

Knight's Landing News.

VOL. VII.

KNIGHT'S LANDING, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, JAN. 24, 1863.

NO. 13.

THE Knight's Landing News.

S. W. RAVELEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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District Court—3rd Monday in March; 2nd Monday in August; 3rd Monday in December.
County Court—1st Monday in January. 3d Monday in May; 1st Monday in September.
Court of Sessions—1st Monday in April; 1st Monday in July; 1st Monday in December.
Probate Court—2nd Monday in January; 2d Monday in March; 4th Monday in May; 2nd Monday in July; 2nd Monday in September, and 4th in November.
Board of Supervisors—1st Monday in February; 1st Monday in May; 1st Monday in August, and 1st Monday in November.

Official County Directory.

District Judge.....J. H. McKune
County Judge.....L. R. Hobbs
District Attorney.....H. P. Hamblin
Senator.....O. B. Powers
Assemblyman.....E. Patton
Sheriff.....C. H. Gray
Clerk.....E. Giddings
Treasurer.....C. W. Reed
Assessor.....G. J. Overshinner
Surveyor.....A. Mathews
Coroner.....S. F. Rodolph
Public Administrator.....W. S. Emery
Superintendent Public Instruction.....H. Gaddis
Supervisors.....A. Morris; G. E. Sill; G. W. Bell

Justices of the Peace.

Washington—J. W. Willard; John Hoagland.
Cache Creek—C. S. Frost; S. D. Moore.
Grafton—E. Rinehammer; A. T. Robinson.
Putah—James O'Neal; G. W. Pierce.
Buckeye—R. A. Daniel; S. P. Herriman.
Cottonwood—John S. Tutt; D. Hubbard.
Merritt—Samuel Smith.
Fremont—John Flannery; H. B. Wood.

Constables.

Washington—W. Morrison; J. Griffin.
Cache Creek—S. McDonald; R. M. Campbell.
Grafton—J. McGlinchok; T. Rice.
Putah—A. T. Martin; E. L. Brown.
Buckeye—F. Ott; A. J. Foard.
Fremont—J. Dawson.
Cottonwood—John A. Price; Joel Woods.

Road Masters.

Cache Creek—F. S. Freeman.
Grafton—W. J. Clarke.
Putah—George Swingle.
Buckeye—Benj. Ely.
Cottonwood—J. Lang.
Merritt—Daniel DeGross.
Fremont—James McDonald.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. LAFAYETTE PICKETT,
Physician and Surgeon.
Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal.

I. W. JACOBS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT
LAW.
Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal.
aug23-tf

JOHN B. HARMON, HENRY H. HARTLEY.
HARMON & HARTLEY,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
OFFICES—MUNSON'S BUILDING,
39 J street, Sacramento.

Will practice in the Supreme Court, and District Courts of Sacramento, Yolo, Solano, Sutter and Colusa. 115-tf

HUMPHREY GRIFFITH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Nos. 5 and 6 Read's Block,
Sacramento, Cal.
dec-31f

New Corner Cigar Store!
M. GREENHOOD & CO.,
Importer and Dealer in
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
jan5-tf Cor. 3rd and J st., Sacramento.

Maps! Maps!! Maps!!!
JUST Received at Raveley's Book Store, opposite the Steamboat Landing, a fine assortment of
MAPS FOR 1862.

The Second Abdication.

Silent and woe-stricken, Napoleon retired from the field of Waterloo. At one o'clock in the morning he arrived at Quatre Bras. It was a lovely Summer's night, with a brilliant moon and an unclouded sky. In the early dawn he arrived at Quatre Bras. After a few moments of rest on the sofa, he again mounted his horse, accompanied by a small retinue, pressed on to Laon, where he arrived at four o'clock in the afternoon. Here he wrote his celebrated bulletin of the disaster, to be sent to Paris, and handing it to Gen. Drouot, said:

"Here is the bulletin of Waterloo. I wish you to hear it read. If I have omitted any essential circumstances you will remind me of them. It is not my intention to conceal anything. Now, as after the affair at Moscow, the whole truth must be disclosed to France. I might have thrown on Marshal Nye the blame of part of the misfortune at Waterloo. But the mischief is done. No more must be said."

After an hour of troubled sleep he took a carriage, and, driving all day, just after midnight arrived at Paris, and went to the palace of the Elysee. Throwing himself upon a sofa, he pressed his hand upon his heart, saying:

"I am suffering here. The army has performed prodigies of valor. It is grievous to think that we should have been overcome after so many heroic efforts. My most brilliant victories do not shed more glory on the French army than the defeat at Waterloo. Our troops have not been beaten; they have been sacrificed, massacred by overwhelming numbers.—My guard suffered themselves to be cut to pieces without asking for quarter. But they exclaimed to me, 'Withdraw, withdraw; you see that death is resolved to spare your majesty.' And opening their ranks, my old grenadier screened me from the carnage, by forming around me a rampart of their own bodies. My brave, my admirable guard has been destroyed, and I have not perished with them."

He retired to his chamber, and soon called for Caulaincourt. His pallid cheek and sunken eye proclaimed the anguish of his mind. In tones of exhaustion he said, "I feel that I have received my death wound. The blow that has fallen upon me at Waterloo is mortal. The enemies' force quadrupled ours. But I had combined a bold maneuver, with the view of preventing the junction of the two hostile armies. The infamous desertion of Bourmont forced me to change all my arrangements. To pass over to the enemy on the eve of battle! Atrocious! The blood of his countrymen be on his head! The maledictions of France will pursue him. Oh, this baseness is incredible. The annals of the French army offer no precedent for such a crime. The consequences of this defection have been most disastrous. It created despondency. Grouchy was too late. Ney was carried away by enthusiasm. Our army performed prodigies of valor; and yet we lost the battle. Generals, marshals, all fought gloriously."

Lucian and Joseph, informed of the return of their brother, hastened to the Elysee. Soon the apartments were filled with all the great functionaries of the empire. Some advised one thing and some another. At seven in the morning Napoleon assembled the Council of State. The bulletin of Waterloo was then read, and Napoleon thus addressed them:

"The army is covered with glory. Desertions, misunderstandings and an inexplicable fatality have rendered unavailing the heroic exertions of our troops. Our disasters are great, but they are still repairable if my efforts are seconded. I returned to Paris to stimulate a noble impulse. If the French people rise, the enemy will be subdued. If, instead of resorting to prompt measures and making extraordinary sacrifices, time is wasted in disputes and discussions, all is lost. The enemy is in France. In eight days he will be at the gates of the capital. To save the country, it is necessary that I should be invested with vast power, with a temporary dictatorship. For the interests of all I ought to possess this power, but it will be more proper that it be conferred upon me by the chambers."

Carnot, with deep emotion, said, "I declare that I consider it indispensable that, during the present crisis, the sovereign should be invested with absolute power."

Many others advocated this view. Fouché, then the agent of the Duke of Wellington, suggested that the Chamber of Deputies would not consent to the dictatorship.

Napoleon inquired, "What is it they wish? Speak candidly. Is it my abdication they desire?"

"I fear it is so, sire," Ragnault answered, sadly. "And though it is deeply repugnant to my feelings to tell your majesty a painful truth, yet it is my belief that, were you not to abdicate voluntarily, the Chamber of Deputies would require your abdication."

Others responded, "If the deputies will not unite with the Emperor to save France, he must save the empire by his single efforts. He must declare himself a dictator."

"The nation," said the Emperor, "did not elect the Deputies to overthrow me, but to support me. Woe to them if the presence on the French soil do not arouse their energy and their patriotism! Whatever course they may adopt, I shall be supported by the people and the army. The fate of the Chamber—its very existence—depends on my will. Were I to pronounce their doom, they would all be sacrificed. They are playing an artful game. No matter; I have no need to resort to stratagem. I have right on my side. The patriotism of the people, their antipathy to the Bourbons, their attachment to my person, all these circumstances still afford immense resources, if we know how to profit by them."

The Chambers were now in session. The majority of them thought that if Napoleon would abdicate, the allies would sheathe the sword. Resolutions suggesting were passed. La Fayette introduced them. He afterwards regretted it bitterly, stating that the restoration of the empire under the heir of Napoleon was the only hope for France. John Adams was equally clear upon this point. He says: "La Fayette was wrong. The Emperor was the true rallying point. The Deputies and the country should have stuck to him after the defeat of Waterloo."

As Napoleon read these resolutions, he said:

"I ought to have dismissed the men before I left Paris. I foresaw this. These factious firebrands will ruin France. I can measure the full extent of the evil. I must reflect on what is to be done. If necessary I will abdicate."

He then dismissed the council. All Paris was in terrible tumult. A countless throng of the populace surged around the Elysee, shouting Vive l'Empereur. Lucien said to the Emperor:

"Look at these people. They see in you alone hope for themselves and their country. Listen to their cries. They call to you for arms. They supplicate you to lead them. It is the same throughout France. Will you abandon France to the foreigner and the throne to the factions?"

