證言之り。 右八檢察側一遊个上テ召喚か、先 KHYB

Do 問 你了下下了次天人里。 問 新介了下下了次天人里。

答 对 國籍人

答一九四里配在文生働生力

答社會事業一勤務員上言。

答然國及此律賓事十字社。

眉 城院 トウスフをは格で 九里里 那和大年

NO

答看發婦長

答問答 阪院上了多場所产認在了かお表写下了多言ででスか 本檢察部一發據書類第三三季 (指サンテ) 八場所方指三五 了一大住衣了一九四年一日都科美一大月十八日中口了一大住衣了一九四年一年一日中四人大住衣了一九四年一年侧一四角一大百中口了一四天住衣了一个一个一 少大強子 人機器部營機事類第三三路十六 構成ラ 領シテ西と 大見セシタラン ラ知らテた 一日本軍

問 答 ハイ。 顾院,建物八世之一,大學 城院 後一所 り、句倒アンタル 彼此 六十 構成カラドレ程離し

答 問答問答問答問答問答 最初一午後、 や人テ下サ 日本軍が犯シタ残虐行為了自 記憶立下店了る。 本員三話にテ下す 一度ク 八落 記憶シテ 端所節 一下でスカ

NO 2

答問答 答 居 答問 問 答問答問 答 答問 問 答 問 見多場所一極的近了首方切 人機性者達,受理相近我 強シング 四名一比島人。言心多多名。 切りし夕人名計り、比島人 白本东。 何か外見でシタカの 地名是多多日本实元 誰がコノ人名佐人比島人 次三科が見てシタノ八二名、比島 へはなりからうりの 水和見了少少小地面, 領十一下する 少的方松似残趣行為 日本会ラス 何 何加外二。 如外残尾行為 代島人般也である。 被等,殺世的後 比島人一首 ラワックラシタ 自 同心姿勢大風和 方失隊が首 島人が残門也

問你公大佐三依了外一何力 門 智 答 洁 多的倒是在舞心在,被等三度上動了可見完之一 多、哈日本兵也多了下了。 文外被等、敢己拳打世、色や一方法下榜問せ、有棘 鉄線デ打りしてダノンテ機指者一体八陷血が出于居 可多北海与平平分外 う、飲い、年手デナ 下多月的數子多何的他一残虐了記憶子唇表。 兵手桶以上杯持了来了粮地看一頭可是人水了掛大了麻水车手デ打少点了。八年三天放等,伸了一件一日本 及处绝貌到前多一天。110万一名,以岛人八、、、 弘一年以多人日,下雪中,丁度腹户产者村设 个大爱沃山知了中文。 トランの領ケテ下する 何外二。 八个。四名人以高人がサンジー、公大路子、道典横广教サンジング。 「二人大佐。 下下了下上将軍此好的特指下之多期間中了 答辯讀心 ,最後何 ンケリショウモーナラ、頭、山具後 ショカの。

图 盟 唱 答 答 答 哥 間(いら大佐に依らり)アサターボック 智一八个身体一端所到到十日 日本兵三天。 一元三年昭和十七年一天, 自及一 ラカクト・ノレナノノ側ヶ面い日本 と、シーンテンラカが無ったりを時に、文地一一名、大角人が色々かるとって 上城中其一男八死二掛り下之多 つ意思味デスカ 木多品北乡文人人多人。断 六月上八月丁シタカ 鏡ケテ下サか 年学学者軍。 大学学学 大学学 木ヤラ吊下かっテたタトララい 「下でで心料軍。此少女一方 上、下ウラフラ東京人 アハン大人、外一何か るソシテ門、直が近りテンシ リム大佐。

图 PE 答 答 問 出中から省血が与于居でした 拳打世之之多,有棘鉄線一冊一門一押之附少人之一 一居であり、ソシテー重不下打り、疏らい、平手デサ 此等,此島人、八時觀衣之看 裸でいり 何外残虐行為你也多 スポッハ空オイナ一店タンデセラ 又到一六名一比岛人犧牲者八日 广大麦看不日三轉 12人一頭

問 下看了看了香で子夕 アナタハラ加ァンメランタ以島人子 態吸、ソンナ様ナスーナス。 見でひかの 一三日とマスカシラ

NO 5

答文別一二名八次島人の問い一点を上上を一大を一一一名八次島人の 答领生产和你等者 問身我到于安力之多比图人 シテとマスカ 一九名又小モットろ メニテオラははトワナコン アナレー ナクナック時一致剣が変かしてい ノラ見てこ 人口日本路校二股与心实大地的 人一事件ラアナチ小的競 者が強うし一個でして レイエスデシタ。 及此街角面値が近

答問 图 PR 答 谷、 阳 問 問 答機能者 門 石山 周 10 部 进分 リマスカ け見 八島 之至了一年 大尉二依少三 七里 正面一轉方 居っ 图 大島 証人 四丁 三ハソ

1-1-10 たりな スプラ 现代也子一把 地域三年

陷了 一起又一世了 派院 一勤務時間

門 勤務時間 级其成处二 りかう、 レデ 車車モーヤを

取りつが オハア 全部八潭

安白 辯 讀 竹軍 7

浩 能力酸品 本/ 人里自然 迴 治理事

石 答 台 即到 答問 陷 图 PE 答 PE 唱 時上 持門 0 末4 1 度 が建 拉 和人本 華力火 調 12 99 7 7 松時間 八連服二書 視 Te! 海院 スリ 7 用沒格看讀

