

Name : Kaname Toyoda
 Date of Birth : 1. August, 1911.
 Permanent Address : No. 1238, Miyoshi-village, Shuso-district,
 Ehime Prefecture.
 Present Address : Gomen, Nagaoka-district, Kochi Prefecture.

6. March, 1929 : Graduated from the Ehime Prefectural Imabaru
 Middle School.

27. March, 1934 : Graduated from the Veterinary Practical Course
 of Agricultural Faculty of Tokyo Imperial
 University.

25. November, 1936: Assistant-engineer of agriculture and forestry,
 Chiba Prefecture.
 Granted salary ¥ 52.00.
 Assistant-engineer, Mineoka Breeding Domestic
 Animals Station, Chiba Prefecture.

1. March, 1937 : Given charge of the Registration Certification
 Committee.

30. June, 1938 : Salary No. 8.
 15. April, 1939 : Assistant-engineer, Kochi Prefecture.
 Salary No. 7.
 Served in the Agricultural Products Section,
 Economy Department.

10. May, 1939 : Inspector of Bulls.

15. January, 1940 : Given charge of the Registration Committee on
 oxen for meat and labor use.

31. March, 1940 : Salary ¥ 70.00
 30. September, 1940: Salary ¥ 72.00
 1. February, 1941 : The Examining Committee for Domestic Animals
 Traders.

31. March, 1941 : Salary No. 6.

1. July, 1941 : The Appreciating Committee for horses and oxen.

21. November, 1941: The Epidemic Prevention Committee for domestic
 animals.

30. September, 1942: Salary No. 5.

8. December, 1943.: Given charge of Assistant-engineer, Agricultural
 Association, Kochi Prefecture.

31. March, 1944 : Salary No. 4.

1. May, 1944 : Given charge of the Registration Certification
 Committee.

1. April, 1946. : Appointed Prefectural Technician (3rd grade)
 in accordance with the Imperial Ordinance No. 193.

Name : Sumio Oyama

Date of Birth : 31, March, 1919

Permanent Address: No. i-619, Higashi-morogi, Morogi-village, Agawa-district, Kochi Prefecture

Present Address : do.

March, 1937 : Graduated from the Kochi Prefectural Kainan Middle School

April, 1939 : Entered the preparatory course of Keijo Imperial University

April, 1942 : Entered the medical faculty of Keijo Imperial University

March, 1945 : Graduated from the medical Faculty of Keijo Imperial University

April, 1945 : Entered the Military Surgeon School

August, 1945 : Left school because the above-mentioned school was abolished

31, March, 1946 : Appointed the Epidemic Prevention Doctor Granted Salary No. 3
Served in the Sanitary Section, Home Affairs Department

Name : Hyobu Machida
Date of Birth : 30, November, 1885
Permanent Address: No. 119, Murotsu, Muroto-town, Aki-district, Kochi Prefecture
Present Address. : No. 138, Shinyashiki, Kochi City, Kochi Prefecture
30, March, 1913 : Graduated from the private Azabu Veterinary and Live Stock School
1, April, 1932 : Assistant-engineer, Domestic Animals Insurance Association and Live Stock Association, Aki-district
7, November, 1938: Resigned the above-mentioned Assistant-engineer
7, November, 1938: Sanitary Assistant-engineer, Kochi Prefecture
Served in the Oshino Police-station, Akaoka Police-station, and Yamada Police-station
Epidemic Prevention Committee of domestic animals
1, October, 1941 : Served in the Sanitary Section, Police Department, Kochi Prefecture, and in addition Kochi Police-station, Minato Police-station, and Takaoka Police-station
31, March, 1942 : Salary ¥72.00
30, September, 1942: Salary No. 6
31, March, 1944 : Salary No. 5
31, March, 1946 : Salary No. 4
1, April, 1946 : Prefectural Technician (3rd grade) in accordance with the Imperial Ordinance No. 193

TO: Lt Stein
Public Health Section,
Kagawa Military Government Team

2 Oct 1948

Takamatsu city is going to hold an exhibition from Mar. 20 to May 20 1949, supported by Kagawa ken Govt and is anxious to have a support and assistance by the local Mil Govt in respect to the following items, as a special health hall will be erected.

1. To secure several films (16M.M.) pertaining to health
2. To display medical instruments, machineries, drugs and so on which are considered to be better than those of Japanese.
3. Explanation of difference between U. S. A and Japan on sanitary and medical equipments.
4. Items helpful to promote the public health of Japan.

And all other items which will be helpful to the health education.

Dr. Iwase
Chief of Health Dept
Takamatsu city

Make a new file called
"TAKAMATSU Exhibition"

March 20 - May 20 1949.

Please this in it.

IGNATIUS J. STEIN
1st. Lt. M.C.
Public Health Officer

ORGANIZATION OF THE WELFARE AND PUBLIC HEALTH
DEPARTMENT CONFERENCE

1. Business Bureau:

Chief of Welfare and Public Health Dept
Yuichi Iwase (Chief of P.H. Dept, Takamatsu)

Assistant chief of the same
Wataru Takagi (Chief of P.M. Sec, Takamatsu)

Non-official Staff
Hiroshi Hara

2. Executive Committee:

Chairman, Welfare & P. Health Dept committee
Kaoru Oyama (Member of city assembly)

Member, Welfare & P. Health Dept committee
Iwao Yamaji (Member of city assembly)

Member, Welfare & P. Health Dept committee
Yutaka Noguchi (Member of city assembly)

3. Advisers from Outside:

Makoto Omori (Chief, Ken Health Dept)
Saburo Kiguchi (Prest, Kagawa Medical Assn)
Yoshio Harada (" Takamatsu Medical Assn)
Ryuhei Suwa (" Kagawa Dental ")
Hiroshi Kambara (" " Pharmacists' ")
Toshikazu Inoue (" Takamatsu " ")

Councillers from Outside:

Shoroku Uehara (Chief, Takamatsu H.C.)
Rinzo Inoue (" Ken Medical Affairs Sec)
Shigeki Tada (" " Public Health Sec)
Yutaka Hamada (" " Prev. Medicine Sec)
Eihi Ishizuka (" Shikoku R. W. P. Health Sec)
Kimataro Usuki (Director, Kagawa Pharmaceutical K.K.)
Takusuke Akuta (Vice Prest Kagawa Dental Assn)

ESTIMATED CONTENTS & SETUPS OF PUBLIC HEALTH HALL

Classification	Minute Classification	Methods of Display
1. Designated C.D		
a. Course of Infection	11 varieties Particular	Pictures (Wax Models)
b. Forms of Disease Germs	11 kinds Dates of Discoverers	Pictures or Wax models
c. Statistics	Cases & Deathrate (each State)	Chart
d. Immunization	Explanation of Regulation	Chart or Explanation
2. T. B.		
a. Statistics	Death Rate (for each state) Death Rate (By Age, Japan) Death Rate	Graph " "
b. Disinfecting	Resistance of Germs Difference between infection and onset of disease Meaning of Tuberculin Reaction " of B.C.G. Inoculation	Picture " " "
c. Treatment	Wrong treatment Meaning of Pneumothorax Methods of Curing	Picture " "
3. V. D.		
a. Statistics	Number of Cases & Rate (By variety, Japan)	Explanation
b. Prevention Actual Means Reason to be dreaded	Explanation of Preventive Regulation	Play
c. Variety	Forms of Disease Germs	Wax Models
4. Dental Hygiene		
5. Nutrition		
a. Calory	Comparison by Weights " by Prices	Picture
b. Digestion	Comparison by hours to get through stomach	Displayed in test tubes
c. Cooking	Loss Rates of Calories & Vitamins	Graph

6. Woman Hygiene		
a. Mens	Common sense for Mens	
b. Pregnancy	Clothing, Food and Living quarters for pregnant women Mens, Pregnancy & Inomb	Models
c. Delivery	Items to be remembered for delivery	
d. Eugenic Law		
7. Infant's Hygiene		
a. Diseases	Unusual Stools	Wax Models
8. Public Health	Public Health Law Morality on Sanitation	
9. Health Consultation Center	Blood Pressure Test, Fees collected Sputum Test, " Measuring Lung Capacity, " " Gripping Power, "	
10. Others	Process of Penicillin Manufacturing Atomic Microscope Films on Sanitation	Actual or Model Setup Actual Object

CONTENTS AND EQUIPMENTS
OF HEALTH HALL FOR TAKAMATSU EXHIBITION

I Food Sanitation

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Front of entrance | Panorama with Explanation |
| 2. Nature and quantity of food. | Explanation and Specimen |
| 3. What is health food. | Explanation |
| 4. What is economic food. | " |
| 5. Harm caused from defect in food. | " |
| 6. C.D. caused from food. | Light installation, Model of night-soil. |
| 7. Parasite disease from food. | Actual model with explanation. |
| 8. Poison of food. | Explanation with illustration. |
| 9. Discrimination of leading food. | Model Specimen & Explanation with illustration |
| 10. Cooking management. | Explanation & the objecting |
| 11. Main food for baby. | The object & explanation. |
| 12. Food sanitation Law. | Explanation. |

II V.D.

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Syphilis | Explanation with illustration |
| 2. Gonorrhoea | Model specimen and explanation |
| 3. Chancroid | Explanation with illustration |
| 4. The fourth V.D. | Explanation with illustration |
| 5. Course of infection | Diorama |
| 6. VD Preventive Law | Explanation |

III Pregnancy & Nursing Baby

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Discrimination between Male & femal. | Explanation |
| 2. Conception | Explanation with illustration |
| 3. Knowledge of pregnancy | " |
| 4. Nursing baby | Cubical explanation with illustration |
| 5. Main child disease | Model Specimen & Explanation with illustration |

Medicine and foodstuff display relating to the pregnancy and nursing baby.

IIII. Test eating room for nutritious food

1. Subject: Indicate of the value of nutrition for the drink and food which is cook upon the reasonable cooking method, on supply food to be increased the impression.
2. Method : Display every kind of drink and food with the expression of the value of nutrition and price.
(Included the food which can supply at the hall)
3. Kinds of the object.
Drink, Confectionary, Fruit, Simple dish.

V. Puppet Play.

1. Purpose: The display of health hall to be the impression.
2. Scenano: Subject matter mainly relate to the display at halth hall.
3. Direction: Recorded with possibility and use
(one round about 30 minutes)
4. Installation: To make simple stage and the size of drawing about 3 feet square.
5. Budget: ¥20,000

IGNATIUS J. STEIN
 PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICER

Chief of Takamatsu Health Center
 28 March 1949

SUBJECT: Food and environmental sanitation control program in and out-
 sides of the exhibition ground.

TO : Public Health Section
 Kagawa Military Government Team.

I hereby report for your reference about the above mentioned
 program which will be carried out thoroughly.

1. The objectives of the control:

The food handlers and environment of inside and outside of the ex-
 hibition ground.

2. Points of surveillance:

- a. To draw up a map of the arrangement of the stores concerning food.
- b. Guidance and control to put up dust and fly proof arrangement.
- c. Guidance and control for kitchens and containers of utensiles.
- d. Guidance and control for handling of eating utensiles.
- e. Guidance in health thought of workers in food establishments.
- f. To inspect whether they have business licenses and health
 certificates or not.
- g. To inspect whether they sprinkle water or not.
- h. Guidance and control on garbage boxes and disposition of trash
 and garbage.
- i. Guidance and control on taking care of latrines.
- j. Guidance and control cleanliness in general.

3. Activities of inspectors:

Squad	Food inspectors	Sanitary inspectors
No. 1	Kitahara	Urushiwara
No. 2	Yamashita	Matsumoto

No. 3	Bessho	Izumi
No. 4	Kubo	Mori

As the above table shows each squad is consisted of one food inspector and one sanitary inspector and has to be stationed by turn every day at the designated area for surveillance which is now under operation. Moreover, they have the exhibition ground sanitary inspection dairy and keep records of all what were instructed and guided today to be turned over to the tomorrow's squad so that it can reinspect them.

Chief of Takamatsu Health Center
1 March 1949

SUBJECT: To carry out sanitary training course and health examination to those concerning food stuff in the exhibition ground and in this health center district (including all the workers).

TO : Public Health Section
Kagawa Military Government Team

With the exhibition which is going to be opened soon in object, having been specially instructed by the chief of the Kagawa ken Health Dept., I am going to carry out Sanitary Training Courses and Health Examination based on a program to prevent food poisoning and communicable diseases as the following schedule. I cordially invite some one of your members to attend the Training Courses to give lectures.

1. Training course and Health examination for each business and their time and place

Businesses	Date	Time for Training course	Time for Health Examination	Place
Those concerning food in the exhibition ground & workers.	7 Mar.	From: 1000 To : 1200	From: 1300 To : 1600	Takamatsu Health Center
Those concerning shaved ice, ice-cream, candy & Waffles & workers.	8, Mar.	Do	Do	Do
Those concerning hotels & the houses & workers.	9 Mar.	Do	Do	Do
Those concerning confectioneries, Bread & Fish-loaves, & workers	10. Mar.	Do	Do	Do
Eating house operators, Stall merchants, Food stuff dealers, & workers	11. Mar.	Do	Do	Do
Milk Plant operators, Cake & pastry dealers & Butchers, food dealers	12. Mar.	Do	Do	Do

2. Lectures:

Officer in charge of Public Health, Kagawa Military Government Team
Chief of a member of ken Public Health Section, Director, Chief clerk and a member of Takamatsu Health Center.

3. Training course certificate and health certificate.

Certificates will be given to those who took the training course and health certificates also will be given to those who past the physical examination.

4. After the training course inspection will be made whether they have the certificates or not and whether they are carrying out what was told them to do at the training course or not.

N.B.

