SUBJECT: D.D. Ivan Hallioch, Professor of Theology

ALIASES: Dr. KOVALENEO, Dr. DUBROVA (1941-1943) Dr. CRLOV (1944-1945)

RESIDENCE: Munich

DATE OF BIRTH: 28 Pecember 1907

PLACE OF BIRTH: Pavliv (Western Ukraine)

PARENTS: Ukrainian farmers

EDUCATION: Completed high school in 1926 Studied at the Universities of: Lemberg (Lvov), Innstruck, Humich, Paris

SUBJECTS: Philosophy and Theology. Ordained as priest in the Greek Catholic Church in 1934. Graduated for BD in 1934 with summe our lands.

PERSONAL DATA: Height: 169 cm. Weight: 50 kg. Byon: Brown Mair: Black Build: Vigorous

1934-1995 Friest in Salitah (Mestern Ekraine)
1935-1999 Ecotorgadin Philosophy at the Academy of Theology in Lomberg (Lyev).
At this time, he was particularly estive as a spirited leader of the students to Ekrainian student organizations. Head print of the Ekrainian youth organization.

1935-1941 In exile at Erekow, morking as alark at the "Pistriet Hospital." Up until 1939, did not belong to any political party. Was accreted by the Polish State Palice as a mational priest. Dr. British use a particular fewerite of the Armbichay of the Greak Catholic Church, the Western Christman Couth SERFITTER, who was killed by the Seviets in 1941.

1999- Head of the Students' aid in scile in Krehov.

1963 Callaboration with the Ukrainian party COR.

Poll Coragled in working out a constructive political program for the
Rawlers wing of the COR, with the set purpose of founding an
above party Ukrainian Freedom organization.

object party Urraindam Freedom organization.

On the parcelaining of a free Urrainian government opposed to the minima of the Garman occupation powers, Dr. Srimiesh broudcast by radia the parteral latter of the Archbishap together with calmustica fo the filegal government. He also greened it in the more of the parameter of the Urrainian inner of Liberation. Thereupen he order the life accept one issued by the Germans, but which was withdrawn at the inter-world or secretary be was forbidden to exter his native economy.

In 1962, in defiance of this prohibition, br. Brinlock went to the Mesters Christes, On I November 1942, he published an illegal newspaper for the Ukrainian underground opposed to the German.

ECRET

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency Date: 2004, 3005 occupation powers ("Idea and Astion" - in Ukrainian "Idea i chin"). In his article "The German Policy in the Ukraine," he declared that the Germans purposed the enslavement of the entire Ukraine.

In May 1943, he published a brochure consisting of 40 pages under the pseudonym *Pr. Koralanko* and having the title *Ains and Methods of the German Folisy in Oppressed Europe*- A European Survey.* With this he because one of the first to propose by brochure an organized resistance against the German occupation powers over the whole of Europe.

In 1943, Dr. Hrinisch was elected Chief of the Section for Foreign Affairs and Political Inspector of the UPA (Ukrainlan Army of Liberation - Underground). He visited the resistance organizations in Hungary, Romanda and Poland, and participated in secret congresses, etc. His aim was for the coordination of the dispersed groups of resistance among the different nations and political groups.

In 1944, he came into contact with the Balkans and Italy by courier. In March and April 1944, the UPA was fighting against brown as well as red imperialise. Dr. Sriniceh entered into negotiations with the German Intelligence, since the German troops were quitting the Ukraine. It was agreed together with fixed conditions, that when the German quit the country, the UPA would be left meapons and material for the fight against the Soviets.

In 1944, Dr. Brinisch was elected Vice-President of the BHVR and obtain of the fureign representative body for the UNIVE abroad.

On 21 September 1944, he left the SFA and went to Erabow, Berlin, Visuos, and Eratislava, where he supervised the expection of the agreements with the Germans. In April 1945, he went to Harkung to visit the fisher-blantan Bivision, which was under the command of Germans, in order to give them orders regarding the procedure to be fellowed after the Mar.

In May/June 1945, he went to Frague and there fought and was able to cave stone important leaders from the hands of the Soviete.

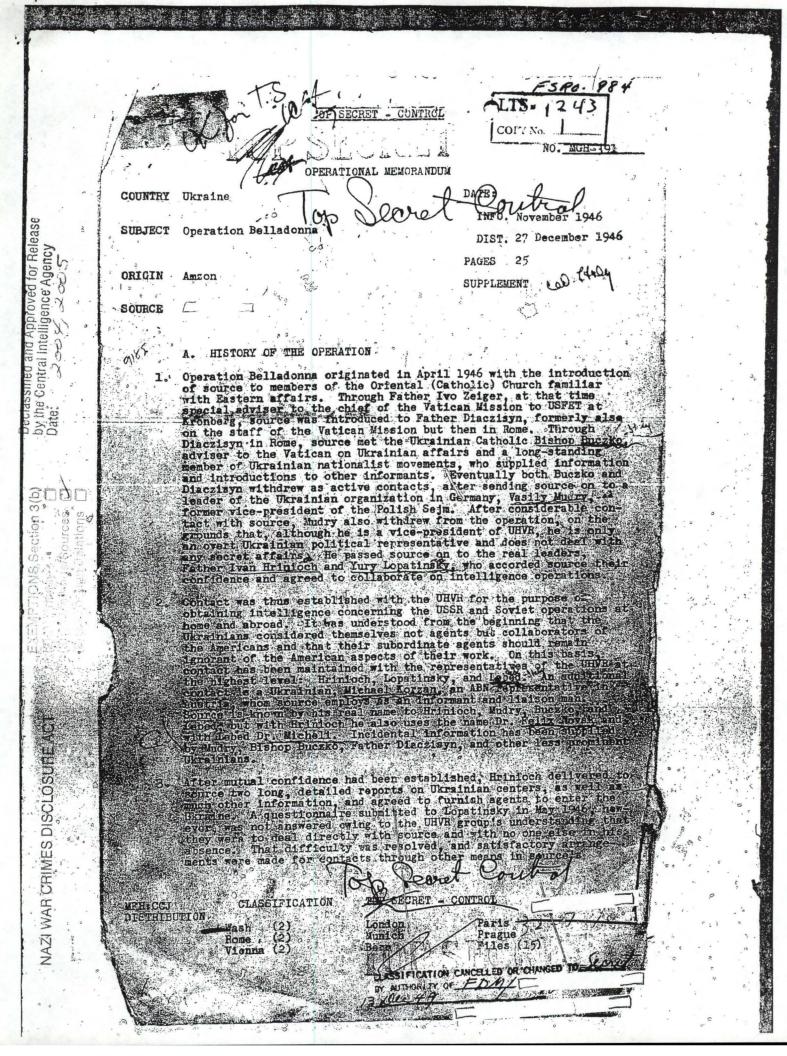
In June 1945, he went to Munich and united the UHVR with all sub-

STABLETERISTICS:

Completely memorrapt. Homest, congenial. Particularly strongly marted comparatorial shilltime. Describe. Desply collected but not adjusty describe. Frudent, intelligent, active. Special reserve; Commandly inclines bowards constructive compromises.

Pr. Brindseh is a partner to whom one must introduce at each meeting only a first-class partner in every respect, in order that he should be able to rely on the seliderity and the bonesty of the individual during their tells.

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absence. The work of selecting and preparing agents continued, although source has not been in contact with Hrinioch for several weeks. One agent (Basil) was briefed and dispatched from Bayreuth in October, arrived at Przemysl, and is expected to return soon. A second agent, intended for Poland, went only as far as Vienna because of the lack of necessary documents and has returned to Munich to await further assignment.

- Background and personnel of the UHVR are discussed in Sections B and E respectively, and their future operation plans in Section D. Most of the information on personnel and organizations was supplied by the members of R-33 (see below), and the operational plans were also supplied by them. In reference, R-33 means primarily, Brinloch, Rebed, and Lopatinsky.
 - B. UHVR AND ITS AFFILIATES

Grantation - was formed to fight for an independent Ukraine.
After the hitter and indeterminate struggle for an independent
Ukraine following the first world war, most Ukrainians were incorporated either into the Ukrainian Soviet Republic or into Poland on
the decision of the council of ambassadors in Peris in 1922 to award
Galicia to that country. As a result, former officers and soldiers
of the Ukrainian army began to organize secretly against the nonUkrainian governments imposed on them. Their group, the UVO
united all Ukrainians except Communists and published an illegal
paper, Sirma, in the Basilian monastery at Zowkwa near away. The
last UVO leader, Captain Holovinsky, was arrested and shot by the
Polish police. In 1928, when OUN was founded, UVO became the Lwow
military section of the new organization. A few remnants of UVO
still exist in widely scattered localities.

b. OUN (Organizacya Ukrainskych Nationalistiy) - Organization of Ukrainian Nationalists - was founded in Prague in 1928 as an illegal secret group fighting for Ukrainian freedom, under the able leadership of Colonel Konovalets. It functioned until 1938, with such occasional difficulties as the revelation of the OUN archives to the Czben Police in Prague in 1932 and the Bandera affair of 1944. In 1932, Stefan Bandera became commander of OUN for Western that he and Poland. In 1934, he and Mikolay Lebed planned and organized the murder of Eleracky, the Polish Minister of Interior. Although the real murders, a Ukrainian worker, escaped (he is now in USA), the Polish police arrested a number of Ukrainians, including Banders, Lebed, Iyan Maluca, Vladimir Paskevic, Taroslay Steisko, Mikola Klimishim, Karpyneta, Pidhaini, Yaroslay Spolsky, and Roman Sukhevich. Most of them were condemned to death, but the sentence was later commuted to life imprisonment. All escaped during the first disorders of the German invasion in 1939. After Konovalets was murdered in Rotterdam in 1938 by a Russian agent named Waluch, OUN began to go to pieces. According to Konovalets will, his leadership passed to Colonel Andrey Melnik. He, however, was not sufficiently strong to hold the group together, and in 1940 a dissident faction which had formed around Bandera forced Melnik to abdicate in Bandera's favor. Since then, the OUN has, been composed of two factions, both claiming the name. The original OUN continues under Melnik and is referred to as OUN-Melnik or the Melnik Group; it has only about 20% of the membership. The dissident group, comprising about 80% of the organization, is called

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either OUN-Bandera or the Bandera Group. During the war, some members of the group were suspected of collaborating with the Gestapo and with Polish Intelligence: Yaroslav Baranovsky, Peter Senek, Colonel Susko, and Engineer Stiborsky. Melnik was never convinced of their guilt, but after it was ascertained that Baranovsky had ienounced Lebed to the Germans, the Bandera group killed them. Bendera himself spent several years in a concentration camp for refusing to collaborate with the Germans. During this per-

Gestapo and with Polish Intelligence: Yaroslav Baranovsky, Peter Senek, Colonel Susko, and Engineer Stiborsky. Malnik was never convinced of their guilt, but after it was ascertained that Baranovsky had lenounced Lebed to the Germans, the Bandera group killed them. Bandera himself spent several years in a concentration camp for refusing to collaborate with the Germans. During this period, his position in OUN was taken by Lev Rebet, but he resumed the leadership after his release and still holds it.

6. UPA (Ukrainska Povstancza Armiva) - Ukrainian Revolutionary Army was founded in the days of the German invasion of eastern Poland and Russia. In 1941, in the early part of the German occupation of

- Was founded in the days of the German invasion of eastern Poland and Russia. In 1941, in the early part of the German occupation of the Ukraine, there was no partisan movement because the Ukrainians hoped that the German would recognize an independent Ukrainians hoped that the German would recognize an independent Ukrainian state and treat the people well as anti-Soviet allies. Their hopes were rudely thwarted, however, when Ukrainian representatives were not received at the German Foreign Office, the first Ukrainian attempt at autonomous government was rapidly liquidated by the Gestapo, and the German army treated the Ukraine like any other conquered country, looting, killing stock, and devastating the land. The Red Army's behavior, on the other hand, was correct, and although the Ukrainians were anti-Russian, they preferred the Soviet regime to which they had become accustomed and the currently favorable. Soviet policy to the unknown possibilities of German domination. Consequently, at the end of 1941 uprisings began, after the massacre of a thousand Ukrainians in retaliation for the killing of three Gestapo agents. The Gestapo, moreover, began to employ former local NKVD agents who were particularly active against Ukrainian and Polish nationals. These NKVD-Gestapo personnel became so dengerous that the Ukrainians formed a special underground committee in Kiev to liquidate some of them. From such small secret groups the UFA was formed.
- 7. From the end of 1941 through 1942 was a period of organization and passive resistance, during which the Ukrainians refused to deliver their wheat to the conquerors and fled into the woods to escape deportation, and small resistance groups began to form in Volhynia in Western Ukraine. About the beginning of 1943, the first organized fighting began in the Pripet Marshes to destroy German bases and ammunition and at the same time to hinder the hed partisans, who were flooding into the territories west of the Pripet. During the year, the Ukrainian resistance managed to organize cavalry, artillery, armored forces, and schools for commissioned and non-commissioned officers in the Volhynia-Pripet area, Brode, and Zhitomiz. They also amassed considerable supplies of ammunition captured from the Germans, with which they held up trains and committed various forms of sabotage. From the pressure of the local population, the movement was directed against both mussians and Germans.
- 8. In mid-1943, the German General von den Bech began an offensive against the resistance groups which moved them from the Pripet in the direction of Kremenec. The German's suffered considerable defection in their forces, since the Ukrainian Secondary Service Groups (Hilfswillige) in the German army usually went over to the resistance with their full equipment. When the German sent a Rungarian division against the partisans in June 1943, the Ukrainians liquidated the Hungarian general and his entire staff and made a non-aggression pact with the troops. In September or October 1943, a division of Cossacks and other eastern peoples sent to combat the partisans reacted in the same way, most of them joining the troops they were supposed to fight. By November 1943, the Ukrainian

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resistance included the groups mentioned above, Red Army deserters, former Red Army prisoners of war who had escaped from German camps, and local supporters. They were strong enough to hold up the Russian partisan General Kolpak, who was trying to get from Tarnopol to Hungary, and to kill the German SA chief, General Lutze, and the Red Army Marshal Vatutin.

