excellent scholarship. He taught school and studied law at Plattsburg. He finally raised a company of volunteers, for the Mexican War, and died on the way to Mexico.

Judge George W. Lewis arrived in Gentry County in October, 1846, and was the third attorney to practice his profession in Albany, and the third attorney in the county. The judge came from Greenbriar County, West Virginia.

Robert Evans, from Kentucky, was the first man in Albany who died a violent death. He was shot with a horse pistol, in the hands of Benjamin Allen, in the street. Both men were drinking. Evans had drawn his knife, when he was shot by Allen, who was arrested and confined in the

jail in Andrew County, whence he succeeded in making his escape before his trial.

James Lainhart, from Adair County, Kentucky, came in 1850.

Merrill, a Baptist preacher, was among the early settlers.

The parties above mentioned constitute some of the earliest pioneers, among the business and professional men of Albany.

There was a post office in Clark County, Missouri, called Athens, and this being also the name of the county seat of Gentry County, the mail intended for Athens, Gentry County, was occasionally sent to Athens post office, Clark County. In order to obviate the difficulties which grew out of a similarity of names in these post offices, the name of Athens, Gentry County, was changed in 1857, by special act of the legislature, to Albany, which name the county seat has borne ever since.

The town of Albany was incorporated on the 5th day of February, 1851, by the county court, and again in 1857 by the legislature. The corporate limits of the town began at block number 70, running east to the east corner of the town quarter, and included 16 rods of John B. Hundley's land: thence north to the north line of R. C. Canaday's Addition; thence west to the line running north of the first mentioned boundary; thence south to the beginning.

John Handy, Walter Savage, Calvin B. Hartwell, F. B. Robinson and John Thompson were appointed the first trustees of the town.

The first private subscription school was taught in Albany by a man by the name of Poston, in the latter part of 1845.

The second teacher was Judge George W. Lewis, who opened a school in 1846, just north of town, and afterwards taught in the town.

The next teacher was Cyrus Hubbard, a physician and lawyer, from Clinton County, Missouri, in 1846, of whom we have already spoken.

There were many other teachers after these, among whom were William M. Albin, Gordon Ruby, Mrs. M. J. Hardesty and others.

The first school building, frame (common school) was erected in 1858 or '59.

The first grist and saw mill in Albany, was built by Redman Whitten and Alexander Patton, about the year 185—.

The first (exclusively) saw mill, was erected by Charles Gilbert in 1854, which became also, afterward, a grist mill.

John Graham and George W. Stapleton built a grist mill.

Spainhouer, Twist & Co., built the next mill, (grist) near the depot.

The first carding machine was put up by Martha Culp; and Callahan Spessard operated the second, and Jacob Newman the third and last.

Charles Gilbert, from Ohio, came in 1848, and erected a foundry and machine shop in 1867. His moulding room is 18x66 feet; his main building, 24x52 feet, two stories high.

Fred Watson began operating a foundry and machine shop in 1880.

A broom factory was operated from 1867 to 1871, by G. C. and W. T. Lainhart.

Charles G. Comstock, Esq., who came to Albany from New York, in 1859, was the pioneer banker of the town, and first operated a bank by himself, from January, 1870, to July, the same year, when was established the Exchange Bank of Comstock & Millen, Charles G. Comstock and M. L. Millen being the partners. This firm continued to do business until July 24, 1876, when it was succeeded by the Gentry County Bank, which was organized with a capital of \$100,000.

Bank of Albany was established on the 9th day of April, 1877, by 27 stockholders, and reorganized June 1, 1878, with 25 stockholders.

The first newspaper ever published in the town of Albany was called the Albany Courier, edited by J. H. Brakey, about the year 1857, who continued its publication until 1858, when he was succeeded by George C. Deming and J. C. De Haven, as De Haven & Deming. De Haven sold in 1860 to a Mr. Fuller, and Deming also sold to him in 1861, and he moved the office and material to Dallas County, Iowa. The paper was neutral in politics.

The second newspaper was the Grand River News, established in 1864, by Comstock & Stewart, of which George C. Deming assumed editorial management. These parties, Comstock & Stewart, sold to Deming & Matthewson the following year, Deming subsequently purchasing the interest of Matthewson. In the fall of 1868, Deming sold to Robert N. Traver, at present one of the editors of the St. Joseph Herald. He ran the News until March, 1873, when he sold to George W. Needels. The News was Republican in politics.

When the paper was purchased by Mr. Needels, he changed its name to the American Freeman.

Gentry County Beacon was established in 1874, by Williams & Austin, in the spring of that year, being discontinued after the fall election. Democratic. White & Hampton began the publication of the Gentry County Chronicle in 1875, which continued to exist until about 1877. Republican. The Sun was established on the 10th of January, 1880, by J. M. Davis, and has continued under the same management up to the present time. It is independent in politics, is an eight column folio, and has a circulation of about eight hundred.

J. W. Waldo and J. E. Mann began the publication of the Albany

Ledger in May, 1868, and disposed of the same in July following, to C. H. S. Goodman. The Ledger has been Democratic in politics from the date of its establishment.

The Christian Church of Albany.—(Prepared by D. D. Kingsborough.—The history of this church divides itself naturally into three distinct periods: The period of pioneer work; the period of development; and the period of organized work.

The period of pioneer work was marked by intense sectarian prejudice and opposition. The pioneers who blazed the way for the future church were peculiarly fitted for the duties imposed upon them by the existing conditions; being well grounded in the Holy Scriptures, its precepts and promises, its commands and doctrines; the duties it imposed and above all the Gospel plan of salvation from sin, and each one was ever ready to defend his position against every assault.

The first evangelist in this community was Elias Shortridge, who held a meeting in August, 1859, at the old Thompson place a few miles south of town, on what is now the Evona road. He preached a new gospel, or rather the old gospel in a new way, and men and women heard this earnest preacher and his simple story of a reasonable and understandable salvation, with gladness, and entered into the service of Christ with a new joy and purpose. Among the body of those believers were the Sampsons, the Culps, the Smiths, the Spessards, the Thompsons, the Davidsons, the Hopkins, the Stephens, the Gotts, the Lainharts, and others.

Preacher Shortridge was a man of considerable ability, judged by the standards of his day; thoroughly versed in the scriptures, he was able to quote from memory whole chapters and even books of the Holy Bible, and was proficient in the use of the sword of the spirit, besides possessing wonderful persuasive power. He was able to sway his audience with the simple gospel story, eloquently delivered and with his logical reasoning bring his hearers to quick decisions for Christ. A single incident of this meeting will suffice to illustrate the character of the man and his message. As already intimated, the religious complexion of the people of the community was not friendly to Shortridge or the message he brought, and many were violently opposed to him in doctrine and belief. One of these, Joseph Davidson, was especially bitter in denunciation of the man, and at first flatly refused to hear him preach, but finally at the urgent request of his friend and neighbor, Calahan F. Spessard, he went to the meeting, though in no mood to hear what was said much less accept the teaching. The meetings were held in a grove on a gently sloping hill-side, the preacher being located at the lower side

of the slope; slabs supported on logs served as seats for the people, the people, the leafy boughs of the forest trees being the only roof. Davidson took a seat on the very back row, farthest from the speaker. After the preacher was fairly started on his sermon, Davidson was observed to move forward a bench or two and as his interest grew he moved forward seat after seat until at last, before the sermon was ended, he was sitting on the very first row of slabs, with wide-open mouth, gazing intently up into the face of the preacher, oblivious of all about him or how he came to that position. He never before heard the old, old story of Christ and his salvation so simply and forcefully told, and he was convinced on the spot. As soon as the invitation was given he immediately sprang to his feet, grabbed the preacher's hand in ecstasy of joy and gave himself over perfectly to the service of Christ. Following the Shortridge meetings evangelistic services were held by a preacher by the name of Cory and still later by Moses E. Lard, of revered memory, at the Thompson place.

The period of development was initiated by Hiram Warriner, who shepherded the flock for many years. He was also a man peculiarly fitted for the work he was called upon to perform; a man of iron nerve, of considerable natural ability, though unlettered and unlearned; he possessed a loveable and loving disposition and was devoted to the cause he espoused; an unselfish lover of the truth, he knew the Book perfectly and how to use it to the glory of God. He preached Christ, the Saviour of Men, as a business and farmed to pay expenses. The period of development, without a meeting house, and in fact with no real church organization, had its peculiarities of service. The brethren met more or less regularly, for prayer, exhortation and observance of the Lord's Supper, in groves, or in dwellings of the people and frequently in a large barn on the Chris Bartley farm. On these occasions as often as possible Warriner would come and preach to the people. Their communion was purely democratic, and deep piety characterized their every day life; every disciple was a student of the word and knew His Book. Nothing but a "Thus sayeth the Lord" was accepted in any question of faith or doctrine.

Hiram Warriner is entitled to credit in a large measure for the progress of the church during this period; his pious and godly walk and conversation stamped its imprint indelibly upon the lives and character of the people and moulded a generation of moral heroes, and we today are reaping the fruits of his labors.

The period of organized work began about the year 1863, when, under the direction and leadership of Jasper H. Coffey, the first regular pastor, this church and congregation was formally organized, at the

Smith school house which was located a few miles southeast of town, where they continued to worship some years. Among the charter members were Benjamin Sampson and George Hopkins, the first elders, and their wives, Kelse Culp and wife, Jacob M. Stephens and wife, Calahan F. Spessard and wife, Lewis B. Sampson and wife, James Lainhart and wife, George Smith and wife, and a number of others.

The records of this time are lost and we know but little of the struggles of the brethren during those troublous times of and immediately after the war, but the church continued its organization under the leadership of Brother Coffey and others. After a few years the place of meeting was moved to the old frame school house which stood on lot 3 block 16, the present site of the Presbyterian church, in Albany.

In May, 1869, the congregation purchased lot 6 block 21 (at the northwest corner of Jackson and Van Buren Streets), Albany, and erected thereon their first church building. That building was destroyed July 13, 1883, by a wind storm, which also wrecked the county court house and a number of other buildings. A new house was erected on the same site in 1884, and remained in use until 1915. The church was incorporated under the laws of the State of Missouri, by decree of the circuit court of Gentry County, Sept. 13, 1887, under the name of "The Christian Church of Albany, Mo." Its business affairs are in the care of a board composed of its elders and deacons, all of whom are chosen by the congregation.

During the pastorate of George W. Maxwell, in June, 1914, the church purchased the north half of block 1, in the City of Albany, on which they erected a new, modern church edifice, and equipped it thoroughly for the purpose of a modern church plant. The building, without furniture, cost about \$15,000.00. The dedication services were held Sunday, March 28, 1915, under the direction of George L. Snively, dedicant.

The church parsonage, a splendid two story frame building of ten rooms, located on North Hundley Street, one block north of the church building, was purchased Sept. 27, 1920, at a cost of \$4,000.00.

Presbyterian Church.—The First Presbyterian Church of Albany, Mo., was organized on May 30, 1857, by a committee composed of Rev. Ralph Harris and Rev. J. N. Young, ministers, and S. Edmiston, elder, with seven members namely: A. G. McConkey, Mary McConkey, Margaret Miller, Harriet Rannels, Caroline S. Rannels, Sarah M. Rannels and Mary J. Young and A. G. McConkey was elected elder. Additions to the membership up to the date of the reunion with the Cumberland Presbyterian Church were about 250, but deaths, removals and other

causes depleted the body to less than 40 at the date of the reunion in June, 1905.

Regular preaching services were conducted at intervals up to the last mentioned date at stated salaries, to-wit: Rev. John N. Young, C. M. McClain, N. H. Smith, Duncan McRuer, M. L. Anderson, John Huston, W. A. Cravens, A. M. Tunner, T. M. Hillman, M. J. McLeod, J. C. Hanna, Arthur B. Herr, F. W. Crossman, C. C. McIntire, Archibald B. Wright, E. H. Bull and others. Ruling Elders serving before the re-union were A. G. McConkey, J. H. White, J. W. Virden, James W. Owens, S. F. Lucas, Thomas J. Smith, J. C. Power, C. M. Harrison, C. M. Gordon, Robert A. Patterson and Robert M. McCammon.

A plan of co-operation of the Presbyterian Church with the Cumberland Presbyterian in Albany, Mo., was adopted in July, 1904, and a union of the churches was effected in June, 1905, in advance of the action of the General Assemblies, and Rev. M. B. Irvin accepted a call as pastor of the united church. July 11, 1907, following the resignation of all officers of both churches, the united church assembled as members of the Presbyterian Church, U. S. A., and in a congregational meeting elected the following officers, to-wit: For eldership, R. M. McCommon, John Newman, R. J. N. Dorsey, J. P. McCommon, and H. M. Wayman; for deacons, Ben L. Peery, and F. M. Millen, and for trustees, W. F. Dalbey, John Newman, R. M. McCommon, and Ben L. Peery.

The Cumberland Presbyterian Church was organized March 12, 1884, by Rev. J. H. Tharp and others with 54 members and on March 22 following, six elders were elected, to-wit: C. O. Patton, M. Cunningham, R. J. N. Dorsey, D. P. Wayman, H. M. Wayman, and Wallace Hubbard. At one time about 150 members were enrolled with many active members in all departments of church work. The C. P. Church was supplied during the term from its organization to the time of its reunion with the Presbyterian Church, U. S. A., with the following named ministers: J. H. Tharp, J. H. Norman, C. E. Hays, S. T. Divinia, M. Low, E. M. Wright, W. A. Woozencraft, George Woozencraft, R. J. Beard, M. B. Irvin, and others at intervals. Pastors employed since the union of the churches: M. B. Irvin, George A. Mitchell, A. M. Reynolds and J. W. Mays, the present pastor. The present elders are: J. P. McCammon, John Newman, George P. Adams, M. P. Whaley, R. M. Funk, R. M. McCammon, Clerk of Session at the time of his death, Jan. 23, 1922.

Methodist Episcopal Church and Methodist Episcopal Church, South.—These two churches served the community in Albany until 1916. In 1917, under Rev. C. I. Hoy, a tentative arrangement of union was put on trial. After two years' progress this arrangement was rendered per-

manent by the formal withdrawal of the Methodist Episcopal church from this field.

The united church, M. E. S., is going forward very successfully.

There follows a list of pastors since 1879: C. W. Hurley, 1882; J. Y. Blakey, 1883; W. B. Johnsey, 1884; J. W. Keithley, 1885-86; C. W. Hurley, 1887; B. P. Searcy, 1888; W. A. Davis, 1889; G. M. Gibson, 1890; J. A. Wailes, 1891; J. M. Settle, 1892; J. H. Ledbetter, 1893-94; David McAllen, 1895-96; C. B. Campbell; E. C. McVoy, 1897-98; W. H. Roper, 1899-1900; J. O. Edmonston, 1901; H. H. Johnson, 1902-03; J. A. Snarr, 1904-06; J. I. Sears, 1907-08; J. W. Budd, 1909-10; F. R. Poage, 1911; T. H. Swearingen, 1912-13; C. J. Chappell, 1914; G. C. Beery, 1915-16; C. I. Hoy, 1917; To be supplied, 1918-19; W. Rutherford, 1920-22.

The First Baptist Church of Albany.—The organization as it now exists has little or no connection with the early Baptists in Albany who from loss of members and lack of interest were compelled to sell their church building in 1881.

The present organization dates from June 17, 1891, when, under the leadership of Elder S. R. Dillon, the following named persons by mutual agreement constituted and organized the First Baptist Church of Albany: Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Kingsborough; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Albin; Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Dorsey; Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Cox; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Caster; Mr. and Mrs. Bert Moullon; Mr. and Mrs. John Kingsborough; Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Bray; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Lockwood; T. R. Bray, Chas. Lockwood, E. J. Morris, Mrs. J. B. Thomas, Mrs. Wheeler and Miss Wheeler.

A lot was purchased and a suitable building was erected and dedicated in 1895. The membership at that time being 77.

A number of pastors served the congregation during the 25 years following and despite many obstacles the church gained in numbers and influence.

It having been decided that the work of the church could be better done in a larger building, in May, 1920, the building formerly occupied by the people of the M. E. Church was purchased from them. After this building had been remodeled to meet the present needs of the church, dedicatory services were held on October 1, 1921. The present pastor is E. F. Estes.

Carnegie Library at Albany.—On Feb. 28, 1885, the Albany Library, successor to the Centennial Library, was formally opened to the public. After a program of music, and of addresses by leading citizens, a gen-

erous fund was raised and placed in the hands of the secretary; 300 volumes of history, biography, travels and fiction were donated by the earlier association. With funds on hand and proper by-laws adopted, the prospects seemed fair for extended usefulness. Membership fees were a dollar each, and Tuesday and Saturday were borrowing days. Those not members could rent at 5c the volume. After a time, lack of interest apparently inherited from its predecessor, gradually overcame both management and patrons, and with scarcely life enough to make the transfer, the books, in 1890, were turned over to the public school library.

In 1904 the question was revived and the citizens decided to request a donation from Mr. Carnegie, who previous to that date had made possible the erection of 10 free public libraries in the state.

Correspondence secured the promise of \$10,000 for the building conditioned on the presentation of a suitable site and a guarantee from the citizens to maintain a free public library in Albany at a minimum cost of \$1,000 a year.

The lot was duly presented and a special tax voted to produce the \$1,000 annually.

The contract was let for \$9,071.00 to cover everything complete, except shelving for books. The fine building was completed in 1905 and is a permanent source of comfort and pride to the city.

The following items are from state report for 1921:

Librarian—Miss Vera Erskine.

Books added 1921, 136; total number, 4,692.

Open 48 hours each week. Borrowers registered, 350.

Total receipts, \$1,438.87.

CHAPTER X.

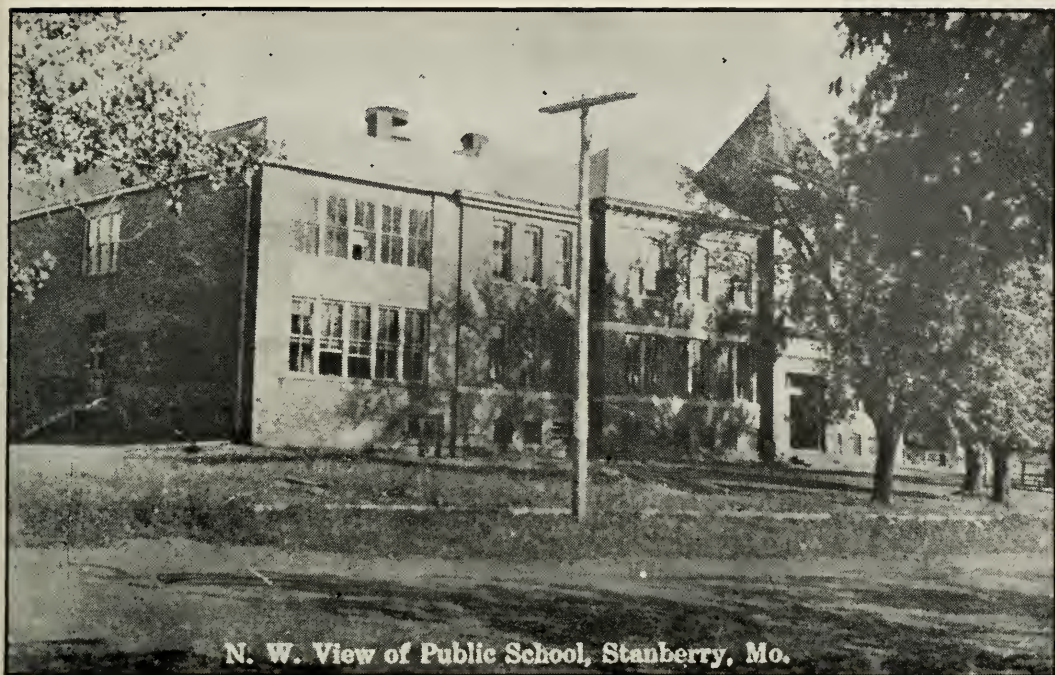
CITIES AND TOWNS—CONTINUED.

STANBERRY—KING CITY—GENTRYVILLE—McFALL—FORD CITY—ALANTHUS—ISLAND CITY—DARLINGTON--BERLIN—GENTRY—EVONA--OTHER TOWNS.

Stanberry.—Stanberry was organized as a village, in February 1880, with five trustees: W. H. Reynolds, President; M. F. Brown, Clerk; L. G. Sweat, L. M. Chilton, James Brown; George P. Rush, City Attorney; W. A. Forcade, Treasurer; George L. Shelly, Marshal; Isaac Meek, Collector; A. C. Frisbie, Assessor.

In May, 1881, the town was organized into a city of the fourth class: W. H. Reynolds, Mayor; J. S. Weaver, D. T. Miller, E. Fisher, A. P. Ambrose, S. B. Hinkley, J. B. Sawhill, Z. F. Kestler, F. A. Weimer, Aldermen; George P. Rush, City Attorney; W. A. Forcade, Treasurer; V. T. Williams, Clerk; W. F. Miller, Collector; J. F. Smith, Marshal; Isaac Meek, Street Commissioner; L. M. Chilton, City Physician.

The land upon which the original town was located was owned by R. E. Morand and William Harkrider, each of whom were living on the land when the town was laid out. Harkrider's house stood where Alantus Avenue intersects Main Street. Morand's residence occupied the present site of the Wabash House, and was torn down to make room for that building. The pioneer merchants of the town were Messimer, Gavin & Co., who built a small box house on the south side of the railroad, where they kept a general stock. Several buildings were commenced within a few days of each other, but Kimball & Forcade, druggists, enclosed and got into their business house, probably, before any other person on the north side of the railroad. Smith Brothers and Houston, and D. T. Miller's were the first exclusive dry goods stores in the town. Weaver & Fry built the first house for groceries, on the north side of the railroad, and at the same time erected an elevator. L. G. Sweat erected the first hotel. James Brown the second hotel. Bunker & Reynolds were the first hardware merchants. Fred Mauer was the first shoemaker. Shackelford was the first blacksmith. W. W. Brooks was the first phy-



N. W. View of Public School, Stanberry, Mo.

PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDINGS, STANBERRY



VIEW OF FIRST STREET, STANBERRY

THE NEW YORK
PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASTOR, LENOX AND
TILDEN FOUNDATIONS
R L

sician. Ed. E. Aleshire was the first attorney. Frank Albright was the first saloon keeper. The first marriage that occurred in the town was solemnized between Henry Newell and Mary Morand. The first child born was a son of F. M. Linn.

Stanberry has maintained herself with steadfast and permanent progress. For nearly 25 years the Stanberry Normal School continued to be a leading factor in the education of Northwest Missouri; for years it was under the efficient management of Prof. Charles Morris and later under Prof. John Taylor of Springfield, Mo.

Large numbers of youth from Gentry County and adjoining counties attended. The yearly roll usually included from 300 to 400, but on account of temporary lapses of similar near by institutions, the attendance some years was nearly 500. The second fire, in 1906, proved the death of this admirable school.

There is now a state normal school at Maryville, and the county and city schools have so far advanced, that much of the work once so well undertaken by Stanberry Normal is now achieved in the various high schools of the county. Yet still we say, "all honor to the old Normal."

Of the churches of 1882, one, the Presbyterian, after varying struggles, has been disbanded. The others have kept pace with the needs and opportunities of the city and community. The Methodist, Baptist and Christian, Advent and Catholic are all in active work. Each in its own substantial home.

The Advent Publishing House is established in Stanberry, important and valuable among the city's assets.

Stanberry has a population of 1864, census of 1920, and a splendid farming county is tributary to its business activity. The city is the largest in the county and its public interests are well advertised in its two weekly papers, "The Owl Headlight," and "The Stanberry Herald." Also the official organ of the Advent Church is published here.

The Wabash railroad shops are located here and employ about 150 men. This point is also a freight division and many railroad men make this their headquarters.

The city has three banks, The Farmers and Merchants Bank, The Commercial Bank, and The Gentry Trust Company, and all are strong financial institutions.

The business of Stanberry is carried by five grocery stores, three dry goods stores, three clothing stores, three drug stores, two hardware stores, two hotels, and three restaurants, the Commercial Cable Manu-

facturing Company, with several traveling salesmen, one elevator, and one meal and feed mill.

Wm. F. Sager is mayor; C. A. Greenlee, City Clerk, Seth M. Hinkley, City Treasurer. With board of eight aldermen.

The Chamber of Commerce of Stanberry was organized May 4th, 1921. This organization succeeds the Commercial Club, which usually had about 40 members. The Chamber of Commerce already has 80 members. A board of eight directors with the following officers: Victor Field, president; Cleo Gregg, vice-president; A. E. Tibbetts, treasurer; F. A. Flader, secretary.

This body continues and enlarges upon the aims and efforts of the old club and its zeal is already manifest in good roads, park improvement and community welfare. All roads leading into the city have been given special attention. Seven miles of gravel road have already been built, which is one of the finest stretches of road in the state.

One of their achievements is a three acre free auto camping ground, located one block off the Jefferson Highway. There is natural shade, and city water is already in service. Ovens are provided for cooking and fuel is at hand. A double bath room and laboratories are promised. All manner of tourists avail themselves and enjoy this open air hospitality.

The band is another success, greatly aided and encouraged by the Chamber of Commerce in engaging the full time of an instructor and paying the cost of lessons for every boy who can own an instrument. The band gives a free park concert every week during the season. Forest Park, fronting the business district, is the pride of the city, and justly so with its carpet of blue grass and splendid shade trees in variety.

Stanberry has one of the fine high schools of Northwest Missouri, with 135 pupils. The graded school is also of like high order and has an enrollment of 330 pupils.

Fraternalities are organized and often become permanent elements in the general advance. Societies are formed with special aims, pursue their ways, attain their purposes, and in time yield to other unions with other aims. In all these Stanberry has had, and still has a fair share. The leading fraternalities are: Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons Lodge N. 109, with nearly 200 members; Eastern Star Chapter; Independent Order of Odd Fellows with nearly 100 members; Daughters of Rebekah; Knights of Pythias Lodge; Rathbone Sisters; Modern Woodmen of America, and Woodmen of the World.

Fraternalities in common with all things temporal suffer their ups and

downs. But the present standing of Stanberry's various orders is satisfactory evidence of the desire for mutual and reciprocal fellowship among her citizens. Each citizen, both men and women, find the place and the opportunity to manifest a personal interest in community welfare, and in social enlargement.

In the various activities called into being by the World War, and which are properly treated as history belonging to the county as a whole—Stanberry had a worthy part. The city went over the top in the Y. M. C. A. drive, in the Red Cross work, and in the placing of United States securities up to the war's end.

Just out of Stanberry to the east, is the old home of the famous pioneer pure blood stockman, L. E. Shattuck, and his unrivaled Merino sheep, more fully set forth in the chapter on agriculture..

The Baptists erected their house of worship in 1880, and until June, 1882, it was the only house of worship in the town. The church was organized with the following and other members: James Stockton and wife, T. J. Stockton, Jr., and wife, Christian Buchanan, Daniel Allen and wife, Levi Long and wife, G. B. Cooper and wife, Oliver Long and wife, Thomas H. Swearingen, wife and two sons, O. Swearingen and wife, P. W. Stockton and wife. The first pastor was Israel Christy.

The M. E. Church effected its organization in April, 1880, with the following members: A. D. Hawes and wife, Solomon Hartzell and wife, M. A. Dunseth and wife, Dr. B. N. Bond and wife, J. C. Millory and wife, Jacob Burris and wife, O. P. Kutzner and wife, Mrs. N. A. Morris, Miss Lizzie Morris. Rev. J. R. Sassen was present at the organization of the church, and was the first pastor.

The Presbyterians perfected an organization in the winter of 1880. Among others on that occasion were Mrs. A. P. Ambrose, A. R. Fye, L. A. Kimball, W. F. Miller and wife, and C. F. Gardner.

The Christian Church was organized in 1880, with 61 members, now disbanded. The first preacher who labored for the congregation at this place was Elder J. H. Coffey.

The Catholics erected a house of worship in 1880. Rev. Robert E. Graham is the present pastor.

King City—King City, near the south line of the county on the Burlington railroad is one of the three cities of the county, and notable above its fellows for at least three things: blue grass seed, pure bred seed corn, and poultry products. It has a Commercial Club of which F. A. Hobson is president and T. H. McElroy is secretary. It has two newspapers, The King City Chronicle and The Tri-County News. It has an American

Legion Post. It has a first class high school. It has four churches, each in its own home of brick, the Presbyterian, Methodist, Baptist, and Christian. It has three banks, with aggregate capital and surplus of nearly a quarter million dollars, First National Bank and Trust Company, Citizens National Bank, and Farmers Trust Company. It takes nearly forty business houses to handle the city's activity.

King City is one of the greatest centers for the collection and distribution of blue grass seed in the nation. This industry brings much outside business to the county, and carries with it a considerable trade in other seeds as well. A large number of our farmers participate.

It is also true of poultry and dairy products, that a large volume of business originates here. Everything is favorable. The climate is ideal for poultry, and the conditions are splendid for the dairy man. The production is high, and the enterprise of King City, both wholesale and retail sees to it that the business shall center there. King City enjoys the reputation of making things agreeable for business transactions.

As might be expected, the usual orders, fraternities, and social groups, flourish in King City. A fine public spirit prevails, and benevolence is an active virtue.

The churches are earnest in purpose, and faithful in performance. Each in its own sphere doing a worthy share of the work that delivers the world from evil. The Presbyterian Church of King City, is the largest of the denomination in the county. Dr. E. E. Stringfield is pastor. They have six elders and five decon-trustees, and a membership of 284. The congregation is finely organized for Sabbath School work, young people's work and missionary work. In 1868 the Cumberland Church was organized in King City. The first pastor was P. H. Crider, In 1872 the Presbyterian U. S. A. was organized. The first pastor, J. W. Morrison. In July 1906, the two churches were united, both pastors resigning. Rev. Geo. E. Newell became the first pastor of the United Church.

Their present commodious \$18,000.00 church home was dedicated June 14th, 1914.

Jefferson Highway passes through the city, and Jackson Township has voted \$85,000.00 bonds for road improvement.

King City was laid out in July, 1869, and plat filed November 1, 1869, by John Pittsenbarger, on section 32, township 61, range 32.

Kate Carter's first Addition made October 14, 1879; Kate Carter's Second Addition made June 7, 1880; Trotter's Addition made April 19, 1880. .

Closely identified with the history of King City, is the old pioneer, John Pittsenbarger. He pitched his tent upon the original town site, in the spring of 1856, emigrating from Clinton County, Indiana. He purchased the quarter section upon which the town is located. John Millen lived five miles north, Joel Taylor six miles south, and John McDaniel three miles west. These were his nearest neighbors. In 1858, a post office was applied for, and the name "Petersburg" was chosen, but Postmaster General King replied that there was another name similar to that in the state, and the matter of selecting a name being left with him, he called it King City, after himself. Mr. Pittsenbarger was the first postmaster. At that time there were but a few persons to receive mail, the country surrounding being six or seven feet high in wild grass and abounding in wild game.

Pittsenbarger was the first blacksmith, A. G. Barton, first saddler, J. N. Taylor, first livery stable keeper, and Bela M. Hughes kept the first drug store and was the first physician.

The next settler to build a house where the town now stands was James McDaniel, who came from DeKalb County, Missouri, in 1859. He built a small house for a grocery store. McDaniel went to Indiana during the war. The third building was erected by Abner Clark, from Iowa, about the year 1860—general merchandise. Clark was in the Union army, and settled in Ohio after the war.

Brett and Bundle were among the early settlers of the place, and put up a house for groceries. Bundle afterwards went to St. Joseph, and Brett was killed about 1866. Brett kept in connection with his grocery, a house of entertainment. About noon one day, during 1866, three strange, rough-looking men, from Grand River, stopped for dinner, and while eating one of them remarked that Brett was no better than a horse thief. An orphan boy that Brett was raising was in the dining room at the time, and hearing what the stranger said, went immediately and repeated it to Brett, who took his revolver and requested the stranger (Cogdell was his name) to take it back or apologize. Cogdell at once drew his revolver, and both commenced discharging their weapons, Brett being finally killed and Cogdell having his finger shot off.

King City made but little, if any, advancement until the fall of 1879 and the spring of 1880, just after the completion of the St. Joseph and Des Moines Railroad. The building of this road gave the town a new impetus, and it has been steadily increasing in population and importance ever since.

King City was incorporated in May, 1881, under the village act, with G. P. Bigelow as president of the board, the names of the remainder

or the board being W. H. Alexander, C. P. Stowe, M. E. Brown, and James McCarty. E. C. Shepard, Clerk; W. J. Woodside, marshal; George Ward, treasurer.

Gentryville.—Gentryville, the largest town in the county without a railroad was laid out August 2, 1848, on the southwest quarter of section 36, township 62, range 31, by Charles Gay. About the same time, Robert Givauden filed his plat of an addition to the town.

Whedbee filed his plat of an addition, February 6, 1872.

Taylor filed his plat of an addition, February 17, 1874.

Crane filed his plat of his first addition, January 1, 1870.

Crane filed his plat of second addition, February 26, 1872.

Frisbie filed his plat of an addition, March 20, 1871.

The town is handsomely located on the south bank of Grand River, upon an elevation gently rising towards the east and south. The river, at this point, after flowing in a westward direction by the principal business portion of the town, makes an abrupt turn to the south, continuing on its course for several hundred yards, when it again deflects in a southwestward direction. The river is from 60 to 100 feet in width and abounds in a variety of fishes. Its banks are still covered with much of the native forest, whose quiet and cooling shades are enjoyed by the inhabitants of the little town. Gentryville has a population of 200.

William Weese, from Tennessee, built the first house, a log cabin, about the year 1838, on the original town site. The next building was erected by Gay and Hunter, and the third building was put up by Robert Boggs, a carpenter, who came from Pennsylvania, among the early settlers. Boggs, from 1856 to 1862, was one of the county judges of Gentry County; he moved to St. Joseph, Mo., in 1864. He was a nephew of Governor Boggs, of Missouri. The first business house was erected by Francis B. Robidoux, in 1843. Robidoux, was the son of Joseph Robidoux, of St. Joseph; he dealt in general merchandise and was succeeded by another Frenchman.

John Hunt, from Kentucky, was the early "village blacksmith," the Rev. E. W. Dunegan being the next, in 1848.

The first minister who proclaimed the word of God in the new settlement was Reverend Melise, of the M. E. Church; this was about the year 1841—services being held at the residence of a man named Milton Foster.

The pioneer physician of the town was Dr. Uncle, from Jackson County, Missouri, who located there in 1842. After remaining one or

two years he went to California. Dr. L. C. Whedbee came in 1844, and resided in Gentryville till 1858, when he moved to Texas.

The Rev. Mr. Cline, from Buchanan County, Missouri, organized the first church (Baptist) in Gentryville, Oct. 26, 1850, at the school house. Among those who were present at its formation were I. N. Carson, O. B. Ferguson, Elder T. R. Ferguson, James Fuller, N. Mothersead and E. W. Dunegan.

T. R. Ferguson was the first pastor, and was succeeded by Elder Benjamin Wheeler, Isaac Christie, N. M. Allen, E. W. Dunegan and others. Elder Dunegan has labored more or less in the pulpit of this church.

A house of worship was built by the Missionary Baptists in 1857.

The M. E. Church, M. E. Church, South, and Christian denominations each have an organization.

Elder Samuel Trice, from Clinton County, Missouri, was one of the earliest ministers of the Christian denomination at Gentryville, Hiram Warnier being the first.

The first school was taught in 1849 by A. G. Whitton, who was succeeded by David Cranor.

L. C. Whedbee kept the first hotel.

Gentryville Lodge, No. 125, of A. F. & A. M., was organized in November, 1849, and worked for a while under dispensation from the Grand Lodge till it obtained a charter, in 1851. It is the oldest lodge in Gentry County, and, indeed, in the Grand River country. From it has been organized, in part, the following lodges: Athens Lodge, of this county; Bethany Lodge, Harrison County; Rochester Lodge, Andrew County; Pattonsburg Lodge, Daviess County; Maysville Lodge, DeKalb County; Havana Lodge, Gentry County, and Berlin Lodge, Gentry County. The first officers were as follows: N. P. Thompson, W. M.; D. C. Conway, S. W.; William Raines, J. W.; J. R. Conway, S. D.; W. A. Blackwood, J. D.; John Hunt, Tyler.

Although not a national or state holiday, the 3rd of August is as well established and as highly regarded as the 4th of July. For over forty years it has been the date of the Annual County Picnic at Gentryville.

In 1889 after years of experience, articles of incorporation were granted to the Gentryville Picnic Company.

McFall—McFall was laid out by the Western Improvement Company in the fall of 1879, the plat of the town being filed on the 8th of October. It is located on the southeast quarter of section 1, township

61, range 30, on the Wabash Railroad. Hamilton & Phillips, of Bethany, Harrison County, Missouri, built the first house in the town. F. M. Brown, from Daviess County, Missouri, furnished the lumber, having at that time just established himself in the lumber business at McFall. Several buildings were commenced at or about the same time. Among these was an office built by Mr. Brown.

The town of McFall received its name from John McFall, Sr., who owned the land, where this town is located. He settled here about 1843 and later went to Phoenix, Arizona, where he died in 1893.

McFall is a thriving town of 447 population. All business found in the average town is here represented. The town is noted for its good schools and its progressive and enterprising spirit of its citizens.

Ford City.—Ford City is located on the Burlington railroad in Jackson Township. It has a bank and a number of enterprising business houses. The population is 185.

Alanthus.—Alanthus is located in Wilson Township and has a population of 104. The nearest railroad is the Wabash at Stanberry, about six miles distant.

Island City.—Island City, another inland village is located in Jackson Township, about six miles south and a little west of Stanberry. It is about the same distance northwest of Ford City.

Darlington.—Charles G. Comstock, Esq., filed the plat of Darlington, March 31, 1879, locating the town site on section four, township 62, range 31. A. H. Bennett laid the foundation for the first residence in the town. John Livingston built the next house in April, 1879 which was used for a restaurant. Horace J. Bennett was the first blacksmith, and George B. Marshall was the first shoemaker. John Livingston sold the first goods. T. J. Welford was the first doctor.

Darlington is located at the intersection of the Wabash and Burlington railroads and has a population of 311, census of 1920. It is an important shipping and trading point.

Berlin.—On May 1, 1874, Samuel Robertson filed the plat of Berlin, locating the town on the southeast quarter of section 26, township 61, range 31. Peter Cline, who had been in business (general merchandise) at Buhlville, as soon as the new town of Berlin was founded, moved his goods and house to that place and opened the first business house in Berlin. Samuel Levy and others soon followed. Berlin is located in the midst of a fine farming country, one mile north of the DeKalb County line. The population is 69.

Gentry.—The town of Gentry is located on the Burlington railroad, on sections 19 and 20, Bogle Township. It is a progressive town located

in the center of a rich agricultural district and has a population of 217.

Evona.—Evona is located on the Wabash railroad three and one half miles south of Albany. In the early days when the Wabash railroad was built, this was a town of more importance, but now its business interest is represented by one store. The town was laid out in 1879. The first house was built by Richard L. Smith and used for a hotel. Baker and Hatfield, Barton and Hamilton and William Donil-son were early merchants here.

A number of other small towns in the county have ceased to be of any importance.

CHAPTER XI.

AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED INDUSTRY.

FAVORABLE SOIL AND CLIMATE—DIVERSITY OF PRODUCTS—CORN EXHIBITS—POULTRY SHOW—COMPARISON OF 1902 CROP—LIVE STOCK AND OTHER PRODUCTS—DOMESTIC ANIMALS—WORLD'S FAIR WINNERS—STOCK BREEDERS—POULTRY EXPERTS—FINE GRASSES—CALF AND PIG SHOW—HORSES—“IF GENTRY COUNTY WERE MY NATIVE LAND.”

Nature in a large measure decrees what the majority pursuits of the population shall be. The physical features are of lasting importance. Gentry County is fortunate in its diversity of surface and natural features, not all prairie, not all timber, not all level or gently undulating, not all broken and hilly. It is historically asserted that the Garden of Eden might have been located in Harrison County. It is to be regretted that it was not so located, since our first parents, upon their exile, following the Star of Empire in its westward course would have found themselves immediately in Gentry County.

The soil and climate, in garden, orchard and farm, produce a multitude of things that delight the housewife, sustain the workers, and add to the pleasure and comfort of all ages and conditions and in many articles the surplus becomes a staple commodity of commerce. As a land of milk and honey, Gentry County qualified from the earliest times. It is far more. It is a land of apples, pears and peaches; a land of cherries and small fruits; a land of kitchen gardens; a land of rhubarb, horse radish, and piccalilli. There is scarcely any limit except the will of the gardener and the good pleasure of the cook, scarcely any break in the round of production of things pleasing to the eye, and delicious to the palate. Parsnips are ready the minute the frost is out. Lettuce and young onions follow. Then comes the pieplant. Green peas are early. New potatoes and cream compete with young beets and butter. Strawberries are earliest of fruits, then the beans and early sweet corn. Tomatoes help to fill out the summer; apple sauce ditto. The autumn brings squash, sweet potatoes and pumpkins. Vary these

with milk, cream, butter, fresh eggs and young fries, buckwheat cakes and honey. This is "good old summer time" in Gentry County.

We here present a complete report of the Gentry County Corn and Poultry Show for 1921. From the Albany Ledger of November 24, 1921.

"Exhibitors and visitors alike at the Gentry Country Corn and Poultry Show held in Albany last week unite in declaring it to be the biggest and best exhibition yet given by the association. Especially was the display of poultry a surprise to the average visitor, as few of them realized birds of the quality shown are being raised in this county. The show was so successful that doubtless greater efforts will be put into future ones and have them bigger and better than the one this year.

"In the corn judging contests by pupils of the public schools of the county and some high schools in adjoining county interest was shown. In the high school contests, Bethany, Maysville, New Hampton and Albany were each represented by two teams of four members. In the corn judging, Bethany carried off first honors, and in the stock judging Albany won first place. The grades of all teams ran close. Saturday was rural school day, and thirty-seven boys representing the various schools of the county were present to judge. Gentry County carried off first prize.

"In the corn exhibits the following prizes were awarded: Boy's and Girls' Classes.—Best single white ear—1st, Clayton Saunders, Albany; 2d, Homer Williams, Albany. Best single ear yellow corn—1st, Marshall Collier, Ford City; 2d, Carlos Spaht, Albany. Sweepstakes, single—Marshall Collier. Best 10 ears of white corn—1st, Clayton Saunders; 2d, Homer Williams; 3d, Wayne Rainy, King City; 4th, Frank Morris, Lone Star; 5th Curtis Broderick, Stanberry. Best 10 ears yellow corn—1st, Roy Barnes, Albany; 2d, Glen Allenbrand, Darlington; 3d, Cleo Blodgett, Albany; 4th, Carlos Spaht; 5th, Will Welch, Albany. Sweepstakes 10 ears—Clayton Saunders. Sweepstakes single ear—Marshall Collier.

"Men's Classes.—Best single ear white corn—1st, Clayton Saunders; 2d, Wayne Rainy. Best single ear yellow corn—1st, H. R. Collier, Ford City; 2d, Billy Johnson, Darlington. Sweepstakes single ear—Clayton Saunders. Best 10 ears yellow corn—1st, E. N. Clark, Darlington; 2d, Ross Allenbrand, Albany; 3d, Billy Johnson; 4th, Jesse Johnson; 5th, J. W. Blodgett. Best 10 ears white corn—1st, Clayton Saunders; 2d, Wayne Rainey; 3d, E. N. Clark; 4th, L. H. Williams; 5th, Jesse Johnson. Grand champion single ear—Marshall Collier. Grand champion 10 ears—Clayton Saunders.

"The poultry exhibit was the largest ever on display at a local show in this county. The wire cooping in which 385 birds were placed was so arranged that it made an attractive and convenient exhibit for the large crowds that viewed the display during the day and evenings in which the hall was open to the public.

"Not only did the local people take an interest in the fine exhibit but there were visitors from every adjoining county and some from a greater distance.

"There were 34 exhibitors and 26 breeds of birds, as follows: Barred Plymouth Rocks—John Welch, Albany, 2nd pen; 2nd on cock. W. L. Brown, King City, 1st pen; 1st cock, 1st, 2nd and 3rd cockerel; 1st, 2nd, 3rd pullet; 3rd hen. Mrs. A. L. Perry, Albany, 3rd on pen. Earl Summa, Gentry, 3rd cock; 1st, 2nd hen. Other exhibitors were J. W. Kerlin, Albany; Dewey Ståton, Darlington; Paul and Leone Guess, Albany.

"White Rocks—Mrs. S. R. Giles, Albany, 1st, and 3rd cockerel; and 3rd hen. Mrs. O. C. Hankins, Albany, 2nd cockerel; 2nd pullet. Mrs. Carl Gillespie, Albany, 1st hen.

"Buff Orphingtons—W. C. Campbell, Grant City, 1st pen; 1st cockerel; 1st and 2nd pullet. Mrs. G. W. Lainhart, Albany, 3rd cockerel. Mrs. H. A. Miller, Darlington, 3rd pullet.

"Dark Brahmas—Dr. W. B. McCoy, Gentryville, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, old pen; 1st, 2nd, 3rd young pen; 1st, 2nd, 3rd, hen; 1st, 2nd, 3rd pullet.

"Black Langshans—Mrs. Carl Gillespie, Albany, 1st pen; 2nd cock. Mrs. G. W. Lainhart, Albany, 1st pen. C. J. Yarrington, Albany, 1st cock; 1st, 2nd, 3rd cockerel.

"Silver laced Wyandottes—Mrs. Jennie Degginger, Albany; 1st, 2nd pullet; 1st cockerel. Roy Felts, Darlington, 1st, 2nd cock; 1st and 2nd hen; 3rd pullet.

Mottled Javas—Clarence Baldock, Albany, 1st cock; 2nd pen.

"Black Minorcas—Steve Cassity, Darlington, 1st and 2nd pen.

"Anaconas—J. H. Wolf, Albany, 3rd pullet.

1st, 2nd, 3rd cockerel; 1st, 2nd, 3rd hen; 1st, 2nd pullet.

"White Wyandottes—Mrs. Carl Gillispie, Albany; 1st pen; 1st cockerel; 1st pullet; 1st, 2nd, 3rd hen; 3rd cock. Mrs. Eugene Larmer, Albany, 3rd cockerel; 3rd pullet. Mrs. Ross Allenbrand, Gentry; 2nd pen, 2nd pullet. Earl Summa, Gentry, 1st, 2nd cock; 2nd cockerel.

"Single Comb White Leghorns—Mrs. Carl Gillispie, Albany, 2nd cockerel, 2nd and 3rd hen. W. C. Brown, Bethany, 1st cockerel, 1st hen; 1st pullet.

"Buff Leghorns—T. E. Magee, Albany, 1st, 2nd pullet.

“Rose comb Rhode Island Reds—Mrs. G. W. Chenoweth, Albany, 1st cock. Mrs. Emma Culp, Albany, 1st, 2nd cockerel; 1st, 2nd pullet.

“Single Comb Rhode Island Reds—Mrs. Grey Gill, Albany, 1st cock; 1st, 2nd, 3rd cockerel; 1st hen; 1st, 2nd pullet; 2nd pen. Earl Summa, Gentry, 3rd cock; 2nd and 3rd hen. James S. Stecker, Winston, 1st pen; 2nd cock; 3rd pullet. Other exhibitors in this class were Volley Siddens, Albany; R. R. French, King City.

“Rose Comb White Leghorns—Earl Summa, Gentry, 1st, 2nd, 3rd cock; 1st, 2nd, 3rd cockerel; 1st, 2nd, 3rd hen; 1st, 2nd, 3rd pullet.

“Dark Cornish—Earl Summa, 1st, 2nd, 3rd cockerel; 1st, 2nd 3rd hen; 1st, 2nd, 3rd pullet.

“Black Breasted Red Game—Earl Summa, 1st cock; 1st, 2nd ckl.; 1st, 2nd, 3rd hen; 1st and 2nd pullet.

“Bantams—Dr. W. B. McCoy, Gentryville, 1st cockerel; 1st pullet on Dark Brahams. Harlen Giles, Albany, 1st cock; 1st hen; 1st cockerel, on Black Cochins. Roy Felts, Darlington; 2nd cock; 2nd hen on black Cochins. James Hacker, 1st cock; 1st and 2nd hen on Golden Seabrights. Roy Felts, 1st, 2nd, 3rd on White Cochin, Black Tail Japanese, Buff Cochin, Millfleur, Japanese Silken.

A brief analysis of this report easily reveals its historic value. Such a show presupposes so much of past endeavors and implies so much of present interest .

Twenty-six breeds of pure bred poultry attest the progress of this great industry throughout the country. It has taken labor, intelligence, and above all, years of time, to make such an exhibition possible. It is a sort of declaration that poultry products are of primary importance in our list of resources. Such success and diversity is only possible in a region where eggs and chickens have been a large item in the farm income for generations.

A patch of corn was the first farm crop produced by white men in the county. From that far summer of 1834 to the present time, corn has ever been a leader. The splendid Exhibition of 1921 manifests the constant interest in this great product. Highly significant is the fact that High School pupils, both boys and girls, from adjacent counties united with like pupils of our own county in the judging contests. Where such a crop is concerned, but little is left to chance. The crop begins with the selection of the ears for seed. Preparation of the soil is carefully planned; perfected planters are used, and the best style of cultivator is sought for. Intelligent care and regard for weather conditions are considered well worth while, until the crop is made. Back of the individual crop is the system of rotation largely followed as the

result of multiplied experimentation. The farmers of the county welcome and profit by all that science and agricultural colleges have thus far demonstrated.

GENTRY COUNTY'S 1902 CROP.

	Acres	Product	Value
Corn	98,793	4,149,306	\$1,306,030
Wheat	1,515	30,300	17,425
Oats	5,940	196,020	50,965
Hay	45,210	76,855	384,275
Forage	7,735	10,315	51,575
Broom Corn	60	32,000	910
Clover Seed	.....	80	440
Grass Seed	.....	6,670	10,340
Tobacco	8	7,200	720
Potatoes	819	98,280	23,590
Vegetables	890	.....	45,360
			\$1,891,630

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCTS.

Kind	Number	Value
Cattle	45,460	\$1,477,450
Horses	13,173	878,200
Mules	1,375	103,125
Asses and Jennets	98	9,800
Sheep	18,710	62,365
Swine	69,027	690,270
Chickens	173,199	
Turkeys	6,420	
Geese	4,328	
Ducks	3,028	156,940
Swarms of Bees	3,435	10,575
Honey	114,500	14,315
Wool	86,200	14,365
Milk	3,097,068	
Butter	599,430	201,495
Eggs	1,004,460	125,560
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Total	\$3,744,460

	1919 Number	Value	Total all crops
Corn, Bushels	1,834,558		
Oats	240,658		
Wheat	403,576		
Hay and Forage	.....	1,140,024	
Potatoes	13,741	.....
Vegetables	.....	164,296	
Fruits and Nuts	.....	143,825	\$5,344,754

	Number	Value	All Animals
*Cattle	27,345	1,701,350	
Horses	11,218	838,938	
Mules	2,541	352,953	
Sheep	29,730	379,073	
Swine	41,112	532,123	
Chickens	310,608	.....
Other Poultry	8,120	328,775	
Dairy Products total value		308,097	
Poultry Products total value		695,018	
Wool	.....	84,257	\$4,140,592

*Does not include city and town animals.

Analysis of these tables shows some radical changes for the 17-year period. Among the crops—Corn and Irish potatoes have greatly diminished in volume. Wheat from almost nothing has risen to third place in acreage. Oats have doubled in acreage. Vegetables have tripled in value. Hay and forage have practically held their own in acreage while vastly increasing in value.

Among domestic animals—Cattle have diminished 40 per cent in number while slightly increasing in net value. Swine have decreased in both number and value about 25 per cent. The slight decrease in horses is overcome by the increase in value of mules. Sheep have increased 40 per cent in number and 500 per cent in value. Chickens have increased 80 per cent in number and over 100 per cent in value. Poultry products have increased in value about 150 per cent. Dairy products have increased over 50 per cent in value. Sheep, wheat and poultry have greatly advanced in volume.

The assessed valuation of the county is now approximately \$35,000,000.00—more than doubling in the last twenty years' period.

An item of current history is taken from the Albany Ledger, Dec.

1, 1921: "Of all the big turkeys that were sold in this vicinity for the Thanksgiving trade, the largest so far reported is that which Frank Monger, from north of town, sold to W. A. Grace. The bird weighed 36 pounds and brought 35 cents a pound, the total being \$12.60. Some bird! Some price!

These clippings speak for themselves. The King City article will show how our corn growers fared at the International Corn Show in 1921. August 23, 1921. From the King City Chronicle—"At the State Fair now on at Sedalia, Gentry County became famous by winning practically all the yellow corn blue ribbons, and being awarded two grand champion prizes. The thanks of the county is due to Messrs. Alva Mann, John Potter and Joe W. Boley, and others for producing the corn that won the prizes and has made this county famous. The report of the winnings came in too late to give very extended comment, but we will give the winnings as they were reported to the Chronicle, by John Potter, for which he has our special thanks: Bushel Yellow Corn—Alva Mann, 1st; also Grand Champion on bushel. John Potter, 2nd; and Joe W. Boley, 3rd. Ten Ear Yellow—John Potter, 1st; also Champion on ten ears. Sanford Shilder, 3rd; Alva Mann, 5th. Single ear, yellow, men's class—John Potter, 1st; also Grand Champion on single ear. L. H. Williams, 3rd; Joe W. Boley, 4th; Joe L. Boley, 5th. Ten ears yellow, young men, over 16 and under 20—Pearl Mann, 1st; Bessie Potter, 2nd. Single ear, yellow—Bessie Potter, 1st. Ten ears, yellow, young men under 16—Hervert Potter, 1st; Francis Boley, 2nd. Second ear, yellow—Frances Boley, 1st; Herbert Potter, 5th. Ten ears, other than white or yellow—Francis Boley, 3rd. Single ear, other than white or yellow—Walter Pryor, 1st; also Champion. Ten ears popcorn—Alva Mann, 1st."

Albany Capital, January 26, 1922—"Those live corn specialists over in the south part of Gentry County just about swept the board on prizes at the Missouri State Corn Show at Columbia, during Farmers Week. Alva Mann and Joe Boley returned from the big meeting at Columbia, last week, and reported the following corn prizes captured for Gentry County, in competition against the whole United States: On Bushel Yellow Corn—Joe W. Boley, 1st; Alva Mann, 2nd; John Potter 3rd. On 10 Ears Yellow Corn (men's class)—John Potter, 1st; Joseph L. Boley, 2nd; Pearl Mann, 3rd; Joe W. Boley, 4th; Walter Prior, 5th; Sanford Shidler, 7th. On 10 Ears Yellow (boy's class)—Herbert Potter, 1st; Francis Boley, 2nd; Dale Rainey, 5th; Wayne Mann, 7th. On Single Ear Yellow (men's class)—Joe W. Boley, 2nd; Sanford Shidler, 3rd; Walter Prior, 6th. Single Ear Yellow (boy's class)—Frances Bo-

ley, 2nd. On 10 Ears White (men's class)—Wayne Rainey, 5th. Champion 10 Ears Yellow (boy's class)—Herbert Potter. Sweepstakes 10 Ears Yellow (men's class)—John Potter. In addition to winning the cash premiums and other prizes that went with the ribbons in all the above awards, the boys put Gentry County still more thoroughly on the map as the place where the best corn in the state is grown, and they are entitled to a lot of credit for the remarkable showing which they made in this new contest against the best corn in the land.

Feb. 2, 1922—In attempting to give a list of those who won corn prizes, at the recent state show at Columbia, The Capital last week omitted two of the Gentry County boys who carried away prizes: Dale Rainey won first in the Boys' Class on 10 ears White corn, and Wayne Rainey won first in the boys' class on 10 ears White corn, and Wayne Rainey took second prize (boys' class) on 10 ears of Calico corn.

As far back as 1893 Gentry County began to make exhibition history at the Columbian Exposition in Chicago. Missouri captured 400 premiums, of which Gentry County won 75. Among them four firsts. Almost a fifth of the state winnings came to our County. The Albany Ledger of Oct. 31, 1893, puts it thus: "Citizens of Gentry County, are you not proud of the fact that with the world as competitor our county took four first premiums at the World's Fair, or, it captured every premium it contested for. L. E. Shattuck took first premium on Merino sheep and first on largest fleece of wool produced. C. G. Comstock, first premium in Jack Show, and a Stanberry man first premium in book-keeper's contest. With these honors won at Chicago our citizens can go out through the wide world and say, 'I am a resident of the county that took more premiums at the World's Fair, than any other county on the map.'"

Mr. L. E. Shattuck, of near Stanberry, before his early death in 1894, had done much pioneer work in bringing the improvement of cattle, sheep and hogs to the attention of farmers and breeders. His Merino flock from the early '80's became a national asset of the highest order. He also brought in some of the very first pure bred short horn cattle and Berkshire hogs. The blue ribbon flock he started so long ago is still going strong at the old stand.

C. G. Comstock was an early enthusiast for better mules and Hereford cattle. Other early breeders were James Castor, Keef Judd and Calvin Spessard.

The following list, for 1922, furnished by Mr. Saunders, County Agent, shows how the interest in pure bred stock has grown:

Poland China Breeders—A. B. Durbin & Son, King City, Mo.; E. G. Fisher, King City, Mo.; L. C. Loest, King City, Mo.; A. T. Robertson, Albany; Wm. Miller, Stanberry; Wm. Ketchum, Stanberry.

Duroc Jersey Breeders—W. A. Melton, Albany; Carl Gillespie, Albany; John Parman, Albany; J. H. Degginger, Albany; L. A. Saunders, Albany; Dan Gibson, Jr., New Hampton; Orlin Stephens, Gentry.

Shorthorn Cattle—Charles S. Allen, Stanberry; Frank Allen, Stanberry; Melvin Gregg, Stanberry; A. T. Stockton, Stanberry; D. C. Thomas, Stanberry; W. A. Melton, Albany; J. H. Degginger, Albany.

Aberdeen Angus Cattle—L. C. Loest, King City; A. T. Robertson, Albany; Robert Larmer, Stanberry; Dr. R. R. Dunshee, Stanberry.

Hereford Cattle—Carl Gillespie, Albany; J. M. Slagle, Ravenwood.

Jersey Cattle Breeders—John Doyle, Albany; Mrs. Mary Culver, King City.

Holstein Cattle—Gust Spaht, Albany; Casper Gantz, King City; Orlin Stephens, Gentry.

Feb. 17, 1921. "With Poultry Experts—Mr. and Mrs. Mose Green's Shelternook Farm, north of Albany, is gaining wide reputation with poultry breeders over the United States. The Shelternook Dark Brown Leghorns have won just about all the prizes in the big shows at Kansas City and other places, in competition with the best birds in America, and the success of Mr. and Mrs. Green has attracted the attention of poultry growers throughout the land, and has also reached government officials in such a way that they want Shelternook methods to become of value to soldiers who are taking up the poultry branch of vocational training.

"Last Sunday J. H. Wolfe arrived in Albany, and has gone out to the Green home to spend a year studying the Dark Brown Leghorn birds and the extensive manner in which they are being produced at Shelternook. Mr. Wolfe's home was at Sedalia, Mo., prior to his call to service in the world war. He sustained health disabilities in the army and was sent at government expense the past year to the Kansas State Agricultural College at Manhattan, Kan. He wanted to specialize in poultry, and so the government has now sent him to spend the coming year studying methods at the Green farm, north of Albany, as it is recognized that there is no better authority on Dark Brown Leghorns in the United States than Mr. and Mrs. Green, whose birds from Shelternook have swept the ribbons and prizes wherever they have been placed on exhibition the last few years.

Fine Grasses for Fair—Capital, July 28, 1904—"J. P. McCammon,

Ed. S. Gibbany and W. F. Sager, the committee appointed by the county court, last Saturday forwarded to St. Louis Gentry County's last installment of grasses to be entered in the World's Fair contest. In the consignment sent last Saturday were some as fine grasses as were ever gathered in Gentry County, or, probably, in any county in the United States. One bunch of red clover, grown by John Dale on Sampson Creek, measured 82 inches in length. Two bunches of the bluegrass measured 67 inches in length—one bunch having been grown by R. T. Canaday and the other by Frank Hicks. Frank Seamands entered a bunch of alfalfa over 6 feet in height. A bunch of timothy 6 feet 4 inches in height was furnished by S. R. Williams and there were several other bunches a close second. In addition to the foregoing, there were numerous other bunches of grass that spoke eloquently of the richness of Gentry County soil, and it was the opinion of all who saw them that this county ought certainly to capture some prizes on grasses at the Fair."

Stanberry Democrat, Oct. 30, 1903: "We are informed that Gentry County was "in it" at the Kansas City stock show. C. Folgate won first prize with one of his fine Duroc-Jersey hogs. He sold this prize winner hog for \$300. This was the highest price paid for any hog during the show.

Profit in Cattle—Albany Capital, March 9, 1922: "J. M. Slagle, the Hereford cattle man, was down from the northwest corner of the county last Saturday, and called to place advertising of a couple of animals he had for sale. Mr. Slagle returned last Thursday from the Round-Up sale at Kansas City, in which sale he marketed two yearling Herefords for \$570. In the spring of 1917 Mr. Slagle bought a Hereford cow from a down-state herd. This cow has since brought him five calves. He has sold four of them for \$1,260, and still has the cow and one calf left. J. M. feels absolutely confident that there is still a good profit in the game for the farmers and breeders who raise and feed good livestock, and who pay proper attention to the rotation of crops and the upkeep of their farms. The appended complete report of a recent "Pig and Calf Show," illustrates present activity.

Tri-County Calf and Pig Show—Albany Ledger, Sept. 29, 1921: "Probably the most interesting community affair ever held in King City, was the calf and pig club show of last week. Thirty-one boys and four girls brought out 144 pigs and 10 baby beeves. The boys and girls had spent almost one year of consistent effort and their labors were amply rewarded in the large cash premiums and the satisfaction of having accomplished something worth while. Everyone is interested in the boys

and girls, and there was intense interest all through the show. Nothing has been quite so satisfactory as the club work in this community, and it will be continued from year to year.

The Commercial Club of King City is to be highly commended not only for the large amount of cash and the ideal accommodations which they so freely gave, but for the personal interest which every business man of King City took in the show.

The quality of the animals shown was so high that although there were eleven places in some of the classes, yet many animals worthy of a first place in some shows had to go without a ribbon. Carl Gillespie, of Albany, and Harry Messick, of Bolckow, did an excellent and satisfactory job of judging.

In the class for best boar, Theron Sweat, of McFall, took first on probably the most outstanding pig in the show. In the class for the best barrow, Cary Berry, of King City, took first on an excellent individual. In the class for best gilt, William Danbury, of King City, took first. This was certainly a great class, there being 41 competing. The best litter of four pigs was exhibited by Theron Sweat.

In the baby beef class an excellent array greeted the judges. First place went to Lucille Loest, daughter of L. C. Loest, of King City, on presumably the best show heifer ever exhibited in Gentry County. Mr. Loest is a breeder of excellent Aberdeen-Angus cattle and this heifer, while not a pure bred heifer, shows the value of the use of high class pure bred sires of the correct type. Miss Loest not only won the \$30 cash prize contributed by the Commercial Club but also \$25 in cash and a gold wrist watch valued at \$25, contributed by the Aberdeen-Angus Breeders Association of Chicago, making a total of \$80. She will show this calf at St. Joseph in the baby beef show October 3, 4, 5, where she confidently hopes to take first place. Charlotte Loest's calf was placed 2nd; Thelma Cummings', 3rd; Glenn Boone's, 4th; Loren Holeman's 5th; Ralph Justice's 6th; Fred Justice's, 7th; Donald Martin's, 8th; George Dierenfeldt's, 9th; Carl Loest's, 10th. All of these calves will go to the St. Joseph show next week, also Forest Slagle and Wilma Harkrider, north of Alanthus, will send two choice Hereford calves. Clayton Saunders, of Albany, will also take one Hereford calf. Five of the best calves sent from this county will have all of their expenses paid by the Stock Yard Company. And all expense of the boys and girls who exhibit the calves will also be paid.

Many new members have already signed up for the work next year in the Tri-County club at King City, and there will, without doubt,

be at least three times as many enrolled for 1922 as we had this year. There is no work that is so far-reaching and so satisfactory in every way as the boy and girl club work, and Stanberry and Albany and other communities in the county should take up this work for next year.

“L. A. SAUNDERS, County Agricultural Agent.”

Horses—Horse breeding has been an important industry from early times. Thirty years ago there were weekly horse sales in the county seat, well advertised and attended. The farm type of today is much more blocky, and more powerful. The automotive development of the past dozen years has not greatly disturbed horse production in the county, except to increase the interest in mules.

The second great farm product of the county is hay and grass, as follows: Timothy and clover mixed, 18,000 acres; blue grass, for seed, 13,000 acres; timothy alone, 6,000 acres; alfalfa, 2,000 acres; clover alone, 1,500 acres. The annual production of blue grass seed exceeds 150 tons. The figures given are official, and accounts for about three-fifths of the county acreage. The large balance is in some form of pasture, and the proceeds appear in stock and dairy income. Given time, and almost any of our land will become set with blue grass. Perhaps no other natural characteristic is so great an asset. Blue grass is “a thing of beauty and a pasture forever,” almost.

The annual wheat crop is nearly a half million bushels.

Animals not reckoned in above estimates, owned in towns: Horses, 500; milk cows, 500; young cattle, 500; swine, 1,000.

Vegetables and fruits imply small acreage. The county's income from these sources average a third of a million yearly.

Gentry county in common with northwest Missouri is very free from cattle and horse plagues. While swine are not so exempt, hog cholera has never been frequent or malignant.

In conclusion it may be said that Gentry county has met and endured the slump of 1920-21 with admirable courage and patience. In this time of stress, poultry products and dairy products have saved many of our people from hardships and defeat.

If Gentry Were My Native Land.

It would induce a steadfast pride,
 And I would never need to hide,
 When those of any country side,
 Were boasting what their own supplied,
 If Gentry were my native land.

I might, marooned, be far away,
Compelled indefinitely to stay,
Some elsewhere active part to play,
Yet would my heart return for aye.
 If Gentry were my native land.

I would myself discussion raise,
And Gentry County I would praise,
And count the gifts she brings and lays
Before her children, harvest days.
 If Gentry were my native land.

And I would praise her gallant youth,
And make it always plain—forsooth
I was but telling half the truth,
And call my elsewhere home a—booth.
 If Gentry were my native land.

CHAPTER XII.

CIVIL WAR PERIOD

OPINIONS DIVIDED—POPULATION MADE UP OF NORTHERNERS AND SOUTHERNERS—
DEVELOPMENT RETARDED—FEDERAL CONTROL MAINTAINED.

The period from 1860 to 1865 in Gentry County deserves historical mention in that it greatly affected social relations, and greatly retarded material development. As has been seen, the earliest settlers were largely from Tennessee, Virginia, and Kentucky. They brought with them the convictions prevalent in the states from which they came. These convictions could not be set aside in a day—at the result of a national election.

Possibly by 1860 an almost equal number from Pennsylvania, Ohio and other northern localities had become citizens of the county.

The result was inevitable. Gentry County in many respects was a border county. With two sets of utterly opposed convictions contending for supremacy. When the issue was forced upon the people, friends were separated, and households sometimes divided. It is far from the present purpose to single out any individual—to accuse or to justify any action or any policy pursued. It is enough to speak of the general effect. A divided people cannot be a happy people, neither can they be prosperous and progressive. There was little of the tragic and heroic, much that was irksome and disquieting in the continual conflict of convictions. Social life and community interests were greatly hampered. Agriculture and all industry suffered accordingly. Instead of a generous surplus, the county ceased to fully supply its own needs for both man and beast.

The situation was aggravated by several dry, or semi-dry seasons. Gentry County citizens sometimes gathered up empty sacks and went "a-buying."

Federal control was maintained without serious opposition and all classes welcomed peace when it came. Most of the wounds were quickly healed. The scars received less and less notice. In a few years a united people were forging ahead.

CHAPTER XIII.

RAILROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

AGITATION FOR RAILWAYS BEGINS—FIRST ROAD IN THE COUNTY—THE WABASH—LEON, MOUNT AYER AND SOUTHWESTERN—STATIONS IN THE COUNTY—HIGHWAYS—JEFFERSON HIGHWAY—HARD SURFACE ROADS.

Agitation for railways began with the first recovery after the Civil War. Elections were held and bonds voted. But the earlier projects failed and the bonds could not be used.

The first road into the county was the St. Joseph and Des Moines railroad. This line, which is a branch of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, was completed from St. Joseph to Albany in September 1879. The citizens of Gentry County donated, in money and material towards the building of this road through the county, about the sum of \$20,000.00, and in addition thereto, the depot grounds and right of way, the latter costing about \$1,000.00. This road was formerly called the "Narrow Gauge."

Council Bluffs and Omaha Division of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad, now known as the Wabash Railroad, was completed in the fall of 1879, and passes through the county centrally, giving direct connections with St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, and Council Bluffs. The land owners along the line of the road donated the right of way, excepting a few tracts, which cost the company about \$3,000.

The Leon, Mount Ayr and Southwestern Railroad, which is a branch of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, was finished to Albany in September, 1881. The people of Albany donated the right of way from Bethany, Harrison County, Missouri, to Albany, which cost them about \$8,000.00; they also donated the depot grounds at Albany. This road forms a connection at Albany with the St. Joseph and Des Moines Railroad, which was purchased of the original owners and builders, by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company, in the latter part of 1880, making a continuous line from St. Joseph to Chicago.

The St. Joseph and Des Moines Railroad has four depots in the

county, at the following places: Albany, Darlington, Millen, and King City. The Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, at McFall, Evona, McCurry and Stanberry.

In 1906-07 the Grant City Chicago, Burlington & Quincy extension was built from the north line of the county to Albany Junction, two miles southwest of Albany.

Highways.—Roads and bridges of Gentry County are under township supervision, except important river bridges and their approaches, which are installed and maintained by the county court.

The major part of the surface of the county has good natural drainage, which simplifies the building and maintaining of the common graded highway. Gentry County has between two or three hundred miles of such roads with needed bridges. The county bridges are good and well kept and the various townships average well in building and maintaining their local bridges. The county has a fairly sufficient system of highway service, well distributed.

During the hard road agitation of 1919-20, the Jefferson Highway was mapped through the county, entering on the south at King City; thence north through Stanberry; thence east through Albany; thence northeast to the county line. This gave townships the following mileage: Jackson Township, 8.58; Cooper Township, 8.17; Huggins Township, 4.35, and Athens Township, 10.46. In support of this project Jackson Township voted \$85,000.00 bonds, Cooper, \$85,000.00 and Athens, \$100,000.00.

The first contract for a completed hard surface road was let Apr. 11, 1921, to the E. S. Kelley Construction Company of Eureka Springs, Ark., for six miles of finished road in Cooper Township for \$82,020.00.

On this project the grading and bridging are complete, and over four miles of hard surface have been finished. The material used is sand and grit. Jackson Township has completed the grading and bridging of the entire 8.58 miles.

In the early summer of 1921, Athens Township let the contract for the completion of that part beginning just north of Albany, east to the county line, 6.26 miles. This section has been completed. The material used is excellent gravel from local pits; a material that can hardly be excelled. It is an admirable mix of 20 to 30 sizes, with proper proportion of small stuff. Close packing and adhesive under traffic—the next thing to cement. While this particular gravel is new to road service, there is reason to believe that it will not grind into dust to any extent, during dry summer heat.

Long dry spells and windy days are the worst enemies of gravel roads. Crude oil is the best protection, but the better the gravel the less the crude oil required. In a matter as far reaching as hard surface roads, it is natural to hope that first experiments should prove encouraging. Every strip of successful road hastens the building of other strips.

An improved road from the county seat to Evona is under way, much of the grading being already complete, and the financing for hard surface is up for discussion.

Land owners are more and more taking the view that money spent for good roads is not a tax, but that it is money spent for permanent improvement. In other words it is an investment. The same is true of drainage, and is perhaps more apparent, since worthless land is often reclaimed and given a value much beyond the cost of draining. The principle is the same; good roads make good land still more valuable.

Gentry County never had any great proportion of swamp land. Nevertheless, a large drainage undertaking is now nearing completion. It has to do with straightening the river courses. It begins near the north line of the county, and embraces the three forks of Grand River, east, middle and west forks and follows the main river as far as Gentryville in the southeast of the county. The total cost of the improvement will be nearly \$200,000.00.

The assessment of benefits is worthy of most careful consideration. The benefits of drainage are largely local and direct, while in the matter of hard roads, the benefits are both direct and general. The general benefits increase with the number of miles connected. A single strip of four miles is scarcely a general benefit, but a well planned system of roads for the whole county will develop a widespread general benefit. It will raise the average level of land values in all localities. The remotest farm in the county will be benefited. Once these principles are understood and equitably applied, assessments cease to be a bugbear.

CHAPTER XIV.

SCHOOLS.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS—TEACHERS INSTITUTE—HIGHER STANDARDS—HEALTH WORK IN SCHOOLS — TEACHERS ASSOCIATION — CONSOLIDATION — PALMER COLLEGE — NORTHWEST MISSOURI COLLEGE—CENTRAL CHRISTIAN COLLEGE.

Public Schools—The chapter on the public schools of the county should prove interesting for the good reason that history is now “a making.”

Earle C. Duncan is county superintendent of public instruction. The office became effective in 1909 when George L. Grey became the first superintendent. Charles Allen was next in office, followed by Egbert Jennings, whose term was filled out by his sister, Miss Gretchen Jennings, which brings us to 1919 when Mr. Duncan took office.

By the year 1886, the high school had become pretty well differentiated from the school of all grades. The annual Teachers' Institute of three or four weeks of instruction, lectures or class work, had become established. These Institutes closed with two days of examinations. For a time attendance was optional, but was later made obligatory upon all who wished to teach. This system continued under efficient commissioners until about 1900. The commissioner was chairman of the board of examiners, assisted by one appointee of the state, and another of the county.

In 1901 the Teachers' Institute was dropped, and three examining periods were set for each year. A variety of conditions were imposed on candidates for certificates. In certain branches teachers were allowed permanent credits of record, exempting them from further examinations in these specified lines. Summer schools under state management took the place of the county institute, and though attendance was not obligatory, the inducement of “approved grades” maintained a good attendance.

The office of county superintendent is one of wider responsibility than the former office of commissioner. The outgrowth of a general forward movement which began to manifest itself about 1910.

In 1911 and 1912 the general level of teachers' salaries was raised about \$5.00 a month for each year. More money should mean better teachers, and it so proved. In 1911, there were ten teachers with normal diploma certificates. In 1921 there were 34 such teachers. During this ten-year period the trail of the third grade certificate has been constantly downward. The trail of "approved schools" during the same period started with two for the county, advanced to six in 1917; to 16 in 1920; to 23 in 1921 and to 31 in 1922. Thus keeping pace with teacher qualifications.

Another chart showing the steady upward trend in instructive advancement, shows that in 1911, 35 teachers had had four years high school training; in 1916, 52 teachers; in 1919, 120 teachers.

The quotation below is from the 1921 Missouri public schools report. It proves that Gentry County is thoroughly alive: "Several extension courses will be held for Gentry County teachers again this year. The State Teachers College, Maryville, held two in the county last year. We are having some meetings to discuss better methods and I am sending out some lesson plans. We are also making arrangements with the State Teachers' College, Maryville, for a survey of the county. We have a bunch of real teachers in the rural schools this year. Eighty of our teachers were in summer school last summer."—E. C. Duncan, Supt.

"Better Schools" in Gentry County, quoted from State Report 1921; "The Gentry County Plan began at the August meeting, held in Albany, Mo., in 1921. The teachers in attendance were asked to write a list of improvements worth while and needed in the schools of the county. The results of the questionnaire were tabulated and divided into major and minor groups, and a plan of approval worked out." The groups as tabulated and divided, relate largely to physical conditions, the production of better environment. When a school has attained three of the major requirements and two of the minor, the superintendent issues a certificate of standing as a "Better School." It has been a decided success. Up to March 25, 1922, sixty schools of the county have won the certificate.

The total expenditures for the county school system in 1910 were \$67,000.00; in 1913, \$75,000.00; in 1916, \$115,000.00; in 1921, \$175,000.00.

The following from the 1921 state report belongs to Gentry County, and is self explanatory. "We have been selected by the Southwest Division of the Red Cross as a demonstration county for health work. We are furnishing the schools with a project each month. The project for

November is to build two pieces of playground equipment. Other projects will be posters for the care of the teeth; posters on the school lunch; short talks (for oral expression), by the pupils on health play and health booklets. The county nurse and the Red Cross secretary are assisting in this work. Earle C. Duncan, Sup't. Gentry County."

During the winter of 1922 a general poster contest was staged in Albany, over 300 posters were on the exhibition, representing a multitude of ideas relating to the individual self-care of the pupil.

Gentry County people are proud of their schools and wide awake to the advantages they offer. The enrollment in the high schools of the county jumped this year from 500 to 600, and there are more members of the freshman class this fall than there were eighth grade graduates this spring.

The Gentry County Teachers have more than a 100 per cent enrollment in the Missouri State Teachers Association. There are only 136 teachers in the county, while there are 151 members of the state association. The explanation is that a number of students of Palmer College have become members of the association and several school board members have also joined. It is the third consecutive year that their enrollment has been more than 100 per cent.

The county has 71 rural schools, almost half of which are approved. There are seven high schools, at least one of them easily accessible to students in every township, except two.

One of the high schools is a consolidated school, strictly rural, which, opened this year with an enrollment of fifty. It is known as Consolidated School Number 1. It is almost equidistant from Albany, King City, Pattonsburg and Maysville, having a rural territory with a radius of about 15 miles. The nearest railroad is at McFall, six miles away.

The school is being conducted now in what will later become the "teacherage." The patrons have voted bonds and have \$20,500 with which they will build a modern building on ten acres of Gentry County's prettiest land. When the building is completed, the teacher will occupy the residence where classes are now being held.

Consolidated District Number 1 is the largest strictly rural high school in Northwest Missouri. It now offers a three year course, which will be extended next year to four years. It will then be a fully accredited first class high school.

When the new building is completed the smaller schools will be closed and the pupils there will be transported to the central schools in

wagons. Two other schools in the county already transport their pupils. Four wagons are used at Darlington and six at McFall.

McFall also has a consolidated school and is also building a new building, which will be completed about Dec. 1st. That the transportation of rural pupils is not an excessive burden to the taxpayer was demonstrated at this school last year, when the school levy was only \$1.30, which was lower than the levy of any other first class high school in the county.

That the boys and girls of the farmer are beginning to appreciate the opportunity offered them for a high school education is demonstrated in the enrollment figures. There were 226 eighth grade graduates this spring and 227 enrolled as freshmen in the various high schools this fall.

During 1921 two enthusiastic track meets were held. The first was at King City, and the second at Albany. The next one is to be held at Stanberry. The stimulating effect of these events is already manifest. Youth is eager for endeavor, and delights in achievement.

Palmer College.—As one of the early institutions of learning of the State of Iowa, what is now Palmer College had its beginning under the organization of Revs. Josiah P. Watson and D. M. Lines. The institution, first located at LeGrand, Iowa, was granted a charter, in April, 1865, under the name of The Le Grand Christian Institute, and began operating in October of that year. In appreciation of a gift of \$30,000, from the Hon. F. A. Palmer, of New York, toward the first endowment fund started by the college, the institution was renamed Palmer College, in 1897.

In June, 1912, the college was moved to Albany, Mo., and the interests of Kansas Christian College, of Lincoln, Kan., consolidated with it. By conditional donation from the Albany Chamber of Commerce the college came into possession of the plant of the former Northwest Missouri College. The building was partially remodeled, the campus considerably enlarged, a fine girls' dormitory erected and a president's home secured, bringing the total value of the plant and its equipment up to about \$225,000.00. The campus proper, includes 14 acres. The institution has dormitory accommodations for 64 students in modernly equipped dormitories. The larger number of students either live in the community or board in the town. The college is also equipped with gymnasium, swimming pool, athletic field and tennis courts.

During the World War, the faculty and student body were so depleted by the demands of the country that the work of the institution

had to be temporarily suspended. It was reopened in 1919 under the presidency of Dr. F. G. Coffin, of Albany, New York.

The college is under the direction of a Board of 15 trustees, elected by the Western Christian Convention and presided over by a faculty of 18 instructors. In addition to the regular college year, two summer schools are maintained. One is a school of religious education for which specialized instructors are imported from different sections of the country. The other is a summer school for teachers, offering an eight week's course of specialized instruction.

The student enrollment in the various departments, not exclusive of duplicates, is 232 (year 1922). This number does not include the enrollments of either of the summer schools.

Courses are offered in collegiate work, academy, domestic science, commerce, science, piano, orchestral instruments, voice, expression, art, Bible, etc. The courses are coordinated with the University of Missouri and all work done in the institution fully accredited by the university. Teachers' certificates are granted upon satisfactory completion of courses.

The maintenance of the school is secured through tuition, gifts, and endowment. While the trustees are elected by the Western Christian Convention, the territorial official body of the Christian Church (not Disciples), the college is non-sectarian. Instructors are employed and students admitted without regard to church affiliations. The city of Albany cooperates in promoting the interests of the school.

Northwest Missouri College.—This institution was founded under the fostering care of the M. E. Church, South, in 1891.

It was made possible through the benevolence and enterprise of Albany's leading citizens, who provided a splendid campus of nine acres, and secured subscriptions up to ten thousand dollars for immediate construction.

Within two years under Prof. W. H. Pritchett, Northwest Missouri College was successfully launched. Its aims were of the best. The instruction given, and the care devoted to the welfare of students were always high type work, and for years, the generation of that period availed itself of the splendid privileges thus provided.

The college continued with varying activity until 1909, and was much appreciated.

Early in its experience it became evident that there must be a very substantial guarantee committee. At first the guarantors were numerous and the burden grew and the committee diminished. It was finally

proven that Northwest Missouri College could no longer continue. The guarantee committee paid interest and other expenses necessary to keep the debt afloat out of their own funds.

By reason of removals and for other good reasons the responsible members became fewer. From 1909 onward it was a question what to do with the property and how to meet the debt. Several propositions came up to turn the property to other uses and salvage what was possible. Some took the position that the property represented large original donations that were given for education, and therefore the property should be held for that purpose. It was a continual personal expense to these few, but they paid and held on.

There was rejoicing when in 1912 their persistence was rewarded and they were able to turn over sufficient property to induce and justify the opening of Palmer College.

Central Christian College.—Central Christian College was the outgrowth of a liberal offer from three citizens of Albany. Dr. G. W. Stapleton, Dr. M. M. Campbell, and T. N. Rigney, to the educational hopes of the Christian Church. For college purposes, they offered to donate a tract of land situated in the South of Albany at the terminus of Park Street, and also a one-fifth interest in 100 acres lying adjoining the original plat of the city and nearly surrounding the college site.

This generous gift was gratefully accepted by the representatives of the church in convention assembled, and a committee at once appointed to collect necessary funds for the building. The citizens of Albany made liberal donations, thus making it possible to incorporate and begin preparations for building.

Central Christian College was incorporated in April, 1892, and the contract for the building was given to Hawk Brothers of Albany. The brick work was done by Meek Bricklaying and Contract Company of Chillicothe, Mo.

On Aug. 10, 1892, the cornerstone was laid with impressive ceremonies, conducted by F. V. Loos of Liberty, Mo., assisted by J. A. Williams of King City, Mo., and other leading ministers. In November of the same year the College was opened and on January 8, 1893 the building was dedicated to the cause of Christian education. The first president was Prof. E. J. Gantz, and during the first year 169 students were enrolled in the collegiate and normal departments.

During the ten years' existence of the college, scores of educated young men and young women went forth from its doors better fitted to



PALMER COLLEGE, ALBANY



View from South Side of Park, Stanberry, Mo.

VIEW FROM SOUTH SIDE OF PARK, STANBERRY

THE NEW YORK
PUBLIC LIBRARY

ASTOR LENOX AND
TILDEN FOUNDATIONS

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take up life's duties. Thus is a measure were repaid those who contributed largely to its support.

In 1903 the building was purchased by the city and converted into a ward school, and now it is also used by students in the vocational agricultural and home economics classes of the high school.

CHAPTER XV.

LODGES, SOCIETIES AND CLUBS.

MASONIC LODGES—THE EASTERN STAR—INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS—
WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION—CIVIC CLUB—LADIES LITERARY
CLUB—DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION—P. E. O.—CHAMBER OF
COMMERCE.

Masonic Lodges.—Many changes have occurred during forty years. Better roads and auto cars have had much to do in the change of social centers, small communities are no longer isolated. New and more convenient groupings come about by natural selection. The fact of worthy note is this: The fraternal spirit is continuous, a constant element in civilization, an evidence of life and vigor and an indication of true prosperity.

The Masonic order was first in point of time, dating back to early pioneer days. It led the way, and has grown as the population has increased. Its history is well known, its position established.

The Masonic fraternity, with eight lodges and over 600 members in the county, has from the beginning held a well defined place in the social and intellectual growth of Gentry County citizenship.

Since 1849 when Gentryville Lodge No. 125 was organized, many efforts at different points have been put forth, all of them serving a good purpose, but not all of them permanent.

The present lodges are as follows: Athens No. 127, 147 members, Albany; Alanthus No. 252, 45 members, Wilson Township; Jacoby No. 447, 47 members, Darlington; Berlin No. 378, 48 members, Miller Township; Ancient Craft No. 377, 106 members, King City; Havana No. 21, 31 members, McFall; Gentryville No. 125, 51 members, Gentryville; Stanberry No. 109, 180 members, Stanberry.

The Eastern Star.—The Order has five flourishing chapters in Gentry County. At Gentryville, Stanberry, King City, Darlington, and at Albany.

The Albany chapter now has 182 members. Officers as follows:

W. P., Mr. Allen Bare; W. M., Mrs. Pearl Barger; A. M., Mrs. Slate Bassler; Sec'y., Mrs. Pearl Bare.

Albany Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, was organized and received charter dated Aug. 11, 1875, and in which was named as officers, Henrietta Daniels, Worthy Matron; John T. Daniels, Worthy Patron; and Sarah Jane McCammon, Associate Matron. The charter list shows at organization the names of 20 sisters and 25 brothers, who after a time failed to meet and charter surrendered.

The Order of the Eastern Star was again organized at Albany, with charter dated April 30, 1894, as Esther Chapter, No. 13, O. E. S., and naming in the charter as officers: Mrs. Sarah E. Eader, W. M.; Joshua B. Thomas, W. P.; Miss Bash McCammon, A. M., and the following named were selected to complete the organization as follows, to-wit: Alice Larkin, Cond.; Lillian Lainhart, A. Cond.; Mary McCammon, Sec.; Etha Reid, Treas.; Lou E. Clark, Adah; Emma Roberts, Ruth; Gail Sullivan, Esther; Sallie Cassity, Martha; Lillie E. Case, Electa; Matilda Lunsford, Warder; and had a membership of 14 sisters and 14 brothers, a total of 28.

The following have been duly elected and served as presiding officers:

1895—Miss Bash McCammon, W. M.; Joshua B. Thomas, W. P.

1896—Mrs. Alice Larkin, W. M.; Chas. V. Larmer, W. P.

1897—Mrs. Lou E. Clark, W. M.; J. E. Sims, W. P.

1898—Mrs. Lillian Lainhart, W. M.; Sam W. Clark, W. P.

1899—Mrs. Kate Larmer, W. M.; F. P. Marsteller, W. P.

1900—Mrs. Emma Roberts, W. M.; Wm. T. Lunsford, W. P.

1901—Mrs. Joie Thomas, W. M.; Geo. A. Howell, W. P.

1902—The present officers are: Mrs. Lou Moore, W. M.; Miss Beatrice Thomas, A. M.; Marvin O. Mothersead, W. P.

The chapter now has a membership of 71 sisters and brothers and is in a flourishing condition socially and financially and has ever been noted for its charity.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.—Next in order of time came the I. O. O. F. fraternity—an average of 10 years later, meeting the same needs, having the same general purpose, and affording optional affiliations to the individual. Thus inducing a spirit of friendly rivalry to the benefit of all concerned.

The Odd Fellows are now prosperously organized in the following centers: Albany, Stanberry, King City, McFall, Darlington, Island City.

The Rebekahs, Auxiliary, have lodges at Albany, Stanberry, King City and McFall.

Women's Christian Temperance Union.—While the earliest facts are not available, the W. C. T. U. is known to have been well organized and in active work in Gentry County as early as 1890. It is the nature of such work that its activity should vary as demands for special efforts and opportunities presented themselves.

However, the ladies of Gentry County have proven their perseverance and versatility. When blocked from direct temperance work, they took up cognate work, such as "Child Welfare," "Women in Industry," "Sabbath Observance," "Health and Morality," and "Scientific Temperance Instruction," thus helping always to create that nation wide public sentiment which finally resulted in prohibition.

It is interesting to note that the W. C. T. U. ladies were making comfort bags for the sailors of our own navy long before the World War, popularized such work.

From 1904 and onward, the whole county quickly became organized and an ever increasing activity has been manifested.

The World War brought prohibition and for a time merged the work of the W. C. T. U. in the general struggle. But "Those Women" did not quit. The enforcement of law is as important as getting the law. Education must be maintained. Child welfare, health and morality, still invite the attention and reward the efforts of this great society. In reviewing thirty years of work in Gentry County, one feels it has been worth while to have counted one in the ranks of such a union.

The appended clipping discloses present activity.

Gentry County has not, throughout its history, been a greatly saloon ridden county. And yet temperance has always been a vital issue. The W. C. T. U. has ever been fighting, or rallying for the next conflict. The organization has been noted for three things:

First, giving aid and comfort in every local option or special campaign.

Second, keeping the educational features of temperance at the front.

Third, giving cordial assistance to any and all civic efforts in the interests of community welfare.

It is now vigorously active—striving to make national prohibition effective and permanent.

The Civic Club of Albany.—As it is generally known, the Civic Club is an organization to work for the improvement of the town, in any way it can help. It is composed of women who are interested in the welfare of Albany and who are willing to give of their time and energy in accomplishing things. The club has a creditable membership but the

officers are anxious to enlist the co-operation of all women. The club has recently been made a member of the State Federation of Women's clubs. The members have made a slogan, "Keep-a-Goin' " for the coming year.

Among some of the accomplishments of the club might be mentioned the following: They have looked after several classes of charity, have sent flowers and other things to the sick and shut-ins; gave gold medal to girl winner in athletics last spring; erected and kept in condition flower boxes at court house and planted flower beds in court house yard; erected big signs advertising "Albany—Home of Palmer College," furnished rest and lunch rooms for women; brought some fine iron seats for the court house yard; helped in general clean-up days; served two dinners for community meet at Palmer college work day, sent two donations to Near East Relief fund. Other things might be mentioned.

The following are the present officers of the civic club: president, Mrs. D. O. Kent; 1st vice-president, Mrs. J. N. Barger; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. Gus Stevens; recording sec'y., Mrs. C. E. Ernst; corresponding sec'y., Mrs. J. H. Degginger; treasurer, Mrs. E. A. Kent.

The Ladies Literary Club.—The Ladies Literary Club, formerly called the "Married Ladies Tea Club" was organized in October 1892, with the following named ladies as charter members: Mrs. J. W. Whitten, Mrs. T. H. Lainhart, Mrs. Carrie Cranor, Mrs. R. S. Floyd, Mrs. Mamie Hubbard, Mrs. Ida Wood Stevens, Mrs. C. V. Larmer, Mrs. Flora Humphrey, Mrs. Dora Crockett, Mrs. J. H. Markley, Mrs. Mary J. Doyle.

Its object is the cultivation of intellectual, artistic and social life of its members and to promote public welfare.

In 1902, the club joined the Federation of Women's Clubs.

This club has been interested in philanthropy, and in the advancement of higher education. Prizes for essays on specified subjects have been awarded to students. Child welfare and health reforms have also been promoted.

The Ladies' Literary Club was largely instrumental in securing the Carnegie Library for Albany. Besides procuring some books, the pictures and other works of art were placed in the library building by ladies of the Literary Club.

The present officers are: Miss Elma Hendley, president; Mrs. Lon E. Clark, secretary; Miss Emily Stapleton, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Nannie Mothersead, treasurer.

Virginia Daughters Chapter D. A. R.—This organization, as is well known, is devoted to patriotic and historical purposes. The Albany

chapter was founded in December 1912, receiving from the national society the number 1193.

The revolutionary ancestors of the charter members of this chapter were, with but few exceptions, residents of Virginia. Therefore, "Virginia Daughters" was adopted as the chapter name. The following is a list of the charter members: Mrs. Anna Bell Stapleton; Mrs. Mary J. Doyle; Mrs. Jno. E. O'Hara; Mrs. Leora Peery; Mrs. Luella Graham; Mrs. Celesti Smith; Mrs. David Ella Patton; Mrs. Norcissa Dawson Wilhite, deceased; Mrs. Kate Dawson Hotaling; Mrs. Leona S. Austin; Mrs. Grace P. Forbis; Mrs. Narcissa Holdin; Mrs. Winifred Doyle Adams, deceased; Mrs. Neva Green Etter; Miss Nancy E. Peery; Miss Elma Hundley; Miss Geneva E. Peery; Miss Lulu Hundley; Miss Lucy L. Peery; Miss Ada Bell Stapleton; Miss Sara Emily Stapleton; Miss Mary McCammon; Miss Louise Trent Peery; Miss Margaret Anne Stapleton.

During the World War, Virginia Daughters were zealous in all the special activities known as "United War Works." The chapter gave efficient, untiring managers to several county departments. One thousand dollars was given to Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. work. A French orphan was adopted and contributions were given for the restoration of Tiltoloy, a French village and contributions made to the \$100,000.00 3rd Liberty Loan subscribed by the national society.

Also individual members bought \$25,000.00 Liberty bonds, and adopted three French orphans.

The service flag of the Virginia Daughters contains nine stars of blue, and one of gold, the latter in memory of Lieut. Geo. Donald Holden who was fatally wounded in battle.

P. E. O.—The P. E. O. Sisterhood was organized in 1869 by seven college girls. It is national in its scope and has ever stood for progress, education and opportunity. As a culture society, it embraces self-improvement in various forms.

Chapter P. Stanberry, Mo., organized Jan. 24, 1901, was the first P. E. O. Society in Gentry County and during the years since then the society has been a source of inspiration to its members.

Chapter A. N., Albany, was organized in November, 1905. Charter members were Mesdames G. W. Doyle, J. W. Peery, Wm. O'Hara, R. L. Whaley, T. H. Hunt, T. S. Bishop, W. P. Stapleton, W. C. Holman, W. M. Wilson, Misses Nannie Peery, Flora McCammon, Ada Stapleton, Mary McCammon and M. V. Stewart.

Christian education is one of the cardinal principles of the P. E. O. Sisterhood and the chapters of Gentry County have given largely to an

Educational Fund of the society and chapter, and has contributed to the fund for the equipment of Palmer College.

During the World War the ladies of the P. E. O. joined with the Red Cross and other organizations in the different lines of war work.

Chapter D. E., King City, was organized May 29, 1919, with 13 charter members. Political honors have been bestowed upon two members. Mrs. Anna S. McKnight is chairman of the Women's State Democratic Committee and Mrs. Ida B. Parsons is a member of the State Executive Committee. Mrs. Mary E. Stringfield a charter member of chapter A Unionville, the first P. E. O. chapter organized in the state is now a member of chapter D. E. King City.

Albany Chamber of Commerce.—The Albany Chamber of Commerce was organized Feb. 8, 1921, with a membership (original) of thirty-five progressive and representative business men. In a rather intensive campaign a few weeks later the membership was increased to 82 members, and later additions swelled the number to over a hundred.

In the year 1921 there were really no things of great magnitude accomplished. However several projects were put over that were of some consequence. Among those things that tended to help Albany and the community and make it a better place in which to live were: A cash donation was made to Palmer College to the amount of \$2,000; an athletic field which cost approximately \$800 was completed; a temporary sidewalk from the D. D. Kingsborough property west to Clark Street on the way to the Burlington Station was completed; in the annual Clean-Up Day the Chamber of Commerce worked in co-ordination with the Civic Club to make that worth-while project a success; eight of the leading roads out of Albany were marked within a radius of ten miles; several large signs were put up on the main highways advertising "Albany—The Home of Palmer College"; a tourist camp ground, with all conveniences for mortorists passing through our city, was located on the South school campus; a movement for the re-opening of the Wabash Station at Evona was agitated by the Chamber of Commerce; we helped Palmer College provide for their guests at commencement time and the ten-day School of Religious Education; we worked in conjunction with the high school in promoting good sportsmanship in athletics by giving several gold medals to the high-point winners in track meets last spring; the organization made up about a thousand dollars for the maintenance of the best band in this section of the state; rooms and enertainment were provided for the boys and girls from other towns who entered the song and declamatory contests held in the Palmer College Auditorium last

spring; three most successful Community Days for the grading and finishing of the College Athletic Field were held; cash prizes in the Junior Red Cross were offered by the Chamber; a committee was sent to Jefferson City recently to look into the matter of rock roads for Gentry County.

CHAPTER XVI.

WORLD WAR.

GENTRY COUNTY RESPONDS—TWENTY-NINE GOLD STARS—A LIST OF EX-SERVICE MEN FROM GENTRY COUNTY—NECROLOGY—RED CROSS AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS—BOND SALES.

Gentry County furnished nearly 700 men for military service in the World War. Of this number fully one-third volunteered before the selective draft became effective.

This spontaneous offering for foreign service was due in part to the earnest, inspiring words of President Wilson, but perhaps for the greater part to the innate sense of right and justice which is the inestimable possession of our citizenship. It was due also, in lesser part, to reaction from the intense German propaganda. American youth despise the sneak.

During the years of the war before the entrance of America, German methods had become known and despised by all nations. In our nation where general information is so widely distributed, the impulse to fight is not born of prejudice or of blind hate. It springs from knowledge—from a settled conviction that the fighting ought to be undertaken and produces an intense determination that it shall be fought through to final victory.

It was this intelligence, this conviction and this determination that made the A. E. F. the swiftest and deadliest fighting engine ever assembled. The highly trained, but less intelligent German masses crumbled before it.

Gentry County had her part. Of the millions engaged, the average death rate was two per cent, but Gentry County has four gold stars to the hundred.

The roster of our soldiers is practically complete, as nearly so as it can be given. Likewise the tribute to each of the 29 who gave "the last full measure of devotion" is as nearly accurate as painstaking care can make it.

A permanent and appropriate monument is projected to preserve their hallowed memory.

The following is a list of ex-service men from Gentry County:

Courtney Alexander	Amos S. Burton
Jasper Adams	Eli V. Baxter
John A. Atkins	John E. Bounds
Harry L. Adams	Wm. Edwin Boatright
Jos. Thos. Arnold	Elmo B. Baird
Leslie V. Allen	Samuel Brock
Clarence W. Adams	Orva Ray Barns
Lena Chas. Allenbrand	Geo. L. Babb
Thurman Allen	Fred Berry
Joseph Archer	Vena R. Birbeck
Chas. V. Adams	Wm. Clifford Berry
Emert Akes	Bryant Boulting
Elbert Adams	Jas. C. Bunnell
Wm. E. Arnold	Herbert A. Brown
Wm. L. Asher	James B. Burroughs
Harry Armstrong	Graven Bratcher
Oscar D. Adams	Thos. H. Butt
Ed. Carl Allis	Harley Goss Beets
Roscoe Akes	Arthur Eberts Baber
Thos. Alsbury	Floyd Bagnell
Clinton Allen	Sam. W. Baxter
Olizie Anderson	Geo. D. Bowman
	John H. Bremer
Golda A. Burk	A. S. Bliesh
Leo Ballard	Joe Baird
Cleo A. Baldock	Thos. A. Burton
Orville Baxter	Chas. C. Bishop
Jas. Harold Besinger	Henry W. Beachler
Chas. H. Bechtel	Robert O. Brewer,
Wm. Boley	Jas. Doak Berry
Jas. Walter Boner	Guy Baker
Leroy C. Bush	Chas. M. Bulla
Leonard Burton	P. S. W. Burgin
Marion E. Brant	Dale Brown
Andra Black	Cleo Barber
Rollie Boulting	Clyde Black
Jennings B. Botts	Bert. S. Barber
Arthur C. Bull	Arch Burkhardt

Henry Bell
 Jasper Bryant
 Jas. C. Batson
 Robt. Birbeck
 H. Victor Berry
 G. Cleo Bowser
 Ward Boston
 Chester Burks
 Lloyd Britton
 Walter Bottorf
 Chas. E. Bentely
 Wm. Lewis Bare

Wm. Whitton Crockett
 John Childers, Jr.
 Ray N. Canaday
 Orval Cooper
 Elza Collier
 Theo. Caster
 Oscar E. Cook
 Jas. E. Caster
 Fred Chalders
 Lloyd Cook
 Jos. M. Crouse
 Leslie Caster
 Claude Carter
 Hubbard Cotton
 Floyd Campbell
 Jack Childers
 Wm. E. Colville
 Russell Jay Cameron
 Geo. Chowning
 Jas. Jefferson Clark
 Ira Walter Cook
 Wm. K. Callow
 Otho A. Crawford
 Owen Cousins
 Crawford Curtis
 Jas. M. Chittim
 Dewitt Campbell
 Roy Chapman

Chas. Campbell
 Leonard Cookley
 Herschel Cooper
 Weedson Canaday
 W. H. Carter
 Paul Consoliver
 Clyde Chadwick
 Homer Cure
 Oliver Crockett
 Harold E. Conrad
 Homer Cure
 Chas. A. Cobb
 David D. Cranor
 John D. Cottrill
 Lewis Chittim
 Dan Consoliver
 Lloyd Cox
 C. L. Cummins
 Albert L. Christian
 John H. Carpenter
 John M. Chittim

Orin Denny
 Geo. R. Dye
 Olizie E. David
 Gibbon Durbin
 Carl E. Davis
 Sam. B. Dresback
 O. Burl Duckworth
 Ed. B. Derks
 Roy R. Dunshee
 J. H. Degginger
 Roy Duncan
 Jesse Waynd David
 Roy David
 John Dowie
 Benj. E. Despain
 John S. Dills
 Tracy E. Dale
 Wm. Callie Davidison
 Volley Dorsey

Earle Duncan
 Ottis T. Dills
 Jno. Elvis Dalbey
 Jno. R. Doyle
 Wilbur F. Duncan
 George Duckworth
 Luther DeMoss
 H. G. Dakan
 H. Cliff Doolin
 Chas. Geo. Davis
 Frank M. David

Paul England
 Floyd Evans
 Cleo Evans
 Harry T. Elder
 Emmett Evans
 Delno Eslinger
 Tony T. Elliot
 Ross W. Edmondson
 Thos. Ora Eads
 Jas. C. Edmonds
 Clem Evans
 Leslie Elam
 Frederick Elder
 Lee Etter
 Morris D. Elder
 Paul Elder
 Paul Evans

Thos. B. Freed
 Olen Frizzell
 Jos. E. Farthing
 Clarence Frederick
 Sam F. Fountain
 Levi Fisher
 Geo. Fite
 Cleo J. Flowers
 Clyde C. Fore
 Claude Frans
 J. P. Ferguson

Melvin Floyd
 Otta S. Farthing
 Van J. Faden
 Wm. Tell Freed
 Geo. Ferrell
 Roy Funderburk
 Oda B. Fuller
 Shawnon Fore

Harry Gordon
 Homer Gillespie
 Frank Gordon
 Ed. C. Griffith
 Henry Gall
 Glenn Gilleland
 Solon Groom
 Harvey Gillet
 Jesse Good
 Wade Good
 Paul Gibbany
 A. M. Gannaway
 Morris Green
 Orval Green
 Wm. E. Gladstone
 Leslie Gray
 Howard Gill
 Jos. C. Gilbert
 Norwood Giles
 Rusell Gill
 Elmer Gage
 Walter Griffey
 Lee Gilbert
 Roy E. Good
 Chas. F. George
 Lee M. Graham
 Albert Garmon
 Jesse O. Grace
 Claud Green
 Roy Good
 Albert Guerin
 Geo. Gall

Dale Gray
 Geo. Golder
 Fielding Graham
 Jas. Thos. Gillespie
 Jesse E. Grace
 Jno. Guy Gibson
 Lester C. Gartin
 Robt. E. Giles
 Allen Goodman
 Ivil Giles
 Clyde D. Green
 James Gregory
 Cleo Gregg
 Geo. J. Gladeston
 Geo. Griffey
 Huse Glasco
 John L. Grantham
 Robt. L. Grantham
 Paul Gregory

B. Hyten
 Orval Hall
 Y. W. Harrod
 Phillip Henderson
 Mark A. Hopkins
 Leonard Harrod
 David E. Harden
 Donald Holden
 Wm. Guy Harden
 Oliver Hutchcraft
 Clarence Hughs
 Clinton Houstin
 Daniel Haack
 Pearl Hawthorne
 Bert W. Hill
 Roy L. Hall
 Wm. Hanley
 Edgar M. Hall
 W. W. Heckinlively
 Paul Harvey
 Geo. W. Hall

E. R. Hardwick
 Jno. Howery
 Geo. B. Hartman
 C. F. Heintz
 C. S. Hopper
 Thos. J. Handly
 G. F. Heckinlively
 Leo Moots Henderson
 Claude Hazelwood
 Walter H. Hyatt
 Jno. E. Higginbotham
 Earl Hathaway
 Wm. F. Heaton
 Frank Hamilton
 C. I. Hay
 Luther Hager
 Thos. C. Holden
 Ed. W. Henderson
 Verno Casper Humphery
 Ray Hartman
 Hugh Hinore
 Geo. F. Howell
 Chas. M. Hulet
 Ernest Hardin
 Chas. L. Hulet
 J. M. Harden
 Lester Lee-Hawthorne
 Roy S. Hinkley
 Wm. E. Hulet
 A. Newton Hull

Hobart Ireland

Clyde Jongon
 Clifford E. Jones
 Clifford Jones
 D. F. Jameson
 Roy Jennings
 C. H. Jenkins
 J. A. Johnson
 H. B. Justice

A. F. James
 F. H. Jameson
 Fred James
 Fred Jameson
 S. E. Johnson
 Glenn Jolly
 Roy Newton Jolly
 Stephen Jones
 William Jones
 Clyde Jonagon
 Jas. E. Jennings
 Del Jenkins

James S. Knisley
 Bryon Knisley
 Fred E. Kemp
 Harry Kelley
 Eldon Kingsborough
 Clyde Kinman
 Geo. Kingsborough
 Ferris Keyes
 Wm. F. Kier
 G. B. Kosman
 Roy J. Kirk
 Robert Kier
 Owen Kurtright
 Walter L. Kier
 Benj. Kyger
 Fitzburgh Kerfoot
 B. Joe. Kelly
 Henry Kirk

Ray B. Lykins
 Harry S. Lupfer
 Lykins Elmer
 Ralph Leonard
 L. E. Lewis
 Fred Lynch
 Wm. R. Lovall
 A. G. Lewis
 T. Earl Longstreth

J. F. Lajoie
 Milton Levy
 Emery Lykins
 Paul Liggett
 Lowell Lawrence Livergood
 Delno Lawter
 Forrest Larmer
 Leon Lane
 A. M. Leonard
 Sam. E. Logsdon
 W. J. Lainhart
 Reece Liggett
 Albert Lynch
 Robt. E. Lee
 Hallie Leith
 Chas. O. Lane
 Elmer Lane
 Wm. C. Lane
 James Lemaster
 Chas. A. Lindley
 Sam. M. Levy
 Chas. L. Lawrence
 Harold Lamb
 Edward Lindsay

Jacob Miller
 Geo. Murray
 Porter Mothersead
 Jno. Milstead
 C. R. Miller
 Benj. Martin
 G. A. Manring
 E. H. Morrison
 L. E. Miles
 Jas. R. Mullholland
 J. W. Mendenhall
 A. Madera
 W. E. Mitchell
 Robt. H. Malson
 Robt. B. Martin
 Fred L. Miller

Merritt Miller
 C. R. Miller
 Jno. W. Matney
 Otsa Misemer
 L. S. Myers
 Alva Martin
 Jno. Miller
 J. D. Miller
 W. R. Millan
 Robt. Miller
 Herschel G. Myrick
 Arch J. Murphy
 Roy E. Malson
 Wade Moody
 Jay Walter Malson
 Wm. O. Myers
 Leon Mayer
 Carl V. Miles
 Fred Meyers
 Ray E. Murphy
 Raymond Malson
 Alva Moberly
 Raymond Martin
 Evert G. Morrison
 Adolph Mayer
 Ray S. Moran
 Malcolm Moody

 Otto McDaniel
 Chas. McCarty
 Wm. H. McCarty
 Chas. R. McCarty
 Melvin McGinley
 Rob't McVey
 Reuben McCampbell
 Emery McCampbell
 Chas. McConkey
 Clyde McMillen
 Sam McDowell
 Alfred McVay
 Wm. Glenn McQuire

W. E. McCampbell
 Jas. Edgar McCary
 Earl McNesse
 Clifford McElvain
 Ray McQuire
 Chas. R. McDaniel
 Jas. McConkey

 Buford Newman
 H. E. Newcomer
 Walter Neidig
 Orville F. Norton
 Roy Noonan
 Charles Newell
 Chas. E. Needles
 Geo. Norris
 Ed. G. Neal
 Emmett Roy Noble
 Jno. Newman

 Wm. O'Neal
 Jos. Oshel
 Jno. P. Osborn
 Walter E. Osborn
 Jno. Joseph O'Malley
 Gartha R. Osborn
 O. A. O'Bannion

 Erna G. Peery
 Jno. Jopplewell
 Benj. Prior
 O. C. Parker
 Otto Patterson
 Clarence Poe
 Thos. Patton
 John M. Pennebaker
 Orville S. Parman
 Rufus Peery
 Herschel Price
 Roy E. Peasley
 Bud O. Phinney

Marvin Price
 Wm. Pittsenbarger
 James L. Pierce
 James Park
 Jas. Harvy Pence
 Jno. Piper
 Jas. Pierce
 Wm. Patee
 Benj. L. Peery
 Walter Patton
 Willard Persinger
 Virgil Patton
 Lorin W. Price
 Kern C. Pike
 James Mike Price
 Estell Pulisfer
 Lloyd Patton
 Clarence Peery
 Thos. Peery
 Homer Phillipps

Jno. F. Quigley
 Edgar F. Quigley
 Walter Quigley

F. S. Rodgers
 V. C. Rogers
 T. W. Rigney
 Wm. Robinson
 T. Rainey
 H. L. Ross
 Jno. A. Rigney
 Wayne Rainey
 Orville N. Rust
 Melvin Ruch
 Homer Robertson
 V. H. Rigney
 Homer Rouse
 James Rader
 Lewis F. Ray
 Oscar F. Riley

Cecil Rice
 Wm. E. Ripley
 Silvan Reed
 Woodson Rhodes
 Orville Ragland
 F. Rowlett
 O. Royston
 Chas. Runyan
 W. H. Royston
 Grant Ross
 Herbert Dwithe Reams
 Brady Ross
 Clifford Rucker
 D. W. Ragland
 J. E. Rucker
 Shelton L. Rose
 Norest Riley
 Roscoe Rice
 Thos. Robison
 Henry Ross
 Marion C. Roark
 Clifford Ross
 Sheldon Rose
 Graver C. Rogers
 W. R. Rudkin
 Roy M. Riche
 L. Marion Rose
 H. Royston
 Cecil Royston
 I. Robertson
 Clif. Rucker
 Myron Rybolt
 Ollie Redmond
 Jerry Royston
 Jas. Caster
 Harvey Romesburg
 L. P. Richmond
 R. F. Runyan

 R. B. Scott
 Paul Stokes

Leonard Stam	Jack Stapleton
Jas. Lowery Smith	Guy O. Smith
Jno. R. Smith	Gartha E. Smith
Wm. L. Stokes	Sanford G. Schilder
Chas. G. Sharp	John B. Scott
Harry Sampson	R. I. Sharp
Wm. G. Stevenson	Wm. H. Siddens
Lloyd Marion Summa	Orby Searcy
Evert Salsman	W. B. Sampson
Geo. V. Smith	Fielding Stapleton
Orvey Smith	Albert Steinman
Fred C. Sharp	
Chas. E. Stam	L. E. Turner
W. Stephenson	Luther Taylor
J. L. Scarborough	Wm. H. Terry
Olin Steiman	E. L. Toombs
A. R. Sill	C. L. Turner
L. S. Storer	Jno. G. Twist
G. S. Shanabarger	Bessell H. Trailkill
R. M. Sinks	Benj. R. Treasure
G. A. Sealey	Jno. C. Townsend
A. C. Stegman	Arthur Tibbetts
Altice Searcy	Newton Rolla Tunks
Curtis Shelby	Wm. M. Todd
Russell H. Stegman	Claude Tennant
W. M. Smith	Claude Tunnell
Jas. V. Seals	Arelious Taff
A. K. Smith, Jr.	P. E. Turner
G. V. Smith	John Tatum
Lester H. Smith	E. Lee Tipton
Geo. Spiking	Chas. B. Tresaure
Clyde E. Shearer	Cecil P. Townsend
Jas. W. Stephens	Ray Trapp
Reece Homer Smith	Wm. Thompson
Boyd Smith	Ira O. Taylor
Wm. Lloyd Smith	
Lee Smith	John F. Uhlig
Raymond Sager	
Homer Ray Summa	Geo. Vaughn
Walter K. Smith	Arlis B. Vogt
Charles A. Shrike	Carl Vanhoozier

Frank D. Veal	Peery Wright
Frank Woods	E. A. Wood
Fred Willett	Errett Williams
Jasper Weese	J. F. Wilson
William Willis	Orval Ward
Harry Whitmore	C. G. Woolen
Wm. R. Williams	E. E. Wilson
Andrew Weese	F. S. Whited
Belden Wilson	Geo. E. Wooding
W. C. Wright	L. E. Weaver
Leander Weese	Cecil Wilson
Barney Weese	Thos. H. Walker
Manuel Wheeler	Lloyd L. Welck
Chas. A. Waldo	Shattuck Wilson
A. K. Wilson	Arthur E. Walker
Orville Wright	Wm. H. Wall
S. Jno. Wagers	Wm. Dale Wayman
Paul B. Wilson	Alva Yarrington
Gordon A. Ward	J. E. Yarnell
Max W. Williams	Miles Yount
Ernest R. Walker	Edgar Yount
Glenn D. Washburn	Raymond Yeater
Earl Walker	Claude Young
Enisley J. Wyatt	Frank Zentz
Garvin Whitley	Sam Zumwalt
Ottie Wall	Clif. Zumwalt
Ralph Weaver	
Arthur Ward	

Necrology.

The following is a list of men from Gentry County, who died in the service during the World War:

Elbert Lewis Adams	Donald F. Holden
Harwood Canaday	Wm. Earl Hulet
Jesse Wayne David	Harry T. Elder
Ray David (Nodaway Co.)	David Ed. Hardin
Frank Wilbur Duncan	William Hutchcraft
Roy P. Duncan	B. Hyten
Roy P. Duncan	Harold Lamb
John Dowie	Hallie Leith
Claude Frans	James LeMaster

Porter Mothershead
 John Joseph O'Malley
 James R. Park
 James Rader
 Homer Rouse
 Clarence D. Tunnell
 Guy Oren Smith

Raymond Sager
 Clifford Zumwalt
 Edward T. Lindsay
 Cecil A. Rice
 John Matney
 John Gyer

Red Cross and Other Societies in the World War—The response of any people to patriotic demands in time of war is a good standard by which to measure their true worth. The World War called for three things: Men, money and relief work.

Volunteer relief work began with the war. The W. C. T. U. waited for no call except the needs of the soldiers. So with many smaller societies. They went at once to the work of relief. Almost every community had examples of this activity. All over the county people wanted to help.

The call for a Y. M. C. A. drive to raise \$5,000.00 for war work was apportioned out to the various subdivisions of the county and was quickly over-subscribed. The response came promptly from all parts of the county.

When all these activities were merged, and placed officially in charge of the Red Cross. The scope of the work was not at once understood. It took some time to realize the need of complete organization and proper co-ordination.

With Victor Twist as president, Rep. J. W. Mays, secretary and Mrs. Mary O'Mally at the head of the Woman's Department, the Red Cross soon came into fullest efficiency. Co-operation became universal. Thirteen branches were scattered over the county. The membership rose to 5,000. Almost every citizen, man or woman, offered something—wanted a part.

As well as money, many men and women devoted all possible spare time to some form of relief work. Albany held a sale with proceeds of \$3,000.00. King City's sale produced \$4,000.00. Some \$10,000 were turned into the general treasury.

There follows a list of Red Cross branches in Gentry County: Albany branches, Stanberry, King City, McFall, Darlington, Lone Star, Siloam, Gentryville, Gentry, Willow Row, Pleasant Valley, Huggins and Ford City.

The following is a list of articles shipped: Hospital bed shirts, 3,347; wash cloths, 1,201; handkerchiefs, 1,499; sweaters, 1,217; bandages, 9,843; helmets, 246; wristlets, 461; gun wipes, 111,765; socks,

2,336; pajamas, 1,532; napkins, 656; gauze compresses, 19,843; under garments, 1,479; miscellaneous, 901.

Such volume and variety of results, spread over the county, required a vast amount of supervision in almost endless detail. This part of the work was in addition to money given or garments made. It was cheerfully volunteered and faithfully carried through—an abiding testimony to the unflinching spirit of sympathy and effective helpfulness so general throughout the whole of the county.

When the war closed and its immediate consequences had been arranged for, Gentry County citizens did not suffer the Red Cross work to lapse. With G. M. Peery, as chairman of the County Chapter and Miss Elma Hundley as secretary, the work of the Red Cross has been made permanent.

Miss Gladys Blume, R. N., has been engaged as Public Health Nurse and is now in her third year, salary and expenses are paid by the Red Cross organization.

Miss Blume's position is thus defined: The Gentry County Chapter of American Red Cross has secured the services of a Red Cross Public Health Nurse.

Duties—(1) To give skilled nursing care through short visits to the patient. (2) Actual demonstrations at the bedside. (3) Instruction in the care of the patient and in those laws of hygiene necessary to the protection of the family and community. (4) Visiting and examining school children. (5) Teaching classes in "Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick."

The nurse does not stay in the home of the patient, but spends one or two hours a day in the home, giving whatever care may be indicated or whatever treatment may have been ordered by the doctor and teaching the family how to care for the patient until her next visit. She always works under the direction of a physician.

In general the organization throughout the county is a continuation from the war period. The interest continues. In two of the southwest district conventions Gentry County has had the largest delegation in attendance from any county, except the county in which St. Joseph is located.

The work is largely among the children of the graded schools, and makes for better citizens. And the county is earnest in its support.

The efficient work which has been done by Gentry Red Cross Chapter the past year has attracted the attention of the officers of the Southwest Division, at St. Louis, as well as of those at eastern headquarters, and as a result this county has been given the distinction of being made

one of two counties in Missouri for the demonstration of Junior Red Cross work.

Bond Sales—The banks of the county cheerfully undertook the placing of United States securities. They responded to every call, and during the war period an aggregate of about \$2,000,000 was sold in the county. The people met the various calls with a commendable spirit of determination to see things through in matters financial.

To this should be added the many thousands in small items handled by the post-offices. The total number of contributors cannot be known, but the response was very general, and in many cases, generous beyond the means of small investors, who, once the war was over, they were compelled to part with their stamps and small bonds at a heavy discount, but to their lasting honor let it be said that when the need was greatest, they more than did their share.

CHAPTER XVII.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTY COURT JUDGES—PROBATE JUDGES—CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT—CLERKS OF COUNTY COURTS—CIRCUIT AND COUNTY ATTORNEYS—SHERIFFS—COLLECTORS—ASSESSORS—TREASURERS—JUDGES OF THE CIRCUIT COURT—REPRESENTATIVES—COUNTY SURVEYORS—SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS—CORONERS—PUBLIC ADMINISTRATORS.

County Court Judges.

Michael Maltsberger, William Steel, Samuel Collins, appointed in 1845.

Michael Maltsberger, John C. Williams, William A. Childers, elected for four years.

In 1849 Joseph Hawkins was appointed by the governor to fill vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Michael Maltsberger.

Joseph Hawkins, Phillip Messimer, P. R. Cadle, elected in 1850.

James M. Howell, Peter Price, Adam Black, elected in 1854.

By virtue of an act of the legislature of 1854 and 1855 three justices of the county court were required to be elected at the general election in 1856, one to hold the office for six years, one for four years and the other for two years, at which election Enoch Liggett, Robert Boggs and J. G. Wright were elected, in 1856.

In 1860 Enoch Liggett, Robert Boggs and J. G. Wright composed the county court.

Enoch Liggett, Jesse Gay and Jacob Jones, in 1862.

Enoch Liggett, Jacob Jones and George W. Needels, in 1864.

George W. Needels, Jacob Jones, John J. Ross, in 1866.

J. T. Brown, John Huggins, Charles Lowery, in 1868.

John Huggins, Thomas J. Brown, John Hall, in 1870.

Thomas J. Brown, John Hall, John P. Lilley, in 1872.

John Hall, John P. Lilley, Elisha Cameron, in 1874.

Dimmon Dorsey was elected, but died before entering upon the duties of the office, and Cameron was appointed to fill the vacancy.

Logan Peery, John P. Lilley, Jacob Kessler, in 1876.
Samuel Jordan, R. H. Davidson, Albert J. Clark, in 1878.
Thomas J. Stockton, James H. Campbell, Samuel Jordan, in 1880.
Thomas J. Stockton, J. H. Campbell, J. E. McGuire, in 1883.
K. McKenney, J. H. Mitchell, E. M. McLeod, in 1885.
K. McKenney, E. O'Malley, L. C. Norman, in 1887.
F. C. Norman, A. N. Vance, Ambrose Jennings, in 1893.
A. L. Garrett, H. R. Jameson, Wm. M. Pryor, in 1895.
W. F. Conley, H. R. Jameson, Wm. M. Pryor, in 1897.
W. F. Conley, A. C. Gartin, F. J. Howell, in 1899.
W. F. Conley, A. C. Gartin, J. S. Hazen, in 1901.
Eli Robertson, T. T. Pratt, John Madera, in 1903.
Eli Robertson, T. N. Rigney, George Rose, in 1907.
Eli Robertson, T. N. Rigney, B. M. Ross, in 1909.
B. M. Ross, J. M. Parnam, J. S. Hazen, in 1911.
B. M. Ross, J. M. Parnam, S. H. Dresbach, in 1913.
T. N. Rigney, D. L. Bratcher, S. H. Drisbach, in 1915.
T. N. Rigney, D. L. Bratcher, Geo. W. Rose, in 1917.
T. N. Rigney, Orville Brown, Geo. W. Rose, in 1919.
T. N. Rigney, Orville Brown, Lester Hawthorne, in 1921.

Probate Judges.

George W. Lewis, elected in 1849, and in 1855, re-elected for the term of six years.

James M. Howell, elected in August, 1861, for six years, but afterwards resigned, and Charles G. Comstock was appointed to fill the vacancy in May, 1862.

H. M. Rice, elected in November, 1862, who held the office until June, 1866, when he resigned, and Isaac P. Caldwell was appointed to fill the vacancy.

Calvin B. Hinkley, elected in November, 1868.

Caleb S. Canaday, elected in November, 1872.

Joseph B. Kingsborough, elected in November, 1876.

William G. Williams elected in 1880.

W. B. Mastin elected in 1883.

J. W. Sullinger, elected in 1885.

Jasper Cox, elected in 1895.

J. T. S. De Bord, elected in 1903.

J. A. Judd, elected in 1907.

G. P. Adams, elected in 1915.

Clerks of the Circuit Court.

Elijah P. Powell; Robert E. Dougherty; James O. George; A. G. Whitton; Charles G. Comstock; James West; Archibald B. Ross; Joshua B. Thomas; J. B. Thomas, 1882; J. S. Williams, 1893; D. S. Flowers, 1895; H. J. Peery, 1903; J. S. Hawthorn, 1911; Ed E. Birge, 1915 to present time.

Clerks of the County Court.

George W. Birch; Calvin B. Hartwell, appointed to fill vacancy; A. G. Whitton; James R. Cunningham; William B. Castor; Bart H. Watkins; John T. Daniel; William B. Whitley; G. T. Patton, 1883; J. F. Wood, 1893; R. B. Coffey, 1895-97; C. M. McNeese, 1899-1903; Wm. E. Teel, 1907-13; C. H. Mothershead, 1915-21.

Circuit and County Attorneys.

Isaac N. Jones; Lawrence Archer; James Craig; Jonathan M. Bassett; William G. Lewis, two terms; Thomas H. Collins; B. K. Davies; Thomas Collins.

The legislature at its session of 1870-1871 abolished the office of circuit attorney and substituted in its place the office of prosecuting attorney of each county.

Charles H. Goodman was the first elected under the present law and held the office two terms. Joseph L. McCullough was elected in 1876 and served two terms. Ebenezer H. Wood, George W. Lewis, William M. Albin, Charles G. Comstock, Isaac P. Caldwell, Charles O. Patton and Wallace Hubbard; J. W. Witten, 1883; J. H. McCarty, 1885; S. H. Benson, 1887; Wm. F. Dalby, 1893; J. A. Showen, 1897; S. H. Benson, 1901; C. E. Gibboney, 1907; J. B. Wayman, 1909; E. C. Lockwood, 1913; D. D. Reeves, 1915; F. J. McCaslin, 1917; C. E. Ernst, 1919, to the present time.

Sheriffs.

James M. Howell; Elisha Cameron; George W. Birch; Thomas Kier; William B. Shoemaker; H. M. Rice; Frank Barkley; James B. Scott; Elisha Cameron; Henton Gibbany; James H. Gillispie; John Thompson, 1883; Wm. S. Jennings, 1885; Joseph A. Ross, 1887; B. B. Harrison, 1889; J. A. Ross, 1893; G. W. Reed, 1895; P. H. Buckley, 1899; J. T. Jennings, 1903; W. G. Carmack, 1907; J. A. Ross, 1913; C. C. Fee, 1917; Dale Brown, 1921.

Collectors.

Robert M. Cammon, 1872, re-elected in 1874; Francis M. Setzer, 1876, re-elected in 1878, and also in 1880; J. F. Liggett, 1882; H. M.

Wayman; M. O. Mothershead; Hugh Stevenson; M. O. Mothershead, 1893; T. W. Kelley, 1895; D. W. Barrett, 1897; I. G. Patton, 1901. Office merged.

Assessors of County.

John Huggins, Levi Yates, James A. Crawford, A. Garard, Joseph B. Kingsborough, James B. Scott, L. G. Jenkins, E. B. Crissey, Clinton B. Hash, T. Y. Grantham and Charles D. Blodgett; W. M. Harris; Ed. E. Ennis; M. O. Mothershead; J. D. Pelly, 1893; L. P. James, 1895; Wm. N. Bently, 1901. Office merged.

Treasurers of County.

John B. Hundley, William G. Williams, James C. Carter, Mordecai M. Embree, James W. Owen, Logan H. Peery, Harvey M. Cranor, Charles Embree, and C. B. Harris; R. W. Crockett; D. F. Robertson; Hiram De Priest, 1893; T. S. Gillespie, 1895; Alex Owings, 1899; J. T. Brooks, 1903; J. S. Clark, 1907; F. E. Blue, 1913; Orville Parman, 1921.

Judges of the Circuit Court.

Solomon L. Leonard; W. B. Almond; Elijah H. Norton; James McFerrer; William Herne; Jonas P. Clark; Isaac C. Parker; Bennett Pike; Samuel A. Richardson; John C. Howell; C. H. S. Goodman, 1882; Cyrus A. Anthony, 1893; Gallatin Craig, 1899; William C. Ellison, 1907; John M. Dawson, 1917.

Members House of Representatives.

William G. Williams, 1846; Richard Roberts, 1848; Joab Neal, 1850; Daniel Conway, 1852; Nathaniel Mothersead, 1854; William M. Albin, 1856; James R. Conway, 1858; Reuben Shultz, 1860; James R. Conway, 1862; David Cranor, 1864; Hudson M. Rice, 1866; Charles C. Byrne, 1868; Phillip M. Adams, 1870; Enoch Liggett, 1872; James L. McCullough, 1874; David C. Ganaway, 1876; Thomas A. McKinney, A. B. Ross, 1880; Anderson C. Smith, 1883; Frank A. Weimar, 1885; John T. Liggett, 1889; Oliver P. Russ, 1891; Edwin E. Ennis, 1893; James W. Sullinger, 1895; David F. Fitzgerald, 1897; Henry P. Tandy, 1901; Samuel T. Earixson, 1903; John A. Dale, 1907; John H. Burgin, 1911; J. W. McKnight, 1913; Drank Jones, 1917; W. S. Hardin, 1921.

County Surveyors.

John Plasters; Thomas Keith; James L. Plasters; A. Garard; Pierpont H. B. Moulton; Fred N. Henton; George T. Kenyon; G. Butler; S. G. Clark, 1893-1901; W. A. Hunton, 1901-1909; J. B. H. Ray, 1915; C. N. Dewin, 1921 to present time.

School Superintendents.

John H. Whedbee, 1857; David McGaughey, 1860-'62; W. B. Castor, 1864; N. Thomas Rogers, 1866; John B. Twist, 1868-'72; L. C. Taylor, 1873; W. B. Whitely, 1875-'77; John H. Sampson, appointed 1878; George Pomeroy, 1879-'80; C. B. Hinkley, 1881-'83; J. H. Markley, 1897; W. D. Crosswhite, 1899; G. L. Gray, 1909; C. H. Allen, 1911; Egbert Jennings, 1915; Gretchen Jennings, 1917; E. C. Duncan, 1919, to present time.

Coroner.

C. B. Hinkley; J. S. Hathaway; L. H. Peery; J. L. McCullough; R. P. Duncan; T. A. Daugherty; L. E. Miller; L. H. Peery; R. P. Duncan, 1893; T. A. Daugherty, 1895; L. E. Miller, 1897; J. D. Halstead, 1899; L. H. Peery, 1901; T. E. Graham, 1903; J. N. Barger, 1907 to 1915; A. M. Ganaway, 1917; G. W. Whitley, 1919; S. O. Harding, 1921.

Public Administrator.

R. L. Whaley; Horace Peery; Wallace Hubbard, 1884 to 1903; C. H. S. Goodman, 1907 to 1911; W. H. Haas, 1913 to 1915; R. M. McCammon, 1918, to present time.

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Yours Sincerely,
Joshua W. Alexander

PART III.

Biographical.

Hon Joshua W. Alexander, attorney at Gallatin, Daviess County, has had the honor of distinctive public service for his community and for the state during a period of 46 years. His long period of public life has covered the epoch making years of America public policies. Admitted to the bar in Missouri, in 1875, he began practicing in Gallatin, and he next year was elected public administrator of Daviess County. This position he held with credit until 1882. That year he became a member of the Gallatin Board of Education, serving first as the president, and later as the secretary. He remained on the board for 21 years, and his high ideals of the duty of the state in relation to the educational facilities for its future citizens have been instrumental in molding the public school policies of Gallatin.

In 1882, Mr. Alexander was elected to the office of representative of Daviess County, and served in the Missouri General Assembly through some eventful years. He was the chairman of the committee on appropriations in the 33rd General Assembly, and was a leader in the enactment of legislation enforcing the provisions of the constitution of 1875 to correct abuses and prevent unjust discrimination and extortion in the rates of freight and passenger tariffs, and establishing reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight on the railroads in the state.

For two successive terms, Judge Alexander served as the mayor of Gallatin. In 1894 he was appointed a member of the Board of Managers of the Missouri State Hospital No. 2 at St. Joseph by Gov. W. J. Stone, and served for a number of years. In the meantime he had continued his practice of law with increasing success, and because of his well established ability, in January, 1901, he was appointed by Gov. L. V. Stephens, judge of the 7th Judicial Circuit to fill out the unexpired term of Judge E. J. Broaddus, who had been elected judge of the Kansas City Court of Appeals in November, 1900. In 1904 Judge Alexander was reelected judge for a term of six years, but in 1906, without being a candidate, he was nominated as representative in the Congress of the U. S. from the Third Congressional District, and the following November he was elected to that office. In February 1907 he resigned from the bench to assume his new duties in

Washington, and he continued in active service there during the 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, and 66th Congress up to Dec. 15, 1919.

Judge Alexander's services to the nation have been well known. He was the chairman of the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries in the 62nd, 63rd, 64th, and 65th, Congresses. One of the important pieces of work done after the Democrats gained control of the House in the 62nd Congress conducted by Judge Alexander was the "Investigation of the Shipping Combinations" under House Resolution No. 587. His work in connection with that investigation, his report to the House and the bills introduced by him to carry out the recommendations of the committee, are among his greatest achievements during the period of his congressional service. Following the sinking of the steamship, Titanic, in April, 1912, Judge Alexander introduced the joint resolution, which became a law in June, 1912, authorizing the President of the United States to call or participate in an international conference on the subject of Greater Safety of Life at Sea. The Conference was called by Great Britain, and President Wilson appointed Judge Alexander the Chairman of the United States Commissioners to this conference which met in London from Nov. 12, 1913 to Jan. 20, 1914. Participating in the conference were 14 nations, besides Canada, Australia and New Zealand. All the great maritime nations were represented in the conference. The Convention upon which the Conference agreed, was ratified by the United States Senate, and Judge Alexander was personally congratulated by President Wilson for the distinguished service which he had rendered the United States government in the Conference.

Judge Alexander's ability and his intense desire to accomplish the things which he felt were essential to the prosperity and welfare of the government, kept him active in Congress. In, 1914, shortly after the World War began he introduced into Congress the Bill creating the War Risk Insurance Bureau in the Treasury Department. The aim of this legislation was to insure merchant vessels, their freight money and cargoes against war risks. The bill became a law in August, 1914. Later and to meet conditions as they arose during the war, Judge Alexander introduced bills, which became laws, extending the Act Creating the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, to protect the officers and seamen on U.S. Merchant vessels, against the risks of navigation in the war zone. He is also author of what is known as the Shipping Act of 1916; this Act created the United States Shipping Board and under its provisions the United States Emergency Fleet Corporation was incorporated, and both organizations rendered great service in building up our merchant marine to meet the imperative needs of the World War, as well as to meet the requirements of our foreign commerce in the time of peace.

In September, 1917, Judge Alexander introduced the bill further amending the Act creating the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, which became a law Oct. 6, 1917, known as the Soldiers and Sailors Insurance Act; all of these bills were war measures, and were put through Congress with expedition, and were some of the many accomplishments of the Wilson Administration.

Judge Alexander took a prominent part in framing the Radio Act of 1912, and in all legislation enacted by the Congress regulating wireless communication, and requiring vessels carrying passengers to be equipped with wireless apparatus.

On Dec. 15, 1919, Judge Alexander's loyal arduous, and able service to the Country and the Administration was rewarded by his appointment to a seat in the Cabinet of President Woodrow Wilson, as Secretary of Commerce, succeeding Hon. William C. Redfield of New York. He served in the Cabinet of President Wilson until March 4, 1921, going out of office with the Wilson Administration. The great honor of a seat in President Wilson's Cabinet came to Judge Alexander unsought on his part, but met with universal approval.

Judge Alexander always refers to his service in Congress as representative of the Third Congressional District with great satisfaction. He had a fine constituency and did his utmost to reward their loyalty to him by efficient service.

The above brief review of Judge Alexander's service to his community, his state and his country, is only a brief summary of the labors of a man of great ability, high ideals and eminent fitness for public service, and of the power he possessed to carry to a successful consummation the policies and ideals in which he believed. But back of Judge Alexander lies several generations of fine family stock. The Alexanders are Scotch-Irish ancestry; and during the days of the American Revolution, they emigrated to America and settled in a rugged section of Southwestern Pa. They were Presbyterians in religious faith. Both of Judge Alexander's paternal grandparents were born and reared in Washington County, Pa. They were married in that county in 1796 and soon thereafter moved to Mercer County, Pa., where they were among the very first settlers; there they improved a farm and, there the Alexanders early became identified with all the stirring events and romance of early pioneer life in western Pennsylvania.

Thomas W. Alexander, father of Judge Alexander, was born and reared on a farm in Mercer County, Pa., and later learned the carpenter's trade at which he worked in Pittsburg and later in Cincinnati, Ohio. He married Jane Robinson in the latter city. She was a woman of fine intellect and esteemed for her many womanly virtues. She was born in England and

was brought to the United States in her infancy. The only child born to this union was Joshua W., the subject of this sketch. He was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, Jan. 22, 1852. Four years later his father went to Minnesota because of ill health. There he was joined the following year by his wife and little son. Thomas W. Alexander died in Minnesota, Oct. 12, 1859, and the following spring his widow and son came to Canton, Mo., to live, but soon returned to Cincinnati, Ohio, where Judge Alexander spent three years in the public schools, and in 1863 he and his mother returned to Canton, Mo. After his graduation from the public school in Canton, Judge Alexander entered Christian University there in 1868. He graduated from the university with a degree of A. B. in 1872. In June of the next year he came to Gallatin, to visit three former classmates, W. N., James A. and George W. Richardson, sons of Judge Samuel A. Richardson. Judge Alexander was then 21 years old and had planned to study law and fit himself for the legal profession. He planned to go to California and after teaching school for a time to fit himself for the law. But Judge Richardson prevailed upon him to remain in Gallatin and study law in the latter's office. The families later became more intimately connected through the marriage of Judge Alexander to a daughter of Judge Richardson. From the time of his admission to the bar in 1875 Judge Alexander's success was assured, and his career has amply proven the keen foresight of Judge Richardson, when he insisted upon the young, untried but promising man remaining in the state, which he has served so faithfully. In February, 1876, Judge Alexander was married to Roe Ann Richardson, daughter of Judge Samuel A. Richardson. Mrs. Alexander is an ideal wife and mother, and has discharged all the duties of her station in life with good taste, rare tact and judgment. Judge and Mrs. Alexander are the parents of 12 children, four of whom died in infancy; of the others, Samuel T. the oldest son, was educated in the public schools of Gallatin and the University of Missouri, and for several years was grain inspector at St. Louis under the State Railroad and Warehouse Commission, resigned and engaged in business at Columbia, Mo., from which he was later compelled to retire on account of a sudden breakdown in health, and died Dec. 24, 1915. He married Miss Eulalie Campbell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Campbell of Columbia, and is survived by his wife and two sons; a daughter, Julia Jane, educated in the public school of Gallatin and at Grand River College in that city. She is now a widow, her husband Dr. N. R. Jenner one of the leading physicians of Washington, D. C., having died April 14, 1921; Francis, who was educated in the public school at Gallatin, and at Grand River College, and a student for three and one half years in the St. Louis School of Fine Art, is the wife of Arthur G. Ficklin one of the leading farmers of Gentry

County; George Forrest, graduate of High School of Gallatin and of the State University of Missouri in 1904, with the degree of L. D., removed to Portland, Ore., in 1912, engaged in the practice of law, appointed United States Marshall for the state of Oregon in September, 1917, serving until Oct. 1, 1921, when he resumed the practice of law at Portland, Ore. He is married, his wife (Nee Lola Mae Surface) and four children, two sons and two daughters grace his home; Rowena attended the public schools at Gallatin and William Wood College at Fulton, Mo., makes her home with her parents; Preston Carter, graduated from both academic and law departments of the University of Missouri, practiced law for a time with his brother George F., in Portland, Ore., later returned to Missouri and on July 23, 1918, after our entry into the World War, enlisted in the U. S. Army and was assigned to 9th Co. 164th Dept. Brigade July 25, and transferred to Field Hospital Company No. 238 (Sanitary Train) August 5, 1918, was discharged from service Jan. 23, 1919, and is now serving in the office of the Solicitor of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C.; Walter Richardson, a brief sketch of whose life appears later; and Lawrence Woodward, graduated from the Gallatin High School, entered the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., in 1918 as a Midshipman, resigned in September, 1919, after the World War, and entered the University of Missouri. During the greater part of the seasons of 1920 and 1921 he served as deck officer on vessels of the United States engaged in the coast survey off the coasts of Florida and Alaska.

Walter Richardson Alexander was educated in the Public School at Gallatin, was a student in the University of Missouri for two years and completed his academic and law courses at George Washington University, Washington, D. C., and was admitted to the bar in the latter city. He served as Secretary of the United States Commissioners to the International Conference on Safety of Life at Sea at London, England in 1913 and 1914. In February, 1917 he entered the legal department of the United States Shipping Board and was serving in that capacity February 1, 1918 when he enlisted in the U. S. Army Aviation Corps in the World War. He was called into active service June 1, 1918, and went immediately into active training and qualified as an observer with the rank of second lieutenant. On Feb. 1, 1919, he was transferred to the reserve, with the rank of second lieutenant Aviation Section Signal Reserve Corps, U. S. Army, and ten days later resumed his position with the U. S. Shipping Board. On December 21, 1920, while preparing to make a flight in an army airplane at Bolling Field, Anacostia, D. C., Lieutenant Alexander was struck on the head by the propellar of the machine and killed instantly. He was accounted one of the brilliant young men in his profession and had entered

upon a useful career, and met tragic death in the line of duty. The Secretary of War and the U. S. Shipping Board presented Judge Alexander with testimonials of the fine character and services rendered by their son.

Judge Alexander has been an active member of the Christian church from his youth. In June, 1917, his alma mater, Christian University, conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts in recognition of his public services. In the annals of Missouri the name of Judge Alexander will live as representing the finest, highest type of citizen the state has produced. It is with more than ordinary pride that the state points to such men. Such a life and service to state and nation should be an inspiration to the youth of our land, and proves what may be achieved by devotion to a laudable ambition to make for oneself a name worthy to be remembered.

Homer Feurt, the efficient and well known president of the Farmers Exchange Bank at Gallatin, has filled all of the offices from bookkeeper to president in the bank, and hence is thoroughly conversant with every detail of the business of the institution. For this reason he is one of the most valuable officers, as well as one of the most competent financiers of the county.

Homer Feurt was born on Nov. 1, 1876, at Jameson, the son of T. A. and Mary E. (Prewett) Feurt, to whom three children were born: Ora, the wife of N. R. Barnett, living near Gallatin; Cort, a farmer near Jameson; and Homer, the subject of this review. T. A. Feurt and his wife now live on a farm near Jameson.

Homer Feurt was reared on a farm, and attended the rural schools in his boyhood. Later he was a student in Grand River College, and in 1899 became engaged in work in the Farmers Exchange Bank at Gallatin. He worked in the bank before and after school hours, and was steadily promoted, until he reached his present position to which he was elected in February, 1915. Mr. Feurt has land holdings of 280 acres, most of which is in Daviess County, and the remainder in Colorado.

On June 3, 1909, Mr. Feurt was married to Numa F. Netherton, who was born near Bancroft, the daughter of Moses G. and Almira C. (Brown) Netherton. Mr. and Mrs. Netherton were both born in Daviess County, and are both now dead. Mr. and Mrs. Feurt have three children: Thomas N., Robert G., and Frances C.

Mr. Feurt is a Democrat, and is identified with the Christian Church in which he is a deacon. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodge. In 1918, Mr. Feurt was elected to the office of mayor of Gallatin, and served with distinction for two years. He has been a member of the Board of Education of Gallatin for six years, and is now the vice president of that body. Mr. Feurt

is a man of keen and alert intellect, a broad and intense understanding of financial affairs, and possessing a high degree of civic pride. He is an asset to his community.

Dr. R. V. Thompson, well known business man of Daviess County and the efficient cashier of the Farmers Exchange Bank at Gallatin, is a native of New York, where he was born, Feb. 27, 1864, the son of Richard and Hester (Booth) Thompson. His father was of English parentage, and spent all of his life in New York, where he was a miller by trade, and where he died in 1868. Mrs. Thompson, a native of New York, brought her family of ten children to Livingston County, after the death of her husband. She bought a small tract of unimproved land, which was later improved by her children, and on this farm she spent the remainder of her life. She died in 1898.

R. V. Thompson, the ninth child born to his parents, attended the schools of Livingston County, and later was a student in the old Avalon College at Avalon, an educational institution under the management of the United Brethern Church. This college was later moved to Trenton, about 1891. Dr. Thompson began the study of medicine under the tutelage of Dr. T. W. Foster, and studied with him for two years. He then went to St. Louis, where he graduated at the Missouri Medical College March 5, 1889. He began practicing his profession at Jamesport, and in 1892, and later took a post graduate course in Chicago at the Chicago Polyclinic. After completing his work there he returned to Jamesport, and was actively engaged in his profession until 1897, when he accepted a position as cashier of the Farmers and Merchants Bank of Jamesport. Two years later he resigned this place, and resumed the practice of medicine. At the end of three years, he again accepted a position as cashier in the bank, which place he retained until he was elected president of the bank in 1909. Two years later the Farmers and Merchants Bank of Jamesport was consolidated with the First National Bank at that place, and the institution has since been known as the Commercial Bank of Jamesport. In 1915 Dr. Thompson came to Gallatin as the cashier of the Farmers Exchange Bank, and has filled that office in a highly competent manner ever since.

Dr. Thompson was married on Feb. 11, 1891, to Jennie Nickell, a daughter of Rev. W. N. Nickell. Rev. Nickell has been identified with the Missouri Presbytery throughout a long career as a Presbyterian minister. He is now in charge of the church at Lowry City. Dr. and Mrs. Thompson have three children: Blanche, married to J. Frank Smith of Colorado; Victor, living in Colorado; and Mary Frances.

Dr. Thompson is a Democrat, and is a member of the Knights of

Pythias Lodge. He served as coroner of Daviess County for two terms, and was the mayor of Jamesport for one term. For a period of 17 years he was a member of the Board of Education at Jamesport and was the treasurer of that organization. In his professional associations, Dr. Thompson is a member of the Daviess County Medical Society, the Grand River Medical Society, the North Missouri Medical Society, and the Missouri State Medical Association. He is one of the highly esteemed and influential citizens of Daviess County, a man who in business, in his official capacity in his community, and as a private individual, manifests a keen and intense appreciation of all that pertains to the welfare of the town and its citizens.

Joseph McElvain, esteemed throughout his community as one of the rising young business men, is the assistant cashier of the Farmers Exchange Bank at Gallatin. He was born on a farm in Allen Township, Worth County, Feb. 25, 1886, the son of Cyrus and Ottie (Beaver) McElvain.

Cyrus McElvain was born in Perry County, Ill., in 1848, the son of Judge Andrew J. and Deborah (Combs) McElvain. When Cyrus McElvain was six years old, his parents moved to Worth County, Missouri, and settled in a part of that county which was then incorporated in Gentry County. They made the trip from Illinois to Missouri in wagons, and, because of a delay in receiving their relinquishment rights to the land, which they took up, the family was forced to live in the wagons for a time after they reached Missouri. They camped by the roadside, and lived in the open, no uncommon experience for the pioneers of that day. Judge McElvain had spent his life in Illinois, where he was born; and his wife, a native of Tennessee, had come with her parents to Illinois in 1835, so both of them were familiar with the hardships of the newly settled middle west. To their union five children were born, Cyrus, the father of Joseph McElvain, being the second. Judge McElvain served in the legislature for two terms, and was one of the prominent men of his day in northwest Missouri.

Cyrus McElvain was reared on a farm and farmed land in Worth County until 1875 when he moved to Fremont County, Iowa. He located on a farm there and remained in Iowa until 1881, when he returned to Worth County. In 1870 he married Olive M. Beaver, born in Crawford County, Ohio, the daughter of Samuel and Mary (Emery) Beaver, early settlers of Worth County. To the union of Cyrus and Olive M. (Beaver) McElvain the following children were born: Maisie, the wife of W. Spillman, a hardware merchant of Grant City; Willard; Stella, married to Peter Bram, in the hardware business at Denver; Fred; Bessie; Josie,

the wife of E. Martin of Allendale; Andrew; Joseph, the subject of this review; Edna, married to Fred Williams, who is in the mercantile business at Denver; Alpha; and Millie. Mrs. McElvain died, Nov. 7, 1921, at the age of 69 years, and Mr. McElvain still lives on his farm in Worth County. He is a Republican, and is a member of the Baptist Church.

Joseph McElvain was reared on the farm. He attended the rural schools and later was a student in Northwest Missouri College at Albany. He began his work in the banking business as a clerk in the Bank of Albany. He was afterwards made the assistant cashier in that bank; but resigned that position in September, 1911, to come to Gallatin, where he was made the assistant cashier of the Farmers Exchange Bank. During the year 1911, Mr. McElvain built an all modern bungalow in Gallatin, which has been his home ever since.

On Dec. 24, 1908, Mr. McElvain was married to Alpha Harrison, born in Albany, the daughter of Alex and Mary (Hilton) Harrison. Mr. Harrison was a produce and coal dealer. Both he and his wife are dead. Mr. and Mrs. McElvain have one son, Donald, born on Jan. 27, 1913.

Joseph McElvain is a Republican, and is identified with the Baptist Church. He is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. He is an alert business man, and a citizen of high civic ideals.

A. J. Place, representative business man of Daviess County, is the cashier of the First National Bank at Gallatin. He was born in Sheridan Township in this county on March 10, 1872, the son of W. H. and Margaret C. (McBrayer) Place.

W. H. Place was born in Daviess County, Missouri, in August, 1851. In his early life he taught school, and later became a farmer. He attended the rural schools of Daviess County and taught here for more than 20 years. He was a Bible student of ability, and was accounted one of the best read men on the subject of Jewish and Ancient History in the community. He was a staunch adherent of the Christian Church, and was a Republican. His father, Peleg Place, was a native of Ohio, who came to Daviess County in pioneer days. W. H. Place filled some of the offices of his township, where he was held in high esteem. In 1870 he married Margaret C. McBrayer, born in Sheridan Township in 1853, the daughter of A. J. and Nancy (McCrary) McBrayer. They were natives of South Carolina and were among the first to begin farming in Daviess County. W. H. Place died in 1913 and Mrs. Place died in 1915. Their remains are buried in Brown Cemetery. Their children were: A. J., the subject of this review; Osta, married R. T. Scott and lives on a farm near Winston; P. M. engaged in the mercantile business at Julesburg, Col.; and Della, married to W. J. Gann, a merchant at Gallatin.

A. J. Place was reared on a farm; attended first the rural schools of Daviess County; and later was a student in Kidder Institute at Kidder. In 1892 he entered the produce business at Gallatin, and has been connected with various merchantile pursuits since that time. In January, 1907, he was made the assistant cashier of the First National Bank, and in 1912 became the cashier of that institution, which position he has filled in a competent and thoroughly efficient way ever since.

Mr. Place married Sarah A. Whitt on Dec. 23, 1893. She was born in Monroe Township, the daughter of H. A. and Sarah (Place) Whitt, both now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Place have nine children: Marion, in the mercantile business at Cameron; Ollus, a merchant at Gallatin; Roscoe N., connected with a bank at Sterling, Col.; Otis K., a resident of Pocatello, Idaho; Russell, clerking in Gallatin; Osta Irene, a student in Central College at Lexington; and Charles and Lewis, both in the Gallatin High School; and Robert, a student in the grammar school.

Mr. Place is a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. He belongs to the Masons and the Yeoman Lodges. He is an able officer in the bank, a man of marked business acumen, and an excellent citizen.

Miss Hallie Burton, the capable and progressive county superintendent of public schools of Daviess County, has her office in the courthouse at Gallatin. Miss Burton is thoroughly competent to handle the school situation of the county as she was born and reared in Gallatin, and has been an integral part of the school system of this part of the state, both as a student in college and later as a teacher.

Miss Burton is the daughter of Dr. J. W. and Eliza C. (Woodward) Burton, the former a native of Lawrence County, Indiana, where he was born, Nov. 29, 1842. His parents were Eli and Mahala (Conley) Burton, both natives of North Carolina. Eli Burton went to Indiana when he reached manhood, and settled on a farm. He and his wife reared a family of nine children. Dr. John W. Burton attended the rural schools in Indiana, and then entered the University of Michigan from which institution he received the degree of LL. B. In 1861 he enlisted for service in the Civil War, and became a private in the 50th Regiment, Indiana Volunteer Infantry. He served for three years, and was mustered out as a corporal. He participated in the battles and skirmishes in Tennessee, Kentucky and Arkansas, including the battles of Mumfordsville, Camden, and the assault on Little Rock.

In March, 1865, Dr. Burton returned to Indiana, where he began to read law at Bedford with A. B. Carlton. In 1866 he entered the University of Michigan, and in the spring of 1868 he came to Carrollton,

Mo., where he was admitted to the bar. He later became interested in dentistry, and took up that study. In 1872 he moved to Gallatin, where he became a well known dentist. His clientage included patients from Gentry, Harrison, Grundy, Caldwell, and Livingston Counties, in all of which places he was recognized as a progressive and scientific dentist.

Dr. Burton married Eliza Catherine Woodward on Nov. 29, 1882. She was born near Cainsville, April 23, 1859, and was a prominent teacher in the county before her marriage. She was a daughter of John and Julia Anna (Kennedy) Woodward. Elder John Woodward was born in Jennings County, Indiana, Jan. 11, 1821, and lived there until ten years of age when the family moved to Decatur County where he lived 15 or 16 years. He professed religion and was married to Miss Julia Ann Kennedy. In 1847 he and wife emigrated to Harrison County, Missouri, and settled on the land adjoining Cainsville. In December, 1847 he and his wife united with the Baptist Church by letter. Shortly afterward he was licensed to preach and was ordained. In May, 1840, and most of the time up to his death he was actively engaged in the ministry. He died Dec. 17, 1898. He preached almost 60 years; he was a charter member of the Masonic Lodge and was Worshipful Master for 12 or 15 years. He was an active worker in Temperance. He was chaplain of the 3rd Regiment, M. S. M. during the Civil War. Julia Ann Kennedy was born in Delaware County, N. Y., and came to Indiana when but a child. She was born Aug. 27, 1820, and died Feb. 16, 1893.

To Dr. Burton and wife the following children were born: Hallie, the subject of this review; Anna, died in 1914; Jay, died in 1907; and Isom now connected with the street railway company in Los Angeles, Calif. Mrs. Burton died at her home in Gallatin on April 9, 1917. Dr. Burton is now a resident of Texarkana, Ark.

Hallie Burton grew up in Gallatin, and after completing her school work there, became a student in Chillicothe Normal, Grand River College at Gallatin, and the Missouri State University. She holds a Life State Certificate and has had a varied and interesting teaching experience which has kept her in close touch with the vital issues of the public schools. She taught at Gallatin for five years; at Jameson one year; a year at Coffey and five years in the rural schools. She has handled the work in every grade from the 1st to the 12th, and is therefore thoroughly conversant with the needs and standards for each grade.

Miss Burton is the first woman ever elected to a county office by Daviess County. In April, 1915, she was elected to the position of county superintendent of public schools, and in 1919 she was re-elected to the same position. This record is conclusive proof of the support

which Miss Burton has from the county. She has made an excellent official, and under her expert direction the schools of the county have made marked progress. No part of the county history shows more conclusively the calibre of the citizens than does the part dealing with the attitude toward providing educational facilities for the children of the community. Miss Burton as the leader, and the men and women of the county as her able assistants have co-operated in building up the schools of Daviess County.

John Musselman, well known in Daviess County as a farmer, a hardware merchant at Gallatin, and who served as the mayor of Gallatin, is a native of the county. He was born in Grand River Township, four miles east of Jameson. His parents were Amos and Amanda A. (Drummond) Musselman, who lived for a short time on the farm where their son, John, was born on June 29, 1863.

Amos Musselman was born in Paulding County, Ohio, in 1834. He came to Daviess County in 1858, where he taught school for a time, and later became a boot and shoe maker at Jamesport. He moved to a farm five miles northeast of Gallatin a short time afterwards, and in 1861 began farming. Mr. Musselman was the owner of 320 acres of land, and was one of the successful farmers of his township. He was a Republican, and served as the justice of the peace in Grand River Township. He was married in Daviess County to Amanda A. Drummond, born near Jamesport in 1842 and to their union the following children were born: Cyrus, a retired farmer living at Gallatin; John, the subject of this review; Ella, married to J. R. Foster of Jamesport; Celia, the wife of Samuel Grant of Jamesport; Homer, an oil dealer at Gallatin; and Robert, farming in Grand River Township. Mrs. Musselman died in 1911, and Mr. Musselman died in 1921. Their remains are buried in the Masonic Cemetery at Jamesport.

John Musselman was reared on the farm and attended the rural schools. He farmed in Grand River Township, where he was the owner of 283 acres of land. He and his brother, Robert, now operate a farm in partnership. In December, 1908, Mr. Musselman moved to Gallatin, and the next year he bought a hardware store in partnership with J. A. Mann. This business relation was maintained for four years, when Mr. Musselman traded the stock to S. B. Scott for a farm near Altamont. Mr. Musselman and Mr. Mann operated the farm for more than three years, when they again bought the hardware stock from Mr. Scott. They continued to operate the store until June, 1921, when Mr. Mann sold out to John N. Brown. The firm is now known as Musselman and

Brown Hardware and Implements Company, and does a thriving business. The store is located on the north side of the Square, and is one of the well established enterprises of the town.

On Dec. 24, 1896, Mr. Musselman was married to Arminta King, who was born, reared, and married in Springfield, Ill. She was the daughter of W. and Dulcena (Barnett) King; the former of whom died many years ago, and the latter died at the home of Mrs. Musselman on July 28, 1921, at the age of 91 years. Mr. and Mrs. Musselman are rearing a niece of Mr. Musselman's, Frances.

Mr. Musselman is a Republican, and is a member of the Masonic Lodge. In the spring of 1920 he was elected to the office of mayor of Gallatin, and made a competent and progressive official for one term. A fire wagon was installed, the debt on it paid off, 800 feet of water main has been laid, an ordinance prohibiting the parking of cars any place except the middle of the street has been passed, and a sewer survey, looking toward a complete modern sewage system, has been completed. Mr. Musselman is now serving on the committee in charge of the draining of the Muddy Creek. He is a man of high civic ideals, capable and practical in all of his work, a citizen of whom his town is justly proud.

D. Luther Lowrie, the assistant postmaster at Gallatin, was born, reared, and educated in this community. His parents were H. C. and Nannie (Sharrah) Lowrie, to whose union four children were born as follows: Walter C., Glenrock, Wyo.; Grace, the wife of Elmer Kirkpatrick of Hamburg, Iowa; Joseph H., a rural mail carrier at Gallatin; and D. Luther, the subject of this sketch, born at Gallatin, June 20, 1899.

H. C. Lowrie was born in Pennsylvania, Feb. 28, 1857. He came to Gallatin in his youth and was a meat merchant for a few years, later accepting a position as a traveling salesman for a packing house, and working out of Kansas City, Mo., where he now lives. His wife, Nannie A. (Sharrah) Lowrie, was born in Daviess County on Jan. 2, 1861. She lived on a farm until she was eight years old, when her parents died, and she went to live with David Boggs and wife at Gallatin. Mr. Boggs was a furniture dealer, a carpenter, and an expert cabinet maker. He made a great deal of the furniture, which was sold from his store. Mrs. Lowrie is a member of the Baptist Church, and now makes her home at Gallatin.

D. Luther Lowrie graduated from the Gallatin High School in 1917, and then went to clerk in Fitterer and Sons grocery store. He later clerked in a jewelry store for Frank Wynne, and remained in that posi-

tion until July, 1918, when he took the civil service examinations, and was given a temporary appointment as rural route carrier on Route No. 5, while his brother, the regular incumbent, was in service in the World War. In March, 1919, Mr. Lowrie was made assistant postmaster at Gallatin, and has since capably filled that position.

Mr. Lowrie was married on Jan. 25, 1920, to Goldie Mae Railsback, born in Daviess County, the daughter of Richard T. and Viola (McGarvin) Railsback. Mr. Railsback died in September, 1918, and Mrs. Railsback now lives on her farm eight miles east of Gallatin. To Mr. and Mrs. Lowrie one child has been born, a son, Richard Edwin.

Mr. Lowrie is a Democrat, and is a member of the Baptist church. He is an energetic and capable young man, who has the esteem of the entire community.

Colonel Boyd Dudley and his son, Boyd Dudley, Jr., are members of a family that has been connected with the history of the United States since the very early colonial days. The Dudley family has been an asset to every community where its members have settled. While Mr. Dudley was never in the military service, he has, for more than a quarter of a century, been called, and known as Colonel Dudley. He has been an integral part of the development of Daviess County; and Boyd Dudley, Jr., although he no longer lives in the state, is a Missouri trained man, one whom the state is proud to claim as a son.

William Dudley, an ancestor of Colonel Boyd Dudley, was born in Richmond, Surrey, England, in 1600. He migrated to the American Colonies, and died in Connecticut in 1683. A son, William, was born at sea in 1639. One of William Dudley's sons, Samuel, was born in Connecticut, in 1712, and was the father of another Samuel Dudley, also born in Connecticut, in 1763. He was one of the seven children born to his parents, and was the grandfather of Colonel Boyd Dudley. Samuel Dudley enlisted for service in the Colonial Army during the Revolutionary War, when he was but 13 years old. He had a great fondness for the sea, and after his six years of service for the country, wanted to become a sailor. But his mother induced him to go to West Virginia, and locate on a farm, and there he married and reared a family. One of his sons was Alpheus H. Dudley.

Alpheus H. Dudley was born in Marion County, W. Va., Jan. 31, 1827. He entered the mercantile business at Reevesville in West Virginia, but in 1866 he came to Missouri, making the trip by steamboat down the Ohio River to Cincinnati, thence to Chillicothe, and from there by wagon across the country to Daviess County. He bought 120 acres of land near Bancroft in Lincoln Township, and became a successful farmer, but lived only a short time after settling in his new home. He died on April 4, 1868,



Boyd Burley

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and his remains were buried in the Hill Cemetery. In 1855 Alpheus H. Dudley married Martha McDougal. She was born in Marion County, W. Va., March 22, 1835, the daughter of John F. McDougal. Mr. McDougal lived near Bancroft in Daviess County, for many years, and later lived at Gillman, Harrison County, where he died at the age of 96 years. His son, Henry C. McDougal, was a judge of the probate court of Daviess County, in the seventies. To the union of Alpheus H. and Martha (McDougal Dudley the following children were born: Paul, died in infancy; Boyd, the subject of this sketch; May, living in Carthage; and Fannie, the widow of T. E. McCluskey, now living with her daughter, Mrs. E. D. Hart of California. After the death of her husband, Mrs. Dudley married Dr. R. L. Green and to this union two children were born: Oscar, now living at Carthage; and Walter a resident of New Mexico. Mrs. Green is living in Chicago.

Colonel Boyd Dudley was born in Marion County, W. Va., near the town of Reevesville, June 8, 1859. His father was a Confederate and his mother's people were aligned on the Federal side during the Civil War strife. Colonel Dudley attended the schools of West Virginia and later in Daviess County until 1874, when he went to Gallatin to live with his uncle Judge H. C. McDougal. He did the household chores, and took care of the Judge's office in return for his board, clothing, and the privilege of going to school. He completed what would now be the eighth grade, and then, being without financial resources, he went to work in the office of the probate judge as a clerk. In 1877 he began the study of law in the office of Shanklin, Lowe and McDougal. In that office the young student performed all the tasks that fell to the lot of law students of that day. He swept the floor, washed the windows, chopped wood, made fires, did what writing he could, and saw that the ink wells on the desks of the firm members were never dry.

In 1880, Colonel Boyd Dudley, in company with George B. Rush was admitted to the bar, and on the day of his admission he was appointed by the court to act as the lawyer for the defense, a custom in those days. The newly made barrister had what looked like a difficult case. He was called upon to defend a negro, who had ripped open the pocket of a drunken laborer, while the laborer lay asleep in the woods north of Gallatin. The negro removed the money from the sleeping man's pocket, and proceeded to spend it at the only saloon in the town. The case of the state being complete, the negro was convicted and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. But his counsel was not satisfied to let his case rest with an adverse decision. The word "feloniously" had been omitted from the indictment and the charge stood as petit larceny. A motion to quash was overruled, but Colonel Dudley appealed the case to the Supreme

Court at his own expense, got a stay of execution, obtained a reversal of the case, and on retrial, the prisoner was discharged for want of evidence. This is typical of Colonel Dudley's determination and tenacity.

Colonel Dudley spent two years in New Mexico and Arizona, but the lure of the Grand River Valley was strong, and he returned to Gallatin in 1884. For several years he was engaged in the abstract and loan business at Gallatin, and for a time he was the secretary and manager of the local Building and Loan Association. He later became the president of the State League of Local Building and Loan Associations. He was the author of the first law relating to the supervision and control of local building and loan associations by the state of Missouri, and the passing of the law was due largely to Colonel Dudley's untiring efforts. At one time he was a member of the Republican State Central Committee of Missouri, and during the Spanish-American War, he acted as the president of the Missouri State League of Republican Clubs, and during the days of the Spanish-American War, he tendered his services to President McKinley, offering to raise a regiment for service in the war.

Colonel Dudley has spent a life filled with vital experiences. In his early life he was associated with the late Milt Ewing in business affairs. Later he was a friend of John F. Jordan, for many years the editor of the Jamesport Gazette, and later connected with the loan and abstract business at Gallatin. Colonel Dudley's first law partner was W. D. Hamilton, a man who had studied law with Senator George Vest. This partnership, formed about the time of the trial of the famous James brothers, continued until the death of Mr. Hamilton in 1913. Colonel Dudley then became a partner in the firm of Dudley and Selby. This partnership was dissolved on Jan. 1, 1921, and Colonel Dudley now has his son-in-law, Charles D. Brandon, as partner in the office.

Colonel Dudley was married to Anna Chapdu, a sister of Mrs. H. C. McDougal, and to this union one child was born. The child died in infancy, and shortly after Mrs. Dudley died. On June 9, 1896, Colonel Dudley married Belle J. Holmes of Hamilton, the daughter of B. F. and Julia (Gee) Holmes. Mr. and Mrs. Holmes were natives of New York, and were early settlers of Caldwell County, Mo., where they lived on a farm. They are both now dead. Mrs. Dudley is a granddaughter of Benjamin Tillinghast of New York, and is a lineal descendant of Captain Miles Standish of the Mayflower. By this last marriage Colonel Dudley has two children: Boyd, Jr., a sketch of whose life follows; and Katherine, who was a student at Central College at Lexington for a year, and who later attended Randolph Macon College at Lynchburg, Va., and the State University of Missouri,

and is now married to Charles D. Brandom of Gallatin. She is a member of the Theta Upsilon Gamma and the Pi Beta Phi sororities, Regent of the Gallatin Chapter of the D. A. R., a member of the Mayflower Society and is State Recording Secretary of the Colonial Dames of the Seventeenth Century.

Colonel Dudley has never sought office. He has served as the president of the Board of Education, and as the president of the Board of Control for the State Industrial School for Girls at Chillicothe. He is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Woodmen of the World lodges. His father was an Episcopalian, his mother a Methodist, and Colonel Dudley identified himself with the Presbyterian church. Several years ago, however, during a church trial of intense community interest, Colonel Dudley led the counsel for the reactionaries on the subject of the use of the organ in church. Since that time, he has insisted in a joking way that he leans toward "the fundamental apostolic faith." He takes an intense and active interest in all public questions, and maintains his membership in the Missouri Historical Society and in the Society of the American Academy of Social Science. He is a man of ready and keen perceptions, an alert mind, wide in his sympathies, and a citizen of the highest civic pride.

Boyd Dudley, Jr., was reared in Gallatin, where he graduated from the high school. He became a student in the Missouri State University School of Mines at Rolla, and completed the four year course there in three years. After his graduation he became the assistant instructor in metallurgy at Rolla, and remained in that position for three years. At the end of that time he went to Boston, where he took the Master's Degree from the Boston Institute of Technology. He then spent a summer at Nashua, N. H., as superintendent of one of the plants of the John-Manville Company. The next year he went to the University of Pennsylvania as assistant professor of metallurgy.

When the United States entered the World War, Mr. Dudley at once went into active service with the rank of captain in the Ordnance Department. During the early part of the war his work was the organization of the Inspection Division of Factories in New York and Pennsylvania in connection with making munitions. He was later transferred to what was known as "Waterveleit Arsenal" on the Hudson River near Albany. There he was made the superintendent of heavy artillery, in charge of the department that made the eight inch field Howitzers. Shortly afterwards, Mr. Dudley was promoted to the rank of major, and was transferred to the Sea Coast Division. He was made Superintendent of the Sea Coast Artillery, and was in charge of the manufacturing of the great 16 inch

calibre guns used in coast defense. Major Dudley held this position as a civilian for a year after he was discharged from the army.

Major Dudley was married at Gallatin while he was teaching in Rolla, to Madge Netherton. Mrs. Dudley is a daughter of James N. Netherton, a former resident of Gallatin, and county clerk of Daviess County for a number of years. Major and Mrs. Dudley have two children, Boyd Dudley, III, and William, and now live in Syracuse, N. Y., where he is in charge of the plant of the American Piano Company. He is a man of marked ability, whose unusual degree of successful achievement is due to his innate capacity, his excellent training, and his determination. He is an able member of his family, which has stood for order and progress for nine generations in the United States.

John N. Brown, a member of the firm of Musselman and Brown Hardware Company, and the city clerk of Gallatin, was born in Salem Township in this county on Feb. 8, 1874. His parents were Napoleon B., and Sarah J. (Harbard) Brown.

Napoleon B. Brown was born in Virginia, June 6, 1833. He came to Daviess County with his parents in 1853. They settled near Pattonsburg, where Napoleon Brown became the holder of 400 acres of land. He operated this land successfully until his retirement from the active work on the farm. He moved to Gallatin in 1886, when he was elected to the office of treasurer of Daviess County. He took the office in 1887, and held it for the next eight years, making a reliable and highly respected official. He was a Democrat. Mr. Brown was an extensive stock dealer, buying and selling stock all over the northwest part of the state. Long before the railroads ran through this part of Missouri, Mr. Brown would drive his stock to the docks of the Missouri River for shipment. He was one of the first group of directors of the Farmers Exchange Bank of Gallatin, and in 1902 was elected judge of the county court, which office he held until his death on May 26, 1903. He was a man of great versatility and of marked intellectual ability. He had only a common school education, but his life was a success. He was a veteran of the Civil War, in which he served as a captain in the Missouri State Militia.

In 1859 Napoleon Brown was married to Sarah J. Harbard, born near Heyworth, Ill., in 1843. To this union the following children were born: Mary C., the widow of W. Carpenter of Salem Township; Anna E., the widow of George Keown of Liberal, Kan.; Alice, the wife of A. L. McNeely of Washington Township; Lucy, married to E. O. DeVoss of Hutchinson, Kan.; Josephine B., the wife of J. K. Kitch, of Guymon, Okla.; John N., the subject of this review; Charles E., a resident of

Hutchinson, Kan.; Ross M., also living at Hutchinson, Kan.; Dollie I., now the wife of C. Duclon, of Hutchinson, Kan.; and G. C., who was the third child born, and now lives in Calif. Mr. and Mrs. Brown were both members of the Christian Church. Mrs. Brown died on Sept. 9, 1917, and the remains of both Mr. and Mrs. Brown are buried in Brown Cemetery at Gallatin.

John N. Brown grew up on the farm and attended the public schools of Coffey and Gallatin. In 1890 he went to Liberal, Kan.; where he engaged in the lumber and hardware business for the next 22 years. In 1912 he returned to Gallatin, and in June, 1921, he entered into partnership with John Musselman in the hardware business. This is one of the well established commercial enterprises of Gallatin, and the firm conducts a good business.

Mr. Brown was married in 1896 and to this one daughter was born: Maretta, M., born in 1900, and married in 1919 to George Carlson of San Francisco, Calif.

Mr. Brown is a Democrat. He was elected to the office of city clerk of Gallatin in 1920, and has made a competent official. He is a public spirited citizen and holds the high regard of all who know him.

J. H. Tate, manager and salesman for the Ford automobiles and Fordson tractors at Gallatin, has conducted the Ford Agency and garage in partnership with D. C. McVay since March 22, 1917. Their present building was completed on Aug. 1, 1920. The structure, built at a cost of \$50,000, is located a half block north of the Square on North Main St., and has a frontage of 130 feet with a show room, two driveways, and a storage room 90x120 feet. There is also a large basement. The building is constructed of brick, is well ventilated, is equipped with a rest room for ladies, and has windows reinforced with steel sashes. The show room has a trass floor, and the repair shop, at the west side of the office, has battery and welding service. Mr. Tate and his partner are to be congratulated on their achievement of a modern and efficiently managed garage.

J. H. Tate is a native of Grundy County; he was born on Nov. 20, 1885, the son of C. L. and Nancy (Parberry) Tate. C. L. Tate was born in Andrew County on Nov. 17, 1859, and has been a successful farmer all of his life. To his union with Nancy (Parberry) Tate three children were born of whom two are now living: J. H., the subject of this review; and Harley F., now a resident of Ft. Collins, Col. Mrs. Tate died in 1889 at the age of 24 years, and Mr. Tate later married Frances Harvey. To this union two children were born: the older child is deceased; and the

younger, a daughter, Annie, is now married to Bernice Harris of Trenton.

J. H. Tate attended the rural schools, and later was a student in the Jamesport High School. He assisted his father on the farm until 1905, when he began operating a farm for himself. He bought and improved 1100 acres of land in Grundy County, which he later sold, and in 1908 he moved to Trenton and became interested in the transfer business. Two years later he bought a grocery stock in Trenton, and conducted a grocery store for the next two years. He then accepted a position with the National Biscuit Company, and traveled out of St. Joseph until 1917. That year he and D. C. McVay became interested in the automobile business, in connection with which they conducted the Ford Agency at Trenton, with Mr. McVay in charge. The plans of Mr. Tate and Mr. McVay include the erection of a building at Trenton similar to the recently completed structure at Gallatin.

J. H. Tate was married on March 5, 1905, to Hallie Mae Brown, a native of Grundy County, the daughter of Elias and Laura (Pernell) Brown. Both Mr. and Mrs. Brown were born in Missouri, and both are now living on their farm, six miles south of Trenton. Mr. and Mrs. Tate were the parents of three children: Jule, at home; Thelma, died in infancy; and Hubert, at home.

Mr. Tate is a Democrat. He is an adherent of the Baptist Church, and belongs to the Masonic Lodge. In 1921 he was elected the secretary of the newly organized Chamber of Commerce at Gallatin and on April 4, 1922, Mr. Tate was elected Mayor of Gallatin. Mr. Tate is an energetic and ambitious business man, and a citizen who holds the high regard of the entire community.

Charles L. Knauer, is a well known business man of Gallatin, Daviess County. He is a native of Ohio, born in Springboro, an inland village of Warren County, April 6, 1862.

Andrew Knauer, the father of Charles L. Knauer, was born in Bavaria, Germany, but left his native land when he was 19 years old, and came to the United States. He located in New York City and worked at his trade, that of a tailor, for eight years. Later he went to Springboro, Ohio, and operated a store. In 1866, he came to Gallatin and opened a merchant tailor store, which he operated successfully until his death on April 4, 1901. He was born on July 17, 1824, and most of his long life was spent in the country of his adoption, where he readily adapted himself to the commercial conditions. As the founder of the mercantile enterprise which is now owned and conducted by his son, the subject of

this sketch. Andrew Knauer became an integral part of the town. He was a man of sane, clear judgment, and succeeded in establishing an enterprise that would last over many years.

Andrew Knauer married Charlotte Elbert, born in Hesse, Darmstadt, Germany, and to this union seven children were born, three of whom died in Ohio, and two died at Gallatin, Mo. C. L. Knauer was the fourth child born to his parents. One sister, Mrs. Julia Drummond, now lives in Gallatin. She is a widow. Mrs. Knauer died in 1896. Her remains and those of her husband are buried in Lile Cemetery. They were excellent members of the community. Mr. Knauer took part in the town affairs and served on the city council. He was a Democrat, and was a charter member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodge.

Charles L. Knauer was four years old when his parents came to Daviess County. He attended the school at Gallatin, and worked for and with his father in the store, where he learned the trade of a tailor under the tutelage of his father. In 1883 he was made a partner in the store, and in 1901 he became the sole owner of the business; however, he continues to operate under the old firm name of A. Knauer and Son. Mr. Knauer carries a complete line of men's ready made clothing, handling the Clothcraft and Block Company garments and gents furnishings. He also carries samples for tailor made clothing, and an excellent line of shoes.

Mr. Knauer was married on Oct. 16, 1888, to Carrie A. Haynes, born in Lebanon, Tenn., the daughter of J. L. Haynes. Mr. Haynes lived at Gallatin for a number of years. Mr. and Mrs. Knauer have two children: Harry L., an assistant in his father's store; and Elizabeth, at home.

Mr. Knauer is a Democrat and is a member of the Presbyterian Church in which he has been the Sunday School Superintendent for 33 years. He is the president of the Y. M. C. A., which position he has held for 30 years. Mr. Knauer gave the lot where the new Y. M. C. A. building now stands, and has been a member of the State Committee of the Y. M. C. A. In 1890 he was elected to membership in the city council and served for two terms. In April, 1921, he was again elected to the council, and was a member of the Board of Education for many years, acting as treasurer for that body. In 1921 Mr. Knauer became the vice president of the Gallatin Trust Company, in which capacity he is still serving. By inheritance, training, and natural ability, Mr. Knauer is a progressive and wide-awake business man. His high ideals for the development of the community may be seen from his active participation in the work of the Y. M. C. A. He is one of the far sighted and excellent citizens of Gallatin.

Hon. Alexander M. Dockery.—There has hardly been a man, woman or child in northwest Missouri who has not been familiar by constant repetition with the name of Alexander M. Dockery, whose career of public service has kept him almost constantly active in district, state and national affairs through an entire generation. For 16 years, Mr. Dockery represented the Third District in Congress, and during the Democratic Administration of President Wilson held the post of third assistant postmaster general.

His active public service has obscured the fact, except in his home town of Gallatin and among his more intimate friends, that Mr. Dockery began his career as a physician, and besides several other degrees is entitled to the letters, M. D.

Governor Dockery, as he is known to all his friends, was born in Daviess County, Feb. 11, 1845. His parents were Rev. Willis E. and Sarah E. (McHaney) Dockery, his father having been a distinguished minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Mr. Dockery, who is the only survivor of three children was educated in Macon Academy, Macon, Mo., and in 1863 entered the St. Louis Medical College, and was graduated in March, 1865, with the degree of M. D. He later attended lectures at Bellevue College in New York, and the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia and began his first practice at Linneus, Mo., and from 1867 to 1874 practiced at Chillicothe. He was recognized as a skillful physician.

In March, 1874, having abandoned the medical practice, for other lines of endeavor, Mr. Dockery removed to Gallatin and became associated with Thomas B. Yates in the establishment of the Farmers Exchange Bank, an institution which has had a solid career for nearly 50 years. He served as its cashier until 1882. Prior to his election to Congress, Mr. Dockery served as County Physician of Livingston County from 1870 to 1874, was president of the Board of Education at Chillicothe in 1870-72, was a member of the board of curators of the University of Missouri from 1872 to 1882, and at Gallatin was a member of the city council 1878-81, and mayor during 1881-83.

From 1878 until his election to Congress Mr. Dockery was chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee of the Tenth District, 1880 was chairman of the Congressional Convention at Brunswick, and in 1882, at the convention at Cameron was nominated for representative in Congress. Altogether there were six men in the field for the nomination, and it was one of the most exciting conventions held in that district for many years. The deciding ballot was the 28th. The opposition had been unable to unite, since Mr. Dockery was the second choice in all the counties. His election from the Third District came in November, 1882, and he continued as



HON. ALEXANDER M. DOCKERY

representative in Congress from March 4, 1883, to March 4, 1899. In the successive conventions Mr. Dockery was renominated without opposition. During his career in Congress Mr. Dockery was a member of the Committee on Claims, Committee on Accounts, Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads four years, and for the last ten years of his service in the house was a member of the Committee on Appropriations and had charge of the District of Columbia and the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bills. From 1893 to 1895 he was chairman of what is known as the "Dockery Commission," which, among other notable achievements, devised the present accounting system of the national treasury. This system has been in successful operation since Oct. 1, 1894. During the World Fair at Chicago, he was chairman of a special committee appointed by the House to investigate and simplify methods of business. This committee's elaborate report served as a basis for the work of organization of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis. While a member of the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, Mr. Dockery was instrumental in securing the installation of the second fast mail train service in the United States, from New York to Kansas City by way of St. Louis. In 1886, Mr. Dockery was chosen permanent chairman of the Democratic State Convention at St. Louis.

At the conclusion of the eighth term Mr. Dockery declined a renomination in order to enter the race for governor in 1900. He was nominated by acclamation in June of that year, the nomination speech being made by Hon. W. S. Cowherd of Kansas City. In the following November he was elected Governor of Missouri against his opponent, Joseph Flory, of Moberly. Taking his oath as governor, Jan 14, 1901, Mr. Dockery was chief executive of his native state four years. After retiring from the governor's chair in 1905 he continued active in Democratic politics, being chairman of the state convention in 1906, and in 1912 was elected treasurer of the Democratic State Committee and reelected in 1914. At the beginning of President Wilson's administration, Mr. Dockery was appointed Third Assistant Postmaster General, his appointment being confirmed by the Senate, March 13, 1913, and he entered upon his duties March 17th. As Third Assistant Postmaster General he had supervision and control of all the extensive fiscal affairs of the postal service, including the postal saving system.

In 1906 Governor Dockery was awarded the degree of LL. D. by the University of Missouri. In the interval between his term as governor and his recent promotion to the Postoffice Department, Governor Dockery proved himself a citizen of force and influence in his home city of Gallatin. He served as a member and president of the board of education from 1906

to 1912, was president of the Gallatin Commercial Club from its organization in 1908 to 1914, and was president of the Daviess County Chautauqua Association since its organization in 1909. He was also chairman of the building committee which supervised construction of the new court house, and of the committee which supervised construction of the new Gallatin school house. Of his local activities, Governor Dockery probably takes most pride in his work as ex-officio road overseer in his county, a service which he has performed gratuitously but none the less effectively at various times during the past 30 years.

Governor Dockery was married April 14, 1869, to Miss Mary E. Bird, daughter of Greenup Bird. All of the seven children of their marriage died in infancy. His wife died at the Executive Mansion, Jefferson City, January, 1903.

Governor Dockery has some interesting fraternal relations. In 1880 he was elected Eminent Commander of Kadosh Commandery No. 21, Knights Templar, at Cameron; in 1881 was elected Grand Master of Missouri Masons; in May 1883, was chosen Grand High Priest of the Royal Arch Masons of Missouri, and since 1886 he has been a member of the Board of Directors of the Masonic Home of Missouri, being chairman of the Executive Committee the greater part of the time. In May, 1910, he was elected Grand Master of the Missouri Odd Fellows, and this gives him the unusual distinction of being the only person in the state who has been Grand Master of both Missouri Masons and Missouri Odd Fellows. Beginning May, 1909, he served 12 years as president of the Odd Fellows Home Board at Liberty.

Governor Dockery has been a liberal contributor and supporter to the cause of the Y. M. C. A., and is now serving as a director. In July, 1906, Mr. Dockery donated the original land for the City Park which is now known as "Dockery Park," which now contains 14 acres, located in the northeast part of Gallatin. The Governor is very proud of his work in building up and beautifying this park, which is a valuable asset to the city. He has been president of the Park Board since its organization.

The people of Missouri have honored Governor Dockery with their confidence and respect, and have found him worthy. They have trusted in his honesty and integrity, and have always found him true.

W. Glen Smith, a partner in the granite and marble works of Gallatin, is a native of Daviess County, born in Jackson Township, Oct. 29, 1881. His parents were Burns R. and Susan Estella (Sharon) Smith.

Burns R. Smith was born at Watertown, N. Y., Sept. 8, 1844, and was reared on a farm. In 1861 he moved to Fountain County, Indiana, where he enlisted for service in the Civil War in Company I, 150th Vol-

unteer Infantry. He served until the close of the war, and went back to Indiana and married Susan Estella Sharon, born in Indiana, April 14, 1847. In 1879 they came to Daviess County, and bought a farm in Jackson Township. Mr. Smith improved the land, and became a well known man in the community. He was a Republican, and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He was a very active adherent of the Baptist Church, and helped to organize that denomination in the county. He was one of the promoters of the Daviess County Sunday School Association, and served as the president of that body for many years. Mr. Smith died at his home on April 4, 1915, and his remains are buried in Brown Cemetery. His widow now lives at Gallatin. Their children were: Myrta E., now the wife of Samuel Nichols of Jackson Township; and W. Glen, the subject of this sketch.

W. Glen Smith was reared on the farm, where he remained until he was 22 years old. He attended the public school of Gallatin, and in 1900 he graduated from River College. In 1899 he taught in what is known as the Red School in Lincoln Township. He continued to teach and farm for three years. He then became interested in the grocery business at Gallatin, but sold his interest in that enterprise in 1913, and entered the monument business with E. R. Achuff. This business is located on the north side of the Square, where the same business has been conducted for 45 consecutive years. Mr. Achuff and Mr. Smith employ four assistants, two of them first class cutters. The business has grown greatly. This is the only marble and granite shop in Daviess County; a wide range of territory is therefore handled through this shop.

W. Glen Smith was married on Feb. 21, 1904, to Iola Hale, daughter of A. B. and Katherine (Adams) Hale, both descendants of pioneer families in Clinton County. Both Mr. and Mrs. Hale were born in Clinton County, as was their daughter, Mrs. Smith. They now live on a farm in Clinton County. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have one daughter, Mabel. Mrs. Smith was a prominent teacher in Daviess County before her marriage.

Mr. Smith is a Republican, and is identified with the Baptist Church. He is the Sunday School Superintendent of that church. He is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Yoeman Lodges. He was elected to the office of police judge of Gallatin on the Independent ticket, and when the Gallatin Commercial Club was reorganized in 1921, Mr. Smith was made the president. His work in connection with monuments has provided him with much valuable data on family lineages in the county. Mr. Smith is an energetic and ambitious man, a citizen who is an asset to the community, and a man held in high esteem.

Dr. M. A. Smith, a physician and surgeon of Gallatin, is well known throughout the community, both as a successful man in his profession, and as a veteran of the World War. Dr. Smith was one of the men who renounced his practice at home and gave his services to the country during the time of need. The names of such men will always be held in high esteem, and it is fitting that due tribute be paid to them in this work.

The Smith family were originally of Virginia stock. They came to Missouri in the early pioneer days, and settled in Clay County, later moving to De Kalb County. I. V. Smith, father of Dr. Smith, was born in De Kalb County, Dec. 26, 1842. He farmed during his youth, enlisted for service in the Confederate Army during the Civil War, and served in Company E, 3rd Missouri. He was severely wounded at the Battle of Vicksburg. He returned to De Kalb County, and taught school for a while. He was serving as the county judge of De Kalb County, when he decided to move to Nebraska. In 1872 he located at Bloomington, Neb., and in 1874 he went to a farm in Franklin County, Neb. At various times during his life, Mr. Smith conducted a hardware store, ran a grain elevator, and for 15 years, he bought grain at Bloomington, Neb.

Mr. Smith married Tibitha J. Ashby, born on Jan. 3, 1854, near Edinburg, Mo. To this union six children were born, four of whom are now living. Mr. and Mrs. Smith came to Gallatin several years ago, and Mrs. Smith died there in 1910. She was a member of the Methodist Church, South, as is her husband. Mr. Smith now makes his home with his son, Dr. Smith.

Dr. Smith, the fourth child born to his parents, was born in Franklin County, Neb., Oct. 16, 1877. He was reared in Nebraska and attended the Bloomington High School from which he graduated in 1897. In 1898 he entered Central Medical College at St. Joseph, and graduated from that institution with the degree of Doctor of Medicine on March 1, 1900. He served as intern in the St. Joseph's Hospital during the year 1899-1900. In 1900 Dr. Smith located at Gallatin, and at once established an excellent practice in his profession. He acted as both the city and the county physician from 1901 to 1905. During the year 1903 he took a post graduate course in his work in Chicago, Ill.; and in 1909 he took post graduate work in New York City.

In June, 1916, Dr. Smith was commissioned first lieutenant, Medical Reserve Corps, and was called into service on Sept. 15, 1917. He reported at Officers Training Camp at Fort Riley, Kan., and remained in training until December, 1917. He was placed on temporary duty at the Headquarters Base Hospital at Fort Riley until February, '1918,

when he was assigned permanently to Evacuation Hospital No. 16, and commissioned a captain. Dr. Smith was instrumental in perfecting the organization of that hospital. His work was arduous, as, in addition to acting as the adjutant, he found it necessary to do also the work of a quarter master. He was relieved from the duty of those two positions at his own request, since his desire was to work overseas as a medical officer. After a short stop at Camp Meade, Md., the hospital force embarked on Aug. 28, 1918, and arrived at Brest Sept. 7, 1918. After a period of preliminary training, the force was sent to the Argonne Sector, landing at the hospital center near Neuf Chateau. Dr. Smith was sent back to the United States Central Laboratory at Dijon for special instruction.

From Dijon Dr. Smith returned to duty with Evacuation Hospital, No. 16, and also with Base Hospital, No. 18. He remained with this hospital throughout the Argonne offensive, and was in that sector until February, 1919, when he was sent to the Army of Occupation. He served at Trieves and Coblenz, after April 1st, was in charge of the United States Hospital at Eherinbrestestein. Dr. Smith left Coblenz, on June 14, 1919, and arrived in the United States on July 5. He was discharged from service at Camp Dix, N. J., on July 7, arrived at his home on July 10, 1919, and at once resumed his practice at Gallatin.

Dr. Smith was married, Oct. 20, 1903, to Anna E. Fulkerson, born near Trenton, the daughter of P. G. and Eliza (Carnes) Fulkerson. Mr. and Mrs. Fulkerson were both born in Grundy County. Dr. and Mrs. Smith had one son, Marshall A., now living at home. Mrs. Smith died, Feb. 6, 1908, at the age of 26 years. On Oct. 28, 1915, Dr. Smith was married to Jessie B. McCue. She was born near Gallatin, the daughter of R. M. and Elizabeth (Rodgers) McCue. Mr. and Mrs. McCue now live at Gallatin. To the union of Dr. and Jessie B. (McCue) Smith two children have been born: Elizabeth Jane, and Mary Margaret.

Dr. Smith is a Democrat, and is a member of the Methodist Church. He belongs to the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Royal Arch, Chapter, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Modern Woodmen of American Lodges. He assisted in the organization of the American Legion, Post Wallace McAfee, No. 68, at Gallatin, and acted as the post commander for two years. He maintains membership in the Daviess County, the Missouri State and the American Medical Associations. For the past 20 years he has acted as the secretary of the Daviess County Medical Association, and in 1908 he was elected vice-president of the Missouri State Medical Association.

Dr. Smith is a progressive man in his profession, a citizen of great public spirit, and a man known to his community for his high ideals of civic pride and public service.

C. J. Stout, a business man of Gallatin, is a native of the town. He was born on April 5, 1889, the son of J. D. and Jennie (Brooks) Stout.

J. D. Stout was born, Nov. 7, 1854, in Green County, Illinois. His father, W. W. Stout, was a native of Pennsylvania, born in Pittsburg in 1826. He was a school teacher, and came to Daviess County in 1860. He was educated in Springfield, Ill. He located in Colfax Township in Daviess County, and became a farmer, teaching school through the winter. In 1882 he was elected to the office of assessor of Daviess County on the Democratic ticket. Two years prior to that time he had been elected the county superintendent of public schools. He was a leader in the school work of the county, and did much to develop the educational possibilities of Daviess County. He married Martha E. Short, a native of Green County, Illinois, born in 1836. To this union six children were born, of whom three are still living: Hugh H., a carpenter at Gallatin; C. A., living in Kansas City; and J. D., of Gallatin. W. W. Stout died on Jan. 11, 1884. His remains and those of the children, who are deceased, are buried in Black Cemetery near Winston. Mrs. Stout died in August, 1919, and her remains are buried in Brown Cemetery at Gallatin.

J. D. Stout was reared near Gallatin on a farm. In 1871 he attended school at Gallatin and graduated there in 1875. The next year he taught school in Daviess County, and then went back to Illinois, where he taught for a year. He returned to Gallatin in 1879, and in 1886 he began work as a clerk in a general merchandise store. He retained that same position for 12 years, and at the end of that time, accepted a clerkship with the Etter Store Company. He worked with that firm for 15 years, and in 1917 began clerking in the shoe department of the Knauer and Son Clothing Store. He was married in Illinois on Oct. 23, 1879, to Jennie Brooks, who was born on Jan. 24, 1861.

J. D. Stout is an affable and efficient clerk, and a man well liked in the community. He recalls the trying early days in the county very vividly. Among his interesting reminiscences is this story. He was sent by his father to get a load of wood from the timber. The wagon was loaded, and the small boy was driving the yoke of oxen very carefully. But taking the downward slope of a hill the wagon upset, spilling off both the wood and the boy. The oxen hastened out of the road into a field, and it took the appearance of the father of the boy, to restore or-

der. He found the oxen grazing peacefully some distance away, and a much frightened boy sitting disconsolately in the road.

To the union of J. D. and Jennie (Brooks) Stout nine children were born, all of whom are living. They are: Willa, the wife of T. J. Nether-ton, a Baptist minister in Oklahoma City, Okla.; Albert, living at Ochil-tree, Tex.; Minnie, a resident of Ft. Dodge, Iowa; C. J., the subject of this sketch; Elsie, married to L. E. Lynch, of Gallatin; Ruth, the wife of T. O. Manion of Iowa; Kathryn, married to H. R. Galpin, of Gallatin; Mildred, the wife of Roy Nichols of Gallatin; and Jewell, a student in the Gallatin High School.

C. J. Stout grew up at Gallatin, and attended the Gallatin High School. He worked at the watch-making trade at Liberty for two years, and then apprenticed himself to David Herzog and learned the tailor's trade. In the fall of 1912 he opened a shop at Gallatin. He carries a line of tailoring material, and does cleaning and dyeing. Mr. Stout has built up an excellent business in the years he has been at Gallatin, and his shop is one of the popular places for his line of work.

On Nov. 8, 1890, Mr. Stout married Lena Winburn. She was born on Nov. 8, 1890, in the south part of Daviess County, the daughter of J. C. and Eliza (Finnell) Winburn. They were natives of Kentucky, and early settlers of Daviess County. Mr. Winburn enlisted in the Federal Army in Kentucky, while his brothers and other relatives fought on the Confederate side. He died in Amoret, Mo., in 1920, at the age of 79 years. His widow now lives at Amoret.

C. J. Stout is a Democrat. He is a Thirty-Second Degree Mason, and a member of the Shrine, Ararat Temple in Kansas City, Mo. He also belongs to the Gallatin Commercial Club. He served on the city council of Gallatin from 1919 to 1921, the period during which the automobile fire truck was bought by the town. Mr. Stout is a man of enterprise and business ability.

W. C. Link, a popular and successful dentist of Gallatin, is a native Missourian. He was born on Jan. 22, 1885, at New Bloomfield, the son of R. H. and Louise (Bryan) Link.

R. H. Link was born in Calloway County on August 1, 1856. His parents were natives of New Bradford, Va., and were among the adventurous and courageous Southerners who came to Missouri when the land was new. They made the long, hard trip by wagons, and took up land in Missouri. Until quite recently, R. H. Link owned the farm, where he was born. He now lives on land seven miles away from the homestead. His wife, Louise (Bryan) Link, was born in Kentucky, and is a distant

cousin to William J. Bryan. Mr. and Mrs. Link have six children, all living.

W. C. Link was reared on his father's farm, and attended the public school of New Bloomfield. In 1911 he entered the Dental College of St. Louis University, and graduated in 1914. He located at Ashland for a time, but later went to New Franklin. In 1917 he came to Gallatin and located in the Farmers Exchange Bank Building. There has been a dental office at his location for past 65 years. Dr. Link has established an excellent practice. He makes a specialty of extracting teeth, and has a wide practice in that line of his work.

Dr. Link is a Democrat in his political views. He is identified with the Christian Church and belongs to the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge. He is an able man in his profession, a citizen of progressive ideals and a man highly esteemed in the community of Gallatin and the surrounding country.

Judge Oliver Otto Mettle, a well known attorney at Gallatin, since 1900, when he was admitted to the bar in Missouri, is a native of Gallatin. He was born on Dec. 3, 1878, his parents being Jacob and Catherine (Berg) Mettle.

Jacob Mettle was born in Germany at Hesse in Hamburg, Aug. 12, 1845, and was brought to the United States in his infancy by his parents, who settled in Franklín County, Ohio. In 1863 Jacob Mettle came to Harrison, Ohio, and learned the shoemaker's trade, and in 1866 he moved to Cincinnati, Ohio, and worked at his trade until 1872. That year he came to Gallatin. He worked in Amos Poe's shop until 1875, when he opened a business for himself. He afterwards moved to a farm, which he operated during the last 13 years of his life. Jacob Mettle married Catherine Berg, born in Franklín County, Ind., Aug. 12, 1869, and to their union the following children were born: Edward, born in Cincinnati, Ohio, now living at Gallatin; an infant, deceased; Minnie L., the wife of E. D. Fitzgerald of Manhattan, Kans.; Oliver O., the subject of this review; J. Fred, now a resident of Oklahoma City, Okla.; Harry H., a painter at Gallatin; Addie E., married Everett Keck, a farmer in Liberty Township, Daviess County; and Omer L., of New Castle, Wyo., a veteran of the World War. He enlisted at Kansas City, was sent to Jefferson Barracks, and later to two other camps in the south. He was sent overseas as a motor mechanic in the air service, and was in Europe when the armistice was signed.

Jacob Mettle died on his farm on March 5, 1917, and his widow now lives with her daughter, Mrs. Keck. Jacob Mettle was a man of indomitable perserverance. He suffered many reverses during his life, but was



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successful in spite of them. While he was in business on the east side of the square, the building and his stock burned. Mr. Mettle had no insurance, but with sturdy pluck, he started out again. He made boots for many of the old settlers around Gallatin. He took the raw leather, and constructed the boots or shoes from it. He had no educational advantages, but he possessed the natural ability that made it impossible for him to fail. He was of the true stalwart, courageous type. His remains are buried in the old Brown Cemetery. He was a Republican in his political views, and was a member of the Lutheran church.

Oliver O. Mettle was reared in Gallatin and attended the public school there. He studied law for four years in the office of Hicklin & Hicklin, and was admitted to the bar in Missouri in 1900. He at once began the practice of his profession at Gallatin. He served as the city attorney during the years 1916 and 1917 under Mayor Penn Love, and is now acting in the same capacity under Mayor Musselman. In 1918 Oliver O. Mettle was elected to the office of probate judge for a term of four years, and at present holds that office.

Judge Mettle was married June 12, 1900, to Flora B. Toler, born in Delevan, Minn., and reared in London Mills, Ill. She was the daughter of W. A. and Hester (Farrell) Toler, natives of Ohio. Her father was a well known merchant in his town. Both of her parents are now dead. Judge and Mrs. Mettle were the parents of six children: Angelo, deceased; Oliver O., Jr.; Dorothy D.; Robert D.; Harold A.; and an infant, deceased. All of the children are at home.

Mrs. Mettle holds the position of probate clerk in her husband's office. Judge Mettle is a man who is highly esteemed in the community. He is a reliable and substantial citizen of Gallatin.

G. G. Murray, a registered pharmacist, and the owner and proprietor of the Murray Drug Company at Gallatin, is a native Missourian. He was born at Jamesport, Sept. 20, 1878, the son of Michael and Ella (Barnes) Murray.

Michael Murray was born in County Mayo, Ireland, Nov. 18, 1859. His parents were John and Rose (Monahan) Murray. They migrated to Canada, bringing their son, Michael with them, in 1840. They located at Quebec, but two years later moved to Belmont County, Ohio. Michael Murray was educated in the Catholic College at Wheeling, W. Va., then worked as a farm hand until June, 1861, when he enlisted for service in the Civil War. He was placed in Company A, 25th Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and participated in the following battles and engagements; Mt. Summit, Va., Sept. 12, 1861; Greenbrier, Oct. 3; Alleghany, Dec. 13;

McDowell, May 8, 1862; Cross Keys, June 9; Slaughter Net, Aug. 9; Second Battle of Bull Run, Aug. 29; Chantilly, Sept. 1; Fredericksburg, Dec. 13; Gettysburg, July 2, 1862; the engagement at Strasburg, Va., June 1, 1861; at Woodstock the next day; and that same month at Ft. Jackson, and at Harrisburg, Va., where the famous Confederate cavalry commander, Ashby, was killed.

During the Battle of Gettysburg, Michael Murray was wounded, and was taken to the hospital at Germantown, Pa., where he remained for two months. In June, 1862, he was made the second lieutenant of his company, and in February, 1864, was promoted to the position of first lieutenant. In November, 1864, he was again promoted to the position of captain of Company E of the same regiment. During September, 1864, he was engaged in the assault on Ft. Wagner on Morris Island off Charleston, S. Car., and was in the seige of Sumpter, crossing Ashley River, and the taking possession of the town on Feb. 17, 1865. The last battle in which Mr. Murray took part was that at Red Hill, S. Car., April 25, 1865. There his regiment received notice of General Lee's surrender, and was ordered to occupy Charleston until June, 1866. Mr. Murray was mustered out of service that same month at Columbus, Ohio, after a period of active service of five years and some months.

In 1866 Mr. Murray invested in mining property in Christian and Berry Counties, Missouri, but three months later, he returned to Washington, Ohio. He became interested in a mercantile business there, and conducted it until December, 1867, when he came back to Missouri, and entered the drug business at Jamesport on Jan. 1, 1868. He sold that business in 1872, and entered the general mercantile business in the same town. He operated the enterprise successfully for several years. In August, 1880, he bought 15 acres of land and engaged in farming and fruit growing, raising apples, peaches, plums, and cherries.

Michael Murray was married in Grundy County on May 2, 1869, to Lydia E. Barnes. She was born in Monroe County, Ohio, Jan. 9, 1849. To this union five children were born: E. C., a salesman at St. Louis; J. B., died on March 30, 1918, at Silver City, N. M., and his remains are buried at Jamesport, Mo.; Olive, the wife of A. R. Alexander, the postmaster at Plattsburg; G. G., the subject of this sketch; and Lenore, married to S. E. Arnold, a farmer at Jamesport. Michael Murray was a staunch Republican. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Masonic Lodges at Gallatin. He died on April 24, 1919, and his remains are buried at Jamesport. His widow continues to live on the home place at Jamesport.

G. G. Murray was reared at Jamesport, and graduated from the public school there. He became a salesman for the Armour Packing Company, working out of Kansas City, Mo. Later he accepted a position with the J. H. Hood Company and worked out of Louisville, Ky. In 1900 he located at Jamesport, and conducted a drug business there until 1908. That year he consolidated his business with the Dr. O. F. Claggett Drug Company at Jamesport, and the two partners conducted the new business together for a year. In 1909 they bought a drug store at Gallatin, retaining the ownership of the store at Jamesport for a time. They later disposed of the Jamesport store. In 1913 Mr. Murray bought Dr. Claggett's interest in the Gallatin store, and it is now conducted under the title, Murray Drug Company. It is one of the thriving stores of the community.

G. G. Murray was married on Oct. 21, 1913, to Bess Carter, a native of Warrensburg. She graduated from the Central Missouri State Teachers College at Warrensburg, and taught Latin in the Gallatin High School for the two years prior to her marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Murray have one child, Madeline.

Mr. Murray is a Republican, and is a member of the Masons, the Elks, and the Yeoman Lodges. Mr. Murray is one of the alert and progressive business men of the county. He is a man highly esteemed in his community.

During the World War Mr. Murray's services as County Chairman of The Liberty Loan Organization for the Third and Fourth Loans were such as to make him the recipient of highly complimentary personal letters from Hon. W. G. McAdoo, United States Treasurer, as well as from the State Chairman. Neglecting his private business and at considerable sacrifice, he devoted several months to this work and so organized Daviess County that its citizens gave expression to their loyalty by going over the top in these loan campaigns in a manner not surpassed by any county in the state.

A. F. Seiler, the superintendent and secretary of the Knauer and Seiler Rock Company, and the owner and operator of a plumbing shop at Gallatin, Daviess County, was born at Boonville, Aug. 26, 1868. His parents were Alois and Anna Seiler.

Alois Seiler was born in the Alps in Switzerland. He worked at the trade of a weaver in his native land, and after coming to the United States, worked at various occupations. Shortly after the close of the Civil War, he located at Boonville, Mo. He later returned to Switzerland taking with him his son, A. F. Seiler, who was ill. The boy received

treatment at the hands of a Swiss physician, and after his recovery, was brought back to Missouri, by his father. In 1886 the father went back to his native land and died there. His wife died when her son, A. F., was nine years old. After the death of his parents, A. F. Seiler began to shift for himself.

He worked on a farm owned by John Wessing in Cooper County. In return for such work as he did, he was given his board and clothes, and was allowed to attend the district school for three months of each year. The school building was a log cabin, and Mr. Seiler recalls the fact that for a part of the time, the only member of his class besides himself, was a little girl. He remained with Mr. Wessing for four years, and then worked as a farm hand for five years. In 1884 he went to Boonville, where he worked for three years and a month as an apprentice learning the tinning and plumbing trade. The hours were long in those days. Work began in the morning at five o'clock, and frequently continued until 11 o'clock at night. The first year, Mr. Seiler received in payment for his work, \$25.00; the second year, \$40.00; and the third year, \$60.00.

Mr. Seiler remained in Boonville until 1889, when he went to St. Joseph, where he worked at his trade until 1896. That year he came to Gallatin and opened a repair shop. He has established a thriving business, owns property, and has recently become interested in the Knauer and Seiler Rock Company.

A. F. Seiler was married the first time to Zettie Shephard in 1889. To this union the following children were born: Harry, now living in Kansas City, Mo.; Anna, the wife of J. O. Reed of Kansas City, Kan.; Lillian, married to Frank A. Williams of Miami, Fla.; an infant, deceased; and William M., a sketch of whose life is given in a later paragraph. Mr. Seiler was married the second time on Dec. 4, 1915, to Grace Lee Williams, a native of Missouri.

William M. Seiler was born on May 18, 1896, at St. Joseph, Mo. He was a member of Company K, 3rd Missouri Militia, and was the corporal of the company. He served on the Mexican Border. When the regiment enlisted for service during the World War, he was made sergeant of Company K, 140th Infantry, 35th Division. The regiment went overseas, and Sergeant Seiler was killed on Sept. 29, 1918, at Exermont in the Argonne Forest. His remains are buried in France. His name stands among those of the honored dead of the state who gave their lives at the time of the country's greatest need.

A. F. Seiler is a Democrat. He served as an alderman for two terms.

He was the chief of the fire department for 20 years. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and belongs to the following lodges: the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Woodmen of the World, and the Yeoman. As a city official, he was thoroughly competent, and efficient; as a citizen, he is interested in all that pertains to civic welfare; and as a business man, he is energetic and reliable.

Daniel M. Fisher, a minister in the Christian Church and the deputy county recorder of Daviess County, has his home at Gallatin. He is a native of Ohio, where he was born on July 16, 1859, in Ross County, three miles west of Bainbridge. His parents were Daniel and Mary A. (Dannar) Fisher.

Daniel Fisher was born in Botetourt County, Virginia. He went to Ohio when he was 21 years old, and operated a farm there until the outbreak of the Civil War. He enlisted for service in Company C, 176th Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and took part in many of the important battles of the war. He died while in service at Nashville, Tenn. He married Mary A. Dannar, born in Gallia County, Ohio, in January, 1833. Her parents were Michael and Sarah (Vance) Dannar, both natives of North Carolina. Michael Dannar died in Ohio, and his widow died in Daviess County. The Dannar family came to Daviess County before the Civil War. Daniel Fisher's father, Jacob Fisher, was a native of Virginia, and died there. After his death, his widow, Eva (Moomaw) Fisher, took her three children to Ohio, and in 1869, she came with her son's widow, Mary A. (Dannar) Fisher, and her son's children to Missouri. They settled in De Kalb County, where the grandmother died. In 1879 the remainder of the family came to Daviess County. Mary A. (Dannar) Fisher died at Pattonsburg in 1904. She was the mother of seven children, four of whom are still living. One son, David, lives in Jefferson Township, Daviess County; and another is Daniel M., the subject of this sketch.

Daniel M. Fisher attended the Normal College at Stanberry, and graduated from the commercial and teachers courses in 1879. He taught for 15 consecutive years in the schools in Daviess County; and for four years held the position of principal of the school at Pattonsburg. He completed 20 years in the service of the schools by acting as principal of the school at Altamont. In 1902, the postmaster at Altamont resigned, and Mr. Fisher was tendered the position, which he accepted. He remained in that position for 13 years, then took up insurance work, and was made the justice of the peace at Altamont. In 1919 he came to Gal-

latin, and was appointed the deputy county recorder, which place he has filled most acceptably ever since. He began preaching in 1915, and has been the acting minister in De Kalb County, at Altamont, and in Daviess County, always with marked success.

Daniel M. Fisher was married to Sarah B. Deering, Dec. 24, 1876. She was born in Daviess County, the daughter of J. R. and Samantha (Stapp) Deering, both now dead. Mr. and Mrs. Deering came to Daviess County in the forties, and located on a farm in Marion Township. Mrs. Fisher is the second oldest of the five children born to her parents, four of whom are now living. Mr. and Mrs. Fisher have three daughters: Ora, H., the wife of Fred Robinson of Gallatin; LuVerne, married to D. T. Browne, of Altamont; and Pauline, the wife of J. B. McKaskey, of Altamont. Mr. Browne and Mr. McKaskey are partners in a mercantile establishment at Altamont.

Mr. Fisher is a Republican, and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which lodge he is the district deputy grand master. He has been elected the representative to the Grand Lodge for 1922-1923. Mr. Fisher is an excellent citizen, a man of keen intelligence, and one who holds the respect of the entire community.

Arthur M. Stephens, the capable and energetic manager of the Farmers' Store at Gallatin, is well and favorably known throughout the community. He has lived in and around Gallatin for years, and has been connected with various mercantile enterprises in the county.

Mr. Stephens was born in Sangamon County, Illinois, March 26, 1876, the son of Sanford E. and Fannie (Ficklin) Stephens. Both Mr. and Mrs. Stephens were born near Covington, Ky., and came to Illinois in their youth. They settled in Missouri in 1874, and bought land in the eastern part of Daviess County, later returning to Illinois. They afterwards came back to Daviess County, and after making two more trips back in Illinois, they settled permanently in Daviess County. They both died on the farm in this county, and their remains are buried in Lock Spring Cemetery. They were the parents of seven children, three of whom are still living: Luther, farming in Livingston County; Benjamin, living in Livingston County; and Arthur M., the youngest child, the subject of this review.

Arthur M. Stephens was reared in Daviess County. At the age of 13 years, he began clerking in a store at Lock Spring. He afterwards clerked in various stores, thoroughly mastering the phase of the mercantile business that involved the successful management of a store. He conducted a store at Lock Spring for S. N. Norris, who is the owner of

the Farmers' Store at Gallatin. In 1905, Mr. Stephens came to Gallatin, where he clerked for Mr. Norris. In 1916 he was made the manager of the store, and has conducted it with unvarying success ever since. The store building covers a space 65x120 feet, and has a balcony 50 feet wide. The firm carries dry goods, ladies ready to wear garments, shoes, and men's clothing. They handle the Hart, Schaffner and Marx brand of clothing for men. The business is constantly growing, and shows the effect of Mr. Stephens' competent management.

Mr. Stephens was married to Florence McClure on Oct. 12, 1918. She was born in Indiana and is the daughter of Charles and Mary McClure, former residents of Daviess County.

Mr. Stephens is a Democrat, and is a member of the Masons and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodges, holding his membership in the former at Gallatin, and in the latter at Lock Spring. He is a reliable man, and has the respect of the entire town.

R. L. Etter, Sr., manager of the W. H. Etter Dry Goods Company of Gallatin, is a member of a family that has been connected with mercantile pursuits in Missouri for many years. Mr. Etter has been an integral part of the mercantile development of Missouri in several parts of the state, and has been intimately associated with all phases of the business world since his early youth. The training he received has been of inestimable value to him in recent years, since he has been operating a business.

Mr. Etter was born on Dec. 11, 1863, at St. Louis, the son of C. A. and Sarah (Allen) Etter. C. A. Etter was born in Marietta, Pa., and his wife was a native of St. Louis County, Missouri. They are both now dead. They were early settlers of St. Louis, and had their residence near the river. C. A. Etter started a dry goods store in St. Louis, and for 30 years, he conducted it with marked success. He retired from active business several years before his death. Mr. and Mrs. Etter were the parents of 11 children, four of whom are now living: Charles, of San Antonio, Tex.; Coleman, in the W. H. Etter store at Gallatin; Belle, now Mrs. Arthur Klug of St. Louis; and R. L., the youngest child, and the subject of this review.

R. L. Etter was reared in St. Louis, and graduated from the public schools in that city. He and his brother, M. F. Etter, became interested in the dry goods business, and operated stores in several towns in Missouri. In 1882, they opened a store at Pattonsburg, which they sold in 1886. Mr. Etter then came to Gallatin, where his oldest brother had founded the present Etter store. This store, founded by W. H. Etter

more than 40 years ago, is one of the thriving enterprises of Gallatin. It is located in a building with a frontage of 60 feet, and is 125 feet deep. The two floors are given over to the housing of the complete stock of dry goods, shoes, carpets, men's clothing, ladies' ready to wear, and millinery, which the firm carries. The W. H. Etter Dry Goods Company was incorporated ten years after it was first organized. R. L. Etter is one of the stockholders. The founder, W. H. Etter, died in 1915, but the company has continued the use of the original name.

R. L. Etter was married the first time to Elizabeth McDonald, and to that union two children were born: Golden, a successful teacher in Tulsa, Okla.; and Robert, connected with the office of the Democrat at Gallatin. Mr. Etter was married the second time to Neva Green, a native of Chillicothe, Livingston County.

Mr. Etter is a Democrat, and a member of the Methodist Church. He is an alert business man, and is accounted one of the substantial citizens of Gallatin.

Charles Hemry, a prominent business man of Daviess County, is the president of the First National Bank at Gallatin. Mr. Hemry is a member of a pioneer family of the county, and has spent all of his life in and near Gallatin, where he has established an enviable reputation as an efficient, careful, and successful financier. He was born May 20, 1870, in Monroe Township.

George Hemry, grandfather of Charles Hemry, came from Ohio to Missouri, and settled in Daviess County in 1842. He entered land in Monroe Township, and made extensive improvements for his time. After a lapse of two years, he returned to Ohio to settle up the Hemry estate. He returned to Missouri shortly after, and died at Brunswick, where his remains are buried. His son, Thomas, the father of Charles Hemry, was born in Carroll County, Ohio, Dec. 9, 1830. He was reared in Daviess County; received his education in the rural schools; and became a prominent farmer and stockman in the county. He was a man of great energy and ambition, conservative and careful in his dealings. At his death on Jan. 31, 1903, he was the owner of 1500 acres of land, and his estate was valued at \$100,000. He married Sarah Payne, born in Bourbon County, Ky., Dec. 10, 1834, the daughter of Henry Payne. Henry Payne and his family came to Missouri and settled in Daviess County in 1846. They located on a farm in Monroe Township where they lived for many years. Mr. Payne died in Iowa. To the union of Thomas and Sarah (Payne) Hemry six children were born: Martin, now living in Gallatin; Augusta, at Gallatin; Charles, the subject of this sketch; and Stella (Hemry) Hunt,



CHARLES HENRY

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the assistant cashier of the First National Bank. Mrs. Hemry died Nov. 2, 1914. Both her remains and those of her husband are buried in Brown Cemetery.

Charles Hemry was reared on the farm, attended the rural schools in his boyhood, and later became a student in Kidder Institute at Kidder. He studied in Gem City Business College for a while, and then became manager of the home farm, which he now owns. In July, 1894, he came to Gallatin and entered the banking business, in which he remained until 1900, when he returned to the farm. In 1909 he was made the president of the First National Bank and has filled that position with credit ever since. In 1916 Mr. Hemry erected a house in Gallatin which is all modern and is accounted one of the best residences in the town. He is an extensive land owner, holding 687 acres in Daviess County and 1600 acres in Western Kansas.

Mr. Hemry was married Dec. 19, 1909, to Adah Macy, a native of Daviess County, the daughter of W. C. and Mary (Nichols) Macy. Mrs. Hemry died Feb. 16, 1922, and is buried in Brown Cemetery. She left one daughter, Mary Charlene; a daughter, Dorothy, is deceased. W. C. Macy was born in Daviess County, the son of Captain Macy of Civil War fame, and one of the early settlers of the county. Mr. Macy died July 20, 1921, at the age of 73 years. He and his wife were the parents of six daughters and one son. At the time of his death, Mr. and Mrs. Macy had retired from their farm.

Charles Hemry is a Republican in politics, and is a member of the Baptist church. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is one of the alert and keen minded business men of Daviess County, and a man of marked civic pride for his town. The Hemry family has been an asset to Daviess County since the days when the grandfather of the present subject first settled here.

Frank A. Woodruff, one of the best known and most popular hotel men of northwest Missouri, is the owner and proprietor of the Woodruff Hotel at Gallatin. Mr. Woodruff is a man of varied business interests; he owns 169 acres of land in the county, and owns and manages the largest pear orchard in the state. He is a native of Daviess County, born at the southwest corner of the city limits of Gallatin, Dec. 3, 1865. His parents were Joab and Paulina (Fisher) Woodruff.

The Woodruff name has been known in the United States since the days of the American Revolution. Joab Woodruff, the paternal grandfather of Frank A. Woodruff, was a native of Pennsylvania. He married Sophia Dumhan, and they moved to Indiana. Their son, Joab, the father

of Frank A. Woodruff, was born near Nineneh, Johnson County, Indiana, Oct. 25, 1825. He learned the trade of a wagon maker and followed that trade for a time. He also farmed. In 1856 he came to Missouri and located in Daviess County, where he owned a section of land in Union and Liberty Townships. He was a successful farmer, and a fancier of high grade stock. His home was an open house to all of his neighbors, and was a meeting place for people from all parts of the county when anything of importance called them to Gallatin. Mr. Woodruff was known throughout the community for his spirit of hospitality.

Joab Woodruff married Pauline Fisher on Nov. 29, 1846. She was born in Middletown, Ohio, May 14, 1825. To their union the following children were born: Jamsy, the wife of T. P. New, living six miles east of Gallatin; Mary, the widow of T. P. McGuire of Los Angeles; Gillie, married L. F. Hill, they are both dead, and their remains are buried in Colorado; John W., whose farm at Eugene, Ore., was selected as the model chicken farm of Oregon; Halleck, living near Gallatin; and Frank A., the subject of this review. Mr. Woodruff died on June 17, 1882, and Mrs. Woodruff died on Feb. 25, 1901. The remains of both are buried in Brown Cemetery at Gallatin.

Joab Woodruff was a Republican. He enlisted for service in the Civil War, and in 1862, was commissioned captain of Company I by Governor H. R. Gamble. He was assigned to No. 33rd, Regulars, Missouri State Militia; and in 1863 was detailed captain of Company A, 4th Provisional Regiment of the Enrolled Militia, stationed first at Rochester, and later at Savannah and St. Joseph. He remained in that service until the close of the war. In 1866 he was commissioned first lieutenant by Gov. T. C. Fletcher, and was made the enrolling officer for Daviess County. He held that position for a year. He was one of the best known men of his time in Daviess County, where he was held in high esteem.

Frank A. Woodruff was reared on the farm, and attended the public school until he was 14 years of age. He looked after his father's farming interests, and farmed for himself until 1901. He became heir to 80 acres of land in 1892, which he at once converted into an orchard. The land lies just a mile west of Gallatin, so Mr. Woodruff has an excellent shipping point. At the time that Mr. Woodruff set out his orchard, there was not a Commercial pear orchard to be found in the community, but he established the industry on so substantial a basis that others have followed his lead. In 1919 Missouri raised more pears than any other state; Daviess County produced half the pears of the state that year; and more than half of the Daviess County crop was raised in

Mr. Woodruff's orchard. That year he shipped 17 car loads of pears, and in 1914 he shipped 23 car loads.

In 1901, Mr. Woodruff started in the hotel business at Gallatin, using a building on the site of the present Farmers' Store. That building was burned, and in 1911, Mr. Woodruff bought the present hotel building. He is operating one of the most successful hotels in this part of the state. The success is largely due to the hospitable attitude maintained by both Mr. and Mrs. Woodruff toward their guests. Mr. Woodruff always employs from 12 to 15 assistants in the hotel, and during the picking season of the pear orchard, he employs 50 people. He supplies the town with ice during the summer season.

Frank A. Woodruff was married on Oct. 4, 1885, to Sarah M. Henderson, born on Feb. 6, 1865, on a farm four and one-half miles west of Gallatin. Her father, G. W. Henderson, was born in Clay County, March 11, 1834. When he was two years old, his parents moved to Gentry County, where his father was the first white man to build a log cabin in that county. In 1840 he moved his family to Daviess County, and there George W. Henderson grew up. G. W. Henderson was a farmer and grain broker. In 1874 he was elected to the position of county judge, which position he held for three years. He was acting as the county treasurer at the time of his death on July 29, 1893. He married Matilda McBrayer, Dec. 29, 1859. She was a native of Daviess County, and died Sept. 24, 1878. To her union with G. W. Henderson four children were born: John A., deceased; W. E., deceased; Sarah M., the wife of Frank A. Woodruff; and Eleanor J.