- a. Attendants of the training course will bring notebooks and lunch.
- b. They are requested to bring their stool samples (as large as plum) of the day when they attend the training course.

If it is impossible to attend all of the Lecture, please try to attend on the first day without fail.

(Message from Takamatsu Health Center Saturday morning)

Films

Justification

FILM & EQUIPMENT EXCHANGE
HEADQUARTERS
KOBÉ BASE
APO 317

9 June 1947

SUBJECT: Training Film, Overdue

TO: Commanding Officer
Hq Rhine Mil Govt Team
APO 317
Attn: Lt. William E. Lawrence

1. On 20 May 47, this office sent the following training films to your Headquarters on temporary loan basis, to be returned to this office on or before 30 May 47.

TF 8-999 The Fly
Misc 1003 Know for Sure

2. Subject films have not been returned to this office, and therefore some reservations were cancelled inevitably.

3. It is requested that the films be returned to this office without further delay.

TOM R. SIMMONS
Captain, Sig C
OIG. F & EE

SHIKOKU MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 317, U.S. ARMY

20 June 1947

SUBJECT: Training Film, Overdue
TO : Film & Equipment Exchange
Headquarters Kobe Base, APO 317, U.S. Army
THROUGH: Commanding Officer, Shikoku Military Government
Region, Hqs & Hqs Detachment, APO 317.

1. Reference letter your office dated 9 June 1947, subject as above, training films listed were returned to Shikoku Military Government Region Hqs & Hqs Detachment on 29 May 1947. A receipt from that organization dated 30 May 1947 is held by this unit.

2. Further check with Shikoku Military Government Region reveals that subject training films were shipped from that organization 17 June 1947.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ROBERT M. RUDOLPH
Captain, OMC
Adjutant

FILMS, INSTRUCTION

V.I.D.

TF 8-1238	Sex Hygiene	OK. for 1st showing	24 min
8-1423	Easy to get		22 "
Misc 942	Fight Syphilis (Preventive Methods)		19 "
Misc 944 Misc 1003	The Magic Bullet (Chemical Therapy)		31
	Know for Sure		22 "
MC 1001	Health is Victory (Story of the fight against Gonorrhoea)		20
FB 195	DDT - Weapon against Disease		13
TF 8-155	Personal Hygiene		36
TF 8-999	The Fly		16
TF 8-1000	The Louse		20
TF 8-1288	Louse - Borne Diseases	OK	19
TF 8-2096	Dental Health		
	Malaria		
TF 8-953	Malaria - Cause & Control		25
TF 1-3343	Malaria Discipline		35
Misc 157	Winged Scourge (Technicolor Disney)		10
Misc 1035	Private Snafu in Malaria Control		5

Misc 1046	Silent Battle	30
MN 3762A	Byron's Malaria	11
FS 8-64	Control of Insect- Borne Diseases.	

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 4160 \text{ 45} \\ \hline 20815000 \\ \hline 150 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

15 gal.

School lunch program begins 1 Jan⁴⁷
 Committee (like PTA) will prepare and
 distribute food. Food to be di-
 verted - fish meal, powdered milk,
 wheat-rice. There will be a bulk
 distribution from Agriculture and
 Welfare Ministries. Committees organized
 by Education Ministry. Powdered
 milk is only importation and is a
 contribution from American religious
 groups at cost \$1,000,000 per month.

Supply — Col. Riordan.
 Japs should take care of own supply
 problems. Production handled from
 national level. Controlled by Secret
 for Ministry. After production supplies
 handled by Distribution Control
 board. Plan based on population.
 Moved into prefectural control Co.
 (Ask what is Medicines Distributing
 Company in Prefecture.)

At present 201 medicines are controlled, 6 items surgical dressings and 9 items rubber goods.

Non-controlled items handled thru ordinary commercial outlets.

Welfare Ministry can tell where these supplies are available (X-ray film, microscopes, instruments etc)

Control Co. develops pref-
factual plan for allocating to hospitals, doctors etc. Supplies may have to be expedited - Company may have to inventory stock - often don't know what they have. All army-navy reserves may now be distributed.

Public Health Supplies:

VD control

Insect + rodent control

Vaccines etc.

Health Ministry notifies prefectures of allocations from various sources.

If inspection hasn't been notified, should be at once. Health Section submits requirements, then orders & pays for supplies. M.G. does not pay for these supplies. Health section responsible ^{to get money} after supplies come must be properly stored. May use commercial concern which is under strict control.

M.G. Health office's responsibility is over-all supervision -

U.S. produced supplies: Used only to supplement Japanese supplies. Adequate supplies are here. Used on discrete and urgent basis.

M.G. Health office determine requirements in area, order sufficiently in advance for need. In requisition, tell why supply needed. Supply points ~~are~~ (civilian supply) are places where requisitions are submitted. Determine

where supply point is and know people personally.

When issued to Japs. agency always get receipt - submit 2 copies to SCAP (there is an operational directive on this.)

No priorities are being assigned by M.G. for mfg of DDT - done by the Japs. Japs not to mfg DDT of less than 10% strength - not to be packaged in containers of less than 10 lbs. (This is because Jap. govt ~~is to~~ immediately buy stock) This was not a S.C.A.P. directive but an order of Welfare Ministry.

Penicillin - production started. at present, sale prohibited in vial of less than 30,000 units. All penicillin mfg reported to Central Research Lab. in Tokyo and can't be sold unless it passes test there. All vials must

Have lot number and pamphlet of
direction. Manufacturer must be
able to show certificate of approval
for ~~certain~~ each lot number.

Should be no shortage of
vaccine except Typhus - Only 100,000
cc. ~~was~~ produced last month.

Hand dusters and spraying
equipment are plentiful.

It is the responsibility of
Jap govt to furnish all these
supplies. Japs must cover for all
national employed by M.G.
May have to set up dispensary -
Instructions to be issued as to
this.

Narcotics - Before occupation there
was practically no control over
narcotics - what control there was
was very loose. Growth, mfg &
exportation is prohibited. All im-
ported under SCAP authority. All crude

Stocks were confiscated by Occupation
authorities & is still under their control.
Narcotics of all types confiscated from
Military & Navy stocks - All heroin
confiscated. Heroin not authorized
at all. Narcotic regulations drawn
up 19 Jun 46 - parallels Harrison
Narcotic Act. Narcotics now in
hands of designated wholesalers.
Must keep separate inventory of
Military narcotics. Dealers licenses
annually - to be renewed in Dec.
Doctors, dentists etc, purchase from
local dealers.

M.G. office should check ^{Narcotic} ~~control~~
section of Sanitary Commission. Should
be 9 people.

Transfer of excess narcotic stocks -
Any stock in excess 6-8 mos. will
be turned back to local wholesaler.

Circ. 37/1

300 2cc vials Typhus Vaccine (Yokohama)
6000 lbs DDT

See Circular 37-1 (?) for handling &
receipts for supplies turned over
to Japanese

Scopin - 40/1 - ~~unlabeled~~

Certain materials are temporarily
frozen (Typhus vaccine and DDT)

Typhus	46
	<u>50</u>

Penicillin 40,000 U 9 2 h x 4
Sulfathiazol 1 gm 2 4 h x 4 days for 5 days -

Meprobren .04 gm 2X weekly 1 - 10 + 15-24th weeks
Bismar 130 mgm 1X weekly 1 - 14th weeks
18 - 24th weeks -

Hospital should be designated
for treatment of Jap. civilians.
Should be a dispensary run by
Japs.

Epidemic diseases must be reported by most expedient method to G.H.Q. directly. Suspected cases should be reported - clinical findings enough - of confirmed or non-confirmed report this.

If 1:80 or 1:100 level - 7 day accepted as positive. Serial test recommended. Not may not be diagnostic until 7th day - should use markedly - 9-10 days. At least 2 tests and probably 3 should be done. Reaction maximum 3rd week - Disappearance 6 weeks - 6 mo.

Complement fixation test is more specific. No good if person has had typhus before. Remains positive.

APO 500 (P)

Col. ~~Samuel~~

Maj. S. Edsall
 Chief Internal Affairs Div
 Mil. Govt Section
 A.P.O. 343 Inter-island

Narcotic Control -

No labor unions to be mixed in welfare work.

Japanese doctors - 1st class + 2nd class.

2nd class med. schools to be abolished.

2nd class had 2 yrs prep. + 2 yrs didactic lectures. No internships. Now must have

2 yrs pre-med - 70% lab. + clinical work in med. school. Internships now required.

Also must take exam. to practice.

Short courses in public health and
 p. h. nursing now established as an
 emergency measure.

Establishment of permanent training
 school in prefecture for sanitary techni-
 cians.

Hospital Administration - All hospitals
 must be open to all civilians.

No hospitals used exclusively for
 veterans. To be treated as civilians
 & not to be given preferential tr.

1 National Hospital

2 Prefectural "

3 City "

4. Medical R. Corporation - gov't

5. Nat'l Health Assn. Hosp. - gov't

Should be no private hospitals in Japan. #7 2nd class Dr. cannot treat pt. in hospitals under Jap. law. These are to be given privileges because he has been treating pts in 10 bed dispensary (allowed by law) where pt gets inadequate treatment.

Vet. Affairs -

Vital Statistics - Japan has had no system in the past. Now established and must be checked on. Nutritional Surveys -

Epidemiology and Comm. Diseases
Major Bousland

Comm. disease reports should be in
on Monday - out on Tuesday.

From now on V.D. reports out the
same time.

Immunization & imm. records.

Should estab. & maintain adequate
imm. records on all people im-
munized.

Before occup. there were 10 reportable
diseases in Japan. Now there are 15.

Chancroid, g.c., syphilis, malaria,
encephalitis added to original -

Typhus Fever

30,000 cases at peak of last epidemic.
Fatality rate 10%.

Small Pox.

17,000 cases last year. Before war
all children 1 yr & 15 yrs vaccinated.

Neglected during war.

Procedure to be followed.

report

contact tracing

isolate

vaccination

supervision of vacc. techniques

- Diphtheria -

Progressive increase since 1937 -
27000 → 90,000 cases. Immunization
carried out before war, neglected
during war. 70% cases + 90% deaths
in children 10 yrs + under.

Program calls for immunization
of all 10 yrs + under. Unable
to carry out program last summer
because of inadequate amt. vaccine.
Should have been done this fall.
Peak usually in November.

Japs have been using toxin-antitoxin.
Now using toxoid. All children being
done 5 Schick testing. Maintenance
program calls for Schick testing.

Typhoid Fever

Contact + carrier tracing important.

Dysentery -

Majority is Bacillary. Very little Amebic.
Infant dysentery usually bacillary also.
No immunizations. Control difficult.

Scarlet fever & epid. meningitis also reportable. Not a major public health hazard, but should be watched.

Cholera - none in Japan at present time. Brought in by repatriates - mostly via illegal entry. Total number cases in last outbreak was 1200.

Plague - Can be brought in by repatriates. No cases yet.

Malaria - 20,000 cases this year. 90% recurrent. Not serious at present time.

B-encephalitis - epidemic was expected this year - did not occur. Total of 164 cases reported - 1 case confirmed!

Sanitation - Mr. Turner.
Scapin 920. Check up on insect and rodent control officer. Be certain he reports.

Watch waste disposal, sewage disposal. Encourage public toilet houses — if necessary give priority for fuel. 90% of people use public toilet houses. Adequate sewage disposal not possible in Japan for many years.

Materials for control ~~measures~~ requisitioned only when not possible to obtain from Japanese sources.

^{Control}
Typhus — Lt. Gephardt

Delousing

pick lice off.

iron seams of clothing on any heat application.

keep hair short or keep hair oiled.

DDT

When suspect case reported, treat as typhus until proven otherwise.

Confirmed case — Weil-Felix or autopsy

Control measures

Focal delousing — in home and adjacent homes. Illusting

includes all persons, all clothing
in house, all bedding.
Focal vaccinations - up to 200 people.

Zone delousing and vaccination, includes
larger areas.

Meeting teams
Case finding " } needed
Vaccinated "

Case finding teams

1. Doctor

2. Nurses - one to two

discuss case, report case, isolate pt.
quarantine home.

Meeting teams

1. Doctor

2. Health officer

3. Policeman

4. Nurses.

No police to be used on these teams -

Seminar -

Sanitary Team - 1 per 5000 population
 6 man team - used the year round
 for insect & rodent control also.

V.D. Bulletin 97

Federal Security Agency
 U.S. Public Health Service

The diagnosis of gonorrhoea in women.

Directives -

V.D. is classified as a communicable and
 quarantenable disease.

Directive 775 - Japs must provide
 treatment, food etc ~~also~~ for indigent
 persons. Social workers determine
 who can pay - Must buy if not on hand.

If unable to find qualified VD man
 report to ^{Dr. Elkin} Col ~~Sains~~ - will attempt to raise
 salary of job.

94% of all prefederal funds come from
 Finance Ministry - Tokyo.

