THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
JEROME BAYON, DELAUP & CO.

NEW-ORLEANS,
FRIDAY (MORNING,) MARCH 4, 1831.

The election for a representative to the state Legislature, in the place of Gen. Gainnié resigned, we are happy to state, resulted in the choice of Stephen Mazureau Esq. The whole number of votes received was 850; of which 470 were for Mazureau, 379 for Sterrett and 1 blank. Majority for Mazureau 91.

The sentence of the law was yesterday executed upon John Brown, the murderer of Walter Borden. He paid the forfeit of his crimes u; on the gallows, at half past 3 o'clock P. M.

The New-York Courier and Enquirer of the 11th ult., has the annexed remarks in allusion to the letter of a Paris correspondent, relating to the affairs of Lafitte, published in that paper of the 10th.

"We learn that the letter of our Parisian correspondent, which we gave yesterday, has excited considerable alarm amongst a portion of the mercantile community. We beg to be understood that we do not vouch for the authenticity of the letter. We published it as we received it, upon the authority of our correspondent only, and appended his *private note* to it, with the express purpose of exhibiting *his* opinion of its truth."

Charleston, Feb. 21.

The New Orleans mail again failed us last evening. There will be three mails due from this quarter on Wednesday next.

[*City Gazette.*]

Port au Prince.—Papers were received on the 12th inst. at New-York, from Port au Prince, to the 25th January by the brig Bunker Hill. The Evening Post says:—On the margin of one of the papers, is written in French, the following: "There is not a single barrel of flour to be sold in Port au Prince on the 25th of January." New flour on the 23d is quoted at $29 per barrel; old $17; mess beef $20; mess pork $35; soap per box $2 75 for 12 bars; rice $7 per quintal."

It is stated in the Boston Gazette of the 24th instant that the Banks of that city "have agreed to receive and pay the small *Spanish* coins, in the way of change, at the following rates, on and after the 15th instant, viz: quarters at 24 cents each; eights at 11 cents, and sixteenths at 5 cents. The pistareen now passes at 17 cents, and halves at 8 cents. Of the headed pistareens, the few now in circulation, will probably be bought up at a premium; they are worth not less than 20 cents. Quarters from the mint of the United States will of course pass at 25 cents."

[*From the Columbia (S. C.) Times.*]

We publish the following letter from Washington, at the request of the gentleman to whom it was addressed. It speaks for itself, and comment on our part is unnecessary. Gen. Jackson mistakes the Carolinian character, if he believes that acts like this will not arouse a spirit that will crush him and his myrmidons. South Carolina placed him where he is, and her generous sons have refused to take office at his hands, lest it might be construed into compensation for services rendered to their country—*so they thought.* They are not now to be coerced by his power—nor will they bear to be menaced and denounced longer than they can wish be amusing ugly smile at his imbecile threats, and treat his proscriptions with contempt and scorn.

Washington, February 4, 1831.

"DEAR SIR—I have just learned from our friend, that Col. Drayton submitted the name of Mr. Findlay, of Charleston, to the President, with a recommendation signed by Hayne, Nuckolls, Martin, M'Duffie, Barnwell, and another or two, for the office vacanted by the lamented death of John Gadsden, and that the appointment was refused on the avowed ground, "*that he had been in favor of a State Convention, and was a reputed Nullifier.*" This information, he said, he received from Blair, and I believe he added, Judge Smith. You will see from this, that ***** means, through the patronage of the Federal Government, to regulate your State elections."

[*Correspondence of the Richmond Whig.*]

WASHINGTON, 14th Feb. 1831.

On Tuesday last the Senate as you know reappointed Duff Green printer. I had observed for some time that a great deal of prudence and forbearance in a certain quarter was deemed necessary to secure his re-election. That object having been effected, I soon discovered that Mr. Calhoun had decided upon his course, the manifestation of which at an earlier day might have brought upon the Editor of the Telegraph the burthen of the evils which the opponents of Mr. Calhoun have been meditating against him and his friends. Before the end of this week Mr. Calhoun will have submitted his appeal to the country, which is necessary to his vindication. For months he has been laboring under serious imputations, calculated to affect his character disadvantageously, and which have not been removed by the repeated assurances of his friends that he would pass the fiery trial without having a hair of his head scorched. It may be so. I will not prejudge him. I know his strength: and can readily imagine, that his defence will not be neutral or compromising. Whoever may have supposed that the separation of Mr. Calhoun from the President, is a slight matter, cannot rightly appreciate either, and whether there shall result from the exposure of Mr. Calhoun a reconciliation or not, some men of high pretensions must be involved in some way and in no small degree. He must be short sighted indeed, who cannot foresee, that, if in the judgment of the country, the Vice President shall be acquitted, the verdict will reflect a terrible sentence upon the authors of his prosecution.

