

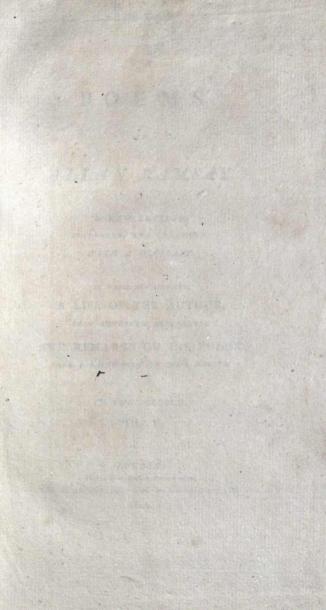


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POEMS

OF

ALLAN RAMSAY.

A NEW EDITION,

CORRECTED, AND ENLARGED;

WITH A GLOSSARY.

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED,

A LIFE OF THE AUTHOR,
FROM AUTHENTIC DOCUMENTS:

AND REMARKS ON HIS POEMS,

IN TWO VOLUMES.

LONDON:
Printed by A. Strahan, Printers Street,
FOR T. CADELL JUN. AND W. DAVIES, STRAND.
1800.

ROLMS

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PASTORAL.

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1721.

RICHY AND SANDY *:

ON THE DEATH OF MR. ADDISON.

RICHY.

What gars thee look fae dowf, dear Sandy fay? Cheer up, dull fellow, take thy reed and play "My apron deary," or fome wanton tune: Be merry, lad, and keep thy heart aboon.

SANDY.

Na, na, it winna do; leave me to mane: This aught days twice o'er tell'd I 'll whistle nane.

RICHY.

^{*} Sir Richard Steele and Mr. Alexander Pope.

RICHY.

Wow, man, that 's unco' fad !—Is 't that ye'r jo

Has ta'en the strunt? Or has some bogle-bo, Glowrin frae 'mang auld waws, gi'en ye a sleg? Or has some dauted wedder broke his leg?

SANDY.

Naithing like that, fic troubles eith were borne: What 's bogles, wedders, or what Maufy's fcorn? Our loss is meikle mair, and past remead: Adie, that play'd and sang sae sweet, is dead.

RICHY.

Dead! fay'st thou?—Oh, had up my heart, O Pan!

Ye gods, what laids ye lay on feckless man!
Alake therefore! I canna wyt ye'r wae;
I'll bear ye company for year and day.
A better lad ne'er lean'd out o'er a kent,
Or hounded coly o'er the mossy bent:
Blyth at the bught how aft ha' we three been,
Heartsome on hills, and gay upon the green.

SANDY.

That's true indeed; but now that days are gane, And, with him, a' that 's pleafant on the plain. A fummer day I never thought it lang, To hear him make a roundel or a fang. How fweet he fung where vines and myrtles grow, Of wimbling waters which in Latium flow *. Titry the Mantuan herd, wha lang finfyne, Best fung on aeten reed the lover's pine, Had he been to the fore now in our days, Wi' Adie he had frankly dealt his bays. As lang's the warld shall Amaryllis ken, His Rofamond + shall echo thro' the glen: While on burn banks the yellow gowan grows, Or wand'ring lambs rin bleating after ewes, His fame shall last: last shall his sang of weirs t, While British bairns brag of their bauld forbeairs. We'll meikle miss his blyth and witty jest, At spaining time, or at our Lambmass feast. O, Richy! but 'tis hard that death ay reaves Away the best fowk, and the ill anes leaves. Hing down'ye'r heads, ye hills, greet out ye fprings, Upon ye'r edge na mair the shepherd sings.

RICHY.

^{*} His poetic epiftle from Italy to the Earl of Halifax.

[†] An opera wrote by him.

[†] His Campaign, an heroic poem.

RICHY.

Then he had ay a good advice to gie, And kend my thoughts amaist as well as me: Had I been thowless, vext, or oughtlins four, He wad have made me blyth in haff an hour: Had Rosie ta'en the dorts, or had the tod Worry'd my lambs, or were my feet ill shod, Kindly he 'd laugh when fae he faw me dwine, And tauk of happiness like a divine. Of ilka thing he had an unco' skill; He kend be moon-light how tides ebb and fill; He kend (what kend he no?) e'en to a hair He'd tell or night gin neist day wad be fair. Blind John *, ye mind, wha fang in kittle phrase, How the ill sp'rit did the first mischief raise; Mony a time, beneath the auld birk-tree, What 's bonny in that fang he loot me fee. The lasses aft flung down their rakes and pails, And held their tongues, O strange! to hear his tales

SANDY.

Sound be his fleep, and faft his wak'ning be; He 's in a better cafe than thee or me:

He

^{*} The famous Milton, the author of the excellent poem on Paradife Loft, was blind.

He was o'er good for us; the gods hae ta'en
Their ain but back—he was a borrow'd len:
Let us be good, gin virtue be our drift,
Then we may yet forgether 'boon the lift.
But fee the sheep are wyfing to the cleugh;
Thomas has loos'd his oufen frae the pleugh;
Maggy by this has bewk the supper-scones;
And muckle kye stand rowting in the loans:
Come, Richy, let us truse and hame o'er bend,
And make the best of what we canna mend.

Dur how he depone, and well he was to

Whin friendly looks they local it, wherefore

The rank has been and being the rank

1728.

ROBERT, RICHY, AND SANDY:

A PASTORAL ON THE DEATH OF MATTHEW PRIOR.

Robert, the good, by a' the fwains rever'd,
Wife are his words, like filler is his beard;
Near faxty shining simmers he has seen,
Tenting his hirsle on the moorland green:
Unshaken yet with mony a winter's wind,
Stout are his limbs, and youthfu' is his mind.
But now he droops, ane wad be wae to see
Him sae cast down; ye wadna trow 'tis he.
By break of day he seeks the dowy glen,
That he may scowth to a' his mourning len:
Nane but the clinty craigs and scrogy briers
Were witnesses of a' his granes and tears.
Howder'd wi' hills a crystal burnie ran,
Where twa young shepherds fand the good auld
man:

Kind Richy Spec, a friend to a' diftrest, And Sandy, wha of shepherds sings the best; With friendly looks they speer'd, wherefore he mourn'd?

He rais'd his head, and, fighing, thus return'd:

ROBERT.

O Matt! poor Matt!—my lads, e'en take a skair Of a' my grief:—sweet-singing Matt's nae mair. Ah heavens! did e'er this lyart head of mine Think to have seen the cauldrife mools on thine.

RICHY.

My heart mifga'e me when I came this way, His dog its lane fat yowling on a brae; I cry'd, "Isk! isk! poor Ringwood, fairy man:" He wagg'd his tail, cour'd near, and lick'd my han':

I clap'd his head, which eas'd a wee his pain;
But foon 's I gade away, he yowl'd again.
Poor kindly beaft!—Ah, firs, how fic should be
Mair tender-hearted mony a time than we!

SANDY.

Last ouk I dream'd my tup that bears the bell,
And paths the snaw, out o'er a high craig fell,
And brak his leg.—I started frae my bed,
Awak'd, and leugh.—Ah! now my dream its
red.

How dreigh 's our cares! our joys how foon away, Like fun-blinks on a cloudy winter's day!

Flow

Flow fast, ye tears, ye have free leave for me;
Dear sweet-tongu'd Matt! thousands shall greet for thee.

ROBERT.

Thanks to my friends, for ilka briny tear, Ye shed for him; he to us a' was dear. Sandy, I'm eas'd to see thee look sae wan; Richy, thy sighs bespeak the kindly man.

RICHY.

But twice the fummer's fun has thaw'd the fnaw,

Since frae our heights Addie * was tane awa':
Fast Matt has follow'd.—Of sic twa bereft,
To smooth our sauls, alake! wha have we left?
Waes me! o'er short a tack of sic is given,
But wha may contradict the will of Heaven?
Yet mony a year he liv'd to hear the dale
Sing o'er his sangs, and tell his merry tale.
Last year I had a stately tall ash-tree,
Braid were its branches, a sweet shade to me;
I thought it might have flourish'd on the brae,
Tho' past its prime, yet twenty years or sae:

But

^{*} Secretary Addison.

But ae rough night the blatt'ring winds blew fnell,

Torn frae its roots adown it fouchan fell;
Twin'd of its nourishment it lifeless lay,
Mixing its wither'd leaves amang the clay.
Sae flourish'd Matt: but where 's the tongue can
tell

How fair he grew? how much lamented fell?

SANDY

How fnackly cou'd he gi'e a fool reproof,
E'en wi' a canty tale he 'd tell aff loof?
How did he warning to the dosen'd fing,
By auld Purganty, and the Dutchman's ring?
And Lucky's filler ladle shaws how aft
Our greatest wishes are but vain and dast.
The wad-be wits, he bad them a' but pap
Their crazy heads into Tam Tinman's shap;
There they wad see a squirrel wi' his bells
Ay wrestling up, yet rising like themsells.
Thousands of things he wittily could say,
With fancy strang, and saul as clear as day;
Smart were his tales: but where 's the tongue can

How blyth he was? how much lamented fell?

RICHY.

And as he blythsome was, sae was he wife, Our laird himfell wa'd aft take his advice. E'en cheek for chew he 'd feat him 'mang them a', And tauk his mind 'bout kittle points of law. When clan Red-yards *, ye ken, wi' wicked feud, Had skail'd of ours, but mair of his ain blood: When I, and mony mae that were right crouse, Wad fain about his lugs have burnt his house: Yet lady Anne, a woman meek and kind, A fae to weirs, and of a peacefu' mind, Since mony in the fray had got their dead, To make the peace our friend was fent wi' speed. The very faes had for him just regard, Tho' fair he jib'd their formast singing bard t. Careful was Matt: but where's the tongue can tell How wife he was? how much lamented fell?

SANDY.

Wha cou'd like him, in a fhort fang, define The bonny lass and her young lover's pine?

I'll

^{*} Lewis XIV. king of France.

[†] Boileau, whose ode on the taking Namur by the French in 1692, he burlesqued, on its being retaken by the English in 1695.

I 'll ne'er forget that ane he made on May,
Wha brang the poor blate Symie to his clay;
To gratify the paughty wench's pride,
The filly shepherd "bow'd, obey'd, and dy'd."
Sic constant lasses, as the Nit-brown Maid,
Shall never want just praises duly paid;
Sic claim'd his fang, and still it was his care,
With pleasing words to guide and reese the fair.
How sweet his voice when beauty was in view!
Smooth ran his lines, ay grac'd wi' something
new;

Nae word flood wrang: but where 's the tongue can tell

How faft he fung? how much lamented fell?

RICHY.

And when he had a mind to be mair grave,

A minister nae better cou'd behave;
Far out of fight of fic he aften flew,

When he of haly wonders took a view:

Well cou'd he praise the Power that made us a',

And bids us in return but tent his law;

Wha guides us when we 're waking or asleep,

With thousand times mair care than we our

sheep.

While he of pleasure, power, and wisdom sang, My heart lap high, my lugs wi' pleasure rang: These These to repeat braid spoken I wad spill,
Altho' I should employ my utmost skill.
He tow'rd aboon: but ah! what tongue can tell
How high he slew? how much lamented fell?

ROBERT.

My bennison, dear lads, light on ye baith, Wha ha'e sae true a feeling of our skaith:
O Sandy! draw his likeness in smooth verse,
As well ye can; then shepherds shall rehearse
His merit, while the sun metes out the day,
While ews shall bleet, and little lambkins mae.

I 've been a fauter, now three days are past, While I for grief have hardly broke my fast:

Come to my shiel, there let 's forget our care, I dinna want a routh of country fair,

Sic as it is, ye'r welcome to a skair:

Besides, my lads, I have a browst of tip,

As good as ever wash'd a shepherd's lip;

We 'll take a scour o't to put aff our pain,

For a' our tears and sighs are but in vain:

Come, help me up; yon sooty cloud shores rain.

nicht mo 'r lo weld howen sah won test

KEITHA:

AN ELEGY ON THE DEATH OF MARY, THE COUNTESS OF WIGTON.

RINGAN.

O'er ilka thing a gen'ral fadness hings:

The burds wi' melancholy droop their wings;

My sheep and kye neglect to moup their food,

And seem to think as in a dumpish mood.

Hark! how the winds souch mournfu' thro' the broom,

The very lift puts on a heavy gloom.

My neighbour Colin too, he bears a part,

His face speaks out the fairness of his heart;

Tell, tell me, Colin, for my boding thought,

A bang of fears into my breast has brought.

Molography braces v. MILOO the We'd to long

Where hast thou been, thou simpleton, wha speers The cause of a' our forrow and our tears? Wha unconcern'd can hear the common skaith The warld receives by lovely Keitha's death?

walldon to sleen alderbound The

The bonniest sample of what 's good and kind,
Fair was her make, and heav'nly was her mind:
But now this sweetest flower of a' our plain
Leaves us to figh; tho' a' our fighs are vain,
For never mair she 'll grace the heartsome green;
Ay heartsome, when she deign'd there to be seen.
Speak, flow'ry meadows, where she us'd to wauk;
Speak, flocks and burds, wha 've heard her sing
or tauk;

Did ever you fae meikle beauty bear? Or ye fo mony heav'nly accents hear? Ye painted haughs, ye minstrels of the air, Lament, for lovely Keitha is nae mair.

RINGAN.

Ye westlin winds, that gently us'd to play
On her white breast, and steal some sweets away,
Whilst her delicious breath perfum'd your breeze,
Which gratefu' Flora took to feed her bees;
Bear on your wings round earth her spotless fame,
Worthy that noble race from whence she came *.
Resounding braes, where'er she us'd to lean,
And view the crystal burn glide o'er the green,

Return

^{*} She was daughter to the late Earl Marshal, the third of that honourable rank of nobility.

Return your echoes to our mournfu' fang, And let the streams in murmurs bear 't alang. Ye unkend pow'rs wha water haunt or air, Lament, for lovely Keitha is nae mair.

COLIN.

Ah! wha cou'd tell the beauties of her face?
Her mouth, that never op'd but wi' a grace?
Her een, which did with heav'nly sparkles low?
Her modest cheek, flush'd with a rose glow?
Her fair brent brow, smooth as th' unrunkled deep,

When a' the winds are in their caves afleep?
Her presence, like a simmer's morning ray,
Lighten'd our hearts, and gart ilk place look
gay.

Now twin'd of life, these charms look cauld and blae,

And what before gave joy now makes us wae. Her goodness shin'd in ilka pious deed,—
A subject, Ringan, for a losty reed;
A shepherd's sang maun sic high thoughts decline,
Lest rustic notes should darken what 's divine.
Youth, beauty, graces, a' that 's good and fair,
Lament! for lovely Keitha is nae mair!

RINGAN.

How tenderly fhe fmooth'd our master's mind, When round his manly waist her arms she twin'd, And look'd a thousand saft things to his heart, While native sweetness fought nae help frae art. To him her merit still appear'd mair bright, As yielding she own'd his superior right. Baith saft and sound he slept within her arms, Gay were his dreams, the influence of her charms.

Soon as the morning dawn'd he 'd draw the fcreen,

And watch the op'ning of her fairer een, Whence fweetest rays gusht out in sic a thrang, Beyond expression in my rural sang.

COLIN.

O Clementina! fprouting fair remains
Of her wha was the glory of the plains;
Dear innocence, with infant darkness blist,
Which hides the happiness that thou hast mist,
May a' thy mither's sweets thy portion be,
And a' thy mither's graces shine in thee.

RINGAN.

She loot us ne'er gae hungry to the hill,
And a' she ga'e, she geed it wi' good will;
Fow mony, mony a ane will mind that day,
On which frae us she 's tane sae soon away;
Baith hynds and herds whase cheeks bespake nae
fcant,

And throu' the howms could whiftle, fing, and rant, Will miss her fair till happily they find Anither in her place fae good and kind. The lasses wha did at her graces mint, Ha'e by her death their bonniest pattern tint. O! ilka ane who did her bounty skair, Lament! for gen'rous Keitha is nae mair!

COLIN.

O Ringan, Ringan! things gang fae unev'n, I canna well take up the will of Heav'n. Our croffes teughly last us mony a year, But unco foon our bleffings disappear.

RINGAN.

I 'll tell thee, Colin, my last Sunday's note, I tented well mess Thomas ilka jot.

The powers aboon are cautious as they 're just, And dinna like to gie o'er meikle trust. To this unconstant earth, with what 's divine, Lest in laigh damps they should their lustre tine. Sae, let 's leave aff our murmuring and tears, And never value life by length of years; But as we can in goodness it employ, Syne wha dies first, first gains eternal joy. Come, Colin, dight your cheeks and banish care, Our lady 's happy, tho' with us nae mair.

AN ODE, and substant and

well out with an hat he a fit

WITH A PASTORAL RECITATIVE,

ON THE MARRIAGE OF JAMES EARL OF WEMYSS

TO MISS JANET CHARTERIS.

RECITATIVE.

Last morn young Rofalind, with laughing een, Met with the finging shepherd on the green, Armyas height, wha us'd with tunefu' lay To please the ear when he began to play: Him with a smile the blooming lass addrest; Her cheerfu' look her inward joy confest.

ROSALIND.

Dear shepherd, now exert your wonted fire, I 'll tell you news that shall your thoughts inspire.

ARMYAS.

Out wi' them, bonny lass, and if they 'll bear But ceremony, you a fang shall hear.

ROSALIND.

They 'll bear, and do invite the blythest strains; The beauteous Charteriss of these plains, Still to them dear, wha late made us sae wae, When we heard tell she was far aff to gae, And leave our heartsome fields, her native land, Now's ta'en in time, and fix'd by Hymen's band.

ARMYAS.

To whom ?- speak fast :- I hope ye dinna jeer.

ROSALIND.

No, no, my dear; 'tis true as we stand here. The thane of Fife, who lately wi' his slane, And vizy leel, made the blyth bowl his ain; He, the delight of baith the sma' and great, Wha 's bright beginning spae his sonsy fate, Has gain'd her heart; and now their mutual slame Retains the fair, and a' her wealth, at hame.

ARMYAS.

Now, Rosalind, may never forrow twine Sae near your heart as joys arise in mine. Come kiss me, lassie, and you's hear me sing A bridal sang that thro' the woods shall ring.

ROSALIND.

Ye're ay fae daft; come, take it and ha'e done; Let a' the lines be faft, and sweet the tune.

ARMYAS fings.

Come, shepherds, a' your whistles join,
And shaw your blythest faces;
The nymph that we were like to tine,
At hame her pleasure places.
Lift up your notes both loud and gay,
Yet sweet as Philomela's,

And yearly folemnize the day When this good luck befel us.

Hail to the thane defcended frae
Macduff renown'd in ftory,
Wha Albion frae tyrannic fway
Reftor'd to ancient glory:
His early bloffoms loud proclaim
That frae this ftem he rifes,
Whase merits give him right to fame,
And to the highest prizes.

His lovely countess sing, ye swains,
Nae subject can be sweeter;
The best of blood slows in her veins,
Which makes ilk grace completer:

Bright

Bright are the beauties of her mind, Which frae her dawn of reason, With a' the rays of wit hath shin'd, Which virtue still did season.

Straight as the plane, her features fair,
And bonny to a wonder;
Were Jove rampaging in the air,
Her fmiles might ftap his thunder.
Rejoice in her then, happy youth,
Her innate worth 's a treafure;
Her fweetness a' your cares will footh,
And furnish endless pleasure.

Lang may ye live t' enjoy her charms,
And lang, lang may they bloffom,
Securely fcreen'd within your arms,
And lodged in your bofom.
Thrice happy parents, justly may
Your breasts with joy be fir'd,
When you the darling pair furvey,
By a' the warld admir'd.

A MASQUE *

PERFORMED AT CELEBRATING THE NUPTIALS OF

JAMES DUKE OF HAMILTON AND LADY ANN COCHRAN.

CALLIOPE

(Playing upon a violoncello) fings,

Joy to the bridegroom, prince of Clyde, Lang may his bliss and greatness blossom; Joy to his virtuous charming bride, Who gains this day his Grace's bosom.

Appear,

^{*} An unknown ingenious friend did me the honour of the following Introduction to the London edition of this Mafque; and being a poet, my vanity will be pardoned for inferting it here.

[&]quot;The prefent poem being a revival of a good old form of poetry, in high repute with us, it may not be amifs to fay formething of a diversion once so agreeable, and so long interrupted or disused. The original of masques seems to

[&]quot; be an imitation of the interludes of the ancients, prefented on occasion of some ceremony performed in a great and noble

[&]quot; family. The actors in this kind of half-dramatic poetry

[&]quot; have formerly been even kings, princes, and the first per-

Appear, great Genius of his line,
And bear a part in the rejoicing;
Behold your ward, by pow'rs divine,
Join'd with a mate of their ain choofing.

Forfake

" fonages of the kingdom; and in private families, the noblest " and nearest branches. The machinery was of the greatest " magnificence; very flewy, costly, and not uncommonly " contrived by the ablest architects, as well as the best poets. "Thus we fee in Ben Jonfon the name of Inigo Jones, and "the fame in Carew; whether as the modeller only, or as poet " in conjunction with them, feems to be doubtful, there being " nothing of our English Vitruvius left (that I know of) " which places him in the class of writers. These shows we " trace backwards as far as Henry VIII., from thence to " queen Elizabeth and her fucceffor king James, who was both " a great encourager and admirer of them. The last masque, " and the best ever written, was that of Milton, presented at " Ludlow Caftle, in the praise of which no words can be too " many: and I remember to have heard the late excellent " Mr. Addison agree with me in that opinion. Coronations. " princely nuptials, public featls, the entertainment of foreign " quality, were the usual occasions of this performance, and " the best poet of the age was courted to be the author. " Mr. Ramfay has made a noble and fuccessful attempt to " revive this kind of poefy, on a late celebrated account. "And though he is often to be admired in all his writings, " yet, I think, never more than in his prefent composition, " A particular friend gave it a fecond edition in England; " which, I fancy, the public will agree that it deferved."

Forfake a while the Cyprian fcene,

Fair queen of fmiles and faft embraces,

And hither come, with a' your train

Of beauties, loves, and fports, and graces.

Come, Hymen, blefs their nuptial vow,
And them with mutual joys infpire:
Descend, Minerva, for 'tis you
With virtue beats the haly fire.

(At the close of this sang enters the Genius of the samily, clad in a scarlet robe, with a duke's coronet on his head, a shield on his left arm, with the proper bearing of Hamilton.)

GENIUS.

Fair mistress of harmonious founds, we hear Thy invitation, gratefu' to the ear
Of a' the gods, who from th' Olympian height
Bow down their heads, and in thy notes delight:
Jove keeps this day in his imperial dome,
And I to lead th' invited guests am come.

(Enter Venus attended by three Graces, with MINERYA, and HYMEN; all in their proper dreffes.)

CALLIOPE.

Welcome, ye bright divinities, that guard
The brave and fair, and faithfu' love reward;

All hail! immortal progeny of Jove, Who plaint, preferve, and prosper facred love.

GENIUS.

Be still auspicious to th' united pair, And let their purest pleasures be your care: Your stores of genial blessings here employ, To crown th' illustrious youth and fair ane's joy,

VENUS.

I'll breathe eternal fweets in ev'ry air; He shall look always great, she ever fair; Kind rays shall mix the sparkles of his eye, Round her the loves in smiling crowds shall fly, And bare frae ilka glance, on downy wings, Into his ravish'd heart the saftest things: And soon as Hymen has perform'd his rites, I'll shower on them my hale Idalian sweets:

They shall posses,
In each cares,
Delights shall tire
The muse's fire,
In highest numbers to express.

HYMEN.

I'll busk their bow'r, and lay them gently down, Syne ilka langing wish with raptures crown;

The

The gloomy nights shall ne'er unwelcome prove,
That leads them to the filent scenes of love.
The sun at morn shall dart his kindest rays,
To cheer and animate each dear embrace:
Fond of the fair, he falds her in his arms;
She blushes secret, conscious of her charms.

Rejoice, brave youth,
In fic a fouth
Of joys the gods for thee provide;
The rofy dawn,
The flow'ry lawn,
That fpring has dress'd in a' its pride,
Claim no regard,
When they 're compar'd
With blooming beauties of thy bride.

MINERVA.

Fairest of a' the goddess, and thou
That links the lovers to be ever true,
The gods and mortals own your mighty power,
But 'tis not you can make their sweets secure;
That be my task, to make a friendship rise,
Shall raise their loves aboon the vulgar size.
Those near related to the brutal kind,
Ken nathing of the wedlock of the mind;
'Tis I can make a life a honey-moon,
And mould a love shall last like that aboon.

A'thefe fma' fprings, whence cauld referve and fpleen
Take their first rise, and, favour'd, slow mair keen,
I shall discover in a proper view,
To keep their joys unmix'd, and ever new,
Nor jealousy, nor envious mouth,
Shall dare to blast their love;
But wisdom, constancy, and truth,
Shall ev'ry bliss improve.

GENIUS.

Thrice happy chief, fo much the care
Of a' the family of Jove,
A thousand blessings wait the fair,
Who is found worthy of his love.
Lang may the fair attractions of her mind
Make her still lovelier, him for ever kind.

MINERVA.

The ancestors of mightiest chiefs and kings, Nae higher can derive than human springs; Yet frae the common soil each wond'rous root, Alost to heav'n their spreading branches shoot: Bauld in my aid, these triumph'd over fate, Fam'd for unbounded thought, or stern debate; Born high upon an undertaking mind, Superior rise, and left the crowd behind.

GENIUS.

Frae these descending, laurell'd with renown, My charge thro' ages draws his lineage down. The paths of sic forbeairs lang may he trace, And she be mother to as fam'd a race.

When blue diseases fill the drumly air,
And red-het bowts thro' flaughts of lightning rair,
Or mad'ning factions shake the sanguine sword,
With watchfu' eye I 'll tent my darling lord
And his lov'd mate; tho' furies should break loose,
Awake or sleeping, shall enjoy repose.

I. GRACE.

While gods keep halyday, and mortals fmile, Let nature with delights adorn the isle: Be hush, bauld North, Favonius only blaw, And cease, bleak clouds, to shed, or wet, or snaw; Shine bright thou radiant ruler of the year, And gar the spring with earlier pride appear.

II. GRACE.

Thy mouth, great queen of goddess, make gay, Which gains new honours frae this marriage-day. On Glotta's banks, ye healthfu' hynds, resort, And with the landart lasses blythly sport.

III. GRACE.

Wear your best faces and your Sunday's weeds, And rouse the dance with your maist tunefu' reeds; Let tunefu' voices join the rural sound, And wake responsive echo all around.

I. GRACE.

Sing your great master, Scotia's eldest son, And the lov'd angel that his heart has won: Come, sisters, let 's frae art's hale stores collect Whatever can her native beauties deck, That in the day she may eclipse the light, And ding the constellations of the night.

VENUS.

Cease, busy maids, your artsu' buskings raise
But small addition to her genuine rays;
Tho' ilka plain and ilka sea combine
To make her with their richest product shine;
Her lip, her bosom, and her sparkling een,
Excel the ruby, pearl, and diamond sheen:
These lesser ornaments, illustrious bride,
As bars to safter blessings, sling aside:
Steal frae them sweetly to your nuptial bed,
As frae its body slides the sainted shade,

Frae

Frae loath'd restraint to liberty above,
Where all is harmony, and all is love;
Haste to these blessings, kiss the night away,
And make it ten times pleasanter than day.

HYMEN.

The whisper and carefs shall shorten hours, While, kindly as the beams on dewy slowers, Thy sun, like him who the fresh bev'rage sips, Shall feast upon the sweetness of thy lips: My haly hand maun chastly now unloose That zone which a' thy virgin charms inclose; That zone shou'd be less gratefu' to the fair, Than easy bands of safter wedlock are; That lang unbuckled grows a hatefu' thing; The langer these are bound, the mair of honour bring.

MINERVA.

Yes, happy pair, whate'er the gods inspire,
Pursue, and gratify each just defire:
Enjoy your passions, with full transports mixt,
But still observe the bounds by virtue fixt.

Enter BACCHUS.

What brings Minerva here this rantin night? She 's good for naething but to preach or fight: Is this a time for either?—Swith away, Or learn like us to be a thought mair gay.

MINERVA.

Peace, Theban roarer, while the milder pow'rs Give entertainment, there 's nae need of yours; The pure reflection of our calmer joys Has mair of heaven than a' thy flashy noise.

BACCHUS.

Ye canna want it, faith! you that appear Anes at a bridal but in twenty year: A ferley 'tis your dortiship to see, But where was e'er a wedding without me? Blue e'en, remember, I 'm baith hap and saul To Venus there; but me, she 'd starve o' caul.

VENUS.

We awn the truth.—Minerva, cease to check Our jolly brother with your disrespect; He 's never absent at the treats of Jove, And shou'd be present at this feast of love.

GENIUS.

GENIUS.

Maist welcome, Pow'r that cheers the vital

When Pallas guards thee frae the wild extremes; Thy rofy vifage at these folemn rites,
My generous charge with open smiling greets.

BACCHUS.

I 'm nae great dab at speeches that maun clink,

But there 's my paw, I shall fou tightly drink A hearty health to thir same lovely twa, That are sae meikle dauted by you a': Then with my juice a reaming bicker crown; I 'll gi'e a toast, and see it fairly round.

Enter GANYMEDE

[With a flaggon in one hand, and a glass in the other].

To you, blyth beings, the benign directar
Of gods and men, to keep your fauls in tift,
Has fent you here a prefent of his nectar,
As good as e'er was brow'n aboon the lift.

BACCHUS.

Ha! Gany, come, my dainty boy, Skink 't up, and let us prieve; Without it life wad be a toy: Here, gi'e me 't in my nive.

[Takes the glafs.]

Good health to Hamilton, and his
Lov'd mate:—O, father Jove! we crave
Thou 'lt grant them a lang tack of blis,
And rowth of bonny bairns and brave:
Pour on them, frae thy endless ftore,
A' bennisons that are divine,
With as good will as I waught o'er
This flowing glass of heav'nly wine.

[Drinks, and causes all the company to drink round.]

Come, fee 't about; and fyne let 's all advance, Mortals and gods be pairs, and tak a dance: Minerva mim, for a' your mortal ftoor, Ye shall with billy Bacchus fit the floor. Play up there, lassie, some blyth Scottish tune, Syne a' be blyth, when wine and wit gae round.

[The health about, music and dancing begin.—The dancing over, before her Grace retires with the ladies to be undressed, CALLIOPE sings the]

EPITHALAMIUM.

Bright is the low of lawfu' love, Which shining fauls impart, It to perfection mounts above, And glows about the heart: It is the flame gives lasting worth, To greatness, beauty, wealth, and birth. On you, illustrious youthfu' pair, Who are high heaven's delight and care, The blissfu' beam darts warm and fair, And shall improve the rest Of a' these gifts baith great and rare Of which ye are possest. Bacchus, bear off your dinfome gang, Hark! frae yon howms the rural thrang Invite you now away; While ilka hynd, And maiden kind, Dance in a ring, While shepherds sing In honour of the day: Gae drink and dance 'Till morn advance,

And fet the twinkling fires;

While we prepare

To lead the fair

And brave to their defires.

Gae, Loves and Graces, take your place,

Around the nuptial bed abide;

Fair Venus heighten each embrace,

And smoothly make their minutes slide.

Gae, Hymen, put the couch in case;

Minerva, thither lead the Bride;

Neist, all attend his youthfu' Grace,

And lay him sweetly by her side.

drink and dance

A PASTORAL EPITHALAMIUM

UPON THE HAPPY MARRIAGE OF GEORGE LORD RAMSAY AND
LADY JEAN MAULE.

Hall to the brave apparent chief,
Boast of the Ramsays' clanish name,
Whase ancestors stood the relief
Of Scotland, ages known to fame.

Hail to the lovely she, whose charms,
Complete in graces, meet his love;
Adorn'd with all that greatness warms,
And makes him grateful bow to Jove.

Both from the line of patriots rife,
Chiefs of Dalhousie and Panmure,
Whose loyal fames shall stains despite,
While ocean flows, and orbs endure.

The Ramfays! Caledonia's prop;
The Maules! struck still her foes with dread;
Now join'd, we from the union hope
A race of heroes shall succeed.

Let meaner fouls transgress the rules,
That 's fix'd by honour, love, and truth;
While little views proclaim them fools,
Unworthy beauty, sense, and youth:

Whilft you, bleft pair, belov'd by all The powers above, and bleft below; Shall have delights attend your call, And lafting pleasures on you flow.

What fate has fix'd, and love has done,
The guardians of mankind approve:
Well may they finish what 's begun,
And from your joys all cares remove.

We wish'd—when straight a heavenly voice Inspir'd—we heard the blue-ey'd maid Cry, "Who dare quarrel with the choice? "The choice is mine, be mine their aid."

Be thine their aid, O wifest power!

And soon again we hope to see

Their plains return, splendid their tower,

And blossom broad the Edgewell tree *.

Whilft

^{*} See note, vol. i. p. 329.

Whilft he with manly merits ftor'd, Shall rife the glory of his clan; She for celestial sweets ador'd, Shall ever charm the gracefu' man.

Soon may their royal bird * extend
His fable plumes, and lordships claim,
Which to his valiant fires pertain'd,
Ere earls in Albion were a name.

Ye parents of the happy pair,
With gen'rous fmiles confenting, own
That they deferve your kindest care:
Thus, with the gods, their pleasure crown.

Haste, ev'ry Grace, each Love, and Smile,
From fragrant Cyprus spread the wing;
To deck their couch, exhaust your isle
Of all the beauties of the spring.

On them attend with homage due, In him are Mars and Phœbus feen; And in the noble nymph you'll view The fage Minerva and your Queen.

^{*} The spread eagle sable, or a field argent, in the arms of the earl of Dalhousie.

BETTY AND KATE:

A PASTORAL FAREWELL TO MR. AIKMAN, WHEN HE WENT FOR LONDON.

BETTY.

Dear Katie, Willy 's e'en away!

Willy, of herds the wale,

To feed his flock, and make his hay,

Upon a diftant dale.

Far to the fouthward of this height

Where now we dowie ftray,

Ay heartfome when he cheer'd our fight,

And leugh with us a' day.

KATE.

O Willy! can dale dainties pleafe
Thee mair than moorland ream?

Does Ifis flow with fweeter eafe
Than Fortha's gentle ftream?

Or takes thou rather mair delyt
In the ftrae-hatted maid,

Than in the blooming red and whyt
Of her that wears the plaid?

BETTY.

Na, Kate, for that we needna mourn,
He is not giv'n to change;
But fauls of fic a fining turn,
For honour like to range:
Our laird, and a' the gentry round,
Wha mauna be faid nay,
Sic pleasure in his art have found,
They winna let him stay.
Blyth I have stood frae morn to een,
To see how true and weel
He cou'd delyt us on the green
With a piece cawk and keel;

On a flid stane, or smoother state,
He can the picture draw

Of you or me, or sheep or gait, The likest e'er ye saw.

Lass, think na shame to ease your mind, I see ye 're like to greet:

Let gae these tears, 'tis justly kind, For shepherd sae complete.

KATE.

Far, far, o'er far frae Spey and Clyde,
Stands that great town of Lud,
To whilk our best lads rin and ride,
That 's like to put us wood;

For findle times they e'er come back,
Wha anes are heftit there:
Sure, Bess, their hills are nae sae black,
Nor yet their howms sae bare.

BETTY.

Our rigs are rich, and green our heights,
And well our cares reward;
But yield, nae doubt, far lefs delights,
In abfence of our laird:
But we maun cawmly now fubmit,
And our ill luck lament,
And leave 't to his ain fenfe and wit,
To find his heart's content.
A thousand gates he had to win
The love of auld and young,
Did a' he did with little din,
And in nae deed was dung.

KATE.

William and Mary never fail'd
To welcome with a fmile,
And hearten us, when aught we ail'd,
Without defigning guile.
Lang may fhe happily poffes,
Wha 's in his breaft infeft,
And may their bonny bairns increase,
And a' with rowth be left.

O, William!

O, William! win your laurels fast,
And fyne we'll a' be fain,
Soon as your wand'ring days are past,
And you're return'd again.

BETTY.

Revive her joys by your return,

To whom you first gave pain;
Judge how her passions for you burn,

By these you bear your ain.
Sae may your kirn with satness flow,

And a' your kye be sleek;
And may your hearts with gladness glow,

In finding what ye seek.

William I win your laurels faft,

And fried to it of benfula.

THE

GENTLE SHEPHERD:

A PASTORAL COMEDY.

1725.



DEDICATION

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

SUSANNA COUNTESS OF EGLINTOUN.

MADAM,

The love of approbation, and a defire to pleafe the beft, have ever encouraged the poets to finish their defigns with cheerfulness. But, conscious of their own inability to oppose a storm of spleen and haughty ill-nature, it is generally an ingenious custom among them to chuse some honourable shade.

Wherefore I beg leave to put my Paftoral under your Ladyfhip's protection. If my Patroness says the shepherds speak as they ought, and that there are several natural slowers that beautify the rural wild, I shall have good reason to think myfelf safe from the awkward censure of some pretending judges that condemn before examination.

I am fure of vast numbers that will crowd into your Ladyship's opinion, and think it their honour to agree in their sentiments with the Countess of Eglintoun, whose penetration, superior wit, and sound judgment, shine with an uncommon vol. 11.

luftre, while accompanied with the diviner charms of goodness and equality of mind.

If it were not for offending only your Ladyship, here, Madam, I might give the fullest liberty to my muse to delineate the finest of women, by drawing your Ladyship's character, and be in no hazard of being deemed a flatterer, since flattery lies not in paying what is due to merit, but in praises misplaced.

Were I to begin with your Ladyship's honourable birth and alliance, the field is ample, and presents us with numberless great and good patriots, that have dignified the names of Kennedy and Montgomery: be that the care of the herald and historian: it is personal merit, and the heavenly sweetness of the fair, that inspire the tuneful lays. Here every Lesbia must be excepted, whose tongues give liberty to the slaves, which their eyes had made captives; such may be slattered; but your Ladyship justly claims our admiration and prosoundest respect; for whilst you are possessed of every outward charm in the most perfect degree, the never-sading beauties of wisdom and piety, which adorn your Ladyship's mind, command devotion.

"All this is very true," cries one of better fense than goodnature, "but what occasion have you to tell us the sun shines, "when we have the use of our eyes, and feel his influence?"— Very true; but I have the liberty to use the poet's privilege, which is, "to speak what every body thinks." Indeed there might be some strength in the reslection, if the Idalian registers were of as short duration as life; but the bard who sondly hopes for immortality, has a certain praise-worthy pleasure in communicating to posterity the same of distinguished characters. —I write this last sentence with a hand, that trembles between hope and fear: but if I shall prove so happy as to please your Ladyship in the following attempt, then all my doubts shall vanish like a morning vapour: I shall hope to be classed with Tasso, and Guarini, and sing with Ovid,

- " If 'tis allow'd to poets to divine,
- " One half of round eternity is mine."

MADAM,

Your Ladyship's

Most obedient and most devoted servant,

ALLAN RAMSAY.

edinburgh, 25th June 1725. Total of system of Times and the

TO THE COUNTESS OF EGLINTOUN,

WITH THE FOLLOWING PASTORAL *.

Accept, O Eglintoun, the rural lays,
That, bound to thee, thy poet humbly pays:
The muse that oft has rais'd her tuneful strains,
A frequent guest on Scotia's blissful plains;
That oft has sung, her list'ning youth to move,
The charms of beauty, and the force of love;
Once more resumes the still successful lay,
Delighted thro' the verdant meads to stray.
O! come, invok'd, and pleas'd, with her repair
To breathe the balmy sweets of purer air;
In the cool evening negligently laid,
Or near the stream, or in the rural shade,
Propitious hear, and as thou hear'st, approve
The Gentle Shepherd's tender tale of love.

Instructed from these scenes, what glowing fires Instance the breast that real love inspires! The fair shall read of ardours, sights, and tears, All that a lover hopes, and all he fears:

Hence

^{*} This address was written by William Hamilton of Bangour, an elegant and original poet, and a most accomplished and amiable man.

Hence too, what passions in his bosom rise!

What dawning gladness sparkles in his eyes!

When first the fair-one, piteous of his fate,

Cur'd of her fcorn, and vanquish'd of her hate,

With willing mind is bounteous to relent,

And, blushing beauteous, smiles the kind consent.

Love's passion here in each extreme is shewn,

In Charlotte's smile, or in Maria's frown.

With words like these, that fail'd not to engage, Love courted beauty in a golden age;
Pure and untaught, such nature first inspir'd,
Ere yet the fair affected phrase desir'd.
His secret thoughts were undisguis'd with art,
His words ne'er knew to differ from his heart:
He speaks his love so artless and sincere,
As thy Eliza might be pleas'd to hear.

Heaven only to the rural state bestows
Conquest o'er life, and freedom from its woes;
Secure alike from envy and from care,
Nor rais'd by hope, nor yet depress'd by fear:
Nor want's lean hand its happiness constrains,
Nor riches torture with ill-gotten gains.
No secret guilt its stedsast peace destroys,
No wild ambition interrupts its joys:
Blest still to spend the hours that heav'n has lent,
In humble goodness, and in calm content:

Serenely gentle, as the thoughts that roll, Sinless and pure, in fair Humeia's soul.

But now the rural state these joys has lost; Even fwains no more that innocence can boaft: Love speaks no more what beauty may believe, Prone to betray, and practis'd to deceive. Now happiness forsakes her blest retreat, The peaceful dwellings where she fix'd her feat: The pleasing fields she wont of old to grace. Companion to an upright fober race. When on the funny hill, or verdant plain, Free and familiar with the fons of men. To crown the pleasures of the blameless feast, She uninvited came a welcome guest; Ere yet an age, grown rich in impious arts, Brib'd from their innocence incautious hearts. Then grudging hate, and finful pride fucceed, Cruel revenge, and false unrighteous deed; Then dow'rless beauty lost the power to move, The rust of lucre stain'd the gold of love; Bounteous no more and hospitably good, The genial hearth first blush'd with strangers' blood:

The friend no more upon the friend relies, And femblant falfehood puts on truth's difguise: The peaceful household fill'd with dire alarms; The ravish'd virgin mourns her slighted charms;

The

The voice of impious mirth is heard around,
In guilt they feast, in guilt the bowl is crown'd:
Unpunish'd violence lords it o'er the plains,
And happiness forsakes the guilty swains.

O Happiness! from human race retir'd, Where art thou to be found, by all defir'd? Nun, fober and devout! why art thou fled, To hide in shades thy meek contented head? Virgin of aspect mild! ah why, unkind, Fly'st thou, displeas'd, the commerce of mankind? O! teach our steps to find the secret cell, Where, with thy fire Content, thou lov'st to dwell, Or fay, dost thou, a duteous handmaid, wait Familiar at the chambers of the great? Dost thou pursue the voice of them that call To noify revel and to midnight ball? Or the full banquet, when we feast our foul, Dost thou inspire the mirth, or mix the bowl? Or, with th' industrious planter dost thou talk, Converfing freely in an evening walk? Say, does the mifer e'er thy face behold, Watchful and studious of the treasur'd gold? Seeks knowledge not in vain thy much-lov'd pow'r.

Still musing filent at the morning hour?
May we thy presence hope in war's alarms,
In Stairs's wisdom, or in Erskine's charms?

In vain our flatt'ring hopes our steps beguile, The flying good eludes the fearcher's toil: In vain we feek the city or the cell, Alone with Virtue knows the power to dwell: Nor need mankind despair those joys to know, The gift themselves may on themselves bestow: Soon, foon we might the precious bleffing boaft, But many passions must the blessing cost; Infernal malice, inly pining hate, And envy grieving at another's state; Revenge no more must in our hearts remain, Or burning luft, or avarice of gain. When these are in the human bosom nurst, Can peace refide in dwellings fo accurft? Unlike, O Eglintoun! thy happy breaft, Calm and ferene enjoys the heavenly guest; From the tumultuous rule of passions freed, Pure in thy thought, and spotless in thy deed: In virtues rich, in goodness unconfin'd, Thou shin'st a fair example to thy kind: Sincere and equal to thy neighbour's name, How fwift to praife! how guiltless to defame! Bold in thy presence bashfulness appears, And backward merit loses all its fears: Supremely bleft by heav'n, heav'n's richeft grace Confest is thine, an early blooming race, Whose pleasing smiles shall guardian wisdom arm, Divine instruction! taught of thee to charm; What What transports shall they to thy soul impart, (The conscious transports of a parent's heart,)
When thou behold'st them of each grace possest,
And sighing youths imploring to be blest:
After thy image form'd, with charms like thine,
Or in the visit or the dance to shine!
Thrice happy who succeed their mother's praise,
The lovely Eglintouns of other days.

Meanwhile, peruse the following tender scenes,
And listen to thy native poet's strains:
In ancient garb the home-bred muse appears,
The garb our muses wore in former years.
As in a glass reslected, here behold
How smiling goodness look'd in days of old:
Nor blush to read where beauty's praise is shewn,
Or virtuous love, the likeness of thy own;
While 'midst the various gifts that gracious heaven
To thee, in whom it is well pleas'd, has given,
Let this, O Eglintoun! delight thee most,
T' enjoy that innocence the world has lost.

W. H.

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TO JOSIAH BURCHET, SECRETARY OF THE ADMIRATY,

WITH THE FIRST SCENE OF THE GENTLE SHEPHERD *.

The nipping frosts, and driving sna,
Are o'er the hills and far awa;
Bauld Boreas sleeps, the Zephyrs blaw,
And ilka thing
Sae dainty, youthfou', gay, and bra,'
Invites to sing.

Then let 's begin by creek of day, Kind muse skiff to the bent away,

To

^{*} The eclogue, intitled "Patie and Roger," which now forms the first scene of the "Gentle Shepherd," was published several years before the author composed the pastoral comedy of that name. It was from observing the talents displayed in that eclogue, and a sequel to it, intitled "Jenny and Meggy," likewise separately published, that his friends advised him to attempt a complete drama in the pastoral style.

With a' thy fpeed,

Since Burchet awns that thou can play

Upon the reed.

Anes, anes again beneath fome tree to be shall Exert thy skill and nat'ral glee,
To him wha has fae courteously,
To weaker fight,
Set these rude sonnets * sung by me
In truest light.

In truest light may a' that 's fine
In his fair character still shine,
Sma' need he has of fangs like mine,
To beet his name;
For frae the north to southern line,
Wide gangs his fame.

His fame, which ever shall abide, Whilst hist'ries tell of tyrants' pride,

Wha

^{*} Having done me the honour of turning some of my pastoral poems into English, justly and elegantly.

Wha vainly strave upon the tide

T' invade these lands,

Where Britain's royal fleet doth ride,

Which still commands.

These doughty actions frae his pen †,
Our age, and these to come, shall ken,
How stubborn navies did contend
Upon the waves,
How free-born Britons fought like men,
Their faes like slaves.

Sae far inferibing, Sir, to you,
This country fang, my fancy flew,
Keen your just merit to purfue;
But ah! I fear,
In giving praises that are due,
I grate your ear,

Yet, tent a poet's zealous prayer;
May powers aboon with kindly care,
Grant you a lang and muckle skair
Of a' that 's good,
'Till unto langest life and mair
You 've healthfu' stood.

May

May never care your bleffings four,
And may the muses, ilka hour,
Improve your mind, and haunt your bow'r!
I'm but a callan;
Yet, may I please you, while I 'm your
Devoted ALLAN.

THE PERSONS.

SIR WILLIAM WORTHY.

PATIE, the Gentle Shepherd, in love with Peggy.

ROGER, a rich young Shepherd, in love with Jenny.

SYMON,

GLAUD,

two old Shepherds, tenants to Sir William.

BAULDY, a hynd, engaged with Neps.

Peggy, thought to be Glaud's niece.

Jenny, Glaud's only daughter.

Mause, an old woman fupposed to be a witch.

Elspa, Symon's wife.

Madge, Glaud's fifter.

Scene—A shepherd's village and fields some few miles from Edinburgh.

TIME OF ACTION-Within twenty-four hours.

First Act begins at eight in the morning. Second Act begins at eleven in the forenoon. Third Act begins at four in the afternoon, Fourth Act begins at nine o'clock at night. Fifth Act begins by day-light next morning.

GENTLE SHEPHERD.

ACT I.

SCENE I.

PROLOGUE TO THE SCENE.

Beneath the fouth fide of a craigy bield,
Where cryftal fprings the halefome waters yield,
Twa youthfu' shepherds on the gowans lay,
Tenting their flocks ae bonny morn of May.
Poor Roger granes, till hollow echoes ring;
But blyther Patie likes to laugh and sing.

PATIE and ROGER.

SANG I.

Tune-" The wauking of the faulds."

PATIE.

My Peggy is a young thing,
Just enter'd in her teens,
Fair as the day, and sweet as May,
Fair as the day, and always gay:

My Peggy is a young thing, And I 'm not very auld, Yet well I like to meet her at The wauking of the fauld.

My Peggy fpeaks fae fweetly,
Whene'er we meet alane,
I wish nae wair to lay my care,
I wish nae mair of a' that 's rare,
My Peggy speaks fae sweetly,
To all the lave I 'm cauld;
But she gars a' my spirits glow,
At wauking of the fauld.

My Peggy fmiles fae kindly,
Whene'er I whifper love,
That I look down on a' the town,
That I look down upon a crown.
My Peggy fmiles fae kindly,
It makes me blyth and bauld;
And nathing gi'es me fic delight
As wauking of the fauld.

My Peggy fings fae faftly,
When on my pipe I play,
By a' the rest it is confest,
By a' the rest that she sings best,

My Peggy fings fae faftly,
And in her fangs are tald,
With innocence the wale of fense,
At wauking of the fauld.

This funny morning, Roger, cheers my blood,
And puts all nature in a jovial mood.
How hartsom is 't to see the rising plants,
To hear the birds chirm o'er their pleasing rants!
How halesome is 't to souff the cawler air,
And all the sweets it bears, when void of care!
What ails thee, Roger, then? what gars thee
grane?

Tell me the cause of thy ill-season'd pain.

ROGER.

I'm born, O Patie! to a thrawart fate; I'm born to strive with hardships sad and great: Tempests may cease to jaw the rowan slood, Corbies and tods to grien for lambkins' blood; But I, opprest with never-ending grief, Maun ay despair of lighting on relief.

PATIE.

The bees shall loath the flow'r, and quit the hive,

The faughs on boggie ground shall cease to thrive, vol. 11. F Ere

Ere scornfu' queans, or loss of warldly gear, Shall spill my rest, or ever force a tear.

ROGER.

Sae might I fay; but it 's no eafy done
By ane whafe faul 's fae fadly out of tune.
Ye have fae faft a voice, and flid a tongue,
You are the darling baith of auld and young.
If I but ettle at a fang, or speak,
They dit their lugs, fyne up their leglens cleek,
And jeer me hameward frae the loan or bught,
While I'm confus'd with mony a vexing thought:
Yet I am tall and as well built as thee,
Nor mair unlikely to a lass's ee;
For ilka sheep ye have I'll number ten,
And should, as ane may think, come farther ben.

PATIE.

But ablins! nibour, ye have not a heart, And downa eithly wi' your cunzie part; If that be true, what fignifies your gear? A mind that's fcrimpit never wants fome care.

ROGER.

My byar tumbled, nine braw nowt were smoor'd, Three elf-shot were, yet I these ills endur'd: In winter last my cares were very sma', Tho' scores of wethers perish'd in the snaw.

PATIE.

Were your bien rooms as thinly stock'd as mine,

Less ye wad loss, and less ye wad repine.

He that has just enough can foundly sleep;

The o'ercome only fashes fowk to keep.

ROGER.

May plenty flow upon thee for a cross,
That thou may'ft thole the pangs of mony a loss:
O may'ft thou doat on fome fair paughty wench,
That ne'er will lout thy lowan drowth to quench:
'Till bris'd beneath the burden, thou cry dool!
And awn that ane may fret that is nae fool.

PATIE.

Sax good fat lambs, I fauld them ilka clute
At the West Port, and bought a winsome flute,
Of plum-tree made, with iv'ry virles round;
A dainty whistle, with a pleasant sound:
I'll be mair canty wi''t, and ne'er cry dool!
Than you with all your cash, ye dowie sool.

ROGER.

Na, Patie, na! I'm nae fic churlish beast; Some other thing lies heavier at my breast: I dream'd a dreary dream this hinder night, That gars my slesh a' creep yet with the fright.

PATIE.

Now, to a friend, how filly 's this pretence, To ane wha you and a' your fecrets kens: Daft are your dreams, as daftly wad ye hide Your well-feen love, and dorty Jenny's pride. Take courage, Roger, me your forrows tell, And fafely think nane kens them but yourfell.

ROGER.

Indeed now, Patie, ye have guess'd o'er true; And there is naithing I 'll keep up frae you. Me dorty Jenny looks upon asquint, To speak but till her I dare hardly mint: In ilka place she jeers me ear and late, And gars me look bombaz'd and unko blate. But yesterday I met her yont a know, She sled as frae a shelly-coated kow. She Bauldy looes, Bauldy that drives the car, But gecks at me, and says I smell of tar.

PATIE.

But Bauldy looes not her; right well I wat, He fighs for Neps: fae that may stand for that.

ROGER.

I wish I cou'd na looe her;—but in vain,
I still maun doat, and thole her proud disdain.
My Bawty is a cur I dearly like,
'Till he yow'd sair she strak the poor dumb tyke:
If I had sill'd a nook within her breast,
She wad have shewn mair kindness to my beast.
When I begin to tune my stock and horn,
With a' her sace she shaws a caulrise scorn.
Last night I play'd; ye never heard sic spite;
"O'er Bogie" was the spring, and her delyte:
Yet tauntingly she at her cousin speer'd,
Gif she could tell what tune I play'd, and sneer'd.
Flocks, wander where ye like, I dinna care,
I'll break my reed, and never whistle mair.

PATIE.

E'en do fae, Roger, wha can help misluck? Saebins she be sic a thrawin gabbit chuck, Yonder's a craig, since ye have tint all hope, Gae till 't your ways, and take the lover's lowp.

ROGER.

I needna mak fic speed my blood to spill, I 'll warrant death come soon enough a-will.

PATIE.

Daft gowk! leave aff that filly whingin way; Seem careless, there 's my hand ye 'll win the day. Hear how I ferv'd my lass I love as well As ye do Jenny, and with heart as leel. Last morning I was gay and early out, Upon a dyke I lean'd, glowring about, I faw my Meg come linkan o'er the lee; I faw my Meg, but Peggy faw na me; For yet the fun was wading thro' the mist, And the was close upon me e'er the wist; Her coats were kiltit, and did fweetly shaw Her straight bare legs that whiter were than snaw. Her cockernony fnooded up fou fleek, Her haffet locks hang waving on her cheek; Her cheeks fae ruddy, and her een fae clear; And O! her mouth 's like ony hinny pear. Neat, neat the was, in bustine waistcoat clean, As the came skiffing o'er the dewy green: Blythfome I cry'd, "My bonny Meg, come here, "I ferly wherefore, ye 're fo foon afteer? "But I can guess, ye 're gawn to gather dew." She fcour'd away, and faid, "What 's that to you?" " Then, "Then, fare ye well, Meg-dorts, and e'en 's ye

I careless cry'd, and lap in o'er the dyke. I trow, when that she saw, within a crack, She came with a right thieveless errand back: Miscaw'd me first; then bad me hound my dog, To wear up three waff ewes stray'd on the bog. I leugh; and fae did fhe; then with great hafte I clasp'd my arms about her neck and waist: About her yielding waift, and took a fouth Of sweetest kisses frae her glowing mouth. While hard and fast I held her in my grips, My very faul came lowping to my lips. Sair, fair she flet wi' me 'tween ilka smack, But weel I kend she meant nae as she spak. Dear Roger, when your jo puts on her gloom, Do ye fae too, and never fash your thumb. Seem to forfake her, foon she 'll change her mood:

Gae woo anither, and she 'll gang clean wood.

SANG II.

Tune-" Fye, gar rub her o'er with strae."

Dear Roger, if your Jenny geck, And answer kindness with a slight, Seem unconcern'd at her neglect, For women in a man delight: But them despise who 're soon deseat, And, with a simple face, give way To a repulse;—then be not blate, Push bauldly on, and win the day.

When maidens, innocently young,
Say often what they never mean,
Ne'er mind their pretty lying tongue,
But tent the language of their een:
If these agree, and she persist
To answer all your love with hate,
Seek elsewhere to be better blest,
And let her sigh when 'tis too late.

ROGER.

Kind Patie, now fair fa your honest heart,
Ye're sae cadgy, and have sic an art
To hearten ane; for now, as clean's a leek,
Ye've cherish'd me since ye began to speak.
Sae, for your pains, I'll mak ye a propine
(My mother, rest her saul! she made it sine);
A tartan plaid, spun of good hawslock woo,
Scarlet and green the sets, the borders blue:
With spraings like gowd and siller cross'd with
black;

I never had it yet upon my back. Weel are ye wordy o't, wha have fae kind Red up my revel'd doubts, and clear'd my mind.

PATIE.

Weel, had ye there; and fince ye' ve frankly made

To me a present of your braw new plaid, My flute 's be yours, and she too that 's sae nice, Shall come a-will, gif ye 'll take my advice.

ROGER.

As ye advife, I 'll promife to observe 't;
But ye maun keep the flute, ye best deserv 't:
Now tak it out and gie 's a bonny spring,
For I 'm in tift to hear you play and sing.

PATIE.

But first we'll take a turn up to the height,
And see gif all our flocks be feeding right;
Be that time bannocks and a sheeve of cheese
Will make a breakfast that a laird might please;
Might please the daintiest gabs, were they sae wise
To season meat with health, instead of spice.
When we have tane the grace drink at this well,
I'll whistle syne, and sing t' ye like mysell.

A nour breathdean, benegab as dair as diffe.

Exeunt.

SCENE II.

PROLOGUE.

A flowrie howm between twa verdant braes, Where laffes use to wash and spread their claiths, A troting burnie wimpling throw the ground, Its channel peebles shining smooth and round: Here view twa baresoot.beauties clean and clear; First please your eye, then gratify your ear; While Jenny what she wishes discommends, And Meg with better sense true love defends.

Peggy and Jenny.

JENNY.

Come, Meg, let 's fa to wark upon this green, This shining day will bleach our linen clean; The water 's clear, the lift unclouded blew, Will make them like a lily wet with dew.

PEGGY.

Gae farer up the burn to Habbie's How,
Where a' that 's fweet in fpring and fimmer
grow:

Between twa birks out o'er a little lin, The water fa's, and makes a fingand din: A pool breast-deep, beneath as clear as glass, Kisses with easy whirles the bord'ring grass.

We

We 'll end our washing while the morning 's cool, And when the day grows het we 'll to the pool, There wash oursells; 'tis healthfu' now in May, And sweetly cauler on sae warm a day.

JENNY.

Daft lassie, when we 're naked, what 'll ye say, Giff our twa herds come brattling down the brae, And see us sae?—that jeering fellow, Pate, Wad taunting say, "Haith, lasses, ye're no blate."

PEGGY.

We 're far frae ony road, and out of fight; The lads they 're feeding far beyont the hight; But tell me now, dear Jenny, we 're our lane, What gars ye plague your wooer with distain? The neighbours a' tent this as well as I; That Roger loo's ye, yet ye care na by. What ails ye at him? Troth, between us twa, He 's wordy you the best day e'er ye faw.

JENNY.

I dinna like him, Peggy, there 's an end;
A herd mair sheepish yet I never kend.
He kames his hair, indeed, and gaes right snug,
With ribbon-knots at his blue bonnet lug;

Whilk

Whilk penfylie he wears a thought a-jee,
And spreads his garters dic'd beneath his knee.
He falds his owrelay down his breast with care,
And few gangs trigger to the kirk or fair;
For a' that, he can neither sing nor say,
Except, "How d' ye?"—or, "There's a bonny
day."

PEGGY.

Ye dash the lad with constant slighting pride,
Hatred for love is unco fair to bide:
But ye'll repent ye, if his love grow cauld,
Wha likes a dorty maiden when she's auld?
Like dawted wean that tarries at its meat,
That for some feckless whim will orp and greet:
The lave laugh at it till the dinner's past,
And syne the fool thing is oblig'd to fast,
Or scart anither's leavings at the last.
Fy, Jenny, think, and dinna sit your time.

SANG III.

Tune-" Polwart on the green."

The dorty will repent,

If lover's heart grow cauld,
And nane her fmiles will tent,
Soon as her face looks auld.

The dawted bairn thus takes the pet, Nor eats tho' hunger crave, Whimpers and tarrows at its meat, And 's laught at by the lave.

They jest it till the dinner's past, Thus by itself abus'd, The fool thing is oblig'd to fast, Or eat what they 've refus'd.

JENNY.

I never thought a fingle life a crime.

PEGGY.

Nor I: but love in whispers lets us ken, That men were made for us, and we for men.

JENNY.

If Roger is my jo, he kens himfell,

For fic a tale I never heard him tell.

He glowrs and fighs, and I can guess the cause:

But wha 's oblig'd to spell his hums and haws?

Whene'er he likes to tell his mind mair plain,

I'se tell him frankly ne'er to do 't again.

They 're fools that slav'ry like, and may be free;

The chiels may a' knit up themselves for me.

PEGGY.

Be doing your ways: for me, I have a mind To be as yielding as my Patie's kind.

JENNY.

Heh! lass, how can ye loo that rattle-skull?

A very deel, that ay maun have his will.

We soon will hear what a poor feightan life

You twa will lead, sae soon 's ye 're man and wife.

PEGGY.

I 'll rin the risk; nor have I ony fear, But rather think ilk langsome day a year, 'Till I with pleasure mount my bridal-bed, Where on my Patie's breast I 'll lay my head. There he may kiss as lang as kissing 's good, And what we do there 's nane dare call it rude. He 's get his will; why no? 'tis good my part To give him that, and he 'll give me his heart.

JENNY.

