Family Planning Digest

Subject Index, Volume 3, 1974

Abortion

FDA Approves Prostaglandin Use, No. 4, p. 11. Fewer Out-of-State Abortions in 1972, No. 5, p. 12.

New Techniques Sought to Reduce High Complication Rate Linked to Late Abortion, No. 1, p. 4. Risk Increases With Gestational Age, No. 4, p. 13.

Biomedical Research

Research on Human Reproduction Provides New Leads to Male, Female Contraception, No. 7, p. 1.

Birth Order

First Borns Show Higher Test Results, No. 2, p. 11.

College Services

College Students Relying More on Pill, IUD; Availability of Contraception Seen as Factor, No. 3, p. 4. Fewer than 20% of U.S. Colleges Provide Services to Their Students, No. 6, p. 11.

Communications

Direct Mail Improves Knowledge of Methods But Fails to Recruit Women to Clinics, No. 1, p. 12.

Resources in Review, No. 1, p. 8; No. 2, p. 8; No. 3, p. 10; No. 4, p. 8; No. 5, p. 8; No. 6, p. 6; No. 7,

p. 8.

Conferences

American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1974, No. 4, p. 12.

American Bar Association, 1973, No. 3, p. 7.

American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, 1973, No. 1, p. 4.

American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, Armed Forces District, 1973, No. 2, p. 10.

American Fertility Society, 1973, No. 3, p. 3.

American Fertility Society, 1974, No. 4, p. 1; No. 6, p. 9.

American Psychological Association, 1973, No. 2, p. 12.

American Medical Association, 1973, No. 2, p. 10.

American Public Health Association, 1973, No. 1, p. 4; No. 2, pp. 1, 14; No. 3, pp. 7, 12, 15; No. 4, p. 13.

American Sociological Association, 1973, No. 1, p. 10; No. 2, p. 14.

American Statistical Association, 1973, No, 6, p. 11.

Association of Planned Parenthood Physicians, 1974, No. 1, p. 4; No. 3, p. 5; No. 5, p. 10; No. 6, pp. 8, 9.

Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology, 1973, No. 1, p. 1.

International Convocation on the World Population Crisis, 1974, No. 6, p. 1.

International Planned Parenthood Federation, 1973, No. 3, p. 13.

International Tuberculosis Conference, 1973, No. 4, p. 6.

National Family Planning Forum, 1973, No. 4, p. 15. North American Conference on Fertility and Sterility, 1973, No. 2, p. 10.

Population Association of America, 1974, No. 5, pp. 7, 10; No. 6, pp. 4, 10, 13, 15.

Contraceptive Efficacy

Contraceptive Failure Linked to Age, Intent Although Pill, IUD Most Effective Methods, No. 1, p. 6.

Copper IUD Protects the Never-Pregnant, No. 1, p. 11.

IUD, Pill Use-Effectiveness Found Similar; Pregnancy Rates Linked to Age, Parity, No. 1, p. 14.

Study Finds Experience, Careful Instruction Lead to Low Failure Rate with Diaphragm, No. 3, p. 8.

Contraceptive Methods:

See Contraceptive Efficacy, Diaphragm, Injectable Contraceptives, Intrauterine Devices, Male Contraceptives, Oral Contraceptives, **Rhythm and Sterilization**

Diaphragm

Study Finds Experience, Careful Instruction Lead to Low Failure Rate with Diaphragm, No. 3, p. 8.

Economics

Equal Pay Not Yet Achieved by Women, No. 5, p. 10.

Federal Investment in Family Planning Results in \$2 Saved for Each \$1 Spent, No. 6, p. 5.

Government Policies Can Avert Economic Stagnation When Population Growth Ends, No. 6, p. 15.

Evaluation of Program

Larger Caseload Lowers Per Patient Cost; Outreach Expenditures Influence Continuation, No. 1, p. 13.

Small Projects 'Very Costly'; Age, Location Also Affect Family Planning Program Costs, No. 3, p. 15.

