

building contractors in the territory he has nursed during his long official career. Minister of Finance Ikeda from the same native place of Hiroshima as Iwasawa has eagerly been urging him to enter politics. Mr. Mikishi Abe, also an engineer (but he specializes in concrete engineering) and holding office until recently as chief of the Special Procurement Board, resigned from the office the other day in order to offer himself as a Democratic-Liberal candidate. One time when the political circles were in uproar over the bribery scandals involving political party men and building contractors, he was in office as president of the Reconstruction Board. It was just a little time after the Katayama Cabinet was formed. He told the cabinet bombastically that he would leave it entirely to the cabinet to decide on his course, but that he was against any step to place a political party man as his successor in case he had to go out of his office, because such placement would darken the political world. It is not known with what intention he is going to enter politics, but at any rate it will be good if his advent should brighten the political arena ever so slightly.

Government Officials Fighting Shy Of National Personnel Authority's Exam

Mr. Yoneji Yamamoto, deputy director of the Economic Stabilization Board, is angry with the National Personnel Authority located in the same building as his office, bawling out, "Is that office going to give us an examination? Don't let it trifle with us!" He also appears to be going to run for the el-



ection or to go back to his old job at the Bank of Japan. Among other government officials of the rank of bureau chief who are expected to run for the Upper House are such persons as Mr. Kiichi Aichi, chief of the Banking Bureau of the Finance Ministry, and Mr. Yoshi Murakami, chief of the Savings Bureau of the Ministry of Postal Service. It is accidental coincidence that the two each hold positions relating to money. It is said that if things take their course as they are doing now it is sure that he will become Vice-Minister of Finance next time. However, at the same time it is also said that he will submit his resignation before the year is out, because he is unable to bear the "psychological insult" of being subjected to the National Personnel Authority's examination of Government officials. In such circumstances the official examination in question appears to have created a graver stir in the officialdom than the outsiders suppose it to be. Also, Mr. Seita Fukui holding the high-sounding position of the Procuratorship General is seen as likely to run for the election. He appears to do so together with his boss Shunkichi Ueda, Attorney General, who is the only Cabinet member that ~~is not a member of~~ *has not a seat in* the Diet.

#### Postwar School Diplomats' Appearance Outstanding

After the end of the war diplomatic bureaucrats have remarkably come to enter politics, and nearly all "big figures" of such ranks as ambassador and minister have already appeared on the political stage. Those who still remain behind the scene are, in respect to caliber, second or third rate diplomats belonging to the postwar school. Now when Japan's



peace treaty is being talked as soon to come, many diplomats are expected to run for the coming election. Among them is Mr. Masu Sone. He who was assistant chief secretary of the Katayama Cabinet has been relatively familiar with us since the termination of the war. He is expected to be a Socialist candidate. As is well known, he is husband of a daughter of Mr. Keita Goto of the Tokyo Express Electric Railway Company. He is going to run for the Upper House under support of the riches of his wife's father. It is also well known that he, while holding post as chief of the Political Section of the Central Liaison and Coordination Office at the time of the Shidehara government, incurred the displeasure of the then Foreign Minister Yoshida over the Hatoyama purge case, and was relegated to some post in Kyushu. Mr. Hisanari Yamada who succeeded Mr. Sone is also expected to be a candidate, along with Mr. Shintaro Fukushima who was assistant chief secretary of the Ashida Cabinet. Messrs. Yamada and Fukushima have so pronounced Democratic leanings; especially the latter is said to be backed up by the Tenrikyo religious group and be going to make the power of its extensive organization and huge wealth tell. It is rumored that he may come out successful. Besides the above stated persons, Mr. Saburo Ota is also to run for the election. He was formerly an embassy councillor, and after the close of the war was onetime mayor of Yokosuka City. He is a younger brother of Mr. Ichiro Ota now in office as Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs. It is said that it has already informally been decided to nominate him as an official Democrat-



ic-Liberal candidate together with Mr. Shiro Yuki, chief of the Liaison and Coordination Office in Kyushu. Among other diplomats expected to run are included Mr. Koto Ma-tsudaira, former chief of the Investigation Bureau of the Foreign Office, and Mr. Fumio Miura, head of the Special Procurement Office in Kyoto, who returned home from Moscow after the war's end together with Mr. Naotake Sato, now President of the House of Councillors. The above two persons will stand for no political parties in the coming election, although it seems almost indisputable that they both have very remarkable Democratic-Liberal leanings.