- 9. The various partisan groups operated under their own independent leaders. One of the most distinguished at this period was Borovets, who adopted as his pseudonym the name of the Cossack hero Taras Bulba. He organized the Polikasic as early as 1941 and fought in the Sarny area until he was arrested by the Germans; his subsequent history is detailed in the biographical section below. Even the Ukrainians he led considered him a good fighter but anarchistic and contemptuous of any authority but his own. Bandera, being interned at Sachsenhausen by the Germans, did not participate actively in this phase of the resistance.
- 10. The Ukrainian restance groups first organized under the name of UNS (Ukrainska Marodna Samooborona) Ukrainian Mational Self-Defense in the Volhynia-Polesie territory and north through the Pripet area. Their operations extended as far as Lodz, Kovel, Rovne, Sarn on the Sluc, and into the Carpathians, where they established their second training center. This territory later was controlled by UPA-North. Late in the summer of 1943, other groups moved into Galicia and gradually dominated a territory including Zhitonir, Tarnopol, Transnistria (Odessa), Kiev, and Kamenec-Podolsk, the area later controlled by UPA-South.
- ll. Early in 1944, UNS changed its name to UPA. Besides the two areas already designated, it controlled a third, UPA-West, through Drohobicz, Strij, Stanislav, Lwow, Sanek, Lisko, Turka, Ravarska, Sokal, Hubbeszow, and the Carpathians. Then the Germans retreated in the fall of 1944, all these groups were ordered to move to the east to avoid being caught behind the German lines. They were all evacuated except the UPA-West (Carpathian) group, which was unable to move until November; it then fought through to the east, leaving no Ukrainian partisans west of the German lines. After the German collapse, the division of UPA into three parts was altered to a two-part organization, which it still has.
- 12. After the war UPA moved its headquarters and the majority of its members into Soviet-occupied territory, and little detailed information on its location and strength has been available since that time. One of the last/couriers who came out in 1945, Captain Hwozdetski, a former Polish consul in Rome, was arrested at the Czechodstowk border and shot himself. Lopatinsky, who was one of the lenders of the UPA, came out in December 1945 with two others. Belanders of lack of documents, no agents were sent back after that, and couriers who arrived in Munich in April could not return because they had been examined and photographed.
- Another UPA group, formed west of the Curzon Line, under a volvode, has, however, sent but information from time to time. Couriers arrived in Munich in April and in July 1946, the reports of activity around Lwow and as far as Hrubesiv and Janivske Lisy to Bibka and Brode, Stanislav, Kolomes, and Tarnopol. The reports describe in detail struggles with Polish troops in the Stanislav area, including a detailed map, lists of Polish units, losses, booty, tactical moves, interrogation of prisoners, etc. Another report, of a combined raid of UPA and Polish partisans against Polish Security troops, MVD.

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headquarters, and Red Army units at Hrubieszow, is equally detailed, with data on the planning of the raid, contacts with the Polish partisans, description of their equipment, behavior of the Polish Regulars, the Red Army, and the local population, etc. These reports, which are in the possession of UHVR at Munich, are available for examination at any time.

- The principal UPA outpost at present is the voivode at the Curzon line. The first courier from him arrived in Munich in October, after the courier (Basil) who had been sent to establish a password and make arrangements had already left. When Besil returns, the first safe contact will have been accomplished. The voivode's letter states that he had received one copy of a report from the USSR, the irst detailed news from inside the USSR in a long time, dealing with the situation of UPA. Because of intensive MVD activities, UPA has suffered great losses and has had to reorganize in smaller units (patrol size instead of company size), but it still operates in the entire territory it formerly controlled. As soon as the report can be reproduced, a copy is to be forwarded to Munich by the next courier. by the next courier.
- 15. UHVk (Ukrainska Holovna Vyzvolna Rada) Ukrainian Supreme Liberation Council is the principal active organization of Ukrainians at present. It was founded in July 1944 in a forest in the Carpathians between Lwow and the former Hungarian border, chiefly by OUN-Bandera members, in conjunction with other groups. At the same time, an executive organ for the movement was created, called the General Secretariat. The UNIVR claims to be based on democratic principles and to act as a provisional national assembly for the Ukraine, being composed of elements of all the various parties, including Eastern Ukrainians.
- The organization of UHVR and its affiliated groups is rather complicated, with considerable overlapping of personnel. UHVR, as the Provisional National Assembly, formed the General Secretariat. This in turn formed a combination executive arm and war cabinat known as Referat-33 or Referentur-33 (usually abbreviated to R-33). Co-existent with R-31 under the General Secretariat and thus under UHVR are two other administrative divisions of the Ukrainian forces, which are regarded as autonomous UPA, the formal army of UHVR, and SB (Sluzba Bezpeka), the Security Service of OUN-Bandera, which operates under UHVR control. Thus UHVR appears to be the controlling factor, but UPA, nominally under it, is an affiliate rather than a subordinate organization, and SB, which is definitely under it, is actually a subsidiary of a political group which is related to but not identical with UHVR. In effect, UHVR, which controls all these organizations externally, is itself controlled largely by OUN-Bandera. The situation is not so paradoxical as it appears; however, because many of the offices in all the organizations are held by a few OUN-Bandera personnel who are really the heads of the entire network. A list of officers and leaders of the organization will clarify this confusion: The organization of UHVR and its affiliated groups is rather com-

President - a leader in the Ukraine, name unknown Vice Presidents - Brinioch and Fudry Secretary and other officials, not known Security Chief - Matviyeyko Foreign Secretary - Lebed Head of ABN (see para 20 below) - Stepsilo Swiss Representative - name unknown Volvode at the Curzon Line - name unknown Head of UPA - name unknown

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b. General Secretariat

Head in Europe - Hrinioch

UPA Representative - Lopatinsky
Foreign Section - Lebed
Interior Section - name unknown
Finance Section - name unknown
Defense Section - name unknown
One other section, title and head unknown

- c. Referat-33 (R-33) Hrinioch, Lebed, Lopatinsky (Chiefs) Matviyeyko, Stetsko
- d. UPA

Head in the Ukraine - name unknown
Liaison to General Secretariat - Lopatinsky (last UPA leader
to leave the Ukraine)

- e. SB Chief Matviyeyko
- f. " OUN-Bandera

Leader - Bandera 'Important controlling members - Hrinioch, Lebed, Lopatinsky, Stetsko, Sokol, Matviyeyko, the Swiss Representative (mu)

From this it can be seen that whatever the organization is called, the controlling personnel are Hrinioch, Lopatinsky, Lebed, Bandera, Matviyeyko, and Stetkso in the areas outside USSR.

It must be further remembered that the functional assignments and geographical locations of the affiliated organizations overlap somewhat but not entirely. OUN-Banders, to begin with, is a political party which exists in the Ukraine, but also includes many Ukrainian emigres in Europe and in other parts of the world. UHVR, on the other hand, is primarily a provisional government but partly a political group, which exists only in the Ukraine but has representatives in other parts of the world chiefly in Europe. UPA is a resistance group which operates solely in the Ukraine and is affillated to and partly subordinate to both the government UHVR and the political party OUN-Bandera. Outside the Ukraine, it depends on UHVR for finances; supplies, and agent contacts, and its couriers from the Ukraine to Vestern Europe are supplied by OUN-Bandera. The SB although it is semi-autonomous, belongs technically to OUN-Bandera and tronks for UHVR in Vestern Europe (poincipally Germany, Austrial and Italy). In counter-intelligence matters, instead of working through UHVR, however, it has preferred to establishes separate organization, the Zabordona Sake ja Vezvolnote Borodje, with headquarters at Europe, which maintains its own channels of communication, with the Ukraine. In addition, there is ABN, an organization formed by UHVR for external propaganda in Western Europe (mostly Germany), headed by a UHVR man but not composed of UHVR members.

- 18. UHVR maintains contact personnel or representatives in many localities outside the Ukraine, including the following:
 - a. Germany: Hrinioch and Lopatinsky at Munich are the chief representatives. Tith them are Stetsko, head of ABN, and Matviyeyko, head of SB.

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b. Poland: In 1945, UHVR had contacts with individuals in Lodz, Katowice, Krakow, Gdansk, Warsaw, and Stettin. Although these contacts have not been regularly maintained, the organization believes that they are renewable.

Hungary: No representative.

d. Rumania: A representative ordered to stay in Rumania headed a group of Ukrainian partisans attached to UPA at Odessa; according to last reports, he was in Bucharest (name not given).

e. Turkey: A representative ordered to proceed from Rumania to Turkey has not been heard from, owing to lack of communications, except indirectly through a Kiev newspaper article written by the Ukrainian humorist Osdap Vesna in the spring of 1946. Vesna, originally an OUN member, was arrested by the Soviets and forced to work for them, but it is believed that he is still an OUN supporter at heart. His article mentioned the names of such leaders as Banders and Lebed and indicated the presence of Ukrainian emigres in Switzerland, Germany, Rumania, and Turkey — a method of conveying news through the papers frequently employed for underground purposes. R-33 states that there are Turkish-speaking agents available for dispatch to Turkey at any time.

f. Yugoslavia: Two former UPA of icers, now in the army of Tito, are in a strategic position as agents because their Ukrainian allegiance is not suspected by their associates. Their names are known to Lebed, and they can be contacted for operations if proper precautions are taken not to render them suspect.

g. Near East: Lany Ukrainians, including members of UPA and OUN accompanied the Anders army to the Near East. Because of the bad treatment they received from the Poles, many deserted and spread into Palestine, Syria, and Egypt. Some of them are in touch with Bishop Buczko at Rome, from whom their addresses may be readily obtained.

h: Rome: The chief representative in Italy is Mikolay Lebed; his assistant is Sokol, formerly Colonel Konovalets', secretary.

i. Manchuria: Ukrainian soldiers in the Red Army stationed in the Harbin area write back to the Ukraine that they are engaged in a continuous fight with the Manchurian partisans, so flere that half the men on night guard duty either desert to the partisans or are killed:

J. China: Two Ukrainians who had been members of the Polish diplomatic service were stationed in China and are still in communication from there with UHVR. Stepan Levinsky, a journalist, dipplomat, and painter, went from the Polish consulate in Harbin to Shanghal and is now in Peiping; his wife is a cousin of Lopatinsky. The second man, name unknown, also a diplomat, traveled throughout China and India. He was commissioned by the Ukrainian nationalist movement in 1939 to go to Shanghal but had not been heard from until recently, when he wrote to Lebed:

k. <u>France</u>: There are about 70,000 Ukrainians in France; the UHVR representative is Professor Shumovsky.

1. Sweden: A representative (name not given) was sent to Stockholm, but no word has come from him.

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- m. England: There is no UHVR representation in London except for a few informants. The Ukrainian organizations in London are in the hands of Ukrainians from Canada, who have been inclined to support the Skoropadski group.
- n. Switzerland: UHVR has a representative in Switzerland who is one of the closest personal friends of the members of R-33. They are willing to supply his name but only after he has been informed that they intend doing so, as otherwise he would think himself betrayed.
- o. Spain: When the world organization of Catholic students (Pax Romana) held its first congress since the war in July 1946 in Salamanca, UHVR sent four representatives from Munich. Their success was so great that all four received scholarships at the University of Salamanca. They have, however, returned to Munich, and UHVR is eager to replace them with four agents, for whom the scholarships would provide excellent cover.
- p. United States: UHVR has no representation in the United States. The only efficient Ukrainian organization there is a relief group, Ukrainska Nacionalno Soiuz, which is sympathetic to UHVR but has about 20 per cent Communist members.
- q. Canada: The principal organization of Ukrainians in Canada is the Canadian Ukrainian Committee, KUK, whose most influential member, Kushnir, sympathizes with UHVR but so far has supported other groups financially.
- 19. UHVR also tries to maintain contact with other organizations with similar aims and in adjacent territory.
 - a. ABN: One of their primary means for such contacts is ABN, discussed below, which they maintain as a counterbalance to similar Russian and Polish organizations working toward a solution of the Eastern European problem that would incorporate the Ukraine into either Russia or Poland or divide it between them. Since the principal, almost religious aim of Ukrainian nationalism is final and complete independence for the Ukraine, most Ukrainians are extremely suspicious of any Polish or Russian approach to their difficulties.
 - b. The Poles: In spite of this, UPA and UHVR in 1943 made an agreement with the Poles in the fight against the Germans and Russians. This pact was military rather than political, specifying that the independence of both Polish and Ukrainian partisan armies should be recognized, that the two groups would not attack each other, and that joint action would be undertaken against Soviet other, and that joint action would be undertaken against Soviet forces and installations; political questions were left for future formal discussion between governments. Since the end of the war, nowever, UHVR has refused to cooperate with Polish Intelligence, although it still operates jointly with Polish anti-Soviet partisans. At the Core conference, for example, when the Poles sent six delegates, UHVR sent only one representative, Shulgin, who was without negotiating power and not a regular member of the organization, but was known to be friendly to the Poles.
 - c. French: No contact for intelligence purposes exists with any French organization, although it is possible that the UHVR representative in France is in contact with French political circles. Even if this is true, it is certain that the French are not aware of the nature of the organization they have contacted and have received no detailed information on it, since the UHVR representative has none to give.

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- d. British: Approaches made to the British in 1944 and 1945 were abortive. Recently a new contact developed through the UHVR representative in the British Zone, as a result of the tactful British handling of Ukrainians. There have been no disturbances over repatriation, and Poles and Ukrainians have been placed in separate camps. In contrast to the rather casual and disorganized DP policies in the American Zone, British methods of managing Ukrainian problems are clearly defined and centralized. Hrinioch and Lebed believe also that the Como conference was initiated by the British to bring about an agreement between the Poles and the Ukrainians.
- e. Belgians and Dutch: UHVR has potential contacts in Belgium and Holland through ormer prisoners of war who were freed from German camps by UPA. Although not actively used, the contacts have been maintained, and the Belgians and Dutch have been helpful.
- f. Hungarians: In 1944, at the request of the Hungarian General Staff, Hrinioch and some of his followers were taken to Budapest to arrange a working agreement with the Hungarians. A compact was made that Ukrainian partisans and Hungarian troops would not fight each other.
- g. Germans: UHVR leaders claim that they were never in contact with the Germans during the war, nor are they at present. When the Germans approached Banders and asked him to work for them, he refused, because the Gestapo had dissolved the independent Ukrainian government proclaimed at Lwor at the time of the German invasion. This refusal was not understood by the OUN-Melnik group, which believed that only through collaboration with Germany could anything be schieved for the Ukraine. Bandera's followers did not, however, accept the Heinik propaganda, and shot Ukrainian Gestapo representatives as traitors.
- h. Soviets: During the war, several attempts were made by Soviet-sponsored partisans, mostly Russians, to contact the UFA. The example of General Kolpak and its lack of success has already been cited. After that incident, both NKVD and the Kolpak partisans fought UFA and tried to annihilate it. According to Hrinioch and labed, UFA and the Bandera movement have been rumored to be in contact with the Soviets. Such rumors, however, have been traced to two main sources; members of the Melnik group who are hostile to UHVR and Soviet propagandists who try to destroy the movement by discrediting it. (Two sources of such rumors were shown to be in close contact with the Soviet Legation in Bern.)
- it. Vatican: URVR has always maintained a fairly close contact with the Vatican, although indirectly, for several conflicting factors are involved. Since the Vatican's international policy is now focused on an accord with the Russian Orthodox group, it favors converts from the Russian Orthodox Church but must be careful that support given to Ukrainian nationalist movements does not incur suspiction and opposition from the Russians, even from Russian Catholic leaders. Although Bishop Buczko is a member and strong supporter of OUN, the leaders of the Congregation for Oriental Church Affairs and of the Vatican's Oriental Institute are Jesuits and in opposition to Buczko's Ukrainian aims.
- j. Other churches: With other Church groups, the Ukrainian movement has always had very cordial relations, perhaps aided by the fact that Bandera, Stetska, and Lopatinsky are all sons of Greek Catholic priests. In the errly days of Ukrainian nationalism, Sheptitsky, the Uniate metropolitan of Loow, kept the OUN secret

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archives in his office, and Buczko and Sheptitsky have been close collaborators since 1930. In 1931, when the Vatican and the Polish Catholic church formed an agreement turning over Orthodox Church buildings to the Uniate Poles, Sheptitsky fought for the Orthodox rights against his own church and his own country and succeeded in having the Polish expropriation prevented.