Fertility

'Baby Boom' and 'Baby Bust' Related to Shift in Timing of Marriage and Childbearing, No. 6, p. 13. Current Low Fertility May Not Last Long, No. 6, p. 16.

Fertility Decline More Rapid Among U.S. Minorities than Among Urban Whites, No. 4, p. 12.

Fertility Rates Decline Sharply After Countries Adopt Family Planning Programs, No. 7, p. 4.

More Pill, IUD Use Cuts Unwanted Births, No. 7. p. 10.

Family Size Goals Increase Fertility, No. 3, p. 3.

Government Programming, **Policy and Funding**

Federal Investment in Family Planning Results in \$2 Saved for Each \$1 Spent, No. 6, p. 5.

56% of Low-Income Women in Seven Areas 'At Risk'; 40% Use Organized Programs, No. 2, p. 2.

Free Family Planning Under British Plan, No. 1, p. 7.

Government Policies Can Avert Economic Stagna tion When Population Growth Ends, No. 6, p. 15.

Larger Caseload Lowers Per Patient Cost; Outreach Expenditures Influence Continuation, No. 1, p. 13.

Most State and Local Health Departments Had Family Planning Programs in 1973, No. 2, p. 5. Programs Served 3.2 Million in FY 1973; Provider

Counties, Agencies Increase, No. 3, p. 1.

Small Projects 'Very Costly'; Age, Location Also Affect Family Planning Program Costs, No. 3, p. 15.

Health

Breastfeeding, Pill Increase Risk, No. 4, p. 7.

Children Unwanted at Conception Appear to Have More Ills, Social Problems, No. 6, p. 10.

Family Planning Tied to Infant Survival, No. 2, p. 6.

Researchers Doubt Vit. A Harms Babies, No. 7, p. 13.

Illegitimacy

Illegitimacy among White Teens Rising Again While Black Illegitimacy Continues to Decline, No. 6, p. 4.

Premarital Births, Less Effective Methods, Larger Family Size Goals Increase Fertility, No. 3, p. 3. Three-Fourths of Teenage First Pregnancies Are

Premaritally Conceived, Study Finds, No. 4, p. 14.

Informed Consent

Firm Position Taken on Informed Consent, No. 2, p. 7.

Injectable Contraceptives

FDA OKs Limited Depo-Provera Use, No. 1, p. 16.

Insurance

ACOG on Pregnancy-Related Disability, No. 6, p. 13.

Full Coverage Urged for Maternity Care, No. 1, p. 14.

International

'Baby Boom' and 'Baby Bust' Related to Shift in Timing of Marriage and Childbearing, No. 6, p. 13. Children Unwanted at Conception Appear to Have More Ills, Social Problems, No. 6, p. 10.

8-Year Prospective Study of 23,000 Users Finds Serious Risks Few, Benefits Great, No. 5, p. 1.

End Unwanted Births; Halve Growth Rate, No. 3, p. 13.

Experts Agree 2% Growth Rate Is Too High, But Differ on Means to Slow Growth, No. 6, p. 1.

Family Planning or Development: Which Comes First? No. 5, p. 7.

Follow-Up of Women in Original U.K. Study Confirms Pill's Thromboembolic Effect, No. 4, p. 6.

Free Family Planning Under British Plan, No. 1, p. 7.

Pill Used by Estimated 50 Million Women, Mainly in Developed Countries and China, No. 7, p. 16.

Resources in Review, No. 4, p. 8.

World Survey: Half-Billion at Risk; 70% Use No Method, No. 3, p. 13.

Intrauterine Devices

Blood Los- Lower Among TCu Users, No. 7, p. 10. Family Planning Digest

14

Premarital Births, Less Effective Methods, Larger

Family Planning Digest

Subject Index, Volume 3, 1974

Abortion

FDA Approves Prostaglandin Use, No. 4, p. 11. Fewer Out-of-State Abortions in 1972, No. 5, p. 12.