Hospitals or ClinicsMedicines

Matsuyama Health Center

Mapharsen, Bismuth

National Hospital

Mapharsen, Bismuth
Sulfathiazole Peni-
cillinMedical Treatment Cor-
poration Hospital, MatsuyamaMapharsen, Bismuth
Sulfathiazole

Red Cross Hospital

Mapharsen, Bismuth
Sulfathiazole

Dōgo V.D. Clinic

Mapharsen, Bismuth
Penicillin Sulfathiazole

Matsuyama Municipal Clinic

Mapharsen, Bismuth

Uwajima Health Center

Mapharsen, Bismuth

Uwajima Municipal Hospital

Mapharsen, Bismuth

Yoshida Town Hospital

Mapharsen, Bismuth

Uwajima V.D. Clinics

Mapharsen, Bismuth
Penicillin SulfathiazoleBranch Clinic of Medical
Treatment Corporation, Imabari

- " -

Mishima Health Center

- " -

Branch Clinic of Medical
Treatment Corporation, Mishima

- " -

Niihama Health Center

- " -

Beshi Hospital

- " -

Yawatahama Health Center

- " -

Yawatahama Municipal Hospital

- " -

Niyūgawa Health Center

- " -

Shūsō Hospital

- " -

Mishō Health Center

- " -

Branch Clinic of Medical
Treatment Corporation, Mishō

- " -

Hospitals or Clinics

Gunchū Health Center

Kuma Health Center

Ōzu Health Center

Nomura Health Center

Saijō Health Center

Unomachi Health Center

Iwamatsu Health Center

Matsuyama Brain Diseases
Hospital

Medicines

Mapharsen, Bismuth
Penicillin Sulfathiazole

- " -

- " -

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- " -

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29 October 1946

TO: Lt. Lawrence, Medical Officer of Ehime MG.

FROM: Dr. Akiyama, Chief of Public Health Section, Ehime Prefecture

SUBJECT: Summary of Public Health Activities in Ehime Prefecture

I Organizations engaged in "Early Discovery", medical treatment, and extermination.

DISEASE	EARLY DISCOVERY	MEDICAL TREATMENT	EXTERMINATION
Typhus	Police Health Center Neighbor's Association Health Union Doctor's Association	Hospital Public Isolation Hospital Medical Office	Health Section Health Center Police Station Health Union Purification Squad Doctor's Association
Cholera	Port Inspection Health Center Police Station Doctor's Association	Same as above	Same as above
Small Pox	Same as above	Same as Above	Same as above
Typhoid Fever	Police Station Health Centers Neighbor's Association Doctor's Association	Same as above	Same as above

II Preventative Measures Against Communicable Diseases

A. Typhus

1. Purification squads and "noxious insect extermination corporations" are organized throughout the prefecture. A squad with the same mission is set up in the Health Section and each member assumes responsibility for his part. Arrangements have been made for squad to commence work at any time.
2. Bacilli examination organizations are stationed in Hihama and Uwajima.

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3. All medical practitioners have been instructed to discover the patients as soon as possible.
4. DDT is spread around police cells, prisons, "Dess houses" and laborer's meeting places at regular intervals. Prison authorities have been instructed to give each new prisoner a physical examination
5. Every possible effort is made to obtain DDT for the control of typhus.
6. All persons coming from infected areas undergo physical examinations.
7. Information pertaining to the necessity of prevention and the early discovery of the disease ~~is~~ broadcasted over the radio and published in newspapers and other publications.

B. Cholera

1. "Cholera prevention squads" are dispatched to areas where cholera breaks out.
2. "Bacilli examination organizations".
 - a. Medical inspection of railways:
Kanonji station(Kagawa Ken) to Uwajima
 - b. Quarantine Ports:
Imabari
Horie
Takahama
Yawatahama
Uwajima
3. Immunization with anti cholera vaccine
4. Medical inspection of all persons and ships coming from infected areas.
5. Complete equipment of public isolation hospitals.
6. Mass education about cholera by radio, newspapers, and by public speeches.

C. Small Pox

1. Special attention is paid to discover all cases as soon as possible.
2. Medical examination of repatriates and demobilized service men from Manchuria, Korea, and China.
3. Vaccination of everybody in prefecture.
4. Complete equipment of isolation hospitals.

D. Typhoid Fever

1. Every possible effort is made to discover all cases as soon as possible.
2. "Purification Movement for the Extermination of Noxious Insects"
3. Medical inspections of restaurants.
4. Careful examination of former cases to determine whether or not they are carriers.
5. Inspection of water pipes.
6. Mass education by means of radio, newspapers, and pamphlets.

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III Countermeasures Against Agencies Causing the Spread of Communicable Diseases

A. Typhus

1. Active Organizations

Purification Squad

"Noxious Insect Extermination Corporation"

Sanitary Union

Health Centers

Police Stations

Prefectural Health Department

Doctor's Association

2. Drugs Used

Creosol

DDT

Formalins

3. Present and Prospective Program

a. Purification Squad

(1) Total No. to date 244

(2) Organization

(a) Early Discovery

Doctor 1

Nurses 1-2

Druggists 2

(b) Disinfestation

Police 1

Assistant 1

Insecticides are distributed at different houses at regular intervals irrespective of outbreak of disease.

(c) Immunization

Doctor 1

Nurses 1-2

Assistant 2

Because of the extreme shortage of DDT it is difficult to take thorough preventative measures.

B. Cholera

1. Active Organizations

Prefectural Health Department

Police Stations

Railway Quarantine Officers

Port Quarantine

Doctor's Association

2. Drugs

Creosol

Phenol

Mercuric Chloride Solution

Alcohol

Hydrochloric Acid

Chlorinated Lime

Formalin

3. Present and Prospective Program

a. Medical Examination of repatriates, ex-servicemen, and travellers from infected areas

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b. Medical inspection in quarantine ports - since 1 Sept. 1946

<u>Location</u>	<u>Organization in charge</u>
Imabari	Health Center & Police Station
Uwajima	" "
Yawatahama	" "
Horie	Prefectural Health Section & Police Station
Takahama	" "

c. In the event of an outbreak of Cholera aboard a ship, the responsible health center makes a list of all the travelers and a careful examination is made of them.

4. Countermeasures that should be taken against an anticipated occurrence of cholera.

- a. Thorough medical examination of repatriates and demobilized service men.
- b. Thorough immunizations.
- c. Mass education about cholera.

C. Small Pox

1. Organizations in charge of prevention and extermination.

Prefectural Health Section
Public Health Centers
Police Stations
Doctor's Association

2. Medicines used

Compound Solution of Creosol

3. Present and Prospective Program

- a. Medical examination of repatriates and demobilized servicemen, not only in the quarantine ports but also on the trains.
- b. Thorough vaccinations.
- c. Countermeasures that should be put into effect in the future.
 - (2) Early discovery of all cases.
 - (2) Universal vaccination.

D

D. Typhoid Fever

1. Active Organizations

Prefectural Health Section
Police Stations
Health Centers
Doctor's Association
Sanitary Union

2. Drugs Used.

Mercuric Chloride Solution
Creosol
Phenol
Formalin
Hydrochloric Acid

3. Present and Prospective Program.

- a. Purification Squad and "Noxious Insect Extermination Corporation".
- b. Immunization
- c. Mass sanitary education

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IV Medical Treatment Facilities in Prefecture

A. Physicians offices and Hospitals in Ehime Prefecture.

<u>Location</u>	<u>Hospitals</u>	<u>Physicians' Offices</u>
Matsuyama City	5	93
Imabari City	1	15
Uwajima City	1	24
Yawatahama City	2	21
Niihama City	1	15
Saijo City	2	22
Onsen Gun	3	55
Ochi Gun	1	51
Shuso Gun	1	28
Nii Gun	2	20
Uma Gun	1	31
Kamiukena Gun	0	15
Iyo Gun	1	28
Kita Gun	1	51
Nishiuwa Gun	3	33
Higashiuwa Gun	0	33
Minamauwa Gun	1	20
Kitauwa Gun	3	45

B. In compliance with the law, medical service is available in all schools. Medical perscription is prohibited, however, except in case of an emergency.

V Animal Disease Control

A. Organization

The Agricultural Department is in charge of prevention and extermination of communicable animal diseases with the exception of hydrophobia.

B. Slaughter Houses.

1. Organization

Police authorities are in charge of slaughter houses.

2. Location- Total number in prefecture is 10.

Matsutama

Kawanoe

Niihama

Imabari

Miyoshi

Ozu

Yawatahama

Nomura

Uwajima

Mishe

3. Sanitary Condition

The prefectural authorities once issued a prohibitive decree, forbidding the use of the slaughter houses at Niihama, Miyoshi, and Yawatahama, because of extreme filthyness in these places. The decree has now been removed.

C. Dairies

1. Procedure for Sterilization of Milk
Raw milk is heated for 20 minutes, until the temperature rises to over 95° C.
2. Countermeasures against existing unsanitary conditions.
 - a. The prefectural authorities issued an order to improve the sanitary conditions and to obtain more complete equipment.
 - b. Some dairy farms suffered calamity from the war.
 - (1) Repair work is progressing unfavorably because of shortage of materials.

VI Drinking Water And Brewery Regulations.

A. Breweries

1. Supervision of water supply.
The prefectural authorities have no plan in mind for the examination of water for brewing. However in accordance with the law regulating Sake and Beer, the prefectural authorities examine them thoroughly.

B. Water Service

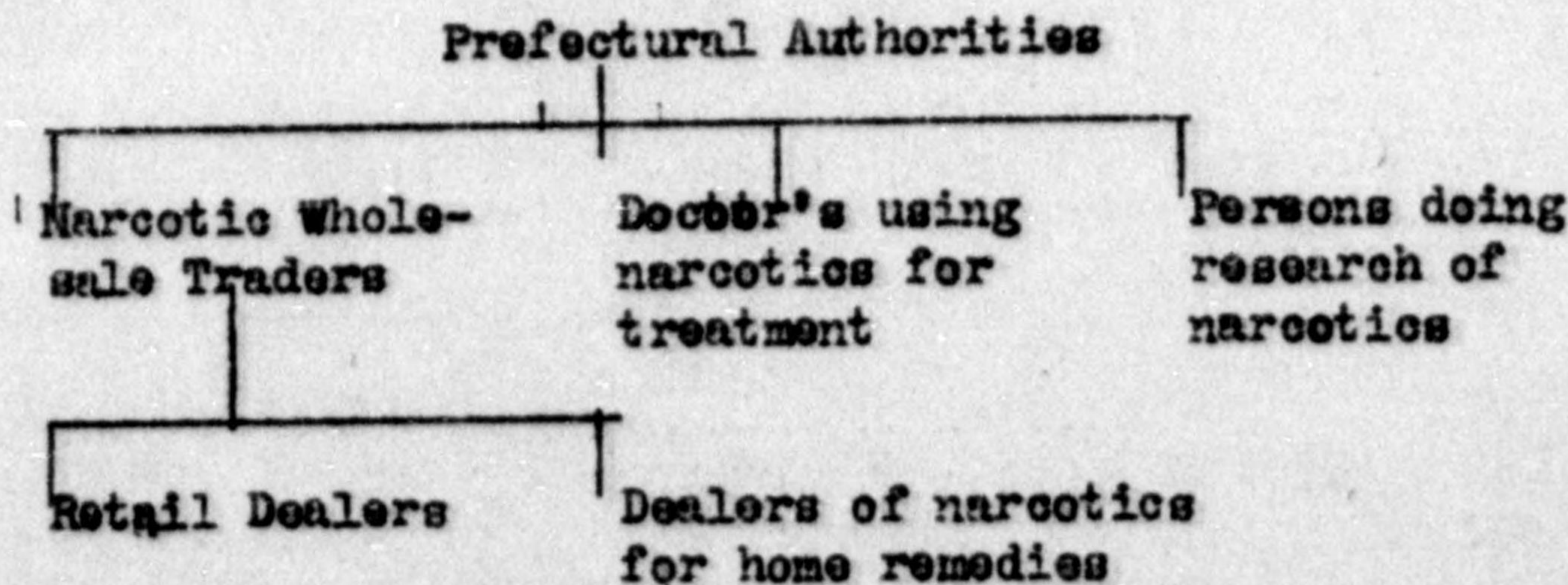
1. In this prefecture the majority of the people get their water from individual wells.
2. In the event of an outbreak of some communicable disease, the wells in the infected territory will undergo a medical inspection.
3. Sanitary care of water sources.
The supervisor of the water-tubes exercises supervision only in accordance with the voluntary will of the people.
4. Cities having water systems:

City	Condition of Systems
Dogo	No damage from war
Mitsuhamma	" " " "
Imabari	Source escaped from war damage
Uwajima	" " " " "

(Sterilisation equipment is damaged and at present it is impossible to obtain new equipment.)

VII Narcotics

A. System for control.



B. Wholesale Dealers

1. No. 236, Higashi Machi, Saijo K Kwabara.

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2. No. 8, 4th Street, Minato Machi, Matsuyama, Y. Ogura
3. No. 665 Ibuke-cho, Uwajima, A. Ninomiya

C. Other Persons Dealing With Narcotics.

Retail Dealers	59	Persons
Doctors	889	"
Home Remedy Dealers	201	"
Research	1	"

VIII Medical Supply Shortages

1. Anti-malarial drugs
2. Antifebrile
3. Drugs for pneumonia
4. Absorbent Cotton

IX Sanitary Control Of Tea Rooms And Restaurants

1. Same laws apply to both places
2. Prefectural are exercising close supervision in order to prevent methane poisoning.

X Public Bath Houses

The police board exercises strict control of the licensing of management, but sanitary control has not yet been put into practice. In view of the frequent outbreaks of typhus, beginning this spring, large amounts of DDT should be spread around the dressing rooms.

Public Health

List of villages and towns in
Ehime Ken

Scale map 1:250,000.