To the union of Frank A. and Sarah M. (Henderson) Woodruff two children were born: Frankie, born Dec. 18, 1893, graduated from the Gallatin High School, married on Jan. 15, 1914, to Roy Talbert of Gallatin; and John, born Feb. 4, 1906, in the hotel, where he has been reared, now a student in the Gallatin High School. Mr. and Mrs. Woodruff have one grandchild, Eleanor Frances Talbert, born on Dec. 28, 1914.

Mr. Woodruff is a Republican, and is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America Lodge. His recollections of his youth on the farm are very interesting. He was very fond of pets as a boy, and his list of pet animals which he kept as a boy, includes 50 Shetland ponies, 40 deer, an elk, an antelope, a golden eagle, 12 foxes, six wolves, and 500 squirrels, which he kept in a huge cage at one time. Mr. and Mrs. Woodruff are excellent citizens and are held in high esteem, not only in Gallatin, but by all the travelers, who have been guests in the hotel.

Dr. P. L. Gardner, since June, 1918, a practicing physician and surgeon at Gallatin, is one of the progressive and widely known physicians of the county. He is a native of Missouri, having been born at Trenton, June 12, 1882. His parents are C. L. and Mary J. (Law) Gardner.

C. L. Gardner was born near Palmyra, and is now a retired railroad man. He started as an engine wiper in his boyhood, was later made a fireman at Trenton, and then became an engineer on the Rock Island Railway, which position he held until 1901, when he retired from active service. Mary J. (Law) Gardner was born in England, and came to the United States about 1878. She went to Trenton, Mo., where she and her husband now live. Mrs. Gardner is a member of the Episcopal Church. Mr. and Mrs. Gardner had three children born to their union: Albert, deceased; P. L., the subject of this review; and John T., living at Trenton, and holding a position as traveling salesman for the Sharp and Dohne Company of Baltimore, Md.

Dr. Gardner graduated from the Trenton High School, and in 1901, entered Missouri State University and studied medicine there for one year. In 1902 he went to University Medical College at Kansas City, Mo., and graduated from that institution in 1905. He began to practice his profession at Waldon, and remained there until 1909, when he located at Gilman City. In April, 1918, he went to Chicago, and took a post graduate course and in June, 1918, he located at Gallatin, where he has established a large practice. He was a volunteer for medical service during the World War, but was not called into active duty.

Dr. Gardner was married, April 19, 1905, to Jessie Ethel Ratliff. Mrs. Gardner was born at Trenton, the daughter of J. Newton and Sophronia (Drinkard) Ratliff, and graduated from the Trenton High School. Her father was a native of Illinois and her mother was born in Grundy County, Mo. Mr. Ratliff a partner in the Ratliff Commission Company of Kansas City, Mo., and was one of the well known and popular business men of northwest Missouri. He died in 1920, and his widow now lives at Trenton. Dr. Gardner and his wife have two children; C. Newton, and P. L., Jr.

Dr. Gardner is a Democrat, and is a Royal Arch Mason. He is a member of the Daviess County Medical Society, the Missouri State Medical Association, and the American Medical Association. He is at present the deputy state commissioner of health and the United States public health officer for Daviess County. Dr. Gardner is the owner of 80 acres of land in Liberty Township, and keeps the place well improved. He is

a man of progressive ideas in his profession, and a citizen of whom the community is proud.

B. E. Croy, holding the position of second assistant postmaster in the postoffice at Gallatin, was born on Dec. 4, 1875, near Jameson. His parents were John and Nancy Jane (Walls) Croy. They were the parents of five children. Mr. and Mrs. Croy have now retired from the duties of their farm, and are living at Jameson.

B. E. Croy was reared on the farm, and attended the Jameson High School. He later became interested in farming, and remained with his father on the latter's farm until 1897. That year he bought a farm of 60 acres, which he operated and improved. He traded his land for a flour mill at Jameson, and entered into partnership with T. A. Walls. They operated the mill during the years 1909 and 1910, when Mr. Croy bought Mr. Walls' interest in the enterprise. A little later he traded the mill for 183 acres of land in Liberty Township. During the year 1915-1916 he operated his father's land, but the next year, moved to his own farm. He improved that land, and continued to farm it until 1919, when he moved to Gallatin. In September, 1920, he was appointed by the Civil Service Commission as a clerk in the Gallatin Postoffice, where he has made a competent and obliging official ever since.

Mr. Croy was married on Oct. 6, 1898 to Neva Byrd. She was born in Grundy County, Dec. 7, 1876, the daughter of Redmond and Ella (Currin) Byrd, both natives of Kentucky. Mrs. Byrd is dead, and Mr. Byrd now lives at Jameson. Mrs. Croy died on July 6, 1921. To her union with B. E. Croy three children were born: Alvin E., a resident of La Junta, Col.; Helen Marie; and James C., both at home.

Mr. Croy is a Democrat, and is a member of the Baptist Church. He belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America, the Modern Brotherhood of America and the Mutual Benefit Association Lodges. He is a reliable man, and a highly esteemed member of the community.

H. E. Patton, manager of the Fuller Lumber Company at Gallatin, has spent practically all of his life in and near Gallatin. He is a native of Daviess County, where he was born at Jamesport on April 17, 1882.

G. M. Patton, the father of H. E. Patton, was born in Alderson, Va., Sept. 30, 1849. He followed the trade of a carpenter and contractor. In 1872 he came to Missouri, and located at Jamesport in Daviess County, where he worked as a carpenter until 1902, when he came to Gallatin. He married Isabelle Caraway, who was born in Daviess County, Sept. 17, 1852, and to this union two children were born: Harry E., the subject of this sketch; and Kipper, married to R. L. Saunders of Gatesville,

Tex. Mrs. Patton died on March 1, 1917, and Mr. Patton now lives with his son at Gallatin. Mrs. Patton was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and Mr. Patton is identified with the Baptist Church.

Harry E. Patton was reared at Jamesport, and graduated from the school at that place in 1900. He entered Grand River College at Gallatin, where he was a student for a time, later attending the Normal College at Chillicothe. In 1908 he went to St. Joseph, and was placed in charge of the shoe department of the Battreall and Whittingham Shoe Company. The next year he farmed near Blake, and in 1913 he returned to Gallatin and worked as a carpenter. In 1917, he accepted a position as bookkeeper at the First National Bank, which position he gave up in 1918 in order to become the manager of the Fuller Lumber Yard at Gallatin.

Mr. Patton was married to Henrietta Kivett on April 30, 1910. Mrs. Patton is the daughter of Newton and Mary (Johnson) Kivett, both natives of Missouri. Mr. Kivett is dead, and his widow now lives at Gallatin. Mr. and Mrs. Patton have two children; Deen and Genevieve.

Mr. Patton is a member of the Christian Church, and is a Democrat. He belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America Lodge. He is well known throughout Daviess County, and is an efficient and energetic man. He is proving successful in his work as manager of the Fuller Lumber Yard.

Lee R. Pierce, the county treasurer of Daviess County and a well known auctioneer of Gallatin, where he makes his home, was born in Rooks County, Kan., Nov. 29, 1893. His parents are Fred L. and Addie (Brant) Pierce.

Fred L. Pierce was born in Tippecanoe County, Indiana, Jan. 29, 1871. He moved to Kansas in his youth, and became a farmer in that state. In 1895 he came to Daviess County, and bought a farm in Monroe Township two years later. He now owns 200 acres of well improved land, and is a breeder of high grade stock specializing in Spotted Poland China hogs. His wife, Addie (Brant) Pierce, was born in Ohio, Sept. 30, 1872. To her union with Fred L. Pierce the following children were born: Lee R., the subject of this review; Lloyd, Walter, Mary, Ollie, Mildred, Bessie, and John.

Lee R. Pierce was reared on his father's farm, and attended the district schools of Monroe Township. After he completed his school work, he worked on the farm for his father. In 1912, he began crying farm sales, and liked that work so well that he entered the Missouri Auction School at Trenton for special training. He has been a successful and

popular auctioneer. He served as the assessor of Union Township for two years, and in 1920, he was elected county treasurer for Daviess County.

Lee R. Pierce was married on Aug. 20, 1918, to Gay Green. Mrs. Pierce was born in Monroe Township in Daviess County. Her parents were W. H. and Mina Green, both now dead. Mr. and Mrs. Pierce have no children.

Mr. Pierce is a Republican. He is a worthy young man, energetic and ambitious, and is well lined in the town.

Clinton L. Payne, a retired farmer of Daviess County, now living at Gallatin, is a native of Illinois, was born in Madison County on Jan. 3, 1859. His parents were Henry and Delia L. (Shephard) Payne.

Henry Payne was born in New Haven, Conn., and was reared on a farm. In 1844 he came to Illinois, and located on a farm in Madison County, where he died in 1879 at the age of 61 years. His wife was also born in New Haven, Conn. She died at Trinidad, Col., in 1899, at the age of 78 years. Mr. and Mrs. Payne were the parents of five children, of whom only one, Clinton L., now survives.

Clinton L. Payne grew up on a farm in Illinois. He was a student in Johnson's Commercial College in St. Louis, and graduated from that institution in 1880. He returned to Illinois, after his graduation, but in 1883 he came to Missouri. He bought 100 acres of land in Washington Township, Daviess County, and improved it. He added to his land holdings as he could, until he now owns 424 acres, divided into two well improved farms. Mr. Payne has always been a stock breeder, and has shipped a great deal of stock from Daviess County. In 1920, Mr. Payne retired from the farm, went to Gallatin, and built one of the best residences in the town on East Grand Street. He is a shareholder and a director in the First National Bank of Gallatin.

Mr. Payne was married on Sept. 2, 1885, to Alice M. Reed. Mrs. Payne was born in Washington Township, Daviess County. Her parents were N. E. Reed, a native of Delaware; and Rachel (Mayo) Reed, born in Illinois. They are both dead. Mr. and Mrs. Payne have two children: Harley, married Geraldine Daniels, has one child, Harley, Jr., and lives on one of Mr. Payne's farms; and Leland, married Arthur Daniels, and lives on Mr. Payne's farm.

Mr. Payne has always been a highly respected citizen of Daviess County, where he is held to be one of the substantial and reliable men of his community. The Payne family is an asset to the county.

Leonard M. Hosman, the capable and progressive superintendent of public schools at Gallatin, has spent his life in school work. He is thoroly familiar with the various phases and needs of the educational work of Missouri, having been an integral part of the school system for years. He has been a student in the rural schools, the town systems, the State Teachers College, and the University. Both as a student and as an instructor, he has shown a keen appreciation of the problems that confront the schools. He is, by virtue of his capacity and training, the type of man who can and does accomplish much for Missouri schools.

Leonard M. Hosman was born in Sheridan Township, Daviess County, Dec. 19, 1891. His parents are S. G. and Alice E. (McCrary) Hosman. Leonard Hosman's paternal grandparents were James and Kathena (Wood) Hosman, natives of Kentucky. They came to Missouri, and settled in Daviess County in 1840, where they settled on a farm and reared seven sons. James Hosman was a slave holder, the owner of race horses and always had Kentucky whiskey in his home. He was one of the intrepid men who, because he enjoyed venturing into new and untried land, was a strong factor in building up this part of Missouri.

S. G. Hosman, a son of James and the father of Leonard M., was born in Daviess County, Feb. 20, 1862. He was reared on a farm within a mile of his present home in Daviess County, and has always been a farmer. He holds 120 acres of well improved land in Sheridan Township, and is a well known breeder of Poland China hogs, and Aberdeen Angus cattle. He has exhibited his stock at various fairs. Mr. Hosman has always been a fancier of high grade horses and mules. He has made an improvement in Reed Yellow Dent corn, which has proved successful. He has for years been a man of prominence in the community and has for been connected with the progressive school movements of his district. He is a staunch Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian church, and belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows lodge.

S. G. Hosman was married to Alice E. McCrary. She was born in Sheridan Township Nov. 14, 1863, the daughter of F. M. and Martha (McBrayer) McCrary. They were natives of North Carolina, and came to Daviess County in 1825, making the trip overland. Mrs. Hosman's father, F. M. McCrary, was born during the trip. To S. G. and Alice E. (McCrary) Hosman the following children were born: Leonard E., the subject of this sketch; Floyd, a farmer in Sheridan Township; Joseph, living at home; Carrie, the wife of Virgil Walker of Sheridan Township; Alta, at home; and Pearl, at home.

Leonard Hosman was reared on a farm, and attended the Swisher District School. He graduated from the Hamilton High School in 1911,



LEONARD M. HOSMAN

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and then taught in the Cope District, west of Gallatin, for two years, spending the spring and summer in the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College at Marysville. In 1913 he was elected principal of the Pattonsburg High School, and the next year was tendered the position of superintendent there. He retained that position until 1914, when he left Pattonsburg in order to accept a position at Gallatin. Since 1917 he has been superintendent of schools at Gallatin, and has had the cooperation of the entire community in building up an excellent school system. Mr. Hosman graduated from the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College in 1915, and during 1920 and 1921, he was a student in Kansas State University at Lawrence, Kansas. Mr. Hosman has always maintained a keen interest in farming and during the World War, he spent two summers working on the farm. He owns 163 acres of land in Marion and Benton Townships in Daviess County, and successfully oversees the operations of his holdings.

Leonard M. Hosman was married on Aug. 5, 1916, to Eunice E. Elliott born in the southern part of Gentry County, the daughter of H. F. and Alva (Brotherton) Elliott. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott are now living at Pattonsburg, where Mr. Elliott does general farming.

Mr. Hosman is a Democrat, and is a member of the Methodist church in which he is a steward. He belongs to the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Yoeman lodges. He is a man of energy, vision and ambition, an invaluable asset to the community.

Nathaniel G. Cruzen, a well known and successful attorney who is engaged in the practice of his profession at Gallatin, is a native of Daviess County and a member of one of the pioneer families of this part of the state. He was born at Jamesport, Aug. 1, 1871, a son of Nathaniel G. and Mary Faulkner (Gillilan) Cruzen.

Nathaniel G. Cruzen, the father, was a veteran of the Civil War and during his lifetime was identified with Daviess County. He was born in Jefferson County, Virginia, Oct. 14, 1826, and his parents were Richard R. and Aurelia W. (North) Cruzen, the former a native of Loudoun County, Virginia, who for 30 years was inspector of the National Armory at Harper's Ferry, and the latter a native of Fairfax County, Virginia. Nathaniel G. Cruzen, Sr., attended school at Harper's Ferry and worked in the armory under his father there until he was 20 years old. In 1846 he came to Missouri and settled in Saline County. He remained there until 1849 when gold was discovered in California when he went to the Pacific Coast. He was engaged in mining in California for four years and returned to Saline County where he was engaged in the peace-

ful pursuit of farming until the Civil War broke out. In December, 1861, he enlisted in the Confederate Army in Company A, commanded by F. S. Robertson. His first engagement was at Kirkpatrick's mill, near Knobnoster, Dec. 19, 1861, where the whole Confederate army was captured. Mr. Cruzen was confined in the Graitot Street Prison at St. Louis for three months when he was transferred to the prison at Alton, Ill., and six months later was exchanged. He was then mustered into Musser's Battalion which was later consolidated with the Infantry. He remained in the army until the close of the war when he surrendered at Shreveport, La. He then returned to Missouri and engaged in the mercantile business at Mt. Hope, Lafayette County, until March, 1869, when he came to Daviess County which was his home until the time of his death, July 1, 1903. Gallatin had been his home since 1883 and at the time of his death he was engaged in the loan and abstract business.

Nathaniel G. Cruzen, Sr., was first married to Nancy E. Jordin, a native of Greenbrier County, West Virginia, who died July 23, 1856. In December, 1860, Mr. Cruzen married Mrs. Mary Faulkner, a daughter of James Gillilan, a native of Pocahontas County, Virginia, and one of the early settlers of Daviess County. He was the founder of the town of Jamesport in whose honor it was named. To Nathaniel G. Cruzen's second marriage seven children were born of whom the following are living: Bettie L., married Charles A. Savage, Kansas City; Nathaniel G., the subject of this sketch; Harry L., Rock Island, Ill.; and Earl M., Walla Walla, Wash. The mother of these children resides in Kansas City with her daughter.

Nathaniel G. Cruzen, whose name introduces this review was educated in the public schools of Jamesport and Gallatin and Wentworth Military Academy at Lexington, Mo. He entered the Kansas City law school in 1895 and was graduated from that institution in 1897 and was admitted to the bar of Missouri in 1897. He held a clerkship in the Kansas City post office from 1891 to 1901, taking his law course at night school during the same period. In 1901 Mr. Cruzen returned to Gallatin and engaged in the practice of law. He was in partnership with R. J. Britton for a time and they conducted the abstract and loan business in addition to the law. In 1911 Mr. Cruzen became associated with E. D. Mann. Mr. Cruzen is a capable lawyer and has been identified with many of the important cases of Daviess County. He was appointed special prosecutor in the celebrated Tarwater case, which attracted state-wide attention and was carried to the Supreme Court which confirmed the conviction of the lower Court and the contention of the Prosecutor.

Mr. Cruzen was married June 26, 1896, to Miss Mary Edna Gearheart, a native of Denver, who was reared and educated in Kansas City and Gallatin. She is a very capable woman and a talented writer. To Mr. and Mrs. Cruzen have been born two children: Richard H., a graduate of the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., and is now holding a commission as ensign on the U. S. S. Claxton, with the Pacific fleet; and Mary N., who was educated at the Central Female College, Lexington, Mo., Kansas State Agricultural College and the Chicago University, is now a teacher of Domestic Science at Liberty, Mo.

Mr. Cruzen is a Democrat and has held the office of County Collector. He is a stockholder in the Farmers Exchange Bank of Gallatin and is a member of the Masonic Lodge.

Frank A. Fitterer, a grocery merchant of Gallatin, Daviess County, is a member of a well known Missouri family. He was born at Trenton on Nov. 15, 1873, and is the oldest son of Enos and Mary (Artman) Fitterer, sketches of whose lives appear elsewhere in this volume.

Frank A. Fitterer grew up in Daviess County and attended the school at Gallatin, from which he graduated in 1892. He became a firm member of the M. E. Fitterer and Sons Mercantile Company, and has retained his interest in the store ever since.

Mr. Fitterer was married on Oct. 7, 1896, to Maud Clingan. Mrs. Fitterer was born at Gallatin, the daughter of Edward and Lillie (Cloudas) Clingan. Mrs. Clingan, now deceased, was a native of Quincy, Ill.; and Mr. Clingan, born at Gallatin, now lives with his children. Mr. and Mrs. Fitterer have one son, Frank Clingan Fitterer. He graduated from the Gallatin High School, was a student in William Jewell College at Liberty, and later studied in Missouri State University, and also served as a member of the S. A. T. C. in the same college. He married Norris Tomlinson, and to this union one son was born, Jack Clingan Fitterer. Mr. Fitterer is now clerking in the Knauer store.

Frank A. Fitterer is a member of the Presbyterian Church and is an elder in that organization. By inheritance and training Mr. Fitterer is well fitted to handle mercantile work in a successful manner. He is one of the well established business men of the community, where the Fitterer family has always been considered an asset to the town.

Enos Fitterer, deceased, was born at Baden, Germany, on July 28, 1835. In 1846 his parents came to the United States and settled on a farm in Butler County, Ohio. Ten years later, in 1856, Enos Fitterer went to Hamilton, Ohio, and learned the trade of a baker. After spend-

ing 15 months at Hamilton, he went to Carthage, Ill., and entered the bakery business for himself.

Mr. Fitterer left his business in 1861 and enlisted for service in the Civil War. He was placed in Company B, 32nd Illinois Volunteer Infantry; and took part in the following battles and skirmishes, Pittsburg Landing, Hatchie River, and Sherman's March to the Sea. He was mustered out of service at Leavenworth, Kan., in September, 1865, and received his discharge at Springfield, Ill.

From Springfield, Ill., Mr. Fitterer came to Missouri and located at Trenton, where he entered into a partnership with C. A. Hoffman. They opened a grocery store and bakery under the firm name of Hoffman and Fitterer, which they conducted until 1867, when Mr. Hoffman retired from the business. In 1873, Mr. Fitterer and his brother, John, became partners in the same enterprise using the firm name of Fitterer and Brother. That same year they sold the store to Hyde and Crandall. In 1877, Mr. Fitterer moved to Gallatin, and entered the grocery and bakery business, which he conducted until his death on Feb. 18, 1884.

Enos Fitterer was married on Sept. 23, 1868, to Mary Artman. She was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, May 20, 1852. She died on April 19, 1908. To her union with Enos Fitterer two children were born: Frank A., and Oscar L., sketches of whose lives appear in this volume. After the death of her husband, Mrs. Fitterer continued to operate the store. She was a woman of keen business ability, and of wide sympathy. She was a devout member of the Baptist Church, as was her husband also, and supported it, both spiritually and financially with the greatest loyalty. She was a woman much given to deeds of charity, but never felt that she deserved praise for her kindnesses.

The firm name of M. E. Fitterer and Sons has been used since 1877. The long record of 45 continuous years of successful business is unusual. It has established the Fitterer name among the well known mercantile firms of the county. The two sons of Enos Fitterer now conduct the business. They have achieved the same success that their father had. The store is one of the best equipped in Daviess County. The firm carries a complete line of groceries and queensware, and operate a bakery in connection with the business. Enos Fitterer founded the business along safe business lines. He was a man of unusual discernment, great energy, and with high ideals of integrity and civic pride.

Oscar L. Fitterer, merchant at Gallatin, has been well and favorably known in the county all of his life. He is a member of a family that has been prominent in the mercantile business in Daviess County for

many years, and is himself a partner in the M. E. Fitterer's Sons grocery store and bakery. He was born at Gallatin on May 22, 1883, the son of Enos and Mary (Artman) Fitterer, sketches of whose lives appear in this volume.

Oscar L. Fitterer was educated in the Gallatin public schools and graduated from Grand River College with the degree of Master of Accounts. He did his special work in his chosen field under the tutelage of B. F. Spreyer. After graduation from college, Mr. Fitterer became a clerk in the store owned by his mother and brother. After the death of his mother, he became a partner in the store. He and his brother F. A., now conduct the business, which is one of the highly successful enterprises of Daviess County.

Mr. Fitterer was married to Maud Oxford on Nov. 11, 1908. Mrs. Fitterer was born at Cainsville, the daughter of M. F. and Sarah Jane (Chambers) Oxford. Mr. Oxford is an attorney at Cainsville. Mrs. Fitterer is an active member of the Baptist church, and for the past three years, has acted as the president of the Ladies' Aid Society of the church. She is a woman of marked executive ability and tact, and has made a thoroughly competent officer. She is a member of the Order of the Eastern Star, and has filled practically all of the offices in that lodge.

Oscar L. Fitterer is a member of the Baptist church. He is a Royal Arch Mason and the Chapter lodge at Gallatin; and is a Knights Templar and a member of the Moila Shrine at St. Joseph. He is accounted one of the progressive and reliable business men of Gallatin, and is one of the highly regarded citizens of Daviess County.

R. M. McCue, retired, substantial citizen of Daviess County is the owner of 400 acres of well improved land in Grand River Township, Daviess County. He was born in Nicholas County, Va., Feb. 19, 1844, the son of David and Martha (McNeil) McCue.

David McCue was born in Pocahontas County, Va., in February, 1802, and came to Missouri in 1844, where he became engaged in farming in Jackson Township, Daviess County. During the Civil War, Mr. McCue served in the army. He later sold out his farm and moved to Chariton County, Mo. For a short time he lived in Oklahoma. Mr. McCue died Sept. 12, 1892, on his son's farm in Daviess County. To David and Martha (McNeil) McCue 18 children were born, as follows: Paul, deceased; Isaac, deceased; Elizabeth, died in infancy; Franklin, deceased; Rachael, the widow of A. L. Martin, Oklahoma; David, deceased; James, deceased; John, deceased; William, deceased; Charles, deceased; Hannah, the widow of A. L. Holland, Gallatin; George, Okla-

homa; R. M., the subject of this sketch; Mathew, Shelby County; Abraham, deceased; Virginia, twin sister of Abraham; Mary, deceased, was the wife of Alfred Clark; Martha, deceased, was the wife of Wm. McCartney. Fifteen of the children grew to maturity, and eight of the sons served during the Civil War in the Confederate army.

Martha (McNeil) McCue, the mother of R. M. McCue, was born in Greenbrier County, Virginia, in 1810, and died on May 13, 1854. The following is quoted from remarks concerning the life of Mrs. McCue by Mrs. N. G. Cruzen, written in the Northwest History of Missouri: "Martha (McNeil) McCue, the mother of this very large family of 18 children underwent many trials and much privation in the rearing of her family. Can you imagine such a great mother love as she possessed? She brought up her family in a log cabin, shut in by the great wilderness of the prairie land. Beside the enormous task of mothering her children, Mrs. McCue even wove the material for their clothing. She carded the wool by hand, spun it on a big wheel, reeled it on a count wheel, dyed, wove, cut and made the garments for her entire family. She did this work by the light of a tallow candle. She communed in silent prayer with her God and touched each touseled head, fastened each little shoe, and bent to kiss each childish hurt. She was indeed a wonderful mother."

R. M. McCue was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the Oxford District school. He began farming on rented land, but in 1875 he purchased a farm in Bates County. Five years later, Mr. McCue returned to Daviess County, where he purchased a farm in Grandriver Township. He made extensive improvements and kept adding to his land holdings until he now owns 400 acres of land. He was one of the successful farmers of Daviess County, and is widely known.

In September, 1862, Mr. McCue enlisted in Arkansas under the command of General Joe Shelby, and served throughout the Civil War. He then returned to Daviess County. In 1890 he retired from farming and since that time has lived in Gallatin, where he owns a fine residence.

On Dec. 2, 1877, Mr. McCue was married to Elizabeth Rodgers, a daughter of T. F. and Tabitha (McClung) Rodgers, now deceased, natives of Virginia. Mrs. McCue was born Feb. 2, 1858, in Warren County, Ill. To R. M. and Elizabeth (Rodgers) McCue four children were born, as follows: Virgil R., dentist, St. Joseph; Jessie, the wife of Dr. M. A. Smith, Gallatin; Irma Roena, the wife of J. L. Campbell, professor, Liberty; Vada June, the wife of Dr. L. F. Graham, dentist, Cameron; Virgil R. McCue was educated in the Gallatin schools and Western Dental

College at Kansas City. He began his practice in 1901 at Pattonsburg, where he remained until 1912, when he was appointed by Governor Major on the parole board for two years. He then resigned and was appointed on the State Dental Board, on which he served for four years. He still holds this office. In 1914 Dr. McCue went to Cameron, where he practiced until 1920, when he removed to St. Joseph. He now has his business in St. Joseph, and has been unusually successful in his work. He is well known in Daviess County and has many friends. Jessie McCue Smith was educated in the Lexington Central College for Women, from which she is a graduate. She taught school until her marriage. Her sisters, Irma and Vada, are also graduates of the same school. Mr. McCue has four grand children: Virginia McCue; Bettie J. Smith; Mary M. Smith; and Mary C. Campbell.

Mr. McCue is a Democrat, and is a member of the Methodist Church, as also was his father. David McCue was a great student of the Bible. Mr. McCue attributes his great success in life to hard work, perseverance, and good management. He is an interesting and intelligent man and a substantial and reliable citizen. He merits the high esteem in which he is held in the community.

George C. Goodbar, the son of a pioneer farmer of Daviess County, and himself a retired farmer, now lives at Gallatin. He was born in Grand River Township, Daviess County, on Oct. 29, 1857, the son of Joseph and Jeannette (Drummond) Goodbar.

Joseph Goodbar was born in Rockbridge County, Virginia, Jan. 15, 1815. He came to Missouri in 1843, and bought land in Daviess County about three miles from the present site of Pattonsburg. Five years later, he moved to Grand River Township, where he preempted land on the prairie. He farmed there all of his life. His wife was a native of Monroe County West Virginia, where she was born in September, 1819. The children of Joseph and Jeannette (Drummond) Goodbar were: Mary A., married J. O. Miller and is now dead; J. M., deceased; R. H., living on the home place in Grand River Township; Missouri A., and a sister, twins, the former married to G. K. Nickell, and the latter died in infancy; Martha E., the wife of T. K. Hayes of Grand River Township; Josephine, the widow of J. Reed living in northern New Mexico; Laura A., the wife of A. C. Smith of Gallatin; George C., the subject of this review; J. V., living at Excelsior Springs; Joseph U., on a farm in Grand River Township; and Ada N., dead, was the wife of D. N. Hesler. Mrs. Goodbar died in 1894, and Mr. Goodbar died on March 4, 1889. Their remains are buried in Bethel Cemetery. They were both members of the Methodist Church.

George C. Goodbar was reared on a farm, and attended the rural schools. He began farming when he was only a boy. At the age of 10 years, he was using the old fashioned single shovel plow. He bought a part of the home place upon which he made improvements. He added to his land and now owns 120 acres in Grand River Township. In 1899, he and his brother, J. C. Goodbar, began breeding Shorthorn cattle. They shipped their stock through a commission company at Omaha, Neb., and became well known as breeders and shippers. In 1915, Mr. Goodbar sold his herd of pure bred cattle to Joe Mann. Mr. Goodbar remained on his farm until December, 1919, when he moved to Gallatin.

George C. Goodbar was married to Sarah (Poage) Ballard. Mrs. Goodbar was born in Union Township, the daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Allen) Poage. They were early settlers of Daviess County, who came to Missouri from Virginia.

Mr. Goodbar is a Republican, and held the office of a member of the township board in Grand River Township for two terms. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church. He is one of the substantial citizens of the county, a man who is reliable and highly respected.

Wood H. Hamilton, who is now living retired, was a prominent merchant of Gallatin, Mo., for many years. He was born in Randolph County, Mo., June 15, 1849, the son of Dr. John Benjamin and Coroline (Sanders) Hamilton, natives of Kentucky.

The Hamilton family is of Scotch Irish descent. For many years, Dr. Hamilton was a practicing physician in Kentucky. In 1836 he with his wife moved to Randolph County, Mo., having made the trip from Kentucky to Missouri in a covered wagon drawn by six horses. He brought several negro slaves with him. Upon his arrival in Missouri, Dr. Hamilton purchased a great deal of unimproved land which the negroes worked for him. He sold out his farm in 1850, removing to Gallatin, Mo., where he purchased business property and land near Gallatin. Two year later, Dr. Hamilton died at the age of 57 years. His wife then moved on a farm a mile west of Gallatin, with her five sons, where she lived until her death, March 17, 1903, at the age of 91 years.

Wood H. Hamilton was educated in the public schools of Gallatin, and was reared on a farm. He remained with his mother until his marriage in 1870. He carried on farming until 1873, when he held a live stock sale, which netted him \$625.00. With this money Mr. Hamilton came to Gallatin, and became engaged in the harness and saddlery business. Although being inexperienced along this line of work, he soon became an expert in making harness and saddles. His business grew steadily until at one time he had seven men engaged to assist him. In 1901 Mr. Hamilton sold out



Wood. H. Hamilton

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his business, after which he made many investments in property. He has owned about 12 of the business buildings on the square in Gallatin, among them being the Woodruff Hotel, the Odd Fellows Building, which was burned in the spring of 1922. Mr. Hamilton owns a very fine residence in Gallatin where he makes his home.

On Dec. 22, 1870, Mr. Hamilton was married to Amanda McGee, the daughter of Major McGee, a prominent pioneer of Gallatin. To Wood H. and Amanda (McGee) Hamilton seven children have been born, as follows: Minnie, deceased; Winnie, the wife of R. J. McCue, San Francisco, and they have one son, J. Dennison McCue, 22 years old; Elsie, the wife of Fred Carson, Kansas City, Mo., and they have two sons, Ralph and Robert; Lela, the wife of Carl Roswell, Chicago, Ill.; Coleman, married to Minnie Whitt, living at Holton, Kansas; Lewis B., born in 1899. He enlisted during the World War on July 23, 1917, at Trenton, and was sent to Camp Doniphan, Okla., for training. On April 25th, 1918, he sailed for overseas with the 139th Infantry, 35th Division, and on May 24th, 1918, was made corporal of Headquarters Company of the 139th Infantry. He was in the following battles; Wessling Sector, July 20th to Sept. 1, 1918; St. Mihiel, Dec. 16 to September; Argonne Offensive, from Sept. 26 to Oct. 2, 1918; in this battle all of the commissioned officers were killed, among them being Major W. D. Stepp, a well known attorney of Trenton. After the battle the sergeants were made leaders of the companies. Mr. Hamilton was also engaged in the Verdun Sector from Oct. 24th until Nov. 6, 1918. During one battle he was struck by a piece of shrapnel on the hand, which knocked a pair of pliers from his hands. His company left France on April 3, 1919, and landed in this country April 25, 1919. He was discharged on May 9, 1919, at Camp Funston, Kans. He returned to Gallatin, Mo., where he was appointed assistant cashier of the First National Bank of Gallatin, which position he held from August, 1919, until April 15, 1921. Mr. Hamilton then became engaged in looking after his father's interests. He was married on June 29, 1920, to Merle Harris of Clifton Hill, and they reside in Gallatin.

Wood H. Hamilton was a stockholder in the First National Bank of Gallatin, and after 40 years of connection with this bank, sold his interests. In politics he is a Democrat. He has held the office of either mayor or councilman of Gallatin since 1894, and is one of the leaders in public affairs of his community. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Modern Woodmen of America, and the Knights of Phythias. He belongs to the Christian church. Mr. Hamilton is one of Daviess County's most highly respected and substantial citizens and he stands high in the esteem of his community.

W. E. Blackburn, a well known retired farmer of Gallatin, was born Aug. 25, 1857, in Cass County, Indiana, a son of Robert and Cecelia Ann (King) Blackburn, natives of Butler County, Ohio.

Robert Blackburn was born in 1815 and was a farmer during his entire life. He died in 1871 in Miami County, Indiana, where he is buried. Mr. Blackburn was married twice, his first wife being a Miss Venamon. Five children were born to this union, one of whom is now living; Daniel Blackburn, who came to Missouri in 1869 and settled in Daviess County, where he now resides in Union Township.

Mr. Blackburn then married Cecelia Ann King, a native of Ohio, and to this union five children were born: A daughter, died in infancy; W. E. Blackburn, the subject of this sketch; Robert Oscar, deceased; L. K., Gallatin; Charles H., deceased. After Mr. Blackburn's death in 1871, Mrs. Blackburn married David W. Vaughn, and they were the parents of four children, as follows: Adelbert, Union Township; Albert E., Union Township; Eugene, living with his father and two brothers; Osta Isabelle, wife of A. L. Dunnington, Union Township. Mrs. Vaughn died in 1911.

W. E. Blackburn was reared on a farm in Miami County, Indiana, and came to Missouri in November, 1881. He worked as a farm hand for one year and then returned to Indiana. In 1883 he returned to Daviess County, and settled on a farm south of Gallatin. He farmed here until 1908, when he moved four miles northeast of Gallatin, and in 1919 he moved to Gallatin, where he is living retired. Mr. Blackburn was educated in a log cabin and took a normal course, teaching two terms of school, which he gave up for farming.

Mr. Blackburn has been married three times. His first wife was Virginia L. Wood, a native of Daviess County. Six children were born to them as follows: Pearl, wife of Harry Lewis, Chicago, Ill.; Jewell C., died in infancy; Frances, wife of C. H. Bryant, Winston; Virgil Homer, Chicago, Ill.; Laura J., wife of W. E. Sawyer, Tampa, Fla.; Forrest W., at home.

After the death of his first wife Mr. Blackburn was married to Hattie Wynne. No children were born to this union. Mr. Blackburn's third marriage in 1915 was to Jennie Baldwin, a native of Daviess County. They have no children.

Mr. Blackburn is a Democrat, and held township offices and also served on the County Court for two years from the south district. He is a member of the Methodist Church.

When Mr. Blackburn began farming as a renter he had \$300.00 in

cash. He now owns 170 acres of land in Union Township, 40 acres in Grand River Township, 10 acres just east of the city limits of Gallatin, and one acre on which he now lives in Gallatin. All of Mr. Blackburn's farms are well improved and he always owned high grade stock. He is one of the enterprising citizens of the county, and widely known. He was elected on the city council in 1922.

D. Harfield Davis, deceased, was a prominent merchant of Gallatin, for many years. He was born in Clark County, Virginia, one mile from the famous Lord Fairfax estate near the city of Winchester, on April 26, 1836. He was the son of Baalis and Eliza (Timberlake) Davis, natives of Virginia.

Baalis Davis was a merchant in Virginia and in 1855 removed to St. Louis, Mo., with his son, D. Harfield, the subject of this sketch. They went up the Missouri River by boat as far as the old port of Waverly, and from there they made the trip to Gallatin by horse and wagon. After their arrival in Gallatin, they became engaged in the drug business, which they followed until the times of their deaths. During the Civil War, D. Harfield Davis served as treasurer of Daviess County. At one time he had \$46,000.00 in his keeping. A report reached him that bushwhackers were liable to raid the town at any time, and fearing this might take place, hid the money in the county jail until the danger was past. Mr. Davis received his first commission as postmaster of Gallatin, from President Buchanan, in 1856. He also held this office during President Lincoln's administration and during part of President Grant's. He was a member of the first common council of Gallatin, on which board he served for many years, as well as the school board.

In 1869, Mr. Davis purchased the local newspaper, then known as the "Torchlight," which he later changed to the "Gallatin Democrat." He conducted the paper for several years, when he sold it and became engaged again in the drug business, which was known under the name of the D. H. Davis Drug Company, until his death. This company is still in business under that name, and is one of the most reliable and substantial drug firms in Daviess County.

Mr. Davis was married in 1859 to America Osborn, a native of Covington, Ind., who came to Missouri with her father, Jesse Osborne who was one of the prominent pioneers of Gallatin. Mrs. D. H. Davis died in April, 1905. Mr. Davis died July 31, 1917, at Gallatin, and they are buried in Brown Cemetery. To D. Harfield and America (Osborn) Davis the following living children were born: Madora, the wife of Robert

A. Crozier, Los Angeles, Calif.; Frank M., Gallatin; and Virginia S., Gallatin.

Frank Davis was born Jan. 12, 1863, and was reared and educated in Gallatin. He clerked in his father's store when a young man. Since his father's death, he has carried on the drug business and is a registered pharmacist. The store is incorporated and Mr. Davis with his two nephews own and conduct the business.

On Nov. 6, 1889, Frank Davis was married to Josephine A. Bottom, a native of Breckenridge, Mo., and daughter of Dr. M. and Lavinia (Harrison) Bottom. Dr. Bottom was a practicing physician at Breckenridge until his death, and was the oldest graduate of the old Richmond, Va., School of Medicine. His widow now lives in Breckenridge. To Frank and Josephine (Bottom) one child has been born, Leora M., born Oct. 26, 1891. She is the wife of Dr. W. Dalton Davis, who is stationed at Fort Lyons, Colo., with the navy. He is a specialist in the tubercular department. Mrs. W. Dalton Davis is a graduate of Gallatin High School and the University of Missouri, having the Bachelor of Arts and Sciences degrees.

Frank Davis is a Democrat, as also was his father. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and one of the substantial citizens of Gallatin. The Davis family has been prominent in Daviess County for years, where the name stands for integrity, for uprightness and good citizenship.

W. C. Pogue, a prominent retired farmer of Gallatin, and owner of 640 acres of land in Grand River Township, was born March 22, 1860, in Mason County, Ky., the son of William T., and Sallie Pickett (Shanklin) Pogue.

William T. Pogue was born in Greenup County, Ky., and came to Missouri in the early forties, where he purchased a great deal of land at 75 cents per acre. His brother, George Pogue, was a lawyer at Gallatin, also became a large land owner. W. T. Pogue never made his home in Missouri, as he became ill while here and sent for his son, George H., to come to Missouri and take care of his affairs. Mr. Pogue returned to Kentucky where he died, in 1881. At the time of his death he owned a great deal of cattle and a sawmill in Missouri, besides his land. Sallie (Pickett) Pogue was born in Mason County, Ky., where she also died. To W. T. and Sallie (Pickett) Pogue six children were born, of whom three are now living, as follows: George H., Jamesport; Sallie P., the wife of James C. Darnell, deceased, Mason County, Ky., and W. C., the subject of this sketch.

W. C. Pogue was the youngest of six children, and was reared on the farm in Kentucky, which is still in possession of the Pogue family. They have owned it for more than 150 years. He was educated in the Kalamont

School at Flemingsburg, Ky. After completing his education, Mr. Pogue returned to the farm, where he lived until he removed to Daviess County, on January 31, 1883. He settled on a farm there owned by his father in Grand River Township. Mr. Pogue was very successful in general farming and was a well known breeder of Schropshire sheep. He handled more sheep than most of the Missouri farmers. His farm was extensively improved and has a modern home on it. In October, 1916, Mr. Pogue retired and moved to Gallatin, where he now owns a fine residence three blocks east of the Square.

On Oct. 30, 1889, Mr. Pogue was married to Marguerite Barnett, a native of Grand River Township, born June 7, 1868. She is the daughter of R. M. and Mary M. (Drummond) Barnett. To W. C. and Marguerite (Barnett) Pogue four children have been born, as follows: R. Grady, Chilli-cothe; Robert J., with father; Mary G., born Aug. 26, 1901, living at home; Willetta, born Oct. 22, 1904, living at home. R. Grady Pogue served in the World's War, enlisting in August, 1917. He entered the officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan, Ill., and three months later was commissioned and sent to a training camp at Clintonville, Wis., and later to Rock Island, Ill., arsenal. He was also stationed at the Peoria, Ill., Tank Training School, and left Camp Custer for overseas in August, 1918. He was captain in the 330 Heavy Field Artillery. Mr. Pogue was stationed on ordinance duty most of the time. He returned to this country in May, 1919. Mr. Pogue was married to Myrtle C. Davis, on June 13, 1914. They have no children. Robert T. Pogue was born Aug. 25, 1883, and is married to Edna R. Peniston, of Daviess County.

Mr. Pogue is president of the Gallatin High School Board, which office he has held since 1918. He is a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian church, being an elder. Mr. Pogue is one of the substantial citizens of Daviess County, standing high in the esteem of his community.

C. H. Everly, a well known and prosperous retired farmer of Gallatin, was born in Marion Township, Dec. 1, 1858, a son of Wm. W. and Hannah (Whitt) Everly.

Wm. W. Everly was born in Logan, Hocking County, Ohio, in 1825, and in 1839 he came to Daviess County, locating on a farm in Grand River Township. During the Civil War Mr. Everly served in the State Guards. He died Sept. 7, 1869, on a farm in Grand River Township, now owned by his son, C. H. Everly. Mr. and Mrs. Everly were the parents of five children. Mrs. Everly, the mother of C. H. Everly, died many years ago, and Wm. W. Everly then married a widow, Mrs. Brown. They were the parents of three daughters.

C. H. Everly was 11 years of age when his father died. He was edu-

cated in the district schools, his first school being in a log cabin. In 1878 he attended the state university. He then purchased 160 acres of prairie land in Lincoln Township, where he made improvements and sold it the following year. After this he bought the old home place in Grand River Township, making extensive improvements. The nine room residence on that farm burned in February, 1920.

Feb. 22, 1882, Mr. Everly was married to Mary E. Ashbrook, a native of Jamesport Township, Daviess County, and daughter of David and Pauline (Hill) Ashbrook. Mr. and Mrs. Everly were the parents of five children, one of whom is now living, William F. He resides on a farm in Grand River Township. He married Alma B. Martin, of Iowa. They have one child, Helen Elizabeth.

Mr. Everly says he remembers when his father ran a saw and grist mill and used oxen to do his work around the mill. The farm-hands used oxen to plow corn and Mr. Everly when a boy used to ride the oxen.

Mr. Everly, at the time he retired, was very successful as a cattle feeder. He owns 467 acres of land in Grand River Township, which is well improved.

Mr. Everly is a Republican and a member of the Masonic Lodge. He is a member of the Baptist church, having attended since he was 16 years old. Mr. Everly was one of the organizers of the Gallatin Trust Company, being director and vice-president for some time. He is a public spirited and substantial citizen, and stands high in the community.

Peter P. Doak, deceased, was a prominent farmer of Union Township for many years. He was born in Sullivan County, Mo., Feb. 28, 1848.

Mr. Doak was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. He came to Daviess County about 1878, and began teaching school and preaching in the Methodist church. In 1884, he purchased a farm in Union Township, where he made extensive improvements, and lived until the date of his death in 1919.

Sept. 11, 1879, Mr. Doak was married to Lucretia Parker, a native of Kentucky, who came to Missouri when she was one year old. She is the daughter of James M. and Eliza (Lewis) Parker. Mrs. Parker now resides in Union Township, her husband having died in 1910.

To the union of Peter P. and Lucretia Parker Doak six children were born: Harry A., Union Township; LeRoy, deceased; Olin E., Monroe Township; Novia, Monroe Township; Edgar, living with his mother; and a daughter that died in infancy.

Mr. Doak was elected probate judge of Daviess County, on the Democratic ticket in 1906, and held that office for eight years. Mrs. Doak owns 120 acres of land in Daviess County. Mr. Doak was a man of energy,

strong purpose and industry. In his business affairs he was ever upright and fair and in his work as a citizen he was the upholder of high standards.

Harry A. Doak, a well-to-do farmer and stockman of Union Township, was born July 12, 1880, in Sheridan Township, Daviess County, a son of Rev. Peter P. and Lucretia (Parker) Doak.

Harry Doak was educated in the district schools and Grand River College at Gallatin. He then taught school for eight years, and was on rural route No. 6, out of Gallatin, from 1906 to 1917. In 1910 he purchased his present farm.

Mr. Doak was married September, 1910, to Sarah Tarwater, a daughter of James P. and Josephine (Worley) Tarwater, now residing at Gallatin. Mrs. Doak was born in Monroe Township, and was educated in the district schools and the Maryville Normal School. She taught school for three years.

To Mr. and Mrs. Doak five children have been born, as follows: Justin, Lowell, Helen, Kenneth; and Thomas E.

Mr. Doak now owns the farm originally owned by John L. Lewis. He owns 162 acres of land in Union Township. His farm is known as "Alfalfa Ridge Stock Farm." He has 30 acres in alfalfa which produces three to four crops annually running from two and a half to four tons to the acre the year. Mr. Doak is also a stock feeder. In 1917 Mr. Doak built a cattle and hay barn which has a capacity of 100 tons, and is one of the largest barns in Union Township.

Mr. Doak is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. He ranks as one of the leading and prosperous citizens of Union Township.

D. A. Blackburn, a well known farmer and stockman of Union Township, was born Jan. 4, 1875, in California, a son of Daniel and Mary (Holmes) Blackburn.

Daniel Blackburn was born in Indiana, Feb. 2, 1846. He enlisted in the Civil War, after which he came to Daviess County. He later went to California, where he made his home for some time, returning to Daviess County in 1877, where he purchased land. He now owns 450 acres of land in Union Township and 80 acres in Monroe Township.

Daniel Blackburn and wife were the parents of seven children, as follows: Blanch, the wife of Chas. Heckman, Denver, Colo.; D. A., the subject of this sketch; Ora, the wife of George A. Jones, Julesburg, Colo.; Cora, the wife of John L. Lewis, a farmer living near Gallatin; Mrs. Jones and Mrs. Lewis are twin sisters; Vergia, the wife of M. J. Lankford, Gallatin; Lewis, residing in Union Township; Alma, deceased.

Daniel Blackburn was elected twice to the office of judge in the south district, and was serving his third term as presiding judge when he suffered

a stroke of paralysis, which left him unable to read, write or speak. Mr. Blackburn now lives in Gallatin. His wife was a native of St. Louis, and was born in 1842. Mr. Blackburn came from Indiana to Missouri, he came by rail to Hamilton, and then took a stage coach to a point 14 miles northeast. He stayed over night in a farm house that now stands on his land. He is a Republican and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic.

D. A. Blackburn was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools. He began farming when a very young man and now rents his father's farm.

July 31, 1912, Mr. Blackburn was married to Maud Beck, a native of Marion Township, Daviess County, and a daughter of Henry and Ella (Roberts) Beck. Mr. and Mrs. Beck were natives of Ohio and Missouri and are now living near Jameson.

To Mr. and Mrs. Blackburn four children have been born, as follows: Doris, Evelyn, Melba, and Marvin, all of whom are living at home.

Mr. Blackburn is a Republican and widely and favorably known in Daviess County.

W. C. Macy, deceased, widely known in Daviess County, was born July 24, 1849, near Edinburg, Mo., the son of Seth and Malinda (Adkinson) Macy, natives of South Carolina and Sugar Creek, Mo.

W. C. Macy was a farmer and came to Daviess County when young man, in 1865. He settled in Union Township. He carried on farming during his entire life and became wealthy, at one time owning over 500 acres of land. He owned and conducted the marble works at Gallatin for a time. In 1900 he moved to Gallatin, where he lived retired until his death, July 20, 1921.

On Dec. 4, 1873, Mr. Macy was married to Mary E. Nichols, a native of Licking County, Ohio, and a daughter of Samuel and Hannah (Wickham) Nichols, natives of Licking County, who moved to Daviess County, in 1854. Mrs. Macy was born Dec. 25, 1853, and is now residing in Gallatin.

To W. C. Macy and wife, seven children were born, as follows: Ollie E., the wife of Ezra Hamilton, Jackson Township, Daviess County; Pearly, Hanston, Kans., a rancher; Maggie B., the wife of Moren Knight, Jackson Township, Daviess County; Ada N., deceased, was the wife of Charles Henry; Ida M., the wife of Everette McClaskey, Fresno, Calif.; Charity, the wife of Homer Meade, Trenton; Lena, the wife of Claude Cousins, St. Joseph.

Mr. Macy was a Republican and served in the office of public administrator for four years. He also held other minor offices and while on the



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farm served on the district school board. In general farming and stock raising, Mr. Macy was very successful. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is buried in Brown Cemetery at Gallatin. Mr. Macy was an estimable and upright citizen who deservedly stood high in Daviess County.

J. Sam Harlow, a successful farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, was born Oct. 8, 1854, in Shelby County, Ky., a son of James and Hulda Jane (Nichols) Harlow.

James Harlow was born in Kentucky, Feb. 16, 1824. He came to Daviess County in 1867, locating on a farm in Monroe Township. His wife was reared by her grandparents in Kentucky, her parents having died when she was a very small child. She was educated in the schools of Kentucky, later teaching in Shelby County, Ky. Mr. Harlow died April 18, 1882, in Monroe Township. He owned at the time of his death 300 acres of land. He was one of the dependable farmers of Monroe Township.

Mr. and Mrs. Harlow were the parents of eight children, as follows: J. W., Gallatin; J. Sam, the subject of this sketch; Linsley, Montgomery County, Kans.; E. J., Monroe Township, J. P., Chillicothe; Wilmar G., Monroe Township; the other two children died in infancy.

J. Sam Harlow was brought up on a farm and has always followed farming. He was 12 years of age when his parents moved from Kentucky to Daviess County. En route, they stopped at Livingston County, for a short time.

Mr. Harlow farmed on his father's land until the age of 21 years, when he rented land for himself. He later bought 40 acres of land in Monroe Township, which he improved and later sold. He then purchased a farm in Jackson Township and five years later he purchased one in Liberty Township. In 1911 he bought the farm where he now resides which is well improved.

March 2, 1875, Mr. Harlow was married to Lucy A. Shistine, a native of Kentucky, born Aug. 18, 1851. She is the daughter of George and Virginia (Mann) Shistine, natives of Kentucky who came to Missouri before the Civil War. They settled in Livingston County, where they owned a farm. Mr. Shistine died there and his wife died in Kansas.

Mr. and Mrs. Harlow are the parents of six children: Retta C., the wife of Willard Folley, Princeton; Luetta, the wife of Wood Parker, Liberty Township; Otta E., Union Township; Frank, Bourbon County, Kans.; Floyd, Grand River Township; and Carl, living at home.

Mr. Harlow is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He owns 144 acres of land in Monroe Township, on which he is successfully engaged

in farming and stock raising. M. Harlow is a public spirited and progressive citizen and his family are prominent and well liked throughout the township and county.

E. J. Harlow, a prominent farmer and breeder of Monroe Township, was born Nov. 26, 1860, Shelby County, Ky., a son of James and Hulda (Nichols) Harlow.

James Harlow was a native of Kentucky, born Feb. 16, 1824. He moved to Daviess County in 1867, locating on a farm in Monroe Township. His wife, Hulda Nichols, was born Nov. 30, 1828, near Kokomo, Ind., and was reared by her grandparents in Kentucky, her parents having died when she was a very young child. She was educated in Kentucky, later teaching school in Shelby County, Ky. Mr. Harlow died April 18, 1882, in Monroe Township.

Mr. and Mrs. Harlow were the parents of eight children, as follows: J. W., Gallatin; J. Sam, Monroe Township; Linsley, Montgomery County, Kans.; E. J., the subject of this sketch; J. P. Chillicothe; Wilmer G., Monroe Township; and two children who died in infancy.

E. J. Harlow came to Daviess County with his parents when he was six years old. He was educated in the district schools, and has been a farmer all his life. He, with his wife, inherited 200 acres of land, and have made their home there since their marriage. Mr. Harlow has made extensive improvements on the land, which is one of the best improved farms in Monroe Township. He uses acetylene lights. Mr. Harlow has been a breeder of Hereford Cattle and Percheron horses and jacks.

E. J. Harlow was married Jan. 23, 1881, to Mary A. Wilson, a daughter of McClain and Abbie (Green) Wilson, natives of Tennessee and Kentucky, who first settled in Ray County, Mo., and later came to Daviess County. Mrs. Harlow was born on the farm where she now lives and which she inherited. To Mr. and Mrs. Harlow six children have been born: George Willard, a stock shipper, Hamilton; Earl, at home; Virgil, at home. The two younger children are graduates of the Quincy and Kidder Schools; the three other children are deceased.

Mr. Harlow is a Democrat. He is a stock holder in the Gallatin Flour Mill, and a director of the North Missouri Fair Association of Hamilton. He is the owner of 746 acres of land in Monroe Township. Mr. Harlow has made a success of stock raising and is one of the reliable and progressive citizens of the county, energetic and far-sighted in his methods of business and dependable in his dealings.

Floyd S. Tuggle, a prosperous farmer, stockman, legislator, and business man of Union Township, Daviess County, was born in Caldwell County, Feb. 17, 1885, a son of James and Victoria A. (Smith) Tuggle.

James Tuggle was born in Daviess County, in 1853, the son of Judge John A. and Marie (Hemry) Tuggle. Judge John A. Tuggle was born in Kentucky, on July 5, 1807. His parents moved to Knox County, Ky., where he was reared and educated. In 1839, he removed to Daviess County, where he became engaged in farming in Monroe Township. He was a large landholder. Judge Tuggle was elected judge of Daviess County for two terms. To Judge John A. and Marie (Hemry) Tuggle six children were born, as follows: George; Sarah; James, father of the subject of this sketch; Virginia; Thomas R.; and Puss B. The Hemry family was one of the prominent pioneer families of Daviess County. James Tuggle moved to the northern part of Caldwell County after his marriage, where he farmed until 1889, after which he purchased his present farm in Union Township, now owned by his widow, Victoria A. Tuggle; the farm is located two miles southwest of Gallatin. James Tuggle made extensive improvements on his land and became well-to-do, being a widely known breeder of Hereford cattle. For many years, Mr. Tuggle was president of the First National Bank of Gallatin. He was a Royal Arch Mason and belonged to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a Democrat. Victoria A. (Smith) Tuggle was born in Ray County, Mo., and is now living in Gallatin. Mr. Tuggle died April 19, 1909. To James and Victoria A. (Smith) Tuggle only one child was born, Floyd S., the subject of this sketch.

Floyd S. Tuggle was reared in a home of comfort and refinement and attended the Grand River Academy at Gallatin, and in 1902 entered the University of Missouri, from which he was graduated in 1906 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. After completing his education, Mr. Tuggle lived for several months in Idaho, but on account of his father's poor health he returned to Missouri to take charge of his father's land, where he has since remained. Mr. Tuggle has been very successful as a breeder of pure bred Shorthorn cattle. He is the owner of 560 acres of well improved land in Jackson Township, Daviess County, and operates 1050 acres. The farm in Union Township, where he resides, is known as "Clover Lawn Stock Farm," and is one of the very modern and attractive farms of Daviess County.

In 1911 Mr. Tuggle was married to Miss Grace Anderson of Idaho. She died April 18, 1913, leaving a son, James A. Tuggle. In 1916, Mr. Tuggle was married to Helen Weiser, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of Fred and Flora N. (Parks) Weiser, also natives of Daviess County. Mr. Weiser now lives in Gallatin. To Mr. and Mrs. Tuggle has been born one child, Jane Ann, born in February, 1920.

Mr. Tuggle is a member of the Baptist church, and is a Mason. He

is a director of the First National Bank of Gallatin, and of the Young Men's Christian Association. He is also a member of the Gallatin Commercial Club. Mr. Tuggle has been interested in Democratic politics and economic questions, upon which he is well informed. In 1910 he was elected to the state legislature and served during four sessions. He has served on the Appropriations Committee, the Committee on Roads and Highways, the Committee on Education, and was chairman on the Committee on Agriculture. During the World War Mr. Tuggle was County Food Administrator and was chairman of the Counsel of Defense.

Because of his efficiency in office and his interest in public affairs, Mr. Tuggle is ranked among the substantial citizens of Daviess County. He merits the esteem in which he is held in his community.

E. T. Lankford, a successful farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, Daviess County, and owner of 200 acres of well improved land, was born Nov. 25, 1877, in Daviess County, a son of E. S. and Cynthia J. (Cox) Lankford.

E. T. Lankford grew up on the farm. He received his education in the public schools of Monroe Township, and also attended Grand River College. For 25 years he was associated with his father in general farming and stock raising. He later became heir to about 80 acres of land. He at present owns a very fine farm, well improved.

Mr. Lankford was married Oct. 20, 1907, to Alma A. Morris, a daughter of Washington and Anna (Lydick) Morris. Mr. Lankford was born near Gallatin. Mrs. Morris now resides with her daughter, Mrs. Lankford. Mr. and Mrs. Lankford have no children.

Mr. Lankford is a Democrat, and has held the offices of clerk and assessor. He is a member of the Baptist church, and an energetic man who stands well in the esteem of his neighbors and fellow citizens.

E. S. Lankford, deceased, was a prominent farmer of Monroe Township, Daviess County. At the time of his death he owned 240 acres of well improved land. Mr. Lankford was born July 3, 1851, in Monroe Township. His parents were Thomas and Rebecca (Barnes) Lankford, who were the parents of four children, four of whom are now living: Rebecca Roswell, Hamilton; Lee Ann, the wife of Benjamin Cox, Hamilton; Wiley, Graham and Thomas, Wathena, Kans. Thomas Lankford was born in Kentucky and came to Missouri when a very young man, settling in Monroe Township, where he died. His wife was also a native of Kentucky.

E. S. Lankford grew up on a farm and was engaged in farming and stockraising during his entire life. He was educated in the district schools. When a young man he became heir to some land, and later purchased part of the home place in 1875. During his early life he was a cattle feeder.

Mr. Lankford was married April 16, 1870, to Cynthia J. Cox, a native of Monroe Township, born Feb. 22, 1853. She was the daughter of Edward and Marinda (Osborn) Cox, natives of Daviess and Jackson Counties. Mr. Cox was a soldier during the Civil War, and died from illness contracted while in the army. Mr. and Mrs. Cox were the parents of seven children, of whom Mrs. Lankford was the second oldest.

To E. S. Lankford and wife six children were born: Lucy, deceased, was the wife of Harry Muller; Willard, Caldwell County; Carrie, living with her mother on the old home place; Edward T., Monroe Township; Marion, Gallatin; and a child who died in infancy.

E. S. Lankford was a Democrat, and held many township offices. In 1892 he was elected sheriff of Daviess County, which office he held until 1894. In 1910 he was elected judge of the southern district of the county, and held that office for six years. He helped organize and was a stockholder in the Farmers Mutual Insurance Company.

Mrs. Lankford is a member of the Baptist church and lives in Monroe Township where she owns 80 acres of land.

Mr. Lankford died March 24, 1921. He was a man of integrity, a believer in progressive methods in his work and always ready to support the best interests of his community.

H. C. Scott, the capable and well known deputy state oil inspector of Gallatin, was born in Harrison Township, Grundy County, May 31, 1870, a son of Charles W., and Sallie (Thornbrough) Scott.

Charles W. Scott was born in Daviess County, three miles southeast of Gallatin, Aug. 2, 1833. He was the son of John and Miss (Meeks) Scott, natives of Virginia, who came to Daviess County in 1833. They made the trip with oxen and settled on a farm after their arrival. After one year they removed to Grundy County, near Edinburg. In 1850 John Scott with his son, Charles W., started across the plains with a party to the gold fields. On the trip John Scott died from cholera. His wife died in 1840. Charles W. Scott, father of the subject of this sketch, went on with the trip after his father's death. He returned to Grundy County in 1853. During the trip he made about \$3,000, which was considered a great deal of money at that time. In 1861 he again made the trip across the plains with his wife. They returned to Missouri in 1864. They remained in Grundy County until their deaths. At the time of his death, December, 1918, Mr. Scott owned 420 acres of land, including the 100 acres he entered from Government many years ago, which he had sold and later purchased again. During the Civil War he served for ten months in the State Guards. Mrs. Scott was born in Alabama, Jan. 22, 1837, and died in 1911.

She was about a year old when her parents moved to Grundy County. Mr. Scott was a Republican and a member of the Methodist church.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Scott were the parents of nine children, seven of whom are now living, as follows: Laura, deceased, was the wife of George Drummond; Flora, the wife of Charles Bowman, Brimson; Hannah, deceased, was the wife of J. P. Lynch; Lottie, the wife of L. W. Shaw, Grundy County; Charles S., Oklahoma; Thomas J., Phoenix, Ariz.; B. E., Trenton; Portor, Brimton; H. C., the subject of this sketch.

H. C. Scott was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools and the Trenton High School. In 1893 he came to Gallatin, and became engaged in the mercantile business. In 1904 he rented a farm in Union Township, and while engaged in farming he was nominated on the Republican ticket for county recorder, but was defeated. Mr. Scott gave up farming in 1906, and was engaged in the Farmers Store as a clerk. In 1910 he was appointed deputy oil inspector under Governor Hadley's administration. He served in this capacity for six months, after which he clerked in the farmers store at Gallatin. Jan. 1, 1917 he resigned and took up farming, buying 77 acres of land in Sheridan Township, which he sold in 1919. While farming he was nominated and elected circuit clerk of Daviess County, which office he held until Aug. 16, 1921. After resigning this office he was appointed deputy state oil inspector, which office he now holds. His son, Wilson Scott, was appointed by Governor Hyde to fill the unexpired term of his father.

July 2, 1898, Mr. Scott was married to Lulu T. Frazier, a daughter of Dr. James C. and Laura (Wilson) Frazier, natives of Randolph County, and Kentucky. Mrs. Scott was born in Bedford, Mo., July 4, 1879. Dr. Frazier was a prominent physician at Gallatin for a number of years, having come to Missouri in 1888. He died in 1912, and his widow is now living with her children.

To Mr. and Mrs. Scott eight children have been born, as follows: Wilson, county circuit clerk of Daviess County, a graduate of the high school at Gallatin, and was a student at Missouri University for two years; Huella, the wife of Gilmer Barnett, Gallatin; Anna Laura, at home, a teacher in the district schools; Elsie, at home; James, at home, Frances, at home; Katherine, at home; and Robert, at home.

Mr. Scott is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America, and has an extensive acquaintance throughout the county.

Archibald S. Youtsey, Jr., and Eben Estes Youtsey, brothers and prominent farmers and stockmen of Union Township, Daviess County, are both natives of Missouri. They were the sons of Archibald S. and Marie Elizabeth (George) Youtsey. Archibald S. Youtsey, Jr., was born on

Dec. 10, 1869, and Eben Estes Youtsey was born on March 29, 1873. They were both born in Union Township, Daviess County, on the farm where they now reside.

Archibald Smith Youtsey, Sr., was born in Campbell County, Ky., Dec. 10, 1816, the son of Adam Youtsey and Katherine (Smith) Youtsey. Adam Youtsey was born Feb. 16, 1783, and died Sept. 16, 1821. His wife was the daughter of Ebenezer Smith, who was born Feb. 16, 1750, and died Feb. 20, 1833. The Youtsey family first appeared in this country in Maryland, then in Virginia, Kentucky and Ohio. In the winter of 1834, Archibald Smith Youtsey went to Indiana, where he remained until the fall of 1838, when he removed to Missouri, settling in Daviess County, in a log cabin, where he became engaged in farming and stock raising, and taught one of the first schools in Union Township. Mr. Youtsey was one of the prominent and successful farmers of Daviess County, and at his death, in 1887, was a large land holder. Archibald S. Youtsey, Sr., made two trips from Daviess County, to Cincinnati, Ohio, on horseback, the first one being in 1838, and the other in 1840.

On June 4, 1850, Archibald S. Youtsey, Sr., was married to Marie Elizabeth George, a native of Kentucky, born Feb. 9, 1834. She was the daughter of Chandler Lee George, a native of Virginia, and Mary Ann George, who was also a native of Virginia. Chandler Lee George was born in 1804 and died in 1881. His wife was born in 1814 and died in 1873. To Archibald Smith and Marie Elizabeth (George) Youtsey, 14 children were born, as follows: Mary R. W., born March 31, 1851; Obediaha S., born May 24, 1852; Adam F., born Jan. 1, 1854; Medora E., born Jan. 8, 1856, died Aug., 7, 1885; Elizabeth M., born Jan. 29, 1858, died in 1906; Phena L., born May 27, 1859; Edward T., born Aug. 4, 1861; Nannie E., born May 14, 1868, died in 1897; Archibald S. Jr., born Dec. 10, 1869; Eben Estes, born March 29, 1873; Edith W., born July 11, 1876; Christina T., born Aug. 19, 1879, died Sept. 7, 1880. Mrs. Youtsey died in 1914.

A. S. and E. E. Youtsey, the subjects of this sketch, were educated in the district schools, and have lived all their lives in Union Township. They operate the old home farm of 160 acres, which is one of the well improved and fine farms in Daviess County. The three Youtsey brothers, A. S., E. E., and E. T. are now operating together 1400 acres of land in Daviess County. The farming is all done by modern methods, except the tractor.

Messrs. Youtsey are both Democrats and members of the Christian church. They are unmarried. They are highly respected and among the most substantial citizens of Daviess County. The Youtsey family ranks among the leading representative people of Missouri.

J. W. Allsup, deceased, was a pioneer citizen of Daviess County, born Dec. 15, 1840, in Jackson County, Ind. He was educated in the district schools of Indiana and studied to be a surveyor.

In 1862 Mr. Allsup enlisted for service in the Civil War at Indianapolis, Ind., and served in Company G, 17th Indiana Volunteer Infantry. He enlisted with 22 young men from his school district and he and another comrade were the only survivors. He was in many battles and skirmishes and carried the flag into Atlanta, Ga., when that city was taken. He was wounded, being shot through the wrist, and at another time, his horse fell from a bridge, crushing his hip, which bothered him during the remainder of his life.

After serving four years in the army Mr. Allsup taught school in Indiana for one year; he then moved to Moultrie County, Ill., where he lived until 1882. He then came to Daviess County, Mo., and located on a farm, where he resided until his death, Nov. 20, 1916. His farm was known as the Covington Farm. At the time of his death, Mr. Allsup owned 200 acres of well improved land in Monroe Township.

Jan 25, 1866, Mr. Allsup was married to Mary Elizabeth Megahey, a native of Kentucky, born Dec. 11, 1845. She died March 10, 1878. Mr. and Mrs. Allsup were the parents of nine children, of whom four are deceased. Those living are: Electra, now a widow living in Monroe Township, on a part of the old home place; L. G., Des Moines, Ia.; Pearl, residing on the home farm; John W., Jr., Camden County, Mo.; Eva May, residing on the home farm.

Pearl and Eva May Allsup live together on the home farm in Monroe Township, and own 160 acres of land. Miss Pearl Allsup taught school for one year in District No. 89, Monroe Township. They are both very enterprising and progressive women, and are widely known in Daviess County.

Mr. Allsup was a staunch Republican and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He was well educated, and one of the successful and prominent men of Monroe Township.

J. F. Dunnington, a leading farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, and owner of 205 acres of well improved land, was born Oct. 18, 1848, in Harrison Township, Daviess County, a son of William P. and Elizabeth (Osborn) Dunnington.

William P. Dunnington was a native of Maryland, born in 1817. When a very young man he left home and settled in Virginia, later going to Kentucky. He then came to Daviess County, where he located in Harrison Township on the farm where he died April 11, 1894. He was the son of James and Sarah (Payne) Osborne. Elizabeth (Osborn) Dunnington was born in Clay County, Mo., in 1822, a daughter of William and Sarah



J. W. ALLSUP

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(Grooms) Osborn. Mr. and Mrs. Osborn were among the pioneers of Daviess County, who braved the attacks of the Indians and Mormons in the early days. It was also common to see bears throughout this part of the country then. Mrs. Dunnington died in 1874.

To William P. and Elizabeth (Osborn) Dunnington were born ten children, seven of whom are now living: J. F., the subject of this sketch; Coleman, Harrison Township; Mark, Harrison Township; Amanda, Harrison Township; Joseph S. and Richard H., living in the state of Washington.

J. F. Dunnington grew to manhood on his father's farm. In 1876 he purchased his present farm, moving from Harrison Township, in 1878. His farm is modern in every respect, and he has been very successful in general farming and stock raising.

On Dec. 27, 1874, Mr. Dunnington was married to Johanna Worley, a daughter of Daniel Worley. Mrs. Dunnington was born in Williams County, Ohio, Feb. 13, 1852. Mr. Worley came to Missouri after the Civil War.

Mr. and Mrs. Dunnington were the parents of ten children, as follows: Albert, Union Township; William, Pueblo, Colo.; Lena, the wife of William O'Toole, Alamosa, Colo.; Charles, Cameron; Elmer, deceased; Frank, Colorado; Vernice, the wife of Charles Franks, Sheridan Township; Bernice, the wife of Harry Temple, Montana; Mary, the wife of Kenneth Clark. Lawrence, Kans.; Thomas, living at home. Vernice and Bernice are twins. Mrs. Dunnington died Aug. 14, 1914.

Mr. Dunnington is a Republican and takes an active interest in local affairs, having served on the school board, district No. 88, ever since he came to Monroe Township. He is a reliable man in his community who has attained success by hard work and perseverance.

Milton Trosper, a prominent farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, was born in Caldwell County, May 25, 1858, a son of Benjamin and Mary C. (Groves) Trosper.

Benjamin Trosper was born Dec. 1, 1828, in Kentucky. During the Civil War he was a soldier in the Confederate Army. When a very young man he came to Caldwell County, where he engaged in farming and stock raising during his entire life. He died in 1868. Benjamin and Mary C. (Groves) Trosper were the parents of eight children. Later Mrs. Trosper married Louis Brooks, and is now residing in Creigmont, Idaho. Four children were born to this union.

Milton Trosper was educated in the district schools and has followed farming and stock raising all his life. He purchased his present farm in 1902 and has made extensive improvements. He now owns 401 acres, and

is widely known as a breeder and feeder of Duroc Jersey hogs and Short-horn cattle.

Mr. Trosper was married the first time to Sarah J. Lankford, who was born in Daviess County, Aug. 7, 1855. She died in 1912. To Milton and Sarah J. (Lankford) Trosper four children were born: Thomas B., deceased; Martin, Caldwell County; Grace, the wife of Benjamin Rogers, Caldwell County; Fay, the wife of Orva Brewer, Caldwell County.

Mr. Trosper was married the second time to Fannie (Gebhard) Buell, March 29, 1915. She was born in Union County, Pa., Sept. 27, 1881, and moved to Kansas when she was four months old with her parents. She was reared in Brown County, and was married the first time to George Buell. To George and Fannie (Gebhard) Buell two children were born: Georgia married Virgil Wynne, Gallatin, and LeVeta living with her mother. Mrs. Trosper moved to Daviess County in 1914.

Milton Trosper is a Democrat and a stockholder in the Nettleton Bank of Nettleton, Mo., and also the Farmers Mercantile and Trade Company. He is a member of the Methodist church and is recognized as a dependable citizen of Daviess County.

Fred L. Pierce, a successful farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, and owner of 200 acres of well improved land, was born Jan. 29, 1871, in Tippecanoe County, Ind., a son of Richard Carter and Sarah Ann (Lee) Pierce.

Richard C. Pierce was born in Ohio, Aug. 17, 1828. He was a physician and surgeon and preached in the Methodist church for more than 60 years. In 1883 he went west and settled at Iowa Point, Kans., where he practice medicine. He later moved to Leona, Kan., and in 1892, engaged in the drug business at Atchison, Kans. After several years Mr. Pierce came to Gallatin to make his home with his children. He also lived in Breckenridge for 10 or 12 years. He died at Gallatin March 13, 1913. Mrs. Pierce was born Aug. 12, 1829, in West Virginia, and died March 24, 1915. She was a cousin of Robert E. Lee of Confederate fame. Mr. and Mrs. Pierce are buried at Gallatin. Richard Pierce's father was William Pierce, a native of Ohio. He died at the age of 90 years in Indiana, the result of an accident, a tree falling on him.

To Richard Carter and Sarah Ann (Lee) Pierce ten children were born, as follows: Wiley W., deceased; Isaac D., Gallatin; Ed S., Gallatin; Flora, deceased, was the wife of Loren Patterson; Hattie, deceased, was the wife of John Patterson; Charles C., Stephens, Ark.; Geo. W., Dallas, Texas; Lewis J., Indianapolis, Ind.; and Fred L., the subject of this sketch, and one son who died in infancy. Isaac and Ed Pierce are both blind.

Fred L. Pierce was reared on a farm in Indiana and received his educa-

tion in the district schools and Leona, Kans., High School. For ten years he worked as a farm hand, and in December, 1896, he came to Missouri with his wife and two children. They made the trip in a covered wagon with a team of horses and Mr. Pierce had but 90 cents. They settled in Gallatin, and he worked at hauling wood to town. The following spring he rented land in Liberty Township where he carried on farming. He purchased his present farm in 1899, on which he has made extensive improvements. He is a well known breeder of Poland China hogs, and a fancier of fine stock, especially mules.

Mr. Pierce was married Jan. 30, 1893, to Addie Brant, a daughter of William and Sarah (Schaen) Brant, natives of Germany, who settled in Ohio in 1846 and later, in 1881, came to Kansas. Mr. and Mrs. Brant were the parents of seven children, of whom Mrs. Pierce was the youngest; she was born Sept. 30, 1872, in Seneca County, Ohio. To Fred L. and Addie (Brant) Pierce eight children were born, as follows: Lee R.; Lloyd F.; Walter H.; Mary M.; Olive B.; Mildred R.; Bessie P.; John M.; all of the children are living at home, except Lee R., who lives in Gallatin, and are very well educated.

Mr. Pierce is a Republican and has clerked more sales than any other man in the county. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America. He is an energetic man who stands well in the esteem of his neighbors and fellow citizens.

Seth Macy, a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, was born July 12, 1886, in Union Township, Daviess County, a son of Perry and Ollie (Critten) Macy, who now reside in Union Township.

Mr. Seth Macy was educated in the district schools and the Kidder Institute, Kidder, Mo. After finishing his education he engaged in farming. During one winter he and his father fed 1800 sheep, as they were engaged in stock raising.

In March 1915, Mr. Macy was married to Mattie Weldon, of Harrison Township, a daughter of J. H. and Amanda (Ramsbottom) Weldon. Mr. and Mrs. Weldon are now retired and are living in Gallatin. Mrs. Macy is a graduate of the public schools of Gallatin.

Mr. and Mrs. Macy are the parents of two children, Mary Elizabeth and James Weldon.

When Mr. Macy married he settled on the home farm for one year, and then moved to his present farm. In 1918 he erected a modern bungalow. He handles and feeds a great many cattle. Mr. Macy now operates 540 acres of land. He also owns 160 acres of well improved land in Union Township. The farm on which he resides with his family contains 80

acres. He is a stockholder of the Farmers Mercantile Company of Gallatin.

Mr. Macy is a member of the Methodist Church and the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. He is a Democrat and one of the substantial citizens of Monroe Township and Daviess County.

Perry Macy, a prominent and successful farmer and stockman of Union Township, was born Oct. 25, 1865, on the farm where he still resides. He is a son of Seth and Malinda (Atkinson) Macy.

Seth Macy was born in Indiana and later came to Grundy County, Mo., where he lived for a while, later buying his present farm. At the time of his death he was a large property owner. Upon his father's death, Perry Macy became heir to 565 acres of land and has since that time acquired 171 acres. He has 75 acres of heavy timber.

Mr. and Mrs. Seth Macy were the parents of four children; W. C., deceased; Samantha, deceased, was the wife of James Critten of Jackson Township; Naoma F., deceased, was the wife of C. K. Gwinn; and Perry Macy, the subject of this sketch.

Perry Macy was married to Ollie E. Critten, a native of Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Macy were the parents of the following children: Seth, Monroe Township, whose sketch appears in this volume; Ina, deceased, was married to W. C. Wynne; Icy, educated in Lexington, Center College; Randolph, Macon College in Virginia, also a graduate of Chicago University and a graduate of Yale, with Ph. D. degree and a degree at Boulder, Colo., now teacher of Chemistry in Berkley, Calif.; and Robert at home.

Mr. Macy is a Democrat and has served on the township board. He is a member of the Methodist church. He has been a director in the Gallatin Co-operative store for three years. Mr. Macy does general farming and is a well known breeder of Aberdeen cattle. He is a good farmer and stockman and successful manager.

William Ramsbottom, deceased, who was a prominent citizen of Daviess County, was born March 17, 1845, in Liberty Township, this county, the son of Obadiah and Matildia (Hemery) Ramsbottom, natives of England and Ohio, and among the first settlers of Daviess County.

Obadiah Ramsbottom was born in Yorkshire, near Leeds, England, March 3, 1814. His father was a manufacturer of clothing and when Obadiah Ramsbottom finished school he went in business with his father. In 1840 he came to this country and settled in New York City for a short time, later coming to Daviess County, where he settled on a farm near Gallatin, remaining there until 1865. He then moved to Harrison Township, where he owned a well improved farm of 480 acres, at the time of his death.

Mr. Ramsbottom was married Jan. 15, 1844, to Matilda Hemery, a native of Ohio. She was born March 17, 1822. Ten children were born to this union, as follows: William, the subject of this sketch; John, deceased; Julia Ann, now Mrs. E. M. Folley, Jr., Monroe Township; Sarah Jane, deceased; Angeline, deceased; Thomas, Monroe Township; Amanda, now Mrs. J. H. Weldon, Gallatin; Ruth, Gallatin; Charles Pittsburg, Pa.

William Ramsbottom was a farmer during his entire life. He served in the Missouri State Militia for three months, Co., C, 33 Reg. In 1886 he moved to Baner County, Neb., and became engaged in stock raising and farming. Later, in 1898 he moved to Columbus County, and there lived until 1909, when he returned to Gallatin, and in 1920 he returned to his farm in Harrison Township, where he died, Jan. 19, 1921. At the time of his death he owned 222 acres of land.

Mr. Ramsbottom was a Republican, and a member of the Baptist church, being deacon of his church for 40 years. He helped to organize a church in Nebraska, and also helped to build one in North Carolina. Mr. Ramsbottom was one of the substantial members of the church at Gallatin, and at his death was member of the Lick Fork church.

William Ramsbottom was married Sept. 3, 1888, to Abbie Lowe, a native of DeKalb County, born Mar. 15, 1870. She was the daughter of Wm. and Martha Ray Lowe, natives of England and Missouri.

William Ramsbottom and wife were the parents of four children; Ethel, a graduate of Grand River College, and the Southern Baptist Training School at Louisville, Ky. She is a missionary worker and has been stationed in China for the past two years, in Tsinan Shantung Province; James H., born in Baner County, Neb., July 7, 1892. He is a graduate of William Jewell College, Liberty, and one of the first seven men to leave in the draft during the World War, was sent to Camp Funston, and stationed there until May, 1919, with Co. C, 356 Inf., 89th Division, was in active service overseas, taking part in the St. Mihiel, and the Meuse-Argonne drives, and during the Meuse-Argonne drive he was shot through the chest, Nov. 3, 1918, and remained in a hospital until his discharge April 19, 1919, when he returned home, and is now associated with his family in general farming, and during the war he was promoted from corporal to sergeant; John Ray, a high school teacher at Lock Springs, is a graduate of William Jewell College, Liberty; Marguerite Ruth, teacher in the home district school, is a graduate of Grand River College, and student for two years at Stephens College. She was born in Columbus County, N. C.

The Ramsbottom family are well known and highly respected throughout the country. At the time of his death Mr. Ramsbottom had many

friends and was known as a hospitable and genial citizen, whose purse strings were always unloosed to the needy.

J. H. Weldon, a retired farmer and owner of 1800 acres of land in Daviess and Livingston Counties, was born Feb. 28, 1858, in Harrison Township, Daviess County, a son of J. B. and Elizabeth (Gillilan) Weldon.

J. B. Weldon was born in Kentucky and went west in 1849, crossing the plains and mountains with oxen. He returned by water around Cape Horn, and settled in Harrison Township, where he took up farming and stock raising. At the time of his death he was the owner of several hundred acres of land in Daviess County. He died at the age of 30 years. Mr. and Mrs. Weldon were the parents of three children; Benedict, who died in infancy; J. H., the subject of this sketch; Charity A., wife of J. G. Lawson, Harrison Township.

Mrs. J. B. Weldon then married Humphries Weldon, a brother of J. B. Weldon, her former husband, and to this union two children were born: Mary L., deceased; Ella E., wife of T. T. Hale, Monroe Township. Mrs. Weldon was married the third time to G. W. Gillilan, and one daughter was born to this union, Cora, wife of Abe Higgins, Gilman City.

J. H. Weldon was reared on a farm and attended the district schools. Jan. 2, 1883, Mr. Weldon was married to Amenda Ramsbottom, a daughter of Obediah and Matilda (Henry) Ramsbottom, both deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Ramsbottom were among the early settlers of Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Weldon are the parents of three children, as follows: Matilda E., wife of Seth Macy, Monroe Township, Mr. and Mrs. Macy have two children, Mary E. and James W.; Floyd J., Harrison Township, husband of Mary G. Seay. They have two children, Chas. F. and James C.; Loyd C., Harrison Township, husband of Helen Hamilton. They have one child, Lloyd H.

Mr. Weldon moved to Gallatin in 1907. He now is the owner of five farms in Daviess County, all of which are well improved. He is also a stock feeder. Mr. Weldon is a stockholder of the Farmers Exchange Bank, and was collector of Harrison Township for a time. At present he is looking after his farming interests, which are many.

Mr. Weldon is identified with the Democratic party and is a member of the Masonic lodge. He is a citizen who can always be depended upon, and one who has been successful because of his energy and perserverance.

Lloyd C. Weldon, a well known farmer and stockman of Harrison Township, was born Nov. 26, 1894, at Breckenridge, Mo., a son of James H. and Amanda (Ramsbottom) Weldon. He is a twin brother of Floyd J. Weldon, and they operate about 800 acres of land together in Harrison Township.

Mr. Weldon was educated in the same schools with his brother, being a graduate of high school and Park College at Parkville, Mo. He also attended the University of Missouri.

April 29, 1920, Mr. Weldon was married to Helen Clark Hamilton, born in Parkville, a daughter of A. C. and Katie M. (Clark) Hamilton, natives of Cleveland, Ohio, and Salisbury, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton were among the early settlers of Platt County, and now reside at Parkville. Mrs. Weldon was educated in Park College.

Mr. and Mrs. Weldon have one child, Lloyd Hamilton. Lloyd C. was inducted into service in the World War on Sept. 19, 1917. He trained at Camp Funston and also one month at Newport News, Va., before sailing for overseas April 6, 1918. He was with Headquarters Company, 4th Infantry Regiment, 3rd Division. He took part in the following battles: Champagne, Marne, Meuse-Argonne and St. Mihiel. He was known as a runner on the front lines and was later made Regimental Clerk at headquarters. He was discharged from service Aug. 30, 1919, as a corporal. He then returned home and began farming the home property again with his brother, Floyd.

Mr. Weldon is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church and his wife is a member of the Presbyterian church. He is a member of the Masonic lodge. Like his brother, Floyd, Mr. Weldon is progressive, and they both have an extensive acquaintance in Harrison Township.

Floyd J. Weldon, a prominent farmer and stockman of Harrison Township, Daviess County, was born Nov. 26, 1894, in Breckenridge, Mo., a son of James H. and Amanda (Ramsbottom) Weldon.

Mr. Weldon was educated in the public schools and is a graduate of Park College at Parkville. He also attended the University of Missouri for two years. During the summers he farmed on his fathers' land.

In 1917 Mr. Weldon began farming with his brother Lloyd on the home farm. Oct. 15, 1918, he was married to Mary G. Seay, a daughter of George E. and Barbara Ellen (Grace) Seay, natives of Livingston County, Mo. Mrs. Weldon was born at Chillicothe. Mrs. Seay died Jan. 10, 1919, at the age of 44 years. Mr. Seay now resides at Chillicothe, and is a grain inspector.

Mr. and Mrs. Weldon are the parents of two children: Charles Franklin and James Seay.

Mr. Weldon is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church. He is also a member of the Masonic lodge. Mr. Weldon is a reliable young man and highly esteemed in his community.

W. P. Townsend, a retired farmer, and owner of 76 acres of land in Harrison Township, was born July 9, 1834, in Claibourne County, Tenn., a son of George and Elizabeth (Long) Townsend, who were natives of England and Holland, respectively.

On March 31, 1855, W. P. Townsend was married to Telitha Lay, who was born in Green County, Tenn., Feb. 4, 1839. She died Sept. 4, 1906. To this union 11 children were born, as follows: John N., Monroe Township; Mary, deceased was the wife of John W. Wantland; William, deceased; Joseph, Denver, Colo.; George A., Kansas City; Levi M., Harrison Township; Clinton W., Bakersfield, Cal., who served and was wounded in the Spanish American War, a member of Company H., 20th Kansas Regiment; Forrest, deceased; James A., Marion, Kans.; Luther M., living with his father; Charlie, Kansas City, Mo., who enlisted in the World War and served with Company F, 12th Engineers, and was gassed. Mr. Townsend has 33 grandchildren and 37 great grandchildren.

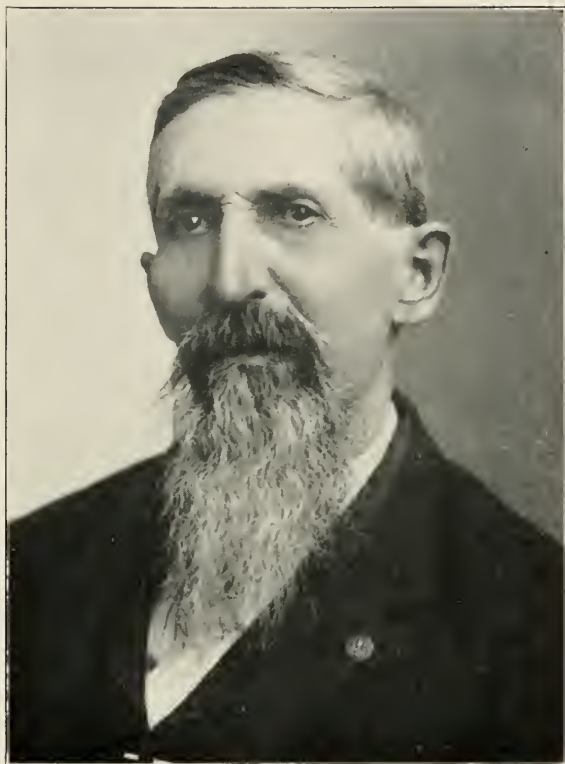
W. P. Townsend was reared in Tennessee, and in 1857, he with his wife and one child walked from Tennessee to Clay County, Ill., making the long trip in a little over a month. After arriving in Illinois, Mr. Townsend began working as a farm hand, and later became the owner of 80 acres of land there.

He enlisted in the Civil War at Greenville, Ill., on Aug. 7, 1862, and was assigned to Company F, 130 Regiment Illinois Infantry. His first battle was at Port Gibson; then followed Magnolia Hills; Champion Hills; Jackson, Miss.; Black River Bottom; Black River Bridge and a number of skirmishes until the Siege of Vicksburg. He was taken prisoner April 6, 1864, at Sabin Cross Roads and was in a Confederate prison 13 months and 20 days. He was twice wounded, at Vicksburg and Sabin Cross Roads.

He was discharged June 17, 1865, and mustered out of service July 6, 1865. He then returned to Illinois and in 1867, went to Marion County, where he farmed until 1878, when he came to Harrison Township, Daviess County, where he has since made his home.

In 1860 Mr. Townsend made a trip from Illinois to Daviess County, driving oxen and was on the road from April 7th to May 7th. On the return trip he stopped along the way and hunted, as the country was full of game. Joseph I. Early and his wife returned to Illinois with Mr. and Mrs. Townsend.

Mr. Townsend is a Republican and a member of the G. A. R. He was commissioner of highways in Illinois and has served on the school board in Illinois and Harrison Township. He is a member of the Baptist church. Mr. Townsend is a self educated man, never having attended school in his life. He learned to read and write while in the army.



W. P. TOWNSEND

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Benedict W. Patrick, a prominent farmer and stockman of Harrison Township, Daviess County, is a native of Missouri. He was born in Livingston County, July 28, 1874, a son of John and Ann (Weldon) Patrick, both also natives of Missouri.

John Patrick was born in Livingston County in 1831 and was killed in Texas in 1875. His wife died in May, 1920 at the age of 74 years. They were the parents of three children as follows: Lucy, married Fred Walker and they live in Harrison Township; Lena, married William Kline, Walsenburg, Colo.; and Benedict W., the subject of this sketch.

Benedict W. Patrick was reared on a farm in Harrison Township and attended the district school. When a young man he bought 40 acres of land which was the small beginning of his present large holdings. He bought more land from time to time until he is now the owner of 500 acres.

Mr. Patrick's splendid residence is one of the attractive homes of Daviess County. He started its construction in 1921, and without doubt it is one of the finest modern farm residences in the state. The house has ten rooms and basement, a complete water system, with hot and cold running water, both hard and soft water being supplied. The hard water is pumped from a 14 foot well which is located one-fourth mile west of the house, by an electric pump which is operated by a motor which is located in the basement. The house is built of pressed faced brick, lined with hollow tile and the design of the building is of the Colonial architecture type. It presents a magnificent appearance. The place is located four and one-half miles north of Breckenridge which is the nearest shipping point.

Mr. Patrick was married on Dec. 17, 1897 to Miss Edith Bennett, a daughter of R. F. and Frances (Maddox) Bennett, natives of Daviess and Caldwell Counties, respectively. To Mr. and Mrs. Patrick have been born two children as follows: Frances who was educated in Breckenridge High School, Central College, at Lexington, Mo., and the University of Missouri at Columbia; and John, who is at home.

Mr. Patrick is one of Daviess County's successful men and attributes no small amount of whatever success that has come to him to able co-operation and assistance of his capable wife. He is a Democrat and says that he is the only man in the county who has always voted the ticket straight. He is one of the dependable men of Daviess County.

G. W. Ridinger, prominent farmer and breeder of Harrison Township, was born in Brown County, Ill., March 23, 1861, a son of James F. and Diana (Vance) Ridinger. James F. Ridinger, father of the subject of this sketch, was born in Ohio, Nov. 15, 1824. He enlisted in the Civil War from Scuyler County, Ill., becoming a member of Co. H, 56 Vol. Inf., and

served throughout the war. He was with Sherman on his famous march to the sea, and in the review at Washington, D. C. In 1866 he came to Caldwell County, Mo., and began farming. In 1883 he purchased the farm now owned by G. W. Ridinger, and resided there until the time of his death, Oct. 5, 1907. His wife was born in Ohio, in 1830, and died April 3, 1898. They are both buried in Lick Fork Cemetery in Harrison Township. They were members of the Baptist church, and were the parents of eight children, two of whom are deceased.

G. W. Ridinger has a twin brother in Monroe Township. Mr. Ridinger began farming for himself when eighteen years of age. He was educated in Caldwell County at Breckenridge, Mo., and then went west where he got his start as a cattle man. 1886 he returned home and began farming across the road from where he now resides, and in 1900 he bought out the heirs on his father's farm and has had charge of it since that time. He began breeding Percheron horses in 1898 and eight years later he started breeding Jacks and Jennietts. He has been very successful in this field of work, and also as a breeder of Jersey cattle, Duroc Jersey hogs, and brown leghorn chickens. Mr. Ridinger has had all of his stock on exhibition at various fairs and is very well known throughout the country.

July 4, 1885, Mr. Ridinger married Lillie Belle Grove. She is a daughter of Abraham and Cathrine (Frank) Grove, native of Licking County, Ohio, and Virginia. Abraham Grove was born May 10, 1830, and died in 1913. Mrs. Grove was born Aug. 21, 1825, and died Nov. 7, 1908. They are also buried in Lick Fork Cemetery, Harrison Township.

To Mr. and Mrs. Ridinger have been born two children, both deceased; Una, who died at the age of one and one-half years; and the other in infancy. Mr. Ridinger is a Democrat, and has held the offices of tax collector, road overseer, constable, and is now road overseer. He is a member of the Baptist church.

In October, 1902, Mr. and Mrs. Ridinger took a daughter to rear, Ethel Scott, now the wife of Joe Evans, living on a farm in Caldwell County. In July, 1917, they took a boy, Rabe Weaver, from an orphan home in St. Louis, but two years later his mother took him. Then in August, 1920, Mr. and Mrs. Ridinger took another boy from the same orphan home, Raymond Cooper, born May 23, 1910.

Mr. Ridinger is the owner of 140 acres of land and his wife also has 80 acres of land in Harrison Township.

I. L. Wade, well known bank cashier of Lock Springs, was born March 18, 1860, in Clinton County, Ill., a son of John and Martha M. (Yingst) Wade. John Wade was a native of Cumberland County, Pa., and at the age of 11 years his parents moved to Illinois and settled in Clinton County.

He was born and reared a farmer but in his early life was a carpenter. He died in November, 1907, and his widow came to Missouri and located at Lock Springs in 1914. She died in 1920. Six children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Wade, four of whom are living.

I. L. Wade, the subject of this sketch, was reared on a farm and educated in the district schools, and also studied telegraphy for one year in St. Louis school. He served as a telegrapher for the Wabash Railroad from 1888 until 1899 at Sampsel, Lock Springs, and Pattonsburg. He had charge of the Lock Springs station for about eight years, beginning in 1889. In 1889 he resigned from this line of work and went into the mercantile business at Lock Springs, and was postmaster for a time in 1902. The following year he sold out his business and took Representative Frank Lawrence's place as cashier of the Lock Springs Bank, which position he still holds.

In October, 1901, Mr. Wade married Margaret M. Brookshier, who was born in Livingston County, about two miles east of Lock Springs, the daughter of Thomas B. and Elizabeth (Brooks) Brookshier, natives of Missouri and Virginia. Mrs. Wade was brought up on her father's farm. To Mr. and Mrs. Wade five children were born, as follows: Raymond B., Kansas City, who enlisted in the World War in Illinois and was stationed at several camps in Texas, but did not see active service; Clarence C., Ogden, Utah, who enlisted in the World War and was stationed at Fort Sheridan and later at Camp Grant, where he was in the Officer's Training Camp. He was attached to the Hospital Corps, but did not see active service; Ashley B., Columbia University. He also enlisted in the World War from Gallatin, and was later sent to the Officer's Training Camp at Camp Taylor, from where he was discharged a second lieutenant; Isaac Neil, deceased; and Esther May, who resides with her parents.

Mr. Wade is a Republican and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Masons. Mr. and Mrs. Wade are members of the Methodist church. Mr. Wade has an excellent standing in the community and is a reliable citizen.

The Bank of Lock Springs was established Aug. 9, 1895, with a capital stock of \$10,000.00, by I. J. Meade, from Pattonsburg. Mr. Meade now resides in Lawrence, Kan., where he is vice president of the Lawrence National Bank.

When the Bank of Lock Springs was organized the stock holders were mostly of Daviess and Livingston Counties.

The officers for 1922 are as follows: B. F. Ware, president Lock

Springs; Peter Johnson, vice president, Livingston County; I. L. Wade, cashier, Lock Springs.

The Bank of Lock Springs is capitalized at \$10,000.

George B. Houston, a prominent farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, was born May 30, 1857, in Jackson Township, a quarter of a mile south of where he now lives. He is a son of Nathaniel and Rachael (Minnick) Houston, natives of Washington County, Va., who were among the early settlers of Jackson Township, in 1849.

Nathaniel Houston served in the Civil War as a Confederate and was engaged in the Wilson Creek Battle near Springfield. After settling in Daviess County he took up farming and at one time conducted a general mercandise store at Lock Springs. He died in 1905 at the age of 81 years and his wife died in 1907, being 83 years of age. Mr. Houston was a Democrat and a ruling elder of the Presbyterian church. He and his wife are buried in the Lock Springs Cemetery.

Nathaniel Houston and wife were the parents of six children, four of whom are now living, as follows: Esther Tye, Livingston County; George B., the subject of this sketch; Chas., Livingston County; Mollie, Dugan, New Mexico.

George B. Houston, was reared on the places where he now resides, and helped to clear off the timber, and tells of using oxen to break up the land. He later bought out the heirs to the farm. On Oct., 26, 1882, Mr. Houston was married to Elizabeth Hickey, a daughter of John and Elizabeth Hickey, born in Washington County, Va. Mr. and Mrs. Houston have no children.

Mrs. Houston's father, John Hickey died in the army in Virginia and his widow with three daughters came to Livingston County, Mo. Mrs. Hickey died Jan. 20, 1922, at her home three miles east of Lock Springs, at the age of 91 years.

Nathaniel Houston, being one of the pioneer settlers of Jackson Township, used to trap wild game, using a rail pen.

Geo. B. Houston is a Democrat and an elder of the Presbyterian church. His farm contains 234 acres of land, and his methods of farming and stock raising have made him one of the well known and successful farmers of Jackson Township.

T. A. Martin, a well known retired farmer and veteran of the Civil War, who lives in Gallatin, was born Nov. 9, 1842, in Belmont County, Ohio, a son of Robert and Sarah A. (McBride) Martin, natives of Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Martin moved from Pennsylvania to Ohio and later to Indiana. They were the parents of two children, of whom T. A. Martin is the only survivor.

T. A. Martin was reared on a farm and was engaged in farming until the Civil War. He enlisted in 1862 at Lafayette, Ind., in Company G, 72 Regiment, Indiana Volunteer Infantry. In June, 1863, his regiment was mounted in the brigade, which was known as the Wilder Brigade and the 14th Army Corps, commanded by Colonel Johnson. The advance to Hoover's Gap was the first skirmish of any consequence. The next battles Mr. Martin was engaged in was Chickamauga, and Murfreesboro. In 1864 they started south and were engaged in another battle. They were ordered back to join the brigade south of Nashville. After being in the Atlanta campaign for 18 days they were ordered to watch Hood, and later ordered to turn their horses over to Kilpatrick. The brigade was then ordered back to Louisville, to receive new mounts. Six weeks later they joined the Wilson command at Nashville in March, 1865. 69,000 men were mobilized to start south. They crossed the Tennessee River and were engaged in a battle at Selma, Ala., where they captured 2000 men. After marching through Montgomery, Ala., to Columbus, Ga., they took part in a battle there. Just 14 miles outside of Macon, Ga., they met a courier, who informed them that an armistice between Sherman and Johnson had taken place. Lee surrendered on April 9th, and his brigade did not hear of the armistice until April 22, 1865. Mr. Martin was mustered out of service at Indianapolis, Ind., July 6, 1865.

Mr. Martin then engaged in farming, and worked in a saw mill. He also taught school in Indiana. In 1868 he removed to Daviess County, Mo., where he taught school, four miles west of Gallatin. After living in Liberty Township, for some time, Mr. Martin sold his land there and returned to Indiana. Later, however, he again returned to Liberty Township, where he purchased more land and improved it. He farmed there for 40 years, selling out in 1909. He then moved to Gallatin, where he has since resided. Mr. Martin was a widely known breeder of Shorthorn cattle. He held private sales, and usually sold his cattle to shippers.

Oct. 5, 1869, Mr. Martin was married in Boone County, Ind., to Nancy J. Rude, native of Indiana. Mrs. Martin's father, Isaac Rude, made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Martin, for several years before his death. To T. A. Martin and Nancy J. Rude Martin nine children have been born, as follows: Bertha, the wife of John Speaker, Pomona, Calif.; Eva, the wife of John Everman, Gallatin; Addie, the wife of George Tedric, Altamont; Thomas, was killed by lightning; Thaddus, engaged in the lumber business at Gallatin; Hugh, carpenter, Gallatin; Ora A., Utah, served three years in the Phillipine Islands as a soldier; Chauncey, Liberty Township; Charles C., engaged in the Automobile business in Gallatin. Chauncey and Charles

Martin are twins. Mr. Martin has nine grand children and three great grand children.

Mr. Martin is a Republican and a member of the Christian church. He attributes his success in life to hard work, and his ability to save. His greatest asset in life is, he says, his wife. Mr. Martin is well and favorably known in Daviess County.

George H. Peniston, a successful farmer and stockman of Union Township, was born Aug. 23, 1883, on the farm where he now resides. He is a son of George. W. and Mary A. (Preston) Peniston.

George W. Peniston was born in Jackson Township in 1851. He was a farmer during his entire life. His wife was the daughter of Thomas A. and Martha A. (Mark) Preston, natives of Virginia and Lafayette County, Ohio. They were married Aug. 9, 1853, in Livingston County, Mo., and later returned to Daviess County where they spent their lives. Mr. and Mrs. Peniston were the parents of five children: Jessie, wife of J. B. Drummond, Chillicothe, Mo.; Mattie P., wife of Sam Wynne, Grand River Township; George H., the subject of this sketch; Thomas J., Union Township; Mary Frances, clerk in the Farmers Exchange Bank, Gallatin. Mr. Peniston died Aug. 26, 1889, and his wife died Sept. 25, 1912. They are both buried in Centenary Cemetery in Union Township. Mr. Peniston was a member of the Methodist church.

George H. Peniston became heir to part of his father's farm and later he and his brother Theo. purchased the remainder. George H. Peniston was married Sept. 12, 1906, to Anna S. Sneed, who was born Jan. 3, 1887, in Jamesport Township, a daughter of James E. and Mary H. (McCue) Sneed. James E. Sneed was born Sept. 3, 1863, in Livingston County, and his wife was born Oct. 12, 1865, in Hancock County, Ill. She died March, 1920, at her home near Pawnee City, Okla., where Mr. Sneed still resides. Mr. and Mrs. Sneed moved to Oklahoma in 1906. They were the parents of 12 children, nine of whom are living. Mrs. Peniston was the oldest child.

Mr. and Mrs. Peniston are the parents of one child, George Irwin, who was born Sept. 30, 1911.

Mrs. Peniston has been a Sunday School teacher since she was 11 years old, and is a very active church worker. Mr. Peniston has also been active in church work having been Sunday School superintendent. Their son became a member of the Baptist church Aug. 2, 1920. Mr. Peniston has been a deacon of the Baptist church since 1912. He is a member of the Brotherhood of American Yoeman and is a Democrat.

Mr. Peniston owns 80 acres of land in Union Township, and is one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of this county. He is a member

of the Carlow Consolidated School Board District No. 2, and has been president since 1920.

Mark Tolen, a substantial farmer and stockman of Union Township, Daviess County, and owner of 316 acres of well improved land, was born Sept. 12, 1867, in Adair County, Iowa, the son of James W. and Elizabeth (Polen) Tolen.

James W. Tolen was born in Hendricks County, Ind., and came to Missouri in 1869, locating in Grand River Township, Daviess County. He died in Monroe Township, in May, 1902, at the age of 59 years. Elizabeth (Polen) Tolen was born in Hendricks County, Ind., and is now living in Carlow, Mo. She is 77 years of age.

To James W. Tolen and wife, eight children were born, of whom five are now living: Mary E., wife of F. G. Fulton, Union Township; Mark, the subject of this sketch; Frank, Jackson Township; Clarence O., Jackson Township; Charlie L., Jackson Township.

Mark E. Tolen grew up on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools. At the age 21 years he began for himself, renting land. He later became heir to some land, and purchased his present farm about 30 years ago. He is a well known breeder and feeder of hogs and mules.

June 28, 1894, Mr. Tolen was married to Mildred Youtsey, a native of Grand River Township, and a daughter of John and Samantha (Brown) Youtsey, natives of Indiana and Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Youtsey are among the pioneers of Daviess County. To Mr. and Mrs. Tolen five children have been born, as follows: Edna, at home; Bryan, who was in the navy during the World War and stationed at Brest, France, now living at home; Etta Marie, the wife of Vernon E. Chapman, Gallatin; Velma, at home; and Mark Y., at home.

Mr. Tolen is a Democrat and a member of the Church of Christ. He is public spirited and enterprising and one of the leading citizens of Union Township.

B. F. Ware, a progressive farmer and owner of 155 acres of land in Jackson Township, was born Sept. 18, 1869, in Livingston County, a son of Alexandria and Mildred Ann (Callahan) Ware.

Alexandria Ware was a native of Kentucky, and one of the pioneer settlers of Missouri. He crossed the plains in 1849, seeking gold. His first wife was a Miss Boone, and to that union 13 children were born, all of whom are now deceased. His second wife, Mildred Ann (Callahan) Ware, was born in Campbell County, Ky. This was her second marriage, having been married the first time to J. L. Hise. By her first marriage three children were born, two of whom are now living; A. W. Hise, Chariton

County; and J. L. Hise, of Jackson Township. To Alexandria and Mildred Ann (Calahan) Ware three children were born, two of whom are now living: John T., Jackson Township; and B. F., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Ware died in 1899, at the age of 83 years, and Mrs. Ware died in 1905, at the age of 72 years.

B. F. Ware attended the district school and was reared on the farm. He remained at home for a number of years with his parents, purchasing the home place after the death of his father. After making extensive improvements he sold the farm and then bought his home in Jackson Township, three miles north of Lock Springs. His residence is in Lock Springs.

Mr. Ware is president of the bank of Lock Springs, having been elected to that office Feb. 2, 1922. He had served as vice-president for a number of years.

Mr. Ware was married to Sarah E. Rupe, now deceased. To this union seven children were born, of whom three are now living; Nellie F., Nona E., and Benjamin F., all living with their father.

Mr. Ware is a Democrat and has served in the offices of township trustee and treasurer. He is a member of the Methodist church and Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. Ware is favorably known throughout Daviess County as a man of enterprise and ability. In Lock Springs, also, he is esteemed as a progressive business man.

James B. Bennett, who is the owner of 190 acres of land in Harrison Township, is one of the well known farmers and stockmen of this county. He was born in Harrison Township, Daviess County, one and one-half miles southwest of his present farm, on Aug. 16, 1856, and is a son of Fisher R. and Elizabeth (England) Bennett.

F. R. Bennett was married the first time in April, 1844, to Miss Sophia A. Trosper, and to that union two children were born: Sophia A., and Nicholas T., both deceased. Mr. Bennett's second wife, the mother of James B. Bennett, was born in Carroll County, Mo., about 1845, and died in 1920. Two children were born to this union: W. P., and Daviess County, and James B., the subject of this sketch.

F. R. Bennett was born in Kentucky about 1813, and died in 1879. He was reared a farmer but for some time after starting out for himself, he followed flat boating on the Mississippi River. He came to Daviess County, in 1842. He crossed the plains to the gold fields riding a mule the entire distance, and had nothing to eat during the trip except parched corn which he had to share with the mule. The mule acted as a good body guard on the trip against the Indians, snorting when they would approach.

James B. Bennett was reared on a farm, and attended the district school. The school house was furnished with split elm benches, and he



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worked as a farm laborer in early life. In August, 1874, he married Sarah Jane McCrarey. She was born in Daviess County, in 1854, and died in 1896. Three children were born to them, as follows: James M., deceased; Newton B., deceased; and Mary E., was married three times and is now deceased. She had one child, Hartrell Bennett, who lives in Caldwell County, Mo.

When Mr. Bennett was married he only had \$10 and he rented land for 12 years. He then, in 1886, bought 80 acres of land in Jackson Township. He improved this and sold it in 1920. In 1890 he bought the farm where he has made his home since that time. He is very active and has always gotten up at four o'clock in the morning the year around, and says he has worked many nights doing chores. He has cleared off heavy timber from all his land.

Mr. Bennett carries on general farming and raises Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. He is recognized as one of the substantial and well known farmers of Harrison Township. He is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church.

J. Forrest Brown, the efficient and well known cashier of the People's Bank of Carlow, Mo., was born May 22, 1899, at Jamesport, the son of J. Mack and Delia (Andre) Brown, who now reside in Jamesport, Mo.

J. Forrest Brown was reared on a farm. He was educated in the district schools, and attended the State Teachers College at Maryville. He then took a position with the Standard American Jewelry Company of Detroit, Mich. In November, 1920, Mr. Brown came to Carlow, and the following month became cashier of the People's Bank of Carlow.

Mr. Brown was married Aug. 23, 1921, to Verna Williams, who was born in Gilman City, a daughter of LaFayette and Delcina Williams. She was educated in the high school at Gilman City and attended Cedar Valley Seminary, Osage, Iowa.

Mr. Brown enlisted in the Students Army Training Corps, but was never called into active service during the World War. He enlisted at Maryville.

Mr. Brown is a Democrat and an enterprising young man of his community.

The Peoples Bank of Carlow was organized in July, 1919, by S. L. Gibson, now of the Chillicothe Trust Company, president; Ivo W. Livley, now cashier of the Bank of Jamesport, Jamesport.

The first officers of the Peoples Bank of Carlow were: S. L. Gibson, president; J. C. Oxford, vice-president; and Flavel P. Girdner, cashier. The bank was organized with a capital stock of \$10,000.

The Peoples Bank of Carlow has enjoyed a very rapid growth, due in

no small part, to the integrity and efficiency of its officers. It is now a members of the Missouri Bankers Association. The bank's stockholders consist of the present officers and the progressive farmers of Carlow district.

The present officers are: Robert J. Murphy, president, Chillicothe; S. W. Blakely, vice president, Carlow; and J. Forrest Brown, cashier.

S. W. Blakely, a prominent farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, was born March 31, 1889, on a farm in Jackson Township, where he now resides. He is the son of M. P. and Elizabeth (Hooper) Blakely.

M. P. Blakely was born in Daviess County, on the farm where he now lives with his son, Feb. 25, 1841. During the Civil War he enlisted from Daviess County, in the Confederate Army and served during the entire war. At the end of the war Mr. Blakely worked as a laborer in Sangamon County, Ill. He then returned to Missouri, and purchased his present farm in Jackson Township from the heirs. M. P. Blakely was the son of Pleasant and Nancy (Girdner) Blakely, natives of Whitley County, Ky., who came to Daviess County in 1834, and located on the present Blakely farm. They were the parents of nine children, two of their sons having served in the Civil War. Pleasant Blakely preempted the land from the government at \$1.25 per acre, securing in return three sheepskin land grants.

Elizabeth (Hooper) Blakely was born in Clinton County, July 10, 1855,, a daughter of Jacob and Sarah (St. John) Hooper, natives of Kentucky and Tennessee, who came to Clinton County. M. P. and Elizabeth (Hooper) Blakely had but one child, S. W., the subject of this sketch.

S. W. Blakely was reared on his father's farm in Jackson Township, and received his education in the district schools. In 1920 he became heir to the old home farm where he is now engaged successfully in farming and stock raising. He is a well known breeder of Poland China hogs.

Mr. Blakely was inducted into military service during the World War on Sept. 18, 1917. He was stationed at Camp Funston, Kans., for nine months. He was then sent to New York and sailed for overseas June 28, 1919, in the 89th Division, 314 Military Police Company. Mr. Blakely took part in the St. Mihiel Battle and the Meuse-Argonne Drive. After the armistice he was assigned to the Army of Occupation, and was stationed in Germany for some time. He sailed for France March 13, 1919, and was mustered out of service June 13, 1919, at Camp Funston, Kans.

In December, 1921, Mr. Blakely was elected president of the Peoples Bank of Carlow, Mo. He is a member of the Presbyterian church and of

the American Legion. Mr. Blakely is a Democrat and one of Daviess County's most enterprising and substantial citizens. He is unmarried.

James Critten, who is now living retired in Jackson Township, is a Civil War veteran and one of the early pioneer settlers of Daviess County. He was born March 26, 1840, in Putman County, Ohio, a son of Isaac and Mary (Nichols) Critten.

Isaac Critten was born in Licking County, Ohio, March 20, 1814. He was a farmer during his entire life. In 1855 he moved to Daviess County, locating on a farm in Jackson Township. In 1900 he retired and moved to Gallatin, where he died in August, 1901. Mary (Nichols) Critten was born in Licking County, Ohio, Sept. 18, 1818, and died in 1902. They were members of the Presbyterian church and are buried in Centenary Cemetery in Union Township. To Isaac and Mary (Nichols) Critten ten children were born, of whom four are now living: Catherine, widow of S. M. Carter, Chetopa, Kans.; Phoebe, the wife of J. R. Adkins, Mission, Tex.; Emily, wife of W. T. Tribbey, Jackson Township; and James, the subject of this sketch.

James Critten came to Missouri when very young with his parents and was educated in the district schools. He worked on his father's farm until the Civil War, when he enlisted in Company B, 1st Cavalry, Missouri State Militia. During the war he was stationed in Kansas, Arkansas and Missouri. Mr. Critten served three years under Colonel J. H. B. McFerran and was engaged in the battles of Kirksville, Little Blue and near Fort Scott, Kans. He also took part in the raid with Shelby at Jefferson City, and had several skirmishes with bushwackers.

At the close of the Civil War Mr. Critten settled on his present farm of 170 acres in Jackson Township, where he was engaged in general farming. He was a well known stock feeder. When Mr. Critten purchased his land it was all unbroken prairie.

On Sept. 13, 1868, Mr. Critten was married to Samantha Macy, daughter of Seth and Marinda (Adkinson) Macy. Mrs. Critten was born Feb. 2, 1852, in Daviess County. She died in 1917. Mr. and Mrs. Macy were natives of North Carolina and South Carolina. They are both deceased.

To Mr. and Mrs. Critten three children were born, one of whom is now living, Otto E., Jackson Township.

Mr. Critten is a Republican and has served as a justice of the peace several times. He is a member of the Presbyterian church and is one of the substantial and highly respected pioneer citizens of Daviess County.

Judge W. E. Naylor, deceased, was a prominent farmer and business man of Jackson Township. He was born May 30, 1868, in Daviess County, a son of F. M. and Sarah A. (West) Naylor.

F. M. Naylor was born in Bath County, Ky., Oct. 11, 1829, a son of Ignatius and Susan (Kerns) Naylor. Ignatius Naylor was a carpenter by trade. He died Feb. 10, 1875, in Platte County, Mo. F. M. Naylor died in 1900, and his wife died Oct. 15, 1908. To F. M. and Sarah A. (West) Naylor nine children were born, one of whom is now living: Mrs. Howard Pogue, Gallatin.

Judge W. E. Naylor was reared on a farm and received his education in the district school and attended school two years at Jamesport. He then became engaged in farming in Jackson Township. Later he purchased his father's farm and lived there until his death Feb. 14, 1918. At the time of his death he owned 336 acres of land, 160 acres in Jackson Township and 176 acres in Kansas.

Oct. 6, 1887, Judge Naylor was married to Mary Lee Sandidge, a daughter of Dabney and Rebecca (Hill) Sandidge. Mr. and Mrs. Sandidge were the parents of two children: Mrs. Naylor and Ruie A. Faulkner, now living in Harrison, Ark. Both Mr. and Mrs. Sandidge are now deceased. Mrs. Naylor was born two and one-half miles southeast of Jamesport, and received her education in the district schools. To Judge and Mrs. Naylor four children were born, as follows: Glenn, was killed by an acetylene gas explosion in 1915; Frankie, the wife of W. H. Etter, living near Jamesport; Ross, living with his mother; Katherine, the wife of Corwin Miller, Gallatin.

In 1918 Mrs. Naylor sold the old home farm and purchased 95 acres of land west of the former home in Jackson Township. She has erected a new home and made other improvements.

Judge Naylor was a Democrat. He was elected county judge, which office he had held for two years. He was a member of the Christian church and was a deacon at the church at Carlow. In all the phases of his life, as a business man, as a citizen, and in his capacity as a judge, Judge Naylor was industrious and sincere. He merited the high regard in which he was held by the community. He is buried in Brown Cemetery, Gallatin.

J. B. Drummond, Sr., a prominent farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, was born Feb. 4, 1851, in Union Township, Daviess County, a son of Joshua L. and Mary (Rhea) Drummond.

Joshua L. Drummond was born June 20, 1818, in Monroe County, Va. He removed to Missouri in the early forties, locating on a farm in Union Township. He came to Missouri with his mother and step-father, J. B. Foster, who settled in Grand River Township, which was then known as Awbury Grove. Mary (Rhea) Drummond was born in Greenbrier County, Va., March 26, 1825. She died in Texas, Nov. 13, 1837. Joshua Drummond died Oct. 9, 1859, and is buried in the old Jordin Cemetery in Jackson

Township. To Mr. and Mrs. Drummond six children were born, three of whom are now living: J. B., the subject of this sketch; Susan, the wife of William Douthit, Fayette County; Elizabeth C., the wife of Warren Murray, Gallatin.

J. B. Drummond was reared on a farm and educated in the district schools. He learned the blacksmith trade, which he worked at for about 15 years in Odessa, Jamesport and Carlow. He later owned a grocery and hardware store at Carlow, which was burned Sept. 14, 1909. Mr. Drummond then became engaged in farming and stock raising. He is a breeder of standard bred trotting horses. In the early days Mr. Drummond tells of using oxen to break up the prairie land. He has been very successful in his work and owns 138 acres of well improved land at the southeastern part of Carlow.

Mr. Drummond was married, first, Oct. 13, 1899, to Iva Bashford, a daughter of David and Sarah (Hodd) Bashford. She was born in Jackson Township. To J. B. and Iva (Bashford) Drummond two children were born: one died in infancy, and William L., employed with the Morris Packing Company, St. Joseph. Mrs. Drummond died April 7, 1919.

Dec. 19, 1920, Mr. Drummond was married to Frances (Tulley) Poe, a native of Hamilton County, Ind.

Mr. Drummond is an independent voter. He is a stockholder in the Peoples Bank of Carlow. Mr. Drummond is a reliable citizen who is highly esteemed by his fellow citizens in Jackson Township.

W. F. Burge, a prosperous farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, was born Feb. 17, 1876, in Daviess County, a son of George D. and Nannie E. (Knight) Burge.

George Burge was born in Patrick County, Va., April 28, 1844, and came to Jackson Township, Daviess County, with his father in 1851. Here he followed farming until 1908 when he moved to Oklahoma where he now lives at ElReno. His wife, Nannie E. Knight was born in Daviess County, and died in August, 1876. To this union was born one child, W. F., the subject of this sketch. George D. Burge was later married to Martha J. Faulkner, a native of Daviess County, and to this union six children were born.

W. F. Burge was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district school and high school of Gallatin. At 20 years of age he purchased 40 acres of land, on which he has since resided. He has added to his original land holdings until he now owns 200 acres in Jackson Township. He also operates his father's farm of 280 acres, which is an exclusive stock farm. Mr. Burge specialized in registered Poland China hogs and

also is a breeder of mules and sheep, in which work he has been very successful.

On April 2, 1896, W. F. Burge was married to Pearl E. Jenkins, a daughter of W. E. and Caroline (Drummond) Jenkins, now living in Jamespart. Mrs. Jenkins was born in Daviess County. To Mr. and Mrs. Burge have been born 13 children, as follows: Carrie F., teacher at ElReno, Okla.; Nina M., the wife of F. H. McMahan, living near Jamesport; Wilma R., teacher in Monroe Township district school; James Raymond, Jamesport; and Fred F., Woody A., Garland L., Margaret, William F., Jr., Jesse W., Betty L., all living at home. The other two children died in infancy. All of the Burge children are very well educated.

Mr. Burge is a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian church. He is an energetic man who stands well in the esteem of his neighbors and fellow citizens.

J. M. Snider, a well known farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, and owner of 388 acres of land, was born Aug. 5, 1846, in Pike County, Ohio, in the village of Cynthann, the son of Samuel and Martha (Vanzant) Snider.

Samuel Snider was born in Greenbrier County, Va. When a child he floated down the Ohio River with his parents in a boat which they had built themselves. They brought all of their furniture, live stock and clothing with them. During the day they floated with the current. They settled in Highland County, Ohio, where Mr. Snider was reared. He removed to Daviess County, Mo., in 1868, and settled in Jackson Township, where he lived until his death, March 15, 1886, aged 65 years. Martha (Vanzant) Snider was born Jan. 14, 1824, in Greenbrier County, Va., and died in Daviess County, Mo., Jan 15, 1876. They were both buried in Clear Creek Cemetery, Jackson Township. To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Snider six children were born, of whom Stella L. is the youngest. She is the wife of E. J. Snyder, Los Angeles, Calif.

J. M. Snider was reared on a farm in Highland County, Ohio, and remained there until September, 1864, when he enlisted in the National Guard of Ohio. He served 63 days, when he was sent to Georgia and held in the Reserve Guards there. Mr. Snider lived in Ohio until 1868 when he removed to Missouri with his parents. His father was a carpenter by trade. Upon their arrival in Missouri they became engaged in farming, where they remained until Mrs. Snider's death, after which J. M. Snider went to Colorado, where he lived one year. He then returned to Missouri, married, and settled on the home place, which his father deeded to him in 1880. Mr. Snider has made extensive improvements on the farm, and has been very successful in general farming and stock raising.

On Dec. 17, 1876, Mr. Snider was married to Phena L. Youtsey, a daughter of Archibald and Elizabeth (George) Youtsey. Mrs. Snider was born in 1858, in Daviess County. To Mr. and Mrs. Snider four children have been born, as follows: Clauda M., the wife of William E. Jenkins, Jackson Township; Emma C., at home; Samuel A., at home, and Mahlon E., also at home.

In politics Mr. Snider is a Republican. He is a citizen who stands well in his community, both for his enterprising disposition and for his high standards of welfare.

Joseph M. Cox, a substantial farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, and owner of 258 acres of land in Jackson Township and 58 acres in Livingston County, was born Feb. 25, 1853, across the road from where he now lives in Jackson Township, a son of Levi P. and Elizabeth (Stamper) Cox.

Levi P. Cox, Sr., was born Jan. 20, 1817, in Williamsburg, Ky., and came to Missouri the summer of 1840, settling on what is now known as part of the old L. P. Cox farm in Jackson Township. Mr. Cox was married Sept. 30, 1841, to Elizabeth Stamper. To Mr. and Mrs. Cox eight children were born, as follows: Larkin J., born Aug. 12, 1843, was shot during the Civil War in the Battle of Corinth, Miss. He died of his wounds; Lucy M., deceased, was the wife of Reuben Ketron; Emily, deceased, was the wife of I. F. Minnick; Nathan T., Gainsville, Texas; Maria A., deceased; Joseph M., the subject of this sketch; Jess Cox, deceased; Levi P., Breckenridge; and John S., deceased.

Levi P. Cox died Jan. 20, 1886, at the age of 69 years, and his wife died May 18, 1864, at the age of 38 years. They both are buried in Clear Creek Cemetery.

Joseph M. Cox was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the public schools and the high school at Breckenridge. He later taught school for two terms. At his father's death, Mr. Cox inherited 200 acres of land in Jackson Township, upon which he has made many improvements. He carries on general farming and stock raising and has been very successful.

On Nov. 10, 1877, Mr. Cox was married to Mattie Tye, a daughter of Joshua and Elizabeth (Miller) Tye, natives of Kentucky and early settlers of Missouri. Mrs. Cox was born in Livingston County. To Mr. and Mrs. Cox eight children have been born, as follows: Charlie, Jackson Township; Joshua, St. Joseph; Effie, the wife of Fred B. Hurd, San Jose, Calif.; Levi Chester, deceased; Ernie, Oklahoma; Mabel, principal of Lock Springs high school; Manona, a bookkeeper in Kansas City; John, at home.

Mr. Cox is a stockholder in the Farmers Co-operative Mercantile Com-

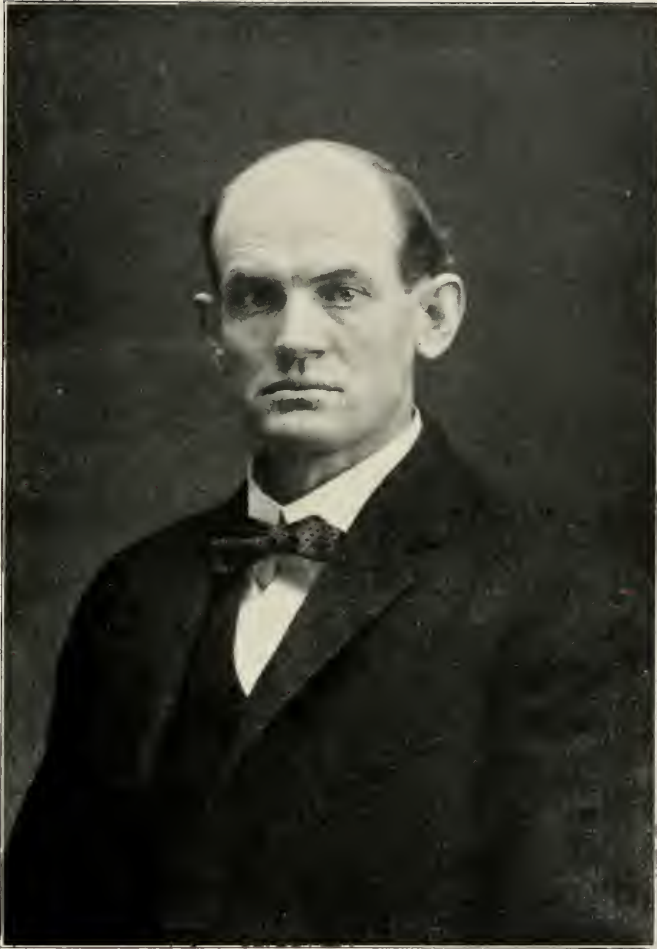
pany of Lock Springs, and was one of the organizers of the Lock Springs Bank. He was its first vice president. He is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. He has been a trustee for 20 years. He is reliable and an efficient member of the community.

C. E. Ernst, the prosecuting attorney of Gentry County, is a member of an old and well known pioneer family of the county. For three generations the Ernst name has been connected with the development of Gentry County and the members of the family have been people of worth and merit in civic affairs.

C. E. Ernst was born in Mound City, June 23, 1871, the son of Rev. James Henry and Martha J. (McCurry) Ernst. Rev. Ernst was a native of Gentry County, where his father and uncle, Godfrey and Andrew Ernst, built the first frame house ever erected in their neighborhood. This house is on the Ernst farm six miles southeast of Albany. It was a favorite stopping place for travellers taking the route to the Pattonsburg Mills and to the Gentryville Mills in the old frontier days. The old house is thus of historical interest, not only in the story of the Ernst family, but also in connection with the trade growth of the county. At this house Godfrey Ernst died, and here, in 1871, his son, James Henry, also died. The remains of both are buried in the Ernst burying ground on the farm. This place is still used at a public graveyard. Rev. James Henry Ernst was a minister in the Methodist church to which he devoted years of earnest and tireless work. C. E. Ernest, the subject of this sketch, was the only child of the union of Rev. J. H. and Martha J. (McCurry) Ernst.

Martha J. (McCurry) Ernst was the daughter of James McCurry, who came from Green County, Tenn., with his father-in-law, William Duke, in 1868. They settled near Albany where they spent the remainder of their lives. They both died several years ago and their remains are buried in the City Cemetery at Albany. After the death of Rev. James Henry Ernst his widow married John M. Canaday, a son of Caleb Canaday, who was at one time probate judge of Gentry County. John M. Canaday is now dead his widow lives with her son, C. E. Ernst. She is 76 years old.

C. E. Ernst was educated in the public school of Albany and later attended Christian College at Albany. He then read law with W. F. Dalbey and was admitted to the bar in December, 1900, and has since practiced successfully. When former Governor Hadley was in office, he appointed Mr. Ernst the circuit clerk and recorder of deeds of Gentry County to fill out the unexpired term of Horace J. Peery. This was in April, 1910, and Mr. Ernst held the office for two years, working under Don Hawthorne. Mr. Ernst's success and popularity as an official of the county is shown by the



C. E. ERNST

fact that his county elected him to fill the office of prosecuting attorney in 1918 and reelected him in 1920.

C. E. Ernst was married in 1901, to Alice Sparks, a daughter of Col. W. P. Sparks of Grant City. Mrs. Ernst was born and reared in Grant City. To this union of C. E. and Alice (Sparks) Ernst two children have been born: Charles, a graduate of the Albany High School, now a student at Palmer College, and interested in electrical engineering; and Ernestine also a graduate of Albany High School, and at present student at Palmer College from which she was graduated in music in 1922.

Mr. Ernst is a member of the Baptist church and is identified with the following lodges: the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of which he is a Past Grand Master, the Yoeman, and the Woodmen of the World. Mr. Ernst is very fond of good horses and keeps four standard bred horses at his home. He uses them both for driving and riding. He is a citizen of whom his community is proud. As a private citizen, he has been interested in the advancement of the town and the county, and as a public official he has been efficient, just and considerate.

W. T. McClure, a prominent banker of Jamesport, was born Nov. 13, 1879, in Jamesport Township, a son of Jonathan and Mary L. (Hamilton) McClure.

Jonathan McClure was born in Ohio. Before the Civil War he came to Grundy County, Mo., with his father and they started a flour mill on Hickory Creek. They had moved to Grundy County, Mo., from Van Buren County, Iowa. During the Civil War, Mr. McClure enlisted as a soldier from Missouri and served on the Union side. After the war he traded a horse for 160 acres of land in Jamesport Township, where he moved and made his home until his death, Feb. 5, 1917. At the time of his death he owned 640 acres of land. He helped organize the Commercial Bank of Jamesport, which was first known as the Farmers and Merchants Bank. He was a stock holder and director until his death. Mr. McClure was a member of the Methodist Church and a member of the Masonic lodge, being a charter member of No. 564 Jamesport. He was a progressive citizen who devoted much of his time and energy to public welfare. Mrs. McClure was born in Daviess County, and is now living on the old home farm near Jamesport.

To Jonathan and Mary L. (Hamilton) McClure seven children were born, as follows: Arthur, living with his mother; Alice, the wife of James W. Parker, Jamesport Township; Rose, the wife of Thomas Hamilton, Long Beach, Calif.; Nellie, the wife of R. D. McCray, Lincoln Township; Pinke, the wife of R. M. Cole, Lincoln Township; W. T., the subject of this sketch; Harry, Jamesport Township.

W. T. McClure was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools and the Kirksville Normal School. After finishing school he taught in the district schools for about eight years. He was then engaged in farming for a number of years. Aug. 9, 1908, Mr. McClure became the bookkeeper in what was then known as the Farmers and Merchants Bank at Jamesport. An May 30, 1911, the bank consolidated with the First National Bank, and was then known as the Commercial Bank of Jamesport. For a short time, Mr. McClure was assistant cashier of the bank, and in September, 1912, he became cashier. On Jan. 1, 1920, he was elected president, which office he now holds.

On Jan. 9, 1916, Mr. McClure was married to Roberta Doty, a native of Daviess County, and daughter of William and Elizabeth Doty, both of whom are now deceased.

Mr. McClure is a Republican and a member of the Masonic lodge in all its branches. He is well and favorably known in Jamesport and takes an active interest in the affairs of his community.

The Commercial Bank of Jamesport, Mo., was organized in 1911 by the consolidation of the Farmers and Merchants Bank and the First National Bank. It has a capital of \$80,000 and a surplus of \$14,500.

The present officers of the Commercial Bank are as follows: W. T. McClure, president; George Pogue, vice-president; C. A. Lewis, cashier; Kathleen Reed, assistant cashier; Mabel Martin, assistant cashier; C. R. May, assistant cashier.

The Commercial Bank of Jamesport is a member of the Missouri Association and the American Association of Banks. It is located on the main thoroughfare of Jamesport and is modernly equipped in every respect.

The stockholders of the Commercial Bank are made up of citizens of Jamesport Township. The bank is well known throughout the state and is in high standing due to the efficiency of its officers.

Ivo W. Lively, the competent and well known cashier of the Bank of Jamesport, was born in Monroe, La., the son of Chapman H., and Ella (Humble) Lively, natives of Louisiana.

Chapman H. Lively was born in 1863, and was a plantation owner during his life. He owned land in Louisiana where he raised cotton, having many negroes working the plantation. He died in Monroe, La., in 1915, at the age of 52 years. Mrs. Lively is now living in Monroe, La. To Mr. and Mrs. Lively four children were born, as follows: Ivo W., subject of this sketch; E. H., San Francisco, Calif.; Edith, the wife of August Swayze, Monroe, La.; the fourth child died in infancy.

Ivo W. Lively was reared in Monroe, La., being educated in the public schools there and later attending the business college at Chillicothe, Mo.

When 18 years of age he was engaged as a messenger boy in the Ouachita National Bank, at Monroe, La. In two years he became bookkeeper in the same bank. In 1906, he went to Kansas City, where he was engaged as a bookkeeper in the Commerce Trust Company, later becoming teller. Six years later, Mr. Lively removed to Las Vegas, N. M., where he became the assistant secretary of the Peoples Bank and Trust Company. In 1914 he went to Santa Fe, N. M., where he became cashier of the Santa Fe Bank. He remained there until 1916, when he came to Jamesport and organized the Bank of Jamesport.

Mr. Lively was married Nov. 4, 1907, to Dorothy Stephenson, a native of Marceline. To this union one son has been born, Ivo W., Jr.

Mr. Lively is a Democrat. He is a member of the Baptist church and the Knights of Pythias. Mr. Lively is a good business man who possesses both capability and courtesy. He is well known in Daviess County, and merits the esteem with which he is held in his community.

The Bank of Jamesport, Jamesport, Mo., was organized in 1916 by Ivo W. Lively, with a capital stock of \$10,000, which was increased in three years to \$15,000.

While is it numerically the third bank in the town, it is truly the first in point of community spirit and development. Mr. Lively convinced his associates from the beginning that it was to be their bank, and they were to be, therefore, one body of boosters. They caught the spirit immediately and a really marvelous growth has resulted. One feature inaugurated by Mr. Lively was the annual stockholders' banquet, the first being held in 1919, at the time of the summer dividend payment. This was such a success that all were heartily in favor of the plan for each year to follow.

The officers of the Bank of Jamesport are: I. C. Hill, farmer of Jackson Township, president; W. L. Arnold, merchant of Jamesport, vice-president; Ivo W. Lively, cashier; Miss Roberta Goodvin, assistant cashier; Lois Rayburn, second assistant cashier.

The deposits at present are \$134,495.63, the total resources are \$191,851.00. The stockholders of the bank are mainly farmers of Jamesport and vicinity.

The phenomenal growth of the bank of Jamesport is due in no small degree to co-operation, and the stockholders are to be congratulated upon having for their leader a man of Mr. Lively's business foresight.

Ralph Wiles, the popular and efficient postmaster of Jamesport, is a native of Jamesport Township, Daviess County, born Sept. 11, 1894.

Ralph was reared on his grandparents' farm. His grandparents are Thomas and Georgianna (Haines) Wiles. Mr. Wiles is now retired, living in Jamesport. Ralph Wiles was educated in the public schools and the high

school of Jamesport. He then attended the Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill. After completing his education, Mr. Wiles worked as a farm hand until the outbreak of the World War. He enlisted in December, 1917, and was sent to Fort Sill, Okla. He was stationed there until his discharge, being a member of Headquarters Company, 9th Field Artillery. On March 29, 1919, Mr. Wiles was mustered out of service and returned home, where he engaged in farming until Sept. 16, 1921, when he was appointed post-master at Jamesport.

Mr. Wiles is a member of the Masonic lodge and India Temple Shrine at Oklahoma City, and the Consistory at Guthrie, Okla. He also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Eastern Star and Rebeccas. He is a member of the Methodist church. In politics Mr. Wiles is a Republican. He is unmarried. He is one of Daviess County's public spirited and enterprising young citizens.

J. L. McCue, a successful and widely known business man of Jamesport, was born Oct. 1, 1855, in Grundy County, a son of Isaac M. and Martha J. (Livingston) McCue.

Isaac M. McCue was born in Greenbrier County, Va., April 6, 1830, and came to Missouri in 1844. He was a farmer during his entire life. He died July 3, 1905, in Jamesport. In politics Mr. McCue was a staunch Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. His wife was a daughter of Dr. James and Eliza R. (Tootle) Livingston, natives of Ohio. After removing to Grundy County in 1838, Dr. Livingston practiced medicine from his farm, which was located on the Daviess, Grundy and Livingston County lines. To Isaac M. and Martha J. (Livingston) McCue three children were born, as follows: J. L., the subject of this sketch; Milton T., deceased; and P. S., Jackson Township, Daviess County.

Shortly after J. L. McCue was born his parents moved to Daviess County, and settled on a farm, where he grew up. He attended the district schools and the state university. After completing his education, he taught school for a number of years. In 1881 he came to Jamesport, where he was engaged in the general merchandise business with his brother, P. S. McCue, under the firm name of McCue Brothers. After one year Mr. McCue bought out his brothers' interest and took James Guerin, an uncle, into partnership. In 1887 Mr. McCue sold out his interest to Mr. Guerin, after which he taught school for four years.

Following the failure of the Citizens Bank in Jamesport, Mr. McCue purchased the building and improved it with a fine large building, covering three lots. The building is modern in every respect and Mr. McCue carries a full line of dry goods, ready to wear garments, shoes, etc. From

1894 until 1904 Mr. McCue led a retired life and in 1905 he was appointed county assessor by Joseph W. Folk. In 1906 he again became engaged in the general merchandise business with Hazelip Witten. In a few months Mr. McCue became the sole owner. In 1919 he took into partnership his son, Robert E., and the firm is now known as J. L. McCue & Son.

Mr. McCue was married the first time to Emma I. McClung in 1883. She was the daughter of John F., and Miriam (Bowen) McClung, natives of Jamesport Township, Daviess County. Mrs. McCue was born in Jamesport Township. To this union two children were born: Mabel L., the wife of S. W. Reed, Trenton, Mo.; and Robert E., married to Bessie I. McCray, a native of Daviess County. Robert E. McCue was born Nov. 24, 1885, in Jamesport, and received his education in the public schools of Jamesport, the Methodist school at Fayette, and the state university. He studied law for two and one-half years. He enlisted in the World War in December, 1917, and was sent to Fort George Wright. Ten days later he went to Waco, Texas, where he trained in the aviation service for four months. He also was stationed at Fort Omaha four months, and sailed for overseas in November, 1918, a few days before the armistice was signed. He returned home in May, 1919, and became engaged with his father in the dry goods business.

Mr. McCue was married the second time to Joan Chenoweth on April 7, 1910. She is a daughter of Joseph S. and Sarah Ann (Forshea) Chenoweth, natives of Ohio and Indiana. They are both deceased. Mr. Chenoweth was a carpenter by trade and one of the early settlers of Jamesport.

Mr. McCue is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. He is one of the prominent and progressive men of Jamesport, where his name has always stood for enterprise, industry and integrity.

A. H. Warren, a well known and enterprising druggist of Jamesport, was born March 15, 1859, in Jackson Township, Daviess County, a son of John W. and Jane (Cathcart) Warren.

John W. Warren was born in Lancaster, Pa., Jan. 24, 1825. He came to Missouri from Ohio, and during his life was engaged in farming, plastering and as a machinist. During the Civil War he enlisted in the Missouri State Militia. He was a Democrat and had held the offices of constable and township collector. He died Sept. 24, 1913, in Jamesport. Mrs. Warren was born in North Carolina, Aug. 10 1815, and died in 1909. To Mr. and Mrs. Warren four children were born, of whom two are now living: Martha, the widow of Andrew Harrah, Jamesport; and A. H., the subject of this sketch. John A., deceased, was a commission merchant in St. Louis.

A. H. Warren was reared in Jamesport, and received his education in the public schools there. In 1876 he was engaged as a drug clerk and was a registered pharmacist under the old law. He engaged in the drug business in 1884 in partnership with L. A. Phillips. At that time Mr. Warren was also postmaster, which office he filled for four years under President Cleveland's administration. During that period, Mr. Warren sold out his interest in the drug business. Later, in 1888, he again went into the drug business in Jamesport, where he has been since engaged, with the exception of two and one-half years, which he spent in St. Louis. He carries a full line of drugs, paints, wall paper, druggists sundries, toilet articles, glass, etc., and has a very successful business.

On Oct. 31, 1884, Mr. Warren was married to Sarah R. Hawley, a native of Janesville, Wis. They have no children.

Mr. Warren is a Democrat and a member of the Knights of Pythias. He is well and favorably known in Jamesport, and takes a commendable interest in the affairs of his town.

W. L. Arnold, a prominent business man of Jamesport, was born May 16, 1868, in Carroll County, Ill., the son of John and Hanna (Strickler) Arnold.

John Arnold was born in Chambersburg, Pa., and was a farmer during his entire life. He came to Daviess County, in 1882, locating on a farm one and a quarter miles east of Jamesport. Since 1902, Mr. Arnold has resided in Horton County, Texas, and is now 92 years old. His wife was also a native of Pennsylvania. She died in 1914 at the age of 82 years. To John and Hanna (Strickler) Arnold 12 children were born, one of whom is now deceased.

W. L. Arnold was reared on a farm and educated in the public schools and the Jamesport High School, from which he was graduated in 1888. For a short time Mr. Arnold taught school and in 1891, he engaged in the mercantile business at Kansas City, Mo. Six years later he started in the grocery business at Jamesport, in partnership with his brothers, S. E. and C. L. Arnold. In October, 1920, W. L. Arnold with his two sons became the owners of the business. It is one of the high grade grocery stores in the county, and Mr. Arnold has been very successful in his business. He was one of the organizers of the Jamesport Bank, now holding the office of vice president of same.

On Feb. 16, 1898, Mr. Arnold was married to Minnie L. Hutchison, a native of Jamesport, and daughter of Charles and Anna (Lindsey) Hutchison, both deceased. Charles M. Hutchison was born in Carey County, Ky., Oct. 15, 1837, and was the son of Judge Thomas Hutchison, a native of Virginia. His mother's maiden name was Polly Ann Tate, a native of

Lincoln County, Ky. Charles M. Hutchison was three years of age when his parents moved to Missouri and settled in Livingston County, where he was reared and educated. He began life as a school teacher at the age of 23 years and followed that profession for 13 years. He came to Jamesport in 1870, and began merchandising which business he followed for 23 years. In 1873 he was elected assessor and collector of Jamesport, for three years. He also served in the capacity of postmaster of Jamesport. He was married in Daviess County, Dec. 31, 1869, to Annie Lindsey, a daughter of James and Rebecca Lindsey, natives of Virginia. Mrs. Hutchison was born in Mechanicsville, Iowa, Oct. 18, 1846. To this union five children were born, four of whom are now living, as follows: W. T.,; Mrs. Minnie L. Arnold, Jamesport; Mrs. Etta Hart; Mabel Hutchison, Chicago, Ill. Mr. Hutchison died Dec. 21, 1893, following a stroke of paralysis. After the death of Mr. Hutchison, his wife was appointed postmistress, and assisted by her two daughters she carried on this work for eight years. Mrs. Hutchison died in Gallatin, June 3, 1907, where she and her daughter, Mabel, had moved with her son, W. T., when he was appointed sheriff of Daviess County.

To W. L. and Minnie L. (Hutchison) Arnold three children have been born, as follows: L. H., in business with his father; J. T., also in business with his father; and Frances, at home.

Mr. Arnold is an independent Republican. He is a member of the Church of Christ, and of the Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. Arnold is an enterprising citizen of Daviess County, and stands high in his community.

James Guerin, a progressive business man and merchant of Jamesport, was born in St. Louis, Oct. 23, 1894, the son of Simon and Mary (Kane) Guerin.

Both Simon and Mary (Kane) Guerin were natives of Ireland. Mr. Guerin was a weaver by trade. After his death in Ireland, Mrs. Guerin came to this country and settled in St. Louis, where she died. They were the parents of seven children, all of whom are deceased except James, the subject of this sketch.

James Guerin was reared in St. Louis, and at the very young age of 12 years he was engaged as a painter. He later clerked in his brother Michael's store at Roanoke, Mo., after which he went into partnership with him in the general merchandise business at Forrest Green. In 1882, Mr. Guerin removed to Jamesport, and became engaged in the merchandise business, where he has since remained.

On July 7, 1869, Mr. Gurin was married to Sarah J. (Livingston), a native of Grundy County. They have no children. Mrs. Guerin is the

daughter of Dr. James, and Elizabeth R. (Tootle) Livingston. Dr. James Livingston was born in Ohio. He practiced medicine in Grundy, Livingston and Daviess Counties in 1847-49-50. He was the first representative of Grundy County after its organization.

Mr. Guerin was one of the organizers of the Commercial Bank of Jamesport, and is now a director. He is a Democrat, and has served in the offices of mayor, township trustee, and also school director for 20 years. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias. Mr. Guerin is a progressive man who can always be relied upon to aid in anything for the public welfare or the community improvement.

Walter Cox, the proprietor of the Albany Garage at Albany and the authorized salesman of Ford automobiles and repairs, was born at Grant City, Oct. 16, 1884, the son of Enoch and Rebecca Cox.

Enoch Cox and his wife are both natives of Worth County. They are now living at Grant City, but Mr. Cox continues to operate his farm in Worth County.

Walter Cox graduated from the Grant City High School and later accepted a position as bookkeeper in the First National Bank at Grant City. He remained in this place for three years, but resigned in 1911 to open a garage there. He managed his new business with acumen and industry and at the end of three years sold the garage and came to Albany where he bought the garage belonging to Carmack & Son. Mr. Cox has enlarged the garage by the addition of a shop 30x70 feet and has installed a steam heating plant for the entire building. The Albany Garage now occupies two buildings, one 50x110 feet facing Clay Street, and the other 30x120 feet fronting on Hundley Street. Both these buildings as well as the one on the corner of Clay and Hundley Streets are owned by Mr. Cox. Mr. Cox keeps a force of six men at work in his shops and here he does all kinds of automobile repair work and some electrical work. He features the Ford automobiles and Fordson tractors and has established an extensive and rapidly growing business.

Walter Cox was married Feb. 10, 1916 to Ellyn Ebersole, a graduate of the Grant City High School. Her parents were Abraham and Isabell Ebersole, early settlers of Gentry County, and both now dead. Mr. and Mrs. Cox have one son, George, born Nov. 21, 1916.

Walter Cox is one of the capable and farsighted young business men of the county. His sale record of more than 500 cars in three years is an indication of his enterprise and his progressive methods.

T. E. Hamilton, an enterprising and practical farmer and breeder of Jackson Township, Daviess County, was born Jan. 25, 1870, in Union Township, Daviess County, a son of H. D. and Elizabeth R. (Hill) Hamilton.

H. D. Hamilton was born in Bedford County, Tenn., Nov. 12, 1824. During his entire life he was a farmer. In 1834 he came to Union Township, Daviess County, and in 1849 he crossed the plains. While West he met with considerable success and returned to Missouri in 1852. At one time Mr. Hamilton owned 520 acres of land in Daviess County. H. D. Hamilton was the son of William and Holly (Tucker) Hamilton, who came to Grundy County, in the early days, and where H. D. Hamilton lived until the age of 21 years. The wife of H. D. Hamilton was born in Greenbrier County, Va., in September, 1832. She died June 9, 1896, and both she and Mr. Hamilton are buried in Hill Cemetery, west of Jamesport. Mr. Hamilton died March 21, 1916. He was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. To H. D. and Elizabeth R. (Hill) Hamilton ten children were born, of whom four are now living, as follows: Anna, the wife of J. T. Doty, Miller County, Mo.; T. E., the subject of this sketch; Alta M., the wife of E. G. Knight, Jackson Township; Henry, the oldest, a teacher of the Carlow consolidated schools.

T. E. Hamilton was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools. He began farming for himself when 23 years old, renting land for one year. In 1894 he purchased 40 acres of land and since that time has added to his holdings, now owning 203 acres. In 1921 he erected his fine modern home, which contains electric lights, hot air heat, running water and bath. The house is built of cement and stucco. Mr. Hamilton began breeding, Aberdeen Angus Cattle in 1916. He also breeds high grade Jersey cattle. Besides breeding cattle Mr. Hamilton is a grain farmer and raises a great deal of clover. He has been very successful and is one of the prosperous farmers of Daviess County.

On Jan. 25, 1893, Mr. Hamilton was married to Ollie Macy, a native of Jackson Township, and a daughter of W. C. and Mary (Nichols) Macy. To this union six children have been born, as follows: Eva, a graduate of Gallatin High School, now living at home; Armond, at home; Nuburn, at home; Doris, deceased; Marshall, at home; and Aleene, at home.

Mr. Hamilton is a Democrat and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, being an elder. Mr. Hamilton stands well in his community, both for his enterprising disposition and for his high standards of civic welfare.

L. C. Marlow, a successful merchant of Jamesport, was born Jan. 19, 1857, in Livingston County, the son of W. H. and Amanda (Hutchinson) Marlow.

W. H. Marlow was born in Kentucky in 1834. He came to Missouri many years ago, and settled on a farm in Jackson Township, Livingston County. In making the trip from Kentucky, Mr. Marlow drove a team of

oxen. During the Civil War he served under General Price in the Confederate Army. Mr. Marlow became a successful farmer of Livingston County and at one time was the owner of 1000 acres of land. After many years of farming he retired and resided in Chillicothe, until his death in June, 1911. Mr. Marlow was one of the organizers of the Citizens Bank of Jamesport, which is now extinct. He also organized many other banks. Mrs. Marlow was born in Kentucky in 1840. She died Jan. 27, 1921. To W. H. and Amanda (Hutchison) Marlow three children were born, as follows: L. C., the subject of this sketch; Belle, the wife of Barton Hosman, Colorado Springs, Colo.; Benjamin, residing on the old home farm in Livingston County.

L. C. Marlow was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. When a young man he became engaged in farming, later becoming heir to some land. He now owns 300 acres of well improved land in Jackson Township, Livingston County, upon which he has made extensive improvements. It is one of the finest farms in Livingston County.

In 1914 Mr. Marlow left the farm and became engaged in the hardware and implement business at Jamesport, in partnership with J. W. Harris, who died soon after. Mr. Marlow purchased his interest and then went into partnership with A. L. Jenkins, and the firm name is now known as Marlow and Jenkins. Mr. Marlow is a stockholder in the Commercial Bank of Jamesport and in the First National Bank of Chillicothe, also the Peoples Exchange Bank of Jamesport.

In 1882 L. C. Marlow was married for the first time to Jennie Ramsey, a native of Jackson Township, Livingston County, and a daughter of James and Linnie (Wingo) Ramsey, natives of Virginia and early settlers of Livingston County. To L. C. and Linnie (Wingo) Ramsey four children were born, as follows: Howard, a first-class carpenter and contractor of Jamesport; Fay, deceased, was the wife of Robert Murphy; Edith, the wife of Virgil Dixon now at Trenton; Darrell, carpenter, Jamesport. Mrs. Marlow died Jan 4, 1915. On July 2, 1916, Mr. Marlow was married to Ida (May) McClung, widow of H. F. McClung, and sister of Mrs. John L. Leopard, of Gallatin. Mrs. Marlow is the daughter of Gabe and Martha (Giddens) May, natives of Kentucky and early settlers of Daviess County. Mr. May is now deceased and his widow lives in Gallatin. By her first marriage, Mrs. Marlow had one son, Robert Earl McClung, now residing in Kansas City. Mrs. Marlow is a well educated woman, having taught school in Daviess County, for about 11 years.

Mr. Marlow tells of his father being engaged as a freighter across the plains in 1860 from Fort Leavenworth, Kan., to a Colorado fort for the government.

Mr. Marlow is a Democrat, and has served on the township board at different times and one term on the Jamesport city board. He is a Royal Arch Mason. Mr. Marlow has the esteem of the residents of Jamesport, as well as those of the surrounding territory and stands high in the community.

James M. Drummond, a well known retired hotel man of Jamesport, was born June 3, 1853, in Union Township, Daviess County, the son of J. P. and Sydney (Nickell) Drummond.

J. P. Drummond was born in Monroe County, W. Va., Sept. 25, 1813. He was the son of George and Easter (Boyd) Drummond, natives of Virginia. On June 14, 1836, J. P. Drummond was married to Sydney Nickell, a native of Monroe County, Va. In 1839 Mr. Drummond left Virginia and settled in Daviess County, where he purchased 160 acres of land in Jackson Township, and carried on general farming for a number of years. To J. P. and Sydney (Nickell) Drummond the following children were born: Margaret N. Mann; Elizabeth E. Baldwin; Amanda J. Musselman; Mary Barnett; George W. and Andrew J., twins; William N.; John K.; Caroline Jenkins; James M., the subject of this sketch; Charles R. Mrs. Drummond died in 1858. On July 14, 1859, Mr. Drummond was married for the second time to Maria F. Mann. J. P. Drummond died Aug. 2, 1898.

James M. Drummond was reared on his father's farm in Jackson Township, Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He then carried on farming until 1885, when he moved to Jamesport, where he conducted a livery and feed barn, and 1886 returned to the farm. In 1887 he again removed to Jamesport, and was in the livery business until 1896, when he engaged in the hotel business. In 1910 Mr. Drummond moved to Fayette, Mo., to educate his daughter. He remained there two years, then returning to Jamesport. He was in the hotel business for a few years, his father erected a two story hotel at Jamesport, in 1894. In connection with the hotel, Mr. Drummond also conducted a livery and feed barn, which he sold in 1903. He is a stockholder in the Farmers Elevator.

On Oct. 21, 1886, Mr. Drummond was married to Inez Thurlow, a daughter of David M. and Minta (Mullens) Thurlow. Mrs. Drummond was born near Chillicothe. Mr. and Mrs. Thurlow are natives of Sullivan County. To James M. and Inez (Thurlow) Drummond one child has been born, Beulah, now the wife of D. J. Rossa, Browning, Ill. They have three children: Irma; James E., and Howard W. Roosa.

Mr. Drummond now owns part of the old home farm of 120 acres in Jamesport Township. He is a Democrat, and in 1886 served in the office of mayor of Jamesport, and also served as trustee. He is a member of the Methodist church, and of the Knights of Pythias lodge. Mr. Drum-

mond has met with success in his business because of his energy, industry, and business foresight.

J. William DeVorss, a prominent and successful merchant of Jamesport, was born March 14, 1872, in Jamesport Township, Daviess County, the son of F. M., also known as Marion, and Mary (Lucas) DeVorss.

F. M. DeVorss was born in Jamesport Township, Dec. 15, 1851. He was a farmer in his early life, and later came to Jamesport, in 1882, and built the present hotel building, which he conducted for 25 years. He died in Jamesport, Sept. 6, 1918. His parents were John and Martha (Wiggleworth) DeVorss, natives of Virginia. John DeVorss was born in 1820, and died in 1900, in Jamesport. When a very small child he came to Missouri with his parents and settled in St. Joseph. They drove oxen here from Virginia, and were among the pioneer settlers of Daviess County, having settled in Jamesport Township, in the early forties. Mary (Lucas) DeVorss was born in Grundy County, Oct. 9, 1852, and died Feb. 12, 1914. Both Mr. and Mrs. DeVorss are buried in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Cemetery at Jamesport. Mrs. DeVorss was the daughter of James and Margaret (Estes) Lucas, natives of Kentucky and early settlers of Grundy County where they both died. To F. M. and Mary (Lucas) DeVorss five children were born, as follows: J. Wm., the subject of this sketch; John M., Nampa, Idaho; Charles O., Wichita, Kans.; George W., engaged in the grocery business at Jamesport; Henry, Denver, Colorado. Charles and George DeVorss are twins.

J. William DeVorss was reared in Jamesport, and was educated in the public schools there, from which he was graduated in 1890. In 1893 he traveled on the road and later became engaged in the grocery business at Trenton. Three years later, Mr. DeVorss sold out his share and became engaged in farming in Macon County, on his father-in-law's farm. Then in 1900 he returned to Jamesport, and opened a racket store. He now owns a variety store in Jamesport, and has a very profitable business. Mr. DeVorss is a stockholder and director in the Bank of Jamesport, and owns a fine residence and several business buildings in Jamesport.

On Dec. 20, 1893, Mr. DeVorss was married to Sarah E. Taylor, a daughter of James H., and Elizabeth (Simms) Taylor, natives of Tennessee and Kentucky, and later of Macon County. Mrs. DeVorss was born June 25, 1873, in Macon County. She was a teacher of music before her marriage. To this union three children have been born, as follows: Earl, Trenton; Claude, deceased; and Ruth, at home.

Mr. DeVorss is a Democrat, and has served in the offices of city marshal, school director, city collector, and on the park board. He is member of the Methodist church and belongs to the Knights of Pythias, Modern

Woodmen of America and the Yoeman lodge. Mr. DeVorss is prominent in business affairs of Jamesport, and because of his interest in public affairs he is ranked among the substantial citizens of the county.

James W. Long, a well known retired farmer of Gallatin, was born Feb. 5, 1859, in Shelby County, the son of Joseph and Sallie (Whaley) Long.

Joseph Long was born in Washington County, Md., Oct. 9, 1816. In about 1848 he came to visit an uncle in Marion County. He returned to Maryland, and six years later came back to Missouri, and married. He then lived in Maryland until 1855, when he returned to Missouri and settled on a farm in Shelby County. In March, 1864, Mr. Long removed to a farm five miles east of Paris, Mo., where he died the same year, on September 25. Sallie (Whaley) Long was born in Marion County, June 11, 1824. After Mr. Long's death she married the second time to S. W. Pugh, on Jan. 9, 1872. They removed to Grand River Township, Daviess County, where James W. Long was reared. Sallie (Whaley) Long Pugh died on June 8, 1904. Both of James W. Long's parents are buried in the Marion County Home Cemetery.

James W. Long continued to farm the original family farm for 40 years after the death of his step-father in 1876, and he with his mother purchased the land. Later, in 1880, Mr. Long bought out his mother's share, made extensive improvements, set out a ten acre orchard, and became one of the largest fruit growers in the county. He made many exhibits at the street fairs in Gallatin, and Trenton, of his apples and always won premiums on his entries. In 1915, Mr. Long sold his farm and moved to Gallatin, where he now resides. He now has a small orchard and owns ten acres within the city limits.

Mr. Long was married for the first time, Feb. 10, 1880, to Martha A. Mills, born Feb. 24, 1848, in Grand River Township. She died March 7, 1899. To this union three children were born, all of whom are now deceased. Mr. Long was married the second time on Nov. 5, 1901 to Rhoda Smith, a native of Grand River Township, and daughter of Ephriam and Mary (Smith) Smith. No children were born to this union. James W. Long was one of seven children, all of whom are now deceased with the exception of a sister, Elizabeth, the wife of S. P. Mills, Jameson. In the spring of 1887, Mr. Long took to raise a son S. W. Harris, who died April, 1907, at Colorado Springs, Colo. Mr. Long gave him an education. He is buried on Mr. Long's lot in Grand River Cemetery.

Mr. Long breeds pure bred chickens, Single Comb Buff Orphingtons and Plymouth Rocks. He also breeds Jersey Cows. Mr. Long became a member of the Baptist church in Grand River Township, April 1876, and

later the Jameson church, where he now belongs. He is a Democrat. Both Mr. and Mrs. Long are well known and highly respected citizens of Daviess County.

V. H. Scrivner, a well known retired farmer of Daviess County, was born in Estell County, Ky., July 4, 1841, the son of John and Hulda (Tudor) Scrivner.

John Scrivner was born in Estell County, Ky., and was a farmer during his life. He settled in Clay County, Mo., for a time, but returned to Kentucky after the death of his first wife. To John and Hulda (Tudor) Scrivner three children were born, two of whom are now living; V. H., the subject of this sketch; and Hulda, the wife of Clifton Oldham, Long Beach, Calif. After his wife's death, Mr. Scrivner married Leu Ann Williams, and five children were born to this union, of whom one is now living, Susan, the wife of Leslie Oliver, Richmond, Ky. Mr. Scrivner died in Kentucky.

V. H. Scrivner was reared in Kentucky, and in 1875 came to Daviess County, locating on a farm near Winston. There he carried on farming for 17 years, later moving to Smith County, Kans., where he remained for 19 years. He then moved to southern Nebraska, and in 1918, came to Gallatin, where he now lives retired. During the Civil War, Mr. Scrivner enlisted in Company C, 8th Regiment Kentucky Volunteer Infantry, and served for three years and four months. He was the 7th man to climb Lookout Mountain during the battle that was fought "above the clouds". The 8th Regiment remained there for eight days.

Mr. Scrivner was married the first time in 1867 to Dorothy Webb, a native of Kentucky. Ten children were born to this union, as follows: Laura, the wife of Charles Barrett, Red Cloud, Neb.; Mattie, the wife of Jesse Sappe, deceased; Albert, Eckley, Colo.; Edith, the wife of Sam Mountford, Red Cloud, Neb.; Frances, deceased; Oscar, Haigler, Neb.; William J., Tulsa, Okla.; Valley, deceased; C. M., Red Cloud, Neb.; Susan, the widow of Walter Mays, Red Cloud, Neb. Mrs. Scrivner died in Nebraska Oct. 8, 1917.

Mr. Scrivner was married the second time to Phoebe A. (Witt) widow of Henry White. To Henry White and Phoebe A. (Witt) the following children were born: W. H. White, Excelsior Springs; Jeramiah Ann, the wife of Frank Ray, Gilman City; George N. White, Liberty Township; Daviess County; Ota B., deceased; Hallack H. White, Excelsior Springs. After Mr. White's death Mrs. White later married Judge Frank Ewing, and to this union one child was born, Maud H., the wife of T. J. Collins, of Grundy County, now deceased. After the death of her first husband Mrs. White removed to Gallatin, where she remained a widow four years, when

she married Judge Ewing. She had been a widow for 22 years when she married Mr. Scrivner on July 15, 1918.

Mr. Scrivner is a Republican and has served as constable and collector for 11 years, and was deputy sheriff under James H. Witt. In 1890 he was one of the census enumerators. He also served as justice of the peace for four years in Kansas, and was nominated in 1888 for sheriff but was defeated. Mr. Scrivner was nominated in Nebraska for judge and in 1922 was nominated for police judge of Gallatin. He was educated in the Estell County, Ky., district schools.

Mr. Scrivner is a member of the Christian church, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Grand Army of the Republic. He is the owner of five and a half acres of well improved land on the edge of Red Cloud, Nebr., and also owns a fine residence in Gallatin. Mr. Scrivner has always been a progressive citizen with high standards of civic pride and stands high in his community. He has owned a good deal of property, both farms and city and has been very successful in his undertakings.

M. N. Knight, a leading farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, and owner of 180 acres of well improved land, was born Aug. 9, 1874, in Union Township, Daviess County, the son of James and Sarah (Peniston) Knight.

James Knight was a native of Virginia, born Jan. 8, 1843. During the Civil War he was a soldier. He came to Daviess County, after the war and settled in Union Township, where he farmed the remainder of his life, owning at his death, June 21, 1889, 120 acres of well improved land. Sarah (Peniston) Knight was a native of Livingston County. She died in 1883. To Mr. and Mrs. Knight seven children were born, as follows: Oma, the wife of George Jones, Jamesport; Verona, deceased, was the wife of George Ginder; V. E., Union Township; M. N., the subject of this sketch; Jesse, Bates County; Elizabeth, the wife of Eugene Roeark, Sedalia; Mary, deceased was the wife of Robert Williams.

M. N. Knight was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools. He began farming for himself, renting land when very young. In 1915, Mr. Knight purchased his present farm in Jackson Township, where he has made extensive improvements. He has been very successful in general farming and stock raising.

On Oct. 4, 1896, Mr. Knight was married to Maggie B. Macy, a daughter of W. C. and Mary (Nichols) Macy, natives of Union Township. Mr. Macy died July 20, 1921, and Mrs. Macy is now residing in Gallatin. Mrs. Knight was born Jan. 7, 1879, in Jackson Township, Daviess County. To M. N. and Maggie (Macy) Knight one child was born, Macy, born Feb. 9, 1898, now employed at Cameron.

Mr. Knight is a Democrat, and served in the office of county judge in 1919 and 1920, in the southern district. He is a member of the Methodist church and of the Modern Woodman of America. Mr. Knight is one of the reliable and progressive citizens of the county, energetic and far sighted in his methods of business and dependable in his dealings.

T. R. Shockley, a qualified embalmer and a member of the firm of the Shockley & Stapleton Furniture and Undertaking Establishment, was born in Bogle Township, Gentry County, July 22, 1868, the son of L. L. and Calrissa (Schooler) Shockley.

L. L. Shockley was born in Gasconade County, Mo., Dec. 21, 1826, and came to Gentry County, Aug. 31, 1846. He entered 160 acres of land in Bogle Township and improved it. He married first, a Miss Burgess and to this union seven children were born, three of whom died in infancy, and the remaining four are as follows: Minerva, later Mrs. Jackson, died at Hopkins, in Nodaway County, in 1903; Martha, married Mr. Korn, and died in Bogle Township in 1915; Victoria, now Mrs. Ray of Colorado; and Nevada, now Mrs. Korn of Grant City.

Mr. Shockley was married the second time in Worth County in 1867 to Clarissa Scholer and to this union one child, T. R., the subject of this review, was born. Mrs. Shockley died on the home place in April, 1876, and her remains are buried in the cemetery at the Old Brick Church. Lunsford L. L. Shockley was married the third time to Mrs. Elizabeth Green in 1880. She died in 1896. Mr. Shockley died Dec. 5, 1899 and his remains are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery.

T. R. Shockley attended the public schools. His first teacher was Robert M. Ross who taught the Shockley school which was located on the Shockley farm. Mr. Shockley farmed the home place, later becoming owner of 84 acres of it. In 1901 he bought 80 acres more, and in 1907 he sold the first part of his holdings, later selling the remainder. He moved to Albany in 1906 and in 1908, he formed a partnership with Edward E. Stapleton and bought the Holden Furniture and Undertaking Establishment. In 1911 Mr. Shockley became sole owner of the establishment and since then he has conducted same as an up to date furniture and undertaking business. A year later Mr. Shockley became an embalmer.

T. R. Shockley was married Feb. 22, 1900 to Mattie E. Quigley, a daughter of James and Eliza (Malsom) Quigley of Athens Township. Mrs. Shockley was born in Gentry County and attended the Eureka school which was located on her father's farm. She later was a student at the Stanberry Normal School and qualified herself to teach. The death of her stepmother however necessitated her remaining at home.

T. R. Shockley is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows



L. L. SHOCKLEY

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and the Woodmen of the World. He is an able and industrious business man, one who is qualified to make the success which has marked his enterprises. Mr. Shockley tells some interesting things relating to the history of his father, Lunsford L. L. Shockley, who was an astute business man and had many adventures. He enlisted for service in the Mexican War and was sent to St. Louis where he remained stationed for several weeks, but was never sent to the scene of the struggle. Years later he enlisted for service in the Civil War on the Confederate side and served three months under General Sterling Price. Mr. Shockley was unable to read or write but he was very apt in figuring out the amount due him on stock, making all of his calculations "in his head" but with absolute accuracy.

J. W. Tolbert, a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman of Union Township, Daviess County, was born Sept. 18, 1858, in Monroe County, W. Va., the son of Charles Alex and Mary (Meadows) Tolbert.

Charles Alex Tolbert was born in Virginia, where he farmed until his death. His wife was a native of West Virginia and died there. They were the parents of nine children, one of whom is deceased. J. W. Tolbert, the subject of this sketch, was reared on his father's farm in Virginia, and educated in the public schools. He was the only member of the Tolbert family to come to Missouri. In 1873 he came to Vernon County, and the following year to Daviess County, where he rented land for a few years, later buying a farm of 70 acres south of his present farm. Mr. Tolbert purchased his present farm in 1902, where he has made extensive improvements.

J. W. Tolbert was married Aug. 5, 1880, to Ada Poage, who was born on the farm where she now resides, Sept. 24, 1863, the daughter of Samuel D. B. and Sallie (Allen) Poage, natives of Greenbrier County, W. Va. Mr. and Mrs. Poage were the parents of nine children, two of whom are deceased. They came to Missouri in 1855, locating on the farm now owned by J. W. Tolbert. Mr. Pogue was one of the prosperous farmers of the county. Both he and his wife are deceased.

To J. W. and Ada (Poage) Tolbert seven children have been born, as follows: Bessie, the wife of Forrest Poage, Grand River Township; Garnett, Grand River Township; Bert, Union Township; Sidney, Concordia, Kans.; Samuel, Trenton; Roy, Gallatin; Winifred, a stenographer, graduated from Gem City Business College, Quincy, Ill., on Dec. 23, 1921.

Mr. Tolbert is a Democrat. Twenty-five years ago he served as road commissioner for a term of two years. He is a member of the Methodist church and of the Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. Tolbert owns 133

acres of well improved land in Union Township, and is a substantial citizen of his community.

E. A. Croy, a substantial farmer and stockman of Union Township, Daviess County, and owner of 123 acres of land, was born Dec. 13, 1863, in Madison County, Iowa, the son of Sampson and Susan (Railsback) Croy.

Sampson Croy was born in Montgomery County, and carried on general farming during his life. He removed to Iowa and later, in 1865, came to Daviess County, locating on a farm in Grand River Township. Two years later Mr. Croy moved to the farm now occupied by his son, E. A. Croy. Mr. Croy died there in 1898. Mrs. Croy was a native of Kentucky. She died in Western Kansas. To Sampson and Susan (Railsback) Croy three children were born, as follows: Malen, residing in western Kansas; E. A., the subject of this sketch; and Mary, deceased, was the wife of D. H. Sherrard.

E. A. Croy was reared in Union Township, Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He began farming on rented land, at the age of 22 years. In 1888 Mr. Croy purchased a farm in Grand River Township, which he improved. He removed to the old farm place in Union Township in 1893. He has made extensive improvements and now carries high grade stock. Mr. Croy purchased the farm two years after taking possession of it.

On March 11, 1888, Mr. Croy was married to Ida Hays, a native of Jamesport, born Dec. 27, 1869, the daughter of John and Caroline (Everly) Hays. Mr. and Mrs. Hays were natives of Iowa and Missouri. To E. A. and Ida (Hays) Croy eight children were born, as follows: Lillie M., the wife of Virgil Jenkins, Grand River Township; Fleet E., Grand River Township; Synthia., the wife of E. D. Brown, Grand River Township; Naomi Fay, teacher in the home district; Mary A., teacher in the district schools; Dorothy, deceased; Glenn H., attending high school; Olive, at home.

Mr. Croy is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church. He is a stockholder of the Farmers Co-operative Store, at Gallatin. Mr. Croy is a reliable citizen, industrious and enterprising. He merits the esteem with which he is held in the community.

James Franklin Johnson, deceased, was a well known farmer and land owner of Union Township, Daviess County, was born Dec. 5, 1837, in Rappahannock County, Va., the son of David and Fannie (Huff) Johnson, natives of Virginia. Mr. and Mrs. David Johnson were natives of Green County, Ohio, who came to Daviess County, before the Civil War.

James Franklin Johnson, enlisted during the Civil War in the 2nd

Ohio Artillery, and served the last two years of the war. He then came to Daviess County, where his parents had settled in Union Township, and there he remained the rest of his life.

Mr. Johnson was married in 1866 in Ohio, to Mary J. Johnson, a native of Rappahannock County, Va., born Aug. 5, 1835. She died on Oct. 28, 1915. To this union seven children were born as follows: Turner, deceased; Quint, Sioux City, Iowa; Melvin, bachelor, living on the home place; Frances, at home; Eugene, bachelor, living on the home place. The other children died in infancy.

James Franklin Johnson was one of the organizers of the First National Bank of Gallatin. At the time of his death, March 31, 1906, he owned 500 acres of land in Union Township. His hobby was the purchasing of land. After his death his property was divided among his children. In politics he was a Democrat.

Melvin Johnson was born in Union Township, Daviess County, Oct. 12, 1871. He was educated a quarter of a mile from the home farm. Mr. Johnson now owns 450 acres of land in Union Township. He served on the township board for eight years and is well and favorably known in Daviess County.

Eugene Johnson was born in Union Township, Aug. 6, 1876. He was educated in the district schools and has been engaged in farming during his entire life. He owns 633 acres of land in Union and Grand River Township, being the place where "Adam's Grave" is located. Every year the Mormons visit this grave.

Frances Johnson is unmarried and keeps house for her two brothers. She was born Nov. 2, 1873, in Union Township. She owns the home place and 130 acres of land.

James Franklin Johnson was a Democrat. He was a man of integrity and industry. He was one of the reliable and substantial men of his community.

H. C. McMahan, a successful farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, and owner of 225 acres of well improved land, was born Jan 3, 1867, in Jamesport Township, the son of J. F. and Sarah (Mann) MaMahan.

J. F. McMahan was born in Union Township, Daviess County, July 1, 1835. He carried on general farmer during his life and lived on several different farms in Daviess County. He lived in Jamesport for 28 years, where he was engaged in the grocery business. J. F. McMahan was the son of James McMahan an early settler of Missouri. Mrs. J. F. McMahan was born in Virginia, March 2, 1835, and she now lives in Jamesport. Mr.

McMahan died June 17, 1919, and is buried in the Jamesport Cemetery. To J. F. and Sarah (Mann) McMahan three children were born, as follows: Lydia, deceased, was the wife of J. H. Edwards; Mollie, the wife of L. R. Smith, Jamesport; and H. C., the youngest, subject of this sketch.

H. C. McMahan was reared on the farm and educated in the district schools. At the age of 21 years he rented land, later in 1890 purchasing 160 acres, upon which he now carries on general framing and stock raising. Mr. McMahan is a prominent breeder of Duroc Jersey hogs.

On April 21, 1891, Mr. McMahan was married to Olivia Wetzel, a native of Clinton County, Pa., and a daughter of Reuben and Matilda (Poorman) Wetzel. Mr. and Mrs. Wetzel were natives of Pennsylvania who came to Daviess County in 1870, locating on a farm in Jackson Township. They are both now deceased.

To H. C. and Olivia (Wetzel) McMahan five children have been born, as follows: Fern, farming the home place; Hubert, Colorado; Mildred, a teacher; Julian, Nebraska; Gertrude, the wife of E. F. Bedford, Hale, Mo.; and Howard, living at home.

Mr. McMahan is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. He is a stockholder of the Peoples Bank of Jamesport, of which he was an organizer. Mr. McMahan is an energetic man who stands well in the esteem of his neighbors and fellow citizens.

W. T. Brown, a prominent and successful stock buyer of Jamesport, and owner of 240 acres of land in Jamesport Township, was born Aug. 29, 1853, in Grand River Township, the son of Moses and Elizabeth (Wiles) Brown.

Moses Brown was a native of Indiana, and removed to Daviess County, about 1838, where he was engaged in farming during his entire life. He served in the office of county judge for two terms. He made his home in Gallatin for a number of years prior to his death, which occurred when he was 71 years of age. His wife was born in South Carolina, and died when about 72 years old. Both Mr. and Mrs. Brown are buried in Brown Cemetery, Gallatin. To Moses and Elizabeth (Wiles) Brown 13 children were born, of whom four are now living as follows: W. T., the subject of this sketch; A. C., Cheyenne County, Kans.; A. T. Altamont; and Missouri the wife of D. D. Dean, Winston.

W. T. Brown grew up on his father's farm in Daviess County. He was engaged in farming after his marriage in Lincoln Township, for about 20 years, after which, in about 1897, he removed to Jamesport, where he purchased 240 acres of land adjoining the city limits on the north. Here Mr. Brown has since been engaged in buying and shipping stock to all parts

of the country. He has been very successful in his work and is widely known.

On Feb. 22, 1873, Mr. Brown was married to Susan Croy, a native of Grand River Township, and a daughter of Alex and Sophia (Railsback) Croy. To this union one child was born, Mary, the wife of D. T. Reed, Jamesport Township, Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Reed have two children, Hugh and Clinton Reed.

Mr. Brown is a Republican and has served as a justice of the peace in Lincoln Township. He is a stockholder of the Commercial Bank of Jamesport. Mr. Brown is a member of the Baptist church of which he is a deacon. He is a substantial and reliable citizen who has made a success in life by virtue of his energy, his progressive ideals and his enterprising methods.

Daniel Landes, a prominent citizen of Jamesport, who departed this life May 10, 1922, was born Feb. 2, 1852, in Grand River Township, the son of Levi and Mary (Wiles) Landes.

Levi Landes was born in Henry County, Ind., and came to Daviess County in the early days when it was but a wilderness. He got his land in Grand River from the government and carried on general farming until his death. Mrs. Landes was also a native of Henry County. They were the parents of twelve children, four of whom are now deceased.

Daniel Landes was reared on a farm and began for himself at the age of 22 years, purchasing his land on time payments. He was unable to build a house at first, so lived in a small building 16x16 feet which he built. Mr. Landis owned 40 acres of land then, and by adding to it from time to time he owned 255 acres of well improved land in Grand River Township. 1897 he erected a two story house containing eight rooms, and also a large barn. Mr. Landes was a well known feeder of cattle for 20 years, and was very successful in his work.

Mr. Landes was married three times, the first time being to Martha E. Kemp, now deceased. To this union five children were born, two of whom are now living; Flora Belle, the wife of Albert Terry, Gault; Neuma, the wife of William Courtney, Ewing.

Mr. Landes was married the second time to Sallie Hyett. No children were born to this union. The third marriage of Mr. Landes was to Martha E. Beeler, a native of Sullivan County, a daughter of Noah and Mary Ann (Jones) Beeler. Mr. and Mrs. Beeler were natives of Virginia and Alabama, who came to Sullivan County, in the early days. They removed to Daviess County in 1857, and located near Pattonsburg, where Mrs. Landes lived until about 22 years ago, when she removed to James-

port, where she and her father lived. She clerked in J. P. Malon's store until her marriage, Oct. 11, 1905. No children have been born to this union.

Mr. Landes was a stockholder in the Bank of Jameson, at Jameson, of which he was an organizer. He was a Republican and a member of the Baptist church. Mr. Landes' success in life was due to hard work, good management, and the ability to overcome the many reverses he encountered in his work. He was a highly esteemed citizen of his community.

John W. McClaskey, a well known retired farmer and merchant of Gallatin, was born Oct. 4, 1951, near Aubery Grove, Jamesport Township, the son of Albert and Martha (Koger) McClaskey.

Albert McClaskey was born in Indiana, Jan. 11, 1826. He owned a grist and saw mill in Gallatin, and later one in Aubery Grove, and one in Livingston County. In 1854 Mr. McClaskey went to California, in search of gold. He died there a year later. Mrs. McClaskey was born in Kentucky, March 8, 1828. After the death of Mr. McClaskey she was married to Lathan Goben, and to that union one child was born, Elijah Goben, living in Oklahoma. To Albert and Martha (Koger) McClaskey three children were born, as follows: Eliza, the wife of Joseph Lee, Gallatin; John W., the subject of this sketch; James M., Union Township, Daviess County. Mrs. Goben, the mother of John W. McClaskey, died Nov. 30, 1905.

John W. McClaskey was reared in Daviess County, on a farm. In 1886 he moved to Gallatin, where he became engaged in the lumber business. Later he was in the produce business at Tipton, and in 1888 he returned to Gallatin, where he became engaged in the shipping of live stock to the eastern markets. Then in 1893, Mr. McClaskey went into the transfer business until 1910, when he conducted a grain and seed business for four years. He then retired in 1915, after which he did a great deal of traveling about the country. In 1916, Mr. McClaskey built an all modern bungalow in the eastern section of Gallatin. It is built of native stone and is one of the attractive residences of the city.

On Aug. 22, 1876, Mr. McClaskey was married the first time to Alice V. Smith, a native of Spencer, Va. They were married at Mt. Ayr, Iowa, and to this union four children were born, of whom two are now living; Forrest, the wife of C. E. Harris, Phoenix, Ariz.; and E. C., Fresno, Calif. Mrs. Alice (Smith) McClaskey died Sept. 20, 1888.

Mr. McClaskey was married the second time to Lucy Fannie (Estes) Smith, on Jan. 23, 1909. She was the widow of George Smith. Mrs. McClaskey was born in Rappahannock County, Va., and her parents were pioneer settlers of Daviess County. To Mr. and Mrs. McClaskey two

children were born, as follows: Martha Yates, at home; and Harry Newton, deceased.

A brother of Mr. McClaskey, James M., narrowly escaped losing his life when a baby. While he was playing on the floor of the house, and his mother busy with her work, a large hog walked in through the door, grabbed the baby and ran off with it. Mrs. McClaskey was able to rescue it before any harm was done.

In politics Mr. McClaskey is a Democrat. In 1914 he was elected mayor of Gallatin, which office he held for a term of two years. At that time the power house was moved to higher ground. During his administration, Mr. McClaskey had a hard time fighting bootleggers. He was also mayor of Spencer, W. Va., from 1877 until 1878, where he was employed as a clerk in a dry goods store.

Mr. McClaskey is a member of the Masonic lodge and of the Baptist church. He is well and favorably known in Gallatin, and takes an interest in the affairs of his town.

Novia Doak, a successful farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, was born Nov. 26, 1886, in Union Township, a son of Rev. Peter P. and Lucretia (Parker) Doak.

Peter P. Doak was born in Sullivan County, Feb. 28, 1848. In 1880 he married Lucretia Parker, a native of Kentucky, and daughter of James M. and Eliza (Lewis) Parker. Mr. and Mrs. Doak were the parents of six children, as follows: Harry, Union Township; Novia, the subject of this sketch; Edgar, living with his mother, and a daughter who died in infancy. Mr. Doak died in 1919.

Novia Doak was educated in the district schools and attended the public schools at Gallatin. He was reared on a farm and remained on the home farm until he was 21 years old, when he began farming with his brother Olin E. They owned 157 acres of land. In 1912 he sold his share to his brother Olin, and purchased his present farm from O. R. Whitt. It had been improved by John New of California. Mr. Doak has made extensive improvements on the farm, having erected a cement silo 14x35 feet.

April 26, 1908, Mr. Doak was married to Mary E. Bonnett, a daughter of P. M. and Jeanette (Fittspatrick) Bonnett, natives of Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Bonnett lived in Daviess County, for about ten years. Mr. Bonnett died several years ago and his widow now resides in Washington, D. C. Mrs. Doak was born in Carroll County.

To Mr. and Mrs. Doak three children have been born; Zella Irene, at home; Novena Edith, at home; and Edna Christina, deceased.

Mr. Doak owns 95 acres of land and is a well known breeder of Short-horn cattle. He is also a feeder of hogs and cattle, and breeder of Rhode Island Red chickens.

Mr. Doak is a Democrat and served on the township board. He was justice of the peace for four years, and is now constable and collector of Monroe Township. He is a member of the Methodist church, and is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. Doak has been unusually successful and is considered one of Monroe Township's most efficient citizens.

Sam C. Killam, successful manager of the insurance work for 12 companies and the president of the Albany Chamber of Commerce, was born in Morgan County, Ill., Nov. 5, 1880, the son of Thomas H. and Lida C. (Clark) Killam.

Thomas H. Killam and Lida C. Clark were married in Illinois and came to Harrison County, Mo., in 1882, where they bought a farm in Washington Township, and where they continued to live until the fall of 1898, when they moved to Grant City. There Mr. Killam went into the grain and stock business which he continued to conduct until the spring of 1902, when he came to Albany and bought the Graves Hardware store. He remained in the hardware business until 1909. He is now located in Duluth, Minn. To the union of Thomas H., and Lida C. (Clark) Killam the following children were born: Samuel C., the subject of this review; Edith L., a teacher in Duluth, Minn.; Lawrence T., a resident of McMinnville, Ore.; and John W., now working for the United States Steel Corporation in Duluth, Minn.

Samuel C. Killam graduated from the Grant City High School in 1901, and then spent one year as a student in William Jewell College at Liberty. He later entered the hardware business with his father and remained in this work until 1909. The next three years he was with E. K. Williams. In 1914 he engaged in the furniture business at Mt. Ayr, Iowa. In the spring of 1916, Mr. Killam went into the insurance business and opened his present office, where he handles the work in connection with fire, tornado, hail, and automobile insurance. From August, 1918, until July, 1921, Mr. Killam clerked in the Gentry County Bank.

The Chamber of Commerce of Albany was organized on Feb. 8, 1921, as an outgrowth of the former Commercial Club. At the first meeting of the new organization there were 30 men present, at the second meeting, two weeks later, there were 75 men present. The membership of the organization is now 267 and the work of the members is already felt as a strong integrating force in the town. Mr. Killam was elected president of



SAM C. KILLAM



the new club and was reelected for 1922. Mr. Killam has proved himself admirably fitted to the position. In April, 1922, Mr. Killam was appointed acting postmaster of Albany.

Sam C. Killam was married June 7, 1911, to Linnie N. Lainhart, a daughter of Robert P. and Melcenia (Sampson) Lainhart. Mr. Lainhart was a grocer in Albany for almost 35 years. He retired from active business life a few years before his death which occurred in February, 1920. His remains are buried in Highland Cemetery. His widow now lives at Albany. Mr. and Mrs. Killam have one daughter, Merilee.

Mr. Killam is a member of Athens Lodge No. 127, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and the Royal Arch Chapter at Albany, also the Josephus Council Albany Commandry, and the Order of the Eastern Star. He is a past officer in all of these lodges except the Council. He belongs also to the Yoeman Lodge and to the Knights of Constantine at St. Joseph. Mr. Killam is the chairman of the Republican Central Committee of Gentry County and has held this position for the past four years. He is a progressive man, one who manifests foresight in his business affairs and high ideals in the community in his political views, and in his direction of the work of the Albany Chamber of Commerce. He is a member of the Christian church, being an active worker in that church, and is now a deacon.

W. R. Handy, who operates a real estate, farm loans and abstract office in Gallatin, was born near Horse Cave, Ky., Jan. 18, 1865. His parents were David W. and Mary (Cook) Handy to whom eight children were born. Six of them are still living: J. B., a merchant and banker at Coffey; A. H., in the mercantile business in Kansas City; Ida, married A. H. Thompson of Sioux City, Iowa; W. R., the subject of this review; Ollie, the wife of J. P. Stanley of Topeka, Kans.; and C. P., a resident of Rocky Ford, Colorado.

David W. Handy was born in Virginia in 1830. He married Mary Cook in Kentucky. She was born in Pennsylvania. They came to Daviess County in the late spring of 1865, and for 12 years lived on a farm. At the end of that time they moved to Coffey, where Mr. Handy engaged in the mercantile business. He was a successful man, and at one time owned 790 acres of land adjoining the site of Coffey. He was one of the well known stock feeders of the community, and a man highly esteemed throughout the county. His wife died at Coffey in 1910, at the age of 76 years, and he died at the same town in 1914. The remains of both are buried in the Masonic Cemetery there. They were members of the Baptist church, and Mr. Handy was a Democrat in his political views.

W. R. Handy grew up at Coffey and attended the schools there. In

1883 he entered Grand River College at Edinburg, and remained for a year taking the commercial course. He then became a student in the Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill., and then became connected with his fathers' business. He conducted a store for his father and G. B. Duke, at McFall in 1886. The next year he went back to Coffey, where he again entered the mercantile business, and remained in it until February, 1889, when he accepted a position as clerk for Irving Brothers. In 1891, he with J. H. Townsend, W. T. Osborn, C. A. Stout, J. H. Gilchrist became the organizers of the Gallatin Dry Goods and Grocery Company, and Mr. Handy was placed in charge of the dry goods department, and was also the secretary of the company. In 1892 he was forced to resign from his work because of his health, and a year later he became associated with S. D. Stephens in the real estate and loan business. In 1896 this enterprise was incorporated as the Stephens Farm Loan Company, and in 1914, the firm went into the hands of a receiver. Following this Mr. Handy began making loans for himself, and has now established an excellent business.

Mr. Handy was married on Sept. 5, 1889 to Lillian Dugger, born in Madison County, Ill., in April, 1869, the daughter of Cornelius Dugger. Mr. Dugger spent all of his life in Illinois, where he died. Mr. and Mrs. Handy had six children born to their union: Vada I., married to Charles Blizzard of St. Joseph; Dean E., Beggs, Okla.; Glenn D., living at Rocky Ford, Colo.; Giles K., a resident of St. Joseph; and Dorothy and Mary, both at home.

Mr. Handy was elected mayor of Gallatin in 1902 and held that office until 1906. A few years before that time he was appointed a member of the advisory committee to put water and lights in the city. He served as chairman of the central county committee and was the congressional committeeman for the Third District for his political party. During the World War, Mr. Handy served on the Council of Defense, the Food Administration Board, Agricultural Extension, and was the sale director for the Third and Fourth Liberty Loans for Daviess County. He also had charge of all overseas Christmas packages for the soldiers. In 1916 he was asked by the council to take the city clerkship and was assigned to the work of helping plan the rebuilding and extension of the old water plant. He also served on the building committee for the Y. M. C. A. building. On March 15, 1921, Mr. Handy was presented with a silver medal from the Home Insurance Company of New York City, in recognition of 25 years of continuous service with that company, during which time he had been their fire adjustor for his district.

Mr. Handy is a Democrat and is identified with the Baptist church.

He is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Modern Woodmen of America, the Woodmen of the World and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is one of the well known men of the county, a reliable and substantial citizen who has always manifested keen discerning interest in everything that pertains to the improvement and growth of his community.

W. T. Cooper, deceased, was one of the well known men of Gallatin, and of the northwestern part of Missouri. He was born at Gallatin Dec. 8, 1857, the son of John and Maria (Trotter) Cooper.

John Cooper and his wife were early settlers of Daviess County. He was born on April 8, 1825. He was a well known farmer and stockman. During the Civil War he enlisted for service and was assigned to Company M. 4th Regiment, Missouri Militia. When the rush to Oklahoma began, Mr. Cooper went west, and staked a claim on the present site of the town of Enid. He improved this land, and later moved to Hennesy, Okla., where he engaged in the grocery business. He died at Hennesy, April 8, 1889. His wife, Marie (Trotter) Cooper, was born, May 12, 1834, and died in August, 1908. Two of the children born to John Cooper and his wife grew to maturity: W. T., the subject of this review; and Nannie, married G. P. Rush, and is now dead.

W. T. Cooper was reared at Gallatin, and attended the Gallatin school. Early in his life he became interested in mercantile pursuits. He clerked in Etter's store, and later became interested in the jewelry business. He disposed of his interest in the jewelry store and became a traveling salesman for the Tom Ray Cutlery Company of Kansas City. He continued in that work for 15 years, and then accepted a similar position with the Quincy Stove Company of Quincy, Ill. He remained in that work until his death, June 18, 1921.

W. T. Cooper was married, May 28, 1885, to Leona Casey at Gallatin. Mrs. Cooper was born at Richmond, Feb. 18, 1865, the daughter of Thomas and Martha (Mann) Casey. Both Mr. and Mrs. Casey died when their daughter was 13 years old, and the little girl was taken to Gallatin, where she grew up in the homes of her uncle, E. M. Mann, and her aunt, Mrs. Belle Sheets. Mrs. Cooper attended the school at Gallatin, and later was a student in Christian College at Columbia. To the union of W. T. and Leona (Casey) Cooper the following children were born: Maybelle, married Dr. W. L. Howard, a member of the faculty of the Horticulture department of Berkeley College, and spent the summer of 1921 in Europe; Mattie, the wife of J. M. Evvard, an instructor in the Animal Husbandry Department of the Agricultural College at Ames, Iowa; T. E., a physician, a sketch of

whose life appears in a later paragraph; and Nannie Rush, a successful teacher at Pattonsburg. Mrs. Cooper has the following grandchildren: Thomas, Robert, Edwin and Walter, Jr., Howard; Margaret, John C., and Martha J. Evvard; and Clarence Casey Cooper.

W. T. Cooper was a Democrat, and a member of the Methodist church to the support of which he always contributed most liberally. He belonged to the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows lodges. At the time of his death, he was the oldest member of the latter lodge in Gallatin. He was a firm believer in good educational advantages, and it was his plan for all his children to receive college degrees. For 13 consecutive terms, one of his children, and part of the time two of them, were students in the Missouri state university. Mr. Cooper always felt, however, that an investment in an education meant more for his children, than any accumulation of property could ever mean later on. He was a man whose friends were numbered by the scores. His business called him into many towns, and various parts of the state. Wherever he went he made staunch friends. As a business man, he was alert and energetic, and his customers always had the greatest respect for his judgment. As a citizen, he held ideals of civic progress and believed most thoroughly in city government. He was the kind of man whose presence in the community is an asset, and whose death is a real loss.

Thomas E. Cooper, a progressive physician and surgeon of Gallatin, was born Nov. 6, 1890, the son of W. T. Cooper, the subject of this sketch. Dr. Cooper grew up in Gallatin and in 1908, he entered the Missouri State University. He graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1912; entered the Medical College of St. Louis University at St. Louis, and in 1914 received the degree of Doctor of Medicine there. For the next three and one-half years he was an intern in the St. Louis City Hospital, where he received training that was both practical and scientific.

In January, 1918, Dr. Cooper received a commission as a medical officer for service in the World War. He served in several camps, and was then sent overseas with No. 227 Aero Squadron. In July, 1919, he was discharged from service, and returned to Gallatin, where he began the practice of his profession. He attained the rank of captain before receiving his discharge.

Dr. Cooper was married in August, 1916, to Flora Kreis, and to this union one child, Clarence Casey, was born. Mrs. Cooper died in October, 1917, at the age of 22 years. On March 20, 1921, Dr. Cooper was married to Alleyne Yates, a daughter of Howard and Lulu Yates of Gallatin.

Dr. Cooper is a Democrat, a member of the Methodist church and

belongs to the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. He is a young man of keen intellectual and professional ability, and has established an excellent practice in Gallatin.

The Cooper family is one of the well and favorably known families of Daviess County.

Shannon Adkison, a prominent farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, was born June 6, 1868, in Madison County, Ky., a son of Thomas and Nancy Belle (Broaddus) Adkison.

Thomas Adkison was born Dec. 24, 1832, in Kentucky. He was a farmer during his entire life. In 1879 he came to Missouri from Moultrie County, Ill., and settled on a farm in Clinton County. In 1884 he moved to Daviess County. During the Civil War, he enlisted in Company G, United States First Kentucky, Volunteer Cavalry. He enlisted Aug. 20, 1861, and was discharged Dec. 31, 1864. Mr. Adkison was a Republican and a member of the Baptist church at Gallatin. His wife, Nancy Belle Broaddus was born in Madison County, Ky., Oct. 10, 1846, and died July 2, 1920. Mr. Adkison died Dec. 19, 1921, at the home of his son in Monroe Township.

Thomas Adkison and wife were the parents of six children: Cora, the wife of George Rea, Clinton County; Shannon, the subject of this sketch; Mary, the wife of W. P. Stone, Drumright, Okla.; Lukette, Lathrop; Anna, deceased; Bertha, deceased, was the wife of J. W. Allsup.

Shannon Adkison was reared on a farm in Daviess County, and was educated in the district schools of Monroe Township. When he became of age he rented a farm from his father. In 1892 Mr. Adkison was married to Emma Lynch, a native of Monroe Township, and a daughter of Thomas and Mary A. (Moore) Lynch, natives of Ohio. Mrs. Adkison taught school several years before her marriage.

In 1902 Mr. Adkison purchased the Taylor farm in Section 8, Monroe Township. He improved it and sold it in 1910. He then purchased a farm in Sheridan Township, after which he again moved to Union Township. After owning several farms, Mr. Adkison bought the farm which he now occupies in Monroe Township. In 1913 he built a modern residence.

To Mr. and Mrs. Adkison ten children have been born, two of whom died in infancy. The others are as follows: Thomas R., Monroe Township; Robert, deceased, was inducted into service during the World War, and assigned to Company D, 138th Infantry, 35th Division, sailed for overseas May 3, 1918, and was killed in the Battle of the Argonne Forest, Sept. 27, 1918, and his body was buried in Brown Cemetery at Gallatin, Aug. 14, 1921; Rosa, the wife of Samuel D. Halcomb, Union Township;

Ross, Monroe Township; Mary, teacher in Union Township; Reva, at home; Frances, at home; Rayburn, at home.

Mr. Adkison is a Republican. He owns 150 acres of land in Monroe Township, which is well improved. Mr. Adkison has put much energy, thought and time into his business of farming and stockraising, and merits the marked success which he has made.

Levi P. Cox, one of Caldwell County's efficient farmers, and owner of 930 acres of land in Harrison and Jackson Townships, was born Dec. 23, 1857, a son of Levi P. Cox, Sr., and Elizabeth (Stamper) Cox.

Levi P. Cox, Sr., was born Jan. 20, 1817, in Williamsburg, Ky., and came to Missouri the summer of 1840, settling on what is known as part of the old L. P. Cox farm in Jackson Township. Mr. Cox was married Sept. 30, 1841, to Elizabeth Stamper. To Mr. and Mrs. Cox eight children were born, as follows: Larkin J., Born Aug. 12, 1843, was shot during the battle of Corinth, Miss., which caused his death Nov. 1, 1862, aged 19 years; Lucy M., was born Sept. 26, 1844, married Reuben Ketron, Edinburg, and she died at the age of 26 years; Emily Cox, born Nov. 22, 1845, was the wife of I. T. Minnick, now deceased, and she is now living in St. Joseph, Mo.; Nathan T. Cox, born Nov. 12, 1847, now living in Gainesville, Texas, and the owner of 500 acres of land there on which he raises wheat, oats, etc.; Maria A. Cox, born April 11, 1851, died Sept. 24, 1864, at the age of 13 years; Joseph M. Cox, born Feb. 25, 1853, living on his farm in Jackson Township; Jess Cox, born April 6, 1860, died in infancy; Levi P., the subject of this sketch; John S. Cox, born May 13, 1861, died March 22, 1905, aged 43 years, at his home in Breckenridge, Mo.

Levi P. Cox, Sr., died Jan. 20, 1886, at the age of 69 years, and his wife died May 18, 1864, at the age of 38 years. Mr. Cox died at Breckenridge, and his wife in Jackson Township, Daviess County.

Levi P. Cox, Jr., was six years old at the time of his mother's death. He was reared on his father's farm, and received his education in the district schools and the high school of Breckenridge. After completing his education, Mr. Cox began farming in Jackson Township. In 1896 he moved to Breckenridge, where he has since resided.

Mr. Cox was married for the first time Sept. 10, 1879, to Sarah F. Mauzey, of Platt County. To this union five daughters were born, as follows: Mollie E., the wife of G. B. Grumbine of Oklahoma City, Okla., was born Sept. 27, 1880, and has four children: Lucy J., Born Sept. 3, 1882, is the wife of F. N. Campbell of Cameron, and they have two children; Minnie May, born Nov. 15, 1884, married F. L. Runkle, of Denver, Colo., and died Dec. 11, 1918, at the age of 34 years, leaving three small children; Clarissa

D., was born Aug. 27, 1888, and was the wife of John H. Benney, of Breckenridge, and died June 21, 1915, at the age of 26 years, leaving a small daughter; Mattie Lee, a twin sister of Clarissa, now the wife of Richard M. Hicks, living on the old homestead, Daviess County, and they have three children. Mrs. Cox died June 22, 1894, at the age of 34 years.

Mr. Cox was married the second time to Mary Bell Wood, of Macon, July 1, 1896. To this union one son was born who died in infancy, and a daughter, Vivian I. Cox, now the wife of Jess B. McClure of Kansas City. Mrs. McClure was born Aug. 5, 1899. They have one daughter. Mrs. Cox died March 15, 1911, at the age of 53 years.

Mr. Cox was married Nov. 26, 1914 to Mrs. Laura A. Brogan, of Macon, and they now reside in Breckenridge, where he erected a modern residence.

Mr. Cox is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. He is also a member of the Masonic Lodge, Modern Woodmen of America, Eastern Star, Yoeman lodge, and the Knights and Ladies of Security. He has served on the Breckenridge School Board and also on the council. Mr. Cox has been successful because of his energy and perserverance. He is one of the dependable citizens of Caldwell County and is widely and favorably known.

Dr. J. T. Nugent, a successful physician and surgeon of Winston, Mo., was born May 31, 1884, on a farm in Audrian County, the son of George and Melissa (McGee) Nugent.

George Nugent was born near Frankfort, Ky., and his wife was born near Greencastle, Va. They were the parents of four children, of whom two are now living: William, hardware merchant of St. Joseph; and Dr. J. T., the subject of this sketch.

Dr. J. T. Nugent was reared in Monroe County, and lived with an aunt Mrs. Tom Adams, his mother having died when he was three months old. He was graduated from the Paris, Mo., high school and spent two years at the state university in the medical department. He then attended the Washington University of St. Louis, from which he was graduated in June 1919, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Dr. Nugent was then appointed house physician of the Martha Parsons Hospital, where he remained for one year. He then practiced at Centralia, where he remained until May, 1921. At that time Dr. Nugent began practicing medicine and surgery in Jamesport, where he established a good practice, and remained there until June, 1922, when he began practice at Winston.

On June 24, 1913, Dr. Nugent was married to Anna Harris, a native of Audrian County. While growing up in practically the same neighborhood with Dr. Nugent, they did not become acquainted with each other

until a year before their marriage. Mrs. Nugent is a graduate of Columbia College and taught school for two years. She is the daughter of Robert G. and Mary E. (Proctor) Harris, natives of Boone County. Mr. Harris is now deceased and his widow resides in Centralia.

To Dr. J. T. and Anna (Harris) Nugent one child has been born Thomas Harris Nugent, born June 17, 1914.

Dr. Nugent is a Democrat in politics. He belongs to the Masonic lodge and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Christian church, and of the Knights of Pythias. Dr. Nugent is a substantial citizen of Daviess County and a progressive man in his profession.

John Francis Green, deceased, was born in Gentry County in the house where his widow now lives, July 20, 1868. His parents were John and Sarah J. Green, the latter now living at Albany at the age of 79 years.

John Green, the father of John Francis Green, was born in Richland County, Ohio, Sept. 5, 1822, the son of William Green, native of Massachusetts, and Martha (Stanton) Green, born in Connecticut. John Green came to Gentry County in 1849, and that same year was employed by the government to work on the western plains. In the spring of 1850 he went to California where he remained for three years engaged in mining. At the end of that time he returned to Gentry County, where he lived until his death, Jan. 2, 1882. His remains are buried in the Carter Cemetery. He was a large land holder, owning at the time of his death, 705 acres. On Dec. 8, 1864, John Green married Sarah J. Glendenning, and to this union the following children were born: William H., a farmer in Bogle Township; John Francis, the subject of this sketch; Edwin P., of Athens Township; Clara A., deceased; and Effie, now Mrs. Abarr of Bogle Township.

John Francis Green attended the rural schools of Gentry County, and followed farming all of his life. At the time of his death, he owned 264 acres of land, and was a man of prominence in his lines of work. He died, Sept. 7, 1915, and his remains are buried in the Highland Cemetery. His son, John Ervin, now runs the home farm.

John Francis Green was married Jan. 10, 1892 to Phoebe E. Burgess, a daughter of Thomas E. and Nancy J. (Mahoney) Burgess. Thomas E. Burgess was born in Gasconade County, Jan 23, 1838, and died in Gentry County, June 9, 1915. His remains are buried in Grand View Cemetery. He served in the Union Army for three years and nine months during the Civil War. His wife was born in Ripley County, Ind., March 28, 1844, was married in Bogle Township in 1866, and lived in Gentry County ever since. Her children were: Orlando Ransom, deceased; Phoebe, now Mrs. Green; Emma, the wife of J. W. Siddens; Cora, the wife of George Goode, of Merino, Col.; G. E., a resident of Albany; Flora, married to Charles Redd,



MRS. AND MRS. J. F. GREEN AND CHILDREN, JOHN E., AND VESTA

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and living on the Burgess farm in Bogle Township; Perry, living in Boone, Col.; and Almira, the wife of W. DeWitt of California.

To the union of John Francis and Phoebe E. (Burgess) Green the following children were born: John Erwin, born Nov. 17, 1892; Vesta, living at home; and Verna J., died at the age of three years.

In 1912 the members of the Green family held a family reunion at the home of John Francis Green, and more than 100 were present. Among the cherished possessions of Mrs. Green is the collection of photographs made on the day of the Green reunion. The guests were all descendents of either William, Daniel, John, Julia or Caroline Green.

John Francis Green was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Albany. He was a man esteemed in his community for his integrity, and spirit of cooperation in all civic affairs.

George B. Koch, a prominent business man and president of the Peoples Exchange Bank of Jamesport, was born in Clinton County, Mo., Oct. 22, 1885, a son of J. A. and Mary (Ward) Koch.

J. A. Koch was a native of Pennsylvania and Mary Ward Koch a native of Illinois. To this union was born three children, the eldest of whom died in infancy, Geo. B., being the second child.

George B. Koch was reared on the farm and attending the country schools, and in 1901 entered William Jewell College at Liberty, where he was graduated in 1906, the youngest member of his class with the degree A. B. After graduation he prepared for business life in the Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill., and entered the First National Bank and Trust Company, King City, Mo., in 1908 as junior clerk. He left that institution in 1911 to organize the Peoples Exchange Bank of Jamesport, of which he is now president, and actively engaged in its management. In 1920 he again became interested in the First National Bank and Trust Company of King City, as one of the largest stockholders in that pioneer financial institution of Gentry County, and was elected vice-president, which position he now holds.

On July 27, 1910, Mr. Koch was married to Anna Claxton, a native of Andrew County, and to this union have been born two children, twins, Geo. B. Jr., and Mary Ann, on Oct. 23, 1914.

Mr. Koch is president of the Board of Trustees of the M. E. church at Jamesport, and in 1922 was Worshipful Master of Jamesport Lodge No. 564, A. F. & A. M., and Chancellor Commander of Banner Lodge No. 88, Knights of Pythias, at Jamesport. He is also a 32nd Degree Mason and Knight Templar and a Shriner, as well as a member of the Odd Fellows, Easter Star, Pythian Sisters, Modern Woodmen and Yoemen fraternities,

and of the last he has served as state treasurer. Politically he is a Democrat.

Mr. Koch is well known throughout his section as a good banker and a live wire in anything that tends to the welfare and upbuilding of the community in which he lives.

The Peoples Exchange Bank of Jamesport, Mo., was organized by George B. Koch, on Dec. 15, 1911. The first officers were Judge John W. Thompson, president, H. L. Faulkner, vice-president; Geo. B. Koch, cashier; and Myrtle C. Davis, assistant cashier. In 1917 Geo. B. Koch was elected president and J. Ed Tye, cashier, and continue to the present time.

The stockholders are among the most substantial citizens of Jamesport and vicinity. The bank occupies one of the handsomest banking houses in northwest Missouri, being erected in 1914, at a cost of \$15,000. It is strictly modern throughout and is built of brick and concrete with terra cotta columns and trim on the exterior and the interior is finished in Circasian Walnut.

The bank has made a steady continuous growth from the date of its organization. Its resources now exceed \$200,000 and has a surplus and undivided profit account of \$12,500.

Geo. B. Koch, as president and J. Ed Tye as cashier are the active managers of the bank and under the guidance the bank has established an enviable reputation as a sound, conservative financial institution, and as such it has upon its books the names of the most substantial, influential and progressive citizens of the community.

The bank is a member of the American Bankers' Association, and the Missouri Bankers' Association and President Koch has served the Missouri Association on several committees. During the World War the bank was most liberal in supporting the Liberty Bond and Red Cross work and owned more U. S. Bonds than any other in the county. The U. S. Treasury Department presented them with a special certificate expressing appreciation for the loyal support accorded the government in the Liberty Loan drives, by the bank.

P. S. McCue, a prosperous farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, better known to his many friends as "Jeff," was born July 24, 1861, in Jackson Township, the son of Isaac M. and Martha J. (Livingston) McCue.

Isaac M. McCue was born in Greenbrier County, Va., April 6, 1830, and came to Daviess County in 1844. He was a farmer during his entire life. He died July 1, 1904, in Jamesport. Mr. McCue was a staunch Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. His wife was a daughter of

Dr. James and Eliza R. (Tootle) Livingston, natives of Ohio. After removing to Grundy County, in 1838, Dr. Livingston practiced medicine from his farm which was located on the Daviess, Grundy and Livingston County lines. To Isaac M. and Martha J. (Livingston) McCue three children were born, as follows: J. L., Jamesport; Milton J., deceased; and P. S., the subject of this sketch.

P. S. McCue was reared on his father's farm and was educated in the schools of Jamesport. He engaged in farming at the age of 28 years, purchasing a farm in Grundy County. In 1891 he bought 80 acres of land in Jackson Township, Daviess County, improved it, and his son Paul, is now farming it. Mr. McCue now owns 440 acres in Daviess County, and is a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Spotted Poland China hogs.

On Dec. 19, 1889, Mr. McCue was married to Fannie Peery, a native of Livingston County, born July 30, 1873. She was the daughter of John H. and Elizabeth (Crews) Perry, also natives of Livingston County. To P. S. and Fannie (Peery) McCue one child was born, Paul, the husband of Manta Davis, a native of Gallatin. They have two children, Mary Jane and Martha McCue.

Mr. McCue is a Democrat. He is a progressive citizen, as well as an energetic farmer and stockman, and an asset to the citizenship of Daviess County.

Charles E. Hays, a prominent farmer and stockman of Jamesport Township, Daviess County, was born Dec. 23, 1877, in Jamesport Township, the son of John B., and Carrie (Everly) Hays.

John B. Hays was born in Iowa, June 25, 1845. He was a well known farmer of Daviess County. He enlisted during the Civil War and served in the Militia and later in the Missouri State Cavalry. He was discharged July 7, 1865, at Benton Barracks. He then engaged in farming in Jamesport Township, where he owned 80 acres of land. To John B., and Carrie (Everly) Hays six children were born, as follows: Ida, the wife of E. A. Croy, Union Township; Effie, the widow of George Harding, Des Moines, Iowa; Charles E., the subject of this sketch; Virgil, living with his mother in Jamesport Township; Dora, also living with her mother; and Walter, deceased. Mr. Hays died Sept. 1, 1883. His wife is now living on her farm of 120 acres in Jamesport Township.

Charles E. Hays was reared on the farm and received his education in the district schools. When a young man he and his brother Virgil farmed their mother's land. Charles E. Hays now resides on his wife's farm of 185 acres in Jamesport Township, and is widely known as a successful breeder of Percheron horses and jacks for the past nine years.

On Jan. 31, 1897, Mr. Hays was married to Mary Lee Gillilan, a native of Jamesport Township, and a daughter of John D. and Angeline (Thompson) Gillilan, natives of Nicholas County, Va., and Grundy County. John D. Gillilan came to Daviess County in 1837 with his parents from Ross County, Ohio. His parents were Nathan and Ann (Dunlap) Gillilan, who lived and died in Jamesport Township. John D. Gillilan was nine years old when he came to Missouri. He grew up on the farm and attended school in a log cabin and attended school three months out of each year. An uncle, Robert Williams, taught school and later became a judge. Mr. Gillilan became very prosperous and at the time of his death, in 1895, was the owner of 940 acres of land. Mr. and Mrs. Gillilan were the parents of three children, as follows: Nathan, St. Joseph; James, living with C. E. Hays; and Mrs. Hays. Mrs. Gillilan was born in Grundy County, the daughter of Dow and Nancy (Oats) Thompson, natives of Kentucky and early settlers of Missouri. Mrs. Gillilan died in 1904, at the age of 63 years.

To Charles E., and Mary Lee (Gillilan) Hays two children were born, one of whom died in infancy. The oldest child, Pearl, is a graduate of Jamesport high school and living at home.

Mr. Hays is a Republican. He is a member of the Baptist church and of the Masonic lodge and the Eastern Star. Mr. Hays has been successful because of his thorough understanding of farm problems and of the energy and determination he has brought to the handling of the situations he has met.

John B. Hays, deceased was a prominent farmer in Daviess County for many years. He was a native of Worth County, Mo., born June 25, 1845.

Mr. Hays carried on farming during his entire life, and came to Daviess County when a very young man. During the Civil War he enlisted at Gallatin, serving in the Militia for three months, and furnished his own horse. On Feb. 6, 1864, Mr. Hays reenlisted in the Missouri State Cavalry, Company B. He was discharged July 7, 1865, at Benton Barracks. He then engaged in farming in Jamesport Township, where he owned 80 acres of land.

On March 25, 1869, Mr. Hays was married to Carrie Everly, the daughter of William and Hanna (Whitt) Everly. Mrs. Hays was born Dec. 27, 1849, in the section now known as Lincoln Township. To John B. and Carrie (Everly) Hays six children were born, as follows: Ida, the wife of E. A. Croy, Union Township; Effie, the widow of George Harding, Des Moines, Iowa; Charles E., Jamesport; Virgil, living with his mother in Jamesport Township; Dora, living with her mother; Walter, deceased.

Mr. Hays died on Sept. 1, 1883. His wife is now living on her farm of 120 acres in Jamesport Township. In politics Mr. Hays was a Republican and he was a member of the Baptist church. Mr. Hays merited the high regard in which he was held by the community. He was industrious, earnest and sincere in all phases of his life.

John R. McCoy, a substantial farmer and stockman of Jamesport Township, Daviess County, was born in Washington Township, on Dec. 30, 1860, the son of Jesse and Lodema (Goodvin) McCoy.

Jesse McCoy was a native of Pike County, Ill., and came to Daviess County, in about 1858. He died when John R., the subject of this sketch was about 15 months old. During his life he was a farmer, and was but 36 years old at the time of his death. To Jesse and Lodema (Goodvin) McCoy six children were born, of whom two are now living: John R., and Sarah Sprague, the latter now living in Kansas. Mrs. McCoy was a native of Pike County, Ill., and some time after her husband's death she married Daniel Miller. To this union three children were born, one of whom is now living, Mattie, the widow of W. T. Day, Whitehall, Ill. Mrs. Miller died in August, 1920, at the age of 89 years.

When Jesse McCoy started west from Illinois he settled in Kansas. In making the trip he drove a team of oxen. He lived in Kansas a short time, then coming to Bates County, Mo., and later to Washington Township, Daviess County, where he had several friends, whom he had known in Illinois. During the Civil War he enlisted as a cook in the Missouri State Militia. Shortly after his enlistment he became ill and was sent home, where he died soon after from pneumonia and fever.

John R. McCoy has always been a farmer. He became heir to 40 acres of land in Washington Township, which he later sold. He has carried on farming and stock raising in Jamesport Township since 1883. At one time he worked as a farm hand, earning \$10 to \$15 a month. In 1907 Mr. McCoy removed to his present farm, which was settled by William Ashbrook, an uncle of Mr. McCoy's wife. Mr. and Mrs. McCoy now own 240 acres of well improved land, and Mr. McCoy is one of the well known and successful stockmen of his community.

On Jan. 16, 1883, Mr. McCoy was married to Hulda DeVorss, a daughter of John and Martha (Ashbrook) DeVorss, natives of Pickaway and Logan Counties, Ohio, and pioneer settlers of Daviess County. Mrs. McCoy was born in Daviess County. Mr. DeVorss at one time owned land in the heart of St. Joseph.

To John R. and Hulda (DeVorss) McCoy two children have been born, as follows: Lois, the wife of C. E. Cook, Jamesport; and Mattie, the wife

of Ray Hayes, Jamesport. Mr. McCoy has three grandchildren: Carol and Marvin Hays and Martha Cook.

In politics Mr. McCoy is a Republican and is a member of the Masonic lodge of Jamesport. He is an enterprising and progressive citizen and is widely and favorably known in Daviess County.

M. P. Whaley, the cashier of the First National Bank of Albany, is a member of a family that has been prominent in Gentry County for many years and that has been a strong factor in the rapid development of the community. M. P. Whaley was born in Albany, the son of R. L. and Margaret (Clelland) Whaley.

R. L. Whaley was born in Georgia, May 30, 1846 and came to Albany in 1874 where he practiced law until 1904 when he became the president of the newly organized First National Bank. He operated a lumber business in connection with this law practice and was successful in both enterprises. Although seventy-five years of age, Mr. Whaley is still an active man of business. Mr. Whaley was married at Albany in 1880 to Margaret Clelland, a daughter of Peter Clelland of Scotland where both he and his wife died. His daughter came to the United States with her brothers and sisters who settled northwest of New Hampton in Harrison County, Mo. To the union of R. L. and Margaret (Clelland) Whaley the following children were born: M. P., the subject of this sketch; O. T., operating the Whaley Milling Company of Albany; and L. J., the able assistant cashier of the First National Bank, married Ollie Ross of Albany; Margaret (Clelland) Whaley died in August, 1900, and her remains are buried in Highland Cemetery.

In 1901, Mr. Whaley was married the second time to Marguerite Gibson and to this union one child, Martha, was born, now a student in Palmer College. Mrs. Whaley's father, John Gibson, was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, Sept. 7, 1831 and came to the United States in 1860 where he started farming and stock raising near Portage, Wis. He came to Missouri in 1868 and settled on a farm of 1100 acres, six miles east of Albany. He married Agnes Clelland in Wisconsin in 1862. To this union five children were born: Agnes, married to James Gibson and lives six miles northeast of Albany; Mary, married William Main, now deceased; Marguerite, a graduate of Edinburg College, and later a student at Glasgow College; Daniel, born in Wisconsin in 1867, a farmer and stockraiser of Gentry County, married Beatrice Carson in 1895 to which union three children were born, Grace, John G., of Hutchinson, Kan., and Doris, married to Thomas C. Holden of Albany, a sketch of whose life appears in this volume.

M. P. Whaley was educated in the schools of Albany and holds a diploma from the Northwest Missouri College at Albany. He also has

a diploma admitting him to the practice of law from Cumberland University. Mr. Whaley has been connected with banking ever since he left school. He started as the assistant cashier in 1909. This position he has filled in a highly efficient manner ever since. Members of his family have been active in the management of the First National Bank since its organization and an interest in business, as well as a strong commercial ability are family characteristics.

The First National Bank of Albany was organized, April 7, 1904 with a capital stock of \$30,000 and with the following officers: R. L. Whaley, President; V. R. Twist, Vice President; B. F. Hardin, Cashier; and John W. Pierce, Roy F. Forbis, Levi Todd and W. Woodward, Directors in addition to the regular officers. The present home of the institution, a one story brick building on the southwest corner of the Square, is owned by the bank. The present capital stock in \$30,000; the surplus, \$10,000; undivided profits, \$15,000; and deposits, \$193,000. The present group of officers are: R. L. Whaley, President; H. W. Bare, Vice President, M. P. Whaley, Cashier; L. J. Whaley, Assistant Cashier; and Miss Fern Craven, Bookkeeper. The first three officers named above are directors as are also: W. H. Green, A. C. Sampson, John Spessard, and V. R. Twist. The bank is one of the stable and well known institutions of the county and has been a strong factor in the financial development of the county.

M. P. Whaley is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, a Noble of the Shrine, a Knight Templar, and a Thirty-second Degree Mason. He has served as the mayor of Albany for two years, 1910 and 1911. Mr. Whaley is a worthy member of his community.

Orville S. Parman, veteran of the World War and the treasurer of Gentry County, is a native of this county where his father and grandfather both lived. He was born in Athens Township, Nov. 15, 1892, the son of John M. and Linnie B. (Thompson) Parman.

John M. Parman was born in Gentry County in 1860, the son of Joseph Parman, an early settler of the county who died while in the service of the Confederate Arm during the Civil War. John M. Parman is a farmer and stockman of the county. He resides in Athens Township. To his union with Linnie B. (Thompson) Parman six children were born: Myrtle, died at the age of three years; Orville S., the subject of this review; Irwin, died in infancy; Opal, died at the age of 20 years; Garnett, living at home; and Ruby, also living at home.

Orville S. Parman was educated in the public schools. He graduated from the Albany High School in the class of 1914. He served as deputy

county clerk under Mr. Mothersead until February, 1918, when he enlisted for service in the World War. He enlisted at Albany and was at Headquarters Company, 354th Infantry. He went overseas on June 4, 1918 and participated in the battles of St. Mihiel and the Meuse Argonne. He was at the front for more than two and one half months and returned to the United States on Jan. 4, 1919. He was mustered out of service at Camp Funston on March 1, 1919.

On March 18, 1919, Mr. Parman was married to Bessie Abington of Albany, the daughter of E. P. Abington. Her mother is dead. To the union of Orville S. and Bessie (Abington) Parman one child, Anna Lee, has been born.

In November, 1920, Mr. Parman made the race for the office of county treasurer and was elected by a plurality of 400 votes. He is an efficient officer, capable and just in his dealings. The county is proud of such young men who with honorable war records in their past, are ready to take up civic duties and serve the community with the same energy with which they served the country during the world strife. Mr. Parman is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge at Albany.

Jesse T. Hunter, who for the past 33 years has lived on his present farm located in Howard Township near Denver, Gentry County, was born one mile east of Lone Star, Oct. 6, 1856.