悟了 答元中度御願シマス 下二可 人有護婦又八庸

答了 思してて、 施院三看護婦 松和為 為人為人為 清護

答

問っ 答 十分公事,歲門就 一一一門添 話上

昭华ア 居 烟 4 力器言しり之芸 相 和光光 か、モウー 一度也 テノ透型 十分 三十つス マセンデレ ンデス やう。 タが見る事 テードはへい 良し

庭义

是一 為 心思

分デ 10

码 相引 問 答、 答、 門 答問 答 馬哥 宜之人。 ラシタノデス/。 ソレカラ。 六月八第二週デス。 ンハ六月、第一週、後、第一週テンタカ

悪イトにいクカラデス、私小患者 人二後ノ玄關へ出サセマセンデシタ、 丁一時二後、玄關二八何カ外ノモノか イ、エ、私八最初人發虐行為习見テ 私人後ノ玄鵑が綺麗ニナッテキルカス整頓が出來テ居ルカラ監 福元為二病院,後,玄關二居, カラ、私ョリ外六強王附添 理中ハホントニ患者八為二 二非常二氣ヲ付ケテ 居

答

ソレハ六月デシタ。

Fol

ソ上、何時デンタカ

私八病院一後一玄関人行中不

サイ。外へ出テハイケマセン。トーロッ ノ方人仕事ハ私ニサンテ電キナサイ、 私、彼等三残虚行爲,刀上八百日之之二十三夕 私ハアナタハコノ事ラ能二を話サナカツ イ、患者デモイケナイト。 アナタか館でテノ者一其處へ出ルナト言けケタンデスカ。 ソンカラ。アナタハ、今、後 後、仕事八私ニサンテ四直キナ 玄聯二居リマス 亡らシタト田じっか。 私彼等二後手 其所以話

世話ラスルノハ私がケテシタカラ。ソ い、時カラ、私へ後へ行キッケマシタ、 私小初人子發信行為与見夕時二後 シテ | 一居リマシタ、 附 上病院人後人

尼門 サテ、六月第二週テス、アナタが第三回目二界常年起少見夕 ルノラ見タノデス ノハイツテシタク。

答 問 マンジ。 私か此等了十月見マンタ時八、私八谷室二人ツテ居テ、事件月見中 一機ケマシタカラ、ソシテ和ハアノ残虐行爲ラ見マシタ。 でシタ、私八分見時三使いの較物ラ空氣ニアテル馬メニ後、玄陽 アナタハコレラ見ナガラ後の玄關ニト コレ等,に島人が四次,中二立ツテ居夕時二私ハマタ後,玄関二居り 位居リマシタカ

約半時間又ハソレ以上デス。 トコニテ、トノ位,時間、アナタ八其處一居テ見テ 中ターデスカ。

い上書食過中境テシタ、何デモン サテ、次キ八何時二次キッかアリマシ 何り後テスカ。 上頁 虚刑か

答問

答

Pos)

周門

答、一个月八中旬デスカの答、一个月八中旬デスカの

答、七月中ラテンタか。

アジャマンタ、ソンテイナン・ヒータ」ヒル建物/正面テ残を作行為ア見マシタ 季リッ馬車/テ行キ「サンパロク·マターニテ ス、私八仕事与為ルコトか出來マシタカラ、私八特二午後外出シ、「カレーサン」一一一 七月二、病院六夕少夕、一時六、タツタ 宜三年解リマンタ。サア、ノ作二就イテ全部言ツテ下サイ。 人カニ人カ又ハ三人シカ忠者か居ラ カラ「レか」 ータに廻り、アンディ

VO 13

問

アリマセン。七月、第一週頃アス。

門門 答 107 トコロデ、コ、路園上で、若シ出生でシタラ、トーミラノ、一たシ田園上ニアリアンタラ、アナタか是の見り リノ時でナタ公正確一何の見マシタカ。ソレタモウー後言シテトサイ。 八分といり大學、横方、地上产四名、北島 人が拷問う受か統剣テム大力上与見ごり

法、 好ニアナタノ立ツテ居タ所ラ指差シテ下サイ。

差シナかラ。 病院八丁度コッテス。コレか病院、後手テス、ソシテコレか後、部分テス、コレか浴宝テス(指

答 FO 私ハコトライレーサンデ廻り、コハス本、ソンテ唯一可通行人とシテ、ソコへ行きコチラへ又コチラへ行 キマシタ(指差シナかラ) サテ、七月ノ残虐行為ノ所マデ來マンタ。ソンテアナタかソレラ見タ時六子久何處立ツテ居マンタ。

問 我から路局上テアナタニ指摘シテ頂き度イ人 ニアナタか立いテ居タンノ場所テス。 此等等 ノ者が處刊かんノラ見

ガレーサンデコラ通りとう名。馬ハ早ク走上コトラ標シラレマシタカラ非常ニュックリ行キマンタ 私此島人養地為達からテ統倒が安力レルラ見の時二私から三届りマレタンとテ ノテ、私紀等とトラ大妻司見ルコトか出來でシタの指差シナから

ME 答 13 ア・時ハアナタハ馬車二乗ツテ居シタカ 大様がス。見事の馬ョ早ク走ラセテハナラマ、又立停マツテハナラスト命令シマンタカラ アナタハンコニ上ツテ見ナカツタッデスネ、アナタハ 通り過サアキタンデスネ、

答私ハイカレーサニ・乗ツテ居マンタ。

問何三乗ツラキタンデスッテ。

答がレーサー一。

門ソンと一輪車ノヤツテ「カレテラ」ノーデスカ。

門 答 アナタハコ後部二乗リマシタカ。取者が前二来ツテ居タンテスカ。 イイエ、ガレテラレ、ガレーサレトハ違ヒマスのガレー サレい三人カ二人タケ季に位して

10/4

答、 門。 おり外二八能元居リマセンデシタ。 部カ外ノグカアナタト一端二来ツテ 居りマンタ

Doc 2849 答 PJ. 宜えれ、アナタノ見タコトラ領ケテ下サイ 和かい二三居少ス時二、私、比島人か拷問サレテ様二般サレルノヲ見マシタ。 アナタノ見るこ トラ私二語シテトサ