Aiji-mura	(760 - 1120)
Asenami-hara	(770 - 1210)
Awei-mura	(770 - 1200)
Awazu-mura	(750 - 1150)
Bwsshiya-mura	(830 - 1190)
Chikanaga-machi	(760 - 1110)
Doi-mura	(770 - 1130)
Ebara-mura	(770 - 1180)
Funagi-mura	(830 - 1190)
Futana-mura	(760 - 1120)
Fuzumine-mura	(780 - 1160)
Futaiwa-mura	(740 - 1140)
Futana-mura	(780 - 1160)
Gomyo-mura	(780 - 1200)
Gogoshima-mura	(760 - 1200)
Gojio-mura	(760 - 1160)
Gunchiyu-machi	(760 - 1180)
Habu-mura	(830 - 1210)
Hagata-mura	(790 - 1220)
Hakata-mura	(810 - 1230)
Haishi-mura	(780 - 1180)
Haramachi-mura	(770 - 1180)

Hashihama-mura	(790 - 1220)
Hataki-mura	(750 - 1160)
Hiburishima-mura	(720 - 1110)
Hidaka-mura	(790 - 1210)
Higashinaka jima-mura	(730 - 1210)
Higashisotoumi-mura	(750 - 1080)
Hiroketa-mura	(790 - 1160)
Hirano-mura	(740 - 1150)
Hirota-mura	(770 - 1170)
Hizikawa-mura	(760 - 1150)
Hizuchi-mura	(740 - 1150)
Hiyoshi-mura	(780 - 1130)
Hojio-machi	(770 - 1220)
Idai-mura	(760 - 1190)
Ikazaki-machi	(760 - 1150)
Ikota-mura	(730 - 1150)
Ikina-mura	(810 - 1240)
Imaberishi	(800 - 1220)
Ishii-mura	(770 - 1190)
Isotsu-mura	(730 - 1150)
Ippenmatsu-mura	(760 - 1030)
Iwaki-mura	(810 - 1240)
Iwaki-mura	(740 - 1140)
Iwamatsu-machi	(740 - 1100)
Iwane-mura	(800 - 1190)
Izumi-mura	(730 - 1160)
Izumi-mura	(760 - 1120)

Izumikawa-machi	(820 - 1200)
Jiohen-machi	(750 - 1080)
Kaburasaki-mura	(840 - 1200)
Kagami-mura	(800 - 1240)
Kameyama-mura	(800 - 1230)
Kameoka-mura	(780 - 1210)
Kamiasakura-mura	(790 - 1210)
Kamo-mura	(810 - 1190)
Kamibuna-machi	(850 - 1210)
Kamiyama-mura	(860 - 1200)
Kenbe-mura	(790 - 1210)
Kenada-mura	(850 - 1200)
Kawanoe-machi	(850 - 1210)
Kawataki-mura	(860 - 1200)
Kawakami-mura	(780 - 1180)
Kinsei-mura	(850 - 1210)
Kinsha-mura	(850 - 1200)
Kikuna-machi	(780 - 1210)
Kitayoshi-mura	(790 - 1180)
Kofuji-mura	(840 - 1200)
Komatsu-machi	(810 - 1200)
Kono-mura	(770 - 1200)
Konishi-mura	(790 - 1220)
Kozato-mura	(830 - 1200)
Kume-mura	(770 - 1190)
Kuniyasu-mura	(800 - 1200)
Kaminada-mura	(760 - 1170)

Kamisukai-mura	(740 - 1160)
Kanmatsuna-mura	(700 - 1140)
Karie-mura	(740 - 1100)
Kawakami-mura	(800 - 1160)
Kawanoishi-machi	(750 - 1170)
Kaifuki-mura	(760 - 1140)
Kewase-mura	(790 - 1160)
Kitayamasaki-mura	(760 - 1180)
Kitaiyo-mura	(770 - 1180)
Kitenada-mura	(740 - 1100)
Kisakata-mura	(740 - 1180)
Kiyomitsu-mura	(750 - 1100)
Konobuchi-mura	(730 - 1110)
Kono-mura	(750 - 1110)
Kisuki-mura	(730 - 1150)
Kuna-machi	(760 - 1170)
Kushiu-mura	(740 - 1160)
Kuwe-mura	(780 - 1210)
Kusukawa-mura	(800 - 1200)
Machimi-mura	(720 - 1140)
Mana-mura	(730 - 1130)
Maseki-machi	(760 - 1180)
Masecka-mura	(770 - 1210)
Metsumaru-machi	(760 - 1120)
Matsuyama-shi	(770 - 1190)
Menderi-mura	(850 - 1210)

Midorisozu-mura	(750 - 1090)
Minamiyoshi-mura	(790 - 1180)
Minamiyamasaki-mura	(770 - 1170)
Minamiyo-mura	(770 - 1180)
Minamikume-mura	(750 - 1140)
Mikasa-machi	(730 - 1130)
Minaki-mura	(750 - 1100)
Mima-mura	(750 - 1180)
Mishime-mura	(750 - 1130)
Mishime-machi	(850 - 1200)
Misaki-mura	(700 - 1140)
Mishima-mura	(770 - 1120)
Mishio-machi	(750 - 1080)
Misogi-mura	(760 - 1150)
Mitsuho-mura	(760 - 1160)
Miuchi-mura	(790 - 1130)
Miura-mura	(740 - 1110)
Mitsukue-mura	(710 - 1140)
Miyoshi-mura	(800 - 1200)
Miyoshimura	(750 - 1150)
Miyanoura-mura	(730 - 1130)
Miyakubo-mura	(800 - 1230)
Miyuchi-mura	(730 - 1150)
Moriguchi-mura	(800 - 1240)
Mutsuno-mura	(760 - 1200)
Nagahama-machi	(740 - 1160)

Nagatsu-mura	(84 ⁰ - 1200)
Nakagawa-mura	(790 - 1190)
Nakagawa-mura	(740 - 1130)
Nakabegi-machi	(820 - 1200)
Nakasuji-mura	(750 - 1140)
Narutae-mura	(75 ⁰ - 1120)
Nakatsu-mura	(790 - 1160)
Nakayama-mura	(760 - 1170)
Nanbe-mura	(780 - 1210)
Nibukawa-mura	(790 - 1210)
Niihama-shi	(820 - 1200)
Nikiyu-mura	(730 - 1130)
Ninba-mura	(750 - 1120)
Nishihakata-mura	(800 - 1230)
Nishinaka jima-mura	(750 - 1210)
Niia-mura	(750 - 1150)
Nishisotoumi-mura	(740 - 1080)
Noma-mura	(790 - 1220)
Nomura-machi	(760 - 1130)
Nyugawa-machi	(800 - 1200)
Odemachi-mura	(770 - 1160)
Oruki-mura	(810 - 1120)
Okada-mura	(760 - 1180)
Okawa-mura	(750 - 1140)
Okayama-mura	(790 - 1230)
Okuna-mura	(740 - 1120)

Ōi-mura	(790 - 1220)
Onogo-mura	(800 - 1170)
Ono-mura	(770 - 1190)
Ōshima-mura	(830 - 1210)
Ōse-mura	(770 - 1160)
Ōyama-mura	(800 - 1230)
Ōzu-machi	(750 - 1150)
Ojyoin-mura	(820 - 1190)
Ryuoka-mura	(780 - 1200)
Saijo-shi	(810 - 1200)
Sakamoto-mura	(780 - 1180)
Sekigawa-mura	(830 - 1200)
Sakurai-mura	(800 - 1210)
Sakuragi-mura	(790 - 1190)
Sangawa-mura	(780 - 1160)
Sangawa-mura	(850 - 1200)
Sakizen-mura	(780 - 1230)
Senzokuyama-mura	(800 - 1180)
Setosaki-mura	(800 - 1240)
Shionai-mura	(800 - 1200)
Shimizu-mura	(750 - 1120)
Shimozasakura-mura	(790 - 1210)
Shinritsu-mura	(860 - 1200)
Shinagawa-mura	(800 - 1170)
Shiufu-mura	(800 - 1200)
Shimonada-mura	(750 - 1170)

Shimonade-mura	(740 - 1090)
Shimouwa-mura	(750 - 1130)
Saredani-mura	(770 - 1170)
Shirataki-mura	(740 - 1160)
Shitaba-mura	(740 - 1110)
Sugeta-mura	(750 - 1150)
Sumino-machi	(820 - 1200)
Tada-mura	(750 - 1140)
Tachikawa-mura	(760 - 1160)
Techima-mura	(750 - 1130)
Takamitsu-mura	(750 - 1120)
Takagawa-mura	(780 - 1130)
Takoyama-mura	(730 - 1130)
Takahama-mura	(830 - 1200)
Tado-mura	(770 - 1160)
Tamatsu-mura	(810 - 1200)
Tanbara-machi	(800 - 1200)
Tano-mura	(800 - 1190)
Tanisuji-mura	(750 - 1140)
Tanosuji-mura	(740 - 1140)
Tataiwa-mura	(780 - 1200)
Tenna-mura	(830 - 1210)
Tenjin-mura	(860 - 1150)
Tawarazu-mura	(740 - 1130)
Tobe-machi	(770 - 1170)
Tokuta-mura	(790 - 1200)

Tomita-mura	(800 - 1210)
Tomisato-mura	(840 - 1190)
Toshima-mura	(730 - 1110)
Toyooka-mura	(840 - 1200)
Tsukura-mura	(800 - 1230)
Uchiko-machi	(760 - 1150)
Uchimi-mura	(740 - 1090)
Uonashi-mura	(760 - 1130)
Uojima-mura	(830 - 1230)
Uwa-machi	(740 - 1130)
Uwajima-shi	(750 - 1110)
Uwatabana-shi	(730 - 1140)
Yamato-mura	(740 - 1150)
Yanadani-mura	(730 - 1150)
Yanagisawa-mura	(760 - 1160)
Yodo-mura	(760 - 1190)
Yokobayashi-mura	(760 - 1140)
Yoshioke-mura	(800 - 1200)
Yoshii-mura	(800 - 1200)
Yoshida-machi	(750 - 1120)
Yoshifuji-mura	(760 - 1120)
Yoshinobu-mura	(760 - 1110)
Yotsuhama-mura	(710 - 1140)
Yuge-mura	(810 - 1240)
Yunoyama-mura	(770 - 1190)

Yusugawa-mura

(770 - 1140)

Yuzu-mura

(730 - 1110)

LT LAWRENCE

List of village and town in
Ehime-ken

Scale map 1:250,000.

Aiji-mura	132° 40' E	33° 28' N
Asanani-mura	132° 45' E	34° 00' N
Awai-mura	132° 45' E	33° 55' N
Awazu-mura	132° 30' E	35° 00' N
Besshiya-mura	133° 25' E	33° 50' N
Chikanaga-machi	132° 35' E	33° 15' N
Doura-mura	133° 5' E	33° 35' N
Doi-mura	133° 25' E	33° 55' N
Ebara-mura	132° 50' E	33° 45' N
Funaki-mura	133° 20' E	33° 55' N
Futana-mura	133° 35' E	34° 00' N
Fuzumine-mura	132° 50' E	33° 40' N
Futaiwa-mura	132° 25' E	33° 25' N
Futana-mura	132° 35' E	33° 15' N
Gomyo-mura	132° 50' E	33° 55' N
Gogoshima-mura	132° 40' E	33° 55' N
Gojio-mura	132° 45' E	33° 35' N
✓ Gunchiyu-machi	132° 40' E	33° 45' N
Habu-mura	133° 20' E	34° 00' N
Hagata-mura	132° 55' E	34° 15' N
Hakata-mura	133° 20' E	34° 10' N
Haishi-mura	132° 50' E	33° 45' N

Haramachi-mura	132° 45' N	33° 45' E
Hashihama-mura	132° 55' N	34° 05' E
Hataji-mura	132° 28' N	33° 00' E
Hiburishima-mura	132° 15' N	33° 10' E
Hidaka-mura	132° 50' N	34° 00' E
Higashinakajima-mura	132° 28' N	33° 55' E
Higashisotoumi-mura	132° 30' N	33° 55' E
Hirakata-mura	132° 55' N	33° 55' E
Hirano-mura	132° 25' N	33° 25' E
Hirota-mura	133° 48' N	33° 40' E
Hizikawa-mura	132° 40' N	33° 30' E
Hizuchi-mura	132° 25' N	33° 30' E
Hiyoshi-mura	132° 45' N	33° 20' E
Hojio-machi	132° 46' N	34° 00' E
Idai-mura	132° 50' N	33° 50' E
Ikazaki-machi	132° 38' N	33° 35' E
Ikata-mura	132° 20' N	33° 30' E
Ikina-mura	133° 18' N	34° 15' E
Imabarishi	132° 55' N	34° 00' E
Ishii-mura	132° 45' N	33° 50' E
Isuya-mura	132° 20' N	33° 30' E
Itsuponmatsu-mura	132° 35' N	32° 55' E
Iwaki-mura	133° 8' N	34° 15' E
Iwaki-mura	132° 25' N	33° 25' E
Iwamatsu-machi	132° 25' N	33° 05' E
Iwane-mura	132° 5' N	33° 50' E

Izumi-mura	132° 40' N	33° 30' E
Izumi-mura	132° 40' N	33° 15' E
Izumikawa-machi	132° 30' N	33° 35' E
Jiohen-machi	132° 30' N	32° 55' E
Kaburasaki-mura	133° 25' N	33° 55' E
Kagami-mura	132° 58' N	34° 15' E
Kameyama-mura	133° 05' N	34° 05' E
Kameoka-mura	132° 50' N	34° 00' E
Kamiasakura-mura	133° 00' N	34° 00' E
Kamo-mura	133° 25' N	33° 50' E
Kamifuna-machi	133° 35' N	34° 00' E
Kamiyama-mura	133° 35' N	33° 55' E
Kanbe-mura	132° 50' N	34° 00' E
Kanada-mura	133° 35' N	33° 55' E
Kawanoe-machi	133° 35' N	34° 00' E
Kawataki-mura	133° 25' N	33° 55' E
Kawakami-mura	132° 50' N	33° 25' E
Kinsei-mura	133° 35' N	34° 00' E
Kinsha-mura	133° 30' N	33° 50' E
Kikuma-machi	132° 50' N	34° 00' E
Kitayoshi-mura	132° 43' N	33° 50' E
Kofuji-mura	133° 25' N	33° 55' E
Komatsu-machi	133° 05' N	33° 50' E
Kono-mura	132° 50' N	33° 55' E
Konishi-mura	132° 50' N	34° 00' E
Kozato-mura	133° 20' N	32° 55' E
Kume-mura	132° 48' N	33° 50' E
Kuniyasu-mura	133° 05' N	33° 55' E