Mr. Hunter's father, James Hunter, was born in Tennessee, Nov. 2, 1820. He settled in Harrison County, Mo., before the Civil War, and bought 240 acres of land three miles northwest of Martinsville. He was a member of the Christian church, and filled the office of trustee in Dallas Township for some time. He married Elizabeth Grace, born in Ray County in 1832, and to this union the following children were born: John, now living on the home place; W. A., living in Dallas Township, Harrison County; Marion Y., deceased; Jesse T., the subject of this review; Dorinda, now Mrs. VanHoozer of New Hampton; A. N., a resident of Albany; S. P., of Lebanon, Mo.; and A. J., living in California. James Hunter died in 1907 at the age of 87 years, and Elizabeth (Grace) Hunter died in 1894, at the age of 62 years. The remains of both are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery.

J. T. Hunter attended the rural schools of the county, and has been a farmer and stock raiser all of his life. He owns 111 acres in his home farm, and 40 acres of the Hunter home place in Harrison County. He does general farming, but recently has been renting out part of his land. For 25 years, Mr. Hunter has been interested in poultry raising. He keeps pure bred Light Brown Leghorn Single Comb fowls, usually having between 300 and 400. He ships eggs for setting, and sells cockerels. Mr. Hunter



LEFT TO RIGHT: MRS. J. T. HUNTER, MR. AND MRS. E. B. MOUNT AND SON,
HUNTER B., AND J. T. HUNTER

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has exhibited some of his pens at various fairs. In 1920 he exhibited at Bethany, and took three first premiums, two seconds and one third.

J. T. Hunter was married in 1878, to Rachel F. Stephenson, born in Gentry County, the daughter of William and Lucinda (Smith) Stephenson, the former born in Kentucky, April 13, 1813, and the latter born in Alabama, April 13, 1834. They are both now dead; Mr. Stephenson died March 10, 1882, and his widow died Feb. 22, 1907. The remains of both are buried in Groom Cemetery. Their children were: Almira, later Mrs. Wilson, now dead; John deceased; Sina E., now Mrs. Grable of Fort Worth, Tex., Terry, James H., and Albay, all deceased; George on the home place; Rachel F., now Mrs. Hunter W. H., living in Worth County; Margaret, now Mrs. Gibson of Worth County; and Evaline, now Mrs. Stewart of Idaho. By a former marriage of William Stephenson to Anna Whitson, he had one daughter, Mary, now Mrs. Whitson of Gower.

Mr. and Mrs. Hunter have three children: J. W., born April 14, 1879, educated in this county and living in Howard Township when he was accidentally killed by the bursting of a fly-wheel while sawing wood, April 16, 1901; he was married to Melinda Everts who now lives in St. Joseph; Fannie, born June 21, 1881, married E. B. Mounts, and lives in Harrison County on the Hunter farm; she has two children, Hunter B., and Galie Jessaline; and Jessie Edna, born Jan 17, 1889, died on Oct. 4, 1904, at the age of 16 years.

Mr. Hunter is now serving his second term on the township board of Howard Township, and is especially interested in the project of good roads for his community. He is a member of the Christian church, and a reliable and substantial man.

Charles H. Mothersead, the efficient county clerk of Gentry County, was born near McFall in this county, Dec. 13, 1878, the son of M. O. and Nancy M. (Elliott) Mothersead.

M. O. Mothersead was born on a farm adjoining the birth place of his son, Charles H., Jan. 27, 1850. His father, Charles Decatur Mothersead, was a native of Kentucky who came to Missouri in the days when the state was a part of the frontier country and entered land northwest of McFall. He remained on the farm which he took up there until his death. His remains are buried in Busby Cemetery. M. O. Mothersead lived near McFall until 1891 when he was elected to the office of county collector. He moved to Albany and remained there while he served two terms as collector. He later accepted the position of cashier of the Bank of Albany and was holding that position at the time of his death on Oct. 1, 1918. His remains are buried in Highland Cemetery at Albany. He was a man highly esteemed in the community. His widow, born Aug. 21, 1854, is now living at

Albany. To the union of M. O. and Nancy M. (Elliott) Mothersead five children were born: O. B., married to Mamie Spears who was a student at Christian College, has been a resident of Hobart, Okla., for a number of years and is the Assistant State Bank Examiner of Oklahoma; Minnie, wife of J. E. Stone, a merchant of Perry, Okla.; C. H., the subject of this review; Benjamin F., died Aug. 24, 1921, was a merchant at Carthage, and was married to Myrtle Conard; and D. E., married to a Johnson County girl whom he met while attending the State Teachers College at Warrensburg, and now living at Warrensburg where he is the assistant superintendent of public schools.

C. H. Mothersead was educated in the public school of Albany and graduated from the Albany High School in 1896. He later attended Christian College from which institution he graduated in the commercial course. For the six years following his graduation he taught school in Gentry County and at Martinville, Harrison County. He resigned at Martinville to accept the position of assistant cashier in the Bank of Albany which place he retained until he was elected clerk of Gentry County in 1914. In 1918 his county again called him to fill the same office and he is now serving his seventh year in the official capacity of county clerk.

Mr. Mothersead was married Aug. 6, 1902 to Frances Delle Roundtree of Albany, a native of Harrison County, and a daughter of J. L. and Emma (Baldwin) Roundtree. Mrs. Roundtree died at Martinsville and Mr. Roundtree now lives in Idaho. To their union two children were born; Mrs. Mothersead, and Ernest D., living at Albany. To the union of Charles H. and Frances Delle (Roundtree) Mothersead four children have been born: Marian, a junior in high school, and Frances, Lois, and John, all students in the grammar school.

Mr. Mothersead is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons lodge, and of the Blue Lodge Chapter and Commandery. His great grandfather was a soldier in the Confederate arm and was killed in the Battle of Pea Ridge. His remains are buried on the battlefield. Mr. Mothersead's family through several generations have been firm in their stand for the things they considered right and Mr. Mothersead is a man who carries on the family traditions and ideals of civic justice.

George P. Adams, attorney-at-law at Albany, and the probate judge of Gentry County, is a native of this county. He was born at King City, June 26, 1875, the son of Philip M. and Hattie A. (Winchester) Adams. His parents were both members of families whose names were well known in this part of Missouri.

Philip M. Adams was born in Park County, Ind., in 1841, and came to Missouri with a brother, James Adams, in 1869. They settled in Gentry

County where they bought a farm near Island City. Philip M. Adams was an attorney and practiced law in the county afterwards locating at King City. He represented the county in the State Legislatures of 1870 and 1871, serving Gentry County efficiently and satisfactorily. He was a veteran of the Civil War in which he served as a member of Company B, 115th Indiana Volunteer Infantry. He was in service for three years and later kept up his connection with his former comrades as a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, Post at King City.

Philip M. Adams was married in 1872 at King City to Hattie A. Winchester. She was born in Connecticut in 1852, the daughter of Edwin G. and Laura P. (Davis) Winchester. Her parents came to Missouri in 1856 and settled near King City. They both died at this home farm and their remains are buried in the King City Cemetery. To the union of Philip M. and Hattie A. (Winchester) Adams the following children were born: two infants deceased; George P., the subject of this sketch; and Maud, now the wife of Paul M. Culver, a farmer and stockman of Plattsburg. Philip M. Adams died in 1889 and his widow now lives in Colorado Springs, Colo.

George P. Adams was educated in the public schools of King City, later attending the Northwest Missouri College at Albany for two years. He completed his college work in Missouri State University from which he graduated in the class of 1898. For the three years following his graduation from the University, he ran the Mountain Grove Journal with marked success. In 1902 he went into the hardware business at King City and remained in this work until 1914. In the fall of that year he was elected to the office of probate judge of the county on the republican ticket. He was admitted to the bar on Dec. 31, 1917 and was re-elected probate judge in 1918. He is now serving his seventh year in that capacity. That his service has been upright and acceptable to the county is shown by his reelection. On Jan. 1, 1922, Mr. Adams became a partner in the insurance business with Mr. Sam C. Killam.

On Dec. 10, 1902, Mr. Adams was married to Leta Vincent, a native of Marshalltown, Iowa, and the daughter of O. K. and Sophia (Arnold) Vincent, both of whom died at Mountain Grove where their remains are buried. Mrs. Adams was educated in Iowa and Missouri. She studied music for some time at Drury College in Springfield. To her union with George P. Adams three daughters were born: Ruth, Harriett, and Dorothy. Ruth and Harriett are both students in the Albany High School.

Mr. Adams is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows lodges. As a private citizen and in his official capacity, Mr. Adams is a man of integrity, enterprise, and high ideals. He has served his county in the office to which his fellow

citizens called him with honesty and fairness, meriting and receiving the good will of his community. Mr. Adams and family are members of the Presbyterian church, and Mr. Adams is an elder.

Dale S. Flowers, cashier of the Gentry County Bank, a past officer of Gentry County, and the vice president of the Missouri Bankers Association, was born in Henry County, Iowa, Nov. 9, 1867, the son of William A. and Elizabeth (Stockton) Flowers.

William A. Flowers was born in Ohio and settled near the present site of Stanberry in Gentry County in 1871. He became a prominent farmer and stockman there. He served in the Missouri State Militia under Captain Comstock and was a leader in public affairs until his death at Stanberry. His widow, a native of Platte County, still lives at Stanberry at the age of 78 years. Besides their son, Dale S., the subject of this review, Mr. and Mrs. Flowers had a daughter, now Mrs. Samuel M. Jordan of Keytesville.

Samuel M. Jordan was born in Gentry County and was the first man ever appointed to the position of county farm agent in the United States. He held this position at Sedalia in Pettis County and so successfully was the experiment made by Mr. Jordan that the plan of county agent work has now spread to every state in the union. Much of the popularity of this rural movement is due to the initial effort of Mr. Jordan. Mr. Jordan is now the head of the State Agricultural Department where he is doing work that is proving invaluable to the state. He is a brother to Minnie (Jordan) Flowers, wife of Dale S. Flowers. The other Jordan children are: James H., Louis P., and John M., all living in Los Angeles, Calif.

Dale S. Flowers was educated in the public schools of Stanberry and the Stanberry Normal. He was a clerk in the postoffice at Stanberry and then for three years was a clerk in the railroad mail service. He then accepted the position of deputy county clerk of Gentry County and remained in this work for four years when he was elected circuit clerk and recorder of the county for two successive terms, serving in all eight years in that capacity. On Jan. 1, 1903 he accepted a position with the Gentry County Bank, and has been an efficient and popular member of the official force of that institution ever since.

The Gentry County Bank has one of the most interesting histories among financial institutions in this part of the state. It had its beginnings in the work of Charles G. Comstock who came from Albany, New York in 1859. He located in Albany in this county and became the pioneer banker of the community, operating a bank by himself from January, 1870 to July of the same year, when the Exchange Bank of Comstock and Millen was established by C. G. Comstock and M. L. Millen. This firm continued to do

business until July 24, 1876 when it was succeeded by the Gentry County Bank, organized with a capital stock of \$100,000, thirty per cent of which was paid in at the time of organization. The amount of capital stock was afterwards reduced to \$20,000 in order to comply with the banking laws of the state. The officers of the bank in 1881 were: H. L. Peery, President; and M. L. Millen, Cashier; with L. H. Peery, C. G. Comstock, G. S. Hundley, M. M. Campbell, J. H. Degginger, R. M. McCammon, W. C. Porter, R. L. Wheley, and M. L. Millen, Directors. The bank had a surplus of \$9,000 at that time and was located at the present site on the corner of Polk and Wood streets at the southeast side of the Public Square.

The bank has proved itself to be a safe institution and since the date of its establishment has made a remarkable growth. It is in the hands of men of business acumen and commerial ability and is influential in the county. The present capital stock is \$50,000; the surplus and undivided profits, \$71,000; and the deposits on June 30, 1921, \$323,614.32 with no bills payable nor money borrowed in any form. The present officers are: C. N. Comstock, President; James O'Mara, Vice President; Dale S. Flowers, Cashier; J. D. Smith, Assistant Cashier; and C. N. Comstock, Dale S. Flowers, James O'Mara, G. W. Reed, I. G. Patton, J. H. Degginger, and E. Ray Murphy, Directors. C. N. Comstock, J. H. Degginger, and E. Ray Murphy are all sons of men who were connected with the development of this bank.

Dale S. Flowers was married on May 4, 1890, to Minnie Jordan, a daughter of Samuel and Ann (Puterbough) Jordan. To this union the following children were born: Aletha, married to Wallace Applegate of Keytesville; Bernice, the wife of J. H. Degginger of Albany; and Cleo J., a bookkeeper in the Gentry County Bank.

Mr. Flowers is one of the leading citizens of the community, a man who, as a county officer was unprejudiced and efficient, as an officer in the bank is competent and reliable, and as a citizen of Albany and Gentry County is deservedly held in high esteem.

James D. Smith, the assistant cashier of the Gentry County Bank and a well known citizen of Albany, is a native of this county. He was born at Albany, Sept. 23, 1871, the son of Milton and Mary (Lainhart) Smith, both now deceased.

Milton Smith was born in Athens Township in Gentry County. His wife, Mary (Lainhart) Smith, was born in Kentucky, the daughter of William and Nancy (Smith) Lainhart who came to Gentry County when their daughter was but a small child and settled on a farm in Athens Township. They both died on this farm and their remains are buried in the Bulla Cemetery. About 1875, Milton Smith went to Utah where he engaged in

the mining business and where he died. His widow later married William T. Madden and to this union two sons were born: H. T., now living at Albany; and John L., of Manhattan, Kan., who is a veteran of the World War; he served in the 35th Division. Mrs. Madden died in 1915 and her remains are buried in Highland Cemetery.

James D. Smith was educated in the rural schools, later attending the Albany High School from which he graduated. He then entered the Stanberry Normal and was enrolled for a while in the Northwest Missouri College at Albany. He taught one term of school at the Burton District in Harrison County, then entered a bank at New Hampton where he remained for a short time. In October, 1895, he began work as the bookkeeper in the Gentry County Bank at Albany and has been the assistant cashier of that institution for the past eighteen years.

James D. Smith was married on March 29, 1896 to Rosa E. Dillon. Her parents were Reverend S. R. Dillon, a Baptist minister, and Joicy M. (Dotson) Dillon. They are both now living. Mrs. Smith was born near Lone Star and grew up in Gentry County. To the union of James D. and Rosa E. (Dillon) Smith two daughters were born: Grace, now the wife of C. O. Lane, a carpenter of Albany; and Mae Pauline, a student in the Albany High School.

All of the Smith family belong to the Baptist church. Mr. Smith's long service of 26 years with the Gentry County Bank attests to his business integrity and his efficiency. His careful work and his commercial acumen have been invaluable assets to the institution with which he has been so long connected.

H. W. Bare, the well known senior member of the firm of H. W. Bare and Son of Albany, was born in Jefferson County, Ind., Feb. 18, 1847, the son of David and Margaret (Jones) Bare.

David Bare was the son of Henry Bare, a native of Pennsylvania who moved to Jefferson County, Ind., where he died. David Bare died in the same county in August, 1847. His wife, Margaret (Jones) Bare was a daughter of John W. and Nancy Jones of Jefferson County, Ind. Mrs. Bare and her parents moved to Kentucky when her son, H. W. Bare, was only an infant and there Mrs. Bare contracted a second marriage with Israel Umenseter and to this union two children were born: Nancy, now Mrs. Varble living in Oldham County, Ky.; and David, dead, who married in Kentucky but left no children. Margaret (Bare) Umenseter died in Kentucky in 1896. Her father, John Wesley Jones was a Methodist minister in Oldham County. His wife was Nancy Saunders who was reared near Lexington. They were the parents of 14 children. They died in Oldham County at the age of 84 years.

H. W. Bare was educated in public and private schools but the out-

break of the Civil War interfered with his school work. He made his own way in the world ever since he was a lad of 14 years. He worked on a farm drove cattle, and then learned the carpenter trade in Indiana where he lived for a while. He came to Gentry County in September, 1868 and worked as a contractor and carpenter for several years. In December, 1883, he opened the H. W. Bare, Furniture and Undertaking business. The firm has remained in business for 38 years. The present location, which has housed the business since 1898, is a building 40x90 feet with a storage basement the same size. Here the company carries a complete line of furniture and undertaking. Mr. Bare had done embalming since the opening of his commercial enterprise but in August, 1895, there was granted to him the first state embalmer's license ever issued in Gentry County.

H. W. Bare was married on Oct. 6, 1866 in Trimble County, Kentucky to Julia A. Rouser, a daughter of Jackson and Nancy (Sampson) Rouser, both natives of Kentucky who later came to Gentry County and died here. Their remains are buried in the Brick Church Cemetery. To H. W. and Julia A. (Rouser) Bare the following children were born: Margaret, the wife of George Smith of McFall; Katy Belle, wife of John Murphy of Warrensburg; Lavena, married to Francis M. Bray of Chillicothe; Ida, living at home; John W., married to Alma Sheets and living at Woodbine, Iowa; Hattie, wife of T. L. Collins, of St. Joseph; Charles E., in the furniture and undertaking business at New Hampton; Allen T., a member of the firm of H. W. Bare and Son, married first in July, 1906 to Clara Higdon who died in October, 1919 leaving four children, Henry, Maurice, Julia, and Lovett, married the second time in April, 1920 to Pearl Putman, the widow of Bart Putman; Gussie, wife of J. E. Ruhl, a physician at St. Joseph; Thurman, died in 1892 at the age of four years; and Lewis W., a resident of Albany, married to Elma Allen of Albany and with one child, Catherine Louise.

Lewis W. Bare is a veteran of the World War. He enlisted for service at St. Louis on July 15, 1918 and went to Fort Houston, Texas, then to Camp Merritt, N. J., and overseas in November, 1918. He left the United States on Nov. 12, the day after the armistice was signed, landed at Brest, and was sent to Bordeaux. He was placed in motor service in southern France and remained until Oct. 6, 1919 when he started home. He was mustered out of service at Camp Dodge, Iowa, Oct. 18, 1918 having been in service more than 15 months. Mr. Bare is a member of the American Legion at Albany.

Both H. W. Bare and his son, Allen T. Bare, are members of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, Royal Arch, the Council, and the Commandery. They are enterprising and far sighted business men who have

achieved commercial success by virtue of hard work and integrity. H. W. Bare has been known as a successful business man in the county for many years. He is one of the men who have made their own way in the world, whose assets were pluck, courage, and ambition. Mr. Bare is an exponent of all these traits.

Levi Todd, deceased, was born in Madison County, Ky., April 26, 1836. His wife, Nancy (Vaughn) Todd, was born in the same county, Aug. 26, 1839. They came to Missouri in 1869, and bought 300 acres of land in Bogle Township, Gentry County, from Judge Lewis, for \$10.00 an acre. Of the old Todd farm, 212 acres are still owned by John L., and Mary E. Todd, children of Levi Todd and his wife.

Levi Todd became a prominent farmer and stockman. He helped organize the New Friendship church in 1889, and gave the land that is now the cemetery of that church. When Mr. and Mrs. Todd came to their farm in Gentry County, they found only a cabin of two rooms on it. This they used as a dwelling for many years, and it was the birthplace of most of their children. The old cabin was torn down about 10 years ago. The present residence was built about 34 years ago, and the barn was erected in 1877. Levi Todd died on his farm on April 14, 1908, and Mrs. Todd died on April 4, 1914. The remains of both are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery.

To the union of Levi and Nancy (Vaughn) Todd the following children were born: Celia, now the wife of J. W. Dills of Bogle Township; Mary, Barbara, born on April 2, 1870, and died in infancy; Florence, the wife of A. B. Pierce of Huggins Township; Mary E., known to her family as Betty, now keeping house for her brother, John L.; John L., born May 10, 1877, now living on the home place; and Levi, born Aug. 16, 1881, died in infancy.

John L., and Mary E. Todd were both educated in the Shockley School, where James Hinton was their first teacher. They now own most of the original land holdings of their father, and operate the farm in a successful way. The place is well improved, and John L. Todd raises cattle in addition to the work of general farming. His sister keeps house.

Both John L. and Mary Todd are known throughout their community as energetic, ambitious and successful people. They both inherited from their parents the same spirit of courageous independence, and industry, and like their parents they have developed business success, and civic pride.

Emert Akes, the popular circuit clerk and ex-officio recorder of Gentry County, was born near McFall on Feb. 3, 1890. He is the son of A. B. and Matilda Jane (Osborn) Akes. Mr. Akes was formerly a merchant at McFall and he and his wife now live at Stanberry. Their children are: Ellis, a resident of Manitau, Okla.; Permilia, now the wife of W. E. Teel of Stanberry; and Ernest, the subject of this review.



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Emert Akes was educated in McFall and is a graduate of the McFall High School. He later attended the Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill. After leaving Quincy, he served as the deputy county clerk of Gentry County under W. E. Teel. He held this position for four years at the end of which time he accepted a position with E. M. Harbor in the Internal Revenue Collector's office at Kansas City. While he was working in Kansas City, the United States entered the World War and Mr. Akes enlisted for service in the army on July 6, 1918. He was sent to Camp McArthur, Texas for training and was placed in Company B, 64th Infantry, 7th Division. Mr. Akes sailed for overseas Aug. 13, 1918. He was in the Pruvell Sector of the Moselle River from Oct. 10, to Nov. 11, 1918 and then was with his division until March 20, 1919 when he was transferred to the central records office at Bourges, France. He remained there until Aug. 6, 1919 when he left for Brest. He sailed for the United States from there and arrived in New York July 23, 1919, and was mustered out of service at Camp Taylor in Kentucky, Sept. 4, 1919. Since his return home, Mr. Akes has been an efficient officer of the county.

Emert Akes was married on May 9, 1920 to Bonnie Opal Peery, a daughter of Thomas L. and Fannie (Cook) Peery of Albany. Mrs. Akes was born and reared in Missouri. She graduated from the Albany High School and later was a student at Stephens College at Columbia.

Mr. Akes is a member and past commander of the Donald Holden Post, No. 106, of the American Legion at Albany. Mr. Akes is a young man of whom the county is justly proud. His service was given to the country in its most trying days and since his return to this county, he has served in an official capacity with the same readiness and in the same capable way that he served when he was needed in the army.

Andrew C. Gartin, a resident of Albany, who for four years was the judge of the county court for the South District, was born in Buchanan County, March 20, 1844, the son of Nathaniel and Clamentina B. (Steel) Gartin.

Nathaniel Gartin was born in Kentucky, the son of Griffy Gartin who was a native of Kentucky, born in 1808. Nathaniel Gartin came to Missouri when he was a young man. He settled first in Cooper County, later in Buchanan County, and came to Gentry County in 1854 where he entered land around Darlington. He owned at one time more than 2000 acres of land. He died at Gentryville, June 22, 1882, at the age of 74 years. His wife also died at Gentryville. Their children were: Mary Jane, married Mr. Graves and died in Buchanan County; Frances, later Mrs. Morgan, who died in California; Cynthia, died when a young woman in Buchanan County; W. P., died in Gentry County; Tippie, married Mr.

Gist and is dead; Didamia, later Mrs. Jameson, dead; William, died in Washington; Andrew C., the subject of this sketch; Lindsey J., died in Gentry County; John R., a resident of Darlington; N. K., living in Portland, Ore.; Miranda, now Mrs. Clark of Gentry County; James G., living at Darlington; and Marion P., a resident of Los Angeles, Cal.

Andrew C. Gartin was educated in the public and subscription schools. He came to Gentry County in 1867 and bought 150 acres of land to which he added later until he owned 440 acres. He has since sold all but 200 acres which constitutes his home place 12 miles southwest of Albany. This farm he is now renting out. It is the place where Mr. Gartin lived for more than 50 years. The story of this old farm constitutes the history of that part of Gentry County. Mr. Gartin moved to Albany, March 1, 1918, and now lives on North Hundley street.

Andrew C. Gartin was married on Feb. 19, 1867, to Cassie F. Ray, a daughter of Mark and Mary Ray of Buchanan County. Mr. and Mrs. Ray came from North Carolina and settled in Missouri in the forties. Mrs. Gartin was reared in Buchanan County. To the union of Andrew C., and Cassie F. (Ray) Gartin five children were born: Hattie, dead, was the wife of T. A. Cummins of Maryville, Mo., and left four children, Lawrence, Andy Chris, who is dead, Frank, and Marguerite; Minnie married to William Salisbury of Pharr, Texas; Mitchell, a resident of Cheney, Kans.; Lulu Ellen, wife of Samuel Ferguson of San Bernadino, Cal.; and Ray Steel, a farmer in Gentry County. Mr. and Mrs. Gartin have five grandchildren; T. A., Inez, and Andy Chris Cummins; Georgianna Fink, and a son of Frank Cummins.

Judge Gartin comes of a family that has been connected with pioneer farming for several generations. His great-grandfather, Griffy Gartin, was a native of Scotland and came many years ago to Kentucky where he was one of the earliest settlers. Mr. Gartin has served his community as an able official as well as in the private capacity of a citizen. He was elected judge of the South District in 1900 and was tendered the same office again two years later, serving in all four years during which time he was an able officer, capable and earnest in his work. Mr. Gartin is a member of the Masonic lodge, the Eastern Star and the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

William Carson Elder, connected for more than 43 years with the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, was born in Warren County, Ill., Dec. 18, 1860, the son of A. Alonzo and Sarah (Hogue) Elder. Both the Elder and Hogue names appear in the early annals of the United States and both names are associated with the development of the Middle West.

A. Alonzo Elder was born in Canton, Ohio, in 1838. He came to

Illinois in early childhood and later followed the occupation of farming there. In Illinois he married Sarah Hogue, a daughter of John Hogue and granddaughter of James Hogue. To this union the following children were born: William C., the subject of this review; and Margaret I., now the wife of Clark McConnell of Fairfax; and Anna Lee, married to W. H. Kendall of Tarkio. A. Alonzo Elder came to Albany a few years before his death and was in business with his son in a coal and grain distributing establishment. Mr. Elder died in Albany, Dec. 31, 1895, at the age of 57 years. His wife died at Tarkio.

James Hogue, mentioned above, was born in Ireland in 1754, and came to the United States when he was 15 years old. A year later he found work at Carlisle, Pa., but later enlisted for service in the Colonial Army in Captain's Herrick's Rifle Company and three days after his enlistment was on his way to Boston. There his company was assigned to duty in the Quebec Expedition under General Benedict Arnold. Mr. Hogue was in the arduous campaign to the St. Lawrence River, participated in the storming of the Heights of Quebec, and was taken prisoner after Gen. Montgomery was killed. A threat was made of sending back to England to be hanged as traitors all of the captured Irish, Scotch and British unless the men agreed to join the forces fighting against the colonies. Before such a plan could be carried out James Hogue, and a comrade, Thomas Walker, escaped. They were recaptured but again escaped. They went to stay for awhile among the French and there James Hogue was again taken prisoner by the British who sent him back to England. Here he escaped from his captors while on the way to prison, hid in a cellar for days, and finally reached London. On the way, he and his companions were accosted by the Duke of Gloucester, brother to the king, and asked the name of their ship. They escaped further questioning by saying that they had permission to go overland to London. In London they were once more taken into custody. Again they escaped and at last James Hogue was placed on board a British ship bound for Halifax. He was sent from there to Charleston, South Carolina, and then back to Halifax where he was put on an English privateer which fell in with an American vessel, and in the fight that ensued, the British ship was captured. Mr. Hogue at once made friends with the captain of the American ship, was taken to Baltimore and there was reassigned to service in the American frigate, Trumbull. After five and one-half years of the vicissitudes incident to his adventures, Mr. Hogue reached Philadelphia where he was granted payment for his work in the patriot cause. The payment was a ticket for 40 shillings. In 1784, Mr. Hogue moved to Kentucky, and in 1788, he went to Butler County, Ohio, where he lived until 1826.

W. C. Elder was educated in the public schools of the county and at the age of 18 years he began to work for the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, first as an extra man in the telegraph office and then as the regular incumbent of the office at Alsey. This was in August, 1879, and a little later Mr. Elder was sent to take charge of the office at Gerlaw, Ill., where he remained for two years, leaving that place to go to Mt. Ayr., Iowa, on the recommendation of W. C. Brown, former president of the New York Central lines. From Mt. Ayr, Mr. Elder went to Humeston, Iowa, as the station agent and operator. This station was made a joint agent station and an older man was appointed to the position of agent so Mr. Elder came to Ridgeway as agent and stayed there two years. On Jan. 12, 1886, he came to Albany as the agent and has held that position ever since. Only one man in this division of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, C. M. Ketcham of Leon, Iowa, has a longer record than Mr. Elder. The present station at Albany was built in 1921 in place of the old one which was burned to the ground in 1918. When Mr. Elder first came to Albany, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad had only a small office but in 1911 this old building was improved by the addition of two rooms and the new station was a commodious and pleasant building until it was destroyed. Mr. Elder is justly proud of his fine record of service with his company. He has lost only about four months of active work during his entire tenure of service and for a period of 25 years he took no vacation at all.

W. C. Elder was married on April 25, 1888 to Lola C. Twist, a daughter of B. F. and Urana Twist of Albany, and to this union eight children were born: Frank Cleo, died at the age of three years; Frederick A., an operator for the Burlington railroad at Aurora, Neb., married to Bernice Jones of Albany, to which union two children, Donald and Kathlyn, were born; Harry T., died while in the United States Army and a brief sketch of him appears below; Morris D., an operator at Albany, in the office with his father; Paul Shamblin, named for the Burlington agent at Bethany, M. D. Shamblin, is the manager of the Elder Coal and Ice Company where his father shipped the first car of coal ever sent to Albany for retail trade in 1887; Clarice May, formerly cashier of the Burlington office at Albany for two and one-half years, now a student in Palmer College; Margaret Frances a student of Palmer College for the past two years and Alice Kathryn, a student in the Albany high school.

The war record of Mr. Elder's sons should be especially mentioned in a volume of this character, the aim of which is to commemorate all that is best in the achievements of the citizens of the county. Frederick A. Elder was with the 21st Engineer Corps, and was the train dispatcher on a light

railway. Harry T. Elder enlisted for service in the Tank Corps and was sent to Gettysburg, Pa., for training. Two weeks after his arrival at the camp he was attacked by the influenza and pneumonia and died in the camp. His remains are buried at Seattle, Wash., where he had married Helen O'Brien of that place. Mrs. Elder is spending the winter in Albany where she is a student in Palmer College. Morris D. Elder was acting as cashier of the Burlington office at Worland, Wyo., when the United States entered the World War and he at once enlisted for service in the army. He was with the Signal Corps, 35th Division, and was overseas for more than a year. He is married to Cecile E. Grimes of Leon, Iowa, and they have one daughter, Betty Mae.

The Elder family are all members of the Methodist church in Albany. Mr. Elder and his sons belong to the Order of Railway Telegraphers. Mr. Elder has served as Alderman of Albany for two terms and was the chairman of the Electric Light Committee of the town for four years when extensive improvments were made on the system. Mr. Elder is a capable, energetic, and public spirited man, on whose life means much to his community.

Dimmon D. Kingsborough, vice-president of the Holden Abstract and Investment Company of Albany, was born on a farm one and one-half miles north of Albany, June 18, 1862. His parents were Joseph B. and Ann (Orton) Kingsborough, both now dead.

Joseph B. Kingsborough was one of the early settlers of the county. He was born and reared in Pennsylvania and came to Missouri in 1837, before the land now known as Gentry County was surveyed. He entered a farm north of the present site of Albany and at once began the arduous task of breaking up the untilled soil and making a home in the frontier country. In 1843 his land was included in a survey and his patent was signed by President Polk, June 1, 1848. Mr. Kingsborough married in May 1842 to Ann Orton, who came to Gentry County in about 1840, and to this union the following children were born: John, married Mary J. Evans, and died on the home place, where his widow still lives; Susan, married Mr. Lewis and died in Buchanan County; Haskell, a resident of Albany; Oliver, died in Pennsylvania, when he was a young man; Sarah, married James Sellers and is now dead; Benjamin T., deceased and D. D., the subject of this review. Joseph B. Kingsborough died Feb. 3, 1903, and his wife died prior to that time. The remains of both are buried in Highland Cemetery.

Dimmon D. Kingsborough was educated in the schools at Albany and taught for one term. After that he was with the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad at Albany for a short time and in 1883 he accepted a posi-

tion with the Holden Abstract and Investment Company. For 39 years he has been with this company and has been one of the strong factors in the marked success of the enterprise.

The Holden Abstract and Investment Company was organized in 1865 by Captain Charles G. Comstock, the organizer of the first bank established in Albany, out of which grew the present Gentry County Bank. Captain Comstock operated the new enterprise alone for a while and then formed the C. G. Comstock Company with George C. Holden as a partner. Afterwards the firm was known as the Comstock and Holden Abstract Company and this company later became the Holden Abstract and Investment Company under which title it still exists. The company was incorporated in 1906. The present officers are: Mrs. Ida C. Holden, widow of G. C. Holden president; and D. D. Kingsborough, the subject of this review, vice-president. George C. Holden was the successful manager of the company for many years, both before and after the business was incorporated. He died in 1916 and his remains are buried in Highland Cemetery. He was a prominent business man of the county, a member of the Masonic lodge and a stockholder in the Gentry County Bank. The company owns the only set of abstract books in the county, and Mr. Kingsborough is now engaged in making a complete abstract of each section of the county, each town, and town lot, showing every transaction that has been made since the land was first entered from the government. This will simplify and facilitate the matter of future transfers. The cost to the company is mounting up into many thousands of dollars but the value of the work is more than commensurate with the financial outlay.

D. D. Kingsborough was married Dec. 16, 1891, to Sallie Kier, a daughter of Isaac W. and Hannah (Orton) Kier of Albany, both dead. The Orton family first settled in Massachusetts and Connecticut. The paternal grandfather of Hannah (Orton) Kier moved to New York and later to Ohio where he settled on the present site of the town of Shelby, the town being built up later on a part of Mr. Orton's farm. Hannah (Orton) Kier's father, Miles Orton came from Ohio to Missouri and entered land on what is now a part of the site of Albany. He owned this land until his death. The Orton name thus appears in the first annals of Gentry County.

To the union of D. D. and Sallie (Kier) Kingsborough the following children were born: Lucy E., now a teacher in the St. Joseph schools; Eldon O., a student at Kansas City Western Dental College; and George H., the city electrician at Albany.

Mr. Kingsborough is a man of strong business acumen, marked commercial ability, and of high ideals for civic development. His connection with varied pursuits before his work with his present company made a

valuable asset for him during his long and successful connection with the Holden Abstract and Investment Company.

John A. Hundley, deceased, was born Aug. 7, 1841, in Green County, Tenn., and died Nov. 5, 1915, at Albany, Mo. He was the son of William Hundley, and Jane (Tolle) Hundley, both born in Tennessee.

William Hundley was a pioneer settler of Gentry County where he came in 1845. Two years later he returned to Tennessee and still later came back to Missouri and then went to Texas where he located at Belton, and died there. His remains are buried at Belton. After his death, his widow returned to Albany, where she died in 1912, at the age of 94 years. The children of William and Jane (Tolle) Hundley were: John A., the subject of this review; George S., president of the Gentry County Bank, an extensive landholder, and engaged in the mercantile business with his brother, John, died at Albany; William A., operated an itinerant amusement company; and Mary E., the widow of Charles Embree of Albany.

John A. Hundley attended the public schools of Albany and began his mercantile career as a clerk. His first independent business venture was in connection with his brother, George, and Joseph Degginger. Under the firm name of Degginger & Hundley, they conducted a general store, handling both dry goods and groceries. All the goods for the store had to be hauled by wagon from St. Joseph, a long and trying trip in those days. John and George Hundley bought Mr. Degginger's interest in the firm and continued in the business under the new firm name of Hundley and Company until the death of George Hundley. John A. Hundley was a director in the Gentry County Bank, and belonged to the Masonic lodge. Neither George nor William Hundley ever married.

John A. Hundley was married in October, 1882, to Sarah A. Miller, the daughter of Rev. A. K. Miller, a Methodist minister, and his wife, Jane Miller. Sarah A. (Miller) Hundley died in 1888 leaving three children: Jane Elma, mentioned below; Minnie Lulu, also mentioned below; and John M., died at the age of four years and ten months.

Jane Elma and Minnie Lulu Hundley were reared by an aunt, Mrs. Matilda Forker. They were students in the Kansas City schools, Platte City College, and Central College at Lexington. For the past ten years they have lived at Albany. They were prominent workers in the Red Cross during the war. Miss Elma Hundley was the buyer for the Red Cross County supplies and is now the secretary of that organization in Albany. Both the sisters are members of the Order of the Eastern Star.

The same year that William Hundley, the father of John A. Hundley came to Missouri, his brother, John B. left Green County, Tenn., and set-

tled in Missouri. He located on a farm near Evona and later erected the third house built in Albany where, by 1882, the firm of Hundley and Company was doing business. He afterwards built a brick store, a novelty in those days. Still later he entered the banking business and followed the mercantile business at St. Joseph. Before he left Albany, he with Alexander Patton, built and operated the first steam grist and saw mill in the town. The old mill was located back of the Christian church but was afterwards moved to Island Branch. It will be seen from this account of William and John B. Hundley that the enterprising spirit manifested by the later members of the family was a trait common to them all.

Concerning the place of John A. Hundley in his community it is well to quote here from the Albany Ledger of Nov. 11, 1915, which reads: "The passing of John A. Hundley removes one of the old time citizens of the town, one of the pioneers of the county, one of the familiar figures on the streets of Albany. The store on the southwest side of the square has been for more than half a century his headquarters, in the early days as an active merchant, but in later years more as an office and rest room. In less than four years four of the familiar figures who had become closely connected with the little store building, J. H. Degginger, George S., W. A., and John A. Hundley, have been gathered to their fathers, John A., being the last to be called. To the former old time citizens who occasionally come to Albany the absence of these four men will serve to mark more plainly than any other surrounding the passing of the olden days and the changing of the new."

Elmer L. Culver, a well known farmer and stockman and successful breeder of Gentry County, is a native of Andrew County. He was born May 10, 1871, and is a son of Truman and Frances (Murden) Culver. Truman Culver was born in the state of New York in 1844. During the Civil War he enlisted in Michigan and served in the artillery, participating in a number of important engagements and was discharged at the close of the war with a good military record. In 1868 he came to Missouri and settled in Andrew County. Here he engaged in farming and stock raising in which he was successful, becoming the owner of 300 acres of land. Some years prior to his death, he sold his farm and removed to King City, where he spent his last days. His remains are now buried in the Cemetery at King City. He was a Republican and widely known as a dependable citizen. His wife was a native of Andrew County. She is now deceased and buried in King City.

Truman and Francis (Murden) Culver were the parents of the following children: Emil, whose present residence is unknown; Theron, who was drowned in Montana and his remains buried in that state; Orris, who is



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engaged in farming and stock raising in Nodaway County, and Elmer L. the subject of this sketch.

Elmer L. Culver was reared in Andrew County and educated in the public schools. He began his independent career as a farm hand, working for \$18.00 per month. He then began farming, rented land, and rented a part of his present place for a number of years. He is the owner of 700 acres of valuable land, 50 acres of which is timber. His place is well improved and he has the largest and best equipped barn for general purposes in Gentry County. It is 40x120 feet in demension and is 26 feet high from eaves to ground.

Mr. Culver has two large silos, 14 feet in diameter and 40 feet high. The place is arranged in every detail for the convenient handling of cattle, the barn being equipped with feed boxes and an ample supply of water piped to convenient places for the stock. Mr. Culver raises pure bred stock, Poland China hogs and Percheron horses. Mrs. Culver is also interested in stock breeding and stock raising. She raises standard bred Leghorn chickens and also standard bred turkeys. She has won a number of premiums at poultry shows in various sections of the country. She won three loving cups at the White Leghorn poultry show in Oklahoma City, Okla., and her poultry has won first prizes at St. Joseph, Savannah, King City, and a number of other poultry shows. She has recently engaged in breeding pure bred cattle and at this writing has 47 head of registered Jerseys, some of which are imported from the Island of Jersey. She has the largest herd of Jerseys in Gentry County.

Elmer L. Culver married Mary Guest, a daughter of Thomas and Ruth Guest, the former a native of Ohio, and the latter of England, who came to America with her parents when a child. Mrs. Culver has one brother, James, who was born in Andrew County, and is engaged in farming and stock raising in that county. To Mr. and Mrs. Culver have been born two children: Vinona, was educated in the public schools and attended King City High School four years, and Harl, who is attending the public schools; and both reside at home with their parents.

Mr. Culver is one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Gentry County and he and Mrs. Culver are well known and highly respected in the community.

Thomas C. Holden, secretary and treasurer of the Holden Abstract and Investment Company, is a member of an old and well known family in Gentry County. He was born March 17, 1897, the son of George C. and Ida C. (Lewis) Holden, the latter still living at Albany where she is the president of the company of which her son is the secretary and treasurer.

Both the Lewis and Holden names appear early in the history of this

part of the state where members of both families were among the sturdy and intrepid folk who ventured into the state when it was still a part of the wild frontier land. George W. Lewis, grandfather of Thomas C. Holden was one of the first settlers in Gentry County, where he owned a part of the tract of ground that is now comprised within the limits of the town of Albany. He was one of the first teachers of the county and taught the first public school of Albany where he later became an attorney and practiced law for many years. He built and lived in the house now owned by Dr. Graham. It is readily seen that Mr. Lewis was a versatile and courageous man, of the sort that go fearlessly into a new country and meet efficiently the hardships and vicissitudes incident to life in sparsely settled territory. Mr. Lewis died in 1903 at the age of 90 years. His remains were buried in Highland Cemetery. His daughter, Ida C. Lewis was born at Albany, May 23, 1857 and was married to George C. Holden, Sept. 21, 1882.

George C. Holden was born at Milton, N. Y., in 1853, and came to Gentry County after he was grown. He was a nephew of Charles G. Comstock, the organizer of the business that is now incorporated under the title of the Holden Abstract and Investment Company, and Mr. Comstock at once took Mr. Holden into the business. The new firm began work on a set of abstract books for the county, an enterprise which is carried on by the present officers of the company. Mr. Holden was a successful business man and was the manager of the company for many years, both before and after it was incorporated. He was a member of the Masonic lodge and a stockholder in the Gentry County Bank. He died May 4, 1916, and his remains were buried in Highland Cemetery. The children of George C. and Ida C. (Lewis) Holden were: Esther, married to G. M. Anderson, a physician at Casper, Wyo.; Léwis M., with the postoffice department, Colorado Springs, Colo.; Marion, died at the age of three years; Charles F., was in the United States Marines during the World War, trained at Mare Island, Cuba, where he was stationed when the war closed and is now selling mining and milling supplies for a contractor's agency in Denver, Col.; Dorothea, married to O. E. McIntyre, the owner of the Colorado Sporting Goods Company store at Colorado Springs, Colo.; George Donald, a sketch of whose life and death appears below; and Thomas C., the subject of this sketch.

George Donald Holden enlisted in the army for service in the World War, May 10, 1917, and was sent to the Officers Training Camp at Fort Riley, Kans., where he was commissioned a second lieutenant. He was sent to Camp Cody, N. M., for further training and then to Camp Funston, Kans. Later he was at Camp Doniphan, Okla., and went overseas with

Company D, 140th Infantry. He was in the Battle of the Vosges Mountains and there he was promoted to be first lieutenant. He was in the Argonne Forest on Sept. 26, 1918, and the next day was wounded while he was located between Exermont and Charpentry. He died in the hospital, Oct. 1, 1918, and his remains were buried at Frodios, France. His comrades have honored his supreme sacrifice for his country by naming the American Legion Post No. 106 at Albany after him, the Donald Holden Post.

Thomas C. Holden was educated at Albany and Colorado Springs, Col. He graduated from the Albany High School and was a student at Palmer College. He was with the Holden Abstract Company when the United States declared war on the Central Powers and he enlisted in Kansas City, July 2, 1918. He was sent to the Great Lakes Training Station and was there when the war closed. He was mustered out of the service Dec. 20, 1918 and resumed his work with the abstract company.

Thomas C. Holden was married to Doris Katherine Gibson, Nov. 7, 1917. She is the daughter of Daniel and Beatrice (Carson) Gibson of Albany, and is a graduate of the Albany High School and Palmer College. Mr. and Mrs. Holden have one daughter, Nancy Katherine.

Thomas C. Holden is a member of the Donald Holden Post 106 of the American Legion. This post was organized in Sept. 19, 1919, and is one of the largest posts in the state having more than 240 members. Mr. Holden is also a member of the Royal Arch Masons. He is a worthy member of a family that has always stood for efficiency and progress. Mr. Holden and his two brother represented three branches of service during the World War; Charles F., in the Marines; George Donald, in the infantry; and Thomas C., in the Naval Aviation. Their readiness to offer their services when they were needed shows the calibre of the brothers, and their names belong in a volume such as this.

Armand Karrer, the popular proprietor of the Karrer Garage at Albany, was the first man to enter that business in Gentry County where he has achieved a marked success in his enterprise.

Mr. Karrer is a native of Switzerland where he was born May 16, 1879, the son of Jacob and Louise (Stirneman) Karrer, both deceased. Jacob Karrer and his wife came to the United States in 1880, and settled first in Bates County, later moving to LeMars, Iowa, and then to St. Joseph where they both died. Mr. Karrer died in 1903, and his wife in January, 1921. The remains of both are buried in Avenue City, near St. Joseph. Their children were: Lena, now living in Portland, Ore.; Armand, the subject of this review; Martha, the wife of Fred B. Crowther, Casper, Wyo.;

Anna, married to Andrew Sheideger of Crosby, Mo.; and Jacob, living at St. Joseph.

Armand Karrer attended the public school at Avenue City, and later learned the machinist trade at St. Joseph. He worked at his trade in St. Joseph until 1911, when he came to Albany and opened the garage. The building which he occupies is 60x120 feet, facing the south on Wood street. Here Mr. Karrer does all kinds of automobile repair work. He handles automobile accessories and features the U. S. tires. He is the agent for the Overland and Nash cars and has built up an excellent business. Since the rapid development of his work, Mr. Karrer finds it essential to have help and he now employs four men to assist in the work at the garage.

Armand Karrer was married in 1904 to Gertrude Rozendal, a daughter of Richard Rozendal of St. Joseph. Mrs. Karrer is a native of Holland and came to the United States with her parents in her youth. They settled first in Peoria, Ill., later moving to Leavenworth, Kan., and finally to St. Joseph. To the union of Armand and Gertrude (Rozendal) Karrer two children were born; Evelyn and Armand.

Mr. Karrer is a member of the Woodmen of the World. He is a capable and progressive man, an enterprising citizen, and a man who is always interested in the civic welfare of his community.

T. N. Rigney, the presiding Judge of the county court of Gentry county and a resident of Albany, is a native of the county. He was born at Albany, March 29, 1860, the son of Dr. Levi M. and Martha C. (Napier) Rigney.

Levi N. Rigney was a physician, born in Casey County, Ky., in 1824, and his wife was born in Adair County, Ky., in 1830. They were married in Kentucky and came to Missouri a few years later. They located first in Johnson County, where Dr. Rigney practiced his profession, but soon came to Gentry County and settled at Athens, the present town of Albany. Dr. Rigney, who was a graduate of the Medical College at Louisville, Ky., kept up the practice of medicine until his death at Albany in 1884. He was interested in mercantile pursuits also and conducted a general store and a drug store in connection with his practice. The remains of both Dr. Rigney and his wife are buried in the City Cemetery at Albany. Their children were: B. A., a farmer in Miller Township; J. M., a graduate of the Keokuk, Iowa, Medical College, died in Albany in 1906 at the age of 54 years after a successful career as a physician, he married Mary J. Hamilton who is now living on a farm three miles south of Albany; Elizabeth died at the age of 17 years; T. N., the subject of this sketch; William, a farmer living south of Albany; and Charles G., died at the age of 16 years.

Judge Rigney was educated in the schools of Albany and was a

teacher in the Gentry County schools for 15 years. A part of Judge Rigney's old farm is now comprised in the south part of Albany. This includes the birthplace of the judge, now the site of the South Side school building. Judge Rigney laid out the part of Albany known as the Rigney First Addition and the Rigney Second Addition, both of which were formerly a part of his land. Judge Rigney has extensive land holdings comprising more than 1500 acres, of which more than 500 acres are in Gentry County. He has been interested in various building enterprises; he built the Rigney Theater in 1914 at an initial cost of \$20,000, and he is the owner of several buildings in Albany including the building in which the Bassler Clothing Company does business.

T. N. Rigney was married, May 5, 1885, to Carrie R. Albin, a daughter of John and Mary J. (Rund) Albin. Her father, John N. Albin, came to Gentry County in 1854 and his farm of 423 acres was one of the best improved tracts of land in Athens Township. He was one of the men in his section of the state to vote for Abraham Lincoln the first time Lincoln was elected. Mr. Albin served in the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War. He was married the first time in February, 1855, to Rebecca Young of Tennessee. She died in August, 1859, leaving two small children; Joseph F., and Mary R., Mr. Albin married the second time Mary J. Rund, a native of Ohio, who came to Missouri with her parents, Charles F., and Caroline (Green) Rund. To his second marriage the following children were born: Ida, deceased, was Mrs. Zimmerman; Charles F., a resident of Seattle, Wash.; Rosa, Mrs. Quigley of Athens Township; Caroline, Mrs. Rigney; Lulu A., now Mrs. Peterson of Albany; Lola B., now Mrs. Swan of Thayer, Kans.; W. L., a physician in Lincoln, Neb.; and Homer, died at the age of four years. John N. Albin died in 1906 and his remains are buried in the City Cemetery at Albany. His widow still lives in Albany at the age of 88 years.

To the union of T. N. and Carrie R. (Albin) Rigney the following children were born: Lloyd C., a farmer and stockman on the home farm; John A., a farmer in Miller Township; Mary Ruth, died in infancy; Blanch, graduated from the Albany High School, a student at the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College at Maryville, for several years a successful teacher, and now living with her parents; Grace, graduated from the Albany High School and from the Missouri State University at Columbia, now a well known teacher of Home Economics at Skiatook, Okla.; and George B., graduated from the Albany High School, attended college at Fort Worth, Texas, and Drake University, Iowa, and now making an excellent reputation as a teacher in Albany; and Levi M., attending Palmer College, Albany.

In 1906 T. N. Rigney was elected to the office of judge of the South District of his county and was elected two years later. He spent the next four years as a private citizen never however losing interest in public affairs and in 1914 he was tendered the office of presiding judge of his district. He was reelected to this position in 1918. His frequent re-elections speak for the attitude which his community has toward Judge Rigney's record as an official. He is known as competent, conscientious, and an unprejudiced official, one who has the trust and esteem of his fellow citizens. Judge Rigney is a Democrat, but his political predilections have never been allowed to interfere with his high standard of fairness and justice.

H. C. Yeater, for many years a prominent druggist in Albany, and one of the interesting pioneer figures in Gentry County, was born in Butler Township, Harrison County, Aug. 13, 1853.

Mr. Yeater's paternal grandfather, Dr. Joseph Yeater, was the first physician to practice in Gentry County and was one of the well known men of his day. He was one of the many who followed the lure of California in those early days, and, in 1850, accompanied by his son, John, and driving a team of mules, he set out on the long trip westward. At St. Joseph, however, he became ill and was forced to return to his home where he died a few days later. The next year his son went west but returned to Missouri in 1853. After his return he settled in Harrison County but came to Gentry County in 1855 and settled on a farm five miles east of Albany. Here he built a log cabin and set about improving his land. The outbreak of the Civil War stopped his work and he enlisted in the Union Army where he served for three years. After the close of the war, he settled on his farm and lived there for 35 years when he moved to Albany where he died in 1899. His remains are buried in Highland Cemetery.

John Yeater married Martha Jane Sampson, a native of Madison County, Ind. When she was 12 years of age, her father, Caleb Sampson, came to Gentry County and settled near McFall. At that time there were only seven families living in the county and life there involved many hardships. Martha Jane (Sampson) Yeater died in 1906 and her remains were buried in Highland Cemetery. To the union of John and Martha Jane (Sampson) Yeater the following children were born: George, died in infancy; William, living in Dent County, Mo; H. C., the subject of this review; W. B., a resident of Albany; Cornelia, now Mrs. Van Norstrand of Stanberry; Mary, now Mrs. Peery of Albany; J. L., deceased; Camelia, now Mrs. Smart of Kansas City; H. P., a physician at Maysville; Eliza, died in infancy; and Julia Ann, died in infancy.

H. C. Yeater was a student in the rural schools of Gentry County and attended the first high school ever taught in Albany. After completing his school work he went to Jameson and studied pharmacy. Later he went into the drug business at Jameson and remained there for ten years. Over 40 years ago, on March 26, 1881, Mr. Yeater received a certificate of proficiency from the State Board of Pharmacy. He then went to Pattansburg and conducted a drug store there for two years. At the end of that time he bought a farm which he operated successfully for a period of 11 years. He came to Albany in 1902 and has been the progressive owner of a drug store on the west side of the Public Square ever since.

Aug. 16, 1877, Mr. Yeater was married to Margaret Irene Allen, a native of Daviess County, born Nov. 5, 1858. Her parents were George P. and Sarah Allen, both natives of Virginia and members of the Presbyterian church. To the union of H. C. and Margaret Irene (Allen) Yeater the following children were born; Ethel, born in 1878, married Mr. Hankins and died at Albany at the age of 39 years; Alva P., born July 29, 1880, now a druggist at Trenton; Harry, a resident of Albany; Herman, a traveling salesman for the New York Rubber Company living in St. Joseph; Roy born in 1883, and died 18 months later, his remains buried in Bethel Cemetery; Evelyn, a buyer for the Leader Store at St. Joseph, now Mrs. Rader of Girard, Kans.; Frederick, mention of whom appears below; and Ruth died at the age of one year. Her remains are buried in Bethel Cemetery. Frederick Yeater enlisted for service in the United States Army when he was but 17 years old. He was sent to a school at Omaha for 15 months where he was in training as a mechanic. He was later sent to New York where he remained for a year inspecting army motors. Then he was placed at Hoboken, N. J., and later at Niagara Falls. After a service of three years he received his discharge. He took the civil service examination and was in the service for a year when he resigned and went to Omaha where he accepted a position as head of a department in a music store.

H. C. Yeater is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, No. 403, at Pattonsburg. Mr. Yeater's reminiscences extend back over a period of more than 60 years. Although belonging to the pioneer days of the county, his is still an active business man conducting his affairs with the acumen and energy that were factors in his early success. It is well that the history of such a man, one whose family name has been connected with the development of Gentry County since the earliest days, should be incorporated in a volume such as this.

Marcus M. Brown, a Civil War veteran, who was a prominent farmer and stockman of Gentry County during his life time was a native of Connecticut. He was born in South Coventry, Ct., Dec. 3, 1842, a son of Rufus and Sarah (Clark) Brown. They were the parents of the following children: Daniel C., deceased; John B., deceased; Mary E., deceased; Marcus M., the subject of this sketch; Cornelius, who is engaged in the farm loan business in Gentry County.

Marcus M. Brown came to Gentry County in 1855 with his parents. When the Civil War broke out, he enlisted in November 1861, in the 25th Missouri Volunteer Infantry, and served until the close of the war. After the war he engaged in farming in Gentry County which occupation he successfully followed until the time of his death. He was the owner of 300 acres of land and was one of the substantial and well-to-do men of the county. He was a member of the Masonic lodge and the Grand Army of the Republic.

Marcus M. Brown married Elizabeth Alice Billmire, who was born in Ogle County, Ill., Nov. 22, 1851. She is the daughter of John W. and Nancy (Slaughter) Billmire. Mrs. Brown was one of four children born to her parents, as follows: Thornton W., deceased; Dora A., married Harry Barnes, Seattle, Wash.; William Sherman, a rancher of Crawford, Colo.; and Elizabeth Alice who married Marcus M. Brown, whose name introduces this sketch.

Since the death of Mr. Brown his widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Alice Brown, has resided on her farm five miles northwest of King City. Her place is operated by George Marcus, a nephew of Mrs. Brown. Mrs. Brown is one of the estimable women of Gentry County and has many friends in the community.

George Marcus who operates the Marcus M. Brown farm in Gentry County and was born in King City, July 7, 1882. He was educated in the public schools and has been engaged in farming most of his life. He married Miss Ada Pickard, a native of DeKalb County, and to them have been born the following children: Claude, Beatrice, Leo D., Curtis E., William Clark, Dora, and Hazel Louise.

Mr. Marcus is progressive and enterprising, and a substantial citizen.

J. E. Davidson, for 22 years the capable and careful superintendent of the Albany Telephone Company, was born at Albany, Jan. 10, 1878. His parents were W. H. and Margaret B. (Austin) Davidson, the former still living at Albany.

The Davidson name has been well known in Gentry County since the time of Joseph Davidson, a pioneer settler of Athens, now called Albany, and the grandfather of J. E. Davidson, W. H. Davidson was born in Albany



MARCT'S M. BROWN



MRS. ELIZABETH A. BROWN

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in 1853. He lived in Harrison County for four years and then moved to Oklahoma. Here his wife died at Oklahoma City on July 6, 1921, at the age of 67 years. Her remains are buried in Grand View Cemetery there. J. E. Davidson is the only surviving child of his parents. A sister, Effie, died at the age of 38 years.

J. E. Davidson was educated in the public schools of Albany and was a student in Central Christian College graduating from the Commercial Department of that institution. He has been connected with the Albany Telephone Company practically since its organization on Feb. 26, 1897. The company was formed with a capital stock of \$2500 with the following officers: C. O. Patton, president; Wallace Hubbard, secretary; and C. V. Larmer, treasurer. The Company started business with only 60 telephones in service. So rapid has been the growth of the business that today there are 650 stations in operation, the company has one of the finest central office installations in the state, and the capital stock and surplus amount to \$17,942.50. The present officers are: J. W. Agee, president; M. P. Whaley, vice-president; M. B. Watson, secretary; J. E. Lainhart, treasurer; and E. L. Peery, L. H. Peery, and W. J. Siddens, members of the official board, in addition to the officers already named. The company has achieved one of the marked successes of the county. Its affairs have been ably managed and the value of such an organization has been vital in the growth of the community.

J. E. Davidson was married to Lizzie Bohanna of McFall. To this union two sons have been born; Joseph E., and Hartwell.

Mr. Davidson is a member of the Masonic lodge. He is a man of enterprise and energy. His record of 22 years of continuous and efficient service with the Albany Telephone Company would be difficult to duplicate. To a large degree the success of the company has been due to the methods of Mr. Davidson. He makes it a rule to give his attention to the details of the management thus obtaining a view point that gives him a grasp on the larger responsibilities. He has attained a success which he well merits by virtue of these traits.

Johnson Wesley Coulter, a Civil War veteran and a resident of Albany since 1865, was born in Meigs County, Ohio, June 15, 1839, the son of Abraham and Hanna (Hampton) Counter. Abraham Coulter was born in Pennsylvania in 1813 and his wife was born in Ohio in 1919. They settled at Albany in 1886, and both died there. Their remains are buried in Highland Cemetery. Their children were: Johnson Wesley, the subject of this sketch; Warren, died while serving in the Union Army at Knoxville, Tenn.; Mary Evaline, died in girlhood; John, a merchant at Kansas

City; Mary, married Harry Willis, died at Stanberry and her remains are buried in Highland Cemetery; Ann, now Mrs. A. K. Smith of Albany; and Dallas, a retired farmer, Denver, Mo.

J. W. Coulter grew up in the midst of the privations of the early pioneer days in the Middle West and had little schooling. Three months each year he attended the district school in Ohio, but early learned the tanners trade at Pomeroy, Ohio, in order to start work for himself. When the Civil War broke out, Mr. Coulter answered President Lincoln's first call for 75,000 troops and was placed in Company H. 18th Ohio Volunteer Infantry where he served for four months. He reenlisted for service but the company had been completed so he was denied admission. He came to Albany, April 1, 1865 and opened a tin shop. In conjunction with E. L. Peery, he ran a hardware store for some time. He and his brother, George Coulter, formed a partnership and operated a hardware store also at Albany. The firm of Coulter and Perry handled implements in connection with the hardware business and later established implements houses at Bethany, Pattonsburg and Gentryville. Mr. Coulter retired from active business pursuits in 1910, but says that he regrets his retirement as he feels it is better for a person to remain actively engaged in commercial work until his retirement is absolutely essential.

J. W. Coulter has been twice married. His first marriage occurred in September, 1861, to Sarah R. Sylvester of Dansville, Ohio. To this union three children were born: Carrie, first married James Cramer, for many years a partner of Mr. Coulter's and after his death his widow married J. M. Layman of Los Angeles, Cal.; Myrtie, died at the age of four years; and Wade H., born in 1872 and died in 1914, married to Fannie Grantham, who with her children, Marguerite and Jack W., lives at Albany. Wade H. Coulter was in the public amusement business. He started with a wagon show which he ran for two years and then bought the Cole Bros. Amusement Company of 15 cars. He operated this business successfully for some time. Shortly after closing the business up he died at Albany, Feb. 2, 1914. Mr. Coulter's daughter, Mrs. Layman, has two children, Pearl, now married to George Nelson, and with one son, Jimmie Bob; and Opal, married to Hudson Wilcox of Los Angeles. Mrs. Coulter died at Albany in June, 1906, and her remains are buried there.

Mr. Coulter was married the second time, Jan. 11, 1910, in Kansas City, to Lillie E. (Evans) Case. Her parents were Edward Evans, born in Lancaster County, Pa., Nov. 22, 1823, and Mary (McKee) Evans, born in Cumberland County, Pa. Mrs. Coulter was born in Cumberland County, Pa., in 1852 and the family came to Rochester, Minn., in 1857. There Mrs.

Evans died and, in 1862, Mr. Evans moved to Missouri and settled in Andrew County for a short time. He married the second time, Anna Guinter, and in 1865, they moved to Gentry County, and located at King City where Mr. Evans was a contractor and builder. In 1877 they moved to Albany and there Mr. Evans died in 1902. His daughter, Lillie, was married the first time at Maryville, to A. C. Case, born in Jefferson County, N. Y., Dec. 15, 1842, the son of Joseph Case. A. C. Case enlisted in the Union Army in 1861 and served until the war closed. Mr. Case died at Pueblo, Colo., in 1904, leaving one son, Edward C., born in 1876, and died at Pueblo, Colo., in 1904. Mr. Case was postmaster at Albany during the administrations of President Hayes and President Garfield, serving eight years in the office. Mr. Evans built the New Albany and Merchants hotels and erected several other important buildings at Albany, and other places.

Mr. and Mrs. Coulter have a nice two story seven room house on North Hundley street with one and one-half acres of ground. Mr. Coulter has always been a progressive man with many varied interests. He and J. W. Barkley built all of the public buildings on the west side of the square with the exception of the Peery building. Mr. Coulter is one of the interesting and well known men of the community, known for his public spirit and his upright business standards.

William Peery Stapleton, a well known business man of Albany, conducts a real estate, loan and insurance office, in which enterprise he has been successfully engaged for the past 20 years. Mr. Stapleton was born at Albany, Feb. 18, 1865. His parents were Dr. George W. and Emily Winn (Peery) Stapleton, both deceased.

Dr. Stapleton was born in Tennessee, the son of Joseph Stapleton, who brought the family to Daviess County, and settled near Pattonsburg, where he operated a farm. He lived on his farm for many years and died at his home there. His son George W., was born in 1824 and was reared in Daviess County. He was a student at Grand River College, Edinburg, and received his medical training at St. Louis Medical College from which he graduated. He settled in Gentry County in 1848 and was a prominent physician here for half a century. He was a charter member of the Masonic lodge and of the Chapter and the Commandery. He died in 1910, and his remains are buried in Grand View Century. His wife, Emily Winn (Peery) Stapleton, was born in Tazewell County, Va., in 1834 and came to Grundy County, when she was a young girl with her parents, George and Jane Peery. To her union with Dr. Stapleton, the following children were born: Edwin E., who died at Santa Rosa, Calif., in 1920; William Peery, the subject of this sketch; Fielding P., a graduate of Simp-

son Medical College, St. Louis, and now a practicing physician at Lawrence, Kans.; and Leona S., married to Robert J. Austin, an attorney, born in Casey County, Ky., and for more than 30 years connected with the United States Pension Bureau at Washington, D. C.

William Peery Stapleton was a student in Central College, Fayette, and later went into the hardware and implement business. He remained in that work for 17 years. He then opened his present office where he handled real estate, insurance, and loans. Mr. Stapleton has handled a volume of business which of itself marks the success of his methods. From March, 1919, to March, 1920, he sold more than \$800,000 worth of real estate.

Mr. Stapleton was married on April 28, 1886, to Anna L. Bell, born in Howard County, and a graduate of Howard Payne College at Fayette. Her father was W. F. Bell, a Southern Methodist minister, now dead; and her mother was Sarah D. (Ridgeway) Bell, also deceased. To the union of W. P. and Anna L. (Bell) Stapleton the following children were born: Ada Bell, a graduate of Central College at Fayette, holding a Master of Arts degree from Washington University at St. Louis, and now a teacher of English, and Dean of Women at Texas Womans College, Fort Worth, Texas; Sarah Emily, a graduate of Central College, Lexington, formerly a teacher of Home Economics in Palmer College, and now living at home; George W., at home; Margaret Ann, a graduate of Washington Seminary, Washington, D. C., and now married to John R. Doyle of Albany; Fielding P., a brief sketch of whom appears below; and Jack Frederick, who holds the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Washington University, St. Louis, and was a student in the Pulitzer School of Journalism, Columbia University, New York. He served during the World War in the Students Training Corps at Washington University. He is now publisher of the Owl-Head-light at Stanbury.

Fielding Peery Stapleton was born at Albany, Sept. 6, 1897. He graduated from the Albany High School in the class of 1914, took a Bachelor of Arts degree from Washington University, St. Louis in 1919, and the degree of Bachelor of Laws from Harvard University in 1921. He began the practice of his profession in Albany in July, 1921. He enlisted for service in the World War at the Municipal Pier, Chicago, and was sent to the Great Lakes Naval Training Station at Chicago. He was there in the United States Naval Auxiliary Reserve School until Feb. 3, 1919, and is still a member of the Reserve Corps.

W. P. Stapleton and his sons, Fielding P., and Jack F., are all members of the Masonic lodge. Mr. Stapleton and his family are all factors for

progress in the community. It is a family of marked ability and enterprise.

Robert Murphy, formerly a farmer and stockman of Gentry County, and engaged in the real estate business with W. P. Stapleton, was born in Carey County, Ky., Jan. 13, 1845, the son of William and Melianda (Henson) Murphy.

William Murphy was a farmer in Kentucky where he died in the fall of 1845, leaving the following children: Richard, died in Illinois in 1852; Mary, married A. J. Malson and died in Gentry County; James, died in Gentry County in 1862; Martha, died in Nebraska, married first to Lewis David of Gentry County, and after his death in Iowa, married to James James who died in Gentry County; Joseph, a farmer now living in Huggins Township, at the age of 84 years; Ann, now living in St. Joseph, married first to G. W. Wells to which union nine children were born, and after Mr. Wells' death, married to Jacob Creager of Bethany; John, a farmer in Lincoln County, Okla., now 79 years of age; and Robert, the subject of this sketch. By a second marriage of Melisanda (Henson) Murphy in Illinois in 1847 to Jacob Collins, a physician, she had two children: Zachariah, died at the age of two years; and L. A., a farmer living near Frederick, Okla., and now 69 years old. Dr. Collins died in 1852 and his widow died in Gentry County in 1899 at the age of 83 years. Her remains are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery.

The Murphy family moved from Kentucky to Illinois in 1846 and from Illinois to Missouri in 1855. The family settled near Albany and five years later Robert Murphy, then 15 years old, began working on a farm for \$10 a month. He continued to work by the month for six years, sometimes receiving as much as \$16.50 per month. He then took up the work of trading and followed this line until he was 35 years old when he bought a farm of 205 acres of excellent land. He owned this land at the time of his death and also 170 acres which he bought later.

Robert Murphy was married in 1880 to Lizzie Ray of Gentry County, a daughter of A. J. and Jane Ray, both deceased. Mrs Murphy died in March, 1920 and her remains are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery. To this union of Robert and Lizzie (Ray) Murphy two children were born: Maud C., died at the age of seven years; and E. Ray, born Sept. 11, 1892, graduated from the Albany High School, and afterwards was a student for three years in William Jewell College at Liberty. He enlisted for service in the United States Navy, May 28, 1918, and was sent first to the Great Lakes Training Camp and then to Norfolk, Va., where he remained until June, 1919. He is now a member of the Naval Reserve Force. He now holds a position with Gentry County Bank of Albany.

Robert Murphy was the one of the interesting pioneer characters of Gentry County. His recollections of the early days of mingled romance and hardships gave a vivid picture of those times in the history of the state. He knew the state before the turbulent days of the Civil War as well as through that trying period. Mr. Murphy died Dec. 18, 1921.

John R. Doyle, a veteran of the World War now connected with the office of the W. P. Stapleton Real Estate, Insurance and Loans Company, was born in Albany, Oct. 18, 1893, the son of Dr. G. W. and Mary (Zoll) Doyle.

G. W. Doyle was born in Illinois in 1851. He received his education at the Central Missouri State Teachers College at Warrensburg and Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia from which he graduated in 1881. He located at Albany where he continued to practice medicine for more than 27 years and where he was widely known both in his professional capacity and as a private citizen. Dr. Doyle was a member of the Knights of Pythias, the Modern Woodmen of America, and the Yeoman lodges. He died at Albany, Dec. 15, 1908 and his remains are buried in Highland Cemetery. His widow, Mary (Zoll) Doyle, continued to reside at Albany until her marriage, Aug. 12, 1921, to Judge Milton Remley, of Iowa City, Iowa. Judge Remley is a prominent man of Iowa, where he has served three terms as the State Attorney General.

John R. Doyle, the only living child of his parents, graduated from the Albany High School in 1911, and from Westminster College at Fulton, in 1917. He enlisted in the United States Navy at Kansas City, April 22, 1918, and was sent to the Naval Training Station at Newport, R. I. He remained there for six months and then was sent to the Harvard Radio School at Cambridge, Mass., and was there when the armistice was signed. Mr. Doyle was mustered out of service in December, 1918, returned to Albany, and became identified with the Stapleton Real Estate, Insurance, and Loan Company which position he has filled ever since. On Aug. 9, 1920, John R. Doyle was married to Margaret Stapleton, a daughter of W. P. Stapleton.

Mr. Doyle is a member of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity and of the Masonic Lodge. He is a young man of ability and promise.

Samuel Oscar Harding, Doctor of Osteopathy at Albany, is one of the successful young professional men of the town. He was born in Worth County, Aug. 28, 1889. His parents are Samuel and Anna (Keltz) Harding.

Samuel Harding was born in Indiana and reared there where he was a farmer. He came to Missouri in 1888 and is now living at Warrensburg. His wife was also born in Indiana. To their union the following children were born: Albert, a farmer at Ridgeway; Charlie, a farmer near Warrens-

burg; E. F., Doctor of Osteopathy at Bethany; Lora, now Mrs. Carpenter of Ridgeway; Scott, a farmer near Warrensburg; Ethel, married to M. E. Redford, Doctor of Osteopathy, at Tarkio; Cora, wife of Victor Blacketine, Warrensburg; S. O., the subject of this sketch; J. F., Doctor of Osteopathy, Holdredge, Nebr., and C. H., Doctor of Osteopathy, Hamburg, Iowa. Two children died in infancy.

S. O. Harding attended the Warrensburg High School and later was a student in the American School of Osteopathy from which he graduated, Jan. 20, 1917. He located at Albany and began the practice of his profession there the month after he graduated at Kirksville. On May 25, 1918, Dr. Harding was inducted into service in the United States Army and was sent to Camp Dodge, Iowa, for training. He was commissioned corporal and was sent to Camp Mills, N. J., Aug. 9, 1918, and overseas Aug. 15, 1918. He sailed on the English ship, Saxton, and arrived at Liverpool, Aug. 28, 1918. He went into training one week at an English camp, and then went to Southhampton, and across the English Channel to Cherburg, France. From there he went to Flavigney where he was in training for two weeks. He was then moved to Stoney Castle. Here the troops were attacked by the influenza and more than two-thirds of the company were ill at the same time. Dr. Harding went to the front on the Alsace Lorraine Sector on Oct. 7, 1918, and left that sector on Oct. 27th. He was sent to Surmagney where he remained until Nov. 9th, when he was sent to the Metz Sector, arriving at Villa St. Etienne on Nov. 11, the day the armistice was signed. He left on Nov. 29th for Hourdlaine Court where he arrived Dec. 1, 1918, and on April 9, 1919, was transferred from Company B, 351st Infantry to 241st Military Police Company. He was sent to Nogent, where he arrived April 10, 1919. He left on May 8th and arrived at Lemans, May 11th. This is a Belgium Military Training School and from there, Dr. Harding went to Brest, on May 29th, and sailed for home on the United States boat, Imperator, at eight o'clock on the evening of June 12th. He arrived at Hoboken, N. J., June 20th, was sent to Camp Merritt, then to Camp Taylor, and was mustered out of service, July 1, 1919. After his discharge from duty, Dr. Harding returned to Albany and resumed the practice of his profession.

Dr. Harding was married May 18, 1920, to Ogartia Gillespie, a daughter of J. H., Jr., and Sarah Gillespie, of Albany where Mrs. Harding was born.

Dr. Harding is a member of the Masonic lodge and is a charter member of the Donald Holden Post No. 106, of the American Legion. He has an excellent record as a soldier, enduring all the hardships uncomplainingly and manifesting at all times, the true soldier spirit of courage and endur-

ance. He is a young man of marked promise who is winning friends in his profession, as well as a citizen.

John A. Waltemath, a prominent farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County, is a native of Illinois. He was born in Shelby County, Oct. 7, 1880, and is a son of Henry and Louise (Wise) Waltemath. Henry Waltemath was a native of Germany and came to America when he was 14 years old, first settling in Shelby County, Ill. He began life as a farmer in Illinois and later came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County, where he was a successful farmer and stock raiser for many years. He was the owner of 458 acres of land in the vicinity of Berlin. He was a Republican and a member of the German Lutheran church. His widow now resides in the old home place, near Berlin, with her son, Edward.

To Henry Waltemath and wife were born the following children: Charles, who is engaged in farming and stock raising in Canada; Reka, married Benjamin Fite, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; Henry, a farmer and stock raiser near Denver; Fred, a farmer and stock raiser near Ford City; Herman and George, twins; Herman is a farmer and stock raiser about five miles north of King City and George is also a farmer and stock raiser on the old home place; and John A., the subject of this review.

John A. Waltemath was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. He has been familiar with farm life since boyhood. He began his independent career as a farmer and stockman in operating the home place owned by his father-in-law. He continued thus for six years when he bought a farm to which he has added from time to time until he is now the owner of a large and valuable farm of 560 acres in Jackson Township. He carries on general farming and stock raising. He is an extensive sheep feeder, and fed over 7000 head the past year.

Mr. Waltemath married Miss Anna Deiter, a daughter of John and Margueriete (Edwards) Deiter. John Deiter was an extensive farmer and stockman and the owner of 1200 acres of land. He is now deceased and his widow resides at Stanberry. They were the parents of the following children, besides Mrs. Waltemath: Maud, married John G. Eibarger, a farmer and stockman near Stanberry; Clyde, a farmer and stockman in Nebraska; William, a farmer and stockman living in Kansas; Lewis, a farmer and stockman also living in Kansas; Joseph, a farmer and stockman, living on the home place near Stanberry; and John, farmer and stockman, also living on the old home place. To Mr. and Mrs. Waltemath have been born the following children, Paul, deceased; Maud, Margauriete, Charlotte, Joseph and Rosalie.

JOHN A. WALTERMATH



MRS. JOHN A. WALTERMATH



Mr. Waltemath is a dependable citizen and the Waltemath family stands high in Gentry County.

James O'Mara, a successful farmer and stockraiser of Athens Township, Gentry County, and the vice-president of the Gentry County Bank at Albany, as a native of Ireland, born in County Waterford, Feb. 28, 1853, the son of Philip and Mary O'Mara, both of whom died in Ireland. Their children were: Thomas, born in 1850, came to the United States, settled in Hartford, Conn., where he married and died; Mary married Thomas O'Connell and lives in Ireland; Mary, married Thomas Healy and lives in Ireland; James, the subject of this review; Katie, married John McGrath and lives in Ireland; and Margaret, married William O'Connell, and died in Ireland.

James O'Mara came to the United States when he was 18 years old and settled in New York, where he worked in a dairy for one winter for \$10 a month. He had to be up at four o'clock in the morning to milk and his hours lasted until nine o'clock at night. He continued to work by the month for ten years and then came to Missouri. He located in Gentry County and worked at first for C. G. Comstock for \$16 a month. He continued this work for a year and then bought 95 acres of land for \$2,000 from Alfred Keys, using in payment the money he had saved while working by the month. At later times he bought first 40 acres, then 120 acres, 160 acres, then 80 acres of land. He sold 15 acres which leaves him with 490 acres in one tract. His home, two miles southeast of Albany is situated on this land. Mr. O'Mara has dealt in cattle, Poland China hogs and Percheron horses and keeps about 500 Leghorn chickens. He made a practice of selling his cattle off the grass and has always been an astute seller. Of recent years the scarcity of farm help has caused Mr. O'Mara to practically give up any active operations on his farm, instead he has found it advisable to rent the land out.

James O'Mara was married Sept. 26, 1880, to Katie Williams, a daughter of Nicholas and Katie Williams of New York, both now dead. Mr. O'Mara is a Republican. He is a man who has carved his own success in life and says that the sure and safe way to independence is to save a part of one's earnings each month. Mr. O'Mara thinks that a young man of thrift has more opportunities than came the way of the young man 40 years ago. He is one of the interesting self-made men of the county, a reliable and substantial citizen.

O. L. Grace, the efficient proprietor of the Grace Cafe located on the west side of the public square at Albany, was born in Howard Township, Gentry County, July 1, 1880, the son of Rufus and Elizabeth (Wiley) Grace, both now living at New Hampton.

Rufus Grace was born in Ray County and moved to Harrison County, after the close of the Civil War. He lived on a farm in Howard Township for many years but about ten years ago, he sold his farm and moved to his present residence. His wife, Elizabeth (Wiley) Grace was born in Illinois and came to Howard Township with her parents when she was a child of seven years. Her father was Chester Wiley and her mother, Elizabeth Wiley; they died about 1894, and their remains are buried in Lone Star Cemetery. To the union of Rufus and Elizabeth (Wiley) Grace the following children were born: W. R., now a resident of Sioux City, Iowa; A. J., a farmer in Howard Township, Gentry County; M. D., living at Rupert, Idaho; Lilly, the wife of Tilman Guess of Albany; Dora, married to John Bender of Harrison County; O. L., the subject of this sketch; Junia, married Ernie Crane, and died in Harrison County in 1918, her remains are buried in Lone Star Cemetery; Charlie, a resident of Lebanon in LaClede County; Neva, married to Robert Robertson, Worth County; Bama, the wife of Lewis Logsdon of Howard Township; and Ray, a farmer in Gentry County.

O. L. Grace was educated in the rural schools and began to farm when he was 18 years old. He bought a farm in Harrison County which he afterwards sold and entered the hardware business at Albany in partnership with J. W. Kerlan and Tilman Guess. He remained in this business for three years and in the spring of 1817 he opened a grocery store at Albany. He operated this enterprise for a year and a half and then went to King City where he purchased a restaurant which he managed for some time. On Sept. 22, 1921, Mr. Grace located in Albany where he has established an excellent business. His restaurant is one of the best in the surrounding community and Mr. Grace's long experience in conducting public eating places makes it possible for him to understand and satisfy the desires of the traveling public.

O. L. Grace was married Feb. 3, 1904, to Myrtle Bender, a daughter of Frank Benter of Albany. Mrs. Grace was born and reared at New Hampton. Her mother died when Mrs. Grace was a child of three years. Mr. and Mrs. Grace have a son, Guy, a student in the Albany High School, and one son died in infancy.

Mr. Grace is a member of the Yoeman Lodge. He is an energetic and capable business man.

Isaac Gentry Patton, member of a well known pioneer family of Gentry County and a farmer and stockman of Miller Township, where he has land holdings comprising 555 acres, was born on the farm where he now lives, Dec 17, 1872, the son of John R. and Mary C. (Gentry) Patton; and the grandson of James C. Patton.

James C. Patton was a native of Tennessee who migrated to Missouri when the state was yet a part of wild frontier land. In 1841 he settled in Gentry County and bought a squatter's rights to a farm entering the land for himself. The first improvements on the piece of ground were a log cabin, the roof of which was held up by "weight poles," and a small corn patch. Mr. Patton however with true pioneer courage set about improving the farm and became one of the prominent men of his community. From the time of his arrival in the county to the date of his death he was intensely interested in the building up of all community interests. The churches were naturally the center of the group life of the early settlers and Mr. Patton bought and paid for the land upon which the old Mt. Zion church was built and where the Mt. Zion Cemetery was laid out. This Presbyterian church, built of loge, housed the congregation for many years later giving away to a more pretentious brick structure, and that in turn supplanted by the present edifice, a frame building erected in 1892. Mr. Patton's son, Isaac A., contributed largely to the building of this last church and the entire north wing was built by Ora Patton, a great granddaughter of James C. Patton. Mr. Patton's remains are buried in the Mt. Zion Cemetery.

John R. Patton was born in Monroe County, Tenn., in 1826, and came to Missouri with his father, James C. Patton. He moved to the place now owned by his son, Isaac G., in 1871 and at the time of his death owned 700 acres of land. He died Aug. 26, 1907, and his remains were buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. His wife, Mary C. (Gentry) Patton was born in Ray County in 1852, and died in Gentry County in 1907. Her remains also are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. The children of John R. and Mary C. (Gentry) Patton were: Isaac C., the subject of this sketch; Mary Bell, the wife of Doctor Ganaway of New Mexico; Charles Cooper, living at Stanberry; and Jefferson P., farming his grandfather's old place in Miller Township.

Isaac G. Patton attended the rural schools of the county and later was a student in the Stanberry and Chillicothe normal schools. He moved to his present farm in 1897 and has been highly successful both as a general farmer and as a stockman. On his farm he has two good residences with good farm buildings surrounding each house. Mr. Patton was elected county collector for Gentry County on the Democratic ticket in 1900 and during the time he was serving in that capacity he lived in Albany. He was reelected in 1902, serving in all four years. At the end of that time he returned to his farm.

Isaac G. Patton was married in 1895 to Nannie M. Quigley, a daughter of William and Nancy (Price) Quigley, sketches of whose lives appear in

connection of the review of the life of S. E. Quigley in this volume. Mrs. Patton was born in Athens Township, and attended Christian College of Albany. Mr. and Mrs. Patton have four children: John W., a graduate of the Albany High School, is a Royal Arch Mason, now living at home; Henrietta, the wife of O. G. Cousins, a lumberman of Albany; Bertha, a graduate of Palmer College, and now teaching in the county; and Pebble Gentry at home.

Mr. Patton is a member of the Presbyterian church and of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Blue lodge, the Royal Arch and the Commandery. As a public official, Mr. Patton was efficient and popular, and as a private citizen he has been a man of integrity and industry.

David H. Wooderson, the proprietor of the White Pine Farm in Miller Township, Gentry County, was born in Jackson Township, Daviess County, April 10, 1856, the son of William and Elizabeth (Woolard) Wooderson.

William Wooderson was born in Pennsylvania and came first to Ohio and later to Missouri where he entered land in Daviess County. His wife was born in Ray County, Missouri, in 1824, the daughter of John and Nancy Woolard, both natives of Tennessee. Mrs. Wooderson died in Daviess County, and Mr. Wooderson died in Nebraska, while on a visit there. The remains of both are buried in Jackson Township, Daviess County. To their union the following children were born: Richard, served in the Union Army during the Civil War, and died at Clinton in Henry County, Mo.; Nancy, died in girlhood; Mary Jane, deceased, was married to John McKown, also deceased; John, died in young manhood; Sarah, the wife of W. McKown of Carlow; Martha, died when a young girl; Charles P., died in early youth; D. H., the subject of this sketch; Celestine, died in childhood; W. T., a farmer in Miller Township; Elizabeth, now married to David Dever, of Brook Park, Minn.; and Lulu, married to John Gill of Montana.

D. H. Wooderson obtained his education in an old log school house furnished with slab benches, one row of eight by ten lengths extending along the side of the building. He farmed in Iowa for two years and then worked in Gentry County by the month. His first work was splitting rails and his first wage was 50 cents a day. He rented a farm and began to work for himself and after 14 years, had accumulated enough to buy his present farm of 120 acres. That was 27 years ago, and Mr. Wooderson paid \$25 an acre for the land. He has a good two story house which he built in 1903 and excellent farm buildings. He raises high grade stock and has five head of registered Poll Angus cattle, besides good grade hogs. In the yard by Mr. Woodersons' home there stands two beautiful white pine trees

which gave the farm its name. These trees were put out in 1876 by Thomas Wilson, a pioneer farmer of Gentry County now living in Shadron, Neb.

D. H. Wooderson was married May 25, 1881, to Sarah A. Patton, a daughter of W. A. Patton, a native of Tennessee where he was born near Sweet Water. He came with his father, James Patton, to Missouri in 1841, and the Patton family became one of the prominent families of the county. W. A. Patton settled first in Daviess County, but a year later came to Miller Township in Gentry County where he became the owner of 300 acres of land. He died on his home farm April 28, 1900. His wife, also born near Sweet Water, Tenn., died Jan. 31, 1907, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wooderson. To the union of W. A. Patton and his wife the following children were born: Susan, married Port Fore and died a year later; Marshal, died at his farm in Miller Township, July 11, 1908, at the age of 61 years; Lou, married Newton McCammon and died in May, 1921; Charles O., a physician of McFall, Mo., died Aug. 1, 1913, at the age of 58 years; Hattie, married Henry Penniston of Ray County; Sarah A., now Mrs. Wooderson; Fannie, the wife of David Buster of St. Joseph; W. A., Jr., farming the home place, and Hugh, a physician at McFall.

Mr. and Mrs. Wooderson have four children as follows: Audra, the wife of Arthur Elam of McFall; Frank, a farmer in Miller Township; Eliza, a teacher in St. Joseph, where she has achieved success in her profession; and Frances, connected with the Watkins Music Store at Independence. Mr. and Mrs. Wooderson have also six grand children; LeRoy and George Elam; and Irene, Grace, Dale, and Tom Wooderson.

Mr. Wooderson is a member of the Masonic lodge and of the Modern Woodmen of America lodge. He is a republican in his politics and has made the race for the office of county judge in the south district three times. He has served as the trustee of Miller Township, filling the office in a thoroughly competent fashion. Mr. Wooderson is a substantial member of the community and a highly esteemed citizen.

Malcolm Monroe Semple, the enterprising proprietor of Semple Ridge Farm in Athens Township, Gentry County, was born Nov. 23, 1878, the son of Robert T. and Mary (Wyper) Semple, both natives of Scotland.

Mr. and Mrs. Semple were married in Glasgow, Scotland, March 5, 1858, and came to the United States, the same year. They settled in Pennsylvania where they remained for 11 years and then came to Missouri where they located on a farm now owned by their son, Malcolm M., in 1870. Robert T. Semple died on his farm, July 26, 1878, and his remains are buried in Bulla Cemetery. His widow died on the farm, Jan. 10, 1912. Their children were: Elizabeth, born May 9, 1859, now married to J. B. Wayman of Johnson County; David T., born Sept. 3, 1861, now living at

Waldon, Colo.; Alex. F., born Feb. 15, 1867, now living at Rothville in Chariton County; Robert J., born Feb. 21, 1870, now residing in Johnson County; Mary J., born July 16, 1864, now wife of J. W. Smith of Oklahoma; and James W., born July 7, 1872, and died July 1, 1889; and Malcolm M., the subject of this review.

Malcolm M. Semple attended the Spessard school and grew up on the farm. He raised his first crop for his mother in 1893. In 1913 he bought the home place of 80 acres two and one-half miles southeast of Albany. The place is well watered with one good spring which supplies the stock with water. Mr. Semple raises cattle, hogs, horses, and mules. He milks cows and has several Rhode Island Red chickens. His farm is well arranged and nicely fenced and presents an attractive appearance.

Malcolm Monroe Semple was married Nov. 19, 1905, to Eliza Osborn, the daughter of T. J. and Mary J. (Armstrong) Osborn, the former now living at Albany, and the latter died in 1887. Her remains are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. Mrs. Semple was born in Miller Township. She has a brother, Samuel, living at Albany, and a sister, Roxy D., the wife of Vestie Cooper of Albany. Mrs. Semple attended the Albany public school and later was a student in Christian College at Albany. Mr. Semple, has been very successful in the operation of his farm and is accounted a thrifty and industrious man.

M. W. Chenoweth, member of the successful firm of Chenoweth & Rice at Albany, was born in Putman County, Ind., Feb. 15, 1880, the son of R. B., and Elizabeth (Drew) Chenoweth, both now dead.

R. B. Chenoweth was married in Indiana and came to Gentry County, in 1855 and located in Athens Township. He was a successful farmer and continued in active farm work until the time of his death in 1904, while he was visiting in California. Mr. Chenoweth was a member of the Masonic lodge. His wife was reared in Indiana, and died in Gentry County, June 16, 1919. The remains of both Mr. and Mrs. Chenoweth are buried in Highland Cemetery. Their children were: J. R., a resident of Albany; J. W., who also lives at Albany; C. E., living in Panhandle, Texas; G. W. farming the home place; and M. M., the subject of this sketch.

M. M. Chenoweth attended the Albany school and later was a student in the business department of the Methodist College at Albany. In 1904 he opened a grocery store with W. H. Davis as his partner. Six years later Mr. Chenoweth bought out Mr. Davis' interest in the store, and in 1920 he sold an interest in the enterprise to Thomas Rice, since which time the firm name has stood, Chenoweth & Rice. The business, since 1904, has been located on the north side of the Public Square in a building 23x80 feet; and during this time the business has developed into one of the suc-

cessful enterpriss of the town. The firm carries a complete line of groceries and some queensware.

M. M. Chenoweth was married Nov 16, 1919 to Mattie Wiley, a daughter of James and Jane Wiley of New Hampton. Mrs. Chenoweth was born and educated in Harrison County.

Mr. Chenoweth is accounted an excellent business man, energetic and competent in the management of his affairs, and with the prospect of a markedly successful business career.

Lester M. Robison, proprietor of the Robison Dry Goods store, at Albany, was born in Denver, Worth County, Nov. 17, 1883, the son of I. M. and Emma (Hess) Robison.

I. M. Robison was born in Licking County, Ohio, Sept. 24, 1855, and was reared on a farm there. He attended the public school and at the age of 16 years, began teaching. He later attended the Normal School at Lebanon, Ohio, for three years, acquiring during that period an unusual degree of scholarship. In 1876, he went to Henry County, Iowa, where he taught for one year when he accepted a position in a high school in Oregon. There he taught during the winters and worked in the harvest field during the summers. His work was measuring the grain after it had been threshed and in one four weeks, Mr. Robison measured 14,376 bushels of grain. He returned to Ohio and resumed his studies in the Normal School at Lebanon and in 1879, he located at Denver, where he accepted a clerkship with Mr. Tipton, soon becoming a partner in the business. In January, 1882, the firm built a large store building at Denver. The company was later known as the McIninch & Company. Mr. Robison sold out his interest in Denver and moved to Albany in 1885 where he went into the dry goods business. Later he became interested in the clothing business in partnership with F. M. Gadd and in 1901 he retired from active mercantile pursuits and has been living in Albany ever since.

Lester M. Robison was educated in Gentry County, graduated from the Albany High School and then was a student in Northwest Missouri College at Albany for one year. He accepted a position as assistant bookkeeper in the Gentry County Bank where he remained for two years. For the next four years he was connected with the firm of Tipton & Miller and at the end of which time he formed a partnership with Mr. Tipton and the two did business under the firm name of Tipton & Robison. Mr. Robison sold his interest in the enterprise to Mr. Tipton and in 1912 he opened up his present business which occupies the first floor, a room 26x93 feet, of the building at the northwest corner of the public square. Mr. Robison carries dry goods, shoes, and ladies ready-to-wear goods. He has an excel-

lent line of merchandise and operates his business with courtesy and consideration. These have been strong factors in his success.

Lester M. Robison was married July 3, 1906, to Jeanette Owings, a daughter of O. H. and Minnie (Jacoby) Owings of Darlington. Mr. and Mrs. Robison have one son, Robert.

Mr. Robison is a member of the Albany School Board which position he has filled for the past four years. He is a competent business man and a reliable and substantial citizen.

John Preston, a pioneer settler of western Missouri, now living retired at King City, has been identified with this section of the state for over half a century. He is a native of England, born in London, June 19, 1851, and was the only child born to John and Anna Preston. He received his education in his native land and came to America in 1865, and after spending six months in New York State he came west to St. Joseph. In the winter of 1865-66 he was employed on railroad construction and in the following spring he was employed in making railroad ties for the Union Pacific from Leavenworth, Kans., west, later on the St. Joseph and Denver, and afterwards on the St. Joseph and St. Louis Railway, then on the construction of the Rock Island, from Leavenworth to Trenton. He then worked on a farm for a time between Horseshoe Lake and the river. Later he was employed by the A. C. Smith Company Packing House and the old rock building in which he worked is still standing. He then worked on a market garden for a time. Mr. Preston was engaged in farming and stock raising on a farm of 80 acres in Gentry County. He added more land later on, and is now the owner of 160 acres, and town property in King City where he now lives. He was successfully engaged in farming and stock raising for many years until he retired from active farm life when he removed to King City.

Mr. Preston was married to Miss Josephine Quell, a daughter of Joseph and Augusta (Schmidt) Quell. Joseph Quell was a native of Germany and in early life learned the trade of millwright in his native land, but after coming to America he was employed as a carpenter in connection with the coal mining industry of Pennsylvania. He served in the Union Army for a time during the Civil War and later came to Missouri and settled near Keystone, Clinton County, and became very well-to-do, and was the owner of 280 acres of land. He was a Democrat, and he and his wife were members of the Catholic church.

To Mr. and Mrs. Preston have been born the following children: Esther Ann, married P. A. Miller, El Paso, Texas, where he is engaged in the real estate and insurance business; J. W., who is owner of a farm of 80 acres near King City, where he is engaged in farming and stock raising;



MR. AND MRS. JOHN PRESTON

married Martha Esther Blacklock who is now deceased; Grace, married Austin Brown, a farmer and stock raiser near Ford City; Maud J., a student in Palmer College, Albany, where she is specializing in music; Anna Augusta, deceased; Joseph Henry, deceased; and George Cleo, deceased.

Mr. Preston has seen much of the development of Gentry County from the pioneer days to the present time. When he came here there were no railroads and transportation was mostly carried on with ox teams and the trip to St. Joseph was a long and tiresome one. He has been identified with many of the progressive movements which had for their object the development and upbuilding of Gentry County. He was president of the Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Gentry County for seven years. He and Mrs. Preston are Republicans and members of the Presbyterian church and he is a Royal Arch Mason.

John H. Guess, well known in Gentry County, as a successful auctioneer, was born eight miles northeast of Albany, his present home, Nov. 8, 1880, the son of Richard and Susan (Guess) Guess.

Richard Guess was born in Worth County in 1884. He was the son of Tilman Guess, a native of Tennessee, who settled in Smith Township, Worth County, prior to 1845. He located in Lot's Grove on Lot's Creek, but later moved to Gentry County where he located near Lone Star, where his brother, Matthew Guess, joined him a year later. Richard Guess owned a farm of 169 acres which he improved. He continued to operate his land with success until his death in 1889. His widow, born in Iowa, and married in Worth County, now lives at Lone Star. Their children were: Charles, living at Albany; Tilman, a resident of Albany; Della, now the wife of A. J. Grace of Lone Star; John H., the subject of this sketch; Rachel, married to Lester Runyon of Lone Star; and George, died at the home place at the age of 17 years.

Mr. Guess was educated in the rural schools and has been a farmer all of his life. In January, 1910, he attended the Missouri Auction School at Trenton of which W. P. Carpenter was the president. This is the school, now located in Kansas City, and still managed by Mr. Carpenter. Mr. Guess graduated within a year after his entrance and cried his first sale at Lone Star immediately after his graduation. Mr. Guess gives especial attention to farm sales and live stock sales. Last year he sold more than \$110,000 worth of live stock, in addition to other sales. Mr. Guess continues to operate his farm of 160 acres in Howard Township in connection with his work as an auctioneer.

Mr. Guess was married Oct. 29, 1902, to Nellie E. Stewart, a daughter of Alfred and Emily (Glendenning) Stewart who lives nine miles northeast of Albany. Mrs. Guess graduated in music from Christian College in

Albany and was a successful teacher of music before her marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Guess have four children, as follows: George Stewart, now a senior in the Albany High School; Lewis D., in the third year of his high school work; and Leona, and John Paul.

Mr. Guess made the race for sheriff of Gentry County on the Democratic ticket in the primary election of August, 1912, competing with five men. He failed to get the nomination by 73 votes, but carried every vote in his home precinct. Mr. Guess is a member of the Masonic lodge and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Both as a farmer and an auctioneer he is thoroughly competent. His work in the latter field has become so well known that he has many calls into the neighboring counties of Worth, Harrison and Daviess, and has at times been called upon to cry sales in other parts of the state. Mr. Guess is one of the substantial men of his community.

Jonathan S. Monroe, a highly respected farmer, the proprietor of Elm Grove Farm in Athens Township, Gentry County, is a member of the famous branch of the Monroe family to which President Monroe, belonged. Jonathan S. Monroe was born at Decatur, Ill., June 10, 1854, the son of Simon P., and Elizabeth (Wright) Monroe, both born in Baron County, Ky., in 1829; and married in Illinois, Jan 3, 1852.

Mr. and Mrs. Monroe left Illinois in 1868, and settled in Madison County, Iowa; but in 1873, they came west to Rice County, Kans. This was wild frontier country at that time and the next year the buffaloes overran the claim while Mr. Monroe was breaking up the sod; and, in 1874, the terrible scourge of grasshoppers swept over the middle west, destroying the crops wherever they passed. That year Mr. Monroe had planted 115 acres of corn, only to see the grasshoppers desolate the entire tract. However, he shipped a carload of seed corn in from Iowa, sold some of it to his neighbors, planted the remained of it himself, and was able to raise a crop. He remained on his farm until his death, July 10, 1916. His widow died May 26, 1921, at the advanced age of 92 years. The remains of both are buried in the cemetery at Lyons, Kans. Their children were: J. S., the subject of this sketch; James W., now living in Colorado; Ida J., now the wife of William Saint, of Rice County, Kans.; Charles E., living in Chase, Kans.; and Mary E., living in Rice County, Kans.

J. S. Monroe attended the Iowa schools in his boyhood and has been a farmer all of his life. He owned a farm of 200 acres in Rice County, Kan., which he sold when he came to Gentry County, in 1895. He bought a well improved farm of 124 acres adjoining the town of Albany and has been engaged in farming and stock raising there. He has a good residence, a well watered farm and has built up an excellent business. He raises reg-

istered Shorthorn cattle, and owns a registered male, Irby Third, and 23 cows. The cows are of excellent grade and Mr. Monroe sells the supply of cream at the Albany market.

J. S. Monroe was married Nov. 20, 1879 to Mary R. Albin, born in Gentry County, the daughter of John N. Albin, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Monroe have two children: Walter, mentioned later in this sketch; and Elizabeth, graduated from the Albany High School and from the Missouri State University at Columbia. Walter Monroe graduated from the Methodist College at Albany, and took a Masters Degree at Missouri State University. He then taught a little while and entered the University of Chicago where he did the work for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. After completing his work there he taught in the Kansas State Normal School at Emporia for six years, then in the Indiana State University for one year. At the end of that time he secured a position in the University of Illinois where he is becoming one of the well known men in his work. He married Lulu Robinette, a teacher of music, from Norbourne, Mo.

J. S. Monroe is a member of the Methodist church and is a Republican. He is one of the men who typify the best in the middle western development; he belongs to a family that has always been temperate, himself nor son, never having used tobacco nor intoxicating liquor. Mr. Monroe has been a worthy upholder of the family traditions and energy.

H. E. Lyons, who operates a successful jewelry business on the north side of the public square at Albany, was born in Albany, Sept. 28, 1881, the son of J. D. and Rachel (Talbot) Lyons, both now living at Albany.

J. D. Lyons was born in Coshocton, Ohio, enlisted for service in the Civil War from Illinois, and served five years remaining in service one year after the war closed. In 1870, he came to Missouri, located in Gentry County, and followed the occupation of farming for several years. He afterwards went into the insurance business in Albany, and has now retired. His wife is a native of Delaware. Their children are: H. B., a printer in Chicago; Arch, a painter and decorator at Mt. Vernon; Maude, died in infancy; Fannie Leota, now married to Olat Edwardson of Parshall, North Dakota; and H. E., the subject of this review.

H. E. Lyons attended the Albany schools and was a student in the high school at Goshen, Ind., for one year. He learned the jewelry trade with George Howell, at Albany and was a watchmaker in Bare's Furniture store for 14 years. He moved to the Gentry County Bank building on the south side of the public square where he remained for two years. For the past five years he has been in his present location where he has established an excellent business in the sale of silverware, jewelry, clocks, and

Eastman Kodaks. Mr. Lyons does repair work in connection with his store.

H. E. Lyons was married Jan. 12, 1909, to Alice Eslinger. They have two children: Lewis, and Donald.

Mr. Lyons is an energetic and competent young man who has built up a good business through his perserverance and industry.

Ted Fore, associated with mercantile pursuits since he was 14 years old and now the owner of a stock of general merchandise at Gentryville, was born near Gentryville, Jan. 30, 1884, the son of Warren and Rose (Owen) Fore.

Warren Fore was born in Pennsylvania, settled in Iowa, and later came to Gentry County where he became the owner of 280 acres of land, all of it now owned by his heirs, except a tract of 80 acres of land, which passed into the hands of Frank and Will Wooderson. Warren Fore married the first time Rose Owen who died in 1884, leaving three small children: Harry, now an instructor in Perdue University; Herbert, living at McFall; and Ted, the subject of this sketch. Mr. Fore married the second time Sarah Trimm and to this union one child was born; Norman, now living in Wyoming. Mr. Fore died in 1911, and his remains are buried by those of his first wife in Mt. Zion Cemetery. Mrs. Sarah (Trimm) Fore now lives at Albany.

Ted Fore was reared by his uncle, Daniel Fore, and his wife. He attended the public school at McFall and obtained his initial experience in serving the public at the age of 14 years when he began to work in a restaurant. He later went to Quincy, Ill., where he was a student in the Gem City Business College, and then accepted a position with the firm of Bleish & Brother at McFall where he remained for eight years. He was on a farm for the four years following; then spent two years with the Pattonsburg Mercantile Company. At the end of that time he went to San Antonio, Tex., where after one year, he returned to Gentryville, and opened his present store. Mr. Fore has a building 26x70 feet with a concrete floor and walls of brick and tile. He carries a good stock of general merchandise and has built up a flourishing business. Gentryville is located seven miles from McFall and five miles from Darlington and Mr. Fore uses a truck to carry his goods from those two stations and to take his produce to the railroads. Mr. Fore, his wife, and one man do all the work of the store, which means that they are all energetic.

Ted Fore was married April 23, 1908, to Lena Lewis, a daughter of Thomas and Ollie (Stewart) Lewis. Mr. Lewis died in 1910 and his widow now lives at McFall. To the union of Ted and Lena (Lewis) Fore two children have been born: Carl, died at the age of five years; and Lucille.

Mr. Fore is a member of the Masonic lodge and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows there. He is a man whose varied experience in business has given him an opportunity to develop his commercial talent. This combined with his industry and prudent outlook have been factors in the success he has attained. As a business man and the owner of 200 acres of land in Miller Township, Mr. Fore is well and favorably known.

A. O. Miller, recently returned to Gentry County after a prolonged sojourn in the West and now the Miller farm with his mother, was born near Darlington on the farm which is now his home, Aug. 26, 1871. He comes of a pioneer family, the Millers having been well known here since 1832.

Isaac Miller, paternal grandfather of A. O. Miller, was born in Kentucky in 1813, the son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Whitley) Miller, the former, a native of Pennsylvania, and a blacksmith by trade, and the latter born in South Carolina. Jacob Miller died when his son was but a child and Isaac lived on the farm until he was 19 years old when he and his mother came to Gentry County, and in 1832, settled at Greenwell's Ford. That same year he went to Clinton County and remained there for two years, returning to Gentry County in 1834. He entered several thousand acres of land, and later acquired the ownership of several pieces of property in Stanbarray. During the Mormon troubles, Mr. Miller was a member of the state militia under Gen. Clark. He married in Daviess County, Elizabeth Cope, born in Clay County, Ky., in 1809, the daughter of Wiley and Keziah (Burnes) Cope, and to their union the following children were born: Mary Jane, deceased, Allen C., William H., Elizabeth Anne, Jacob W., Zachary Taylor and Lurana. Mr. Miller sold his farm to his son, William H., and spent his later years at the home of his son Allen. Mr. Miller was a man well and favorably known throughout the county. Miller Township is named for him; he was one of the oldest Masons of the Gentryville lodge, and he was a lifelong member of the Christian church. Allen C. Miller was born on the Miller farm in 1842. He was a well known farmer and stockman. His success in stockraising lay in his work with Shorthorn cattle and Chester White hogs. At one time he owned 349 acres of land, but just before his death in June, 1908, he sold 189 acres. Allen C. Miller was married in 1866, to Sarah A. Robertson, a daughter of Charles and Sarah Robertson, who came from Breckenbridge County, Ky., in 1840. Sarah A. Robertson was born in Gentry County, Nov. 19, 1843, and now lives on the home place. To her union with Allen C. Miller, the following children were born: Sarah E., living at home; A. O., now living at home; Charles B., a farmer in Miller Township; and Henry, died in June, 1920, leaving

a widow, Catherine (Clark) Miller, and two children, Marion and Lennie; and Effie Lee, at home.

A. O. Miller attended the public school and was a student in the normal at Stanberry. He went to California in 1901, and remained in the west for several years. For six years he was doing construction work on the Roosevelt Dam in Arizona, and for three years homesteaded in Arizona. Mr. Miller is well informed on the history of Gentry County, and his community and relates many interesting experiences which fell his lot while in the far west.

John W. Walker, farmer and stockman in Cooper Township, was born on the farm where he now lives, Aug. 5, 1881, the son of W. S. and Mary (Cranor) Walker, now living at Darlington.

W. S. Walker is the son of George and Sarah Walker who came to Cooper Township from Iowa in 1856. They had formerly lived in Indiana, but left that state in the early days. George Walker was born in Tennessee in 1801, and was a pioneer settler of Indiana. He built the first cabin on the ground that was later the site of Indianapolis. He died in Gentry County in 1885, his wife having died ten years before. The remains of both are buried in the Rouse Cemetery. W. S. Walker lived on the farm taken up by his father until 1917 when he retired from the cares of active farm management and moved to Darlington. His wife, Mary (Cranor) Walker comes of a pioneer family also. Her father was Joshua Cranor, a well known early settler of Gentry County, who lived six miles southeast of Stanberry. To the union of W. S. and Mary (Cranor) Walker the following children were born: Alexis, deceased; Viola, deceased; Deborah, deceased; Jennie, the wife of Robert Austin of Albany; John W., the subject of this review; Ella, married to Frank Pruden of Darlington; Mabel, the widow of Daniel Cravens of Darlington; and Minnie, later Mrs. Jameson, now dead.

John W. Walker attended school at the Walker school and, with the exception of a year spent in Canada, has lived in Gentry County all of his life. Mr. Walker operates 320 acres of land in a highly efficient way. He does general farming and is interested in the breeding of Duroc Jersey hogs and Hereford cattle, in which line of work he has achieved success.

Mr. Walker was married in 1901 to Aerie James, a daughter of Cam and Victoria James. Mr. James died in 1913 and his widow now lives in Darlington. Mr. James was a well known carpenter and contractor of the community. Mr. and Mrs. Walker have one daughter, Dorothy.

Mr. Walker is a member of the Masons at Darlington. The Walker farm is one of the interesting places connected with the growth of Gentry County. The old Albany and St. Joseph stage coach trail ran by the house and the visitor to that part of the county may still see marks of that historic old route.

M. M. Green, proprietor of the Shelternook Farm located three miles northeast of Albany, is a well known poultry fancier. He specializes in standard bred Brown Leghorn fowls, and has achieved state wide success in his work. He went into the hatching business only five years ago, and for the past four years has made the heaviest win, that is the most points, in the Dark Brown Leghorns shown at the Heart of America Poultry Show in Kansas City. He maintains a pen of his fowls at the Mountain Grove Experimental Station, and is rapidly becoming known throughout the state for his success in his work.

M. M. Green was born Oct. 20, 1878, on the farm where he now lives, the son of W. P. and Nancy B. Green; the former died on the farm in 1919 at the age of 71 years, and the latter now lives in Albany. Mr. Green was educated in the public schools and attended the Northwest Missouri College, now Palmer College. He has made his own way in the world since leaving college. He was married, Dec. 15, 1913, to Mrs. Lola (Gilmore) Mattox, born in Page County, Iowa, a daughter of C. A. and May Gillmore. Mr. Gilmore and his wife live in Athens Township, where he is a well known farmer and stockman. Mrs. Green graduated from the Shenandoah, Iowa, High School in 1904, and then attended the Western Normal College in Shenandoah. By her first marriage, Mrs. Green has a daughter, Muriel Mattox, now a student in the Albany High School.

Mr. Green sells the products of Shelternook Farm by mail and has established a thriving mail order business. His farm of 100 acres is used to raise feed for the poultry, and he also keeps a number of sheep on the place. Both Mr. and Mrs. Green devote their time to the raising of poultry, and both are people of marked ability in this line of work. They give careful study to various poultry magazines, and bulletins from various colleges, thus keeping in touch with every new and progressive idea in connection with poultry raising. In 1921, Mr. Green summoned a special vocational expert to assist him, and expects to have the services of an expert from time to time. A visitor to the Shelternook Farm finds the various buildings and equipment for handling the poultry extremely interesting. There is a large hatchery building which was built especially for this work and in which 6,000 eggs are incubated at one time,

with capacity for that many more. Mr. Green keeps about 2,000 laying hens, and the farm has 104 trap nests, by means of which Mr. Green selects the best laying hens. The farm is one of the most interesting places in the community.

Mr. Green exhibited at the National Club Meet in Kansas City last year, and carried off several honors; he took first and second prizes on his Old Pen; first and third on his Young Pen; second and third, on hens; and second and fourth, on cocks; and second, on pullets. Mr. Green is a member of the American Poultry Association and of the American Brown Leghorn Club. He is a man of marked capacity for the patient experimentation through which alone success is attained. Starting in an entirely new field he has made a success that has made his name widely known in his community.

Alexander Greenwell, widely known in his community as the oldest man living in Gentry County, has his home on a farm of 80 acres, which he retained after dividing his original land holdings of 400 acres near Darlington among his children. He was born in Hardin County, Ky., Nov. 19, 1827, the son of Robert and Dorcas (Gathage) Greenwell, early settlers of Missouri.

Robert Greenwell and his family came to Missouri in 1840, making the trip to St. Joseph by wagon. Mr. Greenwell entered the land where his son now lives. The Greenwells traded at St. Joseph and the trip, requiring four or five days to make, meant driving through with oxen. Mr. Greenwell rived the walnut shingles used to roof the old Robidoux Store, the first store building ever built at St. Joseph. All of the land on Mr. Greenwell's farm was unbroken prairie bottom land and it was all broken by ox teams and the old fashioned wooden mouldboard plows. Robert Greenwell was a veteran of the War of 1812. He served under Jackson and made the trip down the Mississippi River to New Orleans by boat; but later had to walk back to his home in Kentucky. Robert Greenwell's wife died in Cowley County, Kans., in the eighties, and Mr. Greenwell returned to Schuyler County, Ill., where he died. He was one of the men of pluck and hardihood who helped materially to start Gentry County toward its present remarkable development.

Alexander Greenwell came to Missouri with his father, later returning to Illinois with him. After his fathers' death, he bought out the interest of the heirs in the Gentry County land and, in 1856, came back and located on the home farm. For the next 22 years, he ran a ferry at Greenwell's Ford on Grand River, a ford located on the land entered by Robert Greenwell and known to all the residents of Northwest Missouri at that time as Greenwell's Ford. For many years Mr. Greenwell was a well known stock-



ALEXANDER GREENWELL

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man and for the past 25 years he has raised pure bred Hereford cattle. Last year, on Oct. 23rd, he held his final stock sale and at that time disposed of 110 head of Herfords. Since that time, Mr. Greenwell has retired from active business life.

Alexander Greenwell was married the first time in 1845 to Bethana Gothage, who died in 1859. The children of this union were: three died in infancy; John was killed May 27, 1880; Mary P., now Mrs. Stone, living with her father; and Stephen, living with his father. Mr. Greenwell was married the second time Aug. 14, 1862 to Mary Jane Matney, who died in June, 1918. The children of this union were: Jasper C., living at home; Allie, deceased; Thomas J., deceased; S. A., living at home; Charlie, a resident of Grand Island, Neb.; and Nellie, now Mrs. Johnson of Albany.

Mr. Greenwell is one of the popular men of the county. He owns a gold headed cane presented to him as a token of respect as the oldest living citizen of the county at the Denver Old Settlers Meeting in 1900. He is a man who reminiscences are interesting; he has been an integral part of the growth of the county. He votes the Democratic ticket, and is a member of the Christian church. He was a charter member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons at Gentryville, and has been identified with that order ever since. Mr. Greenwell is still active and maintains his interest in the affairs of the community. He says that his success in life is due to being honest with people.

Patrick Henry McMillen, a well known farmer and stockman living near New Hampton, Mo., was born on a farm three miles northwest of Gentryville, Oct. 13, 1857, the son of Jonathan and Sarah (Vest) McMillen.

Jonathan McMillen was born in Kentucky and came to Missouri in 1852, making the journey with an ox team which he drove all the way. He bought the farm where his son, Patrick Henry, was born but later on, bought a tract of 240 acres of land near Darlington. Mr. McMillen was married twice. By his first marriage he had the following children: Miles, died in Washington; William, died in Kentucky; Nancy, later Mrs. Grable, died in Indiana; Phoebe, married Mr. Allen and died in Nebraska; and George B., died at Darlington in March, 1921. Mr. McMillen was married the second time to Sarah Vest, a daughter of John Vest, and a niece of Senator James G. Vest. Mrs. McMillen died in May, 1869, and Mr. McMillen died on his farm at Darlington, March, 1870. The Remains of both are buried in Gribble Cemetery. Their children were: John D., a farmer who died at Columbia; Thomas, died in Cedar County at the age of 22; P. H., the subject of this review; and Albert, murdered on Sept. 4, 1893, while on his way home from his store at

night. For the ten years prior to this time he was in business with his brother, P. H. McMillen. He married Iva Yocum, now Mrs. John Foster of New Hampton.

Patrick Henry McMillen was reared by Rev. David Heath of Daviess County with whom he remained until he reached the age of 21 years. He attended the public schools during his boyhood. He farmed one year with T. Jeffries and in 1882 went to Montana where he worked as a shepherd near Deer Lodge. It was a lonely life; Mr. McMillen often passed six weeks at his work without seeing another person. He was industrious, however, and saved enough money to return to New Hampton and enter the mercantile business with his brother, Albert, who had learned the business methods with I. N. Carson. For the next 15 years, Mr. McMillen remained in business. At the end of that time he traded his store for 90 acres of land. This was in 1897 and since that time, Mr. McMillen has bought another 80 acres, located $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles west of New Hampton. The farm is well improved, with the residence, rebuilt by the present owner, situated on the Jefferson Highway. Mr. McMillen has a good barn and other farm buildings.

Patrick Henry McMillen was married March 20, 1895, to Mannie Williamson, a daughter of John and Mariah (McCuen) Williamson. John Williamson was born in Addison County, Vermont, Jan. 15, 1838. He served in the Civil War as a Federal soldier for three years and married Mariah McCuen at New Haven, Vt., Feb. 29, 1864. She was born near Castlebar, Ireland, Dec. 25, 1837. Mr. and Mrs. Williamson spent most of their lives at New Hampton, Harrison County, where they came as pioneer settlers and where, during their long lives, they established friendly relations with the entire community. Mr. Williamson died at New Hampton, Oct. 3, 1899, and Mrs. Williamson died on May 6, 1907. The remains of both are buried in Foster Cemetery. Their children were: Lottie, the wife of J. V. Newton living on the home place; Arthur, living at Albany; Mannie, now Mrs. McMillen; C. N., a physician in Gentry County; Jeannette, wife of Harry Davis of Casper, Wyo.; Alexander J., living on part of the home place; and J. R., died Sept. 25, 1913. Mr. and Mrs. McMillen had a daughter, born July 1, 1896, now dead; and a son, John R., born Aug. 6, 1898, now assisting his father in operating the home farm.

Mr. McMillan is a member of the Presbyterian Church and is a Republican. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias at New Hampton. Mr. McMillen is a capable man, energetic and progressive in his undertakings.

E. P. Green, proprietor of the Sunny Slope Farm in Athens Township, was born one-half mile from his present home on Aug. 18, 1870, the son of John and Sarah J. (Glendenning) Green.

John Green was born in Richland County, Ohio, Sept. 2, 1822. His parents were William Green, a native of Massachusetts and Martha (Stanton) Green, born in Connecticut. John Green grew to manhood on his father's farm, and followed the vocation of farming until 1849 when he came to Missouri. He settled in Gentry County, and that same season was employed by the government to work on the plains. In the spring of 1850 he went to California and engaged in mining for three years. At the end of that time, he returned to Gentry County and lived on his farm of 240 acres until his death, Jan. 2, 1882. He owned about 705 acres of land in the county. His wife was born in Gentry County, Jan. 16, 1843. She was a daughter of John and Elizabeth Glendenning, the former a native of Ohio, and the latter born in Tennessee. Mrs. Green now lives at Albany, and the home place is still in the hands of the heirs. To the union of John and Sarah J. (Glendenning) Green the following children were born: W. H., a farmer of Albany; J. F., died at the age of 47 years, had married Phoebe Burgess who still lives on the home place; E. P., the subject of this review; Clara A., died at the age of 50 years; and Effie, the wife of William Abarr, living near Denver, Mo.

E. P. Green attended school in the Dorsey District and has lived in this vicinity all of his life. For the past eight years he has lived on his present farm of 308 acres, two miles north of Albany. The farm is well watered, with good improvements and Mr. Green is doing successful work as a general farmer.

E. P. Green was married Aug. 31, 1913, to Rachel Ebersole, born in Gentry County, and educated in the public schools here. Her mother, Alice (Burns) Ebersole, now lives at Albany. Mrs. Green is deeply interested in the raising of poultry, and handles Light Brahma chickens.

Mr. Green is a capable, industrious, and progressive farmer, known as an efficient operator of his land.

Lewis C. Hulet is a pioneer of Howard Township, Gentry County. He and Baxter Campbell are the only two men living who were in the township in 1845. For 77 years Mr. Hulet has been an integral part of the development of the county, and has rejoiced at the rapid growth of this part of the state. He was born in Daviess County, April 5, 1842, the son of Ira S. and Martha (Lane) Hulet.

Mr. and Mrs. Hulet were married near Youngstown, Portage County, Ohio. Before her marriage Mrs. Hulet was known as Martha

Dyson, that being the family name of her adopted parents. Mr. and Mrs. Hulet came to Missouri in the very early days; they settled first in Howard County, then moved to Daviess County, and came to Gentry County in 1845. Mr. Hulet bought the land formerly entered by Arch Ross, now owned by William Hulet. The Hulet family experienced all of the privations and inconveniences of the pioneer days. The home was a log cabin for a while, and the first school that the children attended was built in the forties, constructed of logs, with holes sawed out and greased paper put over the openings thus made in lieu of windows. Life was very primitive, and the work on the new land was done only by dint of patience and hard labor. The grain was reaped with a cradle, hay was cut with a scythe which was constructed by Mr. Hulet, and the wheat was tramped out by horses, with the occasional use of a flail. In spite of the hardships entailed by life in the new land, the life provided many compensations. There were not many neighbors, but a neighborly spirit prevailed among the settlers who were roundabouts. William Bentley, James Ross, Sampson Csrter, Hugh Ross, and several members of the Csrter family were already in Howard Township when the Hulet family came. Ira S. Hulet died, April 14, 1869, and his widow died several years later. The remains of both are buried in Carter Cemetery.

The children of Ira S. and Martha (Lane) Huelte were: A. L., a veteran of the Civil War in which he was a member of the 18th Missouri Infantry, now dead; C. A., now dead, was a member of the 51st Missouri Infantry during the Civil War; Henry, dead, was in service during the Civil War in Company E, 1st Missouri Cavalry; Lewis C., the subject of this review; William, served in the Civil War in Company E, 1st Missouri Infantry; Edwin C., now dead, was a member of the 15th Missouri Infantry during the Civil War; Hattie, the wife of Samuel Steinman of Albany; Eclecta, married James Davis, and both are now dead; and Lucy, the wife of Calvin Gett of Tulsa, Okla.

Lewis C. Hulet attended the rural and subscription schools in the county. He located on his present farm in March, 1869. To this farm of 80 acres he later added 200 acres which he bought in Howard Township. He has made all the improvements on the land and has been successful as a general farmer for many years. For the first three years after he married, Mr. Hulet lived in a log house; the lumber used for the building of the present house was hauled from St. Joseph, and the frame work of the house is of native sawed lumber. Mr. Hulet says that he has made many rails for 50 cents a hundred, and on his farm there are still to be found between 3,000 and 4,000 rails used in fencing. Mr. Hulet, in spite

of his 79 years, is hale and strong, and maintains an active interest in all his affairs.

Lewis C. Hulet was married the first time, Oct. 25, 1868, to Amanda Csrter, a daughter of Sampson Csrter, and to this union the following children were born: Ola, now the wife of Donald McRuer of Phoenix, Ariz.; Adda, now Mrs. M. Jones of Picher, Okla.; Walter N., died in his youth; Virgil, deceased; Erban, living in Athens Township. Mrs. Hulet died, Aug. 11, 1882, and Mr. Hulet was married the second time on Oct. 25, 1884, to Emma Richards, a daughter of Henry and Mary Richards. Mrs. Hulet died Feb. 16, 1920. To her union with Lewis C. Hulet the following children were born: James, joint owner with his brother, Charles M., of 200 acres of land which they farm in connection with the home place, a breeder of Duroc hogs and White Faced cattle, a member of the Board of Education for School District No. 14; Charles M., mention of whom appears later in this sketch; Amanda, died in infancy; and Maggie, married David McCrary of Worth County and has two children, Delbert, and Loveda.

For generations the Hulet family has furnished soldiers when the country needed them. Samuel Hulet, grandfather of Lewis C., was a soldier in the American Revolution. Ira S. Hulet served in the Mexican War, and his sons were veterans of the Civil War. During the World War, Lewis C. Hulet's son and grandson were in service. His son, Charles M., enlisted Sept. 19, 1917, was sent to Camp Funston for training, and overseas in the 89th Division with Company B, 356th Infantry, sailing from New York, June 4, 1918. He participated in the St. Mihiel Drive, and was on active duty until June 6, 1919, when he returned to the United States and was mustered out of service at Camp Taylor, Kentucky, June 17, 1919. He married Edith Needles, and they have a son, Lewis C., born Jan. 25, 1921. Mr. Hulet is now on the home place. Lewis C. Hulet's grandson, Clinton Jones, enlisted for service in Colorado and was sent overseas. Mr. Hulet himself is a veteran of the Civil War in which he enlisted in 1861, re-enlisting in 1862 in Company E, 1st Missouri Cavalry. He was mustered out of service at St. Louis, March 31, 1865. Thus for five generations the Hulet name has appeared in the war records of the country.

A. B. Campbell, justice of the peace of Howard Township, Gentry County, and the proprietor of Elm Home farm, is a native of Indiana where he was born April 28, 1844, in Shelby County. The next year his parents, Alfred and Mariah (Blades) Campbell, came to Gentry County, where they settled on the farm now owned by A. B. Campbell. Alfred

Campbell entered the land, and built a log cabin of one room which constituted the first residence in the new land. In the yard by the cabin stood a fair sized, and very beautiful elm tree which later gave the name to the farm.

In 1849, Alfred Campbell started overland to California and died on the way near Ft. Larimie, Wyo. His remains are buried there. His widow died on the home farm, March 25, 1914, at the age of 92 years. Her remains are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery. The children of Alfred and Mariah (Blades) Campbell were: W. H., a retired farmer living at Grant City, was the circuit clerk of Worth County for eight years, and is now the vice-president of the First National Bank; Charlotte, born in 1842, married Mr. Colvin, and died in Carroll County, Illinois, in 1881; A. B., the subject of this review; Virginia, now Mrs. Wiley of Grant City; and Alfred, died in infancy.

A. B. Campbell attended the subscription schools. His first teacher was his father who taught in a log cabin about one-fourth mile from the Campbell home. Mr. Campbell has followed farming and stockraising here since his boyhood and now owns 147 acres of land six miles southeast of Denver. He raises Duroc Jersey hogs and mixed Jersey and White Faced cattle.

A. B. Campbell was married Sept. 15, 1867, to Nancy Matilda Peery, a daughter of R. D. and Jane (Williams) Peery. Mrs. Campbell was born in Cyprus Township, Harrison County, July 8, 1844, and died in Gentry County, May 1, 1917. Her remains are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery. To the union of A. B. and Nancy Matilda (Peery) Campbell the following children were born: Charles, living in Oklahoma; Mary Louisa, married John Williams and died in 1907 leaving a daughter, Margaret, who lives with her grandfather; Virginia, the wife of R. G. Parman of Hatfield, Harrison County; Logan, a farmer in Howard Township; Robert Lee, farming on the home place; and Porter, married Ruth Parman of Howard Township. The grandchildren are: Hobart Williams, Elva Hartchen, Jacob Parman, Cora Sandage, Mattie May and Albert V. Parman, Orville Campbell, deceased, Mildred Campbell, deceased, and Homer, Herbert, and Edith Campbell. The great grandchildren are: Gerald, Oscar, and Donald Hartchen, Loraine and Carl Parman, and Violet Louise Williams.

Mr. Campbell is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He was a member of the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War. He joined the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge in 1867 at Lone Star, and now belongs at Albany. He recalls many interesting stories of

the early Missouri days. He taught a term of school in the Colvin District in the winter of 1861-62, receiving \$10.00 a month salary. He had 40 pupils in the little log school house, but they managed very nicely. The next winter he taught in the Miller District. In 1921 a famous old pear tree that had stood in Mr. Campbell's yard for 60 years died. Mr. Campbell says that the tree never failed during its life of more than half a century to bear fruit. Mr. Campbell is one of the well known men of his community.

W. D. Ralph, a well known and successful merchant of Lone Star, Gentry County, has been in the mercantile business here since 1915 when he built a store building and established a business with a stock of general merchandise. A year later, so popular had the store become, Mr. Ralph increased the size of his building, and the next year, he added a basement, and built a warehouse for his constantly increasing business. He now carries a line of groceries, dry goods, hardware, farm implements, and wagons, and also deals in poultry, butter, eggs, and cream. He maintains a force of five clerks in the store all the time, with additional help at poultry seasons. All of the hauling has to be done from Albany, ten miles away, and for this Mr. Ralph uses both teams and trucks. The small establishment of 1915 was the nucleus of Mr. Ralph's present thriving business, in which he handles a stock of more than \$25,000.00 worth of goods.

W. D. Ralph was born near Lone Star, Oct. 1, 1887, the son of Robert and Ella (Clevenger) Ralph, both now living on the home place in Howard Township. Robert Ralph was born in Platte County, and was the son of George and Jane Ralph who settled near Lone Star in the early days of the state. They both died near Lone Star and their remains are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery. The children of Robert and Ella (Clevenger) Ralph were: W. D., the subject of this sketch; and Mary, married Andy Mount, and died in March, 1920.

W. D. Ralph attended the rural schools, farmed for a while, followed the trade of a carpenter for four years, and was with J. B. Guess of Lone Star for seven years. The varied and practical training that he received during those years has stood him in excellent stead since he has been operating a business for himself.

Mr. Ralph was married Nov. 30, 1911, to Etta M. Ross, a daughter of James and Selma (Lomax) Ross; the latter died in September, 1921, and her remains are buried in the Liberty Cemetery. James Ross lives on the home farm in Howard Township. Mr. and Mrs. Ralph have had the following children: Vivian, died at the age of 3½ years; Ross H., died

at the age of five years; Sanford; Jean; and June and Joyce, twins. June Ralph is deceased.

Mr. Ralph is a member of the Masonic Lodge. He has filled the office of treasurer of his township for two terms, making a record of efficiency. He is a capable and progressive young man.

Larkin Francis Hadley, a prominent pioneer citizen of Gentry County and owner and proprietor of Chautauqua Farm, who is engaged in farming and stock raising in Miller Township, was born in Cherry Creek Township, Chautauqua County, N. Y., Dec. 7, 1841. He is a son of Niles and Orpha (Lawrence) Hadley. Niles Hadley was born at Tunbridge, Vt., in 1793 and his wife was born near Mount Holly, Vt., in 1801, and went to Chautauqua County, N. Y., in 1816. Niles Hadley was a farmer and a pioneer of western New York. He lived in a log cabin and endured all the hardships and inconveniences incident to pioneer life in that section of the country over a century ago. Simon Lawrence, an uncle of Mr. Hadley, was the first white child born in Cherry Creek Township, Chautauqua County, N. Y. The marriage of Rena Hadley an aunt of his and Rufus Hitchcock was the first marriage performed in Cherry Creek Township.

Niles Hadley and wife were the parents of the following children: Hannah, Noah, Daniel, Azilpha, Varnum, Simon, Harrison, Evelyn and Zeruah, all of whom are deceased; Hiram, lives in Chautauqua County, N. Y., and is now retired; Joseph, who is also a retired farmer and stock raiser in Montana; and Larkin F., the subject of this sketch.

Larkin F. Hadley came to Gentry County in 1869 and bought 80 acres of land which is a part of his present place of 120 acres in Miller Township. This place has been his home for 53 years. When Mr. and Mrs. Hadley came here there were no railroads nearer than Stewartsville. He has carried on general farming and stock raising and was the first man to bring pure blood Aberdeen Angus cattle to Gentry County. He raised that breed of cattle for 25 years. He also raised Berkshire hogs and Gray Eagle draft horses. He has made all the improvements on his place, including the residence, barn and other buildings.

Mr. Hadley married Levina Wicks March 15, 1866, a native of Chautauqua County, N. Y., and a daughter of James H. and Sophia (Ward) Wicks, the former a native of Prince Edward Island and the latter of Albany, N. Y. James H. Wicks was brought to Chautauqua County by his parents when he was one year old. This was an early day in the history of that section of the country and everything was in a primitive pioneer state. The postage on a letter at that time was 25 cents, payable on delivery. They lived 65 miles from Buffalo, N. Y., which was then a small trading post. They experienced all the trials of real pioneer life in the wilder-



LARKIN F. HADLEY



MRS. LARKIN F. HADLEY

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ness of the frontier. James H. Wicks was prominent in that pioneer community and was known as Squire Wicks, having served as justice of the peace for a number of years.

Mrs. Hadley was one of the following children born to her parents: Parmelia Jane, and John, deceased; A. W., a real estate man and overseer of the State Highway, lives near Jamestown, N. Y.; C. H., a real estate dealer in Chautauqua County, who is a prominent Republican of Chautauqua County, and has served as chairman of the Republican County committee for 20 years and has been Assembly clerk in New York state for many years, and was school commissioner of Chautauqua County 12 years; and Mrs. Hadley of this review. After the death of the mother of the above children the father married Asenath Corl, and two children were born to that union; Effie, deceased, and Mary, married to Francis Rose, a retired merchant of Jamestown, N. Y.

To Mr. and Mrs. Hadley have been born the following children: Willie Earl, deceased; Edith, married P. T. Quisenberry, postmaster at Ford City; and A. W., graduated from high school and attended the Stanberry Normal and the Chillicothe Normal Schools, was a teacher for eight years and for the past 16 years has been engaged in the wholesale business at El Paso, Texas.

Mr. Hadley has been a factor in the betterment and upbuilding of Gentry County for over 50 years and has seen this country transformed from a primitive pioneer condition to its present state. The old St. Joseph trail passed his place and he has seen as many as 100 wagons camped here. He is a member of the Methodist church and has been active in the work of that denomination practically all his life and has acted as trustee and steward for 50 years. During that time he had to do with the building of three churches on the same ground, and one other. He has served as school director for 25 years and for 36 years he has been a trustee of the Ford City Cemetery Association. He is a director in the Ford City State Bank. He is a man of unusual mental and physical vigor and although past 80 years of age he reads without glasses. However, he wore glasses for a period of 40 years. He is one of the substantial citizens of Gentry County.

Mrs. Hadley is one of the pioneer women of Gentry County. At the age of 17 she became a public school teacher, teaching five terms of school in Chautauqua County, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Hadley were married in March, 1866, and after remaining in New York for three years removed to their present home in April, 1869.

When they first came to Missouri this country was very much undeveloped. There was not even a residence where Ford City, Darlington, and

Stanberry now stand. There were not even public highways. Deer, wolves and wild turkeys were a common sight.

Mr. Alex. Greenwell is now the only man living on the road from King City to Albany that was living there the first summer that the Hadleys were here.

Mrs. Hadley has been a loyal member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Ford City, holding such offices as Sunday School superintendent, teacher and class leader. She is a member of the W. C. T. U. and a life member of the Foreign Missionary Society. The home of Mr. and Mrs. Hadley has always been a home for the ministers.

Lewis W. Denny, a farmer of Howard Township in Gentry County, is the son of Alfred and Martha (Montgomery) Denny, early settlers of Gentry County. Lewis W. Denny was born near Galesburg, Ill., in 1853 and in May, 1869 his parents came to Missouri and bought 160 acres of the farm where Lewis W. Denny now lives. They paid \$5.00 an acre for the land, and later bought the timberland on the north of the original tract, paying \$10.00 an acre for it. Alfred Denny enclosed his land with eight rail fences, six rails, then a stake and rider. He then set to work to make improvements, and became a successful farmer of the community. He and his wife were both natives of Indiana and they both died on their farm in Gentry County, Mr. Denny in 1888, and Mrs. Denny a few years later. Their remains are buried in the Carter Cemetery. Their children were: Mary, married Milton Wentworth, they came to Missouri, later went to Nebraska, and then to Oklahoma where Mrs. Wentworth died; John died on his farm in Nebraska; L. W., the subject of this review; Hugh, a farmer, died in Dallas Township, Harrison County in 1901; and Fletcher, a farmer of Howard Township, died in 1906, and his remains are buried in the Carter Cemetery.

Lewis W. Denny attended the public schools of Illinois and Missouri and has made his home on his present farm most of his life. He is the owner of 385 acres of well improved land, all but 40 acres of which is located in Howard Township. He raises Duroc Jersey hogs, Shropshire sheep, cattle, and mules. He has good farm buildings on his place and is rated a highly successful man in his farm management and stock-raising.

Lewis W. Denny was married in 1879 to Olive Allen, a daughter of William Allen of New Hampton, Mrs. Denny was born and reared near New Hampton. Her mother died when Mrs. Denny was but a child, and her father now lives on the home place. To the union of L. W. and Olive (Allen) Denny the following children were born: William Arthur, a

merchant in New Hampton with the firm of Denny and Jones, married Maggie Sampson of Albany; John A., taught school in Gentry County until 1910 when he went to Washington, D. C. and entered law school, he was admitted to the bar there, moved to Tulsa, Okla., and is now a well established lawyer; Cora M., married to A. C. Taylor of Dodge City, Kan., the president of company organized to develop a silica mine near Dodge City; Thomas L., a farmer and stockman of Chariton County, married Vern Mayo; and Oren W., mentioned later in this sketch; Mary, married Claude Carter of Darington; and Loretta, married Gilbert Weed, Athens Township; Oren W. Denny entered the U. S. Army in August, 1917, and was sent to St Louis, then to Camp McArthur, Texas where he was in training for five weeks. He was sent to Camp Merrit, N. Y., in September and overseas on Sept. 26. He was with the 82nd Division, was northeast of Metz on Nov. 1 with the replacement army, and was sent home, May 1, 1918. He was mustered out of service May 23, 1918, and is now on the home farm. He was a charter member of the Donald Holden Camp No. 106 of the American Legion.

Mr. Denny is a republican. He is a reliable business man, and a substantial member of his community.

Milton Glendenning, deceased, was a man who grew up in Gentry County, experiencing in his childhood and youth all of the privations and hardships entailed by life on the frontier. He was born in Virginia in 1838, and his parents, John and Nancy Glendenning, brought their family to Missouri in 1845, where they settled in Howard Township in Gentry County. John Glendenning entered land there, and improved it.

In 1865, Milton Glendenning settled on the farm of 300 acres where his widow now lives. He improved the land, and built the residence located $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles northwest of New Hampton. He became one of the efficient and well known farmers of the township, a man highly esteemed by his fellow citizens. He died in 1901, and his remains are buried in Carter Cemetery.

Milton Glendenning was married in 1861 to Julia Ann Crane, a daughter of John W. and Rebecca (Wade) Crane, early settlers of Howard Township from Tennessee. They both died in Gentry County, and their remains are buried in Carter Cemetery. To the union of Milton and Julia Ann (Crane) Glendenning the following children were born: John W., deceased; Emily Melissa, now dead, was the wife of Ed Mount; Joseph Newton, deceased; Cora Emaline, now the wife of James Kier of Kansas City, Mo.; and Mildred Victoria, married first to Earl Williams, and the second time to J. N. Maxwell of Rogers, Ark.

Roy Williams, son of Earl and Mildred Victoria (Glendenning) Williams, and the grandson of Milton Glendenning. Mr. Williams grew up in Texas, but two years ago he came to Missouri and is now living with his grandmother on the Glendenning farm. He operates 203 acres of the land, doing general farming and stockraising. He is a young man of industry and capacity, and is rapidly achieving success in his present line of work.

The name of Milton Glendenning still stands in his community for upright dealings, for energy, and for high ideals of citizenship.

Walter E. McCampbell, the capable manager of the Cousins Lumber Yard at Darlington, was born near Gentry, April 11, 1894.

His father, Charles A. McCampbell, was born in Ohio and came to Missouri with his parents, J. W. and Mary McCampbell, who settled on a farm three miles west of Gentry where they still live. Charles A. McCampbell became a minister in the Methodist church, and died while in the service of that church at Bolckow in 1907. His remains are buried in the Green Ridge Cemetery near Gentry. Rev. McCampbell married Margaruite Leonard, who, since his death, has lived in St. Joseph. Their children were: Walter E., the subject of this review; Ethel L. living in St. Joseph where she married Artie L. Bryant, bookkeeper and secretary for the Central Oil Company; and Leonard J., now a student in Gards Business College in St. Joseph.

Walter E. McCampbell graduated from the Gentry High School in 1912, and then attended the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College at Maryville for three summer sessions, and taught during the winter for six years. He taught his first term in the Canady District, and his last in the Carmack District. In July, 1918 he was inducted into service in the U. S. Army and was sent to Camp Funston, where he remained six months in training. He was with Headquarters Company 10th Field Artillery, and was mustered out of service in February 1919 after six months of service. He then went to Cosby with the Cousins Lumber Company for one year. At the end of that time he went on the road, and sold lumber for nine months. He came to Darlington, Sept. 1, 1920, and has been the manager of the Cousins Lumber Company here ever since. The local office now handles all kind of builders' supplies, coal, and tile, and is one of the well known and profitable enterprises of Darlington.

Walter E. McCampbell was married Nov. 7, 1920 to Katherine Jefferies, a daughter of Dr. C. O. Jefferies of Savannah. They have one child, Mary Katherine, born Nov. 18, 1921. Mrs. McCampbell was born in New York City, graduated from the Savannah High School, attended

the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College at Maryville, and taught for two years in Andrew County.

Mr. McCampbell is a Mason, and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the American Legion at Albany. He is a Republican. Mr. McCampbell is an efficient young business man, whose successful administration of the affairs of his company is assured by his ability and industry.

James Edward Vandermark, plainsman during the early days of the development of the west, a Civil War veteran, and later a well known farmer of Gentry County, is now living at Darlington. He was born in Niles, Mich., Dec. 25, 1846, the son of Albert and Diana (Campbell) Vandermark, both of whom were born in Pennsylvania and both died in Michigan.

Mr. Vandermark attended the public school at Pine Woods in Michigan. On Dec. 14, 1861, he enlisted for service in the Civil War. He was not quite 15 years old, but was placed in Company K, 12th Michigan Infantry, and was sent with the army of Tennessee. His first participation in any battle was at that of Shiloh, Tenn., on April 6-7, 1862. Mr. Vandermark has a picture of the church at Shiloh where the battle was fought, and says that his feelings during those two days will never be lost from his mind. He was afterwards sent to Vicksburg, Nashville, Helena, and was at Chickasha when the war closed.

After the war, Mr. Vandermark went to St. Louis, and from there was sent to Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., and was then with Custer in the Indian Territory at Camp Supply. In 1866 he went to Salt Lake with the 18th Infantry quartermaster service. He later returned to Larimie, Wyo., where the government installed Ft. Saunders, and from this fort, he made many expeditions. He remained at Ft. Saunders for three years, and spent two summers with the surveying crew of the Union Pacific Railway. He was transferred to Ft. McPherson in the South Platte territory in Nebraska and later resigned from service. Before his resignation, however, he, with several others, made a 300-mile trip with a government expedition sent over the Nebraska plains to hunt buffalos. The party was escorted by United States troops and met with many interesting adventures, and dramatic experiences. After leaving the government service, Mr. Vandermark went to Omaha, then back to Niles, Mich., and finally returned to Ft. Leavenworth where he re-entered the quartermaster service. This time he was sent to Camp Supply and Ft. Dodge, Kan. While he was in western Kansas, his company was attacked several times by hostile or pilfering Indians. The story of Mr.

Vandermark's adventures in Utah, Colorado, Wyoming, Nebraska and Kansas is one of enthralling interest. Life in those states in the early days was filled with constant excitement, and sometimes actual peril.

Mr. Vandermark knew Wild Bill Hickok in the days when that worthy was a law unto himself. "Wild Bill" lived at Hays City, Kan., and Mr. Vandermark was detailed on duty to help get the wounded men to a hospital after the famous fight in the town when "Wild Bill" Hickok "cleaned out" Tom Drumm's saloon. Men of the 7th United States Cavalry undertook to manage the intrepid Hickok, but as was his custom, Mr. Hickok not only refused to allow himself to be reasoned with, but fully established his own ability to handle his affairs. Out in western Kansas in the winter of 1869, Mr. Vandermark was caught in a blizzard, which raged for days; 19 of the mules belonging in the train were frozen to death. The men with the train named the spot "Boneyard," a name that is still used to distinguish the place.

In 1871, Mr. Vandermark came to Missouri. He stopped at St. Joseph, and from there he and Keeran McKenny, a former comrade of Mr. Vandermark's, came by hack to Gentry County. They stopped with Thomas McKenny for a time, and in 1871, Mr. Vandermark moved to his place of 120 acres $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles southeast of Darlington, where he farmed until 1909 when he retired from active farm life and came to Darlington to live.

In 1873, Mr. Vandermark was married to Fannie Davis. She died in 1890 in Nebraska where her husband had taken her for her health. She left two sons, E. H., now the superintendent of Union Pacific Railroad shops in Los Angeles, Calif.; and F. M., with the Santa Fe Railway at San Bernadino, Calif. Mr. Vandermark married the second time, Sept. 25, 1892, Nannie James of Darlington, a daughter of Bayliss and Nancy James. Mrs. Vandermark was born in Ohio, and her parents were pioneer settlers of Darlington. The railway station stands on ground formerly owned by the James family.

Mr. Vandermark is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Grand Army of the Republic. He joined the latter lodge at Ford City when it was organized, later transferring his membership to Darlington. He has served as the mayor of Darlington for two terms, and was Commander of the G. A. R. Post for several years. He has made three trips to California in a Pullman car over the part of the route he had once driven a government six-mule team over. Mr. Vandermark has been a friend of Mr. McCammon, the editor of this volume, for more than half a century.

Jonathan W. Van Hoozer, a farmer of Athens Township, Gentry County, is a native Missourian. He was born near Martinsville, Dec. 20, 1872. His father, Isaac VanHoozer was a plainsman, and a veteran of the Civil War. He served in the State Militia from Harrison County. During the war and afterwards. he drove a team to Denver, Col., Ft. Kearney, Neb., and Laramie, Wyo. In 1866, he bought a farm near Martinsville, Mo., and the place is still owned by his widow. He died in 1900, and his remains are buried in Grace Cemetery near the farm which was his home for many years.

Isaac Van Hoozer married Amy Wayman, a native of east Tennessee, born Sept. 27, 1841, who now lives with her children. To this union the following children were born: Luella May, died at the age of 18 years; Margaret, the wife of Tilman Guess of Ridgeway; J. W., the subject of this sketch; Willie, died at the age of 16 years; Callie Maud, was the wife of L. Wilkerson and died in 1913; Albert L., died at Powell, Wyo., in 1917, at the age of 36 years; and Carl Victor, of Powell, Wyo., a World War veteran. He enlisted from Harrison County, and was stationed at Camp Donaphan.

J. W. VanHoozer attended the public school, and was a student in the Normal at Chillicothe, Mo. At the age of 19 years, he taught a term of school in the Adams District of Gentry County, and has followed the occupation of farming since that time. He spent five years in Comanche County, Oklahoma, then returned to Gentry County and bought 100 acres of land near his present farm. He sold the land in 1909 and bought his present farm of 141 acres six miles northeast of Albany. His farm is well watered, and has good improvements. Mr. VanHoozer raises sheep, hogs, and cattle, and does general farming

J. W. VanHoozer was married Dec. 28, 1907, to Nellie Baldwin, born in Martinsville, a daughter of Edward and Susie (Glendenning) Baldwin. Mr. and Mrs. VanHoozer have a daughter, Amy Lenore, born Dec. 25, 1909.

Mrs. VanHoozer's father, Edward Baldwin, was born in Michigan in 1838, and died at Martinsville, Mo., in 1895. His remains are buried in Kidwell Cemetery. He was a captain in the Confederate Army during the Civil War. His father, Ezra P. Baldwin, was born in New Hampshire, and came to Michigan then to Harrison County, about 1850. His father was a soldier in the American Revolution, and one of Mrs. VanHoozer's prized possessions is a button from the uniform of this ancestor. The Baldwins were among the venturesome souls that came across in the Mayflower, and settled the new land. Mrs. VanHoozer's mother,

Susie (Glendenning) Baldwin, was born in Indiana in 1838. She died April 11, 1922. Her parents, Richard and Saleta (Carter) Glendenning, came to Gentry County in 1841, and settled on a farm in Howard Township. To the union of Edward and Susie (Glendenning) Baldwin the following children were born: Emma, later Mrs. Roundtree, died in 1907; Ellis, died at New Hampton in 1921; Eugene, of Shenandoah, Iowa; W. A., of Bethany; Flora, now Mrs. Thompson of Dallas Township, Harrison County; Nellie, now Mrs. VanHoozer; Charles, of Neosho, where he is the superintendent of Public Schools; and Ethel, deceased.

Mr. VanHoozer is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Mrs. VanHoozer is a member of the Board of Education of the school district. They are a capable and progressive family, known as citizens who are ever ready to aid in the cause of civic improvement.

Fred S. Austin, a prominent farmer and stockman of McFall is a native of New York, born May 12, 1869. He is the son of Stephen and Elmina (Pingrey) Austin. Stephen Austin was born in Stamford, Ct., in 1817; in 1831 he removed from Connecticut to New York and came to Missouri in 1887. He was married in Elmina Pingrey in 1848. She was a native of New York, born in the town of Alfred. Stephen Austin began teaching school when he was 19 years old and continued teaching until he reached the age of 70. He was also extensively interested in farming and stockraising and at one time was also the owner of 549 acres of land. He bought and sold cattle extensively. He was a member of the Methodist church and a highly esteemed and upright citizen. He died in 1907 and his wife departed this life in 1912 and their remains are buried in the cemetery at McFall.

To Stephen Austin and wife were born the following children: Burt, who is engaged in the jewelry business in Oklahoma City, Okla.; Anna, who was a music teacher, married Fred Hamm and they reside at McFall; Alice, who resides with her brother Fred at McFall; and Fred, the subject of this sketch. They were all born at Andover, N. Y.

Fred Austin received his education in the public schools of New York and Missouri and in early life was associated with his father in farming and the stock business which he still continues. He is the owner of a valuable and well improved farm and carries on general farming and stock raising. He raises Jersey cattle, Poland China hogs and standard bred Rhode Island Red chickens. He and his sister together have 233 acres of land all within about three miles of McFall.

Mr. Austin is one of the successful men of affairs of Gentry



FRED S. AUSTIN

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County. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a supporter of the principles of the Socialist party.

Willis Adams, owner of 175 acres of well improved land three miles northeast of Lone Star in Gentry County, is one of the well known farmers of Howard Township. He was born west of Lone Star, Aug. 25, 1861, in a log cabin, the roof of which was weighed down with poles.

His parents were William and Delila (Wood) Adams, the former born in Illinois and the latter in Ohio. They were married in Illinois and came to Missouri in 1855, where they lived on a farm west of Lone Star for ten years, and then moved to a farm $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles north of Lone Star where they lived until their deaths. William Adams was a member of the State Militia during the Civil War. He took a very active interest in the schools of the county, and served on the local board of education for 31 years. He was a Democrat. He did general farming and stockraising on his place of 100 acres, and was successful. He died in 1890 at the age of 59 years, and his widow died in 1906 at the age of 73 years. The remains of both are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery. Their children were: Mary, now the wife of W. A. Hunter of Harrison County; Clark, of Ridgeway; Matilda Jane, the wife of N. R. Spillman of Worth County; J. W., died in 1917 at the age of 58 years, and his remains are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery; Willis, the subject of this review; W. W., living near New Hampton; Elizabeth, the wife of A. L. Grooms of Howard Township; Loretta, married J. H. Shofner, died Nov. 13, 1921, and her remains are buried in Lone Star Cemetery; C. F., on the home place; and Della, also on the home place.

Willis Adams attended school at District No. 1, Chris. Sellers was his first teacher. He later went to the Groom school and there Mr. Landen was his first teacher. Mr. Adams bought his present farm in 1885, and brought his wife there to begin housekeeping. They had a box house then, 15 feet square, with a "lean to" 8x15 feet. Mr. Adams traded the only team he owned for 40 acres of the land which made the nucleus of his later holdings. He owed about \$100.00 on the farm, but worked out by the day, and soon had enough to buy another farm. The old box house was used as the basis of the present residence. Mr. Adams keeps a small orchard, does general farming, and is interested in stock-raising.

Willis Adams was married Aug. 23, 1885, to Alice Dotson, born in Harrison County, the daughter of Noah and Scilda (Smith) Dotson. Mrs. Dotson died in 1878 and her remains are buried in Smith Cemetery; Mr. Dotson died in 1911, and his remains are buried in Matkins Ceme-

tery. Their children were: Mary, married W. W. Adams living near Matkins; Lafayette, living at Tulsa, Okla.; Alice, now Mrs. Adams; Sarah Susau, married to William Roush of Enid, Okla.; Charles, living in Arizona; John, of Texas County; and William, of Hayes, Kan. A daughter, Ona, died at the age of two years.]

Mr. and Mrs. Adams have had the following children: Grace, died in 1910 at the age of 24 years; C. V., mentioned later in this sketch; E. R., married Iva Pulsifer, and is the superintendent of schools at New Hampton; Wood, married Ruth Jones, and is a teacher in Harrison County; Myrtle, married Edgar Parman, a farmer of Howard Township; Russell, married Ada Hensley, and is farming in Worth County; Mabel, died at the age of two years; and Curtis, at home.

C. V. Adams was born Oct. 22, 1887, and was reared on the home farm. He was inducted into the U. S. army, July 25, 1918, and was sent to Camp Funston for three months. He was with the Ambulance Company 237, 10th Sanitary Train, 10th Division. He was sent east to Chambersburg, Pa., and while waiting there for orders to go overseas, the armistice was signed, and Mr. Adams was sent back to Camp Funston and was mustered out of service, Jan. 23, 1919. He owns a farm of 80 acres in Worth County which he and his brother operate together, along with a part of their father's farm. Mr. Adams is a member of the American Legion Donald Holden Post No. 106 at Albany.

Willis Adams is a Democrat, a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of the Knights of Pythias, and was a charter member of the Siloam No. 4407 Modern Woodman of America. He has served as a member of the township board for two years. He is a man esteemed for his reliability and industry.

Simpson W. Needels, proprietor of the Salem Stock Farm, was born in Howard Township, Gentry County, on the site of his present residence, Aug. 18, 1865, and has spent all of his life in this community, where his father, G. W. Needels, was one of the prominent men of his day.

George W. Needels was born in Fairfield County, Ohio, October, 1825. His father, Alexander Needels, was born in Delaware in 1797, and died in 1878. His mother, Elizabeth (Cabbage) Needels, was also a native of Delaware. G. W. Needels came to Gentry County in 1845, and entered 200 acres of land in Howard Township. He improved his place, and in 1881 had 16 miles of rail fencing on the place. In Ohio he married Rebecca Throckmorton, a daughter of Archibald and Ruth (Simpson) Throckmorton. The marriage occurred in 1847, and Mrs. Needels

died in 1878, at the age of 49 years. Her children were: John W., a farmer at Scott City, Kan.; A. B., a prominent farmer and stockman, died at his home in Parnell, Nodaway County, at the age of 63 years; Ruth E., married G. W. Caster of New Hampton; Mildred F., died in 1887 at the age of 30 years; Elizabeth, married N. J. Green, and was killed in a cyclone, May 10, 1890; Simpson W., the subject of this sketch; G. W., living in Webster County; and Elmer C., of Pasadena, Calif.

George W. Needels was married in 1879 to Jane Nicholson of Bartholomew County, Indiana, and after her death, Mr. Needels married Barbara (Green) Culp, now living at Albany. Mr. Needels died Feb. 24, 1903. He was a man with a wide vairety of interests. He owned 640 acres of land, was interested in property in Albany, was an editor and publisher of the American Freeman, a reform paper of popularity during the early eighties, and helped raise militia for service during the Civil War. He was a quartermaster in the service of the state for a while, and was commissioned county judge of Gentry County in 1864, holding this position for two years. He was identified with the American Reform party in politics, and was a member of the Free Methodist Church, a man who was fearless in doing the thing he considered right, interested in everything that meant the development of the civic good.

Simpson W. Needels attended the public schools. His land, known as the Salem Stock Farm is one of the good stock farms of the county. He has been a breeder of Durham cattle, but now breeds the Jersey cattle also. He maintains a small dairy, and keeps ten Jersey cows. He also raises Duroc Jersey hogs, and for 25 years has raised White Leghorn and Buff Orpington chickens. He has been a breeder of Cotswool sheep for the past 21 years. He has a good residence, built in 1905, the former residence having been destroyed along with all the household goods on June 21st of that year. The farm is equipped with good farm buildings.

Simpson W. Needels was married Aug. 20, 1890, to Mary Elizabeth Noble, a daughter of Clark and Sarah Ann (Morris) Noble, the former born in February 1825, in Indiana; and the latter born in October, 1834, in Ohio. Mr. Noble died in Gentry County in September, 1890, and Mrs. Noble died in Gentry County, May, 1910. The remains of both are buried in the Carter Cemetery, where the remains of Mr. Needels' parents are also buried.

To the union of Simpson W. and Mary Elizabeth (Noble) Needels the following children were born: Lulu Maud, the wife of Frank Find-

ley of Howard Township; Charles E., married Retha Long and lives in Howard Township, he entered the U. S. army, Oct. 3, 1917, was placed in the 40th Division Ambulance Corps, and sent to Camp Funston, then to Camp Kearney, went overseas in August, 1918, and was mustered out of service, June, 1919; Ruth E., married Alva Moberly, a World War veteran in service for nine months, but was not sent overseas; Edith B., married Charles Hulett, also a veteran of the World War, served overseas; Elsie D., the wife of Elvis Arnold, in service during the World War for nine months; Curtis Simpson, died in infancy; Melville James, at home, and Anna Rebecca, at home.

Mr. Needels is a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church. and belongs to the Yeoman and Forester Lodges. He is a substantial citizen of his township, a man of marked civic pride, and progressive ideas.

H. F. Carter is a well known farmer of Howard Township, Gentry County. He was born on the farm which is now his home on April 27, 1857, the son of Vinson and Patience (Glendenning) Carter, early settlers of Gentry County.

Vinson Carter was born in Tennessee Jan. 4, 1814, and died in Gentry County, Aug. 19, 1888. He was the son of Elijah Carter, born March 29, 1786, and died Nov. 13, 1858, and Susannah Carter, born Nov. 19, 1795, and died Sept. 9, 1859. Elijah and Susannah Carter were the parents of 15 children: Elizabeth, Vinson, Selety, Jane, Nancy, Joseph, Catherine, John, Sarah, Hiram, Susannah, Lewis, Nathan, Mary, and Martha. Vinson Carter came to Gentry County with his father in October, 1841. They both entered land in Howard Township, and became prominent men in the community. Vinson Carter married Patience Glendenning, also a member of a pioneer family of Missouri. She was born in Indiana, March 13, 1821, and died in Gentry County, Dec. 22, 1886. The remains of both Mr. and Mrs. Carter are buried in the Carter Cemetery. Their children were: Elizabeth, born June 9, 1840, married W. W. Mock, who is now dead; William G., born Oct. 23, 1841, now living at New Hampton; Susannah, born Jan. 27, 1844, and married Jackson Dye, they are both dead; Elijah A., born Jan. 13, 1846, living at New Hampton; John Lewis, born July 7, 1849, living in Howard Township; Martha, born Sept. 28, 1852, married William Clelland, who is now dead, his widow lives in Harrison County; Milton Riley, born Oct. 16, 1854, lives in Howard Township; Hiram Franklin, the subject of this review; and Jane, born Sept. 1, 1861, married Fillmore Needels.

H. F. Carter attended the public schools, and has lived on a farm

all of his life. His present residence is located on the site of the house where he was born. He owns 280 acres of land, 200 acres of which is a part of the Carter home place. The farm is well watered, with two good springs, and Mr. Carter has erected excellent farm buildings. He does general farming and raises Shorthorn cattle, Black Poland China hogs, Shropshire sheep, and horses and mules. The farm lies $6\frac{1}{4}$ miles northwest of New Hampton.

H. F. Carter was married on Nov. 30, 1884, to Ada Viola Stewart, the daughter of Samuel and Mary (Cummins) Stewart of Howard Township, and to their union the following children were born: Duffy, married Helen Clelland and lives in Sullivan County; Maude the wife of Walter Bender of Harrison County; an infant, died at the age of six months; Claude R., married Mary Denny, lives at Darlington; Crit, married Gladys Goff, and is a farmer in Howard Township; and Carrie, and Victor, both living at home. Claude R. Carter enlisted for service in the World War Aug. 8, 1918. He was sent overseas and landed in France, Sept. 27, 1918, and was with the Evacuation Hospital No. 15 near Verdun, where he remained for ten months, returning to the United States June 27, 1919.

Samuel Stewart, the father of Ada Viola (Stewart) Carter, was born in Ohio, July 4, 1819, and in 1827 his father moved to Indiana. Samuel Stewart came to Missouri in 1854 and entered 150 acres of land in Harrison County. He later sold that land, and came to Gentry County, where he bought 200 acres of land in Howard Township, and improved it, making of it one of the most substantial and beautiful farms in the community. He enlisted for service in the Civil War in the 1st Missouri Cavalry in 1862, and served for two years, when he was discharged as disabled. He was a Republican, and a member of the Methodist Church. He was a man who took a pride in building up his home and community, esteemed in his neighborhood as a person of sterling worth and high character. He married Mary Cummings, a daughter of James Cummings of Virginia, Feb. 18, 1840, and they had six children: Alfred Stewart, the oldest, served in the Militia during the Civil War; Arthur Stewart, a retired farmer, New Hampton; Albert, who enlisted in the 1st Missouri Cavalry at the age of 21 years, for service in the Civil War, and died in a hospital at Warrensburg, Mo.; Andrew, who died in 1887 at the age of 22 years; Allen, Albany; Martha, New Hampton; Mary Alice, dead; and Ada Viola, now Mrs. Carter. Five children died in infancy. Mrs. Stewart died at New Hampton in March, 1906, and Mr. Stewart died in December, 1911. The remains of both are buried in Carter Cemetery.

H. F. Carter is a Republican in politics. He is one of the substantial men of the township.

George Sterling Runyan, well established farmer and stockman of Howard Township, Gentry County, has lived on his present farm of 160 acres since he was a lad of 11 years. He was born in Howard Township, Sept. 10, 1861, the son of Silas and Elizabeth (Wood) Runyan, early settlers of Gentry County.

Silas Runyan was born in Ohio, and his wife was a native of Illinois. They came to Missouri in 1855, and entered 80 acres of land in Gentry County. Mr. Runyan later sold this land, and bought the Fletcher farm near Lone Star, then known as Mt. Vernon. He traded that farm, and in 1872 moved to the farm now owned by his son, G. S. Runyan. Silas Runyan was well known as a freighter for the merchants of Gentry County. He had his route between Lone Star and St. Joseph, and used oxen to make the trip of five days between the two places. He died on his farm in 1903 in the 84th year of his age. Mrs. Runyan died in 1897 at the age of 70 years. The remains of both are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery. Their children were: W. M., died in Kansas City; Absolom, a farmer in Howard Township; LoRella, is the widow of Thomas Warden and lives in Howard Township; Charles, living at New Hampton; Shepherd, living in Carroll County; Sarah Ann, married Mr. Dotson, and is now dead; G. S., the subject of this review; Arthur, farmer of Howard Township; Melissa, married to Riley Grace of Iowa; and B. F., deceased.

G. S. Runyan attended school at Lone Star, and has been a farmer all of his life. He bought the home place in 1901, and has improved it. The farm has a good residence, a large new barn, and good farm buildings for the stock. Mr. Runyan raises Shorthorn cattle. He handled thoroughbred jacks, Percheron horses and now raises hogs and sheep, and has been successful in this line of work.

G. S. Runyan was married April 8, 1883, to Anna E. Grace, a daughter of James and Judith Rebecca (Miller) Grace, sketches of whose lives appear in connection with the review of the life of John W. Grace in this volume. To the union of G. S. and Anna E. (Grace) Runyan the following children were born: Ethel, now Mrs. W. J. Ebersole of New Hampton; Ettie, the wife of Jesse Ballinger of Harrison County; Emmet E., New Hampton; Rebecca, now married to W. Earl Austin of Lone Star; Edna, married to Ed Hinton of Howard Township; Richard, was in training with the Student Army Training Corps at Columbia when the World War closed, now a student in the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College; and Mabel, teaching at Crystal Lake in Harrison County.

Three children are dead: James, died Jan. 5, 1894, at the age of eight years; John, died at the age of two years; and Dorothy, who was a student in the New Hampton High School, where she became ill with the influenza, and died in February, 1920.

Mr. Runyan is a Democrat. He has been a member of the township board. He is a substantial citizen, esteemed throughout his community as a man of integrity and uprightness of character.

George Burkhart was born in Huggins Township, Gentry County on the farm where he now lives, Sept. 28, 1861. His parents were John and Winifred A. (Goodwin) Burkhart, both deceased.

John Burkhart was a Kentuckian, who came to Gentry County in 1856, and entered 40 acres of land to which he later added 80 acres by purchase, and then a tract of timberland, bought still later. He improved the land, and built a house which, like all the houses of that early day, was well constructed. It was of native wood, sawed at Gay Mill, with the doors, window frames, and sashes of walnut. The joists and ceiling were of seasoned cottonwood, and the roof of shaved walnut shingles. In this house, George Burkhart was born, and here John Burkhart died in 1884. His wife died in 1888, and the remains of both are buried in the Hugginsville Cemetery. John Burkhart was a veteran of the Civil War. To his union with Winifred A. Goodwin the following children were born: Jane, now Mrs. Townsend of Albany; Mary, now Mrs. Hicks of North Dakota; Matilda, died at the age of 16 years; George, the subject of this sketch; R. A., of Huggins Township; and J. H., living in North Dakota.

George Burkhart attended the public schools and has made his own way in the world all of his life. He bought the interest of the other heirs in the home place, and made many improvements on it. He built the present residence in 1902, a good barn in 1898, and has erected farm buildings from time to time as they were needed in his work. He handles Duroc and Poland China hogs, raises cattle, and handles White Orpington and Leghorn poultry. The farm shows the excellent results of Mr. Burkhart's progressive methods.

George Burkhart was married Feb. 24, 1889, to Cora E. Canady, a daughter of Daniel A. and Sarah A. Canady, both born in Gentry County, and both now dead. To the union of George and Cora E. (Canady) Burkhart the following children were born: Arch, mentioned later in this sketch; Edith, the wife of Ezra Hopkins of Albany; Ruby, married to M. A. Hopkins of Albany; and Ross, died at the age of one year.

Arch Burkhart enlisted for service in the World War on Dec. 15,

1917, with the 5th Company, 3rd Air Service Mechanics. He was sent first to Jefferson Barracks, then to Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., later to Camp Green, N. C., afterwards to Camp Upton, N. Y., and overseas on July 7, 1918, where he remained in France for nearly a year, and returned to the United States on June 28, 1919. He was mustered out of service, July 1, 1919, at Camp Dodge. He is a member of the American Legion Donald Holden Post No. 106 at Albany.

George Burkhart is a member of the historic Old Brick Church. He is an efficient farmer, and a reliable citizen of the township.

James E. Enyart, known throughout Gentry County and the surrounding part of Missouri as the successful inventor of the Enyart Patent Life Hay-Ricker, Stacker and Loader and the Enyart Honey Comb Foundation Gauge, is a native Missourian. He was born in Daviess County, June 7, 1861, the son of J. T. and Amanda (Locker) Enyart.

J. T. Enyart was born in Overton County, Tenn., July 15, 1821, and came to Daviess County in November, 1832. On December 25, 1865, he located near McFall, Gentry County, and bought 80 acres of the B. Mother-sead place and later acquired more land, making 200 acres in all. Mr. Enyart died September 15, 1905 and his remains are buried at McFall. His wife was born near McFall in 1838, and died on the home place. Her remains are buried in the Old Liberty Cemetery. The children of J. T. Enyart and his wife were: J. E., the subject of this review; Eugenia Frances, living in Illinois; Wilfred,, a farmer living in Miller Township; and Archie, deceased.

J. E. Enyart went to his first school in the Arnold District, a log building located on the James Arnold farm. Later J. T. Enyart helped organize the Hallsark District and his son attended that school. With the exception of three years, J. E. Enyart has spent his life in the McFall neighborhood. Since 1867 he has been living on the farm he now owns. Besides the 80 acres which formerly belonged to his father and is now owned by Mr. Enyart, he owns 200 acres of well improved land. Up to 12 years ago, Mr. Enyart followed farming and stockraising, but he was crippled at that time by a binder accident and has been renting his farm out. For 32 years he has kept bees, but since 1916 he has developed this industry until he now has 34 stands. Mr. Enyart has experimented until he has reached the conclusion that a mixture of alsac clover, sweet clover and white clover makes the best honey. He has built up a good trade in his product, finding a ready and profitable market for the particular blend of honey produced by his methods.

J. E. Enyart was married in 1881 to Mary Adaline Graves, born Dec. 13, 1864, the daughter of Horace and Mary A. (Burton) Graves of Har-



JAMES E. ENYART AND FAMILY

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rison County. Mr. and Mrs. Enyart have one son, James Logan, married to Ritchie Lee Fitzgerald, and living at McFall. They have a son, James Wilford Enyart.

Mr. Enyart is a Democrat in politics. He has filled the office of trustee in Miller Township and for the past 10 years he has been a director in the Farmers Bank of McFall. Mr. Enyart has a most interesting work shop in which the visitor may look at the various devices invented by Mr. Enyart for the improvement of his work with bees. Here he makes his hives and honey boards, and here also is constructed his new patent, called the Lewis Beeware Four Way Bee Escape used to rid the supers of bees. Another method used successfully by Mr. Enyart is a 30x32 galvanized iron cover for the protection of the hives. He is a man whose work has been a series of successful accomplishments, and the community is justly proud of his achievements.

John W. Grace, well known in Howard Township, Gentry County, as a successful farmer, and a citizen who has been active in township affairs, was born in Union County, Iowa, in 1865, the son of James and Rebecca (Miller) Grace.

James Grace was born in Ray County, where his father, John Grace, had moved from Tennessee. James Grace grew up in Ray County, later went to Iowa, and in 1866 settled on a farm northwest of Martinsville, Mo. He later went to Ray County, where he remained until 1872 when he came to Gentry County, and bought a farm 1½ miles northeast of Lone Star in Howard Township, paying \$10.00 an acre for the land. He later bought a tract of 100 acres for which he paid \$5.00 an acre. There was some prairie land in the farm, and the remainder was open timber.

James Grace was first married to Rebecca Miller a daughter of John Miller, who was killed in the Battle of Pea Ridge, while in the service of the Confederacy. Thomas Miller, a brother of John Miller, served for four years in the Confederate Army. He settled in Clay County after the close of the war, and died at Excelsior Springs. Mrs. Grace was born and reared three miles northeast of Excelsior Springs in Ray County. She died in 1867, and her remains are buried near Excelsior Springs. Her children were: Elizabeth, now Mrs. Runyan of Howard Township; John W., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Grace married the second time, Huldah Cravens. She died in 1910, and her remains are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery. Her children were: Henry, living at New Hampton; R. F., living three miles northeast of Lone Star; Charles Elmer, died in 1908; Myrtle L., now Mrs. Miller of Howard Township; and Floyd, and Jesse, both living at Albany. Mr. Grace married the

third time, Nancy Chitten, now living at Siloam Springs, Howard Township. Mr. Grace died in 1918, and his remains are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery.

John W. Grace attended the public schools, and was a student for one year at Grand River College, Edinburg. He taught school for five years, the first term in Grundy County, and after that in Gentry County. At the end of that time he began farming in Howard Township, and for 34 years has operated the same farm. He owns 120 acres, 95 acres of which has been in his name for 35 years, and the other 25 since 1919. The farm joins the city limits of Lone Star on the east, and the residence is located just one-half mile from the town. Mr. Grace built the present residence, and also the excellent farm buildings. When he came to the place, he found the entire farm, with the exception of three acres, fenced with rails. Mr. Grace says that the cyclone which struck Howard Township in the early eighties, not only blew down the county court house, and demolished farm buildings, but it carried away his rail fences. As wire fencing was just becoming known, Mr. Grace replaced the damage done to his fences by installing some of the new wire fencing.

John W. Grace was married Nov. 8, 1885, to Matilda Harris, a daughter of William and Mary (Witten) Harris. Mrs. Grace was born and reared near her present home. William Harris was born in Kentucky and his wife was a native of Tazewell County, Virginia, who was reared in Grundy County. Mr. and Mrs. Harris are now living at Bakersfield, Calif., and celebrated their golden wedding on Sept. 27, 1916, when all of the children yet living were present. To the union of William and Mary (Witten) Harris the following children were born: Matilda, now Mrs. Grace; a daughter, now Mrs. A. J. Hunter of Porterville, Calif.; W. W., a resident of Bakersfield, Calif.; Mrs. A. K. Carson of Bakersfield, Calif.; M. M., of San Francisco, Calif.; H. E., Bakersfield, Calif.; and Anna, now Mrs. Carson of Bakersfield, Calif.; Mollie wife of Amos McKinley, Porterville, Calif.

Mr. and Mrs. Grace have the following children: W. A., a resident of Albany; Mabel, the wife of George H. Hamilton of Bakersfield, Calif.; and Curtis E., graduated from the New Hampton High School, attended Palmer College at Albany, and is now teaching his second term in the Colvin District. Mr. and Mrs. Grace have the following grandchildren: John A., and Louise Hamilton; and William, Helen and Kenneth Paul Grace.

William M. Harris, the father of Mrs. Grace, is a well known man in Gentry County where he lived for many years. He was a prominent

Democrat here, and served four years as the county assessor. In 1904, he moved to California and has lived there ever since. He has been a frequent contributor to the Albany Ledger, for which he has written his recollections of much of the early history of Gentry County. Although no longer a citizen of Missouri, yet he maintains a keen interest in the state and takes a delight in reviving his memories of the happenings of the stirring early days in Gentry County.

Mr. Grace relates many interesting things concerning his own boyhood recollections. He was reared by his grandmother, Polly Miller, who died in 1905. Her father-in-law, Frederick Miller, was an early settler of the county. He gave the original two acre tract of land that composed the Christian Union Cemetery, and later in his will, he bequeathed another two acres to be added to the cemetery. Mr. Grace says that he started to school at the age of four years, going first to the school in the Jackson District in Ray County. He is a man who has always been active in his participation in public affairs, and has at various times, filled every office in Howard Township. He was on the Democrat County Committee for 12 years, and was the secretary of that organization for two years. He is now a member of the board of the Gentry County Mutual Insurance Company.

Annie Laurie (Akin) Carter is a descendant of Ensign Henry Wallace of Virginia, who served in the American Navy during the Revolutionary War, and is also one of the few women of Missouri who successfully operates a farm. For the past 19 years, Mrs. Carter has managed her farm of 240 acres in Gentry County, manifesting a marked capacity for the work. The farm is located $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles northwest of Albany, and is about one-half bottom land. Mrs. Carter has improved the place, and has a good residence and farm buildings.

Annie Laurie (Akin) Carter was born in Clarinda, Iowa, Aug. 28, 1873, a daughter of William and Hannah (Wallace) Akin, the former born near Clarinda, Iowa. and the latter a native of Tennessee. They were married at Maryville, where Mrs. Akin's parents were early settlers. Mrs. Akin died in January, 1913, and her remains are buried at Clarinda. Mr. Akin now lives on his farm near Hopkins. Their children were: Annie Laurie, the subject of this review; A. B., in the transfer business at Clarinda, Iowa; William, Jr., an electrician at Colorado Springs, Col.; a daughter, now Mrs. C. M. Davis of St. Joseph; Asa, a farmer of Elmo; and Jesse, a farmer near Quinby, Iowa.

Annie Laurie Akin was educated at Clarinda, Iowa, and was a well known teacher in Page County, Iowa, and Nodaway County, Mo., for

four years. On March 28, 1894, she was married at Clarinda to Mark P. Gregory, a descendant of Daniel Sheldon, who was a veteran of the War of 1812. Mr. Gregory was born in Illinois and, at the time of his marriage, was a farmer in Nodaway County. Mr. and Mrs. Gregory moved to the farm now owned by Mrs. Carter in 1900 where Mr. Gregory died. March 23, 1903, leaving two sons: Paul A., born Jan., 3, 1897, volunteered for service in the World War on May 5, 1917, was sent to Camp Clark at Nevada, Mo., then to Ft. Sill, Okla., and was transferred to the Veterinary Division from Company G, 35th Division, 139th Regiment, and remained until Feb. 11, 1919, but because of an injury which he received he was unable to go overseas, and on Aug. 20, 1919, he was killed in an automobile accident, and his remains are buried at Albany; and Homer Jack, born Aug. 15, 1901, and died July 19, 1911, at the age of ten years.

Annie Laurie (Akin) Gregory was married the second time to Charles L. Carter and to this union a daughter, Hannah Kathleen, was born. She is now at home.

Mrs. Carter is a woman of culture, business ability, and energy. She has applied her education to practical ends, and by dint of natural capacity plus determination, has achieved an enviable success in her unusual line of work.

John B. Robison, a progressive farmer of Huggins Township, Gentry County, is a native of Indiana. He was born on a farm in Parke County, Dec. 28, 1859. His parents were James P. and Sarah J. (Newlin) Robison, both natives of Indiana. James P. Robison was a well known farmer near Rockville, Ind.

John B. Robison attended the common schools of Indiana and later was a farmer and stockman in that state. In 1890, he came to Missouri, where he located in Gentry County. Two years later he bought 100 acres of his present farm from J. W. Coulter, and has since added 60 acres to the original holdings. The farm is well watered, 62 acres of it being bottom land. The residence is six miles northwest of Albany, and there are two barns on the place, as well as various other good farm buildings. Mr. Robison keeps the greater part of the farm in pasture. He keeps a small herd of registered Hereford cattle, and raises horses, hogs, Shropshire sheep, and poultry. The farm presents the appearance of a well operated tract of land, and shows the effects of the owner's methods of work. The David Church is located on the northwest corner of Mr. Robison's farm.

John B. Robison was married on Dec. 25, 1899, to Anna Compton, a

daughter of J. P. and Eliza Compton of Cherry Point, Ill. Mrs. Robison was born in Virginia, and her parents moved to Illinois when she was a child of six years. Mr. and Mrs. Robison have a daughter, Hazel, the widow of Guy Lykins.

Mr. Robison is known as an efficient farmer, a substantial business man, and a good citizen.

R. J. Allenbrand, a capable farmer of Huggins Township in Gentry County, is a native of this county, born in Miller Township, Feb. 8, 1884. He is the son of Joe and Minnie (Eberle) Allenbrand; Mrs. Allenbrand is now living in King City; her husband is deceased.

Joe Allenbrand was born in Canada. He served two years in the Union Army during the Civil War, and at the close of the war, settled in Gentry County. To his union with Minnie Eberle the following children were born: L. G. living at King City; Dora P., married to John Fitzgerald of Hobart, Okla.; F. P., living at Dexter, Mo.; H. D., of McFall, where he lives on the home place; R. J., the subject of this sketch; Elizabeth, the wife of Ray Gartin of Darlington; Edna married to Bert McKay of Ft. Morgan, Col.; Lottie, employed in the Federal Reserve Bank in Kansas City; and Benjamin, died at the age of four years.

R. J. Allenbrand attended the schools in Miller Township, and graduated from the Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill., in 1908. For the year following his completion of his course at Quincy, he worked for a wholesale firm in Kansas City. Since that time, he has farmed in Gentry County. He bought his present farm of 97½ acres in 1910, and moved to the place the next year. The farm lies 5½ miles northwest of Albany, and Mr. Allenbrand has built a good residence, excellent farm buildings, and in 1919, added a silo to the farm equipment. He raises Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs, and standard bred Wyandotte chickens. At the Albany poultry show in 1921, his pen took the second prize, and he also received the second prize on pullets. At the same exhibition, Mr. Allenbrand took second prize on yellow corn.

Mr. Allenbrand was married Oct. 12, 1910, to Pearl Bennett of Caldwell, Idaho. She was born at Great Bend, Kan., a daughter of A. W. and Emma (Fesler) Bennett, both natives of Illinois, now living in Kansas City, where Mr. Bennett is a plumber. Mrs. Allenbrand has one brother, Bert L., also a plumber in Kansas City. Mr. and Mrs. Allenbrand have one son, Rex Ross, born Aug. 20, 1914. Mrs. Allenbrand was educated in the public schools of Illinois and was a student in James Milliken University at Decatur, Ill., for a year. She later taught in Macon County, Illinois, prior to her marriage.

Mr. Allenbrand is a capable and ambitious farmer, a man who success in his undertakings because of his industry and ability.

S. R. Hise, well known as the efficient cashier of the Bank of Gentry at Gentry, is a native of this county, born in Bogle Township, July 8, 1865, the son of Noah and Elizabeth (Ross) Hise.

Noah Hise was born near York, Pa., July 1, 1821, and went to Ohio when he was a small boy. In 1856, he came to Missouri and settled in Bogle Township, Gentry County, where he bought a farm. He served in the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War, and was a prominent farmer and stockman of Gentry County until his death, Dec. 19, 1921. He married Elizabeth Ross, born in Holmes County, Ohio, Aug. 25, 1842, the daughter of Henry and Hannah Ross, early settlers of Bogle Township. Mr. Ross died in 1893, and Mrs. Ross died in 1869. The remains of Mr. and Mrs. Ross, and of Mr. Hise are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery. Mrs. Hise now 79 years of age, makes her home in Gentry. To her union with Noah Hise the following children were born: S. R., the subject of this review; Almeda D., the wife of H. L. Johnson of Tucson, Ariz.; Belle, married to John M. Ray of Gentry; George F., a retired farmer living at Maryville; Archibald M., a dealer in implements, hardware, and lumber at Hutchinson, Kan.; Elizabeth, the wife of H. R. Cadjew of Omaha, Neb.; Margaret, deceased; May, living at Gentry; and Maud, the assistant cashier of the Bank of Gentry. By a former marriage of Noah Hise to Sarah E. Rambeau, he had the following children: Mary E., the wife of John Summa; Aaron R., of Stanberry; John F., of Stanberry; Sarah A., married to James F. Ross of Gentry; and Martha E., married Mr. Guyum, and is now dead.

S. R. Hise attended the rural schools, and was a student in the Normal School at Stanberry, and also in the Missouri State University at Columbia. He taught school for three years, and studied medicine under the tutelage of Dr. Campbell of Albany for two years. He then took charge of his father's farm until 1903 when he was elected cashier of the Bank of Gentry which position he has filled ever since.

The Bank of Gentry was organized Feb. 6, 1900 with a capital stock of \$20,000.00, the only bank that has ever done business in Gentry. The year of its organization, the present bank building was erected, and has been the home of the institution ever since. The first officers were: J. L. Hash, President; C. B. Hash, Vice President; A. F. Galloway, Cashier; the above named officers and J. W. Hinote, S. R. Hise, C. F. Canady, H. P. Dills, and B. B. Coffey, Directors. The capital stock remains the same as when the bank was organized; the surplus and un-

divided profits are now \$45,000.00; and the present officers are: Walter Gladstone, President; G. E. Gladstone, Vice President; S. R. Hise, Cashier; and Maud Hise, Assistant Cashier. The directors of the bank are the president, vice president, cashier, and J. W. Dills, W. C. Canady, Ira Summa, and C. A. Jackson. The Bank of Gentry is a thriving organization which owes its success to the efficient management that has been its part since its incipency.

Mr. Hise was married on Dec. 9, 1903 to Ola M. Snider, born in Gentry, a daughter of N. B. and Martha J. Snider. Mrs. Hise grew up in Gentry, and attended the school here. To her union with S. R. Hise two children were born: a son, who died in infancy; and Harry Snider, born June 27, 1912. Mrs. Hise died on Feb. 12, 1920, and her remains are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery.

S. R. Hise is known throughout the community as an efficient business man who well merits the success that has accompanied his enterprises.

Philip Sale, well known stockbuyer of Gentry, has been a resident of Gentry for more than 40 years. He was born in Huggins Township, Sept. 3, 1863. His parents were Benjamin Franklin and Elizabeth (Armstrong) Sale.

B. F. Sale was a Civil War veteran. He came to Missouri from Michigan in the forties, and entered land in Huggins Township, where he owned 100 acres of land at the time of his death on his farm in 1921. His wife was born in Ohio, a daughter of John and Rosa Armstrong, early settlers of Gentry County. Mrs. Sale died in 1910. The remains of Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong and Mr. and Mrs. Sale are buried in the Hugginsville Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Sale had the following children: John, a farmer in Huggins Township; W. M., farming in Huggins Township; Philip, the subject of this review; Comfort, married to J. A. Henderson and living on the home place; Allie, married to J. N. Motes, a minister in Green City; and Etta, was Mrs. Danford, and is now dead.

Philip Sale went to the rural school in Huggins Township and has bought and sold stock since he was 17 years old. For the past 15 years he has been located at Gentry where he has been successful in his work. He buys cattle, mules, horses, and hogs.

Mr. Sale was married on Oct. 24, 1886 to Ada M. Lawrence, a daughter of Newton and Ulissa Lawrence, both now dead. Mrs. Sale was born on the Lawrence home farm, and attended the rural schools. To her union with Philip Sale the following children were born: Bertha, died at the age of 11 years; Newton, married Cordie Summa, and died

a few years later, leaving two sons, Philip, and Russell; Hazel, the wife of Ray Hall, a physician of Gage, Okla.

Mr. Sale is a Republican, and in 1914 made the race for sheriff of Gentry County on the Republican ticket. He is a man of practical business ability, well versed in the phases of his work.

Martin Van Buren Miller, now deceased was a prominent farmer and stockman of Jackson Township and was identified with Gentry County for many years. He was born in Virginia, a son of John and Sophia (Cowden) Miller, both natives of Virginia. Martin Van Buren Miller bought the farm which is now the family homestead in Jackson Township in 1884. The place consists of 181 acres and here he carried on general farming and stock raising until the time of his death, Feb. 27, 1910, and his remains are buried in Lafayette Cemetery. Since that time his widow and sons have operated the place. The farm is well improved with a good residence and other buildings.

Martin Van Buren Miller married Malinda Sheridan, a daughter of E. G., and Hettie D. (Rose) Sheridan, both natives of Indiana. E. G. Sheridan settled in Iowa when he first came west and later came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County. He was engaged in farming and stock raising for a number of years and also devoted considerable attention to bee culture and raising flowers in which he was very successful. He is now living retired at the age of 88 years. He is a Republican and a member of the Quaker church. His wife died March 24, 1918 and is buried in Lafayette Cemetery. Mrs. Miller is one of the following children born to her parents: James, lives at Conception Junction; William, lives in Gentry County; Sadie, married M. L. Law, near Stanberry; Frank, Farmington, Wash.; Ethelena, married George Doherty, of Stanberry; Hettie, married Erson Voorhies, Stanberry; Addie, married Archie Wermelskirchen, Stanberry.

To Martin Van Buren Miller and wife were born the following children: Robert, born May 24, 1882, and died in August, 1886; Harvey, born Sept. 1, 1886, died Feb. 6, 1906; Bertha, born Oct. 17, 1884 married Ovid Francis and they live in Gentry County; Edith, born June 12, 1888, married Rector H. Smith and they live in Nodaway County; Roy E., born July 26, 1890 and resides on the home place; John D., born, March 31, 1897 was inducted in the United States Army during the World War and was at Camp McArthur, Texas when he received his final discharge after the armistice was signed, is now engaged in farming in Gentry County; and Dale M., born Feb. 16, 1901, is on the home place with his mother; Alfred Beebe, a boy taken to raise by the Millers, was born in 1876 and died Aug. 6, 1886. Mrs. Miller has nine grand children. The Miller family is well known and highly respected in Gentry County.



MARTIN VANBUREN MILLER

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Aseph Butler Price of the A. B. Price Clothing Company of Albany was born in Gentry County, Aug. 7, 1862, and grew up on the home farm near Albany. He was educated in the public schools and first established himself in business as a dealer in meat. He soon enlarged his line to include groceries, and finally developed one of the principal mercantile establishments of the county. He now handles dry goods, men's clothing, and ladies ready-to-garments. Mr. Price comes of a family that has long been prominent in northwest Missouri.

Peter Price, great-grandfather of A. B. Price, was of German parentage and the German language was always spoken in his home. He was born in Rockingham County, Virginia, and was a farmer by occupation. About the opening of the nineteenth century he moved his family to the Miami Valley in Ohio. The country was new and the Indians were not always friendly to the white newcomers. One day Mr. Price, while hunting in the wilderness where the wild game abounded but where the hostile Indians occasionally lurked, was accosted by two red men who tried to bargain with him for his gun. Divining their sinister purpose, Mr. Price declined their proffer, but finally agreed to go with them to their wigwams. The Indians tried to get him to lead the way, but Mr. Price, too wary to be tricked, declined to go first. In single file, the Indians preceding, they moved along for some distance, Mr. Price keeping close watch on his companions' movements. Suddenly the Indians came to an abrupt turn in the road and the one in the rear wheeled quickly and aimed his gun at Mr. Price. Mr. Price fired first, sending a bullet through the head of the treacherous Indian. Then jumping over the body of the fallen foe, he struck the other Indian with the barrel of the gun, disabling him, and retreated rapidly to his camp. There he gathered his family and household goods together and returned to the block house which had been erected for the protection of the frontiersmen of the neighborhood.

Sometime later, Peter Price moved to Kentucky and later settled in Vigo County, Indiana. He afterwards moved to Morgan County, Illinois, where he died. His wife, Mary (Williams) Price, died many years before that time. She also was of German stock. Their children were: Mary, who married Robert Miller; Sarah, married Aaron Hatfield and they both spent their lives in Cole and Tazewell Counties, Illinois; Michael, settled in Iowa; Henry, died in Indiana; Peter, Jr., died in Gentry County; David, died near Randville, Ill.; and John, also died in Illinois.

Peter Price, Jr., was born April 2, 1794, the son of the Peter Price

who founded the Price name and fortunes in Northwest Missouri. He grew up in Ohio and Kentucky, and for several years lived near Terre Haute, Ind. About 1810 he married Nancy Rector, born in Powell's Valley, Claiborne County, Tenn., a daughter of George Rector, one of the pioneer settlers of Vigo County, Indiana. From Vigo County, Indiana, Peter Price, Jr., and his wife moved to Morgan County, Ill., and about 1837 they came to Buchanan County, Missouri. There Mr. Price found Joseph Robidoux whose trading post was the only thing of that sort along the Missouri River, and the nucleus of what has since become the city of St. Joseph, named for Joseph Robidoux. Peter Price, Jr. located about six miles southeast of the present St. Joseph Union Station on land now owned by the Beardsley heirs. During his residence in Buchanan County, he served as justice of the peace. In 1846 he moved to Gentry County where he entered land just southeast of Evona, later buying more land. He followed farming and stockraising and was active in building up the new country. He died in 1872 at the age of 79. His wife, two years his junior, died 11 days before his death. In the late fifties, Mr. Price served as county judge of Gentry County. He was a Democrat up to the time of the Civil War, after that he became a Republican. In his youth he served in the Mexican War under Gen. Harrison, and for his service was granted a land warrant which he used in Gentry County. He was identified with the Christian Church of which he was an active member. The children of Peter Price, Jr., and his wife were: David, died in Buchanan County and his remains are buried in a St. Joseph Cemetery; John, died in California, crossed the plains to the West in 1850, and later became a farmer; George W., served in the Mexican War and in the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War, now a farmer of Gentry County; Michael, the father of A. B. Price, the subject of this sketch; Phoebe, married Benjamin Sampson, and died near Albany; Deborah, married Andrew J. Galloway, and died in California; James, crossed the plains to California, was a gold digger and timber man in the Napa Valley, returned to Missouri in 1853, and died near Wallace, Mo., in 1912; Sarah A., married R. A. Miller and died in California; Nancy, married William Quigley, a Civil War veteran, and died at Albany; and Henry C., went to California in 1859, was a stockherder, later engaged in the packing business in Sonoma County on the route from that county to Idaho, returned to Missouri in 1865 by way of the Isthmus of Panama, now a retired farmer.

Michael Price was born in Vigo County, Indiana. He was a veteran of the Mexican War, and was one of the principal participants of the

Taos trouble. Mr. Price was selected to serve as arbiter to settle the difficulties with the Mexicans there, but it was impossible to arbitrate, and the result was the uprising of the Mexicans and the Battle of Taos in which the Americans were victorious. Mr. Price went to California in 1849, where he mined in the Truckee River Valley. He remained on the coast until 1853, when he returned to Missouri by way of the Panama Route, to New York, thence to the Ohio River, and then to the Missouri River. He came down the river to Weston, where he landed and came overland by stage to Gentry County. He participated in the last part of the Civil War, and then settled on his farm five miles southeast of Albany, where he became a prominent farmer, and spent the remainder of his life. He died in 1894 at the age of 70 years. Michael Price married Clarinda Butler a daughter of Aseph Butler, one of the well known pioneer settlers of Cypress Township, Harrison County. He entered land in Harrison County in 1836, later building a residence that became famous throughout the county as the first house erected with glass window panes. His daughter, Clarinda, was born near Blackhawk, Ill. She died in Albany, in 1911, at the age of 78 years. To her union with Michael Price the following children were born: Bolwar, deceased; Clemence, deceased; Aseph B., the subject of this sketch; Florence, now Mrs. Rourke of Lamar, Col.; Rector, a farmer of Gentry County; a daughter, now Mrs. J. B. Foster of Albany; Ella, living at Albany; and Roscoe, a resident of Chicago, Ill.

Aseph B. Price was married in Gentry County, Feb. 7, 1884, to Emma C. Duncan, daughter of J. W. Duncan. Mr. and Mrs. Price had the following children: Hershel D.; Garvin B., married Blondina Dalby, and now a clothing merchant at Leon, Iowa; Loren Wood; Mary Clarinda, at home; and James Michael, served in the S. A. T. C. at Columbia, Mo., and was training for overseas duty in the World War when the armistice was signed.

Hershel D. Price enlisted for service in the World War, Oct. 1, 1917, at Mt. Ayr., Iowa, selling out his interest in the Price and Agee Clothing Store at Mt. Ayr, Iowa, in order to enter the United States army. He was sent overseas with the 339th Field Artillery Band which had trained at Camp Dodge, Iowa. He was mustered out of service in January, 1919, and was married shortly afterwards to Henrietta Rhoades of Plain View, Neb. They have a daughter, Emma Gertrude. Mr. Price is now connected with the A. B. Price Clothing Company, of Albany. Loren Wood Price was one of the first three boys to volunteer for service in the World War from Albany. He was sent to Camp Funs-

ton, where he trained for three months, and was discharged because of physical disability. He is now located at Albany.

Mrs. Price is a life member of the Red Cross, and was one of the best workers in the Red Cross during the World War. With all three of the sons, veterans of the war, the Price family may well be proud of the family record for service. Aseph B. Price is a Republican in National affairs, but is independent in his political views locally. The Price family are identified with the Christian Church. Mr. Price takes a very active interest in all civic matters; he served as a member of the Albany Board of Education, as the treasurer of Palmer College, and as the president of the Carnegie Library Board. He is one of the men who stand for progress and achievement in the town, a citizen of whom the community is justly proud.

George William Mitchell, well and favorably known through out his community in Gentry County as an enterprising man, was born in Bogle Township, June 22, 1870.

Mr. Mitchell's parents were Aaron and Martha (Green) Mitchell. Aaron Mitchell was born in Ohio, and settled in Gentry County in 1866. He bought a farm in Bogle Township, and at the time of his death, in July, 1916, he owned 440 acres of land. His remains are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery. His wife was born in Gentry County, the daughter of William and Mary Green, early settlers in Athens Township. They both died in Gentry County, and their remains are buried in Carter Cemetery. Aaron and Martha (Green) Mitchell had two children; G. W., the subject of this sketch; and Anna E., now Mrs. Kier, living near New Friendship church.

G. W. Mitchell went to the Schockley school in this county, and has lived on his present farm for more than 25 years. He owns 80 acres of the home farm, and 240 acres in Bogle Township. His residence is located seven miles northwest of Albany in Huggins Township. The farm is improved; Mr. Mitchell raises both cattle and hogs and has registered males.

G. W. Mitchell was married in 1896 to Etta Manela, a daughter of Job and Nancy Manela of Bogle Township. Mrs. Manela was born and reared in Bogle Township; and Mr. Manela was born in Nodaway County. They both died in Gentry County, and their remains are buried in the Magee Cemetery. Their children were Etta, now Mrs. Mitchell; McDaniel Guyun, of S. Dak.; and Matilda, now Mrs. Sitton of Stanberry. To the union of G. W. and Etta (Manela) Mitchell the following children were born: Ora, now the wife of Wesley Parsons; Iva, married to

Ray Errickson; Edward, married to Dessie Summa; and Erie, and Herschel, at home; and Victor, also at home.

Mr. Mitchell is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Gentry. He is one of the reliable and substantial men of the township.

William Ellis Melton, a prominent breeder of Shropshire sheep and Duroc Jersey hogs, also raises Shorthorn cattle and single comb Brown Leghorn chickens. His son, W. A. Melton, is a partner with him in the business which they conduct on Mr. Melton's farm of 102 acres in Athens Township. Mr. Melton has handled sheep since 1900, and since 1910, has dealt only in purebred registered animals. He keeps a herd of about 75 on the farm all of the time, with 30 of them, breeding ewes. In 1917, Mr. Melton and his son imported four ewes from England. These were all bred by T. A. Butter of England, and are four of the highest priced ewes in this country. A little later, Mr. Melton and his son bought the highest priced ewe ever sold at public auction in the United States, an animal which, when a year old, brought \$750.00 at a sale in Wisconsin. The Melton herd of Duroc Jersey hogs is well known throughout the state. In it are to be found several boars, held to be among the best in this country. In October of last year, Mr. Melton held his regular annual sale at Albany, an event that attracted the attention of stockmen all over the state.

W. E. Melton was born in White Oak Township, Harrison County, Aug. 29, 1872, the son of T. J. and Elizabeth (Persinger) Melton, the former born in Albemarle County, Va., and the latter in Daviess County, Mo., where her father was an early settler. T. J. Melton died in 1898, and Mrs. Melton died July 7, 1912. The remains of both are buried in Foster Cemetery. Mr. Melton was the only child of his parents. By a former marriage of Mrs. Melton to Mr. Rowlett, she had the following children: T. M., was an attorney, died in New York; W. F., a retired farmer; Martha E., now Mrs. Williams of Pattonsburg; and Rebecca J., now Mrs. Black of Colorado Springs, Colo.

W. E. Melton was educated in the rural schools of the county, and was a student in the Normal School at Stanberry. He farmed in White Oak Township in Harrison County until 1913 when he sold his farm, and bought his present place in Gentry County. Since that time, he has achieved a marked success in his work as a stockman and breeder. He has only sheep that are registered, on the farm, and the degree of success he has attained is indicated by the fact that at the Bethany, Ridgeway, and New Hampton fairs, two rams bred and reared by Mr. Melton in 1916, took first and second championship prizes, and the sweepstake.

Mr. Melton was married Dec. 7, 1892 to Lizzie Walton, a daughter of Aaron and Nancy E. Walton of Bucklin, Kan., and to this union the following children were born: William Thomas, a veteran of the World War, who served 13 months in France with the transport and ambulance service, now living at Bucklin, Kan.; William Archie, was a student in the Rahe Auto and Tractor School in Kansas City, a stockman in partnership with his father, and a member of the American Shropshire Registry Association; and Lucy, W. Robert, Ruth, and Mary, at home.

W. E. Melton is a member of the Duroc Jersey Association of Peoria, Ill.; the American Shropshire Registry Association of Lafayette, Ind., and of the County Farm Bureau of Gentry County. He is one of the progressive men of the county, an able breeder, and a capable business man. His son and partner, W. A. Melton, is one of the efficient young stockmen of the county. To his natural ability has been added the training which he received from his father, and these combine to make him a thoroughly competent business man.

D. P. Rice, veteran of the Civil War, and a member of a pioneer family of Gentry County, grew up in this county, where he was born in Athens Township, Aug. 27, 1843. His parents were William and Sarah (Pitchford) Rice.

William Rice was born in Maryland and his wife, in Allen County, Ky. They were married in Kentucky and came to Missouri in 1842. They settled first on the present site of Albany, but later moved to a different location. William Rice owned 160 acres of land in Athens Township and 40 acres in Howard Township at the time of his death in 1891. His wife died in 1871. The remains of both are buried in Henton Cemetery. Their children were: Helen, born in Allen County, Ky. in 1837, now living at Albany, the widow of J. H. Orr; Evaline, born in Allen County, Ky. in 1841, now makes her home in Albany, the widow of J. N. Shepherd; and D. P., the subject of this review.

D. P. Rice attended the district schools of Athens Township, and grew up on the Rice home place, which he farmed until 1886, when he moved to his present farm of 160 acres, four and one-half miles northeast of Gentry. He has improved the place, but for the past 10 years, has preferred to rent the land instead of doing the active work on it himself. On March 22, 1862, Mr. Rice enlisted in Company E, 1st Missouri Cavalry and served for three years in the Civil War. Prior to that time, he had enlisted for six months' service. Most of his service was in guerrilla warfare, but he participated in several of the battles which

were fought in Missouri, including those at Kirksville, Pea Ridge, Lexington, and Price's Raid.

D. P. Rice was married in Gentry County on June 25, 1866 to Elizabeth Green, a daughter of William and Mary (Rambeau) Green. Mr. and Mrs. Rice have a daughter, Beatrice, married to C. C. Jonagan; and a daughter, Dora, who died at the age of 11 years.

Mr. Rice and his two sisters are the three oldest living representatives of any pioneer family in Gentry County. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic at Albany as long as the organization was in existence. He is an interesting gentleman, whose reminiscences of pioneer life in Gentry County are a fund of valuable information.

Henry P. Dills, pioneer of Gentry County, and a veteran of the Civil War, is a native of West Virginia, born in Tazewell County, March 22, 1840, the son of James R. and Mary P. Dills.

James R. Dills and his wife came to Missouri in 1859, and settled on a farm six miles north of Albany. They later moved to a farm four miles north of Albany, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Their remains are buried in the Henton Cemetery. Their children were: Nancy J., married B. F. Severson and died in Oct., 1920; Henry P., the subject of this review; Jefferson H., died in Feb., 1915; Joseph, died in Topeka, Kan. in 1905; Sarah, the widow of Robert Spanhower of Albany; and Robert, a farmer of Howard Township.

Henry P. Dills attended school in West Virginia and came with his parents to Missouri. He enlisted in the Union Army in April, 1862, and served for two years, 25 months and one day. He participated in the battles of Kirksville, Boonville, and in several skirmishes. In one of the minor battles, Mr. Dills was thrown from his horse and injured.

In 1867, Mr. Dills bought 80 acres of his present farm. To this he added until he now owns 335 acres of well improved land. When Mr. Dills bought the land it was unbroken prairie, and he broke the greater part of it with oxen. A log cabin which stood on the place was the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dills for many years. Neighbors were scarce, but in Bogle Township at that early time, were living some of the people whose names are connected with the development of the community. Among those remembered best by Mr. Dills were Beverly Mahoney, L. L. Skockley, Jene Martin, Henry Ross, and Noah and Alex Hise. Mr. and Mrs. Dills still live on their farm, six and one-half miles northwest of Albany, but Mr. Dills does no active work, preferring to rent the land to his children.

Henry P. Dills was married March 10, 1864 to Emily J. Gay, a

daughter of Jesse and Mary (Hunter) Gay. Jesse Gay was born in Maine, was one of the first settlers of Gentry County, and died near Topeka, Kan. Mrs. Gay was born in Illinois, and died in Gentry County. Mrs. Dills has a sister, Sarah, living in southern Missouri.

To the union of Henry P. and Emily J. (Gay) Dills the following children were born: Mary M., now the widow of Newton Bentley of Bogle Township; J. W., farmer and stockman of Bogle Township; Sarah Z., married to W. H. Moody of Bogle Township; and James F., deceased, was married to Lydia Todd, who now lives at Albany with one daughter, Gussie E. The other grandchildren of Mr. and Mrs. Dills are; Malcolm and Wade Moody; Frank, Dick, and Woodson Bentley; and Tressie, Otis, Ruth, Opal, and John Dills. There are also these great grandchildren; Doris, Garvin, and Russell Bentley.

Mr. Dills is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic at Albany.

James Perry Jolly, a prominent farmer and stockman of Miller Township, is a Gentry County pioneer and a member of one of the very early pioneer families of this section of the state. He is a native of Kentucky, born, Sept. 27, 1894, in Breckenridge County, and is a son of Samuel and Malinda (Robertson) Jolly, both natives of Breckenridge County. The Jolly family came to Missouri in 1852 and here the father engaged in pioneer farming. They made the trip from their native state to their new home in the wilds of Gentry County, in a covered wagon drawn by horses which was the common method of transportation in those early days. They lived in a double log house after coming here. The father entered his first land from the Government and became the owner of 800 acres and was an extensive stockman. He worked hard, was a good manager, a progressive citizen and became well-to-do. He served in the Civil War as a first lieutenant. He started in life without funds in a new country and succeeded in his undertaking. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist church and both he and his wife are now deceased and their remains are buried in Fairview Church Cemetery.

To Samuel Jolly and wife were born the following children: Carlos, one died in infancy; Benjamin, Albert Newton and Mary, all of whom are deceased, Benjamin, having died with measles while a soldier in the Civil War; Sarah, married Lloyd Neil now deceased and she lives in Nebraska; H. C., a druggist in McFall; Mattie, married William Manring; and James Perry, the subject of this sketch.

James Perry Jolly attended such schools as the pioneer times afforded. He was reared on his fathers farm and in early life assisted in its operation. Early in life he bought land and began his independent career as a farmer and stockman. He bought more land later and is now the owner



MR. AND MRS. JAMES PERRY JOLLY

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of a well improved farm of 340 acres. He had 500 acres but has given some land to his children. For many years he successfully carried on general farming and stock raising and has also dealt extensively in cattle and has fed large quantities of cattle for the market. He is now living on his home place in Miller Township although practically retired.

Mr. Jolly was married in 1872 to May Shaffer, a native of Ohio and a daughter of John and Charlotte (Munson) Shaffer, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Ohio. Mrs. Jolly was a private teacher before her marriage. To Mr. and Mrs. Jolly have been born the following children: Eunice, William, and Lulu, infants, all of whom are deceased; and Maude, married Bemo Robertson and lives in Gentry County; Anna, married Frank Tyler, lives in Miller Township; Frank, lives in Gentry County; George, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Blanche, was a teacher before her marriage, is now the wife of Frank Allenbrand and they live in Stoddard County, Mo.; Addie, married Ralph Jennings and lives in DeKalb County; Scott, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; and John; who resides on the home place.

Mr. Jolly is a Republican and a member of the Freewill Baptist Church. He is one of the substantial and highly respected citizens of Gentry County. Mrs. Jolly died March 4, 1915, and her remains are buried in Fairview Church Cemetery. She was an estimable woman and beloved by all who knew her.

Lemuel Beauchamp, since 1889 a minister in the United Brethren Church, a veteran of the Civil War, and a well known farmer of Bogle Township, Gentry County, was born in Vermilion County, Ind., Nov. 2, 1837, the son of David A. and Dorothy (Juvenile) Beauchamp.

David A. Beauchamp was born in Delaware in 1799, and was an early settler of Indiana. He died at the age of 68 years. His wife was born in Ohio in 1798, and died at the age of 53 years. Their children were: John, died in Indiana; Andrew, died in Indiana; James, died at Chillicothe; Elizabeth, later Mrs. Donovan, died in Illinois; Mary, Mrs. Sanders, died in Iowa; Eliza Ann, Mrs. Doughty, died at Avalon; David A., died at the same place; William, a veteran of the Civil War, now 89 years old, and living at Topeka, Kan.; J. F., also a veteran of the Civil War, now a farmer living in Worth County; Harriet, Mrs. Edmunds, died at Chillicothe; Lemuel, the subject of this sketch; Lottie, Mrs. Chittendon, now dead, was the widow of J. T. Chittendon who was killed in the Civil War; Margaret, died at the age of two years; and George Washington, a Civil War veteran, now living in Long Beach, Calif.

Lemuel Beauchamp attended the schools in Indiana, and at the age

of 24 years, enlisted for service in the Civil War. He was placed in Company E, 115th Regiment Indiana Volunteers, and served for seven months until the war closed. He participated in the battles in Kentucky, Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina and Georgia. He was in eastern Tennessee at the end of the struggle, and was mustered out of service at Indiana in 1865. He remained in Illinois until 1866, when he came to Missouri and moved to his present farm in Gentry County. At that time, Mr. Beauchamp says the place was a wilderness of brush, inhabited only by deer and wild turkeys. There was no house in sight and the nearest trading post was Albany, 12 miles away. Mr. Beauchamp improved the land, and now owns 200 acres on which he does general farming.

Lemuel Beauchamp was married on Oct. 9, 1860, to Sarah C. Pheneger, a daughter of Benjamin F. and Susan (Stauffer) Pheneger. Mr. Pheneger was born in Pennsylvania and died in Indiana. His wife was born in Virginia and died in Ohio. Mrs. Beauchamp, after a life of more than 80 years, died on May 27, 1921. Her remains are buried in the Prairie Chapel Cemetery. She was one of the courageous pioneer women who unflinchingly took up life in a new and unpeopled country. To the union of Lemuel and Sarah C. (Pheneger) Beauchamp the following children were born: John W., married Lottie Strait, and has charge of a Presbyterian Church in Ripley County; Charles A., married Julia Blaylock, and lives in Worth County; Eddie M., married Mary Glick, and is the pastor of the United Brethren Church at Manlius, Ill.; Dora Alice, the widow of Sampson Worth of Worth County; B. F., married Lulu Robertson, and lives in Worth County; and William O. and Mary D., twins, the former married to Grace Walker and living in Bogle Township; and the latter now the wife of J. B. McComas of Worth County.

Reverend Beauchamp was a traveling minister in the United Brethren Church for eight years, and has also held several charges in north-west Missouri, where he is known as an able minister. Politically he is a prohibitionist, and was a friend and ardent supporter of ex-Governor J. P. St. John when he ran for president in 1884.

Edward W. Manion, farmer and stockman of Bogle Township in Gentry County, is the owner of 336 acres of well improved land located eight miles northwest of Albany on the Airline Trail. Mr. Manion has lived on this place since 1881. when he came to Missouri and bought 80 acres of land, for which he went into debt, but which became the nucleus of his present land holdings.

The parents of Edward W. Manion were R. P. and Eliza (Henry) Manion. The former was born in the south, and was an early settler of

Fayette County, Indiana, where his son, Edward W., was born on Feb. 12, 1857. R. P. Manion was a veteran of the Civil War, in which he served in the 40th Illinois Infantry. He died in Illinois in 1884, and his widow afterwards moved to Gentry County, where she died in 1918. Their children were: B. F., a farmer of Bogle Township; Edward W., the subject of this review; Mary, now Mrs. Morris of Illinois; Margaret, now Mrs. Romack of Jennings, Okla.; Nancy, married Mr. Peyton, and died in Illinois; John, living in Oklahoma; Isaac, died in Illinois; Sarah, now Mrs. Leach of Kansas City; Emma, now Mrs. Leach of Washington; Ella, now Mrs. Collins of Darlington; Joshua, living in Fayette County, Illinois; Ida, now Mrs. Wiley of Hepburn, Iowa; and Paradine and Angeline, twins, the first, now Mrs. Younger of Gentryville. and the latter now Mrs. Hise of Bogle Township.

Edward W. Manion attended the public schools of Illinois and grew up on his father's farm. At the age of 24 years, he began work on his present farm, and has made many improvements on the place. He has always been especially interested in raising corn which he has used for feeding cattle, hogs, and sheep for shipping. Mrs. Manion keeps more than 300 Black Plymouth Rock hens, and her work with poultry is one of the profitable phases of the farm. The Manion farm shows the efficient methods of farm management used by the owner.

Edward W. Manion was married the first time in 1879 to Sarah A. Perkins of Illinois, where she died leaving a daughter Belle, now the wife of James Henton of Bogle Township. Mr. Manion was married the second time to Mary A. Romack, now dead. To this union two children were born: Mae, married W. Hinton and lives in Bogle Township; and Fred, married Alta Jones, and lives on the home place. On Nov. 13, 1919, Mr. Manion married Tuleta (Grace) Grooms, a daughter of James and Arminta (Chittin) Grace, and the widow of Alva Grooms. Mr. Grace was an early settler of Missouri. He lived first in Ray County, then in Harrison County, and came to Gentry County in 1906. His wife died in 1911. and her remains are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery. Mr. Grace now lives at Albany. By her first marriage, Mrs. Manion had three daughters, Althea, Fern, and Alva Grooms. To her union with Mr. Manion a daughter, Hazel, was born.

Mr. Manion is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America. He is also a member of the township board for Bogle Township. Mr. Manion is an able and progressive farmer, esteemed for his integrity, and civic pride.

Edgar L. Smith, a farmer of Huggins Township, Gentry County, has been a resident of the county since 1897, when he came here from south Missouri, where he had lived near Springfield for three years. Mr. Smith was born in Jackson County, Iowa, Sept. 14, 1870, the son of W. H. and Emma (Randall) Smith, both natives of England.

W. H. Smith was born in London, and his wife, in Devonshire. They were married in Jersey City, N. J. Mr. Smith came to the United States when he was 18 years old. He was a blacksmith and settled in Lamotte, Iowa, where he lived for 47 years. When he went to Iowa, there were no railroads in the state, and Mr. Smith watched the development of the industries and commercial enterprises of his community through the long period of his life there. He died in 1890, and his remains are buried in the Lamotte Cemetery. His wife died at Bellevue, Iowa, in 1914, and her remains also, are buried at Lamotte. Their children were: Sarah Ann, the wife of Samuel Davis of Jeannette, Pa.; Eva M., married Philip Young, and died at Shawnee, Okla.; Mary Ann, the wife of William Conger of Vinton, Iowa; Clara Belle, married G. W. Smith, and died at Pierson, Iowa, Feb. 7, 1921; George H., living at Maquoketa, Iowa; Ida B., died at the age of 14 years; Charles W., died at the age of 11 years; Edgar L., the subject of this review; Angie May, the wife of Herman Custer of Bellevue, Iowa; and Charles R., in the service of the United States navy at Honolulu.

Edgar L. Smith attended the schools of Iowa, and then began to work for himself. He worked for nine years for one man, H. McQueen of Marcus, Iowa. At the end of that time, he began to work independently, and for the next two years, farmed in Iowa. He came to Missouri, where he operated a farm in the southern part of the state, and then bought 80 acres of land in Huggins Township, to which he later added 160 acres in the same township. Mr. Smith moved to his present farm of 20 acres, five miles west of Albany, in April, 1920. He has rebuilt the residence, has erected a new barn, and garage, and now has one of the attractive places in the community. He also owns a residence in Albany, near Palmer College. Mr. Smith has his son, Elmer, and his son-in-law, Leo James, as his business partners in operating the home farm.

Edgar L. Smith was married on Feb. 8, 1893, to Zella C. Smith, a daughter of Jacob and Martha (Cline) Smith, early settlers of Dubuque County, Iowa. They both died in Cherokee County, Iowa. To the union of Edgar L. and Zella C. (Smith) Smith the following children were

born: Elmer, in partnership with his father on the home farm; Viola, married Foster Wilson of Huggins Township; Lydia, the wife of Leo James, on the home place; Carl, Mae, and Kenneth, at home; and Donald, died in infancy; and Edna, died at the age of $2\frac{1}{2}$ years.

Mr. Smith is a Republican. He has served on the township board for two terms, and on the Board of Education for 20 years. He is a director in the Bank of Albany, and also a director in the Albany Poultry House and he now owns the building. Mr. Smith is a man of business ability, keen intelligence, and high civic ideals. He is esteemed highly among his fellow citizens in his capacity as an officer of the township, as a business man, and as a citizen.

David Marshall Cottrill, known throughout Gentry County as a successful specialist in the raising of seed corn, is a native of Ohio, born in Vinton County, Aug. 3, 1869.

Mr. Cottrill's parents, Henry and Margaret (Reed) Cottrill, were both born in Vinton County, Ohio, and were married there. They came to Gentry in 1870, making the trip down the Ohio River by boat, and then up the Mississippi, to Quincy, Ill. From that point, they came by train to Lexington, Mo., and then overland to Gentry County. They settled on a farm in Howard Township, within a half mile of Henry Cottrill's present home. Mrs. Cottrill died on March 21, 1885, Mr. Cottrill, now 76 years old, is still active. To the union of Henry and Margaret (Reed) Cottrill the following children were born: Ida, deceased; David M., the subject of this sketch; Edgar, living at Walthill, Neb.; and Addie, the wife of John Barbers of Howard Township. By a second marriage of Henry Cottrill to Percy Beck, he had two children: William, at home; and Woodson, a poultry dealer at Lone Star.

David M. Cottrill went to school at Lone Star, and has been a farmer all of his life. He worked by the month, and rented a farm for nine years, then married, and for the next four years, operated a farm near Pinhook Church. More than 20 years ago, he bought 110 acres of his present farm, later adding 95 acres to the first holding. The farm comprises rich bottom land, with the exception of ten acres, and is well improved. There are two residences, four barns, and excellent farm buildings. Mr. Cottrill raised 90 acres of corn last year. He has established an enviable reputation in his successful work as a seed corn specialist, and has a building specially constructed for the work of selecting and curing the seed. He also raises stock in connection with his work as a general farmer.

David M. Cottrill was married on Dec. 24, 1896, to Lydia J. Terry, a daughter of W. B. and Mary (Ray) Terry. Mrs. Cottrill died on Dec. 7, 1907, and her remains are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery. To her union with David M. Cottrill the following children were born: Edith, married to James Ray and living near Berlin; Emmett, married Myrtle Shafer, and lives on the home farm; Aubrey, at home; Georgia, living at home and keeping house for her father; and Paul, at home. Since the death of his wife, Mr. Cottrill has reared his family alone.

Mr. Cottrill is a Republican. He is one of the substantial citizens of his township.

William H. Kerfoot, well known in Bogle Township, Gentry County, is the owner of 240 acres of land, which he bought in 1885 and which has been his home since Nov. 26 of that same year. Mr. Kerfoot was born in Hardin County, Kentucky, May 25, 1858, the son of Albien and Elizabeth (Cecil) Kerfoot.

Albien Kerfoot was the son of George W. Kerfoot, a Kentucky pioneer of the early days of that state. Albien Kerfoot was a well known farmer of Hardin County, Kentucky. His first wife, Elizabeth (Cecil) Kerfoot, died in 1863. To her union with Albien Kerfoot, the following children were born: Charlie, died at Hobart, Okla.; John, for many years a resident of Gentry County, where he owned a farm near Mount Pleasant, now living at Garden City, Kan.; Ezra, living in Oklahoma; Mollie, the widow of W. H. Cecil of Davis County, Kentucky; and William H., the subject of this sketch. By a second marriage of Albien Kerfoot he had the following children: Luke, deceased; Lizzie, was Mrs. Keene, now dead; Owen, on the home farm in Kentucky; Eva, the wife of Silas Nall of Hardin County, Kentucky; Andrew J., Kentucky; Allie, Kentucky; Noah, a resident of Grayson County, Texas; and Birdie, now Mrs. Bruner of Hardin County, Kentucky. Albien Kerfoot died on March 9, 1880, and is buried in the Kerfoot Cemetery, Hardin County, Kentucky.

William H. Kerfoot attended the rural schools of Kentucky and was a farmer there prior to his coming to Missouri in 1884. The next year he bought his present farm upon which he has put all of the improvements. He built the residence in 1893, and has added excellent farm buildings. The place lies five miles northwest of Gentry, and is well adapted to the raising of stock. Mr. Kerfoot raises Angus cattle, and Spotted Poland China and Duroc Jersey hogs. He raised sheep for more than 20 years, but no longer engages in that line of work.

Mr. Kerfoot was married on Oct. 8, 1885, to Texa M. Hash, born Nov. 13, 1866, in Tazewell County, Virginia, the daughter of C. B. and Nickettie (Claypool) Hash. C. B. Hash, Sr., was born in Grayson County, Virginia, and died at Gentry, Mo., Jan. 1, 1920. Mrs. Hash was born in Tazewell County, Virginia, Aug. 4, 1841, and died at the home of Mrs. Kerfoot, Sept. 29, 1918. The remains of both are buried in the Greenridge Cemetery. They were married in Virginia, Dec. 30, 1864, and came to Missouri in 1867. They located in Calloway County, where they remained for a year, and then moved to Audrain County. In 1868 they came to Gentry County, and the next year located near Gentry. Mr. Hash was one of the leading farmers and stockmen of his day in Gentry County. His herd of Shorthorn cattle was among the best in this part of the state. He also raised hogs, and bred English Shire horses, importing the stallions. He served his township and county in official capacities; he was the assessor during the years 1874-1876; was elected county treasurer in 1882; and was the census enumerator for Bogle Township in 1880. He was a man who was ambitious, not only for personal success, but for the development of the community where he lived. C. B. Hash served in the 45th Infantry and later Company H, 8th Virginia Cavalry, Confederate army, from beginning until the close of the war.

To the union of C. B. and Nickettie (Claypool) Hash the following children were born: Tera M., now Mrs. Kerfoot; Sallie, the wife of R. E. Bentley of Ft. Cobb, Okla.; Frank Lee, of Baxter Springs, Kan.; James M., died in 1871; George, died in Texas County, Missouri, Oct. 11, 1912; Jessie V., the wife of George M. Etter of Gentry; Clinton B., Jr., living at Gentry; Rebecca Alice, died in infancy; Nannie, died in childhood; and Grover C., a farmer in Harrison County.

To the union of William H. and Texa M. (Hash) Kerfoot, two children were born: Lily Virginia, born May 21, 1890, was married on Sept. 30, 1908, to Emmet E. Nicholson of Albany, and died, Oct. 24, 1912, leaving a daughter, Jennie Belle; and William Henry Fitzhugh Lee, born Aug. 30, 1894, now farming near Garden City, Kan. He was educated in the district schools of Gentry County, and attended Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill. On April 26, 1918, he enlisted for service in the World War, and was sent to Waco, Texas, for training. He was placed with Company L, 34th Infantry, 7th Division and was sent overseas in August, 1918, where he remained until May 15, 1919. He was at the front when the armistice was signed. He was mustered out of service at Camp Taylor, Kentucky, on June 26, 1919, and then bought

his present farm of 160 acres of land in Finney County, Kansas. He is a member of the American Legion at Albany.

William H. Kerfoot is esteemed throughout his community as a substantial and reliable man.

Moses Mann, well known farmer and stockman of Harrison Township, was born July 13, 1864, in Marion Township, Daviess County, a son of Capt. Milton and Julia Ann (Luck) Mann, both natives of Kentucky.

Capt. Mann was born Oct. 10, 1829, in Taylor County, Ky., and was a son of Wm. and Rhoda (Tungat) Mann, natives of Kentucky and Tennessee. William Mann died in Kentucky and his widow lived with her son, Capt. Mann, in Daviess County, until her death.