He may indeed for ten or fifteen days Mak meikle o' ye, with an unco fraife, And daut ye baith afore fowk and your lane: But foon as your newfangleness is gane, He 'll look upon you as his tether-stake,
And think he 's tint his freedom for your sake.
Instead then of lang days of sweet delyte,
Ae day be dumb, and a' the neist he 'll flyte:
And may be, in his barlichoods, ne'er stick
To lend his loving wife a loundering lick.

SANG IV.

Tune-" O dear mother, what shall I do?"

O dear Peggy, love 's beguiling, We ought not to trust his smiling; Better far to do as I do,
Lest a harder luck betide you.
Lasses, when their fancy 's carried,
Think of nought but to be marry'd;
Running to a life destroys
Heartsome, free, and youthfu' joys.

PEGGY.

Sic coarfe-spun thoughts as that want pith to move

My fettl'd mind; I 'm o'er fare gane in love. Patie to me is dearer than my breath, But want of him I dread nae other skaith. There 's nane of a' the herds that tread the green Has sic a smile, or sic twa glancing een. And then he speaks with sic a taking art, His words they thirle like music thro' my heart.

How blythly can he sport, and gently rave,
And jest at little sears that fright the lave.

Ilk day that he 's alane upon the hill,
He reads seil books that teach him meikle skill;
He is—but what need I say that or this,
I 'd spend a month to tell you what he is!
In a' he says or does there 's sic a gate,
The rest seem coofs, compar'd with my dear Pate;
His better sense will lang his love secure:
Ill-nature hefts in sauls are weak and poor.

SANG V.

Tune-" How can I be fad on my wedding-day?"

How shall I be fad when a husband I hae,
That has better sense than ony of thae;
Sour, weak, filly fellows, that study, like fools,
To fink their ain joy, and make their wives snools.
The man who is prudent ne'er lightlies his wife,
Or with dull reproaches encourages strife,
He praises her virtue, and ne'er will abuse
Her for a small failing, but find an excuse.

JENNY.

Hey, "bonny lass of Branksome!" or 't be lang,

Your witty Pate will put you in a fang.
O'tis a pleasant thing to be a bride!
Syne whindging gets about your ingle-side,

Yelping

Your

Yelping for this or that with fasheous din:
To make them brats then ye man toil and spin.
Ae wean fa's sick, an scads itself wi' brue,
Ane breaks his shin, anither tines his shoe:
The "Deel gaes o'er John Wabster:" hame grows hell,

When Pate miscaws ye war than tongue can tell.

PEGGY.

Yes, it 's a heartsome thing to be a wife, When round the ingle-edge young sprouts are rife.

Gif I'm fae happy, I shall have delight
To hear their little plaints, and keep them right.
Wow, Jenny! can there greater pleasure be,
Than see sic wee tots toolying at your knee;
When a' they ettle at, their greatest wish,
Is to be made of, and obtain a kiss?
Can there be toil in tenting day and night
The like of them, when love makes care delight?

JENNY.

But poortith, Peggy, is the warst of a', Gif o'er your heads ill chance should begg'ry draw:

There little love or canty cheer can come Frae duddy doublets, and a pantry toom.

VOL. II.

Your nowt may die; the speat may bear away
Frae aff the howms your dainty rucks of hay;
The thick-blawn wreaths of snaw, or blashy thows,
May smoor your wethers, and may rot your ews;
A dyvour buys your butter, woo, and cheese,
But or the day of payment breaks and slees;
With glooman brow the laird seeks in his rent,
'Tis no to gie, your merchant's to the bent;
His honour maunna want, he poinds your gear;
Syne driven frae house and hald, where will ye

Dear Meg, be wife, and lead a fingle life; Troth, it 's nae mows to be a married wife.

PEGGY.

May fic ill luck befa' that filly fhe,
Wha has fic fears, for that was never me.
Let fowk bode weel, and strive to do their best;
Nae mair's requir'd—let heaven make out the rest.
I've heard my honest uncle aften fay,
That lads should a' for wives that's vertuous pray;
For the maist thrifty man could never get
A well-stor'd room, unless his wife wad let:
Wherefore nocht shall be wanting on my part
To gather wealth to raise my shepherd's heart.
Whate'er he wins I'll guide with canny care,
And win the vogue at market, tron, or fair,
For healsome, clean, cheap, and sufficient ware.

A flock

A flock of lambs, cheefe, butter, and fome woo,
Shall first be fald to pay the laird his due;
Syne a' behind 's our ain. — Thus without fear,
With love and rowth we throw the warld will
steer;

And when my Pate in bairns and geer grows rife, He 'll bless the day he gat me for his wife.

JENNY.

But what if some young giglit on the green, With dimpled cheeks, and twa bewitching een, Shou'd gar your Patie think his half-worn Meg, And her kend kisses, hardly worth a feg?

PEGGY.

Nae mair of that:—dear Jenny, to be free,
There 's fome men constanter in love than we:
Nor is the ferly great, when nature kind
Has blest them with solidity of mind;
They 'll reason caumly, and with kindness smile,
When our short passions wad our peace beguile:
Sae, whensoe'er they slight their maiks at hame,
'Tis ten to ane their wives are maist to blame.
Then I 'll employ with pleasure a' my art
To keep him cheerfu', and secure his heart.
At ev'n, when he comes weary frae the hill,
I 'll have a' things made ready to his will:

In winter, when he toils thro' wind and rain, A bleezing ingle, and a clean hearth-stane; And soon as he slings by his plaid and staff, The seething pot 's be ready to take aff; Clean hag-abag I 'll spread upon his board, And serve him with the best we can afford: Good-humour and white bigonets shall be Guards to my face, to keep his love for me.

JENNY.

A dish of married love right foon grows cauld, And dozins down to nane, as fowk grow auld.

PEGGY.

But we 'll grow auld together, and ne'er find
The loss of youth, when love grows on the
mind.

Bairns and their bairns make fure a firmer tye,
Than aught in love the like of us can fpy.
See yon twa elms that grow up fide by fide,
Suppose them some years syne bridegroom and
bride;

Nearer and nearer ilka year they 've preft,
Till wide their fpreading branches are increas'd,
And in their mixture now are fully bleft:
This fhields the other frae the eaftlin blaft;
That in return defends it frae the weft.

Sic as stand single, (a state sae lik'd by you,) Beneath ilk storm frae every airt man bow.

JENNY.

I 've done.—I yield, dear laffie, I man yield, Your better fense has fairly won the field, With the affistance of a little fae Lies dern'd within my breast this mony a day.

SANG VI.

Tune—" Nanfy's to the green-wood gane."

I yield, dear laffie, you have won,
And there is nae denying,
That fure as light flows frae the fun,
Frae love proceeds complying;
For a' that we can do or fay
'Gainst love, nae thinker heeds us;
They ken our bosoms lodge the fae,
That by the heartstrings leads us.

PEGGY.

Alake, poor pris'ner!—Jenny, that 's no fair, That ye 'll no let the wie thing take the air: Haste, let him out; we'll tent as well 's we can, Gif he be Bauldy's, or poor Roger's man.

JENNY.

Anither time 's as good; for fee the fun
Is right far up, and we 're not yet begun
To freath the graith: if canker'd Madge, our
aunt,

Come up the burn, she 'll gie us a wicked rant: But when we 've done, I 'll tell you a' my mind; For this seems true—nae lass can be unkind.

[Exeunt.

A C T II.

will gar our cile oppressions thend like there

SCENE I.

PROLOGUE.

A fing thack house; before the door a green;
Hens on the midding, ducks in dubs are seen:
On this side stands a barn, on that a byre:
A peet stack joins, and forms a rural square.
The house is Glaud's.—There you may see him lean,
And to his divet seat invite his frien.

GLAUD and SYMON.

GLAUD.

Good morrow, nibour Symon:—come, fit down, And gie 's your cracks.—What 's a' the news in town?

They tell me ye was in the ither day,
And fauld your Crummock, and her baffand quey.
I'll warrant ye 've coft a pund of cut and dry:
Lug out your box, and gie 's a pipe to try.

remain in a small symon.

Has play'd the Remple a right flor b'gunk

With a' my heart:—and tent me now, auld boy,
I 've gather'd news will kittle your mind with joy.

G 4

I cou'dna

I cou'dna rest till I came o'er the burn, To tell ye things have taken sic a turn Will gar our vile oppressors stend like slaes, And skulk in hidlings on the hether braes.

GLAUD.

Fy blaw!—Ah! Symie, rattling chiels ne'er stand

To cleck, and spread the groffest lies aff-hand; Whilk soon slies round like wild-fire far and near; But loose your poke, be't true or sause let's hear.

SYMON,

Seeing 's believing, Glaud; and I have feen
Hab, that abroad has with our mafter been;
Our brave good mafter, wha right wifely fled,
And left a fair effate to fave his head,
Because, ye ken fou well, he bravely chose
To shine or set in glory with Montrose.
Now Cromwell 's gane to Nick, and ane ca'd
Monk

Has play'd the Rumple a right flee begunk; Restor'd king Charles, and ilka thing 's in tune; And Habby says, we 'll see Sir William soon.

That makes me blyth indeed!—but dinna flaw, Tell o'er your news again, and fwear till 't a'.

And faw ye Hab? and what did Halbert fay?

They have been e'en a dreary time away.

Now God be thanked that our laird 's come hame;

And his estate, fay, can he eithly claim?

SYMON.

They that hag-rid us till our guts did grane, Like greedy bears, dare nae mair do 't again, And good Sir William fall enjoy his ain.

SANG VII.

Tune-" Cauld Kail in Aberdeen."

Cauld be the rebels cast,
Oppressors base and bloody,
I hope we 'll see them at the last
Strung a' up in a woody,

Bleft be he of worth and fenfe, And ever high in station, That bravely stands in the defence Of conscience, king, and nation.

CLAMB.

And may he lang, for never did he stent Us in our thriving with a racket rent; Nor grumbl'd if ane grew rich, or shor'd to raise Our mailens when we put on Sunday's claiths.

SYMON.

Nor wad he lang, with fenfeless faucy air, Allow our lyart noddles to be bare:

- " Put on your bonnet, Symon; tak a feat:-
- " How's all at hame?—how's Elfpa?—how does "Kate?—
- "How fells black cattle?—what gi'es woo this year?"

And fic like kindly questions wad he speer.

SANG VIII.

Tune-" Mucking of Geordy's byre."

The laird who in riches and honour
Wad thrive, fhould be kindly and free,
Nor rack the poor tenants who labour
To rife aboon poverty;

Else, like the pack-horse that 's unfother'd And burthen'd, will tumble down faint:

Thus virtue by hardships are smother'd, And rackers aft tine their rent.

Then wad he gar his butler bring bedeen
The nappy bottle ben, and glaffes clean,
Whilk in our breaft rais'd fic a blythfome flame,
As gart me mony a time gae dancing hame.
My heart's e'en rais'd!—Dear nibour, will ye ftay,
And tak your dinner here with me the day?
We'll fend for Elfpith too; and upo' fight
I'll whiftle Pate and Roger frae the height.
I'll yoke my fled, and fend to the neift town,
And bring a draught of ale baith flout and brown;
And gar our cottars a', man, wife, and wean,
Drink'till they tine the gate to ftand their lane.

SYMON

I wadna bauk my friend his blyth defign,
Gif that it hadna first of a' been mine:
For here-yestreen I brew'd a bow of maut,
Yestreen I slew twa wethers prime and fat;
A furlet of good cakes my Elspa beuk,
And a large ham hangs reesting in the nook:
I saw mysell, or I came o'er the loan,
Our meikle pot, that scads the whey, put on,
A mutton bouk to boil, and ane we'll roast;
And on the haggies Elspa spares nae cost;
Small are they shorn, and she can mix sou nice
The gusty ingans with a curn of spice;

Fat are the puddings; heads and feet well fung:
And we 've invited nibours auld and young,
To pass this afternoon with glee and game,
And drink our master's health and welcome hame:
Ye mauna then refuse to join the rest,
Since ye 're my nearest friend that I like best:
Bring wi' ye all your family; and then,
Whene'er you please, I 'll rant wi' you again.

GLAUD.

Spoke like ye'rfell, auld birky; never fear
But at your banquet I shall first appear:
Faith, we shall bend the bicker, and look bauld,
Till we forget that we are fail'd or auld;
Auld, said I!—troth, I'm younger be a score,
With this good news, than what I was before;
I'll dance or een. — Hey, Madge! come forth,
d'ye hear?

Enter MADGE.

MADGE.

The man's gane gyte!—Dear Symon, welcome here.—

What wad ye, Glaud, with a' this hafte and din? Ye never let a body fit to spin.

Spin! Snuff!—Gae break your wheel, and burn your tow, and fet the meiklest peet-stack in a low;

And fet the meiklest peet-stack in a low; Syne dance about the bane-fire till ye die, Since now again we'll soon Sir William see.

MADGE.

Blyth news indeed!—And wha was 't tald you o't?

GLAUD.

What 's that to you?—Gae get my Sunday's coat;

Wale out the whitest of my bobit bands,
My whyt skin hose, and mittans for my hands;
Then frae their washing cry the bairns in haste,
And mak ye'rsells as trig, head, feet, and waist,
As ye were a' to get young lads or een;
For we 're gawn o'er to dine with Sym bedeen.

SYMON.

Do, honest Madge: and, Glaud, I'll o'er the gate,

And fee that a' be done as I wad hae 't.

SCENE II.

PROLOGUE.

The open field.—A cottage in a glen; An auld wife fpinning at the funny end. At a fmall distance, by a blasted tree, With falded arms and half-rais'd look, ye see

BAULDY his lane.

What 's this?—I canna bear 't!—'tis war than hell,

To be fae burnt with love, yet darna tell!

O Peggy! fweeter than the dawning day,
Sweeter than gowany glens or new-mawn hay;
Blyther than lambs that frisk out o'er the knows;
Straighter than aught that in the forest grows:
Her een the clearest blob of dew out-shines;
The lily in her breast its beauty tines;
Her legs, her arms, her cheeks, her mouth, her

Will be my deid, that will be shortly seen! For Pate loo's her, (waes me!) and she loo's Pate; And I with Neps, by some unlucky fate, Made a dast vow.—O! but ane be a beast, That makes rash aiths till he 's afore the priest. I darna speak my mind, else a' the three, But doubt, wad prove ilk ane my enemy.

'Tis fair to thole.—I 'll try fome witchcraft art, To break with ane, and win the other's heart. Here Maufy lives, a witch that for fma' price Can cast her cantraips, and gi'e me advice: She can o'ercast the night, and cloud the moon, And mak the deils obedient to her crune: At midnight hours, o'er the kirk-yard she raves, And howks unchristen'd weans out of their graves: Boils up their livers in a warlock's pow: Rins withershins about the hemlock low; And feven times does her prayers backwards pray, Till Plotcock comes with lumps of Lapland clav. Mixt with the venom of black taids and fnakes: Of this unfonfy pictures aft she makes Of any ane she hates, and gars expire With flow and racking pains afore a fire, Stuck fou of pins; the devilish pictures melt: The pain by fowk they represent is felt. And yonder's Mause: -ay, ay, she kens fou weil, When ane like me comes rinning to the deil. She and her cat fit beeking in her yard: To fpeak my errand, faith, amaist I 'm fear'd: But I maun do 't, tho' I should never thrive: They gallop fast that deils and lasses drive.

[Exit.

SCENE III.

PROLOGUE.

A green kail-yard; a little fount, Where water poplin fprings; There fits a wife with wrinkled front, And yet she fpins and sings.

MAUSE.

SANG IX.

Tune-" Carle and the king come."

Peggy, now the king 's come,
Peggy, now the king's come,
Thou may dance, and I shall sing,
Peggy, since the king 's come:
Nae mair the haukeys shalt thou milk,
But change thy plaiding-coat for silk,
And be a lady of that ilk,
Now, Peggy, since the king 's come.

Enter BAULDY.

BAULDY.

How does auld honest lucky of the glen? Ye look baith hale and fair at threescore-ten.

MAUSE.

E'en twining out a thread with little din, And beeking my cauld limbs afore the fun. What brings my bairn this gate fae air at morn? Is there nae muck to lead, to thresh nae corn?

BAULDY.

Enough of baith: but fomething that requires Your helping hand employs now all my cares.

MAUSE.

My helping hand! alake, what can I do, That underneath baith eild and poortith bow?

BAULDY.

Ay, but you 're wise, and wiser far than we, Or maist part of the parish tells a lie.

MAUSE.

Of what kind wisdom think ye I 'm possest, That lifts my character aboon the rest?

BAULDY.

The word that gangs, how ye're fae wise and fell,
Ye'll may be tak it ill gif I sou'd tell.

MAUSE.

What fowk fay of me, Bauldy, let me hear; Keep naithing up, ye naithing have to fear.

BAULDY.

Well, fince ye bid me, I shall tell ye a'
That ilk ane talks about you, but a slaw.
When last the wind made Glaud a roosless barn;
When last the burn bore down my mither's yarn;
When Brawny, elf-shot, never mair came hame;
When Tibby kirn'd, and there nae butter came;
When Besty Freetock's chussy-cheeked wean
To a fairy turn'd, and cou'dna stand its lane;
When Wattie wander'd ae night thro' the shaw,
And tint himsell amaist amang the snaw;
When Mungo's mare stood still and swat wi'
fright,

When he brought east the howdy under night; When Bawfy shot to dead upon the green; And Sara tint a snood was nae mair seen;

You,

You, Lucky, gat the wyte of a' fell out; And ilka ane here dreads ye round about, And fae they may that mean to do ye skaith: For me to wrang ye, I'll be very laith; But when I neist make groats, I'll strive to please You with a firlot of them mixt with pease.

MAUSE.

I thank ye, lad:—now tell me your demand, And, if I can, I'll lend my helping hand.

BAULDY.

Then, I like Peggy; Neps is fond of me; Peggy likes Pate; and Patie's bauld and flee, And loo's fweet Meg; but Neps I downa fee. Cou'd ye turn Patie's love to Neps, and then Peggy's to me, I'd be the happiest man.

MAUSE.

I 'll try my art to gar the bowls row right; Sae gang your ways and come again at night; 'Gainst that time I 'll some simple things prepare, Worth all your pease and groats, tak ye na care.

BAULDY.

Well, Maufe, I'll come, gif I the road can find:

But if ye raise the de'il, he 'll raise the wind; Syne rain and thunder, may be, when 'tis late, Will make the night sae mirk, I 'll tine the gate. We 're a' to rant in Symie's at a feast, O! will ye come like badrans for a jest? And there you can our different haviours spy; There 's nane shall ken o't there but you and I.

MAUSE.

'Tis like I may:—but let na on what 's past' 'Tween you and me, else fear a kittle cast.

BAULDY.

If I aught of your fecrets e'er advance, May ye ride on me ilka night to France.

[Exit.

MAUSE

Mause her lane.

This fool imagines, as do mony fic,
That I 'm a witch in compact with Auld Nick,
Because by education I was taught
To speak and act aboon their common thought.
Their gross mistake shall quickly now appear;
Soon shall they ken what brought, what keeps me here.

Now fince the royal Charles, and right 's restor'd, A shepherdess is daughter to a lord.

The bonny foundling that 's brought up by Glaud, Wha has an uncle's care on her bestow'd,
Her infant life I sav'd, when a false friend
Bow'd to th' usurper, and her death design'd,
To establish him and his in all these plains
That by right heritage to her pertains.

She 's now in her sweet bloom, has blood and charms

Of too much value for a shepherd's arms:

None know 't but me:—and if the morn were come,

I'll tell them tales will gar them all fing dumb.

SCENE IV.

PROLOGUE.

Behind a tree upon the plain,
Pate and his Peggy meet,
In love without a vicious stain,
The bonny lass and cheerfu' swain
Change yows and kiffes sweet.

PATIE and PEGGY.

PEGGY.

O Patie! let me gang; I mauna stay; We 're baith cry'd hame, and Jenny she 's away.

PATIE.

I 'm laith to part fae foon, now we 're alane,
And Roger he 's away with Jenny gane:
They 're as content, for aught I hear or fee,
To be alane themselves, I judge, as we.
Here, where primroses thickest paint the green,
Hard by this little burnie let us lean:
Hark how the lav'rocks chant aboon our heads,
How saft the westlin winds sough through the
reeds.

PEGGY.

The scented meadows, birds, and healthy breeze, For aught I ken, may mair than Peggy please.

PATIE.

Ye wrang me fair, to doubt my being kind; In speaking sae, ye ca' me dull and blind, Gif I cou'd fancy aught 's sae sweet or fair As my sweet Meg, or worthy of my care. Thy breath is sweeter than the sweetest brier, Thy cheek and breast the finest slow'rs appear: Thy words excel the maist delightsu' notes That warble through the merle or mavis' throats; With thee I tent nae slowers that busk the field, Or ripest berries that our mountains yield; The sweetest fruits that hing upon the tree, Are far inferior to a kiss of thee.

PEGGY.

But Patrick for fome wicked end may fleech, And lambs should tremble when the foxes preach. I darna stay; ye joker, let me gang, Or swear ye'll never 'tempt to do me wrang.

PATIE.

Sooner a mother shall her fondness drap,
And wrang the bairn sits smiling on her lap;
The sun shall change, the moon to change shall cease;

The gaits to clim, the sheep to yield the sleece; Ere aught by me be either said or doon, Shall do thee wrang.—I swear by all aboon.

PEGGY.

Then keep your aith.—But mony lads will fwear,

And be mansworn to twa in half a year. Now I believe ye like me wonder weel; But if anither lass your heart should steal, Your Meg, forsaken, bootless might relate How she was dauted anes by faithless Pate.

PATIE.

I 'm fure I canna change; ye needna fear,
Tho' we 're but young, I 've loo'd ye mony a year:
I mind it well, when thou could'st hardly gang,
Or lisp out words, I choos'd thee frae the thrang
Of a' the bairns, and led thee by the hand,
Aft to the tansy know or rashy strand;

Thou

Thou fmiling by my fide:—I took delight
To pou the rashes green, with roots sae white,
Of which, as well as my young fancy cou'd,
For thee I plet the flow'ry belt and snood.

PEGGY. W THE MEDICAL TO

When first thou gade with shepherds to the hill, And I to milk the ews first try'd my skill, To bear a leglen was nae toil to me, When at the bught at ev'n I met with thee.

SANG X.

Tune-" Winter was cauld, and my claithing was thin."

PEGGY.

When first my dear laddie gade to the green hill, And I at ewe-milking first sey'd my young skill, To bear the milk bowie no pain was to me, When I at the bughting forgather'd with thee.

PATIE.

When corn-riggs wav'd yellow, and blue hetherbells

Bloom'd bonny on moorland and fweet rifing fells, Nae birns, brier, or breckens, gave trouble to me, If I found the berries right ripen'd for thee.

PEGGY.

PEGGY.

When thou ran, or wrestled, or putted the stane, And came off the victor, my heart was ay fain; Thy ilka sport manly gave pleasure to me; For nane can putt, wrestle, or run swift as thee.

PATIE.

Our Jenny fings faftly the "Cowden broom. "knows;"

And Rosie lilts swiftly the "Milking the ews;"
There 's few "Jenny Nettles" like Nansy can sing;
At "Throw the wood, laddie," Bess gars our lugs
ring:

But when my dear Peggy fings, with better skill, The "Boatman," "Tweed-side," or the "Lass " of the mill,"

'Tis mony times fweeter and pleafing to me; For tho' they fing nicely, they cannot like thee.

PEGGY.

How eafy can lasses trow what they desire! And praises sae kindly increases love's fire; Give me still this pleasure, my study shall be To make myself better and sweeter for thee.

PATIE.

When corns grew yellow, and the hetherbells Bloom'd bonny on the moor and rifing fells, Nae birns, or briers, or whins, e'er troubled me, Gif I could find blae-berries ripe for thee.

PEGGY.

When thou didst wrestle, run, or putt the stane, And wan the day, my heart was slightering fain: At all these sports thou still gave joy to me, For nane can wrestle, run, or putt with thee.

PATIE.

Jenny fings faft the "Broom of Cowden-"knows;"

And Rosie lilts the "Milking of the ews;"

There 's nane like Nansy "Jenny Nettles fings;"

At turns in "Maggy Lawder" Marion dings: But when my Peggy fings, with fweeter skill, The "Boatman," or the "Lass of Patie's mill," It is a thousand times mair sweet to me; Tho' they sing well, they canna sing like thee.

PEGGY.

How eith can lasses trow what we defire!

And, rees'd by them we love, blaws up the fire:
But wha loves best let time and carriage try;
Be constant, and my love shall time defy:
Be still as now, and a' my care shall be,
How to contrive what pleasant is for thee.

PATIE.

Wert thou a giglit gawky like the lave,
That little better than our nowt behave;
At naught they 'll ferly, fenfeless tales believe,
Be blyth for filly hechts, for trifles grieve;
Sic ne'er cou'd win my heart, that kenna how
Either to keep a prize, or yet prove true:
But thou in better fense without a flaw,
As in thy beauty, far excels them a'.
Continue kind, and a' my care shall be
How to contrive what pleasing is for thee.

PEGGY.

Agreed:—but hearken, yon's auld aunty's cry, I ken they'll wonder what can make us stay.

PATIE.

And let them ferly.—Now a kindly kifs, Or fivefcore good anes wad not be amifs; And fyne we'll fing the fang with tunefu' glee, That I made up last owk on you and me.

PEGGY.

Sing first, fyne claim your hyre.

PATIE.

Well, I agree.

SANG XI.

To its awn tune.

By the delicious warmness of thy mouth,
And rowing eye that smiling tells the truth,
I guess, my lasse, that, as well as I,
Ye're made for love, and why should ye deny?

PEGGY.

But ken ye lad, gif we confess o'er foon, Ye think us cheap, and fyne the wooing 's done: The maiden that o'er quickly tines her pow'r, Like unripe fruit will tafte but hard and four.

PATIE.

But gin they hing o'er lang upon the tree, Their fweetness they may tyne, and say may ye; Red-cheeked ye completely ripe appear, And I have thol'd and woo'd a lang half year.

PEGGY

(Falling into Patie's arms.)

Then dinna pow me, gently thus I fa' Into my Patie's arms for good and a':
But stint your wishes to this kind embrace,
And mint nae farther till we 've got the grace.

PATIE

(With his left hand about her waist.)

O charming armfu'!—Hence ye cares away, I 'll kiss my treasure a' the live lang day; All night I 'll dream my kisses o'er again, Till that day come that ye 'il be a' my ain.

BOTH.

Sun, gallop down the westlin skies, Gang soon to bed, and quickly rise; O lash your steeds, post time away, And haste about our bridal-day; And if you 're weary'd, honest light, Sleep, gin ye like, a week that night.

[Curtain falls while they kifs.

ACT III.

SCENE I.

PROLOGUE,

Now turn your eyes beyond yon fpreading lyme,
And tent a man whafe beard feems bleach'd with time;
Ane elwand fills his hand, his habit mean,
Nae doubt ye 'll think he has a pedlar been:—
But whisht, it is the knight in masquerade,
That comes hid in this cloud to see his lad.
Observe how pleas'd the loyal fust rer moves
Thro' his auld av'nues, anes delightfu' groves.

SIR WILLIAM folus.

THE gentleman thus hid in low difguife,
I'll for a space, unknown, delight mine eyes
With a full view of ev'ry fertile plain,
Which once I lost, which now are mine again.
Yet, 'midst my joy, some prospects pain renew,
Whilst I my once fair seat in ruins view.
Yonder, ah me! it desolately stands,
Without a roof, the gates fall'n from their
bands;

The casements all broke down, no chimney left, The naked walls of tapestry all bereft. My stables and pavilions, broken walls,
That with each rainy blast decaying falls:
My gardens once adorn'd the most complete,
With all that nature, all that art makes sweet;
Where round the figur'd green and pebble walks,
The dewy flow'rs hung nodding on their stalks;
But overgrown with nettles, docks, and brier,
No hyacinths or eglantines appear.
Here fail'd and broke 's the rising ample shade,
Where peach and nest'rine trees their branches
foread.

Basking in rays, and early did produce
Fruit fair to view, delightful to the use.
All round in gaps the walls in ruin lye,
And from what stands the wither'd branches sly.
These soon shall be repair'd:—and now my joy
Forbids all grief, when I 'm to see my boy,
My only prop, and object of my care,
Since heav'n too soon call'd home his mother fair:
Him, ere the rays of reason clear'd his thought,
I secretly to faithful Symon brought,
And charg'd him strictly to conceal his birth,
Till we should see what changing times brought
forth.

Hid from himself, he starts up by the dawn, And ranges careless o'er the height and lawn, After his sleecy charge serenely gay, With other shepherds whistling o'er the day.

Thrice

Thrice happy life! that 's from ambition free, Remov'd from crowns, and courts, how cheerfully, A calm, contented mortal spends his time, In health, his foul unstain'd with crime!

SANG XII.

Tune-" Happy Clown."

Hid from himself, now by the dawn
He starts as fresh as roses blawn,
And ranges o'er the heights and lawn,
After his bleating slocks.

Healthful, and innocently gay,
He chaunts and whiftles out the day;
Untaught to fmile and then betray,
Like courtly weathercocks.

Life happy, from ambition free, Envy, and vile hypocrify, When truth and love with joy agree, Unfully'd with a crime:

Unmov'd with what disturbs the great,
In propping of their pride and state,
He lives, and, unafraid of fate,
Contented spends his time.

Now tow'rds good Symon's house I'll bend my way, And see what makes yon gamboling to-day; All on the green in a fair wanton ring, My youthful tenants gaily dance and fing.

SCENE IL

Remov'd from crowes, vid covers how cheering

PROLOGUE

Tis Symon's house, please to step in,
And vify 't round and round;
There 's nought superfluous to give pain,
Or costly to be found:
Yet, all is clean; a clear peat ingle
Glances amidd the stoor:
The green horn-spoons, beech luggies mingle,
On skelfs forgainst the door.
While the young brood sport on the green,
The auld anes think it best
With the brown cow to clear their een,
Snuss, crack, and take their rest.

SYMON, GLAUD, and ELSPA.

GLAUD.

We are were young ourfells.—I like to fee The bairns bob round with other merrylie. Troth, Symon, Patie's grown a strapan lad, And better looks than his I never bade; Amang our lads he bears the gree awa', And tells his tale the clev'rest of them a'.

ELSPA.

Poor man! he 's a great comfort to us baith; God make him good, and hide him ay frae skaith; He He is a bairn, I 'll fay 't, well worth our care, of That gae us ne'er vexation late or air.

GLAUD.

I trow, good wife, if I be not mistane,
He seems to be with Peggy's beauty tane,
And troth my niece is a right dainty wean,
As ye well ken; a bonnyer needna be,
Nor better, be 't she were nae kin to me.

SYMON, Will him by the 18 ft

Or this day eight days likely he fi-

Ha, Glaud, I doubt that ne'er will be a match, My Patie 's wild, and will be ill to catch; And or he were, for reasons I 'll not tell, I 'd rather be mixt with the mools mysell.

GLAUD.

What reasons can ye have?—there 's nane, I 'm fure,

Unless ye may cast up that she's but poor:
But gif the lassie marry to my mind,
I'll be to her as my ain Jenny kind:
Fourscore of breeding ewes of my ain birn,
Five kye that at ae milking fills a kirn,
I'll gie to Peggy that day she's a bride;
By and attour, if my good luck abide,

Ten

Ten lambs at spaining time as lang 's I live, And twa quey cawfs I 'll yearly to them give.

ELSPA.

Ye offer fair, kind Glaud, but dinna speer What may be is not fit ye yet should hear.

SYMON.

Or this day eight days likely he shall learn, That our denial disna slight his bairn.

GLAUD.

We 'll nae mair o't:—come, gi's the other bend,

We 'll drink their healths, whatever way it end.

[Their healths gae round.]

SYMON.

But will ye tell me, Glaud? - by fome 'tis

Your niece is but a fundling, that was laid Down at your hallon-fide ae morn in May, Right clean row'd up, and bedded on dry hay.

GLAUD.

That clattern Madge, my titty, tells fic flaws, Whene'er our Meg her cankart humour gaws.

Enter JENNY.

O father, there 's an auld man on the green, The fellest fortune-teller e'er was seen; He tents our loofs, and syne whops out a book, Turns owre the leaves, and gies our brows a look; Syne tells the oddest tales that e'er ye heard. His head is grey, and lang and grey his beard,

SYMON.

Gae bring him in, we 'll hear what he can fay,
Nane shall gang hungry by my house to-day.

[Exit Jenny.

But for his telling fortunes, troth, I fear He kens nae mair of that than my grey mare.

GLAUD.

Spae-men! the truth of a' their faws I doubt,
For greater liars never ran thereout.

Re-enter Jenny, bringing in SIR WILLIAM;
PATIE following.

SYMON.

Ye 're welcome, honest carle: -here tak a seat.

SIR WILLIAM.

I give thee thanks, good man, Ise no be blate.

GLAUD (Drinks).

Come, t' ye, friend .- How far came ye the day?

SIR WILLIAM.

I pledge ye, nibour.—E'en but little way: Roufted with eild, a wie piece gate feems lang; Twa miles or three 's the maift that I do gang.

SYMON.

Ye're welcome here to flay all night with me, And tak fic bed and board as we can gi'e.

SIR WILLIAM.

That 's kind unfought.-Well, gin ye have a bairn the size own a deep sate lawn tawn

That ye like well, and wad his fortune learn, I shall employ the farthest of my skill To spae it faithfully, be 't good or ill.

(Pointing to PATIE).

Only that lad.—Alack! I have nae mae, Either to make me joyful now or wae.

SIR WILLIAM.

Young man, let's fee your hand.-What gars ye fneer?

I dinna lone - Strange and many when at All on I should PATIE. these chow the medical

Because your skill 's but little worth, I fear.

SIR WILLIAM.

Ye cut before the point:—but, billy, bide, I 'll wager there 's a moufe-mark on your fide.

Twa curs, my trufty remains on the benit.

ELSPA.

Betootch-us-to! and well I wat that 's true:
Awa! awa! the deel 's owre girt wi' you.
Four inch aneath his oxter is the mark,
Scarce ever feen fince he first wore a fark.

SIR WILLIAM.

I 'll tell ye meir: if this young lad be spair'd But a short while, he 'll be a braw rich laird.

ELSPA.

A laird!—Hear ye, goodman, what think ye now?

SYMON.

I dinna ken.—Strange auld man, what art thou? Fair fa' your heart, 'tis good to bode of wealth.—Come, turn the timmer to laird Patie's health.

[PATIE's health gaes round.]

PATIE.

A laird of twa good whiftles and a kent, Twa curs, my trufty tenants on the bent, Is all my great estate, and like to be; Sae, cunning carle, ne'er break your jokes on me.

SYMON.

Whisht, Patie, let the man look ow'r your hand;

Aftymes as broken a ship has come to land.

[SIR WILLIAM looks a little at PATIE's hand, then counterfeits falling into a trance.—While they endeavour to lay him right:]

ELSPA.

Preferve's!—the man's a warlock, or poffest With some nae good, or second-sight at least. Where is he now?

GLAUD.

He 's feeing a' that 's done In ilka place beneath or yont the moon.

ELSPA.

These second-sighted sowks (his peace be here!) See things far aff, and things to come, as clear, As I can see my thumb.—Wow! can he tell (Speer at him soon as he comes to himsell)

How

How foon we 'll fee Sir William?—Whisht, he heaves,

And fpeaks out broken words like ane that raves.

SYMON.

He 'll foon grow better.—Elfpa, haste ye, gae And fill him up a tass of usquebæ.

SIR WILLIAM.

(Starts up and speaks).

A knight that for a lion fought
Against a herd of bears,
Was to lang toil and trouble brought,
In which some thousands shares:
But now again the lion rares,
And joy spreads o'er the plain;

The lion has defeat the bears,

The knight returns again.

The knight in a few days shall bring A shepherd frae the fauld,

And shall present him to the king, A subject true and bauld;

He Mr. Patrick shall be call'd:—
All you that hear me now

May well believe what I have tald, For it shall happen true.

SYMON.

Friend, may your spacing happen soon and well: But, faith, I'm redd you've bargain'd with the deel,

To tell fome tales that fowks wad fecret keep; Or do you get them tald you in your fleep?

SIR WILLIAM.

Howe'er I get them never fash your beard; Nor come I to redd fortunes for reward: But I'll lay ten to ane with ony here, That all I prophefy shall soon appear.

SYMON.

You prophefying fowks are odd kind men!— They 're here that ken, and here that difna ken The wimpled meaning of your unko tale, Whilk foon will mak a noise o'er moor and dale.

GLAUD.

'Tis nae sma' sport to hear how Sym believes, And taks 't for gospel what the spae-man gives Of slawing fortunes, whilk he evens to Pate: But what we wish we trow at ony rate.

SIR WILLIAM.

Whisht, doubtfu' carle; for ere the sun Has driven twice down to the sea, What I have said ye shall see done In part, or nae mair credit me.

GLAUD.

Well, be 't fae, friend; — I shall fay nathing mair:—

But I've twa fonfy laffes, young and fair, Plump, ripe for men: I wish ye cou'd foresee Sic fortunes for them might bring joy to me.

SIR WILLIAM.

Nae mair thro' fecrets can I fift, Till darkness black the bent; I have but anes a day that gift, Sae rest a while content.

SYMON.

Elspa, cast on the claith, fetch butt some meat, And of your best gar this auld stranger eat.

SIR WILLIAM.

Delay a while your hospitable care; I'd rather enjoy this evening calm and fair, Around you ruin'd tower to fetch a walk, With you, kind friend, to have some private talk.

SYMON.

Soon as you pleafe I 'll answer your desire:—
And, Glaud, you 'll tak your pipe beside the sire:
We 'll but gae round the place, and soon be back,

Syne sup together, and tak our pint and crack.

GLAUD.

I 'll out a space, and see the young anes play; My heart 's still light, albeit my locks be grey.

[Exeunt.

SCENE III.

PROLOGUE

Jenny pretends an errand hame,
Young Roger draps the reft,
To whisper out his melting slame,
And thow his lassie's breaft.
Behind a bush well hid frae sight they meet:
See Jenny's laughing;
Roger's like to greet.
Poor shepherd!

ROGER and JENNY.

ROGER.

Dear Jenny, I wad speak t' ye, wad ye let; — And yet I ergh, ye 'r ay sae scornfu' set.

JENNY.

And what wad Roger fay, if he cou'd fpeak?
Am I oblig'd to guess what ye 'r to seek?

ROGER.

Yes, ye may guess right eith for what I grein,
Baith by my service, fighs, and langing een:
And I maun out wi't, tho' I risk your scorn,
Ye 're never frae my thoughts baith ev'n and
morn.

Ah!

Ah! cou'd I loo ye less, I 'd happy be; But happier far, cou'd ye but fancy me.

regard mod Abatt Jenny. Salan affilty mat at

And wha kens, honest lad, but that I may?
Ye canna say that e'er I said ye nay.

ROGER.

Alake! my frighted heart begins to fail, Whene'er I mint to tell ye out my tale, For fear some tighter lad, mair rich than I, Has win your love, and near your heart may lie.

JENNY. Margar Hab made +O

I loo my father, cousin Meg I love;
But to this day nae man my heart cou'd move:
Except my kin, ilk lad 's alyke to me,
And frae ye a' I best had keep me free.

ROGER.

And foor in mostly puddies diluppear;

How lang, dear Jenny?—fayna that again;
What pleasure can ye tak in giving pain?
I'm glad however that ye yet stand free;
Wha kens but ye may rue, and pity me?

STATE OF TENNY. MAN HE TSINDER HILL

Ye have my pity else, to see you set
On that whilk makes our sweetness soon forget:
Wow! but we 're bonny, good, and every thing!
How sweet we breathe whene'er we kiss or sing!
But we 're nae sooner fools to give consent,
Than we our dassin and tint power repent:
When prison'd in four waws, a wife right tame,
Altho' the first, the greatest drudge at hame.

ROGER.

That only happens, when for fake of gear Ane wales a wife, as he wad buy a mare:
Or when dull parents bairns together bind
Of different tempers, that can ne'er prove kind:
But love, true downright love, engages me
(Tho' thou should scorn) still to delight in thee.

JENNY.

What fugar'd words frae wooers lips can fa'!
But girning marriage comes and ends them a'.
I've feen with shining fair the morning rise,
And soon the sleety clouds mirk a' the skies;
I've feen the silver spring a while rin clear,
And soon in mossy puddles disappear;

The

The bridegroom may rejoice, the bride may smile, But soon contentions a' their joys beguile.

ROGER.

I 've feen the morning rife with faireft light,
The day unclouded fink in calmeft night:
I 've feen the fpring rin wimpling throw the plain,
Increase and join the ocean without stain;
The bridegroom may be blyth, the bride may
fmile,

Rejoice throw life, and all your fears beguile.

SANG XIII. Tune-" Leith Wynd."

JENNY.

Were I affur'd you 'll constant prove,
You should nae mair complain;
The easy maid, beset with love,
Few words will quickly gain:
For I must own now, since you 're free,
This too fond heart of mine
Has lang, a black-sole true to thee,
Wish'd to be pair'd with thine.

ROGER.

I'm happy now; ah! let my head
Upon thy breaft recline:
The pleafure ftrikes me near-hand dead;—
Is Jenny then fae kind?—
O let me briz thee to my heart,
And round my arms entwine:
Delytfu' thought! we'll never part:
Come, press thy mouth to mine.

JENNY.

Were I but fure ye lang wou'd love maintain, The fewest words my easy heart cou'd gain; For I man own, since now at last you 're free, Altho' I jok'd, I lov'd your company; And ever had a warmness in my breast, That made ye dearer to me than the rest.

ROGER.

I 'm happy now! o'er happy!—had my head!—
This gush of pleasure 's like to be my deid.—
Come to my arms!—or strike me!—I 'm all fir'd

With wond'ring love!—let 's kiss till we be tir'd:
Kiss,

Kiss, kiss;—we'll kiss the fun and starns away, And ferly at the quick return of day. O Jenny! let my arms about thee twine, And briz thy bonny breasts and lips to mine.

[They embrace.

JENNY.

With equal joy my fafter heart does yield, To own thy well-try'd love has won the field. Now by these warmest kisses thou hast tane, Swear thus to love me when by vows made ane.

ROGER.

I fwear by fifty thousand yet to come, Or may the first ane strike me deaf and dumb, There shall not be a kindlier dawted wife, If you agree with me to lead your life.

JENNY.

Well, I agree:—neist to my parent gae, Get his consent, he 'll hardly say ye nae; Ye have what will commend ye to him well, Auld sowks like them that want na milk and meal.

SANG XIV.

Tune—" O'er Bogie."

JENNY.

Well, I agree, ye 're fure of me;
Next to my father gae;
Make him content to give confent;
He 'll hardly fay ye nae:
For ye have what he wad be at,
And will commend you weel,
Since parents auld think love grows cauld,
Where bairns want milk and meal.

Should he deny, I care na by,
He 'd contradict in vain:
Tho' a' my kin had faid and fworn,
But thee I will have nane.
Then never range, nor learn to change,
Like these in high degree;
And if you faithful prove in love,
You 'll find nae fault in me.

ROGER.

My faulds contain twice fifteen farrow nowt; As mony newcal in my byers rowt; Five pack of woo I can at Lammas fell, Shorn frae my bob-tail'd bleeters on the fell

Good

Good twenty pair of blankets for our bed,
With meikle care my thrifty mither made:
Ilk thing that makes a hartfome house and tight,
Was still her care, my father's great delight.
They left me all, which now gi'es joy to me,
Because I can give a', my dear, to thee:
And had I fifty times as meikle mair,
Nane but my Jenny shou'd the samen skair:
My love and all is yours; now had them fast,
And guide them as ye like to gar them last.

JENNY.

I 'll do my best:—but see wha gangs this way, Patie and Meg:—besides, I mana stay: Let 's steal frae ither now, and meet the morn; If we be seen, we 'll dree a deal of scorn.

ROGER

To where the faugh-tree shades the menin pool, I'll frae the hill come down when day grows cool: Keep tryst, and meet me there: there let us meet, To kiss and tell our loves; there's nought sae sweet.

[Excunt.

Lo fee him healthy, throng, and free frac 0 aith.

SCENE IV.

them realists one one state lattern to

PROLOGUE

The fcene prefents the knight and Sym, Within a gallery of the place, Where all looks ruinous and grim; Nor has the baron shewn his face; But joking with his shepherd leel, Aft speers the gate he kens su' weel.

SIR WILLIAM and SYMON.

SIR WILLIAM.

To whom belongs this house so much decay'd?

SYMON.

To ane that lost it, lending gen'rous aid To bear the head up, when rebellious tail, Against the laws of nature, did prevail. Sir William Worthy is our master's name, Wha fills us all with joy, now he's come hame.

PROLOGUE.

Sir William draps his masking beard:— Symon, transported, sees The welcome knight, with fond regard, And grasps him round the knees.

My master! my dear master!—do I breathe,
To see him healthy, strong, and free frae skaith,
Return'd

Return'd to cheer his wishing tenants' fight; To bless his son, my charge, the world's delight?

SIR WILLIAM.

Rife, faithful Symon, in my arms enjoy A place thy due, kind guardian of my boy. I came to view thy care in this difguife, And am confirm'd thy conduct has been wife; Since still the secret thou 'st securely seal'd, And ne'er to him his real birth reveal'd.

SYMON.

The due obedience to your strict command
Was the first lock; neist my ain judgment fand
Out reasons plenty; since, without estate,
A youth, tho' sprung frae kings, looks baugh and
blate.

SIR WILLIAM.

And aften vain and idly spend their time,
Till grown unsit for action, past their prime,
Hang on their friends; which gi'es their sauls a
cast,

That turns them downright beggars at the last.

SYMON.

Now well I wat, Sir, you have fpoken true;
For there 's laird Kytie's fon, that 's loo'd by few;
His father steght his fortune in his wame,
And left his heir nought but a gentle name.
He gangs about fornan frae place to place,
As scrimpt of manners as of sense and grace;
Oppressing a', as punishment o' their sin,
That are within his tenth degree of kin:
Rins in ilk trader's debt wha 's sae unjust
To his ain family as to gi'e him trust.

SIR WILLIAM.

Such useless branches of a commonwealth Should be lopt off, to give a state mair health:—Unworthy bare reflection.—Symon, run O'er all your observations on my son:
A parent's fondness easily finds excuse;
But do not with indulgence truth abuse.

SYMON.

To speak his praise, the langest simmer day Wad be owne short, could I them right display. In word and deed he can sae well behave, That out of sight he rins before the lave;

And

And when there 's e'er a quarrel or contest,
Patrick 's made judge, to tell whase cause is best;
And his decree stands good—he'll gar it stand;
Wha dares to grumble finds his correcting hand;
With a firm look, and a commanding way,
He gars the proudest of our herds obey.

SIR WILLIAM.

Your tale much pleases: — my good friend, proceed:— What learning has he?—can he write and read?

SYMON.

Baith wonder well; for, troth, I didna fpare
To gi'e him at the school enough of lear;
And he delights in books; he reads and speaks,
With fowks that ken them, Latin words and
Greeks.

SIR WILLIAM.

Where gets he books to read, and of what kind?—
Tho' fome give light, fome blindly lead the blind.

SYMON.

Whene'er he drives our sheep to Edinburgh Port, He buys some books of history, sangs, or sport:
Nor does he want of them a rowth at will,
And carries ay a poutchfu' to the hill.
About ane Shakespar and a famous Ben
He aften speaks, and ca's them best of men.
How sweetly Hawthornden and Stirling sing,
And ane caw'd Cowley, loyal to his king,
He kens sou well, and gars their verses ring.
I sometimes thought that he made o'er great fraze
About sine poems, histories, and plays:
When I reprov'd him anes, a book he brings;—
"With this," quoth he, "on braes I crack with
"kings."

SIR WILLIAM.

He answer'd well; and much ye glad my ear, When such accounts I of my shepherd hear: Reading such books can raise a peasant's mind Above a lord's that is not thus inclin'd.

SYMON.

What ken we better, that fae findle look, Except on rainy Sundays, on a book?

When

When we a leaf or twa haf read, haf fpell, when I Till a' the rest sleep round as weel 's oursell.

SIR WILLIAM. STOOL SELECT WOM

Straight is my own appared I 'll go died

Well jested, Symon.—But one question more I'll only ask ye now, and then give o'er. The youth 's arriv'd the age when little loves Flighter around young hearts like cooing doves: Has nae young lassie with inviting mien And rosy cheek, the wonder of the green, Engag'd his look, and caught his youthfu' heart?

SYMON.

I fear'd the warst, but ken'd the smallest part;
Till late I saw him twa three times mair sweet
With Glaud's fair niece than I thought right or meet.
I had my fears, but now have nought to fear,
Since like yourself your son will soon appear;
A gentleman, enrich'd with all these charms,
May bless the fairest best-born lady's arms.

SIR WILLIAM.

This night must end his unambitious fire, When higher views shall greater thoughts inspire. Go, Symon, bring him quickly here to me; None but yourself shall our first meeting see.

Yonder

Yonder 's my horse and servant nigh at hand; They come just at the time I gave command: Straight in my own apparel I 'll go dress; Now ye the secret may to all confess.

SYMON.

With how much joy I on this errand flee, There 's nane can know that is not downright me.

[Exit.

SIR WILLIAM folus.

Whene'er th' event of hope's fucces appears,
One happy hour cancels the toil of years:
A thousand toils are lost in Lethe's stream,
And cares evanish like a morning dream;
When wish'd-for pleasures rise like morning light,
The pain that 's past enhances the delight.
These joys I feel, that words can ill express,
I ne'er had known, without my late distress.
But from his rustic business and love
I must in haste my Patrick soon remove
To courts and camps that may his soul improve.
Like the rough diamond, as it leaves the mine,

Only in little breakings shews its light,
Till artful polishing has made it shine;
Thus education makes the genius bright.

SANG XV.

Tune-" Wat ye wha I met yestreen?"

Now from rufticity and love,
Whose slames but over lowly burn,
My gentle shepherd must be drove,
His soul must take another turn:
As the rough diamond from the mine,
In breakings only shews its light,
Till polishing has made it shine;
Thus learning makes the genius bright.

While fear his pourch be wint d'forth a

[Exit.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.

PROLOGUE.

The scene describ'd in former page, Glaud's onset.—Enter Mause and Madge.

MAUSE.

Our laird come hame!—and owns young Pate his heir!—
That 's news indeed!

MADGE.

As true as ye ftand there. As they were dancing all in Symon's yard, Sir William, like a warlock, with a beard Five nives in length, and white as driven fnaw, Amang us came, cry'd, "Had ye merry a'." We ferly'd meikle at his unco look, While frae his poutch he whirl'd forth a book. As we ftood round about him on the green, He view'd us a', but fix'd on Pate his een: Then pawkylie pretended he could fpae, Yet for his pains and fkill wad naithing hae.

MAUSE.

Then fure the laffes, and ilk gaping coof, Wad rin about him, and had out their loof.

MADGE.

As fast as fleas skip to the tate of woo. Whilk flee tod Lowrie hads without his mow, When he to drown them, and his hips to cool, In fummer days flides backward in a pool. In short, he did for Pate braw things foretell. Without the help of conjuring or fpell. At last, when well diverted, he withdrew, Pou'd off his beard to Symon. - Symon knew His welcome mafter :- round his knees he gat, Hang at his coat, and fyne for blythness grat. Patrick was fent for :- happy lad is he!-Symon tald Elfpa - Elfpa tald it me. Ye'll hear out a' the fecret story foon: And troth 'tis e'en right odd, when a' is done, To think how Symon ne'er afore wad tell, Na, no fae meikle as to Pate himfell. Our Meg, poor thing, alake! has loft her jo.

MAUSE.

It may be fa, wha kens, and may be no: To lift a love that 's rooted is great pain:

E'en

E'en kings have tane a queen out of the plain; And what has been before may be again.

MADGE.

Sic nonsense!—love tak root, but tochergood, 'Tween a herd's bairn, and ane of gentle blood!—Sic fashions in king Bruce's days might be, But siccan ferlies now we never see.

MAUSE.

Gif Pate for fakes her, Bauldy she may gain:—Yonder he comes; and vow! but he looks fain: Nae doubt he thinks that Peggy's now his ain.

MADGE.

He get her! flaverin doof! it fets him well To yoke a plough where Patrick thought to teil! Gif I were Meg, I'd let young master see—

MAUSE.

Ye'd be as dorty in your choice as he; And fo wad I:—but whisht! here Bauldy comes.

Enter

Enter BAULDY (Singing.)

Jocky faid to Jenny, Jenny wilt thou do 't? Ne'er a fit, quoth Jenny, for my tocher-good; For my tocher-good I winna marry thee: E'ens ye like, quoth Jocky, ye may let it be.

MADGE.

Weel liltet, Bauldy, that 's a dainty fang.

BAULDY.

I 'll gie ye 't a'—'tis better than 'tis lang.
(Sings again.)

I hae gowd and gear, I hae land eneugh, I have feven good owfen ganging in a pleugh; Ganging in a pleugh, and linkan o'er the lee; And gin ye winna tak me, I can let ye be.

I hae a good ha' house, a barn, and a byer,
A peat-stack 'fore the door; we 'll mak a rantin
fire;

I'll mak a rantin fire, and merry fall we be: And gin ye winna tak me, I can let ye be. Jenny faid to Jocky, gin ye winna tell, Ye fall be the lad, I 'll be the lass mysell; Ye 're a bonny lad, and I 'm a lassie free; Ye 're welcomer to tak me than to let me be.

I trow fae: laffes will come to at laft, Tho' for a while they man their fnaw-baws caft.

MAUSE.

Well, Bauldy, how gaes a'?

BAULDY.

Faith, unco right; I hope we 'll a' fleep found but ane this night.

MADGE.

And wha 's the unlucky ane, if we may ask?

BAULDY.

To find out that is nae difficult task:

Poor bonny Peggy, wha man think nae mair

On Pate, turn'd Patrick, and Sir William's heir.

Now, now, good Madge, and honest Mause, stand

be;

While Meg 's in dumps, put in a word for me:

I 'll be as kind as ever Pate could prove, Less wilfu', and ay constant in my love.

I take ve vemels. Maufe, ye braid her fay That I 'm raunte ore .apgam in its te great

As Neps can witness, and the bushy thorn, Where mony a time to her your heart was sworn. Fy, Bauldy, blush, and vows of love regard; What other lass will trow a mansworn herd? The curse of heaven hings ay aboon their heads, That 's ever guilty of sic sinfu' deeds. I'll ne'er advise my niece sae grey a gate; Nor will she be advis'd, sou well I wate.

BAULDY.

Sae grey a gate! manfworn! and a' the rest!—Ye lied, auld roudes; and in faith had best Eat in your words, else I shall gar you stand, With a het face, afore the haly band.

MADGE.

Ye'll gar me stand! ye shevelling-gabbit brock; Speak that again, and trembling dread my rock, And ten sharp nails, that when my hands are in, Can styp the skin o' y'er cheeks out o'er your chin.

BAULDY.

I take ye witness, Mause, ye heard her say That I'm mansworn:—I winna let it gae.

MADGE.

Ye're witness too, he ca'd me bonny names, And should be ferv'd as his good-breeding claims: Ye filthy dog!

[Flees to his hair like a fury.—A flout battle.—Maufe endeavours to redd them.]

MATISE.

Let gang your grips: — fye, Madge! — howt,
Bauldy, leen:—
I widna wish this tulzie had been seen,
'Tis sae dast like—

[Bauldy gets out of Madge's clutches with a bleeding

MADGE.

'Tis dafter like to thole
An ether-cap like him, to blaw the coal.
It fets him well, with vile unfcrapit tongue,
To cast up whether I be auld or young;

They

They 're aulder yet than I have married been, And, or they died, their bairns bairns have feen.

MAUSE.

That's true: and, Bauldy, ye was far to blame, To ca' Madge ought but her ain christen'd name.

BAULDY.

My lugs, my nose, and noddle finds the same.

MADGE.

Auld roudes !- filthy fellow, I shall auld ye.

MAUSE.

Howt, no:—ye'll e'en be friends with honest Bauldy.

Come, come, shake hands; this man nae farder gae;

Ye man forgi'e 'm :- I fee the lad looks wae.

BAULDY.

In troth now, Mause, I have at Madge nae spite; For she abusing first, was a' the wyte Of what has happen'd, and shou'd therefore crave My pardon first, and shall acquittance have.

MADGE.

I crave your pardon, gallows-face!—gae greet,
And own your faut to her that ye wad cheat:
Gae, or be blafted in your health and gear,
Till ye learn to perform as well as fwear.
Vow and lowp back! — was e'er the like heard
tell?

Swith tak him deel, he 's o'er lang out of hell.

BAULDY.

His presence be about us!—curst were he That were condemn'd for life to live with thee.

[Runs off,

MADGE

(Laughing.)

I think I have towzled his harigalds a wee; He 'll no foon grein to tell his love to me. He 's but a rascal that would mint to serve A lassie sae, he does but ill deserve.

A lines freeh mannt round medica son dand, and

Ye towin'd him tightly; I commend ye for 't; His bleeding fnout gae me nae little sport; For this forenoon he had that scant of grace, And breeding baith, to tell me to my face, He hop'd I was a witch, and wadna stand To lend him in this case my helping hand.

MADGE.

A witch! how had ye patience this to bear, And leave him een to see, or lugs to hear?

MAUSE.

Auld wither'd hands and feeble joints like mine, Obliges fowk refentment to decline,
Till aft 'tis feen, when vigour fails, that we
With cunning can the lack of pith fupply:
Thus I pat aff revenge till it was dark,
Syne bade him come, and we should gang to wark:
I 'm fure he 'll keep his tryst; and I came here
To feek your help that we the fool may fear.

MADGE.

And special sport we'll hae, as I protest; Ye'll be the witch, and I shall play the ghaist. A linen sheet wound round me like ane dead, I 'll cawk my face, and grane, and shake my head: We 'll fleg him sae, he 'll mint nae mair to gang A conjuring to do a lassie wrang.

MAUSE.

Then let us go; for fee, 'tis hard on night, The westlin cloud shines with a setting light.

FExeunt.

SCENE II.

PROLOGUE.

When birds begin to nod upon the bough,
And the green fwaird grows damp with falling dew,
While good Sir William is to reft retir'd,
The Gentle Shepherd, tenderly infpir'd,
Walks throw the broom with Roger ever leel,
To meet, to comfort Meg, and tak farewel.

PATIE and ROGER.

ROGER.

Wow! but I 'm cadgie, and my heart lowps light:

O, Mr. Patrick, ay your thoughts were right. Sure gentle fowks are farer feen than we, That naithing hae to brag of pedigree. My Jenny now, who brak my heart this morn, Is perfect yielding, fweet, and nae mair fcorn:

I fpak my mind—fhe heard—I fpak again—
She fmil'd—I kis'd—I woo'd, nor woo'd in vain.

PATIE.

I'm glad to hear 't.—But O! my change this day

Heaves up my joy;—and yet I'm sometimes wae. I've found a father, gently kind as brave, And an estate that lifts me boon the lave: With looks all kindness, words that love confest, He all the father to my soul express, While close he held me to his manly breast:

"Such were the eyes," he faid, "thus fmil'd the mouth

" Of thy lov'd mother, bleffing o' my youth,

"Wha fet too foon."—And while he praise beflow'd,

Adown his gracefu' cheeks a torrent flow'd.

My new-born joys, and this his tender tale,
Did, mingled thus, o'er a' my thoughts prevail;
That, speechless, lang my late-ken'd fire I view'd,
While gushing tears my panting breast bedew'd:
Unusual transports made my head turn round,
Whilst I myself with rising raptures found
The happy son of ane sae much renown'd.

But he has heard—too faithful Symon's fear Has brought my love for Peggy to his ear; Which he forbids:—ah! this confounds my peace, While thus to beat my heart must fooner cease.

ROGER.

How to advise ye, troth I 'm at a stand; But were 't my case, ye 'd clear it up aff hand.

PATIE.

Duty and haften reason plead his cause; But love rebels against all bounding laws; Fixt in my soul the shepherdess excels, And part of my new happiness repels.

SANG XVI.

Tune-" Kirk wad let me be."

Duty and part of reason

Plead strong on the parent's side;

Which love superior calls treason;

The strongest must be obey'd.

For now, tho' I'm one of the gentry, My constancy falsehood repels; For change in my heart is no entry, Still there my dear Peggy excels.

solve bridge ROGER. Horse bearing the I

Enjoy them baith:—Sir William will be won: Your Peggy's bonny:—you're his only fon.

PATIE.

She 's mine by vows, and stronger ties of love; And frae these bands nae fate my mind shall move. I'll wed nane else, thro' life I will be true: But still obedience is a parent's due.

ROGER.

Is not your master and yoursell to stay
Amang us here; or are ye gawn away
To London court, or ither far aff parts,
To leave your ain poor us with broken hearts?

PATIE.

To Edinburgh straight to-morrow we advance, To London neist, and afterwards to France, Where I must stay some years, and learn to dance, And twa three other monkey tricks: that done, I come hame strutting in my red-heel'd shoon. Then 'tis design'd, when I can well behave, That I maun be some petted thing's dull slave,

For some few bags of cash, that I wat weel, I nae mair need nor carts do a third wheel. But Peggy, dearer to me than my breath, Sooner than hear sic news, shall hear my death.

ROGER.

"They wha have just enough can foundly fleep,

"The owrecome only fashes fowk to keep:",—Good master Patrick, take your ain tale hame.

PATIE.

What was my morning thought, at night 's the fame;

The poor and rich but differ in the name:
Content 's the greatest bliss we can procure
Frae 'boon the lift; without it kings are poor.

ROGER.

But an estate like yours yields braw content,
When we but pick it scantly on the bent:
Fine claiths, fast beds, sweet houses, sparkling
wine,

Rich fare, and witty friends, whene'er ye dine, Submiffive Submiffive fervants, honour, wealth, and ease; Wha 's no content with these are ill to please.

PATIE.

Sae Roger thinks, and thinks not far amis;
But mony a cloud hings hovering o'er their
blis:

The passions rule the roast; and if they 're sour, Like the lean kye, they 'll soon the fat devour. The spleen, tint honour, and affronted pride, Stang like the sharpest goads in gentry's side: The gouts, and gravels, and the ill disease, Are frequentest with sowk owrelaid with ease; While o'er the moor the shepherd, with less care, Enjoys his sober wish, and halesome air.