The Greater Part Of Expectant Candidates To Stand  
For Democratic-Liberal Party

Next, among the financial, and commercial and industrial bureaucrats are such persons as Messrs. <sup>Shinzo</sup> ~~Shinjo~~ Oku-ta and Seitaro Okamatsu, both former Vice-Minister of Commerce and Industry, in addition to Mr. Uichi Noda, formerly Vice-Minister of Finance and now president of the Monopoly Corporation. As for the last of the three, he formerly was said never to fail to appear himself in the Diet on any day when financial committee meetings were held, in those days when the House used to be fought shy of by the bureaucracy. "At last he is going to run" is the feeling of those who know him. Besides, it seems almost certain that Messrs. Juhei Sugaya, ex-chief of the Production Bureau of the Economic Stabilization Board, Tomotaro Hosoi, former chief of the Trade and General



Goods Bureau of the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, and Shigeru Yamamoto, formerly chief of the Chemical Bureau of the same Ministry and now president of the Japan Polytechnic Association, also will be candidates, although it is yet to be known what political party they will stand for. Further, Messrs. Masataka To-yoda, chief director of the Central Bank of Commerce and Industry, and Daisuke Saito, former chief of the Commercial and Industrial Bureau in Kyushu, are having their eye on the election. Besides these, Mr. Shinzo Furuike, ex-chief of the International Trade and Industry Bureau in Nagoya, and Hanjiro Oya, deputy chief director of the Central Bank of Agriculture and Forestry, are also expected to run for the Upper House, standing for the Democratic-Liberals. Also, Mr. Jiro Kobayashi who recently quit post as Secretary General of the House of Councillors is an expectant candidate, standing for the same political party. Thus, it seems that the bureaucrats in general are ~~fond~~ fond of the Democratic-Liberals.



HOCHI NEWSPAPER  
dated 13 December 1949

Possible candidates for the House of Councillors (1950 Election)

- |                        |   |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| ✓                      | 1. KORI, Yuichi                                   | Deputy Chief of Cabinet Secretary  |
| OK. ✓                  | 2. OTA, Saburo                                    | Former Mayor of Yokosuka City and<br>former Diplomat.  |
| ✓ *                    | 3. KATAYANAGI, Shinkichi                          | <del>Vice Minister</del> <sup>Director Food Control Bureau</sup> of Agriculture and Forestry |
| — *                    | 4. SONE, Masu                                     | Former Chief of CLCO (wife: <sup>daughter</sup> of Goto Keita)                               |
| —                      | 5. FUKUSHIMA, Shintaro                            | Deputy Chief of Secretariate, Ashida Cabinet   |
| —                      | 6. IWASAWA, Tadayasu                              | Vice Minister of Construction Ministry   |
| —                      | 7. FUKUI, Seita                                   | Procurator General   |
| ✓ *                    | 8. Matsudaira <del>Koto</del> <sup>Tadahisa</sup> | Former Chief of Investigation Bureau, Foreign Office   |
| — *                    | 9. YAMADA, <del>Hisa</del> <sup>Hisanari</sup> ?  | CLCO   |
| — *                    | 10. MIURA Fumio                                   | Chief of Special Procurement Board, (Kyoto)  |
| OK. <sup>Pres.</sup> ✓ | 11. OYA, Hanjiro                                  | Central Agricultural Bank, Vice Director<br>Chief  |
| —                      | 12. HOSOI Tomitaro                                | Former General Goods Bureau, International<br>Foreign Trade and Industry Ministry            |
| — *                    | 13. IBE, Mikishi                                  | Chief of Special Procurement Board   |
| —                      | 14. OKUTA, Shinzo                                 | Former Vice Minister of Commerce and Industry  |
| —                      | 15. TOYODA, Masataka                              | Chief Director of Central Commercial Bank  |
| —                      | 16. SAITO, Daisuke                                | Former Chief of Local Commercial and Industrial<br>Bureau (Fukuoka)                          |
| ✓ *                    | 17. OKAMATSU, Seitaro                             | Former Vice Minister of Commerce and Industry  |
| —                      | 18. FURUIKE, Shinzo                               | Former Chief of International Trade Bureau<br>(Nagoya)                                       |
| — *                    | 19. Aichi, Kiichi                                 | Chief of Banking Bureau, Finance Ministry  |
| —                      | 20. Yamamoto Shigeru                              | Former Bureau Chief of International Trade and<br>Industry.                                  |
| —                      | 21. KOBAYASHI Jiro                                | Former Secretary General of House of Councillors.  |
| ✓                      | 22. YAMAMOTO, Yoneji                              | Vice Director of Economic Stabilization Board  |
| ✓                      | 23. MURAKAMI, Yoshi                               | Chief of Savings Bureau, Ministry of Postal Service  |