PAT 何名,此局人小拷問十九八月見マンタ力。

答、 出名ノ北島人デンタ、ソンテッや二科か見マンタノハニ名デンタ

問 マンタクのいきシクヤリマセウの ソノ比島川人ハソコニ立ツテキマシタカ、ソレトも彼等ない

四日 答 か力が無っナリモウニ度ト立テナクナルト、殺しい掴を再じ立るも、ソレカラストヤシッケマシュッテ居できる。ソンテ打タレルト、地面へペッタリアシタク。 殺サレマ かしマシタ 一被等 以等か倒してシタの彼等

ソノ後トウナリマシタカ。

名 彼等、孫創一天实力して之夕、 私ノ見タノハソ

答問 アナタノ見タノハソレケケチンデスネ

思 答、 問 サテ、アナタかい今話シタノハゼ月ノ第一週テヤ リンハ六十二年三人週人、殆上終り、又八七月ノテハ、次十二年一人遊きでもゆってしいソノノテノ 今話サウトスルノガ七月ノ第一週テアツター T-NB7 第一週九 小言フ

怒 モウ一座御願シマス。

門 アナタノ見タロダニノ事件へ、何時アリマンタカ、何月ノ 何日かしりか、思し出セマシタラ

ソ大大月八年一週テンタ、ニッ八統刻テ

ノンテ次キニ私ノ見タノハ一名ノ比島 不カラド

PA コレハ七月、第一週ニアックノデスネ。

F27 座 八月,第二週デスカ。 ハイ、ソンハ七月八祭三週テス、木カラに中で

答

周

周 問答 シタカ。指差シナかラ)。コンニ病院かアリ、八五、松八橋ノエニュー、二病院かアリ、又コンニノンテ大人がかり、又コンニンタカ。 カートかりでシタ テ居マシ 比島人樣生者八鎖テ两脚 病院ノ中デスカ。アナタハドコニ居リマシタカアナタが此り見り時二アナタハドコニ居リマシタカ シャックの 多個書類 发 據書類第三七二號二、「橋」ト云フ語デ示サ「リム」大佐。記録が、證人が検察部りなく苦シメニ中へ入ッテ行キマシタの(指差シがか、ソシテ側の通心日本兵八皆比島人機性 佐りをシタのソンテナ 上大射二依 ケオ腹、総テン部分見特二才腹ラ葵夕。ソンテナ側の通ル日本兵八皆、火人養 水シテナ 香色 學一棚 リヤシタ。 ラは 指號习指差シタ ツテ居 ,直が近クニアリ アナタハ何處二鬼リマ コノ道二沿ッテ他三木 丁度 ツラレテ、木カラ子下ツ うけ コニ店マシタ 日文字デボサ ノ木がアリマス、 リマシタの 此是八潭 コイニア クニボラ意味 (指養シナガラ) ラ挙打 マシタカ 牲者 證

答問答

Aloc 2849 答問答問答答

配とマスの

祭米

アリヤシタの

ハドノ佐

心機性者司明

橋力

周

五為 シカ ラ談解 極り近り 力与 以島

ハイ、然シ私ハートがアリマスハイ、然シ私ハートがアリマスカラ最後、不、近り、着ハイサン・ビーダム、エー、ドウを私ハアナターを表が一下ッテ居ターを表が一下ッテ居ターを上でする。アナタが立いテアマクタ、ラー下ッテ居タが高デスカラ、イ、然シ私ハアナターを上でする。アナタが立いテアをから、イ、然シ和ハアナターを上でする。アナタが立いテアをある。それ、丁度コンテ展が高デスカラへ指示して、大の居マシタカラでは、大い居マシタカラでは、大い居マシタカラでは、大いアリマンタ、ソシテルをアリマシタ、ソシテルをアリマシタ、ソシテルをアリマシタ、ソシテルをディーである。 指差之ナガラ じ度がツ 1

問答問答問答問

Doc 28 4.9

見八 二分一篇为

アナガダン 問神シレタ大後等以 私八彼等人全部ラ數へ夕澤デハア 将軍一 二被等八居夕町了了晚图上 去員會全員出席, 被寒側出席、進行去員會全員出席。 被席的 被告人被 何 居夕所 力外二異常力出来事ラ目 上證言シタ七名八比島人 委員會ラ開奮シャスの ナケレルが目デスネ 比島人 ナ分外が終れてルコトニシマセク。 ノ「サン・ビータービルノ真 渡マア通りがか、 ノコトデスカ 比島人が居りでシク。 アナタが目の銃

NO20 君 丁ナタハ何殿二居 。拉。 山料軍。 上野軍。 記錄

問答問 周 突カレマシタの近り上 ディオラ "左様デス。 「ドナヴァン 證言ラナ 将軍。 九龙位 遊り一直 七ベー 上ゲナ 一日フ

比處一比的四 コニアリ

ノ渡っく 省

ラと街へ進ンデ 级女が路图見指差又特二、ソレニツイナ行ッテ下サイ、 アナタハ何處二 スレバ毎回 たリマシタの コレラ緑液へ又必要ハナラたデセウ マシタカ テ月古マシタの サテ、アナタがコレラ見タ時

馬那帶 ケへへ指差シナかラ ラ見 セシタ、 ソノ命な二位とマシラの 八取者二 性者等列大爽良力見儿 術が我々ラ見テ格マセンデ 八日本ノ安明が一名居りマ マデー インシーリアスラ 横切ルニ シタ、ソンテ 之一様二年記之之文、 進ンデ居マシタ ツシテをかかつくへ一指 ソレテ放人ハコワ 指差シナかラ 外外等毒 ツレ改

人か活タトアナタハ言と

月答、八八人。

八个农等二一到一方 1、彼等八月相並二元 彼等ハったビーリアスは行治ツラ マシタカ。假等八整到三十百七三分。 ンデ居りマンテ、後于三事元居 自习統剣デ安力レタノデシタ

