DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

GHQ/SCAP Records (RG 331, National Archives and Records Service)

Description of contents

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(3) Date: Mar. 1948 - Feb. 1949

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(5) Item description and comment:
Aichi

(6) Reproduction: (Yes) No

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HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

4 February 1949

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Photographs, Nishiyama Steam Plant (01-58)

TO: Civil Property Custodian/Reparations
ATTN: Mr. George H. Andrews
Room 503, Kokubu Bldg, Tokyo
APO 500

Transmitted herewith are five additional copies each of the fifteen photographs you requested in the course of your recent inspection of the steam plant at the Nishiyama Branch of the Takagi Arsenal (01-58).

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
Photographs

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

2 February 1949

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Application for Conversion,
Aichi Kigyo Co., Ltd.

THRU: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Military Government Section

1. Transmitted herewith in quintuplicate is an application from the subject company requesting reconversion permits for four of its plants under reparations custody (Atsuta plant 01-1; Kaokido plant 01-2; Imamura plant 01-4; Mitaka plant 01-6?), and a petition from the company's labor union supporting the basic application.

2. The company's application, which was originally forwarded through Japanese Government Channels to ESS, GHQ, SCAP, is now being forwarded through Military Government Channels at the request of the Managing Director of the Company and the Mayor of Nagoya.

3. Aichi Kigyo is now producing three-wheeled fire engines, and agricultural and marine engines is released areas, using non-reparations machinery. In order to expand their production to meet demands for these essential goods they now request permission to use reparations machinery in addition to the non-reparations machinery already being used for production. The authorized use of a total of 220 items of reparations equipment is requested.

4. Inasmuch as all previous applications for reconversion of the four above-mentioned plants were denied by higher headquarters this office recommended a high priority for them on the list of reparations

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BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subject: Transmittal of Application for Conversion, Aichi Kigyo Co., Ltd. dtd 2 Feb 49.

removals. However, unless early removal of this plant is contemplated by higher headquarters this office recommends favorable consideration of this application in view of the desirability of expanding production of these essential items.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major IMP
Adjutant

2 Incl:
1. Application
2. Petition

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Tokai Mil Govt Team, APO 301, dtd 9 Dec 48, Subj: "Caustic Soda Plant Marked for Reparations".

AG 386.3 1st Ind KBB/ai

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 27 Dec 48

TO: Commanding Officer, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710

For investigation and report on paragraph 2, basic communication.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DUMONT:

/s/ /t/ GERALD J. FICO
Capt, Inf
Asst Adjutant

Incl:
n/c

2nd Ind EFJ/ek

Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, 8 Jan 49

TO: CO, Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710

All of the equipment described as missing from the Takaoka plant of the Toa Gosei Co. is at present located within the Aichi plant of the Toa Gosei Co. (01-87) which has been under reparations custody since 13 August 1946 as per instructions contained in SCAPIN 1129.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

Incl:
n/c

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
TOYAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 301

9 December 1948

SUBJECT: Caustic Soda Plant Marked for Reparations

TO: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710

1. During a recent inspection of the Toa Gosei Co., Takaoka Plant, Takaoka Shi, Toyama Ken, code number 42-11, the equipment required to make cuastic soda was located at this plant. The custodian also stated that this caustic soda plant was only partly moved from the Toa Gosei Co., Aichi Plant when the cessation of hostilities stopped this movement.

2. Enclosed is a list prepared by the engineers of the Toa Gosei Co., Takaoka Plant which is required to produce caustic soda, but is not located at the plant. Therefore, due to the fact that all the caustic soda manufacturing equipment which is at the Takaoka plant was moved from the Toa Gosei Plant at Aichi, there is a strong possibility that the remaining equipment may still be located in that plant. It is the opinion of this headquarters that the complete caustic soda plant of which part is in the Toa Gosei Takaoka Plant should be placed under reparational control and custody. Therefore, it is requested that personnel of your headquarters investigate the Toa Gosei Co., Aichi Plant to determine whether the equipment that is missing from the caustic soda plant of Toa Gosei Co., Takaoka Plant is located there.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/ /t/ OVID E. SCOTT
Major, FA
Adjutant

Incl:
1. Copy of list of equipment missing from Takaoka Plant, Toa Gosei

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

CMG/ek
5 January 1949

SUBJECT: Current List of Reparations Equipment in Authorized Use

THRU: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Military Government Section

Forwarded herewith are copies of lists of reparations equipment in authorized use as currently confirmed by this office.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
46 Plants' authorized
use lists

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File

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

22 November 1948

SUBJECT: Report of Investigation of Fire
at Toriimatsu Army Arsenal

THRU: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Military Government Section

1. The following report is submitted following completion of an investigation of the fire which occurred at the Toriimatsu Army Arsenal on 13 November 1948.

a. Time of Fire: The fire was discovered in Bldg 117 of the Toriimatsu Army Arsenal (01-59a) at 0620, 13 November 1948 by a guard in the arsenal who was preparing to go on duty at 0700. Although it is difficult to determine the exact time that the fire began, it is fairly certain that it began at least one hour prior to the time that it was first discovered, since the power substation supplying the Toriimatsu area reported that the power supply to the Arsenal was automatically shut off at 0528 when unknown electrical difficulties in the Arsenal area caused an overloading of the Arsenal power lines. The fire was brought under control by 0830, but was not completely extinguished until 1500.

b. Description of Fire: Observers, both inside and outside of the Arsenal, who saw the fire before 0700 unanimously testified that it was characterized by thick black clouds of smoke identical to that usually associated with oil fires. The guard who discovered the fire saw only smoke coming through cracks in the building.

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BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Report of Investigation of Fire at Toriimatsu Army Arsenal, dtd 22 Nov 48.

c. Extent of Damage: The entire warehouse (area approx, 23,000 sq ft, wooden framework, galvanized iron roofing, part wooden, part concrete flooring) was burned to the ground with the exception of a few charred timbers which still support a small section of the roof. None of the equipment within the building entirely escaped the effects of fire. In the central portion of the building the heat was so intense that considerable quantities of glass were found which had been melted, twisted, and in some cases even fused to machines. Since the largest part of the flooring was made of wood 185 out of the 236 machine tools within the building toppled over when the flooring collapsed--in some cases falling as much as 3 or 4 feet into ditches beneath the building. Of the 41 machines left standing 16 had been obviously subjected to such intense heat as to render them totally useless, and of the remaining 25 up-right machines 17 suffered damage from falling timbers. The 5 transformers, 11 switch gears with their panels were badly burned, and the gas furnace and woodworking drill were irreparably damaged. The following is a summary of equipment identified in the ruins of the fire.

236	Machine Tools
1	Woodworking Bench Drill
1	Gas Furnace
5	Transformers (1 50 KVA, 3 30 KVA, 1 10 KVA)
11	Switch Gears (with panels)
254	Total of inventoried items

Although Japanese Government representatives on the spot estimated that 70% of the equipment could be rehabilitated to second or third class machines it is extremely doubtful whether even 10% of the burned items can be of any further reparations value. A check of the evaluation report of the Arsenal indicates that value of these items (as of 1939) is established at ¥ 1,040,800. The wreckage is now being cleared away and as soon as it is practicable a supplementary report will be submitted including the exact details concerning the status of any equipment salvaged.

d. Origin of Fire: Without prolonged investigation by specially trained personnel with adequate technical equipment it would be impossible to determine the exact origin of the fire, but the strongest evidence points to one or more short circuits in the electrical system (Ref. attached statement by NAFB Ground Safety Director Mr. Cabana). Improper fusing and wiring were everywhere evident even in the ruins. Japanese police inspectors searched the entire area around the completely intact cement wall surrounding the plant for evidence of surreptitious entry into the plant and found none. The guards at the main gate reported that only au-

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Report of Investigation of Fire at Toriimatsu Army Arsenal, dtd 22 Nov 48.

thorized guards remained in the plant during the entire night, all of which seems to indicate that no act of sabotage was the cause of the fire. The burning of one and one half drums of oil, oil-soaked flooring, and oil-soaked clothing of workmen which had been stored in two wooden lockers and ten wooden boxes probably accounted for the oily black smoke which was observed. Inasmuch as the building had been vacated by workers and locked since the previous afternoon it is hardly possible that the fire was started by any direct flame of whatever sort in view of the fact that observers of the fire in its early stages testified that the fire started within the building, and not outside of the building. Evidence of burnt clothing and rags was hardly sufficient to warrant a conclusion that spontaneous combustion was responsible for the fire, although the possibility cannot definitely be ruled out. The overloading of the electrical system within the building was quite possible since the building's transformers were not grounded and knife switches were fused with copper wiring (the circuit was open, since it was customary to leave lights on in the building all night).

e. Fire Control Measures: The Toriimatsu Fire Station was notified of the fire at 0630 and arrived with adequate fire-fighting equipment at the scene by 0640. No chemical extinguishers were available at the plant, and no sand boxes were available outside of the burning building (the custodian reports that there had been 8 boxes of sand inside of the building). Plant guards were unable to make use of the water cisterns located outside of the building owing to the nature of the fire, so that no action was taken to bring the fire under control until the arrival of the Fire Department of Toriimatsu. Quick action on the part of the Toriimatsu firemen prevented the spread of the fire to surrounding buildings.

f. Responsibility: The following summary indicates gross and inexcusable negligence on the part of the plant Custodian, Minoru Kyonen:

(1) No attempt was made to remedy or even report to superior officers the clumsy, faulty, and dangerous wiring within the building. Although there were ground wires leading from the transformers these had never been connected.

(2) Although danger of electrical and oil fires were recognized as being considerable no chemical extinguishers were available within the plant and no boxes of sand were located outside of buildings. It may be said, however, that apparently chemical extinguishers had been ordered, although an "it can't be helped" attitude prevented the custodian from pressing for delivery.

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BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Report of Investigation of Fire at Toriimatsu Army Arsenal, dtd 22 Nov 48.

(3) Although patrol units were supposed to be patrolling the entire plant area 24 hours a day, on the night of the fire patrolling stopped at 2300, 12 November 1948 owing to the fact that four guards had been unable to report for work during the harvest season. Since the custodian had not instructed his chief guard to report any shortage of guards he did not know until after the fire that patrols were not being carried out according to plan. He admitted that extra guards could have been obtained if necessary from the local police station or from the prefectural government. Inasmuch as it is known that an electrical fire usually smolders for two or three hours prior to bursting into flame it would appear that had patrols been operating as planned the smoldering would have probably been observed and immediate action could have been taken to prevent the wood from breaking into flame.

2. Inasmuch as the defects of wiring, fire-fighting equipment, and custody are probably not peculiar to this one reparations plant plans are being made to thoroughly investigate these conditions in all reparations area under the surveillance of this office, and to institute proper remedial action as soon as practicable in such areas as may be found necessary.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

3 Incl:
1. Statement, Director of Safety
2. Report by Nagoya Finance Bureau
3. Photographs--1 set of 6

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HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

19 November 1948

SUBJECT: Custody and Maintenance of Reparations Machinery

THRU: Aichi Prefectural Liaison Office

TO: Governor of Aichi Prefecture

1. Investigation of the recent fire at the Toriimatsu Army Arsenal revealed that negligence on the part of the plant custodian in enforcing custody and maintenance directives of the Supreme Commander was responsible for the extent if not for the origin of the damage incurred.

2. In view of the grave irregularities in custody and control noted during the course of the aforementioned investigation you are requested to advise all reparations" plants and prefectural personnel concerned under your jurisdiction that in the future careful surveillance will be made by inspectors of this headquarters to ensure strict compliance with the following particular points of custody a and control:

a. Electrical Wiring

(1) All plant wiring will be checked for proper insulation and connection. Proper conduits will be utilized in all cases. All switches will be properly fused and under no circumstances will copper wiring or other dangerous substitutes be used. All transformers will be properly grounded. The power supply to all buildings containing reparations' equipment will be shut off when no authorized persons are working in the buildings.

b. Guards

(1) In addition to 24 hour gate guards, 24 hour patrols will be maintained at all times. In most plants this should mean that all

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BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Custody and Maintenance of Reparations Machinery, dtd 19 Nov 48.

buildings should be checked at least once every hour and in any case all buildings must be checked at least once every hour and a half. The plant custodian will be responsible for keeping his staff of guards up to strength, and the prefectural government shall make adequate arrangements to provide extra guards in the event that the custodian is unable to procure sufficient men at any time. Local police stations should be instructed to cooperate as circumstances may require with plant custodians until such time as contact can be made with appropriate prefectural officials..

c. Fire Control Measures

(1) Oil rags will not be kept in piles capable of spontaneous combustion either inside buildings or within 20 feet of buildings. Dry grasses surrounding buildings will be cut back at least 20 feet from buildings. Chemical extinguishers to combat electrical or oil fires will be kept in working order at strategic points and plant personnel at all times will be acquainted with their whereabouts and operating procedure. Boxes of sand will be kept at strategic points both inside and outside of buildings, and buckets or shovels will be placed adjacent to them at all times. Plant personnel will be instructed concerning the dangers of using water to extinguish electrical or oil fires. Local Fire Department officials will be instructed to cooperate with plant custodians in establishing adequate fire prevention and control systems within the plants.

3. As chief custodian of all reparations' equipment within Aichi Prefecture you are directed to take immediate steps to ensure proper compliance with the foregoing in accordance with current directives of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers in order to prevent any recurrence of the needless and costly disaster which occurred at the Toriimatsu Arsenal on 13 November 1948.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Custody and Maintenance of Reparations Machinery, dtd 19 Nov 48.

4. A report of action taken is requested by this headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

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HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

17 November 1948

SUBJECT: Report of Investigation of Fire at Toriimatsu Army Arsenal

THRU: Economics Officer
Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710

TO: Commanding Officer
Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710

1. The following report is submitted following completion of an investigation of the fire which occurred at the Toriimatsu Army Arsenal on 13 November 1948.

A. Time of Fire

The fire was discovered in Bldg 117 of the Toriimatsu Army Arsenal (01-59a) at 0620, 13 November 1948 by a guard in the arsenal who was preparing to go on duty at 0700. Although it is difficult to determine the exact time that the fire began, it is fairly certain that it began at least one hour prior to the time that it was first discovered, since the power substation supplying the Toriimatsu area reported that the power supply to the Arsenal was automatically shut off at 0528 when unknown electrical difficulties in the Arsenal area caused an overloading of the Arsenal power lines. The fire was brought under control by 0830, but was not completely extinguished until 1500.

B. Description of Fire

Observers, both inside and outside of the Arsenal, who saw the fire before 0700 unanimously testified that it was characterized by thick black clouds of smoke identical to that usually associated with oil fires. The guard who discovered the fire saw only smoke coming through cracks in the building.

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BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Report of Investigation of Fire at Toriimatsu Army Arsenal, dtd 17 Nov 48.

C. Extent of Damage

The entire warehouse (Area approx. 23,000 sq ft, wooden framework, galvanized iron roofing, part wooden, part concrete flooring) was burned to the ground with the exception of a few charred timbers which still support a small section of the roof. None of the equipment within the building entirely escaped the effects of fire. In the central portion of the building the heat was so intense that considerable quantities of glass were found which had been melted, twisted, and in some cases even fused to machines. Since the largest part of the flooring was made of wood 185 out of the 236 machine tools within the building toppled over when the flooring collapsed--in some cases falling as much as 3 or 4 feet into ditches beneath the building. Of the 41 machines left standing 16 had been obviously subjected to such intense heat as to render them totally useless, and of the remaining 25 upright machines 17 suffered damage from falling timbers. The 5 transformers, 11 switch gears with their panels were badly burned, and the gas furnace and woodworking drill were irreparably damaged. The following is a summary of equipment identified in the ruins of the fire.

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D. Origin of Fire

Without prolonged investigation by specially trained personnel with adequate technical equipment it would be impossib

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BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Report of Investigation of Fire at Toriimatsu Army Arsenal, dtd 17 Nov 48.

to determine the exact origin of the fire, but the strongest evidence points to one or more short circuits in the electrical system (Ref. attached statement by NAFB Ground Safety Director Mr. Cabana). Improper fusing and wiring were everywhere evident even in the ruins. Japanese police inspectors searched the entire area around the completely intact cement wall surrounding the plant for evidence of surreptitious entry into the plant and found none. The guards at the main gate reported that only authorized guards remained in the plant during the entire night, all of which seems to indicate that no act of sabotage was the cause of the fire. The burning of one and one half drums of oil, oil-soaked flooring, and oil-soaked clothing of workmen which had been stored in two wooden lockers and ten wooden boxes probably accounted for the oily black smoke which was observed. Inasmuch as the building had been vacated by workers and locked since the previous afternoon it is hardly possible that the fire was started by any direct flame of whatever sort in view of the fact that observers of the fire in its early stages testified that the fire started within the building, and not outside of the building. Evidence of burnt clothing and rags was hardly sufficient to warrant a conclusion that spontaneous combustion was responsible for the fire, although the possibility cannot definitely be ruled out. The overloading of the electrical system within the building was quite possible since the building's transformers were not grounded and knife switches were fused with copper wiring (the circuit was open, since it was customary to leave lights on in the building all night).

E. Fire Control Measures

The Toriimatsu Fire Station was notified of the fire at 0630 and arrived with adequate fire-fighting equipment at the scene by 0640. No chemical extinguishers were available at the plant, and no sand boxes were available outside of the burning building (The custodian reports that there had been 8 boxes of sand inside of the building). Plant guards were unable to make use of the water cisterns located outside of the building owing to the nature of the fire, so that no action was taken to bring the fire under control until the arrival of the Fire Department of Toriimatsu. Quick action on the part of the Toriimatsu firemen prevented the spread of the fire to surrounding buildings.

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BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Report of Investigation of Fire at Toriimatsu Army Arsenal, dtd 17 Nov 48.

F. Responsibility

The following summary indicates gross and inexcusable negligence on the part of the plant Custodian, Tsurukichi Kyonen:

(1) No attempt was made to remedy or even report to superior officers the clumsy, faulty, and dangerous wiring within the building. Although there were ground wires leading from the transformers these had never been connected.

(2) Although danger of electrical and oil fires was recognized as being considerable no chemical extinguishers were available within the plant and no boxes of sand were located outside of buildings. It may be said, however, that apparently chemical extinguishers had been ordered, although an "it can't be helped" attitude prevented the custodian from pressing for delivery.

(3) Althoug patrol units were supposed to be patrolling the entire plant area 24 hours a day, on the night of the fire patrolling stopped at 2300, 12 November 1948 owing to the fact that four guards had been unable to report for work during the harvest season. Since the custodian had not instructed his chief guard to report any shortage of guards he did not know until after the fire that patrols were not being carried out according to plan. He admitted that extra guards could have been obtained if necessary from the local police station or from the Prefectural Government. Inasmuch as it is known that an electrical fire usually smolders for two or three hours prior to bursting into flame it would appear that had patrols been operating as planned the smoldering would have probably been observed and immediate action could have been taken to prevent the wood from breaking into flame.

2. Inasmuch as the defects of wiring, fire-fighting equipment, and custody are probably not peculiar to this one reparations plant plans are being made to thoroughly investigate these conditions in all reparations area under the surveillance of this office, and to institute proper remedial action as soon as practicable in such areas as may be found necessary.

EDWARD F. JOUARD, DAC
Engineer Section Chief
Economics Division
Aichi Mil Govt Team

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

1530 hours
12 October

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT: Suggested list of Order of Removal of Aircraft Plants (Ref: Radio, Cite No. ICBA - 218 dtg 020040Z)

TO: Tokai Economics Section
Mr. Matsuura

1	01-25b	38	01-3
2	25c	39	51
3	25d	40	43
4	25e	41	40
5	25f	42	41
6	25g	43	27a
7	25h	44	27b
8	14	45	46
9	17a	46	25a
10	17b	47	49
11	23a	48	26a
12	90	49	26b
13	23b	50	26d
14	26c	51	26e
15	30		
16	31		
17	35		
18	42		
19	22		
20	4		
21	1		
22	2		
23	21		
24	62		
25	44		
26	33		
27	10		
28	11		
29	24		
30	28		
31	45		
32	52		
33	53		
34	54		
35	63		
36	64		
37	89		

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S T A T E M E N T

On Monday, 15 November 1948 I proceeded to Toriimatsu to investigate a fire involving the Toriimatsu Plant of the Nagoya Military Arsenal. Minute inspection was made of the area and the following conclusions reached:

1. The transformers in this building were not properly grounded.

2. Temporary and improper wiring was used in the transformer power room. These wires were run loosely and although they were heavy conductors were bound together with a single strand of copper wire. This same practice was noted in other areas of the building.

3. At one location samples of the wire were taken where it is evident that a short circuit had occurred. It is believed that this was due to the chaffing of the insulation which allowed the two main conductors to come in contact with each other.

4. The main transformer circuits were over-fused.

5. There is evidence of rags having been stored in the building but it could not be positively determined whether or not spontaneous combustion had occurred where the rags were found. The area was used as a dressing room for personnel on duty and their clothing were stated to have been in a wooden wall locker but it is not my opinion that spontaneous combustion had occurred because of the isolation of the particular area and the fireproof walls that separated it from the rest of the building. Available fuse boxes were inspected and it was found that in one location a three-way knife switch was fused with straight copper wire. This was in the same circuit that the short circuit mentioned above is believed to have occurred.

6. It is my opinion that a temporary overload occurred in the circuit probably caused from some outside source that jumped the transformer circuit and due to the over-fused condition caused the conductors to heat up and ignite the insulation. There were several indications of electrical shorting in the wire and samples of this were gathered as evidence.

7. There was no evidence of sabotage.

8. There was no evidence of any first-aid fire extinguishers in the building.

Encl 1/2

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9. It was stated that the building was unoccupied at the time of the fire and therefom the fire had gained great headway before it was noticed from observers on the outside. It was stated that lights were kept on throughout the hours of darkness and it is assumed that they were burning just prior to the occurrence of the fire.

10. A sample of the wiring used in the building which was not damaged by fire indicates that although the conductor was ample in size the insulation was in very bad condition.

In my opinion the cause of said fire was short-circuit in the electrical system caused by improper fusing and a temporary overload.

A. E. CABANA
Director of Safety
Nagoya Air Force Base

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

S T A T E M E N T

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4. The main transformer circuits were over-fused.

5. There is evidence of rags having been stored in the building but it could not be positively determined whether or not spontaneous combustion had occurred where the rags were found. The area was used as a dressing room for personnel on duty and their clothing were stated to have been in a wooden wall locker but it is not my opinion that spontaneous combustion had occurred because of the isolation of the particular area and the fireproof walls that separated it from the rest of the building. Available fuse boxes were inspected and it was found that in one location a three-way knife switch was fused with straight copper wire. This was in the same circuit that the short circuit mentioned above is believed to have occurred.

6. It is my opinion that a temporary overload occurred in the circuit probably caused from some outside source that jumped the transformer circuit and due to the over-fused condition caused the conductors to heat up and ignite the insulation. There were several indications of electrical shorting in the wire and samples of this were gathered as evidence.

7. There was no evidence of sabotage.

8. There was no evidence of any first-aid fire extinguishers in the building.

Incl 13

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

9. It was stated that the building was unoccupied at the time of the fire and therefore the fire had gained great headway before it was noticed from observers on the outside. It was stated that lights were kept on throughout the hours of darkness and it is assumed that they were burning just prior to the occurrence of the fire.

10. A sample of the wiring used in the building which was not damaged by fire indicates that although the conductor was ample in size the insulation was in very bad condition.

In my opinion the cause of said fire was short-circuit in the electrical system caused by improper fusing and a temporary overload.

A. E. CABANA
Director of Safety
Nagoya Air Force Base

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

EFJ/ek

20 November 1948

SUBJECT: Marking of Reparations Equipment

THRU: Aichi Prefectural Liaison Office

TO: Aichi Prefectural Reparations Section

1. Reparations' equipment that has been evaluated but not inventoried will be marked with red paint to distinguish it from inventoried equipment.

2. You are directed to complete the marking of non-inventoried equipment with red paint within one week of receipt of this letter.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

CMG/ek
12 November 1948

SUBJECT: Deterioration of Maintenance of Reparations Equipment

THRU: Aichi Prefectural Liaison Office

TO: Governor of Aichi Prefecture

1. Recent inspections by the reparations section of this headquarters have indicated a perceptible lowering in the standards of maintenance observed in reparations plants.

2. This headquarters is of the opinion that the Japanese inspectors and maintenance personnel have received more than adequate instruction on proper maintenance and custody, but that they fail to show adequate initiative and firmness in adhering to required standards.