Napoleon paced the floor in anguish of perplexity. "Am I," said he, "more than man to bring into agreement with me five hundred deputies. Am I a miserable factiousist to kindle a fruitless civil war? No, never! Persuade the chambers to adopt a wise course. I ask for nothing better. With them I can do everything. Without them I could do much for my own interest, but without them I cannot save the country. Go and convince them. But I forbid you to harangue this people who are asking for arms. I am ready to try anything for France, nothing for myself."

"His position," says Caulaincourt, "is unexampled in history. He had but to say the word, and the crowds who surrounded him would have annihilated the traitors."

Again the demand came from the chambers that he should abdicate. "All is lost!" said Napoleon. "The Allies will not treat. They will dictate terms and they must be accepted!"

No writer was ever more venomous against Napoleon than Lamartine. "History," says he, "owes this justice to Napoleon, that he constantly, both on his return and on his fall, refused to form an army of the populace against the nation. He preferred falling with dignity rather than to raise himself by such auxiliaries. Caesar always, but never Gracchus; born for empire, but not for the turbulence of factions."

Thus passed the day. The perplexity of Napoleon and his friends was inexpressible. Many of the most prominent men, with intensity amounting to anguish, urged him to seize dictatorial power. The deputies, after a stormy debate, sent the following words to the Emperor:

"The war in which France is again involved, affects the nation much less than the Emperor. The Allies have proclaimed peace to France and against Napoleon alone. Peace can consequently be immediately secured for France, if the Emperor will once more sacrifice himself to save his country."

The Emperor replied to his friends, saying:

"I can do nothing alone. The nation is informed that I am the only obstacle to peace. The time is too short to enable me to enlighten its judgment. I am required to sacrifice myself. I am willing to do so. I did not come to France for the purpose of kindling domestic feuds."

Then pacing the floor, he dictated to Lucien his abdication. "I offer myself," he said, "in sacrifice, to the hatred of the enemies of France. May they prove sincere in their declarations, and hate only my person! My political life is ended!"

—Abbott.

No more room in this column.

FLOATING BATTERIES.—Many persons suppose that the naval floating batteries with which we have now become so familiar are of recent origin, and are peculiarly American in their invention; this is an error, and one which we here propose to correct, the proof of which can be ascertained by any history relating to the Siege of Gibraltar, in 1783, when a French engineer named D. Arcon, planned ten floating batteries, which resisted the heaviest shells and 32-pound shot, and only yielded to red-hot shot on the 13th of September, 1783. The armament fitted out was commanded by the Duke of Crillon, with 13,000 of the best troops, 1,000 pieces of artillery, 47 sails of line, all three-deckers, ten great floating batteries, considered invincible, carrying 212 guns, innumerable frigates, zebeques, bomb-ketches, cutters and gun and mortar boats. For weeks together 6,000 shells were daily thrown into the town, and on one occasion 8,000 barrels of gunpowder were expended by the enemy, yet in one night their floating batteries were destroyed with red-hot balls heated in a Dutch oven, in the garrison, under Gen. Elliott. The enemy's loss in munitions of war in this one night alone was upward of ten millions of dollars. The foregoing will not only substantiate the truth of the assertion that the credit of iron clad or floating batteries are not of American origin, but will also convey to the mind of some of our readers the immense scale upon which naval battles have been fought heretofore in order to get possession of land batteries or fortifications.

WOMAN.—Woman, woman! truly thou art a miracle. Place her among flowers, foster her as a tender plant, and she is a thing of fancy, waywardness, and sometimes folly—annoyed by a dewdrop, fretted by the touch of a butterfly's wings, and ready to faint at the rustle of a beetle; the zephyrs are too rough, the showers too heavy, and she is overpowered by the perfume of a rosebud. But let real calamity come—rouse her affections—enkindle the fires of her heart—and mark her then; how her heart strengthens itself—how strong is her purpose! Place her in the heat of battle—give her a child, a bird, anything she loves or pities to protect—and see her, as in a relative instance, raising her white arms as a shield, as her own blood crimson her upturned forehead, praying for life to protect the helpless. Transplant her in the dark places of the earth—awaken her energies to action, and her breath becomes a healing—her presence a blessing. She disputes inch by inch the stride of the stalking pestilence, when men, the strong and brave, shrink away pale and affrighted. Misfortune daunts her not; she wears away a life of silent endurance, and goes forward with less timidity than to her bridal. In prosperity she is a bud full of imprisoned odors, waiting but for the winds of adversity to scatter them abroad—pure gold, valuable, but untried in the furnace. In short, woman is a miracle, a mystery, the center from which radiates the great charm of existence.—Mrs. Stephens.

AN EDITORIAL BRUTUS.—An editor out West thus talks to nonpaying subscribers and patrons: "Here us for our debts and get ready that you may pay; trust us, we are in need, and have regard to our need as you have been long trusted; acknowledge your indebtedness and dive into your pockets, that you may promptly fork over. If there be among you—one single patron—that don't owe us some—then he may step aside; consider himself a gentleman. If the rest wish to know why we dun them, this is our answer; we care not about ourselves, but our creditors do. Would you rather that we go to jail, and you go free, than you pay your debts to keep us moving. As we agreed, we have worked for you; as we contracted, we have furnished our paper to you, but as you don't pay we dun you. Here are agreements for job work, contracts for subscriptions, promises for long credits, and duns for deferred payment. Who is there so green that he don't take a paper? If any, he need not speak, for we don't mean him. Who is there so devoid of business talent that he don't advertise? If any, let him slide, he ain't the chap either. Who is there so mean that he don't pay the printer? If any, let him shout, for he's the man we're after. His name is legion, and he's owing us for one, two, three, four, five, six years, long enough to make us poor and him rich at our expense."

A SORE FOOTED PEDESTRIAN, travelling in Ireland, met a man and asking him rather roughly why the miles were so plagy long, the Hibernian replied—

"Ye see, yer honor, the roads are not in good condition, so we gave a very good measure."

THERE is chap in Boston who is so tender hearted that he burts into tears whenever he looks at his cast-off pantaloons. Anything that looks like suffering, makes him "bile over" in a minute.

WINTER BUTTER.—Says a lady writer: For the benefit of my lady friends, I will give my experience of twenty-five years in making nearly as good butter in Winter as in Summer. In the first place, we suppose the cows to have been fed on good feed. After the milk had been strained, put it on the stove to heat, either in the pans or in any way thought proper. Do not make it too hot, or the cream will not rise; it may then be placed in a clean cellar, free from vegetables or anything that will give it an unnatural taste, or in a cupboard with a canvas door, in a moderately warm room; if in the latter place, it should not be put in until the steam has passed off, otherwise the shelves will be liable to mould. The milk should not stand longer in Winter than in Summer, or the butter will be bitter. In thirty-six hours it should be skimmed if in a cool place, sooner if in a warm one. If the milk is thought to be too rich to give to the pigs, let it stand longer, and use the cream that rises on it for shortening or for some other way than butter. If the milk has been kept in a cool place take it to a warm place a few days before churning. If you wish the butter to look and taste like grass butter, grate some orange carrots, put some hot water or milk to the pulp, strain and add it to the cream, which should be a little above 60° before churning. A common sized teacupful will color six pounds of butter. After churning, draw off the butter-milk, put cold water in the churn, and churn a few minutes, and if managed right, you will never fail of having good butter. I rejoice that the prejudice of washing butter with cold water is slowly passing away. Heating the milk is an English method, I believe, and ought to be more generally practiced, then there would not be so much bad butter in the market.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE LADIES.—A lady and gentleman recently married in the neighborhood of Boston, went to New Hampshire on a bridal tour. In order to avoid the curiosity attracted by persons in the honeymoon, the gentleman gave his Irish servant a strict charge not to tell any one on the road that they were newly married, and threatened to dismiss him instantly if he did. Pat promised implicit obedience; but on leaving the first inn on the road next morning, the happy couple were much astonished and annoyed to find the servants all assembled, and pointing to the gentleman, mysteriously exclaiming—"That's him; that's the man." On reaching the next stage the indignant master told Pat he must immediately discharge him, as he had divulged what he had impressed on him as a secret.

"Plaze your honor, what is it you complain of?" said Pat.

"You rascal, you told the servants at the inn last night that we were a newly married couple," exclaimed the angry master.

"Och, thin, be this an' be that," says Pat, brightening up in anticipated triumph, "not a word of truth in it, yer honor; sure, I tould the whole kit av thim, sarvants and all, that ye wouldn't be married for a fortnight."

The lady fainted, but the husband pardoned Pat, and concluded that in future he had best tell the truth.

ARTEMUS WARD AS AN EDITOR.—In the ortum of 18— my friend the editor of the Baldinsville Bugle, was obliged to leave professional duties & go & dig taters, and he axed Me to edit for him doorn his absence. Accordingly I ground up his sheers, and commenced. It didn't take a grate while to slash out copy enuff from the exchanges for one issou, and thaw I'd take a ride up to the next town on a little jaunt, to rest my brains which had been severely rakt by mental efforts. (This is sorter ironical.) So I went over to the Rail Rode Offis and axed the Soperintendent for a pars.

