

TODAY and
TOMORROW

U.S. Territorial Ambition

BRITAIN and America are claiming to be champions of democracy and freedom, but it is the Americans that have made more noise about international justice and postwar ideals. Influential American officials and public leaders from the very first year of the Greater East Asia war have bitterly condemned the British Empire system. It almost seemed as if America was going to force Britain to give freedom and independence to all her colonies and possessions.

America is as greedy for territories as Britain if not more. But in order to bully Britain successfully, America had to totally conceal her territorial ambition and speak only of economic exploitation. In the past two years only newspapermen and unofficial commentators discussed the problem of America's territorial expansion. Walter Lippmann and Colonel Macormick are well-known advocates of a vast empire for America.

However it was Roosevelt's cunning policy that there should be no more than these mere hunts of America's imperialistic designs. Occasionally, even American Senators urged the occupation of new territories but Roosevelt so manoeuvred that it appeared America was in no hurry nor even eager to acquire territories. In the Senate and in the Congress and in public speeches, influential Americans and Government officials discussed only America's commercial, industrial and economic exploitation of other nations, never did they speak definitely about plans and schemes of territorial expansion.

A latest report states that Sumner Welles and several other prominent Americans have organised a movement to further American territorial expansion. In a joint press letter, these Americans refer to a speech in New York by Oliver Stanley, the British Colonial Secretary, about a month ago. Stanley urged the abolition of Mandates in the Administration of Colonies. The Americans say they are in perfect agreement with the British point of view and they say, then let us annex all our Mandated territories.

Mandatory Administration is enslavement of a nation with the consent of rival powers, or as the Anglo-Americans would say, under international agreement. Now Britain and America do not bother about such international agreements or League of Nations mandates. They want to annex territories directly. Well, with their final destruction drawing near the Anglo-Americans are showing their true war aims.

UNITY

FAITH

SACRIFICE

AZAD HIND

161 & 163, Cecil St., Syonan.

ENGLISH EDITION

Tel. Nos. 3491 & 3492 Ext. 7

Vol. 2.—No. 42.

Organ of the Indian Independence League Headquarters.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 2605, SYOWA 20

7 Cents

BLOODY WAR CONTINUING FOR MANILA

War Situation In Eastern & Northern Luzon Zones Remains Unchanged

A Nippon Base in the Philippines, February 18 (Domei)—On the Luzon front no noteworthy changes have taken place in the battle situation in the eastern and northern sectors of the central Luzon plains, while in Manila the battle for the city flames unabated. Nippon defenders in a week of street fighting since February 3 when the enemy penetrated the city have confirmedly inflicted 2,708 casualties on United States invasion forces and also damaged or set ablaze a total of 26 tanks and seven armoured cars, and damaged 19 cannons. Our forces, although outnumbered, are securely holding the frontal line along the shore area south of the Pasig River and also the United States McKinley army barracks.

In the northern sector of the central Luzon plains Nippon forces maintain a frontal line extending from east of Damortis to east of Santo Tomas through San Manuel. Employing close-range infiltrating assaults, Imperial defenders are exacting heavy American losses. The enemy at Damortis has become so fearful of Nippon onslaughts that he has been forced on the defensive behind barbed wire entanglements.

In the Clarke field sector where the Americans have been attacking, on a full scale, Nippon positions west of Bamban, Imperial defenders between February 5 and 10 inflicted over 3,000 casualties on the Americans through furious counter-thrusts, in addition to disabling three enemy tanks.

10 Foe Super Forts Downed Over Tokyo

Tokyo, February 19 (Domei)—Approximately 10 Mariana-based enemy B-29 heavy bombers invaded the skies over the Nippon mainland this afternoon, February 19, their main strength attacking Tokyo and its environs, Dai Honyei announced at 5.30 p.m. today. Up to 4 p.m. ten enemy aircraft were definitely known to have been shot down by our interception units the announcement added. The announcement follows: "About 100 B-29's invaded the skies over the Nippon mainland this afternoon, February 19, and their main strength attacked the Capital and its environs. Although war results scored by our interception units are being investigated, it is definitely known up to 4 p.m. that ten enemy aircraft were shot down."