3. Any deterioration from the past high standards of maintenance cannot be tolerated. You are accordingly reminded that under current SCAP directives the Governor of the prefecture as Chief Custodian of all reparations equipment in his prefecture, is responsible for its proper maintenance and custody. Failure to maintain these standards must necessarily be reported to GHQ, SCAP.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

CMG/ek

12 November 1948

SUBJECT: Maintenance of Reparations Equipment

THRU: Aichi Prefectural Liaison Office

TO: Aichi Prefectural Reparations Section

1. Your attention is directed to the following criticisms of maintenance standards as observed at a number of reparations plants recently:

a. Improper and unsatisfactory oil being used for lubrication of machines in use. The use of fish oil for lubrication should be discontinued immediately.

b. Metal turnings are not being constantly brushed off of moving surfaces of machines in authorized use.

c. Machines in authorized use are not being adequately cleaned daily after use--no attempt apparently is made to clean chucks and undercarriage surfaces.

d. Chucks on most unused machinery have not been opened and thoroughly cleaned.

e. Rust is allowed to form for several days after rain, and machines in many cases are not adequately protected from direct contact with rain.

f. Overall maintenance standards have apparently been relaxed during the past several weeks.

2. This headquarters is of the opinion that the Japanese inspectors and maintenance personnel have received more than adequate instruction on proper maintenance and custody but that they fail to show adequate initiative and firmness in maintaining required standards. The Prefectural Governor has been notified that such discrepancies

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Maintenance of Reparations Equipment, dtd 12 Nov 48.

as have been noted in paragraph 1 will not be accepted by this office as compliance with directives of the Supreme Commander relating to custody and maintenance of reparations machinery. Immediate corrective action by your section is desired.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

CMG/ek

14 October 1948

SUBJECT: Oil Storage Tanks Owned by the Japanese Army or Navy--Corrected Copy

THRU: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710

TO: Commanding General, I Corps
APO 301
ATTN: Military Government Section

1. Reference: Ltr, Hqs I Corps, AG 413-BA, dtd 10 Aug 48, above subject.

2. In compliance with par. 2 of reference par. 1, the following information is submitted with respect to the three oil storage facilities located in the Z/R of this headquarters.

a. Toyohashi Naval Fuel Depot (Part of Toyokawa Arsenal)

(1) Code Number: 01-108.

(a) Code numbers: 01-108-1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6.

(2) Capacity: Six (6) tanks, 2000 KL each. Total capacity of facility 12,000 KL.

(3) Use: None in use either by Occupation Forces or Japanese Government.

(4) Availability: Not believed economically feasible to dismantle, pack and reassemble. All tanks are badly rusted from

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Oil Storage Tanks Owned by the Japanese Army or Navy--Corrected Copy, dtd 14 Oct 48.

seven (7) years' exposure to salt air. All tanks riveted (5/8"). Present rivet holes corroded. Probably would have to be rebored. Two tanks, -1 and -3 (lying horizontally) have end-caps missing, and end-plates are damaged.

b. Nagoya Army Ordnance Supply Depot, Taketoyo Branch

(1) Code Number: 01-107. This facility is considered to be the property of United Nations nationals, i.e., The Rising Sun Petroleum Company (United Kingdom).

(2) Capacity: Twelve (12) tanks of the following capacities: one (1), 3000 KL; two (2) 2000 KL each; two (2), 1500 KL each; two (2) 118 KL each; one (1), 600 KL; one (1), 187 KL; one (1), 119 KL; one (1), 70 KL; one (1), 40 KL. Total capacity of facility, 11,252 KL.

(3) Use: All units in use by Japanese Government as POL dump for Tokai-Hokuriku region.

(4) Availability: Not believed to be available for reparations removal for reasons stated in par. b (1), above. All tanks riveted (5/8"), and need recaulking; numerous small leaks. Average age 26 years. Oldest tank erected in 1901, most recent about 1926.

c. Second Naval Fuel Depot, (Kyugoshi Branch Plant included with Nagoya Branch)

(1) Code Number: 01-106.

(2) Capacity: Forty-seven (47) tanks of the following capacities: Seventeen (17), 50 KL each; four (4), 190 KL each; four (4), 230 KL each; four (4), 260 KL each; nine (9), 400 KL each; five (5), 1000 KL

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Oil Storage Tanks Owned by the Japanese Army or Navy--Corrected Copy, dtd 14 Oct 48.

each; four (4), 2000 KL each. Total capacity of facility, 20,170 KL. Of this group, the following are located at the Kyugochi Branch; Four (4), 230 KL each, and one (1), 2000 KL. Total capacity of Kyugochi Branch facility 2920 KL. (See attached list for individual code numbers of the above tanks)

(3) Use: None in use either by Occupation Forces or Japanese Government.

(4) Availability: Not believed to be economically feasible to dismantle, pack and reassemble owing to location and condition. All tanks have been exposed to salt air. Three (3) of five (5) have been burned but repainted. All have been strafed. These tanks have no foundation. Conditions of bottoms doubtful. All tanks are riveted. This plant was built in 1942.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
1. Oil Tanks located in 2nd Naval Fuel Depot

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

Details on Oil Tanks of 50 KL capacity and over, Second Naval Fuel Depot Nagoya Branch (including Kyugoshi Branch)

No.	Code Number	Capacity	REMARKS
1	01-92-1F6	50 KL	Operation Tank
2	01-92-32F7	" "	" "
3	01-92-33F7	" "	" "
4	01-92-34F7	" "	" "
5	01-92-42F6	" "	" "
6	01-92-43F6	" "	" "
7	01-92-44F6	" "	" "
8	01-92-45F6	" "	" "
9	01-92-46F6	" "	" "
10	01-92-47F6	" "	" "
11	01-92-48F6	" "	" "
12	01-92-49F6	" "	" "
13	01-92-50F6	" "	" "
14	01-92-51F6	" "	" "
15	01-92-52F6	" "	" "
16	01-92-53F6	" "	" "
17	01-92-54F6	" "	" "
18	01-92-35F7	190 KL	" "
19	01-92-36F7	" "	" "
20	01-92-37F7	" "	" "
21	01-92-38F7	" "	" "
* 22	01-92-2T	230 KL	Storage Tank
* 23	01-92-3T	" "	" "
* 24	01-92-4T	" "	" "
* 25	01-92-5T	" "	" "
26	01-92-39F7	260 KL	Operation Tank
27	01-92-40F7	" "	" "
28	01-92-41F7	" "	" "
29	01-92-42F7	" "	" "
30	01-92-55F6	400 KL	" "
31	01-92-56F6	" "	" "
32	01-92-57F6	" "	" "
33	01-92-58F6	" "	" "
34	01-92-59F6	" "	" "
35	01-92-60F6	" "	" "
36	01-92-61F6	" "	" "
37	01-92-62F6	" "	" "
38	01-92-63F6	" "	" "
39	01-92-43F7	1000 KL	" "
40	01-92-44F7	" "	" "
41	01-92-45F7	" "	" "
42	01-92-64F6	" "	" "
43	01-92-65F6	" "	" "
44	01-92-66F6	2000 KL	" "
45	01-92-67F6	" "	" "
46	01-92-68F6	" "	" "
* 47	01-92-1T	" "	Storage Tank
	Total	20,170 KL	

* Located at Kyugoshi Branch.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

File

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

21 September 1948

SUBJECT: Change in Designation of Oil Storage Facilities

THRU: Aichi Prefectural Liaison Office

TO: Governor, Aichi Prefecture

1. It is desired that the following described oil storage facilities be redesignated as follows:

Name & Location	Present Reparations No.		New Number To be Assigned
Second Naval Fuel Depot, Kyoguchi Br Pl. Shiyo-machi Minato-ku, Nagoya-shi Aichi-ken	01-92-1-T		01-106-1
	2-T		-2
	3-T		-3
	4-T		-4
	5-T		-5
Nagoya Army Ordnance Supply Depot, Taketoyo Br. 51 Naka Shimada Taketoyo-cho, Chita-gun Aichi-ken	No Number	(3000 KL)	01-107-1
	" "	(2000 KL)	-2
	" "	(2000 KL)	-3
	" "	(1500 KL)	-4
	" "	(1500 KL)	-5
	" "	(118 KL)	-6
	" "	(118 KL)	-7
	" "	(600 KL)	-8
	" "	(187 KL)	-9
	" "	(119 KL)	-10
	" "	(70 KL)	-11
	" "	(40 KL)	-12

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Change in Destination of Oil Storage Facilities, dtd 21 Sept 48.

Name & Location	Present Reparations No.	New Number To be Assigned
Toyokawa Naval Airfield Base Osaki-cho Toyohashi-shi Aichi-ken	01-60(a)-7737	01-108-1
	-7738	-2
	-7739	-3
	-7740	-4
	-7741	-5
	-7742	-6

2. It is further requested that the Reparations Officer, Economics Section, this team be advised when above renumbering has been accomplished.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

EFJ/sm

20 September 1948

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Land and Buildings from Reparations Custody

TO : Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710
ATTN: Economics Section

1. Transmitted herewith in quintuplicate is an application for release of land and buildings located at the Toriimatsu plant of the Nagoya Military Arsenal.

2. It is desired to make use of all land and buildings not required for custody and maintenance of reparations machinery within this plant as school, factories and farm land. Inspection by this headquarters reveals that the areas for which release is requested contain neither reparations equipment nor integrated facilities subject to reparations removal under current directives. The area remaining under custody will be properly enclosed by fences and guarded to ensure compliance with custodial regulations.

3. An application for release of this plant from custody as a former military installation is being processed by higher headquarters. No part of the area for which release is requested is under custody as an object of procurement.

4. This headquarters recommends approval of this application in view of the urgent need for additional land and buildings in this prefecture for use as schools, factories, warehouses, and for agricultural purposes.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
1. Application (5 copies)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

EFJ/sm

20 September 1948

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Land and Buildings

TO : Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710
ATTN: Economics Section

1. Transmitted herewith in quintuplicate is an application for release of land and buildings located at the Takagi Plant of the Nagoya Military Arsenal.

2. It is desired to make use of all land and buildings not required for custody and maintenance of reparations machinery as schools, factories and farm land. Inspection by this headquarters reveals that the area for which release is requested contain neither reparations equipment nor integrated facilities subject to reparations removal under current directives. The area remaining under custody will be properly enclosed by fences and guarded to ensure compliance with custodial regulations.

3. An application for release of this plant from custody as a former military installation is being processed by higher headquarters. No part of the area for which release is requested is under custody as an object of procurement.

4. This headquarters recommends approval of this application in view of the urgent need for additional land and buildings in this prefecture for use as schools, factories, warehouses, and for agricultural purposes.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:

1. Application (5 copies)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

EFJ/sm

20 September 1948

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Land and Buildings from Reparations Custody

TO : Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710
ATTN: Economics Section

1. Transmitted herewith in quintuplicate is an application from the Minato plant of Nagoya Military Arsenal for release of land and buildings.

2. It is desired to make use of all land and buildings not required for custody and maintenance of reparations machinery within this plant for factories. Inspection by this headquarters reveals that the area for which release is requested contain neither reparations equipment nor integrated facilities subject to reparations removal under current directives. The area remaining under custody will be properly enclosed by fences and guarded to ensure compliance with custodial regulations.

3. An application for release of the plant from custody as a former military installation is being processed by higher headquarters. No part of the area for which release is requested is under custody as an object of procurement.

4. This headquarters recommends approval of this application in view of the urgent need for additional land and buildings in this prefecture for use as schools, factories, warehouses, and for agricultural purposes.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:

1. Application (5 copies)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

EFJ/sm

20 September 1948

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Land and Buildings from Reparations Custody

TO : Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710
ATTN: Economics Section

1. Transmitted herewith in quintuplicate is an application for release of land and buildings located within the Chikusa plant of the Nagoya Military Arsenal.

2. It is desired to make use of all land and buildings not required for custody and maintenance of reparations machinery within this plant as schools and factories. Inspection by this headquarters reveals that the area for which release is requested contain neither reparations equipment nor integrated facilities subject to reparations removal under current directives. The area remaining under custody will be properly enclosed by fences and guarded to ensure compliance with custodial regulations.

3. The Chikusa plant has already been released from custody as a former military installation.

4. This headquarters recommends approval of this application in view of the urgent need for additional land and buildings in this prefecture for use as schools, factories, warehouses, and for agricultural purposes.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOOK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:

1. Application (5 copies)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

EFJ/sm

20 September 1948

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Land and Buildings from Reparations Custody

TO : Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710
ATTN: Economics Section

1. Transmitted herewith in quintuplicate is an application for release of land and buildings located at the Nishiyama plant of the Nagoya Military Arsenal.

2. It is desired to make use of all land and buildings not required for custody and maintenance of reparations machinery within this plant as laboratory, factory and farm land. Inspection by this headquarters reveals that the areas for which release is requested contain neither reparations equipment nor integrated facilities subject to reparations removal under current directives. The areas remaining under custody will be properly enclosed by fences and guarded to ensure compliance with custodial regulations.

3. An application for release of this plant from custody as a former military installation is being processed by higher headquarters. No part of the area for which release is requested is under custody as an object of procurement.

4. This headquarters recommends approval of this application in vies of the urgent need for additional land and buildings in this prefecture for use as schools, factories, warehouses, and for agricultural purposes.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:

1. Application (5 copies)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

EFJ/ek

21 September 1948

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Land and Buildings from Reparations Custody

TO: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710
ATTN: Economics Section

1. Transmitted herewith in quintuplicate is an application for release of land and buildings located within the Atsuta plant of the Nagoya Military Arsenal.

2. It is desired to make use of all land and buildings not required for custody and maintenance of reparations machinery within this plant as factories, warehouses and farm land. Inspection by this headquarters reveals that the area for which release is requested contain neither reparations equipment nor integrated facilities subject to reparations removal under current directives. The area remaining under custody will be properly enclosed by fences and guarded to ensure compliance with custodial regulations.

3. The Atsuta plant has already been released from custody as a former military installation.

4. This headquarters recommends approval of this application in view of the urgent need for additional land and buildings in this prefecture for use as schools, factories, warehouses and for agricultural purposes.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
1. Application

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 31 Aug 48,
Subj: "Request for Release of Land and Buildings from Reparations Custody."

AG 602 1st Ind KBB/ss

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 2 Sept 48

TO: Commanding Officer, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710

Request that these applications be submitted by separate letter in order to enable higher Headquarters to consider each case individually.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DUMONT:

Marion S. Bell

MARION S. BELL
Capt, Inf
Adjutant

2 Incls:
n/c

21201
SEP 4
SEP 3 1948

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

31 August 1948

SUBJECT: Request for Release of Land and Buildings from Reparations Custody

TO: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710
ATTN: Economics Section

1. Transmitted herewith in quintuplicate are two applications for release of land and buildings located within the following branches of the Nagoya Military Arsenal:

a.	01-55(a)	Atsuta plant
b.	01-55(b)	Minato plant
c.	01-56	Chikusa plant
d.	01-58	Takagi plant, Nishiyama plant
e.	01-59	Toriimatsu plant

2. It is desired to make use of all land and buildings not required for custody and maintenance of reparations machinery within these plants as schools, factories, warehouses, etc. Inspection by this headquarters reveals that the areas for which release is requested contain neither reparations equipment nor integrated facilities subject to reparations removal under current directives. The areas remaining under custody will be properly enclosed by fences and guarded to ensure compliance with custodial regulations.

3. The Chikusa and Atsuta plants have already been released from custody as former military installations, and applications for release of the remaining plants from such custody are being processed by higher headquarters. None of the areas for which release is requested is under custody as an object of procurement.

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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Request for Release of Land and Buildings from Reparations Custody, dtd 31 Aug 48.

4. This headquarters recommends approval of these applications in view of the urgent need for additional land and buildings in this prefecture for use as schools, factories, warehouses, and for agricultural purposes.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

2 Incl:
1. Application dtd 27 July 48
2. " " 16 Aug 48

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

file

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

24 August 1948

SUBJECT: Oil Storage Tanks Owned by the Japanese Army or Navy

THRU: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710

TO: Commanding General, I Corps
APO 501
ATTN: Military Government Section

1. Reference: Ltr, Hqs I Corps, AG 413-BA, dtd 10 Aug 48, above subject.

2. In compliance with par. 2 of reference par. 1, the following information is submitted with respect to the three oil storage facilities located in the Z/R of this headquarters.

a. Toyohashi Naval Fuel Depot (Part of Toyokawa Arsenal)

(1) Code Number: 01-60(a) (01-108, as indicated by inclosure 1, reference par. 1, is erroneous) Individual code numbers: 01-60(a)-7737,-7738,-7739, -7740,-7741,-7742.

(2) Capacity: Six (6) tanks, 2000 KL each. Total capacity of facility 12,000 KL.

(3) Use: None in use either by Occupation Forces or Japanese Government.

See corrected copy 1 Oct. 48.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Oil Storage Tanks Owned by the Japanese Army or Navy, dtd 24 Aug 48.

(4) Availability: Not believed economically feasible to dismantle, pack and reassemble. All tanks are badly rusted from seven (7) years' exposure to salt air. All tanks riveted (5/8"). Present rivet holes corroded. Probably would have to be rebored. Tanks -7737 and -7739 (lying horizontally) have end-caps missing, and end-plates are damaged.

b. Nagoya Army Ordnance Supply Depot, Taketoyo Branch.

(1) Code Number: No code number. Not on reparations listing, as this facility is considered to be the property of United Nations nationals, i.e., The Rising Sun Petroleum Company (United Kingdom). (Code number 01-107, as indicated by inclosure 1, reference par. 1, is erroneous)

(2) Capacity: Twelve (12) tanks of the following capacities: one (1), 3000 KL; two (2) 2000 KL each; two (2), 1500 KL each; two (2) 118 KL each; one (1), 600 KL; one (1), 187 KL; one (1), 119 KL; one (1), 70 KL; one (1), 40 KL. Total capacity of facility, 11,252 KL.

(3) Use: All units in use by Japanese Government as POL dump for Tokai-Hokuriku region.

(4) Availability: Not believed to be available for reparations removal for reasons stated in par. b (1), above. All tanks riveted (5/8"), and need recaulking; numerous small leaks. Average age 26 years. Oldest tank erected in 1901, most recent about 1926.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: Oil Storage Tanks Owned by the Japanese Army or Navy, dtd 24 Aug 48.

c. Second Naval Fuel Depot, (Kyugoshi Branch Plant included with Nagoya Branch).

(1) Code Number: 01-92. (01-106, as indicated by inclosure 1, reference par. 1, is erroneous).

(2) Capacity: Forty-seven (47) tanks of the following capacities: Seventeen (17), 50 KL each; four (4), 190 KL each; four (4), 230 KL each; four (4), 260 KL each; nine (9), 400 KL each; five (5), 1000 KL each; four (4), 2000 KL each. Total capacity of facility, 20,170 KL. Of this group, the following are located at the Kyugoshi Branch: Four (4), 230 KL each, and one (1), 2000 KL. Total capacity of Kyugoshi Branch facility 2920 KL. (See attached list for individual code numbers of the above tanks)

(3) Use: None to use either by Occupation Forces or Japanese Government.

(4) Availability: Not believed to be economically feasible to dismantle, pack and reassemble owing to location and condition. All tanks have been exposed to salt air. Three (3) of five (5) have been burned but repainted. All have been strafed. These tanks have no foundation. Conditions of bottoms doubtful. All tanks are riveted. This plant was built in 1942.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major IGD
Adjutant

1 Incl:
1. Details of oil tanks of 50 KL capacity or over, Second Naval Fuel Depot, Nagoya Branch Plant

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

Details on Oil Tanks of 50 KL capacity and over, Second Naval Fuel Depot Nagoya Branch (including Kyugochi Branch)

No.	Code Number	Capacity	REMARKS
1	01-92-1F8	50 KL	Operation Tank
2	01-92-32F7	" "	" "
3	01-92-33F7	" "	" "
4	01-92-34F7	" "	" "
5	01-92-42F6	" "	" "
6	01-92-43F6	" "	" "
7	01-92-44F6	" "	" "
8	01-92-45F6	" "	" "
9	01-92-46F6	" "	" "
10	01-92-47F6	" "	" "
11	01-92-48F6	" "	" "
12	01-92-49F6	" "	" "
13	01-92-50F6	" "	" "
14	01-92-51F6	" "	" "
15	01-92-52F6	" "	" "
16	01-92-53F6	" "	" "
17	01-92-54F6	" "	" "
18	01-92-35F7	190 KL	" "
19	01-92-36F7	" "	" "
20	01-92-37F7	" "	" "
21	01-92-38F7	" "	" "
* 22	01-92-2T	230 KL	Storage Tank
* 23	01-92-3T	" "	" "
* 24	01-92-4T	" "	" "
* 25	01-92-5T	" "	" "
26	01-92-39F7	260 KL	Operation Tank
27	01-92-40F7	" "	" "
28	01-92-41F7	" "	" "
29	01-92-42F7	" "	" "
30	01-92-55F6	400 KL	" "
31	01-92-56F6	" "	" "
32	01-92-57F6	" "	" "
33	01-92-58F6	" "	" "
34	01-92-59F6	" "	" "
35	01-92-60F6	" "	" "
36	01-92-61F6	" "	" "
37	01-92-62F6	" "	" "
38	01-92-63F6	" "	" "
39	01-92-43F7	1000 KL	" "
40	01-92-44F7	" "	" "
41	01-92-45F7	" "	" "
42	01-92-64F6	" "	" "
43	01-92-65F6	" "	" "
44	01-92-66F6	2000 KL	" "
45	01-92-67F6	" "	" "
46	01-92-68F6	" "	" "
* 47	01-92-1T	" "	Storage Tank
	Total	20,170 KL	

* Located at Kyugochi Branch.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773013

6-1579

Details of Oil Tanks (capacity 50KL and over) in the Second Naval Fuel Depot, Nagoya Branch

21 August 1948

No.	Code No.	Capacity	Construction	Remark	
1	01 - 92 - 1F8	50KL	[illegible]	Operation Tank,	undamaged
2	01 - 92 - 32F7	"	riveted	"	"
3	01 - 92 - 33F7	"	"	"	"
4	01 - 92 - 34F7	"	"	"	damaged
5	01 - 92 - 42F6	"	"	"	undamaged
6	01 - 92 - 43F6	"	"	"	"
7	01 - 92 - 44F6	"	"	"	damaged
8	01 - 92 - 45F6	"	"	"	undamaged
9	01 - 92 - 46F6	"	"	"	"
10	01 - 92 - 47F6	"	"	"	"
11	01 - 92 - 48F6	"	"	"	"
12	01 - 92 - 49F6	"	"	"	"
13	01 - 92 - 50F6	"	"	"	"
14	01 - 92 - 51F6	"	"	"	"
15	01 - 92 - 52F6	"	"	"	"
16	01 - 92 - 53F6	"	"	"	"
17	01 - 92 - 54F6	"	"	"	"
18	01 - 92 - 35F7	190KL	"	"	"
19	01 - 92 - 36F7	"	"	"	"
20	01 - 92 - 37F7	"	"	"	damaged
21	01 - 92 - 38F7	"	"	"	"
*22	01 - 92 - 2T	230KL	"	Storage Tank	undamaged
*23	01 - 92 - 3T	"	"	"	"
*24	01 - 92 - 4T	"	"	"	"
*25	01 - 92 - 5T	"	"	"	"

12	01 - 92 - 49F6	"	"	"	"
13	01 - 92 - 50F6	"	"	"	"
14	01 - 92 - 51F6	"	"	"	"
15	01 - 92 - 52F6	"	"	"	"
16	01 - 92 - 53F6	"	"	"	"
17	01 - 92 - 54F6	"	"	"	"
18	01 - 92 - 35F7	190KL	"	"	"
19	01 - 92 - 36F7	"	"	"	"
20	01 - 92 - 37F7	"	"	"	damaged
21	01 - 92 - 38F7	"	"	"	"
*22	01 - 92 - 2T	230KL	"	Storage Tank	undamaged
*23	01 - 92 - 3T	"	"	"	"
*24	01 - 92 - 4T	"	"	"	"
*25	01 - 92 - 5T	"	"	"	"
26	01 - 92 - 39F7	260KL	"	Operation Tank	damaged
27	01 - 92 - 40F7	"	"	"	"
28	01 - 92 - 41F7	"	"	"	"
29	01 - 92 - 42F7	"	"	"	"
30	01 - 92 - 55F6	400KL	"	"	undamaged
31	01 - 92 - 56F6	"	"	"	"
32	01 - 92 - 57F6	"	"	"	"
33	01 - 92 - 58F6	"	"	"	"
34	01 - 92 - 59F6	"	"	"	"
35	01 - 92 - 60F6	"	"	"	"
36	01 - 92 - 61F6	"	"	"	"
37	01 - 92 - 62F6	"	"	"	"
38	01 - 92 - 63F6	"	"	"	"
39	01 - 92 - 43F7	1000KL	"	"	damaged
40	01 - 92 - 44F7	"	"	"	"

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773013

No.	Code No.	Capacity	Construction		Remark
41	01 - 92 - 45F7	1000KL	riveted	Operation Tank	damaged
42	01 - 92 - 64F6	"	"	"	undamaged
43	01 - 92 - 65F6	"	"	"	damaged
44	01 - 92 - 66F6	2000KL	"	"	"
45	01 - 92 - 67F6	"	"	"	undamaged
46	01 - 92 - 68F6	"	"	"	"
* 47	01 - 92 - 1T	"	"	Storage Tank	"
	Total	20,170KL			

* Located at Kyugochi Branch.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

NAGOYA FINANCE BUREAU

CITY HALL BLDG.