New Techniques Sought to Reduce High Complication Rate Linked to Late Abortion, No. 1, p. 4. Risk Increases With Gestational Age, No. 4, p. 13.

Biomedical Research

Research on Human Reproduction Provides New Leads to Male, Female Contraception, No. 7, p. 1.

Birth Order

First Borns Show Higher Test Results, No. 2, p. 11.

College Services

College Students Relying More on Pill, IUD; Availability of Contraception Seen as Factor, No. 3, p. 4. Fewer than 20% of U.S. Colleges Provide Services to Their Students, No. 6, p. 11.

Communications

Direct Mail Improves Knowledge of Methods But Fails to Recruit Women to Clinics, No. 1, p. 12.

Resources in Review, No. 1, p. 8; No. 2, p. 8; No. 3, p. 10; No. 4, p. 8; No. 5, p. 8; No. 6, p. 6; No. 7,

p. 8.

Conferences

American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1974, No. 4, p. 12.

American Bar Association, 1973, No. 3, p. 7.

American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, 1973, No. 1, p. 4.

American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, Armed Forces District, 1973, No. 2, p. 10.

American Fertility Society, 1973, No. 3, p. 3.

American Fertility Society, 1974, No. 4, p. 1; No. 6, p. 9.

American Psychological Association, 1973, No. 2, p. 12.

American Medical Association, 1973, No. 2, p. 10.

American Public Health Association, 1973, No. 1, p. 4; No. 2, pp. 1, 14; No. 3, pp. 7, 12, 15; No. 4, p. 13.

American Sociological Association, 1973, No. 1, p. 10; No. 2, p. 14.

American Statistical Association, 1973, No, 6, p. 11.

Association of Planned Parenthood Physicians, 1974, No. 1, p. 4; No. 3, p. 5; No. 5, p. 10; No. 6, pp. 8, 9.

Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology, 1973, No. 1, p. 1.

International Convocation on the World Population Crisis, 1974, No. 6, p. 1.

International Planned Parenthood Federation, 1973, No. 3, p. 13.

International Tuberculosis Conference, 1973, No. 4, p. 6.

National Family Planning Forum, 1973, No. 4, p. 15. North American Conference on Fertility and Sterility, 1973, No. 2, p. 10.

Population Association of America, 1974, No. 5, pp. 7, 10; No. 6, pp. 4, 10, 13, 15.

Contraceptive Efficacy

Contraceptive Failure Linked to Age, Intent Although Pill, IUD Most Effective Methods, No. 1, p. 6.

Copper IUD Protects the Never-Pregnant, No. 1, p. 11.

IUD, Pill Use-Effectiveness Found Similar; Pregnancy Rates Linked to Age, Parity, No. 1, p. 14.

Study Finds Experience, Careful Instruction Lead to Low Failure Rate with Diaphragm, No. 3, p. 8.

Contraceptive Methods:

See Contraceptive Efficacy, Diaphragm, Injectable Contraceptives, Intrauterine Devices, Male Contraceptives, Oral Contraceptives, **Rhythm and Sterilization**

Diaphragm

Study Finds Experience, Careful Instruction Lead to Low Failure Rate with Diaphragm, No. 3, p. 8.

Economics

Equal Pay Not Yet Achieved by Women, No. 5, p. 10.

Federal Investment in Family Planning Results in \$2 Saved for Each \$1 Spent, No. 6, p. 5.

Government Policies Can Avert Economic Stagnation When Population Growth Ends, No. 6, p. 15.

Evaluation of Program

Larger Caseload Lowers Per Patient Cost; Outreach Expenditures Influence Continuation, No. 1, p. 13.

Small Projects 'Very Costly'; Age, Location Also Affect Family Planning Program Costs, No. 3, p. 15.