問答 答問 問 答 「ナユビ コン八計マデコケ (指差しナかラ ーリアス生 ケユベーリアス一年二治ワテ コ・カラ、 ト平 角 水がア 指差し十かラ

問 問 答 答 一十分位,好問的社 造二何 テハアナタハ正確三何 するが彼等 餘り壁 ハイ、コンクリ 一人後二八壁かアリマス 八壁二年リカカラセテ 近クデハアリマセン /見工儿所へ来 壁がア コヤン 了見 並ベラレテ居マシ 壁カラ約半馬 ハモウ見エナラ 光 少最初

答 問 答問 答 カラ ノモノハ皆見エマスカラ。 マスト、軽い(指差シナガラ) 指差シナガラ)コノ角一度 指差しナかランコッマデ 丁度ソコノ所カラ何處 指差シナガラコ・カラ 何米位一人力。 往 4ラへ行ツテマスカラ、コ カラ ラニナ マデー(指差とよ 分? 二品川

が出来てる。 コ、八和感ニナルモノガア アリ 也 カラ、 コ、(指差し 皆見几二十

問 (指差シナガラ)マカラ(指差シナガラ) 位 デスカ。)コーマデ何米

答

ソレハ私ニハかりでセン。

答問 何米位力分ラナ イノデス

分カツコラデス。 リマセン、独心馬八歩 于西乡 デスカラ、ニナ

答問 ソコラ通り二二十分掛ツク ノデスカ。

二十分力或八隻以下 テス。

問 アナダ八正確三何月見マ サア、 Pt 夕が、ソコラ

通心時二見夕毛ノラ正確 記

答 松か見てレタノハ、 九名又八 比島

上ケラレナ

門、 ツテ居マンタか、坐ツテろとマン

答 江華ンデ目ヲ統剣千突を放送ンデュケークを発力を発力を見るとうとう 大変を持つこう 整 居 居でしま 干被等

差サレマシタ

問 彼等八並ンデ之以一后 問二八問隔的

NO23 答問答

彼空すハクワツ午台ツテ 活

答問 問 何名 松八二名ノ日本豆かや 約八名一日本人 周田二七 日本三分か 何名多多少 館 剣デ 見マ

問答問答 テハアナタが目ヲ統剣 ナタハ何ヲ見マシタカ。

約八名,日本人

問答 私人見タノハソレダケデス

アナダ八被等一古か切う 十二就 イテ経上ラシマセ

答問 答、 ンレハ別 八别一事件千又力。

問 名ラ知りテろでスカ。 十夕八鈴 剣一変カレタ

問 答、 彼年一中生生千石居儿王 シカドウカ ルカ又、彼等八皆死

答、 知八卷煙草,先一燒力 ノ名ハ ラ見

1024 答 問 八个工、私八彼等八维毛知 私小銳剣デ六次カレタ

問 だれ

比島 人樣

二進してせつ。

問答問答 宜之人 九四二年 四和十七年 七月八第二週产之

/ 真正面

指差亡

一指差しナ

答問答問答問答問答問答 レカラ。 ヲ見夕時 一起リマシタカ 行之一居りで之夕。

彼等小縛ラレ 地上三跪 ソシテカラフヤウ

地面デス・ タ人道デ行ハレマンクか

問答問答問 デ、指差シナガラ此是 柳内倒テンシタ

NO26

問答

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答

ツテをた ノハソレか

完全二引干妆了 3

Doc 2849

問

引張

ンタカ或

イ日本語ラ

少し八公園

力言ロッ

答問

Doc 284.9 問答問答 問答問答問答 答問答問答問答問答 力。海知 月間 へ出ナ 間ニアツ 二関係 三話タンデスネ 側デンタカ、 クデス マスカ -ラへ(指差しナガラ) タンデスを 居 外倒一下人。

間

发 問 答 图 答 問 ナイナイ ガテ、イナタが初メデ日本矢上比島人了見附 10 二本一大門で大力 イン・イヤレーナレンをかり してもうか、アナタハ比様チョカレデランが乗りて通びデ品であか

夕時四二八路圖一一一指差少

思 アナタが最初いり見り時にアナウ かいつようへ進ぶるたべいり ナガインンデル、見きり、 彼い言之がり、「御見てする、日本大かい 一个小少場的近日居り ーレナ を送送 地英多不是 記過人二十一大地工一部里 歌者が松注意。作之之の 一钱是行為了見了 りはシスシタ。 ٥ 松精

答 問 松城城村道少近江是中心 彼かアナラを山道ナナイトニック時へイナク ノシテかいココンをリベック、 松俊序が一日三年起一日見る ーレカラ 了江東下松水板 指色光彩 機性為八刀三個 何處にたりべつタか 多へりつうう

階 時間が近中でシタカ アナタが最初俊等の見夕時カラ、人 15 分被野月見ルスアンド位

向 答 十五分アスハリレヨリ短カリタ、イサン 強かなへっスか。 夕八日本一将校上兵上見かり方の知り居人又力。 日本坊哨 一年人が大力力、速力 通いコトか出来へとうううり 前了我的通過发玩 面看 カラ 向相

028 間 松 和 ドウンラ イナタハ見かりベシタカ。

向為 何の寄りたちつりいす 松子をかかり 日本一特校八 長靴 等

NO29

Dic 2849 茶间茶间签 私ハーレグイシカをリスセン 李夏金が

證人解除十一

イイナ 軍事委員會於記日本部國陸軍中將本面雖爾二对心訴訟一際 節里)告於少花了了 尚不經緣十三年受理工艺 書類が八小でれる 余一般倒軍最高指揮官總司令殺法律部行政官人地方軍 イルバン」提供了一般人一篇 豫 -・アール・シー・キッち

香類外人也也另八八大多一一人

夏美里近避~

心無ションテ

任禮信一等

省

地方軍師且 劣兵少佐 レ(湯名名)