NAGOYA

July 27, 1948

Lt. Col. Chester H. Dunning
The Commanding Officer
Aichi M.G.Team.

Through the Liaison Office, Nagoya.

Dear Sir:

re Application for Release of Unused
portion of the Reparations Plant

We should like to be granted the release of the unused section of the Atsuta Plant of the former Nagoya Military Arsenal, located in Atsuta Ward, Nagoya City. Such sections are indicated on the accompanying diagram.

We have received applications for temporary use from the Industry Scientific Research Institute, a company making chemical fertilizer manufacturing machines, and a warehousing company, and a few others. The fertilizer manufacturing machines and the warehousing space are most important in recovery of the present economy, the latter item particularly in Nagoya. The Research Institute is at present at a former city social hall building; and the Institute is now asked to vacate the building by the former occupant, social welfare body. And the Institute is wishing to get as soon as possible a temporary use of one of the buildings.

The open space ground will immediately be turned into farming land; which will contribute, though small in amount, towards alleviating the acute food situation.

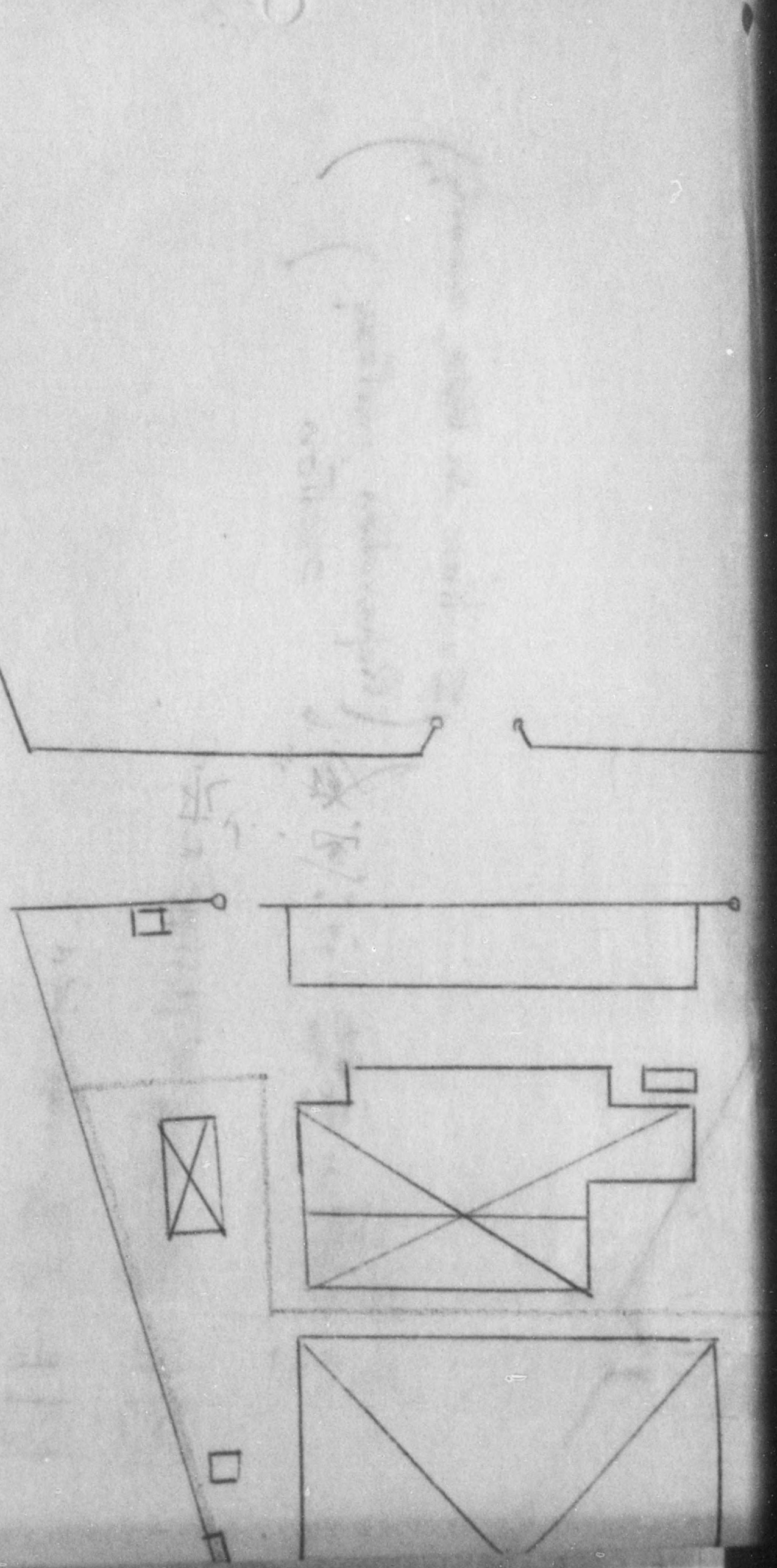
Wishing this release be realized soon, we are

Yours very faithfully,

K. Morioka
.....
(Kiniehiro Morioka)
Chief, State Property Department.

Attached, A diagram.

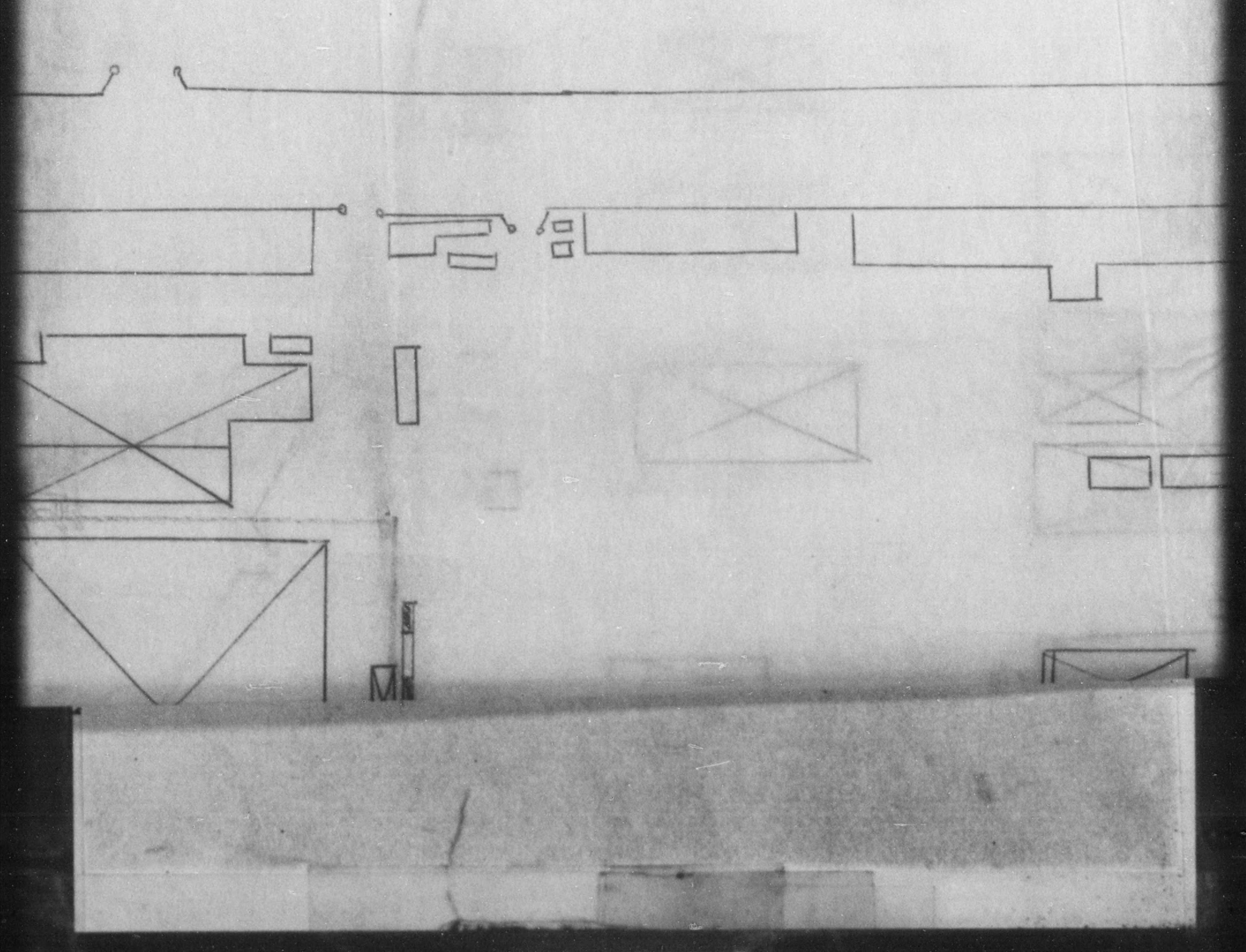
DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013



DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

名古屋陸軍造兵廠本

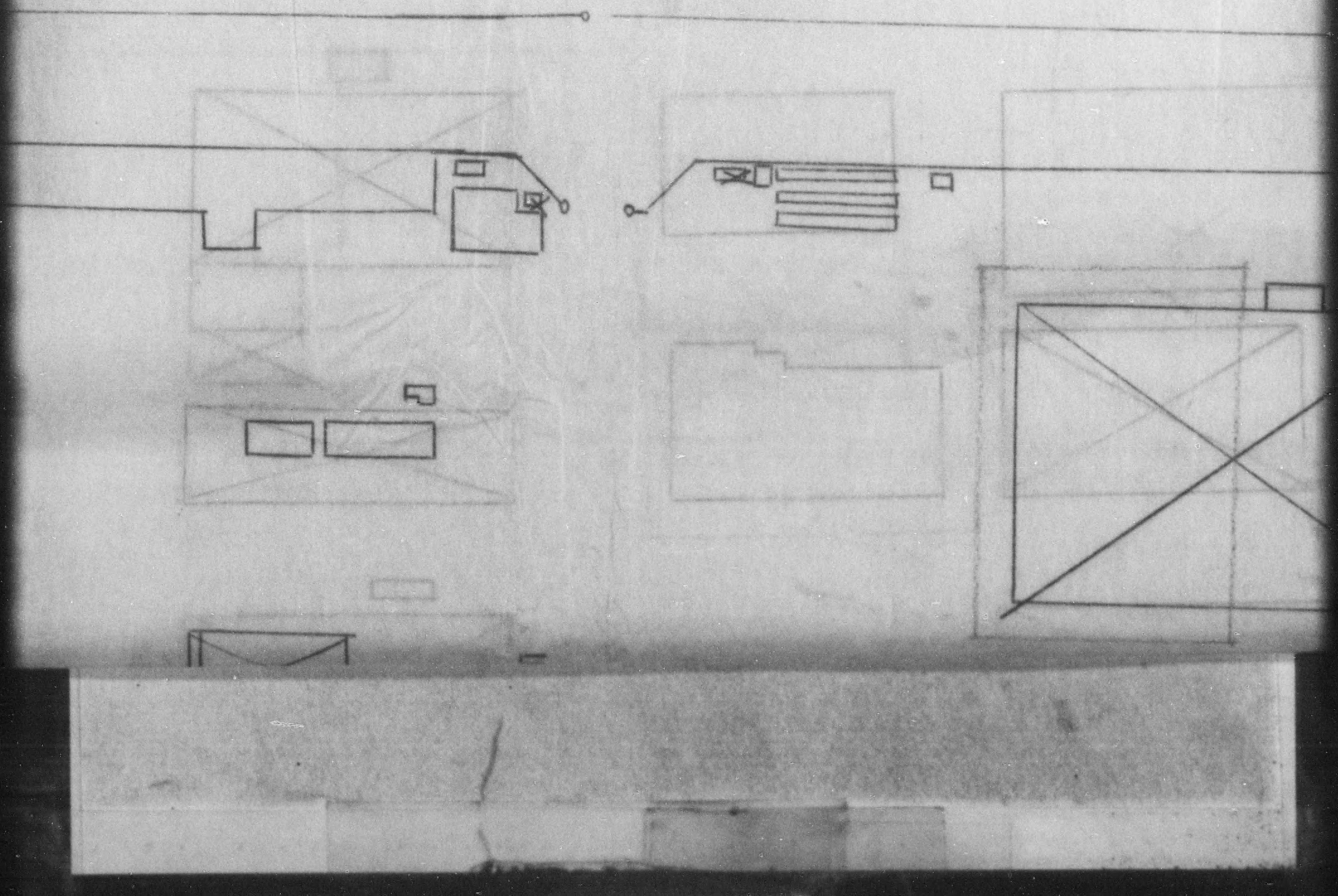
NAGOYA ARSENAL,
and Atsuta P



DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

陸軍造兵廠本部及熱田製造所

OYA ARSENAL, Main Office
and Atsuta Plant



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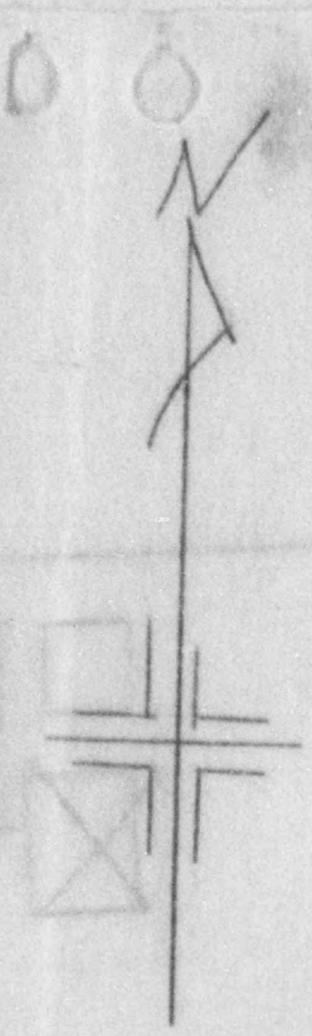

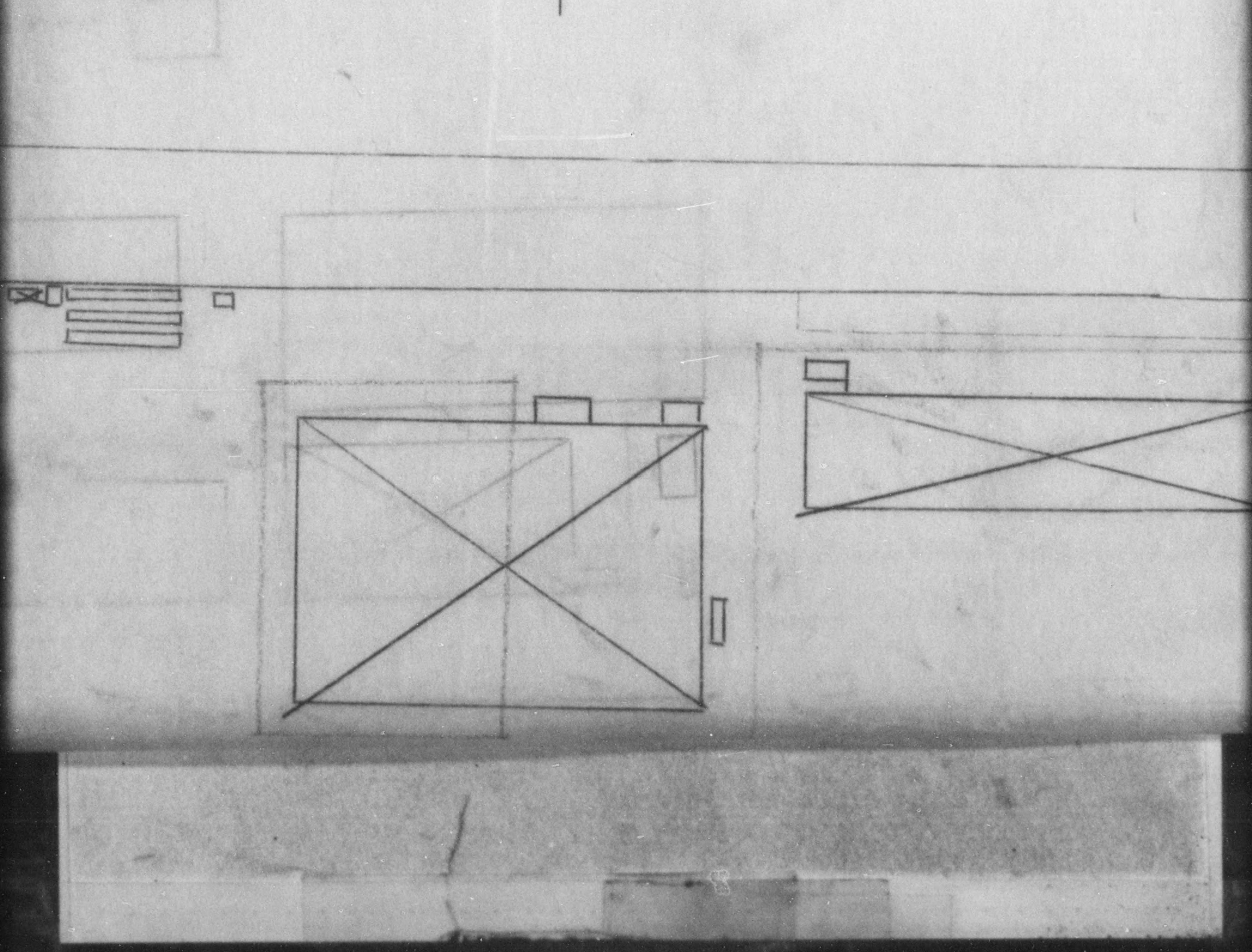

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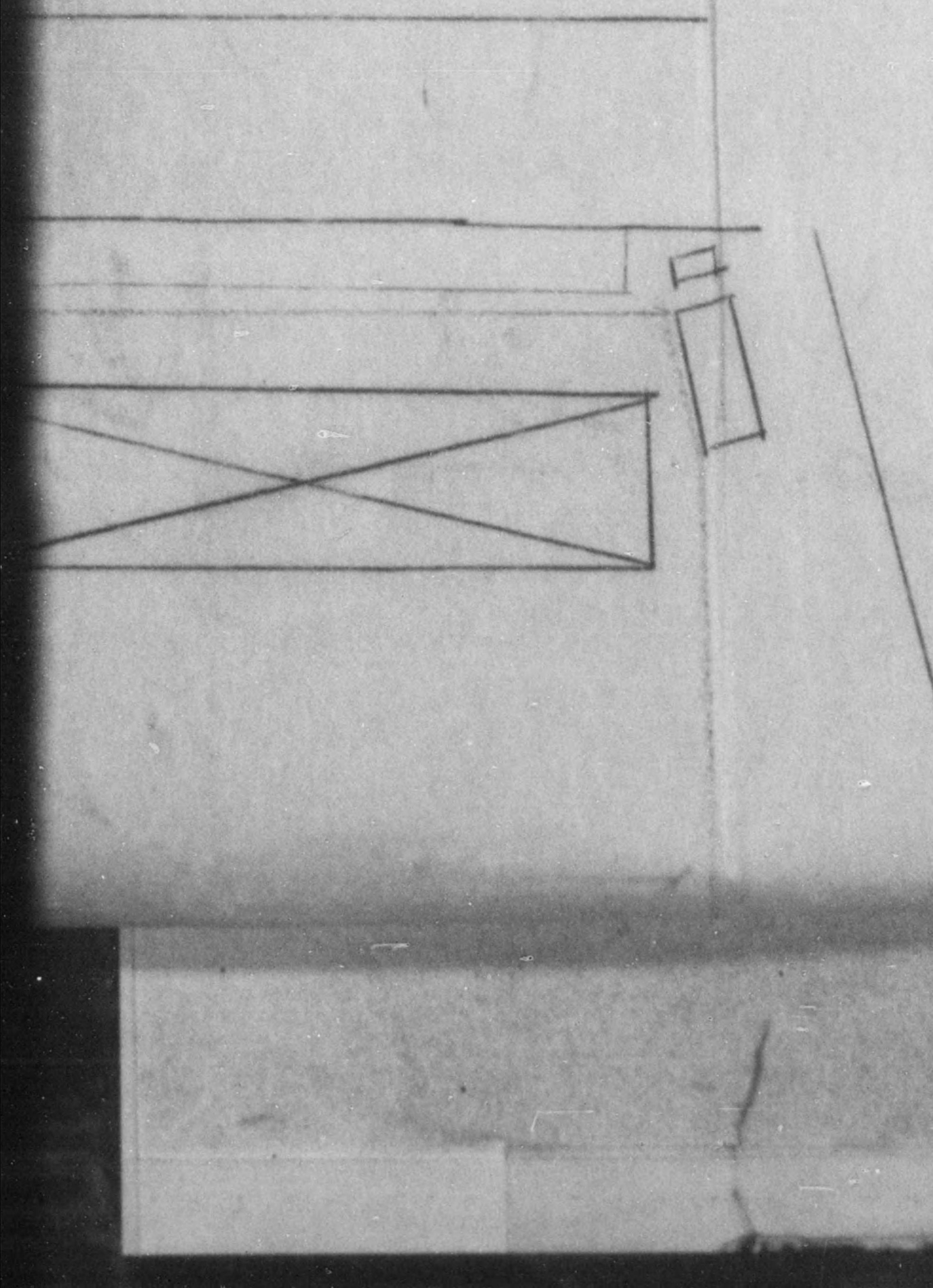

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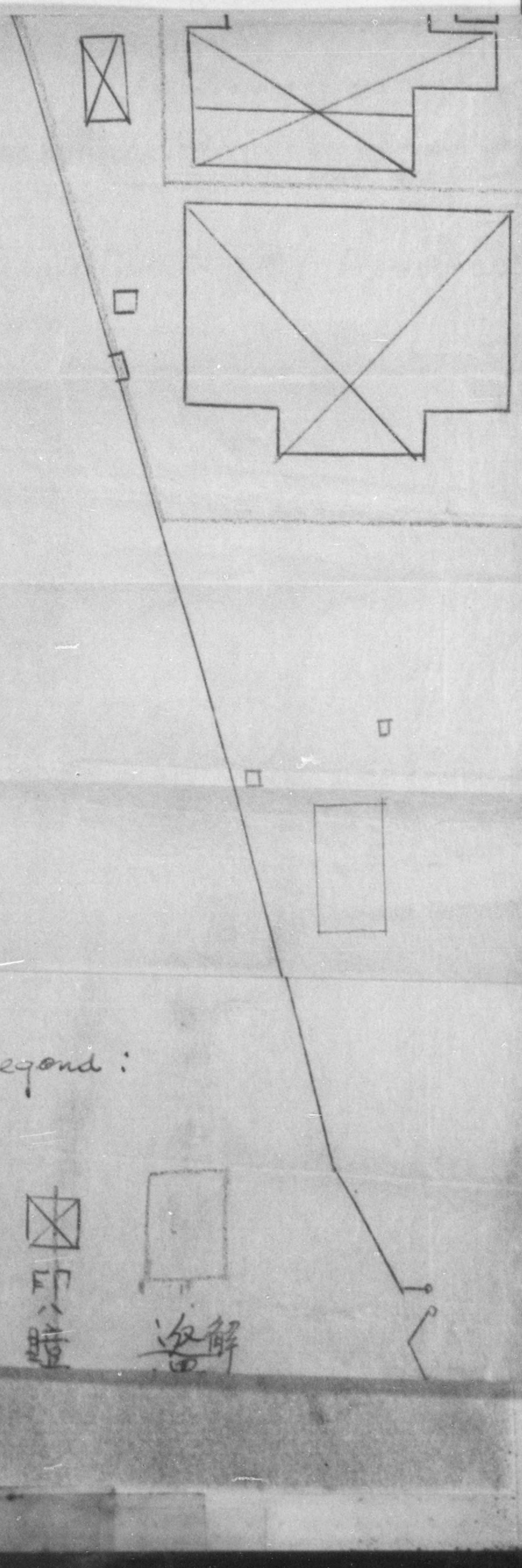

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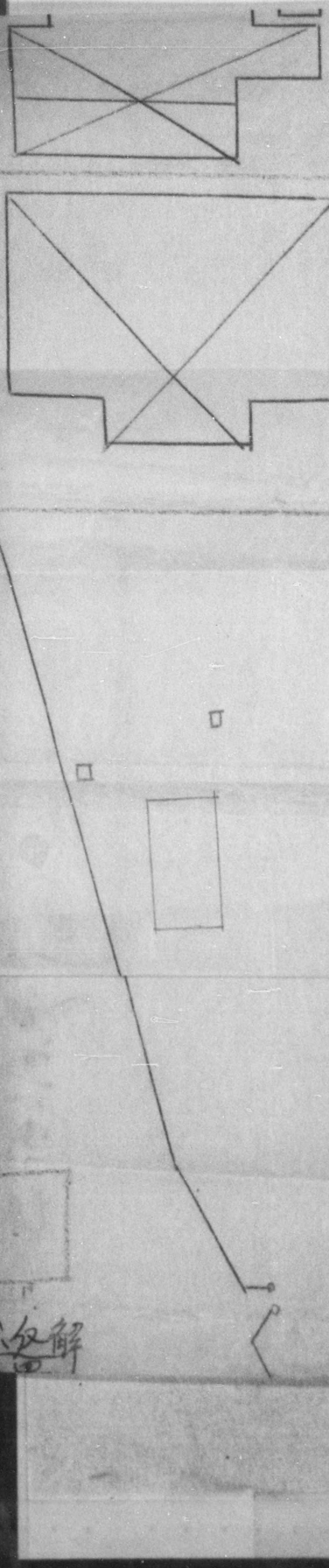

