

VOLUME IX.

SEPTEMBER, 1895.

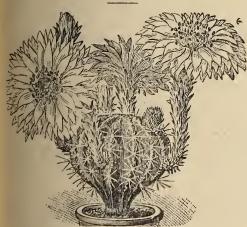
NUMBER 80.

THE PARTRIDGE-BREAST ALOE.

ALOE VARIEGATA Linnaeus. An African plant of great beauty, producing spikes of brilliant coral red flowers. It is found in many old-fashioned gardens and receives its common name from the feathery mottling of the leaves.

YERBA MANSE.

ANEMOPSIS CALIFORNICA B. & H. This is one of the favorite medicinal herbs of the old Spanish Californians, but has won a permanent place in European greenhouses, and should be given the attention it deserves in the land of its birth. It is readily grown in moist soil, the apple-green foliage, frequently blotched with crimson, showing off the rather large white flowers to great advantage.



THE HEDGEHOG CACTUS.

ECHINOPSIS MULLERI. A hybrid, of rapid growth, blooming early, and with its large satiny rose-colored flowers is justly called the finest of its class.

ECHINOPSIS EYRIESII ZUCC. This is less bristling in appearance than E. Mulleri, but produces lovely pure white flowers in great abundance. abundance.

THE VELVET CACTUS.

CEREUS EMORYI Engelmann. This is one of the best-known of California cacti, the slender, thickly-set yellowish spines giving it a peculiarly beautiful appearance. The spines on the young joints are shorter, soft and flexuous; the flowers are yellowish, followed by a small edible fruit.

ALLIUM HAEMATOCHITON Watson.

The mesas and hills around San Diego are decked in springtime with the clusters of bright purplish-tinted flowers of this wild onion, which deserves a prettier name at the hands of its friends. It does not prove quite hardy in New England, but will give enough pleasure for the cost of growing in the house among its more showy cousins.

THE CHOLLAS.

A former characteristic of Southern California landscapes were the thickets of cholla cac-tus, which still decorate some of our uncleared hillsides, and abounds in the desert regions and unsettled parts of Lower California and Mexico. The cholla belongs to the same genus as the prickly pear, but differs mainly in the cylindrical, instead of flat, joints and in its non-edible fruits.

OPUNTIA PROLIFERA Engelmann. This densely-branching shrub bears a small flower of a pomegranate purple, and once grew in great abundance where the city of San Diego now exists.

OPUNTIA SERPENTINA Engelm. Procumbent, with yellow flowers, comparatively rare in cactus collections.

STAPELIAS, OR "TOAD CACTUS."

These curious plants, native to South Africa, belong to the asclepias (or milkweed) family, but are popularly known by the names "toad cactus," or "carrion cactus," the former from the mottled color of the flower of the best-known variety, the latter from the strong fetid odor exhaled by the flowers. Like most succulents, they are easily grown. There are more than fifty varieties known.

CALIFORNIA FISH-HOOK CACTUS.

MAMMILLARIA GOODRIDGII Scheer. small globular species, closely set with brownish or white spines, the central one curved into a hook. The delicate yellowish white flowers are succeeded by the club-shaped, scarlet berries that possess the flavor of wildwood strawberries, and are sometimes called "hep-pitallas," the "llavina" of the Mexicans.

FAIRY FINGER TIPS.

COTYLEDON ATTENUATA Watson. This dwarfish plant is destined to attain great popdwarfish plant is destined to attain great popularity for beds and borders. It was discovered in Lower California in 1886 by C. R. Orcutt, and first introduced into cultivation in 1894. It resembles dwarf C. Edulis, and produces panicles of pretty yellowish or rose purple flowers that do not detract from its adaptability for borders or edging to beds.