"You a editer!" he axed, evidently on the pint of sdickerin.

"Yes, sir," sez I, "don't I look poor enuff?"

"Jest about," said he, "but our road cant pars you."

"Can't hay?"

"No, sir—it can't."

"Becauz," sez I, looking him full in the face with an Eagle eye, "it goes so darned slow it can't pars anybody!"

Methinks I had him-thar. Its the slowest Rale Rode in the west.

With a mortified air he told me to get out of his offis. I pitied him and went.

SOUTHERN INGENUITY.—The Augusta (Ga.) Standard of Nov. 19th, says:

John C. Cole, a refugee from Missouri, has invented a machine for making percussion caps which excels anything of the kind, either North or South. Its superiority consists in the manner in which the cap is cut from the copper and formed in a single operation. It is capable of making by hand 100 per minute and by steam 105,000 per day.

THE Stamp Act is suspended in California until 1st March.

THE Knight's Landing News.

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 24, 1863.

Matters Senatorial.

It seems that the caucus of the Administration party at the Capital, cannot agree upon a candidate for United States Senator. Our last accounts are from Wednesday night's caucus. At that time it seemed as far from a choice as at any other time since the first meeting.

Under such a state of things heretofore, we would very naturally expect the choice to devolve upon some new man; but has the party got a man whose name is a tower of strength, and around whom its devoted followers can rally?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—We would call the attention of our readers to the following new advertisements in to-day's issue:

A. P. McCarty, attorney at law, Woodland; Sprague & Burnett, attorneys at law, Woodland; C. W. Reed, dealer in fruit and ornamental trees, Sacramento; George W. Stewart, forwarding and commission merchant, 45 Front st., Sacramento; H. Schroder, candy manufacturer, 114 K st., Sacramento; Justin Gates & Bro's, wholesale and retail Druggists, 72 K st., and corner J and Sixth sts., Sacramento; Henry Treichler, Mechanics Exchange, J st., between Front and 2nd, Sacramento; A. Aitkin & Co., Marble Cutters, K st., between 5th and 6th sts., Sacramento; and G. L. Suydam & Co., dealers in fruits, seeds, trees, &c., 40 J st., between 2nd and 3rd, Sacramento.

WE HAVE just received the first number of the first volume of the California Wine and Wool Register, published at Sacramento, monthly, by J. Q. A. Warren. It is devoted to the growth of wool, the vine, tobacco and cotton. A periodical devoted to these specialties at this time should be encouraged.

By the politeness of Mr. Powers, our Senator, we are presented with the annual reports of the State Treasurer and State Controller, for the year 1862. They show a large deficit in the amount of the taxes that should have been collected, much larger than any preceding year.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—On Monday week next the Board of Supervisors will hold their regular meeting at Woodland.

"SOME PUMPKINS."—At a recent exhibition of squashes, pumpkins, and fancy gourds at the Agricultural office, in New York city, where the largest pumpkins ever displayed in any country are made a matter of record. Wm. D. Hall of Millingford, Connecticut, presented three specimens weighing respectively 208, 221 and 270 1/2 lbs. The same gentleman presented 42 pumpkins, the product of a single vine, weighing in the aggregate, 1,259 1/2 lbs. The largest specimen weighed 289 lbs. when first picked. The largest specimens exhibited in England, weighed 176 and 15 1/2 lbs.; so that the hated Yankee is some ways ahead in the pumpkin business, as well as in everything else! Mr. H. produced these specimens by using fish manure, and the ground was a worn-out pasture. The largest pumpkin stood three feet high, and was 8 feet 7 inches in circumference! This one was allowed to monopolize the whole vine—all the others were picked off in the blossom. On another vine he permitted three to grow, and they respectively weighed 193, 117, and 137 lbs. On one vine he allowed all to grow, and he got 42 pumpkins, weighing, when first gathered, 1,317 lbs. The vine with all its laterals measured 1,521 feet in length.

Road or no Road.

We venture the assertion that there is not another town in California, of the commercial importance of Knight's Landing, that has not a single road to or from it that cannot be closed up at any day by the parties occupying the land over which the road passes; yet this is too true of our town! Yolo county does not own a foot of road within four and a half miles of the town of Knight's Landing, notwithstanding the people of the town and the surrounding country who have to bring their produce here to sell or to ship, have, ever since they have resided in the county, regularly paid their road tax, which has of course gone into the Road Fund of the county, and yet we have no road.

There are a great many excuses offered among the people for such a state of things, but none that would be considered valid with an enterprising community. Some object to giving ground for a road because the proprietor of our town "fenced the little institution in" a couple of years ago, or rather, moved the road from where it formerly run on high ground, to low land, on which it now runs, and increasing the travel some half a mile or more. We will not venture any excuse on the gentleman's behalf for this illadvised act; but we cannot regard this as any reason why another party should claim damages for a road that would actually benefit him.

Several ineffectual attempts were made the past season to procure a road on a section line running due west to the foot hills—distant about ten miles—but failed. Finally success crowned the efforts of the petitioners, so far as to get an order from the Board of Supervisors appointing commissioners to review and survey the line of road, and report to the Board, which sits the first Monday in February. We understand the Commissioners have made the survey, but what the report will be—whether favorable or unfavorable—we of course know not, and what action the Board will take in either case, remains to be seen. We learn that damages for about one and a half miles of the road will be claimed. We doubt if a road could be projected on any other line, ten miles in extent, which would encounter less objections, than the one in contemplation; and this is an important matter, and one the Board of Supervisors should not lose sight of when they are called upon for final action, because a road on some line must be had. The people who raise ninety thousand sacks of grain for this market, and those who buy it, are entitled to a road, and must have a road; for they have paid for it long since. And on behalf of the people of the town and the country, we call upon the Board of Supervisors to pay reasonable damages to such as claim it, and order the road opened at once. It cannot be expected that a road for any considerable distance can be got free of any charge, when every foot of the land is occupied. Mankind is naturally selfish, and if he finds himself on land where a road must inevitably run, he is too apt to claim pay for it, when at the same time he is ready to condemn his neighbor for not giving land for a road. This selfishness is to be regretted; but it cannot be helped; and we must get along with it as best we can, always remembering with gratitude the kindness of those who have public spirit and enterprise enough to donate ground for a public road.

FAVORS.—We are in receipt of the Eighth Census, for 1860, from the Hon. A. A. Sargent, M. C., for which he will accept our thanks.

AN AMUSING DODGE.—A few days since, at Elmira, N. Y., while some laborers were engaged in digging a cellar, the owner picked up from the dirt a \$20 gold piece, which he took particular pains to show about town. The excitement became intense, and the cellar was quick-filled with volunteer laborers, who threw out the earth with a rapidity that must have been well pleasing to the person interested in having the work finished. Occasionally an old copper would turn up, and soon selves were in requisition. One 25 cent piece was found. One fevered bystander actually paid the owner \$4 for the privilege of digging 4 hours. He was rewarded by finding four coppers! The cellar was full of volunteer diggers from about 10 A. M. until nightfall, at which time, a sufficient excavation having been made, no more digging was allowed.

THE Boston Journal is selling all its old printed newspapers, clippings, scraps and all, for six and one half cents per pound. There is the greatest competition among dealers in newspaper stock and waste paper. Cotton waste, rags, etc., bring very high prices.

Wool Growing.

There has been few branchers of business in California that has grown with that steady increase, as the one at the head of this article. From the Wool Circular of Christy & Wise, January 1st, 1863, we condense the following interesting statistics:

Table with columns for Receipts of Wool in San Francisco for the year, Receipts since Sept. 1st, 1862, and Shipments of Wool Forwarded since Sept. 1st, 1862. Includes sub-tables for Spring and Fall Wool with various breeds like Merino, American, and Mexican.

Burry wool, from 4 to 5 cents per pound less for each grade. The Clip for the year exceeds 6,400,000 pounds, yielding, at 20 cents per pound, \$1,280,000. The product would have been much larger, but for the immense loss of sheep in consequence of the floods of last Winter, and disease and lack of food, arising from exposure.

The McNeil Massacre.

We find in the Sacramento Republican the following extract of a letter received by a gentleman in that city, from his sister living in the vicinity of Palmyra, Missouri, near the scene of the McNeil tragedy. The letter says:

"There have been a great many arrests made here, about two hundred citizens—among them a dear friend—also a great number banished to the free States. I suppose you have heard of the awful tragedy that occurred at Palmyra: a Union man of that place having been absent for several weeks, was supposed to have been shot by the rebels. Col. McNeil, the commander of the Fort, ordered ten secessionists to be shot; among them an old man who had a wife and eleven children. A young man from Ralls county stepped forward and took his place and was shot. The confederate government has demanded McNeil, and if he is not given up, ten federal officers are to be shot. Since the shooting of those men, the old man has made his appearance. But I will write no more of the horrors of the war. You in the Golden State cannot imagine the condition of our once good and glorious country."