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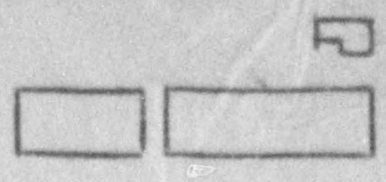

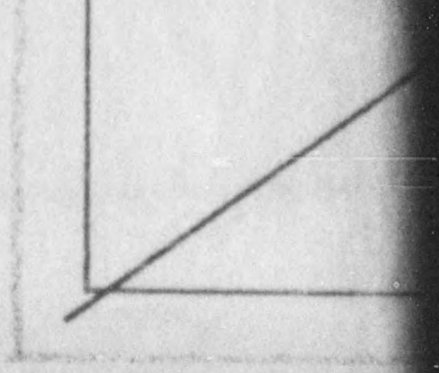

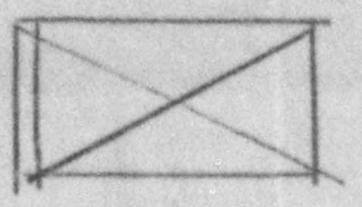

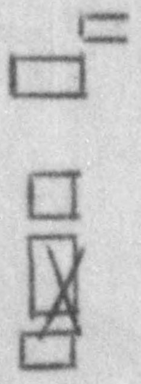

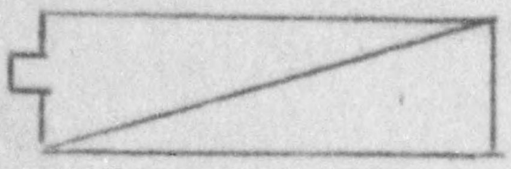

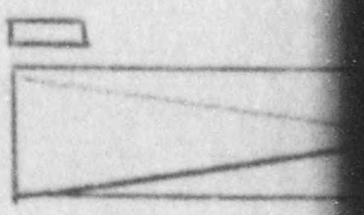

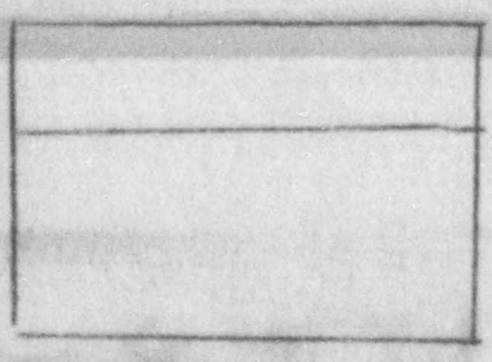

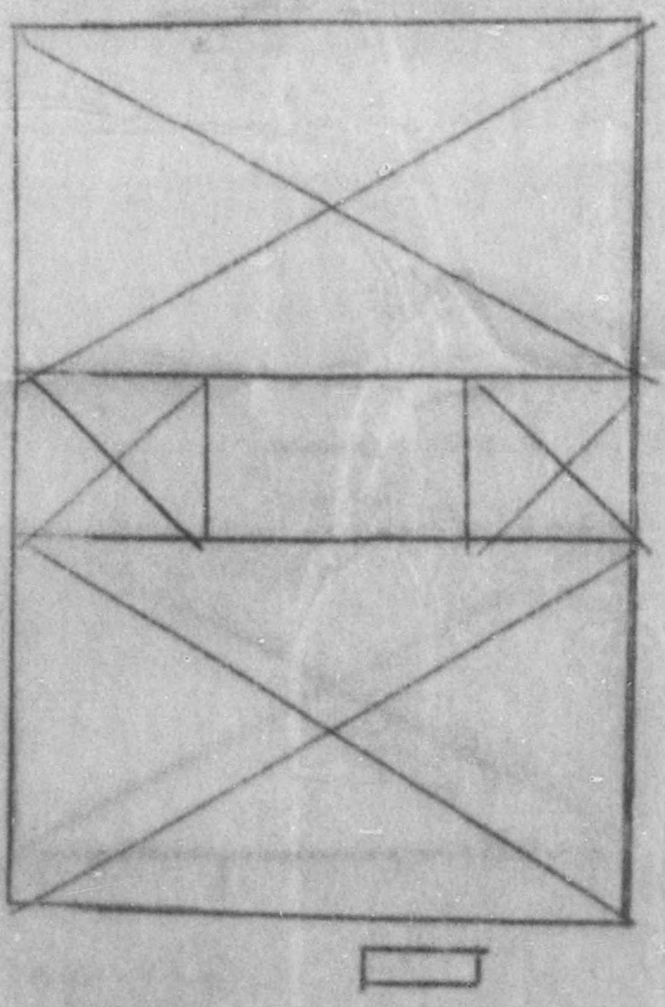

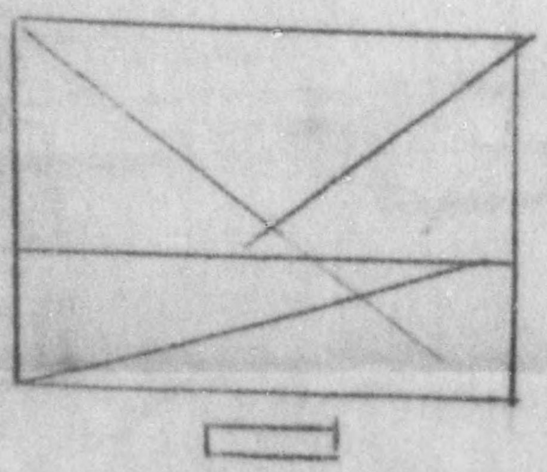

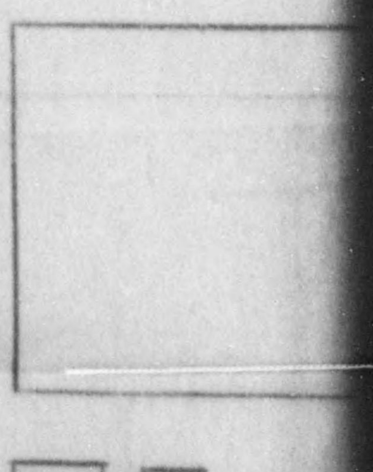

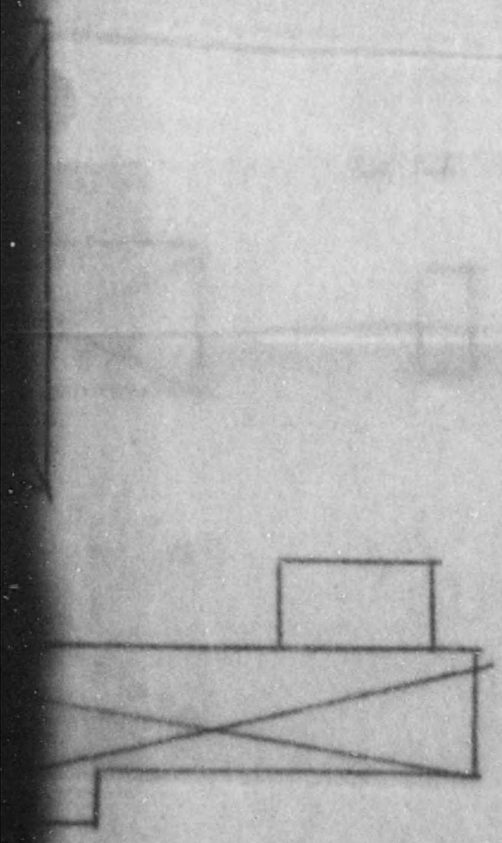

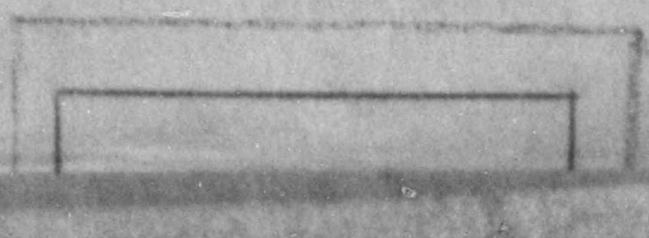

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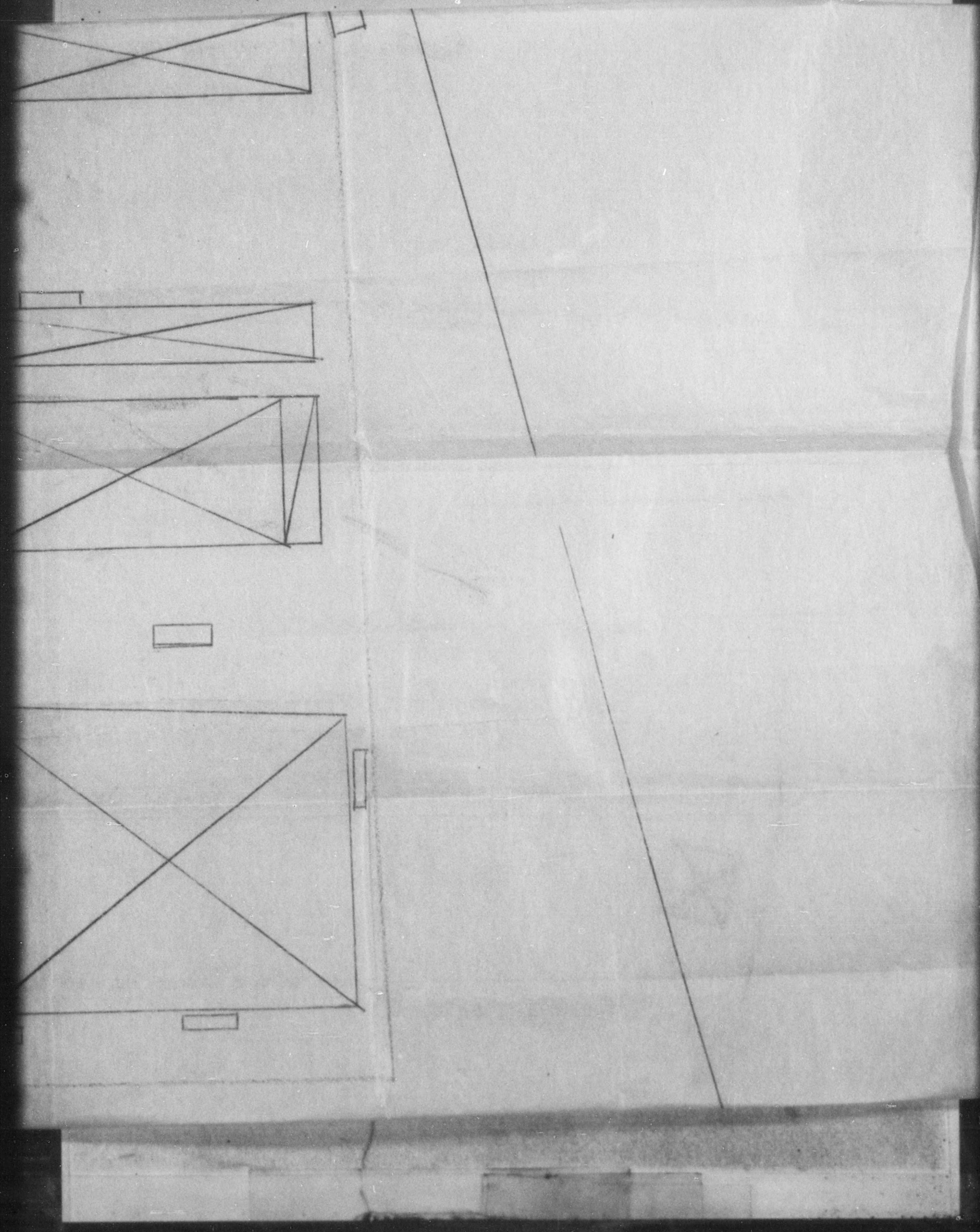

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Legend :

- 解錠還附を申請しない一般扉
- 印 暗証機械係立場所
- 印 取鍛主場ヲ表ス.

Sections in use, (Reparation curtodian section)

(January, 2, 1946)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

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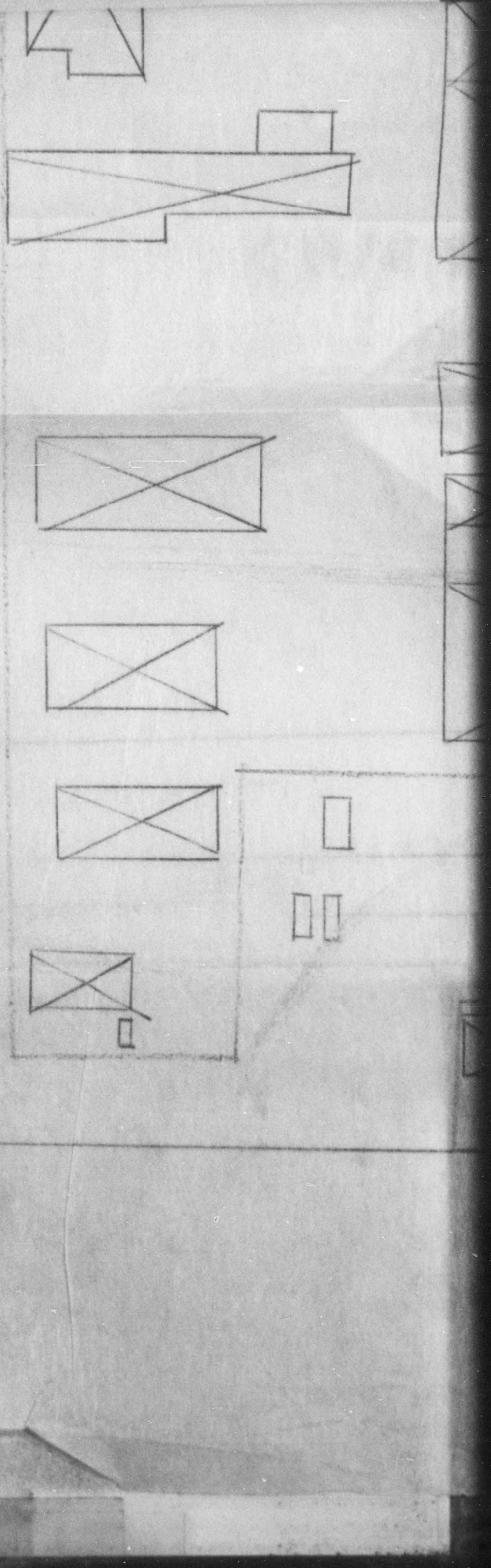

印 暗渠機械係工場

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Section in use, ma

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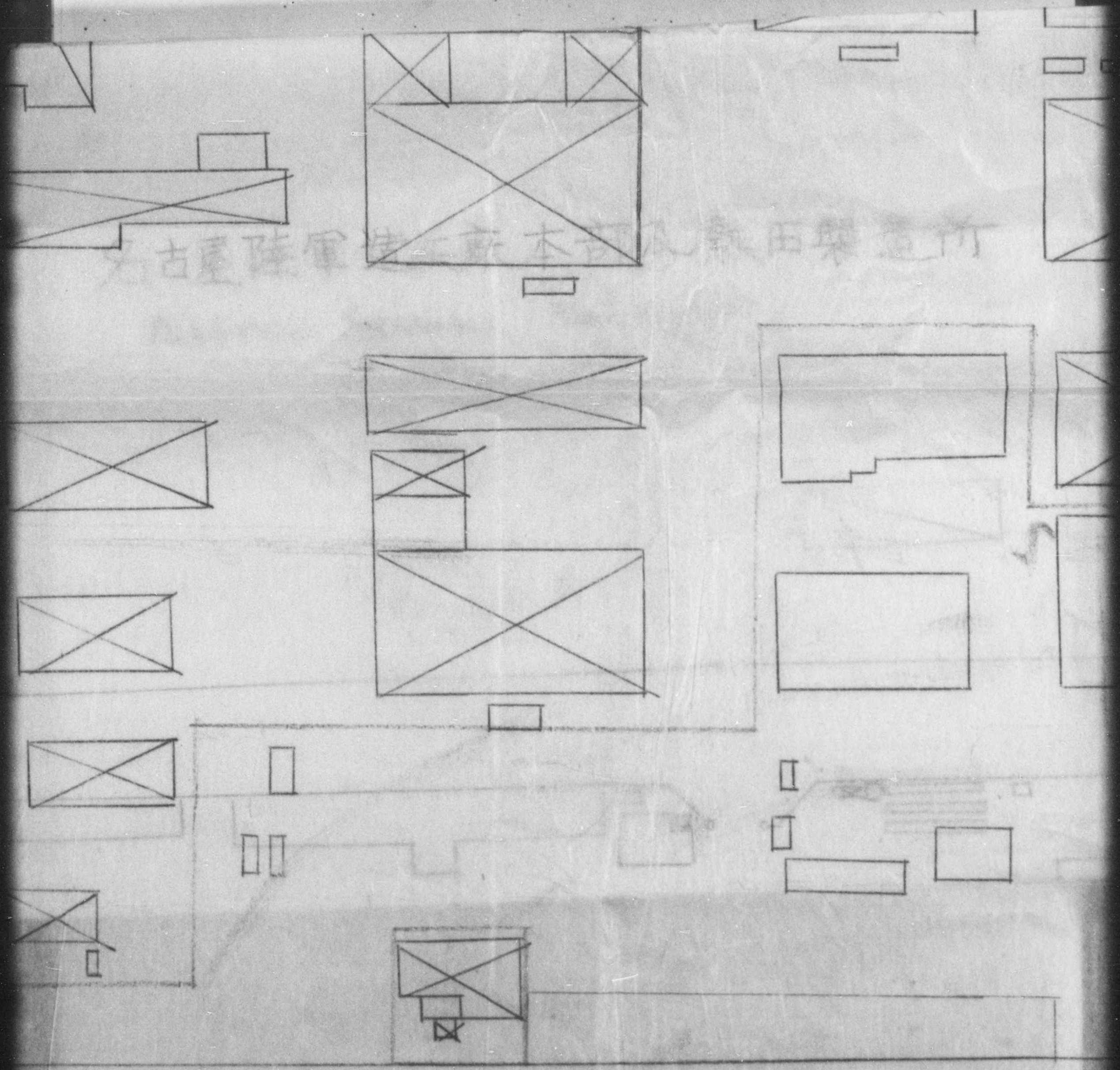
DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013



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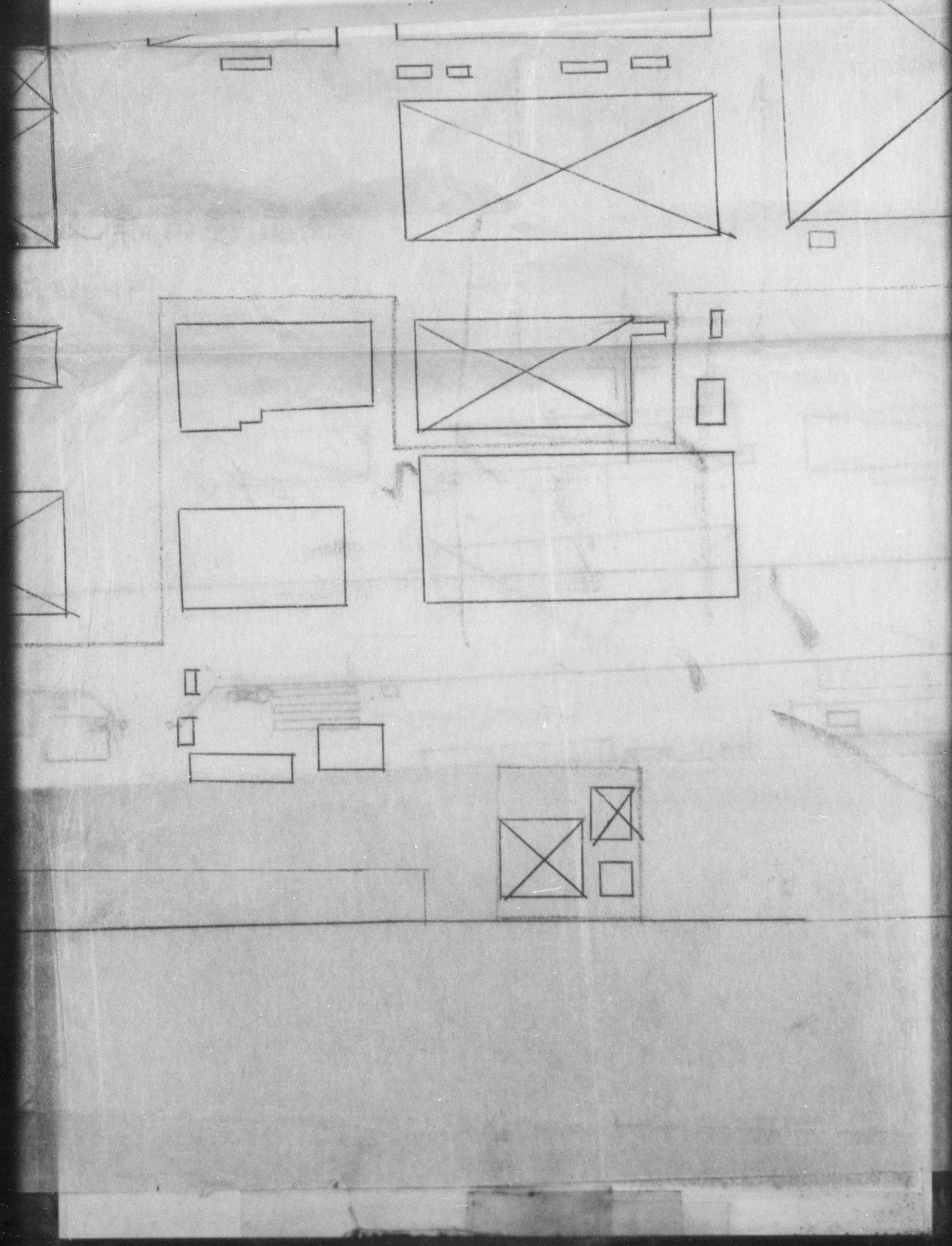

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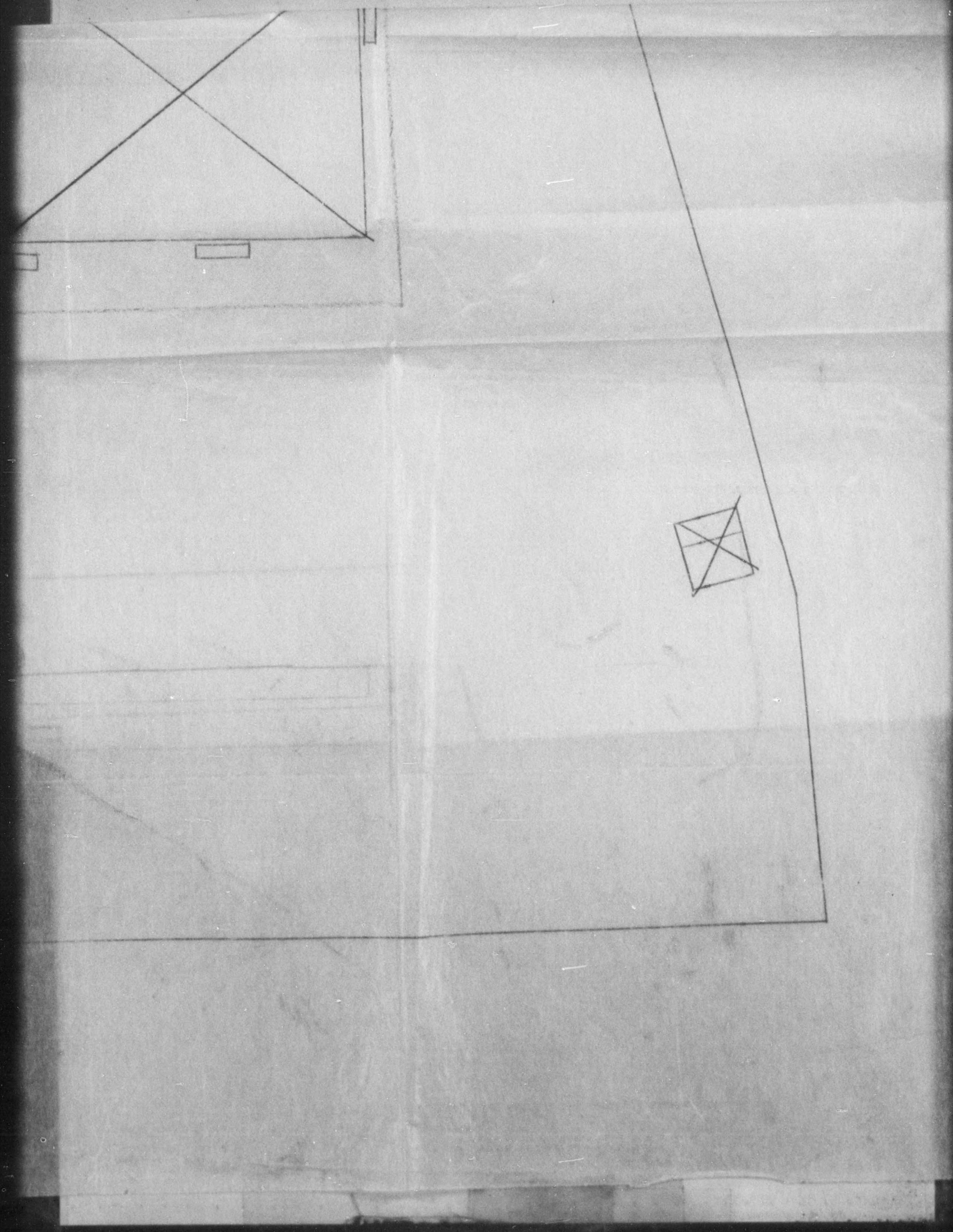


DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

NAGOYA FINANCE BUREAU

~~GIFU HASHI BIDO~~

NAGOYA

August 16th 1948

To the Commanding Officer,
Aichi Military Government Team.