ROGER.

Lord, man, I wonder, ay, and it delights My heart, whene'er I hearken to your flights; How gat ye a' that fenfe I fain wad lear, That I may easier disappointments bear?

PATIE.

Frae books, the wale of books, I gat some skill; These best can teach what 's real good and ill.

Ne'er

Ne'er grudge ilk year to ware some stanes of cheese, To gain these silent friends that ever please.

ROGER.

I 'll do 't, and ye shall tell me which to buy; Faith I'se hae books, tho' I shou'd fell my kye. But now let 's hear how you 're design'd to move Between Sir William's will, and Peggy's love?

PATIE.

Then here it lies;—his will man be obey'd; My vows I 'll keep, and she shall be my bride; But I some time this last design man hide. Keep you the secret close, and leave me here; I sent for Peggy,—yonder comes my dear.

ROGER.

And proud of being your fecretary, I To wyle it frae me a' the deels defy.

[Exit.

PATIE folus.

With what a struggle must I now impart My father's will to her that hads my heart!

I ken

I ken she loves, and her faft foul will fink,
While it stands trembling on the hated brink
Of disappointment.—Heav'n support my fair,
And let her comfort claim your tender care!—
Her eyes are red!—

Enter Peggy.

—My Peggy, why in tears?

Smile as ye wont, allow nae room for fears;

Tho' I'm nae mair a shepherd, yet I'm thine.

PEGGY.

I dare not think fae high.—I now repine At the unhappy chance that made not me A gentle match, or still a herd kept thee. Wha can withouten pain fee frae the coast. The ship that bears his all like to be lost; Like to be carried by some rever's hand. Far frae his wishes to some distant land?

PATIE. Want bas disen of

No mily month the four Low Little or op-

Ne'er quarrel fate, whilst it with me remains To raise thee up, or still attend these plains. My father has forbid our loves, I own; But love 's superior to a parent's frown. I falsehood hate; come, kiss thy cares away; I ken to love as well as to obey. Sir William 's generous:—leave the task to me To make strict duty and true love agree.

PEGGY.

Speak on, fpeak ever thus, and still my grief;
But short I dare to hope the fond relief:
New thoughts a gentler face will soon inspire,
That with nice airs swims round in filk attire:—
Then I, poor me! with sighs may ban my fate,
When the young laird 's nae mair my heartsome

Nae mair again to hear fweet tales exprest
By the blyth shepherd that excell'd the rest;
Nae mair be envied by the tattling gang,
When Patie kis'd me, when I danc'd or sang;
Nae mair, alake! we 'll on the meadows play,
And rin haff breathless round the rucks of hay,
As aft-times I have sled from thee right sain,
And sawn on purpose that I might be tane;
Nae mair around the foggy know I 'll creep,
To watch and stare upon thee while asleep.—
But hear my vow—'t will help to give me ease:—
May sudden death, or deadly fair disease,
And warst of ills attend my wretched life,
If e'er to ane but you I be a wife.

SANG XVII.

Tune-" Wae 's my heart that we should funder."

Speak on, speak thus, and still my grief,
Hold up a heart that 's finking under
These fears, that soon will want relief,
When Pate must from his Peggy sunder.
A gentler face and filk attire,

A lady rich in beauty's bloffom,

Alake, poor me! will now conspire

To steal thee from thy Peggy's bosom.

No more the shepherd who excell'd

The rest, whose wit made them to wonder,
Shall now his Peggy's praises tell:

Ah! I can die, but never funder.

Ye meadows where we often stray'd,
Ye bauks where we were wont to wander,
Sweet-scented rucks round which we play'd,
You'll lose your sweets when we're asunder.

Again, ah! shall I never creep
Around the know with silent duty,
Kindly to watch thee while asleep,
And wonder at thy manly beauty?
Hear, heav'n, while solemnly I vow,
Tho' thou shoul'st prove a wand'ring lover,
Thro' life to thee I shall prove true,
Nor be a wife to any other.

PATIE.

Sure heaven approves; and be affur'd of me, I 'll ne'er gang back of what I 've fworn to thee: And time, (tho' time man interpose a while, And I man leave my Peggy and this isle,) Yet time, nor distance, nor the fairest face, (If there 's a fairer,) e'er shall fill thy place. I 'd hate my rising fortune, should it move The fair foundation of our faithfu' love. If at my foot were crowns and sceptres laid, To bribe my foul frae thee, delightful maid, For thee I 'd soon leave these inferior things To sic as have the patience to be kings.—
Wherefore that tear?—believe, and calm thy mind.

PEGGY.

I greet for joy to hear my love fae kind. When hopes were funk, and nought but mirk despair,

Made me think life was little worth my care,
My heart was like to burst; but now I see
Thy gen'rous thoughts will save thy heart for me:
With patience then I'll wait each wheeling year,
Dream thro' that night, till my day-star appear;
And all the while I'll study gentler charms
To make me sitter for my trav'ler's arms:

I 'll gain on uncle Glaud, he's far frae fool, And will not grudge to put me throw ilk school, Where I may manners learn.

SANG XVIII.

Tune-" Tweed-fide."

When hope was quite funk in despair,
My heart it was going to break;
My life appear'd worthless my care,
But now I will save 't for thy sake.
Where'er my love travels by day,
Wherever he lodges by night,
With me his dear image shall stay,
And my soul keep him ever in sight.

With patience I 'll wait the long year,
And study the gentlest charms;
Hope time away till thou appear,
So lock thee for ay in those arms.
Whilst thou wast a shepherd, I priz'd
No higher degree in this life;
But now I 'll endeavour to rise
To a height is becoming thy wife.

For beauty that 's only skin deep, Must fade like the gowans of May, But inwardly rooted, will keep For ever, without a decay. Nor age, nor the changes of life,

Can quench the fair fire of love,

If virtue 's ingrain'd in the wife,

And the husband have sense to approve.

PATIE.

That 's wifely faid;
And what he wares that way shall be well paid.
Tho' without a' the little helps of art,
Thy native sweets might gain a prince's heart,
Yet now, lest in our station we offend,
We must learn mod's to innocence unken'd;
Affect aft-times to like the thing we hate,
And drap serenity, to keep up state;
Laugh when we're sad, speak when we've nought
to say,

And for the fashion, when we 're blyth, seem wae;

Pay compliments to them we aft have fcorn'd, Then fcandalize them when their backs are turn'd.

PEGGY.

If this is gentry, I had rather be What I am fill;—but I'll be ought with thee.

PATIE.

No, no, my Peggy, I but only jest With gentry's apes; for still, amang the best, Good manners give integrity a bleeze, When native virtues join the arts to please.

PEGGY. DESCRIPTION OF THE PEGGY.

Since with nae hazard, and fae fmall expence,
My lad frae books can gather ficcan fense,
Then why, ah! why should the tempestuous sea
Endanger thy dear life, and frighten me?
Sir William 's cruel, that wad force his son,
For watna whats, sae great a risque to run.

Under that tree, and o.aiTATockler brace,

There is nae doubt but travelling does improve;
Yet I wou'd shun it for thy sake, my love:
But soon as I 've shook aff my landwart cast
In foreign cities, hame to thee I 'll haste.

PEGGY.

SANG XIX.

Tune-" Bush aboon Traquair."

At fetting day and rifing morn,
With foul that still shall love thee,
I'll ask of heaven thy safe return,
With all that can improve thee.

I 'll visit aft the birken bush,
Where first thou kindly told me
Sweet tales of love, and hid my blush,
Whilst round thou didst enfold me.

To all our haunts I will repair,
By greenwood shaw or fountain;
Or where the summer day I'd share
With thee upon you mountain:
There will I tell the trees and flow'rs,
From thoughts unseign'd and tender;
By vows you 're mine, by love is yours,
A heart which cannot wander.

With every fetting day and rifing morn,
I'll kneel to heaven and ask thy safe return,
Under that tree, and on the suckler brae,
Where ast we wont, when bairns, to run and play:
And to the hizel shaw, where first ye vow'd
Ye wad be mine, and I as eithly trow'd,
I'll asten gang, and tell the trees and slow'rs,
With joy, that they 'll bear witness I am yours.

PATIE.

My dear, allow me from thy temples fair A shining ringlet of thy flowing hair, Which, as a sample of each lovely charm, I'll aften kiss, and wear about my arm.

PEGGY.

Were ilka hair that appertains to me
Worth an estate, they all belong to thee.
My sheers are ready, take what you demand,
And aught what love with virtue may command.

PATIE.

SCENE

Nae mair we'll ask: but fince we've little time, To ware 't on words, wad border on a crime; Love's faster meaning better is exprest, When it 's with kisses on the heart imprest.

[They embrace while the curtain is let down.

What want ye, Bauldy, at this early hour.
When nature nods beneath the drowly pow if
Far to the north, the feart approaching light,
Stands equal 'twixt the nioming and the night.
What gars ye flake, and glowre, and lead

Your teeth they chitten, hair like brufles fland.

HAULDY.

O len me foon fome water, milk, ot ale,
My head's grown giddy, e legs with thakin
fail:—

ACT V.

SCENE I.

PROLOGUE.

See how poor Bauldy frares like ane poffeft, And roars up Symon frac his kindly reft: Bare-legg'd, with night-cap, and unbutton'd coat, See the auld man comes forward to the fot.

SYMON.

What want ye, Bauldy, at this early hour,
When nature nods beneath the drowfy pow'r?
Far to the north, the fcant approaching light
Stands equal 'twixt the morning and the night.
What gars ye fhake, and glowre, and look fae
wan?

Your teeth they chitter, hair like briftles stand.

BAULDY.

O len me foon fome water, milk, or ale,

My head 's grown giddy, — legs with fhaking
fail:—

I 'll ne'er dare venture forth at night my lane.—Alake! I 'll never be mysell again;
I 'll ne'er o'erput it.—Symon! O, Symon! O!

[Symon gives him a drink.

SYMON.

What ails thee, gowk, to make fo loud ado?—You 've wak'd Sir William, he has left his bed.—He comes, I fear ill pleas'd; I hear his tread.

Enter SIR WILLIAM.

SIR WILLIAM.

How goes the night? does day-light yet appear? Symon, you're very timeously asteer.

SYMON.

I 'm forry, Sir, that we 've disturb'd your rest; But some strange thing has Bauldy's sp'rit opprest, He 's seen some witch, or wrestled with a ghaist.

O! ay; dear Sir, in troth, 'tis very true;
And I am come to make my plaint to you.

(Smiling.)

I lang to hear 't.

BAULDY.

Ah! Sir, the witch caw'd Mause, That wins aboon the mill amang the haws, First promis'd that she 'd help me with her art, To gain a bonny thrawart lassie's heart:

As she had trysted, I met wi'er this night;
But may nae friend of mine get sic a fright!
For the curst hag, instead of doing me good, (The very thought o't 's like to freeze my blood!)
Rais'd up a ghaist, or deel, I kenna whilk,
Like a dead corse in sheet as white as milk;
Black hands it had, and face as wan as death.
Upon me fast the witch and it fell baith,
Lows'd down my breeks, while I, like a great fool,

Was labour'd as I wont to be at school.

My heart out of its hool was like to loup,
I pithless grew with fear, and had nae hope;
Till, with an elritch laugh, they vanish'd quite.
Syne I, has dead with anger, fear, and spite,
Crap up, and sled straight frae them, Sir, to you,
Hoping your help to gi'e the deel his due.

I'm

I 'm fure my heart will ne'er gi'e o'er to dunt, Till in a fat tar-barrel Maufe be burnt.

SIR WILLIAM.

Well, Bauldy, whate'er 's just shall granted be; Let Maufe be brought this morning down to me.

BAULDY. Appearing fornetimes like a blac

Thanks to your honour, foon shall I obey; But first I'll Roger raise, and twa three mae, To catch her fast, or she get leave to squeel, And cast her cantraips that bring up the deel.

Deputy of the delicated about TExit Bauldy. I hen alt by night bombase have learned bear.

SIR WILLIAM.

Troth, Symon, Bauldy 's more afraid than hurt, The witch and ghaift have made themselves good fport.

What filly notions crowd the clouded mind, That is throw want of education blind!

Had here a quiet and suomya But does your honour think there's nae fic thing had no soloj a seed garidian mid-we 4837

As witches raising deels up throw a ring,

Syne

Syne playing tricks, a thousand I cou'd tell, Cou'd never be contriv'd on this side hell?

SIR WILLIAM.

Such as the devil's dancing in a moor,
Amongst a few old women craz'd and poor,
Who were rejoic'd to fee him frisk and lowp
O'er braes and bogs, with candles in his dowp;
Appearing sometimes like a black horn'd cow,
Aft-times like Bawty, Badrans, or a Sow;
Then with his train throw airy paths to glide,
While they on cats, or clowns, or broomstaffs ride;
Or in an egg-shell skim out o'er the main,
To drink their leader's health in France or Spain:
Then aft by night bumbaze hare-hearted fools,
By tumbling down their cupboards, chairs, and stools.
Whate'er 's in spells, or if there witches be,
Such whimsies feem the most absurd to me.

SYMON.

'Tis true enough, we ne'er heard that a witch Had either meikle fense, or yet was rich:
But Mause, tho' poor, is a sagacious wise,
And lives a quiet and very honest life;
That gars me think this hobleshew that 's past
Will end in naithing but a joke at last.

SIR WILLIAM.

I'm fure it will:—but fee increafing light Commands the imps of darkness down to night. Bid raise my fervants, and my horse prepare, Whilst I walk out to take the morning air.

SANG XX.

Tune-" Bonny grey-ey'd morn."

The bonny grey-ey'd morn begins to peep,
And darkness flies before the rising ray,
The hearty hynd starts from his lazy sleep,
To follow healthfu' labours of the day;
Without a guilty sting to wrinkle his brow,
The lark and the linnet 'tend his levee,
And he joins the concert, driving the plow,
From toil of grimace and pageantry free.

While fluster'd with wine, or madden'd with loss
Of half an estate, the prey of a main,
The drunkard and gamester tumble and toss,
Wishing for calmness and slumber in vain.
Be my portion health and quietness of mind,
Plac'd at a due distance from parties and state;
Where neither ambition, nor avarice blind,
Reach him who has happiness link'd to his fate.

[Exeunt.

or awo SCENE II. and shammo

PROLOGUE.

While Peggy laces up her bosom fair, With a blue snood Jenny binds up her hair: Glaud by his morning ingle takes a beek; The rising fun shines motty throw the reek: A pipe his mouth, the lasses please his een, And now and then his joke man interveen.

GLAUD.

I wish, my bairns, it may keep fair till night, Ye do not use so soon to see the light:
Nae doubt now ye intend to mix the thrang,
To take your leave of Patrick or he gang:
But do you think that now, when he 's a laird,
That he poor landwart lasses will regard?

JENNY.

Tho' he 's young master now, I 'm very sure
He has mair sense than slight auld friends, tho'
poor:

But yesterday he ga'e us mony a tug, And kis'd my cousin there frae lug to lug.

GLAUD.

Ay, ay, nae doubt o't, and he 'll do 't again;
But be advis'd, his company refrain.
Before, he as a shepherd sought a wife,
With her to live a chaste and frugal life;
But now grown gentle, soon he will forsake
Sic godly thoughts, and brag of being a rake.

PEGGY.

A rake! what 's that?—Sure, if it means ought ill,

He 'll never be 't, else I have tint my skill.

GLAUD.

Daft lassie, you ken nought of the affair;
Ane young, and good, and gentle 's unco rare.
A rake 's a graceless spark, that thinks nae shame
To do what like of us thinks sin to name;
Sic are sae void of shame, they 'll never stap
To brag how aften they have had the clap;
They 'll tempt young things like you with youdith
shush'd,

Syne mak ye a' their jest when you 're debauch'd. Be wary then, I fay, and never gi'e Encouragement, or bourd with sic as he.

PEGGY.

Sir William 's virtuous, and of gentle blood; And may not Patrick too, like him, be good?

GLAUD.

That 's true, and mony gentry mae than he, As they are wiser, better are than we; But thinner sawn: they 're sae pust up with pride, There 's mony of them mocks ilk haly guide That shaws the gate to heav'n:—I 've heard mysell Some of them laugh at doomsday, sin, and hell.

IENNY.

Watch o'er us, father !—heh, that 's very odd; Sure him that doubts a doomfday, doubts a God.

GLAUD.

Doubt! why they neither doubt, nor judge, nor think,

Nor hope, nor fear; but curfe, debauch, and drink.—

But I'm no faying this, as if I thought That Patrick to fic gates will e'er be brought.

To change his beat out from the branchy plane, PEGGY.

The Lord forbid! na, he kens better things .-But here comes aunt; her face some ferly brings.

Enter MADGE.

But Many pool May non with the

MADGE.

Haste, haste ye, we're a' sent for owre the gate, To hear, and help to redd fome odd debate ' 'Tween Mause and Bauldy, 'bout some witchcraft fpell,

At Symon's house; the knight fits judge himsell.

GLAUD.

Lend me my staff.-Madge, lock the outer door. And bring the lasses wi' ye; I 'll step before. Exit GLAVD.

MADGE.

Poor Meg!-Look, Jenny, was the like e'er feen?

How bleer'd and red with greeting look her een! This day her brankan wooer taks his horfe, To strut a gentle spark at Edinburgh cross: VOL. II.

To

To change his kent cut frae the branchy plane,
For a nice fword, and glancing headed cane;
To leave his ram-horn fpoons, and kitted whey,
For gentler tea that fmells like new-won hay;
To leave the green-fward dance, when we gae
milk,

To rustle among the beauties clad in filk.

But Meg, poor Meg! man with the shepherds stay,

And tak what God will fend, in hodden grey.

PEGGY.

Dear aunt, what needs ye fash us wi' your forn?

That 's no my faut that I 'm nae gentler born. Gif I the daughter of some laird had been, I ne'er had notic'd Patie on the green:
Now since he rises, why should I repine?
If he 's made for another, he 'll ne'er be mine:
And then, the like has been, if the decree
Designs him mine, I yet his wife may be.

MADGE.

A bonny story, troth!—But we delay; Prin up your aprons baith, and come away.

Exeunt.

SCENE III.

PROLOGUE.

Sir William fills the twa-arm'd chair,
While Symon, Roger, Glaud, and Maufe,
Attend, and with loud laughter hear
Daft Bauldy bluntly plead his caufe:—
For now it 's tell'd him that the tawz
Was handled by revengefu' Madge,
Becaufe he brak good breeding's laws,
And with his nonfenfe rais'd their rage.

SIR WILLIAM.

And was that all?—Well, Archbald, you was ferv'd

No otherwife than what ye well deferv'd. Was it so small a matter to defame And thus abuse an honest woman's name? Besides your going about to have betray'd, By perjury, an innocent young maid.

BAULDY.

Sir, I confess my faut thro' a' the steps, And ne'er again shall be untrue to Neps.

MAUSE.

Thus far, Sir, he oblig'd me on the score, I ken'd not that they thought me sic before.

BAULDY.

An 't like your Honour, I believ'd it well;
But troth I was e'en doilt to feek the deel.
Yet, with your Honour's leave, tho' fhe 's nae witch,

She 's baith a flee and a revengfu' ——,
And that my fome place finds:—but I had beft
Haud in my tongue, for yonder comes the ghaift,
And the young bonny witch whafe rofie cheek
Sent me without my wit the deel to feek.

Enter Madge, Peggy, and Jenny.

SIR WILLIAM

(Looking at PEGGY.)

Whose daughter 's she that wears th' Aurora gown,

With face fo fair, and locks a lovely brown?— How sparkling are her eyes!—What 's this I find! The girl brings all my sister to my mind:

Such

Such were the features once adorn'd a face, Which death too foon depriv'd of fweetest grace. Is this your daughter, Glaud?

GLAUD.

This would by visited fine a said I thought soft.

Sir, she 's my niece;—And yet she 's not:—but I should had my peace.

SIR WILLIAM.

This is a contradiction; what d' ye mean?—
She is, and she is not !—pray, Glaud, explain.

GLAUD.

Because I doubt if I should make appear What I have kept a secret thirteen year.

MAUSE.

You may reveal what I can fully clear.

SIR WILLIAM.

Speak foon; I'm all impatience.

PATIE.

So am I; For much I hope; and hardly yet know why.

GLAUD.

Then fince my master orders, I obey:-This bonny foundling, ae clear morn of May, Close by the lee-fide of my door I found, All fweet and clean, and carefully hapt round In infant weeds of rich and gentle make.-What could they be (thought I) did thee forfake? Wha, warfe than brutes, cou'd leave expos'd to air Sae much of innocence, fae fweetly fair, Sae helpless young ;-for she appear'd to me Only about twa towmands auld to be. I took her in my arms—the bairnie fmil'd With fic a look wad made a favage mild. I hid the story, and she pass'd sincesyne As a poor orphan, and a niece of mine: Nor do I rue my care about the wean. For the 's well worth the care that I have tane. Ye fee she 's bonny; I can swear she 's good, And am right fure she 's come of gentle blood :-Of whom I kenna: - naithing ken I mair, Than what I to your Honour now declare.

SIR WILLIAM.

This tale feems strange !-

PATIE. Look particular town /

The tale delights my ear.

there have at though he reads.

SIR WILLIAM.

Command your joys, young man, till truth appear.

MAUSE.

That be my task.—Now, Sir, bid all be hush; Peggy may smile, thou hast no cause to blush. Lang have I wish'd to see this happy day, That I might safely to the truth give way; That I may now Sir William Worthy name. The best and nearest parent she can claim. He saw 't at first, and with quick eyes did trace. His sister's beauties in her doughter's face.

SIR WILLIAM.

Old woman, do not rave; prove what you fay; 'Tis dangerous in affairs like this to play.

PATIE.

What reason, Sir, can an old woman have To tell a lie, when she 's sae near her grave?—
But how or why it should be truth, I grant,
I everything that looks like reason want.

OMNES.

·The story 's odd !-we wish we heard it out.

SIR WILLIAM.

Make haste, good woman, and resolve each doubt.

MAUSE

(Leading PEGGY to SIR WILLIAM.)

Sir, view me well;—has fifteen years fo plew'd A wrinkled face that you have often view'd, That here I as an unknown stranger stand, Who nurs'd her mother that now holds my hand? Yet stronger proofs I 'll give if you demand.

SIR WILLIAM.

Ha, honest nurse!—where were my eyes before?

I know thy faithfulness, and need no more:

Yet

Yet from the lab'rinth to lead out my mind, Say, to expose her who was so unkind?—

[SIR WILLIAM embraces PEGGY, and makes her fit by him.]

Yes, furely thou 'rt my niece;—truth must prevail:—

But no more words till Mause relate her tale.

PATIE

Good nurse, dispatch thy story wing'd with blisses, That I may give my cusin sifty kisses.

MAUSE.

Then it was I that fav'd her infant life,
Her death being threaten'd by an uncle's wife.
The flory 's lang:—but I the fecret knew,
How they purfu'd with avaricious view
Her rich estate, of which they 're now possest.
All this to me a consident confest.
I heard with horror, and with trembling dread,
They'd smoor the sakeless orphan in her bed.
That very night, when all were sunk in rest,
At midnight hour the floor I saftly prest,
And staw the sleeping innocent away,
With whom I travell'd some few miles ere day.

All day I hid me;—when the day was done, I kept my journey, lighted by the moon; Till eastward fifty miles I reach'd these plains, Where needful plenty glads your cheerful swains, For sear of being found out, and to secure My charge, I laid her at this shepherd's door; And took a neighbouring cottage here, that I, Whate'er should happen to her, might be by. Here honest Glaud himsel, and Symon may Remember well, how I that very day Frae Roger's father took my little crove.

GLAUD

(With tears of joy running down his beard.)

I well remember 't.—Lord reward your love!— Lang have I wish'd for this; for aft I thought Sic knowledge some time shou'd about be brought.

PATIE.

'Tis now a crime to doubt: my joys are full, With due obedience to my parent's will.— Sir, with paternal love furvey her charms, And blame me not for rushing to her arms: She's mine by vows, and wou'd, tho' still unknown, Have been my wife, when I my vows durst own.

SIR WILLIAM.

My niece, my daughter, welcome to my care; Sweet image of thy mother, good and fair; Equal with Patrick:—now my greatest aim Shall be to aid your joys, and well-match'd flame. My boy, receive her from your father's hand, With as good will as either would demand.

[PATIE and PEGGY embrace, and kneel to SIR WILLIAM.]

PATIE.

With as much joy this bleffing I receive, As ane wad life that 's finking in a wave.

(Raifes them.)

I give you both my bleffing:—may your love Produce a happy race, and still improve.

PEGGY.

My wishes are complete; my joys arife, While I'm haf dizzy with the bleft surprise!— And am I then a match for my ain lad, That for me so much generous kindness had?—

Lang

Lang may Sir William bless these happy plains, Happy while heaven grant he on them remains.

PATIE.

Be lang our guardian, still our master be, We'll only crave what you shall please to gi'e:— Th' estate be yours, my Peggy's ane to me.

GLAUD.

I hope your Honour now will take amends Of them that fought her life for wicked ends.

SIR WILLIAM.

The base unnatural villain soon shall know, That eyes above watch the affairs below: I'll strip him soon of all to her pertains, And make him reimburse his ill-got gains,

PEGGY.

To me the views of wealth and an estate Seem light, when put in balance with my Pate; For his sake only I'll ay thankful bow For such a kindness, best of men, to you.

SYMON.

What double blythness wakens up this day!—
I hope now, Sir, you 'll no soon haste away:
Shall I unsaddle your horse, and gar prepare
A dinner for ye of hale country fare?
See how much joy unwrinkles every brow,
Our looks hing on the twa, and doat on you;
Even Bauldy the bewitch'd has quite forgot
Fell Madge's tawz, and pawky Mause's plot.

SIR WILLIAM.

Kindly old man! remain with you this day! I never from these fields again will stray: Masons and wrights shall soon my house repair, And busy gardeners shall new planting rear; My, father's hearty table you soon shall see Restor'd, and my best friends rejoice with me.

THE STATE SYMON. IN THE TEN SOVER LEAK

That 's the best news I heard this twenty year; New day breaks up, rough times begin to clear.

GLAUD.

and may be livel-

GLAUD.

God fave the king, and fave Sir William lang, To enjoy their ain, and raife the shepherd's sang!

ROGER.

What shepherd's whistle winna lilt the spring?

BAULDY.

I 'm friends with Maufe; with very Madge I 'm gree'd;

Altho' they skelpit me when woodly sleid:
I'm now su' blyth, and frankly can forgive,
To join and sing, Lang may Sir William live!

MADGE.

Lang may he live!—and, Archbald, learn to steek Your gab a wee, and think before ye speak; And never ca' her auld that wants a man, Else ye may yet some witch's singers ban. This day I'll with the youngest of you rant, And brag for ay that I was ca'd the aunt Of our young lady, my dear bonny bairn!

PEGGY.

No other name I 'll ever for you learn :-And, my good nurse, how shall I gratefu' be For a' thy matchless kindness done for me?

MAUSE.

The flowing pleafure of this happy day Does fully all I can require repay.

SIR WILLIAM.

To faithful Symon, and, kind Glaud, to you, And to your heirs, I give in endless feu The mailens ve possess, as justly due, For acting like kind fathers to the pair, Who have enough besides, and these can spare. Maufe, in my house in calmness close your days,

With nought to do but fing your Maker's praife.

OMNES.

The Lord of heaven return your Honour's love.

Confirm your joys, and a' your bleffings roove.

PATTE

(Prefenting ROGER to SIR WILLIAM.)

Sir, here 's my trusty friend, that always shar'd My bosom secrets, ere I was a laird:
Glaud's daughter, Janet, (Jenny, think nae shame,)
Rais'd and maintains in him a lover's slame.
Lang was he dumb, at last he spak and won,
And hopes to be our honest uncle's son:
Be pleas'd to speak to Glaud for his consent,
That nane may wear a face of discontent.

SIR WILLIAM.

My fon's demand is fair:—Glaud, let me crave That trusty Roger may your daughter have With frank consent; and while he does remain Upon these fields, I make him chamberlain.

GLAUD.

You crowd your bounties, Sir!—what can we fay, But that we 're dyvours that can ne'er repay?— Whate'er your Honour wills I shall obey. Roger, my daughter with my blessing take, And still our master's right your business make; Please him, be faithful, and this auld grey head Shall nod with quietness down among the dead.

ROGER.

I ne'er was good at speaking a' my days, Or ever loo'd to make o'er great a fraise; But for my master, father, and my wise, I will employ the cares of all my life.

SIR WILLIAM.

My friends, I 'm fatisfy'd you 'll all behave, Each in his station, as I 'd wish or crave. Be ever virtuous, soon or late ye 'll find Reward and satisfaction to your mind. The maze of life sometimes looks dark and wild, And oft when hopes are highest we're beguil'd; Aft when we stand on brinks of dark despair, Some happy turn with joy dispels our care.—Now all 's at rights, who sings best let me hear.

PEGGY.

When you demand, I readiest should obey: I'll sing you are, the newest that I hae.

SANG XXI.

Tune-" Corn-riggs are bonny."

My Patie is a lover gay,

His mind is never muddy,

His breath is fweeter than new hay,

His face is fair and ruddy;

His

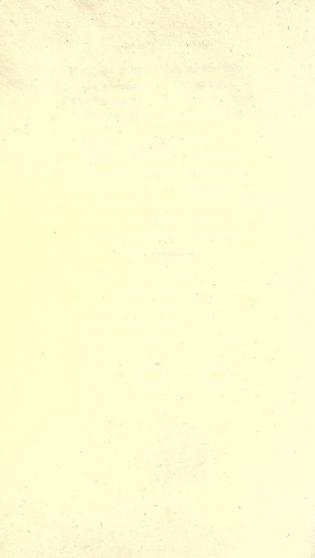
His shape is handsome, middle fize, He 's comely in his wauking, The shining of his een surprise, 'Tis heaven to hear him tauking.

Last night I met him on a bawk,
Where yellow corn was growing,
There mony a kindly word he spak,
That fet my heart a glowing:
He kiss'd, and vow'd he wad be mine,
And loo'd me best of ony;
That gars me like to sing sinsyne,
O corn-riggs are bonny!

Let laffes of a filly mind
Refuse what maist they 're wanting,
Since we for yielding were design'd,
We chastely should be granting:
Then I 'll comply and marry Pate,
And syne my cockernony
He 's free to touzle air or late,
Where corn-riggs are bonny.



LYRIC.





1724 - 1727.

DEDICATION

PREFIXED TO

THE TEA-TABLE MISCELLANY;

A COLLECTION OF SONGS,

FROM WHICH

THE FOLLOWING, COMPOSED BY ALLAN RAMSAY,

ARE SAIRACIED

Behold, and liften, while the Fair Breaks in fweet founds the willing air, And with her own breath fans the fire Which her bright eyes do first inspire: What reason can that love controul, Which more than one way courts the soul?

it classes they the little late,

E. W.

TO

Ilka lovely British lass,
Frae ladies Charlotte, Anne, and Jean,
Down to ilk bonny singing Bess
Wha dances barefoot on the green.

DEAR LASSES,

Your most humble slave,
Wha ne'er to serve you shall decline,
Kneeling wad your acceptance crave,
When he presents this sma' propine:

Then take it kindly to your care, Revive it with your tunefu' notes; Its beauties will look fweet and fair, Arifing faftly thro' your throats.

The wanton wee thing will rejoice, When tented by a fparkling eye, The fpinnet tinkling with her voice, It lying on her lovely knee.

While kettles dringe on ingles dour, Or clashes stay the lazy lass, Their sangs may ward ye frae the sour, And gayly vacant minutes pass. E'en while the tea 's fill'd reeking round, Rather than plot a tender tongue, Treat a' the circling lugs wi' found, Syne fafely fip when ye have fung.

May happiness had up your hearts,
And warm ye lang with loving fires!
May powers propitious play their parts,
In matching you to your desires!

A. RAMSAY.

Famuary 1, 1724.

goods which have been such and I some O

Wednesday the polytopic or white was the

1721.

WINE AND MUSIC.

SYMON.

O COLIN! how dull is 't to be,
When a foul is finking wi' pain,
To one who is pained like me;
My life 's grown a load,
And my faculties nod,
While I figh for cold Jeanie in vain.
By beauty and fcorn I am flain,
The wound it is mortal and deep,
My pulfes beat low in each vein,
And threaten eternal fleep.

COLIN.

Come, here are the best cures for thy wounds;
O boy, the cordial bowl!
With soft harmonious sounds;
Wounds! these can cure all wounds,
With soft harmonious sounds,
And pull of the cordial bowl.
O Symon! sink thy care, and tune up thy drooping soul.
Above.

Above, the gods beinly bouze,

When round they meet in a ring;

They cast away care, and carouse

Their nectar, while they sing:

Then drink and cheerfully sing,

These make the blood circle sine;

Strike up the music,

The safest physic,

Compounded with sparkling wine.

HORACE TO VIRGIL.

O CYPRIAN goddefs! twinkle clear,
And Helen's brithers ay appear;
Ye stars wha shed a lucky light,
Auspicious ay keep in a sight;
King Æol, grant a tydie tirl,
But boast the blasts that rudely whirl;
Dear ship, be canny with your care,
At Athens land my Virgil sair,
Syne soon and safe, baith lith and spaul,
Bring hame the tae hass o' my saul.

Daring and unco' flout he was, With heart hool'd in three floughs of brass, Wha ventur'd first on the rough sea, With hempen branks, and horse of tree;

Wha

Wha in the weak machine durst ride
Thro' tempests and a rairing tide;
Not clinty craigs, nor hurricane
That drives the Adriatic main,
And gars the ocean gowl and quake,
Cou'd e'er a foul sae sturdy shake.
The man wha cou'd sic rubs win o'er,
Without a wink at death might glowr,
Wha unconcern'd can take his sleep
Amang the monsters of the deep.

Tove vainly twin'd the fea and eard, Since mariners are not afraid With laws of nature to dispense, And impioufly treat Providence. Audacious men at nought will stand, When vicious passions have command: Prometheus ventur'd up, and staw A lowan coal frae heav'n's high ha'; Unfonfy thift, which fevers brought In bikes, which fowks like fybows hought; Then death, erft flaw, began to ling, And fast as haps to dart his sting: Neift Dedalus must contradict Nature forfooth, and feathers flick Upon his back, fyne upward streek, And in at Jove's high winnocks keek; While Hercules, wi's timber-mell, Plays rap upo' the yates of hell.

What is 't man winna ettle at?

E'en wi' the gods he 'll bell the cat:

Tho' Jove be very laith to kill,

They winna let his bowt lye still.

1721.

And break vidend your cal

AN ODE TO MR. F-

Now gowans fprout, and lavrocks fing, And welcome west winds warm the spring, O'er hill and dale they faftly blaw, And drive the winter's cauld awa. The ships, lang gyzen'd at the peer, Now spread their fails, and smoothly steer; The nags and nowt hate wissen'd strae, And frisking to the fields they gae; Nor hinds wi' elfon and hemp lingle, Sit foleing shoon out o'er the ingle. Now bonny haughs their verdure boaft, That late were clad wi' fnaw and frost; With her gay train the Paphian queen By moon-light dances on the green; She leads, while nymphs and graces fing, And trip around the fairy ring:

Meantime

Meantime poor Vulcan, hard at thrift, Gets mony a fair and heavy lift, Whilft rinnen down, his haff-blind lads Blaw up the fire, and thump the gads.

Now leave your fitsted on the dew. And bulk yerfell in habit new; Be gratefu' to the guiding pow'rs, And blythly spend your easy hours. O kanny F--! tutor time, And live as lang 's y're in your prime; That ill-bred death has nae regard To king or cottar, or a laird; As foon a castle he'll attack, As waus of divots roof'd wi' thack: Immediately we 'll a' take flight, Unto the mirk realms of night, As stories gang, with ghaists to roam, In gloumy Pluto's gousty dome; Bid fair good-day to pleafure fyne Of bonny lasses and red wine.

Then deem ilk little care a crime, Dares waste an hour of precious time; And since our life's sae unco short, Enjoy it a', ye've nae mair for 't.

restinged wind are full reallier shift!

They can a rowth of bleffines is any

AN ODE TO THE PH____

Look up to Pentland's tow'ring top,
Buried beneath great wreaths of fnaw,
O'er ilka cleugh, ilk fcar, and flap,
As high as ony Roman wa'.

Driving their baws frae whins or tee,

There 's no nae gowfer to be feen,

Nor douffer fowk wyfing a-jee

The byast bouls on Tamson's green.

Then fling on coals, and ripe the ribs,
And beek the house baith but and ben,
That mutchkin stoup it hads but dribs,
Then let 's get in the tappit hen.

Good claret best keeps out the cauld, And drives away the winter soon; It makes a man baith gash and bauld, And heaves his saul beyond the moon.

Leave

Leave to the gods your ilka care,

If that they think us worth their while,
They can a' rowth of bleffings spare,
Which will our fasheous fears beguile.

For what they have a mind to do,

That will they do, should we gang wood;

If they command the storms to blaw,

Then upo' fight the hailstains thud.

But foon as e'er they cry, "Be quiet,"
The blatt'ring winds dare nae mair move,
But cour into their caves, and wait
The high command of fupreme Jove.

Let neist day come as it thinks fit,

The present minute 's only ours;

On pleasure let 's employ our wit,

And laugh at fortune's feckless powers.

Be fure ye dinna quat the grip Of ilka joy when ye are young, Before auld age your vitals nip, And lay ye twafald o'er a rung.

Sweet youth 's a blyth and heartfome time;
Then, lads and laffes, while it 's May,
Gae pou the gowan in its prime,
Before it wither and decay.

Watch the faft minutes of delyte,
When Jenny speaks beneath her breath,
And kiffes, laying a' the wyte
On you, if she keap ony skaith.

"Haith, ye 're ill-bred," fhe 'll fmiling fay,
"Ye 'll worry me, you greedy rook;"

Syne frae your arms fhe 'll rin away,
And hide herfell in fome dark nook.

Her laugh will lead you to the place
Where lies the happiness you want,
And plainly tells you to your face,
Nineteen nay says are haff a grant.

Now to her heaving bosom cling, And fweetly toolie for a kiss, Frae her fair finger whop a ring, As taiken of a future bliss.

These bennisons, I'm very sure,
Are of the gods' indulgent grant;
Then, surly carles, whisht, forbear
To plague us with your whining cant.

1728.

A BALLAD ON BONNY KATE.

CEASE, poets, your cunning devising Of rhymes that low beauties o'er-rate; They all, like the stars at the rising Of Phœbus, must yield to fair Kate.

We fing, and we think it our duty

To admire the kind bleffings of fate,

That has favour'd the earth with fuch beauty,

As shines so divinely in Kate.

In her fmiles, in her features, and glances,
The graces shine forth in full state,
While the god of love dang'rously dances
On the neck and white bosom of Kate.

How straight, how well-turn'd, and genteel, are Her limbs! and how graceful her gait! Their hearts made of stone or of steel are, That are not adorers of Kate.

But ah! what a fad palpitation

Feels the heart, and how fimple and blate

Must he look, almost dead with vexation,

Whose love is fixt hopeless on Kate?

Had I all the charms of Adonis, And galeons freighted with plate, As Solomon wife, I'd think none is, So worthy of all as dear Kate.

Ah! had she for me the same passion, I'd tune the lyre early and late; The sage's song on his Circassian Should yield to my sonnets on Kate.

His pleafure each moment shall blossom Unfading, gets her for his mate; He 'll grasp ev'ry bliss in his bosom, That 's linked by Hymen to Kate.

Pale envy may raise up false stories,

And hell may prompt malice and hate;
But nothing shall sully their glories,

Who are shielded with virtue like Kate.

"This name," fay ye, "many a lass has,
"And t'apply it may raise a debate;"
But sure he as dull as an ass is,
That cannot join Cochran to Kate.

To Dr. J. C.

WHO GOT THE FOREGOING TO GIVE THE YOUNG LADY.

HERE, happy Doctor, take this fonnet;
Bear to the fair the faithful strains:
Bow, make a leg, and d' off your bonnet;
And get a kiss for Allan's pains.

For fuch a ravishing reward,
The Cloud-Compeller's felf would try
To imitate a British bard,
And bear his ballads from the sky.

AN ODE ON DRINKING.

Hence every thing that can
Diffurb the quiet of man!
Be blyth, my foul,
In a full bowl
Drown thy caré,
And repair
The vital stream:
Since life 's a dream,

And healths go round,

We 'll fleep more found;

And let the dull unthinking mob purfue

Each endless wish, and still their care renew.

THE LAST TIME I CAME O'ER THE MOOR.

To find on glowing killing to the Shall make my cares at difference move,

in all my foul them it not our lie of

THE last time I came o'er the moor,
I lest my love behind me:
Ye pow'rs! what pain do I endure,
When soft ideas mind me!
Soon as the ruddy morn display'd
The beaming day ensuing,
I met betimes my lovely maid,
In fit retreats for wooing.

Beneath the cooling shade we lay,
Gazing and chastly sporting;
We kiss'd and promis'd time away,
Till night spread her black curtain.
I pity'd all beneath the skies,
E'en kings, when she was nigh me;
In raptures I beheld her eyes,
Which cou'd but ill deny me.

Shou'd I be call'd where cannons roar,
Where mortal steel may wound me;
Or cast upon some foreign shore,
Where dangers may surround me;
Yet hopes again to see my love,
To feast on glowing kiss,
Shall make my cares at distance move,
In prospect of such blisses.

In all my foul there 's not one place
To let a rival enter;
Since she excels in ev'ry grace,
In her my love shall center.
Sooner the seas shall cease to flow,
Their waves the Alps shall cover,
On Greenland ice shall roses grow,
Before I cease to love her.

The next time I go o'er the moor,
She shall a lover find me;
And that my faith is firm and pure,
Tho' I left her behind me:
Then Hymen's facred bonds shall chain
My heart to her fair bosom,
There, while my being does remain,
My love more fresh shall blossom.

Her looks they water's malls, who we have

THE LASS OF PATIE'S MILL.

THE lass of Patie's mill,
So bonny, blyth, and gay,
In spite of all my skill,
She stole my heart away.
When tedding of the hay,
Bare-headed on the green,
Love 'midst her locks did play,
And wanton'd in her een.

Her arms white, round, and smooth,
Breasts rising in their dawn,
To age it would give youth
To press 'em with his hand:
Thro' all my spirits ran
An extasy of bliss,
When I such sweetness fand
Wrapt in a balmy kiss.

Without the help of art,

Like flowers which grace the wild,

She did her fweets impart,

Whene'er she spoke or smil'd.

Her

Her looks they were fo mild,
Free from affected pride,
She me to love beguil'd;
I wish'd her for my bride.

O had I all the wealth
Hopeton's high mountains * fill,
Infur'd lang life and health,
And pleafure at my will;
I'd promife and fulfil,
That none but bonny fhe,
The lafs of Patie's mill,
Shou'd fhare the fame wi' me.

YE WATCHFUL GUARDIANS OF THE FAIR

YE watchful guardians of the fair,
Who skiff on wings of ambient air,
Of my dear Delia take a care,
And represent her lover,
With all the gaiety of youth,
With honour, justice, love, and truth;
Till I return her passions sooth,
For me in whispers move her.

blist can some risk

Be

^{*} Thirty-three miles fouth-west of Edinburgh, where the Earl of Hopeton's mines of gold and lead are.

Be careful no base fordid slave, With soul sunk in a golden grave, Who knows no virtue but to save,

With glaring gold bewitch her;
Tell her for me she was design'd,
For me who know how to be kind,
And have more plenty in my mind
Than one who 's ten times richer.

Let all the world turn upfide down, And fools run an eternal round, In quest of what can ne'er be found,

To please their vain ambition.

Let little minds great charms espy
In shadows which at distance lie,
Whose hop'd-for pleasure, when come nigh,
Proves nothing in fruition:

But cast into a mould divine,
Fair Delia does with lustre shine,
Her virtuous soul 's an ample mine,
Which yields a constant treasure.
Let poets in sublimest lays
Employ their skill her same to raise;
Let sons of music pass whole days,
With well-tun'd reeds, to please her.

the distance of the water consider the

THE YELLOW HAIR'D LADDIE.

In April, when primrofes paint the fweet plain,
And fummer approaching rejoiceth the fwain,
The yellow-hair'd laddie would oftentimes go
To wilds and deep glens where the hawthorn trees
grow;

There, under the shade of an old facred thorn, With freedom he sang his loves ev'ning and morn; He sang with so soft and enchanting a sound, That sylvans and fairies unseen danc'd around.

The shepherd thus sung:—Tho' young Maya be fair,

Her beauty is dash'd with a scornful proud air; But Susie was handsome, and sweetly cou'd sing, Her breath, like the breezes, perfum'd in the spring.

That Madia in all the gay bloom of her youth, Like the moon was inconftant, and never spoke truth; But Susie was faithful, good-humour'd and free, And fair as the goddess who sprung from the sea.

That mamma's fine daughter, with all her great dow'r,

Was aukwardly airy, and frequently four:— Then fighing, he wish'd, wou'd parents agree, The witty sweet Susie his mistress might be.

NANNY-O.

While some for pleasure pawn their health,
'Twixt Lais* and the bagnio,
I'll save myself, and without stealth
Kiss and cares my Nanny-O.
She bids more fair to engage a Jove,
Than Leda did or Danae-O †:
Were I to paint the queen of love,
None else should sit but Nanny-O.

How joyfully my fpirits rife,
When dancing fhe moves finely-O;
I guess what heav'n is by her eyes,
Which sparkle so divinely-O.
Attend my vow, ye gods, while I
Breathe in the blest Britannio,
None's happiness I shall envy,
As long 's ye grant me Nanny-O.

CHORUS.

My bonny bonny Nanny-O,
My loving charming Nanny-O,
I care not tho' the world do know
How dearly I love Nanny-O.

^{*} A famous Corinthian courtezan.

[†] Two beauties to whom Jove made love; to one in the figure of a fwan, to the other in a golden shower.

BONNY JEAN.

Love's goddes, in a myrtle grove,
Said, "Cupid, bend thy bow with speed,
"Nor let the shaft at random rove,
"For Jenny's haughty heart must bleed."
The smiling boy, with divine art,
From Paphos shot an arrow keen,
Which slew unerring to the heart,
And kill'd the pride of bonny Jean.

No more the nymph, with haughty air,
Refuses Willie's kind address;
Her yielding blushes shew no care,
But too much fondness to suppress.
No more the youth is sullen now,
But looks the gayest on the green,
Whilst every day he spies some new
Surprising charms in bonny Jean.

A thousand transports crowd his breast,
He moves as light as fleeting wind,
His former forrows seem a jest,
Now when his Jeanie is turn'd kind.
Riches he looks on with distain,
The glorious fields of war look mean,
The cheerful hound and horn give pain,
If absent from his bonny Jean.

The day he spends in am'rous gaze,
Which, e'en in summer, shorten'd seems;
When sunk in down, with glad amaze,
He wonders at her in his dreams.
All charms disclos'd, she looks more bright
Than Troy's fair prize, the Spartan queen:
With breaking day he lifts his fight,
And pants to be with bonny Jean.

AULD LANG SYNE.

SHOULD auld acquaintance be forgot,
Tho' they return with fcars?
These are the noblest hero's lot,
Obtain'd in glorious wars.
Welcome, my Varo, to my breast,
Thy arms about me twine,
And make me once again as blest
As I was lang syne.

Methinks around us on each bough
A thousand Cupids play,
Whilst thro' the groves I walk with you,
Each object makes me gay.
Since your return, the sun and moon
With brighter beams do shine,
Streams murmur soft notes while they run,
As they did lang syne.

Despise

Despise the court and din of state;

Let that to their share fall,

Who can esteem such slav'ry great,

While bounded like a ball:

But sunk in love, upon my arms

Let your brave head recline;

We'll please ourselves with mutual charms,

As we did lang syne.

O'er moor and dale with your gay friend You may pursue the chace;
And after a blyth bottle, end All cares in my embrace:
And in a vacant rainy day,
You shall be wholly mine;
We 'll make the hours run smooth away,
And laugh at lang syne.

The hero, pleas'd with the fweet air,
And figns of gen'rous love,
Which had been utter'd by the fair,
Bow'd to the pow'rs above.
Next day, with glad confent and hafte,
Th' approach'd the facred fhrine,
Where the good prieft the couple bleft,
And put them out of pine.

THE PENITENT.

Why book I pleafain to tortaent,

TUNE-" THE LASS OF LIVINGSTON."

PAIN'D with her flighting Jamie's love,
Bell dropt a tear, Bell dropt a tear,
The gods descended from above,
Well pleas'd to hear, well pleas'd to hear.
They heard the praises of the youth,
From her own tongue, from her own tongue,
Who now converted was to truth;
And thus she sung, and thus she sung:

Blest days, when our ingenuous sex,
More frank and kind, more frank and kind,
Did not their lov'd adorers vex,
But spoke their mind, but spoke their mind.
Repenting now, she promis'd fair,
Wou'd he return, wou'd he return,
She ne'er again wou'd give him care,
Or cause to mourn,

Why lov'd I the deferving swain,

Yet still thought shame, yet still thought
shame,

When he my yielding heart did gain, To own my flame, to own my flame?

Why

Why took I pleafure to torment,
And feem'd too coy, and feem'd too coy?
Which makes me now, alas! lament
My flighted joy, my flighted joy.

Ye fair, while beauty 's in its fpring,
Own your defire, own your defire,
While love's young power with his foft wing
Fans up the fire, fans up the fire.
O do not with a filly pride,
Or low defign, or low defign,
Refuse to be a happy bride,
But answer plain, but answer plain.

Thus the fair mourner wail'd her crime,
With flowing eyes, with flowing eyes;
Glad Jamie heard her all the time,
With fweet furprife, with fweet furprife:
Some god had led him to the grove,
His mind unchang'd, his mind unchang'd—
Flew to her arms, and cry'd, My love,
I am reveng'd, I am reveng'd.

thurs, in the part did gets.

LOVE'S CURE.

TUNE-" PEGGY, I MUST LOVE THEE."

As from a rock past all relief,
The shipwreckt Colin spying
His native home, o'ercome with grief,
Half sunk in waves, and dying;
With the next morning sun he spies
A ship, which gives unhop'd surprise,
New life springs up, he lists his eyes
With joy, and waits her motion:

So when, by her whom I long lov'd,
I fcorn'd was and deferted,
Low with despair my spirits mov'd,
To be for ever parted:
Thus droopt I, till diviner grace
I found in Peggy's mind and face;
Ingratitude appear'd then base,
But virtue more engaging.

Then now fince happily I 've hit,
I'll have no more delaying;
Let beauty yield to manly wit,
We lose ourselves in staying:

I 'll hafte dull courtship to a close, Since marriage can my fears oppose, Why shou'd we happy minutes lose, Since, Peggy, I must love thee?

Men may be foolish, if they please,
And deem 't a lover's duty
To figh, and facrifice their ease,
Doating on a proud beauty:
Such was my case for many a year,
Still hope succeeding to my fear,
False Betty's charms now disappear,
Since Peggy's far outshine them.

BESSY BEDL AND MARY GRAY.

O, Bessy Bell and Mary Gray!
They are twa bonny laffes,
They bigg'd a bower on yon burn-brae,
And theck'd it o'er with rafhes:
Fair Beffy Bell I loo'd yestreen,
And thought I ne'er cou'd alter,
But Mary Gray's twa pawky een
They gar my fancy falter.

Now Beffy's hair 's like a lint tap,
She fmiles like a May morning,
When Phoebus starts frae Thetis' lap,
The hills with rays adorning:
White is her neck, faft is her hand,
Her waist and feet 's fou genty,
With ilka grace she can command,
Her lips, O wow! they 're dainty.

And Mary's locks are like the craw,
Her eyes like diamonds glances;
She 's ay fae clean red up and braw,
She kills whene'er fhe dances:
Blyth as a kid, with wit at will,
She blooming, tight, and tall is;
And guides her airs fae gracefu' still,
O Jove! she 's like thy Pallas.

Dear Befly Bell and Mary Gray,
Ye unco fair oppress us,
Our fancies jee between you twae,
Ye are sic bonny lasses:
Wae 's me! for baith I canna get,
To ane by law we 're stinted;
Then I 'll draw cuts, and take my fate,
And be with ane contented.

THE YOUNG LAIRD AND EDINBURGH KATY.

Now wat ye wha I met yestreen,
Coming down the street, my jo?
My mistres, in her tartan screen,
Fou' bonny, braw, and sweet, my jo.
My dear, (quoth I,) thanks to the night,
That never wish'd a lover ill;
Since ye 're out of your mother's fight,
Let 's tak a wauk up to the hill.

O Katy! wiltu gang wi' me,
And leave the dinfome town a while?
The bloffom 's fprouting frae the tree,
And a' the fummer 's gawn to fmile;
The mavis, nightingale, and lark,
The bleeting lambs, and whiftling hynd,
In ilka dale, green, shaw, and park,
Will nourish health, and glad ye'r mind.

Soon as the clear goodman of day

Does bend his morning draught of dew,
We 'll gae to fome burn-fide and play,
And gather flow'rs to busk ye'r brow.

We'll

We 'll pou the daizies on the green,
The lucken gowans frae the bog;
Between hands now and then we 'll lean,
And fport upo' the velvet fog.

There 's up into a pleafant glen,
A wee piece frae my father's tower,
A canny, faft, and flow'ry den,
Which circling birks has form'd a bower:
Whene'er the fun grows high and warm,
We'll to the cawler shade remove;
There will I lock thee in mine arms,
And love and kiss, and kiss and love.

or research to deal an element W

Ver he's announced

And helde has send to be land

the charies on the steen.

KATY'S ANSWER.

My mither 's ay glowran o'er me,
Tho' she did the same before me,
I canna get leave
To look to my love,
Or else she 'll be like to devour me.

Right fain wad I take ye'r offer,
Sweet Sir, but I 'll tine my tocher,
Then, Sandy, ye 'll fret,
And wyte ye'r poor Kate,
Whene'er ye keek in your toom coffer.

For tho' my father has plenty
Of filler and plenishing dainty,
Yet he 's unco fweer
To twin wi' his gear;
And fae we hae need to be tenty.

Tutor my parents wi' caution,
Be wylie in ilka motion;
Brag well o' ye'r land,
And there 's my leal hand,
Win them, I'll be at your devotion.

MARY SCOTT.

HAPPY's the love which meets return,
When in foft flames fouls equal burn;
But words are wanting to discover.
The torments of a hopeless lover.
Ye registers of heav'n, relate,
If looking o'er the rolls of fate,
Did you there see, mark'd for my marrow,
Mary Scott, the flower of Yarrow?

Ah no! her form 's too heav'nly fair, Her love the gods above must share, While mortals with despair explore her, And at a distance due adore her..

O, lovely maid! my doubts beguile, Revive and bless me with a smile; Alas! if not, you'll soon debar a Sighing swain the banks of Yarrow.

Be hush, ye fears! I 'll not despair,
My Mary 's tender as she 's fair;
Then I 'll go tell her all my anguish,
She is too good to let me languish.
With success crown'd, I 'll not envy
The folks who dwell above the sky;
When Mary Scott 's become my marrow,
We 'll make a paradise on Yarrow.

O'ER BOGIE.

I will awa wi' my love,
I will awa wi' her,
Tho' a' my kin had fworn and faid,
I'll o'er Bogie wi' her.
If I can get but her confent,
I dinna care a strae,
Tho ilka ane be discontent,
Awa wi' her I'll gae.
I will awa, &c.

For now she 's mistress of my heart,
And worthy of my hand,
And well I wat we shanna part,
For siller or for land.
Let rakes delyte to swear and drink,
And beaus admire sine lace,
But my chief pleasure is to blink
On Betty's bonny face.
I will awa, &c.

There a' the beauties do combine, Of colour, traits, and air, The faul that sparkles in her een Makes her a jewel rare; Her flowing wit gives shining life
To a' her other charms;
How blest I'll be when she 's my wife,
And lockt up in my arms.
I will awa, &c.

There blythly will I rant and fing,
While o'er her fweets I range,
I 'll cry, Your humble fervant, king,
Shamefa' them that wad change.
A kis of Betty and a fmile,
Ab'eet ye wad lay down
The right ye hae to Britain's isle,
And offer me your crown.
I will awa, &c.

O'ER THE MOOR TO MAGGIE

And I 'll o'er the moor to Maggy,
Her wit and sweetness call me,
Then to my fair I 'll shew my mind,
Whatever may befal me:
If she love mirth I 'll learn to sing;
Or likes the nine to follow,
I 'll lay my lugs in Pindus' spring,
And invocate Apollo.

If she admire a martial mind,

I'll sheath my limbs in armour;

If to the softer dance inclin'd,

With gayest airs I'll charm her;

If she love grandeur, day and night

I'll plot my nation's glory,

Find favour in my prince's fight,

And shine in future story.

Beauty can wonders work with eafe,
Where wit is corresponding,
And bravest men know best to please,
With complaisance abounding.
My bonny Maggy's love can turn
Me to what shape she pleases,
If in her breast that slame shall burn,
Which in my bosom bleezes.

JONE OF THE A SEC TO SEE AND

you want if I had you of good

FOLIST AT MICE AND STREET

I'LL NEVER LEAVE THEE.

You will of plant it has conty no.

IONNY.

Tho' for feven years and mair honour should reave me

To fields where cannons rair, thou need na grieve

For deep in my spirit thy sweets are indented, And love shall preserve ay what love has imprinted. Leave thee, leave thee! I'll never leave thee, Gang the warld as it will, dearest, believe me.

NELLY.

O Jonny, I 'm jealous whene'er ye discover My fentiments yielding, ye'll turn a loofe rover; And nought i' the warld wad vex my heart fairer, If you prove inconstant, and fancy ane fairer, Grieve me, grieve me! Oh it wad grieve me, A' the lang night and day, if you deceive me.

IONNY.

My Nelly, let never fic fancies oppress thee, For while my blood 's warm I 'll kindly carefs Your blooming faft beauties first beeted love's fire, Your virtue and wit make it slame ay the higher.

Leave thee, leave thee! I 'll never leave thee, Gang the warld as it will, dearest, believe me-

NELLY.

Then, Jonny, I frankly this minute allow ye
To think me your mistress, for love gars me trow
ye:

And gin ye prove fa'se, to ye'rsell be it said then, Ye 'll win but sma' honour to wrang a kind maiden.

Reave me, reave me, heav'ns! it wad reave me Of my rest night and day, if ye deceive me.

JONNY.

Bid icicles hammer red gauds on the studdy, And fair simmer mornings nae mair appear ruddy; Bid Britons think ae gate; and when they obey ye, But never till that time, believe I'll betray ye: Leave thee, leave thee! I'll never leave thee, The stars shall gang withershins e'er I deceive thee.

compared substitutes of the con-

POLWART ON THE GREEN.

AT Polwart on the green

If you 'll meet me the morn,

Where laffes do conveen

To dance about the thorn,

A kindly welcome ye shall meet

Frae her wha likes to view

A lover and a lad complete—

The lad and lover you.

Let dorty dames fay na,

As lang as e'er they please,
Seem caulder than the fna',
While inwardly they bleeze;
But I will frankly shaw my mind,
And yield my heart to thee;
Be ever to the captive kind,
That langs na to be free.

At Polwart on the green,
Among the new-mawn hay,
With fangs and dancing keen,
We 'll pass the heartsome day:
At night, if beds be o'er thrang laid,
And thou be twin'd of thine,
Thou shalt be welcome, my dear lad,
To take a part of mine.

JOHN HAY'S BONNY LASSIE.

By fmooth winding Tay a fwain was reclining, Aft cry'd he, O hey! man I still live pining Mysell thus away, and darna discover To my bonny Hay, that I am her lover.

Nae mair it will hide, the flame waxes stranger, If she 's not my bride, my days are nae langer; Then I 'll take a heart, and try at a venture, May be, ere we part, my vows may content her.

She 's fresh as the spring, and sweet as Aurora, When birds mount and sing, bidding day a good morrow;

The fward of the mead enamell'd with daifies, Looks wither'd and dead when twin'd of her graces.

But if she appear where verdures invite her, The fountains run clear, and flowers smell the sweeter:

'Tis heaven to be by when her wit is a flowing, Her fmiles and bright eyes fet my fpirits a glowing.

The mair that I gaze the deeper I 'm wounded, Struck dumb with amaze, my mind is confounded; I 'm all in a fire, dear maid, to carefs ye, For a' my defire is Hay's bonny laffie.

GENTY TIBBY AND SONSY NELLY.

O lovel why deficiency is a confidence of

Tibby has a store of charms,

Her genty shape our fancy warms,

How starkly can her sma' white arms

Fetter the lad wha looks but at her!

Frae ancle to her slender waist,

These sweets conceal'd invite to dawt her,

Her rosie cheek and rising breast

Gar ane's mouth gush bowt sou' o' water.

Nelly's gawfy, faft and gay,
Fresh as the lucken flowers in May,
Ilk ane that sees her cries, Ah hey!
She 's bonny, O I wonder at her!
The dimples of her chin and cheek,
And limbs sae plump invite to dawt her,
Her lips sae sweet, and skin sae sleek,
Gar mony mouths beside mine water.

Now strike my finger in a bore, My wyzen with the maiden shore *, Gin I can tell whilk I am for,

When

^{*} Divide my windpipe with the maiden.—The maiden was an engine for beheading, formerly used in Scotland; it was of a construction similar to that of the guillotine.

When these twa stars appear the gither.

O love! why dost thou gi'e thy fires
Sae large, while we 're oblig'd to nither
Our spacious sauls' immense desires,
And ay be in a hankerin swither?

Tibby's shape and airs are fine,
And Nelly's beauties are divine;
But since they canna baith be mine,
Ye gods! give ear to my petition,
Provide a good lad for the tane,
But let it be with this provision,
I get the other to my lane,
In prospect plano and fruition.

UP IN THE AIR.

