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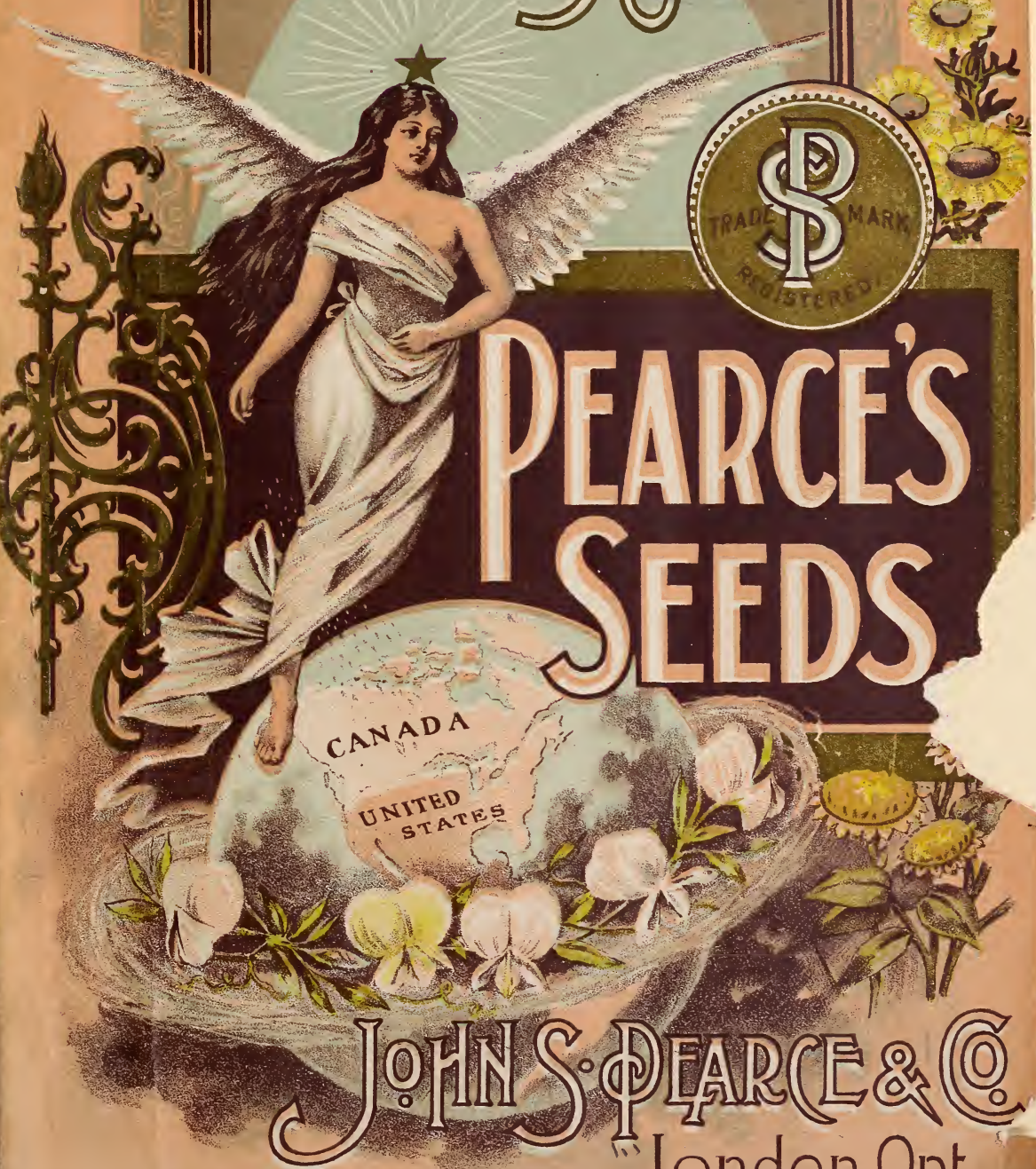
63.01
CANADA
1871-1896

Annual

63.01

Established 1864

1896



PEARCE'S SEEDS

JOHN S. PEARCE & CO
London, Ont.

The Compass Whistle. *With every dollar order we will send you one of our Compass Whistles. A pocket compass and powerful whistle combined. The compass is securely fastened to one side of the whistle, well protected by a heavy glass face. Eight points are given, and any one can keep his bearing in the most dense forest or open prairie. Any one can blow it. Should be in the pocket of every one. Solid metal, nickel-plated. Price, 20c., post-paid.*

The Farmer's Hand Book. *With every dollar order we will send you a copy of the Farmer's Hand Book. A book that every one should have. It contains a set of breeding tables, alone worth twice the price of the book; forms for keeping accounts, postal information, interest tables, weights and measures, together with a host of useful and desirable information. Price, 20c., post-paid.*

The Wild Flower Garden. *With every dollar order we will send you a packet of the Wild Flower Garden Seed. We have been offering this novelty for the past seven years, and we are surprised at the immense numbers who send for this. Each packet contains upwards of 100 varieties of flower seeds, which could not be bought in separate packets for \$5.00. Sow in a nice high spot and keep free from weeds, and you will have a continuous display of bloom all summer and fall. Price, 20c. per packet.*

One-foot Pocket Steel Rule. *With every one-dollar order we will send you a beautifully made One-foot Pocket Steel Rule metal-bound leather case; can be carried in the vest pocket. Something every one should have. Price, 20c., by mail, post-paid.*

Dairying for Profit. *With every dollar order we will send you a copy of "Dairying for Profit, or the Poor Man's Cow." Every one who keeps a single cow can profit from this little book. Every chapter well worth the price of the book. Send for it. Price, 20c., by mail, post-paid.*

Fine Mixed Tulips. *With every two-dollar order we will send you one dozen of choice mixed Tulip Bulbs. This early spring flowering bulb cannot be surpassed for brilliancy of color;*

Every one of these Premiums are good value at twice the price named.

FOR SEEDS AT
CATALOGUE
PRICES,
BY THE PACKET,
OUNCE, 1/4 POUND.

OUR PREMIUMS



and where a display is wanted in the early months of spring they are quite indispensable; in pots, with from three to six in each, and properly managed, they make beautiful specimens. Directions sent with the bulbs. NOTE.—As tulip bulbs are planted in the fall for flowering in the spring, we cannot forward them until the 1st of October, 1896. Price, per dozen, 30c., post-paid. Our descriptive catalogue of Bulbs sent free to all who apply.

Folding or Pocket Scissors. *With every two-dollar order we will send you one of these Folding Scissors. Scissors are a very handy and useful thing to have in your pocket. Any one will prize these highly. Are of the best steel, highly polished, nickel-plated, and ingeniously folded in a very small compass. Price, 45c., by mail, post-paid.*

Two-foot Pocket Steel Rule. *With every three-dollar order we will send you one of our Two-foot Pocket Steel Rules in a metal-bound leather case. Every farmer will find this rule most valuable. Price, 45c., by mail, post-paid.*

Pearce's Butter Mould and Printer. *With every four-dollar order we will give Pearce's Combined Butter Mould and Printer, self-gauging, pound size (see cut on outside of cover). This mould is well and most substantially made of all wood and has all the advantages of the Carver and other expensive moulds, and is splendid value for the money. We can recommend this mould to all our customers. Price, post-paid, 75c.*

***500 Sheets, 7 x 10 Parchment Paper.** *With every four-dollar order we will send you one ream of our beautiful pure white parchment paper for wrapping butter (pound prints), worth 75c. post-paid. Try it. Something every buttermaker should have. 1,000 sheets, \$1.30, post-paid. Printing on 1,000 \$1 extra; and in 5,000 lots, 50c. per 1,000 extra.*

"Wasp" Time Clock. *With every five-dollar order we will send you one of the neatest and nicest little clocks, one-day time, two-inch dial, bevelled glass; height, three inches. A splendid timepiece; well worth \$1.50. Price, \$1.25, by mail, post-paid.*

Any one not satisfied with any of the Premiums can have the cash value, less 25 per cent. in cash, if returned.

* This premium, by mistake in Order Sheet, reads \$5.00; should read \$4.00. Please note this.

CUSTOMERS

AND

READERS

OF OUR

Catalogue

FOR

1896

(Worth reading.)

WHILE there are thousands of our customers to whom an introduction is quite unnecessary, yet there are many thousands more whom we desire to enroll on our constantly increasing list of friends and customers. **The more customers we have, and the larger those customers are, the better we can serve each and every one.**

The gardener, the planter, and farmer, have each had their trials and tribulations through ordering cheap and imperfect seeds. Perfect and first-class seeds would be cheap at twice their price, as compared with inferior seeds as a gift. Buy your seeds from those who know their business.

Our friends and customers will readily note that we do not publish a sensational catalogue—neither is it made up with the scissors and paste pot. The illustrations are true to nature, the descriptions written from personal knowledge and with the greatest care. Prices are also right—as low as good seeds can be sold—while we treat all our customers liberally, both as to premiums and extras. All orders are filled promptly, and very often the customer's seeds are in the mails and on the way the same day that order is received.

We know that our seeds are the best that can be had; we know this from personal knowledge and experience on our own trial grounds. Those who have not tried our seeds please give us an opportunity of proving this to you. "Whatsoever a man soweth that shall he also reap." If you entrust us with your orders we shall care for your wants, horticulturally, with the best the world affords to date, and at the right market prices.

We trust no customer present or possible will leave us for cheaper and untried seeds. Send for Pearce's Seeds, you won't regret it.

Put your money in the ground in the form of Pearce's Seeds and watch the wonderful chemistry of nature transform them, aided by air and sunshine, into products which sustain life and make it worth living for. **The spring of 1896 is the time to do this.**

We want your orders be they large or small. We shall do our utmost to please you.

Yours faithfully,

John S. Pearce & Co.

Freight and Express Rates.

For the convenience and guidance of our customers in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories, and British Columbia, we give below approximate freight and express rates to the points named.

Customers will please note that the freight on three to five bushels will only cost about as much as one bushel:—

FREIGHT RATES FROM LONDON.—ON BARLEY, OATS, PEAS, AND WHEAT.

To Port Arthur, on any quantity under 200 lbs., will cost	\$1 40.	Over 218 lbs., at rate of	\$0 64 per 100 lbs.
" Winnipeg, " " " 193 " " "	1 85.	" 193 " " "	0 96 " " "
" Brandon, " " " 201 " " "	2 35.	" 201 " " "	1 17 " " "
" Regina, " " " 208 " " "	2 90.	" 208 " " "	1 39 " " "
" Calgary, " " " 208 " " "	3 60.	" 208 " " "	1 73 " " "

On clover and timothy seeds the rates are about one-fourth more than above, except Victoria, where the rate is \$2. On seed drills and agricultural implements the rate is about \$1.85 per 100 lbs. to Winnipeg.

EXPRESS RATES FROM LONDON.

	When not over—	5 lbs.	7 lbs.	10 lbs.	15 lbs.	20 lbs.	25 lbs.	30 lbs.	35 lbs.	40 lbs.	45 lbs.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
To Port Arthur.....	\$0 70	\$0 85	\$1 00	\$1 10	\$1 25	\$1 50	\$1 60	\$1 80	\$2 00	\$2 25	\$2 35	\$4 50	
" Winnipeg.....	70	95	1 15	1 35	1 65	1 85	2 10	2 50	2 75	2 88	2 88	5 75	
" Brandon.....	75	1 00	1 20	1 50	1 75	2 00	2 50	2 75	3 25	3 50	3 50	7 00	
" Regina.....	75	1 00	1 35	1 75	2 00	2 50	3 00	3 50	4 00	4 50	4 50	8 25	
" Calgary.....	75	1 00	1 50	2 00	2 50	3 25	3 75	4 25	4 75	5 25	5 50	10 25	
" Victoria, B. C.....	85	1 15	1 65	2 35	3 00	3 75	4 50	5 25	6 00	6 75	7 50	15 00	

10 Cotton bags, 20c. each. We allow the following discounts on packets only:—

DISCOUNTS.—We make the following discounts to those who will get up a club, or order largely for their own use, but are allowed only on flower and vegetable seeds in packets; and are not allowed when premiums are selected:—

Persons sending \$1 00 may select seeds in pkts. amounting to	\$1 20	ON 2nd Page
" " " 2 00 " " " " " " " "	2 40	
" " " 3 00 " " " " " " " "	3 75	
" " " 4 00 " " " " " " " "	5 00	OF Cover.
" " " 5 00 " " " " " " " "	6 25	

See Our
Premiums

ON 2nd Page
OF Cover.

SPECIALTIES IN VEGETABLE SEEDS

FOR 1896



WE LOOK BACK with pride to the varieties of Vegetable, Field and Flower Seeds we have been instrumental in first introducing to the Canadian public in the past years, and we again take pleasure in issuing a list of new and desirable varieties, many of which are offered for the first time.

JOHN S. PEARCE & Co.:

BELGRAVE, November 15th, 1895.

Gentlemen,—Last year I made 25 entries at Belgrave and got 25 prizes, 18 firsts and 7 seconds; this year I got 21 prizes, 14 firsts and 7 seconds; grown from seed purchased from you. I have had seed from a good many seedsmen, and have found none better and few as good. I have always found your stuff to be what you represented it to be. I had one Pumpkin (Pearce's Hundredweight) that weighed 124 pounds. I had World-Beater Cabbage that weighed 35 pounds. We are at quite a disadvantage up here for early shows, as we cannot get our seed in the ground soon enough.

Yours truly,

G. H. DAVID.

“Golden Beauty” Beans.

Three years ago we received a number of samples of Beans, among which was this excellent variety, and having tested it in our trial ground with 13 other varieties of wax beans, and finding them so much superior to any other wax bean we ever grew, we have grown a stock, and now offer them to our numerous customers with every confidence as the best wax bean in existence. The plant is extremely dwarf and bushy in habit of growth, and can be planted much closer in the rows than ordinary varieties, making it invaluable for small gardens. It is enormously prolific, yielding an abundant supply of pods 4 to 6 ins. long, of a lovely delicate wax-like appearance, which are tender, fleshy, quite stringless, almost transparent, and of excellent flavor. They can be cooked whole. Post-paid, pkt., 5c.; lb., 30c.



Pearce's "Golden Beauty" Beans.

Defiance, Green-Podded.

This variety, like the above, is of French origin, and an excellent green-podded sort which has come to stay. The pods are from seven to nine inches long, very full and meaty, very rich flavored, and will stand long before getting tough and stringy. Vine stands erect, holding its pods well off the ground, and of a dark green color, very noticeable at a great distance off. The most productive variety we ever grew, far exceeding our expectations. The pod is very straight and free from rust or spot, making it one of the most desirable varieties for market gardeners, while it has all other good points; is superior in quality to all other green snap beans grown. Pkt., 5c.; lb. 30c., post-paid.



Defiance—Green-Podded.

The Lupton Cabbage

Was grown by ABEL STEEL, weighing 55 lbs.

The World Beater

You can do the same if you will only try.

Weighing 53 lbs.

See p. 6 for varieties.

Farmers, we call your attention to page 13 of this Catalogue.

Keeney's Rustless Golden Wax Bean

For its hardness and productiveness with fine quality. A strong-growing bush of remarkable vigor and freedom from rust. It sends out short tendrils, and pods are formed in addition to those near the central stalk of the plant, accounts for its wonderful productiveness, amounting, under favorable conditions, to 100 to 150 fold. The pods are meaty and well filled, thick-flat when young, and semi-round later; of rich yellow color and fine quality, and stringless, when large enough to shell. If the pods are picked as fast as formed, they continue to furnish a bountiful supply for an unusually long season. Price, per bushel, 5c.; lb., 30c.



Pearce's Improved Tree Bean.

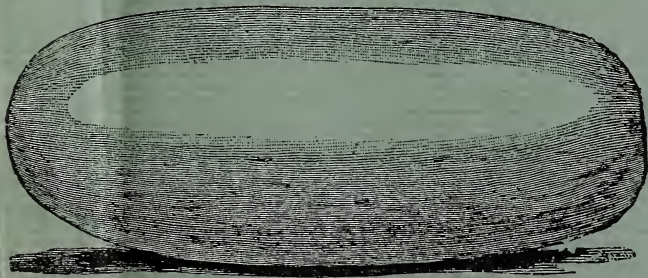


The true stock is usually the heaviest yielding bean known. The illustration is an exact reproduction from a photograph of a vine which bore 156 pods, and which shelled out 864 beans, the product of one bean. Sixty to sixty-five bushels per acre have been obtained on good ordinary soil. Plant in rows 2 1/2 feet apart, and fifteen inches apart in the rows. The Tree Bean will thrive wherever the soil is fertile. Ten to twelve quarts will plant an acre. We are headquarters for the Genuine Tree Bean. Pkt., 5c.; lb., 15c.; post-paid, 20c. By express or freight at purchaser's expense. Peck., \$1.00; bushel, \$3.00. Cotton bags cost 20c.

COMPETITION FOR 1896. PEARCE'S IMPROVED TREE BEAN. For the vine bearing the greatest number of perfect pods: **1st Prize, \$10.00; 2nd Prize, \$5.00.**

NEW VICTORIA BEET.

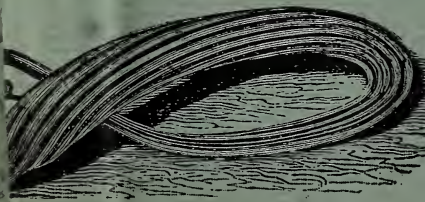
This variety we have found very early, coming for table use about the same time as the well-known Egyptian, which is about the earliest beet in existence, but a great improvement on that variety, being better in shape and much larger. It is of a nice oval shape, beautiful, thin, smooth skin, and the flesh is the darkest of any beet we know of, with the exception of the Egyptian. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; 1/4 lb., 30c.; lb., \$1.00.



White Wonder Cucumber.

White Wonder Cucumber.

Very hardy and productive. The cucumbers grow about eight inches long and two inches thick; the skin is thin but tough; color ivory-white; the flesh very solid and of very fine flavor; it remains in good condition for a long time. Owing to unusual hardness of constitution, it can be planted earlier than most other cucumbers, and is also a sure cropper. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; 1/4 lb., 40c.



Serpent or Snake Cucumber.

Serpent or Snake Cucumber. A remarkable and very interesting curiosity. The cucumbers grow curled up like a snake with the head protruding, and are sometimes six feet long. The Chinese consider this a great delicacy either raw or boiled. Grown quite extensively for exhibiting at fairs. Packet, 5c.

Try our Improved Tree Beans; the most productive White Bean grown.

“Cool and Crisp” Cucumber.

The peculiar feature of this variety is that the knobs or protuberances upon which the spines are placed are prominent at all stages of growth, giving the cucumber a very attractive appearance. The fruits are straight, even and slim, and until they reach their full size they are of a very dark green color, so dark that they might almost be called “black.” The earliest of all for pickling, and for slicing when fully matured, being very tender and crisp. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.



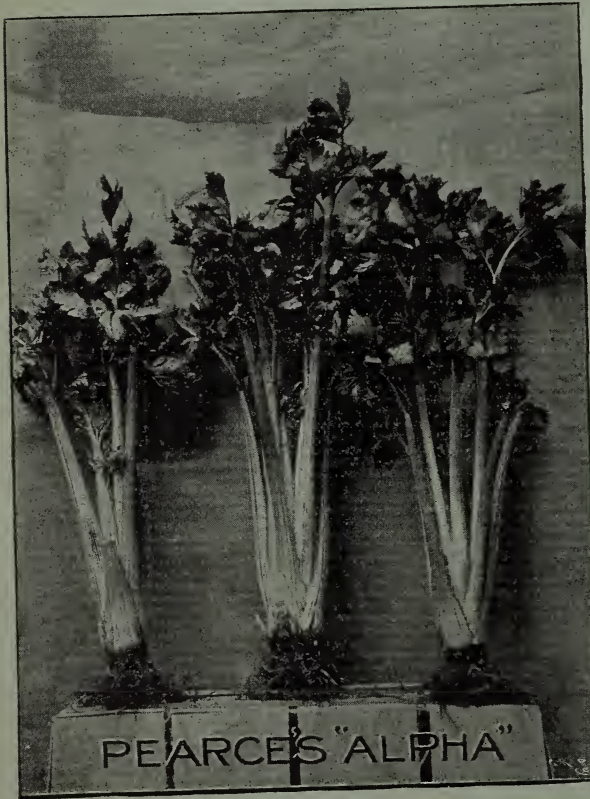
Cool and Crisp.

The “Peer of All” Carrot.

(PRIVATE STOCK.)

We test from year to year a great many varieties of carrots, but have yet to find a variety that will anywhere approach this excellent kind. We have for two years past tested this variety side by side with other varieties, and good judges, who have inspected it at our trial ground, pronounced it the acme of perfection in color and shape. We consider it the best type of half-long carrot yet offered, and it will eventually supersede the old variety of Danvers carrot. The stock is so finely bred that carrots have attained such uniformity that they are almost exact duplicates of each other. It is earlier than the Danvers, and about the same length. Color bright scarlet, smooth, of good size, and easily harvested. On account of its extremely handsome appearance it is invaluable for bunching, and as an exhibition carrot it has no equal. Markers will help to increase your sales. Per pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c. ¼ lb., 30c.; 1 lb., \$1.00.

Markers will help to increase your sales. Per pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.

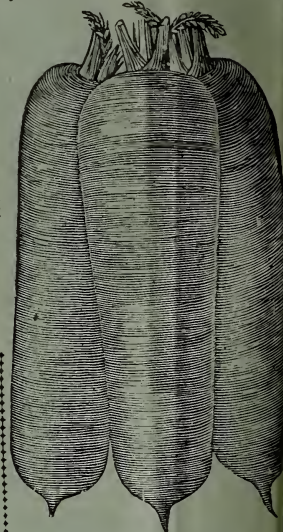


(From a Photograph taken November, 1895.)

SEE
OUR

GRAND
PREMIUMS

INSIDE
OF FRONT
COVER.



The “Peer of All” Carrot.

Pearce's “Alpha” Celery.

Some years ago a gentleman, coming to this country from England, received from a friend a very small quantity of seed of a stock he had been selecting and improving for years, and we are pleased to say we have made arrangements to supply; but, on account of the severe drouth of the past season, our stock will be very limited. It is a very superior winter-keeping variety, of medium size, and bright green; leaves of a dark, rich green; the heart of a delicate yellow, the whole changing to a beautiful ivory-white when blanched, and having a deliciously sweet, nutty flavor. It is brittle, and altogether greatly superior to all other varieties as a keeper and for the table. Pkt., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25c.

WE OFFER **\$100.00** IN CASH PRIZES, To be competed for in 1896

BEANS, PUMPKIN, MANGEL, CARROT, SWEDE TURNIP, AND OATS,
To be exhibited at the Western Fair, London, Canada, September, 1896. A competing form, with full instructions, sent to every purchaser of any of the above articles.

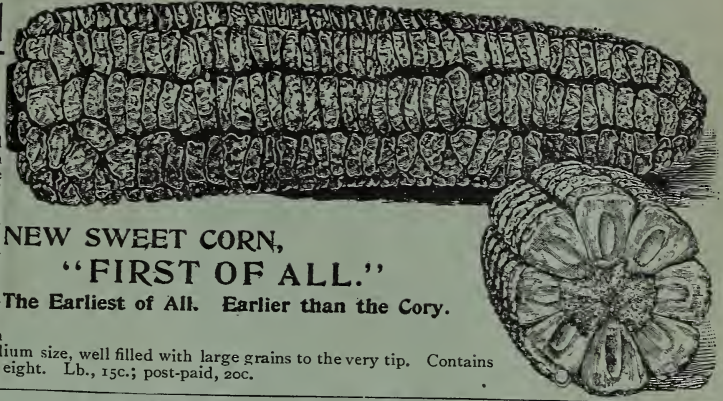
Send us a trial order, no matter how small.

NEW SWEET CORN

Pearce's "FIRST OF ALL."

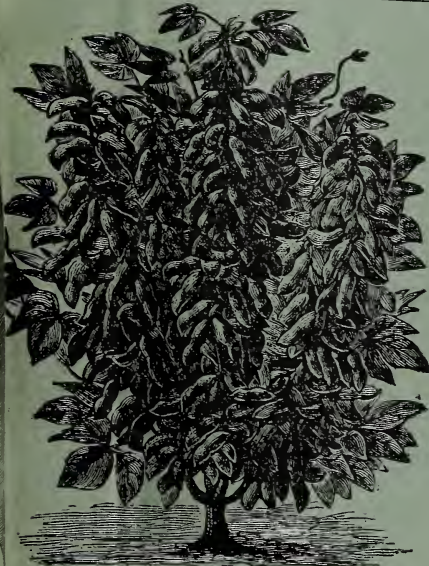
(PRIVATE STOCK.)

It is now two years since we introduced this excellent Corn, and it has held its own against all comers. The great advantage it has over all other so-called "First of All" Corn is that it has both a white kernel and white cob, while all other "First of All" varieties have red kernel and red cob. A corn earlier, larger eared, sweeter, and in every way superior to the celebrated Cory. The "First of All" is ready for the table from 1 week to 10 days ahead of the Cory. For the Market Gardener this is just the Corn that is wanted, where the earliest Corn brings the highest price. The ear is of medium size, well filled with large grains to the very tip. Contains ten to twelve rows, while the Cory has only eight. Lb., 15c.; post-paid, 20c.



NEW SWEET CORN, "FIRST OF ALL."

The Earliest of All. Earlier than the Cory.



Cole's Domestic Coffee Berry.

COLE'S DOMESTIC Coffee Berry

We offer this as a novelty of real merit, and our customers who have tried it pronounce it an unqualified success. Our illustration fails to portray the great productiveness of this most valuable plant. This wonderful, nutritious and immensely productive plant is said to be a native of Germany, and comes nearer answering the place of coffee than anything else that grows. It is used in many countries of Europe as a substitute for coffee, and it requires an epicure to distinguish a difference between coffee made from this berry and the coffee of commerce. The plant grows from two to two and a-half feet high, and fruits from the ground up and on the limbs in every direction, forming almost a solid mass of pods. One plant will contain from 200 to 250 pods; each pod contains two coffee beans or berries. When ripe the beans should be roasted, ground and made the same as other coffee. The flavor is mild, pleasant and agreeable, having the same fragrant and aromatic taste as our best imported coffee. Some who have tried it prefer it to our coffee of commerce. Others prefer to mix one-half or one-third of store coffee with Cole's Domestic Coffee, when they say it is impossible to distinguish the difference between coffee made of this mixture and our best imported coffee. It is entirely hardy in almost any climate, and can be raised for less than two cents per pound. Besides its great value as a substitute for coffee, it is a most valuable and nutritious food for fattening hogs and cattle. One bushel of these beans is said to contain more nutritious and fattening properties than two bushels of the best corn. It is immensely productive; sixty to eighty bushels can easily be grown on one acre, which for feeding purposes is equal to more than one hundred bushels of corn. Plant in rows three feet apart; berries twelve to fifteen inches apart in the row, on good ordinary soil. The plants, when ripe, will meet each other in the row, and the whole patch look like a solid mass of pods. Pkt., 5c.; lb., 25c. For its great value as a substitute for coffee we give below a few testimonials:—



"I have tried Cole's new Coffee Berry and am pleased with it, as it makes good coffee—scarcely distinguishable from imported coffee when prepared in the same way. A gentleman who dined with me said it was as good coffee as he ever tasted.



M. J. K."

Mrs. JOHN SCANLAN, East London P. O., says:—

"I purchased from you this season some of Cole's Domestic Coffee Berry, and had an immense crop. The bushes stood up like little trees and literally loaded with pods. I had some of the berries roasted and ground, and consider it equal, if not superior, to any brand of coffee I ever bought. I would advise everyone to give it a trial."



LETTUCE- Pearce's Wonderful

We had seventy-five varieties of Lettuce under test: past season, and this was the largest and most solid heading of all. The color is a beautiful yellow-green, with just the slightest bronze tinge to the leaf; never bitter nor unpleasant, no matter how large. It has a beautiful appearance, and stands longer than any other variety before running to seed. The average size of this excellent variety is from eight to ten inches across the solid head and about twenty inches in diameter. We consider that this variety is the best heading, best flavored, slowest to run to seed any lettuce we ever had. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.



Pearce's Wonderful Lettuce.

The best evidence of the quality of PEARCE'S SEEDS is the great demand for them.



The Lupton Cabbage.

crop cabbages, and comes of too strong development of the veins and ribs." In this new cabbage we feel that we have secured the perfection of type and reliability of heading, which are the most desirable features of all cabbages, and without the sacrifice of the strong constitution which insures vigorous growth and enables the plant to resist unfavorable conditions. In point of maturity it is about a week in advance of the various strains of Late Flat Dutch. It matures very evenly, is reliable and uniform about heading, is an excellent keeper, and for all purposes of the farmer or market gardener it will be found the best late main crop cabbage. Pkt., 10c.; 2 pkts., 15c.; oz., 50c.

THE WORLD-BEATER.—

The best large cabbage in existence; a sure header; heads very solid, fine grained and tender, much more so than any other large cabbage. It grows quicker than any other large cabbage, and will produce more tons to the acre than any other. The plants should be set apart three feet each way, making 4,840 to the acre. Color dark green, with a slight bronze or brownish tinge to the outer leaves. The heads are remarkably thick through, and will attain a greater weight than the Marblehead Mammoth; has a short stem and grows near the ground. Its large size and heavy weight makes it distinct from any other cabbage. As an exhibition cabbage no other variety can compete with the *World-Beater*. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 30c. (See cut.)



The World-Beater Cabbage



Pearce's "Best of All" Cauliflower.

Monster Cabbage!

THE LUPTON.—We cannot do better than give Mr. Lupton's own description:—"In the fall of 1888, while tending a field of Excelsior Flat Dutch, I noticed a fully developed cabbage which especially attracted my attention, because of its possession of so many desirable features which our experience has taught us are very hard of attainment. In point of maturity this plant was several days in advance of any we were able to find in the same field, while it showed no diminution in size. Its growth was particularly strong and vigorous; its color, a dark bluish-green, indicated robust constitution and healthy development. The leaves were broad and well-filled out to their juncture with stem, showing no disposition to the petioled form. The stem was short, but strong under the head, tapering sharply to the point of entering the ground. The head was a perfect specimen, thick and flat, the outer leaves covering it well across the center, and while it was large, it had attained size without the attendant features of coarseness, which is quite common among all our main

Gauliflower.

No seed is more important than this, as every gardener knows. It is one of the seeds in buying which prices should never be questioned.

PEARCE'S "BEST OF ALL."

We have for a number of years had a great many varieties of cauliflower under test from all over the world, and we last season secured a sample from Russia, which was so much superior to all others that we have made arrangement for a supply. Although no surer to be than our Giant White Pearl, it is earlier and larger which is a great advantage, especially to the market gardener, where earliness and size lead to increased profits. *The earliest, largest and surest header of all.* It keeps solid and crisp a long time after being cut. We have no hesitation in saying this is the greatest advance in cauliflower for years. Critical market gardeners, invite you to give this new cauliflower a trial, feel confident you will find it all we claim for it. (Private stock.) Pkt., 25c.; 2 pkts., 40c.; oz., \$5.00.

Be sure and try the Two Monster Cabbage.

"Sweet Heart" Water Melon.

Early, uniformly large and handsome. A good shipper and long keeper; skin and flesh are of splendid color, and it has no equal as a shipping melon. Vine vigorous and productive, ripening its fruit early. Fruit large, oval, very heavy, uniformly mottled light and very light green. Rind thin but firm. Flesh bright red, firm, solid, but very tender, melting and sweet. Fruit remains in condition for use longer than any other sort. No melon grower can afford to be without it. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.



Water Melon—Sweet Heart.

New Chinese Mustard.



A giant curled variety; leaves twice the size of the ordinary white mustard, frequently 14 to 15 inches long, with blade of yellowish-green color, netted and crimped like that of a Savoy Cabbage; stems more succulent than any other mustard; flavor pleasantly sweet and pungent. In six weeks from the time of sowing, the leaves may commence to be gathered, and the plants will continue to yield until frost sets in. The leaves are eaten boiled like spinach. They are very little diminished in substance by cooking, and have a very agreeable flavor. In some countries it forms one of the most highly esteemed of all green vegetables. Packet, 5c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 30c.; lb., \$1.00.

"Duke Jones"

WATER MELON.

In shape the "Duke Jones" is what is called a round melon, though it is not round, but, as represented in cut, is a little oblong. It is about same shape as the Kolb Gem; in color it is dark green with indistinct irregular stripes alternating. It would be classed as a dark green melon. It averages very large in size, comparatively no small melons; is very productive; it is also very early in maturing. A Texas grower reports ripe melons picked from the vine 67 days from date of planting seed. I got one ripe melon in a field of 60 acres just 58 days from date of planting seed. Its chief claim for popularity is its delicious flavor; the flesh is very crisp and very sweet; firm, but not tough; no hard middles, but ripens evenly throughout; flesh deep crimson in color. Most very large melons are coarse, tough and poorly flavored. The "Duke Jones" is a very large melon, but has no superior in its delicious flavor. Packet, 5c.; oz., 25c.



What are you doing here, boys?

We're trying de 'Duke Jones', we done tried de Favorite and de Seminole, but dis 'Duke' beats dem all hollow.

Can't we help save seed here Boss? We won't charge you nuffin, we just wants to eat de hearts out of dese big fellows.

Kolb's Gem don't taste good now

Southern Beauty MUSK MELON.

The Introducer says:—"I have succeeded in securing a Cantaloupe or Musk Melon, to which I have given the above name. This new melon is remarkably free from rot of all sorts, caused by damp and rainy weather, and will hold up for a long time after they have ripened, the outer rind remaining firm and sound for at least ten days after the melon first ripens. This melon is also very prolific, more so than any other variety of Cantaloupe that I have ever tried. This is a new introduction of great merit and value, and every farmer and gardener should give it a trial. I shipped this Cantaloupe this season from this point (Florida) to Chicago, Ill.; Cleveland, and Cincinnati, Ohio, by freight, where they arrived in perfect condition and brought fancy prices. These shipments were proof positive of the fine shipping and keeping qualities of this new melon, and the fancy prices which these shipments brought testify to the delicious flavor of this melon and its popularity as a new acquisition for the table." Packet, 5c.; oz., 25c.



Musk Melon—Southern Beauty.

British Columbia, March 27th, 1895.
Gentlemen,—Your seeds that I ordered have come to hand in good order, and also your premium. Many thanks, I shall give your seed a good show this year.
Yours as ever

JAMES McCONNELL.

Every Gardener should have a seed drill, and the "New Model" is THE BEST!



18 Spanish King or Prize-taker, filling a half-bushel basket, and weighing 49½ pounds.

SPANISH KING OR PRIZE-TAKER ONION

Genuine Stock.
The Handsomest
Yellow Globe
Onion.

This is the large, beautiful onion that is seen every fall on sale at the fruit and grocery stores in the large cities. The outer skin is a rich yellow color, while the flesh is white, sweet, mild, and tender. The *Prize-taker* grows always to a perfect globe shape. The necks are very small and the onions always ripen up hard. The flavor is mild and delicate, making it a favorite for slicing for salads. It is of immense size, measuring from twelve to sixteen inches in circumference, while under special cultivation specimen bulbs have been raised to weigh from four to six pounds each. It ripens up hard and fine, and presents the handsomest possible appearance in market. In order to get the largest onions and the best results, the seed should be sown very early in the house or hotbed, and transplanted out in the open ground. We do not dispute of their being grown four to five pounds each the first season from seed in some localities (as advertised by some houses), but our own repeated trials prove conclusively to us that it cannot be done in this part of the country unless sown as directed above. The same applies to all other sorts of Italian onions. *Genuine Prize-taker cannot be offered at less price than the following*.—Price per pkt., 5c.; oz., 25c.; ¼ lb., 75c.; lb., \$3.00. (See cut—from a photograph.)

From the London Free Press, Nov. 30, 1895:

“In an international competition held at Philadelphia in September, 1895, for flowers and vegetables, Abel Steel, of the Township of London, was awarded a prize of \$35 for two Spanish Onions.”

Our Special Prizes for 1895 were won by

ABEL STEEL, Ferguson P.O., on 12 Spanish King Onions; weight, 33 lbs. W. H. K. TALBOT, Gore P.O., 12 Spanish King Onions; weight, 25 lbs. FRANK NEWTON, Woodstock, 12 Spanish King Onions; weight, 19 lbs.

OREGON LONG KEEPER ONION

Longest-keeping, most solid, and
finest fleshed strain of Yellow
Danvers grown.

(Known far and wide as the best keeping Onion in existence.)

We have frequently heard complaints from onion growers about their onions not keeping as well as they should. This may be owing to various causes: either the soil, climate, or degeneracy of the stock. Whatever it is, there certainly is a great loss sometimes by having to market your onions before the price begins to advance. The *Long Keeper Yellow Danvers* originated with some prominent onion growers in Oregon. The stock from which the seed has been raised was selected from the soundest and best bulbs, late in the spring, with a view to get a strain of Yellow Danvers that would keep *sound, firm and solid* a long time without sprouting or getting soft. This important matter the originator claims to have accomplished after years of selecting, care and toil. Another important feature of this variety of *Yellow Danvers* is its compactness and solidity of flesh, which is so completely covered with a tough outer skin as to exclude the air from the flesh of the bulb. The *Long Keeper Yellow Danvers Onion* has only been on the market for the last three years, yet such is the demand for the seed that it is eagerly bought at a high price by experienced onion growers. We have a few hundred pounds of the genuine seed, which we will supply to our customers as long as it holds out, as follows:—Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; ¼ lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.50.

TRUE YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS (Private Stock)

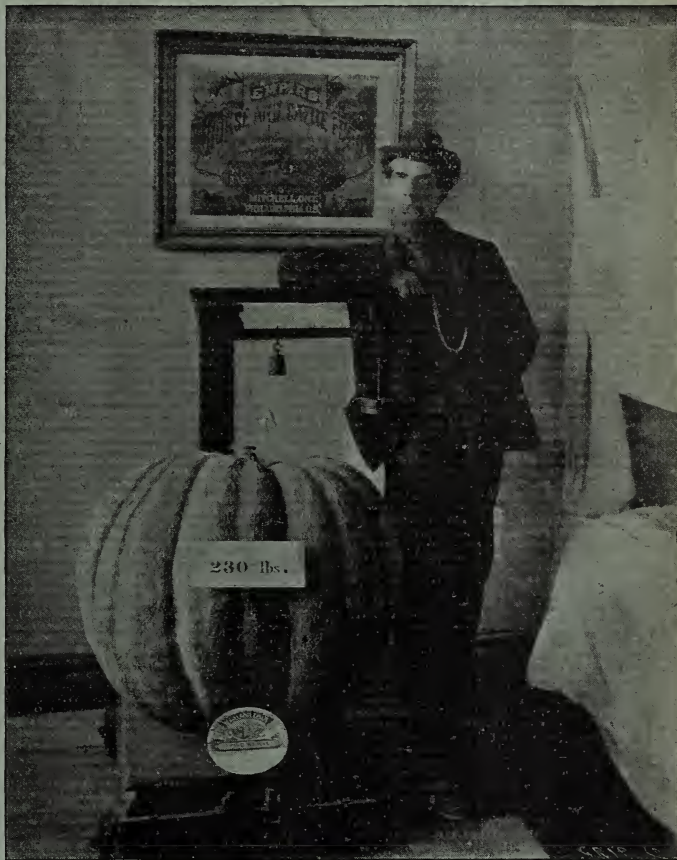
—Of all the varieties for general cultivation and market purposes, the

Yellow Globe Danvers is the most popular, as well as most valuable. Having grown this variety for a number of years, with a view of improving it, so as to make a Yellow Globe Danvers Onion as near perfection as possible, we think we have succeeded in producing a strain superior to any that can be offered in this country. The True Yellow Globe Danvers is perfect in shape; a rich golden-yellow skin; flesh white, very fine grained; mild and pleasant flavor, and an excellent keeper. Immense crops of this improved variety have been grown by high culture, as it is one of the most hardy and productive onions in cultivation. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; ¼ lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.50.

One packet each of the above three varieties will be sent, post-paid, for 10c.

The Largest Variety of Pumpkin Crown.

WE have great pleasure in presenting our thousands of readers with a photograph of Mr. Abel Steel, the noted grower of some of the largest vegetable and field roots in Canada. He has competed with some of the best growers in the U.S., and has always upheld the fame of Canada by successfully carrying off the First prizes.



Pearce's Hundredweight.

To raise the biggest Pumpkin has been the ambition of every grower for years. For some time past this pumpkin has been selected, until now Hundredweight will surpass in size every other known variety. Specimens weighing 200 to 250 lbs. are not unusual, and in competition for our prize offered herewith, some of our customers may possibly raise a 300 pounder. It is of the finest quality, flesh fine grained and bright yellow. As is well known, there are very few more seeds in these big pumpkins than in the smaller ones, consequently seed of Hundredweight will always be scarce. *Seed saved from specimens weighing 100 lbs., or over, packet, 10c. Seed from specimen as shown in photograph, weighing 230 lbs., packet, 25c.*



King of the Mammoth Pumpkin.

SUCCESSFUL COMPETITORS IN 1895

for our Special Prizes for the largest Pumpkins were:

- | | | | |
|------------|------------------|------|-------------|
| 1st Prize, | Abel Steel, | with | 375 pounds. |
| 2nd " | G. H. David, | " | 204 " |
| 3rd " | W. H. K. Talbot, | " | 172 " |

COMPETITION FOR 1896:

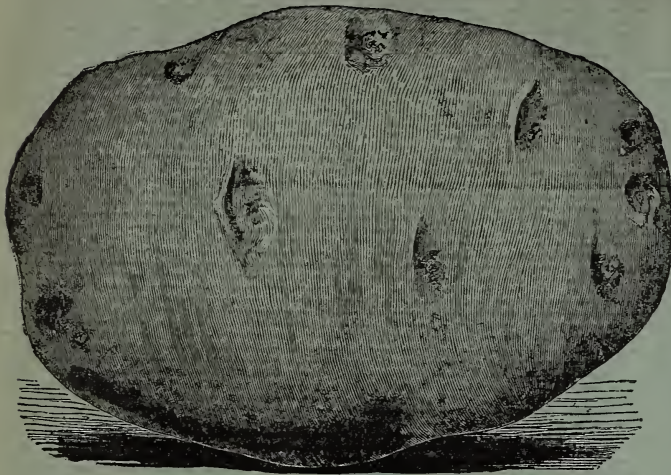
The heaviest Pumpkin raised in Canada, 1895, was 230 pounds.

