GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331)
Description of contents

THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES OF THE UNITED STATES

(1) Box no. 2052

(2) Folder title/number: (11) (end)
Second Section 15 July - 15 August 1950

(3) Date: July 1950 - Aug. 1950

(4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
340, 421	C

(5) Item description and comment:

(6) Reproduction: (Yes) No

(7) Film no. Sheet no.

(ZAIKO No. 312)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August 18, 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : General Report of Investigations conducted by Second Section, SIB from August 1 to to August 15, 1950.

I.

a. Suspicion upon Jun-ichiro AMAGASU of having made political activities:

According to the recognition of Secretary Shozo TAKAHASHI of Hokkaido District Branch, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having made an election campaign for Ryoichi YAMAKAWA who stood as a candidate for the election of members of the House of Councillors.

15 AUG

b. Same suspicion upon Jun-ichiro KAKIZAKI:

According to the recognition of the Heima Area Police, N.R.P. the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by distributing to his colleagues the pamphlets entitled, "Reconstruction of the National Land", written by Nobuji OKADA who stood for the House of Councillors, on the occasion of the last election.

c. Same suspicion upon Tadao TSUCHIYA:

According to the recognition of an Investigation Section member, Gifu Prefecture, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities in connection with the imposition of the residence tax.

d. Same suspicion upon Jiroku SUZUKI:

According to the recognition of Secretary Nobujiro INOUE of Second Section, SIB, the subject person is suspected of having made political activities by attending a table-talk sponsored by Shizuoka Prefecture to discuss the Fishery Bill.

e. Same suspicion upon Tomizo SASAKI:

According to the recognition of a Local

Section member, Hiroshima Prefecture, the subject person became a member of the struggle Committee on the occasion of the dispute with the Japan Steel Company, made representations to the headman of his home Kaida Village to use his good offices for an early settlement of the dispute and urged the village-headman to request the Prefectural Governor to make efforts for the same purpose. Thus he is suspected of having made political acitvities.

f. Same suspicion upon Shigenobu NISHIZAWA:

According to the recognition of Tadami KOSHI, an Investigation Section official, Nagano Prefecture, the subject person submitted to Gontaro KURASHIMA, chairman of his home Kawata Village Assembly through the hands of Vice-chair Johei KONDO, his written opinion concerning a pumping-plant plan and the resolutions at the general meeting of the Farmers' Union and thus is suspected of having made political activities.

g. Suspicion upon Kyuhei SAITO and Kaneo TOMITOKORO of having taken office at one of the media of

mass communication:

According to the recognition of Shuji (Secretary) NISHIZAWA of Investigation Section, Niigata Prefecture, SAITO and TOMITOKORO established the Stock Company Yoshida Theatre and the former is suspected of having taken office as President and the latter as Director of the Company respectively.

h. Same suspicion upon Sentaro IWASA:

According to a letter to SIB from a certain Mr. TAKAHASHI of Minamihatano Town, Naka Country, Kanagawa Prefecture, the subject person is suspected of taking charge of the publishment of the Sagami Shimbun (Newspaper), with the personnel affairs, compilation business and accounting of the Sagami Shimbun Sha (Sagami Newspaper Company) in his home village at his command.

i. Same suspicion upon Tetsuji TATE and Riichi YAMAMORI:

According to an investigation conducted by order of Second Section Chief, SIB, the subject persons are suspected of having established the SHIN SEIKATSU SHA (New Life

Society) and publishing a periodical called, "The New Life".

j. Suspicion upon Takeo OGINO of having made political activities:

According to the recognition of Shuji (Secretary) Hiroaki INOUE of Investigation Section, Kyoto Prefecture, the subject person is suspected of having had his opinion about the fire-prevention facilities of his home Mineyama Town published in a paper and printed his political comment in the advertisement bills distributed on the occasion of the opening of his privately managed personnel affairs information office.

k. Suspicion upon Kazuo SASAMOTO of establishing the continuency of his influence:

According to an anonymous letter, the subject person is suspected of still interfering in the personnel affairs of the Ministry of International Trade and Industry.

l. Suspicion upon Masashige ONO of latently falling under the Memorandum:

According to the recognition of Secretary Susumu WADA of Second Section, SIB, the subject

person is suspected of having been formerly a regular officer of the Japanese Army.

m. Suspicion upon Orinobu ITO of having entered a false statement in the questionaire:

According to the recognition of a Local Section member, Iwate Prefecture, the subject person is suspected of having not made an entry of the fact that he had once been Chief of the Tagashira Village Branch of the Ex-service Men's Association, in his questionaire submitted on the occasion of his having been examined as to his qualification for the Welfare Commission.

n. Suspicion upon Zenro KAWABE of having taken public office:

According to the recognition of Hiroshi KUTSUNUGI, Investigation Section Officeal, Fukuoka Prefecture, the subject person is suspected of having taken office as Chief of General Affairs Section, Hakata Post Office.

o. Suspicion upon Kazuhiko FURUMOTO of having taken office at a certain news-agency:

According to the recognition of Shuji (Secretary) Yorio SERA of Investigation Section, Hiroshima Prefecture, the subject person is

suspected of having taken office as a staff member of the Geibi Nichi-nichi Shimbun (Geibi Daily News) published in Hiroshima City.

II.

a. Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Yakazu MIZOGUCHI:

The case was closed without further action.

b. Same case by Masaharu AKITA:

A warning was issued to the subject person against his activity.

c. Movements of Gunji TAKEI (Third Report):

The subject person is put under further surveillance.

d. Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Morio WAKASUGI:

A warning was issued to the subject person against his activity.

e. Same case by Tatsuo MITARAI:

A further investigation is to be made as to his activities.

f. Same case by Tsuneki MURATA:

A warning was issued to the subject person against his activity.

g. S

g. Same case by Masami SHIGEMOTO:

A warning was issued to the subject person against his activities.

h. Same case by Shigenao OKUBO:

The case was closed without further action.

i. Same case by Jiro YAMADA:

A warning was issued to the subject person against his activity.

j. Same case by Giichi MIURA:

A further investigation is to be made as to his activities.

k. Same case by Toshio NISHIO:

A warning was issued to the subject person against his activity.

l. Same case by Hosaku HAYASHI:

The subject person was prosecuted to Chief Public Procurator of the Yamaguchi District Public Procurator's Office.

m. Movements of Yasuji WATANABE:

The case was closed without further action.

n. Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Bifu MORIYA:

The subject person was prosecuted to Chief Public Procurator of the Sendai District Public

Procurator's Office.

c. Same case by Kunitoshi TSUGUMO:

A warning was issued to the subject person against his activity.

p. Same case by Masazumi ANDO, Sadao OSUGA and Kazue UESUGI:

The subject persons were prosecuted to Chief Public Procurator of the Tokyo District Public Procurator's Office.

q. Same case by Hisao KAWATE:

The case was closed without further action.

r. Movements of Toyoji TSUMORI (Second Report):

The subject person is put under further surveillance.

s. Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Takeo OGINO:

The subject person was prosecuted to Chief Public Procurator of the Kyoto District Public Procurator's Office.

t. Same case by Tetsuji TATE and Michi YAMAMORI:

A warning was issued to each subject person against ~~this~~ activities.

u. Same case by Jin-ichi IIZUKA:

The subject person was prosecuted to Chief

Public Procurater of the Fukushima District

Public Procurator's Office.

v. Same case by Kiyotaro SATO:

The subject person was prosecuted to

Chief Public Procurator of the Morioka Public

Procurator's Office.

M. Ogoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 29, 1948.
The reason for his designation was that he had been director of the editorial bureau, OITA SHINBUN (Oita Newspaper).

Name : Yakazu MIZOKUCHI

Date of Birth : March 18, 1895

Occupation : None

Domicile : 2846, Higashiyama, Beppu City, Oita Prefecture.

Addres : 943-2, Kanzaki, Oita City, Oita Prefecture.

Activities :

a. Subject made the following acts in accordance with the request of Nobuyoshi KUROSAKI, Chief of the Fukuoka Branch Office of JIJI TSUSHIN SHA (Jiji Press) and Tamotsu OKAZAKI, Chief of the

Oita Branch Office of the same press, during the period from September 1949 to February 1950.

(1). Subject repeatedly visited the Federation of Agricultural Cooperative Associations in Oita Prefecture, in order to recover approximately 1,400,000 yen, sale accounts on credit of the press for the association, and succeeded to recover one million yen in total.

(ii) As to payment of two sheets of bills, of which accounts were 100,000 yen, for the OITA GODO GINKO (Oita Union Bank), for the benefit of the press, subject negotiated with the bank to postpne the date of payment. On account of the above deeds, subject received 25,000 yen during the period from October 1949, to February 1950, in honour of thanks.

b. However, the above gift money was nothing but reward which was partially and monthly payed for subject by Nobuyoshi KUROSAKI, subject's acquaintance, as token of thanks for recovery of loans, not being a salary. Cooperative act excepting recovery of loan was a deed rendered on the basis of a mere favorable deed, in accordance with separate request. In these circumstances, subject has never installed at the post of an official of the press.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there ~~was~~ (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 277)

〔No. I-I-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Masaharu AKITA. (秋田正晴)

I. Upon suspicion of offence recognized by staff members of the Local Affairs Section of the Kanagawa Prefectural Office on June 25, 1950, Secretary HAIZAKI, the Kanto Branch of SIB, initiated an investigation on July 3, 1950, to determine whether he has violated any provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 or not in connection with the suspected affair mentioned below. "Masaharu AKITA is in the position of the Chief of the Yokohama Office of the DOMEI News Agency and is the publisher and printer of 'the Kanagawa Sports Newspaper', a weekly paper".

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 29, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular naval officer.

Name : Masaharu AKITA.

Date of Birth : March 2, 1913.

Occupation : President of FUJI KOKOKU SHA (the Fuji Advertising Company).

Domicile : 777, Kubokawa, Kubokawa Town, Takaoka County, Kochi Prefecture.

Addres : 121, Idogaya-nakamachi, Minami Ward, Yokohama City, Kanagawa Prefecture.

Activities :

a. Around January, 1948, the foregoing person took up his post as the vice-chief of the Yokohama Office of TOKYO TOMIN SHIMBUN SHA (the "Tokyo Metropolitan Citizens' Newspaper" Press) located at 85, 4-chome, Miyamoto-cho, Minami Ward, Yokohama

City, and was in the post till August, the same year.

b. On May 10, 1949, he was adopted as a newspaperman of the DOMEI News Agency, a joint-stock company, located inside the Ichigaya Building, 4, 1-chome, Ichigaya-tamachi, Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo, and took office as the chief of the Yokohama Office of the News Agency located at 85, 4-chome, Miyamoto-cho, Minami Ward, Yokohama City. Thus he engaged in a business to extend the market of daily newspapers and publications by subscription published by the News Agency.

c. On November 18, 1949, he established YOKOHAMA DOMEI TSUSHIN K.K. (the Yokohama Domei Press Ltd.) and became the representative director of the Press. In this way, while handling the business of the DOMEI News agency, he published "the Kanagawa Baseball Newspaper" (afterwards renamed "the Kanagawa Sports Newspaper") by making himself the editor, publisher and printer of the Newspaper and engaged in the work of supplying informations on the sporting world of the prefecture.

d. The reason why he took up his post as the vice-chief of the Yokohama Office of TOKYO TOMIN SHIMBUN SHA was based on a fact that he offered a part of the office of FUJI KOKOKU SHA under his management to the Yokohama Office of the Press and, consequently, was appointed the vice-chief of the office in name only. Therefore, he neither received pay nor touched the business of the Press. And his assumption of office as the chief of the Yokohama Office of the DOMEI News Agency was based on his misunderstanding that the News Agency had not been designated as a public office. Further, the publication of "the Kanagawa Sports Newspaper" was founded on his misjudgement that a sports newspaper which had no relation with politics would not be objectionable. Under the circumstance, no ill intention is to be recognized about his behaviours.

Moreover, when he was warned by officials in charge of the Kanto Branch of SIB, he immediately resigned the position of the chief of the Yokohama Branch of the DOMEI News Agency and dissolved YOKOHAMA DOMEI TSUSHIN K.K., and since he has prudently behaved himself.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 14 para. 2 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(No. I-I-3)

(2SEC.No. 278)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

C

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : On the movements of Gunshi TAKEI (武井群嗣).

I. On the ground that the subject is a person listed on the watch book, Secretary TERAI of Second Section, SIB, initiated an investigation on July 18, 1950 to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 and the following result has been attained.

II. a. Gunshi TAKEI

a. Gunshi TAKEI is sometimes taking charge of an official counsel while attending day in and day out as an advisor to the TOHO SHA (East Company), an agency of advertising (located at 18, Kasumi-cho, Azabu, Minato Ward) after the previous report.

b. In reference to the business of the official counsel, he visits once a month Lawyer Yoshihiko SHIBATA (3-chome, Asagaya-machi, Suginami Ward) who was one of his acquaintances while he was in the SAISEI KAI (Imperial Charity Society).

But he seems to have no dealings with the SAISEI KAI itself.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

O ___ Keep a further watch.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 279)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

d

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspoted violation by Morio WAKASUGI (若杉守男) of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. On acknowledgment by Secretary Shoji TAKAHASHI Hokkaido Branch Office, SIB, initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he held office as Chief of Propaganda Section at the HOKKAI SHINKOSHA (Hokkai Shinko Co.), a news agency.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Nov. 28, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular army officer.