Now the fun 's gane out o' fight, Beet the ingle, and fnuff the light; In glens the fairies skip and dance, And witches wallop o'er to France;

Up in the air,
On my bonny grey mare,
And I fee her yet, and I fee her yet,
Up in, &c.

The wind 's drifting hail and fna'
O'er frozen hags like a footba';
Nae starns keek thro' the azure slit,
'Tis cauld and mirk as ony pit;

'Tis cauld and mirk as ony pit;

The man i' the moon

Is caroufing aboon,

D' ye fee, d' ye fee, d' ye fee him yet?

The man, &c.

Take your glass to clear your een,
'Tis the elixir hales the spleen,
Baith wit and mirth it will inspire,
And gently puff the lover's fire,

Up in the air, It drives away care.

Ha'e wi' ye, ha'e wi' ye, and ha'e wi' ye, lads, yet,

Up in, &c.

Steek the doors, keep out the frost,
Come, Willy, gi'e 's about ye'r toast;
Tilt it, lads, and lilt it out,
And let us ha'e a blythsome bowt;
Up wi't there, there,
Dinna cheat, but drink fair;
Huzza! huzza! and huzza! lads, yet,
Up wi't, &c.

TO MRS. E. C.

" NOW PHOEBUS ADVANCES ON HIGH."

Now Phœbus advances on high,
No footsteps of winter are seen;
The birds carol sweet in the sky,
And lambkins dance reels on the green.

Thro' groves, and by rivulets clear,
We wander for pleasure and health;
Where buddings and blossoms appear,
Giving prospects of joy and of wealth.

View every gay scene all around,
That are, and that promise to be;
Yet in them all nothing is found
So perfect, Eliza, as thee.

Thine eyes the clear fountains excel; Thy locks they out-rival the grove; When zephyrs these pleasingly swell, Each wave makes a captive to love.

The roses and lilies combin'd,
And slowers of most delicate hue,
By thy cheek and thy breasts are out-shin'd,
Their tinctures are nothing so true.

What

What can we compare with thy voice,
And what with thy humour fo fweet?

No music can bless with such joys;
Sure angels are just so complete.

Fair bloffom of every delight,
Whose beauties ten thousands outshine,
Thy sweets shall be lastingly bright,
Being mixt with so many divine.

Ye powers! who have given such charms
To Eliza, your image below,
O fave her from all human harms,
And make her hours happily flow.

TO CALISTA.

" SHE SUNG; THE YOUTH ATTENTION GAVE."

She fung; the youth attention gave,
And charms on charms espies,
Then, all in raptures, falls a flave
Both to her voice and eyes!
So spoke and smil'd the eastern maid,
Like thine, seraphic were her charms,
That in Circassia's vineyards stray'd,
And blest the wisest monarch's arms.

A thousand fair of high desert
Strave to enchant the amorous king,
But the Circassian gain'd his heart,
And taught the royal hand to sing.
Calista thus our fang inspires,
And claims the smooth and highest lays;
But while each charm our bosom fires,
Words seem too sew to sound her praise.

Her mind in ev'ry grace complete,
To paint, furpasses human skill;
Her majesty, mixt with the sweet,
Let seraphs sing her if they will:
Whilst wond'ring, with a ravish'd eye,
We all that 's perfect in her view,
Viewing a sister of the sky,
To whom an adoration 's due.

GIVE ME A LASS WITH A LUMP OF LAND.

Gi'e me a lass with a lump of land,
And we for life shall gang the gither;
Tho' dast or wise I 'll never demand,
Or black or fair it maks na whether.
I'm aff with wit, and beauty will fade,
And blood alane is no worth a shilling;
But she that 's rich her market 's made,
For ilka charm about her is killing.

Gi'e me a lass with a lump of land,
And in my bosom I 'll hug my treasure;
Gin I had anes her gear in my hand,
Shou'd love turn dowf, it will find pleasure.
Laugh on wha likes, but there 's my hand,
I hate with poortith, tho' bonny, to meddle;
Unless they bring cash, or a lump of land,
They'se never get me to dance to their siddle.

There 's meikle good love in bands and bags,
And filler and gowd 's a fweet complexion;
But beauty, and wit, and virtue in rags,
Have tint the art of gaining affection.
Love tips his arrows with woods and parks,
And castles, and riggs, and moors, and
meadows;

And naithing can catch our modern sparks,
But well-tocher'd lasses, or jointur'd widows,

LOCHABER NO MORE.

FAREWELL to Lochaber, and farewell my Jean, Where heartfome with thee I've mony day been; For Lochaber no more, Lochaber no more, We'll may be return to Lochaber no more. These tears that I shed they are a' for my dear, And no for the dangers attending on wear, Tho' bore on rough seas to a far bloody shore, May be to return to Lochaber no more.

Tho' hurricanes arife, and rife ev'ry wind,
They'll ne'er make a tempest like that in my mind;
Tho' loudest of thunder on louder waves roar,
That 's naithing like leaving my love on the shore.
To leave thee behind me my heart is fair pain'd;
By ease that 's inglorious no same can be gain'd;
And beauty and love 's the reward of the brave,
And I must deserve it before I can crave.

Then glory, my Jeany, man plead my excuse; Since honour commands me, how can I refuse; Without it I ne'er can have merit for thee, And without thy favour I 'd better not be. I gae then, my lass, to win honour and fame, And if I should luck to come gloriously hame, I 'll bring a heart to thee with love running o'er, And then I'll leave thee and Lochaber no more.

VIRTUE AND WIT:

And love 's me mell'in feriou;

THE PRESERVATIVE OF LOVE AND BEAUTY.

Confess thy love, fair blushing maid;
For fince thine eyes consenting,
Thy faster thoughts are a' betray'd,
And nasays no worth tenting.
Why aims thou to oppose thy mind,
With words thy wish denying?
Since nature made thee to be kind,
Reason allows complying.

Nature and reason's joint confent
Make love a facred bleffing;
Then happily that time is spent,
That 's war'd on kind careffing.
Come then, my Katie, to my arms,
I'll be na mair a rover,
But sind out heav'n in a' thy charms,
And prove a faithful lover.

tiste meet sva SHE. I slaw a sale start

What you defign by nature's law,
Is fleeting inclination;
That willy-wifp bewilds us a'
By its infatuation:

When

When that gaes out, careffes tire, And love 's nae mair in feafon; Syne weakly we blaw up the fire, With all our boafted reason.

HE.

The beauties of inferior cast
May start this just reflection;
But charms like thine man always last,
Where wit has the protection.
Virtue and wit, like April rays,
Make beauty rise the sweeter;
The langer then on thee I gaze,
My love will grow completer.

ADIEU FOR A WHILE MY NATIVE GREEN PLAINS.

HE.

ADIEU for a while my native green plains, My nearest relations, and neighbouring swains; Dear Nelly, frae these I 'd start easily free, Were minutes not ages while absent frae thee.

SHE.

Then tell me the reason thou dost not obey The pleading of love, but thus hurries away: Alake! thou deceiver, o'er plainly I see, A lover sae roving will never mind me.

HE.

The reason unhappy is owing to fate,
That gave me a being without an estate;
Which lays a necessity now upon me,
To purchase a fortune for pleasure to thee.

SHE.

Small fortune may serve where love has the sway, Then, Johny, be counsell'd nae langer to stray; For while thou proves constant in kindness to me, Contented I'll ay find a treasure in thee.

HE.

Cease, my dear charmer, else soon I'll betray A weakness unmanly, and quickly give way To fondness, which may prove a ruin to thee, A pain to us baith, and dishonour to me.

Bear witness ye streams, and witness ye flow'rs, Bear witness ye watchful invisible pow'rs, If ever my heart be unfaithful to thee, May nothing propitious e'er smile upon me. AND I 'LL AWA' TO BONNY TWEED-SIDE.

And I 'll awa'
To bonny Tweed-fide,
And fee my deary come throw,
And he fall be mine,
Gif fae he incline,
For I hate to lead apes below.

While young and fair,
I 'll make it my care
To fecure myfell in a jo;
I 'm no fic a fool,
To let my blood cool,
And fyne gae lead apes below.

Few words, bonny lad,
Will eithly perfuade,
Tho' blufhing, I daftly fay no;
Gae on with your ftrain,
And doubt not to gain,
For I hate to lead apes below.

To kills hor

Unty'd to a man, Do whate'er we can. We never can thrive or dow; Then I will do well, Do better wha will. And let them lead apes below.

Our time is precious. And gods are gracious, That beauties upon us bestow: 'Tis not to be thought We got them for nought. Or to be fet up for a show. fine verience and

'Tis carry'd by votes. Come kilt up your coats, And let us to Edinburgh go; Where she that 's bonny May catch a Johny, And never lead apes below.

High those delivers study accounted unfar tall

THE WIDOW.

THE widow can bake, and the widow can brew, The widow can shape, and the widow can sew, And mony braw things the widow can do,

Then have at the widow, my laddie:
With courage attack her baith early and late;
To kifs her and clap her ye manna be blate:
Speak well, and do better; for that 's the best gate
To win a young widow, my laddie.

The widow she 's youthfu', and never a hair The war of the wearing, and has a good skair Of every thing lovely; she 's witty and fair,

And has a rich jointure, my laddie.

What cou'd ye wish better, your pleasure to crown,
Than a widow the bonniest toast in the town,
With nathing but draw in your stool and sit down,
And sport with the widow, my laddie.

Then till her, and kill her with courtefy dead, Tho' ftark love and kindness be all ye can plead; Be heartsome and airy, and hope to succeed

With a bonny gay widow, my laddie.
Strike iron while 'tis het, if ye 'd have it to wald;
For fortune ay favours the active and bauld,
But ruins the wooer that 's thowless and cauld,

Unfit for the widow, my laddie.

Anna I asil Barria e sino si I Processo de la la come de la come per la come de la come

THE STEP-DAUGHTER'S RELIEF.

I was anes a well-tocher'd lass,
My mither left dollars to me;
But now I 'm brought to a poor pass,
My step-dame has gart them slee.
My father he 's aften frae hame,
And she plays the deel with his gear;
She neither has lawtith nor shame,
And keeps the hale house in a steer.

She 's barmy-fac'd, thriftles, and bauld,
And gars me aft fret and repine,
While hungry, haff naked, and cauld,
I fee her destroy what 's mine.
But foon I might hope a revenge,
And soon of my forrows be free,
My poortith to plenty wad change,
If she were hung up on a tree.

Quoth Ringan, wha lang time had loo'd This bonny lass tenderly, I'll take thee, sweet May, in thy snood, Gif thou wilt gae hame with me. 'Tis only yourfell that I want;
Your kindness is better to me
Than a' that your step-mother, scant
Of grace, now has taken frae thee.

I'm but a young farmer, 'tis true,
And ye are the fprout of a laird;
But I have milk-cattle enow,
And rowth of good rucks in my yard:
Ye shall have naithing to fash ye;
Sax fervants shall jouk to thee:
Then kilt up thy coats, my lasse,
And gae thy ways hame with me.

The maiden her reason employ'd,
Not thinking the offer amis,
Consented;—while Ringan o'erjoy'd,
Receiv'd her with mony a kiss.
And now she sits blythly singan,
And joking her drunken step-dame,
Delighted with her dear Ringan,
That makes her goodwife at hame.

L'on Les cair past site tarrelli

BONNY CHIRSTY.

How fweetly fmells the fimmer green!
Sweet taste the peach and cherry;
Painting and order please our een,
And claret makes us merry:
But finest colours, fruits and flowers,
And wine, tho' I be thirsty,
Lose a' their charms and weaker powers,
Compar'd with those of Chirsty.

When wand'ring o'er the flow'ry park,
No nat'ral beauty wanting,
How lightsome is 't to hear the lark,
And birds in concert chanting!
But if my Chirsty tunes her voice,
I'm wrapt in admiration,
My thoughts with extasses rejoice,
And drap the hale creation.

Whene'er she smiles a kindly glance, I take the happy omen, And aften mint to make advance, Hoping she 'll prove a woman; But dubious of my ain defert,
My fentiments I fmother,
With fecret fighs I vex my heart,
For fear she love another.

Thus fang blate Edie by a burn,
His Chirsty did o'erhear him;
She doughtna let her lover mourn,
But, ere he wist, drew near him.
She spake her favour with a look,
Which lest nae room to doubt her:
He wisely this white minute took,
And slang his arms about her.

My Chirsty!—witness, bonny stream,
Sic joys frae tears arising!
I wish this may not be a dream;
O love the maist surprising!
Time was too precious now for tauk;
This point of a' his wishes
He wad na with set speeches bauk,
But wair'd it a' on kisses.

THE SOGER LADDIE.

My foger laddie is over the fea,
And he will bring gold and money to me;
And when he comes hame, he 'll make me a
lady:
My bleffing gang with my foger laddie.

My doughty laddie is handsome and brave, And can as a foger and lover behave; True to his country, to love he is steady, There's few to compare with my soger laddie.

Shield him, ye angels, frae death in alarms, Return him with laurels to my langing arms; Syne frae all my care ye'll pleafantly free me, When back to my wishes my soger ye gi'e me.

O! foon may his honours bloom fair on his brow,

As quickly they must if he get his due; For in noble actions his courage is ready, Which makes me delight in my soger laddie. THE BONNY SCOT:

YE gales that gently wave the fea,
And pleafe the canny boatman,
Bear me frae hence, or bring to me
My brave, my bonny Scotman.
In haly bands
We join'd our hands,
Yet may not this difcover,
While parents rate
A large eftate,
Before a faithful lover.

But I lure chuse in Highland glens
To herd the kid and goat—man,
Ere I cou'd for sic little ends
Refuse my bonny Scotman.
Wae worth the man
Wha first began
The base ungenerous fashion,
Frae greedy views,
Love's art to use,
While strangers to its passion.

Frae foreign fields, my lovely youth,
Haste to thy longing lassie,
Wha pants to press thy bawmy mouth,
And in her bosom hawse thee.
Love gi'es the word,
Then haste on board;
Fair winds, and tenty boatman,
Wast o'er, wast o'er,
Frae yonder shore,
My blyth, my bonny Scot—man.

LOVE INVITING REASON.

When innocent pastime our pleasure did crown,
Upon a green meadow, or under a tree,
Ere Annie became a fine lady in town,
How lovely, and loving, and bonny was she!
Rouze up thy reason my beautifu' Annie,
Let ne'er a new whim ding thy fancy a-jee;
O! as thou art bonny, be faithfu' and canny,
And favour thy Jamie, wha doats upon thee.

Does the death of a lintwhite give Annie the spleen?

Can tyning of trifles be uneasy to thee?

Can lap-dogs and monkies draw tears frae these een,

That look with indifference on poor dying me?

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Rouze up thy reason, my beautiful Annie,
And dinna preser a paroquet to me;
O! as thou art bonny, be prudent and canny,
And think on thy Jamie, wha doats upon thee.

Ah! shou'd a new gown, or a Flanders-lace head,

Or yet a wee coatie, tho' never fae fine,
Gar thee grow forgetfu', and let his heart bleed,
That anes had fome hope of purchafing thine?
Rouze up thy reason, my beautifu' Annie,
And dinna prefer your fleegeries to me;
O! as thou art bonny, be solid and canny,
And tent a true lover that doats upon thee.

Shall a Paris edition of new-fangle Sanny,
Tho' gilt o'er wi' laces and fringes he be,
By adoring himfelf, be admir'd by fair Annie,
And aim at these bennisons promis'd to me?
Rouze up thy reason, my beautifu' Annie,
And never prefer a light dancer to me;
O! as thou art bonny, be constant and canny,
Love only thy Jamie, wha doats upon thee.

O! think my dear charmer, on ilka fweet hour,
That flade away faftly between thee and me,
Ere fquirrels, or beaus, or fopp'ry had power
To rival my love, and impose upon thee.

Rouze

Rouze up thy reason, my beautifu' Annie, And let thy desires be a' center'd in me; O! as thou art bonny, be faithfu' and canny, And love him wha's langing to centre in thee.

THE BOB OF DUNBLANE.

Lassie, lend me your braw hemp heckle,
And I 'll lend you my thripling kame;
For fainness, deary, I 'll gar ye keckle,
If ye 'll go dance the Bob of Dunblane.
Haste ye, gang to thee ground of ye'r trunkies,
Busk ye braw, and dinna think shame;
Consider in time, if leading of monkies
Be better than dancing the Bob of Dunblane.

Be frank, my laffie, left I grow fickle,
And take my word and offer again;
Syne ye may chance to repent it meikle
Ye did na accept of the Bob of Dunblane.
The dinner, the piper, and prieft, shall be ready,
And I'm grown dowie with lying my lane;
Away then, leave baith minny and daddy,
And try with me the Bob of Dunblane.

THROW THE WOOD LADDIE.

O SANDY, why leaves thou thy Nelly to mourn?

Thy presence cou'd ease me,

When naithing can please me;

Now dowie I sigh on the bank of the burn,

Or throw the wood, laddie, until thou return.

Tho' woods now are bonny, and mornings are clear,
While lavrocks are finging,
And primrofes fpringing,
Yet nane of them pleases my eye or my ear,
When throw the wood, laddie, ye dinna appear.

That I am forfaken fome fpare no to tell;
I'm fash'd wi' their scorning,
Baith ev'ning and morning;
Their jeering gaes aft to my heart wi' a knell,
When throw the wood, laddie, I wander mysell.

Then stay, my dear Sandy, nae langer away,
But quick as an arrow,
Haste here to thy marrow,
Wha 's living in languor till that happy day,
When throw the wood, laddie, we 'll dance, fing,
and play.

AN THOU WERE MY AIN THING.

While thou like tvy, or the vine.

An thou were my ain thing,
I would love thee, I would love thee;
An thou were my ain thing,
How dearly would I love thee.

Like bees that fuck the morning dew
Frae flowers of fweetest scent and hue,
Sae wad I dwell upo' thy mou,
And gar the gods envy me.
An thou were, &c.

Sae lang 's I had the use of light,
I 'd on thy beauties feast my sight,
Syne in saft whispers through the night
I 'd tell how much I loo'd thee.
An thou were, &c.

How fair and ruddy is my Jean!
She moves a goddess o'er the green:
Were I a king thou shou'd be queen,
Nane but myself aboon thee.
An thou were, &c.

I 'd grasp thee to this breast of mine, Whilst thou like ivy, or the vine, Around my stronger limbs shou'd twine, Form'd hardy to defend thee.

An thou were, &c.

Time 's on the wing and will not ftay,
In finning youth let 's make our hay,
Since love admits of no delay,
O let na from undo thee.

An thou were, &c.

While love does at his altar stand,
Hae there 's my heart, gi'e me thy hand,
And with ilk smile thou shalt command
The will of him wha loves thee.
An thou were, &c.

THERE'S MY THUMB I'LL NE'ER BEGUILE THEE.

My fweetest May, let love incline thee T' accept a heart which he designs thee; And as your constant slave regard it, Syne for its faithfulness reward it: 'Tis proof a shot to birth or money, But yields to what is sweet or bonny: Receive it then with a kiss and smily, There 's my thumb it will ne'er beguile thee.

How tempting fweet these lips of thine are!
Thy bosom white, and legs sae sine are,
That when in pools I see thee clean 'em,
They carry away my heart between 'em.
I wish, and I wish, while it gaes duntin,
O gin I had thee on a mountain;
Tho kith and kin and a' shou'd revile thee,
There's my thumb I 'll ne'er beguile thee.

Alane thro' flow'ry hows I dander,
Tenting my flocks, lest they should wander;
Gin thou'll gae alang I 'll dawt thee gaylie,
And gi'e my thumb I 'll ne'er beguile thee.
O my dear lassie, it is but dassin
To had thy wooer up ay niss nassin:
That na, na, na, I hate it most vilely;
O say yes, and I 'll ne'er beguile thee.

THE HIGHLAND LADDIE.

THE Lawland lads think they are fine,
But O they 're vain and idly gaudy;
How much unlike that gracefu' mien
And manly looks of my Highland laddie!
O my bonny, bonny Highland laddie!
My handsome, charming Highland laddie!
May heaven still guard, and love reward,
Our Lawland lass and her Highland laddie!

If I were free at will to chuse

To be the wealthiest Lawland lady,
I'd take young Donald without trews,

With bonnet blew and belted plaidy.

O my bonny, &c.

The brawest beau in borrows town,
In a' his airs with art made ready,
Compar'd to him he 's but a clown;
He 's finer far in 's tartan plaidy.
O my bonny, &c.

O'er benty hill with him I 'll run,
And leave my Lawland kin and daddy;
Frae winter's cauld and fummer's fun,
He 'll fcreen me with his Highland plaidy.
O my bonny, &c.

A painted room and filken bed
May please a Lawland laird and lady,
But I can kis and be as glad
Behind a bush, in 's Highland plaidy.

O my bonny, &c.

Few compliments between us pass,
I ca' him my dear Highland laddie;
And he ca's me his Lawland lass,
Syne rows me in his Highland plaidy.
O my bonny, &c.

Nae greater joy I 'll e'er pretend,
Than that his love prove true and steady,
Like mine to him, which ne'er shall end,
While heaven preserves my Highland laddie.
O my bonny, &c.

C'ur bene, bill with bira I 'll run, And leave my Lawland kin and daddy; Frae winter's cauld and funituer's fun,

THE COALIER'S DAUGHTER.

THE coalier has a daughter,
And O she's wonder bonny!
A laird he was that sought her,
Rich baith in lands and money.
The tutors watch'd the motion
Of this young honest lover;
But love is like the ocean;
Wha can its depths discover?

He had the art to please ye,
And was by a' respected;
His airs fat round him easy,
Genteel, but unaffected.
The coalier's bonny lassie,
Fair as the new-blown lily,
Ay sweet and never saucy,
Secur'd the heart of Willy.

He lov'd beyond expression

The charms that were about her,

And panted for possession;

His life was dull without her.

Twa years brought me hame, where lond-mafin-

After mature resolving,

Close to his breast he held her,

In fastest slames dissolving,

He tenderly thus tell'd her:

My bonny coalier's daughter,

Let naithing discompose ye,

'Tis not your scanty tocher

Shall ever make me lose ye;

For I have gear in plenty,

And love says, 'tis my duty

To ware what heaven has lent me

Upon your wit and beauty.

THE MILL, MILL-O.

Law I sol your dool sole you lot I was

BENEATH a green shade I fand a fair maid
Was sleeping sound and still-O,
A' lowing wi' love, my fancy did rove
Around her with good will-O:
Her bosom I press'd, but, sunk in her rest,
She stir'd na my joy to spill-O:
While kindly she sleept, close to her I crept,
And kiss'd, and kiss'd her my fill-O.

Oblig'd by command in Flanders to land,

T' employ my courage and skill-O,

Frae 'er quietly I staw, hois'd fails and awa,

For wind blew fair on the hill-O.

Twa years brought me hame, where loud-frafing fame Tald me with a voice right shrill-O,

My lass, like a fool, had mounted the stool *, Nor kend wha 'd done her the ill-O.

Mair fond of her charms, with my fon in her arms, I ferlying speer'd how she fell-O:

Wi' the tear in her eye, quoth she, Let me die, Sweet Sir, gin I can tell-O.

Love gae the command, I took her by the hand, And bad her a' fears expel-O,

And nae mair look wan, for I was the man Wha had done her the deed mysell-O.

My bonny fweet lass, on the gowany grass, Beneath the Shilling-hill-O †;

If I did offence, I 'se make ye amends, Before I leave Peggy's mill-O.

O! the mill, mill-O, and the kill, kill-O, And the cogging of the wheel-O,

The fack and the fieve, a' that ye man leave, And round with a foger reel-O.

^{*} Of repentance.

⁺ Where they winnow the chaff from the corn.

COLIN AND GRISY PARTING.

WITH broken words and downcast eyes,
Poor Colin spoke his passion tender,
And parting with his Grify, cries,
Ah! woe's my heart that we should sunder.

To others I am cold as fnow,

But kindle with thine eyes like tinder;

From thee with pain I 'm forc'd to go,

It breaks my heart that we should funder.

Chain'd to thy charms, I cannot range,
No beauty new my love shall hinder,
Nor time nor place shall ever change
My vows, tho' we 're oblig'd to sunder.

The image of thy graceful air,
And beauties which invite our wonder,
Thy lively wit, and prudence rare,
Shall still be present, tho' we funder.

Dear nymph, believe thy fwain in this, You 'll ne'er engage a heart that 's kinder; Then feal a promife with a kifs, Always to love me, tho' we funder.

Ye gods! take care of my dear lafs,

That as I leave her I may find her,

When that bleft time shall come to pass,

We 'll meet again, and never funder.

TO L. I. IN MOURNING.

AH! why those tears in Nelly's eyes?

To hear thy tender fighs and cries,

The gods stand list'ning from the skies,

Pleas'd with thy piety.

To mourn the dead, dear nymph, forbear,

And of one dying take a care,

Who views thee as an angel fair,

Or some divinity.

O! be less graceful, or more kind,
And cool this fever of my mind,
Caus'd by the boy severe and blind,
Wounded I sigh for thee;
While hardly dare I hope to rise
To such a height by Hymen's ties,
To lay me down where Helen lies,

And with thy charms be free.

Then must I hide my love and die, When such a sov'reign cure is by? No, she can love, and I 'll go try,

Whate'er my fate may be.
Which foon I 'll read in her bright eyes;
With those dear agents I 'll advise,
They tell the truth, when tongues tell lies

The least believ'd by me.

A SCOTS CANTATA.

MUSIC BY L. BOCCHI.

RECITATIVE.

BLATE Jonny faintly tald fair Jean his mind;
Jeany took pleasure to deny him lang;
He thought her scorn came frae a heart unkind,
Which gart him in despair tune up this sang.

AIR.

O bonny lassie, since 'tis sae,
That I 'm despis'd by thee,
I hate to live; but O! I 'm wae
And unko sweer to die.
Dear Jeany, think what dowy hours
I thole by your disdain;
Ah! shou'd a breast sae saft as yours
Contain a heart of stane?

RECITATIVE.

These tender notes did a' her pity move;
With melting heart she listen'd to the boy:
O'ercome, she smil'd, and promis'd him her love;
He in return thus sang his rising joy.

AIR.

Hence frae my breast, contentious care!
Ye 've tint the power to pine;
My Jeany 's good, my Jeany 's fair,
And a' her sweets are mine.
O! spread thine arms, and gi'e me fowth
Of dear enchanting blis,
A thousand joys around thy mouth,
Gi'e heaven with ilka kis.

THE TOAST.

COME, let 's ha'e mair wine in, Bacchus hates repining, Venus loos nae dwining,

Let 's be blyth and free.

Away with dull! here t' ye, Sir;

Ye'r mistres, Robie, gi'e 's her;

We 'll drink her health wi' pleasure,

Wha 's belov'd by thee.

Then let Peggy warm ye, That 's a lass can charm ye, And to joys alarm ye; Sweet is fhe to me:

Some angel ye wad ca' her,

And never wifh ane brawer,

If ye bare-headed faw her,

Kiltet to the knee.

Peggy a dainty lass is, Come let's join our glasses, And refresh our hauses

With a health to thee.

Let coofs their cash be clinking.

Be statesmen tint in thinking,

While we with love and drinking

Give our cares the lie.

A SOUTH-SEA SANG.
TUNE—" FOR OUR LANG BIDING HERE."

ed to valvant the

When we came to London town,
We dream'd of gowd in gowpings here,
And rantinly ran up and down,
In rifing flocks to buy a skair:
We daftly thought to row in rowth,
But for our daffin paid right dear;
The lave will fare the war in trouth,
For our lang biding here.

But when we fand our purses toom,
And dainty stocks began to fa',
We hang our lugs, and wi' a gloom,
Girn'd at stock-jobbing ane and a'.
If we gang near the South-Sea house,
The whillywhas will grip ye'r gear,
Syne a' the lave will fare the war,
For our lang biding here.

HAP ME WITH THY PETTICOAT.

O Bell! thy looks have kill'd my heart, I pass the day in pain,

When night returns I feel the smart, And wish for thee in vain.

I'm starving cold, while thou art warm; Have pity and incline,

And grant me for a hap that charming petticoat of thine.

My ravish'd fancy in amaze
Still wanders o'er thy charms;
Delusive dreams ten thousand ways
Present thee to my arms:

But waking, think what I endure,
While cruel you decline
Those pleasures which can only cure
This panting breast of mine.

I faint, I fail, and wildly rove,
Because you still deny
The just reward that 's due to love,
And let true passion die.
O! turn and let compassion seize
That lovely breast of thine;
Thy petticoat could give me ease,
If thou and it were mine.

Sure heaven has fitted for delight
That beauteous form of thine,
And thou 'rt too good its laws to flight,
By hind'ring the defign.
May all the powers of love agree
At length to make thee mine;
Or loofe my chains, and fet me free
From ev'ry charm of thine.

FY GAR RUB HER O'ER WI' STRAE.

GIN ye meet a bonny lassie,
Gi'e her a kis, and let her gae;
But if ye meet a dirty hussy,
Fy gar rub her o'er wi' strae.

Be fure ye dinna quat the grip
Of ilka joy, when ye are young,
Before auld age your vitals nip,
And lay ye twafald o'er a rung.

Sweet youth's a blyth and heartsome time;
Then, lads and lasses, while 'tis May,
Gae pu' the gowan in its prime,
Before it wither and decay.

Watch the faft minutes of delyte,
When Jenny speaks beneath her breath,
And kisses, laying a' the wyte
On you, if she kepp ony skaith.

"Haith, ye're ill-bred," fhe 'll fmiling fay,
"Ye'll worry me, ye greedy rook."

Syne frae your arms fhe'll rin away,
And hide herfelf in fome dark nook.

Her laugh will lead you to the place,
Where lies the happiness ye want,
And plainly tell you to your face,
Nineteen na-says are half a grant.

Now to her heaving bosom cling, And sweetly toolie for a kiss; Frae her fair singer whoop a ring, As taiken of a future bliss.

These bennisons, I 'm very sure,
Are of the gods' indulgent grant:
Then, surly carles, whisht, forbear
To plague us with your whining cant.

THE CORDIAL.

HE.

Where wad bonny Anne ly?
Alane ye nae mair man ly:
Wad ye a goodman try?
Is that the thing ye 're laking?

To your will I then comply,

Join us, prieft, u

Can a lass sae young as I
Venture on the bridal tye,
Syne down with a goodman ly?
I'm sleed he'd keep me wauking.

HE.

Never judge until ye try,
Mak me your goodman, I
Shanna hinder you to ly,
And fleep till ye be weary.

SHE.

What if I should wauking ly,
When the hautboys are gawn by,
Will ye tent me when I cry,
My dear, I 'm faint and iry?

HE.

In my bosom thou shall ly, When thou waukrife art or dry, Healthy cordial standing by, Shall presently revive thee.

SHE.

To your will I then comply, Join us, prieft, and let me try How I 'll wi' a goodman ly, Wha can a cordial gi' me.

ALLAN WATER.

Dynamical Warming recorded A

What numbers shall the muse repeat,
What verse be found to praise my Annie?
On her ten thousand graces wait,
Each swain admires, and owns she 's bonny.
Since first she trod the happy plain,
She set each youthful heart on fire;
Each nymph does to her swain complain,
That Annie kindles new desire.

This lovely darling, dearest care,

This new delight, this charming Annie,
Like summer's dawn she 's fresh and fair,
When Flora's fragrant breezes fan ye.
All day the am'rous youths conveen,
Joyous they sport and play before her;
All night, when she no more is seen,
In blissful dreams they still adore her.

Among the crowd Amyntor came,
He look'd, he lov'd, he bow'd to Annie;
His rifing fighs express his flame,
His words were few, his wishes many.

With

With fmiles the lovely maid reply'd,
Kind shepherd, why should I deceive ye?
Alas! your love must be deny'd,
This destin'd breast can ne'er relieve ye.

Young Damon came with Cupid's art,
His wiles, his smiles, his charms beguiling,
He stole away my virgin heart;
Cease, poor Amyntor, cease bewailing.
Some brighter beauty you may find,
On yonder plain the nymphs are many;
Then chuse some heart that 's unconfin'd,
And leave to Damon his own Annie.

O MARY! THY GRACES AND GLANCES.

O Mary! thy graces and glances,
Thy fmiles fo enchantingly gay,
And thoughts fo divinely harmonious,
Clear wit and good humour difplay.
But fay not thou 'lt imitate angels
Ought farrer, tho' fcarcely (ah me!)
Can be found, equalizing thy merit,
A match amongst mortals for thee.

Thy many fair beauties fhed fires
May warm up ten thousand to love,
Who, despairing, may fly to some other,
While I may despair, but ne'er rove.
What a mixture of fighing and joys
This distant adoring of thee
Gives to a fond heart too aspiring,
Who loves in fad silence like me?

Thus looks the poor beggar on treasure;
And shipwreck'd on landscapes on shore:
Be still more divine, and have pity;
I die soon as hope is no more.
For, Mary, my soul is thy captive,
Nor loves nor expects to be free;
Thy beauties are fetters delightful,
Thy slavery's a pleasure to me.

My Robie's neason than my lim,

That makes are weared of his wild,

Tay many believed with white vall

THIS IS NO MY AIN HOUSE.

This is no mine ain house,

I ken by the rigging o't;
Since with my love I 've changed vows,
I dinna like the bigging o't:
For now that I 'm young Robie's bride,
And mistress of his fire-fide,
Mine ain house I 'll like to guide,
And please me with the trigging o't.

Then farewell to my father's house,
I gang where love invites me;
The strictest duty this allows,
When love with honour meets me.
When Hymen moulds us into ane,
My Robie's nearer than my kin,
And to refuse him were a fin,
Sae lang's he kindly treats me.

When I'm in mine ain house,
True love shall be at hand ay,
To make me still a prudent spouse,
And let my man command ay;
Avoiding ilka cause of strife,
The common pest of married life,
That makes ane wearied of his wise,
And breaks the kindly band ay.

MY DADDY FORBAD, MY MINNY FORBAD.

Totally blind ferrie

WHEN I think on my lad,
I figh and am fad,
For now he is far frae me:
My daddy was harsh,
My minny was warse,
That gart him gae yont the sea:
Without an estate,
That made him look blate,
And yet a brave lad is he:
Gin safe he come hame,
In spite of my dame,
He 'll ever be welcome to me.

Love speers nae advice
Of parents o'erwise,
That have but ae bairn like me,
That looks upon cash
As naithing but trash,
That shackles what shou'd be free.
And tho' my dear lad
Not ae penny had,
Since qualities better has he,
Abeit I'm an heiress,
I think it but fair is
To love him, since he loves me.

Then

Then my dear Jamie,
To thy kind Jeanie
Haste, haste thee in o'er the sea,
To her wha can find
Nae ease in her mind,
Without a blyth sight of thee.
Tho' my daddy forbad,
And my minny forbad,
Forbidden I will not be;
For fince thou alone
My favour hast won,
Nane else shall e'er get it for me.

Yet them I 'll not grieve,
Or without their leave,
Gi'e my hand as a wife to thee:
Be content with a heart
That can never defert,
Till they ceafe to oppose or be:
My parents may prove
Yet friends to our love,
When our firm resolves they see;
Then I with pleasure
Will yield up my treasure,
And a' that love orders, to thee.

love kim finds he loves me.

STEER HER UP AND HAD HER GAWN,

O STEER her up and had her gawn,
Her mither's at the mill, jo;
But gin she winna tak a man,
E'en let her tak her will, jo.
Pray thee, lad, leave filly thinking,
Cast thy cares of love away;
Let's our forrows drown in drinking,
'Tis dassin langer to delay.

See that shining glass of claret,
How invitingly it looks!

Take it aff, and let 's have mair o't,
Pox on fighting, trade, and books.

Let 's have pleasure while we 're able,
Bring us in the meikle bowl,

Place 't on the middle of the table,
And let wind and weather gowl.

Call the drawer, let him fill it
Fou as ever it can hold:
O tak tent ye dinna spill it,
'Tis mair precious far than gold.
By you 've drunk a dozen bumpers,
Bacchus will begin to prove,
Spite of Venus and her mumpers,
Drinking better is than love.

CLOUT THE CALDRON.

Have you any pots or pans,
Or any broken chandlers?
I am a tinkler to my trade,
And newly come frae Flanders:
As fcant of filler as of grace,
Difbanded, we've a bad run;
Gae tell the lady of the place,
I'm come to clout her caldron.
Fa adrie, didle, didle, &c.

Madam, if you have wark for me,
I'll do't to your contentment,
And dinna care a fingle flea
For any man's refentment:
For, lady fair, tho' I appear
To every ane a tinkler,
Yet to yourfell I'm bauld to tell,
I am a gentle jinker.
Fa adrie, didle, didle, &c.

Love Jupiter into a fwan
Turn'd, for his lovely Leda;
He like a bull o'er meadows ran
To carry off Europa:

Then may not I as well as he,
To cheat your Argos blinker,
And win your love, like mighty Jove,
Thus hide me in a tinkler?
Fa adrie, didle, didle, &c.

Sir, ye appear a cunning man,
But this fine plot you 'll fail in,
For there is neither pot nor pan
Of mine you 'll drive a nail in.
Then bind your budget on your back,
And nails up in your apron,
For I 've a tinkler under tack,
That 's us'd to clout my caldron.
Fa adrie, didle, didle, &c.

THE MALTMAN.

The maltman comes on Monday,
He craves wonder fair,
Cries, Dame, come gi'e me my filler,
Or malt ye fall ne'er get mair.
I took him into the pantry,
And gave him fome good cock-broo,
Syne paid him upon a gantree,
As hostler wives should do.

When

When maltmen come for filler,
And gaugers with wands o'er foon,
Wives, tak them a' down to the cellar,
And clear them as I have done.
This bewith, when cunzie is fcanty,
Will keep them frae making din,
The knack I learn'd frae an auld aunty,
The fnackeft of a' my kin.

The maltman is right cunning,
But I can be as flee,
And he may crack of his winning,
When he clears fcores with me:
For come when he likes, I 'm ready;
But if frae hame I be,
Let him wait on our kind lady,
She 'll answer a bill for me.

BONNY BESSY.

Bessy's beauties shine sae bright,
Were her many virtues sewer,
She wad ever give delight,
And in transport make me view her.
Bonny Bessy, thee alane
Love I, naithing else about thee;
With thy comeliness I 'm tane,
And langer cannot live without thee.

Beffy's bosom 's fast and warm,
Milk-white fingers still employ'd;
He who takes her to his arm,
Of her sweets can ne'er be cloy'd.
My dear Bessy, when the roses
Leave thy cheek, as thou grows aulder,
Virtue, which thy mind discloses,
Will keep love frae growing caulder.

Beffy's tocher is but fcanty,
Yet her face and foul discovers
These inchanting sweets in plenty
Must entice a thousand lovers.
It's not money, but a woman
Of a temper kind and easy,
That gives happiness uncommon;
Petted things can nought but teez ye.

THE QUADRUPLE ALLIANCE.

Swift, Sandy, Young, and Gay,
Are still my heart's delight,
I fing their sangs by day,
And read their tales at night.
If frae their books I be,
'Tis dullness then with me;
But when these stars appear,
Jokes, smiles, and wit shine clear.

Swift, with uncommon stile,
And wit that slows with ease,
Instructs us with a smile,
And never fails to please.
Bright Sandy greatly sings
Of heroes, gods, and kings:
He well deserves the bays,
And ev'ry Briton's praise.

While thus our Homer shines;
Young, with Horacian slame,
Corrects these false designs
We push in love of same.

Blyth Gay, in pawky strains,
Makes villains, clowns, and swains
Reprove, with biting leer,
Those in a higher sphere.

When gentle less with thirty winer

Swift, Sandy, Young, and Gay,

Long may you give delight;

Let all the dunces bray,

You 're far above their fpite:

Such, from a malice four,

Write nonfenfe, lame and poor,

Which never can fucceed,

For who the trash will read?

THE COMPLAINT.

A while any mind whelighood flore A.

" WHEN ABSENT FROM THE NYMPH I LOVE."

When absent from the nymph I love,
I'd fain shake off the chains I wear;
But whilst I strive these to remove,
More fetters I'm oblig'd to bear:
My captiv'd fancy, day and night,
Fairer and fairer represents
Belinda, form'd for dear delight,
But cruel cause of my complaints.

All day I wander thro' the groves,
And, fighing, hear from every tree
The happy birds chirping their loves,
Happy compar'd with lonely me.
When gentle fleep with balmy wings
To rest fans ev'ry weary'd wight,
A thousand fears my fancy brings,
That keep me watching all the night.

Sleep flies, while like the goddess fair,
And all the graces in her train,
With melting smiles and killing air,
Appears the cause of all my pain.
A while my mind delighted flies
O'er all her sweets with thrilling joy,
Whilst want of worth makes doubts arise,
That all my trembling hopes destroy.

Thus while my thoughts are fix'd on her,

I'm all o'er transport and desire,

My pulse beats high, my cheeks appear

All roses, and mine eyes all fire.

When to myself I turn my view,

My veins grow chill, my cheeks look wan:

Thus whilst my fears my pains renew,

I scarcely look or move a man.

THE CARLE HE CAME O'ER THE CROFT.

But from't my canten'd daddy par

THE carle he came o'er the croft,
And his beard new shaven,
He look'd at me as he 'd been dast,
The carle trows that I wad hae him.
Howt awa! I winna hae him,
Na forsooth I winna hae him,
For a' his beard 's new shaven,
Ne'er a bit will I hae him.

A filler broach he gae me nieft,
To fasten on my curtchea nooked;
I wor'd a wee upon my breast,
But soon, alake! the tongue o't crooked;
And sae may his: I winna hae him,
Na forsooth I winna hae him;
Ane twice a bairn 's a lass's jest;
Sae ony fool for me may hae him.

The carle has nae fault but ane,
For he has land and dollars plenty;
But waes me for him! skin and bane
Is no for a plump lass of twenty.
Howt awa! I winna hae him,
Na forfooth I winna hae him;
What signifies his dirty riggs
And cash, without a man with them?

But

But shou'd my canker'd daddy gar
Me take him 'gainst my inclination,
I warn the sumbler to beware,
That antlers dinna claim their station.
Howt awa! I winna hae him,
Na forsooth I winna hae him;
I 'm slee'd to crack the haly band,
Sae Lawty says I shou'd na hae him.

O MITHER DEAR! I 'GIN TO FEAR.

CHORUS.

Up stairs, down stairs,
Timber stairs fear me;
I'm laith to ly a' night my lane,
And Johny's bed sae near me.

O mither dear! I 'gin to fear,
Tho' I 'm baith good and bonny,
I winna keep; for in my fleep
I flart and dream of Johny.
When Johny then comes down the glen
To woo me, dinna hinder;
But with content gi'e your confent,
For we twa ne'er can finder.

Better to marry than miscarry,
For shame and skaith 's the clink o't;
To thole the dool, to mount the stool,
I downa bide to think o't:
Sae while 'tis time, I 'll shun the crime,
That gars poor Epps gae whinging,
With hainches fow, and een sae blew,
To a' the bedrals bindging.

Had Eppy's apron bidden down,

The kirk had ne'er a kend it;
But when the word 's gane thro' the town,
Alake! how can she mend it?

Now Tam man face the minister,
And she man mount the pillar;

And that 's the way that they man gae,

For poor folk has na siller.

Now ha'd ye'r tongue, my daughter young,
Replied the kindly mither;
Get Johny's hand in haly band,
Syne wap ye'r wealth together.
I'm o' the mind, if he be kind,
Ye'll do your part discreetly,
And prove a wife will gar his life
And barrel run right sweetly.

A song.

TUNE-" BUSK YE, MY BONNY BRIDE."

Busk ye, busk ye, my bonny bride;
Busk ye, busk ye, my bonny marrow;
Busk ye, busk ye, my bonny bride,
Busk, and go to the braes of Yarrow;
There will we sport and gather dew,
Dancing while lavrocks sing the morning;
There learn frae turtles to prove true:
O Bell! ne'er vex me with thy scorning.

To westlin breezes Flora yields,
And when the beams are kindly warming,
Blythness appears o'er all the fields,
And nature looks mair fresh and charming.
Learn frae the burns that trace the mead,
Tho' on their banks the roses blossom.
Yet hastily they flow to Tweed,
And pour their sweetness in his bosom.

Haste ye, haste ye, my bonny Bell,
Haste to my arms, and there I'll guard thee;
With free consent my sears repel,
I'll with my love and care reward thee.
Thus sang I saftly to my fair,
Wha rais'd my hopes with kind relenting.
O queen of smiles! I ask nae mair,
Since now my bonny Bell's consenting.

THE HIGHLAND LASSIE.

THE Lawland maids gang trig and fine,
But aft they 're four and unco faucy;
Sae proud they never can be kind,
Like my good-humour'd Highland laffie,
O my bonny, bonny Highland laffie,
My hearty fmiling Highland laffie,
May never care make thee less fair,
But bloom of youth still bless my laffie.

Than ony lass in borrows-town,

Wha mak their cheeks with patches motie,

I'd tak my Katie but a gown,

Baresooted, in her little coatie.

O my bonny, &c.

Beneath the brier or brecken bush,
Whene'er I kis and court my dautie,
Happy and blyth as ane wad wish,
My slighteren heart gangs pittie-pattie.
O my bonny, &c.

O'er highest heathery hills I 'll sten,
With cockit gun and ratches tenty,
To drive the deer out of their den,
To feast my lass on dishes dainty.
O my bonny, &c.

There's nane shall dare, by deed or word,
'Gainst her to wag a tongue or singer,
While I can wield my trusty sword,
Or frae my side whisk out a whinger.
O my bonny, &c.

The mountains clad with purple bloom,
And berries ripe, invite my treasure
To range with me; let great fowk gloom,
While wealth and pride confound their pleasure.

O my bonny, &c.

THE AULD MAN'S BEST ARGUMENT.

O WHA 's that at my chamber door?—
"Fair widow, are ye wawking?"—
Auld carle, your fuit give o'er,
Your love lies a' in tawking:
Gi'e me the lad that 's young and tight,
Sweet like an April meadow;
'Tis fic as he can bless the fight
And bosom of a widow.

In love you 're but a gawky.

"O widow! wilt thou let me in,
"I'm pawky, wife, and thrifty,
"And come of a right gentle kin;
"I'm little mair than fifty."
Daft carle, dit your mouth,
What fignifies how pawky,
Or gentle born ye be; but youth,

"Then, widow, let these guineas speak,
"That powerfully plead clinkan;
"And if they fail my mouth I'll steek,
"And nae mair love will think on."
These court indeed, I man confess,
I think they make you young, Sir,
And ten times better can express

Affection, than your tongue, Sir.

Owinout will then bet me inger

TO MRS. A. C.

" WHEN BEAUTY BLAZES."

When beauty blazes heavenly bright,
The muse can no more cease to sing,
Than can the lark, with rising light,
Her notes neglect with drooping wing.
The morning shines, harmonious birds mount hy;
The dawning beauty smiles, and poets sy.

Young Annie's budding graces claim
The inspir'd thought, and softest lays,
And kindle in the breast a slame,
Which must be vented in her praise.
Tell us, ye gentle shepherds, have you seen
E'er one so like an angel tread the green?

Ye youth, be watchful of your hearts,
When she appears, take the alarm;
Love on her beauty points his darts,
And wings an arrow from each charm.
Around her eyes and smiles the graces sport,
And to her snowy neck and breast resort.

But vain must every caution prove;

When such enchanting sweetness shines,
The wounded swain must yield to love,
And wonder, tho' he hopeless pines.
Such slames the soppish buttersly should shun;
The eagle 's only sit to view the sun.

She's as the opening lilly fair,

Her lovely features are complete;

Whilst heaven indulgent makes her share,

With angels, all that's wife and sweet.

These virtues which divinely deck her mind,

Exalt each beauty of th' inferior kind.

Whether she love the rural scenes, when the Or sparkle in the airy town, when the O! happy he her favour gains;
Unhappy, if she on him frown.
The muse unwilling quits the lovely theme,
Adieu she sings, and thrice repeats her name.

I love while are bear sper parting will.

But win must every esertion prove;

I HAVE A GREEN PURSE, AND A WEE PICKLE GOWD.

I HAVE a green purfe, and a wee pickle gowd,
A bonny piece land and planting on 't,
It fattens my flocks, and my bairns it has flow'd;
But the best thing of a's yet wanting on 't;
To grace it, and trace it,
And gi'e me delight;
To bless me, and kiss me,
And comfort my fight
With beauty by day, and kindness by night,
And nae mair my lane gang faunt'ring on 't.

My Christy she's charming, and good as she's fair,
Her een and her mouth are enchanting sweet;
She smiles me on fire, her frowns gi'e despair;
I love while my heart gaes panting wi't.
Thou fairest, and dearest,
Delight of my mind,
Whose gracious embraces
By heaven were design'd
For happiest transports, and blisses refin'd,
Nae langer delay thy granting sweet.

For thee, bonny Christy, my shepherds and hynds
Shall carefully make the year's dainties thine:
Thus freed frae laigh care, while love fills our
minds,

Our days shall with pleasure and plenty shine.

Then hear me, and cheer me
With smiling consent,
Believe me, and give me
No cause to lament;
nce I ne'er can be happy till thou say, Conten

Since I ne'er can be happy till thou fay, Content, I'm pleas'd with my Jamie, and he shall be mine.

To my Brigantius I forrender

ON THE MARRIAGE OF LORD G. AND LADY K. C.

BRIGANTIUS.

Now all thy virgin fweets are mine,
And all the fining charms that grace thee;
My fair Melinda, come recline
Upon my breast, while I embrace thee,
And tell, without diffembling art,
My happy raptures on thy bosom:
Thus will I plant within thy heart
A love that shall for ever blossom.

For thee, being Chelly, any thepterds and hynds

O the happy, happy, brave, and bonny!
Sure the gods well pleas'd behold ye;
Their work admire, fo great, fo fair,
And will in all your joys uphold ye.

MELINDA.

No more I blush, now that I'm thine,
To own my love in transport tender,
Since that so brave a man is mine,
To my Brigantius I surrender.
By facred ties I'm now to move,
As thy exalted thoughts direct me;
And while my smiles engage thy love,
Thy manly greatness shall protect me.

CHORUS.

O the happy, &c.

BRIGANTIUS.

Soft fall thy words, like morning dew
New life on blowing flowers bestowing:
Thus kindly yielding, makes me bow
To heaven, with spirit grateful glowing.

My honour, courage, wealth, and wit,

Thou dear delight, my chiefest treasure,

Shall be employ'd as thou thinks sit,

As agents for our love and pleasure.

CHORUS.

O the happy, &c.

MELINDA.

With my Brigantius I could live
In lonely cot, befide a mountain,
And nature's eafy wants relieve
With shepherds' fare, and quaff the fountain.
What pleases thee, the rural grove,
Or congress of the fair and witty,
Shall give me pleasure with thy love,
In plains retir'd, or social city.

CHORUS.

O the happy, &c.

BRIGANTIUS.

How fweetly canst thou charm my foul,
O lovely sum of my defires!
Thy beauties all my cares controul,
Thy virtue all that 's good inspires.
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Tune

Tune every inftrument of found,
Which all the mind divinely raifes,
Till every height and dale rebound,
Both loud and fweet, my darling's praifes.

CHORUS,

O the happy, &c.

MELINDA.

Thy love gives me the brightest shine,
My happiness is now completed,
Since all that 's generous, great, and fine,
In my Brigantius is united;
For which I 'll study thy delight,
With kindly tale the time beguiling;
And round the change of day and night,
Fix throughout life a constant smiling.

CHORUS.

O the happy, &c.

JENNY NETTLES.

Saw ye Jenny Nettles,
Jenny Nettles, Jenny Nettles;
Saw ye Jenny Nettles,
Coming frae the market;
Bag and baggage on her back,
Her fee and bountith in her lap;
Bag and baggage on her back,
And a babie in her oxter?

I met ayont the cairny
Jenny Nettles, Jenny Nettles,
Singing till her bairny,
Robin Rattle's bastard.
To slee the dool upo' the stool,
And ilka ane that mocks her,
She round about seeks Robin out,
To stap it in his oxter.

Fy, fy! Robin Rattle, Robin Rattle;
Robin Rattle, Robin Rattle;
Fy, fy! Robin Rattle, Robin Rattle,
Use Jenny Nettles kindly:
Score out the blame, and shun the shame,
And without mair debate o't,
Take hame your wean, make Jenny fain,
The leel and leesome gate o't.

FOR THE SAKE OF SOMEBODY.

For the fake of fomebody,

For the fake of fomebody,

I cou'd wake a winter night

For the fake of fomebody.

I am gawn to feek a wife,

I am gawn to buy a plaidy;

I have three stane of woo,

Carling, is thy daughter ready?

For the fake of fomebody, &c.

Betty, lassie, fay 't thyfell,
Tho' thy dame be ill to shoo,
First we 'll buckle, then we 'll tell,
Let her slyte and syne come too:
What signifies a mither's gloom,
When love and kisses come in play?
Shou'd we wither in our bloom,
And in simmer mak nae hay?
For the sake, &c.

SHE.

Bonny lad, I carena by,

Tho' I try my luck with thee,
Since ye are content to tye

The haff mark bridal band wi' me:
I 'll flip hame and wash my feet,

And steal on linnings fair and clean,
Syne at the trysting-place we 'll meet,

To do but what my dame has done.
For the fake, &c.

HE.

Now my lovely Betty gives
Consent in fic a heartsome gate,
It me frae a' my care relieves,
And doubts that gart me aft look blate:
Then let us gang and get the grace,
For they that have an appetite
Shou'd eat; and lovers shou'd embrace;
If these be faults, 'tis nature's wyte.
For the sake, &c.

THE GENEROUS GENTLEMAN.

As I came in by Tiviot fide,
And by the braes of Branksome,
There first I saw my bonny bride,
Young, smiling, sweet, and handsome:
Her skin was faster than the down,
And white as alabaster;
Her hair a shining wavy brown;
In straightness nane surpast her,

Life glow'd upon her lip and cheek,
Her clear een were furprifing,
And beautifully turn'd her neck,
Her little breafts just rifing:
Nae filken hose with gushets fine,
Or shoon with glancing laces,
On her fair leg forbad to shine,
Well shapen native graces.

Ae little coat, and bodice white,
Was fum of a' her claithing;—
Even these o'er mickle;—mair delyte
She 'd given cled wi' naithing.

She lean'd upon a flow'ry brae, By which a burnie trotted; On her I glowr'd my faul away, While on her fweets I doated.

A thousand beauties of desert
Before had scarce alarm'd me,
Till this dear artless struck my heart,
And but designing, charm'd me.
Hurry'd by love, close to my breast
I grasp'd this fund of bliss;
Wha smil'd, and said, without a priest,
Sir, hope for nought but kisses.

I had nae heart to do her harm,
And yet I couldna want her;
What she demanded, ilka charm
Of her's pled, I should grant her.
Since heaven had dealt to me a routh,
Straight to the kirk I led her,
There plighted her my faith and troth,
And a young lady made her.

THE COCK LAIRD.

A cock laird fou cadgie,
With Jenny did meet,
He haws'd her, he kis'd her,
And ca'd her his sweet.
Wilt thou gae alang
Wi' me, Jenny, Jenny?
Thouse be my ane lemmane,
Jo Jenny, quoth he.

If I gae alang wi' ye,
Ye manna fail,
To feast me with caddels
And good hacket-kail.
The deel 's in your nicety,
Jenny, quoth he;
Mayna bannocks of bear-meal
Be as good for thee?

And I man hae pinners
With pearling fet round,
A skirt of puddy,
And a wastcoat of broun.

Awa with fic vanities, Jenny, quoth he, For kurchis and kirtles Are fitter for thee.

My lairdship can yield me

As meikle a year,

As had us in pottage

And good knockit beer:

But having nae tenants,

O Jenny, Jenny!

To buy ought I ne'er have

A penny, quoth he.

The borrowftoun merchants

Will fell ye on tick,

For we man hae braw things,

Abeit they foud break.

When broken, frae care

The fools are fet free,

When we make them lairds

In the Abbey, quoth fhe.

LET MEANER BEAUTIES USE THEIR ART.

LET meaner beauties use their art,
And range both Indies for their dress;
Our fair can captivate the heart,
In native weeds, nor look the less.
More bright unborrow'd beauties shine,
The artless sweetness of each face
Sparkles with lustress more divine,
When freed of every foreign grace.

The tawny nymph, on fcorching plains,
May use the aid of gems and paint,
Deck with brocade and Tyrian stains
Features of ruder form and taint:
What Caledonian ladies wear,
Or from the lint or woolen twine,
Adorn'd by all their sweets, appear
Whate'er we can imagine sine.

Apparel neat becomes the fair,
The dirty dress may lovers cool,
But clean, our maids need have no care,
If clad in linen, filk, or wool.
T' adore Myrtilla who can cease?
Her active charms our praise demand,
Clad in a mantua, from the sleece
Spun by her own delightful hand.

Who can behold Calista's eyes,

Her breast, her cheek, and snowy arms,
And mind what artists can devise

To rival more superior charms?
Compar'd with those, the diamond 's dull,
Lawns, satins, and the velvets sade,
The soul with her attractions full
Can never be by these betray'd.

Saphira, all o'er native fweets,

Not the false glare of dress regards,
Her wit her character completes,
Her smile her lover's fighs rewards,
When such first beauties lead the way,
The inferior rank will follow soon;
Then arts no longer shall decay,
But trade encouraged be in tune.

Millions of fleeces shall be wove,
And flax that on the vallies blooms,
Shall make the naked nations love
And bless the labours of our looms.
We have enough, nor want from them
But trifles hardly worth our care;
Yet for these trifles let them claim
What food and cloth we have to spare.

How happy 's Scotland in her fair! Her amiable daughters shall, By acting thus with virtuous care, Again the golden age recal: Enjoying them, Edina ne'er
Shall miss a court; but soon advance
In wealth, when thus the lov'd appear
Around the scenes, or in the dance.

Barbarity shall yield to sense,
And lazy pride to useful arts,
When such dear angels in defence
Of virtue thus engage their hearts.
Blest guardians of our joys and wealth!
True fountains of delight and love!
Long bloom your charms, fixt be your health,
Till, tir'd with earth, you mount above.



EPISTOLARY.







1721. Sim B'nescondi merti

AN EPISTLE TO ALLAN RAMSAY, BY JOSTAH BURCHET, ESQ.

Well fare thee, Allan, who in mother tongue So fweetly hath of breathless Addie fung: His endless fame thy nat'ral genius fir'd, And thou hast written as if he inspir'd. Richy and Sandy, who do him survive, Long as thy rural stanzas last, shall live; The grateful swains thou 'st made, in tuneful verse, Mourn sadly o'er their late, lost patron's hearse. Nor would the Mantuan bard, if living, blame Thy pious zeal, or think thou 'st hurt his same, Since Addison's inimitable lays Give him an equal title to the bays.

When

When he of armies fang in lofty strains,
It seem'd as if he in the hostile plains
Had present been; his pen hath to the life
Trac'd every action in the fanguine strife.
In council now sedate the chief appears,
Then loudly thunders in Bavarian ears;
And still pursuing the destructive theme,
He pushes them into the rapid stream:
Thus beaten out of Blenheim's neighb'ring fields,
The Gallic gen'ral to the victor yields,
Who, as Britannia's Virgil hath observ'd,
From threaten'd fate all Europe then preserv'd.

Nor dost thou, Ramsay, sightless Milton wrong, By ought contain'd in thy melodious song; For none but Addie could his thoughts sublime So well unriddle, or his mystic rhyme.

And when he deign'd to let his fancy rove Where sun-burnt shepherds to the nymphs make love.

No one e'er told in fofter notes the tales Of rural pleafures in the spangled vales.

So much, O Allan! I thy lines revere, Such veneration to his mem'ry bear, That I no longer could my thanks refrain For what thou 'ft fung of the lamented swain.

THE ANSWER TO THE FOREGOING.

The poet takes a waught, then 'feys to fing Nature, and with the tentiest view to hit. Her bonny side with bauldest turns of wit. Streams slide in verse, in verse the mountains rise; When earth turns toom, he rummages the skies, Mounts up beyond them, paints the fields of rest, Doups down to visit ilka lawland ghaist. O heartsome labour! wordy time and pains! That frae the best esteem and friendship gains: Be that my luck, and let the greedy bike, Stock-job the warld among them as they like.

In blyth braid Scots allow me, Sir, to shaw
My gratitude, but * fleetching or a slaw.
May rowth o' pleasures light upon you lang,
Till to the blest Elysian bow'rs ye gang,
Wha 've clapt my head sae brawly for my sang.
When honour'd Burchet and his maikes are pleas'd
With my corn-pipe, up to the stars I 'm heez'd;

Whence

^{* &}quot;But" is frequently used for "without;" i. e. without flattering.

Whence far I glowr to the fag-end of time,
And view the warld delighted wi' my rhyme:
That when the pride of fprush new words are laid,
I, like the classic authors, shall be read.
Stand yond, proud czar, I wadna nisser fame
With thee, for a' thy furs and paughty name.

If fic great ferlies, Sir, my muse can do, As spin a three-plait praise where it is due, Frae me there 's nane deserves it mair than you. Frae me!—frae ilka ane; for sure a breast Sae gen'rous is, of a' that 's good possest!

Till I can serve ye mair, I 'll wish ye weel, And aft in sparkling claret drink your heal; Minding the mem'ry of the great and good Sweet Addison, the wale of human blood, Wha fell (as Horace anes said to his billy)

"Nulli slebilior quam tibi Virgili."

1719.

warmed warm with Boltom of Soul State State Line C.

SEVEN FAMILIAR EPISTLES,

WHICH PASSED BETWEEN LIEUT. HAMILTON * AND THE AUTHOR.

EPISTLE L

GILBERTFIELD, June 26th, 1719.

O FAM'D and celebrated Allan!
Renown'd Ramfay! canty callan!
There 's nowther Highland-man nor Lawlan,
In poetrie,
But may as foon ding down Tamtallan t.

But may as foon ding down Tamtallan †,

As match wi' thee.

For ten times ten, and that 's a hunder, I ha'e been made to gaze and wonder, When frae Parnaffus thou didst thunder, Wi' wit and skill;

Wherefore I 'll foberly knock under, And quat my quill.