TO THE PERSON GROWING AND EXHIBITING AT THE WESTERN FAIR ONE OF PEARCE'S HUNDREDWEIGHT PUMPKINS, HEAVIER THAN THE ABOVE WEIGHT, AND THE NEAREST TO THREE HUNDRED POUNDS, WE WILL GIVE A CASH PRIZE OF \$15.

King of the Mammoth Pumpkin.

Also called *Genuine Mammoth, Large Yellow Mammoth, True Potiron, Manyoah \$50 Pumpkin, and Jumbo Pumpkin.*—The great interest taken in growing the largest pumpkin, and the great demand for the seed, explain the reasons for the multitude of names given to it. The flesh and skin are of a bright golden color, fine grained and of excellent quality. It grows to an enormous size, three feet or more in diameter, and one to two hundred pounds or more in weight. The one from which our cut was made measured two and a-half feet high, eight feet in circumference, and weighed 185½ pounds. Packet, 10c.

One packet each of the Two Big Pumpkins for 15 cents.



The Carman No. 3 Potato.

The tubers set while the vines are quite small, but do not ripen until late. This gives all the advantages of continuous growth for the entire season, making it very valuable for the main field crop. Lb, 25c.; peck, \$1.50.

The New Potato, Garman No. 3

The *Carman No. 3*, which we now offer for the first time, is, like the *Carman No. 1*, a seedling from seedlings raised through several generations by the experienced originator whose name they bear. Its average form is shown in our illustration. It will be noticed that it resembles the *Carman No. 1*, except that the tubers are a little more elongated. The eyes are very shallow, and but few in number. It is of the shapeliest form, and even in droughty seasons its perfect shape is retained. Without any approach to an exception, it is the *greatest yielder ever introduced*. It may fairly be claimed that it does not yield any small tubers at all in ordinary seasons. It bears its tubers very close to the plant, a single turn of the fork turning out every potato. It is of the *largest size*, the tubers usually averaging in weight a pound each; but on account of the very dry weather of the past season, our present stock runs much smaller than it otherwise would. It is a perfect keeper. Both skin and flesh are of extreme whiteness. The foliage is heavy, and of a dark green color, and the vines are always strong and vigorous.

Few persons have any idea of the wide range of the Sweet Potato, and would hardly expect that fine large potatoes could be raised in the Province of Ontario; but the Yellow Nansemond variety, grown from plants on our Rosedale Trial Grounds the past season. The Sweet Potato is one of the most edible and delicious of all esculents. They may be grown in a variety of soils, but that which is dry, warm, and sandy will give the finest quality. While the working of the ground should be shallow rather than deep, the ground must be thoroughly worked and sufficiently fertilized. Well decomposed stable manure is the best fertilizer for this crop. The best plan is to grow in ridges by making a small furrow, filling with manure and throwing two furrows together over it. Mark off the ground about four feet apart. When the time arrives for setting the plants, the crown

Sweet Potato Plants.

such is a fact. We herewith present our readers with a photograph of a half bushel of the Yellow Nansemond variety, grown from plants on our Rosedale Trial Grounds the past season. The Sweet Potato is one of the most edible and delicious of all esculents. They may be grown in a variety of soils, but that which is dry, warm, and sandy will give the finest quality. While the working of the ground should be shallow rather than deep, the ground must be thoroughly worked and sufficiently fertilized. Well decomposed stable manure is the best fertilizer for this crop. The best plan is to grow in ridges by making a small furrow, filling with manure and throwing two furrows together over it. Mark off the ground about four feet apart. When the time arrives for setting the plants, the crown of the ridge is pushed aside; one hand is thrust into the soil while the other inserts the plants about 16 inches apart in the rows. We find the most successful way to transplant is by puddling the roots and keeping watered. When the vines have grown to about two feet in length, do not allow them to grow any longer, but keep them back to that length. Cultivate during the summer, and keep free from weeds.

Yellow Nansemond.

This is the best variety for this Province; succeeds well; very prolific, and often grows as large as four pounds in weight. There are several other varieties, but after testing we consider this one the best for Ontario. Per doz., 35c.; per 100, \$1.35, post-paid.

VICTORIA SPINACH.

This new variety is distinguished for its exceedingly dark, black-green color, and also for its very long-standing qualities, being from two to three weeks later than the ordinary "Long-Standing." The leaves are thick and spread out flat upon the ground. It is excellent for spring sowing, and is perfectly hardy, standing the winter in this locality. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 20c.; lb., 40c.

Mr. T. Wistow, market gardener, brought into our store last spring four plants of this Victoria Spinach which filled a peck measure, and he considers it the finest Spinach grown.

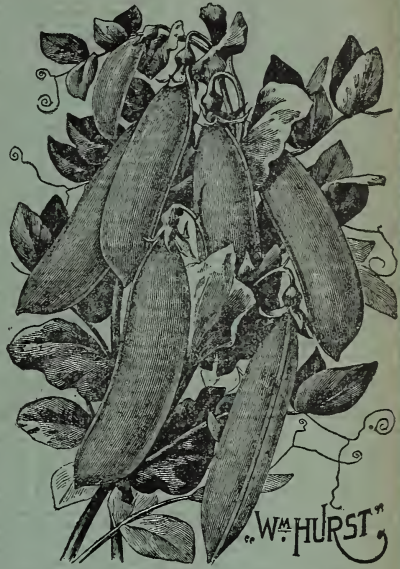


Half Bushel of Yellow Nansemond Sweet Potatoes.

There is no reason why we cannot grow just as good Sweet Potatoes in Ontario as in the U. S.

New Dwarf Wrinkled Pea "WILLIAM HURST."

After two years' trial of this excellent dwarf pea in our trial plot, and finding it combined so many good qualities over and above any other pea we ever grew before, we decided to offer it to our customers this season. We have grown for seed purposes one of the finest fields of early dwarf peas we ever saw. It is one of the hardest, most prolific, and best varieties of first early wrinkled peas we have ever seen. Of handsome dwarf growth, the vines are eight to ten inches high, stalky, with abundant foliage, of a rich, dark-green color, haulms close-jointed, and very prolific. The scimitar-shaped pods average three inches long, and are well filled with large peas, each pod containing six to eight, so closely packed that the peas are flattened against each other. Quality the *very best*; rich, sugary, and most delicious in flavor. Lb., 30c.; five lbs., \$1.25.



LITTLE GIANT—NEW DWARF PEA.—Ready for the table in forty-five days from time of sowing. As early as American Wonder; better filled, larger pods and more of them. They are a very distinct variety; early, hardy, productive, and of extra fine quality, and will yield one-third more than either American Wonder or Little Gem. We found these peas a very distinct, pure sort, with many marked excellencies over all other dwarf and second dwarf wrinkled varieties from various parts during the past year, including American Wonder, Tom Thumb, Premium Gem, Advancer, etc. The peas were ready for table use within forty-five days from time of planting. Quality very superior. Strong habit of growth, vines standing up well, and pods forming on or near the surface, making them convenient to gather. Lb., 30c., post-paid; 5 lbs., \$1.25.

FORTY-FOLD PEAS.—A new variety of robust habit; a wrinkled marrow, with handsome dark green pods; a great cropper, and a continuous bearer; its hardy constitution renders it very valuable as a late variety; pods long and straight, containing eight to ten dark green, rich-flavored peas. For quality, productiveness and robust habit we can recommend it to any grower of wrinkled peas. Lb., 25c.

THE QUEEN—NEW PEA.—In habit, cropping qualities, color and flavor, is the perfection of a pea for every purpose, and by successive sowings so continuous a crop can be obtained that it will be almost unnecessary to cultivate any other variety. The Queen is a green wrinkled marrow pea, about 2 to 2½ feet in height, of a sturdy, branching habit; it requires to be sown thinly, as the pods are produced from the very bottom of the plant to the top. The pods are large, green, slightly curved, and so filled with peas that when opened it would appear impossible that they could be contained in the pod. The peas are large, oval, deep green, and of a delicious flavor when cooked. Lb., 30c. Mr. R. W. Rennie, South London, says:—"Finest pea I ever raised. Any one growing peas needs no other variety; it continues bearing so long it is nearly an all-season variety."



The Savatilla Peanuts.

Peanuts—THE SAVATILLA.—Every boy, every girl, and almost every person likes peanuts. They are nutritious, palatable, and pleasant eating, and if rightly understood can be as easily raised as cabbage or potatoes. Much more productive than the common variety, but more easily raised, ripen earlier, and far better for eating purposes. The Savatilla Peanut is a beautiful red variety; strong, hardy and vigorous growing vines, standing up straight and producing the most luscious nuts in abundance. The nuts are large; fine; and each nut contains from 3 to 4 fine, fat kernels of a rich and pleasant flavor. A few short rows planted in the garden or field will produce nuts enough to supply a family all winter. Directions for growing will be printed on each packet. Post-paid, large pkt., 10c.; 3 pkt., 25c. Thomas Flinn, Ealing P. O., says:—"I purchased some peanuts this year and had a very fine crop, and expect from my experience gained to do far better next year. The sample I raised was pronounced by a prominent confectioner to be much superior to the imported article. I shall grow them more extensively, as they are profitable."

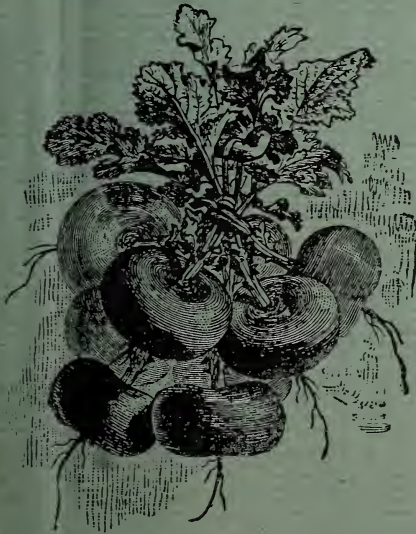
Radish—WHITE DELICACY, OR "SANDWICH."—New, very early, semi-long, similar to White Strasburg in shape, but rather more stump-rooted. Pure snow-white in color, quite smooth, crisp and tender. We can recommend it to market gardeners, either for forcing or outdoor culture. All lovers of a good mild radish will appreciate this one. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 35c.

"ALL SEASONS," OR MONTHLY.—This is a mixture of about 18 or 20 varieties of the best early, medium, fall and winter varieties, and 1 or 2 rows sown will give you a fine lot of radishes at all seasons. The early and medium, as they come to maturity are pulled, leaving plenty of room for the fall and winter varieties to develop and come to maturity. Try this mixture and you will never regret it. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 30c.

SCARLET BEAUTY.—A small, round, turnip-shaped radish, of bright scarlet color, distinctly tipped with clear white, sharply delineated, which gives a very pleasing appearance to the bunches when ready for market. It grows so quickly that the radishes are fit to pull in about 21 days from time of planting the seed. Market gardeners, we invite you to give this beautiful radish a trial. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 40c.; lb., \$1.35.

July 10th, 1895.
Mrs. Jas. Young will be obliged by Messrs. Pearce & Co, sending her 1 oz. Scarlet Beauty Radish Seed. She finds it the best Radish she has ever grown.

Turnip—NEW SCARLET KASHMYR.—A rare variety. The bright red or purplish color of this turnip gives it a striking resemblance to a large radish. It might readily be pronounced one of these radishes so persistently complained of as tasting like turnip. This surprisingly colored turnip produces beautiful large, smooth, white-fleshed roots, of excellent keeping quality. Although the root looks like a radish, it tastes like turnip, and its attractive appearance is supported by high cooking qualities which entitle it "Scarlet Turnip" to a place among our garden favorites. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; ¼ lb., 35c.



New Scarlet Kashmyr Turnip.

Be sure and try some PEANUTS. See this page.

EARLY "LEADER" TOMATO.



Early "Leader" Tomato.

The earliest, most productive, and best formed Tomato ever introduced.

The introducers say:—"Mr. L. C. Wright, of Oswego County, N. Y., a well-known and up-to-date market gardener, and the propagator of this excellent tomato, first called our attention to this variety two years ago, and we were led to watch its course under his intelligent supervision until, after repeated visits the past season to his garden, we became fully satisfied that he had accomplished his desire in working up the "Leader" into the earliest, most productive, finest quality, and best formed tomato in existence. The Leader grows in several clusters, upon a well-supporting vine, showing from fourteen to nineteen large fruits, of rich crimson color; three clusters of ripe fruit have weighed 8 lbs. 2 ozs., at one picking. In previous seasons, Mr. Wright has sold his entire crop in open market, receiving from 8 cts. to 10 cts. per pound, and "clearing up" his patch long before other varieties, such as Ruby, King of the Earlies, Advance, etc., have appeared. Pkt., 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.

PEARCE'S "STAR" TOMATO.—In beauty of coloring and symmetry of form it is indeed well set with fruit; the foliage is very rich dark green in color. They are entirely free from core, of a very rich cardinal-red color, and are not liable to crack from wet weather. The fruits are of the largest size, and the size of the fruit is maintained throughout the season, the healthy growth of foliage continuing until killed by frost. Certainly no other tomato will produce extra large fruits so smooth, handsome, and marketable. The skin is remarkably tough and solid, so that ripe specimens picked from the vine will keep in good, marketable condition for two weeks. Its fine quality, solidity, and long-keeping character will certainly make it a great favorite for both market and family use. Per pkt., 10c.; per oz., 40c.

Chicago Wartyed Hubbard Squash

This is the ideal Hubbard. A Hubbard squash, large, blackish-green, hard as wood, with warty knobs all over it, satisfies even the inexperienced observer that it is the best of its class, rich in quality, a fine keeper and thick-fleshed—such will sell at sight, while ordinary, small, irregular, poorly colored specimens stay on the stand until they rot. The illustration is a photograph of two specimens grown on our trial grounds. It shows the shape and exceedingly warty character of the strain. This wartiness indicates a very hard shell, which is one of the best features in a long-keeping squash; it also denotes extra choice quality—the harder and more warty the shell of a Hubbard squash is, the more delicate and sweet the flesh will be found to be. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 50c.



Leonard's Golden Heart Squash

The Best for Fall.

This squash is one of the sweetest that grows. It is admirable for pies. It is very productive. For either the market or home garden it will give large returns for seed and time. The color is a golden-yellow, with green in the creases. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.; ¼ lb., 40c.

Green Mountain Squash.

This sterling novelty originated in Northern Vermont, and we think it the best winter squash of recent introduction. Although somewhat like the Hubbard, this grand new variety differs materially from that old and popular sort in being superior in point of size as well as in sweetness and color of flesh. The fruit is uniformly round, symmetrical, and larger than the Hubbard, and has a beautiful netting of darker green instead of the wartiness of that variety. The rind is thin but hard, and the flesh very deep orange-red, without any of the objectionable green tinge near the rind, so common in the best winter sorts. It cooks very quickly and evenly, and is the best of all squashes for pies. The vine is hardy, early, and certain to mature the large crop it produces. Per packet, 5c.; oz., 20c.; 2 oz., 35c.

Green Mountain Squash.

New Bush Squash, "Silver Custard."

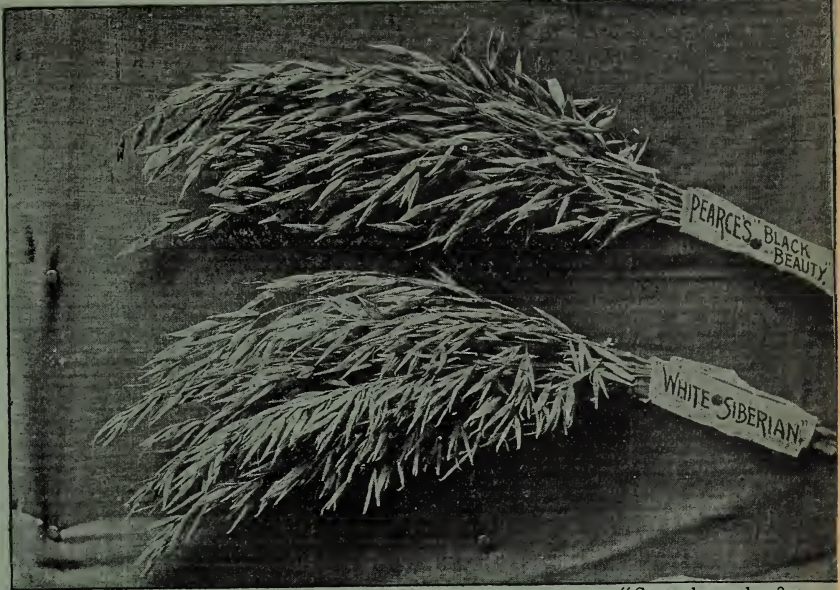
Six years ago we introduced the Golden Custard Bush squash, which has now become a standard sort. Since then we have been working to secure a fitting companion to it, white in color and with all its good qualities. This has been obtained in this variety, which grows to an immense size, often producing single squashes 18 inches in diameter, of a delicate white color, and of finest quality. Very productive, handsome, specially desirable for small gardens, from its bush habit. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; 2 oz., 35c.

We keep abreast of the times. Compare our Catalogue with others and see.

New Black Oat

Pearce's "Black Beauty"
 (Sent out in 1895, in one-half pound packets, as Pearce's No. 5.)
 Ten days earlier than the Black Tartarian.

Better for heavy land than that well-known variety. Never since the Black Tartarian and American Banner oats were first introduced has such wonderful strides been made in oats. We sent out a great many ½-lb. packages of this oat all over Canada, and have yet to hear of one single complaint. Every body who received them speak in the highest terms of them. This oat has a wonderful broad leaf, and a good strong straw of medium length. They tiller very freely, and many heads contain as high as 110 grains. The grains have a very thin hull (much thinner than the Banner), and in bulk weigh very heavy. Every good farmer knows the Banner. As the Banner has filled the bill as a White, so will this oat (we think) fill the bill for a Black. Lb., 25c; bush., \$1.50.



The following is a sample of the hundreds of Testimonials we have received regarding this excellent Oat:

"I threshed about 70 bushels of oats from one-half pound of seed obtained from you in the spring, of the variety known as Pearce's No. 5, or at the rate of 140 bushels from one bushel."

"September 17th, 1895.
 EDWARD ROSMAN."

NEW WHITE OAT, "EARLY SIBERIAN."

This excellent white oat was imported from Russia six years ago. It produces a good stiff straw, with a spangled head of a good size; grain of a good weight, with a very thin hull; in fact, the thinnest hulled oat grown. Straw very free from rust. It is medium early in ripening, and for good, strong, heavy land, we think this is the best all-round white oat for any farmer to grow. Bush., 60c.



The Ontario Agricultural College Report says:
 "This is an oat which seems well adapted for nearly all kinds of soil. It is an oat with a spreading head. The average weight per measured bushel for six years has been 35.7 lbs., and in 1894 it was 36.2 lbs. No only has it surpassed all the other varieties of white oats in the co-operative tests on the Station plots, but in 125 different localities, in 1892 and 105, in 1893, the Siberian took the lead both years. The Siberian might be said to have the best all-round record of about 150 varieties which have been tested at the Experiment Station during the past six years."

Look! Try It.
 1896 COMPETITION:

Best four bushels of "Black Beauty" Oats, weight, color and sample to govern. Competition to be at Western Fair, **\$15 in cash** and oats to be our property after Fair.

Sacaline

Needs no cultivation, no manuring, no re-planting. Roots penetrate deep into the soil. Once planted, stand forever. Grows in poorest soils. Luxuriates in wet lands. Thrives where no other forage plants will grow.

Being a native of Siberia, it is perfectly hardy. It has been grown in the States of New York and Massachusetts. Its roots penetrate so deep into the soil that it requires no manuring; yet it will grow more luxuriant in rich moist lands. The foliage is most effective, the leaves measuring twelve to eighteen inches long by three and three-fourths inches broad, smooth, and with no trace of hairs. A young plant put into the ground not slow in covering a surface three feet square with its leafy branches. The first cutting is made when the stems are from three to four feet high. If the second growth is strong enough, a second harvest is gathered, but the following years three or four annual cuttings can be safely made. An ordinary soil suffices, nevertheless a little extra moisture serves to increase the strength and facilitate a second green crop. During winter no protection is necessary. The dormant stems should be cut down in spring before the new buds develop. In setting the plants allow for the feet of ground being covered by the abundant and nutritive vegetation.

Roots.—Home grown; strictly true and pure, with perfectly formed crowns with plenty of eyes. Per doz., \$1.50; per 100, \$10.00.
 SEEDS.—Full directions for cultivation printed on each packet. P. pkts., 10c.; 3 pkts., 25c.

Sacaline—The New Forage Plant.

Ingersoll, Nov., '95:—"I threshed 90 bush. Siberian Oats from 54 lbs. seed sown on 1¼ acres.—J. BOBIER



WHITE WAVE ASTER.



Aster—White Wave.

This is the grandest floral novelty of the year. The plants grow from 12 to 15 inches high, forming fine regular pyramids, covered with large double flowers. The large, perfectly double flowers measure in diameter 3 to 4 inches, resembling in shape and artistically curved and twisted petals the finest Chinese chrysanthemum. Pkt., 10c.

September 25th, 1895.

"I sent to you in the spring for one dollar's worth of seeds. I was very much pleased with flowers. The seeds all grew, with the exception of two packets of Aster and Phlox. I suppose the fault must have been the soil, as the rest of the seeds did beautifully. If not too much trouble, I wish you would give me directions for growing hyacinth bulbs in pots, and I would be ever so much obliged. Yours respectfully, MRS. W. J. FENTON."

Aster—New Giant Comet.

These comparatively new asters are winning enthusiastic admiration from all who see them. They are so large, so beautiful, so unique in their charming grace, so free from the formal stiffness heretofore characteristic of asters, so different from all other types, that we predict unparalleled popularity for this magnificent "Comet" family, in which it would seem the highest possible perfection has been attained. The flowers are of immense size, averaging larger than any other class of asters, or from 4 to 5 inches across; indeed, we occasionally find a well-grown plant producing flowers up to 6 inches across. The very double flowers are composed of long, wavy, twisted petals, arranged into loose yet dense half-globes, resembling Japanese chrysanthemums, and being borne on long stems gives them an added value when cut for vases.

The plants of "Comet" asters are of strong, healthy and luxuriant growth, attaining a height of about 15 inches, branching out freely into well-formed bushes, each plant bearing from 25 to 40 magnificent flowers. Bedded out, they are exceedingly showy, especially when grown in quantity. Pkt., 10c.

Balsam—Pearce's Famous.

This is the most magnificent strain of double balsams ever introduced. The flowers are wonderfully large in size and perfect in shape, of exquisite shades of pure white, white shaded with pale lemon, cream-white, salmon, rose, rich crimson, deep pink, violet, bright purple; and a great number of superbly mottled varieties; perfect in form, and will prove a complete revelation to those unacquainted with the remarkable perfection now attained in these old garden favorites, which are among the showiest and most popular of summer garden annuals. Height, 1/2 to 2 feet. Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c.

Giant White Daisy

(*Pyrethrum Uliginosum*).

If sown early in spring will bloom the first year. Its large pure white flowers are produced in great abundance, and being borne on long stems are of the greatest value for cutting. As a flower for summer cutting, for commercial use or any other purpose, this grand plant should be freely grown, and will give the greatest satisfaction. Pkt., 10c.

Marigold, "Pride of the Garden."

A grand marigold. The immense flowers are densely double, 10 to 12 inches in circumference, and quilled with the regularity and perfection of a dahlia. Color rich, deep golden-yellow. A highly meritorious feature of this variety is the compact, dwarf habit of the plant, which forms dense bushes only 15 to 18 inches high by 1 foot across. Pkt., 10c.

NEW CANNAS—7 Beautiful Varieties.

After a year's trial, we are in a position to offer the following seven varieties as the cream of Mr. Crozy's introductions up to 1895, feeling sure that all who will give them a trial will find them all we represent them to be.

CHICAGO—(Medal awarded at the great Chicago Fair).—Height, 4 feet; green foliage. The large flowers open out nearly flat, petals 1 1/2 inches wide, and five in number. The color is a clear, deep vermilion, smooth and without markings except a purplish gloss. Each, 6c.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE—New German Canna.—A most distinct flower; rich crimson-scarlet, with wide gold border on every petal. A very handsome plant, medium in height, compact grower; broad, green leaves. It is a profuse bloomer. Each, 50c; dozen, \$7.50.

MIDWAY—(Medal awarded at the great Chicago Fair).—Height, 4 1/2 feet; green foliage, strong grower; color rich vermilion, slightly streaked with faint crimson; petals 1 3/4 inches wide, compact flower spike; a strong grower and free bloomer. Each, 40c.

GENERAL DODDS.—Height, 4 1/4 feet; green foliage, good grower; flower deep vermilion, with slight crimson dots; flowers of good size, and reflexes more than any other Canna. 30c.

J. WILKINSON ELLIOTT.—Height, 4 1/2 feet; color light vermilion, covered lengthwise with fine distinct crimson veins, slightly edged with yellow. Each, 35c.

P. J. BERCKMANS.—Height, 5 feet. Strong grower, flower-spike compact. In color, bright cherry-red, almost identical with the variety Ehemanni; the petals reflex in a graceful form. Each, 35c.

M. MESNIER—(Medal awarded).—Height, 3 1/2 feet; color salmon, slightly dotted and streaked with red, which is deepest in the center of the flower. Each, 50c.

Special Offer! The above 7 beautiful varieties, 1 of each \$2.50 sent, post-paid, to any address for

Sept. 14th, 1895: "Your White Wave Aster is magnificent."—WRIGHT PORRITT, B. C.



Wild Cucumber Vine.

**New Dwarf Double
Sunflower**

“LITTLE BEAUTY”

This beautiful annual Sunflower grows rapidly from seed, forming a dwarf, well-branched plant. Each of the numerous branches carries on its summit a large, densely double, globe-shaped flower of deep, rich golden-yellow color. Grown as single specimens, or grouped several plants together, the effect is very fine. (See cut.) Price, per packet, 5c.



New Sunflower—Little Beauty.

Coreopsis.—LANCEOLATA—One of the most showy hardy perennials grown, forming plants 2 to 3 feet high, and bearing in profusion, for a long period during the summer an autumn, large flowers of bright golden-yellow. Unequaled for cutting grows anywhere. Packet, 10c.



Allen's Defiance Mignonette—From a Photograph.

**ALLEN'S
DEFIANCE MIGNONETTE**

One of the Greatest Acquisitions of Recent Introduction.

This strain is, beyond question, the acme of perfection. When grown under favorable conditions and with proper care, its spikes not only be of remarkable size—from 12 to 15 inches long—but deliciously fragrant, much more so than any other variety. The individual florets are of immense size and stand out boldly, forming a graceful as well as compact spike. Its great strength is accompanied by extraordinary keeping qualities; the spikes have been kept in a vase three weeks after cutting, retaining their grace and fragrance until every bud opens. Per pkt., 25c.

BRAMPTON, ONT., Dec. 27th, 1894.

Dear Sir,—I got a package of your New Mignonette, Allen's Defiance, and must say it is much the finest I ever saw; the spikes and individual flowers are very large. The seed was sown early in August, and I have sold the first crop, the greater part of it coming in fine for Christmas.

Yours respectfully, H. DALE.

California Yellow Bells

(EMMENANTHE PENDULIFLORA).

One of the loveliest of California annuals, which has escaped attention among the lovers of flowers. The Yellow Bells of California, as it is called, form a broad bush 18 inches to 2 feet high. Each of its numerous branches is fairly loaded with broadly bell-shaped pendulous flowers, a half-inch long, and of a delicate cream color. The flowers are almost everlasting, the persistent corolla dying and retaining its shape until the seed has ripened. The pinnatifid foliage has caused the plant occasionally to be taken for a fern, before it blossoms. Seeds, per pkt., 10c.; 3 for 25c.

No matter how humble a home is, flowers make it attractive. Try a few packets.



New Dwarf Nasturtium, "Prince Henry."

FIRE KING.—A handsome variety, especially beautiful for massing, or for cut flower purposes. The flowers are of large size, and a rich glowing scarlet. Packet, 5c.

Special Offer! The above six beautiful and distinct varieties sent, post-paid, to any address for 25c.



New Sweet Pea, "Cupid."

THE FLORAL WONDER OF THE AGE; GROWS ONLY 5 INCHES HIGH.

The introducers say:—It is hardly possible in a description, even aided by illustrations from photographs, to properly present "this Floral Wonder." Cupid excites wonder wherever seen;

—such a Sweet Pea, yet in

habit so unlike a Sweet Pea! It is true that its stems are short, but it has all the fragrance of the most favored Eckfords. The flowers are the size of the *Emily Henderson*, but with more substance in the petals of both wings and standards than any other Sweet Pea. It bears two and three blossoms on the end of each stem,—all opening about the same time, so that it is unnecessary to pick a stem with a bud and an open blossom. Fancy a solid area of deep green—just as green as Cypress,—a carpet of plants only five inches high, spreading out from the roots so as to meet when the seed is planted two feet apart in rows; then fancy this carpet of deep, living green springing into blossom in one week, all a mass of white—clear waxy white;—Sweet Peas on stems only 4 in. long, and 100 on a plant; all white—like a mass of snow. Indeed, so strongly contrasted with the deep green foliage that the purity of the whiteness of Cupid's flowers seem even whiter than snow itself! There is no plant that can stand in successful competition with Cupid for the border. Nothing could be more novel or more truly beautiful for florists' work. Packet, 15c.; 2 pkts., 25c.



New Sweet Pea, "Cupid."

New Sweet Pea, "America."

The only real intense Scarlet Sweet Pea in existence.

There is no Sweet Pea now in existence which compares with it in distinctiveness. It has a wide, finely marked blotch of scarlet on pure white ground with some scarlet veining toward the edges of both the standard and the wings of the flower. The only variety which could be considered an approach to it in marking is *Gaiety*, which, however, has smaller stripes which are a light pale red. This new pea, which we have named "America," is sure to take a permanent place in making up any assortment of Sweet Peas, because of its very striking combination of colors. Packet, 15c.; two pkts., 25c.

Katherine Tracy Sweet Pea.

Exquisitely beautiful in color, perfect in form, unsurpassed in size. The finest pink Sweet Pea. A very large, bold but graceful flower of such splendid substance as to retain its perfection of form much longer than most sorts. The color is soft but brilliant pink, of precisely the same shade in wings and standard, retaining its brilliancy to the last, burning and fading less than any other pink

variety. The stems are strong, exceptionally long, and bear two or three blossoms each, so gracefully poised that they form, when cut, exquisite bouquets, sure of admiration wherever seen. Packets, 10c.; three packets, 25c.

Eckford's New Sweet Peas for 1896.

ALICE ECKFORD.—Rich, cream-tinted cerise standards; white wings. A refined, chaste and beautiful flower. First-class certificate. Packet, 65c.

COUNTESS OF ABERDEEN.—White margined, with pale pink, finely formed standards; distinct and charming. Pkt., 65c.

CAPTIVATION.—Rosy-purple self. Finely expanded, shell shaped standards; charming, distinct and beautiful. Pkt., 65c.

LITTLE DORRIT.—Carmine-tinted pink standards of finest form; large white wings; the colors beautifully harmonized. Superbly lovely. Packet, 65c.

MIKADO.—Deep orange-cerise ground, striped white; exquisite form and good size, very pleasing and desirable. Packet, 65c.

The above 5 Latest Varieties, one pkt. each, \$3.00.

We have some fine Novelties in Flower Seeds this year.



OUR FLOWER SEEDS ARE ALL FRESH, and we know they are unsurpassed. Quality is always the first consideration. Our mixtures are made up by ourselves from named varieties, and will be found to yield a better variety than is commonly found.

OUR PRICES. There are but few who care for more than one good-sized bed of any sort; therefore we have filled our packets with a sufficient amount and made prices as low as possible, and we are certain customers will be well pleased with the quantity they contain.

FAILURES. Nine-tenths of the failures in flower culture come from improper treatment of the seeds and young plants, and we urge every purchaser of our seeds to study carefully the cultural directions printed on each package, and keep in mind the following golden rules for sowing flower seeds:—Make the surface as fine and smooth as possible. Do not plant any of the seeds when the ground is at all wet. Cover each lot of seeds to a uniform depth, which should never be more than three or four times the diameter of the seeds. Press the soil firmly over the seeds. Plant in rows so that the young plants can be easily seen, and pull up all weeds which spring up between the rows the day they appear, but do not pull plants out of the row until you are sure they are weeds.

ANNUALS grow, bloom and die the first year from seed.

BIENNIALS bloom the second year from seed and then die, though many, if sown early in the spring, will flower the first year.

PERENNIALS usually bloom the 2nd year from seed, and continue to grow and bloom for many years. Some will bloom the first year, if sown early.

ABBREVIATIONS. H. A., Hardy Annual, flowering the first year. H. H. A., Half-Hardy Annual, flowering the first year. P., Perennial, or those that do not flower until the second year. H. P., Hardy Perennial, remain in the ground from year to year, flowering the second year. H. H. P., Half-Hardy Perennial. B., Biennial, or those that live and generally bloom two years. Tra., Trailing plants. Ht., Height. Pkt., Packet.



Abronia.



Acroclinium.



Adonis.

- 1 Abutilon, fine mixed.—Beautiful bell-shaped flowers. H. H. P. 6 to 8 inches. Pkt., 5c.
- 2 Abronia, mixed colors.—Pretty, half-hardy annual; good rock plant. Trailer. Pkt., 5c.
- 3 Acroclinium, mixed colors (*Hardy Everlasting Flower*).—For pots, window boxes, etc. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c. FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 4 Adonis, fine mixed (*Pheasant's Eye, Flos Adonis*).—Brilliant flowers for partially shaded situations. H. A. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 5 Ageratum, Little Dorritt.—Hardy annual for mixed borders; flowers white. 9 in. Pkt., 5c.
- 6 " Dwarf Blue.—Of fine color and dwarf habit. Height, 9 inches. Pkt., 5c.
- 7 " Fine mixed.—A great variety of colors. Height, ¾ to 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 8 Agrostemma (*Jove's Flower*).—Beautiful when grown in masses. H. A. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 9 Agrostis, fine mixed (*Ornamental Grass*).—Indispensable for bouquets. H. A. 1½ ft. 5c.
- 10 Alonsona, fine mixed.—Rather singular-shaped flowers; free bloomer. H. H. A. 2 ft. 5c.
- 11 Alyssum Maritimum (*Sweet Alyssum*).—A good, hardy, white-flowered } FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 12 Alyssum, Little Gem.—Dwarf, compact, very fragrant. H. A. 6 in. 5c. } FLOWERS.
- 13 Amaranthus salicifolius.—Graceful foliage; flowers, purple and crimson, gold tinted. H. H. A. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 14 Amaranthus tricolor splendens (*Joseph's Coat*).—Handsone, sub-tropical plant. H. H. A. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 15 Amaranthus, fine mixed.—A great variety of colors and forms. H. H. A. 1 to 3 ft. 5c.
- 16 Ammobium alatum (*Hardy Everlasting Flower*).—Pure white. H. A. Height, 1½ ft. Pkt., 5c. FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 17 Ampelopsis Veitchii (*Boston or Japanese Ivy*).—One of the best climbers for brick walls. H. P. Needs no support. Height, 40 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 18 Anagallis grandiflora, mixed (*Pimpernel*).—An old-fashioned garden favorite. H. A. 5c.
- 19 Antirrhinum majus album (*Shadragon*).—Color pure white. H. P. 5c. } FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 20 Antirrhinum majus, mixed.—Flowers the first year. H. P. 2 feet. 5c. } FLOWERS.
- 21 " Tom Thumb, mixed.—Fine, large blossoms. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c. } FLOWERS.
- 22 Asperula Azurea Setosa.—Hardy dwarf annual; slightly scented; a free bloomer rosy-blue. Height, 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 23 Aquilegia, fl. pl., mixed (*Double Columbine*).—Handsone perennials, variously and curiously striped. Height, 1 to 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 24 Arnebia cornuta (*Arabian Primrose*).—Yellow, with black spots; profuse bloomer. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 25 Aster Snowball.—A single plant develops as many as thirty pure white flowers. H. A. Pkt., 10c.

Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers can't be beaten. TRY A BOX!



Aster—New Rose.



Aster—White Plume.



Balsam—Pearce's Double Superb.



Calendula.



Aster—Truffaut's.



Ageratum.



Briza.



Centaurea.



Calceola.

- 26 Aster—White Plume.—Plants from twelve to fifteen inches high; flowers from three to four inches in diameter. Pkt., 10c.
- 27 Aster—Truffaut's Pæony-flow. Perf., mixed.—Large blossoms; rich colors. Thirty-two shades and colors, mixed. Pkt., 10c.
- 28 Aster—Large-flowered Dwarf Queen, mixed.—Extremely double flowers. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
- 29 Aster—White Pearl.—Flowers 3/4 to 4 inches in diameter. 1 1/2 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 30 Aster—White Branching.—Flowers of extraordinary size, four inches and more in diameter. Pkt., 10c.
- 31 Aster—Quilled German, mixed.—Favorite variety, many colors. 1 1/2 ft. 5c.
- 32 Aster—New Rose, Large Flowered, mixed.—Robust, of great substance. 2 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 33 Aster—Boltze's Dwarf Bouquet, mixed.—For small beds or pots; compact in habit. 3/4 foot. Pkt., 10c.
- 34 Aster—Dwarf Chrysanthemum-flowered, mixed.—A splendid bedder, all shades. 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
- 35 Aster—White Varieties, choicest mixed.—This mixture cannot be surpassed. Height, 1/2 to 2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 36 Aster—All Varieties, mixed.—All of the above and many more. Height, 1/2 to 2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 37 Auricula, fine mixed—(Bear's Ears).—Flowers very fragrant, rich colors. 1/2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 38 Balsam—Pearce's Challenger, dbl. mixed.—Without a rival in size, form and colors. Pkt., 10c.
- 39 Balsam—Pearce's Superb, dbl. mixed.—The finest strain grown. 2 ft. H.A. Pkt., 10c.
- 40 Balsam—Carnation-Striped, dbl. mixed.—Very large blossoms. H. A. 2 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 41 Balsam—Rose-flowered, dbl. mixed.—More flattened than other kinds. 2 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 42 Balsam—Camellia-flowered, dbl. mixed.—Richly varied colors, blotched and marked. 2 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 43 Balsam—New Victoria, dbl. mixed.—Beautiful variety, very double, fine colors. 2 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 44 Balsam—Dwarf, dbl. mixed.—Twelve beautiful colors, mixed. H. A. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 45 Balsam, fine dbl. mixed.—A good collection of colors for pots or borders. 2 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 46 Bantonia Aurea (Gold Dust).—A golden-yellow hardy annual; a most useful and showy flower. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 47 Bignonia Grandiflora, mixed (Trumpet Flower).—For walls, trellises, etc. H. P. Climber. 10 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 48 Brachycome Iberidifolia (Swan River Daisy).—An effective border annual. Ht., 9 in. 5c.
- 49 Browallia, fine mixed.—Effective pot plant; for warm situations. H.H.A. 1 1/2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 50 Briza, mixed (Quaking Grass).—Fine for bouquets; easily grown. H. A. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 51 Calceola, fine mixed (Flora's Paint Brush).—With small tassel-like blooms. H. A. 1 ft. FOR CUT FLOWERS. 5c.
- 52 Cactus, mixed varieties.—Of an endless variety of curious forms. H. H. P. Pkt., 25c.
- 53 Calceolaria, James' Giant, mixed.—Grand greenhouse flower; the best strain. Height, 1 1/2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 54 Calendula, Prince of Orange (Pot Marigold).—Hardy annual. Pkt., 5c. } FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 55 " Meteor.—Very double and beautifully striped. Pkt., 5c. }
- 56 " fine mixed.—A great many beautiful varieties. Pkt., 5c. }
- 57 Calliopsis or Coreopsis Lanceolata.—Large flowers of bright golden-yellow. Unequalled for cutting; grows anywhere. H.P. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 58 Calliopsis, fine mixed. Pretty hardy annual. FOR CUT FLOWERS. Ht., 2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 59 Candytuft, Sweet Scented, White.—Good border plant, delicately scented. Hardy annual, 1 foot. 5c.
- 60 Candytuft, White Rocket.—Produces its blossoms in spikes. Hardy annual. 1 foot. Pkt., 5c. } FOR CUT FLOWERS AND ROCK-WORK.
- 61 Candytuft, Carter's Crimson.—Brilliant color, fine habit, profuse bloomer. 1 foot. Pkt., 5c. }
- 62 Candytuft, "The Empress."—Very large trusses of pure white flowers. 1 foot. Pkt., 5c. }
- 63 Candytuft, Carmine.—A mass of vivid carmine; compact habit. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c. }
- 64 Candytuft, fine mixed.—Comprises all shades and colors; very free flowering. 1 foot. Pkt., 5c. }
- 65 Canna, Crozy's New Hybrids (Indian Shot).—New and beautiful varieties. H.H.A. 3ft. 10c.
- 66 Canna, dark-leaved varieties, mixed.—Very fine dark-leaved varieties. 3 ft. 10c.
- 67 Canna, choice mixed.—Comprises all the best varieties. Ht., 3 to 5 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 68 Canterbury Bells, choicest mixed.—A treat for lovers of hardy perennials. FOR CUT FLOWERS. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.



Convolvulus Major.



Convolvulus Mauritanicus.



Canterbury Bell.



Cactus.