The select Committee in the Senate reported the bill for the relief of James Monroe, on Friday last, with a verbal amendment."

POST OFFICE INQUIRY.

We commence in this day's Journal the debate in the Senate on the extraordinary resolution offered by Mr. Grundy, and finally adopted, in a modified, but scarcely less exceptionable form, on the subject of a limitation of the powers confided to the Select Committee appointed to investigate the condition of the General Post Office Department. The history of this discussion is too curious to be omitted among the records of the times. After the second speech delivered by Mr. Clayton, which we shall be able to lay before our readers in a few days, and for which we, in anticipation, solicit their serious attention, and while Mr. Holmes was making his reply to Messrs. Woodbury, Grundy and Benton, we understand that an application was made by Mr. Grundy to Mr. Holmes to put an end to the debate. This application was met by a prompt refusal. It was evidently made under the influence of a powerful apprehension of the effect which was likely to be produced on the public mind by the circulation abroad of the facts divulged within the walls of the Senate. Well was it known, that enough had already been disclosed in the debate to excite a general and deep commotion throughout the country. Messrs. Woodbury and Grundy had felt the weakness of the position on which they had taken their stand, and probably had been compelled, by the voice of their friends, to [illegible] that they had not been able to make out a case in favor of the resolution of Mr. Grundy, that their arguments smelt of mortality, and their eloquence was vapid, "full of sound and fury," but "signifying nothing;" and they were desirous to discontinue a contest from which they could look for nothing but defeat and mortification. Mr Holmes persevered in his speech; the application for quarter—for a termination of the fight, was made again on the next day; and the request, urged, not literally with *trembling*, but doubtless with fear, was again unsuccessful. The minority of the committee—a minority of which any Committee might be proud, and any opponents apprehensive—prepared themselves with new matter, armed themselves with new facts, and were ready for a still more fearful exposition, when Mr. Grundy again solicited for peace. He was at length successful. Mr. Clayton and Mr. Holmes saw the accumulation of public business on the table. They considered that enough had been said to enlighten the people; and that no eloquence, no array of truths, no force of argument, would convince a majority of the Senate, who would not believe, even if Moses and the Prophets had come from the dead to inform them. They therefore assented, and the debate terminated. When a pretence is set up that Messrs. Woodbury and Grundy have successfully defended the Administration of the Department, it can only excite the risibility of those, who, with minds open to conviction, and able to receive it, went to the Senate to hear what this Committee had done. We have received a communication in reference to a remark made by Mr. Grundy, which we annex to these observations, premising that we are authorized to give up the name of the author, whenever it shall be required in a proper manner, and by a proper person.

[*For the National Journal*]

Felix Grundy.—Extract from this Senator's speech. "Mr. Grundy contended that it was wrong in principle to inquire of removed officers and clerks, the causes of their removal; that it would be an *ex parte* examination, the Postmaster General not being present to confront and cross-examine them: that, influenced by resentment, it must be expected that their testimony would either be false, or grossly exaggerated facts."—In reply to this Tennessee Senator, I will ask what are the reports of the Postmaster General, but ex parte representations of the condition of the Department? There is one (if not more) who knows, and can prove, that the reports of William T. Barry, as made to Congress, *are not founded in truth.* And if that servile Senator would suffer William T. Barry to be confronted by his accusers, the assertion is ventured that Felix Grundy would find gentlemen not disposed to exaggerate facts or to swear falsely, as he has had the unblushing impudence to insinuate. On the score of swearing to a falsehood, the Senator may be sensitive, since some of his enemies in Tennessee have not been so much wanting in ingenuity as not to say that he himself was charged with perjury, by that ——now at the head of the Government. It is believed by more than one, that there are many now employed by William T. Barry, who would swear falsely, and exaggerate facts, to bear him out, and the names of those unprincipled men, the objects of his bounty, can be brought forth at any time, by one who does not fear to meet William T. Barry, or Felix Grundy, at any time and under any circumstance.