Furious Fighting On Bataan Peninsula & Corregidor Island

Tokyo, Feb. 19 (Domei)—Dai Honyei in a communique issued at 2.30 p.m. today announced as follows:

"Firstly, our powerful units on February 14 advanced from the sector east of Manila City to the side and rear of a powerful enemy force which was attacking this city, and in co-operation with our units garrisoning the city are engaged in heavy fighting with enemy forces.

"Secondly, part of enemy forces on February 15 landed in the vicinity of the southern tip of Bataan Peninsula, while on February 16 part of enemy forces landed on Corregidor Island. Enemy forces are being reinforced.

HEAVY TOLL EXACTED FROM IWOJIMA INVASION FORCES

A Nippon Base, February 19 (Domei)—Nippon garrisons on Iwojima are now fighting heroically, exacting a heavy toll from enemy forces which commenced landing operations early this morning. Prior to the commencement of landing operations an enemy task force operating around Iwojima on February 18 fiercely shelled and bombed Nippon positions, while between 6 a.m. and 5 p.m. two enemy battleships in waters south of the island began bombarding Nippon positions.

Meanwhile several enemy cruisers approached the southern shore of the island and commenced bombardment. Other enemy cruisers continued shelling the western and north-western sectors of the island. In concert with the bombard-

U-Boats Wreak Havoc On Anti-Axis Convoy

Berlin, Feb. 18 (Domei)—In a sensational combined assault against an anti-Axis convoy bound for Murmansk, German U-boats and torpedo-bombers have sunk 11 fully-laden Soviet vessels totalling 71,500 tons and six escorting destroyers, it was disclosed today.

Two other anti-Axis transports of 14,000 tons, a light cruiser and another escort craft have been

GANDHIJI FLAYS RUTHLESS EXPLOITATION OF INDIA FOR BRITAIN'S IMPERIAL WAR

Wanton Raid On A.H.F. Hospital To Be Avenged

Rangoon, Feb. 17 (Domei)—Aroused by the inhuman, senseless bombing of the Azad Hind Fauj hospital during the daylight terror raid by Anglo-American raiders against Rangoon on February 11 causing many deaths and injuries among patients, prominent Rangoon Indians at a meeting held the same night decided to collect 20 million Rupees by February 21 for the construction of a new hospital, replacing the one wantonly destroyed by the enemy.

Meanwhile, a second meeting held on February 13 which was attended by Netaji, decided to form a "Vengeance Committee" for the purpose of raising a sum within a week, when Netaji assured that the entire Indian populace is determined to exert every effort to wreak vengeance on the Anglo-Americans in solid support of the Azad Hind Government and Indian National Army.

Our units intercepted the enemy and heavy fighting is now in progress."

Winston Churchill Dubbed Enemy No. 1 Of India's Demand For Freedom

Lisbon, Feb. 18 (Domei)—Mahatma Gandhi, in a statement issued in Wardha today, strongly criticized Britain's ruthless exploitation of India in the prosecution of the war against the Axis powers, according to a Wardha message.

"If things go on as they are doing in India, the victory of the Allies in this war will be only so-called because they will have India and other nations bleeding at their feet," he said.

He added that such a so-called victory can only lead to another bloodier war.

Lisbon, February 18 (Domei)—Dr. Prem, member of the Executive Committee of the Birmingham Indian Association, speaking in response to a toast at the Association's annual luncheon today, declared that in his opinion, and in the opinion of millions of Indians, British Prime Minister Winston Churchill is "enemy No. 1", according to a Birmingham dispatch.

As for Secretary of State for India Leopold S. Amery, Dr. Prem said, many also consider him to be "notorious". He further charged that there were many British soldiers, naval men, and airmen who had done much damage to Anglo-Indian relationship and there were also many British reactionaries who have tried to put India down altogether.

Replying to a toast "the land we live in", Dr. Prem stated with all frankness that Indian residents in Britain were not proud of the land of their residence. He mentioned the colour bar and racial inequality in Britain, and said a comparatively few Britishers were working to bring about real friendly relationship between India and Britain.