Fertility

'Baby Boom' and 'Baby Bust' Related to Shift in Timing of Marriage and Childbearing, No. 6, p. 13. Current Low Fertility May Not Last Long, No. 6, p. 16.

Fertility Decline More Rapid Among U.S. Minorities than Among Urban Whites, No. 4, p. 12.

Fertility Rates Decline Sharply After Countries Adopt Family Planning Programs, No. 7, p. 4.

More Pill, IUD Use Cuts Unwanted Births, No. 7. p. 10.

Family Size Goals Increase Fertility, No. 3, p. 3.

Government Programming, **Policy and Funding**

Federal Investment in Family Planning Results in \$2 Saved for Each \$1 Spent, No. 6, p. 5.

56% of Low-Income Women in Seven Areas 'At Risk'; 40% Use Organized Programs, No. 2, p. 2.

Free Family Planning Under British Plan, No. 1, p. 7.

Government Policies Can Avert Economic Stagna tion When Population Growth Ends, No. 6, p. 15.

Larger Caseload Lowers Per Patient Cost; Outreach Expenditures Influence Continuation, No. 1, p. 13.

Most State and Local Health Departments Had Family Planning Programs in 1973, No. 2, p. 5. Programs Served 3.2 Million in FY 1973; Provider

Counties, Agencies Increase, No. 3, p. 1.

Small Projects 'Very Costly'; Age, Location Also Affect Family Planning Program Costs, No. 3, p. 15.

Health

Breastfeeding, Pill Increase Risk, No. 4, p. 7.

Children Unwanted at Conception Appear to Have More Ills, Social Problems, No. 6, p. 10.

Family Planning Tied to Infant Survival, No. 2, p. 6.

Researchers Doubt Vit. A Harms Babies, No. 7, p. 13.

Illegitimacy

Illegitimacy among White Teens Rising Again While Black Illegitimacy Continues to Decline, No. 6, p. 4.

Premarital Births, Less Effective Methods, Larger Family Size Goals Increase Fertility, No. 3, p. 3. Three-Fourths of Teenage First Pregnancies Are

Premaritally Conceived, Study Finds, No. 4, p. 14.

Informed Consent

Firm Position Taken on Informed Consent, No. 2, p. 7.

Injectable Contraceptives

FDA OKs Limited Depo-Provera Use, No. 1, p. 16.

Insurance

ACOG on Pregnancy-Related Disability, No. 6, p. 13.

Full Coverage Urged for Maternity Care, No. 1, p. 14.

International

'Baby Boom' and 'Baby Bust' Related to Shift in Timing of Marriage and Childbearing, No. 6, p. 13. Children Unwanted at Conception Appear to Have More Ills, Social Problems, No. 6, p. 10.

8-Year Prospective Study of 23,000 Users Finds Serious Risks Few, Benefits Great, No. 5, p. 1.

End Unwanted Births; Halve Growth Rate, No. 3, p. 13.

Experts Agree 2% Growth Rate Is Too High, But Differ on Means to Slow Growth, No. 6, p. 1.

Family Planning or Development: Which Comes First? No. 5, p. 7.

Follow-Up of Women in Original U.K. Study Confirms Pill's Thromboembolic Effect, No. 4, p. 6.

Free Family Planning Under British Plan, No. 1, p. 7.

Pill Used by Estimated 50 Million Women, Mainly in Developed Countries and China, No. 7, p. 16.

Resources in Review, No. 4, p. 8.

World Survey: Half-Billion at Risk; 70% Use No Method, No. 3, p. 13.

Intrauterine Devices

Blood Los- Lower Among TCu Users, No. 7, p. 10. Family Planning Digest

14

Premarital Births, Less Effective Methods, Larger

Copper IUD Protects the Never-Pregnant, No. 1, p. 11.

Embedding Common But Not Harmful, No. 6, p. 8. First Copper IUD Approved by FDA, No. 4, p. 16. IUD Removal May Avert Miscarriages, No. 2, p. 13. IUDs Praised as Generally Safe, Effective, But Shield Shelved Pending Safety Resolution, No. 5, p. 14.