[*National Journal.*

[*From Gore's Liverpool Advertiser.*]

THE COURT AT HOLYROOD-HOUSE.—The Duke de Blacas arrived at Holyrood-house on the 16th ult., with news of the various movements in Switzerland, in Piedmont, in Holland, and in the south of France. The Duke was an old favorite of Louis XVIII. and in his presence had been anxiously expected by the Court of Charles X. which has lately been deeply occupied in political matters, in order to decide on some political movements, respecting which it was not deemed proper to come to a resolution until his arrival. The Ex-king keeps a Court, less numerous indeed than that of the Tuileries, but equally observant of forms and ceremonies—it consists at present of M. M. de Capelle, d'Haussez, and Bourmont, all three members of the Ministry which precipitated him from the throne—and of M. de Blacas, who has, since his arrival, been added to it, and who is celebrated for having been the cause of the expulsion of Louis XVIII. in 1815. All these personages possessed great experience in revolutions by which thrones are overturned, and dynasties annihilated, are now about to try their hand at the more arduous task of establishing one, of which they believe themselves equally capable.

The great question, in fact, on which these Councillors of State have been deliberating, is that of declaring the young Duke of Bordeaux King of France, and of placing his rights to the throne under the protection of the Continental Powers. A diplomatic note is for this purpose to be addressed to them, if it has not already been addressed; and while no doubt is entertained of their agreement to protect this remaining, but unfortunate scion of legitimacy, as little is imagined of the willingness of a great portion of his intended subjects to recognize his claims, and employ their best efforts to enable him to resume his rights. The only objection to this arrangement was made, not by the Dauphin, who was willing to confirm his abdication, but by the Ex-King himself, who was anxious to secure to himself to the Regency during the minority of his grandson, and who entertains the idea that he would have less difficulty in regaining the crown for him which he lost for himself, than he experienced in retaining it when it was in his possession. However, the Council of Ex-Ministers determined to confer the Regency on the Duchess of Berri, on account of her not having, like Charles X. any personal enemies in France, and that if she succeeded in re-entering it, she would neither have pardons to grant, nor victims on whom to exercise revenge.

The most active measures, in the mean time, are in progress to carry the plans of the Court of Holyrood into effect: an active correspondence is carried on between the principal inhabitants of the south and west of France, and the refugees of Holyrood-house: and a petition has already been forwarded by the former, to which several hundred signatures are appended, and which was brought by two French gentlemen, praying the Ex-King to appoint the Duchess of Berri regent, and offering their lives and fortunes in support of the claims of her son. In a few days, therefore, the public need not be surprised to hear of an inflammatory proclamation drawn up by the Council of the Ex-King, making its appearance or to see, after a repose of only six months duration, the standard of legitimacy once more erected, and supported, not only by manifestos and proclamations, but by artillery of a more formidable character.

What step Louis Philippe and the Government of this country may be induced to adopt in consequence of these counter-revolutionary movements is of course not known. The affair is full of difficulty; but there can be no doubt that there is a strong party in France in favour of the young Duke of Borkeaux, and that it only wants a leader in order to make a formidable rising in his favour.

In case of such an event, and more especially in that of the despotic Sovereigns of Europe being induced to take his claims under their protection, a general war would be inevitable; and who would undertake to predict the result of the civil war which would necessarily be lighted up in the bosom of France?

THE LATE GENERAL BOLIVAR.

The Liberator expired on the 17th ult. at San Pedro Alejandrino, a country seat, about a league from Santa Martha, in a calm collected manner, confessing and receiving the sacrament at the same time. He made his will, and, in every respect, evinced such great and noble soul, that he neither spoke against any of his enemies nor recommended any of his friends. His body was embalmed and laid in state for three days at the Custom House, the front of which appeared in magnificent mourning, with a monument therein. It is almost impossible to imagine the anxiety that was manifested to get a view of the remains of their Liberator, the stair cases being often impassable from the numbers ascending and descending. His funeral took place on the 20th, and so splendidly and with so much order was it conducted, that the inhabitants of Santa Martha, in the midst of the grief which overwhelmed them for their irreparable loss, were pleased to see so much love and gratitude manifested to so worthy a personage. The ceremony lasted four hours, and in the Holy Cathedral Church a magnificent and tasteful funeral decoration was prepared, which added greatly to solemnize the scene. The populace flocked there in crowds, to see the last of their lamented leader. The Militia behaved with so much discipline, that no regiment of the line could exceed it. The Band played two funeral marches, and the Moro fortress fired a cannon every half hour, the bells responding with double force. Such is a faint desription of what Santa Martha has done on the occasion of the irreparable loss of the "Immortal Founder of Columbia.—*Kingston Chronicle, Jan. 8.*

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Brig Wm Henry, Johnson, Philadelphia, T Toby.
Schr Splendid, Day, Mobile, Master.
Schr Agate, Jenney, Providence, Master.
Schr Virginia, Fourcade, Mobile, Master.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Pilot, Stark, from S W Pass, towed to sea ships Chieftain, & Lune, and schr Pocanhontas, bro't up from sea, ship Margaret Scott, out side, bound in, ship Ana, and bark Mary, from Liverpool, ship Canova and brig Congress; on the Bar—on the Bar bound out, ships Tennessee, & Morgiana, passed steamer Atlas, bound up with a brig and schr, Steamer Florida lying by in the fog—left the pass at 8 p m on Wednesday.