In 1850 Capt. Mann was married to Julia Ann Luck, who was born Aug. 22, 1828, in Kentucky, and died Jan. 9, 1908. Her father, Mr. Luck went west about 1830, but was never heard from, and it is believed he was killed by the Indians. The Luck family were natives of Virginia.

In 1853, Capt. Mann, father of the subject of this sketch, left Kentucky and settled near Civil Bend, Marion Township. He with his wife and one child made the trip with oxen and were on the road six weeks. They made their home near Civil Bend from November, 1853 to March, 1865, when they moved to Harrison Township where Captain Mann died Feb. 18, 1912. During the Civil War, Captain Mann was a soldier in the Union Army, being a member of Company C, 33rd Regiment, Missouri Militia, and was soon made a captain of Company C. He was in active service throughout the war.

Capt. and Mrs. Mann were the parents of nine children; George W., living near Keystone, Okla.; David, Hamilton, Mo., retired farmer; Susan Mary, died in infancy; Jown W., deceased; Martha, deceased, was the wife of Samuel Cunningham; Moses, the subject of this sketch; Emma, widow of Miles Bays, of Hamilton, Mo., living with brother; William, deceased; Amanda, deceased, was the wife of Vader Cox.

Moses Mann was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. He has been a farmer almost his entire life, and is now the owner of 400 acres of land in Harrison Township, and also four acres in Monroe Township. In 1912, Mr. Mann moved to Gallatin, and engaged in the life insurance business. In 1914 he was made chairman of the Republican County Committee, and served six years in this capacity. In 1916 he was elected County Treasurer and served in this office for four years. Mr. Mann is unmarried.

Capt. Mann was a member of the Christian church, and was a member of the Masonic lodge for more than 50 years. He was a Republican.

Moses Mann has in his possession the spindle head of the old spinning



MOSES MANN

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wheel used here in Daviess County by his mother. He also owns a chair, which is 150 years old and was used in a wagon on trips to and from church. It was made in Virginia and was used on the long trip to Daviess County.

Moses Mann is well educated and is one of the prominent citizens of Harrison Township.

Charles Ray, a well known farmer of Bogle Township, Gentry County, was born in the northeast part of Clay County, May 22, 1864, the son of Andrew Jackson and Rebecca Jane (Franklin) Ray.

Andrew J. Ray was born in Virginia in 1827, the son of Brice Ray, who moved his family to Kentucky in 1828, and to Missouri about 1848. He settled in Clay County, where he died. His wife died in Kentucky. Andrew J. Ray came to Gentry County before the Civil War, and during the war, returned to Clay County, where he entered the Missouri Militia. He came back to Gentry County in the spring of 1869, and settled in Bogle Township, where he died in 1910. His remains are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery. His wife died in 1914, and is also buried in the New Friendship Cemetery. Their children were: Benjamin P., died near Madison, Kan., in 1910, married the first time to Libbie Bigelow, and after her death, married Ella Mize of Gentry County; Mary Ellen, married Mr. Terry, and died in 1905; William T., died in 1916; Nancy Elizabeth, now dead, was the wife of Robert Murphy; Martha Alice, keeping house for her brother, the subject of this review; Charles Ray, the subject of this sketch; John M., living at Gentry; and Dora L., the wife of T. W. Jones of Gentry.

Charles Ray attended the Shockley School in his boyhood. He owns 80 acres of land $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles east of Gentry, which he keeps in grass. He rents other land near by for general farming. He has improved his land, has built a good residence, and other farm buildings.

Charles Ray was married on March 21, 1888, to Cynthia Ann Hurst, a daughter of Thomas J. and Anna Hurst. Mrs. Hurst died in January, 1886, and Mr. Hurst died several years later. The remains of both are buried in the Knox Cemetery. Mrs. Ray died on June 11, 1889, and a daughter, Ora Ethel, died on Aug. 13, 1889. Since that time Mr. Ray's mother, and later his sister has kept house for him.

Mr. Ray served two years on the township board, and was the township assessor and clerk for four years. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Albany. Mr. Ray is a capable and energetic man. He made an excellent officer of his township, and is a man of high ideals for the community.

E. E. Moore, a leading farmer and stockman of Wilson Township in Gentry County, and the owner of the Nobility Stock Farm, is a man who has achieved unusual success in his work. He was born in Harrison County, Ohio, Jan. 29, 1860, the son of William D. and Emiline Moore natives of Ohio, where they were married. They moved to Iowa, and there Mr. Moore died in Mills County. Mrs. Moore died in Worth, Mo. Their children were: Ellen Amanda, later Mrs. Martin, and now deceased; William G., deceased; Mary C., now Mrs. Abel of Winfield, Kan.; Emma R., now Mrs. Lewis; E. E., the subject of this sketch; and Frank, Worth.

E. E. Moore left his home when he was 16 years of age and began to work by the month in Ohio. The first year, his wages were \$12.00 a month, but out of this he saved enough to come to Mills County, Iowa, and there he worked for another year and a half by the month on a farm. While in Iowa, Mr. Moore became connected with a Chicago commission company which bought cattle, and he worked for this firm in Texas, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Iowa. He bought cattle in Texas, then drove them north. He kept them assorted in bunches, and bought stock fields, but the work was arduous because there were no wire fences in the states in which he worked. He learned the stock business from every angle during that period, and had his ideas of a stock farm fully developed before he began to operate a farm for himself.

In 1883 Mr. Moore began to operate the Nobility Stock Farm in Gentry County. At one time he owned 1,100 acres of land, and leased 1,280 acres near Stanberry, and 640 acres in Harrison County. He wintered the stock on the Nobility Stock Farm. He was, for years, one of the prominent corn buyers in the county. At the time that Mr. Moore began his work as a breeder, there was only one man in the county who bred Hereford cattle. The first Hereford male on the Nobility Stock Farm was imported by Mr. Morgan, and, when 13 months old, was bought by Mr. Moore for \$500.00, in 1883. Mr. Moore was the first man in the county to dehorn his cattle, and the first year of his work on his new farm he dehorned 100 head of his own herd, and within the next three years, had dehorned more than 1,000 head for other stockmen in the community. About 1883 he began breeding the big type Poland China hogs, and for the next 14 years, followed this line of work.

Mr. Moore has disposed of part of his original land holdings, and now owns 545 acres of land. He keeps 30 acres of his farm in blue stem grass, probably the only raw prairie left in the county. After a cultivation of ten years, the land will return to blue grass in two years' time.

On the farm now he has 90 head of big type Poland China hogs, all either registered, or eligible for registry. He has also 160 head of Whiteface cattle, nearly all registered, and is feeding a car of Whiteface baby beeves. He buys most of the corn needed for feeding, and keeps the farm in pasture. J. M. Dannar is the present foreman of the farm. He is known for his interest in stockraising, and for his ownership of a span of Shire mares which took first premiums at the fairs at Worth, Gentry, and Parnell.

Mr. Moore was the second man in the county to have a telephone installed in his home. He has a good residence on his farm, and his barn, 40x52 feet, is one of the best ventilated barns in Gentry County. It is built on a model designed by Mr. Moore; all the doors roll back, there is room for from 15 to 50 cows, and above the feed boxes and mangers, there is an opening which allows the air to pass up, and out at the cupola. This arrangement makes the barn cool, even on the hottest days. The farm is equipped with non-sag iron gates, and presents a thoroughly modern appearance. A grove of two acres, planted by Mr. Moore on the north side of his buildings, now provides an excellent wind break. Since 1915, Mr. and Mrs. Moore have lived in Worth, where their children are in school. They have a modern residence in the west part of the town.

Mr. Moore was married the first time in 1884 to Luella Salmon of Worth County. She died on Jan. 16, 1905, leaving one daughter, Mattie, now the wife of W. J. Adams of St. Joseph. Mr. Moore married Myrtle Poff, a daughter of William and Elizabeth Poff of Alanthus, on Dec. 3, 1906. Mrs. Moore was born, reared, and educated in Gentry County. To her union with E. E. Moore the following children were born: Hazel B., born March 15, 1908, now a student in the Worth High School; Edith, born Oct. 31, 1909; and Aletha G., born Oct. 18, 1912.

Mr. Moore was one of the organizers of the Worth Mutual Telephone Company, and of the Bank of Worth. This latter institution was founded in 1901, and Mr. Moore was a director in it for several years, and has been the president of the managing board for the past five years. Mr. Moore is a progressive farmer and stockman, a highly respected citizen, and is an asset to Gentry County.

C. E. Littlewood, well known druggist of Albany in Gentry County, conducts a drug store located on the south side of the Square, where he handles all of the merchandise unusually found in a store of that kind, and also runs a soda fountain. Mr. Littlewood has been connected with the drug business since his boyhood, when he worked under the direc-

tion of his father, Dr. Littlewood, a prominent physician of Gentry County.

C. E. Littlewood was born at Gentryville, Sept. 7, 1877, the son of Dr. W. H. and Esther (Swetenham) Littlewood. Mrs. Littlewood was a native of Sheffield, England, born on Aug. 9, 1848. Dr. Littlewood was born in Manchester, England, in 1844, graduated from London Medical College, and located at Gentryville in 1874. He practiced his profession there for six years, and then located at Evona, where he was a practicing physician for 15 years. At the end of that time he moved to Albany and went into the drug business. He remained in this work until his death in 1909. His remains are buried in Grand View Cemetery. He was an active member of the Democratic party and was a man who was known for his staunch loyalty to his friends. As a pioneer physician in the county, he endured many hardships, but he never refused to minister to the afflicted. He had one of the first buggies ever used in the county, but in bad weather he was compelled to ride horseback, sometimes for miles over trails that were at best, but indistinct markings. Many times he set out for a 25-mile trip carrying his medicine case, and riding at night in response to calls for help. He was one of the best known and widely esteemed men of the day.

Dr. Littlewood's widow now lives in St. Joseph. Their children were: William, born, reared, and educated in England, now a resident of St. Joseph; Edwin, born in England, now living at Concordia, Kan.; John, born in England, and died in infancy; and the following children all born in the United States: C. E., the subject of this sketch; Edith, living at St. Joseph; Fred, living in Iowa; George, a resident of McCook, Neb.; and Frank, died in 1918 at St. Joseph. His remains are buried in Grand View Cemetery. The youngest son, Clarence, now lives in McCook, Neb. He is a veteran of the World War, and served overseas for more than a year. He was born and reared at Evona, and enlisted in Nebraska at the beginning of the war.

C. E. Littlewood attended the school at Evona, and was a student in Christian College. Besides his interest in the drug business, he has operated moving picture shows at Albany. He was one of the promoters of the Fair Association at Albany, and was the vice-president, and afterwards the president of that association. For seven years he was the manager of the fair and was in charge of the premium and concession work. The efficient work that he did is shown by the fact that in 1912 there were 11,000 paid admissions to the Fair Grounds, the largest crowd ever

assembled there. One of the features of that fair was that all soldiers and their families were admitted free, as were also any indigent members of the community.

Mr. Littlewood was married Aug. 6, 1898, to Lora Adams, a daughter of E. and Mahala J. (Lunsford) Adams. Mrs. Littlewood was born, reared, and educated in Albany. She was a student in the High School, and afterwards attended Northwest Missouri College and Christian College at Albany. Mr. and Mrs. Littlewood had three children: Doris and Dorothy, both students in Palmer College, and both graduates of the Albany High School; and Esther, born April 18, 1905, and died Sept. 27, 1905. Her remains are buried in Highland Cemetery.

Mr. Littlewood is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons at Albany, and of the Shrine at St. Joseph. He has served as a councilman of Albany, and also as a member of the Democratic Committee of Gentry County. Mr. Littlewood has spent all of his life in Gentry County with the exception of three years when he was in Canada and Texas. He is therefore well known in the community, where he is highly esteemed as a man of progress, industry, and initiative.

James Robertson, a Confederate veteran of the Civil War, and for many years a resident of Wilson Township, Gentry County was born in Boone County, Missouri, Feb. 27, 1844. He was the son of Bryant and Louisa (Hand) Robertson, pioneer settlers of Missouri.

Bryant Robertson was born in Indiana, lived in Boone County, Missouri for 25 years, and died near Guthrie, Okla., at the age of 87 years. His wife was born in Indiana, and died in Boone County. They came to Missouri in the pioneer days. Mr. Robertson entered 160 acres of land in Boone County, which he improved. His wife spun the yarn, and wove the cloth out of which she fashioned her children's wearing apparel. Her son, James, the subject of this review, says that until he was six years old, he wore a tow shirt as his only garment. Besides James Robertson of this sketch, Mr. and Mrs. Robertson had the following children: Eliza, now Mrs. Cardwell of St. Joseph; W. E., died at Rich Hill; Mary, later Mrs. Philippi, died in Andrew County in 1921; Ellen, was Mrs. Smith, died in Andrew County in 1876; and Jane, died in Boone County in 1860.

James Robertson attended the rural schools of Boone County, and enlisted for service in the Confederate Army in Boone County. He served under General Price for about eight months, and participated in several skirmishes. He settled in Andrew County in 1866, and lived

there for 20 years. In 1887 he moved to Gentry County, where he bought the 87 acres of land eight miles northwest of Gentry that is his present home. The residence, barn, farm buildings and all other improvements were put on the place by Mr. Robertson. He does general farming and stockraising and is known as an energetic and capable man.

Mr. Robertson was married on July 19, 1868, to Emily Hall, a daughter of Charles and Permelia (Jackson) Hall. Charles Hall was born in Indiana in 1819, and died at Nebraska City, Neb., in 1865. He served in the Confederate Army under General Price, and was a participant in the Battle of Lexington. He was a teacher as well as a farmer. He entered 30 acres of land in Andrew County, which he made his home. His wife was born in Kentucky in 1824, and died at her home in Andrew County in 1909. Mr. and Mrs. Hall's children were: Mary, now Mrs. Clizer of Barnard; Emily, now Mrs. Robertson; David, living at Fillmore in Andrew County; John, died in infancy; Lucy, now Mrs. Turpin of Maryville; Susan, now Mrs. Parker of Springfield; Mary, married Mr. Wright of Rosendale; Kate, now Mrs. Goodloe of Denver, Col.; William, a resident of Dale, Ore.; Eugenia, now Mrs. Hummon of Fillmore; and Elsie, was Mrs. Russell of St. Joseph, and is now dead.

To the union of James and Emily (Hall) Robertson the following children were born: Charles, married Sylvia Harris and lives on the home place; William, married Myrtle Powers, and lives in Wilson Township; Doyle, married Verdie Messick, and is a resident of South Dakota; Ida Kate, married Mr. Liggett, died in Oklahoma and her remains are buried in Enyart Cemetery; Viola, the wife of Charles Hicks of Wilson Township; and Julia, the wife of John Dye of Grant City. Mr. and Mrs. Robertson have the following grandchildren: Beuna and Uvon Robertson; Mrs. Florella Horton; Homer and Ralph Robertson; James, Chester, and Velva Liggett; Paul, Clifford, Harold, Marjorie Robertson; Elba, Elaine, and Varnell Dye; and two great grandchildren, Lena Wharton and Homer Robertson, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Robertson celebrated their 50th wedding anniversary on July 19, 1918. Mr. Robertson, although nearly 80 years of age, is still hale and strong, and looks after the management of his farm. After the death of Mrs. Liggett, Mr. and Mrs. Robertson took Mrs. Liggett's children and reared them. Their house has therefore never ceased to be the home of young people. Mr. and Mrs. Robertson are highly respected in the community, where they are known by two generations.

Earl Summa, proprietor of the Summa Poultry Farm near Gentry, Mo., is one of the well known poultry fanciers of this part of the state. During the past four years he has taken more than 300 ribbons at the various fairs and poultry shows where he has exhibited his fowls. He keeps 16 pens of poultry of various kinds, the Rhode Island Red, White Wyandotte, Barred Plymouth Rock, Anconas, Dark Cornish Games, and White Leghorns. One pen of 22 Anconas came from Michigan. All of these birds have trap nest records of more than 200 eggs, and the fowls are valued at \$600.00. Mr. Summa has exhibited at Grant City, Albany, Easton, Pattonsburg, Chillicothe, and Bethany in Missouri, and at Troy, Kan.

Mr. Summa was born in Bogle Township, Aug. 3, 1892, the son of Ira and Kate (Funderburk) Summa. He was educated in the public schools, and graduated from the Chillicothe Business College in 1912. He was interested in raising poultry even in his boyhood, and for the past five years, has devoted his time to that business. He maintains five acres of land as a range for the fowls, and has his place equipped in a thoroughly modern fashion for the hatching of the chicks. He keeps an incubator capacity of 18,000 eggs, and during the year 1922 put out about 60,000 chicks. He sends the chicks to practically all parts of the United States using the parcel post as a means of transportation. The original enterprise has prospered until Mr. Summa now conducts one of the thriving businesses of the community. Mr. Summa handles the agency for the Newton Grant Incubator Company in addition to his other work.

Earl Summa was married on Jan. 4, 1912, to Kittie J. Chapin, a daughter of E. and Ola Chapin of Chillicothe. Mr. Chapin is dead, and his widow lives at Chillicothe, where she is an officer in the Girls Industrial School. Mrs. Summa was born, reared, and educated in Chillicothe. Mr. and Mrs. Summa have four children; Kenneth Wayne, Martha, Dorothy, and Ruby.

Mr. Summa is a life member of the American Poultry Association, and of the Missouri State Poultry Association. He is an industrious and capable young man who is attaining a marked success in his life work.

Ira Summa, the owner of a well improved farm of 120 acres of land near Gentry in Bogle Township, Gentry County, was born on the farm where he now lives, and which he later bought from the heirs. Mr. Summa has improved the farm, has built a good residence, and erected farm buildings, as his operation of the land made more farm facilities necessary.

Mr. Summa was born on Feb. 11, 1861, the son of Frederick and Highley (Long) Summa. Frederick Summa was born in Indiana and came to Gentry County in 1840, and in 1846 "proved up" on the land which now makes the Summa farm. He died on this farm in 1866, and his remains are buried in the Murphy Cemetery. His wife was a native of Indiana. At the death of her husband she was left with 11 children to rear, and a farm to manage. She lived on the farm, and died in 1892. Her remains are buried in the Friendship Cemetery. Her children were: John, died in 1883; Lewis, died in October, 1912; Louisa, the wife of John Hurst of Gentry; W. Riley, died in June, 1894; Philip, died in May, 1920; Peter, died in 1907; Elizabeth, the wife of John A. Best of Huggins Township; Francis M., of Bogle Township; Ira, the subject of this review; Lucinda, married to R. E. Canady of Albany; and Frederick, living in Huggins Township.

Ira Summa was married on Sept. 10, 1891, to Martha Funderburk, a daughter of G. B. and Cynthia (Nelson) Funderburk. Both Mr. and Mrs. Funderburk died when Mrs. Summa was only a girl, and the remains of both are buried in the Enyart Cemetery. Mrs. Summa was reared by her uncle, B. H. Watkins, and attended the rural school, where her first teacher was Giles Canmon. Mrs. Summa has the following brothers and sisters: John, living in Wilson Township; Thomas, of Gentry; Sarah, the wife of Cassius Ardis, Cathay, Calif.; and George, William, Henry, Buchanan, Eliza, Mrs. Huldah Rodgers, and Mary Magdalene, all deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Summa have the following children: Edwin Earl, married Catherine Chapin, and lives on the home place; W. G., married Maggie Thompson, and lives at Newell, Iowa, where he is the agent for the Illinois Central Railway Company; Herbert B., married Eloda Lewis, and lives in Huggins Township; Dale, died at the age of 19 months; Orville Clyde, married Beatrice Evelyn Johnson of Alta, Iowa, and is living at home; and Orville Truman, at home.

Mr. Summa has served on the township board, and as the township committeeman for the Democratic party in Gentry County. He is an efficient farmer, a capable man, and the Summa family are highly esteemed in the neighborhood.

William J. Sidens, well known and successful farmer and stockman of Athens Township, Gentry County, four miles northwest of the Court House on the Allendale Road. His land holdings comprise 627 acres located in Athens, Howard, Huggins, and Bogle townships. On the home place of 340 acres he has three sets of improvements, a house built in 1912, and excellent farm buildings.

Mr. Siddens was born on March 14, 1868, on the farm where his father, W. T. Siddens was born. The land was entered by Joseph Siddens, grandfather of W. J. Siddens, the subject of this review, and is the present Siddens home place. W. T. Siddens died in Albany and his remains are buried in the Henton Cemetery. His widow, Julia A. (Parman) Siddens, was born in Howard Township, a daughter of Giles Parman, one of the early settlers of Gentry County. Mrs. Siddens now lives with her son, W. J. To her union with W. T. Siddens the following children were born: William J., the subject of this sketch; Sarah M., now Mrs. Madden; and John V., a resident of Albany.

William J. Siddens attended the public school, and has been a farmer and stockraiser all of his life. He handles Duroc Jersey and Poland China hogs. He feeds from two to six carloads of hogs each year, and from three to six cars of cattle. He is one of the efficient stockmen of his community.

Mr. Siddens was married on Feb. 14, 1891, to M. A. Burgess, a daughter of Thomas A. and Nancy Burgess. Mrs. Siddens was born, reared, and educated in Bogle Township. Mr. and Mrs. Siddens have the following children: Charles Edgar, married Kate Whitman of Albany, and is in partnership with his father on the home place; Lola, now the wife of W. Lainhart of Albany; and Ralph, Sylvia, Goldie, and Retha, all at home.

Mr. Siddens is a Democrat, but is independent in his political policies locally. He is esteemed throughout the county as a capable and energetic man, and the Siddens family are an asset to their community.

James M. Gregory, well known farmer and stockman of Huggins Township, Gentry County, was born in Worth County on April 24, 1861, the son of Alva L. and Mary Ann (Canady) Gregory, who moved to Gentry County in 1864, and settled in Huggins Township on a farm three miles east of Hugginsville. Mrs. Gregory was a daughter of Caleb S. Canady and lived on the land now incorporated in the townsite of Albany. Her uncle, Riley Canady, ran a stage coach between St. Joseph and Albany for many years. Mr. and Mrs. Gregory were well known in Huggins Township. Mr. Gregory was a veteran of the Civil War. He died at Albany, and Mrs. Gregory died at the home of her son, James M. The remains of both are buried in the Brick Church Cemetery. Their children were: Laura Elizabeth, married J. W. Banks, and lives at Enid, Okla.; James, the subject of this sketch; Esther J., the wife of R. E. Mahoney, Colorado; and Jonathan M., married Etta Summa, and lives on the home place, which he owns.

James M. Gregory attended the rural school in the David District. He was married at the age of 23 years, and that same year, bought 33 acres of land. To this he added until he owned 265 acres. Mr. Gregory recently divided his land, with the exception of the 40 acres where he lives, among his children. The land is well improved, good houses barns and other farm buildings. Mr. Gregory and his sons are raising registered White Spotted Poland China hogs. They own a male, "Sampson," bred by J. D. Gates and Son, which took the first premium as a senior yearling at the state fair at Sedalia in 1920, and headed the two other herds of young bores that took premiums. His dam, "Spotted Lou," headed two herds of sows that took premiums that same year. On Nov. 5, 1921, Mr. Gregory and his sons sold 29 registered hogs at the Branham sale barns. J. E. Gregory, one of Mr. Gregory's sons, does a dairy business in connection with his other work. He has a herd of 12 milk cows, Holstein, Jersey, and Shorthorn.

James M. Gregory was married on April 3, 1884, to Elizabeth Anna Lewis, a daughter of George and Bettie Lewis. Both Mr. and Mrs. Lewis died on their farm in Huggins Township, and their remains are buried in the Hugginsville Cemetery. Mr. Lewis was a Civil War veteran. Mrs. Gregory was born on Oct. 31, 1861, and grew up in Huggins Township. Mr. and Mrs. Gregory have the following children: Lewis C., born, Nov. 22, 1885, married Delia Summa, and has two children, Jessie Beatrice and Meredith; W. S., born June 30, 1887, married Mary Higginbottom, and has two children, Doris Elizabeth and Mildred; Sarah Jane, born, Oct. 13, 1888, married Ray Johnson, and had one daughter, Goldie, who died in infancy; Jesse Layfayette, who conducts a grocery store and garage at Alanthus, was born Sept. 12, 1890, married Sadie Buckridge, and has four children, Fern Marie, Marvin, who died at the age of two years, Ermal, and J. H. Jr.; Ammon Virgil, born on April 15, 1893, married Edith Jennings, and had three children, James Ambrose, Keotha, died in infancy, and Straussey; and Joseph Elza, born on March 23, 1896, married Eliza Boatwright, and has two children, Gladys Louise, and Joyce Esther.

Mr. Gregory and his family are among the substantial citizens of the township. They are known as progressive farmers and stockmen, and are an asset to the community. When Mr. Gregory came here he was without funds, and cleared up his place and lived in an old log cabin at first, and by his industry he worked his way to success. Each of his boys are settled and have a farm of their own. Mr. and Mrs. Gregory and children are members of the church of Christ, except one.

The Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Stanberry, Gentry County, was first organized in 1880, as a private banking institution by Armstrong & McLean with a capital stock of \$20,000. In 1885 the bank was reorganized as a state bank with the amount of the capital stock remaining the same. The first officers under the new organization were D. F. Hill, President; A. R. Stockton, Vice President; and Frank Jones, Cashier. The present capital stock of the bank is \$50,000 the surplus and undivided profits are \$30,000, and the present officers are: W. E. Teel, president, L. E. Holding, vice-president; J. A. Moore, cashier; Cleo Gregg, assistant cashier; and W. E. Teel, W. A. VanHook, L. E. Holding, D. C. Thomas, R. S. Liggett and J. A. Moore, directors. The business is conducted in a two story brick building, owned by the bank, and located on the northwest corner of the square, where it was built in 1880. The farmers and Mechanics Bank is one of the thoroughly reliable and most thriving financial institutions in this part of Missouri.

William E. Teel, the president of the bank, was born near McFall, Aug. 8, 1868, the son of A. M. and Emiline (Hardin) Teel. Alexander M. Teel was born in Indiana in 1839, and came to Gentry County when he was a small boy. He was married in Miller Township to Emiline Hardin, born in Kentucky in 1840. Her father came to Gentry County in 1851, and lived there until his death at Gentryville. A. M. Teel was a well known farmer and stockman of Gentry County. He died in 1914, and Mrs. Teel died on Sept. 15, 1917. The remains of both are buried in McFall Cemetery. Their children were: W. E., the subject of this review; James E., a farmer in Miller Township; Jennie, living at McFall; Minnie, living at McFall; and Aaron H., operating the home farm which still belongs to the Teel estate.

W. E. Teel attended the public schools of Gentry County, and later was a student in the Stanberry Normal and the Northwest Missouri College at Albany. He taught school for 15 years, and was elected to the office of county clerk of Gentry County in 1906. He was reelected in 1910. His term of office expired Jan. 1, 1915, and he at once came to the Farmers and Mechanics Bank as the cashier. He held that position until the fall of 1917, when he was made the president of the institution.

W. E. Teel was married Nov. 26, 1902, to Permelia J. Akers, a daughter of Alexander and Matilda Akers, both now living at Stanberry. Mr. Teel was born, reared and educated in Gentry County. To her union with W. E. Teel the following children were born: Lois, a graduate of the Stanberry High School; Carl, now a student in the Stanberry High School, and Lucille.

Mr. Teel is a Democrat. He is a member of the Masonic lodge and of

the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Stanberry. He is an able and progressive business man, was an officer of excellent repute, and is a substantial citizen of the community.

J. A. Moore, cashier of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank, was born on the Island of Cape Breton, June 28, 1855, the son of Benjamin and Susan (Musgrave) Moore. Mrs. Moore died in 1857 and Mr. Moore married Susan Moffatt in 1857. They came to the United States and settled in Gentry County, leaving J. A. Moore's son in Cape Breton. He joined his father's family in Gentry County in 1876. Benjamin Moore, who had served in the Civil War and was discharged because of illness, died in 1866. His remains are buried in Hugginsville Cemetery. His widow now lives at Mount Ayr, Iowa. J. A. Moore has a brother, Thomas A., now living in Alberta, Canada, and a half brother, Edward, living at St. Louis. J. A. Moore was reared by his maternal grandmother, Ann Musgrave. For more than 45 years he has lived in Gentry County. He farmed in Cooper Township until 1885, and since 1887 has been connected with the Farmers and Mechanics Bank, first as the bookkeeper, and, since October, 1917, as the cashier.

J. A. Moore was married Dec. 15, 1880 to Martha Saunders, a daughter of James H. and Mary (Rowe) Saunders, both deceased. Mrs. Moore was born in Gentry County, Feb. 11, 1862. Her father died here, and her mother died in Montana in March, 1918. Their children were: W. A., a resident of Silicia, Mont.; Mary, now Mrs. Rose of Stanberry; Effie, now Mrs. Stockton of Stanberry; Jasper, living in Montana; and Martha, now Mrs. Moore, who was the oldest daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Moore had three children: a son, who died in infancy; James Carl, born in 1884, and died in 1915, who graduated from the Stanberry High School, married Blanche Mathis, and left three children, Doris Merle, Albert and Arlan, who with their mother live at Stanberry; and Merle, died at the age of 23 years.

Mr. Moore is a member of the Masonic lodge. He is an efficient and courteous bank official, a citizen highly esteemed for his progressive ideas, and a man of energy and ability.

John J. Cain, well known operator of a real estate, loans, and insurance office at Stanberry, was born in Fairfield County, Ohio, Feb. 14, 1845, the son of Isaac and Mary Ann (Reed) Cain. They were married in Ohio, and both died near Bloomfield, Ind., Mr. Cain in 1852, and his wife in 1864. John J. Cain is the only one of their ten children now living. The others, who lived to be adults, were: James and Isaac, who died from cholera in 1848; Jacob, died at Lexington, Ky., while serving in Company K, 80th Indiana Regiment, during the Civil War; Alexander died in Iowa in 1860; and Elizabeth died in 1863.

John J. Cain attended the rural schools of Illinois, and enlisted for service in the Civil War when he was 17 years old, in Company K, 80th Indiana Volunteers, but was transferred to the Veterans Reserve Corps, Company E, 8th Regiment in December, 1863. He remained in service until 1865. After the close of the war, Mr. Cain farmed in Illinois, and in 1871 he settled in De Kalb County, Mo. In partnership with P. C. Noaks and his brother, Mr. Cain ran a saw mill on the Isaac Miller farm. They sawed more than 500,000 feet of lumber during one summer, after they bought the Jameson Mill, which was later moved five miles west of Pattonsburg.

In 1880 Mr. Cain moved to Gentry County and settled two miles northwest of Stanberry on the farm of 110 acres, now operated by his son. For more than 30 years Mr. Cain has been writing insurance at Stanberry, where he lives, and for the past 22 years, has handled real estate and loans. He has conducted a constantly increasing business, and is known as an enterprising business man.

John J. Cain was married near Swan Creek, Ill., Oct. 21, 1869, to Margaret J. Fry, a native of Virginia, born on Sept. 27, 1850, the daughter of Abraham and Eliza (Helms) Fry. Abraham Fry died in DeKalk County about 1918, and his wife died some years before. Mr. and Mrs. Cain have seven living children: Mary E., married L. D. Hughes of Stanberry, and he has been dead about 20 years; Joseph A., married Minnie Heims, and is a bookkeeper in Kansas City; Rausa E., at home; Aaron D., a bookkeeper in Kansas City; G. C., married Rebecca W. James, and is living on the home farm; Sylvia M., at home; and Paul H., married Ida Yarrington and is a traveling salesman in Kansas City.

Mr. Cain is a member of the Masonic lodge, and is Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic post at Stanberry. He assisted in the organization of the Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Gentry County and has served on the board of that organization for 15 years. He also helped to institute the Farmers Mutual Tornado and Cyclone and Wind-storm Association of the Third Congressional District, and was the president of the company for ten years. This company has increased its territory until it now covers the entire state of Missouri. Mr. Cain is a reliable business man, one of the substantial citizens of his community, and a highly esteemed individual.

Claud A. Greenlee, secretary of the Gentry County Trust Company at Stanberry, was born in Washington County, Dec. 14, 1884. His parents are E. F. and Rebecca (Middleton) Greenlee, the former a native of Indiana, and the latter born in Wisconsin. They now live in Washington County. Their children are: A. C., Claud A., J. E., John, J. P., Mary, the wife of

Cleve Record, and May, now living in St. Louis. Three children died in infancy.

Claud A. Greenlee attended the public schools and graduated from the commercial course of the Stanberry Normal School in 1905. He spent 15 months as timekeeper for the Wabash Railway Company, and in August, 1907, he became the assistant cashier for the Farmers and Mechanics Bank at Stanberry. He remained in that position until November, 1919, when he organized the Gentry County Trust Company.

The Gentry County Trust Company was organized on Nov. 26, 1919, with a capital stock of \$75,000, and with the following officers: S. H. Dresbach, president; George Morton, vice-president; Claud A. Greenlee, secretary; Gladys Collier, assistant secretary; and W. A. Temple, W. S. Hardin, L. O. Grantham, G. W. Rose, C. S. Allen, Andrew Bennett and Owen Collier, directors. The only change in the personnel of the officers since the organization of the company is in the position of assistant secretary, now held by Loren Stockton, and A. R. Liggett, treasurer.

Claud A. Greenlee was married in March, 1908, to Iva Blakesley, a daughter of Mrs. Harriett Blakesley of Burlington Junction. Mrs. Greenlee was born in Nodaway County, attended the Stanberry Normal School, from which she graduated, and then was a student in the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College at Maryville, from which she also graduated. She taught in Nodaway and Gentry Counties for two years prior to her marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Greenlee have two children: Ieca and Claud Ansel.

Mr. Greenlee is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, has served on the Board of Education of Stanberry, and has been the clerk of the City Council since 1907. He was a member of the Interstate Highway Commission for two years. He is a man of marked executive ability and ambition. He was born in a log cabin in the Ozark Mountains, and has worked hard for his success. He made his way through high school, and when he entered the Normal School at Stanberry, he had just \$12.50 in his possession. He managed however, to complete his college work, and his pluck and perserverance have carried him on to his present success.

S. D. McCoy, proprietor of the Cash Store at Stanberry, is a native of Ohio, born in Richland County, Dec. 11, 1849, the son of Benjamin and Catherine (Simpson) McCoy, both natives of Pennsylvania. Benjamin McCoy died in Ohio, in 1852, and his widow came to Guildford, Mo., then moved to Worth County, and afterwards to Saline County, Kans., where she died in 1880.

S. D. McCoy was living at Guildford, Mo., in the sixties when the

deer were plentiful, and the wolves still infested the country. He taught school for a time. His first school was taught in a log cabin in Worth County the year he was 18 years old. He took a claim in Saline County, Kans., and lived on the land for three years. He sold the farm and moved to Salina, Kans., where he entered the mercantile business. While he was living in Saline County, he had an opportunity to make a most undesirable acquaintance with a Kansas cyclone. One of the "freaks" of that particular storm was to carry away from the wagon upon which it had been loaded the 500 pound master wheel of a Marsh Harvester. The wheel was never found and the supposition was that it had been blown into the river and embedded in the soil there.

Mr. McCoy came to Stanberry in 1882, and opened a restaurant. He remained in that pursuit for 10 years, in the meantime opening a grocery store. From this latter business he built up his present enterprise of the Cash Store, where he handles glassware, queensware, tinware and granite. The store represents the continued work and forthought of 40 years of Mr. McCoy's life, and is evidence of his business acumen and industry.

Mr. McCoy was married in 1871, to Anna Milligan, a daughter of W. J. and Nancy Milligen of Worth County. W. J. Milligen was one of the first judges of Worth County and was a prominent man in his community. Mrs. McCoy died in 1912 and her remains are buried in the Stanberry Cemetery. Her children were: Ora V., now the wife of S. B. Sweat, a sketch of whose life appears later; Howard C., married Bertha Drinkard, and is connected with the Wabash Railway Company at Stanberry; and William A., married Gretchen Frederick, and is a clothing merchant of Stanberry. Besides the children of Mrs. Sweet, Mr. McCoy has the following grandchildren; Howard C., Claude L., Alice, Isabell, Mary Elizabeth, and Ora McCoy.

S. B. Sweat, born in Miller Township, Nov. 20, 1871, is the son of C. and Sarah (Teel) Sweat). C. Sweat was born in 1848 and came to Missouri when he was but a child. He died in 1893, and his remains are buried in the High Ridge Cemetery. His widow now lives at Stanberry. Their children were: S. B., the subject of this sketch; and Susan, the wife of E. Buckley, now in partnership with Mr. Sweat. Mr. Sweat was educated in Stanberry, and took the commercial course in the Stanberry Normal School. He then worked for the J. T. Norman Dry Goods Company for a year and later for the Standard Oil Company for two years. He left that company to enter the lumber business, and has been the manager of the Stanberry Lumber and Coal Company since 1911. From 1896 he was the manager of the Groomer & Company Lumber Yard, a business which was taken over by the present firm of the Stanberry Lumber and Coal Company.

Mr. Sweat was married in June, 1896 to Ora McCoy and to this union three children were born; Vestena, now with the Farmers and Mechanics Bank at Stanberry; Blanch, a teacher in Kansas City; and Elizabeth, now a student in the Stanberry High School.

Mr. Sweat was elected County Judge of Gentry County on the Republican ticket in 1905. He is a member of the Masonic and Knights of Pythias lodges. Mr. McCoy has served as justice of the peace at Stanberry. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Both Mr. McCoy and Mr. Sweat are excellent business men.

Hon. Silvester W. Brandom, A. B., LL. B., of Gallatin, was born in Grundy County. He lived on the farm with his parents until he was 15 years old, working on the farm in summer and attending the country school in winter. Then his father told him that if he wanted to go to school any more he must earn the money himself to pay the expenses. So, with the father's consent he left home to shift for himself and began the struggle for an education. After years of earnest toil, he had completed a regular college course, attended the Missouri University for some time and received his law degree from Washington and Lee University, after taking the regular course in law and equity. While in school he pursued regularly the study of music, and completed the regular college course in voice, piano, thorough bass and harmony. He has always claimed that no one, man or woman, should neglect to become proficient at least in the rudiments of vocal and instrumental music.

He was a teacher for several years, and now holds a first grade or life certificate to teach in the school of Missouri. He has been admitted to practice law in all the courts of Missouri, Kansas and Colorado, and has engaged in practice in the three states named. He was chosen representative of Daviess County, and served in the Forty-fourth General Assembly during the administration of Gov. Joseph W. Folk. In 1914 he published two volumes of his addresses. At that time Prof. Howard A. Gass was state superintendent of schools, and also editor of the Missouri School Journal, and in the November, Missouri State Journal (1914) there was a reference to Mr. Brandom and one of his books, in these words: "Sixteen Miles to Hell, and Other Addresses, by Hon. S. W. Brandom, A. B., LL. B., author of "Capturing the Colonel and Other Themes." This work consists of a number of addresses or sermons delivered by Mr. Brandom on different occasions, which have been gathered together and put in book form, 205 pages, paper bound. Mr. Brandom is a lawyer and a minister of the gospel, and in years past was a successful teacher. He is an interesting writer, a strong speaker and a good student."

Then in the Missouri State Journal of December, 1914, was another



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reference to the other book and the author in these words: "Hon. S. W. Brandom of Gallatin, has published a book of sermons and addresses under the general title of 'Capturing the Colonel' Every address is worth reading, as it is filled with wise suggestions that will prove helpful to all."

During his struggles to acquire college and university training, he gained that reliance upon himself and his own resources which has proved to be his chief dependence in both professional and business efforts. His mother's people were Kentuckians, while his father was a native of the Old Dominion, and came to Daviess County in 1856, but a few years later moved to a farm in Grundy County, and at the date of his death was president of the Citizens Bank at Trenton.

July 3, 1886, S. W. Brandom married Etta L. Boyce, daughter of Judge and Mrs. D. D. Boyce of Harrison County. This union was blessed with four children, three boys and one girl, viz: Vincent Boyce, Ralph Wallace, Charles Daniel, and Lena. His wife departed this life on May 12, 1917. The oldest son, Vincent Boyce Brandom married Miss Loie Jameson of Buchanan County and now lives on a farm in Harrison County. The second son, Ralph Wallace Brandom, married Miss Ruth Trimble of Clay County, and now lives on a farm in Grundy County. The third son, Charles Daniel Brandom, married Miss Katherine Dudley, of Daviess County, and is now practicing law in Gallatin. The daughter, Miss Lena Brandom, is attending school at the Kansas State University at Lawrence.

S. W. Brandom came to Pattonsburg in 1897, as superintendent of the Pattonsburg schools, which position he held for two years, and he moved to Gallatin in February, 1904, and the next month opened a law office in the town. He purchased a vacant block of ground, and improved it for a permanent home, where he now resides; he has also doubled his real estate holdings in Grundy County, since moving to Daviess County. Upon entering the work of the gospel ministry, his efforts to accumulate property naturally ended, in 1907. He has been secretary of the Daviess County Baptist Association continuously from September, 1906, to the present time, May, 1922. He has held pastorates in Altamont, Nettleton, Edinburg, Clarksdale, Stewartsville, Bethany, and a few country churches. His work as an evangelist has extended over several counties, and his work has been generally successful.

The Official Manual of Missouri, for the years 1907-1908, on page 33 refers to the subject of this sketch, in the following words: 'S. W. Brandom, representative from Daviess County, was born Aug. 30, 1863, in Grundy County, Mo. He received his education in the public schools, Grand River College,, Missouri State University and Washington and Lee University. He married Miss Etta L. Boyce, July 3, 1886, in Harrison

County, Mo., and resides at Gallatin. He was elected a member of the legislature in 1906, and during the session of 1907 was a member of the following committees: Criminal Jurisprudence, Criminal Code and Public School Text-books. He is a lawyer and practices in the courts of the Seventh judicial circuit.

His attitude toward professional and political issues all through his life has been one of duty and right. He has persistently refused to seek or court popular applause, or resort to any questionable expediency to gain a point of advantage. When drafted as a candidate for the legislature, he said that, "We need the enforcement of the laws, rather than the enactment of more laws." He has consistently contended in his public addresses that good laws will not result in good government or good social conditions while people themselves are wrong. Therefore, he argues, that the work of the churches in evangelizing and saving men, women, boys and girls' is the most patriotic service of all. Hence, he says, that the work the preachers are doing is the best work to which any man can devote his time and talents. September 16, 1920, Mr. Brandom married Ida Sanford, and to this union one son, Sanford Woodrow, was born Feb. 7, 1922.

C. C. Mendenhall, a Civil War veteran and for 35 years and a well known merchant at Stanberry, is a native of Ohio, born in Ross County, Sept. 6, 1844. His parents were Jesse and Clara (Kilbourn) Mendenhall.

Jesse Mendenhall was a native of Virginia and died in Illinois in 1865. His wife was born in Ohio, and died at Burlington Junction, Mo. Their children were: Addie, now Mrs. Loomis of Hickory County; C. C., the subject of this sketch; William, deceased; Edgar, a resident of Salem, Neb.; and Emerson, living in Oklahoma. The Mendenhall family left Ohio and went to Fulton County, Ill., in 1846. After the death of Jesse Mendenhall there, his widow drove overland to Missouri and located at Burlington Junction, where she later married William Graham.

C. C. Mendenhall settled at Farmington, Ill., where his father had been interested in the manufacturing of "Blue" steel plows, so called because of the blue paint used on the plows. Mr. Mendenhall later came to Burlington Junction, then moved to Fall City. He afterwards located at Norcatur, Kans., where he farmed for ten years and followed the trade of sign painting which he had learned earlier in life. He moved to Maitland, Mo., and operated a restaurant there for some time, and came to Stanberry in 1887. He opened a restaurant and made a specialty of a 15 cent meal for farmers. Finding himself successful in handling mercantile work, he opened a racket store about 15 years ago. He handles groceries also and conducts a thriving business.

Mr. Mendenhall enlisted for service in the United States Army on

Jan. 26, 1864. He was placed in Company C, 103rd Illinois Infantry. He was on garrison duty at Paducah, Ky., and later in South Carolina. He participated in the Grand Review at Washington, D. C., in May, 1865, and was mustered out of service at Springfield, Ill., after a service of 18 months, and having marched over 500 miles with the company. Mr. Mendenhall had served in the 100 day enlistment during 1863 also. He joined the Grand Army of the Republic Post at Norcatur, Kans., and while living there in 1890, he was appointed census enumerator for two townships.

C. C. Mendenhall was married in 1872 to Amanda J. Golding of Bedford, Iowa. Mrs. Mendenhall was born in Indiana, and died at Stanberry, in March, 1919. Her remains are buried at Stanberry. Mr. Mendenhall has three living children: Edith, married to Clarence Shisler of Stanberry; Frank Leslie, married Hazel Akers, and lives in Chicago, Ill.; and Nellie Fay, the wife of Blaine Van Tilburg of Kansas City. Two sons are dead: Charles Ernest, the oldest child, died in 1887, at the age of 21 years; and the fourth child, Carl, died in infancy. Mr. Mendenhall has the following grandchildren; Gwendolyn and Clarence Jesse Shisler, and the adopted daughter of F. L. Mendenhall.

Mr. Mendenhall has been an acute observer of men and events all of his life, and is an interesting conversationalist. He says that he prefers to keep in touch with the outside world by remaining in active business life, and he operates his business with the same vigorous foresight that built up the enterprise in the first place.

Samuel H. Dresbach, judge of the County Court of Gentry County, from 1912 to 1916, president of the Gentry County Trust Company since its organization in 1919, and a member of the firm of Dresbach and Ross at Stanberry, is one of the well known men of Gentry County, where he has lived since 1902.

Judge Dresbach was born in Edgar County, Ill., Feb. 5, 1861, the son of Samuel B. and Mary A. (Cheeseman) Dresbach. Samuel B. Dresbach died in Illinois in 1862; and his widow moved to Iowa, and later came to Gentry County, where she died in 1911. Their children were: Charles E., a farmer at Glenwood, Ark.; Helena, the wife of R. Weldon of San Antonio, Texas; and Samuel H., the subject of this review.

Samuel H. Dresbach attended the public schools of Illinois, and left that state in 1899. He located in Clarinda, Iowa, then moved to Missouri, where he settled in Clearmont, in Nodaway County. He bought a farm there which he later sold, and moved to Winterset, Iowa. From Iowa he came to Gentry County and purchased a farm which he operated until he entered his present occupation. In 1919 Judge Dresbach, in partnership with Clarence D. Ross, bought the N. G. Dillion mill at Stanberry, and have

been operating it with success ever since. The mill grinds wheat for graham flour, oats, corn, and the owners buy and sell feed grains. The business has developed rapidly and is one of the flourishing commercial enterprises of the community.

S. H. Dresbach was married in 1887 to Laura B. Morris, daughter of Oliver and Mary K. Morris, both deceased. Mrs. Dresbach was born and reared in Edgar County, Ill. To her union with S. H. Dresbach the following children were born: Hilah B., died at the age of 12 years; Mary K., the wife of John Hanson of Luverne, S. Dak.; Charles Chester, married Gladys Chilton, and is living on the home farm in Gentry County; Bruce, enlisted for service in the World War, but died at the age of 22 years before he had been called for training; and Helen B., now a student in the Stanberry High School.

Samuel H. Dresbach was elected the judge of the County Court on the Democratic ticket and made an efficient and unprejudiced official of the county. He and the county officials who were serving at the same time had the court house remodeled and redecorated and made a much needed improvement in the county jail. As a county official, as one of the directing factors in the Gentry County Trust Company, as a business man, and as a private citizen, Judge Dresbach has proved himself a capable and reliable man.

George A. Sager, carrier on Rural Route No. 2, from Stanberry, Gentry County, since June 1, 1901, is a native of the county, where he was born in Cooper Township on Oct. 16, 1872. His parents were Augustus and Eva (Kaiser) Sager.

Augustus Sager was born in Germany, Aug. 14, 1830, and came to America in 1842, with his parents. They settled in Sandusky Plains, Ohio, later moving to Iowa, and to Gentry County in the fifties. Mr. Sager entered 240 acres of land in Cooper Township, and married Eva Kaiser, the eldest of 12 children born to Conrad and Martha Kaiser, early settlers of Cooper Township. Augustus Sager enlisted for service in the Civil War from Gentry County and served in Company K., Missouri Infantry, under Colonel Craner and Captain Curry. He moved to Stanberry in 1882, and died there Jan. 31, 1918. His widow died at Stanberry on Dec. 16, 1921. The remains of both are buried in High Ridge Cemetery. Their children were: Alena, the wife of George Allen of King City; Martha, married to J. A. Dresbach, a veterinary surgeon at Stanberry; Susie, married to W. C. Smelzer of Muscatine, Iowa; G. A., the subject of this sketch; Clara, the wife of A. G. Heyde of Stanberry; Elmer, a farmer in Cooper Township; and Nellie, the wife of Earl Temple of Fleming, Colo.

George A. Sager attended the public school in his boyhood and grad-

uated from the commercial department of the Stanberry Normal School in the class of 1898. He worked at the terminal shops in St. Joseph for a short time, then returned to Gentry County and farmed until he was appointed mail carrier by President McKinley. Mr. Sager is the oldest man in the point of service in Gentry County, and is very popular with his patrons. He expedites the delivery of the mail on his route by using an automobile.

George A. Sager was married Dec. 1, 1920 to Jennie Roberts, a daughter of J. W. and Diana (McClintock) Roberts. Mrs. Roberts was a daughter of Colonel Armstrong McClintock a veteran of the War of 1812 and a United States Indian Agent in this part of Missouri in the pioneer days. He helped to lay out the town site of Athens, now Albany. He died near Gower in Clinton County in 1872. Mrs. Roberts died there in 1881. J. W. Roberts was sheriff of Worth County. He was born near Rosendale, Andrews County, and died in Nodaway County, in 1918. Besides the daughter, Mrs. Sager, Mr. and Mrs. Roberts had a son, John, now living on the home farm in Nodaway County, where the Roberts family is well known, J. W. Roberts having lived there for more than 30 years. Mrs. Sager was born in Clinton County and attended school there and in Nodaway County.

Mr. Sager is a Mason, belonging to No. 109 Blue Lodge, and Chapter at Stanberry, No. 98 Council P. W. G. at Chillicothe. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Modern Woodmen of America, at Stanberry. He is highly esteemed in the community for his efficiency in his work, and is accounted an enterprising and industrious citizen. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, singing in the choir for 25 years. He never missed Sunday School unless he was sick or out of town. He is a member of the Board of Trustees.

E. C. Lockwood has been a well known lawyer in Gentry County since 1901, when he began practicing at McFall, later moving to Stanberry, where he has remained. He was born near McFall, Dec. 26, 1874, the son of Jacob and Eleanor D. (Christie) Lockwood.

David Lockwood, the paternal grandfather of E. C. Lockwood was born in Kentucky in 1798. He married Jane Wilson, a native of Cabell County, Va., and two years later they moved to Warren County, Ind., where they remained for 14 years. In 1844 they came to Daviess County, and David Lockwood entered 800 acres of land which he improved. He became one of the prominent men of his community. He died on his farm in 1864, and his widow died in 1888. Their children were: William, died near Ft. Laramie on his way home from California, in a party which included Henry Bolen and Pole Brown of Pattonsburg; Robert, died in Colo-

rado; Jacob, mentioned later in this sketch; Henry, killed in the battle of Pea Ridge, Ark.; Mary A., married J. Watson; Sarah A., married Rueben Shultz, a representative from Gentry County to the Missouri legislature of 1861, and a supporter of Claiborne Jackson, the war governor of Missouri; Elizabeth, married to Z. Spiers, a pioneer farmer of Gentry County; Moriah J., the widow of Francis Cravens of Payson, Utah; Eliza, the widow of Abram Miles of Gentry, Ark.; and four children who died in infancy. Three sons served in the Confederate Army.

Jacob Lockwood, the father of E. C. Lockwood, was born in Warren County, Ind., Sept. 16, 1836, and came to Missouri with his parents. He married Eleanor D. Christie, a daughter of Israel Christie, who moved from Shelby County, Ky., to Davies County, in 1851. Israel Christie's wife was a daughter of Abram Cook, a pioneer Baptist minister of Kentucky, and the ancestor of the Cook family whose name appears in the annals of the Baptist church in Missouri. Two of Israel Christie's sons, Jeffry and Israel, Jr., were well known Baptist ministers in Northwest Missouri. Jacob and Eleanor D. (Christie) Lockwood were married in the Liberty church in Daviess County, and to their union the following children were born: Anna Lee, died in infancy; Henry Wayne, accidentally killed while working in timber land on Dec. 18, 1897; Charles S., formerly a teacher and an attorney at law in Gentry County, now a salesman in Tulsa, Okla.; Robert P., died in infancy; and Ernest C., the subject of this review. Mrs. Lockwood died in 1878, and by the second marriage of the father to Naomi Belle Shores he had two children: Bernice, now Mrs. Williams of Oklahoma City, Okla.; and Eva, died in infancy. Naomi Belle (Shares) Lockwood died in 1885.

E. C. Lockwood attended the public schools of Daviess and Gentry Counties, was a student in Central Christian College at Albany, and took the law degree at the University of Kansas in Lawrence in 1900. In the fall of 1901, he located at McFall, later moving to Stanberry on July 2, 1917. He served as the prosecuting attorney of Gentry County in 1913 and 1914.

E. C. Lockwood was married on Sept. 30, 1906, to Ellen G. Hendrix of Edgerton. To this union two children were born: Margaret Ellen, and Jacob R. Mrs. Lockwood died July 23, 1919. On Dec. 29, 1921, Mr. Lockwood was married to Anora Nelle Law, who was born and reared in Gentry County, and attended Central College at Lexington.

E. C. Lockwood is highly esteemed in Gentry County. As an officer of the county he served faithfully and efficiently. He is capable in his profession, and is a citizen of high ideals. The Lockwood family has been known in the county for many years and has always been a respected family, one that has been an asset to the community.

Victor Fields, president of the Chamber of Commerce and proprietor of the Fields Clothing Company at Stanberry, is a native Missourian. He was born in Linn County, April 25, 1876, the son of Joseph J. and Elizabeth (Street) Fields.

Joseph J. Fields was born in Virginia in 1837. He served in the Confederate Army during the entire four years of the Civil War, and came to Missouri in 1865. He located at Linneus, and taught school practically all the remainder of his life. He died in 1917. His remains are buried in the Confederate Home Cemetery at Higginville. His widow, born in Sullivan County on Dec. 31, 1850, now lives at Browning. Their children were: Hermia, the wife of Guy Adams of Browning; W. H., Pine Apple, Ala.; Maude, living at Browning; Victor, the subject of this review; Floy, now married to Claude Manning of Chula; and Claude, address unknown.

Victor Fields attended school at Humphreys, and began work in a store there when he was 16 years old. He spent two years in St. Louis working in the Rice, Styx Wholesale house, and in 1901, he went to Browning and established a general dry goods store. After operating that store for eight years, he sold out and went to Gifford for two years. From Gifford he came to Stanberry in 1912, and traded for the R. B. Coffey Clothing Store. He has operated this business ever since and has made a marked success of his venture. He carries a good line of merchandise, handling the Society Brand clothes for men and boys, Stetson hats and Ralston shoes.

Victor Fields was married on Oct. 16, 1904, to Ollie Dunkin, a daughter of J. H. and Martha Dunkin of Browning. Mrs. Dunkin died in 1915. She and her husband were both born in Iowa. Mr. Dunkin still lives in Browning, where he is a poultry dealer. Mr. and Mrs. Fields have five children: Mary, a student in the Stanberry High School; Ruth in the grammar school; Richard and Harold, twins; and Paul Eugene.

Mr. Fields is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America, the Yeoman, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Knights of Pythias lodges. He was elected alderman of Stanberry in April, 1921. Mr. Fields is a man of keen business ability, energetic and capable. He is one of the highly esteemed men of Stanberry.

Benjamin Pierce, deceased, was a Civil War veteran and a well known farmer of Gentry County, where he came after the close of the Civil War, and bought 160 acres of land which he improved and which is now owned by his widow. Mr. Pierce was born in Clinton County in 1844. His parents were John and Sarah Pierce.

Mr. Pierce was reared in the county of his birth and enlisted there in Company A, 13th Missouri Volunteer Cavalry. After three years of

service, he reenlisted in the Federal service and was placed on duty to cross the plains. He became a prominent farmer in Gentry County, where he spent many years of his life. He was a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and of the Grand Army of the Republic at Stanberry. He died on Feb. 8, 1903, and his remains are buried in the High Ridge Cemetery.

Benjamin Pierce was married on May 29, 1870, to Elizabeth Liggett, born, Jan. 9, 1854, the daughter of Enoch and Frances (Wilson) Liggett. Mrs. Liggett was born in Indiana, and died on the Liggett farm in Cooper Township, Gentry County. Her remains are buried in Cooper Cemetery. Enoch Liggett was well known in political annals of the county. He served as a county judge, and was the representative from Gentry County to the state legislature for a term. After the death of his first wife, he married Sarah Elizabeth Osborn, and to their union three children were born: Enoch, deceased; Joseph, now living in the southern part of Missouri; and Rolla, deceased. Enoch Liggett died in 1895, and his remains are buried in Cooper Cemetery. His son, John Thomas Liggett, has been a member of the Missouri legislature.

To the union of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Liggett) Pierce the following children were born: Sarah F., the wife of William Stephenson of Stanberry; Charles, married Nannie Philips, and is a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; D. M., married Mary Ellen Swaringen, and is a farmer and stockman on the home farm; James H., died at the age of 19 years; Florence, married first to Clyde Brown, and later to Earl Murry, now living at Stanberry; and Benjamin Harrison, married Vinna David, and lives at Stanberry. Mrs. Pierce has the following grandchildren: Clarence, Gladys, Dorothy, Doris and Edgar Pierce; Forest and Bernice Stephenson; Norma and Velma Pierce; Eva, Neva and Mona Frances Brown; Curtis Murry; and Millard Pierce.

Mrs. Pierce has been a resident of this neighborhood for 63 years. She and her husband are both members of the Baptist church, as were also Mrs. Pierce's parents. The Pierce family has been well and favorably known for many years in Cooper Township, where the members of the family have always been esteemed as reliable and capable men and women.

Judge Lester L. Hawthorne, a member of the Big Four Hardware Company of Stanberry, Gentry County, was born in Illinois, the son of Dr. J. A. and C. M. (Yost) Hawthorne. Dr. Hawthorne died at Stanton, Va., his home at that time, in 1899. His widow brought her family to Gentry County in 1901, and she now lives at Stanberry. Dr. and Mrs. Hawthorne had the following children: Leota, now Mrs. Dice of Stanberry; Fred Y., of Stanberry; Harry L., also a resident of Stanberry; Don S., the

cashier of The Bank of Bronson, at Bronson, Kans.; and Lester L., the subject of this review.

Judge Hawthorne was educated in Gentry County. He became connected with the Big Four Hardware Company in partnership with S. J. Dice, Fred Y. Hawthorne and Harry L. Hawthorne, just after he completed his work in the Stanberry High School, and has been with the firm ever since. He is now the vice president of the company of which S. J. Dice is the president; Fred Y. Hawthorne, the secretary-treasurer, and Harry A. Hawthorne, a director of the company and manager of the implement and coal departments. The firm carries a complete line of farm implements, hardware and coal, and does plumbing. The company was organized in 1904, and the business has become a well established enterprise. The company now has a branch store at Clyde, where R. J. Gross is the manager; and another store at Whitesville, where Ed Kerns and Fred Berry are the managers, and at Burlington Junction, Mr. L. D. Severs, manager. At these branch stores the same line of goods is carried that is handled at the main store.

Lester L. Hawthorne was elected judge of the North District in 1920 on the Republican ticket by a majority of about 350 votes. He is now serving his second year in his official capacity, and has made a thoroughly competent officer. The other members of the court are Judge T. N. Regney, and Orvil Brown of King City. The court is starting a Holstein herd at the County Home with ten cows, and one male, purchased from the State Hospital at St. Joseph.

Judge Hawthorne is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Stanberry. He is a man of keen intellect and of marked business ability, and is well and favorably known throughout the county.

J. A. Dresbach, for 42 years a well known veterinary surgeon of northwest Missouri, is a native of Ohio, where he was born in Fairfield County, Oct. 18, 1856, the son of Benjamin and Emily (Roby) Dresbach, both of whom died in Ohio.

Dr. Dresbach has lived in Stanberry, Gentry County, since 1890, and has practiced his profession in this and surrounding counties all of that time. He attended the Toronto Veterinary College in Toronto, Ontario, in his youth, and graduated from that institution in 1875. He later practiced in Ohio for 10 years, and for two years in the West. He came to Gentry County from Dallas, Texas, and for the years prior to that time, he had worked in the states of Nebraska, Colorado, Indiana and Texas. He was a pioneer in his work in northwest Missouri, and soon established an excellent business. For many years he did all of the veterinary work

for C. A. Comstock, Robert Chenowith, Daniel Gibson, and Mr. McClelland, all prominent stockmen of Gentry County. At the same time, Dr. Dresbach widened his territory to include Daviess, Nodaway, DeKalb, Worth, and Andrews Counties, and he still handles a large practice.

On Aug. 30, 1891, Dr. Dresbach was married to Martha A. Sager, a daughter of Augustus and Eva (Kaiser) Sager, who were pioneer settlers of Cooper Township.

Dr. Dresbach is a Republican, but is independent in his political views. He served on the town council of Stanberry for six years, and was twice elected to the office of mayor. His last term expired in 1907. Dr. Dresbach filled the office with marked success, and went back to private life with the highest esteem of his fellow citizens. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America. In 1902, Dr. Dresbach built his present residence on North Park Street. He is one of Stanberry's reliable and substantial citizens.

Truman Cooper, a fireman with the Union Pacific Railway Company, is a resident of Stanberry, Gentry County. He was born in Cooper Township, Dec. 12, 1895, the son of William M. and Ollie (Van Horn) Cooper.

William M. Cooper was born in Cooper Township, Gentry County, Jan. 6, 1868, the son of J. C. and Polly (Floyd) Cooper. J. C. Cooper was born in 1843, and died on Nov. 23, 1911. He was a member of the Missouri State Militia from Gentry County during the Civil War. His wife was a daughter of Benjamin Floyd, an early settler of Cooper Township. She died Aug. 29, 1921, at the age of 76 years. To her union with J. C. Cooper two children were born: William M., the father of Truman Cooper; and B. L., a resident of Stanberry, who is connected with the Wabash Railway shops. He married Mary Miller.

William M. Cooper attended school in the Floyd district, and followed farming until 1910, when he moved to Stanberry. He and his brother still own a farm of 78 acres three miles west of Stanberry. For several years after he came to Stanberry, Mr. Cooper operated a mill, and was agent for the Collins Oil Company, four years before the mill burned. The mill was burned, and in 1920, he discontinued that work, and since that time has been operating a truck, handling commercial business.

William M. Cooper was married, June 30, 1880 to Ollie Van Horn, a daughter of George W. and Elizabeth (Vinsent) Van Horn. Mr. Van Horn was born in Bucks County, Pa., June 17, 1826, and came to Missouri in 1850. He settled close to Meadville on a farm, and died at Hale, April 8, 1900. His wife was born in Ohio, and died in Missouri, Dec. 19, 1916, at the age of 89 years and nine months. The remains of both Mr. and Mrs. Van Horn are buried in Cooper Cemetery. Their children were:

George L., deceased; Anna, married Mr. Randal, and is now dead; Clara, now Mrs. Brown of Hot Springs, Ark.; Emma, now Mrs. Bierbower of Camden, Minn.; John, living at Meadville; Harriett, now Mrs. Belsher of Junction City, Kans.;; Ida, married Mr. Taggart and lives in Oklahoma City, Okla.; Ada, now Mrs. Madden of Oklahoma City, Okla.; Grant, a resident of Oklahoma City, Okla.; Ollie, now Mrs. Cooper; and two children who died in infancy.

Mr. and Mrs. Cooper had two sons: Irvin, born on Feb. 24, 1891, married Cleota Montgomery on Feb. 18, 1912, and died in Aug. 1920; and Truman, the subject of this sketch. Irvin Cooper left three children, Eldred, Lora Evelyn, and Lester; and they and their mother now live at Gregory, S. Dak.

Truman Cooper was born, educated and has spent most of his life in Gentry County. He married Mary Cure on Dec. 31, 1916, and they have a daughter, Phyllis. Mr. Cooper is a member of the Brotherhood of Fire and Locomotive Engineers. He is a young man of excellent character, industrious, and competent.

Guy Forrest Grissinger, a well known photographer fo Stanberry, Gentry County, was born in Jasper County, Iowa, April 13, 1882, the son of John A. and Gertrude (McClellan) Gressinger. They came to Gentry County, where Mr. Gressinger was a successful farmer for several years. Since March, 1921, Mr. and Mrs. Gressinger have lived at Stanberry. Their children are : Guy F., the subject of this sketch; Oakey, a farmer in Nodaway County; Z. Henry, a resident of Stanberry; and Andrew, a teacher of Gentry County.

Guy Forrest Grissinger attended the public schools of Platte County, and for the past 15 years has followed the profession of photography. He started with home portraits and commercial photographs, and from that beginning has developed his present thriving business. He had a studio at DeKalb for two years, and for the past two years has been located at Stanberry. Mr. Gressinger has one of the best studios in Northwest Missouri and his work shows the skill of the true artist. His is progressive in his methods, and has received the hearty support of the entire community.

Guy Forrest Gressinger was married on Sept. 29, 1918, to Charlotte Mallary, a daughter of Alexander and Charlotte (Pugh) Mallary. Mrs. Mallary was a native of Indiana, and died in Daviess County, in 1896. Her remains are buried in Old Union Cemetery. Mr. Mallary now lives at DeKalb. He was a teacher in Daviess County for 14 years, and since that time has been farming. Mrs. Grissinger has two brothers: Omer, an attorney at Ft. Morgan, Colo.; and Ray, a farmer at Rushville. Mrs. Gres-

singer attended the DeKalb High School and the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College at Maryville. She was a successful teacher in Buchanan County before her marriage.

Mr. Grissinger is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Mrs. Grissinger is a member of the Rebecca Lodge. Mr. Grissinger is an exceptional man in his line of work; a man of energy, ambition and progressive ideals.

Charles Henry Runyon, a locomotive engineer on the Wabash Railway since January, 1888, has lived in Stanberry, since that time. He was born in Highland County, Ohio, June 30, 1862, the son of Eli and Lydia (Shoemaker) Runyon. Eli Runyon died at Stanberry in 1916. Their children were: Charles Henry, the subject of this review; Nellie M., now Mrs. Madison of Seattle, Wash.; Laura, now Mrs. Harter of Everette, Wash.; W. C., Everette, Wash.; Anna E., now Mrs. Wilson of Los Angeles, Calif.; Edward, with the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company, at Council Bluffs, Iowa; and Daniel, with the Union Pacific Railway Company at Council Bluffs, Iowa.

C. H. Runyon attended school in Ohio and at Council Bluffs, Iowa, and began working for the railroad when he was 13 years old. His first position was with the Kansas City, St. Joseph, and Council Bluffs Road at Council Bluffs, Iowa. He later became connected with the Burlington Railway at the same place; and in 1884, accepted a position with the Wabash Railway Company. He later returned to the Burlington Road, but since 1888 has been with the Wabash Company. For the past 22 years he has been in passenger service, and for 16 years has made the night run from Stanberry to Moberly. He makes this trip seven days each week. His record of accidents is the minimum and he has always escaped with only slight injuries. The story of the careful, guiding hand of the locomotive engineer has been told in story and song many times. Mr. Runyon, with 45 years of active work to his credit, is the type that has provided inspiration to writers.

C. H. Runyon was married in September, 1886 to Nora Elmira Rodgers of Council Bluffs, Iowa. Her parents were both natives of Iowa, and died before the marriage of their daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Runyon have the following children: Fay E., married Grace Plymale, and is a locomotive engineer running out of Stanberry; Lottie M., now Mrs. Collier of Stanberry; Charles E., connected with the Wabash Railway at Moberly; Fred H., at home and Vivian, at home.

Mr. Runyon is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and the Knights of Pythias. He served as the chairman of the grievance committee of the Brotherhood

of Locomotive Engineers, and has been the secretary of that lodge of which he has been a member since 1891. Mr. Runyon is a man well known in his business capacity for his level head and sure hand. He is capable, energetic, and, during his long period of service with the Wabash Company and his residence in Stanberry, has established an excellent reputation.

D. L. Collier, a well known locomotive engineer with the Wabash Railway at Stanberry, Gentry County, was born in Upshire County, W. Va., April 23, 1854, the son of John and Emmaranda (Banackman) Collier. They settled in Indiana, later moving to Iowa, and in 1874, to Missouri, where they located in Moniteau County. John Collier was a farmer. He died in Pennsylvania at the age of 74 years and Mrs. Collier died at Monett, Mo., at the age of 56 years. Their children were: Frank, an engineer at Pacoso, Wash.; Owen, a conductor on the Wabash Railway at Stanberry; Lewis, operating a hotel at Tacoma, Wash.; Harriett, now Mrs. Torey of Calif.; Anna, now Mrs. Mitchell of Bozeman, Mont.; and D. L., the subject of this sketch.

D. L. Collier, second child of his parents, was educated in Indiana, and Iowa. When he was 20 years old, he began work for the Missouri Pacific Railway Company out of Tipton. He later went to Burlington, Iowa, and worked for the Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy Railway Company; then to Moberly, where he again became connected with the Wabash Company, in whose service he has remained ever since. For the past 15 years, he has operated a passenger engine. Mr. Collier has never wrecked a pilot nor an engine, nor has he had an accident or wreck in his life, although he says that such a thing might happen any time. Mr. Collier makes the run between Stanberry and Brunswick, leaving Stanberry one day and returning the next. In 1897 Mr. Collier moved to Stanberry. Several years prior to that time, he had lived in Stanberry for a while.

D. L. Collier was married on Oct. 1, 1876 to Sonora Jones, a daughter of Wilson K. and Harriet A. (Fisher) Jones. Mr. Jones was born in Ohio, and his wife, in Virginia. He was a Civil War veteran, enlisting from Morgan County, Mo., and died while in service. Mrs. Jones died in Oregon, at the age of 83 years. Mrs. Collier has a sister and three brothers living: William Henry, living in California; Geogre W. and Joseph W., twins, both living in Oregon; and Mary, now Mrs. Smith of Lakeview, Orgeon. Mrs. Collier was educated in the Morgan County schools, and was living in that county at the time of her marriage. To her union with D. L. Collier the following children were born: Nettie F., married to David Turner of Ogden, Utah; Rosa L. and Daisy D., twins, the former married to Howard Graham of Stanberry, and the latter the wife of C. H. Parrish of McClennan, Canada; Margaret, married to Ward Boston of Moberly; and Blanche O.,

married to C. E. Wray of Council Bluffs, Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Collier have also these grandchildren: David L., Wesley, Hazel May, and Clarence Turner, Pauline, Marjorie Madeline, and Virginia Arlene Wray, and Loren Howard Graham.

Mr. Collier is a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and his wife belongs to the Auxiliary of that order. Mr. Collier is a competent man in his business, a man highly esteemed for his integrity and industry.

J. J. Smith, who has operated a locomotive out of Stanberry, Gentry County, since 1888, was born in Indiana, Feb. 8, 1857, the son of Ebenezar and Jane (Wiley) Smith. Mrs. Smith died in Stark County, Ill., in February, 1859; and Mr. Smith died in Harper County, Kansas in 1902. Their children were: Julius F., living at Breckenridge, Texas; Joseph J., the subject of this review; James M., living in Iowa; and Mary E., married Mr. Houser and is now dead.

J. J. Smith attended the school of Illinois, and followed farming until he came to Missouri. He located at Stanberry in 1880, and worked as the foreman of the car repair shops for several years. In November, 1884, he began firing and served in that capacity until 1888. In 1888 he was made an engineer, and for the past 25 years, has been on a passenger engine, running between Stanberry and Omaha. Mr. Smith has a photograph of the first engine he ever ran in 1884. It is a Baldwin Mogul type. He has had two accidents by derailment, one in 1912, and one in 1913, but such things are to be expected occasionally.

Mr. Smith was married, June 20, 1877 to Alice Richardson, born in Pennsylvania, a daughter of Andrew and Jane E. (Houser) Richardson. Andrew Richardson was a veteran of the Civil War; he was wounded in the right shoulder during the Battle of Fredericksburg, and died from the effects of the wound. His remains are buried near McConnellsburg, Pa. His widow came west in 1865, and later moved to Harper County, Kan., where she died in 1903. Her children were: Flora, married S. Reed, and they are both dead; Lillie, married James Dusenberry, and died in February, 1917; Alice, now Mrs. Smith; and Mazy, married Frank Patton, and died in 1901.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith have four children: Clarence, married Frances Gallagher, and lives at Stanberry, where he is a conductor for the Wabash Railway; Mabel, married to James L. Miller, the assistant cashier of the Commercial Bank and Stansberry; Flora the wife of Ray Murray, a fireman on the Wabash Railway at Stanberry; and Harry R., living at home, a brakeman of the Wabash Railway. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have four grandchildren: Gaylord, Clarence, and Alice Mary Miller, and Forest Murray.

Mr. Smith is a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. He has won the esteem of his community by his integrity, and has made a successful record in his work by his strict adherence to the work at hand. He is a thoroughly competent and capable man.

Thomas H. Sanford, who has been connected with the Wabash Railway Company at Stanberry, Gentry County, since 1889, is a native of Ohio, where he was born in Noble County, Aug. 18, 1862. His father, Thomas H. Sanford, Sr., was born in 1835, and was a veteran of the Civil War in which he served as First Corporal in the 92nd Ohio Regiment. He was with Sherman on his March to the Sea, and served under General Thomas. He married Elvira Blake, born in 1835, and to their union the following children were born: Thomas H., the subject of this sketch; W. I., connected with the Hewitt Brothers Wholesale Grocery Company at Des Moines, Ia.; Rosalie, died at the age of two years; Flora, died at the age of one and one-half years; Laura Isabell, married Mr. Caverly, and is now dead; and Robert Edgar, married Nellie Fox, and died in Iowa. Thomas H. Sanford, Sr., died at Chariton, Iowa in 1884; and Mr. Sanford died at Stanberry in 1905. Her remains are buried in the High Ridge Cemetery.

Thomas H. Sanford was educated in the schools of Iowa and began work for the Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy Railway when he was 18 years old. He progressed from the positions of wiper, boiler washer, and machanist to his present position of engineer. On Nov. 24, 1889 he came to Stanberry, and took a position with the Wabash, Omaha, and St. Louis Railway, but later remained with this road when it became the Wabash. For the past 23 years, Mr. Sanford has operated the engine on the passenger between Stanberry and Omaha, and from Stanberry to Moberly. Mr. Sanford had one wreck in 1898 caused by his engine striking a cow near Elmore. The cab was torn from the engine, but no other damage resulted.

Mr. Sanford was married, Nov. 4, 1884 to Adele Barrow, a daughter of Andrew J. and Mary Jane (Young) Barrow of Chariton, Iowa. Both Mr. and Mrs. Barrow are dead, and the remains of both are buried at Chariton, Iowa, their home. Mr. and Mrs. Sanford have three children: Earl Edwin, married Flossie Lightle of Stanberry, and is mentioned later in this sketch; Genevieve, graduated from the Stanberry High School and Platte Business College at St. Joseph, now in civil service work in the postoffice at South St. Joseph; and Gaylord Goss, graduated from the Stanberry High School, and from the Chicago Musical College in the class of 1921, now doing advanced piano work in the Chicago Musical College, and teaching in Municipal Hospital under the direction of the Chicago school board; Earl Edwin Sanford graduated from the Stanberry Normal School,

where he took the scientific course. He later became a student in mechanical engineering at Missouri State University, and then was made foreman of the shops at Stanberry, later going to Decatur, Ill., as assistant mechanic for the Illinois Division of the Wabash. He is now located at Moberly, general foreman of the roundhouse. He and his wife have two children; Marjorie Lee, and Robert Eugene.

Thomas H. Sanford is a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and has been the insurance secretary of that order. Mr. Sanford is an efficient engineer, esteemed for his competence and loyalty. He has educated his children along the lines of their interests, and is justly proud of his family.

Salathiel Carter, an enterprising and reliable farmer of Union Township, Daviess County, was born July 21, 1863, in Daviess County, and is a son of E. C. and Lucy A. (George) Carter.

E. C. Carter was born in Franklin County, Ind., April 18, 1833. During the Civil War he served in the militia. When a young man, Mr. Carter came to Missouri and settled on a farm in Union Township, Daviess County, where he carried on general farming and stock raising until the time of his death, July, 1896. He is buried in Centenary Cemetery. Mrs. Carter was a native of Daviess County. She died March 2, 1876, and is also buried in Centenary Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Carter were the parents of seven children, as follows: Maggie, deceased, Salathiel, the subject of this sketch; Viola May, the wife of W. R. Grady, who is engaged in the orchard and truck business in Colorado; Willie G., married Anne B. McCoy, Gallatin; Edgar, farmer, married Iona Vandike, Union Township, Daviess County; Ola E., the wife of Mr. Knepper, living in Sharp County, Ark.; Festus, married Maud Harrison, Daviess County.

Salathiel Carter was reared in Daviess County, and received his education in the district schools. He then engaged in farming in Union Township, where he rented 13 acres of land. He later rented 160 acres and farmed for 25 years. Mr. Carter then purchased his present place in the southwestern part of Gallatin, which he operates. Mr. Carter moved to his present home in March, 1914. Mr. and Mrs. Carter raises turkeys and have won three prize cups at the Gallatin Poultry Shows in 1911, 1912, 1913. Their turkeys were awarded first prizes; one weighed 44 pounds.

On Feb. 28, 1893, Mr. Carter was married to Laura Herndon, a daughter of Joseph and Caroline (Branick) Herndon, natives of Shelby County, Ky., and early settlers of Daviess County. They were the parents of ten children, as follows: Sarah L., deceased, was the wife of Arthur Cravens; Mary Frances, married Charles Brayton; Nancy Elizabeth, the widow of John Holmes, Gallatin; Mrs. Salathiel Carter; John Henry, a carpenter,



MR. AND MRS. SALATHIEL CARTER

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married Grace Fenton, Wichita Falls, Texas; George Washington, a farmer married Emma Woods, Stratton, Colo.; Joseph Sherman, married Etta Belveal, Lucas, Kans.; William Grant, deceased; James Robert, married Elvira Carter, Blythdale, Mo., Annie Belle, married L. C. Hawkins, Carlo, Mo.

Mr. Carter is a Republican and has been a member of the school board for several years. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Rebekah lodge, and the Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. and Mrs. Carter are members of the Baptist church.

Dr. Malcom Monroe Campbell, a prominent pioneer physician of Gentry County who is now deceased, was a native of Canada. He was born in Lanark, Province of Ontario in 1838. He remained in Canada until he was about 21 years of age and received an excellent preliminary education. He followed teaching for eight years and then entered the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor Mich., where he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He then took a special course in Bellevue Hospital in New York City. Thus equipped with a thorough medical education he came to Gentry County in 1887 and located in Albany where he engaged in the practice of his profession. He was an able physician and had a large practice which he continued to within a few years before his death, he having retired and was living on his farm near Albany at the time of his death, Feb. 10, 1920, at the age of 82 years.

Dr. Campbell was not only prominent in the medical profession, but he was a conspicuous figure in the field of politics. He was a Republican and one of the leaders of his party in this section of the state. He attended three national conventions and served as postmaster of Albany for eight years and in that capacity directed the affairs of the office with the high standard of efficiency which was characteristic of all his business and professional undertakings. He was chairman of the Gentry County Republican Central Committee several terms. He was a member of the County, State and American Medical Association.

Dr. Campbell was an extensive land owner in Gentry County, owning 1,400 acres of valuable farm land, besides city property in Albany. He won a wide reputation as a successful stockman and breeder. He introduced pure bred Aberdeen Angus cattle in Gentry County.

Dr. Malcolm Monroe Campbell married Mrs. Laura B. Graham, a native of Albany and a daughter of Israel Crouse, a Civil War veteran now living in Albany. One child was born to Mrs. Campbell's first marriage, F. L. Graham, a farmer and stockman, living near Darlington. To

Dr. Campbell and wife were born three children, as follows: Malcolm Monroe, Jr., farther mention of whom is made below; Mary Catherine, a student in the Albany schools; and Duncan, who is also a student in the Albany public schools.

Malcolm Monroe Campbell, Jr., was reared in Albany and educated in the public schools, attending high school and Palmer College. He is engaged in buying and shipping stock on an extensive scale and also owns and operates his farm of 120 acres one mile north of Albany where he raises Duroc Jersey hogs and is meeting with success, and he also owns 270 acres $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles southwest of Albany which he rents.

On June 30, 1920, Malcolm M. Campbell was married to Dorothy Spangler, a daughter of Frank Spangler of Stanberry. Mr. Spangler died in Washington, D. C., about a year ago.

Mr. Campbell is one of the progressive young business men of Albany and Gentry County and has a wide acquaintance.

J. E. Newcomb, living on West Second street, in Stanberry, Gentry County, is an engineer connected with the Wabash Railway Company. He was born at Pana, Ill., Dec. 3, 1867, the son of Charles H. and Sarah E. (Dewitt) Newcomb.

Charles H. Newcomb came to Stanberry in 1884. He was an engineer for the Wabash Railway, and was a veteran of the Civil War. He served in Company H, 9th Illinois Volunteer Infantry for three years, and was wounded during the Battle of Shiloh. The ball, which he carried the remainder of his life, probably caused his death, which occurred at Stanberry, in September, 1895. His wife, Sarah E. (Dewitt) Newcomb, died at Stanberry in February, 1916. The remains of both are buried in High Ridge Cemetery.

J. E. Newcomb attended the public schools of Illinois, and for a short time was a student in the Stanberry school. In 1886 he started working at the Wabash roundhouse as a caller. He later became a brakeman on the Omaha and St. Louis, now a part of the Wabash system, and in 1900 went into engine service, first as a fireman, and, since 1906, as an engineer. His run is between Stanberry and Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Mr. Newcomb was married on Oct. 23, 1901, to Elsie V. Smith of Whitesville. Mrs. Newcomb was born on Nov. 26, 1880, and died, May 29, 1915. She was a member of the Baptist church, a woman of culture and refinement. Mr. and Mrs. Newcomb had three children: Marion E., graduated from the Stanberry high school at the age of 16 year, is now connected with the San Joaquin Light and Power Company at Bakersfield, Calif.;

Donald S., now a student in the grammar school; and Eugene Charles, died Sept. 3, 1910, when an infant. Since the death of Mrs. Newcomb, her mother, Mrs. Emelia Smith, has kept house for Mr. Newcomb. Mrs. Smith is a native of Iowa, and came to Missouri, when she was a child of six years. She was married on Jan. 4, 1880 in Andrew County to Dr. G. W. Smith. Dr. Smith died at Whitesville, Dec. 8, 1886, and his remains are buried there.

Mr. Newcomb is a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. He is highly esteemed in the community, both as a man who is able and industrious in his business relationships, and as a citizen of high ideals.

Hon. William S. Harden, the representative of Gentry County, was born in Adams County, Illinois, in a log cabin in 1866. His parents were Peter and Amanda (Hecox) Harden. Peter Harden died in Illinois, and his widow afterwards married J. W. DeMoss. They came to Andrew County, Mo., in 1870, and Mrs. DeMoss died in Stanberry in 1916. William S. Harden was the only child born to her first marriage, but by her second marriage she had four children: Fred T., living in Gentry County; Charles W., of Andrew County; Oliver H., of Clay County; and Lessie May, now Mrs. Black of Andrew County.

William S. Harden was reared by his grandfather until he was nine years old. Since that time he has lived in Missouri all of his life with the exception of 18 months spent in Oklahoma. He attended the rural schools of Illinois and Missouri in his childhood, and later was a student in the Stanberry Normal and Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill. He taught school and farmed for 12 years and then entered the mercantile business in Oklahoma. In 1904 he opened a mercantile enterprise at Stanberry, but in 1907 he sold his business and began the manufacturing of copper cable lightening rods. He has conducted this business as both a wholesale and retail business ever since, and has achieved a marked success in the work. Mr. Harden has also continued the active management of his farm of 297 acres of land in Gentry County and 160 acres in Nodaway County. Up to the year 1919 he bred Aberdeen Angus cattle, but discontinued that line of work because of the appearance of tuberculosis in the herd. He maintains however an active interest in everything that pertains to his farm. His factory is located northwest of the Wabash Depot at Stanberry, and is thoroughly equipped for the handling of the volume of business which has resulted from the success of Mr. Harden's labor. He sells the product in practically all the states west of the Mississippi river, and in many eastern states.

W. S. Harden was married, Aug. 12, 1891 to Imogene Hall, a daughter

of John J. and Jeanette (Racey) Hall. Mrs. Hall was born in DeKalb County, and was educated in the Missouri rural schools. Mr. and Mrs. Harden had the following children: Faye now the wife of Alva B. Hughes of Stanberry; W. Guy, a sketch of whom appears later; Alta M., married to Homer J. Wiseley of Stanberry, a veteran of the World War, stationed with the Medical Department at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.; and Cleo E. O., a page in the 51st General Assembly of the Missouri Legislature, designated in the "Blue Book" as the "Page Poet", now a student in the Stanberry High School.

W. Guy Harden was born, July 1, 1895. He attended the public school at Stanberry, and later was a student in Baker University at Baldwin, Kan., and in the University of Chicago. He was inducted into the United States Army on April 26, 1918, and was sent to Camp Funston for two weeks, and then overseas in June, 1918. He was in the training sector with the 89th Division, 356th Infantry until August. His regiment was sent first to the Toule Sector, then to St. Mihiel, and over the Meuse river on the night of Nov. 10th with the First Battalion. The battalion was commanded by a first lieutenant and the forces went through the German line. When the fog lifted the next morning at ten-thirty o'clock, the battalion was moving forward with the German artillery behind it and the German infantry in front. From Company A of this force came three medals of honor men, a record unsurpassed by any company overseas. After the armistice, Mr. Harden was with the Army of Occupation. He served as observer, scout battalion runner, and acted as interpreter in Germany. He returned to the United States in 1919, and was mustered out of service at Camp Funston, June 10th. On July 10th of the same year, he married Bertha Elizabeth Wilson, daughter of John Wilson, of Stanberry. Mr. and Mrs. Harden have two sons, Kenneth Eugene, and W. Guy, Jr.

William S. Harden is a member of the United Commercial Travelers, the Yeoman, and the Woodmen of the World lodges. He is a man whose success in life proves that young men who have ambition and perservance will achieve the aims which they establish for themselves. Mr. Harden says that one of his early ideals was to obtain an education, and this he did, even though it meant a hard struggle. He borrowed money to go to school, and, when he obtained his first certificate to teach at the age of 19 years, was in debt. His pluck and industry were rewarded however, and he soon began to accomplish the things that have made him a prominent man in the county. He has served as a member of the Stanberry Board of Education, as an alderman of the town, as the mayor for one term, and is now a member of the board of the Missouri Wesleyan Institute at Cameron.

For years he was an efficient member of the board of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank. He helped to organize the Gentry County Trust Company, and is now a member of the managing board of that institution.

In November, 1920 election Mr. Harden was elected representative of Gentry County, and his record in the General Assembly of that year proved the wisdom of his constituents. He devoted much time to the subject of taxation, one of the vital issues of that legislature. He served on the committees of Agriculture, Bank and Banking, Redistricting, Township Organization, and County Boundaries. Mr. Harden is a Republican. He is a man who has been an asset to his community. He has high civic ideals and is esteemed one of the progressive citizens of Stanberry, and the county.

D. C. Wilmore, an efficient mechanics helper with the Wabash Railway Company at Stanberry, Gentry County, has held his present position since 1890, during which time he has established a reputation for integrity and loyalty.

Mr. Wilmore was born in Jessamine County, Ky., Oct. 27, 1846, the son of Jacob W. and Mary J. (Walter) Wilmore. Mr. and Mrs. Wilmore came to Missouri, and settled in Grundy County in 1879. Mr. Wilmore died at Trenton in 1888, and Mrs. Wilmore died at the same place in 1890. Their children were: D. C., the subject of this sketch; Sarah C., now Mrs. Crutcher of Mill Grove; Mollie, now Mrs. George of Trenton; Nannie, now Mrs. Dunn; and Hettie, now living in Ohio; and John, deceased.

D. C. Wilmore attended the public schools in Kentucky, and farmed in that state until 1869. At that time he came to Saline County, Mo., and spent seven years farming near Marshall. He then moved to Trenton, where he worked for a year and a half for the Rock Island Railway. Mr. Wilmore's brother, John, was killed near Gallatin, where he was braking on the railway. In 1886 Mr. Wilmore came to Stanberry, and for two years, ran a dray. For another two years, he worked with Mr. Norman in a Dry Goods and Grocery Store. He began work for the Wabash Railway as the caller at the depot at Stanberry. In 1890 he went to the roundhouse, and has held his present position since that time.

Mr. Wilmore was married Feb. 3, 1883, to Josie Martin, the daughter of Thomas and Caroline (Rasher) Martin of Trenton. Mr. and Mrs. Martin were married in Indiana, and later settled on a farm eight miles north of Trenton. Mr. Martin was a prominent farmer, and, at the time of his death, owned 320 acres of land. He was a veteran of the Civil War. Both Mr. and Mrs. Martin died near Trenton. Their children were: Josie, now Mrs. Wilmore; Mrs. L. E. Proctor of Galt; Mrs. Frankie Green of Galt; Mrs. T. C. Marshall, living in Wyoming; Iva Belle, now Mrs. Proctor of

Eugene, Ore.; A. B., died at Trenton; and W. T., was an engineer on the Rock Island Railway, and died at St. Joseph, September, 1921; Elmira, was Mrs. Banta, and died at Trenton; and Hannah A., died at the age of 16 years.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilmore have one daughter, Beulah, married to Fred Milburn, a foreman for the Midland Terminal Railway at Colorado Springs, Colo. Mrs. Milburn was educated at Stanberry and graduated from the high school there. She was married in 1900, and has one daughter, Ruth May.

Mr. Wilmore served as the constable of Cooper Township, Gentry County, for two years. He is a member of the Fraternal Home Society. Since 1887 he has owned a pretty cottage at Stanberry. He is an excellent citizen, one of the reliable and trustworthy men in his line of work.

Maximilian Heyde, a citizen of Stanberry, Gentry County, highly esteemed for his integrity and industry, is a native of Germany, where he was born, Feb. 6, 1845, son of Philip and Elizabeth Heyde. Philip Heyde and his wife both died at Castle, Germany, he at the age of 78 years, and she at the age of 97 years.

Maximilian Heyde came to the United States first in 1868. He had served in the Holstein War in 1864, and in the Austrian War in 1866, and he returned to Germany in 1870 to serve for the remainder of that year and part of 1871 in the Franco-Prussian War. He came back to the United States in September, 1871, and settled first at Marion, Ohio, later going to Plymouth, Ind., and then to Stanberry, Mo., in February, 1893. Since locating at Stanberry he has sold patent medicines, household specialties, and has farmed. He has been a resident of Stanberry since 1893. Mr. Heyde has a sister and four brothers: George, a resident of Plymouth, Ind.; Conrad, lived at Plymouth, Ind., and died in 1921; Gustav, Marion, Ohio; Edward, died in California in September, 1921; and Anna, now Mrs. Young, living in Germany.

Mr. Heyde was married on Feb. 6, 1873 to Sophia Fischer of Marion, Ohio. Their children were Philip, died in Ohio in October, 1874; Conrad Gustav Alfred, married Clara Sager, and is an engineer with the Wabash Railway at Stanberry; John Frederick William, killed in a wreck on the Wabash at Huntsville in 1912; Godfred Maximilian, at home; Paulina Christina Eliza, at home; Annie Wilhelmina, married to Frank Thomas of Stanberry; Adolph Henry, married Catherine Moncrieff, and is a farmer near Byers, Colo.; Christina Dora Johanna, the wife of Joseph Thomas, a carpenter of Neola, Iowa, and a sketch of whose life appears in this volume; Frederick Wilhelm, married Mazie Hall, and lives at Stanberry; Frederick Levi Henry, married Nina Joey Smith, and is a resident of

Byers, Colo.; and George Edward, a farmer living at Byers, Colo. All of the boys have worked for the Wabash Railway, and Godfrey Heyde learned the boiler makers trade in the Wabash shops here. Mr. and Mrs. Heyde have eight grandchildren: William Edward Levi, Godfred Austin, Henry Delmar, Harlin Adolph, and Edith Grandlin Heyde; Carl Frederick Thomas; and Max Wilbur and Dorothy Catherine Heyde.

Mr. Heyde and Mrs. Heyde are capable people, still active in their daily routine of work, and well merit the respect in which they are held in their community.

Amos B. Croy, one of the dependable and loyal engineers connected with the Wabash Railway at Stanberry, was born on Aug. 15, 1862, in Morgan County, Ohio. His parents were Dexter G. and Melissa M. (Tibbles) Croy.

Dexter G. Croy was born in Morgan County, Ohio, and enlisted for service in the Civil War in Company K, 161st Ohio Infantry, serving until the close of the War. He was married in Ohio, and came to Missouri in 1865. He settled first in Andrew County, and came to Gentry County in March, 1892. He bought and shipped stock from Stanberry for a few years, and died at Stanberry in February, 1911. His remain are buried in High Ridge Cemetery. His widow, now 83 years old, was born in Athens County, Ohio, and now lives at Stanberry. To Dexter G. Croy and his wife were born these children: Lewis W., deceased; A. B., the subject of this sketch; Lola, deceased; Ernest, deceased; Otis, deceased; Ollie, now Mrs. Sweitzer of Arcola; E. W., a Methodist minister at Cainsville; and Ella, at home.

A. B. Croy attended the schools of Nodaway County, and has been connected with the railway since 1891. In August of that year he began work on the section at Wilcox, and for the past 15 years, has operated a switch engine at Council Bluffs, Iowa, Moberly, and Stanberry. He moved to his present residence on North Alanthus Avenue in Stanberry in March, 1893.

Mr. Croy was married in March, 1892, to Mary E. Robison, a daughter of John T. and Inues A. (Severn) Robison of Wilcox. Mrs. Robison died in 1888, and Mr. Robison now lives in Oklahoma City, Okla. Mrs. Croy has two sisters: Hattie, now Mrs. Layton of Oklahoma City, Okla.; and Anna, now Mrs. Jones of Burlington. Mrs. Layton and Mrs. Jones are twins. Mr. and Mrs. Croy have two children: Hazel B., at home; and Dale.

Dale Croy was working with the Wabash Railway when the United States entered the World War. He enlisted for service in the United

States Navy at Omaha on April 12, 1917, and was sent to the Great Lakes Training Station, and then to the Navy Yard at Bremerton, Wash. He was discharged from service on Dec. 18, 1919, and was married that same month to Minnie Brown of Los Animas, Col. He now lives in Denver, Col., where he is connected with the general office of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway Company.

A. B. Croy is a member of the Woodmen of the World and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. He is a thoroughly competent engineer, and a citizen who has the esteem of his community.

W. G. Cline, well known as the president of the Daviess County Milling Company at Gallatin, is a native of Pennsylvania, born in Lycoming County, Oct. 12, 1855. He has been actively engaged in the milling business for all of his life having learned the business from his father, K. D. Cline.

K. D. Cline was born in Pennsylvania in 1820. He was a miller by trade, and came to Missouri, where he located on a farm in Clinton County, in 1868. He later bought a partnership in the Lingle & Lingle Flour Mill at Cameron, and retained his connection with that enterprise until his death at Cameron in 1881. Mr. Cline was married twice, the first time, to Caroline Seiple, a native of Pennsylvania, born in 1830. To this union 11 children were born: George W., deceased; Peter P., deceased; William G., the subject of this review; Joseph H., a resident of Paulson, Mont.; Clara, deceased; Ellen, now Mrs. Heltzaple of Cameron; Mary, now Mrs. Lingle of Bethany; Agnes, deceased; Ida, Mrs. Munsell of Kansas City; Amelia, the wife of Frank Feurt, a farmer north of Jameson; and Minnie, now Mrs. McKinzie of Quincy, Ill. Mrs. Cline died at Williamsport, Pa., in 1866. After coming to Missouri, Mr. Cline married a Miss Sears.

W. G. Cline, who was a boy of six years of age at the time of his mother's death, grew up in Cameron, and attended the schools there. He learned the milling business under the efficient instruction of his father. In 1881 he left Cameron, and joined his brother, Peter P. Cline, at Gallatin. Peter P. Cline had spent his boyhood in Missouri, but returned to Pennsylvania later on. He and W. G. Cline were the founders of the present mill at Gallatin and the present success of the company may be traced to the excellent work done by the two brothers in the early days of the enterprise. The industry was operated under the firm name of Cline and Cline, until the death of Peter P. Cline in 1912. The Cline brothers started with a buhr mill, and for six years, used three run of buhrs. Then they put in rolls, and in 1913 the present mill was built, and equipped with three double rolls, two Buckleys, and one high corn mill. An oil engine is used.

The business was incorporated in 1913 with Mr. Cline as president;



DAVIESS COUNTY MILLING COMPANY, GALLATIN

Homer Feurt, vice president; and Dr. R. V. Thompson as secretary. Two men are employed, and the business is one of the successfully managed commercial ventures of the county. During the World War the company had a contract with the government, and the mill was conducted as a part of the government machinery. The trade marks of the mill products are "Sunbeam" and "Old Dutch," and these names are now to be found in all parts of Missouri.

W. G. Cline was married in 1879 to Mary Munsell, born in Ohio in 1858. Her parents were D. A. Munsell, born in Ohio in 1825, and died at Cameron, Mo., in 1888, and Hope (Skidmore) Munsell, born in Ohio in 1830, and died at Gallatin in 1914. Mr. and Mrs. Cline had three children: Gertrude deceased; Fayette, married to C. T. Mills, an assistant in the Daviess County Mill; and Helen at home.

Mr. Cline is a Republican, and is a member of the Methodist church South, of which he is a steward. He was a member of the city council, and served as mayor of Gallatin for two years. He is a keenly observant business man, an excellent citizen, and an asset to his community.

Charles Embree, now deceased, was for many years prominently identified with the business interests of Albany, Mo. He was a native of Ohio, born in Guernsey County. Upon coming to Missouri when a young man he engaged in the grocery business at Albany, Mo., which he conducted for several years. Mr. Embree enlisted in the Union army while yet under age and served through the Civil War in the 15th Ohio Volunteer Infantry. He died in 1887 aged 40 years. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge. He was reared a Quaker and Mrs. Embree was reared a Presbyterian.

Charles Embree was united in marriage with Mary E. Hundley, a daughter of William Langston Hundley, and to them were born the following children: George Hundley Embree, born in Albany, Mo., and is now a member of an amusement company; Charles is a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; Jennie, deceased; and J. W., is a member of the firm of Price and Company, dealers in ladies and gents ready-to-wear garments at Albany.

Mrs. Embree, widow of Charles Embree resides at Albany where she has an extensive acquaintance and is held in the highest esteem.

T. M. Humphrey, now deceased, was a prominent member of the Gentry County bar who for over a quarter of a century was engaged in the practice of law at Albany. He was not only widely known as a capable lawyer, but was recognized as a man of the highest standard of integrity and an unimpeachable character. He was a native of Missouri, born in Platte County in 1850. He was reared in his native county and

after receiving a good preliminary education he entered the University of Missouri. After graduating from that institution, and being admitted to the bar, he came to Gentry County in 1880 where he was engaged in this practice until his death, Feb. 2, 1906.

On July 21, 1887, T. M. Humphrey was united in marriage with Miss Flora E. Hunter. Two children, both of whom died in infancy, were born to Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey. Mrs. Humphrey is a daughter of James B. and Jane B. (Gale) Hunter.

James B. Hunter was born in Saratoga County, N. Y., June 2, 1838. He was a true pioneer of the West and was also a soldier in the Mexican War, participating in the battle of Palo Alto. During the gold excitement he went to California. However, he remained on the coast but a short time when he returned to Missouri. He was one of the very earliest settlers in the vicinity of Albany, having settled here when this section was little settled or developed. In the early pioneer days he often drove to Liberty, Mo., with an ox team to do his trading; Liberty, at that time being the nearest trading point.

To James B. Hunter and Jane B. (Gale) Hunter were born three children as follows: Flora, who married T. M. Humphrey, the subject of this sketch; Dora Crockett and Phoebe G. Marrs. By a former marriage of James B. Hunter the following children were born: Andrew, deceased; George W. resides at Albany; T. J. and Mrs. Mary Jane Furgerson, Albany.

Since the death of T. M. Humphrey, Mrs. Humphrey has resided at her present home in Albany where she is widely known as one of Gentry County's estimable ladies.

T. M. Humphrey was a Royal Arch Mason and a member of the Knights of Pythias. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and was a generous contributor to that church. He was a successful man of affairs and during the course of his career accumulated a competence.

Gustave Spaht, a successful farmer and stockman of Athens Township Gentry County, is a native of Nebraska. He was born in Richardson County, Aug. 25, 1873, a son of Charles and Catherine (Kline) Spaht.

Charles Spaht was born in Baden, Germany, Sept. 11, 1830. He was reared in his native land and when 18 years of age came to America. He had learned the cooper's trade when a young man and after coming to America worked at his trade for a time in Newark, N. J. He then went to South Bend, Ind. He was manager for the South Bend Cooperage Works for a number of years. He was there married to Catherine Kline, April 6, 1858. In 1860 they went to Nebraska Territory where the

father bought a claim of 160 acres and engaged in farming and stock raising.

To Charles and Catherine (Kline) Spaht were born the following children: C. F., a carpenter, Shenandoah, Iowa; Anna, died at the age of five years; John, died at the age of three years; Otto, a carpenter, Stanberry; Edward, who now conducts a cattle ranch in Wilson County, Kansas; Charles, a carpenter Shenandoah, Iowa; Gustave, the subject of this sketch; and A. W., an electrical engineer who was for three years employed by the General Electric Company at Schenectady, N. Y., and who is now in the employ of the Big Ben Corporation in Illinois; Henry, who is engaged in farming and stock raising in DeKalb County, and Ida, married Homer Boyd, now deceased and she lives at Albany.

Gustave Spaht was reared in Nebraska and educated in the public school and Mount Taber Academy. He worked as a telegraph operator in early life and has also followed farming.

Mr. Spaht was married Dec. 10, 1902, to Miss Flora E. Holden, a daughter of John and Mary (Williams) Holden, natives of Raleigh, S. C. The Holden family came to Gentry County, about 1892 and settled near King City where the father engaged in farming and stock raising. Mrs. Spaht is one of the following children born to her parents: Flora E. married Gustave Spaht; Luther, Kansas City; John A., lives near King City; Robert E., a veteran of the world War who saw much service in France was disabled in service, is now collector of taxes of King City; Charles B., lives in Wyoming; Isaac B., a farmer near King City; William Ray, enlisted for service for war from Colorado and is supposed to have been lost off the coast of Ireland when an army transport was torpedoed by a German submarine; Ethel died at the age of 21 years and Frank, a rancher in Texas.

To Gustave Spaht and wife have been born six children as follows: Velma Mary, deceased; Carlos G., a student in high school; Leona, a student in the public schools; J. F.; Alma; and Homer, all of whom are attending the public schools.

Mr. Spaht is a Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian Church and a member of the Masonic Lodge; he is a progressive farmer and stockman and was the first man in Gentry County, to introduce Holstein cattle and he owned the first silo in Gentry County.

He owned the land where the Burlington depot now is and sold it to the Burlington Railroad Company. He now owns 40 acres adjoining the depot property and 85½ acres southwest of town. He raises pure bred Holstein cattle.

Eugene L. Bethel, who is extensively engaged in automobile painting and trimming at Albany, is one of the widely known and dependable citizens of Gentry County. He is a native of Missouri, born in Caldwell County in 1884, a son of John and Charlotte (Dustin) Bethel natives of Kentucky who settled in Caldwell County at an early date where the father was engaged in farming and stock raising.

To John and Charlotte (Dustin) Bethel were born the following children: Maude, died in infancy; Robert A., a farmer and stockman in Caldwell County, married Autie Brewer; Eugene L., the subject of this sketch; Etta, was educated in the Synodical College, Fulton, Mo., and is a teacher in North Dakota, married Leroy Baney; Pearl, married Harding Baker and lives in Caldwell County; John who is engaged in farming and stock raising in Caldwell County, married May Orr; Lynd, who is engaged in farming and stock raising in Caldwell County, Mo., Lenora, married Carl Bennett, Kingston, Mo.

Eugene L. Bethel was educated in the public schools, receiving a high school education and began life as a farmer and stock raiser. Later he learned the painter's trade, becoming very proficient in sign painting. Later he engaged in automobile painting in which he has specialized for years. He is a skilled worker and is widely known over a large scope of territory for the excellency of his workmanship. He has built up a large and profitable business in comparatively a short time.

Mr. Bethel was married to Goldie Hardy of King City. She is a daughter of Thomas L. and Katurah (Mendenhall) Hardy. Mrs. Bethel is one of the following children born to her parents: Thomas Howard, born May 1, 1883, an electrician in the employ of the Western Electrical Company, married Mabel Jeffries; Sylvia, born Feb. 7, 1893, was educated in high school and the State Teachers College at Maryville, taught in Harrison, Worth and Gentry Counties, married Ruby Voyles, a mining engineer at Superior, Wyo.; Arta L., born Dec. 15, 1886, died in 1900 and is buried at Winslow, Mo.

Thomas L. Hardy was born in Indiana in 1864 and his wife is a native of Ohio. He is a Mason, a member of the Yeoman Lodge. A Republican and a member of the Presbyterian Church.

To Eugene Bethel and wife have been born the following children: Wayne, born March 30, 1909; Maxine, born July 1, 1913; John Thomas, born Aug. 8, 1915; Jewell Leon, born Nov. 6, 1918; Orpha Charlotte, born May 25, 1920, and Ruth Katurah, born Jan. 16, 1911, died in infancy.

Mr. Bethel is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows,

Yoeman, and is a Republican. He is a member of the Christian Church.

W. B. Sampson, a veteran of the World War, who is a member of the firm of Sampson & Frazee who are engaged in the garage and automobile business at Albany, is one of the progressive and enterprising young men of Albany and Gentry County. He is a native son of Gentry County and was born June 18, 1897, the son of Thomas and Nancy (Thompson) Sampson. Thomas Sampson was born in Gentry County and belongs to an old pioneer family of this section of the state.

To Thomas and Nancy (Thompson) Sampson were born the following children: Bash, was born in Gentry County and married A. G. Goff, a farmer and stockman of Browning; Harry, was born in Gentry County and now is engaged in farming and stock raising near Albany; Ola, born in Gentry County, married Kenneth Murrell, a farmer and stockman near Albany; and W. B., the subject of this sketch.

W. B. Sampson was reared in Gentry County and received his education in the public schools and attended high school. When the United States declared war against Germany he came within the selected draft service and was assigned to the Mechanical Corps and was sent to St. Louis where he remained in the service and devoted to automobile mechanics until after the armistice was signed. He received his honorable discharge from the service Dec. 19, 1918.

After receiving his discharge from the army Mr. Sampson returned to Albany and engaged in the garage business. He is an expert mechanic and thoroughly master of his business. He has built up a large trade and is one of the dependable young men of Gentry County.

W. P. Graves, a Civil War veteran who for the past 20 years has served as Justice of the Peace and is also engaged in the real estate and insurance business at King City is one of the widely known and highly respected citizens of Gentry County. He is a native of Missouri, born in Andrew County, Oct. 2, 1848, a son of Abner and Catherine (Henderson) Graves, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Ohio. They were the parents of the following children: Nelson, a blacksmith, in Andrew County; Francis, deceased; Sarah, deceased; Lillian Fay, deceased; Abner, deceased; Joshua, Civil War veteran, deceased; W. P., the subject of this sketch; Barbara, married Elias Wright, Savannah, Mo.; Lydia F., married Amos Hoffman, and is now a widow residing in St. Joseph, Mo.; Parthena Jane, married John Curlick, Portland, Ore.; William, a farmer, Washington State; Catherine, also lives in Washington; Newton, a Spanish-American War veteran, now engaged in farm-

ing in the state of Washington; Rose A. G. Fraser, a widow who is engaged in chicken raising, Sacramento, Calif.

Abner Graves, the father of W. P. Graves, was engaged in farming and stock arising in Andrew County practically all of his life. After the Civil War broke out, he and seven others were the first to raise the stars and stripes in Andrew County, and during the Civil War he served in the 5th Missouri Cavalry; he was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church.

W. P. Graves was reared on a farm and educated in the public schools of the early times and during the Civil War, long before he reached his majority, he enlisted in the Union army, becoming a member of Company B, 43rd, Missouri Infantry. He was mustered out of service at St. Louis after the close of the war and received his honorable discharge; he then returned home and for eight years was employed on the cattle ranges of the West. As a memento of his cowboy days, he has on exhibition in his office his cowbell which he lost in Powder River, Col., and which was afterwards found and sent to him, being identified by his initials thereon. It also bears the date of 1876. While in Gentry County on a visit he was persuaded to settle here; he bought a small farm which he later sold to his brother, William, and also sold his corn at the same time for 11 cents per bushel. He then went to Ford City where he served as postmaster for three terms when he resigned and removed to King City where he has been Justice of the Peace for 20 years.

Mr. Graves was married to Nelia Rainey, a daughter of Benjamin L. Rainey. Mrs. Graves is one of four children born to her parents, three of whom are now living: Ida, married W. J. Hobbs, Douglas, Okla.; and Elizabeth resides with Mr. and Mrs. Graves at King City, and Mrs. Graves.

Mr. and Mrs. Graves have no children but reared a boy, Emmett Rainey, a nephew of Mrs. Graves. He is now married and in the employ of the Loudon Manufacturing Company at Minneapolis, Minn.

Mr. Graves is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, King City Post, and is Past Commander, and has served as Adjutant several years. He has been active in the Grand Army of the Republic and has been Aid-de-Camp on the staff of the National Chief Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a Republican, and belongs to the Christian Church.

Delbert D. Snapp, a well known citizen of King City who is a veteran of the World War, is a native of Gentry County. He was born at King City July 6, 1887, and is a son of J. A. and Rebecca Jane Snapp. J. A. Snapp was born at Greenbush, Ill. Rebecca Snapp bore the maiden name of Brown and was a daughter of Daniel C. and Jane (Bottom) Brown, both natives of Connecticut and both died in Wisconsin. They were the parents of two children: Mrs. Snapp and Daniel who is an extensive farmer and stockman and a large land owner, residing at Empire Prairie, Andrew County.

To J. A. and Rebecca Jane (Brown) Snapp were born two children: Avery A. and Delbert D., the subject of this sketch. Avery A. Snapp was born at King City, Sept. 7, 1884, and now is engaged in general farming and stock raising near King City. He was married to Nettie B. Keys and they have two children: Harold and Garland.

J. A. Snapp is a well known farmer and stockman and is the owner of 320 acres of land which is well improved. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge and is a Democrat.

Delbert D. Snapp was reared on the home place and received a good preparatory education in the local schools and high schools. He then entered the University of Missouri where he took the Academic courses and also the law course. After attending the University, he took up the study of law. Shortly afterwards, he was appointed City Attorney of King City and has served in that capacity for several terms.

When the United States entered the World War, Mr. Snapp enlisted in the Quartermaster Department. He was assigned to the Motor Transport Corps. At first he was sent to Jefferson Barracks, near St. Louis and afterwards to Camp Megs where he served as general office clerk. From there he was sent to France where he was connected with the dispensing of motor truck supplies. He remained in France in connection with this department until after the armistice was signed when he was returned to the United States and after remaining for a time at Camp Taylor, Ky., he received his honorable discharge June 27, 1919.

After receiving his discharge from the army, Mr. Snapp returned to King City. He is City Attorney at the present time. Shortly after returning to King City he took an active part in the organization of the American Legion and at the organization of the local Post he was elected Vice-Commander and has also served as Post Commander. The American Legion Post at King City is a strong organization and now has 61 members in good standing. During the state convention of the American Legion held at St. Joseph in 1921, he was selected as a member of

the Executive Committee, representing the Third Congressional District and is now serving in that capacity.

Mr. Snapp is a member of the Masonic Lodge at King City and is a Democrat. He is a member of the Christian Church and one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Gentry County.

Anthony Peniston, a leading farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, and owner of 167 acres of well improved land, was born April 13, 1858, on the farm where he now resides, and is a son of Theodore and Susan C. (Williams) Peniston.

Theodore Peniston served under General Clark in the Black Hawk War. He then studied law and was admitted to the bar. After practicing for several years at Gallatin, he engaged in farming in Jackson Township. He came to Daviess County in 1831 with his father, Robert P. Peniston, who was one of the first settlers in Daviess County, and one of the founders of Millport. This town was started east of Grand River, and was burned by the Mormons. Robert P. Peniston's mother was Nancy Nuttle.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Peniston were the parents of eight children, four of whom are now living: Anthony, the subject of this sketch; Wm. P., postal department of Kansas City; Mary A., wife of Henry Hamilton, Jackson Township; Robert L., Livingston County. Mr. Peniston was born in Jessamine County, Ky., May 6, 1812, and died Nov. 8, 1892. His wife was born Aug. 2, 1827, in Bedford County, Va., and died in January, 1911. They are both buried at the Centenary Cemetery, known as the old Peniston Cemetery.

Anthony Peniston has been a farmer during his entire life. He married Minnie R. McClung on Dec. 22, 1887. She is the daughter of Ed. C. and Elizabeth Catherine (Rhea) McClung, natives of Daviess County, and Virginia. Mr. McClung died several years ago and his wife is now living in Missouri. Mrs. Peniston was born in Jamesport Township, April 5, 1870.

Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Peniston, as follows: Robert H., living at home; Edna, wife of Robert T. Pogue, Grand River Township; Jennings Bryan, at home. He has served in the United State Navy and during the World War he crossed the ocean six times, and served 14 months. On his last trip General Pershing was aboard.

Robert H. Peniston has been a mute since his birth, and was educated in the Fulton, Mo., Institution for the Deaf and was a very unusually apt student. Dec. 16, 1915, he was married to Bertha Bafford Schlegel, a daughter of Alex. and Mary (Bafford) Schlegel. She was born in Omaha, Neb., April 2, 1893, and is also a mute. The Schlegel family live at Wellington, Mo., and Mr. Schlegel is editor of the Wellington News. To Mr.



MR. AND MRS. ANTHONY PENISTON

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and Mrs. Robert Peniston two children have been born: Evelyn V., and Alex. Anthony. They have always made their home with Mr. Peniston's father.

Anthony Peniston is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. He is a charter member of the Farmers Co-Operative Association of the state of Missouri. Mr. Peniston has been very successful in general farming and stock raising, especially in breeding registered Chester White and Poland China hogs. He is also a small grain farmer.

Mr. Peniston relates the story of a Mr. Creason, who in 1838, went in search of honey from Splawn Ridge near Gallatin, in company with his nephew. Mr. Creason accidentally shot himself through the hip, and his nephew started back in search of aid. In the meantime a snow storm came up, and the rescue party, including Mr. Theodore Peniston, could not locate Mr. Creason for several days. When found he was almost dead from exposure and starvation. Indians lived in this country at that time as Mr. Creason's nephew stayed at an Indian camp until the following spring.

William Parks, now deceased, was for many years identified with Gentry County where he worked at his trade which was that of a carpenter. He was born in Jacksonville, Ill., and was reared to manhood in that state. He married Anna Sibbald, a native of New York state, and to them were born seven children all of whom are deceased. They are as follows: Lulu, Walter, Harry, Clarence, Arthur, Hallie, and James Raymond.

James Raymond Parks was a soldier in the United States Army in the World War and made the supreme sacrifice, giving up his life on the battle fields of France. He was born in Gentry County May 29, 1893. He was educated in the public schools of Gentry County, attending high school. He was engaged in automobile work. When the United States entered the World War, he became a member of Company B, 365th Regiment, 89th Division. After a period of training of three weeks at Camp Funston, Kan., he was sent from there to France with his Division. He participated in the severe fighting in which his Division took part. On Nov. 4th, seven days before the Armistice was signed, after being severely wounded himself, he was attempting to rescue the lieutenant of his company who was also wounded and they were both killed by the explosion of a high power shell. His remains were buried in France but later shipped to the United States, reaching Hoboken, N. J., Sept. 16, 1921, and shipped from there to King City, reaching the later place Sept. 23, 1921. The body of another soldier Lawrence Hamel of King City was also shipped here at the same time, and a double funeral was

held with military honors and the remains of James Parks is now resting in the Millen Cemetery north of King City.

Mrs. Parks is an estimable lady and has many friends in King City where she has made her home these many years.

W. L. Cole, a well known funeral director of King City, has been engaged in business here since 1898. He is a native of Missouri and is a member of one of the very early pioneer families who settled in Andrew County at an early day. W. L. Cole was born in Andrew County, May 29, 1866, and is a son of Jesse and Caroline (Osborn) Cole. Jesse Cole was born in Indiana and his wife was a native of Daviess County, Mo. They spent their lives engaged in farming and stock raising in Andrew County. Jesse Cole served in the State Militia during the Civil War. He was a life long Democrat and a consistant member of the Christian Church.

W. L. Cole was one of six children born to his parents, the others being as follow: George, who was murdered when six years old; Mary Ann, deceased; John, who is engaged in farming and general stock raising near Canon City, Col.; Oliver, an electrician of St. Joseph.

W. L. Cole was reared on the home farm in Andrew County and received his education in the public schools. He began life for himself as a farmer and in 1894 worked in a furniture and hardware store in King City. and in 1898 he engaged in the undertaking business at King City and since that time has been successfully engaged in that business. His business extends over a large scope of territory and he maintains a branch establishment at Union Star and one at Whitesville.

Mr. Cole was united in marriage with Miss Ida E. Edwards, a daughter of Henderson and Elizabeth (Lemaster) Edwards, who were the parents of the following children: Ella, married Montgomery Slemmons, a ranchman who lives in Texas; Alice, a practicing physician herself, married Dr. Mayhew, an eye, ear and throat specialist and they are engaged in the practice of their profession in Atchison, Kan., and St. Joseph, Mo.; Cora May, married Joseph Bright, a farmer near Savannah, Mo.; Dr. William B., an osteopathic physician, engaged in the practice of his profession at Concordia, Kan., and Ida E., who married W. L. Cole of this review. She was associated with her husband in the undertaking business and was a licensed embalmer. She died Dec. 28, 1921. She was one of the first lady licensed embalmers in this section of the country and was recognized as a woman of unusual business ability.

During the course of their business career Mr. and Mrs. Cole have buried over 2,000 people.

Mr. Cole is an enterprising man and one of the dependable citizens of Gentry County. He is a member of the I. O. O. F. at King City.

Rufus H. Limpp, mayor of King City and owner of the King City Oil Company, is one of the progressive and enterprising men of Gentry County. He was born in Holt County, Nov. 10, 1894, a son of John R. and Irma (Durette) Limpp and is one of two children born to them, the other one being W. R. Limpp. W. R. Limpp was born in Holt County, married Strausie Follett and lives $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles northwest of King City. John R. Limpp is a prosperous farmer and stockman and the owner of a valuable farm of 280 acres five miles north of King City.

Rufus H. Limpp was reared on a farm and attended the district schools and high school. He then engaged in the garage business which he continued for eight years in King City. In 1919 he engaged in the oil business as proprietor of the King City Oil Company to which he has devoted his attention with well merited success to the present time.

Mr. Limpp was married Nov. 15, 1913, to Miss Sylvia M. Rardin, a daughter of Miles and Lena (Miller) Rardin. Mrs. Limpp is the only living child by her father's first marriage. One child died in infancy. To Miles Rardin's second marriage were born two children: Leona and Louise, both attending the public schools. Miles M. Rardin resides in Longmont, Colo., and is the proprietor of a moving picture show at that place. To Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Limpp have been born two children: John Milo and Rufus Pershing.

Rufus H. Limpp has other interests in addition to the oil business and is the owner of one-half interest of 240 acres of land near King City. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, A. F. and A. M., No. 377, King City, and the Shrine, Moila Temple, St. Joseph, Mo. He is a Republican and one of the dependable citizens of Gentry County. He was elected mayor of King City in 1922 and now serving in that capacity.

A. Rizzi, who for many years was successfully engaged in farming and stock raising, is now living a retired life at King City, after having accumulated a competence by industry and good management which are always the chief elements of a successful career. Mr. Rizzi was born in northern Italy and emigrated to America in 1875. He came to Gentry County where he was engaged in farming and stock raising about seven years. Later he went to Kansas where he homesteaded 320 acres of land. After remaining in that state four years, he sold his land there and returned to Missouri and bought 85 acres in Gentry County. He sold that land later and bought 80 acres in DeKalb County where he lived for four years. He then returned to Gentry County where he

bought 120 acres. Six years later he sold that and bought 200 acres which he later sold and bought 235 acres in DeKalb County which he still owns. This is a valuable and well improved place upon which stands a beautiful two-story residence and the other farm buildings and improvements are of a high standard. After retiring from active farming operations Mr. Rizzi moved to King City where he has a nice residence on Main Street and other city property.

Mr. Rizzi was married to Miss Pauline Kaiser, a daughter of Conrad and Martha (Knoepfel) Kaiser. Mrs. Rizzi is one of the following children born to her parents: Mrs. Eva Sager, near Stanberry, Mr.; Henry, a retired farmer and stockman, Beatrice, Neb.; Lizzie and Louise, twins, Lizzie married Fred Herman of Kansas City and Louise married Charles Shultz and they are both deceased; Caroline, married James Simmons, a farmer and stock raiser and lives in Oklahoma; Anna, married Fred Shultz, King City; Lydia, married Arthur Boner, deceased; Mary, married August Jacoby, a farmer and stock raiser, near Ford City; Ella, married Paul Kabus, a miller and farmer now living in St. Joseph, and Mrs. Rizzi. The first two children were born in Germany and the other in Missouri.

To A. Rizzi and wife has been born one child, Jeanette, now the wife of Landry C. Loest, who is engaged in farming and stock raising, raising Poland China hogs, Aberdeen Angus cattle and standard bred poultry, and lives in Miller Township.

Mr. Rizzi is a Republican and he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church. They are highly respected citizens of King City where they have a wide acquaintance and many friends.

Frank Morton, a well known contractor of King City, is a native of Missouri and is the son of Gilkey and Sarah (Slater) Morton, the former a native of Maine and the latter of New York.

Gilkey Morton was born in Bangor, Maine, and was a blacksmith by trade. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church and is now deceased. To Gilkey and Sarah (Slater) Morton were born the following children: One died in infancy; Louise, married Thomas Howard, a farmer and stockman, Lomax, Ill.; Helen, married John Walker, who was engaged in the furniture business and he and his wife are now deceased; Carrie, deceased, and is buried at Monticello, Ill.; William, was a rancher and died in Montana; and Frank, the subject of this sketch.

Frank Morton was educated in the public schools and in early life learned the plasterer's trade, beginning at the age of 17 years. For a

number of years he followed that line of work as a journeyman and for several years he has been engaged in contracting during which time he has done some extensive jobs of plastering. He is an expert workman and thoroughly understands his line of work.

Mr. Morton was married to Miss Oka Shout, a daughter of James and Maria Jane (Alexander) Shout, both now deceased. James Shout was a native of Pennsylvania and was reared in that state. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in a Pennsylvania Regiment; during the course of his military career he was taken prisoner and for several months was confined in the Confederate prison at Bell Island, and Salisbury and Libby prisons. After the close of the war he came west. He was engaged in the meat and grocery business and was the owner of 120 acres of land in Kansas and 80 acres in South Dakota. He served as superintendent of the Boys Reform School of Kansas for two years, having received his appointment from Governor Morrill. He was a Republican, a member of the Presbyterian Church and for many years was a prominent Mason. His wife was a very capable woman and served for some time as matron of the Girls Reformatory of the state of Illinois. To James Shout and wife were born four children: Lenora, married Frank Gerlach, Elkton, S. Dak.; Monta Bell, deceased and her remains are buried at Shannon, Ill.; Rosalie, married J. H. Conrad, Elgin, Ill.; and Mrs. Frank Morton of this review.

Mrs. Morton is one of the capable and widely known women, not only of Gentry County, but of the state. She with seven other King City women founded the City Library, which after only a few years now contains nearly 1,000 volumes and is a library of which any town may be justly proud. She was also one of the organizers of the King City Study Club in 1917. This Club was federated the same year and Mrs. Morton was elected district secretary and is now serving her second year as secretary of the local club. Mrs. Morton is a Republican and takes an active and prominent part in political affairs. She was a delegate to the State Republican convention held at Kansas City in 1920 and served as a member of the Committee on Permanent Organization. Mrs. Morton was educated in the public schools and graduated from Lena, Ill., High School and afterward attended the Salina Normal. She is the second cousin of the late President William McKinley and is also related to Judge W. B. Rose of the Nebraska Supreme Court.

To Mr. and Mrs. Frank Morton have been born two children: Mary, deceased and her remains are buried at King City; and Helen Marguerite who is a graduate of the King City High School and Lyceum Arts

Conservatory of Music of Chicago and is now the leading musician at the Princess Theatre in Denver, Col.

Mr. Morton is a Republican and he and Mrs. Morton stand high in the community.

John J. Shrike, the well known and efficient jeweler and optician at King City, is a native of Ohio. He was born at Dayton, Nov. 27, 1851, a son of David and Caroline (Flora) Shirke, the former a native of Germany and the latter of France. They were the parents of nine children, three of whom are living: Caroline, married John Kochner, a farmer and stock raiser, LaCrosse, Wis.; Tillie, who is married and lives in Wisconsin; and John J., the subject of this sketch.

David Shrike came to America at the age of 13 years. He served in the Mexican War, entering the service with the rank of captain. He was promoted to adjutant and afterwards to Colonel. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the Union army and served until the close of the war with the Wisconsin troops. After the Civil War he engaged in the shoemaking business at Tipton, Mo. He then came west and settled in Missouri. He served as mayor at Tipton. He was a Democrat and belonged to the G. A. R. and was Post Commander. He died at the age of 87 years.

John J. Shrike was educated in the public schools and the Dayton Commercial College. After coming to Missouri he served as postmaster at Elston, for seven years. After taking courses in the Jacksonian Optical College of Chicago and the Needles Optical College of Kansas City, Mo., he engaged in optical work 35 years ago. In 1916 he came from St. Louis to King City where he has since been engaged in his line of work as optical jeweler. He is an expert in his line of work and has had years of experience. By his efficiency he has built up a large patronage in King City and vicinity.

Mr. Shrike was married to Miss Mary Stein, a native of Ohio and a daughter of George Stein. To Mr. and Mrs. Shrike have been born the following children: James, deceased; Carrie, married George M. Nelson, a locomotive engineer, St. Louis; Ella, married James Wood, a machinist, Jefferson City; Garnett Woolsey, a blacksmith and wheelright, Sedalia; George David, who is engaged in the dyeing and cleaning business in Nebraska; John D., who is also engaged in the dyeing and cleaning business in Nebraska; Mae, married Samuel Sarbitz, who is engaged in the railroad salvage business in St. Louis; and Charles M., who is engaged in the dyeing and cleaning business at King City. He entered the United States service and was in training for several months at Camp

Dodge, Iowa. He was a member of the 128th Division and was just ready to sail for overseas when the armistice was signed. He remained in the service for some time after that and received his honorable discharge at Camp Dodge, Iowa.

Mr. Shrike is a Republican.

Ebenezer Edgar Blacklock, now deceased, was a successful man of affairs and during the course of his career was a dominant factor in the business development of King City and vicinity. He was one of the widely respected citizens of this community. Mr. Blacklock was a native of Scotland; he came to America in 1851 and remained in New York City for five months. He then went to Wisconsin where he was engaged in foundry work for a time when he went to Rock Island, Ill. From there he went to Australia. Some years later he returned to America and located at St. Louis where he worked at his trade as foundryman. From there he went to Leavenworth, Kan., and took charge of a Great Western Foundry. He was thus employed for five years when he came to Gentry County and bought 320 acres of land. He was successfully engaged in farming and stock raising for 25 years when he retired from the farm and moved to King City. He was interested in the banking and mercantile business and for several years was a director of the First National Bank of King City, and also served as vice president of the King City Hardware Company.

Mr. Blacklock was married to Cornelia Marian Smith, a native of Wisconsin, and a daughter of Quintin and Jeanette (Geddes) Smith. Mrs. Blacklock is one of the following children born to her parents: Hutchison, married Acy Rowley and they are both deceased; Grace, married James O'Neal and both are deceased; James Q., was a veterinary surgeon and died at Madison, Wis.; Robert C., is a retired farmer living in Lemars, Iowa; Augusta was a teacher, married Henry Goodell and they are both deceased; Sarah Jane, died in infancy and is buried at Calidona, Wis.

Quintin Smith, Mrs. Blacklock's father was a very highly educated man and a native of Scotland. He was a prominent educator and at times conducted religious services in the Presbyterian Church. He identified himself with the prohibition party and was active in politics. He served as county recorder, collector and clerk of the court in Wisconsin. For over 50 years he was a devout member of the Presbyterian Church and was a deacon for over 30 years. Mrs. Blacklock has been a member of the same church for 64 years. She is a member of the W. C. T. U. and has been active in temperance work all her life. She was dis-

trict superintendent for 20 years, and for 12 years state superintendent of the department of Sabbath Observance. She won the state, national and district prizes in medal contest work and won more prizes than any other superintendent. She has been a Sunday School teacher for over 50 years.

Ebenezer Edgar Blacklock died Dec. 28, 1919 and his remains are buried in the Cemetery at King City. His widow who is one of the estimable ladies of Gentry County resides at King City.

William L. Blacklock, now deceased, was a prominent farmer and stockman of Gentry County and a member of one of the pioneer families of western Missouri. He was born in St. Louis, a son of Thomas M. Blacklock, a native of Scotland. William Blacklock was a successful farmer and the owner of 240 acres of land in Gentry County. He was extensively engaged in stock raising as well as general farming. He raised Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs, and a great many horses and mules. He took an active part in the progress of the community and the development of his county. He served as president of the local school board for 20 years. He was a Republican and a member of the Presbyterian Church. He died March 15, 1919, and his remains are buried at King City.

Thomas M. Blacklock, father of William Blacklock, married Jeanie Crawford and the following children were born to them: James C., a farmer and stockman, near Stanberry; Thomas, deceased, and his remains are buried in the Millen Cemetery; Eben E., a farmer and stockman, living north of King City; Lawrence Bruce, a farmer and stockman, living on the old Blacklock homestead in Jackson Township Gentry County; Dr. David E., a physician and surgeon engaged in the practice of his profession at King City. He served in the Medical Corps of the United States army during the World War and was on duty at Hoboken, N. J., when the armistice was signed.

William Blacklock was married March 1, 1885, to Miss Ida M. Eads, a daughter of John A. and Lavina T. (Watt) Eads. Mrs. Blacklock was one of the following children born to her parents: Martha, Carry Ann, Colonel Harding, all of whom are deceased; and Perry J., a farmer and stockman near Lawson, Mo.; Fanny L., married W. M. Washburn, a farmer and stockman who is now deceased, and she lives at Wilsonville, Neb.; Melia W., married Stephen A., Pittensbarger, a farmer and stockman, near Fairport; and Ida M., who married William Blacklock, the subject of this review. John A. Eads was a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He and his wife are both de-

ceased and their remains are buried at King City. They were both natives of Kentucky and came to Missouri in 1870 and settled near King City and spent the remainder of their lives here.

To William and Ida (Eads) Blacklock was born one child: Myrtle E., born in Gentry County, educated in the public schools and Palmer College at Albany and married J. W. Preston, and she is now deceased.

The Blacklock family is one of the prominent families of Gentry County and Mrs. Blacklock is well known and highly respected in the community.

Rufus Fayette Brown, now deceased, was prominently identified with the agricultural interest of Gentry County for many years; he was born in Connecticut in 1829, a son of Rufus Brown and his mother's maiden name was Fuller.

Rufus F. Brown came to Missouri at an early day and engaged in farming and stock raising in the vicinity of King City. He was an extensive cattle raiser and well known as a successful breeder. He raised Durham cattle, Percheron horses and at the time of his death was the owner of 280 acres of well improved land. He took an interest in local affairs and served as clerk of the district school for 28 years. He was a life long Republican and a member of the time honored Masonic Lodge. During the Civil War he served in the Home Guards. He died May 30, 1893.

Mr. Brown was married to Dorothy Bennett, a daughter of Andrew and Anna (Abbott) Bennett. Andrew Bennett was born in Ireland of Scotch descent, and came to America when a boy. He died in Canada in 1865 and the family came to Missouri in 1867.

Mrs. Brown was one of 13 children born to her parents; the others living, being as follows: John, an Episcopal minister in Kansas City; Lucretia, married William Powrie and lives in Wisconsin; Andrew, former editor of The Owl, Stanberry; Ann, married John Weaver and they live in Wisconsin; Edward, a retired farmer, King City; Mary, married George Kemp, King City; and Ida, married Julius Klaas and they live near St. Joseph. By his first marriage to Nancy Hopkins he had two children: Carlos, Rockyford, Col., and George, Lawrence, Kan.

Mrs. Brown has a nice residence in King City and is one of the highly respected women of Gentry County and is well known.

J. T. Wagers, a well known real estate and loan man of King City and a member of the firm of Millan and Wagers, general merchants, who is also extensively interested in farming and stock raising is a native of Kentucky. He was born in Estill County in 1856, a son of Simp-

son and Martha (Gentry) Wagers both natives of Kentucky. Gentry County receives its name from the same Gentry family of which Martha Gentry Wagers was a member. Simpson and Martha Gentry Wagers were the parents of the following children: James L., deceased; Coleman, a fruit raiser, lives in California; O. G., also a fruit raiser, lives in California; Mary Lizzie, married John Haley, a farmer and stockman, living in DeKalb County; Mildred, married Frank E. Crider and she lives in California; and J. T., the subject of this sketch.

Simpson Wagers, father of J. T. Wagers, settled near Amity, DeKalb County in 1870 and engaged in farming and stock raising. He was a Democrat and took a prominent part in local affairs and served on the local school board for 20 years. He was a member of the Christian Church. He is now deceased and his remains are buried at Amity, and his wife is also buried there.

J. T. Wagers was reared on a farm and educated in the public schools. He began his independent career as a farmer in operating his father's farm. In early life he taught school for two terms teaching at the Morton school house. He is the owner of a well improved farm of 240 acres in DeKalb County and is interested in breeding pure bred stock in addition to his real estate and loan and mercantile business which he conducts at King City. He has been interested in the mercantile business in King City since 1883 and this is the oldest business house in King City.

Mr. Wagers was married to Miss Lydia Cunningham in 1877, a daughter of John and Mary Jane Cunningham, natives of Indiana. Mrs. Wagers is one of three children born to her parents as follows: Mary, married Walter Gregory and they are both deceased; R. H., a contractor, living in Los Angeles, Calif.; and Lydia, the wife of J. T. Wagers of this review.

To J. T. Wagers and wife have been born the following children: Ada, who was educated in the public schools, high school and the State Teachers College at Warrensburg, was a successful teacher in Gentry and DeKalb Counties before her marriage, is now the wife of Albert Ennis, an attorney at Festus, Mo.; Dessie, married Ellis B. Stephenson, a trainmaster for the Missouri Pacific railroad, Jefferson City; Sibyl, was educated in the public schools and the Kansas City Academy of Music, is now the wife of Hershel Yates, a merchant of King City; Frank E., a traveling salesman of Cameron; Jack, was in the service during the World War and is now a student in the Dental Department of Washington University, St. Louis.

Mr. Wagers is a Democrat and has served on the school board for ten years. He was the Democratic candidate for the legislature in 1920 but was defeated in the political landslide of that year. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, Modern Woodman of America and the Christian Church. He is a substantial citizen and one of the dependable men of Gentry County. He has been president of the King City Chatauqua for 16 years and this is one of the successful chatauquas of western Missouri. He is one of the original trails and good roads boosters of northwestern Missouri and has given his support and co-operation to good roads projects for years. He was one of the original members of the Inter-State Trails Association which later became the Jefferson Highway. He was also a member of the National Highways Association.

Samuel L. Gall, a prosperous farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County, is a native of Missouri. He was born near Lathrop, Clinton County, March 11, 1866, a son of John Henry and Angeline (Tipton) Gall. John Henry Gall was a native of Germany, and came to America in 1854. He first settled at Westport, Mo., and later removed to Clinton County where he owned 636 acres of land. He was successful and became very well-to-do.

John Henry and Angeline (Tipton) Gall were the parents of 13 children of whom the following are living: John Frank, lives on the old homestead in Clinton County; Albert George, a farmer and stock raiser; Fred, who had a twin sister, Lillie, is a farmer and stock raiser near Lathrop; Jesse L., a farmer and stock raiser near Lathrop; Alfred, a farmer on the old homestead in Clinton County; and Samuel, whose name introduces this review.

Samuel Gall was reared on a farm in Clinton County and early in life became familiar with the details of farming and stock raising to which he has since successfully devoted himself. He began his farming career in Gentry County in 1887 and is now the owner of one-quarter section of land which is one of the valuable farms of Jackson Township. His place is well improved with a two-story residence and other farm buildings.

Mr. Gall was married to Miss Gertrude Troxel who is now deceased and her remains are buried in King City Cemetery. To Mr. and Mrs. Gall were born the following children: Anna E., married Roy C. Johnson, a fruit farmer living in California; Henry T., a veteran of the World War who served overseas in a machine gun company with the 88th Division and is now engaged in farming near King City; Edgar, was also a soldier a member of Company A, 10th Ammunition Train; resides at

home with his father; R. Carl, Samuel L. Jr., and Ralph who reside at home with their father.

Mr. Gall is a Democrat and a member of the Masonic Lodge, Knights of Pythias and Modern Woodmen of America. He is public spirited, progressive and one of the leading citizens of Gentry County.

Hiram Ramsey Jameson, a Gentry County pioneer and former judge of County Court, now living retired on his farm in Jackson Township, is a native of Tennessee. He was born in McMinn County, east Tennessee, June 18, 1835. He is a son of David Finley and Eliza (Patten) Jameson. David Finley Jameson was also a pioneer settler of Missouri; he was born in Blount County, Tennessee, Dec. 2, 1797. He came to Missouri in 1853 and his first home here was a log cabin. He followed farming and spent the remainder of his life in Gentry County after coming here. He died at Gentryville, Dec. 25, 1889, at the ripe old age of 92 years. He was a Whig during the existence of that party, but later identified himself with the Democratic party. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

David Finley and Eliza Ann (Patten) Jameson were the parents of eight children as follows: Mary Jane, Francis, Jacob Patten, David Finley, Jr., and Elizabeth Ann, all of whom are deceased; and William Alexander, born Feb. 9, 1838, lives at McFall; Samuel Huston, born Dec. 3, 1841, lives at McFall; and Hiram Ramsey whose name introduces this review.

Hiram Ramsey Jameson was about 19 years old when he came to Missouri with his parents and settled in this section of the state. This was an early day in the settlement of western Missouri. Mr. Jameson remembers when the Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad was built which was several years after the family settled here. When he came here there were no railroads and he has lived to see and take part in the great transformation from the pioneer days to the present age of improvement and conveniences. Mr. Jameson began life as a farmer and made that occupation his life's work. He settled on his present place after a few years. He is the owner of 200 acres which he has improved and which is under a high state of cultivation.

Mr. Jameson was married to Elizabeth Fore, a daughter of Jacob J. and Anna Fore. She was one of nine children born to her parents, three of whom are living: Frances, married C. O. Patten, who is now deceased, and she lives at Albany; Clara, married Charles Owen, a retired farmer and stock raiser, Franklin, Neb. To Hiram R. Jameson and wife were born the following children: Francis, deceased; Samuel War-

ren, born in Gentry County, Oct. 12, 1865, a farmer and stock raiser near Kansas City; Olive L., born in Gentry County, Aug. 16, 1869, lives on the home place; Hiram Mitchel, born in Gentry County, is operating the home place; Anna C., born Aug. 29, 1880, married Oliver Bean and lives in Gentry County; David K., born in Gentry County, Oct. 1, 1866, a farmer and stock raiser.

Mr. Jameson is a Democrat and has always taken a commendable interest in political matters and public affairs. He served as County Judge of Gentry County for four years and gave the people a good administration. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and one of the dependable old pioneer citizens of Gentry County.

Eben E. Blacklock, a well known and successful farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County, is a native of this county and a member of one of the early pioneer families of this section of the state. He was born Feb. 28, 1870, a son of Thomas and Jane (Crawford) Blacklock, both natives of Scotland. Thomas Blacklock was born in 1836 and came to America in 1851. He was a pattern maker and worked at his trade in St. Louis for some time. In 1868 he came to Gentry County where he engaged in farming and stock raising and prospered, becoming the owner of 600 acres of land at one time. To Thomas Blacklock and wife were born seven children, the following of whom are living: James C., a farmer and stockman near Stanberry; L. Bruce, a farmer and stockman near King City; Eben E., the subject of this review; and Dr. David E., a well known physician and surgeon who is engaged in the practice of his profession at King City. Dr. Blacklock served in the Medical Corps of the United States army during the World War. For several months he was stationed at Fort Sill, Okla., and later in New York City and was on his way to France when the armistice was signed. He is a graduate of the Louisville Medical College, Louisville, Ky., and is recognized as an able physician. He has practiced since 1909. Thomas Blacklock and his wife are both deceased and their remains are buried in Millen Cemetery.

Eben E. Blacklock was educated in the public schools and in early life began his career as a farmer and stockman and has successfully devoted himself to that vocation to the present time. He is the owner of 240 acres of well improved land, $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles north of King City, in Jackson Township. He carries on general farming and stock raising and has a valuable orchard on his place.

Mr. Blacklock married Miss Carrie Ethel, a daughter of W. J. and Sarah (Eads) Ethel. Mrs. Blacklock was a successful teacher and was

engaged in that profession for seven years prior to her marriage. To W. J. and Sarah (Eads) Ethel were born the following children: Eva, William, and Fannie, all of whom are deceased; A. K., who is engaged in the mercantile business at Gypsum, Col.; Kittie, married John Hyer, a farmer and stockman of Gypsum, Col.; Geo. P. Bisbee, Ariz.; and Carrie, the wife of Eben E. Blacklock of this review. To Mr. and Mrs. Blacklock have been born the following children: Janie, was educated in the public schools, high school and the State Teachers College at Maryville, is now engaged in teaching; Fannie, was educated in the public schools, high school and the State Teachers College at Maryville; and Thomas is a student in the King City High School.

Mr. Blacklock is a member of the Presbyterian Church and one of Gentry County's substantial citizens. The Blacklock family stand high in the community.

L. Bruce Blacklock, a prosperous farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County, is a native son of Gentry County. He was born Aug. 28, 1874, and is a son of Thomas and Jane (Crawford) Blacklock, early settlers of Gentry County, both of whom are now deceased. Thomas Blacklock was a native of Scotland and came to America in 1851, when he was 15 years old. He lived in Wisconsin for a short time and then went to St. Louis where he remained until he came to Gentry County and spent the remainder of his life. He was a successful man of affairs and more extended mention is made of him and the Blacklock family appears elsewhere in this volume.

L. Bruce Blacklock was reared to manhood on his father's farm in Gentry County and obtained his education in the public schools. He began life as a farmer and stockman and has met with uniform success in his undertakings. He has a well improved farm of 240 acres in Jackson Township and is carrying on general farming and stock raising. He raises cattle, hogs, sheep, horses and mules.

Mr. Blacklock married Maggie Workman, a daughter of Henderson and Elizabeth (Cousins) Workman of Gentryville. Henderson Workman, was a soldier in the Union army during the Civil War and saw much service. He was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. Henderson Workman and his wife were the parents of the following children, besides Mrs. Blacklock: Mary, married Thomas Brinton and they live in Kansas; Emma, married Joseph Bonner of Gentryville; Anna, married Marion Swift of Gentry County; Alice, married Wesley Wright, Blackwell, Okla.; Jennie, married John Allen and they live in Kansas; Albert, lives in Los Angeles, Calif.; and Hattie, lives in Kansas.

To L. Bruce Blacklock and wife has been born one child, Bertha, was educated in the public schools, including a high school course, and the State Teachers College at Maryville. She is now teaching in Gentry County.

Mr. Blacklock is a Republican and he and Mrs. Blacklock and their daughter are members of the Presbyterian Church.

Cornelius Brown, a Civil War veteran and one of the honored pioneers of Gentry County, living in the western part of Jackson Township is a native of Connecticut. He was born in South Coventry, Tolland County in April, 1844, the son of Rufus and Sarah (Clark) Brown, the former a native of Connecticut and the latter of Rhode Island. Rufus Brown was born in 1802 and his wife was born the same year. He came to Gentry County in 1855 where he bought 240 acres of land and later entered over 1,000 acres of government land. At that time this section of Missouri was wild and sparsely settled. Transportation was carried on by boats plying the river, and oxen were used in overland transportation as there were no railroads in this part of the country at that time. Rufus Brown served in the State Militia for six months during the Civil War. He was a Democrat up to the time of the war but after the conflict he supported the policies and principals of the Republican party. He died in 1879 and his remains are buried in Empire Prairie Cemetery and his wife is buried in the same place.

Cornelius Brown lived the life of the average youth in a pioneer community until after the Civil War broke out. He then enlisted in the Union army, becoming a member of Company C, 12th Missouri Cavalry. He took part in a number of important battles and skirmishes and on Nov. 24, 1864, he was captured by Gen. Hood's army south of Nashville, Tenn., and sent to the Confederate Military prison at Andersonville, Ga. Here he was held a prisoner of war until after the surrender of General Lee.

After the war, Mr. Brown returned to Gentry County and engaged in farming and improving his place. The first house which he built on his farm is still standing. He was actively engaged in farming and stock raising for a number of years and in recent years he has been interested in the farm rental and loan business. He is one of the dependable citizens of Gentry County and has seen this section develop from its primitive pioneer state to its present improved condition. He is a Republican. Mr. Brown has never applied for a pension, for the reason, as he says, that, "I never stood in need of it." He is one of the well-to-do and substantial citizens of Gentry County.

W. H. Carter, an industrious farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, and owner of 277 1-4 acres of land, was born Oct. 8, 1863, in Gallatin, the son of J. W. and Melinda (Critten) Carter. Mr. and Mrs. Carter were the parents of four children, three of whom are now living: W. H., the subject of this sketch; James A., Gallatin; Smith H., Union Township, Daviess County.

J. W. Carter was born in Indiana and came to Missouri before the Civil War. He enlisted for the army from Daviess County. After the war, Mr. Carter carried on farming during the remainder of his life in Union Township, Daviess County. His wife, Melinda Milissa (Critten) Carter was born in Licking County, Ohio, and died in Daviess County.

W. H. Carter grew up on his father's farm and was educated in the district schools. At the age of 30 years, he purchased his present farm in Jackson Township. He is a prominent breeder of Duroc Jersey hogs, Jacks and Jennies. Mr. Carter is a stockholder in the Co-operative store at Gallatin.

On Oct. 6, 1890 Mr. Carter was married to Sallie F. Hamilton, a daughter of H. D. and Elizabeth (Hill) Hamilton. Mrs. Carter was born Sept. 19, 1865, in Daviess County. She died Feb. 13, 1919. To Mr. and Mrs. Carter four children were born, as follows: Essie, the wife of Frank Whitman, Shorthorn breeder of Jefferson Township; Vernie E., the wife of Walter Percy, school teacher, now living in Livingston County; Fern, at home, and Roy at home. Mrs. Whitman has one child, Thomas W.

Mr. Carter is the owner of many relics of the pioneer days in Daviess County, among them being a spinning wheel and a loom with a complete shuttle and a piece of cloth, woven by his grandmother over 70 years ago. He remembers when the railroads were built through this part of the country and many other interesting pioneer facts.

W. H. Carter for the past 20 years, has been interested in the development of a drainage ditch, which had a course of 17 9-10 miles on Muddy Creek. He has devoted a great deal of his time and money to the furtherance of the project and in 1922 his ideas were realized as the ditching machine started on its course of 6 7-10 miles, which will be the distance of the drainage ditch when completed. Mr. Carter is called the "Father" of the project of work in which he takes a just pride.

In politics Mr. Carter is a Republican. He is a member of the Methodist church. Mr. Carter is a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman, and merits the success with which he has met.



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Enoch Fetters, a Civil War veteran, now deceased who for many years was a well known and highly respected citizen of Gentry County, was a native of Ohio. He was a son of Thomas Fetters, and one of the following children born to his parents: Samuel; John Alexander; William, all of whom are deceased; Haymon, a retired farmer, now living in Kosciusko County, Indiana, and Enoch, the subject of this sketch.

Enoch Fetters was reared in Ohio and attended the public schools. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the Union army in Indiana and served from 1861 until the close of the war in 1865. He took part in a number of the important battles in the Civil War as well as numerous skirmishes. He was accidentally wounded by a comrade and also overcome by sun-stroke while in the service, and never fully recovered his health after the war. After the Civil War he went to Indiana, where he was married and later came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County where he died Jan. 26, 1901. His remains are buried at King City. He was a Democrat, a member of the Christian Church and the Grand Army of the Republic.

Enoch Fetters was married Nov. 7, 1867, to Almena R. Miller at Goshen, Ind., a native of Indiana and a daughter of Solomon and Elizabeth (Long) Miller, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Pennsylvania. She was one of the following children born to her parents: Harriett Ann; Ira Jackson; Mary Marilda; Samuel LaFayette and Craten Wellman and Mrs. Fetters, twins; Craten Wellman is now engaged in the restaurant business at Centralia, Mo. Mrs. Fetters has two half brothers, Charles, who is engaged in the coal and coke business at Elkhart, Ind.; and Orlin, a farmer and stockman near Elkhart, Ind.

To Enoch and Almena (Miller) Fetters were born the following children: Frances, born in Noble County, Indiana, married G. C. Boakman, King City; Eunice, born in Kosciusko County, Indiana, married Frank Washburn, who is engaged in the poultry business in Crosby; and Grace Pearl, married Charles King, a carpenter who lives at Albany.

Mrs. Fetters resides near King City where she has a comfortable home and she is the owner of 40 acres of land. The Fetters family are well known in this county and are highly respected; Mrs. Fetters is a member of the Christian Church.

William W. Bonham, a successful farmer and breeder of Jackson Township, Gentry County, was born in Andrew County, Feb. 20, 1880. He is the son of David and Mary (Austin) Bonham, both natives of England. They came to America in 1867. And for a time David Bonham

worked by the month; later he engaged in farming. He was a Republican and a member of the Presbyterian Church. He died Dec. 16, 1921, and is buried in Empire Cemetery and his widow lives in Jackson Township.

To David and Mary (Austin) Bonham were born the following children: James, Arthur and Lottie, all of whom are deceased; Mary, married William Fulton, a farmer and stockman, living near King City; Albert, a farmer and stockman near Empire Prairie; Minnie, married Nelson Angle, a farmer and stockman, living eight miles southeast of King City; she died April 2, 1922; Eugene, a farmer and stockman, Empire Prairie; and William W., the subject of this review.

William W. Bonham was reared in Andrew County and attended the public schools. He began his career as a farmer and stock raiser on rented land; later he bought 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ acres of land in Gentry County which he later sold, and his present farm which consists of 80 acres of well improved land, was inherited by Mrs. Bonham. Mr. Bonham carries on general farming and stock raising and is also well known as a successful breeder of Poland China hogs and Jersey and Holstein cattle. He has taken 13 blue ribbons in the exhibition of his stock. Mr. Bonham's farm is underlaid with a good vein of coal and a mine was operated here some years ago. At the place where it was operated the vein of coal was 20 inches in thickness.

Mr. Bonham married Miss Alma Lee Caldwell, a native of Gentry County. She is a daughter of Mat. and Mary (Hardin) Caldwell, the former a native of Virginia, born Aug. 12, 1883, and the latter of Illinois. Mrs. Bonham is one of the following children born to her parents: George, Edward and James, all of whom are deceased; Anna, married Jacob Whitt, a farmer and stockman; Ora, married Orville Brown, a farmer and stockman, living east of Ford City; Orville, a traveling man and farmer living in Colorado; Minnie, married Stephen McAllaster, a rural mail carrier, King City; Jennie, married Otto Loast, farmer and stockman of Gentry County; and Mrs. Bonham of this review. Mat. Caldwell was a veteran of the Civil War, having served about a year. He was a successful farmer and stockman and the owner of 400 acres of land. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows and was a Democrat. He and his wife are both deceased and their remains are buried in Millen Cemetery.

To William W. Bonham and wife have been born the following children: Cecil, born in Gentry County, educated in the public schools, married Norman Oshell, a farmer and stockman, living in Jackson

Township; and Josephine, who was educated in the public schools and resides at home with her parents.

Mr. Bonham is a Republican and Mrs. Bonham is a Democrat. They are members of the Christian Church.

Charles T. Wheatley, a progressive and well known farmer and stockman of Gentry County, is a native son of this county, born July 20, 1878. He is a son of George E., and Ida (Luce) Wheatley, both natives of Waukesha County, Wisconsin, the former born March 30, 1848; they came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County in 1863. The father was engaged in farming and stock raising for a number of years and now lives with his son. His wife is deceased and her remains are buried at King City. They were the parents of six children of the following who are living: Lottie, married Ernest Crouch, a farmer and stock raiser of Andrew County; and Charles T., the subject of this sketch.

Charles T. Wheatley was reared on his father's farm and after attending the district schools he took the commercial course at the Stanberry Normal School. He began life for himself as a farmer and stockman when he was 21 years old. He first bought 49 acres of land. He has continued to add to his holdings until he is now the owner of 247 acres of valuable land. He carries on general farming and stock raising and for a number of years was a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle. He now raises Duroc Jersey hogs and Oxford sheep quite extensively.

Mr. Wheatley married Miss Anna Morris, a native of Buchanan County. She is a daughter of B. B. and Eliza (Gilmore) Morris, the former a native of Shelbyville, Ky., and the latter of Buchanan County, Mo. B. B. Morris was engaged in contracting for many years and he and his wife now reside in St. Joseph. He served as deputy sheriff of Buchanan County and held other positions of trust and responsibility in St. Joseph. Mrs. Wheatley is one of the following children born to her parents: B. B., Jr., who is an employ of the Union Terminal Railroad in St. Joseph; Catherine, married E. A. Laundry of St. Joseph; Jefferson, St. Joseph and Stella, married Gilbert Milner, a merchant of Clayton, Kan.; and Anna, the wife of Charles T. Wheatley of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Wheatley have been born the following children: Donald, born April 24, 1907; John Lester, born Dec. 16, 1910; Alene, born July 2, 1912; Charles T., Jr., born Oct. 16, 1914; Ralph, born Aug. 9, 1916; and George Howard, born Oct. 7, 1918.

Mr. Wheatley takes a keen interest in all public matters, and has served on the local school board for 15 years, having served as secretary for ten years. He has also served as secretary of the Farmers Union

Produce Company. He is a stockholder and a member of the board of directors of the Farmers Trust Company of King City. He is a Republican and a member of the Presbyterian Church.

James Vaughn, a Civil War veteran now living retired at King City, after a successful active career as a farmer and stockman is a native of Missouri. He was born May 22, 1844, about six miles from where he lives, just over the line in Andrew County, a son of Charles E. and Martha (Philleps) Vaughn. Charles E. Vaughn was born at Petersburg, Va., and came to Missouri in 1842, being one of the early pioneer settlers in western Missouri. He dug and walled up the first well in St. Joseph. Shortly after coming to this state he bought 120 acres of land in Andrew County. Later he bought land in DeKalb County and was the owner of 740 acres. He was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. He and his wife are now deceased and their remains are buried at Flag Springs, Andrew County. They were the parents of the following children: Charles E., deceased; George, deceased; Lucy, married Frank McBrayer, who is engaged in business at Union Star; Caroline, married William J. Fuson, Eldorado Springs; Sarah, married Jerry Bowman, and they live in Kansas; Susan, married Carr Bailey, a farmer and stock raiser of the state of Washington; Harry L., a farmer and stockraiser, Crosby, Mo.; and James, the subject of this sketch.

James Vaughn was about 17 years old when the Civil War broke out. He enlisted in the service, becoming a member of Company E, 4th Cavalry, Missouri State Militia and served for three years. After receiving his honorable discharge from the army he returned to his home and bought 60 acres of land with money which he had saved while in the service. He bought more land from time to time and is now the owner of 287 acres in DeKalb County and is one of the successful men of Gentry County. He owns a nice home in King City and also other city property.

Mr. Vaughn married Emily Purviance, a native of Ohio and a daughter of G. W. and Dorcus (Hopkins) Purviance, also natives of Ohio. G. W. Purviance was an early settler in DeKalb County and a pioneer school teacher there, having taught school there in 1866 and 1867. He was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. He was twice married. By his first marriage to Dorcus Hopkins, the following children were born: James H., Georgia, William and James Perry all of whom are deceased; C. S., who lives in Kansas and Lizzie, now the widow of John Sheppard and lives in St. Joseph. To the second marriage of G. W. Purviance were born the following children: Martha, de-

ceased; George W., deceased; Oliver M., a carpenter-contractor at Burke, S. D.; Laura, married Jack Underwood, a farmer and stockman, Carter, S. D.; Isaac, a laundryman, Portland, Ore.; Eva, married J. H. Wilson of St. Joseph; Bert, who resides at Burke, S. D.; and Mrs. Vaughn.

To James Vaughn and wife have been born the following children: Lulu Alice, Julia Edna, Clara Lena, Lilly Florence, Lottie Dorcus, and Nina Edith, all of whom are deceased; Alva James, born Jan. 4, 1871, is now a large ranch owner at Gordon, Neb., where he owns 53,280 acres of land and is extensively engaged in the cattle business as a producer and dealer; Martha, born Aug. 17, 1876, married William H. Bradley, a farmer and rural mail carrier, living in DeKalb County; Georgia May, who took a special music course at Camden Point College, married Porter Copeland, a farmer and stock raiser in DeKalb County; Audre, born Oct. 3, 1893, married Russell Gregory, a clothing man of St. Joseph; George Orville, born May 11, 1896, served in the World War for 18 months as bugler at the Great Lakes Naval Station; and Reginald, born April 18, 1914, a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Vaughn is being reared by them.

Mr. Vaughn is a Democrat and holds membership in the Masonic Lodge and is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He and Mrs. Vaughn have been married 52 years. They are members of the Christian Church and rank among the leading citizens of Gentry County.

D. H. Follett, a successful farmer and stockman of Jackson Township is a native of Gentry County and a member of one of the pioneer families of this section of the state. He was born Sept. 7, 1878, a son of H. J. and Sarah (Peters) Follett, the former a native of New York and the latter of Illinois. H. J. Follett was reared in the state of New York and when the Civil War broke out he volunteered for service, becoming a member of the New York Infantry. He took part in a number of important battles and skirmishes and was severely wounded, being left a cripple. He came to Missouri shortly after the close of the war and after operating rented land for several years, he bought a farm of 80 acres and later bought 120 acres and then 80 acres more, making 200 in all. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias, Grand Army of the Republic and was a Republican. He belonged to the Presbyterian Church.

D. H. Follett was reared and educated in Gentry County and began life as a farmer and stockman to which he has devoted himself to the present time. He is the owner of 80 acres of valuable land and carries on general farming and stock raising. He raises Shorthorn cattle and

Poland China hogs. Since buying his place he has made most of the improvements. This is one of the historic places of Gentry County. The California trail having crossed it.

Mr. Follett married Minnie Nash, a native of Nodaway County, and a daughter of Thomas and Amanda (Witt) Nash, the former being a native of Buchanan County; they were the parents of the following children: Ora, married Wilbur Erwin, a farmer and stockman living in Johnson County; Ota, married Warren Thompson, a merchant of Warrensburg; Anna, married Emmett Bayles, a farmer and stockman near Sedalia; and Mrs. Follett of this review. Mrs. Follett's father is now living and her mother is deceased and her remains are buried at Warrensburg.

To Mr. and Mrs. Follett have been born the following children: Hiram Thomas, died in infancy; Pauline, born Aug. 27, 1902, married Fred Akins, a farmer and stockman living in Andrew County; Beryl, born Sept. 15, 1904, married Lawrence Brooks, a farmer and stockman of Gentry County; Kermit, born March 8, 1909, now a student in high school; Floe and Zoe, twins, born July 27, 1912, attending the public schools.

Mr. Follett is a Republican and Mrs. Follett is a Democrat. They have an extensive acquaintance and are highly respected in the community.

Charles E. Hammer, a successful farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County, was born in Andrew County, June 12, 1862, and is a member of one of the honored pioneer families of this section of the state. He is the son of Peter T. and Mary (Coney) Hammer, both natives of Germany. Peter T. Hammer left his native land and came to America when he was 21 years old and his wife came here with her parents when she was a young girl.

Peter T. Hammer was a pioneer settler of Gentry County. He first bought 600 acres of land and engaged in farming and stock raising and prospered. During the course of his career he accumulated 1,300 acres of land. He was a successful stockman and gave special attention to raising Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. He began life in the then new and unsettled country with very little means. His first home here was a log cabin. By hard work and good management he won success and became one of the substantial and well-to-do citizens of the community. The Hammer place was located on the old St. Joseph and Albany trail, one of the historic land marks which has long since become a matter of history. Peter T. Hammer was one of the first horticultur-

ists in this section and raised the first apples in this section. There is now standing on the Hammer place the oldest pear tree in Gentry County. It is still in good condition and bears large quantities of fruit.

Peter T. and Mary (Coney) Hammer were born the following children: Samuel, Rosetta, Barbara, Allen Henry, all of whom are deceased; Louis, a farmer and stockman, Gentry County; Frank, a farmer and stockman, Gentry County; Mary, who resides with her brother Louis in Gentry County; Elizabeth, who resides with her brother Charles E., the subject of this sketch; Peter, married Iva Miller and lives in Gentry County; and Charles E., whose name introduces this sketch.

Charles E. Hammer was reared on the home farm and educated in the district school. In boyhood and early manhood he assisted on the home place and has therefore been familiar with farming and stock raising all his life. He now owns a well improved and valuable farm of 360 acres where he is successfully engaged in farming and stock raising. He raises Aberdeen Angus cattle and his herd is recognized to be the finest in Gentry County. His sister, Elizabeth is interested with him in the cattle business.

Mr. Hammer is one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Gentry County and the Hammer family is prominent in the community.

Joseph Owen Day, who for many years was actively engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County has met with well merited success and is now living retired at King City. He was born in Clay County, Indiana, April 21, 1854, a son of John and Elizabeth (Conway) Day, the father a native of Virginia and the mother of Indiana.

John Day went to Iowa and then came to Missouri with his family in 1865. Later he moved to Kansas where he died. He was the owner of 160 acres of land in that state. During his life time he took an active part in local affairs and held various local offices. He was an active member of the Wesleyan Methodist Church and was a deacon for a number of years. He died in Kansas and his remains are buried in that state and his wife is buried in Clark County, Iowa. They were the parents of the following children: Thomas and Bryan, twins, Francis and Elizabeth, all of whom are deceased; Mary, married Thomas W. Phillips, a real estate and insurance man of Moundsville, Mo., where he held the office of postmaster for 25 years; and Joseph Owen whose name introduces this review.

Joseph Owen Day attended such schools as the times and locality afforded and grew to manhood on a farm. When a young man he began working out by the month and eight years later bought his first land

which was a claim of 80 acres. Later he sold that place and rented for two years. He then began buying land in Gentry County, and is now an extensive land owner. He carried on general farming although he has more especially directed his attention to stock raising and has handled large quantities of stock and fed cattle for the market on an extensive scale. He has been one of the substantial stockmen of Gentry County.

Mr. Day married Ada Jane Long, August 25, 1886, a native of Gentry County and a daughter of John W. and Elizabeth (Green) Long, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Iowa. John W. Long was engaged in farming in Kansas for a number of years. He is a Republican and has always been an active worker in the Wesleyan Methodist Church. His wife is now deceased and her remains are buried at Darlington, and he resides at Albany. They were the parents of the following children: Mary, Henrietta, Ella, all of whom are deceased; Martha, married W. L. Vanhooser, a traveling salesman of Chillicothe; James, a ranchman, living in Wyoming; John Leonard, a farmer and stock raiser, Darlington; Thomas, a contractor in South Dakota; Edward, a farmer and stockman, Albany; Jessie, a railroad conductor in South Dakota; and Mrs. Day of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Owen Day have been born the following children: John E., deceased; Albert Ralph, born Jan. 10, 1888, now living in Kansas City; Elmer, born April 8, 1889, who is engaged in farming on the home place; Ora, born Sept. 12, 1890, who is in the employ of the Gentry County Bridge Company; Ica, married George S. Gromer, a farmer and stock raiser near Pattonsburg; and Ada Josephine, born July 16, 1908. Albert Ralph Day is a veteran of the World War and was in the officers' training service, receiving his honorable discharge after the Armistice was signed.

Mr. Day and his wife are Republicans and members of the Baptist Church. He has held the office of school director for nine years. They have a modern home in King City and rank among the leading representative citizens of Gentry County.

Clarence E. Tunnell, a leading farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County, is a native of Illinois. He was born near Jacksonville, Jan. 21, 1867, a son of Stephen S. and Eveline (Ferguson) Tunnell, the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Kentucky. Stephen S. Tunnell came to Missouri in 1885 and settled in Gentry County and bought 600 acres of land. Here he engaged in farming and stock raising and met with success. He was a Republican and a member of

the Presbyterian Church. Both he and his wife are now deceased and their remains are buried at King City.

Clarence E. Tunnell was one of 11 children born to his parents, three of whom are living. He was reared on the home farm and attended the public schools. When a young man he remained on the home farm and assisted his father and thus he has had a life of long experience as a farmer and stockman. He is the owner of a well improved and valuable farm of 320 acres in Jackson Township. Here he carries on general farming and stock raising. He raises Shorthorn cattle, Red Duroc hogs and is also quite extensively engaged in breeding standard bred poultry. Mr. Tunnell's place is one of the historic old farms of Jackson Township. The old residence which was a two room structure, is still standing and is a part of the residence which was remodeled about 1910 and is a fine modern home. The old St. Joseph trail passed through his place.

Clarence E. Tunnell married Miss Maggie E. Colville, a native of Andrew County and a daughter of William and Margaret (Gibson) Colville, both natives of Scotland. Mrs. Tunnell is one of the following children born to her parents: James was a farmer and stock raiser in Andrew County, is now deceased; Hugh, a farmer and stockman in Kansas; William, a farmer and stockman in Andrew County; Jane, married John Bashor and lives in Andrew County; Charles, a farmer and stockman of Gentry County; John, a farmer living in western Kansas; and Mrs. Tunnell, of this review.

To Clarence E. and Maggie E. (Coville) Tunnell have been born the following children: Claude D., Florence, Lena, Flossie Mae, Alice Lea. Claude Dudley Tunnell was born June 1, 1892; reared and educated in Gentry County and was engaged in farming and stock raising. When the United States entered the World War he entered the United States army through the selective draft, Oct. 1, 1917. He was sent to Camp Funston, Kansas, becoming a member of Company D, 365th Infantry, 89th Division. He was transferred from there to Camp Merritt, New Jersey. The following April he was sent to France and on July 1, went to the front with his Division. He took part in the heavy fighting in which the American troops were engaged and on Oct. 24, 1918, he was killed in action in the Argonne Forest. He had been on the firing line for 24 days at the time of his death. His remains are buried in France, in the Argonne American Cemetery, 1232 Romague Sons Montfousan, Grave No. 69, Section 34, Plat 2. He was a member of Company D, 30th Infantry. Florence Tunnell was born Feb. 19, 1895, and is now the wife

of Fred Swan and they live in Gentry County. Lena Tunnell was born Jan. 1, 1898; was educated in the King City High School and the State Teachers College at Maryville; is a teacher in Albany. Flossie Mae Tunnell was born July 5, 1900, and is now a student at the Teachers State College, Maryville. Alice Lee Tunnell was born Nov. 22, 1918.

Mr. Tunnell is a Republican and a member of the Presbyterian Church. He is a progressive and enterprising citizen and one of the substantial men of the community.

William S. Cook, a progressive farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County, is a native of New York. He was born in Penfield, Dec. 7, 1839, and is a son of Samuel and Mary (Smith) Cook, both natives of England. The father learned the shoemaker's trade in early life and after coming to America settled in Wisconsin. Samuel and Mary (Smith) Cook were the parents of the following children: Elizabeth, married Charles Prees, a railroad man of Waukasha, Wis.; James, a retired farmer and stockman, living in Wisconsin; William S., the subject of this sketch; and the following children are deceased: Nelson, Charles, George, Sarah and Ann.

William S. Cook received his education in the public schools and began life for himself as a farm hand. Two years later he bought 80 acres of land in Gentry County and is now the owner of 113½ acres in Jackson Township where he has carried on general farming and stock raising for a number of years and has met with success.

Mr. Cook married Sarah Camp a native of England who came to America with her parents when she was a child. She was a daughter of Thomas and Mary (Haylett) Camp who were the parents of seven children only one of whom is living, Walter Camp. Thomas Camp was a farmer and he and his wife spent their lives in Wisconsin, and are both buried in that state. William S. Cook and wife were the parents of the following children: Allen who was born in Wisconsin, April 19, 1868, and is now a drug clerk at King City; Walter, born in Gentry County, Jan. 17, 1870, who is engaged in farming and stock raising in Jackson Township, operating his father's farm; and Mary, married Fred Shottel, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County. Mrs. Cook died Sept. 5, 1916, and her remains are buried in the Star Chapel Cemetery in Andrew County.

Mr. Cook is now practically retired from active business affairs, although he makes his home on his farm in Jackson Township. He is a Republican, and is one of the substantial and highly respected pioneer citizens of Gentry County.

George F. Sealey, a well known citizen and prosperous farmer and stockman of Gentry County is a native of Iowa. He is a son of John and Elvira (Stores) Sealey, the former a native of England and the latter of New York. John Sealey came to America with his parents when a child and the family settled in Hoboken, N. J. When he was 19 years old he came west and settled in Jackson County, Iowa. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in Company I, 24th Regiment, Iowa Infantry and during the course of his military career he took part in some of the important battles of the Civil War, besides numerous skirmishes and lesser engagements. He rose to the rank of Sergeant and had many narrow escapes. On one occasion his haversack was shot off and while he was never wounded, he never fully recovered his health after the war. His wife taught school in Iowa while he served in the Civil War. After returning from the army he engaged in farming and stock raising. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist church. He is now deceased and his widow lives in King City.

George F. Sealey was educated in the public schools and began life farming rented land. After two years he bought 80 acres which he later sold and bought 160 acres. He afterwards sold that and bought 200 acres in Jackson Township which he still owns. This is a well improved farm and Mr. Sealey carries on general farming and stock raising and has met with success.

Mr. Sealey married Addie Brown, a daughter of Thomas Jefferson and Rebecca (Tucker) Brown, the former of Tazewell County, Virginia, and the latter of Illinois. Thomas Jefferson Brown was a veteran of the Civil War, having served in the Missouri State Militia. He was a farmer and stockman all of his life. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge, the Grand Army of the Republic and was a Republican and belonged to the Baptist Church. He and his wife are deceased and are buried in Gentry County at Berlin. Mrs. Sealey is one of the following children born to her parents: Margaret, married J. W. Barclay and is now deceased; Louise, married Clark Hussey and is deceased; Lillie, deceased; Volney, now living retired at Albany; Thomas, farmer and stockman, King City; Rebecca, married Orlin Butler, Ford City; Ailey, married David Fore, Gentryville; Dora, married Jesse Clark, Ford City; Orville, a former county judge of Gentry County, now resides near Berlin in this county; and Mrs. Sealey of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Sealey have been born the following children: Esther and Lillie, deceased; Maurice E., born June 19, 1893, educated in the public schools and Gard's Business College, St. Joseph, entered

the United States army in September, 1917, after a period of training at Camp Funston went to France with the 89th Division and took part in much of the severe fighting on the western front, was severely wounded at the battle of Argonne Forrest, being struck in the leg, hip and back by shrapnel, was discharged at Camp Funston in April, 1919, and is now engaged in farming and stock raising in South Dakota; Glenn, was born March 10, 1894, was educated in the public schools and Commercial College at St. Joseph, enlisted service in the World War, was discharged after the Armistice was signed and now lives in South Dakota; Mabel, was born Dec. 22, 1895, was educated in the public schools and Gard's Business College at St. Joseph, married Ray Pulley and lives at Denver, Colo.; Paul, born Oct. 14, 1899, in Gentry County, educated in the public schools and Commercial College, is now engaged in farming and stock raising with his father; Theodore is now engaged in farming and stock raising in South Dakota; and James Wayne, who is attending the local schools.

Mr. Sealey is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America. He is a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church.

L. C. Loest, a progressive and prosperous farmer and stockman of Miller Township was born in Gentry County, Dec. 6, 1877, and is a son of William and Barbara (Huber) Loest.

William Loest was born in Berlin, Germany, and came to America in 1866. He first located in St. Louis and went from there to St. Joseph and then came to Gentry County, where he became a well-to-do farmer and stockman and the owner of 408 acres of land. Barbara (Huber) Loest was also a native of Germany and came to America in 1865.

To William Loest and wife were born the following children: William and Albert, both deceased; Amelia, married Fred Heintz and they live in King City; Lena, married Claude Gregory who is engaged in the poultry business in King City; Otto, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; and L. C., the subject of this sketch.

L. C. Loest was reared to manhood on the home farm in Gentry County and received his education in the public schools. He began farming for himself on rented land and thus continued for eight years. He then bought his present place of 200 acres in Miller Township. He has made extensive improvements and has a good residence, barns and other suitable farm buildings. He raises Aberdeen Angus cattle and Poland China hogs and is recognized as one of the successful stockmen of the County.

Mr. Loest married Miss Jeanette Rizzi, a daughter of A. Rizzi, a prominent citizen of King City, a biographical sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this volume. To Mr. and Mrs. Loest have been born three children as follows: Carl, born March 23, 1903, a graduate of high school and now taking an agricultural course in the University of Missouri at Columbia; Charlotte, born Jan. 17, 1905, now a high school student, resides at home with her parents; Lucille, also a student in high school, resides at home with her parents.

Mrs. Loest is a very successful poultry raiser and has met with unusual success in raising Plymouth Rock chickens and Narragansett turkeys and has won first prize at a number of poultry shows. The Loest place is underlaid with a rich deposit of coal, an 18-inch vein having been proved in several different places on the farm. Mr. and Mrs. Loest both support the policies and principles of the Democratic party and he is a member of the Masonic Lodge.

John M. Cummings, a well-to-do farmer and stock raiser of Miller Township is a native of Canada, born in 1867. He is a son of Patrick and Mary Ann (Cushing) Cummings, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of Canada. Patrick Cummings was reared to manhood in his native land and when 21 years old went to Canada where he was married. In 1869 he came to the United States and settled in Andrew County, Missouri, and engaged in farming and stock-raising and also carried on dairying. He was a Democrat and a member of the Catholic Church. He and his wife are both deceased and are buried at Conception, Mo. They were the parents of the following children: Martin, Catherine, and Mary, all of whom are deceased; Susan, married Dennie Buckley; John M., the subject of this sketch; Thomas, Norman, Okla.; Mary, St. Joseph; and Patrick J., Lone Wolf, Okla.

John M. Cummings was about two years old when the family came to Missouri. He attended the district schools and was brought up on the home farm and has thus made farming and stock raising his life occupation. He is the owner of 440 acres of land in Miller Township and carries on general farming and stock raising. He gives special attention to raising Aberdeen Angus cattle, Spotted Poland China hogs and Norman horses.

Mr. Cummings married Addie Ulrich who was born in California, a daughter of Christopher Ulrich, a native of Indiana and a veteran of the Civil War. Christopher Ulrich enlisted June 1, 1861, in Captain Edgar's 2nd Company; served to March 31, 1862. Then in Company F, 6th M. S. M. Cavalry from March 31, 1862, to May 30, 1864, and in Company A,

13th Missouri Vet. Cavalry from May 31, 1864, to April 18, 1866, when he received his honorable discharge.

Mr. and Mrs. Ulrich now reside in Cameron. Mrs. Cummings is one of the following children born to her parents: Vaddie, married Benjamin Boley, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Lizzie, married Christopher Case a farmer and stockman, Ford City; Rosa, married Stephen Clevenger, a farmer and stockman, Turner; Lena, married William Meyer, a real estate and insurance man of Colorado; Flossie, married Frank Myers a farmer, near Cameron; John a farmer and stockman, Cameron; Fred, a dairyman, Cameron; Christopher, Jr., painter and decorator, Kansas City; and Mrs. Cummings.

To John M. Cummings and wife have been born the following children: Loretta, married Ferris Keys, manager for the Miner & Frees Lumber Company, King City, and they have two children, W. C. and Frances Jackson; the former aged two years and the latter an infant. Thelma, a student in high school; Blanche attending school; Lorine, a student in the public schools. Mr. Keys is a veteran of the World War, serving 18 months in France and rose to the rank of sergeant. His hearing was slightly affected from concussion of heavy explosives. He was a member of the 89th Division.

Alva Mann, one of the leading farmers and stockmen of Gentry County and a member of a prominent pioneer family of this section of the state is a native son of Gentry County. He was born on the farm where he now resides Nov. 17, 1877, and is a son of James and Matilda (Berge) Mann.

James Mann was a native of Lincolnshire, England, and when a boy of 15 years he came to America. He made the trip across the Atlantic on a ship named the City of Glasgow which sank on the next trip it made. After coming to this country he first located in St. Louis and worked in a harness factory for a time. From there he went to Iowa where he was employed in a mine for a time when he went to Minnesota and shortly afterwards returned to Iowa and from there came to Gentry County. Here he bought land and engaged in farming and stock raising and prospered. He owned a half section of land in Gentry County, two sections in Nebraska, one section in Minnesota and 80 acres in Iowa. When he came to Gentry County there were no railroads here, all the principal supplies being hauled with teams from St. Joseph. There was only one store in King City. He was an extensive cattleman and a prominent factor in the early development of Gentry County.

James Mann was twice married. His first wife being Zenorah Rad-

ford, a native of Iowa and one child was born to that union. Bion Mann, now a fruit farmer living in California. After the death of his first wife James Mann married Mitaldia Berge and three children were born to that union: Lillie, married Charles Potter of Gentry County; Frances, married Hiram Rainey, Stoddard County, Missouri; and Alva, the subject of this sketch. James Mann was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church. He and his wife are both deceased and are buried in the Moulton, or Owl Creek Cemetery.

Alva Mann was educated in the public schools and high school and afterwards took a course in the Chillicothe Commercial College where he was graduated. After reaching manhood he was associated with his father in farming and stock raising for eight years. He then bought 40 acres of land and began farming and stock raising on his own account. He is now the owner of 240 acres of valuable and well improved land. He has a good two story residence and the barns and other buildings about the place are of a high standard. Mr. Mann carries on general farming and raises Hereford cattle, Duroc Jersey hogs and Shropshire sheep. He is also widely known as a successful breeder of seed corn and has exhibited his seed corn, at the World Fairs at Chicago and San Francisco and numerous other fairs throughout the country. He has won a number of first premiums and in all has taken 150 blue ribbons in the exhibition of his seed corn. He is one of the leading seed corn men of the country. He specializes in Yellow Dent corn and is recognized as one of the three leading corn breeders of Missouri.

Alva Mann married Mary Boley, a native of Gentry County, and a daughter of Enoch and Elizabeth (Rainey) Boley. Enoch Boley was a native of Tennessee and when the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the Union army and served three years and experienced much severe fighting although he was never wounded. He was at the battle of Wilson Creek, Blue Ridge, Independence and a number of other engagements. After the war he engaged in farming and stock raising and both he and his wife are deceased and are buried in the Moulton Cemetery. He was a Republican. Mrs. Mann is one of the following children born to her parents: John, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Joseph W., also a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Sarah, married Marcus Potter, a farmer and stockman in Wyoming; and Mrs. Mann of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Alva Mann have been born the following children: Pearl, born April 21, 1902; Wayne, Oct. 19, 1905; Clifford, born June

1, 1912, and Dale, born Oct. 26, 1916, all of whom reside at home with their parents.

Mr. Mann is a public spirited and progressive citizen and is widely known in Gentry County and western Missouri.

Idella Knight, a well known and highly respected citizen of Gallatin, was born in Daviess County, the daughter of Ellis and Sarah (Baker) Knight.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Knight were natives of Virginia and early settlers of Daviess County. They settled three miles east of the present home of Miss Knight. Mr. Knight carried on general farming and stock raising until the time of his death, June 13, 1871. His wife then operated the farm with the assistance of her two sons, Thomas Benton and Isaac Newton. She died July 25, 1880, at the age of 76 years. Both Mr. and Mrs. Knight are buried in Centenary Cemetery.

To Ellis and Sarah (Baker) Knight 12 children were born, as follows: Louis Chauncey, deceased; John Wesley, deceased; James F., married Sarah Peniston, both deceased; Martha Ann, deceased; William Ellis, married Mellissa Smith, living east of Gallatin; Sarah Elizabeth, deceased; was the wife of George Burge, Oklahoma; Thomas Benton, married Lina B. McCollough, both deceased, and are buried in McCollough Cemetery, Tripplett, Mo.; Isaac Newton, married Margaret Leeper, deceased, buried in Brown Cemetery, Gallatin; Nancy Ellen, married Rev. William L. Merritt, both deceased; Mary S., the widow of James B. McCollough, now living with her sister; Idella, the subject of this sketch; Naomi Lee, died Sept. 14, 1921.

Miss Idella Knight moved to her present home in December, 1885. It is a beautiful two story frame dwelling, located just on the southeast edge of Gallatin.

In politics Miss Knight is a Democrat, although she takes no active interest in politics.

There is probably not a better known family of Democrats in Daviess County than the Knight family. They are of the sturdy pioneer stock whose sons and daughters have helped to develop this section to its present status, and they always have been a "tribe" of good, dependable, popular folks, doing favors and service for others, but seldom, if ever, asking favors for themselves.

Miss Knight is a member of the Methodist church. She and her sister, Mrs. McCollough are interesting ladies, and highly respected and honored citizens.



RESIDENCE OF IDELLA KNIGHT AND SISTER MRS. MARY McTULLOUGH

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Claude M. Evans, a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman of Miller Township, Gentry County is a native of this county. He was born in 1881 and is a son of Jefferson and Sarah Frances (McGuire) Evans. Thomas Jefferson Evans was an extensive farmer and stockman and was successful in his undertakings. He was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church. He was affiliated with the Masonic Lodge and the Knights of Pythias. He is now deceased and his remains are buried at King City and his widow now lives at Ford City.

Claude M. Evans was one of three children born to his parents, the other two being as follows: Earl, a farmer and stockman, living in Gentry County; and Samuel, a bookkeeper in the Citizens National Bank at King City. Claude M. Evans was reared on a farm and educated in the district schools and since early manhood has been engaged in farming. He was associated with his father for a time and for awhile operated rented land. He now owns 120 acres which is well improved with a good residence and barn and he carries on general farming and stock raising and is meeting with success. This is one of the historic old places of Gentry County, having been crossed by the old St. Joseph trail in the early days and an old log cabin stood on the present site of Mr. Evans' residence.

Mr. Evans was married to Margaret Rainey, daughter of William and Emeline (Boley) Rainey. William Rainey was a prominent farmer and stockman. He was a member of the Christian Church and was a Republican and a Mason. He died in May, 1920, and is buried at Ford City. His widow resides on the home place.

Mrs. Evans is one of the following children born to her parents: John H., a merchant in St. Joseph; Benjamin P., a Spanish-American War veteran who also served in the Philippine Islands, is now a veterinary surgeon in St. Joseph; David M. and Albert B., twins; David M., resides in St. Joseph and Albert B. is a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Hiram B., is a Spanish-American war veteran and lives in southern Missouri; Ira, Dix, Ill.; Roy O., in the ice business in St. Joseph; Osha, married Clarence Starks, a railroad man of Kansas City; Elmer L., a merchant at Ford City; Tipton, a World War veteran, now engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County; and Mrs. Evans of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Claude M. Evans have been born three children: Zelma, born Dec. 22, 1906; Maxine, born Dec. 20, 1914; and Marvin Miller, born Nov. 30, 1918.

Mr. Evans is a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church and the Evans family is highly respected in Gentry County.

John R. Hardwick, an enterprising and well known general merchant at Berlin, Gentry County, is a native of Kentucky, born Oct. 10, 1851. He is a son of Nimrod and Jane (Pugh) Hardwick, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Tennessee. They came to Missouri in 1856 and settled in Gentry County. This was well on the border of the frontier at that time and the country was wild and unbroken. The family first lived in a log cabin and endured the many privations incident to pioneer life. The father engaged in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 360 acres of land. He was a Mason, a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He and his wife are both deceased and are buried in the Wheeler Cemetery.

Nimrod Hardwick and wife were the parents of the following children: George N., Eliza, Samuel, and Emiline, all of whom are deceased; Lovey, married A. W. Mance, a farmer and stockman, living in Missouri; William, a farmer and stockman, in Oklahoma; Emma, who is now a widow and resides in California; and John R., the subject of this sketch.

John R. Hardwick received his education in the district school in the early days and when a young man was engaged in farming on the home place with his father. In 1905 he opened a dry goods and drug store and a few years later he engaged in the general mercantile business to which he has since devoted himself. He carries a very complete line of general merchandise and has an extensive trade over a large scope of territory.

Mr. Hardwick married Emma Oriez, a native of Switzerland who came to this country with her brother when she was a young girl. Henry Oriez, the brother is a railroad agent and now lives in Kansas. To Mr. and Mrs. John R. Hardwick have been born the following children: Samuel, born Dec. 1, 1883, is assisting his father in the drug store at Berlin; Nora, born June 1, 1885, married Jesse Campbell, a farmer and stockman, living in Nebraska; John M., born Nov. 10, 1887, a farmer and stockman, Elkhart, Kan.; Ziti, born Sept. 3, 1889, married Allen Robertson, a farmer and stockman of Gentry County; Ruth, born March 4, 1891, married L. L. Carson, a farmer and stockman of Gentry County; Russell, born July 6, 1893, clerking in a dry goods store at Elkhart, Kan.; Ernest, born Feb. 24, 1895, a veteran of the World War, was in training at Camp Funston, went overseas with the 89th Division, participated in the heavy fighting of that Division, was severely wounded in the battle of Argonne Forest and after the armistice was signed was honorably discharged and is still under the care of the government at Harding, Mont.; Eliza R., born Sept. 3, 1897, graduated from high

school and the State Teachers College at Maryville, now a bookkeeper and stenographer in the First National Bank, King City; Lucile, born March 6, 1898, graduated from high school and the Teachers State College at Maryville, is now a bookkeeper in the First National Bank at King City; Camelle, born May 3, 1901, a graduate of high school and the Teachers State College at Maryville, is now teaching in Gentryville; Pauline, born Oct. 29, 1903, a graduate from high school and the Teachers State College at Maryville, is now a teacher at Mt. Pleasant; and Mildred, born Jan. 7, 1907, a student in high school and resides at home. The children were all born in Gentry County.

Mr. Hardwick is a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He is public spirited and progressive and the Hardwick family stand high in the community.

William E. Dator, a Civil War veteran and prominent pioneer of Miller Township, was born in Green County, New York, Sept. 11, 1839. He is a son of John and Sallie (Barker) Dator, both natives of Green County, New York, where the father was prominently identified in politics and served as sheriff for a number of years.

William E. Dator was one of six children born to his parents. The Civil War broke out about the time he reached his majority and he enlisted in the Union Army, becoming a member of the 11th Illinois Cavalry of which Col. Robert G. Ingersoll was Colonel. Mr. Dator took part in all the engagements in which his regiment participated and experienced much severe fighting. Before the war, Mr. Dator worked by the month for a time at \$8.00 per month. He came to Missouri in 1866. He bought 200 acres here before coming to this state and is now the owner of 237 acres. His place is well improved with a good residence, barns and other improvements which have been made by Mr. Dator, the place being practically unimproved when he bought it. He experienced all the hard times, low prices and high rates of interest which made the lot of the builders of the West a hard one. There were no railroads when he came here which made transportation difficult and markets inaccessible. Everything had to be hauled to St. Joseph.

Mr. Dator married Mary Jane Lowery, a daughter of Charles and Mary (Earlick) Lowery. Charles Lowery served as county judge of Gentry County and was an extensive land owner, owning 600 acres. He was a prominent farmer and a Republican. He and his wife are both deceased and their remains are buried in Fairview Cemetery.

To William E. Dator and wife have been born the following children: Carrie, who was a teacher for ten years, married George Hall, also a teacher; William, who now manages his father's farm; Ella,

married William Adkisson, of Gentry County; Addie, married Edward Manning, a farmer and stockman living at McFall.

Mr. Dator is one of the substantial citizens of Gentry County and has always taken an interest in public affairs and the welfare of the community. He served as clerk of the school board for 40 years and at the time of his resignation was the oldest clerk in the county. Mrs. Dator died in 1909 and her remains are buried in Fairview Cemetery.

William Alexander Jameson, a Gentry County pioneer now living retired at McFall, is a native of Tennessee. He is a son of David Finley and Eliza Anne (Batton) Jameson, both natives of Tennessee. The Jameson family were very early settlers in Gentry County, coming here from Monroe County in 1853. The father was a farmer and spent the remainder of his life in Gentry County after coming here. He died Dec. 2, 1887. His wife is also deceased.

David Finley Jameson and wife were the parents of the following children: Francis Y., David, Mary Jane, and Joseph, all of whom are deceased; Hiram, a farmer and stock raiser near Ford City; Samuel, living retired at McFall; and William Alexander, the subject of this sketch. David Finley Jameson was prominently identified with the early history of Gentry County. He was the owner of 160 acres of land and served as justice of the peace for seven years. He was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church.

William Alexander Jameson, was married June 16, 1872, to Mary Belle Buster a native of Caldwell County. She is a daughter of John Buster a prominent pioneer farmer and an early settler of Caldwell County. He was a Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian church and he and his wife are both deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Jameson were born the following children: Eliza Emeline, deceased; Mary Frances, married Newton McMillen and they live at Bloomington, Ill.; Sarah, married Homer Bentley, a farmer and stockman near Gentryville; Carrie, married Thomas Setzer, who is engaged in the garage business at Albany; Lola Maude, married Clark Costolo, who is a traveling salesman and lives at McFall; Davidean, married Walter Ross, Pattonsburg; Billie Louise, married Clark Murfey, Bloomington, Ill.

William A. Jameson, settled in Gentry County at an early day coming here with his parents who settled in Gentryville and experienced all the hardships of the pioneer life. He was engaged in farming and stock raising for a number of years and is now living retired at McFall. He is a Democrat and a well known and highly respected citizen.

Enoch W. Brewer, the well known and capable postmaster at McFall was for many years engaged in teaching and is one of the well known educators of this section. He was born in Daviess County, Dec. 27, 1860, and is a son of Thomas and Sarah Frances (Neil) Brewer, both natives of North Flag Park, Kentucky. Thomas Brewer was an early settler in this section of Missouri and was a farmer and is now living retired. He is a Civil War veteran, having been in the service about 18 months. He is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church.

To Thomas Brewer and wife were born the following children: Spencer, deceased; Victoria, married N. P. Christie, a carpenter living at Mound City; Lorena, married Arthur Graves, a real estate dealer, Monte Vista, Col.; Minerva, married Clyde Lucaus, a farmer, Monte Vista, Col.; R. T., a farmer and stockman, Gentry County; Virginia, married Theodore Coffman, a railroad conductor who is now deceased and she resides in Salt Lake City, Utah; J. C., a barber, Akron, Col.; Ethel, married William Fallace, a ranchman, Colorado; and Enoch W., the subject of this sketch.

Enoch W. Brewer was educated in the public schools and the Stanberry Normal school. He began life as a teacher and for 40 years was successfully engaged in teaching in Gentry and Harrison Counties and was engaged in that profession until he was appointed postmaster of McFall, Oct. 1, 1921.

Mr. Brewer was first married March 4, 1896, to Miss Josie Evans, a native of Harrison County, now deceased. The following children were born to that union: Lola and Clinton, deceased; Evans, a telegraph operator, enlisted for service in the World War at Fort Logan, Col., May 14, 1917, was in training at Fort Leavenworth and Camp Merritt, New Jersey, was sent to France in the Signal Corps, took part in the heavy fighting on the Western Front, was gassed and after the armistice was signed was discharged at Fort Logan, Col., Dec. 24, 1918, is now a telegraph operator on the Denver and Rio Grande railroad; Glee Brewer was born Feb. 4, 1900, is a graduate of high school and attended the State Teachers College at Maryville, now lives in Los Angeles, Calif. On Oct. 9, 1905, Mr. Brewer was married to Cleora Crawford, a native of Fayette, Howard County, Missouri. She was educated in high school and the Stanberry Normal school and was successfully engaged in teaching for 13 years before her marriage, having taught in Kansas and Gentryville and McFall. Mrs. Brewer is a daughter of William and Julia A. (Williams) Crawford both natives of Kentucky. William Crawford came to Missouri in 1880 and settled in Howard County where he was engaged in farming and stock raising and was an extensive land owner.

He was a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He died March 21, 1881, and his wife died June 1, 1891. They were the parents of the following children: Margaret, James, Chester, Dr. Charles L., and Pauline Abigail, all of whom are deceased; G. T., a farmer and stock raiser, Fayette, Mo.; Dr. William E., a physician and surgeon, Council Grove, Kan.; John, a farmer and stockman, Vandalia, Mo.; and Jefferson D., a salesman. To Mr. and Mrs. Brewer has been born one child, Benjamin, born Nov. 12, 1907, a student in the public schools.

Mr. Brewer is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church and Mrs. Brewer is a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church.

Henry C. Jolly, a progressive and enterprising merchant of McFall who has been engaged in the drug business for 40 years, is a native of Gentry County. He is a son of Samuel J. and Matilda J. (Robertson) Jolly, natives of Breckenridge County, Kentucky. Samuel J. Jolly came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County in 1852. He was one of the very early pioneer settlers. He entered government land upon coming here, the government land office being then at Plattsburg. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the Union army and saw much service, remaining in the army from 1861 to 1865. After the war he was then engaged in farming and was the owner of 600 acres of land. He and his wife are both deceased and are buried in Fairview Cemetery. They were the parents of the following children: Albert Newton, Benjamin, Mary Rainey, and Charles, all of whom are deceased; James P., a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Sarah, married Lloyd N. Neil, who is deceased and she lives in Nebraska; Mattie, married William S. Manring, a farmer and stockman of Gentry County.

Henry C. Jolly was educated in the public schools and Keokuk College, Keokuk, Iowa. He began life in the drug business at McFall and has been continuously in that business for 40 years. His drug store is one of the old established commercial institutions of Gentry County and he has an extensive trade.

Mr. Jolly first married Medora A. Rosebrook, a native of Gentry County and to them have been born the following children: Henry C., lives in Gentry County; Arlie L., St. Louis; Samuel J., further mention of whom is made below; and Lula M. Guinnvaughn. Denver, Col. Mr. Jolly was married the second time to Mary C. Williams of Gentry County, and two children were born to them: Prentice G., further mention of whom is made below, and Juanita, attending the public schools.

Prentice Jolly enlisted in the United States navy for service in the World War and was in the service laying mines in the North Sea, and after the armistice was signed, remained in the service for some time,

being discharged at the Great Lakes Naval Station, Oct. 19, 1919. He is now employed as a night watchman in the Union Stock Yards at Kansas City.

Samuel J. Jolly, is a veteran of the World War, having enlisted in the Marine Corps at St. Louis shortly after war was declared. He was sent to France in the early part of the war and took part in a number of important engagements. He was wounded and spent three months in a hospital in France. He was discharged after the armistice was signed and is now a ranchman, near Phoenix, Ariz.

Mr. Jolly is a Republican and one of the leading citizens of Gentry County. He served as postmaster of McFall from 1881 to 1884. He is a member of the I. O. O. F., M. W. A., and the K. of P.

John Henry Allen, a well known and successful merchant at McFall engaged in the general mercantile business, is a native of Missouri and a descendant of one of the very early pioneers of this section of the state. He was born in 1856 and is a son of Ezra G., and Mahala (Petrey) Allen. Ezra G. Allen was a native of Virginia and his wife of Ohio. He came to Missouri in 1843. He was a farmer and during the Civil War served in the Union Army, being a member of the Missouri State Militia. He was justice of the peace for a number of years and also served as school director. He was a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. He and his wife are both deceased, and their remains are buried in Walker Cemetery, Worth County.

Ezra G. Allen and wife were the parents of the following children: Celia, Barbara, Lucinda, and George, all of whom are deceased; W. Z., an optician, Joplin, Mo.; Mary Ellen, married Jacob Williams, who is now deceased and she resides in Worth County; Thomas, a dealer in walnut timber, Council Bluffs, Iowa; Ira, a farmer and stockman in Worth County; Oscar, a machinist, Omaha, Neb.; and John H., the subject of this sketch.

John H. Allen was reared on a farm and began life as a farmer on rented land. He then engaged in the butchering business at Albany in partnership with A. B. Price. Shortly afterwards he sold out and was in the broom business in Albany for 10 years. He was then engaged in farming in Iowa for a time when he entered the mercantile business at Evona. In 1906 he went to Deslacs, N. D., where he was engaged in the hotel business for a year. He then farmed for a year when he engaged in business at Deslacs, N. D., again. In 1910 he returned to Missouri and engaged in the mercantile business in partnership with his son E. G. From there they went to Island City where they were in business for seven years. In 1917 Mr. Allen engaged in the general mercantile busi-

ness at McFall where he has built up a large trade and has one of the leading stores of the county.

Mr. Allen was married to Johannah Dwyer, a native of Harrison County, a daughter of Thomas and Katherine (Shane) Dwyer, both natives of Ireland. Thomas Dwyer came to America when he was 13 years old. He learned the blacksmith trade in New York state and afterwards went to Iowa where he was engaged in cattle business for a time and came to Missouri in 1856. For a number of years he was engaged in blacksmithing at Lone Star. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He and his wife are both deceased and he is buried at Lone Star and she in Harrison County. They were the parents of six children: Mary, Nora, Katherine, Thomas, Daniel, all of whom are deceased; and Mrs. Allen of this review.

To John Henry Allen and wife were born the following children: Nora Ellen, deceased; Bessie May, deceased; Ezra Grover, a merchant in Gentry County; William Chester, a veteran of the World War further mention of whom is made below; Elvis E., a merchant at Coffey; Charles, a graduate of the Maryville State Teachers College and the University of Missouri and a member of the bar of Missouri, is now superintendent at Flagler, Col.; Frank, engaged in the furniture business at Joplin; Mary Lucinda, married Elmer Egbert, a railroad agent at Foristell, Mo.; Grace, married Charles Garvey, an engineer on the Great Northern railroad, lives in North Dakota; Jesse Ray, a veteran of the World War of whom further mention is made below; Ruth Mabel, married Dale C. Ripley, who is engaged in the mercantile business at McFall; and Ralph G., chief clerk for Swift and Company at Pattonsburg.

William Chester Allen enlisted at Calgary, Alberta, early in the spring of 1916, in the Canadian army for service in the World War. After a period of training he was promoted in the following order: Corporal, sergeant, sergeant major, the latter promotion carrying with it the rank of warrant officer. He left Halifax in December and arrived in England, Dec. 26, 1916, and was soon sent to France, reaching the front March 1, 1917. He took part in some of the hardest fighting in the Western Front and was in France about two years. On one occasion his company of 157 men went over the top when they were greatly outnumbered by the German forces, the captains and lieutenants were killed and Sergeant Allen took command and succeeded in getting 54 members of his company back to the trenches where the fighting was continued for two days and the slaughter continued until his company was reduced to 16 men. Their supplies were exhausted and they sig-

nalled to a flying airplane and relief was soon after sent. During his service he was gassed and also received a gunshot wound near the spine. After spending six months in a hospital in France he was returned to Canada and sent to a hospital at Calgary where he remained until June, 1918, when he was able to come home and made several speeches in Gentry County during one of the Red Cross drives after which he returned to the hospital. He recovered sufficiently to attend business College but later his condition became worse and in the summer of 1921 he returned to the hospital where he is still suffering from the effects from the gunshot wound he received while in the service and also from the poisonous gas. The wound is so near the spine that it is difficult to treat by an operation without great danger.

Jesse Ray Allen was educated in the public schools and attended high school and normal school and he was engaged in teaching when the United States entered the World War. He enlisted for service and was sent to Camp Dodge, Iowa, for training, becoming a member of Company E, 163rd Infantry. He was sent to France in May, 1918, and served for 14 months. He was gassed while in service and after the armistice was signed, remained in the service until July 1, 1919, when he received his honorable discharge at Camp Dodge, Iowa. He is now manager of the Teachers Bureau at Fargo, N. D. He served as superintendent of the consolidated school at McFall, and was also superintendent of schools at Washington, Iowa.

John H. Allen is a Republican and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodman of America. He is a dependable citizen and the Allen family stand high in the community.

J. H. Cunningham, a Civil War veteran who for many years was engaged in farming and stock raising, is now living retired at McFall. He was born Aug. 6, 1857, in Sangamon County, Illinois, a son of William and Martha (Hinkle) Cunningham, both natives of Pendleton County, West Virginia. They were the parents of four children all of whom are deceased except J. H. Cunningham of this review. The parents both died in Illinois and their remains are buried at Springfield, Ill.

J. H. Cunningham began life for himself at the age of 14 years in Sangamon County, Illinois, and since that time has made his own way in the world. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the Union army, becoming a member of Company F, 20th Regiment, Indiana Volunteer Infantry. Later he was transferred to Company H, 154th Indiana Infantry. He was with the army at the Potomac and participated in a number of the important battles around Richmond. He witnessed

the engagement between the Merrimac and Monitor which was the first engagement in the world between ironclad warships. Students of history will recall this engagement and the result. During the course of his military service, Mr. Cunningham was injured by having his shoulder dislocated on one occasion. His health became so impaired that after 20 months' service he was discharged on account of disability and never fully recovered.

In the fall of 1866 Mr. Cunningham came to Missouri and for a number of years was engaged in farming and stock raising in Daviess County and at one time was the owner of 200 acres of land. He is now living retired at McFall, having moved here in 1918. He has lived in Gentry County since 1909.

Mr. Cunningham married Miss Mary McCullough, a native of Jasper County, Indiana, and a daughter of George P. and Christina (Morse) McCullough. They are both deceased, the father being buried in Daviess County and the mother in Jasper County, Indiana. Mrs. Cunningham died April 9, 1899, and her remains are buried at McFall. Mrs. Cunningham was one of the following children born to her parents: Martha, Nancy, Porter, and Duncan are deceased; Katherine, married John Hinkle who is now deceased and she lives in Wichita, Kansas; Charles, a farmer and stock raiser, Montrose, Col.; and Mrs. Cunningham of this review

To J. H. Cunningham and wife were born the following children: Jessie, Georgia, Bruce, Martha, Myrtie and Flora are deceased; Faniel, a carpenter, resides at Trenton; Florence, lives at home with her father; Charles, a retired farmer and stockman; Mary, married Bert Lumrey, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County.

Mr. Cunningham is a Republican and cast his first vote for Lincoln for United States senator and voted for him for president twice. He held the office of constable in Daviess County and was school trustee and road overseer for a number of years. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and the Christian Church.

John H. Hoyt of the firm of Hoyt Brothers which is composed of John H., Noah and Charles Hoyt who conduct the leading garage of McFall and also do an extensive blacksmithing and automobile business, is a native of Missouri. He is a son of Albert F. and Rebecca (Warner) Hoyt and was born Nov. 22, 1885. Albert F. Hoyt was born in Illinois and came to Missouri in 1881. He engaged in farming and stock raising and now owns 130 acres of land in Harrison County where he and his wife reside.

Albert F. and Rebecca (Warner) Hoyt are the parents of the following children: Bertha, born in Harrison County in 1896, died Aug. 6, 1914, and is buried in the Matkins Cemetery; David, is a farmer and stockman in Harrison County; Fred, a farmer and stockman in Harrison County; Noah, a member of the firm of Hoyt Brothers; Charles, a member of the firm of Hoyt Brothers; and Ernest, who lives in Harrison County. He is a veteran of the World War. He was trained at Camp Funston, becoming a member of the 341st artillery 89th Division and went overseas with this famous Division. He was on the firing line on the West Front for 52 days and nights. After the armistice was signed he went to Germany with the Army of Occupation, remaining there about six months. He then was returned to the United States and in June, 1920, was discharged at Camp Taylor, Kentucky. During his service he was gassed and also had his arches broken down.

John H. Hoyt was educated in the public schools and learned the blacksmith trade. He worked at his trade in Harrison County and in 1908 engaged in the garage and blacksmith buisness at McFall in partnership with his brothers Noah and Charles. They do an extensive business and are first class workmen.

John H. Hoyt married Bertha Stewart, a native of Harrison County, and a daughter of W. C. and Julia (Rice) Stewart, natives of Missouri. Frank Stewart, grandfather of Mrs. Hoyt, was a veteran of the Civil War, having served in the Union army. During his active career he was engaged in farming and stock raising in Harrison County. He was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church and is now deceased. His widow is deceased, buried in New Hope Cemetery, Harrison County. Mrs. Hoyt is one of the following children born to her parents: Estel, a veteran of the World War, who served in France with the famous 89th Division and later transferred to the 3rd Division. He was in France 22 months and was with the Army of Occupation in Germany about eight months. During his service he was wounded by a shell on the left arm and also gassed and has not yet recovered his health. He was discharged in September, 1920, and is now engaged in farming and stock raising in Nebraska. The other brothers and sisters of Mrs. Hoyt are Eimel, who lives in Nebraska; Nellie, married Walter Giles and lives in Nebraska; Lizzie, married Arthur Faucett and they live in Nebraska; and Blair, Ross, Harold living in Norris County.

To Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hoyt have been born two children: Paul, born in Harrison County, Sept. 3, 1911, and Lois, born in Gentry County, Oct. 3, 1914.

John H. Hoyt is well known and highly respected in McFall and the Hoyt family stand high in the community.

Fred Hamm, president of the McFall telephone company who also operates a grist and saw mill at McFall is one of Gentry County's most progressive and enterprising citizens. He was born at Andover, Alleghany County, New York, July 13, 1862, and is a son of Simian and Rachel (Adams) Hamm.

Simian Hamm was born in Stamford, Conn., about 1809. He was a pioneer settler in western New York and was engaged in the lumber business and operated a farm and also bought cattle extensively for the New York market. He was a successful man of affairs and was a strong supporter of churches and schools. He was captain of Cavalry in the state militia and a prominent man in the community. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church and belonged to the Masonic Lodge. He died Nov. 14, 1876, and his wife died in March, 1886, and their remains are buried at Andover, N. Y. They were the parents of the following children: Jacob M., Harriet, Levi, and Emily, all of whom are deceased; Simian, a farmer, Andover, N. Y.; Charles, a representative of the Standard Oil Company, Hornell, N. Y.; Saphrona, married Charles Downs, a farmer, Fort Alleghany, Pa.; Alice, married Charles B. Lever, who is deceased and she lives at Andover, N. Y.; Adelbert, Andover, N. Y., and Fred, the subject of this sketch.

Fred Hamm was educated in the public schools and began life as a farmer and also followed teaming in the oil fields of Pennsylvania. He also operated a threshing machine in New York state. In 1887 he came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County and bought 40 acres of land. He cleared and improved this place and started a saw mill and a grist mill in 1903 and has successfully operated it to the present time. He is president of the McFall Telephone Company, having assumed charge of that concern when it was in a bad financial condition and the property more or less run down. Through his capable management the company was in a prosperous condition within six months, with all obligations paid.

Mr. Hamm was married March 4, 1884, to Miss Anna May Austin of Andover, N. Y. She is a daughter of Stephen and Elmira (Pingery) Austin, the former a native of Stamford, Conn., and the latter of Alfred, N. Y. Stephen M. Austin was a teacher in early life and came to Missouri when he was about 44 years old. He continued to teach school for 40 years. He bought a great deal of land and was the owner of 600 acres here and 320 acres in New York state. He was extensively interested in

farming and stock raising. He was a member of the Methodist Church and was a Prohibitionist. He died March 12, 1906, aged about 90 years. His wife died Oct. 17, 1902, and their remains are buried at McFall. Mrs. Hamm is one of the following children born to her parents: Florence, Mary, and Shadrack, all of whom are deceased; Burritt, a jeweler, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Fred, a farmer and stockman, McFall; Alice, lives in McFall, Gentry County.

To Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hamm have been born four children: Gertrude, Fred R., Clair S., and Burritt. Gertrude Hamm was born in Pennsylvania March 30, 1886. She graduated from high school and entered Howard Payne College, specializing in music and afterwards took a course in the Academy of Music at Chicago, Ill. She is thoroughly accomplished in both vocal and instrumental music and during the course of her studies won two medals for the excellency of her scholarship. She was instructor in voice culture and music in the State Agricultural College and the Methodist College at Oklahoma City, Okla. She married J. L. Buchanan, a jeweler of Lawton, Okla. Fred R. Hamm was born at McFall, Dec. 8, 1890, is a graduate of high school and afterwards took a mechanical course in the College at Stillwater, Okla., now conducts an electrical school in St. Joseph. Clair S. Hamm was born in Gentry County, June 30, 1902, and was educated in the public schools and Park College, is now teaching in Central High School in Kansas City. Burritt Hamm was born in Gentry County, Sept. 24, 1905, and is a member of the junior class in the McFall High School.

Mrs. Hamm is an accomplished musician and taught music for a number of years. The Hamm family are members of the Methodist Church. Mr. Hamm was the first man in McFall to vote the straight Prohibition ticket and he and Mrs. Hamm are strong supporters of prohibition. They are well known and prominent in Gentry County.

Mr. Hamm is now serving his second year as president of the town board of McFall.

Joseph Henry Patton, a prominent farmer and stockman who is a member of one of the very early pioneer families of Gentry County, was born in this County, June 11, 1855. He is a son of Harvey and Martha (Wollard) Patton, the father a native of Tennessee born Feb. 19, 1820, and the mother was born near Richmond, Mo., in 1837. They were married Sept. 7, 1852, and were the parents of the following children: Abraham, and John, both of whom are deceased; and Nancy, married Columbus Robertson, a fruit grower and they live in California; Mollie, married Jerry Lysle and they live at McFall; Maggie, married Robert Moss,

a farmer and stockman, Gallatin; James R., a lumberman of Albany; and Joseph H., the subject of this sketch.

Harvey Patton came to Missouri in 1841 and was one of the pioneer settlers of Gentry County. He began life here in a log cabin in which Joseph H. Patton was born. He began farming in true pioneer style, clearing away the timber and breaking the prairie with oxen. He met with success and became the owner of 400 acres of land. He died Aug. 3, 1905, and his wife died Feb. 22, 1899, and their remains are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. He served in the state militia during the Civil War for about six weeks.

Joseph H. Patton was reared on a farm and educated in the public schools. Since early manhood he has been engaged in farming. He bought his first land when he was 24 years old for \$15.00 per acre. He has added to his original holdings until he is now the owner of 670 acres of valuable and well improved land and is recognized as one of the leading farmers and stockmen of Gentry County. He raises pure bred Short-horn cattle, Poland China hogs and is also a breeder of standard bred Buff Coachin chickens. His place is recognized as one of the best farms in this part of the state. The Old Mill trail passed through this farm.

Mr. Patton was married to Maude Young, who was born in Millville, Ray County, a daughter of Sebron and Catherine (Rainwater) Young, both natives of Ray County. Sebron Young was a successful farmer and stock raiser and also was a school teacher practically all his life. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge and belonged to the Methodist Church and was a Democrat. He died April 24, 1903, and his wife departed this life May 31, 1907, and their remains are buried in New Hope Cemetery. They were the parents of 13 children, five of whom are living, as follows: Eudora, married Samuel Wollard, who is now deceased and she lives at Russelville; John T., of Wichita, Kan.; Ambrose M., Kansas City; Harry P., and Mrs. Joseph H. Patton of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Patton were born the following children: Temple, married E. J. Manring, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; Harvey, born July 8, 1895, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; Sebron, born March 30, 1898, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; and Virginia, born Dec. 29, 1910, is a student in the public schools.

Mr. Patton is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and is a representative and dependable citizen.

Henry Osborn, a Gentry County pioneer, now living retired at McFall, is a native of Indiana. He was born Jan. 23, 1845, and is a son of Noah and Mary (O'Neal) Osborn, both natives of Indiana, the former born in 1820 and the latter in 1819. Noah Osborn was a farmer and devoted his life to that vocation. He was a good substantial citizen and commanded the respect of his pioneer neighbors. He and his wife were members of the Baptist Church and are both now deceased and their remains are buried at McFall. They were the parents of eight children, the following of whom are living: Scott, lives in Kansas; Ruel, lives in Kansas; Mrs. Jane Nelson, lives in Kansas; Manirva, married Theodore Gilbert, lives in Nebraska; Ellen, married Henry Singer, who is deceased and she lives in Nebraska; and Henry the subject of this sketch.

Henry Osborn spent his early life on a farm in Indiana and Kentucky and at an early day went to Kansas where he bought 160 acres of Government land. He located well on the frontier and Indian scares were frequent in that section at that early day. After spending some time there, he sold out and came to Gentry County where he bought a farm and for a number of years was engaged in farming and stock raising until he retired and moved to McFall where he has since lived and where he owns a comfortable residence.

Mr. Osborn was married to Eliza Jane Whitaker, a native of Kentucky and a daughter of P. F. Whitaker. P. F. Whitaker was a Kentuckian and settled in Gentry County in 1873. He was a carpenter by trade and also operated a small farm after coming here. He was a Democrat and a member of the Masonic Lodge. He and his wife were members of the Christian Church and are both now deceased.

To Henry Osborn and wife were born the following children: Mary, married Henry Gilbert and they live in Oklahoma; Fannie, married Thomas Wilson and they live in Oklahoma; Tabitha, who is married and lives in Nebraska; and Olive, married Harry Young, Albany.

Mrs. Osborn died in 1920 and her remains are buried at McFall.

Mr. Osborn is a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church.

Oliver Giles, a progressive and enterprising business man of McFall who conducts a first class restaurant and meat market at McFall, is a native son of Gentry County and is a member of a pioneer family of this section of Missouri. He was born June 11, 1875, and is a son of John and Amanda (Whitten) Giles.

John Giles was a native of Tennessee and his wife was born in Missouri. He settled in Missouri, coming to Gentry County at a very early date and his parents also settled in this county and endured all the hard-

ships incident to pioneer life in a new country. John Giles was a farmer and stockman and was the owner of 160 acres of land. He was a Democrat. He and his wife are both now deceased.

Oliver Giles is one of eight children born to his parents, six of whom are living as follows: Sadie, married Henry Akes, Gallatin; Oscar, who is a veteran of the World War, having served overseas with the famous Rainbow Division and was in the service two and a half years, lives in Gentry County; Charles, lives at Kearney; Herbert, lives in Gentry County; Ivoll, lives in Gentry County; and Oliver, the subject of this sketch.

Oliver Giles received his education in the public schools and was reared on a farm. He began his independent career when he was 23 years old and he and his brother, Ivoll, bought 240 acres of land in Miller Township. Since that time they have carried on general farming and stock raising and met with success. They raise Shorthorn cattle, Chester White hogs and fancy poultry. Their farm is a well-improved place and their two sets of buildings on the place. In June, 1921, Oiver Giles engaged in the restaurant and meat business at McFall and at the same time retained his interests in the operation of his farm with his brother. Since coming to McFall and engaging in business he has built up a large trade. He is a Democrat and a substantial citizen of Gentry County.

Clifford Melvin Harrison, who for many years was identified with Daviess County, as editor of the Gallatin North Missourian, and also served as postmaster of Gallatin, is one of the widely known newspaper men of the state. He was born at Fairview, Cambria County, Pa., May 22, 1863. He is a son of Christian Harrison and Caroline (Waters) Harrison, the former a native of Cambria County, Pa., of English descent and the latter of Wayne County, Ohio, and of Scotch ancestry. Christian Harrison was a school teacher, farmer and merchant.

When Clifford M. Harrison was four years of age he removed to Iowa with his parents and the next eight years of his life were spent on a farm near Waterloo, Iowa. The family then moved to Grant City, Mo., and here at the age of 16 years young Harrison began his apprenticeship in the office of the Grant City Star, where he learned the printer's trade. He then worked as a journeyman printer on a few country papers and later went to St. Joseph where he worked on the Evening News for a few months. He then got "cases" on the Kansas City Journal. He was employed on that paper for eight years, four of which he served in the capacity of proof reader of the paper. In Oct. 1891, he purchased the Grant City Star and was editor of that paper for seven years. He sold the Grant City Star in 1898 and after that time he successfully owned and edited the Albany



CLIFFORD M. HARRISON

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Capital, Maysville Pilot, Gallatin North Missourian, Sedalia Capital and Boonville Republican.

While a resident of Grant City, Mr. Harrison served six years as a member of the school board and represented Worth County in the 38th General Assembly. In 1896 he was nominated for State Senator from the First Snatorial District by the Republicans but was defeated by a fusion of the Democrats and Populists. In August, 1921, Mr. Harrison was appointed Superintendent of the Missouri State Reformatory at Boonville by Gov. A. M. Hyde, and is capably filling that responsible position at the present time.

On June 27, 1888 Clifford M. Harrison was married to Miss Hannah Ella Marrah of Kingsville, Mo. Six children have been born to them, five sons and one daughter, three of whom survive: Frederick M., further mention of whom is made below; Mrs. Greeta V. Callison of Rocky Ford, Colo.; and William M., of Boonville.

Mr. Harrison is a member of the Presbyterian church and also holds membership in the Masonic, Knights of Pythias, Modern Woodmen and Macabees fraternities.

Frederick M. Harrison, the present postmaster of Gallatin, is a veteran of the World War and a successful newspaper man of the younger generation. After graduating from the Gallatin High School, he entered the University of Missouri, where he took the course in Journalism and was graduated in 1912. He then engaged in newspaper work and was the editor of the Gallatin North Missourian when the United States entered the World War. He enlisted in the army and was sent to Camp Funston for training. On Aug. 15, 1918, he sailed for overseas. For a time he was attached to Evacuation Hospital No. 16, and was later transferred to the 305th Field Artillery, 77th Division. After spending four months in Germany with the Army of Occupation he was returned to America and received his honorable discharge at Camp Taylor, May 21, 1919. He served with the rank of sergeant.

After returning from the army Mr. Harrison resumed his work as editor and publisher of the Gallatin North Missourian. He was appointed postmaster of Gallatin, taking charge of the office Dec. 1, 1921, and is ably serving in that capacity at the present time.

George W. McDaniel, a well known citizen of McFall, is a native of Missouri and a member of one of the very early pioneer families of this section of the state. He was born in Harrison County, Sept. 8, 1853, and is a son of Archibald M. and Jane (Daniel) McDaniel, the former a native of North Carolina and the latter of Illinois. Archibald McDaniel was born Sept. 18, 1822. He was a son of Eli McDaniel who served as a

Colonel in the war of 1812 and was foreman of the first grand jury of Harrison County which was held under an elm tree south of Bethany. Archibald McDaniel came to Harrison County with his father in 1837 and they experienced all the hard times of pioneer life in a new country. When the Civil War broke out, Archibald McDaniel served in the state militia. He followed farming and stock raising until the time of his death. He fell prostrate while cradling wheat and never recovered. His wife lived to the advanced age of 92 years and died in 1910, and they are buried at Bell Springs. They were the parents of the following children: Frank M., lives in South Dakota; W. P., Harrison County; N. M., a merchant at McFall; John L., a contractor, McFall; James R., a merchant, Denver, Col.; and George W., the subject of this sketch.

George W. McDaniel began life as a farmer and stock raiser and in early life learned the shoemaker's trade which he has followed to the present time and now conducts a first class shop at McFall and has an extensive trade. He served as justice of the peace for three terms in Harrison County and is now serving his third term in McFall. He is also weighmaster at McFall, a position which he has held for ten years.

Mr. McDaniel was first married to Mary Coepler, a native of West Virginia, and four children were born to that union, none of whom are now living. After the death of his first wife, Mr. McDaniel married, Mollie Graves, a native of Indiana and five children were born to that union, two of whom are living as follows: Sallie, married Ralph Hicks, a farmer and stockman; and Charles Roy, a veteran of the World War who is a painter and decorator and also assists his father. During the World War, he entered the United States army and was sent to Camp Dodge, Iowa, for training and from there to Camp Sherman, Ohio. And after the armistice was signed he received his honorable discharge. Some years after the death of George W. McDaniel's second wife he was married, Sept. 16, 1910, to Alice Houtz, a native of Minnesota. They have no children.

Mr. McDaniel is a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Jesse W. Monk, an honored pioneer of Miller Township who for many years has been successfully engaged in farming and stock raising and is now living retired on his farm, is a native of Ontario. He was born Jan. 19, 1837, a son of Nicholas and Catherine (Moyer) Monk, both natives of New York State.

Jesse W. Monk was one of 14 children born to his parents and he and his brother Simon who now lives in Cedar County, Iowa, are the

only surviving children of the family. Jesse Monk began life working in the lumber woods for which he received 50 cents per day. He followed this line of work for five years and later bought land and later began buying land and continued to add to his holdings until he was the owner of 562 acres. He raised horses, cattle and sheep extensively and has met with success. He began life with nothing and has experienced all the hardships and uncertainties incident to pioneer life, and finally reached the goal of success. One of his most memorable experiences was being caught in a blizzard while living in Iowa in 1888. He was two hours going two miles and was compelled to crawl on his hands and knees in order to reach safety. He has met with losses of crops by grasshoppers and encountered other misfortunes and failures, although he never became discouraged.