Subject: Partial Exemption of Plants
Taken under Reparations Custody.

Dear Sir:

We are desirous to avail the sections of the plants taken under reparations custody where no reparations equipments are stored, as schools, factories, warehouses, etc. The sections are indicated in the maps attached.

We shall esteem it special favor if you would kindly grant us the exemption for the under-mentioned:

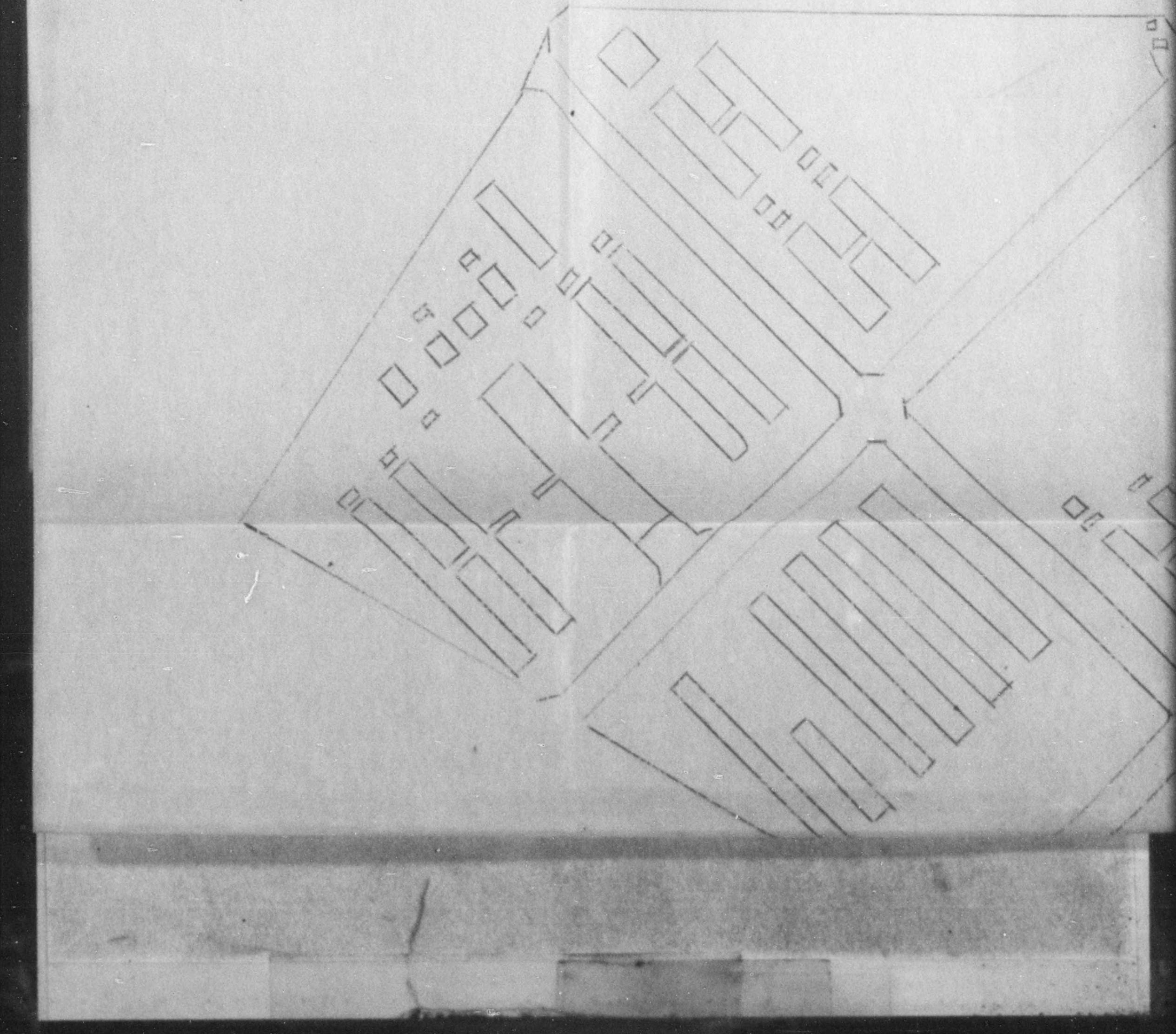
Plant	Land sq.m.	Building sq. m.	Proposed Purpose
01-55(h) Minato Plant	77,450.00	2,029.00	Factories
01-56 Chikusa Plant	31,828.00	12,545.00	Schools & Factories
01-58 Takagi Plant	528,930.00	22,810.00	School, Factories & Plantation
01-58 Nishiyama Plant	218,180.00	33,750.00	Laboratory, Factory & Plantation
01-59 Toriimatsu Plant	396,695.00	35,660.00	School, Factories & Plantation

NAGOYA FINANCE BUREAU

K. Morioka

K. Morioka
Chief, State Property Section

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013



DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

名

Nagoya

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

名古屋陸軍造兵廠 鳥居松製

Nagoya Military Arsenal Torimatsu

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

名古屋陸軍造兵廠 鳥居松製造所

Military Arsenal Torimatu Plant.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

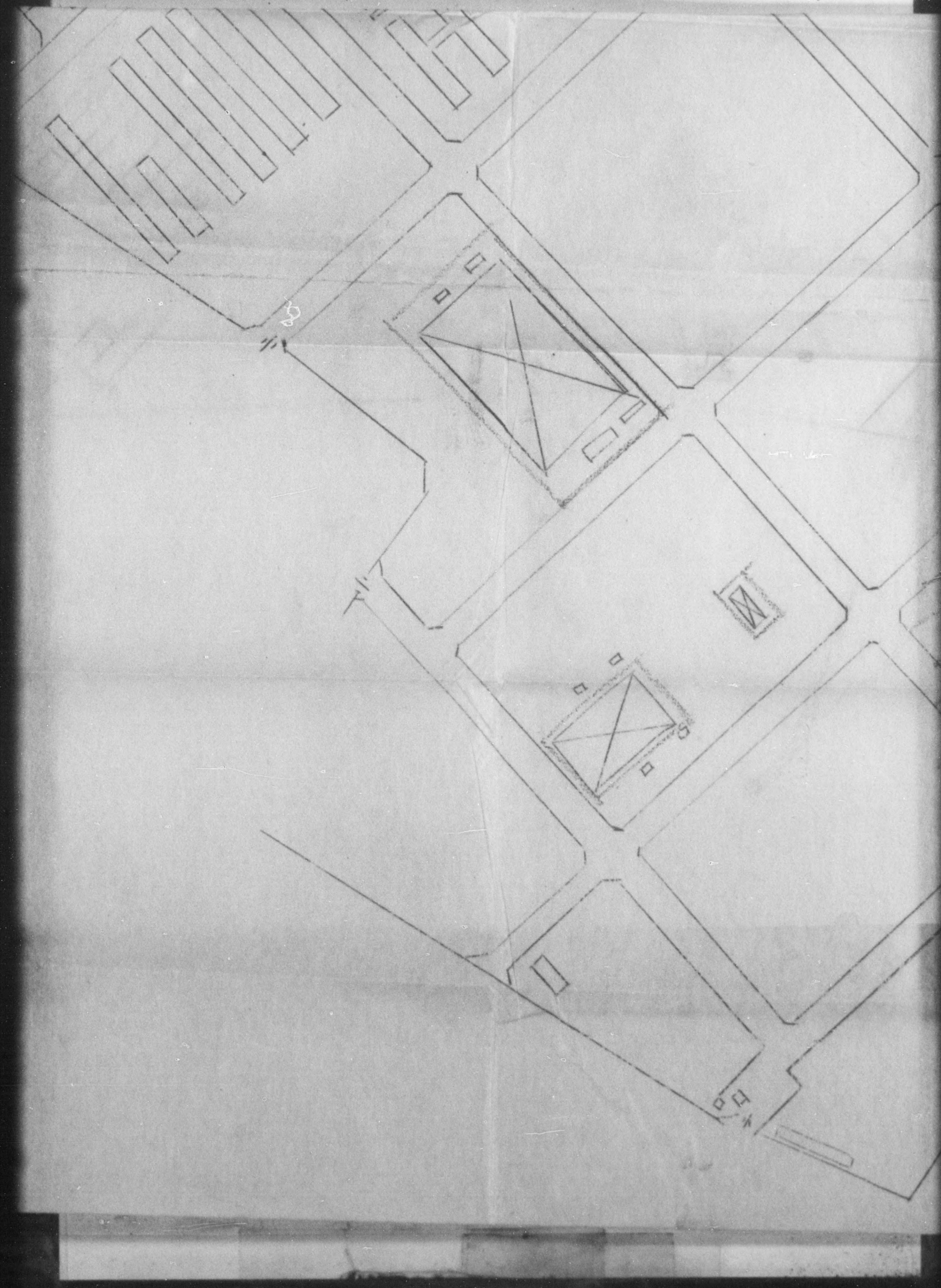
製造所

matu Plant.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013



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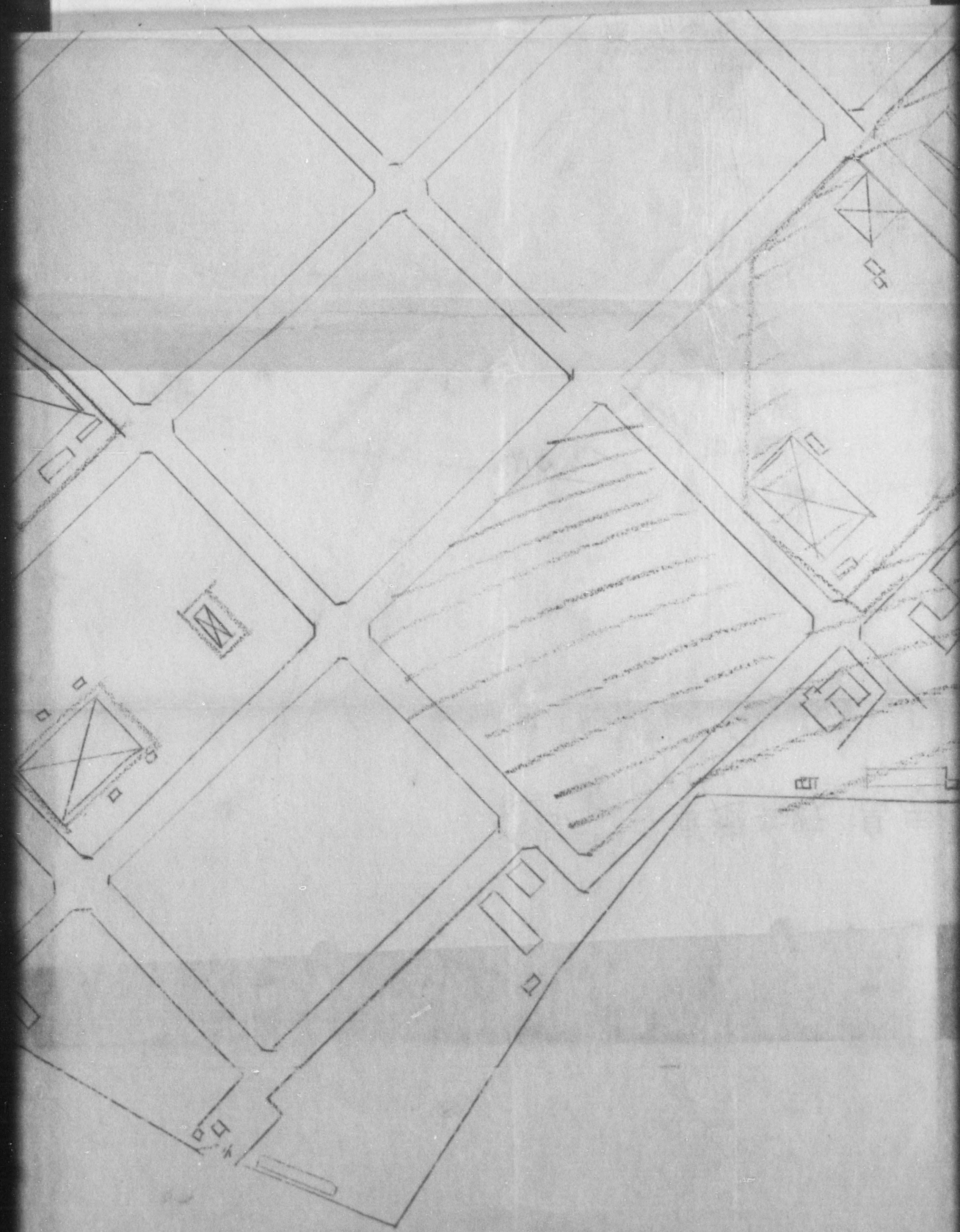

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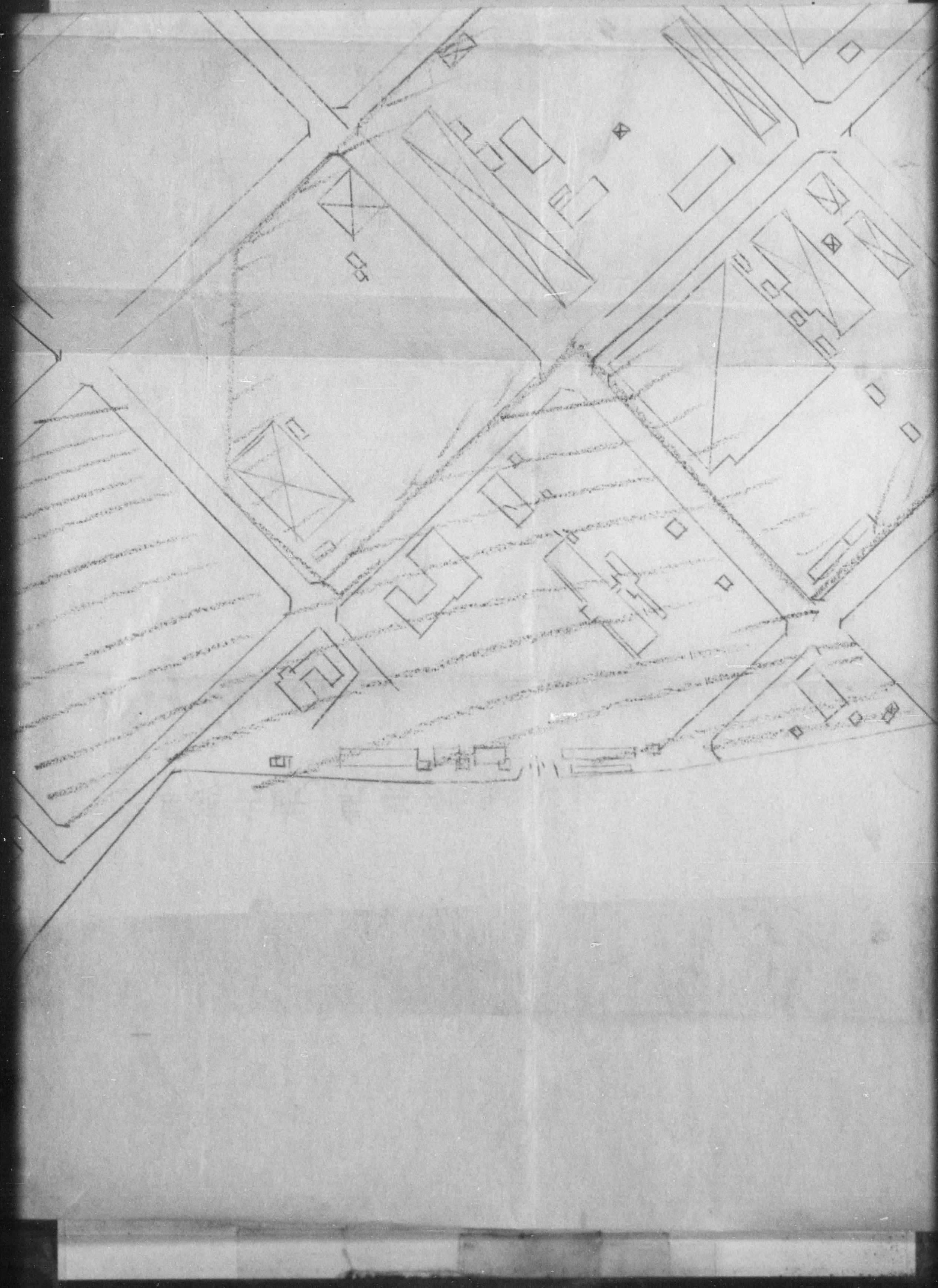

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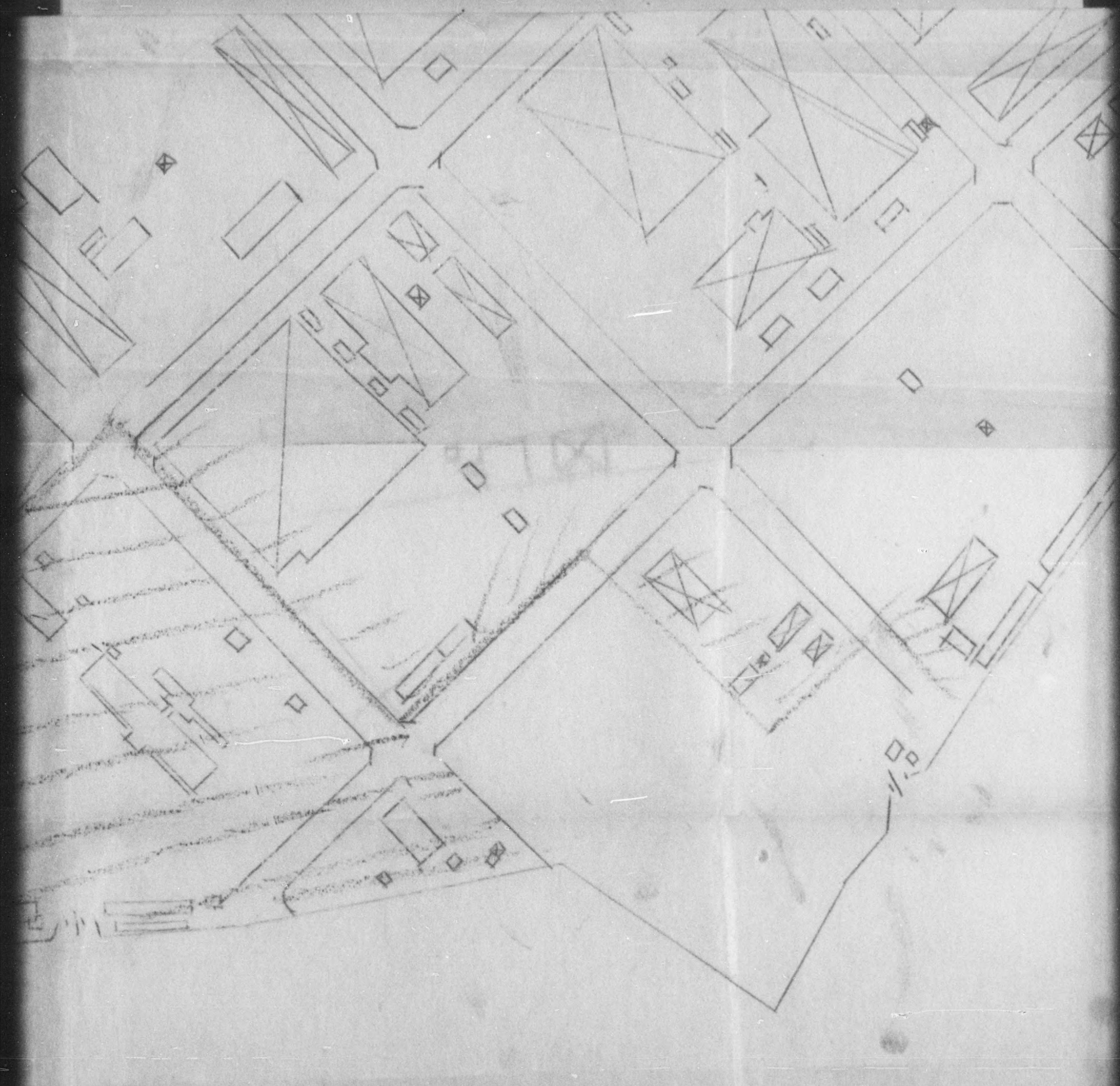

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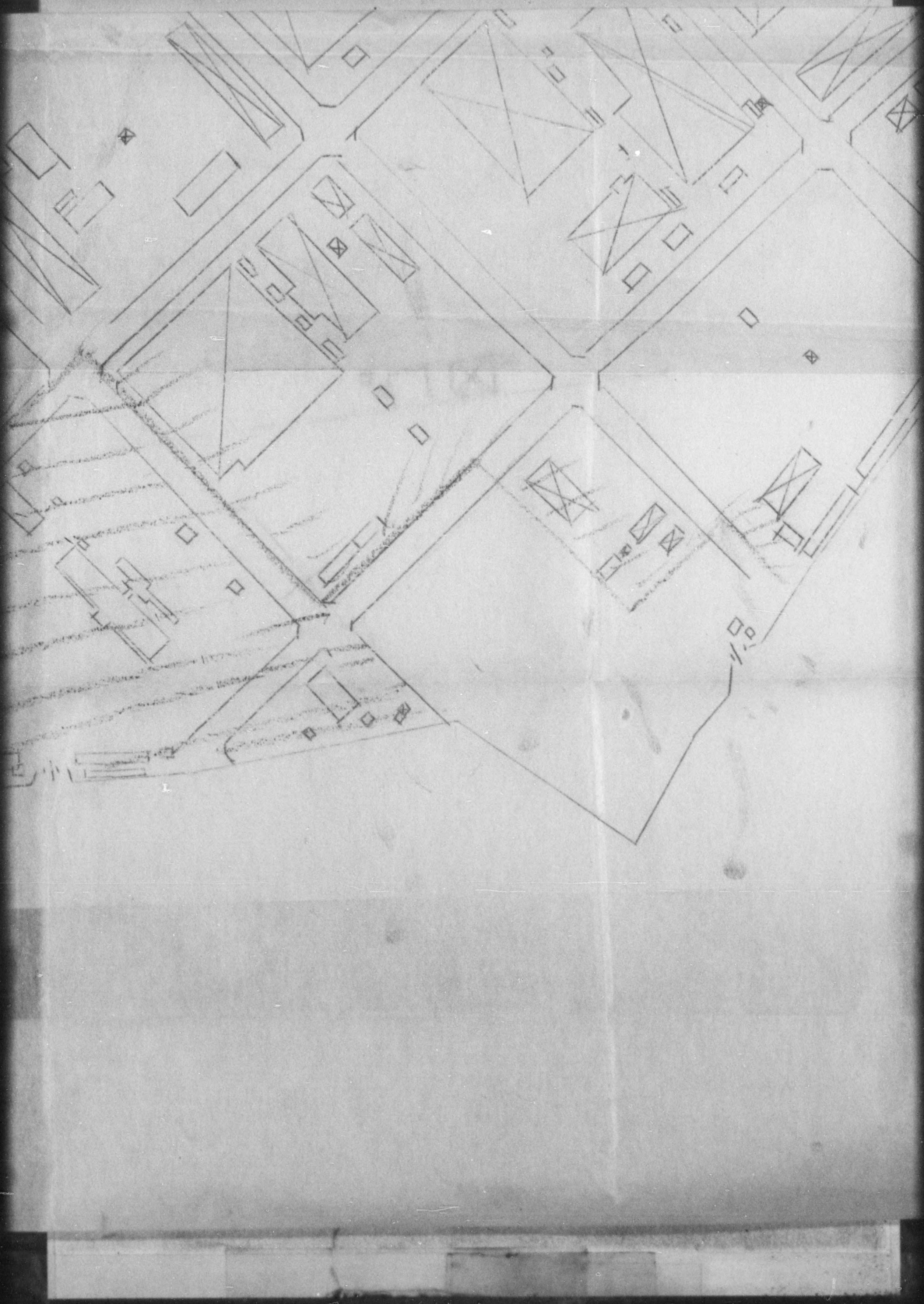