IUD Use Linked to Pelvic Infection, No. 2, p. 1.

Length of Uterus Affects Retention, No. 2, p. 13.

Risk of Ectopics Increases with Time, No. 7, p. 10. Shield Removals High Among Nulliparae, No. 3, p. 9.

Ypsilon-Y Avoids Uterine Perforations, No. 6, p. 9.

Knowledge, Attitudes, Practice (KAP)

College Students Relying More on Pill, IUD; Availability of Contraception Seen as Factor, No. 3, p. 4. Contraceptive Failure Linked to Age, Intent Although Pill, IUD Most Effective Methods, No. 1, p. 6.

Contraceptive Use Higher Following Abortion than Before; Better Methods Employed, No. 3, p. 12.

High School Students Have Premarital Sex; Only 1 in 10 Parents Provides Sex Ed, No. 7, p. 12.

Initiation of Contraceptive Use Affects Age at Marriage, Timing of First Birth, No. 4, p. 5.

'Rap' Session with Teenagers Improves Knowledge of Contraception, Abortion, VD, No. 7, p. 12.

U.K. Fertility Study: 90% Use a Method, Condom Leads All, No. 2, p. 16.

Legal Aspects

47 States Permit Unwed 18-Year-Olds to Obtain Their Own Birth Control Services, No. 7, p. 7. Lawyers Favor End to Restrictive Laws, No. 3, p. 7.

Male Contraceptives

Combination of Hormones Seems Promising as Male Contraceptive in Human Trials, No. 1, p. 1.

Synthetic Steroid Holds Promise, No. 5, p. 10.

UK Fertility Study: 90% Use a Method, Condom Leads All, No. 2, p. 16.

Mental Health

Children Unwanted at Conception Appear to Have More Ills, Social Problems, No. 6, p. 10.

Minipill:

See Oral Contraceptives

Minors:

See Teenagers

Oral Contraceptives

Breastfeeding, Pill Increase Risk, No. 4, p. 7. 8-Year Prospective Study of 23,000 Users Finds Serious Risks Few, Benefits Great, No. 5, p. 1. Follow-Up of Women in Original U.K. Study Confirms Pill's Thromboembolic Effect, No. 4, p. 6.

Irregular Menses Before Starting Pill Are Linked to Postpill Amenorrhea, No. 2, p. 10.

More Heart Attacks in High-Risk Users? No. 2, p. 11.

Volume 3, Number 7, January 1975

No Link Between Pill, Chromosome Damage, No. 4, p. 1.

Normal Users Run 7 Times Risk of Nonusers; Among Hypertensives, Users' Pressure Down, No. 6, p. 14.

Oral Contraceptives, Pregnancy Tests May Increase Risk of a Rare Birth Defect, No. 7, p. 6.

Pills May Protect Against Type of Cyst, No. 3, p. 14.

Pill Use Linked to Urinary Infections, No. 4, p. 4.

Pill Used by Estimated 50 Million Women, Mainly in Developed Countries and China, No. 7, p. 16.

Poor Fat Metabolism Contraindicates Pill? No. 3,

p. 14.

Progestogen-Only Pill No Bar to Ectopics, No. 4, p. 7.

Progestogens Work as Precoital Pill, No. 1, p. 3.

Rare Benign Tumors Seem Linked with Pill; But 'Lancet' Sees Need for More Evidence, No. 6, p. 15. Researchers Doubt Vit. A Harms Babies, No. 7, p. 13.

Smoking and High Blood Pressure Increase Stroke Risk Among Oral Contraceptive Users, No. 2, p. 6.

TB Drug Reduces Effectiveness of Pill, No. 4, p. 6. Ways to Reduce Skin Side Effects, No. 2, p. 10.

Patient Recruitment and Retention

Direct Mail Improves Knowledge of Methods But Fails to Recruit Women to Clinics, No. 1, p. 12.