THE LATE ELECTION IN MISSOURI.—We clip the following from the Missouri Republican of the 19th December, giving some insight as to how that State was carried at the late election. It says:

"The official votes for Congressmen in the nine Congressional Districts of this State foot up 86,000 against a little short of 170,000 given at the Presidential election in 1860. Oh, what a falling off is there! And this after the multiplication of votes in various ways by the military from other States voting, as in the Osterhaus division; by boys under twenty-one doing the same thing wherever there was a military vote; and by the duplication and even triplication of votes in various wards and precincts of this country. Phelps county, where military reign was supreme, shows a falling off between the two periods of 667, and Gasconade county, where the raid was recently committed upon the jail and the negroes of loyal owners, confined there by legal warrant, shows an increase of 122!"

Noell, his Radical Abolition friends claim, is elected by seven votes. But how was it done? Companies of the Twelfth Regiment Missouri Enrolled Volunteers voted several days after the 4th day of November, and minors and aliens were permitted to vote, and all counted and certified from Perry county. Noell had the benefit of them all. In other cases, neither judges nor clerks were sworn. In Wayne county, the military held their election on the 5th of November—"they were out on a scout and did not return until the night of the 4th," and votes thus given for Noell on the 5th were counted and certified by the clerk to Jefferson City. If General Noell has no better chance of getting to Heaven than he has of keeping his seat in the House after the facts of this election are developed, his chance is a bad one indeed!"

GREENBACKS REPUDIATED.—The Bee says the Steam Navigation company, until within a few days past, have very liberally received greenbacks at par for passage on their steamers. Finding that the Company's liberality was being improved in a speculative manner, parties going and coming taking care to procure, at a discount, a greenback of the denomination of five dollars to pay to the clerk, the Directors have been forced to adopt the gold and silver currency. Therefore, the innocent must suffer for acts of the guilty.

[From the New York Caucasian.] A Free Press Once More!

It is with boundless satisfaction that we are able to say to the readers of this journal, that we are again "free Americans, of Caucasian descent;" free to think our honest thoughts, and free to express and write our honest convictions; and our readers are again free to receive the paper of their choice through the mails of the United States. What induced the Administration to remove the restriction upon the freedom of the press, we cannot say. The great change in public sentiment, the result of the recent elections, the determination to test the question in the Courts, and, beyond all, perhaps, their own conviction that they had injured themselves by suppressing free discussion, all contributed to the result. At all events, the Press stands forth disinherited, unconditionally, and we are ready again to battle in the cause of the people, and determined as ever never to relinquish one iota of the freedom of the press, or to bow or cringe to official power. For a whole year we have been excluded from the mails, not on any pretence of being disunionists, or any such nonsense, but because we differed from the party in power in respect to the means of restoring the Union, they believing in the old monarchical method of physical force, while we, as Democrats and Christians, believe in moral forces.

But our real position is, indeed, beyond and above the question of war, for we stand on the Constitution as interpreted by the Supreme Court, and when the whole North comes up to that position, the war will cease, for then there will be no conflict with the men of the South, or cause for either disunion or war.

The platform at the head of our columns covers the whole ground, and presents the only possible solution for our national troubles; and when the northern people abandon their miserable tomfooleries about an imaginary slavery, and accept the Dred Scott Decision, they will restore the Union as it was and only can be, and bring back peace, unity, fraternity and prosperity to our distracted country. This simple but stupendous truth, this Dred Scott Decision, this principle of a WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT, therefore, must be the rallying cry of the Democratic millions, and all honest and earnest patriots who desire the Union as it was for eighty years, must labor with all their might, and soul, and strength for its restoration, at the North, as the first and essential step towards its restoration at the South. The falsehoods and slanders circulated about our paper have been of the most stupendous kind, and yet our lives and our fortunes have been, and are, dedicated to a restoration of the Union. We disagreed with the present Administration as to the mode of this restoration, and we frankly avowed it. Was this a crime? Can there be but one opinion in this country, and must that be prescribed by Mr. Abraham Lincoln? The Administration having fully tried its own policy, now throws open the doors of public sentiment—so we understand the removal of these restrictions on the mails and calls for the development of public opinion. This cannot grow or expand when the press is chained down. If Mr. Lincoln had encouraged, instead of suppressed its growth, he would have had some guide by which to have conducted his Administration, and following its light, he might have avoided many of the difficulties with which he is now surrounded. But he rejected it, and the result has been that public opinion has been cowed down, and no one knows to-day exactly what it is. Such a condition is one of the utmost danger to officials in a government like ours. Their own selfish interests, if nothing more—their own hopes for the favorable judgment of the people, consists in understanding public sentiment and of conforming to it.

Let us hope that the return of the freedom of the press will be among the most important agencies for rescuing our beloved country from the evils of this unnatural civil war, and for a restoration of peace and union to our beloved country. It surely will be, if each individual feels the duty he owes to his country, and uses his influence if placing in the hands of his neighbors, such papers as tear the mask off the Abolition party and exposes its dangerous and destructive designs to the people. Never, never, while Abolitionism lives, can there be peace or quietness in this country. It requires one grand, superhuman effort on the part of the North to throw it off, and all will be well. Shall it be done.

BIRTHS.

At Knight's Landing, Jan. 21st, the wife of J. E. Barnes, of a son.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the undersigned will pay their accounts to E. Reinhamme, Justice of the Peace, who is alone authorized to receive the same.

G. W. DOTY, Knight's Landing, Jan. 23, 1863. jan24-tf

HAVING purchased the well known DRUG HOUSE, corner of J and Sixth streets—late D. W. Whitmore—formerly Bowman & Whitmore—we will continue the Drug business in all its branches. We shall keep the largest assortment of goods and sell at the lowest prices, and by prompt attention to business hope to secure the former patronage of the House, and that of the public generally.

JUSTIN GATES & BROS., Wholesale Druggists and Importers of Paints and Oils, 72 K street and corner J and Sixth streets, Sacramento, Jan. 6, 1863. jan24-tf

New Advertisements.

A. P. McCARTY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office—Opposite Baker's Hotel. Woodland, Yolo county, California. jan24-3m

C. P. SPRAGUE. H. G. BURNETT. SPRAGUE & BURNETT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Woodland, Yolo County, California.

Will promptly attend to all business of their profession entrusted to their care. jan24-tf

Seeds! Seeds!!

G. L. SUYDAM & CO., (Successors to A. P. SMITH & CO.,) DEALERS IN FRUITS, SEEDS, TREES, ETC., No. 40 J street, between Second and Third, SACRAMENTO. jan25-tf

GEO. W. STEWART, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION Merchant, AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN GROCERIES, PROVISION, FLOUR, GRAIN Etc., etc., etc. No. 45 Front street, between J and K, SACRAMENTO.

Seed Wheat, Oats, Barley and Wild Oats, in quantities to suit buyers. jan24-3m

CANDIES, CANDIES.

H. SCHRODER, CANDY MANUFACTORY, Wholesale and Retail. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPTEST. No. 114 K street, between 4th and 5th, Theater Building, SACRAMENTO.

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS WILL DO well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Candies of all descriptions, warranted to keep dry in all climates. Our assortment of Cakes is not equalled in the city. We are also ready to supply Balls, Parties, etc., at the shortest notice.

Orders from the country promptly attended to. H. SCHRODER, 114 K street. jan24-3m

MECHANICS' EXCHANGE, (FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING), DENTON'S CASHIERS, 1 street, between Front and Second, SACRAMENTO.

HENRY TRECHLER, Proprietor.

This House is in the immediate vicinity of the Steamboat Landings and Railroad Depot. The best accommodations for Families at moderate terms. Board per week, \$4 50; with Lodgings, \$5 50 Meals, 37 1/2 cents; Beds, 25 and 50 cents.

N. B.—Red and White Wine, of Yolo county manufacture, always on hand. jan24-3m

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY!!!

CALIFORNIA MARBLE.

HAVING been awarded the First Prizes at the different State Fairs for Monumental work, we would respectfully call Particular Attention to our specimens of California Marble, and Workmanship now on hand. It is the best Marble ever found in the United States, and is not excelled in Europe for general purposes. It is free from flut or iron, more compact, of finer texture, and susceptible of as high a polish as the best Italian. As we quarry our own Marble, and are practical workmen in it, we can furnish anything in our line Cheaper than the Cheapest.

And as Good as the Best! To satisfy yourselves of the fact, please call at our Premium Pioneer Marble Works, K street, between 5th and 6th, SACRAMENTO.

A. AITKIN & CO., Sculpture and Ornamental work done to order. jan24-tf

100,000 FRUIT TREES FOR SALE AT THE WASHINGTON NURSERY, FOR 1862-3, VIZ:

- 40,000 2 year old Apple Trees; 10,000 1 year old Apple Trees; 10,000 2 year old Pear Trees, on Pear stocks; 5,000 1 year old Pear Trees, on Pear stocks; 15,000 2 year old Pear Trees, on Quince stocks; 6,000 1 and 2 year old Cherry Trees; 5,000 2 year old Plum Trees; 500 1 and 2 year old Apricot Trees; 1,500 1 year old Peach Trees; 10,000 Peach Trees in bud; 3,000 Nectarine Trees in bud; 40,000 Foreign Grape Vines, 1 and 2 years old;

ALSO, LARGE QUANTITIES OF Currants, Gooseberries, Blackberries, Raspberries and Strawberries—best American and English varieties—with a large assortment of Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs, Roses, etc., comprising a general assortment of all kinds of Nursery Articles.