Name : Morio WAKASUGI

Date of Birth : September 7, 1922.

Occupation : Amember of a commercial company.

Domicile : 423, Nishi-5-chome, Minami-8-jo, Sapporo City, Hokkaido

Addres : c/o Misa TAKAHASHI, Nishi-7-chome, Minami-13-jo, the same City.

Activities :

A. The subject was engaged as an apprentice at the Hokkai Shinko Co. which is situated at Higashi-3-chome, Minami-3-jo, Sapporo City,

and the business of which is to be trusted with commercial advertisement and propaganda or publishment and printing of books for advertisement and propaganda, on March 26, 1950. He was appointed a regular member on April 1, the same year, and served as Chief of the Propaganda Section. Thus he held office as a member of a news agency.

B. As the foregoing company is not designated as of public offices, he missunderstood that he could safely be engaged in such a business. We have found no illintention in him, therefore we should like to give a strict warning and let him resign from his post.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 14 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947. (Item 2)

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

[No. I-I-3]

(2SEC.No. 283)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No.1 of 1947 by Tatsuo MITARAI. (御手洗辰雄)

I. Basing on the recognition of secretary KOZUMA, Second Section, SIB on June 3, 1950, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not Subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No.1, 1947 by secretary TAKEDA, Second Section, SIB on July 1950 and got the result of II.

Tatsuo MITARAI drafted the BEPPU KOKUSAI KANKO ONSEN BUNKA TOSHI KENSETSU HOAN (Construction Bill of the Beppu International Sight-seeing Hot-spring Cultural City) and the explanatory note of its proposition and is concerning in the management of the NIPPON YUKAN SHIMBUN (Japan Evening Press).

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Feb.20, '48.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the President, the Vice-President and the Acting Managing Editor of the KEIJO NIPPO (Keijo Daily News).

Name : Tatsuo MITARAI.

Date of Birth : March 23, 1895.

Occupation : President of TOKYO CHUZO K.K. (Tokyo Foundry Co.,Ltd.)

Domicile : 975, Kawazoi Village, Kitamabe County, Oita Prefecture.

Addres : 715, Motoshiba-cho, Oi, Shinagawa Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Activities :

a. Although being said that subject drafted the Bill of BEPPU KOKUSAI KANKO ONSEN BUNKATOSHI KENSETSU HO (Construction of International Sight-seeing Hot-spring Cultural Beppu City) which was proposed to the

Diet by representative Setsu NAGATA, Oita Prefecture and was concluded at the sixth session of the Diet in Mardh, 1950, we cannot confirm the fact at present in spite of our investigation of the persons concerned.

The Bill is such that NAGATA, basing on the explanatory note of the NAGASAKI BUNKA TOSHI KENSETSU HO (Cultural City Construction Law of Nagasaki) which was mailed by Minoru IKEDA, a member of the Beppu City Assembly in around November, 1948, has made himself in the result of several days' at the anteroom of Liberal Party and his home. And the explanatory note of the Bill being seemed also to be made at above mentioned places in around middle of March, 1950, the proof which is enough to confirme the fact, is not found at present.

b. In December, 1948, subject Tatsuo MITARAI, asking Giichi MIURA together with Setsu NAGATA and Tokusuke YAMANAKA, an acquaintance from the same province to raise the election expenditure for Setsu NAGATA from the same province who stood as a candidate on the election of members of the House of Representatives held in January, 1949, received loan amounting eight million yen (¥.8,000,000) under the name of the FUKUOKU SANGYO [illegible]ukoku Industrial Co.Ltd.) at which Tokusuke

Diet by representative Setsu NAGATA, Oita Prefecture and was concluded at the sixth session of the Diet in March, 1950, we cannot confirm the fact at present in spite of our investigation of the persons concerned.

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b. In December, 1948, subject Tatsuo MITARAI, asking Giichi MIURA together with Setsu NAGATA and Tokusuke YAMANAKA, an acquaintance from the same province to raise the election expenditure for Setsu NAGATA from the same province who stood as a candidate on the election of members of the House of Representative held in January, 1949, received loan amounting eight million yen (¥.8,000,000) under the name of the FUKUSHU SANGYO K.K. (Fukoku Industrial Co.Ltd.) at which Tokusuke

YAMANAKA is the president from the KYOWA GINKO (Kyowa Bank) guarantied by the TEIKOKU GINKO (Imperial Bank) by MIURA's good offices on December 29 of that year, and from among it let above mentioned YAMANAKA give Setsu NAGATA three million eight hundred thousand yen (¥.3,800,000) as his campaign expenditune.

c. When Oita City JOYAKU (deputy Mayor) certain ANDO and some members of the City Assembly came up to Tokyo for the restoration movement to a state management of the River Oita levee and held a meeting to expedite the movement inviting the twenty (20) odd interested persons from the same province and residing in Tokyo at the BANSUI-KEN (Restaurant Bansui-ken) on May 9, 1949, subject Tatsuo MITARAI attended to it together with Giichi MIURA. But subject Tatsuo MITARAI, fearing the aim of that meeting should fall in a political movement, together with Giichi MIURA seems to have left there in the middle. Investigating the persons concerned at that time, the fact that subject took part in this movement has not yet been detected till now.

d. When Masaji HITOTSUMATSU and Shunzo MURAKAMI, standing as candidates from Oita Prefecture at the election of members of the House of Councillors held in June,1950,

asked subject Tatsuo MITARAI for support respectively and invited Kito FUKUDA, Eiichi NISHIMURA, Isamu MURAKAMI and Setsu NAGATA the representatives from the same province to reconcile the pitting among the Liberal Party representatives from the same province at the Restanrant HANNYAEN,, Shiroganesaru-machi, Shiba, Minato Ward, on February 16 of that year, subject Tatsuo MITARAI attended to it together with Giichi MIURA and is suspected that he used his good offices for their reconciliation. Being no positive proof at present in spite of our investigation about the attendants and the persons concerned at that time, we are now engaging in the further investigation.

Being suspicious that subject Tatsuo MITARAI is touching in the management of the NIHON YUKAN SHIMBUN SHA (Japan Evening Press) through Takeo WATANABE, managing director and Kazuo KURIHARA, managing editor of that Press respectively, who were his exsubordinates at the HOCHI SHIMBUN (Hochi News paper and the KEIJO NIPPO (Keijo Daily News), we investigated it through persons concerned. In result of it, we cannot recognize the fact that subject, although he has talked about his opinion and impression as a senior in the journalistic world, has touched directory in the personnel affairs and management of that news-paper office.

IV. SIB proposes to:

__0__ Make a further investigation.

_____ Refer the case to the Publice Procurator-General for possible prosecuration.

_____ Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommened an indictment.

_____ Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

(No. I-I-3)

(2SEC No. 284)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

f

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Tsuneki MURATA (村田 每木).