松二證明人。

李念前記新

松事件一个紀然、現在當都一者類級中一下生

日本東京公公子 證人 胜

P.J. - atrocity
Page 1 Doc. No. 2849 NENA ALBAN called as a witness on behalf of the Prosecution, being first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION (By Colonel Lim) Please state your name. A I am Mrs. Nena Alban. Q Your age? A Forty years old. Q Your nationality? Filipino, sir. Q What is your profession? A A nurse, sir. Q Were you working in 1941? A Yes, sir. As what? A As a social worker. Q For what organization? A The American and Philippine Red Cross. In 1942, during the months of June and July, where were you living? A I was in Sampaloc, at the Modern Maternity and Childrens' Hospital. As what? A The supervising nurse. Showing you this Prosecution's Exhibit 372, can you state whether or not you can identify the specific place where your hospital was located at the time? Yes. Q Will you indicate the place? A This is the hospital (indicating). COLONEL LIM: The witness indicated a square on the north side of the sketch, Prosecution's Exhibit No. 372, the Sampaloc Maternity and Childrens Hospital. Q (By Colonel Lim) During the months of June and July, 1942, did you know that the Japanese Army was occupying the grounds of the San Beda College? A Yes, sir.

Page 2 Doc. No. 2849 How far was the building of the hospital from the grounds of the San Beda College? More or less 60 meters from the place where, at the back of the hospital. Was that across the creek? Yes, sir. Do you remember having seen atrocities committed by the Japanese Army? A Yes, sir, I do. Would you relate them to the Commission? Yes, sir. Go ahead, please, The first afternoon I saw four Filipinos were made to kneel right at the edge of the creek and beheaded, and the bodies fell into the creek. Q How many Filipinos did you say? A Four Filipinos. Q Who beheaded the Filipinos? A The Japanese soldiers. Q Did you see anything else? And the next one I saw were two Filipinos were beheaded at the same position, but 'ust very near to the place where the first time I saw. Q Go ahead. A And the next one I saw were more or less seven Filipinos who were made to kneel on the bar across the hole in the ground and beheaded, and the body fell right inside the hole. Q Who beheaded these seven Filipinos, more or less? A The Japanese soldiers. Q Did you witness any other atrocities? A I saw ten Filipinos were standing inside of the pit, and the soldiers beheaded them, the Japanese soldiers. Q What else? A And I saw four Filipinos were killed by judo. The Japanese soldiers took ahold of the feet of the victims and struck the head right on the concrete pavement.

A Yes, sir; and the body thrown into the creek after they

Q Was the Filipino killed?

were killed.

12 Subu 3 Doc. No. 2849 Go ahead. A And I saw other atrocities. The Filipinos were tortured, boxed, kicked, beaten by a business of heavy wood, heavy sticks, until they were flat on the ground, and I have not seen them move again. All by the Japanese. COLONEL LIM: What was that last? (Answer read.) (By Colonel Lim) What else? A I saw more or less 20 Filipinos who were tied up right in front of San Beda, and they were kicked, boxed, tortured in different ways, beaten by the barbed wires, and all the bodies of the victims were bleeding. When they pretend to scream or to cry, they were boxed right on the back of the head, and they were placed under the very hot sun. Do you remember of any other atrocities witnessed by you? A Yes, I know so many. Q Go ahead, please. Another group of Filipinos were placed under the sun and boxed right in the stomach, were beaten, were kicked, slapped and when they were already sleeping the Japanese had a pail of water and poured the water right from the head of the victims to the foot. Anything else? A Yes, sir. Four Filipinos were killed right by the side of San Beda College, bayoneting them until they were killed. Then one Filipino --GENERAL DONOVAN: Is this all during the period covered by the specification? COLONEL LIM: Yes, sir. (By Colonel Lim) Was this all during the period of June and July? A 1942. Q June and July? A That is between June and the last week of July, 1942. Go ahead. Two Filipinos hanging from the tree. The leg was tied with a chain, tightly, and every Japanese soldiers that passed by, they boxed the victims until he was dying. Q You mean this Filipino hanging from the tree? A Yes, sir, and right near the gate. GENERAL DONOVAN: What does she mean by "boxed"? (By Colonel Lim) What do you mean by "boxed"?

Page 4 Doc. No. 2849 A Box, like boxing (demonstrating). GENERAL DONOVAN: With the fist? (By Colonel Lim) With the fists? Hit by the fists? A Yes, different parts of the body; the head and all the parts of his body, by the Japanese soldiers. Anything else, Mrs. Alban? Another two Filipinos were tortured heavily in different kinds of torturing, and when they were already helpless they were bayoneted and they were killed, right at the side of San Beda, near the bridge of Mendiola. Q Any other atrocities? A And another six Filipino victims were tied under the sun, very hot sun, and they were beaten with heavy wood and kicked, slapped, boxed right on the head, and pushing them against the barbed wires fence, and all of their backs were bleeding. Did these Filipinos wear a shirt at the time? A They were naked, sir. They had pants? They had just underwear -- what do you call it -- drawers, something like that. Did you see Filipinos in a stock? A Yes, sir, they were in the stock. Where? A They were in the stock right in front of San Beda. What happened to these Filipinos? A Well, they were held in the stock by the leg, group by group. They were in two groups. There were six Filipinos. And while they were held in the stock their hands were held also with heavy stock, and they were boxed, they were pushed --COLONEL LIM: They were what? THE REPORTER: "Pushed." A (Continuing) They were pushed back against the fence, barbed wire, and they were burned with the burning tip of the eigarettes, and I saw burning piece of wood put under the armpit of Rosalino Aurora, one of the victims. (By Colonel Lim) What else, Mrs. Alban? And another two Filipinos were beaten, were pushed in the ground, backed by the Japanese officer, and then when they were already dying, so helpless they could hardly move, they were bayoneted. And one of them was Remigio Reyes.

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A The victims, the Filipino victims, were tied up and made to kneel right in front of the San Beda College building --

Q How many Filipinos?