Of

^{*} For fome account of this gentleman, fee the Life of Ramfay prefixed.

⁺ An old castle upon the firth of Forth in East Lothian.

Of poetry the hail quintescence
Thou hast suck'd up, left nae excrescence
To petry poets, or sic messens,
Tho' round thy stool
They may pick crumbs, and lear some lessons
At Ramsay's school.

Tho' Ben * and Dryden of renown
Were yet alive in London town,
Like kings contending for a crown,
'Twad be a pingle,
Whilk o' you three wad gar words found
And best to gingle.

Transform'd may I be to a rat,
Wer't in my pow'r, but I'd create
Thee upo' fight the laureat †
Of this our age,
Since thou may'st fairly claim to that
As thy just wage.

Let

B. SESS. OF POETS.

^{*} The celebrated Ben Jonson.

[†] Scots Ramfay prefs'd hard, and sturdily vaunted, He'd fight for the laurel before he would want it : But risit Apollo, and cry'd, Peace there, old stile, Your wit is obscure to one half of the isle.

Let modern poets bear the blame,

Gin they respect not Ramsay's name,

Wha soon can gar them greet for shame,

To their great loss,

And send them a' right sneaking hame

Be Weeping-cross.

Wha bourds wi' thee had need be wary, And lear wi' skill thy thrust to parry, When thou consults thy dictionary Of ancient words,

Which come from thy poetic quarry
As sharp as swords.

Now tho' I fhould baith reel and rottle,
And be as light as Aristotle,
At Ed'nburgh we fall ha'e a bottle
Of reaming claret,
Gin that my half-pay * filler shottle
Can fafely spare it.

At

^{*} He had held his commission honourably in Lord Hyndford's regiment.

And may the stars who shine aboon, With honour notice real merit, Be to my friend auspicious soon, And cherish ay sae sine a spirit.

At crambo then we 'll rack our brain,

Drown ilk dull care and aking pain,

Whilk aften does our fpirits drain

Of true content;

Woy, woy! but we's be wonder fain,

When thus acquaint.

Wi' wine we'll gargarize our craig,
Then enter in a lafting league,
Free of ill aspect or intrigue;
And, gin you please it,
Like princes when met at the Hague,
We 'll folemnize it.

Accept of this, and look upon it
With favour, tho' poor I 've done it;
Sae I conclude and end my fonnet,
Who am most fully,
While I do wear a hat or bonnet,

Yours,

WANTON WILLY.

POSTSCRIPT.

By this my postfeript I incline
To let you ken my hail design
Of sic a long imperfect line
Lies in this sentence,
To cultivate my dull engine
By your acquaintance.

Your answer therefore I expect;
And to your friend you may direct
At Gilbertfield *; do not neglect,
When ye have leifure,
Which I 'll embrace with great respect,
And perfect pleasure.

But I may cook my note the day

reductional as while reduction at

^{*} Nigh Glafgow.

ANSWER L

EDINBURGH, July 10th, 1719.

Sonse fa' me, witty, Wanton Willy,
Gin blyth I was na as a filly;
Not a fou pint, nor fhort-hought gilly,
Or wine that 's better,
Cou'd please fae meikle, my dear Billy,
As thy kind letter.

Before a lord and eik a knight,
In goffy Don's be candle-light,
There first I saw 't, and ca'd it right,
And the maist feck
Wha 's seen 't sinsyne, they ca'd as tight
As that on Heck.

Ha, heh! thought I, I canna fay
But I may cock my nofe the day,
When Hamilton the bauld and gay
Lends me a heezy,
In verse that slides sae smooth away,
Well tell'd and easy.

Sae roos'd by ane of well-kend mettle,

Nae fma' did my ambition pettle,

My canker'd critics it will nettle,

And e'en fae be 't:

This month I 'm fure I winna fettle,

Sae proud I 'm wi't.

When I begoud first to cun verse,
And cou'd your Ardry whins * rehearse,
Where Bonny Heck ran fast and sierce,
It warm'd my breast;
Then emulation did me pierce,
Whilk since ne'er ceast.

May I be licket wi' a bittle,
Gin of your numbers I think little,
Ye 're never rugget, shan, nor kittle,
But blyth and gabby,
And hit the spirit to a tittle
Of standart Habby †.

Ye'll

DAKSON KORON PER TETTAL ENGINEERO

^{*} The last words of "Bonny Heck," of which he was the author. It is printed in a Choice Collection of Comic and Serious Scots Poems, by Watson, Edinburgh, 1706.

[†] The elegy on Habby Simpson, piper of Kilbarchan; a finished piece of its kind, which was printed in the same Choice Collection.

Ye'll quat your quil!—that were ill, Willy, Ye's fing fome mair yet nill ye will ye, O'er meikle haining wad but spill ye,

And gar ye four;
Then up and war them a' yet, Willy,

'Tis in your pow'r.

To knit up dollars in a clout,
And then to card them round about,
Syne to tell up, they downa lout
To lift the gear;
The malifon lights on that rout,
Is plain and clear.

The chiels of London, Cam, and Ox,
Ha'e rais'd up great poetic stocks
Of Rapes, of Buckets, Sarks, and Locks,
While we neglect
To shaw their betters; this provokes
Me to reslect

On the lear'd days of Gawn Dunkell*; Our country then a tale cou'd tell,

Europe

^{*} Gawn Douglass, the brother of the earl of Angus, the bishop of Dunkell, who, besides several original poems, hath left a most exact translation of Virgil's Æncis into the Scotish language of his age: he died in 1522.

Europe had nane mair fnack and fnell
At verse or prose:
Our kings * were poets too themsell,
Bauld and jocose.

To Ed'nburgh, Sir, whene'er ye come,
I 'll wait upon ye, there 's my thumb,
Were 't frae the gill-bells to the drum †,
And tak' a bout,
And faith I hope we 'll not fit dumb,
Nor yet cast out.

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with the standard blood blood and see least to

^{*} James the First, and Fifth.

[†] From half an hour before twelve at noon, when the musicbells begin to play, (frequently called the gill-bells, from people's taking a whetting dram at that time,) to the drum at ten o'clock at night, when the drum goes round to warn fober folks to call for a bill.

Europe had usite mair finale and duelt.
At verte or profess

EPISTLE 'IL

GILBERTFIELD, July 24th, 1719.

DEAR RAMSAY,

When I receiv'd thy kind epiftle, It made me dance, and fing, and whiftle; O fic a fike and fic a fiftle

I had about it!
That e'er was knight of the Scots thiftle *
Sae fain, I doubted.

The bonny lines therein thou fent me,
How to the nines they did content me;
Tho', Sir, fae high to compliment me
Ye might deferr'd,
For had ye but haff well a kent me,
Some less wad fer'd.

With

^{*} The ancient and most noble order of knighthood, instituted by king Achaius, and renewed by James VII. The ordinary ensign, worn by the knights of the order, is a green ribband, to which is appended a thistle of gold crowned with an imperial crown, within a circle of gold, with this motto, "Nemo "me impune lacesset."

With joyfu' heart beyond expression,
They 're safely now in my possession:
O gin I were a winter session
Near by thy lodging,
I'd close attend thy new profession,
Without e'er budging.

In even down earnest, there 's but few
To vie with Ramsay dare avow,
In verse, for to gi'e thee thy due,
And without fleetching,
Thou 's better at that trade, I trow,
Than some 's at preaching *.

For my part, till I 'm better lear't,
To troke with thee I 'd best forbear 't,
For an' the fouk of Ed'nburgh hear 't,
They 'll ca' me daft;
I 'm unco' iri, and dirt feart
I mak' wrang waft.

Thy verses nice as ever nicket, Made me as canty as a cricket;

I ergh

^{*} This compliment is entirely free of the fullome hyperbole.

I ergh to reply, left I stick it;

Syne like a coof
I look, or ane whose pouch is pickit
As bare 's my loof.

Heh winfom! how thy faft fweet ftyle,
And bonny auld words gar me fmile;
Thou 's travell'd fure mony a mile
Wi' charge and coft,
To learn them thus keep rank and file,
And ken their poft.

For I man tell thee, honest Allie,
(I use the freedom so to call thee,)
I think them a' sae braw and walie,
And in sic order,
I wad nae care to be thy vallie,
Or thy recorder.

Has thou with Roficrucians * wandert, Or thro' fome doncie defart dandert?

That

^{*} A people deeply learned in the occult fciences, who converfed with aerial beings: gentlemanlike kind of necromancers, or fo.

That with thy magic, town and landart,

For ought I fee,

Man a' come truckle to thy standart

Of poetrie.

Do not mistake me, dearest heart,
As if I charg'd thee with black art;
'Tis thy good genius, still alert,
That does inspire
Thee with ilk thing that 's quick and smart
To thy desire.

E'en mony a bonny nacky tale
Bra to fit o'er a pint of ale:
For fifty guineas I'll find bail
Against a bodle,
That I wad quat ilk day a meal
For fic a nodle.

And on condition I were as gabby
As either thee or honest Habby,
That I lin'd a' thy claes wi' tabby,
Or velvet plush,
And then thou 'd be sae far frae shabby,
Thou 'd look right sprush.

What the young empty airy fparks
May have their critical remarks
On thir my blyth diverting warks;
'Tis fma prefumption,
To fay they 're but unlearned clarks,
And want the gumption.

Let coxcomb critics get a tether
To tye up a' their lang loose leather;
If they and I chance to forgether,
The tane may rue it;
For an they winna had their blether,
They's get a flewet.

To learn them for to peep and pry
In fecret drolls 'twixt thee and I,
Pray dip thy pen in wrath, and cry,
And ca' them skellums;
I 'm fure thou needs fet little by
To bide their bellums.

Wi' writing I 'm fae bleirt and doited,
That when I raife, in troth I floited;
I thought I fhou'd turn capernoited,
For wi' a gird,
Upon my bum I fairly cloited

On the cald eard;

Which

Described, while the described of the ment of the My mails the beauty to deferive them.

As better the via Conference to the theory of the conference to the

Which did oblige a little dumple
Upon my doup, close by my rumple:
But had ye seen how I did trumple,
Ye'd split your side,
Wi' mony a lang and weary wimple,
Like trough of Clyde.

himself and any steer of open a legislature beautiful and Park-

Bee the ye no as fan ciunia had craw d.

Upon the doup, close by my rumple :

But had ye feen how I did trumple,

EDINBURGH, August 4th, 1719.

Dear Hamilton, ye'll turn me dyver.

My muse sae bonny ye descrive her;

Ye blaw her sae, I'm fear'd ye rive her,

For wi' a whid,

Gin ony higher up ye drive her,

She'll rin red-wood *.

Said I.-" Whisht," quoth the vougy Jade,

- " William 's a wife judicious lad,
- "Has havins mair than e'er ye had,
 "Ill-bred bog-staker;
- " But me ye ne'er fae crouse had craw'd,
 "Ye poor scull-thacker ‡.

66 It

^{*} Run distracted.

[†] The muse, not unreasonably angry, puts me here in mind of the favours she has done, by bringing me from stalking over bogs or wild marshes, to lift my head a little brisker among the polite world, which could never have been acquired by the low movements of a mechanic.

t Thatcher of skulls.

- "It fets ye well indeed to gadge *!
- "Ere I t' Apollo did ye cadge,
- "And got ye on his Honour's badge, "Ungratefu' beaft!
- " A Glafgow capon and a fadge †
 " Ye thought a feaft.
- " Swith to Castalius' fountain brink,
- " Dad down a grouf t, and tak' a drink,
- " Syne whifk out paper, pen, and ink,
 " And do my bidding:
- " Be thankfou, elfe I'se gar ye stink
 " Yet on a midding."

My mistress dear, your servant humble, Said I, I shou'd be laith to drumble

I man rady adquired riddley-myserit stond o Your

^{*} Ironically she says, It becomes me mighty well to talk haughtily, and affront my benefactress, by alleging so meanly, that it were possible to praise her out of her solidity.

[†] A herring, and a coarse kind of leavened bread used by the common people.

[‡] Fall flat on your belly.

Your passions, or e'er gar ye grumble;
'Tis ne'er be me
Shall scandalize, or say ye bummil
Ye'r poetrie.

Frae what I 've tell'd, my friend may learn
How fadly I ha'e been forfairn,
I 'd better been ayont fide Cairnamount *, I trow;
I 've kis'd the taz †, like a good bairn.
Now, Sir, to you:

Heal be your heart, gay couthy carle,
Lang may ye help to toom a barrel;
Be thy crown ay unclowr'd in quarrel,
When thou inclines
To knoit thrawn-gabbit fumphs that fnarl
At our frank lines.

Ilk good chiel fays, ye 're well worth gowd, And blythness on ye 's well bestow'd, 'Mang witty Scots ye'r name 's be row'd,

Ne'er

^{*} A noted hill in Kincardineshire.

⁺ Kissed the rod; owned my fault like a good child.

The crooked clinkers shall be cow'd *,

But ye shall shine.

Set out the burnt fide of your fhin †,

For pride in poets is nae fin;

Glory 's the prize for which they rin,

And fame 's their jo;

And wha blaws best the horn shall win:

And wharefore no?

Atween and beitsn.

Quisquis vocabit nos vain-glorious, Shaws scanter skill than malos mores, Multi et magni men before us Did stamp and swagger;

Probatum est exemplum, Horace

Was a bauld bragger.

Then let the doofarts, fash'd wi' spleen, Cast up the wrang side of their een,

Pegh,

^{*} The scribbling rhymers, with their lame versification, shall be cow'd, i.e. shorn off.

⁺ As if one would fay, "Walk stately with your toes out."

An expression used when we would bid a person (merrily) look brisk.

Set out the burnt lide of your thin

Pegh, fry, and girn, wi' fpite and teen,
And fa' a flyting;
Laugh, for the lively lads will fcreen
Us frae back-biting.

If that the gypfies dinna fpung us,
And foreign whifkers ha'e na dung us;
Gin I can fnifter thro' mundungus,
Wi' boots and belt on,
I hope to fee you at St. Mungo's *,
Atween and beltan.

* The high church of Glasgow.

rolganist Manufacture W

Then let the door will half will the Cast up the wrang fide of their cent

The feribbling rhymers, with their lame verification hall be cow'd, i. e. fhorn off.

[†] As if one would lay, "Walk flately with your toes out." An expression used when we would bid a peaken (escrily) look brift.

I may'd it to our parific prieft,

Wha was as blych as gi'm a feaft;

If a J T 2 I T

GILBERTFIELD. August 24th, 1719.

Accept my third and last essay
Of rural rhyme, I humbly pray,
Bright Ramsay, and altho' it may
Seem doilt and donsie,
Yet thrice of all things, I heard say,
Was ay right sonsie.

Wharefore I fcarce cou'd fleep or flumber,
Till I made up that happy number:
The pleafure counterpois'd the cumber
In every part,
And freever away * like three hand ombre.

And fnoovt away * like three-hand ombre, Sixpence a cart.

Of thy last poem, bearing date
August the fourth, I grant receipt;
It was sae braw, gart me look blate,
'Maist tyne my senses,
And look just like poor country Kate,
In Lucky Spence's †.

b'wadl I rue the day that we do want her;

^{*} Whirl'd fmoothly round. "Snooving" always expresses the action of a top or spindle, &c.

⁺ Vide Elegy on Lucky Spence, vol. i. p. 301.

I shaw'd it to our parish priest,
Wha was as blyth as gi'm a feast;
He says, thou may had up thy creest,
And craw su' crouse,
The poets a' to thee 's but jest,
Not worth a souse.

Thy blyth and cheerfu' merry muse,

Of compliments is sae profuse,

For my good havins dis me roose

Sae very finely,

It were ill breeding to refuse

To thank her kindly.

What the formetimes, in angry mood, by the When she puts on her barlichood,

Her dialect seem rough and rude,

Let 's ne'er be sleet,

But tak our bit, when it is good,

And buffet wi't.

For gin we ettle anes to taunt her,

And dinna cawmly thole her banter,

She 'll tak' the flings *, verse may grow scanter;

Syne wi' great shame

We 'll rue the day that we do want her;

Then wha 's to blame?

Whirl'd imporbly round. " Supering Walneys appealing

tion of a top or fpindle, &c.

^{*} Turn fullen, reftive, and kick.

But let us still her kindness culzie, virgon and And wi' her never breed a tulzie, For we'll bring aff but little spulzie baw I's In fic a barter:

And she 'll be fair to gar us fulzie, And cry for quarter? 21 wag of T To thy atchievements mailt delicious;

Sae little worth 's my rhyming ware, will My pack I fcarce dare apen mair, 'Till I tak' better wi' the lair. an a low of My pen 's fae blunted;

And a' for fear I file the fair *, And be affronted. Lang may thou live, and thri

The dull draff-drink † makes me sae dowff, U A' I can do 's but bark and yowff; Yet fet me in a claret howff. I begreak off

Wi' fouk that 's chancy, My muse may lend me then a gowff To clear my fancy.

Then Bacchus-like I'd bawl and bluster, And a' the muses 'bout me muster:

Aftern verie is a foccine cluster

Sae

A' bleflings

This phrase is used when one attempts to do what is handsome, and is affronted by not doing it right:-not a reafonable fear in him.

⁺ Heavy malt-liquor.

And drink the grape,
'Twad gi'e my verse a brighter lustre,
And better shape.

The pow'rs aboon be still auspicious
To thy atchievements maist delicious;
Thy poems sweet, and nae way vicious,
But blyth and canny,
To see I'm anxious and ambitious,
Thy Miscellany.

A' bleffings *, Ramfay, on thee row;

Lang may thou live, and thrive, and dow,
Until thou claw an auld man's pow;

And thro' thy creed,

Be keeped frae the wirricow,

After thou 's dead.

This chirale is used when one attempts to do what it

^{*} All this verse is a succinct cluster of kind wishes, elegantly expressed, with a friendly spirit; to which I take the liberty to add, Amen.

Had better foed had be mair hooly

ANSWER ILL

Edinburgh, Sept. 2, 1719.

And helmistles the clares

Upon burn banks the moles woo'd.
Retir'd betimes fra (MAJORT YTZURT YM

Scamperia dwo! life.chmor.cadW

Thy last oration orthodox, dw.
Thy innocent auld farren jokes, and and fonsy saw of three, provokes

Me anes again,
Tod lowrie like *, to loose my pocks, and the world have a loose my brain.

By a' your letters I ha'e read,
I eithly fcan the man well-bred,
And foger that, where honour led,
Has ventur'd bauld;
Wha now to youngsters leaves the yed,
To 'tend his fauld †.

That bang'sfer billy, Cæsar July,
Wha at Pharsalia wan the tooly,

Let 's live roll now. - I see a

Had

^{*} Like Reynard the fox, to betake myself to some more of my wiles.

⁺ Leaves the martial contention, and retires to a country life.

Had better fped had he mair hooly
Scamper'd thro' life,
And 'midst his glories sheath'd his gooly,
And kis'd his wife.

Had he, like you, as well he cou'd *,
Upon burn banks the muses woo'd,
Retir'd betimes frae 'mang the crowd,
Wha 'd been aboon him,
The senate's durks, and faction loud,
Had ne'er undone him.

Yet fometimes leave the riggs and bog,
Your howms, and braes, and shady scrog,
And helm-a-lee the claret cog,
To clear your wit:
Be blyth, and let the warld e'en shog
As it thinks fit.

Ne'er fash about your neist year's state,
Nor with superior pow'rs debate,
Nor cantrapes cast to ken your fate;
There 's ills anew
To cram our days, which soon grow late;
Let 's live just now.

a the, to betake modelt to bene carre of

When

^{*} It is well known he could write as well as fight.

When northern blafts the ocean fnurl,
And gars the heights and hows look gurl,
Then left about the bumper whirl,
And toom the horn *;
Grip fast the hours which hasty hurl,
The morn 's the morn.

Thus to Leuconoe fang fweet Flaccus;
Wha nane e'er thought a gillygacus;
And why should we let whimsies bawk us,
When joy's in feason,
And thole sae aft the spleen to whauk us
Out of our reason?

And wi' reckwing their wylen w

Tho' I were laird of tenscore acres,
Nodding to jouks of hallenshakers ‡,
Yet crush'd wi' humdrums, which the weaker's
Contentment

My hearry gola, there is nue help, But hand on nive we two aren delp,

^{*} It is frequent in the country to drink beer out of horn cups made in shape of a water-glass.

[†] Vide book i. ode 11. of Horace.

[‡] A hallen is a fence (built of flone, turf, or a moveable flake of heather) at the fides of the door, in country places, to defend them from the wind. The trembling attendant about a forgetful great man's gate or levee, is also expressed in the term "hallenshaker."

Contentment ruins,
I'd rather rooft wi' caufey-rakers,
And fup cauld fowens.

I think, my friend, an fowk can get
A doll of roaft beef piping het,
And wi' red wine their wyfon wet,
And cleathing clean,
And be nae fick, or drown'd in debt,
They 're no to mean.

I read this verse to my ain kimmer,
Wha kens I like a leg of gimmer,
Or sic and sic good belly timmer:
Quoth she, and leugh,
"Sicker of thae, winter and simmer,
"Ye're well enough."

My hearty gofs, there is nae help,
But hand to nive we twa man skelp
Up Rhine and Thames, and o'er the Alppines and Pyrenians.
The cheerfou carles do fae yelp
To ha'e 's their minions.

Thy raffan rural rhyme fae rare, Sic wordy, wanton, hand-wail'd ware, Sae gash and gay, gars fowk gae gare *

To ha'e them by them;

Tho' gassin they wi' sides sae fair,

Cry, "Wae gae by him †!"

Fair fa' that foger did invent
To ease the poet's toil wi' print:
Now, William, we man to the bent,
And pouss our fortune,
And crack wi' lads wha 're well content
Wi' this our sporting.

Gin ony four-mou'd girning bucky
Ca' me conceity keckling chucky,
That we, like nags whase necks are yucky,
Ha'e us'd our teeth;
I 'll answer fine, Gae kiss ye'r Lucky ‡,
She dwells i' Leith.

wald Remark Into

I ne'er

^{*} Make people very earnest.

[†] It is usual for many, after a full laugh, to complain of fore fides, and to bestow a kindly curse on the author of the jest: but the folks of more tender consciences have turned expletives to friendly wishes, such as this, or "fonse fa' ye," and the like.

[‡] Is a cant phrase, from what rise I know not; but it is made use of when one thinks it is not worth while to give a direct answer, or think themselves soolishly accused.

I ne'er wi' lang tales fash my head,
But when I speak, I speak indeed:
Wha ca's me droll, but ony feed,
I'll own I am sae;
And while my champers can chew bread,
Yours,—Allan Ramsay.

made one of which one thanks it is not worth while to one a his

reA answer, or thus theadelyes foodship acaulad.

AN EPISTLE TO LIEUTENANT HAMILTON.

of historians' series.

ON RECEIVING THE COMPLIMENT OF A BARREL OF LOCHFINE HERRINGS FROM HIM.

Your herrings, Sir, came hale and feer *,
In healfome brine a' foumin,
Fu' fat they are, and gusty gear,
As e'er I laid my thumb on;
Bra sappy fish
As ane cou'd wish
To clap on sadge or scon;
They relish fine
Good claret wine,
That gars our cares stand yon.

Right mony gabs wi' them shall gang
About Auld Reekie's ingle,
When kedgy carles think nae lang,
When stoups and trunchers gingle:
Then my friend leal,
We toss ye'r heal,

inches an exist with the streng plotte of hearings

And

^{*} Whole, without the least fault or want.

And with bald brag advance,
What 's hoorded in
Lochs Broom and Fin *
Might ding the flocks of France.

A jelly fum to carry on
A fishery 's design'd',
Twa million good of sterling pounds,
By men of money 's sign'd.
Had ye but seen
How unco keen
And thrang they were about it,
That we are bald,
Right rich, and aldfarran, ye ne'er wad doubted.

Now, now, I hope, we'll ding the Dutch,
As fine as a round-robin,
Gin greediness to grow soon rich
Invites not to stock-jobbing:
That poor boss shade
Of finking trade,

And

^{*} Two lochs on the western seas, where plenty of herrings are taken.

[†] The royal fishery; fuccess to which is the wish and hope of every good man.

And weather-glass politic,

Which heaves and fets

As public gets

A heezy, or a wee kick.

Fy, fy!—but yet I hope 'tis daft
To fear that trick come hither;
Na, we 're aboon that dirty craft
Of biting ane anither.

The fubject rich
Will gi' a hitch
T' increase the public gear,
When on our seas,
Like bify bees,
Ten thousand fishers steer.

Could we catch th' united shoals
That crowd the western ocean,
The Indies would prove hungry holes,
Compar'd to this our Goshen:
Then let 's to wark
With net and bark,
Them sish and faithfu' cure up;
Gin sae we join,
We'll cleek in coin
Frae a' the ports of Europe.

Thanks t' ye, Captain, for this fwatch
Of our store, and your favour;
Gin I be spar'd, your love to match
Shall still be my endeavour.

Next unto you,

My service due
Please gi'e to Matthew Cumin *,

Wha with fair heart

Has play'd his part,

And sent them true and trim in.

Fred bas see that

Make a signatus of Europe.

Could be catch in united floods

^{*} Merchant in Glafgow, and one of the late magistrates of that city

Thus plungs th' unbounded as an al delight, And daily out new-flores of shall are founds.

The glad de state of 1721, is a state of dally of

TO THE MUSIC CLUB.

ERE on old Shinar's plain the fortress rose,
Rear'd by those giants who durst heav'n oppose,
An universal language mankind us'd,
Till daring crimes brought accents more confus'd;
Discord and jar for punishment were hurl'd
On hearts and tongues of the rebellious world.

The primar speech with notes harmonious clear, (Transporting thought!) gave pleasure to the ear: Then music in its full perfection shin'd, When man to man melodious spoke his mind.

As when a richly-fraughted fleet is loft
In rolling deeps, far from the ebbing coast,
Down many fathoms of the liquid mass,
The artist dives in ark of oak or brass;
Snatches some ingots of Peruvian ore,
And with his prize rejoicing makes the shore:
Oft this attempt is made, and much they find;
They swell in wealth, tho' much is left behind.

Amphion's fons, with minds elate and bright,
Thus plunge th' unbounded ocean of delight,
And daily gain new flores of pleafing founds,
To glad the earth, fixing to fpleen its bounds;
While vocal tubes and confort ftrings engage
To fpeak the dialect of the golden age.
Then you, whose fymphony of fouls proclaim
Your kin to heav'n, add to your country's fame,
And fhew that music may have as good fate
In Albion's glens, as Umbria's green retreat;
And with Correlli's fost Italian fong
Mix "Cowdenknows," and "Winter nights are
"long:"

Nor should the martial "Pibrough" be despis'd; Own'd and refin'd by you, these shall the more be priz'd.

Each ravish'd ear extols your heav'nly art, Which soothes our care, and elevates the heart; Whilst hoarser sounds the martial ardours move, And liquid notes invite to shades and love.

Hail! safe restorer of distemper'd minds,
That with delight the raging passions binds;
Extatic concord, only banish'd hell,
Most persect where the persect beings dwell.
Long may our youth attend thy charming rites,
Long may they relish thy transported sweets.

AN EPISTLE TO MR. JAMES ARBUCKLE;

EDINBURGH, January 1719.

As errant knight, with fword and piftol,
Bestrides his steed with mighty sistle;
Then stands some time in jumbled swither,
To ride in this road, or that ither;
At last spurs on, and disna care for
A how, a what way, or a wherefore.

Or like extemporary quaker,
Wasting his lungs, t' enlighten weaker
Lanthorns of clay, where light is wanting,
With formless phrase, and formal canting;
While Jacob Bæhmen's * salt does season,
And saves his thought frae corrupt reason,
Gowling aloud with motions queerest,
Yerking those words out which lye nearest.

Thus

^{*} The Teutonic philosopher, who wrote volumes of unintelligible enthusiastic bombast.

Thus I (no longer to illustrate
With similes, lest I should frustrate
Design laconic of a letter,
With heap of language, and no matter,)
Bang'd up my blyth auld-fashion'd whistle,
To sowf ye o'er a short epistle,
Without rule, compasses, or charcoal,
Or serious study in a dark hole.
Three times I ga'e the muse a rug,
Then bit my nails, and claw'd my lug;
Still heavy—at the last my nose
I prim'd with an inspiring dose *,
Then did ideas dance (dear safe us!)
As they'd been dast.—Here ends the presace.

Good Mr. James Arbuckle, Sir,
(That 's merchants' ftyle as clean as fir,)
Ye 're welcome back to Caledonie †,
Lang life and thriving light upon ye,
Harvest, winter, spring, and summer,
And ay keep up your heartsome humour,
That ye may thro' your lucky task go,
Of brushing up our sister Glasgow;

Where

^{*} Vide Mr. Arbuckle's Poem on Snuff.

⁺ Having been in his native Ireland, visiting his friends.

Where lads are dext'rous at improving, and and docile laffes fair and loving:

But never tent these fellows' girning,

Wha wear their faces ay in mourning,

And frae pure dulness are malicious,

Terming ilk turn that 's witty, vicious.

Now, Jamie, in neift place, fecundo, To give you what 's your due in mundo; That is to fay in hame-o'er phrases, To tell ye, men of mettle praises Ilk verse of yours, when they can light on 't, And trouth I think they 're in the right on 't; For there's ay fomething fae auld-farran, Sae flid, fae unconstrain'd, and darin, In ilka fample we have feen yet, That little better here has been yet: Sae much for that.—My friend Arbuckle, I ne'er afore roos'd ane fo muckle: Fause flatt'ry nane but fools will tickle, That gars me hate it like auld Nicol: But when ane 's of his merit conscious, He 's in the wrang, when prais'd, that glunshes.

Thirdly, not tether'd to connection, But rattling by inspir'd direction, Whenever fame, with voice like thunder, Sets up a chield a warld's wonder,

Either

Either for flashing fowk to dead,
Or having wind-mills in his head,
Or poet, or an airy beau,
Or ony twa-legg'd rary-show,
They wha have never seen 't are biffy
To speer what like a carlie is he.

Imprimis then, for tallness, I
Am five foot and four inches high;
A black-a-vic'd fnod dapper fallow,
Nor lean, nor over-laid wi' tallow;
With phiz of a Morocco cut,
Resembling a late man of wit,
Auld gabbet Spec *, wha was sae cunning
To be a dummie ten years running.

Then for the fabric of my mind,
'Tis mair to mirth than grief inclin'd:
I rather choose to laugh at folly,
Than shew dislike by melancholy;
Well judging a four heavy face
Is not the truest mark of grace.

I hate

^{*} The Spectator; who gives us a fictitious description of his short face and taciturnity; that he had been esteemed a dumb man for ten years.

I hate a drunkard or a glutton,
Yet I 'm nae fae to wine and mutton:
Great tables ne'er engag'd my wishes,
When crowded with o'er mony dishes;
A healthfu' stomach sharply set
Prefers a back-sey piping het.

I never cou'd imagine 't vicious Of a fair fame to be ambitious: Proud to be thought a comic poet, And let a judge of numbers know it, I court occasion thus to shew it.

Second of thirdly, pray take heed, Ye's get a fhort fwatch of my creed. To follow method negatively, Ye ken, takes place of positively: Well then, I'm nowther whig nor tory * Nor credit give to Purgatory;

Transub.,

^{*} Ramsay was a zealous tory from principle. But he was much caressed by Baron Clerk and other gentlemen of opposite principles, which made him outwardly affect neutrality. His "Vision," and "Tale of Three Bonnets," are sufficient proofs of his zeal as an old Jacobite: but, wishing to disguise himself, he published this, and the "Eagle and Redbreast," as ancient poems, and with the sictitious signature of "A. R. Scot;" whence they are generally attributed to

Transub., Loretta-house, and mae tricks,
As prayers to faints Katties and Patricks;
Nor Asgilite*, nor Bess Clarksonian†,
Nor Mountaineer‡, nor Mugletonian §;
Nor can believe, ant's nae great ferly,
In Cotmoor sowk and Andrew Harlay ||.

Neist,

an old poet, Alexander Scot, of whose composition there are feveral pieces in the collection published by Ramsay, called "The Evergreen."

- * Mr. Afgil, a late member of parliament, advanced (whether in jeft or earnest I know not) some very whimsical opinions; particularly, that people need not die if they pleased, but be translated alive to heaven like Enoch and Elijah.
- † Beffy Clarkson, a Lanarkshire woman. Vide the history of her life and principles.
- ‡ Our wild folks, who always prefer a hill fide to a church under any civil authority.
- § A kind of quakers, so called from one Mugleton. See Leslie's Snake in the Grafs.
- || A family or two who had a particular religion of their own, valued themselves on using vain repetitions in prayers of six or seven hours long: were pleased with ministers of no kind. Andrew Harlaw, a dull sellow of no education, was head of the party.

Neift, Anti-Toland, Blunt, and Whiston, Know positively I 'm a Christian, Believing truths and thinking free, Wishing thrawn parties wad agree.

Say, wad ye ken my gate of fending, My income, management, and spending? Born to nae lairdship, (mair 's the pity!) Yet denison of this fair city: I make what honest shift I can, And in my ain house am good-man, Which stands on Edinburgh's street the fun-side: I theck the out, and line the infide Of mony a doufe and witty pash, And baith ways gather in the cash; Thus heartily I graze and beau it, And keep my wife ay great wi' poet: Contented I have fic a fkair, As does my business to a hair; And fain wad prove to ilka Scot, That poortith 's no the poet's lot.

Fourthly and lastly baith togither, Pray let us ken when ye come hither; There 's mony a canty carle and me Wad be much comforted to see ye: But if your outward be refractory, Send us your inward manusactory, That when we 're kedgy o'er our claret, We correspond may with your spirit.

Accept of my kind wishes, with The same to Dons Butler, and Smith; Health, wit, and joy, sauls large and free, Be a' your fates:—sae God be wi' ye.

> Les let us ken when re come hisher There's mony a canty carle and me

Glower that a walley he wases the th

To be of good fench riggs poficit,

adov 500 5' hi bit which which had we

Used small 1721. The midney and P.

TO THE EARL OF DALHOUSIE.

Dalhousie of an auld descent,
My chief, my stoup, and ornament,
For entertainment a wee while,
Accept this sonnet with a smile.
Setting great Horace in my view,
He to Mæcenas, I to you;
But that my muse may sing with ease,
I'll keep or drap him as I please.

How differently are fowk inclin'd,
There 's hardly twa of the fame mind!
Some like to ftudy, fome to play,
Some on the Links to win the day,
And gar the courfer rin like wood,
A' drappin down with fweat and blood:
The winner fyne affumes a look
Might gain a monarch or a duke.
Neift view the man with pawky face
Has mounted to a fashious place,
Inclin'd by an o'er-ruling fate,
He 's pleas'd with his uneasy state;

Glowr'd

Glowr'd at a while, he gangs fou braw, Till frae his kittle post he fa'.

The Lothian farmer he likes best To be of good faugh riggs posses, And fen upon a frugal stock, Where his forbeairs had us'd the yoke; Nor is he fond to leave his wark, And venture in a rotten bark, Syne unto far aff countries steer, On tumbling waves to gather gear.

The merchant wreck'd upon the main, Swears he 'll ne'er venture on 't again; That he had rather live on cakes, And fhyrest swats, with landart maiks, As rin the risk by storms to have, When he is dead, a living grave. But seas turn smooth, and he grows fain, And fairly takes his word again, Tho' he shou'd to the bottom sink, Of poverty he downa think.

Some like to laugh their time away, To dance while pipes or fiddles play; And have nae sense of ony want, As lang as they can drink and rant. The rattling drum and trumpet's tout Delight young fwankies that are flout; What his kind frighted mother ugs, Is music to the foger's lugs.

The hunter with his hounds and hawks Bangs up before his wife awakes;
Nor speers gin she has ought to fay,
But scours o'er highs and hows a' day,
Thro moss and moor, nor does he care
Whether the day be foul or fair,
If he his trusty hounds can cheer
To hunt the tod or drive the deer.

May I be happy in my lays,
And won a lasting wreath of bays,
Is a' my wish; well pleas'd to fing
Beneath a tree, or by a spring,
While lads and lasses on the mead
Attend my Caledonian reed,
And with the sweetest notes rehearse
My thoughts, and reese me for my verse.

If you, my Lord, class me amang Those who have sung baith saft and strang, Of smiling love, or doughty deed, To starns sublime I'll lift my head. Delight young leanings that are flour;

ant a regul set of sauri el

TO MR. AIKMAN.

'Tis granted, Sir, pains may be fpar'd Your merit to fet forth, When there 's fae few wha claim regard, That difna ken your worth.

Yet poets give immortal fame
To mortals that excel,
Which if neglected they 're to blame;
But you 've done that yourfell.

While frae originals of yours
Fair copies shall be tane,
And fix'd on brass to busk our bow'rs,
Your mem'ry shall remain.

To your ain deeds the maist deny'd,
Or of a taste o'er fine,
May be ye 're but o'er right, asraid
To sink in verse like mine.

The last can ne'er the reason prove,
Else wherefore with good will
Do ye my nat'ral lays approve,
And help me up the hill?

By your affiftance unconftrain'd,

To courts I can repair,

And by your art my way I've gain'd

To closets of the fair.

Had I a muse like losty Pope,

For tow'ring numbers sit,

Then I th' ingenious mind might hope
In truest light to hit.

But comic tale, and fonnet flee,

Are casten for my share,

And if in these I bear the gree,

I'll think it very fair.

Which round hard fraging functs the vonta

The left, an arise the realth prove, Fit a pherefere with good will

Do Salval in support

1721. am glen bard.

TO SIR WILLIAM BENNET.

While now in discord giddy changes reel,
And some are rack'd about on fortune's wheel,
You, with undaunted stalk and brow serene,
May trace your groves, and press the dewy green;
No guilty twangs your manly joys to wound,
Or horrid dreams to make your sleep unsound.

To fuch as you who can mean care despise,
Nature 's all beautiful 'twixt earth and skies.
Not hurried with the thirst of unjust gain,
You can delight yourself on hill or plain,
Observing when those tender sprouts appear,
Which crowd with fragrant sweets the youthful
year.

Your lovely scenes of Marlesield abound With as much choice as is in Britain found: Here fairest plants from nature's bosom start From soil prolific, serv'd with curious art; Here oft the heedful gazer is beguil'd, And wanders thro' an artificial wild,

While

While native flow'ry green, and crystal strands,
Appear the labours of ingenious hands.

Most happy he who can these sweets enjoy With taste refin'd, which does not easy cloy. Not fo plebeian fouls, whom sporting fate Thrusts into life upon a large estate, While fpleen their weak imagination fours, They 're at a loss how to employ their hours: The fweetest plants which fairest gardens show Are lost to them, for them unheeded grow: Such purblind eyes ne'er view the fon'rous page, Where shine the raptures of poetic rage; Nor thro' the microscope can take delight T' observe the tusks and bristles of a mite; Nor by the lengthen'd tube learn to descry Those shining worlds which roll around the sky. Bid fuch read hist'ry to improve their skill, Polite excuse! their memories are ill: Moll's maps may in their dining-rooms make fhow.

But their contents they 're not oblig'd to know; And gen'rous friendship 's out of fight too fine, They think it only means a glass of wine.

But he whose cheerful mind hath higher flown,

And adds learn'd thoughts of others to his own;

Has feen the world, and read the volume Man, And can the fprings and ends of action scan; Has fronted death in service of his king, And drunken deep of the Castalian spring; This man can live, and happiest life 's his due; Can be a friend—a virtue known to view; Yet all such virtues strongly shine in you. pour good know there are the Liver work work.

TO A FRIEND AT FLORENCE*.

Your steady impulse foreign climes to view,
To study nature, and what art can shew,
I now approve, while my warm fancy walks
O'er Italy, and with your genius talks;
We trace, with glowing breast and piercing look,
The curious gall'ry of th' illustrious duke,
Where all those masters of the arts divine,
With pencils, pens, and chissels greatly shine,
Immortalizing the Augustan age,
On medals, canvas, stone, or written page.
Profiles and busts originals express,
And antique scrolls, old ere we knew the press.
For 's love to science, and each virtuous Scot,
May days unnumber'd be great Cosmus' lot!

The

^{*} Mr. Smibert, a painter. Mr. Walpole, in his "Anec"dotes of Painting," characterifes him as an ingenious artift,
and a modest worthy man. He died at Boston, in New England, in 1751. Allan Ramsay, the painter, was a scholar
of Smibert's.

The fweet Hesperian fields you'll next explore, 'Twixt Arno's banks and Tiber's fertile shore. Now, now I wish my organs could keep pace, With my fond muse and you these plains to trace; We'd enter Rome with an uncommon taste, And feed our minds on every samous waste; Amphitheatres, columns, royal tombs, Triumphal arches, ruins of vast domes, Old aerial aqueducts, and strong-pav'd roads, Which seem to've been not wrought by men but gods.

These view'd, we'd then survey with utmost care What modern Rome produces fine or rare; Where buildings rise with all the strength of art, Proclaiming their great architect's desert. Which citron shades surround and jessamin, And all the soul of Raphael shines within. Then we'd regale our ears with sounding notes Which warble tuneful thro' the beardless throats, Join'd with the vibrating harmonious strings, And breathing tubes, while the soft eunuch sings,

Of all those dainties take a hearty meal;
But let your resolution still prevail:
Return, before your pleasure grow a toil,
To longing friends, and your own native soil:
Preserve your health, your virtue still improve,
Hence you'll invite protection from above.

What loger, when with hinche lee's bung, Did e'er complete behed been done?

stol 1721. Se dale

TO R H B

O B——! cou'd these fields of thine
Bear, as in Gaul, the juicy vine,
How sweet the bonny grape wou'd shine
On wau 's where now,
Your apricots and peaches fine
Their branches bow.

Since human life is but a blink,
Why should we then its short joys sink?
He disna live that canna link
The glass about,
When warm'd with wine, like men we think,
And grow mair stout.

The cauldrife carlies clog'd wi' care,
Wha gathering gear gang hyt and gare,
If ram'd wi' red, they rant and rair,
Like mirthfu' men,
It foothly shaws them they can spare
A rowth to spend.

What foger, when with wine he 's bung,
Did e'er complain he had been dung,
Or of his toil, or empty fpung?
Na, o'er his glass,
Nought but braw deeds employ his tongue,
Or some sweet lass.

Yet trouth 'tis proper we should stint
Oursells to a fresh mod'rate pint,
Why shou'd we the blyth blessing mint
To waste or spill,
Since aften when our reason 's tint,
We may do ill.

Let 's fet these hair-brain'd fowk in view,
That when they 're stupid, mad, and fow,
Do brutal deeds, which aft they rue
For a' their days,
Which frequently prove very few
To such as these.

Then let us grip our blifs mair ficker.

And tap our heal and fprightly liquor,
Which fober tane, makes wit the quicker,
And fense mair keen,
While graver heads that 's muckle thicker
Grane wi' the spleen.

May ne'er fic wicked fumes arife
In me, shall break a' facred ties,
And gar me like a fool despise,
With stiffness rude,
Whatever my best friends advise,
Tho' ne'er fo gude.

'Tis best then to evite the sin
Of bending till our sauls gae blin,
Lest, like our glass, our breasts grow thin,
And let sowk peep
At ilka secret hid within,
That we should keep.

see's been a deem by A stone I said their

to the right man, but principalist and the property

May neler the wicked tumor utile by one, shall break at mered term

1721.

TO MR. JOSEPH MITCHELL,

ON THE SUCCESSFUL REPRESENTATION OF A TRAGEDY *.

But jealoufy, dear Jof. which aft gives pain
To ferimpit fauls, I own myfelf right vain
To fee a native trusty friend of mine
Sae brawly 'mang our bleezing billies shine.
Yes, wherefore no, shaw them the frozen north
Can tow'ring minds with heav'nly heat bring
forth:

Minds

^{*} The piece here alluded to was "Fatal Extravagance," a Tragedy, 1721; which Mitchell himfelf afterwards avowed to have been written by Aaron Hill, Efq. who, with a generofity peculiar to himfelf, allowed this author, who was himfelf a tolerable poet, both the reputation and the profits of this piece, to extricate him from fome pecuniary embarraffinents brought on by his own extravagance: thus in the very title of the piece conveying a gentle reproof, while he generously relieved him. Mitchell was the author of two volumes of mifcellaneous poems; "Fatal Extravagance," a tragedy, 8vo, 1721; the "Fatal Extravagance," enlarged, 12mo, 1725; "The Highland Fair," a ballad opera, 8vo, 1731. Mitchell died in 1738.

Minds that can mount with an uncommon wing, I And frae black heath'ry-headed mountains fing, As faft as he that haughs Hefperian treads, Or leans beneath the aromatic shades; Bred to the love of lit'rature and arms, Still something great a Scottish bosom warms; Tho' nurs'd on ice, and educate in snaw, Honour and liberty eggs him up to draw A hero's sword, or an heroic quill, The monst'rous saes of right and wit to kill.

Well may ye further in your leal defign
To thwart the gowks, and gar the brethren tine
The wrang opinion which they lang have had,
That a' which mounts the ftage is furely bad.
Stupidly dull!—but fools ay fools will be,
And nane 's fae blind as them that winna fee.
Where 's vice and virtue fet in juster light?
Where can a glancing genius shine mair bright?
Where can we human life review mair plain,
Than in the happy plot and curious scene?

If in themsells sic fair designs were ill, We ne'er had priev'd the sweet dramatic skill, Of Congreve, Addison, Steele, Rowe, and Hill; Hill, wha the highest road to same doth chuse, And has some upper seraph for his muse; It maun be fae, elfe how could he display,
With fo just strength, the great tremendous
day?

Sic patterns, Joseph, always keep in view, Ne'er fash if ye can please the thinking few, Then, spite of malice, worth shall have its due.

And the some oppositionals for his make;

TO ROBERT YARDE OF DEVONSHIRE.

Frae northern mountains clad with fnaw, Where whiftling winds inceffant blaw, In time now when the curling-ftane Slides murm'ring o'er the icy plain, What sprightly tale in verse can Yarde Expect frae a cauld Scottish bard, With brose and bannocks poorly fed, In hoden grey right hashly clad, Skelping o'er frozen hags with pingle, Picking up peets to beet his ingle, While sleet that freezes as it fa's, Thecks as with glass the divot waws Of a laigh hut, where sax the gither Ly heads and thraws on craps of heather?

Thus, Sir, of us the ftory gaes,
By our mair dull and fcornfu' faes:
But let them tauk, and gowks believe,
While we laugh at them in our fleeve:
For we, nor barbarous nor rude,
Ne'er want good wine to warm our blood;
Have tables crown'd, and heartfome beils,
And can in Cumin's, Don's, or Steil's,

Be ferv'd as plenteously and civil As you in London at the Devil. You, Sir, yourself, wha came and saw, Own'd that we wanted nought at a', To make us as content a nation As any is in the creation.

This point premis'd, my canty muse Cocks up her crest without excuse, And scorns to screen her natural slaws With ifs, and buts, and dull because; She pukes her pens, and aims a slight Thro' regions of internal light, Frae fancy's field these truths to bring, That you should hear, and she should sing.

Langfyne, when love and innocence lid Were human nature's best defence,
Ere party jars made lawtith less,
By cleathing 't in a monkish dress;
Then poets shaw'd these evenly roads
That lead to dwellings of the gods.
In these dear days, well kend of same,
Divini vates was their name:
It was, and is, and shall be ay,
While they move in fair virtue's way;
Tho' rarely we to stipends reach,
Yet name dare hinder us to preach.

Believe me, Sir, the nearest way To happiness is to be gay; For fpleen indulg'd will banish rest Far frae the bosoms of the best; Thousands a year 's no worth a prin, Whene'er this fashious quest gets in: But a fair competent estate Can keep a man frae looking blate; Say eithly it lays to his hand What his just appetites demand. Wha has, and can enjoy, O wow! How fmoothly may his minutes flow! A youth thus bleft with manly frame. Enliven'd with a lively flame, Will ne'er with fordid pinch control The fatisfaction of his foul. Poor is that mind, ay discontent, That canna use what God has lent, But envious girns at a' he fees, That are a crown richer than he 's; Which gars him pitifully hane, And hell's afe-middins rake for gain; Yet never kens a blythsome hour, Is ever wanting, ever four.

Yet ae extreme shou'd never make A man the gowden mean forsake, It shaws as much a shallow mind, And ane extravagantly blind,

If careless of his future fate. He daftly wastes a good estate. And never thinks till thoughts are vain. And can afford him nought but pain. Thus will a joiner's shavings' bleeze Their low will for fome feconds pleafe. But foon the glaring learn is past, And cauldrife darkness follows fast: While flaw the faggots large expire, And warm us with a lasting fire. Then neither, as I ken ye will, With idle fears your pleasures spill; Nor with neglecting prudent care, Do skaith to your fucceeding heir: Thus steering cannily thro' life, Your joys shall lasting be and rife. Give a' your passions room to reel, As lang as reason guides the wheel: Desires, tho' ardent, are nae crime, When they harmoniously keep time; But when they spang o'er reason's fence, We fmart for 't at our ain expence. To recreate us we 're allow'd. But gaming deep boils up the blood, And gars ane at groom-porter's, ban The Being that made him a man, When his fair gardens, house, and lands, Are fa'n amongst the sharpers' hands.

A cheerfu'

A cheerfu' bottle fooths the mind,
Gars carles grow canty, free, and kind,
Defeats our care, and heals our strife,
And brawly oils the wheels of life;
But when just quantums we transgres,
Our blessing turns the quite reverse.

To love the bonny smiling fair,
Nane can their passions better ware;
Yet love is kittle and unruly,
And shou'd move tentily and hooly;
For if it get o'er meikle head,
'Tis fair to gallop ane to dead:
O'er ilka hedge it wildly bounds,
And grazes on forbidden grounds,
Where constantly like suries range
Poortith, diseases, death, revenge:
To toom anes poutch to dunty clever,
Or have wrang'd husband probe ane's liver,
Or void ane's saul out thro' a shanker,
In faith 't wad any mortal canker.

Then wale a virgin worthy you, Worthy your love and nuptial vow; Syne frankly range o'er a' her charms, Drink deep of joy within her arms; Be still delighted with her breast, And on her love with rapture feast. May she be blooming, fast, and young, With graces melting from her tongue; Prudent and yielding to maintain Your love, as well as you her ain.

Thus with your leave, Sir, I 've made free To give advice to ane can gi'e
As good again:—but as mass John
Said, when the sand tald time was done,

- " Ha'e patience, my dear friends, a wee,
- " And take ae ither glass frae me;
- " And if ye think there 's doublets due,
- 66 I shanna bauk the like frae you."

If you is the second second of the second of

AN EPISTLE FROM MR. WILLIAM STARRAT.

Ramfler I for ever liver, for what like you.

AE windy day last owk, I'll ne'er forget,
I think I hear the hail-stanes rattling yet;
On Crochan-buss my hirdsell took the lee,
As ane wad wish, just a' beneath my ee:
I in the bield of yon auld birk-tree side,
Poor cauldrife Coly whing'd aneath my plaid.
Right cozylie was set to ease my stumps,
Well hap'd with bountith hose and twa-sol'd pumps;
Syne on my four-hours luncheon chew'd my cood,
Sic kilter pat me in a merry mood;
My whistle frae my blanket nook I drew,
And lilted owre thir twa three lines to you.

Blaw up my heart-strings, ye Pierian quines, That gae the Grecian bards their bonny rhymes, And learn'd the Latin lowns sic springs to play, As gars the world gang dancing to this day.

In vain I feek your help;—'tis bootles toil With fic dead ase to muck a moorland foil; Give me the muse that calls past ages back, And shaws proud southern sangsters their mistak, That frae their Thames can setch the laurel north, And big Parnassus on the firth of Forth.

Thy breast alane this gladsome guest does fill With strains that warm our hearts like cannel gill, And learns thee, in thy umquhile gutcher's tongue, The blythest lilts that e'er my lugs heard sung. Ramsay! for ever live; for wha like you, In deathless sang, sic life-like pictures drew? Not he wha whilome with his harp cou'd ca' The dancing stanes to big the Theban wa'; Nor he (shame sa's fool head!) as stories tell, Cou'd whistle back an auld dead wife frae hell; Nor e'en the loyal brooker of bell trees, Wha sang with hungry wame his want of sees; Nor Habby's drone, cou'd with thy wind-pipe please:

When, in his well-ken'd clink, thou manes the

Of Lucky Wood and Spence, (a matchless skaith To Canigate,) sae gash thy gab-trees gang, The carlines live for ever in thy sang.

Or when thy country bridal thou purfues, To red the regal tulzie fets thy mufe, Thy foothing fangs bring canker'd carles to eafe, Some loups to Lutter's pipe, fome birls babies.

But gin to graver notes thou tunes thy breath, And fings poor Sandy's grief for Adie's death, ()r Matthew's loss, the lambs in concert mae, And lanesome Ringwood yowls upon the brae. Good God! what tuneless heart-strings wadna twang,

When love and beauty animate the fang?
Skies echo back, when thou blaws up thy reed
In Burchet's praise for clapping of thy head:
And when thou bids the paughty Czar stand yon,
The wandought seems beneath thee on his throne.
Now, be my saul, and I have nought behin,
And well I wat sause swearing is a sin,
I 'd rather have thy pipe and twa three sheep,
Than a' the gowd the monarch's coffers keep.

Coly, look out, the few we have 's gane wrang, This fe'enteen owks I have not play'd fae lang; Ha! Crummy, ha! trowth I man quat my fang; But, lad, neift mirk we'll to the haining drive, When in fresh lizar they get spleet and rive: The royts will rest, and gin ye like my play, I'll whistle to thee all the live-lang day.

Lang math then reach, with round and noosed

Subflateigh Hall, that 's worth rich filler mines of

TO MR. WILLIAM STARRAT,

Frae fertile fields where nae curs'd ethers creep,
To stang the herds that in rash busses sleep;
Frae where Saint Patrick's blessings freed the bogs
Frae taids, and asks, and ugly creeping frogs;
Welcome to me the found of Starrat's pipe,
Welcome as westlen winds or berries ripe,
When speeling up the hill, the dog-days' heat
Gars a young thirsty shepherd pant and sweat:
Thus while I climb the muses' mount with care,
Sic friendly praises give refreshing air.
O! may the lasses loo thee for thy pains,
And may thou lang breathe healsome o'er the
plains:

Lang mayst thou teach, with round and nooked lines,

Substantial skill, that 's worth rich siller mines;
To shaw how wheels can gang with greatest case,
And what kind barks sail smoothest o'er the seas;
How wind-mills should be made; and how they

The thumper that tells hours upon the kirk;

How

How wedges rive the aik; how pullifees

Can lift on highest roofs the greatest trees,

Rug frae its roots the craig of Edinburgh castle,

As easily as I cou'd break my whistle;

What pleugh fits a wet soil, and whilk the dry;

And mony a thousand useful things forby.

I own 'tis cauld encouragement to fing,
When round ane's lugs the blatran hail-stanes
ring;

But feckfu' folks can front the baldest wind,
And slunk thro' moors, and never fash their mind.
Aft have I wid thro' glens with chorking feet,
When neither plaid nor kelt cou'd fend the weet;
Yet blythly wald I bang out o'er the brae,
And stend o'er burns as light as ony rae,
Hoping the morn might prove a better day.
Then let 's to lairds and ladies leave the spleen,
While we can dance and whistle o'er the green.
Mankind's account of good and ill 's a jest,
Fancy 's the rudder, and content 's a feast.

Dear friend of mine! ye but o'er meikle reese The lawly mints of my poor moorland muse, Wha looks but blate, when even'd to ither twa, That lull'd the deel, or bigg'd the Theban wa'; But trowth 'tis natural for us a' to wink At our ain fauts, and praises frankly drink: Fair fa' ye then, and may your flocks grow rife, And may nae elf twin crummy of her life.

The fun shines sweetly, a' the list looks blue,
O'er glens hing hov'ring clouds of rising dew
Maggy, the bonniest lass of a' our town,
Brent is her brow, her hair a curly brown,
I have a tryst with her, and man away,
Then ye 'll excuse me till anither day,
When I 've mair time; for shortly I 'm to sing
Some dainty sangs, that fall round Crochan ring.

White we can democrated whittle ofer of

Now lend thy lug, and tent me. Cay, Thy late appears like flow to in May.

TO MR. GAY,

ON HEARING THE DUCHESS OF QUEENSBURY COMMEND SOME OF HIS PORMS *.

Dear lad, wha linkan o'er the lee,
Sang Blowzalind and Bowzybee,
And, like the lavrock, merrily
Wak'd up the morn,
When thou didft tune, with heartfome glee,
Thy bog-teed horn.

To thee frae edge of Pentland height, down Where fawns and fairies take delight,
And revel a' the live-lang night was an O'er glens and braes,
A bard that has the fecond fight,
Thy fortune spaes.

Now then head I should you of Now

Waich has fand layour is to you

^{*} Gay was a great admirer of the poems of Ramfay, particularly of his "Gentle Shepherd;" and they afterwards became perfonally acquainted, when Gay vifited Scotland with the duke and duchefs of Queenfbury.

Now lend thy lug, and tent me, Gay,
Thy fate appears like flow'rs in May,
Fresh, flourishing, and lasting ay,
Firm as the aik,
Which envious winds, when critics bray,
Shall never shake.

Come, shaw your loof;—ay, there 's the line Foretells thy verse shall ever shine,

Dawted whilst living by the nine,

And a' the best,

And be, when past the mortal line,

Of fame possest.

Immortal Pope, and skilfu' John *, The learned Leach frae Callidon, With mony a witty dame and don,

O'er lang to name,
Are of your roundels very fon,

And found your fame.

And fae do I, wha reese but sew,
Which nae sma' favour is to you;
For to my friends I stand right true,
With shanks a-spar;

And my good word (ne'er gi'en but due)

Gangs unko far.

Here

^{*} Dr. John Arbuthnot.

Here mettled men my muse maintain, and O
And ilka beauty is my friend;
Which keeps me canty, brisk, and bein,
Ilk wheeling hour,
And a sworn fae to hatefu' spleen,
And a' that 's sour.

But bide ye, boy, the main 's to fay;

Clarinda, bright as rifing day,

Divinely bonny, great and gay,

Of thinking even,

Whase words, and looks, and smiles, display

Full views of heaven:

To rummage nature for what 's braw,
Like lilies, rofes, gems, and fnaw,
Compar'd with hers, their luftre fa',
And bauchly tell
Her beauties, fhe excels them a',
And 's like herfell:

As fair a form as e'er was bleft
To have an angel for a gueft;
Happy the prince who is poffeft
Of fic a prize,
Whose virtues place her with the best
Beneath the skies:

O fonfy Gay! this heavenly born,
Whom ev'ry grace ftrives to adorn,
Looks not upon thy lays with fcorn;
Then bend thy knees,
And blefs the day that ye was born
With arts to pleafe.

She fays thy fonnet fmoothly fings,
Sae ye may craw and clap your wings,
And fmile at ethercapit ftings,
With careless pride,
When fae much wit and beauty brings
Strength to your side.

Lilt up your pipes, and rife aboon
Your Trivia, and your Moorland tune,
And fing Clarinda late and foon,
In towring strains,
Till gratefu' gods cry out, "Well done,"
And praise thy pains.

Exalt thy voice, that all around
May echo back the lovely found,
Frae Dover cliffs with famphire crown'd,
To Thule's shore,
Where northward no more Britain 's found,
But seas that rore.

Thus fing;—whilft I frae Arthur's height,
O'er Chiviot glowr with tired fight,
And langing wish, like raving wight,
To be fet down,
Frae coach and fax baith trim and tight,
In London town.

But lang I 'll gove and bleer my ee,
Before, alake! that fight I fee;
Then (best relief) I 'll strive to be
Quiet and content,
And streek my limbs down easylie
Upon the bent.

There fing the gowans, broom, and trees,
The crystal burn and westlin breeze,
The bleeting flocks and bify bees,
And blythsome swains,
Wha rant and dance, with kiltit dees,
O'er mossy plains.

Farewell; —but ere we part, let 's pray,
God fave Clarinda night and day,
And grant her a' she 'd wish to ha'e,
Withoutten end.—
Nae mair at present I 've to fay,
But am your friend.

Thus fing; —whill I frae Arrbur's height, it O'er Chiviot glows with tired fight, ... And lenging with, like vaving wight,

AN EPISTLE TO JOSIAH BURCHET,

My Burchet's name well pleas'd I faw Amang the chosen leet, Wha are to give Britannia law, And keep her rights complete.

O may the rest wha fill the house Be of a mind with thee, And British liberty espouse; We glorious days may see.

The name of patriot is mair great
Than heaps of ill-won gear;
What boots an opulent estate,
Without a conscience clear?

While fneaking fauls for cash wad trock
Their country, God, and king,
With pleasure we the villain mock,
And hate the worthless thing.

With a' your pith, the like of you, Superior to what 's mean, Shou'd gar the trockling rogues look blue, And cow them laigh and clean. TO MR. DAVID MALLOCH.

Down with them, -down with a' that dare Oppose the nation's right; Sae may your fame, like a fair flar, Throu' future times shine bright. Thy country for a while,

Sae may kind heaven propitious prove. And grant whate'er ve crave; And him a corner in your love, Wha is your humble flave. The alar of T To cultivate two Grahams,

With a vour pith, the like of you;
Superior to what 's mean,
Should gar the trockling rogues loo
And cow them bight and clean

TO MR. DAVID MALLOCH,

ON HIS DEPARTURE FROM SCOTLAND.

Since fate, with honour, bids thee leave

Thy country for a while,

It is nae friendly part to grieve,

When powers propitious fmile.

The task assign'd thee 's great and good,
To cultivate two Grahams,
Wha from bauld heroes draw their blood,
Of brave immortal names.

Like wax, the dawning genius takes
Impressions thraw'n or even;
Then he wha fair the moulding makes,
Does journey-work for heaven.

The four weak pedants fpoil the mind
Of those beneath their care,
Who think instruction is confin'd
To poor grammatic ware.