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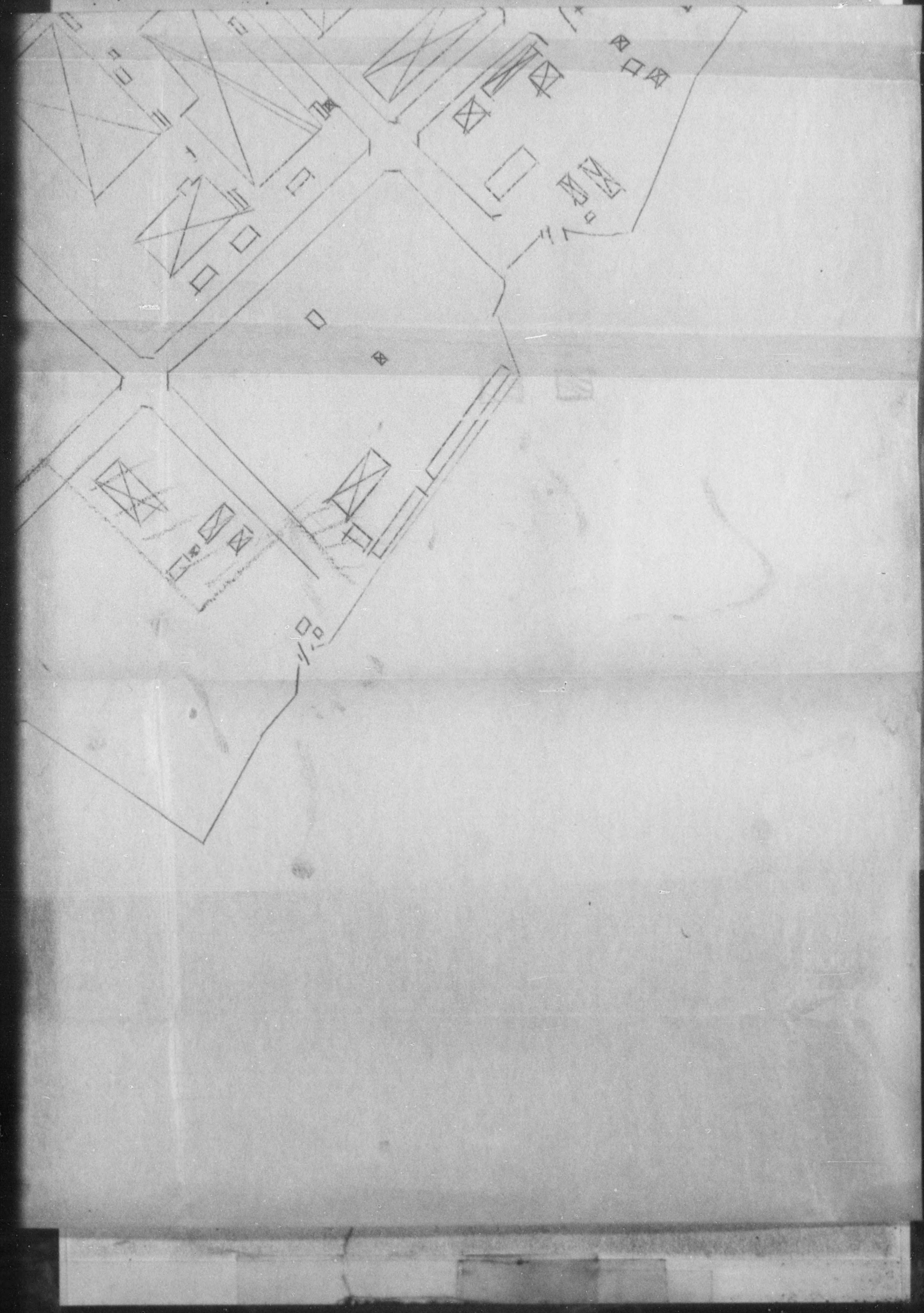

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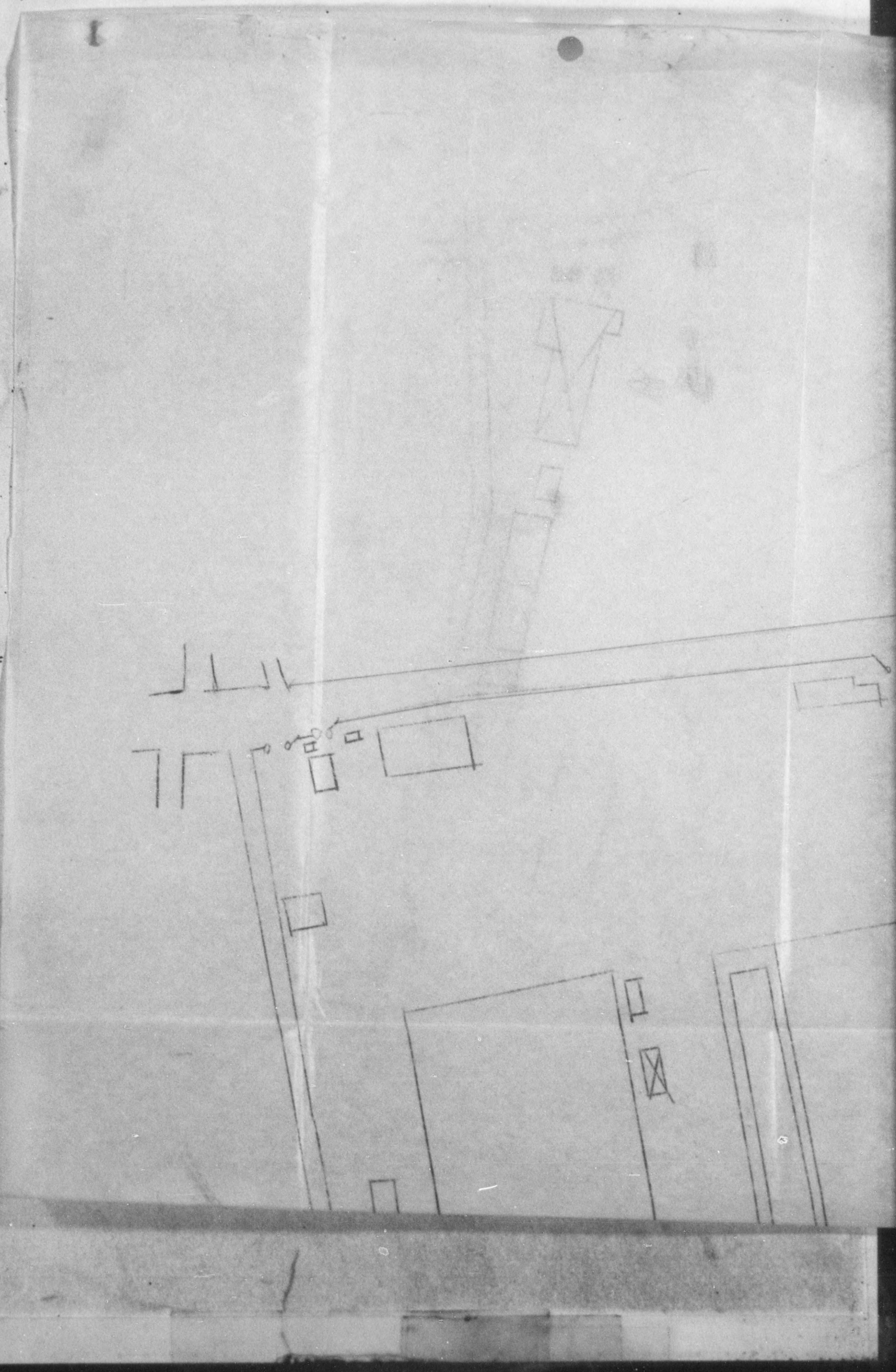

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名古屋陸軍造兵廠

Nagoya Military Arse

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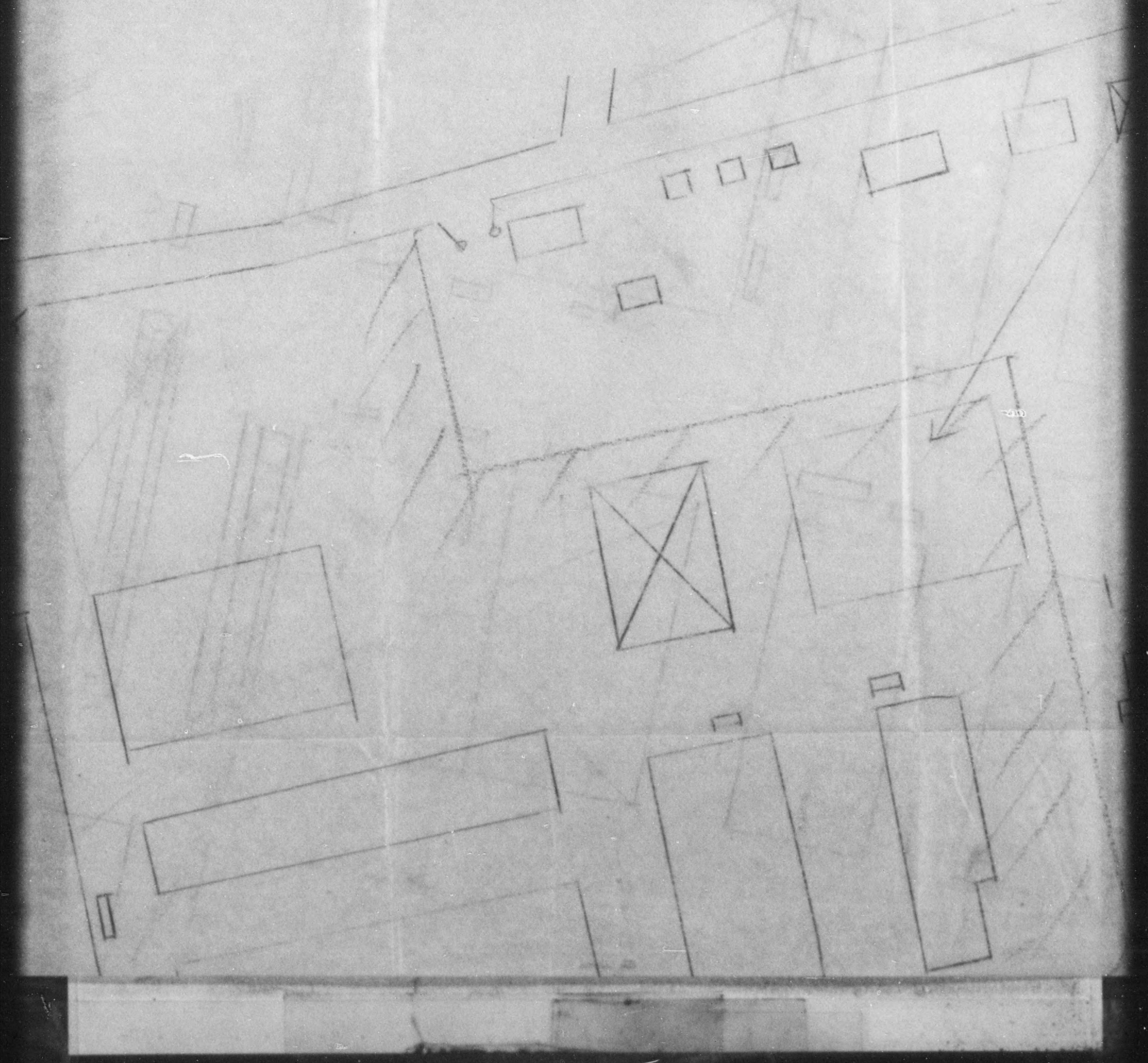
名古屋陸軍造兵廠 千種製造所

Nagoya Military Arsenal Thikusa plant.



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十種製造所

...eral Shikusa plant.

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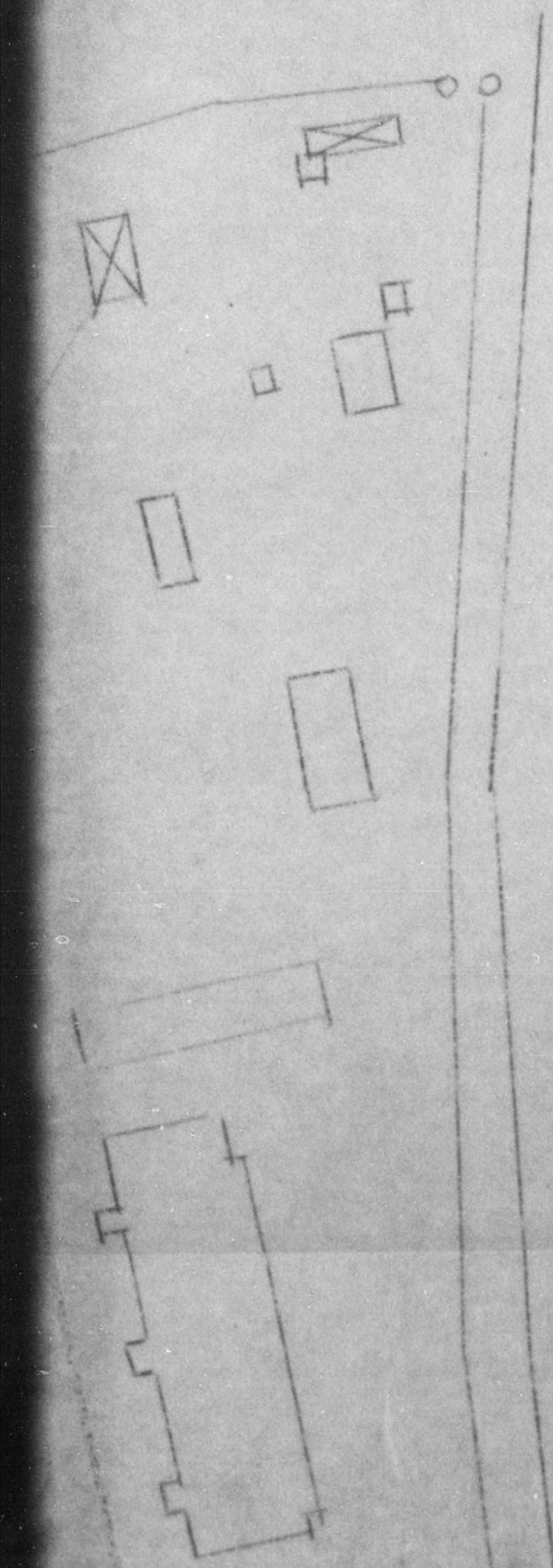

解放除外区域

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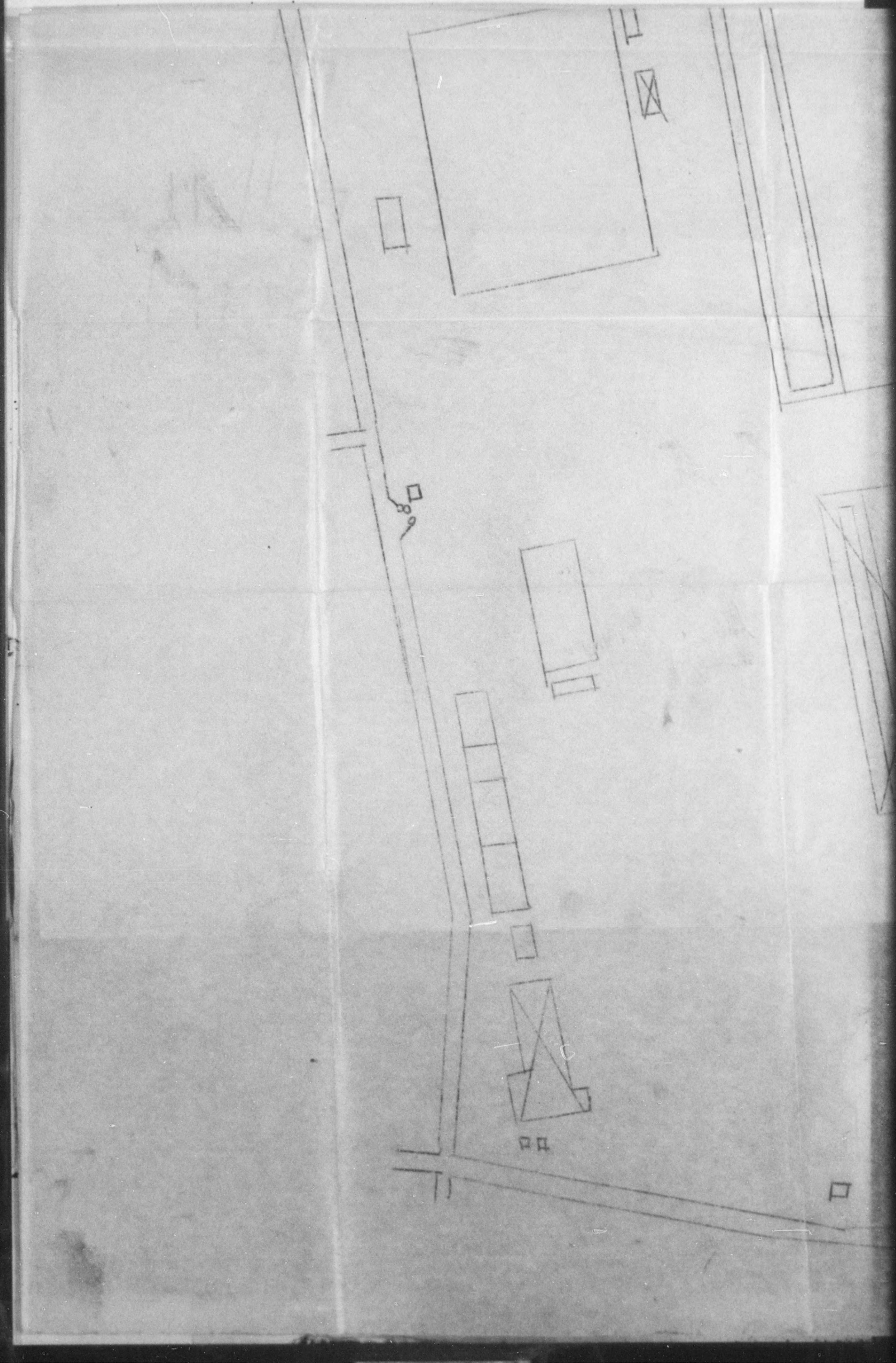

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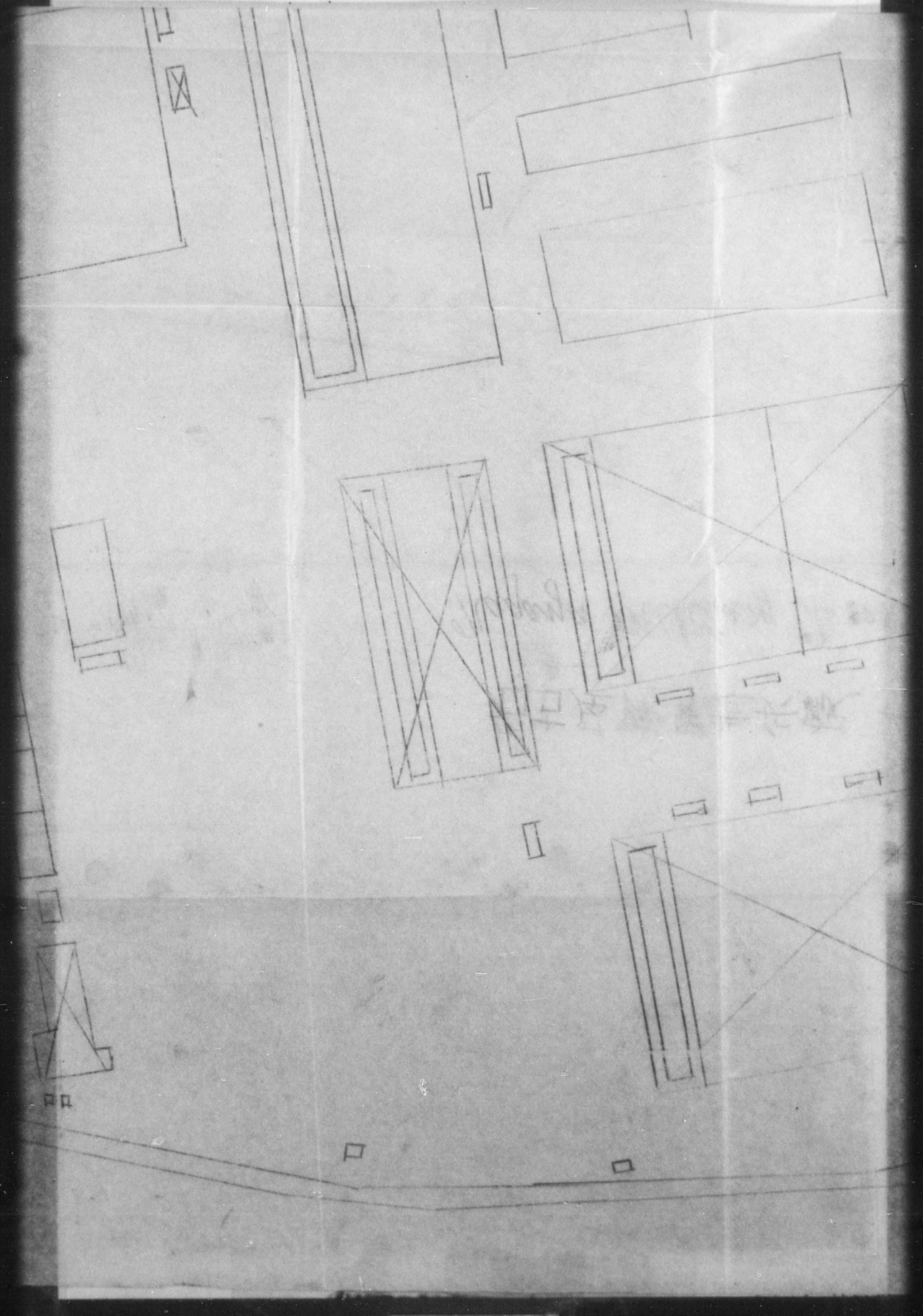

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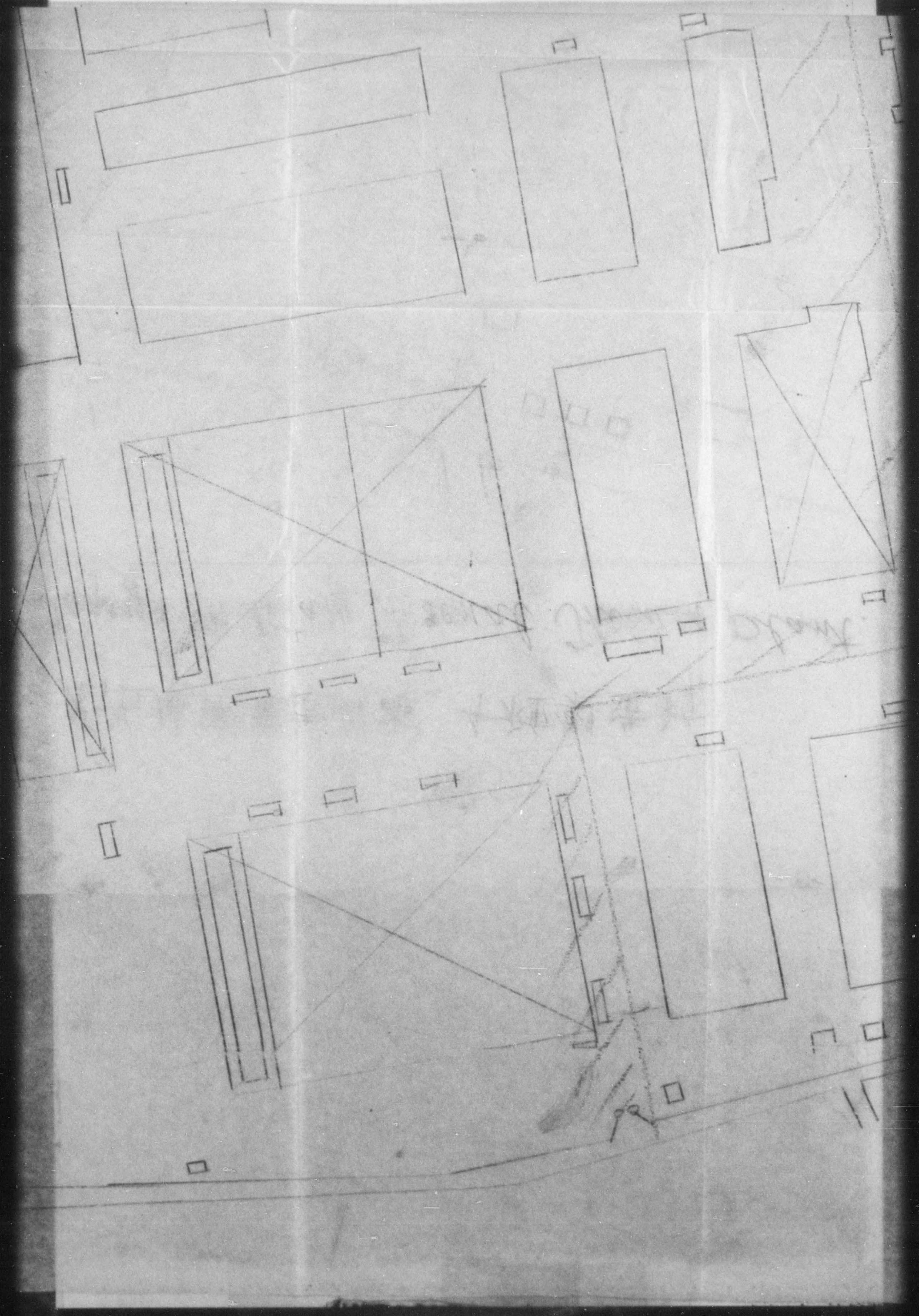