More or less seven.

Seven Filipinos?

And their tongues were pulled out by the help of the pliers, and I saw the tongues hanging up to the chest.

Q Did you see these Filipinos alive again?

No, sir.

COLONEL LIM: That is all with the witness.

CROSS EXAMINATION

(By Captain Coder) Where do you live?

A At present, sir?

Q Where did you live?

A I was in Sampaloc Modern Maternity during those months and year.

Q This is in June and July of 1942?

A I was in Sampaloc Modern Maternity, Childrens Hospital.

Q Did you live there all the time? .

A Yes, sir-

What were your hours of work at the hospital?

A I beg your pardon?

Q What were your hours of work?

A Well, I did not have any fixed hours, because I stayed there all the times, and I worked most of the times, because I was supervising nurse, had to supervise day and night.

Doc. No. 2849 CAPTAIN CODER: I don't believe I got all of that. GENERAL DONOVAN: Read the answer. (Answer read.) (By Captain Coder) What did your duties consist of, as supervising nurse? Just what did you do? A Well, I had to go around in the hospital, around the buildings, and supervise the cleaning, supervise that the work of the hospital had been done correctly, and neatness, and see if the patients were taken good care by the attendants, and those people who work under me. Q Did you also do paper work, that is, administrative work there at the hospital? A Yes, sir; and I had an assistant to do the work for me. Q You had an assistant? A While I was going around. Q You had an assistant while you were away? A Yes, sir; while I was supervising around the building I had an assistant to do the office work for me. Q About how much time did you spend sleeping? A Bog pardon? Q About how much time did you spend sleeping? A Sometimes, when we had many patients, especially when we had delivery cases, I slept just very few hours. Q All the rest of the time you had to work? A Yes, because I was the only graduate nurse in that hospital. Q About how often did you go out of the hospital? A Oh, sometimes just once a week, sometimes nothing. Q Sometimes just once a week, and sometimes not at all? A Yes, sir. That was in June, sir. In July I used to go around -- I mean to say, I used to go out just to have a chance of air, because we didn't have many patients in July, so I had to go around out of the hospital. How many nurses or how many employees did you have under you? I beg your pardon? Q How nath, employees or nurses did you have working for you? A I was the only nurse in that hospital. I think there were others. I had other attendants working for me, but not nurses. There were 17.

DOC: NO 2810 Seventeen? A Yes, sir. Did you ever talk over with any of these attendants these executions? A No, sir. Q You never talked about that? A No, sir, because I was afraid they would tell it to the patients, and I did not want the patients to be scared. Now, where were you when you viewed all these executions that you testified to? Let's go over it again. Can you tell me the date when it occurred and where you were when you saw it? A At the first week of June I was right --Not so fast. The first one was in June? A The first week of June, I was right in the bathroom where there were holes that I could peek through, and I could see the atrocities. Q Now, let's stop there a minute. What made you peek through the back door? What called your attention to the fact that anything was going on back there? A Because the first thing I saw, the atrocities, I heard screaming right at the back of the yard, at San Beda, at the creek, and I peeped out, and I saw the victims were tortured and beheaded, and that is the first time I knew it. Q All right, that is enough. Now, the second execution which you witnessed? A I went to the back porch of the hospital. Q What date was this? A That was in June. Q Was it after the first one, the second week of June? A The second week of June. Go ahead. I was at the back porch of the hospital just to supervise whether the back porch was clean and everything was arranged. Q Was anything else on the back porch at this time? A No, sir; since I saw the first atrocity I won't let any attendants step out on the back porch but myself, because I was afraid they might really be bad for the patients. I was very careful of the patients. Q You instructed everybody not to go out there? A Yes, sir, not even the patients.

Page 8 Doc. No. 2849 Q I thought you testified you didn't talk this over with anyone. A I didn't tell them about the atrocities; I just told them, "Let me do the work in the back; let me do the work at the back. Don't try to step out." Q All right, go ahead. You are on the back borch now. A I was on the back porch at the first time I saw the atrocity, and since that time I used to go at the back, because I was the only one taking care of the back porch and the back of the hospital, and I saw these things happening. Q Now, we have the second week of June. Now, the third time that you saw anything unusual happen was when? I was still on the back porch when I saw these Filipinos standing in the pit, because I pulled the mattress on the back porch that was used in the delivery case, to be aired out, and I saw that atrocity. Q Now, how long did you stay at the back porch watching this? A When I saw those things, I kept myself in the bathroom and watched the happenings. Now, how long a period of time did you stay there and watch? A About a half-hour, sir, or more. Now, the next one, what time did the next one take place, the next execution? A That was about after lunch, something like that. Q After what? A In the middle of the day. Q In the middle of August? A In the middle of the day, in the part of July. Q In the middle part of July? A Part of July, sir, not in the middle. About the first week of July. All right. I understand. Now, tell me all about that one. In the month of July I used to go out of the hospital, because we had only, sometimes we had only one, two, or three patients, and I could do the work, and I used to go out especially in the afternoon and to go in the calesa and go around from Sampaloc Maternity on Legarda, and go around Mendiola, and I saw the atrocities in front of the San Beda building. Exactly what did you see on that occasion? Just relate that again.