Kaminada-mura	132° 35' N	33° 40' E
Kamisukai-mura	132° 25' N	33° 30' E
Kanmatsuna-mura	132° 10' N	33° 10' E
Karie-mura	132° 25' N	33° 20' E
Kawakami-mura	132° 50' N	33° 45' E
Kawanoishi-machi	132° 20' N	33° 30' E
Kaifuki-mura	132° 40' N	33° 25' E
Kawase-mura	132° 55' N	33° 40' E
Kitayamasaki-mura	132° 40' N	33° 45' E
Kitaiyo-mura	132° 40' N	33° 45' E
Kitanada-mura	132° 25' N	33° 10' E
Kisagata-mura	132° 25' N	33° 20' E
Kiyomitsu-mura	132° 30' N	33° 5' E
Kitanada-mura	132° 25' N	33° 10' E
Komobuchi-mura	132° 25' N	33° 10' E
Kono-mura	132° 30' N	33° 10' E
Kisuki-mura	132° 25' N	33° 30' E
Kuma-machi	132° 50' N	33° 40' E
Kushiu-mura	132° 25' N	33° 35' E
Kuwa-mura	132° 50' N	34° 00' E
Kusukawa-mura	133° 05' N	33° 55' E
Machimi-mura	132° 20' N	33° 30' E
Mana-mura	132° 20' N	33° 25' E
Masaki-machi	132° 30' N	33° 45' E
Masaoka-mura	132° 50' N	34° 00' E
Matsumaru-machi	132° 40' N	33° 10' E
Matsuyama-shi	132° 45' N	33° 50' E
Mendori-mura	133° 35' N	34° 00' E

Midousuzu-mura	132° 35' N	33° 5' E
Minamiyoshi-mura	132° 50' N	33° 50' E
Minemiyamasaki-mura	132° 50' N	33° 45' E
Minemiyo-mura	132° 40' N	33° 45' E
Minemikume-mura	132° 30' N	33° 30' E
Mikame-machi	132° 25' N	33° 20' E
Mimaki-mura	132° 35' N	33° 5' E
Mima-mura	132° 35' N	33° 15' E
Mishima-mura	132° 40' N	33° 20' E
Mishima-machi	133° 33' N	33° 55' E
Misaki-mura	133° 03' N	33° 25' E
Mishima-mura	132° 20' N	33° 25' E
Mishio-machi	132° 32' N	33° 00' E
Misogi-mura	132° 40' N	33° 35' E
✓ Mitsuho-mura	132° 40' N	33° 25' E
Miuchi-mura	132° 55' N	33° 45' E
Miura-mura	132° 25' N	33° 10' E
Mitankue-mura	132° 10' N	33° 25' E
Miyoshi-mura	133° 08' N	33° 55' E
Miyoshi-mura	132° 35' N	33° 35' E
Miyanoura-mura	132° 58' N	33° 15' E
Miyakubo-mura	133° 05' N	34° 05' E
Miyauchi-mura	132° 35' N	33° 30' E
Moriguchi-mura	132° 58' N	34° 15' E
Mutsuno-mura	132° 38' N	33° 55' E

Nagahama-machi	132 25' N	33 15' E
Negatsu-mura	133 20' N	33 50' E
Nakagawa-mura	132 00' N	33 25' E
Nakagawa-mura	132 30' N	33 25' E
Nakahaga-machi	133 15' N	33 55' E
Nakasuji-mura	133 00' N	33 25' E
Narutae-mura	132 35' N	33 15' E
Nakatsu-mura	133 00' N	33 35' E
Nakayama-mura	132 38' N	33 40' E
Namba-mura	132 28' N	33 50' E
Nibukawa-mura	132 55' N	34 00' E
Niihama-shi	133 15' N	33 55' E
Nikiu-mura	132 20' N	33 25' E
Ninna-mura	132 32' N	34 00' E
Nishihakata-mura	133 05' N	34 00' E
Nishinakajima-mura	132 35' N	33 55' E
Niya-mura	132 35' N	33 30' E
Nishisotoumi-mura	132 25' N	32 55' E
Noma-mura	132 55' N	34 00' E
Nomura-machi	132 35' N	33 20' E
Nyugawa-machi	133 04' N	33 55' E
Odamachi-mura	132 45' N	33 40' E
Ofuki-mura	133 18' N	33 45' E
Okada-mura	132 40' N	33 45' E
Okawa-mura	132 32' N	33 30' E
Okayama-mura	132 55' N	34 10' E
Okuna-mura	132 28' N	33 15' E
	132	

Oi-mura	132° 55' N	34° 05' E
Omogo-mura	133° 5' N	33° 45' E
Ono-mura	132° 50' N	33° 50' E
Oshima-mura	133° 25' N	34° 00' E
Ose-mura	132° 45' N	33° 35' E
Oyama-mura	133° 08' N	34° 10' E
Ojumachi	132° 30' N	33° 30' E
Ojyoin-mura	133° 15' N	33° 50' E
Ryuoka-mura	132° 55' N	34° 00' E
Saijo-shi	133° 12' N	33° 55' E
Sakamoto-mura	132° 50' N	33° 45' E
Sakigawa-mura	133° 20' N	33° 55' E
Sakurai-mura	133° 02' N	34° 05' E
Sakuragi-mura	133° 05' N	33° 45' E
Sangawa-mura	132° 45' N	33° 30' E
Sangawa-mura	133° 25' N	33° 55' E
Sekizen-mura	132° 55' N	34° 15' E
Senzokuyama-mura	133° 03' N	33° 45' E
Setosaki-mura	133° 03' N	34° 15' E
Shionai-mura	133° 00' N	33° 45' E
Shimizu-mura	132° 55' N	32° 05' E
Shimoasakura-mura	132° 33' N	34° 05' E
Shinritsu-mura	133° 33' N	33° 50' E
Shinagawa-mura	133° 05' N	33° 40' E
Shiufu-mura	133° 05' N	33° 55' E
Shimonada-mura	132° 25' N	33° 35' E

Shimonada-mura	132 20' N	33 40' E
Shimouwa-mura	132 30' N	33 20' E
Saredani-mura	132 40' N	33 40' E
Shirataki-mura	132 35' N	33 35' E
Shitaba-mura	132 20' N	33 10' E
Sugeta-mura	132 30' N	33 25' E
Sumino-machi	133 10' N	33 55' E
Tada-mura	132 25' N	33 25' E
Tachikawa-mura	133 38' N	33 35' E
Tachima-mura	132 20' N	33 15' E
Takamitsu-mura	132 30' N	33 15' E
Takagawa-mura	132 40' N	33 20' E
Takayama-mura	132 25' N	33 20' E
Takihama-mura	133 20' N	33 55' E
Tado-mura	132 40' N	33 35' E
Tamatsu-mura	132 20' N	33 40' E
Tanbara-machi	133 05' N	33 55' E
Tano-mura	133 05' N	33 50' E
Tanisuji-mura	132 35' N	33 20' E
Tanosuji-mura	132 35' N	33 25' E
Tateiwa-mura	132 50' N	33 55' E
Tenna-mura	133 26' N	33 55' E
Tenjin-mura	132 35' N	33 30' E
Tawarazu-mura	132 28' N	33 25' E
Tobe-machi	132 45' N	33 45' E
Tokuta-mura	132 58' N	33 55' E
Tomita-mura	133 00' N	34 05' E

Tomisato-mura	132 45' N	33 35' E
Toshima-mura	132 20' N	33 10' E
Toyooka-mura	133 26' N	33 55' E
Tsukura-mura	133 05' N	34 10' E
Uchiko-machi	132 35' N	33 30' E
Uchimi-mura	132 25' N	33 45' E
Ukena-mura	132 45' N	33 45' E
Uonashi-mura	132 40' N	33 20' E
Uojima-mura	133 30' N	34 15' E
Uwa-machi	132 28' N	33 20' E
Uwajima-shi	132 32' N	33 10' E
Yawatahama-shi	132 20' N	33 25' E
Yamato-mura	132 25' N	33 35' E
Yanadani-mura	132 55' N	33 30' E
Yanagisawa-mura	132 35' N	33 35' E
Yodo-mura	132 40' N	33 50' E
Yokobayashi-mura	132 45' N	33 25' E
Yoshioka-mura	132 55' N	33 55' E
Yoshii-mura	133 05' N	33 55' E
Yoshida-machi	132 30' N	33 15' E
Yoshifuji-mura	132 35' N	33 15' E
Yoshinobu-mura	132 40' N	33 10' E
Yoshinohama-mura	132 8' N	33 25' E
Yuge-mura	133 8' N	34 10' E
Yunoyama-mura	132 48' N	33 50' E

Yusugawa-mura

132° 43' N

33° 25' E

Yuzu-mura

132° 25' N

33° 10' E

List of islands in
Ehime-ken

Scale map 1: 250,000

Akehone-shima	132° 25' N	33° 45' E
Ac-shima	132° 25' N	33° 45' E
Ateriō-shima	132° 33' N	32° 50' E
Awako-shima	133° 10' N	34° 15' E
Biri-shima	133° 51' N	34° 21' E
Benten-shima	133° 10' N	34° 15' E
Bunai-shima	133° 10' N	34° 15' E
Chike-shima	132° 21' N	33° 10' E
Chigiri-shima	132° 21' N	33° 10' E
Chiō-shima	132° 15' N	33° 20' E
Eno-shima	133° 22' N	34° 10' E
Fuku-shima	132° 06' N	34° 10' E
Futagami-shima	132° 35' N	33° 55' E
Futako-shima	132° 35' N	33° 55' E
Fuku-shima	132° 21' N	33° 20' E
Gogo-shima	132° 40' N	33° 55' E
Hakata-shima	133° 5' N	34° 10' E
Hyotan-shima	133° 05' N	34° 15' E
Hiyekuan-shima	133° 15' N	34° 15' E
Hyotan-shima	133° 5' N	34° 15' E
Heso-shima	132° 50' N	34° 5' E
Hiraichi-shima	133° 5' N	34° E

Hiki-shima	133 5' N	34 E
Hiburi-shima	132 15' N	33 10' E
Ikins-shima	133 10' N	34 15' E
Itsuku-shima		
Iwaki-shima	133 10' N	34 15' E
Ke-shima	132 20' N	32 55' E
Kago-shima		
Kamaki-shima	133 06' N	34 07' E
Keme-shima	133 10' N	34 10' E
Kezi-shima	133 10' N	34 5' E
Ke-shima	132 20' N	33 15' E
Kamo se-shima	132 21' N	33 55' E
Keishima	132 50' N	34 05' E
Kashite-shima	132 50' N	34 10' E
Kashiwa-shima	132 6' N	34 10' E
Kataka-shima		
Kesho-shima	133 10' N	34 05' E
Kobiki-shima	133 05' N	34 03' E
Koya-shima		
Kohiraichi-shima	133 05' N	34 01' E
Kotaka-shima	132 27' N	33 15' E
Kozo-shima		
Koe-shima	132 06' N	34 10' E
Koishi-shima	132 06' N	33 55' E
Kodate-shima	132 34' N	34 01' E

Ko-shima	132 45' N	33 08' E
Koyasui-shima	132 55' N	34 13' E
Koyokushi-shima		
Kuro-shima	132 20' N	33 25' E
Ku-shima	132 25' N	33 15' E
Kuro-shima	132 20' N	33 25' E
Matsushima	132 58' N	34 16' E
Mae-shima	132 24' N	33 05' E
Midoko-shima	133 10' N	34 10' E
Michika-shima	133 5' N	34 10' E
Mino-shima	133 10' N	34 05' E
Miyo-shima	133 15' N	33 55' E
Mizusaku-shima	132 20' N	33 20' E
Moto-shima	133 10' N	34 05' E
Mushi-shima	133 00' N	34 05' E
Muzuki-shima	132 40' N	32 55' E
Nagareko-shima	132 34' N	34 00' E
Naka-shima	132 40' N	34 00' E
Naka-shima	132 36' N	33 58' E
Nezumizumi-shima	132 21' N	33 25' E
Nishibata-shima	133 15' N	34 00' E
Nokutsuna-shima	132 37' N	33 58' E
No-shima	132 27' N	33 15' E
Nozi-shima	132 30' N	32 55' E
Nuwa-shima	132 30' N	34 01' E
Odataba-shima	132 35' N	34 00' E
Okamura-shima	132 50' N	34 10' E

Okishima	132 35' N	32 40' E
Okikashima	132 30' N	34 00' E
Okoshima	132 50' N	34 50' E
Ouishima	132 55' N	34 15' E
Oshima	132 20' N	33 10' E
Oshima	133 05' N	34 10' E
Otsukishima	133 00' N	34 05' E
Oyokoshima	132 55' N	34 13' E
Ozishima	132 21' N	32 55' E
Sarboshima		
Sannooshima	132 15' N	33 20' E
Sashima	133 10' N	34 15' E
Saashima	132 20' N	33 25' E
Shikashima	132 24' N	32 55' E
Shindenoshima	132 48' N	34 16' E
Shiokoshima	132 24' N	33 00' E
Takashima	132 21' N	33 21' E
Takashima	132 6' N	32 57' E
Takashima	132 21' N	33 5' E
Takashima		
Takaikamishima	133 10' N	34 10' E
Takeoshima	132 20' N	33 05' E
Takeoshima	132 15' N	33 10' E
Tanabayashishima	132 58' N	34 16' E
Tarashima	132 27' N	33 15' E
Tonoshima	132 21' N	33 10' E
Torishima	132 20' N	33 25' E
Torikubishima	132 30' N	33 10' E