I. According to his own recognition of the subject case on July 10, 1950, Shuji (Secretary) Yorio SERA of Local Section, Hiroshima Prefecture initiated on July 16, 1950, an investigation to determine whether or not the subject person violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he was taking office as a staff member of the HIROSHIMA BUNKA SHA (Hiroshima Culture Society) (a corporate juridical person) engaging in the publishing business.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 28 , '47.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a regular
Army officer (Major).

Name :

Tsuneki MURATA

Date of Birth :

February 15, 1920

Occupation :

None

Domicile :

20, Tokaichi-machi, Hiroshima City.

Addres :

Shisi-jutaku (City-managed Residence),
4-(16), Kanoeuna-cho, Hiroshima City.

Activities :

a. The subject person took office on October 15, 1946, at the HIROSHIMA BUNKA SHA (Hiroshima Culture Society), a corporate Juridical Person, situated at 55 Shimonaka-cho, Hiroshima City,

which aimed to enhance the culture of Hiroshima through communication service and publishing business and published a periodical called "the BUNKA TSUSHIN" (the Cultural News) issued every five days, and took charge of the general business and accounting business in the General Affairs Bureau of the Society.

b. He misinterpreted the Ordinance concerned to the effect that he might be allowed to take service as a general clerk in any publishing company, but warned by the Hiroshima Prefectural Authorities of his activity, he retired from the office on May 30, this year.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of par. 2, Article 14 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

___ Make a further investigation.

___ Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

___ Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

___ Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 2851)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by Masami SHIGEMOTO.

I. On suspicion of offence recognized by the Local Section of Hiroshima Prefectural Office, SIB initiated an investigation on July 16, 1950 to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he, as detected by Yorio SERA, Shuji (Secretary) of Hiroshima Prefectural Office, was on the staff of SHADAN HOJIN HIROSHIMA BUNKA SHA an incorporated body which engages in publishing business.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 28, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been commissioned officer (second lieutenant) of the Imperial Japanese Regular Navy.

Name : Masami SHIGEMOTO

Date of Birth : January 13, 1924.

Occupation : None

Domicile : 266, Higashi Shioya-Town, Kure-City. Hiroshima Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto

Activities :

a. On August 1, 1948 the subject took up a post in SHADAN HOJIN HIROSHIMA BUNKA SHA, a publishing company located at 55, Shimo Naka-Town, Hiroshima City, which publishes "Bunka Tsushin" (a periodical

which is published every five days) and of which the aim lies in elevation of the culture of Hiroshima City as well as in conducting the business of correspondence and publication, where he took charge of receiving printing orders as well as of canvassing for them.

b. The fact is that he made an error of the interpretation of the provisions of the Ordinance in believing that it is "office as principal officer" in a publishing company that purgees are prohibited to take up and that it is not a violation of the Ordinance for purgees to engage in general affairs or in canvassing for printing orders in a publishing company.

Warned by the Hiroshima Prefectural Authorities on May 30 this year he quitted the said HIROSHIMA BUNKA SHA.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Item 2 Article 14 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 286)

〔No. 1-1-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Shigenao OKUBO of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947. (大久保重直)

1. Based upon a contribution received from an unknown person on June 1, 1950, Secretary Shigero SHIBATATE of Second Section, SIB, initiated, on July 2, this year, an investigation to determine whether or not the subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, in that he participated in the police administration as a vice-chairman of the KEISATSU JIGYO KOSHKAI (Police Work Supporting Society).

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Apr. 6, '47.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a constituent member of the YOKUSAN SEIJITAISEI KAKURITSU KYOGI KAI (Imperial Rule Assistance Political Structure Establishment Council).

Name : Shigenao OKUBO.

Date of Birth : July 25, 1896.

Occupation : Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Domicile : Aza-saishoji, Masuho Village, Minamikoma County, Yamanashi Prefecture.

Addres : 12, 2-chome, Tanaka-cho, Asakusa, Taito Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Activities :

a. Since the subject resigned from the vice-chairmanship of the aforesaid Police Work Supporting Society in August, thereabouts,

1947, there is no fact of his having participated in the police administration, at present.

b. After Fudeichi MIKI, present Head of Taito Ward, had been unsuccessful in the first election for that ward-head, the subject took care of his living, but has had no other touch with him, than that.

c. The subject has no close connection with Shigetomo SAITO, a liberal candidate for last Upper House Election, and besides he, who was onece affiliated with the Democrat Party, are found no fact of supporting the Saito, a candidate of the other party.

d. In regard to the BOKA KYO KAI (Fire Defence Association), he resigned from its chairmanship in May this year already.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 287)

(No. I-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Jiro YAMADA (山田次郎) of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. Based upon a contribution received from an unknown person on April 18, 1950, Secretary Sadao OGATA of Local Affairs Section, Fukushima Prefectural Office, initiated, on July 8, this year, an investigation to determine whether or not the subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, in that he was suspicions of petitioning a prefectural governor for the establishment of the KAITAKU NOGYO KYODO KUMI-AI (Clearing Agricultural Cooperative Association) and for relief of the settlers.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 14, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Head of the YOKUSAN SONEN-DAN (Imperial Rule Assistance Adult Group) in Futaba County.

Name : Jiro YAMADA

Date of Birth : November 26, 1, 1903

Occupation : Farmer

Domicile : Aza-ohara, Oaza-motooka, Kamioka Village, Futaba County, Fukushima Prefecture

Addres : Ditto

Activities :

a. The subject sent in a written petition to the Fukuoka Prefectural Governor for the relief of the settlers under joint signature with Rikyu HAYAKAWA, chairman of the Clearing Agricultural Cooperative

Association of Kamioka District, and others on December 16, 1949.

b. January 25, 1950, he and Nagashige HAYASHI and several others, members of the aforesaid association, sent in a written petition to the foregoing governor for his approving Rikyu HAYAKAWA, chairman of the association to be a sttler for the increased fields, who had once been disapproved before.

c. February 25, thereabouts, the same year, he and the said Hayakawa etc. entreated Secretary OKAZAKI of Clearing Section, the same prefectural Office, for relief of persons failed to be settlers at the Futaba Local Affairs Office, when the secretary had happened to be there.

d. The subject, Jiro YAMADA, was a promotors for the establishment of the said association from December, or thereabouts, 1948, but he was found no fact of specially taking active actions as to its establishment. After its eslablishment, he misunderstood that he was safe so long as he did not take office as an officer, or as he was not

appointed to an important office, and so he acted as mentioned above. He, therefore, has been in good behaviour since the moment he learned his violation of the Ordinance.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947. (Item 1)

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 288)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

July , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Giichi MIURA.
(三浦義一)

I. Basing on the recognition of secretary KOZUMA, Second Section, SIB on June 3, 1950, SIB initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 by secretary TAKEDA, Second Section, SIB on July 16, 1950 and got the result of II.