20. ABN (Antibolshevitski Blok Narodov) - Anti-Bolshevik Bloc of Nations was founded about six months ago in Eunich under the sponsorship of OUN-Bandera and UHVR, and Stetsko was commissioned by the UHVR to take over the presidency. There are two vice presidents, a Slovak and a Georgian. The organization is formed around a center, with four divisions under it, and under each of them 16 national committees, committees, and groups, thus:

1	UBNIER_		
Northern Division	Western Division	Eastern Division	Southern Division
16 National Committees	16 National Committees	16 National Committees	16 National Committees
Committees	Committees	Gommittees	Committees
Groups	Groups	Groups	Groups

The center, formerly at Munich, is now at Rome; official documents are kept in the Basilian (Greek Catholic) monastery there. The southendivision includes Hungary, Poland, Albania, Italy, Greece, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria, Rumania, and Austria, and is headed by Dr., Gerich, a professor, at Innsbruck. The national committees already implemented in the organization are Armenian, Bulgarian, Croatian, Czech Georgian, Greek, Hungarian, Karachistanian, Lithuanian, Rumanian, Russian, Serbian, Slovak, Turkestanian, and Ukrainian; of these, the most active groups besides the Ukrainians are the Georgians, Slovaks, and Croats. In Austria, ABN tried to interest various groups but without great success, although Gerich continues to negotiate with the Austrian monarchists and Archbishop Robrbacher of Galzburg. Although ABN has no religious connections, it expects support from church groups and fosters collaboration with Greek Catholic and Orthodox bishops in Germany, Austria, and other countries.

- Outside Europe, ABN tried to secure the support of two persons:
 the Grand Sufti and Hails Selassie of Abyssinia. Contact with the
 latter was astablished through Delgian and Basilian monks, but no
 developments have been reported. With the Grand Mufti ABN had more
 success, for a latter and copy of the ABN declaration forwarded to
 himivia Istarbul elicited a promise of full cooperation. It is believed that the Mufti is concerned because of increasing Soviet
 propaganda in the Near and Middle East and fears that if Alexel of
 Moscow succeeds in converting Orthodox priests in the East to the
 Soviet ideology, Mohammedan groups may be penetrated.
- 22. During its first six months, ABN tried to secure the collaboration of reliable persons outside its own immediate orbit that is, of anti-Soviet elements in other parts of Europs. Its efforts are now turned toward developing the activities of the national committees in their own countries and toward securing safe lines of communication between the national committees and the center. Just as the center has been shifted from Munich to Rome, headquarters for the

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southern division are moving from Innsbruck to Salzburg. Innsbruck was originally selected because it was the central point between Germany and Italy, but now that the more important problem is communication with Hungary, Rumania, and the Balkans, Salzburg is the ore convenient location. A general conference of all national groups of ABN is scheduled in Bavaria in late December 1946.

- 23. ABN serves as a means for UHVR to contact anti-Soviet groups of other nationalities than Ukrainian, but this very contact with outside groups destroys ABN's security. UHVR therefore handles ABN at some distance and with caution, but continues and will continue to sponsor it as a balance to similar international organizations dominated by the Russians, the Poles, and other national groups. As long as ABN functions actively in the field of international anti-Bolshevism, it will be difficult for the Poles or the Russians to ignore the Ukraine as an autonomous factor.
 - C. OTHER UKRAINIAN ORGANIZATIONS
- 24. UNR (Ukrainska Marodna Respublika) Ukrainian National Republic
 - a. The UNR is not a political party but the surviving government of the Ukrainian Republic created in 1019 and exiled then the Bolsheviks took over the Ukraine. Members of the government-inexile tho took refuge in western Europe (France, Belgium, Poland, Czechoslovakia, etc.) included:

Andrey Levitsky, president of the Republic (*Decersed)
*Prokopovich, prime minister
Alexander Shulgin, minister of Foreign Affairs
*General Salsky, minister of National Defense
Roman Smal-Stotsky, minister of Propaganda
*Lototsky, minister of Education
Slavinsky, minister without portfolio
Rudenko, minister of Finance
Kabachkiv, minister without portfolio

Levitsky settled in Poland and was eventually supported by the Poles because he was anti-Bolshevik. In 1939, he designated Prokopovich to form a new government in case he (Levitsky) became unable to exercise his functions or was killed. Then the Germans occupied Poland, therefore, Prokopovich formed a new government in Paris and later transferred it to Unoccupied France to avoid German interference. In this second government in exile, the principal persons were Prokopovich, president; Alexander Shulgin, prime minister, Udovichenko, minister of the interior; and Kosenko, minister without portfolio. Shulgin was arrested by the Germans in 1941, and Prokopovich died before the end of the war.

b. Upon the Soviet occupation of Poland, Levitsky took refuge in Germany and there resumed the presidency of UNR after dismissing the interim Prokopovich government in France. The re-established government included:

Andrey Levitsky, president of the Republic (DP Camp, Offenbach)

Alexander Shulgin, prime minister and minister of Foreign Affairs (Paris)

Udovichenko, minister of Interior (Paris)
Yakovliv, vice-premier and representative in Belgium
Roman Smal-Stotsky, minister of Propaganda (Offenbach)

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General Sadovsky, minister of National Defense (Offenbach) Kosenko, minister without portfolio (Paris) Kabachkiv, minister without portfolio and representative in Czechoslovakia (Prague) Solovy and Professor Kisilevsky, representatives in UK (London)

Egypt (Cairo)

Eugen Onatsky, representative in Italy (Rome) General Sikevich, representative in Canada Longin-Cegelsky, representative in USA Longin-Cegelsky, representative in USA General Delov and General Porokhivsky, representatives in General Eagrodsky and Professor Glovinsky, representatives in Austria (Salzburg)

c. The most universally respected member of UNR, according to all sources, is Alexander Shulgin, prime minister and minister of Foreign Affairs, who lives in Paris. Recognizing the importance of a unified Ukrainian front, he decided that UNR and UHVR-UPA-OUNBandera must be consolidated. As a preliminary step, he arranged for a memorandum protesting Soviet actions in the Ukraine to be presented to the Paris peace conference jointly by the two groups. This document was signed by Lebed for UHVR and by Lubovy for UNR, acting on the orders of Shulgin as UNR Foreign Minister. Lewitsky, however; repudiated the statement and denied Shulgin's nower to acting on the orders of Shulgin as UNR Foreign Minister. Levitsky, however, repudiated the statement and denied Shulgin's power to authorize it for UNR. Meanwhile, in the interests of unifying the UHVR-complex with UNR, Shulgin, accompanied by his son Rostislav Shulgin and Demchuk, visited Ukrainians in France, Belgium, Switz-erland, Germany, and Austria, his trip in the t-o latter countries being organized by R-33 representatives in contact with us. Before he had arrived at Frankfurt, Shulgin was convinced that an overwhelming majority of Ukrainians desired a union of the two groups. After Levitsky's rejection of the Raris agreement, however, Shulgin spent a very short time with Levitsky, whom he had not seen for eight years, and immediately resigned from UNR (October 1946). Smal-Stotaky, Udovichenko, and other members of the government also resigned. resigned.

d. Levitsky is now engaged in trying to form a new government, because he fears the power of the old leaders and is jealous of Shulgin. Rostislay Shulgin remarked that the whole Frankfurt organization was a typical tragi-comedy such as Gogol alone could describe. Levitsky is now displaying the typical emigre attitude, embittered by his long vicissitudes as a DP and the futility of the DP situation. He has a small following still and claims to have representatives in other countries and contact with the Ukraine. Smal-Stotsky and Shandruk since their resignation have also tried to form a new group to be affiliated with UHVR.

- SHD (Sojuz Hatmangiv Derzavnykiv) Hetman Movement. Pavel Skoropadsky, a Ukrainian, was installed by the Germans in 1919 as head of a Ukrainian government (hetman), but he had only a short tenure and was soon forced into exile, to be succeeded by UNR. His party still exists as a conservative movement but has few followers, who are mostly in Cenada, Loncon, and the British Zone. Pavel Skoropadsky died in 1945, and since his son Danilo, a Canadian citizen
 working for the Ukrainian Central Comittee in London, has resused
 to become leader of the group, the Hetman party is not very active.
 In the British Zone, where it is believe to be sponsored by the British conservatives, the leader is Dr. Honzin (Gomsyn); there is no leader in the American Zone.
- Melnik Group (OUN-Melnik). The circumstances of the split in OUN have already been discussed, and further information on Melnik

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personally may be found in the biographical section. Melnik representatives include Engineer Baibak at Salzburg (Hellbron) and Eikolay Byhun, Munich. His closest personal friends are Engineer Knezh at Feldkirch, Austria; Boris Karasevenko at Munich; and Yurii Pundek at Munich.

- UNDO (Ukrainske Nacyonalno Demokratyczne Ociedannia) Ukrainian National Democratic Union. UNDO was the largest Ukrainian political party in Poland and one of the strongest parties in the Western Ukraine. It believed in collaboration with Poland to show Ukrainian good-will and thus achieve autonomy within Poland, working towards a later complete independence. At one time the party was strong enough to have about fifty deputies in the Polish Sejm and fifteen senators in the Upper House, and Vasily Mudry, party president, was vice marshal of the Polish Senate in 1938. After the war, the party was inactive until July, 1946, when Mudry tried to revive it as a nationalist organization openly, without secret or conspiratorial implications.
- 28. USDP (Ukrainska Socval Demokratyczna Partia) Ukrainian Social Democratic Party which played a very small part in the Ukraine, is practically inactive now. Its leader is Isarc Mazepa.
- 29. USRP (Ukrainska Socyal-Radykalna Partia) Ukrainian Social-Radical Party was originally a peasant party in the Western Ukraine but had little success because it was anti-clerical; many of its members eventually went over to the Communists. Since the war it has been composed almost entirely of Eastern Ukrainians; its leader is Dolenko, at Ulm.
- 30. Bulba Group is small and negligible. Borovets (Bulba), who was interned in the British Zone, has been liberated and is trying to get in touch with his old friends. He is described by all sources as a noterious busybody.
- 31. Ukrainian Relief Organization and Urrainian Charity Service are the two largest overt Ukrainian organizations of a comprehensive type; they maintain schools, publish books, and reviews, plan conferences, etc. There is little political feeling in either of them. The Relief Organization is headed by Vasily Mudry, a generally recognized and respected leader, and is located at Augsburg. The Charity Service is located at Munich.
- JURISHIAN Independent Orthodox Church is the religious organization to lich most Ukrainians belong. It has about eleven bishops in Germany and Austria. There is a close cooperation, however, with the numerous Greek Catholic Ukrainians, headed by Msgr. Voyakovsky, who was appointed by the Holy See and is under the jurisdiction of Cardinal Faulhaber of Munich.
 - D. SUGGESTIONS FOR THE FUTURE OF OPERATION BELLADONNA
- 33. UHVR's Requests for Cooperation. R-33 expressed their ideas and suggestions for a future complete cooperation with us. Not as conditions for such cooperation, but as suggestions for facilitating our joint program, they requested certain types of support. Source received these suggestions and promised to report them to his organization, but commented that he did not believe some of them would receive consideration, particularly the request for support for fighting in the USSR. The problems faced by R-33 are reduced basically to communications, support, activities in the USSR, agent

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training, and offensive and defensive activities against enemy agents. Their suggestions for their operational needs are as follows:

- a. Communications: a secret ratio station in the Ukraine; safe and secret meeting places for agents.
- b. Catouts: establishment in other countries besides Germany; utilization of International Red Cross, UNRRA, consultes.
- c. Agents: Recruiting or training of radio technicians and operations personnel; preliminary training for low-level agents, special training for upper levels; establishment of agents in cover jobs such as International Red Cross, UNRAA, hotels, interpreting, or organizations including various nationalities; supplying necessary documents (through agencies which have an easy access to Kiev, Odessa, Thite Russia, etc.); equipping agents with personal weapons, money, and poison for suicide if caught.
- d. Security: Complete removal of UHVE from agent contact; implementation of a new organization, Zabordona Sekcija Vezvolnoie Borodje, to handle agents and for which they will believe they are working (this has already been done).
- e. Compensation: Adequate pay for persons who dedicate their entire time to the work, and protection for the organizers of the service in Germany and Austria.
- f. Activity in USER: For preparation, supplying of Soviet books and newspapers to R-33; for combat inside the USER, medical supplies, sanitary equipment, vitamins, shoes, clothing, technical materials, compasses, typewriters, radios, weapons, ammunition, and food. (R-33 exphasized that eventually, without outside support, the struggle in Russian territory must cease. In that contingency, the Ukrainian resistance must be organized for future operations, for UHVR would not encourage an aimless and enervating struggle at present if there is no indication that the Western Powers are interested in the fate of the poeple of the Ukraine.)
- g. Future Plang: Study of new penetration systems; utilization of Red Army deserters through re-education for agent work or conditioning to the Ukrainian cause; dispatch of agents into the Near East, Turkey, Iran, Eyria, and Palestine.
- h. Financa: Facilities for changing German marks into Swiss currency. (UHVR has at present about 1,500,000 German marks collected from Ukrainian DPs in Europe, but they have great difficulty in converting it. If they could exchange marks for any foreign currency, they would not have to request the supplies mentioned above, because with negotiable currency they could procure what they need, even in USSR.)
- 1. Special Project: Hrinican and Lopatinsky would like to spend about two months in the United States, where both have relatives. The purpose of the trip would be:
 - 1) To counteract Soviet-sponsored propaganda among Ukrainians in Canada and United States.

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- 2) To get in touch with Ukrainian Soviet agents and utilize them for UHVR activities (on the grounds that most of them were forced to work for the Soviets and are defectable).
- 3) To organize financial support for UHVR from Ukrainians in United States, arrange continuous financial aid, and establish safe channels for the conveyance of funds.