Ship Margaret Scott, Jones, Portsmouth, cargo to the master.

Steamer Courier, Keating, Lafouche interior with 67 hhds sugar J Hagan & co; 2 hhds do 38 bbls molasses Landreau & Chabert; 3 bales cotton Toledano & Gaillard; 4 do Maurin & O'Duhigg; 14 pass.

Steamer Columbia, Mumford, Bayou Sarah, with 162 bales cotton P DuBertrand; 123 J Linton; 101 M White; 57 Davenport & Maxent; 8 Maurin & O'Duhigg; 5 Cooper, Caruthers & co; 4 P Smith & co; 5 N & J Dick & co. 53 Reynolds, Byrne & co; 50 Williams & Lee; 41 N Cox; 32 J Hagan & co; 24 E Forestall; 5 Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; 4 Plauche & Courcelle; 11 to order; 4 do 28 hhds sugar T Nicolet & co; 29 bbls molasses J Purdon; 4 bbls P Smith & co; 4 bxs J Davenport; 4 bales skins J Ogilvie & co:—73 passengers

Steamer Souvenir, Moorhead, Lafourche interior, with sugar & molasses to J Hagan & co; W Bogart; J Linton; Toledano & Gaillard; Maurin & O'Duhigg; Peyroux, Rivarde & co; R D Shepherd & co: 16 cabin and 12 deck passengers.

Steamer Walter Scott, Culver, from Yazoo River, with 12 bales cotton Lockhart & Arnott, 17 W Bulott; 56 do 14 bales hides 1 box provisions P Smith & co; 9 bales cotton Smith & Kitchens; 66 do Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; 57 G A Lucas; 51 Bagley & Merritt; 10 M White; 141 W M Beal; 9 Cooper Caruthers & co; 12 J Hagan & co; 38 J Linton; 180 A Fisk & co; 126 do 20 bales deer skins Reynolds Byrne & co; 1 box merchandize J & L Brewster; 6 do to owners on board. Passengers, Messrs Adams, Hamer, Cook, Smith, Stack, Senelfits, Armand, Triloff, Scott, Swanne, Marsh, Seixas, Cathart, Meal, Dusuau, Thomason, Smith, Scott, Scarborough, Chambers, Perry, Harris, Madere.

3 flat boats from Alabama with 830 bales cotton to W M Beal; M White; N & J Dick & co; Cooper, Caruthers & co; L Maddox.

☞ THE brig SMYRNA, Bradford master, from Boston is discharging cargo near the ferry—consignees will please attend. march 4

ORLEANS THEATRE.

ON SUNDAY, MARCH 6, 1831,
Extraordinary performance.

MR. ARISTIPPE'S,

☞ *Sixth and last appearance.* ☜

SYLLA;

A tragedy in five acts, by de Jouy. M. Aristippe, will perform the part of Sylla.

To conclude with

THE COUNT ORY,

A grand opera in two acts, musice by Rossini.

NOTICE.

Whereas Louis Daunoy of the city of New Orleans has applied to me praying for the cancelling of three bonds; he first subscribed by him jointly with Prosper Marigny, J. Eugene Macarty, his securities, for the faithful performance of his duties of marshall of the city of New Orleans, on the twentieth day of November in eighteen hundred and twenty seven; the second, subscribed by him jointly with Prosper Marigny and Jean Guérin his securities for the faithful performance of his duties of marshall aforesaid, on the twentieth day of February eighteen hundred and twenty nine; the third, subscribed by him jointly with J. L. Lewis his security, on the twenty first of August eighteen hundred and twenty nine, & conditioned as the two above mentioned bonds, be cancelled, rased and annulled as also the mortgages which may result therefrom.

These are to give notice to all persons interested to show cause in writing at the office of the Secretary of State, within thirty days after the last publication hereof why the said bonds & the mortgages resulting therefrom should not be raised and annulled.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State at New Orleans on the twenty sixth of February eighteen hundred and thirty one and of the independence of the United States of America the fifty fifth.

By the Governor.