Not only Giichi MIURA was active at the election of members of the House of Councillors on June 4, 1950, but also he still at present in active in the political movement of various kinds.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on (1) Apr. 30, '48. (2) Mar. 10, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been

(1) An adviser of the TAIA GIMEI (Great Asia Righteousness Union), Vice-President of the DAITO SHA (Great Domination Society).

(2) An counsellor of the DAITO JUKU (Eastern Academy), President of the KOKUSAKU SHA (National Policy Society).

Name : Giichi MIURA

Date of Birth : February 27, 1898

Occupation : Literary work.

Domicile : 127, 1-chome, Shimmachi, Setagaya Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. Being asked on around December, 1948 from Tatsuo MITARAI, Setsu NAGATA and Tokusuke YAMANAKA who are his acquaintances from the same province to vaise the election expenditure for Setsu NAGATA

who stood as a candidate of members of the House of Representatives at the election held in January, 1949, Subject, after having negotiation with his acquaintances Mikio ISHIKAWA, director of the TEIKOKU GINKO (Imperial Bank) and Takeshige ODAGIRI, Vice-president of the KYOWA GINKO (Kyowa Bank) and letting YAMANAKA receive loan amounts to eight million yen (¥ 8,000,000) from the Kyowa Bank under the guarantee of the Imperial Bank of the name of the FUKOKU SANGYO K.K. (Fukoku Industrial Co. Ltd.) of which Tokusuke YAMANAKA is the president, made YAMANAKA offer three million and eight hundred thousand yen (¥ 3,800,000) as the campaign expenditure from among the loan to Setsu NAGATA on December 29, 1949.

b. There also is a fact that subject has offered four million yen (¥ 4,000,000) totally, dividing into twice namely on January 10, and February 5, 1949 two million yen (¥ 2,000,000) each, to the head accountant of the Liberal Party Secretariat Masami HANAOKA, 1,258, Kitaterao, Tsurumi Ward, Yokohama City. This fact is now under our investigation due to a suspicion whether or not that subject offered a political movement expenditure to him. As receiver or

HANAOKA already being dead in last summer, we are now in such a circumstances difficult or unable to get the proofs.

c. When Oita City JOYAKU (deputy Mayor) ANDO and some members of the City Assembly came up to Tokyo for the restoration movement to a state management of the River Oita levee and held a meeting to expedite the above mentioned movement inviting the twenty (20) odd interested persons from the same province residing in Tokyo at the restaurant Bansuiken on May 9, 1949, there is a fact that subject attended to it together with Tatsuo MITARAI. But he, taking the purport of that meeting has a tendency to fall in a political movement, together with MITARAI left there in the middle. Investigating the persons concerned, the fact that he took part in this movement has not been recognized till now.

d. After the resignation of the vice-president Buzaemon SHINDO of the DAI NIPPON HASSODEN K.K. (Japan Power Transmission Co. Ltd.) in around April, 1949 in conspiracy with the chief secretary Kozen HIROKAWA of Liberal Party and the head Mineji MORI

of the party secretariat at that time, subject used his good offices for intimate Tokuzo SAKURAI, director of the company to the Minister of Commerce and Industry Heitaro INAGAKI at that time accepting his request to raise himself to the position of the Vice-president of that company which is one of the public service. In result of the Minister's recommendation to the Cabinet which has the power to appoint and dismiss of that position, it is said that SAKURAI was appointed to the position of the vice-president of that company. Concerning this affairs, we are now under investigation but still any positive evidence about it is not yet acquired.

e. According to the information that subject together with Tatsuo MITARAI from the same province co-operated on the making out or on the passing through the Diet of the BEPPU KOKUSAI KANKO ONSEN BUNKATOSHI KENSETSU HOAN (Construction Bill of the Beppu International Sight-seeing Hot-spring Cultural City) which was presented by the Setsu NAGATA representative, Oita Prefecture and was concluded at the sixth session of the Diet in March, 1950, we investigated the persons concerned. And in result of it, it seems that he had no relation with this

case. Subject, being an adviser of the BEPPU KOKUSAI KANKO K.K. (Beppu International Sight-seeing Co. Ltd.), was only suspected as if he took part in that bill.

f. When Masaji HITOTSUMATSU and Shunzo MURAKAMI stood as candidutes from Oita Prefecture at the election of the members of the House of Councillors held in June, 1950, the both persons asked subject for support and invited Kito FUKUDA, Isamu NISHIMURA and Setsu NAGATA the representatives from the same province belonging to Liberal Party to smoothen the opposition between them to the restaurant HANNYAEN, Shiroganesaru-machi, Shiba, Minato Ward on February 16, 1950. Being suspicious that subject, together with Tatsuo MITARAI, participated in that meeting as the seniors of the same province, we had investigated on the attendants and persons concerned at that time but we got no apparent proofs till now.

g. At a time between February and May, 1950, subject has loaned around three million yen (¥ 3,000,000) to his acquaintance Takeo WATANABE, managing director of the NIHON YUKAN (Japan Evening Press) owing to his request. But this is only a financial relations and the fact that he is participating in the management of that Press is not yet detected.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

O —— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

〔No. I-I-3〕

(2SEC.No. 289)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No.1 of 1947 by Toshio NISHIO. (西尾壽男)

I. Based upon the recognition of Secretary EGAMI of Second Section, SIB, on June 7, 1950, the above secretary initiated an investigation on June 8, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No.1, 1947 in that he supported Kenzo HORIKI, Chairman of the board of directors of the TETSUDOKOSAIKAI (Mutual Aid Society of the National Railways) to which NISHIO belonged, when HORIKI ran as a candidate for the Upper House election.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Sep.20, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a director of the NAKASHIMA SHINKO K.K. (Central China Development Co.)

Name : Toshio NISHIO.

Date of Birth : January 8, 1900.

Occupation : Director of the above TETSUDO KOSAIKAI, Judical person.

Domicile : 14, Ishigazaki, Hikone City, Shiga Prefecture.

Addres : 1,001, Motobuto, Urawa City, Saitama Prefecture.

Activities :

At the begining of March, 1950, Kenzo HORIKI, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the said TETSUDO KOSAIKAI which is located at 1, Kuromon-cho, Daito Ward, manifested his intention of standing

as a candidate for the Upper House election to NISHIO, at the officer's room of the above society, NISHIO told that it is not good for the KOSAIKAI to conduct an election campaign with its whole organization, from its character, but it will be all right for the volunteers of the society to support him. Any fact which shows his political activity has been found except that he told his opinion as mentioned above.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15, Item 1, of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

____ Make a further investigation.

____ Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

__O__ Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment. (His resignation as Director of the above society).

____ Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

[No. I-I-3]

(SEC.No. 290.)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Yasusaku HAYASHI.