- 69 **Carnation, fine double mixed.**—Established favorites. FOR CUT FLOWERS. H.H.P. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 70 **Carnation, choicest double mixed.**—This collection comprises richly scented, beautifully marked varieties. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 25c.
- 71 **Carnation, Grenadin.**—White, for bouquets or table decoration. Pkt., 10c.
- 72 **Carnation, Marguerite, mixed.**—Can be had in bloom four months after seed is sown. Pkt., 10c.
- 73 **Centaurea Candidissima (Dusty Miller).**—Beautiful silvery-white foliage plant. H. P. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 74 **Centaurea Cyanus, mixed (Bachelor's Button).**—Very fine for mixed borders; seven colors. Hardy perennial. Pkt., 5c.
- 75 **Chloris, mixed (Ornamental Grass).**—Singularly radiated; fine for bouquets. Hardy annual. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 76 **Chrysanthemum, single white.**—The annual Chrysanthemum is rising in public favor. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 77 **Chrysanthemum, fine mixed.**—Certain to produce splendid flowers. 2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 78 **Chrysanthemum, finest Show varieties.**—The Chrysanthemum of the exhibitions. Hardy perennial for pot or borders. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 20c.
- 79 **Chrysanthemum, finest Pompon variety.**—Remarkable for its neat flowers, perfectly formed. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 20c.
- 80 **Chrysanthemum, finest Japanese variety.**—A novel section, with large blossoms diffusely formed, handsome. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 20c.
- 81 **Cineraria, James' Giant prize varieties.**—Most brilliant colors in cultivation. Half-hardy perennial. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 25c.
- 82 **Citrus Sinensis Myrtifolia (Lemon Tree).**—Beautiful fragrant flowers; grows rapidly. Half-hardy perennial. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 83 **Clarkia Elegans, mixed, single and double.**—H.A. FOR CUT FLOWERS. 2 ft. 5c.
- 84 **Clematis, fine mixed.**—A fine perennial climber; a great variety. Ht., 12 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 85 **Cleome Speciosissima (Spider Flowers).**—Flowers rose colored and very singular. Half-hardy annual. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 86 **Cobæa Scandens.**—Rapid growing climber, with bell-shaped flowers. Ht., 10 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 87 **Cockscomb, Carter's Empress.**—Most superb strain in cultivation. 1½ ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 88 " **Glasgow Prize.**—Immense crimson combs, very fine. Height, 1½ ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 89 " **Dwarf, mixed.**—A variety of colors, very handsome. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 90 " **Feathered (Celosia Pyramidalis Plumosa).**—Bright crimson. 1½ ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 91 " **Japan (Celosia Japonica).**—An entirely distinct and beautiful variety. 2 ft. 10c.
- 92 **Coleus, splendid mixed.**—Saved from all the most beautifully variegated kinds. H.H.P. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 93 **Collinsia, choice mixed.**—Hardy California annual, early and profuse bloomer. 1 ft. 5c.
- 94 **Convolvulus Major, mixed (Tall Morning Glory).**—Well-known, rich colors. 10 ft. 5c.
- 95 " **Minor, mixed (Dwarf Morning Glory).**—Excellent for clumps. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 96 " **Mauritanicus.**—H.P. for hanging baskets, lavender flowers. Trailer. Pkt., 5c.
- 97 **Cosmos, fine mixed.**—Colors pure white to purplish-crimson; best fall flowers. H.A. 5c.
- 98 **Cowslip, English, mixed.**—A favorite English flower, comprises fine dark colors. Height, 6 inches. Pkt., 5c.
- 99 **Cuphea Platycentra (Cigar Plant).**—For bedding; red and black tubular flowers. Half-hardy perennial. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
- 100 **Cyclamen Persicum Giganteum, mixed.**—Spring and winter bloomers. Half-hardy perennial. Height, 6 inches. Pkt., 25c.
- 101 **Dahlia, finest dbl. mixed.**—Every variety of color. T.P. 4 ft. Pkt., 20c.
- 102 " **Single Prize, mixed.**—All colors, grand border flowers. 4 ft. 10c.
- 103 **Daisy, Double White.**—Flowers pure white and very double. T.P. Ht., 6 in. Pkt., 10c.
- 104 " **Longfellow.**—A fine rose-colored variety, with long stems. Ht., 6 in. Pkt., 10c.
- 105 **Daisy, Snowball.**—Pure snow white, and very double. Height, 6 inches. Pkt., 10c.
- 106 " **finest dbl. mixed (Bellis Perennis).**—Spring favorite for edging. 3 in. Pkt., 5c.
- 107 **Datura, fine mixed.**—Large trumpet-shaped flowers of many colors. H.A. Height, 2 to 5 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 108 **Datura Cornucopia (Horn of Plenty).**—Flowers 8 inches long, 5 inches across; color, white, mottled with purple. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 109 **Delphinium, fine mixed (Perennial Larkspur).**—All colors for mixed borders. FOR CUT FLOWERS. Pkt., 5c.
- 110 **Dianthus plumaris (Pheasant's Eye, June or Grass Pink).**—Beautiful and fragrant. H. B. Height, ½ foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 111 **Dianthus Chinensis, fl. pl., mixed (Double Indian Pink).**—A great assortment. H. A. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 112 **Dianthus Heddewigii, fl. pl., mixed (Double Japan Pink).**—The grandest of Japan Pinks. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.



Canna.



Carnation.



Cockscomb.



Castor Oil Bean.



Lobelia.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.

Order one of our Plant Collections. You will be surprised.

SWEET PEAS ALL THE RAGE

See page 25.



Eschscholtzia (California Poppy).



Double Daisy.



Godetia.



Cobaea Scandens.



Globe Amaranth.



Dianthus.



Candytuft.

- 113 *Dianthus Diadematus*, fl. pl., mixed (*Double Diadem Pink*).—Large, full blossoms, beautifully edged and marked. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
- 114 *Dianthus Imperialis*, fl. pl., (*Double Imperial Pink*).—Indian Pink of the older kind. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
- 115 *Dianthus, Crimson Belle*.—Rose, rich crimson, a grand flower. Ht., 1 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 116 " *Eastern Queen*.—Color, a very beautiful variety, one of the best. 1 ft. 10c.
- 117 " *Heddwigii, 'The Bride'*.—Double pure white variety. 1 ft. Pkt., 10c.
- 118 " *choicest mixed*.—All of the above and many others. Ht., 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 119 *Digitalis, fine mixed ('Foxglove')*.—Hardy perennial; fine spikes of long flowers. Height, 2 to 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 120 *Digitalis Monstrosa, mixed*.—Long spikes of many enormous flowers. H. P. 3 ft. 5c.
- 121 *Eschscholtzia, fine mixed ('California Poppy')*.—Compact and bright colors. FOR ROCKWORK. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 122 *Euphorbia variegata*.—A very attractive foliage plant; fine for borders. Half-hardy annual. Pkt., 5c.
- 123 *Euphorbia heterophylla ('Mexican Fire Plant')*.—A gorgeous annual of the easiest culture. Height, 4 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 124 *Eutoca, fine mixed*.—Hardy annual of various colors. FOR CUT FLOWERS. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 125 *Fuchsia, choicest mixed*.—A favorite flower saved from the best named varieties. H. H. P. Pkt., 15c.
- 126 *Geranium, Scarlet Zonale, mixed*.—Saved from the very best scarlets in cultivation. H. H. P. Pkt., 15c.
- 127 *Gaillardia, Grandiflora, mixed*.—A collection of the best varieties. H. A. FOR CUT FLOWERS. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 128 *Gillia, fine mixed*.—Hardy annual, free flowering, for clumps in the border. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 129 *Globe Amaranthus ('Comphreno')*.—Globular flowers, adapted for winter bouquets. Hardy annual. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 130 *Gloxinia, large flowering, mixed*.—One of the handsomest flowers in existence. Height, ½ foot. Pkt., 25c.
- 131 *Godetia, Duchess of Albany*.—Splendid white bloomer; immense trusses of bloom. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 132 *Godetia, Lady Satin Rose*.—Handsomest of all; fine tufts of dark satin rose; a gem. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 133 *Godetia, Lady Albemarle*.—Fine large blossoms, crimson rose, for mixed borders. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 134 *Godetia, choicest mixed*.—Hardy annuals, compact habit, contains many kinds. Height, 1 to 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 135 *Gourds, Sugar-Trough*.—Half-hardy annual climber, shaped like a trough. 10 ft. 5c.
- 136 " *Dipper*.—The fruit of this climber is shaped like a dipper. Height, 10 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 137 *Gourds, Nest Egg*.—Resembling in shape, hen's eggs. The very best nest eggs. Hardy annual. Height, 10 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 138 *Gourds, mixed varieties*.—Producing all kinds of eccentric fruits. Ht., 10 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 139 *Gypsophila, choice mixed*.—Hardy annual, profusion of bloom. FOR CUT FLOWERS. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 140 *Hedysarum, fine mixed ('French Honeysuckle')*.—Very fragrant. Half-hardy biennial. FOR ROCKWORK. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 141 *Helianthus, dbl. mixed ('Double Sunflower')*.—Fine double-flowered varieties. Hardy annual. Oz., 15c.; pkt., 5c.
- 142 *Helianthus, Nanus foliis variegatus*.—Beautiful dwarf variety, double yellow flowers. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 143 *Helichrysum Nanum, fl. pl., mixed ('Everlasting Immortelles')*.—Dwarf; fine for bouquets. Hardy annual. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c. FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 144 *Helichrysum Monstrosum, fl. pl., mixed*.—Fine large double flowers; good for pot and mixed borders. H. A. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 145 *Helichrysum, double white*.—Pure double white variety. H. A. 2 ft. 5c. FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 146 *Helichrysum Minimum, fl. pl., mixed*.—A small variety, very pretty and delicate. H. A. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 147 *Heliotrope Grandiflora, mixed ('Cherry Pie')*.—Deliciously fragrant, for pots. Half-hardy perennial. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 148 *Helipterum Sanfordii ('Everlasting Flower')*.—Golden-yellow. Height, 2 feet. Hardy annual. Pkt., 5c. FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 149 *Hibiscus Africanus*.—Large sulphur blooms, with dark centre. H. A. 1½ ft. 5c.
- 150 *Hollyhock, choice double mixed*.—Well-known; flowering the first season. Hardy perennial. Height, 4 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 151 *Hollyhock, Chater's Prize, mixed*.—New varieties of color and form. 18 varieties. Height, 4 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 152 *Humulus Japonicus ('Japan Hop')*.—The most rapid climber grown. Heat, drought and insects do not trouble it. H. A. Height, 20 feet. Pkt., 5c.

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For Cut Flowers.

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Gourds.



Humulus Japonica.



Ipomea.



Lantana.

- 153 **Humulus Japonicus Variegatus**.—Same as the foregoing, but has beautiful variegated foliage. Pkt., 10c.
- 154 **Ice Plant**.—Hardy, fleshy-foliaged garnishing plant, sparkling with icy globules. Trailer. 5c.
- 155 **Iberis Sempervivens** (*Perennial Candytuft*).—Remarkable for its bright, glossy foliage and white flowers. Height, 6 inches. Pkt., 5c. FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 156 **Ipomea Quamoclit** (*Cypress Vine*).—Feathery foliage, narrow tubed, scarlet flowers. Height, 6 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 157 **Ipomea, fine mixed**.—Many varieties, both day and night blooming. 6 to 10 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 158 **Lantana, choice mixed**.—White, rose and yellow; parti-colored blossoms. H. H. B. Pkt., 10c. FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 159 **Larkspur, Dwarf German Rocket, mixed**.—Improved by culture, for clumps. H. A. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 160 **Larkspur, Tall German Rocket, mixed**.—For size and beauty of bloom, an improvement. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 161 **Larkspur, Stock-flowered, mixed**.—Fine compact habit, dense foliage. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 162 **Larkspur, Double Emperor, mixed**.—A new strain obtained by selection. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 163 **Lathyrus Latifolius, mixed** (*Everlasting Pea*).—Favorite of all gardens. II. P. Height, 6 feet. Pkt., 5c. FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- 164 **Lavatera, fine mixed**.—Hardy annual, chaste and delicate, one of the best. 3 ft. 5c.
- 165 **Lavandula Spica** (*Lavender*).—Well-known for its delicious fragrance. H. H. P. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 166 **Leptosiphon, finest mixed**.—Most profuse blooming annual grown. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c. FOR ROCKWORK.
- 167 **Linum Rubrum** (*Scarlet Flax*).—Unsurpassed for brilliancy and duration of bloom. H. A. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 168 **Linum Perenne** (*Perennial Flax*).—One of the most effective and showy plants. H. P. 5c.
- 169 **Lobelia Erinus Gracilis**.—Dark blue, suitable for hanging baskets, etc. H. H. A. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 170 **Lobelia Erinus Speciosa**.—Blue with white eye; used at Crystal Palace and public gardens. Height, 6 inches. Pkt., 5c.
- 171 **Lobelia, choice mixed**.—For beds, edgings and pots, all colors. Height, ½ to 1 ft. 5c.
- 172 **Lupinus, fine mixed** (*Sundials*).—The hardiest of annuals; so dear to cottage gardens. Height, 1 to 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 173 **Luffa** (*Dish Rag Gourd*).—Hardy annual climber; used as a dish rag or bonnet. 10 ft. 5c.
- 174 **Lychnis Chalcedonica** (*Chinese Catchfly*).—Vivid scarlet; general favorite. H. A. 2 ft. 5c.
- 175 **Marigold, African Tall, double mixed**.—H. H. A., with fine blossoms. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 176 **Marigold, African Dwarf, double mixed**.—Showiest of flowers; fine mixture. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 177 **Marigold, "Eldorado," African Tall, double**.—Immense flowers, 10 to 14 inches around. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 178 **Marigold, French Tall, double mixed**.—This is a fine mixture of tall kinds. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 179 **Marigold, French Dwarf, double mixed**.—For open border or shrubbery. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 180 **Marigold, French Dwarf, double striped**.—Beautiful double striped flowers. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 181 **Martynia, choice mixed**.—Large, pretty flowers; seed and pods used as pickles. H. A. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c. For cut and fuller description see page 34.
- 182 **Marvel of Peru, fine mixed** (*Four o'Clock*).—In France called *Belle de Nuit*, "Beauty of Night"; delicious fragrance. H. A. Height, 2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 183 **Mathiola Bicornis** (*Night Scented Stock*).—Exhibits its fragrance at approach of evening. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
- 184 **Maurandia, choice mixed**.—Half-hardy climber; graceful foliage; blooms profusely. Height, 6 feet. Pkt., 10c.
- 185 **Mignonette, Sweet** (*Reseda Odorata*).—Too well-known to need comment. Height, ½ foot. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 20c.; ¼ lb., 60c.; lb., \$2.
- 186 " **Machet**.—Spikes of bloom richly colored, dark foliage; fine for pots. ¾ ft. 5c.
- 187 " **Hybrid Spiral**.—One of the finest varieties in cultivation; free bloomer. 1 ft. 5c.
- 188 " **Parson's White**.—Novel colored variety, long spikes of bloom. 1 ft. 5c.
- 189 " **Large Flowering**.—A splendid variety; long spikes, highly scented. 1 ft. 5c.
- 190 " **Golden Queen**.—Golden-colored flowers, finely scented. Ht., 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
- 191 " **Crimson Victoria**.—New, distinct, deep color, exquisitely scented. 1 ft. 5c.
- 192 **Mimosa Pudica** (*Sensitive Plant*).—Delicate foliage, shrinks from the touch. H. H. A. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
- 193 **Mimulus Tigrinus Grandiflora** (*Monkey Flower*).—The brilliant markings of this variety are endless. Half-hardy annual. Height, ½ foot. Pkt., 5c.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.



Hollyhock.



Helichrysum.



Heliotrope.



Ice Plant.

For Cut Flowers.

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Mina Lobata.



Momordica.



Passiflora.



Petunia—Yellow-Throated.



Sweet William.



Maurandia.



Mignonette.



Mimosa Pudica.

- 194 *Mimulus Moschatus* (*Musk Plant*).—A well-known favorite; yellow flowers. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5c.
 195 *Mina Lobata*.—Hardy climbing annual; bears racemes of bright red, orange, yellow and yellowish-white flowers, 12 inches in length. Height, 18 feet. Pkt., 10c.
 196 *Momordica*, finest mixed (*Balsam Apple*).—A half-hardy, luxuriant summer climber. Height, 10 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 197 *Myosotis Alpestris* (*Forget-Me-Not*).—Dark blue; delights in moist situations. H. P. For CUT FLOWERS. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 198 *Myosotis Victoria*.—Large umbels of azure-blue flowers. Height, 5 to 7 in. Pkt., 5c.
 199 *Myosotis*, mixed.—A beautiful mixture of all varieties. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 200 *Nasturtium*, Pearl (*Indian Cress*).—Light cream color, the nearest to a white yet obtained. H. A. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 201 *Nasturtium*, Spotted.—Orange, with chocolate spots; a pleasing contrast to other kinds. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 202 *Nasturtium*, Scarlet.—Fine orange-scarlet; the freest bloomer of all; fine for vases. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 203 *Nasturtium*, Crimson.—Fine dark crimson-maroon; a dense bloomer; very effective. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 204 *Nasturtium*, Beauty.—Handsome variety, golden-orange, bright scarlet spots. 1 ft. 5c.
 205 *Nasturtium*, Empress of India.—A sensational variety; brilliant crimson. Height, $\frac{3}{4}$ foot. Pkt., 5c.
 206 *Nasturtium*, King Theodore.—Remarkable appearance; dark chocolate-crimson. Height, $\frac{3}{4}$ foot. Pkt., 5c.
 207 *Nasturtium*, Ruby King.—Quite a novel color; rich ruby-rose. $\frac{3}{4}$ ft. 5c.
 208 *Nasturtium*, Ladybird.—Golden, with a flame of ruby-crimson on each petal. Height, $\frac{3}{4}$ foot. Pkt., 5c.
 209 *Nasturtium*, Tom Thumb, mixed.—Comprises the above and a great many more varieties. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 210 *Nasturtium*, Tall, mixed (*Tropaeolum Major*).—Large blossoms and free flowering habit. H. A. Height, 6 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 211 *Nemophila*, fine mixed (*Love Grove*).—Hardy annual, free bloomer, for pots or edgings. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. Pkt., 5c.
 212 *Nicotiana affinis* (*Sweet-scented Tobacco*).—H. H. A.; long white flowers. Ht., 2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
 213 *Nicotiana Macrophylla Gigantea*.—Fine foliated variety as specimen plants on lawn. Height, 6 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 214 *Nigella*, mixed (*Love in a Mist*).—Compact, Larkspur-like habit. H. A. Height, 1 foot. For CUT FLOWERS. Pkt., 5c.
 215 *Nolana*, fine mixed.—Trailing, H. A., similar to Minor Convolvulus. For ROCKWORK, VASES, Etc. Pkt., 5c.
 216 *Oenothera Biennis* (*Evening Primrose*).—Free flowering, compact habit. For mixed borders. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 217 *Ornamental Grasses*, mixed.—A choice assortment of the principal kinds. Pkt., 5c.
 218 *Oxalis*, fine mixed.—Handsome basket plant, summer or winter. For ROCKWORK, Etc.
 219 *Pansy*, Pearce's Perfection (*Heartsease*).—It is doubtful if any other mixture contains so many choice kinds. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. H. A. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., \$2; 2 pkts., 25c; pkt., 15c.
 220 *Pansy*, Rainbow Strain.—Extra large size, and endless variety of shades and colors. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. Pkt., 25c.; 3 pkts., 50c.
 221 *Pansy*, Trimardeau, mixed.—Very large flower. A very fine mixture. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 15c.
 222 " Cassier's Giant Strain, mixed.—A rich and lovely variety; very choice. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 15c.
 223 " King of the Blacks (*Dr. Faust*).—The darkest pansy grown; nearly black. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 10c.
 224 *Pansy*, Snow Queen (*Candidissima*).—The finest white pansy ever introduced; satiny white. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. Pkt., 10c.
 225 *Pansy*, Gold-margined.—A fine contrast to other varieties; large flowered and very showy. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. Pkt., 10c.
 226 *Pansy*, Lord Beaconsfield.—Purple-violet, shading to white; has to be seen to be appreciated. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. Pkt., 10c.
 227 *Pansy*, very large flowering, mixed.—A great many colors: selfs, striped and spotted. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. Pkt., 10c.
 228 *Pansy*, finest mixture.—25 shades and colors from one of the best Pansy growers in Germany. Height, $\frac{1}{2}$ foot. Pkt., 10c.
 229 *Pansy*, fine mixed.—A good variety; will not produce such large and perfect flowers as No. 227. Pkt., 5c.
 230 *Passiflora*, fine mixed (*Passion Flower*).—Its chaste beauty is proverbial. Half-hardy perennial climber. Height, 10 feet. Pkt., 10c.
 231 *Papaver Nudicaule* (*Scotland Poppy*).—Dwarf species; an early herbaceous plant. Hardy perennial. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 232 *Poppy*, Umbrosum (*Leopard Poppy*).—Brilliant scarlet, with a clear black blotch at the base of each petal. Hardy annual. Height, $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Pkt., 5c.
 233 *Poppy*, Mikado.—Fringed; body of flowers pure white, ends of petals brilliant crimson-scarlet. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.

DARK FOLIAGE VARIETIES.



Petunia—Double Fringed.



Pyrethrum.



Poppy—Double



Single Petunia.

- 234 Poppy, Japanese.—Magnificent flowers, double, and of the most varied colors. 2 ft. 5c.
 235 Poppy, French Dwarf, mixed (Corn Poppies).—Showiest annuals of the most brilliant colors. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
 236 Poppy, mixed.—Splendid show in the mixed border, carriage drive or shrubbery. Height, 1 to 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 237 Peas, Sweet, mixed colors (Lathyrus Odoratus).—Beautiful colors. 1 oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 60c; pkt., 5c.
 238 Peas, Sweet, Eckford's finest mixed (Lathyrus Odoratus Grandiflora).—Delicious perfume, exquisite colors. 1 oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 60c; pkt., 5c.
 239 Peas, Sweet, light colors, mixed.—This mixture has been made up to satisfy the demand where light colors only are wanted. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; ¼ lb., 20c.; 1 lb., 50c.

For our Unsurpassed Assortment of New and Rare Varieties of Sweet Peas in separate colors, see page 25. Note our very low prices.

- 240 Petunia, double fringed.—Comprises the most superb double kinds: fringed, striped, & Height, 1 to 2 feet. Pkt., 25c.
 241 " dbl. mxd.—Of every conceivable shade and color; 75 per cent. double. Pkt., 15c.
 242 " striped and blotched.—A fine strain, with large, perfect flowers. Pkt., 5c.
 243 " yellow-throated.—Beautiful variety, with deep broad yellow throat. Pkt., 10c.
 244 " large flowering, superb mixed.—Twice the size of the old sorts; most beautiful shades. Pkt., 10c.
 245 " Hybrida, mixed.—Contains varieties of all colors, for pots or garden. ¼ oz. 25c.; pkt., 5c.
 246 Perilla Nankinensis.—Ornamental foliage plant, metallic bronze-purple, for bedding. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 247 Phlox Drummondii, Flora Alba.—Large, pure white flower, chaste and handsome. Hardy annual. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
 248 " Coccinea.—Bright scarlet; a brilliant-colored variety. 1 ft. 10c.
 249 " Isabellina.—Pale yellow, a very rare color in the Phlox. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
 250 " double white.—Very fine, half dwarf, nearly all coming double. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
 251 Phlox Drummondii, New Star-shaped ("Star of Quedlinburg").—Flowers of regular star-like form; plant of compact habit; novel and beautiful. Height, 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
 252 Phlox Drummondii, New Fringed (Grandiflora Fimbriata).—Valuable, beautifully fringed. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 253 " Grandiflora, mixed.—Large flowering kinds. Height, 1 foot. ¼ oz., 40c.; pkt., 5c.
 254 Phlox Drummondii, fine mixed.—Comprising 16 different shades. Height, 1 foot. ¼ oz., 30c.; pkt., 5c.
 255 Penstemon, choice mixed.—Herbaceous perennials, a splendid collection of all colors. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 256 Polyanthus, fine mixed.—Fine free trusses of bloom; universal favorites; first-class. H. P. Height, ½ foot. Pkt., 5c.
 257 Portulaca, finest single mixed.—Splendid mixture, all colors, large flowered. Hardy annual, trailer. Pkt., 5c.
 258 Portulaca, choice dbl. mixed.—Improvement on the other kinds in size of flower. 10c.
 259 Pyrethrum, Ulmigosum (Giant White Daisy).—Large pure white flowers produced in great abundance. Hardy perennial. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 260 " Golden Feather.—Well-known golden-leaved plant so much used in bedding. Hardy perennial. Pkt., 10c.
 261 " Golden Gem.—Used where the white blossom is required as well as foliage. 10c.
 262 " Roseum Hybridum.—Beautiful rose color. FOR CUT FLOWERS. 1½ ft. 5c.
 263 Primula Fimbriata, fl. pl. mixed (Chinese Primrose).—Double fringed; a new feature in primulas, varying shades of color. T. P. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 25c.
 264 Primula Fimbriata, Alba.—The finest white of all; splendid trusses; a giant strain. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 25c.
 265 " Rubra.—Choice exhibition variety; beautiful red color. 1½ ft. Pkt., 25c.
 266 " mixed.—Single fringed mixed, includes many sorts. Ht., 1½ ft. Pkt., 25c.
 267 Rhodanthe, finest mixed (Everlasting Flower).—Of this class of plants we consider the Rhodanthes the most beautiful. FOR CUT FLOWERS. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 268 Ricinus Bourbonnensis Arboreus (Castor Oil Bean).—Dark green foliage. Half-hardy annual. Height, 15 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 269 Ricinus Zanzibariensis, mixed.—Plants attain great dimensions, with leaves of a gigantic size. Of great effect. Pkt., 5c.
 270 Ricinus Gibsoni.—Dark purplish-red foliage and stems; fine for lawns. 6 ft. Pkt., 5c.
 271 " Campodgensis.—Palm-like leaves of a bronzy-red; one of the best grown. 6 ft. 5c.



Nolana.



Pyrethrum.



Pansy.



Perilla.



Myosotis.



Stipa Pennata.

"Quality First" is our motto. We aim to please. Remember, we are here to stay.



Marigold—Dwarf French.



Vinca.



Dwarf Nasturtium.



Pink.



Phlox.



Portulaca—Double.



Ornamental Grass.

- 272 **Ricinus, fine mixed.**—Gigantic; ornamental until destroyed by frost. 6 to 15 feet. 5c.
 273 **Rocket, Sweet, mxd.**—H. P. They have been cultivated from time immemorial. 1½ ft. 5c.
 274 **Salpiglossis Majus, mixed.**—Flowers somewhat like Petunias; veined, velvety surface. Half-hardy annual. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 275 **Salpiglossis, Dwarf, mixed.**—Fine rich color, large flowers, beautiful. 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 276 **Salvia Coccinea (Flowering Sage).**—Brilliant crimson-scarlet. Half-hardy perennial. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 277 " **Splendens.**—Bright scarlet, excellent pot plant. Ht., 2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
 278 " **Patens.**—The exquisite blue of this flower is proverbial, for pots or bedding. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 10c.
 279 " **Argentea.**—Fine pure white, comes true from seed. 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 280 **Sanvitalia Procumbens, fl. pl. (Trailing Sunflower).**—Double-flowered variety; bright; very effective. Hardy annual. FOR ROCKWORK. Height, ½ foot. Pkt., 5c.
 281 **Saponaria, fine mixed.**—Hardy annual; adapted for beds, rockwork or edgings. Height, 6 inches. Pkt., 5c.
 282 **Scabiosa, Snowball.**—Beautiful pure double white flowers. Hardy annual. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 283 " **Tall, mixed.**—A splendid mixture. H. A. Ht., 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 284 " **Dwarf, mixed.**—Long-established favorites; free bloomers. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 285 **Smilax, Boston (Medeola Asparagoides).**—Very delicate foliage. T. P. 10 ft. Pkt., 10c.
 286 **Stipa Pennata (Feather Grass).**—Delicate, long silvery feathery; universally admired variety. Half-hardy perennial. Height, 2 feet. FOR BOUQUETS. Pkt., 10c.
 287 **Stocks, Snowflake Ten Week.**—Large and very double snow-white flowers, admirably adapted for forcing. Half-hardy annual. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
 288 **Stocks, Dwarf Bouquet Ten Week, mixed.**—Large double flowers, compact. Height, ½ foot. Pkt., 10c.
 289 **Stocks, Large Flowering Dwarf Ten Week, mixed.**—Improved dwarf variety, with increased size of bloom. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 290 **Stocks, Large Flowering Globe Pyramidal Ten Week, mixed.**—Flower more globe-shaped than other varieties. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 291 **Stocks, Giant Perfection Ten Week, mixed.**—Long spikes, perfect double flowers. Height, 2½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
 292 **Stocks, East Lothian, mixed.**—Of excellent color, large, double, profuse. H. H. B. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 10c.
 293 **Stocks, Winter or Brompton, mixed.**—Sturdy, hardy and bold in growth, a vigorous stem. H. H. B. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 10c.
 294 **Stocks, Fine Double Dwarf German Ten Week, mixed.**—Twenty-five colors. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
 295 **Stocks, Dwarf Ten Week, mixed.**—A very good mixture, about 50 per cent. double. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 296 **Sweet William, finest double mixed (Dianthus Barbatus, fl. pl.)**—Well-known hardy perennial. Our strain is the finest. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 297 **Sweet William, Auricula-flowered.**—Excites admiration wherever grown. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 298 **Sycos or Wild Cucumber.**—For covering arbors or fences; quick growers. H. H. A. Height, 10 feet. Pkt., 10c.
 299 **Tagates, Golden Ring.**—Finest golden-orange bedding plant. H. A. ½ ft. Pkt., 5c.
 300 **Thunbergia, fine mixed.**—H. H. A. climber; rapid growth and free bloomer. 4 ft. 10c.
 301 **Tropæolum Canariensis (Canary Bird Flower).**—Rapid growth, for trellises, arbors, etc. Height, 10 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 302 **Tropæolum Lobbianum (Lobbs Nasturtium).**—Flowers of unusual brilliancy and richness; more profuse blooming than the tall Nasturtium. Height, 4 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 303 **Verbena Candidissima.**—Immense trusses of pure white flowers; splendid bedder. H. H. A. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
 304 **Verbena, Defiance.**—Scarlet, specially selected color for bedding or pots. 1 ft. Pkt., 10c.
 305 **Verbena Citriodora (Lemon-scented Verbena).**—Deliciously scented leaves. H. H. P. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
 306 **Verbena Hybrida Striata.**—Very beautifully striped; a fine variety. 1 ft. Pkt., 5c.
 307 **Verbena, Henderson's Mammoth, mixed.**—Trusses 9 to 12 inches in circumference; of new and beautiful shades. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 10c.
 308 **Verbena Hybrida, finest mixed.**—Superb colors from the finest collection. 1 ft. 10c.
 309 " **Hybrida, mixed.**—A very good variety. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 310 **Vinca, fine mixed (Periwinkle).**—Half-hardy evergreen perennial. 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 311 **Viola Odorata (Sweet English Violet).**—Too well known to need comment. ½ ft. 10c.
 312 **Veronica Glauca.**—Delightful little annual for pots or edgings. Height, 1 foot. Pkt., 5c.
 313 **Virginia Stock.**—Carefully selected varieties; a great improvement in color. H. A. 5c.
 314 **Wallflower, Double German, mixed.**—H. H. P.; grand flowers, rich colors. FOR CUT FLOWERS. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
 315 **Wallflower, Single Golden-Yellow.**—The old-fashioned, highly-perfumed variety; color, rich golden-yellow. Height, 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c.
 316 **Whitlavia Grandiflora, mixed.**—Hardy California annual; profuse bloomers. 1½ ft. 5c.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.

FOR CUT FLOWERS.

REMEMBER, the Canadian Mail brings our Seeds to Everyone's Door.



Salpiglossis.



Salvia.



Verbena—Hybrida.



Zinnia—Zebra.

- 317 **Wigandia Imperialis.**—Plants remarkable for the large size of their leaves. 6ft. 10c.
 318 **Xeranthemum, fine mixed (Everlasting Flower).**—Beautiful everlastings. FOR CUT FLOWERS. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 319 **Zea Japonica (Striped Leaved Japanese Corn).**—Ornamental grass, beautifully striped. Height, 3 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 320 **Zinnia Elegans, Zebra, mixed**—Hardly any two plants produce alike. H.A. 2 ft. 5c.
 321 " " **Tom Thumb, mixed.**—Continues in bloom throughout the season. 3/4 ft. 5c.
 322 " " **Curled and Crested.**—Petals twisted into fantastic contortions and graceful forms. A magnificent variety of colors. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 323 " " **Giant Mammoth, mixed.**—Flowers of immense size and great substance. Height, 2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 324 " " **Coccinea, fl. pl.**—Double scarlet; as a border flower it is in the front rank. Height, 1 1/2 feet. Pkt., 5c.
 325 " " **choice double mixed.**—This mixture cannot be surpassed. 1 1/2 ft. Pkt., 5c.
 326 " " **fine mixed.**—A fair percentage will produce double flowers. 1 1/2 ft. Pkt., 5c.



Scabiosa.

THE BEAUTIFUL SWEET PEAS

The Fashionable Flower. Everybody Knows Them. We have a large stock and have put the price within the reach of all. Don't forget to include a few in your order.

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BLUSHING BEAUTY.—Soft pink, suffused with lilac. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.
CARMEN SYLVA.—Standards purplish-carmine, wings lavender. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.
DUCHESS OF YORK.—White, deeply striped and barred with delicate pinkish-purple. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
DUKE OF CLARENCE.—A brilliant shade of rosy-claret; extra large flower. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.
DUKE OF YORK.—Bright rosy-pink standards, wings primrose, tinted white, distinct and fine. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
ELIZA ECKFORD.—Pale rose, flaked with deeper rose; pretty and attractive. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
ETNA.—Dark brownish-crimson and violet. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.
GAIETY.—Standards white, striped and flaked with rosy-lilac; wings delicate blush. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.
LADY BEACONSFIELD.—Salmon standards, tinted with rose; wings pale yellow. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.

- LADY PENZANCE.**—Beautiful rosy-pink, tinted with orange, wings darker pink. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.
METEOR.—Bright orange-salmon, wings light pink; a beauty. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
MRS. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN.—White, striped and flaked heavily with bright rose. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
NOVELTY.—Scarlet, orange tinted, extra large flower, long stem; very desirable. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
OVID.—Standards and wings bright rosy-pink, margined with rose. Pkt., 10c.; oz., 25c.
PEACH BLOSSOM.—Salmon-pink standards; wings rich, soft pink. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.
ROYAL ROBE.—Delicate pink standards; the wings soft bluish-pink. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 15c.
STANLEY.—Deep maroon; large and of finest form; one of the darkest peas grown. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.
FIREFLY.—Standards fiery scarlet; wings crimson-scarlet; one of the largest. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.
RISING SUN.—Orange, blotched with carmine; wings bluish-white. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.

Only \$1.00 THE ABOVE 20 BEAUTIFUL VARIETIES, ONE PACKET OF EACH, Only \$1.00!

OLD AND TRIED VARIETIES, EVERY ONE WORTH GROWING.

Note the very low price at which we are offering them:

- BLANCHE FERRY (Improved Painted Lady).**—Large and beautiful pink and white flowers. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
BOREATTON.—Crimson-purple; very large, dark blossoms. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
BRONZE KING.—Standards coppery-bronze; wings pure white. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
BUTTERFLY.—White, laced with lavender. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES.—Purplish-mauve; wings pale blue. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
COUNTESS OF RADNOR.—Delicate lavender; wings light mauve. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
EMILY ECKFORD.—Porcelain, suffused with reddish-mauve. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
EMILY HENDERSON.—A fine pure white variety; early, and a great bloomer. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., 75c.
EMPRESS OF INDIA.—Rosy-pink standards, pure white wings. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
HER MAJESTY.—Beautiful soft rosy-pink; very large and bold. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
LEMON QUEEN.—Tinted bluish-pink and lemon; three flowers on a stem, and very large. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
MONARCH.—Standards bronzy-crimson, wings a rich blue. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.

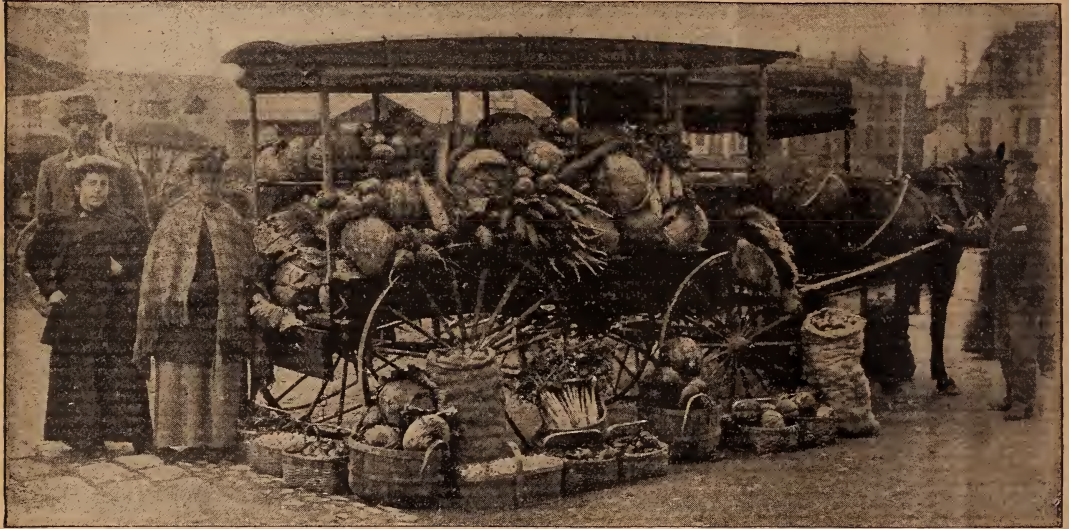
- MRS. ECKFORD.**—White, delicately shaded with primrose. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
MRS. GLADSTONE.—Delicate soft pink, with rosy-blush wings. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
MRS. SANKEY.—Without any exception, the best white sweet pea grown. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
ORANGE PRINCE.—Orange-pink, flushed with scarlet. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
PRIMROSE.—Pale primrose-yellow, novel and distinct. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND.—Pure white flowers, very large and distinct. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
QUEEN OF THE ISLES.—White, mottled with red; very handsome. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., \$1.00.
SPLENDOR.—Coppery-crimson, suffused with rosy-pink; very rich. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
THE QUEEN.—Pink, shaded with heliotrope; a novel combination. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.
VENUS.—Salmon-buff standards, delicately shaded with rosy-pink. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 10c.; lb., \$1.00.
WAVERLY.—Standards rosy-claret, wings pale blue. Pkt., 5c.; oz., 8c.; lb., 60c.

23 Varieties: 1 packet each, 75c., or 1 ounce each, \$1.25, post-paid.

Pearce's Reliable



Vegetable Seeds



A Load of Vegetables as brought to London Market by Mr. T. Wistow, Market Gardener.
GROWN FROM PEARCE'S SEEDS. (From a Photograph.)

Important TO MARKET GARDENERS!

WE supply Four-fifths of all the Market Gardeners on the London Market with their supply of Seeds, and thousands all over Canada, being regular customers for years. Can there be any better evidence of the popularity of PEARCE'S TESTED SEEDS? We issue a Spring Trade Price List for Market Gardeners. SEND FOR IT IF THIS MEANS YOU.

ARTICHOKE—Jerusalem Artichoke Roots.—Yields from 400 to 1,000 bushels per acre. The wonderful productiveness and ease with which they can be produced is always a surprise to those who cultivate them for the first time. The cheapest and healthiest hog-feed raised. The hogs harvest the crop themselves, thus saving all expense, even that of feeding. Also esteemed for pickles. They should be planted early in the spring, cut small like potatoes. Plant 18 ins. apart in rows 3 ft. apart. Three bushels will plant an acre. Lb., 10c; post-paid, 15c; bushel, \$1.25.



Jerusalem Artichoke.

Green Globe.—Produces large heads, with succulent scales, the bottom of which is the edible part. The tender central leaf-stalk or mid-rib of leaf, blanched, is used. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.

ASPARAGUS—Donald's Elmira.—Stalks more tender and succulent than any other variety; of mammoth size, and very early. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.
Conover's Colossal.—A standard variety; color deep green; quality first-class. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c. Roots 2 years old, \$1.50 per 100, post-paid; \$8.00 per 1,000, at purchaser's expense.

Palmetto.—This is a much earlier variety than the above. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 80c. Roots 2 yrs. old, \$1.75 per 100, post-paid; \$8 per 1,000, by express at purchaser's expense.

BORECOLE OR KALE—Green Curled Scotch.—Dwarf and spreading. Cultivate same as cabbage. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS are more hardy than the cabbage, standing more frost.

Improved Dwarf.—Compact heads of fine quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

BROCCOLI—Improved Purple Cape. Standard sort; resemble cauliflowers, but more hardy. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 75c.

White Cape.—Similar to above, only white. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.50.



Borecole or Kale.

We always try to please. Courteous treatment to all.



Pearce's
Seeds

Grow. . .

THE best evidence of their quality is the great demand for them.



BEANS—DWARF OR BUSH.—

Burpee's Bush Lima.—The only bush form of the true large Lima bean. It comes absolutely true from seed. The bushes grow eighteen to twenty inches high, of stout growth and always erect, yet branching so vigorously that each plant develops into a magnificent circular bush from two feet to three feet in diameter. It is an immense yielder, each bush bearing from fifty to two hundred of the handsome large pods, well filled with very large beans, which are identical in size and luscious flavor to the well-known large pole Limas. The largest and best Lima beans can now be raised in quantity at small cost, without the expense and labor attached to the use of poles. Pkt. 5c; lb. 20c.

Dwarf Triumph.—The earliest green-podded variety in existence, having well-matured pods in thirty-two days from time of planting. (See cut.) Lb. 20c.

White Valentine.—Green podded; very early; suitable for Manitoba and the Northwest. Lb. 15c; peck \$1.50.

Early Long Yellow Six Weeks.—One of the earliest green-podded sorts; very productive. Lb. 10c; peck \$1.00.

Large White Kidney.—Excellent either green or ripe. Lb. 10c; peck \$1.00.

Golden-Eyed Wax.—Very early; prolific; pods long, brittle, rich golden color, and entirely stringless; free from spot or rust. (See cut.) Lb. 15c; peck \$1.50.

Wardwell's Kidney Wax.—Extra early, wax pods; long, flat and remarkably free from rust. Lb. 15c; peck \$1.50.

Improved Golden Wax.—Early; pods long, brittle and entirely stringless. Lb. 15c; peck \$1.50.

Black Wax or Butter.—Very early and delicious; round yellow pods. Lb. 15c; peck \$1.50.



Dwarf Triumph.



Golden-Eyed.

White Marrowfat.—An excellent shelled bean for winter use, and very prolific. Lb. 10c; peck 75c.