34. Source's Suggestions for Future Operations Involving Him

- a. Source will remain in touch with:
 - 1) Lopatinsky, as his only constant contact.
 - 2) Hrinioch, a necessary and unavoidable contact, since he will be informed of operational data and results, and since he knows source well.
 - 3) Lobay, in charge of the technical details for sending agents into the field.
 - 4) Lebed, not for operational purposes, although he will be informed on operational results through Hrinioch and Lopatinsky.
- b. Source will assist in arranging letter drops, or cutouts, which should be established in Berlin, Istanbul, Warsaw, Breslau, Krakow, Prague, and the following:
 - 1) Vienna (source can send an agent),
 - Budapest (source can provide a cutout, with or without involving our organization),
 - 3) Southern Transylvania (the same).
 - 4) Bucharest (source can use one of his ecclesiastical contacts as a cutout).
- c. Source will need supplies and assistance for R-33 and their agents, as follows:
 - 1) 12 cartons of cigarettes monthly,
 - 2) About 4 10-in-1 ration cases monthly,
 - 3) About 5 bottles of vitamins monthly,
 - 4) Permit for at least one vehicle for one R-33 member,
 - 5) Equipment for agents, including some clothing,
 - 6) Foreign currency for agents (zlotys, koruny, others),
 - 7) Payment for R-33 office expenses in Swiss francs or dollars,
 - 8) Protection for Hrinioch, Lopatinsky, Lobay, and other leaders working with us who are cleared, and for Mudry, with whom source wishes to remain in close contact.

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35. Targets

- a. The establishment of a successful network. The first necessity is to explore the field, using the facilities and information of both Belladonna and the Lynx Group. (These two types of operations can easily be separated later, by ascertaining that no agent is briefed for both positive and counter-intelligence targets at the same time, and by not involving any of the agents of a double-target operation.) Contact will have to be reestablished with the R-33 people who have gotten out of touch. Work towards this objective has already commenced with the dispatch of Basil from Bayreuth and the subsequent, but uncoordinated, arrival of the courier from the volvode at the Curzon Line. When Basil returns, the first safe contact will be established. Agents for this project will be furnished by R-33, who will inform us of their real names, locations, and complete biographical data for vetting purposes. Lopatinsky and Lobay will brief the agents on our targets, but any information they acquire in addition to the brief will also be submitted to us.
- b. Information on Ukrainian leaders in Soviet service. Investigations will be made to determine the attitude of Ukrainians in official positions in USSR, such as the following:
 - 1) Palamarciuk, professor at the Ukrainian University at Lwow, who is apparently or posed to Ukrainian nationalism but secretly for it.
 - Voznak, professor of history at Leow, who writes against Ukrainian nationalists but is secretly with them.
 - 3) Stepanek, deputy in the Ukrainian parliament, who has been sent on an official mission from the USSR to Ganada and the United States. He has a brother in United States and one in a DP camp in Germany.
 - 4) High-ranking officers who were formerly with Timoshenko, UHVR leaders got on well with Marshal Timoshenko, who is himself a Ukrainian of peasant stock from Bessarabia. Then he arrived in the Ukraine as commander of Russian troops there, efforts were made to contact him and induce him to moderate the cruel treatment of Ukrainian nationalists. Later Timoshenko suddenly disappeared and the UPA suspected that he was in disgrace for a
- c. Contact with other Ukrainian groups. Partly for security reasons, contact with as many Ukrainian groups as possible is desirable in the early stages of the operation. The Melnik group is particularly important in this respect, because it is the principal enemy of the Bandera faction and because it is reported to be penetrated by 1970.
- 36. Source Comment. After a thorough study of the Ukrainian problem and comparison of information from several sources in Germany, Austria, and Rome, source believes that UHVR, UPA, and OUN-Bandera are the only large and efficient organizations among Ukrainians and that most of the other organizations are small emigre groups without much influence and without contact with the homeland. UHVR-is recognized as having the support of the younger generation and of Ukrainians at home, and the authority of its leaders Hrinioch and Lebed is established. Some other groups are envious of the UHVR-

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complex because the organization is independent and forceful and has al-ays refused to collaborate with Germans, Poles or Russians.

- 37. Source's own impression of the three leaders of UHVR-UPA-DUN-Bandera -- Hrinioch, Lebed, and Lopatinsky -- with whom he has direct personal contact, is that they are determined and able men, but with the psychology of the hunted. They are ready to sacrifice their lives or to commit suicide at any time to further their cause or to prevent security violetions, and they are equally ready to kill if they must. They are resolved to carry on their work with or without us, and if necessary against us. They are not seeking any personal profit or advantage.
- 38. Source feels that the conspiratorial mentality and the extreme distrust of everything and everyone not tested are great hindrances in dealing with the Ukrainians. It is always necessary to remember that they have an almost religious worship of their nation and distrust anything foreign: first and most, Polish; then Russian; then German. To summarize his continuous observation and study of these people, source believes that if they are properly treated they can be useful at any time and for any purpose.
- 39. Source disagrees violently with the accusation that Hrinioch is a Vatican plant among the Ukrainians. Hrinioch's whole background and history are a testimonial to his conspiratorial activity from 1921 on, and it must also be remembered that in the Ukraine, most western-minded intellectuals are Catholic. Hrinioch undoubtedly informs Buczko of what is going on in the Ukraine, but it would be a complete misconception to give his character an artificial dualism. He is not the only priest (Catholic or Protestant, but not Orthodox) who is at the same time a national lender and a western-minded churchman.

B. BIOGRAPHICAL DATA (numbers refer to paragraphs in which individuals ere mentioned)

Alexel (21) - Patriarch of the Russian Orthodox Church in Poscow

Bach, General Von den (8) - German SS general whose offensive against Ukrainian resistance groups in mid-1943 forced them out of the Pripet in the direction of Kremenec.

Batbak, Engineer (26) - Melnik representative at Hellbron, falzburg.

Eardera, Stefan (5b, 9, 16f, 18e, 19g, 19j) - Head of OUN-Bandera, Tho is now about 40, is the son of a Greek Catholic priest and was born in Trostianec, near Strij. He was educated in Sokal, Strij, and at the agricultural academy in Iwow. Since 1927 he has been a member of UVO and OUN, and in 1932, he became chief of OUN in Poland. For his participation in the murder of Pieracky in 1934, he was arrested and sentenced to death; the sentence was later commuted to life imprisonment, since his execution would probably have instigated an uprising in the Ukraine. His closest collaborators during this period were Yaroslav Stetsko, Mikolay Lebed, Michael Yaniv, and Yaroslav Spolsky. In 1939 Bandera escaped and resumed his leadership of OUN, and in 1940, his followers, including the greater part of the organization, deposed Melnik and made Bandera formal head of the whole group. During most of the war, Bandera was interned by the Germans at Sachsenhausen. Later, when he was released, he refused to collaborate with the Germans because they had dis-

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solved the independent Ukrainian government he had proclaimed in L-ow in 1941. At present Bandera is somewhere in the vicinity of Munich, in contact with Hrinioch and other UHVR leaders.

Baranovsky, Yaroslav (5b) - Ukrainian Gestapo agent, suspected of denouncing Ukrainians to Polish Intelligence (1934) and to the Gestapo; killed by the Bandera group between 1941 and 1943 for denouncing Lebed in 1934.

Basil (3, 14, 35a) - Belladonna agent dispatched from Bayreuth in October 1946 to establish communications with UHVR members in the Ukraine; reached Przemysl safely; expected to return soon.

Borovets, ? Taras Bulba (9, 30) - Leader of the Ukrainian resistance early in the war. In 1941 he founded the Poliskasic and conducted partisan operations in the vicinity of Sarny until his arrest by the Germans. He was released at the end of the war and was in Poland for a time. It is rumored that he fled Poland under threats from Bandera and took refuge in the British Zone of Germany, where he expected to find support. He was, however, interned by the British and has only recently been released. He is now in the American Zone, somewhere near Frankfurt, trying to collect former members of his partisans, but with little success. He is considered an anarchist contemptions of all authority and a notorious busybody. The alias Teras Bulba is the name of Gogol's Cossack hero which Borovets adopted during his days of partisan leadership.

Buczko livan Bishop (1, 2, 18g, 191, 39) - Adviser on Ukrainian — Affairs to the Congregation of the Oriental Church at the Vatican Buczko, about 55, is the son of poor Ukrainian peasants from Broiki, near Lwow. He was conservated a bishop in 1930 and became coad jutor to Metropolitan Sheptitsky, with whom he continued to be friendly. He has always been very active in politics and in close contact with UVO and OUN, of which he is an early member (he kept the OUN archives in his office for protection). In fact, Polish authorities complained to the Vatican several times of his political activities. In 1941, he was sent to the United States as Apostolic Visitor and on his return to Rome was prevented by the war from returning home. He has therefore remained at the Ukrainian College at the Vatican as adviser on Ukrainian matters to the Congregation for Oriental Church Affairs and to the Pope. He is probably still a member of OUN and is time close touch with UHVR, for which he seeks an agree

Builba, Taras See Borovets

Byoun : TkoTay (26) - MeInik representative at Funich.

Delov, General (24b) - UNR representative in Cairo, Egypt.

Demchuk (24c) - Ukrainian the accompanied Alexander Shulgin on his

Diacrisen, Father (1, 2) - Ukrainian priest, formerly on the staff of the Vatican Mission to USFET, now in Rome, who introduced source to Buczko.

Dolenko (29) - Leader of Ukrainian Social Radical Party, at Ulm. Faulhaber, Cardinal (32) - German cardinal residing at Munich.

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(h)

Gerich, Yury (20) - Head of the southern district of ABN, at Innsbruck. Born in 1911 in the Chodoriw district of Galicia, Gerich studied at Iwow and Stanislaw, then studied law in Prague and received his degree at the German university there in 1944. In 1945, he became assistant at the Ukrainian University in Prague and later professor at the Ukrainian University in Munich. In the surmer of 1946, he went to Innsbruck to assume his present position in ABN. He has been a member of OUN since 1939. Although he has had theological training, he is not ordained, but he works through the Basilian order.

Glovinsky, Professor (24b) - One of two UNR representatives in

Gomsyn - See Honzin

Halle Selassie (21) - Emperor of Abyssinia, contacted by ABN for support but without result.

Hasyn, Olekse - Military reforent of OUN for Poland under Rebet (1935-9).

Holovinsky Captain (5a) - Last commander of U/O, arrested and shot. ** by Polish police, about 1928.

Honzin, Dr.; @ Gomsyn (25) - Leeder of the Hetman Group in the British Zone.

Hrinloch, Ivan, Father (1, 2, 3, 16a, 16b, 16c, 16f, 18a, 19d, 19f, 19h, 18d, 34a, 34c, 36, 37, 39) - One of the founders and first vice president of UHVR. Hrinloch, a Greek Catholic priest about 38 years old, was born in the United States and brought to Poland at the age of seven. His brother is a professor of Greek Catholic theology at Stamford, Connecticut, Hrinloch was aducated in theology and psychology in Imow, Vienna, and Parl's and Jecame leader of the Ukrainian Catholic and Orthodox youth in Poland. He was an early member of UVO and OUN and became one of the organizers of UHVR. At present he holds, the offices of Tirst vice president of UH/R, head of the General Secretariat in Europe, member of R-33, and a controlling member of OUN-Banders. He lives under his on name at Geyersperstrasse 51, Munich/Laim and is in personal contact with source.

Hvozdetsky Captain (12) - Former member of the Polish consulate in Rome, in 1945, helt USBN as one of the last UPA couriers but a was larrested at the Czechoslovak border and shot nimself.

Kabachkiw (24a, 24b) - Minister without portfolio in the UND of 1919; now UNE minister without portfolio and representative a

Karasevenko, Boris (26) - Personal friend of Felnik, Munich.

Karpynets (5b) - One of the conspirators in the death of Pieracky in 1934; with Klimishin, he prepared the bomb used; now in Hallein Internment camp at Falzourg.

Kisilevsky, Professor (24b) - UNR representative in London.

Kilmishin, Eikolay (5b) - OUN member involved in the conspiracy against Pieracky; with Karpynets and others, he prepared the bomb used. He was born in the province of Kalusz, Galicia, studied law in Krakow, and became a member of OUN in 1930.

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OUN's secret laboratory was located in his flat in Rarsaw. Like the others in the Pieracky plot, he was sentenced to death but received an amnesty; he escaped from his prison at Liedlce in 1939, and is now at Eunich.

Knezh, Engineer (26) - Personal friend of Melnik, Feldkirch, Austria.

Kolpak, General (8, 19b) - Russian partisan general. Late in 1943, he was in Tarnopol trying to get through to Hungary but was held up by Ukrainian partisans. After his group had tried and failed to make an agreement with UPA, he became very anti-Ukrainian and fought UPA bitterly.

Konovalets, Eugene, Colonel (5b, 18g) - Head of OUN from 1928 to his death in 1938. He was killed in Rotterdam by a Russian agent named Waluch. Bandera, as chief for OUN in Poland, was under his jurisdiction.

Korzan, Michael (2) - Vice-chief of the southern division of ABN,
Salzburg. Korzan was born 11 November 1912 in Komarje, near
Tarnopol, Poland, of Ukrainian nationality. He was an early
member of OUN and has known Bandera since 1934. During Bandera's
imprisonment, he was chief of organizations under Rebet in Poland
until 1937, when his activities led to his arrest also. Liberated at the outbreak of the war in 1939, he went to the Ukraine
and became by 1941 a member of the OUN executive committee for
Western Ukraine. In 1942, he studied theology in Prague and in
1944 was consecrated as a Greek Orthodox priest by Metropolitan.
Palladius in Krakow. He also fought in the UPA. In January
1045 he came to Salzburg, and in 1946 was ordered by OUN to
enter ABN; he is also a member of SB. Korzan got in touch with
source early in 1946 and has been working for him as informant
ever since. He now wishes to go with ABN to Rome and eventually
to immigrate to South America; meanwhile he is eager to work
for the Ukrainian cause.

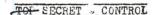
Mikolay - Chief of the fighting groups in Poland under Rebet, OUN-Poland, during Bandera's imprisonment.

Mosenko ((24a; 24b) - Minister without portfolio in the Prokopovich interim UNR government in France and in the present UNR; in

Kushnip ((18g)) - Wost influential member of Canadian Ukrainian

Committee, sympathetic to UHVR.

Bled, Mikolay (2, 5b, 16a, 16b, 16c, 16f, 18e, 18f, 18g, 181, 19d, 19h, 24e, 34a, 36, 37) - Chief of political bureau of University of Lebed, who is about 39, was an early member of OUN and held the position of chief of security in Poland under Bandera in 1932, and the him was main organizer of the attack on Pieracky in 1934. He escaped to Germany but was denounced by Baranovsky. 1934. He escaped to Germany but was denounced by Baranovsky, a Ukrainian Gestapo agent, arrested in Stettin, and extradited to Poland by special plane. He was imprisoned until the invasion in 1939, when he resumed his revolutionary activities. In 1941, he became minister for security in the independent Ukrainian in 1939, when he resumed his revolutionary activities. In 1941, he became minister for security in the independent Ukrainian government at Iwow, and thereafter was constantly sought by the Gestapo, although never arrested. He spent some time after the war in innsbruck and Funich and then went to Rome, where he now lives under the name of Zahirny, at Via Biferno 14. He is married and has one child. His positions in Ukrainian organizations include: Foreign Secretary of UHVR, head of the



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Foreign Section of the General Secretariat, member of R-33, and controlling member of OUN-Banders. He has been in personal contact with source for about 6 months.