- A I saw four Filipinos tortured and bayoneted right by the side on the ground, by the side of the San Beda College.
- Now, will you indicate on this sketch, if you can do so, that is, if it is on the sketch, where you were standing when you saw this?
- A Right here is the hospital. This is the back of the hospital, and this is the back part here. This is the bathroom (indicating).
- Q Now, we are down to the atrocity in July. And where were you standing when you saw that?
- A I used to go around here in the calesa, in here, and just as a passerby, go there, go this way and this way (indicating).
- Q What I want you to indicate on this sketch is just where you were standing when you saw these people executed.
- A I was here when I saw Filipino victims were bayoneted here, and then passing here with the calesa. Just going very slowly, because they prevented the horse from running fast, so I could see these things very well (indicating).
- Q You did not stop there and look; you just kept passing by, is that correct?
- A No, sir, because the Japanese ordered not to let the horse go very fast, and not to stop, either.
- Q Were you riding on this occasion?
- A I was riding in the calesa, sir.
- Q In a what?
- A In the calesa.
- Q That is one of these two-wheeled carts, or carretelas?
- A No; carrettela is different from a calesa. A calesa is just enough for three or two persons.
- Q Did you ride in the back of this? Was the driver up in front?
- A Yes.
- Q Was there anybody else in there with you?
- A Nobody, sir, but myself.
- Q All right, proceed with what you saw. Go ahead and tell me what you saw.
- A When I was there I saw Filipinos were tortured until they were killed.
- Q How many Filipinos did you see tortured?
- A Four Filipinos, and the next one I saw was two.

Doc. No. 2849

Q Let's go into this in detail. Were the Filipinos standing there, or what were they doing?

A They were standing, and when they were beaten they were flat on the ground and the Japanese grabbed them and let them stand up again, and then knocked them again, and then they fell. When they were helpless and they were not able to stand up again they were killed.

Q What happened after that?

A They were bayoneted; that is all I saw, sir.

Q That is all you saw?

A Yes.

- Q Now, let's go to the next incident. About what part of the month was this, and what month?
- A That was the third, almost the end of June or the first week of July, something like that.
- Q Now, you mean theone you have just related was the first week in July, or the one you are about to relate was the first week in July?
- A I beg your pardon, sir?
- The next incident which you observed, when did it occur, what month and what day, if you can think of it?
- A That was the first week of July, two bayoneting cases, and the next one I saw was a Filipino victim was hanging from the tree.
- Q This happened the first week in July?
- A Yes; that is the second week of July; that hanging from the tree.
- Q The second week of July?
- A Yes.
- Q Go ahead.
- A The Filipino victim was hanging from the tree, tied by the legs with the chains, and every Japanese that passed by beat the victims, boxed all the parts of the stomach, especially in the stomach.
- Q Where were you when you saw this? In the hospital?
- A No, sir; I was standing on the bridge.
- And where was the Filipino at the tree? Here is the hospital, and here are some trees, down here (indicating). Where were you?
- A I was here on the bridge. There were so many people here, and the tree was right here. This is the gate, because the tree was standing right near the gate, and every Japanese that passed by, going inside to torture the Filipino victims (indicating).

Doc. No. 2849 Page 11 COLONEL LIM: Will the record show, sir, the witness indicated in Prosecution's Exhibit 372, a portion indicated by the word "Bridge" and another figure meaning a tree, near the fence of the San Beda College, indicated by the letter "G", for gate. (By Captain Coder) Now, are there other trees situated along this roadway? A Yes, sir. Q There are trees along through there? A Yes; but I saw the hanging victims on the last tree from the bridge near the gate, the first gate of San Beda from the bridge. About how far away from where the Filipino was hanging were you standing? How many meters? A More or less five yards; I think something like that. Q Five yards? A Yes, because the bridge is very near to the gate of San Beda, more or less. Well, I believe I misunderstood you. You say it is only five yards from the place where you were standing to the place where the Filipino is hanging? A Yes, because here is the bridge (indicating). And here is the gate (indicating)? A Yes. I was right here, because there were so many people here (indicating), and had seen what the Japanese were doing to the hanging Filipinos, and some of the people who were looking were crying, and they wanted to scream. Q Let's proceed to the next one that you witnessed. A I saw some Filipinos held in the stock, by the neck, right in front of the San Beda Building, facing the barbed wire. They were naked. They were tortured, slapped, burned with the burning tips of cigarettes, slapped and kicked and boxed right on the top of the head until the prisoners were so helpless they could not even lift up their heads. Well, where were you when you saw this occur? I was passing by, sir. I was in the calesa. Where were the Filipinos? Right here, sir; right here between the two gates, right here (indicating). I saw the Japanese torturing these victims, since I was here (indicating) and when I reached here (indicating), I turned here, and they were still doing the work. About how many, how many Filipinos did you see? A There were 20 Filipinos tied up against the fence there.

A Right here (indicating). This is Mendiola (indicating), and this is Tuberias (indicating); right at Tuberias near the corner of Mendiola.

Q Where were you --

COLONEL LIM: May the record show, sir, that -GENERAL DONOVAN: Yes; the record will show -COLONEL LIM (continuing): -- that she indicated -GENERAL DONOVAN: Just a minute.

Will you just follow that as she indicates on the sketch, so we won't have to go through this every time?

- Q (By Captain Coder) Now, where were you standing at the time you saw this?
- A I was in a calesa. I was passing right on Mendiola Street, and when I reached here (indicating), there was a Japanese sentry here, and I ordered the cochero to let the horse go very slowly crossing Tuberias, so the cochero obeyed the order, and so we were going this way (indicating), we continued this way, and I look at the prisoners, because the sentry was not looking at us. And up to this place here (indicating) I could still see very well the victims.
- Q Now, you say there were more or less nine Filipinos?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Were they standing in line? Were they lined up?
- A Yes; they were fall in line, were tied up at the hands behind them, and they were bayoneted right in the eyes through, side by side.
- Q Just a minute. Were they lined up along Tuberias Street?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Parallel with Tuberias Street?
- A From here (indicating), from near the corner, up to this part here (indicating), this way.
- Q Are there trees along Tuberias Street there?
- A No, sir.
- Q Is there a wall behind the --
- A Yes, sir, there is a concrete wall.
- Q Were they lined up against the wall?
- A Not very much near the wall; about half a yard from the wall.
- Q Now, exactly what did you see -- first, how long would you say that it took you, when you first came in sight of them, until you could no longer see them?