C. EDULIS Brewer. This sometimes grows two feet across and bears a tall panicle of greenish flowers. It has become widely known

greenish flowers. It has become widely known under the name of "Finger Tips," from the long, slender leaves, which the Indians of

California formerly used as a salad. E. PULVERULENTA Baker. Large, elegant

in form, the broad leaves forming a beautiful rosette and covered with a thick white powder.

C. ORBICULATA Linnaeus. An old-fashioned garden plant, attaining to a tropical luxuriance of growth and producing large pendulous orange-colored flowers of great permanence. manence.

manence.
C. LANCEOLATA B. & H. A plant that does well under good treatment, producing a spike of red flowers. The lanceolate flat leaves sometimes of a dull crimson color, but commonly green.

Just a thought to give thee pleasure, Just a hope to gild the way, Just a word to speak of Jesus, Do you love Him as you may?

CENTURY PLANTS.

The agaves form a beautiful class of decorative plants, tropical in aspect, and belong to the amaryllis family, though often erroneously considered as belonging to the cactus family. They are called century plants from another popular fallacy, that they require 100 years before blooming. In tropical countries they attain maturity, blossom and die, in less than twenty years usually.

twenty years usually.

AGAVE AMERICANA Linnaeus. The mescal plant of Mexico, from which a useful fibre is secured. Pulque, the national drink of Mexico. ico, is produced mainly from this plant, and the juice is also distilled into an alcoholic beverage known by the name of mescal. Thousands of acres are devoted to its cultivation in Mexico, where it ranks with corn, wheat and beans in commercial importance. It makes rapid growth, attaining to a large size, and in the United States is largely planted for its decorative value.

Var. VARIEGATA Hort. Large, bread leaves, margined with white, the finest of many forms in cultivation.

AGAVE SHAWII Engelmann. Very compact, dark olive-green leaves, margined with stout spines. Peculiar to the coast region of Southern and Lower California.



FREESIA REFRACTA ALBA.

This long name is become familiar to every lover of flowers in the civilized world. It is native of Africa and be ongs to the iris family lant belongs to the his land, a family which gives us a multitude of brilliant flowers which readily adapt themselves to Southern California. It will produce a wealth of fragrant bloom the first year from seed, and is so easily grown that it is within the reach of the humblest housekeeper.

We will gladly mail a packet of seed to any subscriber sending stamp for postage.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

-BOTANY-

Bulletin of the Torrey botanical club:

Vol. i. to v.

"vi.—except No. 6,

"vii. to xv.

xvi.—except No. 6. xvii —except No. 9 and 10.

xviii.—except No. 7. xix.—except No. 1, xx, xxi, and xxii (No. 1—8).

Zoe, v. i. to iv.—end of series. Erythea, v. i, ii, and iii—Nos 2 9.

Botanical gazette, index to v. i-x; v. viii. No 11.
v. x to xx.—No. 1 and 2.
Missouri botanical garden:—Reports for 1890 to

1895

Index Kewensis, parts 1, 2, and 3.

Minnesota botanical studies, Bull. 9, parts 1-6

The botanical club check list: a protest. By
Erwin F. Smith, Washington, D. C., July 22. By

-HORTICULTURE, ETC .-

Southern Kansas horticulturist, v. i. 1-5. Society of American florists-proceedings, 1886

Agricultural experiment stations:-

Ohio; 3d, 4th and 5th reports.

Bulletins, 2d s -1, 2, 3, 5, 6.

Moscow, Idaho: 1st and 2d reports, 1893-291.