A. B. ROMAN.

G. A. WAGGAMAN, *Sec'y of State.*

DOMESTICS, WRAPPING PAPER &c. 26 bales 4-4 bro. sheeting, superior quality; 450 reams wrapping paper, large size; 100 barrels no. 3 mackerel, landing from brig Smyrna, for sale by STETSON & AVERY, Camp street. march 4

FOR 11 DAYS ONLY.

THE public are respectfully informed that Messrs. Purdy, Macomber, Carley & Birchard will positively close their Menagarie of 75 living animals now exhibiting at the corner of Orleans and Royal streets, near the Orleans Theatre, on Sunday the 13th inst. Improve the present opportunity as such an other may not soon offer. march 4

Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans.

March 2d, 1831.—present. THE HON. JAMES PITOT.

John Eberhard Ruff, vs. his creditors.

IT is ordered that a meeting of the creditors of the petitioner in this case, take place in open court on the 24th day of March inst. in order to deliberate upon the affairs of the said petitioner, and to show cause why he should not be discharged agreeably to the prayer of his said petition, and agreeably to the statute in such case made and provided; and in the mean time all proceedings against his person and property are stayed. I do hereby certify the above.

march 3 W. E. KENNEDY, Dep. Clerk

HAMS.

31 hhds first quality hams, landing, for sale by STETSON & AVERY, Camp street. march 3

THE subscribers offer for sale, the cargo of schr. Union, consisting of no. 1, 2 & 3 mackerel, in bbls., half bbls. and quarter bbls; fresh Turkey figs in drums; salmon in kegs, tongues and sounds,, herrings in boxes, painted pails and measures, nest casks &c. march 3 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR SALE.

Twenty first rate horses, owned by the proprietors of the Menagerie, now exhibiting in Orleans st, opposite the Theatre; among them are good carriage, gig, saddle and dray horses, all well broke and can be recommended for every kind of harness; they may be seen and the terms made known at Mr. Kay's stable on Tchepitoulas street.

N. B. the principal part of the above horses were bred in New-York, and have been three years in a southern climate. march 3

NOTICE.

The proprietors of orchards in the city and its environs, who may have fruit trees or vines to be planted or pruned, are respectfully requested to apply to Mr. Peguillan, merchant on the Levee, near the meat market, who will give information of a person well acquainted with that business, and whose prices will be very moderate. march 3

SUGAR.

500 hhds prime sugar, on plantations above the city, for sale by STETSON & AVERY, Camp street. march 3

DRY GOODS.

11 bales Osnaburg and 1 bale 5-4 imitation French sheeting, entitled to debenture, for sale by STETSON & AVERY. Camp street. march 3

NOTICE.

PERSONS having claims against the estate of the late widow Noyes are requested to present them together with the evidences upon which they are founded to the undersigned Testamentary Executor. march 2 ANDREA DIMITRY.

Parish Court for the parish and City of New Orleans.

March 1st, 1831—present. THE HON. JAMES PITOT.

Samuel Parker vs. his Creditors, and the creditors of Samuel Parker & Co.

THE cession of the property of the petitioner being accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors; it is ordered that a meeting of the said creditors take place at the office of G. R. Stringer, Esq. notary public, on the 4th day of April next, 1831, in order to deliberate upon the affairs of the said petitioner, and in the meantime all proceedings against his person and property are stayed; and it is further ordered that Thomas T. McCaleb Esq. be appointed counsel to represent the absent creditors in the premises. I do hereby certify the above.

March 2 THO. S. KENNEDY, Clerk.

HAY—100 bales New-York hay for sale by
march 1 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

EXCHANGE, both on Philadelphia at short sight in sums to suit purchasers for sale by
march 1 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

NOTICE.

THE public is cautioned against purchasing of Mr. Noel Badon, the lots forming the corner of St. John, commonly called Gravier-street, upon one of which is a house and kitchen, which he is in possession of, by virtue of a certain contract of sale, the same is decided to be null and title cannot be given.

March 1 WM. R. BADON.

A CARD.

WILL public discourse be to be BOA CONSTRICTOR on Thursday last, having been excessively crowded, Mr. Cross takes this opportunity of acquainting his friends and the public, that in consequence of the express request of many of his friends, he will exhibit on Sabbath Day, the 1st March next, at 4 o'clock P. M. Ladies and gentlemen are respectfully informed that there will be seats erected for their accomodation. Admittance $1. feb 28

COFFEE.—396 bags prime green Porto Rico coffee landing from schr St. Thomas—for sale by
feb 25 STETSON & AVERY.

MACKEREL &c.—No. 3 mackerel & nests casks, landing from ship Merrimack, for sale by
feb 23 LINCOLN & GREEN.