林保作

I. Upon suspicion of offence recognized by staff members of the Local Affairs Section of the Yamaguchi Prefectural Office on March 10, 1950, Secretary Mitsutaro KIMURA, the Chugoku Branch of SIB, initiated an investigation on April 4, 1950, to determine whether subject has violated any provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 or not, inconnection with the suspected affair mentioned below.

"Subject made political activity in connection with the problem of rice delivery".

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 22, '47.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the Chief of the Hirose Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name : Yasusaku HAYASHI

Date of Birth : December 10, 1894.

Occupation : President of HIROSE MOKUZAI K.K. (the Hirose Timber Co., Ltd.) and YAMASHIRO SEISHI K.K. (the Yamashiro Paper-manufacturing Co., Ltd.)

Domicile : 5,666, Hirose, Hirose Town, Kuga County, Yamaguchi Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. In January, 1949, the foregoing person went to the Hirose Town Office several times and said to Mayor Ichiro YAMAMOTO of the Town about the rice delivery in 1948, "It is wrong that the allocation

of delivery quotas is unfair owing to the careless investigation on the part of the Town authorities", denouncing the Town administration.

b. On August 12, 1949, he attended a discussion meeting for industrial development of the Kuhoku Area (the Northern part of Kuga County) held at the Hirose Town Office under the auspices of the Kuhoku Branch Office of "the Chugoku" Press, and at the meeting, he criticized the policies of the government and the local autonomy by delivering his opinion to the effect; "The government should provide capital for small and medium entrepreneurs, ----The crop reporting office, which is nothing but an organization acting the rōle of a secret agent of the government, rather should be abolished; and it would serve the purpose quite enough to substitute the local affairs office for it."

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 15, Para. 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible ~~procurator~~ prosecution.

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 291)

[No. I-I-3]

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SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHICAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Movements of Yasuji WATANABE (渡辺安次).

I. On special order from G.S. on July 24, 1950, an investigation was initiated by Secretary Koshiro TERAI on July 24, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in II has been obtained.

II. This inquiry revealed:

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on December 28, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been the Commissioned Officer of the Regular Navy (Captain).

Name: Yasuji WATANABE.

Date of Birth: June 26, 1903.

Occupation: Chief of Mrine Engineering Section of Maritime Safety Agency.

Domicile: 2,227, Higashide-machi, Hyogo Ward, Kobe City.

Address: (Official Residence of Maritime Safety Agency), 1, Kasumigaseki 2-chome, Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

(1). Outline of Career:

July, 1923	Finished the complete course of Naval College.
May, 1944	Captain (the Navy)
December, 1945	Demobilization Secretary of Second Demobilization Bureau.
January, 1948	Chief of Marine Sweeping Section and Ex-naval Ship Section of Transportation Ministry (Permanent Vice-Minister of Transportation Ministry).
May, 1948	Chief of Ex-naval Ship Section of Merchant Marine Safety Bureau, Maritime Safety Agency.
June 1, 1950	Director of Marine Engineering Division of Maritime Safety Agency.

(2). Details of Official Duties:

Preservation and repair of ships for the use of coast guard, light-houses, and hydrographical surveying.

Affairs concerning plan of newly-built ships, study of ship-building, and preservation and repair of former naval ships.

(3). Word and Deed of Subject:

a. As subject is aware of his being a person falling under the Memorandum he aims to be very cautious of his word and deed and, as for his official duties, he exerts himself for engineering in which he has specialized, and, as to general affairs, he is dealing with them through the conference of those who are in charge of them respectively. Particularly, concerning ship-building policy and the condition of operation of ships, he visits GS and the Far Eastern Naval Headquarters once a week without fail to explain it.

b. In spite of his being a purgee, he is in such important pisition as Chief of Marine Engineering Section and therefore, paying attention to his daily word and deed, he is taking careful attitude to his interviewers.

He is afraid that his opinion might be propagandized exaggeratedly or be ditorted.

As a proof of it, he has never had an interview with any pressman of any newspaper office. When General MacArthur's letter in relation to the increase of personnel of Maritime Safety Agency was released a pressman called Shozo HANAJIMA of Economic and Social Department of Yukan Sekai (the Evening Paper The World) requested to have an interview with him, but he refused to do so saying, "I am occupied and cannot see you." Accordingly, any fact is not discovered that he has ever announced indiscreet talk.

c. He is a gentle, hard-working man.

While taking service in Second Mobilization Bureau, he finished the mobilization business in a year to great joy of the General Headquarters through the assistance of L S T ships by the good-will of the United States, which had been expected to finish it in four years.

Being a simple and honest man, he seldom raises his voice in regard to his official duties, but it is because of keenness, and cannot be considered as threatening.

d. He has often been misunderstood or blamed by others, but it seems that this has come from

the misunderstanding caused by his past career or the slander of the third-rate shipbuilding companies which have been left out of the nomination for the bid of six inspection ships of four hundred fifty tons.

(4). Condition of Official Duties:

On the afternoon of July 24 Secretary TERAI called at the place of his official duties, and found that in the corner of a large room of some eighty tsubo a space of about ten tsubo was partitioned for the use of the private room of Division Director, and Director's seat was in almost central part, around which two or three desks for his assistants were put. On the front wall were put up a large number of the plans of blue photographs of various kinds of ships. When the said Secretary entered his room he found subject talking with a member of the personnel.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 292)

(No. I-I-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Eifu MORIYA. (守屋栄夫)

I. Upon suspicion recognized on June 10, 1950 by Secretary Hideo NAKANO belonging to Second Section, SIB, Secretary Kei KURAMOCHI of the same section instituted investigation on July 6, 1950 to determine whether Eifu MORIYA has violated any provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 in relation to the suspected matter mentioned below, and attained the details described in paragraph II.

"Eifu MORIYA has made activity in favour of Ryosaku MATSUEDA, in connection with the latter's candidacy in the election of House of Councillors' members."

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 27, '47 and Feb. 9, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been (1) chief of Shiogama City branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association and (2) a Recommended Member of the Diet.

Name : Eifu MORIYA

Date of Birth : November 8, 1884.

Occupation : Lawyer; president of the National Massagists' Cooperative Society.

Domicile : 50, Tateuchi, Umahanashi, Tominaga Village, Onda County, Miyagi Prefecture.

Addres : 154-1, Yamadera, Shiogama City, Miyagi Prefecture.