Selected Mixed.—Standard green and wax-podded; early, medium, late varieties. Lb. 10c; peck \$1.00.

POLE OR RUNNING.—Of some twenty-five varieties of pole beans tested by us, we found only the three following varieties suitable for our climate:—

Dutch Case Knife.—Pods long, green, and flat; early; excellent sort to grow on corn. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; lb. 20c.

Scarlet Runners.—A popular English bean; very ornamental climber, and a grand cooker. Pkt. 5c; lb. 20c.

Dreer's Improved Lima.—Very productive; of superior quality. Pkt. 5c; lb. 20c.

ENGLISH.—This class is very hardy and will stand frost. They should be planted as early as possible after the ground is open, in drills two feet apart, and four inches apart in the drills. A strong, heavy soil suits them best. **Early Mazagan.**—Hardy and early. **Broad Windsor.**—Largest. **Sword Long Pod.** Each, pound 20c.

Add 4c. per pound postage on Beans.



Dutch Case Knife.

BEET.—One ounce of seed sows fifty feet of drill. Directions for sowing printed on every packet.

Crosby's Improved Egyptian.—Small-necked, dark-fleshed, thicker, smoother and better quality, but a few days later than the old Egyptian. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Black Knight.—Half-long in shape, dark red in color, fine grain; extra early. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

Edmand's Improved Blood Turnip.—Deep blood skin, and very dark; flesh of the very best quality. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

The Lentz Beet.—Of fine turnip-form; root smooth, and dark red flesh. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

Pearce's Long Dark Black-Red (Private Stock).—Color dark blood-red; very tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

Though we have reduced the prices we keep up the fine quality of our stocks.



"CABBAGE CULTURE," BY GREGORY. PRICE, 30c., POST-PAID.

BEET—New Eclipse.—Very early; smooth, round, intense blood-red skin and flesh. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

Bastian's Very Early Blood Turnip.—One of the earliest. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

Egyptian Dark Red Turnip (Private Stock).—Very early, and of rapid growth; dark blood-red color. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip.—Early; fine form and flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

CABBAGE.—For cabbage the ground must be highly manured, deeply dug or plowed, and thoroughly worked, to insure good, full-sized heads. A heavy, moist and fresh loam is most suitable. The early sorts should be sown very early in hot-beds, hardened off, and transplanted 18 to 24 inches apart early in the spring. Late varieties should be sown in May, in seed beds, and transplanted in June and July, in rows three feet apart, and two feet between the plants. One ounce of seed will produce about 2,000 plants.



The Vandergaw.

The Vandergaw, or All Seasons (Originator's Stock).—Second early, large and perfect shape; stock pure. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Pearce's 50-Lb.—Remarkable for its immense size, firm heart and superior heading properties; heads broad, very large, frequently attaining a diameter of twenty inches and more. As a late, hardy and productive variety, it has no superior. One of the best for making "sauerkraut." Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c.

Burpee's Allhead.—Remarkably solid, uniform in color, very tender, and valuable as a winter cabbage, if sown late. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.

Henderson's Succession, or Improved Early Summer.—As a midsummer variety it has no equal; only a few days later than Early Summer, but much larger. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Pearce's Express (Private Stock).—The earliest cabbage grown, heads medium size and solid. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

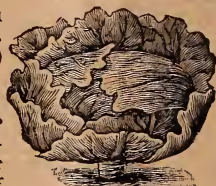
To Destroy the CABBAGE WORM and MAGGOT, see Insect Destroyers.

Bridgeport Large Drumhead.—Grown extensively for the Chicago market; heads large, round and firm, will neither rot nor burst; first-class keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c; lb. \$3.00.

Fottler's Brunswick (Short Stem).—Solid heads, second early or late; stock pure. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Mammoth Marblehead.—A very large variety, of great merit. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.

Pearce's Short Stem Drumhead (Private Stock).—A sure header. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c; lb. \$3.00.



Pearce's Short Stem Drumhead.

Charleston Wakefield, or Improved Jersey Wakefield.—The largest and best first early cabbage; about half as large again as the old Wakefield, and only two or three days later. On our trial grounds this was the purest and best-selected stock in our cabbage plot. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.



Large German Drumhead Savoy.

Pearce's Surehead (Private Stock).—This variety is a sure header, of very fine quality; one of the best large winter sorts grown. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Large German Drumhead Savoy, or Des Vertus.—It has a short stump, grows to a large size, compact and solid; largest Savoy in cultivation. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Giant Erfurt Blood-Red.—One of the largest red sorts; fine for exhibition. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1; lb. \$3.00.



Giant Erfurt Blood-Red.

Also such well-known varieties as Early Winningstadt, Drumhead Savoy, and Large Red Drumhead, each, pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

One year's business is crowded into the spring months. Give us a chance by ordering early.

CARROT.—The carrot should always be sown in a good, deep, rich soil. Sow from middle to last of the spring, in rows 15 to 18 inches apart, covering half an inch deep; when the third leaf is out thin to six inches apart in the rows. Keep clear from weeds, and cultivate thoroughly. One ounce will sow one hundred feet of drill.

Pearce's Scarlet Model, or Selected Chantenay (Private Stock).—Finest stump-rooted carrot in cultivation; regular in shape; single top root; scarlet color; flesh sweet. (See cut No. 2.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Guerande Half-Long, or Oxheart.—Half-long, thick and short; a favorite. (See cut No. 5.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Half-Long Scarlet Stump-Rooted.—An excellent sort, of good quality. (See cut No. 4.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Early Scarlet English Horn.—A popular sort; fine grained and good flavor. (See cut No. 6.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Long Red St. Valery, or Intermediate (pointed root).—Very productive. (See cut No. 3.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

"CARROT AND MANGELS," by Gregory. Price, 60c., post-paid.



CAULIFLOWER.—Culture about the same as cabbage. The cauliflower delights in a cool, moist atmosphere, and a deep, rich soil. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.



Giant White Pearl.

Giant White Pearl (Private Stock).—Introduced by us three years ago. Extra early and twice as large as any other extra early sort. The finest, best and surest header of all. (See cut.) Pkt. 25c; oz. \$3.

French Erfurt Dwarf (Private Stock).—Our strain cannot be equalled; we recommend it to market gardeners as one of the best for early or late use. (See cut.) Pkt. 20c; oz. \$2.00.



Erfurt Dwarf.

German Erfurt (German Seed).—Dwarf habit, compact, reliable. Pkt. 25c; oz. \$2.75.



Henderson's Snowball.

Henderson's Early Snowball—Best for forcing or open ground; sure header. (See cut.) Pkt. 25c; oz. \$2.75.

J. S. P. & Co.'s Snowstorm.—Good for early or late; a sure header, close and compact; very reliable. Pkt. 25c; oz. \$3.00.

Extra Early Paris.—Heads medium size; first-class. Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.

Lenormand's Mammoth.—Has very large heads, white and firm. (See cut.) Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00.



Lenormand Mammoth.

Lenormand's Short Stem.—Produces close, compact heads of fine quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00.

Veitch's Autumn Giant.—Vigorous in growth, and very large; late. (See cut.) Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00.



Veitch's Autumn Giant.

"THE CAULIFLOWER: ITS HISTORY AND CULTURE," by Francis Brill. Price, 25c., post-paid.

CRESS OR PEPPER GRASS.—A well-known pungent salad. Requires to be sown thickly, and covered very lightly, at frequent intervals, to keep up a succession of crops, as it soon runs to seed.

Extra Triple Curled.—A small salad, much used with lettuce. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

True Water Cress.—Should be grown upon the margin of streams of moving waters, to which location roots can be easily transplanted. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

Exeter, Sept. 29th, 1895.

MESSRS. J. S. PEARCE & CO.:

Gentlemen,—When I was at the Western Fair I told your representative that I had three cauliflowers that weighed 25 pounds. Since which I have taken three more to Exeter; weighed by Mr. Wm. Carling at 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. As near as I can remember, each weighed 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds, the roots being trimmed and the leaves cut back to under the head. Seed purchased from you last spring. Variety: Giant White Pearl.

Yours truly, W. G. WALKER.

P.S.—Mr. Carling is a merchant in Exeter.

We defy competition, either in quality or price.

CUCUMBER.—Cucumbers

succeed best in warm, moist, rich loamy ground. They should not be planted in the open air until there is a prospect of settled warm weather. Plant in hills about four feet apart each way. The hills should be previously prepared by thoroughly mixing with the soil of each a shovelful of well-rotted manure. When all danger from insects is past, thin out, leaving three or four of the strongest to each hill. One ounce will plant about fifty hills.



Japanese Climbing.

Japanese Climbing.—It is a strong

and vigorous grower, climbing on fences, poles, or trellises, and the fruits, being raised well above the ground, never suffer from wet weather or insects. Cucumbers from 10 to 12 inches in length, of fine green color; the flesh is thick and firm, and fine for pickling as well as slicing. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

Extra Early Siberian.—

This has proved to be the earliest in cultivation, producing cucumber 5 inches long in fifty-five days. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.

Everbearing.—Of small size;

very early; enormously productive and valuable as a green pickler. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.



Pearce's Long Green.

Pearce's Improved Long Green (Private stock).—

Long, smooth; flesh solid, crisp. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Westerfield's Chicago Pickling.—Dark green in color; very prolific; used almost exclusively by Chicago pickling houses. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.**Early White Spine.**—Fine

shape; good market sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.

Early Russian.—The earliest

in cultivation; flavor pleasant and agreeable. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.

Boston Pickling.—A favorite

Boston sort; fine for pickling. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Early Frame, or Early Short Green.

Light green, with crisp, tender flesh. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.



Early Frame, for table

use. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.



Boston Pickling.

Tailby's Hybrid.—Very long; one of the best

Tailby's Hybrid.

Long Green Prickly.—Well-known;

good yielder. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 90c.

**ENGLISH FORCING CUCUMBER**—**Long Green Prickly. Lockie's Perfection.**—A remarkably productive variety,

bearing fruit 15 inches in length, perfect models in shape; of high quality. Pkt. 20c.

Tender and True.—Perfect in form; of exquisite flavor; one of the best. Pkt. 20c.**Carter's Model.**—The handsomest cucumber grown; perfect in outline, and of fine flavor. Pkt. 20c.**Blue Gown.**—From 18 to 24 inches long; very uniform and fine fruit. Pkt. 25c.**Improved Telegraph.**—Crisp, and of superior quality; very early and prolific. Pkt. 20c.**Carter's Earliest of All.**—Will produce perfect fruit nine days in advance of all others; of good color, handsome form and fine flavor. Pkt. 20c.

Lockie's Perfection.



TO WARD OFF THE STRIPED BUG,
SEE INSECT DESTROYERS.



Citron for Preserves.

CITRON—Red Seeded

(For preserving).—Striped and marbled with light green. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Colorado Citron (For preserving).—Very large, often

weighing twenty-five pounds each; flesh firm and solid, color pale green. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

CHICORY—Large Rooted or Coffee.—

The leaves are used as a salad, and the dry roots as a substitute for coffee. The seed should be sown in rows the same as for carrots. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 60c.

Large Rooted or Witloof.—Somewhat resembling

chicory, and excellent used either as a salad or boiled. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. 75c.

CHIVES.—We

cannot too strongly recommend the growing of a few dozen chives; when once planted they live forever.

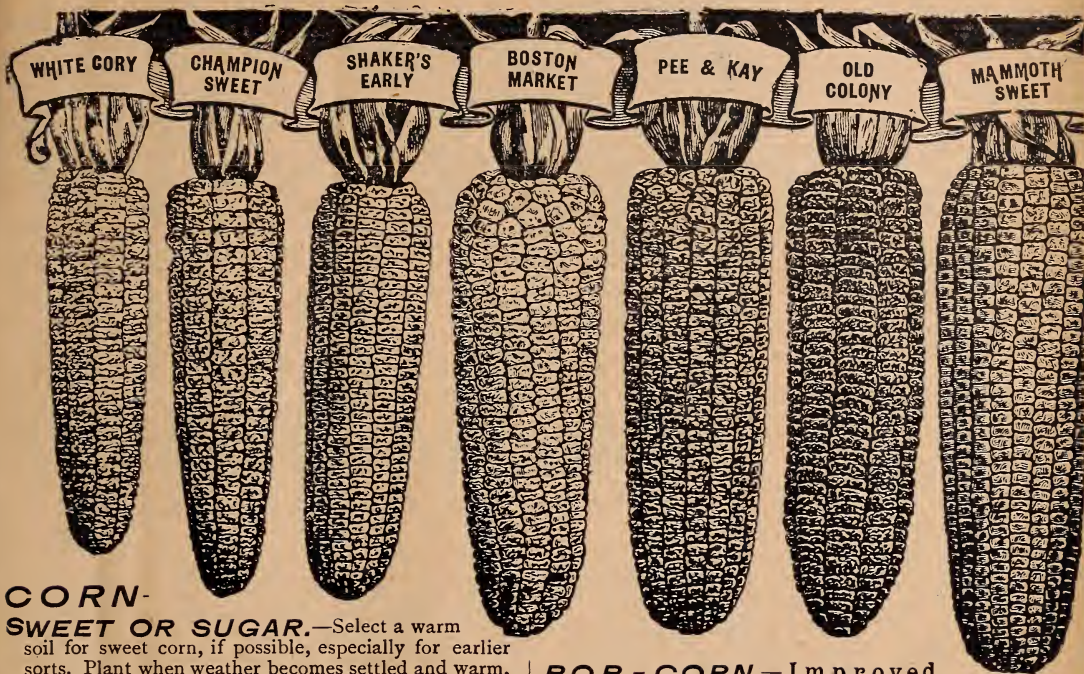


Chives.

It is propagated by divisions of the root tufts, which should be set out in April or May, in rows of 12 inches, the sets being placed at four inches in the row.

A few plants taken in the house, and placed in the cellar, will, as soon as brought to light, sprout and bear an abundance of greens for salads, of strong onion flavor. Per 12, 20c; per 25, 30c; per 100, \$1.00.

Colorado Citrons grow from 15 to 30 pounds in weight.



CORN—SWEET OR SUGAR.—Select a warm soil for sweet corn, if possible, especially for earlier sorts. Plant when weather becomes settled and warm, for there is no vegetable that is stunted so easily as corn. Plant in hills three feet apart each way, and thin out to three plants in a hill. One quart will plant about 200 hills; one peck to plant an acre in hills.

Boston Market.—The largest-eared early corn grown; large deep kernel, and very sweet. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

Champion Sweet.—Large size, small white cobs, and extreme earliness make it a valuable variety for market and family use. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

Shaker's Early.—Early as Minnesota, but far larger ears. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

White Cory, or Talbot's First and Best.—The earliest of all sweet corn; cob and grain white, of fine flavor. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

Mitchell's Extra Early (white flint).—The earliest corn in cultivation; ears six to seven inches long, well filled; small cob. Well suited for Manitoba and Northwest Territories. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

Pee & Kay Sweet.—Second early; ears long and thick. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

Stowell's Evergreen Sweet.—The most popular late sweet variety grown. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

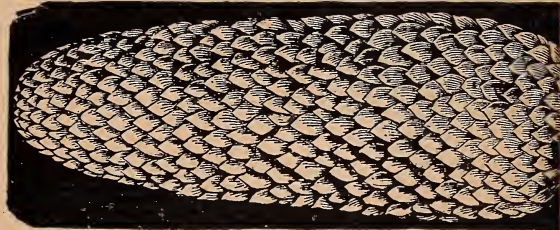
Mammoth Sweet (Private Stock).—Late, large and sweet. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

Honey Sweet.—Sweetest corn in the market; bears three to four good large ears on the stalk. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

Old Colony.—Sixteen to twenty-rowed ears, grain very deep, and the sweetest and best of the late sorts. It is fit to use a few days earlier than Evergreen. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 15 lbs. \$1.75.

POP-CORN—Improved

White Rice.—A grand sort, with good-sized ears, and beautiful white kernels that pop as white as snow. There is no variety that we know of that will give as much satisfaction for popping as this one. Indispensable on account of the great beauty of its rich, snow-white ears. Lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c.



White Rice Pop-Corn.

ENDIVE.—For first crop sow about the middle of May, and for succession, in June and July; when two or three inches high thin out or transplant into good soil one foot apart; when large enough tie up the loose leaves, or cover with flower-pot to blanch for salad.



Green Curled Endive.

Green Curled.—The hardiest variety grown; beautifully curled, tender and crisp. (See cut) Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$2.50.

ADD 4 CENTS PER POUND POSTAGE ON CORN.

SPANISH KING or PRIZE-TAKER, the largest Onion in the world.

CELERY.—Sow in hotbeds early in spring, and when three inches high plant out in a well-prepared bed, and when the plants are six inches high, transplant six ins. apart into trenches for blanching. The trenches should be four feet apart; dig fifteen inches wide, and ten inches deep. Fill in five or six inches of well-rotted manure. One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants.

Giant Golden Heart.—Stalks very thick, perfectly solid; quality equal to the old Golden Heart, and in habit of growth much taller. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

New Rose.—The best of all red varieties; tender, crisp, and good flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

Giant Pascal.—It is of medium height; very brittle; stem thick, fleshy and very tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

New Golden Self-Blanching, or Paris Golden-Yellow (Private Stock).—A fine solid variety, of a rich golden color; perfectly solid, brittle, and of delicious flavor. (See cut.) Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

White Plume (Private Stock).—Tender, crisp, good flavor; requires very little labor in blanching. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

"CELERY MANUAL," by Vaughn & Eddy. Price, 60c., post-paid.

EGG PLANT.—Sow early in hotbed, or in a box in the house. When the plants are four inches high transplant to two feet apart in very rich, warm soil. One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants.



Egg Plant.

New York Improved Purple.—Best in cultivation; early, and of fine quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c.

Black Pekin.—Large size; skin black, glossy and smooth; flesh white, very solid; early and prolific. (See cut.) Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

GARLIC.—Extensively used for flavoring soups, stews, etc. Plant sets in drills eight inches apart, and four inches in the row. Cultivate like onions. When the tops are dry they are ready to gather. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 10c; lb. 30c.



Garlic.

THUNDER CHILD'S RESERVE,
October 6, 1895.

JOHN S. PEARCE & Co., London:

Dear Sirs,—I am in receipt of the Tulip Bulbs you so kindly sent me. The seeds I had from you last spring were the first I sent for, and they more than gave me satisfaction, as all were so fresh and good.

Yours faithfully,
REV. D. D. MACDONALD.

SUPERIOR CELERY SEED.



ONE PACKET EACH OF THESE FOUR CELERIES FOR 20c.



British Columbia, Sept. 20th, 1895.

The vegetable seeds we had from you in the spring were very good, and gave much better satisfaction than some which were ordered from another well-known firm at the same time.

A. MOODY.

GOURDS.—The following four varieties will be found quite serviceable in any household. No one would think, without having tried them, of many uses they can be put to. Cultivate as cucumbers, or they may be trained over lattice work or utilized to cover stumps or fences.

ONE PACKET EACH OF THESE FOUR USEFUL GOURDS FOR 15c.

Japanese Nest-Egg.—Grows almost uniformly to the size, color and shape of a hen's egg, although some vary in size from a pigeon's egg up to a goose egg, and so exactly like an egg do they appear as to almost deceive anyone. The shells are hard and durable, and make the very best nest-eggs, as they do not crack. The largest ones, when sawed in two, make excellent pots for starting tomato, strawberry and other plants. The Nest-Egg Gourd is a rapid and desirable climber, quickly covering old sheds or any unsightly object with a mass of green foliage, thickly dotted with beautiful white eggs. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

Luffa, or Dish-Cloth.—The peculiar lining of this fruit, which is sponge-like, porous, tough, elastic and durable, makes a natural dish-cloth. The fruit grows about two feet in length, and the vine is very ornamental, producing large clusters of yellow blossoms, in pleasing contrast with the silvery-shaded, dark green foliage. For the bath, and for the toilet in general, the "Dish-Rag Gourd" is taking the place of the sponge. It is, in fact, a sponge, soft brush and a bath-glove combined, and is almost indestructible. The seed should be started in a hotbed or in the house. Pkt. 5c.

Dipper.—Makes a more light and convenient dipper than can be bought. Dippers of various sizes, of a capacity of from a pint to a quart and a-half, can be had from a few vines. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.

Sugar-Trough.—Very convenient for buckets, baskets, nest boxes, etc. Sometimes grow so large as to hold ten gallons each. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.

Our Grand New Celery beats them all. See Novelty List.



HORSE - RADISH.

—The best way to grow horse - radish is from the little roots four or five inches in length, and not the crowns. These small $\frac{1}{3}$ roots will produce good radish fit for use in one season's growth. Plant the set small end down, so that the top will be two inches under the soil. It can remain in the ground until very late in the autumn, and be pitted, or a portion can remain in the ground until the spring. A dozen will give all that is needed for family use for a lifetime. Doz. 50c, post-paid.

KOHL RABI, OR TURNIP-ROOTED CABBAGE.

—Sow seed, and transplant the same as cabbage. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.

Early White Vienna.—The earliest and best table variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Large Late Purple Goliath.—The largest of all; fine for feeding stock. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.



Kohl Rabi.

LEEK.

—Leek is reputed more delicate than the onion for soups, etc. Sow in seed bed in middle of spring; when the plants are three or four inches high, transplant into rows wide enough apart to admit the hoe between them. With good culture they may be grown four or five inches in circumference. The leek should be more generally cultivated. One ounce will sow



Monstrous Carentan. 100 feet of drill.

Broad Flag, or London.—A popular variety, hardy and of good quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Monstrous Carentan, or Scotch Champion.—Large size and very hardy; clear white, and of very superior flavor. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c; lb. \$3.00.

POND LILY FARM, Oct. 23, '95.

Dear Sirs,—As I am wanting some bulbs for fall planting I thought I would write to you. My wants are as follows: . . . I have bought a lot of bulbs and seeds from you in the past, and I will say that they were first-class in every respect, and gave good satisfaction.

ROBT. L. JARVIS.

ST. MARY'S, Jan. 17th, 1895.

JOHN S. PEARCE & Co.:

Gentlemen,—We have enclosed a list of our wants in the seed line, and trust you will, as in the past, give us good satisfaction. Thanking you very much for your kind attention to all our enquiries in the past, we remain,
Yours truly,
R. SERVICE & SONS.

LETTUCE.—Sow early in the spring in a sheltered location. Plants can be kept in winter in cold frames for a succession of crops. Sow at intervals every few weeks. One ounce will sow 150 feet of row.



California All-Heart.

Golden Stonehead, or Drumhead.—A very early variety; very large, solid heads of fine quality. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Burnell's White Cos.—Largely grown in England. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.



Golden Stonehead, or Drumhead.



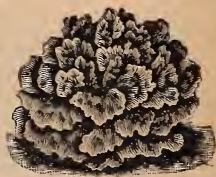
Rosedale, or Early Ohio.

The Rosedale, or Selected Early Ohio (Private Stock).—A rapid grower, tender and sweet at all times. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Pearce's Nonsuch (Private Stock).—It has large, firm heads, with hearts of a but-
tery color; very crisp, and of the finest flavor. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Early Curled Simpson.—A leading early market sort. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Improved Hanson.—Very large head, crisp and tender, a favorite market sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.



Curled Simpson.



Golden Queen.

Golden Queen.—A new distinct variety, forming heads of a beautiful golden-yellow color, being crisp, tender, and of good flavor; stands a long time before running to seed. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

MUSTARD.—Sow at intervals through the spring in rows six inches apart, rather thick. Cut when two or three inches high.

White London.—Used for salads. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 30c.

MINT (MENTHA).—Generally preferred for culinary and medicinal purposes. The leaves or tops are used in spring salads, and eaten dried as sauce with lamb and in soups. For medicinal use, cut just as the flowers appear. It should be cut in very dry weather. 50c per dozen roots.

January 17th, 1895.

"Hurrah for Pearce's Seeds!"

R. SERVICE & SONS, St. Mary's.

Horse Radish Graters—Write us for prices and particulars.

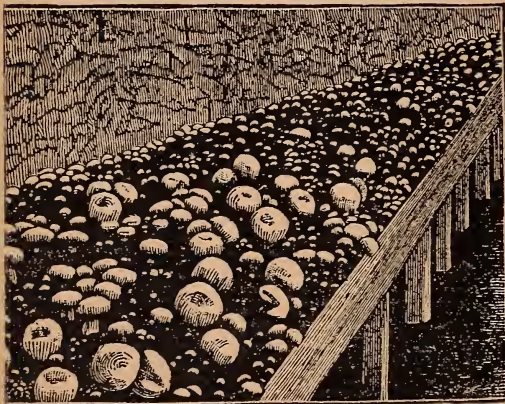
MARTYNIA.—This is quite ornamental in growth, quickly forming large bushes, and bearing handsome Gloxinia-like flowers.



When young and tender (test by pinching with the nail) the seed-pods make excellent pickles, and as they are produced in great abundance a very few plants will suffice for an ordinary garden.

Sow in May or June. It is well worth growing, as the large plants with their handsome pods attract great attention. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c.

MUSHROOMS.—Mushrooms may be grown in cellars, under benches of greenhouses or in sheds wherever the temperature of 50 degrees can be kept up through the winter. The beds should be made according to the time the mushrooms are wanted, and it requires about two months for them to begin bearing. Secure fresh stable manure, free from straw and litter, and mix in an equal bulk of loam from an old pasture with it. Keep this under cover, taking care to turn it every day to prevent heating, until the pile is large enough to make a bed of the required size. Three or four feet wide, eight inches deep, and any length desired, are the proper proportions for a bed; but these may be varied. Prepare the mixture of loam and manure, making the bed in layers, and pounding down each with the back of the spade.



Leave this to heat through for a few days, and as soon as the heat subsides to 80 degrees make holes in the bed about a foot apart each way, into which put pieces of the spawn two to three inches in diameter; fill up the holes with the compost, and at the expiration of a week or ten days the spawn will have thoroughly diffused itself through the bed. Spread a layer of fresh soil over the heap to the depth of two inches, and cover with three or four inches of hay, straw or litter. Examine the bed often to see that it does not get dry. Take special care, however, when water is given, that it be at a temperature of 80 degrees.

English Spawn, per brick 25c. French Spawn, per lb. 60c; 2-lb. boxes \$1.00, post-paid.

To every purchaser of Mushroom Spawn our treatise on "MUSHROOM CULTURE" free.

MELON—MUSK.

The melon, being of a tropical origin, comes to perfection only in a warm temperature. For the north, it is advisable to secure the early varieties. A poor, sandy soil will ripen them well, but they should be planted in well-enriched hills.



The Osage Musk.

The Osage, or Miller's Cream.—Extremely early; large size; color salmon; very productive, and unexcelled for shipping purposes. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Burpee's Melrose.—Flesh very thick and solid; clear light green in color, shading to a rich salmon at the seed cavity. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.

Perfected Delmonico.—Almost a perfect globe in shape; flesh of a deep rich orange-yellow, of very fine grain; strong, hardy grower, and very prolific. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.

The Princess (Private Stock).—Flesh rich salmon; thicker than any other melon; ripens early, with the best flavor. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Montreal Market (Green Nutmeg).—Large, nearly round; netted; flesh thick. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Jersey Belle.—Largest of all the extra early sorts; beautiful green flesh, deeply ribbed, heavily netted, of exquisite quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Bay View.—One of the largest, most prolific and best cantaloups grown. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.

MELON—WATER.

Although the finest melons are produced on light, sandy, comparatively poor soil, a vigorous start for the young plant is necessary, and for this we need a hill of rich earth, similar to that for cucumbers. If very large fruit is required, pick off all but one melon. One ounce will plant about forty hills.

Stoke's Early.—Extra early; dark green skin, slightly mottled with white; flesh scarlet and solid. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Mountain Sweet.—An old favorite; oblong in shape. Flesh red and sweet. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

The Jones.—Color of skin a solid green; flesh bright red; particularly sweet, juicy and melting. It grows to a large size, frequently attaining the weight of eighty pounds. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.



Princess Musk.



Montreal Market.



Bay View Musk.



Stoke's Early.



Mountain Sweet.

MELON.—**Cole's Early.**—Of medium size; nearly round in shape; flesh dark red, rind thin, and of the very best quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.



The Dixie.

The Dixie.—Surpasses the Klob Gem as a shipper, and without a peer in fine quality and productiveness. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

To destroy the Striped Bug use Jayes' "Gardener's Friend," non-poisonous and easily applied.

VINE PEACH, OR MANGO MELON.

—This new vegetable, introduced by us a few years ago, has given great satisfaction wherever tried and properly understood. They are as easily raised as cucumbers or melons, thrive on any kind of soil, and are *immensely productive*. They grow about the size, and much resemble an ordinary orange. Outer skin—a beautiful orange color; flesh thick, meaty, spicy, and good flavor, somewhat like a preserving citron. When ripe the fruit falls from the vine; the flesh is very firm, with a small cavity in the center, and when peeled and theseeds taken out, they much resemble peaches. For *sweet pickles, pies, or preserving*, they are *superb*. A few pieces of sliced lemon, or a little lemon essence, adds to their flavor, and is usually desirable. They are easily cultivated, wonderfully productive, and can be used in every way in which you would use a peach, except that they are not usually liked raw, although some consider them excellent simply sliced, with a little sugar. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.



GARDEN LEMON.—It resembles the Vine Peach in manner of growth and shape of fruit, but is distinct in that the unripe fruit is striped with very dark green, nearly black, while the Vine Peach is plain green, and when ripe it is not russeted like the Vine Peach. Fruit is somewhat smaller, has thinner flesh, and is most decidedly more acid, thus dispensing with the sliced lemon, which is so important in putting up the Vine Peach. Preserved in the same way as citron, or in conjunction with citron, peaches, vine peach, etc. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.



ONION.—The onion thrives best in a strong, rich loamy soil; unlike most vegetables, it succeeds best when cultivated on the same ground for a succession of years. Sow very early in the spring, in drills a quarter of an inch deep and one foot apart. One ounce will sow 100 ft. of row; 4 or 6 lbs. per acre.

OUR RELIABLE ONION SEED.—Our onion seed is *all grown from choice selected bulbs*, critically examined before being set out for seed, and we guarantee every ounce of our seed to be of high germinating quality, and reliable in every respect. In quality it is vastly superior to much that is put upon the market, often grown by persons either too inexperienced or too careless to select fine, well-shaped bulbs. The very rapid increase in our onion seed trade, particularly among market gardeners, many of whom order from five to twenty-five pounds of seed, is the very best evidence that our onion seed is *Unexcelled in Quality*.

White Barletta.—Very early; pure white in color, and mild. Suitable for Manitoba and Northwest. (See cut No. 6.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$3.

Extra Large Red Wethersfield (Private Stock).—Skin deep purplish-red; large, good keeper. (See cut No. 4.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

Extra Early Red Flat.—Very early; of medium size, and deep red color; heavy yielder, and keeps well. Suitable for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. (See cut No. 2.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Yellow Globe Danvers (Private Stock).—Our superior strain of this variety is unsurpassed, it having taken first prizes wherever exhibited. Grown under our own personal supervision; we can guarantee the quality as being much superior to Eastern or California grown seed. (See cut No. 5.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Yellow Globe Danvers (Ordinary Stock).—Eastern grown seed, of the best germinating quality. (See cut No. 1.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Yellow Dutch, or Flat Danvers.—A standard early sort; bulbs flat; skin yellow; flesh white; keeps well; very suitable for Manitoba or N.-W. Territories. (See cut No. 6.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

ONION—Large White Portugal or Silver Skin.—A mild onion, but not a good keeper. (See cut No. 3.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$3.00.

Silver Skin Pickling.—A very small white variety for pickling. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Welsh White.—Very hardy; used for fall sowing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

NEW FOREIGN ONION.—

Milder in flavor than the American varieties, and well adapted for market or home use. In order to get very large onions the first season, start the seed in February, either in the greenhouse, hot-bed, or in the house in boxes, and transplant in open ground as early as they can be set out, about six inches apart in row.

Giant Rocca.—Grows to a large size; skin brown; of fine flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Mammoth Red Victoria.—Of handsome, globe shape; skin very dark, almost blood-red in color; flesh white; flavor very mild and sweet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$3.00.

Mammoth Silver King.—Silvery white skin, and mild flavor; very large size. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$3.00.

ONION SETS AND TOPS.—

Much disappointment to buyers has resulted in past years from the indefinite knowledge possessed by dealers in regard to the difference between some kinds. We therefore advise all (unless they are experts, and know the difference) to send direct to the seedmen for their wants.



Rosedale Sets.
(From a Photograph.)

"Rosedale" Yellow Dutch Sets.—A acknowledged by all who have tried them as the finest strain of Dutch Sets offered, being uniform in size, good shape and color, and sure to produce onions of good flavor and cooking quality. We have made a specialty of the "Rosedale Strain" for a number of years, and every year increasing sales proves how they have gained in popular favor, our supply being exhausted far before the season is over. The best evidence of their popularity is the fact that we dispose of them to market gardeners year after year, who pronounce one bushel equal to two bushels of the ordinary Dutch Sets. Qt. 25c; post-paid, 30c.

"NEW ONION CULTURE," by Grenier. Price, 60c., post-paid.

Oct. 3rd, 1895.

Dear Sirs,—I was well pleased with the Rosedale Sets. They are just what I wanted. Will order more next spring. Send me your prices by the bushel.

A. MOORE.



White Multiplier Onion Sets.—(For Green Onions.)

White Multiplier Onion Sets (Green Onion for First Early Bunching).—They are of a pure silvery white color, enormously productive, frequently producing as many as twenty bulbs in a single cluster from a single bulb planted; their most important quality is extreme earliness, being ready for market from three to four weeks ahead of other onion sets. The largest of the sets, if allowed to grow through the summer, make an onion of fair size, which divides when ripening in the fall, multiplying for another season. Our illustration is made accurately from nature. Have proven by a thorough test on our trial grounds that these can be planted in the fall, and will stand the winter without any protection whatever. Qt. 25c; qt., post-paid, 30c.

Dutch Sets (Ordinary Stock).—Qt. 20c; qt., post-paid, 25c.

Top, or Button.—Grown only from bulbs. Qt. 25c; qt., post-paid, 30c.

English Potato.—Very mild. Qt. 10c; qt., post-paid, 15c.

Shallots.—Used for pulling early. Qt. 10c; qt., post-paid, 15c.

English Multipliers.—For green onions, similar to shallots, but milder in flavor. Qt. 10c; qt., post-paid, 15c.

Perennial Tree Onion.—For fall planting; producing green onions before any other variety. Qt. 10c; qt., post-paid, 15c.

The above prices are subject to market fluctuation.

OKRA, OR GUMBO.—This plant is cultivated for its green pods, which are used in soups and stews when small. Sow middle of May, in drills three feet apart, and thin out to one foot apart.

Improved Dwarf Green.—Early; smooth pods. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Jan. 17th, 1895.

April 2nd, 1895.

"Pearce's seeds are the best."

Thanks for nice package of seeds sent gratis.

R. SERVICE & SONS,

St. Mary's.

Yours truly, D. DEMPSEY.

PEAS.—Peas require good ground, enriched with well-rotted manure; fresh manure is injurious. They are usually sown in double drills; that is, two drills eight inches apart; by so doing, one row of sticks will serve for two rows of peas. The space between the double drill may be about three feet or less, according to the height of the peas. Sow early sorts rather thick, and they will withstand dry weather and yield better than those sown thin. One quart will sow 100 feet of drill.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES—Pearce's Uno.—For earliness, productiveness, and quality, this is perfection. A round blue pea, with vines about two feet long, medium sized pods and well filled. The earliest pea in existence. Lb. 15c; peck \$1.75.



Kentish Invicta, or Alaska (Private Stock).—A round blue sort, of superior flavor; two feet. Lb. 10c; peck \$1.25.

***American Wonder.**—Extra early; productive; of fine flavor. Lb. 20c; peck \$2.25.

First and Best.—Very early, prolific, and uniform in ripening; two feet. (See cut.) Lb. 10c; peck \$1.25.

***Carter's Premium, or Improved Little Gem** (Private Stock).—Pods long, and well filled; finest flavor; one and a-half feet. Lb. 20c; peck \$2.25.

EARLY AND MEDIUM VARIETIES.

Horsford's Market Garden.—Extremely prolific, of superior quality; two feet. (See cut.) Lb. 10c; peck \$1.35.

***McLean's Advancer.**—A fine standard sort, of excellent quality; productive; two feet. Lb. 20c; peck \$2.00.

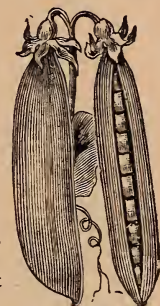
***The Queen.**—Pods large, green slightly curved. The peas are large, oval, deep green, and of a delicious flavor when cooked. From 2 to 2½ feet in height. Lb. 30c.



***Yorkshire Hero.**—Fine main crop sort; prolific, and fine flavor; two and a-half feet. (See cut.) Lb. 15c; peck \$1.50.

***Prince of Wales.**—Of robust habit; immense pods, containing eight to ten rich-flavored peas; haulms completely covered with well-filled pods. Lb. 25c; peck \$2.75.

Bliss Everbearing.—Very productive; long pods, and large peas; sow thin; two and a-half feet. (See cut.) Lb. 20c; peck \$2.00.

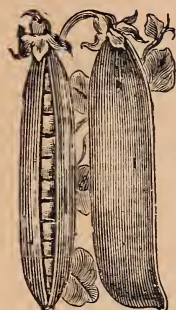


Horsford's Market Garden.



Bliss Everbearing.

***Stanley.**—Beautiful, well-filled pods; tremendous cropper; vine about 18 inches high, and very stalky; peas of a delicious flavor and very large. Lb. 15c; peck \$1.75.



Stratagem.

***Carter's Stratagem** (wrinkled). It is dwarf, of robust habit; pods large; peas sweet, and very productive; a general favorite; sow thin; height one and a-half feet. (See cut.) Lb. 20c; peck \$2.00.

MAIN AND LATE CROP VARIETIES.—Champion of England.—A well-known standard sort; sow thick; height five feet. Lb. 10c; peck \$1.25.

***Hair's Dwarf Mammoth.**—One of the richest wrinkled late sorts in cultivation; height two and a-half feet. Lb. 20c; peck \$2.25.

Dwarf Sugar Edible Pods.—The pods and peas are cooked and eaten together like green beans; height one and one-quarter feet. Lb. 20c; peck \$2.25.

Those marked * are wrinkled marrows, and unless otherwise stated, should be sown thicker than the round peas, and not till the ground has become warm, as they are more liable to rot; are the finest flavored of all peas.

ADD 4c. PER POUND POSTAGE ON PEAS.

PEPPER.—Should be sown early, to be ready for transplanting when the weather becomes warm. Select light, warm ground; plant ten inches apart, and keep well hoed; hen or other bird manure, hoed in with the earth when the plants are six inches high, will greatly increase the product.



Long Red Cayenne.

Elephant's Trunk.—Fruit bright scarlet, from eight inches

to one foot in length, and in diameter about four inches; flavor very mild, and valuable for use in the green state; very solid. Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c.



Ruby King.

Ruby King.—The finest exhibition variety grown, being of a beautiful shape; enormous size; of a bright ruby red color, and very productive. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c.



Procop's Giant.

Procop's Giant.—This is the largest of all peppers; some grown fully nine inches in length and two and a-half inches thick, being glossy, scarlet, and mild. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c.

Bull Nose, or Large Bell.—Large; early; sweet; mild flavor; glossy red. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.



Bull Nose.

Also such well-known varieties as Long Red Cayenne, Long Yellow, Red Chili, and Long Red. Each, pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.

PUMPKIN.—Pumpkins are now principally cultivated for agricultural purposes. They are usually planted in fields of corn or potatoes, but may be profitably raised in fields by themselves. Plant 1st of May in hills eight feet apart.



Japanese Pie.

Japanese Pie.—A very fine variety for pies, flesh thick; fine grained; and dry and sweet. They ripen early and are excellent keepers. (See cut.) Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Jumbo of California.—They grow in shape long and round, like a barrel, and often attain a weight of 200 to 300 pounds. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

Winter Luxury.—Grows to a diameter of nine to ten inches; of a beautiful yellow or straw color, and finely netted like a musk melon. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.

Calhoun.—Deep salmon-yellow; fine grained, and of the best quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c.

Etampes Mammoth Red.—Skin smooth, bright red; thick meated; good quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c.

Common Yellow Field.—Standard yellow field variety, used almost exclusively for stock. Qt. 25c; post-paid, 29c.

PARSLEY.—Sow as early in spring as the ground can be worked, in drills fourteen inches apart, and one-half inch deep; when large enough thin out to ten inches apart. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.

Taber's Exquisite.—Dwarf curled dark green; finest for market gardeners' use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Carter's Fern-leaved.—Extensively used for garnishing; leaves resembling a fern. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.



Carter's Fern-leaved.

Champion Moss Curled.—Very popular in England; leaves crimped and curled. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

PARSNIP.—Sow early in spring in drills eighteen inches apart, one-half inch deep; when up, thin out to five or six inches apart. For spring use the roots can remain in the ground over winter. One ounce will sow about 200 feet of drill.

Improved Hollow Crowned.—A great cropper; fine flavored, and considered one of the best for general cultivation. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

Pearce's Perfection.—The roots grow broader at the shoulder than the Long Smooth, of fine texture, and excellent flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

RADISH.—The radish is being grown more and more every year. For early use, sow in spring as soon as the ground can be worked, and continue sowing every two weeks throughout the season for a succession. One oz. will sow 100 feet of drill.



Early White Olive-shaped.

Early White Olive-shaped.—Skin and flesh white; mild and tender. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c.

See Our Cash Prizes.

Long Chartier or Shepherd (White tipped).—Deep crimson color at the top, blending to almost pure white at the bottom; very tender. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.



Chartier.

Long Brightest Scarlet or Cardinal.—The handsomest long radish grown. Fit for use twenty-five days after sowing. Vivid scarlet color; flesh crisp and brittle. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

The Clipper.—The earliest radish grown, maturing in twenty days; flesh pure white; beautiful dark rose color; crisp and sweet; valuable forcing sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.



Lady Finger.

Lady Finger, or White Vienna.—Long, straight, and tender; flesh white. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Long Scarlet Short Top, or Long Salmon.—Color bright scarlet; small top. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 60c.