Descriptive Catalogues, with Price List, furnished free to all applicants.

AGENTS.—Chas. F. Reed, Knights Landing; Messrs. Graves, Williams & Buckley, San Francisco; H. F. Williams, Esq., San Jose; C. E. Smith, Esq., Jackson; G. E. Sill, Esq., Buckley; J. J. Deming, Esq., Woodland; H. S. Taylor, Esq., Marysville; W. W. Markham, Stony Creek.

All orders promptly attended to. Letters requiring information will receive strict attention. Trees packed and shipped in the best possible manner without delay. C. W. REED, Proprietor. jan24-3m

OYSTERS and SARDINES, OF the finest quality, for sale at Raveley's.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

The following dispatches are from the Sacramento Union of Jan. 22d:

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—It is given out at the State Department that they have highly cheering advices from Europe, and particularly from England, giving accounts of a popular reaction in our favor. Unofficial advices also represent that the middle and lower classes are exerting a healthy influence on their Government in our behalf. At the State Department they go so far as to speak of the late advices as precluding the possibility of intervention for months to come. The French Spoliation Bill reported yesterday provides that satisfaction to an amount not exceeding \$5,000,000 shall be made to American citizens for claims for indemnity upon the French Government for illegal captures prior to the treaty of 1800.

Refugees who arrived from Richmond yesterday represent that city as well fortified at every point. The fortifications, however, are garrisoned by a small force. The main body of the rebel army is said to be about midway between Richmond and Fredericksburg, on the railroad. At the request of the Secretary of War Senator Howe of Wisconsin has gone to that State for the purpose of getting rid of the decision of its Supreme Court against the constitutionality of the draft and the right of the President to suspend the writ of habeas corpus. A case is to be made up immediately and submitted to the United States Supreme Court, now in session here, in time for argument this term before Chief Justice Taney.

New York, Jan. 21.—A Washington letter says the material facts in the case of Gen. Stone will soon be published. The evidence against him is of a circumstantial character, going to show that he was friendly towards the rebels, and became their mail carrier, but, after all, this may have been only a kindly disposition to oblige. Sr. Louis, Jan. 21.—Report has been received at headquarters to the effect that a part of Gen. Herron's force in Southwest Missouri had succeeded in capturing Marmaduke with a portion of his command, by intercepting them on their retreat into Arkansas. The statement, however, is regarded as needing confirmation.

New York, Jan. 22.—The New York Times this morning says rumors of an extremely important character from the Army of the Potomac reached this city last night, through persons who arrived by the train from Washington. They are briefly stated as follows: "Burnside has again crossed the Rappahannock with the Army of the Potomac, and a terrible battle is being fought. The report that Lee had detached Longstreet's corps from the rebel army and sent it to Tennessee is untrue. The rebel army is intact, and all engaged in opposition to Burnside. One wing of our army, and probably Sumner's, had succeeded in flanking the rebel position and had advanced two miles. Gen. Hooker is said to be mortally wounded."

The above we give merely as a Washington rumor, not as news, from reports direct from the army. There is probably some truth in them, but how much we are not prepared to say. The President has placed one million of dollars to the credit of the Emancipation Commission in this district, to be paid pro rata to claimants under its provisions. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The verdict of the Court Martial in Fitz John Porter's case was approved yesterday by the President contrary to former reports. The Court found him guilty of the charges preferred, and he was accordingly cashiered and dismissed from the service.

Rear Admiral Lee has forwarded to the Navy Department a report from Lieutenant Cushing, dated Comfort, N. C., Jan. 8th, detailing the particulars of a reconnaissance, near Fort Casswell, on Little river, with only 25 men (?). While proceeding up the river they were fired on by the rebels from the bluff on the left bank. Landing and forming, he moved his forces up until within sight of the fort, when he ordered a bayonet charge, judging that the rebels were ignorant of his force. The charge was successful. Our men captured the fort, going over one side as the rebels escaped by the other. All the stores and ammunition and a portion of their arms were captured. All the property remaining was brought away or destroyed.

CAIRO, Jan. 22.—The trading boat Forest Queen was captured and burned by the rebels at Commerce, on the Mississippi, on Wednesday evening. A detachment of the 22d Wisconsin, conveying dispatches from Helena to Clarendon, was set upon by rebels on Thursday last, and 17 captured. Six rebels were killed.

On Monday last the Confederates made another raid on Holly Springs, committing numerous depredations. A large number of negroes that were left behind by the Federals were attacked and several killed and wounded. The balance were sent South. Col. Murphy, the officer in command at Holly Springs at the time of the first raid on that place, has been dismissed the service on a count of cowardice and imbecility. Daily skirmishes take place in the vicinity of Corinth, and an attack is looked for.

CASH PAID FOR
By S. W. RAVELEY,
Knight's Landing.

FINE STOCK FOR SALE!

THE undersigned will sell cheap for CASH the following Full-blooded Stock:

- 1 Berkshire Boar.
 - 1 Essex Sow.
 - 1 Suffolk Sow.
- For particulars, inquire of
I. S. JAMISON,
At the store of Case & Goodhue,
jan3-4t Knight's Landing.

**NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
DRY GOODS!**

GREAT OPENING SALE!
...OF...
DRY GOODS, CARPETS, ETC.,
AT
D. LANDERS & CO'S,
IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS.
NOS. 75 AND 77 J STREET,
SACRAMENTO.

Having Purchased our Entire STOCK OF
DRY GOODS, CARPETS, ETC.,
IN THE
Eastern and Foreign Markets,
Before the late advances, we are enabled to offer inducements to the public not surpassed by any house in California. Our business will always be conducted on strictly cash principles, and **ONE PRICE SYSTEM**, from which there will be no deviation.

Those wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
D. LANDERS & CO.,
Nos. 75 and 77 J street, Sacramento,
No. 4 Third street, and No. 705 Market street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
dec27-3m

NEW GOODS.
THE undersigned have just returned from San Francisco with a large and
WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT
—OF—
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
Boots, Shoes,
CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS.
BONNETS.
HARD-WARE,
QUEENS-WARE,
TIN-WARE,
CROCKERY,
GROCERIES
Together with a Better Assortment OF THE
NEWEST STYLES OF DRESS-GOODS
Than is usually found in a Country Store. All of which we offer to
SELL LOW FOR CASH,
Or such articles of
COUNTRY PRODUCE!
As can be converted into Money.

We take this occasion to return thanks for past favors and to solicit a continuance of the same. Those knowing themselves indebted to us are requested to come forward at once and make payment—longer indulgence cannot reasonably be expected.
J. & J. W. BALDWIN.
Knight's Landing, Nov. 5th, 1862.
nov8-tf

**CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST,
—AND—
AS GOOD AS THE BEST!!**

CHARLES ST. LOUIS,
**MANUFACTURING
JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER.**
All kinds of Jewelry and Diamond Settings made to order at short notice. Particular attention paid to repairing
Watches, Clocks, Music Boxes and Jewelry, at prices twenty per cent. lower than Sacramento prices.
All work warranted to give entire satisfaction, or no charges made.
"Union Building," Knight's Landing. You will see St. Louis at the window. dec26-tf

COMIC and Sentimental Song Books, for sale at Raveley's.
FOR SALE CHEAP!
1 Fine Family Carriage,
1 Pair Fine Horses,
1 Set Double Harness.
Any person in want of the above, will do well to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.
CASE & GOODHUE, Merchants,
jan3-4t Knight's Landing.

