

Dala $\alpha$ Saklía

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \therefore x^{2} \\
& \rightarrow+3 \cdot 3.88
\end{aligned}
$$

## 1833 \& 1834.

## 

OF

# BULBOUS AND TUBEROUS RBOTED  

OF THE MOST CHOICE AND SPLENDID VARIETIES, CULTIVATED AT THE

LINNEAN BOTANIC GARDEN AND NURSERIES, FLUSHING: NEAR NEW-YORK.

## William Prince \& Sons, Proprietors.

In addition to the immense stock under cultivation in the establishment, comprising more than 100,000 , the proprietors make very large annual importations of the choicest new varieties from Holland, Belgi'um, and other paris of Europe. The following have lieen selected with great care from the finest foreign collections, and are remarkable for their size, beauty, and peculiarity, and for the delicacy of their tints. In the selection no expense has been spared, the great exertions and disbursements having been made more on account of this being a favorite class of plants with the proprietors, than from the expectation of profit. IL can therefore with the utmost confidence be asserted that this collection is unrivalled in extent and variety. The whole are cultivated under the same names by which they were imported, and the prices are greatly reduced and lower than have ever before been offered to the public, the great increase of our stock enabling us to tender this advantage to purchasers. Those who purchase to re-vend, will be dealt with on the most reasonable terms.

At the conclusion of the present Catalogue the necessary directions are given for their culture, \&ec.

Where the prices are by assortment, or by the dozen, the selection of the varieties is to be nade by the proprietors.

* denotes the earliest rarieties, most proper for blooming in glasses or pots.
t denotes those that are tender.


## DOUBLE HYACINTHS.

Dark Blue und Purple.
Each
Each
\$ cts 44 Tyrian purple, superior ..... 50
3745 *Urias ..... 45
1 Attilla, fine
2546 *Velours noir ..... 50
2 Bailif d'Amstelland ..... 25
3 Bleu foncé
3 Bleu foncé
4 Buffon135 Porcelain, Agathe and Grisdelin
5 Buonaparte
150
6 * Cœruleus imperialis, purple 3047 *Admiral de Ruyter ..... 20
7 Commandant, early 5048 *Activité ..... 25
8 Count d'Ovelliers, large, va- 49 * A la mode ..... 30
riegated and curious 7550 Ariadne ..... 25
9 Count Veri
5051 *Aspasia panachê ..... 50
10 *Datames, purple 2552 Belle Agathe, very pale ..... 30
11 Dominante ..... 88
12 *Duc de Normandie 30.54 *Bucentaurus ..... 30
13 *Epaminondas 3055 Captain General, superior ..... 60
14 Gloria Mundi, or Glory of 56 Celestina ..... 45
the World 25057 Count de St. Priest, pale, ..... 85
15 Hannibal 8858 * Countess of Salisbury ..... 30
16 *Incomparable azure, striped 2559 *Dageraad ..... 37
17 Jupiter, fine 7560 Dome d'Utrecht ..... 37
18 King Aginsarius 2561 Envoyé ..... 45
19 King's Spear, 5062 Epicharme ..... 25
20 Kroen des Mooren, or Crown 63 Flora, superior ..... 50
of the Moors 5064 Globe terrestre ..... 37
21 *Kroon van Indien 4565 Gloria florum ..... 150
22 *L'Amitié, very dark 2566 Grand Rolland, pale ..... 30
23 *La bien aimée
2567 Grand merveilleuse, superior ..... 50
24 La rosée, or The rosary 3768 *Grand Sultan ..... 25
25 La Trophée 3169 Grand Vedette ..... 100
26 *Le lustre, semi-double$4070 *$ Habit brilliant50
27 L'importante 13071 Joli bouquet ..... 50
28 Linnæus, fine 5072 La gentillesse, pale ..... 45
29 *Lurd Wellington 5073 *La ville de Marseilles ..... 25
30 *Lord Pitt ..... 25
31 Marshal of France, superior,
32 Martinet
5075 * Mignon de Drijfhöut, semi-
45 double ..... 30
$33 *$ Nigritienne 3776 Monsiear, superior ..... 100
34 Noir veritable 8877 Monsieur Necker, superior ..... 00
35 Pourpre imperiale
3178 Nonvelle mode ..... 25
36 Pourpre superbe 88,79 Orondatus ..... 75
37 Quirinus $4580 *$ Parmenio ..... 45
38 Rex negros 7581 *Paarl Boot ..... 50
3.) Roi Baleus 2582 Pasquin, pale ..... 45
40 R i des bleues, superb $10083 *$ Passetout ..... 25
41 Rei des noires, superior and very dark 45 superior 45 superior ..... 50
42 Royal Tyrian 3185 Victor Amadeus ..... 25
43 * Trosbloem, or Bouquet des fleurs
86 William ..... 100
50,87 Zegenpraal ..... 95

Each $\$ \mathrm{cts}$
$\$$ cts $137 *$ Goudbeurs, or Bourse d'or 50
30138 *Groot voorst, or Grand
30 Duke of Russia, superior 50
50139 Habit nuptial 30
$37140 *$ Hugo grotius 25
$150141 *$ Il pastor fido 20
31142 *Julia 25
45143 La magnifique, superior with
37 purplish centre 75
25144 L'bonneur d'Amsterdam 50
$100145 *$ Madelaine 45
$50146 *$ Marquis de la Coste 100
$75147 *$ Mathilda 45
50148 Morgenstar, or Etoile du
50 matin 45
25.149 Penelope 25

50150 *Phœnix 25
37151 Princesse Louisa 25
125152 Reine du Prusse 100
25153 Rose virginale 50
45154 Rose surpassante, superior 50
50155 Rose sceptre 50
100156 *Rose agreable 25
25157 *Temple of Apollo 37
37
75
40158 Aimable blanche 50
90159 Andromeda 31
85160 Aster, fine 37
85161 Cook, superior and tipped
25 with green 50
35162 Countess de Rechtre 37
$\begin{array}{llll}1 & 00 & 163 \text { Countess de Welderen, } \\ 2 & 00 & \text { large and beautiful } & 60\end{array}$
45164 Duchess de Bedford 25
25165 * Duchess De Berri 45
125166 Gloria florum 25
$31167 *$ Hermine 25
140168 Infant princess 25
75169 Jeannette 75
45170 La Deése 68
70171 *La mode epuisée 35
50172 *Minerva 25
173 Pamelowna 31
174 Prince of Waterloo 150
50175 Raad van Staten 31
50176 Rider van Maltha 31
25177 Sultan Achmet, superior 50
75178 Suprema alba, monstrous bells . 100
50179 *Triumph blandina $\quad 45$
75,150 Van de Kasteelen 70


## SINGLE HYACINTHS.

In regard to Single Hyacinths an incorrect prejudice exists, arising from he fact that their peculiar merits are but little known. For early flowsring and particularly for glasses or pots, they are extremely desirable ; hey combine the most brilliant colors, and surpass the double varietics in the profusion of their bells. It may in fact be said that they precede the double varielies, and thus in a general collection extend the period luring which we may enjoy the beauties and fragrance of this delightful class of flowers.


| Each |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $\$ \mathrm{cts}$ |  |  |
| 45 | Sellow. |  |
| 50 |  |  | ..... $\$$ cts

Yellow.
332 Grand blanche imperiale
333 Hercules5
334 Heroine
335 Le candeur
336 Melpomene
337 Nimrod, very large
338 Premier noble
339 Prince de Galitzin
340 Prince de Lichenstein
341 Pyramide superbe
342 Roi de Bashan
343 Staatsraad
344 Triumph blandina
0346 Adonia 20
75347 Aurora d'or 50
50348 Beauté jaune
25349 Couleur de jonquille 25
50350 Couronne jaune ..... 37
25351 Couronne van Audan ..... 25
50352 Crœsus ..... 75
50353 Emilia Werther ..... 37
25354 Isabelle ..... 50
45355 Jaune tendre ..... 25
65356 Le chasseur ..... 50
25357 Pluie d'or ..... 25
75358 Point du jour ..... 100
359 Prince d'Orange ..... 50
360 Sulpherina ..... 25
361 Toison d'or ..... 25
HYACENTHS—Various Species and Varieties.
362 Blue grape hyacinth Hyaciruhus botryoides ..... 10
363 Pale blue grape pallidus ..... 12
364 Large purple grape purpureus ..... 12
365 White grape albus ..... 12
366 Tassel, or Two colored, very singular comosus ..... 30
367 Nutmeg, or Musk muscari ..... 25368 Large nutmeg369 Small purple feathered
major ..... 25
plumosus ..... 25
370 Large purple feathered monstrosus ..... 25
371 Blue harebell nonscriptus ..... 25
372 White do. albus ..... 25
373 Rosy do. roseus ..... 25
374 Cluster flowered racemosus ..... 15
375 Greenish flowered viridis ..... 30
HYACINTHS-In Assortments.
The first assortment of 100 roots, comprising 100 exquisite dou-ble varieties, with their names$\$ 3500$
Half of the above, being 50 roots ..... 2000
The second assortment of 100 roots, of 100 fine double varieties, one of each, with names ..... 3000
Half of the above, being 50 roots ..... 1700
${ }^{\circ}$ The third assortment of 100 roots, of 50 fine double varieties, two of each, with names ..... 2500
Half of the above, being 50 roots of 25 sorts ..... 1400
The fourth assortment of 100 roots, of 25 good double varie- ties, with names ..... 2000
Half of the above, being 50 roots of 13 sorts ..... 1200
The fifth assortment of 100 roots, of 20 double and single varie-ties, with names$\$ 1500$
Half of the above, being 50 roots of 10 sorts ..... 900
Various kinds and colors mixed, per 100 ..... 1200
Smaller Assortments.
An assortment of 25 Superb Double varieties, one of each, with names, ..... 1100
Half of the above, being 12 varieties, one of each ..... 600
An assortment of 25 very fine double varieties, one of each, with names ..... 750
Half of the above, being 12 varieties, one of each ..... 450
An assortment of 25 good double varieties, one of each, with names ..... 600
Half of the above, being 12 varieties, one of each ..... 350
An assortment of 25 superb single varieties, one of each, with names ..... 1100
Half of the above, being 12 varieties, one of each ..... 600
An assortment of 12 fine single varieties, one of each, with names ..... 250
Fine Double Blue, Red and White Hyacinths, mixed sorts, but colors distinct per dozen ..... 175
Single Blue, Red and White, as above do. ..... 150
-060-
TULIPS.
Early Tuiips.