But better kens my friend, and can bal said Far nobler plans defign, guidem vel To lead the boy up to a man absolute said That 's fit in courts to fine.

Frae Grampian heights (fome may object) and Can you fic knowledge bring?

But those laigh tinkers ne'er reflect, for sind I some fauls ken ilka thing, was but A

With vaster ease, at the first glance,

Than misty minds that plod

And thresh for thought, but ne'er advance

Their stawk aboon their clod.

But he that could, in tender strains,
Raise Margaret's plaining shade *,
And paint distress that chills the veins,
While William's crimes are red:

Shaws to the world, cou'd they observe,

A clear deserving flame:—

Thus I can reese without reserve,

When truth supports my theme.

Gae,

^{* &}quot;William and Margaret," a ballad, in imitation of the old manner, wherein the ftrength of thought and paffion is more observed than a rant of unmeaning words.

Gae, lad, and win a nation's love,

By making those in trust,

Like Wallace's Achates *, prove

Wise, generous, brave, and just.

Sae may his Grace th' illustrious fire
With joy paternal fee
Their rifing blaze of manly fire,
And pay his thanks to thee.

^{*} The heroic Sir John Graham, the glory of his name, the dearest friend of the renowned Sir William Wallace, and the ancestor of his Grace the duke of Montrose.

1728. Wedgild soff a

Much farely was the virgin's for.

TO WILLIAM SOMERVI LLE OF WARWICKSHIRE.

Sir, I have read, and much admire
Your muse's gay and easy flow,
Warm'd with that true Idalian fire,
That gives the bright and cheerful glow.

I con'd each line with joyous care,
As I can fuch from fun to fun;
And, like the glutton o'er his fare,
Delicious, thought them too foon done.

The witty smile, nature, and art,
In all your numbers so combine,
As to complete their just desert,
And grace them with uncommon shine.

Delighted we your muse regard, When she, like Pindar's, spreads her wings, And virtue being its own reward, Expresses by "The Sister Springs."

Emotions tender crowd the mind,
When with the royal bard you go,
To figh in notes divinely kind,
"The Mighty fall'n on mount Gilbo."

Much furely was the virgin's joy,
Who with the Iliad had your lays;
For, ere and fince the fiege of Troy,
We all delight in love and praife.

These heaven-born passions, such desire,
I never yet cou'd think a crime;
But first-rate virtues, which inspire
The soul to reach at the sublime.

But often men mistake the way,
And pump for fame by empty boast,
Like your "Gilt Ass," who stood to bray,
Till in a slame his tail he lost.

Him th' incurious bencher hits,
With his own tale, so tight and clean,
That while I read, streams gush by fits
Of hearty laughter from my een.

Old Chaucer, bard of vast ingine;
Fontaine and Prior, who have sung
Blyth tales the best; had they heard thine
On Lob, they'd own themselves out-done.

The plot 's purfu'd with fo much glee, The too officious dog and prieft, The fquire oppress'd, I own for me I never heard a better jest.

Pope well describ'd an ombre game, And king revenging captive queen; He merits, but had won more fame, If author of your "Bowling-green."

You paint your parties, play each bowl, So natural, just, and with such ease, That while I read, upon my foul, brood ill I wonder how I chance to pleafe.

Yet I have pleas'd, and please the best: And fure to me laurels belong, Since British fair, and 'mong the best, Somervile's confort likes my fong.

Ravish'd I heard th' harmonious fair Sing, like a dweller of the fky, My verses with a Scotian air; and limit air! Then faints were not fo bleft as I.

In her the valu'd charms unite, She really is what all wou'd feem, Gracefully handsome, wife, and sweet: 'Tis merit to have her efteem. Your noble kinsman, her lov'd mate,
Whose worth claims all the world's respect,
Met in her love a smiling sate,
Which has, and must have good effect.

You both from one great lineage spring,
Both from de Somervile, who came
With William, England's conquering king,
To win fair plains and lasting fame:

Whichnour, he left to 's eldest fon,
That first-born chief you represent;
His second came to Caledon,
From whom our Somer'le takes descent.

On him and you may fate bestow
Sweet balmy health and cheerful fire,
As long 's ye'd wish to live below,
Still blest with all you wou'd defire.

O Sir! oblige the world, and fpread
In print * those and your other lays;
This shall be better'd while they read,
And after-ages found your praise.

I cou'd

^{*} Since the writing of this ode, Mr. Somerville's poems are printed by Mr. Lintot in an 8vo. volume.—Somerville died, in 1742. This *fuperior* to Pope is allowed by Johnson "to write "well, for a gentleman."

I cou'd enlarge;—but if I shou'd
On what you 've wrote, my ode wou'd run
Too great a length; your thoughts so crowd,
To note them all I 'd ne'er have done.

Accept this offering of a mule,

Who on her Picland hills ne'er tires;

Who on her Picland hills ne'er tires;

Your flou'd, when worth invites, refuse and your look and a manner of the second of the person of the

recently days,

Nor bas th' inscinous artiff thown

and Mr. Manninglash orbs. An exact connervibration concluded a bangain with Lenes down the countries at his death. His connection with Lord Sound will, probably occurrenced his posteral correspondence with

AN EPISTLE FROM MR SOMERVILLE.

NEAR fair Avona's filver tide, Whose waves in foft meanders glide, I read to the delighted fwains Your jocund fongs and rural strains. Smooth as her streams your numbers flow, Your thoughts in vary'd beauties show, Like flow'rs that on her borders grow. While I furvey, with ravish'd eyes, This friendly gift *, my valu'd prize, Where fifter arts, with charms divine, In their full bloom and beauty shine, Alternately my foul is bleft: Now I behold my welcome gueft, That graceful, that engaging air, So dear to all the brave and fair: Nor has th' ingenious artist shown His outward lineaments alone,

But

^{*} Lord Somerville was pleafed to fend me his own picture, and Mr. Ramfay's Works. In 1730, Somerville concluded a bargain with James Lord Somerville, for the reversion of his estate at his death. His connection with Lord Somerville, probably occasioned his poetical correspondence with Ramsay, who was patronized by that nobleman.

But in th' expressive draught design'd The nobler beauties of his mind; True friendship, love, benevolence, Unstudied wit, and manly sense. Then as your book I wander o'er, And feast on the delicious store, (Like the laborious bufy bee, Pleas'd with the fweet variety,) With equal wonder and furprife, I fee refembling portraits rife. Brave archers march in bright array, In troops the vulgar line the way: Here the droll figures slily sneer, Or coxcombs at full length appear: There woods and lawns, a rural fcene, And fwains that gambol on the green. Your pen can act the pencil's part, With greater genius, fire, and art.

Believe me, bard, no hunted hind
That pants against the southern wind,
And seeks the streams thro' unknown ways;
No matron in her teeming days,
E'er felt such longings, such desires,
As I to view those losty spires,
Those domes where fair Edina shrouds
Her tow'ring head amid the clouds.

But oh! what dangers interpose! Vales deep with dirt, and hills with fnows. Proud winter-floods, with rapid force, Forbid the pleasing intercourse. But fure we bards, whose purer clay Nature has mixt with less allay, Might foon find out an eafier way. Do not fage matrons mount on high, And fwitch their broom-sticks thro' the sky; Ride post o'er hills, and woods, and seas, From Thule to the Hesperides *? And yet the men of Gresham own, That this and stranger feats are done By a warm fancy's power alone. This granted, why can't you and I Stretch forth our wings and cleave the fky? Since our poetic brains, you know, Than theirs must more intensely glow. Did not the Theban fwan take wing, Sublimely foar, and fweetly fing? And do not we, of humbler vein, Sometimes attempt a loftier strain,

Mount

^{*} The Scilly islands were so called by the ancients, as Mr. Camden observes.

Mount sheer out of the reader's fight, of hood Obscurely lost in clouds and night?

Fame's bull Travelers light as nir. Then climb your Pegafus with speed, I 'll meet thee on the banks of Tweed; Not as our fathers did of yore, To fwell the flood with crimfon gore; Like the Cadmean murd'ring brood, Each thirsting for his brother's blood; For now all hostile rage shall cease, Lull'd in the downy arms of peace, Our honest hands and hearts shall join O'er jovial banquets, fparkling wine, Let Peggy at thy elbow wait, And I shall bring my bonny Kate. But hold:—oh! take a special care T' admit no prying kirkman there; I dread the penitential chair. What a strange figure should I make, A poor abandon'd English rake; A fquire well born, and fix foot high, Perch'd in that facred pillory! Let spleen and zeal be banish'd thence, And troublefome impertinence, That tells his story o'er again; Ill-manners and his faucy train, And felf-conceit, and fliff-rumpt pride, That grin at all the world befide;

Foul fcandal, with a load of lies, Intrigues, rencounters, prodigies, Fame's bufy hawker, light as air, That feeds on frailties of the fair: Envy, hypocrify, deceit, Fierce party rage, and warm debate: And all the hell-hounds that are foes To friendship and the world's repose. But mirth instead, and dimpling smiles, And wit, that gloomy care beguiles; And joke, and pun, and merry tale, And toasts, that round the table fail; While laughter, bursting thro' the crowd In vollies, tells our joys aloud. Hark! the shrill piper mounts on high. The woods, the streams, the rocks reply To his far-founding melody. Behold each lab'ring fqueeze prepare Supplies of modulated air: Observe Croudero's active bow. His head still nodding to and fro, His eyes, his cheeks with raptures glow: See, see the bashful nymphs advance, To lead the regulated dance. Flying still, the fwains pursuing, Yet with backward glances wooing. This, this shall be the joyous scene; Nor wanton elves that skim the green,

Shall be so blest, so blyth, so gay,
Or less regard what dotards say.
My rose shall then your thistle greet,
The union shall be more complete;
And in a bottle and a friend,
Each national dispute shall end.

Sir, I had yours, and own my picafine, On the receipt, exceeded mealure. Sae imoorn, fae ftrongsteorredt, and it co Your ain tow're high, and widens for, Continue, Sir, and fliame the crew. That 's plann'd with having nought to do: Whora fortuins in a merry mood

Or left r gard wher detards furt

AN ANSWER TO THE FOREGOING.

SIR, I had yours, and own my pleasure, On the receipt, exceeded measure. You write with fo much sp'rit and glee, Sae smooth, fae strong, correct, and free, That any he (by you allow'd To have fome merit) may be proud. If that 's my fault, bear you the blame, Wha 've lent me fic a lift to fame. Your ain tow'rs high, and widens far, Bright glancing like a first-rate star, And all the world bestow due praise On the Collection of your lays; Where various arts and turns combine, Which even in parts first poets shine: Like Matt and Swift ye fing with eafe, And can be Waller when you pleafe. Continue, Sir, and shame the crew That 's plagu'd with having nought to do; Whom fortune in a merry mood Has overcharg'd with gentle blood, But has deny'd a genius fit For action or aspiring wit;

Such kenna how t' employ their time, And think activity a crime, and the ways back Ought they to either do or fav. Or walk, or write, or read, or pray, When money, their factorum's able To furnish them a numerous rabble, Who will, for daily drink and wages, Be chairmen, chaplains, clerks, and pages? Could they, like you, employ their hours In planting these delightful flowers, Which carpet the poetic fields, And lasting funds of pleasure yields; Nae mair they'd gaunt and gove away, Or fleep or loiter out the day, Or waste the night, damning their fauls, In deep debauch and bawdy brawls; Whence pox and poverty proceed, An early eild, and spirits dead. Reverse of you, and him you love, Whose brighter spirit tow'rs above The mob of thoughtless lords and beaux Who in his ilka action shows "True friendship, love, benevolence, "Unftudy'd wit, and manly fenfe." Allow here what you 've faid yourfell, Nought can b' exprest so just and well.

To him and her, worthy his love,
And every bleffing from above,
A fon is given, God fave the boy,
For theirs and every Som'ril's joy.
Ye wardens! round him take your place,
And raife him with each manly grace;
Make his meridian virtues fhine,
To add fresh lustres to his line:
And many may the mother see
Of such a lovely progeny.

Now, Sir, when Boreas nae mair thuds Hail, fnaw, and fleet, frae blacken'd clouds; While Caledonian hills are green, And a' her straths delight the een; While ilka flower with fragrance blows, And a' the year its beauty shows; Before again the winter lour, What hinders then your northern tour? Be fure of welcome; nor believe These wha an ill report would give To Ed'nburgh and the land of cakes, That nought what 's necessary lacks. Here plenty's goddess frae her horn Pours fish and cattle, claith and corn, In blyth abundance; and yet mair, Our men are brave, our ladies fair :

Nor will North Britain yield for fouth
Of ilka thing, and fellows couth,
To ony but her fifter South.

True, rugged roads are curfed dreigh, And speats aft roar frae mountains heigh: The body tires, (poor tottering clay!) And likes with ease at hame to stay; While fauls stride warlds at ilka stend. And can their widening views extend. Mine fees you, while you cheerfu' roam On fweet Avona's flow'ry howm. There recollecting, with full view, These follies which mankind pursue; While, conscious of superior merit, You rife with a correcting spirit, And as an agent of the gods. Lash them with sharp satyric rods: Labour divine !- Next, for a change, O'er hill and dale I fee you range After the fox or whidding hare, Confirming health in purest air; While joy frae heights and dales resounds, Rais'd by the holla, horn, and hounds: Fatigu'd, yet pleas'd, the chace out run, I fee the friend, and fetting fun, Invite you to the temp'rate bicker, Which makes the blood and wit flow quicker. The clock strikes twelve, to rest you bound,
To save your health by sleeping sound.
Thus with cool head and healsome breast,
You see new day stream frae the east;
Then all the muses round you shine,
Inspiring ev'ry thought divine:
Be long their aid:—your years and blisses,
Your servant Allan Ramsay wishes.

Aller I block out with the arms of the Agent, and Alas I, fonie Venial first were restricted.

AN EPISTLE FROM W. SOMERVILLE TO ALLAN RAMSAY,

ON PUBLISHING HIS SECOND VOLUME OF POEMS.

Hall! Caledonian bard! whose rural strains
Delight the list'ning hills, and cheer the plains;
Already polish'd by some hand divine,
Thy purer ore what surnace can refine?
Careless of censure, like the sun shine forth
In native lustre and intrinsic worth.
To follow nature is by rules to write,
She led the way and taught the Stagyrite:
From her the critic's taste, the poet's fire,
Both drudge in vain till she from heav'n inspire.
By the same guide instructed how to soar,
Allan is now what Homer was before.

Ye chosen youths wha dare like him aspire,
And touch with bolder hand the golden lyre,
Keep nature still in view; on her intent,
Climb by her aid the dang'rous steep ascent

To lasting fame.-Perhaps a little art Is needful to plane o'er fome rugged part; But the most labour'd elegance and care T' arrive at full perfection must despair; Alter, blot out, and write all o'er again, Alas! fome venial fins will yet remain. Indulgence is to human frailty due, E'en Pope has faults, and Addison a few; But those, like mists that cloud the morning ray, Are lost and vanish in the blaze of day. Tho' fome intruding pimple find a place Amid the glories of Clarinda's face, We still love on, with equal zeal adore, Nor think her less a goddess than before. Slight wounds in no difgraceful fcars shall end, Heal'd by the balm of fome good-natur'd friend. In vain shall canker'd Zoilus affail. While Spence * prefides, and Candor holds the fcale:

His gen'rous breast nor envy sow'rs, nor spite;
Taught by his sounder's motto † how to write,

Good

^{*} Mr. Spence, poetry professor in Oxford, and fellow of New College.

[†] William of Wickham, founder of New College in Oxford, and of Winchester College. His motto is, "Manners maketh man."

Good manners guides his pen; learn'd without

In dubious points not forward to decide: If here and there uncommon beauties rife. From flow'r to flow'r he roves with glad furprize: In failings no malignant pleafure takes, Nor rudely triumphs over small mistakes; No naufeous praife, no biting taunts offend, W' expect a cenfor, and we find a friend. Poets improv'd by his correcting care, Shall face their foes with more undaunted air. Strip'd of their rags, shall like Ulysses shine *, With more heroic port and grace divine. No pomp of learning, and no fund of fense, Can e'er atone for lost benevolence. May Wickham's fons, who in each art excel-And rival ancient bards in writing well, While from their bright examples taught, they fing, And emulate their flights with bolder wing, From their own frailties learn the humbler part, Mildly to judge in gentleness of heart.

Such critics, Ramfay, jealous for our fame, Will not with malice infolently blame, But lur'd by praife, the haggard muse reclaim.

Retouch

^{*} Vide Hom. Od. lib. xxiv.

Retouch each line till all is just and neat, A whole of proper parts, a work almost complete.

So when some beauteous dame, a reigning toast, The slow'r of Forth, and proud Edina's boast, Stands at her toilet in her tartan plaid, And all her richest head-gear trimly clad; The curious handmaid, with observant eye, Corrects the swelling hoop that hangs awry; Thro' ev'ry plait her busy singers rove, And now she plys below, and then above; With pleasing tattle entertains the fair, Each ribbon smooths, adjusts each rambling hair, Till the gay nymph in her full lustre shine, And Homer's Juno was not half so fine *.

^{*} Vide Hom. II. lib. xiv.

From flated rules Loften flart,

band bus 1729 of sale is savel ball

RAMSAY'S ANSWER TO THE FOREGOING.

Again, like the return of day,
From Avon's banks the cheering lay
Warms up a muse was well nigh lost
In depths of snow and chilling frost;
But generous praise the soul inspires,
More than rich wines and blazing fires.

Tho' on the Grampians I were chain'd, And all the winter on me rain'd; Altho' half starv'd, my sp'rit would spring Up to new life to hear you sing.

I take even criticism kind,
That sparkles from so clear a mind:
Friends ought and may point out a spot,
But enemies make all a blot.
Friends sip the honey from the flow'r;
All 's verjuice to the waspish sour.

With more of nature than of art, From stated rules I often start, Rules never studied yet by me; My muse is British, bold and free, And loves at large to frisk and bound Unmankl'd o'er poetic ground.

I love the garden wild and wide,
Where oaks have plumb-trees by their fide;
Where woodbines and the twifting vine
Clip round the pear-tree and the pine;
Where mixt jonckeels and gowans grow,
And roses 'midst rank clover blow,
Upon a bank of a clear strand,
Its wimplings led by nature's hand;
Tho' docks and bramble here and there,
May sometimes cheat the gardner's care,
Yet this to me 's a paradise,
Compar'd with prime cut plots and nice,
Where nature has to art resign'd,
Till all looks mean, stiff, and consin'd.

May still my notes of rustic turn

Gain more of your respect than scorn;

I'll hug my fate, and tell sour fools,

I'm more oblig'd to heav'n than schools.

Heaven Homer taught: the critic draws

Only from him, and such, their laws:

The native bards first plunge the deep,

Before the artful dare to leap.

I 've seen myself right many a time Copy'd in diction, mode, and rhyme.

Now, Sir, again let me express My wishing thoughts in fond address; That for your health, and love you bear To two of my chief patrons * here, and more You 'd, when the lavrocks rouse the day, When beams and dews make blythfome May, When blooming fragrance glads our ifle, And hills with purple heather fmile, Drop fancy'd ails, with courage stout, Ward off the spleen, the stone, and gout. May ne'er fuch foes disturb your nights, Or elbow out your day delights. Here you will meet the jovial train, Whose clangors eccho o'er the plain, While hounds with gowls both loud and clear, Well tun'd, delight the hunter's ear, As they on courfers fleet as wind, Pursue the fox, hart, hare, or hind: Delightful game! where friendly ties Are closer drawn, and health the prize.

We

^{*} Lord and Lady Somervile.

We long for, and we wish you here,
Where friends are kind, and claret clear:
The lovely hope of Som'ril's race,
Who smiles with a feraphic grace,
And the fair fisters of the boy,
Will have, and add much to your joy.

Give warning to your noble friend; Your humble fervant shall attend, A willing Sancho and your slave, With the best humour that I have, To meet you on that river's shore, That Britons now divides no more.

ALLAN RAMSAY.

TO DONALD MEWEN, JEWELLER, AT ST. PETERSBURG.

How far frae hame my friend leeks fame!

And yet I canna wyte ye,

T' employ your fire, and still aspire By virtues that delyte ye.

Shou'd fortune lour, 'tis in your power, If heaven grant balmy health,

T' enjoy ilk hour a faul unfow'r; Content 's nae bairn of wealth.

It is the mind that 's not confin'd To passions mean and vile,

That 's never pin'd, while thoughts refin'd Can gloomy cares beguile.

Then Donald may be e'en as gay On Russia's distant shore,

As on the Tay, where usquebae He us'd to drink before.

But howfoe'er, hafte gather gear,

And fyne pack up your treasure;

Then to Auld Reekie come and beek ye,
And close your days with pleasure.

TO THE SAME,

ON RECEIVING A PRESENT OF A GOLD SEAL, WITH HOMER'S HEAD.

THANKS to my frank ingenious friend:
Your prefent 's most genteel and kind,
Baith rich and shining as your mind:
And that immortal laurell'd pow,
Upon the gem sae well design'd
And execute, sets me on low.

The heavenly fire inflames my breast,
Whilst I unweary'd am in quest
Of fame, and hope that ages niest
Will do their Highland bard the grace,
Upon their seals to cut his crest,
And blythest strakes of his short face.

Far less great Homer ever thought
(When he, harmonious beggar! fought
His bread thro' Greece) he should be brought
Frae Russia's shore by captain Hugh*,
To Pictland plains, sae sinely wrought
On precious stone, and set by you.

^{*} Captain Hugh Eccles, maîter of a fine merchant-ship, which he lost in the unhappy fire at St. Petersburg.

Swelling Iweetly . 1728. without partition

TO HIS FRIENDS IN IRELAND,

WHO, ON A REPORT OF HIS DEATH, MADE AND FUBLISHED SEVERAL ELEGIES, &C.

Sighing shepherds of Hibernia, Thank ve for your kind concern a'. When a fause report beguiling, Prov'd a draw-back on your fmiling: Dight your een, and ceafe your grieving, Allan's hale, and well, and living, Singing, laughing, fleeping foundly, Cowing beef, and drinking roundly; Drinking roundly rum and claret, Ale and ufquæ, bumpers fair out, Supernaculum but spilling, The least diamond * drawing, filling; Sowfing fonnets on the laffes, Hounding fatires at the affes, Smiling at the furly critics, And the pack-horse of politics;

Painting Painting deceim's kittle.

^{*} See the note ‡ on p. 216, vol. i.

Painting meadows, shaws, and mountains, Crooking burns, and flowing fountains; Flowing fountains, where ilk gowan Grows about the borders glowan, Swelling sweetly, and inviting Poets' lays, and lovers meeting; Meeting kind to niffer kisses, Bargaining for better blisses.

Hills in dreary dumps now lying, And ye zephyrs fwiftly flying, And ye rivers gently turning, And ye Philomelas mourning, And ye double fighing echoes, Cease your sobbing, tears, and hey-ho's! Banish a' your care and grieving, Allan 's hale, and well, and living; Early up on mornings shining, Ilka fancy warm refining; Giving ilka verse a burnish, That man fecond volume furnish. To bring in frae lord and lady Meikle fame, and part of ready; Splendid thing of constant motion, Fish'd for in the southern ocean: Prop of gentry, nerve of battles, Prize for which the gamester rattles; Belzie's banes, deceitfu', kittle, Risking a' to gain a little.

Pleasing Philip's tunefu' tickle, Philomel, and kind Arbuckle: Singers fweet, baith lads and laffes, Tuning pipes on hill Parnaffus, Allan kindly to you wishes Lasting life and rowth of blisses; And that he may, when ye furrender Sauls to heaven, in numbers tender Give a' your fames a happy heezy, And gratefully immortalize ve. and doll'W

AN EPISTLE FROM A GENTLEMAN IN THE COUNTRY

TO HIS FRIEND IN EDINEURGH.

O FRIEND! to fmoke and din confin'd, Which fouls your claiths and frets your mind, And makes you rusty look and crabbed, As if you were bep-'d or fcabbed, Or had been going thro' a dofe Of mercury to fave your nofe; Let me advise you, out of pity, To leave the chatt'ring, stinking city, Where pride and emptiness take place Of plain integrity and grace; Where hideous screams wad kill a cat, Of wha buys this? or wha buys that? And thro' the day, frae break o' morning, The buz of bills, protests, and horning; Besides the everlasting squabble Among the great and little rabble, Wha tear their lungs, and deave your ears, With all their party hopes and fears; While rattling o'er their filly cant, Learn'd frae the Mercury and Courant,

About

About the aid that comes frae Russia, and man And the neutrality of Pruffia; Of France's tyranny and flavery, Their faithless fickleness and knavery: Of Spain, the best beloved fon Of the old whore of Babylon, The warden of her whips and faggots, And all her fuperstitious maggots; Of all our gambols on the green, To aid the bauld Imperial Queen, When the Most Christian shoars to strike, And fasheous Frederic gars her fike: Of Genoa, and the refistance Of Corfica without affiftance; Of wading var-freging Savona, And breaking fiddles at Cremona; What jaws of blood and gore it coft, Before a town is won or loft; How much the allied armies have been a' Propp'd by the monarch of Sardinia; Of popes, statholders, faith's defenders, Generals, marshals, and pretenders; Of treaties, ministers, and kings, And of a thousand other things; Of all which their conceptions dull Suits with the thickness of the scull. Yet with fuch stuff ane man be worried. That 's thro your city's gauntlet hurried.

But ah! (ye cry) ridotts and dances, With lasses trig that please your fancies, For five or fix gay hours complete, In circles of th' affembly fweet; Wha can forfake fo fair a field. Where all to conquering beauty yield? No doubt, while in this am'rous fit, Your next plea 's boxes and the pit; Where wit and humour of the age Flow entertaining from the stage; Where, if the drama's right conducted, Ane 's baith diverted and instructed.-Well, I shall grant it 'grees wi' reason; These have their charms in proper season, But must not be indulg'd too much, Lest they the faften'd faul bewitch. And faculties in fetters bind, That are for greater ends defign'd. Then rouze ye frae these dozing dreams, And view with me the golden beams Which Phœbus ilka morning pours Upon our plains adorn'd with flow'rs; With me thro' howms and meadows stray, Where wimpling waters make their way; Here, frae the aiks and elms around, You 'll hear the faft melodious found Of a' the quirifters on high, Whafe notes re-echo thro' the fky,

Better than concerts in your town, Yet do not cost you half a crown: Here blackbirds, mavifes, and linnets. Excel your fiddles, flutes, and spinnets; Our jetty rooks e'en far excels Your strim-strams and your jingling bells, As do the cloven-footed tribes, accompany at And ruftics whiftling o'er the glybes. Here we with little labour gain Firm health, with all its joyful train: Silent repofe, the cheerful fmile Which can intruding cares beguile: Here fragrant flow'rs of tinctures bright, Regale the fmell and please the fight, And make the fprings of life to flow Through every vein with kindly glow, Giving the cheek a rofy tint Excelling all the arts of paint. If cauld or rain keep us within, We 've rooms neat, warm, and free from din; Where, in the well-digefted pages, We can converse with by-past ages; And oft, to fet our dumps adrift, We fmile with Prior, Gay, and Swift; Or with great Newton take a flight Amongst the rolling orbs of light; With Milton, Pope, and all the rest Who fmoothly copy nature best:

From those inspir'd, we often find what brightens and improves the mind, And carry men a pitch beyond Those views of which low souls are fond. This hinders not the jocund smile With mirth to mix the moral stile; In conversation this being right, As is in painting shade and light.

This is the life poets have fung, Wish'd for, my friend, by auld and young; By all who would heaven's favour share: Where least ambition, least of care Disturbs the mind; where virtuous ease And temperance never fail to please.

ALLAN RAMSAY.

PENNYCUICK,
May 1748.

AN EPISTLE TO JAMES CLERK, ESQ. OF PENNYCUICK.

A year wheels round, we him about

With a patrime of cant

BLYTH may he be wha o'er the haugh, All free of care, may fing and laugh; Whafe owfen lunges o'er a plain Of wide extent, that 's a' his ain. No humdrum fears need break his rest, Wha's not with debts and duns opprest; Wha has enough, even tho' it's little, If it can ward frae dangers kittle, That chiels, fated to skelp vile dubs thro', For living are oblig'd to rub thro', To fend by troaking, buying, felling, The profit 's aft no worth the telling. When aft'er, in ane honest way, We 've gained by them that timely pay, In comes a customer, looks big, Looks generous, and fcorns to prig, Buys heartily, bids mark it down, He'll clear before he leaves the town;

Which,

Which, tho' they fay 't, they ne'er intend it; We 're bitten fair, but canna mend it. A vear wheels round, we hing about; He 's fleeping, or he 's just gane out: If catch'd, he glooms like ony devil, Swears braid, and calls us damn'd uncivil: Or aft our doited lugs abuses, With a ratrime of cant excuses; And promises they stoutly ban to, Whilk they have ne'er a mind to stand to. As lang's their credit hads the feet o't, They hound it round to feek the meat o't, Till jointly we begin to gaud them, And Edinburgh grows o'er het to had them : Then aff they to the country fcowp, And reave us baith of cash and hope. Syne we, the lovers of fair dealing, Wha deem ill payment next to stealing, Rin wood with care how we shall pay Our bills against the destin'd day; For lame excuse the banker fcorns, And terrifies with caps and horns; Nae trader stands of trader awe, But nolens volens gars him draw.

'Tis hard to be laigh poortith's flave, And like a man of worth behave; What creeps beneath a laid of care, When interest points he 's gleg and gare, And will at naithing stap or stand, That reeks him out a helping hand.

But here, dear Sir, do not mistake me, As if grace did fae far forfake me, As to allege that all poor fellows, Unblest with wealth, deferv'd the gallows. Na, God forbid that I should spell Sae vile a fortune to myfell, Tho' born to not ae inch of ground, I keep my conscience white and found; And tho' I ne'er was a rich heaper, To make that up I live the cheaper; By this ae knack I 've made a shift To drive ambitious care a-drift; And now in years and fense grown auld, In ease I like my limbs to fauld. Debts I abhor, and plan to be Frae shochling trade and danger free, That I may, loos'd frae care and strife, With calmness view the edge of life; And when a full ripe age shall crave, Slide eafily into my grave. Now feventy years are o'er my head, And thirty mae may lay me dead; day al

Should

Should dreary care then flunt my muse,
And gar me aft her jogg resuse?
Sir, I have sung, and yet may sing,
Sonnets that o'er the dales may ring,
And in gash glee couch moral saw,
Reese virtue and keep vice in awe;
Make villainy look black and blue,
And give distinguish'd worth its due;
Fix its immortal same in verse,
That men till doomsday shall rehearse.

I have it even within my pow'r,
The very kirk itself to scow'r,
And that you 'll say 's a brag right bauld;
But did not Lindsay this of auld?
Sir David's satyres help'd our nation
To carry on the Reformation,
And gave the scarlet whore a box
Mair snell than all the pelts of Knox.

Thus far, Sir, with no mean defign,
To you I 've poured out my mind,
And sketch'd you forth the toil and pain
Of them that have their bread to gain
With cares laborious, that you may,
In your blest sphere be ever gay,

Enjoying

Enjoying life with all that spirit That your good fense and virtues merit. Adieu, and ma' ye as happy be As ever shall be wish'd by me,

> Your ever obliged. humble fervant,

PENNYCUICK. May 9, 1755. oils eaved they with would and

ALLAN RAMSAY.

Enjoying life with all that figirities years bloods. That your good feals and virtues merit, are to be dien and ma've as happy be one are to be the body of the state of the s

1728.

TO A. R. ON THE POVERTY OF THE POETS.

DEAR Allan, with your leave, allow me
To ask you but one question civil;
Why thou 'rt a poet pray thee show me,
And not as poor as any devil?

I own your verses make me gay,
But as right poet still I doubt ye;
For we hear tell benorth the Tay,
That nothing looks like want about ye.

In answer then, attempt folution,
Why poverty torments your gang?
And by what fortitude and caution
Thou guards thee from its meagre fang?

Yours, &c.

W. L.

THE ANSWER.

SIR,

THAT mony a thriftless poet 's poor, Is what they very well deserve, Cause aft their muse turns common whore, And flatters fools that let them starve.

Ne'er minding business, they lye,
Indulging sloth, in garret couches,
And gape like gorblins to the sky,
With hungry wames and empty pouches.

Dear billies, tak advice for anes,

If ye'd hope honour by the muse,
Rather to masons carry stanes,
Than for your patrons blockheads chuse:

For there 's in nature's fecret laws
Of fympath and antipathy,
Which is, and will be fill the cause,
Why fools and wits can ne'er agree.

A wee thing ferves a cheerfu' mind

That is difpos'd to be contented,

But he nae happiness can find

That is with pride and sloth tormented.

Still cautious to prevent a dun,
With caps and horns on bills and bands;
The fweets of life I quietly cun,
And answer nature's small demands.

Lucky for me, I never fang
Fause praises to a worthless wight,
And still took pleasure in the thrang
Of them wha in good sense delight.

To fuch I owe what gave the rife

To ought thou in my verse esteems,

And, Phoebe like, in darker skies,

I but reslect their brighter beams.



g fertes a claratin' mart afgos'd to be contented: happinels can find with uside and floth toring

FABLES AND TALES.

tions, the same in the same of the same

Sell contains to prevent a day.

1722—1730.

" quier's Lettery " heles to keep me bumble, though I awa is

ADVERTISEMENT.

Some of the following are taken from Messieurs la Fontaine and la Motte, whom I have endeavoured to make speak Scots with as much ease as I can; at the same time aiming at the fpirit of these eminent authors, without being too servile a translator. If my manner of expressing a design already invented have any particularity that is agreeable, good judges will allow fuch imitations to be originals formed upon the idea of another. Others, who drudge at the dull verbatim, are like timorous attendants, who dare not move one pace without their mafter's leave, and are never from their back but when they are not able to come up with them.

Those amongst them which are my own invention, with refpect to the plot as well as the numbers, I leave the reader to find out; or if he think it worth his while to ask me, I shall tell him.

If this Collection prove acceptable, as I hope it will, I know not how far the love I have for this manner of writing may engage me to be divertingly useful. Instruction in such a drefs is fitted for every palate, and strongly imprints a good moral upon the mind. When I think on the "Clock and " the Dial," I am never upon the blush, although I should fit in company ten minutes without speaking. The thoughts of the "Fox and Rat" has hindered me fometimes from difobliging a person I did not much value. " The Wife " Lizard" makes me content with low life. "The Judg-

· 66 ment VOL. II.

" ment of Minos" gives me a difgust at avarice; and "Ju" piter's Lottery" helps to keep me humble, though I own it
has e'en enough ado wi't, &c.

A man who has his mind furnished with such a stock of good fense as may be had from those excellent Fables, which has been approved of by ages, is proof against the insults of all those mistaken notions which so much harass human life; and what is life without serenity of mind?

How much of a philosopher is this same moral muse like to make of me!—"But," says one, "ay, ay, you're a canny lad, "ye want to make the other penny by her."—Positively I dare not altogether deny this, no more than if I were a elergyman or physician; and although all of us love to be ferviceable to the world, even for the sake of bare naked virtue, yet approbation and encouragement make our diligence still more delightful.



Important truths still let your Fables hold,
And moral mysteries with art unfold:
As veils transparent cover, but not hide;
Such metaphors appear, when right apply'd.

Lansdowne.

AN EPISTLE TO DUNCAN FORES, LORD ADVOCATE.

Shut in a closet fix foot square,

No fash'd with meikle wealth or care,

I pass the live-lang day;

Yet some ambitious thoughts I have,

Which will attend me to my grave,

Sic busked baits they lay.

These keep my fancy on the wing,
Something that 's blyth and fnack to fing,
And smooth the runkled brow:
Thus care I happily beguile,
Hoping a plaudit and a smile
Frae best of men, like you.

You wha in kittle casts of state,
When property demands debate,
Can right what is done wrang;
Yet blythly can, when ye think sit,
Enjoy your friend, and judge the wit
And slidness of a sang.

How mony, your reverse, unblest,
Whase minds gae wand'ring thro' a mist,
Proud as the thief in hell,
Pretend, forsooth, they 're gentle-fowk,
'Cause chance gi'es them of gear the yowk,
And better chiels the shell!

I 've feen a wean aft vex itfell,

And greet because it was not tall:

Heez'd on a board, O! than,

Rejoicing in the artfu' height,

How smirky look'd the little wight,

And thought itsell a man!

Sic bairns are some, blawn up a wee
With splendor, wealth, and quality,
Upon these stills grown vain,
They o'er the pows of poor sowk stride,
And neither are to had nor bide,
Thinking this height their ain.

Now shou'd ane speer at sic a puff,
What gars thee look sae big and bluff?

Is 't an attending menzie?
Or sifty dishes on your table?
Or sifty horses in your stable?
Or heaps of glancing cunzie?

Are these the things thou ca's thysell?

Come, vain gigantic shadow, tell;

If thou sayest yes, I 'll shaw

Thy picture; mean's thy filly mind,

Thy wit's a croil, thy judgment blind,

And love worth nought ava.

Accept our praise, ye nobly born,
Whom heaven takes pleasure to adorn
With ilka manly gift;
In courts or camps to serve your nation,
Warm'd with that generous emulation
Which your forbears did lift.

In duty, with delight, to you

Th' inferior world do juftly bow,

While you 're the maift deny'd;

Yet shall your worth be ever priz'd,

When strutting nathings are despis'd,

With a' their stinking pride.

This to fet aff as I am able,

I 'll frae a Frenchman thigg a fable,

And bufk it in a plaid;

And tho' it be a bairn of Motte's *,

When I have taught it to fpeak Scots,

I am its fecond dad.

^{*} Monf. la Motte, who has written lately a curious Collection of Fables, from which the following is imitated.

et I dimia llay se moment imper '-

FABLE I. BLAN MANUEL SE

THE TWA BOOKS.

Twa books, near neighbours in a shop,
The tane a gilded Turky sop;
The tither's face was weather-beaten,
And cauf-skin jacket sair worm-eaten.
The corky, proud of his braw suit,
Curl'd up his nose, and thus cry'd out:

- " Ah! place me on some fresher binks;
- " Figh! how this mouldy creature stinks!
- " How can a gentle book like me
- " Endure fic fcoundrel company!
- "What may fowk fay to fee me cling
- " Sae close to this auld ugly thing,
- " But that I'm of a simple spirit,
- " And difregard my proper merit!"-

Quoth grey-baird, "Whisht, Sir, with your din;

- " For a' your meritorious skin,
- " I doubt if you be worth within:
- " For as auld-fashion'd as I look,
- " May be I am the better book."-
- "O heavens! I canna thole the clash
- " Of this impertinent auld hash;

" I winna stay ae moment langer."-

" My lord, please to command your anger;

66 Pray only let me tell you that-"

What wad this infolent be at?

"Rot out your tongue! pray, master Symmer,

"Remove me frae this dinfome rhymer;

" If you regard your reputation,

" And us of a distinguish'd station,

" Hence frae this beast let me be hurried,

" For with his ftour and flink I'm worried."

Scarce had he shook his paughty crap,
When in a customer did pap;
He up douse Stanza lists, and eyes him,
Turns o'er his leaves, admires, and buys him:
"This book," faid he, "is good and scarce,
"The saul of sense in sweetest verse."
But reading title of gilt cleathing,
Cries, "Gods! wha buys this bonny naithing?
"Nought duller e'er was put in print:
"Wow! what a deal of Turky's tint!"

Now, Sir, t' apply what we 've invented:
You are the buyer represented;
And may your servant hope
My lays shall merit your regard,
I'll thank the gods for my reward,

And fmile at ilka fop.

FABLE II.

THE CLOCK AND THE DIAL.

AE day a Clock wad brag a Dial, And put his qualities to trial; Spake to him thus: "My neighbour, pray" "Can'st tell me what 's the time of day?" The Dial said, "I dinna ken."—

- " Alake! what stand ye there for then?"-
- " I wait here till the fun shines bright,
- " For nought I ken but by his light."-
- " Wait on," quoth Clock, " I fcorn his help;
- " Baith night and day my lane I skelp:
- " Wind up my weights but anes a week,
- " Without him I can gang and speak;
- " Nor like an useless sumph I stand,
- " But constantly wheel round my hand:
- " Hark, hark! I strike just now the hour,
- " And I am right-ane, twa, three, four."

While thus the Clock was boafting loud, The bleezing fun brak thro' a cloud: The Dial, faithfu' to his guide, Spake truth, and laid the thumper's pride:

- "Ye fee," faid he, "I 've dung you fair,
- "Tis four hours and three quarters mair.
- " My friend," he added, " count again,
- " And learn a wee to be less vain;
- " Ne'er brag of constant clavering cant,
- " And that you answers never want;
- " For you 're not ay to be believ'd,
- " Wha trust to you may be deceiv'd.
- " Be counsell'd to behave like me;
- " For when I dinna clearly fee,
- " I always own I dinna ken,
- " And that 's the way of wifest men."

s bevor ! In the therefore will

FABLE III.

THE RAM AND THE BUCK.

A RAM, the father of a flock, Wha'd mony winters flood the flock Of northern winds and driving fnaw. Leading his family in a raw, Through wreaths that clad the laigher field. And drave them frae the lowner bield, To crop contented frozen fare, With honesty on hills blown bare: This Ram, of upright hardy fpirit, Was really a horn'd head of merit. Unlike him was a neighbouring Goat, A mean-faul'd, cheating, thieving fot, That the possest of rocks the prime, Crown'd with fresh herbs and rowth of thyme, Yet, flave to pilfering, his delight Was to break gardens ilka night, And round him steal, and aft destroy Even things he never could enjoy; The pleafure of a dirty mind, That is fae viciously inclin'd.

Upon a barrowing day, when fleet Made twinters and hog-wedders bleet, And quake with cauld; behind a ruck Met honest Toop and sneaking Buck; Frae chin to tail clad with thick hair, He bad defiance to thin air; But trusty Toop his fleece had riven, When he amang the birns was driven: Half naked the brave leader stood, His look compos'd, unmov'd his mood: When thus the Goat, that had tint a' His credit baith with great and sma', Shun'd by them as a pest, wad fain New friendship with this worthy gain:

- " Ram, fay, shall I give you a part
- " Of mine? I 'll do 't with all my heart:
- "Tis yet a lang cauld month to Beltan,
- "And ye 've a very ragged kelt on;
- " Accept, I pray, what I can spare,
- "To clout your doublet with my hair."

[&]quot;No," fays the Ram, "tho' my coat's torn,

[&]quot;Yet ken, thou worthless, that I fcorn

[&]quot; To be oblig'd at any price

[&]quot;To fic as you, whose friendship 's vice:

- " I'd have less favour frae the best,
- " Clad in a hatefu' hairy vest
- " Bestow'd by thee, than as I now
- " Stand but ill dreft in native woo'.
- " Boons frae the generous make ane smile;
- " From miscreants, make receivers vile."

A nympa with Ilka beauty grac'd, As morning by her toiles plac'd, Where the leal-hearted Looking-gla With truths address the leaders of

- " To do ye julioc, heavenly fair,
- dimailt in charms ye may compare
- With Venus fell; but mind amail
 - " For the you're happily possest
- f. Of ilka grace which claims refrect,
- Section blood no william ed I to T. "
 - 1 Town they only miles are.
 - Yet of importance to the fair
- " What figuifies that patch o'er braid
- With which your roly cheek 's o'crisid?
 - " Your natural beauties you beguile
 - " By that too much affected fmile;
 - Saften that look; move ay with cafe,
 - "And you can never fail to pleafe."

" Classical hairy with a result."

FABLE IV.

THE LOVELY LASS AND THE MIRROR.

A NYMPH with ilka beauty grac'd, Ae morning by her toilet plac'd, Where the leal-hearted Looking-glass With truths address the lovely Lass.

- " To do ye justice, heavenly fair,
- " Amaist in charms ye may compare
- " With Venus' fell; but mind amaist,
- " For tho' you 're happily possest
- " Of ilka grace which claims respect,
- "Yet I see faults you should correct;
- " I own they only trifles are,
- "Yet of importance to the fair:
- " What fignifies that patch o'er braid,
- With which your rofy cheek's o'erlaid?
- "Your natural beauties you beguile,
- " By that too much affected fmile;
- " Saften that look; move ay with eafe,
- " And you can never fail to pleafe."

Those kind advices she approv'd,
And mair her monitor she lov'd,
Till in came visitants a threave;
To entertain them she man leave
Her Looking-glass.—They sleetching praise
Her looks, her dress, and a' she says,
Be 't right or wrang; she 's hale complete,
And fails in naithing fair or sweet.
Sae much was said, the bonny Lass
Forgat her faithfu' Looking-glass.

Age order d Hermes, in his par

Ear happy he to whom wad in Wildom, the biguest brize of a .

Hopes of attaining things the bell, Made up the mail! feck of the reft.

love a' received, ky, gains, and ews,

Clarinda, this dear beautie's you,

The mirror is ane good and wife,
Wha, by his counfels just, can shew
How nobles may to greatness rife.
God bless the wark!—If you're opprest
By parasites with fause design,
Then will sic faithfu' mirrors best
These under-plotters countermine.

FABLE V.

JUPITER'S LOTTERY.

Anes Jove, by ae great act of grace, Wad gratify his human race, And order'd Hermes, in his name. With tout of trumpet to proclaim A royal lott'ry frae the skies, Where ilka ticket was a prize. Nor was there need for ten per cent. To pay advance for money lent; Nor brokers nor stock-jobbers here Were thol'd to cheat fowk of their gear: The first-rate benefits were health, Pleafures, honours, empire, and wealth; But happy he to whom wad fa' Wisdom, the highest prize of a'. Hopes of attaining things the best, Made up the maist feck of the rest. Now ilka ticket fald with eafe. At altars, for a facrifice: Tove a' receiv'd, ky, gaits, and ews, Moor-cocks, lambs, dows, or bawbee-rows;

Nor wad debar e'en a poor droll, and and a Wha nought cou'd gi'e but his parol. Sae kind was he no to exclude Poor wights for want of wealth or blood; Even whiles the gods, as record tells, Bought feveral tickets for themfells. When fou, and lots put in the wheel, Aft were they turn'd to mix them weel; Blind Chance to draw Jove order'd fyne, That nane with reason might repine. He drew, and Mercury was clark, The number, prize, and name to mark. Now hopes by millions fast came forth, But feldom prizes of mair worth, Sic as dominion, wealth, and state, True friends, and lovers fortunate. Wisdom at last, the greatest prize, Comes up :- aloud clark Hermes cries, " Number ten thousand; come, let 's see " The person blest." - Quoth Pallas, " Me." Then a' the gods for blythness fang, Thro' heaven glad acclamations rang; While mankind, grumbling, laid the wyte On them, and ca'd the hale a byte. "Yes," cry'd ilk ane, with fobbing heart,

"Kind Jove has play'd a parent's part,

" Wha did this prize to Pallas fend,

" While we 're fneg'd off at the wob's end."

Soon

Soon to their clamours Jove took tent,
To punish which to wark he went:
He straight with follies fill'd the wheel;
In wisdom's place they did as weel,
For ilka ane wha folly drew,
In their conceit a' fages grew:
Sae, thus contented, a' retir'd,
And ilka fool himself admir'd.

FABLE VI.

THE MISER AND MINOS.

SHORT fyne there was a wretched miser, With pinching had fcrap'd up a treafure; Yet frae his hoords he doughtna take As much wou'd buy a mutton stake, Or take a glass to comfort nature, But scrimply fed on crumbs and water: In short, he famish'd 'midst his plenty; Which made furviving kindred canty, Wha fcarcely for him pat on black, And only in his loof a plack, Which even they grudg'd: fic is the way Of them wha fa' upon the prey; They 'll scarce row up the wretch's feet, Sae scrimp they make his winding-sheet, Tho' he shou'd leave a vast estate, And heaps of gowd like Arthur's Seat.

Well, down the starving ghaist did sink, Till it fell on the Stygian brink;

Where

Where auld Van Charon stood and raught His wither'd loof out for his fraught; But them that wanted wherewitha', He dang them back to stand and blaw. The Mifer lang being us'd to fave, Fand this, and wadna passage crave; But shaw'd the ferryman a knack, Jumpt in, fwam o'er, and hain'd his plack. Charon might damn, and fink, and roar; But a' in vain, he gain'd the shore. Arriv'd, the three-pow'd dog of hell Gowl'd terrible a triple yell; Which rous'd the fnaky fifters three, Wha furious on this wight did flee, Wha 'd play'd the fmuggler on their coast, By which Pluto his dues had loft; Then brought him for this trick fae hainous Afore the bench of justice Minos.

The case was new, and very kittle, Which puzzl'd a' the court na little; Thought after thought with unco' speed Flew round within the judge's head, To find what punishment was due For sic a daring crime, and new. Shou'd he the plague of Tantal. feel? Or stented be on Ixion's wheel?

Or flung wi' bauld Prometheus' pain? Or help Syfiph. to row his flane? Or fent amang the wicked rout, To fill the tub that ay rins out?—

- " No, no," continues Minos," no;
- " Weak are our punishments below
- " For fic a crime; he man be hurl'd
- " Straight back again into the world:
- " I fentence him to fee and hear
- " What use his friends make of his gear."

FABLE VII.

THE APE AND THE LEOPARD.

THE Ape and Leopard, beafts for show, The first a wit, the last a beau, To make a penny at a fair, Advertis'd a' their parts fae rare. The tane gae out with meikle wind, His beauty 'boon the brutal kind: Said he, "I'm kend baith far and near,

- " Even kings are pleas'd when I appear:
- " And when I yield my vital puff,
- " Queens of my skin will make a muff;
- " My fur fae delicate and fine,
- " With various fpots does fleekly shine."

Now lads and laffes fast did rin To fee the beaft with bonny skin: His keeper shaw'd him round about : They faw him foon, and foon came out,

But master Monkey, with an air, Hapt out, and thus harangu'd the fair:

" Come,

- " Come, gentlemen, and ladies bonny,
- " I 'll give ye pastime for your money:
- " I can perform, to raife your wonder,
- " Of pawky tricks mae than a hunder.
- " My cousin Spotty, true he 's braw,
- " He has a curious fuit to shaw,
- " And naithing mair.—But frae my mind
- " Ye shall blyth satisfaction find:
- " Sometimes I'll act a chiel that 's dull,
- " Look thoughtfu', grave, and wag my fcull;
- " Then mimic a light-headed rake,
- " When on a tow my houghs I shake;
- " Sometime, like modern monks, I 'll feem
- "To make a fpeech, and naithing mean.
- " But come away, ye needna speer
- " What ye 're to pay, I'se no be dear;
- " And if ye grudge for want of sport,
- "I'll give it back t' ye at the port."
 The Ape fucceeded; in fowk went;
 Stay'd long, and came out well content.
 Sae much will wit and fpirit please,
 Beyond our shape, and brawest claiths.
 How mony, ah! of our fine gallants

FABLE VIII.

THE ASS AND THE BROCK

Upon a time a folemn Ass Was dand'ring thro' a narrow pass, Where he forgather'd with a Brock, Wha him faluted frae a rock; Speer'd how he did? how markets gade? What 's a' ve'r news? and how is trade? How does Jock Stot and Lucky Yad, Tam Tup, and Bucky, honest lad?— Reply'd the Afs, and made a heel,

- " E'en a' the better that ye 're weel:
- "But Jackanapes and fnarling Fitty
- "Are grown fae wicked, (fome ca's 't witty,)
- "That we wha folid are and grave,
- " Nae peace on our ain howms can have;
- " While we are bify gathering gear,
- "Upon a brae they 'll fit and fneer.
- "If ane shou'd chance to breathe behin'.
- " Or ha'e fome flaver at his chin,
- " Or 'gainst a tree shou'd rub his arse,
- "That 's subject for a winsome farce.

" There

- "There draw they me, as void of thinking;
- " And you, my dear, famous for stinking;
- " And the bauld birfy bair, your frien',
- " A glutton, dirty to the een:
- " By laughing dogs and apes abus'd,
- " Wha is 't can thole to be fae us'd!"
- "Dear me! heh! wow! and fay ye fae?"
 Return'd the Brock:—"I'm unko wae,
- "To fee this flood of wit break in:
- " O fcour about, and ca't a fin;
- "Stout are your lungs, your voice is loud,
- " And ought will pass upon the crowd."

The Ass thought this advice was right,
And bang'd away with a' his might:
Stood on a know among the cattle,
And furiously 'gainst wit did rattle:
Pour'd out a deluge of dull phrases;
While dogs and apes leugh, and made faces.
Thus a' the angry Ass held forth
Serv'd only to augment their mirth.

count a fill with above into account a street in Table

FABLE IX.

THE FOX AND THE RAT.

THE lion and the tyger lang maintain'd A bloody weir: at last the lion gain'd. The royal victor strak the earth with awe, And the four-footed world obey'd his law. Frae ilka species deputies were fent, To pay their homage due, and compliment Their fov'reign liege, wha'd gart the rebels cour And own his royal right and princely power. After dispute, the moniest votes agree That Reynard should address his majesty, Ulyffes-like, in name of a' the lave; Wha thus went on :- "O prince! allow thy flave "To reese thy brave atchievements and renown;

- " Nane but thy daring front shou'd wear the ec crown,
- "Wha art like Jove, whafe thunderbolt can make "The heavens be hush, and a' the earth to shake;
- Whafe very gloom, if he but angry nods,
- " Commands a peace, and flegs th' inferior gods.
- "Thus thou, great king, hast by thy conqu'ring « paw
- "Gi'en earth a shog, and made thy will a law:

" Thee

- "Thee a' the animals with fear adore,
- " And tremble if thou with displeasure roar;
- " O'er a' thou canst us eith thy sceptre sway,
- " As badrans can with cheeping rottans play."

This fentence vex'd the envoy rottan fair;
He threw his gab, and girn'd; but durst nae mair.
The monarch pleas'd with Lowry, wha durst gloom?

A warrant's ordered for a good round fum. Which dragon, lord chief treasurer, must pay To fly-tongu'd Fleechy on a certain day; Which fecretary ape in form wrote down, Sign'd, Lion, and a wee beneath, Baboon.-'Tis given the Fox.-Now Bobtail, tap o' kin, Made rich at anes, is nor to had nor bin: He dreams of nought but pleafure, joy, and peace, Now blest with wealth to purchase hens and geese. Yet in his loof he hadna tell'd the gowd. And yet the Rottan's breast with anger glow'd. He vow'd revenge, and watch'd it night and day: He took the tid when Lowry was away, And thro' a hole into his closet flips, There chews the warrant a' in little nips. Thus what the Fox had for his flatt'ry gotten, E'en frae a Lion, was made nought by an offended Rottan.

FABLE X.

THE CATERPILLAR AND THE ANT.

A PENSY Ant, right trig and clean, Came ae day whidding o'er the green; Where, to advance her pride, she saw A Caterpillar moving slaw.

- "Good ev'n t' ye, mistress Ant," said he;
- "How's a' at hame? I'm blyth to s' ye."
 The faucy Ant view'd him with fcorn,

Nor wad civilities return;

But gecking up her head, quoth she,

- " Poor animal! I pity thee;
- " Wha fcarce can claim to be a creature,
- " But fome experiment of nature,
- " Whafe filly shape displeas'd her eye,
- " And thus unfinish'd was flung bye.
- " For me, I 'm made with better grace,
- "With active limbs, and lively face;
- " And cleverly can move with eafe
- " Frae place to place where'er I please;
- " Can foot a minuet or a jig,
- " And fnoov 't like ony whirly-gig;

" Which

- " Which gars my jo aft grip my hand,
- " Till his heart pitty-pattys, and
- " But laigh my qualities I bring,
- " To stand up clashing with a thing,
- " A creeping thing the like of thee,
- " Not worthy of a farewell t' ye."
 The airy ant fyne turn'd awa,
 And left him with a proud gaffa.
 The Caterpillar was ftruck dumb,
 And never answer'd her a mum:
 The humble reptile fand some pain,
 Thus to be banter'd with disdain.

But tent neift time the Ant came by,
The worm was grown a Butterfly:
Transparent were his wings and fair,
Which bare him flight'ring thro' the air.
Upon a flower he stapt his flight,
And thinking on his former slight,
Thus to the Ant himself addrest:

- " Pray, Madam, will ye please to rest?
- " And notice what I now advise:
- " Inferiors ne'er too much despise,
- " For fortune may gi'e fic a turn,
- " To raise aboon ye what ye scorn:
- " For instance, now I spread my wing
- " In air, while you 're a creeping thing."

FABLE XI.

THE TWA CATS AND THE CHEESE.

Twa Cats anes on a cheefe did light,

To which baith had an equal right; But disputes, fic as aft arise, Fell out a sharing of the prize. " Fair play," faid ane, " ye bite o'er thick, "Thae teeth of yours gang wonder quick! " Let 's part it, else lang or the moon "Be chang'd, the kebuck will be doon." But wha 's to do 't? they 're parties baith, And ane may do the other skaith: Sae with confent away they trudge, And laid the cheese before a judge: A monkey with a campsho face, Clerk to a justice of the peace. A judge he feem'd in justice skill'd, When he his master's chair had fill'd: Now umpire chosen for division, Baith fware to stand by his decision.

Demure

Demure he looks; the cheefe he pales; He prives, it 's good; ca's for the scales; His knife whops throw 't, in twa it fell; He puts ilk haff in either shell. Said he, "We 'll truly weigh the cafe, " And strictest justice shall have place." Then lifting up the scales, he fand The tane bang up, the other stand: Syne out he took the heaviest haff, And eat a knoost o't quickly aff; And try'd it fyne :- it now prov'd light :-" Friend Cats," faid he, we 'll do ye right." Then to the ither haff he fell, And laid till 't teughly tooth and nail; Till weigh'd again, it lightest prov'd. The judge, wha this fweet process lov'd, Still weigh'd the cafe, and still ate on, Till clients baith were weary grown; And tenting how the matter went, Cry'd, "Come, come, Sir, we're baith concc tent."

"Ye fools!" quoth he, "and justice too
"Man be content as well as you."
Thus grumbled they, thus he went on,
Till baith the haves were near-hand done.
Poor Pousies now the daffin faw,
Of gawn for nignyes to the law;

And bill'd the judge, that he wad please To give them the remaining cheese. To which his worship grave reply'd;

- "The dues of court man first be paid.—
- " Now justice pleas'd, what 's to the fore
- "Will but right scrimply clear your score;
- "That 's our decreet :- gae hame and fleep,
- " And thank us ye 're win aff fae cheap."

Had not a tinite come in the mick.

FABLE XII.

THE CAMELEON.

Twa travellers, as they were wa'king,
'Bout the Cameleon fell a ta'king;
Sic think it shaws them mettled men,
To fay I 've feen, and ought to ken.
Says ane, "It 's a strange beast indeed!

Says ane, "It's a Itrange bealt indeed!"
"Four-footed, with a fish's head;

" A little bowk, with a lang tail, bowly I

" And moves far flawer than a fnail;

" Of colour like a blawart blue—" Reply'd his nibour, "That's no true;

"For well I wat his colour's green,

" If ane may true his ain twa een;

" For I in fun-shine saw him fair,

"When he was dining on the air."-

" Excuse me," says the ither blade, " bnA

" I faw him better in the shade, I would be start of the start of the

"And he is blue."—"He 's green, I 'm

"Ye lied."—"And ye're the fon of a whore."

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Frae words there had been cuff and kick, Had not a third come in the nick, Wha tenting them in this rough mood, Cry'd, "Gentlemen, what, are ye wood?

"What 's ye'r quarrel, and 't may be "fpeer'd?"—

"Truth," fays the tane; "Sir, ye shall hear 't:

"The Cameleon, I fay he 's blue;

"He threaps, he 's green: now what fay

"Ne'er fash ye'rsells about the matter,"
Says the sagacious arbitrator,

" He 's black; fae nane of you are right;

"I view'd him well with candle-light;

"And have it in my pocket here, " Link a

"Row'd in my napkin hale and feer."-

" Fy!" faid ae cangler, " what d' ye mean?

" I 'll lay my lugs on 't that he 's green,"
Said th' ither, " Were I gawn to death,

" I'd fwear he's blue, with my last breath."-

"He's black," the judge maintain'd ay ftout;
And to convince them, whop'd him out:
But to furprize to ane and a',
The animal was white as fnaw;
And thus reprov'd them: "Shallow boys!

"Away, away, make nae mair noise:

" Ye 're

- "Ye 're a' three wrang, and a' three right;
- " But learn to own your nibours' fight
- " As good as yours: your judgment speak,
- "But never be fae daftly weak,
- " T' imagine ithers will by force
- "Submit their fentiments to yours;
 "As things in various lights ye fee,
- "They 'll ilka ane refemble me."

" Honour, religible, and a great name;
" And man with gaping jaws have thor'd,
" Syne like a paged been ador'd,"

we be the indeed and that 's lot a' :

Curff fate to one that has a faul!

FABLE XIII.

THE TWA LIZARDS.

Beneath a tree, ae shining day, On a burn bank twa Lizards lay, Beeking themsells now in the beams, Then drinking of the cauller streams.

- "Waes me!" fays ane of them to th' ither,
- " How mean and filly live we, brither!
- "Beneath the moon is ought fae poor,
- "Regarded less, or mair obscure?
- "We breathe indeed, and that 's just a';
- " But, forc'd by destiny's hard law,
- " On earth like worms to creep and fprawl;
- " Curst fate to ane that has a faul!
- " Forby, gin we may trow report,
- " In Nilus giant Lizards sport,
- " Ca'd crocodiles: ah! had I been
- " Of fic a fize, upon the green
- " Then might I had my skair of fame,
- " Honour, respect, and a great name;
- " And man with gaping jaws have shor'd,
- " Syne like a pagod been ador'd."