Activities :

a. Eifu MORIYA became the president, about May 1947, of the ZENKOKU RYOJUTSU KYODO KUMIAI (National Massagists' Cooperative Society) which is located at Room No. 406, Detached Building of

Finance Ministry, at Uchisaiwai-cho, Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo and which has published, during the period from April 1948 to July 1950, such books as the "Physiological and Anatomical Science: Volumes I and II," "Fundamental Principles of the Art of Massage" and the organ journal of the Society "Zen-Ryo-Kyo Geppo" (7 numbers issued); and has continued at the post up to this day.

b. By presenting himself at a meeting of central standing committeemen of the aforesaid Society which was held on January 23, 1950 at the Daiichi Giin Kaikan of the House of Representatives, MORIYA delivered: "In the recent Kyushu and Chugoku Regional conference it has been determined with one accord that they propose Secretary-General MATSUEDA as candidate in the election of House of Councillors' members; and this being very significant in the promotion of the movement for securing the enactment of legislation concerned with the massagists' business, the central quarters of the Society should also take some action in connection with this program." And further, he participated in the decision that the Society would recommend Ryosaku MATSUEDA, the said person, for the aforesaid candidacy, the measure which was arrived at through discussion which followed.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

Article 14 (par. 1) and
Article 15 (par. 1)

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator prosecution.

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(No. 1-1-3)

(2SEC No. 295)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Kunitoshi TSUGUMO (津雲国利).

I. On information from Secretary Takeo EGAMI of Second Section, SIB, on March 18, 1950, an investigation was initiated by Secretary Takeshi MINAMI of the said Section on July 17, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in II. has been obtained.

Subject made his political activity by advising Misao OHKI to give up his idea of standing as a candidate when the election of the members of the House of Councillors was held in June, 1950.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 17, '47.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a recommended member of the House of Representatives.

Name : Kunitoshi TSUGUMO.

Date of Birth : October 18, 1893.

Occupation : Farming.

Domicile : 74, Ome Town, Nishi Tama County, Tokyo Metropolis.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. When the election of the members of the House of Councillors was held on June 4, 1950, subject asked Misao OHKI, Deputy Governor of Tokyo Metropolis, on January 21, to come to his house for the

purpose of causing him to give up his idea to be a candidate for the election and said, "I have learned you are going to stand as a candidate for the member of the House of Councillors. It is no good unless you have been recommended by the Branch of the Democrat Liberal Party even if you have directly negotiated with the Headquarters of the said party about the matter. It has already decided in the Tokyo Metropolitan San Tama District Branch of the party to recommend Ken YASUI. What do you say to give up to offer yourself as a candidate and to standing firm as Deputy Governor as you are now?" Thus subject made his political activity.

b. According to the testimony made by Misao OHKI the foregoing fact can be recognized. But subject and Seiichiro YASUI who was then with them, do not consider that the words were uttered in so strong a sense. We should think Ohki misunderstood subject more than necessity. Subject had been intimated with OHKI and he felt sorry if Ohki had failed of election after having stood as a candidate with much trouble, and so he only advised him so carelessly without any other political intention. Moreover, in spite of the advice given by subject, OHKI stood

as a candidate after all. As soon as he was warned by SIB subject saw his error and has been behaving himself better.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 15, Para. 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. 1, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 296)

〔No. I-I-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Violations of the Imperial Ordinance No.1, 1947, by Masazumi ANDO, Sadao OSUKA and Kazue UESUGI.(安藤正純, 大須賀貞夫, 上杉一枝)

I. Based on recognition made on June 15, 1950, of Secretary Hideo NAKANO, Second Section, SIB, Secretary Kei KURAMOCHI, same Section, initiated an investigation on July 8, 1950 to determene whether or not subjects violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No.1, 1947 in that they are suspected of having had negotiations with the Education Ministry Authorities on the abolition of the Religions Affairs Section of the said Ministry in the capacity of staff members of the Japan Religious League.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Masazumi ANDO was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Mar.26,'47.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a director of the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Association.

Name : Masazumi ANDO.

Date of Birth : September 25, 1876.

Occupation : Chief of the Board of Directors of the Japan Religious League

Domicile : 39, Matsuba-cho, Asakusa, Daito Ward, Tokyo.

Addres : 109, Jomyoji, Kamakura, Kanagawa Prefecture.

Activities :

II. This inquiry revealed :

Sadao OSUKA was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan.7, '48. The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of the General Affairs Division, Nara Prefectural Bureau of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association, Vice-chief of the Nara Prefectural Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Youths' Association, and a constituent member of the Nara Prefectural Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Government Structure Establishment Council.

Name : Sadao OSUKA.

Date of Birth : July 14, 1901.

Occupation : Standing director of the Japan Religious League. Chief of the Tokyo Agency of the Tenrikyo Religious Sect.

Domicile : 1,305, Kushimito Town, Nishimuro County, Wakayama Prefecture.

Addres : 9, 1-chome, Nishiki-cho, Kanda, Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo.

Activities :

II. This inquiry revealed :

Kazue UESUGI Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec.26,'47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a director of the Imperial Rule Assistance Youths' Association.

Name : Kazue UESUGI.

Date of Birth : March 8, 1893.

Occupation : Standing director of the Japan Religions League.
Standing director of the JINJA HONCHO (Shrine Affairs Board).

Domicile : 17, Takano, Kotakari Village, Yoshiki County, Gifu Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

Activities:

a. Masazumi ANDO publishes the SHUKYO TSUSHIN (Religious News) as a monthly organ paper since June, 1946, when he assumed the Chief of the Board of Directors of the Japan Religious League, c/o Tsukiji Honganji Temple, 3-chome, Tsukiji, Chuo Ward, Tokyo.

However, even after designated a person falling under the Memorandum as mentioned above, he did not resign this post and is still acting as a staff member of the information organ.

b. On September 9, 1947, Masazumi ANDO, Sadao OSUKA and Kazue UESUGI visited the Education Ministry on behalf of the Japan Religious League and met the Vice-Minister ARIMITSU and INABA, Chief of the Textbook Affairs Bureau. At that time they stated, "It is desirable that the Religious Affairs Section should discontinue supervision and guidance works over religious administration and be confined to the business of investigation and liaison matters."

Moreover, they expressed an opinion on the "No permission for school children on their entering shrines and temples":

"It is desirable that the Education Ministry should look properly after going too far in applications in local districts:"

c. Moreover, they visited the Education Ministry as before about the middle of November in the same year. When they met the Vice-Minister ARIMITSU and HITAKA, Chief of the School Affairs Bureau, they stated the same opinion with the above on the "No permission for school children on their entering shrines and temples."

d. On February 20, 1950, Kazue UESUGI went to the Finance Ministry in the capacity of a Tax System Counter-measure Committee member of the Japan Religious League accompanied by Yoshinuki MATANI, chief of the Information Division of the said League. When he met HIRATA, chief of the Tax Bureau of the Ministry he presented the chief with a petition saying that a special consideration should be taken into levying of juridical taxes upon religious organizations. Thus he asked the said Bureau to make the best of this problem.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there were violations of Article 14, Para.1 and of Article 15 Para.1 of the Imperial Ordinance No.1, 1947, in the movement of Masazumi ANDO.