24. SUGAYA, Juhei

Former Chief of Production Bureau, Economic  
Stabilization Bureau

✓ 25. NODA Uichi  
(no picture.)

Former Vice Minister of Finance































番

高は推定され、いわれ... 年内一杯に評表を... 閣議に提出された...



大半は民自党から... 大いに天賦、商工関係の... 閣議に提出された...

期中国の対米貿易... 四九上半期の中国の対米輸出... 二億九千九百六十...

況見送り... 証券市場には何等の... 反響も呼ばず引続...

トド総領事乗船... 瘦せても元氣一ぱい... 飛船した、飛船したのは...

株共和証券... 株共和証券... 株共和証券...

か... 明駐在... 経済同盟結成へ... 欧州五ヶ國首...

Table with multiple columns listing various stocks and their prices, including '東京株式気配' and '株共和証券'.

協和銀行 (Kaiwa Bank) advertisement. Includes a table for '第二回協和のしき積金' (2nd Kaiwa Savings) with prize amounts and a list of branches.

Large advertisement for 'アンチコ' (Anti-Co) featuring a woman's portrait and text about pregnancy prevention. Includes the name '石崎仲三郎先生創製' (Created by Dr. Nakayama Naosaburo).

Advertisement for 'ルモザン錠' (Lumozan Tablets) for stomach acid relief. Includes a diagram of the stomach and text: '胃酸を抑えよ' (Suppress stomach acid).

Advertisement for 'アンチコ' (Anti-Co) with a large graphic of the product name and text: '避妊には坐薬が一番効果的です' (Suppositories are the most effective for contraception).











政府の夜の騒ぎをまねいたの  
た別の機会にやろう」とり  
だ、この責任はあくまで追及  
せねばならぬ」と廣川幹事長  
以下のある側をとりまく、よ  
い土台からくつろぎ出す

### 森農相が「有難う」

板野氏十時間の時をかせぐ  
つた  
あわてた相田直道氏が  
「時間もおそいことだし、ま  
委員官席の石田博英氏など  
かどうかで採決に入り堂々め  
のりの中、時針は十二時を  
指し、両法案の通りつづしが  
ついに実現された、この結果  
政府の政治責任は重大問題と  
なり、民自党内の不満分子  
の動搖も顕著化しているの  
今後の成行が重視される  
(写真は板野幹事長)