- " Ah, friend !" replies the ither Lizard, I
- "What makes this grumbling in thy gizzard?
- "What cause have ye to be uneasy?
- " Cannot the sweets of freedom please ye?
- "We, free frae trouble, toil, or care, and and
- " Enjoy the fun, the earth, and air, was 10
- "The crystal spring, and greenwood shaw,
- "And beildy holes when tempests blaw.
- " Why fhould we fret, look blae or wan,
- "Tho' we 're contemn'd by paughty man?
- "If fae, let 's in return be wife, " " If fae, let 's in return be wife, " If fae, let 's in return be
- "And that proud animal defpife."
 - " O fy!" returns th' ambitious beast,
- " How weak a fire now warms thy breaft!
- "It breaks my heart to live fae mean;
- " I'd like t' attract the gazer's een,
- " And be admir'd. What stately horns
- "The deer's majestic brow adorns!
- "He claims our wonder and our dread,
- " Where'er he heaves his haughty head.
- " What envy a' my spirit fires,
- " When he in clearest pools admires
- " His various beauties with delyte;
- " I 'm like to drown myfelf with fpite."

Thus he held forth; when straight a pack Of hounds, and hunters at their back,

Ran down a deer before their face,
Breathless and wearied with the chace:
The dogs upon the victim feize,
And beugles found his obsequies.
But neither men nor dogs took tent
Of our wee Lizards on the bent;
While hungry Bawty, Buff, and Tray,
Devour'd the paunches of the prey.

Soon as the bloody deed was past, The Lizard wise the proud addrest:

- "Dear cousin, now pray let me hear
- " How wad ye like to be a deer?"
- " Ohon!" quoth he, convinc'd and wae,
- "Wha wad have thought it anes a-day?"
- "Well, be a private life my fate,
- "I 'll never envy mair the great:
- "That we are little fowk, that 's true;
- "But fae 's our cares and dangers too."

Tive he held forth a when throught a pack

Hermer obeys; and fingure flort, weeke But flies directly to the court :

For fure (shought he) the will be found brook ABLE XIV. on the test of

MERCURY IN QUEST OF PEACE. 110 926.

Where praifes and embraces ran,

But foon, alake! he was beguil'd; THE gods cooft out, as flory gaes, bank bak Some being friends, some being faes, he but To men in a befieged city: Thus fome frae spite, and some frae pity, Stood to their point with canker'd strictness, And leftna ither in dog's likeness. Juno ca'd Venus whore and bawd, Venus ca'd Juno scaulding Jad: E'en cripple Vulcan blew the low, Apollo ran to bend his bow, Dis shook his fork, Pallas her shield, and me Neptune his grape began to wield. "What plague!" cries Jupiter, "hey hoy!

- " Man this town prove anither Troy?
- " What, will you ever be at odds,
- " Till mankind think us foolish gods?
- " Hey! mistress Peace, make haste, appear." But madam was nae there to hear.
 - " Come, Hermes, wing thy heels and head,
 - " And find her out with a' thy speed:
 - "Trowth, this is bonny wark indeed!"

Hermes obeys, and staptna short,
But slies directly to the court;
For sure (thought he) she will be found
On that fair complimenting ground,
Where praises and embraces ran,
Like current coin, 'tween man and man.
But soon, alake! he was beguil'd;
And fand that courtiers only smil'd,
And with a formal flatt'ry treat ye,
That they mair sickerly might cheat ye.
Peace was na there, nor e'er could dwell
Where hidden envy makes a hell.

Niest to the ha', where justice stands With sword and balance in her hands, He slew; no that he thought to find her Between the accuser and defender; But sure he thought to find the wench Amang the fowk that fill the bench, Sae muckle gravity and grace Appear'd in ilka judge's face:

Even here he was deceiv'd again, For ilka judge stack to his ain Interpretation of the law, And vex'd themsells with had and draw.

Frae thence he flew straight to the kirk: In this he prov'd as daft a stirk, To look for Peace, where never three as W In ev'ry point cou'd e'er agree and woll " Ane his ain gait explain'd a text and and and Quite contrair to his neighbour next, quance And teughly toolied day and night and didW To gar believers trow them right b'diw ba

Then fair he figh'd: "Where can she be?—
"Well thought—the university: "Where can she be?—
"Science is ane, these man agree."
There did he bend his strides right clever,
But is as far mistane as ever;
For here contention and ill nature
Had runkled ilka learn'd feature:
Another ca'd the ancient rules,
Anither ca'd the ancients fools;
Here ane wad set his shanks aspar,
And reese the man that sang Troy war;
Anither ca's him Robin Kar.

Well, she 's no here.—Away he slies
To seek her amangst families:
Tout! what shou'd she do there, I wonder?
Dwells she with matrimonial thunder,
Where mates, some greedy, some deep drinkers,
Contend with thristless mates or jinkers?
This says 'tis black; and that, wi' spite,
Stifly maintains and threaps 'tis white.

Weary'd at last, quoth he, "Let's see
"How branches with their stocks agree."
But here he fand still his mistake;
Some parents cruel were, some weak;
While bairns ungratefu' did behave,
And wish'd their parents in the grave.

And wish'd their parents in the grave. " Has Jove then fent me 'mang thir fowk," Cry'd Hermes, "here to hunt the gowk? " Well I have made a waly round, " To feek what is not to be found." Just on the wing-towards a burn, A wee piece aff, his looks did turn; There mistress Peace he chanc'd to see Sitting beneath a willow tree. " And have I found ye at the last?" He cry'd aloud, and held her fast. " Here I refide," quoth fhe, and fmil'd, " With an auld hermit in this wild."-"Well, Madam," faid he, "I perceive "That ane may long your presence crave, "And miss ye still; but this seems plain, "To have ye, ane man be alane."

FABLE XV.

THE SPRING AND THE SYKE,

FED by a living Spring, a rill Flow'd eafily a-down a hill; it and windows A thousand flowers upon its bank his bank Flourish'd fu' fair, and grew right rank. Id A. Near to its course a Syke did lye, and sall Whilk was in fummer aften dry, And ne'er recover'd life again, danour and. But after foaking showers of rain; Then wad he fwell, look big and fprush, And o'er his margin proudly gush. Ae day, after great waughts of wet, He with the crystal current met, And ran him down with unco' din. Said he, "How poorly does thou rin! " See with what state I dash the brae, " Whilft thou canft hardly make thy way."

The Spring, with a fuperior air,
Said, "Sir, your brag gives me nae care,

- " For foon 's ye want your foreign aid,
- "Your paughty cracks will foon be laid:
- " Frae my ain head I have fupply,
- " But you must borrow, else rin dry."

Weary dat leaf query be we transport

THE PROPERTY AND PARTY AND PARTY.

FABLE XVI.

THE PHŒNIX AND THE OWL,

PHOENIX the first, th' Arabian lord,
And chief of all the feather'd kind,
A hundred ages had ador'd
The fun, with fanctity of mind.

Yet, mortal, ye man yield to fate;

He heard the fummons with a fmile,
And, unalarm'd, without regret,
He form'd himfell a fun'ral pile.

A Howlet, bird of mean degree,
Poor, dofen'd, lame, and doited auld,
Lay lurking in a neighb'ring tree,
Curfing the fun loot him be cauld.

Said Phœnix, "Brother, why so griev'd,
"To ban the Being gives thee breath?

"Learn to die better than thou 'st liv'd;
"Believe me, there 's nae ill in death."

eviled as my sinchest I have happly,

Believe much borrow, elle rin dry."

- "Believe ye that?" the Owl reply'd: " Preach as ye will, death is an ill:
- "When young I ilka pleafure try'd, " But now I die against my will.
- "For you, a species by yoursell, with mad't. " Near eeldins with the fun your god,
- " Nae ferly 'tis to hear you tell and before ! "Ye 're tir'd, and inclin'd to nod.
- " As lang upon the warld as ye,
- " Nae tears shou'd e'er drap frae my een, " For tinfel of my hollow tree."
- " And what," return'd th' Arabian fage, " Have ye t' observe ye have not seen?
- " Ae day 's the picture of an age, in the "Tis ay the same thing o'er again.
- " Come, let us baith together die: " Bow to the fun that gave thee life,
- " Repent thou frae his beams did flee, " And end thy poortith pain, and strife.
- " Thou wha in darkness took delight, " Frae pangs of guilt could'ft ne'er be free:
- " What won thou by thy shunning light ?-
 - " But time flies on, I haste to die."

"Ye'r fervant, Sir," reply'd the Owl, I likena in the dark to lowp:

"The byword ca's that chiel a fool, "That flips a certainty for hope."

Then straight the zealous feather'd king
To 's aromatic nest retir'd
Collected sun-beams with his wing,
And in a spicy slame expir'd.

Meantime there blew a westlin gale,
Which to the Howlet bore a coal;
The faint departed on his pile,
But the blasphemer in his hole:

He died for ever.—Fair and bright
The Phœnix frae his ashes sprang.
Thus wicked men sink down to night,
While just men join the glorious thrang.

Come, let us barn together die:

"Bow to the fun that gaverthee life,
Repen thou frae his beamsodid flee,

"And end the poortieh pains and thric.

Thou wha in dukness took delight,

Frac papes of guilt could'ft ne'er be fict;

won thou by thy shunning light:

'tice flict on, I halfe to die."

FABLE XVII.

THE BOY AND THE PIG

DEEP in a narrow craiged Pig Lay mony a dainty nut and fig. A greedy Callan, half a fot, Shot his wee nive into the pot. And thought to bring as mony out As a' his fangs cou'd gang about : But the strait neck o't wadna suffer The hand of this young foolish truffer, Sae struted, to return again, Which gae the gowkie nae fma' pain. He gowls to be fae disappointed, And drugs till he has 'maift disjointed His shekelbane. - Anither lad Stood by, wha fome mair judgment had; Said, "Billy, dinna grip at a', "And you with eafe a part may draw." This fame advice to men I'd lend; Ne'er for o'er much at anes contend. But take the cannyest gate to ease, owl divide And pike out joys by twas and threes.

FABLE XVIII.

THE MAN WITH THE TWA WIVES.

In ancient tales, there is a story, Of ane had twa Wives, whig and tory. The Carlie's head was now attir'd With hair, in equal mixture lyart. His Wives (faith ane might well fuffic'd Alternately was ay ill pleas'd: They being reverse to ane another In age and faith, made a curs'd pother Whilk of the twa shou'd bear the bell, And make their man maist like themsell. Auld Meg the tory took great care To weed out ilka fable hair, Plucking out all that look'd like youth, Frae crown of head to weeks of mouth; Saying, that baith in head and face, Antiquity was mark of grace. But Bess the whig, a raving rump, Took figmaliries, and wald jump, With fword and pistol by her side, And cock a-stride a rowing ride

On the hag-ridden fumph, and grapple Him hard and fast about the thrapple; And with her furious fingers whirle Frae youthfu' black ilk filver curle. Thus was he ferv'd between the twa, Till no ae hair he had ava.

MORAL.

THE moral of this fable 's eafy,
But I fall fpeak it out to pleafe ye.
'Tis an auld faying and a trow,
"Between twa stools the arfe fa's throw."
Thus Britain's morals are much plucked,
While by two opposites instructed;
Who still contending, have the trick
The strongest truths to contradict;
Tho' orthodox, they 'll error make it,
If party opposite has spake it.
Thus are we keytch'd between the twa,
Like to turn deists ane and a'.

The profect gut the twin Lion quaker-

" His for fome horsel last lee mony die; " Sac heaven permits. Then let us a' coulcis,

He ca's a council - " Ah! my friends," faid he,

FABLE XIX.

THE FABLE OF THE CONDEMNED ASS.

A DREADFUL plague, the like was findle feen,
Cast mony a beast wame upwards on the green:
By thousands down to Acheron they sank,
To dander ages on the dowie bank,
Because they lay unburied on the sward,
The sick survivors cou'dna give them eard.
The wowf and tod with sighing spent the day,
Their sickly stamacks scunner'd at the prey;
Fowls droop the wing, the bull neglects his love;
Scarce crawl the sheep, and weakly horses move:
The bauldest brutes that haunt Numidian glens,
Ly panting out their lives in dreary dens.
Thick lay the dead, and thick the pain'd and weak,
The prospect gart the awfu' Lion quake.

He ca's a council.—" Ah! my friends," faid he,
"'Tis for fome horrid faut fae mony die;

"Sae heaven permits.—Then let us a' confess,

With open breast, our crimes baith mair and less,

- "That the revengefu' gods may be appeas'd,
- "When the maist guilty wight is facrific'd.
- " Fa't on the feyest: I shall first begin,
- " And awn whate'er my conscience ca's a sin.
- "The sheep and deer I 've worried, now, alace!
- " Crying for vengeance, glowr me i' the face;
- "Forby their herd, poor man! to croun my treat,
- " Limb after limb, with bloody jaws I ate:
- " Ah, glutton me! what murders have I done!-
- "Now fay about, confess ilk ane as soon
- "And frank as I."—" Sire," fays the pawky
- "Your tenderness bespeaks you haf a god!
- " Worthy to be the monarch of the grove,
- " Worthy your friends' and a' your fubjects' love.
- "Your scruples are too nice: what's harts or "sheep?
- " An idiot crowd, which for your board ye keep;
- " And where 's the fin for ane to take his ain?
- "Faith 'tis their honour when by you they 're
- " Neist, what 's their herd?—a man, our deadly " fae!
- "Wha o'er us beafts pretends a fancy'd fway;
- "And ne'er makes banes o't, when 'tis in his power,
- " With guns and bows our nation to devour."

He faid; and round the courtiers all and each Applauded Lawrie for his winfome speech.

The tyger, bair, and ev'ry powerfu' fur,
Down to the wilcat and the fnarling cur,
Confest their crimes:—but wha durst ca' them
crimes,

Except themsells?

The As, dull thing! neift in his turn confest,
That being with hunger very fair opprest,
In o'er a dike he shot his head ae day,
And rugg'd three mouthfu's aff a ruck of hay:
"But speering leave," said he, "some wicked
"de'il

"Did tempt me frae the parish priest to steal."
He said; and all at ains the powerfu' croud,
With open throats, cry'd hastily and loud,
"This gypsie As deserves ten deaths to die,
"Whase horrid guilt brings on our misery!"
A gaping wowf, in office, straight demands
To have him burnt, or tear him where he
stands:

Hanging, he faid, was an o'er eafy death;
He should in tortures yield his latest breath.
What, break a bishop's yard! ah crying guilt!
Which nought can expiate till his blood be spilt.

The

The Lion figns his fentence, "hang and draw:" Sae poor lang lugs man pay the kane for a'.

Hence we may ken, how power has eith the knack

Vermin and braces but hould on be

Ac day a Reman, where at milic

And see he right pupitions limit,

To whiten red, and gar the blew feem black: They 'll flart at winlestraes, yet never crook, When Interest bids, to lowp out o'er a stowk.

FABLE XX.

THE GODS OF EGYPT.

Langsvne in Egypt beafts were gods;
Sae mony, that the men turn'd beafts;
Vermin and brutes but house or hald,
Had offerings, temples, and their priests.

Ae day a Rattan, white as milk,
At a cat's fhrine was facrific'd,
And pompous on the altar bled:
The victim much god Badrans pleas'd.

The neift day was god Rattan's tour;
And that he might propitious smile,
A Cat is to his temple brought,
Priests singing round him a' the while

Odes, anthems, hymns, in verse and prose,
With instruments of solemn sound,
Praying the lang-tail'd deity
To bless their saulds and surrow'd ground.

" O! plague

- "O! plague us not with cats," they cry'd,
 "For this we cut ane's throat to thee."—
- " A bonny god indeed!" quoth Pus;
 - " Can ye believe fae great a lie?
- " What am I then that eat your god? "And yesterday to me ye bow'd;
- "This day I'm to that vermin offer'd:
 - "God fave us! ye 're a fenfeless crowd."

The close reflection gart them glowr,
And shook their thoughts haf out of joint;
But rather than be fash'd with thought,
They gart the ax decide the point.

Thus we 're Egyptians ane and a';
Our paffions gods, that gar us fwither;
Which, just as the occasion serves,
We facrifice to ane anither.

That fact the v'd prefeatly be righted.

FABLE XXI.

For this we cut and throat to these

THE SPECTACLES.

AE day when Jove, the high director, Was merry o'er a bowl of nectar, Refolv'd a prefent to bestow On the inhabitants below. Momus, wha likes his joke and wine, Was fent frae heaven with the propine. Fast thro' the æther fields he whirl'd His rapid car, and reach'd the warld: Conven'd mankind, and tald them Jove Had fent a token of his love: Confidering that they were short-fighted. That faut shou'd presently be righted. Syne loos'd his wallet frae the pillions, And toss'd out spectacles by millions. There were enow, and ilk ane chose His pair, and cock'd them on his nose; And thankfully their knees they bended To heaven, that thus their fight had mended. Streight Momus hameward took his flight. Laughing fou' loud, as well he might.

For ye man ken, 'tis but o'er true,
The glaffes were fome red, fome blue,
Some black, fome white, fome brown, fome
green,

Which made the fame thing different feem. Now all was wrong, and all was right, For ilk believ'd his aided fight, And did the joys of truth partake, In the abfurdeft gross mistake.

To help him out at a dead life. - Dae erave and humble was his an. His character frin d wide and fair.

FABLE XXII.

THE FOX TURNED PREACHER.

A LEARNED Fox grown stiff with eild. Unable now in open field, By speed of foot and clever stends, To feize and worry lambs and hens: But Lowry never wants a shift To help him out at a dead lift. He cleath'd himsell in reverend dress, And turn'd a preacher, naething less! Held forth wi' birr 'gainst wier unjust, 'Gainst theft and gormandizing lust. Clear was his voice, his tone was fweet, In zeal and mien he feem'd complete; Sae grave and humble was his air, His character shin'd wide and fair. 'Tis faid the Lion had a mind To hear him; but Mess Fox declin'd That honour: reasons on his side Said that might fnare him into pride:

But sheep and powtry, geese and ducks, Came to his meeting-hole in flocks; Of being his prey they had nae fear, His text the contrary made clear.

"Curst be that animal voracious," Cry'd he, "fae cruel and ungracious,

"That chuses flesh to be his food,

" And takes delight in waughting blood!-

" What, live by murder!-horrid deed!

" While we have trees, and ilka mead,

" Finely enrich'd with herbs and fruits,

"To ferve and pleafe the nicest brutes.

" We shou'd respect, dearly belov'd,

" Whate'er by breath of life is mov'd.

" First, 'tis unjust; and, secondly,

" 'Tis cruel, and a cruelty

" By which we are expos'd (O fad!)

"To eat perhaps our lucky dad:

" For ken, my friend, the faul ne'er dies,

" But frae the failing body flies;

" Leaves it to rot, and feeks anither;

"Thus young Miss Goose may be my mither;

" The bloody wowf, feeking his prey,

" His father in a sheep may slay;

" And I, in worrying lambs or cocks,

" Might choak my grandfire Doctor Fox.

" Ah! heaven protect me frae fic crimes!

" I'd rather die a thousand times."

Thus our bob-tail'd Pythagoras preach'd, And with loud cant his lungs out-firetch'd. His fermon founded o'er the dale, While thus he moraliz'd with zeal. His glass spun out, he ceast, admir'd By all who joyfully retir'd.

But after a' the lave was gane,
Some geese, twa chickens, and a hen,
Thought fit to stay a little space,
To tawk about some kittle case.
The doctor hem'd, and in he drew them,
Then quiet and decently he slew them;
On whom he fed the good auld way.
Those who wan aff, thrice happy they.

the bloody wowf, the king his prev-

" To leed on Hinking exceeded

But lute ill ne ur'd peffion is

FABLE XXIII.

THE BEE AND THE FLY.

Before her hive, a paughty Bee and the Observ'd a humble midding slie, and And proudly speer'd, what brought her there, And with what front she durst repair Amang the regents of the air.

- "It fets ye well," the Flie reply'd,
- "To quarrel with fic faucy pride!
- "They 're daft indeed has ought to do
- " With thrawin contentious fowk like you."-
- " Why, fcoundrel, you!" return'd the Bee,
- " What nation is fae wife as we?
- " Best laws and policy is ours,
- " And our repast the fragrant flow'rs:
- " No fordid nasty trade we drive,
- " But with fweet honey fill the hive;
- " Honey maist gratefu' to the taste,
- " On which the gods themsells may feast.
- " Out of my fight, vile wretch! whose tongue
- " Is daily flacking throw the dung;

- " Vile spirits, filthily content
- " To feed on stinking excrement!"

The Fly replied in fober way,

- 66 Faith we man live as well 's we may :
- "Glad poverty was ne'er a vice,
- " But fure ill-natur'd passion is.
- "Your honey 's fweet; but then how tart
- " And bitter 's your malicious heart!
- "In making laws you copy heaven,
- "But in your conduct how uneven!
- " To fash at ony time a fae,
- "Ye 'll never stick ye'rfells to slae,
- " And skaith ye'rfell mair fickerly
- "Than e'er ye can your enemy.
- " At that rate, ane had better have
- " Less talents, if they can behave
- " Discreet, and less their passions' flave."

To filk anvixx TABLE TXXIV. To file.

e Or round about the laffes flee,

THE HORSE'S COMPLAINT,

- 66 AH! what a wretch'd unlucky corfe
- " Am I!" cries a poor hireling horse:
- " Toil'd a' the day quite aff my feet,
- " With little time or ought to eat:
- " By break of day, up frae my bed
- " Of dirt I 'm rais'd to draw the fled,
- " Or cart, as haps to my wanluck,
- "To ca' in coals, or out the muck; and "
- " Or dreft in faddle, howfe, and bridle,
- " To gallop with fome gamphrel idle,
- " That for his hiring pint and shilling,
- " Obliges me, tho' maist unwilling,
- " With whip, and fpur funk in my fide,
- " O'er heights and hows all day to ride;
- " While he neglects my hungry wame,
- " Till aft I fa' and make him lame;
- " Who curfes me shou'd ban himsell,
- " He starv'd me, I with faintness fell.

- " How happy lives our baron's ape!
- 66 That 's good for nought but girn and gape,
- " Or round about the lasses flee,
- "And lift their coats aboon their knee;
- "To frisk and jump frae stool to stool,
- "Turn up his bum, and play the fool;
- 66 Aft rives a mutch, or steals a spoon,
- " And burns the bairns' hose and shoon:
- "Yet while I'm starving in the stable,
- "This villain 's cock'd upon the table,
- "There fed and rees'd by all around him,
- "By foolish chiels, the pox confound them!"
 - " My friend," fays a dowfe-headed ox,
- " Our knight is e'en like other folks:
- " For 'tis not them who labour maift
- "That commonly are paid the best:
- "Then ne'er cast up what ye deserve,
- "Since better 'tis to pleafe than ferve."

Vinth whip, and sport usix in my not;

O'er heights, and hows all day to ride;

While he neglects my hungry wame,

Till att I lat and make him lame;
Who curfes me thou'd ban himfell,

" He flary'd me, I with faintness fell.

TIT FOR TAT.

BE-SOUTH our channel, where 'tis common To be priest-ridden, man and woman; A father anes, in grave procession, Went to receive a wight's confession, Whase sins, lang gather'd, now began To burden sair his inner man. But happy they that can with ease Fling aff sic loads whene'er they please! Lug out your sins, and eke your purses, And soon your kind spiritual nurses Will ease you of these heavy turses.

Cries Hodge, and fighs, "Ah! father ghostly,

- " I lang'd anes for fome jewels costly,
- " And staw them frae a fneaking miser,
- " Wha was a wicked cheating fqueezer,
- " And much had me and others wrang'd,
- "For which I aften wish'd him hang'd."— The father says, "I own, my son,
- " To rob or pilfer is ill done; He H M

" But I can eith forgive the faut,

"Since it is only tit for tat."

The fighing penitent gade furder, And own'd his anes defigning murder; That he had lent ane's guts a skreed, Wha had gi'en him a broken head. Replies the priest, "My son, 'tis plain" "That 's only tit for tat again."

I flat 's only tit for tat again.

But still the finner fighs and fobs, And cries, "Ah! these are venial jobs,

"To the black crime that yet behind

" Lies like auld nick upon my mind:

" I dare na name 't; I 'd lure be strung

" Up by the neck, or by the tongue,

" As speak it out to you: believe me,

"The faut you never wad forgive me." The haly man, with pious care, Intreated, pray'd, and spake him fair; Conjur'd him, as he hop'd for heaven, To tell his crime, and be forgiven.

" Prepare to hear a tale frae me,

"That when 'tis tald, I 'm unko feard,

"Ye 'll wish it never had been heard:

[&]quot;Well then," fays Hodge, " if it man be,

- " Ah me! your reverence's fifter,
- "Ten times I carnally have-kift her."
- " All 's fair," returns the reverend brother,
- " I 've done the famen with your mother
- "Three times as aft; and fae for that
- " We 're on a level, tit for tat."

White fand, or Nonway near the almonds

While wealth made all his wits to waver.

THE PARROT.

An honest man had tint his wife, And, wearied of a dowy life, Thought a parroquet bade maist fair, With tatling to divert his care: For the good woman fair he griev'd; He 'ad needed nane if she had liv'd!

Streight to a bird-man's shop he hies,
Who, stock'd with a' that wing the skies,
And give delight with feathers fair,
Or please with a melodious air;
Larks, gowdspinks, mavises, and linties,
Baith hame bred, and frae foreign countries;
Of parrots he had curious choice,
Carefully bred to make a noise;
The very warst had learn'd his tale,
To ask a cup of sack or ale;
Cry westlin herrings, or fresh salmons,
White sand, or Norway nuts like almonds.
Delighted with their various claver,
While wealth made all his wits to waver,

" He cast his look beneath the board, Where stood ane that spake ne'er a word:

"Pray what art thou stands speechless there?"
Reply'd the bird, "I think the mair."
The buyer says, "Thy answer's wise,

" And thee I'll have at any price.

"What must you have?"—"Five pounds."—
"'Tis thine

"The money, and the bird is mine."

Now in his room this feather'd fage
Is hung up in a gilded cage,
The mafter's expectations fully
Poffest to hear him tauk like Tully:
But a hale month is past and gane,
He never hears a rhyme but ane;
Still in his lugs he hears it rair,

- " The less I speak I think the mair."-
- " Confound ye for a filly fot, who will be strong
- " What a dull idiot have I got!
- " As dull mysell, on short acquaintance,
- "To judge of ane by a fingle fentence!"

THE ECLIPSE.

Upon his guilded chariot, led by hours,
With radiant glories darting throw the air,
The Sun, high fprung in his diurnal course,
Shed down a day serenely sweet and fair.
The earth mair beautiful and fertile grew;
The flow'ry fields in rich array,
Smil'd lovely on the beamy day,
Delightful for the eye to view;
Ceres, with her golden hair,
Displaying treasure ilka where,
While useful plenty made her stalks to bow.

A thousand little suns glanc'd on the wave;
Nature appear'd to claim the Sun's respect,
All did sae blyth and beauteously behave.

"Ah!" cry'd the Moon, "too much for him
"ye deck;

" My aking een cannot this glory bear;

"This fun pretends nane in the sky

" Can shine but him, then where am I?

" Soon

" Soon I the contrary shall clear:

" By ae bauld strake,

" With him I'll make

" My equal empire in the heaven appear.

" 'Tis I that gives a lustre to the night,

"Then should not I my proper right display,

"And now, even now dart down my filver light?

" I give enough, this Sun gives too much day."

The project fram'd, pale Cynthia now to shaw Her shining power, right daftly run Directly 'tween the earth and Sun.

Unwife defign! the warld then faw
Instead of light, the Moon
Brought darkness in at noon,
And without borrowing, had no light at a'.

Thus many empty and imprudent men,
Wha to their ain infirmities are blind,
Rax yout their reach, and this way let us ken
A jealous, weak, and infufficient mind.

THE MONK AND THE MILLER'S WIFE.

Now lend your lugs, ye benders fine, Wha ken the benefit of wine; And you wha laughing fcud brown ale, Leave jinks a wee, and hear a tale.

An honest miller won'd in Fife, That had a young and wanton wife, Wha fometimes thol'd the parish priest To mak' her man a twa-horn'd beaft. He paid right mony vifits till her, And to keep in with Hab the miller, He endeavour'd aft to mak' him happy, Where'er he ken'd the ale was nappy. Sic condescension in a pastor, Knit Halbert's love to him the faster; And by his converse, troth 'tis true, Hab learn'd to preach when he was fou. Thus all the three were wonder pleas'd, The wife well ferv'd, the man well eas'd. This ground his corns, and that did cherish Himself with dining round the parish.

Befs,

Bess, the good wife, thought it nae skaith, Since she was fit to serve them baith.

When equal is the night and day,
And Ceres gives the schools the play,
A youth sprung frae a gentler pater,
Bred at Saint Andrew's alma mater,
Ae day gawn hameward, it fell late,
And him benighted by the gate.
To lye without, pit-mirk, did shore him,
He cou'dna see his thumb before him;
But clack, clack, clack, he heard a mill,
Whilk led him by the lugs theretill.
To tak' the threed of tale alang,
This mill to Halbert did belang;
Not less this note your notice claims,
The scholar's name was Master James.

Now, fmiling muse, the prelude past, Smoothly relate a tale shall last As lang as Alps and Grampian hills, As lang as wind or water mills.

In enter'd James, Hab faw and ken'd him, And offer'd kindly to befriend him With fic good cheer as he cou'd make, Baith for his ain and father's fake. The scholar thought himself right sped, And gave him thanks in terms well bred. Quoth Hab, "I canna leave my mill

" As yet; but step ye west the kill

" A bow-shot, and ye 'll find my hame;

"Gae warm ye, and crack with our dame,

" Till I fet aff the mill, fyne we

"Shall tak' what Beffy has to gi'e."

James, in return, what 's handsome faid,

O'er lang to tell, and aff he gade.

Out of the house some light did shine,

Which led him till 't as with a line:

"Arriv'd, he knock'd, for doors were steekit;

Straight throw a window Beffy keekit,
And cries, "Wha's that gi'es fowk a fright
"At fic untimous time of night?"

James, with good humour, maist discreetly Tald her his circumstance completely.

" I dinna ken ye," quoth the wife,

" And up and down the thieves are rife;

Within my lane, I 'm but a woman,

" Sae I 'll unbar my door to nae man,:

46 But fince 'tis very like, my dow,

"That all ye 're telling may be true,

" Hae, there 's a key, gang in your way

4 At the neist door, there 's braw ait strae;

"Streek down upon 't, my lad, and learn

"They 're no ill lodg'd that get a barn."

Thus,

Thus, after meikle clitter clatter, Iames fand he cou'dna mend the matter; And fince it might na better be, With refignation took the key; Unlockt the barn, clam up the mow, Where was an opening near the hou, Throw whilk he faw a glent of light, That gave diversion to his fight: By this he quickly cou'd discern, A thin wa' fep'rate house and barn; And throw this rive was in the wa'. All done within the house he saw: He faw what ought not to be feen, And scarce gave credit to his een, The parish priest, of reverend fame, In active courtship with the dame! To lengthen out description here Wou'd but offend the modest ear, And beet the lewder youthfu' flame That we by fatire strive to tame. Suppose the wicked action o'er, And James continuing still to glowr; Wha faw the wife as fast as able Spread a clean fervite on the table, And fyne, frae the ha' ingle, bring ben A piping het young roafted hen, And twa good bottles flout and clear, Ane of strong ale, and ane of beer.

But, wicked luck! just as the priest
Shot in his fork in chucky's breast,
Th' unwelcome miller ga'e a roar,
Cry'd, "Bessy, haste ye ope the door."
With that the haly letcher sled,
And darn'd himsell behind a bed;
While Bessy huddl'd a' things by,
That nought the cuckold might espy;
Syne loot him in; but, out of tune,
Speer'd why he lest the mill sae foon?

"I Leave" sid he "for memory drive

- "I come," faid he, "as manners claims,
- "To crack and wait on Master James,
- "Whilk I shou'd do tho' ne'er sae bissy;
 I sent him here, good wife, where is he?"—
- "Ye fent him here!" quoth Beffy, grumbling;
- "Ken'd I this James? a chiel came rumbling,
- " But how was I affur'd, when dark,
- " That he had been nae thievish spark,
- " ()r fome rude wencher gotten a dose,
- "That a weak wife cou'd ill oppose?"-
- "And what came of him? fpeak nae langer;" Cries Halbert, in a Highland anger.
- " I sent him to the barn," quoth she:
- "Gae quickly bring him in," quoth he.

James was brought in; the wife was bawked; The priest stood close; the miller cracked:

Then

Then ask'd his funkan gloomy spouse,
What supper had she in the house,
That might be suitable to gi'e
Ane of their lodger's qualitie?
Quoth she, "Ye may well ken, goodman,

- "Your feast comes frae the pottage-pan;
- "The flov'd or roafted we afford
- " Are aft great strangers on our board."-
- " Pottage," quoth Hab, " ye senseless tawpie!
- "Think ye this youth 's a gilly-gawpy;
- " And that his gentle stamock 's master,
- "To worry up a pint of plaister,
- " Like our mill-knaves that lift the lading,
- "Whafe kytes can streek out like raw plaiding?
- " Swith roast a hen, or fry some chickens,
- "And fend for ale frae Maggy Picken's."-
- " Hout I," quoth she, " ye may well ken,
- "Tis ill brought but that 's no there ben;
- "When but last owk, nae farder gane,
- "The laird got a' to pay his kain."

Then James, wha had as good a guess Of what was in the house as Bess, With pawky smile, this plea to end, To please himsell, and ease his friend, First open'd, with a slee oration, His wond'rous skill in conjuration:

Said he, "By this fell art I'm able "To whop aff any great man's table " Whate'er I like to make a meal of, " Either in part, or yet the hail of; " And, if ye please, I 'll shaw my art." Cries Halbert, "Faith, with all my heart." Bess fain'd herself, cry'd, "Lord, be here!" And near-hand fell a-fwoon for fear. James leugh, and bade her naithing dread; Syne to his conjuring went with fpeed: And first he draws a circle round. Then utters mony a magic found Of words, part Latin, Greek, and Dutch, Enow to fright a very witch. That done, he fays, "Now, now, 'tis come, " And in the boal beside the lum: " Now fet the board, good wife, gae ben, " Bring frae yon boal a roafted hen." She wadna gang, but Haby ventur'd; And foon as he the ambrie enter'd, It fmell'd fae well he short time fought it, And, wond'ring, 'tween his hands he brought it. He view'd it round, and thrice he fmell'd it, Syne with a gentle touch he felt it. Thus ilka fense he did conveen. Lest glamour had beguil'd his een: They all in an united body,

Declar'd it a fine fat how towdy.

- " Nae mair about it," quoth the miller,
- " The fowl looks well, and we 'll fa' till her."
- "Sae be 't," fays James;" and, in a doup, They fnapt her up baith floup and roup.
 - " Neift, O!" cries Halbert, " cou'd your skill
- " But help us to a waught of ale,
- " I'd be oblig'd t' ye a' my life,
- " And offer to the deel my wife,
- " To see if he 'll discreeter mak' her,
- "But that I'm fleed he winna tak' her." Said James, "Ye offer very fair;
- " The bargain 's hadden, fae nae mair."

Then thrice he shook a willow wand, With kittle words thrice gave command; That done, with look baith learn'd and grave, Said, "Now ye'll get what ye wad have:

- "Twa bottles of as nappy liquer
- " As ever ream'd in horn or bicquer,
- " Behind the ark that hads your meal
- "Ye'll find twa standing corkit well."
 He said, and fast the miller slew,
 And frae their nest the bottles drew;
 Then first the scholar's health he toasted,
 Whase art had gart him feed on roasted;
 His sather's neist, and a' the rest
 Of his good friends that wish'd him best,

Which

Which were o'er langfome at the time.

In a short tale to put in rhyme.

Thus while the miller and the youth Were blythly flocking of their drowth, Bess fretting, scarcely held frae greeting, The priest inclos'd stood vex'd and sweating.

- " O wow!" faid Hab, " if ane might speer,
- " Dear Master James, wha brought our cheer
- " Sic laits appear to us fae awfu',
- "We hardly think your learning lawfu'."
- "To bring your doubts to a conclusion," Says James, "ken I'm a Rosicrucian,
- " Ane of the fet that never carries
- "On traffic with black deels or fairies;
- "There 's mony a spirit that 's no deel
- "That constantly around us wheel.
- " There was a fage call'd Albumazor,
- " Whafe wit was gleg as ony razor;
- " Frae this great man we learn'd the skill
- "To bring these gentry to our will;
- " And they appear, when we 've a mind,
- " In ony shape of human kind:
- " Now if you 'll drap your foolish fear,
- " I'll gar my Pacolet appear."

Hab fidg'd and leugh, his elbuck clew,
Baith fear'd and fond a fp'rit to view:
At last his courage wan the day,
He to the scholar's will gave way.

Beffy by this began to fmell
A rat, but kept her mind to 'rfell:
She pray'd like howdy in her drink,
But mean time tipt young James a wink.
James frae his e'e an answer fent,
Which made the wife right well content;
Then turn'd to Hab, and thus advis'd:

- "Whate'er you fee, be nought furpriz'd;
- " But for your faul move not your tongue;
- "And ready fland with a great rung,
- " Syne as the fp'rit gangs marching out,
- " Be fure to lend him a found rout:
- " I bidna this by way of mocking,
- " For nought delytes him mair than knocking."

Hab got a kent, flood by the hallan, And flraight the wild mischievous callan Cries, "Rhadamanthus husky mingo,

- " Monk, horner, hipock, jinko, jingo,
- " Appear in likeness of a priest;
- " No like a deel, in shape of beast,
- "With gaping shafts to fleg us a';
- " Wauk forth, the door stands to the wa'."

Then, frae the hole where he was pent,
The priest approach'd, right well content;
With filent pace strade o'er the floor,
Till he was drawing near the door,
Then, to escape the cudgel, ran;
But was not mis'd by the good-man,
Wha lent him on his neck a lounder,
That gart him o'er the threshold founder.
Darkness foon hid him frae their fight;
Ben slew the miller in a fright;
"I trow," quoth he, "I laid well on;
"But, wow! he 's like our ain Mess John."

Hab got a kent, fload by the hallon, not drangle the wild mitchievous callies, "A Rhadamanthus haiky anlayes, donk, hornes, hipsek, junko, jinge, a cear in likenels of a pitch;

will like it deel, in thepetof beat, and William and the William and the second second with the door flands to the well!

THE DAFT BARGAIN

And flerg'd the reft o't in his gris. Now what was tim, or what was tim.

To fave their cow, and yet moves her

AT market anes, I watna how, Twa herds between them coft a cow : Driving her hame, the needfu' hacky, But ceremony, chanc'd to k-y. Quoth Rab right ravingly to Raff, "Gin ye 'll eat that digested draff " Of Crummy, I shall quat my part."-" A bargain be 't with a' my heart," Raff foon reply'd, and lick'd his thumb, To gorble 't up without a gloom: Syne till 't he fell, and feem'd right yap His mealtith quickly up to gawp. Haff done, his heart began to fcunner, But lootna on till Rab strak under: Wha fearing skair of cow to tine, At his daft bargain did repine. "Well, well," quoth Raff, "tho' ye was rafh,

" I'll fcorn to wrang ye, fenfeless hash!

" Come, fa' to wark as I ha'e done,

" And eat the ither haff as foon,

"Ye's fave ye'r part."—" Content," quoth Rab,

And flerg'd the rest o't in his gab.

Now what was tint, or what was won,

Is eithly seen; my story 's done:

Yet frae this tale confed'rate states may learn

To save their cow, and yet no eat her sharn.

" And its the ither half as feon,

THE TWA CUT-PURSES.

In borrows-town there was a fair,
And mony a landart coof was there;
Baith lads and laffes bufked brawly,
To glowr at ilka bonny waly,
And lay out ony ora-bodles
On fma' gimeracks that pleas'd their noddles,
Sic as a jocktaleg, or fheers,
Confeckit ginger, plumbs, or pears.

These gaping gowks twa rogues survey,
And on their cash this plot they lay:
The tane, less like a knave than fool,
Unbidden clam the high cookstool,
And pat his head and baith his hands
Throw holes where the ill-doer stands.
Now a' the crowd with mouth and een
Cry'd out, "What does this ideot mean?"
They glowr'd and leugh, and gather'd thick,
And never thought upon a trick,
Till he beneath had done his job,
By tooming poutches of the mob;

Wha

Wha now possest of rowth of gear, Scour'd aff as lang 's the coast was clear.

But, wow! the ferly quickly chang'd,
When throw their empty fobs they rang'd:
Some girn'd, and fome look'd blae wi' grief;
While fome cry'd out, "Fy! had the thief."
But ne'er a thief or thief was there,
Or cou'd be found in a' the fair.
The jip, wha ftood aboon them a',
His innocence began to fhaw;
Said he, "My friends, I'm very forry
"To hear your melancholy ftory;
"But fure where'er your tinfel be,
"Ye canna lay the wyte on me."

THE LURE.

THE fun just o'er the hills was peeping,
The hynds arising, gentry sleeping,
The dogs were barking, cocks were crawing,
Night-drinking fots counting their lawin;
Clean were the roads, and clear the day,
When forth a falconer took his way,
Nane with him but his she knight-errant,
That acts in air the bloody tyrant;
While with quick wing, sierce beak, and
claws,

She breaks divine and human laws;
Ne'er pleas'd but with the hearts and livers
Of peartricks, teals, moor-powts, and plivers:
Yet is fhe much esteem'd and dandl'd,
Clean lodg'd, well fed, and faftly handl'd.
Reason for this need be nae wonder,
Her parasites share in the plunder.

Thus

Thus fneaking rooks about a court, That make oppression but their sport, Will praise a paughty bloody king, And hire mean hackney poets to sing His glories; while the deel be licket He e'er attempt but what he stictet,

So, Sir, as I was gawn to fay,
This falconer had tane his way
O'er Calder-moor; and gawn the moss up,
He there forgather'd with a gossip:
And wha was 't, trow ye, but the de'el
That had disguis'd himsell fae weel
In human shape, fae snug and wylie,
Jude took him for a burlie-bailie:
His cloven cloots were hid with shoon,
A bonnet coor'd his horns aboon:
Nor spat he fire, or brimstone risted,
Nor awsome glowr'd; but cawmly listed
His een and voice, and thus began:

- "Good morning t' ye, honest man;
- "Ye're early out; how far gae ye
- "This gate?—I 'm blyth of company.
- What fowl is that, may ane demand,
- "That stands sae trigly on your hand?"-
- " Wow! man," quoth Juden, " where won ye?
- "The like was never speer'd at me!

66 Man

- "Man, 'tis a hawk, and e'en as good
- "As ever flew, or wore a hood."—
- " Friend, I'm a stranger," quoth auld Symmie,
- "I hope ye 'll no be angry wi' me;
- "The ignorant man ay be speering
- " Questions, till they come to a clearing.
- "Then tell me mair: what do ye wi't?"
- " Is 't good to fing, or good to eat?"
- " For neither," answer'd simple Juden;
- "But helps to bring my lord his food in:
- "When fowls ftart up that I wad hae,
- " Straight frae my hand I let her gae;
- "Her hood tane aff, she is not langfome
- " In taking captives, which I ransome
- "With a dow's wing, or chicken's leg."-
- "Trowth," quoth the de'el, "that 's nice, I beg
- "Ye'll be fae kind as let me fee
- " How this same bird of yours can slee."-
- "T' oblige ye, friend, I winna stand."

 Syne loos'd the falcon frae his hand.

 Unhooded, up she sprang with birr,
- While baith stood staring after her.
- "But how d' ye get her back?" faid Nick.
 "For that," quoth Jude, "I have a trick:
- "Ye fee this Lure, it shall command
- 66 Her upon fight down to my hand."

Syne twirl'd it thrice, with whieu, whieu, whieu,

And straight upon 't the falcon flew.

" As I 'm a finner," cries the de'el,

"I like this pastime wonder weel;

" And fince ye 've been fae kindly free

"To let her at my bidding flee,

"I'll entertain ye in my gate."
Meantime it was the will of fate,
A hooded friar (ane of that clan
Ye have descriv'd by Father Gawin*,
In "Master-Keys") came up, good faul!
Him Satan cleek'd up by the spaul,
Whip'd aff his hood, and without mair,
Ga'e him a toss up in the air:
High slew the son of Saint Loyola,
While startled Juden gave a hola!
Bombaz'd with wonder, still he stood,

The ferly had maift crudled his blood, To fee a monk mount like a facon!

He 'gan to doubt if he was wakin:

Thrice

^{*} The Reverend Anthony Gawin, formerly a Spanish Roman Catholic priest, now an Irish Protestant minister; who hath lately wrote three volumes on the tricks and whoredoms of the priests and nuns; which book he names "Master-" Keys to Popery."

Thrice did he rub his een to clear,
And having master'd part o's fear,
"His presence be about us a'!"
He cries, "the like I never saw:

" See, fee! he like a lavrock tours;

- "He 'll reach the farms in twa 'r three hours!
- " Is 't possible to bring him back?"-
- " For that," quoth Nick, "I have a knack;
- " To train my birds I want na Lures,
- " Can manage them as ye do yours:
- " And there 's ane coming hie gate hither,
- " Shall foon bring down the haly brither."

This was a fresh young landart lass, With cheeks like cherries, een like glass; Few coats she wore, and they were kilted, And "John come kiss me now" she lilted, As she skift o'er the benty knows, Gawn to the bught to milk the ews: Her in his hand slee Belzie hint up, As eith as ye wad do a pint-stoup, Inverted, wav'd her round his head; Whieu, whieu, he whistled, and with speed, Down, quick as shooting starns, the priest Came souse upon the lass's breast.

The moral of this tale shews plainly,
That carnal minds attempt but vainly
Aboon this laigher warld to mount,
While slaves to Satan.—

THE THREE BONNETS:

A TALE.

IN FOUR CANTOS.

THE PERSONS.

DUNIWHISTLE, father to Joukum, Briftle, and Bawfy.

JOUKUM, in love with Rosie.

BRISTLE, a man of resolution,

BAWSY, a weaker brother.

BARD, a narrator.

BEEF, porter to Rosie.

GHAIST, the ghost of Duniwhistle.

Rosie, an heiress.

CANTO I.

BARD. BARD. Grant by the MA

When men o' mettle thought it nonfense. To heed that clepping thing ca'd confcience, And by free thinking had the knack. O' jeering ilka word it spak', And, as a learned author speaks, Employ'd it like a pair o' breeks, To hide their lewd and nasty sluices, Whilk eith slipt down for baith these uses: Then Duniwhistle, worn wi' years, And gawn the gate o' his forbears, Commanded his three sons to come, And wait upon him in his room: Bade Bristle steek the door; an' syne He thus began:—

DUNIWHISTLE.

Dear bairns o' mine,
I quickly man fubmit to fate,
And leave you three a good estate,

Which

Which has been honourably won, An' handed down frae fire to fon, But clag or claim, for ages past: Now, that I mayna prove the last, Here's three permission bonnets for ye, Which your great gutchers wore before ye; An' if ye 'd hae nae man betray ye, Let naething ever wile them frae ye; But keep the bonnets on your heads, An' hands frae figning foolish deeds, An' ye shall never want sic things, Shall gar ye be made o' by kings: But if ve ever wi' them part, Fu' fair ye 'll for your folly fmart: Bare-headed then ye 'll look like fnools, And dwindle down to filly tools. Haud up your hands now, fwear an' fay, As ye shall answer on a day, Ye'll faithfully observe my will, An' a' its premises fulfil.

BRISTLE.

My worthy father, I shall strive To keep your name an' fame alive, An' never shaw a faul that 's dastard, To gar fowk tak' me for a bastard: If e'er by me ye 're disobey'd, May witches nightly on me ride.

JOUKUM.

JOUKUM.

Whae'er shall dare, by force or guile, This bonnet aff my head to wile, For sic a bauld attempt shall rue, And ken I was begot by you: Else may I like a gipfy wander, Or for my daily bread turn pander.

BAWSY.

May I be jyb'd by great an' fina', And kytch'd like ony tennis-ba, Be the difgrace o' a' my kin, If e'er I wi' my bonnet twin.

BARD.

Now, foon as each had gi'en his aith,
The auld man yielded up his breath;
Was row'd in linen white as fnaw,
And to his fathers borne awa'.
But fcarcely he in mofs was rotten,
Before his teft'ment was forgotten,
As ye shall hear frae future sonnet,
How Joukum sinder'd wi' his bonnet;
And bought frae senseless billy Bawfy,
His, to propine a giglet lasse;
VOL. II.

While worthy Briftle, not fae donner'd, Preserves his bonnet, and is honour'd. Thus Charactacus did behave, Tho' by the fate o' war a slave; His body only, for his mind No Roman pow'r cou'd break or bind: Wi' bannet on he bauldly spak'; His greatness gart his fetters crack: The victor did his friendship claim, And sent him wi' new glories hame.

But leave we Briss and simile, And to our tale wi' ardour slee.

Beyond the hills, where lang the billies Had bred up queys, and kids, and fillies, And foughten mony a bloody battle Wi' thieves that came to lift their cattle; There liv'd a lass kept rary shows And fidlers ay about her house; Wha at her table fed and ranted, Wi' the stout ale she never wanted: She was a winsome wench and waly, And cou'd put on her claes fu' brawly; Rumble to ilka market-town, And drink and fight like a dragoon: Just sic like her wha far aff wander'd, To get hersell weil Alexander'd.

Rofie had word o' meikle filler, all and del O Whilk brought a hantle o' wooers till her. Amang the reft, young mafter Jouk She conquer'd ae day wi' a look. Frae that time forth he ne'er cou'd flay At hame to mind his corn or hay, But grew a beau, and did adorn Himfell wi' fifty bows o' corn; Forby what he took on to rig Him out wi' linen, shoon, and wig, Snuff-boxes, fword-knots, canes, and washes, And fweeties to bestow on lasses; Cou'd newest aiths genteelly swear, And had a course o' flaws perquire: He drank, and danc'd, and figh'd to move Fair Rosie to accept his love. After dumb figns, he thus began, And fpak' his mind to 'er like a man.

JOUKUM.

O tak' me, Rofie, to your arms,
And let me revel o'er your charms;
If ye fay na, I needna care
For raips or tethers made o' hair,
Penknives or pools I winna need;
That minute ye fay na, I 'm dead.

O let me lie within your breaft,
And at your dainty teazle feaft;
Weil do I like your goud to finger,
And fit to her your ft—— finger.
While on this fun fide o' the brae
Belangs to you, my limbs I 'll lay.

ROSIE.

I own, fweet Sir, ye woo me frankly, But a' your courtship fars sae rankly O' selfish interest, that I'm slead My person least employs your head.

JOUKUM.

What a diftinction 's this your making,
When your poor lover's heart is breaking!
Wi' little logic I can fhew
That every thing you ha'e is you:
Besides the beauties o' your person,
These beds o' flowers you set your a—e on,
Your claiths, your lands, and lying pelf,
Are every ane your very felf,
And add fresh lustre to these graces
Wi' which adorn'd your saul and face is.

You must perform Jaronallant action,

Ye feem to ha'e a loving flame
For me, and hate your native hame;
That gars me ergh to trust you meikle,
For fear you shou'd prove false and sickle.

JOUKUM.

In troth my rugged billy Bristle
About his gentrie mak's sic fistle,
That if a body contradict him,
He 's ready wi' a durk to stick him;
That wearies me o' hame, I vow,
And fain would live and die wi' you.

BARD.

Observing Jouk a wee tate tipsy, Smirking reply'd the pawky gipsy.

ROSIE.

I wad be very wae to fee
My lover tak' the pet and die;
Wherefore I am inclin'd to ease ye,
And do what in me lies to please ye;

But

But first, ere we conclude the paction, You must perform some gallant action, To prove the truth o' what you 've said, Else, for you, I shall die a maid.

JOUKUM.

My dearest jewel, gi'e 't a name,
That I may win baith you and fame:
Shall I gae fight wi' forest bulls?
Or cleave down troops wi' thicker sculls?
Or shall I douk the deepest sea,
And coral pou for beads to thee?
Penty the pope upon the nose?
Or p— upon a hundred beaus?

ROSIE.

In troth, dear lad, I wad be laith To risk your life, or do you skaith; Only employ your canny skill To gain and rive your father's will, Wi' the consent o' Briss and Bawsy, And I shall in my bosom hawse ye, Soon as the fatal bonnets three Are ta'en frae them and gi'en to me.

JOUKUM.

Which to preferve I gied my aith. But now the cause is life and death: I must, or wi' the bonnet part, Or twin wi' you and break my heart: Sae tho' the aith we took was awfu', To keep it now appears unlawfu': Then, love, I 'll answer thy demands, And slee to fetch them to your hands.

BARD

The famous jilt o' Palestine
Thus drew the hoods o'er Sampson's een,
And gart him tell where lay his strength,
O' which she twinn'd him at the length;
Then gied him up in chains to rave,
And labour like a galley slave:
But, Rosie, mind, when growing hair
His loss of pith 'gan to repair,
He made of thousands an example,
By crushing them beneath their temple.

CANTO II.

BARD.

THE fupper fowin-cogs and bannocks
Stood cooling on the fole o' winnocks,
And, cracking at the weftlin gavels,
The wives fat beeking o' their navels,
When Jouk his brither Brittle found,
Fetching his ev'ning wauk around
A fcore o' ploughmen o' his ain,
Wha blythly whiftled on the plain.
Jouk three times congee'd, Brittle anes,
Then shook his hand, and thus begins;

BRISTLE.

Wow! brither Jouk, where ha'e ye been? I fearce can trow my looking een, Ye're grown fae braw: now weirds defend me! Gin that I had nae maist miskend ye. And where gat ye that braw blue stringing, That 's at your houghs and shuthers hinging?

Ye look as fprush as ane that 's wooing; I ferly, lad, what ye 've been doing.

I lang to aniwer .muxuonat I

My very much respected brither,
Should we hide ought frae ane anither,
And not, when warm'd wi' the same blood,
Consult ilk ane anither's good?
And be it ken'd t' ye, my design
Will profit prove to me and mine.

Gif I fac eafly can get her.

And, brither, troth it much commends Your virtue, thus to love your friends; It makes me blyth, for aft I faid, Ye were a clever mettl'd lad.

JOUKUM.

And fae, I hope, will ever prove,
Gif ye befriend me in my love:
For Rofie, bonny, rich, and gay,
And fweet as flow'rs in June or May,
Her gear I 'll get, her fweets I 'll rifle,
Gif ye 'll but yield me up a trifle;
Promife to do 't, and ye'fe be free
Wi' ony thing pertains to me.

BRISTLE.

BRISTLE.

I lang to answer your demand, And never shall for trifles stand.

JOUKUM.

Then she defires, as a propine,
These bonnets, Bawsy's, your's, and mine;
And well I wat that 's nae great matter,
Gif I sae easily can get her.

BRISTLE.

Ha, ha! ye Judas, are ye there?
The d— then nor fhe ne'er get mair.
Is that the trifle that ye fpoke o'?
Wha think ye, Sir, ye mak' a mock o'?
Ye filly mansworn, scant o' grace!
Swith let me never fee your face.
Seek my auld bonnet aff my head!
Faith that 's a bonny ane indeed!
Require a thing I'll part wi' never!
She 's get as soon a lap o' my liver:
Vile whore and jade! the woody hang her.

BARD. A Ried VINERAL HIW

Thus faid, he faid nae mair for anger,
But curs'd and ban'd, and was nae far
Frae treading Jouk amang the glar.
While Jouk, wi' language glibe as oolie,
Right pawkily kept aff a toolie.
Weil masked wi' a wedder's skin,
Although he was a tod within,
He hum'd and ha'd, and wi' a cant,
Held forth as he had been a faint,
And quoted texts to prove we 'd better
Part wi' a sma' thing for a greater.

JOUKUM.

Ah! brither, may the furies rack me
Gif I mean ill! but ye mistak' me:
But gin your bonnet 's fic a jewel,
Pray gi'e 't or keep 't, Sir, as you will;
Since your auld-fashion'd fancy rather
Inclines till 't than a hat and feather:
But I 'll go try my brither Bawsy,
Poor man, he 's nae sae dast and sawcy,
Wi' empty pride to crook his mou',
And hinder his ain gude, like you.
Gif he and I agree, ne'er doubt ye,
We 'll mak' the bargain up without ye;

Syne your braw bonnet and your noddle Will hardly baith be worth a bodle.

BARD.

At this bauld Briftle's colour chang'd, He fwore on Rose to be reveng'd; For he began now to be flied, She'd wile the honours frae his head; Syne wi' a stern and canker'd look, He thus reprov'd his brither Jouk,

BRISTLE.

Thou vile difgrace o' our forbeairs!
Wha lang wi' valiant dint o' weirs,
Maintain'd their right 'gainst a' intrusions
O' our auld faes the Rosycrucians,
Dost thou design at last to catch
Us in a girn wi' this base match,
And for the hauding up thy pride,
Upo' thy brithers' riggins ride?
I'll see you hang'd, and her thegither,
As high as Haman, in a tether,
Ere I wi' my ain bonnet quat,
For ony borrow'd beaver hat,
Whilk I, as Rosie taks the sykes,
Man wear or no just as she likes.

Then let me hear nae mair about her, For if ye dare again to mutter Sic vile proposals in my hearing, Ye needna trust to my forbearing; For soon my beard will tak' a low, And I shall crack your crazy pow.

BARD.

This faid, brave Briftle faid nae mair, But cock'd his bonnet wi' an air, Wheel'd round wi' gloomy brows and muddy, And left his brither in a study.

CANTO III.

BARD.

Now Sol wi' his lang whip gae cracks Upon his neighering courfers' backs, To gar them tak' th' Olympian brae, Wi' a cart lade o' bleezing day: The country hind ceases to snore, Bangs frae his bed, unlocks the dore, His bladder tooms, and gi'es a rift, Then tentily furveys the lift; And weary o' his wife and flaes, To their embrace prefers his claes. Scarce had the lark forfook her neft. Whan Jouk, wha had got little rest, For thinking o' his plot and laffie, Got up to gang and deal wi' Bawfie. Awa fast o'er the bent he gade, And fand him dozing on his bed, His blankets creishy, foul his fark, His curtains trim'd wi' fpider's wark;

Soot-draps hang frae his roof and kipples,
His floor was a' tobacco fpittles:
Yet on the antlers o' a deer
Hang mony an auld claymore and fpear,
Wi' coat o' iron and target trufty,
Inch thick o' dirt, and unco rufty:
Enough appear'd to fhaw his billy,
That he was lazy, poor, and filly,
And wadna mak' fo great a buftle
About his bonnet as did Briftle.
Jouk three times rugged at his fhoulder,
Cried three times laigh, and three times louder:
At langrun Bawfy raik'd his een,
And cries, "What 's that? what d' ye mean?"
Then looking up, he fees his brither.

BAWSY.

Good morrow, Jouk, what brings you hither? You 're early up, as I 'm a finner I feenly rife before my dinner. Weil, what 's ye'r news, and how gaes a'? Ye 've been an unco time awa'.

JOUKUM.

Bawfy, I 'm blyth to fee you weil, For me, thank God, I keep my heal: Get up, get up, ye lazy mart, and again I ha'e a fecret to impart, O' which when I gi'e you an inkling, It will fet baith your lugs a tinkling.

BARD.

Straight Bawfy rifes, quickly dreffes, While hafte his youky mind expresses: Now rigg'd, and morning drink brought in, Thus did slee-gabbet Jouk begin.

JOUKUM.

My worthy brither, weil I wate O'er feckless is your wee estate For fic a meikle faul as yours, That to things greater higher tow'rs; But ye lie loitering here at hame, Neglectfu' baith o' wealth and fame, Tho', as I said, ye ha'e a mind That is for higher things design'd.

BAWSY.

That 's very true, thanks to the skies, But how to get them, there it lies.

JOUKUM.

I 'll tell ye, Baws, I 've laid a plot,
That only wants your casting vote,
And if you 'll gi'e 't, your bread is baken;
But first accept o' this love-taiken:
Here tak' this gowd, and never want
Enough to gar you drink and rant;
And this is but an arle-penny
To what I afterward design ye;
And in return, I 'm sure that I
Shall naething seek that ye 'll deny.

BAWSY.

And trouth now, Jouk, and neither will I, Or after never ca' me billy; If I refuse, wae light upo' me. This gowd, O wow! 'tis wonder bonny.

JOUKUM.

Ay, that it is; 'tis e'en the a'
That gars the plough o' living draw:
'Tis gowd gars fogers fight the fiercer;
Without it preaching wad be fcarcer;

'Tis gowd that maks fome great men witty; And puggy laffes fair and pretty; Without it ladies nice wad dwindle Down to a wife that fnooves a fpindle.—But to the point, and wave digreffion: I mak' a free and plain confession, That I'm in love; and, as I said, Demand frae you a little aid To gain a bride, that eithly can Mak' me fu' blest, and you a man: Gi'e me your bonnet to present My mistress wi', and your consent To rive the dast auld-fashion'd deed That bids ye wear it on your head.

BAWSY.

O gosh! O gosh! then, Jouk, ha'e at her; If that be a', 'tis nae great matter.

JOUKUM.

These granted, she demands nae mair, To let us in her riches skair; Nor shall our hirds, as heretofore, Rin aff wi' ane anither's store, Nor ding out ane anither's harns, When they forgather 'mang the kairns; But freely may drive up and down,
And fell in ilka market-town
Belangs to her, which foon ye 'll fee,
If ye be wife, belang to me:
And when that happy day shall come,
My honest Bawsy, there's my thumb,
That while I breathe I'll ne'er beguile ye,
Ye'se baith get gowd, and be a bailly.

BAWSY.

Faith, Jouk, I fee but little skaith
In breaking o' a senseless aith,
That is imposed by doited dads,
To please their whims, on thoughtless lads.
My bonnet! welcome to my bonnet,
And meikle good may ye mak' on it.
Our father's will, I'se mak' nae din,
Tho' Rosie should apply 't behin'.
But say, does billy Bristle ken
This your design to mak' us men?

Back joukum, Assett and and I

Ay, that he does; but the stiff ass
Bears a hard hatred at the lass,

And rattles out a hantla stories

O' blood, and dirt, and ancient glories;

Meaning foul feuds that us'd to be

Between ours and her family:

Bans like a blockhead that he 'll ne'er

Twin wi' his bonnet for a' her gear;

But you and I conjoin'd can ding him,

And, by a vote, to reason bring him:

If we stand closs, 'tis unco eith

To rive the test'ment spite o's teeth,

And gar him ply, for a' his clavers,

To lift his bonnet to our beavers.