Scarlet Button.—Next to the Clipper it is the earliest for forcing variety in cultivation; turnip; with deep scarlet skin and white flesh. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.



Scarlet Button.

Sutton's Rosy Gem.—Globose in shape, with deep, rich scarlet top, blending into pure white at the bottom; very early, and a handsome market sort. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c.



New Rosy Gem.

Half-Long Deep Scarlet.—Flesh solid, white and crisp; skin a bright red color; in shape, between the olive and long varieties. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c. Also such well-known varieties

as **French Breakfast, Scarlet Olive-shaped and Early Deep Scarlet Turnip.** Each, pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c.



Half-Long Deep Scarlet.

Muskoka, Ont., Feb. 26, '95.
J. S. PEARCE & CO.:
Gentlemen,—seeds ordered from you received in perfect condition. I intend to compete for prizes offered in your catalogue.
Yours respectfully,
WM. NAISMITH.



RADISH—WINTER VARIETIES.—

White Chinese, or Celestial (An All-Seasons Radish).—The thin skin and solid flesh are both snow white, crisp, brittle, and of the very best quality; quick-growing, and can be pulled at any time, and even when large is firm and crisp. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Round Scarlet China Winter.—Bright scarlet, round, of medium size; flesh pure white; of mild flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

China Rose.—Skin bright rose; flesh white, and keeps well. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Long Black Spanish.—Popular winter sort; good keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.



China Rose.

RHUBARB—Johnston's St. Martin.—

The finest, and one of the earliest of all rhubarbs; grows to a large size, and requires less sugar than any other; of a delicate pink color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$3.00.

Victoria.—A very fine flavored sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$3.00.

Choice roots of any of the above varieties, 15c each; \$1.50 per doz., post-paid.



SPINACH.—

For spring use sow in the fall, in good soil, properly drained, in drills one foot apart; give a slight protection during winter; for summer use sow early in the spring. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

Giant Thick-leaved. Sweet Mountain or Mammoth.—Cultivated and used like any other spinach; grows five to six feet high, quite hardy, and produces an immense quantity of greens. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.50.

Catillion Long-Standing.—It has thick, broad leaves of a fine green color; stands longer than any other variety before going to seed. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 40c.

Giant Thick-leaved (Private Stock).—One of the best market sorts, long standing. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 40c.

“PEARCE'S SEEDS GROW!” The best evidence of their quality is the great demand for them.

SAGE PLANTS—Holt's

Mammoth.—The plants are very strong growing, the first season attaining one foot in height, and spreading so that a single plant covers a space of three feet; strong in flavor, and of superior quality. A single plant yields more than a dozen plants of the common sage; perfectly hardy; it rarely flowers, and never runs to seed. **Plants—**Three for 25c; 7 for 50c., post-paid.

We have a great many enquiries for seed of Holt's Mammoth Sage, but as it very seldom runs to seed, it cannot be offered.



Holt's Mammoth.

SALSIFY, OR VEGETABLE OYSTER.—

Sow in drills half an inch deep, and twelve inches apart, early in the spring; cultivate the same as for parsnips.

How to Cook.—*Fried*—Parboil, scrape off the outside, cut in slices, dip in beaten egg, roll in bread crumbs, and fry in hot lard, until brown on both sides; serve hot.

Mammoth Sandwich Island.—A variety superior to the French sort, producing smoother, larger and more vigorous roots; destined to supersede the old form. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.



Mammoth Sandwich Island.

SQUASH.—The squash is best cultivated in good, rich soil; being a tender vine, it should not be sown until the 15th to 24th of May; plant the bush varieties four by four each way, and six by six, or six by eight for the running sorts. Three or four of the strongest plants should be left in each hill. Slug-shot will be found effectual for keeping off bugs.

The Faxon.—The flesh is a deep orange-yellow. This is the best squash we ever tasted—sweet and very dry. It matures early and can be used as a summer squash. It is the best winter variety we know of, being a very late keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.



Giant Summer Crookneck.

This new strain is even earlier than the common varieties, measuring from 17 inches to two feet long, of finest quality. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Giant Summer Crookneck.

Extra Early Orange Marrow (Private Stock).—Color deep orange, rich flavored, fine grained, and ten days earlier than any of the long-keeping sorts; flavor excellent. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.



Extra Early Orange Marrow.

Essex Hybrid, or Hard-shelled Turban.—One of the best flavored of the squash family, and a good keeper. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30; lb. \$1.00.



Essex Hybrid.

The White Chinese Radish is a great improvement on the California White Mammoth.

SQUASH.—Hubbard (Private Stock).—An old favorite; grows to a large size; flesh fine grained; good keeper. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40; lb. \$1.25.

Long Cream Vegetable Marrow.—An English sort, of superior quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Eureka.—Flesh very thick, and fine-grained, and either steamed or boiled is of extra fine quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.

Golden Custard Bush.—Larger than any of the bush sorts; the color is a dark, rich golden-yellow; for quality, cannot be excelled; grows in bush form; very productive. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

Mammoth Chili, or Mammoth King.—The Jumbo of all squashes, with orange-yellow skin; very smooth; flesh thick, and abundant bearers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.



Golden Custard.

TOMATO.—This is one of the most important of all garden products. The seed should be sown in a hotbed about the first of March, in drills five inches apart, and half an inch deep. When the plants are about two inches high they should be set out four or five inches apart in a hotbed, and about the middle of May transplant into open ground.

Fordhook First.—We find Fordhook First as early as any we have tried; generally perfectly smooth; ripening evenly about the stem; heavy, solid, with a tough skin; of medium size (or a little below), and of a color between the crimson of the Acme and the orange-red of Ignotum. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c.



Fordhook First.

Livingston's Aristocrat.—This fine variety, in habit of growth and foliage resembles the "Dwarf Champion" very much. It may be planted 3 x 3 feet, or even closer, making it also suitable for small gardens, where every foot of land is to be utilized. Properly grown, it is smooth and round, and its delicate tinted coat so glossy that it is entitled to the name "Aristocrat." Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c.



Livingston's Aristocrat.

Dwarf Champion (Private Stock).—A favorite variety with all who grow it; ripens early, and can be grown closer together than any other sort. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

Turner's Hybrid, or Mikado. Large, smooth and solid; skin purplish-red. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.



Dwarf Champion.

Ponderosa, or No. 400.—Very handsome variety; uniformly large, smooth; dark, rich color, and delicious sub-acid flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.25.



Livingston's Beauty.

Livingston's Beauty.—Large, smooth, pinkish-red; thick flesh; good keeper. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1; lb. \$3.00.

Longkeeper.—Large, solid, good color, first-class quality; one of the best for market gardeners. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c; lb. \$2.50.

Royal Red (Livingston).—For market and private gardener, and of special value to the canner and catsup maker. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1; lb. \$3.

Atlantic Prize.—The earliest of all; usually free from core and seeds; ripens very evenly, and perfect in form. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1; lb. \$3.

Sask., N. W. T., Feb. 5th, 1895.
Dear Sirs,—Your seeds of last year were all good. The Tomatoes (Atlantic Prize) were the wonder of the neighborhood. From one packet of seeds I sold ten dollars' (\$10) worth of ripe Tomatoes; gave away, used, and fed bushels of green ones, besides giving away large numbers of small plants. Altogether we kept only twenty plants, which grew a solid mass of fruit.
Yours sincerely,
JOHN C. SLATER.

Early Mayflower.—Extra early; perfectly smooth; color red, and very solid. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1; lb. \$3.



Livingston's Perfection.—Early, smooth, red variety; good yielder and shipper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1; lb. \$3.

Red Cherry, or Plum.—

Fruit an inch in diameter, in bunches; used for pickles. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.

Strawberry, or Winter Cherry.—Grows enclosed in a husk; excellent for preserves; will keep within husks all winter; very sweet-flavored, small yellow fruits. This is well worth growing for preserves, both on account of its fine quality and immense productiveness. The pretty, bright yellow fruits also make a handsome dessert dish, while the flavor as fruit makes them popular. Ten plants in our trial grounds yielded a bushel of the small fruits. It is much earlier, and in every way superior to a similar variety, advertised as a novelty, under the name of CAPE GOOSEBERRY.



Winter Cherry. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 60c.

TURNIP.—For early use, sow as early in spring as the ground can be worked, and for a succession, at intervals of a fortnight until middle of July, after which time sowing may be made for main and late crops. Sow in drills from 15 to 18 inches apart, and thin to eight inches apart as soon as the plants are large enough to handle.

Pearce's White Model.—As an early white turnip for market gardeners, it cannot be excelled, being all that could be desired in shape, size, earliness, and quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Golden Stone.—Beautiful golden-yellow in color, fine grained, sweet and melting; a great improvement on the old White Stone, being thicker through. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.



TURNIP—White Egg.—Oval, handsome and very sweet; good for early or late use. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 60c.

Early Red Top Strap Leaf, or Milan.—Favorite with market men; sweet and tender. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly (Private Stock).—A rapid grower; of a bright yellow color; a superior table sort, and a good keeper; the finest and choicest strain grown. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

Early Six Weeks, or Nimble Dick.—One of the earliest; fine shape; small top. (See cut.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.



Early Six Weeks, or Nimble Dick.

Breadstone.—Of medium size; quick growing; very smooth, with faint green top; flesh white; fine grained; sweet, tender and of fine flavor; will cook in fifteen minutes; a long keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 80c.

TOBACCO.—A very clean piece of land is best for the tobacco crop. The seed is sown about February. When the plants are large enough and the weather is settled warm (about June), set the plants out in highly manured or fertilized soil in rows three and a-half feet apart and 3 feet between the plants. From this time constant care must be given: cultivating, suckering, and examining for worms, etc.



Connecticut Seed-leaf.—This variety is best adapted to this climate. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.

HERBS: POT, SWEET AND MEDICINAL.

A few pot and sweet herbs (for flavoring soups, meats, etc.) are indispensable to every garden, while some of the medicinal herbs will also be found very useful. Herbs in general love a mellow and free soil, and care should be taken in properly harvesting them in a dry state. The chief points are to cut them on a dry day when not quite in full blossom, and to dry them quickly in the shade, and when dry to pack them close in dry boxes, keeping them entirely excluded from the air. The varieties marked with an * are perennial, and when obtained in the garden may be preserved for years with but little care.

PKT. OZ.		PKT. OZ.		PKT. OZ.		PKT. OZ.	
ANISE.....	5c 20c	DANDELION.....	5c 75c	*LAVENDER.....	5c 30c	*SAGE, ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2;	5c 20c
BALM.....	5c 40c	DILL.....	5c 20c	MARJORAM, sweet,	5c 20c	*SAVORY, winter... ..	5c 25c
BASIL, sweet.....	5c 40c	*FENNEL.....	5c 20c	*ROSEMARY.....	5c 75c	SAVORY, summer... ..	5c 20c
CARAWAY.....	5c 10c	*HOREHOUND.....	5c 40c	*RUE.....	5c 60c	TANSY.....	5c 50c
CATNIP.....	5c 10c	HYSSOP.....	5c 30c	SAFFRON.....	5c 40c	*THYME, ¼ lb. \$1; lb. \$4;	5c 40c
CORIANDER.....	5c 10c					WORMWOOD.....	5c 50c

Be sure and include a few packets of Herbs in your order.

HEDGE AND TREE SEEDS.

	PKT.	OZ.	LB.		PKT.	OZ.	LB.
SCOTCH FIR.....	5c	15c	\$1.50	AUSTRIAN FIR.....	15c	\$1.50	
HEMLOCK SPRUCE.....	5c	60c		HONEY LOCUST.....	5c	50	
EUROPEAN LARCH.....	5c	10c	1.00	MOUNTAIN ASH.....	15c	1.50	
BERBERRY (Berberis Vulgaris) 5c	10c	75		OSAGE ORANGE.....	10c	1.00	
NORWAY SPRUCE.....	15c	1.50					

FRUIT SEEDS.

	PKT.	OZ.	LB.
CHERRY PITS.....			\$0.35
PEAR PIPS.....		10c	1.00
APPLE SEEDS.....		5c	50
PLUM STONES.....			35
STRAWBERRY, Finest Large-fruited, mixed.....	10c		
CURRENTS, Choicest Kinds, mixed.....	10c		
GOOSEBERRIES, Large-fruited Kinds, mixed.....	10c		
RASPBERRIES, Best Kinds, mixed.....	10c		

1 Pkt. each for 30c.

BIRD SEEDS AND REQUISITES.

Our Bird Seeds are all re-cleaned, and of first-class quality.

CANARY SEED, Best Turkish.....	Lb. 10c; post-paid,	14c
HEMP SEED, Choicest Russian.....	Lb. 10c;	14c
RAPE, Pure German.....	Lb. 12c;	16c
MILLET, French White, fine.....	Lb. 10c;	14c
MAW, OR POPPY SEED.....	Lb. 30c;	34c
CUTTLE FISH BONE.....	Oz. 5c; Lb. 50c;	54c
SUNFLOWER SEED.....	Lb. 10c;	14c

PETER'S TREAT, OR SONG RESTORER.—Per bottle, 25c. BIRD LICE DESTROYER.—Oz., 10c; lb., 65c., post-paid. COTTAM'S NEW ILLUSTRATED BOOK ON CAGE BIRDS, their necessary food and care, together with valuable formula for bird foods, treats, medicines, etc.—Per copy, 25c. BIRDS' NESTS, 10c. each.

J. S. PEARCE & Co.:

November 2nd, 1895.


ASSA., N. W. T., Sept. 28, 1895.

"Received Tulips in fine condition. Thanks for prompt attention to my small order."

MRS. A. J. BEDFORD,

Dear Sirs,—“I was very much pleased with your premium for this year, the White Wave Aster.” MRS. WEATHERALD,

Careful attention to every detail of our business has brought us an ever increasing trade.

ORDER BY 
NUMBER ONLY.

Plant Department.

All Plants sent after danger from frost is past. These are all good, strong, healthy plants, which can be sent by mail. ALL PLANTS SENT POST-PAID AT PRICES QUOTED, EXCEPT WHERE NOTED.

NEW JAPANESE MAPLE-LEAVED ABUTILON.



Abutilon—Souvenir de Bonn.

- 1 **Souvenir de Bonn**.—Of all the soft-wooded foliage plants introduced in recent years, none can equal this in distinctness and usefulness. For massing in groups or in long borders, for single specimens, either in the garden or greenhouse, for any and all decorative purposes, it cannot be surpassed. It is a most striking decorative foliage plant, with beautifully variegated leaves of good size, regularly and evenly marked with white and green. Amid these leaves the gracefully drooping, orange-colored flowers are produced in great abundance, forming a clear and brilliant contrast. In habit of growth this Abutilon is tree-like—strong and upright, growing three to four feet in one season, but quite graceful. For summer bedding and greenhouse decoration in winter it is equally valuable. (See cut.) Price, 30c.
- 2 **Golden Bells**.—Deep, rich yellow; very free blooming; the flowers literally covering the plant. Each, 20c.
- 3 **Boule de Neige**.—Pure white; the best tall variety of its color. Each, 20c.

BEGONIAS.—4 Argentea Guttata

—A cross between Alba and Alba Picta. Purple-bronze leaves, oblong in shape, with silvery markings. White flowers. Each, 15c.

5 **Manicata Aurea**.—Large glossy leaves, beautifully blotched with creamy-white, with carmine etchings in the mature leaves. Flowers delicate bluish white, on long stems. It is easily grown, and is one of the finest ornamental foliage plants for the house imaginable. Each, 20c.

6 **Vernou**.—This variety is of unusual merit as a bedding sort, flowering fully as freely when planted out as when grown as a pot plant. It begins flowering when first planted, and continues throughout the whole season until stopped by frost. Foliage rich glossy green, often shaded deep bronze. Flowers at first opening are a deep red, changing to a beautiful clear rose in the fully open flower. Each, 15c.

7 **Marguerite**.—Leaves bronzy-green, somewhat resembling Metallica, but growing in more bushy form. Large trusses of light rose-colored flowers freely produced. Each, 20c.

8 **M. de Lesseps**.—Large leaves, beautifully spotted with silver.—A very strong growing sort that will do well and give satisfaction with any ordinary care. Each, 20c.

9 **Glorie de Sceaux**.—Upright and shrubby, compact growth, rose-pink flowers, leaves dark, shining olive-green. Each, 20c.

10 **Grandiflora Gigantea Rosea**.—Strong, vigorous grower, with panicles of coral-red flowers. Each, 20c.

11 **Metallica**.—Foliage a bronze-green—a fine begonia for baskets; flowers, pale peach color. Each, 20c; the 8 for \$1.25.

- 12 **Bougainvillea Glabra Sanderiana**.—It affords us great pleasure to offer this new and by far the most useful flowering plant known. We have grown this new Bougainvillea in a greenhouse, where it has continued flowering for seven months, small and large plants alike being covered with blossoms. Even plants in thumb-pots were laden with bloom. The house in which our plants have been cultivated has been a sheet of flowers from May until December, and at the time of writing (December 30) the plants are carrying thousands of their brilliant blossoms. Many excellent judges state that this will be a favorite market plant, as it produces as freely as a fuchsia its dazzling *rosy-crimson flowers*, lasting so long in perfection, and produced in smallest pots, under all conditions, in amazing profusion. We can with all confidence recommend this grand plant as a great acquisition. Each, 30c.

REX BEGONIAS.—13 **Ornamental Leaved**.—A magnificent class of house plants; remarkable for the variety and beautiful markings of the foliage; well adapted for vases and baskets in shady situations; a large assortment. Each, 15c.; \$1.50 per dozen.

CARNATIONS.—14 **Sweet Briar**.—Pink, between Daybreak and Grace Hilder in shade; a strong, healthy grower, an early, free and continuous bloomer; flowers fragrant, of good size and form, and borne on long, stiff stems. Each, 15c.

15 **Helen Keller**.—One of the very largest and most beautifully-formed carnations ever introduced; does not burst its calyx; exceedingly free flowering, and producing extra good, long, stout stems. A strong, vigorous and healthy grower. Color clear white, ground delicately and very evenly marked with bright scarlet, giving it a very pleasing and effective finish. Each, 15c.

16 **The Stuart**.—The color is like the rich shade of scarlet found in so many Geraniums. Growth vigorous and strong. Foliage large and deep green. Each, 15c.

NEW DAISY.

17 **Snow Crest**.—Its habit of growth, and size of flowers, in comparison with older varieties, is gigantic. The flowers, which are borne on stout, stiff stems, from 6 to 10 inches long, are of the purest white, and full to the center. Well-grown specimens will cover a silver dollar. Each, 15c.

18 **Red Daisy**.—A quilled flowered variety; good contrast for New Double White Daisy; charming variety. Each, 15c.; the 2 for 25c.; one each.



Bougainvillea Glabra Sanderiana.

Bowker's Ammoniated Fertilizer is just the thing for Pot Plants.

19 THE FRAGRANT CLERODENDRON.

Our cut gives an excellent idea of the beauty of this plant. The large, tropical looking leaves and compact heads, of most exquisite waxy white flowers, are as delicious in fragrance as a gardenia or jessamine. A single bunch could well form a bouquet in itself. Add to this its easy growth as a pot-plant and the fact that it is almost hardy, and little more is needed to make it popular. A native of China; which, moreover, is entirely hardy in the South, where it thrives well, and forms a beautiful, spreading bush of rapid growth. Each, 25c.



CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—20 Mrs. E. G.

Hill.—Clear pearl-pink; 7 to 8 inches in diameter; 3 to 4 inches deep. Full to the center; a grand incurving sphere when fully developed. Very free in growth; luxuriant in foliage, which is carried quite close to the flower; stem very stiff. Of the easiest possible culture, and quite as fine in every respect as the very best of the midseason varieties. Each, 15c.

21 Eugene Dailedouze.—Everybody wants a grand

yellow—large, full, double, glowing in color, stiff stem and good foliage, and above all, a free, easy grower—and here it is in Dailedouze. The flowers are enormous. Each, 15c.

22 Mrs. J. George, Ills.—A very magnificent variety.

It is an ivory-white, very massive in build, recurring, and petals interlacing. You can depend upon it being one of the very best. A delightful surprise for those who have not seen it. Each, 15c.

CLEMATIS.—The Clematis is perhaps the most

popular climbing plant of the day, and is constantly gaining in popularity. Entirely hardy, blooming the entire season, and if carefully trained obtains a height of from five to fifteen feet in one season. The plants we offer being grown in pots, can be planted out at any time through the season.

23 Jackmanii.—A perfect mass of bloom when in full

flower; color, dark rich royal purple. Plants, 50c.

24 Henryii.—White; similar to the above, except color.

Each, 50c.

25 AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII, or BOSTON IVY.—This is without question one of the very best

climbing plants for covering brick or stone walls. The leaves are small on the young plants, which at first are of an olive-green brown color, changing to bright scarlet in the autumn. Price, 20c. each; three for 50c.; seven plants for \$1.00.

NEW DWARF CALLA LILY—26 Little Gem.—A new dwarf variety, of the *Richardia Æthiopica*, growing

about half as high as that well-known sort. It is very free flowering, and fine for pot culture. Each, 25c.

27 BLUE CHINESE SHRUBBY VERBENA.—This is one of

the most brilliant novelties from China that we have to offer this season, and, without doubt, one of the greatest acquisitions. With us it has bloomed ever since May, even in two-inch pots, and at this date the plants have formed specimens two to three feet high and wide, which still date a mass of flowers of the most pleasing, rich lavender-blue, a color so rare among flowers. It grows more readily than a geranium, even in a dry spot, and it is sure to become a favorite as a cut flower, as a pot plant, and for the garden. Plants potted and brought into the house will bloom profusely throughout the winter months, and give an abundance of graceful flowering branches. Bees are extremely fond of this plant, which is in bloom until November, when they cannot visit other flowers, and this will make it doubly valuable. When our friends consider that there are few really pretty flowers in bloom so late, the delicate beauty of the Shrubby Verbena will be more fully appreciated. Each, 25c.

The following extract is from the *Rural New Yorker*, of Nov. 9th, 1895: "Not until now does this plant show its full beauty, though it has been in bloom for a month. The bushes are now bushes of feathery blue, though we have had frosts that killed corn, tomatoes, and the like. The lowest umbels bloom first, but the flowers do not fade until those of the terminal umbel bloom. The flowers of cut stems, we have found, if placed in water, will last for at least two weeks."

FUCHSIA—28 New Dwarf Fuchsia, "Little Beauty."—

This charming variety is a perfect gem, and is undoubtedly the freest flowering fuchsia ever introduced, beginning to bloom when only two inches high, and continues in flower the year round. As many as one hundred open flowers and buds have been counted on a single plant in a four-inch pot at one time. The flowers are of fair size, being 1½ inches long, with bright red tube and sepals, purple corolla. Each, 15c.; two for 25c.

29 Phenomenal.—The largest fuchsia known. The tube and sepals are bright coral

and the corolla nearly two inches across; is of the very richest violet shade. Each, 15c. by

30 Gen. Roberts.—Of drooping habit; blooms four to five inches in length; in

clusters, single corolla; plum color, tube and sepals crimson. Each, 15c. [Each, 1

31 Black Prince (Single).—Very profuse bloomer; reddish-rose corolla; fine half-

32 Flocon de Neige.—Tube and sepals soft coral-scarlet; the corolla is single, large, open and bell-shaped; of the purest white. Each, 15c.



Blue Chinese Shrubby Verbena.

OUR 1896 SURPRISE COLLECTION.

Ten rare plants by mail for \$1.00. They will be sure to please and surprise you. If bought separately would cost from \$2 to \$3. You are liable to find one or more 50c. plants among the ten, and we are sure all who order will be agreeably surprised. **TEN PLANTS FOR \$1.00.**

Our "Surprise" Collection has always given satisfaction. Order one!



Thyracanthus Rutilans.

44 *Perle des Jardins* (Tea).—Beautiful rich yellow; of large size and perfect form. Each, 25c.

THE NEW CLIMBING ROSE.

45 *Crimson Rambler*.—A beautiful, new, hardy, climbing *Polyantha* Rose. A wonderfully strong, vigorous grower, often making shoots twelve to fifteen feet long in a season. The flowers are produced in immense clusters. Color, bright crimson. A grand pillar rose. Each, 25c.

46 **SOLANUM SEAFORTHIANUM.**—

Certainly one of the finest plants lately introduced. Every one is well acquainted with *Solanum Jasminoides*, and its merits are greatly appreciated. In this *Solanum* we have a far superior plant in every respect. It is of robust growth, soon making fine specimens that will climb over and cover a porch with most handsomely cut foliage. It is covered during the summer months with hundreds of clusters of large lavender-blue, *Wistaria*-like flowers, brightly set off with golden stamens, each cluster measuring 15 inches in circumference, and often attaining a length of 12 inches. The flowers, which appear on the plants when only a few inches high, are succeeded by scarlet berries, remaining perfect for a long time. A brilliant future stands before it. The most recent European horticultural publications have praised it in the most flattering terms, and a colored plate of it was published in *the Garden*. At the Royal Kew gardens it was the subject of much admiration. Each, 25c.

STROBILANTHES DYERIANUS.—

Royal Purple—A new house and bedding plant sent out last year by Messrs. F. Sander & Co., of England, at \$2 each, and to which was awarded the gold medal offered by the King of Belgium at the Ghent exhibition. It forms a compact bush 18 inches high, with leaves 6 to 9 inches long, 3 to 4 inches wide, and of the most intense metallic purple color, shading into light rose with a light green margin, a combination unapproached by any other plant. The flowers are a lovely violet-blue, very beautiful. Mr. Pfister, of the White House, Washington, put it in the open border, where it grew and colored up beyond all expectation in a very exposed position. It has created a veritable sensation wherever exhibited, and will be grown by the thousand as a bedding plant, while at the same time one of the most brilliant decorative plants in existence; for table ornament, parlor or greenhouse, nothing can equal it. Each, 25c.

THYRSACANTHUS RUTILANS.—

33 *Carmine Fountain*—Of all plants that bloom during winter and spring, the most graceful and beautiful, and best adapted for indoor decoration, is *Thyracanthus*. As a table plant its tubular blooms on long (20-inch) thread-like branches show to great advantage. Considering its easy growth and the length of time it lasts in bloom, it is just one of those plants that should find a place in every collection, however choice. From *Fleures des Serres* by Mr. Louis Van Houtte:—"To say that the plant has fulfilled all expectations is to keep within the truth. It was described and pictured as bearing racemes of flowers 6 to 8 inches long, yet the plant before us is covered with sprays over 20 ins. in length, all garnished with flowers of the brightest carmine. It is a good plant in every meaning of the word; a precious plant for decorative purposes, and a credit to Mr. Linden." Each, 25c.

ROSES.—34 *Duchess of Edinburgh*—One of the finest double whites ever produced. Corolla averages 2½ ins. across; petals of great substance; very pure white; sepals bright carmine; very free, and a most charming variety. Each, 25c.

35 *Kaiserina Augusta Victoria* (Tea).—Pure ivory-white; a flower of grand build, from the very first bud forms till the rose drops its petals. This elegant variety can be had in first-class style, and great purity of color, throughout the year. A splendid grower, and with most beautiful foliage. Has proved one of the very best of the forcing roses. Each, 25c.

36 *Earl of Dufferin* (Hybrid Perpetual).—Fine velvety crimson, very large, full and finely formed. Each, 25c.

37 *Mrs. John Laing* (Hardy, ever-blooming Hybrid Perpetual).—This we consider one of the finest roses of its class. Color a soft, delicate pink, with a satin tinge; very fragrant. Each, 25c.

38 *Gen. Jacqueminot*.—Rich glowing crimson, of exquisite shape and delightful fragrance; the most popular of all the hardy roses. Each, 25c.

39 *Coquette des Blancs* (Hybrid Perpetual).—One of the finest hardy white roses. Flowers of medium size, produced in great masses. Each, 25c.

40 *La France* (Hybrid Tea).—Large, double flowers of silvery roses; exquisite fragrance. Each, 25c.

41 *Sunset* (Tea).—Of large size and perfect shape; it is of a rich shade of saffron and orange. Each, 25c.

42 *Dinsmor* (Hardy ever-blooming rose).—A vigorous and free-blooming rose, perfectly hardy, and bearing large, perfectly double flowers of a rich scarlet-crimson color. Each, 25c.

43 *Niphetos* (Tea).—Long buds of pure white; there is none to equal it for cutting. Each, 25c.



48 **SWAINSONIA GALEGIFOLIA ALBA**—Foliage as graceful as an Acacia; flowers pure white, produced in sprays of 12 to 20 flowers each, and resembling Sweet Peas. It is of the easiest culture and everblooming. It climbs readily and is splendid for the window garden, or it may be grown as a bush plant by trimming it back as it grows. It bears neglect better than almost any plant we know, but responds readily to good care. Each, 25c.

2 **GRAND NEW ROSES OF '94.**

49 **Senator McNaughton (White Perle des Jardins)**.—This fine white rose originated with Mr. Jos. Bevis, of Philadelphia, as a sport from Perle, and is a grand variety. In foliage and growth it is identical with Perle; the flowers are of the same form and size, while the color is an ivory-white of great purity. It requires the same temperature and treatment, and if there is a difference in freedom of bloom, it is in favor of Senator McNaughton. Each, 25c.

50 **Mrs. W. C. Whitney**.—New American seedling rose (Hybrid Tea), undoubtedly by far the finest variety ever raised in America, and one of the greatest acquisitions ever introduced. Color beautiful shade of clear, deep pink, with a fragrance distinct from any other known variety; a combination of Lemon Verbena, Heliotrope, and the old favorite rose, "Centifolia." The flowers are large, full, and elongated; many of them can be cut with stems two feet long, with extra fine, handsome foliage. It is also an exceedingly free flowering variety, of strong, vigorous growth, and every shoot producing a flower. It will produce one-third more flowers than "Bon Silene" from the same space. It won the "Mrs. Whitney Cup" at Madison Square Garden, New York, in 1892; a silver medal at the Philadelphia show, spring of 1893; a silver medal at the New York show, fall of 1893; first-class certificate of merit at Washington, D. C., and Springfield, Mass., fall of 1893, and was also awarded the World's Columbian medal and diploma, at Chicago, where it was blooming all summer in the New York Florists' Club exhibit. Each, 25c.

MOSS ROSES.—Admired for the beautiful moss covering of the buds. They are strong, vigorous growers; perfectly hardy, and good for outdoor culture.

51 **Alice Leroy**.—Fine, clear pink; extra large flower; very fragrant. Each, 25c.

52 **Blanche Moreau**.—Pure white, large, full and perfect form. Each, 25c.

53 **De Luxembourg**.—Bright crimson-scarlet; large and double; sweet and mossy; one of the finest. Each, 25c.



Swainsonia Galegifolia Alba.



New Peperomia Metallica.

first open, but gradually change to rose color, and remain in good condition for weeks. Each, 25c.

LANTANAS.—Plants much used for bedding, and for pots. They can be trained in almost any desired form; are almost continually in bloom. Flowers are smooth and in clusters.

62 **Comtesse de Blencourt**.—Bright purple; yellow center.

63 **Aiba Perfecta**.—Pure white.

64 **Toison d'Or**.—Bright yellow. Each, 10c.; 3 for 25c.; per doz., 75c.

65 **MANETTIA VINE**.—A beautiful free-growing vine, with small tubular-shaped flowers of a rich, fiery scarlet color, shading off into a bright yellow at tip of flower. It commences to bloom when very small, and flowers continually. A valuable plant for small trellises, vases or baskets. Each, 10c.

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES.—Climbing roses are highly valued for training purposes; very hardy.

54 **Baltimore Belle**.—Blush white; very double; blooms in clusters. Each, 25c.

55 **Prairie Queen**.—Clear pink, striped white. Each, 25c.

56 **Russell's Cottage**.—Dark velvety crimson; strong grower. Each, 25c.

57 **NEW PEPEROMIA METALLICA**.—This is an introduction from the great establishment of Messrs. Linden, of Brussels, sufficient guarantee of its sterling value. We never saw a more beautiful little house plant. Its leaves are thick, waxy-like, and appear as if covered with bronze, so shiny and velvety. It is a gem indeed, and is sure to delight. Moreover, its management is of the easiest. Each, 25c.

HYDRANGEAS.—A fine class of free-blooming shrubs; the flowers are very ornamental; remains long in perfection.

58 **Otaksa**.—Large flowers of rosy-carmine. Each, 20c.

59 **Ramis Pictis (Red Branched)**.—A grand variety, producing flowers in immense sized trusses. Color, very deep rose or light cherry. The new growth of wood is a deep reddish-purple color, making it distinct from any other variety, and from which it derives its name, Red Branched. Each, 25c.

60 **Stellata Fimbriata (White Fringed)**.—Flowers in large trusses, often eight inches across. Pure white, with crimson spot in center of each flower; one of the best. Each, 25c.

61 **Paniculata Grandiflora (Native of Japan)**.—This is the finest hardy shrub in cultivation, and endures heat and cold extremely well. The flowers, which are borne in dense pyramidal panicles in the greatest profusion, are white when they are in good condition for weeks. Each, 25c.

66 **AKEBIA QUINATA**.—A very beautiful, perfectly hardy, fast-growing Japan vine, with magnificent foliage, producing flowers in large clusters, of chocolate-purple color, possessing a most delicious perfume; unsurpassed for covering trellises and verandas, the foliage never being attacked by insects. Each, 25c.

67 **FARFUGIUM GRANDE**.—A beautiful ornamental foliage plant, either for pot culture or for planting in the open border in a shaded position; the leaves from eight to ten inches in diameter, are of a thick, leathery texture, dark green in color, with bright yellow spots. Each, 15c.



Cape Fuchsia.

GERANIUMS.—The demand for new double Geraniums of undoubted excellence has been very imperative for the past two seasons. We tested every double novelty of promise that came to our knowledge.

We offer the following **SIX NEW DOUBLE VARIETIES** with perfect confidence that they will please :

- 72 **Fleur de Neige.**—Carries enormous trusses on long stalks, well above the foliage. The flowers are semi-double, of the peculiarly charming form of Mme. A. Chevaliere; purest white in color. A robust but compact grower; very free; fine for massing. Each, 20c.
- 73 **Double Guinea.**—A decided improvement on Re Umberto, which is a good enough recommendation. It is a better grower, stands the sun better, and is of a very bright orange-yellow color; flowers and trusses large, and of fine form. Each, 20c.
- 74 **Lord Tennyson.**—One of the finest of the New English Geraniums; very large; semi-double flowers; distinct and effective color fiery salmon; trusses fine, but not crowded. Each, 20c.
- 75 **Colossus.**—Floret quite circular; semi-double; $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter; truss also fine; the color is very beautiful, a rich shade of rosy-crimson. Very free in bloom. One of the very largest and finest among the double reds. Each, 20c.
- 76 **Picotee.**—Very beautiful and distinct, quite unique in appearance, on account of the quilled and scalloped formation of the petals; color white, with bright salmon-pink base. Each, 20c.
- 77 **Raspail Improved.**—Among double Geraniums there is nothing finer. The color is a deep scarlet, of exquisite shade; the floret is very regular in form, more than semi-double, and about $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. Foliage and habit are both good, and it is a first-rate winter bloomer; can easily be made into grand specimens. Each, 20c.; the six for \$1.00; one of each.

ROSE-SCENTED GERANIUMS.—Two kinds, the broad-leaved variety and the more finely cut.

- 78 **Broad-Leaved;** 79 **Narrow-Leaved.** Each, 10c. 80 **Lady Plymouth** (Variegated, rose-scented).—A sport from the rose-scented variety; leaves bordered with white, sometimes assuming a pinkish tinge. Each, 10c.; three for 25c.

THREE DOUBLE IVY GERANIUMS.—81 **Beauty of Castle Hill**—A most beautiful variety, producing flowers as large as those of Souv. de Chas. Turner. Color a lovely soft shade of rose, with dark blotch on the upper petals. Free in bloom and a fine grower. Each, 25c.

- 82 **General Championet.**—A grand, pure scarlet color; floret of beautiful rose form, quite circular, of the largest size; the most regularly beautiful of all the reds, and as fine in color as P. Crozy, and a little darker, besides being very double. Each, 20c.

- 83 **Incomparable.**—Trusses very large, florets immense and very regular in form; quite full; the color is an exquisite shade of rosy-carmine. None finer. Each, 20c. The three for 60c.; one of each.

FUNKIA (Day Lily).—The Day Lily is an old and highly esteemed plant, and one which is nowadays largely sought after. It is, however, very scarce; all perfectly hardy.

- 84 **Large White.**—Lovely large, pure white blossoms of great beauty and fragrance. It produces an elegant mass or handsome [foliage. Each, 25c.
- 85 **Large Blue.**—Splendid blue flowers on tall spikes. Each, 25c.

CAPE FUCHSIA.—68 **Phygelius Capensis**—Seldom have we seen a plant so charming and free-blooming. During our past dry summer it was never out of flower, while geraniums alongside of it were perishing. Plants barely a few inches high bear from 10 to 20 bold, long spikes, completely crowded with showy scarlet drooping flowers, persistently produced from May until late autumn, when they can be brought in for winter blooming. It is also a good bedding plant, grown singly or in masses; does well in poor soil, moist or dry, and will probably prove hardy. Each, 25c.

FERNS.—No collection of plants is complete without ferns. The selection we offer embraces the best varieties of this beautiful class of plants, whose diversity and gracefulness of foliage make them peculiarly fitted to combine with other fine plants and flowers. The popularity of ferns has increased wonderfully in the past few years, and they are now indispensable in all choice floral decorations, and are especially valued for ferneries for room and table decoration. Where there is moisture and shade most of the varieties succeed well when planted out of doors; they delight in a light soil, mixed with sand and peat or leaf mould. Good drainage must be provided, as stagnant water is fatal to success.

- 69 **Adiantum Cuneatum (Maiden Hair).**—This fine species is more generally grown than any other, and is one of the most beautiful of all ferns. Each, 25c.

- 70 **Pteris Tremula (Shaking Fern).**—One of the finest ferns for house decoration, growing very rapidly, and throwing up large, handsome fronds; makes magnificent specimens; easily grown and very popular. Each, 25c.

- 71 **Microlepia Hirta Cristata.**—We have a large stock of this admirable fern, which enables us to offer it at a low price. We know of no other fern that grows so quickly. Small plants from three-inch pots planted into ten or twelve-inch seed pans will make handsome specimens in less than six months. Strong plants. Each, 40c.; the set of three for 75c.

An
Extraordinary
Offer!

\$1. 33 \$1.
PLANTS

By Express at purchaser's expense,
or if wanted by mail add 30c. to help
pay postage and packing.

We will send you an assortment of plants that for variety,
size, and quality will both surprise and please you.

We have no hesitation in saying that this offer has never
been approached by any house in the trade.

ORDER NOW; DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE.

Summer Flowering Bulbs.

GLADIOLUS.—The Gladiolus deserves a place in every garden, large or small, having the advantage of needing little room for its roots or growth, and being of easiest possible culture. It has neither insect enemies nor diseases, and needs no petting. The immense spikes of gorgeous bloom comprise in color all shades from white to deepest scarlet, purple and yellow. They make grand beds, and are especially useful to fill in among other bedding plants where occasional vacant places appear, as the bulbs can be planted any time during spring and early summer. Through successive plantings, flowers may be had the entire season. They are unequaled for house decoration, since the spikes may be cut when but partly in bloom and kept in water, lasting for a week or more, every bud expanding into a perfect flower.

Agatha.—Rose, suffused with lake, flamed carmine-amaranth; clear yellow spots. Each, 15c.

Bernard de Jessim.—Violet, shaded with cherry and purple. Each, 12c.

Coquette.—Large and fine flower, of bright cherry-red, with a conspicuous pure white blotch; upper petals striped with delicate rose. Each, 15c.

Duchess of Edinburgh.—Purplish-rose, with a carmine stripe on the lower divisions. Without exception the finest variety ever sent out. Each, 20c.

Hesperide.—Profusely blotched and flaked with rosy-salmon, on a pure white ground. Each, 15c.

Lamarck.—Cherry, slightly tinted with orange, blazed with red. Each, 12c.

Octoroon.—A beautiful salmon-pink; very distinct. Each, 12c.

Pepita.—Bright golden-yellow flower, slightly striped carmine at the edges of the petals. Each, 12c.

Picciola.—Fine satin rose-pink, flamed with bright carmine; large pure white blotch. Each, 15c.

Van Dyck.—Crimson-amaranth, striped with white. Each, 15c.

THE ABOVE BEAUTIFUL
COLLECTION OF . . . **10 Choice Varieties** FOR
\$1.25, Post-paid

GLADIOLUS CHILDSI.—The flowers are of great substance, and of gigantic size, frequently seven to nine inches across. The form of both the flower and spike is perfection itself, and they last a long time in bloom before fading, owing to their great substance and vigor; but the most striking feature is their coloring. Orchids cannot surpass them in varied and delicate shades, marking and blendings. Every color known among Gladiolus is represented, and many never before seen, particularly blues, smoky-grays and purple-blacks, all having beautifully mottled and spotted throats made up of white, crimson, pink, yellow, etc., and in this peculiar network of charming spots and colors lies one of its special points of unsurpassed beauty. Choice mixed colors, each, 25c; dozen, \$2.50.

PEARCE'S EXCELSIOR MIXTURE

GLADIOLUS.—These were admired last season by everyone who saw them growing at our trial grounds, some declaring they never saw such a variety in a mixture. Per dozen, 30c; per 100, \$2.50, post-paid.

CROZY'S FRENCH CANNAS.

All tested varieties, as every one has had a place on our trial grounds the past season.

Florence Vaughan.—The most famous for all Cannas. The only approach to a yellow of such size yet attained; and, though thickly dotted with brightest red, its general effect in the flower beds is a rich orange-yellow, the foliage green, splendid broad leaves; height, 5 feet. 25c.

Madam Crozy.—Four feet. Immense flower heads of the deepest vermilion, gold bordered. Petals very wide and broadly rounded; foliage green. 10c.

Childsii (The Tiger Canna).—Three and a-half feet. Foliage strong, color light green; flowers large size, clear yellow, brilliantly spotted crimson. 20c.

Sophie Buchner.—Six feet. Flower very large, petals well opened. Color, clear deep vermilion, with a glossy carmine shade; leaves deep green, slightly edged with red; spikes showing well above the foliage. 20c.