Mr. Monk was married Oct. 11, 1866, to Anna Argo, a native of Ohio, and a daughter of John Argo who was also a native of Ohio. John Argo was a harnessmaker and was also engaged in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 240 acres of land. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church. He and his wife are both deceased.

To Jesse Monk and wife have been born three children as follows: Maude, was a school teacher for a number of years prior to her marriage, married Allen Horsfall who is now deceased, and she resides at Flandreau, S. D.; Lillian, who resides at home with her father and Jessie, married Joseph Childers, a farmer and stock raiser of Gentry County.

Mr. Monk is a Democrat and took a prominent part in politics in Iowa in the early days before he came to Missouri. He is recognized as a progressive and public spirited citizen and always stands ready to cooperate with any movement which has for its object the betterment of the community or the upbuilding or the improvement of public institutions.

Albert Newton Jolly, now deceased, was a well known and successful farmer and stockman and a descendent of one of the pioneer settlers of Gentry County. He was born in Gentry County, a son of Samuel and Malinda (Robertson) Jolly, natives of Breckenridge County, Kentucky, who settled in Gentry County as early as 1852. Samuel J. Jolly was a prominent pioneer farmer and stockman of Gentry County and a more complete history of the Jolly family appears elsewhere in this volume in connection of the biography of James Perry Jolly.

Albert Newton Jolly was reared on his father's farm and educated

in the district schools of Gentry County. He began life as a farmer and stockman and met with success. At the time of his death, April 30, 1905, he was the owner of 282 acres of well improved and valuable land which is now the home of his widow. Mr. Jolly was a Republican and a member of the Knights of Pythias and an upright and dependable citizen who was highly respected by his many acquaintances.

On Jan. 12, 1881, Mr. Jolly was married to Miss Ella Williams, a native of Gallia County, Ohio, and a daughter of Richard F. and Mary Ann (Manring) Williams, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Gallia County, Ohio. Richard F. Williams was a Civil War veteran, having served in the army for three years, in the 73rd Ohio Infantry and participated in a great many battles. He was in the hotel business at McFall for several years. He was a Republican, a member of the Presbyterian Church and belonged to the Masonic Lodge. He died in January, 1884, and his widow survived him for a number of years. She died June 8, 1913, and their remains are buried at McFall. They were the parents of the following children: Asbury, Mary Jane, George, Frank, Della, James H., and Carrie, all of whom are deceased; and Margaret, married James Medley, a former United States Marshall, who is now deceased and she lives in St. Joseph; S. B., McFall; Minnie, married Thomas J. Baker, Perry, Okla.; J. R., a fruit grower in California; and Mrs. Jolly of this review.

To Albert Newton and Ella (Williams) Jolly were born the following children: James G., born Nov. 15, 1881, is a musician and resides at home; Everett, born Feb. 16, 1883, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Roy M., born Feb. 3, 1887, a rural mail carrier, McFall; Benjamin Harrison, born Aug. 30, 1889, is county superintendent of schools, St. Charles, Mo.; and Glenn, resides at home. The two boys, Roy and Glenn are veterans of the World War. Roy was at Camp McArthur, a member of a replacement company when the armistice was signed and Glenn was at Camp Funston, a member of Company A, 30th Field Artillery, 10th Division when he received his discharge.

The Jolly family is one of the prominent pioneer families of Gentry County.

William H. Collier, a substantial citizen of Miller Township, Gentry County who is a successful farmer and stockman was born in Gentry County, Dec. 12, 1864, and is a son of William and Sarah (Campbell) Collier. William Collier was a soldier in the Union army and was killed in battle.

William H. Collier, the subject of this sketch, has been engaged in

farming and stock raising since early life. He first bought 40 acres of land and afterwards bought more land as opportunities afforded and conditions favored until he is now the owner of 570 acres of productive and well improved land which is considered one of the best farms in Gentry County. Here he has been successfully engaged in farming and stock raising for many years.

Mr. Collier married Anna McColloch, a daughter of Porter and Sarah Ann (Reese) McColloch, natives of Indiana. Porter McColloch served in the Civil War for three years, a member of the 87th Indiana Infantry and received his honorable discharge Aug. 10, 1865. He settled in Gentry County after the Civil War and endured all the hardships of the early day life. He was a successful farmer and stockman and acquired a farm of 500 acres. He was converted in December, 1884, becoming a member of the Freewill Baptist Church. Politically, he was a Republican. He died May 16, 1914, and his wife died several years before. Their remains are buried in Fairview Cemetery. Mrs. Collier is one of the following children born to Porter and Sarah Ann (Reese) McColloch: Eliza Christina, married Okley Manring and they live in Harrison County; Logan, lives at McFall; Edward, lives in Daviess County; Cora, married James Pitsenbarger and they live in Lamar, Mo.; William, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; and Mrs. Collier of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. William Collier have been born the following children: Elza Porter, who served in the World War and after a period of training at Camp Funston was sent to France, a member of the Fourth Supply Train arriving there March 4, 1918. took part in much severe fighting on the Western Front, including the battle of the Meuse Argonne and was with the Army of Occupation for seven months in Germany, received his honorable discharge at Camp Taylor, Aug. 9, 1919, and is now engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County; Elva, married George Waltemath and lives in Worth County; Ross, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Ora, also served in the World War, a member of Company D, Third Supply Train, was in France 17 months and with the Army of Occupation in Germany received his honorable discharge Sept. 10, 1919, and is now a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; Ermal, resides at home with his parents; Adah, married Benjamin Davidson and lives in Gentry County; Ida, graduated from Kidder Institute in the class of 1922; Marshall, resides at home; and Wilma also resides at home and attends Kidder Institute.

Mr. Collier is a Republican and is one of the enterprising citizens of Gentry County.

J. R. Sweat, a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman of Miller Township, Gentry County, is a native of this county and belongs to one of its pioneer families. He was born Dec. 5, 1863, a son of Adam and Pauline (Perry) Sweat, the former a native of Indiana and the latter of Illinois. Adam Sweat came to Missouri with his family and settled in Gentry County in 1856, driving here with oxen and a covered wagon. He served in the Civil War for two years. After the Civil War he engaged in farming although he never fully recovered his health after the exposure incident to his military career. He died March 15, 1875, and his wife died in January, 1906, and their remains are buried in Fairview Cemetery. They were the parents of the following children: Francis, Caroline, both of whom are deceased; Malissa, married J. W. Bunnell, King City; Maria Elizabeth, married A. M. Gromer and they live in DeKalb County; Angeline, married Ora Claycomb, and they live in Harrison County; and John R., the subject of this sketch.

John R. Sweat received his education in the early day schools of Gentry County and began life working out by the month and was thus engaged about two years. He then bought land and engaged in farming and stock raising for himself. He added to his accumulations and is now the owner of a splendid farm of 324 acres which is well improved and under a high state of cultivation. In addition to his general farming he raises Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs and Registered Shropshire sheep and also Standard Bred Plymouth Rock chickens.

Mr. Sweat married Elza Claycomb, a native of Gentry County and a daughter of Hiram Claycomb. Hiram Claycomb was a native of Kentucky and an early settler in Gentry County. He served in the state militia during the Civil War and afterwards engaged in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 320 acres of land. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church. He and his wife are both deceased and are buried in Fairview Cemetery.

To Mr. and Mrs. John R. Sweat have been born two children: Jasper, born Dec. 5, 1883, was educated in the public schools and the Stanberry Normal School, is now engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County; and Solomon, born Oct. 2, 1886, educated in the public schools and the Chillicothe College, is a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County.

Mr. Sweat is a public spirited and substantial citizen, and is recognized as one of the successful men of affairs of Gentry County.

W. C. Adkisson, a well known and successful farmer and stockman of Gentry County, is a native of Kentucky. He was born in Breckenridge County, and is a son of Samuel and Lucy (Parks) Adkisson, both natives of Breckenridge County, Kentucky. Samuel Adkisson came to Missouri in 1879 with his family and settled in Gentry County. He was a farmer and spent his life in that vocation. He was a Democrat, a member of the Presbyterian Church and belonged to the Masonic Lodge. He died in Thomas County, Kansas, in June, 1915, and his wife died in August, 1918. They were the parents of the following children: Milton, Burlington, Col.; Roland, lives in Iowa; Lizzie, married Charles Hardin and they live in Kansas; Charles, a farmer in Thomas County, Kansas; Ernest, lives in Gentry County; and W. C., the subject of this sketch.

W. C. Adkisson attended the public schools and the Stanberry Normal School and has always been engaged in farming and stock raising. At first he operated rented land for six years and is now the owner of a good farm of 80 acres in Miller Township where he is successfully engaged in farming and stock raising. Mrs. Adkisson is a successful poultry raiser and specializes in raising Narragansett turkeys. Their farm is well improved with a good two-story frame residence and suitable barns and other buildings.

Mr. Adkisson was married to Ella Dator, a native of Gentry County and a daughter of Edward and Mary (Lowrey) Dator, the former a native of New York and the latter of Ohio. Edward Dator was a Civil War veteran, serving in the Union army with the Illinois troops. After the war he engaged in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 250 acres of land. He is a Republican. His wife is deceased and he lives in Miller Township. They were the parents of the following children: Carrie, who was a successful teacher in Gentry County, is now the wife of George Hall who is also a teacher and they live in Gentry County; William, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; Ada, married Edward Manring and they live at McFall; and Mrs. Adkisson of this review.

To W. C. Adkisson and wife have been born the following children: Mabel, married Ora Collier, a farmer and stockman; Glenn, a graduate of high school and the State Teachers College at Maryville, has been engaged in teaching for three years, resides at home with his parents; Edna, resides at home; and Merle, also at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Adkisson are members of the Baptist Church and both support the policies and principles of the Republican party. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge and a highly respected and dependable citizen.

Theodore F. Morris, a successful farmer and stock raiser in Cooper Township is a native of Gentry County and a member of one of the pioneer families of this section. He was born May 30, 1875, a son of Dr. Isaac Newton and Amanda (Witty) Morris. Dr. I. N. Morris was a native of Hamilton County, Ohio, and his wife was born in Brazil, Indiana. Dr. Morris drove through from Indiana to Missouri and settled in Gentry County in the fall of 1854. He first lived in a log cabin. He was a graduate of the Miami College of medicine, Cincinnati, Ohio. He practiced medicine after coming to Gentry County and was also engaged in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 1,100 acres of land. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge, the Methodist Church and was a Republican. He was prominently identified with the development of Gentry County and its institutions and was a strong advocate of good schools and higher education. He died in 1903 and his wife departed this life in 1914. Their remains are buried at Stanberry. They were the parents of the following children: Mary, married George W. Shoemaker, an attorney who is now deceased and she resides at Stanberry; Elizabeth, married James U. Harris, a fruit grower at Grand Junction, Col.; Luella, married Charles Durand who is engaged in the furniture and undertaking business in Oklahoma City, Okla.; Ida, married Edward Grantham, a prominent attorney who is a well known corporation lawyer of Aberdeen, S. D.; Nancy, married William McHattie, who is now deceased; and Theodore F., the subject of this sketch.

Theodore F. Morris was reared in Gentry County and educated in the public schools and the Northwestern College at Stanberry. He began life as a farmer and stockman and is now the owner of 310 acres which is a valuable and well improved farm. The improvements consists of a good two-story residence, barns, silo and other farm buildings. Mr. Morris carries on general farming and is also one of the successful stockmen of this section, raising Black Angus cattle, Poland China hogs and sheep, horses and mules.

Mr. Morris was married Jan. 21, 1894, to Miss Elizabeth L. Curry, a native of Highland County, Ohio. She is a daughter of Joseph and Mary (Spargur) Curry, the former a native of Petersburg, Pa., and the latter of Highland County, Ohio. Joseph Curry was a Civil War veteran and served with the Union Army, participating in a number of important engagements with the army of the Potomac. He was severely wounded by being shot in the knee and was also taken prisoner in the Shenandoah Valley, but soon afterwards was exchanged. He came to Missouri in 1879, about seven years after his marriage, and for many

years was a locomotive engineer on the Wabash railroad. He was a member of the Odd Fellows, a Democrat and belonged to the Presbyterian Church. He died Feb. 5, 1921, his wife having departed this life in 1892. They are buried at Stanberry. They were the parents of the following children: Alice, born Sept. 7, 1876, married D. B. Proctor of Stanberry and died in 1902; Nannie R., married Frank Moonan of St. Joseph; Joseph, Jr., a railroad man of Hutchinson, Kan.; and Mrs. Morris of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Theodore F. Morris have been born the following children: Ione, a graduate of the Stanberry High School and the Ernest Conservatory of Music of Stanberry, married Cleo Plymale, purchasing agent for the Kelly-Springfield Tire Co., at Akron, Ohio; Thelma, who is a graduate of the Stanberry High School and the State Teachers College at Maryville, is now a teacher at Lexington, Mo.; Mary Magdalyn, a graduate of the State Teachers College at Maryville in the class of 1922; and T. F., Jr., a student in Stanberry High School, lives at home.

Mr. Morris and his wife are identified with the Republican party and the family belongs to the Methodist Church. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge.

James M. Miller, an honored pioneer citizen of Gentry County and veteran of the Civil War, is a native of Virginia. He was born Feb. 19, 1843, a son of John and Sophia (Cowdin) Miller, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of West Virginia. John Miller served as a Colonel in the war of 1812 and was at the battle of New Orleans. He contracted rheumatism during his military service and was practically crippled throughout the remainder of his life. In 1852 he came to Missouri and first settled near St. Joseph; the next year he came to Gentry County. After coming to Missouri he bought a claim which he later lost through a defect in the title. He received another grant of land from the government. He followed farming and stock raising throughout his life. He died Jan. 9, 1857, and his wife died Feb. 9, 1865. Their remains are buried in Lafayette Cemetery. They were the parents of eight children only two of whom are living; James M., the subject of this sketch; and Mary who married William Taylor and they live at Edmond, Okla.

James M. Miller came to Missouri in 1852, when he was about nine years old, with his parents. He grew to manhood here and after the Civil War broke out he volunteered for service, becoming a member of the 5th Missouri Regiment and served in the Union army for 18 months. He took part in a number of engagements and skirmishes, including the engagement at Glasgow. While in the service he was injured, receiving

a broken leg and a severely crushed foot. As soon as he was able he rejoined his command and remained in the service until the close of the war. After the war he engaged in farming and stock raising and has met with success. He is the owner of a fine farm of 224 acres of land in Jackson Township.

Mr. Miller was married June 10, 1869, to Miss Elizabeth Emerson, a native of Illinois and a daughter of William and Mary (Funderburk) Emerson, the former a native of North Carolina and the latter of Tennessee. Mrs. Miller was one of a family of 12 children born to her parents, all of whom are deceased but three, who are as follows: Mary, who is the widow of Peter Roney and lives in Nodaway County; and Ruth, the widow of Alex Walters and lives in Oklahoma; and Mrs. Miller, of this review. William Emerson, Mrs. Miller's father, was a Methodist minister in the days of the "circuit riders." He was also a teacher and at one time was county judge for a number of years in Nodaway County and served as justice of the peace at Quitman, Mo. He died in 1879 and his wife died in 1886.

To James M. Miller and wife have been born the following children: James, Minnie, Harry, and Thomas, all of whom are deceased, and buried in Lafayette Cemetery; Jesse Martin, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; Charles, a ranchman in Montana; Henry Wilson, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Mary Alice, married Ernest Workman, Gentry County; Dolly Malinda, married George Evans of Gentry County; Eva Clarkie, married Hilbert Holman of Gentry County; Loren A., resides at home; John Harrison, lives in Gentry County; Lucy Belle, married Dale Palmer of Gentry County.

Mr. Miller is a Republican and cast his first vote for President Lincoln. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge and the Baptist Church.

John W. Stewart, a successful farmer and stockman of Cooper Township, Gentry County is a native of Iowa. He was born in Lucas County, Sept. 22, 1856, a son of Alexander and Rosana (Belmar) Stewart, the former a native of Indiana and the later of Ohio. Alexander Stewart was born Oct. 14, 1830, and in early life went to Illinois and was in Chicago when that city was a mere village, consisting of about a dozen buildings. Later he removed to Iowa and in 1860 settled in Gentry County near Island City. Shortly after he came to Missouri, the Civil War broke out and he enlisted in the Union army, serving until the close of the war. While in the service he was severely ruptured from which he never fully recovered. After the war he engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County which he followed until the time of his

death, Oct. 14, 1905. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church. His remains are buried in Lafayette Cemetery. His widow is living at the age of 83 years. They were the parents of the following children: Viola, died July 2, 1918, and is buried at King City; Nancy, married William O'Neil, Stanberry; Mary Frances, married John Francis who is now deceased and she lives at Stanberry; George, lives in St. Joseph; Ida, married Louis Russell and they live in Idaho; Dora, married Jacob Rardon, Fort Morgan, Col.; and John W., whose name introduces this review.

John W. Stewart was educated in the public schools and began his career farming rented land in Andrew County with one mule worth about \$30.00. He bought land later and is now the owner of a valuable farm of 120 acres. He raises cattle, hogs and horses and has been extensively engaged in raising mules. He has had all the experiences of pioneer life, having lived in a log cabin and in the early days drove oxen. Mrs. Stewart is a successful breeder of standard bred Plymouth Barred Rock chickens.

Mr. Stewart was married Nov. 4, 1877, to Miss Mary Brooke, a native of Andrew County, a daughter of Benjamin F. and Margaret N. (Fisher) Brooke, the former a native of Ohio and the latter born in Terre Haute, Ind. Benjamin F. Brooke served in the 4th Missouri Infantry during the Civil War and was wounded. After the war he engaged in farming in Andrew County and was thus engaged until his death, Sept. 28, 1905. He was a Republican and attended the Methodist Church. Mrs. Stewart was the only child born to her parents.

To Mr. and Mrs. John W. Stewart were born the following children: James C., born Sept. 15, 1878, a fireman on the Wabash railroad, lives at Stanberry; Ezra, and Estie, twins, born Feb. 14, 1881; Estie is now the wife of Andrew Armstrong, a farmer in Nodaway County and Ezra lives in Nodaway County; Caroline, born Sept. 7, 1888, married J. E. Britton, a farmer and stockman in Nodaway County; and Pierson D., born in Gentry County, Dec. 18, 1897. He is a veteran of the World War and also served on the Mexican Border as a member of Company G., 139 Infantry. When the United States entered the World War he was sent to Nevada, Mo., and from there to Fort Sill, Okla., and to France in June, 1918. He took part in all the heavy fighting in which the 35th Division was engaged and was wounded during the Argonne Drive, the bullet entering his neck and lodging in his shoulder where it still remains. He was in France nine months and after the armistice was signed he was discharged at Fort Riley, Kansas. He is now scale master and superintendent of the water works at Stanberry.

John W. Stewart is a Republican, member of the Christian Church and one of the substantial citizens of Gentry County.

Charles S. Allen, a prominent farmer and stockman of Cooper Township, Gentry County, is a member of one of the early pioneer families of this section. He was born in Dubuque County, Iowa, Sept. 21, 1865, a son of Daniel and Emily (Smith) Allen. Daniel Allen was born in New York State and early in life went to northern Iowa. In 1866 he came to Missouri and first settled in Harrison County and in 1871 came to Gentry County. Here he at first engaged in farming in a small way, living in a log cabin. Later he prospered and became the owner of 300 acres of land. He improved his farm and built a good frame residence, hauling the lumber from St. Joseph. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He died Aug. 3, 1888, and is buried at Stanberry. His widow now lives in Stanberry and is 81 years old.

To Daniel Allen and wife were born the following children: F. T., a farmer and stockman near Stanberry; C. D., an insurance and real estate man, Maryville; Florence M., Stanberry; and Charles S., the subject of this sketch.

Charles S. Allen was reared on the home farm and educated in the public schools, the Stanberry Normal School, taking a commercial course. He began his independent career as a farmer and stockman and for 12 years he operated rented land. He then bought 135 acres to which he has since added and is now the owner of 300 acres of valuable land. He carries on general farming and stock raising, raising Short-horn cattle, Poland China hogs, and horses. Mrs. Allen is a very successful poultry raiser, breeding Barred Plymouth Rocks and Rhode Island Reds.

Mr. Allen was married to Miss Sallie Christie, a daughter of Israel and Elizabeth (Basket) Christie. Mrs. Allen was born in Harrison County. Her father was born in Kentucky in 1828 and was a pioneer of this state. He came here in 1845, driving from Kentucky in a covered wagon, the trip requiring four weeks. He lived in Buchanan County for a time and then came to Gentry County and afterward went to Harrison County. He owned 240 acres of land and was extensively engaged in farming and stock raising and was also a Baptist minister in the early days. He preached in Harrison, Daviess, Gentry and DeKalb Counties and did a great deal of pioneer missionary work. He died Feb. 5, 1895, and his wife died Feb. 28, 1921, and they are buried at McFall. Mrs. Allen is one of nine children born to her parents, the others being as follows: Emily, Olive, G. M., Virginia, W. W., W. L., and Anna, all of

whom are deceased; and N. P., a carpenter who lives at Mound City. To Charles S. Allen and wife have been born the following children: Rucia, born May 26, 1891, and was educated in the public schools and the Northwestern State Teachers College and was a teacher for six years before her marriage. She is now the wife of Frank Gillett, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; and Floreine C., born in Gentry County, May 4, 1898, and was educated in the public schools and the Northwestern State Teachers College and is now a high school teacher in Nodaway County.

Mr. Allen is a Democrat and the family are members of the Baptist Church.

F. T. Allen, a well known farmer and stockman of Gentry County, was born in Harrison County in 1869. He is a son of Daniel and Emily (Smith) Allen, the former a native of New York state and the latter of Indiana. Daniel Allen came to Missouri and first settled in Harrison County where he remained a few years and in 1871 removed to Gentry County. He was a carpenter and followed contracting as well as farming and stock raising. He was the owner of 160 acres of land and raised cattle and hogs. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He died Aug. 4, 1888, and his remains are buried at Stanberry. His widow now lives at Stanberry at the advanced age of 81. They were the parents of the following children: Charles, a farmer and stock raiser in Gentry County; Clark D., who is engaged in the real estate and insurance business at Maryville; Florence, lives in Stanberry; and F. T., the subject of this sketch.

F. T. Allen received his education in the public schools of Gentry County and the Stanberry Normal School where he took the Commercial Course. He began his career as a farmer and stockman on rented land and operated in that way for six years. He is now the owner of 139 acres of valuable land where he successfully carries on general farming and stock raising. He raises Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs and horses. Mrs. Allen is interested in poultry raising and keeps Plymouth Rock chickens. The Allen place is well improved with a good residence, suitable barns and a 75 tons capacity silo.

Mr. Allen was married Aug. 29, 1894, to Miss Mary Summers, a native of Indiana and a daughter of Thomas R. and Martha C. (Hackleman) Summers, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Marion County, Indiana. Thomas R. Summers removed from his native state of Indiana in early life and later came to Missouri and engaged in farming and stock raising in Nodaway County where he owned 160 acres of land. He was identified with the Democratic party and was a member

of the Christian Church. He died Aug. 26, 1889, and is buried southwest of Maryville and his wife died Jan. 22, 1913, and is buried near Stanberry. They were the parents of the following children: Walter H., a lumberman, lives in the state of Washington; Clifton, lives in Phoenix, Ariz.; Marshall E., lives in Phoenix, Ariz.; Oscar Bradford, deceased; Cortez, Gentry County; Edgar Allen, lives in Gentry County; a girl died in infancy; Mrs. F. T. Allen of this review, and Omer, lives in Gentry County. To Mr. and Mrs. Allen have been born two children, Leota and Leoca, twins, born July 9, 1895, and are both deceased and their remains are buried in High Ridge Cemetery, Stanberry.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen are both Democrats and she is a member of the Christian Church and Mr. Allen is a Baptist.

William Speers, a Civil War veteran and a large land owner who has had a successful career as a farmer and stockman, is now living retired at Stanberry. He is a native of Pennsylvania, born in Fayette County, a son of John and Nancy (White) Speers, both natives of Fayette County, Pa. John Speers was a captain in the Mexican War and after the war, he followed farming. He was killed by a kick from a horse and he and his wife are both buried in Pennsylvania.

William Speers was educated in the common schools and had very little opportunity for schooling in early life. He went to Iowa when he was 14 years old and was living in that state when the Civil War broke out. He enlisted in the Union army, becoming a member of Company F, 14th Iowa Infantry. He took part in a number of engagements, including Vicksburg, Fort Donaldson and Pleasant Hill. He was taken prisoner and confined in various Confederate prisons and suffered all the privations and hardships known to the Confederate prisons which resulted in his health being so impaired that he never fully recovered from the effect of his prison experiences. During the course of his military experience he had many narrow escapes, holes being shot through his clothing although he was never wounded. After the war he homesteaded land in Kansas but later sold that and came to Nodaway County, where he bought 425 acres of land and was successfully engaged in farming and stock raising until his retirement and removal to Stanberry where he has a nice modern residence.

Mr. Speers was married Feb. 14, 1871, to Missouri Hays, a native of Pennsylvania and a daughter of Robert and Mary Jane (Fliger) Hays, natives of Westmoreland County, Pa. Robert Hays was a veteran of the Civil War, being a member of Company F, 14th Iowa Infantry. He served in the army two years and nine months and was in a number

of battles. He was killed in Mississippi. His wife died June 24, 1860, and was buried in Van Buren County, Iowa.

To William Speers and wife were born the following children: Frank, born Jan. 9, 1874, a farmer now living near King City; Charles, a veterinary surgeon, St. Joseph; and Blanche, a graduate of high school and the Teachers State College at Maryville, now a teacher.

Mr. Speers is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. He is a man who has had a life of unusual experience as a soldier in the Civil War and a pioneer in the development of the west. He has an extensive acquaintance and is a highly respected citizen.

F. Chilton, who is now living retired at Stanberry after a successful career as a farmer and stockman, is a native of Kentucky. He was born in Casey County, March 13, 1851, a son of James Madison and Rachel D. Chilton, both natives of Casey County, Kentucky, who spent their lives in that state. James Madison Chilton was a large land owner in Kentucky and was engaged in farming and stock business. He bought and sold cattle and hogs in the old days, driving them to market at Louisville which was 125 miles from his home and the trip required 12 days. He was a Democrat and served as justice of the peace for several years. He died in 1862. James Madison Chilton and wife were the parents of the following children: Liberty Madison, Mary Charles, both of whom are deceased; Virgil S., who is now living retired in Stanberry; Patsy Williams, who married Newton Jasper Smith and who is now a widow at Stanberry; and F. Chilton, the subject of this sketch.

F. Chilton began life for himself, working for eight dollars per month and was thus engaged for six years. He then bought 80 acres of land and later bought more land and is now the owner of 119 acres. He was extensively engaged in stock raising, dairying and general farming and met with success. He is now living retired at Stanberry.

Mr. Chilton was married Feb. 29, 1872 to Miss Laura Daniel, a native of Platt County, Mo. She is a daughter of James Jackson and Maria (Pope) Daniel, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Missouri. James J., Daniel was an extensive farmer and cattleman and at one time owned 500 acres of land. He was also a pioneer Baptist preacher and established a number of churches in the early days. He died in 1882 and his wife died in 1862. They are buried in Cooper Cemetery, Gentry County.

To F. Chilton and wife have been born the following children: Lulu May, born Oct. 27, 1874, married John Pickeral, who is now deceased, and she lives in Stanberry; James Virgil, born April 20, 1877, lives in

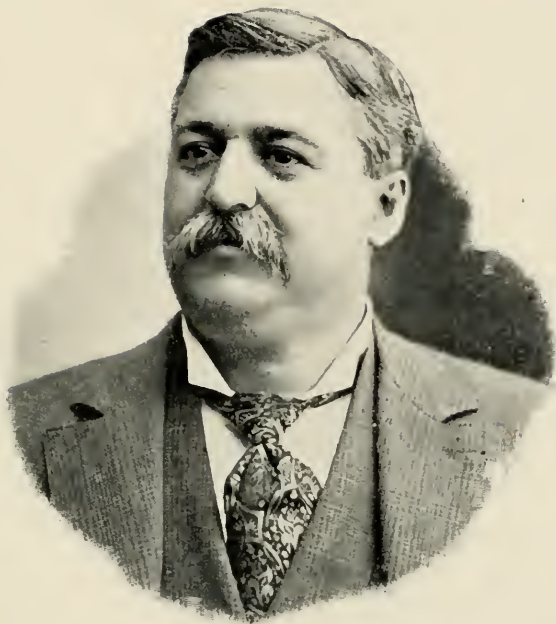
Gentry County; and Ora, born Oct. 20, 1886, is now a conductor on the Burlington railroad and lives at McCook, Neb.

Mr. Chilton is a Republican in National issues and a member of the Baptist Church. He holds membership in the Modern Woodmen of America.

Wesley L. Robertson, who at the time of his death, Dec. 23, 1919, was editor of the Gallatin Democrat, was one of the able and widely known newspaper men of the state. He was a pioneer editor of northern Missouri and had devoted nearly 50 years of his life to journalism in its various phases. His death was a distinct loss to Daviess County and the community. He was a loyal and public spirited citizen who was ever ready to lend his influence to the support of measures and enterprises tending to advance the general welfare of the community.

Wesley L. Robertson was a descendant of old American ancestry. He was born in South Coventry, Tolland County, Conn., June 30, 1850, and was a son of David and Caroline (Mitchell) Robertson, both natives of New York. His father who was a farmer died when Wesley L. Robertson was seven years of age. Wesley L. Robertson acquired his education in the country schools and in 1865 when he was 15 years old he removed to Missouri with his widowed mother. After spending one year on a farm in Putman County, they removed to Centerville, Iowa. In 1868 he entered the office of the Centerville Citizen where he learned the printer's trade. In 1872 he purchased the Princeton Advance, a weekly paper at Princeton, Mo. He remained there until 1881, when he sold his business and went to Bethany and became the editor and publisher of the Bethany Broadax. In 1884 he disposed of that publication and purchased the New Century at Unionville. He conducted the paper until 1886 when he came to Gallatin and purchased the Gallatin Democrat and published this paper until 1894. He then sold the Democrat and went to Plattsburg and published the Plattsburg Jeffersonian, remaining there as editor and publisher of that newspaper until 1897, when he purchased the West Plains Gazette. Shortly afterwards he disposed of his interests in that paper and in 1898 he returned to Gallatin and in partnership with Robert J. Ball purchased the Gallatin Democrat. This association continued until the time of Mr. Robertson's death.

Mr. Robertson was a life-long Democrat and throughout his long and successful career of journalism he capably and consistently advocated the policies and principles of the Democratic party. He was a valued member of the Missouri State Historical Society from the time of its organization and for a number of years was a member of the executive committee. He was prominent among the representatives of the newspaper fraternity of



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the state. He served as president of the Northwest Missouri Press Association and was president of the Missouri Press Association. For five years he was secretary of the Missouri State Board of Charities, having been appointed to that position by Governor Dockery. He was a sincere, earnest, broad-minded. He was resolute in upholding his convictions and tolerant in his judgment and naturally gained and retained a host of loyal friends. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd-Fellows and the Methodist Episcopal church.

In 1872 Wesley L. Robertson married Martha Mitchell who died eight years later. Three sons were born them, one of whom died in infancy. The others are. Albert N., editor of the Capital Democrat at Tishomingo, Okla., and Gay R., mechanical engineer of Atlanta, Ga. In 1883 Mr. Robertson was married to Miss Eppie Davidson of Gainesville, Tex. Mrs. Robertson resides at Gallatin where she has an extensive acquaintance. She is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

George Mock, a well known employe of the Wabash Railroad Company at Stanberry, is a pioneer railroad man of this section. He was born in Elkhart County, Indiana, and is a son of Michael and Mary E. (Heart) Mock, both natives of Ohio. Michael Mock came to Indiana from his native state when a young man and in 1848 went to Iowa. Later he removed to Nebraska and Kansas and in 1851 came to Missouri and took a claim in Gentry County. When he came to this state St. Joseph was a mere village and when he settled in Gentry County there was a small settlement where Albany now is. He was one of the early pioneers of this county. He died in 1874 and his wife died in 1872. They were the parents of eight children of whom the following are now living: James, an employe of the M. K. and T. Railroad, Denison, Texas; Andy, a ditching contractor, St. Joseph; Joseph, Ness City, Kan.; Mary, married Lewis Bartoff, Colorado Springs, Col.; and George, the subject of this sketch.

George Mock received very little educational advantages when he was a boy, having early to support the family as his father was practically an invalid. He learned the carpenters trade early in life and worked at that for a time and then followed farming about a year. He began his railroading career as a section hand in 1878. Two years later he became an engine watchman and started firing a locomotive in January, 1883, and in 1887 he was promoted to engineer on the Wabash railroad. In 1891 he went to work in the shops at Stanberry and has been employed there every since.

Mr. Mock was married Aug. 10, 1873, to Mary E. Coon, a native of Mercer County, Missouri, and a daughter of David and Lydia (Watson)

Coon, both natives of Ohio and early settlers in Mercer County, Missouri, and later removed to Livingston County. The father was a soldier in the Civil War, having served in the Missouri State Militia. He was a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church and his wife was a Methodist. He died in 1878 and she in 1876 and their remains are buried in Livingston County. They were the parents of 11 children, only two of whom are living besides Mrs. Mock.

To Mr. and Mrs. Mock have been born the following children: Georgia, married Benjamin Lee and is now deceased; Ida, was a stenographer in the Farmers and Merchants Bank for ten years before her marriage, is now the wife of Fred Estridge, Los Angeles, Calif.; Kenneth, a railroad conductor, lives in San Diego, Calif.; and Hattie, was a stenographer prior to her marriage, is now the wife of W. O. Stanley, Little Rock, Ark.; Lulu, married Charles Stablin and they live in Montana; and Ella, married C. O. Dunlap, Milan, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Mock have five grand children.

Mr. Mock is a member of the Knights of Pythias, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of the Maccabees and the Carmen's Union. He is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church and is a highly respected and substantial citizen.

Alva E. DeFord, the efficient secretary of the Farmers Mutual Fire and Lightning Insurance Company of Daviess County, Missouri, was born in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles northeast of Winston, the son of P. R. and Louisa (Brakdoll) DeFord.

P. R. DeFord was born in Monroe, Wis., in 1850, and died Sept. 15, 1915. Mrs. DeFord was born in Mansfield, Ohio, in December, 1842, and died in January, 1911. They are both buried in the Winston Cemetery. Mr. DeFord was a prominent business man of Daviess County during his life. He represented this county in the State Legislature and was one of the promoters and organizers of the Farmers Mutual Fire and Lightning Insurance Company, having been its first president. He was associated with this company until his death. To P. R. and Louisa (Brakdoll) DeFord five children were born, as follows: Ross, living on the home place in Jefferson Township; Lee, associated with the United States Tire Company, Dallas, Texas; Clay, superintendent of public schools, Chelsea, Okla.; Alva E., the subject of this sketch; Willis, a farmer, Jefferson Township.

Alva E. DeFord was educated in the public schools and was graduated from the Winston High School. At the age of 20, Mr. DeFord became associated with the Farmers Mutual Fire and Lightning Insurance

Company of Daviess County and has served in the capacity of secretary of the company for the past 23 years. Its growth from \$10,000.00 to nearly \$8,000,000.00 in risks has been accomplished since Mr. DeFord has been elected secretary of the company. He has also served as township collector for eight years in Jefferson Township.

On Dec. 21, 1902, Mr. DeFord was married to Cressie R. Kelso, a daughter of H. C. and America (Ray) Kelso. Mrs. DeFord was born on a farm just south of Winston. Her father is a native of Daviess County, and her mother was from Virginia. To Alva E. and Cressie (Kelso) DeFord two daughters have been born: Louetta, attending Winston High School; and Marie, attending the grade schools.

Mr. DeFord is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Western Star Lodge No. 15, and is its secretary. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Modern Woodmen of America. During the World War, Mr. DeFord was appointed manager of Division No. 7 of Daviess County, in the second Red Cross War Fund Campaign, lasting from May 20 to the 27, 1918, and he received the highest credit in the county. Mr. DeFord is one of the substantial citizens of Daviess County and is highly respected in the community.

The Farmers Mutual Fire and Lightning Insurance Company of Daviess County was organized Dec. 2, 1891, with less than \$50,00.00 in risks. Its first officers were: P. R. DeFord, President; S. R. Harris, Vice-President; E. D. Cutler, First Secretary. Mr. Cutler is now living retired at Winston.

The first policy issued by the company was issued to Judge Phillip Shaw, Marion Township, Daviess County, who is now the president of the company. The company now has \$7,704,000.00 in risks, and its present officers are as follows: Phillip Shaw, President; J. J. McCoy, Vice-President; R. O. Strong, Treasurer; Alva E. DeFord, Secretary. Mr. DeFord is also a member of the board of directors of the State Farmers Mutual Tornado Insurance Company of Cameron, Mo.

M. H. Wooden, well known throughout the community of Winston, Daviess County, as the efficient cashier of the Farmers' State Bank, is a native of Missouri. He was born at Revere, Jan. 20, 1898, the son of G. M. and Alberta (Howard) Wooden.

G. M. Wooden located at Winston in 1914. He was connected with the Farmers' State Bank until 1918, when he organized the Gallatin Trust Company. He moved to Gallatin, and is now the president of the Gallatin Trust Company. Both he and his wife are natives of Missouri.

M. H. Wooden attended the public schools of Anthony, Kan., and

graduated from the University of Oklahoma in 1922. He was the secretary of the Gallatin Trust Company for some time, but resigned that position in 1920, in order to complete his course at the University of Oklahoma. Since Feb. 1, 1922, Mr. Wooden has been the cashier of the Farmers State Bank at Winston and has filled the position with credit to himself and his training. He is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge at Gallatin, and is rapidly becoming known as one of the alert and ambitious men in the financial annals of Daviess County.

The Farmers State Bank at Winston was organized Sept. 28, 1921, as a reorganization of the old bank, which had been in existence since 1884. The stock holders of the old bank became the owners of the new institution, with few exceptions. The capital stock of the bank is \$10,000, and the surplus and profits, \$5,000.00. The company owns the neat and commodious brick building which houses the business. The present officers are: G. M. Wooden, President; V. C. Huffman, Vice-President; M. H. Wooden, Cashier; M. M. Huffman, Assistant Cashier; and G. M. Wooden, V. C. Huffman, L. W. Pennington, Edgar Black, and W. W. Alexander, Directors.

V. C. Huffman, the vice-president of the bank, was born in Morgan County, Indiana, Dec. 28, 1862, the son of M. R. and Nancy (Frans) Huffman, both now dead.

M. R. Huffman and his wife were early settlers in Missouri. Mr. Huffman was a native of Indiana, and his wife was born in Kentucky. They came to Missouri in 1867, and lived on a farm for several years. They moved to Gower about 1898, and Mr. Huffman died there in 1908. Mrs. Huffman died in 1914. Their children were: Mary, Ruth, dead, was Mrs. Percy; James M., a farmer at Gower; Etta Frans, deceased; Elizabeth, now Mrs. St. John, of Gower; J. T., connected with the Chase Candy Company of St. Joseph; Ella Elliott, deceased; V. C., the subject of this sketch; Viola, now Mrs. Shireman of Fla.; and Cora, now Mrs. Swope of Kansas City, Mo.

V. C. Huffman attended the rural schools of Buchanan County. He was a farmer and stockraiser in that county for several years, and came to Daviess County in 1911. He is the owner of 160 acres of land southwest of Winston in Colfax Township. For two years, Mr. Huffman lived at Winston, but in March, 1922, he returned to his farm. He is a successful stockraiser, and does general farming on his land.

Mr. Huffman was married in April, 1898, to Laura Brinton of Agency. Her parents, both now dead, were Milton and Martha (Riley)

Brinton. Mr. and Mrs. Huffman have two sons: Marshall, graduated from the Winston High School, and is now the assistant cashier of the Farmers State Bank; and Glenn, graduated from the Winston High School, and is now on the farm with his father.

The Farmers State Bank at Winston is one of the thriving banking enterprises of Daviess County. Both Mr. Wooden and Mr. Huffman are known as reliable men, and both are highly respected in the county.

Samuel R. Surface, senior member of the firm of S. R. Surface and Son, is a well known business man of Altamont, where he has owned and conducted a furniture and undertaking store for several years. Mr. Surface was born in Sheridan Township, Nov. 10, 1866, the son of Samuel and Susan (Lenhart) Surface.

Samuel Surface was a native of Virginia, where he was born on Dec. 25, 1817. He crossed the plains in 1850, driving an ox team to California during the gold rush. He returned some time later, taking two years for the return journey. He went by water around Cape Horn, then came to St. Louis, and bought a horse. He rode horseback to Daviess County, where he remained for the rest of his life. He served as the justice of peace in Sheridan Township, where he died in 1876. He married Susan Lenhart, a daughter of Jeremiah Lenhart. She was born on May 4, 1826. Mr. Lenhart came to Missouri with his family in 1840, and to Daviess County in 1841. He settled on land three miles south of the present site of Altamont, where Mrs. Surface grew to womanhood. Mrs. Surface died in Sheridan Township, Dec. 1, 1916. To the union of Samuel and Susan (Lenhart) Surface the following children were born: David, died in infancy; Jeremiah, died in infancy; Catherine, the widow of L. D. David of Oregon; Jennie married Mr. Salisbury, and died in San Jose, Calif., Feb. 3, 1922; Martha, the widow of T. L. Lewis of Missoula, Mont.; Loretta Cornelius, deceased; Mary, the widow of F. J. Hoggerty of Sheridan Township; Flora, the wife of H. W. Kindig of Denver, Col.; and Samuel R., the subject of this review.

Samuel R. Surface attended the rural schools in Sheridan Township, and followed farming in Daviess County for several years. In 1912, he was elected sheriff of the county on the Democratic ticket, and served in that capacity for four years. Mr. Surface still holds his farm of 80 acres in Sheridan Township. In October, 1916, he bought the W. B. Calhoun Furniture and Undertaking Store at Altamont, and has been successful in his operation of that business.

Mr. Surface was married on Dec. 27, 1888, to Lulu Helms, a daughter of M. C. and Elizabeth (Mabry) Helms. Mr. and Mrs. Helms were

both born in Virginia. Mr. Helms went to Illinois, then to Missouri in 1877. He settled near Vandalia, but in 1882, came to Daviess County, and located in Washington Township. He died in 1912, and his remains are buried in Bates County. His widow now lives in St. Joseph at the age of 77 years. Their children, besides Mrs. Surface, were: Ed, living in St. Joseph; A. M., a resident of Kansas City, Mo.; Joseph, living in St. Joseph; J. M., living in St. Joseph; and Eva, a resident of St. Joseph.

Mr. and Mrs. Surface have two sons: R. C., born Nov. 10, 1889, married Gladys Warren of Hamilton, and now lives in Pueblo, Col., where he is an undertaker; and S. C., born Jan. 4, 1892, married Nettie Baker of Atlanta, Ill., and is a stock buyer at Kidder. Mr. and Mrs. Surface have three grandchildren: Vernard, aged nine years, Junior, aged five years, and Billie, aged eight years.

Mr. Surface has been favorably known in the county for many years. Prior to his election to the office of sheriff, he served as an officer in Sheridan Township. As an official he was efficient; as a business man, he is energetic; and as a private citizen, he is a man of integrity.

Cyrus Streeter, the capable and energetic secretary of the Farmers Lumber Company at Altamont, was born near Hamilton on June 12, 1893. His parents are George W. and Vinora Jane (James) Streeter.

George W. Streeter was born in New York, and his wife is a native of Ohio. Mr. Streeter was an early settler in Caldwell County, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Streeter now live at Hamilton. Their children are: Nellie, now Mrs. Tuttle of Kidder; Cora, now Mrs. Clarkson of Hamilton; Willie, a farmer near Hamilton; Effie, now Mrs. Miller of Nettleton; Crosby, living in Oklahoma; Cyrus, the subject of this review; Anna, now Mrs. Cox of Hamilton; Mary, now Mrs. Hicks of Hamilton; and Lehman and Sarah, at home.

Cyrus Streeter graduated from the Hamilton High School in 1914, and then attended a business college in St. Joseph. In 1915, he taught one term at the school in Swisher District, Daviess County. He then operated a farm in Caldwell and Daviess counties until he became interested in the lumber business. He was connected with the J. B. Russell Lumber Company at Cameron until August, 1921, when he came to Altamont to assume the management of the Farmers Lumber Company.

The Farmers Lumber Company began business at Altamont in 1915 as the successor of the Clark and Bates Lumber Company. Clay Wallace was the first manager of the yard, and was one of the organizers of the company. There are 52 stockholders, and the capital stock is \$16,000. The officers of the company are E. G. Brown, President; Simon Grove,

Vice President; Syrus Streeter, Secretary and Manager; and E. G. Brown, Simon Grove, J. L. Johnson, J. R. Harter, and Cyrus Streeter, Directors. The yard has been enlarged, and several new buildings erected in the last few years in order to accommodate the increased volume of business. The company carries a complete line of building materials, paints, and handles a trade in coal. It is one of the highly successful business enterprises of the community.

Cyrus Streeter was married on May 5, 1918, to Cleo Doll, a daughter of Charles and Nancy Doll of Hamilton. Mrs. Streeter was born near Hamilton, and is a graduate of the Hamilton High School.

Mr. Streeter is a progressive young business man, and is well liked in the town and surrounding country.

J. B. McCaskey, well known merchant at Altamont, Daviess County, is a native of Missouri. He was born in Clinton County, Nov. 26, 1871, the son of W. A. and Martha (Owens) McCaskey.

W. A. McCaskey was born near New Lisbon, Ohio, June 25, 1839. When he was 16 years old, his parents came to Missouri, and he came with them. He was a farmer by occupation all of his life, and served in the Federal army from Caldwell County during the Civil War. He was married in Caldwell County on May 19, 1861, to Martha Owens. She was born in Platt County, Oct. 11, 1840. They came to Daviess County in 1876, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Mr. McCaskey died, April 12, 1912, and Mrs. McCaskey died April 3, 1917. The remains of both are buried at Winston. Their children were: W. H., born July 6, 1862, now a resident of Pueblo, Col.; J. I., died in infancy; R. T., born April 6, 1865, now lives at Winston; F. A., born Feb. 13, 1868, living at Winston; J. B., the subject of this review; C. E., born, June 15, 1875, now a resident of St. Joseph; and Ida May, born July 30, 1878, now the wife of Frank Stewart of Pueblo, Col.

J. B. McCaskey was educated in the rural schools of Daviess County, and was a farmer there for many years. In 1906, he entered the mercantile business. He opened a produce house at Altamont, and in 1909, opened a general store at the same place. He has since continued in that line of work. He handles a complete line of dry goods, groceries, and fresh meat. The business is conducted in a building 25x70 feet, and Mr. McCaskey employs four assistants in the store.

J. B. McCaskey was married on Oct. 2, 1912, to Ola Pauline Fisher of Altamont. She is the daughter of D. M. and Sarah Burton (Deering) Fisher, sketches of whose lives appear in this volume. Mrs. McCaskey

was born at Pattonsburg, was educated in Altamont, and is now an assistant in the store owned by her husband.

Mr. McCaskey is a Republican. He is doing an excellent business at Altamont, where he is highly esteemed as an alert business man, and an enterprising citizen.

Dr. J. L. Reich, one of the prominent physicians of Daviess County and a resident of Altamont, is a man of ability in his profession. He is well known throughout the community as a progressive and energetic physician. Dr. Reich was born in Obion County, Tenn., July 29, 1865, the son of Rev. I. T. and Louisa P. (Faulk) Reich.

I. T. Reich was a mechanic, a farmer, and a minister in the Baptist Church. He was married twice. By his first marriage he had two children: James, who died in 1904; and Dona, now Mrs. Grisham of Everton. He was married the second time to Louisa P. Faulk, in Obion County, Tenn. Mrs. Reich was born in North Carolina and is now 93 years of age. She makes her home with her son, Dr. Reich. Mr. and Mrs. I. T. Reich moved to Dade County, Missouri, in 1869, where Mr. Reich died in 1898. Their children were: J. L., the subject of this review; Anna, died in 1888; Mollie, now Mrs. Mitchell of Dade County.

Dr. J. L. Reich was educated in the public schools, and was a student in the Medical Department of the University of Arkansas. He later went to St. Louis University from which school he graduated with a professional degree in 1899. He began the practice of his profession at Western Grover, Ark., in 1896, later locating at Everton, Ark., where he remained until 1909. He then went to Wagoner, Okla., and practiced until 1916, when he accepted a position as the traveling representative for the A. S. Aloe Company of St. Louis. In 1918 he located at Altamont, where he has built up a wide and successful practice. Dr. Reich's office is equipped with all the modern appliances for the treatment of diseases.

Dr. Reich was married in 1893 to Laura A. Johnson of Western Grove, Ark., and to this union two children were born: James S., now the president of the Reich Poster Advertising Service of Wagoner, Okla.; and Walter S., a student in the Altamont High School.

Dr. Reich is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Gallatin Chapter, Royal Arch, and the Chillicothe Council Lodges. He is a Democrat in politics. He is one of the prominent men in his profession in the county, is a man of high civic pride, and is held in high esteem in the community.

Jerome C. White, a retired farmer of Daviess County now living at Altamont, was born in Perry County, Pennsylvania, March 24, 1861, the son of David R. and Sarah A. (Long) White.

David R. White was born in Pennsylvania, July 29, 1833, and his wife was also a native of Pennsylvania. They came to Missouri in 1872, and settled in Jefferson Township, Daviess County. Mr. White died at Broken Bow, Neb., Feb. 23, 1907, and Mrs. White died in Ottawa County, Kansas, July 28, 1917. The remains of both are buried at Broken Bow, Neb. They lived in Daviess County for 13 years, and were highly esteemed in the neighborhood where they made their home. Their children were: Jerome C., the subject of this review; John, a farmer in Jefferson Township; Cora M., the wife of S. M. Dorris of Nebraska; Mary, married to O. E. Eggleston of Arcadia, Kan.; E. M., living in Ottawa County, Kansas; and Belle, the wife of John Kennoyer of Sturgis, S. D.

Jerome C. White has lived in Daviess County since 1872, with the exception of 11 years, which he spent in Nebraska. He and his wife went to Custer County, Nebraska, and took up a claim on which they lived for some time. The claim was their entire worldly possession at that time, and it was still to be paid for. For five years they lived in a sod shanty, 14x16 feet, with a dirt floor, and 50 miles from a railway. They had only one horse and a few chickens. They suffered all the hardships incident to pioneer life, but they persevered, and proved up on the land. They returned to Daviess County, and settled on a farm of 75 acres in Jefferson Township. Mr. White did general farming and raised cattle for several years. In 1919 he sold the farm, and moved to Altamont, where he bought property. He purchased his present home, a modern bungalow, in May, 1921.

Jerome C. White was married, March 29, 1883, to Rebecca E. Morrison, a daughter of Thomas and Rachel (Kinkade) Morrison. Mr. Morrison was born in Montgomery County, Indiana, and his wife in Brooks County, West Virginia, Sept. 9, 1832.

Thomas Morrison was the son of Lewis and Rebecca (Frazier) Morrison, who were early settlers of Daviess County. They entered several hundred acres of land between Santa Rosa and Union Church, paying \$1.25 an acre for it. Lewis Morrison was a minister in the Seven Day Adventist Church, and preached in DeKalb and Daviess Counties. He was the father of eight children, to each of whom he left a farm. The only child now living is Tilman H. Morrison, a farmer in Jefferson Township. Lewis Morrison died in Jefferson Township April 14, 1871,

and his wife died, March 23, 1881. The remains of both are buried in Union Cemetery, the graveyard of Union Church, a church which was established in 1856. Thomas Morrison, the father of Mrs. White, was a farmer in Daviess County, where he died, Feb. 21, 1894.

Thomas Morrison's wife, Rachel (Kinkade) Morrison, was a member of a family, prominently identified with the history of Harrison County. James M. Kinkade married a Miss Virden, the daughter of the first white settler in White Oak Township, Harrison County. Mr. Virden entered land in Harrison County in 1836. To the union of Thomas and Rachel (Kinkade) Morrison the following children were born: James K., Bakersfield, Mo.; Rebecca E., now Mrs. White; Mary M., the wife of John A. White of Jefferson Township; and Lewis E., a resident of Jefferson Township. Mrs. Morrison died Sept. 18, 1901. Her remains and those of her husband are buried in Union Cemetery.

Both Mr. and Mrs. White are held in high regard in Altamont. Their recollections of their struggles on the plains of Nebraska are interesting and valuable reminiscences of the early day privations and trials, which were the lot of the pioneers in the new land.

Melvin Ross DeFord, a substantial farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born, July 24, 1873, the son of P. R. and Louisa (Barkdoll) DeFord.

P. R. DeFord was born in Green County, Wis., April 26, 1850, and came to Missouri in 1867. He located on the farm now owned by his son, the subject of this review. The farm lies southwest of Altamont and northeast of Winston, and comprises some bottom land. It is well watered, has a good residence, and is well improved. P. R. DeFord was not only a progressive farmer, but was also a public spirited citizen. He was a member of the state legislature for a term and was a promoter of the Farmers Mutual Fire and Lightning Insurance Company of Daviess County. He was for many years the president of that organization, and his unselfish and energetic devotion to the work of the company was a strong factor in its growth. At the time of his death he owned 200 acres of land in the county. He died at Winston, Sept. 14, 1914. His wife died in January, 1911. The remains of both are buried at Winston. They were the parents of five sons: Melvin R., the subject of this review; Carol Lee; Pleasant Clay, graduated from the Central Missouri State Teachers College at Warrensburg, Oklahoma University, and the University of Chicago, and is now the superintendent of schools at Chelsea, Okla.; Alva; and Willis C.

Melvin R. DeFord attended the school at Winston, and taught

school in Daviess County for several years. For two years he was the principal of schools at Altamont. Since 1903 he has been operating a farm. He and his brother, Willis C., own 181 acres of the home farm. They do general farming and raise Rhode Island poultry, Red Poll cattle, and Duroc Jersey hogs.

The DeFord farm is one of the interesting old places in the community. It came into the possession of the DeFord family through the grandfather of the present owner. He was James DeFord, and was a native of Indiana, who migrated westward in the early days, passing through Fort Dearborn, the present site of Chicago, when it was only a trading post. James DeFord settled in Green County, Wis., then went to Fayette County, Iowa, and came to Missouri in 1867. He and his wife were both of the sturdy pioneer type. She was Catherine (Millman) DeFord. They both died in Daviess County on the farm, and their remains are buried in Winston Cemetery.

Melvin R. DeFord was married, Oct. 5, 1902, to Lida Easter, a daughter of J. W. and Mary A. (Blythe) Easter. Both Mr. and Mrs. Easter were natives of Kentucky; he was born in Madison County in 1832, and his wife in Estell County in 1843. They came to Missouri in 1886. Mr. Easter died at Altamont in 1898, and his remains are buried in Creekmore Cemetery. His widow now lives with her daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Easter had the following children: Alice, married S. T. Dean, and died July, 1921; John P., married Nellie Noah, and died in July, 1911; Maude, the wife of S. Everman of Altamont; and Ida and Lida, twins, the former now the wife of J. L. Johnston of Altamont, and the latter now Mrs. DeFord. Mr. and Mrs. DeFord have two children: Wilbur R. and Nellie, both students in the Winston High School.

Mr. DeFord is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Royal Arch, the Order of Eastern Star, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodges. He is a Democrat, although all of his brothers are Republicans. He has filled the office of school director, and in 1914 made the race for county judge on the Bull Moose ticket. He is the district administration superintendent of the Sunday School Association of the Fourth District of Daviess County. He is a man of marked executive ability, is energetic and reliable, and is highly esteemed in the community.

A. J. Fulton, a wide awake and energetic farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, is rapidly achieving success in his line of work. He is an enthusiastic farmer and stockraiser, and his farm and home which is known as Plain View Stock Farm presents an attractive appearance.

John and Sarah (Freas) Fulton, the parents of A. J. Fulton, were both born in Holmes County, Ohio, where they were married. They moved to Missouri and settled in DeKalb County four miles north of Cameron, where their son, A. J., was born on July 10, 1876. John Fulton was a well known farmer and dairyman. He died in 1917 at the age of 72 years, and his widow still lives on the home farm. She is now 69 years of age. Their children were: Frank, living on the home place; Zella, now Mrs. Vaughn of Jefferson Township; A. J., the subject of this sketch; Mrs. Raleigh Free of Clinton County; and Mamie, now Mrs. Whiteaker of Cameron.

A. J. Fulton attended the Mt. Pleasant School and has been interested in farming and stock raising all of his life. He bought his present farm of 120 acres in 1913. It was formerly the John Wilkinson place, and had few improvements at the time Mr. Fulton bought it. He has built a modern bungalow, several farm buildings, has put up good fences, and has made the farm one of the prettiest places in the community. The residence stands on the highest part of the land, and is on the Jefferson Highway. Mr. Fulton is deeply interested in wheat culture. He raises cattle, Shropshire sheep, and Duroc Jersey hogs.

A. J. Fulton was married in December, 1898, to Ida Whiteaker, born in DeKalb County, the daughter of David B. and Mary (Cox) Whiteaker. Mrs. Whiteaker died at the age of 81, and Mr. Whiteaker, now 83 years old, lives in DeKalb County. He is a native of Tennessee. Mr. and Mrs. Fulton have a daughter, Latroyd. She attended school at Winston, and is now living at home.

Mr. Fulton is a Republican. He is accounted one of the reliable men of the township, and is held in high esteem.

Isaac C. Millman, a well known retired farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, is living at Altamont, where he owns five acres of land and a residence. Mr. Millman was born in Green County, Wis., Dec. 28, 1859, the son of W. H. and Lydia Ann (Phillips) Millman.

W. H. Millman was born in Wayne County, Indiana, in 1820, and came to Missouri in 1864. He settled west of Altamont, in a sparsely populated neighborhood. W. H. and Charles Cole, brothers, John Caster, and a few of the Samuel Johnston family were practically the only people for miles around. W. H. Millman's wife, Lydia Ann (Phillips) Millman, was born in Indiana, Feb. 2, 1820, the daughter of Thomas and Rebecca (Hammett) Phillips. They were both natives of New Jersey, and were early settlers of Randolph County, Indiana. They both died in that county, he at the age of 80 years, and she at the age of 95

years. One of their children, Rebecca H. Phillips, was born in Randolph County, Indiana, Sept. 12, 1827, and died in March, 1922, aged 94 years, and is buried in Winston Cemetery.

W. H. Millman died in Jefferson Township, in 1910, at the age of 90 years. His wife died in 1912 at the age of 92 years. The remains of both are buried in the Winston Cemetery. Their children were: Mary J., born in Indiana, married Mr. Snider, and is now dead; Mahala, born in Indiana, married Mr. Holloway, and is now dead; Rebecca E., born in Indiana, married Mr. King and now lives in Colfax Township; John W., born in Indiana, died in Wisconsin at the age of 20 years; Abigail I., born in Wisconsin, now the widow of William Powell of Garden City, Mo.; Nehemiah G., born in Wisconsin, now a resident of Jefferson Township; Lydia Ann, born in Wisconsin, married Mr. Peasley, and died at Winston; Catherine, born in Wisconsin, married Mr. Satterley, and is now dead; Hester Ann, born in Wisconsin, was Mrs. Hayes, and died in Kansas; W. T., a native of Wisconsin, and died at Gallatin in February, 1919; Robert H., living at Langley, Wash.; Isaac C., the subject of this sketch; and Thurza L., now Mrs. Fisher of Kansas City, Mo.

Isaac C. Millman attended the rural schools, and farmed in Jefferson Township until 1918, when he moved to Altamont. He bought his present home there from John C. Scott.

Mr. Millman was married, Oct. 22, 1885, to Susan A. Reavis, a native of Henry County. Her parents were D. V. and Susan Ellen (Miller) Reavis, both natives of North Carolina. They settled in Henry County, Missouri, several years before the Civil War, and both died there. Their children besides Mrs. Millman were: D. W., now living in Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Laura Cannon of Henry County; Mrs. Alice Quigley, deceased; James A., died in California in 1921; and Mrs. Luella Caldwell, died at Arvada, Col.

Mr. and Mrs. Millman have a son, Hilee I., a resident of Fresno, Calif. He married Evelyn Waddell, born in Wisconsin. Her father is Charles Waddell of Rogers, Ark. Hilee I. Millman and his wife have three children; Dorothy, Hyleen, and Jackie. Mr. and Mrs. Millman have reared the following children in their home: Nettie Kerr, who came to the Millman home when she was 10 years old, and is now the wife of Orland D. Miles of Barnes, Ore.; Arletha Nation, who was taken by Mr. and Mrs. Millman when she was 12 years old, and is now married to Albert Wynne of Gallatin; Minnie Tenelson, entered the Millman home when she was nine years old, now married to William Hopper of Shen-

andoah, Iowa; Oma Street, lived with the Millman family from the age of eight years and is now the wife of Edgar Rorah of Greenville, Iowa; Mrs. Rorah's brother, Morris Street, who was taken by Mr. and Mrs. Millman when he was two years old, and was drowned at the age of 17 years; Harry Tenelson, entered the Millman home when he was 11 years old, and now lives at Shenandoah, Iowa; Wilbur Nation, who has been with Mr. and Mrs. Millman since he was 11 years old; and Ralph Steel, who was cared for by the Millmans for two years.

Mr. and Mrs. Millman are members of the Seven Day Adventist Church at Winston. They are estimable people who have spent a life of unselfishness and usefullness, and who are deservedly admired and revered by the children whom they welcomed into their home.

Adelbert W. Reid, the capable and energetic manager of the Bates Lumber Yard at Winston, was born in Jefferson Township on Nov. 10, 1867, the son of Willis and Nancy (Randolph) Reid.

Willis Reid was a farmer in Daviess County, and at one time owned more than 300 acres of land there. He died in 1873, and his remains are buried in Reid Cemetery, a graveyard located on the farm formerly owned by Willis Reid. His children were: Sarah Alice, living at Winston; Elsie, the widow of Jacob Perryman of Winston; Adelbert W., the subject of this sketch; Oscar, died in infancy; and Merritt W., living at Norcatur, Kan. Mrs. Reid later married R. S. Osborn, and to his union three children were born: Dudley, living at Winston; Clyde, a resident of Gallatin; and Ivon, living in Kansas City, Mo. Mrs. Osborn now lives at Winston. She is a native of Sangamon County, Ill.

Adelbert W. Reid attended the rural schools of Daviess County, the school at Winston, and Kidder Institute. He farmed in Daviess County for several years, and then became connected with the Rock Island Railway. In 1903, he became engaged in the lumber business at Norcatur, Kan., with Nelson and Reid. He remained there for nine years, leaving to become the manager of the Bates Lumber Yard at Winston. The Bates Lumber Company carries a complete line of lumber, building material, paints, and oils. The yard covers a fourth of a block, and is one of the well established business enterprises of the town.

Adelbert W. Reid was married the first time in May, 1905, to Martha May Holben, and to this union two sons were born; Marvin Walter and Nelson Willis, both students in the Winston High School. Mrs. Reid died, Aug. 18, 1907, and her remains are buried at Norcatur, Kan. In June, 1911, Mr. Reid was married to Ethel (Temple) McCurdy, a native of Norton, Kan., and the widow of James Z. McCurdy. To this union

four children were born: Kenneth Brooks, Edwin Wayne, Wanda Marie and Vinita Marjorie. By her first marriage Mrs. Reid had two children: Lola May and David Estes, the latter born at Estes Park, Col.

Mr. Reid is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodge. He has served as the mayor of Winston, and was recently elected to the office of justice of the peace, but resigned. He is one of the substantial citizens of Winston.

H. L. Johnson, well known in both Daviess and Gentry counties, is the competent postmaster at Winston, Daviess County. He was appointed to that office by President Harding on Dec. 19, 1921, and assumed the duties of the office on Feb. 1, 1922.

Mr. Johnson was born, Nov. 30, 1871 in the house where he now lives. His parents, Sylvester and Celestia (DeMow) Johnson, were both natives of Portage County, Ohio. The father was born, July 28, 1840, and the mother, Dec. 12, 1839. They were married in Ohio, and came to Daviess County, Mo., in 1868. Mrs. Johnson died in 1916, and her remains are buried in the Winston Cemetery. Mr. Johnson still lives on a part of the home place. He owned at one time 140 acres of land in Jefferson Township, but gave all of it except 40 acres to his children some time ago. He is a veteran of the Civil War. He served in Company F. 42nd Ohio Volunteer Infantry, organized by Colonel James A. Garfield. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson had the following children: Varenia L., married Mr. Steele, and is now dead; H. L., the subject of this sketch; Mabel M., the wife of G. L. Story of Winston; Newton S., living at Missoula, Mont.; and Garfield, died in infancy.

H. L. Johnson attended the public schools, and spent three years as a student in the Stanberry Normal School. He graduated from that institution in business and shorthand. He operated a farm for six years in Gentry County, then took up newspaper work and in 1901, he established the Winston Sentinel. In 1919, he became connected with the Winston Bank as the assistant cashier, and still maintains his interest in the bank. He resigned his position in the bank to accept his present office.

H. L. Johnson was married, Feb. 14, 1893 to Anna M. Miller of Gentry County. Her parents, now dead, were W. H. and Nancy Miller. W. H. Miller was the first white boy born in Gentry County. Mrs. Johnson was educated at the Stanberry Normal School, and taught school for two years in Gentry County. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson have two children: Juanita, married H. R. Hupp of Holly, Col., and has two

children, Carol Joy and William; and Alma, the wife of Allen F. Wynne, a traveling salesman in Daviess County.

Mr. Johnson is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodge. He is a Republican. In 1908, he was elected the representative from Daviess County to the 45th General Assembly of Missouri. He was a strong advocate of the County School Supervision law, and was a member of the sub committee of four, appointed to revise the road laws as they applied to counties under the township organization. Mr. Johnson is a capable and popular official, and is intensely interested in every movement for civic improvement.

William B. Trospser, who is successfully engaged in farming and stock raising in Harrison County, was born in Caldwell County, Mo., July 14, 1859, a son of Robert B. and Nancy R. (Connor) Trospser.

Robert B. Trospser was born in Knox County, Ky., Oct. 1, 1815. He farmed in Caldwell County almost his entire life, and retired in 1865. He then moved to Breckenridge where he died March 15, 1897. Mr. Trospser was a successful farmer and at the time of his death was wealthy. His wife was born in Green County, Ky., Oct. 7, 1818. She died July, 1880. Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Trospser were the parents of eight children, six of whom grew to maturity: Nicholas L., banker, Breckenridge; Minerva J., the wife of Mack H. Chaffin, Breckenridge; Mary E., Breckenridge; Rachel at Breckenridge; Frances, also of Breckenridge; and William B., the subject of this sketch.

William B. Trospser was reared in Breckenridge, and was educated in the public schools there. In early life he worked as a laborer on the railroad, clerked in a grocery store, and in 1882 he became the assistant cashier of the Exchange Bank of Breckenridge. He then, in 1887, went to Cowgill, and clerked in the Farmers Bank there for six months. Mr. Trospser then began farming and in 1889 moved to his present farm, which was then owned by his uncles, James and William Trospser. In 1917 Mr. Trospser bought the farm, and has made extensive improvements.

Mr. Trospser was married Sept. 21, 1887, to Mina G. Pullen, of Livingston County, a daughter of William A. and Sarah (Blackburn) Pullen, natives of Indiana. Mr. and Mrs. Pullen were among the early settlers of Missouri, living east of Jamesport on a farm. Mrs. Pullen died in Breckenridge, in 1916, where she and her husband had lived for some time. Mr. Pullen died in 1920 at the home of Mr. Trospser, at the age of 87 years.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Trospser are the parents of six children: Naomi, the wife of R. H. Lane, Ark City, Kan.; Bernice, the wife of L. T. Wachtel, Des Moines, Ia.; Genevieve, wife of Clarence Norman, Harrison Township, Daviess County; Juanita, Kansas City, Mo.; Nicholas L., at



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home, and Robert B. Nicholas L. Trosper is a World War veteran, being assigned to Camp Funston and later sent to Raleigh, N. C. He was stationed there for three months, then one month at Charlotte, N. C. He was discharged at Camp Pike, Ark.

William B. Trosper's father served in the Mormon War, and his grandfather, Nicholas Trosper was in a disturbance at Gallatin in 1838 when Benedict Weldon was making a speech. A crowd of Mormons gathered and attacked Mr. Weldon, but his life was saved through the efforts of Nicholas Trosper and Martin Osborn, and for a time the Mormons were routed. Nicholas Trosper and his wife, Rachel (Brank) Trosper were natives of North Carolina, and in June 1837, they settled on the farm now owned by William Trosper.

Mr. Trosper is a Democrat, and has been township trustee of Harrison Township. At present he owns 435 acres of land. He has been very successful in general farming and is a well known breeder and feeder of Short-horn cattle.

Edward F. West, a hardware merchant of Winston, Daviess County, is a member of a Scotch Irish family that served in the American Revolution. Among the family heirlooms are; a box, made by Mr. West's great grandfather in 1741; a knife, made by Mr. West's grandfather, John W. West, in 1841; and a sword, used in the American Revolution by Mr. West's maternal great-great-grandfather, and now owned by Mr. West's brother. Mr. West was born in Colfax Township, Feb. 18, 1863, the son of William Jewell and Mary E. (Cauckwell) West.

William Jewell West was born in Boone County in 1837, the son of John W. West, one of the early settlers. John W. West was a native of Kentucky, where he was born in 1804. He entered land in Colfax Township, Daviess County, and died there on Sept. 10, 1893. His wife, Ruth (Lemmon) West, died, Dec. 22, 1894. John W. West was a miller and carpenter. His remains are buried in Black Cemetery.

William Jewell West owned several farms at various times. He was the first miller to locate at Winston, where he established the mill in 1891. He built several residences, business edifices, and churches in Winston, Cameron, and other towns. He owned a farm near Winston. He married Mary E. Chauckwell, born in 1840 in Scott County, Ky., the daughter of Thomas Chauckwell. He was born in Virginia, then went to Kentucky, and was an early settler of Jefferson Township, Daviess County. He died, March 12, 1860. His father was a native of England. The Chauckwell family came to Daviess County in 1858, and Mary E. Chauckwell was married to William Jewell West, June 30, 1859. To

this union the following children were born: John T., living at Jerome, Kan.; Edward F., the subject of this review; Willis Dudley, died in 1878 at the age of four years; and William Vincil, born Aug. 5, 1879, and now a resident of Winston. William Jewell West died in 1905.

Edward F. West attended the rural schools and operated a saw-mill. He is a mechanic and carpenter, and understands the mechanism of plumbing, steam fitting, furnaces, threshing machines and engine work. Mr. West was engaged for expert work by the Aultman Miller Harvesting Company of Akron, Ohio, and remained with that firm for nine years. On July 22, 1895, he bought the hardware stock owned by E. G. Trumbo of Winston, and at once began business. The building is commodious and includes an annex for the housing of machinery. Mr. West has a good stock, neatly kept. His residence is located on the two lots adjoining the store, and was the first modern home built at Winston. Mr. West says that Winston is one of the progressive small towns of the state. The town has cement walks on practically all streets, and there is a large percentage of modern homes. Quite recently, Mr. West has sold 23 L. J. Mueller pipeless furnaces, all of them installed in Winston houses, or in the neighboring farmers' homes.

Edward F. West was married on Nov. 19, 1890 to Allie Pirena Funk, born, Feb. 16, 1869 in Knox County. She came to Daviess County when she was eight years old with her parents, Garrison and Ann E. (Smith) Funk. They now live in Kansas.

Mr. West is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge at Winston, the Scottish Rites at St. Joseph, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodge at Cameron. Both he and his wife are identified with the Methodist church. Mr. West served as the mayor of Winston, and proved himself a thoroughly competent official. He is a man of intense civic pride and believes most heartily in the future of Winston. As a business man, he is reliable, and as a citizen he has the esteem of the community.

Albert Neth, the owner and proprietor of a popular café and restaurant at Winston, was born in Clay County, Dec. 12, 1872. His parents were Jacob and Fannie (Switzer) Neth.

Jacob Neth was born in Germany, and his wife, in Clay County, Missouri. He came to the United States when he was 18 years old, and located in Clay County, where he was married. In 1897, he came to Daviess County, and bought a farm of 172 acres in Jefferson Township, which he still owned at the time of his death in 1917. His remains are buried in the Winston Cemetery. His wife, Fannie (Switzer) Neth, died

in Clinton County in 1881, and her remains are buried in the cemetery of the Smith Fork Baptist Church. Their children were: Anthony, living at Kidder; Anna, the wife of George Norton of Pueblo, Col.; Albert, the subject of this review; Fannie, married to Floyd Jackson of Kidder; and Artie May, now Mrs. E. Rutherford of Springfield, Ill.

Albert Neth attended the public school in Clinton County, and worked by the day. He bought 30 acres of land in Jefferson Township, where he remained for five years. In 1920, he sold his land, and bought a home at Winston. A year later, he bought the café and restaurant, which he now operates, and has established an excellent business.

Mr. Neth was married on Feb. 25, 1903, to Emma Wood, a daughter of Leonard and Clara (Edwards) Wood, both natives of Daviess County, now living at Winston. Mrs. Neth's paternal grandfather, Joseph Wood, was a native of Indiana, and was a pioneer settler in Colfax Township, Daviess County. Her maternal grandfather, Wiley Edwards, was an early settler in Colfax Township. He later became a merchant at Victoria, but moved to Winston, where he died at the age of 92 years. His remains are buried in Black Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Neth have one son, Erwin Dudley, born on May 28, 1909.

Mr. and Mrs. Neth are energetic and ambitious people, and are doing a good business at Winston.

W. P. Griffin, a well known retired farmer of Daviess County and a veteran of the Civil War, is now living at Altamont. He was born in Wayne County, Ohio, on Dec. 15, 1848, the son of James and Elizabeth (Beam) Griffin.

James Griffin and his wife were both natives of Pennsylvania, and were married in Ohio. They left Ohio in 1856, and came down the Ohio River by boat, and up the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers to Lexington, Mo. From Lexington, they drove through to Daviess County, which they reached on June 6, 1856. James Griffin bought 80 acres of land in Colfax Township, the land now owned by the King heirs. In 1887, James Griffin moved to Kansas City, Mo., and became connected with the Metropolitan Street Railway Company. He died in Kansas City in 1896, and his remains are buried in Forest Hill Cemetery there. He was a member of the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War. Mrs. Griffin died at Palmyra, Mo., in November, 1865, and her remains are buried there. To the union of James and Elizabeth (Beam) Griffin the following children were born: W. P., the subject of this sketch; George E., died in St. Louis, while in service during the Civil War, and his remains are buried at Jefferson Barracks; and Charles A., a traveling salesman for the Fred Har-

vey Company at Kansas City, Mo. By a second marriage of the father to Lydia Jane Beam, he had three children: Agnes, was Mrs. Homer and died in Nebraska; John L., address now unknown; and J. H., living at Clay Center, Kan.

W. P. Griffin attended the public schools, and at the age of 15 years, enlisted for service in the Civil War. He was assigned to Company H, 43rd Missouri Volunteer Infantry at Gallatin on Aug. 22, 1864, was mustered out of service at St. Louis on June 30th and discharged July 8, 1865. He took part in the fight at Glasgow, and was captured on Oct. 15, 1864. He was later paroled and sent to St. Louis, then to St. Joseph, and finally to Kansas City, on raids against the "bushwhackers." After the war, Mr. Griffin returned to Daviess County and that same year the family moved to Marion County, where they remained for two years. Mr. Griffin then came back to Daviess County, where he bought 80 acres of land just east of Altamont. He sold his land in 1918, and has been living at Altamont ever since.

Mr. Griffin was married, Feb. 10, 1876, to Artemesia Wolfinbarger, a daughter of George and Miranda (Matthews) Wolfinbarger, both natives of Meigs County, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Wolfinbarger came to Missouri in 1865, and settled at Chillicothe. They came to Daviess County in 1869, and located in Sheridan Township. In 1880, they moved to Winston, where Mr. Wolfinbarger died in 1895, and his wife, in 1899. The remains of both are buried in the Winston Cemetery. Mr. Wolfinbarger served on the board of education in his township for many years. Mr. and Mrs. Wolfinbarger had the following children: Artemesia, now Mrs. Griffin; Myrtle, now Mrs. Edwards of Winston; Nancy Ann, now Mrs. Rarick of Guymon, Okla.; J. F., died at Denver, Col.; Mrs. O. P. Walter, died at Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. S. M. Beaman, died in Denver, Col.; and Mrs. Charlotte (Myers) Lindsey, died at Guymon, Okla.

To the union of W. P. and Artemesia (Wolfinbarger) Griffin, the following children were born: Maude, now Mrs. F. A. Johnson of Clay Center, Kan.; George G., living at Enid, Okla.; Myrtle Viola, died in infancy; Bessie Artemesia, now Mrs. W. M. Thoresen of St. Joseph; Ollie Gay, the wife of W. D. Moore of Alexandria, La.; W. P., Jr., living at Chickasha, Okla., Louise May, Married to H. W. Mumford, of Chickasha, Okla.; Miranda J., died in 1918, at the age of 26 years; Finis Irene, at home; and Phoebe Sarah, the wife of W. O. Thompson of Altamont. Mr. and Mrs. Griffin have 12 grandchildren. Three of their daughters, Finis, Phoebe, and Louise, graduated from the Altamont High School.

Mr. Griffin is a member of the John A. Dix Post of the Grand Army

of the Republic at Kidder, and for 21 years, he was the secretary of the board of education at Altamont. He is an alert and capable man, and a very interesting talker. He revisited the scene of his birth and early childhood in Ohio in 1917 and 1919, and his reminiscences of that visit and of his boyhood days in the war are both instructive and entertaining. The Griffin family is one of the highly esteemed families of the community.

Peter Galpin, a retired farmer of Daviess County and well known throughout the county, now lives at Altamont, where he owns $7\frac{1}{2}$ acres of land and a pleasantly situated residence. Mr. Galpin was born in Delaware County, Ohio, Feb. 14, 1843, the son of William Riley and Eliza (Williamson) Galpin.

The history of the Galpin family in the United States dates back to 1648, when Philip Galpin came to New Haven, Ct., from Bristol, England, where he was born. He died at Rye, N. Y., in 1664. His third son, Benjamin, was an ancestor of Peter Galpin, the subject of this sketch, through two generations of sons named Samuel, and a great grandson, named Selleck. Peter Galpin's great grandfather was born in Woodbury, Conn., and was a brother to Nathan Galpin, who moved to New York in 1801, and in 1830, went to Washington County, Mich. That branch of the Galpin family still lives in Michigan. Freeman Galpin of Ann Arbor, Mich., is a descendant of Nathan Galpin.

One of Selleck Galpin's sons, Ebenezer, was the grandfather of Peter Galpin. He was married twice. To his first marriage the following children were born: William Riley; Selleck, who died at the age of 16 years; Elizabeth, deceased; and Sarah Ann, deceased. To his second marriage these children were born: Polly; Curtis, probably living in California; Amanda, who died at the age of 19 years; Edward; Lucinda, living in California; Mary, deceased; Emmaline, died Sept. 5, 1902; Jane, married first to a Mr. Dillon, and a second time to a Mr. Holstead and she is now deceased; David, who was accidentally shot and killed.

William Riley Galpin was born in Delaware County, Ohio, March 12, 1819, and died on Oct. 11, 1909, in Sheridan Township, Daviess County, Missouri. His remains are buried in the McCrary Cemetery. His wife, Eliza (Williamson) Galpin, was born in Ohio on Aug. 9, 1817, and died in Ohio, Feb. 26, 1862. Her remains are buried in Ohio. Their children were: Peter G., the subject of this review; John, born April 22, 1845, and now living at Long Beach, Calif., married Rebecca Jane Culver; Ebenezer, born Feb. 19, 1847, and died in August, 1919, in Los Angeles, where his widow, Mary Olive (Swisher) Galpin, still

lives; Mary, now Mrs. Brobst of Oakland, Calif.; and Florence, now Mrs. Jennings, Oakland, Calif.; and Almeron C., living in California. Ebenezer Galpin served for three years in the 121st Ohio Infantry during the Civil War. While he was in the hospital at Campbellsville, Ky., he was captured by Morgan and his men, but was afterwards paroled.

By a second marriage of William Riley Galpin to Sarah Ann Place, he had three children: Frankie Ann, the widow of Adam Hiel of Ohio; Findley, a resident of Columbus, Ohio; Gertrude, now married.

Peter Galpin attended the schools of Ohio in the little town of Sunbury, and later went to a subscription school at Olive Green, walking $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles each way to attend the school.

On July 5, 1864, Peter Galpin, his brother, and a neighbor boy, Alvin Rosecrans, left Delaware County, Ohio, and drove 1,500 sheep to Powesheik County, Iowa. They were 58 days making the journey. The dust was at least two inches thick most of the way, and they made only ten miles a day. Peter Galpin got a dollar a day as his wage for the trip. He stopped in Decatur County, Iowa, at the home of his grandfather, Ebenezer Galpin, and remained there a year.

In the fall of 1865, Mr. Galpin came to Missouri, and located in Daviess County, where he has spent most of the time ever since. He and his brother, John, bought 80 acres of land in Sheridan Township. Their brother, Ebenezer, was at first a partner with them in the transaction, but later sold his interest in the land. Peter Galpin now owns 281 acres of land in Sheridan Township, which is operated by his youngest son. Mr. Galpin farmed the land from 1872 to 1912, when he moved to Gallatin. The fall of that year, he went to Altamont, where he bought his present home.

Peter Galpin was married on Dec. 8, 1870, to Victorrene Swisher, born on Dec. 8, 1845, the daughter of Isaac and Amanda (Dennison) Swisher of Sheridan Township. Isaac Swisher was born on Feb. 13, 1815, in Virginia, and died in Daviess County, Missouri, Feb. 13, 1886. His wife, a native of Delaware, was born Aug. 16, 1817, and died in Caldwell County, Missouri, May 3, 1881. The remains of both are buried at Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Galpin have three sons: Claude H., born on July 28, 1875, married Cora Scott, May 22, 1898, and now lives at Gallatin; Victor S., born Aug. 24, 1880, married Maud Gallamore on Dec. 25, 1901, and now lives at Gallatin; and Peter Fletcher born April 15, 1890, married Clara Snyder on July 15, 1911, and lives on the home place. Claude H. Galpin has five children: Roy, Grace, J. P., Harold, and

Jewell; Victor S. Galpin has two children, Audrey and Heath; and Fletcher Galpin has the following children, Junior, Viola, Doris, and James Alva.

Peter Galpin filled the office of justice of the peace in Sheridan Township for two terms and was township trustee two terms. He is one of the prominent men in his community. The Galpin family has been held in high regard ever since Mr. Galpin first settled in Daviess County, and has always been accounted an asset to the county. Mr. Galpin was for many years, a progressive and energetic farmer, and since his retirement from active duty on the farm, he has given much thought of matters pertaining to community progress and civic welfare.

W. W. Ament succeeded Buchanan and Sons in the general merchandise business at Winston, Daviess County, Dec. 4, 1915. The store is located in the Foxworthy Building, and Mr. Ament carries an excellent line of dry goods, groceries, queensware, shoes, stationery, and school supplies. He is assisted in the store by Mrs. Ament, who is competent and enthusiastic in the work. The business is one of the thriving industries of the community.

Mr. Ament is a native Kentuckian. He was born in Hardin County, Kentucky, Nov. 11, 1878, the son of J. H. and Rachel Ament. J. H. Ament and his wife now live at Kidder, where Mr. Ament is widely known as a successful merchant. He has been in the mercantile business at Kidder for the past 35 years.

W. W. Ament came to Missouri with his parents in 1881. They settled in Caldwell County, and Mr. Ament attended the public schools and then was a student at Thayer College at Kidder. When he was 17 years old, he began to work for the firm of Beaumont and Larrabee, merchants at Kidder. He remained in that position for $3\frac{1}{2}$ years, receiving for his first salary \$8.00 per month. He worked diligently and was determined to succeed. He went to California, and worked as an engineer for the "20 Mule Team Borax" firm. While in that position he suffered the loss of his left hand, but this calamity did not deter him from his ambition to succeed. He came back to Missouri, and entered the livery business at Chillicothe, in which work he remained for two years. At the end of that time, he went to Kidder and entered into business with his father and brother. In 1910 he and his wife went to California, where Mr. Ament became the bookkeeper for the Petaluma-San Francisco Transfer Company at Petaluma. They remained there for three years, and in 1914 went to San Francisco, where Mr. Ament was in business for two years at the corner of Scott and O'Farrell streets. He sold

that business and returned to Missouri because of the illness of members of his family, and bought his present business at Winston in 1915.

W. W. Ament was married Nov. 27, 1907, to Lillian W. Vallandingham, a daughter of R. L. and Amanda (Woodruff) Vallandingham.

R. L. Vallandingham died in 1899 at Kidder. He was a veteran of the Civil War in which he served as a Confederate soldier. He was wounded in the left wrist while in service. After his death his widow and two daughters operated the home farm; they were left with nothing but the land and on account of sickness of Enolia, the widow's daughter, they mortgaged the farm to get money; and they succeeded in paying off the mortgage by raising and feeding hogs. The widow still lives at Winston. Mrs. Ament was born near Gallatin, Jan. 1, 1881, was educated in the public schools, and attended Thayer College, from which institution she graduated in music in 1905. She taught music for six years, and then taught school in Daviess County for two years. Later she became the manager of the art and music department in a store in Petaluma, Calif. She has a brother, H. C. Vallandingham, who owns a part of the home farm in Colfax Township, where he lives.

Mr. Ament is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge, and both he and his wife are members of the Order of the Eastern Star Lodge. Mr. Ament served as township collector for a term in Caldwell County. Both he and his wife are energetic and ambitious. They enter with zeal into the life of the community and are both strong factors in all of the civic activities of the neighborhood. They are assets to the town of Winston, where they are both held in high regard.

Dr. D. M. Clagett, for the past 50 years a practicing physician at Winston, is one of the interesting pioneer professional men of this part of Missouri. He is a native of Mississippi, where he was born in Natchez County on March 24, 1846. His parents were Dr. Hezekiah and Elizabeth (Shipp) Clagett.

Dr. Hezekiah Clagett was born in Maryland, and died in Kansas City, Mo., in 1912, at the age of 95 years. He was a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Pa., and was the first dentist to make artificial teeth west of Philadelphia. He practiced in St. Louis for several years, and retired from professional life when he left that city. His wife was born in Kentucky, and died in St. Louis in 1856.

D. M. Clagett attended the public school, and graduated from the Medical Department of Washington University, St. Louis, in 1872. He located at Victoria four miles northwest of Winston and in 1874, located at Winston. He made the journey from St. Louis to Daviess County on

horseback. He had no particular destination in mind when he left St. Louis, but felt that if he rode long enough he would find a suitable location. When he opened his office at Winston, Dr. F. C. Eastman was located at Alta Vista, and the Gallatin physicians were; Drs. Robertson, Givens, Brosius, Folmsbee, Black, and McFarland. All of those men are dead after years of active service to their communities.

Dr. Clagett gives some interesting recollections of the early days of the medical work in the county. The doctors all dispensed their own medicines, and made their visits under difficulties. They rode horseback; there were no buggies outside of Gallatin in Daviess County. People rode in linchpin wagons and used splint bottom chairs for seats. There were few settlers on the prairies, and most of them lived at the edge of the timber land. The prairie grass was often as high as a horse, and the sod plows had not yet been introduced into this part of the country. The roads were mere trails very often, and were hard to follow when there was a snow storm. Dr. Clagett tells that one snowy evening, Robert Caster started on the two-mile trip for Dr. Clagett to attend a sick member of the Caster family. After wandering around on the prairie for a long time he saw a light and went to the back door of the house. To his inquiry of "Who lives here?" a neighbor woman, who was attending the sick person, replied, "Bob Caster." Mr. Caster had simply circled around in the storm to his own home.

Dr. Clagett was the coroner of Daviess County at the time of the famous Winston train robbery in 1878, which resulted in the killing by the robbers of Dr. Westfall and one other man, and in the trial of Frank James for the murder. Several other men were suspected of complicity in the crime, but only the one was tried. He was acquitted. Dr. Clagett summoned the jury which held the inquest over the murdered bodies, and was a witness at the trial, the details of which stirred the entire state.

Dr. Clagett was married on Jan. 1, 1874, to Mary A. Wood a daughter of James and Martha (Osborn) Wood, early settlers of Daviess County. James Wood was born in Louisville, Ky., in 1826, and came to Missouri in the fifties. He located in Colfax Township, Daviess County. He was a member of the Missouri State Militia. He died in 1878 in the 52nd year of his age. His wife was born in Boone County, and died in August, 1920, at the age of 87 years. The remains of both are buried in the Victoria Cemetery. Besides Mrs. Clagett, the living children of James Wood and his wife are: Mrs. J. M. Pringle of Cameron; Mrs. Luvina Spaulding of Kansas City, Mo.; and Alvin, living in Oklahoma.

Dr. and Mrs. Clagett have a son, O. F., a practicing physician of Carbondale, Col. He was born, Aug. 7, 1881, and attended the school at Winston. He later went to school at Cameron, and graduated from University Medical College at Kansas City, Mo. He was married in August, 1904, to Effie Stevens of Trenton, and to their union the following children were born; Eleanor, John Malcolm, Oscar Theron, Helen Louise, and Bettie. Helen Louise Clagett died of influenza at the age of five years.

Dr. Clagett has been a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge for 40 years, and served as the treasurer of the lodge at Winston for 35 years. He served four years as the coroner of Davies County. His period of half a century of service in Daviess County makes him one of the prominent figures in the community. He has been esteemed by more than two generations in and around Winston, and his name rightly belongs in Dr. Clagett's work is worthy of mention in such a book.

George A. Olsen, proprietor of Plain View Farm near Winston in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born in Iowa on Aug. 13, 1873, the son of C. M. and Catherine E. (Van Dyke) Olsen.

C. M. Olsen and his family moved to Dakota in 1897 where they remained for five years. They came to Daviess County and settled in Jefferson Township, later moving to Devon, Bourbon County, Kan. From there they went to Hugo, Lincoln County, Col., and took up a claim upon which they lived ten years; they now live in Hugo, Col. The children of C. M. Olsen and his wife were: George A., the subject of this review; Henry, deceased; Josephine, now Mrs. Stegeburg of Woonsocket, S. Dak.; W. W., living at Hugo, Col.; John C., a resident of Hugo, Col.; and Cora, now Mrs. Broadbeck of Fort Scott, Kan.

George A. Olsen attended the schools of Iowa, and has been a farmer and stockraiser all of his life. In 1902 he came to Daviess County and bought his present farm of 120 acres two miles north of Winston. The residence was on the farm at the time Mr. Olsen purchased it, but he has made the other improvements, including a barn, farm buildings, and set out an orchard. Besides his home place, Mr. Olsen owns eighty acres of land adjoining the Fulton place on the south and 40 acres west of the home place. He has made improvements on both of those places. Mr. Olsen raises Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs, and White Leghorn, Plymouth Rock, and Brahma poultry. He has achieved a marked success in his line of work and is accounted one of the able and energetic farmers of the township.

George A. Olsen was married on Oct. 18, 1894, in Winneshiek County, Iowa, to Alta Stone, a native of Fayette County, Iowa, and a daughter of James and Ann (Reed) Stone. Mr. Stone died in Iowa and his wife died in Daviess County, Missouri, at the home of her son, Frank Frederick. Her remains are buried at Winston. Mrs. Olsen is the only child of her parents, but by a former marriage her mother had the following children; Samuel Frederick; Frank Frederick; and Helen and Ellen, twins, the former now Mrs. Loop and the latter now Mrs. Leslie; and Flora dead.

Mr. and Mrs. Olsen have six children: Earl, married Zella Downs, and lives on a farm south of Winston; Vay, a resident of Fort Scott, Kan.; Orla, a teacher at Fairview School; Harry, married Nora Carey, and lives on the home place; Vira, living at Fort Scott, Kan.; and Viola, a student in the Winston High School. Mr. and Mrs. Olsen have two grandchildren, Geneva Fern and Verlin Wayne Olsen.

The Olsen family is held in high regard in the community. Mr. Olsen is competent and reliable and an excellent farmer.

James M. Mallory, a farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, is a native Virginian. He was born on March 1, 1866, near Hillsville, Virginia, the son of Moses T. and Virginia (Allen) Mallory.

Moses T. Mallory was born in 1832 and his wife was born in 1838. They were married in Virginia, and came to Missouri in 1869. They made the trip by wagon and were more than two months on the road. They settled north of Altamont, where they bought 40 acres of land from the railroad company. In 1877, Mr. Mallory moved to the farm now owned by his son, James M., the subject of this sketch. He remained on the farm for 25 years, and then moved to Gallatin, where he died in 1908. Mr. Mallory was a shoemaker by trade as well as a farmer. He served in the Confederate Army for three and one-half years. He enlisted in Virginia, and was in Gen. Jubal A. Early's forces in Lee's Division. He was with that division at the time of Lee's surrender.

Virginia (Allen) Mallory died at Altamont in 1874, and Mr. Mallory later married Susan Rawlins, who died in 1915. To his first union three children were born: Stephen A., living in DeKalb County; James M., the subject of this review; and Virginia, the wife of Thomas Patton of Spokane, Wash. To his second marriage one child was born, a daughter, Julia, who died at the age of five years.

James M. Mallory attended the rural schools and was a teacher in Daviess County for several years. He owns 190 acres of land in Jefferson Township, his residence being located five miles north of Winston.

He does general farming and his own housework as well. Mr. Mallory is a Democrat in politics, and in 1898, he made the race for circuit clerk of the county. He has served as the township collector and constable.

The Mallory family is of Welch extraction. Members of the family have lived in Daviess County since the fifties, when two brothers of Moses T. Mallory, Joseph and Lanza M., came to Missouri and pre-empted land in Jefferson Township, Daviess County. They were among the first white inhabitants of the county. Joseph Mallory built the Seventh Day Adventist Church north of Altamont, to which organization he belonged. He died on his farm in 1900 and his remains are buried in the Union Cemetery. He was a believer in the cause of the Union during the Civil War strife, and his brother, Lanza M., supported the Confederate government. Lanza M. Mallory died on his farm near that of his brother in 1893.

James M. Mallory is a practical and competent farmer and is held in high esteem by his neighbors.

Charles Bruce Crowder, a well known farmer and stock raiser of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, has lived on his present farm of 155 acres for the past 36 years. He is a member of a pioneer family of the county. His parents, Hugh S. and Cassie Ann (Searcy) Crowder, were among the early settlers of this part of Missouri. They owned the land adjoining the farm, now held by Mr. Crowder, and he was born on that farm, June 5, 1856.

Hugh S. Crowder was born in Kentucky, March 21, 1822. He was a second cousin of Gen. Enoch Crowder of World War fame and a brother of Judge Thomas B. Crowder of Daviess County. Hugh S. Crowder and his family came to Platte County, Mo., in 1852. His wife, Cassie Ann (Searcy) Crowder, was born in Kentucky on April 27, 1830, and her brother, S. P. Searcy, born in Kentucky on April 11, 1832, came to Missouri and joined the Crowder family. They all moved to Daviess County in 1854 and settled in Jefferson Township. S. P. Searcy married Sarah Hynes, a native of Daviess County, born on March 5, 1842, and they lived on their farm in Jefferson Township until their death. Mr. Searcy died in 1913 and Mrs. Searcy died in 1911. Their remains are buried in Cape Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Hugh S. Crowder located on a farm near the Searcy farm, and at one time, Mr. Crowder owned 600 acres of land. Mrs. Crowder died on the farm on July 15, 1900, and Mr. Crowder died on July 12, 1907.

To the union of Hugh S. and Cassie Ann (Searcy) Crowder the following children were born: Sallie, born Dec. 9, 1850, and died March 7,

1853; James, born Sept. 14, 1853, died Sept. 30, 1890; Charles B., the subject of this review; Anna, the wife of Hugh Smith of Rocky Ford, Col.; Ada, married to John Garner of Weatherby; Cora Lee, on the home place; Lizzie, the wife of Clarence Polk of Kansas City, Mo.; and Robert A., living on the home place. Harriett Crowder, a niece of Hugh S. Crowder, was reared in the Crowder home. She married Elmer Ross of Colorado. Of the children born to S. P. Searcy and his wife, the following are living: Ada Frances, the wife of Sherman Sturgis; N. S., living in Oklahoma; Martha Ellen, married Henry Nevitt; J. F., living in Jefferson Township; George Allen, on the home place; W. B. address unknown; Effie May, the wife of John Boyer; and H. N.

Charles B. Crowder attended school in District No. 55, a district organized just after the close of the Civil War. The first school was taught by Ben Whitchurch. Mr. Crowder has always lived on a farm. His present farm comprises a part of the old Crowder home place. All of the improvements were made by the present owner. The residence lies $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of Weatherby.

Charles B. Crowder was married, March 11, 1885, to Carrie Polk, a daughter of Albin and Margaret (Lewis) Polk. Mrs. Polk died in 1856, and her remains are buried in Illinois. Mr. Polk, now 87 years old, makes his home with his daughter. He is a veteran of the Civil War in which he served in the Union army for a year, enlisting from Kentucky.

Mr. and Mrs. Crowder had the following children: Hugh A., born Jan. 2, 1886, married Nora Creason on June 15, 1912, and lives on the home place; Jesse M., born March 9, 1888, married Lulu Spain, and lives at Winston; Perry C., born Feb. 9, 1890, married Cleo Sutton, and lives in Kansas City, Mo.; Larkin L., born Feb. 1, 1892, married Jessie Robinson, and lives in Jefferson Township; Cleo W., born Jan. 7, 1895, mention of whom occurs later in this sketch; Bessie Q., born Nov. 17, 1896, married to Thomas Hunt of Burton, Kan.; an infant son, born in 1902 and died in infancy; and Margaret L., born April 6, 1904, now a student at Kidder Institute. Mr. and Mrs. Crowder have three grandchildren; Thelma Crowder, Max, the son of Cleo W. Crowder, and Nola Noll, the foster child of Hugh Crowder. Cleo W. Crowder was inducted into the United States army at Gallatin, was sent to Camp Doniphan, Okla., for training, and was overseas for 11 months. He was in service for 19 months. He married Phleta West, and now lives on the Pettijohn farm near Gallatin.

The Crowder family is held in high regard in the community.

Charles Bruce Crowder is esteemed as an able and practical farmer and a citizen of high ideals.

Thomas L. Frost, a successful farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, has recently retired from active farm life and will make his permanent residence at Gallatin. He is a member of a pioneer family of Daviess County, and was born in Jefferson Township on the farm which he now owns on Dec. 6, 1856. His parents were Elisha and Elizabeth (Born) Frost.

Elisha Frost was born in Grayson County, Virginia. He came to Missouri in 1844 and located in Jefferson Township in Daviess County. His farm comprised the land now owned by his son, Thomas L. He became a widely known farmer and stockman of the county. He served as trustee for the township for many years and was actively interested in building up the schools. His wife died on July 22, 1864, and he later married Rachel Black. Elisha Frost died on Feb. 21, 1894. His remains and those of his first wife are buried in Union Church Cemetery. To his union with Elizabeth (Born) Frost the following children were born: James H., at one time county recorder, address now unknown; George H., died in 1889; J. W., died in 1918; Nancy E., died in 1877; W. C., died in 1884; Elisha L., living in Marion Township; E. F., a resident of St. Joseph; Thomas L., the subject of this review; and C. D., died in 1910. To the second marriage of Elisha Frost one daughter was born, Laura May, died in 1902. Both James H. and George H. Frost were members of the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War.

Thomas L. Frost lived five years at Pueblo, Col., and 15 years at Leadville, Col., where he still has mining interests. He went to Colorado in 1879 and remained in that state until 1903, when he came to Daviess County. He has land holdings of 175 acres in Jefferson Township. The farm is equipped with an excellent residence, a large barn, and other improvements. Mr. Frost held a sale some time ago and for a short time lived with Charles F. Youtsey three miles north of Altamont.

Mr. Frost was married in 1914 to Nettie (Hoover) Youtsey, a daughter of Scott and Lizzie Hoover of Gallatin and the widow of Sanford M. Youtsey. By her first marriage Mrs. Frost had two children: Charles F., a farmer of Jefferson Township; and Lois, married Ross Naylor and is now dead.

Mr. Frost is a Republican in his political views. He is a reliable man and one of the progressive and highly esteemed citizens of his community.

E. G. Brown, a well known farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born on a farm a mile northwest of his present home, Aug. 27, 1865, the son of James and Phoebe (Frost) Brown.

James Brown was born in Kentucky, May 8, 1833, and was brought to Missouri in 1836. He went to California in 1844 and returned to Missouri in 1851. He made the trip to the West with an ox team, and came back by way of Panama. He engaged in mining in Colorado for a time, and after his return to Missouri, bought land in Jefferson Township, Daviess County. He died on Oct. 27, 1911. His wife was a daughter of E. and Elizabeth Frost, who were pioneer settlers of the county. She was born, Jan. 10, 1832, and died, July 15, 1905. James Brown and his wife had three children: Mariam, now Mrs. Smith of Winston; Lizzie, now on the home farm; and E. G., the subject of this review.

E. G. Brown attended the public schools and was a student in the Stanberry Normal in 1881. He returned to the farm at the end of that year, and now owns 260 acres of well improved land lying six miles north of Winston. The farm is on the Jefferson Highway and has excellent improvements. There is a fine grove of trees and also an orchard of four acres. Mr. Brown has been successful in raising cattle and mules. The farm shows the effect of Mr. Brown's practical methods. It presents a neat, well kept appearance.

E. G. Brown was married on March 3, 1885, to Lydea E. Smith. Mrs. Brown was born in Jefferson Township, the daughter of William and Sarah (Ray) Smith of Plattsburg. Mrs. Smith died in 1908 and Mr. Smith died in 1916. The remains of both are buried at Winston. Their children were: Mack, died in 1908; Lydea, now Mrs. Brown; Mrs. A. I. Hays of Denver, Col.; Mrs. H. A. Murray of Denver, Col.; Clarence, deceased; Myrtle, now Mrs. Riggs of Colorado; Florence, deceased; and Dr. O. L., of Ft. Collins, Col.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown have the following children: Clyta, cashier with the National Cloak and Suit Company at Kansas City, Mo.; Lloyd Earl, owner of the old Smith homestead, which he operates; Lucille, married to Dr. V. W. Myers of St. Louis; Roy R., who was with the Midwest Bank at Kansas City, Mo., for a year and is now at home; and Marjorie, a teacher in the Benton School at Kansas City, Mo.

Dr. V. W. Myers served in the World War and was commissioned as First Lieutenant. He was in Camps Oglethorp, Chattanooga, Tenn., and was married there, and his wife then went to Shoshone, Idaho, where she was musical supervisor; resigned later and is now living in St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown have three grandchildren: Jewell, the daughter of Lloyd E. Brown, and Marjorie Gale and Betty Ray Myers.

Mr. Brown and his son, Ray R., are both members of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons at Altamont. Mr. Brown belongs to the Blue Lodge and Chapter at Gallatin. He has filled the office of collector of the township for three terms and was a clerk under Representative Dunlop in 1919. He has always taken an active interest in politics and has participated in political affairs. He is a man of keen intelligence and as a citizen manifests pride in all the movements that pertain to civic progress.

E. M. Foley, Jr., a prosperous farmer and stockman and owner of 600 acres of land in Monroe Township, Daviess County, was born Feb. 23, 1847, two and one-half miles from where he now lives, a son of Thomas Green and Elizabeth D. (Payne) Foley.

Thomas Green Foley was born Nov. 12, 1819, in Knox County, Ky. When about 14 years of age he came to Daviess County, locating on a farm in Monroe Township, now owned by Milton Trosper. He remained at home until 1846, when he purchased a farm in Monroe Township, where he reared his family. Mr. Foley enlisted in the Civil War in 1861. He was in Captain David Enyart's Company, which was sent south, and engaged in the battles of Carthage, Wilson Creek and others. He then returned home for a short time, after which he re-enlisted and was stationed in Colonel Reed's regular Confederate service. He took part in the battle of Pea Ridge, then crossed the Mississippi River and fought on the east side. He also took part in the second battle of Corinth. After the battle at Resaca, Mr. Foley was discharged. He then went to east Tennessee, where he rested up, later going to Illinois. Here he purchased some land in Schuyler County, and made his home there, having married a second time, his second wife being Nancy S. Payne, a sister of his first wife. Mr. Foley died in McCombe, Ill., in April, 1893, and is buried in Schuyler County, where his two wives are also buried.

Elizabeth D. (Payne) Foley was born in Wayne County, Ky., Dec. 16, 1822, and died in August, 1863. To Thomas Green and Elizabeth D. (Payne) Foley nine children were born, as follows: E. M., subject of this sketch; Henry H., deceased, was superintendent of public schools of Schuyler County, Ill.; Sarah Ann, died in infancy; John F., president of the Plymouth Bank, Plymouth, Ill.; A. C., retired farmer, Norton, Kans.; Mary F., Long Beach, Calif.; Nancy L., the wife of Fred Luce, Oak Park, Ill.; Elizabeth, deceased; Rebecca, the wife of John A. H. Keith, Indiana, Pa. To Thomas Green and Nancy S. (Payne) Foley one child was born, who died in infancy.



E. M. FOLEY, JR.

The following is taken from the "History of the Foley Family," by T. G. Foley: "The first of the Foley family that I know anything about was James Foley, who lived and died in Virginia. He had a son by the name of Moses Foley. Moses was a lame man, was one of the cavalymen under General Green in the Revolution. He was a man of considerable means but lost most of it during the war and when the war was over he moved further west to the frontier to secure a home. He settled on what was called New River. Moses Foley had two families of children, his first family consisted of five boys: Elijah, Moses, James, Thomas and Spencer, and six girls. His second family consisted of two sons, Martin and Hugh, better known as Hughey. The most noted of these being Elijah and Moses, both being Baptist ministers. They preached in Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri. Elijah, the eldest son, was born Sept. 4, 1771, but young as he was, he had to help support his family during the Revolutionary War. Elijah Foley married first Elizabeth Nordyke, by whom he had six children, three boys: Moses, Abraham and Elijah, and three daughters. His second wife was a widow by the name of Brown. By the second marriage they had four children: James, Green, Franklin, Sampson, and one daughter. He moved from Kentucky to Missouri in 1821, previous to this several years he had moved from Virginia to Kentucky. His best work in the ministry was in Kentucky, although he spent 20 years of his life in Missouri.

Moses Foley, second generation from James Foley of Virginia and brother of Elijah Foley, was a noted evangelist . . . I know nothing of him until he came to Kentucky . . . he had a large family, principally boys. He lived near Crab Orchard and he was pastor of that church for 30 years. In addition to raising his own large family he went to Virginia and brought out James' family after his death and raised them, there being four boys and one girl, her name after she married was Jane Rector. She had two very smart boys.

Some of Moses' family moved to southern Indiana and I don't know where the others went. Thomas Foley IV, son of Moses Foley son of James Foley of Virginia, had a very large family. He lived in Whitely County, Ky. One of his sons, Jonathan, was a very bright young man and was elected to the Legislature of Kentucky, but never took his seat as he was bitten by a snake and died soon after his election. Spencer Foley raised a family but went insane while the family was growing up. Most of his family were very reckless. One son, however, was converted, and became quite a minister. Moses Foley, oldest son of Elijah Foley, one of the ministers, lived in Boone County, Mo. He died when he was about 40 years old and his wife took the family and went back to Kentucky.

Abraham Foley, brother of the above, moved to Boone County, Mo., at a very early day, being one of the early settlers there, later he moved to Polk and Dade Counties, Mo. He practiced medicine there for several years. When his family grew up he moved to Oregon.

Elijah Foley, third son of Elijah, Jr., one of the ministers, our grandfather, was born Feb. 14, 1798, at New River, Va., and moved with the rest of the family to Knox County, Ky. Elijah Foley was married to Mary Ann Blakely, Oct. 6, 1818. They had seven children: Thomas Green, Betsy Ann, John Treble, Moses Franklin, James William, Elijah Madison and Mary Jane. At the present time, 1898, there are only one of Elijah Foley's children that survive him: Elijah Madison. All of Elijah Foley's children married and settled in Caldwell and Daviess Counties, Mo., except one, Moses F., who died when young."

Marriages:—Elijah Foley-Polly A. Blakely, Oct. 5, 1818. William E. Hales-Elizabeth A. Foley, Nov. 26, 1843. Thomas G. Foley-Elizabeth Payne, May 14, 1846. James T. Green-Mary A. Foley, March 16, 1856. James W. Foley-Mary Green, June 22, 1856. John T. Foley-Elizabeth Daugherty, March 20, 1859. Elijah M. Foley-Laura Brosius, David Giltner-Margaret Hale, April 24, 1870.

Births:—Elijah Foley, Feb. 14, 1798. Polly A. Foley, Oct. 23, 1799. Thomas G. Foley, Nov. 12, 1819. Elizabeth A. Foley, Dec. 16, 1822. John T. Foley, Feb. 24, 1826. Moses F. Foley, March 19, 1829. James W. Foley, Feb. 8, 1832. Elijah M. Foley, Feb. 11, 1835. Mary J. Foley, Jan. 11, 1838. Mary K. Hale, Oct. 31, 1834. Elijah Foley, Sr., Sept. 4, 1771. Thomas Blakely, Oct. 13, 1777.

Deaths:—Elizabeth A. Hale, Jan. 6, 1848. Mary C. Hale, Oct. 15, 1848. Rebecca Blakely, Oct. 13, 1847. Elijah Foley, Sr., April 17, 1848. Elijah Foley, Jr., March 30, 1865. Moses Foley, April 20, 1868. Mary A. Foley, April 19, 1883. James W. Foley, John T. Foley, Sept. 2, 1893. Thomas G. Foley.

E. M. Foley, Jr., the subject of this sketch, was reared on a farm and lived from March, 1865, until March, 1867, in Scuyler County, Ill. Later he worked for his uncle, Moses F. Foley, on a farm in Monroe Township, Daviess County, and after his uncle's death, Mr. Foley continued to live on the farm with his grandmother, Mary A. (Blakely) Foley, until 1875. After his marriage in 1875, Mr. Foley removed to his present farm in Monroe Township, where he has made many improvements. He has been unusually successful in farming and raises high grade stock.

April 14, 1875, Mr. Foley was married to Julia Ann Ramsbottom, a daughter of Obediah and Matilda (Hemry) Ramsbottom, natives of Bradford, England, and Corroll County, Ohio, who came to Daviess County in

the early days and settled in Harrison Township. Both Mr. and Mrs. Ramsbottom are deceased, having died in Gallatin. Mrs. Foley was born in Union Township, Daviess County, just west of Gallatin on Jan 1, 1849. To E. M. and Julia Ann (Ramsbottom) Foley four children have been born, as follows: The oldest child died in infancy; Oscar, a graduate of West Point Military Academy in 1902. He was commissioned a second lieutenant and sent to the Philippines. He was in the Sixth Cavalry, later being transferred to other branches of service, and sailed for overseas during the World War as a Major. Shortly afterwards he was made a Lieutenant Colonel. After the war he returned to the United States and was assigned to various kinds of duty, and is now stationed in the school of instruction at Fort Leavenworth, Kans. Oscar Foley was married in November, 1916, to Louise Hughline, a native of Louisville, Ky. They have no children. William H., deceased and George E., living at home with his parents. He is a graduate of William Jewell College, Liberty, and is now engaged in assisting his father in farm work. He is unmarried.

Mr. Foley is a Democrat, and served in the capacity of public administrator of Daviess County, for four years. He is a stock holder in the Gallatin Flour Mill. Mr. Foley, through his wife, became heir to 180 acres of land where the residence now stands. He had added to his holdings until now he owns 600 acres, and with his son, has under control about 800 acres of land.

Mr. Foley is a member of the Baptist church. He is a substantial citizen and a progressive type of man. He is a good farmer and stockman and successful manager, and the Foley family stands high in Daviess County.

James L. Johnston, one of the progressive and substantial farmers of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born, reared, and has spent his life in the vicinity of Altamont. He is the son of S. A. and Harmina (Myers) Johnston, and was born on Sept. 8, 1873, on the Johnston farm $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles west of Altamont.

S. A. Johnston was born on a farm two miles southwest of Altamont in 1844. His father, James Johnston, was one of the first settlers of Colfax Township. S. A. Johnston served in the Missouri State Militia during the period of the Civil War. He died at Altamont, Feb. 2, 1919. His wife, Harmina (Myers) Johnston, was born on a farm $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of Altamont. Her parents were Christopher and Miss (Cole) Myers. She now lives at Altamont. To her union with S. A. Johnston the following children were born: Simon C., a resident of St. Joseph; Fred A., living at Clay Center, Kan.; H. M., living at St. Joseph; Mrs. Charles Hess, living on the home place; James L., the subject of this sketch; and John L., died at the age of 26 years.

James L. Johnston attended the rural school in the Prairie Valley District, and bought his present farm from his father 23 years ago. It comprises 130 acres of the Johnston home place and is well improved. There is a good residence, the farm buildings include a barn and three poultry houses, and the place is equipped with a cave. Practically all of the improvements were made by the present owner. Mr. Johnston raises Galloway cattle, Shropshire sheep, Duroc Jersey hogs, and Brown Leghorn poultry. He keeps a registered Duroc Jersey male.

Mr. Johnston was married on April 8, 1900, to Ida Easter, a daughter of James and Polly Ann (Blythe) Easter. A brief review of the lives of Mr. and Mrs. Easter appear in this volume in connection with the sketch of the life of Melvin R. DeFord, whose wife is a sister of Mrs. Johnston. Mr. and Mrs. Johnston have two sons: Virgil Ray, graduated from the Gallatin High School and is now a student in Central College at Fayette; and Victor Clay, at home.

James L. Johnston is a member of the board of education of the Altamont Consolidated School District No. 7. He was one of the promoters of the consolidation which was accomplished in 1921. The school employs five teachers and has 210 pupils enrolled. The pupils are transported to the school building at the expense of the district, and the text books are furnished free. In 1921 the school installed a wireless telegraph system and the next year, a wireless telephone. The community may well be proud of its efficiently managed and progressive public school.

Mr. Johnston is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Mason Lodge at Altamont, where he is also a member of the Blue Lodge. He belongs to the Chapter at Gallatin and to the Scottish Rite Lodge at St. Joseph. He is a director in the Citizens State Bank of Altamont, which his father helped to organize and in which he was a director for many years. Mr. Johnston is one of the alert and progressive men of the community, a highly esteemed citizen of marked civic pride and ability.

John A. Strasser, the proprietor of Twin Cedar Farm near Winston in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, is a native of Ontario, Canada, where he was born on Jan. 10, 1868, the son of Frederick and Barbara (Crowder) Strasser.

Frederick Strasser was born in Germany in 1835 and his wife was born in Canada in 1840. She died in 1880 and Mr. Strasser, in 1915. The remains of both are buried in the Winston Cemetery. They settled in Jefferson Township, Daviess County in 1872, and Mr. Strasser bought 200 acres of land. In 1902 he sold the home place and moved to Wins-

ton, where he spent the remainder of his life. Mr. and Mrs. Strasser had the following children: Rosina, deceased; Fred K., living in California; Katie, married to Isaiah Young, pastor of the Evangelical Church at Colorado Springs, Col.; Jacob, died in 1916 at the age of 51 years; John A., the subject of this review; Willie, who is blind and a musician of note, now assisting in evangelical work; Mary, deceased, was Mrs. Wilkinson; and Edward, living in Texas.

John A. Strasser attended the rural schools of Daviess County and grew up on his father's farm. He bought his present farm from E. C. DeFord in the fall of 1902. The two cedar trees which give the farm its name were standing in the yard when Mr. Strasser purchased the farm, but all of the improvements have been made by the present owner. There is a good residence and the farm buildings are painted and neatly kept. The farm home is located $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles north of Winston. Mr. Strasser has made a marked success of his work with Duroc Jersey hogs, in fact he says that the hogs have paid for his land. He keeps purebred stock, which he feeds and sells.

John A. Strasser was married on June 2, 1897, to Frances Owings, who was a teacher in Buchanan and Daviess Counties. She is a daughter of Eldridge and Mary (Ryland) Owings, both natives of West Virginia. They came to Missouri in 1880 and settled in DeKalb County. They moved to Daviess County in 1895, where Mrs. Owings died in 1911. Her remains are buried at Winston. Her husband lives on his farm a mile south of Winston. Mr. and Mrs. Owings had the following children: Fred, living in Kansas City, Mo.; Frances, now Mrs. Strasser; May now Mrs. DeFord of Dallas, Tex.; and Mrs. Charles Triem of Winston.

Mr. and Mrs. Strasser have a daughter, Ruth. She graduated from the Winston High School, attended Stephens College at Columbia, and later was a student in Missouri Wesleyan College at Cameron. She is now a teacher of mathematics in the Lawson, Mo., High School.

Mr. Strasser is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America Lodge. He is a Republican in politics and Mrs. Strasser is a Democrat. They are two estimable people who manifest the most intense pleasure in making a successful home. They are regarded highly in the community, where Mr. Strasser is accounted an excellent business man as well as a high minded citizen.

James A. Manring, well known farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, is a member of a family that has been well and favorably known in the county for 90 years. For three generations the Manring family has been a factor in the development of this part of Missouri,

and the representatives of the family have been worthy citizens. Mr. Manring's father was a pioneer settler of Daviess County, Mr. Manring himself has spent practically all of his life here, and his sons are all veterans of the World War.

James A. Manring was born a mile north of his present farm on July 23, 1854. His father, Elisha Manring, was born in Ohio and came to Missouri in 1832. He located in Daviess County and entered 80 acres of land, which he improved, and where he lived the remainder of his life. He helped build the first grist and saw mill in DeKalb County. The mill was located on Grindstone Creek near the Daviess County line and served people of DeKalb, Daviess, and Gentry counties. It was owned by Mr. Happenstall. Elisha Manring was married to Mahulda Owens in Daviess County in 1844. She was born in that county in 1829, and died in 1886. Mr. Manring died in 1865 at the age of 54 years and his remains are buried at Fulton. To his union with Mahulda (Owens) Manring the following children were born: B. A., living in Kansas City, Mo.; James A., the subject of this review; J. W., living at Old Alta Vista in Jefferson Township; Fannie, the wife of Dr. J. N. Clark of Moscow, Idaho; and Alice and Anna, deceased. By a former marriage of Mr. Manring he had a daughter, Mrs. Abbie Daviess, who died at Jamesport in February, 1917.

James A. Manring attended the Alta Vista School where his first teacher was W. W. Stout, who died at Gallatin. The school building was built of native lumber and the yearly session lasted only four months. Among the families represented in the school were the Norman, Osborn, Wiglesworth, Reid, Downs, Manring, and Owens.

Mr. Manring went to Wyoming in 1873 and worked for eight years as a cowboy. In 1881 he returned to Alta Vista and he and his brother, J. W., operated a store there. From 1884 to 1894 they also held a contract with the Rock Island Railway to supply rock, ties, and wood, the railway taking all that the firm could deliver. In 1898 they sold their store and Mr. Manring moved to his present farm of 140 acres. He raises hogs and cattle. The farm is well improved, has a nice residence and good farm buildings.

James A. Manring was married on Jan. 8, 1882, to Alice Gamble, a daughter of M. W. and Elizabeth (Randolph) Gamble. Mrs. Manring was born in Council Bluffs, Iowa, and her parents moved to Daviess County, where they settled in Jefferson Township in 1866. Their home place is now owned by Mr. Manring. Mr. Gamble died in 1910 at the

age of 84 years. His wife, who was born in Virginia in 1825, died in 1901. The remains of both are buried in the Alta Vista Cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Manring have four children: Earl, married Edna Buck and is the assistant cashier of the Winston Bank; Carl, married Ethel Norris of Centerville, Iowa, and is now a traveling salesman in Kansas City, Mo.; Glenn, married Inez Helms and lives on the home place; and Irma L., the wife of Elda C. Williamson of Cameron. Mr. and Mrs. Manring have four grandchildren, Marvin W., Betty Jean, and James, Jr., Manring, and Irene Williamson.

All of Mr. Manring's sons were in service during the World War. Earl Manring enlisted at Gallatin on Aug. 17, 1918, was sent to Camp Funston, and remained there until the armistice was signed. Carl Manring enlisted at Dodge City, Kan., in August, 1917, and was sent overseas with the 35th Division. He remained in Europe for a year, returned to the United States in 1919 and was mustered out of service after two years of duty. He took part in the Battle of the Argonne but was not wounded. Glenn Manring enlisted in August, 1918, was stationed at Camp Funston, Kan., and was discharged in February, 1919, after six months of service. Mr. and Mrs. Manring may well be proud of this record.

Mr. Manring is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America, and has served as the trustee and treasurer of Jefferson Township for 14 years. He is one of the highly esteemed and prominent men of the community.

Jordan William Manring, successful farmer living near Weatherby in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born on a farm one-half mile from his present home on May 15, 1856, the son of Elisha and Mahulda (Owens) Manring. Further mention of Mr. and Mrs. Manring occurs in the review of the life of James A. Manring in this volume.

Jordan W. Manring attended the school at Alta Vista. When he was 12 years of age he went to Gentry County to live with his uncle, Jordan Manring. He remained there until he was 17 years old, when he returned to his home and worked by the month. He spent three years in Wyoming and later was in Colorado for a year. He returned to Missouri and went into business in Alta Vista in 1883. The next year his brother, James A., became a partner in the mercantile enterprise and the firm continued to do business until 1898 when the partners sold the store to James W. Daly. That same year, Mr. Manring bought 80 acres of his present farm. To the original holding, he later added 60 acres and then sold all except 100 acres. The residence on the farm is located

three miles east of Weatherby on the old site of Alta Vista. Mr. Manring does general farming and stockraising and has been successful in his work.

Mr. Manring was married on Sept. 11, 1884, to Frances Wiglesworth, a daughter of John T. and Maria S. (Norman) Wiglesworth. Both the Norman and the Wiglesworth families came from Kentucky and were among the first settlers in Buchanan and Daviess Counties.

John T. Wiglesworth was born on June 18, 1825, and died in 1896 at the age of 71 years. His wife was born in Kentucky on Oct. 27, 1831, and died on June 9, 1895. The remains of both are buried in the Alta Vista Cemetery, one of the oldest graveyards in the county. Mr. Wiglesworth and his wife crossed the plains to California during the gold rush of 1849, driving an ox team all of the way. Their oldest child, Napoleon Bonapart, was born and died in California. Mr. Wiglesworth was a wagon-maker and both he and his wife had work at high wages when they reached California. They remained there two years and returned to Missouri by way of Panama. Mr. Wiglesworth was one of the first merchants of Alta Vista, and later was in the mercantile business at Winston. His store was burned there and he went back to Alta Vista in 1883. To his union with Maria S. (Norman) Wiglesworth the following children were born: Napoleon B., died in infancy; Oliver N., born on Dec. 3, 1851, married Emma Joy, and died, Jan. 25, 1918, leaving one child; Frances, now Mrs. Manring; Georgia Ann, married B. A. Manring, and died in Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 26, 1915, leaving four children; Elizabeth, died at the age of 20 years in 1877; William, married Sturlie Minor and lives at Union, Ore., with three children; Laura Alice, married first to Dr. J. N. Robinson, and later to Albert Isaacs, and died in 1918 leaving one child; Emma B., married Joseph Duncan of Weatherby, and has two children: Robert F., married Mary Howard, lives in Oregon, and has three children; Elvira, married W. Ellis of Centerville, Iowa, and has five children; Albert, married Hattie Heimbaugh and lives at Weatherby with eight children; O. M., married Ollie Ross and has two children; and Centennial, died in infancy.

Mr. Manring is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America Lodge. The Manring family has been well known in the community for many years. Mr. Manring's grandfather, Jordan Manring, was the father of 19 children. He and his wife both lived to see the youngest child, Ruth, married at the age of 19 years to a Mr. Rigabaugh, now dead. Members of the Manring family have lived in and around Alta Vista for more than half a century, and have always been highly re-

spected members of the community. Mr. Manring and his wife are both estimable and well liked people.

Ovelman Wiglesworth, a farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, is a member of an old and well known New England family. He was born at Alta Vista, Jan. 12, 1874, the son of John T. and Mariah S. (Norman) Wiglesworth. Mrs. Wiglesworth's parents were Oliver and Elizabeth (Farr) Norman.

Oliver Norman was of Scotch descent and his wife of Irish extraction. Mr. Norman was born in Indiana, moved to Fleming County, Kentucky, and from there to Missouri, where he located in Buchanan County in 1844. He traded a plantation in Kentucky for 1,100 acres of land in Buchanan and Daviess Counties. He brought a number of slaves with him to Missouri. He entered the land in Buchanan County which later became the site of DeKalb. The land had been laid out in town lots and several families were already occupying lots so Mr. Norman deeded to the occupants the lots upon which they lived. In about 1847 Mr. Norman moved to Daviess County and settled in Jefferson Township, where he died in 1852. His remains were taken back to Buchanan County and buried at DeKalb, the journey being made with ox teams. The remains of Mrs. Norman are buried at Alta Vista. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Norman were: Martha A., married first to Charles Rose, and after his death to John Webb, a merchant at Alta Vista; Evelyn, the wife of Hilory Joy; Elizabeth, married Benjamin Downs; Joseph, married Phoebe Ann Frakes; and Mariah S., married John T. Wiglesworth.

The Wiglesworth family are of English descent and are descended from Thomas Wiglesworth of Yorkshire. Edward W. Wiglesworth, born in England in 1604, came to America on board the vessel, "James of Bristol," with his family in 1638. His son, Michael, was the famous clergyman, physician, and poet, known as the author of "The Day of Doom," a poem so popular in its day that 1800 copies were sold in New England within a year after its publication. It is said that the colonial children of New England memorized "The Day of Doom" along with their catechism. Michael Wiglesworth's son, Edward, was a professor of divinity at Harvard College, and a grandson was also a Harvard professor, while a great grandson was an editor of the *Encyclopedia Americana*. The famous John Quincy Adams lived in the Wiglesworth home while he was a student at Harvard. The Wiglesworth family trace their line of descent back to Abbot D. E. Wiglesworth who lived in England in 1100.

William Wiglesworth, the grandfather of Ovelman Wiglesworth,

was born in 1774 and came to Buchanan County, Missouri, in 1840, from Clark County, Kentucky. In 1852 he returned to Kentucky on a business trip and the same year was on his way back to Missouri when he died with cholera on board a steamboat on the Missouri River. He was 77 years of age. He was buried on the river bank north of Kansas City. The family did not receive any of his belongings.

William Wiglesworth married Miss Frances Bush, born in 1789, in Clark County, Kentucky, and died in St. Joseph, Mo., in 1870. She was the daughter of Phillip Bush, Jr., a Virginia planter and Revolutionary soldier of Orange, Va. In 1774 Phillip Bush came to Kentucky with Daniel Boone. Sarah Bush, cousin of Frances Bush, was the second wife of Thomas Lincoln, the father of Abraham Lincoln; made his clothes and reared him, his mother, Nancy Hanks, having died when Lincoln was nine years old.

Ovelman Wiglesworth attended the school at Alta Vista and graduated from the commercial course of Missouri Wesleyan College at Cameron in 1892. He spent one year as receiving clerk with the Wood Manufacturing Company at St. Joseph. Since that time he has lived in Jefferson Township, Daviess County. In 1896 he moved to his present farm. He owns 36 acres of land in the home place and 80 acres in DeKalb County. He does general farming and raises cattle, hogs, sheep, and poultry.

Mr. Wiglesworth was married on March 18, 1894, to Ollie E. Ross, a daughter of Marcus and Rosa (Downs) Ross. Mrs. Ross was born in Bloomington, Mo., in 1849, and died at her home in the same place, November 20, 1913. Mr. Ross was born in Fountain County, Indiana, and died in Adams Township, De Kalb County, December 30, 1921. Mr. Ross was reared by James P. Drake and wife who settled in Colfax Township in 1844 with his foster parents. Here he grew to manhood and served in the Confederate army. Their daughter, Mrs. Wiglesworth, was born in DeKalb County, Dec. 17, 1875. Mr. and Mrs. Wiglesworth have two daughters: Ima, the wife of Arthur Wright of Maysville; and Vaddie, married to Claude J. Leard. Mr. and Mrs. Leard have a daughter, Maxie, born in 1915.

Mr. and Mrs. Wiglesworth are members of the Baptist Church. Mr. Wiglesworth belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America Lodge. Both he and his wife are highly esteemed residents of the community.

Lewis Allen Harris, a prominent farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, lives near Weatherby and has extensive land holdings

in DeKalb and Daviess Counties. Mr. Harris was born in Page County, Iowa, Dec. 31, 1874, the son of Alexander and Matilda (Spiker) Harris.

Alexander Harris was a native of Illinois, where he was born on Sept. 1, 1837. His parents were Alexander and Martha (Creal) Harris, both natives of Kentucky. Alexander Harris' maternal grandparents, Durham Creal and his wife, were born in Maryland; the paternal grandparents were natives of Virginia. Alexander and Martha (Creal) Harris went to Illinois shortly after their marriage and lived there until their deaths. Their son, Alexander Harris, father of L. A. Harris, grew up in Illinois. He had meager school advantages, but was possessed of great natural aptitude for business and this capacity, added to the training which he gained through experience, made him one of the successful men of his day and community. Upon the outbreak of the Civil War, he enlisted for service in Company L, 17th Illinois Cavalry, but was sent home six weeks later because of illness. He later returned to the army, but was again attacked by illness and was discharged from the service in 1862. In 1869 he went to Page County, Iowa, where he located in Washington Township. He achieved a great success in his life there and at the time of his death was the owner of 920 acres of land. Besides this he had given to his children 600 acres. He died at Coin, Iowa, Nov. 14, 1921, one of the highly respected members of his community.

Alexander Harris married Matilda Spiker in 1872 and to this union the following children were born: Ruby, later Mrs. Gibson and now dead; Lewis Allen, the subject of this sketch; Loy Elvin, living at Coin, Iowa; Mrs. Melvin Turner of Coin, Iowa; Arthur Garfield, living at Illif, Col.; Eunice Etta, now Mrs. Frazier of Rockport; and Elmer Alexander, living at Coin, Iowa. Mrs. Harris died Aug. 9, 1921. Besides their own children, Mr. and Mrs. Harris reared and educated their granddaughter, Lura Gibson, now Mrs. Blythe of Bardolph, Ill. Mr. Harris was reared in the Presbyterian Church but became affiliated with the Methodist Episcopal Church in Iowa. He was a man of broad vision and marked attainments and was one of the influential factors in his part of Iowa. He acted as the vice president of the First National Bank of Northboro, Iowa, for several years, and was held in high regard by his associates in the business. The influence of such a character is far reaching, extending beyond the limits of his own family and the environs of his immediate community.

L. A. Harris attended school in Page County, Iowa, and Tarkio, Mo., but says that the great source of his education was the farm. He owned 120 acres of land in Iowa, which he sold in order to come to Mis-

souri. In 1905 he located on his present farm, buying 365 acres. The next year he bought 300 more acres later adding to his holdings until in his farm in Daviess County he has 920 acres. He also owns 800 acres of land in DeKalb County, making in all 1,720 acres in his holdings. He has a good modern residence on the home place. The house is equipped with acetylene lights and running water. Mr. Harris has three barns on the home farm and maintains an extensive set of farm buildings for the housing of stock. He usually has a herd of 1,000 hogs on the farm. At present the herd includes 65 brood sows. For many years Mr. Harris bought practically all of the corn raised in the vicinity, but for the last few months, his feed yards have been lighter than usual.

L. A. Harris was married on Jan. 1, 1896, to Cora Applegate, a daughter of LeRoy and Phoebe (Schofield) Applegate. Mrs. Applegate was a native of Indiana. She died on Aug. 14, 1915, and her remains are buried at Winston. Mr. Applegate was born in Ohio and now lives in Jones County, Iowa. Mrs. Harris was born in Jones County, Iowa, and was educated in Page County. To her union with L. A. Harris the following children were born: Florence Mildred, the wife of Callie Baxter of Cameron; Russell, Alexander, at home; and Helen Melvina, also at home. Mrs. Harris has a sister, Mrs. Florence Cunningham, living in Adair County, Iowa.

Mr. Harris is a member of the Masons at Winston. He inherited the stability and genius of his father, and is one of the progressive and successful men of the county.

Everett M. Shoemaker, a well known citizen of Colfax Township, Daviess County, is a native of Iowa, where he was born at Riverton, March 2, 1880, the son of Albert and Mary (Maulsby) Shoemaker.

Albert Shoemaker was born in Holmes County, Iowa, and his wife was a native of Valparaiso, Ind. He enlisted for service in the Civil War, and was placed in Company E, 151st Regiment, Indiana Volunteer Infantry. He was with General Thomas at Nashville, Tenn., where his regiment was left until Sept. 19, 1865. On that date Mr. Shoemaker was mustered out of service. He died at Riverton, Iowa, Sept. 30, 1915, and his wife died in 1904. Their children were: Orilla, a music teacher in Osawatomie, Kan.; Frank, died in Iowa at the age of 35 years; Viola, the wife of Wallace Dodd of Randolph, Iowa; Everett M., the subject of this sketch; and Roy, connected with a bank at Red Oak, Iowa.

Everett M. Shoemaker attended the public schools of Iowa and graduated from the Riverton High School in 1900. He taught school for four years in Iowa, then lived on a farm for three years, and came to

Missouri in 1908. He located in Daviess County and bought 120 acres of land from Milton Duffy. He has improved this farm, building several farm buildings as they were needed in his work. The residence is located $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Altamont. Mr. Shoemaker does general farming and raises Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs, and Buff Wyandotte poultry.

Everett M. Shoemaker was married on Feb. 16, 1905, to Hattie Downend, born in Osceola County, Iowa, the daughter of George and Lucy (Russell) Downend. George Downend was born on April 30, 1839, and died, Dec. 21, 1921, at Altamont. His remains are buried in Mount Ayr Cemetery. He enlisted for service in the Civil War in New York and was assigned to Company E, 117th Regiment, Volunteer Infantry. He went into service on Aug. 22, 1862, and served for three years. He was wounded during the battle at Chapin's Farm, and was left on the battlefield from two o'clock in the afternoon until ten o'clock the next morning. Four days passed before the wound received medical attention, and Mr. Downend suffered the remainder of his life from the trouble caused by the wound. His wife, born in Atchison County on Feb. 23, 1850, now makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. Shoemaker. Mr. and Mrs. Downend had a daughter, Carrie, now the wife of Fred Newman of Maryville. Mrs. Shoemaker was educated at Sidney, Iowa, and graduated from the high school there in 1901. She taught two years before her marriage. To her union with Everett M. Shoemaker there were born two daughters: Catherine and Mary, both students in the school at Winston.

Mr. Shoemaker is the vice president and a director in the Winston Bank. He is also a director of Consolidated School District, No. 3. This consolidation was voted on Dec. 24, 1920, and was carried three to one. The members of the board of education are: Clem Reed, Otis Johnson, V. E. Foxworthy, H. Garner, Earl Manring, and E. M. Shoemaker. The community has been engaged in a contest connecting the validity of a \$35,000 bond issue and, for the time being, the school is being conducted for the six districts concerned in the Town Hall, the Methodist Church, and the public school building at Winston.

Henry C. Kelso, who for 50 years has lived on the same farm in Colfax Township, Daviess County, was born in Liberty Township, Dec. 13, 1846, the son of Edgar C. and Nancy (Walker) Kelso.

Edgar C. Kelso was born in New Jersey. Soon after his birth, his parents moved to Tennessee, where Edgar C. Kelso grew up. He came to Missouri during the early pioneer days, and entered land at \$1.25 an

acre in Liberty Township, Daviess County, Mo. He died in 1879 and his remains are buried at Hamilton. His wife was born in Tennessee and died on the home farm in Missouri. Her remains are buried in the home cemetery.

Henry C. Kelso attended the rural schools, traveled for a year, and in 1868, entered a drug store at Hamilton. He remained in that position for five years, when he returned to Daviess County, where he has since lived. He lives on the farm which was entered by his father. His land holdings comprise the 240 acres of his home place, 40 acres in Section 13, and 40 acres in Section 24. The residence lies a mile south of Winston. The first house built on the place was a 16x26 feet story and a half structure, now incorporated in the new house. Mr. Kelso came to the farm three years before his marriage and found the land mostly wild prairie. He has improved it until it is now one of the best farms in the county. The land is level prairie and the entire place is well kept.

Henry C. Kelso was married on Oct. 1, 1873, to America V. Ray, a daughter of W. E. and Elizabeth Ray. Mrs. Kelso was born near Roanoke City, Va., Jan. 31, 1849, and came to Missouri with her parents in 1856. They settled in Daviess County shortly after their arrival in Missouri and bought land in Colfax Township. Both Mr. and Mrs. Ray died at Gallatin and their remains are buried there. Their children were: Taylor, now living at Gallatin; Thomas, a traveling salesman; Emily, now Mrs. Wood of Cameron; America Virginia, now Mrs. Kelso; Docia, married Mr. Pennington and died in Colfax Township, Daviess County; and Sarah, married Mr. Mallory and died in Kansas.

To the union of Henry C. and America V. (Ray) Kelso the following children were born: Lea, now the wife of D. E. Jones of Julesburg, Colo.; Cressie, married to Alva E. Deford of Winston; Tennie C., the wife of Fred Sudekum of Kansas City, Kan.; Anna D., born on May 2, 1878, and died on Nov. 27, 1879; and Thomas V., born on the home place on May 16, 1888. Thomas V. Kelso enlisted for service in the World War at Gallatin on Aug. 28, 1918 and was sent to Camp Funston, then to Raleigh, N. C., with the Tank Corps of Company C, 305th Battalion. He was later sent to Charlotte, N. C., and then to Camp Pike, Ark., where he was mustered out of service on Dec. 29, 1918. He is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge. Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Kelso have the following grandchildren: Lou Etta and Marie DeFord; and Jesse C. Jones, married to Eunice Schmidt and living at Julesburg, Colo.

Henry C. Kelso is a Democrat and is a member of the Masonic

Lodge with which he has been affiliated for 45 years. He joined the lodge at Victoria and now belongs at Winston.

Roy T. Scott, proprietor of Sunny Ridge Stock Farm in Colfax Township, Daviess County, was born in Liberty Township on March 29, 1883, the son of John C. and Mary Alice (Hughes) Scott.

John C. Scott was born in Lafayette, Ind., March 11, 1851. His parents came to Missouri in 1861 and located in Liberty Township, Daviess County. Three years later the father, Gustavus Hall Scott, died. The mother, Elizabeth Scott, died in 1890. The remains of both are buried in Creekmore Cemetery. John C. Scott attended school in Daviess County, where he farmed for many years. He died on Dec. 8, 1921. His remains are buried in Brown Cemetery at Gallatin. His wife, Mary Alice (Hughes) Scott, was born in Daviess County and her parents moved to Daviess from Boon County. She now lives at Gallatin. To her union with John C. Scott the following children were born: John C., Jr., died at the age of five years; Cora Lee, the wife of C. H. Galpin of Gallatin; Gustavus Hall, died at the age of 16 years; Roy T., the subject of this review; and Mary Ethel, now married to H. G. Vogler of San Francisco, Cal.

Roy T. Scott attended the rural schools of Daviess County and the Gallatin High School. After finishing his school work he went to Harrison County and worked on his father's farm for three years. He returned to Daviess County and settled on his present farm in Sept., 1907. The farm comprises 160 acres of well improved land with a good residence situated two and one-half miles southeast of Winston. The barn and other farm buildings are in excellent condition and the place presents a well kept appearance and shows the care which Mr. Scott gives it. He raises Aberdeen Angus cattle and Duroc Jersey hogs, all eligible for registry.

Roy T. Scott was married on March 4, 1904, to Osta Place, a daughter of W. H. and Clemintine (McBrayer) Place. Mr. and Mrs. Place were natives of Missouri. Mr. Place died at Gallatin, Feb. 15, 1913 and Mrs. Place died in Gallatin in 1915. The remains of both are buried in Brown Cemetery. Their children were: A. J., living at Gallatin, cashier First National Bank, a sketch appears in this volume; Osta, now Mrs. Scott; Mrs. W. J. Gann of Gallatin; and P. M., a resident of Julesburg, Colo. Mr. and Mrs. Scott have two sons: Raymond Voris, born on Feb. 26, 1905, now a sophomore in the Winston High School; and Garland Thomas, born, March 5, 1913.

Mr. Scott is a farmer of practical experience and marked ability in his work.

J. H. Kemp, retired, and one of the well known farmers of Gallatin, was born June 24, 1847, in Daviess County, four miles from where he now owns land. He is the son of John and Ellen (Hays) Kemp. John Kemp was born in Maryland in 1811, and came to Indiana when a young man, later removing to Daviess County, where he died in March, 1865. His wife was born in Virginia in 1818, and died in 1894. They moved to Missouri in 1838.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kemp were the parents of six children, as follows: David, Jameson, Mo.; J. H., the subject of this sketch; Francis M., Henry County, Mo.; Mary J., deceased, was the wife of Joshua Scott; Martha E., deceased was the wife of Daniel Landes; Martin L., Pasadena, Calif.

J. H. Kemp was educated in the district schools, attending school in a log cabin with a fire place. Boards in the walls with pins to hold them for desks were used. He grew to manhood in this county and followed farming and stock raising during his entire life.

Mr. Kemp was married the first time Nov. 22, 1877, to Amelia J. Brown, a native of Daviess County, born March 2, 1858. She died in May, 1879. One child was born to this union, Etna, who died in infancy.

March 8, 1883, Mr. Kemp was married to Laura L. Haines, a daughter of Bergis and Elizabeth (Evans) Haines, natives of Kentucky, who moved to Daviess County in 1870, where they both died on a farm in Jamesport Township. Mrs. Kemp was married the first time to Webster Jenks now deceased. Mr. Jenks died in 1880, age 30 years. He was a farmer and came to Daviess County from Iowa in 1870. Mr. and Mrs. Kemp were the parents of three children: Dora, wife of Crit Everly, Grand River Township; Nona, wife of Harry McClure, Jamesport Township; Jason W., attending Maryville Normal School. Jason W. Kemp enlisted in the World War in Motor Truck Company 728, and was stationed at Hampton Roads, Va., for nine months, when the armistice was signed.

Mr. Kemp now resides in Gallatin, his home being located next to Dockery Park. He owns eight acres of land in Gallatin, and 440 acres in Grand River Township, which is well improved. Mr. Kemp is a director and the vice-president of the Bank of Jameson, and is also a stockholder and director of the First National Bank of Gallatin. He retired from farming in 1911.

In politics Mr. Kemp is a Republican, and has served on the school board and been a trustee of Grand River Township. He is a member of the Baptist church. Mr. Kemp has been successful in his work because of his thorough understanding of farm problems and of the energy and determination he has used in the handling of the situations he has met.



J. H. KEMP

Mrs. Ida M. Peters was born on the farm in Colfax Township, Daviess County, which she now owns and operates. She is the daughter of David and Elizabeth J. (Norton) Crall.

David Crall was born in Pennsylvania in 1824. He was a farmer, and during the Civil War, was a member of the Home Guards in Missouri. He was married twice. To his first marriage two children were born: Mrs. Irwin Bacon of Kidder; and John, now living at Cameron. Mr. Crall was married the second time in 1859 to Elizabeth J. Norton, a daughter of George Norton, pioneer settler of Colfax Township, Daviess County. His wife, Margaret Norton, died in Kentucky and his oldest daughter, Elizabeth J., kept house for her father. She was born in Kentucky and came to Missouri with her father. There were fourteen children in the Norton family. Among them were: Mrs. Crall; Mrs. R. L. Terry, now living in Anaconda, Mont.; Stephen, died in Colfax Township, where he was a farmer; and C. N., died at Hamilton, where he was a practicing physician. David Crall and his family located on what is now known as the Peters farm. The only child born to the union of David and Elizabeth J. (Norton) Crall was a daughter, Ida M., now Mrs. Peters. David Crall died at Mrs. Peters' home in 1905, and Mrs. Crall died in August, 1919. The remains of both are buried in the Winston Cemetery.

Ida M. (Crall) Peters attended the public schools and the school at Kidder. She began teaching at the age of 18 years and continued that work for 10 years, teaching in four districts near her home. She was accounted one of the highly successful teachers of the community. In March 22, 1892 she married Henry C. Peters, who died in February, 1912.

Henry C. Peters, the father of above children, was born January 15, 1863, in Wisconsin. In 1892 he came to Missouri and operated the present home farm for a few years. He owned and sold several farms in Colfax township.

Mr. Peters organized the Caldwell Home Mutual Telephone Company. He also organized the Heath Chemical Company band of Kidder, Mo. He was a Republican and belonged to the Modern Woodmen of America, Knights of Pythias and Masonic orders.

Mrs. Peters now owns 160 acres of the home farm and has bought 40 acres more. She has been very successful in her management of her farm.

To Mr. and Mrs. Peters four children were born: George R., inducted into service for the World War in August, 1918, was sent to Camp Funston, Kan., then to Camp Grant in Illinois, where he was made a

corporal and remained until January, 1919, when he was mustered out of service. He now operates the home farm with his mother; Florence F., a teacher of English in the high school at Red Cloud, Neb.; and Beulah G. and H. Boyd, twins, the former now a student in the Business College at Grand Island, Neb., and the latter at home where he assists in the work on the farm.

Mrs. Peters has given each of her children excellent educational advantages. She is a lady of energy and industry, held in high regard throughout the neighborhood. She and her children are assets to the community.

Byron Colburn, an industrious farmer and the proprietor of Sunny Slope Farm in Colfax township, Daviess County, was born at Elkhart, Ind., May 22, 1862, the son of Delos W. and Persis A. (Howe) Colburn.

Delos W. Colburn was born, Aug. 16, 1838, the son of George and Lois (Mack) Colburn. He was a farmer in Indiana, where he married Persis A. Howe on July 3, 1861. She was born in Vermont, March 22, 1839, and grew up in that state. She died in Indiana in 1872. Her marriage took place in Waukegan, Ill., where she lived for a time. To her union with Delos W. Colburn the following children were born: Byron, the subject of this review; Edith, mentioned later in this paragraph; Lois, died at the age of 31 years; Lucius, died in infancy; and Harriett, the wife of B. F. Horn of Garnett, Kan. Edith Colburn married Charles Edward Voss, born on Jan. 5, 1851 in Akron, Ohio. He was the son of P. A. and Christina (Brantigan) Voss, and was a stonemason and farmer. He died at Kidder, Mo., Jan. 21, 1894. Mrs. Voss lives at Ft. Dodge, Iowa, and has three children; Edward Byron, Albert Bradley, deceased, and Ethel May, married to J. C. Mix.

After the death of his first wife, Delos W. Colburn left Elkhart, Ind., and settled in Kidder, Mo., where he later married Sarah Fry. To his union three children were born: Ira D., living at Manhattan, Kan.; Ina, the wife of Reverend Delo, a Methodist minister in Wyoming; and Lillian, living in Olney, Ill.

Byron Colburn attended the public school at Elkhart, Ind., and came to Daviess County, Mo., when he was 15 years old. He worked on the home farm until his marriage. For 11 years he and his wife rented the farm which they now own. In 1908 they bought 120 acres of land paying \$60.00 an acre. The land was practically unimproved at that time. There is now a good residence, garage, barn, and other farm buildings. The farm has been a good investment due to the industry of Mr. and Mrs. Colburn. Mr. Colburn raises cattle and hogs, and specializes in

dairy cows. The dairying business has been quite profitable for the owners of the farm. Mr. Colburn sees a marked change in the Daviess County of today and that of his boyhood. He made the trip from Indiana to Missouri in a prairie schooner. At that time the land to the south and west of his farm was still open prairie. The Colburn home is located $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles northwest of Kidder and five miles south of Winston.

Byron Colburn was married Feb. 24, 1887, to May Bonham, a daughter of J. H. and Rebecca (Swisher) Bonham, residents of West Virginia. Mr. and Mrs. Bonham came to Missouri in 1870 and located in Clinton County, where Mr. Bonham farmed. They later moved to Pattonsburg, where Mrs. Bonham died in 1899. Mr. Bonham died in Colorado in 1916. Mrs. Colburn has the following brothers and sisters living: Clark, of London Mills, Ill.; Charles, living at Seibert, Col.; Jerome, a resident of Flagler, Col.; Chester, of Normal, Ill.; Parker, living at Flagler, Col.; Mrs. Fred Humphrey, Clearmont, Mo.; and Mrs. M. D. Freeman, St. Joseph. Mrs. Colburn spent the year of 1921 in the West, where she visited California, Oregon, Wyoming, and Yellowstone Park. She is much interested in poultry raising and specializes in the Brown Leghorn strain.

Mr. Colburn is energetic and has been successful because of strict attention to work and the able assistance in farm management given him by Mrs. Colburn.

Joseph Conrad, the owner of 160 acres of land in Colfax Township, Daviess County, was born in Illinois, Feb. 10, 1857, the son of John and Susan (Kirschner) Conrad.

John Conrad was born in 1820 in Franklin County, Pa., and his wife was born in the same county in 1828. They were married there, and later moved to Bureau County, Ill., where their son, Joseph, was born. In 1855 they moved to Leavenworth County, Kansas, where Mr. Conrad died. His wife died at Kidder, Mo., where the remains of both are buried. Their children were: Jasper N., living in St. Louis; Margaret Catherine, was Mrs. Collins and died at Sheffield, Ill.; Clara married Mr. Roberts and died at Ridgeway, Wis.; Joseph, the subject of this review; George Edgar, married Faith Bacon and died at Kidder at the age of 47 years; Frances, now Mrs. Griffey living in Washington; Valentine, died in Kansas City, Mo.; Wilson, died at his home in Colfax Township in 1893; Nettie, died at the age of 18 years; and Harry, a resident of Kansas City, Mo.

Joseph Conrad attended the schools in Illinois, and later in Kansas. He farmed in Illinois, then in Kansas for seven years. He spent the

year, 1893, in Chicago, and moved to Daviess County in 1894. He bought his present farm at intervals. The first holding comprised 126 acres, of which he later sold five acres, and then bought $38\frac{1}{2}$ more, making a total of 160 acres. All of the improvements on the farm were made by the present owner, and include a good two story house, located $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles north of Kidder, a good barn, and several other farm buildings. For many years Mr. Conrad bred Percheron horses and Poland China hogs, but he now breeds only Duroc Jersey hogs. At present he rents most of his land out. The farm, which was entered by Hub Carr in the early days, presents a neat and well kept appearance and shows the excellent results of Mr. Conrad's practical work.

Joseph Conrad was married on Dec. 24, 1903, to Mrs. Amelia (Pippert) Shoeflin, a daughter of J. C. and Mary (Barkhoff) Pippert. Mrs. Conrad was born in Iowa, and in 1868, her parents moved to Kansas and settled in Douglas County, where Mrs. Conrad grew up. The land was all raw prairie when the Pippert family moved to Kansas and Mrs. Conrad recalls very vividly the wild prairie winds that swept over the country. She says that her mother had frequently to take the clothes on wash day to a neighboring creek bed to find a sheltered place to dry them. The Pippert family lived on their Kansas farm until 1914, when they moved to Baldwin, Kan. Mr. Pippert died on Feb. 14, 1922, at Baldwin. He was a native of Germany, but for 53 years, had lived in Kansas. His widow, who was born in Holland, is now 75 years old and lives at Baldwin. The Pippert children were: Amelia, now Mrs. Conrad; William, living at Baldwin, Kan.; Charles of the same town; John, a resident of Larned, Kan.; Ella, now Mrs. Foster of Lawrence, Kan.; Louise, now Mrs. Conrad of Kansas City, Mo.; Henry, living at Baldwin, Kan.; Irwin, Del Norte, Col.; and Mrs. Bennie Barnes, living at Tonganoxie, Kan. Mr. and Mrs. Conrad have a daughter, Ruth, now a student in Kidder Institute.

Mr. Conrad is identified with the Methodist Church at Kidder. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America.

Oscar A. Bartlett, of the firm of Bartlett Bros., merchants of Winston, Mo., was born in Winston, and is the son of George C. and Emma (Caster) Bartlett. Mrs. Bartlett was born in Colfax Township, Daviess County, the daughter of George Caster, one of the pioneers of that township. Mr. Bartlett is also a native of Colfax Township, Daviess County, and now resides in Winston, Mo. He has been a prominent farmer and stockman of Colfax Township for many years.

To George C. and Emma (Caster) Bartlett three sons were born, as

follows: Oscar, the subject of this sketch; Carl, associated with his brother, Oscar, in business; and Lee, Winston, Mo. Oscar A. and his brother, Carl, were educated in the public schools and graduated from the Winston High School.

Oscar A. Bartlett went into business for the first time at Winston, Mo. in the produce business. In 1918 he purchased a store in Abel, Mo., where he carried on a general merchandise business until June, 1921, when he sold out to J. C. Downer. Since that time Mr. Bartlett has operated his present store in Winston, Mo., in which he carries a full line of groceries, dry goods, shoes, etc. The store has a frontage of 60 feet and a depth of 120 feet, and is one of the most attractive stores in the city.

Oscar A. Bartlett was married July 10, 1910, to Alta Elda M. Hiley, a daughter of T. J. Hiley of Winston, Mo. Mrs. Bartlett was educated in the Winston schools. To Oscar A. and Elda (Hiley) Bartlett one son has been born, Merle E., ten years of age. Mr. Bartlett's brother, Carl, is married to Ellen Dice, of Winston, Mo.

Mr. Bartlett is a member of the Masonic Lodge of Winston, and of the Gallatin chapter. He is one of the progressive business men of Winston, and is widely and favorably known in Daviess County.

Wesley Lee, Jr., a prominent farmer and stockman of Jefferson Township, Davies County, was born May 26, 1890, one mile east of his present residence near Winston, Mo., and is the son of Wesley and Elizabeth (Everenden) Lee. Mr. and Mrs. Lee, Sr., now live at Seadrift, Tex.

Wesley Lee, Sr., is a native of Holmes County, Ohio, and was born on Jan. 1, 1883. His wife is a native of Indiana, but they were married in Missouri and lived for ten or twelve years in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, Missouri, on the farm now the home of Wesley Lee, Jr. Mr. Lee built a log cabin on the land, which served as a home for several years. During the Civil War Mr. Lee served on the Union army having enlisted in Company A, 102 Ohio Infantry. He enlisted Aug. 9, 1862, and served under Captain Huston. Mr. Lee was engaged in battle at Covington, Kentucky, where his regiment fought in defense of Cincinnati for 16 days. The Confederate forces were in command of General Kirby Smith. Mr. Lee was later engaged in the battles of Pulaski and Athens. He was taken prisoner by General Forest's troops at Athens, Ala., when hostilities were nearly at an end, was in prison for six months. He then rejoined his regiment at Vicksburg and in three weeks boarded the steamer Sultana, which was bound for Cairo. When within three miles of Cairo, the steamer's boiler exploded and the boat burned

to the water's edge. There were 2,200 soldiers on board and all but 700 perished in the catastrophe. Mr. Lee was among those saved. He jumped overboard and after remaining in the water for five hours was picked up about five miles from the scene of the accident. Mr. Lee is now 79 years of age, but the scenes of that awful night still remains fresh in his mind.

To Wesley Lee and Elizabeth (Everenden) Lee six children were born, as follows: Homer, Selon Lake, Kansas; Artie, the widow of Frank Black, Los Angeles, Calif.; Melvin, Seadrift, Texas; Daisy, the wife of Ralph Lohman, Portland, Ore.; Wesley, Jr., the subject of this sketch; Benjamin H., residing on the home place. He married Ruth Pennington. They have one son, Eugene Bennett Lee. By a former marriage of Wesley Lee, Sr., and Sabina Barton there were four children born, as follows: Grant Lee, Bonner Springs, Kan.; Anna, the wife of J. R. Williams, Los Angeles, Calif.; Frank Lee, Jefferson Township; and Loren Lee, deceased, Bonner Springs, Kan.

Mr. Lee removed to Seadrift, Texas, in 1912, where he has since made his home.

Wesley Lee, Jr., received his education in the public schools and was graduated from the Kidder Institute in 1914. Since that time he has been engaged in farming and stock raising, in which he has been successful. He owns 40 acres of land and operates 475 acres with his brother, Benjamin Lee.

On March 7, 1915, Mr. Lee was married to Gertie Hiley, a daughter of Thomas and Melissa (Embs) Hiley, natives of Kentucky. Mr. and Mrs. Hiley now live in Colfax Township, and are the parents of the following children: Dillard, Artesian, S. D.; Clarence, Maysville; Alta, the wife of Oscar Bartlett, Winston; Gertie, the wife of Wesley Lee, Jr.; Hobart, Winston; Fred, Erma, and Vevia, all living at home. The grandparents of Mrs. Lee, James and Amilda Embs, came to Missouri about 40 years ago. Mrs. Embs died in 1918, and her husband died in February, 1922, at the age of 80 years. They lived at Winston, Mo.

To Wesley and Gertie (Hiley) Lee three children have been born, as follows: Evelyn, Wesley, and Carl.

Mr. Lee is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Gallatin.

Alexander Short, deceased, was a well known farmer and stockman of Colfax Township, Daviess County. He was born in County Amagh, Ireland, in 1857. He came to America when a young man, and settled in Pennsylvania, where he lived for a short time, later removing to Kansas. He then settled in Caldwell County, Missouri, where he lived

until 1891, when he came to Daviess County, settling in Colfax Township, where he lived until his death in 1899.

When Mr. Short came to Colfax Township, Daviess County, he purchased a farm of 160 acres, where his widow now lives. The residence was built in 1872 and is of brick. Since Mr. Short's death, Mrs. Short has improved the farm, having built two large barns, 40x60 feet and 30x40 feet. She has been very successful as a manager, and raises cattle and hogs on her farm. She is also a feeder of cattle, and owns registered Duroc Jersey hogs. Mrs. Short's farm is modern in every respect and one of the finest in the township. It is an ideal stock farm.

On March 8, 1885, Mr. Short was married to Maggie Scott, a daughter of Rice C. and Mary C. (Cormana) Scott, both deceased. Mrs. Short was born in Caldwell County, and educated there and in the Hamilton High School. To Alexander and Maggie (Scott) Short six children were born, as follows: Joseph L., farmer, Kidder, married to Laura Meloy; Stephan Harry, married to Stella (Stewart) Casey, Colfax Township, Daviess County; he enlisted during the World War serving in Battery C, 28th Field Artillery, and was stationed at Camp Funston with the 10th Division, when the armistice was signed; Tinsley, at home; he enlisted during the World War on May 28, 1918, and went overseas in August, 1918, with the 88th Division, a member of Company H, 350th Infantry and served in France from August, 1918, until May, 1919, and was stationed near Metz when the armistice was signed; he was a bugler and was mustered out of service on June 19, 1919, at Camp Taylor, Kentucky; Maude, the wife of Frank W. McClelland, Hamilton; she is a graduate of the Kidder Institute and Maryville Normal School; she is now a teacher in the primary department of the Hamilton schools; Pearl Short, a teacher at Polo, Mo.; and Alexander R., living at home.

Mr. Alexander Short was one of the progressive and dependable citizens of Daviess County and the Short family is well known and highly respected in the community.

Henry G. Bacon, a leading farmer and stockman of Sheridan Township, Daviess County, was born on the farm where he now resides, Feb. 1, 1891, the son of Irwin and Fannie (Crall) Bacon.

Irwin Bacon was born in Portage County, Ohio, Jan. 19, 1843, the son of Ira and Julia A. (Goodsell) Bacon, who came to Daviess County, in 1848, and settled in Colfax Township. Ira Bacon was born in Connecticut and his wife was a native of Ohio, where they were married. Ira Bacon died in 1895 and his wife died several years later at the age of 87 years. They are buried in Benson Cemetery. The children of Ira

Bacon and his wife, who came with them to Colfax Township, Daviess County, were as follows: Jason Bacon, Colfax Township; Mrs. Elizabeth Sweaney, Kidder; Irwin Bacon, Kidder; Boone, born in Colfax Township, in 1850, now living in Rockyford, Col.; Emily, died when 20 years of age; Mrs. Faithy Conrad, Kidder.

Irwin Bacon was educated in the district schools of Colfax Township. His father and uncle, Lawton Bacon, built the first school house in 1855 in that vicinity. It was located four miles southeast of Winston. The first teacher was Elizabeth Morton, now Mrs. Gay, living in Hamilton. Irwin Bacon enrolled in the militia at the age of 18 years, in Company G, 33rd Regiment, and in 1863 was in the Missouri State Militia, 4th Regiment. He served at Gallatin for three months, and was then sent to Chillicothe, Richmond, and served north of the Missouri River, patrolling railroads, bridges, etc. He was mustered out of service while at home. Mr. Bacon purchased his first land in Missouri in 1869, and still owns 240 acres. He moved to his farm in 1870 where he lived until May 1, 1921, when he moved to Kidder. Mr. Bacon carried on general farming and stock raising for many years, being also a feeder of cattle and hogs in the winter time. He has a well improved farm three miles north of Kidder, four miles south of Altamont.

Irwin Bacon was married the first time in 1870 to Phoebe Norton, a native of Ohio, born Aug. 9, 1850. She died in 1873 and is buried in the Benson Cemetery. She left one daughter, Esther Bacon, who died in girlhood. Mr. Bacon was married then on Dec. 30, 1875, to Fannie Crall, a daughter of David and Sarah (Cocklin) Crall. Mr. and Mrs. Crall settled in Colfax Township, in 1856. Mr. Crall died in 1907 and is buried in Winston Cemetery. His wife died in 1859, and is buried in Black Cemetery. Mrs. Bacon was born on Dec. 1, 1850. Mr. and Mrs. Irwin Bacon have two children living: Clarence Bacon, farmer of Colfax Township. He is married to Della Valandingham and they have three children: Frances Lee, Clara and Laura; Henry, the subject of this sketch.

Mr. Bacon carried the mail from Kidder, to Victoria, and later in 1869, to Alta Vista, making a 35-mile round trip on horseback for \$2.50. He cast his first vote for Abraham Lincoln in the fall of 1864, riding ten miles to vote. He has always refused to run for office, claiming he had enough work to keep him busy. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic at Kidder. Mr. Bacon is a substantial citizen and stands high in the community and county.

Henry G. Bacon was reared on the farm he now operates. He owns

144 acres of land, and the residence is located three miles north of the Kidder Institute. The original house, 16x24 feet is part of the present residence. Mr. Bacon was educated in the public schools, and since completing his education has carried on farming and stock raising. He is a well known breeder of registered Duroc Jersey hogs. He also raises Shropshire sheep, and has White Leghorn chickens.

On Jan. 7, 1915, Mr. Bacon was married to Margaret E. Hartel, a daughter of Fred and Lucy (Leffler) Hartel, natives of Kidder, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Hartel have eight children as follows: William, married Lola Bane, and had two girls, Reveigh and Ruth, deceased; Margaret, wife of Henry Bacon; Nina, the wife of Ray Coffey, Kidder; Alfred, Kidder; Verna, the wife of Clarence Johnson, Sheridan Township; Edith, the wife of William Kress, Kidder; Lula and Emma. Mrs. Henry G. Bacon was born at Arley, Mo., and was educated in Clinton County, after which she lived in Caldwell County, for a time before removing to Kidder, Mo.

To Henry G. and Margaret E. (Hartel) Bacon two children have been born, as follows: Luella Marie and Gladys Eva.

Mr. Bacon is a member of the Sons of Veterans at Kidder, Mo. He is a progressive type of man, a good farmer and stockman, and a successful manager.

Grant Castor, a farmer in Sheridan Township, Daviess County, was born in Harrison County, June 20, 1863. Two years later his widowed mother died and the boy was adopted by John J. Castor and his wife.

John J. Castor was born near Millersburg in Holmes County, Ohio. He came to Missouri in his early youth and worked first in Harrison and then in Gentry County, finally locating in Sheridan Township, Daviess County. He married Mrs. Eliza (Allen) Wooderson, who owned a farm comprising 115 acres. Mr. and Mrs. Castor lived on this farm until they moved to Kidder to make their home. They were people of sympathy and kindness and lent a helping hand to many homeless. They reared there orphaned boys, Grant Castor, the subject of this sketch; Samuel Castor; and John Donahue. Mr. Castor died in 1891 and Mrs. Castor died in 1909. The remains of both are buried in Wooderson Cemetery. Mr. Castor was a member of the Home Guards during the Civil War and held the office of justice of the peace in his township. He was a man of broad vision, deeply loved and respected by the boys to whom he gave a home, and honored by his community for his charity and kindness.

Grant Castor attended the rural school in Daviess County and has been a farmer all of his life. He now owns 60 acres of the old home

place and does general farming. The farm is located three miles north-east of Kidder and is well kept. The improvements were all made by the present owner.

On Sept. 15, 1883, Mr. Castor was married to Isadore Sandals, a daughter of Asher and Catherine Sandals of Sheridan Township. Mrs. Grant Castor was born in Ohio in 1866, her parents soon after coming to Missouri. She died on Nov. 14, 1909, and her remains are buried in Wooderson Cemetery. She was the mother of ten children, two of whom died in infancy. The remaining eight are: Pryor C., married Mrs. Ethel (McCord) Millard, and is a farmer in Sheridan Township; Grace, the wife of Roy Cornelius, a well known farmer and stockman of Sheridan Township; Verna, married Melvin Lee, and was accidentally burned to death near Sea Drift, Texas, in November, 1920; Blanche, married Andy Cutler of Kidder; Catherine, the wife of Albert Engle of Chillicothe; John, living at Kidder; Roxie May, graduated from Kidder Institute and is now in college at Springfield; and Opal, a student in Kidder Institute.

Mr. Castor has the following grandchildren: Harold Castor; Ralph, Clara, and Dwight Cornelius; Crystal and Charles Cutler; Louise Engle; and Melvin, Jr., Blanche, Dorothy, Naomi, Victor, and Elmer Lee.

Grant Castor is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodge at Kidder. He is an upright and industrious man, held in high regard in the neighborhood, where he is esteemed for his integrity.

George W. Rhea, farmer and stockman of Sheridan Township, Daviess County, was born in Indiana County, Pa., Sept. 22, 1873, the son of Alexander and Elizabeth (Stutchel) Rhea. Alexander Rhea died in Pennsylvania, where his widow still lives. Their children were: Anna, now Mrs. Lyons; Mrs. Laura Graham; William; Henry; Albert; George W., the subject of this sketch; Calvin; Clarence; Lawrence and Lillie, twins, the latter dying in infancy; and Lisle.

George W. Rhea attended the public schools in Pennsylvania. In 1898, he settled in Mercer County, Ill., where he farmed and raised stock. In 1913 he came to Missouri and located in Caldwell County. Five years later he moved to his present home. This is known as the Allen farm and is located $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles northeast of Kidder. There is a good residence on the place and the improvements are all new. The farm buildings are excellent and the farm presents an attractive appearance. Mr. Rhea keeps between 30 and 40 Duroc Jersey hogs, all eligible for registry. He owns a Clydesdale imported stallion, "Financier," and has two Kentucky Mammoth Jacks. At present he has 14 head of horses

and mules. Mr. Rhea has established a reputation as a successful breeder of horses, mules and hogs.

George W. Rhea was married on March 13, 1903, to Mary I. Kunkle. Mrs. Rhea was born and reared in Indiana County, Pennsylvania. Her parents, Peter and Lillian Kunkle, both died in Pennsylvania. To the union of George W. and Mary I. (Kunkle) Rhea, the following children were born: Wilbert K., now a student in Kidder Institute; Lillie I., at home; Albert C., at home; and George A., died at the age of about one year.

Mr. Rhea is one of the successful farmers and stockmen of Daviess County and is held in high regard for his practical, far-sighted business methods.

E. A. Keck, a prominent farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born in Gallatin, on July 5, 1880, the son of John A. and Susan (Diestelhorst) Keck.

John A. Keck was born in 1843 in Baltimore, Md., and died on March 21, 1918. He was a veteran of the Civil War. Following the war, Mr. Keck engaged in the general merchandise business at Gallatin. He later took up farming just outside of Gallatin, and was living retired at the time of his death. His wife is now residing in Gallatin with her sister. Mr. Keck was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. The parents of Mrs. Keck were George C. and Martha (Smith) Diestelhorst, pioneer settlers of Daviess County. Mr. Diestelhorst was a farmer and harnessmaker. To John A. and Susan (Diestelhorst) Keck six children were born, as follows: Eva, the wife of Martin Hemery, Gallatin; Richard T., married Addie Wampler, Gallatin; E. A., the subject of this sketch; George G., married Nettie Whitt, Gallatin; Ethel, the wife of Davis Hill, Hickory Station, Trenton, Mo.; John J. Keck, Walla Walla, Wash.

E. A. Keck was reared in Gallatin, and received his education in the public schools there. After completing his education, he was engaged in the Fetterer & Son Grocery Company and the E. M. Mann Grocery Company of Gallatin. He then went to Washington and Oregon where he spent 18 months. While in Washington Mr. Keck was employed by the street railway company, and while in Oregon worked on a ranch. Later he returned to Gallatin and worked for five years with the E. M. Mann Grocery Company. He then purchased a farm of 71 acres near Gallatin, from Austin G. Diestelhorst, who owned 213 acres of land which was divided among the three brothers, George, Richard and E. A. Keck, each purchasing 71 acres. E. A. Keck has made many

improvements on the land and is a well known breeder of Jersey and Holstein cattle.

Mr. Keck married Addie Mettle and to this union three children have been born: Everetta; Marjorie; and George Randolph.

In politics Mr. Keck is a Republican. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and one of the enterprising and public spirited citizens of Daviess County.

J. O. Cole, of Liberty Township, is a well known and progressive farmer and stockman. He is a native of Daviess County, and was born in Jefferson Township, Feb. 12, 1869, the son of William Harrison and Margaret (Savage) Cole.

William Harrison Cole was born in Clay County, Missouri, and moved to Daviess County with his parents at the age of three years. His wife was born in Indiana in 1844 and about 1855 her parents moved to Missouri. During the Civil War, Mr. Cole served for three years with Company B, Missouri State Militia. He then returned to Missouri where he was engaged in general farming and stock raising until he moved to Altamont where he died Jan. 11, 1917, at the age of 77 years. His wife died on Jan. 4, 1922. To William Harrison and Margaret (Savage) Cole three children were born: Cora, the wife of Will Caster, living in Ness County, Kansas; J. O., the subject of this sketch; and Bell, the wife of Charles Drummond, Sheridan Township.

J. O. Cole was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. He remained at home, assisting his father in farming and stock raising, until his marriage in 1891. He owns 354 acres of good farm land. He is a successful farmer and stockman.

On Jan. 11, 1891, Mr. Cole was married to Virgie Faw, a native of Sheridan Township, and daughter of Amos and Elvira Faw. Mr. and Mrs. Few, now deceased, were natives of North Carolina and Illinois. Sixty years ago they came to Daviess County. Mr. Faw was a prominent farmer and stockman of this county for many years.

To J. O. and Virgie (Faw) Cole three children have been born, as follows: Ethel, the wife of Lewis Drummond, living south of Altamont; Loma, the wife of Crosby Streeter, Caldwell County, and Zelpha, a student in the Altamont High School. The Cole family are members of the Christian Church.

Mr. Cole is a substantial and reliable citizen of Daviess County, who has made a success of his work by virtue of his energy, his progressive ideals and his enterprising methods.

Samuel Wilson, an interesting pioneer of Daviess County, was born in County Denagal, near Londonderry, Ireland, on Jan. 12, 1835. He came to America with his parents at the age of 12 years, and settled in Bellville, Ill.

During the Civil War, Mr. Wilson served in the Confederate army in Company C, 12th Texas Field Artillery. He served for one year in the Engineer Corps and three years in the Artillery. Throughout the war, Mr. Wilson was stationed in Texas, and was there at the close. In 1873 he came to Missouri, settling near Gallatin, where he carried on farming for several years.

In 1877 Mr. Wilson moved to his present location in Liberty Township, where he has been engaged in farming and stock raising for 45 years. He owns 200 acres of well improved land and is well known throughout Daviess County as a good farmer and stockman.

Mr. Wilson's mother died in Bellville, Ill., and his father died some time later in Daviess County, and is buried in Creek Ball Cemetery. His brother, John Wilson, was associated with him in farming for many years, but is now deceased.

Mr. Wilson has always been identified with the Democratic party. He is a man who has had a varied career, both in war and peace time, and is one of the well known and highly respected pioneer settlers of Daviess County.

M. E. Adams, a successful farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born in Chillicothe, Ohio, Oct. 27, 1864, the son of John and Catherine McKinsie Adams, both natives of Ohio.

John Adams grew to manhood in Ohio and became engaged in general farming there. He later moved to Indiana, where he died. His wife and family moved to Iowa some time later, and settled in Wayne County. In 1887 they came to Daviess County, and settled in Liberty Township. Mrs. Adams died a few years after coming to Missouri. To John and Catherine (McKinsie) Adams five children were born, as follows: Mary Margaret, the wife of T. S. Gallamore, Altamont; M. E., the subject of this sketch; Harley, Edenburg, Mo.; Charles, Chillicothe, Mo.; and Rolla, living in California.

M. E. Adams was reared in Indiana and Iowa and was educated in the public schools. Since completing his education, Mr. Adams has been engaged in farming and stock raising. He has lived in his present location for about 12 years, and owns 188 acres of land five miles from Gallatin. Mr. Adams raises high grade stock and is widely known.

On Dec. 23, 1890, Mr. Adams was married to Hattie Roney, a na-

tive of Daviess County, and a daughter of John and Jane (McCrary) Roney. Mr. and Mrs. Roney now reside near Chillicothe. Mr. Roney was a native of Indiana, and Mrs. Adams' mother was born in Sheridan Township, Daviess County, Silas Roney, grandfather of Mrs. Adams, settled in Missouri in the early forties, coming here from North Carolina. He died before the Civil War.

To M. E. and Hattie Adams one son has been born, Earl E., who resides on the home farm, just west of his father's home. He is married to Mildred Stephens of Liberty Township. To this union three children have been born, as follows: Margaret Marie; Marion Andrew; and Duane Covington.

Mr. Adams is a Democrat and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Baptist Church, and one of the substantial and highly respected citizens of Daviess County.

W. E. Hathaway, a leading farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born Jan. 17, 1863, in Winamac, Ind., the son of A. J. and Harriet (Allen) Hathaway.

A. J. Hathaway was born in West Virginia March 13, 1832. During the Civil War he enlisted as a teamster at Winamac, Ind., and served throughout the war. After the war he engaged in farming in Indiana. In 1868 he removed to Missouri, settling three miles west of Gallatin, Liberty Township. He carried on general farming there until 1870, when he moved to Marion Township. Then in 1884 Mr. Hathaway went to Kansas, where he remained until his death, March 26, 1902. He was a member of the Christian Church and is buried at Neola, Kan. He was a Republican. To A. J. and Harriet (Allen) Hathaway nine children were born: Meredith A., married to Ethelda Barber. He is now deceased and his widow lives in St. Joseph; Francis A., married Melissa Young, Sumner, Ark.; W. E., the subject of this sketch; Henry Taylor, deceased, was married to Mattie Miller, who now lives in Wichita, Kan.; Mary E., the widow of C. P. Slater, living in Kansas City; Margaret R., the wife of Vilas Slater, Hutchinson, Kan.; Harriet E., the wife of G. J. Lamont, Hutchinson, Kan.; Emery L., married Ida Stalling, Eline, Okla.; Cora M., the wife of Herman Bartlett, Stafford, Texas.

W. E. Hathaway was reared in Missouri and attended the district schools at Civil Bend, Mo. He began farming where he now resides in Liberty Township. Mr. Hathaway is a well known breeder of Aberdeen Angus cattle and Duorc Jersey hogs. Mrs. Hathaway raises pure bred Plymouth Rock chickens. Mr. Hathaway's farm contains 120 acres of well improved land.

On Aug. 6, 1884, Mr. Hathaway was married to Miss Martha A. Harman, a daughter of Jacob S. and Amanda (Campbell) Harman. Jacob S. Harman was born in Whitley County, Kentucky, May 3, 1832. During the Civil War he served in the Home Guard under Captain Woodruff. At the close of the war Mr. Harman settled on Section 3, Liberty Township, Daviess County, where he purchased 80 acres of land at one dollar per acre. It is now worth \$175.00 an acre. Mr. Harman died May 16, 1902, and Mrs. Hathaway's mother died Aug. 9, 1912. They are both buried at Alton, Mo.

To Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hathaway two children were born, as follows: Everett C., married Pearl Dunlay, Dodge City, Kan.; and Elsie, the wife of K. E. Croy, Lajunta, Col.

Mr. Hathaway is a Republican and a member of the Christian Church.

C. E. Kingsley, a prosperous farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born Jan. 30, 1869, in Peoria, Ill., the son of Charles and Elizabeth (Brown) Kingsley.

Charles Kingsley was born in Peoria, Ill., and was a farmer during his entire life. During the Civil War, Mr. Kingsley enlisted in the 77th Illinois Infantry. After the war he returned to Illinois where he farmed until his death in 1910. He is buried at Pottstown, Ill. Elizabeth (Brown) Kingsley was born in Illinois in 1851. Mr. and Mrs. Kingsley were the parents of seven children, as follows: C. E., the subject of this sketch; William, married Rosie Stear, Peoria, Ill.; Cynthia, the wife of Charles Doubet, Peoria County, Illinois; Lillian, the wife of George Bontz, Peoria, Ill.; Daisy, the wife of R. Bruniga, Peoria, Ill.; Lizzie, the wife of William Slautter, Peoria, Ill.; Lucy, the wife of William Hauk, Peoria, Ill.

C. E. Kingsley was reared in Illinois and received his education in the district schools. He then became engaged in general stock raising and moved to Missouri in 1901, settling on a farm in Monroe Township, Daviess County. He farmed there for two years, when he removed to his present location in Liberty Township. He has made extensive improvements on his land and is a prominent breeder of high grade cattle. Mr. Kingsley owns 160 acres in Liberty Township, and his wife owns 80 acres in Kickapoo Township, Peoria County, Ill., which she rents.

Mr. Kingsley was married to Hannah Kirkman in Hanna City, Ill. To this union one child has been born, Mary, the wife of C. R. Vipond, residing in Liberty Township.

Mr. Kingsley is a Democrat and served in the office of tax assessor in Illinois for two years. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Gallatin.

Reuben Wetzel, deceased, was a man whose name is connected with the pioneer days in Daviess County. He was born Aug. 10, 1831, on a farm in Snyder County, Pa., the son of Joseph and Salome (Snyder) Wetzel, who were both natives of Snyder County, Pa, where they spent their entire lives. They were parents of ten children, nine of whom were sons.

Reuben Wetzel worked at the carpenter trade in Pennsylvania for several years, and after his marriage in 1862, he and his wife moved to Daviess County, Mo., where he engaged in farming in 1870. Mr. Wetzel's first farm was located two and one-half miles south of Jamesport, in Jackson Township, where he owned 160 acres of land. In 1903 he sold his farm there and purchased 230 acres west of Jamesport, where he lived until his death, Feb. 13, 1919. He owned a well improved farm and was widely known throughout Daviess County.

On Oct. 2, 1862, Reuben Wetzel was married to Matilda Poorman, a native of Venango County, Pa., born Jan. 14, 1840. She died March 24, 1883. To this union eleven children were born of whom nine are living, as follows: Alice, the wife of Anderson Langford, residing on the Wetzel estate in Jamesport Township; Mary J., unmarried, Jamesport; Olivia, the wife of H. C. McMahan, Jackson Township; Eva Kate, unmarried, living with her sister, Mary J., in Jamesport; Nevin M., physician, Jameson; Cordelia A., a teacher, Chicago, Ill. Mary J. and Eva Kate Wetzel are living together in Jamesport, Mo.

Reuben Wetzel was a Republican in politics and a member of the Presbyterian church. He was a man of energy, strong purpose and industry. In his business affairs he was very upright and fair and as a citizen he upheld high standards.

Stanley Heyser, a substantial farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born Oct. 15, 1888, in this county, a son of W. P. and Caroline (Miller) Heyser.

W. P. Heyser was born in Kentucky in 1841. When a young man he came to Daviess County and settled south of Weatherby, where he was engaged in general farming until about 1863, then freighted across the plains with oxen. After freighting three years returned to Missouri. married and settled in Liberty Township. In the Fall of 1914 he moved to Altamont. He died in 1915 and is buried in Altamont Cemetery. Mrs. Heyser was born in 1848 on the Tobias Miller farm, which is located



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northeast of the present location of her son, Stanley Heyser's place. She died in 1913 and is also buried in Altamont. To W. P. and Caroline (Miller) Heyser seven children were born, as follows: Floyd, deceased; Charlie; Fred, deceased; Ethel, the wife of Will Thompson; Luella; George C.; and Stanley, the subject of this sketch.

Stanley Heyser was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and received his education in the district schools. He began farming on his present location and owns 80 acres of well improved land. Mr. Heyser is a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and is widely known throughout the county.

Mr. Heyser married May Dean and to this union four children have been born, as follows: Everett; Stanley, Jr.; Delbert Dean; and Helen May.

In politics Mr. Heyser is a Democrat. He is a member of the Christian Church. The Heysers are well known in Daviess County and are highly regarded among their many friends and acquaintances.

John F. Wilder, a prominent farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born Nov. 7, 1876, in Liberty Township on the farm where he now lives. He is the son of Eri W. and Susan (Mote) Wilder.

Eri W. Wilder was born in Vermont, in 1819, and died in 1890. During the Civil War, Mr. Wilder served in the army, after which he removed to Daviess County, and settled in Liberty Township. He was engaged in farming and stock raising until his death. His wife, Susan (Mote) Wilder was born in 1846 in England. She died January, 1919, and is buried in the Creekmore Cemetery in Liberty Township. To Eri W. and Susan (Mote) Wilder five children were born, as follows: Ora C.; Eva May, the wife of A. T. Shepherd; Edward, married Mattie Youk; John F., the subject of this sketch; Jennie, the wife of George Griffin.

John F. Wilder was reared on a farm and attended the district schools of Liberty Township, Daviess County. He worked at the blacksmith trade for 20 years. In 1910 Mr. Wilder moved to Jameson, where he remained until 1922, when he returned to the farm in Liberty Township. He now operates the old home farm of 120 acres, and is a breeder of fine Jersey milk stock. Mr. Wilder sold one-half interest in a blacksmith shop in Jameson, which was known as Wilder and King Company. He sold his interest in this Company on Dec. 20, 1921.

Mr. Wilder married Rosie Hisel, a daughter of Jackson and Eliza Ellen (Davis) Hisel. To John F. Wilder and wife eight children have

been born as follows: Denvil; Franklin; Glenn; Mamie; Ruby; Ivan; John; and Alva all of whom are residing at home.

Mr. Wilder is identified with the Republican party. He is well known in Daviess County, and is a substantial and highly respected citizen.

M. V. Bishop, a prominent Civil War veteran of Gallatin, was born April 20, 1839, in Jamestown, Ohio, a son of Perry and Mary (Whittaker) Bishop.

Perry Bishop was a native of Connecticut who came to Ohio when a young man. He was accidentally killed in 1841, his death resulting after being struck by a log. His wife was a native of Ohio, and died when M. V. Bishop, her son, was six years old. To Perry and Mary (Whittaker) Bishop two children were born: Nancy, the wife of John Littleton, a farmer living in Monroe, Ohio; and M. V., the subject of this sketch.

M. V. Bishop was reared in Ohio, and attended the district schools there. On Oct. 12, 1861, he enlisted during the Civil War in Company G, 7th Virginia Infantry. He was wounded in the battle of Antietam, Sept. 17, 1862, and was in the army hospital at Baltimore, Md., for almost a year. Mr. Bishop was shot through the left breast and right foot. He was in the battle of Winchester, and the battle of Port Republic. After leaving the hospital, Mr. Bishop was discharged from service. He then worked on a farm and later on a steamboat on the Ohio River. In 1867 Mr. Bishop removed from Ohio to Daviess County, Missouri, and settled on a farm between Jameson and Coffey in Salem Township. Later, in 1871, he moved to Gallatin, where he now resides in the southwestern part of town.

Mr. Bishop was married the first time to Susan Johnson, a daughter of John and Mary (Pyles) Johnson. To this union two children were born, as follows: Mary Jane, deceased, was the wife of William Utley. She died in 1890 and is buried in Brown Cemetery, Gallatin; Laura Belle, the wife of Charles Hillman, Gallatin. Mr. Bishop then married Sarah Matilda Morford, a daughter of Philip and Mary (Shopel) Morford, natives of Ohio. They were married Feb. 13, 1915, it being Mrs. Bishop's second marriage also. Her first marriage was in 1869 to John B. Lewis and to that union one child was born, Mary Ellen Lewis. John B. Lewis was a carpenter and came from Ohio to Daviess County, Missouri. Mrs. Bishop's parents, Philip and Mary (Shopel) Morford, were the parents of 13 children, as follows: John S.; James B., deceased; Perry Monroe, deceased; Thomas Jefferson, deceased; Susan Jane, deceased; Mary Ellen, the widow of Joseph Morford, Indianapolis, Ind.; Jerry, deceased;

Mrs. Bishop; Elizabeth, the widow of Mr. Weber, Dallas, Texas; Hulda Rebecca, deceased; Emma, deceased; Andrew Jackson, living at St. Joseph, Mo.

Mr. Bishop is identified with the Republican party and is a member of the Christian Church. He has many friends in this county and is one of the most honored and respected citizens.

J. L. Tibbs, a prominent farmer of Marion Township, Daviess County, and owner of 320 acres of well improved land, was born April 4, 1871, near Coffey, Mo. He is a son of Hiram and Phoebe (Ellis) Tibbs.

Hiram Tibbs is a native of Preston County, West Virginia, and his wife was born in Daviess County, Missouri. Mr. Tibbs is a veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted in Kentucky. He was assigned to Company A, 54th Mounted Infantry during the Civil War in the Union army. He had three horses shot from under him during the battle at Leadville, Va. He served throughout the war. He came to Daviess County, Missouri in 1868, where he married and settled in Salem Township, and carried on general farming until 1900, when he moved to Oklahoma and settled on a ranch, where he lived until 1921. He now lives in Alva, Okla. Mr. and Mrs. Tibbs were the parents of eight children as follows: J. L., the subject of this sketch; Ida, the wife of Charles W. McDaniels, Woods County, Oklahoma; Ada, deceased; Anna, the wife of William Lemmon, Texas; Minnie, the wife of Porter Clark near New Hampton, Missouri; John E., married Elva Reed, merchant, Oklahoma; Jennie, the wife of L. Romig, Oklahoma; and Frankie, deceased.

J. L. Tibbs was reared on a farm and attended the district schools of Daviess County. He then worked in the general merchandise store of I. J. Henderson in Pattonsburg, Mo., for seven years. Mr. Tibbs then removed to the farm near Jameson, where he now resides. He has made extensive improvements on the land and has erected a modern dwelling of eight rooms and bath. Mr. Tibbs has been very successful in his agricultural pursuits and is widely known throughout Daviess County.

J. L. Tibbs married Elizabeth Reynolds, a daughter of Harvey N. and Mary (Nance) Reynolds, pioneer settlers of Daviess County. Mrs. Reynolds' father, Mr. Nance originally owned the land now owned by Mr. Tibbs. When Mr. Nance settled on the land there, he lived in a log cabin. Mr. Reynolds came to Daviess County from Callaway County, Missouri. Mrs. Reynolds died Feb. 10, 1888, and was buried on her 51st birthday in Civil Bend Cemetery. To J. L. and Elizabeth (Reynolds) Tibbs two children were born, as follows: Paul, married Romaine Frances Jarrett,

residing in Marion Township on a farm; Russell V., now attending the Chicago College of Dental Surgery, which he entered in 1919.

Mr. Tibbs is a Democrat. He has served on the township board for four years. He is one of the dependable citizens of Daviess County.

A. M. Harman, a substantial farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born Feb. 5, 1864, in this county, one mile from where he now lives. He is a son of Jasper and Minerva (Thornhill) Harman.

Jasper Harman was a native of Daviess County. He was born in Liberty Township, three miles from the farm of his son, A. M. Harman. During his life, Mr. Harman carried on general farming, and was also a school teacher for ten years. He was a Baptist missionary preacher, and did a great amount of Sunday school work in Daviess County. To Jasper and Minerva (Thornhill) Harman three children were born as follows: Nancy Eldora, the wife of Calvin Smith, residing in Montana; Eliza E., the wife of George Starmer, postmaster, St. Joseph, Mo.; and A. M., the subject of this sketch.

Jasper Harman died June 30, 1874 and is buried in Crab Orchard Cemetery. Mrs. Harman later married Samuel Stubbs, a native of Indiana. For some time Mr. Stubbs operated a grocery store in Gallatin, known as Dodge & Stubbs. Mr. Stubbs died at Winamac, Ind., and is buried in Indiana. Mrs. Stubbs moved to St. Joseph in 1908 and died Feb. 7, 1922, and is buried in Mount Auburn Cemetery, St. Joseph. To Samuel and Minerva (Thornhill) (Harman) Stubbs two children were born, as follows: Maud, the wife of E. M. Mitchell, who operates a grocery and meat business in St. Joseph, and Minnie, the wife of Jesse Marsh, who operates a grocery and meat business in St. Joseph.

A. M. Harman was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools of Daviess County. He has always been a farmer. He farmed on his father's farm in Liberty Township, for 25 years. He then moved to his present location in 1894, where he has made extensive improvements. He now owns 160 acres of well improved land, and is widely known as a successful farmer and breeder of Shorthorn cattle.

Mr. Harman was married to Mary E. Trotter, a daughter of Jonathan M. and Jane (Long) Trotter. Mr. Trotter was a native of Daviess County, and his wife was born in Ohio. They were the parents of eight children, as follows: William; David; Mrs. Harman; Wesley M.; Clemmie; Rosa; Leona; Herbert. Mr. Trotter died in 1918 and is buried in Harrison County, his widow now resides in Mount Ayr, Iowa. To A. M. and Mary E. (Trotter) Harman four children were born, as follows: Bessie E., the wife of Al-

bert Heaston, living near Winston, Colfax Township; Mabel E., school teacher, having taught for 10 years in the home district; Lloyd, born in 1897, married Lila McMellon, now residing in Colorado, a telegrapher enlisted in the navy during the World War and was stationed at the Great Lakes Training Station, Chicago, Ill., until his discharge, April 27, 1918, and is now living in Colorado on account of his health; and Harry Allen Harman married Erma Martin, residing at home.

Mr. Harman is a Democrat and a member of the Township Democratic Committee. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Modern Woodmen of America, and the Rebecca Lodge. Mr. Harman is representative of the best citizenship of Daviess County, and the members of the Harman family are highly respected.

William Z. Wellman, a well known and capable mail carrier of Gallatin, was born Oct. 30, 1867, in Terre Haute, Ind., the son of Warren and Elizabeth (Morris) Wellman.

Warren Wellman was born in New York and came to Terre Haute when a young man, where he was engaged in farming. In 1885 he left Indiana and settled in Clyde, Kan. He died on Dec. 17, 1912, in Newkirk, Okla. His wife is now living in Arkansas City, Kan. To Warren and Elizabeth (Morris) Wellman four children were born, as follows: Ella, the wife of Steve Conaway, Terre Haute, Ind.; Levi, married Lillian Webster, Newkirk, Okla.; William Z., the subject of this sketch; and Della, Arkansas City, Kan.

William Z. Wellman was educated in the schools of Indiana. He later moved to Kansas, where he became engaged in farming until 1895, when he moved to Gallatin, Mo., where he has since lived. Mr. Wellman is now a rural mail carrier out of Gallatin, route No. 6. He has been in the mail service for 20 years, and during that time carried one route for 15 years. Mr. Wellman owns some valuable property in the best section of Gallatin. He also owns his home, which is located in the southeast part of the city.

On July 25, 1884, Mr. Wellman was married in Concordia, Kan., to Aldaretta Rupe, daughter of John and Mary (Morley) Rupe. Mr. Rupe was a native of Indiana and his wife was born in Ohio. Mr. Rupe served in the army during the Civil War, having enlisted in Colorado. After the war he settled at Clyde, Kan., where he was editor of the Clyde Herald for 20 years. He died in 1910 and wife died in 1917, and they are buried in Mt. Hope Cemetery, Clyde, Kan.

Mr. and Mrs. Rupe were the parents of four children, as follows: Luella, the wife of William McCarty, Concordia, Kan.; Mrs. Wellman; Frank, married Nona Winters, Kanarado Kan.; and Izetta, deceased.

To William Z. and Aldaretta (Rupe) Wellman four children have been born, as follows: Zella, the wife of Leo Runnells, Gallatin; Opal, the wife of D. O. Richardson, Gallatin; Crystal, the wife of Tom Maharg, Gallatin; India, the wife of Fred Dunlap, who is a member of the Legislature now serving his second term. They live in Jefferson City.

Mr. Wellman is a Republican. He served as road overseer in Union Township, in 1900. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Gallatin. Mr. Wellman is a member of the Christian Church, and is a deacon. He is one of the enterprising citizens of the county, and widely known.

C. H. Swisher, a well known farmer and stockman of Marion Township, Daviess County, was born June 20, 1877, just east of where he now resides, the son of Henry L. and Celia (Callahan) Swisher.

Henry L. Swisher was a native of Ohio and his wife of Indiana. They came to Daviess County, and settled near Gallatin. On April 15, 1865, they crossed the Mississippi River, it being the day President Lincoln died. Shortly afterward they removed to Marion Township, settling near Pattonsburg, in Daviess County. Mr. Swisher was the second owner of the land he purchased. He carried on general farming and stock raising until his death in 1918. Mrs Swisher died in 1911. To Henry L. and Celia (Callahan) Swisher two children were born: C. H., the subject of this sketch; and Nellie, the wife of Wesley Newton, Marion Township. They were twins.

C. H. Swisher grew up in Marion Township, and was educated in the district schools. He has always been a farmer. In 1904 he went to Denver, Colo., where he remained for four years. He then returned to the home place in Marion Township, where he has since been engaged in farming and stock raising. He owns 120 acres of well improved land, and is a successful breeder of registered Shorthorn rattle.

In 1902 C. H. Swisher was married to Dossie Holbrook, a daughter of R. M. and Ann (Smoot) Holbrook, natives of North Carlina, who came to Daviess County, in 1892. Mr. and Mrs. Holbrook were the parents of eight children, as follows: John, married first to Elizabeth Hillman, and later to Ruth Swythe; Morgan, died in infancy; Mrs. Swisher; Cora, the wife of Willard Youtsey, living in Oklahoma; Juanita, the wife of John Shaw, Marion Township, Hardin married Bessie Bruce, Gallatin; Charlie, Kansas City, Mo. R. M. Holbrook and wife now reside at Gallatin.

To C. H. and Dossie (Holbrook) Swisher two children have been born, as follows: Keith, at home; and Elizabeth, attending school at Civil Bend,

Mr. Swisher is a Republican and has been school director of Marion

Township, for eight years. He is a member of the Methodist Church at Civil Bend, and is trustee and Sunday school superintendent.

Charles A. Bruce, a well known and successful farmer of Union Township, Daviess County, was born Oct. 19, 1877, in Livingston County, the son of Robert M. and Emma L. (Arnel) Bruce.

Robert M. Bruce was a native of Kentucky and his wife is a native of Pennsylvania. In 1866, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce came to Missouri, and settled in Livingston County, where Mr. Bruce carried on general farming and stock raising. During the Civil War, he served for 90 days, having enlisted in Ohio. To Robert M. and Emma L. (Arnel) Bruce two children were born: Charles A., the subject of this sketch; and Vernie V., living in Chillicothe, employed by the Union Central Life Insurance Company. Mr. Bruce died in 1916 and is buried in the Chillicothe Cemetery. Mrs. Bruce now resides in Chillicothe.

Charles A. Bruce was reared on his father's farm in Livingston County and attended the district schools. After completing his education, he taught school from 1897 until 1907 in Livingston County. He also served in the office of clerk and assessor of Jackson Township, Livingston County. In 1907, Mr. Bruce removed to Daviess County and settled on a farm of 80 acres in Marion Township, where he became engaged in general farming and stock raising. Mr. Bruce served as clerk and assessor of Marion Township from 1910 until 1918, and in 1919 was elected collector, which office he held for one year. He has also been school director for five years.

In 1907 Mr. Bruce was married to Tabitha Ellen Reno, a daughter of Christopher and Ellen Reno, natives of Illinois. They were the parents of 12 children: Lillie, deceased, was the wife of Urias Smith; Lucy, living south of Pattonsburg; Emma, the wife of E. C. Stewart, Topeka, Kan.; John T., married to Hannah Donner, Winston; Joseph, married to Tina Corchran, Santa Rosa, Calif.; Harvey N., married first to Ida Corchran, then to Mae Yocum, Marion Township; Mrs. Charles A. Bruce; Sarah M., the widow of Walter J. Sweiger; Fannie, the wife of Harry Lee Waters, Colorado; Christopher, died in infancy; Charlie, died in infancy; and the 12th child is deceased.

To Charles A. and Tabitha Ellen (Reno) Bruce four children have been born: Charles Albert, attending school in Gallatin; Birdie Nadine, attending school; Pansy Elizabeth; and Harold Reno.

Mr. Bruce moved from his farm to Gallatin, in 1921, and is located on the northwest edge of town. He has a beautiful home and ten acres

of land, where he does some farming. His home is modern in every respect.

Mr. Bruce is a Republican, a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and attends the Baptist Church. In his work, Mr. Bruce has been very successful. He has high ideals of citizenship and always stands ready to forward the community interests and civic welfare.

J. Frank Gildow, the able and highly esteemed sheriff of Daviess County, is a native of Iowa, born on a farm near Carlisle, Dec. 15, 1893.

Dr. John Gildow, the father of J. Frank Gildow, was born at Hartford, Iowa, June 12; 1860, and was reared on an Iowa farm. He later became the owner of a farm in Warren County, Iowa, and operated it with success until 1902, when he disposed of his holdings in Iowa and moved to Missouri. He settled in Daviess County, where he bought 320 acres of land in Jamesport Township. He had graduated from the Des Moines Veterinary College and was a practicing veterinary surgeon for many years in Iowa. He has continued that work in Daviess County. He is well known in the county as a successful breeder of Poland China hogs. His stock has been exhibited at the Missouri State Fair and the Kansas City American Royal Fairs.

Dr. Gildow married Mary Hunt, a native of Hartford, Iowa, born July 17, 1865, and to this union the following children were born: Grace, now the wife of B. A. Lindsey of Trenton; Lola, married to R. G. Thompson of Jamesport; J. Frank, the subject of this sketch; and Mary, living at home.

J. Frank Gildow was reared on his father's farm in Iowa, and came to Daviess County with his parents. He farmed until 1917, when he was inducted into the army for service in the World War. He was sent first to Camp Funston for training, and later to Camp Mills. He was assigned to the 89th Division as a corporal, went overseas, and participated in the battles of St. Mihiel and the Argonne Offense. He remained with the American Army of Occupation for five months, and was discharged from service on June 15, 1919. After his return to Daviess County, Mr. Gildow resumed work on the farm, which he continued until Jan. 1, 1920, when he assumed the duties incumbent upon him as the newly elected sheriff of the county.

Mr. Gildow was married to Inez Gillett on Dec. 25, 1920. Mrs. Gildow is a daughter of J. R. and Emma (Wells) Gillett, who live on their farm near Gillman in Lincoln Township. Mrs. Gildow was born, reared, and educated in Lincoln Township.

Mr. Gildow is entirely the product of Daviess County except for the few early years in Iowa. He attended the rural schools of the county, and graduated from the Jamesport High School. He is identified with the Republican party in his politics, and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, and the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodges. He is a young man of whom the county is proud. He is a progressive farmer, and an able officer of the county. Mr. Gildow has his home at Gallatin.

M. S. Schwyhart, the capable and well known police judge of Gallatin, was born May 10, 1845, in Guernsey County, Ohio, a son of William Z. and Ruth (Roberts) Schwyhart, natives of Ohio.

William Z. Schwyhart's grandparents were natives of Germany. He was born in 1816 in Belmont County, Ohio, and died in 1862. His wife was born in 1817 and died on April 15, 1862. They are buried in Steel Cemetery, Logan County, Ohio. To William Z. and Ruth (Roberts) Schwyhart four children were born, as follows: M. S., the subject of this sketch; Henry, deceased; Landon, deceased; Arminda, living in Los Angeles, Calif.

M. S. Schwyhart was reared in Logan County, Ohio, near Ridgeway. He received his education in the district schools. During the Civil War, Mr. Schwyhart enlisted on June 3, 1862, in the army and served for three months, after which he re-enlisted and served throughout the war. He served in Company H, 96th Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and was wounded on April 8, 1864, at Sabine Cross Roads in Louisiana on the Red River. He was taken prisoner and after three months paroled and returned to the Federal lines at Mouth River after the war. After the war, Mr. Schwyhart removed to Daviess County, Mo., settling in Marion Township, where he remained on a farm until 1911. He then retired and moved to Gallatin; he was elected judge of the police court in 1919, which office he now holds.

Mr. Schwyhart was married the first time to Miss Bush, a daughter of William and Jane C. Bush, natives of Berkshire County, Mass. Mr. Bush was born Sept. 17, 1809, and died Sept. 7, 1847. His wife died Aug. 15, 1850, and is buried in Green County, Wis. To M. S. and Miss (Bush) Schwyhart seven children were born: Albert H., born Oct. 7, 1868, in Daviess County, and died June 17, 1913; William W., born Sept. 24, 1870; Walter A., born July 20, 1872; Claudius M., born Sept. 23, 1874; Herbert C., born Feb. 15, 1876; Roy M., born June 3, 1879, and died Oct. 13, 1889; and Everett, born Feb. 5, 1887; all were born in Daviess County.

Mr. Schwyhart's second marriage was on March 21, 1912, to Miss Swofford, a daughter of John S. and Ann (Binion) Swofford. Mr. Swofford was born June 15, 1821, and his wife was born April 29, 1829, in Knox County, Ky. Mrs. Schwyhart was born in Daviess County, Nov. 9, 1865. She has spent her entire life in Daviess County, with the exception of 1904 and 1905, which she spent in California. Mr. and Mrs. Schwyhart were married at Gallatin. Mr. Schwyhart reared a grandchild, Mabel Schwyhart, born in Daviess County, Feb. 18, 1899.

Mr. Schwyhart is a member of the Christian Church and one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Gallatin.

G. W. Johnson, the efficient cashier of the Farmers Bank of Jameson, was born Nov. 8, 1894, in Union Township, Daviess County, four miles northeast of Gallatin. He is the son of Phillip M. and Lucy (Cornell) Johnson.

Philip M. Johnson was born in 1854 in Daviess County and now resides in Union Township, where he owns a farm of 60 acres. Mrs. Johnson was also born in Daviess County, in 1861, and was the daughter of George C. Cornell. Philip M. Johnson's parents were William A. and Mary (Yates) Johnson, natives of Rappahannock County, Va., who came to Daviess County, in the pioneer days. To Philip M. and Lucy (Cornell) Johnson four children were born as follows: Charles L., married Ruby Adams, Union Township; Virgil Philip, married Roe Everly, Grand River Township; Mary M., the wife of Marion Page, Grand River Township; and G. W., the subject of this sketch.

G. W. Johnson was reared in Daviess County, and received his education in the public schools and the Gem City College at Quincy, Ill. After completing his education he became the assistant postmaster of Gallatin which office he held for one year. He then served as rural mail carrier for a year, but resigned on account of his health. Mr. Johnson was then engaged as bookkeeper for the First National Bank of Gallatin, and held that position for a year. He then came to Jameson and became the cashier of the Farmers Bank, which position he has held for two years.

Mr. Johnson married Helen Feurt, a daughter of W. T. and Fannie Feurt, natives of Daviess County.

Mr. Johnson is a Democrat and a member of the Masonic Lodge and the Knights of Pythias. He belongs to the Baptist Church. Mr. Johnson is a progressive and enterprising business man and one of the substantial citizens of Jameson.

J. W. Reed, a prominent business man of Jameson, Mo., was born Sept. 4, 1883, near Jameson, the son of C. W. and Marinda (Barlow) Reed.

C. W. Reed was born in 1857 on a farm near Jameson. He was the son of Isaac L. and Elizabeth Reed. C. W. Reed lived during his entire life on a farm. He died Feb. 6, 1922, and is buried in Everly Cemetery. His wife was born on May 17, 1863, in Jackson, Ohio. She is now living at Jameson. Mrs. Reed's parents were George W. and Lucretia Barlow. To C. W. and Marinda (Barlow) Reed four children were born as follows: J. W., the subject of this sketch; Charlie E., now living in Colorado; Arlando, Jameson; and Neva, Jameson.

J. W. Reed was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. He then went to Trenton, where he was engaged in the meat business with Wells Brothers for three years. He later engaged in the restaurant and grocery business in Jameson, where he remained for six years. Then Mr. Reed worked for A. D. Scott & Son Company, in the general merchandise business for three years, after which he was engaged in Boyd Walls restaurant for two years. He later became the manager of the Barlow Produce Company, which position he has held for the past four years.

Mr. Reed married Eva Smith, a daughter of Eb and Carrie (Shuler) Smith, natives of Daviess County. To this union two children have been born: Christiana, attending school; and Corbin.

Mr. Reed belongs to the Knights of Pythias and the Modern Woodmen of America. He is a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. Mr. Reed has met his present success because of his energy, industry and business foresight.

Joseph Jinkens, a successful farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born Dec. 30, 1860, in LaFayette County, Mo., the son of James Horton and Mary Jane (Boyer) Jinkens.

James Horton Jinkens was a native of Ohio. His wife was born in 1840 in Virginia and died in 1902. Mr. and Mrs. Jinkens were pioneer settlers of Missouri, locating in Ray County. Here Mr. Jinkens carried on farming and stock raising until his death. They were the parents of seven children as follows: Joseph, the subject of this sketch; Dave, married Josephine Wynne, residing in Elk County, Kansas; Andrew, deceased; Ruth, the wife of J. E. Wilson, Jamesport; John William, married Hattie Cashman, Jameson; Margaret Elizabeth, deceased, was the wife of T. S. Wilson; Emmett J., deceased.

Joseph Jinkens was reared on a farm and educated in the district

schools. He has been engaged in farming and stock raising all his life. In 1903 he settled on his present farm in Grand River Township, owning at that time 78 acres of land. He now owns 131 acres of good farm land, and is a well known breeder of high grade cattle. He is now living retired at Jamesport, Mo.

Joseph Jinkens married Alice Wilson, now deceased, a daughter of Robert and Lucinda (Reese) Wilson. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were natives of Pennsylvania. To Joseph and Alice (Wilson) Jinkens one child was born, Virgil, who is married to Lillie Croy, a daughter of E. A. and Ida (Hayes) Croy. They have one child, Virginia Alice. During the World War, Virgil Jinkens enlisted in Company C, 305th Tank Corps, at Rolla, N. C. He enlisted on Aug. 27, 1918, and was discharged from service Dec. 29, 1918. He now carries on farming and stockraising on his 40 acre farm in Grand River Township, Daviess County.

Joseph Jinkens married the second time Jan. 28, 1922, to Mary Angeline (Bear) Stith. Mr. Jinkens is a member of the Baptist Church. He is identified with the Democratic party and is a reliable citizen who is highly esteemed by his fellow citizens in the township and Daviess County.

F. S. Landes, a substantial farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born Oct. 14, 1862, on the farm where he now lives. He is a son of Levi and Mary (Wiles) Landes.

Levi Landers was born in Ohio on Jan. 2, 1815. In 1835 he settled in Daviess Couty, being one of the pioneer residents of Missouri. He carried on general farming in Grand River Township, until his death, Nov. 3, 1887. His wife was the daughter of John and Bridget Wiles, natives of Indiana. To Levi and Mary (Wiles) Landes ten children were born as follows: Syrla, the wife of H. S. Wilkinson, now deceased; Irena, living on the home place; Daniel, married first to Martha Kemp, Jamesport, and the second time to Sallie Hiatt, and his third marriage was to Mattie Beeler; Martin, living on the home place; Mary Josephine, at home; Levi, deceased; Henry, married Liza Jane Jinkens; Solomon, married Mary Terry; F. S., the subject of this sketch; Anna Dora, married A. J. Tingler.

F. S. Landes was reared on his father's farm in Grand River Township, which he now owns and operates. He received his education in the district schools, as also did his brother, Martin Landes. Mr. Landes has been engaged in farming and stock raising all his life, and is a prominent breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Black Poland China hogs. He and his brother, Martin, operate the farm of 170 acres. His sisters,

Irena and Josephine, also live on the home farm. Mr. Landes is unmarried.

F. S. Landes is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. The Landes family has always been well known in Daviess County and stand high among the citizens of the township and surrounding country.

H. M. Beck, a successful farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, was born Dec. 23, 1858, in Clinton County, Ohio, a son of A. L. and Mary (Brown) Beck.

A. L. Beck was born in Maryland. He served throughout the Civil War, and in 1868 moved to Liberty Township, Daviess County. Later, he went to Marion Township and then to Union Township, where he farmed until his death, in 1915. Mrs. Mary (Brown) Beck is also deceased and is buried in Ohio. A. L. and Mary (Brown) Beck were the parents of the following children: T. Walter, married Belle Beard and they live in Liberty Township, Daviess County; H. M., the subject of this sketch; Belle, deceased, was the wife of Albert Berg; and William A., married Mary Chadwick and lives in Nebraska. A. L. Beck married the second time to Eliza Jane Schaffer and she died in Daviess County, and she and her husband are buried in the Crab Orchard Cemetery. Four children were born to this union two of whom died in infancy. The others are: Mary, the wife of Ed Guiseburt, now living on the old home farm in Marion Township; Stella, the wife of David Trotter, and they live near Sheldon, Mo.

H. M. Beck was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, Missouri, and attended the district schools. He has always been engaged in general farming and stock raising. Mr. Beck has lived on his present farm for the past six years. He owns 160 acres of land in Grand River Township, Daviess County, and 82 acres in Marion Township, Daviess County. He is a good farmer and a successful breeder of cattle.

Mr. Beck married Mary Roberts, a daughter of James and Millie (Langston) Roberts. Mr. Roberts was a native of Howard County, Missouri, while his wife was born in Oklahoma. Mr. Roberts died Jan. 20, 1896, and is buried in Crab Orchard Cemetery. His widow now lives in Kansas City, Mo.

To H. M. and Mary (Roberts) Beck three children have been born as follows: Maude, the wife of D. A. Blackburn, Union Township; Floyd, married Annie Turner, living at home; and Boyd, married Mabel Holmes, Kansas City, Mo. Boyd Beck served during the World War, having enlisted in Company K, 36th Infantry. He was a corporal and

later appointed sergeant. He was stationed at Camp Funston, Kansas, ready to leave for overseas, when the armistice was signed.

In politics H. M. Beck is a Republican. He is a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Beck is a reliable citizen, industrious and enterprising.

C. S. Chamberlin, a well known farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born May 28, 1855, in Princeton, Ill., a son of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Boyd) Chamberlin.

Ebenezer Chamberlin was born in Illinois in 1821. In 1869 he removed to Daviess County, and settled in Grand River Township, and farmed until his death, Nov. 18, 1897. He is buried in Bethel Cemetery. His wife was born Jan. 2, 1821, in Springfield, Ill. To Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Boyd) Chamberlin six children were born as follows: William, married Nancy Pugh; Oscar, deceased, married Mattie Philips, who resides in Oklahoma City, Okla.; C. S., the subject of this sketch; John, married Alpha Yates, Gallatin; Edward, deceased; and James, married Lizzie Cole, Tipton, Mo.

C. S. Chamberlin grew to manhood in Daviess County, and was educated in the district schools. During his entire life he has been engaged in farming and stock raising. He has lived on his farm of 80 acres in Grand River Township for 14 years, and is a prominent breeder of high grade stock.

Mr. Chamberlin married Olive A. Gosnell, a daughter of Daniel and Lucinda (Poor) Gosnell. Mr. Gosnell was born in 1816 in Huntington County, Pa., and was one of the pioneer settlers of Daviess County. He settled on a farm in 1855, which is now occupied by Mr. Chamberlin. Mrs. Gosnell was born Aug. 24, 1826, in Indiana, and died in 1905. Mr. Gosnell died in 1885. To C. S. and Olive A. (Gosnell) Chamberlin, four children were born as follows: Harry, deceased; Allen, married Minnie Harbord, living west of Jamesport; Launa Pearl, the wife of Sam A. Nichols, residing at home; and Ruby, living at home with her parents.

Mr. Chamberlin is a substantial and reliable citizen of his community, one who merits the high esteem in which he is held.

C. G. Yates, a successful and enterprising farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, was born May 29, 1869, in Daviess County. He is a son of H. L. and Margaret (Byrd) Yates, pioneer settlers of Missouri.

H. L. Yates was born in Rappahannock County, Va. In '1848 he came to Missouri from Virginia via steam boat and began breaking prairie with oxen near Mound City in Holt County. In a short time he

came to Daviess County and met Margaret Byrd and was married here. He settled on the farm now occupied by his son, C. G. Yates. Here he was engaged in farming and stock raising until his death Nov. 14, 1915, aged 85 years. He is buried in the Brown Cemetery. His wife died in 1875. To H. L. and Margaret (Byrd) Yates seven children were born: Nancy, deceased, was the wife of John Glascock; James A., married Ada Corroll, Harrison County, Mo.; Roma, the wife of H. Sparr, second marriage to James Hunter; John E., deceased, was married to Maude Malone; Alpha, the wife of John Chamberlin, Gallatin; C. G., the subject of this sketch; Howard, married Lulu Grimes, Gallatin.

C. G. Yates was reared on his father's farm in Grand River Township, and received his education in the district schools and the Gallatin High School. He then engaged in farming the home place, which he now owns. Mr. Yates owns 300 acres of good farm land and is a prominent breeder of high grade stock.

C. G. Yates was married the first time to Aggie Drummond, a daughter of George and Caroline Drummond, and to this union two children were born: Mina Margaret, the wife of Albert Smith, residing in Grand River Township; and Paul, living at home. Mr. Yates' second marriage was to Mary Oram, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Oram, natives of Illinois. Mr. Oram died in 1909, and his wife died in 1875.

Mr. Yates is a Democrat and is widely known in Daviess County. He is a substantial citizen and the Yates family stands high in the community.

A. W. Miller, a well known and successful farmer of Gallatin, was born April 15, 1862, in Civil Bend, Marion Township, Daviess County. He is a son of William Thomas and Charity (Wilmoth) Miller.

William Thomas Miller was a native of Tennessee and his wife was born in Virginia. Mr. Miller died Aug. 9, 1908. Mr. and Mrs. Miller were the parents of ten children as follows: Ethelbert, deceased, married Betty Runnells; Charles Madison, married Winnie Creekmore; Mary, deceased; A. W., the subject of this sketch; Davis Lee, married Ida Long, Jamesport; Lucy L., the wife of R. L. Patton, Spokane, Wash.; Conley J., married Annie James, Marion Township; Bob H., married Alma James, Gallatin, Mo.; Josie; and Gustavus T., married Belle Oxley and they now live at Marion, Iowa.

A. W. Miller was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools of Daviess County. He worked on his father's farm for two years, after which he rented the land for three years. In 1897 Mr. Miller purchased his first farm, and now owns 160 acres of land in

Marion Township, Daviess County, and 120 acres in Jefferson Township, Daviess County. In 1903 Mr. Miller worked for a time in Spokane, Wash. He also worked on a farm in Colville Valley, Wash., for his father. In January, 1905, he returned to Daviess County where he located on his farm in Jefferson Township. August, 1915, he moved to Gallatin, Mo., in the southwest part of town, but also operates both of his farms, and is a well known breeder of high grade stock.

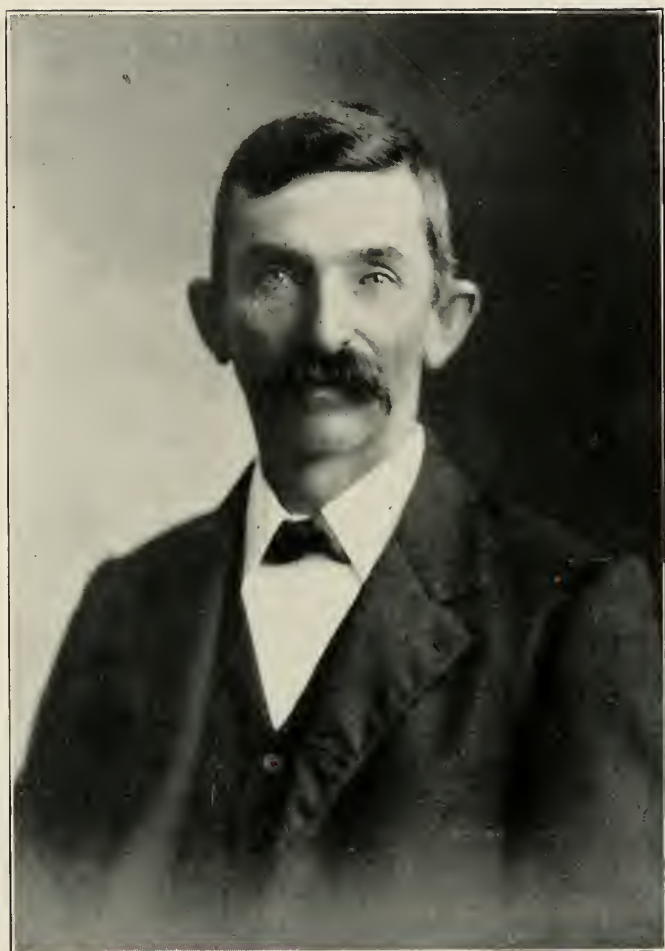
Mr. Miller married Jennie B. Jones, a daughter of Simon and Ma-linda (Creason) Jones, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Jones were the parents of six children as follows: Sampson Franklin; David; Margaret Ann; Jennie B., the wife of A. W. Miller; Emma; and Addie. To A. W. and Jennie B. (Jones) Miller four children have been born as follows: Okley Adline; Orman Leslie; William Simon, deceased; Laura May.

Mr. Miller is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Eastern Star, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Rebekah Lodge. He belongs to the Baptist Church. Mr. Miller is a progressive and enterprising citizen and he and his family rank high as representative people of Daviess County.

George H. Pogue, a well known retired farmer of Jamesport, and owner of 300 acres of land in Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born March 22, 1852, in Mason County, Ky., the son of W. J., and Sallie (Pickett) Pogue.

W. T. Pogue was born in Greenup County, Ky., and came to Missouri in the early forties, where he purchased a great deal of land at \$1.25 an acre. His brother, George Pogue, was a lawyer at Gallatin, who also became wealthy as a land owner. Mr. Pogue never made his home in Missouri, as he became ill while here and sent for his son, George H., to come to Missouri and take care of his affairs. Mr. Pogue returned to Kentucky where he died, in 1881. At the time of his death, Mr. Pogue owned a great deal of cattle and a saw mill in Missouri, besides his land. Sallie (Pickett) Pogue was born in Mason County, Ky., where she also died. To W. T. and Sallie (Pickett) Pogue six children were born, of whom three are now living, as follows: George H., the subject of this sketch; Sallie P., the wife of James C. Darnell, Mason County, Ky.; and William C., Gallatin.

George H. Pogue spent his entire life on the farm. He was educated in the district schools of Kentucky, and on Jan. 21, 1880, came to Jameson to take charge of his father's affairs. At the time of his father's death, Mr. Pogue became heir to a great deal of land, to which was added his own land purchases. In 1915, Mr. Pogue retired from active farming, in which



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he was very successful, and during the following year erected his fine modern bungalow at Jamesport.

On March 15, 1882, Mr. Pogue was married to Mary E. Callison, a native of Jamesport Township, and a daughter of James and Rebecca (Gillian) Callison, natives of Virginia, who came to Missouri in the early days. They are both now deceased. To Mr. and Mrs. Pogue four children were born, two of whom are now living: Forrest C., Grand River Township; and Myrtie, the wife of R. R. Wilson, Grand River Township. Mrs. Pogue died Feb. 1, 1904, at the age of 52 years.

George H. Pogue was married the second time in Feb. 22, 1907, to Minnie Johnson, a native of Grand River Township, and daughter of Hezekiah Johnson. Mr. Johnson was a native of the New England States and Mrs. Pogue was reared on a farm. No children have been born to this union.

Mr. Pogue is a Democrat. During the World War he was treasurer of the Red Cross and chairman of two bond drives. He is a member of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Pogue is the vice president and a stockholder in the Commercial Bank of Jamesport. He is a substantial citizen and stands high in the community and Daviess County.

Mrs. James A. Chambers, the well known and efficient postmistress of Coffey, is a native of Daviess County. She was born four miles east of Coffey, and is a daughter of Benjamin and Sarah A. (Netherton) Poe.

Benjamin Poe was a native of Franklin County, Ind., and came to Missouri in 1835, settling in Daviess County. He became a well known farmer and stockman, and was the owner of 200 acres of land. During the Civil War, he enlisted in Company A, 1st Missouri Cavalry, and was in active service for over three years. For a number of years, he served as a justice of the peace. Mr. Poe was a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. Both he and his wife are deceased and are buried in the Union Grove Cemetery. They were the parents of the following children: Florence the wife of J. T. Price, Kansas City, Mo.; C. W. Greeley, Colo.; Myrtle A., the wife of John D. Glaze, Platteville, Colo.; Norah, the wife of C. W. Woltz, Jameson, Mo.; and Mrs. James A. Chambers, the subject of this sketch.