Deadly War Shortages Ahead Of U.S. Forces

Lisbon, February 19 (Domei)—War Secretary Henry Stimson, in a radio broadcast urging the enactment of the "Work or Fight" Bill in Congress, warned that "deadly war shortages are looming ahead of United States forces and we dare not delay the war work law any longer," a Reuter's New York dispatch said.

Stimson said, "Our infantry will run short of its necessary replacement if the places of young men of military age and fitness now working in essential war jobs cannot promptly be filled by available men who are older or not physically capable of fighting."

The Bill affects men between 18 and 45 years of age who have been deferred from military service for various reasons.

French Nation Agog Over Leakage Of Information

Lisbon, February 18 (Domei)—Harold King, Reuter's correspondent in Paris, reported here today a considerable sensation has been caused among the highest French quarters by the leakage of the report that General Charles de Gaulle, Head of the French Provisional Government, has declined to go to Algiers to meet American President Roosevelt.

Although French Government quarters earlier evaded inquiries, officials close to de Gaulle have now admitted that an invitation had been received from Roosevelt but had not been accepted, he said. He added that the leakage is regarded in responsible quarters as a breach of faith.

When giving the invitation to de Gaulle, American Ambassador in Paris Caffery at the same time handed over a highly secret memorandum from Roosevelt containing the decisions of the Yalta Conference. Caffery is understood to have requested that the invitation as well as the memorandum should be treated as absolutely confidential.

King said that French authorities are all the more indignant about the leakage because they do not feel that their position has been gravely prejudiced by the premature one-sided publication. A high official of the French Foreign Office this morning is said to have called on the United States Ambassador and protested vigorously against American criticism of the French Government.

S.S.A. Soccer & Amateur Teams To Tour Upcountry

Syonan, Feb. 19 (Domei)—In order to further promote goodwill between Syonan and other cities in South and Central Malai by means of healthy sport, the Syonan Sports Association is organizing another tour of upcountry towns by its soccer, hockey and amateur boxing team, to be conducted shortly.

According to preliminary plans revealed on Saturday by Mr. Mamoru Shinozaki, Honorary Adviser to the Association, the teams will visit Malacca, Seremban and Kuala Lumpur, and in addition will also pay comfort visits to the agricultural settlements of New Syonan and Fuji Village.

It may be recalled the S.S.A. made its first upcountry tour over a year ago, when its soccer and hockey teams visited Malacca, Seremban, Kuala Lumpur, Penang and Ipoh and brought back numerous trophies won in the various towns. In September last, an amateur boxing team of the Association made a comfort tour of the farming colonies of New Syonan and Fuji Village.

Council To Control Thai Wartime Economy

Bangkok, Feb. 19 (Domei)—The Thai Government has established an Economic Council comprising 16 members who are selected from among civilian experts to manage the country's wartime economy.

It will be recalled that the Government, in August last year, organized the Economic Committee made up of government officials connected with the economic problem, with the Prime Minister as its president. However, in order to strengthen the economy, the Committee was dissolved in favour of the new Council.

Anti-Axis Thrusts On West & Eastern Fronts Collapse

Berlin, Feb. 18 (Domei)—Marshal Koniev's aim during the past 24 hours was to rip open the German front between the Streigau-Bober river and the Sagan area but however it failed as the Germans succeeded in elastic fighting to smash the Soviet spearheads and to close gaps which had been temporarily created. The Soviets continued their break-through attempts between the Bober and Queiss rivers but were also checked there. Numerous Soviet tanks and guns were destroyed in fighting in this area.

A hard battle is also raging south of Breslau with the Soviets repeatedly attacking along the line of Strehlen and Kanth in an attempt to force a breach in the Breslau defences. These attacks were repelled, the German High Command announced. Grim fighting also continued in the sectors between Bunzlau on the Bober and on the Queiss as well as farther north between Sorau and Sagan. At the Bober-Oder confluence south-west of the town of Crossen, fierce fighting is in progress on the western bank of the Bober River. One Soviet division caught by a German flanking manoeuvre was practically annihilated.

Marshal Zhukov's forces concentrated east of Berlin between Kuestrin and Furstenberg have not yet started their expected offensive. Aside from local thrusts of weaker Soviet forces which were repelled, no operations were reported yesterday from this area.