Alphonse Bouvier.—Six feet. Leaf green; the flower spike very large and full, and the flowers on each come in bloom together. The color is a bright crimson; flowers large. 20c.

Capt. P. Suzzoni.—5 ft. A lemon-yellow, dotted with chestnut spots. The flower stalk is long, well above the foliage, yet the general appearance of a bed of it is an effective yellow. 20c.

Admiral Courbet.—3½ ft. Foliage green, flower spikes numerous, flower lemon-yellow marked with maroon. 15c.

Perfection.—3½ ft. Foliage dark green; flowers large and round; golden-yellow, dotted bright maroon. 15c.

Explorateur Crampel.—5 feet. Green, flower large and broad; color, a clear vermilion-scarlet, tinted with crimson spots distributed evenly over petals. 20c.

The collection of 10 varieties sent, post-paid, for \$1.50.

See Novelty List for our 7 Beautiful New Varieties.

The "LEADER" Set of Gladiolus for 50c.

We are in a position this season to make our customers the unprecedented offer of 12 Choice Named Varieties, all distinct and true to name, for the small sum of 50c.

Angele.—White, showy and effective.

Brenchlovensis.—Vermilion scarlet; fine variety.

Ceres.—Pure white, spotted with purplish-rose.

Eugene Ramey.—Flowers large, purplish-amaranth; sheen of ivory-lilac edges, slightly mottled with slate.

Isaac Buchanan.—Extra fine, golden-yellow color.

John Bull.—White, slightly tinged with sulphur.

Laura.—Light orange-red, tinged with carmine, pure white blotch.

Madam Monneret.—Delicate rose; one of the best.

Mazepa.—Orange, light blotch; a grand variety.

Napoleon III.—Bright scarlet, white line in each petal.

Roi Reopold.—Blush rose, slightly suffused with orange, and shaded with deep currant-red; white blotch.

Stella.—White tinted yellow-rose, flamed carmine.

DAHLIAS.—Our selection of named varieties, no two alike, 25c. each; \$2 a dozen. Unnamed, excellent varieties, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.50.

CINNAMON VINE.—This beautiful climber possesses the rare quality of emitting from its flowers the delightful odor of the cinnamon. Perfectly hardy, the stem dying down every autumn, but growing so rapidly in the spring as to completely cover any trellis or arbor very early in the season. Easily cultivated, has no insect enemies, not affected by drouth. Large roots, each, 10c; dozen, 70c.

MADEIRA VINE (Mignonette Vine).—A popular and favorite tuberous-rooted climbing plant, with dense and beautiful shining foliage, of very rapid growth, twining on strings to a great height. In the autumn it is covered with racemes of feathery white flowers, sweet and fragrant as mignonette. Strong tubers, five cents each; twelve for 50 cents.

DOUBLE PEONIES.—Double White, each, 25c. Double Rose, each, 25c. Double Rose, Sweet-scented, each, 25c. Double Red, each, 25c. The four, one of each, for 75c.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM (Elephant's Ear).—Grand tropical-looking plant, growing four feet high, with immense leaves, beautifully veined. As a single plant for the lawn or flower bed, it is grand. Large bulbs, each, 25c.; five for \$1.00.

TIGRIDIAS (Peacock, Tiger, Flower).—Grand summer-flowering bulbs, should be planted in the open ground in May. It commences blooming early in July, and produces an abundance of gorgeous flowers till October.

Grandiflora Alba.—Pearly-white, marked with large spots of reddish-brown. Each, 10c.; three for 25c.; twelve for 90c.

Conchiflora.—Yellow, spotted with crimson. Each, 5c.; three for 12c.; twelve for 45c.

Pavonia Grandiflora.—Bright crimson; center variegated with yellow. Each, 8c.; three for 20c.; twelve for 75c.

ANEMONES (Wind Flower).—Highly ornamental spring and summer flowering plant, the colors of which are wonderfully beautiful, running through shades of blue, scarlet, rose, white, lavender, etc. When grown in masses they are brilliant in the extreme.

Extra Fine Mixture.—This mixture contains upwards of 25 separate shades and colors. Each, 5c.; dozen, 50c.

LILIES.—Plant the bulbs five or six inches deep, and do not disturb any oftener than is necessary, as the flowering season is greatly delayed by removal. They should be slightly covered with straw or litter before winter sets in.

Lilium Auratum, or Golden-rayed Lily of Japan (The "Queen of Lilies").—The flowers are pure white, thickly studded with crimson spots, while through the center of each petal runs a clear golden band. Flowers fully expanded measure nearly a foot across. Extra large bulbs, each, 25c.

Be sure and order a "Leader" collection of Gladiolus! No two alike.

A Selected Agricultural Seeds



All enterprising farmers recognize our house as being headquarters for anything in Agricultural Seeds.

We hold one of the largest and most reliable stocks of any house in Canada, and will make special prices on large purchases of CARROT, MANGEL, AND SWEDE SEEDS.

Conditions of Sale.—John S. Pearce & Co. take every precaution to supply reliable seeds, but give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter, of seeds they send out, and they wish it to be distinctly understood that they will not be in any way liable for any loss arising from any failure thereof or responsible in any way for the crop. All seeds bought from them must be accepted on these conditions.



ADD
4c per pound postage on Mangel, Turnip, Carrot, and Sugar Beet.

3 Cash Prizes

for our celebrated CANADIAN GIANT MANGEL to be competed for in 1896: 5 largest, most uniform, and truest type (trimmed), 1st, \$8; 2nd, \$5; 3rd, \$2.

MANGEL-WURZEL.—The long red is best adapted for heavy soil; the Globe varieties succeed best on light soil, but may be grown on strong and very hard land with advantage, where the former would fail to yield a satisfactory crop. Sow seed from the middle of April to the first of June, in drills two feet apart, and thin to nine inches in the row. It is an indispensable root for the farm, and stands unrivalled as food for milch cattle. Sow four to six pounds of seed to the acre.

Pearce's Canadian Giant, or Re-Selected Mammoth Long Red.—This is certainly the "Giant" of all mangels, producing an immense crop per acre; very symmetrical in shape; wide at the shoulder, small, compact top, and by all odds the easiest mangel to pull, growing nearly all out of ground. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. or over, 20c. per lb.

THESE WERE MONSTERS!

LARGEST 18 Pearce's Canadian Giant Mangels exhibited at the Western Fair in 1895 were shown by MR. ABEL STEEL, Ferguson P.O. Weight, 559 lbs.

Giant Yellow Intermediate Mangel, second heaviest at the O. A. C. for 4 years, beating 6 varieties of Long Mangels.

FROM A PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN SEPTEMBER, 1895.

MANGEL-WURZEL—

Pearce's Golden-Fleshed Tankard—
Flesh of a rich golden-yellow color, remarkably solid, and proved by analysis to possess a much larger amount of feeding properties than the Yellow Globe or Long Red mangels. The roots are very even and handsome. This variety improves the quality of the milk. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. or more, 20c per lb.

Giant Yellow Intermediate.—It has a fine neck, smooth skin, with grayish or rather russety-yellow color; flesh white, firm and sweet, and an excellent keeper. If you want quality and quantity, then don't forget to try this excellent variety. All the leading feeders grow this. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. or more, 20c per lb.

Beck's Champion Yellow Globe.—Exceedingly robust, and does better on poor soils than any other. It has a fine small top, handsome shape, and contains a high percentage of feeding properties. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. or more, 20c. per lb.

Norbiton Giant Long Red.—A good selected stock. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. or more at 20c. per lb.

Red Globe.—Heavy cropper. Lb. 25c.
Pearce's Mammoth Long Red, or Gate Post.—Heavy yielder. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. or more at 20c.



18 PEARCE'S Improved Half-long White Carrots (in 2-bushel basket); weight, 103 pounds; 1st prize won by Abel Steel, Ferguson P. O.

Ont. Agri. College Report for 1894 says:
THE crop of carrots in 1894 was very good indeed, as several of the plots gave upwards of 30 tons of roots per acre. THE PEARCE'S IMPROVED HALF-LONG WHITE heads the list in yield per acre, among 23 varieties grown for three years in succession. This variety has given an average of 33.6 tons per acre for that length of time.

Carrot.

Sow in drills, eighteen or twenty-four inches apart, from the middle of April to the 1st of June, and when about three inches high, thin out from four to six inches apart. Two to three pounds is the usual quantity sown per acre. NOTE.—Our stock of carrot seed is all clean rubbed seed; can be sown as easily as turnip.

Pearce's Improved Half-long White.—This is the king of white carrots, being uniform in shape, fine stump-rooted, with a single top root, easily pulled, and of the very best quality, producing as high as 50 tons to the acre. Wherever exhibited it has never been beaten. In the Government tests it has headed the list since we first introduced it. Oz. 10c; lb. 50c.

Competition
FOR
1896
For Six Heaviest, most uniform and truest type (trimmed)
PEARCE'S HALF-LONG WHITE CARROT:
FIRST PRIZE, **\$8.00**
SECOND, **\$5.00**
THIRD, **\$2.00**

ACKNOWLEDGED BY THE BEST GROWERS TO BE THE FINEST WHITE CARROT IN CULTIVATION.

BEWARE of where and from whom you buy your Carrot seed, if you want to sow the true PEARCE'S IMPROVED HALF-LONG WHITE.

Carter's Orange Giant (Private Stock).—Is the largest carrot grown; beautiful golden-orange color; clean shaped, and possesses the highest feeding properties. On light soil it will outyield any field carrot in cultivation. Oz. 10c; lb. 65c.

Improved White Green-top Orthe.—Improved variety of white Belgian; French seed; extra clean. Lb. 50c. **White Vosges**—Half-long, heavy cropper. Lb. 50c. **Yellow Belgian.**—Heavy cropper. Lb. 60c. **Long Orange.**—A fine red variety. Lb. 60c. **Half-Long Stump-Rooted.**—A favorite variety; bright red in color; medium in length, and very easily pulled. One of the best red carrots for field use. Lb. \$1.00.

The representative of a well-known European Seed House says:—"Pearce's White Carrot must be grand; I hear about it the length and breadth of the land."



Pearce's Prize-winner Purple-top.

SWEDE TURNIPS.—Our stock of turnip seed has been selected with the greatest care, having been grown by experienced growers in England and Scotland, from selected roots of the very best strains in cultivation.

The period of sowing Swedish turnips is usually governed by the description of the soil. It is necessary to sow earlier on strong, heavy soil than when it is light, sharp or gravelly. From the last week in May to the middle of July is not unreasonable, having respect to the previous observation. Two pounds of seed is sufficient to sow an acre in drills, and one pound per acre when sown broadcast.

Pearce's Prize-winner Purple-top.—This variety has been brought by repeated selections to the highest state of perfection. After a number of trials in competition with all the new and standard varieties it has invariably come out on top. It is a purple-topped variety, of a beautiful globe shape (as shown in illustration), growing to a large size, with a single tap root, and very small, fine top. It has a fleshy top, the leaf-stems breaking almost immediately above the crown of the bulb, which continues to grow and increase in weight long after the "necky" Swede have ceased to improve. It has a remarkably robust constitution, and is a very certain cropper. After repeated trials on our Rosedale Trial Grounds, beside thirty to forty others, we have no hesitation in pronouncing it the finest Swede in cultivation at the present time. Oz. 5c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. or more at 30c.

Competition for 1896

PEARCE'S PRIZE-WINNER
PURPLE-TOP SWEDE.

For the 6 heaviest, most uniform, and truest type (trimmed):

1st Prize, \$8; 2nd, \$5; 3rd, \$2.

Carter's Elephant (also called *Monarch* or *Jumbo*).—This truly magnificent variety was fully tested by ourselves. Description.—The crown of the bulb is a beautiful bright purple, and the lower half a deep yellow; the flesh is very solid and nutritious and an excellent keeper. Dominion Experimental Farm Report says:—This turnip yielded a heavier crop than any other variety tested, exceeding the best of the other sorts by nearly three tons per acre; grown on sandy loam. Yield per acre, 16 tons 266 pounds. Per lb. 30c.

Pearce's Standard Purple-top.—A selection from that well-known variety, the Imperial Purple-top, which has had no superior until the Standard came to the front. It is uniform in size, very productive, of superior quality, and its keeping quality cannot be excelled. Our stock has been grown by one of the best growers in England, from selected transplanted roots. Per oz. 5c; lb. 30c.

Westbury Improved Purple-top.—One of the best Swedes in cultivation; grows to a large size; an excellent cropper. Per lb. 25c.

Skirving's Improved Purple-top.—A standard variety. Per lb. 25c.

East Lothian Purple-top Swede.—Hardy, excellent variety. Per lb. 25c.

Sutton's Champion Purple-top.—A purple-top variety; large size. Per lb. 25c.

Drummond's Improved Purple-top.—Heavy cropper; quality excellent. Per lb. 30c.

Shamrock Purple-top Swede.—One of the finest Swede turnips in cultivation; small top; large; quality excellent. Per lb. 25c.

Hartley's Bronze-top.—An excellent variety; fine quality. Per lb. 30c.

Carter's Imperial Hardy.—This is a very handsome variety; small top, large root, and excellent keeper. Per lb. 25c.

White Swede.—Excellent keeper; flesh firm, solid, rich and sweet. Per lb. 30c.

Kinaldie Green-top.—The finest green-top Swede in cultivation; heavy yielder; large and solid. Lb. 30c.

BEET—SUGAR.—Sow from the middle of April to the 1st of June, in drills two feet apart; then thin to nine inches in the row. Six pounds of seed per acre; yield about twenty-five tons per acre. For milch cattle they are most valuable.

Lane's Improved.—A variety produced by repeated selections; a fine exhibition variety; it is of fine form, very productive, and very desirable for stock. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. or more at 20c per lb.

Red-Skinned Sugar.—Large and heavy cropper. One of the best for feeding, as it contains more sugar than any other variety. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. or more at 20c per lb.



Sugar Beet.

Yellow and White Flesh Turnips.

THESE VARIETIES SHOULD BE USED OR FED EARLY, AS THEY ARE NOT SUFFICIENTLY HARDY TO STAND THE WINTER.

Purple-top Mammoth.—It is one of the most useful turnips in cultivation, being very large, well shaped, very solid, and invaluable for sheep and milch cows. This is unquestionably the quickest growing, largest and most solid white-fleshed turnip we have, and for early use it is unequalled. The flesh is very firm and juicy; has now become probably the most popular and largely cultivated variety for early feed in cultivation. Per lb. 30c.

Scotch Green-top.—A distinct variety of the finest feeding quality; valuable for winter and spring use, being very solid and a capital keeper. Awarded numerous prizes at the leading shows in England. Per lb. 30c; 5 lbs. or over, 25c.

Purple-top Yellow Aberdeen.—An excellent variety for winter feeding. Per lb. 30c.

Green-top Yellow Aberdeen.—Similar to above, except in color. Per lb. 30c.

White Globe.—Grows large, of fine quality; useful for late sowing. Per lb. 25c.

Devonshire Grey Stone.—This has been a very popular sort; grows to a large size; early, and of excellent quality. Per lb. 25c.



Rape or Cole. THE past extremely dry season has demonstrated to the farmers of Ontario that they cannot always depend on meadows for pasture. Rape is a grand substitute.

EXTENSIVELY GROWN FOR SOILING PURPOSES, AND IS ALSO AN EXCELLENT FEED FOR SHEEP AND CATTLE.

Dwarf Essex.—Sow from June to September. Eight pounds of seed per acre when sown broadcast, and three to five in drills. Rape will grow in any soil that will produce an abundant crop of turnips or corn. Muck swamps particularly, when drained, are capable of producing enormous crops. The sheep that pasture upon it do the harvesting in the most effective manner, and with but little cost to the owner. Cattle may also be

pastured upon Rape. The results are usually very satisfactory when they are pastured upon it in the day only, and fed in the stable or shed in the morning before going to the rape pasture. After corn has been harvested, and before the setting in of winter, there is a season during which farmers are obliged to depend solely upon grass as a source of food for their flocks and herds, unless winter stores are drawn upon to feed them. The need of some useful fodder plant that will furnish abundant supplies of nutritious fodder at that season has long been recognized. This want has been more severely felt in the case of sheep than in that of cattle, and in consequence many millions of sheep and lambs are put upon the market during the autumn months in an unfinished condition, to the great loss of the owners, and, in the end, to the great loss of the nation. Lb. 10c; 10 lbs. or over, at 8c.



"Genuine" Dwarf Essex Rape.

MESSRS. J. S. PEARCE & CO.:

Gentlemen,—Never have I received so much benefit from the use of rape as during the past summer. I fortunately sowed some early (May), so that it was big and strong before the drought set in, and it fairly revelled in the heat. When I say some plants cut off at surface weighed 25 pounds, you will understand how it grew and spread. I satisfied myself upon one point; we all sow too thick. By way of experiment this lot was thinned as we would turnips, and there was not only more, but the lambs did better; it was sounder, harder food. Better backed, harder-fleshed lambs I've never had, even with grain. Cabbages not as good as last year; the Aphid commenced on them early.

JAMES BOWMAN, Wellington, says:—"Rape has been grown quite extensively in this neighborhood for some years, and is considered a great help in starting fattening cattle; but more particularly for fattening lambs. Large quantities are often bought up in other districts to fatten here on rape. The crop is generally good. May say from experience that it is a great advantage to a farmer."

"Belvoir Stock Farm," Delaware, Ont., Nov. 23rd, 1895.

I fortunately sowed some early last year, on different days. What I sowed first came up; the other did not; so I only had two acres. After the rain came it grew very fast. October 1st I turned 28 sheep on it, and for over a month you could hardly see where they had been; when I let the cattle in, and it kept them all eating till it froze up."

Yours truly, RICHARD GIBSON.

JOHN MILLER, York Co., says:—"I sowed four acres of rape last year, on different days. What I sowed first came up; the other did not; so I only had two acres. After the rain came it grew very fast. October 1st I turned 28 sheep on it, and for over a month you could hardly see where they had been; when I let the cattle in, and it kept them all eating till it froze up."

See Novelty List for the New Fodder Plant, "SACALINE."

Seed

PLEASE NOTE.—The prices of Seed Potatoes are subject to market changes and stock unsold. At peck and bushel prices, the purchaser pays the freight or express charges. New Bags and Barrels free with Potatoes only.

Carefully grown by ourselves or by reliable potato experts on special contract for us. We do not ship potatoes until all danger from frost is past unless a customer wishes to take the risk. In ordering please state whether we shall ship by freight or express.

Potatoes

If any other variety is wanted write us and we will endeavor to procure it for you.



POTATO EYES BY MAIL, POST-PAID.

A MONEY SAVING PLAN FOR CUSTOMERS.

We guarantee the safe arrival of each package in good growing condition, post-paid to any address. This will enable farmers and others living at a great distance from our store to test some of our best varieties at trifling cost. A collection of 160 eyes, under favorable circumstances, should produce at least ten to fifteen bushels of fine potatoes, which is certainly a good return for a dollar outlay.

No. 1 COLLECTION.

40	EYES OF IRISH COBBLER	} 160 EYES ALL FOR \$1.
	EYES OF THE DELAWARE	
	EYES OF THE EARLY FREEMAN	
	EYES OF VAN ORMAN'S EARLIEST	

No. 2 COLLECTION.

40	EYES OF CARMAN No. 1	} 160 EYES ALL FOR \$1.
	EYES OF AMERICAN WONDER	
	EYES OF ROSEDALE	
	EYES OF RURAL NEW YORKER No. 2	

For \$2 Two Full Collections, one of each, if desired, and 25 EYES OF CARMAN No. 3, will be sent, post-paid.

CARMAN No. 1.—The best Potato in cultivation is the claim made for it—Sustained by all who have tried it. The quality is perfect, the flesh exceptionally white, the shape all that can be desired, with few and shallow eyes. It is an enormous producer and the proportion of small tubers exceptionally small. This variety is a seedling raised by E. S. Carman, the originator of The Rural New Yorker No. 2. Lb. 25c; peck, 75c; bush, \$2.

Van Orman's Earliest.—This magnificent variety originated with Van Orman Bros., of Cass county, Iowa, the originators of Burpee's Extra Early and several other standard varieties, and they call this the best of all. Smooth, of excellent shape, and resembles the Early Rose in color before ripe, but turning to a creamy white. Size is large to very large, with very few small ones. In table qualities, one of the very best. Yields an immense crop during dry seasons. One to three weeks earlier than the Early Rose or Beauty of Hebron. Lb. 20c; peck, 50c; bush, \$1.50.

The Irish Cobbler—The greatest advance in early potatoes ever made.—This variety originated with an Irish shoemaker, who was found to have a potato of good size and excellent quality when all other extra early sorts grown by gardeners were too small for market. Tubers beautiful creamy-white, slightly shaded with russet, which indicates superior quality. Eyes strong and well-developed. Lb. 20c; peck, 50c; bush., \$1.75.

American Wonder.—One of the best late varieties for general field culture. In habit of growth the vines are strong and branching; foliage of a rich dark green color. The tubers are white, large and uniform in size; elongated, slightly compressed, with few eyes, that are nearly flush with the surface. In quality nothing can surpass this superb variety; either baked or boiled, it is dry and floury, and has the rich, sweet flavor that is so marked in the Snowflake. Lb. 20c; peck, 50c; bush, \$1.50.

The Rosedale.—Not only a great yielder, but a very handsome variety; perfect in form. Tested side by side with about 50 varieties, it yielded about double any other sort. A strong grower; setting potatoes very early, and grows to a large size in less time than any other sort. Lb. 20; peck, 50; bush. \$1.50.

Freeman.—The greatest merits of this variety are its extreme earliness and long-keeping qualities. From the time they are as large as hen's eggs until new potatoes come in the next season, they burst open when boiled with their jackets on, and appear snow-white and floury. They are a good yielder. Lb. 15c; peck, 50; bush. \$1.50.

King of the Roses.—Of excellent quality, ripening with Early Rose and Early Vermont. It is a strong, rapid grower, standing up well during season of cultivation, but when fully developed the vines cover the ground almost completely. Tubers large, oval-oblong, light pink like Early Rose. Lb. 20c; peck, 50c; bush. \$1.50.

The Delaware.—Of superior quality, and will outyield any other potato, early or late. Of superior quality: flesh pure white and very mealy; eyes even with the surface, making a potato that will peel to good advantage. A wonderful yielder. A veteran potato grower says:—*I have raised potatoes for over forty years, and the New Delaware is the best one I ever saw.* Lb. 20c, post-paid; peck, 50c; bush. \$1.75.

Pearce's Extra Early.—Good size, very clean, and free from scab; oblong in shape; eyes even with the surface; skin light flesh colored, shaded with pink; flesh pure white, finely grained; very productive. The demand is great, especially in the Northwest. Lb. 15c; peck, 50c; bush. \$1.50.

The Rural New Yorker No. 2.—It is of large size; eyes few and shallow; oblong, inclining to round in shape, and rather flattened; skin and flesh white, of superior quality. Lb. 15c; peck, 30c; bush. \$1.00.

See Novelty List for illustration and description of CARMAN No. 3 POTATO.

—SELECTED—

Seed Grains



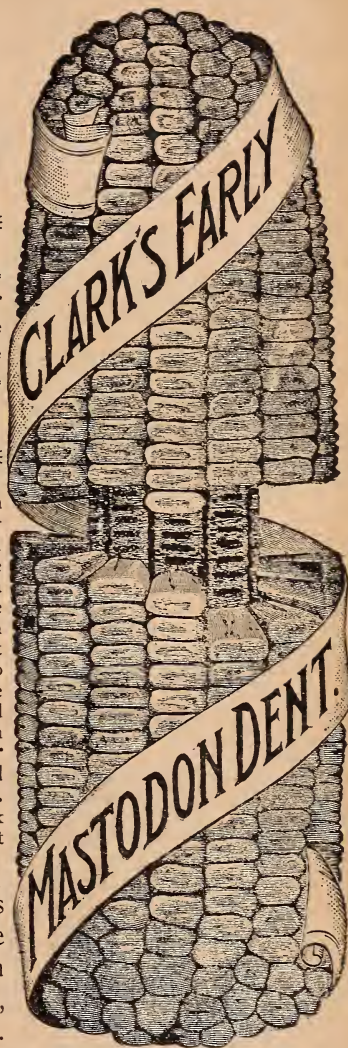
BELOW we give a short description of our best and most carefully selected Seed Corns. The importance of having your seeds come from the very best and truest stocks must be apparent to every farmer and dairyman. Our stocks have no equal; have been carefully selected, and their germinating qualities are very high.



CLARK'S EARLY MASTODON.—The Mastodon Corn originated with C. S. Clark, of Huron County, Ohio, to meet a demand for a large eared yet early corn. He says: "Since its introduction more seed of this variety has been sold than any sort ever introduced, and more bushels of it are now used than any other variety of field corn. This in itself is a great recommendation for the merit of the Mastodon Corn. The Mastodon Corn has the longest grains and largest ears of any 100-day corn in cultivation, and will outyield any corn in the world. It is the strongest grower and largest yielding field corn in cultivation. It husks easy for so large a corn, and shells easy, and has the longest grains of any kind we know of. Each year our stock of this corn has been carefully selected until now we have a fixed pure type of this wonderful yielding corn, and to obtain the genuine pure stock direct from the originator, buy only of us." For ensilage will please all, because it grows quick and strong and powerful, and we think well adapted for ensilage in Ontario. The originator, Mr. C. S. Clark, of Huron Co., Ohio, will mail his check for \$200.00 to any man who will produce a corn of more merit and one that will outyield it and outshell it. Lb., 25c., post-paid; bushel, \$1.50.



MR. ABEL STEEL, FERGUSON P. O., grew this excellent corn the past season, and considers it the BEST LARGE-EARED DENT CORN, producing ears of an extra large size, with straw of the most succulent nature, and from ten to twelve feet in height.



WHITE CAP YELLOW DENT.—This new corn, introduced and sold by us last year, comes from a large grower of all kinds of seed corn. Its great merit lies in the fact that it is as natural a yielder as weeds, grows strong, rank, and quick. The tip end of the grains are white, and inside yellow, making it a beautiful color. It is sure to mature in from 90 to 95 days. It husks and shells easy. It commands the highest market price. It will grow more bushels on poor, thin land, than any other kind in the world. It stands the drouth better than sixty other varieties grown in the same county. It has a large number of rows on the cob, making it a great yielder. It grows its fodder strong, rank, and quick, from 7 to 8 feet high. It is sure to please all who give it a trial. Lb., 25c., post-paid; bushel, \$1.25.

EXTRA EARLY HURON DENT.—It is of a bright orange color, has good sized stalk and ear; small, red cob; long, deep grain; is very rich in oil and starch, and is the only smooth very early Dent corn we know of. Seventy pounds of ears made sixty-four and a-half pounds of shelled corn, leaving only six and a-half pounds for the cobs; from this all can readily judge of the unusually small size of the cobs. Our supply is genuine, strictly pure and carefully selected, and will be sure to please all who give Extra Early Huron a trial. Lb., 15c; four lbs., 50c., by mail, post-paid. By express or freight: peck, 35c.; bushel, \$1.10.

RURAL THOROUGHbred WHITE FLINT.—This is another good fodder or ensilage corn, but the growing properties of this corn are not as good as we would like to see. Its suckering habit, with medium-sized stalk and propensity to keep green, makes it a desirable fodder corn. Bushel, \$1.25.

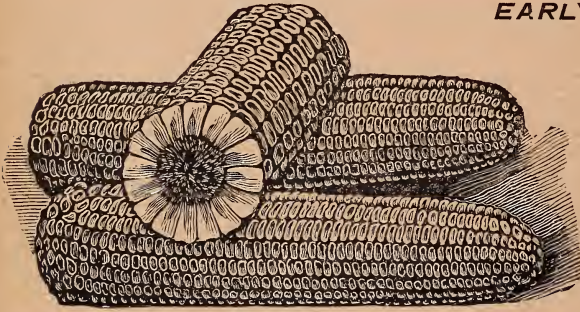
The heaviest yield of fodder at the Central Experimental Farm was from the RURAL THOROUGHbred WHITE FLINT, which produced 21½ tons to the acre.

CORN



RICHARD GIBSON, Delaware, says:—

“I have grown the Butler Dent now for four years, and each year more confirms my opinion of its merits. For the silo the Butler Dent stands ahead. “So much do I think of it I would rather pay \$5.00 per bushel for it for seed than have any other variety as a gift. “Grow in hills as if intended for the crib, and do not put into silo until matured.”



Early Butler Yellow Dent.

EARLY BUTLER YELLOW DENT.—This extra Early Yellow Dent Corn originated with an extensive grower of field corn in Northern Ohio, and is a cross from Pride of the North. The great demand for seed each year of this beautiful yellow corn alone stamps it a good one. The ears grow to a good size, and no corn in cultivation will out-shell it; 70 lbs. of ears have shelled out 64½ lbs. of shelled corn, leaving only 6½ lbs. for the cobs. It has no equal. We have never had a complaint of this corn since its introduction. The fodder grows up strong and rank. It roots deeply and withstands drouth to a remarkable degree. We pronounce this a most perfect Yellow Dent Corn. We have the genuine stock, which we can guarantee in every way to our customers. Bush., \$1.25.

LEAMING (YELLOW DENT).—Ears of good size; red, small cob, with a deep, large, bright yellow grain. A very early, strong-growing variety, and produces well on light or heavy land. In every respect a first-class variety for ensilage or fodder. Lb., 15c.; bush., \$1.10.

STAR LEAMING.—The Star Leaming is a Dent variety; ears are of good size, set low down, and nearly always two good ears to each stalk; very small, red cob, with deep grains, of a rich golden color. It withstands severe drouth by reason of its earliness in maturing, strong and vigorous growth, and its stalky and leafy nature. A great improvement on the old and well-known Leaming. We recommend this variety as the best for the counties of Huron, Bruce, Wellington, Grey, and all sections east of Toronto. Lb., 15c.; bush., \$1.25.

CANADIAN DENT.—This is recommended by our customers who have tried it as being the heaviest yielding in both straw and grain of any Dent corn they ever grew. We strongly advise all our customers who grow corn to give this variety a trial. Per bushel, \$1.00.

LONGFELLOW.—An eight-rowed, yellow flint variety, with ears 10 to 15 inches long; cob small; kernels quite broad; good ensilage and fodder corn; sappy green stalk; very leafy, with fine long ears. Bush., \$1.25.

PEARCE'S PROLIFIC.—Very early; eight-rowed; good deep kernel, and very prolific. A very popular ensilage and fodder corn. Has given universal satisfaction in Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, P. E. I., and Northern Ontario. Very early. Per bushel, \$1.25.

ONE HUNDRED DAY OR ANGEL OF MIDNIGHT.—This is, without exception, the earliest yellow flint field corn in cultivation; ears long; perfect in shape; rows straight and even; well filled from butt to top, and has very small cob; eight-rowed; over sixty large, broad, flat yellow kernels to a row. Bush., \$1.25; peck, 50c.; lb., 20c., post-paid.



One of Our Specialties.

One Hundred Day or Angel of Midnight.

LITTLE GIANT SEED-SOWER.

Broadcast Hand

This is claimed to be the best broadcast hand seed sower in the market. It is simple in construction, neat in design, light, strong, and durable. Has a pressed tin distributing wheel found in no other. The easiest running machine, having no feed plate to shake or give out. Weighs but three pounds complete. It will distribute to the round: Wheat, 50 ft.; flax seed, clover, and oats, 36 ft.; timothy, 27 ft.; and will sow twenty acres per day. See price and illustration on page 64.

Every one of the above varieties have been grown on our Rosedale Trial Grounds with the most satisfactory results.

Genuine Mammoth Southern Sweet.



**M.S.S.
CORN
FOR FODDER
REGISTERED**

OTHERS have tried to imitate this corn by putting same quantity in a sack, but none genuine unless branded with this trade mark. See that it is on every sack. Take no other.

Our Celebrated M.S.S. (*Mammoth Southern Sweet*).—Do not be induced to buy another because it looks just like it in the kernel. More of this corn sold than all others. This old and well-established variety has no superior, if it has an equal. We introduced this variety in 1884, and we have no hesitation in saying that it has given better and more general satisfaction than any other variety of fodder and ensilage corn. The growing properties of this corn are better than any other variety we ever handled. There is really no danger of a failure of this corn by its not growing. It can be sown or planted, and will germinate when the Flint varieties will rot in the ground for want of heat. The stalks are very full of sugar (syrup having been made from them), and if planted in hills or drills, 3 to 3½ feet in the rows, will develop ears fit for roasting. Put up in 2½-bushel sacks, and branded with our trade mark. Growth ninety-five per cent. Bush., 85c.

Prices of SEED GRAINS are subject to market fluctuations, and being unsold.

A well-known dairyman and proprietor of a large creamery, says:—

"In regard to your Mammoth Southern Sweet Corn, I consider it the finest ensilage corn grown. I have tried all the so-called Mammoth Southern Sweet's offered for sale, but have come back to my first love, 'Genuine,' as sold by you."

For description and illustration of our 2 Grand New Oats, see Novelty List.

OATS White Poland.—This is a first-class new variety of white oats, of French origin, and wherever tried in this country has done remarkably well. At the Experimental Farm, Guelph, they rank high when compared with the eighty-one varieties tested for four years. They are one of the earliest varieties; average length of straw, 62 inches. They are not susceptible to rust, and have never lodged. They have a spreading white head. Average weight per bushel, for the last three years, 38.8 lbs.; average yield of straw for four years, 2.3 tons; average yield of grain per acre for four years, 71.1 bushel. Its earliness, freedom from rust, and not liable to lodge, make it the best variety that has been introduced for years. Bush., 75c. Bags, 20c. each.

The Lincoln Oat was introduced in 1893, and it has proven itself the most popular of any oat yet introduced. A few special points of excellence, to which we wish to call attention, are as follows: First—The Lincoln Oat is very productive, having, in all instances, yielded more to the acre than any other sort grown in the same locality, in one case having yielded 174 bushels from a single bushel of seed. Second—It is very early. Third—It has thus far proven itself rust-proof. Fourth—It stands up better than any other sort. Fifth—It is best for feeding, on account of its thin hull, heavy meat and soft nib. Sixth—It is best for oatmeal or grinding, for the same reasons. Bush., 75c. Bags, 20c. each.



B. E. Sifton, Wallacetown, says:—

"The Lincoln Oats are the best in every respect I have ever grown; they stand up better and ripen earlier, and the yield was ahead of any other variety I have ever grown."

For description of our new Oat, "BLACK BEAUTY," see Novelty List, page 12.

OATS—Early White Champion.—It is a strong and vigorous grower, straight straw, a great stooler, and ripens as early as any sort we know of, and weighs fully 45 lbs. per bushel. **Bush. 65c.**

The Joannette (black).—This oat is heavy, black in color, and the heads, which are of the class known as spangled, are long, and well-filled with grain. They are somewhat less than the average length of straw, and grow more thickly than most varieties. **Lb. 15c, post-paid ; bush. 65c.**

The Abyssinian (white).—Stands up unusually well, and free from rust. They are neither a side nor spangle, growing close and around the main stalk. An early variety, and will weigh 40 to 45 lbs. to the bush. **Bush. 65c.**

Early Gothland (white).—Very stiff in the straw ; free from rust, and stands up well. **Lb. 15c., post-paid ; 1 bush. 65c.**

The American Beauty (white).—A fine variety of oat, with a very fine, clean, neat stalk, with fine panicle or head and beautiful large berry. **Bush. 65c.**

Golden Giant Side (golden-yellow).—They grow well on light soil, are very hardy, and have a stiff, bright straw, supporting fine, long head. They stool freely and yield abundantly. **Bush. 65c.**

The Rosedale (white).—One of the best oats in cultivation to-day. It is early, prolific, a good stiff straw, and stands up well ; free from rust and smut. **Bush. 65c.**

Black Tartar (Imported).—Imported by us direct from one of the most reliable seed firms in Europe. **Lb., post-paid, 25c; peck, 50c; bush. \$2.00.**

Black Tartar (First year from Imported Seed).—For heavy land the Black Tartarian is the best black oat in cultivation. **Peck, 25c; bush. 75c., at purchaser's expense.**

Black Tartar (Third year from Imported Stock), American Banner, Welcome, Egyptian, Prize Cluster, Etc., at market price.



Barley.

Selected Canadian Thorp (Two-rowed).—This

Barley was first introduced by us two years ago, and has proved beyond doubt the best Two-rowed variety in cultivation in Canada to-day. It closely resembles the English Thorp in some respects, but is much

better in every respect, and better suited to our Canadian soil and climate. Is very hardy and productive ; grows an abundance of straw, which stands as well and stiffly as the best sorts of fall wheat. Stools very freely, and will outyield any Six-rowed variety. It is a very upright grower, and the heads never drop. We have never seen it lodged. Five pecks to one and a-half bushels per acre of seed is quite sufficient. Its color is as bright and nice as the best Six-rowed, when carefully saved, and will outweigh any of the English sorts that we have seen. Will do well wherever the Six-rowed succeeds. Has done remarkably well in Manitoba and the N. W. T. Every farmer should try this variety. Our stock has been grown on the shores of Lake Ontario, the best barley country in America, and is absolutely pure. The extra yield over any other will make it a good investment, if only grown for feed. **Price, per bushel, \$1.00.**

Mandscheuri.—A Six-rowed variety, imported from Russia, and for earliness, yield, freeness from rust, is superior to all the barleys heretofore grown. The heads are about three inches long, and very compact. In earliness it is superior to most other varieties, being ready to harvest in less than 100 days from time of sowing. It produces straw that stands up exceedingly well, and seems to be adapted to all kinds of soil. *Ontario Agricultural College Report* says: "Among 37 varieties of barley which have been grown in the comparative tests for the past five years, the Mandscheuri stands at the head of the list in yield of grain per acre. It is not at this Station alone that this variety has done so well, but over the Province generally it has made an excellent record. In no single test was it surpassed by any other variety." **Bushel, 75c.**

Black Barley.—This is an article that should be more largely grown, being a grand substitute for peas. Will produce from thirty to thirty-five bushels to the acre, and weighs sixty pounds to the bushel. It is considered one of the best hog fatteners grown, making just as solid pork as peas, and at a much less cost. Try it and you will never regret it. **Per bushel, \$1.00.**

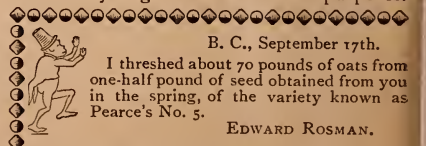
Buckwheat.

Japanese Buckwheat.—The kernels of this variety are nearly twice as large as the common

kinds ; the straw is stouter and heavier ; it branches more, and does not need to be sown as thickly. The flour made from it is equal to that made from any other sort. It is a heavy cropper, and all those who have grown it are enthusiastic in its praises. Just the variety to grow for exhibition purposes. **Per lb. 15c., post-paid ; per bush. 75c.**

Silver Hull Buckwheat continues longer in bloom than any other variety, therefore better for bees. Makes excellent flour. **Per lb. 15c., post-paid ; per bushel, 75c.**

Common Gray Buckwheat.—Price on application.



B. C., September 17th.
I threshed about 70 pounds of oats from one-half pound of seed obtained from you in the spring, of the variety known as Pearce's No. 5.

EDWARD ROSMAN.

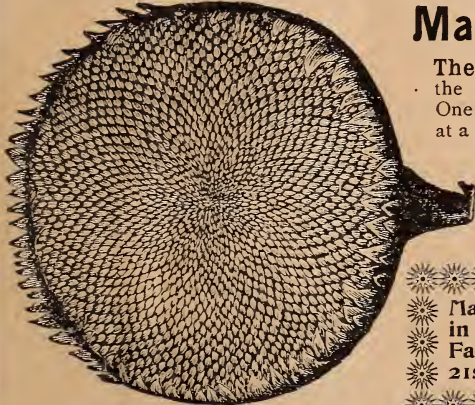
Choice Spring Wheat.



Harrison's Bearded.—Since the introduction of the well-known Colorado spring wheat, we have had nothing that could approach it until Harrison's Bearded came to the front. It stands fairly stiff in the straw, and during the time it has been under test in this country it has been entirely free from rust. It was first obtained from France. Heads and grains are somewhat uneven in size; matures moderately early; has red grain. Has headed the list of twenty-two varieties grown at the Guelph Experimental Farm for the last four years. Average weight per bushel for three years, 63.5 lbs.; average yield of straw per acre, for same period, 1.7 tons; average yield of grain per acre, for four years, 26 bushels. We have no hesitation in pronouncing this variety the finest spring wheat introduced for years. **Bushel, \$1.50.**

Colorado Wheat.—This wheat has done well throughout Ontario and Quebec, and also in Manitoba. It is a light amber bearded wheat, with a rather short, thick berry, the grain being as large as some varieties of winter wheat. Selected and re-cleaned stock. **Per bushel, \$1.00.**

Mammoth Russian Sunflower.



The Giant of all Sunflowers.—Growing to double the size of the common sunflower, and the yield of seed is **twice as great.** One hundred and twenty-five bushels to the acre have been grown at a less expense than corn. It is highly recommended for poultry; the best egg-producing food known. The leaves make splendid fodder, much relished by all kinds of stock. The seed is good feed for horses, and yields a fine quality of oil. The strong, thick stalks are used for fuel; in fact, there is no waste in its products. **Lb. 25c; ¼ lb. 10c; pkt. 5c.**

Mammoth Russian Sunflowers, measuring 54 in. in circumference, were shown at the Western Fair, held in the City of London, Sept. 12th to 21st, 1895. **GROWN FROM PEARCE'S SEEDS.**

Tares or Vetches FOR SPRING SOWING.

Vetches are grown for a forage crop. They can be cheaply raised; fed green, cured or ensilaged. In Scotland and England they are grown largely for this purpose, and where land is not adapted to hay, or is expensive, or pasturage is poor and costly, it will pay to grow Vetches as a forage crop. They are sown at the rate of one-half bushel to the acre, with about one-quarter bushel oats to hold them up, for, being of the same habit as the pea, they have a tendency to run. **Bushel, \$2.00.**



Tares or Vetches.

English Horse Beans.

This is the variety of beans recommended by Professor Robertson, of the Dominion Experimental Farm, to be planted with corn and sunflower seed for ensilage purposes. Planted in May, the beans grow to a height of 3 to 3½ feet, and when cut are in most cases green and succulent. **Bushel, \$2.00; peck, 75c; pound, post-paid, 20c.**

Spring Rye.