LANDING from the Steamer KENTUCKIAN, and for sale; 50 barrels superior old Monongahela whiskey; apply to
THOMSON & GRANT,
feb 22 30 Levee street.

50 10 lb. Cattys Young Hyson Tea for sale by ALPHEUS GURNEY,
feb 19 62 Gravier street.

SPERM CANDLES, MACKEREL &c. 629 Barrels, & 391 half barrels Mackerel, 424 boxes white & dry Codfish, 217 boxes Herings, and 153 boxes Sperm Candles, 150 Molasses hhds, & 50 barrels, received per Brig Chalcedony, for sale by WILLIAM G. HEWES,
feb 17 No 9 Camp street.

FOR SALE—A very fine Carriage in good condition, and two fine Horses; apply at this office. feb 25

MACKEREL &c.—100 bbls no. 3 mackerel, 40 nests molasses casks; 86 hhds, landing from ship Delos, for sale by
march 1 LINCOLN & GREEN.

PRIME GREEN COFFEE.

154 BAGS, landing from on board the Catharine, for sale by
feb 24 J W ZACHARIE & co.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

500 hhds superior sugar on the coast, 200 do do do do in the city, 20,000 galls. molasses; for sale by A. GURNEY, Broker,
feb 24 no. 62 Gravier-street.

NEXT LOTTERY.

NATCHITOCHES

CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.

4TH CLASS FOR 1831.

The drawing will take place on Saturday, 5th March, 1831.

Scheme.

PRIZES.		DOLLARS.		DOLLARS
1	OF	10,000	IS	10,000
1	OF	3,000	IS	3,000
1	OF	1,800	IS	1,800
1	OF	1,400	IS	1,400
1	OF	1,200	IS	1,200
1	OF	1,000	IS	1,000
6	OF	500	ARE	3,000
6	OF	300		1,800
6	OF	200		1,200
156	OF	50		7,800
156	OF	30		4,680
694	OF	8		4,992
7800	OF	4		31,200
8760	PRIZES,			110,080

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $4 00
Halves 2 00
Quarters 1 00

☞ Whole packages to draw at least $16 halves and quarters in proportion.

J. B. FAGET, *Manager.*

Feb 16 No. 119, Chartre street.

For Louisville, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh.

The superior & fast sailing steamboat ALFRED CLIFT, J Morrison, master, having her entire cargo now on board, will positively leave port on Friday next, the 4th inst at 4 o'clock p. m. for passage apply on board or to P. M. TOURNE,
march 2 15 New-Levee.

FOR BOSTON.

THE superior coppered, fast sailing brig SMYRNA, Ellis Bradford, master, will have despatch, for freight or passage, apply on board, or to STETSON & AVERY,
march 4 Camp street.

FOR CHARLESTON.

Some light freight, wanted for the Schr GEN. GEDDES, Hayne master, for the above place, apply to
march 2 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR VERA CRUZ.

A good vessel will be despatched for the above place if the bulk of 300 bbls be offered, apply to
march 2 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

The fine Spanish brig PRIMERO DE MAHON, capt. J Vincent, will sail to the abovementioned port, the latter part of this week. For passage only, the brig having superior accommodations, apply to the captain on board, or to J. PRATS,
march 1 no 52 St. Anne-street.

FOR NEW-YORK.

The fine brig GOV. KING, Kelly master, burthen 207 tons, and will carry about 100 hhds of sugar—for freight apply to the master on board or to
feb 23 J. W. ZACHARIE, & co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

(*To sail on Saturday next*)

The packet ship EDWARD BONAFFE, capt. Vandyke, wants about 150 bales cotton, or the bulk thereof in light freight to comple her cargo—for which or passage, apply on board or to S. C BELL,
feb 28 Canal-street.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

The splendid packet Brig ELM, J. W. Mierkens master; having superior accommodations for passengers, for freight or passage; apply to
feb 26 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

WANTED,

A first class vessel of about 1600 bales burthen for Liverpool; apply to
feb 25 T. NICOLET & Co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fast sailing coppered schr ST THOMAS, capt. Lane, of the burthen of 600 barrels, will be ready to receive cargo in three days. For terms apply to the master on board, nearly opposite Custom House street or to STETSON & AVERY,
feb 25 No 27 camp street.

FOR MATTAMORAS, vel. of the River.

The fine fast sailing schr JANE, McPherson, master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged, will commence taking in on Monday next the 28th inst. for residue of freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the capt. on board or to
feb 25 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR BOSTON.—(A Packet.)

The fine fast sailing coppered barque PALLAS, capt. Kelly, having part of her cargo engaged, will have despatch. For freight or passage, apply to the master on board, opposite the Custom House or to STETSON & AVERY, Camp-st.