In south Pomerania enemy positions were pierced in an attack and prisoners taken, the German communique stated. In East Prussia attempts by the Soviets to split up their front in the existing focal point were frustrated also yesterday with the destruction of 38 Soviet tanks.

On the Western Front Canadian infantry and tank formations attacking under the strongest fire protection, broke down despite renewed reinforcements north-east of Goch, in the fire of German weapons. On the Sauer River German troops held the battlefield against American thrusts.

Part of the United States Seventh Army launched an attack yesterday against the German bridgehead south of Saarbruecken and fighting is at present going on fiercely on either side of Forbach. In the Larochele area the Germans threw the enemy out of one sector.

Anglo-American terror fliers yesterday raided the Rhine-Main territory and south-west Germany causing damage to residential quarters of Frankfurt-on-the-Main. Retaliation fire on London continued, the German High Command announced.

German I-Man Torpedo Attack On Foe Convoy

Lisbon, February 17 (Domei)—Marshal Joseph Tito's Headquarters in Yugoslavia yesterday disclosed that four German one-man torpedocraft suddenly slipped into the Yugoslav port of Split and launched an attack against an anti-Axis transport convoy at anchorage, according to a London dispatch. The communique failed to mention the losses, however.

Americans Face Greatest Trial In U.S. History

Lisbon, February 17 (Domei)—Revealing that the American people are facing the greatest trial and suffering experienced so far in their history, the Associated Press today reported here the following figures to indicate the magnitude of the current war as compared with World War 1 and the corresponding strain it has thrust upon the American people.

American casualties so far in the current war, are estimated at 779,180, more than double the United States' total personnel losses during World War 1 which amounted to 364,800, the dispatch said. It gave the following contrasting figures:

Present war—169,046 killed, 449,160 wounded, 60,030 prisoners and 100,944 missing; World War 1—126,000 killed; 234,300 wounded and 4,500 missing or prisoners.

Since the outbreak of the war to date, the Americans, the Agency further pointed out, have gone through 1,168 days of war, or more than double the 548 war days of World War 1.

Meantime, while the United States called up a total of 4,355,000 men during World War 1, the War Department announced on February 2 that the Army alone already has mobilized 3,100,000 men and sent 5,100,000 of them overseas.

The Associated Press also stressed that whereas the United States fought in a relatively

Foe Encounters Big Opposition In Bougainville

Lisbon, February 18 (Domei)—Nippon forces in the Northern part of Bougainville are offering tough opposition to Australian troops and casualties being incurred by the Australians are "not light," according to a dispatch filed by an anti-Axis correspondent with the Australian forces.

Citing an instance of Nippon resistance, the correspondent said that a ding-dong battle recently took place for the possession of one of the ridges in Northern Bougainville.

Driving up sheer slopes studded with machinegun nests, Australian troops, the correspondent said, managed after a day-long battle to reach the top of the ridge held by Nippon forces but were forced to "withdraw under a vicious hail of machine-gun fire."

Nippon forces were reported to be holding their positions with suicidal determination and it seems that nothing but a bloody battle is in store for the possession of the ridge, which is just one of a number of strongly defended Nippon positions in Northern Bougainville.

The correspondent indicated that the Australians are destined to incur increasing casualties in the battles which lie ahead.

restricted zone during World War 1, its theatre of operations today has extended to all parts of the globe.

Mass Meeting And Historic Drama To Mark Azad Hind Day Tomorrow

The Provisional Government of Azad Hind Day falls tomorrow and Indians in Syonan in common with other parts of East Asia will observe the day in a fitting manner.

The day will be marked by a mass meeting of Indians at the Syonan Branch of the Indian Independence League tomorrow evening at 6 o'clock when speeches will be delivered on the significance of the day and resolutions will be passed reaffirming loyalty to the Provisional Government of Azad Hind and reiterating every support to the struggle for India's freedom.

A special feature of the programme which gives added interest to the day's observance is the staging by the Balak Sena leaders of a drama (following the meeting at the League premises) depicting the life of the Indian martyr, Udham

Singh, who shot dead Sir Michael O'Dwyer, the ex-Governor of Punjab, at a meeting of the Indian Association in Caxton Hall, London, on March 13, 1940, to avenge the Jallianwallah Bagh atrocities perpetrated by Sir Michael during his governorship in 1921.