On Nov. 13, 1892, Maggie Poe, the subject of this sketch, was married to James A. Chambers, a native of Harrison County, and a son of John and Elizabeth (Cochran) Chambers. John Chambers was a native of Decatur County, Ind., and came to Harrison County in the early days, where he became a prominent farmer and stockman. He owned a large tract of land and was an extensive sheep dealer. John and Elizabeth (Cochran) Cham-

bers were the parents of four children, as follows: John, deceased; James; I. R., farmer and stockman, Ridgeway; and Minnie, the wife of Mildred Allen, Burlington Junction.

James A. Chambers was reared in Harrison County, and received his education in the public and high schools. For several years he was engaged in farming and stock raising, but is now associated with the Delco Lighting Company, as a salesman. Mr. Chambers has served as justice of the peace and county assessor. In politics he is a Republican and he is a member of the Baptist Church, having been superintendent of the Sunday school for 16 years. Mr. Chambers belongs to the Masonic Lodge and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

To James A. and Maggie (Poe) Chambers five children have been born, as follows: Clyde Ray, a graduate of the University of Missouri, and will receive a degree at Harvard University in May, 1922; Bernice Rhea, the wife of Garvin Gunn, Bethany; Benjamin Poe, further mention of whom is made later; Gladys F., the widow of Dr. Robert Eads, now residing with her parents; and Minnie Myrtle, Jefferson City. Benjamin Poe Chambers enlisted during the World War in the Navy June 1, 1917, and was in service for 27 months. He made several trips to France. He is now attending the University of Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Chambers have two grandchildren, James Robert Eads, born Feb. 15, 1922, and C. G. Gunn, Jr.

Mrs. Chambers was reared in Daviess County, and attended the public and high schools. For several years she taught school. On Aug. 1, 1909, she was appointed postmistress of Coffey, which position she now holds. She is a Republican. Mrs. Chambers is public spirited and one of the interesting and progressive women of Daviess County.

S. H. Everly, a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County, County, and owner of 754 acres of well improved land, is now living retired in Coffey. He was born in Daviess County, Sept. 17, 1842, a son of John J. and Phena (Seat) Everly.

John J. Everly was born March 6, 1817, in Pennsylvania, and came to Missouri when a young man, settling in Pilot Grove. He was one of the earliest settlers of Missouri and became a successful farmer and breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. At one time Mr. Everly owned 900 acres of land in Daviess County. He served as justice of the peace for several years and was also road overseer of Grand River Township. Mr. Everly was a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. Both he and his wife are deceased, and are buried in the Everly Cemetery. They were the parents of nine children, as follows: James, deceased; Oscar, deceased; John, deceased; Martha, deceased; William, deceased; Mary, the widow of

J. T. Meadows, Daviess County; Hannah, the wife of Dr. George T. Nether-ton, St. Joseph; Jane, the wife of Delbert Nether-ton, Gilman City; John K., living retired, Jameson; and S. H., the subject of this sketch.

S. H. Everly was reared in Daviess County and received his education in the district schools. He taught school for two terms in Daviess County, and then engaged in farming and stock raising. He began farming on 80 acres of land, and now owns 754 acres. Mr. Everly became a very successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. He specialized in the breeding of mules, and during his sales, would have 150 mules at one time. During the Civil War, Mr. Everly enlisted in Company A, 1st Regiment, Missouri Cavalry, and served under Major McGee for 10 months.

On Oct. 6, 1864, Mr. Everly was married the first time to Laura Har-bord, a native of Illinois, and to this union two children were born: J. B., farmer and stockman, Daviess County; James M., deceased. Mrs. Everly died March 5, 1868, and is buried in the Coffey Cemetery. On Feb. 23, 1871, Mr. Everly married Julia A. Meadows, a native of Tazewell County, Va., and daughter of Ayres and Evelyn (Wynne) Meadows. Both Mr. and Mrs. Meadows are deceased. To S. H. and Julia A. (Meadows) Everly five children were born, as follows: Phena, deceased; Mollie, deceased; Virginia E., a teacher for two terms, now the wife of Ira Maltsbarger, retired, Coffey; Ida, teacher for several years, now the wife of B. A. Dunbar, professor of chemistry in the Dakota Agricultural College; and Edgar B., resides in Billings, Mont.

Mr. Everly is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. He has always been connected with the prominent banks of Daviess County, and is now a stock holder in the bank of Coffey. Mr. Everly is nearly 80 years of age and his wife is 75 years old. They attribute thir success in life to honesty, industry, and thrift. Mr. Everly is a substantial citizen and stands high in the community and county.

William Dowell, popular garage owner of Coffey, and county en-gineer, was born Dec. 16, 1866, in Daviess County, a son of Lindsey C. and Sarah (Watson) Dowell.

Lindsey C. Dowell was born in Surry County, N. C., and came to Mis-souri in 1837, making the trip with oxen and covered wagon. He was one of the earliest settlers of Daviess County, and became a widely known stock-man. During the Civil War, Mr. Dowell enlisted in the Missouri State Militia and served for two years. He owned 220 acres of land at the time of his death. Mr. Dowell was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. He is buried in Coffey, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Dowell were the par-ents of five children, as follows: Martin, deceased; Louis, deceased; John,

Hutchinson, Kan.; and Emeline, the widow of J. M. O'Daniel, resides in Denver, Colo.; and William, the subject of this sketch.

William Dowell was reared in Daviess County and attended the public schools and Kirksville College. After completing his education, Mr. Dowell became engaged in the harness making business at Coffey, he remained in this work until 1913 when he opened a garage there. Mr. Dowell has been very successful with his garage business and is well known throughout the county. He is now serving as county engineer and surveyor, this being his third term.

On Jan. 4, 1898, Mr. Dowell was married to Clara House, a daughter of John D. and Sarah (Butcher) House, natives of Harrison County. Mr. and Mrs. House were the parents of the following children: Andrew B., deceased; Jane, the wife of W. D. Alder, Harrison County; Edwin, Harrison County; Frank, Coffey, Mo., Lena, living at home; Henry, Daviess County; Rosie, the wife of W. A. Merritt, Daviess County; Lucinda, the wife of Charles Timmons, Barton County; Fannie, the wife of H. H. Mulenax, Coffey; Wiley H., Harrison County; and Mrs. Dowell. Mr. House was a veteran of the Civil War and owned 600 acres of land in Harrison County.

To William and Clara (House) Dowell four children were born, as follows: Louis, deceased; John L., deceased; Viola, teacher in the public schools; Clarence W., associated with his father in the garage business.

In politics Mr. Dowell is a Republican, and he belongs to the Masonic Lodge, Royal Arch Chapter. Mr. Dowell is an enterprising citizen, and deserving of the success he is enjoying.

James R. Faulkner, the enterprising and well known druggist of Coffey, was born Oct. 23, 1855, in Jamesport. He is a son of Isaac O. and Mary (Gillihan) Faulkner.

Isaac O. Faulkner settled in Jamesport, where he became engaged in the general merchandise business. He later moved to Albany, where he went into the same business with his brother. During his entire life Mr. Faulkner was a merchant. He is deceased and is buried in Albany. Mr. Faulkner was a member of the Masonic Lodge. His widow is now 84 years of age and resides in Kansas City, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Faulkner were the parents of three children, as follows: Emma deceased; Laura, deceased; and James, the subject of this sketch.

James R. Faulkner was reared by his grandparents. He began life on a farm near Jamesport, Mo., where he remained for a number of years. In 1874 he went to Texas and in 1878 he returned to Jamesport, and engaged in the drug business. At the end of two years he went to California. He

then traveled for some time, after which he came to Coffey, where he established a drug store. He does an extensive business.

In politics, Mr. Faulkner is a Democrat. He belongs to the Masonic Lodge. He is one of the dependable citizens of Daviess County and is widely and favorably known.

J. C. Scott, deceased, was a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County for many years. He was born in Lafayette, Ind., and came to Missouri in 1860, settling in Daviess County. He was a son of Gustaveus and Elizabeth (Daniels) Scott.

Gustaveus Scott was a native of Alexandria, Va., and moved to Indiana when he was a young man. Later, in 1860, he moved with his family to Daviess County, where he practiced law for many years. Mr. Scott was prosecuting attorney for several years and was a large land owner. Mr. and Mrs. Gustaveus Scott were the parents of the following children: Anna, resides with her sister, Mrs. J. F. Henderson; Charles, Jamesport; Henry, deceased; Mary, the widow of John F. Henderson, Gallatin; William, deceased; George, deceased; and William D., Enid, Okla.; and J. C. Scott.

J. C. Scott was reared in Missouri. At the age of 13 years, he was forced to leave school, his father having died, he had to help the mother. He worked on a farm for ten dollars per month until he was able to purchase 160 acres of land. Mr. Mr. Scott became a prosperous farmer and stockman, owning several farms which he improved, buying and selling in different parts of the county. He was widely known as a successful breeder of Short-horn cattle and Poland China hogs.

Mr. Scott married Mary Alice Hughes, a daughter of T. M. and Mary A. (Mitchell) Hughes. Mrs. Scott was born in Daviess County, where she has lived during her entire life. Mr. and Mrs. Hughes were natives of Boone County, who came to Daviess County in 1858, where Mr. Hughes became a well known farmer and stockman. He owned 600 acres of land. In politics Mr. Hughes was a Democrat, and he was a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. and Mrs. Hughes were the parents of the following children: T. M., fruit dealer, California; Mrs. Mary Alice Scott; Eliza, the wife of A. C. Brown, Hagler, Kan.; Elizabeth, the wife of J. H. Flint, Kansas City, Mo.; S. E., real estate dealer, Gallatin.

Mr. Hughes died Aug. 13, 1868, and his wife died Oct. 2, 1907. They are buried in Crab Orchard Cemetery, Daviess County. To J. C. and Mary Alice (Hughes) Scott five children were born, as follows: John C., deceased; Cora Lee, the wife of Claude H. Galpin, merchant, Gallatin; Gussie H., deceased; Roy Thomas, farmer and stockman, Winston; Mary Ethel, the wife of Herman G. Vogler, merchant, San Francisco, Calif.

In Politics, Mr. Scott was a Democrat. He was a member of the Methodist Church, having been trustee for 32 years. Mr. Scott died Dec. 8, 1921, and is buried in Brown Cemetery. Mrs. Scott is now residing in Gallatin, where she owns a fine home. Mr. Scott was an industrious and sincere citizen. He merited the high regard in which he was held by the community.

William G. Welden, one of the highly respected citizens of Daviess County, who is now living retired in Coffey, was born in Hart County, Kentucky. He is a son of Jonathan and Sarah (Burch) Welden.

Jonathan Welden was a native of Virginia. In 1856 he came to Missouri, settling in Harrison County, where he engaged in farming and stock raising, owning 100 acres of well improved land. His farm was located three miles northeast of Coffey. Mr. Welden was a prominent breeder of sheep, hogs and mules. For a number of years he was deacon of the Baptist Church. He was a Democrat. Both Mr. and Mrs. Welden are deceased and are buried in Blue Ridge Cemetery, Harrison County. They were the parents of six children, as follows: William G., the subject of this sketch; Nancy, the wife of R. W. Handy, both deceased; C. H., retired merchant, Gallatin; James I., deceased; Mary, the wife of James Hamaker, both deceased; John R., Gallatin.

William G. Welden came to Missouri in 1856 with his parents. They made the trip with oxen and wagon from Kentucky, which required a month. Mr. Welden was educated in the district schools. He began life teaching school, and was also deputy surveyor of both Harrison and Daviess Counties for several years. He has served as township assessor and a member of the township board. Mr. Welden engaged in the general mercantile business in New Castle, Gentry County, where he remained for five years. He then moved to Pattonsburg, where he had a general store for ten years. Mr. Welden is now living retired, having sold his business ten years ago. During the Civil War, Mr. Welden enlisted in Company E, 43rd Missouri Infantry. He was in service for two years and was engaged in many important battles and skirmishes and was Orderly Sergeant. After the war Mr. Welden returned to the mercantile business. At one time he owned 300 acres of land. Mr. Welden married Mary J. Hardin, a native of Putnam County, Ind., and a daughter of John and Elizabeth (Grantham) Hardin, natives of Kentucky. To William G. and Mary J. (Hardin) Welden seven children were born as follows: Emma, the wife of Curtis Ford, retired farmer, California; James, deceased; C. J., resides in Nebraska; James I., deceased; Charles R.,

real estate, Los Angeles, Calif.; Sarah, the wife of Dr. W. D. Fulkerson, California; W. Guy, merchant, Coffey.

Mr. Welden is a Republican. He belongs to the Masonic Lodge, the Grand Army of the Republic, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Baptist Church, and has been a deacon for a number of years. Mr. Welden is a well known and well liked citizen. He is highly esteemed throughout Daviess County.

Dr. J. A. Burtch, a well known physician and surgeon, and prominent business man of Coffey, is a native of Kansas. He was born Aug. 17, 1871, in Bourbon County, Kan., the son of George W. and Theresa (Greer) Burtch.

George W. Burtch was a native of Ohio. He settled in Grundy County in 1855. Mr. Burtch settled in Bourbon County, Kan., after the Civil War and became a leading farmer and stockman of the county, owning 200 acres of good farm land. In 1878 George W. Burtch returned to Grundy County, Mo. In 1895 he moved to Kansas City Kan., where he spent the remainder of his life. He was a breeder of cattle and hogs. During the Civil War, Mr. Burtch enlisted from Missouri, in Company K, Missouri Infantry. He served for 18 months and was badly wounded, being crippled for life. He was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. Mr. Burtch died Jan. 13, 1913, and his wife died May 5, 1920. They both died in Kansas City, Kan., and are buried at Alpha, Mo., Cemetery. They were the parents of six children as follows: Emma, the wife of Frank G. Robertson, merchant, Humansville; J. H., Laredo, Mo.; Dr. J. A., the subject of this sketch; and Delbert, deceased, and two died in infancy.

Dr. J. A. Burtch was educated in the public and high schools, and attended the Chillicothe Normal School in 1890 and in March, 1895, graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Keokuk, Iowa. Dr. Burtch then began practicing medicine in Lucern, Putnam County, Mo., and remained there until the following year, when he came to Coffey. He has a very fine practice built up in Coffey, and is also in the garage business there, having opened a garage in 1915. It is the second largest garage in the county, and Dr. Burtch has the agency for Ford automobiles and supplies.

On July 11, 1895, at Gallatin, Mo., Dr. Burtch married Milisia Kilburn, a native of Laredo, Mo., and a daughter of David and Betty (Jackson) Kilburn. Mr. Kilburn was a prominent farmer and stockman of Grundy County for many years, owning 640 acres of land, and breeding Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. He was a Democrat and a

member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Kilburn died in 1899, and his wife died in 1898. They are buried in the Stucker Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Kilburn were the parents of six children as follows; Sterling, Nebraska; Nettie, deceased; Ira, farmer, Laredo; Mrs. Burtch; Mary, deceased; Emeline, the wife of W. E. McFarland, California.

Dr. Burtch served for 16 years on the United States Board of Pension Examiners and was township trustee for six years. He has also served as president of the school board. Dr. Burtch acted as mayor of Coffey for 30 days. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Modern Woodmen of America, W. O. W., the Knights of Pythias, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics, Dr. Burtch is a staunch Republican. During the World War, he volunteered his services, but was not called upon. Dr. Burtch was also in the drug business at Coffey from 1909 until 1920, when he sold out. Dr. Burtch has always been a progressive citizen with high standards of civic pride.

James Birge, a leading business man of Coffey, was born in Monroe County, Ky., May 24, 1850. He is a son of John and Liddie (Hedrick) Birge.

John Birge was a native of Kentucky, and during his entire life he carried on farming and stock raising. John Birge and wife were the parents of the following children: Thomas, deceased; James, the subject of this sketch; Elizabeth, deceased; Isaac, California; Thebert, deceased, was the wife of David Brown. Mr. and Mrs. Birge died when their children were very young, and left them in the care of their grandfather, Isaac Hedrick.

James Birge was educated in the district schools. He then began work on a farm, working for \$10 a month. Later, he purchased 195 acres of land, and became a breeder of Shorthorn cattle. Mr. Birge shipped about two cars of cattle per year, and was very successful in this line of work. His farm was located in Adams Township, Harrison County. He later sold it to his son-in-law, and is now engaged in the real estate and loan business in Coffey. He also has an insurance business.

On Sept. 16, 1880, Mr. Birge married Nancy Terry, a daughter of Louis and Cynthia (Hall) Terry, natives of Indiana, and pioneer settlers of Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Terry were the parents of 11 children as follows; Elizabeth, the wife of Samuel Glaze, Daviess County; Ruth, the wife of John Glaze, Daviess County; Levicia, married Thomas Allen, both are deceased; James, deceased; John, deceased; Isabel, the widow of Andrew Sweeney; Thomas, deceased; Louisa, the wife of

Frank Feurt, Daviess County; Martha, the wife of Fred Jerome, Colorado; Mrs. Birge; Jacob, deceased. Mr. Terry was a veteran of the Civil War, and a prominent farmer and stockman. He owned 160 acres of land, and was a breeder of high grade cattle. He died April 16, 1888, and his wife died Nov. 27, 1879.

To James and Nancy (Terry) Birge five children were born as follows: Three died in infancy; Nellie, the wife of Thurman Thompson, farmer and stockman, Harrison County; Boyd, resides in Seattle, Wash.

Mr. Birge is a veteran of the Civil War, having run away from home to enlist at the age of 15 years. He has served as tax collector and has served as mayor of Coffey for six terms. Mr. Birge is a member of the Masonic Lodge, and has been Master of Lodge No. 285 of Coffey. He has a fine residence in Coffey, where he now resides. Mr. Birge is a Republican. He has an excellent standing in the town of Coffey and is highly esteemed.

John A. Pate, a retired farmer and stockman and the owner of 330 acres of land in Johnson County, Mo., is one of the men who, by hard work, good management and unceasing perseverance, has achieved marked success in life. He was born in Platte County, March 16, 1841, a son of Gordon and Melissa (Sharp) Pate.

Gordon Pate was a native of Tennessee. In 1840 he came to Missouri, settling in Platte County. He became a well known farmer and stockman, owning 160 acres of land. His first home in Missouri was a log cabin. Mr. and Mrs. Pate were the parents of eight children as follows: Lucinda, deceased, was the wife of William McGlemery; Paulina Ellen, deceased; John A., the subject of this sketch; Alfred M., deceased; Susan, the wife of L. Corum, resides in California; George B., deceased; James W., retired farmer, resides in California; and Charles W., retired, living in California. Gordon Pate was a Democrat, and was a believer of the Baptist Church. He died in 1880, and his wife died in 1895.

John A. Pate was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools of Platte and Caldwell Counties. After completing his education, Mr. Pate worked for five years on farms, earning \$13 a month. He then purchased 50 acres of land, and engaged in farming and stock raising. Mr. Pate was a successful breeder of Short-horn cattle and Poland China hogs. He was one of the leading live stock shippers of the county for many years. During the Civil War, Mr. Pate enlisted in the Missouri State Militia, and was in service for three months.

Mr. Pate was married the first time to Julia A. Pollard, a native of

Tennessee, and a daughter of Stephen W. and Mary Lee Pollard. To this union five children were born as follows: Mary E., the wife of M. P. Thompson, farmer and stockman, Caldwell County; Stephen G., farmer and stockman, Caldwell County; Lura A., the wife of Smith Webb, farmer and stockman, Caldwell County; Flora A., the wife of Robert L. Bryant, farmer and stockman, Johnson County; and Charles W., Caldwell County. Stephan G. Pate married Etta Carr, who is now deceased. They had one son, Goldie Myril Pate, who has been reared by his grandfather, John A. Pate. During the World War he enlisted in Battery B, 35th Division. He was sent to France and served for nearly two years, taking part in many important battles. He was slightly gassed. He was discharged from service April 23, 1919, now lives in Kingston, Mo.

John A. Pate's first wife died May 15, 1909, and is buried in Prairie Ridge Cemetery, Caldwell County. On April 9, 1913, Mr. Pate married Martha C. Bowen Oliphant, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of Thomas P. and Drucilla Jane (Yates) Bowen. Mr. and Mrs. Bowen were the parents of 11 children as follows: Amanda, the wife of W. C. Wynne, Daviess County; Comoro E., deceased; Cora Alice, deceased; Emma Bell, deceased; William G., deceased; Mary F., deceased; James S., retired, Coffey; Howard A., deceased; Martha Cordelia Pate; Margaret C., twin sister of Martha, and the widow of J. W. Singleton; she now lives at Bartlett, Kan.; Thomas B., farmer and stockman, Daviess County. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bowen are deceased. Mrs. Pate taught school for a number of years in Daviess County. She was the widow of Elder R. A. Oliphant, a minister of the Primitive Baptist Church, Stanberry. Mrs. Pate was first married to Elder R. A. Oliphant Jan. 9, 1907. He died Dec. 3, 1910.

Mr. Pate is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He is now living retired in Coffey. Mr. Pate is a substantial and well known citizen. He has lived at Coffey since September, 1918, coming from Polo, Caldwell County.

James Stith, a well known business man of Coffey, is a native of Daviess County. He was born April 26, 1873, a son of Henry and Mary (Brown) Stith.

Henry Stith was born in Tennessee, and came to Missouri in 1861, settling in Grand River Township, Daviess County. He carried on general farming and stock raising, and owned 140 acres of good farm land. Mr. Stith was a breeder of high grade cattle and sheep. He died Feb. 14, 1922, and his wife died Dec. 3, 1917. They are buried in Union Grove Cemetery. Mr. Stith was a Republican and a member of the Bap-

tist Church, having been deacon for 50 years. Mr. and Mrs. Stith were the parents of 12 children as follows: Maggie, the wife of J. Odell, Kansas City, Mo.; James, the subject of this sketch; Syrus, Coffey; Grace, deceased; Stella, the wife of Frank Carter, at minister, Kansas City, Mo.; Eunice, the wife of Everett Shuler, Washington Township, Daviess County; Belle, the wife of John Bowman, Coffey; Harry, Lincoln Township; Jacob, resides in Adrain, Mo.; Ora, died at the age of 14 years, and two died in infancy.

James Stith was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County and attended the district schools. He then began farming on rented land. Later, he was able to purchase 40 acres of land. After several years, Mr. Stith sold his farm and came to Coffey, where he became engaged in the livery business. He has been in business in Coffey for 12 years, and has been very successful.

On Sept. 7, 1915, Mr. Stith married Pearl Smith, a native of Albany, and a daughter of William and Margie (Butrick) Smith, natives of Gentry and Daviess Counties, Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are the parents of eight children as follows: Mrs. Stith; Eddie, Daviess County; Annie, the wife of R. Cole, Jamesport; George, Lincoln Township; Jesse, Lincoln Township, Daviess County; Ruth, the wife of H. Shuler, Lincoln Township; Lellah, the wife of Louis Ward, Lincoln Township; Loran, living at home. Mr. Smith owns 285 acres of land in Gentry County, and is a well known farmer and stockman.

To James and Pearl (Smith) Stith two children have been born: Brooks, in business with his father; and Eileen, at home.

Mr. Stith is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. Mrs. Stith is engaged in the millinery business in Coffey and has been unusually successful. In politics Mrs. Stith is Democrat. Both Mr. and Mrs. Stith are progressive and enterprising citizens and are well and favorably known in Daviess County.

Elcania McClure, a well known and highly respected citizen of Washington Township, who is now living retired, was born June 20, 1844, in Van Buren County, Iowa. He is a son of Jacob B. and Martha (Williams) McClure, natives of Ohio and Virginia.

Jacob B. McClure was born in Ohio, and moved to Iowa when a young man. He later came to Missouri, settling in Scotland County, where he became engaged in farming and stock raising. Mr. McClure owned a great deal of land in Grundy County, and built the first grist and saw mill in the county. For a number of years he served as justice of the peace. During the Civil War, Mr. McClure enlisted in Company

K, Missouri State Cavalry, and served as second lieutenant. He was a Republican and belonged to the Baptist Church. Both Mr. and Mrs. McClure are deceased and are buried in the Bethany Cemetery. They were the parents of 11 children as follows: Alexander, deceased; Mary Jane, deceased; John, deceased; Joseph, deceased; Andy, deceased; Sparks, deceased; Cain, the subject of this sketch; Ruth, deceased; Lizzie, deceased; Matilda, deceased; and Frank, deceased.

Caine McClure, as he is known to his friends and neighbors, was reared on his father's farm in Grundy County, and received his education in the district schools. He began farming in Grundy County, and became a successful farmer and stockman, owning 160 acres of well improved land. Aug. 25, 1861, Mr. McClure enlisted in Company H, 23rd Missouri Volunteer Infantry, and served for three years. He was taken prisoner. He was in the following battles: Shiloh, Peach Tree, Ga., Atlanta, Ga., and Jonesboro. He was discharged at Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 22, 1864. At the close of the war, he returned to his farm. He is now living retired in Washington Township, Daviess County.

On Oct. 21, 1866, Mr. McClure married Mary J. Ward, a native of Morgan County, Ill., and a daughter of Emerson and Hanna (Willis) Ward. Mr. Ward was a native of England. He came to this country, settling in Illinois, where he remained for several years. Later, he removed to Missouri, and became the owner of 500 acres of land in Grundy County. Both Mr. and Mrs. Ward are deceased, and they are buried in Willis Chapel Cemetery, Grundy County. They were the parents of seven children as follows: Alice, married Charles Knight and both are deceased; Margaret, deceased; John, residing in California; Mrs. McClure; Rebecca, deceased; Lottie, the wife of Jesse Taylor, both deceased; Hattie, the widow of Nathan Shepard, Grundy County. To Cain and Mary J. (Ward) McClure seven children have been born as follows: Frank, farmer, Oklahoma; Hannah, Jefferson City; Myrtle, the wife of Charles Conaway, Jefferson City; Lottie, the wife of Henry Maxie, farmer, Harrison County; Emerson, farmer and stockman, Harrison County; Daisy, the wife of Charles Hansell, farmer, Harrison County; and John, farmer, Idaho.

Mr. McClure is a Republican. He has served as constable of Harrison and Grundy Counties. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and is well known in his community, where he has always been held in high esteem.

John Galbreath, an enterprising farmer and stockman of Washington Township, and the owner of 195 acres of well improved land in Daviess County, was born in Daviess County, Feb. 14, 1862, the son of Squire and Martha Jane (Brown) Galbreath.

Squire Galbreath is a native of Franklin County, Ky. He is one of the pioneer settlers of Daviess County, and his brother, William, built the first log cabin in Coffey. Squire Galbreath has lived in Daviess County for many years and has been a leading farmer and stockman. He is now 90 years of age and resides in Coffey. His wife died Dec. 19, 1914, and is buried in the cemetery at Coffey. Mr. and Mrs. Galbreath were the parents of eight children as follows: Lizzie, the widow of Joseph Gotshall, resides in Nevada, Mo.; William, deceased; John, the subject of this sketch; James, deceased; Dr. J. W., now practicing in Henry County; Ellen, the wife of Sterling Creighton, veterinary surgeon, Coffey; David, deceased; Gertrude, the wife of Claude Yarbrough, assistant cashier of the Coffey Bank. Mr. Galbreath is a veteran of the Civil War, having served for three years with the Missouri Volunteer Cavalry, under Colonel McFeran.

John Galbreath was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He has been engaged in farming and stock raising all his life. When he began farming, Mr. Galbreath worked for \$18 a month, but was soon able to purchase his first 80 acres of land. He now owns 195 acres in Washington Township, Daviess County, and is a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and spotted Poland China hogs. He has a fine two-story residence, and his farm is modern in every respect.

On Dec. 10, 1884, Mr. Galbreath married Birdie McPhetridge, a native of Texas, and a daughter of Paris and Mary (Robertson) McPhetridge was a native of Indiana, and an early settler of Salem Township, Daviess County. Both Mr. and Mrs. McPhetridge are deceased and are buried in California. To John and Birdie (McPhetridge) Galbreath five children have been born, as follows: Mack, a graduate of Columbia University, and now employed as a civil engineer for the government, residing in Frankfort, Ky.; Grace, a graduate of Columbia University, now teaching school at Hannibal; Hazel, educated in the schools of Coffey, and the Kansas City Hospital's Nurse's School; Lucy, the wife of Reed Netherton, farmer and stockman, Washington Township, Daviess County; Mildred, attending Columbia University, taking a teacher's course.

Mr. Galbreath is identified with the Republican party in politics,

and belongs to the Masonic Lodge. He is a reliable and efficient member of the community and has the esteem of his fellow citizens.

W. L. Thompson, a retired farmer of Washington Township, Daviess County, has lived on his present farm for 55 years. He was born in Adams County, Ill., on Sept. 22, 1847, a son of Morgan and Jane (Potter) Thompson.

Morgan Thompson was born in Athens County, Ohio, and moved to Illinois when a very young man, where he remained for 21 years. He then came to Missouri, settling in Washington Township, Daviess County. Mr. Thompson came to Missouri in 1856, and became a prosperous farmer and stockman, owning 1,000 acres of well improved land. Both Mr. and Mrs. Thompson are deceased. Mr. Thompson was a Democrat, and a member of the Methodist Church, his father having been a minister. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson were the parents of seven children, as follows: Emily, the wife of Frank Hendricks, both deceased; Theodore, deceased; W. L., the subject of this sketch; Mary Ann, the wife of Pierce Dye, both deceased; Frank, deceased; Nancy, the wife of Clark Welborn, farmer, Nebraska; and George, farmer, resides in Carroll County.

W. L. Thompson was reared on his father's farm in Illinois, and attended the district schools. He has always been a farmer. During the Civil War, he enlisted in Company F, 43rd Missouri Infantry, from Daviess County, and served for 11 months, taking part in many important battles and skirmishes. Mr. Thompson owns 160 acres of good farm land in Washington Township, and was a successful breeder of high grade cattle and hogs.

On Sept. 22, 1869, Mr. Thompson married Josephine Wilborn, a native of Indiana, and a daughter of Siras and Virena (Henshaw) Wilborn. To this union one child was born, Clarence Emerson Thompson, who now resides in Red Lodge, Mont. , and is county clerk and recorder. Mrs. W. L. Thompson died in 1875, and is buried in Iowa. On July 4, 1877, Mr. Thompson was married the second time to Rose Palmer, a native of Sullivan County, and to this union five children were born, as follows: Annie, the wife of Clarence Henderson, farmer, residing with father; Willow, the widow of Charles Whitley, Washington Township, Daviess County; Delilah, deceased; Mabel, deceased; Carroll, resides in Billings, Mont. Carroll Thompson enlisted during the World War, and was with the air service for one and one-half years. He was discharged after the armistice was signed.

W. L. Thompson is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church.

His wife died April 2, 1905, and is buried in Hills Cemetery. Mr. Thompson is highly esteemed citizen of Daviess County.

Clem P. Mann, a well known and successful farmer of Jamesport Township, Daviess County, is a native of Daviess County, having been born on the farm he now owns. He was born Dec. 22, 1878, a son of Alexander Robinson and Sarah (Cutshall) Mann.

Alexander Robinson Mann was the son of Major John and Elizabeth (Conner) Mann, and was born in Greenbrier County, Va., Sept. 17, 1831. His father was a major in the war of 1812 and his grandfather, John Mann, was a major in the American Revolution. When he was a small child, his parents moved to Missouri, settling in Daviess County, near Blake, where he grew to manhood. Alexander Robinson Mann was one of 10 children, only two of whom died under 80 years of age. To Alexander Robinson and Sarah (Cutshall) Mann three children were born, as follows: J. W., Jamesport; Clem P., the subject of this sketch; and Celia M., the wife of Frank Dixon, Jamesport. Mr. Mann died May 1, 1922, and is buried in Pilot Grove Cemetery. His wife died Feb. 14, 1914. Mr. Mann was a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County, and a successful breeder of high grade stock. He owned 160 acres of land. Mr. Mann was a member of the Baptist Church and belonged to the Masonic Lodge. He was one of the highly respected citizens of Daviess County. The Mann family has in their possession a letter which the father wrote to his son in 1898, which ably sets forth his high ideals of life and his Christian character.

Clem P. Mann was reared on his father's farm in Jamesport Township, and received his education in the public schools. He began farming on rented land, and is now operating the old home farm in Jamesport Township, Daviess County. Mr. Mann is a breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Spotted Poland China hogs.

On Oct. 19, 1898, Mr. Mann married Della A. Pryor, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of C. D. and Helen (Jefferson) Pryor. Mr. and Mrs. Pryor are the parents of the following children: Lurah, deceased; Mrs. Mann; Hattie, the wife of William Gay, a widow, St Joseph; Wesley G., deceased; Charles C., farmer and stockman, Lincoln Township; William, deceased; Frankie, the wife of Walter Lockridge, farmer, Daviess County; Stella Pearl, deceased; Fred, St. Joseph; and Paul, farmer and stockman, Lincoln Township. Paul Pryor was drafted during the World War and was sent to France with the 47th Infantry, Ambulance Company No. 21. He took part in many important battles, and was also with the army of occupation in Germany after the signing

of the armistice. Mr. C. D. Pryor is now living in Daviess County with his son, Paul. Mrs. Pryor died June 25, 1920, and is buried in Pilot Grove Cemetery. To Clem and Della (Pryor) Mann two children have been born, as follows: Letha Marie, graduated at Professor Earnest's School of Music and Art in Trenton, Dec. 30, 1919, residing at home; and Malana Roemayne, attending high school in Jamesport, and residing at home.

In politics, Mr. Mann is a Democrat. He is a member of the Baptist Church. During the Civil War, Mr. Mann's father, Alexander Robinson Mann, enlisted in the Confederate army, and served throughout the war. The Mann family is well known in Daviess County and are highly regarded among their many friends and acquaintances.

Will S. Gould, proprietor of Sunnyside Farm near Winston in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born in DeKalb County, Ill., Oct. 27, 1861, the son of B. S. and Rachel (Hines) Gould.

B. S. Gould was born in Dutchess County, N. Y., and died in DeKalb County, Ill., in 1875. In 1878, his widow went to Kansas with her family, and settled in Lincoln County, where she died in 1916 at the age of 83 years. The children of B. S. and Rachel (Hines) Gould were: Ida, dead, was Mrs. Duryee; Ella, now Mrs. Hudson of Colfax Township; Will S., the subject of this review; Marquis D., last heard of in San Francisco, Calif.; Everett N., living at Fairview, Okla.; Truman L., deceased; Hattie May, now Mrs. Davison of Lincoln, Kans.; and Ernest, of Henrietta, Okla.

Will S. Gould attended the rural schools of Illinois, and went to Lincoln County, Kans., in 1878. He was a farmer and stockraiser there until 1902, when he came to Jefferson Township, Daviess County. He bought 225 acres of his present home from J. S. Stevens. The 80 acres, where the house now stands, was entered in 1839 by Mr. Dunning, who sold it in 1843 to Olden Cole, for \$165. The farm has had a historical interest since the exploits of the James Boys in 1880. They had their horses tied on the Gould farm, ready for flight. They boarded the train at Winston, stopped it just out of town, and after the killing of Conductor Westfall, the robbers escaped on the horses, which were hidden in the woods on the Gould farm. The Rock Island Railway runs through the farm. The place is well watered. Mr. Gould keeps 115 acres in pasture, and raises Percheron horses, Shorthorn cattle, and Duroc Jersey hogs.

Will S. Gould was married in 1885 to Mattie E. Hayden, a daughter of Eli and Mary (Poor) Hayden. Both Mr. and Mrs. Hayden died in Lane County, Oregon. Mrs. Gould was born in Kosciusko County, Ind., and was educated in Ellsworth County, Kans. Besides Mrs. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Hayden had the following children: Angeline, now Mrs. Chapman of



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Washington; Ella, living in Lane County, Ore.; Huldah, now Mrs. Conley, of Lane County, Ore.; and C. C., also a resident of Lane County, Ore.

To the union of Will S. and Mattie E. (Hayden) Gould the following children were born: Oda, a graduate of the Kansas City Veterinary College, now living in St. Joseph; Glenn, living in DeKalb County; Floy, a graduate of Baker University, Baldwin, Kans., now a teacher of home economics at Alta Vista, Kans.; Effie, a graduate nurse of Kansas City; Clem on the home farm; Veva, the wife of Arthur Pyle of Nebraska City, Neb.; Wirt, a student in Kidder Institute; and Esther, a student in the Winston High School. She has not been tardy or absent in the seven years that she has attended school. Mr. and Mrs. Gould have six grandchildren, Willie, Wilhelmina, Ruth, Emery, Hazel Gould, and Keith Pyle.

Mr. Gould is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. He held the offices of trustee, clerk and treasurer of Golden Belt Township, in Lincoln County, Kans., where he also served as justice of the peace. He is now a member of the township board of Jefferson Township, having been appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of H. L. Johnson. Mr. Gould is a progressive farmer and a citizen of material worth to the community. The Gould family is highly respected in the county.

George P. Watkins, deceased, who was one of the successful and enterprising farmers of Jamesport Township, was born in Illinois, Nov. 4, 1870, a son of George and Laura Ann (Lashley) Watkins.

George Watkins, Sr., was a native of Indiana. He moved to Illinois and several years later came to Missouri, where he settled in Lincoln Township, Daviess County. Mr. Watkins became a prominent farmer and stockman of Missouri, and owned 120 acres of well improved land. For a number of years he served as a constable in Illinois. Both George Sr., and his wife are deceased and are buried in Grundy County. They were the parents of 12 children, as follows: Lorton, deceased; J. P., deceased; Lucy, deceased; Cynthia, the wife of Charles E. Howard, a farmer in Kansas; George P., the subject of this sketch; Sarah May, the wife of Frank P. Wells, retired farmer, Cameron; Walter Scott, a farmer near Melborn; Mary Elizabeth, the wife of Earnest Worley, Jamesport; William Jasper, deceased; James Garfield, a farmer, resides in Fish-trap, Wash.; Bessie Jane, the wife of W. O. Rosenbaum, Henry County; and one child died in infancy.

George P. Watkins was educated in the district schools, and spent his entire life on a farm. He was the owner of 160 acres of land in Daviess County, and a breeder of Shorthorn cattle, Shropshire sheep,

and hogs. During the last 10 years of his life he operated a threshing machine. He died Dec. 14, 1917, and is buried in Grundy County.

George P. Watkins married Alice Knight Jan. 31, 1894. She is a daughter of William A. and Angelina (Nipper) Knight, natives of West Virginia and Illinois. . To this union six children were born, as follows: O. V., deceased; Laura Angeline, the wife of James C. Critten, a farmer; George A., farmer and stockman, residing on the old home place, Lincoln Township; Thelma, living with her mother; Hugh Palmer, at home; one child died in infancy. Mrs. Watkins is now living on a farm of 80 acres in Jamesport Township, and owns 80 acres in Lincoln Township. She raises Shorthorn cattle and other high grade stock. Mrs. Watkins is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church.

George P. Watkins served as school director for a number of years. He belonged to the Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. Watkins was a Republican. He was an industrious, energetic man, who held the high esteem of his neighbors.

Charles L. Scott is an enterprising and practical farmer and stockman, living in Lincoln Township. He was born in Crawfordsville, Ind., Dec. 22, 1852, a son of Gustavus and Elizabeth (Daniels) Scott.

Gustavus Scott was a native of Culpeper County, Va. In 1840 he came to Ohio, and five years later moved to Indiana. In 1866 Mr. Scott moved to Missouri, settling in Daviess County, five miles west of Gallatin. Mr. Scott was an attorney, and practiced law in Ohio, Indiana and Missouri, where he owned 480 acres of good farm land. Mr. Scott died in 1867 and his wife died May 2, 1889. They are buried in Creekmore Cemetery, Gallatin. Mr. and Mrs. Scott were the parents of seven children, as follows: William, deceased; Anna, resides with Mrs. J. F. Henderson, Gallatin; John, deceased; Charles L., the subject of this sketch; William, resides in Oklahoma; Henry, deceased; George, deceased.

Charles L. Scott was reared on a farm and attended the district schools. He began farming on the home farm, west of Gallatin, but later rented land with his brother, John C., south of Winston. He remained there for four years, after which he purchased his present farm of 360 acres in Lincoln Township. Mr. Scott has been located on this farm for the past 35 years. He is a widely known breeder of Hereford cattle and black Poland China hogs. His farm is well improved with a fine residence and other modern buildings.

On Sept. 24, 1879, Mr. Scott married Mary Witten, a daughter of William and Permelia (Gillespie) Witten, pioneer settlers of Lincoln

Township, Daviess County. To Charles L. and Mary (Witten) Scott the following children were born: William, Spokane, Wash.; Charles H., farmer, Daviess County; Thomas, railway postal clerk, Spokane, Wash.; Gustavus, ranchman, Idaho; Elizabeth, the wife of Bert Fulkerson, farmer, Edinburgh; Rena, the wife of Boyle Fulkerson, farmer, Brimson; James, who was inducted into the army from Gallatin during the World War, and sent to Camp Funston, Kan. He was in service for six months, serving with a machine gun company in the 10th Division. He was discharged after the armistice was signed and is now engaged in farming and stock raising with his father.

Charles L. Scott is a Democrat and is a member of the Methodist Church.

James M. Ray, a substantial farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, and the owner of 155 acres of well improved land, is a native of Illinois. He was born April 30, 1863, a son of John and Cornelia (Moore) Ray.

John Ray was born in Illinois and came to Missouri in 1867, settling in Lincoln Township, where he became a leading farmer and stockman. Mr. Ray owned 160 acres of land and was a breeder of cattle, sheep and hogs. He was a Republican. Mr. and Mrs. John Ray were the parents of 11 children, as follows: John, retired farmer, Gilman City; Charles, deceased; Lizzie, deceased, was the wife of Joseph Witt; Docia, the wife of Volina Mote, farmer, Oklahoma; George, farmer, Harrison County; James M., the subject of this sketch; William, deceased; Katie married George Hull, farmer, in Arkansas; Frank, when last heard of he had started for the Alaska gold fields; Lena, the wife of Frank Boyer, farmer, resides in Kansas; Esther, was the wife of John McGown, deceased. John Ray died in 1916, and his wife died in 1892 and they are buried in Oklahoma.

James M. Ray was reared on a farm and has been connected with farm affairs all of his life. He obtained his education in the rural schools. In 1900, Mr. Ray bought his present farm and has made extensive improvements. He has been interested in the breeding of Short-horn and Red Pole cattle, and has been very successful.

Mr. Ray was married on Nov. 4, 1886, to Nellie Sheetz, born in Freeport, Ill., a daughter of William and Roxie (Snyder) Sheetz. Mr. Sheetz was a prominent stockman of Washington Township. To James M. and Nellie (Sheetz) Ray four children were born, as follows: Ivan, further mention of whom is made below; Mabel, the wife of Vilas Dale, farmer, Washington Township; Ruth, attending college; Bessie, who

graduated from Gilman City High School in May, 1922, and will teach in Boyd School in the fall term of 1922. During the World War, Ivan Ray entered the army from Gallatin and was sent to Camp Funston. He served in France for 22 months with Company H, 139 Infantry, 35th Division and was wounded during the Argonne Drive. He also took part in other important battles and was discharged May 8, 1919. He is now engaged in farming and stock raising with his father and also teaches school.

James M. Ray is a Republican and has served as a member of the school board for 13 years.

W. D. Smith, farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, is the owner of 280 acres of well improved land and is well known in the township as a man of integrity and industry. He was born in Gentry County Nov. 4, 1863, a son of R. L. and Martha J. (Vincent) Smith.

R. L. Smith was born in Kentucky, Feb. 15, 1838, and came to Missouri with his parents when a small boy. They settled first in Harrison County and later went to Gentry County. Mr. Smith became a prominent farmer and stockman of Gentry County, where he owned 120 acres of land. To R. L. and Martha J. (Vincent) Smith six children were born, as follows: Bryan, farmer and stockman, Gentry County; W. D., the subject of this sketch; Edward, deceased; Tena, the wife of James Gribble, both deceased; Charles, resides in Kansas; and Frank, farmer and stockman, Gentry County. R. L. Smith died June 2, 1895, and his wife died Oct. 2, 1921. They are buried in Gentry County.

W. D. Smith was reared on a farm and attended the district schools. He started farming on rented land, where he remained for two years, after which he purchased his present farm in Lincoln Township, Daviess County. Mr. Smith is well known as a successful breeder of high grade stock.

Mr. Smith was married on Dec. 25, 1883, to Marjorie Butrick, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of George W. and Elizabeth (Castor) Butrick. Mr. Butrick was a veteran of the Civil War, having served with Company D, Missouri Volunteer Infantry. Both Mr. and Mrs. Butrick are deceased, having died in 1919. They are buried in Shepherd Cemetery, Gentry County. To W. D. and Marjorie (Butrick) Smith eight children have been born, as follows: Ella Pearl, the wife of James Stith, Coffey; Edward Earl, further mention of whom is made below; Anna Dell, the wife of R. Cole, farmer and stockman, Jamesport; George Lee, farmer and stockman, resides in Lincoln Township, Daviess County; Jesse Frank, farmer and stockman, Jamesport; Mary Ruth, the

wife of L. Ward, farmer and stockman, Gilman City; and William L., farmer, living at home with his parents.

Edward Earl Smith entered the army during the World War and was sent to Camp Funston, becoming a member of Company D, 356th Infantry. He was later transferred to Company L, 4th Infantry, and April 1918 sailed for overseas and served for 22 months. Mr. Smith was on the firing line for 23 days at one time. He took part in many important battles and drives. He was gassed five times and shell shocked. He was in a hospital for six weeks in France and later went to Germany with the Army of Occupation, where he remained for six months. Mr. Smith has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal by the United States for his service during the war. He is now living at home with his parents.

W. D. Smith is a Democrat and his wife is a Republican. She is a member of Royal Neighbors. They are members of the Baptist Church. Mr. Smith belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America and has served as school director for a number of years.

George W. Reed, a resident of Albany, has been well known in Gentry County for many years as a successful farmer, a county official, and the postmaster of Albany. Mr. Reed was born in Logan County, Ill., Dec. 10, 1862, the son of George and Hannah (Devlin) Reed, both of whom died in Andrew County.

George and Hannah (Devlin) Reed came to Fillmore, Andrew County when their son, George W., the subject of this review was only a lad. Their children were: Frank, now living at Lindsborg, Kan., with his son who is the cashier of a bank; Ida, married C. F. Dodge and died in Andrew County, leaving a daughter, Lulu B. who married Wardey Marsteller, and after his death, married Doctor W. H. Gundrum of Owensmonth, Calif.; George W., the subject of this sketch; Thomas Sherman, is now assistant tax commissioner for the Missouri Pacific Railway at St Louis; John, volunteered when only a boy for service in the Union Army during the Civil War and died two weeks after his return from service. His remains are buried at Savannah, Mo. Another son, Henry, also volunteered for service in the Union Army and died at Baton Rouge, La.

George W. Reed was reared in Andrew County and at the age of 13 years began to work on a farm for \$10 a month. He retained this place for six years and at the time he left, was drawing a wage of \$20 a month, the highest wage paid a farm hand in the county at that time. He was married and moved to his farm on his return from New Orleans.

Mr. Reed moved to his farm eight miles east of Albany in the spring of 1885. He continued to live on this farm for ten years. In the fall of 1894, Mr. Reed was elected the sheriff of Gentry County on the Republican ticket, the first person to be elected to this office on that ticket for 25 years. He was re-elected to the same office in 1896, although W. J. Bryan carried the county by more than 900 majority. At the expiration of his term of office in 1898, Mr. Reed built a nice home at Albany where he and his wife have made their residence ever since. The house is located at the corner of Clay and College avenues and is one of the prettiest places in Albany. From 1900 to 1906, Mr. Reed served on the Board of Education at Albany and in 1906 he was appointed Postmaster of Albany by President Roosevelt. He was reappointed to his office by President Taft, serving in all nine years. During all of the time of his public service, Mr. Reed continued to operate his farm of 200 acres but in the fall of 1916 he sold the stock from his farm and rented the land. As a farmer his interest was especially in the breeding of Hereford cattle in which enterprise he was very successful.

Mr. Reed was married on Feb. 4, 1885, to Mary E. Miller and that winter they visited the Cotton Exposition at New Orleans.

On January 1, 1915, Mr. Reed began working for C. G. Comstock and Son as the superintendent of their farms and he continued this work after the death of C. G. Comstock in St. Joseph in May, 1917. Mr. Reed was with A. W. Hutchinson in the marble and granite business for several years and he has been a director of the Gentry County Bank for the past 12 years.

Mr. Reed has made a marked success in his various lines of work. He was an excellent official and has always manifested a keen interest in the welfare of his community.

John F. Patton, now deceased, had been the capable postmaster of Albany since May 8, 1915. He was a native Missourian. Born at Richmond in Ray County, July 14, 1860, and has spent all of his life in this state.

Mr. Patton's parents were R. W. and Lucetta Jane (Hale) Patton, both deceased. They were natives of Tennessee and were married in Ray County, Missouri. R. W. Patton's father, James E. Patton, was a native of Tennessee and came to Missouri in 1844. He entered land in Ray County and lived on his farm there until his death in 1872 at the age of 78 years. Lucetta Jane (Hale) Patton's father, Isaac Hale, was also a Tennessean who came to Missouri about 1844 and entered land. His farm was near the Patton homestead. Mr. Hale did general farming and

raised stock. He died at Richmond, Ray County, at the age of 80 years.

R. W. Patton was a veteran of the Mexican War in which he served under Colonel Doniphan. Mr. Patton was a successful farmer and stock-raiser of the county. He died at his farm north of Richmond in 1892 at the age of 67 years. His wife died in 1869. The remains of both are buried in the Patton family cemetery. Their children were: W. C., a farmer at Weston. He spent 40 years in the drug and book business at Richmond, Mo.; W. R., now serving his third term as the presiding judge of Ray County and living at Richmond; John F., the subject of this sketch; Ben R., living on the Patton farm in Ray County; E. W., operating a drug and book store at Richmond; a daughter, now Mrs. C. C. Powell of Richmond; and Jennie B., for 20 years a well known teacher of English in the Richmond High School, for three years a teacher at Albany, and now conducting a dry goods and ladies' furnishing store at Richmond.

John F. Patton was educated in the schools at Richmond and at the age of 21 began clerking in the first drug store ever opened at Excelsior Springs. Later he clerked at Odessa and in 1883 went to Andrews County and opened a drug store at Savannah. He operated this business successfully until 1890 when he came to Albany and opened a drug and book store there. He ran this store with marked success for more than 20 years and at the end of that time sold the business to W. D. O'Neal who had been a clerk in the store for some time.

On May 8, 1915, Mr. Patton was appointed postmaster at Albany and was reappointed on Jan. 23, 1920. Mr. Patton made an accommodating and efficient official in the postoffice.

John F. Patton and Ophelia S. Hutchison of Savannah were married on Dec. 30, 1886. Mrs. Patton is a daughter of Brazil and Keziah Hutchison. To the union of John F. and Ophelia S. (Hutchison) Patton the following children were born: Jean B., married to Captain Boyd L. Smith, in the regular army, and a dental surgeon in charge of the hospital at Camp Eustis, Va.; Virgil C., a brief sketch of whom appears below; Lloyd H., in the S. A. T. C. at St. Louis for a while, and now the clerk in the postoffice at Albany; and John F., Jr., a graduate of the Albany High School in 1920 and now a student in Palmer College.

Virgil C. Patton enlisted for service in the World War at Kansas City, Mo., and was sent to the Great Lakes Naval Training Station. He was in Sousa's Great Lakes Band. He remained at the Training Station for eight months and then went with the band on a six weeks' tour for the Fourth Liberty Loan, visiting 85 towns during the tour. He was

then sent to New York and was at Bay Ridge for five months, then made eight round trips on the United States Steamship, America, between Hoboken, New Jersey, and Brest, France. On one trip the ship made Boston, also. On one of the trips Mr. Patton was given a leave for a two weeks' sight-seeing trip to Paris. He was in service more than 17 months and during that time traveled more than 5,500 miles on water. Since returning to his home, Mr. Patton has been made the assistant postmaster and is the leader of the Albany Band. Young men of his stamina are the best assets of a town and community.

John F. Patton was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having joined that lodge at Alton, Kan., 35 years ago when he owned a branch drug store at that town for two years. For 20 years he was the secretary of the lodge at Albany. Mr. Patton was a citizen of high ideals for his community, a man of energy and decision in his business relations.

John F. Patton died March 19, 1922, survived by his widow, four children, four brothers and two sisters, mentioned above. Interment was in the Grandview Cemetery at Albany, Mo. At the time of his death, he was 61 years and eight months old. He died of bronchial pneumonia.

He was a man worthy to be called a man. He possessed a sterling character and was loved by everyone who knew him.

Frank L. Smith, for the past five years the lessee of the O. T. Anderson farm of 400 acres in Wilson Township, Gentry County and the owner of 40 acres of land in Athens Township which he rents out, is a member of a pioneer family of the county, the Smiths having settled here in the early frontier days of the state. Mr. Smith was born at New Hampton, Mo. Jan. 26, 1874, the son of Richard Lee and Martha J. (Vincent) Smith.

Richard Lee Smith was born in Kentucky in 1838. His father, G. W. Smith, moved his family to Gentry County in 1843 and entered 160 acres of land in Athens Township. He died in 1886 and his remains are buried in Bulla Cemetery. Richard Lee Smith grew up in Gentry County and became well known. He died in 1895. His wife, Martha J. (Vincent) Smith, was born in Kentucky, June 27, 1835, and died at the home of John G. Vincent near Girard, Kan., Oct. 1, 1921. The remains of both Mr. and Mrs. Smith are buried in Shepherd Cemetery, a graveyard located on the old Smith homestead. To the union of Richard Lee and Martha J. (Vincent) Smith the following children were born: Bryan V., a farmer near Gentryville; W. D., a farmer near Gilman City; Eddie C., died in 1885; Tenie, died in 1894; Charlie F., address unknown; Frank

L., the subject of this review. By a former marriage of Martha J. Vincent to David Ploughman she had one daughter, Mary, now Mrs. Gribble of Arkansas City, Kan.

Frank L. Smith received his education in the school at Evona and remained at home with his parents until he was 23 years old when he went to Albany where he lived for seven years. Since that time he has been engaged in the occupation of farming and stock raising. He raises approximately 150 Duroc Jersey hogs each year and also raises and feeds at least two car loads of cattle during the same time. Mr. Smith is operating the farm he leases, and also looking after his own land.

Frank L. Smith was married, April 11, 1897, to Nannie J. Thompson, a daughter of Alex Thompson of Athens Township. Her father is dead and her mother lives at Evona. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have six children as follows: Victor V., married Julia Linthacum of Wilson Township, and lives in that community on a farm; Harry, clerk in J. P. Ferguson's store at Evona; Claude R., at home; Grace M., Eddie Carl, and Charles Marvin all at home.

Mr. Smith is a Democrat in politics. He is a man of a wide acquaintance in Gentry County where his family has been well and favorably known for many years.

Silas Edgar Quigley, proprietor of Fairview Farm in Athens Township, is a native of Gentry County, born near Mt. Zion Church in Miller Township, Nov. 6, 1868, the son of William and Nancy (Price) Quigley.

Peter Price, the maternal grandfather of S. E. Quigley, was a Virginian who was in service during the War of 1812. He was one of the first settlers in the Platte Purchase where he located in Buchanan County in the early days and where he became a prominent citizen, serving as a justice of the peace and also as a member of the county court. He moved to Gentry County in 1846 and settled in Athens Township. Here, too, he was a well known man in his community. He married Nancy Rector in Vigo County, Ind., in 1816. She was born in Claiborne County, Tenn., June 14, 1796, and died Oct. 25, 1872. Her husband died Nov. 5, 1872. The remains of both are buried in Brushy Cemetery. Their daughter, Nancy, was the mother of S. E. Quigley.

William Quigley, father of S. E. Quigley, was born in Morgan County, Ind., Dec. 26, 1838. His father was John Quigley, a native of Ireland, and his mother was Mariah Rice of French descent. William Quigley came to Gentry County in 1858 and taught school for several years, farming at the same time. He owned a farm of 400 acres in

Athens Township. He enlisted for service during the Civil War and was placed in Company I, 21st Missouri Infantry in 1864. He served one year and at the close of the war returned to his farm. He married Nancy Price, who was born in Vigo County, Ind., March 29, 1834, in October, 1861, and to this union the following children were born: Henrietta, now the wife of R. H. Nicholson of Albany; John F., married Rosa Albin, daughter of John N. Albin, and died on the home place where his widow still lives on May 8, 1915, at the age of 48 years; Silas E., the subject of this sketch; Laura, wife of William Rigney of Albany; Nancy M., now the wife of Isaac G. Patton of Miller Township; and W. H., a graduate of the Department of Journalism of the Missouri State University at Columbia, and now the editor-in-chief of the St. Louis Post Dispatch at St. Louis.

S. E. Quigley attended the public schools and farmed the home place for a while. He now owns 165 acres of the Quigley farm as well as his present home place of 125 acres which he bought in 1906, 40 acres, purchased in the fall of 1915, and 120 acres, bought in May, 1920. Mr. Quigley built a new residence in 1911. He has excellent farm buildings and has been successful in his operation of his holdings. He raises Duroc Jersey hogs and owns a registered male.

Mr. Quigley was married Sept. 20, 1893, to Harriet E. Zentz, a daughter of Frank and Martha (Roney) Zentz, both living at Albany. Mrs. Quigley was born in Daviess County near Kidder, but has lived in Gentry County since 1879. Mr. and Mrs. Quigley have the following children: Nancy Lela, teaching her home school and married to Fred Willet of Stanberry; Edgar F., born on the home place, graduated from the commercial course at Palmer College in 1916, entered the United States Army service on Oct. 23, 1918, was sent to Camp Bowie, Texas, where he remained until April, 1919, when he was sent to Camp Pike, Arkansas and discharged, April 17, 1919, is a member of the Donald Holden Post No. 106, American Legion, and is now farming with his father; Laura, the wife of George Redd of Albany; Pearl Marie and Daisy May, twins, attended Albany High School; Richard O., a graduate of Albany High School; Grace Ellen, a graduate of the Albany High School and now teaching the Quigley District School; Ruth, now a senior in the Albany High School; Thelma, a freshman in the Albany High School; and Martha Helen.

Mr. Quigley is a Republican in his political views. He is one of the reliable men and substantial citizens of the county.

Samuel R. McConkey, a well known farmer of Athens Township where he owns 200 acres of land about six miles southeast of Albany, is a native of Gentry County where his family has been favorably known for many years. Mr. McConkey's parents, Allen G. and Magdalen (Spessard) McConkey, lived on a farm just two miles west of Mr. McConkey's present home and there he was born on Dec. 1, 1858.

Allen McConkey was born in Roanoke County, Va., Sept. 7, 1820. He was one of the pioneer settlers of Gentry County where he came in 1845 and entered land in Athens Township. He became a prominent farmer and stockman and at the time of his death owned 1,400 acres of land. The old house, built of frame and filled in with brick, erected by Mr. McConkey just after the Civil War, was only recently torn down. Allen McConkey was a member of the Presbyterian Church and of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. He died May 22, 1876, and his remains are buried in the Brushy Cemetery. His wife, Magdalen (Spessard) McConkey, was born Aug. 3, 1826, and died Feb. 6, 1901. Her remains also are buried in Brushy Cemetery.

To the union of Allen and Magdalen (Spessard) McConkey the following children were born: Susan, now the widow of J. W. Power of St. Joseph; Virginia, the widow of J. R. Cunningham of Bethany; Mary Etta, living at Albany; Betty, a teacher in the schools here who died after reaching womanhood; Laura F., now Mrs. G. W. Talcott of St. Joseph; George, a farmer at Shawnee, Okla.; Samuel R., the subject of this review; John, a farmer in Athens Township; Blanche, died when a young woman in 1882; Irsken, deceased, married Alice Edmundson who now lives in Albany; Lilly, a teacher, died in young womanhood; and Allen G., a physician, a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, died at Modesta, Ill. His remains are buried in Brushy Cemetery.

Samuel R. McConkey attended first the Dorsey District School and later was a student in the Albany school. He moved to his present farm in 1900 and built his present residence in 1918, the old house having been destroyed by fire. Mr. McConkey has a well operated farm, good farm buildings, and excellent water supply. He has been successful in his work and ranks among the progressive farmers of the community.

On Oct. 9, 1899, Samuel R. McConkey was married to Grace Easterly, a daughter of Philip and Alpha L. (Pennington) Easterly. Mr. and Mrs. McConkey have four children: Ruth, a graduate of the Albany High School now attending the State Teachers College at Maryville; Mary, a member of the graduating class of the Albany High School for 1922; and Samuel and Philip.

Mr. McConkey is a Democrat in politics. He is a man who has been efficient in his business of conducting a farm and is a reliable citizen of his township.

John T. Hager operates a farm of 160 acres of land $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles southwest of Darlington in Miller Township, Gentry County, with his son, C. E. Hager, as the joint owner and manager of the land. J. T. Hager was born in Ripley County, Ind., Nov. 22, 1852.

Charles and Adaline (Hutson) Hager, the parents of John T. Hager, both died in Indiana, the former in 1865, and the latter in 1863. Their children were: Hannah E., later Mrs. Jenkins, now dead; Anna, the wife of T. J. Conover of Holton, Ind.; John T., the subject of this sketch; W. I., now living at Gentryville; Thursa Jane, the wife of Earl Fink of Indianapolis, Ind.; Sarah Amelia, married Henry Fite; and S. H., married Elva Law, and lives in Oklahoma.

John T. Hager came to Missouri in December, 1881, and located at Jameson, Daviess County, where he remained until 1887, when he moved to a farm south of Gentryville in Miller Township, Gentry County. He moved to this present farm four miles south of Darlington in 1912, rebuilt the house, erected a new barn, and improved the place. His son, Charles E. Hager, born in Daviess County, May 9, 1882, is a partner in the farm, and the two have proved themselves capable and enterprising business men. They not only do general farming, but raise cattle, Duroc Jersey hogs, and White Leghorn poultry.

John T. Hager was married in January, 1877, to Almeda Smith of New Salem, Ind., a daughter of Hiram and Mary Smith. Mrs. Hager died on July 29, 1921, at the age of 64 years. To her union with John T. Hager the following children were born: Fannie, now Mrs. A. McMullen of Cooper Township; Charles E., married Etta Elliott of Albany, Mo., who is a relative of Abraham Lincoln, her great-grandmother, whose maiden name was Nancy Hanks being a cousin of the former president; Edith, married James McMillen of Miller Township; Grace A., the wife of J. F. Gregory of Miller Township; Luther, mentioned later in this sketch; Jess E., married Rowena Myrick, and lives at Gentryville; and Mary Leona, living at Albany. Mr. Hager has the following grandchildren; Charles, Winford, Wanda, Ruhl, Thorwald, John Nelson, Minnie, and Gunetha McMillen, Blanche, Vernon, and Almeda Gregory, and Charles Elliott Hager.

Luther Hager is a veteran of the World War. He enlisted at Albany and was sent to Camp Funston for training. He was sent overseas, and participated in the Battle of Chateau Thierry, was gassed, and after

18 months in service, was mustered out in February, 1919. He was married to Eva Frost of Gentry County, and they now live at Albany.

John T. Hager and C. E. Hager are both efficient farmers and stockmen, who are meeting with marked success in their work.

Harrison M. Duncan, well known farmer and stockman of Miller Township in Gentry County, was born near Darlington, Jan. 3, 1862. His parents were William and Martha (Boaz) Duncan, both now deceased.

William Duncan was born in Hardin County, Kentucky, and came to Missouri in 1858. He settled near Gentryville and later moved to Nebraska returning, however, to Missouri where he died at Fillmore in 1867. Martha (Boaz) Duncan died in 1869 at the home of her parents near Gentryville. Mr. and Mrs. Duncan had two children: Harrison M., the subject of this sketch; and Edmond C., married to Ida Weeks, and now living in Los Angeles, Calif.

Harrison M. Duncan attended the public schools of Gentry County. His first teacher was Mr. Bray, who taught the Gartin School. Mr. Duncan was reared by his grandparents, and since early boyhood has made his own way in the world. In 1886, he bought his home place of 80 acres from John Harsel and has added to the original holding until he now owns 290 acres of land, all of it in Miller Township except 40 acres in Wyandotte County, near Kansas City, Kan. Mr. Duncan has added all the improvements to his place, and has conducted his farm in a highly successful manner. In 1917 he built a new residence and has built excellent farm buildings at various times as he needed them. He raises Duroc Jersey hogs and Red Durham cattle.

Mr. Duncan has been married twice; the first time on March 23, 1884, to Mary Gartin, a daughter of Wellington Gartin. Mrs. Duncan died on Jan. 3, 1886, leaving a son, William W., now living near Mt. Zion Church. On March 1, 1890, Mr. Duncan was married to Addie V. Owen, a daughter of Charles and Mary Owen, living near Mt. Zion Church. Mr. and Mrs. Owen are both dead and their remains are buried in Brushy Cemetery. To the union of Harrison M. and Addie V. Owen Duncan the following children were born: Ross O., living at Ford City, married to Blondina Clark, to which union a daughter, Kathleen, was born; Una May, now the wife of Emmett Nicholson of Albany; and Charles H., a veteran of the World War, served in the Balloon Corps at Ft. Omaha, Neb. He is married to Ruth Rager of Omaha and they have one son, Eugene Rager.

Harrison M. Duncan is a member of the Knights of Pythias Lodge at Gentryville, and of the Modern Woodmen of America, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Darlington. He is one of the reliable men of his community who is accounted a substantial citizen as well as a progressive farmer.

Charles R. Whitton, prominent in Gentry County as a farmer and stockman, and formerly the president of the Bank of Albany, was born on the farm and in the house where he now lives, Sept. 2, 1880. His parents were Rufus and Mary J. (Lowe) Whitton, the latter now living at Albany.

Rufus Whitton was born in Miller Township and was widely known as a successful stockman and the owner of 1200 acres of well improved farm land. The town of Whitton was named for him. He died Oct. 15, 1913, and his remains are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. His wife, also, was born in Miller Township and grew up in Gentry County. Their children were: Alvin, living at Whitton Station; Charles R., the subject of this review; and Elizabeth, now Mrs. Tipton of Albany.

C. R. Whitton attended the public schools and later was a student in the Normal at Chillicothe for two years. He farmed at home until 1903 when he accepted a position in the Bank of Albany for two years. At the end of that period he went to Hopkins and became the cashier of a bank there, remaining for two years. He then returned to Albany where he was the efficient president of the Bank of Albany until 1916 when he moved to the home farm of which he owns 200 acres. He also owns 240 acres of land south of Albany and superintends the management of the 600 acres of his mother's estate. Mr. Whitton is an extensive feeder and shipper and has about 200 pure bred Duroc Jersey hogs on his place.

C. R. Whitton was married March 22, 1916, to Lois Golden, born in Benton County, Mo., the daughter of Samuel F. and Sarah Golden, now living in Osage County, Okla. Mrs. Whitton received her education in the public schools and the State Teachers College at Warrensburg and, prior to her marriage, was one of the well known teachers of the state.

C. R. Whitton is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of Albany and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks at Maryville. He is a capable and energetic man, known for his efficiency in the management of his business interests and for his loyalty to high civic ideals.

Don C. Dougan, the efficient cashier of the Bank of Darlington, at Darlington, Gentry County, Mo., was born at Bolckow in Andrew County, Feb. 23, 1894. His parents are James O. and Jennie M. (Hough-taling) Dougan.

James O. Dougan was born in Indiana and has been in the drug business at Bolckow since 1880 where he is the proprietor of the Dougan Pharmacy, with his sons, H. Clifford, as a partner, and J. Bennett, an assistant in the store. Mrs. Dougan was born and reared in Missouri. To her union with James O. Dougan the following children were born: Don C., the subject of this sketch; H. Clifford, in partnership with his father; J. Bennett, also with his father in the drug business; and James Woodrow, at home.

Don C. Dougan attended school at Bolckow and graduated from the Savannah High School in the class of 1912. He spent two years with the Bolckow State Bank at Bolckow, and in May, 1914, he organized the Ford City State Bank at Ford City. He erected the bank building, and incorporated the organization on June 1, 1914, but sold his interest in the institution in 1919, in order to come to Darlington. He took up his work in Darlington, Jan. 1, 1920, and has been the capable cashier of the Bank of Darlington ever since.

The Bank of Darlington was incorporated in 1895 as the successor of a private banking enterprise. The bank owns the building in which the business is done. J. B. Sager was the first cashier, and was with the bank until the beginning of Mr. Dougan's incumbency in office. The present officers are: Oliver H. Owings, President; Mark King, Vice-President; Don C. Dougan, Cashier; the officers named above, Lark King and Louise M. Goodman, Directors. The capital stock of the bank has always been \$10,000.00; the surplus is \$10,000.00; the undivided profits, \$7,500.00; and the deposits, \$125,000.00. The Bank of Darlington has been a thriving institution, well meriting the success that has been its achievement.

Don C. Dougan was married July 14, 1914, to Osea M. Strickler, a daughter of David and Mary (Johnson) Strickler both dead. Mrs. Dougan was born in Andrew County, graduated from the Bolckow High School, and was later a student in the State Teachers College at Maryville. Mr. and Mrs. Dougan have three children; Don C., Jr., J. Luther, and Prather Max.

Mr. Dougan is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Modern Woodmen of

America Lodges at Darlington. He is one of the industrious, ambitious, and progressive young men of the town and community.

Thomas J. Jefferies, the oldest citizen in the neighborhood of Winston, Daviess County, is more than 90 years old, but is actively interested in all of the news of the day and reads the daily papers with regularity. His recollections cover a period of 50 years in Daviess County.

Mr. Jefferies was born in Somersetshire, England, Nov. 9, 1831. When he was eight years old he left his home and came to the United States using money which his grandmother had given him to pay for the trip. He made his home with Reuben Reynolds, in Herkimer County, N. Y., for many years. In June, 1851, he went to Europe with Captain Boyer and visited Germany, Italy, Spain and Ireland. He came back to the United States in 1852 and remained with Mr. Reynolds until 1870. That year he came to Missouri and located at Kidder, where he conducted an implement house with A. W. Rice. Two years later he came to Winston and became station agent for the Rock Island and Pacific Railway. He purchased a farm, now the site of Winston, from James Ethington and his mother, and later assisted in laying out the town of Winston. Mr. Jefferies now owns a cottage in Winston, where he and his wife have lived for almost 45 years.

During the Civil War Mr. Jefferies served in the secret service department of the government. His reports were made out to the governors of Illinois and Indiana, and to President Lincoln. Mr. Jefferies helped to organize the first bank ever instituted at Winston, and was one of the directors. He is a Democrat in politics and has always maintained a lively interest in political happenings. He has served as postmaster at Winston and has filled the office of mayor, alderman and justice of the peace.

Thomas J. Jefferies was married March 16, 1877, in Cameron to Helen Orr, a daughter of William Orr. Mrs. Jefferies was born in Boone County and later lived in Maysville, De Kalb County. Her mother died when Mrs. Jefferies was only a little child. Mr. and Mrs. Jefferies had one son, William, who died in infancy. His remains are buried at Winston.

Mr. Jefferies is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Royal Arch, Chapter, the Knights Templar Lodges at Cameron, and the Shrine at St. Joseph. He also belongs to the Order of the Eastern Star. He and Dr. Claggett are the two oldest inhabitants of their community. Mr. Jefferies is one of the highly respected citizens of the county, a man well known throughout the community for his long career of public service, his uprightness and integrity, and for his willingness to take part in any movement for the public welfare. The name of such a



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man rightly belongs in this volume which commemorates the public services of those who built up the county.

William Calvin Canaday has been a well known farmer in Huggins Township, Gentry County, since he was 19 years old, when he bought his first tract of land, a 40-acre farm, which he purchased for \$350.00, and which he still owns. He has since that time, bought 318 acres more in Huggins Township, and has his home 6½ miles northwest of Albany.

W. C. Canaday was born near Stanberry one-half mile east of his present home, July 16, 1867, the son of Daniel and Charlotta (David) Canaday, the former born in Worth County, and died in Gentry County on March 26, 1919; and the latter born in Gasconade County, and died in Gentry County, Aug. 9, 1899. The remains of both are buried in the Brick Church Cemetery. Daniel Canaday was the owner of 100 acres of land at the time of his death. He served in the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War.

W. C. Canaday attended the school in David District, and has been a farmer and stockman all of his life. He keeps the acreage of his land divided among several crops, for the past year he had 75 acres in corn; 30 acres in oats, 20 in wheat, and 20 in alfalfa. He raises Whiteface cattle, Shropshire sheep, Berkshire hogs, and Plymouth Rock poultry. Mr. Canaday cleared more than 160 acres of his farm, and says that he has hauled many loads of wood to Stanberry, a distance of 10 miles, receiving in payment \$2.50 or \$3.00.

Mr. Canaday was married on March 8, 1891, to Anna E. Quigley, a daughter of James and Eva Quigley of Athens Township, Gentry County. Mr. and Mrs. Quigley are both dead and the remains of both are buried in the Quigley Cemetery. Their children were: B. T., a physician at St. Joseph; Anna E., now Mrs. Canaday; Jennie, of Albany; Hattie, now Mrs. Weaver of Van Buren, Ark.; and by a first marriage of Mr. Quigley, he had two daughters, Mattie, now Mrs. T. R. Shockley of Albany, Sara, deceased wife of Dennis McCoy, and a son, W. F., deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. Canaday have four children: Woodson, graduated from Missouri State University at Columbia, and is now in newspaper work in St. Louis; Edith, married to Victor Sexton of Athens Township; and Guy and Gladys, twins, both at home. Gladys attended the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College and graduated from the secondary division in 1921.

Mr. Canaday is a progressive and capable man, who has achieved a marked success in his business undertakings.

Paul J. Uhlig, the secretary and general manager of the Worth Mutual Telephone Company at Gentry, Mo., has held his present position since 1914. He was a shareholder in the company prior to assuming his duties as an officer, and has been one of the strong factors in the development of the efficiently operated business of the company.

Mr. Uhlig was born in Germany, Aug. 28, 1878, the son of Ernest H. and Helen B. Uhlig. Mr. Uhlig came to the United States when he was 17 years old, and for the two years following his arrival in this country, he worked on a farm by the month. In the spring of 1898, he settled on a farm one mile northwest of Gentry, where he now lives. He owns 167 acres of well improved land, and operates his farm and raises stock in addition to his other work.

The Worth Mutual Telephone Company was organized in 1900 by the farmers of Worth and Gentry Counties, and the office was originally located in Worth, Mo. There were only 75 telephones at first; this has been increased, however, until there are now 1,820 telephones and eight exchanges, located at Worth, Gentry, Darlington, Ravenwood, Parnell, Alanthus, Lone Star, and Denver. The company also operates two exchanges in connection with other companies; these are located at New Hampton and Washington Center. The company has 300 miles of commercial wire; one of the interesting features of the business is that each subscriber owns his own telephone, and pays only 60 cents a month for its use. There are 1,485 stockholders in the company, and the capital stock is \$15,000.00. The Worth Mutual Telephone Company is one of the well managed and successful enterprises of Gentry County.

Paul J. Uhlig was married on March 2, 1898, to Opal D. Adams, a daughter of John G. and Mary F. Adams of Buchanan County, where Mrs. Uhlig was born and reared. Her parents are both dead. Mr. and Mrs. Uhlig have the following children: John, graduated from the Albany High School, enlisted in the army for service in the World War June, 1918, and was in training at Columbia until the armistice was signed, is now a teacher in the public schools; Robert E., attended the Albany High School, and is now in the produce business at Skidmore, Mo.; Allen Paul and Theodore B., both students in the Albany High School; and Francis J., Elsie Mary, and Juanita K., at home.

Mr. Uhlig is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and of the Independent Order of Fellows. He is a man of sound business judgment, a close observer of man and events, and a citizen of excellent standing.

Charles E. Hopkins, born in Huggins Township, Gentry County, is a member of a pioneer family of the county. His parents, Joseph and Eliza C. (Helk) Hopkins, were reared in Gentry County in the midst of pioneer privations and hardships. It was a time when the number of school days for each child was limited, when neighbors were few, and when the unbroken prairie stretched in every direction. Deer and wild turkeys abounded, however, and the few social gatherings made a compensating feature for the grimness of ordinary daily life.

Joseph Hopkins was born in Huggins Township, Gentry County, March 26, 1851, the son of Frederick and Catherine (Ames) Hopkins; the former was born in Tennessee and the latter in Ohio. Frederick Hopkins entered land in Huggins Township, and improved it. He died in St. Joseph, and his wife died in Albany. The remains of both are buried in the Brick Church Cemetery. Their children were: Joseph, mentioned later in this sketch; Peter, living in Iowa; Jane, now dead, was Mrs. Chappell; Jefferson; a resident of St. Joseph; Harriet, married Mr. Summa and is now dead; Monroe, living in Huggins Township; and by a former marriage of Frederick Hopkins; Alexander, now living at Albany; and Margaret, now Mrs. Summa of Albany.

Joseph Hopkins attended the public school, and on July 16, 1876, was married to Eliza C. Heck, a daughter of John and Susan Heck, who entered land in Gentry County. John Heck enlisted for service in the Civil War in Illinois in 1862, and served three years with the 116th Illinois Infantry. He came to Huggins Township in 1865, and died on May 26, 1908 in Leavenworth, Kan., where his remains are buried. His wife, Susan (Malson) Heck, was born in Ohio, March 18, 1827, and died on Sept. 24, 1899. Their children were: Frances, died in infancy; Mary Jane, died at the age of 12 years; Eliza C., now Mrs. Hopkins; Sarah D., married C. E. Best, and is now dead; and Daniel P., who lives in Welston, Okla. To the union of Joseph and Eliza C. (Heck) Hopkins, two children were born: Charles E., the subject of this sketch; and Oscar C., living at home.

Charles E. Hopkins owns land in Huggins Township, and has his residence six miles northwest of Albany. His house is only one-fourth mile from his father's farm. He does general farming, and stock raising. His farm comprises 56 acres of the land entered in the early days by his maternal grandfather, John Heck.

Chauncey Folgate, a prominent farmer and stockman of Huggins Township, Gentry County, has lived in this county since his early childhood. He was born in Winneshiek County, Iowa, Oct. 26, 1859, the son of William and Mary (Afflerbauch) Folgate, early settlers in Missouri.

William Folgate was a minister in the Evangelical church for 14 years, and was a veteran of the Civil War in which he served three years in the Union Army. He saw much active service and was shot through the foot. He was married at Shueyville, Wis., later settled in Iowa, and moved to Missouri in the spring of 1865. He located first in the Glendenning neighborhood, near New Hampton, and a year later moved to Kansas, where he remained for two years. At the end of that time, he came back to Missouri, and settled in Daviess County, where he remained for two years. He then moved his family to Gentry County, and located on his old place. His ministerial work called him to Cedar County, for two years, and to Hickory County for another period of two years. He came back to Gentry County for another four years, sold his farm, and for the next three years, lived just west of the present site of Gentry. At the end of that time he moved to Hugginsville, where he died in 1911. His remains are buried in the Hugginsville Cemetery, as are the remains of his wife, who died in 1912. Their children were: Charlotta, Chauncey, the subject of this sketch; Isabell, was Mrs. Carter, and is now dead; Flora, the wife of Henry Knoup of Stephenson County, Ill.; Minnie the widow of Fred Barnhart, now living at Simi, Calif.; Della, the wife of M. H. Jordan, a Methodist minister at Columbia, Iowa; and Orra, a resident of Wilsonia, Calif.

The name of Reverend William Folgate is connected with some of the interesting recollections of the pioneer days of this part of Missouri. Chauncey Folgate was a child of five or six years when his parents came to Missouri, and he well remembers the exciting days of the first years in the new western land. William Folgate brought to Gentry County a wagon of the Peter Schuttler make, the first of its kind in the County. He also brought a dog, Nero, that was afterwards well known in the community. Nero had the distinction of having killed a deer in Illinois, and one in Missouri. The Missouri episode happened in this wise. Chauncey Folgate, then a small boy, playing outside with his dog, espied some deer in a plum thicket. They immediately gave chase to the deer, and the dog caught one deer, which however got away. When the boy went back to the house, his mother told him that one deer was still in the thicket, whereupon the boy and dog set out again and this time, Nero caught and killed the deer. His mother and some neighbor boys came in response to the boy's call and dragged the slain deer to the house, where the meat made a welcome addition to the scanty food of the day. One of the griefs of the Folgate family was the loss of Nero while they were in Kansas, where the dog was stolen by Indians.

Chauncey Folgate attended the district school until he was 12 years of age. His first school was at the Glendenning school house, a log building

with a puncheon floor, and a daubed stick fireplace. On the north side of the structure, a log was cut out to let in light, and the log could be turned down and used as a desk. Mr. Folgate farmed in Howard Township for a time and came to Huggins Township in 1881, where he has lived ever since. He owns 220 acres of land, has an excellent residence, a large barn, and good improvements on the farm. He raises registered Duroc hogs, Short-horn cattle, and Golden Wyandotte poultry.

Chauncey Folgate was married in 1896 to Becky Ruch, a daughter of John and Jane Ruch of Wilson Township. Mrs. Folgate was born, reared, and educated in Wilson Township. Mr. and Mrs. Folgate have six living children: Ward, at home; Kenneth, at home; Stella, married to Isaac Pierce; and Jay, Willie, and Eldon all living at home.

Mr. Folgate is a Republican, and is identified with the Methodist church. The first Methodist church in this community was organized at the home of B. F. Sale, and the first edifice was built in 1854. Among the members of the first organization were; Mr. and Mrs. John Huggins, Mr. and Mrs. John Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Ross, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert Morris, and Mr. and Mrs. William Poole. Rev. Merrit Shockely and Rev. Harold Johnson were among the first ministers. Mr. Folgate is one of the interesting talkers of the community, and recalls quite vividly and clearly the details of the early history of the county. He is one of the substantial and reliable men of Huggins Township, and he and his family are assets to the community.

Joab P. Neal was born on Jan. 7, 1854, on the farm near Stanberry in Huggins Township, Gentry County, which is now his home. With the excepting of three years spent in Colorado, Gentry County has been Mr. Neal's home all of his life. He was born in a log cabin, which was his parents' home in those early days; and in his boyhood, he and his brother cleared most of the farm of timber. His recollections cover the strenuous period of the Civil War, and Mr. Neal recalls very vividly the days that the neighborhood boys went to Albany to enlist for service in the strife between the states.

Mr. Neal's parents were Joab and Luvina (Sale) Neal. Joab Neal was born on July 1, 1815, and died on Feb. 10, 1854. His remains are buried in Hall Cemetery. He married Luvina Sale in Gentry County in 1847. She was born, July 27, 1828, a daughter of Samuel Sale of Michigan. Mr. Sale died in Michigan and his widow came to Gentry County in 1840, driving a team of oxen from her home state to the new country. She settled on a farm adjoining the Neal farm, where she spent the remainder of her life. Joab Neal and his wife entered land in Gentry County during the forties and

improved it. Joab Neal was a veteran of the Black Hawk War of 1832, and was a teacher of prominence. He taught several schools after he came to Gentry County, and was a member of one of the early legislatures of the State of Missouri. After his death his widow continued to live on the farm, where she died in the ninety second year of her age on Nov. 25, 1920. Her remains are buried in Hall Cemetery. To her union with Joab Neal the following children were born: J. W., living in Oklahoma; W. R., died at Hugginsville on Oct. 23, 1920; Ruhama, died in infancy; and Joab P., the subject of this sketch. By a second marriage of Luvina (Sale) Neal to Robert M. Kier, she had the following children: Jasper Newton, a resident of Stanberry; Sarah Eliza, now Mrs. Galentine of Stanberry; Robert H., living at St. Joseph; Leander, deceased; and Floyd T., a resident of Brownlee, Neb.

Joab P. Neal attended the rural schools in Gentry County and has been a farmer all of his life. He owns 105 acres of land on which he has a good residence, built in 1917, excellent farm buildings, and where he does general farming and stock raising in a thoroughly competent way.

Joab P. Neal was married, Nov. 3, 1881 to Caroline Alexander, a daughter of Francis and Margaret (Edie) Alexander, early settlers of Huggins Township. Mr. Alexander died in 1885, and his wife died in 1878. The remains of both are buried in Hall Cemetery. Their children were: W. B., John F., Littleton E., Preston, Clarence S.; Mrs. Josephine James, Sarah, and Delle, all deceased; and Louisa, now Mrs. Parker and living in Montana; and Caroline, now Mrs. Neal. Mr. and Mrs. Neal had the following children: Sylvia A., died at the age of two years; Olera L., married Eliza James, has a daughter, Opal, and is a farmer in Huggins Township; and Otto P., at home.

Mr. Neal was the first collector of Huggins Township. Both he and his wife grew up in the county, and both experienced the privations and hardships of pioneering. The Neal family has been well and favorably known in the community for many years, and Mr. Neal is highly esteemed as an efficient farmer, and an excellent citizen.

Aaron Gregg, pioneer farmer of Huggins Township in Gentry County, was born in Noble County, Ohio, March 21, 1842, the son of George and Sarah (Triplett) Gregg.

George Gregg was a native of Virginia, and went to Pennsylvania when he was 12 years of age. After he reached manhood he moved to Ohio, where he settled in Noble County. He died in Ohio at the age of 80 years, and his wife died at the same place at the age of 78 years. Their remains are buried in the Beaver Cemetery in Noble County, Ohio. Aaron Gregg is

the youngest, and the only living child. Those deceased are: Ruth, who married Ben Stockdale; Thomas, died at the age of 21 years; William; John; Martha Ann, was the wife of Sylvester Hathaway; Isaac; and Jane, who was married to David Cline.

Aaron Gregg came to Gentry County in 1869. He came down the Ohio River, up the Missouri River to St. Joseph, and by wagon to Gentry County. Six months after his arrival in Missouri he settled on his present farm. He bought 40 acres of land from Stephen Garton and added to it until he now owns 205 acres, 120 acres of which is in section 19, and the remainder, which comprises the home place, in section 14. The former is now operated by Mr. Gregg's son, Melvin. It is well improved and has a good residence, three barns, and two silos. The home place is also kept in excellent condition and both farms show the effect of Mr. Gregg's efficient management. The house into which Mr. Gregg moved when he came to Gentry County is still standing and makes an interesting bit of family history.

Aaron Gregg was married on Jan. 5, 1865 to Mary Catherine Ellett, a daughter of John and Catherine (Kinsey) Ellett, both of whom died before Mrs. Gregg's marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Gregg found life in the unsettled country very trying for a time, but they were uncomplaining in meeting the privations, and ultimately made a success of the farm. They kept out of debt, but sometimes found it difficult in those days of the scarcity of money to even buy stamps to write to relatives. The best tribute to Mrs. Gregg's ability is to be found in the family which she reared under difficulties, but with marked success. Mrs. Gregg died, Jan. 23, 1921 at the age of 79 years. Her children were: Elma, married Frank Lawrence of Gentry, and had the following children, Ethel, deceased; Claud, married Eva Canady; Melvin, who married Mabel Woolen; and Charlie; Melvin, married Myrtle Wilson and has two children; Cleo, married Hazel Wallace; Fay, the wife of Fred O'Banion; and Guy who married Gladys Liggett. Mr. Gregg has several great-grandchildren.

Mr. Gregg is a member of the Methodist Church. He and his family are highly esteemed in the township and are valuable members of the community. Mr. Gregg is one of the interesting pioneers of the county, a man who wrested success from a new and untried county, and a citizen of the type that built up this part of the state of Missouri.

G. M. Dallas Morrison, proprietor of the Elm Grove Farm $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of Albany in Huggins Township, Gentry County, was born in Pennsylvania, Oct. 30, 1845, the son of Joseph and Eliza (McClure) Morrison.

Joseph Morrison and his wife moved to Lee County, Iowa, where

Mrs. Morrison died in 1852. Joseph Morrison died in Warren County, Ohio, more than 30 years ago. He was a prominent farmer and stockman of his time. To his union with Eliza (McClure) Morrison the following children were born: Robert McClure, a resident of Kansas City, Mo.; G. M. D., the subject of this review; and James, died in Lee County, Iowa, when he was 21 years old; Amzy, died at Ft. Madison, Iowa; W. J., died at Kahoka; and Minerva J., who married Mr. Spencer and died in Nebraska.

G. M. D. Morrison attended the schools of Lee County, Iowa, and enlisted for service in the Civil War when he was 18 years old. He served in Company D, 8th Iowa Cavalry from August, 1863, until the close of the war. He participated in the battles of Atlanta and Kenesaw Mountain and was taken prisoner while in a raid before the fall of Atlanta. He was taken to Andersonville prison on August 3, 1864. In September of the same year he was transferred to Macon, Ga., being there only a short time he was taken on to Millen prison then to Savannah. On Dec. 25, 1864, he was again taken down the coast and across to Andersonville prison. He was retained there until the close of the war, when he returned to his home in Iowa, but for many years felt the effects of his experience in prison. In June, 1866, Mr. Morrison came to Gentry County and bought 40 acres of land in Huggins Township three years later. Soon afterwards he bought 20 acres adjoining the first tract. He later sold this 60 acres, and bought 80 acres of the farm which he now owns. That was in 1872 and Mr. Morrison now owns 215 acres of well improved land. His holdings were at one time 305 acres, but he recently disposed of part of the land. The farm is well located, there is an excellent residence, and good farm buildings. The yard is especially pretty; there are several cedar trees in it and a beautiful elm grove. The farm gets its name from this grove which has been on the place since the early days.

Mr. Morrison was married on April 11, 1869, to Sarah J. Pettit, a native of Decatur County, Ind., and a daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Call) Pettit. Mr. and Mrs. Pettit were both born in Indiana, were married there, and later settled in Benton County, Iowa. They afterwards moved to Gentry County, and finally located in Daviess County, where they both died. Their children were: Joseph, of Oklahoma; Isaac, living in Oklahoma; Charles, of Dade County; Columbus, living at McFall; John, address unknown; Ollie, married to John Pettit of Benton County, Iowa; Sarah J., the wife of G. M. D. Morrison; William, died at St. Joseph; Jacob died in Dade County; Mary, died in Benton County, Iowa; and Stella and Ella, twins, died in girlhood.

Mr. and Mrs. Morrison have six children living: F. L., of Phoenix, Ariz., married Effie Hughs and has the following children, Everett, Rachel, a teacher in the Floyd District, Gertrude, Blondina, a teacher at Center Grove, and Alice; A. A., a farmer in Huggins Township, married Louzetta Straley, and has the following children, Mabel, married Leonard Pittsenbarger, and has two children, Marcel and Lettie Lou, Cecil, who married Earl Walker; Clarence; Blanche, now the wife of Glenn Hathaway; Dallas, Leland, and Doris; Oliver, a farmer in Harrison County, married Marguerite Hunsicker, and has three children, Claude, Carl, and Gaylord; Rosa, the wife of Howard Adams of Kansas City, with four children; Oliver, married Clinton Wheeler; Marion, the wife of Stanley Waters; Elva and Junior; Ona, married to W. O. Herald of Albany, with one son, Virgil; and Jesse, a resident of Sterling, Col., married to Grace Wilson, and has three children, Mildred, Olive and Loretta.

Mr. Morrison was formerly a member of the Grand Army of the Republic at Stanberry. He served on the Board of Directors of the Farmers Mutual Insurance Company of Gentry County for several years. Mr. Morrison is one of the highly esteemed citizens of his community where he is regarded as a substantial and reliable citizen.

Dr. A. W. Coppersmith, an efficient and popular dentist of Stanberry, Gentry County, has his office on North Locust Street where he has a large practice. He was born at Stanberry, Nov. 13, 1877, the son of Anthony and Catherine Coppersmith.

Anthony Coppersmith was born in Wurtenberg, Germany, Aug. 5, 1829, the son of Matthias and Catherine Coppersmith. Anthony Coppersmith attended school in his native country and came to the United States in 1854. He landed in New York, and in 1857 he went to Dutchess County, N. Y., where he worked for 18 months. In 1858 he came to Warren County, Ill., where he farmed for 16 years. On Nov. 7, 1871, Anthony Coppersmith was married to Catherine Doub, born in Germany, June 13, 1841, the daughter of Henry Doub. In the fall of 1874 Anthony Coppersmith moved to Gentry County and settled on a farm just north of Stanberry. Mr. Coppersmith was a successful farmer and improved his holding of 180 acres of land. He and his wife were both members of the Baptist Church and were highly esteemed members of the community. Mr. Coppersmith died, May 3, 1903, and Mrs. Coppersmith died, Dec. 14, 1921. The remains of both are buried in High Ridge Cemetery. Their children were: Emma; A. W., the subject of this sketch; Leo, a dentist at Pierce, Neb.; and Nellie M., the wife of A. M. Schubert of Des Moines, Iowa.

Dr. Coppersmith attended the public schools of Gentry County and the Stanberry Normal School. He then became a student in the Western Dental College at Kansas City, Mo., and graduated from that institution in 1902. He began the practice of his profession at Stanberry, where he has followed dentistry with marked success ever since.

Dr. Coppersmith is identified with the Baptist Church. He is a highly esteemed citizen of Stanberry.

W. F. Sager is the present mayor of Stanberry and has been a resident of Gentry County for the past 57 years. During this time he has seen the country develop from the crude, sparsely populated community which it was when he first knew it to the present well organized and highly developed county. Long before the town of Stanberry was laid out, Mr. Sager, then in his early youth, helped break the prairie land with ox teams. The county prospered, and Mr. Sager's name was connected with many public enterprises. He was the vice president of the Bank of Stanberry from 1889 until 1896, when the bank was merged with the Farmers and Mechanics Bank. From that date until 1909 he was connected with the real estate and fire insurance business, and he is now the local agent for the New York Life Insurance Company.

W. F. Sager was born in Cedar County, Iowa, April 13, 1863. His father, Edward Sager, was born Oct. 26, 1838, the sixth son born to his parents, Christian Sager and his wife. Edward Sager died at Boynton, Okla., June 18, 1919, and his remains are buried in High Ridge Cemetery, Gentry County. His wife Elizabeth (Gearhart) Sager, died at the age of 47 years. To her union with Edward Sager the following children were born: W. F., the subject of this sketch; Mary C., now Mrs. Lewis of Ft. Lupton, Col.; James C., a prominent commission man living in St. Joseph; Rachel, now Mrs. Taylor of Quincy, Ill.; J. B., connected with a bank at Darlington; Emily J., deceased; E. W., a resident of St. Joseph; a sister, now Mrs. Bert Myers of Los Angeles, Calif.; and Albert, living in St. Joseph.

W. F. Sager was a student in the Stanberry Normal School from which he graduated in the class of 1885. He then located at Colby, Kan., where he organized the first bank ever established there. He remained in that work until he came to Stanberry in 1889. He was elected the mayor of Stanberry in April, 1920, and has made an efficient official. He has kept the details of the office in such excellent shape that it would be possible for another incumbent to take over the work with practically no difficulty. Throughout his term of office, Mr. Sager has been painstaking and has exhibited excellent executive ability.

Mr. Sager was married on March 16, 1887, to Amanda Cain, a daughter of Charles L. and Sarah J. Cain, early settlers of Nodaway County, and both now deceased. To the union of W. F. and Amanda (Cain) Sager the following children were born: Edna, a teacher in the Manual Training High School of Kansas City, Mo.; Raymond D., mention of whom appears later; Sylvia S., the cashier of the Lee Live Stock and Corn Company at St. Joseph; Edward, Jr., at home; and W. F., Jr., at home.

Raymond D. Sager was born on Jan. 24, 1889, at Stanberry, where he was reared. He was in service during the World War and was wounded on Oct. 6, 1918, during the Argonne Drive in France. He died on Oct. 21st of that year and his remains are buried in the American Cemetery in France. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias Lodge at Stanberry.

W. F. Sager is a member of the Knights of Pythias Lodge, and during the 25 years of his membership, he has filled all of the chairs. He has been the Deputy Grand Chancellor for several years. Mayor Sager has one of the beautiful residences of Stanberry, and is one of the leading citizens of the town.

J. Clark Powers, a prominent farmer and stockman of Cooper Township, Gentry County, is known throughout his community as a man of progressive ideas. He is the son of a well known farmer, Harvey Powers, and was born just northeast of Union Grove, Gentry County, March 13, 1880. His mother, Cynthia T. (Clark) Powers came of pioneer stock, her parents having been early settlers in Gentry County. Mr. and Mrs. Clark, sketches of whose lives appear in this volume, live in Bogle Township.

J. Clark Powers attended the Burnett District school in his childhood, and later was a student in the Albany High School. He farmed at home with his father for several years, and in the meantime, became interested in the buying and selling of farms. At the present time, Mr. Powers owns 290 acres of well improved land four miles northwest of Stanberry in Cooper Township. For the past 10 years, Mr. Powers has been breeding and raising Poland China hogs. Mr. Powers had his last annual sale of hogs on Nov. 17, 1921. He keeps his herd pure bred, and is justly proud of the animals he raises. He also raises pure bred Percheron horses, and high class Jersey cattle. Mrs. Powers breeds pure bred Buff Leghorn chickens and both Mr. and Mrs. Powers have established a reputation for success in their work.

J. Clark Powers was married on June 11, 1899, to Bettie Kerfoot, a daughter of John T. and M. E. (Williams) Kerfoot. Mrs. Kerfoot is dead, and her husband now lives at Garden City, Kan. Mrs. Powers was born, reared and educated near Gentry. To her union with J. Clark Powers two children were born: Curtis, married Estella J. Cook, and is farming on the home place; and Esther Ellen, now a student in the Stanberry High School.

By inheritance, training, and because of his innate ability, J. Clark Powers is a man of strong business acumen, one who has achieved prominence in his work as a stockman because he is both capable and energetic.

Harvey Powers, one of the well known farmers and stockmen of Bogle Township, Gentry County, is a native of Virginia, born in Tazewell County, Oct. 18, 1861, the son of J. B. and Rebecca (Whitton) Powers.

J. B. Powers was born in Smith County, Virginia, and was a veteran of the Civil War, in which he served for four years in the Confederate army. He came to Missouri in 1869 and settled first at Albany, later at Union Grove and at Alanthus, all in Gentry County. At all of those towns he followed his occupation of blacksmithing. In 1887 he went to Hickory County, where he remained for two years, and then moved to Sheridan, Wyo. He died in Wyoming at the age of 59 years. His wife, also a native of Virginia, died in Wyoming at the age of 68 years. Their children were: Harvey, the subject of this sketch; Charles, living at Moline, Kan.; John, a resident of Sheridan, Wyo.; Edward, living in Washington; Alex, now living in Wyoming; and Mollie, married Bud Jenney, and died at Sheridan, Wyo., Aug. 25, 1921.

Harvey Powers attended the public schools, and has made his own way in the world since he was 18 years old. He lived on a farm three miles north of Union Grove until 1899, when he bought his present farm of 220 acres. He has a good residence, a silo, excellent farm buildings, and the place has fine water facilities. Mr. Powers raises Duroc Jersey hogs and has registered males. He also raises cattle, and is accounted one of the successful men of the community in this line of work.

Mr. Powers was married, Nov. 15, 1878, to Cynthia T. Clark, a daughter of James and Mary (Orr) Clark. James Clark was born in Paisley, Scotland in 1809, and came to the United States with his parents in 1816. They settled near New Lisbon, Ohio, and there James Clark was reared. He and his younger brother, David, were among the earliest settlers in the Union community in Gentry County. They entered

land five miles northwest of Gentry in 1857. The brother, David, enlisted for service in the Civil War, and died in Virginia while serving in the Union army. James Clark married Mary E. Orr, born near New Lisbon, Ohio, in 1817, and she had come with him to the new country. He died in 1868, and his remains are buried in the Smithton Cemetery. His widow was left with a child of only six months, to face the hardships and privations of early pioneer life. Mrs. Clark died at the home of her daughter, Cynthia T. (Clark) Powers, in 1900 at the age of 83 years. To the pioneer women of her type the county owes much.

To the union of Harvey and Cynthia T. (Clark) Powers the following children were born: Clark, a sketch of whose life appears in this volume; Cecil, married Miss Lucy Barnes, and is a farmer in Bogle Township; and Harvey, Jr., now operating the home farm.

Harvey Powers is a man who is accounted capable and reliable in his community. His farm is located on the Air Line between Gentry and Worth and its appearance shows the effects of Mr. Powers' efficient management. The Powers family are an asset to Bogle Township.

William J. Milligan, Civil War veteran and member of a pioneer family of Wilson Township, Gentry County, was born $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of Alanthus Grove, Aug. 20, 1845, the son of Templeton and Elizabeth (Thompson) Milligan.

Both Templeton Milligan and his wife were born in Tennessee where they were also married. They came to Clinton County, Missouri, in 1840, and located in Gentry County shortly afterwards. Mr. Milligan entered land comprising 120 acres, which he improved. Mrs. Milligan died in 1848 and Mr. Milligan in 1851. The remains of both are buried in Jennings Cemetery. William J. Milligan is the only child of his parents, but by a second marriage of the father, he had two children: Mary Merissa, now Mrs. Judd of Benton County; and Isabell, living in Oklahoma. Mr. Milligan's widow, now Mrs. Watkins, is living at Worth.

William J. Milligan was educated in the public schools of Wilson Township and farmed until a little more than 20 years ago. For more than 24 years he lived on his farm near Enyart, but traded that land for some property in Stanberry, which he later sold and bought 160 acres east of Alanthus Grove. Mr. Milligan served in the Missouri State Militia for two years during the Civil War, and was one year in the 15th Missouri Infantry, Fourth Army Corps. He was mustered out of service on Dec. 2, 1865, at Victoria, Texas.

William J. Milligan was married, April 19, 1866, to Joan Chapman, a daughter of E. G. and Elizabeth (Grooms) Chapman, early settlers of

Wilson Township. They came here from Platte County, where Mrs. Milligan was born in 1847. Mr. and Mrs. Chapman had the following children: John H., a resident of St. Joseph; Mary, now Mrs. Prather of Gentry; William, died at Enyart; Emma, was Mrs. Williamson and died at Stanberry; Catherine, married Mr. Oglesby, and died in Idaho.

Mr. Milligan is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He and Mrs. Milligan have been living in Alanthus Grove for more than 20 years, and are well known and highly respected throughout the community. Mr. Milligan recalls much interesting data in connection with the early history of Alanthus Grove. The first post office of the community was established at Enyart with Abraham Enyart as postmaster. The office was later moved farther east and Samuel Bryson was the acting postmaster; and still later Alanthus Grove was made the site of the office with William Garrett, postmaster. Those changes were all made prior to the Civil War, and the postoffice was discontinued almost 20 years ago. The first merchant of the town was Jerry Wright, who came to the county in pioneer days and entered several hundred acres of land. He enlisted in the Confederate Army during the Civil War, and never returned to Gentry County.

Thomas Kerwin, one of the prominent farmers and stockmen of Gentry County, is a native of Iowa, born in Cedar County, Feb. 23, 1866.

Mr. Kerwin's parents, Philip and Johanna (Long) Kerwin, came to Missouri in 1875, arriving in Gentry County on May 25th of that year. Philip Kerwin bought 360 acres of land to which he later added until he owned 520 acres at the time of his death on July 1, 1887. He became one of the well known farmers and stockmen of the community, and was a man highly esteemed by his fellow citizens. His wife died on Nov. 21, 1901. Her remains and those of her husband are buried in Dolora Cemetery. Their children were: Mary, the wife of J. P. Morris of Worth County; Thomas the subject of this sketch; and Elizabeth, married to Elmer Bressler of Los Angeles, Calif.

Thomas Kerwin attended school in Iowa, and was a student in the Grantham District in Wilson Township, Gentry County, where he has spent all of his life. He has extensive land holdings comprising 1840 acres in Worth and Gentry counties, and including the Kerwin home place. More than 500 acres of land is in the Grand River bottom, and 350 acres is in the Drainage District. Mr. Kerwin has one of the best improved stock farms of the county; the house is situated on an elevation overlooking the beautiful Grand River Valley, and there are commodious buildings for the stock. Mr. Kerwin had corn on 200 acres of land in 1921, and the yield averaged 50 bushels an acre. He fed three car loads of hogs and three car loads of

cattle during the past year, and is one of the prominent feeders of Wilson Township.

Mr. Kerwin was married in 1892 to Della Morris. Mrs. Kerwin died in 1893, and Mr. Kerwin was married on Sept. 3, 1906 to Josephine Straussmyer, a daughter of Andrew and Anna (Bremer) Straussmyer of Wilson Township. Mr. and Mrs. Straussmyer came to Gentry County in 1880, and now live in Wilson Township on the farm where Mrs. Kerwin was born. Mr. and Mrs. Kerwin had the following children: Philip Andrew, James Elmer, Anna Johanna, Thomas Frederick, and Mary Elizabeth, who was born on May 2, 1920 and died on Nov. 15, 1920.

Mr. Kerwin and his family are members of the Dolora Catholic church. This church, which stands on the Kerwin farm, was established by Father Powers in 1868, and he was the pastor for five years. The old church building was replaced in 1892 by the present edifice. The Dolora Cemetery located by the church is also on a part of the Kerwin farm.

Mr. Kerwin is known throughout northwest Missouri as a reliable and substantial stockman who has achieved marked success in his work. The Kerwin family is highly esteemed in the community. Mr. Kerwin has served as the assessor of Wilson Township, and at present is serving as president of the Board of Supervisors of the Gentry County Drainage District.

T. H. McElroy, Secretary-Treasurer and General Superintendent of the Electric Light Company at King City is a native of Pennsylvania. He was born April 26, 1876 and is the son of Winfield Scott and Rosetta (Wheeler) McElroy. Winfield Scott McElroy was for many years engaged in teaching in New York and Pennsylvania. He is a Republican and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. His wife is deceased; he is at the present engaged in the flour and feed business.

T. H. McElroy is one of the following children born to his parents: T. H., the subject of this sketch; Stephen, died in 1908 and is buried at Wellsburg, Pa.; Nettie, married Orlando Richards, who is a car inspector in the employ of the Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad and resides at Cranesville, Pa.; Mamie, married Charles Anderson, Erie, Pa. A step-sister, Orril Wood is now the wife of Ed Sterrett, Erie, Pa.

T. H. McElroy received a good common school education, after which he took an engineering course and worked at stationary engineering until 1915. He then took a course in electrical engineering at the International Correspondence School of Scranton, Pa., and shortly afterwards took charge of the electrical plant at Girard, Pa. He served as superintendent of that plant for 11 years. In January, 1916, he came to King City and

took charge of the electric plant there as superintendent and also owns one-half interest in this institution. Mr. McElroy has had an extensive experience in electrical engineering and is thoroughly competent in that line of work.

Mr. McElroy was married to Miss Zena May Suchland, daughter of August and Louise (Bax) Suchland. August Suchland was born in Mecklenburg, Schwerin, Germany and came to America at the age of 14 years. He was successfully engaged in farming in Erie County, Pa., until about the time of his death. His widow now lives at Girard, Pa. To Mr. and Mrs. McElroy has been born one child, Mildred, who was born in Pennsylvania and is a student in the King City High School, a member of the class of 1924.

Mr. McElroy takes a commendable interest in public affairs; he is a member of the King City school board and secretary of the King City Commercial Club. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, the Independent Odd Fellows, the Eastern Star and is a Republican. He is a member of the Methodist Church and one of the representative men of affairs in King City and Gentry County.

Richard Hudson, deceased, was one of Daviess County's most successful farmers and stockmen. He was born in Ontario, Canada, July 31, 1849, the son of William and Elizabeth (Brewster) Hudson. Mr. and Mrs. William Hudson settled in Illinois in about 1855, where they both died.

Richard Hudson was married on Oct. 17, 1878, in DeKalb County, to Ella Gould, the daughter of Benjamin S., and Rachel (Hines) Gould. Mr. Gould was born in Dutchess County, N. Y., and his wife was a native of Bradford County, Pa. Mr. Gould died in 1875 in Illinois and his wife died in 1916 in Kansas.

Richard Hudson and his wife lived for 16 years in Lincoln County, Kans., where he carried on farming and stock raising. In 1894 he removed to Daviess County, and settled in Colfax Township, where he lived until his death in May, 1916. He owned 200 acres of well improved land two miles south of Winston, and since his death, his wife and sons have purchased 233 acres, making a total of 433 acres. It is one of the finest stock farms in Daviess County, and is now operated by Mr. Hudson's sons. It is called "Maple Stock Farm," on account of the large maples which are located in front of the residence. Mrs. Hudson has a very attractive home, nicely located. Mr. Hudson's sons have been carrying on their father's business successfully since his death, and are well known as feeders of cattle and hogs.



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To Richard and Ella (Gould) Hudson six children were born, as follows: Mabel, the wife of O. P. Painter, residing on the old Hudson farm near Malta, Ill. They have a daughter, Ella Virginia Painter; William S., living on the home place; Geroge, born June 8, 1886, now deceased. He was selected for service during the World War, and sent to Camp Funston, with Ambulance Company No. 41, and later overseas with the 32nd Ambulance Company. He died at Bordeaux, France, Dec. 31, 1918, from pneumonia. His body was returned to the United States for burial at Winston; Arthur, living at the home place; Florence, the wife of Morgan Jones, Dawn, Mo.; and Lester G., at home. He enlisted in the army during the World War while attending school at Manhattan, Kans., and was sent to Camp Lee, near Petersburg, Va., and later to Camp Beauregard, La.

Mr. Hudson was vice-president of the Winston Bank at the time of his death. He was a progressive and substantial citizen and possessed excellent judgment in all matters. He was valuable in his community as a man willing at all times to advise and counsel with his fellow men. In his business affairs he was ever upright and fair and in his work as a citizen he was the upholder of high standards.

Lincoln O. Grantham, one of the progressive farmers and stockmen of Wilson Township, Gentry County, was born on a farm just one fourth of a mile south of his present residence on July 1, 1866, the son of James L. and Mary (Knye) Grantham.

James L. Grantham was born in Kentucky in 1836. His parents moved to Hillsboro, Ill., where James L. was reared. In 1856 he came with his parents, Thomas and Elizabeth Grantham, to Missouri and settled in Wilson Township on a farm adjoining the one now owned by Lincoln O. Grantham. Thomas and Elizabeth both died on their farm, and their remains are buried in the Grantham Cemetery. James L. Grantham enlisted for service in the Union Army during the Civil War, and served during the years 1863 and 1864. He married Mary E. Knye, who was born in Germany in 1838. Her parents came to the United States in 1844 and settled at Portsmouth, Ohio. A few years later they came to St. Joseph, Mo., and from there to Wilson Township, Gentry County. James L. Grantham died in 1875, and his widow makes her home with her son, Lincoln O. To the union of James L. and Mary E. (Knye) Grantham the following children were born: Naoma C., married Mr. Winslow, and died at the age of 20 years; Harriett C., became Mrs. Winslow, and died in 1898; Dora, died in infancy; L. O., the subject of this sketch; Thomas W., now the owner of the home place; Oliver P., a

farmer in Oklahoma; James L., a farmer living east of Stanberry; and Elizabeth, died in March, 1919, at the age of 50 years.

L. O. Grantham has land holdings of 380 acres in his home place and 60 acres near Enyart. The land is all well improved; the present residence was built in 1907, and the farm is equipped with excellent farm buildings, and facilities for caring for the stock. Mr. Grantham raises Shorthorn cattle and Spotted Poland China hogs. He feeds two or three car loads of each during a year.

L. O. Grantham was married in 1890 to Maggie Wharton, a daughter of R. M. and S. F. (Yost) Wharton. Mrs. Grantham was born near Marshalltown, Iowa, and came to Gentry County with her parents in 1870. Mr. Wharton died in California in 1889, and Mrs. Wharton now lives in Billings, Mont. Mr. and Mrs. Grantham had the following children: Blanch, the wife of Fred Richardson of Wilson Township; Roy, married Goldie Liggett, and lives on the home farm; Neva, married Leland Fryar, cashier of the Farmers Bank at Ravenwood; Everett, a farmer living three miles east of Alanthus Grove; Earl, accidentally killed when he was six years old; Marcella, a student in the Stanberry High School; and Bernard, at home.

Mr. Grantham is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons at Alanthus Grove, the Chapter at Stanberry, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Ravenwood. He has served twice as a member of the township board, and in 1914 made the race for circuit clerk of Gentry County on the Republican ticket. He is a member of the Gentry County Fire Insurance Company, and is at present serving on the board of that company. Mr. Grantham is one of the substantial citizens of Wilson Township, a man known for his ability in business, and for his high ideals of civic progress.

Andrew J. Goodwine, a farmer of Wilson Township, Gentry County, lives on the farm where he was born, July 29, 1882. The land has been in the Goodwine family for 73 years, having been entered from the government by Wash Goodwine, father of Andrew J. Goodwine.

Wash Goodwine was born in Yorkshire, England, and came to the United States when he was four years old. He settled in Indiana and in 1853 moved to Missouri, where he took up land near Alanthus Grove in Wilson Township, Gentry County. He became an extensive feeder of cattle and hogs, and raised cattle, hogs and mules, buying the corn used for feeding from the farmers near by. At one time he owned 700 acres of land in the county. He married Harriett Cunningham, who was born in Ireland and came to the United States with her parents when she was

10 years old. Mr. and Mrs. Goodwine were married in Indiana in 1853. Mr. Goodwine died on Dec. 13, 1902 at the age of 86 years, and Mrs. Goodwine died on June 16, 1916 at the age of 87 years. The remains of both are buried in Monroe Cemetery. Their children were: Seth, a farmer living near Stanberry; Amanda, married Aaron Ball and died at Ebntonville, Ark., Oct. 8, 1907; John, a farmer at Greeley, Colo.; Abner, a poultry dealer at Ravenwood; Enretta, the wife of J. A. Starwalt of Stanberry; Lucy, married to W. R. Cogdell, a farmer near Clyde; George, deceased; Sherwin, deceased; Stilwell, a farmer near Grover, Col.; Raleigh, farming at Grover, Col.; A. J., the subject of this sketch; and Frank, living at Hereford, Col.

A. J. Goodwine attended the rural schools of Gentry County, and has been a farmer all of his life. He owns 80 acres of the home farm, where he does general farming and raises stock. Mrs. Goodwine raises Columbian Wyandotte poultry, and has a market for the eggs and fowls at home.

A. J. Goodwine was married, Sept. 5, 1917 to Edelle Tatum, a daughter of James L. and Laura (Stevens) Tatum. Mrs. Tatum, born in Indiana, in 1873, died at Franklin, Ind., May 26, 1906. Mr. Tatum, born in Indiana in 1875, now lives in Cooper Township, Gentry County. Mrs. Goodwine was born and reared at Ninevah, Johnson County, Ind., and came to Gentry County in 1912. To her union with A. J. Goodwine two children have been born, Ruth Harriett, and Laura Edith.

Mr. Goodwine is a Republican. He is an industrious and energetic farmer, highly esteemed in his neighborhood.

William Thomas, one of the capable and excellent citizens of Stanberry, Gentry County, is a retired farmer. He came to Stanberry in 1919, from his farm of 240 acres three miles south of Stanberry, and has been known in the community for his spirit of fairness and justice during the reconstruction period in the agriculture of the county.

William Thomas was born in Germany, May 17, 1853, the son of Peter and Eve (Boquet) Thomas, who came to the United States in 1854, and settled in Marshall County, Ill. They both died there, and their remains are buried at Henry, Ill. Their children were: Gertrude, was Mrs. Newhelfen, and died at Henry, Ill.; Margaret, now Mrs. Ziegler of Henry, Ill.; Kate, now Mrs. Ziegler of Henry, Ill.; and William, the subject of this review.

Mr. Thomas attended school at Henry, Ill., and at the age of 25 years, went to Shelby County, Iowa, where he lived until 1902. He came to Gentry County that year, and bought his farm near Stanberry. He did

general farming and stockraising. The farm is located on the Jefferson Highway and is equipped with excellent improvements. Mr. Thomas's residence in Stanberry is located on the corner of Alanthus and First streets.

William Thomas was married on Oct. 27, 1874 at Henry, Ill., to Elizabeth Roth, born, Oct. 21, 1855 in Ontario, Canada. Her parents were Joseph and Eva (Friese) Roth. They are both dead and their remains are buried at Henry, Ill. Their children were: Elizabeth, now Mrs. Thomas; Sophronia, and Mrs. Bartels of Hesper, Canada; Upaloma, now Mrs. Weyler of New Germany, Canada; Joseph, living at Peoria, Ill.; Henry, a resident of Henry, Ill.; Mrs. Coomradt Merdian, of Henry, Ill.; Frances, now Mrs. Troendly, living at Lincoln, Ill.; Peter and Andrew, both dead; and Mary, married Mr. Kramer, and died at Chicago, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas had the following children: William, married Angie Harkenrath, and lives at Neola, Iowa and they have one daughter, Frances; Henry, now dead, had married Madeline Leuchen, and left two children, Benedict and Henrietta; Frank, married Annie Heyde, and lives at Stanberry; Leo, at home; Matilda, the wife of Jacob Doges of Portsmouth, Iowa; and Joseph, married Dora Heyde, and is a resident of Neola, Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas have the following grandchildren; William, Lena, Louis, Frances, Elizabeth, Marie, Anna, Bernadine, Pauline, and Michael Jacob Doges; Carl, the son of Frank Thomas; and Benedict and Henrietta, mentioned above.

Mr. Thomas is a man of alert intellect and broad sympathies. He well merits the high esteem in which he is held.

John H. Barnes, a well known and successful farmer and stockman, living near Albany, Mo. He was born near Denver, Mo., April 9, 1852, his parents having settled in Worth County at a very early date.

John H. Barnes was reared on a farm and received his education in such schools as the times and conditions afforded. After attaining manhood he engaged in farming and stockraising in Worth County which he successfully pursued until 1919 when he removed to Gentry County and since that time has been engaged in farming near Albany.

In 1888, John H. Barnes was married to Miss Mary E. Maxwell and to them the following children have been born: Leona, married J. D. Castin of Worth County; Myrtle, married Charles Korn, Grant City; Wesley, married Bessie Kater, Worth County; Elmer, further mention of whom is made below, married Bessie Wallace and they live two miles south of Albany; Emery, married Esta Lewis and they live at Havelock,

Neb.; Alvie, married Dorma Smith and they live at Salt Creek, Wyo.; Sadie, married William Murphy, Fleming, Colo.; Olive, married John Beauchamps, Rodunda Beach, Calif.; Phoebe, married Alex Conon and they live near Denver, Mo.; Walter, married Georgia Pickering, Lincoln, Neb.; Elsie, who is specializing in music at Palmer College, having graduated from the academic department in the class of 1922; Howard, graduated from the commercial department of Palmer College in the class of 1920; Kay, a student in Albany High School and a member of the class of 1923, and J. Edgar Barnes.

J. Edgar Barnes was one of the promising young men whose career was marked with success and who made the supreme sacrifice in the World War. He was born Feb. 6, 1892 and after attending the public schools took a business course at Grand Island, Neb. He then went to Colorado and took up a government claim, becoming the owner of 310 acres of land. Here he was engaged in farming and stock raising when the United States entered the World War. He entered the service under the selective draft in 1917, becoming a member of D Company, 354th Infantry, 89th Division. After a period of training at Camp Funston, Kan., he went to France with his division and was in a number of the important engagements in which the 89th Division participated. He was killed in battle Nov. 1, 1918.

Elmer Barnes enlisted at Bakersfield, Calif., in March, 1918 and served in the Quartermaster Department.

John H. Barnes has a distinct recollection of pioneer conditions as they existed in Worth County during his early boyhood days. Settlers were few, their nearest neighbor on the west being five miles distant. Methods of farming were crude and conveniences few. There were no

school houses and the only schools at that time were known as subscrip-

Mr. Barnes has seen much of the development which has taken place in this part of Missouri and has contributed his part to the up-building and betterment of this section. He is progressive and public spirited and one of the substantial men of Gentry County.

Edward Adams, a successful contractor of Albany, Mo., who has been engaged in business for a number of years, is a native of Indiana. He was born in Scott County, that state, Sept. 10, 1855, a son of Morgan and Catherine (Lynch) Adams, the former a native of Kentucky and the latter of Virginia.

Morgan and Catherine (Lynch) Adams were the parents of seven children as follows: George, deceased; John, deceased; Rebecca, de-

ceased; Hannah, married George Tennant; W. T., who is engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County; Louis, who owns and operates a large ranch of 1700 acres in Cherry County, Neb., and Edward, the subject of this sketch.

The Adams family settled in Missouri at an early day, having located in Harrison County in 1868. Edward Adams attended the public schools and grew to manhood in Harrison County. In 1881 he went to Nebraska and homesteaded government land. After remaining there about two years he sold out and returned to Missouri, settling in Gentry County. Here he learned the plaster's and mason trade and has since devoted himself to that line of work. For a number of years he has operated in that field as a contractor. He is now engaged in the manufacture of cement blocks and brick, his plant being located at the corner of Chicago and Orton streets. He carries on an extensive business which is one of the important enterprises of Albany.

Edward Adams was married Dec. 25, 1878 to Miss Jane Lunsford and to them have been born four children, three of whom died in infancy, the only surviving child being Lora who is the wife of Charles E. Littlewood.

Mr. Adams is progressive and one of the enterprising citizens of Gentry County. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having been a member of that order for 25 years.

John W. Kerlin, now living retired at Albany, has had a successful career in Gentry County and for many years has been identified with the best interests of the community. He is a native of Kentucky, born in Henry County in 1852, a son of Thomas and Nancy Jane (Jeffries) Kerlin, both natives of Kentucky and members of pioneer Kentucky families.

John W. Kerlin came to Gentry County with his parents in 1857 and was here reared and educated. He was engaged in farming and stock raising for 30 years; he then engaged in the hardware and implement business which he successfully conducted until 1919 when he retired and since that time has devoted himself to looking after his various interests. He owns a farm of 360 acres, four miles east of Albany besides several properties in town.

John W. Kerlin is one of ten children born to his parents, the others being as follows: Josephus, died in infancy; William J., a farmer and stock raiser, New Hampton; Maggie Lee, married J. D. Allison, Whiting, Iowa; Jennie Cordelia, who is now a widow and now resides at Liberty, Mo.; Charles D., deceased; Dr. J. D., a practicing physician and surgeon at Shenandoah, Iowa; Rev. R. T., a graduate of Fayette College, Johns

Hopkins University, Yale College, was a Professor in Harvard College, later a student in Berlin, Germany, is an ordained minister and during the World War served for 18 months in France in connection with the Y. M. C. A. work, made seven trips across to Europe during the World War and is now a resident lecturer in the University of Virginia; and M. R., who is engaged in the mercantile business in South Dakota and also an extensive land owner in that state.

J. W. Kerlin was married to Miss Mary Bell Stockwell. She is a daughter of S. M. and Amanda (Ellis) Stockwell, natives of Bourbon County, Ky. Mrs Kerlin is one of the following children now living who were born to her parents: J. A., a farmer and stock man; Mrs. Kerlin; Margaret, married Charles McCoy, lives near New Hampton; Alice M., married William Claytor, Bethany; Lizzie, who is now a widow and lives at Bethany; Jennie, married J. B. Rhodus, a farmer and stockman, Bethany; and Robert, a farmer and stockman near Bethany, married Sadie Sutton. S. M. Stockwell, Mrs. Kerlin's father served in the Civil War and was a life long Republican. He was the owner of 400 acres of land. Her mother was a member of a prominent old Kentucky family, being related to the Todds and Breckenridges.

To John Kerlin and wife have been born two children, as follows: Worth, born in Gentry County, July 13, 1879, was educated in the Albany High School and Christian College, is now engaged in the clothing business and owns a farm East of town, married Lena Smith and has four children, Lucille, Mary, Pauline and J. W.; and Eva A., was educated in the Albany High School, Christian College and married Dr. William Lester, Ridgeway, Mo., and has two children John A. and Mary Belle.

Mr. Kerlin is a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He is widely known and one of the leading citizens of Gentry County.

L. E. Washburn, a reliable and successful business man of King City, was born in Gentry County. He is a son of John and Nettie (Howe) Washburn.

John Washburn is a native of Gentry County, and a prominent dairy farmer. His wife is a daughter of Samuel and Mary Howe. Mr. and Mrs. John Washburn live in Kansas and are engaged in the poultry and produce business there. John Washburn is a Republican and a member of the Modern Woodmen of the World. He belongs to the Christian Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Howe are the parents of the following children: Mary, deceased; Samuel, deceased; Lizzie; Kate; Joseph; Charlie. L. E. Washburn was reared in Gentry County, and received his education in the public schools. He was graduated from the Illinois College of

Photography on Feb. 1, 1921, and is now engaged in business in King City.

Mr. Washburn is a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. He is a promising young man, whose business success seems almost certain.

Thomas Brown, a prominent farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County is a native son of Gentry County. He was born June 19, 1857, a son of Thomas J. and Rebecca (Tucker) Brown. Thomas J. Brown was born in Tazewell County, Va. and came to Missouri at a very early date, some years prior to the Civil War. He drove through from Virginia with an ox team and covered wagon, a vehicle known in the pioneer days as a "prairie schooner." Before coming to Missouri the Brown family lived in Illinois for a number of years. Thomas J. Brown, the father, served in the Union Army during the Civil War and after the war, was prominent in the affairs of Gentry County. He served as one of the judges of the county court for eight years. He was a member of the Baptist Church and belonged to the Masonic Lodge at Albany. He and his wife are both deceased and their remains are buried at the Berlin Cemetery.

To Thomas J. Brown and wife were born the following children: Lillian, Margaret, and Louise all of whom are deceased; Volney, a retired farmer and stockman living at Albany; Margaret, married J. W. Barkley and they are both deceased; Rebecca, married Orlando Butler, a farmer and stockman near Ford City; Addie, married G. F. Sealey, a farmer and stockman of Gentry County; Alice M., married D. N. Fore, a farmer and stockman of Gentryville; Dora, married Jesse F. Clark, Ford City; Orville, a member of the county court of Gentry County; and Thomas the subject of this sketch.

Thomas Brown was reared on a farm and educated in the public schools. He began life for himself operating rented land and five years later bought his present farm in Jackson Township. He is the owner of 240 acres of valuable land and is recognized as a leading farmer and stockman of Gentry County. He raises Black Aberdeen cattle and Poland China hogs.

Mr. Brown married Miss Susan Butler, a native of Iowa and a daughter of A. M. S. and Susan (Statton) Butler. A. M. S. Butler was a native of Kentucky and was engaged in farming and stock raising. Mrs. Brown is one of the following children born to her parents James, deceased; Orlando, a farmer, Ford City; Clemmen lives in New Mexico; and Mrs. Brown. Mrs. Brown's parents are both deceased. To Thomas

Brown and his wife have been born two children, Orville C., born April 28, 1878, is associated with his father in operating the home place; and A. W., born Sept. 5, 1883 is also associated with his father.

Mrs. Brown died Oct. 2, 1909 and her remains are buried at King City.

Mr. Brown takes a commendable interest in public affairs and has served as a member of the township board for eight years. He and his two sons are members of the Masonic Lodge and are among the leading representative citizens of Gentry County.

Fred Waltemath, a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Gentry County is a native of Illinois. He was born in March 1891 and is a son of Henry and Louise (Wise) Waltemath. Henry Waltemath was a native of Germany and came to America when he was 14 years old. He settled in Illinois where he first bought 200 acres of land and later bought more land until he became the owner of 500 acres. He was extensively engaged in farming and stock raising and also dealt extensively in cattle.

To Henry and Louis Waltemath were born the following children: Charles, a farmer and stockman in Canada; John, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Rebecca, married Benjamin Fite, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Herman and George, twins; Herman is a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; George, is a farmer and stockman in Worth County; and Fred the subject of this sketch; Edward, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; and Henry in Worth.

Fred Waltemath was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools. He began his independent career farming rented land and five years later he bought his present place of 240 acres in Jackson Township. He has a well improved place with good farm buildings and a silo. He carries on general farming and is recognized as one of the successful stock raisers of Gentry County. He raises Duroc Jersey hogs and Shorthorn cattle. Mrs. Waltemath is interested in raising poultry quite extensively and has been very successful.

Mr. Waltemath married Miss Belle Sweat, a native of DeKalb County and a daughter of John and Grace (Redman) Sweat. They are now living in Dekalb County. Mrs. Waltemath was one of the following children born to her parents: Nora, married Clem Heard, a farmer and stockman near Pattonsburg; Erma, married and resides in DeKalb County; Earl, resides at home; Samuel, in DeKalb; and Mrs. Waltemath of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Waltemath have been born two children, John

Fredrick born Dec. 1, 1917 and James born July 12, 1920 is deceased and is buried at King City.

Benjamin Boley, an extensive farmer and stock raiser of Miller Township is a naive of Gentry County and a member of a pioneer family. He was born in 1854 on the place where he now lives and is a son of John and Delsenna (Licens) Boley the former a native of Tennessee and the latter of Kentucky.

John Boley served in the Civil War, in the Missouri State Militia. He was a pioneer of Gentry County, coming here before there was any railroads and for a number of years lived in a log cabin. He was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church.

Benjamin Boley is one of the following children born to his parents: Nancy Emiline, married William Rainey who is now deceased and his widow lives in Gentry County; Johanna, married Charles Pryor, a Gentry County farmer and stockman; Sarah Margaret, married J. W. Bradford who is engaged in the electrical business in St. Joseph; and Benjamin the subject of this review.

Benjamin Boley was reared on the farm where he now lives and attended the district schools. He has always been engaged in farming on this place and is now the owner of 606 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres, 50 of which is timber. The place is well improved with a good substantial residence, barns and other buildings. Mr. Boley carries on general farming and stock raising and Mrs. Boley is interested in the poultry business, making a specialty of Langshang chickens.

Mr. Boley was married to Vadda Ulrich who was born near Cameron and is the daughter of Christopher and Mary (Ossman) Ulrich. Christopher Ulrich was born in Kentucky in 1844 and his wife is a native of the same state. He is a veteran of the Civil War, having served in the Union Army throughout that conflict. After the war he engaged in farming in Clinton County and he and his wife now live in Cameron. He is a Republican and a member of the Methodist church.

Mrs. Boley is one of the following children born to her parents: Lizzie, married Christopher Case, a farmer and stockman; Rosa, married Stephen Clemenger, a farmer and stockman, Turney; Addie, married John Cummings, a farmer of Gentry County; Lena, married William Meyers, of Denver, Colo.; John, Cameron; Flossie, married Frank Meyers and lives near Cameron; Fred, Cameron; Christopher, Cameron; and Mrs. Boley of this sketch.

To Mr. and Mrs. Boley have been born the following children: Jessie

Lena, born Nov. 9, 1902 married James Potter, a farmer and stock raiser of Gentry County; Benjamin Theodore, born June 18, 1904, at home with his father; Vera Menda, born March 1, 1906, at home; Herbert Howard, born Feb. 28, 1908, at home; Vadda Beatrice, born Aug. 19, 1909, at home; and Loretta Neola, born March 19, 1912, at home.

Mr. Boley is a Republican and one of the substantial citizens of Gentry County.

P. T. Quisenberry, the well known and efficient postmaster at Ford City, is a native of Missouri. He was born in Monree County, June 11, 1863 and is a son of Dr. J. B. and Sarah (Burrus) Quisenberry. Dr. J. B. Quisenberry was born in Kentucky and came to Missouri when a young man. He settled near Middle Grove, Monroe County where he was engaged in the practice of medicine for a number of years. He was also interested in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 300 acres of land in the vicinity of Middle Grove. He was a Democrat, a member of the Deciples Church and was a Mason. He spent his life in Monroe County and he and his wife are buried at Middle Grove. They were the parents of the following children: John E., Roger, O. B., and Monta who are deceased; Verbina, married L. H. Stephens, a retired farmer and stock raiser living at Moberly; Margaret married P. O. Powell who is at the head of a large canning factory in Oregon and is a member of the State Legislature; and P. T., the subject of this sketch.

P. T. Quisenberry was reared in Monroe County and attended the public schools there and graduated from high school and later attended college at Lexington, Ky. He began life as a contractor and builder and later came to Gentry County where he was also engaged in contracting and building for a number of years. Afterwards he was manager of a store at Ford City for L. H. Perry. He has been postmaster at Ford City since 1916 and has proved himself to be a capable and courteous public official and is well qualified for the position.

Mr. Quisenberry was first married to Nina Ownby who is deceased and her remains are buried at Middle Grove. He married Edith Hadley, a native of Gentry County and a daughter of L. F. and Lovina (Wicks) Hadley, both natives of New York. L. F. Hadley is engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County and is well and favorably known, having lived on his present farm for 53 years. He is a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church. Mrs. Quisenberry has one brother living, Andrew W. Hadley, of El Paso, Texas.

Mr. Quisenberry is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist

Church. He is a dependable citizen and is well known in Gentry County.

Ray S. Gartin, a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman of Miller Township is a native of Genry County and was born in 1888. He is a son of Andrew C. and Cassie (Ray) Gartin. Andrew C. Gartin is a Gentry County pioneer and has been prominently identified with the devlopment of this section. When he came here there was much open prairie and his first home was a log cabin. He was successfully engaged in farming and stock raising for many years and is now living retired at Albany. He is a Democrat and has served as a member of the county court; he is a member of the Masonic Lodge and the Knights of Pythias and he and his wife belong to the Presbyterian Church. They are the parents of the following children: Hattie, deceased; Mitchell, a farmer and stockman, living in Kansas; Minnie, married William Salsbury, a farmer and stockman, Pharr, Tex.; Lulu, married Samuel Ferguson, a salesman, San Bernardino, Calif.; and Ray S. the subject of this sketch.

Ray S. Gartin was reared on the home farm in Gentry County and attended the public schools. He remained on the farm with his father for some years and then began his independent career as a farmer and stockman. He is now the owner of a well improved farm of 80 acres and carries on general farming and stock raising. He raises Shorthorn cattle, Duroc Jersey hogs and sheep and is also quite extensively interested in raising poultry. His place is improved with a good residence, barns and is well fenced.

Mr. Gartin was married to Miss Elizabeth Allenbrand, who was a successful teacher near King City and McFall prior to her marriage. She was born in Gentry County and is a daughter of Joseph and Minnie (Eberle) Allenbrand, the former a native of Canada and the latter of Lexington, Mo. Joseph Allenbrand came to the states with his parents when a child. He served in the Union Army for 2½ years during the Civil War and was in a number of the principal battles of the war. For many years he was successfully engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County and met with success. He was a Republican, a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and resided at King City at the time of his death, in January, 1922. Mrs. Gartin is one of the following children born to her parents: Harrison, deceased; Lewis, a farmer and stockman east of King City; Dora, married John Fitzgerald, a hardware merchant, Hobert, Okla.; Frank, a farmer and stockman, Dexter, Mo.; Ross, a farmer and stockman living near Albany; Hiram, a farmer and stockman, near Berlin; Edna, married Bert McKay, a groceryman at Fort

Morgan, Colo.; Lottie, a former Gentry County teacher, now a bookkeeper in the Federal Reserve Bank, Kansas City; and Mrs. Gartin of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. Ray S. Gartin have been born the following children: Doris Oneta, deceased; Dorothy, and A. C.

Mr. Gartin is a Democrat and takes a commendable interest in local affairs and institutions and has served as a member of the school board for three years. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

John George Sutton, a progressive farmer and stockman of Miller Township, Gentry County is a native of West Virginia, born March 20, 1865. He is a son of John W. and Mary Elizabeth (Penticost) Sutton. John W. Sutton was born in West Virginia in 1835. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having served in the Union Army and was stationed in the Barracks at Wheeling, W. Va. After the close of the war he remained in West Virginia until 1885 when he came to Missouri and was one of the pioneers of this section. He endured the hardships well known to the pioneers of the early days. His first home was a log cabin. He plowed with a wooden mould-board plow driven with oxen. At one time when he had no feed for his cattle in the winter, he cut down elm trees in order that they might feed on the branches. He had been a life-long democrat and is a member of the Methodist Church. His wife is now deceased and is buried in Hopewell Cemetery in DeKalb County.

To John W. Sutton and wife were born the following children: Mary Emma, Lorraine Mae, Maud Jeannette, and Eva Jennie, all of whom are deceased; William J., a retired farmer and stockman living in Colorado; A. D., a farmer and stockman of DeKalb County; Leslie, a farmer and stockman in DeKalb County; Howard Earl, on the home place with his father; Walter, a fruit farmer, Orange Grove, Calif.

John G. Sutton began farming on his own account on rented land and two years later bought 40 acres to which he has since added 40 acres and is now owner of a good farm of 80 acres. He has made substantial improvements on his place and has a good residence, barns, and the place is otherwise improved. He has accumulated his holdings by hard work and good management. He has paid as high as 10% interest and has sold corn for 16½ cents per bushel and hogs for 3½ cents per pound. But through all the periods of depression and adversity he was always ready to pay his notes when they were due. Mr. Sutton is well known as a successful breeder of Aberdeen Angus cattle and registered spotted Poland China hogs.

Mr. Sutton married Catherine J. Palmer a native of DeKalb County. She is a daughter of Elias and Elizabeth (Williams) Palmer, the former born Aug. 12, 1824 and the latter born April 9, 1828. Elias Palmer was a native of Halifax, Va. and was a prominent farmer and stockman in DeKalb County, Mo. where he settled at an early day. He settled there the first year of the Civil War and on the day before he moved there John Roundtree was killed by bushwhackers on his place. Mr. Palmer was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. His wife was a member of the Christian Church. He died Dec. 17, 1898 and she departed this life June 3, 1913 and their remains are buried in Fairport Cemetery, DeKalb County. They were the parents of 12 children: Henry, Nancy, John W., Marcelus, Isabel, Elijah, Belinda, Charles, James, Catherine, Maggie. Maggie, died Sept. 17, 1898; Charles, died Feb. 10, 1900; Isabel, died March 9, 1900; Belinda, died; Henry, died March 13, 1921. The living are John W., McFall; Mary Malissa, Mocksville, Kan.; Elijah, Shannon County, Mo.; James A., lives in Colorado and Mrs. Catherine Sutton.

To Mr. and Mrs. Sutton has been born one child, Chloe D., born Nov. 14, 1892, married Harry Carpenter, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County.

Mrs. Sutton was a successful teacher prior to her marriage, having taught four years in Andrew County, three years at Black Oak school and one at Franklin. She is interested in raising fancy poultry and has met with marked success in raising standard bred Narragansett turkeys. She and Mr. Sutton are Democrats and members of the Christian church of which Mr. Sutton has been a deacon for a number of years.

Frank S. Jolly, a well known and successful farmer and stockman in Miller Township is a native of this county and a member of one of the well known early pioneer families of Gentry County. He was born Nov. 24, 1879 and is a son of James Perry and May (Shaffer) Jolly. A more extensive history of the Jolly family appears in connection with the biography of James Perry Jolly elsewhere in this volume.

Frank S. Jolly was reared on the farm and attended the public schools and began life as a farmer and stockman. He owns a well improved farm in Miller Township where he carries on general farming and stock raising and is meeting with success. Mr. Jolly is of an inventive turn of mind and has worked out some clever practical inventions, one of which is an electrical device for carrying mail from a rural mail box to the residence, after the mail has been deposited in the box by the carrier and another invention of his of a practical nature is a unique

arrangement of tying or making fast a horse by an attachment on the harness.

Mr. Jolly was married Nov. 24, 1904 to Miss Anna G. Ferguson, a daughter of John and Margaret A. (Marsh) Ferguson, the former a native of Indiana and the latter of Clay County, Mo. John Ferguson was a Baptist Minister and was also engaged in farming and stock raising. He was a Civil War veteran and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He is now deceased and his remains are buried in Gentry County at Berlin. Mrs. Jolly is one of the following children born to her parents: Isaiah and Jennie, both deceased; Emma Pitt lives in Nebraska; Kate, married S. J. Rainey, lives in Gentry County; James, lives in Gentry County; Samuel, lives at San Bernardino, Calif.; Lydia, married Olie Rainey, Berlin; Dr. L. J., an eye, ear and nose specialist, St. Joseph; and Mrs. Jolly. Mr. and Mrs. Jolly have two adopted children: Raymond James, and Roland William, twins, born Nov. 7, 1915.

Mr. Jolly is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church and holds membership in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is progressive and public spirited and has served as school director for a number of years in the Manring School District and also director of the Consolidated School District No. 1 of Gentry County.

J. J. Utz, a prosperous farmer and stockman of Miller Township, Gentry County is a native of Kentucky. He was born Nov. 24, 1850 and is a son of George M. and Mary (Stamper) Utz, both natives of Boone County, Ky. George M. Utz came to Missouri at an early day, driving through from Kentucky and settled in Daviess County. The family at first lived in a log cabin and endured the many hardships and inconveniences incident to pioneer life. The father followed farming and stock raising and became the owner of 300 acres of land. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and was a highly respected citizen. He died in 1902 and his wife is also deceased. They were the parents of the following children: George, lives in Daviess County; Al, lives in Daviess County; Ellen, married James Royce who is now deceased and she lives in Pattonsburg; William L., Daviess County; Thomas M., and Anna, married John Akes; and J. J., the subject of this sketch.

J. J. Utz attended the early day district schools and began life working out by the month. His first purchase consisted of 40 acres and he is now the owner of 225 acres. His place is well improved with a

good farm residence, barns and other buildings and all conveniences suitable for all modern and up to date farming and stock raising.

Mr. Utz was married Nov. 15, 1877 to Prudie Ann Royston a native of McLean County, Ill., and a daughter of Benjamin and Rebecca (Vandeventer) Royston, natives of Tennessee. The father was a farmer and stock raiser. He was a member of the Methodist Church and a Republican and he and his wife are now deceased. They were the parents of 13 children, all of whom are deceased except the following: Sarah, married Robert Deering who is deceased and she resides in Gentry County; Mary married Archie McCasky a grocer in Kansas City; Robert, living in Jamesport; and Mrs. J. J. Utz, of this sketch.

To Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Utz have been born two children: Elbert, born Dec. 30, 1878 and died Aug. 16, 1902 and Bessie, born Oct. 24 1885, was educated in the public school and high school and the Chillicothe Business College, is now a bookkeeper in Kansas City, having held her present position for 13 years. Mr. Utz is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and politically is a Democrat. He is well known and is one of the dependable citizens of Gentry County.

Lewis R. Dunavan, since 1903 a well known farmer of Sheridan Township, Daviess County, is a native of Illinois, where he was born in LaSalle County on Sept. 26, 1856. His parents were Joseph A. and Nancy (Green) Dunavan.

Joseph A. Dunavan and his wife went to Colorado and remained there for four years. Leaving Colorado, they located in Caldwell County, Mo., where Mr. Dunavan died in 1901, and Mrs. Dunavan a few years later. Their children were: Joseph, living near Seattle, Wash.; Jennie, now Mrs. Howe of Washington; Catherine, deceased, was Mrs. Brandon; Isaac, died in Canada; David died in Kansas; Alice, died in Caldwell County, Mo.; Anna, died in Illinois in 1892; and John and Amanda, both died in infancy.

Lewis D. Dunavan attended the public schools of Illinois and has been a farmer all of his life. He farmed first in Illinois, but in 1888, he went to Colorado, where he took up a claim near Sterling, in Logan County. In 1893 he came to Missouri and for the next ten years lived on a farm near Hamilton, in Caldwell County. He sold that farm in 1903 and bought his present farm of 120 acres of land two miles east of Kidder. This land was formerly the Captain Emerson place. It is situated on the County Line road and has a good residence and farm buildings. Mr. Dunavan does general farming and is very successful in his work.

In 1879 Mr. Dunavan was married in Sheridan, Ill., to Jenrie McMichael, a daughter of James and Margaret (Furr) McMichael. James



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McMichael was born in Scotland and came to the United States in his youth; his wife was a native of Virginia. Both Mr. and Mrs. McMichael died in LaSalle County, Ill. Their children were: Nettie, now Mrs. Gray of Ottawa, Ill.; Belle, now Mrs. DeBolt of Ottawa, Ill.; Jennie, now Mrs. Dunavan; Maggie, now Mrs. Peddicord of Nevada, Iowa; James, living at Heberling, Ind.; Fred, living in Alaska; William, living on the home place at Ottawa, Ill.; and Addie, married Mr. DeBolt, and is now dead.

Mr. and Mrs. Dunavan are held in high regard in the community. Mr. Dunavan is an industrious and progressive farmer and a man of civic pride.

F. L. Giles, a prominent pioneer who is a successful farmer and stockman of Miller Township, Gentry County, is a native of Tennessee. He was born Nov. 10, 1849 and is a son of Benjamin and Talitha (Hyten) Giles, both natives of Tennessee and early settlers in Gentry County. Benjamin Giles came to Missouri in 1851 with his family and settled in Gentry County. He was a soldier in the war of 1812 and after coming to Gentry County he took up land and proceeded to make a home in the then new and unsettled country. He was a man of exemplary habits and even at that time when liquor was almost as free as water he never took a drink nor never used profanity. He was killed by bushwhackers at the close of the Civil War. The following children were born to Benjamin Giles and wife: Rebecca and John are both deceased; James, lives at Albany; Mary A., married J. O. Rendall; Robert, lives in Gentry County; Samantha, married William McFall; Albert lives in Casper, Wyo.; Caroline, married J. W. Chaney, and lives in McFall; and F. L., the subject of this sketch.

F. L. Giles began life working out by the month and was thus engaged for a period of ten years. He then bought 90 acres of land and engaged in farming and stock raising and has met with very satisfactory success.

Mr. Giles was married to Sallie Bell, a daughter of Robert of Tennessee and Bettie Bell of Indiana who settled in Gentry County shortly after the Civil War. They were the parents of the following children: Samuel, Jessie and Rebecca, deceased; Lizzie, married a Richard Etter, a contractor who lives in Iowa; Edward, lives in Platte County, Mo.; Minta, lives in Omaha, Neb.; Buchanan, lives in Platte County, Mo.; Walter, married James Bond and they live in Oklahoma.

To F. L. Giles and wife have been born the following children: Cora Ethel, a teacher in Gentry County, resides at home with her parents; Stella, married William Williams who is engaged in poultry shipping at

St. Joseph; Boyd, who is also engaged in shipping poultry, lives in St. Joseph. He is a veteran of the World War and spent one year in France in the service, being honorably discharged after the Armistice was signed. He married Miss Hazel Foster of Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. Giles is a Democrat and one of the highly respected and dependable pioneer citizens of Gentry County.

J. J. Childers, a well known citizen of Miller Township who is engaged in farming and stock raising, is a native of Gentry County. He was born Oct. 9, 1867 and is a son of John A. and Sarah Ann (White) Childers, both natives of Ohio. John Childers was born in Gallia County, Feb. 25, 1838 and his wife was born in the same county. He served in the Commissary Department of the Union Army during the Civil War and after the close of the war he came to Gentry County with his wife and family, driving through with a team and covered wagon, the trip requiring 45 days. When the Childers family settled in Gentry County this section of the country was sparsely settled and a large portion of it was unbroken. Here Mr. Childers made a home for himself and family and succeeded to a satisfactory degree. He is one of the living pioneers in the county and one of the oldest Masons in the country, having been a member of the Masonic Lodge for 69 years. His wife died Sept. 8, 1907 and is buried in the McFall Cemetery and he now makes his home with his son J. J. Childers.

To John A. Childers and wife were born the following children: Daniel, Lucy and Clara are deceased; Charles M., lives in Holt County; John W., Lincoln County, Ore.; William A., Twin Falls, Idaho; Joseph F., Gentry County; Edward L., lives near Berlin; Luke F., farm advisor in Fayette County; and J. J., the subject of this sketch.

J. J. Childers was educated in the early day schools of Gentry County and began life farming rented land; four years later he bought 80 acres and is now the owner of 130 acres of well improved land in Miller Township and 114 acres in Arkansas. He carries on general farming and stock raising and has been successful in his undertakings.

Mr. Childers was married Sept. 17, 1891 to Dora Rush, a native of Montgomery County, Ind., and a daughter of A. B. and Annie Rush both natives of Indiana. A. B. Rush came to Missouri in 1878 and settled in Gentry County where he remained for some years when he returned to Indiana. In 1909 he went to Arkansas where he bought 300 acres of land and engaged in the dairy business. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He died Dec. 25, 1916 and is buried at Searcy, Ark., and his wife died in Gentry County in 1890. Mrs. Childers has two living sisters: Eunice, married W. M. Kennedy and they live in In-

diana; and Susie, married Bert Shaffer and they live in White County, Ark.

To Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Childers have been born the following children: Nellie, Gladys, John Alexander, Harvey L., Russell R., Sallie E., Hazel E., Clarissa D., James Marion.

Nellie Childers was educated in the State Teachers College at Kirksville and Simmons College and was a teacher of Domestic Science, married Chester A. Purdy. Mr. Purdy was also educated at the State Teachers College at Kirksville and was principal of the Braymer schools when the United States entered the war. He enlisted in the Radio department and was sent to the Great Lakes Training Station and from there to Harvard University as a Radio Lecturer. After the Armistice was signed he returned to Kirksville and taught Manual Training. He then went to Chicago and bought a half interest in the bakery business which he conducted for one year when he sold out. He is the inventor of an automatic doughnut cutter and fryer which is considered one of the best devices of its kind.

Gladys Pearl Childers was educated in the public schools and the Teachers College at Kirksville and was engaged in teaching before her marriage. She married Claude N. Dyer who was engaged in teaching at Macon when the United States entered the World War. He entered the army and went to France with the 89th Division. While in the army he attended the Officers Training School and was commissioned second lieutenant. After his discharge from the army he attended the University of Chicago for one year and is now Superintendent of schools at Jefferson, Ore.

John Alexander was educated in the public schools and the Teachers State College at Kirksville and was engaged in teaching when he entered the United States Army and served as a musician in the 89th Division and served about a year in France, participating in all engagements of this famous Division. After being discharged from the army he taught school for a time and is now engaged in farming and stock raising.

Harvey L. Childers was educated in the public schools and the Teachers State College at Kirksville and is now leader of the Marine Band, 3rd Regiment and is stationed at Sant Domingo.

Russell R., Sallie E., Hazel E., Clarissa D., and James Marion are students in the public schools.

Mr. Childers is a Republican, a member of the Masonic Lodge and

the Modern Woodmen of America. He is a substantial citizen and the Childers family are highly respected.

James J. Evans, a prominent citizen of Jackson Township who has had a successful career as a farmer and stockman is a native of Gentry County, born March 4, 1855. He is a son of John and Elizabeth (Miller) Evans both natives of Kentucky and early settlers in Gentry County. John Evans was engaged in farming and stock raising here in his lifetime and was the owner of 80 acres of land. He was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church and a highly respected pioneer citizen. He died in 1860 and his wife died in 1856. They were the parents of six children: T. J.; Emily and Mary deceased; and Martha, married Thomas Ireland, Colorado Springs, Colo.; Mahala Jane, married Thomas Hunter, Albany; and James J., whose name introduces this review.

James J. Evans was reared on a farm and educated in the early day public schools. He began life for himself operating rented land and by hard work and strict economy he was soon able to buy a place of his own. He is the owner of 440 acres of valuable land which is well improved with a good residence and other farm buildings. He carries on general farming and stock raising and has met with well merited success.

Mr. Evans was married Jan. 27, 1876, to Miss Mary Ella Welch a native of Texas and a daughter of Frank and Mary (Wheeler) Welch, the former a native of Illinois and the latter of Indiana. The Welch family went to Texas at an early day and in 1865 came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County. Here the father owned and operated a farm of 200 acres. He was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. He and his wife are both deceased and their remains are buried in the old Brick Church Cemetery northwest of Albany.

To Mr. and Mrs. James J. Evans have been born the following children: Jennie L., born Nov. 12, 1881 and died July 6, 1883, Thomas Marion, born Nov. 26, 1876 and died on Oct. 6, 1918; George F., born May 12, 1879, a farmer and stockman in Jackson Township; Homer, born Nov. 22, 1883, also a farmer and stockman near Stanberry; Mary Ella, born Aug. 16, 1896 is a graduate of The Ernest Conservatory of Music at Stanberry and afterwards pursued her musical studies in Palmer College, is now the wife of Ray Birback; Walter, born Jan. 18, 1901, resides at home. Mrs. Evans departed this life Jan. 6, 1917 and her remains are buried in the Stanberry Cemetery.

Mr. Evans is a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. He is a well known and substantial citizen of this county.

James A. Johnson, a Gentry County pioneer who has had much to do with the development of this county has lived here since he was three years old. He was born in Iowa March 21, 1852, a son of James M. and Sarah (Thompson) Johnson, the former a native of Indiana and the latter of Virginia. James M. Johnson removed from Indiana to Iowa at a very early date and came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County about 1856. He served in the Civil War and took part in a number of battles and skirmishes. After the close of the war he engaged in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 600 acres of land. When he came here his first home was a log cabin. He broke the prairie and improved his place, his first land being 160 acres which he entered from Government. He passed through all the hardships of pioneer days and eventually became well-to-do. He died Feb. 1, 1915 at the age of 93 years and his wife died July 15, 1889 and their remains are buried in Lafayette Cemetery in Nodaway County. To James M. Johnson and Sarah (Thompson) Johnson were born the following children; Sarah Jane, is now the widow of William Paxton; John A., who is now living retired in Gentry County; G. L., a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; and James A., the subject of this review; and Mary, Francis, Hiram, William and Laura, all of whom are deceased.

James A. Johnson began life as a laborer and worked for \$15.00 per month. Later he operated rented land for two years and then bought 80 acres for \$11.50 per acre, going in debt for same and paying interest at the rate of 10 per cent. He bought more land from time to time and is now the owner of 200 acres of well improved land. He carries on general farming and stock raising and is widely known as a mule raiser. He also raises cattle, horses and sheep. His place is well improved with a substantial residence and other suitable buildings. In addition to his farm work Mr. Johnson is widely known as one of the pioneer threshermen of Gentry County and has operated a threshing machine for over 40 years.

Mr. Johnson was married March 12, 1876 to Miss Cynthia Bailey a native of Decatur, Ill. and a daughter of James and Esther (Morris) Bailey. James Bailey was a native of Indiana and his wife of Kentucky. They were early settlers in Missouri and he died here Jan. 24, 1893 and is buried in Lafayette Cemetery. He was a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. His widow now lives at Stanberrby and is 78 years old. They were the parents of the following children now living: Mary, married James M. Johnson and they live in Oklahoma; Viola, married Fred McGrew, Hebron, Neb.; George, Stanberry; Delila, married Daniel

La Rue and they live in Kansas; Florence, married Dade Johnson who is now deceased and she resides in Stanberry; and Josephine unmarried also living in Stanberry.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson have no children of their own although they have one adopted daughter, Dora who is a graduate of the Stanberry Normal School and is now the wife of Clarence Daken of Stanberry.

Mr. Johnson is a public spirited and enterprising citizen and has a wide acquaintance in Gentry County. He is a Democrat and has served as school director for a number of years. He and Mrs. Johnson are members of the Christian Church.

M. L. Law, a well known farmer and stockman of Cooper Township was born Sept. 24, 1863. He is a son of Joseph and Nancy (Hayes) Law, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the later of Indiana. Joseph Law came west at an early day making the trip with horses and a covered wagon. He served in the Union Army during the Civil War and after the war settled in Gentry County, Mo., later settled in Nebraska where he owned 160 acres of land. He was an extensive farmer and stockman. He was a Democrat and served as school commissioner for a number of years. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He died in February, 1899 and is buried near Wallace, Neb., and his wife died May 29, 1922 where she was laid to rest near Wallace, Neb.

Joseph Law and wife were the parents of the following children: Anna, married Frank Radel who is now deceased and she lives in Perkins County, Neb.; Ervin a farmer and stockman in Lincoln County, Neb.; David, a ranchman in Perkins County, Neb.; Emma, married Miley Newell and they live in Stanberry; Nanna, is now a widow and lives in Hastings, Neb.; Wallace, a carpenter, lives at Stanberry; George, Lincoln County, Neb.; Cora, married John Poston and they live in Lincoln County, Neb.; and M. L., the subject of this sketch.

M. L. Law was educated in the public schools and since early manhood has been engaged in farming and stock raising and has met with success. He is the owner of a valuable farm of 199 acres in Cooper Township where he carries on general farming. His place is well improved and has a good two story residence and other farm buildings.

Mr. Law was married March 27, 1887 to Miss Sadie Sheridan, a native of Indiana, a daughter of Eli G. and Hattie D. (Rose) Sheridan. Eli G. Sheridan was born in Henry County, Ind., and at an early day came west and first settled in Iowa, later he came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County. He is now living retired at the age of 87 years. During

his active career he was engaged in farming and stock raising and he was also widely known as an expert bee man and was very successful in the production of honey. He is a member of the Quaker Church and is a Republican. His wife was born Oct. 11, 1846 and died March 24, 1918. They were the parents of the following children: Malinda, married Martin Miller who is now deceased and she lives in Gentry County; James, Conception, Mo.; William, farmer lives in Gentry County; Frank, lives in California; Ethelna, married Jake Emerson who is now deceased and she is the wife of George Doherty of Stanberry; Hettie Elizabeth, married U. S. Vooheries, Stanberry; Addie Belle, married Arch Wormel-skirchen, of Stanberry; and Mrs. Law of this review.

To Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Law have been born the following children: Latheta Sadie, born April 22, 1905 is deceased; Vertie Mae born May 22, 1888, married Edward Showen and they live in Missouri; Anora Nell, born Aug. 26, 1889, married E. C. Lockwood, an attorney at Stanberry; Hettie Ethel, married John Walton, Gentry County; LeRoy, born Feb. 9, 1894, enlisted in the United States Navy, Dec. 9, 1917 and after serving for a time in the coast guards on the Atlantic Coast was transferred to the Pacific Coast on the U. S. S. Beaver and after the armistice was signed received his discharge, having been in the service 18 months, is now engaged in farming in Gentry County; Velma, born March 11, 1900, married Glen Stephenson, Stanberry; Ruby, born June 25, 1903, married Loren Wood a farmer in Gentry County; Wilbur E. G., born July 6, 1906, attending high school in Stanberry; and Ovid Beryl, born Jan. 10, 1912, a student in the public schools.

Mr. Law is a Democrat and served as school commissioner for seven years while a resident of Nebraska. He is a member of the Baptist Church and one of the dependable citizens of Gentry County.

Patrick Kirk, now living on his farm in the western part of Cooper Township is one of the early pioneers of this section and bears the distinction of being one of the oldest men in Gentry County. He was born in Monaghan County, Ireland, March 17, 1827, a son of Patrick and Catherine (Coleman) Kirk, both natives of Monaghan County where the father was a farmer and both spent thier lives in their native land.

Patrick Kirk came to America in 1863, making the trip on the "City of Washington" and landed in New York City after a voyage of 11 days. In early life Mr. Kirk learned the bakers trade. After coming to this country he was employed by the United States Government in building a Fort on Long Island. He then worked in a woolen factory in

New York for two years. He then went to Wisconsin where he worked on a farm a short time when he went to Chicago and worked in the James Kirk soap factory. Then he went to Louisiana where he was employed on levy construction for a time when he returned to Chicago where he remained for a short time then again went south. Later he returned to Illinois and afterwards went to Iowa where he was employed on railroad construction. He then came to Missouri and settled in Polk County where he bought 40 acres of land. In 1872 he came to Gentry County and bought 160 acres of land for which he paid \$5.00 an acre and since that time he has been engaged in farming and stock raising and has met with success. For a time he lived at O'Neil City, Neb. He bought his present place March 25, 1882.

Mr. Kirk was married to Bridget Coleman a native of County Monaghan, Ireland and a daughter of John and Mary (Kelly) Coleman both natives of that county and spent their lives there. Only one of their children is now living, Anna, who is the widow of Bernard Callahan who resides in New York City. To Patrick Kirk and wife were born the following children: Mary, married Robert E. Merigan and she is now deceased, leaving one child, Frances Merigan, born Nov. 24, 1906 who is being reared by his grandfather, Patrick Kirk; James M. Kirk, is now operating his father's farm; John B. Kirk, is a clerk in Kansas City.

Patrick Kirk, although past 95 years old is a man of remarkable physical and mental vigor. He now has his second sight and reads without glasses. He has worked hard all his life and is one of the honored pioneers of this section who has seen this section of Missouri develop from its unimproved and sparsely settled state, half a century ago and he has done his part well. He has always supported the policies of the Democratic Party and is a member of the Roman Catholic Church. His wife died Nov. 12, 1919 at the age of 78 years and her remains are buried in the Catholic Cemetery at Conception.

Joseph R. Pulsifer, a representative farmer and stockman of Athens Township, residing near Albany, Mo., is a native son of Gentry County. He is a son of Nero and Sarah A. (Potter) Pulsifer. Nero Pulsifer was born in Illinois and was a successful farmer all his life.

Joseph R. Pulsifer is one of a family of eight children born to his parents, the others being as follows: Claric, married Samuel Christie, McFall, Mo.; Bell, married Henry Peck, a barber, St. Joseph, Mo.; Robert, married Ida Heath and is now deceased, having been killed in a railroad accident in Nebraska and his remains are buried at McFall; John, a farmer

and stock raiser near McFall, married Maud Gilds; Lou, married Samuel Baxter who is engaged in the barber business at Gentryville; Virginia, deceased and is buried at Liberty Cemetery, at McFall; and Grace, married Everet McFall a farmer and stock raiser in North Dakota and a veteran of the Civil War.

Joseph R. Pulsifer was reared to manhood on a farm and received his education in the public schools. He has made farming the chief occupation of his life and has met with uniform success in his undertaking. He was married to Miss Lydia Burton and to them have been born three children as follows: Lawrence, born June 5, 1909; Margaret, born Feb. 17, 1911 and Catherine, born April 30, 1916, all of whom are attending the public schools.

Mrs. Pulsifer is a daughter of Abraham and Margaret (Pruett) Burton, natives of Missouri, and is one of eight children born to them, the others being as follows: Arthur, a farmer and stock raiser; Leota, a graduate of the State Teachers College at Kirksville and now a teacher of domestic science at Gallatin; Dallas, assistant cashier of the bank of McFall, married Lena Christie; Layman, a stock raiser near King City, married Florence Mastis; Wynona, married Loren Salmon a farmer and stock raiser near McFall; Edith died in infancy; and Abraham, a farmer and stock raiser near McFall.

Mr. Pulsifer is a member of the Modern Woodman of America and is a Democrat. He belongs to the Methodist Church and is a substantial and respected citizen.

Jacob Jones, deceased, was one of the earliest settlers of Gentry County. He was born May 10, 1799, in Washington, Pa. Being left an orphan when a very small boy, he was forced to make his own way in the world. At the age of 16 years, he moved to Ohio, where he remained until 1838, when he came to Gentry County. Mr. Jones became a prominent farmer and stockman and in 1865, he moved to Albany, where he engaged in the hotel business. Mr. Jones married Phoebe Flemming, a native of Virginia, and to this union five children were born, as follows: Elmira, Lydia, and Permelia, the other two being deceased. Mrs. Jones died in Ohio, and several years later Mr. Jones married Dorah Miller, a native of Pennsylvania. To this union ten children were born, of whom nine are now living as follows: Ellis; Hannah; Mary; Barney; Lavina; Matilda; Jane E.; Eugene; Frank.

Mr. Jones died May 29, 1892, and is buried in Hyland Cemetery, Gentry County.

Jane E. Jones, a daughter of Jacob Jones, married William B. Castor, a native of Ohio, born Aug. 5, 1837. He was a son of Sampson Castor.

Sampson Castor with his son, William B., came to Missouri in 1843, settling in Gentry County, where Mr. Castor became a prosperous farmer and stockman, owning 240 acres of well improved land. William B. Castor was married for the first time to Minerva Stevens, a daughter of W. H. and Louis Stevens. Mrs. Castor died Nov. 30, 1870, leaving one son, James Alfred Castor. On Sept. 27, 1871, Mr. Castor married Jane E. Jones, a daughter of Jacob and Dora (Miller) Jones. To this union four children were born, as follows: Anna Laura; Eugene Ellsworth; Bessie D.; and Charles S.

During the Civil War, Mr. Castor enlisted in the Missouri State Militia, and served for one year as lieutenant, after which he was promoted to captain. Mr. Castor served in the army until 1870, when he retired to his farm in Gentry County, where he carried on farming and stock raising. His stock was the finest in the county, and he was widely known as a breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. Mr. Castor died Jan. 28, 1899, and is buried in Carter Cemetery. Mr. Castor had many friends in this county and was one of the most honored and respected citizens.

Edward Steinman, general superintendent of the Albany Light, Water and Power plant, Albany, Mo. is a native of Gentry County. He was born Aug. 16, 1887 and is a son of Samuel and Mary (Hulett) Stineman. Samuel Steinman was born in Columbus, Ohio, and is now engaged in the meat business at Albany, Mo., where he conducts two markets and is also the owner of 160 acres of valuable land in Gentry County.

Samuel and Mary (Hulett) Steinman are the parents of the following children: Lorain, who died at the age of 46 years and is buried in the Carter Cemetery in Gentry County; Ralph, Beggs, Okla.; Edward, the subject of this sketch; Lilley, a teacher at Roundup, Mont.; Arthur, died at the age of 22 years and is buried in Carter Cemetery.

Edward Steinman received his education in the public schools and in early life worked at the brick layer's trade for three years. He then studied engineering at Wichita. He was then employed in the capacity of engineer in a mill at Miami, Fla. For the past six years he has been general superintendent of the Albany, Water, Light and Power Plant, having charge of both the power plants and also the outside work. In addition to supplying the town of Albany this plant also furnishes light to Darlington. This is one of the important industrial enterprises of Gentry County, and Mr. Steinman has thoroughly demonstrated his efficiency during the years that he was so capably directing the affairs of this enterprise.

Mr. Steinman was married to Cora Taylor, a daughter of William and Ellen(Stubbens) Taylor. Mrs. Steinman is one of the following children born to her parents: Cecil, married Frank Brown, Leadville, Colo.; Mary, married Charles Jenkins, an electrician at Vancouver, Wash.; Cora, married Edward Stineman, the subject of this review; Luther, a plumber and steamfitter, Wichita, Kan.; a daughter married Edgar McQuarry, Melbourne, Mo.; and Francis, a student in college.

To Mr. and Mrs. Steinman have been born three children: Donald, Ethel and Samuel.

Mr. Steinman is a Democrat and is recognized as one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Albany and Gentry County.

James W. McKnight, a well known and successful attorney of Albany is a native of Indiana. He was born Jan. 1, 1876, a son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Jones) McKnight.

Joseph McKnight was a successful farmer and stockman and spent his life in the State of Indiana. During the Civil War he enlisted in the Union Army, becoming a member of the 38th Regiment, Indiana Volunteer Infantry and served for four years. He was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. Both he and his wife are now deceased and their remains are buried at Orleans, Ind. They were the parents of six children as follows: Stella, married Grant Carroll, Orleans, Ind.; Alpha, Lexington, Ky.; James W., the subject of this sketch; D. C., Huntington, W. Va.; Eva, Orleans, Ind.; and Grace, married Clarence Harned, Paola, Ind.

James W. McKnight was reared in Indiana and attended the public schools, including a high school course. He then entered Purdue University, after having taught school for some time in his native state, and was graduated from the law department. He then came to Missouri and engaged in the practice of law at King City where he successfully followed his profession until the spring of 1922 when he removed to Albany where he is now engaged in the practice of law.

Mr. McKnight is a Democrat and since coming to Gentry County has taken an active part in politics. He has served two terms as prosecuting attorney of Gentry County. He was a member of the Legislature during the 47th General Assembly and was elected to the Senate in 1916. During his Legislative career he served on a number of important committees and was recognized as one of the able members of the House and Senate.

In 1899 James W. McKnight was married to Miss Anna Slade, a

daughter of Thomas and Delia (Kier) Slade. Mrs. McKnight is a Democrat and is recognized as one of the prominent Democratic women of Missouri. She was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention at San Francisco in 1920.

Carl J. Agee, a prominent druggist of King City and the present mayor of that city is a native of Missouri and is a member of one of the early pioneer families of Andrew County. Mr. Agee was born at Whitesville, Andrew County, Nov. 17, 1878, a son of John V. and Anna (Andrews) Agee.

William E. Agee was born in Buchanan County, Mo., and was a very early settler in Gentry County. He was a blacksmith and served as constable at King City for two terms and was the first marshall of the town of Stanberry. He died Dec. 20, 1920.

Anna Andrews Agee was born in Wisconsin, a daughter of John Vermillion and Aurilla (Saxten) Andrews. John Vermillion Andrews was born in Schenectady, N. Y., May 17, 1818, and died in King City, Mo., Oct. 27, 1912. He was married to Aurilla Saxten Feb. 22, 1843, at Racine, Wis. They came to Missouri and settled in Andrew County in 1876 and spent the remainder of their lives in this section of Missouri.

To William Agee and wife were born the following children: Paul and Jennings, twins, deceased; Cleo, manager of the Carl Agee Drug Store at Union Star; J. Earl, trainmaster in the employ of the Santa Fe Railroad Company at Denver, Colo.; Harry, an inspector in the employ of Swift and Company at St. Joseph; Louise, married Charles Gills a wholesale merchant St. Joseph; and Carl J., the subject of this review.

Carl J. Agee was educated in the public schools including a high school course and then took a course in pharmacy. He began life in the dry goods business and for a time was engaged in printing. In 1904 he engaged in the drug and jewelry business. He has built up an extensive business in King City and vicinity and in 1909 he opened a branch at Union Star which he still conducts under the management of his brother, Cleo.

Mr. Agee was married to Miss Velma Lewis. They have no children.

Mr. Agee is a Republican and is now serving his second term as mayor of King City. He is a progressive and efficient public official and during his administration many needed improvements have been

carried out in King City, including several blocks of pavement; he is a substantial citizen and ranks high in King City and vicinity.

Thomas J. Dieter, well known owner of the Commercial Hotel of King City, is a native of Missouri. He was born in Clinton County, Oct. 22, 1872, a son of George and Lucy (Iwell) Dieter.

George Dieter was born in Germany and came to this country at the age of 21 years. He was a master mechanic by trade in Germany, but after his arrival in the United States he worked as a blacksmith. Mr. Dieter settled in Pennsylvania, where he remained for 18 years. At the end of that time, he came to Missouri, settling in Clinton County, where he purchased 80 acres of land. He built a blacksmith shop on his farm, where he carried on his work, as well as farming. Mr. Dieter remained in the blacksmith business for nine years, after which he moved to Gentry County, where he purchased 240 acres of well improved land, located east of King City. He became a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs, and was one of the first settlers of Gentry County to handle blooded stock. Mr. and Mrs. Dieter are both deceased, and are buried in St. Patrick's Cemetery, Gentry County. They were the parents of the following children: Joseph, stockman, King City; Henry, farmer and stockman, Clinton County; George, farmer and stockman, Clinton County; Anna, the wife of Emil Dernfeldt, farmer and stockman, Gentry County; Frank, resides in Nebraska; Thomas J., the subject of this sketch. During the Civil War, Mr. Dieter served in the Missouri State Militia. He was a member of the Catholic Church and a Democrat.

Thomas J. Dieter was reared on his father's farm in Missouri, and attended the district schools. He began farming on 80 acres of land in Gentry County, and was widely known as a breeder of high grade stock. Mr. Dieter has been a farmer during his entire life until in January, 1922, when he purchased the Commercial Hotel in King City, which he now manages. It is the largest hotel in King City, and has 30 rooms. Mrs. Dieter also assists in the managing of the hotel.

Mr. Dieter married Sadie Wyatt, a daughter of John and Stephanie (Lampe) Wyatt, natives of Missouri. To this union six children have been born, as follows: William Francis, deceased; Ruby, attending school; Carl, attending school; Maud Josephine, attending school; and Stella May, at home.

Mr. Dieter is also interested in the oil business. In politics he is a Republican, as also is Mrs. Dieter. Mr. Dieter is widely known, and is one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Gentry County.

P. M. Graves, a well known farmer and stock raiser of Jackson Township, Gentry County, is a native of Indiana. He was born May 16, 1864, a son of T. P. and Anna (Tague) Graves, both natives of North Carolina. They came to Missouri in 1882 and spent the remainder of their lives in this state. T. P. Graves was a veteran of the Civil War, having served as captain of Company I, 59th Regiment, Indiana Infantry and was in the service for two years. He never recovered his health after the war. He was a Democrat and a member of the Masonic Lodge and Methodist Church. His remains are buried at Maryville.

T. P. and Anna (Tague) Graves were the parents of the following children: John Wesley, Betsey Jane, Catherine, Margaret, Sarah, all of whom are deceased; Mary, married J. W. Arthur, a stationary engineer, Lyons, Kan.; Thomas, a mechanic, who lives in Indiana; and P. M., the subject of this sketch.

Mr. Graves began life working by the day and practically all his life he has been engaged in farming and stock raising. He is now the owner of 80 acres of land in Jackson Township where he carries on general farming and stock raising. He raises Shorthorn cattle, Duroc Jersey hogs, horses and mules and is meeting with well merited success.

Mr. Graves married Miss Amanda Gillam, a daughter of James and Nancy (Condor) Gillam, the former a native of Kentucky and both now deceased. Mrs. Graves was one of the following children born to her parents: Mary, Agnes, Lizzie, Ella, Maggie, and Nancy, all of whom are deceased; Mary, married James Crombo, who is now deceased; David Preston, who lives in Indiana; and Mrs. Graves of this review.

To P. M. Graves and wife have been born the following children: Blanche and Jeanette, deceased; William, whose present address is unknown, he having left for the gold fields about 12 years ago which was the last time he has been heard from; Ida, married Albert Parsons, who is engaged in the poultry business in King City; Mrs. Parsons is one of the prominent Democratic women of Missouri. She was a delegate to the Democratic State Convention at Joplin in 1920 and is a member of the Democratic State Executive Board; Della, married Henry Martin, who is engaged in the plumbing business at Red Oak, Iowa; Frank, who is engaged in farming and stock raising with his father; and Clarence, who is a mechanic and resides in St. Joseph.

Mr. Graves is a member of the Sons of Veterans and is a Democrat. He is one of the substantial citizens of Gentry County, and is well known for his integrity.

F. M. Gillett, a progressive and enterprising merchant at Island City, Mo., is one of the well known and substantial citizens of Gentry County. He was born in Warren County, Ill., and is a son of Irson and Mary (Blue) Gillett, the former a native of Ohio and the latter of Warren County, Ill. Irson Gillett was a farmer and stork raiser. He was a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He died in September, 1904, and his wife is now 80 years old and lives three miles east of Island City. They were the parents of the following children: Jackson, Thomas and Fred, all of whom are deceased; and William, a farmer and stockman in St. Clair County; George, Indianola, Iowa; Viola, Erson, Union Star, Mo.; Pearl, lives in Gentry County; Freeman, who is a member of the police force in Los Angeles, Calif.; Thalia, married Richard Wiseman, Joplin, Mo.; Frank, lives in Gentry County; and F. M., the subject of this sketch.

F. M. Gillett, received his education in the public schools and began life for himself as a farmer and stockman, operating rented land. Later he bought 40 acres of land and is now the owner of 138½ acres of land where he was successfully engaged in farming and stock raising for a number of years before engaging in the mercantile business. In November, 1918, he engaged in the general mercantile business at Island City. He carries a very complete stock of general merchandise and has an extensive trade over a large scope of territory.

Mr. Gillett was married Feb. 22, 1882, to Miss Sarah Miller, a native of Illinois. She is a daughter of W. J. and Martha (Gillett) Miller, the former a native of Indiana and the later of Ohio.

W. J. Miller was born in a log cabin in Indiana and reared in the midst of pioneer surroundings. He came to Missouri with his family in 1870 and settled in Gentry County where he was engaged in farming and stock raising during the remainder of his life. He died in 1905 and is buried in Cooper Cemetery. Mrs. Gillett is one of the following children born to her parents: Elsie, married Perry Allen, an employee of the Wabash railroad at Stanberry; Hulda, married Samuel Allen, a carpenter contractor at Stanberry; Mary, married Benjamin Cooper, an employe of the Wabash railroad at Stanberry; Alva, a contractor, who lives in Kansas; Elva, married Henry Crutchlow, an employe of the Wabash railroad at Stanberry; Earl, who is employed by the Standard Oil Company and lives in Kansas; and Mrs. Gillett, of this review. Mrs. Gillett's mother is now 78 years old and lives at Stanberry.

To Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Gillett have been born the following chil-

dren: William, Ray and Fay, all of whom are deceased; Bertha, married Henry Richards and they live in Nodaway County; Ora, lives in Gentry County; Alfa, married John Mann, and they live in Clay County, Iowa; Homer, lives in Gentry County; May, married Adam O'Neil and they live in Gentry County; and Paul, who is associated with his father in the store.

Mr. Gillett is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Masons and he and Mrs. Gillett are members of the Christian Church and they are Republicans.

Ray Harpster, a well known practical farmer of Sheridan Township, Daviess County, is a native of Ohio, born in Ross County, June 18, 1871. His grandparents were Jacob and Sarah Harpster. They came to Missouri in 1873 and located west of Hamilton in Caldwell County. Jacob Harpster, the grandfather of Ray Harpster, engaged in farming and stock raising and owned land in Caldwell County at different times. He died at Kidder in 1885, and his wife died in 1912.

Ray Harpster attended the rural schools in Caldwell County and later was a student in the Kidder public school. He has made his own way in the world since he was 15 years old. He worked by the month on various farms for a time, was in Kansas City, Mo., for almost ten years, and later worked with a bridge gang on a railroad for four years. During those years he held various positions and showed his adaptability to sundry kinds of work. He bought his present farm of 204 acres from George Hughstead. The farm lies three and one-half miles northeast of Kidder. Practically all of the improvements have been made by Mr. Harpster. The residence was built in 1916, and Mr. Harpster has added several farm buildings as they became needed in his work. He does general farming. For the past 32 years he has operated a saw mill and threshing machine. He uses a Port Huron engine and an Aultman-Taylor separator.

Mr. Harpster was married in March, 1894, to Mollie Young, who died two years later, leaving a daughter, now Mrs. Ina Ray of Kansas City, Mo. On Dec. 25, 1900, Mr. Harpster was married to Mrs. Minnie (Leabo) Young, a daughter of James and Frances Leabo. To this union three sons were born; James Franklin, Paul Edwards and Charles Raymond.

Mrs. Harpster's father, James Leabo, was born in Ray County, July 17, 1857, the son of Daniel and Mary (Teagarden) Leabo. Daniel Leabo served as a captain in the Federal Army during the Civil War. He enlisted in Daviess County. He was a Democrat in politics. He died at Lathrop in 1912, and his wife died three years later. The remains of both are buried at Lathrop.



RAY HARPSTER

James L. Leabo came to Daviess County with his parents in 1861. He recalls seeing the men drill in front of the Leabo home for service in the war, and recollects quite well seeing his father leave for his period of three years of service. James Leabo lived at home until his marriage in 1878. He now owns 80 acres of land, located four miles northeast of Kidder. He has lived in this vicinity for the past 65 years, and is one of the highly respected citizens of the community. He married Frances Kelso, a daughter of John and Phoebe Kelso, in 1878, and to this union the following children were born: Orpha, now Mrs. Eben Youtsey of Colorado; Minnie, now Mrs. Harpster; Matty, a teacher at Winston; Vina, now Mrs. Walter Reynolds of Topeka, Kans.; Angie, now Mrs. Staffman of Shelbina; Frances, died at the age of four years; and Gertie, the wife of Walter Edwards. All of the daughters, who lived to womanhood, were teachers with the exception of Vina.

Mr. Harpster entered his married life with a gray pony and five dollars as his worldly assets and he relates that the five dollars he gave to the preacher who married him. This was Rev. William Eckelberry of Kidder. Mr. Harpster has worked hard all of his life, but he has achieved a success in his work. He intends to delegate a great part of his work to his sons as soon as they are through school and ready to assume the responsibility of the farm.

Mr. Harpester is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and of the Modern Woodmen of America lodges. He served his township as constable for four years and as justice of the peace for two years. He is a man of business acumen and integrity and is well liked throughout the neighborhood in which he is well known.

Peter Hammer, a successful farmer and stockman of Jackson Township was born in Gentry County, Nov. 29, 1870. He is a son of Peter and Mary (Christina) Hammer. The father was a native of Germany and came to America when he was 15 years old. He learned blacksmithing in early life and when he first came to this country, he worked at his trade in an axe factory in Ohio. Later he removed to Indiana and from there came to St. Joseph, Mo. Later he removed to Andrew County where he was engaged in farming about eight years; he then came to Gentry County where he was extensively engaged in farming and stock raising.

Peter Hammer, the subject of this sketch is one of the following children born to his parents: Lewis, a farmer and stockman, lives in Gentry County; Charles, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Frank, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Mary, lives in Gentry

County; Elizabeth, lives in Gentry County; and Peter, the subject of this sketch.

Peter Hammer has been engaged in farming and stock raising since early manhood. For 11 years he operated rented land. He then bought his first land and is now the owner of a splendid farm of 280 acres. His place is well improved with a good residence and other buildings and he carries on general farming and stock raising, raising Polled Angus cattle, horses, mules and fancy poultry.

Mr. Hammer married Iva Miller, a daughter of Charles and Norcisis (Ashball) Miller of Illinois. Mrs. Hammer is one of the following children born to her parents: Herbert, lives in California; Sadie, was a teacher in Nebraska before her marriage, is now the wife of Edgar Adams, a teacher and banker of Nebraska; Grace, now the wife of Eugene Hands and they live in Washington; Clyde, who is serving his second enlistment in the United States Navy as an electrical engineer with San Francisco as his headquarters; and Dollie, a teacher, resides at Linnius, Mo.; and Mrs. Hammer, of this review. To Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hammer have been born the following children: Franklin Lewis, Peter, Jr.; Clarence, and David.

Mr. Hammer is a Democrat and one of the substantial citizens of Jackson Township.

Willis J. Ethel, a well known retired farmer of King City, was born in Illinois, Jan. 22, 1839. He is a son of Willis Jackson and Lutisiah (Taylor) Ethel.

Willis Jackson Ethel was a native of Kentucky. His first wife, Lutisiah (Taylor) Ethel, died at the age of 30 years, leaving one son, Willis J., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Ethel later was married to Sarah Eads, a native of Kentucky, and a daughter of John Holden Eads. Mr. Eads was a prominent farmer and stockman. Mr. and Mrs. Eads were the parents of the following children: Martha, deceased; William, deceased; Nancy Jane, the widow of Mr. Clark, now living in Illinois; Rachael, the widow of Charles Dewitt, living in Illinois; Louisa Holden, the wife of C. H. Crab, farmer and stockman, residing in Oklahoma; and Mrs. Ethel. Both Mr. and Mrs. Eads are deceased and are buried in Gentry County.

Willis J. Ethel was reared in Illinois and received his education in the public schools. He then engaged in farming, purchasing 80 acres of land. Two years later, Mr. Ethel moved to Missouri, settling in Gentry County, where he has since lived. He became a successful farmer and

stockman, and was well known as a breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. Mr. Ethel owns 120 acres of well improved land.

Mr. Ethel is married and has the following children: Eva, deceased; Fannie, deceased; Albert K., merchant, Colorado; George, Bisbee, Ariz.; Katie, the wife of John Hire, farmer and stockman, Colorado; Catherine, the wife of Eben Blacklock, farmer and stockman, Gentry County. Mrs. Ethel died Dec. 13, 1911, and is buried in Miller Cemetery, Gentry County.

In politics Mr. Ethel is a Democrat. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. Ethel is now living retired in King City and is a highly respected and substantial citizen of Gentry County.

Charles Potter, an extensive farmer and stockman of Gentry County who operates a large farm in Miller Township, is a native Missourian. He was born in Harrison County, Dec. 1, 1867, a son of Leonard and Lucinda (Warner) Potter, the former a native of Clinton County and the latter of Indiana. They were the parents of three children Daisy, deceased; Marcus, a ranchman in Wyoming; and Charles, the subject of this sketch. Leonard Potter came to Gentry County about 35 years ago and he and his wife now live in this County.

Charles Potter was educated in the district schools and in early life began working out by the month. Later he rented 120 acres of land and afterwards bought 160 acres. He added more land to his original holding until he became the owner of 700 acres. He has since disposed of some of his land and is now the owner of 500 acres of well improved and productive land. He is one of the successful stockmen of Gentry County, raising black Angus and Whiteface cattle and Duroc Jersey hogs. His cattle has topped the market in Kansas City. Mrs. Potter is a very successful poultry raiser.

Mr. Potter was married to Lillie Mann, a native of Gentry County and a daughter of James and Matilda (Burge) Mann and is one of the following children born to them: Byron, Riverside, Calif.; Alva, resides on the old homestead in Gentry County and is well known as a breeder of Reed's Yellow Dent seed corn having taken second prize at the World's Fair at Chicago; Francis, married Hiram Reiny, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; and Mrs. Potter of this review. Mrs. Potter's parents are both deceased.

To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Potter have been born the following children: Alvie, born Jan. 15, 1893, lives in Wyoming; John, born Sept. 13, 1895, Gentry County; Laura, married Claude Weese and lives in Gentry

County; James, who is associated with his father on the home farm; Mary, resides at home; Bessie, at home; Mabel at home; Herbert, and Marvin.

The Potter farm was located on the old St. Joseph trail and is one of the old historic places in that section. Mr. Potter is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church and one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Gentry County.

W. A. Temple, a Gentry County pioneer and an extensive land owner who for many years has been successfully engaged in farming and stock raising in Gentry County is now living retired at Stanberry. He was born in Allegheny, Pa., Sept. 29, 1859, a son of William and Mary Elizabeth (Clingsmith) Temple, both natives of Pennsylvania, the former of Allegheny and the latter of Pittsburg. During the Civil War William Temple was engaged in making wagons for the Government. In 1874 he came to Gentry County with his family where he was engaged in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 460 acres of land. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. William Temple and wife were the parents of the following children: Mary, deceased; Emma, deceased; George, lives in Gentry County; Ella, married Len Foxworthy and they live in Nebraska; Benjamin, lives in Gentry County; Joseph; Maggie, married W. S. Waldon, St. Joseph; Harry, a physician at Wichita Falls, Texas; and W. A., the subject of this sketch.

W. A. Temple came to Gentry County with his parents in 1874. At the beginning of his career he bought 20 acres of land and engaged in farming and stock raising. He bought more land from time to time and is now the owner of 607 acres in Wilson Township. His place is well improved and his farm residence is one of the finest farm homes in Gentry County. He is retired from the farm and now lives in Stanberry.

Mr. Temple married Evelin Campbell a native of Nodaway County. She is a daughter of E. P. and Sarah (See) Campbell, both natives of Missouri, the former of Clinton County and the latter of Monroe County. Mrs. Temple was one of five children born to her parents three of whom are living: William, state farm director of Texas; Benjamin, lives in Missouri; and Mrs. Temple of this review. E. P. Campbell was a Gentry County pioneer and owned 300 acres of land here. He was a Democrat, a member of the Christian Church and belonged to the Masonic Lodge. He died Nov. 12, 1909 and his wife died Feb. 3, 1916.

To W. A. Temple and wife have been born the following children: Bertha, born May 15, 1873, married Grant Lewis and is now deceased, leaving two children, Erman and Vandevere; Nevada, born Feb. 22, 1883,

married Archie Good and they live near Stanberry; Gertrude, born Feb. 2, 1885 married Hazelwood Porter and they live in Gentry County; Edward, born April 3, 1888, lives near Stanberry.

Mr. Temple is a Democrat and is one of the widely known and substantial citizens of Gentry County. Mrs. Temple has in her possession a watch which is an interesting family heirloom. It belonged to her mother's father and is over 100 years old.

Ed E. Birge, the efficient and popular circuit clerk and ex-officio recorder of deeds of Gentry County, is a native of Illinois, born in St. Clair County, Jan. 31, 1860. His parents were David and Jane (Mundis) Birge, both now deceased.

David Birge was born in Vermont. As a young man he came to Madison County, Ill., where he died in 1861. His wife, Jane (Mundis) Birge, was born in Madison County, Ill., where she was also married. From 1880 she lived in Stanberry until her death in 1894. To the union of David and Jane (Mundis) Birge two children were born; Ida, living with her brother; and Ed E., the subject of this review.

Ed E. Birge was educated in Greenville, Ill. and at the age of 20 years, began work for the Wabash Railroad as a lineman. In 1879 he settled at Stanberry where he continued his work for the Wabash Railroad during a period of 36 years. He had charge of the telegraph lines between Brunswick, Mo. and Omaha, Neb. He had many interesting experiences at times of floods or fires. The great flood of 1909 destroyed more than 60 miles of the wiring and Mr. Birge had charge of the reconstruction work. The Pattonsburg fire was disastrous in another way. The practically complete destruction of the town including the razing of the Wabash depot. This meant another important piece of work for Mr. Birge.

In 1914 Mr. Birge resigned from his position with the Wabash Railroad and accepted the position of circuit clerk and recorder of Gentry County to which office he was elected on the Democratic ticket in 1914. He was reelected in 1918 and is now serving his seventh year. His reelection to an office which he had already filled is a very definite indication of his success in handling the work.

Ed E. Birge was married in 1893 to Mollie Norman, a daughter of Joshua and Miriam Norman of Stanberry. Mrs. Birge was born and educated in Indiana. To her union with Mr. Birge two children were born: Savilla, died in infancy; and Lewellyn, a graduate of the Stanberry High School, and now the wife of Loyd L. Welch, a brief sketch of whom appears in this review.

Loyd L. Welch was one of the volunteers from Stanberry for service

in the World War. He enlisted Aug. 18, 1917 and was sent to Waco, Texas for training in the Aviation Corps. He was later sent to Scotland for training, was made a sergent, and was assigned to 25th Aero Squadron, the United States Army. He was in active service in the Toul Sector from Sept. 18, to Oct. 24, 1918; at the Meuse Argonne from Oct. 24 to Nov. 11, 1918; and with the Army of Occupation from Oct. 26 to the time of his return to the United States. He served in both England and France. Mr. Welch received his discharge from the army at Camp Dodge, Iowa, June 16, 1919.

Mr. Birge is a member of the Woodmen of the World and of the Knights of Pythias lodges. He is a man of marked public spirit. Since the war closed, Mr. Birge has recorded more than 170 discharge papers for veterans of the World War and has never made any charges for his work. As a private individual and a citizen serving in an official capacity, Mr. Birge has been enterprising and efficient.

Granville Butler, who was prominently identified with Gentry County, was a native of this county and a son of Madison Butler and Eliza (Payne) Butler, both natives of Virginia and early settlers in Missouri. Madison Butler was engaged in farming and stock raising and was the owner of 140 acres of land. He was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church. Both he and his wife are now deceased and their remains are buried in Friendship Cemetery.

Granville Butler was one of the following children born to his parents: Atwell, a farmer and stockman in Gentry County; Mary, married Peter Price who is now deceased and she resides at Albany; John, an engineer, lives in Nebraska; William, a farmer and stockman, lives in Gentry County; and Granville, whose name introduces this review.

Granville Butler was educated in the public schools and the University of Missouri at Columbia where he was graduated in the Civil Engineering course. At the time of his death, Aug. 30, 1912, he was engaged in farming and stock raising in Miller Township where he was the owner of 440 acres of land which is now being operated by Mrs. Butler. He was a Democrat and a member of the Masonic Lodge and the Knights of Pythias. He was a progressive and enterprising citizen and one of the public spirited men of Gentry County.

Mr. Butler married Inzer M. Havens, a daughter of Gordon and Gross (Close) Havens, natives of Virginia and Mrs. Butler was also born in Virginia. Gordon Havens and wife were the parents of the following children: Eli, a farmer and stockman, lives at Madison, Kan.; Oliver, lives at McFall; Mary Elizabeth, married James Thompson of

Albany; Fayette, a farmer and stockman at McFall; Eliza, married Daniel Patterson, Albany; and Mrs. Butler, of this review. To Granville Butler and wife was born one child, William Granville Butler, born June 8, 1905, who is now a student in high school.

Charles H. Kent, for nearly 50 years a well known stock buyer and shipper of Gentry County, is a member of a pioneer family of the county. His recollections carry him back to the days of 1857 when he came here as a child, and his reminiscences of Albany in those days are very interesting, both because of their flavor of the romance of frontier times and because of their historical significance.

Charles H. Kent was born in Edgar County, Ill., Sept. 6, 1845, the son of David and Nancy (Williams) Kent. Mrs. Kent was born in Ohio in 1814 and died in Edgar County, Ill. in 1856. Mr. Kent was married the second time to Mary McCamrey who died in Worth County, Missouri at the age of 92 years. David Kent died on his farm in Worth County in 1882 at the age of 78 years. The only one of his children now living is Charles H., the subject of this review. The children were: Charles H., mentioned above; Squire, died in Worth County in 1859; Albert, died in California; Turzy, died in Illinois at the age of 22 years; Nancy, died in Illinois in 1854; Louisa, died in Illinois in 1854; and Mary, died in 1856. Two other children died in infancy.

David Kent, with his family, drove through from Illinois to Missouri, reaching Gentry County on Sep. 12, 1857. He settled in Bogle Township where he entered 120 acres of land. This land is now incorporated within the precincts of Worth County. The family grew up in the midst of the hardships of the pioneer times, but it was in these surroundings that Charles H. Kent says that he acquired the elements of thrift and industry which have contributed in no small degree to his success in life. David Kent huckstered in Albany in the fifties, later selling his products in St. Joseph. He made 23 trips to St. Joseph in a sled, taking his farm products each time. During the winter of 1864 to 1865, snow fell in November and from that time until March first the ground was covered with snow.

Charles H. Kent attended school at Dawson and in the Dawson District. He began trading at the age of 22 years and has followed the business of buying and selling stock ever since. He raised and fed hogs on an extensive scale and has been successful in his business largely because of his close application to the details of his work. Mr. Kent has large land holdings. He owns 720 acres of land in Gentry County, adjoining the Worth County line; 261 acres near Greenwell Ford south of Albany; and 120 acres

near Stanberry. The first named farm is operated by Mr. Kent's son, Homer.

Mr. Kent has been twice married. His first marriage was to Sarah Dawson in 1867. She died eight years later leaving one son, Luther, now in the commission business in St. Joseph. Mr. Kent was married the second time in 1877 to Angeline Ross and to this union four sons were born: Elmer A., a farmer and shipper of Albany; D. O., a farmer in Gentry County; Charles Homer operating the home farm; and Frank, in the commission with his brother, Luther, in St. Joseph where they have their company.

Mr. Kent joined the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Denver, Mo. in 1868. He helped organize the lodge at Denver and was an active member in it for 25 years. For the past 20 years, Mr. Kent has lived at Albany where he is well known as a man of intergrity.

W. E. Hartsock, a well known Doctor of Osteopathy of Albany, is a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Kansas City, Mo., of Central College of Osteopathy at Kansas City, Mo. and of the Needles Optical College at Kansas City, Mo. Dr Hartsock has also done post graduate work in the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Dr. Hartsock is a native of Missouri. He was born in Adair County, Sept. 26, 1890, the son of J. N. and Nettie (Ginn) Hartsock. J. N. Hartsock was born in Knox County and his wife was born in Marion County near Palmyra. J. N. Hartsock's father, John Hartsock, was a native of Pennsylvania who left his native state and came to Missouri in the early days of the state. He followed farming near Brashear, Adair County until his death several years ago. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having served as a Federal soldier. His son, J. N. Hartsock, now lives on a farm near Brashear. Mr. and Mrs. Hartsock have three children: W. E., the subject of this sketch; a daughter, now Mrs. C. J. Winn of Kansas City, Mo.; and J. R., living at home.

W. E. Hartsock attended the public schools in Adair County and did his high school work at the Kansas City Polytechnic School. In 1912 he began the study of osteopathy and in 1916 he graduated from the Central College of Osteopathy. He began practicing his profession at Kansas City but came to Albany, Jan. 1, 1918 and opened an office over the Gentry County Bank. Here he has built up an excellent practice. His thorough knowledge of his profession added to his high professional ideas make him an invaluable asset to the community.

Dr. Hartsock was married in 1916 to Ruby Smith, born in Sedalia, and educated in Kansas City, Mo. where her marriage to Dr. Hartsock

took place. To this union three children have been born; James, Margaret, and Donald.

Dr. Hartsock is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a capable and energetic young man, one whose success in life is assured by virtue of his industry and training.

Frank Wooderson, an enterprising farmer of Miller Township in Gentry County and the owner of well improved land which he operates as a general farm in the same township, was born one mile south of his present home, June 13, 1886.

Mr. Wooderson's parents are D. H. and Sarah (Patton) Wooderson. D. H. Wooderson is a native of Daviess County and his wife was born in Gentry County. For several years they lived on a farm near the present home of their son, Frank, but for the past 25 years they have lived in their present home in Miller Township. Their children are: Audra, who was a student at Grand River Business College, now married to A. W. Elam of McFall; Frank, the subject of this review; Eliza, a graduate of the Albany High School and of the State Teachers College at Warrensburg, now teaching in St. Joseph where she has been successful in her profession for seven years; and Frances, for the past two years a stenographer and bookkeeper in Watkins Music Store, Independence, Mo.

Frank Wooderson attended the public schools and later the Northwest Missouri College at Albany. After three years of work in the latter institution he went to South Dakota, and in 1910 homesteaded 160 acres of land there. This land in Tripp County is still owned by Mr. Wooderson. During his sojourn in South Dakota, Mr. Wooderson served a term as deputy county clerk of Tripp County and one term as deputy sheriff. While holding this latter office, Mr. Wooderson met some interesting but hazardous experiences with cattle rustlers. He returned to Gentry County in the fall of 1913 and located on his present farm where he has made many improvements and has been successful.

Frank Wooderson was married Sept. 10, 1913, to Iva Lewis, a native of De Kalb County, Mo., who had homesteaded 160 acres of land in Tripp County, S. D., adjoining the land taken up by Mr. Wooderson. Mr. and Mrs. Wooderson were married in South Dakota. To their union four children have been born; Irene, Grace, Dale, and Tom.

Mr. Wooderson is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and of the Modern Woodmen of America Lodges. He is a reliable and substantial man, upright in business, and a good citizen of his community.

William A. Patton, prominent farmer of Miller Township in Gentry County, was born on the farm where he now lives, June 3, 1864, the son of William A. Patton, Sr., and Eliza C. (Owen) Patton, mention of whose lives appear in this volume in connection with the sketches of the lives of David H. Wooderson, and his wife, Sarah A. (Patton) Wooderson.

William A. Patton, Sr., and his wife were both born in Tennessee, the former in 1819 and the latter in 1825. They came to Missouri in 1845, Mr. Patton having come in 1841 and returned four years later to be married in Tennessee. He entered 260 acres of land in Gentry County and he brought his bride to the log house which was their first home on the farm. In 1878, Mr. Patton built a two-story frame house, hauling the lumber for it from St. Joseph. This house, the frame of native oak hewed out on the farm, is still in excellent condition and with its 11 rooms presents a colonial appearance to the passerby. Mr. Patton became a well known farmer and stockman of the county. He died in 1900 and his wife died in 1907. Their children are named in the sketch of David R. Wooderson, reference to which has been made above.

William A. Patton was a pupil in the rural schools of Gentry County, later attending the Albany High School. He was a student in the Missouri State University for a while and then went to Park College at Parkville. He was a successful teacher in Gentry County for ten years, then bought his first farm $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles southeast of his present home and began to improve the land. He sold the farm later and then bought 160 acres of the home place of which he later sold 40 acres and bought 200 acres differently situated, making holdings of 320 acres in one tract. The west 160 acres of Mr. Patton's farm was entered by Hugh Patton, an uncle, in the pioneer days when the Patton name first became known in Gentry County. Mr. Patton does general farming and stockraising.

William A. Patton was married April 10, 1890, to Lou E. Crawford, a daughter of George W. and Elizabeth (Wheeler) Crawford. Mrs. Crawford was born in Kentucky in 1833, the daughter of Benjamin Wheeler, a Baptist minister of the pioneer days who would never accept a stated salary for preaching. He was a well known man of his time. Mrs. Crawford is now living in Miller Township at the age of 88 years. George W. Crawford, an early settler of Miller Township, owned 260 acres of land at the time of his death in 1889. His remains are buried in Old Friendship Cemetery. To the union of George W. and Elizabeth (Wheeler) Crawford the following children were born: Sophia, married William Pryor and died in 1882; Martha, deceased, was married to

Lewis Shultz; Benjamin, died at the age of 24 years; James A., now living in Oklahoma; I. N., living in California; Miriam, deceased, was the wife of F. D. Gist; Elsie, the widow of G. W. Gist of Miller Township; Cenia, married to A. W. Garton of Miller Township; Pou E., now Mrs. Patton; and U. S., living in Miller Township.

Mr. and Mrs. Patton have 11 children, as follows: Edith I., the wife of V. C. Humphrey of Defiance, Okla.; Walter V., mentioned later; Jennie, lives in Columbia where she is married to Paul E. Turner, a World War veteran who served overseas and was wounded while in service; Anna C., the wife of Marion Christie of Harrison County; Homer C., now living in Montana; W. A., at home; Ruth, a teacher at McFall; Rose, was a student in the King City High School for three years, graduated at Palmer College, and is now at home; Hugh, a student in the McFall High School; Louise, at home; and Charles, at home. Walter V. Patton enlisted for service in the World War in September, 1917, and was commissioned second lieutenant at Camp Taylor, Aug. 1, 1918. He helped train the recruits at Fort Sill and remained there until he was mustered out of service, Dec. 20, 1918. He is now living in Montana.

Mr. Patton and his family are highly esteemed members of their community. The Patton name has stood for high ideals and progress in civic matters ever since the pioneer days when the name was first known in this part of Missouri.

Standish E. Jones, a well known citizen of Albany who has served four terms as an alderman of the town, was born in Watertown, Wis., Aug. 12, 1857, the son of Edward H. and Mary E. (Bryant) Jones.

Edward Jones was born in Utica, N. Y., of Welch descent. He was one of the pioneers of Dodge County, Wis., moving there after his marriage in New York to Mary E. Bryant, a native of Connecticut where she was reared. Mrs. Jones was a first cousin of William Cullen Bryant and in her girlhood she visited the famous man of letters. Mrs. Jones' mother was a Standish, one of the decendants of the great Miles Standish of colonial fame. Mrs. Jones died in Wisconsin in 1900 and her husband died in Wisconsin in 1901. Their children were; Martha, living at Marionette, Wis., married James A. Davis, died in 1919, leaving one son and a daughter, the son, Alvin Davis, is a circuit judge in Wisconsin and the daughter, Ella, is a prominent teacher; Calvin, died in Billings, Okla., when more than 70 years of age, settled in Gentry County, shortly after the Civil War and lived for many years on a farm in Maple Grove District, ten miles southwest of Albany; and Standish E., the subject of this review.

Standish E. Jones was educated in the Wisconsin schools. In 1879 he decided to move toward the west. He shipped his goods to Pawnee County, Kan., but after unloading the goods and surveying the prospects there he decided that the conditions in Kansas were too discouraging for a newcomer and drove back over the Santa Fe Trail until he struck the St. Joseph road. From there he came on to Gentry County and, in 1879 he settled on a farm of 400 acres 12 miles southwest of Albany. He borrowed all of the money with which to pay for this tract of land, but the investment was a profitable one and Mr. Jones has bought and sold several farms since his initial venture. He still owns 320 acres of land in Kansas and a section of LaClede County, Mo. For the past 20 years he has lived in a house which he owns in Albany.

Standish E. Jones was married, in October, 1875, to Frances A. Hopkins, born in Dodge County, Wis., a daughter of John Hopkins of that place. Her mother was a member of the Matthews family of Wisconsin, and died when Mrs. Jones was an infant. Mr. and Mrs. Jones have the following children: Anna, the wife of Joseph W. Boley near Maple Grove; Calvin R., was robbed and murdered at Butte, Mont., when he was 36 years old; Mary, the widow of Charles Fabyonach, for nine years a policeman at Pueblo, Col., and for several years a court interpreter at the same place; William K., a merchant and ranchman at Yeso, N. M.; Bernice and Blanche, twins, the former now married to Fred Elder, a railroad operator at Aurora, Neb., and the latter died at the age of 11 months; Jennie, the widow of Bert Graham of Kansas City, Mo.; and Maude A., a teacher for the past five years in the Albany school. Mr. and Mrs. Jones have also the following grandchildren; Joe, Maude, Frances, Yvon, and an infant Boley; Standish Hamilton, a son of Mary (Jones) Fabyonach by her first marriage; Charley and Raymond Graham; an infant daughter of William Jones; and Donald and Kathlyn Elder.

Mr. Jones is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and the members of the Jones family are identified with the Christian Church. Mr. Jones has made an efficient and conscientious officer for Albany. He has recently taken the contract to furnish the town with its water supply and sunk the fourth well from which he obtained water of an excellent quality. Mr. Jones is one of the substantial citizens of Albany.

J. H. Degginger, deceased, was for many years a prominent business man and financier in Gentry County. He was born in Bavaria, Germany, April 15, 1842, the son of Nathan and Sarah Degginger whose children were: J. H., deceased, the subject of this review; Jacob, de-

ceased, whose widow and family now live in Kansas City, Mo.; and Bertha, the widow of Isaac Isaacs of St. Joseph.

J. H. Degginger left his native country in 1857 when he was a lad of 15 years and came to Missouri. Although unable at that time to speak the English language he set to work to make his living and his pluck and energy soon produced results. He opened a little store at Allendale and later entered the mercantile business at Gentryville. He disposed of his store there and went to Albany where he established a cattle and land business that soon developed into one of the prosperous enterprises of the community. At the time of his death he owned 3,600 acres of land in Gentry County. His widow still owns this land and has added 100 acres to the holdings since the death of Mr. Degginger. Mr. and Mrs. Degginger moved into a house on the site of the present Degginger home in Albany 38 years ago. They built their first home in 1895. It was destroyed by fire in January, 1920, and Mrs. Degginger rebuilt on the same site.

J. H. Degginger was married at Union Grove, Mo., June 14, 1883, to Jennie Snider, a daughter of W. A. and Barbara (Blaylock) Snider. Mr. Snider was born in Green County, Tenn., and died in Gentry County in 1885 at the age of 62 years. His wife was born in Hendricks County, Ind. and died in Gentry County in 1892. The remains of both are buried in Bogle Township. W. A. Snider came to Gentry County in 1858 and entered 200 acres of land in Bogle Township where he became a well known farmer and stockman and where he and his wife lived until their deaths. Their children were: William A., married Alberta A. Hise and died in 1893; Elizabeth H., the widow of Warren Murphy of St. Joseph; Philip H., married Mollie Creed and died in 1873; Margaret, married L. P., Forbis and died in 1879, leaving two children; Jennie, now the widow of J. H. Degginger; Napoleon B., married Mattie Canaday and lives in Gentry County; J. J., a resident of Wichita, Kan.; David K., deceased, married Ida Davis who now lives in Omaha, Neb.; Rachel, living near Stanberry, the widow of Henry W. Beachner; and Amanda L., the wife of Emery Romack of Jennings, Okla.

Jennie (Snider) Degginger was educated in the public schools of Albany and was a successful teacher for two years before her marriage. To her union with J. H. Degginger one child was born, J. H., Jr., a brief sketch of whom appears later. Mrs. Degginger was an equal partner with her husband in his success. She did her own housework on the farm and in their home the elements of thrift and industry were as much

a part of Mrs. Degginger's method as of her husband's. His ambition for success was equaled by that of his wife and she proved herself a competent adviser and assistant.

J. H. Degginger died Jan. 31, 1912. His name lives in the business annals of the county where he was one of the organizers of the Gentry County Bank at Albany and of which institution he was a director at the time of his death. His varied experience in business and his wide acquaintance in the county made him an invaluable addition to the personnel of the bank. He was held in high esteem both as a private individual and as a man who had the financial betterment and commercial up-building of Gentry County as an ideal. He achieved his goal by dint of hard work and unceasing interest in the details that meant a competent handling of his business affairs.

J. H. Degginger, Jr., now holds his father's place as director of the Gentry County Bank. He is the only child of his parents, born April 3, 1895, and attended the public schools. Later he spent four years in the Missouri State University from which he took a degree in the Agricultural Department. He was married in November, 1919, to Bernice Flowers, a daughter of Dale S. Flowers, a sketch of whose life appears elsewhere in this volume. Mr. Degginger was a member of the Sigma Chi fraternity in the University and is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge. He is now operating the Degginger farm south of Albany where he has one of the finest herds of Shorthorn cattle in Gentry County. He also raises Duroc Jersey hogs and is becoming known as a markedly successful stockman.

Jacob Newman, known in Gentry County as an excellent citizen and a successful farmer, has his home on his farm of 471 acres of well improved land in Township 62 N., Range 30 W. He was born in Gentry County, May 24, 1866, the son of Alexander and Jane (Thompson) Newman, both dead.

A. Newman was born in Tennessee and came to Gentry County with his mother. He entered 80 acres of land two miles from Albany, and later he and his uncle, Jacob Newman, entered 160 acres each. Both this uncle and Mr. Newman's mother died in Gentry County. Mr. Newman bought and improved other farms during the 55 years which he spent in the county. He died in 1909 at the age of 84 years and his remains are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. To his union with Jane (Thompson) Newman the following children were born: John, a resident of Albany; Mitchell, living at Albany; James, deceased; Robert, living at

Albany; Jacob, the subject of this sketch; Frances, now the wife of Frank Welch of Gentry County; and Lizzie, married to W. Welch of Albany.

Jacob Newman attended his first school in the Quigley District. The teacher that year was Fred Hinton. Later Mr. Newman went to the Fore District school. He has followed the occupation of farming all of his life and has achieved success in his work. In connection with farming, Mr. Newman has engaged in stock raising with a marked degree of prosperity.

In 1890 Jacob Newman was married to Mary E. Shull, a daughter of Joshua and Cozbie (Gillespie) Shull, both deceased. Mr. Shull was born in Ohio, later went to Illinois, and came to Gentry County in early manhood and settled on a farm southeast of Albany. He died on his farm in 1901 and his remains are buried in the Davidson Cemetery. His wife was born in Tazewell County, Va., and came to Missouri with her parents. She died in 1870 and her remains are buried in the Davidson Cemetery. To the union of Joshua and Cozbie (Gillespie) Shull the following children were born: Thomas, living at Albany; Joseph, living at Ellinsburg, Wash.; Martha, deceased, was the wife of Perry Maupin and left two children, Thelma and Thomas; and Mary E., born at Albany, Feb. 5, 1868, now Mrs. Newman.

Mr. and Mrs. Newman have two children: Bertha, married Woodson Hunter, Aug. 8, 1915, and has three children, Helen, Gladys, and Russell; and Buford, married Grace McConkey, Dec. 29, 1920, and is now living on the home place. Buford Newman is one of the young men to whom the county is proud to give special praise because of the service which they rendered during the World War. Mr. Newman enlisted for service at Albany, Sept. 14, 1918, and was sent to the Rahe Auto School at Kansas City, Mo. Later he was sent to Camp Jessup, Ga., then to Camp Merritt, N. Y., and sailed for France, Oct. 28, 1918, with the 310th Motor Transport. He was stationed first at Dijon and at Coblenz with the Army of Occupation. He was overseas until Sept. 10, 1919, and was mustered out of service at Camp Taylor, Ky., Sept. 23, 1919. Mr. Newman is a member of the Donald Holden Post No. 106 of the American Legion at Albany, and of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons at the same place.

Jacob Newman is a Democrat. He is a man of high ideals, a farmer of efficiency and energy, and a citizen of excellent repute in the county.

Lawrence T. Dale, now deceased, during his life, was a well known farmer of Daviess County. He was born Jan. 27, 1840, in London, England, a son of George and Hannah (Tate) Dale.

George Dale was a merchant in London and in 1846 came to New York state, later going to Jonesville, Mich., where he resided until his death. His wife died in Chillicothe, Mo., having moved there in February, 1869. Mr. and Mrs. Dale were the parents of three children, as follow: Lawrence T., the subject of this sketch; Betty, deceased, was the wife of Dr. McArthur; and a child that died in infancy.

Lawrence T. Dale was reared on a farm and attended the district schools in New York. He served in the Indian War in Minnesota. In 1869 Mr. Dale came to Missouri and located two miles east of Chillicothe. He remained there until 1878, when he moved to Daviess County, and settled in Harrison Township, where he owned 350 acres of land, well improved.

Mr. Dale was married Feb. 6, 1869, to Alma L. Warriner, a daughter of Oreal and Cleantha (Park) Warriner, natives of New York state. Mrs. Dale was born in Jonesville, Mich., Dec. 13, 1844. Mr. and Mrs. Dale were the parents of seven children: Edwin S., Ouachita County, Ark.; Wm. W., White County, Ark.; Lillian M., the wife of George C. Blackwell, Breckenridge; Nellie M., the wife of W. B. Bingham, of Floyd, New Mexico; George W., Breckenridge; Bessie J., wife of Walter Thomas, Paonia, Colo.; and Clifford, of Oura, Colo.

Mr. Dale is a Republican and a member of the Masonic Lodge. He retired from farming and moved to Breckenridge in 1909, where he died Dec. 27, 1913. Mrs. Dale still resides in Breckenridge, and retains all of the land in Daviess County, formerly owned by her husband. She is a member of the Methodist Church. Mrs. Dale has 28 grandchildren and six great-grandchildren.

Lawrence Dale had many friends in this county and was one of the most honored and respected citizens.

Rufus Whitton, deceased, was one of the well known men of Gentry County. He was born in Miller Township, Aug. 5, 1845, the son of Redmond and Margaret Jane (Patton) Whitton, latter the daughter of James Patton, one of the pioneer settlers of the county.

Rufus Whitton was an extensive land holder and stockman. He had holdings of more than 1,450 acres of land in Miller and Athens townships. His home place lay just east of Whitton Station, named for him, and the place is still owned by his widow. As a feeder of cattle and hogs, Mr. Whitton made the market in his community for the corn



LAWRENCE T. DALE

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raised there. He was a man whose alert intellect made it possible for him to engage successfully in many enterprises and interests. He helped to organize the Bank of Albany and was a director in the institution for more than 25 years. Later on, he assisted in the organization of the Farmers Bank at McFall and there, too, he was a director. Mr. Whitton was a Democrat and was active in the work of his party although he never cared to hold office. He joined the Presbyterian Church at the historic Mt. Zion and for 25 years served as an elder in the church. He died Oct. 15, 1912, and his remains are buried in the Mt. Zion Cemetery. As a business man and as a citizen of his community, Mr. Whitton was accounted a man of progressive ideas and high ideals.

Rufus Whitton was married Nov. 5, 1874, to Mary Jane Lowe, a daughter of Anderson and Zilphy (McNatt) Lowe, pioneers of Gentry County. Anderson Lowe was born in Tennessee, the son of Stephen Lowe who came to Gentry County and entered land in Miller Township. Mr. Lowe died in March 1900, at the age of 72 years and his wife died in March, 1900, at the age of 67 years. Their children were: James, living at Milan, Kan.; Mary Jane, now Mrs. Whitton; William, living at Gilman City; Elizabeth, now Mrs. Sweetland of Norman, Okla.; George, a resident of Albany; and Sarah Margaret, now Mrs. Fuson of Oklahoma City, Okla.

To the union of Rufus and Mary Jane (Lowe) Whitton three children were born; Alvin, now living at Whitton where he is a merchant, and married to Maggie Rice, with one daughter, Helen Louise; Charles, married Lois Golden, and now living on the home place; and Elizabeth, married to J. A. Tipton, a member of the mercantile firm of Tipton and Miller at Albany.

Rufus Whitton was one of six children, as follows: I. C., deceased; Rufus, the subject of this sketch; James, deceased; Amanda, later Mrs. Giles and now dead; Alice, now the wife of John McFall, living near Whitton; and M. M., a real estate dealer in St. Joseph. The Whitton name has been well and favorably known in Gentry County and the surrounding community for many years. Mr. Whitton's widow, Mary Jane (Lowe) Whitton, sold her home recently and is living with her children. She is a woman of bright intellect and keen discernment and is finding pleasure in her association with her family and the friends of her old neighborhood. During the 30 years that she and her husband lived on their farm near Whitton, and in the years after that time when they were living at Albany, both she and Mr. Whitton made themselves a part

of the community interests and activities, and both were held in high esteem as people of energy and loyalty to high ideals of citizenship.

Albert C. McMillen, capable farmer and stockman, and the owner of the 120 acres of land lying five miles south of Albany, formerly the A. B. Price farm, was born one-half mile north of Gentryville on the Hazelrigg farm, July 11, 1882.

Mr. McMillen's parents were Thomas and Nannie (Kariker) McMillen. Thomas McMillen was born in Ohio and came to Gentry County in childhood with his father, James McMillen. Thomas McMillen married in this county and his wife died at Fairfax, Atchison County in 1893, leaving one child, Albert C., the subject of this sketch. By a later marriage of the father to Jennie Strong, he had a son, Winford. Thomas McMillen moved to Kansas City, Mo., where he died in 1907.

Albert C. McMillen was left motherless when he was ten years old and has practically made his own way in the world ever since. He attended the schools at Washington Center, Hatfield, and Gentryville, and early in life began farming for himself. At various times he owned four small farms, disposing of them, and finally purchasing his present place between Albany and Darlington. Mr. McMillen has given especial attention to the raising of hogs and has achieved success in that line of work. At present he has approximately 125 hogs on his farm.

Mr. McMillen was married to Fannie L. Hager, Aug. 27, 1903. Mrs. McMillen is a daughter of John and Almeda (Smith) Hager, both born in Indiana, where they were married and came to Missouri in 1881. They located at Jameson in Daviess County, and reared a family of nine children: Fannie L., now Mrs. McMillen; Charles E., living on the home place; Edith, now the wife of James McMillen; Grace, married to Joseph Gregory; Luther, a resident of Albany; Jene, living at Gentryville; Mary, of Albany; Adaline, deceased; and Melvern, deceased. Luther Hager is a veteran of the World War. He enlisted at Albany, was sent overseas, and was on the firing line for three months. He was in the battle of Chateau Thierry, was gassed; and sent to the Base Hospital in France. After his return to the United States, he was in a military hospital for a while, then was mustered out of service and returned to Albany. Almeda (Smith) Hager died, July 29, 1921, and her remains are buried in the Grandview Cemetery at Albany. Mr. Hager now lives on a farm five miles south of Darlington.

To the union of Albert C. and Fannie L. (Hager) McMillen the following children were born: Charles Raymond, Winford Edmund, Wanda

Leona, James Albert Ruhl, Thorwaldson Luther, and John Nelson Barger.

Mr. McMillen is a member of the Knights of Pythias Lodge. He is a man of industry and ability who is making a success of his work.

Madison Finley Jameson, owner of 160 acres of well improved land, near Darlington in Gentry County, was born one-fourth of a mile from his present home, Sept. 20, 1887. His parents were David Finley and Sarah (Marrs) Jameson, both members of families that settled in Gentry County when the land was still a part of the frontier.

David Finley Jameson was born in McMinn County, Tenn., March 18, 1833, and came to Missouri in 1851 with his father, D. F. Jameson. D. F. Jameson died on his farm east of Gentryville and his remains are buried in Brushy Cemetery. David Finley Jameson moved to the farm now owned by his widow in 1860. It was wild, unbroken land and Mr. Jameson improved it and made his home there, except for the time of the Civil War when he was in service in the Confederate Army in which he enlisted at Gentryville. He was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, first at Brushy, and later at Round Grove, where he was the clerk and an elder in the congregation. He died on his home place, Sept. 2, 1916, and his remains are buried at Ford City. He was twice married; the first time, Dec. 30, 1858, to Deadama A. Gartin. To this union two children were born; Nathaniel Y., now living at Stanberry; and James Howell, deceased. Mr. Jameson was married the second time, June 7, 1880, to Sarah E. Marrs, a daughter of James M. and Elizabeth (Camery) Marrs, the former born in Indiana and the latter a native of Ohio. They were married in Illinois; both died in Gentry County and their remains are buried in the Carter Cemetery. Sarah E. (Marrs) Jameson was born on the Marrs farm northeast of Albany, and has spent all of her life on the farm where she now lives.

To the union of David Finley and Sarah E. (Marrs) Jameson the following children were born; Mary Catherine, now the wife of William Mastin of Miller Township, with three children, David Herschel, Annie, and Charlie; Genevieve, living at home; and Madison Finley, the subject of this review.

Madison Finley Jameson was married Oct. 19, 1908, to Minnie Walker, who died Oct. 1, 1919. Her remains are buried in the Darlington Cemetery. She left one son, Walker Finley Jameson.

Mr. Jameson is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons at Darlington, and is a director of the School District No. 65. He is

an enterprising farmer and stockman. His farm comprises a part of the original Jameson home place, and Mr. Jameson is following the same progressive methods in his work that characterized the work of his father.

Keeran McKenny, a veteran of the Civil War and a citizen of Gentry County since 1866, is a native of County Kings, Ireland, where he was born, June 26, 1842, the son of John and Catherine (Guynan) McKenny, the former dying in Ohio, and the latter in Gentry County. The remains of both are buried in St. Patrick's Cemetery. Their children were: Bridget, married Mr. Rourke and died in Gentry County; Mary, married Mr. Cummins and died in Gentry County; Kate, became Mrs. Guynan and died in Wyoming; Thomas, mentioned later; and Keeran, the subject of this sketch. Thomas McKenny served in the United States Army during the Civil War as a member of Co. K, 8th Ohio Cavalry. After he left the army in 1865 he came to Gentry County, and for 50 years lived on a farm in Miller Township. He still owns his land in this county although he is now living in St. Joseph, where he went after his retirement from active farm life. He married Jane Setzer.