- A More or less 20 minutes.
- Q Twenty minutes from this corner, right here (indicating)?
- A From here (indicating), from this place, because when you are in this place you can see everything here, because the wall is going that way (indicating).
- Q From right there to about what spot?
- A Up to here (indicating), up to this place, here (indicating).
- Q About how many meters?
- A Because this is very clear, here (indicating); no trees here. You can see everything here.
- Q Well, about how many meters is it from here (indicating), to here (indicating)?
- A That is what I don't know.
- Q You don't know how many meters?
- A No, sir, but it is about 20 minutes or less, because the horse was just walking.
- Q You think it took 20 minutes to go past there?
- A Twenty minutes or less.
- Q Now, exactly what did you see? Now, explain exactly what you saw as you went past there.
- A I saw nine or more Filipinos tied up --
- Q Were they standing or were they sitting?
- A They were standing in line, they were fall in line, and their hands were tied up behind them, and they were bayoneted right in the eyes, through, side by side.
- Q They were standing side by side. Was there any space between them?
- A No, sir.
- Q They were real close together?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q How many Japanese performed this bayoneting?
- A I saw two Japanese doing the work.
- Q How many more were standing around there?
- A More or less eight Japanese.
- Q About eight Japanese?
- A Yes, sir.
- Now, what did you see after you saw the bayoneting about the eyes?
- A That is all I saw, sir.

- Q Didn't you testify about their tongues being cut, or something like that?
- A That is another --
- Q That is another incident?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Do you know the names of any of these Filipinos that were havoneted?
- A No, sir.
- Q Do you know if any of them are living or if they are all dead?
- A I saw two of the victims who were burned by the tips of the cigarettes. The names are --
- Q Now, I am talking only about the nine who were bayoneted.
- A No, sir, I do not know any of them.
- Q You do not know if they are living or dead?
 - A No, sir.
 - Q Now, let's proceed to the matter of the tongues being cut.
 - A Seven Filipino victims were tied up --
 - Q About what date was this?
 - A That was the second week of July, 1942.
 - Q All right, go ahead.
 - A They were tied up, made to kneel.
 - Q Now, where did this occur?
 - A Right in front of the San Beda Building.
 - Q Will you indicate that here on the map?
 - A Right here, this place here (indicating).
 - Q Where were you when you saw this?
 - A I was in the calesa, passing by.
 - Q Go ahead,
- A They were tied up and they were made to kneel down on the ground and their tongues were pulled out by the help of pliers.
- Q Did this occur on the sidewalk, along Mendiola Street?
- A This is the ground, right here (indicating).
- Q In front of the college?
- A Yes, near the fence; this one here (indicating).
- . Q Wasit outside the fence or inside the fence?

Page 16 Doc. No. 2849 A Outside of the fence. Q Go ahead. A Their tongues were pulled out by the help of the pliers, up to their chest, and when the victims tried to gurgle or tried to scream -- I mean to say they were boxed, and the Japanese soldiers uttered Japanese words which I did not want to hear. Shall I say the words? Q Well, it will not be necessary as far as I am concerned. Just go ahead and tell what happened after that. A And I saw the tongues hanging right on their chests, and that is all I could see -- bleeding. Q Do you mean they pulled their tongues completely out? A Yes, up to the chest, and they were bleeding. Do you know if any of these Filipinos are still living? A No, sir. Q You do not know? A No, sir, I don't. Q Do you know the names of any of them? A No, sir, I don't know. Q About how many Japanese were concerned in this? A There were 12 or more. Twelve or more? A Yes, sir. Did this occur on the inside of this row of trees, or on the outside towards Mendiola Street? That is outside of the fence before you step onto Mendiola Street. Q Are there trees next to the street? A Yes, sir. And they were between the trees and the fence? A Yes, sir. Q And the trees were between you? No, sir; it is like this: The trees go this way (indicating), and they were on the ground between the two trees. Between the two trees? A Yes, sir. Now, will you indicate on this sketch when you first noticed the Japanese and Filipinos? Were you riding along here in a carretela? A No, in a calesa.

- Q Will you show what point you were at when you first saw it
- A I was going this way, and then the cochero called my attention. I was near to the place where the torturing was, and I was looking another way, and the cochero called my attention. He said, "Look; look what the Japanese are doing to the Filipinos," and I took a look, when I saw the atrocities.
- Q Where were you when he told you to look?
- A I was very near to the victims. The victims were here, and I was right here, and then up to here I turned my back and I saw them doing it (indicating).
- About how long a period of time elapsed from the time you first saw them, or until you saw them?
- A Fifteen minutes or less, because every time we passed in front of San Beda, the horse could not go fast, because it is the order of the Japanese sentries.
- Q Do you know how to distinguish between a Japanese officer and an enlisted man? Could you tell the difference between them?
- A Yes.
- Q How did you distinguish?
- A As to my knowledge, the Japanese officers wore boots.
- Q Wore what?
- A Boots, and are having swords.
- Q Wear boots and have swords?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Is there any other way to tell, that you know of?
- A That is all I could tell, sir.

CAPTAIN CODER: No further questions.

COLONEL LIM: No questions.

GENERAL DONOVAN: Any questions by the Commission?

(No response.)

GENERAL DONOVAN: The witness is excused.

(Witness excused).

CERTIFICATE

I, T. R. C. King, Major, Inf. (TD), Executive Officer, Legal Section, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, do hereby certify that Document 2849 is a true and correct copy of the transcript of the testimony offered by NENA ALBAN in the trial of the case against Masaharu HOMMA, Lieutenant General, Imperial Japanese Army, before a Military Commission in Manila; and that the whole record of the case, including the transcript of all testimonies taken, as well as the affidavits admitted in evidence, are now on file with this Section.

/s/ T. R. C. King,
T. R. C. King,
Major, Inf. (TD)

Witness: /s/ John R. Pritchard
Sworn to before me this 14th day
of November 1946, Tokyo, Japan.

/s/ John R. Pritchard Capt. Inf. Summary Court