It will be recalled that a number of others including Lord Zetland, the then Secretary of State for India, Sir Louis Dane, former Lieutenant Governor of Punjab, and Lord Lamington, a former Governor of Bombay, all of whom were attending the meeting, also received minor injuries.

Udham Singh, who was tried for murder and sentenced to death, was hanged on June 13.

All Indians are requested to attend the meeting, and at the same time to hoist the tri-colour flag, side by side, with the Hinomaru tomorrow.

Red Army Commander Killed In East Prussia

Lisbon, February 19 (Domei)—Moscow Radio early today reported the death of General Ivan Chernyakovsky, one of the most brilliant Red Army commanders who led the northern spearhead of the Soviet drive into East Prussia. Chernyakovsky was said to have died of severe wounds received on the field of battle. Only 37 years old, Chernyakovsky was the youngest Red Army group commander in the current war.

Stettinius To Confer With Brazilian Premier

Lisbon, Feb. 18 (Domei)—United States Secretary of State Edward Stettinius, Jr., arrived in Rio de Janeiro today from the scene of the "Big Three" Conference at Yalta en route to Mexico City, where he will participate in the Inter-American Conference, according to a Rio de Janeiro dispatch. He is expected to confer with Brazilian President Getulio Vargas before leaving the Brazilian capital.

Sports Association To Enrol Women Members

Syonan, Feb. 19 (Domei)—With the city's women fast coming to the forefront of Oueline fighters, the Syonan Sports Association has decided to extend its membership enrolment to women of all communities residing here.

This was revealed on Saturday at a tea-party given to Council members of the Association and members of the "Special Forward Service Corps" by Mr. Mamoru Shinozaki, Honorary Adviser to the organization, who declared this step has been taken to encourage the women of Syonan to come forward in ever greater numbers and participate in home front work.

The Syonan Sports Association has hitherto restricted its membership to men, the membership to date standing well over 3,000.

Balloon Bomb Attacks On America Admitted

Lisbon, Feb. 18 (Domei)—A dispatch from a neutral source in the United States today reported that the United States authorities have officially admitted that Nipponese balloon missiles have been causing forest and other fires in several parts of the United States in connection with Tokyo's disclosure of new balloon raids on the American mainland.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation is understood to have issued a warning to Americans residing especially in the western part of the United States against balloons carrying high explosives and incendiaries.

SYONAN TOKUBETSU-SI NOTICE No. 8.

Re: Enrolment of students for the Syonan Tokubetu-si Sihan Gakko (Normal School) for the year Syowa 20.

Particulars for the enrolment of students to the above school are as follows:—

1. Number of Students:—For the First Year of the Regular Course about 30 students irrespective of sex.
2. Eligibility:—Youths under the age of 18 who are graduates of public schools or whose education is of an equal or higher standard.
3. Period of Study:—3 years commencing from 1st April.
4. Tuition Fees:—Nil.
5. Allowances:—For students living out, an allowance of \$20 per month, and for students living in dormitories \$10 per month will be paid.

6. Dormitories:—Unless for special circumstances, all male students will reside in the school's dormitories. Girl students will be accommodated in dormitories only if their guardians so desire.

7. Treatment:—Wearing apparel and school necessities will be supplied in kind during the course. Free board will be provided for dormitory students.

8. Application:—(a) Date: Applications will be received up to February 25th. (b) Place: Sihan Gakko, Bras Basah Road. (c) Application Forms: obtainable at the school.

9. Entrance Examination:—(a) Date: At 10 a.m. on March 1st Showa 20. (b) Place: Sihan Gakko, Bras Basah Road.

10. Subjects of Examination:—(a) Set subjects: (i) Mathematics (graduation standard of public schools); (ii) Nippon-go. (b) Oral Test. (c) Physical examination.

11. Announcement of Results:—(a) Date: At 11 a.m. on March 10th Showa 20. (b) Place: Sihan Gakko, Bras Basah Road.

HOUSE WANTED

An Indian Gentleman wants to rent a compound house or a flat with or without furniture in any locality. Good compensation. Replies to Indo-Sinbun Sha, 161, Cecil St., Syonan.