Levinsky, Stepan (18j) - Former Polish diplomat, attached to the consulate at Harbin, later in Shanghai. He is a Ukrainian national and is married to a cousin of Lopatinsky, with whom he is in contact. He is now in Peiping. He speaks Japanese, Chinese, and Russian.

Levitsky, Andrey (also spelled Lewickij) (24a, 24b, 24c, 24d)
Mead of UNK, the legal Urrainian government in exile. When the
Ukrainian republic was dissolved, he led to Poland, where he
was well treated by the Poles and where he remained until 1945.

During the German occupation of Foland, he yielded to an interim
government in France, under Prokonovich, but resumed his position in Germany in 1945. When he repudiated the UNVA-UNK joint,
protest to the Peace conference, several of his ministers resigned, and he is now trying to replace them. He lives at the
Ukrainian DP-Camp at Offenbach and suffers from the DP mentality.

His following is small and ineffectual.

Lobay, Volodomir (34a, 34c, 35a) - Head of agent training for R-33.

Lobay, born in Wolsyn, Poland, in 1911, has spent years in German and Polish concentration camps, where he was so badly beaten that he is almost a total invalid. He is at Munich and in personal contact with source.

Longin-Cevelsky (24b) - UNR representative in the United States.

Lopatinsky, Yury (1, 2, 3, 12, 16b, 16c, 16d, 16f, 18a, 18j, 19, 31, 34a, 34c, 35a, 37) - UPA leader and one of the chiefs of UHUR. Lopatinsky is the son of a Greek Catholic priest. During the war, he studied law in Vienna, spent to years in German concentration camps, and then returned to the Ukraine, where he became UPA leader for Western Ukraine. He came to Germany in December 1945, one of the last UPA leaders to leave the country. He now lives in Sunich, at Franz Josefstrasse 45, with his wife, porents, and other relatives, all of thom are members of QUN. He holds the positions of UPA representative in the General!

Secretariat and liaison between UNIVR and UPA, member of R-33, and controlling member of QUN. He is in personal contact with

Louchton also spelled lotocky (24a) - Finister of education in the

Sphovy, (24c) - Manber of UNR who signed the Paris Ukcamnian protest

Botze (8) - Chief of the German SA in the Ukraine, killed by Ukrainian partisans late in 1943.

Maluca, Ivan (5b) = OUN member arrested by the Polish police in the Pieracky affair in 1934, imprisoned until 1939; now in the

Martyniuk, Bondan - Head of OUN-Poland security service under Rebet,

Matvivevko, Myrch (16a, 16c, 16e, 16f, 18a) - Head of OUN Security Service EB (Eluzba Bezpeky pry Holovnomy Provodi Orhanizadui Ukrainskych Nacyonalistiw). Matviyerko, aged 31, is the son of Vasyl Matviveyko, a Greek Catholic priest in Beremowce, Galicla,

TOP SECRET - COLTROI

OPERATIONAL MEMORANDUM

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who was deported to Siberia by the NKVD in 1941 and died there. The son studied in Zlocnow and Lwow until 1933 and then went to Belgium to study medicine; he was not able to finish his work, however, because the Polish police withdrew his passport, Matviyeyko has been a member of OUN since 1932 and during the German occupation was chief of the Ukrainian SB in the Lwow district. He lives at present in Munich and writes children's stories, which the Ukrainian Welfare Organization publishes.

Mazepa, Isaac (28) - Leader of the Ukrainian Focial Democratic

Melnik, Andrey, Colonel (5b, 19g, 26) - Leader of OUN after Konovalets, and still head of a part of OUN not acknowledging Bandera. A forestry engineer and former colonel in the Ukrainian army, Melnik was for years employed on the estates of Archbishop Sheptitsky at Lwow. After the death of Konovalets in 1938, he became chief of OUN but was unable to hold the group and was deposed by Bandera followers in 1941. Melnik was in close touch with the Germans throughout the war and believed that only through German aid could the Ukraine become independent. He continued to collaborate even after the Germans interned him. He is now in Germany and the most active enemy of the Bandera

Michell, Dr. (2) - Alias used by source with Lebed.

Kovsedvich; Sofia - Leader of the women's group of OUN under Rebet.

Midry, Vasily (1, 2, 16a, 27, 31, 34c) - Second vice-president of UHVR and head of UNDO. Ludry, a Ukrainian from Poland, aged about 60, is a graduate in law and a professional journalist, having formerly published and edited the Ukrainian daily Dijo at Lwow (1938). He led the Ukrainian group in the Polish parliament and finally became head of UNDO and vice-marshal of the Polish Upper House until its dissolution in 1939. Early in the war, he was in hiding as a Polish-Ukrainian national, later interned by the Germans. He was freed and in 1944 went to Germany and spite of his former pro-Polish attitude, Mudry participated in the foundation of UHVR and became one of its vice-presidents secretly. Overtly, he is chairman of Ukrainian Relief in Germany and therefore stays out of secret and conspiratorial operations while serving as a representative and official front for the clandestine side of UHVR. Mudry is a politician rather than a conspirator; he is well-known and well-liked among Ukrainians all over the world. At present he is living at Augsburg, Reisingerstrasse 22, with his wife and attempting to revive his inactive party. He is in personal contact with source.

Mufti, Grand (21) - Contacted by ABN and promised them support to counteract Soviet propaganda in the Near East.

Novak, Felix, Dr. (2) - Alias used by source with Hrinioch.
Onatsky Bugene (24b) - UNR representative in Italy, at Corso
Citalia 6, Rome.

Palamarciuk (35b) - Professor at the Ukrainian University at Lwow, apparently against the Ukrainian nationalists, but secretly with them.

Paskevic, Vladimir (50) - OUN member arrested by the Polish police and imprisoned in the Pieracky affair; now in UPA.

OPERATIONAL MEMORANDUM

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Pidhaini (5b) - OUN member arrested by the Polish police and importsoned in the Pieracky affair; now in Italy.

Pieracky (5b) - Polish minister of the Interior, assassinated by OUN in 1934, under the direction of Bandera and Lebed.

Porokhivsky, Colonel (24b) - UNK representative in Cairo, Egypt.

Prokopovich (24a, 24b) - Prime minister in UNR first government in exile, head of the interim government in France from 1939; died during the war.

Pundek, Yury (26) - Personal friend of Melnik, Munich.

Rebet, Lev (5b) - Head of OUN-Poland during Banders's imprisonment.

Rebet, about 41 years old, born in Strij, is a lawyer. He was an early member of OUN and succeeded to the command of OUN-Poland when Banders was arrested. He himself was arrested by the Poles in 1937 and imprisoned until 1939. During the war, he was in the Gouvernment General. At present he is one of the propaganda leaders of UHVN and R-33 in Munich.

Rohrbacher, Archbishop (20) - Conducting negotiations with ABN at Salzburg.

Rudenko (24a) - Minister of Finance in the UNR first government in exile.

Ryvak, Vasil - Press and Propaganda chief of OUN-Poland under Rebet.

Sadovsky, General (24b) - Minister of National Defense in UNR;

Eagrodsky, General (24b) - UNR representative in Salzburg.

Salsky, General (24a) - Minister of National Defense in UNR first government-in-exile; now dead.

Senek, Peter (5b) - OUN member suspected of Gestapo collaboration.

Shandruk, General (24d) - Resigned as member of UNH and with Small-Stotski is trying to form a new group to affiliate with UHVR.

Shepticsky, Metropolitan (19j) - Archoishop of Leow, friendly to the Ukrainian Orthodox church and Ukrainian nationalism; now dead.

Shulgin, Alexander (24a, 24b, 24c, 24d) - UNR prime minister and foreign minister, recently resigned. Shulgin, the most universally respected of all the Ukrainian leaders, was minister of Foreign Affairs in the UNR first government in exile. He became prime minister in the interim government in France under Prokopovich in 1939 until he was arrested by the Germans in 1941. He became prime minister and minister of Foreign Affairs in the new UNR post-war government. In the fall of 1946, he tried to unify the UNR and UHVR movements, and as part of his activities in this direction arranged for the two organizations to present a joint protest on Soviet control of the Ukraine to the Paris Peace Conference. Then this document was repudiated by Levitsky for UNR, Shulgin resigned from the government. He made a trip through "estern Europe to discover the sentiment for Ukrainian unification and is working toward that goal. His residence is in Paris.

OPERATIONAL MEMORANDUM

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Shulgin, Rostislav (19b, 24c, 24d) - Contact of the UNVA representative in Switzerland and son of Alexander Shulgin. He accompanied his father on the recent tour of Western Europe for Ukrainian unification. Rostislav left the Ukraine at the age of four and has been brought up completely in the west, so that he is not as well informed on Ukrainian affairs as some of the older politicians and the younger group who have lived in the Ukraine. He acts as informant for us, and his reports, although rarely containing information unknown before, are valuable.

Shumovsky, Professor (18k) - UHVR representative in Paris.

Sikevich, General (24b) - UNR representative in Canada.

Skoropadsky, Danilo (25) - Son of Hetman Pavel Skoropadsky; a British subject, who has renounced the leadership of the Hetman movement.

Skoropadsky, Pavel (25) - Ukreinian leader installed as Hetman of a German-sponsored Ukrainian government in 1919; exiles since then; head of a small conservative Ukrainian group until his death in 1945.

Slavinsky (24a) - Minister without portfolio in UNR first government in exile,

Smal-Stotski, Roman (24a, 24b, 24c, 24d) - Minister for Propaganda
in the UNR first government-in-exile and in the postwar UNR
government. He resigned with Shulgin when Levitsky rejected
the Peace Conference protest memorandum and is now trying to
form another more cooperative group. He lives in Frankfurt.

Sokol (16f, 18g) Formerly secretary of Konovalets in OUN; now assistant to Lebed in Rome.

Solovy (24b) - UNR representative in Lordon.

Spolsky, Yaroslav (5b) - OUN member imprisoned for participation in the Pieracky affair; technical consultant for OUN-Poland under Bandera; now at Innabruck as secretary general of Ukrainian Relief there.

Stepanek (35b) - Deputy in the Ukrainian Parliament, lately sent to Purited States and Canada on an official mission for the USSR;

Dissipation in the United States and one in a German DF Camp.,

Stetche, Yaroslav (5b, 16a, 16c, 16f, 18a, 191, 20) - Head of ABN.

Stetche, about 40, is from Tarnopol and studied law at Lwow.

He was an early member of OUN and worked in OUN-Poland under

Bandera as political liaison. He was arrested with Bandera in

the Pieracky affair but got only five years, sentence. When

the independence of the Ukraine was declared on 30 June 1941 in

Lwow, Stetsko became head of the government. For this the

Gestapo later arrested him, and he spent years in concentration

camps. He now lives at Munich and occupies the positions of

head of ABN, member of R-33, and controlling member of OUN
Bandera:

Etiborsky, Engineer (5b) - OUN member suspected of collaborating with the Gestapo and Polish Intelligence and killed by Bandera followers.

Sukhevich, Roman (5b) - OUN member arrested in the Pieracky affair

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OPERATIONAL MEMORANDUM -25-

MGH-391

in 1934; commander of UPA until 1945.

- Susko, Colonel (5b) OUN member suspected of collaborating with Polish Intelligence and the Gestapo and killed by Bandera followers.
- Timoshenko, Marshal (35b) Russian officer in command of Russian troops in the Ukraine for a time; of peasant stock from Bessarabla; got on well with UHVR leaders but was later removed and was possibly in disgrace.
- Udovichenko (24a, 24b, 24c) Minister of Interior in the UNR interim government in France in 1939 and in the post war government; resigned with Shulgin -hen Levitsky rejected the Peace Conference memorandum; in Paris.
- Vatutin, Marshal (8) Red Army general killed by Ukrainian parti-
- Vesna, Osdap (18e) Ukrainian humorist, originally a member of OUN, later forced to work for the Soviets, but considered still pro-Ukrainian.
- Volvode at the Curzon Line (13, 14, 16a, 35a) Contact between UHVR and the Ukraine; sent a courier with news to Munich in October 1946 and will forward other detailed news of USSR.
- Voyakovski, Msgr. (32) Head of the Ukrainian Catholic religious community in Germany, with the title of Visitator Apostolicus; appointed by the Holy See; living at Passionisten-Kloster, Burgermeister-Wunderstrasse, Munich/Pasing.
- Voznak (35b) Professor of history at Lwow, secretly with Ukrainian nationalists although he writes against them.
- Waluch (5b) Soviet agent Tho killed Colonel Konovalets in Rotter-
- Yakovliv (24b) UNR Vice Prime Minister and representative in Belgium.
- Yaniv, Michael Chief of Propaganda in OUN-Poland under Bandera.
- Zahirny Alias used by Lebed in Rome.
- Zeiger, Ivo, Tather (1) Special adviser to the Vatican Mission to

JFFICIAL DISPATCH

Courier

MGM-A-730 DISPATCH NO .:

4 October 1948 DATE: _

Chief, FBM

: Chief of Station, Karlsruhe c/

Operational matter

Resumed Contact with CAPARISON

1. As of 1 August 1948, contact was resumed with Source CAPARISON for the purpose of collecting information pertinent to Project ICON and allied intelligence matters.

2. No commitments or operational costs, beyond an occasional meal at a safe-house, are involved in this contact.

3. CAPARISON is at present a seldom-contacted informant of CIC Region IV, Munich. That office is aware of our resumption of contact and has no objections.