Each
$\$ \mathrm{cts}$
These comprise every shade, on
30
30
white and yellow grounds, and be- 16 Favorite des Cerices
white and yellow grounds, and be- 16 Favorite des Cerices ..... 25
vious to all others. ..... 25
Each 19 Keiser's kroon
$\$$ cts 20 Lac bon flos, striped leaved ..... 25
1 Aimable royale 2021 Marquis de Westenrade ..... 20
2) Bizar plaisante, producing 22 Milthiades ..... 25
often several flowers onene stalk3 Bizar Blyhof, fine
4 verdiset, fine5 Cerice panaché, fine
6 rectifié, extra7 Clairmonde8 Count Holstein, fine
2524 Olympiad ..... 25
2025 Paragon constant ..... 25
$25 \mid 26$ Pottebaker ..... 20
3027 Princess van Oostenryk ..... 25
5028 Watcrloo ..... 25
2529 White ..... 25
2030 Yellow and Red Van Leyden ..... 259 Cramoisie de Baden10 Damiathe blanche11 Drapeau royale12 Duke van Thol131415
pure while de Holstein Blyhof

Bizarre Tulips.
25
20 These are Violet, Purple, Brown, 25 Red, Vermillion, Rose colored, 50 and all intermediate shades on 20 yellow grounds. 3031 Abbadon

37
|32 African, striped leaved ..... 37
Each Each
\$_cts

34 Rex indiarum, very fine

45

5085 Roi de Golgonda
35

33 Anacreon, superb
34 Archidalia, very fine
35 Aurora borealis, very fine
36 Baron de Reisach, large
37 Beauté parfaite, fine
33 Belle financiere
39 Bell's king
40 Blazerius, very fine
41 Brigitte, singular
42 Carigula, superb
43 Chapeau transparente
44 Charbonnier noir, very dark stripes
45 Clovis, large and fine
46 Croix de ít. André
47 Doréc, fine
48 Duke of Richmond, fine
49 of Anjou, fine,
50 Duchess of Parma, large
51 Eclat du diadéme
52 Emperor Napoleon
53 Estimé, very fine
54 Gargantua, fine
55 Gloria mundi, fine
56 Gordianus, very fine
57 Goudbeurs, very fine
53 Goude Munt, very fine
59 Goudring, superb
60 Grand monarque, fine
61 patriarch
62 triumph, very fine
63 Jovis
64 L'eveille, fine
65 La Reine
66 La singulicre
67 L'Autrichien
68 Le Dœuil
69 Le Leur
70 Libanus
71 Lord Mayor, superb
72 Louis l'efiroi, very fine
73 Lustre de Flora
74 Mandello, fine
75 Merveille d'Alost
76 Metropolitan, large and fine
77 Miroir, very fine
78 Nouveau triumphant
79 Pain d'epice, fine
80 Perfecta, very fine
81 Pont d'Arcole, extra superb 1
82 Prince Ferdinand, very fine
8s Reine de Erance
5086 Roi des tulipes ..... 45
2537 Sans mére, very large ..... 504038 Semper Augustus, (this was

50 sold during the mania for $\$ 4000$ ) 100
89 Viceroi van Ireland, (this
20 was sold during the mania,
45 for $\$ 10,000$ ) 65
4590 Toila qui surpasse 75
91 Ycllow crown 25
. Fiolet Bibioem Lulips.
These combine Black, Purple, Vio-
45 let, and Brown, and all interme.
20 diate shades on a white ground.
45 92 Aigle noir 25
4593 Alexander magnus, large 50
7094 Ambassadeur de Hollande 2
3795 Arius, fine 45
2596 Belle forme agathe 50
3797 Bien fai: incomparable 75
4598 Croonvogel 25
4599 Cupido 50
30100 Duke de boufleurs 20
50101 Duke de Lancaster 20
50 102 Grand Tamerlane, fine 40
35103 Conqueite Maiçhal 45
75104 Grotius 68
50105 Hof van Denmar's 75
50106 Holmes' king 135
50107 Imperatrice Romaine, fine 40
25108 de Marocque 200
50109 Incomparable Cyrus 85
60110 King George, fine 75
50111 Koning Adonia 50
50112 Koning ran Prussien 63
50113 La Comptesse, fine 50
45114 La gentille, fine 100
65115 La mére brune 68
50116 Maitre partout 43
50117 Prince Mauritz, fine 30
35118 hereditaire, fine 100
25119 Queen of the Moors 45
2\% 120 Roi de Brazil, fine 50
25121 Roi de Siam, or de Congo,
20 very fine 68
75122 Sang de Bœuf 68
00123 Tour de Salisbury 45
68124 Triomphe de Lillie 4.5
25)125 Violet Anthonia 65

\$ cts. ..... Eacis ..... \$ cts.
208 Couronne d'or, yellow flam- 234 Rose blanche, fine ..... 30 ..... 50
209 Couronne blanche, white and early
236 Sophie, yellow flamed ..... 45
$501 \geq 37$ Superville, fine ..... 25
210 Duke van Thol, very early 20.238 Tournesol, very early ..... 50
211 van Utrecht 212 of York, violet and
25239 Xenophon, crimson and yel- low variegated ..... 50yellow
213 Elephant
214 Fine variegated215 Gaillarda216 Golden Pæony, yellow andred
240 Yellow rose, very fragrant ..... 2550
37
The flowers of these have feathered
edges, and in addition to various
other colours, some of them com-
bine shades of green, which no
other tulips do:-from these cir-
cumstances their appearance isunique and interesting.
217 La sublime, superior ..... 50
218 La Candeur, white and early ..... 50
219 La Cour de Portugal, fine ..... 45
220 Lion de Hollande, fine45
221 Marquise, yellow flamed
45241 Chevalier vert, green flow-
222 Mariage de ma fille
223 Mount Vesuvius
224 Non plus ultra
225 Ophir
226 Pæony red
227 Polche roos, bright red
50 ..... 25
45242 Constantinople, blood color ..... 20
45243 Couleur de Caffé, brown
50244 Lutea major, or large yellow ..... 20
25245 Minor yellow ..... 25
228 Pourpre imperiale, very large229 Prince Karel, fine crimsonand yellow
20246 Margrave of Baden, red and yellow striped ..... 25
247 Perfecta, red, yellow and green striped ..... 35
248 Red and yellow ..... 37
$230 \quad$ Charles, crimson andyellow variegated50
231 Rex rubrorum, crimson and early35
232 Rosa mundi ..... 25
³3 Rose eclatante, fine ..... 25
TULIPS-In Assortments.
The first assortment of 100 roots, comprising 100 exquisite varieties with their names ..... $\$ 3000$
Half of the above, being 50 roots ..... $\$ 1750$
The second assortment of 100 roots, of 50 fine varieties, with names ..... $\$ 2000$
Half of the above, being 50 roots of 25 varieties ..... $\$ 1200$
The third assortment of 100 roots, of 25 good varieties, with names ..... \$18 00
IIalf of ditto, being 50 roots of 12 varieties ..... $\$ 1000$
The fourth assortment of 100 roots, of 20 varieties, with names $\$ 1500$
Half of ditto, being 50 roots $_{2}$ of 10 varieties
Half of ditto, being 50 roots $_{2}$ of 10 varieties ..... $\$ 800$ ..... $\$ 800$
Fine mixed, various colors and kinds, per 100
$\$ 600$
$\$ 600$
Good mixed do do per 100
Good mixed do do per 100 ..... $\$ 500$

## Smaller Assortments.

An assortment of 25 splendid varieties, one of esch, with their names ..... $\$ 1100$
Half of the above ..... 600
An assortment of 25 fine varieties, one of each, with their names ..... 750
Half of the above ..... 400
Fine mixed Early Tulips per dozen ..... 150
Ditto Bizarre do do ..... 150
Do Bibloem do do ..... 150
Do Parrot do do ..... 130
Do Double do do ..... 130
Fine mixed, of all colours do ..... 125
Good mixed do ..... 100
Common mised do ..... 75
-010-
CROWN IMPERIALS,

| Each\||doz. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Each } \\| \text { \|c } \\ 3 \bar{j} / 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \\| \text { doz, } \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinese | 37350 | 16 Pileus cardinalis, crim | n31 3 |  |
|  | Common Red | 25250 | 017 Royal standard, red |  |  |
|  | yellow | 25250 | 018 Sang de bœuf, blood |  |  |
|  | Crown on Crown, red | 40360 | 0 lored | 353 |  |
|  | do. yellow |  | 19 Slagswaard, |  |  |
|  | Couleur de cuivre | 37350 | 0 flat stalked |  |  |
|  | Double yellow | 50450 | 020 Superb gold striped |  |  |
|  |  | 50450 |  |  |  |
|  | Drapeau orange, orange colored | $30340$ | 21 Superb silver striped 1 ved | $\text { lea- } 50$ |  |
|  | Grand Alexander, $r \in d$ |  | 022 William Rex, red |  |  |
|  | Great Mogul | 756 | 23 Mixed red and y |  |  |
|  | Large red | 303 | varieties |  |  |
| $14$ | yellow | 30.3 |  |  |  |

## -000-

## FRitillaries-Fritillaria.

Each\|doz.
Each||doz.
Persica, or Persian, curious 313 Meleagris, or chequered $20 \mid 225$
Obliqua, or Oblique leaved 37375
Lanceolata, or Missouri purple
$50|425|^{\prime n}$
25250

## LILIES.

Each $\|$ doz.

[^0]Lilium bulbiferum
umbellatum variegatum autumnale canadense

252
175
$4^{4} 50$

## Lilies.

6 Common white
7 Double white
8 Purple spotted flowered
9 Beautiful striped leaved
10 Catesby's scarlet
11 Scarlet chalcedonian
12 Chinese dwarf red
13 Japan splendid white
14 Kamschatka purple
15 Chinese long flowered, splendid
16 Philadelphia scarlet
17 Scarlet Pompone
18 Orange pompone
19 Yellow pompone
20 Pyrenean
21 Chinese tiger spotted
22 Missouri red

Each. $\mathrm{D}_{0 \mathrm{z}}$, $\$$ cts. $\$$ cts. $10 \mid 1$
45375
50425
19
505
383
125
2
373
2
25250
38375
353
45375
50450
25225
150

MARTAGON, or Turk's Cap Lilies. Each $\|$ doz.

Each \|doz.
1 Scarlet, 12 elegant named
varieties

| Lilium candidum | 10 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| spicatum | 45 |  |
| striatum | 50 | 425 |
| variegatum | 1 | 9 |
| catesbæi | 50 | 5 |
| chalcedonicum | 38 | 3 |
| concolor | 125 |  |
| japonicum |  |  |
| kamschatcense | 37 | 3 |
| long florum | 2 |  |
| philadelphicum | 25 | 250 |
| pomponium | 38 | 375 |
| aurantiacum | 35 |  |
| Iuteum | 45 | 375 |
| pyrenaicum | 50 | 450 |
| tygrinum | 25 | 225 |
| umbellatum | 150 |  |

404
2 Orange, 6 do. do. do. 312757 Double violet flamed 50450
3 Yellow, 8 do. do. do. 373 Vixed varieties and co-
4 Purple, 6 do. do. do. $31 \mid 275$ lors
25250

## POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS.

White, with Orange, Yellow, and Citron Cups.

Each $\|$ doz.
1 Bazelman major, white and orange,
2 Belle Ligeoise, white and yellow
3 Charmante plaisante, white and yellow
4 Grand monarque, white and citron
5 Grand primo citroniere, white and citron
6 Grand Souverain, white and citron
7 Grand chartreux, white and citron 25250
S Illustre, white and yellow 25250
9 Jewel of Harlaem, white and orange

25250
10 Luna, white and citron 202 20 Primo Zeelaader, yellow 25250
6 other fine named varieties 25250


CROCUS.

| Eachldoz\|pr 100 <br> cts cts $\$$ cts |  |  | Each doz jpr 100 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | cts |  |  |
| 1 Cloth of gold, yellow |  |  | 9 Striped | 0 |  |  |
| and brown - 6 | 45 | 275 | 10 White Swan | 50 |  |  |
| 2 Flarius, yellow 6 | 50 | 350 | 11 Saffron, or Autum- |  |  |  |
| 3 Large white * 6 | 45 | 275 | nal flowering | 75 |  | 500 |
| pale blue |  |  | 12 Mountain autum |  |  |  |
| dark blue |  |  | nal 10 | 75 |  | 500 |
| purple |  |  | Spring flowering Cro- |  |  |  |
| yellow | 45 | 250 | cus, assorted of 25 |  |  |  |
| 3 Scotch, white and |  |  | named varieties | 65 |  |  |

## aneeorio

GLADIOLUS, Sword Lily, or Com Flag.

| 1 Communis, purple |  | $\mathrm{D}^{\mathrm{D} ~ o z}$ |  | Each Doz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ${ }^{5} \mathrm{cts}$ |  | \$cts |
|  |  | 12100 | 4 Communis Carneus, or |  |
| 2 | Large red | 121100 | flesh colored | 25.250 |
| 3 | Rose colored | $18150$ | 5 Communis, white | 18.150 |


| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Each } \\ \text { cts } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Doz } \\ & \text { cts }\end{aligned}\right.$ | Each cts | $\left(\begin{array}{l} \text { Doz } \\ \text { D cts } \end{array}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 Byzantimus, or Turkish |  | 12 t Hirsutus rosea, or Hai- |  |
| flag, fine purple 20 | 225 | ry rose colored 40 | 425 |
| 7 t Africanus, large \& fine 75 | 600 | 13 , Psittacina, or Parrot- |  |
| 8 t Alatus, or Wing flowered, orange | 450 | like, new and very splendid | 50 |
| 9 t Cardinalis, or Large scarlet, superb | 275 | 14 t Triste, or Sad flowered | 600 |
| 10 t Floribunda, or Cluster |  | 15 t Watsonius, or Wat. |  |
| flowered 45 | 450 | son's \$1 | 750 |
| 11 t Fragrans recurvis, or |  | 16 t Yellow African \$1 | 650 |
| Fragrant curved 45 | 450 | Mixed varieties 12 | 100 |

IRIS, Fleur de Lis, or Flower de Luce.

1 English Bulbous Iris of 25 splendid named varieties
Each Doz
ct. cts
Ditto, various colors mixed
20225
2 Spanish Bu!bous Iris of 25 splendid named varieties
15150
Ditto vesious colors mixed 10
3 Double flowering Spanish $\quad 75600$
4 Early dwarf Persian, very fragrant 1088
5 t Peacock spotted, or Pavonia, beautiful 45450
6 Chalcedorian, splendid and peculiar $\quad 50450$
7 t Snake's head 50500
N. B. For other species of Iris, see Catalogues 1 and 3.

ORNITHOGALUM, or Star of Bethlehem.


SCILLA, or Squill.



ANEMONE.


CYCLAMEN.


13 Saffron colored Amaryllis
14 Elegant Crocus colored
15 Fothergill's splendid
16 Barbadoes scarlet
17 Double flowering Barbadoes scarlet
18 Yellowish fiowered
19 Fulgid flowered, or Vermilion
20 Jacobea's scarlet
Do.

- 21 Gigantic, or Josephine's, very
splendid, often producing from
30 to 40 flowers at once
22 Mrs. Hood's favorite, scarlet and white
23 Dwarf, red
24 Flaming colored
25 Splendid striped flowering
26 Brick colored
27 Long leaved rose colored Do.
28 Long leaved white
29 Yellow autumnal
Do
30 Vermilion colored
31 Parrot like, green and crimson, superb
32 Princely scarlet
33 Neat flowered rose colored
34 Powdered
35 Purple powdered
36 Pale red dotted
37 Diminutive pink colored
38 Scarlet cape
39 Snowdrop leaved
40 Mexican scarlet, or Queen's
41 Fiery red
42 Guernsey lily
Do
43 Sordid
44 Magnificent starry flowered, often producing 20 to 30 flowers at once
45 Channelled leaved
46 Long styled red
47 Superb flowered, striped leaved
48 Twisted flowered scarlet
49 Waved flowered, pink colored
50 Chequered flowered
51 Veined flowered, or striped.
52 Superb riband striped
53 Purple Ceylon lily
Each
\$ cts

|  | $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Each } \\ \text { Amaryllis crocata } \\ \$ \mathrm{cts} \\ \\ 3\end{array}\right]$ |
| :--- | :--- |

crocea vitellina 250
curvifolia,vel.Nerine 400
equestris 1
plena 1
flavescens 3
fulgida 2
formosissima 25
per dozen 225
gigantea $\quad 1000$
Hoodii 400
humilis 150
ignescens 6
johnsoni $\quad 150$
lateritia 3
longifolia, rosea 70
per dozen 750
alba 100
lutea 20
per dozen 225
miniata 2
psittacina 8
princeps 6
pulchella 250
pulverulenta 150
atrapurpurea 2
punctata 2
pumilio $\quad 75$
purpurea 80
radiata 5
reginæ 1
rutila 150
sarniensis 50
per dozen 450
sordida 350
stellaris $\quad 10$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { striatifolia } & 350\end{array}$
stylosa 3
superba 4
tortuliflora 3
undulata 20
venifiora 3
venosa 3
vittata 1
zeylandica 3

IXIA.
All of which are tender.

| 1 Elegant oranre | Ixia aurantia | $\begin{gathered} \text { cts. } \$ c \\ 40 \mid \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 Superb scarlet | coccinea | 50450 |
| 3 Golden yellow | conica, aurea | 383 |
| 4 Flesh colored | carmosina | 504 |
| 5 Golden crocus | crocata | 383 |
| 6 Rose colored | rosea | 40450 |
| 7 Violet | violacea | 504 |
| S Purple velvet flowered | grandiflora | 45450 |
| 9 Spotted flowered | maculata | 50450 |
| 10 Green, with purple centre | viridis | 45450 |
| 11 Palm leaved | palmæfolia | 50350 |
| 12 Superb crimson | patens | 45450 |
| 13 Plantain leaved | plantaginea | 755 |
| 14 Branching stalked | polystachya. | 755 |
| 15 Branching white | alba | 755 |
| 16 Purple | purpurea | 31250 |
| 17 Red and blue | rıbro-cyanea | 35275 |
| 18 Three colored | tricolor | 50450 |
| 19 Tube flowered | tubiflora | 504 |
| Mixed varieties |  | 30250 |

## LACHENALIA.

All of which are tender.

Each. Doz. \$cts. $\$ \mathrm{cts}$.

404
50450
383
504
383
504
45450
50450
45450
50350
45450
755
755
75
31250
35275
50450
504
50

- Sugant orange

3 Golden yellow
Flesh colored
6 Rose color
7 Violet
S Purple velvet flowered
9 Spotted flowered
10 Green, with purple centre
12 Superb crimson
13 Plantain leaved
14 Branching stalked
15 Branching white
16 Purple
17 Red and blue
18 Three colored
Mised varieties
1 Pendulous flowered
2 Three colored
3 Yellowish
4 Yellow
5 Four colored, beautifut
6 Fragrant
7 Contaminated
8 Pale colored
9 Dotted flowered
10 Purple

Lachenalia pendula
$1 \quad 1750$
tricolor $\quad 454$
50
luteola
17
flava 757
quadricolor 17
fragrans 150
contaminata 1
pallida 1
rubida 150
purpurea 125

## VARIOUS SPECIES, \&c.

1 Arum dracunculus, or Spotted stalked dragon, splendid 1
2 dracontium, or Green dragon
1
3 maculatum, or Spotted leaved
4 arisarum, or Friar's cowl 50
5 italicum, or It lian
5 italicum, or Italian 50
6 tryphillum, 2 varieties 15
7 t esculentum, or Eatable 50
8 tenuifolium, or Slender leaved 50
9 t violaceum, or Violet stalked 1
10 t bicolor, or Two colored leaved, beautiful 2
11 Calopogon pulchellum
12 Claytonia yirginica 20

N. B. For various other. Bulbous and Tuberous rooted plants, see the other Catalogues. Pæonies, being tuberous rooted, can be packed in moss and expedited in the same manner as Bulbous roots-see the list at page 70 of Catalogue No. 1.

## DOUBLE DAHLIA, OR GEORGINA.

This magnificent plant bids fair to rival in splendor and in diversity the far famed Tulip and the Rose. Many of tie varieties are inconceivably beautiful and interesting, and there seems a never ending variation of color and form.

The numerous varieties combine the iichest shades and most varied hues of which nature is susceptible, with every diversity in shape and magnitude, from the size of a small globe an inch and a half in diameter, to an expanded disk twenty-four inches in circumference! Most persons are not aware how simple are the means necessary to their preservation during winter. When the frost has destroyed the foliage, nothing more is required than to cut off the stalks two or three inches from the ground, and to take up the roots and put them in boxes of dry sand in a cellar, or any other place free from frost, there to remain till spring without further care. Indeed the proprietors have for the two past winters kept their stock quite dry and without sand.

The collection here offered is unrivalled in extent and beauty, and combines the most magnificent varieties of each class; it being a concentration of the most choice and interesting that could be selected from the principal establishments of Europe. The inferior kinds have been rejected, and it will be perceived that the catalogue is particularly rich in the splendid Variegated, Striped, Mottled, and Shaded varieties and others of the first class and most vivid and brilliant colors.

In addition to the usual course of obtaining the newest kinds offered for sale in the catalogues of foreign Florists, the proprietors have made arrangements with several amateurs abroad to furnish them with their most interesting varieties previous to their "coming out" in Europe ; and it is to this arrangement that they are indebted for a large number of the very splendid rarieties comprised in their catalogues of the last and the present year, although obtainable no where e'se in our country. The present collection may with justice therefore be said to constitute the acme to which this favorite flower has yet attained. Other new varieties are continually accumulating, and Supplementary Catalogues containing the additional kinds will be published in March and October of each year.

A specimen bed comprising a thousand plants, has been planted expressly for the inspection of amateurs, which will be extended annually by additions of all the most choice new varieties that foreign countries and our own may present, thereby affurding ample facility for personal examination and selection, to those who desire it.

A large stock will be constantly under culture in pots, so as to be ready for transportation at any period desired, and more than 10,000 plants will be ready for delivery on the first of October of the present year (1833.)

It may be asserted without fear of contradiction, that at no period since the era of the famed Tulipo-mania, has the attention of the votaries of Flora been so universally devoted to any flower as it now is to the Dahlia, the "Glory of the Autumn." To the varieties first cultirated the objection was justly made that the expansion of their flowers commenced too late in the season to merit much estimation, but culture and judicious propagation have removed this difficulty as regards the new rarieties. These commence blooming the middle of June, and continue
until arrested by frost, our fine American autumn being paricularly fävorable to their development.

Rivalling as they do all other plants of the garden in their majestic appearance and gorgeous display, they also combine the merit of facility of culture to such a degree, that the most ignorant can scarcely fail of success. And indeed the day is not distant when the number of varieties will surpass that of either the Hyacinth, the Tulip, the Rose, or the Garnation, and the numerous Striped, Variegated, and Mottled Dahlias, will then be designated under the various classes of Flakes, Bizarres, \&c., in the same manner as tke Carnation ; the connoiseurs without doubt becoming quite as fastidious in regard to the formation of the petals as they now are in respect to the last named flower.

The letters annexed to the different varieties desigate the height to which they usually attain : thus, A denotes those that do not exceed two feet-B those which attain to between two and three feet-C, three to four feet-D, four to five feet-E, five to six feet-F, six to seven feet $-G$, over 7 feet. Although the height will vary somewhat according to the soil and culture, yet by attention to this point the various kinds may be always so arranged in the garden that the dwarfs will not be hidden by the taller varieties, and when several rows are planted in a range with each other, with a due regard to their height, they will present as it were a terrace of flowers.

Purchasers will be furnished with a printed treatise on the requisite culture, containing the best rules as practised by intelligent cultivators in Europe and elsewhere.

A discount will be made to those who purchase largely and to Nurseries and other venders To those who order a dozen plants or more, an abatement of 25 per cent. will be made from the stated prices which it will be perceived are much lower than usually charged, the great and increasing stock enabling us to offer them on these favorable terms, and also to select superior roots.
It seems scarcely necessary here to add that the deceptive practice of ingrafting the double varieties on roots of the single kinds is never practised by us.

Where the selection is left to us, such an assortment will be selected as will form a pleasing combination of color, form, height, \&c. When packed dry, which can be done from October to May, they occupy so little space, that a great number may be comprised in a small compass, and they can be thus safe'y transported to any distance. During the residue of the year they can be transported in pots or by enveloping the roots in moss; and packing them properly, in accordance with the dis* tance, \&c.
SECTION I. White. ..... $\$$ cts.$\$$ cts. 9 King of the Whites, delicate
150 paper white, D ..... 150
1 Alba multiflora
2 Albina, tinged with blush, C 10010 Madame Crommelin ..... 75
3 Antoinette, nearly white 7511 Marshall's Queen ..... 200
4 Blanch fleur 7512 Mountain of snow, pure white, D 5 Dwarf white, tinged with ..... 100blush, B
6213 Præcellentissima, E ..... 75
6 French white, pure white, B 7514 Silver white
7 Harpalyce, changeable, D 15015 Squibb's pure white, E ..... 100
S Inwood's white, C ..... 100

\$ cts.

\$ cts.
52 Large rose colored, C
52 Large rose colored, C
\$cts.
\$cts.
16 Squibb's superb white, very
16 Squibb's superb white, very 53 Lasting rose 53 Lasting rose 53 Lasting rose ..... 100 ..... 100 superior and a little tinged superior and a little tinged superior and a little tinged15054 Maid of Bellerue, D\%
55 Mitchell's rosea ..... \%
56 Queen of Naples, or Cou-
leur de rose, fine ..... 150
17 Blush lilac, or Lilac blanche, nearly white, D 7557 Star of Brunswick, see No. 10 §

18 Imperial agate, C ..... $\%$
19 Modeste, C
20 New blanda, D
21 Pompone blanche, nearly
22 Veitch's Fair Rosamond, lilac shaded blush, C
SECTION III. Lilac.
23 Dwarf superb, B
24 Doughty's lilac
25 Goliath, fine, F.
26 Great flowering lilac, D
27 Helena
28 Jessica, C
29 Juliet
30 Lady Lacon, F
31 Large dwarf lilac, B
32 Lilia pumila, C
33 Miss Pelham
34 New quilled
35 Regina, dark crimson lilac, superb form, with entire imbricated petals, C 20
36 Royal lilac, D

10059 Sussex maid, C ..... 1 ! 07560 Wells' triumph royal, mbypink, C
62 Diffusa, C $\quad 100$
7563 Amanda, C ..... 100
64 Widnall's queen of roses, B $10^{06}$
65 Young's rose, fine, E ..... 206
10066 Young's rosy crimson, very
75 superb, D ..... 20
SECTION V. Yellow and
Straw Colored.
67 Aurea, nankin colored, D ..... j0 ..... 75
12569 Bright sulphur, D
12569 Bright sulphur, D $75{ }_{70}^{69}$ Bright sulphur, D ..... 100 ..... 100 ..... - 00 ..... - 00
6071 Changeable yellow
6071 Changeable yellow 7571 Changeable yellow ..... : 00 ..... : 00
125 ..... 150
73 Diademe d'or74 Domheer, yellow, C75
75 Fielder's Queen of the yd- lows, C ..... 150
37 Royal Augustus, superb, with entire petals, C 2
38 Theodore, beautiful, $\mathbf{E}$
76 Golden yellow, E ..... 1
77 Le brilliant, fine, C ..... 7560
78 Oldenbarneweld, yellow, C
78 Oldenbarneweld, yellow, C ..... $\$ 0$ ..... $\$ 0$
79 Small yellow, E ..... 1 CO
SECTION IV. Rose Color, Pink, \&c.
39 Animata, G
80 Squibb's pure yellow, C ..... 75
81 Straminea, fine bright stravo colored, D ..... 75
40 Archduchess, superb, E
41 Calypso, B
42 Cherry colored, C
42 Cherry colored, C ..... 150
75
83 Sulphurea grardiflora, fine, D 10075
43 Confucius, B
44 Duchess of Wellington, D 100
45 Excellent Rose, beautifulpink, B
46 Gloriosa rosea, large andvery beautiful, C
47 Grantchester nonpareil, D
48 King of roses, D49 Lady Arden, C50 Lady Banks
84 Sulphurea alda ..... 200
75
75
86 Supert straw color, E ..... 100 ..... 100
87 Weils' superb yellow, B ..... 75 ..... 75
75
38 Young's superb sulphur, very
150
150
100
fine dwarf yellow ..... 150
75
100
10 and Salmon Color.
7589 Amateur's favorite, D50
51 Lady Grenville, pink, C 10090 Amelia, C ..... 50
\$ cts. 91 Aurantia superba, superb
orange, $D$
92 Aurantia speciosa, E
93 Aurantia pallida, pale orange, $\mathbf{C}$
94 Aurantia magnifica
95 Briggs' large, brick colored, E
96 Brunette, brick colored, E
97 Crocea superba, B
98 Fine buff, D
99 Flamed buff
00 General Lafayette, D
01 Lord Lyndhurst, fine, C
02 Mottled buff
03 Orange flag, C.
04 Orange bicolor, fine, D
05 Orange and pale lilac, $C$
06 Ornament of Flora, D
07 Pizarro, B
. 08 Star of Brunswick, light orange, D. N.B. This is usually ranged under rose color, \&c.
10. Tall orange, C

110 Von Weber, C

## SECTION VII. Red.

111 Adonis, B
112 Barnardiæ, D
113 Beauty of England, E
114 Beaty of Hertford, D
115 Florda, B
116 Foster's Constantia, carmine, D
117 Heroine, C
118 Honor of Antwerp, dark red, nearly crimson, D
119 Incomparahle red, D
120 La favorite, small flower, form projecting and very perfect, petals close and imbricated, C
121 Lady Sidney, D
122 Iuna, dark red
123 Minerva
124 Montpelier, petals short, entire and imbricated
125 Prince Charles, small flower, D
126 Radiata, large, C
$12 \%$ Royal sceptre, fine color, C 1
75

100

50100
150

128 Sultan, very fine cherry 75129 Wells' Queen Adelaide, C 100 130 Wells' Eclypse, dark red 75
100131 Wood's dwarf red 75
1 SECTION VIII. Scarlet.
100132 Barrett's William the 4th, large, E 100
100133 Beauty of Cheshunt ..... 75
50134 Beauty of Sussex, elegant 2 ..... 00
200135 Bona Dea ..... 150
150136 Claudius Cæsar ..... 75
75137 Coccinea speciossissima,
75 fine dwarf, C ..... 100
50138 Coccinea superba, E ..... 150100139 Columbine, fine vivid scar-
100 let, C ..... 150
50140 Comet ..... 75100141 Countess of Liverpool, su-perb dark scarlet, $\mathrm{F} \quad 100$142 Denrisii, deep ruby color-ed, quilled, and of globularform, D100
50143 Douglas's Robusta, E ..... 150
75144 Splendida, D ..... 75
145 Duchess of Kent, fine co- lor, D ..... 75
146 Electa, C ..... 75
75147 Elegant, B ..... 75
75148 Eximia, D ..... 150
75149 Fanny Kemble, very splen-75 did dark scarlet velvet,
with large petals, C ..... 2 ..... 50150 Foster's incomparable,
75 ..... 100
151 Foster's Donna Maria ..... 200
152 Globosa ..... 200
50153 Hall's fiery meteor
50153 Hall's fiery meteor
100154 Harrison's Maria Louisa,rich \& brilliant scarlet, C 200
155 Herschel's scarlet, D ..... 75
156 Highland boy, dwarf ..... 75200157 Imperatrice, form-partially
100 convex, with long petals, D 125
150158 Isabella, light scarlet, $\mathbf{C}$ ..... 75
125
160 Kosciusko, beautiful bright scarlet, ..... 200
75161 Lord Byron, C ..... 75
162 Lord John Russel, verymagnificent scarlet globe 300
\$ cts.
163 Miller's George IV, finehue, C
164 Miller's diadem, F
165 Morning Star, fine lightscarlet, D
166 Mount Etna, E
167 Panoply, form convex, withnumerous petals, C $\quad 150198$ Dennis's Invincible, C 100
163 Pure scarlet, very fine, D 200199 Early Dwarf, B ..... 100
169 Romulus, glittering scar. 200 Fringed crimson, C ..... 50
let, F7201 Fulgens, C75
170 Scarlet turban, fine, F 75202 Fulgida nana, dwarf, B ..... 75
171 Scarlet pompone, superior 150203 Fulgida superba, C ..... 100
172 Scarlet Ranunculus, su- perb 300 scarlet crimson, D ..... 200
173 Scarlet Alexandrina 100205 Grandeur superbe, C ..... 75
174 Smith's dwarr scarlet
150206 Hall's ranunculifiora, mot-
150206 Hall's ranunculifiora, mot-
75 tled, C
75 tled, C ..... 75 ..... 75
175 Sol, fine, E
176 S ar of Sussux, splendid 200207 Helianthiflora, F
177 Sparkler, very larre pe-
205 Hyanea, dwarf ..... 75 ..... 75 ..... 100

20S Hyanea, dwarf
7tals, C $100 \cdot 209$ Inwood's crimson multifio-
178 Yeitch's beauty of De- ra, B ..... 75von, D
75210 Justinia, superb ..... 200
179 Veitch's rictory, fine, D 75211 Lady Grantham, fine, D ..... 75
180 Wheeler's Marchioness 212 Lady Fitzharris, fine large of Bath, D 100 dark rich crimson, C 200
181 Widnali's Aurora, superb 213 Lindleyana, D ..... 100bright scarlet, C
182 Young's magnificent, su-perb derk shaled scarletvelvet, cost a guinea, D 500let, D200214 Man of Kent, deep crim-son, C 773
215 Machin's superb, deep hue, C 200

215 Machin's superb, deep

- 

183 Royal William, deep scar-
216 Marquis of Bath ..... 75
134 Young's fine scarlet, beau-tiful light scarlet, E200
185 Young's aurora, fine, C 219 Mundula, fine reddish crim- son, C ..... 75
75217 Miller's Defiance ..... 75
218 Monsieur de Raad, fine dark crimson velvet, D 100
220 Nutter's A pollo, fine, D ..... 150
221 Princess Victoria, C ..... 30
SECTION IX. Ruby Colored. ..... 75
223 Pygmæa, A ..... 75
136 Grand triumphant, C 100224 Queen of August, deep red
187 Inwood's Donna Maria, 1225 Rosa constantia, rich hue, D 75
150 velvet, E ..... 50fine, D
188 King Pippin, A
50226 Scarlet crimson, very su-
189 Maria Louisa, C 100superb, D150228
190 Princess Elizabeth, extra ..... 50
227 Well's Aurora, very fine, E 1
191 Well's Magnet, D 75229 Nana, fine, A ..... 150 ..... 75Bellona, C
192 Telegraph, C
Young's Proserpin ..... 00 75
193 Veitch's Adelaide, superb 200
193 Veitch's Adelaide, superb 200
194 Young's Triumph, C ..... 200
150231 Young's Pauline, darki
crimson
crimson .....  ..... 200 .....  ..... 200
$\$$ cts.
SECTION X. Crimson.
75195 Belle Cramoisie, fine, petals
75 convex, and imbricated, C 150
196 Bright Venus, light crim-75
75197 Cicero, fine scarlet crim-2005
?
perb quilled, E ..... 200

\begin{abstract}


#### Abstract

$\qquad$ $\square$


\end{abstract}

SECTION XI. Purple.
\$ cts.
232 Atropurpurea superb, C 125 233 Barrett's Susanna, fine puce, D
234 Beauty in the bush-
236 Bella, B
237 Boadicea
238 Brigantia, large, C
239 Cambridge surprise ..... 100 ..... 75
150
273 A la mode ..... 75
274 Dulcinea, form projecting, petalsimbricated, andwhite
75275 Jessica, beautiful, C ..... 200
150276 Purple violet, fine, D ..... 5s
75277 Superb violet, superior, D 1 ..... 73
100278 Violet Wallers ..... 150
240 Changeable purple, superb 300 Section Xili. Dari Maroon,
241 Clustered purple, verybeautiful, B
242 Delectum, dwarf
243 Favorite purple, C
244 Grandissima, C
150
245 Involuta purpurea, curi- ous, C
246 Julianne, shaded, F
247 Kentish hero, B
248 King of the purples
249 Lord Cochrane, C
250 Marshall's purple, C
251 Miss Hester, deep purple, C
252 Multiflora, C ..... 100
253 Mutabilis, dark changea- ble, C
254 Parker's Mrs. Petre, splen-did
255 Philomel
150291 Douglas's Achilles
150291 Douglas's Achilles200256 Plant's purpurea perfecta,fine, C
100279 Achetes
75280 Alexandria victorina, dwarff
100
Black, Purple, Puce, andBlood Color, \&c.superb maroon, C100
281 Atropurpurea speciosa ..... 125
75282 Beauté supreme ..... 125
$75: 83$ Benjamin, fine ..... 150
75284 Black turban, very dark, C ..... 75
75285 Bronze, D ..... 75
75286 Compactum, A ..... 75
75287 Countess of Cravan, A ..... 75
288 Dawson's victory, finedark puce, D150
289 Douglas's Decora, C ..... 75
75290 Douglas's coronation, finedark velvet maroon, andvery superb, D100
292 Fielding's Black Prince, ex-ry double and prolific, B 150
259 Purple Prince, very su-perb, D
360 Purpurea-elata, C261 Quilled purple262 Rubella, B
tremely targe, rich, and 100
$25 \%$ Pretiosa, light purple, B 100
$25 \%$ Pretiosa, light purple, B 100 258 Pulen, brownish purple ve- 293 Flora perfecta, D ..... 100 ..... 100 ..... 75295 Hall's Mogul, very dark,
150 nearly black, D ..... 75
75296 Harding's Black Prince ..... 75
75297 Henry the VIII, very splen-
100 ..... did ..... 300
963 Sandefort, plum color, E 50298 Imperiosa, very dark, E ..... 75
264 Stanhope, D
75299 Leopold, dark purple ..... 75
265 Superb dwarf purple, B
266 Triumphant purple, D100300 Marshall's Bohemia, dark50267 Veitch's superb purple rose 1268 triumphant
269 Wells' Juno, A
270 Wells' Sir John Copley, B75302 Morrison, dark purple vel-
271 Young's pilot, quilled lightpurple272 Zelinda, A200
301 Miller's invincible, ma- ..... 75
roon, D ..... 75
75 ..... 100
vet
vet
303 Nigritiana ..... 100
200304 Pluto, darlo ..... 15075305 Pourprée obscura, very
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { dark velvet, C } \\ 306 \text { Præmorsa, dark, D } & 150 \\ 75\end{array}$ ..... 150
\$cts.

307 Prince's Transcendant, superb dark crimson velvet, duvarf, C
303 Purpurea nigra, dwaif blackish, C
309 Sanguinea, C
310 Sowerby, C

339 Seraphic, purple crimson, large rounded petals, partiaily imbricated, D 200
340 Suitana, brownish crim-
100 son, C 150
100341 Suprema, purple crimson
150 velvet, C 150
75342 Widnall's Daffodil, $\quad 150$
311 Vulcan, very dark purple, B
312 W-lls' Pulla, dark maroon, B
313 Wells' Stephenia, fine dark maroon, B
314 Weils' Victory, B
315 Mount Vesuvius, B
316 Eminent, dark
317 William the IV. 150
318 I ord Winchelsea, D
319 Wheeler's Turk, C
320 Xenophoc, or Flower ball, C 75
321 Young's Venushun, dark velvet, E
322 Young's black purple, fine, $C$

75344 Crees purpurea variegata,
75 purple, with some petals
150 light crimson, E 200
345 China Aster flowered, $l i$ -

100
lac and rose, C 100
346 Daphne, pink and buff, C 100
347 Gender bicolor 200
200348 Henriette, fine striped, E 100
349 Marshall's Rosette 200
200350 Pompone bicolor, reddis/3 and buff, D

150
351 Rosea alba, rose and white, C 300
352 Tricolor, shaded rose and
$\begin{array}{ll}1 & 00 \\ 1 & 00 \\ 152 \text { Tricolor, shaded rose and } \\ 150\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}1 & 00 \\ 1 & 00 \\ 152 \text { Tricolor, shaded rose and } \\ 150\end{array}$
75353 Tincta, purple \&-white, B 200
354 Zebra, striped with orange, D

200
SECTION XVI. Striped, or SHADED WITH BLACK, OR WHITE.
355 Incomparable tessillated, D 250
75356 Levick's Incomparable,
75 scarlet petals tipped with white, D
75357 Levick's Commander in
75 Chief, D 500
358 Priscilla, white and lilac, C 200
200359 Ranunculiflora, purple, ed-
200 ged with white, C 200
300360 Shaded crimson, fine dark velvet, D

150
361 Venusta, superb
200
200 SECTION XVII. Striped with
100 RED OR PURPLE, OR SPOTTED,

75363 Carlo Delia, striped 300
\$ cts. SECTION XX. Globe Flow-
364 Flamed yellow, striped 200
365 Lutea purpurea, striped
365 Lutea purpurea, striped ..... 00 ..... 00
ERED.
200404 Crimson, C
200404 Crimson, C ..... \$ cts.
366 Marshallii
366 Marshallii ..... 75 ..... 75

367 Picta, orange and red, B 200405 Crimson bonnet, D

367 Picta, orange and red, B 200405 Crimson bonnet, D .....
150 .....
150
368 Russell's Maculatum,white,
368 Russell's Maculatum,white, with purple spots, with purple spots, 300407 Dark red 300407 Dark red ..... 125 ..... 125
408 Dark crimson, C
408 Dark crimson, C ..... 100 ..... 100
SECTION XVIII. Striped, Spot-
SECTION XVIII. Striped, Spot- ted, or shaded. ted, or shaded. ..... 369 Guttata ..... 369 Guttata
200
200
410 Feathered light crimson,
410 Feathered light crimson,
370 Lady Grey
370 Lady Grey 200411 Fringed, or Fimbriata, C 200411 Fringed, or Fimbriata, C ..... 75 ..... 75
371 Nymphæflora, blush white,
371 Nymphæflora, blush white, with purple spots, with purple spots, ..... 200 ..... 200
3\%2 Pencilled white, C
3\%2 Pencilled white, C 300413 Melpomene 300413 Melpomene ..... 125 ..... 125
373 Proteus, changeable C
373 Proteus, changeable C 200414 New purple 200414 New purple ..... 150 ..... 150
374 Striata
374 Striata 200415 Neat crimson, anemone
375 Striped Duchess of Kent ..... 300
412 Full dark red, anemone
412 Full dark red, anemone form, D form, D ..... 00
75
SECTION XIX. Anemone flow-
SECTION XIX. Anemone flow-
ERED.
ERED. 417 Pink 417 Pink ..... 150 ..... 150
376 Blood red, short disk, D 75418 Purpurea, C ..... 75
377 Brown, D 75419 Royal globe orange ..... 200
378 Buff rayed gold disk, D 75420 Scarlet, very large \& fine ..... 200379 Clio
380 Dark red
150421 Small blood red, B ..... 100
381 Early blood red, E 75 form, D ..... 75150422 Tall blood red, anemone
382 Flamed buff, C
75423 Very double iron red, C 100
383 Globe anemone, iron red, C 100
384 Globe purple, large lightcrimson, beautiful, D
100 SECTION XXI. Various splen-
385 Hybrida
150 did new varieties.
386 Lilac
75425 Cisera, beautiful ..... 200
387 Large scarlet, E 150426 Desiderabilis ..... 200
388 Large pink, D 75427 Doughty's blush ..... 100
389 Large rose colored, C
390 Large pink feathered, $\mathbf{E}$75428 Duke of Northumberland
391 Large crimson, very large75429 Duchess of do.430 Eloise75
deep crimson, E 150431 England's Defiance ..... 150
392 Mars, scarlet 300432 Fimbriata minor ..... 75
393 New crimson maroon 200433 Galanthus ..... 200
394 New lilac 150434 Groombridge's Matchless ..... 50
395 Painted lady, rose colored, touched with red, E 75436 Lepoleyana ..... 100
396 Purple
75437 Leucanthera ..... 75
397 Reddish brown, C 100438 Man of Ross ..... 150
398 Scarlet, D 75439 Marshall's William the IV 200399 Small crimson, fine and
440 Melley's seedling ..... 150
prolific, D100441 Memnon200
400 Spectabile, C 75442 Parisian Belle, fine ..... 150
401 Striated buff, E 60443 Paul's Rival ..... 75
02 Stated buf,
02 Stated buf, 402 Sweet scabious flowered, C 75
Il's Venus .....  ..... 150 .....  ..... 150 ..... 200
444 Rob Roy
444 Rob Roy
403 Tricuspidata, very deep vel.vet scarlet, D
100446 Saturn ..... 150
447 Star of Devon ..... 200

|  | \$cts. |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 448 Strabo | 2 0 | cts. 450 Tenuifolia, D |
| 149 Suttonia superba | 200451 Wood's Triumphant | 120 |

N. B. In the foregoing list we have omitted about 150 of the older and inferior kinds that are enumerated in various other catalogues. About 200 other varieties will be received from foreign collections the ensuing season, and be comprised in the next catalogue, which will also include a number of rery superior varieties originated by ourselves.

## 01000

## REMARKS.

All orders for Bulbous Flowers, Dahlias, or Seeds, must be sent direct to us, and not through the agency of any person whatever.- Every invoice transmitted hy us will have a printed heading and our signature, to prove it genuine, and we assume no guarantee whatever, where such an invoice cannot be produced.-We mention these cautions for good and conclusive reasons, and we most particularly enjoin their strict observance on purchasers, from our knowing that we have been grossly injured by deceptions practised on the public.-Orders from a distance will alwass receive the utmost attention, both as to packing and forwarding, and it is only requisite for persons sending orders to specify the extent of land and water carriage, and the articles will be packed accordingly.

The Proprietors have further to state that their Fruit and Ornamental Trees, \&c. are of large size and vigorous growth, and superior to any before offered to the public. The Establishment contains at the present period more than a million of Trees and Plants, and the Proprie tors are willing to enter into arrangements of the most liberal description both as to prices and credit with all such persons as desire large quantities of Trees, \&c. and with those proprietors of Nurserics who wish to extend their collections, and such other persons as wish toestablish new Nurseries, they will enter into arrangements on terms which will allow ample time for advantageous reimbursement. Any persons who are desirous to act as agents for receiving orders for Trees, in towns where no agency at present exists, will please to communicate their siews in regard thereto,

## -ceco

## ESCULENT VEGETABLE, FIELD, AND FLOWER SEEDS,

The Proprietors also announce to all venders of Seeds, and to those who may desire to undertake such business, that they will supply every variety desirable, at very low rates and at a liberal credit. These seeds possess the adpantage of being raised under our own observation, or when imported, of being tested to our satisfaction, and their accuracy and vitality are expressly guaranteed. The Catalogue will be found to contain many new and very choice varieties never before offered to the public, and it is intended to enrich this branch of the business with the same zeal which has been extended to the other departments. A Supolementary Catalogue will be speedily published, enumerating above 500 parietios of Annual, Biennial, and Perennial Flower Seeds, very many
of which are of extreme rarity ; and they being mostly collected from plants in this establishment, their excellence may be relied on. The principal object in view is to furnish venders of seeds with wholesale quantities at reasonable rates, but to accommodate our correspondents we cannot object to furnishing smaller parcels for family gardens when applied for.
Every person desirous to engage in the sale of the above named articles, will, on application, receive all the information requisite to the object, and such an establishment ought to exist in every town in the Union. The present period (July) is particularly eligible for forming arrangements for business, preparatory to the aurumnal sales. Bulbous roots, Dahlias, \&c. being usually vended in a dry state, can with perfect convenience be made objects of sale in Seed stores.

The following distinct catalogues and publications relative to the different departments of the establishment may be obtained of the different agents, or by direct application to the proprietors, the six first mentioned being distributed gratis :-
No. 1. Fruit and Hardy Ornamental Trees, Sbrubs, and Plants, pp. 93.
No. 2. Bulbous and Tuberous Rooted Plants, pp. 30.
No. 3. Green-house Trees, Shrubs, and Plants, pp. 48.
No. 4. American Indigenous Trees, Shrubs, and Plants, pp. 52.
No. 5. Catalogue of Esculent Vegetable, Field, and Flower Seeds.
No. 6. Catalogue of Annual, Biennial, and Perennial Flower Seeds, comprising above 500 varieties.
These Catalogues can be transmitted by mail, at a postage of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ sents per sheet, as well as the books below named.



## DIRECTIONS

## For the Culture of Balbous and Tuberous Roots.

Situation.-A southern aspect, dry and airy, and sheltered from the north winds, is preferable for most bulbs ; but Anemones and Ranunculuses will do better in a situation commanding a southern aspect, and which can be protected from the heat of noonday.

Soil.-The following compost is most suitable for the Hyacinth, Tu= lip, Crown Imperial, Narcissus, Crocus, Snow Flake, Iris, Lily, Colchicum, Anemone, Ranunculus, Snow Drop, and most other bulbs:-One third sand, one third well-rotted cow-dung, and one third good garden mould. Let the beds thus formed be well dug over to the depth of fifteen or eighteen inches, that the materials may be well mixed together; a fourth part of rotten wood or vegetable mould from a swamp, may be added to the above, if conveniently to be obtained, which will at all times be beneficial in giving additional lightness to the soil.

The various species of the Amaryllis succeed best in a rich sandy loam, and the families of the Ixia, Oxalis, Feraria, Gladiolus, Antholyza, Lachenalia, and most other Cape and Tropical bulbs require the soil to be more sandy than for the generality of other bulbs.

Forming the Beds. -The beds should be raised about 4 inches above the level of the walks, and moderately arched, which will afford an opportunity for the superfluous moisture to run off. Sand (either sea or fresh) strewed in the trenches, before and after placing the roots will be beneficial.

Time of Planting.-For the Hyacinth, Tulip, Crown Imperial, Squill, Lily, Polyanthus Narcissus, Double Narcissus, Jonquil, Iris, Crocus, Colchicum, Star of Bethlehem, Snowdrop, Snowflake, Gladiolus, Allium, and most other hardy bulbs, the preferable season for planting is the months of October and Nuvember-and it is well to observe that the species of bulbs above named (Tulips excepted) will thrive best if not taken from the ground oftener than every second or third year. The different species of the Feraria, Antholyza, Ixia, Crinum, Hxmanthus, Eucomis, the tender species of Amaryllis, Pancratiun, and Gladiolus, and most other delicate bulbs, may be planted during the months of November and December, in pots, when intended to be sheltered during the winter, or they can be kept in dry sand until April or May, and then be planted in pots, or in the open ground when it has become free trom frost, and perfectly settled.

Depth and Distance.-Hyacinths, Persian Fritillary, Martagon, and other Lilies, and Pæonies, should be planted at the depth of four inches ;. Crown Imperials and Polyanthus Narcissus, five inches ; Tulips, Double and Single Narcissus, Jonquils, Colchicums, Snowflakes, Bulbous Iris, and Gladiolus, three inches; Crocus, Arums, small Fritillaries, and Snowdrops, two inches; Ranunculus and Anemone, one and a half inches; Dogstooth Violet, one inch, always measuring from the top of the bulb. The rows should be ten inches apart, and the roots be placed from four to six inches apart in the rows, according to their size.

Protection during Winter.-In the Middle and Northern States it will on the approach of winter be beneficial, though not absolutely necessary, to cover the beds with straw, tanner's bark, withered leaves, or light earth from the woods, such as is formed by the decay of foliage, 10 the depth of two or three inches, as it prevents any ill effects which a very severe season might have upon the roots. This covering must be carefully raked off early in the spring. The Polyahthus Narcissus, Hoop Petticoat Narcissus, and Arum dracunculus being more tender than other species require a covering of five or six inches of straw or leaves in the manner above detailed.

Taking up Bulbs after flowering.-About a month after the bloom is passed, the foliage puts on a yellow decayed appearance. This is the proper season for taking up the roots, on doing which, the stem and foliage should be cut off within an inch of the bulb, leaving the fibrous roots attached to it. After this preparation, spread them singly in an airy soom to dry for 2 or 3 weeks, then wrap each root carefully in paper, (the air being injurious,) or put them in dry sand until replanted.

Inemone and Ranunculus. - The soil should be compact and rich, not Iight or sandy. A stiff loamy soil suits them very well, and with it there कhould be mixed one fourth part of rotten manure, and in doing this the
carth ought to be well pulverized. In England they are planted about the 10 th of February, and here they may with success be planted as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. We have had them to succeed well when planted at the end of October or early in November, and protected during winter with a covering of straw or leaves, which was removed early in the spring. They will bear a considerable degree of cold, but our intense frosts destroy them when not protected as above. They require a moist soil, but not over much so. Heavy rains injure and rot them, and the ground selected should be such as does not retain water and become sodden. In dry weather they will require frequent waterings. When the roots are taken up after blooming they should be preserved in dry sand till replanted.

Culture of tender Bulbs in pots, comprising the Oxalis, Lachenalia, Txia, Gladiolus, Anthoyza, \&.c. \&c.-The management of these is extremely simple. They should have as much light, sun, and air, as possible, and be kept free from frost. When the foliage is past and the roots consequently in a dormant state they can be either left in the pots in a dry situation without any watering, or be taken out and wrapped in paper or packed in sand till the ensuing season, at which period they will re quire to be rejotted in fresh soil composed as already detailed.

Culture of the Amaryllis and Tuberose.-The Amaryllis longifolia, (both rose coored and white,) is extremely magnificent, and will support our winters by planting the roots at a depth of 6 inches from the extremity of the neck of the bulb. A southern exposure is much to be preferred, the warmer the better. They will also flourish admirably if planted in a pond below the point of congelation. The Amaryllis formossissima, vitata, aurea, belladona, equestris, double and single ; reginæ, psittacina, Jolnsoni, gigantea, ignescens, and all the other spring, summer, and autumn flowering species may, if preferred, be preserved during winter in boxes of dry sand, and planted out in the open garden at the end of April, or beginning of May in a rich sandy loam, where they bloom with the utmost splendor. The different species of Zephyranthes, Crinum, and Pancratium, will succeed admirably by the same course of culture. In planting the above named roots, place the bulb so that one third of its diameter will be above the surface of the ground. This is to apply to all except the Amaryllis formossissima or Jacobean Liiy, which should have the bulb covered, leaving the neck only to project above the surface of the ground. Tuberoses, and the Feraria tygridia, or Tiger Rower, should be planted at the depth of one inch, the numerous offsets on the former being first broken off to prevent their impoverishing the main root and arresting the bloom. The double and striped leaved Tuberoses are greatly admired; the latter of these and the Common Single flowering are more certain in their bloom than the double variety. The Feraria tygridia is exceeding beautiful, and therefore much admired.

Hyacinths and other Bulbs in pots or glasses for winter blooming. For this purpose Single Hyacinths, and those designated as earliest among the double are to be preferred. The Polyanthus Narcissus, Italian or Roman Narcissus, Double Narcissus, Double and Single Jonquils, Per= sian Iris, Crocus, the winter and spring flowering varieties of the Cyclamen, and the Double and Single Duke van Thol Tulips make also a fine appearance during the winter season. Bulbs intended for blooming in pots during the winter should be planted during the months of Octobe: and November, and left exposed to the open air until the ground beging
to freeze, when they should be removed to the Greenhouse or to a warm room. They will need occasionally moderate waterings before they begin to vegetate, and when they attain to a growing state should receive a plentiful supply by pouring it into the saucers. They should at all times be exposed as much as possible to the sun, air, and light, to prevent their foliage from growing too long, or becoming of a jellow hue. Bulbs cultivated after this manner will mostly bloom in January, and next to the Hyacinth, the Polyanthus Narcissus, and Double Italian, or Roman Narcissus, may be ranked anong the most desirable fur beauty fragrance, and easy culture.

Those intended for glasses should be placed in them about the middle of November, the glasses being previously filled with pure water, so that the bottom of the bulb may just touch the water; then place them for the first ten days in a dark room, to promote the shooting of the roots, after which expose them to the sun and light as much as possible. They will bloom however with but little or no sun, but the flowers will be inferior in color. The water should be changed as often as it becomes impure, at which period the roots ought to be drawn entirely out of the glasses and rinsed in clean water, the glasses being at the same time well washed inside. Rain or soft water is preferable to that termed hard, but either will answer the purpose, provided it be perfectly clear. Bulbs that have been forced are of but little value, and require a considerable period to regain their natural vigor. When removed from the pots or glasses, theos should be immersed in water for a week, and then planted in a soil properly prepared, where they will usually commence flowering again the second year.

Dahlia, or Georgina.-Few of our most rustic plants exact less care than this splendid native of Mexico. Indeed so simple is its culture that it is already widely disseminated in every part of Europe, as well as in the West Indies, South America, \&c. in all of which it has been found to succeed. It will thrive in any good soil, but as is the case with other plants held in great estimation, amateurs bestow more care to its culture than is absolutely required, and have adopted particular rules for that object. The roots are tuberous, and towards the last of April they begin to push out young shoots at the base of the stem of the previous year. At this period, or rather earlier, they should be planted; they will however succeed perfectly well if this is deferred till June, but will not come so soon into flowering. In England they usually from choice plant the Dahlia in poor gravelly soil, in order to render it more dorarf in stature, and this course may have its advantages in a humid atmosphere. In our own country, however, where the heat of summer is excessive, and where we are sometimes visited with a severe drought, the Dahlia would often be absolutely blighted, unless the soil were sufficiently rich and retentive of moisture. When planted in a generous soil, our climate is so extremely congenial to its habits that it expands with the utmost luxuriance, attdining a degree of beauty in its development, if nat unequalled, at least not to be surpassed.

The course we have adopted for its culture, although extremely simple, has been eminently successful, and the directions we shall now give are in accordance therewith.-Make the ground mellow to the depth of eighteen inches, digging in at the same time a liberal supply of manure. Plant the dwarf kinds at three, and the tall ones at four feet distant; and before placing the roots, dig in a shovel full of manure at the top of each hole destined to receire them. The root should be placed two incls-
es beneath the surface-measuring from the base of the old stem. Mos: persons allow but one stalk to grow, and of course select the strongestcutting away the weaker ones. When planted along a walk or avenue, a triple range presents a very beautiful appearance, the most dwarf being selected for the firstrow, those of greater stature for the second, and the tallest for the third row-indeed this manner of arrangement may be extended to five or six rows. Another mode is to plant them in clumps, either circular, square, or as the taste may suggest, the tallest varieties being selected for the center. In either of these arrangements, a judicious selection of the various colors is requisite, in order to unite to their brilliant display, the advantage of a tasteful combination.

When the plants are about a foot high, a pole should be placed by each, proportioned to the usual height it attains, which should be driven into the ground about a foot from the stalk, so as not to interfere with the roots. The poles or stakes will necessarily vary from three to eight feet in height above the surface; and to be firmly placed should penetrate the ground from twelve to eighteen inches. Those for the taller plants will require of course to be of greater thickness and strength than such as are designed for the more dwarf varieties. The work of driving the poles may be more easily effected immediately after a rain, when the ground is moist.

As the plants advance in growth, it will become necessary to tie the stalks firmly to the poles to guard against the effects of winds and storms. For this purpose common bass matting, or any other soft ligature is to be preferred. The branches being extremely brittle are subject to be broken in severe gales when not well supported. Some persons train their Dahlias on a trellis, which affords security to every branch, and presents at the same time a fine effect. It is only in very exposed situations that the extreme caution is required of tying every branch; and in cities and other well sheltered locations far less care will suffice in this respect. It is deemed beneficial to trim off the lateral shoots nearest the ground, to a certain height in proportion to the growth of the plant ; say for dwarfs twelve inches, and for other varieties eighteen, increasing to twenty-four inches for the tallest. Some cultivators thin out about half the number of upper branches, in order to add to the strength of the remaining ones, and to increase the size and beauty of the flowers.

Omission.-Common white lily, or Lilium candidum, $\$ 6,00$ per 100.

[^1]
permalife* pH 8.5


[^0]:    1 Orange
    2 Umbel flowered orange
    3 Elegant silver striped
    4 Autumnal flowering orange
    5 Canada, 3 varieties

[^1]:    I. F. Jones \&. Co., Printers, Jamaica, L, I.