Keeran McKenny attended the Ohio public schools in his childhood. On June 18, 1862, he enlisted in Company C, 110th Ohio Volunteers and served in the Civil War until June 28, 1865. He was wounded twice during his term of service, the first time he was shot through the thigh in the battle of Winchester; the second time, he was shot in the right side during the battle of New Creek, Oct. 19, 1864. Mr. McKenny still has the last shot which wounded him. He served under Gen. Philip Sheridan at the last battle, and under Gen. Wright at the first battle. Mr. McKenny bought his first land in Gentry County in 1869 while he was on a furlough from the government. At that time he was running a government train of 25 wagons from Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., to Salt Lake City, Ft. Laramie, and other places. He kept this position for several years after the war. In 1881 he moved to his present farm, buying 160 acres of land. To the original farm, Mr. McKenny added from time to time until he now has land holdings of more than 1,200 acres in Miller and Jackson Township. Most of the land is now rented out. Mr. McKenny has been an extensive stockman, raising and feeding cattle and hogs. For several years past he has bred Aberdeen Angus cattle for sale. At the last sale conducted by him he disposed of more than 225 head of cattle. Mr. McKenny has now retired from active farm manage-

ment, but maintains an intense interest in all that pertains to progressive farming and stock raising.

Keeran McKenny was married Feb. 10, 1874, to Elizabeth Flood, born in Wisconsin, the daughter of Michael Flood of Gentryville. To this union the following children were born: Frank, cashier of the Citizens National Bank of King City, in the organization of which Mr. McKenny was a leading factor and of which he is now the president; James, formerly a clerk in the Citizens National Bank of King City, now the auditor for the Jewell Tea Company in Denver, Col.; Thomas, died at the age of four years; Thomas, second, died at the age of eight years; Charles, a successful farmer and stockman operating 300 acres of the home place and married to Madge Handley of Gentry County; and Nannie, married first to James O'Malley, a lumberman of Albany, now dead, married the second time to Patrick Downey, garage owner and operator of a dairy at St. Joseph.

Mr. McKenny gave all of his children good educations and has the satisfaction of knowing that they are all men and women who are, not only successful in business, but have high ideals of civic welfare. The family are members of the Roman Catholic Church. Mr. McKenny served four years as the presiding judge of the Gentry County Court. He later made the race on the Republican ticket for the legislature, but was not elected. He is a man whose wide business relations have brought him into touch with many people, and he is among the best known citizens of the county. As a farmer and stockman, Mr. McKenny achieved success because of his good business qualities; as a member of the official force of the Citizens National Bank at King City, he has proved an invaluable asset to the institution; and as an officer of the county, he was loyal and upright. He is a man of whom his community is proud.

J. L. McMillen, a farmer and stockman near Darlington in Gentry County, was born on a farm one mile west of Gentryville, Feb. 20, 1881, the son of C. J. and Sarah (Kariker) McMillen, both now living at Gentryville.

C. J. McMillen was born in Ohio, the son of James McMillen, who was a painter by trade and settled in the early days north of Gentryville. He is now living in St. Louis at the advanced age of 100 years. Sarah (Kariker) McMillen was born in Gentry County, the daughter of Levi Kariker, an early settler of the county. To the union of C. J. and Sarah (Kariker) McMillen the following children were born: John R., living at Berlin; E. M., a resident of Miles City, Mont.; O. B., living at St. Louis;

J. L., the subject of this review; William, a resident of St. Louis; Joseph, also living in St. Louis; Hester, the wife of Clarence Pursinger of McFall; Delia, married to Clarence Higdon of Pattonsburg; Fannie, now the wife of Malcolm Grimes of Kansas City, Mo.; Bettie, living in Kansas City, Mo.; and Rodney, died at the age of 12 years.

J. L. McMillen attended the public school and has been a resident of Gentry County all of his life. He has owned several farms at different times, all of which he sold, and bought his present farm of 150 acres located six miles south of Albany. There are three houses on the place, as well as two good barns, and excellent farm buildings. The farm is well watered, and Mr. McMillen keeps more than 60 acres of the land in corn. He has a $1\frac{1}{2}$ acre orchard of budded plums which is proving to be a marked success. He makes a specialty of raising hogs and always keeps from 175 to 200 head on the farm.

J. L. McMillen was married in February, 1903, to Edith Hager, a daughter of John and Almeda Hager of Gentry County. Mrs. Hager died in August, 1921, and Mr. Hager lives on a farm in Miller Township. Mr. and Mrs. McMillen have a daughter, Guynetha; also an adopted daughter, Minnie.

Mr. McMillen is an industrious and capable man whose energy and ability placed him on the road to success.

Thomas J. Ball, of Huggins Township, was born on the farm where he now lives, June 12, 1870. His parents were William M. and Frances (Lisle) Ball, early settlers of Gentry County.

William M. Ball came to Missouri in 1844, and entered the land now owned by his sons. He later bought 360 acres of land which he held in addition to the land entered by him from the government. The first home built on the land was a little log cabin in which Thomas J. Ball was born. The cabin stood about 100 yards northwest of the present residence. William M. Ball was a soldier in the Civil War, serving in the Union Army. During the battle at the Big Blue by Lexington, his horse became unmanageable, and threw him against a tree, thus crippling him for life. After the close of the war, W. M. Ball practiced medicine in Gentry County, and during his long period of 45 years of active practice, he made many friends. In 1849 he married Frances Adilla Lisle and to their union the following children were born: Polly Ann, married Mr. Murphy and is now dead; John L., of Huggins Township; Nancy O., the widow of E. D. Nicholson of California; Hiram W., died in southwest Missouri; Thomas J., the subject of this sketch; and

John Lemuel, a sketch of whose life appears in this volume. William M. Ball died July 14, 1909, and his widow died Oct. 31, 1914. The remains of both are buried in the Brick Church Cemetery.

Thomas J. Ball attended the public school, and was a student for one term in Albany. He is the owner of 160 acres of land six miles northwest of Albany where he does general farming and stock raising. He raises Shorthorn cattle and Duroc Jersey hogs, and is making a marked success of his work.

Thomas J. Ball was married Feb. 23, 1897, to Sarah Summa, a daughter of J. W. and Mary Summa; the former dead, and the latter now living in Bogle Township. The children of J. W. and Mary Summa were: Noah, of Hartford, Kan.; Ann, now Mrs. Smith of Conway, Iowa; Samuel A., of Bogle Township; Lester, deceased; Sarah, now Mrs. Ball; J. W., of Huggins Township; Harvey, living at Hartford, Kan.; Mrs. Hiley Hulett of Bogle Township; and Lewis B., a barber at Gentry. Mr. and Mrs. Ball have three children: Beatrice May, the wife of Carl Floyd of Bogle Township; Hobart D., on the home place; and Dorothy Pearl, at home.

Mr. Ball is a Democrat and is identified with the Christian Church. He is a member of the Yeoman Lodge. Mr. Ball is a capable and reliable citizen of his township.

John Lemuel Ball, a retired minister of the Christian Church, now living in Huggins Township, Gentry County, was born on a farm one mile west of his present home, May 3, 1854. His parents were William M. and Frances A. (Lisle) Ball, sketches of whose lives appear in connection with the life of Thomas J. Ball.

Reverend Ball's maternal grandmother, Mrs. Vasser, was one of the old settlers of the county. Her brother, Peter, was an Indian interpreter here when Liberty was the county seat of all this part of Missouri.

John L. Ball went to school in a log cabin on the Jefferson Canaday farm, the land now owned by the Peery heirs. His first teacher was Mary Gale, and his second was Mr. Oats. Mr. Ball was a minister in the Christian Church for more than 30 years but retired from active ministerial work about seven years ago because of poor health. He has since that time lived on his farm in Huggins Township, 4½ miles northwest of Albany. He is now an elder of the Old Brick Church, organized in the early forties. Reverend Ball's father helped organize the first church and was an elder in it at the time of his death, although by that time the new building had been erected. The old building of brick was blown

down in a storm and on July 13, 1883, the present church was organized. The present building is frame, but the members of the congregation cling to the historical name of the first church, the Old Brick Church.

John L. Ball was married Jan. 2, 1876, to Mary Jane Rodgers, a daughter of Hesikiah and Matilda (Lewis) Rodgers who came from Ohio, and settled near Higgins, Mo. They both died in Gentry County. Their children were: Mary Jane, now Mrs. Ball; Amanda, now Mrs. Ames of Idaho; Elizabeth, now Mrs. Walker of Huggins Township; Evaline, now Mrs. Huff of Bogle Township; Angeline, now Mrs. Klintworth of Tulsa, Okla.; Martha Alice, deceased; Emma, now Mrs. Timmins of Quitman; T. S., of Kearney, Neb.; W. L., of Unadelli, Neb.; G. W., of Syracuse, Neb.; and Leroy, deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Ball have the following children: W. Elmer, a farmer of Bogle Township, married Letitia Dean, now dead; Frances Matilda, the wife of J. W. Summa of Huggins Township; Martha Alice, married to W. S. Walls of Neb.; and Emma Adilla, at home.

Reverend Ball is a Democrat and is a member of the Woodmen of the World at Albany.

Jonathan McClure, deceased, was one of the well known and dependable citizens of this section. He was born Oct. 20, 1835, in Logan County, Ohio, the son of William and Mary Jane (Martin) McClure.

Mr. and Mrs. William McClure were natives of Pennsylvania who removed from Iowa to Daviess County about 1853, gaining possession of land at \$2.50 per acre. Mr. McClure built and operated a flour, grist and saw mill in Grundy County, on Hickory Creek. He was very successful and people came for miles around to purchase flour, which was the best in that section of the country. It was the first steam mill in the country, and was run day and night. The people employed by Mr. McClure in the mill lived right there, there being six houses built in the neighborhood by Mr. McClure. It was here that Mrs. McClure died. Mr. and Mrs. McClure were the parents of nine children, Jonathan being the oldest.

After the death of his father, Jonathan McClure operated the mill for his mother until she sold it sometime later. She died at Civil Bend, and is buried in the Methodist Episcopal Cemetery in Marion Township. Jonathan McClure became heir to the home, now owned by his widow, containing 160 acres. Mr. McClure was a prosperous farmer and stockman of Jamesport Township, and at the time of his death, Feb. 5, 1916, he was the owner of 680 acres of well improved land. He was a prominent breeder of Shorthorn cattle.

On July 8, 1869, Mr. McClure was married to Mary L. Hamilton, a



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daughter of Thomas Jefferson and Mary (Baucher) Hamilton, natives of near Nashville, Tenn. Mrs. McClure was born March 4, 1844, in Daviess County, on the east line.

Thomas J. Hamilton came to Missouri when a very young man. He was educated in Nashville, Tenn., and was a college graduate. He was one of the very few pioneers of Missouri who were educated. During the Civil War, Mr. Hamilton enlisted, as did Mr. McClure. During the Mormon trouble, about 100 men came to Daviess County from Ray County to help quell the riots. Among those were Mr. Hamilton, and his brother-in-law, Samuel Kee Glover, and a brother, James Hamilton. Mr. Hamilton, in looking over the land here, decided he would like to live in Daviess County. He then moved here, where he lived until his death. He became a wealthy man, owning at his death 1000 acres of beautiful prairie land. Mr. Hamilton was a squire for 40 years, and people came from all over the county to have their difficulties straightened out, there being no court house then at Gallatin or Trenton. The dinners for the lawyers and jurymen were always served at the Hamilton home.

To Jonathan and Mary (Hamilton) McClure seven children were born, as follows: Arthur, unmarried, living with his mother; Alice, the wife of James Parker, Jamesport Township; Rose, the wife of Thomas J. Hamilton, Long Beach, Calif.; Nellie, the wife of Robert McCray, Jamesport Township; Pinkie, the wife of Raymus Cole, Jamesport; W. T., banker, Jamesport; Harry, farmer, Jamesport Township.

Mrs. McClure now resides on the old home place in Jamesport Township, which is farmed by her son Arthur. They have one of the best improved farms in the township.

Mr. McClure was a Republican and a member of the Masonic lodge. He was highly respected and one of the substantial citizens of Daviess County.

O. G. Cousins of Albany is one of the four Cousins brothers connected with the Cousins Lumber Company, and is a member of a family, known in Missouri's history since the time of his grandfather, William Cousins, who came from his native state, Kentucky, in the pioneer days of Missouri, and settled in Mercer County. There his son, J. M. Cousins, was born in 1855. William Cousins died at Ravanna about 1909. He was one of the early and fearless men to whose labor and courage the county owes much of its later development.

J. M. Cousins grew to manhood in the midst of pioneer surroundings. He married Buna Owen, also a member of a pioneer family. Her father, William Owen, brought his family from Kentucky and settled in Missouri, while the state was still counted frontier land. To his union with Buna

(Owen) Cousins the following children were born: C. H., R. L., O. G., and J. R., the four brothers who are connected with the Cousins Lumber Company; Anna, now Mrs. McCully of Princeton; Merle, now Mrs. Coker of Princeton; Opal, a teacher in Mercer County; Joseph, a student in the Princeton High School; and Ruby, at home.

O. G. Cousins was educated in the public schools of the county and attended the Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill., for a while. Later he was a student in the State Teachers College at Kirksville. He taught school in Mercer County for four years and then entered the mercantile world. He conducted a lumber business at Harris during 1914, and came to Albany in 1915, to take a position in the Cousins Lumber Yard, where he has been ever since with the exception of one and one-half years he spent as manager of a lumber yard at Helna, and the time he was in camp during the World War.

The Cousins Lumber Company of Albany was incorporated in 1914, by C. H. Cousins, R. L. Cousins and Mary E. Cousins. C. H., president; R. L., vice-president; Mary E. Cousins, treasurer. In 1919, the company was incorporated the second time with George Pogue of Gallatin as secretary and O. G. Cousins, treasurer. The Company has yards at Albany, Helena, Cosby, Weatherby, Cameron, Laredo and Trenton and a wholesale office at St. Joseph with C. H. Cousins in charge. The yard at Albany was opened in March, 1914, with C. H. Cousins in charge. In 1919, O. G. Cousins was elected manager and has operated the yard since that time. The Cousins Lumber Company is one of the well known and successful business ventures of the county.

O. G. Cousins was married July 22, 1917 to Henrietta Patton, a daughter of I. G. and Nancy (Quigley) Patton of Albany. Mrs. Cousins was born in Gentry County and is a graduate of the Albany High School.

O. G. Cousins entered the United States Army on November 8, 1918, at Columbia, Mo., and on Dec. 16, the company was demobilized. Mr. Cousins is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and a Knight Templar. He is an enterprising and progressive young man.

Frank W. Duncan, a successful farmer and stockman, living near New Hampton in Gentry County, comes of an old Kentucky family. Both his paternal grandfather, Stephen C. Duncan, and his maternal grandfather, Isaac Wood, were natives of Kentucky, who came to Clay County in the very early days of the nineteenth century. Stephen C. Duncan settled near Liberty and Isaac Wood bought land close to Smithville. The two families were connected through the marriage of Stephen C. Duncan's

son,, James W., born in Clay County in 1826, and Mary A. Wood, the daughter of Isaac Wood, born in Clay County also.

James W. Duncan was a veteran of the Mexican War, and bought land in Gentry County, where he became a well known farmer. He died in Albany in 1911. His wife died at the age of 56 years. The remains of both are buried in Duncan Cemetery. Their children were: John, killed in Denver, Colo.; Lucy C., married to I. N. Carson of St. Joseph; Isaac, died in infancy; Stephen C., a resident of St. Joseph; Frank W., the subject of this sketch; Emma, now the wife of A. B. Price, a merchant of Albany; R. P., an attorney at Stanberry; Leona, the wife of C. T. Atkinson, a merchant at St. Joseph; George, died in infancy; Mollie, died in infancy; James, now living in California; Rosa, married to W. A. Brown of the police force in St. Joseph; and Beryl, a farmer in Gentry County.

Frank W. Duncan attended the rural schools and, in 1884, bought his present farm from A. J. Stotts. Before the Civil War, 160 acres of the land had belonged to Mr. Duncan's father. Mr. Duncan has made all the improvements on the place. The farm is well watered, with wind mills used for pumping water for the stock. The residence is located two miles southwest of New Hampton, and there are also excellent farm buildings on the place. For the past 35 years, Mr. Duncan has been interested in raising shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs, Bronze turkeys and Barred Rock poultry, and has been very successful in this line of work.

Frank W. Duncan was married on Sept. 3, 1884, to Almyra F. Banie, born in Licking County, Ohio, the daughter of J. W. and Dorinda (Beardsley) Banie, the latter now dead, and the former living at Albany. To the union of Frank W. and Almyra F. (Banie) Duncan the following children were born: Luva, died in infancy; Earl C., a sketch of whose life appears elsewhere in this volume; Edith, at home; Avnes, formerly a well known teacher in Gentry County, now a bookkeeper in Kansas City; Frank Wilbur, a review of whose life appears in connection with the sketch of the life of Earl C. Duncan; Lucile, a successful teacher in the New Hampton High School; and Wave, graduated from the New Hampton High School where she won a scholarship, now a student in Northwest Missouri State Teacher's College at Maryville.

Mr. Duncan is a Democrat in politics and is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and the Knights of Pythias lodges. He is a man known for his business efficiency, his capable management of his farm, and his loyalty to the civil ideals of his community.

Earl Clifford Duncan, the superintendent of public schools in Gentry County, and a well known school man of the state, is a member of an old pioneer family of Missouri. He was born in Athens Township, Jan. 25, 1887, the son of Frank W., and Almyra F. (Banie) Duncan, both now living on their farm six miles east of Albany.

Frank W. Duncan is a native of Gentry County where he was born, July 23, 1859. His grandfather was one of the intrepid and adventurous Kentuckians who came to the state when Missouri was still wild frontier land. To such men is due much of the credit for the rapid development of the Middle West. Almyra F. (Banie) Duncan was born in Xenia, Ohio, and came to Missouri with her parents, James W. Banie and his wife. Mr. Banie is a veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted in Ohio at the age of 18. He now lives at Albany. Both of the sons of Frank W. and Almyra F. (Banie) Duncan enlisted for service in the World War. On both sides of their family there had been soldiers who fought for the country, thus both by family tradition and by their own spirit of loyalty they were impelled into the struggle.

Frank Wilbur Duncan, the fifth child of his parents, a brother of Earl C., the subject of this review, graduated from the Albany High School, and later was a successful teacher. He went to Colorado, where he entered land, but enlisted for service when the United States entered the World War, and was sent to Camp Funston, Kans., for training. From there he went to Camp Kearney, Calif., and was sent overseas in June, 1918, with the replacement troops. There he was assigned to the 28th Division, (Pennsylvania), or the "Iron Division." He participated in the battle of Chateau Thierry, Courmont, Vesle, and was killed in action, Sept. 5, 1918, near Fismes, France. His body was buried in France, but was later returned to the U. S. and is now buried in Grandview Cemetery, Albany. Mr. Duncan was 21 years old at the time he enlisted, he was therefore but little past boyhood when he made the supreme sacrifice for his country.

Earl C. Duncan was educated in the schools of Gentry County, and attended the New Hampton High School. Later he was a student in the Normal School at Stanberry, the State Teachers College at Maryville, and Missouri State University at Columbia. He began his professional career as a teacher in the Linden School of Gentry County, now a part of Consolidated District No. 1. He taught several terms in the rural schools, and then was made the principal of the schools at Darlington, later accepting positions as superintendent at Ravenwood, at New Hampton, and at Seneca. His wide experience in these various positions gave him the training that made the basis for his success as a county official. He was elected

Superintendent of Public Schools of Gentry County in April, 1919, for a term of four years, and has served in a most efficient manner. While he was the superintendent of the schools at New Hampton, the U. S. declared war on the Central Powers, and Mr. Duncan entered the army May, 1918, at Bethany, Mo. He was sent to Camp Dodge, Iowa, for training and was assigned to Company K, 351st Infantry. In June of that year he was transferred to the Officers Training School, Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., and was later commissioned second lieutenant. He was afterwards sent to Camp Funston where he remained until he received his discharge from service in December, 1918.

Mr. Duncan is a member of the Knights of Pythias lodge, and is a Royal Arch Mason, and a Knights Templar. He was a charter member of the Donald Holden Post No. 106 of the American Legion at Albany and is the Post Commander. He also holds membership in the Missouri State Teachers Association and the National Educational Association. At the time he entered the army he was the president of the Northwest Missouri High School Association comprising the high schools in 19 counties, and had held that position for two years.

David Amos Wharton, well known farmer and stockman of Wilson Township, Gentry County, was born on July 1, 1873, on the farm where he now lives. The log cabin, which was Mr. Wharton's birthplace, still stands on the farm, and is now used for the storage of corn.

Mark Wharton, the father of D. A. Wharton, was born in Ohio, April 5, 1832. He went to Illinois in his youth, and later located in Iowa. He came to Missouri and settled in Gentry County in 1865. At the time of his death he owned 270 acres of land in Wilson Township, 120 acres of which is now owned by D. A. Wharton. Mark Wharton became a well known farmer and stockman in this community. He married Nancy Jane Gabriel, who was born in Carroll County, and came with her parents to Wilson Township, Gentry County, in her childhood. Her father was one of the early settlers of the township, where he located before the Civil War. Mark Wharton died on July 15, 1911, and Mrs. Wharton died on April 5, 1920. The remains of both are buried in Jennings Cemetery. Their children were: Hannah Mary, the wife of Gabriel Nelson of Mankato, Kans.; D. A., the subject of this sketch; L. A., a farmer in Wilson Township; Katie A., the wife of O. H. Lawrence of Turlock, Calif.; M. E., farming in Wilson Township; Martha J., married to Leonard Pool of Golden, Colo.; and J. E., now living in Colorado.

D. A. Wharton attended school in the Jennings district, and with the exception of a few years, has lived on his present farm all of his life.

Besides the 120 acres of the home farm, Mr. Wharton owns 50 acres of land in Wilson Township. The farm is located five miles west of Gentry and is well improved, has a good residence, excellent farm buildings, and fine facilities for caring for the stock. Mr. Wharton raises hogs, cattle, horses and mules for sale.

D. A. Wharton was married Jan. 31, 1895 to Zora Armilda Coffey, a daughter of M. H. and Cynthia Jane (Nichols) Coffey. Mr. Coffey was born in Indiana, and served for three years and six month in the Union Army during the Civil War. He married in De Kalb County, Mo., and his wife was a native of that county. Mrs. Coffey died in June, 1910, and her husband died in May, 1915. The remains of both are buried in Jennings Cemetery. Their children were: James M., a farmer in Bogle Township; Ulysses Egbert, living at Alantus Grove; Cora A., the wife of O. F. Gunter of Alantus Grove; Dora May, married to Lee Miller of Alantus Grove; Nora Irene, the wife of Albert Redmund of Wilson Township; Zora Armilda, now Mrs. Wharton; and Ora Belle, married to H. B. Rainey of St. Joseph.

Mrs. Wharton was born and raised in Wilson Township, and attended the schools at Alantus Grove and the Black Oak District. To her union with D. A. Wharton the following children were born: Chester A., married Rosa Pyatt and lives at Alanthus Grove; M. R., married Inez Jennings, and is manager of the Cooperative Poultry House at Alanthus Grove; Lola Jane, the wife of Alva Jennings of Alanthus Grove; Florella Pearl, married to Ross Erickson of Bogle Township; Milton Mark, married to Rosa Erickson of Bogle Township; Milton Mark, married Hazel Summa, and lived in Wilson Township; Theodore Roosevelt, Raymond Wayne, John Dale, Charlie Clifford, and Vera Dorleen, all at home. Mr. and Mrs. Wharton have the following grandchildren: Alethea, Donald, Robert and Virgil Wharton; Ross Jr., and Wilma Doris Erickson; Gazelle Dorleen and Givanola Jane Jennings; and Uva May Wharton.

Mr. Wharton has served as a member of the township board for two years, and has been the road overseer for the same time. He is a Republican. Mr. Wharton and his wife are highly esteemed in their community.

Joseph Thomas, now living at Neola, Iowa, is well and favorably known in Stanberry, and is a member of a family that has lived in Gentry County since the early days. Mr. Thomas was born in Shelby County, Iowa, in June, 1885. His parents are William and Elizabeth (Roth) Thomas. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas now live at Stanberry, but formerly resided at Portsmouth, Iowa, for many years.

Joseph Thomas attended school at Portsmouth, Iowa, and began farm-

ing when he was a young man. He located first in Gentry County, where he operated a farm for more than 20 years. He returned to Iowa in 1917. He is now following the carpenter trade.

Mr. Thomas was married at Stanberry on June 4, 1912, to Dora Heyde, a daughter of Maximilian Heyde, a sketch of whose life appears elsewhere in this volume. Mrs. Thomas was born in Plymouth, Ind., and was educated at Stanberry.

Mr. Thomas is a Democrat in his political views. He is an industrious and capable man, and has the esteem of his fellow citizens at Neola, as well as his old acquaintances in Gentry County.

George W. Harris, who has been a resident of Gentry County all of his life, was born in Huggins Township Jan. 16, 1871, the son of William and Minerva Jane (Dragoo) Harris.

William Harris was born in Virginia, and came to Missouri about 1865 with his parents, Jonas and Zerelda Harris, both of whom lived to be more than 80 years of age, and died in Gentry County. William W. Harris served in the Comstock Company during the Civil War. He died on his farm in Huggins Township, March 11, 1921, at the age of 78 years. His wife, who was born in Mercer County, now lives in Darlington. Their children were: John, died at the age of five years; Eliza, the wife of James Spainhower of Darlington; Ada, married to Amos Taylor of Merino, Col.; Sarah, married to Charles Pierce; G. W., the subject of this review; Andrew J., living in Huggins Township; W. Albert, residing at Princeton, Mo.; and Frank Edward, living in Bogle Township.

George W. Harris attended the Carmack School in his childhood, and grew up on his father's farm. He moved to his present farm of 145 acres, two miles south of Gentry in Bogle Township, in March, 1902. He has built a new residence, barn, and other farm buildings since he became the owner of the land. He maintains an orchard where he has an excellent variety of fruit, and raises cattle, hogs and sheep.

George W. Harris was married Sept. 25, 1898, to Clara D. Carlock, a daughter of Henry and Susan (Collins) Carlock. Mrs. Carlock died in 1878, and her remains are buried in the Brick Church Cemetery. Mr. Carlock, now 70 years of age, lives in Huggins Township. Their children were: Clara D., now Mrs. Harris; and Mary, married Frank Harris of Bogle Township. Mr. Carlock was married a second time to Sarah F. Collins. To the union of George W. and Clara D. (Carlock) Harris, the following children were born: Ethel, married George Walker of Bogle Township, and has two children, Arlie and Clifton; Edith married Onis Walker of Huggins Township and has a daughter, Dorris; Henry, now a

student in the Gentry County High School; and Vernon, died at the age of four years.

Mr. Harris is a capable and industrious man, who is highly esteemed in his neighborhood.

James Gay, deceased, was born in Greenbrier County, W. Va., Dec. 3, 1838. His parents were Andrew and Mary (Gillilan) Gay.

Andrew Gay was a native of Greenbrier County, W. Va., and was born in 1809. When a young man he brought his family to Missouri, settling in Jamesport Township, Daviess County, where he became a successful farmer and stockman. At the time of his death, Mr. Gay owned 700 acres of land. Upon his arrival in Daviess County, he built a log cabin. Mr. Gay was one of the very early settlers of Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Gay are both deceased, and are buried in Hill Cemetery, Daviess County. They were the parents of the following children: John, deceased; James, deceased, the subject of this sketch; Samuel, deceased; Robert, deceased; George, retired farmer, Jamesport; Virginia, deceased.

James Gay was reared on a farm and attended the district schools. He was a farmer and stockman all his life, and one of the leading stockmen of Missouri. Mr. Gay owned 720 acres of well improved land in Daviess County. During the Civil War he enlisted in the Missouri Volunteer Cavalry and served for one and one-half years.

On Dec. 25, 1862, Mr. Gay married Anna Gillilan, daughter of Nathan and Anna (Dunlap) Gillilan, natives of Greenbrier County, W. Va., and pioneer settlers of Daviess County. Mrs. Gay was born Oct. 17, 1840, in Ross County, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Gillilan were the parents of the following children: Robert L. deceased; Mary Jane, deceased; John D., deceased; Elizabeth, deceased; Nathan, deceased; George W., deceased; and Mrs. Gay. Mr. Gillilan was one of the most extensive stockmen of Missouri, owning about 1200 acres of land. He died Dec. 17, 1882, and his wife died Dec. 3, 1876. They are buried in Hill Cemetery, Daviess County. To James and Anna (Gillilan) Gay eight children were born, as follows: Mary, the wife of Worth Miller, farmer, Jamesport; George R., farmer, Jamesport Township; Minnie, the wife of O. R. Nickell, farmer, Jamesport Township; Eva, the wife of Isaac Haines, farmer and stockman, Jamesport Township; Nathan, on the home farm with his mother; Robert; James, farmer, Jamesport Township; Jennie, dead; Lena, wife of E. O. Wilkenson, Jamesport.

James Gay died Feb. 17, 1902, and is buried in the Odd Fellows Cemetery in Jamesport. Mr. Gay was a Democrat. Mrs. Gay now resides on her farm of 280 acres in Jamesport Township, with her son Nathan. Mrs.



JAMES AND ANNA F. GAY

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Gay has 17 grandchildren and eight great-grandchildren. Mr. Gay was highly respected and was one of the substantial citizens of Daviess County.

J. M. Sale, a capable and energetic farmer living nine miles northeast of Stanberry in Huggins Township, Gentry County, is a member of a pioneer family of that part of Missouri. His maternal grandfather, John Huggins, came to Missouri in 1845, and settled in Huggins Township, which was named for him. He was a pioneer merchant of the county, and his store at Hugginsville was one of the early trading places of the community. He served as county judge during the years 1868-1870, and was one of the prominent men of his time. His remains and those of his wife are buried in the Hugginsville Chapel Cemetery.

J. M. Sale's parents were B. F. and Elizabeth (Armstrong) Sale. B. F. Sale was born in Michigan, and came to Missouri with his mother who settled in Huggins Township. B. F. Sale and his wife lived on a farm two miles south of J. M. Sale's present home, and on that farm J. M. Sale was born, July 15, 1859. B. F. Sale and his wife both died on their farm and their remains are buried in the Hugginsville Cemetery. Their children were: J. M., the subject of this sketch; William, living on the home place; Philip, a resident of Gentry; Comfort, now Mrs. Henderson of Huggins Township; Olive, now the wife of N. J. Motes, a Methodist minister; and Etta, married Mr. Danford, and is now dead.

J. M. Sale attended the public schools of Gentry County and has been a farmer and stockraiser all of his life. He bought 48 acres of his present farm in early manhood, and later added to it until he owned 304 acres. He sold a portion of his holdings, and now has 189 acres in his home place. He has a good residence, two barns, and other substantial farm buildings. The farm is well watered, and Mr. Sale keeps it well stocked and improved.

J. M. Sale was married on Jan. 29, 1891 to Fannie Lewis, a daughter of John and Mary Lewis, both residents of Bogle Township, and both now dead. The remains of Mr. Lewis are buried in the Hugginsville Cemetery, and those of Mrs. Lewis in the Green Ridge Cemetery. Mrs. Sale was born, reared and educated in Gentry County. Mr. and Mrs. Sale have the following children: Opal, married E. A. Rucker, of Huggins Township; Hallie, the wife of Elisha Rucker of Huggins Township; and Arley, married to Orval Greene, and living near Albany. Mr. and Mrs. Sale have four grandchildren; Sylvia, J. W., Ula, and Bonnie Rucker.

Mr. Sale and his family are identified with the Hugginsville Methodist church, to which Mr. Sale's parents belonged for more than half a century. The first building used by the Methodist congregation was built in 1854 on

the site of the present edifice, which is only one-half mile east of the Sale home. The Sale family are well and favorably known in the community.

John H. McCarty, for over 42 years a well known lawyer at Stanberry in Gentry County, and now operating a real estate office with his son, William H., as his partner, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1854, the son of John and Bridget (Herbert) McCarty.

John McCarty was a native of County Meath, Ireland, and was born in 1830; he died on his farm near Conception, Nodaway County, in 1888. His wife, a native of Nodaway County, was born Nov. 30, 1829, and died at Stanberry in 1897. The remains of both are buried in the Conception Cemetery. Mr. McCarty was a member of the Home Guards of Nodaway County during the Civil War. He left Ireland and came to New York in 1850, and to Nodaway County in 1858. To his union with Bridget (Herbert) McCarty the following children were born: John H., the subject of this sketch; James died in California; a daughter, later Mrs. Gray, the wife of a physician in Pubelo, Colo.; Thomas, died at Conception; and Francis J., an attorney, who died at Pubelo, Colo. One son, Charles, died in infancy.

John H. McCarty attended the schools of Nodaway County and studied law with Judge Anthony and Judge Dawson at Maryville. He was admitted to the bar in November, 1877, and opened an office at Stanberry, where he continued the practice of his profession with marked success ever since. He was elected the prosecuting attorney of Gentry County in 1886, on the Democratic ticket and was reelected in 1888. At the end of his service to the county in that official capacity he returned to Stanberry and reopened his law office there. He took up the loan business and later had charge of the territory covered by northwest Missouri and southern Iowa. He worked first for the New England Securities Company and later for the Commonwealth Trust Company of St. Louis. The firm, now known as McCarty and Son, deals in farm loans, insurance and real estate.

John H. McCarty was married on Jan. 7, 1878 to Margaret L. Bolton, a daughter of John and Mary A. (Hollern) Bolton of Nodaway County. Mrs. McCarty was born at Vincennes, Ind., in 1856, and later went to Kansas with her parents. They afterwards moved to Missouri, where Mr. Bolton was a contractor and builder. Mrs. McCarty died on July 14, 1921. To her union with John H. McCarty the following children were born: John F., died during the influenza epidemic in 1918; Mary B., now an assistant in the Stanberry postoffice; Anna, the wife of Frank VanVactor of Stanberry; Thomas A., living at Stanberry; James M., living on the home farm west of Stanberry; Charles, a resident of Stanberry; William

H., a brief sketch of whose life appears later; Margaret L., died in infancy; George M., living at Stanberry; Joseph H., died in infancy; and O'Donnell B., now a student in the Stanberry High School.

William H. McCarty, junior member of the firm of McCarty and Son, was born in Gentry County, Feb. 9, 1890. He attended the public school and graduated from the Stanberry High School. He was a student in Christian Brothers College at St. Joseph, and then went to Missouri State University for a year. He completed his college work at Christian Brothers College in St. Louis, from which he was graduated in 1913. He then joined his father in the real estate business at Stanberry.

On July 15, 1917, W. H. McCarty enlisted for service in the United States Army, and was sent to Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to the Officers Training Camp. He was made a lieutenant on Nov. 27, 1917, and was ordered overseas. He reached France on Feb. 18, 1918, and, after a training course of 30 days, was sent with the French Army for observation work. He was with that army for six weeks, and then was assigned to Company E, 125th Infantry, 32nd Division, where he remained until he received a shrapnel wound while in action on June 15, 1918. He was sent to a hospital where he was treated until September of the same year, when he was sent to the camp at Is'sur'Tille, and was assigned to the Judge Advocate's Department. He served as a Judge Advocate for general and special court martial until Dec. 2nd, when he was readmitted to the hospital at Dijou. He returned to the United States on Feb. 2, 1919, and was mustered out of service at Jefferson Barracks, Mo. He received the Accolade of the New Chivalry of Humanity from President Wilson, and a special citation, dated Feb. 28, 1919, from General John J. Pershing.

Lieutenant McCarty was married on April 21, 1921, to Agatha C. Schaefer, a daughter of B. W. and Laura Mendenhall Schaefer of Stanberry. Mrs. McCarty was born in Linn County, and is a graduate of the Stanberry High School.

John H. McCarty and son make a specialty of the examination of land titles and abstracts. They are highly esteemed in the community as reliable and competent business men. They are identified with the Roman Catholic Church. The McCarty family is one of the well established and well known families of the county.

John A. Yadon, a well known merchant at Alanthus Grove, with his postoffice address at Stanberry, Gentry County, was born in Macon County, March 21, 1873, the son of William and Artie (Bradshaw) Yadon.

Both William Yadon and his wife were born in Russell County, Ky., the former in 1848 and the latter in 1850. They now live on the home

farm two and one-half miles southeast of Alanthus. Their children were: John A., the subject of this sketch; Amy, now the wife of J. L. Ruch of Alanthus; Charles, living at Gentry; and Mamie, married to Fred Newman, and living on the home place.

John A. Yadon attended school in the Jennings District, his first teacher being Judge Cox. Mr. Yadon owns a farm of 120 acres in Wilson Township, where he lived for 16 years; and he also owns 24 acres at Alanthus. In the town of Alanthus, he has a half block of land upon which his residence is located. Since 1914 he has owned and operated a store building 32x70 feet where he handles general merchandise. He has established a thriving business and now conducts one of the most promising commercial ventures of the community.

John A. Yadon was married on Feb. 27, 1895 to Effie Shisler, a daughter of T. J. and Vastha (Christie) Shisler. Mrs. Shisler was born in Indiana, and came to Missouri with her parents when she was only a child. She died in February, 1920, at the age of 72 years, and her remains are buried in the High Ridge Cemetery at Stanberry. T. J. Shisler served in the Civil War from 1862 to 1865. He now lives at Stanberry. Mr. and Mrs. Shisler had the following children: Elizabeth, became Mrs. Tittle, and is now deceased; Oma, now Mrs. Lowe of Sioux Falls, S. D.; Laura, married Mr. Swain, and died in Kansas City, in 1918; L. W., killed while on duty as an engineer on the Wabash Railway in 1892; A. O., now living in St. Joseph; C. W., a resident of Kansas; W. C., living in Kansas City; Effie, now Mrs. Yadon; Ella and E. W., twins, the former now Mrs. Miller of Kansas City, and the latter now living at Gentry; and Maude, now Mrs. Bennett of Kansas City.

Mr. and Mrs. Yadon had four children: Dolah, married to E. O. Gilliland, who operates a garage at Alanthus; Laura, the wife of Cleo Pierce, of Alanthus; Elsie, married to Everett Grantham and living on the home farm; and Fred, a student in the Stanberry High School. The grandchildren are: Marjorie, John Lavelle and Blonding Gilliland, Garland and Harland Pierce, and L. O. Grantham.

Mr. Yadon is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America, and of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons lodges. Both he and his wife are members of the Church of Christ in which Mr. Yadon is an elder. Mr. Yadon is an excellent citizen, alert and fair in his business dealings, and a man of high civic ideals.

Henry Chapman, for many years a prominent farmer of Wilson Township, Gentry County, has lived at Alanthus Groves since 1919, when he retired from active farm life. Mr. Chapman was born on the Chapman

home place, March 15, 1869, the son of Thomas J. and Hannah R. (Smith) Chapman.

Thomas J. Chapman was born in Randolph County, April 8, 1839, and came to Gentry County in 1850. He settled in Wilson Township on a farm just east of Alanthus Grove, where he lived until his marriage in 1862 to Hannah R. Smith. That year he bought 120 acres of land near his first farm, and continued to reside there for 56 years. He sold his farm and moved to Stanberry, where he remained for eight years. In February, 1915, he moved to Alanthus Grove, where he died on June 3, 1921. His remains are buried in the Jennings Cemetery.

Hannah R. (Smith) Chapman was the daughter of Pleasant and Thursy (Means) Smith, who came to Wilson Township from Iowa in 1857. Pleasant Smith died in 1878 and his remains are buried in the Jennings Cemetery. His widow died in Nodaway County in 1901, and her remains are buried at Quinman. Mrs. Chapman has lived near and in Alanthus Grove since 1858, and is familiar with all of the early history of this part of Gentry County. She recalls quite distinctly the naming of the postoffice of Alanthus Grove by Abraham Enyart, and her father-in-law, E. G. Chapman, was postmaster during the Civil War. He also served as justice of the peace during that turbulent time. The Chapman family traded at Mount Pleasant, and Dr. Leander Coffey and Lemuel Watkins were two of the early merchants of the community. The mail was brought once a week, a Mr. Partridge carrying it from Maryville to Albany. The social life of the neighborhood centered around the churches. By 1888 both the Christian and the Baptist denominations had buildings; before that date the meetings were held in the school houses. Rev. John Daniels and Reverend Pote were pioneer ministers in this part of Missouri, and Elder Petty and Elder Scott organized the Christian church. Mrs. Chapman recollects well the trying days of the Civil War. Her husband served in the Union Army from Gentry County for the last two years of the war, and prior to that time, was in the Missouri State Militia. Mrs. Chapman now lives at her home in Alanthus Grove. To her union with Thomas J. Chapman, the following children were born: Robert Price, born in 1866, now living at Stanberry; William E., born in 1867, and living in Oklahoma; T. Henry, the subject of this sketch; Amos, living at Stanberry; Julia, the wife of John Gage of Wilson Township; John S., a resident of St. Joseph; George W., living at Stanberry; M. M., living near Island City; Woodson, died in September, 1895, at the age of 25 years; and Minnie Belle, died in infancy in 1880.

Henry Chapman attended the Jennings School, and lived in the Jen-

nings district for 50 years. He owned 200 acres of land there, and was a successful farmer and stockraiser. His farm was well improved and he raised cattle, mules, horses, hogs, and sheep. In 1919 he sold all of his land in Wilson Township, and now holds 20 acres in Huggins Township and his home at Alanthus Grove.

Henry Chapman was married in 1899 to Lilly Ruch, a daughter of John and Jane Ruch. Mrs. Chapman died five years later leaving the following children: Frank Paul, killed in an automobile accident when he was 19 years old; Elsie, married to John E. Dalby of Wilson Township; and a daughter, who died in infancy. Mr. Chapman was married the second time to Florence McCrery, a daughter of Andrew and Mary McCrery, both deceased. Mrs. Chapman was born in Nodaway County, and was educated in the schools of Missouri and Arkansas. To her union with Henry Chapman the following children were born; Ellen, Nora, Etta Belle, Henry, W. F., and Iza, who died in infancy.

The Chapman family are members of the Baptist church. Mr. Chapman has been a member of the township board for two terms and is a member of the Board of Education of the district. He is a highly esteemed and reliable citizen of his community.

Joseph Lafayette McCullough, deceased, for sometime a judge of the Criminal Court in Montana, a former official of Gentry County, and a member of the Missouri State Legislature, was a prominent Democrat of his time, and a man known throughout the state for his fearless and intrepid spirit where the welfare of his community or state was the issue.

Judge McCollough was born in Blount County, Tenn., Oct. 6, 1833, the son of John and Hannah B. McCollough, both of whom died in Tennessee. Joseph L. McCollough was educated in Ewing and Jefferson College, and then came to Missouri. He soon afterwards became engaged in freighting to Colorado, and then went to Montana where he became interested in public affairs, and was twice elected to the State Legislature, serving for two regular and one called session. During his term of service he was made the chairman of the Committee on Corporations and was a member of the Judiciary Committee. Because of his unusual record as a member of the legislature, he was elected to the position of judge of the Criminal Court of Montana, but resigned in order to return to Missouri.

For a time after he came back to Gentry County, Judge McCullough engaged in farming and the practice of law. He was once more called into the service of his community, however, and in 1874 was a candidate for the State Legislature. He was elected by the largest Democratic majority ever polled in Gentry County, and fully justified the hopes of his

constituents by his record in the legislature, where he served on the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, and on several other important legislative committees. Judge McCollough later served as the prosecuting attorney of Gentry County, and in 1904, he was the Democratic nominee for state senator of the First Senatorial District. He made a gallant fight to carry his party to victory, but the Republican landslide of that fall defeated him, and he died two years later on Dec. 22, 1906, at his home in Cooper Township. He was a man, the story of whose life and achievements, belongs in a volume such as this. Independent in his thinking, courageous in carrying out his enterprises, and unselfish in his desire to advance the great commonwealth which he served, Judge McCollough was the type of man who, by his patriotism and zeal, made possible the development of Missouri.

Joseph L. McCollough was married Nov. 5, 1872, to Anna Crow, born in Lincoln County, Ky., the daughter of M. and Frances (Langdon) Crow, who came from Kentucky in 1855, and settled at Greenwell Ford in Gentry County. Martin Crow died at Gentryville in 1887, and his wife died at Albany in 1862. Judge and Mrs. McCollough moved to the present McCollough farm in 1877, and Mrs. McCollough has continued to live there ever since. Judge and Mrs. McCollough had the following children: Homer, married Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson of Belton, and is a physician in Nevada, Mo.; Charles H., a salesman for the Standard Oil Company in St. Joseph; Stella, the wife of Charles Rose of Fayette, Idaho; Frances, married Clarence Depriest of Delta, Colo.; John a lumberman of Rich Hill; and Shannon, now living at home. She attended school at Stanberry, and later was a student in Forest Park College at St. Louis.

A few years ago, Shannon McCollough was advised to go west for her health. She took up a claim of 320 acres of land located 34 miles northwest of Sterling, Colo., where she lived for three years. She still owns this land and expects to make her home in Colorado at some later time. She is enthusiastic about Colorado climate and beauties. Miss McCollough is a writer of marked ability, and has always been interested in literary work. In many ways the ability of her talented father has descended to her.

The McCollough name will always belong in the annals of Missouri. Judge McCollough, as a private citizen, as a well known member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons and Knights Templar lodges, as a county official, and as a member of the legislature of his state, was a man known for keenness of intellect and high ideals.

Robert D. McCray, an enterprising and reliable farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, and the owner of 360 acres of land, was born Feb. 18, 1856, in Sangamon County, Ill., the son of William B. and Susanna (Staley) McCray.

William B. McCray was a native of West Virginia. When a young man he came to Illinois, where he remained until 1881, when he removed to Missouri, settling in Daviess County, eight and one-half miles northwest of Jamesport. Later, Mr. McCray sold his farm and returned to Illinois, where he remained for a number of years, after which he returned to Missouri and located in Harrison County. He again returned to Illinois where he remained until the time of his death. During the Civil War, Mr. McCray enlisted from Sangamon County, Ill., and served for three months. He was the owner of 80 acres of land in Daviess County, 90 acres in Harrison County, and 150 acres in Illinois. Mr. McCray was killed in a railroad crossing accident Dec. 10, 1894, and is buried in Illinois. They were the parents of four children, as follows: Robert D., the subject of this sketch; James A., Gilman City; Isabella, deceased; and Stephen W., deceased.

Robert D. McCray attended the district schools of Illinois and was reared on his father's farm. He has been engaged in farming all his life, and is a successful breeder of high grade stock. Mr. McCray owns 360 acres of land, and has lived on this farm since 1905.

Mr. McCray married Nellie McClure on Feb. 24, 1894. She is a daughter of Jonathan and Mary (Hamilton) McClure, natives of Ohio and Daviess County. To Robert D. and Nellie (McClure) McCray six children have been born, as follows: Jonathan, farming with his father; Robert Francis, deceased, further mention of whom is made below; Bessie Irene, the wife of Robert E. McCue, merchant, Jamesport; Mary L., at home; Rose B., at home; and James A., at home. Robert F. McCray was born in Daviess County, Aug. 8, 1898. During the World War he enlisted in the Navy and was stationed at Camp Perry on the Great Lakes. He was with Company W, 7th Regiment. Four months after his enlistment he was taken ill with influenza and died Oct. 6, 1918. He is buried in Pilot Grove Cemetery, Lincoln Township.

Robert D. McCray served as sheriff of Daviess County for two terms and township collector of Lincoln Township for two terms. He has also been township trustee and road commissioner of Lincoln Township. Mr. McCray is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Gallatin Lodge No. 167. He is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church. He is also associated in the mercantile business with his brother, James



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A. McCray, in Old Bancroft. Mr. McCray is a man whose business integrity and ideals of citizenship have given him the esteem of his fellow citizens.

W. M. Slagle, a farmer and stockman of Wilson Township, Gentry County, is a native of Virginia, born in Lee County, Sept. 14, 1850, the son of Franklin and Polly (Lawson) Slagle. Mrs. Slagle died in Virginia in 1879, and Mr. Slagle died there on July 4, 1918.

W. M. Slagle came to Missouri in October, 1880, and bought 40 acres of land in Nodaway County. He later sold that land, and bought 279 acres in Wilson Township, Gentry County, where he lived for more than 25 years. He then moved to Stanberry, but after two years there, decided to return to his farm. He built his present residence, one mile from his former home, in 1915, and in 1918, he sold his original land holdings. He now owns 182 acres of bottom land three miles northwest of Alanthus Grove. He does general farming and raises some stock. The farm is well improved, the house is an attractive bungalow, and there are excellent farm buildings.

W. M. Slagle was married on Jan. 10, 1875, to Elizabeth Lockhart, a daughter of Andrew and Polly Lockhart, both natives of Lee County, Va., where Mrs. Slagle was born and reared. To the union of W. M. and Elizabeth (Lockhart) Slagle, the following children were born: James, a sketch of whose life appears later; Steel, a farmer in Harrison County; Kelly, a farmer and stockman of Huggins Township, Gentry County; Nettie, married to James Sowards of Washington; J. D., a farmer in North Dakota; Alma, the wife of E. Temples of Cooper Township, Gentry County; Goldie, at home; Willie, died in infancy.

James M. Slagle was born in Lee County, Va., March 7, 1876, the son of W. M., and Elizabeth (Lockhart) Slagle. He is a breeder of Hereford cattle since 1917. The farm comprises 262 acres and lies four and one-half miles northwest of Alanthus Grove. It is bottom land, is well improved, has a good residence built in 1916, and good barns and cattle sheds. Mr. Slagle has 65 pure bred Hereford cattle. The head of the herd is "Beaublanchard 38" sired by Beaublanchard, and reared on the Jene Ingels and Sons farm at Sharon. Mr. Slagle also raises hogs, some sheep and poultry.

James M. Slagle was married Dec. 22, 1900 to Dollie Richardson, a daughter of Philip and Jane Richardson of Wilson Township, where Mrs. Slagle was born and educated. Mr. and Mrs. Slagle have two children: Forest E., and Ivan H. They are also rearing a nephew of Mrs. Slagle's, Harold Richardson.

Mr. Slagle is a member of the County Fair Bureau and of the Cooperative Exchange. James M. Slagle is a director in the Gentry County Drain-

age District Association. Both W. M. Slagle and his son are capable and successful business men, and the Slagle family stands in the community for progressive ideals of civic improvement.

Philip Richardson, a prominent farmer and stockman of Wilson Township, Gentry County, is a native of Virginia, born in Roanoke County, May 31, 1847.

Mr. Richardson's parents, William and Catherine (Kefauver) Richardson, were married in Virginia, and came to Missouri in 1852, when their son Philip, was about six years old. They settled first in Platt County, then came to Gentry County. William Richardson entered 80 acres of land a mile north of Alanthus Grove, and added to his farm from time to time. He served in the militia from Gentry County during the Civil War. Mr. Richardson died on his farm in 1904, at the age of 79 years, and his widow died two years later at the age of 82 years. The remains of both are buried in Jennings Cemetery. Their children were: Mary, now Mrs. Gearhart of Oklahoma; Phoebe, now Mrs. Gearhart of Stanberry; Philip, the subject of this sketch; W. R., died near Alanthus Grove; Charles died near Alanthus Grove; Virginia, married Mr. Burris, and is deceased; and P. G., died at the home of his brother, Philip in 1920.

Mr. Richardson attended the Liggett School in his childhood, and has lived on his present farm since 1882. He has land holdings covering 642 acres of which all but 40 acres is bottom land. The farm is well improved; the residence, a two story house is located three miles northwest of Alanthus Grove, and the farm is equipped with excellent outbuildings for the care of stock. Mr. Richardson raises Shorthorn cattle and Spotted Poland China hogs, and for many years, has been an extensive feeder of cattle and hogs. At present Mr. Richardson rents a part of his land to his sons, but he still raises the corn he uses for feeding, and both he and Mrs. Richardson maintain their interest in the active life on the farm.

Philip Richardson was married Dec. 24, 1871, to Mary Jane Litten. Mrs. Richardson was born in Indiana, and her parents were pioneer settlers of Cooper Township, Gentry County, where they came in Mrs. Richardson's childhood. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson had the following children: Rhoda B., the wife of C. E. Petree of Sharon, Pa., where Rev. Petree is a minister of the Methodist church; Laura, married to T. W. Grantham, a farmer of Wilson Township; Myrtle, the wife of Steel Slagle of Grant City; Alba A., married to James Slagle of Wilson Township; Stella, the wife of Marion Lyle, a farmer in Nodaway County; Edward, married Ethel Labor, and lives in Wilson Township; Fred, married to Blanch Grantham, and is a farmer in Wilson Township; Lawrence, married Abigail Miller, and is a resident of Colorado; W. H., married first to Ola Judd, and after her death

was married to Norah French, now a resident of Denver, Colo.; Charles, married Lora Crabb, and now lives in Denver, Colo.; and Dea, the wife of E. M. Jasper of Wilson Township. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson have 39 grandchildren and four great-grandchildren. In December, 1921, they celebrated their Golden Wedding anniversary.

Mr. Richardson is one of the estimable citizens of his township. He has been an industrious man, and accounted one of the substantial men of the community, where both he and his wife are held in high regard. Although Mr. Richardson served in the Union Army during the Civil War from March 1, 1865 to Sept. 9, 1865, as a member of Company F, Volunteer Missouri Infantry, 51st Regiment, and had served for six months in the Missouri State Militia prior to that time, yet he only recently applied for a pension from the government. He is a man of high ideals of citizenship, and has achieved success in life because of his integrity combined with innate ability.

L. T. Cooper, farmer and stockman of Wilson Township, Gentry County, was born in Platt County, Jan. 10, 1848, the son of George and Sarah Ann (O'Banon) Cooper.

George Cooper and his wife came to Gentry County in 1861, and settled in Cooper Township. They made the trip by the O'Hearn route, Mr. Cooper driving all of the way. They became a well known family in the township where they settled. George Cooper died in Wilson Township in 1892, and his wife died in the same township in 1883. Their remains are buried in Cooper Cemetery. Their children were: F. M., born in 1839, and died in Oklahoma; W. R., born in 1842, died in Oklahoma; James Clay, born in 1843, died at Stanberry on Nov. 23, 1911; Mary Nancy, married George Bell, and died at Stanberry in December, 1911; Lewis T., the subject of this review; George T., a sketch of whose life appears in connection with this review; Marah, born in 1584, now the wife of Stover Wharton of Wilson Township; and Green A., born in 1856, now a resident of Topeka, Kans.

L. T. Cooper attended the schools of Platt County, in his childhood, and has lived on his present farm, with the exception of a few years, since 1869. For two years he lived near St. Joseph, and for three and one-half years in Nodaway County. He owns 70 acres of well improved land just west of Alanthus Grove.

L. T. Cooper was married April 30, 1869 to Elizabeth Goodwine, a daughter of John and Mary Goodwine. Mrs. Cooper was born in Indiana, and came to Iowa with her parents, then to Gentry County. Mr. Goodwine died in 1881 at the age of 54 years. His remains are buried in Jennings Cemetery. Mrs. Goodwine died Jan. 20, 1903, and her remains are buried

in the Monroe Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Cooper had one daughter, Sarah Ellen. She married J. R. Stitt, and died in 1916, leaving two children: C. N. Stitt, now living in Topeka, Kans.; and Eva May, married to John Templeton of Topeka, Kans. Mr. and Mrs. Cooper have four great-grandchildren, Patty and Joella Templeton, and Mildred and Lulu Stitt.

Mr. and Mrs. Cooper are highly respected in their community. They both say that they have always realized the value of contentment, and that they have enjoyed their life on their farm, where they continue an active and useful life.

George T. Cooper, brother of L. T. Cooper, was born in Platt County, Feb. 18, 1850. He also attended the rural schools of Platt County, and had been a farmer all of his life. He was married on Feb. 19, 1880 to Mary Pugh, a daughter of Jacob and Harriet (Cooper) Pugh, who settled in Nodaway County in 1856. Mr. Paugh died in August, 1894, and Mrs. Pugh died in August, 1905. The remains of both are buried in the Lafayette Cemetery. Their children were: Scott, died in April, 1920; Mary, now Mrs. Cooper; Samuel, born in 1858, now living in Oklahoma; Thomas, born in 1861, now a resident of Oklahoma City, Okla.; Alex, born in 1865, living in Muskogee, Okla.; and Vincent, born in 1870, now living at Maryville. By a former marriage of her father, Mrs. Cooper has the following half sisters and brothers: Minerva, now Mrs. Hickok of Savannah; George, a residence of St. Joseph; James, living at Cuba, Kans.; John, living in Oregon; Martha, married Mr. Hughes and is now dead; and William, living at Stanberry.

To the union of George T. and Mary (Pugh) Cooper the following children were born: Clarence, married Sallie Pierce, and lives in Wilson Township; Ollie, the wife of Levi Murphy, living near Alanthus Grove; Arthur, married Ermil Snider, and died in November, 1920, leaving two children, who, with their mother, make their home with Mr. and Mrs. Cooper. Besides the grandchildren mentioned, Mr. and Mrs. Cooper have the following grandchildren; Blanch, Ralph, Wesley and Chesley, twins, Raymond, Marvin, Blondina, Lola May Murphy; Iliff, Ross, Mary Catherine, Ermil, Marvil, and Naoma Cooper.

The Cooper family has been well and favorably known in Wilson Township for many years.

Isaac F. Brodrick, a farmer and stockman of Huggins Township, Gentry County, is a member of a pioneer family of Missouri. His grandfather, Isaac Brodrick, was an early settler in Nodaway County. He left that county in 1849 and went to the gold fields of California, later returning to Nodaway County where he died.

Isaac Brodreik's son, James, was born at Guilford, where he grew to

manhood and married Nancy Morris, also a native of Guilford. They moved to Wilson Township, Gentry County, in the fall of 1879, and brought the farm now owned by L. O. Grantham. Mrs. Brodrick died on the farm in 1881, and Mr. Brodrick died in 1891. The remains of both are buried in Grantham Cemetery. Their children were: Eliza, the wife of Charles Folyd, now dead; Eva, married to E. C. Stewart of Stanberry; John, a farmer and stockman of Howard, Kans.; Ollie, the wife of Reuben Buchanan of Chadron, Neb.; Isaac F., born in Nodaway County, Feb. 20, 1879, the subject of this review; and Maude, the wife of Sam Nickerson of Pattonsburg.

Isaac F. Brodrick attended the Grantham School in Wilson Township. He spent two years farming in Nodaway County, and two years in Worth County. For the past 11 years he has lived on his present farm of 200 acres which he bought from Granville Patton. The land is located five miles northeast of Stanberry, and lies in the Grand River Bottom. It is well improved, having a good residence, two barns, and other farm buildings. Mr. Brodrick raises Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs, and Shropshire sheep. Mrs. Brodrick raises White Leghorn poultry.

Isaac F. Brodrick was married on Feb. 3, 1901 to Mary C. Slagle, a daughter of William and Elizabeth (Lockhart) Slagle, a sketch of whose lives appear in this volume. Mrs. Brodrick was born in Lee County, Va., and was reared in Gentry County. To the union of Isaac F. and Mary C. (Slagle) Brodrick the following children were born: Thelma, married to Joseph Philips; Ethel a student in the Stanberry High School; Earl, at home; Curtis, a member of the Calf and Pig Club of Gentry County; Blanche, Elizabeth and Wanda Wave, all at home. Mr. and Mrs. Brodrick have one grandchild, Frederick Philips, born on Nov. 5, 1921.

Mr. and Mrs. Brodrick are members of the Methodist church at Huginsville. Mr. Brodrick is a capable and energetic man, one who is achieving a marked success in his work as a farmer and stockman.

Harry J. Dunshee, an efficient and popular dentist of Stanberry, Gentry County, was born in the town where he now practices his profession, on Sept. 18, 1894. His parents were R. R. Dunshee, a pioneer dentist of Gentry County, and Lizzie (Harry) Dunshee.

Dr. R. R. Dunshee graduated from the Philadelphia Dental College in 1888, but had practiced dentistry for two years prior to that date. He owns a farm of 500 acres in Cooper Township. For the past six years he has been breeding pure bred Aberdeen Angus cattle, and now has one of the best herds in the county. He owns six cows from the Wilcox Dispersion Sale, a herd that was headed by "Black Cap Poe," one of the best males of the Aberdeen Angue breed in the county. Dr. Dunshee also

raises Duroc Jersey hogs, and is now devoting his entire time to his stock farm. He represented Gentry County at the Missouri Farmers Meeting held in January, 1922. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and one of the prominent men of the county. His wife died in 1916 at the home farm. To the union of R. R. and Lizzie (Harry) Dunshee the following children were born: Harry, the subject of this review; and Roy and Mabel, twins, the former now on the home place, and the latter died in 1918 at the age of 21 years.

Harry J. Dunshee attended the Stanberry High School for three years and then became a student in the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College at Maryville for one year. He entered the Western Dental College at Kansas City, from which he was graduated in 1916. He practiced for a year at Stanberry, and then entered the United States Army for service during the World War. He was commissioned first lieutenant with the 39th Division on Sept. 9, 1917, and went overseas on June 30, 1918. He was stationed at Camp Rochambeau, France, and remained there until August, 1919, when he was sent back to the United States. He landed at Norfolk, Va., and was mustered out of service at Camp Dodge, Iowa, Aug. 20, 1919. He returned to Stanberry, and reopened his office, and since that time has been making a success of his work.

Dr. Dunshee was married on March 27, 1921, to Olivette Godsey, a daughter of Ed and Effie Godsey of Maryville. Mrs. Dunshee was a successful teacher in the schools of Stanberry for two years, and graduated from the Northwest Missouri State Teachers College with the B. S. degree in the spring of 1921.

Dr. Dunshee is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and of the American Legion at Stanberry. Both Dr. and Mrs. Dunshee are capable, energetic and ambitious young people. Dr. Dunshee has established an excellent business, and is known as one of the progressive and scientific dentists of the community.

Walter W. Brown, the capable and progressive superintendent of the Gentry County Home since March 1, 1921, was born in Gentryville in this county, the son of Volney and Mary E. (Chittin) Brown, now residing in Albany.

Volney Brown was born in Wayne County, Ill., Sept. 3, 1850. His parents were Thomas J. and Rebecca G. Brown. They were married in Illinois and came to Missouri where they settled first in Worth County where they preempted 160 acres of land. In 1855 they moved to Albany and here Thomas Brown was elected the county judge of Gentry County. So well esteemed was Judge Brown that he was tendered the election the second term and served again. His son, Orville Brown, now holds the

same office. Judge Brown owned the 80 acres of land from which the Highland Cemetery was taken. He died near Berlin in 1908, his wife having died in 1905. The remains of both are buried in the Berlin Cemetery.

Volney Brown was a farmer in Gentry County for many years and is known throughout the county as a man with an unusually keen perception of farm values. He has bought many farms, improved them and sold them. Like his father, Judge Thomas Brown, Mr. Brown is a man of ability and insight. To his union with Mary E. (Chitten) Brown the following children were born: Vena, now Mrs. Ross of Troy; Ore; Minnie, now Mrs. Stewart of Olathe, Kans.; Walter W., the subject of this sketch; Clevah E., married to James A. Lainhart of Albany; Bessie May, now Mrs. Scantlebury of Hampton, Iowa; and J. T., a veterinary surgeon in the employe of the state, and living at Braymer.

Walter W. Brown was educated in the public schools and was a farmer prior to his acceptance of his present position as superintendent of the County Home. The County Home is located one and one-half miles south of Albany and consists of 97 acres of land, 77 acres of which was formerly included in the Albin farm. The remaining 20 acres were bought from the James Thompson farm. The County Home is a two story brick building with a basement under the entire building and supplied with heat from three pipeless furnaces which have been installed in place of the old steam heating system. The building was erected in 1912 and is thoroughly comfortable. At present there are 11 inmates of the home but the building has capacity for three times that number. Superintendent Brown keeps high grade Holstein cattle on the farm and raises Chester White hogs. The farm presents a neat and well kept appearance.

Walter W. Brown was married March 24, 1908, to Bertie F. Thompson a daughter of Alex and Rodantha (Hamilton) Thompson. Mrs. Brown's grandfather, James Thompson, entered land in Gentry County, where he was a well known carpenter and builder. He built many of the pioneer houses and built the first bridge that ever spanned Grand River in the county. His son, Alex Thompson, died in 1903, after a successful career as a farmer. His remains are buried in Shepherd Cemetery. His widow still lives on the home place near Evona which has been her home for more than 50 years. To the union of Walter W. and Bertie F. (Thompson) Brown the following children have been born: Blondina, Junior, Herbert and Charles.

Walter W. Brown is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons having made application for membership in that lodge the day after he was 21 years old, and joining soon afterwards at Darlington. His father has been a member of the Masonic lodge at Albany for more than

25 years. The Brown family has been known in the county for three generations and the name is associated with the early struggles of the pioneer days as well as with the later growth of the community. Walter W. Brown is a worthy member of the family.

Mary Ellen Henderson, a prominent citizen of Gallatin, was born in Crawfordville, Ind., a daughter of Gustavus and Elizabeth (Danolds) Scott.

Gustavus Scott was a native of Alexandria, Va., who came to Daviess County in the early days, and became a prominent farmer and stockman. While he lived in Indiana, Mr. Scott was an attorney-at-law, practicing in Lafayette for a number of years. On account of his poor health, he was forced to give up law. Mr. Scott became a prosperous stockman of Daviess County, owning 480 acres of land. He died Jan. 25, 1867, and his wife died May 2, 1889. They are buried in Creekmore Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Scott were the parents of eight children, as follows: William, deceased; Anna, resides with Mrs. Henderson; John C., deceased; Charles, Daviess County; Henry Selden, deceased; Mrs. Henderson, the subject of this sketch; William D., Oklahoma; George C., deceased. Mr. Scott was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian church.

On Nov. 5, 1874, Mary E. Scott married John F. Henderson, a son of David and Margaret (Miller) Henderson. John F. Henderson was born in Daviess County, Nov. 7, 1842. His parents were natives of Kentucky, settling in Daviess County in the early days. David Henderson became a large land holder in Daviess County, and served as judge for several years. He was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian church. Mr. and Mrs. David Henderson are both deceased and are buried in Victoria Cemetery, located in western Missouri. They were the parents of nine children, as follows: Robert, deceased; George, deceased; John, deceased; David, Civil Bend; Ellen, married A. C. Cope, both deceased; Elizabeth, deceased; Evelyn, married William Black, both deceased; William, deceased; Isaac, retired banker, Loveland, Colo.

John F. Henderson was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County. He had very little education. During his entire life, he was engaged in farming and stock raising, becoming one of the successful stockmen of the county. He owned 600 acres of land in Daviess County, and was a breeder of cattle, hogs and horses. In politics Mr. Henderson was a Democrat. He died Oct. 6, 1908, and is buried in Creekmore Cemetery. His widow now resides in Gallatin and is the owner of 440 acres of land in Daviess County, which she rents. Mrs. Henderson is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist church. Mr. and Mrs. Henderson had no child-



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ren. Mr. Henderson was highly respected and one of the leading citizens of Daviess County.

Andrew W. Canaday, for the past seven years a dealer in real estate in Stanberry, is a member of one of the best known families in the county. The Canaday family is of Scotch Irish descent, and settled here in the pioneer days. Andrew W. Canaday was born five miles west of Albany in Huggins Township, Sept. 20, 1881.

John Canaday, grandfather of A. W. Canaday, came from Carey County, Ky., and was one of the first settlers of Huggins Township. He and his brothers, Jefferson, Caleb, Riley and W. T., came to Gentry County at the same time and all entered land. They were all prominent workers in the Christian church, and the site of the Old Brick Church was donated by Jefferson Canaday, as was also the grounds for the cemetery. Riley Canaday became a well known merchant of Albany, and the other brothers were large land holders and farmers of note in the county. John Canaday was one of the best rifle shots in the Gentry County. He used a powder and ball rifle, and won many prizes at shooting matches. He was a veteran of the Mexican War, and had the honor of being the first soldier to go over the top at the Battle of Mexico City, James Hunter of Albany being the second. Both John Canaday and his wife died in Huggins Township, and their remains are buried in the Old Brick Church Cemetery.

W. T. Canaday, son of John Canaday, and the father of Andrew W. Canaday, was born in Carey County, Ky., and came with his parents when they settled in Missouri. He served under Captain Comstock in the Civil War, and was a prominent farmer of the county. He died on his farm in Huggins Township, when he was 62 years old. His wife, Mary E. (Osborn) Canaday, died in January, 1918, and her remains are buried in the Brick Church Cemetery. The children of W. T. Canaday and his wife were: James R., living in Darlington; Laura, now Mrs. Dine of Stanberry; Sarah, married Mr. Morris, and is now dead; Andrew W., the subject of this sketch; Madie, now Mrs. Motzkus of Stanberry; George, died in his youth; and Oma, died in girlhood.

Andrew W. Canaday attended school in the county, later at Albany, and then was a student at Omaha, Neb. He farmed for a number of years, and for the past ten years has been operating a real estate office, three years at York, Neb., and since that time at Stanberry.

Mr. Canaday was married on June 1, 1915, to Mrs. Madeline (Leuschen) Thomas. Her parents were pioneers of Shelby County, Iowa, where Mrs. Canaday was born. Her mother, Anna (Nollus) Leuschen is dead, and her father, Benedict Leuschen lives on the farm, which has been his home for 50 years. Mrs. Canaday was educated in a private school. She

came to Gentry County in 1901, and for the past 12 years has been in the millinery business at Stanberry. By her first marriage to Henry Thomas, Mrs. Canaday had two children: Benedict L., now a student in the Stanberry High School; and Henrietta A., in the grammar school.

Mr. Canaday is a member of the Yoeman Lodge. He was elected alderman of Stanberry in April, 1919, and has made an excellent official. Mr. Canaday is held in high esteem in the community.

William B. Evans, now living on an 85 acre farm located two and one-half miles southeast of Albany, is a man whose memories cover a period of more than 60 years in Gentry County. He is one of the few men yet remaining in the county who have been integral parts in the development of the community. He was born in Davis County, Iowa, near the town of Bloomfield, Sept. 6, 1845, the son of LeRoy and Martha Ann (Stephens) Evans.

LeRoy Evans was born in Knox County, Ky., in 1816. Upon leaving his native state, he settled first in Iowa and came to Missouri in 1856 where he located in Gentry County and bought the land north of Albany now owned by Ed Peery. He made the long overland trip to California twice, once in 1857 and again in 1858. Returning however to Gentry County where he spent the remainder of his life and died at Evona, Jan. 21, 1900. His wife died in 1873. Their children were: Matilda, now Mrs. Johnson, living in California; Mary Jane, now Mrs. Kingsborough of Albany; William B., the subject of this sketch; Hila, now Mrs. Phillips of Grant City; LeRoy, deceased; Evaline, now Mrs. Bentley of Albany; and Vileta, now Mrs. Davidson of Albany.

William B. Evans attended the rural schools of the county and grew to manhood on his father's farm. He bought a tract of 94 acres of land north of Albany, improved it and lived on it for 20 years. At the end of that time he sold the first farm and bought his present home, where he has been successful in his work.

Mr. Evans was married Aug. 25, 1869 at Elnora by Rev. Griffin to Mary J. Newberry of that place. She was born in Madison, Wis., in 1851, a daughter of John and Cynthia Newberry. Mrs. Evans died Sept. 13, 1913, and her remains are buried in the Hinton Cemetery. To the union of William B. and Mary J. (Newberry) Evans the following children were born: John, now with the Santa Fe Railroad in the shops at Topeka, Kans.; Charlie, born Feb. 25, 1872, and died April 1, 1904; C. C., born Feb. 14, 1874, and died July 22, 1898; Maretta, born Aug. 3, 1876, and died Sept. 16, 1882; Martha, born Nov. 3, 1878, married Lafayette Couch and lives on the home place with a family of two children, Paul and Mary; Minerva,

wife of Hurley Bratcher of Athens Township; Esther and Thomas, twins, the former now the wife of Frank Samples of Athens Township, and the latter now in St. Louis; Flora, the wife of James Banks of Nickerson, Kan.; Thomas Evans enlisted in the United States Army in 1916 and was in service on the Mexican Border. He was later sent overseas for service in the World War. Mr. Evans has, besides the children named, fourteen grandchildren and two great grandchildren. James and Billie Van Hooser, grandchildren of Charles Evans, deceased.

Mr. Evans many years ago learned the art of making hickory canes and his favorite pastime now is the construction of such canes. Many of his old friends are the proud possessors of these examples of Mr. Evans' handiwork. Mr. Evans is a highly esteemed member of his community.

William Milton Crane, living in Howard Township, Gentry County four and one-half miles northwest of New Hampton, was born in Gentry County, Nov. 17, 1871, the son of Jasper and Jane (Ross) Crane.

Jasper Crane was a native of Gentry County, where he died in 1899, at the age of 44 years. His widow later married Leonard Hime, and now lives in Harrison County. The children of Jasper and Jane (Ross) Crane were: Martha Emaline, now the widow of Chester D. Wiley, living near Martinsville; William M., the subject of this sketch; John, owns a farm in Harrison County, and lives in St. Joseph; Bessie, died in childhood; Myrtle, died when a child; Maggie, now the wife of Frank Smith, Wichita, Kans.; Katie, married to Bert Hoppengardner of Bethany; Ernest Edward, a farmer in Harrison County; Francis C., a resident of New Hampton; Newton F., living at Berlin, Mo.; and Effie, the wife of James Needles of Ludlow.

William M. Crane was educated in the public schools and later attended the Normal School at Stanberry. He taught for two years in the Muddy Valley District in Harrison County. In 1904, he bought 48 acres of land from Cora Kier, and later 20 acres from Kate Shain. These make his home farm upon which he has made many improvements. He built the present residence, and all of the farm buildings. Mr. Crane does general farming and stockraising, and is especially interested in raising Black Plymouth Rock poultry.

Mr. Crane was married March 14, 1897 at Martinsville to Julia F. VanHoozer, a daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Cravens) VanHoozer, both now dead. They were early settlers of Dallas Township in Harrison County. Mr. VanHoozer was a native of Kentucky and his wife of Missouri. He died May 22, 1921, and Mrs. VanHoozer died Nov. 12, 1912. The remains of both are buried in the Lone Star Cemetery. Their child-

ren were: William Lee, a traveling salesman of Chillicothe; Mollie, now dead, was married to H. R. Brumfield; Alfred Jackson, living at Martinsville; Evan C., of Martinsville; Julia F., now Mrs. Crane; Charles M., residing at Martinsville; and Edna Maud, the wife of Joseph Rader of Martinsville. Mrs. Crane was born on a farm near Martinsville, May 20, 1875, and attended the rural schools of Dallas Township.

Mr. Crane and his wife are enthusiastic in their zeal for their community. In December, 1905, when their home and household goods were destroyed by fire the neighbors came to their aid, and within three weeks, they were established in their present home. This spirit of neighborliness is quite typical of Missouri, and especially of Gentry County.

Millege Lester Abarr, a well known farmer living in Bogle Township, five miles east of Gentry, Gentry County, was born in Ringgold County, Iowa, Nov. 27, 1867. His parents were Daniel and Anna Mariah (Poore) Abarr. The former a native of Illinois, died near Redding, Iowa. The latter, now 78 years of age, is living at Redding.

Millege Lester Abarr attended the rural schools of Iowa, and farmed in that state until January, 1899, when he came to Missouri. He settled in Gentry County, where he now owns 295 acres of land, all well improved. Mr. Abarr keeps most of the farm acreage in pasture; and feeds cattle and hogs for shipping. In 1911, Mr. Abarr built a good two story residence and he has erected farm buildings as they have been needed on the place. The farm presents an excellent appearance, and shows the good effects of Mr. Abarr's work.

Mr. Abarr was married in July, 1899 to Effie Green, a daughter of John and Sarah Green, sketches of whose lives appear in this volume in connection with the sketch of the life of E. P. Green, a brother of Mrs. Abarr. To the union of Millege Lester and Effie (Green) Abarr the following children were born: Millege, now a student in the Albany High School; Bessie, also a student in the Albany High School; and Ruth, Clifford, and Ethel.

Mr. Abarr is a member of the Missouri Farmers Association and has served two terms as the justice of the peace of his township. He is a man of keen intellect, marked business acumen and with high ideals of citizenship.

Charles Korn, a well known farmer of Bogle Township in Gentry County, is the owner of 240 acres of well improved land, located four miles northeast of Gentry. He was born Feb. 29, 1852, in Huggins Township, has spent all his life in this community and has been a factor in the agricultural development of Gentry County.

The great-grandfather of Charles Korn was born in Germany and

came to Pennsylvania in the early days of the migration to this country from Germany. A generation later his son moved to Holmes County, Ohio. Among the children of this family, was a son, Micheal, born in Westmoreland County, Pa., in 1824. He grew to manhood in Ohio, and in 1847 came to Missouri, where he located in Huggins Township, Gentry County, and married Nancy Camery. She was born in Ohio, and reared in Edgar County, Ill., where her parents had moved in her childhood, and came to Gentry County in 1847. Michael Korn entered the land which he farmed in Huggins Township and became a successful farmer of his day. His wife died at the age of 85 years, and he died in McDonald County at the age of 87 years. Their children were: John L., deceased; Charles, the subject of this sketch; James R., a resident of Grant City; Willis, living in McDonald County; and Mary, married to George Harmer of McDonald County.

Charles Korn attended the district schools and worked on a farm by the month for seven years. At the age of 21 years, he began to teach school, and remained in that profession for four years, farming during the summer. He rented land for six years, and then bought 80 acres of his present farm. He improved this land and added to it steadily. The farm has a good residence and excellent farm buildings.

Mr. Korn was married on Aug. 15, 1875, to Martha A. Shockley, a daughter of L. L. Shockley of Bogle Township. Mrs. Korn was born on March 1, 1852, grew up in Gentry County, and died Jan. 4, 1916. Her remains are buried in the New Friendship Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Korn had the following children: Walter, now a farmer in Bogle Township, married Roxie Todd, who died in 1908; Edna L., married George Garrett, and lives in Huggins Township with three children, Juanita, and Leland W. and Ledrew W., twins; Pruda N., died in 1890, at the age of 14 months; and Robert W., married Uva Etter, and lies in Seattle Wash.

Mr. Korn is a member of the New Friendship Baptist church where his wife also was a member. Mr. Korn formerly engaged in stockraising on an extensive scale, but of recent years, has been renting some of his land out, and has retired from the more arduous work of farm management. He is a progressive man of high ideals, and strong business acumen.

J. W. Hinote, a well known farmer of Bogle Township, Gentry County, and the owner of 160 acres of well improved land, was born Sept. 10, 1858, on a farm adjoining the town of Gentry on the south. His mother was Rachel (Snider) Hinote, a daughter of Alex. Snider, pioneer settler of Bogle Township; and his father was Philip Hinote.

Philip Hinote was born in Indiana in 1816, and came to Gentry County

in 1849, where he entered 200 acres of land in Bogle Township. He later acquired another 120 acres by purchase. His wife, a native of Tennessee and born in 1822, was married in Indiana, and died in Gentry County in 1894. Philip Hinote became a prominent farmer and stockman of the county, where he died in 1888. The remains of both Mr. and Mrs. Hinote are buried in Hugginsville Cemetery. Their children were: Sarah, died at the age of three years, in 1849, while the parents were on the way to Missouri; Alpha, the wife of Benjamin Shafer of Bogle Township; Eliza, married R. M. Ross, and is now dead; Ellen, deceased, was the wife of Aaron Garrett; Alice, deceased, was married to Edward Hinote; Elizabeth the widow of Thomas Pittsenbarger of Tulsa, Okla.; a twin brother of Elizabeth died in infancy; Alex, died at the age of eight years; J. W., the subject of this review; S. A., Douglas, a resident of Hotchkiss, Colo.; and Thomas Sherman, deceased.

J. W. Hinote was educated in the rural schools of Gentry County, and at the age of 18 years, began to work for himself. He rented land for a few years, and in 1880, bought his present farm. The improvements upon the place at the time Mr. Hinote purchased it, consisted of a log cabin, and a rail fence. In this cabin, Mr. Hinote lived for three years and in 1883 he built a part of the present residence, which was rebuilt in 1893. The present house is modern, and there are two good barns on the farm, one of which is equipped with running water. Mr. Hinote has added other farm buildings as they were needed, and a large windmill is used for pumping water to the house and barn. Mr. Hinote raises Shorthorn cattle, and Spotted Poland China hogs, in which line of work has made a marked success.

J. W. Hinote was married in 1882 to Jennie K. Gladstone, a daughter of Walter and Jane Gladstone. Mrs. Hinote died in 1900 leaving the following children: Jane, a graduate of the State Teachers College at Maryville, who did demonstration work for the government during the World War, now doing extension work at the State Teachers College at Warrrensburg; Mary Elizabeth, a graduate of the Missouri State University at Columbia, now teaching at Pauls Valley, Okla.; and Anna, the wife of W. W. Patton of St. Louis. Mr. Hinote was married the second time in 1901 to Mary E. Wall, a daughter of E. V. and Alice Wall of Vernal, Utah. Mrs. Hinote was born at Clarinda, Iowa, in 1875, and was educated in the public schools there. Mr. and Mrs. Hinote have one son, John W., now a student in the Gentry Public School.

Mr. Hinote has filled the office of county committeeman from Bogle Township for eight years, and was a member of the township board for

two years. For the past 24 years he has been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Gentry. Mr. Hinote is one of the prominently successful men of his county. For 40 years, his name has been connected with the enterprise of stockraising, and he operates not only his own land but usually more than 300 acres besides. As an officer, a business man, and a citizen, Mr. Hinote is esteemed for his versatility, energy and reliability.

Edgar Black, a practical and energetic farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born in Colfax Township, May 5, 1881, the son of James L. and Susan E. (Fisher) Black.

The Black family has been well known in the county since the early days. Edgar Black's great grandfather, Reuben Black, was one of the first settlers of Colfax Township. He lived there many years, and his remains are buried in the Black Cemetery, located on the old Black farm. Reuben Black's son, William, spent most of his life in Daviess County. He died in Texas. His son, James L., was born in Colfax Township, and died in 1921. His remains are buried at Winston. His widow, Susan E. (Fisher) Black, makes her home with her children. Her father, a pioneer settler of Daviess County, lived two miles south of Winston, on the old Ray farm. His remains are buried in Black Cemetery. To the union of James L. and Susan E. (Fisher) Black the following children were born: Ollie, the widow of Cleo Joy of Kansas City, Mo.; Edgar, the subject of this review; Lena, the widow of Samuel Garvin of Cameron.

Edgar Black was educated in the public schools of Winston and has been a farmer all of his life. In 1910 he bought his present farm two and one-half miles north of Winston, from Edward Jones. Mr. Black owns 80 acres of land in one tract, and 40 acres north of his home. With the exception of the residence, all of the improvements were put on the place by the present owner. He has built excellent farm buildings, put up good fences, and has the farm well arranged. He keeps the farm mostly in clover and blue grass. He raises Duroc Jersey hogs and owns 15 brood sows, and a registered Duroc Jersey male. He also has 30 White Faced cattle on pasture.

Edgar Black was married Aug. 30, 1903, to Maude M. Wright, a daughter of Joseph and Amanda (Price) Wright. Mr. Wright was born in Gentry County, and now lives at Weatherby. Mrs. Wright was a native of Missouri. She died in November, 1917, and her remains are buried at Cameron. Mr. and Mrs. Wright had the following children: Estella, now Mrs. Hogan of Cameron; Maude M., now Mrs. Black; John T., living at Weatherby; E. C., a resident of Weatherby; and Cecil, now Mrs. Lawlor

of Brookfield. Mr. and Mrs. Black have one son, Cecil J., born Aug. 11, 1904.

Mr. Black has served on the local board of education, was the township collector for four years, and the township trustee for six years. He is a man of integrity and ability, a good farmer and an excellent citizen.

C. J. Griffeth, a well known and successful farmer of Washington Township, Daviess County, was born in Pike County, Ill., May 4, 1863. He is a son of J. D. and Lavina Ann (McMillon) Griffeth.

J. D. Griffeth was a native of Ohio, and moved to Illinois with his parents when a young man. He later came to Missouri, settling in Livingston County, and then went to Grundy County, where he remained for several years. Later Mr. Griffeth moved to Harrison County, where he lived until his death in 1910. He was a leading farmer and stockman of Harrison County, and owned 100 acres of land. Mr. Griffeth was a Republican and a member of the Christian church. His wife died in March, 1919. They were the parents of the following children: Mary Ann, deceased; George W., resides with his daughters; S. J., farmer, resides in California; H. F., farmer, resides in Idaho; C. J., the subject of this sketch; James E., farmer, resides in California; Margaret Ellen, the wife of T. G. Scott, farmer, residing in Gilman City; Thomas K., died in infancy; Sarah, deceased; Mary Elizabeth, the wife of Richard Graham, residing in Iowa; John O., resides in Seattle, Wash.; Wilson, resides in Trenton.

C. J. Griffeth was reared on his father's farm and attended the district schools. He began farming in Harrison County, working for \$18.00 per month. Later, Mr. Griffeth came to Daviess County, where he rented land, and in 1896 he purchased his present farm in Washington Township. His first purchase was 80 acres, which cost \$21.25 per acre. He now owns 140 acres and has a very fine residence. He is a widely known breeder of Durham cattle and Poland China hogs. Mr. Griffeth is also a breeder of Shropshire sheep.

On Aug. 8, 1886, Mr. Griffeth married Ella J. Scott, a daughter of Volney B. and Ann (Jordan) Scott. Mr. Scott was a native of Indiana, and one of the early settlers of Missouri, coming here in 1848. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted in the 23rd Missouri Volunteer Cavalry, and was in the service throughout the war. Both Mr. and Mrs. Scott are deceased and are buried in Mitchell Chapel Cemetery, Harrison County. Mr. and Mrs. Griffeth have no children.

In 1896 they took a girl to raise, Edith Kavanaugh, born Dec. 28, 1894, in Harrison County. They reared her from two years old until eight when her mother again took her. Edith Kavanaugh married C. S. Brown,



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who was reared near Chicago, Ill., and they now live at Sunnyside, Wash.; they have one son Harold.

In politics Mr. Griffeth is a Republican, as also is his wife. They are members of the Christian church. Mr. Griffeth is a dependable citizen and is well and highly respected in Daviess County.

George E. Green was born in Athens Township, Gentry Township, on the farm which he now operates, Aug. 23, 1898. His parents were John and Portis (Rainey) Green.

John W. Green was born on a farm in Athens Township, the son of Daniel Green, a pioneer settler of Gentry County. John W. Green died in 1907, and his widow now lives at Albany. Their children were: Leslie, died in young manhood; Elmer, a farmer near Whitton Station; Dora, the wife of Dick Bentley of Bogle Township; Maggie, living at Albany; Cecil also a resident of Albany; and George E., the subject of this review.

George E. Green attended the public school in Gentry County, and later was a student in Grand Island College at Grand Island, Neb. He then became a timekeeper for the Union Pacific Railway, and later was made the auditor for that same company. He resigned his position to return to Gentry County and take charge of the home farm, a place of 106 acres located four and one-half miles north of Albany. The farm includes 51 acres of bottom land in Huggins Township. Mr. Green has a good residence and excellent farm buildings. In addition to general farming he raises hogs, sheep and cattle.

George E. Green was married on Dec. 22, 1920, to Vera B. King, a daughter of Frank J. and Belle (Silsby) King, residents of Mondamin, Ia., where Mrs. Green was born and attended high school. She was later a student in Grinnell College and then attended Van Saut College for girls at Omaha.

Mr. Green is known as an enterprising and industrious young man who is rapidly achieving success in his farm management.

Charles A. Hess, farmer and dairyman of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born Jan. 4, 1880, the son of Andrew F. and Samantha (Mun) Hess.

Andrew F. Hess was born at Preble County, Ohio, in 1836, and came to Missouri in 1869. He settled on a farm just east of the site of Altamont and bought 40 acres of the open prairie land. The nearest railway was at Kidder. Mr. Hess built a small frame house in 1870, and this is now a part of the present residence. At the time of his death in 1914, Mr. Hess owned 200 acres of land. His wife, Samantha (Mun) Hess, was born in Laporte County, Ind., in 1839, and now lives at Altamont. Their children

were: Joe H., born in 1860, now a resident of St. Joseph; Ollie, was Mrs. Sheeler, and died in 1903; Albert, died in infancy; Calma, died in infancy; Lewis, born in 1870, died in Colorado in 1898; and Charles A., the subject of this sketch.

Charles A. Hess attended the schools of Daviess County, and lived on the home farm until 1918. The Hess farm was sold that year, and Mr. Hess bought the present farm of 113 acres just west of Altamont, from S. A. Johnson, his father-in-law. The farm is well improved, and has excellent farm buildings. Mr. Hess keeps 13 cows and sells his dairy products at Altamont.

Mr. Hess was married Jan 13, 1901, to Ollie Johnson, a daughter of S. A. and Mina (Myers) Johnston. To this union two children were born: Roy and Kloy, both now students in the Altamont High School.

Mrs. Hess' maternal grandparents, Christopher and Olive Myers, were both born in Delaware County, Ohio. The Myers family was one of the well known pioneer families of the County. Mrs. Hess' paternal grandparents, James and Sarah (Castor) Johnston, were well known in the county as early settlers. S. A. Johnston, Mrs. Hess' father, was born in Daviess County, and served in the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War. He lived on the same farm for 48 years. He and his wife celebrated their golden wedding anniversary on Nev. 12, 1918. Mr. Johnston died in 1919 at the age of 74 years, and his remains are buried in Mount Ayr Cemetery. His widow, Mina (Myers) Johnston, now lives at Altamont. To their union the following children were born: Simon, now a resident of St. Joseph; Lester, living at Altamont; Fred, living at Clay Center, Kans.; John, died in 1904, leaving a widow, Louise Johnston, in Daviess County; Ollie, now Mrs. Hess, born on Feb. 2, 1884, and Harrison living at St. Louis.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Hess are members of the Christian church in which they take an active interest. Mr. Hess is an elder in the church at Altamont. He is held in high regard in the community as a reliable and energetic man, and the Hess family is accounted an asset to the neighborhood.

Charles T. Lindsey, a retired farmer of Daviess County, now living at Altamont, was born in Van Buren County, Iowa, Feb. 2, 1859. He was the son of Samuel and Martha (Salmond) Linsey.

Samuel Lindsey was born in Ireland in 1815, and came to the United States with his parents in 1821. They settled in Ohio at first, but in the sixties moved to Missouri. They lived a year in Randolph County, a year in Macon County, and came to Daviess County in the fall of 1867. They

settled on a farm a fourth of a mile west of Altamont, and lived there for several years. About 1888 they moved to Gallatin, where Martha (Salmond) Lindsey died in 1898. Samuel Lindsey went back to Altamont, and died there in 1905. The Lindsey children were: a son, died in infancy in Ohio; Mary, Mrs. Frederick, died in Macon; Jennie, later Mrs. Cone, died in Kansas City, Mo.; Julia, now Mrs. Woodruff of Washington; Daniel, living at Clay Center, Kan.; David, a residence of San Francisco, Calif.; George, died in Oklahoma; John, living at Kaysville, Utah; William, living at Kokomo, Colo.; and Charles T., the subject of this review.

Mr. Lindsey attended the schools in Bevier, and later in Daviess County, and has been a farmer all of his life. He owned the home place for 20 years, prior to selling in in 1919. He fed cattle and raised Spotted Poland China hogs. He left the farm in 1917, and bought five acres of land at Altamont, where he has since lived. He is now interested in the breeding of Buff Orphington poultry.

Charles T. Lindsey was married the first time, Dec. 27, 1883 to Rosa Lee Starnes, a daughter of W. Starnes and his wife of Winston. To this union the following children were born: Albert, married Ada McGinness, and lives at Winchester, Kan.; Samuel, died, April 26, 1908; Frederick, married Blanche Beasore and lives at Winchester, Kan.; and Merwyn, now a student in the Altamont High School, he has the distinction of building and operating the first radio station in Daviess County, he is now manager of the Radio Station for the Liberty Electric Company of Pueblo, Colo. Mrs. Lindsey died, Dec. 4, 1908, and her remains are buried in the Winston Cemetery.

On Feb. 9, 1910, Mr. Lindsey married Louisa (Huffman) Johnston, born in Germany, the daughter of C. and Caroline Huffman, and the widow John Johnston. Mrs. Lindsey's parents both died in Germany, and Mrs. Lindsey came to the United States when she was 14 years old. By her first marriage she had a son, John Allen, who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey have three grandchildren; Evelyn, Merle, and Wayne Lindsey.

Frederick Lindsey enlisted for service in the World War at Winchester, Kan., and was with the 353rd Machine Gun Company, an all Kansas Company. He left New York, June 2, 1918, and was with the Army of Occupation. He took part in the battles of Chateau Thierry and the Argonne Forest. He was gassed during the Argonne Battle, and spent four days and five nights without water or provisions. He was serving at the front when the armistice was signed.

Charles T. Lindsey is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodge, and both he and Mrs. Lindsey are members of the Daughters of Rebecca Lodge. Mr. Lindsey was one of the original members of the

Ground Hog Club, organized at Altamont with 13 members on Feb. 2, 1898. For 11 years, the club held an annual banquet, but of recent years, the membership grew so rapidly that the club was disbanded because of a room large enough for the meetings. Mr. Lindsey and his family are among the well known and highly regarded members of the community. Mr. Lindsey served as justice of the peace of Jefferson Township for six years.

J. R. Stewart, well known as a farmer in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, has a home at Gallatin, where he now lives although he continues the active management of his farm. He was born in Fountain County, Indiana, Dec. 23, 1854, the son of William and Ann (Murry) Stewart.

William Stewart and his wife came to Missouri and settled in Livingston County before the Civil War. In 1861, they went back to Indiana and four years later returned to Missouri. They located in DeKalb County, and Mr. Stewart died at Cameron in 1905. Mrs. Stewart died on July 27, 1913. Their children were: J. R., the subject of this review; E. J., living in Colfax Township; James M., a resident of Cameron; M. C., of DeKalb County; Homer, also living in DeKalb County; and Ella, the wife of C. T. Newby of Cameron.

J. R. Stewart went to Smith County, Kan., in 1884, and bought 160 acres of land for \$1,250.00. He later bought another 160 acres for \$800.00. In 1914, he traded his land in Kansas for his present farm of 240 acres in Jefferson Township, Daviess County. This farm lies two miles north of Winston and was formerly the Peed farm. Mr. Stewart built the present residence in 1915. He raises and feeds cattle and Poland China hogs. He bought his home in Gallatin in 1919.

On Dec. 23, 1886, Mr. Stewart was married in Smith County, Kan., to Lottie E. Benjamin, a native of Watertown, N. Y. Her parents were Addison and Minnie E. Benjamin. Mr. Benjamin died at Smith Center, Kan., in 1905, and Mrs. Benjamin died at Gallatin in December, 1921. The remains are buried at Smith Center, Kan.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart have six children; Frank, a farmer at Lebanon, Kan.; Minnie, at home; Susie, the wife of James Estes of Gallatin; Howard, a merchant at Grayson; and Everett and Mabel, both students in the Gallatin High School.

Mr. Stewart is a Democrat, and is a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen Lodge. He served as the trustee of Garfield Township, Smith County, Kan., for 15 consecutive years, and acted as the clerk for two years, and as the treasurer for two years. He was the treasurer of the local board of education for 22 years in the same township. Mr. Stewart is a substantial citizen, a reliable business man, and a highly esteemed member of the community.

William Terry Roper, minister of the Missionary Baptist church and a well known farmer in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, has been prominently connected with the church organization of which he is a member for many years. He is a native of Daviess County where he was born in Marion Township, April 18, 1859, the son of John Caswell and Matilda E. (Morris) Roper.

William Roper, grandfather of the subject of this review, was born in North Carolina, April 10, 1803, and went to Kentucky with his parents three years later. He was married in Kentucky to Polly Stevenson, born Nov. 24, 1804, and they came to Missouri in October, 1827. They located near Pattonsburg on the farm now owned by a grandson, Wiley J. Wilson. He is the son of Sina (Roper) Wilson. William Roper died on his farm, Aug. 10, 1864, and Mrs. Roper died on March 15, 1868. Their remains are buried in a family graveyard on their farm.

John Caswell Roper, son of William Roper and wife, was the second white child born in Daviess County, Jesse Creekmore being the first. John Caswell Roper owned a farm adjoining the Roper homestead, and later owned a part of the home place. He had holdings of 154 acres and was a well known farmer and stockman. He married in Daviess County, and to his union the following children were born: William Terry, the subject of this sketch; John Charles, now dead, married Flora Trowbridge, also dead, Mary Alice, married first to A. D. Duke to which union three children were born of whom two are living, Artie B. of Arkansas and Rolla J. of Colorado, married the second time to Marshall Mossbarger of Coffey, both Mr. and Mrs. Mossgarber are now dead; James Grant, died in infancy; Minnie May, the wife of I. B. Burwell of Excelsior Springs; and Clara E., married to W. H. Carlow, a professional engineer in Marianna, Ark. John Caswell Roper died on Oct. 30, 1913. His wife died in October, 1904. The remains of both are buried in Marion Township Cemetery.

W. T. Roper attended the public schools of the county and was a student in the Hamilton High School. He taught two terms of school in Gentry County and nine terms in Daviess County. He moved to his present farm in February, 1882. He rented the land for five years and then bought 60 acres to which he added until he now holds 140 acres. His residence lies three and one-half miles north of Altamont. The farm, which Mr. Roper bought from Elisha Frost, a pioneer settler of Daviess County, is well improved. Mr. Frost came from Virginia and took up the land in 1844. He made few improvements and Mr. Roper found the farm practically all timber land. He made rails to use for the first fencing on the place. Mr. Roper has built an especially good barn and has erected other substantial farm buildings.

For more than 21 years, Rev. Roper was a minister in the Missionary Baptist church. He is known throughout DeKalb, Gentry, Putnam, Sullivan, Daviess, and Grundy counties in which he has held pastorates. He organized the church at Union Chapel in DeKalb County and was the pastor there for 15 years. He is now doing supply work instead of the regular pastoral work.

Rev. Roper was married, Jan. 29, 1882, to Sarah J. Miller of Gentry County. Her father was James Miller, and W. T. Miller of Daviess County was her Uncle. Mrs. Roper died on Jan. 12, 1892 leaving a son, Clarence E., born on May 7, 1883. He now lives in Denver, Colo. Rev. Roper married Sarah Jane (Mathis) Gore after the death of his first wife. Mrs. Gore was the widow of Rufus E. Gore, a Baptist minister of Gentry County, and a daughter of Lemuel G. and Margaret J. Mathis. Mrs. Mathis, now 82 years of age, lives at Maysville. Mrs. Roper was born near Clearmont Nodaway County. To his second union Rev. Roper had the following children born: Lester Vincel, born on Nov. 19, 1894 and now living in Denver, Colo.; Terry Omar, born on May 1, 1899, married Goldie Shepherd and now lives at Kingman, Kan.; and Lois Jane, graduated from Kidder Institute in June, 1921, and is now teaching at Center Point, Daviess County. Rev. Roper and his wife have three grandchildren; Pearl Elizabeth, Nina Evelyn and Lois Elda.

Lester Vincil Roper enlisted for service in the World War, but was at first rejected because of his health. He was later inducted into the service in Colorado, and served in Company B, 8th Ammunition Train for nine months. He was sent first to California, later to New York, where he was waiting to go overseas when the armistice was signed. He was then sent to Camp Lee, Va., for three months, and was mustered out of service at Ft. Logan, Colo.

Rev. Roper is a member of the board of education of his district and was elected township assessor and clerk in the election of March, 1921. In 1920, he took the census of Jefferson Township. He has lived on his present farm for more than 40 years and in that long period of residence has established a reputation for integrity, uprightness, and unselfish service.

Henry S. Walp, the proprietor of Evergreen Ridge Farm in Colfax Township, Daviess County, was born on Jan. 30, 1886, on a farm one-half mile south of his present home. His parents were John and Adaline (Knapley) Walp.

John Walp was born in Pennsylvania in 1849. He lived in Illinois for a time and came to Missouri in 1882. He located on a farm in Colfax Township, Daviess County. He rented land for several years and then bought

76 acres east of Winston, later moving to Winston, where he now lives. Mrs. Walp was born in Illinois in 1861. She died at home in Colfax Township, Nov. 8, 1921. Her remains are buried at Winston. To her union with John Walp the following children were born: Lavina, married Edgar Burkett and died, Jan. 26, 1912; Daisy, the wife of Otis Johnston of Winston; Willie, living on the home place; and Henry S., the subject of this sketch.

Henry S. Walp attended the rural school in District No. 58 and has always lived on a farm. In 1915 he bought his present farm of 80 acres located on the Jefferson Highway between Winston and Cameron. The farm is three and three-fourths miles south of Winston, and is one of the well improved places of the community. It is equipped with a good residence and excellent farm buildings. Mr. Walp raises Poland China hogs and pure bred Plymouth Rock poultry.

On March 3, Mr. Walp was married to Zora Harter, a daughter of John and Lena (Wiebke) Harter. They were both born in Missouri, Mr. Harter on Sept. 24, 1859 and Mrs. Harter on Nov. 16, 1869. Mrs. Walp was born in Caldwell County but was educated in Daviess County where she attended school in Island No. 19. District. Her parents now live at Kidder. The Harter children were: Hildah, the wife of John Kaufman of Altamont; Bertha, married to Willis De Ford of Altamont; Christina, deceased; Zora, the subject of this paragraph; Nellie, the wife of Mack Stewart of Winston; Linus, living in Sheridan Township; and Herbert, living in Colfax Township. Mr. and Mrs. Walp have a daughter, Martha Genevieve, born on June 23, 1921.

Mr. Walp is a member of the board of education of District No. 10. He is an energetic and able man, well liked in the neighborhood.

Dr. A. Thompson, a popular and enterprising dentist at Gallatin, Daviess County, is a native of Livingston County. His parents were Archibald and Mildred (Peery) Thompson.

Archibald Thompson was born in Tazewell County, Va. He was a farmer and a merchant there, and came to Missouri before the Civil War. He settled at Edinbourg, in Grundy County, where he was a merchant, but later returned to Virginia, and enlisted in the Confederate Army. He came back to Grundy County after the close of the war, and lived there for a short time; he was a farmer in Livingston County until his death, there, in 1908, at the age of 76 years. He was a Democrat, and served as the county judge of Livingston County for a number of years. He was identified with the Methodist church, and was a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. His wife, Mildred (Peery) Thompson, was

born in Grundy County, and died at Livingston County in 1901. They were the parents of ten children, six of whom are now living.

Dr. A. Thompson was educated in the public schools, and attended the Normal College at Chillicothe. In the fall of 1892 he entered the Kansas City Dental College at Kansas City, Mo., and graduated from that institution in 1895. He began practicing his profession at Gallatin, soon after finishing his professional course, and has established an excellent practice.

Dr. Thompson was married in 1898 to Margaret E. Williams of Livingston County, and to this union one child was born, Mildred Eglantine.

Dr. Thompson is a Democrat in his political views, and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is held in high regard throughout the community, both as a progressive and scientific man in his profession, and as an excellent citizen of the town.

Jesse James McCoy, a retired farmer and stockman of Washington Township, Daviess County, was born in Pike County, Ill., July 18, 1846, a son of Jacob and Sarah (Owens) McCoy.

Jacob McCoy moved from Pike County, Ill., to Kansas where he had carried on farming and stock raising in Linn County for about 3 years. Later, Mr. McCoy came to Missouri, settling in Washington Township, Daviess County. He was a prominent farmer during his entire life and a large land holder. Mr. McCoy was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. He died in 1860, and is buried in Scotland Cemetery, Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. McCoy were the parents of the following children. John Williams, deceased; Jesse James, the subject of this sketch; Charles W., deceased; Walker, farmer and stockman, state of Washington; Ann, the widow of Stewart Leander, resides in Jackson Township; Joseph A., farmer and stockman, Harrison County.

Jesse James McCoy was reared in Illinois and had very little schooling. He began life farming with his father, and in 1859 came to Washington Township, Daviess County, where he worked out for \$20.00 per month. Later, he was able to purchase a little land and now owns 145 acres in Washington Township. He has been very successful in stock raising, and is well known throughout the county. Mr. McCoy is now living retired.

On Aug. 26, 1866, Mr. McCoy married Nancy Ellen Adams, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of William and Elizabeth (Bell) Adams. Mr. Adams was a native of North Carolina, and a pioneer settler of Andrew County, Mo. He later came to Daviess County, where he became a leading farmer and stockman. Mr. and Mrs. Adams were the parents of the following children: Thomas, deceased; B. B., deceased; Charles, deceased; Mrs. McCoy; Lydia A., deceased; Rachael Catherine, deceased. Both Mr. and Mrs. Adams are deceased and are buried in Brown Cemetery. To



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Jesse James and Nancy Ellen (Adams) McCoy 10 children were born as follows: Viola Christian, deceased; Luna Allard, deceased; Maud, the wife of James M. Carroll, Jefferson Township; Z. B., the wife of Jesse Pugh, farmer, Jamesport; Frank B., Kansas City; Eulalia E., the wife of Rev. Zach Mitchell, Christian minister, Eagleville; Lydia A., the wife of W. A. Troxel, farmer, Grand River Township; Elizabeth, the wife of J. E. Simmons, farmer, Colorado; one died in infancy; William H., resides with his father; Wm. H. McCoy married Duane Hutcherson, and they have four children, as follows: J. P., Wm. A., Jesse G., and Nancy E.

Jesse James McCoy is a veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted in Company F, Missouri Infantry. He served for one year in Missouri. Mr. McCoy is a staunch Republican and has served as justice of the peace for three terms, and has also been a member of the township board. He is a director and vice-president of the Farmers Mutual Insurance Company. He belongs to the Masonic and Odd Fellows lodges and is a member of the Christian church. In July, 1921, Mr. McCoy erected a one story bungalow, modern with electric lights. He is a reliable and substantial citizen of the community. Mr. McCoy has 21 grandchildren and one great-grandchild.

Boon L. Sweany, well known farmer in Colfax Township, Daviess County, was born in Gentry County, July 14, 1875, the son of George H. and Elizabeth (Bacon) Sweany.

George H. Sweany was born in Indiana in 1839. He lived at Civil Bend, Mo. for a while and then moved to Gentry County. He located in Colfax Township, Daviess County, in 1888. In 1905 he moved to Kidder, where he died in 1913. He was a well known farmer and stockman in his day and was a veteran of the Civil War. He enlisted for service at Gallatin, and was assigned to Company A, 1st Missouri Volunteer Infantry. He remained in service for three years. His wife, Elizabeth (Bacon) Sweany was a daughter of Ira Ann (Goodsell) Bacon. Mr. Bacon settled on a farm a mile north of Mr. Sweany's present home in 1847. His family and the Caster family were among the first settlers of Colfax Township. Mr. Bacon died in 1894 and his remains are buried in the Benson Cemetery. His wife died in 1906. To the union of George H. and Elizabeth (Bacon) Sweany the following children were born: Boon L., the subject of this sketch; Faith, the wife of Roy Ayers of Kidder; Earnest O., a minister in the Christian church at Alma, Neb.; Ira M., living in Colfax Township; Andrew B., a resident of Council Grove, Kan.; Stella, living at Kidder; and Harvey, living in Colfax Township.

Boon L. Sweany attended the rural schools of the county and spent one year as a student in Kidder Institute. For the past 19 years he has

lived on his present farm of 100 acres two miles north of Kidder. He bought the land from Boon Bacon. The improvements have been made by Mr. Sweany. The residence was built in 1916 and Mr. Sweany has added an excellent barn and other farm buildings as they have been needed. Mr. Sweany raises cattle, sheep, and Buff Orpington poultry. He has been interested for the last 23 years in breeding Dorcus Jersey hogs. He and his brother, Ira, hold an annual sale of registered hogs.

Mr. Sweany was married, June 19, 1898 to Anna Chester, a daughter of W. E. and Sue R. (Jeffers) Chester. Mr. Chester was born at New London, Conn. and died in Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 26, 1917. Mrs. Chester was a native of Wilmington, Del., and died, Feb. 20, 1889, at Kansas City, Mo. Mrs. Sweany was born and reared in Kansas City, Mo. To her union with Boon L. Sweany the following children were born: Walstein I., married Beatrice France and lives in Sheridan Township with two children, Pauline and Leslie; Julia Elizabeth, graduated from Kidder Institute in the class of 1920; L. Edwin, graduated from Kidder Institute in 1921; and H. Paul, a student in Kidder Institute.

Mr. Sweany is a member of the Christian church and of the Modern Woodman of America Lodge at Kidder. He is a trustee of Kidder Institute and maintains a keen interest in the success of that school. Mr. Sweany is a man of marked civic pride and of practical business ability. He and his family are held in high regard in the neighborhood.

Jason Bacon, an interesting and prominent pioneer of Daviess County, was born Dec. 30, 1840, in Portage, Nelson, Township, Ohio, the son of Ira and Julia (Goodsell) Bacon.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Bacon came from Portage County, Ohio, in 1848, by boat to Lexington, Ky. There Mr. Bacon purchased a horse and wagon and traveled overland to Daviess County, Mo., settling in Colfax Township, two miles north of the present site of Kidder, Mo. Here he purchased a small farm and lived until his death. Mrs. Bacon is also deceased and they are both buried in the Benson Cemetery. To Ira and Julia (Goodsell) Bacon six children were born, as follows: Jason, the subject of this sketch; Irwin, Kidder, Mo.; Elizabeth Sweaney, Kidder, Mo.; Boone Bacon, Rocky Ford, Colo.; Faithy Concord, Kidder, Mo.; Emily Bacon, deceased.

Jason Bacon was reared on his father's farm in Colfax Township, Daviess County, and was educated in the district schools. During the Civil War Mr. Bacon enlisted on Sept. 5, 1851, in the United States Army at Gallatin, in Company A, First Missouri State Militia. Later in February, 1862, he enlisted for three years in Company B, Missouri State Militia. During the war Mr. Bacon was wounded, being shot through the right leg.

This necessitated his remaining in the hospital for nine months. He was discharged from service Feb. 12, 1865, after which he returned to Daviess County.

On Sept. 5, 1865, Mr. Bacon was married to Susan Lebo, a daughter of Jacob Lebo. Mr. and Mrs. Lebo were natives of Ray County, Mo. Mrs. Bacon died Feb. 5, 1922, at the age of 79 years, and is buried in the Benson Cemetery. To Jason and Susan (Lebo) Bacon four children were born, as follows: Julia Etta, born Feb. 1, 1867, deceased; Alta May, born June 1, 1871, now deceased; Albert, born May 14, 1876, deceased; and Walter, born Aug. 20, 1881, now residing in Colfax Township, Daviess County. He was educated in the district schools, and has lived in his present location since October, 1921, where he owns a small farm of five acres adjoining the town of Kidder, Mo. Mr. Bacon was married to Carrie G. Dickerson on Nov. 2, 1902, and they have three children: Pearl, a graduate of Kidder High School, 1922; Alva D., graduate of the public schools; and Howard C., at home. Mrs. Walter Bacon is a daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Patton) Dickerson, who live in Kidder, Mo., where they own a farm of 40 acres. The children born to Thomas and Sarah (Patton) Dickerson, are as follows: Minnie, the wife of O. C. Howard; Carrie, the wife of Walter Bacon; Jessie, the wife of David Alexander, Chehalis, Wash.; Bessie L., milliner at Topeka, Kan.; Verna, the wife of Luther Randall, Sapre, Okla.

Jason Bacon is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic of Kidder, Mo. After his return from the army in 1865, Mr. Bacon purchased 40 acres of land, later adding 100 acres, all of which was well improved. At the time deer were plentiful in Daviess County, according to Mr. Bacon. He says that the first season he lived in Missouri, in 1847, he had a small patch of corn planted. The deer and wild turkeys were so numerous then that it was necessary to gather in the corn before it was ripe, in order to keep it from being eaten by them. Mr. Bacon has been a resident of Colfax Township, for 75 years. He has many friends in this county and is one of the most interesting men of the community, where he is held in high esteem.

John A. and Frank H. Blackburn, well known pioneer residents of Colfax Township, Daviess County, are the sons of Jene and Cornelius Blackburn, natives of Wisconsin. John A. Blackburn was born Jan. 14, 1852, in Rochester, Wis., and Frank H. Blackburn was born Feb. 8, 1857.

Jene Blackburn died in Rochester, Wis., in 1860, and his widow came to Daviess County, where she purchased 160 acres of land in Colfax Township, adjoining the town of Mabel. Here she lived until her death on Sept. 19, 1915, at the age of 83 years. She is buried in Black Cemetery. Mrs.

Blackburn's daughter, Lillie J., who came with her to Missouri in 1869 is now the wife of Judge R. O. Strong of Jefferson Township, Daviess County.

When Mrs. Blackburn settled in Colfax Township, the land was all open prairie and the roads ran diagonally to Cameron, and to Kidder. The Blackburn family traded at Cameron. At that time a few deer roamed the prairie and prairie chickens were to be seen by the thousands. The first residence built in that section was the Blackburn home, the land now being divided between John A. and Frank H. Blackburn. They each own 80 acres and have made their homes there since 1874. Their farms are well improved and they have been very successful in general farming. The Blackburn land and the Oliver Lewis estate adjoining it, are the only two farms that have remained in the names of the original purchasers of 50 years ago.

John A. Blackburn was married on Feb. 20, 1879, to Loretta E. Davies, and to this union three children have been born, as follows: Nellie, the wife of William Weuzel, Bolivar, Mo.; Arthur, married to Cora Bradford, Bolivar Mo.; and Jesse M., married to Meda Carey, Bolivar, Mo.

Frank H. Blackburn was married on Oct. 27, 1881, to Charlotta McCutcheon, and to this union three children have been born, as follows: W. M., married to Pearl McEntire, Altamont, Mo.; Clyde S., married to Ola Nicholas, Seattle, Wash.; and Helen, living at home.

The town of Mabel was established in 1882, and the first merchant there was L. W. Crum. He later sold out to William Auten. The other owners in order of their succession are as follows: Johnson Joiner, John Webb, Ezra Cleaves, Henry Cleaver, Art Anderson, Charles Hammon, Gaskell Bros., Charles Brossenhan, Loren Cooper, Oscar Bartlett, Jacob Donner, Clarence Kirkendoll & Edwards are the present owners.

The Blackburn family is one of the pioneer families of Daviess County. Both John A. and Frank H. Blackburn are energetic and progressive men and stand high in the esteem of their community.

Asa Hardin McGinnis, a progressive and enterprising farmer of Sheridan Township, Daviess County, was born in Adair County, Ky., in 1853, the son of Anderson and Nancy McGinnis. Mr. and Mrs. McGinnis moved to Nebraska in 1865, where they purchased a home site of 160 acres in Richardson County. Mrs. McGinnis died there and her husband died at Winston, Mo. Their children were: John William, deceased; Joseph G., deceased; Francis Larkin, deceased, died near Winston, Mo.; Quales Hughes, Richardson County, Nebr.; Anderson, died in Kentucky when a boy; Mrs. John Ross, widow, her husband was killed in union army during the Civil

War. She died in Nebraska; Mrs. Samantha Wells, deceased; Mrs. Lucillar Triggs, widow, Richardson County, Nebr.; Cordelia, died in infancy.

Asa Hardin McGinnis removed from Nebraska to Missouri about 41 years ago, and has lived on his present farm in Sheridan Township, for 12 years. He owns 120 acres of land there and 80 acres south of this, also 80 acres south of Altamont, making a total of 280 acres. Mr. McGinnis carries on general farming and stock raising, and is a prominent breeder of Poland China hogs, cattle, sheep and poultry. His residence is located three miles southeast of Altamont.

On Dec. 16, 1883, Mr. McGinnis was married to Lillie Elvirah Wharton born at Carthage, Hancock County, Ill., a daughter of John and Sarah Wharton, who later moved to Lee County, Iowa, where Mr. and Mrs. McGinnis were married. Mr. and Mrs. Wharton died there and are buried near Fort Madison, Iowa. They were the parents of the following children: Samuel Edward Wharton, Keokuk, Lee County, Iowa; John Franklin, Montrose, Iowa; Mary Ellen, died in infancy; and Mrs. McGinnis.

To Asa Hardin and Lillie (Wharton) McGinnis six children have been born, as follows: Ada Melvina, the wife of Bert Lindsey, Winchester, Kan.; John Anderson, married Pearl Lanning, Richardson County, Nebr.; Asa Rowland, at home; William Bryan, at home; Wesley, died in infancy; and Franklin Hughes, at home. Wesley and William were twins. Asa Rowland McGinnis served in the United States Army during the World War, and was stationed at Camp Funston for six months, when the armistice was signed.

Mr. McGinnis is president of the Independent Telephone Company of Altamont, and was president of the school board of Altamont for seven years, and in his home district for six years. Mrs. Lillie E. McGinnis is a member of the Methodist Church and was president of the Methodist Aid Society for ten years and is now steward of the church. The McGinnis children were all educated in the Altamont schools and Ada, Asa, and Franklin were graduated from there. Before her marriage, Ada, taught school in Altamont.

Besides his farm interests, Mr. McGinnis owns four residences in Altamont, which he rents. Mr. McGinnis is a public spirited man and one of the leading citizens of Daviess County.

Robert J. Ball. In his rise from the position of "Devil" in a printing shop to that of a postmaster of Gallatin, to the ownership of the Gallatin Democrat, the presidency of the Commercial Club of this city, and various other positions of trust and importance, Robert J. Ball has given a notable illustration of the exercise of American energy, ability, integrity and sup-

errior mental attainments. While it has been his fortune to be identified with Gallatin during the period of its greatest growth and development, much of this development has come as a result of his contributions to its interests. At any rate, he fills a large and influential place in the community.

Mr. Ball was born at Gallatin, May 25, 1873, and is a son of Alonzo Conrad and Elizabeth Frances (Boggs) Ball, natives of Kentucky. Alonzo Conrad Ball was born March 8, 1823, at Lexington, Ky., and in 1854 came to Missouri, settling in Boone County, where he resided one year, his advent in Gallatin occurring in May, 1855. His ancestors on his father's side were of Irish descent, while his mother was of German descent and bore the maiden name of Sheely. Mr. Ball's grandfather, the great-grandfather of Robert J. Ball, was a Revolutionary soldier, enlisted under Washington of Virginia, and General Washington's mother was a Ball and of Irish ancestry. Alonzo C. Ball was married at Richmond, Kentucky, in 1849, to Elizabeth Frances Boggs, and the trip to Missouri was made partly by boat and partly by overland. Mr. Ball was a carpenter and contractor, and one of the first of his vocation to come to Daviess County, his shop for many years being located on the southwest corner of the square, where the Fitterer grocery now stands. That he was highly esteemed in the community in which his home was made for many years is evidenced by a tribute by one of his friends, which appeared in the newspapers of Gallatin, and which said, in part, as follows: "Our friend Ball, with the impetuosity of the Celtic race and breathing the chivalric air of the blue grass of Kentucky, could not be anything else than a unique character. Whilst Mr. Ball has occupied no public positions of trust, in his sphere of action he has been an independent, fearless character, having ideas and views of his own, a strong will and an inflexible purpose to do and say what he believes to be right, regardless of all consequences. For us to know a man we must meet him upon a common plane and get in close communion with him and in touch with his aspirations and trend of mind. We have known A. C. Ball 49 years, always found him to be frank and outspoken. If a friend, a true one, and always ready to punish an enemy and had no compromise to make. A typical Kentuckian, strong in his likes and dislikes." Mr. Ball died May 1, 1908, and interment was made at the Brown Cemetery, his comrades of Surgeon John Cravens Camp, U. C. V., acting as honorary pallbearers. Mrs. Ball died Oct. 19, 1901, having been the mother of nine children, as follows: Mollie, Maggie B., Sallie, Frank C. and Willie, who are deceased; John H., who is engaged in contracting and building in Bridgewater, Mass.; Mrs. Lydia Thomas, a resident of Gallatin; L. D., who is proprietor of the hotel at Trenton, Mo.; and Robert J.

Robert J. Ball received his education in the graded and high schools of Gallatin and in 1887 entered upon his career as "Devil" in the office of the Gallatin Democrat, of which Wes L. Robertson was owner and editor. From the time of his first connection with this paper a warm regard between employer and employe has been maintained. Mr. Ball rose to be foreman on the paper, then superintendent of the plant, and in 1898 bought a half-interest. As his partner, Uncle Wes Robertson, expresses it; "Mr. Ball reached the point in salary where he (Mr. Robertson) figured it would be better for him to sell a half interest and let Ball help foot the bills." The partnership has continued from May 1, 1898 until January 1, 1920, when Mr. Ball became sole owner of the Gallatin Democrat newspaper, following the death of Mr. Robertson, Dec. 23, 1919.

Long an active worker in democratic politics, in 1913 Mr. Ball was chosen postmaster of Gallatin, by Hon. J. W. Alexander, and served from May that year until January, 1912, when he ably discharged his duties in that capacity.

For some years Mr. Ball was secretary of the Democratic County Committee. Fraternally he belongs to the Royal Arch Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Modern Woodmen of America and the Woodmen of the World. He is a member of the Northwest Missouri Press Association and its vice president, and in January, 1915, became its president. He also holds membership in the Young Men's Christian Association and the Gallatin Commercial Club, and in 1914 was appointed president of the latter organization. The following is quoted from the Gallatin North Missourian, issue of Nov. 19, 1914: "From the 'Devil' in a print shop to the presidency of the Gallatin Commercial Club. That is what we call making good, and such was the sentiment of every member of the club at the 6:30 luncheon on Tuesday evening, when Robert J. Ball, postmaster and junior editor of the Gallatin Democrat, was chosen the active head of the Gallatin Commercial Club, succeeding C. M. Harrison. The Committee is to be congratulated upon their selection, as a better man could not have been chosen. Mr. Ball is a live wire, energetic, a tireless worker and a splendid fellow. The club can rest assured that their interests will be carefully safeguarded and that the organization will move along with plenty of the right kind of enthusiasm and spirit. Mr. Ball is a 'gingery' man and whatever he undertakes he puts 'ginger' into it and makes it a success. Then, too, he is self made and has come up the line through his own efforts."

On March 5, 1898, Mr. Ball was married to Miss Theo M. Welden, of Bancroft, Mo., a daughter of C. H. Welden, a pioneer, ex-county official and prominent citizen of Daviess County. Five children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ball: Marjorie, now Mrs. Robert L. Etter, Jr.; Eleanor,

Robert Welden, Conrad Luckey and Mary Ellen. Mr. Ball is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church South.

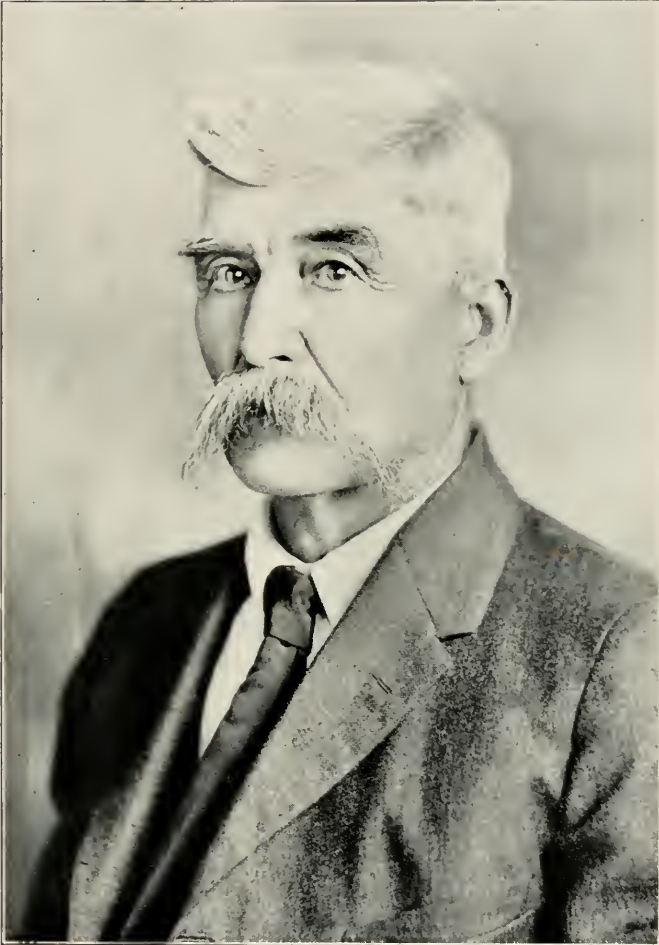
Joseph M. Caldwell, pioneer settler of Daviess County and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Owen County, Ky., Aug. 11, 1847. His parents were William M. and Catherine (Minor) Caldwell.

W. M. Caldwell and his wife came to Missouri, in 1852, and settled in Platte County. In 1860, they came to Daviess County and located in Jefferson Township, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Mr. Caldwell died in 1875, and Mrs. Caldwell, in March, 1914. Their remains are buried in Black Cemetery. Mr. Caldwell was a member of the Missouri State Militia. Their children were: Mary, now Mrs. Jackson Searcy of Beaver City, Okla.; J. M., the subject of this sketch; Elizabeth, married Mr. Munson and is now dead, her remains are buried in Black Cemetery; James T., living at Trenton; Ellen; Catherine, now Mrs. Minor of DeKalb County; Rosa, now Mrs. Palmer of Jefferson Township; G. A., of St. Joseph; William, died at the age of four years, and his remains are buried in Thompson Cemetery; David J., of Weatherby; and John S., Jefferson Township. Mrs. Searcy, the eldest child, is now 76 years of age and her husband is 81 years old. They celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their wedding at Beaver City, Okla., Dec. 22, 1921. Mr. Searcy was a comrade of Joseph M. Caldwell during the Civil War.

Joseph M. Caldwell attended the schools in Platte County, and since, 1860, has lived in Daviess County, except for two years which he spent in DeKalb and Clinton counties. In 1877, he traded for 40 acres of home place and now owns 145 acres of the Caldwell home three miles north of Winston. He owned other land, which he has now turned over to his children.

Mr. Caldwell enlisted for service in the Civil War, Aug. 10, 1864 in Company C, 43rd Missouri Volunteer Infantry. He enlisted at St. Joseph, and was mustered out of service at Benton Barracks, June 29, 1865. He participated in the battle at Glasgow, and was in several skirmishes in Jackson County and other parts of Missouri.

Mr. Caldwell was married, Jan. 13, 1870, in Jefferson Township to Sarah A. Minor. The ceremony was performed by Rev. B. F. Kennedy. Mrs. Caldwell was a daughter of George W. Minor and wife, and was born in Owen County, Ky. She died on July 27, 1897, at the age of 48 years, and her remains are buried in Black Cemetery. To her union with Joseph M. Caldwell the following children were born: O. W., of Gallatin; J. B., living in Jefferson Township; Clarence, died in infancy; W. O., living in Jefferson Township; Joda, died in infancy; Alice, the wife of Denver Searcy of Marion Township; Safrona, married to Clyde Oak, and living on the home place; and G. E., living in Jefferson Township.



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Mr. Caldwell has the following grandchildren: Mrs. Lottie (Caldwell) Davis; Mrs. Ada (Caldwell) Drummond; Mrs. Bessie (Caldwell) Drummond; Roy, Edna, Rosina, Virgil, Oneita, Walter, and Agnes Caldwell; Carl Searcy, and Mrs. Lela (Searcy) Egbert of Chillicothe; Pauline and Sylvia Oak; and Cecil, Dorothy, Nina, and Lois Caldwell. Six grandchildren are dead. Mr. Caldwell has three living great grandchildren; Clyta Davis, and an infant Robert Drummond.

Joseph M. Caldwell is one of the interesting pioneers of the county, where he is a highly respected citizen. He recalls the time in 1853 while living in Platte County, that the Indians were in the state—coming and going.

Robert E. Stapleton is the county recorder of Daviess County and is also a business man of Gallatin, where he lives. He is a native of Daviess county, born on a farm in Benton Township, March 11, 1883, the son of James H. and Elvira (McGinley) Stapleton.

James H. Stapleton was born in Worth County, Oct. 3, 1849. After he was grown he went to Harrison County, later moving to Daviess County, where he operated a farm until his death. He married Elvira McGinley, who was born in Gentry County, Oct. 1, 1852. To their union ten children were born, only four of whom are now living: W. D., Gallatin; John R., a resident of Macon; Robert E., the subject of this review; and Charles T., living in Kansas City, Kan. James H. Stapleton was a Republican. Both he and his wife were members of the Christian church. Mrs. Stapleton died in 1896 and Mr. Stapleton on April 25, 1911. Their remains are buried in Oak Ridge Cemetery, north of Pattonsburg.

Robert E. Stapleton grew up on a farm and attended the rural schools. He farmed until he was 21 years old, and then worked at various trades. The year he was 15 years old, he worked at Gallatin for a time, but soon returned to the farm. He clerked in a dry goods store, and later in a grocery store at Gallatin, and in 1913 he opened a confectionery store and news stand, which he conducted successfully. He disposed of his mercantile interests in March, 1919. On Nov. 5, 1918 he was elected to the office of county recorder of deeds, and took up his new duties Jan. 1, 1919. In April, 1921 he opened the Delmonico Ice Cream Parlor on South Main Street. This business is conducted by Mr. Stapleton and his son, Loren C.

On May 31, 1903 Mr. Stapleton was married to Lorena F. Hawkins, born in Daviess County, the daughter of L. and Mary F. Hawkins. Mr. Hawkins was born in North Carolina, and his wife in South Carolina. They were early settlers of Daviess County. Mrs. Hawkins now lives at Gallatin. Mr. and Mrs. Stapleton had six children born to their union: Loren C., graduated from the Gallatin High School in 1922, now assisting his father

in the Delmonico Ice Cream Parlor; Elsie Jewell, at home; Elmer L., died July 23, 1918 at the age of eight years; Forrest L., Gwynetha Fern, and Robert Junior, at home.

Mr. Stapleton is a Republican, and is a member of the Presbyterian church. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and for the past four years has been Financial Secretary of Lodge No. 167 at Gallatin. He is a substantial citizen, and a competent officer of Daviess County.

W. T. Osborn, a former business man of Gallatin, Daviess County, is now a traveling salesman but maintains his residence at Gallatin. Mr. Osborn is well known in and around Gallatin, where he was born on Nov. 14, 1862. His parents were Thomas J. and Susan A. (Peniston) Osborn.

Thomas J. Osborn was born in Fountain County, Ind., and came to Daviess County, in the '40's. He was in the mercantile business in Old Victoria, an inland town in Jefferson Township, for several years. In 1850 he located at Gallatin, where he was in business throughout the period of the Civil War. His parents, Jesse Osborn and his wife, settled at Winston, at the same time that Thomas J. Osborn came to Daviess County.

Thomas J. Osborn was married the first time to Miss Owen, and to that union four children were born: James, deceased; Robert O., now a resident of Los Angeles, Calif.; Homer A., deceased; and Alice, now Mrs. Harvey of St. Louis. Mr. Osborn was married the second time to Susan A. Peniston. She was born three miles east of Gallatin in 1838, the daughter of William P. and Miss (Walls) Peniston, both natives of Kentucky. Mr. and Mrs. Peniston settled in Daviess County in the early '30's, and Mr. Peniston became a well known man of the community. He was instrumental in getting the first court house of the county erected; served as the sheriff of the county, and later as the clerk and recorder of the county. He was a captain in the State Militia during the trouble in Missouri known as the Mormon War.

To the union of Thomas J. and Susan A. (Peniston) Osborn the following children were born: W. T., the subject of this review; Mrs. Frank Casey, living at Wilson, Okla.; Jesse B., with Wolff Brothers Mercantile Company, Kansas City, Mo.; Mrs. S. W. Armentrout, Marshall; H. C., a traveling salesman of Gallatin; Mrs. W. S. Townsend, deceased; and Mrs. Iva Schofield, living in Oakland, Calif. Thomas J. Osborn died in 1876 at the age of 52 years, and his widow now lives with her son, H. C. Osborn, and is, today, the oldest native born Daviess Countian.

W. T. Osborn was reared and educated in Gallatin. He graduated from the Gallatin High School, and entered the hardware business with T. J. Crain. He remained in that work for about ten years, then sold his interest in the business. He became connected with the Gallatin Dry Goods

and Grocery Company, but disposed of his share of that enterprise a little later. He went into the hardware business again as a member of the firm of Osborn Brothers. In 1920, the partners in that firm sold the business to C. K. Connel. Mr. Osborn then accepted a position as traveling salesman for the Tootle-Campbell Dry Goods Company at St. Joseph. He has northwest Missouri and southwest Iowa for his territory, and is accounted one of the most successful men in his line of work. In 1896 Mr. Osborn built an all modern home in Gallatin, and he spends every week end there.

Mr. Osborn was married April 26, 1888 to Minnie Higgins. Mrs. Osborn was born at Brunswick. Her parents, both now dead, were Robert H. and Rebecca Higgins, natives of Virginia, and early settlers of Chariton County, Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Osborn have three children: Robert T., born in 1890, graduated from the Gallatin High School and the Missouri State University, entered at once the employe of the Refinery of Standard Oil Company, married Miss Bess Troy of California, and is now Assistant Superintendent of the Standard Oil Company at Point Richmond, Calif.; Edwin C., graduated from the Kansas City Dental College at Kansas City, Mo., was commissioned first lieutenant during the World War, and served in the Dental Corps in various camps from California to New York, now practicing his profession in St. Joseph; and Mary Frances, a student in the Gallatin High School.

Mr. Osborn is a Democrat, and has served on the city council for a number of years. He is identified with the Methodist church, takes an active interest in the church work, and is a member of the local board of stewards. He is also a member of the board of directors of the Young Mens' Christian Association; is a director of the Gallatin Chautauqua Association; and belongs to the following lodges; the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Modern Woodment of America, and the Illinois Traveling Men's Association at Chicago. He is among the progressive citizens of Gallatin, where he is held in high esteem.

A. A. Newman, a well known retired farmer of Gallatin, the owner of 1600 acres of land in Harrison and Monroe Townships, was born in Knox County, Ill., Dec. 20, 1857, the son of George and Palmyra (Geer) Newman.

George Newman was born in Ohio, Sept. 1, 1825. During his early life he went to Illinois, where he was a farmer during his entire life. He died in Dewitt County, Ill., June 11, 1881. Mrs. Newman was born Sept. 20, 1833, in Ohio, and after Mr. Newman's death she married Benjamin Mitchell. She died Jan. 4, 1917, in Niles, Mich. Mr. and Mrs. George New-

man were the parents of four children, of whom A. A. Newman, the subject of this sketch, is the only survivor.

A. A. Newman was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools. He taught school for two terms in Dewitt County, Ill. He later became engaged in farming. In 1896 he moved his family to Daviess County, from Illinois, where he purchased 750 acres of land in Harrison Township. He improved this land and farmed until 1919, when he retired and moved to Gallatin.

Mr. Newman was married March 4, 1883, to Winifred P. Kegarice, a native of Dewitt County, Ill., and daughter of James J. and Melissa (Phares) Kegarice, natives of Pennsylvania and Ohio. They were among the early settlers of Illinois. Mrs. Kegarice was married the second time to Asel Waldo. She died in Caldwell County.

A. A. Newman and wife are the parents of five children, as follows: Webster Lynn, at home; Sylvia L., the wife of Wm. Andriano, St. Joseph; Nettie M., the wife of John Tomlinson, Pittsburg, Kan.; Myra A., the wife of Noble Young, Spickard; Winifred C., the wife of Ralph Hall, residing on a farm in Caldwell County. Mr. and Mrs. Newman have nine grandchildren.

Mr. Newman was very successful as a stock feeder, and did extensive shipping. He usually had 300 head of cattle at a time. All of Mr. Newman's land is now rented, being occupied by six tenants. Mr. Newman is a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church, and Mrs. Newman is a member of the Presbyterian Church, which Mr. Newman also attends. Mrs. Newman takes an active part in club work. Mr. and Mrs. Newman are widely known and merit the esteem in which they are held by the community.

Silas M. Stroup, a retired farmer of Monroe Township, Daviess County, was born March 19, 1847, in Fulton County, Ind., a son of Samuel and Martha (Search) Stroup, the former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of Marion County, Ohio.

Samuel Stroup was one of the early settlers of Indiana, and it was there he and his wife made their home. They were the parents of five children, of whom Silas M., the subject of this sketch, is the only survivor.

Silas M. Stroup was reared in Indiana, and at the age of 18 years he enlisted for service in the Civil War, in Company A, 155 Regiment, Indiana Volunteer Infantry. After serving 100 days, he was discharged, but re-enlisted for one year, or during the remainder of the war. He was engaged in several battles, and was stationed at Washington, D. C., as a soldier, at the time when President Lincoln was assassinated.

In 1866 Mr. Stroup went to Topeka, Kan., where he remained for several months. He then moved to Gallatin, Mo., where his mother and step-father were then living. The following spring they moved to a farm in Monroe Township.

Mr. Stroup owns 40 acres of land in Monroe Township, and at the time he retired from active farming, was very successful. He is a Republican in politics, and one of the reliable and substantial members of his community.

Carsten Pape, deceased, was a well known farmer of Monroe Township, Daviess County, and at the time of his death he owned 120 acres of land where his widow now lives. He was born in Hanover, Germany, and was brought up on a farm there. In 1871 he came to New York, later going to Michigan, where he worked for one winter in the lumber camps and on a farm.

Mr. Pape came to Daviess County, in 1877, and purchased 80 acres of land in Monroe Township, in partnership with his brother-in-law, Lewis Mitchell. They farmed together for ten years, when Mr. Pape bought the farm for himself, making extensive improvements.

June 11, 1887, Mr. Pape was married to Catherine Henners, also a native of Hanover, Germany. She came from Germany in 1871, and was married in Monroe Township.

Mr. and Mrs. Pape were the parents of five children, as follows: Anna, a trained nurse, educated in Maryville Normal School and now engaged in her profession at Prescott, Ariz.; Mary, Cleveland, Ohio; Elizabeth, a teacher, North Dakota; Tena, now Mrs. Grafton Chubbuck, San Francisco, California; John, at home.

Carsten Pape died July 22, 1910. He was an independent voter. During his life as a farmer and stockman, Mr. Pape was always known to have a fine grade of Shorthorn cattle. He was a man of integrity, a believer in progressive methods in his work, and was always ready to support the best interests of his community.

Henry Holmes, an enterprising farmer and stockman of Union Township, Daviess County, and owner of 183 acres of well improved land, was born Jan. 16, 1858, in Caldwell County, the son of Henry and Tressia Holmes.

Henry Holmes, the father of the subject of this sketch, was born in Germany. After his marriage he came to this country and settled in Missouri. By trade he was a brick mason, but after moving to Missouri he settled on a farm in Caldwell County. Tressia Holmes, the mother of Henry Holmes, died in 1870, and Mr. Holmes was married the second time to Mary Cherrie. Five children were born to this union as well as five to the first. Mr. Holmes died in Pueblo, Colo., in 1882, at the age of 63 years.

Henry Holmes was reared on a farm in Missouri. When a young man he worked as a farm hand, later making railroad ties, and cutting lumber of all kinds. He also worked for some time in Colorado cutting saw logs. In 1891 he purchased his present farm in Union Township, where he has been successfully engaged in farming and stock raising.

April 12, 1891, Mr. Holmes was married to Eva McDow, a daughter of F. M. and Euritta (Huff) McDow. She was born Nov. 9, 1873, in Union Township, Daviess County. Mr. McDow is now deceased, and his widow lives in Gallatin. To Mr. and Mrs. Holmes have been born six children, as follows: Lena, the wife of Theodore Peniston, Union Township; Mabel, the wife of Boyd Beck, Kansas City, Mo.; Ora, at home; Chester, at home; and Era and Vera, twins, both living at home. Mr. Holmes has two grandchildren, Edwin and Elenor Peniston.

Mr. Holmes is identified with the Republican party in politics and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows No. 167, Gallatin. He has always been a man of enterprise and ambition, and is a reliable citizen of Union Township.

V. E. Knight, a successful farmer and stockman of Union Township, Daviess County, was born Feb. 21, 1872, in this township, a son of James and Sarah (Peniston) Knight.

James Knight was a native of Virginia, born Jan. 8, 1843. During the Civil War he was a soldier, and came to Daviess County, after the war and settled in Union Township, where he farmed the remainder of his life, owning at his death, June 21, 1889, 120 acres of well improved land. Sarah (Peniston) Knight was a native of Livingston County. She died in 1883. To Mr. and Mrs. James Knight seven children were born, as follows: Oma, wife of George Jones, Jamesport; Verona, deceased, was the wife of George Ginder; V. E., the subject of this sketch; M. N., Jackson Township; Jesse, Bates County; Elizabeth, the wife of Eugene Roeark, Sedalia; Mary, deceased, was the wife of Robert Williams.

V. E. Knight was reared on a farm, and at the age of 16 years he began farming for himself. He rented land for a number of years and in 1915 purchased his present farm in Union Township, where he has been successfully engaged in farming and stock raising. He owns 79½ acres of well improved land, and is widely known as a breeder of Duroc Jersey hogs. His farm is improved with a modern residence and newly built barns.

On April 9, 1896, Mr. Knight was married to Julia Nicholes, who was born April 1, 1876 in Jackson Township, Daviess County, a daughter of

John and Belle (Snyder) Nicholes, natives of Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Nicholes were among the early settlers of Daviess County.

To Mr. and Mrs. V. E. Knight seven children have been born, as follows: Hazel, deceased; Jesse, married to Grace Carter, Aug. 6, 1921; John at home; Glenn M., deceased; Maybelle, at home; Mary F., at home; Virgil Ellis, at home. Jesse Knight enlisted for service in the World War, and was stationed at Cameron, in the Student Army Corps. He was never called into active service.

Mr. Knight is a Democrat, and has served on the school board for nine years. He is a stockholder in the Farmers Mercantile Company of Gallatin. Mr. Knight is a member of the Methodist Church, a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Modern Woodmen of America. He is a public spirited citizen who takes an active interest in local affairs, and the Knight family is very prominent in the community.

M. H. Patterson, a prominent farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, was born Sept. 3, 1856, at Indianola, Iowa, a son of H. H. and Jane (Patterson) Patterson.

H. H. Patterson was born in Tazewell County, Va., Sept. 2, 1824. In October, 1844, he was married in Virginia. His wife was born in Tazewell County, Va., Oct. 12, 1831. She died in 1903. Mr. Patterson during his early life was a carpenter and cabinet maker. Before the Civil War he went west to the gold fields. He came from Livingston County, Mo., in 1866 and to Daviess County, where he was successfully engaged in farming. He purchased and improved many farms in Missouri, and had retired many years before his death at Gallatin, Feb. 22, 1914, having been a resident of Gallatin for about 40 years. He was a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Church, and a member of the Masonic Lodge. Mr. and Mrs. Patterson were the parents of four children, of whom M. H., the subject of this sketch, is the only survivor.

M. H. Patterson was reared on a farm and was educated in the public schools. At the age of 12 years he came to Daviess County, with his parents. In 1883, Mr. Patterson bought his present farm and made extensive improvements.

On Sept. 2, 1875, Mr. Patterson was married to Laura J. Martin, a daughter of Elisha and Margaret Ann (Miller) Martin, natives of Platt County. In about 1865, Mr. and Mrs. Martin settled on a farm in Jackson Township, where Mrs. Patterson was reared. She was educated in the district schools and taught one year of school. Mrs. Patterson was born Oct. 16, 1856.

Mr. and Mrs. Patterson are the parents of the following children:

Oscar M., Pasadena, Calif.; Albert H., deceased; Frank W., deceased; Daisy, Gallatin; Guy S., St. Joseph; Leonard E., at home; and Lillie B., at home. Leonard E. Patterson was drafted during the World War, having the first number to be drawn in the draft at Washington, D. C., from Daviess County. He was sent to Camp Funston, and sailed with Company C, 89th Division, 356th Infantry, as a sergeant. At the end of the war, he was sent to Germany with the Army of Occupation, and was stationed at Schweich, near Coblenz. He was discharged from the army June 18, 1919, at Camp Funston, Kan., after which he returned home. During the entire war Hemery Ramsbottom was his "buddy." They were together constantly until the Battle of the Argonne when Ramsbottom was wounded. They were with a company of 75 or 80 men that were thought lost for three days and nights. In the meantime they had advanced toward the German lines, capturing a German officer. Later they were joined by the rest of their company.

Mr. Patterson owns 160 acres of land in Jackson Township and 60 acres in Union Township, and has been very successful in farming and stock raising. He is a Democrat and one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Jackson Township.

Lew Wallace Powell, a successful farmer and stockman of Union Township, is a native of Daviess County and was born on the farm where he now resides, March 13, 1875. He is a son of W. L. and Mary (Miller) Powell.

W. L. Powell was a prominent pioneer citizen of Daviess County. He was born in Montgomery County, Ind., Feb. 25, 1837, his parents both being natives of Kentucky. His father died when W. L. Powell was nine years of age, and early in life the responsibility of assisting his widow mother fell upon him. His mother afterwards married and removed to Boone County, Ind. W. L. Powell received a meager common school education and came to Missouri in 1857 and settled in the Civil Bend Country where he worked at the carpenter's trade for a few years. On April 1, 1860 he was married to Miss Mary Miller and in the fall of that year they moved into a one room log cabin on his wife's farm of 240 acres, two miles southeast of Gallatin. Here they resided until Mr. Powell enlisted in the Union Army on Feb. 3, 1862, becoming a member of the First Regiment, Missouri Volunteer Cavalry, State Militia. He was a non-commissioned officer and was in active service until the close of the war.

After receiving his honorable discharge from the army, Mr. Powell returned to the farm and was successfully engaged in farming and stock-raising for many years. He gave special attention to raising fine horses. By his thrift and industry he accumulated more land and made substantial



MR. AND MRS. LEW WALLACE POWELL AND DAUGHTER,
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improvements on his place. He remained on the home farm until April, 1903 when he moved to Gallatin with his family where he died July 11, 1905. He was a member of the Christian church, having united with that denomination at Old Union in 1858 and for a number of years was a member of the board of trustees of the Christian Church at Gallatin. He was a member of the school board of his district for years. He was a staunch Republican and well known and highly respected in Daviess County.

Mary (Miller) Powell, wife of W. L. Powell was born in Liberty Township, Daviess County, July 4, 1843. She was reared in this county and received a common school education and has always resided here. She now lives in Gallatin. Mrs. Powell has been a member of the Christian church for 63 years, having united with that church at Old Union in 1859. She is a daughter of Tobias and Catherine (Brawner) Miller, both natives of Garrard County, Ky., the former born Jan. 27, 1807 and the later Feb. 22, 1825. They were married in Clay County, Mo., Nov. 6, 1839, and the following children were born to them: Elizabeth, now Mrs. John P. Sweaney; Caroline, married W. P. Heyser and is now deceased; Jacob Miller, deceased; George W. Miller, Norman, Okla.; and Mary, married W. L. Powell. The father died Aug. 9, 1851 when Mrs. Powell was eight years old, and the widowed mother with her five small children resided on the home place until the death of the mother, Sept. 22, 1854. After her death the children were reared and educated by David Henderson and wife, prominent citizens of Marion Township.

Tobias Miller was one of the earliest settlers of Liberty Township, coming from Kentucky in 1834. He was one of the prominent men of Daviess County, owning several hundred acres of land; he was also a botanic doctor and was noted for his honesty and integrity. He held several offices of trust and responsibility. He was appointed county commissioner in 1840 and held that office for years. In 1842 he was appointed commissioner of public buildings and served in that capacity when the first court house was erected. In 1846 he was elected county judge and served until 1849 when he resigned to engage in the mercantile business with Philip Wirt. While in St. Louis buying goods he died from cholera, Aug. 9, 1851.

To W. L. and Mary (Miller) Powell were born the following children: Sarah Frances, born April 22, 1861, married M. P. McNamee of Harrison County, Feb. 11, 1883 and died Aug. 21, 1884; Elizabeth Ann, married H. C. Butts of Carroll County, Sept. 16, 1891 and they reside in Chillicothe and have two children, Lottie Lucile and George C.; James Henry, born May 28, 1866 and died Aug. 27, 1873; Dora, resides in Gallatin with her mother; Lulu J., married E. E. McCue of Harrington, Wash., March 2,

1908, died at Walla Walla, Wash., March 15, 1913; Lew Wallace, whose name introduces this review; and Mamie, born Oct. 2, 1883, died Nov. 6, 1886.

Lew Wallace Powell was educated in the district school, the public schools of Gallatin and Grand River College. He has been engaged in farming and stock raising practically all his life and is now part owner and manager of a well improved and valuable farm of 350 acres, located 2½ miles southeast of Gallatin.

On Dec. 5, 1915, Mr. Powell was married to Miss Annabel Pearl Zimmerman, a daughter of Alvah L. and Mary Emma (Shambaugh) Zimmerman. Mrs. Powell was born at Weatherby, Mo. Her father was born at Six Points, Ind., Sept. 23, 1853 and her mother was born at Weatherby, Mo., Feb. 2, 1862. They were married Dec. 25, 1880, and now reside at Weatherby. To Mr. and Mrs. Powell has been born one daughter, Mary Lucille, born Oct. 27, 1916.

Mr. Powell united with the Christian Church at Gallatin in 1896 and has served on the church board since 1902. He has been a member of the executive board of the Gallatin Y. M. C. A. He is a Republican and one of the widely known and substantial citizens of Daviess County.

J. S. Litton, a leading farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, and owner of 565 acres of land, was born March 12, 1856, in Sampsel Township, Livingston County, the son of Thomas and Maria (Barnes) Litton.

Thomas Litton was born in Laurel County, Ky., in 1831, and came to Missouri in 1847, locating in Livingston County. He lived on the same farm in Livingston County until his death in 1896. Mr. Litton was a merchant at Lock Springs for 30 years, but always made his home on a farm. Maria (Barnes) Litton was also a native of Laurel County, Ky. She died in 1910 at the age of 86 years. To Mr. and Mrs. Litton 13 children were born, of whom seven are now living.

J. S. Litton was reared on a farm and educated in the district schools. When a very young man he rented land and carried on general farming and stock raising. He later inherited 40 acres of land. In 1879 he purchased his first farm in Livingston County. Since that time he has bought land from time to time. He purchased his present farm in 1907, on which he has made extensive improvements.

Mr. Litton was married the first time Dec. 27, 1877, to Nancy Ann Bland, a native of Daviess County. She died in 1884, at the age of 22 years. Two children were born to this union: Maria Elizabeth, the wife of Walter Gooman, Chillicothe; Hester, the wife of William Stockesberry, Jackson Township, Daviess County.

Mr. Litton then married the second time in 1889 to Rosa E. Waters, a native of Indiana. To this union eight children have been born, as follows: Bessie May, wife of William Rupe of Livingston County; Nannie Bell, wife of Newton Gibson, Livingston County; John Raymond of Livingston County; Ransome Faye, wife of Clarence Richards, Kansas City, Kan.; Elsie Ellen, at home; Lawrence Speed, at home; Charles Oscar, at home; and Delmar Harold at home. Mr. Litton has 16 grandchildren living.

Mr. Litton is a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Modern Woodmen of America and Eastern Star, is a reliable and substantial member of his community, and a man known for his integrity and progressive ideals.

W. F. Houston, an efficient farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, was born March 20, 1876, near Lock Springs, the son of James and Fredonia Jane (French) Houston.

James H. Houston was born in Jackson Township, Daviess County. He followed farming during his entire life. Mrs. Houston was born in Benton County, Tenn. Both Mr. and Mrs. Houston are now deceased. To James H. Houston and Fredonia Jane (French) Houston two children were born: Ida, the wife of J. S. Hoskins, Comanche, Okla., and W. F., the subject of this sketch.

W. F. Houston grew up on his father's farm in Jackson Township, Daviess County, and was educated in the district schools. He started out for himself in life at the age of 20 years, and later inherited the old home place, where he still resides. Mr. Houston has been unusually successful in general farming and raises high grade stock on his 197 acre farm, which is modern in every respect.

On Feb. 19, 1902, Mr. Houston was married to Bessie McClure, a native of Jackson Township, Daviess County, and daughter of Abraham and Mary Ann (Litton) McClure. To this union three children have been born, as follows: Dortha, the wife of Olen Stephens, Jackson Township, Daviess County; Frank F., at home; and Jewell, at home.

In politics Mr. Houston is a Democrat; he is a member of the Presbyterian Church. He is a stockholder of the Farmers Co-operative Store at Lock Springs. Mr. Houston is a progressive and enterprising citizen who stands high in his community.

William E. Bray, the efficient and well known mayor of Jamesport, was born April 29, 1866, in DeKalb County, a son of Samuel and Mary (Lindley) Bray. Mr. and Mrs. Bray were the parents of 13 children, 11 of whom are now living.

Samuel Bray was born in 1824 near Raleigh, N. C. He was a farmer during his entire life and came to DeKalb County, Mo., in 1859, settling on

a farm in Polk Township. In 1874 he sold out and moved to Maysville, locating south of there on a farm where he resided for 40 years. He then moved to Maysville, where he lived for eight years before his death in 1911. During the Civil War, Mr. Bray was a soldier, having enlisted in DeKalb County, in the Volunteer Infantry. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church. Mrs. Bray was born near Raleigh, N. C., in 1826. She died in 1904, and both she and her husband are buried in the Maysville Cemetery.

William E. Bray grew up on his father's farm and was educated in the public schools and the Maysville High School, later attending the Stansbury Normal and Chillicothe Normal schools. He then taught school for 17 years, and was the principal of the Maysville and Fairport Schools during the last terms of his teaching. Mr. Bray also owned and operated a farm for 20 years. In 1902 he went into the real estate business at Maysville, where he was engaged until 1911, when he removed to Jamesport, and conducted a hardware store there for three years. While in Maysville, Mr. Bray was in partnership with his brother, Ollie Bray, in the hardware and implement business. He is now active in the real estate business in Jamesport, and has been very successful in a great many large land deals. Mr. Bray also owns 160 acres of land in Gove County, Kansas.

Mr. Bray was elected mayor of Jamesport, in 1920. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Royal Arch, Maysville, the Blue Lodge, Jamesport, the Eastern Star of Jamesport, the Knights of Pythias, Yeoman, Modern Woodmen of America, and the R. N. A.

On July 12, 1892, Mr. Bray was married to Martha E. Hart, a native of DeKalb County, and the daughter of N. S. and Mary Jeanette (Van Ausdal) Hart, natives of Preble County, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Hart came to Missouri in 1880 and located in DeKalb County, where Mr. Hart died. He served as county clerk of DeKalb County for four years. Mrs. Hart is now living at Jamesport.

To W. E. and Martha (Hart) Bray eight children have been born, as follows: Hart W., automobile machinist, Kansas City, Mo.; Jeanette, teacher at Jamesport, a graduate of Jamesport High School and one year at the State University, also a year at Warrensburg Normal School; Barbara, the wife of Clyde L. Robinson, Jamesport Township; Virginia, attending Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.; Margaret, stenographer, St. Joseph; Gertrude, attending business college at St. Joseph; Priscilla, a senior at Jamesport High School; Caroline, at home.

Mr. Bray is a member of the Methodist Church, and was superintendent of the Sunday School at Maysville. He has always had high standards

and progressive ideals in civic affairs and therefore, stands high in his community and in Daviess County.

George Dowe Harris, M. D. A physician and surgeon of Jamesport, Mo., who has had unusual success since beginning practice at Jamesport, in 1911, and in 1914 was honored by election to the office of vice president of the Missouri Electric Medical Society. Through his grandparents on both sides, Doctor Harris is identified with pioneer times in northwest Missouri, since the families have lived here 80 years or more, and the first to come had to hew homes out of the wilderness.

George Dowe Harris was born in Grundy County, Mo., Jan. 1, 1884, a son of James P. and Jennie (Anderson) Harris, his father a native of Grundy County, and his mother of Livingston County. The father was the first white child born in Jefferson Township, Daviess County.

James P. Harris, the father of Doctor Harris was born July 22, 1839, on the old farm in Grundy County, and has spent the greater part of his life on the same place. When he was a boy he attended a school supported by subscriptions and kept in a log cabin, which had a fireplace at one end, split slab benches, puncheon floors, and the open space that by courtesy was called a window was covered with greased paper. It was the custom of each pupils' parents to furnish one load of wood, and that wood was prepared and placed in the fireplace by the boy pupils. James P. Harris lived at home with his parents throughout their lives and at their death became one of the heirs to the home place. Mr. Harris was married the first time to Miss Elizabeth Crockett, two children were born to this union, now deceased. His second marriage was to Miss Jennie Anderson, who died shortly after the birth of her only son, Doctor Harris. The third marriage was to a sister of the second wife, Miss Ella Anderson, no children were born to this union. His last wife was Lucenda Coy, she is now living.

The mother of Doctor Harris, Jennie (Anderson) Harris was born in Livingston County, in 1850 and died March 3, 1884. She was the daughter of Geo. W. and Jean (Leeper) Anderson, natives of Kentucky, and were early settlers of northwest Missouri, locating in Livingston County. The family and most of their household goods were conveyed in a covered wagon. During the excitement over the California gold discoveries, Geo. W. Anderson made two trips across the plains with covered wagon and ox team. Before coming to Missouri he was a school teacher in Kentucky, and in Livingston County served for more than 20 years as justice of the peace. He was a farmer by occupation, but never owned any land. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Doctor Harris' grandfather was Jesse Harris, a native of Kentucky, who came to Grundy County, 1836; he was a farmer. Jesse Harris married

Mary, known as Polly Embrey. Mr. Jesse Harris was the father of James P. Harris. Jesse Harris came to this country by wagon and oxen team; he entered a section of Government land in Jefferson Township. This land is now owned by Dr. Harris' father, who inherited it. Both Jesse Harris and his wife belonged to the Baptist Church.

Doctor Harris' great-grandfather was a soldier twice in the Revolutionary War, his name was Richmond Harris, a native of Kentucky. The Harris' ancestors came from Wales to the United States about 1600. Dr. Harris' father was a soldier of the Civil War.

Dr. Harris was reared on a farm and attended the district schools and Chillicothe Normal, Cincinnati Night High School at Cincinnati, Ohio. In 1907 he again entered the Normal School at Chillicothe, and graduated the same year. The following fall he was a student at the Eclectic Medical School of Cincinnati, Ohio, and after two years there he entered a regular school of medicine, the Bennett Medical College of Chicago, where he was graduated with the degree of M. D. in 1911. Prior to his graduation he served as interne in Jefferson Park Hospital at Chicago, his services in that connection altogether being about six months. In July 1911 Doctor Harris returned to Missouri, and located at Jamesport, where he became associated in practice with Dr. Charles Gordon McKinley, under whom he had received his first instructions in medicine. This was one of the best known firms of physicians and surgeons in Daviess County, and they had a large general practice both in Jamesport and in the surrounding country. Dr. McKinley died in 1917.

Doctor Harris has professional associations with the Daviess County Medical Society, the Missouri State Medical Society, the Missouri Eclectic Society, of which he was elected vice president in June 1914, and the National Eclectic Society. He is also serving as a member of the Jamesport Board of Health, and is examiner of several life insurance companies. He is a member of the Baptist church, while in politics he is a Republican, and affiliated with the Masonic Lodge and Knights of Pythias. On December 24, 1911, Doctor Harris was married to Miss Mrytle Sebastian, of Jamesport, a daughter of James E. and Marticia (Ware) Sebastian, her father being a Daviess County farmer. Doctor Harris has one child, Aurand Harris, born July 4, 1915.

J. H. Robinson, a progressive and enterprising young man of King City, Mo., was born Aug. 13, 1898, in Lincoln Township, Daviess County, the son of D. H. and Dora (Freeman) Robinson. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson were the parents of ten children, of whom J. H., the subject of this sketch, was the fifth in order of birth.

J. H. Robinson was reared on a farm and received his education in the public schools of Jamesport. After completing his education, Mr. Robinson returned to his father's farm where he was engaged in assisting his father until he became 18 years of age. In 1907, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson removed to Jamesport Township, Daviess County, purchasing the farm upon which they now reside. After leaving the farm, Mr. Robinson became foreman on the Daviess County Bridge building. In 1918 he resigned and then worked for one year with his father in road grading in various parts of the county, also in Grundy, Livingston, and Harrison counties. After his marriage, Mr. Robinson moved to Jamesport, where he became engaged in the cabinet and carpenter trades. In April, 1922, he came to King City, where he now resides.

On Aug. 17, 1919, Mr. Robinson was married to Mary Fay Wiest, a native of Union Township, Daviess County, and a daughter of Oscar T. and Harriett (Helms) Wiest. Oscar T. Wiest is a native of Pennsylvania and his wife a native of Union Township, Daviess County. They now reside in Gallatin. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson have no children.

Mr. Robinson learned the cabinet making business through study and hard work. He has made some very fine pieces of furniture, among them being a walnut buffet, 60 inches long and 40 inches high. The wood was taken from a residence built about 85 years ago. It is a very attractive piece of furniture, being highly polished and valued at \$100.00.

Mr. Robinson is a Democrat in politics and is a member of the Christian Church at Gallatin. He is well known in his community and one of the leading representative young men of Gentry County.

E. G. Yoell, well known in Gallatin and the surrounding community as a successful real estate, insurance, and farm loan operator, is a native of Illinois, born in Fulton County, Oct. 5, 1875, the son of J. W. and Rillie E. (Beckelheimer) Yoell.

J. W. Yoell was born in Monroe County, and was a man of excellent education. While he was attending college in Quincy, Ill., he met and married Rillie E. Beckelheimer, also a student in the college. Prior to this time Mr. Yoell had been the superintendent of schools at Carthage, Sarcoxie, and Bethany, Mo. Later in his life he began the practice of medicine and located in the city now known as Des Moines, Iowa. He died there, and his widow now lives there. To their union only two children were born: Charles, deceased; and E. G., the subject of this sketch.

E. G. Yoell grew up in Des Moines, Iowa, and graduated from the Des Moines High School. In 1893 he entered the Normal at Chillicothe, Mo., and was a student in that institution for two years. Following the com-

pletion of his college work, he entered the real estate business in Iowa. He worked for the railway for a time, and then went to Maysville, Mo., where he opened a real estate office, which he operated for three years. In 1907 he came to Gallatin, and went into a partnership in the Hull and Phares Real Estate Office. In 1909 he opened an office for himself in the First National Bank Building and has established an excellent business.

Mr. Yoell was married Sept. 24, 1906 to Cora W. Woodward, born near McFall, the daughter of G. F. E. and Mary Ellen (Steele) Woodward. Mr. and Mrs. Woodward were early settlers of Daviess County and are both now dead.

Mr. Yoell is a Republican in politics, is identified with the Methodist Church, and is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Royal Arch, the Chapter, and the Order of the Eastern Star lodges. He is a substantial member of the community, a man of keen business intelligence, and of marked capacity for success.

W. A. Johnson, a retired farmer of Daviess County and a veteran of the Civil War, is now living in Union Township, Daviess County, with his son, Phillip M. Johnson.

Mr. Johnson was born on a farm, Sept. 5, 1830, in Rappahannock County, Va., the son of David and Frances (Huff) Johnson. They were the parents of nine children, two of whom are now living; W. A., the subject of this sketch; and E. M., Paola, Kan.

David Johnson was born in Virginia in 1806. He carried on general farming during his life, removing to Daviess County, in 1858, where he located on a farm now owned by his grandson, Phillip Johnson. His wife, Frances (Huff) Johnson was also born in Virginia in 1806. She died in 1894, and her husband died in 1887 in Daviess County. They are both buried in the Johnson Cemetery in Union Township, Daviess County, which was owned by David Johnson.

W. A. Johnson removed to Daviess County two years before his parents made the trip. He drove from Green County, Ohio, to Missouri. Upon his arrival there he erected a log cabin on heavy timber land, which he cut and cleared himself. Hamilton, Mo., was the first railroad trading post in that section when Mr. Johnson came to Missouri. He located on a farm in Grand River Township, Daviess County, and five years later moved to Union Township. During the Civil War Mr. Johnson served for eight months.

Oct. 7, 1851, Mr. Johnson was married in Virginia to Mary Yates, who was born in 1820. She died in 1888. To this union seven children were born, one of whom died in infancy. The others are as follows: James W., Gilman City; Phillip M., Union Township, Daviess County; Garrette, Gal-



W. A. JOHNSON

latin; David G., California; Lucy, deceased; Belle, the wife of Lewis Hitchcock, Washington. Phillip M. Johnson was married in 1882 to Lucy Cornell, a native of Worth County. Four children have been born to this union as follows: Charles L., Union Township, Daviess County; Virgil P., Grand River Township, Daviess County; George W., banker, Jameson; Mary, the wife of Marion Pags, Monroe Township, Daviess County.

W. A. Johnson has been retired for a number of years, but is still very active. He thinks nothing of walking five miles a day, and derives great pleasure from fishing. In politics Mr. Johnson is a Democrat, and he is a member of the Methodist Church. To men such as Mr. Johnson we today owe much. They braved the dangers of frontier life and, by their work, made possible the industrial and civic growth that have built up Daviess County.

Dr. J. N. Barger, a prominent physician and surgeon of Albany, Mo., was born Nov. 22, 1873, in New Hampton, the son of Alexander and Nancy Jane (Mowery) Barger.

Alexander Barger was born in Breckenbridge County, Ky., April 28, 1842, and was one of the pioneer settlers of Harrison County, Mo. During the Civil War, Mr. Barger enlisted in the militia and was a captain in Harvey Lynch's regiment. He was engaged in farming after the war, and died in 1920. His wife was born in Casey County, Ky., in 1842.

Dr. J. N. Barger was reared on his father's farm. He attended the district schools, and later the University of Kansas City, known as the Kansas University. He studied medicine and was graduated from there in April, 1898. Dr. Barger began his practice in Lone Star, Mo., and later in Darlington. In 1909, he came to Albany, where he has since practiced. He has served in the capacity of coroner and county and city physician. Dr. Barger belongs to the American Medical Association and the Missouri Valley Medical Association. He is now examining physician for pensions.

In 1896, Dr. Barger was married the first time to Nettie Carter, who was born in 1876 in Gentry County, and died in 1903. To this union one child was born, Edythe, now deputy county clerk. She was educated in the Albany High School and Palmer College, after which she became book-keeper in the First National Bank of Albany. Miss Barger held this position for three years, after which she was appointed deputy county clerk.

Dr. Barger was married the second time to Ruby Pearl Cravens, a native of Kentucky. No children have been born to this union.

In 1906 Dr. Barger assisted in organizing the Gentry County Medical Association, and during the same year he was president of the 3rd District

of the Missouri State Medical Association. During the World War, Dr. Barger was one of the physicians on the registration board in the local district.

Doctor Barger has one of the finest practices of his profession in the county. He is a skilled physician and deserving of the rapid progress he has made in his work. He also owns 100 acres of land in Athens and Howard Townships. Doctor Barger owned the first automobile in Gentry County, known at that time as the Rambler make of car.

Doctor Barger is a Knight Templar and Royal Arch Mason and a member of the Eagles. In politics he is a Democrat. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church and is known in his community as an upright and reliable citizen and an able physician.

Penn Love, a well known citizen of Gallitan, Daviess County, was born at Trenton, Dec. 1, 1874. His parents were S. H. and Elizabeth (Dillon) Love.

S. H. Love was a native of Indiana. He taught school for a time in his youth, engaged in mercantile pursuits in Missouri, and for the last 35 years of his life was the manager of the T. W. Ballew Lumber Yard at Trenton. He died in December, 1915. His widow, Elizabeth (Dillon) Love, now lives at Jefferson City, where she is superintendent of the governor's mansion.

Penn Love was reared at Trenton, where he attended the public schools. In 1893 became connected with the Trenton Electric Light Company as a student of the business. Two years later he became the manager of the Trenton Telephone Company. He held that position until 1896, when that company was consolidated with the Gas and Electric Light Works of Trenton. Mr. Love then became the manager of the enterprise known as the Trenton Gas and Light Company. In 1898 he went to Chickasha, Okla., where he was connected with the telephone business. In 1900 he located at Gallatin, and bought the Gallatin Telephone Company. He found 128 telephones when he bought the business, and, when he sold it to E. O. Turner on Oct. 1, 1921, he left a flourishing business of 900 telephones. Besides his interest in the telephone business, Mr. Love acted as manager of the Gallatin Electric Light Plant from April 7, 1904 to July, 1914.

On April 7, 1904, Mr. Love was married to Vennie Gillihan. Mrs. Love was born at Gallatin, the daughter of Judge W. C. and Mary Jane (Brosius) Gillihan. Mr. and Mrs. Gillihan now live at Gallatin. Mr. and Mrs. Love had three children born to their union; Mary Elizabeth, Penelope, and Penn, Jr., who died at the age of two years.

Mr. Love is an independent voter in politics. In 1916 he was elected mayor of Gallatin on the Republican ticket, and filled that office with

marked efficiency for two years. During his term of office, many of the sidewalks were improved. Mr. Love was one of the patriotic men who devoted most of his time to war work during the period of the World War. He helped to organize the Red Cross in Daviess County, and acted as the county chairman of that organization. He was also the chairman for the Allied War Funds Association during the year 1918. He is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, and the Modern Woodmen of America lodges. He is a man who has been prominent in local affairs, and has the high regard of his community.

W. T. Lay, a retired farmer of Caldwell County now living north of Hamilton, Mo., is one of the pioneers of Daviess County. He was born Nov. 4, 1866, in Monroe Township, Daviess County, a son of John L. and Nancy J. (Cunningham) Lay. Mr. and Mrs. Lay were the parents of three children: W. T., the subject of this sketch; Oura, now residing on the old home place in Monroe Township, Daviess County; Bessie, also living at home.

John L. Lay was born in Tennessee in 1836. He came to Daviess County before the Civil War, and was a farmer during his entire life. At the time of his death, in 1919, he was the owner of 500 acres of land in Monroe and Harrison Townships. Nancy J. (Cunningham) Lay was born in Daviess County, Nov. 1, 1844. She died Jan. 5, 1918. Mr. Lay was a Republican.

W. T. Lay received his education in the district schools, and received practical training in farm management and work on his father's farm. After his marriage in 1899, Mr. Lay bought 190 acres of land which he improved and lived on for 16 years. He then purchased 78 acres, which he rented for four or five years. After selling his 190 acres in 1918, he moved to Hamilton, Mo., where he has since made his home. His farm near Hamilton contains 15 acres, and his wife owns 160 acres of land in Monroe Township.

Nov. 22, 1899, Mr. Lay was married to Nitha T. Cox, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of Samuel and Lucy M. (Railsback) Cox. Mr. and Mrs. Cox were natives of Kentucky who came to Missouri when they were children and located in Monroe Township, Daviess County. Mr. Cox was a farmer during his entire life. He was born Feb. 13, 1837, in Knox County, Ky., and came to Daviess County in 1842 with his parents, Levi and Sophia (Parker) Cox, natives of Kentucky. When they made the trip it required three months, and they came in wagons. Mrs. Cox was born June 28, 1845, in Hamilton, Mo. Mr. Cox died May 11, 1917. They were the parents of three children, as follows: Mrs. W. T. Lay; Vader Cox,

Caldwell County; Pearl, the wife of A. D. Campbell, now deceased. Mr. Cox was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and a member of the Christian Church. He was a Republican.

Mr. Cox was a soldier during the Civil War, having enlisted from Daviess County, in the 7th Missouri Cavalry. He served three years and six months, and was wounded. He was also a prisoner of war for eight months at Tyler, Texas.

Mrs. Lay was educated in the schools of Gallatin, and the Kidder Institute. She taught four years in the Kidder Institute in the bookkeeping and shorthand departments, as well as literary department. She also taught for nine years in the district schools before teaching in Kidder Institute.

Mr. and Mrs. Lay are the parents of two children: Ada, at home; and Cuma, attending high school and living at home.

Mr. Lay is a Republican and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a reliable citizen, and was able to build up a successful farming business by his integrity and progressive methods.

Daniel Railsback, a prominent farmer and stockman of Monroe Township, and owner of 80 acres of well improved land, was born July 2, 1854, in Estill County, Ky., a son of David and Martha E. (Tuggle) Railsback.

David Railsback was born May 8, 1808. His place of birth is unknown. He began work at the age of eight years on a farm. In 1857 he came from Kentucky to Monroe Township, Daviess County, and the following year moved to Caldwell County. Some time later he returned to Daviess County. Mr. Railsback was married the first time to Mary Vaughn, Jan. 27, 1826, and to this union five children were born. Martha E. (Tuggle) Railsback, mother of Daniel Railsback, was married first to William Smith, and to this union five children were born. Mr. and Mrs. Railsback were the parents of three children, as follows: Richard, deceased; Lucy, the wife of Samuel Cox; Daniel, the subject of this sketch. Mrs. Railsback was born Sept. 30, 1812, in Kentucky, and died June 7, 1882. Mr. Railsback died Jan. 30, 1887, in Monroe Township.

Daniel Railsback was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and was educated in the district schools, having attended school in a log cabin. He began farming for himself when about 24 years of age, renting some of his father's land. In 1896 he purchased his present farm of 80 acres, upon which he has made extensive improvements.

June 16, 1886, Mr. Railsback was married to Mary E. Black, a daughter of John and Rachel (McGarvin) Black, natives of Kentucky and Daviess County, Mo. Mrs. Railsback was born in Sheridan Township. Mr. Black is deceased, and his wife is living in Kansas.

To Mr. and Mrs. Railsback three children have been born: Nora, the wife of Herbert Connor, Caldwell County, who are the parents of two children, Lloyd and Pauline; Nitha, the wife of Ott Pearse, Caldwell County; and John, at home.

Mr. Railsback is a Democrat, and has served on the school board of Monroe Township. He is now a member of the Township Board. He has also been a justice of the peace. Mr. Railsback is a member of the Christian Church and one of the enterprising farmers and stockman of his community.

Charles L. Downing, deceased, was a native of Monroe Township, born March 15, 1855, a son of Pohatan and Hannah (Gilbert) Downing. Both Mr. and Mrs. Downing were natives of Kentucky who removed to Missouri at a very early date, settling in Daviess County. They were the parents of five children, all of whom are deceased.

Charles L. Downing was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. He carried on general farming during his entire life and was successful in his work.

Mr. Downing was married the first time to Thusa Richardson, and to this union one child was born: Virgie, now the wife of Roy Whitt of Monroe Township. After his wife's death, Mr. Downing later married Thusa C. Culver on March 15, 1898. She is a native of Monroe Township, and a daughter of James and Mary (Gillhan) Culver, natives of Ohio and Arkansas. Mr. and Mrs. Culver were among the pioneer settlers of Daviess County.

At the time of his death, Jan. 7, 1921, Mr. Downing was the owner of 333 acres of land in Monroe Township. Mrs. Downing now owns 120 acres in that Township, where she resides.

Mr. Downing was a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He was industrious, earnest and sincere. He merited the high regard in which he was held by the community.

James M. O'Toole, a leading farmer and stockman of Union Township, was born June 30, 1886, in Monroe Township, Daviess County, a son of John and Virginia (Tuggle) O'Toole.

John O'Toole was born in Ireland, but was brought to this country when six months of age by his parents, who settled in St. Louis. When he was six years old, his parents moved to Daviess County, and settled on a farm. During his early life Mr. O'Toole was a railroader, and was an overseer on section work, etc. Later he engaged in farming in Monroe Township. In 1905 he retired and removed to Colorado for his health. He also was interested in the gold fields there. Since that time he has made his home there.

Mrs. O'Toole was born in Daviess County, and is a daughter of John and Maria (Hemery) Tuggle. Mrs. O'Toole now makes her home in Cameron, and is the owner of 320 acres of land in Monroe Township.

To John O'Toole and Virginia (Tuggle) O'Toole nine children were born, as follows: William, California; Myrtle, the wife of Dennis Moran, Caldwell County; Maud, the wife of P. J. Kelly, Houston, Tex.; James M., the subject of this sketch; Maria, the wife of Ed Foley, Monroe Township; Sarah, the wife of George Mabry, Los Angeles; Thomas, Kansas City, Mo.; Lettie, the wife of Marion Place, Cameron; Mary Florence, living with her mother in Cameron.

James M. O'Toole was brought up on a farm and educated in the district schools. He helped on his father's farm until he was 23 years old. After his marriage he rented land in Colorado for one year, after which he returned to Daviess County, and purchased 32 acres in Monroe Township. He made extensive improvements on the land and sold it in 1914. He then rented land from his mother for five years. He purchased the D. D. Heaston farm in 1918, which is located a mile east of Gallatin. Here he has made his home, having made many improvements. Mr. O'Toole raises Spotted Poland China hogs, and has a dairy herd of 14 cows, in which business he has been very successful. He owns 180 acres of good land in Union Township.

Feb. 9, 1910, James M. O'Toole was married to Orlie D. Green, a daughter of W. H. and Mina (Biddle) Green, natives of Monroe Township, and Butler County, Ohio. Mrs. O'Toole was born Dec. 28, 1890 in Monroe Township. Both Mr. and Mrs. Green are now deceased. They were the parents of nine children, six of whom are now living.

To Mr. and Mrs. O'Toole one child has been born, James W., born Nov. 13, 1913, and living at home. Mr. O'Toole is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. and Mrs. O'Toole are well known in Gallatin and Union Township and have many friends.

O. S. Youtsey, a well known farmer and stockman and owner of 80 acres of land in Union Township, Daviess County, was born May 24, 1852, in Union Township, a son of A. S. and Maria E. (George) Youtsey.

O. S. Youtsey was the second of 14 children born to A. S. and Maria E. Youtsey. He was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. He remained on his father's farm until he was 24 years of age, when he moved to his present farm in Union Township, which he purchased and improved extensively.

Mr. Youtsey was married in 1877 to Medora Mitchell, a native of Union Township. She died the same year of their marriage. In May, 1879, Mr.

Youtsey was married to Mary E. Johnson, a native of Grand River Township, and daughter of Levi and Sarah (Brown) Johnson, natives of Illinois and Indiana. They had lived in Missouri since they were very small children. They both died several years ago. They had two children besides Mrs. Youtsey; Robert and John, both residing in Cherryvale, Kan.

Mr. Youtsey is a Democrat and served on the school board for 12 years and is now clerk. He is a member of the Baptist Church, and one of the substantial and highly respected citizens of Daviess County.

E. B. Day, manager of the Farmers Mercantile Company of Lock Springs, Mo., was born in Callaway County, Mo., Dec. 6, 1877, the son of S. H. and Maggie (Fitzgerald) Day, natives of Callaway and Livingston Counties. S. H. Day is deceased and his widow lives in Jefferson City. To Mr. and Mrs. Day nine children were born, of whom two are deceased.

E. B. Day was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools and attended the Fulton High School, from which he was graduated in 1895. He then farmed for one year. Following this he served as an apprentice in the blacksmith, machinist and carpenter trades, and worked at them all for a time. In 1901 Mr. Day came to Lock Springs, Mo., and worked for the Daviess Burnt Clay Company, and four years later he conducted a blacksmith shop of his own. He also did contracting work, building residences at Lock Springs.

In 1914 Mr. Day entered the Rahe Auto School at Kansas City, Mo. After being graduated from the course he worked at the business for about a year. He then conducted a meat market and restaurant at Lock Springs. Feb. 1, 1921, he became manager of the Farmers Mercantile Company of Lock Springs, which position he now holds.

Mr. Day was married the first time in 1899 to Emela Reifsteck, who was born in Callaway County. She died Feb. 7, 1917. No children were born to this union. On Feb. 10, 1918, Mr. Day was married to Bessie Buchanan, daughter of J. A. and Mary Buchanan. She was born in Virginia but was brought up on a farm in Livingston County, Mo. She is a graduate of Lock Springs High School, and clerked for several years in different general merchandise stores in Lock Springs. Her mother died on the farm and her father died at Lock Springs. Mr. and Mrs. Day have two children, Edmond, Jr., and Bethe Sue, both at home.

Mr. Day is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. He is a member of the Masons, Gallatin Chapter, the Independent Order of Fellows, and the Modern Woodmen of America. Mr. Day has held the office of Master of the Lock Springs Masons Lodge three different times. He

retired from the office in January, 1922, and is a highly respected citizen of the community.

The Day family originally came from Virginia and were among the early settlers of Callaway County, Mo.

George R. Gay, an enterprising farmer and stockman of Jamesport Township, was born in Daviess County, June 14, 1866, and is a son of James and Anna F. (Gillilian) Gay.

James Gay was a native of Greenbrier County, W. Va., and came to Daviess County with his parents when a young man. He became a leading farmer and stockman of Jamesport Township, and was a widely known breeder of high grade stock. Mr. Gay owned 720 acres of land. During the Civil War, he enlisted from Missouri and served for almost two years. He is now deceased, and is buried in the Odd Fellows Cemetery of Jamesport. James Day and wife were the parents of the following children: Mary, the wife of Worth Miller, farmer, Jamesport Township; George R., the subject of this sketch; Minnie, the wife of O. R. Nickell, farmer, Jamesport Township; Eva, the wife of Isaac Haines, farmer and stockman, Jamesport Township; Nathan, living with his mother in Jamesport Township; Robert; and James, a farmer, Jamesport Township.

George R. Gay grew up on his father's farm in Jamesport Township, and received his education in the district schools. He began farming on his father's farm, where he remained until 1890, when he purchased his present farm of 201 acres. Mr. Gay has a very fine stock farm and he is well known as a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. He has a modern two story residence and good barns.

On Sept. 15, 1889, Mr. Gay married Liddia M. Bear, a native of Jamesport Township, and a daughter of George and Ageline (Seat) Bear. Mr. and Mrs. Bear were the parents of six children, as follows: Sylvester, Jamesport Township, Mollie Mary, deceased; Cassie, the wife of Jasper Neitherton, retired farmer, Gilman City; George Henry, address unknown; A. I., the wife of S. Huffman, retired farmer, Trenton; and Mrs. Gay. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bear are deceased, and are buried in Pilot Grove Cemetery. To George R., and Liddia (Bear) Gay, seven children were born, as follows: Claude, deceased; O. L., farming with his father; Laura, the wife of Orville Wells, Grand River Township, Daviess County; Onna, deceased; Lila, deceased; Victor, deceased; the seventh child died in infancy. Mrs. Gay died March 29, 1918, and is buried in Pilot Grove Cemetery, No. 2.

In politics Mr. Gay is a staunch Democrat. He is a member of the Modern Woodman of the World. He is well known throughout the county



GEORGE R. GAY

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for his progressive ideas and he and his family are highly respected citizens.

Thomas J. Edwards, one of the successful farmers and stock raisers of Jackson Township, Daviess County, was born Oct. 4, 1862, in Clark County, Iowa, a son of Thomas and Sarah (Hatfield) Edwards.

Thomas Edwards was born in Claiborne County, Tenn., Feb. 22, 1816. He carried on general farming during his entire life and at one time owned a distillery in Tennessee. In 1844 he removed to Iowa, where he lived in three different counties. Later, in 1864, he came to Missouri, settling in Livingston County, where he remained for one year, after which he moved to Daviess County, where he died July 6, 1887. During the Civil War, Mr. Edwards was a soldier in the Confederate Army for 90 days. He was a deacon of the Baptist Church and a member of the Masonic Lodge. In politics Mr. Edwards was a Democrat. Mrs. Edwards was born April 18, 1818, in Hancock County, Tenn., and died April 12, 1904. To Thomas and Sarah (Hatfield) Edwards 12 children were born, seven of whom are now living. A brother of Thomas J. Edwards now residing in Jamesport, Mo., is 82 years of age.

Thomas J. Edwards was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools, for a time he taught school as a substitute. He then engaged in farming and stock-raising. Mr. Edwards inherited his father's farm of 80 acres of land in Jackson Township, Daviess County, where he lived with his sister, Catherine. He is unmarried.

Mr. Edwards is a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle, and has made many exhibits at Jamesport, Mo., of some of the finest pure breeds in this section of the country. He is the breeder of a two thousand pound Shorthorn cow, and the name of his herd leader is "Count Edward."

Mr. Edward is a Democrat and a member of the Masonic Lodge and has been the Deputy Head Council of the Modern Woodmen of America for 15 years. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. Edward is an enterprising farmer and a leader in the affairs of the community.

E. H. Greenwood, prominent farmer and stockman of Jackson Township, Daviess County, and owner of 140 acres of well improved river bottom land, was born in Caldwell County, Mo., Sept. 29, 1868, a son of Joseph and Caroline J. (Herbert) Greenwood.

Joseph Greenwood was born in Indiana, Sept. 19, 1844, and is now living with his daughter, Mrs. Campbell, in Caldwell County. He came to Caldwell County when about nine years of age. He enlisted during the Civil War, in Caldwell County. His wife, Carolina Greenwood was born

in Harrison Township, Daviess County. She died a number of years ago. Mr. and Mrs. Greenwood were the parents of seven children, two of whom died in infancy. The others are as follows: E. H., the subject of this sketch; William, Livingston County; Thomas, Caldwell County; Chas. S., attorney, teacher and farmer. He is now superintendent of the Consolidated School at Sampsel, Mo.; Mary, the wife of Claude Campbell, Caldwell County.

E. H. Greenwood was reared on his father's farm, and was educated in the district schools and attended the Chillicothe Normal School and the State University. He began teaching when 20 years old, and taught for ten years. He taught two terms in the Clear Creek District and was principal at Mooreville, Nettleton, and Lock Springs. In 1904, Mr. Greenwood bought his present farm and has lived there since. Before purchasing this land Mr. Greenwood had lived for seven years near Breckenbridge, and a year and a half in California.

Mr. Greenwood was married the first time to Nellie Encell, daughter of Chas. K. and Drydan (Wood) Encell, born in Illinois. Mrs. Greenwood died in California in 1915, at the age of 43 years. Mr. and Mrs. Greenwood were the parents of one child, Harold Edmond. Mr. Greenwood then married Mrs. Dora (Brown) Newsome, a native of Illinois. Harold Greenwood makes his home with his father and is married to Elnora Will. They are the parents of three children, as follows: Edmond H., Charles N., and David E.

Mr. Greenwood is a Republican and has very capably filled the office of township trustee of Harrison Township, where he resided for seven years. He is a member of the Christian Church, and a member of the Knights of Pythias. The Greenwood family are well known and among the substantial citizens of Jackson Township.

Dr. Charles Pipkin, a well known and successful physician and surgeon of Jamesport, was born Sept. 4, 1847, in Hillsboro, Jefferson County, Mo., a son of Judge Phillip and Sallie (Parke) Pipkin. To Judge Phillip and Sallie (Parke) Pipkin six children were born, two of whom are now living; William M., Boise, Idaho, a retired miner. During the Civil War he resigned from the navy to go into the Confederate Army, and served throughout the entire war. He also enlisted during the Spanish American War with some Idaho troops. Charles Pipkin, the subject of this sketch is the only other son now living.

Judge Phillip Pipkin was born in Davidson County, Tenn., and came to Missouri with his parents in 1835. They settled in St. Louis, on the spot where the Anheuser-Busch Brewery now stands. Judge Pipkin was at

various times a member of the Legislature and was a member of two constitutional conventions. He was a Democrat. His father, Phillip Pipkin, commanded a Tennessee regiment of volunteer infantry under Andrew Jackson during the Seminole War and also under Jackson at New Orleans. The Pipkin family has always been very prominent in the affairs of the county in which they live. Mrs. Pipkin was born in St. Louis. After her death, Judge Pipkin was married to Sophia B. Thomas, a native of Jefferson County, Mo. To this union four children were born, as follows: J. Wilton, Omaha, Neb.; Emily P. Simmons, Macon, Mo.; Della E., deceased; Merrill, attorney, living at Mimia, Okla. Judge Pipkin died in Farmington, Mo.

Dr. Charles Pipkin was reared on a farm and was educated in the district schools and attended Arcadia Seminary. After completing his education, he was engaged in farming with his father. They erected a log cabin, split rails, and underwent the other hardships of those early days. In 1867, Dr. Pipkin entered the Missouri Medical College and was graduated in March, 1870. He began practicing medicine at Hillsboro, and in 1880 removed to Jamestown, where he practiced for 20 years. He then practiced for ten years at Gallatin. After this he went to Kansas City, Mo., to take his son's place who was a physician in a hospital there. Four years later Dr. Pipkin moved to Jamesport Township, Daviess County, where he has since resided. He still does some medical work but has practically retired. For some time he was coroner of Jefferson County.

Doctor Pipkin was married Nov. 28, 1872, to Mary Frances Garrett, a daughter of George H. and Ann (Pratt) Garrett, natives of Pennsylvania and England. Mrs. Pipkin was born Aug. 9, 1852, in St. Louis. To this union six children were born, as follows: George P., physician and surgeon, superintendent of the Minnequa Hospital, Pueblo, Colo.; Charles M., in the publicity department of the Stock Yards, Kansas City; Bertha C., deceased, was the wife of W. T. Hutchison; Mary, deceased; Robert G., deceased; Lois, deceased. Dr. Pipkin has seven grandchildren.

Dr. Pipkin is a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Royal Arch, Gallatin, and the Eastern Star. Dr. Pipkin has been very prominent in his profession and is really a remarkable gentleman. He is one of the four oldest physicians now living in Daviess County, and stands high in the community.

W. E. Jenkins, well known retired farmer of Jamesport Township, Daviess County, was born July 27, 1844, in Highland County, Ohio, the son of Elections and Rachael (Crum) Jenkins. They were the parents of

three children, of whom W. E., the subject of this sketch, was the oldest, and is now the only survivor.

Elections Jenkins was born in Adams County, Ohio, in 1815. During his entire life he was a farmer and in 1855 he removed from Ohio to Grundy County, Mo. He lived at Jamesport from 1869 until his death in 1882. At the time of his death, Mr. Jenkins owned 120 acres of land two miles east of Jamesport. The Jenkins family dates back to Virginia and can be traced to the sixteenth century in Germany and England. Rachael (Crum) Jenkins was born in Virginia in 1819. She died soon after the death of her husband in Jamesport. They were both members of the Methodist Church.

W. E. Jenkins was reared on his father's farm in Ohio. During the Civil War he enlisted at Chillicothe, Mo., in March, 1863, in the 11th Missouri Volunteer Cavalry. In July, 1864 he reenlisted in the 43rd Missouri Volunteer Infantry. He took part in many skirmishes in Missouri in the western division. After the war, Mr. Jenkins went into partnership with I. H. Jones, in the grocery business, and they also had the postoffice and Mr. Jenkins served as deputy. In 1872, Mr. Jenkins began farming his 80 acres of land in Jamesport Township, which he farmed until 1910, when he retired and moved to Jamesport. He now owns 120 acres in Jamesport Township.

On Jan. 4, 1872, Mr. Jenkins was married to Caroline Drummond, a daughter of J. P. and Sidney (Nickell) Drummond. Mrs. Jenkins was born June 26, 1851, in Daviess County. To W. E. and Caroline (Drummond) Jenkins seven children were born, two of whom are deceased. The others are: Velma, the wife of Lon Hines, Jackson Township; Elizabeth P., the wife of Farley Burge, Jackson Township; William, Jackson Township; James E., Grand River Township; LeRoy, born Jan. 12, 1890, a mile east of Jamesport, educated in Jamesport and Gallatin Academy. He worked on the farm with his father for three years. He then went into the hardware business with O. L. Gildow in 1915. He enlisted during the World War at Kansas City, Mo., and was sent to Chicago, Ill., and later to Camp Joseph E. Johnson at Jacksonville, Fla. Seven months later he went to Newport News, Va., and was stationed with a Motor Supply Train No. 413. He sailed for overseas and was assigned to the Third Corps Headquarters, later to the Fourth Corps. Mr. Jenkins was engaged in the Saint Mihiel battle, Meuse-Argonne drive and others. During the entire time Mr. Jenkins drove a motor truck. After the war, he was sent with the Army of Occupation to Coblenz, Germany. He spent two months in the company office as clerk while on occupation duty. June 23, 1919, he left Germany

and went to Brest, France, sailing for Hoboken, N. Y., on June 30, 1919. He was mustered out of service July 19, 1919, at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky. Mr. Jenkins is now engaged in the hardware and implement business at Jamesport.

W. E. Jenkins is a Republican and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic Post at Trenton. He is a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. Jenkins is one of the substantial citizens of this county and has a host of friends.

W. T. Caraway, an efficient farmer and stockman of Jamesport Township, Daviess County, and owner of 250 acres of well improved land, was born May 25, 1858, in Grand River Township, Daviess County, the son of Joseph P. and Mary (Kipper) Caraway.

Joseph P. Caraway was born in Greenbrier, W. Va. In 1837 he purchased land in Jamesport and Grand River Townships. On the trip from Virginia to Missouri he rode horseback. To Joseph P. and Mary (Kipper) Caraway eight children were born, of whom five are now living, as follows: Rebecca, the widow of Ed Wynne, Gallatin; Margaret, Gallatin; W. T., the subject of this sketch; John A., Gallatin; George, Jamesport Township. After the death of his first wife, Mr. Caraway was married to Rebecca McNeil, a native of Ohio, and to this union three children were born, one of whom is now living, Eliza, the wife of Minor Wynne, Grand River Township. Mr. Caraway died in 1892.

W. T. Caraway was reared on the farm and educated in the district schools. He then worked by the month, receiving \$15.00 per month. While working for this small wage he learned the carpenter trade under John McNeel. He worked at this trade for seven years. In 1885, Mr. Caraway began farming, purchasing 48 acres of land in Jackson Township. From time to time he added to his land holdings and now owns land in four different townships. In 1921 he moved to his present location in Jamesport Township, where he has made extensive improvements. Mr. Caraway carries very high grade stock on his farm and is well known throughout Daviess County as a substantial farmer and stockman.

On Aug. 16, 1883, Mr. Caraway was married to Sallie M. McClung, a native of Jamesport Township, and a daughter of E. C. and Elizabeth C. (Ray) McClung, natives of Virginia and early settlers of Daviess County. To W. T. and Sallie (McClung) Caraway three children have been born, as follows: Harley, farming the home place; Marvin, Jackson Township; and Orville, at home. Harley and Marvin are twins. Mr. Caraway has two grandchildren; Irvin and John, the children of Orville and Ada (Nichols) Caraway. Ada (Nichols) Caraway is deceased.

Mr. Caraway is a Democrat, a member of the Methodist Church, and a trustee of Grand River Township. He is a progressive farmer and a public spirited citizen. He and his family are among the leading citizens of the county.

James C. Hill, a retired merchant and farmer of Jamesport, now enjoying the freedom from active business cares, was born April 13, 1842, in Jamesport Township, then known as Grand River Township, Daviess County. He is the son of Richard and Anna (Gillilan) Hill.

Richard Hill was born in Pocahontas County, W. Va., and came to Daviess County, Mo., in 1835, locating on a farm 2½ miles west of Jamesport. Anna (Gilliland) Hill was born in Greenbrier County, W. Va., and died at the old homestead in Daviess County. They were the parents of five children, of whom James C., the subject of this sketch, is the only son living. He has a sister, Mrs. Mary Thompson, residing in Jamesport. Richard Hill was married the second time to Agnes Miller, and to this union three children were born, a son, Buchanan Hill, now lives in Wyoming. Both Mr. Hill and his second wife, Agnes Miller, died in Elmwood, Kan.

James C. Hill was the first white child born in Grand River Township. He was reared on a farm and enlisted during the Civil War from Daviess County. He served a little less than a year. After the war he purchased 40 acres of land in Grundy County, Mo., which he later sold, removing to Jamesport where he has resided for the past 25 years. From 1880 to 1883, Mr. Hill conducted a hardware store at Winston, after which he came to Jamesport, where he engaged in the hotel business. He and his wife conducted a hotel there for 17 years, when Mr. Hill retired. Before coming to Jamesport he was engaged in the hotel business for short periods of time in Braymer, Spickard, and Pattonsburg.

On Oct. 27, 1874, Mr. Hill was married to Mattie Coulson, a native of Gallatin, born two miles south of the city. She is the daughter of Judge John D. and Mary (Lewis) Coulson, natives of Tennessee and Virginia, and pioneer settlers of Daviess County. To James C. and Mattie (Coulson) Hill seven children were born, four of whom are now living, as follows: Mary Ann, the wife of Elwood Morrison, St. Joseph; John R., Concordia, Kan.; Addie, the wife of James Callison, Jackson Township; and Fay, the wife of Boyd Chamberlain, Gallatin.

Mr. Hill is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church South. He has been an energetic and industrious man and a highly esteemed citizen.

R. E. Maupin, a prominent and successful business man of Pattonsburg, Mo., was born Oct. 8, 1865, in Monroe County, Mo., a son of L. D. and Elizabeth (Moore) Maupin.

L. D. Maupin was born in Virginia and was one of the pioneer settlers of Missouri. He was a carpenter and contractor by trade. Mr. and Mrs. Maupin were the parents of the following children: Susan, deceased, was the wife of John Hamilton, attorney at Huntsville, Mo.; A. N., Sedalia, Mo.; Nannie, the widow of M. H. Morris, Sedalia, Mo.; Joseph, living retired in Sedalia, Mo.; Minnie, the wife of T. A. Mitchell, farmer and stockman of Sedalia, Mo.; Lillie, the wife of A. B. Armstrong, superintendent of schools in Wartrace, Tenn.; Dollie, the wife of W. B. Austin, dentist, Huntsville, Mo.; and R. E., the subject of this sketch. Mrs. Maupin died in 1882 and her husband died in 1907. They are both buried in the Holliday Cemetery, Monroe County, Mo. Mr. Maupin was a member of the Masonic Lodge and a Democrat. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

R. E. Maupin was reared in Missouri and attended the public schools. He was graduated from the St. Louis School of Pharmacy in 1888, following which he opened a drug store in Pattonsburg, Mo., on July 10, 1888. Mr. Maupin was in the drug business until 1914. He was elected president of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank and has been active in the bank since 1896. Mr. Maupin served as school director for one year and was secretary of the Pattonsburg Fair Association for 15 years. He is Past Master of the Masonic Lodge, No. 65, and Past High Priest of Gallatin Royal Arch Chapter No. 11, and also District Grand Master of Daviess, DeKalb, Grundy and Gentry Counties.

On Nov. 21, 1888, Mr. Maupin married Lulu E. Grant, a native of Missouri, and daughter of T. J. and Elizabeth (Fields) Grant. T. J. Grant was a native of Kentucky. He came to Missouri in the early days, settling in Monroe County, and later in Randolph County. Mr. Grant was one of the largest land holders of the county, and was a prominent stockman. He was a well known breeder of mules, driving 300 head at one time to New Orleans, La. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge, and belonged to the Christian Church. Mr. Grant died in 1902, and his wife died in 1900. They were buried in Moberly, Mo. They were the parents of the following children: James T., deceased; Charles, deceased; Anna, the wife of Charles Ragsdale, farmer and stockman, Renick, Mo.; and Mrs. Maupin. To R. E. and Lulu E. (Grant) Maupin five children have been born, as follows: Lucile, attended the grade and high schools of Pattonsburg, and was also graduated from the Christian College of Columbia, Mo. She is now the wife of Omer Gurthlet, residing in Oklahoma; Golden, the wife of T. L.

Smart, clothing merchant of Pattonsburg, Mo.; and R. G., assistant cashier of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank; Curtman, served during the World War, now in the real estate business in Pattonsburg; and Ellen K., attending school.

Mr. Maupin has an extensive acquaintance in Daviess County and stands high in the community.

The Pattonsburg Savings Bank was organized in 1882 with the following officers: James T. Prichard, president; John P. Smith, cashier. The board of directors elected at the first meeting held Sept. 5, 1882, were: Jacob M. Poge, James T. Prichard, John M. Graham, Joseph Medows, David Groomer, G. W. Welden, and William Watson. The present officers of the bank are as follows: R. E. Maupin, president; Arthur Best, vice president; J. B. McDonald, cashier; R. G. Maupin, assistant cashier. The board of directors are: R. E. Maupin, Arthur Best, A. E. Utz, O. A. Reynolds, D. B. Kooger, W. J. Groamer, and G. N. Groamer.

The Pattonsburg Savings Bank has had a rapid growth, due to the efficiency of its officers and directors. It is now one of the leading banking institutions of Daviess County.

John R. Gillett, farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, has been on a farm all of his life and is now the owner of 760 acres of well improved land.

Mr. Gillett was born in Jefferson County, Iowa, April 13, 1857, a son of Lester T. and Elzan (Riley) Gillett. Lester T. Gillett was a native of Hartford, Conn., and came to Missouri when he was a young man, and was an agent for Seth Thomas Clocks throughout the county. Later, in 1842, he moved to Iowa, where he remained the rest of his life. Mr. Gillett was among the earliest settlers of Iowa, and became an extensive farmer and stockman, raising high grade stock. He owned 900 acres of land in Jefferson County, Iowa. Mr. Gillett was a Democrat. He died Dec. 28, 1868 and his wife died in May, 1905. They are buried in Abington Cemetery, Iowa. Mr. and Mrs. Gillett were the parents of 13 children, as follows: Ellen, deceased; one child died in infancy; Penelope, the wife of James D. McCoy, both deceased; James, deceased; Orlin H., deceased; Eliza, the widow of John Pollock, resides in California; Zacharias T., deceased; Fillmore, deceased; Jeanette, deceased, was the wife of William Wells; William R., farmer, resides in Iowa; John R., the subject of this sketch; Edward M., banker, Sterling, Colo.; Lester banker, resides in Washington state.

John R. Gillett was reared on his father's farm in Iowa, and received his education in the district schools. He began life working on a farm for \$12 per month. Later, he with his brother, William, rented their



MR. AND MRS. JOHN R. GILLETT

father's farm for three years, after which Mr. Gillett purchased a farm of 200 acres in Iowa. He remained there for five years, after which he came to Missouri in 1887, settling on a farm of 80 acres, in Grundy County. Mr. Gillett moved to Lincoln Township, Daviess County, a year later, purchasing his present farm. Mr. Gillett now owns 760 acres of land in Lincoln, Washington, and Grand River Townships, and is one of the biggest and most successful stockman of the county. He specializes in the breeding of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs.

John R. Gillett was married on Oct. 7, 1886, to Emma V. Wells a native of Brookville, Iowa, and a daughter of Rufus Morgan and Mary (Groves) Wells, natives of Virginia and Indiana. To John R. Gillett and wife seven children were born, as follows: Earl, deceased; two children died in infancy; Edith, a graduate of Jamesport High School, residing at home; Ralph, farmer, Lincoln Township; Inez, graduated from Jamesport High School and the Gem City College, receiving B. A. degree, and now the wife of Frank Gildow, of Daviess, County, residing in Gallatin; J. Fern, farmer and stockman, residing with his father.

Mr. Gillett is a Democrat in politics. He is a reliable and efficient member of the community and has the esteem of his fellow citizens.

Marion Edgar Pangburn, the capable prosecuting attorney and one of the leading members of the Daviess County Bar is one of the widely known and successful attorneys of this state. He was born on a farm in Clark County, Ind., Feb. 12, 1871, a son of Derrick A. and Dicia (Laswell) Pangburn. He belongs to a family which originated in Wales and was connected with the nobility, and his great-grandfather, Stephen Pangburn, emigrated from the north of Wales to the American Colonies prior to the War of the Revolution, in which he served as a member of the Fifth Company, New Jersey Militia. He married Miss Hannah Fitz Randolph, daughter of John Randolph, the founder of Princeton University and a signer of the Declaration of Independence.

William Pangburn the grandfather of Marion E. Pangburn, was born in Pennsylvania, from which state he migrated to Clark County, Ind., as a pioneer. During the War of 1812, in which he served as a soldier, he visited this community and became as favorably impressed with its advantages and opportunities that in 1820 he returned to the region and purchased a tract of land which had originally belonged to the grant of George Rogers Clark, given for services rendered by Clark during the Revolutionary War.

Derrick A. Pangburn was a babe when taken to the undeveloped country of Clark County, Ind. There he met and married Dicia Laswell, who was born in Kentucky, and in 1837 they moved to their own home, a

tract of land located about $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the original Pangburn purchase, and on that farm continued to reside during the remainder of their lives. Six children were born to them, of whom Marion Edgar was the fourth in order of birth and the only one not living in Clark County, Ind., except one who is deceased. Derrick A. Pangburn followed agricultural pursuits all his life and was able to accumulate a fair competency. He had no public nor military service, was a plain citizen and all his life gave his attention to his own interests.

The common schools of Clark County, Ind., furnished Marion E. Pangburn with his early education, but he had aspiration far beyond those of many of the youths of his community, and proceeded to enter in 1890, the State University, at Bloomington, Ind., managing to complete his academic course by the hardest kind of work. For the following two years he taught and attended school alternately, earning money by teaching with which to further his education, and after these two years spent two consecutive years as an educator. In 1896 Mr. Pangburn secured the election to the office of the county treasurer of Clark County, Ind., as the first Republican to be elected to that office in that county, and in 1898 was given the reelection, his term of office expiring Jan. 1, 1901. In 1902 he entered the University of Louisville, Ky., and in 1905 was graduated from the law department, having so assiduously devoted himself to his studies that he finished the four year course in three years. Following his graduation Mr. Pangburn was employed by the Fall City Construction Company, contractors and builders as Superintendent, paymaster and timekeeper and in 1906 in this capacity came to Gallatin to assist in the construction of the Courthouse here. He was favorably impressed with the country and people here and located at Pattonsburg where he bought the law practice of Henry Eads. He has built up a large practice and is recognized as one of the leading lawyers of Daviess County and his practice extends over several other counties in northwestern Missouri.

Politically, Mr. Pangburn has always been a Republican and has been active in the ranks of his party. In 1908 he was the candidate of his party for the office of prosecuting attorney of Daviess County and in 1910 he was nominated for the legislature. In 1920 he was his parties' candidate for prosecuting attorney and was elected by a very satisfactory majority. He is now serving in that capacity and has made a record as an able, fair and fearless prosecutor. He has served as city attorney of Pattonsburg for a number of years and in 1909 he was appointed assistant sergeant at arms in the House of Representatives at Jefferson City for the Forty-Fifth Session of the Legislature. In 1910 he was appointed census enumerator for Pattonsburg.

On April 29, 1922 Mr. Pangburn married Myrtle M. McPherron, a native of Cornice Bluff, Iowa. She is the Daughter of F. T. and Anna Belle (Henderson) McPherron, natives of Henry County, Iowa. Mrs. Pangburn was reared near Stanberry, Mo. She is a graduate of the University of Missouri and State Teachers College at Maryville, and taught school for seven years.

Mr. Pangburn is a member of the Knights of Pythias, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Improved Order of Red Men, The Modern Woodmen of America and is a Shrine Mason. He also holds membership in the Rebeccas, Pythian Sisters and the Order of the Eastern Star.

Henry H. Green, a well known merchant of Pattonsburg, was born in Marion County, Mo., near Monroe City, June 19, 1890. He is a son of August H. and Laura H. (Hatch) Green.

August H. Green was born in Marion County, Mo., and was a prominent grain dealer during his life. He owned 140 acres of land and carried on general farming with his grain business. He died in April, 1908, and is buried in Monroe City, Mo. Mr. Green was a member of the Episcopal Church. Mrs. Green's father, Henry, Hatch, at one time owned what is now a part of the Wabash Railroad, which ran from Pattonsburg to Brunswick, Mo. For a number of years, Mr. Hatch was treasurer of the Burlington and Southwest Railroad. He served as mayor of Chillicothe, for three terms. He was a 32nd Degree Mason. Mr. Hatch died in California in 1920. To August H. and Laura (Hatch) Green two children were born, as follows: Henry H., the subject of this sketch; Amy, born March 26, 1892, and Died Feb. 26, 1921. She is buried in Monroe City, Mo.

Henry H. Green was reared in Monroe City, and received his education in the public schools. In 1906 Mr. Green engaged in the grain business at Monroe City, Mo., and in 1914 began traveling as a grain buyer for a St. Louis grain company. In July, 1917, Mr. Green came to Pattonsburg, where he became engaged in the Pattonsburg Milling and Elevator Company, and has been successful in this business. He is also interested in the grain elevator of Lock Springs, Mo., which ships 300 cars of grain a year. He is widely and favorably known throughout Daviess County as a grain dealer.

On July 6, 1917, Mr. Green was married to Ruth Haynie, a native of Hannibal, Mo., and daughter of Mr. Haynie and Margaret (Woodard) Haynie. Mrs. Haynie was born in Kentucky and is now residing in Monroe City, Mo. Mr. Haynie died in 1907 and is buried in Hannibal Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Haynie were the parents of three children, as follows: Lilas, the wife of Ray Yowell, automobile agent, Mission, Texas; Chester, enlisted among the first men during the World War in 1917, and was sent

to France from Camp Funston. He was gassed during the war, having taken part in many battles.

To Henry H. and Ruth (Haynie) Green one child has been born, Henry H. Green, Jr., born Jan. 12, 1919.

In politics Mr. Green is a Republican. He belongs to the Masonic Lodge and a member of the Episcopal Church. Mr. Green has an extensive acquaintance in Daviess County and stands high in the community.

Wade D. Moody, the efficient and well known cashier of the Daviess County Bank, was born in Albany, Mo., Dec. 31, 1898, a son of W. H. and Nettie (Dills) Moody.

W. H. Moody was born in Kentucky and came to Missouri at the age of 14 years. He arrived in St. Joseph, Mo., the day that Jesse James was killed. In 1893 Mr. Moody was married to Nettie Dills, a native of Gentry County, Mo., and to this union two children were born, as follows: Wade D., the subject of this sketch; and Malcolm, farmer and stockman, residing at home. For many years Mr. Moody has been a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County. At one time he owned 360 acres of land in Gentry County, Mo., and was a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. Mr. and Mrs. Moody, are now living retired in Albany, Mo. Mr. Moody is a graduate of the State University and served as county assessor for six years. He is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church.

Wade D. Moody was educated in the grade and high schools of Albany, Mo. Upon completion of his education, Mr. Moody entered the banking business in Albany, Mo., where he was assistant cashier of the Bank of Albany for two years. During the World War he enlisted in the Navy on April 22, 1918, and served on the U. S. S. Mississippi. He also did radio work in Harvard University. Mr. Moody was discharged from service in May, 1919. He then returned to Pattonsburg, Mo., where he was appointed assistant cashier of the bank, which position he now holds.

On Oct. 29, 1921, Mr. Moody married Etta Coffey, a native of Pattonsburg, and daughter of A. J. and Laura (Pyles) Coffey. Mr and Mrs. Coffey are the parents of the following children: Mark, attended the public and high schools of Pattonsburg, Mo., and is now a drug clerk in Dunham's Pharmacy of Pattonsburg; Etta, attended the public and high schools of Pattonsburg, from which she was graduated and has taught school for three years in Daviess and DeKalb Counties; and Mrs. Moody. Mr. Coffey, was mayor of Pattonsburg for four years. He is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. and Mrs. Coffey are now residing in Pattonsburg.

Mr. Moody is an energetic and progressive young man. He is well known in Daviess County and has many friends.

Benjamin A. Yates, a pioneer merchant of Pattonsburg, has been in the hardware business for 33 years in the same location, and is the oldest established hardware merchant in the state of Missouri. He was born in Virginia, Aug. 21, 1855, a son of James A. and Louisa (Kibler) Yates, natives of Virginia.

James A. Yates was born and educated in Virginia. He taught school for several years, and was a constable. He died when Benjamin A., the subject of this sketch, was three years of age. James A. Yates was a member of the Baptist Church and a Democrat. His wife died in March, 1918, and is buried in Pattonsburg. To James A. and Louisa (Kibler) Yates three children were born, as follows: M. Byrd, postmaster of Pattonsburg; Fanny, deceased; and Benjamin A., the subject of this sketch.

Benjamin A. Yates was reared in Virginia and received his education in the district schools. In 1876 he came to Missouri and started in the grocery business at Gallatin, which was known as Yates and Yates. In 1889, Mr. Yates engaged in the hardware business, and has been in the same location in Pattonsburg since that date. He has been very successful and during his many years of experience has built up a fine business.

In April, 1880, Mr. Yates married Minnie Gabel, daughter of James and Priscilla (Itson) Gabel, natives of Kansas and Ohio. Minnie (Gabel) Yates was born in Ohio. James Gabel was a veteran of the Civil War, enlisting from Ohio. He later moved his family to Kansas, where he became a prominent farmer and stockman, owning 320 acres of land. Mr. and Mrs. Gabel, both deceased, were the parents of the following children: Harry, living in Washington; Nellie, the widow of E. A. White, living in Washington; J. A., residing in Washington; Lucy, the wife of Mr. Mead, farmer and stockman, Spokane, Wash.; James, Chehalis, Wash.; Tipp, living in Centralia, Wash.; and Mrs. Yates. To Benjamin A. and Minnie (Gabel) Yates the following children have been born: Helen, a graduate of high school and Lexington College, who taught in Lexington College for one term and is now the wife of Gilbert Groomer, M. D., residing in St. Joseph, Mo., Lee, attended public and high schools, also graduated from college in Sherman, Texas, and is now the wife of C. V. Agee, clothing merchant of Mount Ayr, Iowa.

In politics Mr. Yates is a Democrat. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Knights of Pythias. Mr. and Mrs. Yates are members of the Methodist Church. The Yates family are substantial and influential citizens and are well known throughout the county.

J. B. McDonald, the capable cashier of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank, was born April 22, 1878, in Buchanan County, Mo., a son of James and Mary (Kessler) McDonald.

James McDonald was a native of Kentucky and his wife was born in Buchanan County, Mo. They were the parents of the following children: Lulu, the wife of J. A. Jordan, St. Joseph; Jennie, the wife of John Millen; Charles, St. Joseph; Dollie, the wife of Edgar Kirtley, retired farmer of Union Star; Edward, living on a ranch in Montana; and J. B., the subject of this sketch. Both Mr. and Mrs. McDonald are now deceased and are buried in the Oak Grove Cemetery, King City. During the Civil War, James McDonald enlisted in Company C, 11th Missouri Cavalry from Andrew County. He was in service for two years and nine months. After the war, Mr. McDonald carried on farming and stock raising in DeKalb County, Mo., and owned 160 acres of good farm land. He was a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle. Mr. McDonald was a Republican and belonged to the Methodist Church. Mrs. McDonald's mother was Anna Kessler. She lived to be 101 years of age and was the mother of nine children.

J. B. McDonald was educated in the public school of Pattonsburg and graduated from the High School in 1897. He was graduated from the St. Louis College of Pharmacy and for several years afterward was employed in a drug store in Pattonsburg. Mr. McDonald then was engaged in the Pattonsburg Savings Bank as assistant cashier. A year later he was promoted to cashier, which position he has held for the last ten years. Before becoming cashier of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank, Mr. McDonald was offered the position of paymaster in Porto Rico Island.

Mr. McDonald has served in the office of cashier of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank in a very efficient manner, and he has an extensive acquaintance in Daviess County. He stands high in his community.

M. F. McAllister, manager of the Swift and Company of Pattonsburg, Mo., is a native of Missouri. He was born Feb. 16, 1892, in Sedalia, Mo., a son of Frank and Sophia (Myers) McAllister.

Frank McAllister was born in Belfast, Ireland, and came to the United States when he was 30 years of age. His wife was a native of Germany, and came to this country when a young girl. For some time after his arrival in Missouri, Mr. McAllister was engaged in the clothing business and later in the wholesale liquor business. He was mayor of Sedalia, for one term. Mr. McAllister went to Washington, D. C., with Coxey's army. In politics he is a Republican. Mr. and Mrs. McAllister are now living retired in Sedalia, Mo. They are the parents of the following children: Leo, deceased; Daniel deceased; Marie, deceased; Patrice, deceased;

Edward, in the garage business, Sedalia, and M. F., the subject of this sketch.

M. F. McAllister was reared in Sedalia, and was educated in the grade and high school and the Sacred Heart College. He has been engaged in the packing and produce business, and has been connected with every packing house in the country except the Wilson Company. He is now manager of the Swift Company branch of Pattonsburg, which position he has held for several years.

On Nov. 29, 1917, Mr. McAllister was married to Bessie Haltsberry, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Haltsberry, natives of Ohio. Mrs. McAllister has four stepsisters and brothers as follows: Anna, the wife of John Blevin, locomotive engineer, Dayton, Ohio; Enid, the wife of William Boyd, passenger brakeman, Belleview, Mo.; Percival, electrical construction worker, Lima, Ohio; and Asily, the wife of John Borrows, residing in Payne, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Haltsberry are now living in Barton, Ohio, where they are engaged in the grocery business. They are members of the United Brethren Church and are identified with the Democratic party in politics.

To M. F. and Bessie (Haltsberry) McAllister two children have been born, as follows: Marie born in Sedalia, Mo., in 1914, now attending school; and Francis, born in 1915, also attending school.

Mr. McAllister is an enterprising and progressive citizen and is widely and favorably known in Daviess County.

Charles N. Lowrey, deceased, was a native of Daviess County, and a prominent farmer and stockman of Benton Township. He was born near Pattonsburg, a son of Green and Ruth (Williams) Lowrey. Green Lowrey was a native of South Carolina, and a pioneer settler of Daviess County. He owned 280 acres of good farm land and was a leading stockman of this section. Both Mr. and Mrs. Green Lowrey are deceased and are buried in Old Town Cemetery, near Pattonsburg. They were the parents of the following children: William, John, Charles, Loton, Alonzo all of whom are deceased and Laura, the wife of George Montgomery, Harrison County; and Charles N., the subject of this sketch.

Charles N. Lowrey was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and received his education in the grade and high schools. He also attended Stanberry Normal School. Mr. Lowrey was a farmer during his entire life. He owned 476½ acres of well improved land near Pattonsburg at the time of his death, and was a leading stockman, specializing in the breeding of Poland China hogs and black Angus cattle.

On March 7, 1908, Mr. Lowrey was married to Cora D. Feurt, a daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Glaze) Feurt, natives of Ohio and Illinois.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Feurt are deceased and are buried in Hickory Creek Cemetery. They were the parents of the following children: Nathaniel, Gabriel, Lydia, the wife of John C. Gerrish, farmer and stockman; Mary, living on the old homestead; John G., farmer, resides north of Jameson; Bell, the widow of John Knott, resides at home; and Mrs. Lowrey.

Mr. Lowrey died Sept. 8, 1912, and is buried in the Odd Fellows Cemetery at Pattonsburg. Mrs. Lowrey now operates a farm of 233 acres, and a fine two story residence. She has living with her now a niece, Addie D. Gerrish, who clerks in the O. K. Store at Pattonsburg.

Mr. Lowrey was a Democrat and belonged to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a director of the Daviess County Bank for a number of years and was one of the first depositors of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank. He was a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. Lowrey was an energetic man who stood well in the esteem of his neighbors and fellow citizens.

William M. Prichard, a well known and highly respected citizen of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born Nov. 22, 1873, in Ray County, the son of Enoch S. and Ruth (McClung) Prichard.

Enoch S. Prichard was born in 1827 in eastern Tennessee, near Knoxville. In 1830 he moved to Ray County, Mo., with his parents. He carried on general farming and stock raising in Missouri until his death, Jan. 25, 1890. He died on the farm now occupied by his son, William M., and is buried in Hickory Creek Cemetery. Mrs. Prichard was born in 1835 in Virginia. At the age of six years, her parents brought her to Benton Township, Daviess County. She was the daughter of Alexander and Elizabeth McClung, who were the parents of 11 children. In making the trip to Missouri from Virginia, they came in a wagon drawn by a team of oxen. Mrs. Prichard died in 1916 on the home farm in Grand River Township, and is buried in Hickory Creek Cemetery. To Enoch S. and Ruth (McClung) Prichard nine children were born, as follows: Benjamin A., married Mary Creekmore Coffey; Dr. James B., married Estelle Pauley, St. Louis, Mo.; Edward E., deceased; George H., deceased; Dr. Joseph A., married Ida Ringen, St. Louis; Mattie S., the wife of John J. Anselm, St. Louis; Charles S., St. Louis; William M., the subject of this sketch; and Margaret, the wife of Albert Thompson, Hiawatha, Kan.

Enoch S. Prichard's sister, Martha Prichard taught the first school in Grand River Township, Daviess County, and it was located on the Prichard farm. She was the daughter of Joseph and Mary (Smith) Prichard, and was self educated.



WILLIAM M. PRICHARD AND FAMILY

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William M. Prichard received his education in the Jameson High School, the Palmer College of Albany, and the Grand River College of Galatin. After completing his education, Mr. Prichard taught school in Daviess County, from 1896 until 1904. He then engaged in farming and stockraising in Grand River Township, Daviess County, on the old farm of his parents. He now owns 280 acres of good farm land and is a well known breeder of Aberdeen Angus cattle, Shropshire sheep, Spotted Poland China hogs, and other high grade stock. Mr. Prichard also raises seed wheat, which he ships out for sale. In the early days the old stage route ran through Mr. Prichard's farm.

Mr. Prichard is now vice president of the Farmers Bank of Jameson, which was organized in 1910. The first president was Thomas A. Feurt, who held that office until his death on Feb. 14, 1922. The first vice president of the bank was Dr. Chas. P. Martin, who died in 1912, and was succeeded by Sanford Smith, who died in 1918. Mr. Prichard then became vice president, which office he now holds. The first cashier was Edward Jenkins, who was succeeded by George W. Johnson, who is now serving in that capacity. The directors of the bank are, as follows: Thomas Feurt; William M. Prichard; Oscar Smith; Homer Feurt; Crit J. Feurt; S. C. Schaffer; George W. Johnson. The bank was organized with a capital stock of \$1,500.00 and now has a surplus of \$3,000.00. The bank building is located on the main street of Jameson and is modern in every respect.