Distribution

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 - 1 Fran VIA EVE

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

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Date: 2005

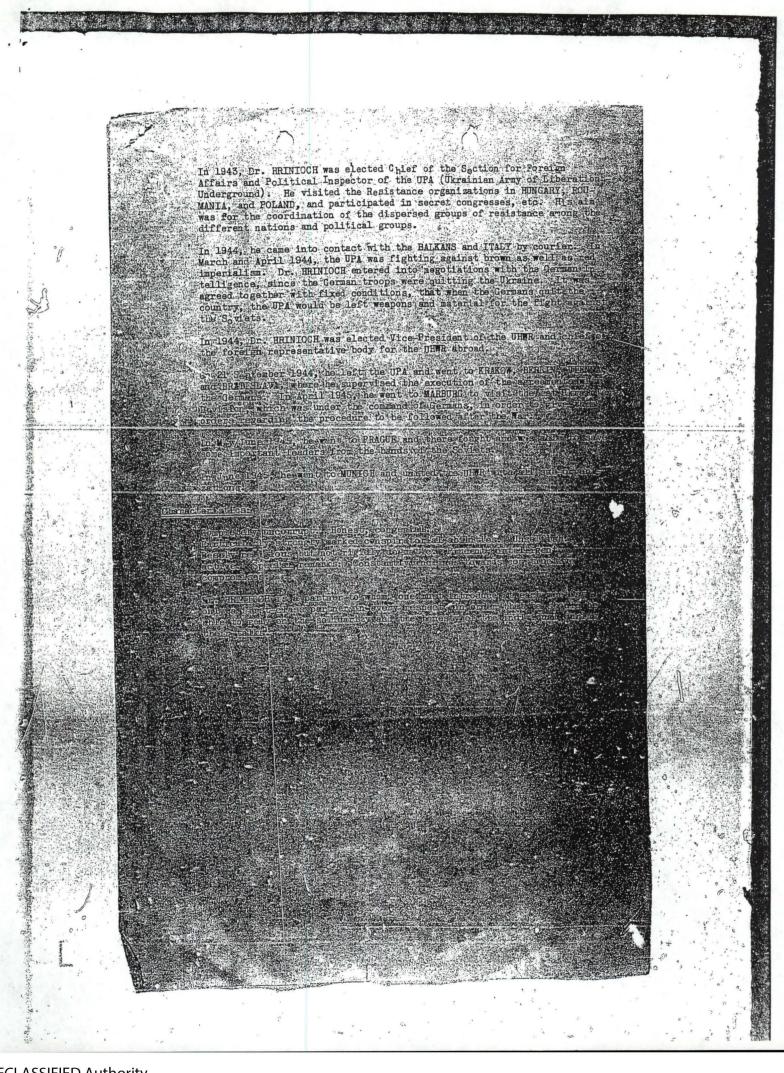
12 January 1949 SUBJECT: D.D. Ivan HRINIOCH, Professor of Theology. ALIASES: Dr. KOVALENKO, Dr. DUBROVA (1941 - 1943) Dr. ORLOV (1944 - 1945) RESIDENCE: MUNICH Date of Birth: 28 December 1907 Place of Birth: PAVLIV (Western Ukraine) Parents: Ukrainian farmers. Education: Completed highschool in 1926. Studied at the Universities of: LEMBERG (LWOW), LEMSBRUCK, MUNICH, PARIS. Subjects: Philosophy and Theology. Ordained as priest in the Greek Catholic Churck in 1954. Graduated for BD, in 1954 with summa cum Louis. Personal date: Height: 158 cm. | Weight: 80 kg. Helf . Black Bulld : Vigorous 1954 - 1955; Priest in HabitSH (Western Ukraine) 1955 1959 Lecturer in Philosophy at the Academy of Theology in himself (and a factor) At this time, be was particularly active as a spirited leader of the state. at this time, he was particularly active as a spirited leader of the state derive in (Arathlan student) organizations. Herd priess of the "District" you was organization.

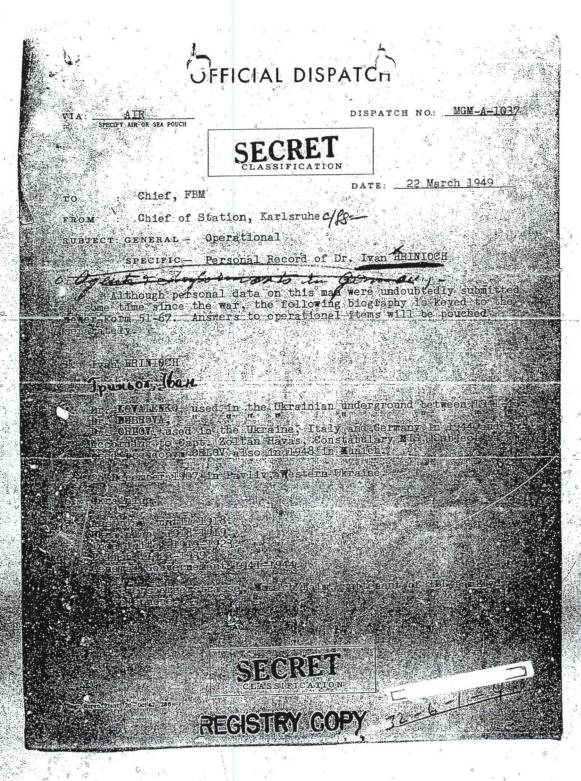
1941 In exile at KRAKON, working as clerk at the "District Bophing and that I, 1959 adde not belong to any political party. Was arrested as a spirite State to the telephone as a mational priest. Do HERMOON was put in a supplies of the Arch pishop of the breek Tathodic Charch, the section of the arch pishop of the orest Tathodic Charch, the section of the arch pishop of the breek Tathodic Charch, the section of the arch pishop of the orest Tathodic Charch, the section of the arch pishop of the breek Tathodic Charch, the section of the arch pishop of the orest Tathodic Charch, the section of the arch pishop of the source of the section of the section of the arch pishop of the arch pishop of the section of the arch pishop of the arch pishop of the section of the section of the arch pishop of the arch pishop of the section of the arch pishop of the arch pishop of the section of the arch pishop of the arch pis Lming of a tree Ukrainian government opense of chipation powers. In Hill Hold broadcasts the structure of the struct Bishop to return with eatily girn as a like truct Bishop to return a passe of the community of the structure of the community of the structure of the community of the structure o Independence of pitus promise ion, ir Minnioda went on I Wovenberg 1842, he published an ille si 'near ille en round opposed to the German occupation one in Gira mount these i coint i like his article The sine, be declared that the German's purposed the foraine. Declassified and Approved for Release TIONS Section 3(b) NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT by the Central Intelligence Agency

2004, 2005

Date:

DECLASSIFIED Authority
NND 39210





NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

A JONS Section 3(b)

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Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency Date:

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- 10. Emigrant Ukrainian politician; occasional journalist; vicepresident of ZPUHVR and UHVR.
- 11. Michael HRINIOCH, born under Austro-Hungarian government in Pavliv; last seen in May 1944.
- 12. Anastasia CHESAK, born under Austro-Hungarian government in Pavliv; died in 1919.
- 13. Not applicable.
- 15. a. Sisters: Maria, about 34 years of age, resides in Ukraine.
 Eva, about 24 years of age, present whereabouts, unknown.

Anastasia, about 22 years of age, present where abouts unknown.

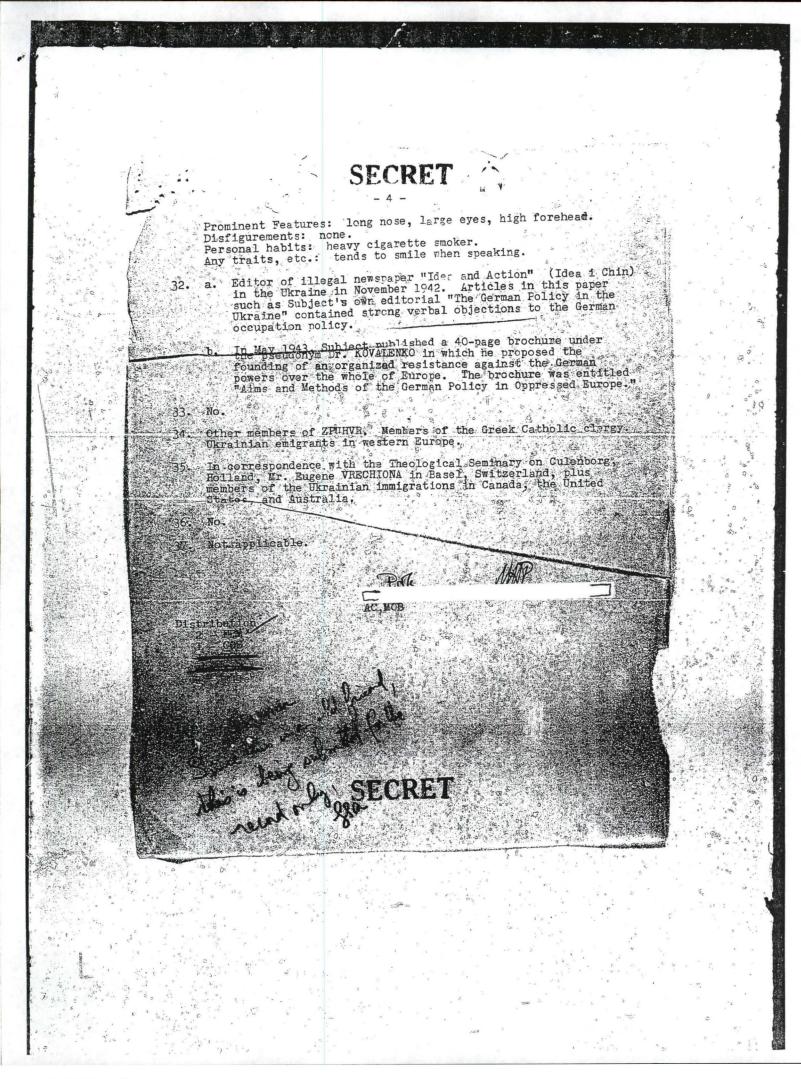
- b. Brothers: Rev. Stephen HRYJUCK, about 37 years old, St Josephat's Seminary, 714 Monroe St. N.E., Washington 17, D. C.
- 17. German Kennkarte.
- 18. Second vice-president of UHVR since 1944.
- Or Greek octolic. Ordained priest in 1932. On bemporary Teams of absence Clause by Bishop BUTZKO, visitator of the Greeks of Cathelic church in the Cathelic chu
- Diberal-minded socialist favoring start by consent of the governed for his own homeland. Belongs but by consent of the governed for his own homeland. Belongs but by consent of the governed from QUIV/Bandera in fall 1948.
 - Widelectuss by birth. Intellectual aristocracy byoding to
- a. Paugust 1945 to January 1946 in Austria and Frally to 6 The Administration members of Ukrainian underground organization Sig particular Theola DEBED and Bishop BUT/X0
 - b. Fine 1945 to ezechoslovakta to fetch members of UHPA
 - The total of the stally to wratt BREER, etc.

TOTAL CARRESTS

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4.	SEC	KEI	
а.	Elementary and high school,	Academic Diploma	
b.	University of Lyov.	Philosophy Theology	1930.
е,	Innsbruck Jesuit Univ.	Philosophy Doctor Theology Divinit	
d.	University of Munich.	Philosophy Psychology	∘1933 - 1934.
е.	N'Institute Catholique, Paris	Philosophy	1934-1935
.	Theological Academy, Lvov.	Ass't' Prof. of Philosophy.	1935.
D Good State of the Control of the C	Ukrainian Good Good Good Polish Good Good Good Fair Good Good Fair Ressian Good Fair Greek Good Good Fair Greek Good Fair Greek Good Good Hobrew Fair Greek Good Good Good Good Good Good Good Goo	Good Good Good Good Good Good Good Good	allism Receives her Burrha
	To the second of	Fosture Figor Mergal 176 D Feeths vellows b. data temple above temple Scars: none pulles stocky, st	ni ()



SEGRET

29 March 1949

- 1. Ivan BRINIOCH
- Br. HOWALDERS, used in the Ukrainian underground between 1941-43.
 Br. HORDOYE, and in the Ukraine, Italy and Germany in 1944 and 45.
- 5. 28 December 1907 in Pavliv, Western Waraine.
- 6. Warminian
- 7. Anstrian until 1918 Ukrainian 1919-1919 Indefinite 1919-1923 Palish 1923-1939 General Gouvernment 1941-1944.
- 8. 51 Generalerguratresse, Municit/Lein, subtenent of IDL family.
 X He telephone.
- 10. Emigrant Ukrainian politician; oscanional journalist; vice-president of SPUNTR and UNFR.
- 11. Michael Marking, born under Austro-Sungarian government in Pavilly, Sent seen in May 1966.
- 12. Assetants Gradel, been under Austro-Rusperlan government in Paville; died in 1989.
- 13. And upitable.
- 16, a. Subject Marks, though M. Pears of age, resides in Spring.

 Discussion of age, present these south principal and age.

 Light and the Co. Spring of age, present unwanted to the control of age.
 - b. Marthause her. Shapken Hillian, about 77 years old, a line of the Santary, 714 Mannes St. E. L., Bankarina 17, D. C.
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NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

Declassified and Approved for Refease by the Central Intelligence Agency Date: 2004, 2005

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- 22. Middle class by birth. Intellectual aristogramy by dint of our studies.
- 23. a. August 1945 to January 1946 in Austria and Italy to contact emigrant members of Ukrainian underground organizations, in particular Mikola LESED and Bishop BUTZEO.
 - b. June 1945 to Caechcelovakia to fetch members of UHVR.
 - c. October 1946 to Italy to visit LEBED, etc.
 - d. Jamery 1947 to Italy.
 - e. December 1948 early January 1949 to London, England, to attend United Ukrainian Relief Committee conference.
- 24. c. Elementary and high school, Londonie Diploma Lvov

b.	University	of Pass	Lustreed	* * *	2770
6.	Rentbrook 3	Feanit Baiv.	Philosophy Theology	Doctor of Divinity	1990-1933
di	Subsured by	of Mundah	Philosophy Psychology	4	1933-1934

Philosophy

- f. Shortogical Academy, Lower Agest. Prof. 2935.

etitute Catholique,

- the state of an Pale.
- CAL STANCE OF THE BEAUTY SHOP IN 1991.
- THE RESERVE AND THE PARTY OF TH
- 27. Desired to the special field and tobesco by mail. Receives 100 Magner seath from the speciality visitation, Rishep RUFERO.

- 30. Taught philosophy at the University of Lemberg in 1935.
 Taught theology and philosophy at the Ukrainian seminary in Hirschberg, Germany, from 1946 until May 1948.
- Apparent ages 39

 Reight: 55 69

 Rei
- 35. a. Shibor of illegal newspaper "Idea and Action" (Idea i Chin)
 in the Maraine in Horember 1942. Articles is this paper
 such as Jubject's come chitorial "The German Policy in the
 Maraine" sentained strong verbal objections to the German
 occupation palicy.
 - b. In Mry 1943, Subject published a 40-page breshure under the pastdown Dr. HOWLERIES in which he proposed the founding of an organized resistance ogainst the German possess over the whole of Europe. The brockers was cutified "Line and Methods of the German Policy in Sygmand Europe."
- 13. In.
- M. Other members of DESYR. Members of the Greek futbolic clarge.
- No. In correspondence with the Theological Seminary on Colomborg, Maliand, Mr. Rugnes Vascillus in Basel, Switzerland, plus members of the Ukrainian inscinrations in Comada, the United Places, and Australia.
- 36. Ho.
- T. Est applicable.

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ATR

MGM-4-1148

Chief, FBM

6 May 1949

AC, MOB

THRU: COS, Karlsruhe

Operational .