In view of the above, SIB has concluded there were violations of Article 15, Para.1 of the Imperial Ordinance No.1, in the movements of Sadao OSUKA and Kazue UESUGI.

IV. SIB proposes to:

____ Make a futher investigation.

____ Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible prosecution.

____ Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommened an indictment.

____ Close the case without futher action.

__0__ Refer the case to the Chief Pulbic Procurator of the Tokyo District Procurator's Office.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

(2SEC.No. 297)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENFRAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHICAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Hisao KAWATE (川手壽夫).

I. On the letter received from Seikichi ITO on June 3, 1950, on investigation was initiated by Secretary Yoshimi TOYAMA of Second Section, SIB., on July 16, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in XI has been obtained.

Subject has been suspected of the continuance of control for Hitachi Seiki Kabushiki Kaisha (Precision Instruments Company, Ltd.).

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Sep. 26, ' 47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been

Director of Hitachi Seiki Kabushiki Kaisha.(Precision Instruments Company, Ltd.).

Name : Hisao KAWATE.

Date of Birth : May 24, 1893.

Occupation : None.

Domicile : 222, Otani, Kongo Town, Asaguchi County, Okayama Prefecture.

Addres : c/o Toraichi OGAWA, 150, Oyada-machi, Adachi Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Activities :

a. Renting a room now in the house of the foregoing Toraichi OGAWA, subject is making a living with difficulties. After being designated as a person falling under the memorandum as aforementioned, any

suspicious fact has not been discovered about his visit to Hitachi Seiki Kabushiki Kaisha, or his contact with the officers or the said company or his continuance of control for the said company.

b. Inquiring about the matter of Seikichi ITO, in whose name the foregoing letter was dispatched, we have recognized that he never sent the letter, and that some other person sent it under the assumed name of subject.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 218)

〔No. I-I-3〕

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Movements of Toyoji TSUMORI (津森豊治)
(2nd report).

I. Investigation was innitiated by Secretary Eijiro INOUE of Second Section, SIB, on August 1, 1950, to determine whether or not subject, who has been registered in the Watch Book, violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in II. has been obtained.

II. a. Attending the Directors' Conference of SHOWA DENSEN DENRAN KABUSHIKI KAISHA (Showa Telegraph Wire and Cord Company, Ltd.) as its Adviser, every Wednesday, and also attending

NIKKO JITSUGYO KAISHA (Japan Industry Development Company) and WAKATAKE REIZO KAISHA (Refrigeration Company) several times a month as their Commissioned Officer, subject is participating in the management and business of the respective companies. He is also a stockholder of SHINKU YUSHI KOGYO KAISHA (Vacuous Oils and Fats Industry Company), and attending the Directors' Conference held once a month as an observer to listen to the business condition.

b. He goes NIHON KOGYO KURABU (Japan Industry Club) and NIHON KURABU (Japan Club) to chat with his fellow members, and from time to time he talks with President Taizo ISHI~~KAWA~~ZAKA of To Shiba (Tokyo Shibaura Electric Appliances Company), but on those occasions he simply gossips with him, and any suspicion of his continuance of control of the company business is not recognized.

c. When he is in the Japan Club he often drops in at NIHON YORON CHOSA SHO (Institution for the Survey of Public Opinion), listening to Chief Shin SHIMIZU of the said institution who tells him about social and economic situations.

d. Through the Kindness of Hiroshi ISHIKAWA subject usually goes with his wife to ISHIKAWA's villa in Nirayama Village, Tagata County, Shizuoka Prefecture, for a stay of three or four days for rest.

e. In his home he enjoys reading, haiku (seventeen-letter poems) composing and painting. Visitors he receives are those connected with the foregoing companies or Keiji OZAKI, a religionist, and it is not recognized that he is making any political activity.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

0 —— continue to watch subject's movements.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

(2SEC.No. 299)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Takeo OGINO of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. Based upon the acknowledgment made by Secretary Hiroaki INOUE of Investigation Section, Kyoto Prefectural Office, on July 20, 1950, the same secretary initiated an investigation on August 2, the same year, to determine whether or not the subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, in that he published, in a newspaper a comment on the fire defence equipment of Mineyama Town and printed a comment on political affairs in the advertisement distributed on the occasion of opening a private JINJI SODAN-JO (Personal Affairs Counsel Office).

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on 1. Mar. 27, '47
2. Dec. 31,

The reason for his designation was that he had been

1. Branch Head of the TAISEI YOKU SAN-KAI (Imperial Rule Assistance Association).
2. Consultant to the Kyoto Prefectural Branch, DAI-NIPPON ISSHIN-KAI (Great Japan Reform Society).

Name : Takeo OGINO

Date of Birth : October 11, 1899.

Occupation : Showan

Domicile : 600, Toshi, Miwa Village, Higami County, Hyogo Prefecture.

Addres : 664, Naniwa, Mineyama Town, Naka County, Kyoto Prefecture.

Activities :

a. The subject wrote, "The pool in the back of the Mineyama High Sogool is not made use of, but, the water is good for drink besides we could use it as the fire-preventing water, if we expended

about fifty thousand yen's cost of construction. When a fire broke out the other day, fire-engines arrived at the spot just after the house had burnt down.

In view of that regretful fact, it is the urgent matter for the town to build a pool of fire-preventing water", and let the daily HASHIDATE SHIMBUN (Hashidate Newspaper), the office of which is situated at Aza-tsuruga, Miyazu Town, Kyoto Prefecture, publish it on the February 20's issues this year.

b. On june 6 of the same year, he had Tatsutaro YAMAMOTO, a newspaper agency, 33, Shirogane, of the same town, distribute in his neighborhood advertising handbills of the personal inquiry agency run by him. In that handbill, he wrote the following article discussing and criticizing the Government's policies "The mismanagement of the laws and the tyranny by power has been remarkable. It is a sign of the confusion of social order and the undermined foundation of the constitutional state.

One of its causes is that the Government is not guaranteeing the people's livelihoods. Another

cause is that it does not indicate a way the people should go with the establishment of a standard of the nation's ideology.

Unreasonable heavy taxation threatening the people's livelihoods is one of other causes.

In order to take up the true policy of the construction of new Japan, a series of urgent reconstruction measures such as keeping pace with the world's chemical development and the exploitation by the national expenditure of the ocean resources should be carried out. Besides, the national and local budgets should be made up in concert with the interests of the people.

If the Government will make such renovation convincible by the people, the establishment of a bright world can be expected and the unemployment issue and the like will soon be disappeared.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was ~~(was not)~~ a violation of Article 15, Item 1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

O —— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible prosecution

general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :