





ORION QUICK FACTS

Orion is America's next generation spacecraft that will take astronauts to exciting destinations never explored by humans. It will serve as the exploration vehicle that will carry the crew to distant planetary bodies, provide emergency abort capability, sustain the crew during space travel, and provide safe reentry from deep space.

Orion Summary	4
Number of crew	4 200 #/a
Total change in velocity	4,390 11/5
Gross liftoff weight	74 000 lb -
Artemis I:	
Artemis II:	78,000 lbs
Trans-lunar insertion mass	- / 0 U
Artemis I:	
Artemis II:	58,500 lbs
Post-trans lunar insertion mass	
Artemis I:	
Artemis II:	•
Stack height	
Crew module + service module height	26 ft
Launch Abort System – Emergency (
Height	
Diameter	
Weight at liftoff	
Abort motor weight	·
Attitude control motor	
Jettison motor weight	
Weight of propellant	5700 lbs
Crew Module - Crew and Cargo Trans	sport
Height	
Diameter	
Habitable volume	
Pressurized volume	690.6 ft ³
Artomic L woight at liftoff	
Arternis i weignt at ilitoir	21,900 lbs
Artemis I weight at liftoff	21,900 lbs
	21,900 lbs 22,900 lbs
Artemis II weight at liftoff	21,900 lbs 22,900 lbs 19,500 lbs
Artemis II weight at liftoffArtemis I nominal landed weight	
Artemis II weight at liftoffArtemis I nominal landed weight Artemis II nominal landed weight	
Artemis II weight at liftoffArtemis I nominal landed weight Artemis II nominal landed weight	
Artemis II weight at liftoff	
Artemis II weight at liftoffArtemis I nominal landed weight Artemis II nominal landed weight Engines/Thrusters	
Artemis II weight at liftoff	

^{**} Artemis 2 numbers assume weight of crew of four astronauts each 180 lbs. and all their supplies for a 21 day mission.

THE ORION SPACECRAFT

Launch Abort System

The launch abort system, positioned above the crew module, can activate within milliseconds to pull the crew to safety and position the module for a safe landing.

Crew Module

The crew module is capable of transporting four crew members beyond low-Earth orbit, providing a safe habitat from launch through landing and recovery.

Service Module

The service module provides support to the crew module from launch through crew module separation prior to entry. It provides in-space propulsion capability for orbital transfer, attitude control, and high altitude ascent aborts. While mated with the crew module, it also provides water, oxygen and nitrogen to support the crew module living environment, generates and stores power while in space, and provides primary thermal control. The service module also has the capability to accommodate unpressurized cargo.