Distinct from the winter rye; grain of finer quality and more productive; can be successfully grown in any

latitude, and is now being largely sown in place of oats, being a much more profitable crop, on account of the production of nearly four times the straw, and also as a "catch" crop where winter grain has failed. The straw is equally as valuable as that of the fall or winter rye, standing stiff, 7 to 8 feet high; produces 30 to 40 bushels of grain per acre. As it does not stool like winter rye, not less than two bushels to the acre should be sown. **Lb. 15c., post-paid; bush. \$1.00.**

Merit Always Wins! This great business has been built up in a short time. This fact alone should demonstrate to every reader the excellence of **PEARCE'S SEEDS.**



2¾ acres of Sunflowers grown at the Ottawa Exp. Farm produced 16 tons 791 lbs. of heads.



Blue Prussian.

Also such well-known varieties as **Egyptian Mummy, Golden Vine, Prince Albert's, Multipliers, Black and White Marrowfats.** Prices on application.

BLUE PRUSSIAN Field Peas

One of the earliest and at the same time the heaviest yielding and best-strawed varieties grown. The peas are usually plump and very heavy, weighing, on an average, about 62 lbs. to the measured bushel. One of best varieties for mixing with oats for green feed. **Bush. \$1.25.**

English Gray.—This is one of the finest field peas grown, having a fine medium length straw with a good long pod, well filled with large, plump peas of a beautiful mottled gray color. We imported this variety 2 years ago; has given universal satisfaction. **Bush. \$1.**

Mr. T. SCOTT says:—"I bought the English Gray Peas from you two years ago on your recommendation, and am not sorry, as I consider they are the finest peas grown."

Canadian Beauty.—An entirely new white field pea; grain large, bright, clear color, of the White Marrowfat type. The straw is not coarse, but of fine quality, in this respect differing from almost all other strains of White Marrowfat. In point of productiveness it leads all field peas. In ripening it is medium to late. **Bush. \$1.**

Cow Peas. These were formerly used in the South exclusively, but during the past few years they have made many friends in the North, and are rapidly coming to the front for table use, forage purposes, and as a fertilizer. Without a doubt the Cow Pea will produce more forage to the acre than any other plant; is practically a sure crop, and for fattening hogs has no equal. Sheep are also very fond of them when in flower. It makes one of the best crops known for green manuring. Sow at the rate of 1 to 1½ bushels per acre broadcast in May or June.

Whip-Accr-Will.—Medium-sized vine, and very early; the best variety for Canada. **Bush. \$1.50.**

Millet. Golden (called Golden Wonder).

—As a special crop, when the hay yield promises to be short from drought or other cause, is now one of the most popular forage grasses as a substitute for hay. It owes its value as a forage plant to the abundance of foliage and large quantity of seed produced, yielding an enormous quantity of hay (from three to six tons) when grown under favorable circumstances. It is greatly relished by all kinds of stock and is also a good crop to clean the land and leave it in good condition for seeding. May be sown after hay is

GOLDEN WONDER MILLET

cut and will mature the same season. **Lb. 15c., post-paid; per bushel, \$1.25.**

True German (also called Manitoba, British Columbia, Pearl, and Hog Millet).—The seed is about double the size of Common or German millet, and is of a very oily nature, and a bushel of it is conceded to be superior to a bushel of shelled corn for fattening stock. Unlike any other variety of millet, it has a branching head, similar to the old-fashioned cane head. Grows from three to four feet high, has an abundant growth of fodder on the stalk, and bears a heavy crop of plump seed. **Lb. 15c., post-paid; bush. \$1.00.**

Salzer's Dakota.—This is an excellent variety, a very strong grower, producing a large amount of foliage. It grows to a good height, and stands up well, yielding, of green feed, 5 to 8 tons to the acre. Ontario Agricultural Report says: "Of the millets which have been grown on this farm for two years, Salzer's Dakota has certainly shown itself to be a most desirable variety. In three co-operative tests over Ontario, in which three varieties of millets were grown, the Salzer's Dakota gave an average yield per acre of nearly 50 per cent. over either of the other varieties. **Lb. 15c., post-paid; per bushel \$1.00.**"

Wild Rice (Zizania Aquatica).

Valuable as a forage plant for swamps and inundated lands. Stock of all descriptions are fond of it when green, and also when cured for fodder. It is also valuable to the sportsman as a bait for wild fowl. It sows itself in the fall, about the middle of September, lies dormant all winter, in spring commences to sprout as soon as the weather gets warm, reaching the surface during the first half of June. It grows very rapidly in from one to eight feet of water, ripens late in August or early in September. Put the rice in coarse linen bags; sink the bags in water over night to soak the rice, then take it and scatter it on the water that is from 6 inches to 5 feet deep, soft mud bottom, or low marshy places where it is covered with water the year round. For wild fowl, it cannot be equalled. **Price variable; lb. 30c., or 25c. in 10 lb. lots.**

The ENGLISH GRAY PEA is the heaviest yielder grown. See this page

"GRASS IS KING."

It embraces one-sixth of the whole vegetable kingdom, and is the true basis of agriculture in the highest condition.

STRICTLY
PURE

Grass Seeds

ADD 4c.
PER POUND
FOR POSTAGE.

EXTRA
CLEAN

No Grass,
No Cattle.
No Cattle,
No Manure.
No Manure,
No Crops.

HUNGARIAN BROME GRASS

(*Bromus Inermis*)—The great forage grass of Russia.—This grass is certainly the greatest boon ever discovered. Not only is it the grass for dry sections, but it can be raised on almost all kinds of soil, and in any climate. It being a native of Russia makes it particularly desirable for our Northwest. DESCRIPTION.—It originated in Russia, and is recommended on account of the manner in which it has stood on the Hungary Plains, where the dry, sterile nature of the country, and the long-continued droughts, make so many plants succumb. This Bromus, however, stands well, and has been known for thirty years to stand when such robust crops as Lucerne have been destroyed. It gives a luxuriant crop, particularly on fresh sandy loam soil, and where the climate is warm. It is found that animals eat it greedily, whether in the green or in the dry state, so that it can be used as mown or saved for winter use. The seed is sown in the early spring. Useful in filling up gaps where clover crops have failed. Per lb. 25c; 10 lbs., or over, 20c.



Hungarian Brome Grass.

Read what Prof. Saunders, of the Dominion Experimental Farm, has to say of Bromus Inermis :

"Of all the grasses not in general cultivation which we have tried, this is by far the most promising. The seed germinates readily, and the young plants soon become established. It is conspicuous for its free leafy growth and tall stems, which bear an abundance of seed. It flowers here in the last week of June, and has produced nearly four tons of hay to the acre. Very hardy, early, a heavy cropper, produces a heavy aftermath of succulent, leafy shoots; thrives well in loose soil, and withstands droughts, producing heavy crops in rich, damp soil."

ORCHARD GRASS

Rough Cocksfoot.—This is one of the most valuable and widely-known of all the grasses, being of exceptional value on account of its earliness and its rapidity of growth. After being mown it produces a luxuriant aftermath. It is quick to recover from close cropping—"five or six days being sufficient to give a good bite." It is relished heartily

by all kinds of stock, sheep even passing all other grasses to feed upon it. It succeeds on almost any soil. It exhausts the soil less than many other grasses, and stands drought well, keeping green and growing when other grasses are dried up. It flowers about the time of red clover, and makes a splendid mixture with it to cut in blossom for hay. It should be sown in mixture with timothy, for, being three weeks earlier, it becomes pithy if allowed to stand until the timothy is ready to cut. Cut at the proper time, however, there is no better or more succulent hay. Weight, 14 pounds per bushel. Per lb. 15c; bushel, \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$13.00.

Meadow Fescue (*Festuca Pratensis*).—Greatly relished by cattle. For permanent pasture, there is no grass which produces so great a quantity of early herbage. Sow thirty-five pounds to the acre. Per pound, 20c.



Rough Cocksfoot.

Farmers' Guide and Hand Book

Dear Sirs,—

Received potatoes and beans and everything in good order. The Farmers' Hand Book is a book every farmer should have; one of the best little books ever written for a farmer for the money.

We have prepared a work under the above title. This is a most interesting and instructive book, and one that should be in the hands of every recipient of this catalogue. Send for one. Only 16c. each, by mail. We will gladly refund money if not satisfactory. Sent free with every dollar's worth of goods.

April 8th, 1895.

Yours truly, JAS. CAMERON.

We are up to the times. Compare our Catalogue with others.

- GRASS SEEDS.**—Perennial Rye Grass (*Lolium Perenne*).—A nutritious permanent grass for pastures and meadows. Sow 3 bush. to the acre; 22 lbs. to the bush. Per lb. 10c; per bush, \$1.75.
- Timothy—Herds Grass or Catstail** (*Phleum Pratense*).—A well-known variety. Price variable. Lb. 10c.
- Red-top Grass** (*Agrostis Vulgaris*).—Re-cleaned; valuable for pasturage as a mixture in meadows and pastures. Sow two bushels to the acre; 14 pounds to the bushel. Per lb. 15c; per bushel, \$1.50.
- Sweet-scented Vernal Grass** (*Anthoxanthum Odoratum*).—True Perennial. Useful to mix with other grasses, either for pasture or lawns. Sow 35 pounds to the acre; 10 pounds to the bushel. Per lb. 60c.
- Creeping Bent Grass** (*Agrostis Stolonifera*).—Valuable as a mixture with other pasture grasses; will thrive in moist land. Sow two bushels to the acre; 14 lbs. to the bushel. Per lb. 30c; per bushel, \$3.50.
- Crested Dogstail** (*Cynosurus Cristatus*).—A grass for sheep pastures on dry, hard soils and hills. Sow 25 lbs. to the acre. Per lb. 50c.
- Kentucky Blue Grass** (*Poa Pratensis*).—Fancy, extra clean. This grass yields, at a very early period of the season, herbage of the most nutritious properties; thrives in moderately dry soil. Sow three bushels to the acre; 14 pounds to the bushel. Per lb. 15c; per bushel, \$1.75.
- Canadian Blue Grass** (*Poa Compressa*).—Differs from the Kentucky variety in its flattened wiry stems. By reason of its creeping root-stalks it forms a fine turf. It thrives well on dry and poor soils. Lb. 12c; bushel, \$1.40.
- Italian Rye Grass** (*Lolium Italicum*).—Thriving in any soil; yielding an abundant crop either alone or mixed with other grasses. Sow 3 bushels to the acre; 18 pounds to the bushel. Lb. 13c; bushel, \$2.00.

EXCELSIOR LAWN GRASS SEED.—Nothing adds more to the attractiveness of a rural home than a well-kept, close, velvety lawn. The first requisite is good seed, and for this purpose we can confidently recommend **Pearce's Excelsior Lawn Grass Seed**. This is the very best quality of a mixture of the finest varieties of grasses, embracing such as are of neat growth, hardy, and best adapted to produce a permanent fine turf. The quantity of seed required per acre is from three to four bushels. For the convenience of many of our customers who only require a small quantity of seed, we have put it up neatly in boxes, with full directions for sowing printed on each. Lb. 25c; post-paid, 30c; bushel of 14 lbs. \$3.00, by freight or express at purchaser's expense.

PURE
RE-CLEANED



Clover Seeds



ADD 4c. PER
POUND FOR
POSTAGE
ON CLOVER.

LUCERNE, ALFALFA or FRENCH, will grow on any land that will produce wheat, corn or potatoes, and will thrive on very light sand or gravel, and does well on clay. But will not grow on land that the water stands within 1 foot of the surface. Although particular about wet land, it will stand any amount of wet in the summer, provided there is plenty of drainage; also will stand all the water that may fall in the winter. Will yield about an average of six tons per acre, although it has yielded twice that amount. It is a perennial. The best method is to sow broadcast, 15 pounds per acre where land is in good condition; on weedy land, or clear gravel, or sand that is very poor, about 3 pounds more. You cannot get a crop from it the first year; but don't get discouraged if the plants are on an average of ten inches apart—little, slim, single stems about four or six inches high; your prospect is good that you will have four tons per acre next year, and the next year will be as good as ever it will be, and stand that way for ten years. It is best to sow in the spring with oats. When rain is plenty no cultivation is needed; do not manure it, as it thrives as well on washed sand as it does on the best garden spot. In a few years it will convert a clear sand into a rich land; this is owing to the decay of its roots. Cut when in full bloom; a little old is better than too young; try to cure without getting it wet. Rake into windrows if cut with a machine; let it dry until leaves fall off when roughly handled; put it in piles of about a forkful to cure. Not many animals take to it when dry, without having it in their manger for two or three days with other hay, then you will see them eat the Lucerne in preference to any other. Do not let hungry cattle get it while green, especially if wet. If you wish to pasture them on it, first feed them all they can eat and then turn them on the green Lucerne, and no harm will come to them. It is the best thing to renew old, worn-out lands that we ever saw, and there is not a weed in this country that can stand before it. Per pound, 15c; bush. (60 lbs.), \$6.00.



Our SALES of this excellent clover the past season have been unprecedented, and we are glad to see the farmers of this country are beginning to realize the great benefit to be derived from sowing it, and considering the extremely dry season, it has given unbounded satisfaction. Do not fail to give this excellent variety a trial.

See our Cash Prizes for Turnip, Mangel, and Carrot.

CLOVER SEEDS.—**Crimson or Scarlet** (*Trifolium Incarnatum*).—Crimson Clover is an annual, and when ripe to cut for hay or seed it never starts again. Sown in April or May. It is a very rank grower, some stools counting as many as 120 to 140 blossoms from one seed. It will grow and make a heavy crop of hay or seed on land so poor that the common clover would do but little. The quantity of seed to sow per acre is from 10 to 15 lbs. When land has been plowed and harrowed well, there is no better way than to sow seed and then go over with a plank drag. This we like much better than a roller. A large acreage is sown at the last harrowing of corn; some sowing seed and then harrowing, others sowing after the harrow. We think much the best way is to sow seed and then harrow, but not too deep. This generally gives a good stand. Stock of all kinds appear to do much better on it than on the red clover cut and used in the same way. Several large farmers here have fed it to their work teams in spring through their hardest work, and claim that their teams stood the work better than ever before. Per lb. 15c.; bushel (60 lbs.), \$5.50.

JOHN S. PEARCE & Co.:

Sept. 7th, 1895.

Dear Sir,—I am sending you some samples of Crimson Clover sown on May 4th. Sample No. 1 is in the hay state, sample No. 2 in the seed ready to thresh, sample 3 is now in pasture. Farmers are quite taken up with it. It is going to be a fine fall feed to make plenty of cheese and beautiful gilt-edged butter, also a bountiful flow of honey. Horses are crazy after it, and will leave any other pasture to get to it. "It is well worth a trial, especially when red clover is failing as it is nowadays."

Yours truly,

WM. MOUNTAIN.

Another writer says:—

"I can get as much milk by feeding Crimson Clover hay alone as we can with corn fodder and a liberal allowance of grain. Horses will keep in better condition on Crimson Clover than on any other feed known. Provided it is cut at the proper time, which is as soon as in full bloom. It needs curing in the field from five to seven days before putting in the barn, then it will keep bright and free from dust. It should be put in windrows or small heaps the second day after cutting in good weather, to prevent shedding of leaves and blossoms."

Sanfoin Clover—A New Forage Plant. **Esparet or Sanfoin Clover**, as it is sometimes called, is grown very extensively in every part of Europe on land where it is impossible to secure a stand of other grasses; but as yet this most excellent Clover is but little known in this country. In England, sown on land that could be only rented for \$1.00 per acre, it has within a period of 20 years so enhanced the fertility of the soil that the same ground can be readily rented for \$7.50 per annum. One writer going so far as to say:—"There are many parts of the United Kingdom in which a farmer could not pay his rent without the use of this Clover." In Norfolk, on the poorest sandy lands, it has produced, the second year, as high as 2½ tons of cured hay per acre, on soil that was worthless for anything else. Esparet is a perennial, usually sown in the spring; it equals any clover in nutrition and flesh-forming qualities, and no grass grown requires so little pains to cure. The seed being much larger than other varieties of clover, it should be covered deeper. It can be sown with Oats, and harrowed in at the rate of 4 bushels to the acre. Thrives best on dry, chalky and sandy soil. On heretofore barren wastes, when once thoroughly established, it has produced two abundant crops in a season. There is no doubt that in this country, as soon as the merits of Esparet become known, that it will prove the most valuable of our heat-resisting clovers. Seed weighs 26 pounds to the bushel. Per lb. 15c.

Bokhara Clover (*Melilotus alba*).—For bees; of large and vigorous growth; blooms early in August; may be cut three times during the season, and yields from three tons upwards of hay per acre. For hay or fodder, cut when green; grows to two feet high; has a white and very sweet-scented blossom most valuable for bees. Sow in spring. Per pound, 15c.

Medium Red.—Too well-known to need any description. Prices variable. Per pound, 15c.

Large Red German, or Mammoth Peavine (true).—Very valuable for plowing under for manure. Lb. 15c.

Alsike or Swedish.—Very hardy, and yields abundantly on rich, moist soils; also excellent for pasture. Lb. 15c.

White Dutch.—Highly esteemed for permanent pastures and lawns. Lb. 30c.

Yellow or Trefoil.—Valuable for pasture; should always be sown in mixture with other sorts. Lb. 15c.

EVERGREEN
and
DECIDUOUS

TREES



Carefully and securely packed to carry any distance. By Express or Freight at purchaser's expense.

EVERGREEN TREES.

ARBOR VITEA —American (<i>Thuja Occidentalis</i>).—Useful for hedge and ornamental purposes.	EACH.	PER 10.
Once transplanted, 9 to 12 inches.....	20c.	\$1 50
“ “ 12 to 15 “.....	25c.	2 00
“ “ 15 to 18 “.....	30c.	2 50
PINE —Austrian (<i>Pinus Austriaca</i>).—Somber and massive in aspect. Rapid growth. Very handsome for lawn and shrubberies.	EACH.	PER 10.
Twice transplanted, 12 to 18 inches.....	30c.	\$2 50
“ “ 18 to 24 “.....	40c.	3 50
SPRUCE —Norway (<i>Picea Excelsa</i>).—Pyramidal in form. Beautiful lawn tree, and also much used for hedging purposes. Stands clipping well.	EACH.	PER 10.
Twice transplanted, 9 to 12 inches.....	20c.	\$1 50
“ “ 12 to 15 “.....	25c.	2 00
Three times transplanted (very stalky), 15 to 18 “.....	30c.	2 25

DECIDUOUS TREES.

CATALPA —Hardy (<i>Catalpa Speciosa</i>).—Beautiful flowering variety. Very heavy foliage. Leaves large, heart-shaped, of a yellowish-green. Blossoms large, showy, and quite fragrant. Effective and tropical-looking lawn trees.	EACH.	PER 10.
Seedlings, 12 to 18 inches.....	15c.	\$1 00
Once transplanted, 18 to 24 “.....	20c.	1 50
“ “ 24 to 30 “.....	25c.	2 00
“ “ 30 to 36 “.....	30c.	2 50
“ “ 3 to 4 feet.....	40c.	3 00
CHESTNUTS —American Sweet (<i>Castanea Visca</i>).—A well-known native variety; stately in appearance; when in full bloom, one of the most handsome of trees. Nuts greatly in demand.	EACH.	PER 10.
Seedlings, 6 to 9 inches.....	10c.	\$0 65



Norway Spruce.

The "NEW MODEL" Seed Drill is the best made.

DECIDUOUS TREES—(CONTINUED).

CHESTNUTS—European Horse (<i>Esculus hippocastanum</i>).—Healthy, vigorous grower. Flowers very showy. Very desirable as an ornamental tree. EACH. PER 10.		
Seedlings, 6 to 9 inches	100	\$o 65
BUTTERNUTS (<i>Juglans Cinerea</i>).—A fine tree, of lofty, spreading growth. Handsome for ornamental purposes. Its wood is also very valuable. Nuts large and highly prized for their sweet, nutritious kernel. EACH. PER 10.		
Seedlings, 9 to 12 inches	150	\$1 10
Twice transplanted, 18 to 24 "	200	1 50
" " 2 to 3 feet	250	2 00
*LARCH—American (<i>Larix Americana</i>).—A very fine (native) tree for ornamental purposes. EACH. PER 10.		
Twice transplanted, 12 to 18 inches	250	\$2 00
" " 18 to 24 "	300	2 50
" " 24 to 30 "	350	3 00

PRICES FOR LARGER QUANTITIES ON APPLICATION.

*LARCH—European (<i>Larix Europaea</i>).—Elegant rapid growing pyramidal tree; small branches drooping. EACH. PER 10.		
Twice transplanted, 24 to 30 inches	350	\$3 00
" " 30 to 36 "	400	3 50
*N.B.—Both of these varieties are conifers, and have many other characteristics of Evergreens, but are deciduous after the first two or three years. Both are very rapid growers.		
MAPLE—Sugar (<i>Acer saccharinum</i>).—A well-known native variety. EACH. PER 10.		
Once transplanted, 9 to 12 inches	—	\$o 35
Seedlings, 4 to 6 "	—	20
WALNUT—Black (<i>Juglans Nigra</i>).—A native, of majestic form; beautiful foliage. EACH. PER 10.		
Seedlings, 9 to 12 inches	150	\$1 10
Twice transplanted, 24 to 30 "	250	2 00

A Valuable List of BOOKS For Gardeners, Florists, Farmers and Others.

Dairying for Profit, or the Poor Man's Cow.—By Mrs. E. M. Jones. Of all the numerous publications on dairying, the dairy cow and butter-making, the most pithy, the most terse and brief, and yet sufficiently lengthy to the intelligent, is this little work. We have no hesitation in saying that every chapter in this book is worth ten times the cost of the work to every one who keeps a cow. Every house in the land should have this work. Price, 30c., post-paid.

A B C in Bee Culture.—By A. I. Root. A complete work on the honey-bee. Price, \$1.25, post-paid.

***Accidents and Emergencies.**—Price, 20c., post-paid.

A Year Among the Bees.—By Dr. C. C. Miller. Very interesting and instructive. Price, 50c., post-paid.

Barry's Fruit Gardener.—By P. Barry. A standard work on fruit and fruit trees. The author has had over thirty years' practical experience. Post-paid, \$2.00.

Bees and Honey.—By Thos. G. Newman. Post-paid, 75c.

***Canning and Preserving Fruits.**—Price, 20c., post-paid.

***Chemicals and Clovers.**—Price, 20c., post-paid.

***Cottam's New Illustrated Book on Cage Birds.**—Their necessary food and care. Price, 25c., post-paid.

Celery for Profit.—By L. Grenier. The never improved methods of culture are described in this volume. Post-paid, 30c.

Cook's Manual of the Apiary.—By Prof. A. J. Cook. It comprises a full delineation of the anatomy and physiology of the honey-bee. Two hundred illustrations. Post-paid, \$1.50.

Practical Landscape Gardening.—Containing designs for lots and grounds. By F. R. Elliott. Price, \$1.50.

Feeding Animals.—By E. W. Stewart. A practical work upon the laws of animal growth. Illustrated. Price, \$2.25.

Farm Conveniences.—Describing all manner of home-made aids to farm work. Price, \$1.50.

Farm Gardening and Seed Growing.—By Francis Brill. Price, \$1.00, post-paid, \$1.25.

Fungi and Fungicides.—About insects that attack fruit, vegetables, grain, or forage crops, shade trees, plants and flowers, and the means of preventing their ravages. Two hundred and twenty pages, and illustrated. 75c., post-paid.

Five Hundred Questions and Answers.—In poultry raising, with chapters on the feed and care of poultry diseases, incubation, buildings, and miscellaneous queries on turkeys, geese, and ducks. Post-paid, 35c.

Greenhouse Construction.—Building, heating, ventilating, and arrangement. By Prof. L. R. Taft. \$1.50, post-paid.

Gardening for Profit.—By Peter Henderson. The successful experience of the author for more than thirty years enables him to give most valuable information. Profusely illustrated, \$2.00, post-paid.

Gardening for Pleasure.—A guide to the amateur in the fruit, vegetable, and flower garden, with full descriptions for the greenhouse, conservatory, and window garden. Finely illustrated. \$2.00, post-paid.

Horticulturists' Rule Book.—By L. H. Bailey. A great number of the rules and receipts required by gardeners, fruit growers, truckers, florists, and farmers. Price, cloth, 60c.

***How to Rid Buildings and Farms of Rats, Mice, Gophers, Ground Squirrels, Rabbits, Moles, and Other Pests.**—By Pickett. Price, 25c., post-paid.

How the Farm Pays.—By Wm. Crozier and Peter Henderson. A comprehensive and instructive work on all branches of farming. It should be in every farmer's library. Price, \$2, post-paid.

***How to Plant a Place.**—With fifty engravings. Price, 25c.

How to Make \$500 Yearly Profit with 12 Hens.—A wonderful scientific discovery for which 45 gold and silver medals and diplomas have been awarded the author-inventor. 75c.

Harris's Talks on Manures.—By Jos. Harris, M.S. A series of familiar and practical talks on the whole subject of manures and fertilizers. Post-paid, \$1.75.

Irrigation for the Farm, Garden, and Orchard.—By Henry Steward. To those who, from painful experience, have felt the scarcity of water at critical periods. Post-paid, \$1.50.

Johnson's Practical Poultry Keeping.—Price, 50c.

Langstroth on the Hive and Honey-Bee.—With an introduction by Rev. Robt. Baird, D. D. Revised and illustrated. Post-paid, \$2.50.

Landscape Gardening.—Price, 75c., post-paid.

Market Gardening and Farm Notes.—Experiences and observations in the garden and the field. \$1.25, post-paid.

My Handkerchief Garden.—By Charles Barnard. Very interesting and instructive. Price, 35c., post-paid.

New Potato Culture.—By E. S. Carman. This book gives results of over fifteen years' experimental work on the Rural New Yorker grounds. Price, cloth, 75c.; paper, 50c., post-paid.

Our Insect Foes.—With 32 engravings. Price, 25c., post-paid.

Peanut Plant—its cultivation. A practical book, instructing the beginner how to raise good crops of peanuts. Price, 60c.

Sweet Potato Culture.—Giving full instructions from starting the plants to harvesting and storing the crop. Post-paid, 60c.

Silos, Ensilage and Silage.—By Manly Miles. Price, 60c.

Secrets of Rose Culture.—By W. J. Hatton, gardener and florist. Describes all the newest and most improved designs for building rose houses, heating, ventilation; valuable information on rose culture; 162 pages, illustrated. Post-paid, 50c.

Spraying Crops—Why? When? and How?—This is a book that anyone with fruit should not fail to get. Price, 35c.

Tobacco Culture.—Full practical details from the propagation of the seed to the harvesting, curing and marketing of the crop, by fourteen experienced tobacco growers. Post-paid, 25c.

The Cider-makers' Hand Book.—By J. M. Trowbridge. A complete guide for making and keeping pure cider. Fully illustrated. Post-paid, \$1.00.

The Rose—Its Cultivation, Varieties, Etc.—Directions for cultivation, planting, pruning, propagation, the treatment of diseases and insect enemies, with a descriptive list of 956 varieties. By H. B. Ellwanger. Post-paid, \$1.35.

The Nursery Book.—A new work by L. H. Bailey. It is a careful compendium of the best modes of seedling grafting, budding, laying, hybridizing, etc. Contains 107 illustrations, showing methods, processes and appliances. Price, 60c. and \$1.

Wheat Culture.—By Curtis. Price, 50c., post-paid.

Asparagus Culture.—Price, 50c., post-paid.

My Vineyard at Lake View.—Price, 25c., post-paid.

Quinby's New Bee-Keeping.—Mysteries of bee-keeping explained. L. C. Root. Result of 50 yrs. experience. \$1.75, p. p.

Window Gardening.—Practical articles and pleasing illustrations—all on window gardening. Price, 15c.

Your Plants.—Plain and practical directions for the treatment of tender and hardy plants in the home or in the garden. 50c.

A B C of Strawberry Culture.—By Jury. \$o 75

Celery Manual.—Vaughan & Eddy. 20

Cauliflowers.—Brill. 25

Cabbages.—Gregory. 30

Carrots and Mangels.—Gregory. 30

Grape Culturist.—Fuller. 1 50

Grasses—How to Know Them by the Leaves. 1 00

Grain Tables. 25

Insect Foes.—Long. 25

Mushroom Culture for Amateurs.—May. 40

Manures—Methods of Making.—Bommer. 40

Nitrate of Soda for Manure.—Harris. 25

Onion Culture.—Grenier. 60

Propagation of Plants.—Fuller. 1 50

Silos and Silage.—A. J. Cook. 25

The Garden, and How to Make it Pay.—Grenier. 2 00

The Pig.—Harris. 1 15

The five books marked with an * for \$1.00, post-paid. Should be in every house.

Poultry Supplies.

From the Exhibitors
and Officers of the

Pennsylvania State Fair:

PRATT FOOD CO.,—

Having used the Pratt Poultry Food for the Poultry at the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Fair, held in this city, September 5 to 17, inclusive (two weeks), can cheerfully recommend it to the poultry breeders, as all the poultry improved, though the season was hard on them and the time long to keep them in small coops, it being the moulting season.

Respectfully,

JESSE G. DARLINGTON,
Manager of Poultry Department and Breeder of Fancy Poultry.

J. A. STOVELL,
Superintendent of Poultry Department.

GEO. W. SCHLOENDORN,
Attendant.



PRATTS

POULTRY FOOD

Absolutely pure and free from poisons and all other injurious ingredients.

One Ounce of Pratts Poultry Food equal to 2 tablespoonfuls.



POSITIVELY CURES AND PREVENTS

CHICKEN CHOLERA, Roup, Gapes, and all diseases of the flock. It regulates the Bowels, Blood, and Digestive Organs, and produces Bone, Muscle, Feathers, and larger Fowl.

YOUNG CHICKS grow quickly and free from disease. Sickly broods are never seen when Pratts Poultry Food is used according to directions.

HENS LAY regularly when Pratts Poultry Food is fed.

TURKEYS, Ducks, and Geese grow larger, and are healthier, and Pigeons flourish on Pratts Poultry Food.

Directions.—For young Chickens, Turkeys, Ducks, or Geese, mix one ounce with the feed of 15 or 20 every other day. Large Chickens, Turkeys, Ducks, or Geese, mix one ounce with the feed of 15 or 20 every day. Pigeons same as Young Chicks. In case of disease double the dose, or should the fowl be unable to eat, make a gruel of Pratts Poultry Food, and pour it down the throat with a spoon. Per package containing 26 ozs., 35c., post-paid.



Calcined Oyster Shells.—This is a most important article as a shell-making material. 5 lbs., 15c.; 100 lbs., \$1.50.

Granulated Bone.—Feed about one handful to a dozen fowls every day. 5 lbs., 25c.; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

Prairie Meat Cressel takes place of insect life.—Tablespoonful to dozen fowls twice a week. 10-lb. bag, 75c.

Sheridan's Condition Powder.—Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. It is absolutely pure; highly concentrated; most economical, because such small doses; strictly a medium, not a food—you can buy or raise food as cheaply as we can; prevents or cures all diseases of poultry; worth more than gold when hens are moulting; no other made like it. Per packet, post-paid, 25c.; large can (2½ lbs.), post-paid, \$1.25.

"Cardiac" Tonic Powder (Spratt's Patent).—Strengthening and invigorating, exciting a healthy action of the stomach, and giving the young chicks a healthy appetite, thus enabling them to withstand attacks of weakening disease. 2-lb. packet, 50c.; post-paid, 60c.

Sunflower Seeds.—All authorities on poultry topics recommend Sunflower Seeds to be fed as a variety to poultry of all kinds. Per lb., 10c.; 100 lbs., \$8.00; postage, 4c. per lb. extra.

Insect Powder.—We can recommend this article as being strictly pure and fresh, and one that can be relied upon to kill the insect pests of all kinds. ¼ lb., 20c., post-paid; 1 lb., 65c., post-paid.

PHILADELPHIA POULTRY MARKER.—Do you keep a record of chickens? The different breeds, hatches, etc., should be kept. There is no better or quicker way than by this marker, as over 200 different marks can be made by punching web between toes; and by your private marks you can secure yourself from the chicken thief. They are well made, with steel spring and cutter, nicely nickel plated. Made in two sizes. Sent post-paid on receipt of price, 25c. each.

Rockton, Feb. 26th, 1895.

John S. Pearce & Co., London, Ont.:

Dear Sirs,—I received the "Poultry Marker" to-day. It seems to be a good little machine for marking poultry.

Yours truly, J. S. HENDERSON,

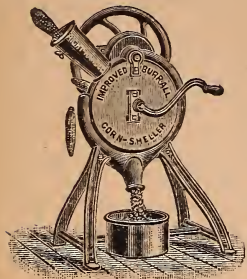
CAPONIZE.—Poultrymen can double their profits by Caponizing their chicks. The operation is very simple, the instructions so full and explicit that any man, woman or child, after a careful reading, will be able to perform the operation. It is highly successful from every point of view. The demand for Capons far exceeds the supply, the price per pound being twice as much as for ordinary chicks. The object in Caponizing is to largely increase the weight of fowl, causing them, in many cases, to grow as large as turkeys, and weighing from 10 to 15 pounds—to make the meat a finer and sweeter flavor, and very juicy and tender. They are much quieter in disposition. A cock in chasing around the yard will run off flesh almost as fast as put on. In the more quiet Capon the same amount of food goes to make flesh, bone, and profit. A "Complete Guide for Caponizing," we are distributing free to those interested in Poultry. Complete with instructions, \$2.50. In velvet-lined case, as per engraving, \$2.75. "Complete



free to those interested in Poultry. Complete with instructions, \$2.50. In velvet-lined case, as per engraving, \$2.75. "Complete

Try PRATTS POULTRY FOOD. Best on earth.

FARM, GARDEN and GREENHOUSE Requisites.



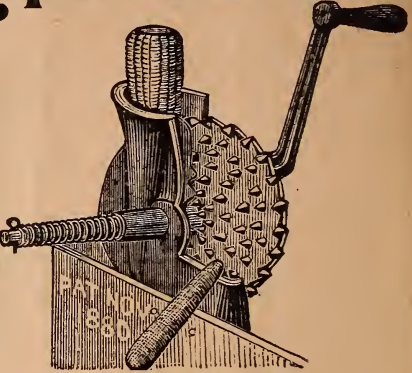
The Burrall.

WOOD'S FAMOUS CORN SHELLER.

Over 50,000 in use. Will shell a bushel of corn in four minutes. Price, each, \$3.

The BURRALL

Is the best Hand Corn Sheller made. All iron and very durable. Shells large or small ears quick and clean; throws cobs out separately. Price, each, \$10.00.

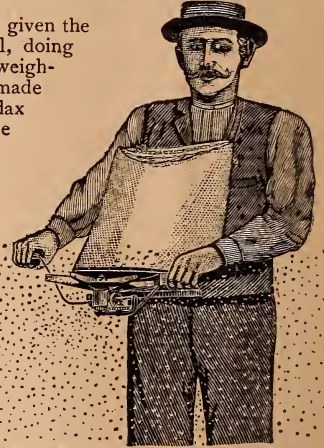


Wood's Famous.



The "Little Giant" Broadcast Hand Seed Sower

(for sowing wheat, oats, clover, timothy, etc.)—This valuable little implement was first sent out by us three years ago, and from testimonials received, it has given the best of satisfaction to all who used it. It has no equal, doing perfect work. It has strength combined with lightness (weighing but three pounds), making it the most perfect seeder made to-day. It will distribute wheat 50 feet to the round; flax and clover seed, 36 feet to the round; oats, 36 feet to the round; timothy seed, 27 feet to the round. It will do the work evener and better than can possibly be done by hand, and can be operated by anyone. It is the only seeder in which the delivery is not obstructed by small pieces of straw, etc., the agitator used doing away with any possible clogging up of seed or grain when sowing. It sows from 30 to 50 acres a day. It should be in the hands of every farmer. Price, Geared (see cut), \$3.50; Fiddle Bow, old style, \$3, post-paid.



The Little Giant Seed Sower—Geared.

King of the Field. This planter has a flexible iron drop, and does not wear the brush. It has an iron seed box, iron channel, and the operator can always see the seed dropped. The hinged foot is made of solid steel. It is well made, strong, durable, reliable, and gives universal satisfaction. The most simple, easiest worked, yet most perfect planter made.

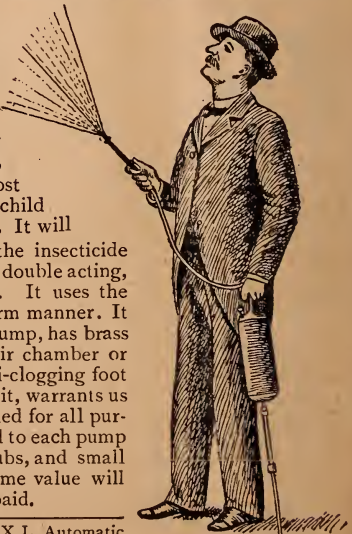
We dispose of a great many every season, and have yet to hear of a single one that has not given satisfaction. Each, \$1, by freight or express at purchaser's expense.

The I. X. L. AUTOMATIC SPRAY and FORCE PUMP.

Simplest, best and cheapest; unique and most practicable. No foot fastening is required; a child can work it. It has all the latest improvements. It will throw water 25 feet. When in use it keeps the insecticide thoroughly mixed. It has large air chamber, is double acting, and maintains a steady and continuous stream. It uses the least material, and puts it on in the most uniform manner. It pays for itself in a short time; is a Reservoir Pump, has brass cylinder, galvanized iron tubing, extra large air chamber or reservoir, brass spring, pure rubber valves, anti-clogging foot with strainer, and with the sprays that go with it, warrants us in claiming that it is what has long been needed for all purposes. With the length of rubber hose attached to each pump it can be used for spraying roses, flowering shrubs, and small fruits—something that no other pump of the same value will do. No. 1 I. X. L., brass, each, \$3.50, post-paid.



Eddy's Farmer's Favorite Duster.



The Automatic Spray Force Pump.

To Each Purchaser of one of our I. X. L. Automatic Spray Pumps we will send one copy of that useful little book, *Spraying Crops—Why, When and How.*

The "Universal" Machines

which we are offering we consider as identical to the Planet Jr., and equal to them in every respect,

and at a much less cost.

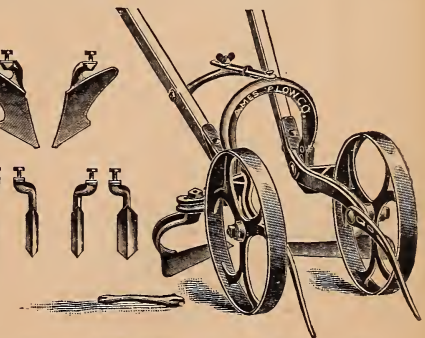
If they are not found as we represent them, they can be returned, and the money will be refunded.

New Universal Hand Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.

—This is also an improvement over other tools of this type. As with the *Double Wheel Hoe*, described below, it can be used either between or astride the rows, although it is

really intended for between row cultivation. For straddle cultivation the wheel can be set to one side, so as to bring the row of young plants under center of frame. Later cultivation must be done between rows. The adjustment for graduating the depth of cultivation is unique and readily accomplished. The attachments are 1 pair Hoes, 5 Cultivator Teeth, 1 pair Plows, and 1 Vine or Leaf Guard. Price, boxed, \$5.50.

New Universal Hand Single Wheel Hoe.



New Universal Hand Double Wheel Hoe.

The "New Universal" Hand Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.

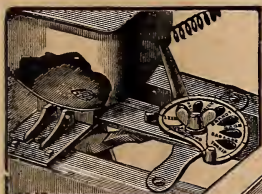
—Specially designed for working both sides of the row at one passing. This new hand implement embraces all the good points of older efforts in the same line, and in addition offers new features which cannot fail of appreciation. The special recommendation is the *Adjustable Arch* by which not only the *depth* of work can be gauged, but which by an ingenious device enables the teeth to be pitched at any angle desired. It can be pushed straight ahead, but better results are obtained by using it same as a scuffle hoe, with successive strokes of length to suit the nature of soil and crop. It can be used either astride of or between rows. To work both sides of row at one passing, the attachments can be set to suit width of crop to be cultivated, keeping row midway between wheels; no need to watch the teeth. The hoe blades can be set to turn in or out as desired by the operator. The **Cultivator teeth**—four are furnished with each. Two cultivator teeth can be used at desired width to mark out rows. The **Plows**.—For furrowing they can be set close together, and turned outward. For covering, set to width desired, and turn inward. The **Depth** can be regulated by adjusting wheel arms in the three holes provided on each side of Arch. The depth can also be regulated by pitching the Arch by means of the Arch Brace and Thumb Bolt where it connects to lower Handle Brace. The **Leaf Guards** are to prevent wheels from injuring large, spreading foliage. Price, boxed, \$7.50.

NEW MODEL SEED DRILL.

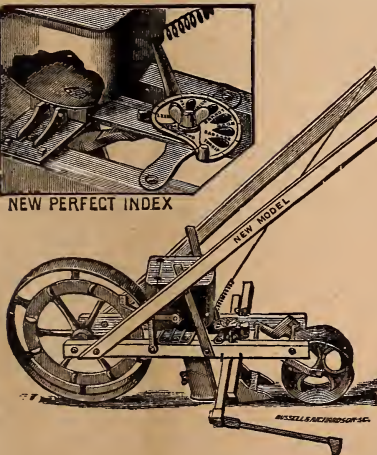
—The "New Model Seed Drill" will sow any kind of seed, in size from Sweet Majoram to beans, with most perfect accuracy and ease. The **Index** for regulating the flow of seed is placed in open sight,

immediately under the eye of the operator, and can be quickly adjusted to the slightest variation desired. The names of the principal seeds are plainly shown on the **Index**, and it is not necessary to refer to any table of reference. The **Cut-off**.—The flow of the seed can be instantly stopped by a swinging cut-off, conveniently operated by a cord and ring on handle. This cut-off prevents all loss of seed at end of rows, and its swinging or gravity form will be found far preferable to one that slides under, as it cannot be jammed by the falling seed. Price, \$9. Packed in crates for shipping.