Personal Record of CAPARISON (Operational)

HEF | MGH-A-793, -1037; MUNI-442

the following answers to operational questions are keyed to questions on form 51-671

In the case officer's opinion, subject was in contact with the GIE Jaring the early stages of the German campaign in Galicia. CAPARISON states that in 1939 he made the acquaintance of Dr. Fritz ANLTS for WEREER. ARLT was at that time attached to a Fritz ANLTS for WEREER. ARLT was at that time attached to a German armored division and wore civilian clathes. CAPARISON claims that ARLT was primarily interested in the political and idealogical wide of the Ukraine liberation movement, but he does not believe that he was an intelligence officer. Special agent Gamille S. Hajdu, formerly of CIC Region IV once stated to the case officer at a time when ARLT was a scaber of the AMTERIOR met that the latter was some kind of a German Limison officer to GON Banders during the war. Whether ARLT did attrictly intelligence work during the war is uncertain, but it is a fact that since 1945 he has worked in an intelligence measured to the measure of the series of the state of the since 1945 he has worked in an intelligence measured to the measure of the series of the s

CAPARISON'S postwar contacts with American intelligence agencies can be summarised as follows:

- a. 1986-1947 in contact with _____ and then ______ (See Openation DRILLADONNA et al.)
- b. Min-1987-Dume load conferred with Special Agent Helds on Saltane persators to the Unrainten emigration; not operate its impact from Old card rise until 20 Tebruary 1980

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NAZI WAR GRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)

(B)(E) Methods/Sources (2)(E) Foreign Relations

by the Central Intelligence Agency
Date:

Mid-August 1948-13 January 1949 informant of Capt. Zoltan. Havas, Constabulary MIS Straubing through cutouts Adolf IDOL and Dr. Frits ARLT.

CAPARISON'S known postwar associations with non-American organizations which also carry on intelligence activities are as

- Caritas: It is not known whether subject's admitted membership in this organization has any intelligence relevancy.
- The Catholic Church: It is not known to the case officer. Whether the relationship between subject as a Greek Catholic briest and Bishop BUTZKO in the Vatican involves any intelligence activities. BUTZKO is the highest ecclesiast of this church in Western Europe, reputedly has the position of advisor on Eastern Church Affairs in the Congregation of the Eastern Rite in the Vatican and pays CAPARISON 100 DM per month, allegedly for celebrating mass.
- Subject first contacted by the present case officer in August 1948 through Special Agent Camille Hajdu who was then subject's case officer. The introduction was accomplished by a letter from Hajdu.
- Tes, subject is quite used to being tossed from one case office to another, to being recruited or dropped by AIS members or their intermediaries.
- Idealistic patriotism: salf-dedication to the Ukrainian
- e. CIC Region IV, Munich in Spring 1948 and in February 1949.
 - b. OBUM in December 1948.
 - MIS Straubing through Capt. Havas in January 1949.
- Subject a political carser would be greatly dataged in the strain political groups opposing APHHYE such as QUE sense; obtained proof that subject to active select sense; obtained proof that subject to active select sense; and the subject selection in the sense; and the subject sense; and the subje
 - Subject seems to be convinced that only with the help of the United States military potential during an east-west conflict can the Ukraine ever attain national independent during CAPAREON'S lifetime.

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- 3 -

- c. ZPUHVR is practically insolvent and unable to undertake the political program with which it was charged by the president of the UHVR in 1944. ZPUHVR's ability to smuggle in the English Pounds which they received from the Ukrainian subscribers to the "Ukrainian Tribune" residing in England was brought to an abrupt halt in April 1949 by the insertion of a British accountant who checks their financial ledger in England. The sale of these pounds in Germany was ZPUHVR's main, source of income, according to ACROBAT.
- 44. Sample of subject's handwriting is attached to FEM's copy. It is doubtful whether subject was ignorant of the fact that a sample of his handwriting was being collected at the time he wrote this; hence the printing and awkward-looking characters.
- 45. Subject is very well-informed and highly intelligent.
- - e: Character: uncorruptibly horest congenial by nature;
 religious but not dogmatic, prudent, extremely eircumspect
 verbally, self-composed, outwardly imperturbable; a natural
 leader of-men type, not aggressive in his personal sumitation,
 a hard-headed realist partice the gifted at slow conference
 table negotiation, not above thing his good command of
 thetoric and paraphrase to the fore whenever he desires to
 temporize or avoid answering a question directly.
 - b. Reliability: It is perfectly clear to the case officer that the ambject's reliability is predicated by his uncompremising self-dedication to the creation of an independent phrasine. None of the former case officers of subject made attacks that he either cooperated completely or constantly will undoubtedly vary indirect ratio to this reliability will undoubtedly vary indirect ratio to this assessment of the United States attitude of the independent Ukraine; hence MOB's desire to make the independent to our organization.

Secretary where here been no security breaches on the sale sale secretary auring the three years he has been working the three years he has been working the american secretary to the best knowledge of the least of the strongly marked conspiratorial qualities which one would expect in an underground leader of three an stock

SECRE

- Almost all information given by the subject has been verbal. The most important exceptions to this rule to date were the attachments to MGM-A-793, i.e. material allegedly printed in the Ukraine and brought to Germay by the APOSTES, Subject has an abhorrance of submitting anything in writing, be it hand or typewritten. The case officer knows of no case where subject handed any self-written reports of which he was the author to any representative of an American intelligence agency or to their intermediaries. Subject has submitted information verbally on the following:
 - a. Statistics on the Ukrainian emigration in Western Germany; given in May 1948 to Special Agent Hajdu who turned them over to the case officer for background material for the ICON report.
 - b. The history of the various Ukrainian resistance organisations; given to the case officer in August, September and October 1948.
 - c. General and mainly superannuated information on economic and social conditions in the Ukraine, particularly as they have a bearing on the underground movement.
 - d. Enderground handbills and pamphlets allegedly printed in the Ekraine and brought to Germany by the ERGETIES. (See addressments to MGM-A-793).
- 48. Subject is a Ukrainian emigrant politician. All intelligence of interest which he can pass on is deemed by the case officer to be secondand.
 - Subject is not integrated with any other operations of this argumentation at present, As reported in MUNI-442 an attempt any present and actions in the contact him and, presumably, and the contact him and the c
 - Openent information from the Ukraine in subject, session as come from refugees and the APOSTMES. Whether he received the APOSTMES wh

Medicoutton:

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AIR

MGM-A-2454

SECRET

Cartel

Chief, FDM

22 March 1950

COS, Karlsruhe

Redbird/Operational

CARTEL 1's Trips to Holland

- 1. With the aid of an exit-entry permit procured by the undersigned, CARTEL 1 has thrice travelted to Holland allegedly metally for the purpose of lecturing to students at the Ukrainian Greek Catholic Seminary at Koclinberg (phonetic). Since CARTEL 1 is an ordained priest and did teach at the assinary while it was located in Germany, i.e., up to 1948, the purposar of the trip is plausible. Could, however, a discreet check be made at the seminary to ascertain whether:
- a. CARTEL 1 actually lives at the seminary for the whole two weeks of each trip;
 - b. CARTEL 1 actually lectures there;
- c. There are any persons of intelligence interest connected with this seminary with whom CAPTEL 1 confers; and
- d. GARTEL 1's movements inside Holland suggest that he is using the seathing job at the seminary merely as a cover for other activities!
- 2. Thatever checks are made should be discreet, although it would not be in any way disastrous if CARTEL 1 should discover that we are tracing his movements. We see, however, no reason only the Dutch should guess that we are keeping tabs on one of our own sources, Probably a check directly at the seminary to see whather CARTEL 1 is listed on the faculty would be in order first.
- The nurpose of this check can be defined as an attempt to serify our hypothesis that we are the only outfit with word of them to has any serious intelligence them. Since late syvenes 1919 than we intercepted the report by CARDER 1 a superchaste destined for the British we have adequate reason for teniming such a check. The case officer has a hunch that CARDER 1 may have round a patron of sorts in Helland, for in winter 1918-50 he once let fall the statement that he did not see what objections we could possibly have if his organization should aggert a monetary gift from say, "a rich person in Belgium.

SECKEL

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

(2)(A) Privacy

(2)(B) Methods/Sources

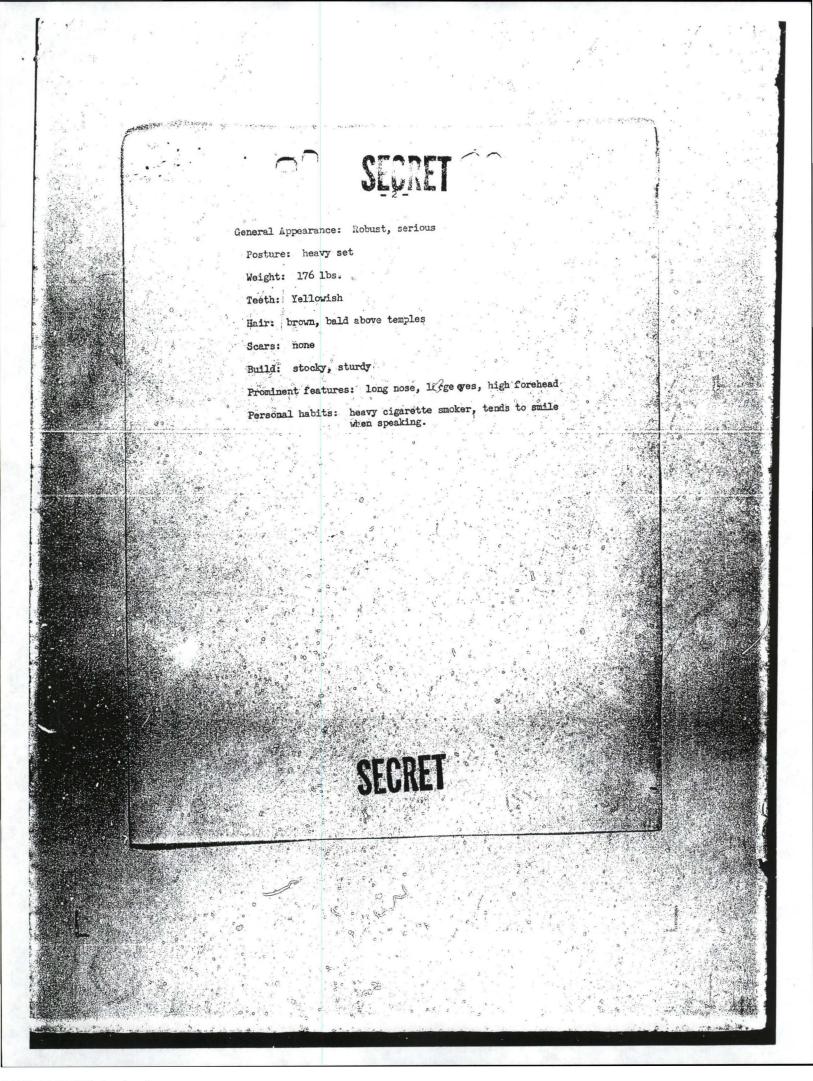
(2)(G) Foreign Relations

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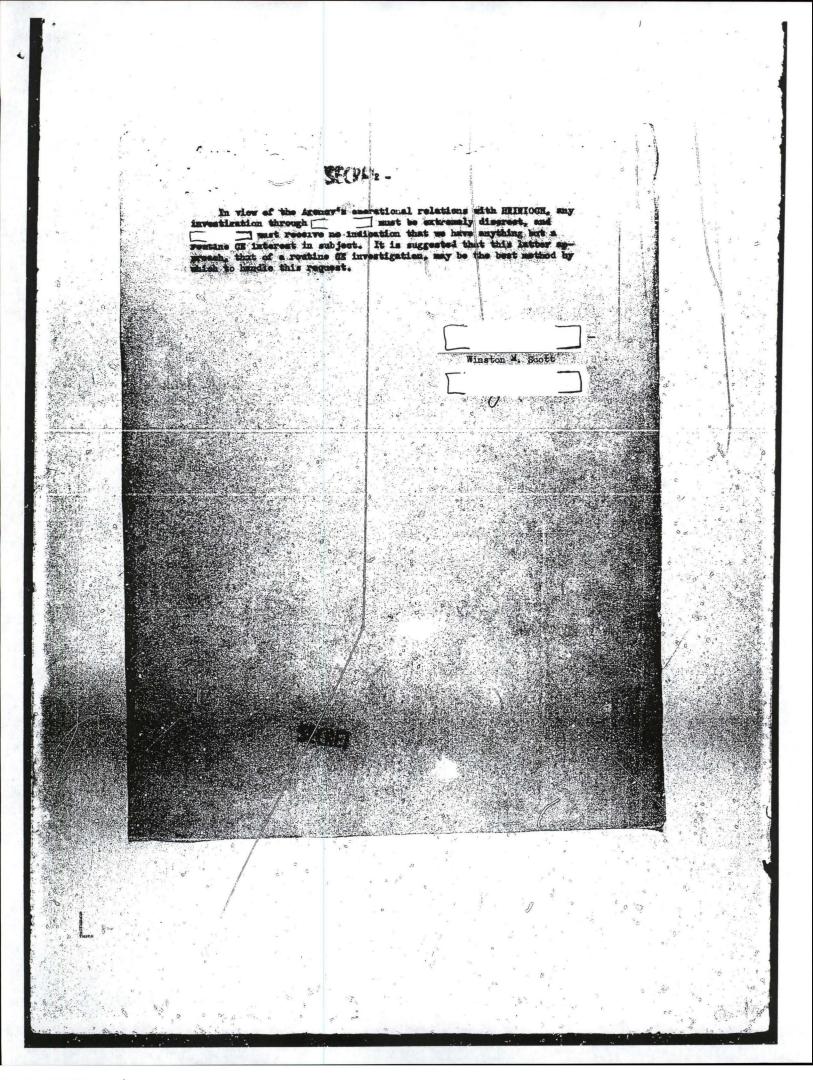
Date: 2005

anxious to back a worthy anti-Soviet cause". In principle the case officer favors CARTEL's trips to Holland which will probably continue at the rate of once every other month as long as the school year at Koolinberg lasts. The Ukrainian enigration in Munich is convinced that CARTEL 1 stays in Holland practically all the time. This serves to throw the in Holland practically all the time. This serves to throw the Banders people off the scent since it must be assumed that the latter believe that the partisans, whose arrival in Austria was so publicized, are now in the custody of CARTEL 1's group. Distribution:

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	To: Chief, FDW ONLS Operations Casheford	
	From: Chief, FDM Offic Operations Casheford -	
	Subject: Rev. Dr. Ivan HRINICCH	
	l. It has recently come to our attention that Subject, in whom we have an active operational interest, travels periodically from Munich, Germany to Koolinberg (phonetic), Holland, ostensibly to teach at a Ukrainian Greek Catholic Seminary there. He supposedly spends about two weeks every month or two months at the Seminary teaching. There have been some indications that subject may be involved in intelligence activities for the Vatican.	
	2. We would be interested in information on the whereabouts and activities of subject while in Holland/on a continuing basis. We are particularly interested in the following points:	
	a. Does subject live in the Seminary for the entire period that he is in Holland?	
	b. Does subject travel to Belgium or loes someone come from Belgium to visit him?	
	c. Any indication of intelligence contacts or activities while in Holland.	
	Investigation of subject should be discreet in order not to jeopardize our relations with him in Germany.	
	3. A description of subject follows:	
	Date of birth: 28 December 1907	
	Place of birth: Fevliv, Western Ukraine	
	Apparent age: 39	
	Height: 5' 6"	
	Eyes: Brown Rabe shape: Oval	
	Complexion: Dark	
	Sext Male	
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	EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b) (2)(A) Privacy Date: 2005
	(2)(B) Methods/Sources
	(2)(G) Foreign Relations



wxh-2075 CAH/50/739 26.10.1950 The a.m., born 28.12.1907 at Pauliw, has given lessons to Ukrainian students at the Ukrainian "Priester Seminarium" to Ukrainian students at the Ukrainian "Priester Seminarium" at Culemburg. He has also worked as an examinator of students having completed their studies.