Knoxville, Tennessee: 5th and 7th reports,	Pringlei 2 Figidissimus: Rainbow cactus 20	1 ()()
Bull. vol vii, nos 2-4. Morgantown, W. Va.: 1st and 3d reports.	rigidissimus: Rambow çactus	00
Bull. 1-23, 25-39, and two special issues.	triangularis: strawberry pear	
Manhattan, Kansas: 1st. 2d, 4th to 7th reports.	tnberosus	00 8
Bull. 10-46, 48, 49 and 51.		00 (
Cornell university: 2d and 3d reports. Bul. 1, 3, 6-63, 65-85, 89-96, 98.	viridiflorus 25 eruca Brandegee	
The California florist, vol. i, nos. 1-5, 7, 8; vol. ii.	COTYL & DON attenuata	; 00
Year book of the U.S. Dep't Agric., 1894.	Californica	3 ()()
The Garden, 37 Southampton st., London: Nos	edulis 10	
893, 964, 988, 1019-1028, 1030-1032, 1034-1240. The ural Australian, xiii. 1, 2, 7-12.	lanceolata, reddish flowers	
New series, i. 1-5, 0-12; ii. 1-9, 11, 12; iii.	orbiculata	
Garden and Forest, Tribune building., N. Y .:	pulverulenta 10	00
Nos. 1-393,	secunda glauca	3 60
The Swiss Cross, vol. i -v,	DIONÆA muscipula: Venus fly trap 5 ECHINOCACTUS bicolor Gal	
Why I am a vegetarian. By J. Howard Moore.	brevihamatus Engelmann	5 00
Ward Waugh Pub, Co., Chicago, 25c	capricornis 25	5 00
The Avifauna, Los Angeles, Cal.: i. 1.	Ccptonogonus Lemaire 2	5 00
The Monist, a quarterly magazine: i., ii., iii 1, 2, 3; iv; v. 1, 2, 4.	cornigerus DC	3 00
Vi · V 9 to 19 mg I.	cylindraceus Engelmann 40	5 00
NOTES ON CACTI.	horizonthalonius Lem	00°
Dr. W. G. Farlow, of Harvard college, kindly	Leconter Eng. 2: longehamatus Ga ¹ 2:	5 00
informs me that stackhouse spelled the name	McDowellii Rebut	3.00
of his genus the same as Haworth-Mainmil-	Orcuttii Eng	00
laria. His genus is identical with Gigartina but his name has not been adopted by more recent	Orcattii Eng 36 polycephalus Eng 75 Scheeri Salm 19	5 00
algologists.	Scheeri Salm	\$ 60
Opuntia basilaris and Parish's variety ramosa	setispinu Eng 8	2 00
(see Bull. Torr. Club, xix. 92), when grown in a	texens s Hpfr 13 Trollieti Rebut 46	00
nursery side by side become indistinguishable.	viridescens Nutt 13	2 00
CACTI AND SUCCULENTS.	Wielizeni Eng* 2: Wrightii Eng 50 Echinopsis Eyriesii 25	5 00
PLANTS \$\mathbb{P}\$ 100	Echinousis Evriesii	00
AGAVE americana milleri	Mulleri S	1 00
americana variegata 6 00	multiplex	5 ()()
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Gilbeyi Hort 50 00	MAMMILLARIA Arizonica	00
heteracantha (lecheguilla)	annlanata	8-00.
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CEREUS Berlandieri 8 00	Greggii. 15 phellosperma: tetrancistra) 00
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tuna: 3 vars. (cuttings)	9 00
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Pelecyphora pectinata	
PHYLLOCACTUS Wrayi	
latifrons: Queen cactus	
PILOCEREUS Sargentianus Orcutt	90 00
fossulatus	25 00
senilis: Old man eactus	20 00
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ROCHEA falcata	
STAPELIA variegata: Toad cactus	
YUCCA baccata	
brevifolia	
Whipplei	
Prices on application.	

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PALM SEEDS	
Erythea armata (Brahea glauca). \$\P\$ to \$\cappa_0\$	\$ 2 00
edulis, Guadalupe Island palm. "	2 00
Washingtonia filitera"	1 00
robusta "	2 50
Sonoræ, a new Mexican palm "	4 00
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reclinata	

FLOWER SEEDS

Correspondence invited about other sorts.

Chamerops excelsa...