To-shima	132° 20' N	33° 10' E
Towatari-shima		
Toyo-shima	133° 15' N	34° 10' E
Tsuri-shima	132° 35' N	33° 50' E
Tsuru-shima	132° 36' N	32° 54' E
Tsuwaji-shima	132° 26' N	33° 55' E
Tuba-shima	133° 10' N	34° 10' E
Uma-shima	133° 00' N	34° 5' E
Uo-shima	133° 20' N	34° 10' E
Urushi-shima	132° 21' N	33° 10' E
U-shima	133° 55' N	34° 15' E
Ygo-shima	133° 15' N	34° 15' E
Yoke-shima	132° 20' N	32° 55' E
Yoko-shima	132° 12' N	33° 10' E
Yoko-shima	132° 15' N	33° 10' E
Yoko-shima	132° 35' N	33° 50' E
Yuri-shima	132° 30' N	33° 50' E

LIST OF STAFFS IN HEALTH DEPARTMENT TOKUSHIMA-KEN

Director	Taro Sato (Dr.) Shinkura-cho, Tokushima City
Medical Affairs Section Chief	Minoru Hirano Ishii-cho, Myozai-gun
Preventive Section Chief	Yoshio Hirano (Dr.) Nakazu-cho, Tokushima City
Public Health Section Chief	Mitsunobu Tominaga (Pharmacist) Chuden, Komatsushima-cho, Katsuura-gun
Pharmaceutical Affairs Section Chief	Takashi Fukuo (Pharmacist) Shinkura-cho, Tokushima City
Nursing Affairs Division Chief	Shigeko Yagi (Public health nurse) 3 chome, Naka-tokushima-cho, Tokushima City
Veterinary Affairs Division Chief	Toshiaki Sasada (Vet.) Kuwajima, Takehara-mura, Myozai-gun

LIST OF DIRECTORS IN HEALTH CENTERS, TOKUSHIMA-KEN

Tokushima Health Center	Dr. Y. Tominaga
Naruto Health Center	Dr. S. Kondo
Tomioka Health Center	Dr. S. Sano
Hiwasa Health Center	Dr. T. Azuma
Kamajima Health Center	Dr. K. Tani
Anabuki Health Center	Dr. Y. Tamura
Ikeda Health Center	Dr. Y. Tamura

TOKUSHIMA HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Director

Dr. Taro Sato

Medical Affairs Section;

Chief

Minoru Hirano

Assistant

Yoshihide Shibata

No. of clerks

13 clerks

Nursing Affairs Division;

Chief

Shigeko Yagi (Public health nurse)

Preventive Section;

Chief

Dr. Yoshio Hirano

Assistant

Kanichi Miyoshi

No. of clerks

11 clerks

Public Health Section;

Chief

Mitsunobu Tominaga (Pharmacist)

Assistant

Fusakuni Kano

No. of clerks

9 clerks

Veterinary Affairs Division;

Chief

Toshiaki Sasada (Vet.)

Assistant

Kazuyoshi Suzuki (Vet.)

No. of clerks

1 clerk

Pharmaceutical Affairs Section;

Chief

Takashi Fukuo (Pharmacist)