REMOVAL.
R. T. BROWN & CO.
Have Removed to the Store
(Formerly occupied by Lockwood & Hendrie)
**CORNER FOURTH AND J STREETS,
SACRAMENTO.**
Where they are now Opening
NEW STYLES OF FALL CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS,
To which they invite Attention.
nov22-3m
Books and Stationery,
Of all kinds for sale at Raveley's

BOYS' CLOTHING.
We have Just Received a Large Assortment of
**BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING**
...OF...
NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES,
Which we offer at **Low Prices.**
R. T. BROWN & CO.,
Cor. 4th and J streets, Sacramento.
nov22-3m

LEGAL NOTICES.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of an Execution, issued out of the Sixth District Court for Yolo county, dated January 2nd, 1863, and to me directed and delivered, for a judgment rendered in said Court on the 15th day of December A. D. 1862, in favor of Samuel Hungerford and against S. D. Moore for the sum of seven hundred and seventy-four (\$774 00) dollars, with interest thereon from the date of said judgment at the rate of ten (10) per cent. per annum, together with twenty-six 25-100 (\$26 25) dollars costs, and accruing costs. I have levied on the following Property, to wit:
A tract of land one mile long and of such a width as to contain one hundred acres out of the tract described in a mortgage from J. H. Hoppin & Bros. to Farris & Wilcox, recorded in Book B of Mortgages, Yolo county, pages 195, 6, 7, in which mortgage the land hereby conveyed is described as excepted from said mortgage, which one hundred acre tract is bounded West by the tract mortgaged as aforesaid, East by the Virginia Ranch, North by the land of Millsap and South by the Section line which divides Sections 15 and 22 of Township 10, N. R. 1 East, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.
Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., I will sell all the right, title and interest of said S. D. Moore in and to the above described property, at the Court House door, in the town of Woodland, Yolo county, at Public Auction, for Cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said Execution and all costs.
C. H. GRAY, Sheriff,
Jan. 15, 1863. jan17-4t

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of an Order of Sale, issued out of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District, for the county of Yolo, on the 15th day of January, 1863, and to me directed and delivered, for a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered in said Court on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1862, in favor of John C. Woolley and against A. Chisholm, C. Chisholm and A. Conlan, for the sum of \$3,250 00, with interest from date of judgment at two and one-half (2 1/2) per cent. per month, and \$50 00 with interest at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all accruing costs. I have levied on the following Property, to wit:
Those certain pieces or parcels of land situated, lying and being in the county of Yolo, State of California, and known and described as the South-east quarter and a fraction in the South part of the North-east quarter of Section thirty (30), and Fractions in the N. W., S. W. and N. E. quarters of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township No. nine (9) North, Range No. two (2) West, Mt. Diablo Meridian, and containing 434 89-100 acres of land, more particularly described in Swamp Land Survey of Yolo county, No. 415 as evidenced by certificate of purchase No. 11 issued Oct. 8th, 1859, to A. Chisholm, with the improvements thereon.
Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., I will sell all the right, title and interest of said A. Chisholm, C. Chisholm and A. Conlan, in and to the above described property, at the Court House door in the town of Woodland, Yolo county, at Public Auction, for Cash in hand, the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said Order of Sale and all costs.
C. H. GRAY, Sheriff.
Jan. 17th, 1863.—4t

Sheriff's Sale.

IN the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Yolo.
The People of the State of California, to Benjamin O. Franklin and David H. Pelty, greeting: You are hereby summoned to answer to the complaint of D. B. Sutton in said Court filed against you within ten days from service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county, if served out of this county but within this Judicial District, then in twenty days, but if served on you without said District, then in forty days from such service exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the Ninth day of January, 1863, in said Court. Said action is brought to recover judgment against you for the sum of \$300 00 and interest on said sum at the rate of three per cent. per month from the 11th day of Sept. A. D. 1859, on a promissory note of that date, and the payment of the same secured by mortgage on real estate, that the mortgaged premises may be decreed to be sold according to law; also for costs of suit and for other and further relief, All of which is fully set forth in the complaint, a copy of which accompanies this summons. And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to answer the Complaint as directed, plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief therein demanded.
In testimony whereof, I, E. Giddings, Clerk of the Sixth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my [L. S.] hand and affix the seal of said Court, at office in Woodland, this ninth day of January, A. D. 1863.
jan17-3m E. GIDDINGS, Clerk.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall, on the 31st day of January, 1863, apply to the Register of the State Land Office, for a duplicate certificate of purchase No. 276, of Swamp and Overflowed Lands in Yolo county, dated March 24, 1860, and issued to Michael Gregory, for fractional portions of the South-east and South-west quarters of Section 16, in Township 7 North, Range 4 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, and containing 190 64-100 acres.
MICHAEL GREGORY.
Dated December 29th, 1862. jan3-4t

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims against the estate of Samuel Wright, deceased, must exhibit them to the undersigned, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the date of this notice, or they will be forever barred.
FRANCIS M. WRIGHT,
Administrator.
Knight's Landing, Yolo Co., Jan. 9, 1863. jan10-4t

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISING

CALIFORNIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
The fast and splendid steamers
Chrysopolis and Antelope
Will leave on alternate days for SAN FRANCISCO at 2 o'clock, p.m., from foot of K street, Sacramento.
Steamer Chrysopolis, Chadwick, Master, will leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Steamer Antelope, Poole, Master, will leave on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For MARYSVILLE and intermediate landings EVERY DAY.
Change of day for RED BLUFF.
Knight's Landing, Colusa, Tehama and Red Bluff.
Until further notice the Steamers of the California Steam Navigation Company will make two trips per week to RED BLUFF, leaving Sacramento on
Wednesday, and Saturday, at 7 A. M.
A. REDINGTON, } Agents,
W. H. TAYLOR, } Sacramento.
Freight received at Knight's Landing every day.
S. W. RAVELEY, Agent.
Knight's Landing. july1-tf

JUST RECEIVED!
A FINE LOT OF NEW GOODS!
BY
L. Greenbaum, S. Rothfeld,
Late with Godchaux, } Late with A. Ham-
Bros. & Co. } burger.
WE BEG leave to inform our friends and the public in general, that we have opened
The Store, No. 137 J street,
(Formerly occupied by HENDERSON & CO.,)
WITH A
COMPLETE NEW STOCK
—OF—
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.
By strict attention to business, we hope to merit a share of public patronage.
Please give us a call.
GREENBAUM & ROTHFELD,
137 J street, between 4th and 5th,
nov1-tf Sacramento.

NEW GOODS!!
NEW WARE
CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT
WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY.
FREEMAN & BARBER
HAVE JUST returned from San Francisco with a large and varied stock of
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
Superior in quality and quantity to any ever offered to the people of Yolo county.

GROCERIES.
Sugar, Coffee,
Syrup, Salt, Flour, Bacon,
Ham, Cornmeal, Potatoes, etc., etc.
HARDWARE!
Spades, Shovels,
Nails, Files, Axes,
Tinware, of all sorts.

**OILS, PAINTS, DRUGS, AND
READYMADE CLOTHING!**
Of all kinds.
Shoes, Boots, Hats, and Caps.
DRY GOODS!
In this line we have a complete stock. The highest market price paid for produce. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
Don't forget the place,
FREEMAN & BARBER.
nov8-tf Woodland, Yolo county.

P. L. DUSTON,
SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,
Corner 2d and Railroad streets,
Knight's Landing.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE attention of the public that he has opened and permanently located himself at the above place, having just received a new lot of
Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Whips, Etc.
ap12-tf P. L. DUSTON.

DENTISTRY!
I. C. KELLEY,
Permanent Dentist,
Knight's Landing.
OFFICE.—Yolo Hotel. Visits made in any portion of the county. All operation warranted. Give me a call. Examinations free.
IRA C. KELLEY,
Knight's Landing, Sept. 20, 1862.—tf

FOR SACRAMENTO.
The fine Steamer VISALIA,
CAPT. ZIMMERMAN,
Will carry Wheat and Barley for \$2 00 per ton, from Knight's Landing.
sept.20-tf S. W. RAVELEY,
Agent.

For Sale.
TWO good work Horses, cheap for cash. Apply at
Raveley's
Knight's Landing.

1863.—1863.
CALENARS for 1863, for sale at 25 cents each, at
Raveley's
Knight's Landing.

GENERAL MERCHANDIZING.

RE-OPENING!
OF THE NEW STORE
...OF...
CASE & GOODHUE,
AT KNIGHT'S LANDING,
Next door to the Union Hotel and opposite the Steamboat Landing.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS
...IN...
GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.
Dry Goods and Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES.
HARDWARE and CUTLERY
...OF...
EVERY VARIETY.

CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE,
WINDOW GLASS,
Borax, Putty,
PAINTS, OILS, CAMPAENE,
CIGARS,
Tobacco, &c., &c.
TINWARE.

CHOICE TEAS AND COFFEE.
DRUGS AND MEDICINES.
YANKEE NOTIONS.
FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY.

RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.
ALSO,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,
Too Numerous to Mention.

The subscribers, having permanently located themselves at this place, would respectfully call the attention of farmers, and the public generally, to examine our Goods before purchasing elsewhere.
CASE & GOODHUE,
jan3-tf Knight's Landing.

BOOK BINDERY.
F. FOSTER,
Northwest corner 5th and J sts., Sacramento
Book Binder, Paper Ruler, and Blank Book Manufactory.
Binding of every description neatly executed. Old Books re-bound to any desired pattern. dec6-tf

JAS. BOWSTEAD. JACOB WELTY.
UNION IRON & BRASS WORKS
AND MACHINE SHOP, Front street bet. N and O, Sacramento.
Steam Engines and Boilers built to order; Castings and Machinery, of every description, Steamboat and Quartz Machinery constructed, fitted up or repaired. All kinds of Building Castings; Saw, Grist, Malt and Bark Mills; Horse Power and Car Wheels. All orders filled promptly, and at as low rates as any establishment here or in San Francisco. jy6-tf BOWSTEAD & CO.