72.4	POL.
Dicentra chrysantha	2 00
Dicentra chrysantha Dodecatheon Clevelandi	1 0
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Freesia retracta alba	40
Mina lobata \$8 per tb	70
Lathyrus splendens	1 55
R mneya Coulteri	1 00
Dendromecon rigidum: Tree poppy	
Cobæa scandens	
We have handled hundreds of varie	ties of
seeds of which the above are a few specia	lties.5

BULBS.

Per	1	00.
Allium haematochiton Watson: fine\$	1	00
Amaryllis formosissim a		
Benria tenuifiora		00
Bloomeria aurea: rich yellow flowers		
Clevelandi Watson: delicate lemon		50
Brodings conitates laws by		00
Brodiaea capitata: large heads, lavender.		00
capitata alba: charming, pure white		40
congesta: violet purple, 2 to 3 ft. high.	1	50
coccinea: Vegetable fire cracker	2	25
grandiflora: daik waxy purple showy		00
1X101des (Caliproa lutea): vellow pretty		00
lactea: white banded with green		00
laxa (blue milla, Ithuriel's spear): blue		00
minor: fine royal purple umbels		
multiflora: umbels of violet flowers		25
Orouttii: lover der violet nowers		50
Orcuttii: lavender colored fis	5	00
peduncularis: waxy porcelain white	2	25
stellaris rich purple, white centers	1	50
terrestris: royal purple, 2 inches high	2	25
VOIUDILIS: Twining hyacinth climbing		50
mixed varieties \$6 per 1000	-	90
Calochortus albus: Fairy Bell, pearly w	7	80
Benthamii: open cup-shaped flowers		
		25
"Howellii" (ariculator)	U	00
"Howellii" (apiculatus): white, 2 feet		
high	6	00
Actineuvi: magnificent dazzling goarlot t	0	00
Leichtlinii: much like Nuttallii	3	00
		-0

longibarbatus: fine purple, a foot high luteus: yellow fls, dotted with brown.
v. concolor: large bright yellow flowers lilacinus: lilac shading to purple, fine... macrocarpus: large purple flowers.... maweanus: white, silky blue hairs, fine nitidus: purple and green fls, flexuous. nudus: dwarfish in habit, purple fls... v. atroviolacea: purple, with red spots, venustus oculatus: finely marked fls... venustus purpurascens: purple centers Baylardianus: drooping purple and yel. mixed varieties, choice selections.... amassia "alba" Camassia Cusickii: purple giant, great novelty. esculenta: dark blue fis, edible bulbs. Leichtlinii Chlorogalum angustifolium, dwarf size... parvifolium and pomeridianum, each... parvifolium and pomeridianum, each...
Erythronium grandiflorum (giganteum)...
grandiflorum minor, yellow flowers...
Hartwegii, large yellow fls, beautiful...
Hendersonii, pink fls, center blackish...
montanum, 3 to 4 large pure white fls.
Howellii, white turning pink, Oregon...
Smithii, white fls turning purple.......
purpurascens, rare and beautiful....
Freesia refracta alba: seed \$3 per lb....
Fritillaria atropurpurea Fritillaria atropurpurea biflora: chocolate lily, white, purple fls coccinea: much like recurva, pretty fls lanceolata, curious mottled coloring.... v. gracilis, nearly black, pretty...... lilacea, white, otherwise like biflora... parviflora pudica, charming yellow or orange fls. recurva, scarlet bell-shaped flowers.... Hesperocallis undulata, desert lily. Leucocrinum montanum, delicate white. Columbianum, like dwarf Humboldti...
Humboldtii, orange, with black spots...
maritimum, blood red flowers....... Washingtonianum, white, very fragrant Muilla maritima, small whitish flower... Richardia Africana, calla Trillium sessile californicum ovatum, white, turning to wine purple. Zygadenus Fremontii, creamy white fls.. paniculatus, stouter and taller

C. R. Orcutt, Orcutt, California.

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