Mr. Prichard is also a member of the Jameson Consolidated Schools, District No. 1, which was the first school of consolidation in Daviess County. The school was built at a cost of \$25,000.00, and has all branches of study, including agriculture and domestic science. J. C. McDonald helped greatly in the founding of this school with a gift of \$1,500.00 in books.

Mr. Prichard was married to Almeda Lawson, a daughter of Oscar D. and Mary E. Lawson, natives of Livingston and Daviess Counties, Mo. After their marriage they settled in Harrison Township, Daviess County, where Mr. Lawson carried on general farming. Mrs. Prichard's grandparents were Mr. and Mrs. John Blakely, pioneer settlers of Missouri. They came to Missouri before any railroads were built, making the trip by boat as far as Lexington, Mo., and the remainder of the trip by wagon. They were natives of Kentucky. To William M. and Almeda (Lawson) Prichard two children have been born; George W. and Robert V.

In politics Mr. Prichard is a Democrat. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. Prichard is one of the progressive and prominent

farmers and stockmen of this county, where his name has always stood for enterprise, industry and integrity.

Hayden Millstead, popular merchant of Pattonsburg, was born, June 3, 1876, in Iowa, a son of Thomas C. and Margaret (Briner) Millstead.

Thomas C. Millstead is a native of Indiana. When a very young man he moved to Iowa, where he was engaged in farming and stock raising. At one time he owned 120 acres of land, and was a prominent feeder of cattle and hogs. Mr. Millstead is now living in Kansas City, Mo., where he has been employed by the Swift Company for 20 years. He is a staunch Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. His wife was born in Indiana and died June 30, 1916. She is buried in the Odd Fellows' Cemetery of Pattonsburg. Mr. and Mrs. Millstead were the parents of the following children: James, living in Florida; Elizabeth, the wife of Gordon Sullivan, electrical engineer, living in Arizona; and Hayden, the subject of this sketch.

Hayden Millstead was reared on his father's farm in Iowa. When he had completed his education he worked in a hotel for several months, later going into the livery business for two years in Jamesport, Mo. He then had a transfer business at Gallatin, Mo., for several years, after which he worked in a grocery store in Gallatin for nine months. In 1915, Mr. Millstead removed to Pattonsburg, and in a few months purchased the business of Raider Company, grocers. He then opened a grocery and meat market. Mr. Millstead now owns one of the finest stores of its kind in Pattonsburg, where he has built up a splendid business.

On Sept. 15, 1908, Mr. Millstead married Minnie Clay, a native of Gallatin, and daughter of Bell and Cora (Morrow) Clay, natives of Kentucky and Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Clay were the parents of the following children: Ellen, deceased; Mandel, deceased; Fordie, living in Homer, La.; Bess, the wife of Ward Wiltrout, Kansas City, Mo.; Ethel, lives in Florida; Jessie, the wife of J. F. Millstead, Florida; Robert, Kansas City, Mo.; John, deceased, served during the World War, being drafted May 1, 1918, was discharged from service Feb. 13, 1919, and died Nov. 17, 1919. Mr. Clay died August 14, 1914, and his wife died June 2, 1902. To Hayden and Minnie (Clay) Millstead one child was born, Elaine, now attending school in Gallatin. They have three stepchildren, as follows: Ralph Millstead, Philip, South Dakota; Frank, Kirksville, Mo.; and Morris, in business with his father.

Mr. Millstead has served as school director for two terms. He is a Democrat and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, and the Modern Woodmen of America. He is a

member of the Methodist Church. Mrs. Millstead is a descendant of Henry Clay on her father's side and Daniel Boone on her mother's side. She is a member of the Royal Neighbors, Rebeccas Auxiliary and is a Republican, having been chairman of the Republican Committee of Pattonsburg. Mr. and Mrs. Millstead are among the dependable citizens of Daviess County, and are widely and favorably known.

M. B. Yates, the popular postmaster of Pattonsburg, Mo., is a native of Virginia. He was born in January, 1852, a son of James A. and Louisa (Kibler) Yates, natives of Virginia.

James A. Yates was reared and educated in Virginia. He was a school teacher for several years, and also served as constable. He died when M. B., the subject of this sketch was six years old. Mr. Yates was a member of the Baptist Church and a Democrat. His wife died in March, 1918, and is buried in Pattonsburg, Mo. To James A. and Louisa (Kibler) Yates three children were born, as follows: M. B., the subject of this sketch; Fanny, deceased; and Benjamin A., hardware merchant of Pattonsburg.

M. B. Yates was educated in the schools of Virginia. He was then engaged as clerk in Philadelphia in the road master's office. Some time later he removed to Missouri, where he was appointed mail clerk under President Cleveland's administration. Later Mr. Yates went into the hardware business with his brother in Pattonsburg. He was appointed postmaster of Pattonsburg a few years later, which office he now holds.

On Sept. 30, 1891, Mr. Yates was married to Anna Wright, a daughter of Fayette and Lucinda (Buchanan) Wright, natives of Kentucky and Missouri. Mr. Wright was a prominent farmer and stockman of Missouri for many years. He owned 320 acres of land and was a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. For many years Mr. Wright served as justice of the peace, and was known as a squire. He was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. Mr. Wright died Aug. 31, 1906, and his wife died July 10, 1910. They are buried at Plattsburg, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Wright were the parents of the following children: Mollie, deceased; Endora, deceased; Florence, deceased; John J., deceased; and Alford N., deceased; Ednomonia, the wife of Harry H. Burkett, residing in Oklahoma; Millissa, the widow of Joseph Biggerstaff, living in Oklahoma; William R., farmer and stockman, Smithville, Mo.; Woodson, resides in Kansas City, Mo.; James C., Smithville, Mo.; Walter, Oklahoma City, Okla.; and Mrs. Yates. To M. B. and Anna (Wright) Yates four children were born, as follows: Mary, graduate of Central College, Lexington, Mo., is assistant postmaster of Pattonsburg, and also teaches music; Dorothy, graduate Central College, Lexington, Mo., and taught school for

two years, is now the wife of Curtman Maupin, Pattonsburg, Mo.; Virginia, graduated from college in class of 1922; and Elizabeth, now attending high school.

In politics Mr. Yates is a Democrat. He is a member of the Christian Church. He and his family are highly respected citizens and stand high in Daviess County.

Mrs. Ada M. Royston, owner of the Merchants Hotel of Pattonsburg, Mo., and dealer in musical instruments for 40 years, is a native of Alhambra, Ill. She is a daughter of George W. and Augusta (Wise) Mead, natives of New York and Pennsylvania.

George W. Mead was born in Warsaw, N. Y., and came to Illinois when a very young man. During the Civil War he was engaged in the piano business. By profession, Mr. Mead was an attorney, but his interests were many. He taught school and was also a prominent farmer and stockman. He owned 240 acres of land, and was a dairy farmer. Mr. Mead was a graduate of Yale University, and for some time held a county judgeship. In politics he was a Democrat. He died April 21, 1904, and his wife died April 17, 1921. She was an excellent musician. They were the parents of the following children: Mamie, deceased; Augustus, deceased; Bertie, deceased; Bessie, deceased; George, living in Galesburg, Ill.; Lewis, Litchfield, Ill.; Eva, Edwardsville, Ill.; the wife of Frank Steel; Emma, the wife of Emil Mueller, Summerfield, Ill.; H. H., Edwardsville, Mo.; Esther, the widow of Elmer Moore, Grant City, Ill.; Grover, Carlyle, Ill.; and Mrs. Ada M. Royston. All of the Mead family are musicians and owners of music stores.

On March 28, 1892, Ada M. Mead was married to Henry Royston, a native of Jameson, Mo., and son of Frank and Elizabeth (Clore) Royston, natives of Tennessee and Indiana. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Royston were the parents of the following children: Maggie, the wife of Alvie Parks, farmer, Jameson, Mo.; Charlie, Lawrence, Kan.; James, Fremont, Neb.; and Henry deceased. Frank Royston was a prominent farmer and stockman of Missouri, and owned 700 acres of land. Both Mr. and Mrs. Royston are now deceased, and buried in Hickory Creek Cemetery.

To Henry and Ada M. (Mead) Royston two children were born, as follows: Gladys Elizabeth, the wife of Robert Fanning, a farmer and stockman of Pattonsburg, Mo.; and they have one child, Betty Lou; and Lucile Dugusta, a graduate of the high school and Fayette College, where she won a gold medal for the highest grades, is also a graduate of the State University, where she won the highest honors in the class of Journalism and received from the University the degree A. B. Miss Royston is now teaching school in Leon, Iowa. Henry Royston was a substantial farmer

and stockman and owned 150 acres of land in Grand River Township. He was a well known breeder of cattle and hogs. In politics Mr. Royston was a Republican, and he belonged to the Methodist Church. He died April 29, 1901, and is buried in Hickory Creek Cemetery.

Mrs. Ada M. Royston owns 164 acres of land, and manages a stock farm. She specializes in the breeding of Shetland ponies. Mrs. Royston manages the Merchants Hotel in Pattonsburg, and with her daughters owns eight residences and 14 acres of the 164 acres is within Pattonsburg. For 12 years she taught music throughout the state of Missouri, and for the past 20 years has owned a music store in Pattonsburg, where pianos, phonographs, and musical instruments of all kinds are on sale.

In politics Mrs. Royston is a Democrat. She is a member of the Yeomens' Royal Neighbors, Modern Brotherhood of America, and belongs to the Christian Church. Mrs. Royston is a woman who possesses energy, industry and business foresight. She is prominent and well liked throughout the country.

Dr. Earl Shackleford, a well known osteopath of Pattonsburg, was born in Harrison County, Mo. He is a son of J. H. and Millie (Harding) Shackleford.

J. H. Shackleford is a native of Indiana. He came to Missouri with his parents and settled in Harrison County. Mr. Shackleford became a prominent farmer and stockman, and owns 80 acres of well improved land in Harrison County. He is a Republican and belongs to the Methodist Church. To J. H. and Millie (Harding) Shackleford five children were born, as follows: Leo M., farmer, resides in Grant City; Jesse, further mention of whom is made below; Esther, the wife of Leonard Tramaell, World War veteran, residing in Eagleville; Dr. Earl, the subject of this sketch; and O. J., teacher, resides in Harrison County. Jesse Shackleford enlisted during the World War and served 18 months in France. He was promoted from the ranks while in France, and served with the 89th Division. Mr. Shackleford is now located in Des Moines, Iowa, where he is in business.

Dr. Earl Shackleford was educated in the public and high schools of Harrison County. He also attended Simpson College in Indianola, Iowa, after which he taught school for several years. Dr. Shackleford later entered the College of Osteopathy, and has been practicing since 1917 in Pattonsburg. He has been very successful in his work, and is widely and favorably known.

Doctor Shackleford is serving his second term as commander of the American Legion Post of Pattonsburg, and is a charter member. He

organized Post No. 227. During the World War, Dr. Shackelford enlisted and was stationed at Camp Dodge, Iowa, in the Medical Corps, for 16 months. He was discharged after the armistice.

In politics Doctor Shackelford is a Republican. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a member of the Methodist Church. Dr. Shackelford is a substantial citizen and stands high in the county.

Amaziah A. Graham, owner of a saw and grist mill in Pattonsburg, is a native of Missouri. He was born near Unionville, in Putnam County, Feb. 2, 1852, a son of David and Elizabeth (Curby) Graham.

David Graham was born in Greenbrier County, Va., and came to Indiana when a very young man. Later, he removed to Missouri, settling in Daviess County. By trade, Mr. Graham was a shoemaker. During the Civil War, he made coffins for the government, and continued in this line of work until his death 1890. Mr. Graham was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. Both Mr. and Mrs. Graham are deceased. They were the parents of the following children: Lou, deceased; Lottie, deceased; Bell, deceased; Malissa, deceased; Mary the widow of James Miller, Omaha; and A. A. Graham, the subject of this sketch.

Amaziah A. Graham was reared in Missouri and received his education in the district school. He began life farming, but later went to Pattonsburg, in 1885, where he started a saw and grist mill, which he still operates. Mr. Graham has made a success of his work and is widely and favorably known throughout Daviess County. He owns his residence in Pattonsburg, as well as other property.

On Nov. 17, 1877, Mr. Graham married Margaret Blankenship, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Campbell) Blankenship, natives of Kentucky. Mr. and Mrs. Blankenship were the parents of the following children: Emily, deceased; Vonnie, deceased; Benjamin, deceased; Remithy, deceased; Agnes, deceased; Betty, the widow of George Hall, King City; Willis, Daviess County; and Mrs. Graham. Mr. and Mrs. Blankenship are both deceased. To A. A. and Margaret (Blankenship) Graham the following children were born: David, general superintendent of the electric plant and pumping station of Hugo, Colo.; Minnie, the wife of C. L. Burcher, resides in Kansas; Mary, milliner, Iola, Kan.; Claud, head miller and millwright, Excello Feed Mill Company, St. Joseph; Derias, served during the World War with the 89th Division, 342 Field Artillery, and was on the firing line for 88 days. He was gassed during the war, but was sent with the army of occupation to Germany after the armistice. He is now the chief refrigeraton engineer for the Swift Company, and resides in Pattonsburg; Samuel W., electrical and

steam engineer, now associated with his father in business. Carl also served in the army during the World War at Camp Funston. Mr. Graham has seven grand children.

In politics Mr. Graham is a Republican. He is a member of the Pentecostal Church. Mr. Graham is progressive, public spirited and one of the valued citizens of Daviess County.

Hardin N. Stovall, a well known retired farmer and stockman of Pattonsburg, was born May 20, 1846, in Hardin County, Ky., a son of John O. and Rachael (Newman) Stovall.

John O. Stovall was a native of Hardin County, Ky. He was a prominent farmer and stockman of that country during his entire life. During the Civil War, H. H. Stovall, a son of John O. Stovall, enlisted in Company H, 6th Kentucky Infantry, and served throughout the entire war, taking part in practically every important battle of the war. John O. Stovall owned 900 acres of land in Kentucky. He died in March, 1887, and is buried in Kentucky. Mr. Stovall was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. and Mrs. Stovall were the parents of the following children: Matilda, deceased; George W., deceased; Barnetta, deceased; John H., Lakeland, Ky.; James B., deceased; Rachael, deceased; Polly, deceased; Christopher, deceased; Elizabeth, deceased; and Hardin N., the subject of this sketch.

Hardin N. Stovall received his education in the district schools, and grew to manhood on his father's farm. He then rented land for four years, after which he purchased 25 acres of land in Hardin County, Ky. At one time Mr. Stovall owned 200 acres of well improved land in Gentry County, and was a leading stockman of the county. He has been very successful in the breeding of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. Mr. Stovall is now living retired in Pattonsburg, where he owns an attractive home.

Mr. Stovall was married the first time in Oct. 19, 1868, to Mary Jane Carnahan. To the union of Wm. and Elizabeth Carnahan the following children were born: John, Jesse, William, George, Zickel, and Thomas. Mrs. Stovall died Aug. 6, 1903, and is buried in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Cemetery of Pattonsburg. Later, Mr. Stovall was married to Josephine Watson, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of David and Elizabeth (Cannady) Watson. David Watson was born in Ohio and came to Missouri with his parents. Both Mr. and Mrs. Watson are deceased and are buried in Daviess County. To Hardin N. and Mary Jane (Carnahan) Stovall, two children were born: John H., Horton, Kan.; and Henry S., now living at Newton, Kan.

Mr. Stovall is a Democrat and is a member of the Baptist Church. He has always been one of the enterprising citizens of the township, and is widely known.

Davis E. Waters, a prosperous farmer and stockman of Salem Township, Daviess County, and owner of 615 acres of well improved land, is a native of Daviess County. He was born Nov. 15, 1861, and is a son of Gardner and Sarah (Reed) Waters.

Gardner Waters was born in Ohio, and came to Daviess County in 1849, settling north of Jameson. He began farming with his brother, Davis. During the Civil War, Mr. Waters enlisted in the state Militia, and served for six months. Mr. Waters became one of the most successful farmers and stockmen of the county, and owned 735 acres of land with his brother. He died Nov. 18, 1872, and his wife died Nov. 17, 1917. They were the parents of five children, as follows: Margaret E., deceased; John, Daviess County; Edith, (Ingram), deceased; Myrah, the wife of John L. Allen; and Davis, the subject of this sketch, and who is the oldest. Gardner Waters was a Republican and a member of the Christian Church.

David E. Waters was reared on the farm he now operates. He received his education in the district schools. During his entire life he has been a farmer and stockman, and is one of the leading stockmen of the county; he is also a feeder of cattle and hogs. Mr. Waters' farm is modern in every respect, and contains a fine watering system. His home is a two story structure, and is one of the attractive residences of the community.

On March 14, 1889, Mr. Waters married Stella Heath, a daughter of David M. and Eliza (Kerr) Heath, natives of Ohio and Virginia. Mrs. Waters was born near McFall. His father was a leading farmer of Daviess County. In his early life he was a minister and missionary worker. He died Dec. 30, 1901, and his wife died July 2, 1899. They are buried in Heath Cemetery. Mr. Heath was also a veteran of the Civil War.

To Davis E. and Stella (Heath) Waters seven children were born, as follows: Aaron, farmer and stockman, Jameson; Audrey, the wife of Louis Kroschen, farmer and stockman, Daviess County; Irma, the wife of Carl Netherton, farmer and stockman, near Jameson; Austin, farmer and stockman, resides west of Jameson; Alice, the wife of Emil Salmon, farmer and stockman, resides south of Bethany; Davis E., Jr., at home and Robert, at home.

Mr. Waters served as justice of the peace for four years, and has also been a member of the township board for six years. He has served as school director and district clerk. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a Republican. The Waters family are members of



DAVIS E. WATERS



MRS. DAVIS E. WATERS



RESIDENCE OF DAVIS E. WATERS

the Methodist Church and among the leading families of Daviess County. Mr. Waters has always been progressive, public spirited, and is a citizen of real worth.

The picture of Mr. and Mrs. Waters which appears here was taken when they first began life together on the farm, which was then all prairie and unimproved. By hard work and good management they have become well-to-do.

Amanda M. Bell, a pioneer settler of Daviess County, was born in Jackson County, Ind. She is a daughter of William and Elizabeth (Robertson) Anderson.

William Anderson was a native of Virginia. When a young man he moved to Ohio, and after his marriage he moved to Indiana, where he became engaged in farming and stock raising. Some years later, Mr. Anderson left Indiana, and settled in Daviess County, where he owned 80 acres of good farm land. He was a well known breeder of cattle, sheep, and horses. Mr. Anderson was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church. Both he and his wife are deceased and are buried in the Methodist Cemetery of Daviess County. They were the parents of ten children, as follows: Margaret, deceased; Morgan, deceased; Nancy, deceased; Mary Ann, deceased; David, deceased; Sarah Jane, deceased; Elizabeth, deceased; Jacob, a Civil War veteran now resides in Cameron; John Joseph, retired, Gallatin; and Amanda M., the subject of this sketch.

Amanda M. Bell was reared in Daviess County and received her education in the district schools. On March 28, 1867, she married William H. Bell, a son of Henry and Mercier Bell, natives of Ohio, and pioneer settlers of Daviess County. William H. Bell was born June 3, 1847. During his entire life he was a farmer and stockman. At one time he owned 500 acres of land, and he was a prominent breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. During the Civil War Mr. Bell enlisted from Ohio in the 66th Ohio Infantry, and served for over two years. He was engaged in practically all of the important battles of the war, and was with Sherman in his march to the sea. Mr. Bell died Jan. 12, 1916, and is buried in the Methodist Cemetery, near Civil Bend, Daviess County. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Masonic lodges, and belonged to the Methodist Church. To William H. and Amanda M. (Anderson) Bell seven children were born, as follows: Henry, Portland, Ore.; Alora, the wife of Donar Milton, Daviess County; Everett, Victor, Colo.; Martha, the wife of John Booker, Colorado; Thomas, Pattonsburg. He enlisted in the army in 1913, and was stationed in the Phillippine Islands, and was discharged March 3, 1921; Oras, Oklahoma; and Claud, Daviess

County. Mrs. Bell has 17 grandchildren and four great grandchildren. Two of her grandchildren served during the World War. Asel Bell was killed four days before the signing of the armistice and Bertram Bell served as corporal of his company while in France.

In politics Mrs. Bell is a Republican. She is now 75 years of age and is enjoying exceptionally good health. Mrs. Bell is a very interesting woman and has many friends throughout the country.

White Bayless, a successful merchant of Pattonsburg, was born in Tennessee, Jan. 18, 1882, a son of A. B. and Amanda (Snyder) Bayless.

A. B. Bayless was a native of Tennessee. He came to Missouri in 1884, settling in Daviess County, where he engaged in farming and stock raising. Mr. Bayless was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. To Mr. and Mrs. Bayless five children were born, as follows: White, the subject of this sketch; Alex, resides in Wyoming; Carrie, the wife of George Rader, Pattonsburg; Letitia, the wife of John V. Henry, chief of police, Redondo, Calif.; and Leah, at home with her brother. Mr. and Mrs. Bayless are both deceased, and are buried in the New Hope Church Cemetery, Pattonsburg.

White Bayless was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County and was educated in the district schools. He began life farming but later worked in Kansas City, Mo. After several years, Mr. Bayless returned to Pattonsburg, where he became engaged in the restaurant business for three years. He then sold out and went into the grocery business. Since that time, Mr. Bayless has enlarged his business and now handles groceries, dry goods, shoes, etc. He has been in the same location for the past eight years and has a fine business built up.

On Dec. 27, 1910, Mr. Bayless married Della Cunningham, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of J. L. and Jane (Bowman) Cunningham. Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham are now living retired in Coffey. Mr. Cunningham has been a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County for many years, and owns 40 acres of well improved land. He is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham are the parents of eight children, as follows: Lillie, deceased; Maud, the widow of John Harrington, Coffey; Martha, deceased; Austin, Coffey; Dewey, Coffey; Gifford, enlisted during the World War, and was in service for three years in this country; Edna, attending school; and Mrs. Bayless. To White and Della (Cunningham) Bayless one child has been born, James Vance Bayless, deceased.

In politics Mr. Bayless is a Democrat. He is a member of the Methodist Church and belongs to the Masonic Lodge. Mrs. Bayless

belongs to the Eastern Star Lodge. Mr. Bayless is a progressive and successful citizen of Pattonsburg, and stands high in the community.

Edwin O. Turner, the efficient and well known president and General Manager of the Daviess County Telephone Company, was born March 15, 1873, in Green County, Ill., in the town of Athensville. He is a son of T. C. and Martha (Vanbebber) Turner.

T. C. Turner was born in Kentucky and was married the first time to Jane M. Rhodes, a native of Illinois. To this union the following children were born: George B., deceased; Sarah, the wife of A. M. Calhoun, retired farmer residing in Franklin, Ill.; Theresa, the widow of D. N. Houser, now living in Illinois; John A., banker of Palmyra, Ill. Mrs. Turner died and is buried in Rhodes Cemetery, Ill. Mr. Turner later married Martha Vanbebber, a native of Tennessee, and to this union the following children were born: Minnie, the wife of Frank E. Vandaver, farmer, Whitehall, Ill.; Cora, the wife of Lloyd Hettick, farmer and stockman, Fayette, Ill.; T. M., farmer and stockman of Athenswell, Ill.; and Edwin O., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Turner was the owner of 210 acres of land in Illinois, and was widely known as a breeder of high grade stock. For a number of years he was township supervisor and commissioner. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge and belonged to the Baptist Church. In politics Mr. Turner was a Democrat. He died July 13, 1921, and his wife died May 22, 1907. They are both buried in Rhodes Cemetery in Illinois.

Edwin O. Turner was educated in the public and high schools of Illinois. He also attended the Commercial College of Bushnell, Ill. After completing his education, Mr. Turner was engaged for some time in the furniture and undertaking business in Illinois. Later he became interested in the telephone exchange work, and is one of the pioneers in that line of work. He installed the telephone exchange in Scottsville, Ill., and Tarkio, Mo. In 1916, Mr. Turner came to Pattonsburg, and is now a resident of Gallatin. He has served in the offices of township collector and township clerk while in Illinois.

Mr. Turner married Alice Mitchell, a daughter of J. G. and Lizzie H. (Hubbell) Mitchell. Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell were the parents of the following children: Rosie, died in infancy; Laura, Oscar, prominent attorney of Duluth, Minn.; John, farmer and stockman, Greenfield, Ill.; Ella, the wife of S. M. Hix, farmer and stickman, Greenfield, Ill.; Emma, the wife of George N. Hill, lumber business, Greenfield, Ill.; Richard, resides in Minnesota; Charles, fruit grower, living in Florida; Edgar, engaged in the oil business, Texas; and Grover, Indiana. J. G. Mitchell, the father of Mrs. Turner was born in Tennessee and moved to Indiana, later going to Illinois in 1840. He was a prominent farmer and stockman, owning 400

acres of good farm land. Mr. Mitchell died Feb. 19, 1914, and his wife died Jan. 16, 1920. They are buried in Illinois. To Edwin O. and Alice (Mitchell) Turner two children were born, as follows: Bernice, born March 4, 1904, now attending Stevens College, Columbia, Mo.; and Troy M., deceased, was born Aug. 28, 1895, and died Dec. 13, 1895.

Mr. Turner is a Democrat and trustee of the Baptist Church. His wife is an active church and welfare worker and is interested in politics, being a Democrat. Mrs. Turner taught school for 12 years, and was known as one of the most successful teachers in the state of Illinois. Mr. Turner is one of the substantial and influential citizens of Gallatin, and is well known throughout the county.

Dr. William H. Hargis, a prominent dentist of Pattonsburg, Mo., was born in Gallatin, Mo., Oct. 24, 1873, a son of William Abel and Lilly (Comer) Hargis.

William Abel Hargis was a native of Kentucky but moved to DeKalb County, Mo., with his parents in the early days, settling in Weatherby. He made the trip by wagon. During the Civil War, Mr. Hargis enlisted in the Volunteers of Missouri, and served throughout the war. After the close of the war, he began practicing law in Gallatin, in Daviess County, and at the time of his death, Sept. 24, 1874, Mr. Hargis was one of the most noted attorneys of the state. Mrs. Hargis was a native of Richmond, Mo. She died Feb. 7, 1905, and is buried in Gallatin with her husband. Mr. Hargis was a member of the Christian Church and his wife belonged to the Presbyterian Church. They were the parents of one child, William H., the subject of this sketch.

Dr. Willaim H. Hargis was educated in the public and high schools of Gallatin, Mo., and was also graduated from the Grand River College at Gallatin and the Kansas City Dental College in Kansas City, in the class of April, 1899. He began practicing dentistry in 1899 in Gallatin, where he remained for 11 years. He then practiced in St. Louis and Chicago for about ten years, after which he returned to Gallatin. In 1817, Dr. Hargis moved to Pattonsburg, Mo., where he is now located. He has an exceptionally fine practice built up, due in no small part to his many years experience.

On July 15, 1909, Dr. Hargis was married to Martha Easton, a daughter of F. F. Easton and Marrietta (Weed) Easton. Mrs. Hargis was born in Coin, Iowa.

Dr. Hargis is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is a member of the Northwestern Dental Association and the National Dental Association. He is identified with the Democratic party in politics and is a member of the Methodist Church. Dr. Hargis is a public spirited

and progressive citizen, and is prominent and well liked throughout the county.

William H. Brown, a Civil War veteran and prominent pioneer citizen who now is residing at McFall is a native of Kentucky. He was born in Nicholas County, Aug. 18, 1834. He is a descendant of Scotch-Irish ancestors on his father's side, his grandfather and grandmother having been born, reared and married in Ireland and emigrated from that country to the United States. On his mother's side, Mr. Brown belongs to an old colonial family. His maternal grandfather was a native of Holland and served in the American army during the Revolutionary War. He lost an arm at the battle of Yorktown.

William H. Brown received such education as the common schools of Kentucky afforded, during his boyhood days. During the Civil War he served as first lieutenant in a company of Kentucky home guards for three years. The government furnished them with arms and ammunition and they furnished their own uniforms and other equipment and expenses. They were called out twice under United States officers, during General Morgan's raid, in Kentucky. While serving in the home guard, Mr. Brown was commissioned Colonel of the 84th Capital Regiment of Enrolled Militia by the Governor of Kentucky. He organized the regiment into companies and battalions but was never called into service. He enlisted as a private in June, 1864 in Company I, 1st Regiment Capital Guards.

Mr. Brown was married at Bethel, Ky., Jan. 16, 1856 to Joann Patrick and to them were born the following children: two died in infancy; Mary E. Stokes, Butler, Mo.; Emma H. Baird, McFall, Mo.; Joshua B. who owns a stock and grain farm near Larned, Kan., and has served in the office of county treasurer of Pawnee County and for four years was deputy county treasurer of Pawnee County, Kan.; William P. and James N. who composed the firm of Brown Bros. hardware dealers at McFall; L. L. Brown who is the present county clerk of Pawnee County, Kan., and lives at Larned; and Thomas O. who lives near Fort Lupton, Colo.

After the close of the Civil War, Mr. Brown served as a justice of the peace in Kentucky. In 1875 he moved to Kansas with his family and settled at Larned, Pawnee County and bought a quarter section of land in that vicinity. After moving to Kansas he was elected justice of the peace there and served two years. In 1879 he was elected treasurer of Pawnee County, and was re-elected to that office twice, serving six years and he served as deputy county treasurer there for two years. In 1888 Mr. Brown came to Missouri and bought a farm $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from McFall. Here he was engaged in general farming and stock raising until he moved to McFall where he is the owner of four acres of ground within the city limits. He

makes a speciality of raising strawberries and is widely known as a successful strawberry grower.

Mr. Brown was born and reared in the Presbyterian faith, having become identified with that denomination when he was 14 years old; while he was a resident of Larned, Kan., he was a ruling elder in the church. He is now a member of the Methodist Church at McFall.

Mr. Brown supports the policies and principals of the Republican party and has been identified with that party since 1860. He is one of the substantial citizens of Gentry County.

W. P. Brown, a member of the firm of Brown Brothers, general hardware merchants at McFall, Mo., is a native of Kentucky. He was born in November, 1864 and is a son of W. H. Brown, a biographical sketch of whom appears in this volume.

W. P. Brown received his education in the public schools and began life as a farmer and stockman with his father. He then engaged in the hardware business in 1889 and was interested in that business until 1892 when he sold out and worked as a clerk in a general merchandise store for seven years at McFall. The firm of Brown Brothers was then organized at McFall and since that time they have carried on a general hardware business. They have a large trade which extends over a wide scope of territory, and are recognized as leading business men of Gentry County.

Mr. Brown was married Nov. 10, 1896 to Miss Fannie Christie. They have no children.

Mr. Brown is a Republican and takes an active part in politics; he has served as chairman of the Gentry County Republican Central Committee. He is a member of the Presbyterian church and one of the substantial business men of McFall and Gentry County.

George D. Ewing, a prominent business man of Pattonsburg, Mo., was born Jan. 2, 1842, in Trimble County, Ky., a son of Fulton Ewing and Rachel Watkins (Robbins) Ewing.

Fulton Ewing was born Nov. 4, 1809, in Henry County, Ky. He was a prominent farmer and stockman of his locality, owning 630 acres of land. His mother was a descendant of the Douglas clan and connected with the Scotch nobility. She was a graduate of Edinburg University, and taught the first high school for girls at Frankfort, Ky., ever opened in that state. She was a first cousin of Sir Walter Scott, her maiden name being Scott (Robina). In 1879, Mr. Ewing was elected to the state legislature. He was chairman of the Educational Committee and Charitable Institutions. Both of Mr. Ewing's mother's grandfathers were soldiers in the Revolution. Their names were John Robbins and Even Watkins. John

Robbins, after serving for most of the war, was killed in a skirmish with a British foraging party, at Yorktown, Va., only a short time before the surrender of the British Army.

The following children were born to Fulton Ewing and wife: James; Robina Scott; Mary Frances, William Pryor, Augustus Mortimer, George D., Thressa H, Abel R., Elizabeth, and Christopher Clark. James, Robina, Thressa and Christopher, died in childhood. The others living to past middle age, most of them to old age. All are now dead but George D. Ewing.

George D. Ewing was educated in the county of his birth. Owing to the interest his father, and a few neighbors took in education, he was afforded better educational opportunities than most of the schools then afforded. His father and others employed a college professor from Ohio to teach the district school for a number of terms. No other school in the country had such a competent teacher.

On July 13, 1865, George D. Ewing, and Miss Artimesa Bain, of the same county were married. To them were born four children; Mattie E., Charles B., Ira Scott and Iva Watkins, twin sons, who died in childhood. The father and mother of Mrs. George Ewing were Charles C. and Nancy (Trout) Bain. Their children were Sarah J., Jeremiah Trout, Elvina, Mary A., William A., Artimesa, Eliza J., and Matilda. All the children were married and all are dead except Mrs. Eliza Hisle.

Augustus M. and George D. Ewing were soldiers in the Confederate Army, belonging to Company A 4th Kentucky Cavalry. Both saw hard service and were engaged in many battles, but neither was wounded or captured. In 1863 George D. Ewing, was transferred to Brigade Headquarters, with rank of orderly sergeant, but usually acted as aid-de-camp during battles.

In 1885, George D. Ewing and family came from their home in Kentucky, and settled in Pattonsburg, Mo. The daughter, Mattie E., in 1888, became the wife of Truman C. Beasley, a merchant of Pattonsburg, Mo., they living at Pattonsburg until 1910, when they moved to Chillicothe. Mr. Beasley becoming president of the First National Bank in that city. T. C. Beasley and Chas. B. Ewing still own the Pattonsburg Mercantile Company Store, known as the "O. K. Store." The same has been under the management of Chas. B. Ewing since the removal to Chillicothe of T. C. Beasley.

George D. Ewing has always taken quite an interest in civic affairs, a strong believer in the law, and its enforcement. Believing that the better way to secure civic righteousness is to elect capable persons to official posi-

tions. He was mayor of Pattonsburg for five years, justice of the peace for a number of years and has been engaged in insurance, notarial work and real estate business for many years.

His wife, Artimesa Ewing, died Sept. 24, 1918, they having been permitted to walk life's pathway together for more than fifty-three years.

In March, 1913, Charles B. Ewing and Mrs. Dora M. Hart were married. They live in Pattonsburg, Mo. Since the death of Mrs. G. D. Ewing, Mr. Ewing has lived with them.

Samuel A. Jarrett, of Salem Township, is one of the honored pioneers of Daviess County. He was born Aug. 17, 1843, in Salem Township, Daviess County, a son of Andrew and Susan (Graham) Jarrett.

Andrew Jarrett was a native of Virginia, and came from Greenbrier County, Va., to Daviess County, in 1837. During his entire life he was a farmer and stockman owning 60 acres of land. He was a well known breeder of horses, hogs and sheep. Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Jarrett are both deceased and are buried in the Bethel Cemetery, Daviess County. They were the parents of the following children: Mary Jane, deceased; Ruth Angeline, deceased; James Madison, deceased; Sidney Unice, deceased; and Samuel A., the subject of this sketch.

Samuel A. Jarrett was reared on a farm in Salem Township, Daviess County, and received practically no education. He began farming when a very young man, renting land. He later purchased his brothers' and sisters' claims on the old home farm, owning 160 acres of good farm land. Mr. Jarrett now owns 710 acres of land in Salem Township. He is one of the prominent farmers and stockmen of the county and was a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs, and other stock. His farm is known as Maple Grove Farm, and is located near Pattonsburg. Mr. Jarrett is now living retired on his farm.

On Dec. 20, 1863, Mr. Jarrett was married first time to Angelina Black, a native of St. Joseph, and a daughter of William and Mary Black, natives of Kentucky. To this union ten children were born, as follows: Ami, deceased; William Elwood, Springfield; James, Jameson; Lieumma, the wife of William Read, Salem Township; Minnie, the wife of M. W. Addy, Marion Township; Rebecca, the widow of C. Burris, Marion Township; Mortica, Coffey; Virgia, the wife of Samuel Stitt, Denver, Colo.; John, Montavesta, Colo.; Della, married E. Brodbeck, Ft. Scott, Kan.

Mr. Jarrett was married the second time to Almira Wilson, a native of Daviess County, and daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Nickel) Wilson, natives of Indiana and Ohio. Mr. Wilson came to Missouri and settled near Coffey. He was a prominent farmer and stockman, owning 100 acres of



SAMUEL A. AND ALMIRA (WILSON) JARRETT

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land. He died Jan. 3, 1913, and is buried in Hickory Creek Cemetery. His wife resides at Coffey, and is 85 years old. To Samuel A. and Almire (Wilson) Jarrett six children were born, as follows: Helen, deceased; Ross, living near Nebraska City, Nebr.; Paul, Salem Township; Lloyd, Salem Township; Yvonne, the wife of Grant Cox; S. A., Jr., living at home.

In politics Mr. Jarrett is a Democrat. He is a member of the Methodist Church, and one of the substantial and highly respected citizens of Daviess County.

R. F. Wood, the well known superintendent of schools in Pattonsburg, Mo., was born April 20, 1888, in Nebraska. He is a son of James M. and Laura (Rader) Wood, natives of Indiana and Missouri.

James M. Wood was born in Boone County, Ind., and came to Daviess County, Mo., in 1865, at the age of seven years. He became one of the most prominent farmers and stockman of Daviess County, where he lived the remainder of his life. Mr. Wood was a well known breeder of Short-horn cattle and Poland China hogs. He owned 450 acres of land in Nebraska and 120 acres in Grundy County, Mo. For several years Mr. Wood served as a director on the school board. He was a Democrat in politics and a member of the Baptist Church. He died Feb. 2, 1921, and is buried at Pilot Grove, Mo. Mrs. Wood is now 52 years of age. To James M. and Laura (Rader) Wood the following children were born: Etta May, deceased; Alfa O., deceased; James Vernon, deceased; Earl, farmer and stockman of Grundy County, Mo.; Earnest, farmer and stockman of Grundy County, Mo., enlisted during the World War in Trenton, and was sent to Columbia, Mo., where he remained until the signing of the armistice; Eleanora, the wife of Forrest Barriff, farmer and stockman of Grundy County, Mo.; Pearline, the wife of Roy Collins, farmer and stockman of Shelbina, Mo.; Thomas H., attending school at Trenton, Mo.; Rupert, living at home; and R. F., the subject of this sketch.

R. F. Wood received his education in the public and high schools of Daviess County, and was graduated from the State Teachers College with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He taught school for several years and was superintendent of the Pattonsburg schools, where he is now located. He has managed the schools in a very efficient manner and has proven his capability.

On May 30, 1917, Mr. Wood married Minnie B. Edwards, a native of Winston, Mo., and daughter of James B. and Nanna (Webb) Edwards. Mr. Edwards owns 94 acres of land and is a well known farmer and stockman of Daviess County. For a number of years he served as school director and has been justice of the peace. In politics Mr. Edwards is a

Democrat. He is a member of the Methodist Church and belongs to the Masonic Lodge. Mr. and Mrs. Edwards are the parents of four children, as follows: Lena, the wife of Clyde Zentz, merchant of Kingman, Kan.; Fred, farmer and stockman of Winston, Mo.; Mrs. Wood; and Victor, merchant in Mable, Mo. He served overseas during the World War. He contracted influenza while there and has never regained his health. To R. F. and Minnie B. (Edwards) Wood one child has been born, Janet Susan, born in Jamesport, Mo.

Before coming to Pattonsburg, Mo., Mr. Wood was engaged as rural mail carrier in Jamesport, Mo. He is a Democrat and belongs to the Masonic Lodge. He is a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. Wood has taken a commendable interest in the affairs of Pattonsburg, and has many friends here.

W. H. Feurt, a leading farmer and stockman of Washington and Salem Townships, Daviess County, was born in Daviess County, May 10, 1863, a son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Glaze) Feurt.

Thomas Feurt was a native of Ohio. He was one of the earliest settlers of Daviess County, having come to Missouri in 1845. He became a prominent farmer and stockman, owning 500 acres of well improved land. Mr. Feurt, was a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle, hogs, sheep and horses. He was a Democrat. Mr. Feurt died March 23, 1869, and his wife died Dec. 25, 1890. They were the parents of seven children, as follows: Nathaniel, deceased; Liddie, the wife of John Gersh, residing in Arkansas; Mary J., residing with her brother John G., John G., Washington Township; Bell, the widow of John W. Knott, resides with her brother, John G.; W. H., the subject of this sketch; and Cora, the widow of Charles Lowery, now resides in Pattonsburg.

W. H. Feurt was reared on a farm in Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He has always been a farmer and stockman. He began farming with his brother, John G., and was in partnership with him until his marriage. Mr. Feurt owns 540 acres of land and his wife owns 140 acres. He has been unusually successful in the breeding of Shorthorn cattle and Duroc hogs. The residence is located in Washington Township.

On Dec. 14, 1898, Mr. Feurt was married to Lora E. Meadows, a native of Salem Township, Daviess County, and a daughter of Joseph T. and Mary (Everly) Meadows. Mr. Meadows was a native of Virginia, and came to Missouri at the age of four years with his parents. He became one of the prominent and prosperous farmers and stockmen of Daviess County, owing at one time 1600 acres of land. John Meadows, father of Joseph T. was a native of Virginia. He came to Daviess County, Mo., in 1838 with a team

and covered wagon, and was engaged in farming until his death in 1880. In Virginia he was married to Miss Gwynee and they reared a large family. Joseph Meadows died Dec. 17, 1920, and is buried in the Bethel Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Meadows were the parents of the following children: John C., deceased; W. H., Pattonsburg; Charles L., Salem Township; James E., Salem Township; Clara, the wife of R. W. Welden, McFall; Alice, the wife of John Street, Maryville; Mrs. Feurt; Carlia, at home; Lillie, the widow of Robert Welden, Salem Township; Mollie May, the widow of Jesse Maize, Harrison County; Oscar P., Pattonsburg. Mrs. Meadows is now living in Salem Township and is 81 years of age. To W. H. and Lora (Meadows) Feurt three children have been born, as follows: John C., born Oct. 13, 1899, living with his parents; Joseph, born June 21, 1902, at home; and Henry K., born Dec. 20, 1905, attending school.

Mr. Feurt is a stockholder in the Farmers Bank of Jameson. He is a Democrat and belongs to the Masonic Lodge. Mr. Feurt is a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Feurt is a progressive farmer and a public spirited citizen and the Feurt family are well known and among the substantial citizens of Daviess County.

Hugh Elwood O'Hare, a successful farmer and stockman of Salem Township, Daviess County, was born on Aug. 17, 1866, on his father's farm in Salem Township. He is the son of Martin H. and Catherine (Edmonds) O'Hare, pioneer settlers of Daviess County.

Martin H. O'Hare, Sr., was born in Logan County, Ohio, and came to Missouri in the early days, where he settled in Salem Township, Daviess County. During the Civil War, Mr. O'Hare enlisted in Company B. and served three years and six months in the 1st Cavalry Regiment of Missouri State Militia. He took part in many battles and skirmishes, among them being the first battle of Kansas City, Mo. Following the war, Mr. O'Hare engaged in farming and stock raising. He was very successful in the breeding of sheep, hogs and horses. Mr. O'Hare was the owner of 280 acres of well improved land in Daviess County. There were no railroads during the early days, and he drove his live stock to Jameson, Mo. He also drove oxen from St. Joseph, Mo., to Salt Lake City, Utah, and walked from Illinois to Kansas with his brother, Hugh O'Hare. To Martin H., Sr. and Catherine (Edmonds) O'Hare five children were born, as follows: Hugh Elwood, the subject of this sketch; Dora, deceased; Amanda Levina, deceased; Effie, deceased; Thomas Preston, farmer, residing in Washington Township. Both Mr. and Mrs. O'Hare are deceased, having died in September, 1911. They are buried with their children in Hickory Creek

Cemetery. Mr. O'Hare was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Hugh Elwood O'Hare received his education in the district schools and grew up on his father's farm, of which he was manager. He now owns 280 acres of land in Salem Township, Daviess County, and is widely known as a breeder of high grade stock, including cattle, Poland China hogs, horses and mules.

On Nov. 9, 1892, Mr. O'Hare was married to Alice Heath, daughter of Rev. David and Eliza (Kerr) Heath, natives of Virginia. Mrs. O'Hare is a native of Daviess County, Mo. To Rev. David and Eliza (Kerr) Heath seven children were born, as follows: Sarah, the wife of George Morris, Daviess County; John, postmaster of Pattonsburg; Mollie, deceased; Ada, the wife of E. H. Tulery, Fort Worth, Texas; Stella, the wife of Davie E. Waters, farmer of Salem Township, Daviess County; Alice, the wife of H. E. O'Hare; Rosa, deceased, the wife of Homer Read, also deceased. This was the second marriage of Rev. David Heath. By his first marriage he was the father of the following children: Elisia B., deceased; James K., deceased; William, deceased. All three were soldiers during the Civil War and James K. Heath was a first lieutenant. The father of Rev. David Heath also served as first lieutenant in the Civil War.

Mr. and Mrs. O'Hare are the parents of two children: Walter, born Dec. 19, 1900, educated in the University of Missouri in the agricultural school, now farming with his father; and Virgil K., born Dec. 8, 1903, at home.

Mr. O'Hare is a director of the Bank of Coffey, Mo. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he is a Democrat, while Mrs. O'Hare is a Republican. Mr. O'Hare is a substantial citizen and a progressive type of man. He is a good farmer and stockman and a successful manager.

William P. Hutcherson, a well known retired farmer and stockman of Salem Township, Daviess County, was born Dec. 8, 1851, in Virginia. He is a son of W. J. and Mary (Finks) Hutcherson.

W. J. Hutcherson was a native of Virginia and owned 300 acres of land. He carried on general farming and stock raising. Both Mr. and Mrs. Hutcherson are deceased and are buried in Virginia. They were the parents of six children, as follows: Sarah, Thomas, Adolph, Robert F., William P., the subject of this sketch and Elmer Frank, of whom William P. is the only one living.

William P. Hutcherson was reared in Virginia and came to Missouri in 1880, settling in Daviess County. After his arrival in Missouri, Mr.

Hutcherson worked for \$16.00 per month farming. He later, in 1887, purchased 160 acres of land, and became a successful farmer and stockman, breeding Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. Mr. Hutcherson now owns 80 acres of land in Salem Township.

On Aug. 21, 1887, Mr. Hutcherson married Elizabeth Higgins, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of Thomas and Christina (Myers) Higgins. Mr. and Mrs. Higgins were natives of Indiana. They settled in Daviess County in 1840, where Mr. Higgins became a well known farmer. For several years he served as justice of the peace and was road overseer. Mrs. Higgins died May 21, 1915, and is buried in the Coffey Cemetery. Mr. Higgins is now 88 years of age, and resides in Harrison County. He is a staunch Republican and a member of the Christian Church. Mr. and Mrs. Higgins were the parents of the following children: Emma, deceased; Robert Y., deceased; Mrs. Hutcherson; Louisa J., the wife of John Galbrath, Harrison County; Abraham, Gilman; Joseph, living on the old homestead.

To William P. and Elizabeth (Higgins) Hutcherson three children were born, as follows: Mary Duane, the wife of William McCoy, Washington Township; Christina Ada, the wife of M. T. Carroll, Washington Township; William T., living with his father, married Fantella Ellis, July 6, 1921.

Mr. Hutcherson's farm is known as the Cypress Hill Farm. Mr. and Mrs. Hutcherson are members of the Christian Church and Mr. Hutcherson has been an elder in the church for 35 years. He is a Democrat and a substantial and reliable citizen.

Sterling Harrison Creighton, a successful and well known veterinary surgeon of Coffey, was born April 26, 1870, a son of George and Marie (Harrison) Creighton. He was born in Daviess County.

George Creighton was born in Ohio on Dec. 1, 1837, and came to Missouri in 1868, settling in Daviess County, where he engaged in farming and stock raising. Mr. Creighton became a prominent farmer and stockman of Missouri, but later in his life he moved to Kansas, where he farmed the remainder of his life. He owned 100 acres of land in Daviess County, and 240 acres in Kansas. Mr. Creighton was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church. He died Oct. 18, 1919, and his wife died May 20, 1915. They are buried in Okmulgee, Okla. Mr. and Mrs. Creighton were the parents of the following children: Elmer, deceased; May, the wife of J. F. Seward, Calif.; Sterling Harrison, the subject of this sketch; Ernest, Thomas, Omaha, Neb., Bertha, the widow of Mr. Bush, California; Nellie, the wife of Benjamin B. Welder, Kansas City, Lillian, the wife of W. B. Williamson, Okmulgee, Okla.

Sterling Harrison Creighton was reared in Lyon County, Kan., and received his education in the district schools. He was also graduated from the Ontario Veterinary College in 1895. Dr. Creighton then began practicing in Emporia, Kan., where he remained for some time. Later, he moved to Winfield, Kan., where he remained until 1904. He then came to Coffey, and has built up a fine practice in veterinary surgery.

On Aug. 22, 1897, Dr. Creighton married Ella Galbreath, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of Squire and Martha Jane (Brown) Galbreath, natives of Kentucky and Indiana. Squire Galbreath was one of the pioneer settlers of Daviess County, and became a prominent farmer. He owned 180 acres of land and was widely known as a successful stockman. During the Civil War, he enlisted in Company D, Volunteer Missouri Cavalry, and served for three years, taking part in the most important battles of the war. Mr. Galbreath is a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. Mrs. Galbreath died Dec. 3, 1913, and is buried in Coffey. They were the parents of eight children, as follows: Elizabeth, the widow of Joseph Gotschall, Nevada, Mo.; Billie, deceased; John A., Daviess County; James, deceased; Dr. J. W., Ulrich, Mo.; Mrs. Creighton; David O., deceased; Gertrude, the wife of Claud Yarbough, Coffey. To Sterling H. and Ella (Galbreath) Creighton eight children have been born, as follows: Bill, living at home; Carma, teacher, at home; Gertrude, graduated from high school in May, 1922; James A., graduated from high school in May, 1922; Nellie, deceased; Squire George, deceased; Sterling Lee, attending school; and Rex E., attending school.

Dr. Creighton owns his attractive home in Coffey. In politics he is a Republican. The Creighton family are members of the Christian Church. Dr. Creighton is a public spirited and representative citizen of Daviess County.

P. A. Mooney, a substantial farmer and stockman of Salem Township, Daviess County, was born Jan. 7, 1871, in Harrison County, a son of Reuben W. and Nancy (Johnson) Mooney.

Reuben W. Mooney was a native of Tennessee. He came to Missouri in 1866, settling in Harrison County, where he carried on general farming and stockraising. During the Civil War Mr. Mooney enlisted in Company D, 14th Regiment, Missouri Volunteers, and served throughout the war. He was badly wounded. He was with a Company of about 30 men when they rode upon about 300 rebels and the attack began and Lieutenant Mooney was shot through the neck with a minnie ball. Ruben W. Mooney and wife walked from near Springfield, Ill., to Missouri. He enlisted in the Army. His second enlistment was at Lexington, Mo., where he formed a

company of men and became a Lieutenant. Mr. Mooney owned 280 acres of land in Daviess County. Both Mr. and Mrs. Mooney are deceased, Mr. Mooney having died Dec. 8, 1912, and his wife Oct. 23, 1905. They were the parents of 14 children, as follows: Saphrona, deceased; Mary, the wife of Elaman Alley, Harrison County; Martha A., the widow of William Beals, Harrison County; J. C., retired, Jamesport; Henrietta, the wife of William Timmons, now deceased; J. F., farmer, Arkansas; W. J., Tulsa, Okla.; Nancy A., the widow of C. F. Dooley, Iola, Kan.; John, farmer, South Dakota; Reuben, deceased; Frank, deceased; Sherman, Nebraska; Emma, deceased, was the wife of W. A. Mendenhall; and P. A., the subject of this sketch.

P. A. Mooney was reared on a farm in Harrison County and was educated in the district schools. He then began farming on rented land. He now owns 63 acres of land in Daviess County, and is a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs.

On April 9, 1891, Mr. Mooney was married the first time to Mary Shira, a native of Indiana, and a daughter of Lyman and Christina (Barley) Shira. To P. A. and Mary (Shira) Mooney ten children were born, as follows: Roy F., Harrison County; Christina, deceased; Cloe, deceased; Harry C., Kansas; Loretta, the wife of Marcellis Chadwick, Jameson; Elmer, resides with his father; Clarence, with his father; Junior, with father; Raymond, living with father; Winnie, Jameson. Mrs. Mooney died Jan. 10, 1920, and is buried in Salmon Cemetery.

Mr. Mooney was married the second time Sept. 30, 1920, to Oddie Robertson, the daughter of William and Bessie (Richardson) Turner, natives of Daviess County. Mr. Turner died in 1890 and his wife is now living in Troy, Kan.

Mr. Mooney is a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. He is a good farmer and stockman and a successful manager.

Frank H. Cook, a progressive and enterprising young farmer and stockman is engaged in farming in the vicinity of King City. He was born June 19, 1900 and is a son of Walter H. and Mary M. (Kemp) Cook both natives of Wisconsin. Walter H. Cook came to Gentry County a number of years ago and was here successfully engaged in farming and stock raising until the time of his death, May 17, 1920. His remains are buried at King City. He was the owner of a quarter section of land and recognized as one of the successful citizens of Gentry County. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and was a Republican. He held membership in the Methodist church. His widow now resides at King City.

Frank H. Cook is one of the following children born to his parents:

Irene, married Guy Hobson, a farmer and stockman and they live in Oklahoma; Elmer J. lives west of King City; Fred S., is a farmer and stockman living west of King City; Clark W., is also a farmer and stockman near King City; Delbert, is also a farmer and stockman near King City; Ines E., married Earl Gofarth, King City and Frank H., the subject of this sketch.

Frank H. Cook was married Jan. 4, 1922 to Ruby K. Dieter a native of Gentry County and a daughter of Thomas Dieter of King City, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this volume.

Mr. Cook is one of the well known young men of King City, and is making good. He is operating 80 acres of land.

Cornelius Yost, a well kown retired farmer of Salem Township, is a veteran of the Civil War. He was born Sept. 15, 1828, in Belmont County, Ohio, a son of William and Catherine (Bixler) Yost.

William Yost was a native of Ohio, born in 1800. In 1857 he came to Missouri, settling in Salem Township, Daviess County, where he became a prominent farmer and stockman. Mr. Yost was a lieutenant during the war of 1812, and served for six months. He owned 100 acres of land in Salem Township. Mr. Yost was a member of the Methodist Church. He died Dec. 6, 1876, and his wife died in August, 1886. They are buried in Hickory Creek Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Yost were the parents of three children, as follows; Nancy Ann, deceased, was the wife of John Walker; Cornelius, the subject of this sketch; and Mary Jane, deceased.

Cornelius Yost was reared on his father's farm in Ohio, and came to Illinois in 1840 and came to Missouri in 1857 settling on present farm. During the Civil War, Mr. Yost enlisted in Company D, 27th Missouri Infantry, and served for three years. He took part in many important battles of the war. After the close of the war, he returned to his farm, in Salem Township. He became a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and other high grade stock. Mr. Yost retired several years ago, and is now living on his farm of 230 acres. He is 95 years of age.

On Aug. 14, 1853, Mr. Yost married Lucinda Chapman, a native of Marion, Ohio, and a daughter of Zada and Matilda (Chapel) Chapman. Mr. and Mrs. Chapman were the parents of six children, as follows: George, deceased; Caroline, deceased; Minnie, deceased; Matilda, deceased; Mary, the widow of Mr. Walker; and Mrs. Yost, also deceased. To Cornelius and Lucinda (Chapman) Yost 12 children were born as follows: William, Cherryvale, Kans.; Jane, the wife of John Cunningham, Cherryvale, Kans.; Martha, the wife of John McCrandy, both deceased; Catherine, the wife of William Hawk, Kansas City, Kans.; Mary, now living with her father in Salem Township; Alice, the wife of Samuel Reed, Colorado; Elsworth,



CORNELIUS YOST

farmer and stockman, Gentry County; Gilbert, residing with his father; Albert, twin brother of Gilbert, farming the Blair farm in Daviess County; Raymond, Beloit, Kans.; Nancy, the widow of Elbert McCrandy, resides at Glasco, Kans.; Charles, Pattonsburg; Mr. Yost has 24 grandchildren and nine great-grandchildren.

Mr. Yost is identified with the Republican party in politics. Before the Civil War he voted the Abolition ticket. He is one of the interesting men of his community, and a highly respected citizen of Daviess County. Mr. Yost built his present residence in 1865, a log cabin of all hued logs and native timber. He did the hueing and built it mostly himself.

James H. Nickerson, deceased, was a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County. He was born March 3, 1856, in Daviess County, a son of Benjamin and Anna Eliza (Nickel) Nickerson.

Benjamin Nickerson was a veteran of the Civil War. Both he and his wife are deceased.

James H. Nickerson was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and received his education in the district schools. On Feb. 25, 1903, he married Mary D. (Hoover) Mullican, a native of Gallatin. She is the daughter of Henry M. and America (Nichols) Hoover, both natives of Ohio. Mr. Hoover settled in Missouri in 1874, and became a prosperous farmer and stockman. He owned 160 acres of well improved land, and was a successful breeder of cattle and hogs. During the Civil War, Mr. Hoover enlisted in the Missouri State Militia, and served one year. He died March 29, 1914, and is buried in Coffey. Mr. and Mrs. Hoover were the parents of the following children: Jacob A., resides in Kansas; Mariah, the wife of William Conaway, both deceased; Mrs. Nickerson; Charles William, deceased; W. S., farmer, Salem Township, Daviess County; Barbara, the wife of Isaac Stevens, Carlow, Mo.; Sarah Elizabeth, the wife of Nelson Barnes, Cypress Creek; Edward, farmer and stockman, Salem Township, Daviess County. Jacob A. Hoover is a veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted in Company B, Missouri State Volunteers. He served throughout the entire war, but was injured, having been thrown from his horse. Mr. Hoover is now at Phillipsburg, Kan. He belongs to the Masonic Lodge and is a member of the Christian Church.

James H. Nickerson died several years ago, and his widow is now living on her farm of 110 acres in Salem Township, Daviess County. In politics she is a Republican. Mrs. Nickerson is a member of the Christian Church.

Mr. Nickerson was highly respected and was one of the substantial citizens of Daviess County.

Mrs. Nickerson was married the first time in 1872 to Thomas B. Mullican. He was a farmer and stockman and later in life was a merchant in Kansas where he died in 1888. No children were born to either union.

Mrs. Nickerson's brother, W. S. Hoover, is now conducting the farm which is owned by Mrs. Nickerson.

J. E. Meadows, a progressive and enterprising farmer of Salem Township, and owner of 340 acres of well improved land, is a native of Daviess County. He was born June 14, 1868, a son of Joseph Taylor and Mary E. (Everly) Meadows.

Joseph Taylor Meadows was born in Virginia. He was one of the very early settlers of Daviess County, making the trip from Virginia with a team of oxen. Mr. Meadows became one of the most successful farmers and stockmen of Daviess County, owning 879 acres of land. He died Dec. 17, 1920, and is buried in Bethel Church Cemetery. Mrs. Meadows is now 81 years of age, and resides in Salem Township, Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Meadows were the parents of 13 children, as follows: John C., deceased; W. H., Pattonsburg; C. L., farmer and stockman, Salem Township; J. E., the subject of this sketch; Clara, the wife of Richard Welden, McFall; Alice, the wife of John Street, Maryville; Lora, the wife of Henry Feurt, Washington Township, Daviess County; Corley, resides with her mother; Lillie, the widow of Robert Welden, resides with her mother; Mollie, widow of Jesse Maize, Harrison County; Nancy Jane and Hannah E. died in infancy and Oscar now living one mile west of Pattonsburg. Mr. Meadows was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church.

J. E. Meadows was reared in Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He then began life farming with his father and is now owner of 340 acres of land in Salem Township. Mr. Meadows is widely known as a successful stockman. He has a fine residence, and his farm is modern throughout, including a first class watering system.

On Jan. 3, 1890, Mr. Meadows married Cynthia Ann Slaughter, a daughter of D. M. and Virginia (Hawk) Slaughter, natives of Ohio. Mrs. Meadows was born in Daviess County. Mr. Slaughter settled in Daviess County in 1865, and became a leading farmer and stockman, owning at one time 400 acres of land. Mr. Slaughter was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He died July 13, 1921, and is buried in the Old Town Cemetery. Mrs. Slaughter is now 77 years of age. Mr. and Mrs. Slaughter were the parents of the following children: Ermina, the wife of J. B. Everly, Salem Township; Theodosia, deceased; Mrs. Meadows; Jane, the wife of Virgil Farr, St. Joseph; Virginia, the wife of N. G. Ellis, Pattonsburg; R. M., farmer and stockman, Salem Township. To J. E. and

Cynthia Ann (Slaughter) Meadows seven children have been born, as follows: Edith, the wife of Edward Stamper, Salem Township; Brooks, farmer and stockman, Washington Township; Myrrl, at home; Menyard, at home; Josephine, at home; Catherine, at home; Elizabeth, at home. Mr. and Mrs. Meadows have two grand children.

Mr. Meadows is a Democrat and is a member of the Baptist Church. He is well known throughout the country for his progressive ideas and he and his family are highly respected citizens.

Kimbrow Smith, a retired farmer of Daviess County, now living on his farm in Washington Township, has been known for years as a successful breeder of pure breed Red Pole registered cattle. Mr. Smith was born Aug. 16, 1847, in Carroll County, Va., a son of William and Rachael (Rankins) Smith. Mr. and Mrs. William Smith were both born in Virginia and are now deceased.

Kimbrow Smith was reared on his father's farm in Virginia, and received his education in the district schools. He began life working on a farm for \$14.00 per month. In 1882, Mr. Smith came to Missouri, making the trip on foot, which required two years' time, as he stopped and worked on the way. He engaged in farming and stock raising near Weatherby, Mo. He now owns 160 acres of well improved land in Washington Township, Daviess County.

Mr. Smith was married in 1885 to Rosa Walker, a native of Carroll County, Va., and a daughter of John and Jane (Frost) Walker. Mr. and Mrs. Walker were the parents of the following children: H. E., deceased; Samuel, farmer, Carroll County, Va.; Martha, the wife of W. Delph, deceased; Livingston, farmer, Carroll County, Va.; and Mrs. Smith. The mother of these children died and Mr. Walker was later married to Josie Worrell also a native of Virginia. To this union six children were born as follows: Virgil, resides in Virginia; P. E., resides in Virginia; Sally, the wife of Henry Kyle, farmer, Carroll County, Va.; Myra, the wife of R. Edwards, farmer, Woodlawn, Va.; Sennie, the wife of H. Franklin, deceased; and Ella, the wife of John Kyle, farmer, Galax, Va. Both Mr. and Mrs. Walker are deceased. To Kimbro and Rosa (Walker) Smith one child has been born, Mont Smith.

Mont Smith was born in Daviess County, and received his education in the public and high schools of Coffey. He was also graduated from Kirksville State Normal School, and has taught school for ten years. Mr. Smith resides on the farm with his father in Washington Township. On March 15, 1916, he married Margaret A. Francisco, a native of Daviess County, and to this union one child has been born, Richard E. Smith.

Mr. Smith is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He is a substantial citizen who has built up a successful farming business by his integrity and progressive methods.

O. P. Robinson, a substantial farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, was born in Illinois, Sept. 1, 1865, the son of William and Virginia (Turner) Robinson.

William Robinson was a native of Tennessee and came to Illinois when a young man. Later, in 1866, he moved to Daviess County, where he settled in Lincoln Township. Mr. Robinson became a leading farmer of the county, and owned 500 acres of well improved land. He was a well known stockman. Mr. Robinson was a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. He died in 1917 and his wife died in 1897. They are buried in Scotland Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson were the parents of seven children, as follows: Quintes, deceased; E. T., deceased; D. H., farmer, Jamesport Township; William, deceased; O. P., the subject of this sketch; L. P., deceased; Elizabeth, of St. Louis; and Gertrude, the wife of J. W. Ley, also of St. Louis.

O. P. Robinson was reared on his father's farm in Lincoln Township, Daviess County, and received his education in the district schools. Since early manhood he has been engaged in farming and stock raising. His farm consists of 200 acres, and is a productive and well improved place. Mr. Robinson has been very successful in the breeding of Shorthorn cattle and Chester White hogs.

O. P. Robinson was married Jan. 10, 1889, to Miss Nellie Braden, a native of Grundy County, and the daughter of John L. and Sarah E. (Philips) Braden. Mr. Braden was born in Ohio, and was a veteran of the Civil War. He was a prominent farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, where he owned 240 acres. To O. P. and Nellie (Braden) Robinson three children have been born, as follows: Alma, school teacher in Jamesport Township, Daviess County; Clyde, further mention of whom is made below; and Evelyn, the wife of Virgil Grisamore, farmer and stockman, Grundy County.

Clyde Robinson, son of Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Robinson, inducted into army service, Oct. 2, 1917 at Gallatin, Mo. He went to Camp Funston and became a member of Company D 356th Infantry and remained there until April, 1918. He was transferred to Company E 138 Infantry and served in France one year. He was seriously wounded in the shoulder by shrapnel in the Argonne battle. He fought in St. Mihiel, Argonne and Meuse. Clyde Robinson was married to Miss Barbara Bray in September, 1917. Two children have been born to this union, Carlotta Ellen and William Lee.

Mr. Robinson is a Democrat in politics. He is one of the progressive and enterprising citizens of Daviess County, and the Robinson family stand high in the community.

Ramus M. Cole, a well known and successful farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, Daviess County, is a native of Daviess County. He was born Jan. 9, 1876, a son of William Robert and Nancy E. (Brown) Cole.

William Robert Cole was born in Grundy County. He came to Daviess County and was among the pioneer settlers of this section. Mr. Cole carried on general farming and stock raising and was very successful. During the Civil War he enlisted in the Missouri Cavalry Company D Mennills Horse and served for over three years, and taking part in many important battles. Mr. Cole died Jan. 19, 1910, and is buried in Pilot Grove Cemetery. Mrs. Cole is now living in Gilman City, and is 69 years of age. Mr. and Mrs. Cole were the parents of 10 children, as follows: Anson Dean, resides in St. Joseph; Minnie, the wife of Orin Young, both deceased; Ramus M., the subject of this sketch; Casper L., deceased; Daisy and Dusty, twins, deceased; Tiny, the wife of Hugh Terry, farmer and stockman, Jamesport; Robert, St. Joseph; Nellie, the wife of Thomas Fitch, farmer and stockman, Lincoln Township, Daviess County; R. J., farmer and stockman, Jamesport, Mo., Jessie Q., farmer and stockman, Gilman City.

Ramus M. Cole was reared in Daviess County and educated in the public schools and Grand River College of Gallatin. He began farming on rented land in Lincoln Township, Daviess County, and now owns a farm of 240 acres. Mr. Cole is a widely known breeder of spotted Poland China hogs. He also breeds sheep. He has just completed a fine residence in Jamesport at a cost of twelve thousand dollars. It is modern throughout and is one of the attractive home of Jamesport and of Daviess County.

On June 21, 1903, Mr. Cole was married to Pinkie McClure, a native of Jamesport Township, Daviess County. She is a daughter of Jonathan and Mary (Hamilton) McClure. Mrs. Cole was educated in the state normal school at Kirksville and taught school for seven terms in Daviess County. To Ramus M. and Pinkie (McClure) Cole two children have been born, as follows: Jewell, deceased; and Ramus Jr., residing at home.

Mrs. Cole is interested in poultry and raises White Leghorn and Plymouth Rock chickens. Both Mr. and Mrs. Cole are identified with the Republican party in politics. Mr. Cole has served as township school clerk and director of schools, treasurer of special road district also treasurer Liberty Thrasher Company. Mrs. Cole was chairman of the Red Cross of Lincoln Township during the World War, was recognized by higher offi-

cials for her ability to do. She has served as Worthy Matron of the Eastern Star Chapter No. 119, Jamesport, Mo. She was the first woman to be a member of the Republican County Central Committee from Lincoln Township. Mr. Cole was elected Worthy Patron of the Order Eastern Star for the year 1922, Jamesport. He belongs to the Masonic Lodge of Jamesport, No. 564. Mr. Cole is a member of the Baptist Church. He is an enterprising farmer and an efficient citizen.

Anda B. Terry is a farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, where he owns 80 acres of well improved land and handles stock, and is known as an enterprising and substantial man. He was born in Daviess County, July 17, 1885, and is a son of Thomas and Frances Harriett (Flint) Terry.

Thomas Terry is a farmer and stockman of Washington Township, Daviess County, where he owned 120 acres of land. Mr. and Mrs. Terry are the parents of three children, as follows: Chloea, the wife of Louis Dowell, farmer and stockman, Washington Township, Daviess County; Sarah Ellen, the wife of N. B. Cox, farmer and stockman, Lincoln Township, Daviess County; and Anda B., the subject of this sketch.

Anda B. Terry was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and received his education in the district schools. He began farming on rented land, where he remained for two years. Mr. Terry then purchased his present farm, where he is engaged in the breeding of Shorthorn and Hereford cattle, as well as Duroc hogs.

On Feb. 16, 1907, Mr. Terry married Cloe Neighswonger, a native of Daviess County, and the daughter of T. D. and Florence (Ray) Neighswonger. Mr. Neighswonger was born in Illinois, but came to Daviess County when a young man, settling in Lincoln Township. He owns 320 acres of good land, and was for many years, one of the substantial farmers and stockmen of the county. Mr. Neighswonger now resides in Cameron and is in the real estate business.

To Anda B. and Cloe (Neighswonger) Terry five children have been born, as follows: Lawrence, at home; Helen, at home; Lucile, at home; Morris, deceased; and Harold, at home.

In politics Mr. Terry is a Republican. He is a member of the Church of Christ. Mr. Terry is a progressive man who merits the esteem in which he is held by his fellow citizens.

Jefferson P. Patton, proprietor of East Lawn Stock Farm in Miller Township, is a member of a well known family in Gentry County where the Patton name has been known for three generations. Mr. Patton was born on the farm where he now lives, June 25, 1886, the son of John R. and Mary

C. (Gentry) Patton, both dead, and sketches of whose lives appear in this volume in connection with the review of the life of Isaac G. Patton.

Jefferson P. Patton attended the rural school in his district later being a student in the Albany High School and then in the Northwest Missouri College at Albany. He has lived on the farm which is now his home ever since his birth and is the owner of 260 acres of land two miles south of Evona where he has a good residence, excellent farm buildings, and a good supply of water from the various wells of the farm. Mr. Patton is a successful general farmer and also raises, feeds, and ships horses, cattle and hogs. He is accounted one of the progressive men in his community and his farm shows the results of his untiring efforts. The residence, situated on the Albany Maysville road, is effectively located and the sloping lawn lying east of the house gives the farm its name.

Jefferson P. Patton was married in 1906 to Lena Robertson, a daughter of George and Vina Robertson, both now living in Miller Township. Mr. and Mrs. Patton have one child, Lucille Bernice, now a senior in the Albany High School.

Mr. Patton has the distinction of being one of the few men who own land entered from the government by their ancestors. East Lawn Stock Farm, however, comprises land bought by James Patton in the early '40's from a squatter and later entered by him. The farm thus represents the life work of three generations of the same family, James Patton being the paternal grandfather of Jefferson P. Patton.

John W. Kaufman, a thrifty and progressive farmer of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, was born northeast of Gallatin, Sept. 16, 1884. His parents were Jacob and Elizabeth (Weber) Kaufman.

Jacob Kaufman was born in New York in 1847, and came to Missouri when he was nearly 21 years old. He has lived in Daviess County ever since, and now operates his farm a mile south of Winston. His wife was born at Jeffersonville, N. Y., in 1850, and died in Daviess County in 1904. Their children were: Anna, married to Frank Milstead of Kidder; William, living at Winston; Herbert, a resident of Winston; Carrie, the wife of B. R. McCutcheon of Hamilton, Mo.; Frank, died in infancy; John, the subject of this sketch; and Otto, died in infancy.

John W. Kaufman attended the rural schools of the county and rented land for farming, until 1910, when he bought his present farm of 64 acres. The land is located a mile west of Altamont, and is well improved. It is conveniently arranged with a good residence, good water facilities, and excellent farm buildings. Mr. Kaufman raises purebred Brown Leghorn chickens, Shropshire sheep, cattle, and Duroc Jersey hogs. Part of the hogs are eligible for registry.

Mr. Kaufman was married on Feb. 28, 1907 to Hilda E. Harter, who was born in Caldwell County. She is a daughter of John C. and Lena S. (Weibke) Harter of Kidder. Mr. and Mrs. Harter had the following children: Hilda E., now Mrs. Kaufman; Bertha, the wife of Willis DeFord of Altamont; Christina, died in infancy; Zora, now the wife of Henry Walp, of Winston; Nellie, married to Mack Stewart of Cameron; Linus, a resident of Hamilton; and Herbert, living at Winston.

Mr. Kaufman's farm presents a neat and attractive appearance and shows the effect of his careful work. Both Mr. and Mrs. Kaufman are energetic and ambitious, and are held in high regard in their neighborhood.

Joseph G. Lawson, prominent farmer and stockman of Harrison Township, is a well known breeder of registered spotted Poland China hogs and Shorthorn cattle, and the owner of 800 acres of land with his wife's land. He was born Feb. 1, 1865, in Livingston County, and is the son of Ami and Margaret (Clark) Lawson. They were the parents of nine children, as follows: Chas. J., Livingston County; Wm. A., Long Bend, Kans.; Catherine, wife of J. J. Dixon, San Francisco, Calif.; Joseph G., the subject of this sketch; James A., Bright, Wash.; Mildred, with brother, Chas. J.; Amanda, the wife of F. W. Hutchins, deceased; Maggie, living with brother Chas. J.; the first child died in infancy.

Ami Lawson was born in Carroll County, Mo., Feb. 12, 1828, and was a farmer and stockman during his entire life. He was the son of James Lawson, a native of Ireland, and he with Mr. Joseph Clark were the first white settlers of Mooresville Township, Livingston County. Ami Lawson married Margaret Clark, Nov. 13, 1858. She was born May 25, 1834, in Mooresville Township, Livingston County, and died March 29, 1875. They are both buried in Mooresville Cemetery. Mr. Lawson at the time of his death March 2, 1880, at Mooresville, was the owner of about 900 acres of land.

Joseph G. Lawson was reared on his father's farm and attended the district school. At the time of his father's death he went to live with an uncle, James J. Lawson. In 1886, he began operating the farm which he had inherited, making improvements, and sold it in 1891. He then engaged in the grocery and meat business at Mooresville, Mo. Feb. 22, 1804, he married Charity A. Weldon, the daughter of James B. and Elizabeth (Gilliland) Weldon, natives of Kentucky, and Ross County, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Weldon have two children: Mrs. Lawson and James H. Weldon.

In 1894 Mr. Lawson came to Daviess County and settled on his wife's land in Harrison Township, and since that time he has made extensive improvements.

To Mr. and Mrs. Lawson have been born three children: Fern A., deceased; Elizabeth C., attending school at Columbia, Mo.; and Marguerite W., teacher, Breckenridge, Mo.

Mr. Lawson is a Democrat. He is recognized as one of the successful men of Daviess County.

George E. Dice, owner of the Altamont Independent Telephone system, was born in De Kalb County, Dec. 17, 1860. His parents were John and Margaret Jane (Connell) Dice, early settlers of Missouri.

John Dice was born in York County, Pa., and came to Missouri in 1850. He located on a farm in De Kalb County, and served in the Missouri State Militia during the Civil War. His wife died at Santa Rosa, Mo., in 1877, and Mr. Dice died at the home of his daughter in Kansas City, Mo., in 1912. Mr. and Mrs. Dice had five children as follows: George E., the subject of this sketch; Mrs. M. E. Hunt, living at Stanberry; S. J., a resident of Stanberry; Viola, now Mrs. Hughes of Kansas City, Mo.; and Etta, died in August, 1918.

George E. Dice attended the public school of Santa Rosa, and followed farming in De Kalb County for several years. He became interested in a hardware store at Weatherby, and remained in that business for four years. In 1900 he came to Altamont, where he has lived ever since. He was in the restaurant business for five years, during which time, he also operated the telephone exchange, which was located in his building. Since 1905 he has owned and operated the telephone system, and has achieved a success in the work.

Mr. Dice was married to Elizabeth Havet on Jan. 1, 1884. Mrs. Dice is the daughter of John B. and Elizabeth (Henry) Havet. John B. Havet was a native of Burhott, Belgium, and came to the United States with his parents when he was a lad of six years. They settled in Chicago. Mr. Havet located on a farm in Missouri, from which he later retired. He died in St. Joseph in 1914. His widow, Elizabeth (Henry) Havet, was born in Indiana, and now lives in St. Joseph, at the age of 78 years.

Mr. and Mrs. Dice have one son, W. H. He was born in De Kalb County, and was educated in the schools there and at Altamont. He married Anna Smith, a daughter of P. P. Smith of Winston. He is now the owner and operator of the Winston Telephone Exchange, and lives at Winston.

The Altamont Independent Telephone System was established in 1905, and within two years, the business had grown to include 35 farm telephones and 15 resident telephones. Under Mr. Dice's efficient management, the system has grown until it now operates 100 farm telephones, and 75 in Altamont. It is the only telephone exchange at Altamont, where the

first telephone in the town was installed in 1900 in the Hartman Hotel by P. A. Manring.

Mr. Dice is highly esteemed in Altamont as a man of business ability, and is accounted one of the substantial citizens of the community.

Amos C. Spiers, well known farmer of Jefferson Township, in Daviess County, and the proprietor of Center Farm, was born in Miller Township, Gentry County, Aug. 27, 1874, the son of Zephaniah and Martha (Vance) Spiers.

Zephaniah Spiers located in Gentry County in 1849, and bought a farm ten miles southeast of Albany. He was one of the first settlers of that vicinity. Mr. Spiers at one time owned 1400 acres of land. He raised a family of 17 children. His first marriage was to Miss Lockwood, and to that union five children were born: Henry, William Z., now deceased, Reuben E., Mrs. Eliza N. Gibbany, and Mrs. Lizzie Miles. Mr. Spiers was married the second time to Martha Vance and to that union the following children were born: Mrs. Ellen M. Bryant, now dead; Mrs. Mollie Ewing; Mrs. Myrtle Carpenter; Marion and Mariot, twins; Mrs. Nancy C. Campbell; Talitha Cumi, died at the age of 21 years; Amos C., the subject of this review; June, living in Gentry County; Newton Z.; and Pearl, living in Gentry County.

Amos C. Spiers attended the rural schools of Gentry County and came to Daviess County when he was 21 years old. He lived with his brother, Mariot, for a while, then went back to Gentry County and remained there for three years. At the end of that time he settled near McFall, where he lived for four years, and then spent a year in Gentry County. He bought his present farm of 164 acres three and one-half miles north of Winston in 1906 from J. W. Gillilan. The farm is well improved. The residence was on it at the time Mr. Spiers purchased the land, but he has added the barn and several farm buildings as they were needed. The Rock Island Railway runs through the farm. Mr. Spiers does general farming and raises Shorthorn cattle and Duroc Jersey hogs.

Mr. Spiers was married in September, 1898 to Bertha Garrison, a daughter of A. H. and Margaret (Polk) Garrison. Mr. Garrison died in Jefferson Township in 1894 and his remains are buried in Cape Cemetery. Mrs. Garrison was born in Kentucky and came to Missouri with her parents in 1863. She still lives on the Garrison home place. To her union with A. H. Garrison the following children were born: Mrs. Clara Duffy of Civil Bend; Mrs. Fannie Bellamy; Edward, now living in Oklahoma; Lulu Minor, living in Colorado; George W., a resident of Marion Township, Daviess County; Bertha, now Mrs. Spiers; Frederick, living in Jefferson Town-

ship, Daviess County; Arthur, living in Oklahoma; Leonard, a resident of Dodge City, Kan.; Mrs. Kate Bright, living in Omaha, Neb.; Russell, living in DeKalb County; and Carl, a resident of Kansas City, Mo.

To the union of Amos C. and Bertha (Garrison) Spiers the following children were born: Wilma G., the wife of E. F. Bozarth of Prescott, Kan.; Winnie I., at home; and Paul A. and Irene, both at home. Two children, Sylvia and Raymond, died in infancy.

Mr. Spiers is a member of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons Lodge at Winston. He has filled the office of justice of the peace in his township. The Spiers and Garrison families are remarkable in that of the 29 children born to the two families, 26 are still living, and all lived to years of maturity. Mr. Spiers is a substantial farmer, an excellent citizen, and a man held in high esteem by the community.

Leland F. Minor, farmer and stockman of Jefferson Township, Daviess County, is the son of James T. and Ann Eliza (Donnelly) Minor. The Minor family has been well and favorably known in Daviess County for many years.

James T. Minor was born in Kentucky and came to Missouri with his parents when he was a small lad. They settled in Platte County and later moved to Daviess County and bought land in Jefferson Township, one and one-half miles west of the home of L. F. Minor, where they died. James T. Minor bought 40 acres of land, paid \$20.00 on the purchasing price, and had just \$20.00 left. He believed, however, in having a home even though it meant assuming a debt. He built a small frame house of native lumber, in which the family was housed for some time. The old house is now a part of the new farm residence. Mr. Minor now has land holdings of 330 acres. The residence is five and one-half miles east of Weatherby and the farm is operated by Mr. Minor's two sons, Leland F. and Glenn. James T. Minor and his wife now live at Santa Rosa, where they own property. Mr. Minor and his wife were born the same year, 1855. Mrs. Minor is a daughter of Edward Donnelly, who was a native of Ireland. He was a teacher in Platte County. To James T. Minor and wife the following children were born: Theron E., living at Wapello, Iowa; Ray, of Kidder; Leslie, living at Santa Rosa; Loren, died at the age of 21 years; Leland F., the subject of this review; Glenn, enlisted for service in the army during the World War, served one year in the Ordnance Department, married Blanch Stewart of Santa Rosa, and is now a partner of Leland F. Minor in operating the home farm; and Owen, living at Santa Rosa.

Leland F. Minor attended the public schools of Daviess County and at Kidder, and was a student in Gem City Business College at Quincy, Ill.,

where he graduated in 1913. A year later he returned to the farm where he has lived ever since. The land comprised in the Minor farm, is well improved, is well watered, and equipped with excellent farm buildings. Mr. Minor raises mules, Spotted Poland hogs, Shorthorn cattle, and Plymouth Rock poultry.

Mr. Minor was married, Sept. 10, 1916, to Winnie Cox, a daughter of Sherman and Lucy (Smith) Cox of near Pattonsburg, Harrison County. Mr. Cox was born in Washington County, Pa., and his wife was a native of Harrison County, Mo. Their children are: Winnie, now Mrs. Minor; Grant, living at Pattonsburg; and Brooke, Lawrence, Crystal and Lucille, all at home. One daughter, Fern, died at the age of two years. Mr. and Mrs. Minor have two children, Rex Sherman and Max James.

Mr. Minor is a progressive and able farmer and stockman and is rapidly achieving a marked success in his work.

James C. Kibler, proprietor of Fairview Farm near Winston, Jefferson Township, Daviess County, is a native of Rappahannock County, Va., born on Aug. 4, 1876, the son of Reuben and Sallie F. (Carpenter) Kibler.

Reuben Kibler was born in Page County, Va., where he was a farmer all of his life. He served for four years in the Confederate Army during the Civil War. Mr. Kibler died in 1909. His wife, who was born in Rappahannock County, Va., still lives there. Their children were: Henry, living at Elgin, Va., where he is a railway agent; Silas, living at Jefferson, Va.; Joseph, deceased; Taylor, living on the home place; Francis, living in Virginia; James C., the subject of this review; Bourbon Nathaniel, living in Page County, Va.; Virdee Lee, was Mrs. Houghton and is now dead; Charlie, living in Pennsylvania; and Annie, the wife of E. N. Smedley of Jameson, Mo.

James C. Kibler attended the schools in Virginia and was a farmer in Rappahannock County for several years. He came to Missouri in 1900 and settled near Jameson in Daviess County. He has owned several farms prior to the purchase of his present farm in August, 1919. This farm lies five miles north of Winston and comprises 270 acres of well improved land. The residence is good and the farm is provided with excellent farm buildings. The residence is on the Weatherby-Gallatin road and the Jefferson Highway passes within a fourth of a mile of the farm. There is a pleasant driveway to the house, which sets back from the road, and the lawn has an abundance of maple, cedar, and elm trees. The Firview church is located on the southwest corner of the farm. Mr. Kibler is raising registered Spotted Poland China hogs, cattle, and Shropshire sheep.

James C. Kibler was married, Aug. 26, 1900 to Sallie B. Houghton, a

daughter of Jack and Ellen (Houghton) Houghton. Mrs. Houghton is dead and Mr. Houghton is now living near Jameson. Mr. and Mrs. Kibler have ten children; Lucille, Ruth, now the wife of William Loop, a farmer of Jefferson Township; Clarence, Chester, Virgie, Lila May, Walter W., Daisy Lee, Dorothy, and Mary Frances.

Mr. Kibler is a member of the Yeoman Lodge at Gallatin. He is a practical and ambitious farmer, and a man highly esteemed in his neighborhood.

Everett H. Helms, owner of well improved land holdings in Daviess County, has his residence midway between Weatherby and Winston. He was born in Hancock County, Ill., Nov. 16, 1860, the son of M. K. and Mary Ann (Turman) Helms.

M. K. Helms and wife were both natives of Virginia and came to Missouri in 1877. They rented land in Daviess County where they both died. Their remains are buried in Tuggle Cemetery. Their children were: Meritt, deceased; Hatti, now Mrs. Weist of Gallatin; Everett H., the subject of this sketch; Celia, now Mrs. Picklesimer; Addison, died at Lock Springs; Enoch, a resident of Little Rock, Ark.; Tazewell, now living in Colorado; and Lee, deceased.

Everett H. Helms attended the public schools in Illinois and came to Missouri with his parents when he was a youth of 17 years. He worked near Coffey for some time, working by the month for the following people, Gilb Smith, Kirk Ford, James Netherton, Than Glaze, Ott Brothers, David Lamey, and Mrs. Melvin. His wages were \$13.00 a month, but he was thrifty and careful and managed to save money. He went to Kansas and took up a claim in Norton County, but soon decided that it was a bad investment and left without proving up on the land. He bought a farm of 120 acres of land in De Kalb County, Mo., in 1883, later adding 40 acres to the original tract. He now owns 180 acres of land in Monroe Township, Daviess County, and 270 acres in his home place in the same county. The latter is the old Silas Rowland farm and is a well improved tract of land. Mr. Helms does general farming and buys and sells stock. For the past eight years he has been very successful in this latter line of work.

Mr. Helms was married in 1883 to Cora Reid, a daughter of Madison and Rebecca Reid, both now dead. Mrs. Helms was born in Daviess County, and died there in August, 1902. Her remains are buried in Reid Cemetery. To her union with Everett H. Helms the following children were born: Lola, the wife of William Harms of De Kalb County; Floyd E., married Pearl Baker and lives in Monroe Township; Clyde, married Lulu Longoy and lives in the San Luis Valley in Colorado; Inez, married Glenn Manring

and lives in Jefferson Township; Glenn, married Ora Brown and lives in De Kalb County; and Basil, married Cecil Fleming and now lives on the home place.

Mr. Helms is a Democrat and has been actively interested in the work of that party, although he has always refused to run for any office. He is a man who is held in high regard in the community where his business integrity and his civic ideals are unquestioned.

D. E. Hisel, a well known farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born Oct. 21, 1872, in Jackson Township, Daviess County, the son of Jackson and Ellen (Miller) Hisel. Jackson Hisel was born in Buchanan County, Mo., about two miles south of St. Joseph, when St. Joseph was a mere trading post. During the Civil War he served on the Union Army. Following the war, Mr. Hisel came to Daviess County, where he engaged in farming and stock raising in Liberty Township. In 1902 he went to Oklahoma, where he remained until his death in 1906. His wife died there about two years later. To Jackson and Ellen (Miller) Hisel, nine children were born, as follows: Corbin, lives in Daviess County; Robert, Oklahoma; D. E., the subject of this sketch; Alvin, Hay Center, Neb.; Rosa, the wife of John F. Wilder, Jameson, Mo.; Otto, Louisiana; Minnie, the wife of Louie Reed, living near Altamont, Mo.; Fred, Lott Springs, Mo.; Herbert, living in Oklahoma.

D. E. Hisel was reared in Daviess County on his father's farm and received his education in the public schools. He has always been engaged in farming and stock raising, and handles very high grade cattle. His farm is located near Gallatin in Liberty Township.

On Jan. 9, 1901, Mr. Hisel was married to Elizabeth Creekmore, a native of Liberty Township, Daviess County, and a daughter of Jesse A. and Amanda (Baber) Creekmore. Jesse A. Creekmore was born in Liberty Township, Daviess County, in about 1832, and was a son of Henry Creekmore, a Kentuckian, and one of the pioneer settlers of Harrison County, Mo. His mother was also a native of Kentucky. Jesse Creekmore died in 1905, while his wife died in 1909. Mrs. Hisel is one of nine children, seven of whom are now deceased. She has one sister living, Martha, the wife of W. B. Stevens. They have their home just two houses east of the Hisel residence in Liberty Township. Mrs. Hisel was a pupil of John Leopard, when he taught school.

In politics Mr. Hisel is a Democrat. He is an enterprising citizen and representative of the successful type of farmer and stock raiser of this county, and he and his family are highly esteemed in the community.

R. M. Black, an enterprising farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born Nov. 4, 1885, in Gilman City, Harrison County, Mo., the son of Albert R. and Mary (Turner) Black. Mr. and Mrs. Black were the parents of the following children: Lockey, Zaola; Glenwood, Pinos, R. M., the subject of this sketch.

Albert R. Black was born in Frankfort, Ky., in 1837. In his early life he removed to Harrison County, Mo., where he engaged in farming. He died in 1914. Mary (Turner) Black, his wife, was born in Illinois in 1854. She now lives in Oklahoma. R. M. Black's grandparents on his mother's side were natives of Bethany, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Black were members of the Baptist Church.

R. M. Black grew up on his father's farm in Harrison County, Mo., and was educated in the district schools. He assisted his father in farming in Gilman City, Mo., for some time, and later went to Oklahoma, where he remained for six years. Mr. Black has lived on his present farm in Liberty Township, Daviess County, for the past six years. He has made extensive improvements, and is a well known breeder of Hereford cattle.

Mr. Black was married to Ethel Graham and to this union three children have been born, as follows: Christina, Glenwood, and Kathleen.

In politics Mr. Black is a Democrat. He is a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Black is a public spirited and substantial citizen, and the Black family are among the representative people of Daviess County.

J. S. Blair, popular former sheriff of Daviess County, was born Dec. 28, 1865, in Washington County, Pa., the son of John and Jane (Gunn) Blair.

John and Jane (Gunn) Blair were natives of Pennsylvania who came to Harrison County, Mo., in 1868, where they resided for three years. They then came to Daviess County, where Mr. Blair carried on farming and stock raising. To John and Jane (Gunn) Blair, six children were born, as follows: Marcus A.; Isaac M.; Lucinda J.; William; J. S., the subject of this sketch; and Katie.

J. S. Blair was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He was engaged in farming until 1907, when he removed to Pattonsburg, Mo., where he lived for two years. Mr. Blair then came to Gallatin, and was elected sheriff in 1909. He served in that office for four years and was then re-elected in 1916, serving until 1920. During his term of office as sheriff, Mr. Blair had a shooting affray, in which he arrested the Chism Brothers, notorious outlaws of Bloomington, Ill. During the arrest Earl Chism was shot and died, March 24, 1909.

In November, 1888, Mr. Blair was married to Martha J. Tunnel, a

daughter of James Tunnel. To J. S. and Martha (Tunnel) Blair, seven children have been born, as follows: Bertha G., Della, Dorothy, Rosella, Russel, Forest A., and John L.

In politics Mr. Blair is a Republican. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. Blair is well known in Gallatin and Daviess County, and is a substantial and highly respected citizen.

Dr. Frank Hedges, a prominent physician and surgeon of Pattonsburg, Mo., was born Nov. 10, 1875, a son of Levi and Nancy (Cunningham) Hedges. He was born in Harrison County, Mo.

Levi Hedges was a native of Kentucky. When a young man he removed to Illinois, making the trip by wagon, which required one month's time. He settled in Illinois for some time, later coming to Missouri, where he began farming and stock raising in Harrison County. Mr. Hedges became the owner of 160 acres of good farm land and was well known throughout Daviess County as a successful stockman. In 1850, Mr. Hedges crossed the plains to California with his brother. They made the trip in covered wagons. On the return trip to Missouri, they walked part of the way, and came the remainder by boat. Mr. Hedges died in November 1890, and his wife died in October, 1887. They were the parents of the following children: P. M., deceased; Edgar, deceased; Clarence, deceased; Mary E., deceased; Olive, the widow of J. D. Sutton, living in Bethany; James P., Mayville; Lucy, the wife of W. E. Salmon, Harrison County; Eva, the wife of John W. Rice, McFall; Charles and Emma, twins. Emma is the wife of W. M. Kidwell, Bethany; Charles, St. Joseph; and Dr. Frank, the subject of this sketch.

Dr. Frank Hedges was educated in the public and high schools of Harrison County. He was also graduated from Stanbury Normal School and Endsworth Medical College, and took post graduate work in Chicago, Ill. Dr. Hedges served during the World War. He was the first physician called in Daviess County, and after receiving his commission, was sent to Fort Riley, Kan., where he remained for three months. He enlisted June 20, 1917, and was commissioned captain on May 17, 1918. Dr. Hedges spent one year in France doing surgical work. The hospital in which he was stationed was raided during an air attack by the Germans. After the armistice, Dr. Hedges was discharged at Camp Dodge, Iowa, on Feb. 4, 1919.

Dr. Hedges practiced medicine in Andover, Mo., for two years and in 1901 came to Pattonsburg, where he has since remained. He has a fine practice, which is the result of his unusual ability.

On Aug. 7, 1894, Dr. Hedges married Mary E. Fanning, a native of Harrison County, and a daughter of Joseph and Anna O. (Querry) Fanning.



DR. FRANK HEDGES

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Joseph Fanning is a Civil War veteran and owns 480 acres of land in Harrison County. He is a prominent farmer and stockman. Mr. and Mrs. Fanning are the parents of the following children: Ervie, the wife of Thomas M. Rice, Albany; Ida, the wife of Dave Campbell, Pattonsburg; Ollie, Colorado; Oscar, Stillwater, Okla.; Harvey, Daviess County; Bonnie, the wife of C. E. Ross, Kansas City, Mo.; Robert, resides on the home farm; and Mrs. Hedges. To Dr. Frank and Mary E. (Fanning) Hedges one child has been born, Frank R., born Nov. 3, 1896. He was educated in the public and high schools of Harrison County, and was graduated from the St. Louis University. Mr. Hedges is now chief clerk of the Empire Oil Company of Bartlesville, Okla.

Dr. Hedges is a Republican and a member of the Christian Church. He is a progressive, enterprising and substantial citizen of Daviess County, and has many friends.

J. T. Patton, a leading farmer and stockman of Liberty Township, Daviess County, was born March 21, 1855, in Jefferson Township, Daviess County, two miles north of Altamont. He is a son of John William and Mary Jane (Hopkins) Patton.

John William Patton was born May 7, 1826, in Tennessee. During his entire life he was a farmer and stockman. He served during the Civil War, following which he removed to Daviess County, where he lived until the time of his death, April 9, 1909. His wife was a native of Virginia, born Sept. 29, 1831. She died April 24, 1900, and she is buried with her husband in Creekmore Cemetery. To John William and Mary Jane (Hopkins) Patton six children were born, as follows: Amanda, J. T., the subject of this sketch; Phoebe, Florence, William R., married to Mollie Parmley, and Eleanor Christine.

J. T. Patton grew up on his father's farm in Daviess County, Mo., and attended the district schools. For 12 years Mr. Patton served in the office of township clerk and assessor. In 1909 he purchased a farm of 80 acres in Liberty Township, Daviess County, where he has since been engaged in farming and stockraising. He has been successful in this work and is a breeder of high grade cattle.

Mr. Patton was married the first time to Mary Creekmore, a daughter of Jesse and Amanda Creekmore, and to this union three children were born, as follows: Clem, Herbert, and Mamie. Mr. Patton's second marriage was to Alice Hartman, a daughter of William and Flora Hartman, and to this union one child was born, Flora Mary Patton.

In politics Mr. Patton is a Democrat. He is a member of the Pente-

costal Mission Church, and well known in Liberty Township, Daviess County, where he has many friends.

J. H. Gillespie, the well known and capable cashier of the Jameson Bank, was born July 15, 1865, thirteen miles north of Coffey, Mo., and is the son of William and Elizabeth (Yqung) Gillespie.

William Gillespie was born in 1833 in Jackson County, Ohio. He came to Jameson, Mo., in February, 1872, where he worked at the carpenter trade. He died in 1912, and is buried in the Grand River Cemetery. Elizabeth (Young) Gillespie was born in 1838 in Salem, Ind. Her father was a native of Pennsylvania and her mother was born in Indiana. To William and Elizabeth (Young) Gillespie six children were born, as follows: Leona, the wife of J. G. Watson, Milan, Mo.; Harry, deceased; J. H., the subject of this sketch; Minnie, the wife of A. E. Watson, residing in Florida; Ella, the wife of John Curtis; Charles Franklin, Jameson, Mo.

J. H. Gillespie was educated in the district schools of Daviess County. He then became engaged as clerk in the J. F. Hamaker general merchandise store, where he remained for 15 years. Mr. Gillespie then went into the hardware business, and still has an interest in it. He recently took a partner, Mr. Smith, into his business. Mr. Gillespie has been in the hardware business for 20 years, and has been very successful. He has also been connected with the Bank of Jameson since Jan. 1, 1916, when he was elected vice president. He has served as cashier of the bank since 1916.

The Bank of Jameson was organized in 1889 with the following officers: Mose Netherson, president; A. J. Selsor, vice president; L. M. Brown, cashier; R. J. Lowry, secretary. It was organized with a capital of \$10,000. The directors were: W. G. Netherton; L. M. Brown; A. J. Selsor; R. J. Lowry; Z. A. Kimball; and E. J. Walls. The bank now has a capital of \$15,000 and a surplus of \$15,000. The bank has been located in its present building, which it purchased, since 1912. The present officers are, as follows: John F. Brown, president; J. H. Kemp, vice president; J. H. Gillespie, cashier; R. B. Adcock, assistant cashier. The directors are: John F. Brown, J. H. Kemp, D. E. Waters, J. V. Waters, R. A. Wilson, and J. H. Gillespie.

Mr. Gillespie was married to Nellie Gorsuch. She died on Feb. 6, 1919, in St. Joseph, Mo., and is buried in Brown Cemetery, Gallatin, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Gillespie had no children.

Mr. Gillespie is the oldest resident of Jameson, Mo. Throughout his life he has been associated with the development of Daviess County, and has always held high standards and progressive ideals in civic affairs.

T. C. Barlow, of Jameson, Mo., a leading dealer in poultry, and produce of all kinds, was born April 18, 1883, two miles south of Jameson. He is a son of Thomas and Fannie A. (Lockard) Barlow.

Thomas Barlow was born in 1850 in Jackson County, Ohio, a son of George and Lourecia (Burns) Barlow, natives of Virginia. Thomas Barlow carried on general farming near Jackson, Ohio, where he remained until 1882, when he moved near Jameson, Mo. Here he farmed until 1917, when he retired and moved to Jameson. His farm was located about two miles from Jameson. Mrs. Barlow was born in 1852 in Jackson County, Ohio, and was the daughter of John and Mary Lockard, natives of Jackson County, Ohio. To Thomas and Fannie A. (Lockard) Barlow three children were born as follows: George W., married Helen Meredith, Jameson, Mo.; T. C., the subject of this sketch; and Fleet M., married Nina Harbert, Gallatin.

T. C. Barlow was reared on a farm and attended the district schools in Daviess County. He also attended the Brown School, south of Jameson. Mr. Barlow then engaged in farming northwest of Gallatin. After 12 years of farming, he moved to Jameson, and became engaged in the poultry business, in which he has been very successful. He also owns a general merchandise store, known as Barlow's Cash Store, and each day his truck makes a trip through the surrounding district to purchase produce and poultry for his store, and for his poultry business.

Mr. Barlow married Minnie Harris, and to this union one child has been born, Forest Robert, who lives in Gallatin.

Mr. Barlow is a Republican and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias of Jameson, and the Yeoman Lodge. He is a member of the Methodist Church.

Mr. Barlow's honest business methods and his friendly attitude have won him a high place in the esteem of his fellow citizens.

Dr. James B. Graham, a well known and successful physician of Jameson where he has been engaged in the practice of his profession for 25 years is a native of Missouri and is a representative of a prominent pioneer family of this state. He was born at Gentryville, Oct. 18, 1874, a son of Dr. George and Martha Jane (Dobbins) Graham.

Dr. George Graham was a native of Ohio and was brought to Missouri by his parents when he was a child. He was a son of John Graham, a pioneer settler of Grundy County, who was a miller and operated a number of mills on Grand River, at one time or another and his six sons, Dr. George, James, John, William, Alfred and Oliver were engaged with him in the milling business. He had one daughter, Emeline who married Henry Whit-

ten. Dr. George Graham was educated in the Grand River College at Edinburg and the Missouri Medical College at St. Louis. After graduating, he engaged in the practice of medicine at Lindley, Sullivan County. While there he married Martha Jane Dobbins, a daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Kirkpatrick) Dobbins, early pioneers of Sullivan County and natives of Sangaman County, Ill. The Dobbins family came to Missouri with an ox team and wagons and first settled in Livingston County. One year later they removed to Sullivan County and Thomas Dobbins was the first settler in the town of Lindley of which he was the founder. He paid for his first land which he entered from the Government there, by splitting 30,000 rails. He became the owner of 1500 acres of land and was a prominent and influential citizen. He died at Lindley in 1896 at the age of 82 years and his wife died at the age of 72.

After his marriage, George Graham located at Gentryville, where he operated a grist and woolen mill. In 1879 the mills were destroyed by fire and after this misfortune, Doctor Graham bought City Mills and the Grand River Mills at Trenton and resumed business. This mill was destroyed by a cyclone in July, 1883. Dr. Graham had practiced his profession to some extent while engaged in other business, and in 1887, located at McFall with the intention of devoting himself to his profession but died three weeks after his arrival, at the age of 47. He was a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. His widow survived him for a number of years and died in March, 1913. They were the parents of the following children: David T., St. Louis; Mrs. Emma J. Carson, St. Louis; Mrs. Sarah M. Asher, Trenton; Leota Lee, deceased; and Dr. James B., the subject of this sketch.

Dr. James B. Graham was educated in the public schools of Trenton, the McFall High School and Avalon College. In 1893 he entered Barnes Medical College, now the National University of Arts and Sciences at St. Louis where he graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. He then engaged in the practice of his profession at Jameson where he has built up a large practice and is widely known as an able physician and a high class citizen.

Doctor Graham was married Aug. 21, 1895 to Miss Maud C. Miller of Jamesport, a daughter of Mack Miller. To Doctor and Mrs. Graham have been born the following children: James B., Jr., died at the age of one year; Martha Lois, Jack Sutcliff, Mary Elizabeth, and Nancy Jane.

Doctor Graham is a Democrat and is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and Modern Woodmen of America.

V. P. Johnson, a successful farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born March 1, 1888, in Union Township, Daviess County, the son of Philip M. and Lucy (Cornell) Johnson.

Philip M. Johnson was born in Rhappahanock County, Va., in 1854. He has been a farmer during his entire life, and now lives on a farm of 60 acres in Union Township, Daviess County. Mrs. Johnson was born in Worth County, Mo., in 1861, and was the daughter of George C. and Mrs. Cornell. To Philip M. and Lucy (Cornell) Johnson, four children were born, as follows: Charles L., married Ruby Adams; V. P., the subject of this sketch; Mary, the wife of Marion Page; and George W., married Helen Feurt, Jameson, Mo.

V. P. Johnson was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools. For several years he worked in the Davis Drug Company of Gallatin, later going to Washington, where he remained for one year. Mr. Johnson now lives in Grand River Township, Daviess County, where he owns a farm of 120 acres. He has resided there since 1918, and the place is his wife's birth place. Mr. Johnson carries on general farming and stock raising, in which he has been very successful.

On June 17, 1917, Mr. Johnson was married to Sarah Roe Everly, a daughter of W. C. and Laura (Feurt) Everly. To this union one child has been born, Lavinia Hortense.

In politics Mr. Johnson is a Democrat. He is a member of the Methodist Church and belongs to the Masonic Lodge. Mr. Johnson is a man who is highly esteemed in his community. He is an enterprising farmer and stockman and an efficient citizen.

C. C. Everly, a leading farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born July 22, 1882, in Grand River Township, Daviess County, and is a son of William C. and Laura (Feurt) Everly. William C. Everly was born in 1851 in Grand River Township, the son of John and Phenev (Sent) Everly. He was engaged in farming and stock raising during his entire life in Missouri. He died, Jan. 5, 1916. His wife was born in 1853 in Salem Township, Daviess County, a daughter of Gabriel and Sarah (Glaze) Feurt. Mrs. Everly died Jan. 7, 1916. To William C. and Laura (Feurt) Everly three children were born, as follows: Ella, the wife of Cort Feurt, living in Grand River Township, Daviess County; C. C., the subject of this sketch; and Roe, the wife of Virgil Johnson, Grand River Township.

C. C. Everly has lived in Grand River Township, Daviess County, during his entire life. He was educated in the district schools and also attended Grand River College. When he began farming, Mr. Everly owned

40 acres of land. He now has 400 acres of well improved land and is a successful and widely known breeder of high grade stock.

On March 6, 1907, Mr. Everly was married to Dora Kemp, a daughter of John and Laura (Haines) Kemp, natives of Missouri. To this union five children have been born, as follows: Ruby Louise, Mamie Alice, John Kemp, Mary Ellen, and Laura Frances.

In politics Mr. Everly is a Republican. He belongs to the Modern Woodmen of America, and is a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Everly is an energetic man who stands well in the esteem of his neighbors and fellow citizens.

S. J. Clark, well known contractor of Jameson, Mo., was born Aug. 16, 1857, in Kentucky. He is a son of C. W. and Parthena (Mitchell) Clark.

C. W. Clark was born in Kentucky in 1828. During the early part of his life he was a cabinet maker. He later removed to Jameson, Mo., where he was engaged in general farming until the time of his death, Jan. 21, 1902. Parthena (Mitchell) Clark was born in December, 1836, in Kentucky. She is now deceased, and with her husband is buried in Grand River Cemetery. To C. W. and Parthena (Mitchell) Clark four children were born as follows: Elizabeth, the wife of E. J. Martin, residing in Kentucky; Granville, married Marie Cashman, Jameson, Mo.; Mary E., the wife of William Hodges, Hillsboro, Ind.; and S. J., the subject of this sketch.

S. J. Clark was reared in Kentucky. In 1883 he came to Jameson, Mo., where he worked at the carpenter trade until 1890. He was also engaged in the furniture and undertaking business in Jameson. Mr. Clark has also been engaged in the grocery and drygoods business. In 1912 he became a building contractor, which work he is now engaged in. Mr. Clark has been very successful in his work, and he has a thorough understanding of building conditions.

Mr. Clark married Cora Maud Campbell, a daughter of Addison Valentine and Martha (Yeley) Campbell. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell came from Illinois to Missouri many years ago, but are now residing in Colorado. Mrs. Clark was born in Vigo County, Ind., but later moved to Illinois with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Clark are the parents of two children, as follows: Aletha, the wife of Dewey Smith, living two miles southeast of Jameson, Mo.; and Ralph S., attending the Jameson High School.

In politics Mr. Clark is a Republican. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and the Yeoman Lodge. Mr. Clark is a member of the Baptist Church. He is progressive and enterprising, and one of the dependable citizens of Daviess County.

T. T. Brown, a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born March 11, 1870, a mile and a half from his present farm. He is a son of Joe and Mary (Ward) Brown.

Joe Brown was born in Daviess County, in 1845. He served in the army during the Civil War, after which he returned to Missouri and carried on farming and stock raising until the time of his death, November, 1893. Mary (Ward) Brown was a native of Illinois, and is now living with her son, T. T. Brown, in Grand River Township, Daviess County. To Joe and Mary (Ward) Brown five children were born, as follows: Augusta, the wife of J. W. Poe, deceased; Etta, deceased, was the wife of Bert Harding; Daisy; Ethel, the wife of William Poe; and T. T., the subject of this sketch.

T. T. Brown was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and received his education in the district schools. He has been a farmer all his life. He owns 180 acres of good farm land, and is a well known breeder of high grade stock.

In 1894 Mr. Brown was married to Estella Barrick, a daughter of Jefferson and Mary (Kline) Barrick, who were natives of Ohio. They settled in Daviess County, many years ago. To T. T. and Estella (Barrick) Brown two children have been born: Thomas Jefferson and Roberta May Brown.

Mr. Brown is identified with the Republican party in politics and is a member of the Baptist Church. He is a reliable and efficient member of the community and has the esteem of his fellow citizens.

H. S. Wynne, a leading farmer and stockman of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born Aug. 13, 1879, on the farm where he now resides. He is a son of William and Amanda (Bowen) Wynne. William Wynne is a son of Peter and Mary Wynne. He was born in Tazewell County, Va., April 7, 1836. He moved to Daviess County with his parents and settled on a farm in Washington Township. He served during the Civil War. Mr. Wynne was married to Nancy Hopkins, now deceased, and to them five children were born; Mary and Ella, deceased; Anna, married Frank McNealy, now living near Jameson; George, married Lillie Bear, now living near Jamesport; and Henry, married to Maggie Brown now living near Jameson. Mr. Wynne and his wife are now living on a farm near Coffey, Mo. To William and Amanda (Bowen) Wynne five children were born, as follows: H. S., the subject of this sketch; Johnnie, Coffey; Harry, married Pattie Marie Landes, now deceased; Homer, married Laura Brown, residing in Jameson; and Corda, the wife of Tom Boyer, living near Gilman, Mo.

H. S. Wynne was reared on a farm and attended the district schools. He then became engaged in farming and stock raising on a farm in Grand River Township, Daviess County, which he now owns. It is an 80 acre farm of well improved land. Mr. Wynne is a well known breeder of Short-horn cattle and spotted Poland hogs.

Mr. Wynne married Pearl Peniston, a daughter of George and Mary (Preston) Peniston, natives of Missouri and early settlers of Daviess County. Mr. Peniston was born Dec. 18, 1850, and died Aug. 26, 1889. He is buried in the Centenary Cemetery, east of Gallatin. Mrs. Peniston was the daughter of Thomas and Martha Preston, natives of Ohio. She died in 1912 and is also buried in the Centenary Cemetery. George Peniston was a son of Theodore and Susan Peniston, natives of Virginia. To H. S. and Pearl (Peniston) Wynne one son has been born, Thomas Howard, attending school. He was born in 1912.

Mr. Wynne is a Democrat. He is a reliable and substantial member of his community, a man known for his integrity and progressive ideals.

J. W. McDaniel, a well known citizen of Pattonsburg, was born in Benton Township, Daviess County, March 21, 1885. He is a son of John Henry and Louisa (Elliott) McDaniel.

John Henry McDaniel was born March 9, 1825, in Orange County, N. C. In 1839 he came to Missouri, settling in Clay County, and the following year moved to Daviess County. Mr. McDaniel became a prominent farmer and stockman. He died Jan. 9, 1900, and his wife died July 3, 1900. They were buried in Lebanon Cemetery, north of McFall. To John Henry and Louisa (Elliott) McDaniel the following children were born: J. W., the subject of this sketch; John Thomas, deceased; Mary A., deceased; Martha E., deceased; Sarah, the wife of M. F. Sturgis, Clinton, Okla.; Barbara, deceased; Lucy, deceased; Robert M., a farmer and stockman, Benton Township, Daviess County; Samuel H., deceased. Henry McDaniel was a staunch Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church.

J. W. McDaniel grew up in Daviess County and attended the public schools. He then engaged in farming and stock raising, owning 80 acres of land. For several years, he served as justice of the peace and is now city clerk. He was associated in business with the O. K. Store of Pattonsburg, two years.

On May 1, 1884, Mr. McDaniel married Anna A. Patton, a native of Texas and a daughter of Frank and Elizabeth (Locker) Patton. Frank Patton and wife were the parents of the following children: John H., deceased; Mollie, widow of James Ronner, McFall; Mrs. McDaniel; and William Y., retired, Hulett, Wyo. Both Mr. and Mrs. Patton are deceased. To



J. W. McDANIEL.



MRS. J. W. McDANIEL.

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J. W. and Anna (Patton) McDaniel three children have been born, as follows: Horace Newton, deceased, was a graduate of the Brunswick School of Pharmacy and St. Louis College; Orville F., deceased; Hattie Louisa, a bookkeeper in the Pattonsburg Savings Bank.

Mr. McDaniel is a Democrat and belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Yeoman Lodges. He is a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. McDaniel is the oldest living descendant of the McDaniel family, which has been prominent in Daviess County for many years. He is favorably known throughout Daviess County as a man of enterprise and ability. In Pattonsburg, he is esteemed as a progressive business man.

In August, 1922, Mr. McDaniel became a candidate for Probate Judge of Daviess County.

Boyd E. Walls, a progressive and enterprising business man of Jameson, Mo., was born at Jameson, Oct. 2, 1882, a son of John M. and Mary E. (Janett) Walls. John M. Walls was born Nov. 15, 1858, in Daviess County. He was the son of George Washington and Ann (Mann) Walls, who were pioneer settlers of Daviess County. They settled on a farm where they lived for many years. At the time of his death, Mr. Walls was a resident of Jameson, Mo. Mary E. (Janett) Walls' parents were natives of West Virginia who settled in Daviess County, where they carried on general farming. John M. Walls died in 1901, and his widow is now living with her son, Boyd E. Walls, in Jameson. To John M. and Mary E. (Janett) Walls seven children were born, as follows: Bertha, deceased; Boyd E., the subject of this sketch; Beula, deceased, was the wife of Roy Davis; Bessie M., deceased, was the wife of Ray E. Troxel; Clyde, married Mary Koger, Pattonsburg, Mo.; Blanche Alice, the wife of W. E. Cox; and Cecil W., living at home.

Boyd E. Walls grew up in Jameson and attended the public schools there. He then went to New Mexico, where he remained for two years. While there, Mr. Walls was in the meat business, and he also spent six months in Old Mexico. He then went to Nowater, Okla., where he spent four years, and one year following in Coffeyville, Kan. At the end of that time, Mr. Walls returned to Jameson, Mo., and purchased the restaurant and meat business of William Breeden, which he now operates. Mr. Walls has been in business in Jameson since May 14, 1911. He owns the only restaurant in the city, and is widely and favorably known. In connection with the restaurant and meat business, Mr. Wall also carries a full line of groceries.

Mr. Walls is a member of the Knights of Pythias Lodge No. 255 of Jameson, Mo. He has built up an extensive business, and has a host of

friends throughout the county. Mr. Walls' mother is a Democrat. She is an interesting woman, having spent her entire life in Missouri.

Edmon Henry, a well known and prosperous farmer and stockman of Pattonsburg, Mo., is the owner of 116 acres of the finest Grand River bottom land in Grand River Township, Daviess County. Mr. Henry was born June 5, 1882, at the Henry homestead which he now owns. He grew to manhood on the farm. He received his early education in the district school, and later attended the Manual Training High School in Kansas City, Mo. He is an elder in the Bethel Presbyterian Church, and an independent voter.

Mr. Henry is the son of Erdman and Theresa (Vogle) Henry. E. Henry, Sr., was born in Wittenburg, Germany, May 3, 1828, coming to America at the age of 26. He traveled over the greater part of the central states looking for a location, finally purchasing the tract of land now owned by his son. He then accepted a position in St. Joseph, Mo., as a baker, this being his trade learned in Germany. Here he met and married Miss Theresa Vogle, also a native of Germany, having come to America with her parents when six years of age. After their marriage they moved to the farm near Pattonsburg. This was in 1867. They reared to adolescence eight children, namely: Mrs. Mollie Henry Kessinger, who now lives in Harrison County, Mo., and with whom the widowed mother resides; Albert, deceased since 1904; Dr. Frances J. Henry Ryan, now residing at 2910 Harrison St., Kansas City, Mo.; Charles E. Henry, now living in Texas; Joseph W. Henry, in Kansas; Dr. Anna Henry McClung, Pattonsburg; Edmon Henry, Pattonsburg; and John V. Henry, Redonda Beach, Calif.

Mr. Henry, Sr., made many valuable improvements on his home place, aside from purchasing a home for each of his children during his life time. The advancement made by him showed the untiring skill and ceaseless ambition of a pioneer and his devoted helpmate. He passed away in April, 1912, and interment was in Bethel Cemetery.

Edmon Henry, the subject of this sketch, was married to Miss Alice Christie of McFall, Mo., Dec. 25, 1906. Mrs. Henry is the daughter of Lemuel and Sarah Burton Christie. Mr. Christie was a native of Kentucky, born Feb. 12, 1833; he was a veteran of the Civil War and died Nov. 12, 1886. Mrs. Christie was a native of McFall, Mo., and died March 27, 1907. Interment at Salmon Cemetery.

The children of Edmon and Alice Henry are; Theresa Christine, now a sophomore in the Pattonsburg High School and Selden Kent, still in the grades; their respective ages are 14 and 11 years.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry have continued in the example set by their parents, in improving the home. Most of the farm is under cultivation, four acres in orchard. Mr. Henry specializes in Aberdeen Angus cattle, and is a successful raiser of pure bred hogs. He is a man of enterprise and ambition, and is a reliable and well known citizen of Daviess County.

Cort Francisco, a leading farmer and stockman of Daviess County, and owner of 330 acres of the finest land in Grand River Township, was born Nov. 20, 1873, in Daviess County. He is a son of E. H. and Levissa Ellen (Steel) Francisco.

E. H. Francisco was born in Iowa in 1848. He grew up in Iowa, but removed to Daviess County in 1869, where he settled in Benton Township. He has always been a farmer and is now living in Grand River Township, Daviess County, three miles west of Jameson Township. Mrs. Francisco's parents were natives of Pennsylvania and Indiana, and Mr. Francisco's parents were natives of New York. To E. H. and Levissa Ellen (Steel) Francisco 11 children were born, as follows: Claud, a Methodist minister, married Lizzie Goodkey, living at Graham, Mo.; Cort, the subject of this sketch; Elmer, Salem Township, Daviess County; Nellie, the widow of J. J. Wigger; Herbert, teacher at Weatherby; Oscar, deceased; Elma, the wife of William Burn, residing in Brooks County, Kan.; Ray, married Carrie Hammond, living west of Pattonsburg; Walter, now of Cheyenne, Wyo.; Margaret, the wife of Mont Smith, Washington Township, Daviess County; Frank, married M. Cunningham, Salem Township, Daviess County.

Cort Francisco was reared in Benton Township, Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He has been a farmer and stockman during his entire life and has lived on his present farm since 1908. Mr. Francisco is widely known as a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and his farm is one of the largest and best in the township.

Mr. Francisco was married in 1896 to Melissa Hays, a daughter of George and Susan (Williams) Hays. Mr. Hays is a native of Kentucky and his wife was born in Iowa. They were pioneer settlers of Daviess County, having come to Marion Township in 1877. To Cort and Melissa (Hays) Francisco three children have been born, as follows: Orville, married to Boline Ellis. They are living at home with Mr. and Mrs. Francisco and have one child, Raymond Earl; Earl, deceased; Golda, living at home.

George W. Williams, a leading farmer of Daviess County, is a veteran of the Civil War. He was born August 8, 1841, in Grundy County, Mo., the son of George and Nancy (Austin) Williams, natives of Virginia who came

to Grundy County, Mo., in 1838. They were the parents of five children as follows: Susan, the widow of Theodore Peniston; Martha, deceased; Sarah, deceased; Roger, deceased; and George W., the subject of this sketch.

George Williams, Sr., died in 1841, the same year in which George W. was born, and his wife died in 1844, three years later. After the mother's death, the oldest sister, Susan, a brother, Roger and George W., the subject of this sketch, came to Daviess County to live with an uncle, Chas. B. Williams, with whom they lived until 1861, at which time Roger and George W. enlisted in the army. Two sisters, Sarah and Martha, lived with an aunt in La Fayette County, Mo., until they were married. At Springfield Roger and George W. were taken prisoners while in the hospital sick with the measles. Roger and George W. were both engaged in the battle of Carthage, Wilson Creek, Drywood, and Lexington. At the end of the war, George W. settled in Daviess County, where he remained until 1869, when he went to Colorado. He remained there for six months, and then went to Texas, and Indian Territory. He was engaged in the cattle business in Texas, New Mexico, and Indian Territory for 18 years. At the end of that time, Mr. Williams returned to Daviess County. In 1891 he removed to his present location in Marion Township, where he owns 575 acres of well improved land. Mr. Williams has made many improvements on the land, and is one of the best known farmers and stockmen in the country.

Mr. Williams married Frances P. Smith, daughter of William B. and Mary (Black) Smith, natives of Missouri. Mrs. Williams is now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Smith were the parents of six children, as follows: Mrs. Williams, deceased; James; Jennie; William; Chester; and Katie Smith, deceased. To George W. and Frances P. (Smith) Williams five children were born, as follows: J. B., deceased; Roger E., deceased; Lee, deceased; George, deceased; and Frederick, living at home.

Mr. Williams also owns a large section of land in Texas and some property in Roswell, N. M. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a Democrat. Mr. Williams is one of the substantial and highly respected citizens of Daviess County and a prominent pioneer of Missouri.

Dr. S. L. Hardinger, a prominent physician of Pattonsburg, and Civil Bend, Mo., was born Aug. 7, 1855, in Maryland, the son of Conrad and Eliza M. (Rice) Hardinger. To Conrad and Eliza M. (Rice) Hardinger seven children were born, as follows: Mary Virginia, married Frank Leeson, both deceased; Bascom, died in infancy; Dr. S. L., the subject of this

sketch; Joseph Benson, married Alice Hermance; Hughbartus, married Cora Reed; George Sommerfield, married Della Ward; Charles Temple, married Della Gregory.

In 1868 Doctor Hardinger moved to Osceola, Iowa. He was educated in Centenary College, Indianola, Iowa, and studied medicine under Doctors Davis and Park in the Medical School in Keokuk, Iowa. He was graduated from the Medical Physicians and Surgeons School in 1878, and began his practice of medicine in Aurora, Hamilton County, Neb. Two years later he removed to Daviess County, Mo., settling at Civil Bend, where he has since practiced. He has been the leading physician and surgeon of that community for many years, and is still active in his profession, although he does not make long trips.

In 1883, Doctor Hardinger was married to Emma Powell, daughter of Dr. Henry and Mary J. (Webster) Powell, natives of Ladoga, Ind. Mrs. Hardinger's parents were pioneer settlers of Daviess County, having settled in Gallatin, where Mrs. Hardinger was born. To Dr. Henry and Mary J. (Webster) Powell four children were born, as follows: Mrs. Hardinger; John W., died in infancy; James H., married to Sarah Gilbert, living in Montana; Alice, died in infancy. Mrs. Hardinger's father was a veteran of the Civil War, having served under General Lew Wallace of Indiana. He died in 1871 and is buried in the Christian Church Cemetery. For a time Doctor Powell was deputy sheriff of Daviess County. At the time of his death he was living on his farm in Marion Township, Daviess County. His wife died in 1906 and is buried in the Civil Bend Cemetery.

To Dr. S. L. and Emma (Powell) Hardinger three children have been born, as follows: Cleic T., educated in the schools in Hamilton County, Neb., University of Missouri, Columbia, and attended school in Wisconsin. He taught French for two years in Chillicothe, Mo., and also taught mathematics and Latin. Mr. Hardinger is now principal of the Consolidated Schools of Civil Bend, Mo.; Georgia, died at the age of 14 years; Mina A., graduated from the Chillicothe High School, and is now taking a commercial teacher's course in the State Teachers College at Kirksville, Mo.

Doctor Hardinger is a Republican. He is one of the substantial citizens of Daviess County and the Hardinger family is representative of the best citizenship of this county.

N. B. Brown, a well known farmer of Marion Township, Daviess County, was born March 3, 1856, in Daviess County, two miles east of his present home in Marion Township, and is a son of Samuel and Missouri A. (Carroll) Brown, natives of Ohio.

Samuel Brown's first marriage was to Miss Keller, and to this union

six children were born, as follows: John, deceased; James, deceased; Marion, deceased; Obediah, deceased; the remaining two are also deceased. Mr. Brown's second marriage was to Matilda Morris, and to that union one child was born, William, deceased. To Samuel and Missouri A. (Carroll) Brown, his third wife, the following children were born: N. B., the subject of this sketch; Henry; Charles; Rose Anna, the wife of George Brestow; Sarah E., the wife of Frank Landes; Mahada, the wife of Will Morris; Thomas O., married to Ellen Crawford; May, the wife of Charles Rhodes; Wiley E., deceased; and Franklin, deceased.

N. B. Brown was reared on a farm and attended the district schools in Daviess County and Professor Peery's College at Stewartville, Mo. After completing his education, Mr. Brown practiced law for some time in justice court of Daviess County, together with his farming. In 1911 Mr. Brown gave up his law practice and since that time has devoted his entire time to farming. He has lived at Civil Bend since 1888, and owns $7\frac{1}{2}$ acres of land. Civil Bend is a very old village.

Mr. Brown was married to Myra E. Canfield, a daughter of Gilbert and Emma (Flint) Canfield. To this union seven children have been born, as follows: Franklin E., married to Bertie Teal; Clara, the wife of Floyd Smith; Lola, the wife of Jake Donner; Ruth, the wife of W. Wimple; Ruby, the wife of J. E. Way; Effie, the wife of Ray Long; and Emma, living at home, and attending the Gallatin High School.

In politics Mr. Brown is a Republican and is serving on the township board. He is a member of the Christian Church. Mr. Brown takes a commendable interest in local affairs. He is progressive and enterprising and one of the highly esteemed citizens of Daviess County.

Edward E. Rybolt, a prominent and successful farmer of Grand River Township, Daviess County, was born in Greensburg, Ind., the son of Jacob and Mary Jane (Johnson) Rybolt. Jacob Rybolt was born near Cincinnati, Ohio, and spent his boyhood days there. He was a brick layer by trade and was also in the grocery business with his brother in Cincinnati. He later sold out and moved to Greensburg, Ind., where he purchased a farm. After farming there for ten years, Mr. Rybolt returned to Cincinnati, where he remained for several years. Later he again moved to Greensburg, Ind., and was engaged in farming there for 20 years, until he came to Missouri, and settled in Daviess County in 1881. Mr. Rybolt carried on general farming in Grand River Township, until his death in 1889. His wife died in 1906 and is buried with her husband in Brown Cemetery at Gallatin.

To Jacob and Mary Jane (Johnson) Rybolt 12 children were born as

follows: William Alexander, deceased; Micheal Robert, married to Caroline Crossin, Gallatin; Eliza J., the wife of Wilson Agin, both deceased; Rachael Caroline, the widow of John Yaney, Cleves, Ohio; John Jacob, deceased; Phoebe Margaret, the widow of Ephram Cory, Chillicothe; Oscar Fitzallen, married to Lizzie Johnson and he is now deceased; Mary Elizabeth, deceased; Phemie, unmarried, living at home with her brother, Edward E.; Clara Belle, married Henry Wheeler, both deceased; Edward E., the subject of this sketch; James Lane, living at home with Edward E.

Jacob Rybolt had the following brothers and sisters: John William; Willis; Steven; Barbara; Alice; and Phoebe. His wife, Mary Jane (Johnson) Rybolt had the following brothers and sisters: Aletta; Caroline; Katherine; Robert; Alexander; Jonathan and William.

Edward E. Rybolt was reared on his father's farm and received his education in the district schools. He has been engaged in farming and stock raising for many years. He moved to his present location on Aug. 31, 1920, which is located just southeast of Jameson, Mo., and was formerly known as the Cal Fisher farm. Mr. Rybolt owns 85 acres of well improved land in Grand River Township, and is a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle. He operates the farm with his brother, James Rybolt, and his sister, Phemie, also makes her home with her brothers. Mr. Rybolt is unmarried.

Two of Mr. Rybolt's brothers served during the Civil War in the army. John Jacob Rybolt served 100 days, while Micheal Robert Rybolt served 30 days.

Mr. Rybolt has a wide acquaintance in Daviess County and is recognized as one of the representative and substantial citizens of the community.

O. R. Whitt, a prominent farmer and stockman of Union Township, Daviess County, was born Aug. 25, 1880, in Monroe Township, Daviess County, a son of Henry A. and Sarah Elizabeth (Place) Whitt.

Henry A. Whitt was born in Kentucky and his wife was a native of Missouri. They were pioneer settlers of Monroe Township, Daviess County, where Mr. Whitt carried on farming and stock raising until the time of his death in 1892. Mrs. Whitt died in 1918. Mr. and Mrs. Whitt were the parents of 15 children, as follows: Ida May, married first to John Stone, deceased, and now the widow of John New; Jeanna Rebecca, deceased; and William Powhattan, deceased; Eva Lee, widow of Samuel Holcomb, deceased; John T., unmarried; Sarah Ann, the wife of A. J. Place; Joseph B., married Nannie Boor; George A., married Gusta May Whitt; Henry B., married Mary Lillie Winburn; Linnie E., deceased, was the wife

of George Boor; O. R., the subject of this sketch; Offa H., the wife of James Jones; Hannah B., the wife of George F. Wilson; Perry Place, married Sarah J. Cox; and Fred F., married Mary Lizzie Place. All reside in Daviess County except Ida May, who resides in California, and Joseph R., in Colorado.

O. R. Whitt was reared on a farm and attended the district schools of Daviess County. He also attended the Grand River College for two years. After completing his education, Mr. Whitt farmed for his mother on the home place until he was 21 years of age. He then rented a farm for two years, after which he purchased a farm of 130 acres in Monroe Township, Daviess County, in 1903. Mr. Whitt operated this farm for ten years, and then sold it. He then purchased his present farm of 160 acres and later, 82 acres in Union Township, Daviess County, where he carries on general farming and stock raising. He and his wife now own 415 acres of land in Monroe and Union Township, Daviess County. In 1921, Mr. and Mrs. Whitt purchased their property in southeast Gallatin where they now live. Mr. Whitt still operates their farms in Union Township, Daviess County.

Mr. Whitt married Virgie L. Downing, the daughter of Charles L. and Thusa I. (Richessen) Downing, both natives of Missouri. Mrs. Downing died Feb. 17, 1885 and Mr. Downing died Jan. 7, 1921. Mr. and Mrs. Downing had but one child, Mrs. O. R. Whitt, who was reared by her grandparents, Mr. Powhattan and Hannah B. Downing, after the death of her mother. To O. R. and Virgie L. (Downing) Whitt, three children have been born, as follows: Lena Grace; Mildred Fay; and Roy Powhatan.

In politics Mr. Whitt is a Democrat. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Gallatin, and he and his wife are members of the Christian Church of Gallatin. Mr. Whitt is an enterprising and public spirited citizen of Gallatin, and well known in Daviess County.

John W. Reed, a prominent citizen of Gallatin, Mo., was born in Washington Township, Daviess County, Mo., April 8, 1860, the son of Nathan E. and Rachael (Mayo) Reed.

Nathan Reed was born in Delaware, Ohio, and later went to Illinois. He was a wagon maker by trade, and also a carpenter, having built many houses within a radius of ten miles of his home in Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Reed settled in Daviess County, Mo., in 1860, where Mr. Reed died in 1888, at the age of 62 years. Mrs. Reed was a member of the Christian Church, and all of her grand children and great-grand children, numbering 42, are members of the Christian Church, with one exception. Mrs. Reed died Aug. 23, 1920, aged 86 years.

Mr. and Mrs. Reed were parents of 13 children, six of whom are now living, as follows: John W., the subject of this sketch; Chas W., Independence; Mrs. C. L. Payne, Gallatin; Mrs. James Brown, Jamesport; D. J., Jamesport; Josie, the wife of C. J. Royston, Lawrence, Kans. Mrs. Payne and Mrs. Brown are twins.

John W. Reed, the subject of this sketch, was reared on a farm and was educated in the district schools. During his early life he was engaged in farming, later going into the mercantile business at Pattonsburg, Mo., where he lived for 17 years. After being in the mercantile business for eight years, Mr. Reed became a salesman and agent for acetylene lights and lightning rods.

In 1919 Mr. Reed moved to Gallatin, Mo., where he became an agent for the Pathe Phonograph, Moore Bros. Lightning Rods and the Capital City Motor Oils. Mr. Reed owns his residence in the southern part of Gallatin, Mo.

Mr. Reed was married March 1, 1883, to Ella Dunn, a daughter of John A. and Jane (Loer) Dunn, and a native of Piate County, Ill. In 1866 Mr. and Mrs. Dunn located on a farm in Grand River Township, Daviess County, known as Prairie City, an inland town which stood on what is now Mr. Dunn's farm. Both Mr. and Mrs. Dunn are deceased. They were the parents of seven children, of whom three are now living: Mrs. Reed; Harvey, Tappanish, Wash.; John J., now living in Washington.

Mr. Reed is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Eastern Star, Modern Woodmen of America, and the Yeoman Lodge. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of the Christian Church, being an elder and has not missed Sunday School but six times in seven years. Mr. and Mrs. Reed have no children.

Mr. Reed is a progressive and enterprising citizen and one of the leading business men of the community.

D. H. Robinson, a well known and successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle who is now the owner of 340 acres of land in Grundy County, was for many years identified with Daviess County. He owned and operated a farm of 330 acres, known as the Dr. R. V. Thompson place, which he sold in 1921. Mr. Robinson has been a breeder for 30 years and four years ago he began with three imported Shorthorn cows. He has a demand for his stock over a large scope of territory and ships a great many pure bred Shorthorns. In 1909 he received \$800 for one cow at Trenton and in 1920 he sold a male calf for \$525.

D. H. Robinson was born in Menard County, Ill., March 1862 and is a son of William and Virginia (Turner) Robinson, the former a native of

Clay County, Tenn., and the latter of Ky. They settled in Illinois at an early day and in the fall of 1865 came to Missouri and settled in Daviess County seven miles north of Jamesport. The father died in St. Louis in 1918 at the age of 82 years and the mother died on the old home place in 1896. They were the parents of eight children, four of whom are now living, as follows: D. H., the subject of this sketch; O. P., who lives in Lincoln Township; Elizabeth in St. Louis and Gertrude, married J. W. Lay, of St. Louis.

D. H. Robinson was reared on a farm and attended the district schools. When a young man he began his career as a farmer and stock raiser and bought his first land in Lincoln Township, in 1883. He operated the home farm for five years and in December, 1907 bought his present place.

Mr. Robinson was married Nov. 8, 1881 to Miss Dora Garner, a native of Grundy County and a daughter of Thomas and Clarissa (Jones) Garner, natives of Kentucky and early settlers in Missouri and both of whom are deceased. They died on their home farm in Grundy County. To D. H. Robinson and wife have been born ten children as follows: Lettie, married J. T. Miller, Maysville; Austa, resides at home; Howard L., Brimson; Harvey, Brimson; Harmon, a sketch of whom appears in this same volume, lives at King City; Lowell, Joseph D., Marvin, Ida May, and Nellie, all of whom reside at home.

Mr. Robinson is a Democrat and has held various local offices. He is a member of the township board and has also served as a member of the school board. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias Lodge and belongs to the Christian Church.

S. W. Allen, who is extensively engaged in the marble and granite business at Albany, and King City, Mo., is one of Gentry County's progressive and enterprising business men. Mr. Allen was born in DeKalb, Ill. March 16, 1864, a son of George and Mary Campbell Allen, both natives of Ireland. The mother died in Illinois and the father in Iowa where he settled in 1869.

S. W. Allen is one of eight children born to his parents, the others being as follows: W. S., a retired stone mason, residing at Scranton, Iowa; J. J., retired harness maker at North Yakamo, Wash.; G. C., deceased; I. J., a carpenter and contractor, Portland, Ore.; Robert, deceased; Mary I., married J. M. Blackburn, Jefferson, Iowa.; and S. W., the subject of this sketch.

S. W. Allen was educated in the public schools, completing high school at Scranton, Iowa. March 1, 1883 he engaged in the harness business at Early, Iowa, and was engaged in that line of business about ten years. He

then bought 160 acres of land in Sac County, Iowa, and engaged in farming and stockraising. He gave particular attention to breeding pure bred cattle and hogs, making a speciality of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs and standard bred poultry. He came to Missouri and settled in Harrison County in 1903 and bought a farm a mile northeast of Bethany where he was engaged in general farming and stockraising about 16 years.

Mr. Allen was the first man to pay as much as \$1,025.00 for a Poland China hog at auction. In 1919 he came to Albany and engaged in the marble and granite business. He has an extensive business which extends over a large scope of territory from St. Joseph to Iowa. He has a branch at King City with one of his sons as manager.

Mr. Allen was married July 20, 1888 to Miss Liddie Warden, a daughter of James and Mary A. (Ross) Warden of Conewango, N. Y. Mrs. Allen is one of seven children born to her parents, four of whom are living: Frank M., Odebolt, Iowa; Charles M., Waterloo, Iowa; J. Mark, Odebolt, Iowa; and Mrs. Allen.

To S. W. Allen and wife have been born the following children; two died in infancy; Monroe, born March 19, 1892, graduated from the Bethany High School, married Carrie Bodam, lives at Riverside, Calif.; Edith, born in 1894, graduated from high school, worked as a linotype operator for a time and is now the wife of Ross Berry, a farmer near Bethany, Mo.; Clinton and Clayton, twins, born Jan. 1, 1896, both graduated from high school and are now engaged in the marble and granite business at Albany and King City; Clayton married Odessa (Wilkinson) Emery of Ridgeway; Clinton, enlisted in the mechanical department during the World War and served in the army for eight months and was discharged as sergeant, married Ola Cooper now resides at King City; Elma, born April 17, 1878, graduated from high school, married Lewis Barr, Albany; Anna, born June 16, 1900, is bookkeeper for her father and resides with her parents at Albany, Mo.

Mr. Allen has always been a Republican and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons.

Mrs. Ada Wood, one of the well known and highly respected women of King City, is a native of Iowa and a decendent of pioneer parents; she was born in Taylor County, Iowa, and is a daughter of George and Helen Clark, the former a native of Massachusetts and the later of Michigan. They settled in Iowa at an early day and to them were born the following children: Delia, married Richard Foster, a farmer and stock raiser in South Dakota; Charles, died in Iowa; Hattie, married Mark King, a farmer and stockman and lives in Iowa; Edna, deceased; and Ada, whose name intro-

duces this sketch. The father, George Clark was a farmer and breeder and was well known as a successful breeder of Clydesdale horses, Shorthorn cattle, and Poland China hogs. He was a Republican, a member of the Masonic Lodge and the Presbyterian church. His widow now resides at Newmarket, Iowa.

To Ada Clark's marriage to Mr. Wood were born the following children: Bessie, married Wilbur McKnight, who is engaged in the tailor business St. Joseph; Georgia, graduated in the high school and the University of Missouri and is now engaged in teaching; Dona, a graduate of high school and the University of Missouri, is now superintendent of schools at Marshalltown, Iowa; Claude Calvin, was born in Gentry County and educated in the public schools and the State Teachers College at Maryville, Mo. He began life as a teacher and later entered the United States mail service. When the United States declared war against Germany he entered the army and on Sept. 18, 1918 he was sent to Camp Funston, Kans. He was a member of C Company, 356th Infantry, 89th Division. He was sent to France with his Division, leaving New York, May 23, 1918 and arriving at Liverpool June 16, 1918. After arriving in France he went on the firing line Aug. 6, and was with his command in all the hard fought battles in which they participated. He was promoted to Corporal and while leading his squad in the battle of Argonne he was killed on Nov. 10, between 10 and 11 o'clock. His remains were buried at Lille, France with about 22 other American soldiers. In March 1921 his remains were shipped to the United States arriving at New York, March 18th, and at King City on April 7th. Here the body was met at the depot by a delegation from the American Legion and escorted to the home of the dead soldier's mother. The body was identified and on April 10 buried with Military Honors, the funeral services being in charge of the American Legion, Lieutenant Keys commanding the Firing Squad and the remains of Corporal Wood now rest beneath the sod of the land for which he gave his life.

Charles B. Miller, a well known farmer and stockman of Miller Township, Gentry County, is a member of one of the very earliest pioneer families of Gentry County and the Miller family has been identified with this county since its first settlement. Charles B. Miller was born in Gentry County, Jan. 3, 1874, and is a son of Allen C. and Sarah Allen (Robertson) Miller, both natives of Gentry County, the former born Nov. 13, 1842 and latter Nov. 11, 1843.

Allen C. Miller was a son of Isaac Miller who was the first permanent white settler in Gentry County. Isaac Miller was born in Garrett County, Ky., in 1813. He was a son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Whitely) Miller, the

former a native of Pennsylvania and the latter of South Carolina. In 1832 Isaac Miller came to Missouri and settled in Clay County and the fall of that year he made a trip in the direction of what is now Gentry County hunting wild honey and was favorably impressed with this section of the country. In 1833, in company with four others he came here and settled at Greenwell Ford, four miles south of where Albany now stands. The following year he preempted land. In 1838 Isaac Miller married Elizabeth Cope who lived in a settlement in what is now Daviess County and their daughter Nancy Miller who married Wellington P. Gartin was born Oct. 21, 1839 and was the first white child born in Gentry County. William H. Miller was the second child born to Isaac Miller and wife and he was born April 6, 1841 and was the first male white child born in Gentry County, and Allen C. Miller was the third child of the family. Allen C. Miller was a southern sympathizer and served through the Civil War and took part in a number of important engagements. After the war he engaged in farming and stockraising until the time of his death, June 21, 1908. He was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church. His widow lives on the old homestead. To Allen C. Miller and wife were born the following children: Sallie, A. O., and Effie, all residing in Miller Township; and Charles B., the subject of this sketch.

Charles B. Miller was educated in the public schools and in early life went to Oklahoma where he remained for some time when he returned to Gentry County where he has since been engaged in farming and stock raising. He is the owner of 70 acres of land in Miller Township and is well known as one of the dependable citizens of Gentry County.

Charles B. Miller married Mary F. Whitton, a daughter of Thomas and Matilda (Flood) Whitton. Mrs. Miller's father was engaged in railroading for a number of years and he and his wife now living in St. Joseph. They are the parents of the following children: Bert, yardmaster for the Frisco railroad at Kansas City; Laura, married Charles Anderson, Los Angeles, Calif.; John, Los Angeles, Calif.; Rolla, LaJunta, Colo.; Richard, Gentry County; Mack, lives in St. Joseph; Michael, St. Joseph; and Mrs. Miller of this review.

To Charles B. Miller and wife have been born the following children: Bert T., born Oct. 20, 1900, resides at home; Anna Laura, born May 10, 1901, died Dec. 22, 1920; Joseph C., born May 11, 1903, died June 25, 1911; Maude, born in 1906, attending the public schools; Marjorie, born Jan. 8, 1910 also attending the public schools; Morris Whittley, born June 17, and one child died in infancy.

Mr. Miller is a Democrat and a member of the Masonic Lodge and the

Knights of Pythias and also holds membership in the Modern Woodmen of America. He has served as treasurer of the Masonic Lodge at Gentryville, and has served as master of finance of the Knights of Pythias Lodge for eight years. He is a dependable citizen and a worthy representative of Gentry's pioneer families.

Alfred E. Utz, a well known retired farmer of McFall, Mo., was born May 24, 1856, in West Pattonsburg, Mo. He is a son of George M. and Mary Ann (Stamper) Utz.

George M. Utz was a native of Boone County, Ky. In 1854 he came to Missouri bringing his wife. They settled in Daviess County. Mr. Utz was one of the early settlers of the county and lived in a log cabin. At the time of his death he owned 312 acres of well improved land and was a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County. To George M. and Mary Ann (Stamper) Utz, the following children were born: Jasper, living retired in Daviess County, Mo.; George W., Pattonsburg, Mo.; Ellen, the widow of James Royce, Pattonsburg, Mo.; William, Daviess County, Mo.; Thomas, McFall, Mo.; Anna, the widow of John Akes, McFall, Mo.; and Alfred E., the subject of this sketch. Mr. and Mrs. Utz are deceased and are buried in the Best Chapel Cemetery. Mr. Utz belonged to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and was a Democrat. He was a member of the Baptist Church.

Alfred E. Utz grew up in Daviess County and was educated in the district schools. He began farming on 40 acres of land in Daviess County, and now owns 320 acres of good farm land. Mr. Utz was a widely known farmer and stockman of Daviess County, and was a successful breeder of Poland China hogs and Shorthorn cattle. Part of the old trail runs through Mr. Utz's farm, there still being old rails and logs to be seen that are 75 years old. Mr. Utz is now retired. For many years he served as a justice of the peace and is vice president of The Bank of McFall, and director of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank.

On Sept. 29, 1881, Mr. Utz was married to Emma Bunnell, a daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah (Reese) Bunnell, natives of Indiana. Mr. Bunnell served during the Civil War in the volunteer army from Indiana. He was shot during the battle of Gettysburg and died a few days later. Mrs. Bunnell died in 1898, and is buried in Fairview Cemetery. Mrs. Utz has one brother living, John Bunnell, King City, Mo. To Alfred E. and Emma (Bunnell) Utz the following children were born: Mary Ann, deceased; Crettie Fern, deceased; Mettie C., deceased; Amos, resides in St. Joseph, Mo.; Raleigh A., living near Pattonsburg; Charlie, McFall; Carrie, the wife of Clay Jolly, farmer and stockman; Stella, the wife of O. D. Ward, resid-

ing northeast of McFall; Estie, at home. Mrs. Utz died Sept. 30, 1914, and is buried in McFall Cemetery.

Mr. Utz is a Democrat and belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Utz is a substantial citizen and stands high in the community and county. He is vice president and director of the Bank of McFall and a director of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank.

Dr. James Clyde Campbell, a well known and successful dentist of Pattonsburg, Mo., was born Jan. 21, 1895, in Russellville, Mo., a son of A. J. and Anna (Shikles) Campbell, natives of Russellville, Mo.

A. J. Campbell lived in Russellville, Mo., during his entire life. He was a blacksmith by trade. In politics Mr. Campbell was a Democrat, and he was a member of the Baptist Church. He died March 1, 1903, and is buried in Russellville, Mo. His wife later married J. R. Stevens, and lives in Russellville, Mo. To A. J. and Anna (Shikles) Campbell two children were born: Myrtle, the wife of George E. Wetzell, residing in Russellville, Mo.; and Dr. James Clyde, the subject of this sketch.

Dr. James Clyde Campbell was educated in the public and high schools of Russellville, and was graduated from the Chicago College of Dental Surgery. In 1915 he began practicing dentistry in Pattonsburg, Mo., where he is now located. Dr. Campbell enlisted during the World War from Pattonsburg, and was stationed at Fort Snelling, Minn., as a first lieutenant. On June 1, 1918, he was promoted to captain. He was discharged on Jan. 15, 1919, at Camp Greenleaf, Ga., and returned to Pattonsburg. Dr. Campbell belongs to the National, State and Local Dental Associations and is now taking a post graduate course in dentistry at Northwestern University, Chicago. He is a member of the Psi Omega Fraternity.

Dr. Campbell married Delia E. Wiser, a native of Russellville, Mo., and a daughter of G. W. and Sarah (Leslie) Wiser. Mr. Wiser was for many years a prominent farmer and stockman of Russellville, owning 160 acres of land and widely known as a breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. Mr. and Mrs. Wiser are now living retired in Russellville, Mo. Mr. Wiser is a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. They are the parents of the following children: Pearl, the wife of H. W. Morrow, poultry raiser, Russellville, Mo.; Joseph, mail clerk, Kansas City, Mo.; Della, twin sister of Mrs. Campbell, living in Russellville, Mo.; Leonora, attending high school in Russellville; and Mrs. Campbell.

To Dr. James Clyde and Delia E. (Wiser) Campbell two children have

been born, as follows: Beatrice Irene, attending school; and Robert Clyde, at home.

In politics, Dr. Campbell is a Democrat. He is a member of the Baptist Church, also the Masonic Order, and Moila Shrine. Dr. Campbell is one of Daviess County's best known young men and is deservedly popular with his large clientage.

N. G. Ellis, well known furniture dealer of Pattonsburg, Mo., was born in Salem Township, Daviess County, Dec. 21, 1874, a son of John M. and Elizabeth (Graham) Ellis.

John M. Ellis was born in Benton Township, Daviess County, and has been a farmer during his entire life. During the Civil War, Mr. Ellis served in the State Militia of Missouri, and took part in several battles. His health was effected while serving in the army. For many years, Mr. Ellis was one of the biggest cattle men in Missouri, and was the owner of 1200 acres of land. He shipped 12 cars of cattle each year. For several years, he was president of the Bank of Coffey, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis are now living retired in Pattonsburg. He is 75 years of age and his wife is 68 years old. They are the parents of the following children; Minnie, the wife of John Hass, retired merchant of Des Moines, Iowa; John O., farmer and stockman of Coffey, Mo.; Hallie E., employed in a department store of Pattonsburg; Stella, the wife of Oliver McClellan, farmer and stockman, Coffey, Mo.; Ola, resides in Pattonsburg, Mo.; and N. G., the subject of this sketch; Zeta P., farmer and stockman, living with his father. Mr. Ellis is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis have 12 grand-children, four of whom are named Virginia.

N. G. Ellis was reared in Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He then began farming, having rented land for three years. He later purchased his first farm of 120 acres, and later 160 acres south of Pattonsburg. For many years, Mr. Ellis carried on farming and stock-raising, and was a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. He then removed to Colorado, where he was engaged in the mercantile business for a time, after which he returned to Pattonsburg, Mo., and purchased the furniture and undertaking business, which he has successfully operated for 14 years.

Mr. Ellis married Virginia D. Slaughter, a daughter of David M. and Virginia (Hawk) Slaughter, natives of Ohio. Mrs. Ellis was born in Daviess County, Mo. Mr. Slaughter was a well known farmer and stockman in Daviess County, for many years. He owned 650 acres of well improved land and was widely known as a breeder of Shorthorn cattle. He served as justice of the peace for six years, and was deacon of the Baptist

Church for 50 years. Mr. Slaughter is deceased, and buried in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows' Cemetery of Pattonsburg. Mrs. Slaughter is now 76 years of age and lives with her daughter, Mrs. Beverly, in Coffey, Mo. Mr. and Mrs. David M. Slaughter were the parents of the following children: Emma, the wife of J. Beverly, farmer and stockman, residing near Coffey, Mo; Theodosia, deceased; Ann, the wife of James Meadows, farmer of Daviess County; Jane, the wife of Virgil Farrar, St. Joseph, Mo.; Ross, farmer and stockman, Daviess County; and Mrs. Ellis. To N. G. and Virginia D. (Slaughter) Ellis one child has been born, Virginia, attended the public schools also a graduate of Howard Payne College and Central College. She holds a life certificate to teach. She is the wife of Paul Chapel, who enlisted during the World War in the signal corps and was sent to Camp Jefferson, and later to Camp Grant and Camp Upton. He served in France 17 months. He was engaged in many important battles. During the Argonne drive, Mr. Chapel was gassed and wounded by shrapnel. Since his discharge from the army, June 1, 1919, he has been unable to do work of any kind. He and his wife are living in Pattonsburg, Mo., and have one daughter, Virginia Chapel. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis adopted a boy, Ernest H., attended the public and high schools of Pattonsburg, and will be graduated from the Maryville school, in agriculture on May 15, 1922. During the World War, he served seven months in the navy. While in the service he won a medal for proficiency in athletics. He also was captain of the basketball team.

In politics Mr. Ellis is a Democrat. He has served on the school board for five years, and is a member of the Masonic Lodge, Royal Arch of Gallatin, Mo., the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mrs. Ellis is a Democrat and a graduate of Harding College, Mexico, Mo., and is a member of the Eastern Star. Mr. Ellis is a member of the Methodist Church. He is one of the enterprising and substantial citizens of Pattonsburg, and widely known.

Mary Elizabeth Meadows, is a native of Daviess County. She was born Dec. 10, 1840, a daughter of J. J. and Icofena (Seat) Everly.

J. J. Everly was born in Pennsylvania and came to Ohio with his parents when a small boy. He later settled in Daviess County, where he engaged in farming and stock raising. During the Civil War, Mr. Everly served with the Volunteer State Militia from Missouri. He then returned to Daviess County, where he farmed until the time of his death. He owned 320 acres of land and was well known throughout the county. Mr. Everly was a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. He and his wife are buried in the Everly Cemetery, Jameson. They were the parents of

the following children: James Oscar, deceased; Joseph, deceased; Martha, deceased; S. H., retired merchant, Coffey; Hannah Netherton, the wife of Dr. George T. Netherton, St. Joseph; Jane, the wife of Delbert Netherton, Gilman City; Jack, Jameson; and Mary Elizabeth, the subject of this sketch.

Mary Elizabeth Meadows was born in Pilot Grove, near Jamesport. She was reared in Daviess County and received her education in the district schools. She married Joseph T. Meadows, a native of Virginia, and a son of John and Nancy (Gwynne) Meadows. Joseph T. Meadows was born Feb. 28, 1837. At the age of four years, his parents moved to Daviess County, settling in Benton Township, where his father became a prosperous farmer and stockman, owning 900 acres of land. Mr. Meadows was a Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian Church. Both he and his wife are deceased and are buried in the Bethel Cemetery. They were the parents of the following children: Susan, deceased; Sylvester, deceased; Mary Graham, deceased; Martha, the wife of James Prichard, Texas; Hudson, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Augustus, California; Jane, the widow of R. M. Strange; and Joseph T., deceased.

Joseph T. Meadows was a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County. He specialized in the breeding of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. For several years, Mr. Meadows served in the office of road overseer, and was also school director. He was a staunch Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Meadows died Dec. 17, 1920, and is buried in Bethel Cemetery. To Joseph T. and Mary Elizabeth (Everly) Meadows ten children were born, as follows: W. H., Pattonsburg; Charles L., Salem Township, Daviess County; James E., Daviess County; Clara, the wife of R. W. Welden, McFall; Alice, the wife of John Street, Maryville; Laura, the wife of W. H. Feurt, Washington Township, Daviess County; Carlia, at home; Lillie, the wife of Robert Welden, deceased; Mollie May, the widow of Jesse Mays, Harrison County; Oscar, Pattonsburg. Mrs. Meadows has 28 grand-children.

Mrs. Meadows owns 78 acres of land in Salem Township, Daviess County, and 80 acres which her father gave her. She is 81 years of age, and is one of the interesting pioneers of Daviess County. The Meadows family has always stood high in the community.

Oscar P. Meadows, a substantial farmer and stockman of Benton Township, was born in Salem Township, Daviess County, Sept. 18, 1881, a son of Joseph Taylor and Mary Elizabeth (Everly) Meadows.

Joseph Taylor Meadows was born in Monroe County, Va., and came to Daviess County, with his parents at the age of four years. During the

Civil War, Mr. Meadows enlisted in the Missouri Volunteers and served throughout the war. He then returned to Daviess County, where he became one of the most prominent farmers and stockmen of the county. At one time he owned 2000 acres of land was widely known as a breeder of Shorthorn cattle. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Meadows is now deceased and his widow is 81 years of age. She is a good church worker and well known in Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Meadows were the parents of the following children: John C., deceased; William Henry, Pattonsburg, Mo.; C. L., Pattonsburg, Mo.; James E., Daviess County; Clara, the wife of R. W. Welden, McFall, Mo.; Alice, the wife of J. H. Street, Maryville, Mo.; Caroline, at home; Lillie, the widow of R. D. Welden, at home; Molly, the widow of Jesse E. Maize, living in Harrison County, Mo.; and Oscar P., the subject of this sketch.

Oscar P. Meadows was reared in Salem Township, Daviess County, and received his education in the public schools. He was also graduated from Grand River College, where he took a scientific course. After completing his education, Mr. Meadows went into the banking business, being appointed assistant cashier of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank. He later became interested in farming, and purchased a farm of 247 acres. He now owns 387 acres in Benton Township, Daviess County. Mr. Meadows has been successful in general farming and stock raising, and specializes in the breeding of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. Mr. Meadows has a fine residence of one and one half stories and excellent barns on his property.

On Oct. 5, 1913, Mr. Meadows married Maud E. Burgess, a native of Blue Ridge, Mo., and daughter of Dr. C. W. and Mary (Fling) Burgess. Mrs. Burgess is deceased, and Dr. Burgess, 77 years of age, is living in Bethany, Mo. For 16 years, Dr. Burgess was president of the Bethany Savings Bank. He is a Republican and a member of the Methodist Church. Mrs. Meadows has two brothers living in Harrison County, Mo., Ralph and Earl Burgess. To Oscar P. and Maud E. (Burgess) Meadows two children have been born, as follows: O. P., Jr., born July 23, 1914, now attending school; and Mary Elizabeth, born March 15, 1915, attending school.

In politics, Mr. Meadows is a Democrat. Mrs. Meadows owns 160 acres of land in Harrison County, Mo. They are members of the Baptist Church, and are among the leading citizens of the county.

John Henry Koger, a well known farmer and stockman of Marion Township, Daviess County, was born March 26, 1881, in Daviess County. He is a son of William G. and Mary A. (Vanover) Koger.

William G. Koger is a native of Daviess County. He owns 900 acres of

well improved land and is a successful farmer and stockman. For a number of years Mr. Koger served as school director. He is a Democrat and a member of the Christian Church. Mr. and Mrs. Koger now reside in Pattonsburg. They are the parents of five children, as follows: Minnie, the wife of George W. Lockridge, Daviess County; James G., Daviess County; George T., Daviess County; Mary, the wife of Clyde Walls, Daviess County; and John Henry, the subject of this sketch.

John Henry Koger was reared in Daviess County and attended the public schools. He was also graduated from the Chillicothe Normal School. After completing his education, Mr. Koger began farming on rented land. He now owns 240 acres of land in Marion Township, Daviess County, 160 acres of which are corn. Mr. Koger has been very successful in the breeding of Jersey cattle and is widely known throughout the county.

On Feb. 24, 1904, Mr. Koger was married to Clara Bratcher, a native of DeKalb County, and a daughter of W. W. and A. J. (Groomer) Bratcher. Mr. Bratcher is a native of Kentucky who came to Missouri in the pioneer days, settling in DeKalb County. He served in the army during the Spanish American War, having enlisted in the 16th Regiment, Company 1, Missouri Infantry. After the war, Mr. Bratcher became a prominent farmer and stock feeder, owning 265 acres of land. For a number of years he was a school director. Mr. and Mrs. Bratcher now reside in DeKalb County. Mr. Bratcher is a Republican and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. and Mrs. Bratcher are the parents of six children, as follows: Cora, deceased; Anna, the widow of William A. Leaper, Bates County; Henry, DeKalb County; Alonzo, Daviess County; Rosco, DeKalb County; and Mrs. Koger. Mr. and Mrs. Koger have adopted two children, as follows: Leonard, born Sept. 27, 1906, attending school; and Robert O., born March 11, 1915, also attending school.

Mr. Koger is identified with the Democratic party in politics. He is a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Koger is a progressive and enterprising citizen and he is well and favorably known in Daviess County.

John M. Ellis, a Civil War veteran who is a prominent citizen of Pattonsburg, is a native of Missouri. He was born in Daviess County, May 4, 1845, a son of John E. and Eva (McMillan) Ellis.

John E. Ellis was a native of Virginia. He was one of the very early pioneer settlers of Missouri, making the trip by wagon from Virginia. After arriving in Daviess County, Mr. Ellis purchased some land, which was all prairie land and had to be cleared and broken up. He carried on farming and stock raising, and at one time owned 700 acres of land. Mr. Ellis was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. Both he and

his wife are now deceased and buried in the Ellis Cemetery. They were the parents of the following children: Fifie, deceased; Nancy, deceased; Louis A., deceased; Robert, deceased; and Martha, deceased; Belle, residing in Daviess County; Ellen, the widow of Harry Ellis, living in St. Joseph; Cornelia, the wife of Dean Ruben, residing in Topeka, Kan.; Sally, the wife of John Morris, retired farmer, living in Oklahoma; Alonzo, living in Daviess County; and John E., the subject of this sketch.

John M. Ellis was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and attended the district schools. At the age of 18 years he joined the army, and was in service 115 days in Company M, 4th Missouri Cavalry, during the Civil War. After the close of the war, Mr. Ellis worked for five dollars per day breaking up prairie land. He chopped wood for two winters and helped build the Rock Island and Wabash Railroad. Mr. Ellis lived in Denver, Colo., when that city was no larger than Pattonsburg, Mo. His first purchase of land consisted of 40 acres. By hard work Mr. Ellis was able to add to his land holdings, until at one time he was the owner of 1100 acres of good farm land. He became one of the most successful farmers and stockmen of Daviess County, and was a well known breeder of Short-horn cattle, Poland China hogs, and other stock. Mr. Ellis is now living retired in Pattonsburg, Mo., where he owns a beautiful home, located on the corner of Third and Maple Streets. He owns 820 acres of land in Daviess County.

On March 1, 1874, Mr. Ellis married Elizabeth Jane Graham, a daughter of John and Mary Elizabeth (Meadows) Graham, natives of Virginia and Daviess County. Mrs. Ellis was born in Daviess County. To Mr. and Graham the following children were born: Ira, deceased; Nancy, the widow of J. W. Aldrich, residing in Pattonsburg, Mo.; and Mrs. Ellis. Mr. Graham was a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County, Mo., and owned 300 acres of land. He served as county judge for two terms and was also justice of the peace. He was a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. Both Mr. and Mrs. Graham are deceased and are buried in Bethel Cemetery, Daviess County. To John M. and Elizabeth (Graham) Ellis seven children were born, as follows: N. G., engaged in the furniture and undertaking business of Pattonsburg, Mo.; Minnie L., graduate of Northwestern College, Palmer College of Albany, Mo., now the wife of John Haas, retired merchant of Des Moines, Iowa; John O., farmer and stockman of Daviess County; Hollie E., farmer and stockman of Daviess County; Stella, the wife of Oliver McClung, farmer and stockman of Coffey, Mo.; Ollie E., teacher of music, residing with her parents; Zanis, living at home. He

served in the army during the World War. All the Ellis family are high school and college graduates.

Mr. Ellis is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He is a member of the Methodist Church and is a Democrat. Mr. Ellis is a substantial and well known pioneer citizen of Daviess County, and the Ellis family stand high in the community.

W. J. Morris, a well known retired farmer of Benton Township, Daviess County, was born in Daviess County, Sept. 17, 1859. He is a son of Daniel J. and Mary Elizabeth (McMillan) Morris.

Daniel J. Morris was born in Illinois and came to Missouri when a young man with his parents. They settled in Benton Township, Daviess County, where Mr. Morris carried on general farming and stock raising during his entire life. During the Civil War, Mr. Morris enlisted in the volunteer state militia from Missouri, and was in service for two years. He then returned to his farm. Mr. Morris owned 200 acres of good farm land and was widely known as a breeder of Holstein cattle and sheep. Mrs. Morris was born in Virginia. They were the parents of the following children: James Louis, deceased; Mary Emily, deceased; Nathaniel, J., deceased; John B., Oklahoma; Samantha J., the wife of Herbert Shaver, Daviess County; George Harvey, St. Joseph, Mo.; and W. J., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Morris died in 1904 and his wife died the following year. They are buried in the Ellis Cemetery. Mr. Morris joined the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in 1881.

W. J. Morris was reared on his father's farm in Benton Township, Daviess County. He had very little schooling. During his life Mr. Morris has carried on farming and stock raising. His first purchase of land was 60 acres, and he later owned 138 acres. Mr. Morris is now living retired on his farm, known as Cedar Farm, located in Benton Township, just outside Pattonsburg.

On March 25, 1886, Mr. Morris married Mary J. Rebels, a daughter of Reverend John W. and Tempa C. (McCord) Rebels, natives of Alabama and Missouri. Reverend John W. and Tempa C. (McCord) Rebels were the parents of the following children: David F.; Solomon; William J.; Cort; Clara E.; John W.; Tempa C.; Edward, Crane, Mo.; Wyley J., Crane, Mo.; Nettie, the wife of Nat Lemaster, Golden, Mo.; Herman, Golden, Mo.; Joseph E., Golden, Mo.; Maud M., the wife of Newton Johnson, Golden, Mo.; Harrison E., Golden, Mo.; and Mrs. Morris. Rev. and Mrs. Rebels are both deceased.

To W. J. and Mary J. (Rebels) Morris nine children were born as follows: Jesse, deceased; Rosco, deceased; William O., deceased; John D.,

Daviess County, Mo.; Archie A., Idaho; Elsie E., the wife of Everett Marshall; Walter H., bookkeeper of the Redmond Publishing Company of Kansas City. He served in the navy during the World War, and was stationed on a battleship. He made two trips to France; Clara R., the wife of Claud Patton, ranchman living in Montana; Robert B., farmer and stockman, living with his father. He was also in the navy during the World War and served two and one-half years in France.

Mrs. Morris died May 2, 1905. Mr. Morris is a well posted and interesting gentleman and one of the substantial citizens of Daviess County.

Asa L. Smith, a progressive and enterprising farmer and stockman of Benton Township, was born June 5, 1843, in Iowa. He is a son of John J. and Sarah (Smith) Smith.

John J. Smith was a prominent stockman of Iowa for many years. He was born in Tennessee. Mr. Smith was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. Both Mr. and Mrs. Smith are deceased and are buried in Iowa. They were the parents of the following children: Idirus; Orlena; Rachael; Julia Ann; Caroline; William; David, resides in Minnesota; Theodosia, the wife of David Howard, resides in Iowa; Alice, the wife of Howard John, resides in Iowa; and Asa L., the subject of this sketch.

Asa L. Smith was reared in Iowa, and he received his education in the district schools. He began farming on rented land in Daviess County, but later purchased a farm of 40 acres. Mr. Smith now owns 60 acres in Benton Township, Daviess County, and carried on general farming and stock raising. He raises Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs.

On Feb. 27, 1863, Mr. Smith married Sarah A. Boysol, a native of Iowa, and a daughter of Frederick and Susan (March) Boysol. To this union nine children were born, as follows: Walter; Alice; Samuel; John, retired farmer, residing in Missouri; Susan, the wife of Charles Taylor, residing in Nebraska; Mary, the wife of Robert Bell, farmer and stockman, residing in Missouri; William, farmer and stockman, Daviess County; George, living in Oklahoma; and A. H., farmer and stockman, Daviess County.

In politics Mr. Smith is a Democrat. He has an extensive acquaintance in Daviess County and is held in the highest regard by all who know him.

Timothy Morris, deceased, was a well known farmer of Benton Township, where he spent many years of his life. He was born in Daviess County, a son of Meredith and Mabel (Plymel) Morris. Meredith Morris was a native of Kentucky and a pioneer of Daviess County. He carried on general farming and stock raising. Mr. and Mrs. Morris were the parents of the following children: George, deceased; Josephine, deceased; Peter,

deceased; Lynn, deceased; John, deceased; Timothy, deceased, the subject of this sketch; Peter, farmer and stockman, Daviess County; and Elizabeth, the wife of William Martin, Oklahoma. Both Mr. and Mrs. Morris are deceased, and are buried in Oak Ridge Cemetery.

Timothy Morris was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County, and attended the district schools. He began farming on rented land, and later purchased his first farm of 80 acres. Mr. Morris was a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. At the time of his death, April 9, 1902, he owned 170 acres of land in Benton Township, Daviess County.

On Feb. 15, 1880, Mr. Morris married Martha Thomas, a daughter of S. A. and Elizabeth (Conwell) Thomas. Mr. Thomas was a native of Virginia, and came to Daviess County with his parents when a small boy. He became a leading farmer of the county, and was a breeder of high grade stock. Mr. Thomas was a Civil War veteran, having served throughout the war. Both Mr. and Mrs. Thomas are deceased. They were the parents of the following children: Eliza; Thomas; Lee; Mary; Martha; Elizabeth; James; Henry; David; William, deceased; Elizabeth, the wife of William Black.

To Timothy and Martha (Thomas) Morris six children were born, as follows: Leah; Elsie; Charles Stella; Mary; and Clara.

Since the death of her husband, Mrs. Morris has managed the farm and now owns 100 acres of land. Mr. Morris was a Republican. He was an industrious, energetic man, who held the high esteem of his neighbors.

Samuel F. Sperry, an interesting pioneer of Daviess County, who, for many years was prominently identified with the development of this county, and who is now living a retired life in Benton Township, Daviess County, was born Oct. 7, 1843, in Kentucky, the son of Alford and Elizabeth (Githens) Sperry.

Alford Sperry was born in Tennessee and was one of the first settlers in Daviess County, Mo. For several years, Mr. Sperry taught school, and was also sheriff of Green County, Ky., for a number of years. He became a prosperous farmer and stockman of Daviess County. His wife was a native of Green County, Ky., and was one of the first school teachers of Daviess County, Mo. Mrs. Sperry's father was the first rural mail carrier of Pattonsburg, Mo., and he traveled on horseback. Mr. and Mrs. Sperry were the parents of the following children: Jack, deceased; Liddie, the wife of Timothy Murray, Garfield, Wash.; James, Daviess County, Mo.; and Samuel F., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Sperry died at the age of 86 years. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church.

Samuel F. Sperry was reared in Daviess County, Mo. He began farming when a very young man, having but \$40 and a team of horses. He worked for \$26 per month for several years. Later, Mr. Sperry was able to purchase a little land, and began raising stock. He became the owner of 260 acres of land in Benton Township, Daviess County, and was widely known as a breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. During the Civil War, Mr. Sperry served with the 1st Missouri Cavalry, and was engaged in several battles and skirmishes. In the early days, Mr. Sperry made two trips across the plains, making the trips with teams of oxen.

On Dec. 29, 1869, Mr. Sperry was married the first time to Myra Burton, a native of Daviess County, Mo., and a daughter of Sherrid and Eliza (Groomer) Burton. To this union the following children were born: Forest, deceased; Edith, deceased; Pearl, deceased; William, residing in the west; Alice, the wife of Robert Reed; Lulu, the wife of James Hill, Jameson, Mo.; Ruby, the wife of Earnest Read, postmaster, Trenton, Mo. Mrs. Sperry died Sept. 20, 1887, and is buried in the Groomer Cemetery, Daviess County.

Mr. Sperry was married the second time on Oct. 13, 1889, to I. H. Rynhart, a daughter of John Ellis and Sarah (Smithson) Ellis, natives of West Virginia. To Samuel F. and I. H. (Rynhart) Sperry two children were born, as follows: Samuel, Daviess County, Mo.; and Juanita, the widow of Frank Noll. Mr. Ellis was a prominent farmer and stockman of Daviess County, and was the owner of 800 acres of land. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis are deceased and are buried in the Ellis Cemetery, Daviess County, Mo.

In politics Mr. Sperry is a Democrat. He is a member of the Baptist Church, having been a deacon since 1887. Mr. Sperry attributes his success in life to hard work and thrift. He is one of the highly esteemed citizens of Daviess County.

William L. Utz, a substantial farmer and stockman of Pattonsburg, was born March 11, 1856, in Daviess County, a son of George M. and Mary A. (Stamper) Utz.

George M. Utz was a native of Boone County, Ky., and came to Missouri in the early days, settling on the farm now owned by his son, William L. Utz. In making the trip from Kentucky to Missouri, is required three months and was made by horse and wagon. Mr and Mrs. Utz were parents of the following children: Jasper, Gentry County; George, Daviess County; Alford E., Daviess County; Ellen, the wife of James M. Royce; Thomas, Daviess County; Anna, the widow of John Akes, Gentry County; and George M., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Utz owned 360 acres of

land in Daviess County and was a prominent farmer and stockman. He was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. Both Mr. and Mrs. Utz are deceased and are buried in the Best Chapel Cemetery.

William L. Utz was reared on his fathers farm in Daviess County and attended the district schools. He began farming on the farm he now owns, and at the present time owns 152 acres of well improved land. Mr. Utz is a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs.

Mr. Utz married Esther Parker, a native of Daviess County, and daughter of John and Louisa (Grimes) Parker. Mr. and Mrs. Parker were the parents of the following children: Laura, deceased; James, deceased; Samuel, Daviess County; Noma, Turney, Mo.; and Mrs. Utz. Mr. Parker is deceased and buried in Kidder, Mo. His widow lives in Daviess County. To William L. and Esther (Parker) Utz two children have been born, as follows: Harvey W., born Jan. 1918; and Harley L., born April 19, 1920.

In politics Mr. Utz is a Democrat. He is an enterprising and progressive citizen and is widely and favorably known in Daviess County.

J. B. Gurthep, a well known farmer and stockman of Salem Township, Daviess County, was born in Marshall County, Ind., a son of Mr. and Mrs. George Gurthep.

George Gurthep was born in Germany. He came to the United States when a young man, and settled in Bremen, Ind. By trade he was a carpenter and cabinet maker. He later became engagd in farming and owned, at the time of his death, 80 acres of land. Both Mr. and Mrs. Gurthep are buried in Indiana. They were the parents of the following children: William, residing in Indiana; Catherine, the wife of Clarence Slater, Plymouth, Ind.; Ann, the wife of Zide Treux, Plymouth, Ind.; John, banker, Hobart, Ind.; Jacob, retired farmer, Plymouth, Ind.; and J. B., the subject of this sketch.

J. B. Gurthep was reared in Indiana. He began farming early in life, renting land. In 1901 he removed to Missouri, settling in Grundy County. Later Mr. Gurthep came to Daviess County, where he opened the first cold storage plant of the county. In the fall of 1921 Mr. Gurthep purchased 182 acres of land in Salem Township, where he carries on general farming and stock raising. He is a well known breeder of pure blooded Poland China hogs and Jersey cattle. Mr. Gurthep holds two stock sales each year, which are among the biggest sales of Daviess County. His stock has taken many prizes at the fairs. Mrs. Gurthep raises fancy poultry.

Mr. Gurthep was married the first time to Effie Cavender, a native of Marshall County, Ind., and daughter of Edward and Hannah Cavender,

natives of Indiana and Ohio. To this union two children were born, as follows: Elsie, the wife of Charles Harris, Tulsa, Okla.; and Omar, Tulsa, Okla. Mrs. Gurthep died March 1, 1898, and is buried in Argos, Ind.

Mr. Gurthep later married Minnie Monk, a native of Grundy County, Mo. To this union one child was born, Ulea, living at home. She graduated from high school on May 20, 1922. Mrs. Gurthep has three sisters living, as follows: Minnie, the wife of Newton Bridge, Spickard, Mo.; Alice, the wife of Elmer Wolf, Trenton; and Nellie, residing in Trenton.

Mr. Gurthep has a fine home in Pattonsburg, and also owns 12 city lots and two other residences. He belongs to the Yeoman Lodge and the Macabees. He is a Republican and is a member of the Christian Church. Mrs. Gurthep belongs to the Royal Neighbors, Eastern Star and Yeoman Lodges. Mr. Gurthep is progressive and public spirited and one of the leading business men in Daviess County.

R. W. Chapman, a leading farmer and stockman of Benton Township, Daviess County, was born May 21, 1867, a son of David and Lucinda (Daniels) Chapman. He was born in Daviess County, Mo.

David Chapman was born in Virginia and came to Daviess County, in 1835, settling in Benton Township. He made the trip from Virginia by horse and wagon. His first home in Missouri was a log cabin. Mr. Chapman became a prosperous farmer and stockman, owning 320 acres of land. He was a well known breeder of high grade stock. Mr. Chapman was married first to Margaret Groomer, a native of Kentucky, and to this union the following children were born: George W., deceased; J. D., retired, living in Atchison, Kan.; Nancy Ann, the widow of Perry McCulley; living in McFall, Mo. To David and Lucinda (Daniels) Chapman, his second wife, the following children were born: Mary, deceased; Francis, deceased; Isabel, deceased; Siegel, deceased; Wiley E., deceased; Charles H., deceased; Cloe, deceased; Maggie, the wife of Edward Berry, residing in Colorado; W. M., resides in Thomas County, Kan.; and R. W., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Chapman died Oct. 11, 1892, and his wife died Sept. 8, 1892. They are buried in Oak Ridge Cemetery.

R. W. Chapman was reared on a farm in Daviess County, and received his education in the district schools. He then became engaged in farming, renting land for a few years. Later Mr. Chapman purchased 80 acres of land and now owns 268 acres in Benton Township, Daviess County. Mr. Chapman has been very successful in stock raising and is widely known as a breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs.

Mr. Chapman married Narrissa Allen, a native of Harrison County, Mo., and to this union the following children were born: Guy C., deceased;

Emil, farmer and stockman, residing in South Dakota; Edith, the wife of George S. Robertson, Fremont, Neb.; Bertha, attending school.

Mr. and Mrs. Chapman are members of the Christian Church. In politics they are Republicans. Mr. Chapman has an extensive acquaintance in Daviess County, and is recognized as a dependable citizen.

R. E. Woodring, a substantial farmer and stockman of Daviess County, was born Oct. 26, 1876, in Daviess County, a son of D. T. and Julia (Nalle) Woodring.

D. T. Woodring was born Aug. 15, 1848, in Kentucky, and came to Gentry County when a young man, where he engaged in farming and stock raising. He later moved to Daviess County, and farmed the land now owned by his son, R. E. Woodring. On Dec. 25, 1873, Mr. Woodring was married to Julia Nalle, a native of Ohio, and to this union the following children were born: Myrtle, deceased; R. E., the subject of this sketch; J. D., resides in California; Nellie Pearl, the wife of Leon Bratcher, Marion Township, Daviess County; Charles, deceased; Maggie Mable, deceased; T. Ellen, deceased; Allie B., farmer, Nebraska; Harry Raymond, Pattonsburg; Ruby D., Daviess County. Mr. Woodring was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. Mrs. Woodring died May 10, 1907, and Mr. Woodring died Feb. 13, 1919. They are buried in Savage Cemetery, Daviess County.

R. E. Woodring was reared on his father's farm in Daviess County and was educated in the district schools. He then began farming, renting land for several years. Mr. Woodring now operates the old homestead of 160 acres, and is a successful breeder of Shorthorn cattle and spotted Poland China hogs.

On March 11, 1906, Mr. Woodring married Maud J. Dilley, a daughter of Willis and Margaret (McLaughlin) Dilley, natives of Ohio and Pennsylvania. Mrs. Woodring was born in Gentry County. Mr. and Mrs. Dilley were the parents of eight children, as follows: Samuel B., deceased; Jennie, the wife of Richard Blankenship, Fairport; Belle, deceased; Fannie, the wife of Charles Barnes, Jameson; Mary, the wife of William Blankenship, Isabel, Kan.; Robert, farmer, Santa Rosa, Mo.; Maud, the wife of R. E. Woodring; Liteshia, the wife of Tillman Caraway, Gentry County. Mr. Dilley was a veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted from Missouri in Company F, Infantry. He took part in several important battles of the war. Mr. Dilley was a Republican and a member of the Baptist Church. Mr. Woodring is a Democrat and belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, and the Yeoman Lodge. He is a member

of the Baptist Church. Mr. Woodring is one of the reliable citizens of Daviess County and has a host of friends.

Henry Lear, a leading farmer and stockman of Benton Township, was born Feb. 2, 1854, in Missouri, and is a son of Joseph and Martha (Bunnell) Lear.

Joseph Lear was a native of Indiana. In the early days he came to Iowa and soon after to Harrison County, where he became engaged in general farming and stock raising. He owned 80 acres of land, and was a successful breeder of high grade cattle and hogs. He drove his stock to St. Joseph, as there were no railroads at that time. Mr. Lear was a Republican. Both Mr. and Mrs. Lear are deceased. Mr. Lear is buried in Harrison County, while his wife is buried in Texas. They were the parents of six children, as follows: William, deceased; Plaza, the wife of Louis Cummings, deceased; Martha, the wife of Jack Forth, both deceased; Mary, the widow of James Rhodes, living in Oregon, and Henry, the subject of this sketch.

Henry Lear was reared on his father's farm in Harrison County, and received his education in the public schools. During his entire life he has been a farmer and stockman, and is a prominent dealer in cattle and hogs. Mr. Lear is also a contracting plasterer. He owns 10 acres of land and his residence in Benton Township, Daviess County.

On Jan. 20, 1877, Mr. Lear married Jessie Savage, a native of Kentucky, and a daughter of William and Elizabeth (Burnett) Savage. Mr. Savage came to Missouri from Kentucky in a wagon, drawn by oxen, and settled in Grand River Township, Daviess County. He owned 260 acres of land and was a prosperous farmer and stockman. Both Mr. and Mrs. Savage are deceased. They were the parents of the following children: Joseph, Pattonsburg; Della, deceased; Georgia, Daviess County; John, Daviess County; Nicholas, deceased; and Mrs. Lear. To Henry and Jessie (Savage) Lear eight children were born, as follows: John, at home; Clarence, St. Joseph; Maud, the wife of Robert Royston, Daviess County; Mamie, the wife of Logan McClock; Robert, enlisted in the army in 1921 for three years; Albert, enlisted during the World War. He enlisted in 1917 and was sent to Oklahoma and served 15 months in France with the 35th Division. He took part in many important battles and was gassed. He has recently been discharged from the hospital and is now at home; Herbert, deceased; and George, deceased. Mr. Lear has seven grandchildren.

In politics Mr. Lear is a Republican. He is a member of the Methodist

Church. Mr. Lear is a progressive citizen and is known for his industry and integrity.

John Thomas James, a successful farmer and stockman of Benton Township, Daviess County, is a native of Daviess County. He was born Jan. 28, 1868, in Marion Township, a son of Robert T. and Mary Jane (Pennington) James.

Robert T. James was born in Callaway County, Aug. 23, 1845, and came to Daviess County with his parents when ten years of age. He became a prominent farmer and stockman, owning 300 acres of land in Marion Township, Daviess County, and 800 acres in Kansas. He was a breeder of Shorthorn cattle and spotted Poland China hogs. Mr. James was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He died Aug. 16, 1915, and his wife died in December, 1893. They were the parents of the following children: George F., deceased; Lester, deceased; Ellen, deceased; William, Johnson City, Texas; S. Ann, the wife of Connie J. Miller, Civil Bend; Alice, the wife of Elmer E. Bowsart, Gentry County; Rose, married Jerry Ahart, Daviess County; Alma, the wife of Robert Miller, Gallatin; Wesley, Vernon County; Ezra, Missouri; Carrie, the wife of George F. Fleming, Santa Rosa, Mo.; and John Thomas, the subject of this sketch.

John Thomas James was reared in Daviess County, and received his education in the public schools and in Stanberry, Mo. He then taught school for eight years in Daviess County. At the end of this time, Mr. James became engaged in farming and stock raising. He purchased 125 acres of land, and became a widely known breeder of Shorthorn cattle and black Poland hogs. Mr. James has also been a minister in the Penticostal Church for 19 years, having been located in the Pattonsburg church for 12 years.

On Feb. 3, 1892, Mr. James married Amanda E. Groomer, a native of Marion Township, Daviess County, and a daughter of Jesse and Mary E. (Cain) Groomer. Mr. and Mrs. Groomer were both born in Missouri.

To John Thomas and Amanda E. (Groomer) James the following children were born: Lelia, deceased; Mary, deceased; Elroy, resides in Albany; Floyd F., enlisted in the navy during the World War, and was in active service, transporting troops to France; Estie, the wife of Albert Therber, Civil Bend; Esther, the wife of Robert Devers; Florence, the wife of O. L. Butcher, Pattonsburg; Grace, Kansas City; Robert T., at home; Lilia, at home; Ethel, at home. Mrs. James died Sept. 30, 1919.

Mr. James is a Republican. He is well known throughout the county for his progressive ideas, and he and his family are highly respected citizens.

Dewitt C. Courtier, retired, was for many years a prominent farmer and stockman of Harrison County. He was born Feb. 14, 1861, in Harrison County, a son of Dewitt Clinton and Clonie J. (Miller) Courtier.

Dewitt Clinton Courtier was a native of Ohio. He came to Missouri in 1844, being one of the very early settlers of Harrison County. He became the owner of 480 acres of land, and was a successful breeder of Short-horn cattle, sheep and hogs. Mr. Courtier served as a justice of the peace, constable, and as a member of the township board. In politics he was a Republican, and he belonged to the Baptist Church. Mr. Courtier died Jan. 7, 1897, and his wife died May 8, 1910. They are buried in Pleasant Ridge Cemetery, Harrison County. Mr. and Mrs. Courtier were the parents of 10 children, as follows: James S., deceased; W. H., Harrison County; J. M., deceased; G. E., deceased; Dewitt C., the subject of this sketch; G. W., Harrison County; Armenta, the wife of G. A. Miller, Harrison County; Dulcina, the wife of Al Bennett, Gallatin; Samuel, deceased; and Mary J., deceased.

Dewitt C. Courtier was reared on his father's farm in Harrison County, and received his education in the district schools. He then worked as a farm hand for fifteen dollars a month. Later, Mr. Courtier purchased 160 acres of land in Harrison County, and became a widely known breeder of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. He is now living retired in Coffey.

On Nov. 17, 1907, Mr. Courtier married Ethel J. Hagler, a daughter of E. W. and Lucy (Bartlet) Hagler, natives of Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Hagler were the parents of eight children, as follows: Grace, deceased; Marion, Harrison County; Bertha, the wife of Clyde Hart, Troy, Ill.; Mrs. Courtier; Alvia, living in the west; Letia, the wife of G. F. Glaze, deceased; Dennis, Harrison County; Paul, Lincoln, Kan.; and Truman, Harrison County. Mrs. Hagler died Oct. 31, 1911, and is buried in Coffey Cemetery. Mr. Hagler now resides in Harrison County.

Mr. Courtier is a staunch Republican and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is a director in the Coffey Bank. He is a member of the Baptist Church, as also is his wife. Mr. Courtier is a substantial citizen and deservedly stands high in the estimation of his friends and acquaintances.

Arthur Best, a successful farmer and stockman of Benton Township, Daviess County, and owner of 765 acres of well improved land, was born in Rockyford, Col., Oct. 26, 1879, a son of Louis M. and Ella (Lawrence) Best. He was the first white child born in the vicinity of Rockyford, Col.

Louis M. Best was born in Daviess County, Jan 17, 1852. When a very

young man he went to Texas, where he became engaged in farming and stock raising. In 1878 he returned to Daviess County and married Ella Lawrence, after which he moved to Rockyford, Col. To this union one child was born, Arthur, the subject of this sketch. Mrs. Best died Nov. 10, 1879, at the age of 19 years. She is buried in Rockyford, Col. In 1885, Mr. Best returned to Daviess County, and married his second wife, Nancy Elizabeth Hibbs. To this union three children were born, two of whom died in infancy. The third child is Ella, the wife of Fred Plowman, Benton Township, Daviess County. Mrs. Best died March 4, 1911, and is buried in Daviess County. Mr. Best was married the third time to Perenta Catherine Smith. At one time Mr. Best owned 800 acres of land in Daviess County. He was a prominent farmer and stockman and well known throughout Missouri. For three years Mr. Best served in the office of County Judge of Daviess County and was township trustee for two years. He was a director of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank and one of its largest stockholders. Mr. Best was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist Church. He died Feb. 10, 1912, at the age of 60 years, and is buried in Benton Township, Daviess County.

Arthur Best received his education in the district schools and Chilli-cothe College. He began farming as soon as he completed his education, renting some of his father's land. Besides owning 765 acres of land in Daviess County, Mr. Best owns 160 acres of land in Louisiana and 40 acres in Arkansas. He is a very prominent stockman of Daviess County, and specializes in the breeding of Shropshire sheep and Poland China hogs. His home is modern in every respect, and his farm contains a first class watering system.

On May 11, 1901, Mr. Best was married to Ethel J. Elam, daughter of Henry and Emelie (Adkinson) Elam, natives of Kentucky and Missouri. Mrs. Best was born May 13, 1884. Mr. and Mrs. Elam were the parents of the following children: Nola Ann, deceased; Ezra, Pattonsburg; Hattie B., the wife of John D. Savage, Daviess County; Effie Mary, the wife of W. J. Dougherty, Kansas City, Mo.; Mrs. Best; Elbert Seth, Omaha, Neb. Mr. Elam was a veteran of the Civil War. He died in June, 1913, and his wife died Dec. 26, 1902. They are buried in Best Chapel Cemetery, Daviess County. To Arthur and Ethel J. (Elam) Best two children have been born, as follows: Lawrence Elam, was graduated from high school in May, 1922; and Lalah May, was also graduated from high school in May, 1922. Before her marriage, Mrs. Best was a teacher of music.

Mr. Best is vice president and a director of the Pattonsburg Savings Bank. He is identified with the Democratic party in politics and has been

a member of the township board and trustee for two terms. Mr. Best ranks as one of the leading citizens of Daviess County.

Henry H. Everly, a leading farmer and stockman of Benton Township, Daviess County, is a native of Daviess County. He was born May 2, 1889, a son of John B. and Ermina (Slaughter) Everly.

John B. Everly was born in Daviess County. He has been engaged in farming and stock raising during his entire life, and is one of the most extensive land holders of the county, owning 1150 acres of well improved land. Mr. Everly is widely known as a successful breeder of of high grade stock. Mr. and Mrs. Everly are the parents of six children, as follows: Laura, the wife of Cleveland Herald, farmer and stockman, Daviess County; Henry H., the subject of this sketch; Grace, the wife of Robert Kepler, farmer and stockman, Daviess County; Dott, the wife of Perry Glaze, farmer and stockman, Daviess County; James, resides with his father in Salem Township, Daviess County; and Max, living at home.

Henry H. Everly was reared in Daviess County and received his education in the public schools. He began farming on his father's land in Benton Township, Daviess County, where he is now located. Mr. Everly is a breeder of cattle, hogs, and other stock.

On Dec. 24, 1912, Mr. Everly married Aura E. Courter, a native of Harrison County, and a daughter of W. H. and Fanny (Iddings) Courter. Mr. Courter is an extensive farmer and stockman of Harrison County, and owns 500 acres of good farm land. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and belongs to the Methodist Church. In politics, Mr. Courter is a Republican. To Henry H. and Aura E. (Courter) Everly one child has been born, Herbert Nolan, born June 12, 1916. Mr. and Mrs. Courter are the parents of the following children; Ezra, veteran of the World War, living at home; Elnora, deceased; Iva, resides in Kansas City; Mrs. Everly; Heslep, farmer and stockman, veteran of the World War; Norval, farmer and stockman, Harrison County; Judson, at home; Oris, at home.

Mr. Everly is identified with the Republican party in politics. He is one of the substantial and enterprising citizens of Daviess County.

John Nalle, deceased, was a prominent farmer and stockman of Benton Township. He was born in Kentucky, Nov. 26, 1860, a son of Albert and Eliza Jane (Savage) Nalle.

Albert Nalle was a native of Virginia, born April 13, 1826. During the Civil War, Mr. Nalle enlisted from Kentucky in Company G, 30th West Virginia Cavalry, and was killed in action. He was killed near Newton, West Virginia, in a skirmish. His widow later moved to Missouri with her

family, settling in Benton Township, Daviess County. Mrs. Nalle became the owner of 152 acres of land and carried on farming and stock raising. She is now deceased and is buried in Savage Cemetery, Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Nalle were the parents of four children, as follows: Ellen, the wife of James Beals, farmer and stockman, Idaho; Julia, the wife of David Woodring, farmer, Benton Township, Daviess County; John, the subject of this sketch; and Maggie, deceased, was the wife of David Shultz.

John Nalle grew up on his mother's farm, and received his education in the district schools. He became a successful farmer and stockman of Benton Township, Daviess County, and owned 152 acres of well improved land, which was originally his mother's farm. Mr. Nalle died November 10, 1904, and is buried in Savage Cemetery, Daviess County.

In 1888 Mr. Nalle married Georgia Ella Savage, a daughter of William and Ann Elizabeth (Burdett) Savage. Mrs. Nalle was born Feb. 14, 1864, in Kentucky. Mr. Savage was a native of Kentucky, and a pioneer settler of Missouri, settling in Benton Township, Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Savage were the parents of the following children: Joseph, Pattonsburg; Jessie, the wife of Henry Lear, Pattonsburg; Dollie, the wife of Frank Stamper, both deceased; and Mrs. Nalle. Mrs. Savage died Jan. 8, 1874, and is buried in Kentucky. Later, Mr. Savage married Amanda Ferguson, and to this union the following children were born: John, Benton Township, Daviess County; Magnola, the wife of George Weller, Albany; the third child died in infancy. To John and Georgia Ella (Savage) Nalle four children were born, as follows: Walter, Pattonsburg; Elsie, wife of Lloyd Persinger, farmer and stockman, McFall; Joseph, living with his mother; and David, farmer and stockman, Benton Township, Daviess County. David Nalle enlisted during the World War from Gallatin and was sent to Camp Funston. He was in service 18 months. While there he was taken ill and was operated upon at the army hospital, and has never regained his health.

Mrs. Nalle owns 309 acres of well improved land in Benton Township, Daviess County, and is carrying on farming and stock raising with her son, Joseph. They are breeders of high grade stock, including Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs.

Mrs. Nalle is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. Nalle was industrious, earnest and sincere. He merited the high regard in which he was held by the community.

Alonzo Mathews, a substantial farmer and stockman of Daviess County, was born in Nodaway County, May 17, 1863. He is a son of John and Nancy (Sharp) Mathews.

John Mathews was a native of Tennessee, and one of the very early

settlers of Nodaway County, Mo. For several years he lived in Buchanan County. Mr. and Mrs. Mathews were the parents of one child, Alonzo, the subject of this sketch. Both Mr. and Mrs. Mathews are deceased, Mrs. Mathews having died Nov. 6, 1919.

Alonzo Mathews went to live with an uncle in Buchanan County when he was six years old. Later he lived with another uncle in Arkansas from 1869 until 1875. He then removed to Newton County, Mo., with his uncle and later worked out by the month, there, receiving \$3.00 per month and his board. During that time he attended the district school a part of the year. In 1884, he received \$8.00 a month and in the next year, \$13.00 a month. In 1890 he came to Daviess County and rented land and later bought a farm. Mr. Mathews now owns 47 acres of good farm land in Benton Township, Daviess County, and raises Jersey cattle and Poland China hogs. His farm contains a modern residence, good barns, and good equipment.

Mr. Mathews was married the first time to Arvilla Vanwort, a native of Missouri, and to this union the following children were born: Onnie, farmer and Stockman, Benton Township, Daviess County; Oca, the wife of Owen Wilson, farmer and stockman, South Dakota; and Alma, who died in infancy. After the death of his first wife, Mr. Mathews later married Nancy Wamack, a daughter of Charles and Malinda (Gore) Wamack. Mr. and Mrs. Wamack were the parents of the following children: Jackson, farmer and stockman, Douglas County; Jasper, farmer, Kansas; Elizabeth, the wife of Henry Williams, farmer, resides in Oklahoma; Thomas, deceased; and Mrs. Mathews.

Mr. Mathews is a man who is highly esteemed in his community. He is an enterprising farmer and a worthy citizen.

Rev. Grant Creekmore, the well known pastor of the Baptist Church of Pattonsburg, was born in Whitley County, Ky. He is a son of F. B. and Sarah (Snyder) Creekmore, natives of Kentucky.

F. B. Creekmore settled in Gallatin in 1878, and was one of the pioneers of that section. He became a prosperous farmer and stockman of Daviess County, owning a large tract of land. He died July 14, 1878, and is buried in Purda, Mo. His wife died March 18, 1921, and is buried in the Creekmore Cemetery, Daviess County. To F. B. and Sarah (Snyder) Creekmore ten children were born, as follows: Ely, farmer and stockman, Martinsville; Amelia, killed in an accident in 1905; Madonna, the wife of Thomas Zimmerman, farmer and stockman, Washington Center, Harrison County; Reverend Grant, the subject of this sketch; Winifred, the wife of Mathew Miller, farmer and stockman, residing in Oklahoma; Sherman,

deceased; Mary, the wife of Benjamin Pritchard, retired farmer, Salem Township, Daviess County; Reverend George, minister of the Baptist Church of Wichita, Kan.; Cora, resides with her sister, Mrs. Benjamin Zimmerman, Denver, Mo.; Anna, the wife of B. F. Pryde, Rothsville.

Rev. Grant Creekmore was reared in Kentucky, and received his education in the William Jewell College, and was also graduated from the Baptist Theological Seminary in Louisville, Ky. He has had charge of the Baptist Churches of Lynn County for several years. He was appointed pastor of the Baptist Church of Pattonsburg in 1919, where he is now located.

Reverend Creekmore is the originator of the drainage system which has been installed on the Grand River to Gallatin, a distance of 34 miles. This system, which has been promoted by him, has proven to be of great value to the farmers of that vicinity, as the land in that locality has always been under water.

On June 4,, 1890, Reverend Creekmore was married to Cora A. Neil, a native of Daviess County, and a daughter of Dr. William and Eliza (Burton) Neil. Dr. Neil, who died in 1907, was for many years a prominent and successful physician of Buchanan County. Mrs. Neil is now 76 years of age, and resides in McFall. Mr. and Mrs. Neil were the parents of the following children: Laura, the wife of C. J. Welden; Mrs. Creekmore; Everett, deceased. To Rev. Grant and Cora A. (Neil) Creekmore three children have been born, as follows: Ethel, the wife of H. E. Cozad, farmer and stockman, Hamilton; Lloyd, now taking the agricultural course in Missouri University, and living at home; Gerald, a sophomore in high school, living at home.

Reverend Creekmore has a wide acquaintance in Daviess County, and is recognized as one of the representative and substantial citizens of this county, and the Creekmore family are highly respected citizens of the community.

Crittenden D. Prior, a pioneer farmer and stockman of Lincoln Township, and owner of 120 acres of well improved land, is a native of Daviess County. He was born in Lincoln Township, Daviess County, Aug. 16, 1851, a son of Wesley Nelson and Rachael (Dewitt) Prior.

Wesley Nelson Prior was born Oct. 9, 1807, in Virginia. When a young man, he moved to Ohio, where he remained for several years, later moving to Missouri. Mr. Prior was one of the earliest settlers of Lincoln Township, Daviess County, and he became a leading farmer and stockman. He was a breeder of horses, cattle and hogs. During the Civil War, Mr. Prior enlisted in the state militia under Captain Broomfield and served

throughout the war, taking part in practically all the important battles. Both Mr. and Mrs. Prior are deceased and are buried in Pilot Grove Cemetery, formerly known as the Prior Cemetery. Mr. Prior served as postmaster of Lincoln Township for 17 years and was also a director of schools. He was very much interested in education, and was the organizer of the Prior School. Mr. Prior was a member of the Masonic Lodge, Gallatin, and was a Republican. Mr. and Mrs. Prior were the parents of four children, as follows: Mary Jane, the wife of S. McNeill, both deceased; Arvilla Pierce, the wife of Louis Kitchen, both deceased; Crittenden D., the subject of this sketch; and Thurston G., married Adda Ward, both deceased.

Crittenden D. Prior was reared in Daviess County, and received his education in the district schools. He began life farming on the place he now owns in Lincoln Township, Daviess County. Mr. Prior does general farming and raises stock, in both of which pursuits he has achieved success.

Mr. Prior was married on Jan. 25, 1874, to Helen Christina Jefferson, born in Huron County, Ohio, the daughter of William and Emma (Wood) Jefferson, the former a native of Vermont and the latter born in Boston, Mass. To Crittenden D. and Helen C. (Jefferson) Prior 12 children were born, as follows: Laura Maud, deceased; Della, the wife of Clem Mann, farmer, Jamesport Township; Hattie, the widow of William Gay, St. Joseph; Wesley G., deceased; Charles C., farmer, Daviess County; Frankie, the wife of Walter Lockridge, farmer, Jamesport Township; Frederick H., farmer, St. Joseph; William Arthur, deceased; Stella Pearl, deceased; Mark Edwin, deceased; Paul D., farmer, residing with his father. Paul D. Prior served during the World War, having been drafted from Gallatin. He was sent to Fort Riley, Kan., and went to France with Ambulance Company No. 21. Mr. Prior served 18 months on the firing line in France, and took part in many important battles. After the signing of the armistice, he was sent to Germany with the army of occupation for eight months. He was married March 5, 1920, to Vivian Lois Davidson, and to this union one child has been born, Peggy Eugene.

Crittenden D. Prior has served as justice of the peace for several years. He is a staunch Republican and is a member of the Christian Church. His wife died June 25, 1920, and is buried in the Prior Cemetery. Mr. Prior is an enterprising citizen and the Prior family is highly respected in Daviess County.

James C. Trimm, born Feb. 14, 1858, on a farm one mile east of his present residence, has spent all of his life in Miller Township, Gentry Township. His memories follow the period of the development of the

county since the early days. His parents were Lafayette and Lurana (Giles) Trimm, both members of pioneer families in Missouri.

Lafayette Trimm was born in Tennessee in 1827 and came to Missouri in 1849. He located in Bates County where he remained for one year when he came to Gentry County and bought the farm now owned by James C. Trimm from Red Whitton. Lafayette Trimm became a well known farmer in the community and continued to operate his land until his death in 1902. His remains are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. Lurana (Giles) Trimm was born in McMinn County, Tenn., Feb. 3, 1834, the daughter of John C. and Mary (Lovell) Giles who came to Missouri in 1849 and settled in Miller Township, Gentry County. John C. Giles and his wife both died on the Giles farm and their remains are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. Mrs. Trimm has made her home with her children since the death of her husband. To the union of Lafayette and Lurana (Giles) Trimm the following children were born: John, died on the home place at the age of 13 years; Sarah M., the widow of Warren Fore of Albany; Martha E., the wife of W. F. Dalby, an attorney at Albany; James C., the subject of this sketch; Mary C., deceased, was married to W. F. Dalby; Susan R., now Mrs. H. F. Owen of California; and Nancy C., the wife of E. C. Bleish of McFall.

James C. Trimm attended the district school at Lone Rock where his first teacher was Alexander Cronwhite who taught in an adjoining district, the Arnold. The school house was the typical primitive building made of logs, with rough hewn benches. Mr. Trimm's recollections of those early days in the rural schools are very interesting. He says that the first teacher at the Lone Rock District was J. L. McCullough, or Buck McCullough as he was familiarly known. He taught three or more terms of school, practicing law at the same time. Mr. McCullough later filled the office or representative for Gentry County, and served as the prosecuting attorney of the county for two terms.

Mr. Trimm received a practical education in farming on his fathers' farm, and since he has been operating land of his own, has proved the value of that early training. Since his marriage he has lived on a farm of 280 acres which he owns, located 5½ miles northwest of McFall. Mr. Trimm has improved the land and has established a reputation for his successful management. He raises Shorthorn cattle, Poland China hogs, and Black Plymouth Rock chickens.

James C. Trimm has been twice married; the first time Nov. 13, 1884, to Susan M. Culp, a daughter of J. B. and Luvina (Cates) Culp, who settled in Bates County in the early days later moving to Gentry County where they located in 1848. Mr. Culp died at Albany and Mrs. Culp died at War-

rensbrug. The remains of both are buried in Davidson Cemetery. Mrs. Trimm died Nov. 10, 1900 leaving four children: Inez, deceased; Ross, deceased; Luvina, married to Gilbert Whitton; and Raymond L., now living on the home place. Mr. Trimm married the second time, Dec. 18, 1902, to Lena A. Winstead, born in Clinton County, Oct. 27, 1875. Mrs. Trimm's father, George Winstead, was born in North Carolina and came to Missouri in his boyhood. He died in Gentry County, Nov. 8, 1906, and his remains are buried in Mt. Zion Cemetery. His widow, Mary (Parrot) Winstead, was born in Clay County and is now seventy years of age. Since the death of her husband, she makes her home with her children.

Mr. Trimm is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America and is a Democrat in his politics. He is a reliable and highly esteemed man in the county.

Robert M. McCammon. The McCammon family descends from Scotch Covenanters, who settled in North Ireland prior to 1642. They were also among the early Colonists of middle North Carolinas, and among the very earliest settlers from North Carolina to Tennessee there was a McCammon household. John McCammon, grandfather of Robert M., was born near where Knoxville now stands in 1758, only four years after the Earliest white settlement. Naturally he was among the first white children born in Tennessee. He married Elizabeth Upton and lived to the age of 80. Their youngest son William McCammon was born Sept. 10, 1809 in Knox County, Tenn. He married Eliza E. Pickel and Robert M. was their fifth child. At the time of Robert's birth, his father and his father's brother were both county officials. And his father at the time of his death in 1851 was county trustee.

Robert McMillen McCammon, the subject of this sketch, was born near Knoxville, Knox County, Tennessee on Nov. 21, 1842. He was the son of William McCammon and Eliza E. (Pickel) McCammon, both natives of Tennessee. His father, William McCammon, a county official at the time, died in 1851, when Robert was but a small boy. The same autumn his mother and family removed to Monroe County, Tenn., and in 1856 they emigrated to Missouri locating in Gentry County.

Robert McCammon a farmer boy in pioneer times, but at the age of 17 began teaching school, which he continued for two years, one of the old contracts stipulates that his salary was due at the end of the term—payable in corn at 20c a bushel delivered at his mother's home. From 1861 to 1863 he enjoyed western life, roughing it in Western Iowa, in Nebraska, and Colorado, and in Northern Kansas. Next at St. Joseph, Mo., he spent a year with the wholesale house of Tootle, Fairleigh and Company, and a

year with Lemon, Hosea and Co. After further experiments in varied activities, in 1868 he set up for himself in the mercantile business at Gentryville, Gentry County. Two years later he became a farmer in the same vicinity.

In 1872 at the age of 30 he was elected first collector of Gentry County, after that office was separated from the sheriff's office. He was re-elected in 1874, completing the four years with increasing popularity. From 1876 till 1880 Mr. McCammon was busy in various trading enterprises. During this period, Albany, the County seat, decided it was big enough to have a mayor, and R. M. McCammon was first to fill this office in 1878 and 1879. In 1880 he became a member of the dry goods firm of Peery and McCammon. Not long after he became assistant cashier in the Gentry County Bank.

In many ways Mr. McCammon was allied to the best interests of the County and its permanent progress. In 1902 he was elected Mayor of the City of Albany, and re-elected in 1904. During these four years the public square was paved with brick. After 19 years this work is a credit alike to the city administration, and to the contractors who laid the pavement. Also it was during Mr. McCammon's Mayoralty that the conditions were adjusted which secured the Carnegie Public Library. Thus adding another splendid building to the permanent monuments of Albany's progress and prosperity. At no other time did Mr. McCammon's integrity, patience and diplomacy serve the city better. From 1884 till 1888 he was deputy County Clerk, a little later he was deputy Circuit Clerk for two years. From 1888 to 1890 he was in the abstract business with Wallace Hubbard. Aside from the periods indicated he spent the time up to Jan. 1905, either as Assistant or as Cashier in the Gentry County Bank. He also filled many minor positions. He was Police Judge for the City of Albany for 25 years. He literally fell in the harness, being Public Administrator and Justice at the time of his passing. At the beginning of his last illness he remarked, "I have had a desk in Albany for over 46 years." The last months of his life were principally occupied in preparing a history of Gentry County, assisted by his eldest daughter, Mrs. Mary McCammon Hillman. After several weeks of severe suffering, the end came peacefully. He passed to his reward Jan. 29, 1922.

On Oct. 29, 1868, he married Miss Sarah J. Fitzgerald, with whom he had spent more than 58 years of wedded life. Seven children were born to them, two of whom, Martha Lou and Bathsheba G., are dead. The others are Mrs. Mary Hillman, of Albany; David F., of King City; Mrs.

Anna Skiles, of near Sussex, Wyo.; Robert M., of St. Joseph; and Mrs. Narcissa Holden, of Colorado Springs, Colo.

Mr. McCammon had been a manysided citizen of the town, especially during his more active and more prosperous days. No movement for the betterment of the conditions of the community was ever launched that he did not support with his time, energy and means. In the erection and advancement of the various churches, the public schools and colleges, promotion of the various civic, religious and social enterprises, he was always ready to help. Especially was this true of the work and life of the Presbyterian church herewith which he had been associated for so many years. His faith in the ultimate growth and of the mission of the church of his choice here has always been unbounded and during the dark days of the struggling congregation he more than anyone else, was responsible in holding the organization intact, realizing that brighter days would come, and he gave unstintedly of his means to further the cause. The beautiful new building now near completion is in a certain sense the result of his abiding faith in the ultimate outcome during the days others were less hopeful than he. For many years he had been a Mason, having been a member of the Blue Lodge, the Royal Arch chapter, the Knights Templar and the Eastern Star. He had been a ruling elder in the Presbyterian church for many years, a teacher in the Sunday School and a zealous and consistent Christian.

Harley J. Harrah, the efficient county clerk of Daviess County, and treasurer of the Gallatin Trust Company, is a native son of Daviess County and descendant of Missouri pioneer stock. Mr. Harrah was born in Washington Township, June 7, 1888, a son of Harford F., and Dinah (Robb) Harrah, both natives of Daviess County. Harford F. Harrah was born near Jameson, Jan. 20, 1857. He was a son of Robert and Nations Harrah who were very early pioneer settlers in Daviess County. Harford F. Harrah was engaged in farming and stock raising all his life; he died May 23, 1908. He was an active member of the Church of Christ. His widow now lives at Alta Vista, Kan. They were the parents of the following children: Emma, married B. F. Cox, and they live in Washington Township, Daviess County; Jessie, married W. S. Hays and they also live in Washington Township; and Harley J., the subject of this sketch.

Harley J. Harrah was reared on a farm in Daviess County and attended the district school, and later the Gilman City High School, where he graduated in the class of 1907. He then took a course in the Normal School at Carney, Nebr. In 1910, he taught school in western Nebraska. In 1911 he returned to Daviess County and taught in this County seven terms.

Mr. Harrah is a Republican and has always taken an active interest in politics. In 1916 he was a candidate for county surveyor, but was defeated by 23 votes. In 1918 he was nominated for county clerk of Daviess County, and elected by a substantial majority, and assumed the duties of that office in January, 1919, and is now serving in that capacity. While teaching in his home township he was elected a member of the board of that township. He is now the owner of 188 acres of land in Washington Township. On Sept. 1, 1920, Mr. Harrah became identified with the Gallatin Trust Company and since that time has served as treasurer of that institution.

On Feb. 26, 1908, Harley J. Harrah was married to Miss Ethel Brown, a native of Washington Township, Daviess County and a daughter of James and Anna (Reed) Brown who now reside near Jamesport. To Mr. and Mrs. Harrah have been born three children as follows: Webster, Jessie N., and Virginia.

Mr. Harrah is a member of the Church of Christ and one of the progressive and enterprising men of Daviess County.

The Gallatin Trust Company of Gallatin, Mo. was organized June 16, 1917, with a capital stock of \$50,000. The institution was the outgrowth of the desire on the part of Dr. Wooden and several other citizens for a well established company of this kind in the community.

The bank building was erected on the southeast corner of the square at a cost of \$20,000, including all the fixtures. The company is composed of business men and farmers of Daviess County and the institution holds membership in the American Banking Association and the Missouri Bankers Association.

This company does a general banking business and its activities also extend to the legitimate field usually covered by a modern trust company, such as the administration of estates and the handling of insurance, farm loans and kindred transactions. The defined policy of the company is to lend money to farmers, to enable them to raise more grain, more stock and more of everything.

The present officers of the Gallatin Trust Company are Dr. G. M. Wooden, President; C. L. Craner, Vice-President; J. M. McGruder, Secretary; and Harley J. Harrah, Treasurer.

Herbert C. Grantham, a progressive and enterprising business man of Pattonsburg, has been identified with the business interest of Daviess County practically all his life.

Mr. Grantham is engaged in the automobile business and has the agency of the Reo and Elgin cars and does a very satisfactory business in that line. He also conducts the leading restaurant of Pattonsburg.

Mr. Grantham is recognized as one of the dependable citizens of Daviess County and is a successful business man.

Lewis M. Bowman, editor of the Tri-County News at King City is one of the enterprising newspaper men of northwest Missouri. He is the son of W. L. and Margaret A. (Nelson) Bowman and was the only child born to them.

Lewis M. Bowman was educated in the public schools and after completing high school he entered the University of Missouri at Columbia where he took the course in journalism. He began his newspaper career in Columbia, Mo., and later identified with the St. Joseph Gazette for 18 months. He then came to King City where he is now publishing and editing the Tri-County News. This is an up-to-date country newspaper and is capably edited by Mr. Bowman.

During the world war Mr. Bowman enlisted and was sent to the Officer's Training School at Camp Pike, Ark., where he was when the armistice was signed and was shortly afterwards discharged.

Mr. Bowman is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, The Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and belongs to the Presbyterian Church. He is a Democrat.

Allen F. Wade, editor of the Jameson Gem is one of the well known newspaper men of northwest Missouri. He was born Nov. 9, 1866, a son of John T. and Elizabeth Jane (Coughey) Wade. They are the parents of the following children. Allen F., the subject of this sketch; Armilda E., now Mrs. Charles McCandless, living in Idaho; Hiram S., is married and lives in Oklahoma; Nora Ellen, deceased; Cynthia A., married John Geddes, Kansas City, Kan.; Hester M. deceased; George C., resides at Coffey; Milo B., Salem Township; Elmer E., Sheridan, Iowa; Elvira Jane, married James McKeeman near Sheridan, Iowa; and Bessie E., married Lee Reed, Kansas City, Mo.

John T. Wade was born in Beaver County, Pa., Sept. 10, 1840, and when he was nine years old removed to Ohio with his parents and settled in Jackson County, where he grew to manhood and followed farming in early life. He enlisted in the Union Army during the Civil War, becoming a member of Company H, 1st Ohio, Heavy Artillery and about a year later was transferred to Company H 117th Ohio Volunteer Infantry. He served three years in the army and was a corporal. In 1866 he came to Daviess County and settled in Salem Township and now resides on the same place. John T. Wade is a son of James and Elimy (Kerr) Wade natives of Pennsylvania. James Wade was born Nov. 9, 1814 and died in Harrison County, Mo., 1868. His wife died in Pennsylvania in 1849.

Allen F. Wade was reared on the home farm in Salem Township and received his education in the public schools. He was engaged in farming until 1893 when he entered the grocery business at Pattonsburg. Shortly afterwards learned the printers trade in Pattonsburg and in 1897 bought an interest in the Pattonsburg Star Press. On May 25, 1899 he established the Coffeyburg Sun which he published until 1901. He then went to Kansas City where he was engaged in commercial printing until 1905 when he was appointed deputy city assessor and also served as clerk in the treasurer's office in Kansas City until 1908. He was then interested in truck farming until 1911 when he came to Jameson and since Sept. 25, 1913 he has published the Jameson Gem, one of the lively newspapers of Daviess County.

Mr. Wade was married Feb. 28, 1901, to Miss Minnie N. Boler, a daughter of Benjamin F. Boler. To Mr. and Mrs. Wade have been born the following children: Verna Elizabeth a student in the University of Missouri; Ethel Elenore, a graduate of the Jameson Consolidated High School; Pearl Olive and Frederick Allen both students in the Jameson school.

Mr. Wade is a Republican and has served as mayor of Jameson. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

L. T. Moulten, who has been the owner of the King City Chronicle since 1891, is one of the prominent educators of northwestern Missouri as well as a newspaper man, and is at present principal of the public schools at Maryville. He was born in Hilldale County, Mich., Aug. 23, 1850 and is the eldest of six children born to W. A. and Margaret (Clark) Moulten. W. A. Moulten was born in Canada in 1816, the son of Proctor Moulten, who is a citizen of the United States. W. A. Moulten removed to Ohio in early life and was there engaged in farming. Later he went to Michigan and in 1853 removed to Iowa and in 1865 came to Missouri, locating in Nodaway County and three years later to Gentry County and in 1869 he went to Caldwell County. He died Feb. 7, 1879 while on a business trip to DeKalb County. His wife was born in Westmorland County, Pa., Jan. 12, 1825 and now lives in Cameron, Mo.

L. T. Moulten received his education in the public schools and at the college where Kidder Institute is now located. He also attended the Iowa State College. After teaching for four years he engaged in a mercantile business at Stewartsville, Mo., and three years later in 1885 he removed to Maryville and has been identified with the schools since that time.

Mr. Moulten is a Republican and has always taken a prominent part in politics. He has served two terms in the State Legislature and has been

one of the Republican Presidential electors of Missouri. He served as State Statistical Agent for the Government Agricultural Department from Missouri from 1903 to 1913. He was the candidate for Congress from the Third Missouri District in 1916. In 1891, Mr. Moulten became the owner of the King City Chronicle and in 1916 Tracy D. Stallman became his partner in that publication.

Tracy D. Stallman was born in Fulton, Callaway County, Mo., and received his education in the public schools, including a high school course, Westminster College at Fulton and then took a course in Journalism. In 1916, he became associated with Mr. Moulten in publishing the King City Chronicle to which he has devoted himself to the present time.

Tracy D. Stallman was married to Miss Strossie Marten and one child has been born to them. Mr. Stallman is a Republican, a member of the Masonic Lodge and belongs to the Methodist Episcopal Church.

R. L. Cornett, a successful farmer and stockman of Marion Township, Daviess County, was born Feb. 10, 1879, in Virginia, the son of W. C. A. and Caroline (Smoot) Cornett, natives of Virginia.

To W. C. A. and Caroline (Smoot) Cornett the following children were born: Grey, married Kate Vaughn, Detroit Mich.; Alice, deceased; R. L., the subject of this sketch; Fleming Alexander, deceased, was the husband of Phoebe Ketchum; Effie, the wife of Joseph Collins, living in Illinois; Cora, the wife of Doc Ketchum, Marion Township, Daviess County, Mo.; Joseph, deceased; Josie, the wife of Fred Beech, Meadow Grove, Nebr.; Floyd E., married May Cornett, Meadow Grove, Nebr.; Cana, the wife of G. C. Bruce, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Ann, Meadow Grove, Nebr. W. C. A. Cornett is now living in Battle Creek, Nebr. His wife died in 1901 and is buried in Virginia.

R. L. Cornett was reared in Virginia and attended the district schools there. In 1900 he left Virginia and came to Daviess County, Mo., where he remained for one year, later going to Washington and Oregon. He returned to Missouri in 1904, and settled in Marion Township, Daviess County, where he remained until 1907, when he moved to his present location of 80 acres, near Pattonsburg, Mo. Mr. Cornett carries on general farming and stock raising and has been very successful. His farm is modern throughout.

Mr. Cornett was married to Essie Ketchum, a daughter of David and Irene (Thurston) Ketchum. Mr. and Mrs. Ketchum were natives of Illinois and came to Daviess County, Mo., in 1871, locating in Marion Township, just across the road from Mr. Cornett's farm. Mr. Ketchum died in 1916, and is buried in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Cemetery at Pattonsburg, Mo.

To R. L. and Essie (Ketchum) Cornett four children have been born, as follows: Vivian; Guy; Mamie; and Mina, all attending school.

In politics, Mr. Cornett is a Republican. He is a member of the Methodist Church of Civil Bend, Mo. Mr. Cornett is enterprising and energetic, a man whose integrity and ideals of citizenship have given him the esteem of his fellow citizens.

Clarence Riley Fields, a practical farmer and stockman of Marion Township, Daviess County, and owner of 310 acres of well improved land, was born June 14, 1888, just across the road from his present home. He is the son of Riley and Mary Jane (Groomer) Fields.

Riley Fields was married for the first time to Mary (Burton) Fields, and to this union two children were born: Ellen, married to Christy Barker, Oklahoma; and Dave, married Mary Reynolds, Idaho. Mr. Fields then was married to Mary Jane (Groomer) Fields, and to this union 11 children were born, as follows: Jessie, died in infancy; Edith; Ida, deceased, was the wife of Albert Henry, and was killed in a runaway at Altamont, Mo., in 1912; Ebenizer, married to Laura King, living in Idaho; John William, living on the home place; Elmer, died Oct. 10, 1921, in Seattle, Wash.; Grace, married first to D. Bess, now deceased. She is now married to J. Wimmer; Clarence Riley, the subject of this sketch; Clara, the wife of Edgar Shaw, Marion Township, Daviess County, Mo.; Everett, married Alta Dickson, Gilman, Mo.

Clarence Riley Fields was reared on a farm and received his education in the district schools of Daviess County. In 1913 he began farming with his father, who died soon after, at the age of 73 years. His mother died in September, 1921. Mr. Field's grandfather, on his father's side, obtained the farm from the government in 1846, and Mr. Fields still has in his possession the deed, signed by President Polk, at that time president of the United States. Mr. Fields purchased the land from the heirs of the property, and since that time has made extensive improvements. In 1919 he built a modern bungalow just across the road from the home place. He obtains spring water from a pump which he had installed. Mr. Fields carries on farming and stock raising and is a well known breeder of Poland China hogs. He has a 30 acre apple orchard on his farm of 310 acres.

In 1919, Mr. Fields was married to Ruth Ellis, a daughter of A. L. and Sarah Elizabeth (Egbert) Ellis, natives of Daviess County. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis were the parents of 11 children, as follows: Arch, married Florence Ray; Ethel, the widow of Ralph Bechil; Mrs. Fields; Bolene, married O. Francisco; Paul, living at home; Cleo, at home; Ralph, at home; George, at home; Walter, died in infancy; Leslie, died in infancy; and Hazel, died in infancy.

To Clarence Riley Fields and Ruth (Ellis) Fields one child has been born, Marian Lois.

In politics Mr. Fields is a Democrat. He is a reliable citizen, industrious and enterprising. He is a citizen of whom the community is justly proud.