FOR BOSTON OR PHILADELPHIA.

The new and fast sailing [A 1] brig [illegible], will have despatch for one of the above ports—for freight apply to the master on board opposite the Custom House or to A. GURNEY, 62 Gravier-st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fine fast sailing brig JOSEPH SPRAGUE, capt Hanks, will carry about 275 hhds sugar, or 400 bbls flour, apply to
feb 23 Wm. G. HEWES,

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The [A 1] brig CHALCEDONA, capt. King, will carry about 150 hhds sugar—apply to W. G. HEWES,
feb 22 no 9 Camp street.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fine brig MOSCOW, Fales, master, burthen about 400 hhds sugar, will be in readiness to receive cargo in a few days; apply on board or to
feb 22 STETSON & AVERY.

WANTED, a vessel for Europe; apply to
feb 21 THEODORE NICOLET & Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The fine coppered and copper fastened brig THOMAS, I. Currie Master. For freight or passage, apply to
feb 16 THEODORE NICOLET & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE coppered (A 1) brig NAVARINO, Capt Weeks, will carry about 150 hhds. sugar, apply to W. G. HEWES.
feb 15 no. 9 Camp street.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

A first rate coppered brig, burthen 150 tons, can be in readiness to receive cargo in a few days. Apply to
of 12 STETSON & AVERY,

WANTED.

A good vessel to carry about 400 to 425 hhds. sugar and molasses to a northern port. Apply to
feb 11 THEOD. NICOLET & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The [A 1] brig ELVIRA, capt. Joseph Grace, burthen 900 bales cotton—apply to W G HEWES,
feb 9 No. 9 Camp-street

WANTED.

A first class vessell, of 800 bales capacity, for a northern port—apply to STETSON & AVERY.
feb 9 27 Camp st.

FOR HAVANA OR MANTANZAS.

(*As freight may offer.*)

The fine Spanish fast sailing coppered brig ISABELLA & JUAN, Beign master, burthen about 800 barrels. For freight or passage apply to
feb 5 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fast sailing brig DELAWARE Wilson master, burthen 130 tons, and stows 160 hhds, for terms apply to the Captain on board opposite blue stores, or to
feb 4 J W ZACHARIE & co.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The fine schooner PAHAMOUNT, Capt. Tobey, burthen about 80 hhds sugar, will be ready to load in 3 or 4 days. For terms apply to
feb 3 LINCOLN & GREEN

MACKEREL, COD FISH, & HERRING. 300 Bbls Mackerel; 50 kids do; 200 boxes cod Fish; 200 do Herring; now landing from brig Gem, opposite the custom house, for sale by A. GURNEY, 62 Gravier st.
feb 28

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY T. MOSSY.

WILL be sold, at his auction store on Friday 4th of March, at 11 A. M. under the inspection of the British Consul: 4500 English Quills, damaged on the voyage of importation, to be sold for account of whom it may con cern. march 3

BY T. MOSSY.

WILL be sold, on Monday the 7th inst, at 12 o'clock, noon, at Hewlett's Exchange, a mulatto slave called James, about 28 years old, a shoe-maker, and having passed about one year in the country. Also, a mulatto girl named Julia, about 12 years old, a very intelligent servant and capable of doing plain sewing, but addicted to running away. These slaves are warranted free from the vices and diseases provided by law. Conditions will be made known at the sale. march 3

BY T. MOSSY.

ON TUESDAY, the 8th inst. at his auction store, will be sold

50 packages of HARDWARE, consisting of Louisiana hoes and socket spades, trace chains and back chains, grid irons, curry combs, and brass cocks; tinned iron and metal spoons; drawing knives, screw augers and frocs; pick axes, adzes and iron wedges; hooks and hinges and hooks and staples; fish hooks assorted; carpenter's planes, and a variety of joiner's tools; mill, pit and cross-cut saws; japanned trays, waiters and sugar boxes; French bolts; and various other articles. Terms at sale. march 3

[*Sale postponed*]

BY J. LECARPENTIER.

WILL be sold at Hewlett's Exchange coffee house on Monday the 7th of March 1831, at noon, immediately after the sale of Beale's plantation, a creole negro girl named Victoire, aged about 19 years, a good house servant and some what of a seamstress.

Terms:—6 and 12 months, in notes satisfactorily endorsed and mortgage on the slave; the deed of sale to be executed, at the expense of the purchaser, before Carlile Pollock Esq. Notary Public. feb 28

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Monday the 7th of March next, at noon, will be sold at Hewlett's coffee-house,

A LOT OF GROUND, corner of Magazine and Gravier streets, measuring 34 feet 7½ in front to the corner and 100 feet 8 inches on the latter, on which stands a fine two story brick house.

