

# PHILOSOPHICAL TRANSACTIONS.

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June 21. 1669.

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## The Contents.

*The Generation of an Hyperbolical Cylia-droid demonstrated, and the Application thereof for Grinding Hyperbolical Glasses hinted at. Experiments lately made concerning the Motion of the Sap in Trees. An Extract of a Letter lately written from Vienna, about Damps in the Mines of Hungary, and their Effects. A Chronological Accomp't of the severall Eruptions of Mount Ætnæ. A Relation concerning a Woman, not long since open'd at Paris, having a double Matrix. An Accomp't of 4 Books I. THOMÆ HOBBES Quadratura Circuli, Cubatio Sphære, Duplicatio Cubi, Confutata à IO-HANNE WALLIS &c. II. HISTORIA GERAL DE ETHIOPIA A ALTA; Pelo Padre BALTHASAR TELLES &c. III. AN HISTORICAL ESSAY, Endeavouring to make it Probable, that the LANGUAGE of CHINA is the PRIMITIVE Language; by IOHN WEBB Esquire. IV. AN EXAMEN of the way of TEACHING THE LATIN TONGUE by Use alone.*

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## Generatio

**Corporis Cylindroidis Hyperbolici, elaborandis Lentibus Hyperbolicis accommodati, Auth. Christophoro Wren L L D. et Regiorum Ædificiorum Præfecto, nec non Soc. Regiæ Sodali.**

**S**int (in Fig. I.) Hyperbela opposite D B, EC, quorum Axis transversus est B C, Centrum A, et una ex Asymptosis G P; item per Centrum fit OM dñeia ad angulos rectos ipsi B C.  
Tunc Quare

Quare si circumducantur Hyperbola circa Axin  $OM$ , manifestum est, ex ea revolutione generari corpus Cylindroides Hyperbolicum cuius Bases sectionesque Basi parallelae sunt Circuli. Dico insuper, si idem corpus secetur per Asymptoton  $GP$ , erit sectio Parallelogrammum.

Secetur per Axin transversum sectione circulari  $BNC$ ; item per  $O$  et  $M$  in Circulos aequales & equaliter a Centro distantes; item per Axin in figuram Geometricam cuius semissis est  $BDEC$ , in cuius plano erit Asymptota  $GP$ , per quam ad rectos angulos planum  $BDE$  secetur in piano  $FHP$ ; jungantur denique  $HO$ .

Quoniam Triangulum  $OGH$  est Rectangulum, Ergo Quadratum  $OH$  sive  $OD$  minus Quadrato  $OG$  est aequale Quadrato  $GH$ : et quoniam  $DO$  parallela est ipsi  $BA$ , et Asymptota secat in  $G$ , erit (ex proprietatibus Hyperbola, que in Conicis demonstrantur) Quadratum  $OG$  una cum Quadrato  $AB$  aequale Quadrato  $OD$ , b.e. Quadratum  $OD$  minus Quadrato  $OG$  aequale Quadrato  $AB$  sive Quadrato  $AN$ . Ergo Quadratum  $GH$  aequale est Quadrato  $AN$ . Quare  $GH$  et  $AN$  aequalia sunt et sunt ad angulos rectos ipsi  $GA$ ; idemque demonstratur de omnibus aliis sectionibus Basi parallelis. Quare Cylindroides Hyperbolica sit secatur per Asymptoton in Parallelogrammum. q. e. d.