THE METALLIC AND AGRICULTURAL WEALTH OF THE PACIFIC STATES,
Including California, Oregon, Washington Territory, Nevada Territory, Utah, Colorado, N. M., British Columbia, Lower California & part of Mexico.
Reviewed and compiled from official and reliable statistical reports and correspondence, with statistical tables of the climatology of each State and Territory. Description of mines; manner of extraction of precious metals from their ores; their location; amount shipped and exported, Mint statistics, coinage, etc. Mining utensils, processes, etc., etc. The Geological and Topographical features of the Sierra Nevada and Monte Diablo, with their mineral, metallic and coal deposits.—Imports and exports, products, etc., etc. The Organic Act of California. The Pre-emption Act of the same. Laws governing mining. Arts and manufactures, etc. Illustrated with highly finished stone, copper and wood engravings.
EDITED BY
JULIUS SILVERSMITH,
Editor of the "Mining and Scientific Press," the "Miners' Companion and Guide," and Commissioner for the Territory of Nevada.

FOR SALE!
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES,
—AT—
S. W. RAVELEY'S,
Opposite the Steamboat Landing, Knight's Landing.
Perfumery, of all kind,
Candies,
Fruits,
Wrapping Paper,
Fish's Hair Restorative,
Port Monies,
Fine Letter and Note Papers,
Red and Black Inks,
Also an assortment of other articles too numerous to mention.

Cigars and Tobacco,
A Fine assortment for sale at Raveley's.

1863.—1863.
DIARIES for 1863, for sale at Raveley's, Knight's Landing.

Premium Tomatoes.
PREMIUM Tomatoes, put up by M. S. King at Sacramento, for sale at Raveley's
jan3-tf

THE Knight's Landing News.

ZE NAME OF ZE STREET.—A Frenchman stopped a lad in the street to make some inquiries of his whereabouts.

"Mon fren, what is ze name of zis street?"

"Well, who said 'twan't'?"

"What you call zis street?"

"O' course we do."

"Pardonnez! I hav not ze name vot you call him."

"Yes. Watts we call it."

"How you call ze name of zis street?"

"Watts street, I told yer."

"Zis street."

"Watts street, old feller; and don't yer go to make game o' me."

"Sacre mon du! I ask you one, two, three several times, often, will you tell me ze name of ze dam street—eh?"

"Watts street, I told her. Yer drunk ain't yer?"

"Mon leetle fren, vce you lif, eh?"

"In Vandam street."

"Eh bine! You lif in von dam street, and you is von dam fool—by dam!"

A CABIN-BOY on board a ship, the captain of which was a religious man, was called up to be whipped for some misdemeanor.

Little Jack went crying and trembling, and said to the captain:

"Pray, sir, will you wait till I say my prayers?"

"Yes," was the stern reply.

"Well, then," replied Jack, looking up, and smiling triumphantly, "I'll say them when I get ashore."

A FRIEND of ours said he would always have remained single, but he couldn't afford it.

What it cost him for 'gals and ice cream,' was more than he now pays to bring up a wife and eight children.

Bachelors should think of this.

A COUNTRY doctor announces that he has changed his residence to the neighborhood of the church-yard, which he hopes may prove a convenience to his numerous patients.

A TRUE picture of despair is a pig reaching through a hole in the fence to get a cabbage that lies a few inches beyond his reach.

A HAVANA correspondent announces that the Confederate privateer Florida, otherwise the Oreto, from Mobile, is reported to have reappeared in the Gulf.

THE recent arrivals at Visalia from Slate Range district, report more new and very rich mining discoveries.

ALHAMBRA SALOON,
Next door to Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office,
2nd Street, Sacramento.

C. S. HEALY, Proprietor.
HAS always on hand the best Liquors, Wines, &c., that can be procured,
Lunch every day of the choicest the market affords. nov1-tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

Dry Goods, Splendid New Stock!

RE-OPENING
OF THE
OLD STORE, 88 J ST.
SACRAMENTO,
WITH HANDSOME IMPROVEMENTS.

O'CONNELL, RYAN & CO.

Respectfully announce that they are now prepared to supply all their old customers. Their stock being entirely NEW and carefully selected, will be found to comprise the MOST DESIRABLE GOODS IN THE TRADE. Their prices shall be

THE VERY LOWEST!

83 J street, between Third and Fourth
OLD STORE.
dec27-3m

School Books,
OF every description for sale at Raveley's.

Washing Machines.
OF George W. Tolhurst's Patent, for sale at Raveley's.

Fish's Infallible

HAIR RESTORATIVE,
For sale by S. W. RAVELEY.

Premium Peaches.
PREMIUM Peaches, put up by M. S. King at Sacramento, for sale at Raveley's
jan3-tf

Pipes of every Description,
JUST received, and for sale at Raveley's.

Lubin's Extracts,
Choice variety, just received and for sale at Raveley's.

Oysters and Sardines,
OF the finest quality, for sale at Raveley's.

UNION HOTEL,

Front street, Knight's Landing.
W. G. SEELY respectfully announces to his numerous friends and the traveling public that he has opened the above beautiful and commodious Hotel in the town of Knight's Landing. He is always prepared to accommodate transient visitors and permanent boarders in the best manner.

The TABLE is supplied with the best the market affords, while

The LODGING DEPARTMENT is fitted up in the most comfortable style, everything being ENTIRELY NEW. There is also a BAR, which has in it a choice selection of the best WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

Special pains will be taken to make this one of the most quiet, comfortable and pleasant houses in the State. mar16-tf

YOLO HOUSE,

Front Street, Knight's Landing,
G. W. DOTY, PROPRIETOR.

WOULD call the attention of the public to the fact that he has opened the above House, and is prepared to accommodate the transient visitors and permanent boarders, in the best manner.

THE TABLE will be furnished with the very best the market can possibly afford, while the

Lodging Department

being thoroughly renovated, is fitted up in a style unsurpassed by any hotel in the State. Attached is a

BAR,

in which will be kept the very best wines, liquors and cigars that can be had in the market; also, one of the finest Billiard Tables in the country. There are also attached, large, commodious STABLES, CORRALS, ETC.

The proprietor has spared neither trouble nor expense to make it one of the pleasantest places in the State. aug30-tf

CACHEVILLE HOTEL.

W. Campbell, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR TAKES PLEASURE in announcing to his numerous friends and acquaintances that he has taken the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate families and permanent boarders, in the best style and most satisfactory manner.

THE DINING ROOM is spacious, and is well calculated to accommodate any number of guests.

THE BAR-ROOM is also large, and will at all times be supplied with the choicest brands of WINES and LIQUORS that can be procured in the San Francisco market.

The proprietor has spared neither trouble or expense in fitting up this Hotel in all its essential appointments, to make it the best Hotel north of Sacramento.

Mr. Campbell hopes by strict attention to business, and a desire on his part to please his patrons, to receive a share of the public patronage. W. CAMPBELL.
Cacheville, March 29, 1862. m29-tf

IN TIME OF HEALTH

PREPARE FOR SICKNESS.—It is preposterous to think that because

we are in health, disease will never overtake us. How many have gone

forth in the morning and returned home to lay down upon beds of sickness for months! We would remind

our readers, that, for family medicine nothing can equal SCOVILL'S

BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP. Of Humors it is a sure exterminator.—

Scrofula and Cancer, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, are all cured by this magical remedy. REDINGTON &

CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec6-6m

DR HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE

Lungs is highly recommended by citizens whose names and residence will be found in the pamphlets, giving evidence of

astonishing cures of Consumption, by using this medicine. Give it a trial. REDINGTON &

CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec6-6m

BROWN'S

BRONCHIAL

TROCHES.

GOLDS! COUGHS!!
Brown's Bronchial Troche Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat, relieves the hacking cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, clear and give strength to the voice of

PUBLIC SPEAKERS

and SINGERS.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "slight cold" in its first stage, that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are a most valuable article, especially so at this season of the year, when coughs, colds, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness and Sore Throat are so prevalent. The Troches give sure and almost immediate relief. Sold by all Druggists in the United States, at 25 cents a box. REDINGTON & CO.,
416 and 418 Front st., San Francisco, dec6-6m
General Agents.

CASH PAID FOR

HIDES

By S. W. RAVELEY,
Knight's Landing.

CHOICE WINES AND BRANDIES.

FINE OLD PORT,
FINE OLD SHERRY,
FINE OLD BRANDIES.
We ask the attention of purchasers to our large and well selected stock, which will be sold at the very lowest market rates.
McWilliams & Co.,
46 and 48 K street.

COGNAC.

50 EIGHTH (1/2) casks "Jules Duret," in double packages.

—ALSO—
200 eighth casks "Jules Duret," in single packages, for sale low, by
McWilliams & Co.,
46 and 48 K street.

MARTEL BRANDY.

20 BIDS. of this celebrated brand, in bond, for sale by McWilliams & Co.

WINES.

CLARETS of the highest quality choice Old Maderia, for sale by
McWilliams & Co.,
46 and 48 K street.

CHAMPAGNE.