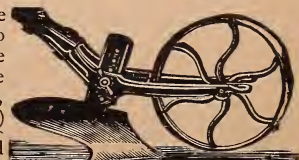
"**THE PLANET JR.**" Combined Drill, Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.—Sows all garden seeds accurately, at any desired thickness or depth, opening, dropping, covering, rolling down and marking the next row all at one passage in the most perfect and reliable manner. It holds one quart. For after care of the crop it is supplied with a pair of rakes, pair of long hoes, three reversible cultivator teeth, and a large garden hoe. Price, \$11. No. 2 Drill, without any attachments, \$8.00.



NEW PERFECT INDEX



THE "FIRE FLY" WHEEL GARDEN PLOW makes the care of a vegetable garden a pleasure, and those who could not find time to keep a garden if attempting cultivation with the ordinary hand hoe, can raise their own vegetables successfully with the "Fire Fly." It takes the place of the horse and plow, or cultivator, requiring no wide headlands to turn on, and is invaluable during all the gardening season. Price, \$2.50. (See cut.)



"Fire Fly" Wheel Garden Plow.

EDDY'S FARMER'S FAVORITE DUSTER

for applying Paris Green, Slug Shot, and other Insecticides in the dry state; equally adapted for dusting large or small plants, as the surface covered depends entirely on the force of the shake or turn, which the operator can, of course, regulate. (See cut, p. 64) \$1.25.

Who is your Seedsman? John S. Pearce & Co. solicit your patronage.

The "DANDY" Hand Force PUMP and Suction



The Dandy Hand Force and Suction Pump.

This pump is made of the very best material. It supplies a long-felt want, viz.:—A pump that is serviceable, and one that can be sold at a price that will bring it within the reach of all. It is always ready for use, and not liable to get out of order.

It throws a stream thirty feet or more. In this age of insects it is invaluable for spraying apple, pear, peach or plum trees, grape vines, etc., or for washing buggies or windows. Price, \$1.50, by express at purchaser's expense. (See cut.)

To every purchaser of a "Dandy" Pump we will send one copy of

SPRAYING CROPS—WHY, WHEN, AND HOW;

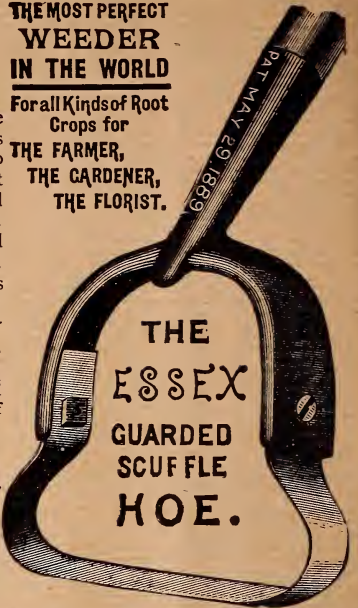
which should be in the hands of every one needing to Spray.

HOT-BED AND MUSHROOM-BED THERMOMETER.

—This is a very handy Thermometer, and every one having a hot-bed, or growing mushrooms, should not fail to have one of these. It is brass shod, handy, and durable. Each, \$1.00.

THE MOST PERFECT WEEDER IN THE WORLD

For all kinds of Root Crops for THE FARMER, THE GARDENER, THE FLORIST.



Price without handle, 60c., post-paid.



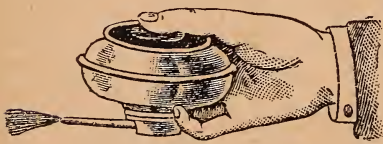
Hot-Bed Thermometer.

THE ESSEX GUARDED SCUFFLE WHEEL HOE.

—This really valuable little implement is, without exception, the cheapest, most effective, and most durable of any wheel hoe now in the market. We have a great variety of garden implements in use at our Trial Grounds, and our foreman says he prefers "The Essex" to all others. Points of excellence claimed for the Essex Guarded Scuffle Wheel Hoe:—1st. Durability, being made of the best gray and malleable iron and steel. 2nd. Ease and rapidity of work. 3rd. By loosening a nut in rear of wheel the knife can be placed at any angle for work in hard or soft ground. 4th. By bearing slightly on the handles when drawing towards you, it is a most effective scuffle hoe. Price, \$3.00 each.

THE ESSEX GUARDED SCUFFLE WHEEL HOE.

FOR SPEED, EASE AND DURABILITY IT HAS NO EQUAL



Powder Gun for Insecticides.

INSECT POWDER GUNS.

—The Acme. (See cut.) Each, 15c. Excelsior (oil can shape). Each, 15c.

Victor (syringe shape). Each, 25c.

Common Sense Weed Slayer.



We have used this useful little implement for the past six seasons with the most satisfactory results. A man can do more work in one day with the Common Sense Weed Slayer than can be done in two or three days with the ordinary hoe. A boy twelve years of age can work it. The knife (which is made of the best steel) is twelve inches wide, so anything planted two feet apart can be cleaned of all weeds by going up one side, close to the plants, and down the other. Price, \$2. (See cut.)



CLEVES' ANGLE TROWEL (the New Style in Garden Trowels).

—A weed digger, transplanter, and cultivator. It takes the place of both Trowel and Dibble. A trowel, to be most serviceable, should be straight and sharp pointed, that it may be easily forced into the ground, and strong to resist strain by prying. Cleves' Angle Trowels fulfil these conditions. No. 1, "The Standard," 8-in. blade, 40c.; No. 2, "The Medium," 7-in. blade, 30c.; No. 3, "The Daisy," 5-in. blade, 20c.

Try a "DANDY" FORCE PUMP. It will pay you many times over.

EUREKA Post-hole Digger

Buy the EUREKA. It will pay for itself in two days' work.

Steel Blades, Malleable Iron Heads, Hardwood Handles; weight about nine pounds; length complete, five feet. You can take out a good-sized stone, also loose sand, wet sand or clay. No clogging. You can cut off a good sized root. You can dig any sized hole larger than six inches that you wish. 25,000 sold in one year. Cheaper than any other good Digger, and cheaper than a spade, because you can do so much more work in a day. Farmers, railroad foremen and contractors have used them, and all are pleased. It is the best tool that is made to sink posts heaved by frost. Price, \$1.75.



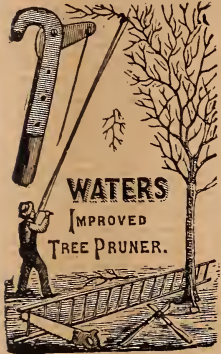
Eureka Post-hole Digger.

"I have had an Eureka Digger in use for some years, and it has given entire satisfaction, particularly in sinking a deep hole, or in setting down posts that have been lifted by the frost. I do not think there is a more useful tool for the purpose than the Eureka Digger." D. S. BUTTERFIELD.

June 11th.

WATERS TREE PRUNER.

The hook encircles the limb and supports the blade on both sides, which allows the blade to be made very thin, thereby reducing the resistance of the wood, and makes an easier and smoother cut than any other device. The small space required for working the knife allows it to be used among close, dense branches. Price: length of pole six feet, \$1; eight feet, \$1.25; ten feet, \$1.50, by express at purchaser's expense.



WATERS IMPROVED TREE PRUNER.

Protecting Cloth.

Specially prepared to prevent mildewing and rotting. Valuable for forwarding and protecting early plants from frost, covering hot-beds and frames in spring in lieu of glass, and for throwing over plants at night in fall, for chrysanthemum houses, etc., at one-tenth the cost of glass. Samples mailed on application. Heavy grade, per yard, 20c.; post-paid, 25c. Medium grade, best for general purposes, per yard, post-paid, 16c.



Hot-Bed covered with Protecting Cloth.

LANG'S HAND WEEDER

HANDIEST TOOL ON EARTH.



30¢ BY MAIL PREPAID



Scollay's Plant Sprinkler.

An indispensable article for sprinkling cut flowers, small seedlings, window plants, clothes, etc. A pressure on the bulb ejects a fine spray. No. 1, \$1.25; No. 2, \$1; No. 3, 85c.; No. 4, 75c.

ATOMIZER AND SPRINKLER



SELLS ON ITS OWN MERITS. Spray appears like fog. Best clothes sprinkler in the world. Sprinkles so even. Just the thing for window gardening. You want one. Moistens them as if by a fog. Fills instantly. Impossible to describe here.

Price, each, 35c.; post-paid, 40c.

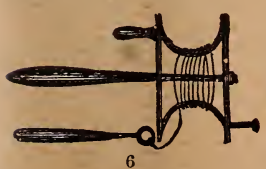
The undermentioned articles marked thus * will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price.

CUT.	EACH.	CUT.	EACH.
*Asparagus Knives.....	\$0 75	*Roffea, for tying vines, per pound.....	\$0 40
*Gloves, Gentlemen's Gardening, per pair.....	50	*Shears, Hedge, 8-inch Blades, per pair.....	1 25
* " " Ladies'.....	40	* " " Hedge, 9-inch Blades, per pair.....	1 40
*Mitts, Gardening, per pair.....	40	" " Branch or Lopping.....	2 50
*Gooseberry Pruners, Stag Handle.....	25	" " Edging, 9-inch, without wheel.....	2 75
*Grafting Wax, per pound.....	1 25	9*Scateurs, with spring, per pair.....	75c
*Hand Weeder, Haseltine's Patent, the most rapid weeder ever made.....	50	*Syringes, Brass Garden, best English, extra roses attached to sides.....	\$3.50 to 8 00
*Knives, Pruning, best English.....	30	*Trowels, best English Steel.....	60
* " " Budding, best English, Bone Handle.....	75	*Tinfoil for Florists, per pound.....	25c
*Lawn Sprinklers, "The Dandy".....	1 00	*Tooth Picks, per box.....	15
*Lines, Garden, in 100 feet lengths.....	25	*Tobacco Powder Distributor, Metal.....	35
*Pot Covers, Wooden, stained, gold and polished, 10c to 35		*Wollf's Indelible Pencils, for writing on labels... Baskets,	
*Pot Labels, Wooden, 4-inch, per 100.....	10	1 Quart Strawberry, per thousand.....	4 50
* " " " 4-inch, painted, per 100.....	13	12 Quart "Diamond", per hundred.....	5 00
* " " " 5-inch, per 100.....	13	" " 16 Quart " " per hundred.....	6 00
* " " " 5-inch, painted, per 100.....	15	10-pound Grape, per hundred.....	5 00
* " " " 12-inch, per 100.....	40	1/2 Bushel Pickling, per dozen, \$1.50.....	15
Plant Sticks, 3 feet long, per 100.....	40	1 Bushel Root or Corn, per dozen, \$2.50.....	25
Reels, Iron Garden.....	75	2 Bushel Root or Corn.....	50

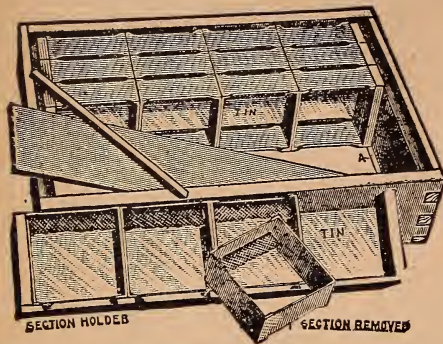
EARTHENWARE FLOWER POTS AND SAUCERS.

Inch..	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	12
Dozen..	20c.	30c.	40c.	50c.	7c.	\$1.00	\$1.20	\$2.00	\$3.50

SAUCERS—Half the price of pots. Other sizes made to order.



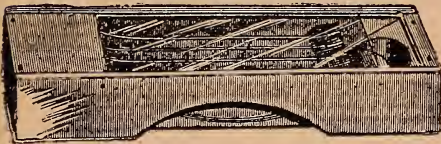
We are counting on an order from you this season.



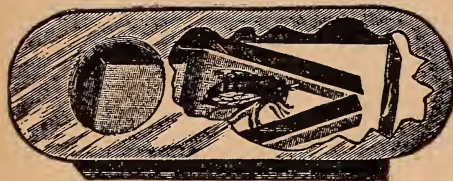
Dove Super with Section-holder, Follower, Separator and Wedge.



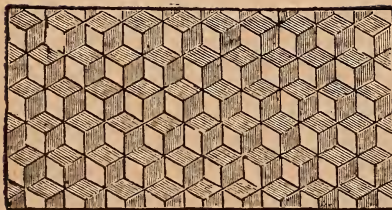
Simplicity Feeder.



Schuck's Feeder.



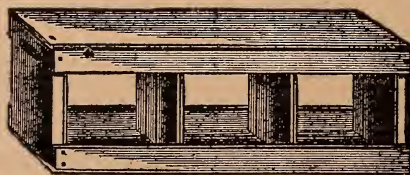
The "Porter" Bee Escape.



Comb Foundation.



The Miller Feeder.



Section Box Crate.



Italian Queen.

Bee KEEPERS' SUPPLIES.

HAVING had a great many communications regarding Bee Supplies, we last season catalogued a few articles, and our efforts having been appreciated, we have revised our List to include everything of real value to bee-keepers in general; but if you cannot find what you want mentioned here, write us and we will gladly give you prices.

LANGSTROTH HIVES.—The Langstroth frame, $1\frac{7}{8}$ x $9\frac{1}{2}$, seems to be the standard throughout Canada. There is none superior, either for comb or extracted honey. Bees sell more readily in a Langstroth hive, and, besides, it would be better if a uniform hive were used.

No. 1. Dovetailed.— $1\frac{1}{2}$ -story, for comb honey. Complete. Nailed and painted, each, \$1.50. In the flat, each, \$1.25.

No. 2. Dovetailed.—2-story, for extracting honey. Nailed and painted, each, \$1.70. In the flat, each, \$1.35.

SECTION HONEY BOXES.—Our sales of sections the past season have been very large, owing, in a great measure, to the excellence of our goods. We handle nothing but first-class. In ordering please mention what style wanted. $4\frac{1}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$, slotted on top and bottom, or all four sides, also Four Pieced. Per 100, 50c.; 500, \$2.10; 1,000, \$3.85. Special prices for larger quantity. Any other size furnished on short notice.

FEEDERS.—Simplicity.—This is an excellent feeder when small quantities only require to be fed. It is intended for the inside feeding. Each, 5c.; per dozen, 50c.

Schuck's.—This answers the same purpose as the above, only it is placed at the entrance of the hive. Each, 20c.; per dozen, \$1.75.

The Miller.—It is designed to place inside of a super, or in the upper story on top of the brood frames. Each, 35c.; dozen, \$3.50.

ALLEY SELF-HIVER.—The above is an invention of Henry Alley. By means of it the queen is caught. As the swarm issues the former passes to an adjoining hive, and the latter, when returning, takes up its abode with the new queen. Each, 50c.

THE "PORTER" BEE ESCAPE.—The bees pass out between two delicate springs, which, partially closing behind them, prevents their return. The Porter was invented in 1890, consequently is not an untried thing, but something that has given the best of satisfaction. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

COMB FOUNDATION.—We give special attention to the manufacture of Comb Foundation in all its branches. It will be found, for workmanship and material, without an equal in Canada. Brood Foundation, per lb., 50c. Section Foundation, per lb., 60c.

SECTION BOX CRATES.—For properly marketing comb honey. Glassed on one side only. It will pay any one who markets comb honey to use these crates. They are in the flat, not made up. 6.—2 sections front. Per dozen, 50c. 12.—3 sections front. Per dozen, \$1.00. 18.—3 sections front. Per dozen, \$1.20.

ITALIAN QUEENS.—There is hardly an apiary in the country which would not benefit by the introduction of new blood. We can supply the very best Italian Queens in the country. They are reared by the best methods. We are prepared to ship Queens in the spring, from the time they can be reared in Canada. For earlier orders a slight advance in price will be charged. Virgin, each, 40c.; per three, \$1; per $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen, \$1.75. Untested, each, \$1; per three, \$2.75; per $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen, \$5. Tested, each, \$1.50; per three, \$3.75; per $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., \$7. Selected, tested, each, \$2; per three, \$5; per $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., \$10.

We thank all those who have recommended us to their friends.

PERFORATED METAL.—This is used between the upper and lower stories to prevent the queens from going up above. It is also used in entrance guards, drone traps, etc. We cut pieces any size to order. Per square foot, 10c.

RUBBER GLOVES.—Those who are timid will find rubber gloves a great help. Ladies' half-long, sizes 6, 7, 8, 9, per pair, \$1.65. Gentlemen's half-long, sizes 10, 11 and 12, per pair, \$1.85. In ordering by number, remember that if you wear No. 5 in kid you need No. 7 in rubber.

BEE VEILS.—Silk Brussels net, 50c.; cotton Brussels, 25c.; common net with silk Brussels face (the best veil), 30c.

HONEY LABELS.—A good honey label assists greatly in the sale of honey. We have a neat label which, in addition to appearance, explains much of interest about honey. 1 lb., per 100, 50c.; 2 and 3 lb., per 100, 65c.; 5 lb., per 100, 90c.; 8 to 10 lb., per 100, \$1.50; labels for glass, 45c. per 100. Printing name and address on labels, from 100 or part thereof, 50c.; each additional 100, 10c. per 100.

HONEY KNIVES.—Our Honey Knives are beautifully finished. They are ground thin, and sharp on both edges. Used for a multitude of purposes about the apiary.
 "The Beauty."—Ebony handle, and fine mirror finish. Each, \$1.00.
 "Very Good."—Not so well finished; wood handle. Each, 80c.

BEE SMOKERS.—The Hill.—Designed by A. G. Hill, of Indiana, and we can recommend them highly. The nozzle is hinged, and always ready for use. There is a guard between the bellows and the fire pot. Each, \$1.00.

Clark's Cold Blast.—The Clark Cold Blast Smoker has probably exceeded the sales of all the others put together. It is easily lighted with a match, and when once well going it will not go out. Each, 80c.
The Goold.—This is a hot-blast smoker; that is, the blast of air from the bellows passes through the fire, instead of in front, as in the Clark. Price, small size, \$1.00; large size, \$1.25.

"THE KRETCHINER" SECTION FOLDER.—Simple and inexpensive, and just the thing to put one-piece sections together. Easily worked. Each, 75c.

QUEEN CAGES—Coil Wire Queen Cages and Cell Protectors.—The best for caging queens in the apiary or allowing cells to hatch in. The cell protectors do away with the annoyance of having queen cells torn down in the hive. The cell protectors and queen cages also, to a certain extent, answer as bee escapes. (See cut.) Queen Cell Protectors—Each, 5c.; twelve, 60c.; fifty, \$2. Queen Cages with Feeders—Each, 10c.; twelve, \$1; fifty, \$4.

QUEEN OR DRONE TRAPS.—The Alley—(invented by him).—It is placed over the entrance of the hive, the queen being captured, and thus preventing a swarm from absconding. Each, 45c.

EXTRACTORS.—Our extractors are made of the very best material, and are strong and simple in construction. No. 1—Will take any frame that will suit size of can. Two frames, each, \$5.50. The New Goold—Will take any frame. Two frames, \$7.00; four frames, \$8.00. Adjustable—Take any frame. Two frames, \$8.50. Goold's Reversible—Langstroth frame. Two frames, \$12.00; four frames, \$15.00.

BEE BOOKS.

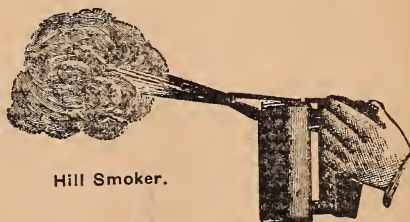
The Canadian Bee Journal.—Devoted to the interests of Bee-keepers. Published monthly. Per annum, \$1.00.
A B C in Bee Culture.—By A. I. Root. A complete work on the honey-bee. Price, \$1.25, post-paid.
A Year Among the Bees.—By Dr. C. C. Miller. Very interesting and instructive. Price, 50c., post-paid.
Bees and Honey.—By Thos. G. Newman. Post-paid, 75c.
Cook's Manual of the Apiary.—By Prof. A. J. Cook. It comprises a full delineation of the anatomy and physiology of the honey-bee. Two hundred illustrations. Post-paid, \$1.50.
Langstroth on the Hive and Honey-Bee.—With an introduction by Rev. Robt. Baird, D.D. Revised and illustrated. Post-paid, \$2.50.
Quinby's New Bee-Keeping.—Mysteries of bee-keeping explained. By L. C. Root. Result of 50 years' experience. Post-paid, \$1.75.



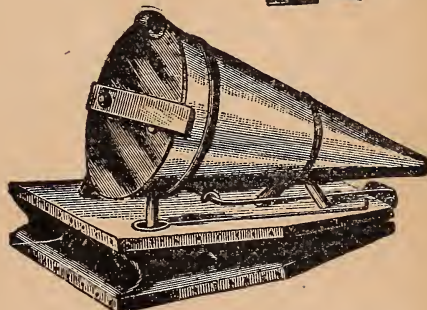
Perforated Metal.



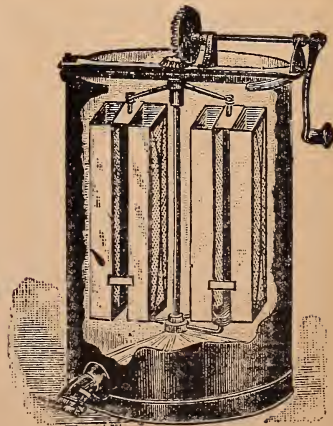
Honey Knife—The Beauty.



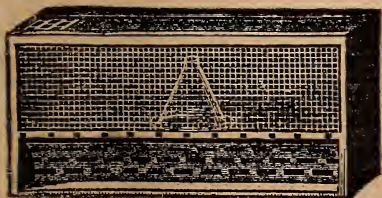
Hill Smoker.



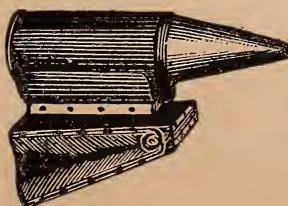
Clark's Cold Blast Smoker.



Reversible Automatic Honey Extractor

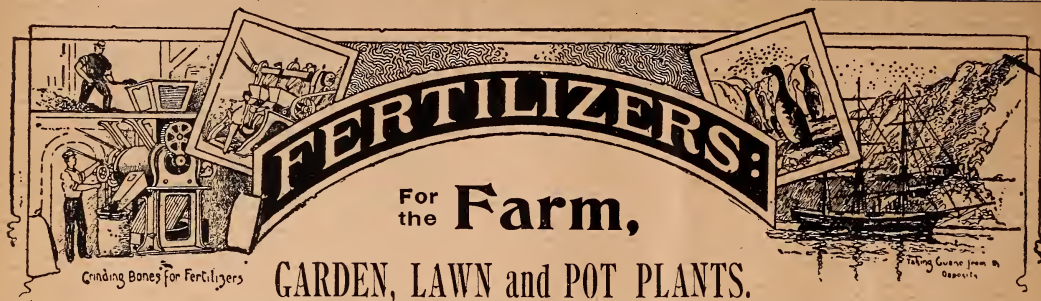


Queen or Drone Trap.

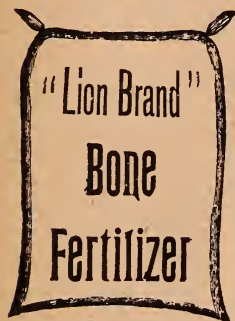


The Goold.

We pay the highest price for Pure Beeswax.



Great care should be taken that all Fertilizers are well incorporated with the soil, so as not to come in contact with and destroy the vitality of the seed sown.



"Lion Brand" Pure Ground Bone.—There is no Fertilizer so valuable as pure ground bone, from the fact that it contains all the elements of plant food. You may be sure of getting the pure article. 100 lbs. \$2.50; ton \$40.

"Beaver Brand" Pure Animal Fertilizer.—Contains the proper quantities of Ammonia, Phosphoric Acid and Potash. Quick in its action. Suitable for all soils. 100 lbs. \$2.00; ton \$35.

Lawn Enricher.—As a fertilizer for inducing a rapid growth to the lawn it cannot be excelled. A 10-lb. package is sufficient to go over an area of 300 square feet. Price, 5-lb. package 30c; 10-lb. package 50c. When ordered by mail, 4c per lb. must be added to prepaid postage.

Peruvian Guano.—A standard Fertilizer throughout the entire country, and in almost universal use. Never let it come in contact with growing plants. Price per lb. 10c; post-paid 14c; 25 lbs. \$1.75; per 100 lbs. \$5.

Nitrate of Soda.—It is used by leading market gardeners, dissolved in water, for cabbages, cauliflowers, and all garden truck they wish to rush. It is also excellent for strawberries, hastening their ripening. Our market gardeners not only require large quantities of rich manure, but want them to act quickly; nitrate of soda will do this, and its results are shown on next year's crop as well. It is the best of all substitutes for stable manure, but if you wish to use manure as well, do so. So far as our experience goes, if we had to dispense with either, we should give up the manure rather than the Nitrate and Superphosphate.—*Joseph Harris.* For farm crops, such as wheat, barley, oats, corn, and corn fodder, it is not necessary to use so much Nitrate per acre. 200 lbs. of Nitrate per acre sown broadcast early in the spring will greatly increase the yield. It will pay you to purchase "Talks on Manures," by Joseph Harris (a standard authority), and figure results out for yourself. Nitrate of soda, price per 10 lbs. 75c; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2; 100 lbs. \$3.50.

Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers.—Made expressly for plants grown in house or garden. Produces healthy growth, and early and generous flowering. Largely soluble in water. Free from odor. Clean to handle. Will keep any length of time. It changes the color of the leaves to a dark green, increases the number, beauty and fragrance of the flowers, and will change weak and stunted plants to thrifty and vigorous ones. After one trial, no florist, whether professional or amateur, will be without it. Our little book, entitled "Window Gardening," sent with each and every box. Large box 30c; small box 15c, post-paid.

Muriate of Potash.—This is by far the most important source of potash. Contains from 80 to 85 per cent. of pure muriate of potash. Per lb. 10c; 25 lbs. \$1 50; per 100 lbs. \$3.50.

INSECT DESTROYERS.—**Jeyes' "Gardeners' Friend" (Non-Poisonous).**—An English manufacture, invaluable for spraying all fruit orchards, grape vines, currant, raspberry and gooseberry bushes, as it positively kills all insects that attack the fruit, and cleanses trees thoroughly of bark lice, loose bark and decaying matter so detrimental, leaving them in a perfectly clean and healthy condition, and thereby rendering them capable of receiving the nourishment required to a perfection of growth and fruitfulness. It also kills insects that attack cauliflower, cabbage, and onions, especially at the root, and can be applied to the most delicate foliage without injury to the plant. Highest testimonials from best practical authority in the Old Country and in Canada. Full instructions with each package. Per bottle 25c and 50c; post-paid 30c and 60c. Cheapness and Non-poisonous two of its chief features.

Sulpho-Tobacco Soap.—There is no insect that will not succumb to its power. Another feature of the soap is, that it acts as a powerful fertilizer. The soap is absolutely safe to handle, and will not injure the softest growth of plants. Dissolve two ounces of soap in a gallon of water and apply with a syringe, atomizer, or whisk broom, or the plants may be washed with a sponge. Per tin 25c and 30c, post-paid.

Whale Oil Soap.—Makes an excellent wash for trees and plants; kills insects and eggs on the bark. Mix ¼ lb. to a gallon of water, and spray on with a syringe or force pump. Per lb. 25c; post-paid 30c.

Hammond's Slug Shot.—Death to the cut worm, potato bug, rose bugs, and all lice, worms and caterpillars which destroy the young plants of melons, squash, cucumber, cabbage, egg plants, and all fruiting plants, such as currants, gooseberry, and the grape. It is also considered an excellent fertilizer. It contains nothing injurious. Price per lb. 10c; post-paid 15c; 3 lbs. 40c, post-paid; 5 lbs. 60c, post-paid.

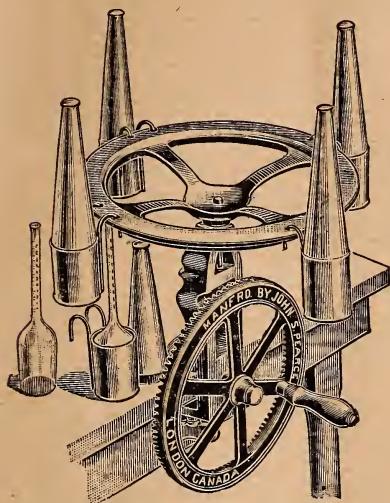
Pyrethrum Roseum, or Persian Insect Powder.—For destroying roaches, ants, fleas, and all other noxious insects. Price, ¼ lb. 20c, post-paid; 1 lb. 65c, post-paid.

Hellebore.—For destroying rose bugs, currant worms, etc.; very effective. Price per lb. 50c, post-paid.

Paris Green.—Guaranteed strictly pure. Per lb. 30c; post-paid 35c.

Nitrate of Soda is the coming Fertilizer. Order some.

Dairy Supplies.



Farmers' Favorite Babcock Milk Tester.

This machine we have got up expressly for farmers' use and small cheese and butter factories. It is built on the same lines as our Imp. Machine, only we have done away with the tin drum, thus being able to give the public a first-class machine for a nominal price.

SIZES AND PRICES.

4	Bottle Tester, complete.....	\$ 6 00
6	" " " ".....	7 00
8	" " " ".....	8 00
10	" " " ".....	10 00

Boxing 25 cents extra.

Test Bottles, Acid Measure, Pipette, and one-half gallon of our own Sulphuric Acid with each machine.

CHEESE FACTORY SIZES AND PRICES.

16	Bottle Machine.....	\$ 17 00
20	" " " ".....	20 00
24	" " " ".....	22 00
32	" " " ".....	24 00

Pipette, Measuring Glass and Acid with each machine. Each machine has its full complement of Bottles, with Pipette, Acid Measure and half-gallon of Acid, for which no charge is made. Boxing, 50c. extra.

Parchment Paper.

The value and importance of this paper is beginning to be appreciated. But the demand for this article has also put on the market cheap imitations, which are being offered cheap. Now, pure parchment paper is made of the finest pure linen fiber. It is air proof. It is water proof. It is grease and oil proof. It is tasteless and odorless. It does not stick to the butter. It is purer, neater, and cleaner than cloth. It should be wet in pure, cold, fresh or salt water before using. For convenience, the paper is also furnished cut; and consumers can readily compare the cost with Wax-Paper or Butter and Cheese Cloth, viz.:

1,000 sheets.
 10 x 15, 2 lb. butter size, 1c. for 4 sheets, or. \$2 25
 8 x 11, butter size, 1c. " 7 " or. 1 55
 7 x 10, " " " 7 " " or. 1 30
 Creamery men will find this paper very valuable for wrapping prints and rolls for market.

We can supply this paper in larger sheets, 20 x 30 or 24 x 36, at 16c. per lb., or 20c. by mail, post-paid. Printing, \$1.00 extra per 1,000 sheets.

Tested Thermometers.

The importance of having a thoroughly correct and reliable thermometer is not known or appreciated by farmers and dairymen as it should be. It is nothing unnatural to find the ordinary thermometer 4, 5, and even 8 degrees out, and this is usually the cause of trouble in churning. Every one who makes butter should have a thermometer that he is sure is correct. We can supply you with such. Our thermometers are all made specially for our trade. They are correct to one-half degree at any point on the scale:

Metal Back, 10-inch.....	75c.	} POST-PAID.
Float, all glass.....	50c.	
Improved Float (very nice).....	75c.	



THE LITTLE DETECTIVE, or ACME MILK TESTER.

A simple and reliable instrument for detecting watered milk. This little instrument should be in the hands of every family who are buying their milk. It will be a revelation to many as to the quality of the milk they are buying as pure milk.

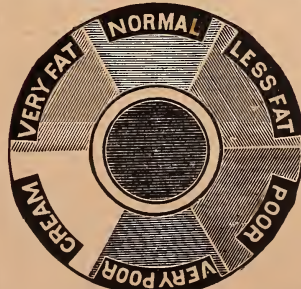
DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Dip the instrument into the can or jug of milk; when nearly full place the forefinger on the top to prevent the milk escaping, lift it out of the vessel and hold it up to the light. If the milk is PURE the blue bead will gradually rise towards the surface, but if it contains water, the bead will slowly sink to the bottom. Price, \$1.00, by mail, post-paid.

Any one can use this little instrument. Dishonest milk peddlers don't take at all kindly to it, and will tell you it is no good. Don't believe them.

LACTIC FERMENT, or BUTTER CULTURE.

A culture of flavor, producing bacteria with which to prepare a pure and uniform starter for ripening cream; imparting to the butter a delicious flavor, and improving its keeping qualities. Can be sent by mail. Will add to value of butter one to two cents per pound. Write for prices and particulars.



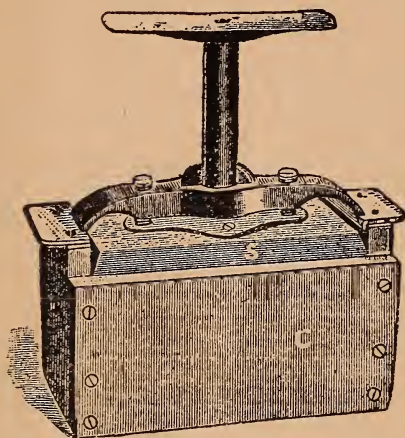
PIOSCOPES

Another useful detective. Very simple and easy to operate. Can be used by any one with clear, sharp

eyesight. Price, 75c., by mail, post-paid.

The Alexandra Cream Separator leads; others try to follow.

Carver's Combined Butter-Mould and Stamp.



The trimming of the stamp has a screw-threaded shank entering a screw-threaded socket in the handle. When turned to the right, it holds the stamp in place. The adjustable screws govern the weight. Said Mould and Stamp is self-gauging, and is the neatest and fastest way of printing butter of uniform weight yet invented. This Mould and Stamp is designed for creameries and dairies. It is very neat, light, and attractive. The trimmings are made of gun metal, nickel-plated. Gun metal is much stronger and nicer than brass. The Moulds can be taken apart for cleaning in from five to ten seconds. Price—\$2.00, by mail, post-paid.

Butter Shipping Boxes.

(SEE OUTSIDE OF COVER.)

A simple, convenient and durable Shipping Box. They are made of well-seasoned lumber, iron-bound at the edges and capped at the corners, as shown in the engraving (see outside of cover). Detachable hinges are used for the lid, which cannot be strained or easily broken.

These boxes are especially suited for square or oblong prints.

If you have a uniformly good article, and would get the price for it, see that you get a Shipping Box which will carry it to its destination in good condition, summer or winter, and it will soon pay for itself.

A movable ice box is placed in the center. When this is not used a strip provided for the purpose may be placed in the bottom of each tray to fill up the space, giving much more room for butter.

PRICE LIST.

No. 1—Capacity,	40 pounds.....	\$4 00
No. 2—	50 "	4 50
No. 3—	80 "	5 00
No. 4—	100 "	5 25
No. 5—	120 "	5 50

Lever Butter Worker.

BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD.

(SEE COVER OUTSIDE.)

Its simplicity, durability, saving of time, ease of operation, rapid and thorough work, and very low price commend it as an indispensable adjunct in every well-regulated dairy.

The cut (see outside of cover) represents the Lever Worker, with our patent folding legs, which can be taken down and set up again in a moment's time by anyone, and when set up it stands firm and substantial. It has no equal, because it has more good points and fewer poor ones than any other, and is therefore the most deservedly popular butter worker in the country; and what is more to the purpose, it has been purchased and practically tested from day to day by hundreds of dairymen in all parts of the country, and is by them universally commended. They are made of the best material, and warranted complete in every respect.

We manufacture four sizes.

SIZES AND PRICES.

No. 0—20 inches wide, will work 15 lbs..	\$4 00
No. 1—30 " " " " 25 " ..	5 00
No. 2—40 " " " " 35 " ..	5 50
No. 3—Factory size, will work 60 to 75 " ..	10 00

Pearce's COMBINED BUTTER MOULD and PRINTER.

SELF-GAUGING POUND SIZE.

SEE CUT ON OUTSIDE OF COVER.

This Mould is well and most substantially made of all wood, and has all the advantages of the Carver and other expensive moulds, and is splendid value for the money. We can recommend this Mould to all our customers. Price, post-paid, 75c.

DAIRY LADLE.

One of the many useful articles in buttermaking is the ladle. One or more can be put in a churn when ordered, and the cost is nothing compared to its real worth. Each, 30c., post-paid.

CORRUGATED LADLE.



These ladles are used in making fancy pats of butter for the table. 20c., post-paid.

SPOON LADLE.

This ladle is preferred by many in taking butter from a churn or working in a bowl. Small ladle, 35c., post-paid.



MILKING TUBES.

Solid coin silver, three and four inches long; recommended by veterinary surgeons and dairymen for sore, torn or obstructed teats and hard milking cows; for the relief and permanent cure of garget or stoppage of milk, or when from any cause the teats cannot be handled in the usual way. Made of coin silver. No danger of poisoning the teat or bag. A single tube answers an entire herd, and is the cheapest insurance against loss that can be had. Every farmer should have one or more of these tubes. They have prevented the loss of one or more teats of very valuable cows. Price, 25c, post-paid to any part of Canada or United States.

We carry in stock a full line of Dairy, Creamery, and Cheese-factory Supplies and Appliances. We have a 32-page Catalogue of these. Mailed to all applicants.

THE "Alexandra" Cream Separators

PURPOSE AND OBJECT OF CREAM SEPARATORS.

THE purpose of the *Cream Separator* is the expeditious and complete separation of cream from milk in the most practical manner possible.

Cream separation has heretofore, before the advent of Separators, been done by gravity, and while the process by the Separator is seemingly mechanical, it is but the addition of centrifugal force to gravity.

The ALEXANDRA Separator will perform this complete separation in the most perfect manner possible.

Thoroughness of Creaming.

A thorough separation is not possible with any gravity setting even under the most favorable conditions. Gravity creaming will leave a varying percentage of fat in milk. Then so much depends on condition of cow, breed of cow, time of cow in lactation, want of ice or sufficiently cold water.

With the Separator, these difficulties are all done away with, and the work done is uniformly complete and perfect.

Another Feature.—The milk is *creamed* fresh from the cow in its best possible condition, and is less liable to taints than in setting. The examination of the Separator bowl, if even a hand Separator, will satisfy any one of the filth that is removed by the Separator. The filth removed can hardly be appreciated by one who has never seen a Separator bowl after a separation.

Separator Butter commands the highest prices on every market, when well and carefully made. Separator butter stands highest and best for fresh consumption, and best after long keeping.

Separator users are easily getting 10 per cent. more for their product than before using the machine, to say nothing of the extra yield of butter per 100 lbs. of milk.

Skim milk from the Separator is warm, fresh and sweet, as from the cow, and is invaluable for feeding young calves and pigs, when mixed with crushed flax seed or cotton-seed meal.

Saving of Time and Labor.

In the use of the Separator the skimming can be done anywhere, usually in a place close to the milking, and while the milking is going on, so that a few minutes after milking is over, the separation is finished. The warm skim milk is ready for feeding, and the cream is ready to take to the house, and placed away ready to ripen for churning. Five to ten minutes cleans the machine, and the whole work is done.

Some of the Advantages of a Good Separator.

A customer to whom we sold a Hand Separator last spring writes us as follows:

"It does all you claim it will do, and the separation is complete. From my nineteen (19) cows it gives me an increase of 4 lbs. of butter per day. I had no trouble in setting it up, and it runs easy, and is very easy to clean. Our women folks are delighted with it. They say the dairy looks so much better without the milk pans. The skimming can be done while you are milking, and the warm skim milk is ready for your calves; and, by the way, we want to say that for raising dairy stock or heifer calves this warm skim milk is better than whole new milk for them, and will make them grow into better cows and milkers. They will drink it quite as readily as the warm new milk, and won't know the difference. You will get from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 per cent. more cream per 100 lbs. of milk than by the best pan or deep can system of raising cream. The cream will churn much easier and make better butter, seldom requiring more than 20 minutes to do the churning."

Description and Prices of the "Alexandra" Separator.

No. 12.—A small, very neat and compact little machine suitable for a small dairy of 5 to 10 cows. Will separate 16 gallons per hour. A small boy can turn it.

Price, \$75.00. Capacity, 16 Gallons per Hour.

No. 11.—New gearing, all enclosed, and oiled from two bearings. This is without exception one of the neatest and nicest Hand Separators we have ever seen. Turns remarkably easy; a boy or strong girl can turn. This machine has a capacity of 25 gallons per hour. Every one who has seen the machine is more than pleased with it. Will handle the milk of twenty good cows.

Price, \$100.00. Capacity, 25 Gallons per Hour.

No. 8.—This is the style that we have sold so many of and that has given such universal satisfaction. The capacity has been increased to 30 gallons per hour, and will turn quite as easy as formerly. Will handle the milk of 20 to 25 cows.

Price, \$110.00. Capacity, 30 Gallons per Hour.

No. 7 1-2 is the next size larger than No. 8. Turns very easily and is a beautiful running machine. Can be used for either hand or power. Power attachment can be put on in a few moments and taken off in same time. A one-horse tread power will run the machine splendidly. Will handle the milk of 30 to 35 cows.

Price, \$125.00. Capacity, 40 Gallons per Hour.

POWER ATTACHMENT \$10.00 EXTRA.

No. 7.—Has a capacity of 55 gallons, and is really a power machine, but can be run by hand, and there are many of them running as such. This size is supplied with both hand and power attachments, and the price includes both, and will handle the milk of 40 to 50 cows. One-horse tread power will run this machine beautifully.

Price, \$145.00. Capacity, 55 Gallons per Hour.

PRICE INCLUDES POWER AND HAND ATTACHMENTS.

No. 3.—This is a power machine and it is run by belt and jack or intermediate motion. A one-horse-power tread will operate this machine when steam power is not available.

Price, \$225.00. Capacity, 100 Gallons per Hour.

No. 2 is a fine, neat, nice machine, and has about the same capacity as the other makers' of Separators largest size, and which are sold for much more money than this machine.

Price, \$300.00. Capacity, 200 Gallons per hour.

No. 1.—A grand machine, with a capacity of 300 gallons per hour. No other make of Separators has this capacity, and this is a really cheap machine at the price we sell it for.

Price, \$375.00. Capacity, 300 Gallons per Hour.

The No. 8 or No. 11 Alexandra Hand Separator is just what every Farmer and Dairyman with 10 to 25 cows should have, and it will pay for itself in one year. TRY IT. We know whereof we speak.

PEARCE'S BUTTER WORKER

Canadian Agents for

THE BARBOUR MILK TESTER

"ALEXANDRA"



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