Population

End Unwanted Births; Halve Growth Rate, No. 3, p. 13.

Experts Agree 2% Growth Rate Is Too High But Differ on Means to Slow Growth, No. 6, p. 1.

Family Planning or Development: Which Comes First? No. 5, p. 7.

Government Policies Can Avert Economic Stagnation When Population Growth Ends, No. 6, p. 15.

How Can States Guide Their Growth? No. 7, p. 5.

Postcoital Contraceptive

Timing of Luteo-Placental Shift May Lead to Development of New Contraceptive Method, No. 4, p. 3.

Pregnancy

ACOG on Pregnancy-Related Disability, No. 6, p. 13.

Pregnancy Detectable Week Before Period, No. 3, p. 3.

Progestogen-Only Pill No Bar to Ectopics, No. 4, p. 7.

35% Pregnant When Period 5 Days Late, No. 5 p. 12.

Premarital Sex

Poll Finds Americans Now More Tolerant, No. 1, p. 3.

Private MDs

See Family Planning as Standard Practice, No. 3, p. 5.

Prostaglandins

FDA Approves Prostaglandin Use, No. 4, p. 11.

Rhythm

Temperature Use Enhances Marital, Sexual Happiness Despite Psychological Stress, No. 2, p. 12.

Rural Program

Outreach Should Aim at Younger Women, No. 1, p. 7.

Sex Preselection

Ability to Determine Child's Sex Would Have No Lasting Effect on Ratio of Boys to Girls, No. 6, p. 12.

Choice of Child's Sex Soon a Possibility? No. 3, p. 16.

Most Couples Prefer Boy as First Child, No. 2, p. 14.

Sterilization

Antibodies Persist Following Vasectomy, No. 4, p. 2. Contraceptive Sterilization Varies by Region; Female Rate Highest in South, Male in West, No. 3, p. 5.

Fewer Failures, Injuries with One-Incision, 3-Burn Method of Laparoscopic Sterilization, No. 3, p. 6.

Four Factors Affect Cost of Sterilization, No. 2, p. 4.

Immediate Sterility After Vasectomy? No. 4, p. 4. Men Report More Complications than MDs; Recanalization Sometimes Found to Occur, No. 2, p. 14.

Swelling, Discomfort Cut by Steroid Shot, No. 5, p. 13.

Tubal Reanastomosis Methods Evaluated, No. 4, p. 3.

White Women in Federally Funded Programs Had Higher Sterilization Rates than Blacks, No. 2, p. 4. 0.2% of Patients Under 21 in U.S.-Funded Family Planning Programs Sterilized in 1972, No. 4, p. 10.

Teenagers

47 States Permit Unwed 18-Year-Olds to Obtain Their Own Birth Control Services, No. 7, p. 7.

High School Students Have Premarital Sex; Only 1 in 10 Parents Provides Sex Ed, No. 7, p. 12.

'Rap' Session With Teenagers Improves Knowledge of Contraception, Abortion, VD, No. 7, p. 11.

30% of Illinois Clinic Patients Are Teens; Nearly Half Have Already Been Pregnant, No. 2, p. 15.

Three-Fourths of Teenage First Pregnancies Are Premaritally Conceived, Study Finds, No. 4, p. 14.

2.2 million Need Subsidized Services, No. 4, p. 15. 2-Year, \$4 Million Program to Help Teenagers

Avert Unwanted Pregnancies, No. 6, p. 8.

Youngsters Served by Pediatric Clinic, No. 5, p. 11. 0.2% of Patients Under 21 in U.S.-Funded Family Planning Programs Sterilized in 1972, No. 4, p. 10.

Women

Equal Pay Not Yet Achieved by Women, No. 5, p. 10.

Key Family Planning Jobs to Women, No. 3, p. 7.

Women Accept Some Sex Stereotypes But Also Favor Greater Equality with Men, No. 1, p. 10.