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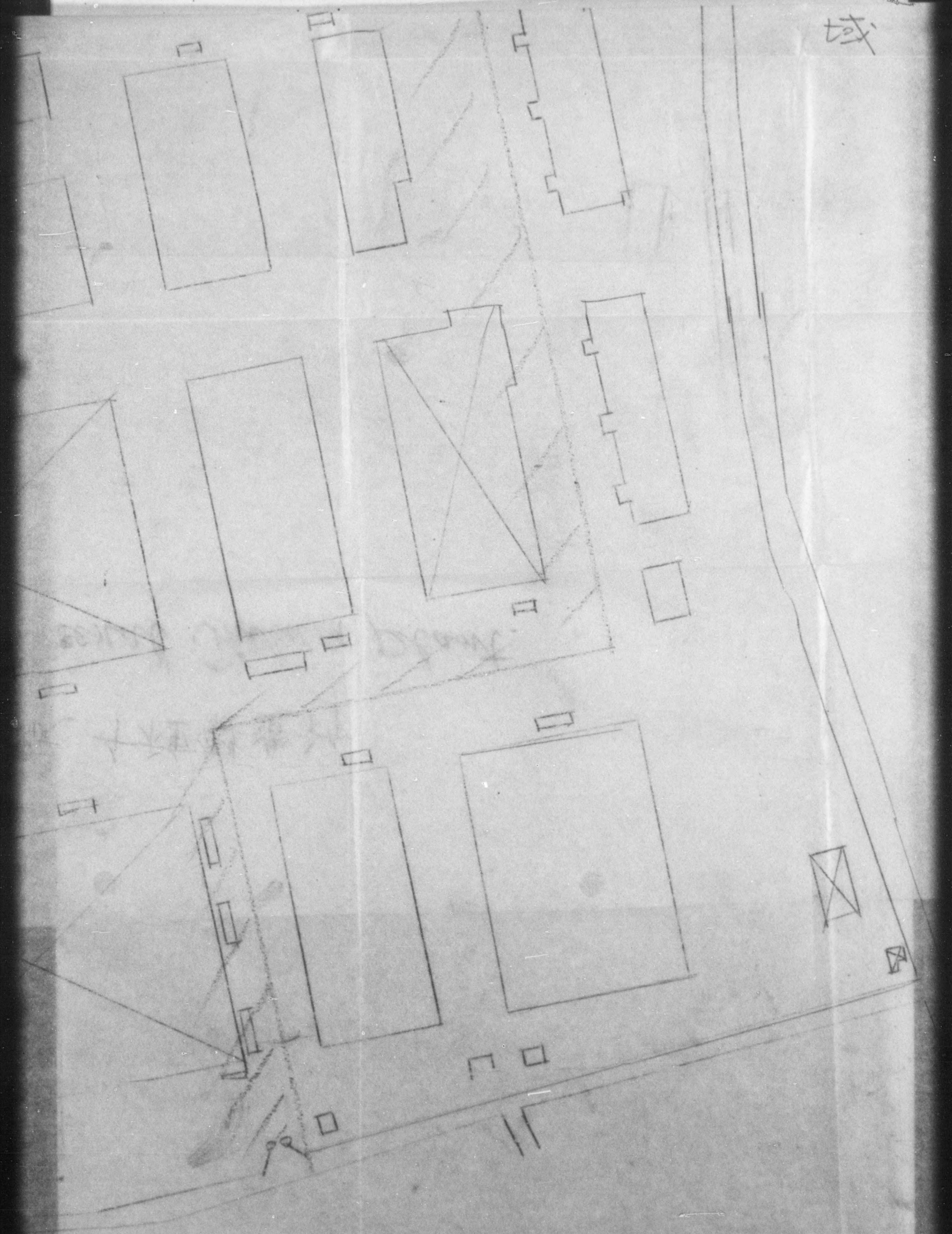

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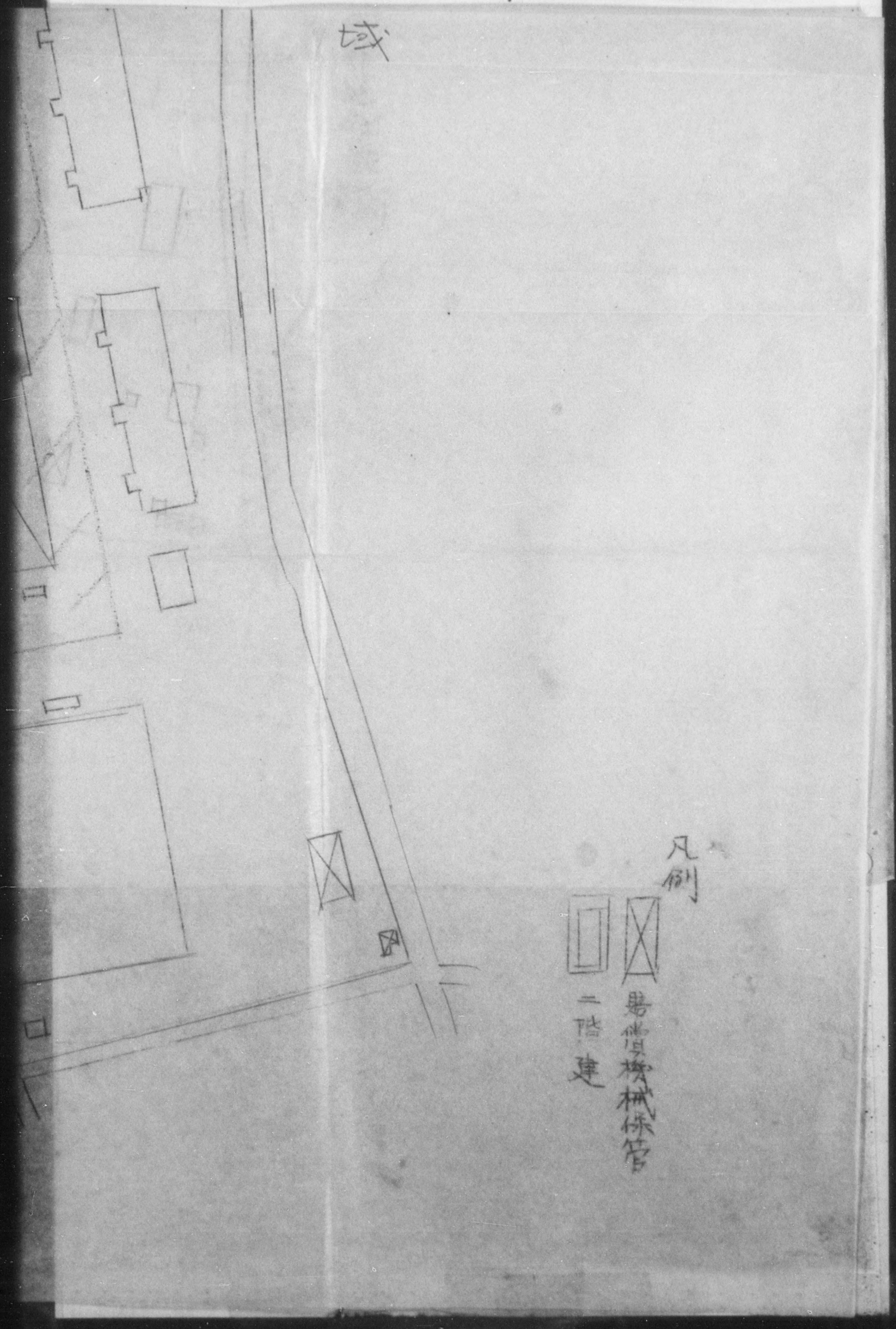

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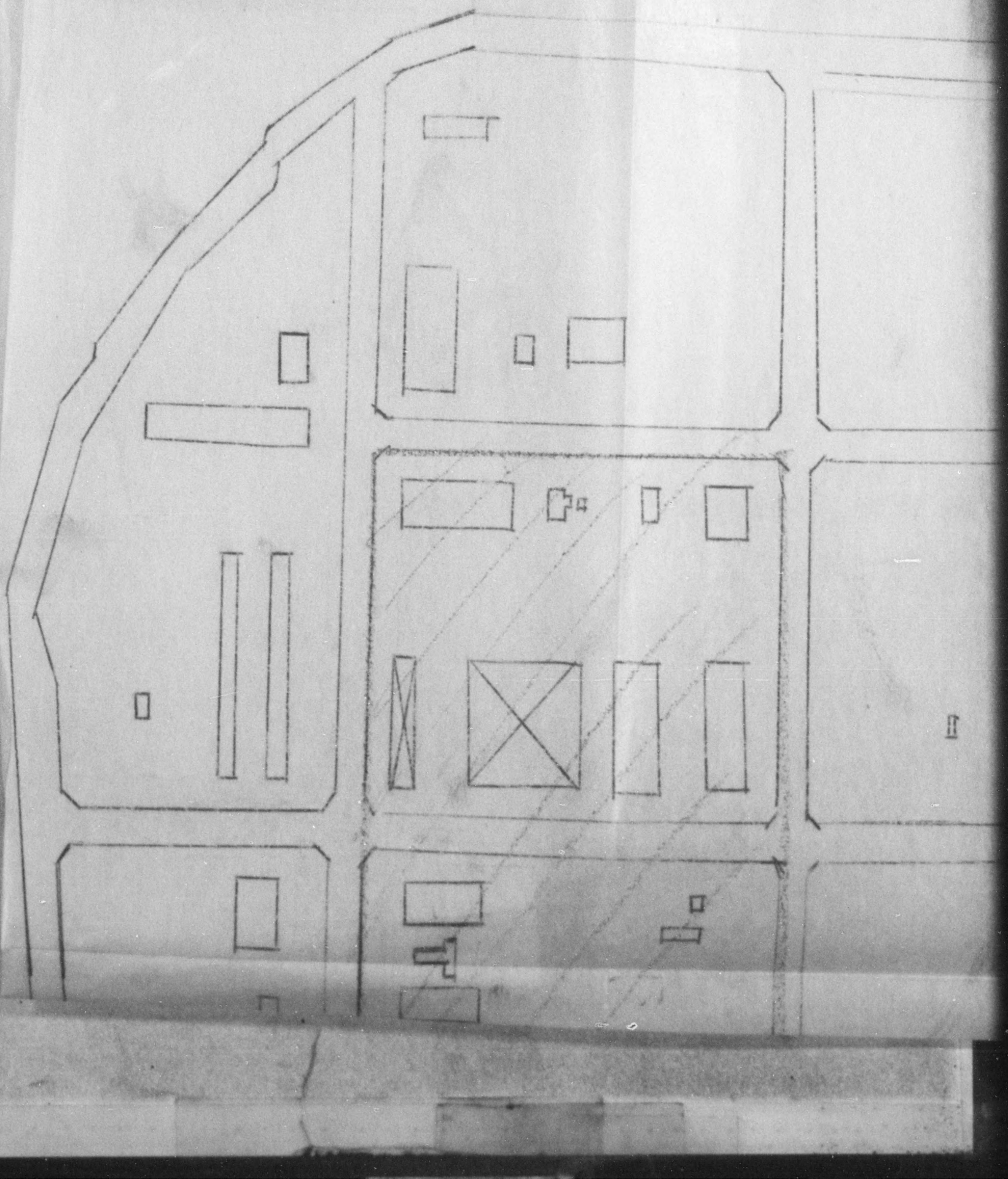
名古屋

Nagoya M



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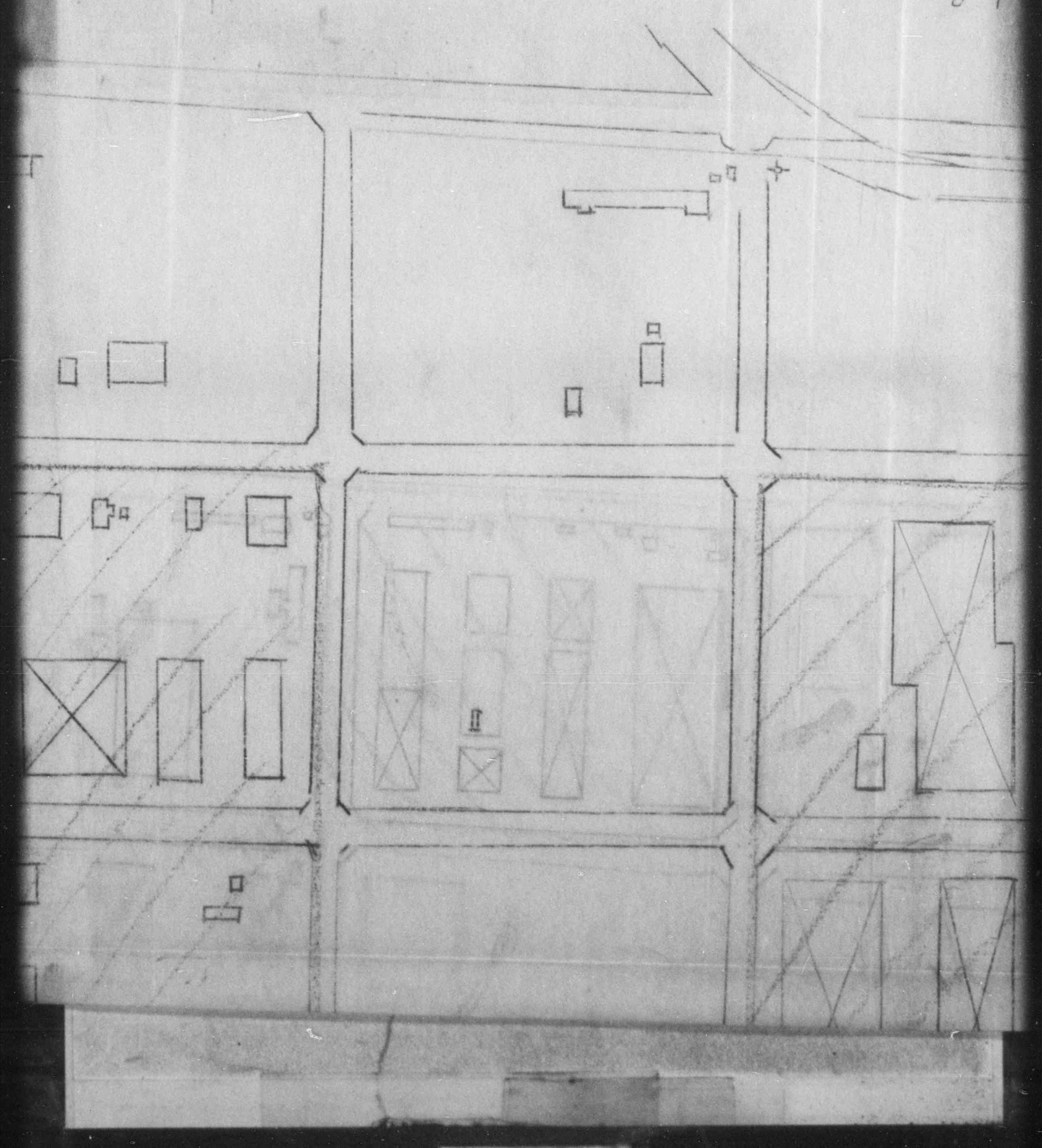
名古屋陸軍造兵廠 鷹来製造

Nagoya Military Arsenal Takagi F



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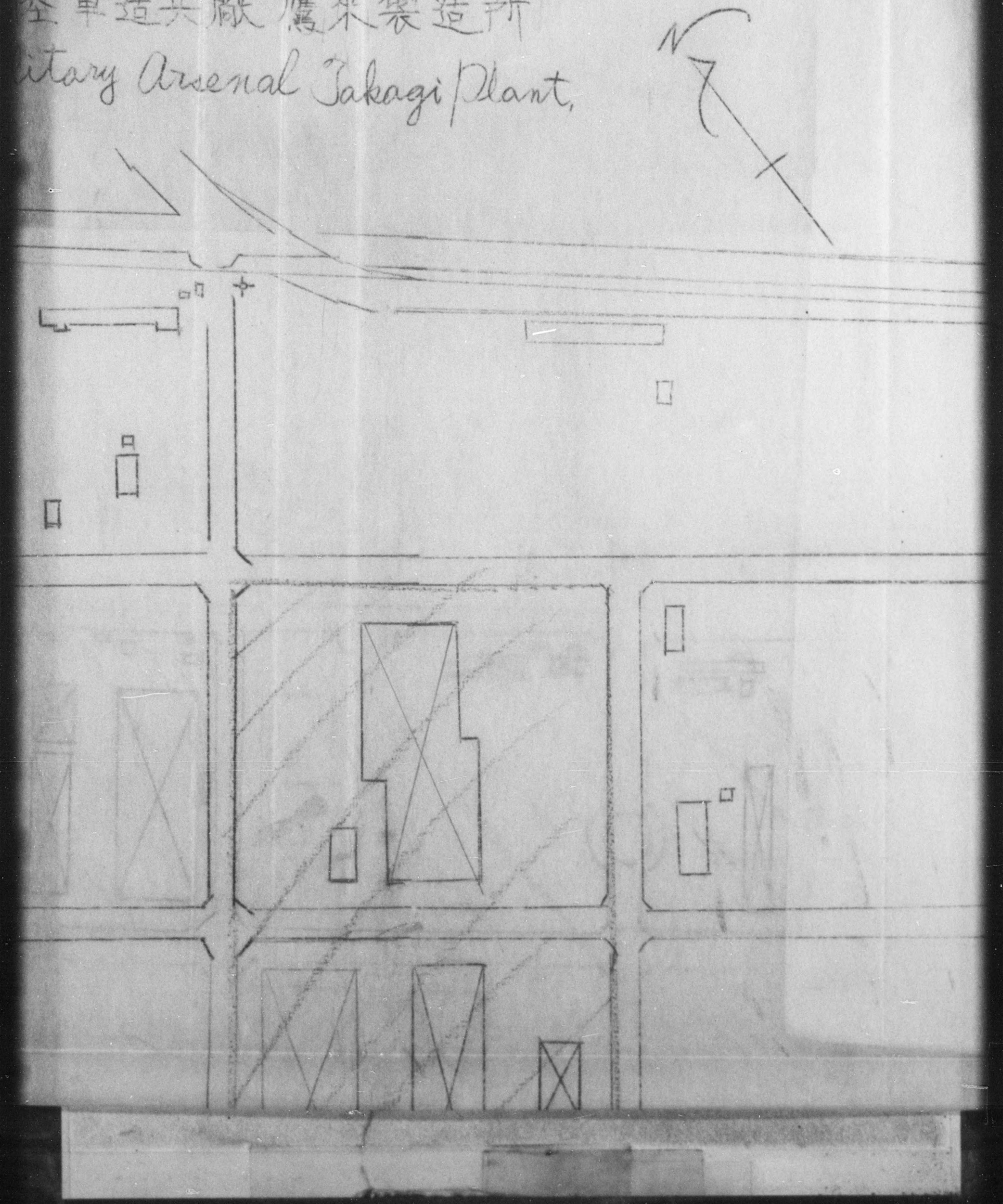
陸軍造兵廠鷹来製造所

Military Arsenal Takagi Plant.



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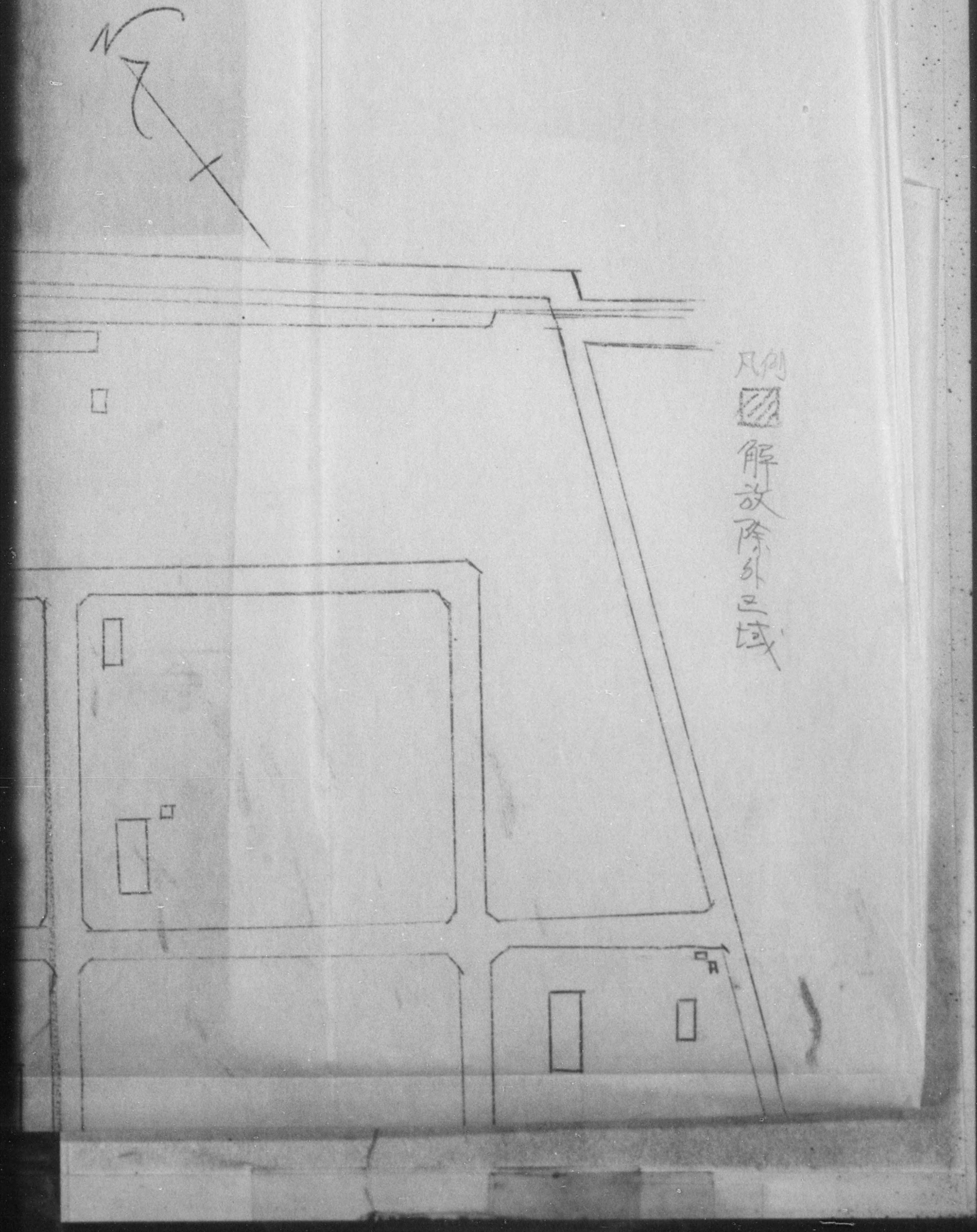