BAWSY.

Then let the doof delight in drudging; What cause ha'e we to tent his grudging, Tho' Rosie's flocks feed on his fells, If you and I be weil oursells?

BARD.

Thus Jouk and Bawfy were agreed, And Brifs man yield, it was decreed.— Thus far I 've fung, in Highland strains, O' Jouk's amours, and pawky pains, To gain his ends wi' ilka brither, Sae opposite to ane anither;

O' Briftle's

O' Briftle's hardy refolutions, And hatred to the Roficrucians; O' Bawfy put in flav'ry neck-fast, Selling his bonnet for a breakfast. What follows on 't, o' gain or skaith, I'se tell when we ha'e ta'en our breath.

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CANTO IV.

BARD.

Now foon as e'er the will was torn, Jouk, wi' twa bonnets, on the morn, Frae Fairyland fast bang'd away, The prize at Rosie's feet to lay; Wha, sleely, when he did appear, About his success 'gan to speer.

JOUKUM.

Here, bonny lass, your humble slave Presents you wi' the things you crave, The riven will and bonnets twa, Which maks the third worth nought ava: Our pow'r gi'en up, now I demand Your promis'd love, and eke your hand.

BARD.

Rose smil'd to see the lad outwitted,
And bonnets to the slames committed.
Immediately an awfu' found,
As ane wad thought, raise frae the ground;
And syne appear'd a stalwart ghaist,
Whase stern and angry looks amaist
Unhool'd their sauls:—shaking, they saw
Him frae the fire the bonnets draw:
Then came to Jouk, and wi' twa rugs
Increas'd the length o' baith his lugs;
And said—

GHAIST.

Be a' thy days an ass, An hackney to this cunning lass; But, for these bonnets, I'll preserve them For bairns unborn that will deserve them.

BARD.

Wi' that he vanish'd frae their een, And left poor Jouk wi' breeks not clean: He shakes, while Rosie rants and capers, And ca's the vision nought but vapours; Rubs o'er his cheeks and gab wi' ream, Till he believes 't to be a dream: Syne to her closet leads the way, To foup him up wi' ufquebæ.

ROSIE.

Now, bonny lad, ye may be free To handle ought pertains to me; And ere the fun, tho' he be dry, Has driven down the weftlin fky, To drink his wamefu' o' the fea, There's be but ane o' you and me. In marriage ye fall ha'e my hand; But I man ha'e the fole command In Fairyland to faw and plant, And to fend there for ought I want.

BARD.

Ay, ay, cries Jouk, a' in a fire, And stiffening into strong desire,

JOUKUM.

Come, haste thee, let us fign and seal; And let my billies gang to the d—.

BARD.

Here it wad mak' o'er lang a tale, To tell how meikle cakes and ale, And beef, and broe, and gryce, and geefe, And pies a' rinning o'er wi' creesh, Was ferv'd upon the wedding-table, To mak' the lads and laffes able To do, ye ken, what we think shame (Tho' ilk ane does 't) to gi'e 't a name. But true it is they foon were buckled, And foon she made poor Jouk a cuckold, And play'd her bawdy sports before him, Wi' chiels that car'd na tippence for him; Beside a Rosicrucian trick She had o' dealing wi' Auld Nick; And whene'er Jouk began to grumble, Auld Nick in the niest room wad rumble. She drank, and fought, and fpent her gear Wi' dice, and felling o' the mear. Thus living like a Belzie's get, She ran hersell fae deep in debt. By borrowing money at a' hands, That yearly income o' her lands Scarce paid the interest o' her bands. Jouk, ay ca'd wife behind the hand, The daffin o' his doings fand:

O'er late he now began to see
The ruin o' his family:
But past relief lar'd in a midding,
He 's now oblig'd to do her bidding.
Awa wi' strict command he 's sent
To Fairyland to lift the rent,
And wi' him mony a caterpillar,
To rug frae Briss and Bawsy siller;
For her braid table man be serv'd,
Tho' Fairy fowk shou'd a' be starv'd.
Jouk thus surrounded wi' his guards,
Now plunders hay-stacks, barns, and yards;
They drive the nowt frae Bristle's fauld,
While he can nought but ban and scald.

BRISTI.E.

Vile flave to a huffy ill-begotten, By mony dads, wi' claps haf rotten,! Were 't no for honour o' my mither, I fhou'd na think ye were my brither.

JOUKUM.

Dear brither, why this rude reflection? Learn to be gratefu' for protection; The Peterenians, bloody beafts! That gar fowk lick the dowps o' priests, Else on a brander, like a haddock,
Be broolied, sprowling like a paddock:
These monsters, lang ere now, had come
Wi' faggots, taz, and tuck o' drum,
And twin'd you o' your wealth and lives,
Syne, without speering, kis'd your wives,
Had not the Rosicrucians stood
The bulwarks o' your rights and blood;
And yet, forsooth, ye girn and grumble,
And, wi' a gab unthankfu', mumble
Out mony a black unworthy curse,
When Rosie bids ye draw your purse;
When she 's sae gen'rously content
With not aboon thirty per cent.

BRISTLE.

Damn you and her! tho' now I'm blae, I'm hopefu' yet to fee the day, I'll gar ye baith repent that e'er Ye reav'd by force awa my gear, Without or thanks, or making price, Or ever speering my advice.

JOUKUM.

Peace, gowk! we naithing do at a' But by the letter o' the law:

Then

Then nae mair wi' your din torment us,
Gowling like ane non compos mentis,
Elfe Rofie iffue may a writ,
To tie you up baith hand and fit,
And dungeon ye but meat or drink,
Till ye be starv'd and die in stink.

BARD.

Thus Jouk and Briftle, when they met, Wi' fic braw language ither tret. Just fury glows in Bristle's veins, And tho' his bonnet he retains, Yet on his crest he mayna cock it, But in a coffer closs man lock it. Bareheaded thus he e'en knocks under-And lets them drive awa the plunder. Sae have I feen, beside a tow'r, The king of brutes oblig'd to cour, And on his royal paunches thole A dwarf to prog him wi' a pole; While he wad shaw his fangs, and rage Wi' bootless wrangling in his cage.-Now follows that we tak' a peep O' Bawfy, looking like a sheep, By Briftle hated and despised, By Jouk and Rosie little priz'd.

Soon as the horse had heard his brither Joukum and Rose were prick'd thegither, Awa he fcours o'er hight and how, Fu' fidgin fain whate'er he dow. Counting what things he now did mister, That wad be gi'en him by his fifter. Like shallow bards, wha think they flee. Because they live fax stories high, To some poor lifeless lucubration Prefixes fleeching dedication, And blythly dream they 'll be restor'd To alehouse credit by my Lord. Thus Bawfy's mind in plenty row'd, While he thought on his promis'd gowd And baillyship, which he wi' fines Wad mak' like the West India mines: Arrives, wi' future greatness dizzy, Ca's, where 's Mess Touk?

BEEF

Mefs Jouk is bify.

BAWSY.

My Lady Rofe, is she at leifure?

SELE

BEEF.

No, Sir, my Lady 's at her pleafure.

BAWSY.

I wait for her or him, go shew.

BEEF.

And pray you, master, wha are you?

BAWSY.

Upo' my faul this porter 's faucy! Sirrah, go tell my name is Bawfy, Their brither wha made up the marriage.

BEEF.

And fae I thought by your daft carriage. Between your houghs gae clap your gelding, Swith hame and feast upon a spelding, For there 's nae room beneath this roof To entertain a simple coof, The like o' you, that nane can trust, Wha to your ain ha'e been unjust.

BARD.

This faid, he dadded to the vate, And left poor Bawfy in a fret, Wha loudly gowl'd, and made a din, That was o'erheard by a' within. Quoth Rose to Jouk, Come, let 's away, And fee wha's you mak's a' this fray. Awa' they went, and faw the creature Sair runkling ilka filly feature O' his dull phiz, wi' girns and glooms, Stamping and biting at his thumbs. They tented him a little while, Then came full on him wi' a fmile, Which foon gart him forget the torture Was rais'd within him by the porter. Sae will a fucking weanie vell, But shake a rattle, or a bell, It hauds its tongue; let that alane, It to its yamering fa's again; Lilt up a fang, and straight it 's feen To laugh wi' tears into its een. Thus eithly anger'd, eithly pleas'd, Weak Bawfy lang they tantaliz'd Wi' promifes right wide extended, They ne'er perform'd, nor e'er intended: But now and then, when they did need him, A fupper and a pint they gie'd him;

That

That done, they ha'e nae mair to fay, And scarcely ken him the niest day. Poor fallow! now this mony a year, Wi' fome faint hope, and rowth o' fear, He has been wrestling wi' his fate, A drudge to Joukum and his mate. While Briftle faves his manly look. Regardless baith o' Rose and Jouk, Maintains right quietly 'yond the kairns, His honour, conscience, wife, and bairns, Jouk and his rumblegarie wife Drive on a drunken gaming life, 'Cause, sober, they can get nae rest, For Nick and Duniwhiftle's ghaift, Wha in the garrets aften tooly, And shore them wi' a bloody gully.

Thus I ha'e fung, in hamelt rhyme,
A fang that fcorns the teeth o' time;
Yet modestly I hide my name,
Admiring virtue mair than fame.
But tent ye wha despise instruction,
And gi'es my wark a wrang construction,
Frae 'hind my curtain, mind I tell ye,
I 'll shoot a fatire through your belly:
But wha wi' havins jees his bonnet,
And says, Thanks t' ye for your sonnet,
He shanna want the praises due
To generosity.—Adieu.

THE EAGLE AND THE ROBIN REDBREAST.

And deinking that sing lamics drawn, A tunefull Robin trit and stune

THE Prince of all the fethert kind,
That with fpred wings outflees the wind,
And tours far out of human ficht,
To view the fchynand orb of licht:
This ryall bird, tho' braif and great,
And armit strang for stern debait,
Nae tyrant is, but condescends
Aftymes to treit inferiour friends.

Ane day, at his command did flock
To his hie palace on a rock,
The courtiers of ilk various fyze
That fwiftly fwim in christal skyis.
Thither the valiant Terfals doup,
And heir rapacious Corbies croup,
With greidy Gleds, and slie Gormahs,
And dinsome Pyis, and clatterin Daws;
Proud Pecocks, and a hundred mae,
Bruscht up thair pens that solemn day,
Bowd first submissive to my lord,
Then tuke thair places at his borde-

Mein tyme, quhyle feisting on a fawn, And drinking blude frae lamies drawn, A tunefull Robin trig and zung Hard by upon a bour-tree fung. He fang the Eagle's ryall lyne, His persing ee and richt divyne To sway out owre the fetherit thrang, Quha dreid his martial bill and fang: His slicht sublime, and eild renewit, His mynd with clemencie endewit; In safter notes he sang his luve; Mair hie, his beiring bolts for Jove.

The monarch bird with blythness hard
The chaunting litil silvan bard,
Calit up a buzart, quha was than
His favourite and chamberlane.
"Swith to my treasury," quod he,
"And to zon canty Robin gie
"As meikle of our currant geir
"As may mentain him throw the zeir;
"We can weil spair 't, and it 's his due."
He bad, and furth the Judas slew
Straight to the bench quhair Robin sung,
And with a wickit lieand tung
Said, "Ah! ze sing sae dull and ruch,
"Ze haif deivt our lugs mair than enuch;

- " His majestie hes a nyse eir,
- " And nae mair of zour stuff can beir;
- " Poke up your pypes, be nae mair sene
- " At court; I warn ze as a frein."

He fpak, quhyle Robinis fwelling breift,
And drouping wings, his greif expreft;
The teirs ran happing doun his cheik,
Grit grew his hairt, he coud nocht fpeik,
No for the tinfell of rewaird,
But that his notis met nae regaird.
Straicht to the fchaw he fpred his wing,
Refolvit again nae mair to fing,
Quhair princelie bountie is fuppreft
By fic with quhome they ar oppreft,
Quha cannot beir, because they want it,
That ocht fuld be to merit grantit.

Wine dones diffred their drawaic brains

THE CONCLUSION

THE AUTHOR'S ADDRESS TO HIS BOOK IN IMITATION OF HORACE.

DEAR, vent'rous book, e'en take thy will, And fcowp around the warld thy fill: Wow! ye 're newfangle to be feen, In gilded Turkey clad, and clean. Daft, giddy thing! to dare thy fate, And spang o'er dykes that scar the blate: But mind, when anes ye 're to the bent, Altho' in vain, ye may repent. Alake! I'm fleed thou aften meet A gang that will thee fourly treat, And ca' thee dull for a' thy pains, When damps distress their drowzie brains. I dinna doubt, whilst thou art new, Thou 'It favour find frae not a few; But when thou 'rt ruffled and forfairn, Sair thumb'd by ilka coof or bairn, Then, then by age ye may grow wife, And ken things common gi'e na price.

I 'd fret, wae 's me! to fee thee lye woo mo Beneath the bottom of a pye; and on a sol Or cow'd out page by page, to wrap and I Up fruff, or fweeties, in a fhap.

Awa, fic fears! gae fpread my fame,
And fix me an immortal name;
Ages to come shall thee revive,
And gar thee with new honours live.
The future critics, I foresee,
Shall have their notes on notes on thee;
The wits unborn shall beauties find
That never enter'd in my mind.

Now when thou tells how I was bred But hough enough * to a mean trade, To balance that, pray let them ken My faul to higher pitch cou'd ften: And when ye shaw I 'm scarce of gear, Gar a' my virtues shine mair clear: Tell, I the best and fairest please; A little man that lo'es my ease, And never thole these passions lang That rudely mint to do me wrang:

Gin

^{*} Very indifferently.

Gin ony want to ken my age,
See anno Dom. * on title page;
This year, when fprings, by care and skill,
The spacious leaden conduits † fill,
And first flow'd up the Castle-hill;
When South-Sea projects cease to thrive,
And only North-Sea seems alive,
Tell them your author's thirty-sive.



^{*} The first edition of his poems was published in 1721.

The new lead pipes for conveying water to Edinburgh, of four inches and a half diameter within, and fix tenths of an inch in thickness; all cast in a mould invented by the ingenious Mr. Harding of London.

A

GLOSSARY;

OR,

AN EXPLANATION

OF THE

SCOTISH WORDS,

Which are used in the POEMS of ALLAN RAMSAY;

And which are rarely found in modern English Writings:

CORRECTED AND AMENDED.

A

GLOSSARY,

&c. &c. &c.

Some General Rules, shewing wherein many Southern, and Northern, words are originally the same; having only one letter changed for another; or sometimes one letter taken away, or one added.

I. In many words ending with an 1 after an a or u, the 1 is rarely founded.

SCOTISH.	ENGLISH.		SCOTISH.	ENGLISH
A'	All		Sma	Small
Ba	Ball		Sta	Stall
Ca	Call		Wa	Wall
Fa	Fall	155	Fou, or fu	Full
Ga	Gall		Pou, or pu	Pull
Ha	Hall		W00, or 00	Wool

II. The 1 changes to a, w, or u, after 0 or a; and is frequently funk before another confonant; as,

Bawm	Balm	Bow	Boll
Bauk	Baulk	Bowt	Bolt
Bouk	Bulk	Caff	Calf
Cow	Coll, or Clip	Howms	Holm
Faut	Fault	Maut	Malt
Faufe	False	Pow	Poll
Fowk	Folk	Row	Roll

Farun

SCOTISH.	ENGLISH.	SCOTISH.	ENGLISH.
Fawn	Fallen	Scawd	Scald
Gowd	Gold	Stown	Stolen
Haff	Half	Wawk	Walk
How	Hole or Hollow		

III. An o before ld, changes to a, or au; as,

Auld	Old	Hald, or had	Hold
Bauld	Bold	Sald	Sold
Cauld	Cold	Tald	Told
Fauld	Fold	Wad	Would

IV. The o, oe, or ow, is changed to a, ae, aw, or ai; as,

Ae, or ane	One	Bain	Bone
Aeten	Oaten	Bair	Boar
Aff	Off	Baith	Both
Aften	Often	Blaw	Blow
Aik	Oak -	Braid	Broad
Aith	Oath	Claith	Cloth
Ain, or awn	Own	Craw	Crow
Alane	Alone	Drap	Drop
Amaist	Almost	Fae	Foe
Amang	Among	Frae	Fro, or from
Airs	Oars	Gae	Go
Aits	Oats	Gaits	Goats
Apen	Open	Grane	Groan
Awner	Owner	Haly	Holy
Hale	Whole	Saft	Soft
Halesome	Wholesome	Saip	Soap
Hame	Home	Sair	Sore
Hait, or het	Hot	Sang	Song
Laith	Loath	Slaw	Slow
Laid	Load	Snaw	Snow
Lain, or len	Loan	Strake	Stroak
Lang	Long	Staw	Stole
Mae	More	Stane	Stone
Maist	Moft	Saul	Soul
Mair	More	Tae	Toe
Mane	Moan	Taiken	Token
Na	No	Tangs	Tongs
			12. 14

and de

ENGLISH.	SCOTISH.	ENGLISH.
None	Tap ·	Top
Nothing	Thrang	Throng
Pope	Wae	Woe
Roe	Wame	Womb
Rope	Wan	Won
Row	War	Worfe
	Wark	Work
	Warld	World
	Wha	Who
	Nothing Pope Roe Rope Row	None Tap Nothing Thrang Pope Wae Roe Wame Rope War Row Wark Warld

V. The o or u is frequently changed into i; as,

Anither	Another	Ither	Other
Bill	Bull	Mither	Mother
Birn	Burn	Nits	Nuts
Brither	Brother	Nife	Nofe
Fit	Foot	Pit	Put
Fither	Fother	Rin	Run
Hinny	Honey	Sin	Sun

Third sar to Miss

A

ABEET, albeit, although Ablins, perhaps Aboon, above Aeten, oaten Aik, oak Aikerbread, the breadth of an acre Air, long fince. It, early. Air up, foon up in the morning Ambrie, cupboard Anew, enow Annual-rent, yearly interest of money Apen, open Arles, earnest of a bargain Afe, ashes Afe-midding, dunghill of ashes Afteer, ftirring Atains, or Atanes, at once, at the fame time Attour, out-over Auld-farren, knowing, shrewd Auld Reeky, a cant name for Edinburgh; old and fmoky Aurglebargin, or Eagglebargin, to contend and wrangle Awfome, frightful, terrible Aynd, the breath

B

Ba', ball
Back-fey, a firloin
Badrans, a cat
Baid, staid, abode

BEI

Bairns, children Balen, whalebone To ban, to curfe Bang, is sometimes an action of haste, We say, " he, or it, came " with a bang." A bang also means a great number: " of cuf-" tomers she had a bang" Bangster, a blustering roaring person Bannocks, a fort of unleavened bread, thicker than cakes, and round Barken'd, when mire, blood, &c. hardens upon a thing like bark Barlikhood, a fit of drunken angry passion Barrow-trams, the staves of a handbarrow Batts, colick Bauch, forry, indifferent Baul, or bauld, bold Bawbee, halfpenny Bawk, a rafter, joist: likewise, the space between corn fields Bawfy, bawfand-fac'd, is a cow, or horse, with a white face Bedeen, immediately, in haste Beft, beaten Begoud, began Begrutten, all in tears Beik, to balk Beild, or beil, a shelter Bein, or been, wealthy, comfortable. A been house, a warm well-furnished one

Beit,

BLA.

Beit, or beet, to help, repair Bells, bubbles Beltan, the 3d of May, or Rood-day Belzie, Belzebub Bended, drunk hard Benn, the inner room of a house Bennison, bleffing Benfell, or benfail, force Bent, the open field Benty, overgrown with coarse grass Beuk, baked Bicker, a wooden dish Bickering, fighting, running quickly. School-boys battling with stones Bigg, build. Bigget, built. Biggings, buildings Biggonet, a linen cap or coif Billy, brother Bink, a bench to fit on, either by the door, or near the fire Byre, or byar, a cow-house Birks, birch-trees Birle, to caroufe. When common people join their halfpennies for purchasing liquor, they call it " birling a bawbee" Birn, a burnt mark Birns, the stalks of burnt heath Birr, force, flying fwiftly with a noife Bify, bufy Bittle, or beetle, a wooden mall for beating hemp, or a fuller's club Black-a-vic'd, of a black complexion Blae, black and blue, the colour of the skin when bruised Blaflum, beguile Blate, bashful Blatter, a rattling noise Blawart, a blue flower that grows

among corn

BRA Bleech, to blanch or whiten Bleer, to make the eye water Bleeze, blaze Blether, foolish discourse. Bletherer, A babbler. Stammering is called blethering. Blin, cease. " Never blin," never have done Blinkan, the flame rifing and falling, as of a lamp when the oil is exhaufted Boak, or boke, retch Boal, a little press or cupboard in the wall To Boaft, to threaten or fcold at Bodin, or bodden, provided or furnifhed Bodle, one-fixth of a penny English Bodword, an ominous message. Bodwords are now used to express ill-natured messages Boglebo, hobgoblin or fpectre Bonny, beautiful Bonnywalys, toys, gew-gaws Boss, empty Bouk, bulk Bourd, jest or dally Boufer, a rafter Bouze, to drink Bowt, bolt Brochen, water-gruel of oat-meal Brae, the fide of a hill, a fleep bank Braid, broad Braird, the first sprouting of corns Brander, a gridiron Brands, calves of the legs Brang, brought Brankan, prancing, a capering Branks, wherewith the rustics bridle

their horses

Branny, brandy

Brattle.

BYW

Brattle, noise, as of horse feet Brats, rags, aprons of coarse linen Braw, brave; fine in apparel

Brecken, fearn

Brent-brow, smooth high forchead

Brigs, bridges
Brifs, to prefs

Brock, a badger

Broe, broth
Browden, fond

Browster, brewer. Browst, a brewing Bruliment, or Brulziement, a broil

Bucky, the large fea-fnail: a term of reproach, when we express a

crofs-natured fellow by "thrawn "bucky"

Buff, nonfense: as, " he blather'd

"buff"
Bught, the little fold where the ewes

are inclosed at milking-time

Buller, to bubble: the motion of

water at a fpring-head, or noise of a rising tide

Bumbazed, confused; made to stare and look like an ideot

Eumbee, an humble bee

Bumler, a bungler To Bummil, to bungle

Bung, completely fuddled, as it were to the bung

Bunkers, a bench, or fort of long low chefts that ferve for feats

Burd-alane, folitary bird

Burn, a brook

Bu/k, to deck, drefs

Bustine, fustian, cloth

But, often used for without; as,

" but feed or favour"

Bykes, or bikes, nests or hives of bees Bygane, bypast

Byword, a proverb

C

Cadge, carry. Cadger is a country carrier, &c.

Caff, a calf; chaff

Camfchough, or Campfho, stern, grim, of a distorted countenance

Cangle, to wrangle

Canker'd, angry, passionately snarling

Canna, cannot

Cant, to tell merry old tales

Cantraips, incantations
Cantr, cheerful and merry

Capernoited, whimfical, ill-natured

Car, sledge

Carena, care not Carle, a word for an old man

Carline, an old woman. Gire-carline, a giant's wife

Carts, Cards

Cathel, cawdle, an hot-pot made of ale, fugar, and eggs

Cauldrife, spiritles; wanting cheerfulness in address

Cauler, cool or fresh

Cawk, chalk

Cawfy, caufeway, street

Chafts, chops

Chaping, an ale measure or floup, fomewhat less than an English quart

A-Char, or a-jar, afide. When any thing is beat a little out of its pofition, or a door or window a little opened, we fay, "they are a-char, " or a-jar"

Charlewain, Charlefwain; the conftellation called the plow, or

urfa major Chancy, fortunate, good-natured

Chanler, a candlestick Chanler-chasts, lantern-jaw'd

Chat,

COG Chat, a cant name for the gallows Chiel, or chield, a general term like fellow; used sometimes with refpect, as, " he's a very good chiel;" and contemptuously, "that chiel" Chirm, chirp and fing like a bird Chitter, chatter Chorking, the noise made by the feet when the shoes are full of water Chucky, a hen Clan, tribe, family Clank, a sharp blow or stroke that makes a noife Clashes, chat Clatter, to chatter Claught, took hold Claver, to speak nonsense Claw, fcratch Cleek, to catch as with a hook Cleugh, a den betwixt rocks

Clink, coin, money
Clinty, hard, ftony
Clock, a beetle
Cloited, the fall of any foft, moist
thine

Gloss, a court or square; and frequently a lane or alley

Clour, the little lump that rifes on the head, occasioned by a blow or fall

Clute, or clost, hoof of cows or fheep Cockernony, the gathering of a woman's hair, when it is wrapt or fnooded up with a band or fnood

Cockstool, a pillory

Coft, bought

Cog, a pretty large wooden dish the country people put their pottage in

CUR

Cogle, when a thing moves backwards and forwards inclining to fall

Coly, a shepherd's dog
Coodie, a small wooden vessel used by
fome for a chamber-pot

Coof, a stupid fellow Coor, to cover, and recover Coofer, a stoned horse

Cooft, did cast. Cooften, thrown Corby, a raven

Cofie, warm and comfortable Cotter, a cottager

Courty, affable

Cowp, to turn over; also, a fall

Court, to change or batter

Cowp, to change or barter Cowp, a company of people; as, "merry, fenfelefs, corky cowp"

Crack, to chat Craig, a rock; the neck

Craw, crow Creel, basket Creepy, a low stool

Crish, grease Croil, a crooked dwarf

Croon, or crune, to murmur, or hum over a fong; the lowing of bulls

Crouse, bold, pert, overbearing Crove, a cottage

Crummy, a cow's name
Cryn, to shrink or become less by
drying

Culzie, to intice or flatter
Cun, to tafte, learn, know

Cunzie, or coonie, coin Curn, a fmall parcel

Curfehe, a kerchief; a linen dress worn by our Highland women

Cutled,

DIG

Catled, used kind and gaining methods for obtaining love and friendship Cutty, short

D

Dab, a proficient

Dad, to beat one thing against another: "he fell with a dad:"—
"he dadded his head against the "wall," &c.

Daft, foolish; and sometimes, wan-

Daffin, folly, waggery
Daintiths, delicacies, dainties
Dainty, is used as an epithet of a

fine man or woman

Dander, to wander to or fro, or

faunter

Dang, did ding, beat, thrust, drive.

Ding, dang, moving hastily one

on the back of another Darn, to hide

Daft, to finde

Daft, to put out of countenance

Dawty, a fondling, darling. To

dawt, to cocker and carefs with

tenderness

Deave, to stun the ears with noise Deel, the devil

Deel-be-likit, the devil-a-bit Dees, dairy-maids

Deray, merriment, jollity, folemnity, tumult, diforder, noise

tumult, diforder, noise
Dern, fecret, hidden, lonely
Deval, to defeend, fall, hurry
Dewgs, rags or shapings of cloth
Didle, to act or move like a dwarf
Dight, decked, made ready; also,
to clean

MILITADELL D LOEMS

DOW

To Ding, to drive down, to beat, to overcome

Dink, prim

Dinna, do not

Dirle, a smarting pain quickly over Dit, to stop or close up a hole

Divot, thin turf

Dock, the backfide Docken, a dock, the herb

Doilt, confused and filly

Doited, dozed or crazy, as in old

Doll, a large piece; dole or share

Donk, moist

Donfie, affectedly neat; fometimes, dull and dreary; clean, when applied to any little person

Doofart, a dull, heavy-headed fellow Dool, or drule, the goal which gameflers strive to gain first, as at foot-

ball
Dool, pain, grief

Dorts, a proud pet
Dorty, proud; not to be fpoken to;
conceited; appearing as disobliged

Dosend, cold, impotent Dought, could, availed

Doughty, strong, valiant, able

Douks, dives under water Dour, dowr, hard, fevere, fierce

Doufe, folid, grave, prudent Dow, to will, to incline, to thrive Dow, dove

Dow'd, (liquor) that is dead, or has loft the fpirits; or withered

(plant)

Dowff, mournful, wanting vivacity

Dowie, fickly, melancholy, fad, doleful

Downa, dow not, i. e. though one has

the power, he wants the heart to do it

Dowp,

Dowp, the arfe, the fmall remains of a candle, the bottom of an eggfhell: "better half egg as toom "dowp"

Drant, to speak flow, after a fighing manner

Dree, to fuffer, endure
Dreery, wearifome, frightful
Dreigh, flow, keeping at distance:
hence, an ill payer of his debts we
call dreigh: tedious

Dribs, drops

Dring, the noise of a kettle before it boils

Drizel, a little water in a rivulet, fcarce appearing to run
Droning, fitting lazily, or moving heavily; fpeaking with groans
Drouked, drenched, all wet

Dubs, mire
Duds, rags. Duddy, ragged
Dung, driven down, overcome
Dunt, stroke or blow

Dunty, a doxy
Durk, a poniard or dagger
Dusht, driven down

Dwine, to pine away
Dynles, trembles, shakes
Dyvour, a bankrupt

E

To Eag, to egg, to incite, stir up Eard, earth, the ground Edge of a hill, is the side or top Een, eyes Eild, age Eildens, of the same age Eith, easy. Either, easier Vol., IL Elbuck, elbow

Elf-shot, bewitched, shot by fairies

Ell-wand, the ell measure Elritch, wild, hideous, uninhabited

except by imaginary ghosts

Elson, a shoemaker's awl

Endlang, along

Ergh, fcrupulous, when one makes faint attempts to do a thing, without a fleady resolution

Esther, Ashler, hewn stone
Ether, an adder
Ethercap, or Ettercap, a venomous
spiteful creature
Ethe, to aim, design

Even'd, compared
Evite, to shun
Eydent, diligent, laborious

F

Fa, a trap, such as is used for catching rats or mice
Facing-tools, drinking-pots

Fadge, a spungy fort of bread in shape of a roll

Fae, foe

Fail, thick turf, fuch as are used for building dykes for folds, inclosures, &c.

Fairfaw, when we wish well to one, that a good or fair fate may befall him

Fait, neat, in good order

Fand, found

Fang, the talons of a fowl. To

Q Q Fafb,

FLE

Fast, to vex or trouble. Fasheous, troublesome Faugh, a colour between white and red. Faugh riggs, fallow ground Faught, a broil Fause, false Fawn, fallen Feck, a part, quantity; as, maift feck, the greatest number; nae feck, very few Feckfow, able, active Feckless, feeble, little and weak Feed, or fead, feud, hatred, quarrel Feil, many, feveral Fen, shift. Fending, living by industry. Make a fen, fall upon methods Ferlie, wonder Fernzier, the last or forerun year File, to defile or dirty Fireflaught, a flash of lightning Fiftle, to flir, a ftir Fit, the foot Fitsted, the print of the foot Fizzing, whizzing Flaffing, moving up and down; raifing wind by motion, as birds with their wings Flags, flashes, as of wind and fire Flane, an arrow Flang, flung Flaughter, to pare turf from the ground Flaw, lie or fib Fleetch, to coax or flatter Fleg, fright Flet, the preterite of flyte, did chide Flegeeries, gewgaws Flewet, a fmart blow

Fley, or flie, to affright.

afraid or terrified

Fleyt,

Flinders, fplinters Flit, to remove Flite, or flyte, to feold or chide. Flet, did fcold Flushes, floods Fog, mofs Fon, fond Foordays, the morning far advanced, fair day-light Forby, besides Forebears, forefathers, ancestors Forfairn, abused, bespattered Forfoughten, weary, faint and out of breath with fighting Forgainst, opposite to Forgether, to meet, encounter Forleet, to forfake or forget Forestam, the forehead Fou, drunk Fouth, abundance, plenty Fow-weel, full well Fozy, fpungy, foft Fraise, to make a noise. We use to fay, " one makes a fraife," when they boaft, wonder, and talk more of a matter than it is worthy of, or will bear Fray, buftle, fighting Freik, a fool, light impertinent fellow Fremit, strange, not a-kin Fristed, trusted Frush, brittle, like bread baken with butter Fuff, to blow. Fuffin, blowing Furder, prosper Furthy, forward Fuish, brought

Fyk, to be restless, uneasy

Furlet, four pecks

FUR

GOV

Gab, the mouth. To Gab, to prate

Gabbing, prating pertly. To gab again, when fervants give faucy returns when reprimanded

Gabby, one of a ready and easy expression; the same with auld gabbet

Gadge, to dictate impertinently, talk idly with a stupid gravity

To Gae, to go

Gafaw, hearty loud laughter. To gawf, to laugh

Gaift, or ghaift, a ghost

Gait, a goat

Gams, gums

Gantrees, a stand for ale-barrels

Gar, to cause, make, or force Gare, greedy, rapacious, earnest to

have a thing

Gash, folid, sagacious. One with a long out chin, we call gash-gabbet, or gash-beard

Gate, way

Gaunt, yawn

Gaw, to take the pet, to be galled

Gawd, or gad, a bar of iron, a ploughman's rod

Gawky, an idle, staring, idiotical person

Gawn, going Gaws, galls

Gawly, jolly, buxom

To geck, to mock, to toss the head with difdain

Geed, or gade, went

Genty, handsome, genteel

Get, a brat, a child, by way of contempt or derifion

Gielainger, an ill debtor

Gif, if

Q Q 2

Gift, a wicked imp, a term of reptoach

Gillygacus, or gillygapus, a staring gaping fool, a gormandizer

Gilpy, a roguish boy Gimmer, a young sheep-ewe

Gin, if

Gird, to strike, pierce

Girn, to grin, fnarl; also a snare or trap, fuch as boys make of horfehair to catch birds

Girth, a hoop

Glaiks, the reflection of the fun thrown from a mirror; an idle good-for-nothing fellow. Glaiked. foolish, wanton, light. To give the glaiks, to beguile one by giving him his labour for his pains

Glaifter, to bawl or bark

Glamour, a fascinating spell in order to deceive the eyes

Glar, mire, ouzy mud

Glee, to fquint. Gleed, or gleid, fouint-eyed

Gleg, sharp, quick, active

Glen, a narrow valley between mountains

Gloom, to fcowl or frown

Glowming, or gloming, the twilight or evening gloom

Glowr, to stare

Glunch, to hang the brow and grumble

Goan, a wooden dish for meat

Goolie, a large knife

Gorlings, or gorblings, young unfledged birds

Goffie, goffip Gowans, daizies

Gove, to look with a roving eye

Gowf.

Gowf, or golf, befides the known game, a racket or found blow on the chops, we call "a gowf on "the haffet"

Gowk, the cuckow. In derifion, we call a thoughtless fellow, and one

Gowk, the cuckow. In derilion, we call a thoughtless fellow, and one who harps too long on one subject, a gowk

Gowl, a howling; to bellow and cry Goufty, ghastly, large, waste, desolate, and frightful

Graith, furniture, harness, armour To Grane, to groan

Grany, grandmother, any old wo-

Grape, a trident fork; also, to grope Gree, prize, victory

To Gree, to agree

Green, or grien, to long for Greet, to weep. Grat, wept

Grieve, an overfeer Groff, grofs, coarfe

Grotts, milled oats

Grouf, to lie flat on the belly Grounche, or Glunsh, to murmur,

grudge Grutten, wept

Gryse, a pig

Gully, a large knife. A kail-gully, a knife for cutting cabbages

Gumption, good fense Gurly, rough, bitter, cold (weather)

Gusty, favoury

Gutcher, goodfire, grandfather
Gysened, when the wood of any
vessel is shrunk with dryness

Gytlings, young children

Had, hold

Haffet, the cheek, side of the head Hagabag, coarse table-linen

Haggife, a kind of pudding made of the lungs and liver of a sheep, and boiled in the big bag

Hags, hacks, peat-pits, or breaks in mosfly ground; portions of copfewood regularly cut

Hain, to fave, manage narrowly

Hale, whole

Halesome, wholesome

Hallen, a fence of turf, twigs, or ftone, built at the fide of a cottage door, to screen from the wind

Hame, home

Hameld, domestic

Hamely, friendly, frank, open, kind

To Hanker, to doubt or waver Hanty, convenient, handsome

Harle, drag

Harns, brains. Harn-pan, the fcult Harship, hairship, mischance

Hash, a sloven

Haveren, or havrel, an infignificant chatterer, a half-witted fellow Haughs, valleys, or low grounds on

the fides of rivers Havins, good breeding

Havins, good breeding Haviour, behaviour

To hause, to hug

Hauslock, the wool that grows on

the sheep's neck

Hawky, a cow; a white-faced cow.

Haws, or haufs, the throat or gul-

let
Heal, or heel, health, or whole

Heat, or neet, health, or whole Heartsome, blyth and happy Hecht, to promise, promised

Heepy.

HOW

Heepy, a person hypochondriac Hereyestreen, the night before yes. ternight

Heez, to lift up a heavy thing a little. A beezy is a good lift Heftit, accustomed to live in a place Heght, promised; also, named

Hempy, a tricky wag, fuch for whom the hemp grows

Hereit, or berried, ruined in estate : when a bird's nest is robbed, it is faid to be berried

Help, a hasp, a clasp or hook, bar or bolt : alfo, in yarn, a certain number of cuts

Hether-bells, the heath-bloffom Heugh, a rock or steep hill; also, a coal-pit

Hiddils, or Hidlings, lurking, hiding-places. To do a thing in bidlings, i. e. privately

To Hing, to hang

Hips, the buttocks Hirple, to move flowly and lamely Hirse, to move as with a rustling

Hirsle, or birdsale, a flock of cattle

Ho, a fingle stocking Hobbleshew, confused racket, noise Hodden-grey, coarfe grey cloth Hog, a sheep of two years old

Hool, hufk. Hooled, inclosed Hooly, flow

Hoft, or whoft, to cough

Hou, or hu, a cap or roof-tree How, low ground, a hollow

How! ho! Howdered, hidden

Howdy, a midwife

Howff, a haunt, or accustomed ren-

dczvous

IYB

Howk, to dig Howms, bolms, plains on river-fides Howt ! fv ! Howtowdy, a young hen

Hurdies, the buttocks

Hurkle, to crouch or bow together like a cat, hedge-hog, or hare

Hyt, mad

1.1 & 1

Fack, a jacket

Jag, to prick as with a pin

Jaw, a wave or gush of water Jawp, the dashing of water

Iceshogles, icicles

Jee, to incline on one fide. To jee back and fore, is to move like a balk up and down, to this and the other fide

Felly, pretty

Jig, to crack, to make a noise like a cart-wheel

Fimp, flender

Fip, gypfie

Ilk, each. Ilka, every

Ingan, onion

Ingine, genius

Ingle, fire 70, fweetheart

Focktaleg, a clasp-knife

Fouk, a low bow

Irie, fearful, terrified, as if afraid of fome ghost or apparition: also, melancholy

I'fe, I shall; as, I'll, for I will

Ifles, embers

Junt, a large joint or piece of meat Jute, four or dead liquor

Tybe, to mock. Gibe, a taunt

K

Kaber, a rafter Kale, or kail, colewort: and fometimes, broth Kacky, to dung

Kain, a part of a farm-rent paid in fowls

Kame, comb

Kanny, or canny, fortunate: also, wary, one who manages his affairs discreetly; cautious

Kebuck, a cheefe

Keckle, to cackle like a hen, to laugh, to be noify

Kedgy, or eadgie, jovial

Keek, to peep

Keel, or keil, black or red chalk

Kelt, cloth with a freeze, commonly made of native black wool Kemp, to strive who shall perform

most of the same work in the fame time

Ken, to know; used in England as a noun: a thing within ken, i. e.

within view Kent, a long staff, fuch as shepherds use for leaping over ditches

Kepp, to catch a thing that moves towards one

Kieft, did caft. Vide cooft

Kilted, tucked up Kimmer, or cummer, a female gossip

Kirn, a churn; to churn

Kirtle, an upper petticoat

Kitchen, fauces or liquids eat with folid food: " hunger is good " kitchen"

Kittie, a frolicsome wench

Kittle, difficult, mysterious, knotty (writings)

Kittle, to tickle, ticklish

Knacky, witty, facetious

LAR

Knoit, to beat or strike sharply Knooled, buffeted and bruifed

Knooft, or knuift, a large lump

Know, a hillock

Knublock, a knob

Kow, goblin, or any person one stands in awe to disoblige, and

Ky, kine or cows Kyth, to appear: " he'll kyth in " his ain colours"

Kyte, the belly

Ladren, a rogue, rascal, thief Laggert, bespattered, covered with'

clay Laigh, low

Laith, loth

Laits, manners Lak, or lack, undervalue, contemn; as, " he that lacks my mare, will

" buy my mare" Landart, the country, or belonging

to it : rustic

Lane, alone Lang, long

Langour, lauguishing, melancholy. To hold one out of langour, i. e. divert him

Lang-nebit, long-nofed

Lang-syne, long ago: sometimes used as a substantive noun, auld lang-fyne, old times by-past

Lankale, coleworts uncut

Lap, leaped

Lappered, cruddled or clotted

Lare, bog

Lare, a place for laying, or that has been lain in

Latter-meet, victuals brought from the master's to the servants' table Lave, the rest or remainder

Lawin, a tavern reckoning

Lawland, low country

Laurock, the lark

Lawty, or lawtith, justice, fidelity, honesty

Leal, true, upright, honest, faithful to truft, loyal: " a leal heart " never lied"

Leam, flame

Lear, learning; to learn

Lee, untilled ground; also an open graffy plain

Leet, a chosen number, from which one or more is to be elected

Leglen, a milking-pail with one lug or handle

Leman, a kept miss

Lends, buttocks, loins Leugh, laughed

Lew-warm, lukewarm

Libbet, gelded

Lick, to whip or beat: a wag or cheat we call a great lick

Lied, ye lied, ye tell a lie

Lift, the sky or firmament

Liggs, lies Lilts, the holes of a wind instrument

of music; hence, " lilt up a " fpring:"-" lilt it out," take off your drink merrily

Limmer, a whore

Limp, to halt

Lin, a cataract Ling, quick career in a straight line;

to gallop

Lingle, cord, shoemakers' thread

Linkan, walking speedily

Lintwhite, a linnet

Lire, breafts: also, the most muscular parts: fometimes, the air or complexion of the face

Lirk, a wrinkle or fold

Lifk, the groin

Lith, a joint

Loan, or Loaning, a passage for the cattle to go to pasture, left untilled; a little common, where the maids often affembled to milk the ewes

Loch, a lake

Loe, to love

Loof, the hollow of the hand

Looms, tools, instruments in general, veffels

Loot, did let

Low, flame. Lowan, flaming

Lown, calm : keep lown, be fecret Loun, rogue, whore, villain

Lounder, a found blow

Lout, to bow down, making courtefy: to ftoop

Luck, to enclose, shut up, fasten: hence, lucken handed, close fisted : lucken gowans, booths, &c.

Lucky, grandmother, or goody Lug, ear, handle of a pot or veffel Luggie, a dish of wood with a handle Lum, the chimney

Lurdane, a blockhead

Lure, rather

Lyart, hoary or grey-haired

Magil, to mangle Maiden, an engine used for behead-

ing Maik, or make, to match, equal

Maikless, matchless

Mailen, a farm

MOO

Makly, feemly, well-proportioned Makina, 'tis no matter Malison, a curse, malediction Mangit, galled or bruised by toil or fripes Mank, a want Mant, to stammer in speech March, or merch, a landmark, border of lands Marb, the marrow Marrow, mate, fellow, equal, comrade Mask, to mash (brewing). Masking-loom, mash-vat Mavis, a thrush Maun, must. Mauna, must not, may not Mawt, malt Meikle, much, big, great, large Meith, limit, mark, fign Mends, fatisfaction, revenge, retaliation: to make a mends, to make a grateful return Mense, discretion, sobriety, good breeding. Mensfou, mannerly Menzie, a company of men, army, affembly, one's followers Messen, a little dog, lap-dog Midding, a dunghill Midges, gnats, little flies Mim, affectedly modest Mint, aim, endeavour Mirk, dark Miscaw, to give names Milken, to neglect or not take notice of one; also, let alone Mislushious, malicious, rough Misters, necessities, wants Mither, mother Mony, many

Mools, the earth of the grave

NUC

Mou, mouth Moup, to eat, generally used of children, or of old people, who have but few teeth, and make their lips move fast, though they eat but flow Mow, a pile or bing, as of fuel, hay, fheaves of corn, &c. Murgeon'd, made a mock of Muckle, see meikle Murgullied, mismanaged, abused Mutch, a coif Mutchkin, an English pint Nacky, or knacky, clever, active in fmall affairs Neese, nose Nevel, a found blow with the nive, or fift Newfangle, fond of a new thing Nick, to bite or cheat. Nicked, cheated. Also a cant word to drink heartily; as, " he nicks " fine" Nieft, next Niffer, to exchange or barter Niffnafan, trifling Nignays, trifles Nips, bits Nither, to straiten. Nithered, hungered or half-starved in maintenance

Nive, the fift

fpindle

Noit, fee knoit

Nowt, cows, kine

Nuckle, new calved (cows)

Nowther, neither

Nock, notch or nick of an arrow or

PRI

Oe, a grandchild O'er, or owre, too much; as, " a' o'ers " is vice" O'ercome, furplus Ony, any Or, fometimes used for ere, or be-Or day, i. e. before dayfore. break Ora, any thing over what is needful Orp, to weep with a convultive Oughtlens, in the least, any thing Owk, week Owrlay, a cravat Owfen, oxen Owther, either

P

Oxter, the armpit

Paddock, a frog. Paddock-ride, the fpawn of frogs

Paiks, chaltifement. To paik, to beat or belabour one foundly

Pang, to fqueeze, prefs, or pack one thing into another

Papery, popery

Pafement, livery-lace

Pat, did put

Paughty, proud, haughty
Pawky, witty or fly in word or action, without any harm or bad
defigns

defigns
Peer, a quay or wharf
Peets, turf for fire
Pegb, to pant
Penfi, finical, foppifh, conceited
Perquire, by heart
Pett a favorite a fondling.

Pett, a favourite, a fondling. To pettle, 'to dandle, feed, cherish, flatter. Hence, to take the peti, is to be peevish or fullen, as commonly petis are when in the least disobliged

Pibroughs, fuch Highland tunes as are played on bag-pipes before the warriors when they go to battle

Pig, an earthen pitcher Pike, to pick out or chufe Pimpin, pimping, mean, fcurvy Pine, pain or pining

Pingle, to contend, strive, or work

Pirn, the spool or quill within the shuttle, which receives the yarn.

Pirny, (cloth or a web) of unequal threads or colours, striped

Pit, to put

Pith, (trength, might, force

Plack, two bodles, or the third of a
penny English

Penifhing, houshold furniture
Pople, or paple, the bubbling, purling, or boiling up of water
Poortith, poverty

Pou, pull
Pouse, to push
Poutch, a pocket
Pow, the poll, the head

Powny, a little horse or galloway; also a turkey Pratick, practice, art, stratagem.

Pratick, practice, art, stratagem. Priving pratick, trying ridiculous experiments

Prets, tricks, rogueries. We fay, "he played me a pret," i. e. cheated: "the callan's fou of prets," i. e. has abundance of waggish tricks

Prig, to cheapen, or importune for a lower price of goods one is buying

Prim.

PUT

Prin, a pin Prive, to prove or tafte Propine, gift or prefent Prym, or prime, to fill or stuff Puke, to pluck Pulliesbees, pulleys Putt a stane, throw a big stone

Quaff, or queff, or quegh, a flat wooden drinking-cup formed of staves Quat, to quit Quey, a young cow

R

things without regarding whether

they be good or bad, we call him

rackless handed

Raffan, merry, roving, hearty

Rae, a roe

Raird, a loud found Rair, roar Rak, or rook, a mist or fog Rampage, to speak and act furiously Rape, a rope Rashes, rushes Rave, did rive or tear Raught, reached Rax, to ftretch. Raxed, ftretched Rax. andirons Ream, cream: whence reaming; as reaming liquor Redd, to rid, unravel; to feparate folks that are fighting. It also fignifies clearing of any passage. " I am redd," I am apprehensive

RYP

Rede, counsel, advice; as, " I wad " na rede you to do that" Reek, reach; also, smoke Reefe, or rufe, to commend, extol Reeft, to rust, or dry in the smoke Reft, bereft, robbed, forced, or carried away Reif, rapine, robbery Reik, or rink, a course or race Rever, a robber or pirate Rewth, pity Rice, or rife, bulrushes, bramble branches, or twigs of trees Rierd, a roar Rife, or ryfe, plenty Rift, to belch Rigging, the back or rig-back, the top or ridge of a house Rigs of corn, ridges Rackless, careless: one who does Ripples, a weakness in the back and reins Rock, a distaff Roove, to rivet Rottan, a rat Roundel, a witty, and often fatiric kind of rhyme Rowan, rolling Rowt, to roar, especially the lowing of bulls and cows Rowth, plenty Ruck, a rick or stack of hay or corns Rude, the red taint of the complexion Ruefu', doleful Rug, to pull, take away by force Rumple, the rump Rungs, small boughs of trees lopped off Runkle, a wrinkle; to ruffle Rype, to fearch

Saebiens, feeing it is, fince Saikless, guiltless, free Sained, bleffed Sair, or fare, fore Sairy, forlorn and pitiable Sall, shall : like foud for should Sand-blind, purblind, fhort-fighted Sape, or faip, foap Sar, favour or fmell Sark, a shirt Saugh, a willow or fallow-tree Saul, foul Saw, an old faying, or proverbial expression Sawt, falt Scad, feald Scar, the bare places on the fides of hills washed down with rains Scart, to fcratch Scauld, feold Scawp, a bare dry piece of stony ground Scon, bread the country people bake over the fire, thinner and broader than a bannock Scowp, to leap or move hastily from one place to another Scowth, room, freedom Scrimp, narrow, straitened, little Scroggs. shrubs, thorns, briars. Scroggy, thorny Scuds, ale; a late name given it by the benders, or drinkers Sculdudry, lewdness Scunner, to loath Sell, felf Seuch, furrow, ditch Sey, to try Shan pitiful, filly, poor Sharn, cow's dung

Shaw, a wood or forest

SKI To Shaw, to shew Shawl, shallow Shawps, empty husks Sheen, fhining Shellycoat, a goblin Shiel, a shepherd's cot Shill, shrill, having a sharp found Shire, clear, thin. We call thin cloth, or clear liquor, frire; alfo a clever wag, a shire lick Shor, to wake, shake, or jog backwards and forwards Shool, shovel Shoon, shoes Shore, to threaten Shotle, a drawer Sib. a-kin Sic, fuch Sicker, firm, fecure Sike, a rill or rivulet, commonly dry in fummer Siller, filver Sindle, or finle, feldom Sinfyne, fince that time: lang finfyne, long ago Skail, to spill, to disperse: hence we fay, " the kirk is fcailing," for the congregation is feparat-Skair, share Skaith, hurt, damage, lofs Skeigh, skittish Skelf, shelf Skelp, to run; used when one runs barefoot: alfo, a fmall splinter of wood: likewise, to flog the buttocks Skiff, to move fmoothly away Skink, a kind of strong broth made

of cows' hams or knuckles; also,

to fill drink in a cup

Skirl.

SNO

Skirl, to shriek or cry with a shrill voice

Sklate, flate. Skailie is the fine blue flate

Skowrie, ragged, nasty, idle

Skreed, a rent, a hearty drinking

To Skreigh, to fhriek

Skybald, a tatterdomalion

Skyt, to fly out hastily

Slade, or Slaid, did slide, moved, or made a thing move eafily

Slap, or flak, a gap, or narrow pass between two hills; also, a breach in a wall

Slee, fly

Slerg, to bedawb or plaister

Slid, fmooth, cunning, flippery; as, " he's a flid loun." Slidry, flippery

Slippery, fleepy

Slonk, a mire, ditch, or flough; to wade through a mire

Slote, a bar or bolt for a door

Slough, husk or coat

Smaik, a filly, little, pitiful fellow; the same with fmatchet

Smirky, smiling

Smittle, infectious or catching

Smoor, to fmother

Snack, nimble, ready, clever

Sned, to cut

Sneg, to cut; as, " fneg'd off at the web end"

Snell, sharp, smarting, bitter, firm -Snib, to fnub, check, or reprove, to

Suifter, to fnuff or breathe through the nose a little stopt

Snifbing, or fneishing, fnuff Suod, metaphorically used for neat,

handsome, tight

SPE

Snood, the band for tying up a woman's hair

Snool, to dispirit by chiding, hard labour, and the like; also, a pi-

tiful grovelling flave Snoove, to whirl round

Snotter, fnot

Snurl, to ruffle or wrinkle

Sonfy, happy, fortunate, bucky ; fometimes used for large and lufty

Sore, forrel, reddish coloured

Sorn, to spunge, or hang on others for maintenance

Sofs, the noise that a thing makes when it falls to the ground

Soud, should

Sough, the found of wind amongst trees, or of one fleeping

Souming, fwimming

Soup, a fup

Souter, a shoemaker

Sowens, flummery, or oatmeal foured amongst water for some time, then boiled to a confistency, and eaten with milk or butter

Sowf, to conn over a tune on an instrument

Spae, to foretel or divine. Spaemen, prophets, augurs

Spain, to wean from the breaft Spait, a torrent, flood, or inun-

Spang, a jump; to leap or jump Spaul. shoulder, arm

Speel, to climb

Speer, to ask, inquire

Spelder, to split, stretch, spread out, draw asunder

Spence, the place of the house where provisions are kept

Spill,

STO

Spill, to fpoil, abuse Spoolie, or spulzie, spoil, booty, plunder

Spraings, stripes of different colours

Spring, a tune on a musical instrument

Sprush, spruce

Spruttled, speckled, spotted

Spung, the fob Spunk, tinder

Stalwart, firong and valiant

Stane, Stone

Stang, did sting, to sting; also a sting or pole

Stank, a pool of standing water

Stark, ftrong, robust

Starns, the stars. Starn, a small moiety: we say, "ne'er a starn"
Staw, stole

Stay, fleep; as, "fet a flout heart
"to a flay brae"

Steek, to shut, close

Stegh, to cram

Stend, or sten, to move with a hasty long pace

Stent, to stretch or extend, to limit or sint

Sting, a pole, a cudgel Stirk, a steer or bullock

Stock-and-horn, a shepherd's pipe, made by inserting a reed pierced like a slute into a cow's horn; the mouth-piece is like that of a hauthoy

Stoit, or ftot, to rebound or reflect Stoken, to flake the thirst

Stoken, to flake the thirst Stoor, rough, hoarse

Stou, to cut or crop. A flou, a large cut or piece

Stound, a smarting pain or stitch

SWI

Stoup, a pot of tin of a certain measure. Milk froup, a wooden milk-pail

Stour, dust agitated by winds, men, or horse feet. To stour, to run quickly

Stowth, Realth

Straitis, probably a kind of narrow kerfey cloth, called *firaits*. See Bailey and Miege

Strand, a gutter

Strapan, clever, tall, handsome

Streek, to ftretch

Striddle, to stride, applied commonly

Strinkle, to sprinkle or strew

Stroot, or strute, stuffed full, drunk Strunt, a pet: " to take the strunt,"

to be petted or out of humour Studdy, an anvil, or smith's stithy Sturdy, giddy headed; also strong Sture, or stoor, stiff, strong, hoarse

Sture, or floor, stiff, strong, hoarse
Sturt, trouble, disturbance, vexation

Stym, a blink, or a little fight of a thing

Suddle, to fully or defile Samph, blockhead

Sunkan, splenetic

Sunkots, something

Swak, to throw, cast with force Swankies, clever young fellows

Swarf, to swoon away
Swash, swollen with drink

Swatch, a pattern

Swats, fmall ale Swecht, burden, weight, force

Sweer, lazy, flow, loth

Sweeties, confections Swelt, fuffocated, choaked to death

Swith, begone quickly

Swither,

Tack, a lease

THA

TOS

Swither, to be doubtful whether to do this or that Sybou, a finall onion Syke, a rill which is fometimes dry Syne, afterwards, then

T

Tackel, an arrow Taid, a toad Taken, token Tane, taken Tane and tither, the one and t'other Tangle, fea-weed Tangs, the tongs Tap, a head. Such a quantity of lint as spinsters put upon the distaff is called a lint-tap Tape, to use any thing sparingly Tappit-hen, the Scots quart-floup Tarrow, to refuse what we love, from a crofs humour Tartan, cross-striped stuff of various colours, checkered: the Highland plaids

Taz, a whip or fcourge
Ted, to fcatter, fpread
Tee, a little earth on which those
who play at the gowf set their
balls before they strike them off

Tate, a fmall lock of hair, or any

little quantity of wool, cotton,

Tass, a little dram-cup

Tawpy, a foolish wench

&c.

balls before they strike them off Teen, or tynd, anger, rage, forrow Teet, to peep out Tensome, the number of ten

Tenfome, the number of ten
Tent, attention. Tenty, cautious
Thack, thatch

Thac, those
Tharmes, small tripes, catgut
Theek, to thatch
Thieneless wanting p

Thieveless, seeveless, wanting propriety
This, to beg or borrow

Thig, to beg or borrow Thir, these

Thole, to endure, fuffer Thow, thaw

Thowless, unactive, filly, lazy, heavy

Thrawart, froward, cross, crabbed Thrawin, stern and cross-grained

Thrawn-gabbit, wry-mouthed Threep, or threap, to aver, allege,

urge and affirm boldly

Thrimal, or thrummil, to press or

fqueeze through with difficulty Thud, a blast, blow, storm, or the violent found of these, "cry'd "hch at ilka thud," i. e. gave a

groan at every blow
Tid, tide or time, proper time; as,

"he took the tid"

Tift, good order, health
Till, to. Till't, to it
Tine, to lose. Tint, lost

Tinfel, loss

Tip, or tippony, ale fold for twopence the Scots pint

Tippanizing, drinking twopenny ale Tirle, or tirr, to uncover a house

Titty, fifter
Tocher, portion, dowry

Tocher, portion, dowry Tod, a fox

Tooly, to fight; a fight or quarrel Toom, empty, applied to a barrel, purfe, house, &c.: also, to empty

Tofh, tight, neat

Tofie, warm, pleafant, half fud-

UUN

To the fore, in being, alive, unconfumed Toufe, or Toufle, to rumple, teaze Tout, the found of a horn or trumpet Tow, a rope

Towmond, a year or twelvemonth Tree, a cask of liquor, a nine-gallon

tree

Trewes, hose and breeches all of a

Trig, neat, handsome

Troke, exchange True, to trow, trust, believe

Truf, steal Truncher, trencher, platter

Tryft, appointment

Turs, turfs, trufs

Twin, to part with, or separate from

Twitch, touch

Twinters, sheep of two years old

Tydie, plump, fat, lucky

Tynd. Vide Teen

Tyft, to entice, stir up, allure

U & V

Ugg, to detest, hate, nauseate Ug some, hateful, nauseous

Virle, a ferrule

Viffy, to view with care

Umwhile, or umquhile, the late or deceased; some time ago; of old

Uneith, not easy

Ungeard, naked, not clad, unharneffed Unko, or unco, uncouth, strange

Unlusom, unlovely

Unfonfy, unlucky, ugly

Vougy, elevated, proud Uundocht, or wandought, a filly weak

perfon

WHO

Wad, or wed, pledge, wager, pawn; alfo, would

Wae, forrowful

Waefu', woeful

Waff, wandering by itself

Wak, moist, wet

Wale, to pick and chuse Walop, to move fwiftly with much

agitation

Wally, chosen, beautiful, large

Wame, womb, the belly

Wandought, want of dought, impo-

Wangrace, wickedness, want of grace

Wanter, a man who wants a wife War, worse

Warld, world

Warlock, wizard

Wat, or wit, to know

Waught, a large draught

Wean, or wee ane, a child

Wee, little

Ween, thought, imagined, supposed

Weer, to stop or oppose

Weir, war

Weird, fate or destiny

Weit, rain

Werfe, infipid, wallowish, wanting

Whauk, whip, beat, flog Whid, to fly quickly

Whilk, which

Whilly, to cheat. Whillywha, a cheat

Whindging, whining

Whins, furze

Whisht, hush, hold your peace

Whifk, to pull out hastily

Whittle, a knife Whop, whip

Whomilt, turned upfide down

Wight,

WYL

Wight, stout, clever, active; also, a Wyfing, inclining. man or person Willie-wands, willow-wands Wiltu, wilt thou Wimpling, a turning backward and forward, winding like the mean-

ders of a river Win, or won, to reside, dwell Winna, will not

Winnocks, windows

Winfom, gaining, defirable, agreeable, complete, large

Wirrykow, a scarecrow or hobgoblin

Wifent, parched, dried, withered Wiftle, or whiftle, to exchange mo-

Withershins, motion against the sun Woo, or w, wool

Wood, mad '

Woody, the gallows: for a withy was formerly used as a rope for hanging criminals

Wordy, worthy Wow, wonderful, strange Wreaths of fnow, when heaps of it are blown together by the wind Wrush, washed Wyliecoat, a jacket

YUL

To wyfe, to guide, to lead. Wyfing-a-jee, guiding in a bending courfe Wyfon, the gullet Wyte, to blame, blame

Yamph, to bark, or make a noise like little dogs Yap, hungry, having a longing defire for any thing ready Yealtou, yea wilt thou Yed, to contend, wrangle Yeld, barren, as a cow that gives no Yerk, to do any thing with celerity Yelk, the hickup Yett, gate

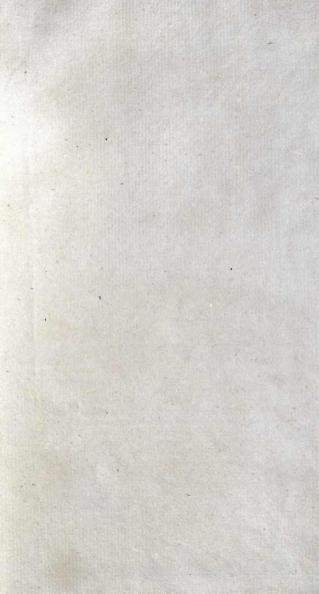
Youdith, youthfulness Youl, to vell Yowden, wearied Yowky, itchy Youff, a fwinging blow. To youff, to bark Yuke, the itch

Yestreen, yesternight

Yule, Christmas

THE END.









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