Assistant

Hajime Yoshida

No. of clerks

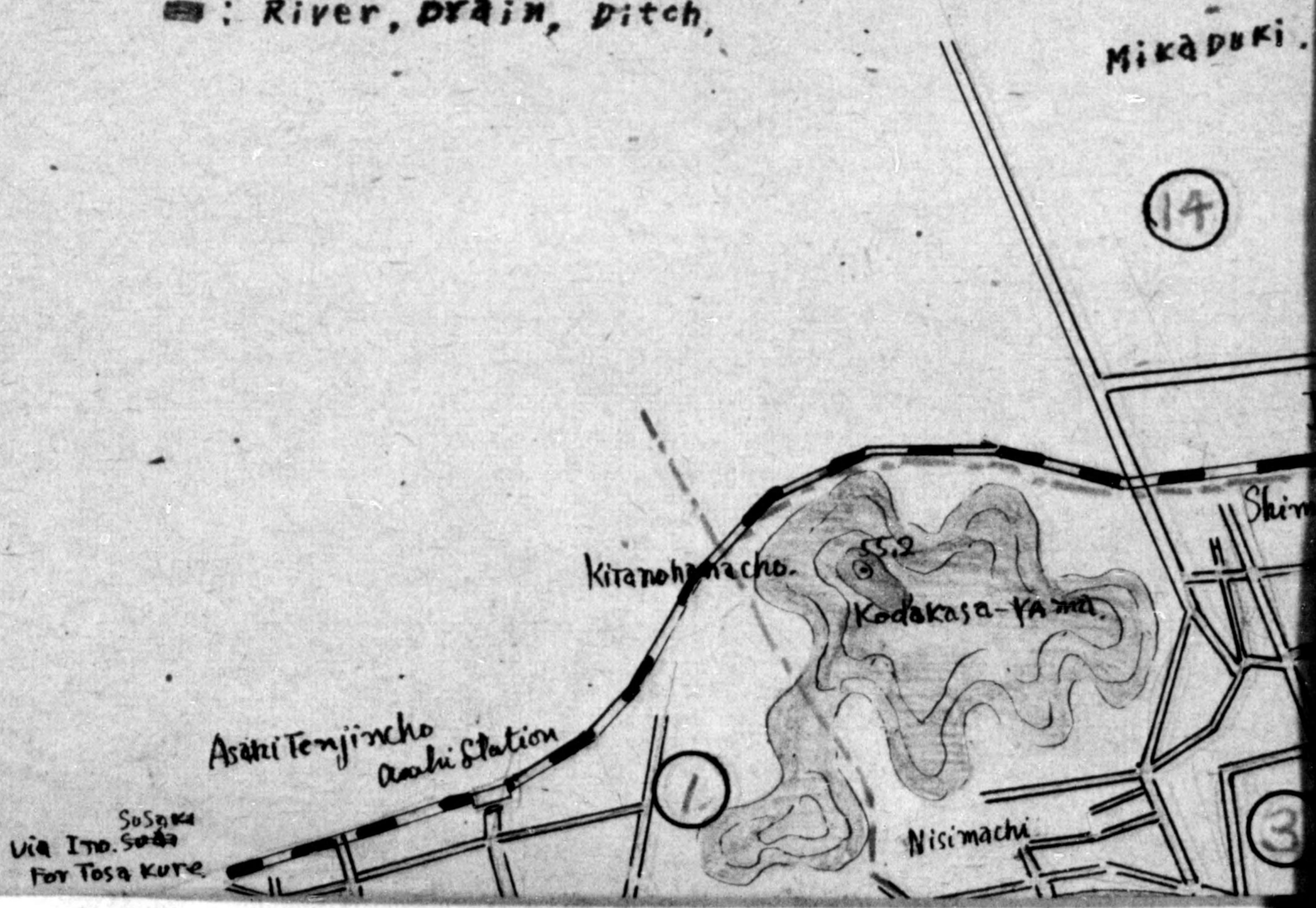
13 clerks

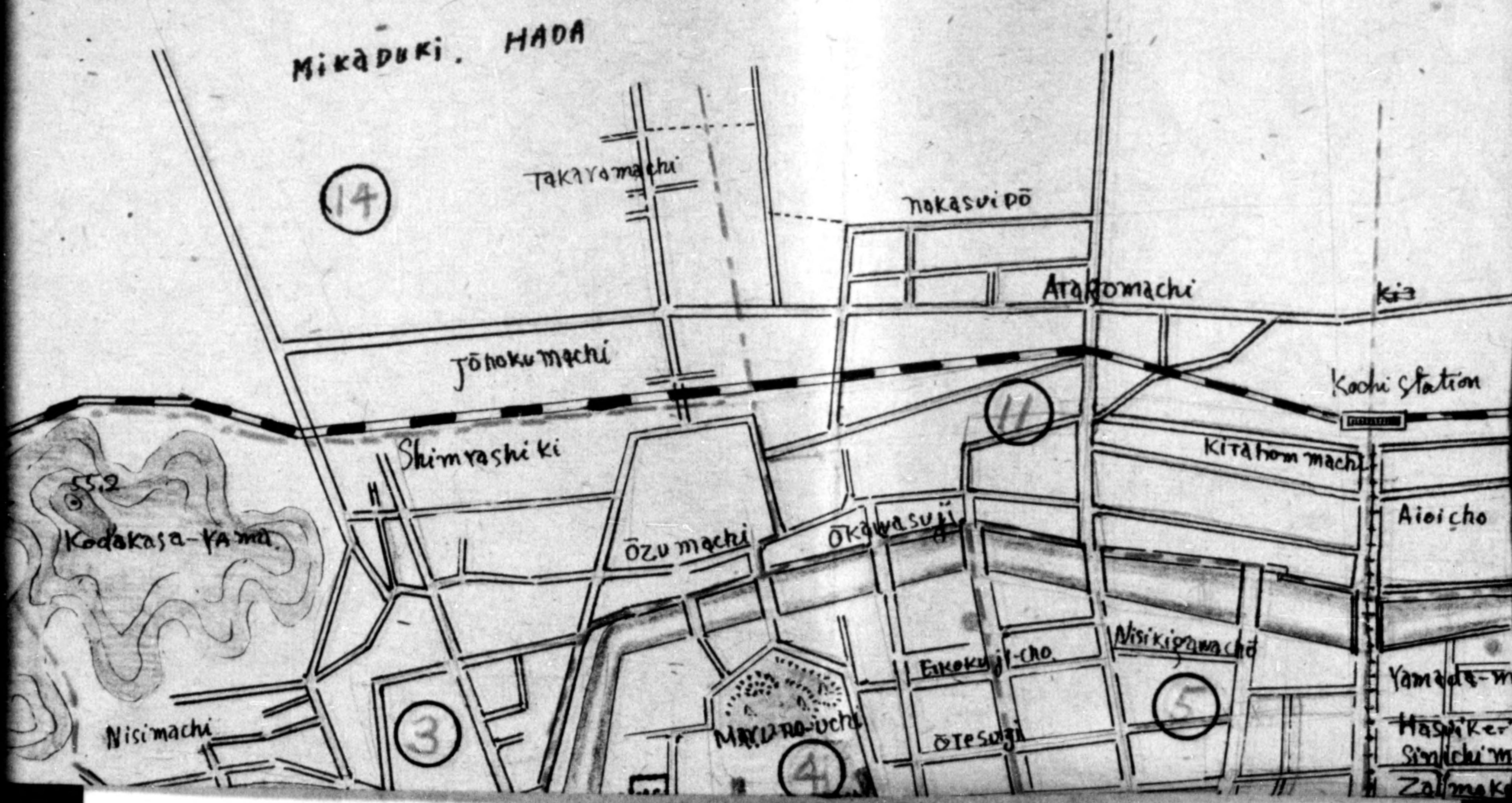
MAP OF KŌCHI CITY

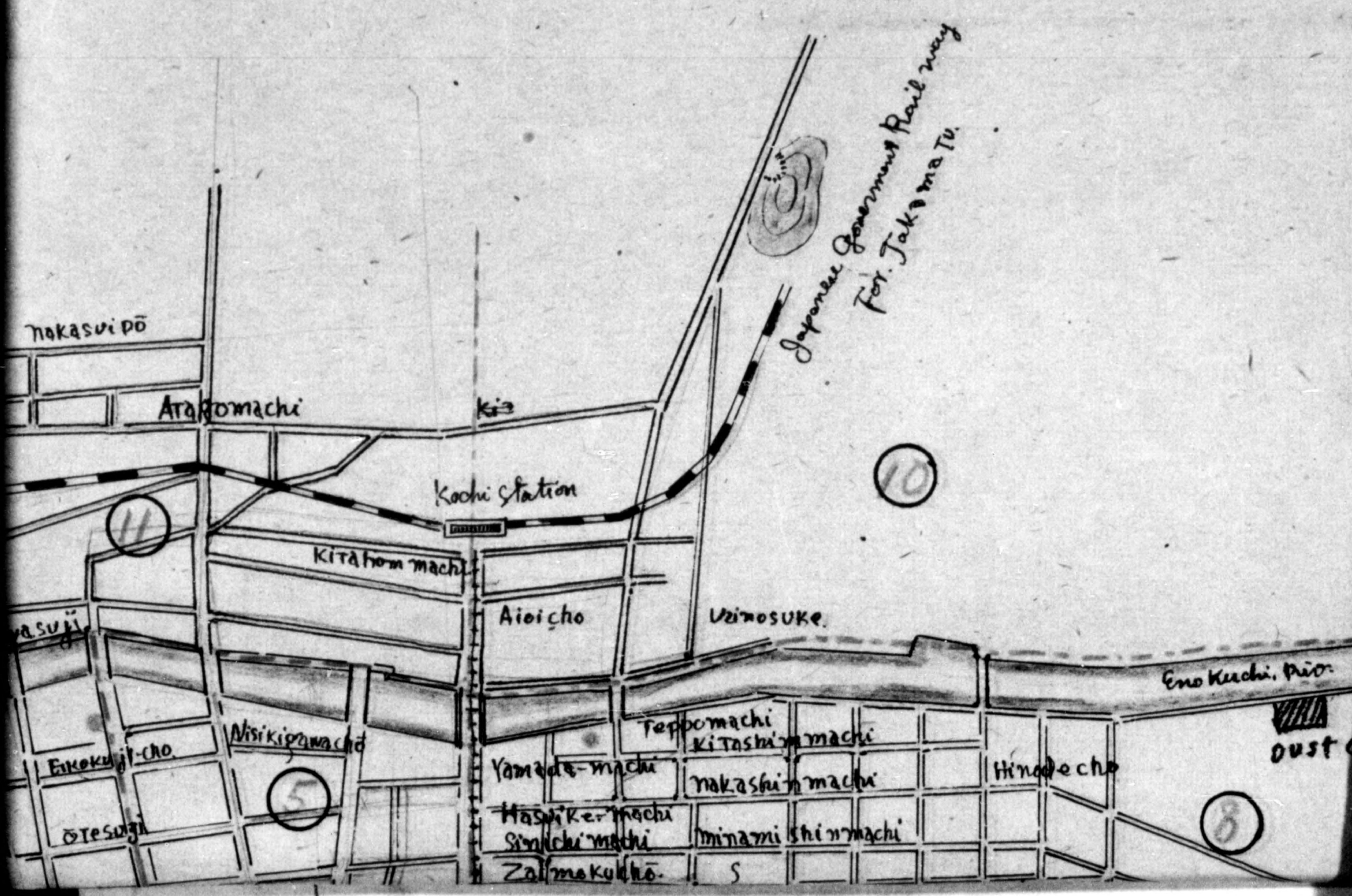
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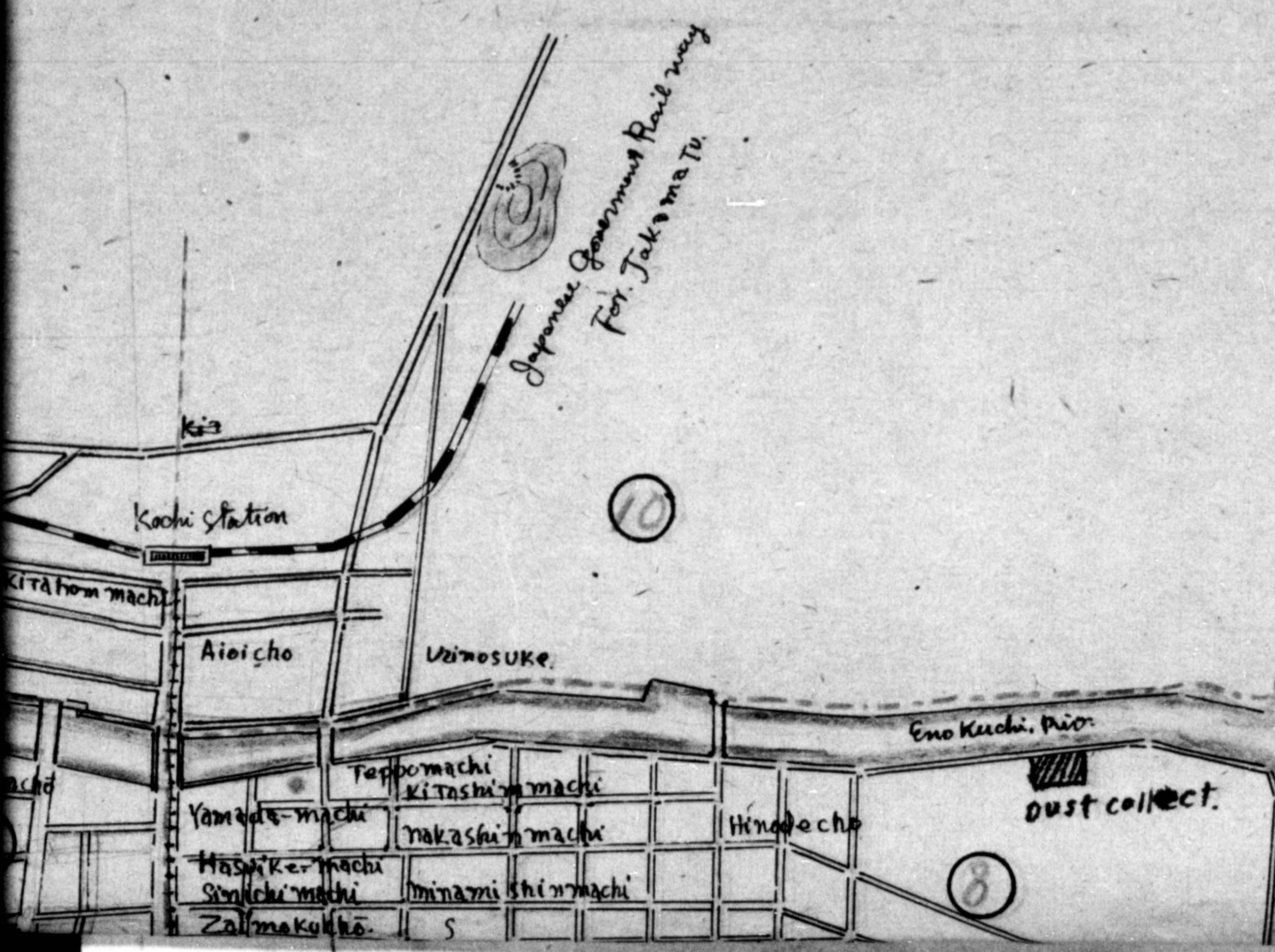
● : w. e.