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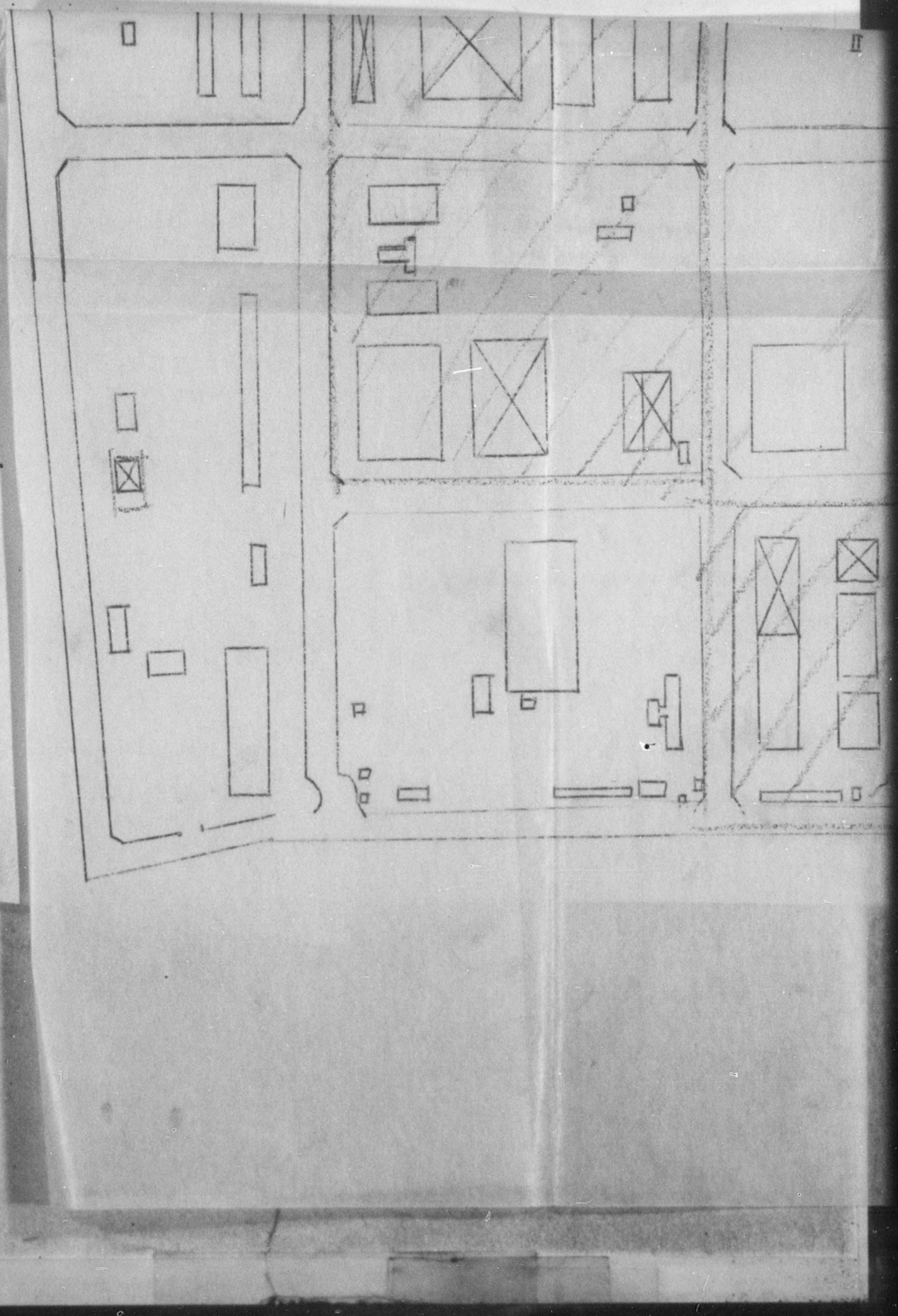

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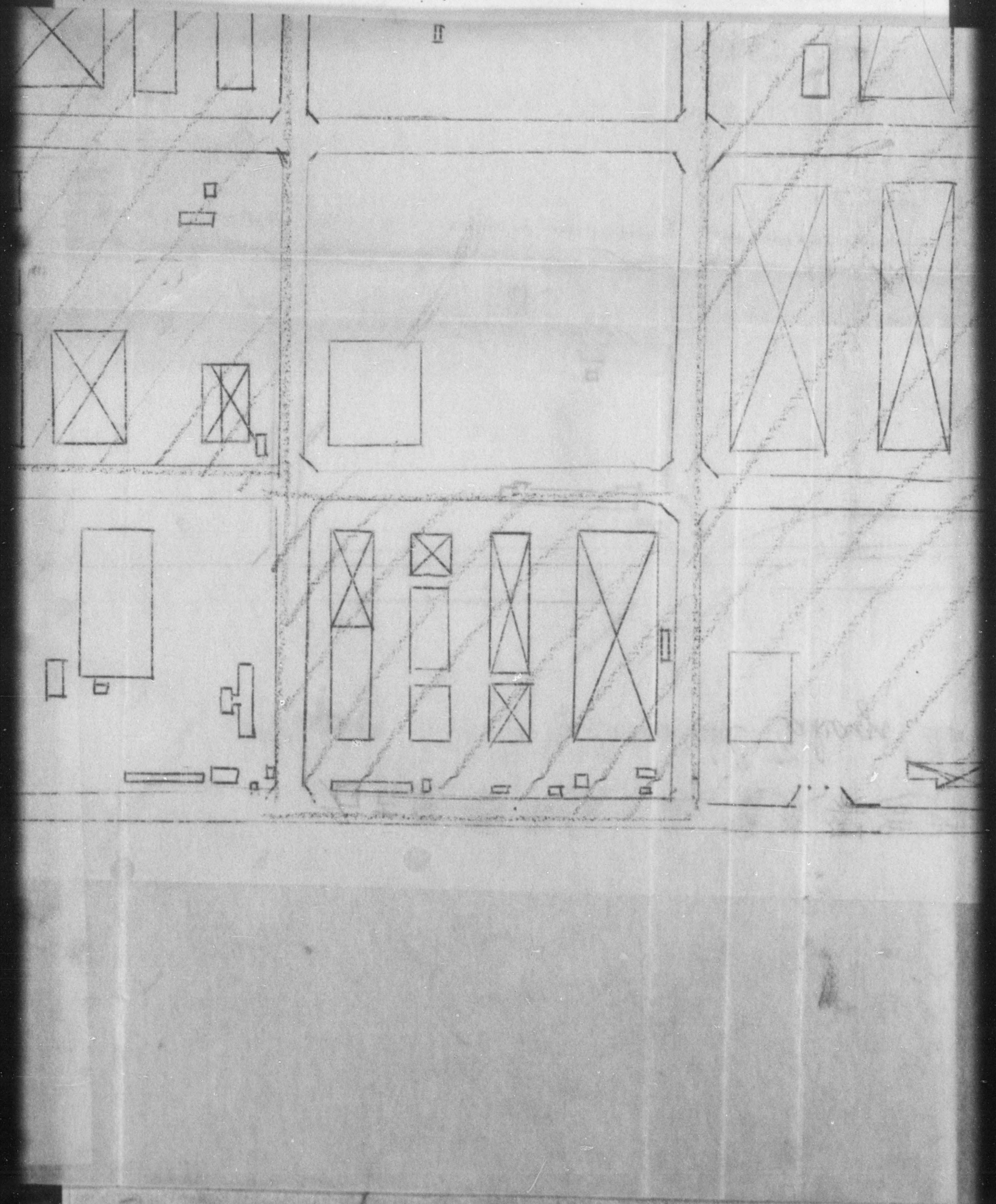

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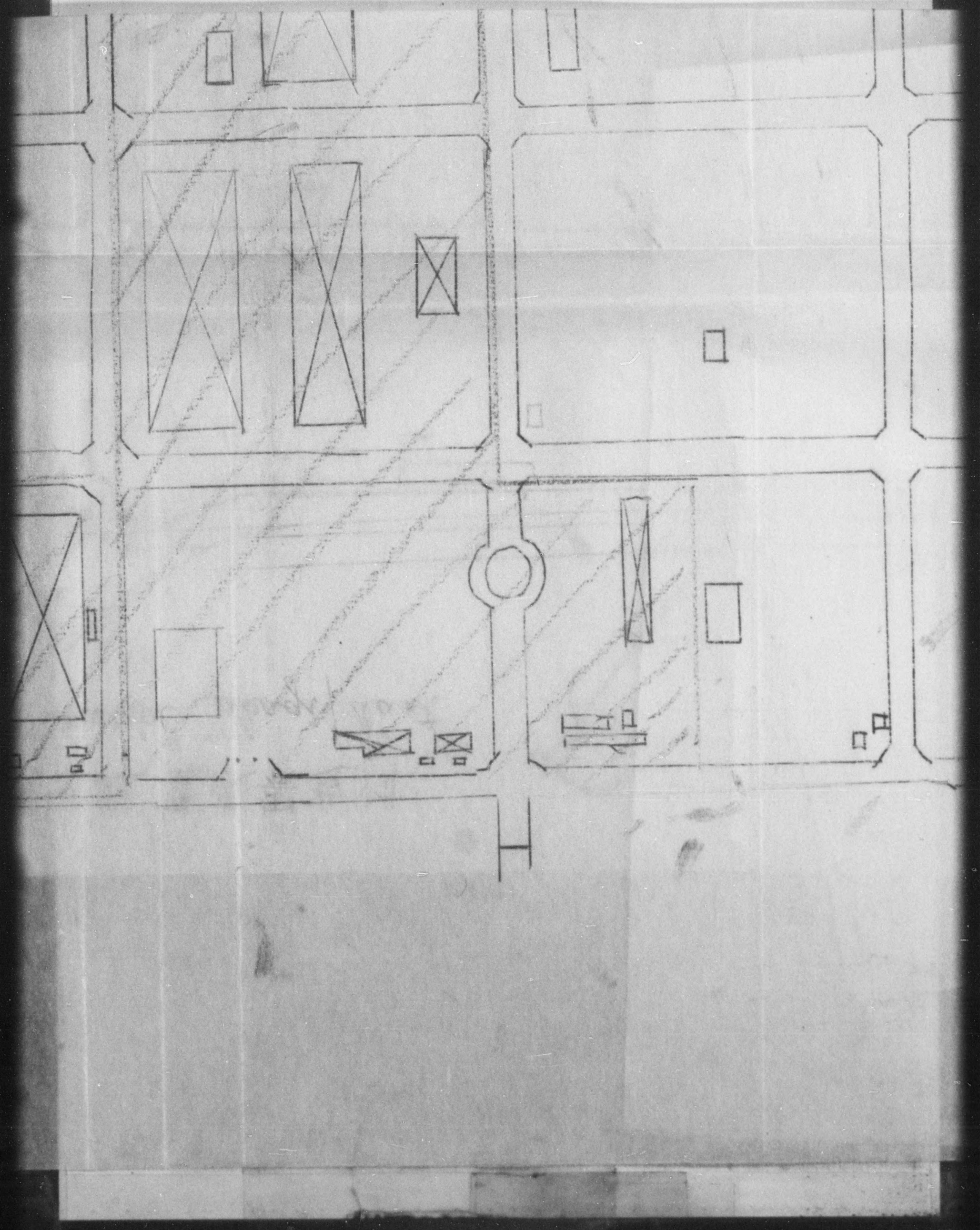

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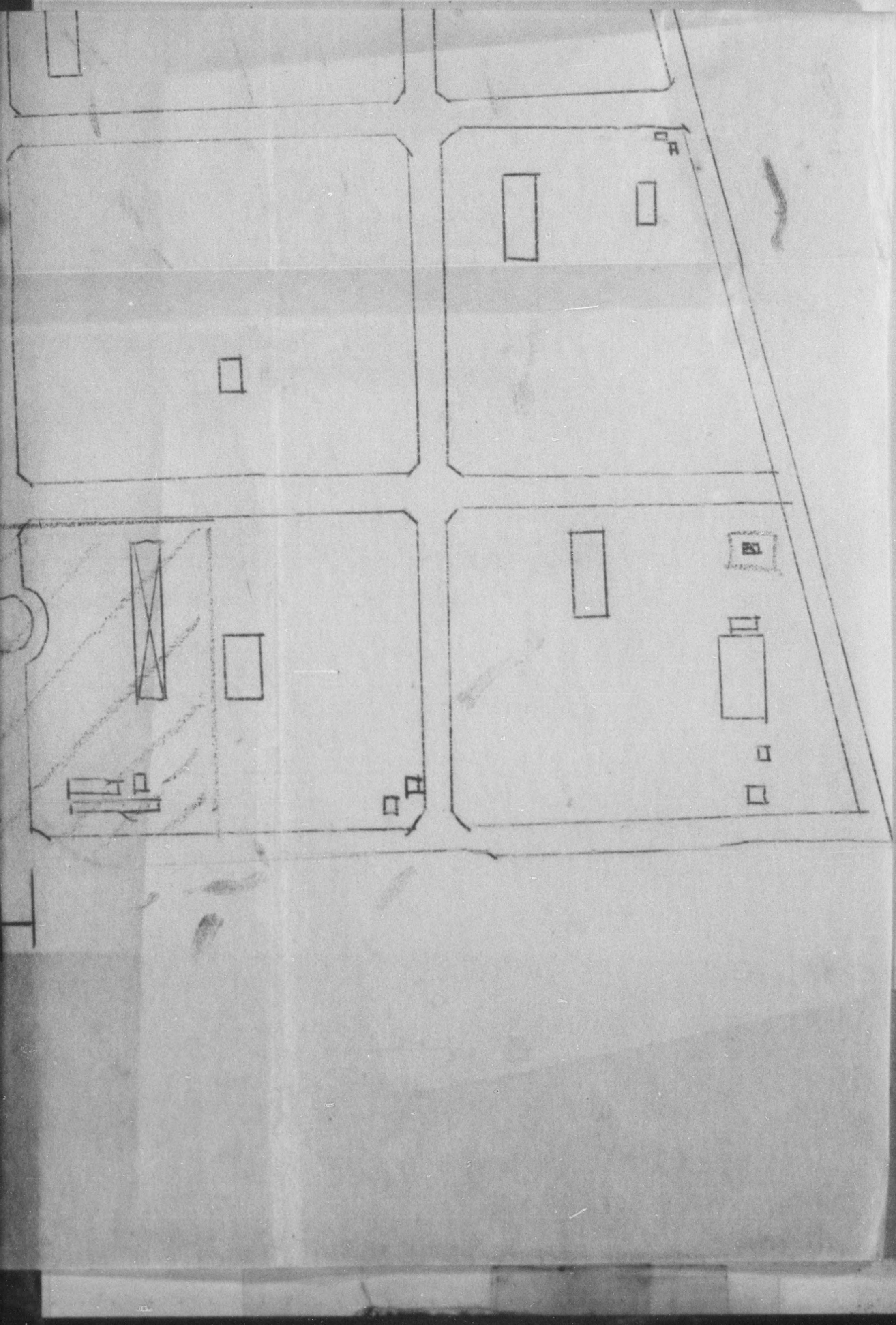

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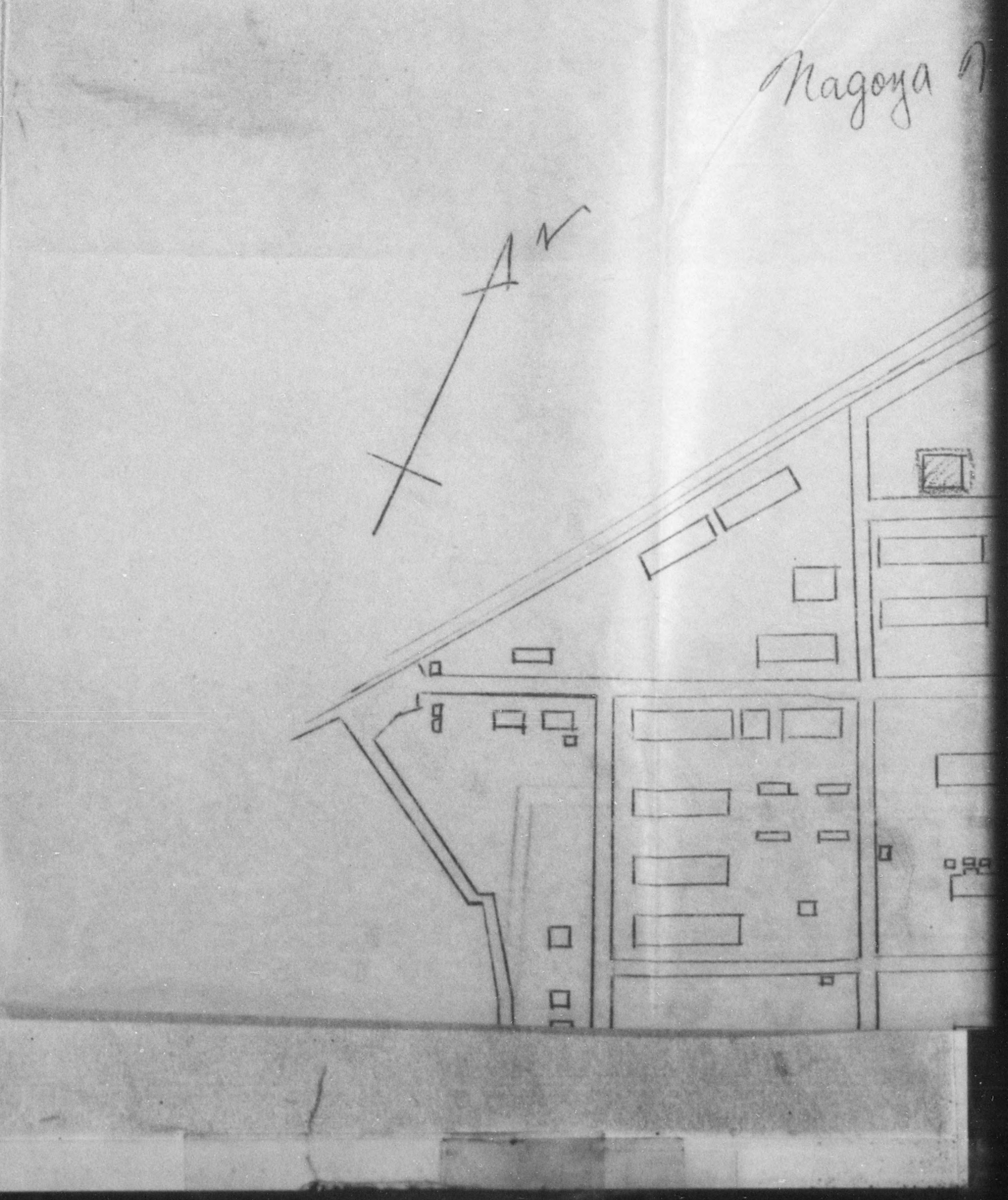
名古屋陸

Nagoya



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名古屋陸軍造兵廠 鷹来製造

Nagoya Military Arsenal Takaki

Nishiyama Fa

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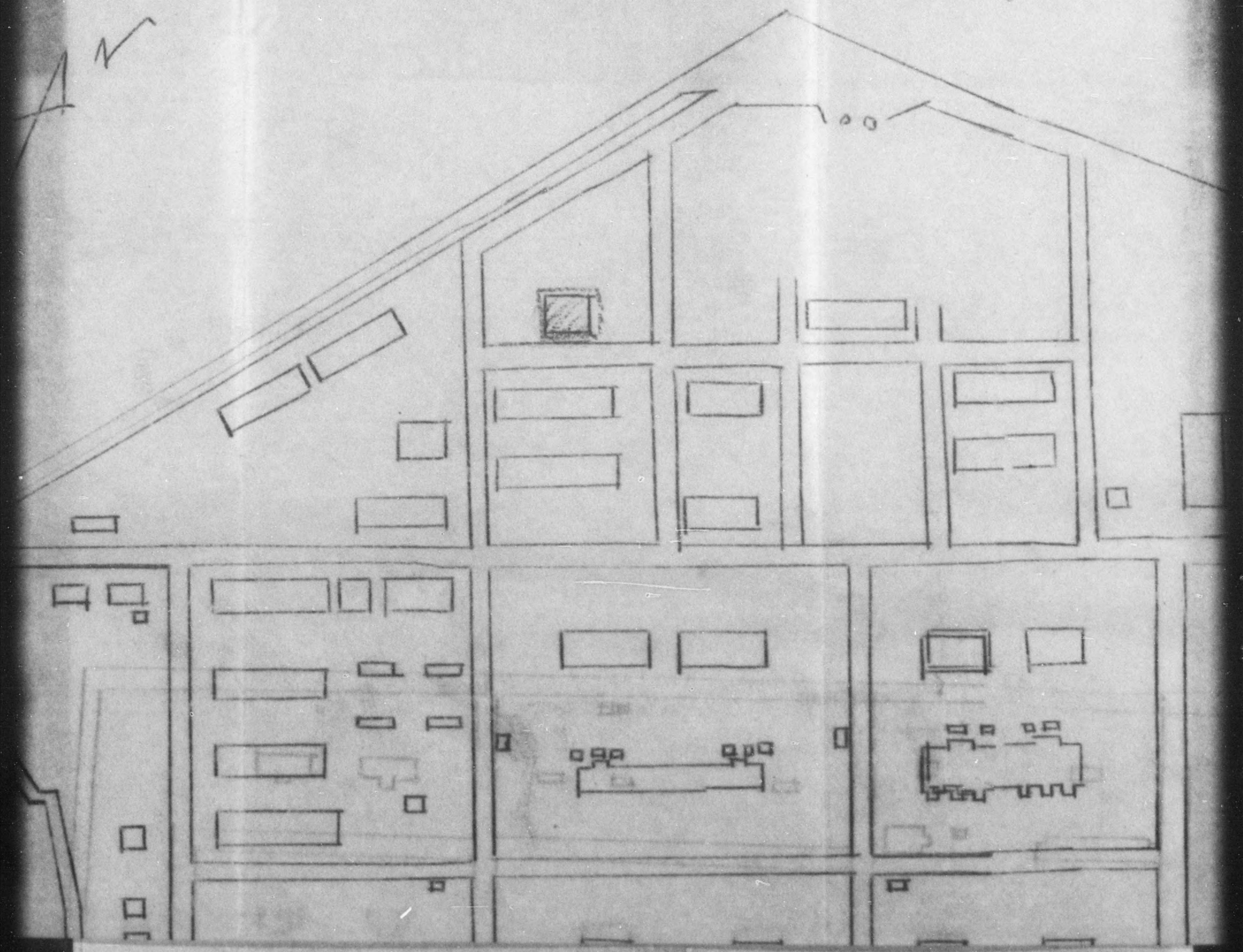

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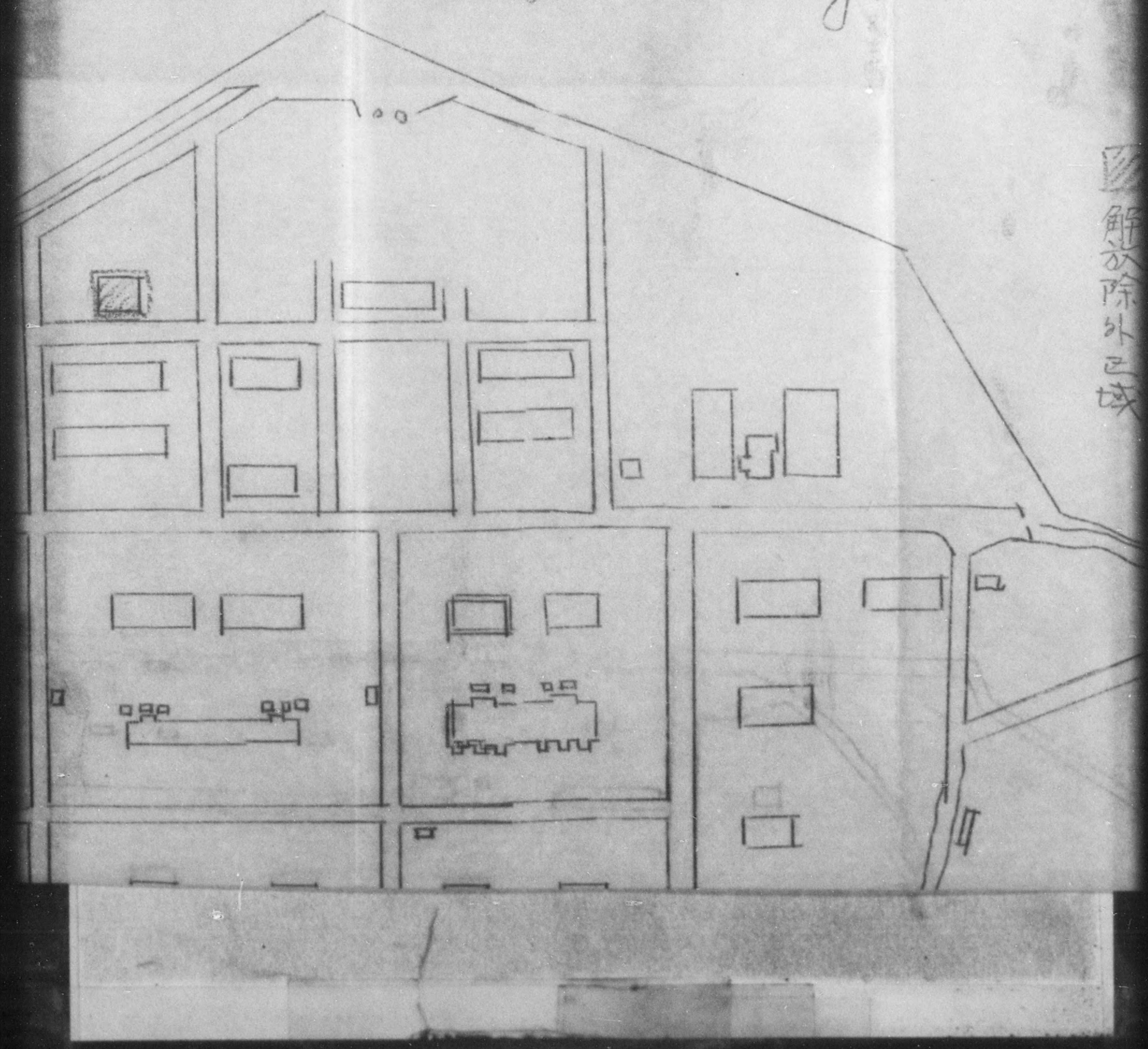
名古屋陸軍造兵廠鷹来製造所西山分廠

Nagoya Military Arsenal Takagi Plant, Nishiyama Factory.