### C rollarium

Hinc patet, in superficie Cylindroidis, quamvis e duplice flexura constet, rellas nibilominus innumeratas duci posse: Patet etiam, aliam esse hujus Corporis generationem, nimis ex revolutione Parallelogrammi circa Axin manente angulo ad Axin aequali  $GAO$ , vel denique manente Linea Generatrice  $HK$  immobili, et massam volubilem formante aut secante. Et si acies Dolabri acutissima et rectissima ita disponatur ad Axin, sicut se habet Linea Generatrix, rotante interim Mampure, manifestum est, Torno tam accuratas posse elaborari Hyperbolas quam Circulos, cum nihil aliud requiratur ad formandam Cylindroidem quam ad Cylindrum, nisi quid in Cylindris acies dolabri est Axi parallela, hic vero inclinata. Itaque notandum est, pro Inclinatione Anguli  $GAO$ . variari speciem Hyperbola; aderque facilis accommodatar ad datam Hyperbolam quam ut demonstratione opus habeat: At si manente angulo Generatrix magis ad Centrum accedat, exsurgit inde minor Hyperbola, sed prirri prorsus similis.

Ex hoc Principio fabrificari jara curavit ingeniosissimus Author Machinam, simplicitate sua perquam commendabilem, cuius beneficio lentes elaborentur Hyperbolice. Illius descriptionem vna cum Icone brevi nos etiam edituras speramus

Fig. II.

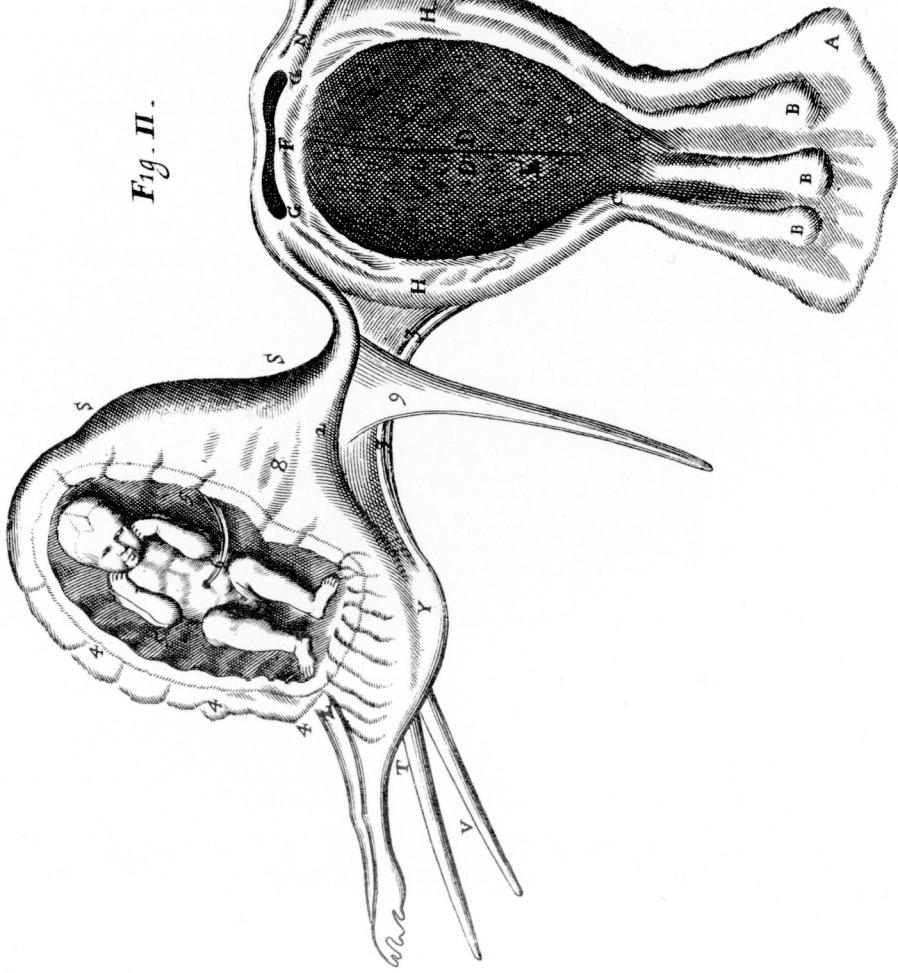


Fig. I