200 BASKETS "Piper & Co's" Heidsieck for sale by
McWilliams & Co.,
46 and 48 K street.

OLD RYE WHISKEY.

PEACH BRANDY and Apple Brandy, for sale by
McWilliams & Co.,
46 and 48 K street.

OLD TOM.

5 Puncheons "OLD TOM," of Booth's Brand, for sale at a low figure, by
McWilliams & Co.,
46 and 48 K street.

IRISH AND SCOTCH WHISKEY.

JAMISON Sons' Dublin Malt Whisky, Islay Malt Whisky, Harvey's Highland Malt Whisky. These are Pure and Old, and finer than any heretofore in this market.
McWilliams & Co.,
46 and 48 K street.

RUM.

JAMAICA, St. Croix and New England.
McWilliams & Co.

CALIFORNIA WINE.

2,000 Gallons Los Angeles Wine, for sale low.

—ALSO—
100 cases Sansevain's
McWilliams & Co.

ALE AND PORTER.

200 Gasks Alsop's and Barclay's bottled Ale and Porter.
McWilliams & Co.

COGNAC.

A Small Lot James Hennessy Cognac, very old and fine.
McWilliams & Co.,
46 and 48 K street.

SACRAMENTO.

C. O. COPP.

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING
...AND...

JOBBER ESTABLISHMENT,
Knight's Landing.

BEING PREPARED TO DO ALL kinds of House, Mill-work bolt making, and heavy work of every description.

Reapers and Thrashers Repaired.

All kinds of work of the above description done at moderate prices, with neatness and dispatch.

Horses shod on the shortest notice.
C. O. COPP,
jly19-tf Mill street, opposite the Mill.

E. & C. CRUHLER.

COLUMBUS BREWERY,
Corner of C and 16th streets,
Sacramento.

LAGER of the FINEST QUALITY may be obtained in any quantity at this well known establishment and at the DEPOT—

Gruhier's Saloon,
Sixth street, between J and K streets.

Orders from the Country promptly attended to. nov9-tf

JOHN M. MILLIKIN. T. J. MILLIKIN.

MILLIKIN BROS.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND IMPORTERS and dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Liquors, etc.
No. 165 J street, between 6th and 7th,
n30-tf SACRAMENTO.

TAKE NOTICE!

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!
—AND—
POSTS,
Of all kinds, can be obtained at the

KNIGHT'S LANDING LUMBER YARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED a Lumber Yard at the above place, is now prepared to sell all kinds of Posts and Lumber at the same price as furnished in Sacramento.

The facilities I have for furnishing Lumber at the prices, is accounted for by my having my own steamer and barges.

I would call the attention of those wanting Lumber or Posts, to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

CAPT. TRUEWORTHY,
n30-tf Knight's Landing.

FRED. MORSE, M. D.,

AND SURGEON,
Union Hotel Building, Knight's Landing, Yolo County.

WHERE A SO WILL BE KEPT FOR SALE,

DRUGS,

PATENT

MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET WARE, &c.,
During Office Hours, which will be from 6 to 12 o'clock a. m., and from 4 to 9 o'clock p. m.

IF ELEVEN years of successful practice of my profession entitles me to the confidence of the afflicted, I shall expect to secure the same.
nov15-ly

FRED. MORSE, M. D.

IMPROVED FARMS TO LET OR SELL

GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO EMIGRANTS AND FARMERS!!

THE undersigned has several Thousand Acres of Land to Lease or Rent to parties wishing to cultivate. The land is of the richest and most fertile in the Sacramento Valley, and produces the finest crops of wheat, barley and oats in Yolo county. The land is all under good board fence, and it will be let in quantities to suit.

All improvements put on the land by cultivators or renters, will be taken at their appraised valuation at the expiration of the term of the lease.

The land will be rented at a cash rent of \$3 00 per acre per annum, or one-fourth of the crop, at the option of the renter, with the reserved privilege of buying at an agreed price.

Parties wishing to make division fences, the lumber will be furnished free for the purpose.

When parties Rent the land, the pasturage is reserved after the crops are secured.

For further particulars, apply on the premises to
JEROME C. DAVIS,
Putah Creek
S. W. RAVELEY, Agent,
Knight's Landing. nov1-tf

FARMS FOR SALE!

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, OFFER FOR sale, in tracts to suit purchasers, Sixteen Thousand acres of land, lying in Cache Creek Canon, Yolo county, being a part of the Rancho Canada De Capay.

Terms of sale—One-third cash, one-third in one year, one-third in two years, with interest at the rate of one per cent. per month. Title perfect or no sale.

The above is of the most fertile and productive grain and grass lands in the State, and superior to any for the culture of the grape and other fruit. We have a vineyard of 35,000 vines, and orchard of about 3,000 fruit trees, which show themselves the superiority of the locality for such purposes.

For further particulars, apply to KELLY, MOTT & CO., 148 J street, Sacramento, or on the Ranch of
nov1-tf

ARNOLD & GILLIG.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!

THE undersigned having, in addition to his other business, opened a Wholesale Liquor Store at Knight's Landing, is now prepared to furnish traders and dealers, generally, with the Best

WINES AND LIQUORS

In Cases or by the Bottle, that can be found in the San Francisco market. Having made permanent arrangements, customers can be assured that all orders will be promptly attended to.

All goods sold warranted, or the money returned.
S. W. RAVELEY,
Opposite Boat Landing, Knight's Landing.

N. B.—I pay Cash for goods, and only sell for Cash.

BAKER & HAMILTON,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Farming Implements & Machines,
J STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND 2D,
SACRAMENTO.

VIZ: Threshing, reaping and mowing machines; horse hay rakes, cast and steel plows, plow castings, cultivators, harrows, harrow teeth, churns, cheese presses, grain cradles, seed covers, corn planters, corn shells, hoes, horse hoes, shovels, spades and trowels, garden shears, reels and lines, garden rakes, straw cutters, sugar mills, fan mills, hay and manure forks, hay knives, axes, buckets, ax-handles, sickles, scythes, snathes, bush scythes, road scrapers, grind stones, wheel barrows, sausage cutters and stuffers, ox yokes and bows, patent bow pins, budding and pruning knives, well wheels and buckets, etc., etc.

PATENT COMBINED GANG PLOW,

SEED SOWER AND HARROW.

We have purchased the right this great labor-saving implement for the State of California, and are having a number made in the Atlantic States for this market.

With this combined Machine one man, with six horses, can do the work of three twelve inch plows, besides sowing the grain, and harrowing it in as he proceeds, thus finishing his work in the best manner possible, without being obliged to travel over the plowed ground. This Machine was very thoroughly tested by the farmers of Santa Clara county, where some eighty are now in use; also, by the Messrs. Hensel & Kethley, of this county, and Messrs. Hoppin Brothers, near Cacheville, Yolo county.

It is made very substantial; is not liable to get out of order, and being on large truck wheels, the Gang Plow, Seed Sower and Harrow, runs lighter than three plows would, cutting the same amount of land.

We are desirous of having these plows generally introduced throughout the State, and are therefore prepared to offer very favorable inducements to farmers and the trade. The following are some of the names of our customers who have used them for the past two seasons:

Sacramento county—Hensel & Kethley.
Yolo county—Hoppin Brothers, L M Curtis, Galeh Davis, C Travers, A J Scroggins.
Sutter county—M Boulware, A L Chandler.
Colusa county—James Timothy, J Crouch.
Butte county—Major J Bidwell.
Placer county—E Miles.

...ALSO...

Field, Grass, Herd, Flower

AND GARDEN SEEDS

A large portion of which are imported by Express, and selected by experienced Seedsmen in the East, packed in hermetically sealed cases, and guaranteed.

Hand and horse Hay Presses made to order.
nov22-3m

Toilet Articles,

TO which the attention of the Ladies is invited. Just received and for sale at
Raveley's.

174,500

BRICK FOR SALE, LOW.

Apply to
J. & J. W. BALDWIN,
MERCHANTS,
Knight's Landing.
Nov. 7, 1861. nov9-tf

Wagon and Harness

FOR sale cheap for cash. Apply at
Raveley's,
Knight's Landing.

1862. 1862.

HATS! CAPS! HATS!

JUST RECEIVED, FROM Europe and the Eastern States, by

LAMOTT,
HATTER

A Large and Magnificent Lot of New Styles of **SOFT AND STRAW HATS,** ALL OF WHICH WILL BE Sold at Prices Lower than any House in the State.

The Stock Comprises the Following:
The Zephyr Hat, the Canton Hat, the Jeddoh the Dunatable Hat, the Panama Hat, the Maricao Hat the Fayar Hat, the Leghorn Hat, the Princeton Hat, the Peruvian Hat—both soft and stiff—the Cassimere Hat—both soft and stiff, of different shapes and color,—the Blue, White, and Drab Beaver—Dress style; the Otter, Seal and Nova Scotia Stock Hat; the Black, Drab, Pearl and Brown Stage Hat.

SOFT HATS, OF

BEAVER, WHITE,

NULRIA, BLACK,

RUSSIA, BROWN,