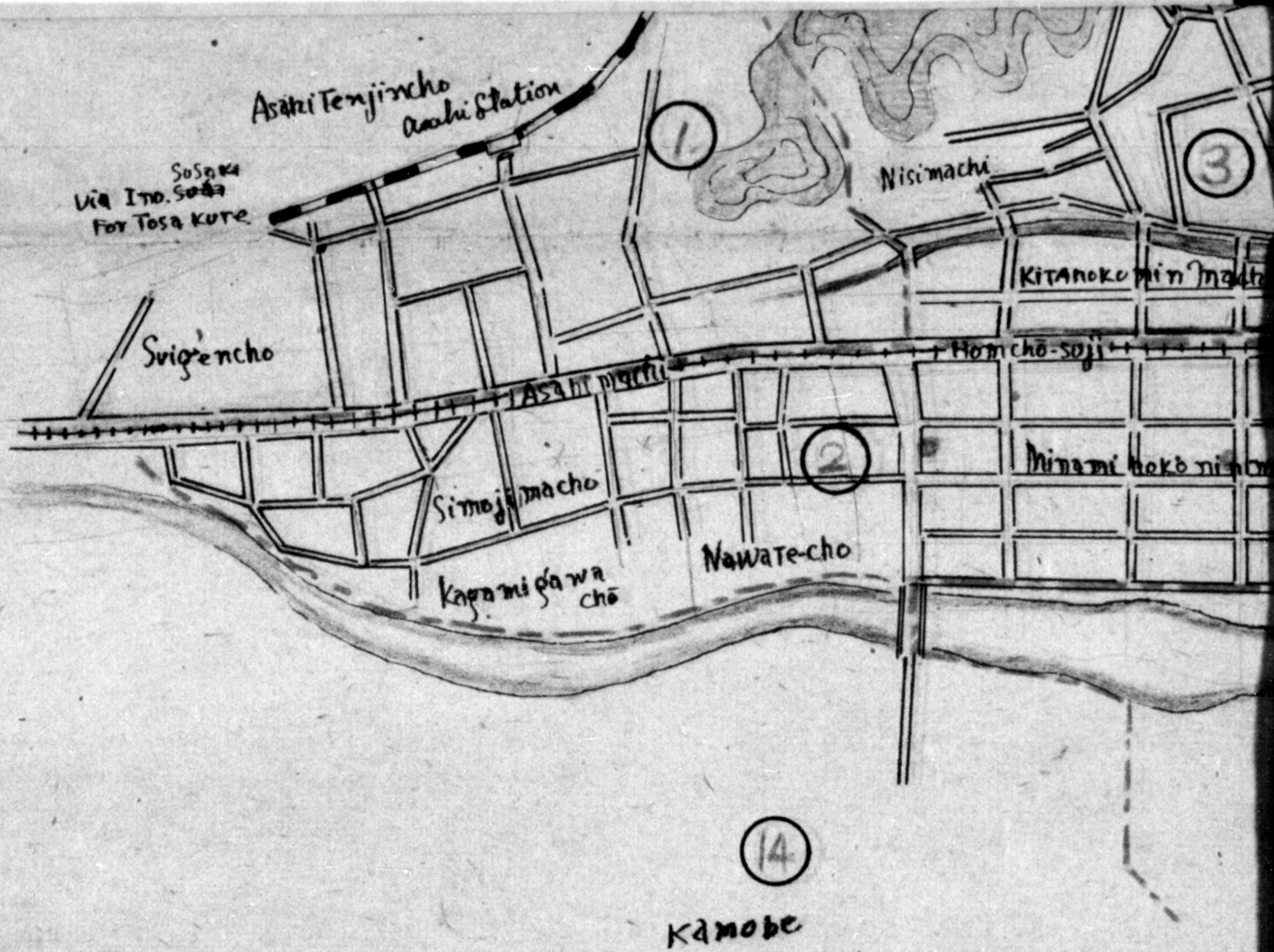
▬ : River, Drain, Ditch,

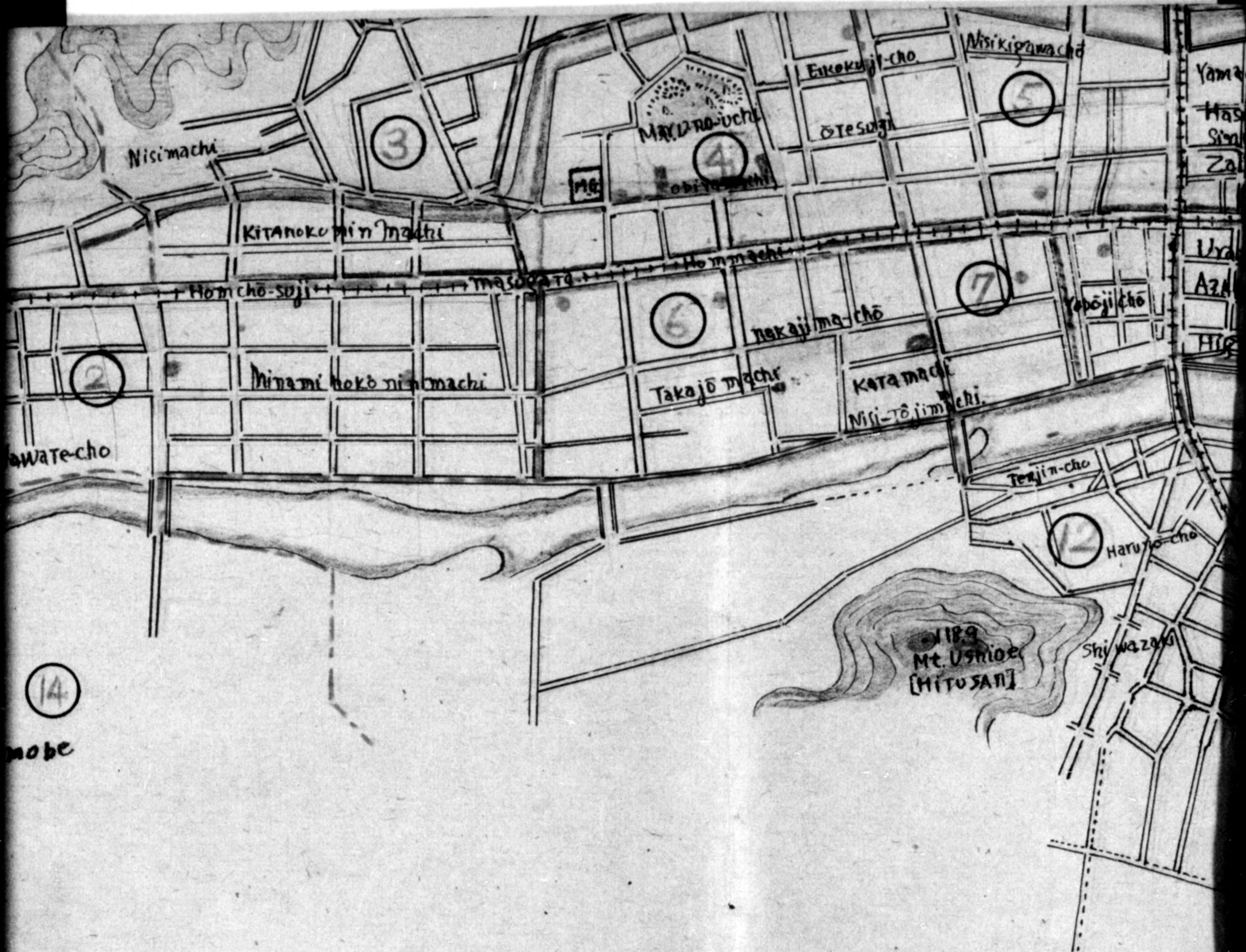


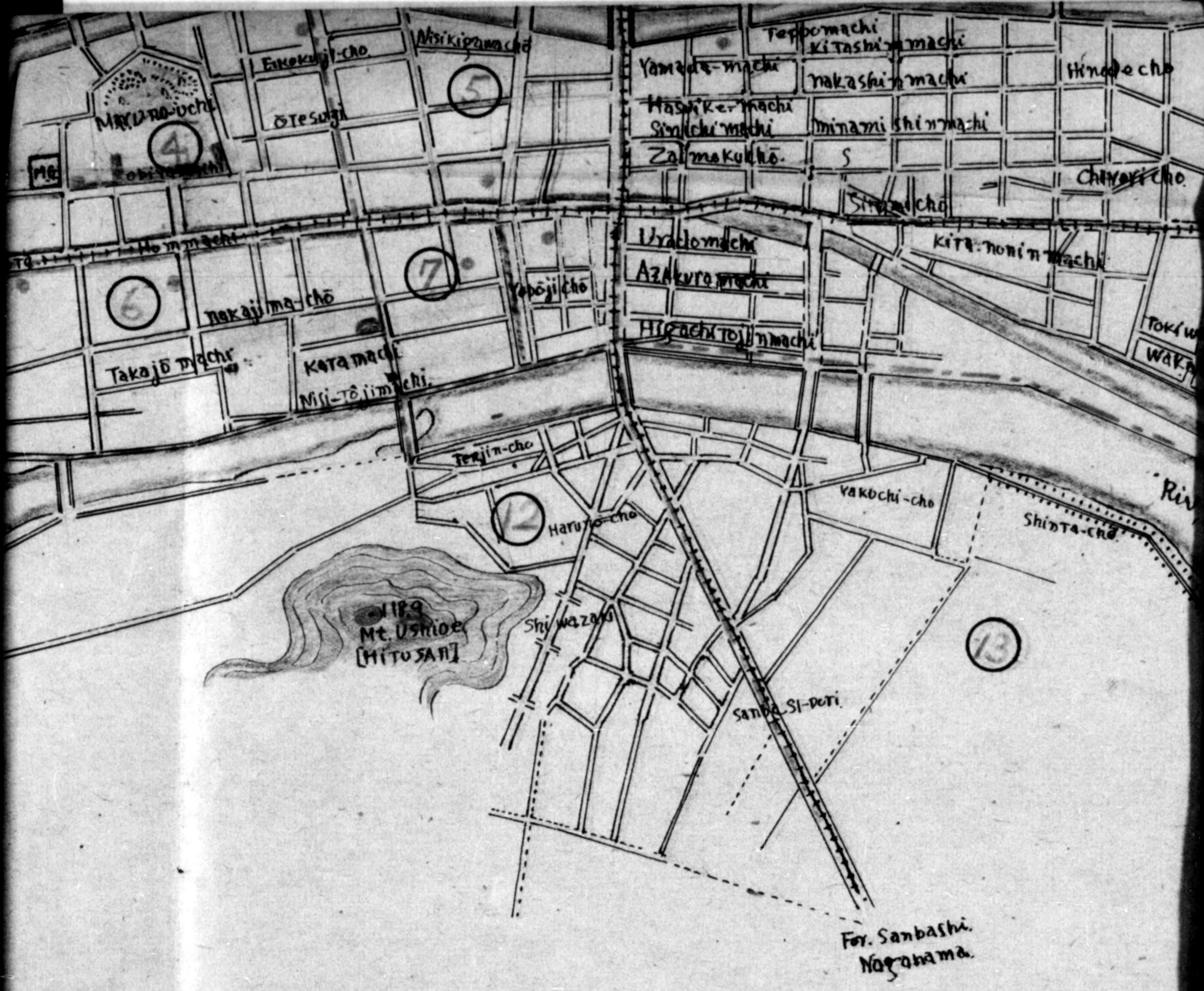


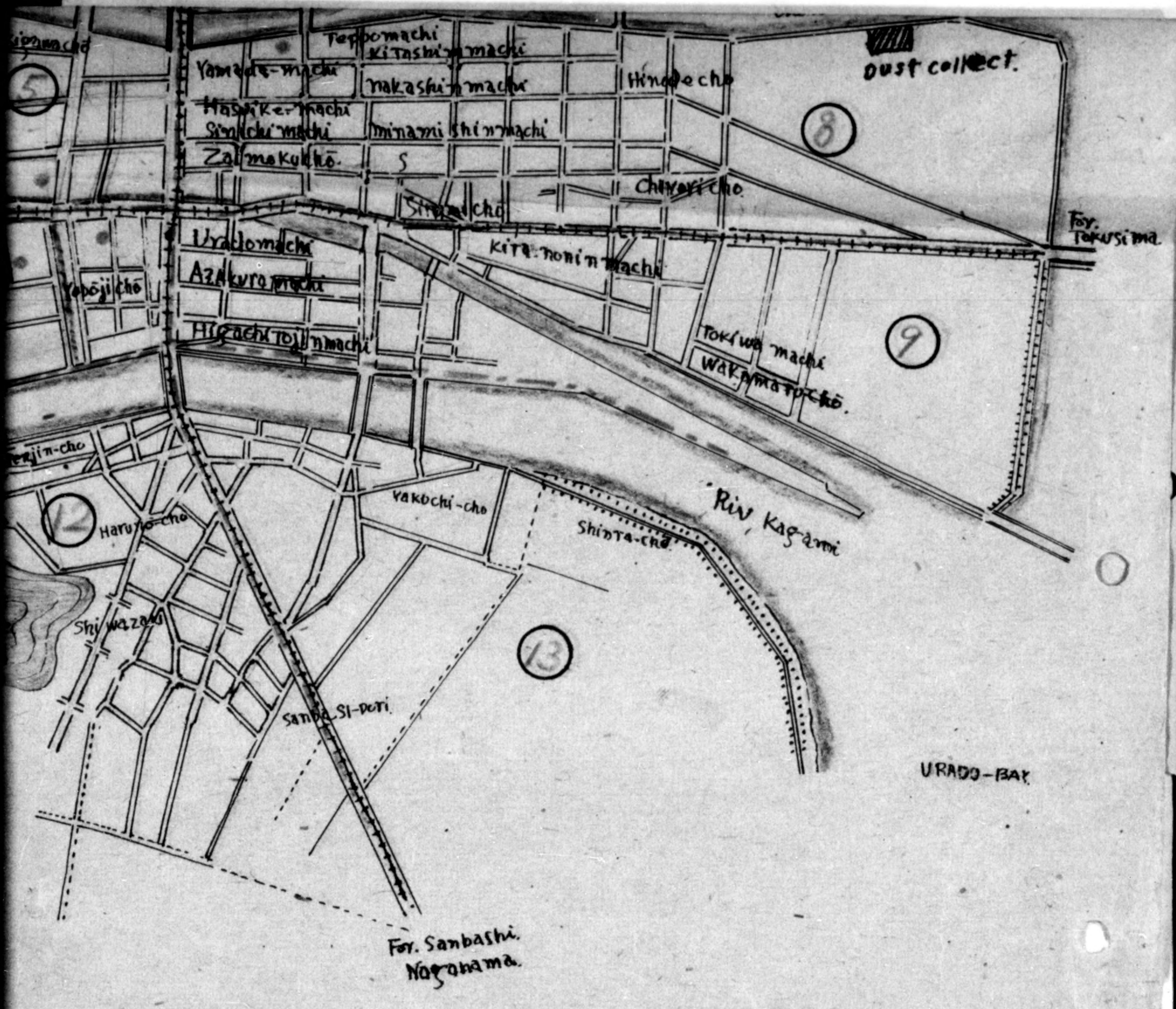












NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PREFECTURAL OFFICIALS

(as of April 1, 1949)

<u>POSITION</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>TEL.</u>
Governor	MOMOI, Naomi	Official residence of Pref., Eikokuji-cho, Kochi City	550
Vice-Governor	HIROKI, Saburo	"	552
Auditor	HISATAKE, Takehiko	12, Hasuike-cho	1,721
Assistant-Auditor	YOSHIMOTO, Morine	1-14, Tsukiyashiki,	1,171
General Affairs Dept. Director	HIROKI, Saburo	Official residence of Pref., Eikokuji-cho,	552
Public Welfare Dept. Director	HAYASHI, Toshinaga	Official residence of Pref., Marunouchi,	1,406
Economic Dept. Director	HOSOGI, Yukio	"	200
Civil Engineering (or Public Works) Dept. Director	NISHINA, Taro	"	1,405
Public Health Dept. Director	SEIJO, Minoru	"	562
Agrarian Dept. Director	HOSOGI, Yukio	"	200
Labour Dept. Director	HAYASHI, Toshinaga	"	1,406
<u>General Affairs Dept.</u>			
Secretariate Sect. Chief	TSUJI, Yoshimi	Official residence of Pref., Eikokuji-cho,	558
Documents Sect. Chief	KAWASAWA, Yoshiaki	151, Nishino-Hinomura, Noichi-machi, Kami-gun	
Personnel Sect. Chief	HASHIDA, Mitsuaki	Official residence of Pref., Marunouchi,	
Statistics Sect. Chief	SHIMADA, Zenzaburo	Official residence of Pref., Doi-machi,	

General Affairs Sect. Chief	YASUOKA, Sanshiro	Official residence of Pref., Marunouchi, "	563
Accounts Sect. Chief	YOSHIMOTO, Morine	1-14, Tsukiyashiki, "	1,171
Local Affairs Sect. Chief	NAKAYAMA, Kenkichi	Official residence of Pref., Shinyashiki, "	1,424
Liaison Office Chief	MOKUDAI, Shin-ichi	Official residence of Pref., Johoku-cho, "	560
Taxation Sect. Chief	OTSUBO, Iwao	13, Saiwai-cho, "	
<u>Public Welfare Dept.</u>			
Welfare Sect. Chief	KUBOTA, Kin-ichi	Nagaoka-mura, Nagaoka-gun	
Insurance Sect. Chief	ASAKURA, Yoshitsuna	Wada, Osugi-mura, Nagaoka-gun	
Demobilization (or Ex-service men) Sect. Chief	SAKAMOTO, Shunma	Official residence of Pref., Sakaeda-cho, Kochi City	
Children Sect. Chief	KUBOTA, Kin-ichi	Nagaoka-mura, Nagaoka-gun	
<u>Economic Dept.</u>			
Foodstuffs Sect. Chief	HAMADA, Naoyuki	Official residence of Pref., Ozu-machi, Kochi City	
Agricultural (Affairs Sect.) Chief	YAMASAKI, Naomi	"	
Agricultural Improvement Sect. Acting-Chief	IMAMURA, Arata	Saenba-cho, "	
Commerce & Industry Sect. Chief	MORI, Hiroshi	Susaki-machi, Takaoka-gun	
Paper Industry Sect. Chief	UMADA, Yutaka	Marunouchi, Kochi City	
Sericultural Sect. Chief	IMAMURA, Toshio	Daizensama-cho, "	

Forestry Affairs Sect. Chief	TATSUMI, Shunkichi	Official residence of Pref., Marunouchi, Kochi City
Marine Products Sect. Chief	YAMADA, Junzaburo	Official residence of Pref., Sakaeda-cho, "
<u>Civil Engineering (or Public Works) Dept.</u>		
Management Sect. Chief	YASUOKA, Satoru	3-chome, Minami-Hokenin- machi, Kochi City
River Sect. Chief	NAGASE, Susumu	Official residence of Pref., Ozu-machi, "
Road Sect. Chief	OMURA, Shigesaburo	6-chome, Sanbashi-dori, Kochi City
Maintenance Sect. Chief	YAMAMOTO, Masatami	66, Kasugano-cho "
Harbour Sect. Chief	AOKI, Junkichi	Akebono-cho, Asakura, "
Building Sect. Chief	YAMASAKI, Shigetoshi	85, Nishi-Tojin-machi, "
<u>Public Health Dept.</u>		
Medical Affairs Sect. Chief	AKAZAWA, Isao	Hongu-cho, Kochi City
Public Health Sect. Chief	NAKAYA, Itsuo	13, Sakurababa, "
Epidemic Prevention Sect. Chief	YAMASAKI, Yoshisada	^{KAKO} Shinkage, Otsu-mura, Nagaoka-gun
Medical Supplies Sect. Chief	USUDA, Kanae	19, Kotobuki-cho, Kochi City

Agrarian Dept.

Farm Land Sect. Chief	SUZUKI, Mitsugu	Official residence of Pref., Doi-machi, Kochi City
Reclamation Sect. Chief	MATOBA, Masuji	Official residence of Pref., Sakaeda-cho, Kochi City
Arable Land Sect. Chief	KASRIWAI, Masumi	"
Agricultural Cooperative Union Sect. Chief	NOTOYOSHI, Masahumi	349, Iwa-mura, Nagasaki-gun

Labor Dept.

Employment Security Sect. Chief	HAGAKA, Hiroshi	Official residence of Pref., Sakaeda-cho, Kochi City
Labor Administration Sect. Acting-Chief	HAYASHI, Toshinaga	Official residence of Pref., Hamunouchi, Kochi City

Hata Branch Office

Chief	AKABORI, Shiro	Official residence of Pref., Nakamura-machi, Hata-gun
General Affairs Sect. Chief	HOSHURA, Taisuke	"
Taxation Sect. Chief	YOKOYAMA, Shigeo	"
Economic Sect. Chief	OKADA, Yoshiki	"
Forestry Sect. Chief	YOSHINA, Takemasa	"
Arable Land Sect. Chief	YANO, Sadama	"
Civil Engineering (or Public Works) Sect. Chief	HANADA, Ryuzo	"
Marine Products Sect. Chief	TOJO, Tetsuo	"
Farm Land Sect. Chief	^{KI} INASHIRO, Masaru	Domeki, Nakamura-machi, Hata-gun
<u>Chief of Local Office</u>		
Aki Local Office	TAHARA, Keijiro	Official residence of Pref., Aki-machi, Aki-gun
Kami	TAKANASHI, Tatsui	Official residence of Pref., Noichi-machi, Kami-gun

Tosa-Nagaoka
Local Office

TAKAHASHI, Susumu

442, Yasu-machi,
Kami-gun

Agawa "

KAMIMURA, Harukichi

1646, Hataeda,
Nagaoka-mura,
Nagaoka-gun

Takaoka "

YAMASHITA, Shizue

Hirooka-shimo-ne-
mura, Agawa-gun