A LOT measuring 18 feet 9½ inches front of Gravier street and 94 feet 11¾ inches in depth, on which stands a two story brick store.

A LOT adjoining the preceding, one measuring 13 feet 8 inches with a similar store on it.

A LOT adjoining the preceding, measuring 21 feet 7 inches, having also on it a two story brick store.

☞ A plan of the above property shall be exhibited on the day of sale.

PAYABLE—¼ cash, ¼ Dec. 30 1831, ¼ Dec. 30 1832, and ¼ Dec. 30 1833.

MARSHAL'S SALES

James McAlister vs. P. Price.

BY Virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, by the Hon. P. Smith, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale, on Monday 14th March, at 12 o'clock, at noon, at the exchange coffee house, corner of Chartres & St Louis street, 2 Mules, 1 dray & Harness, sized in the above suit
march 4 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

MACKEREL & MOLASSES CASKS.

50 barrels no. 1 } Mackerel.
400 do do 3 }

25 Nests new molasses casks, for sale by STETSON & AVERY,
feb 5 Camp-street.

TAR, PITCH, ROSIN, & TURPENTINE.

50 bbls tar, 50 do pitch, 50 do rosin and 50 do spirits turpentine, for sale by
feb 28 J. W. ZACHARIE, & co.

EXCHANGE on New York and Boston, for sale by [feb 26] T. NICOLET & Co.

JAMAICA COFFEE & PIMENTO.

8 tierces coffee; 20 bags pimento; received per St Croix, for sale by
feb 26 J. W ZACHARIE & Co.

HAVANA COFFEE.

900 bags prime green, landing from on board the brig Ellen, for sale
feb 23 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

154 BAGS prime Havanna coffee, landing from the Catharine, for sale by
feb 23 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

SUPERFINE MUSTARD.

IN cases of 6 doz. bottles each, landing from ship Albree and for sale by STETSON & AVERY.
feb 15 27 Camp street.

13 cases mahogany veneers, for sale very low, to close sales, if applied for immediately. B. REES,
feb 17 no. 10 Chartres street

TAR.—100 bbls pr. schr. Nelson, 100 bbls pr. schr Abigal, 120 bbls per brig Samaritan, for sale by W. G. HEWES,
feb 22 no 9 Camp-street

MAYOR ALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.—The price of fresh Flour being this day $4 75 per barrel, according to the tariff the Bakers must give during the ensuing week, (which commences on Monday) 48 ounces of bread for a bit.
feb 26 D. PRIEUR, mayor.

COFFEE.—115 bags prime green Havana coffee, just received and for sale by
feb 8 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

FOR sale by J. W. Zacharie & co. one case of assorted superfine men and women's hose, laced ancles.
Feb 1

MACKEREL.—100 bbls. No. 3 mackerel for sale by
feb 9 A. GURNEY, Gravier-st.

FLOUR & BUTTER.—275 barrels and 50 half barrels fresh Flour, 50 kegs Ohio Butter, just received and for sale by
Jan 12 STETSON & AVERY.

ETAT DE LA LOUISIANE,

COUR DU PREMIER DISTRICT JUDICIAIRE.

Nicolas Benoist contre ses créanciers et les créanciers de Benoist et Blanchard.

IL est ordonné qu'une assemblée des créanciers de Nicolas Benoist et de Benoist et Blanchard ait lieu en l'étude d'Octave Armand, esq., notaire, le samedi 2 d'avril prochain, à 10 heures du matin, aux fins mentionnées dans la pétition présentée aujourd'hui par Nicolas Benoist. Jusqu'à cette époque, toutes poursuites judiciaires contre la personne du dit Benoist et ses propriétés, ainsi que contre celles de la raison Benoist et Blanchard, sont et demeurent suspendues.

C. T. Pauney, esq., est nommé pour représenter les créanciers absents.

Bureau du greffier, 28 février 1831.

1 mars—3, 1 10j. JOHN LEWIS.

CANDLES, MACKEREL &c.

60 boxes sperm candles, 4s, 5s and 6s; 123 bbls. no. 3 mackerel; 155 boxes first quality scaled herrings; 21 do, pickles in gallon and half gallon jars, landing from barque Pal and for sale by
feb 21 STETSON & AVERY.

TO DENTISTS.

SEA Horse Teeth. One case landing from schr. Sophia, and for sale by B. REES,
feb 19 no. 10 Chartres street.