「いや、よく有難う」と挨拶  
したが、これがイヤイヤと  
法を通そうとした民自党のほ  
んとのハラだったよ

### 員が暴言

信夫氏(民自、参)らのソ同盟  
代表部等にむけての暴言を引  
き出した

### 砂間氏の懲罰消滅

引揚進歩派議案の賛成討論を  
めぐって権藤三郎氏(民野)から  
懲罰動議は今朝切れの三日夜

### 飢餓政策に迎合

#### 人事院勧告へ 黨議員團聲明

公務員給増に関する人事院の  
勧告に対し、日本共産黨議員  
団は、この勧告は、公務員給  
増の要求を九千七百円ペース  
が要求する九千七百円ペース

当初は従前の例による  
一、檢察官の俸給は特別法が  
ら一般法に切替えることが必要  
である  
なお実務期日にはふれてない  
が、俸給算定の基礎は本年七  
月の生活費となつてゐる  
政府の態度は勧告を多読すれば  
「安定経済政策」が根本から崩  
されるとして、議員のゆとりが  
ないことを表面下の理由に反対  
している、廣田官房長官、池田  
首相は「給與ペース引  
上げには應じない」と表明して  
おり、院外大衆の生活窮迫と相  
まつて給與ペース改訂問題は第  
七國會でも頭角をあらわし、野  
黨の激しい抗争となるものとみ  
られている

失業、給與二決  
議案握り潰す  
労働者大衆の利害に直接に關係  
する法案等を野黨は、きき院人  
事、労働の両委員長は、今國會  
をばじめ、三井、三菱鉱山が三  
つた

インドとビルマ  
近く新中國承認  
ユニー・モンク首相言明  
「北海通商局」廿六日から無  
期限ストにはいつた昭電連盟  
をばじめ、三井、三菱鉱山が三  
つた

北海通商各炭  
鑛うごく  
「北海通商局」廿六日から無  
期限ストにはいつた昭電連盟  
をばじめ、三井、三菱鉱山が三  
つた

新中國承認  
こそ正當  
英國連代表、国  
府案に反対  
「北海通商局」廿六日から無  
期限ストにはいつた昭電連盟  
をばじめ、三井、三菱鉱山が三  
つた

七千八百七十七圓

日頃からそれぞれ十日間の液状ス  
トにはいるものとみられている  
が、北興、井藤各社でも職闘  
争が活発化し、職闘争の動き  
が本道の全境に起きようとし  
てゐる  
北興新職内(二千六百七十名)  
では廿五日から職闘争、防衛  
服をよこせと会社と交渉、一せ  
いに職闘大会をひらき、最悪の  
場合はストをも辞せずと決議し  
て組合執行部にあくまで斗争と  
申入れた、廿六日、会社側は職  
闘争に一月廿八日、職闘手当一  
月二百円、坑外夫への防衛手当  
防禦服の支給など職闘要求を全  
面的に認めた  
井藤新職内(千八百五十名)で  
は廿二日、主権二百名が「主権  
大会」をひらき、職闘手当要求  
を決議、組合執行部に申入れた  
北興新職内(千四百九十名)  
では切羽が整えられたため、ず  
り運動が廿四日から七十里に及  
び、職闘手当八名に職員二交會を  
認めさせた  
昭電連盟(二千四百十名)で  
は職闘手当二百名が廿八日の大  
会で会社の切詰しをけり労働と  
の共闘を決議した

村氏も「共斗  
委」に参加  
昭電小海の斗争  
「南佐久分局」二百三名中卅  
二名の首まり通告を受けた昭電  
小海工場は村民支持の下に團體  
交渉で通告を一括返上、卅日正  
午から廿四時間ストを行つた、  
電産、國産をはじめ地元民は  
「昭電がなければわれわれの生  
活もない」と共闘委員会をつく  
り昭電中心に集つてきた大衆を  
ひらいた

しずかなる山々 (65)  
徳永直  
三十九  
「いや、よく有難う」と挨拶  
したが、これがイヤイヤと  
法を通そうとした民自党のほ  
んとのハラだったよ

「いや、よく有難う」と挨拶  
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法を通そうとした民自党のほ  
んとのハラだったよ



