He arrived in Culemburg on the 13th of October 1949 and departed to Germany on the 26th, rearriving in Culemburg on 16.3.1950.

During the first days of June 1950 he went to Germany again. There he apparently fell ill in Munich.

He has not visited the Netherlands since.

His viets here were fully and officially authorized by our Government.

Never has anything politically detrimental about him been Never has anything politically detrimental about him been observed. We are keenly interested to learn from you the exact reasons why this man has attracted your attention. Source: [Ry WN HW-596 NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT Declassified and Approved for Release EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b) by the Central Intelligence Agency (2)(A) Privacy Date: 2005 (2)(B) Methods/Sources (2)(G) Foreign Relations

- SEGREI
Office Memor andum SEGRE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
TO : Assistant Director for Special Coerations DATE: 23 January 1951
FROM : Chief, Contact Division, 0/0
SUBJECT: Reverend CRINICKH (HRYNOCH)
REFERENCE: Telephone conversation, 19 January 1951,
1. A reliable contact of this Division has advised that on 10 January 1951, he received a letter from a Dr. Tacov M. Zozula containing the follow-
ing information concerning subjects
We received from Europe information that there was summoned (from Europe) to Washington, and left on plane Rev. (RINIOKH, a Greek-Catholic priest and military chaptain of the division 'Halychina', who later
became a well-known Bonderovzy leader. Still later he has become opposed to Bandera, and joined Lebid. Do you know something about this visit?
Our friends ask to verify this rumor as if this true then it would show
connection with this matter, our friends advise us to find opportunities for talks with the US officials because if we will not be informed about
the talks of Lebid, we nevertheless will not be free from responsibility
not see how to arrange them. What is your opinion about the possibility of such interviews?
2. Our contact states that Dr. Zozula is a Ukrainian refugee, who was admitted to the US about one year ago from Germany. He is now living at 216 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn 21; New York. According to our contacting a Ukrainian group. Zozula is a man of high moral integrity and a life-long adherent of democtracy. 3. Additionally, Walter Dushnyk has reported contacting a Ukrainian priest of the Eastern Catholic Rite, Father HHYNOCH by name, who arrived in New York either on 31 December 1950 or 1 January 1951. Father HHYNOCH and the Reverend CHINIOKH are presumably the same individual. 4. Dushnyk reports that HHYNOCH is the head of the foreign representation of the Ukrainian Idberation Council in Germany, and, according to Lebid, plays an important role in the foreign network of the Ukrainian underground. The impression conveyed by Dushnyk was that HHYNOCH is an operations officer of some kind who receives and dispatches couriers to the Ukraine, and channels information to various Ukrainian groups.
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Declassified and Approved for Release
by the Central Intelligence Agency
Date: 2009 2005

27 March 1951

TO: I FROM: T Accidental Meeting with Dr. Hrynioch SUBJECT:

- 1. The undersigned arrived at the Pittsburgh Airport last night approximately 10:45 PM, to board a plane for Washington, D.C., scheduled to leave Pittsburgh at 11:15 PM. As the undersigned entered the main building at the airport, a friend approached him and exchanged greetings. The friend told the undersigned that he wanted him to meet a very important Ukrainian figure who was leaving Pittsburgh. The friend was Dr. John Hrynioch, who had been in Pittsburgh to participate in a radio broadcast and to give a lecture before the Ukrainian-Americans of the Western Pennsylvania district. The friend told the undersigned that Dr. Hrynioch was a leading figure in the resistance
- 2. Dr. Hrynioch seemed overjoyed that he would be traveling with a companion with whom he could exchange conversation.
- 3. After we boarded the plane the undersigned attempted to gain the confidence of Dr. Hrynioch, asking him, specifically, what he was doing in Pittsburgh and where he was staying in Washington. He stated that he had participated in a radio bolladcast in Pittsburgh, and, following the broadcast, he gave a lecture before a group composed of Ukrainians of the Pittsburgh area. He stated that while in Washington he was staying with his brother, Father Stephen Hrynuck, rector at the Ukrainian Catholic Seminary.
 - 4. Following idle conversation of approximately 20-minute

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duration, during which the undersigned voiced interest in the Ukrainian situation, Hrynioch spoke in general terms of the activity of the Ukrainian underground. He spoke of his activity from 19hl, when he was forced into clandestine activity because of the German police activity. He mentioned that since 19h5, he has been operating beyond the border limits of the Ukraine in behalf of the Ukrainian resistance movement. He said that he has been in this country several months, touring cities that have a great Ukrainian element, specifically mentioning Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Buffalo, New York, Detroit, Chicago, and in Canada, Winnipeg and Ottawa. He said that he wanted to spend several days of leisure, and that today (March 27, 1961) he was leaving for Florida. Following his brief vacation he would conclude his lecture tour within two weeks, then, to return to Europe.

interested in the Ukrainian situation he opened his brief case and produced several pieces of Ukrainian literature, a book of music, containing songs heralding and honoring heroes of the UPA movement, several photostated copies of art, dramatically depicting the insurgent movement in the Ukraine, and several photostated copies of Ukrainian currency. He asked if the undersigned knew, possibly, where these items might have been printed. The undersigned casually mentioned that perhaps they originated among the Ukrainians in Germany. Dr. Hrynioch was highly elated to be able to say that these came directly from the Ukrainian underground and that several of the pieces were original. Dr. Hrynioch did not specifically mention that these items were used by him to document his lecture tour.

English (in connection with the broadcast) but, very modestly Dr.

Hrynioch replied that the English text spoken by him during the course of the broadcast was prepared in advance by someone other than himself, and that his English-speaking ability was very limited. The undersigned then mentioned that Dr. Hrynioch's English had a trace of French accent. Here, Dr. Hrynioch said that he spent some time in Paris, during the course of his education for the priesthood. He mentioned further that as a result of his training for the priesthood he studied in Holland, in Italy, and Germany, thereby, he was able to converse, read, and write, in a limited capacity, German, French, Italian, and naturally, several Slavonic tongues, including Polish, Russian, Czechoslovak, and Ukrainian.

7. Father Stephen Hrynnk and Father Khaus, spiritual director at the Ukrainian Catholic Seminary in Washington, met Dr. Hrynioch at the National Airport and accompanied him for his overnight stay.

27 March 1951

TO:

SUBJECT: Radio address by Dr. Hrynioch, Sunday, March 25, 1951
Radio Station WPIT, Pittsburgh

Preceding his English address, which took the form of a question and answer interview, Dr. John Hrynioch addressed the Ukrainian element in his native tongue, moderately expounding the efforts of the UPA, (Ukrainian Partisan Army), and attempting to further the passive resistance here in America toward the Bolshevik Imperialist Movement in Europe, especially in the Ukraine.

In the special fifteen minute broadcast immediately following the broadcast in the Ukrainian tongue, Or. Hrynioch was introduced as a member of the praesidium of the Ukrainian Supreme Council of Liberation; that he (Dr. Hrynioch) was (at this time) on a three-month tour of the USA and Canada, participating in radio broadcasts (both in English and Ukrainian), in an attempt to arouse attention to the stubborn active resistance of the Ukrainian Underground, especially the UPA.

Dr. Hrinioch stated that the Ukrainians, within the boundaries of the Ukraine as set up after World War I in 1918, were recognized as the Ukrainian National Republic, but that this period of independence was cut short by the Bolshevik insurrection. Since that time the Ukrainians have been systematically butchered in an attempt to wipe out any seablance of Ukrainian nationalism.

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Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency Date: 2004 2005 Some of the questions posed to Dr. Hrynioch were:

- Q. Who are the members of UPA?
- Q. What are the present aims of the UPA?
- Q. Who supports the underground?
- Q. Are the activities of the underground directed against the
 Russian Communists?
- Answer: Activities of the underground are effected toward the Russian

 Imperialist Bolshevism, against the MVD and the entire police

 system, and not against the Red Army. The underground conducts political activity among the Red Army, because many

 Bed Army members have been forced into service and have a

 strong desire for freedom.
- Q. What are the methods of reprisals?
- Answer: Mass deportation of Ukrainian nationals; (in 1947, 150,000

 Ukrainians were shipped to Siberian labor camps); activity

 against the churches, both Orthodox and more particularly

 Catholic; elimination of the cultural life of the Ukrainian.
- What is the type of military action taken by UPA?
- Answer: The military action of UPA is defensive.
- G. Do the Ukrainians in the Ukraine hear the Voice of America broad-
- answerr. Ies, but they are disappointed. Even though the broadcasts
 are in the Ukrainian tongue they are not directed toward
 the ensiated nationalities?
- Q. What is the vitinate aim of the underground and the UPA?

 Answer: Total distruction of Russian Imperialist Bolshevism.

Dr. Hrynioch iterated that the Voice of America is the best vehicle for the spiritual mobilization of the Ukrainian population; that, after a thirty-year reign of terror, through the VOA broadcasts despair can be transformed into hope. Therefore the tactics of the VOA must be changed, giving the Ukrainians moral support and an acknowledgment of sympathy toward the Ukrainian cause.

Dr. Hrynioch stated that in addition to the resistance activity in the Ukraine there is activity among the Lithuanians, Poles, Czechoslovaks, and Rumanians, and that, in many instances, members of these nationalities have joined UPA forces.

Dr. Hrynioch stated that a Stalinist-type of religion has been instituted and the traditional religions that flourished have been forced into a catacomb-type existence.

31493 Chief, BORHYTHM Chief of Station, Karlsruhe Karlsruhe files contain no record Juri J LOPATIMETS and Iwan HEYRIOGH arbelieved to be employed by another US intelligen ID, ECOM reply will be forwarded when re-NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency 2005 EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b) (2) (A) Privacy (2) (B) Methods/Sources (2) (2)(G) Foreign Relations [

SECRET
Security Information

MEMORANDUM B

13 April 1953

To:

STC/SPB

From:

Chief, SR/West

Subject:

IVAN BRINICON

Reference: SR/W MEMORANDUM A of this date

1. Transmitted herewith is biographical information Part I FRQ identifying the subject of reference memorandum. Please return when no longer needed by you.

2. RI and Division files contain no disqualifying derogatory

information.

3. Local field traces developed no disqualifying derogatory information.

4. 080 operational files and documents contain no information of investigative value or security interest in addition to that set

5. Green List Check has been initiated.

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(Signed ____

SECRET Security Information

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

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Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency

Date: 2005

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13. Father - full name occupation, present residence, year and place of birth, nationality at birth and subsequent nationalities. muchael HELWIICH, born under austro- Hum government in PAVLIV, last near in may layy. 14. Mother - same information as 13. Questasia CHESAK born under austro - He government in PAVLIV, died in 1919. 15. Wife (or husband) - full name, maiden name, date and place of birth, date and place of marriage, nationality at birth and any subsequent nationalities, present residence, divorce, annulment. (Give data for all previous marriages.) 16. Children - full names, sex, year and place of birth, nationality at birth and any subsequent nationalities, present residence. Not applicable ? 17. Brothers and sisters - Same information as 16. potes: Mais, about 28 year gaze, read a Ulius.
For, about 28 gless gaze, post shout the war.
Anatani, about 20 years 7 "1" poent where war. broken: Ros Styke HRINOCK, about 41 year of

18. Relatives in service of any government, names and positions held. 19. List all official identity papers held with dates, numbers, place of issue and duration of validity. Guman Kernkoute 20. Religion - degree practiced, membership in religious orders Get Latholic Ordanied priest in 1932 On Temporary le dabsense granted by Body BUTZKO, visitator of the Gree Cartolli church in Rome. 21. Present and past political affiliations Lecond nie prement of UNIR sice 1944. 22. Travel cutside country of present residence - country, dates, purpose, people and firms visited purpose, people and firms visited

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and 47 to Tuly. Dec 1444 - Jan 49 to Know, England to attend

Loute of the same Religious the confirme Jon 51 to Capatition. Jestine deplores, Lvov, Williams ducation school, location, course, degree, dates Tag and Right school, academ Languages and dielects (indicate proficiency as good, fair, poor.) Language With Speak Sort Read Jary Understand Language Kana Speak 91 Read Understand Language Truck Speak Latin Hedrew A Carlo Carl

/PRQ/

25. Military service - dates, country, unit, rank, duty, where services performed, decorations, when discharged, why. Give details if ever prisoner of war

Chaplin in Ulbrainian Legion in 1941.

- 26. Present and past membership in organizations (professional, social, political, etc.) Vice present of ZOUEL, n Ukianian Relief Commettee, from 1947 to much 1948. Oldveson, member of CARITAS. Belongs to OUD, UHVR and ZP44VR. Resegred from OUD/Bandra in fall 1948.
- 27. Special skills, abilities, hobbies (radio, photography, etc.)

 Journalism, public agraking, dives motor vehicles

 fints: family aking and manden climbing.
- 28. Financial status earnings, bank deposits, securities, property
 Partially suf- suppring through occasional joinnation.
 Brotherin January sends ford and tobacco by mail.
 Revenue 100 BM per month from the Apostolic visitator,
 Biolog BUTZKO.
- dresses, reasons for leaving. Include employment by any government.

 Jaight philosophy of the University of Fentus (1907)

 1935. Taught Theology and philosophy at the

 White seminary in HIRSCH BERG, Gumany,

 from 1946 until Yray 1948.

29. (Continued) 30. Has subject done any writing? Give details including titles of books, articles, publishers, dates.

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31. List persons living at same address, close associates, (individuals or groups,) correspondents at home and abroad. Other members y 2POHUR, member of the Greek. Outher sleepy. Whaman emigrants in wisten Europe List five character references.

James P. Bushlam

Bishop BUTZKO, Votican, Rome, Italy

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SECRET
Security Information

		MEMORANDUM A		13 Ap	ril 1953	
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		To: STC/SP				
1		From: Chief,	ASSONARY 3	//	Q	
		Subject:			Cryptonym)	
2		Reference: SR/W M	EMORANDUM B of	this date		
		1. Request of	perational clea	rance for the abo	ve subject to be	
		used as agent			His cover will	
	ALLEGE CO.	ZPUHVR	, ja			
4		be				
			RQ is attached.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2		Marie Care Care Care Care Care Care Care Car	HAT YEAR DOWN	CONTROL POUR DESIGNATION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO	MODERAGE GROST	
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	EXEMPTI	ONS Section 3(b)		Declassified and	Approved for D	. Farance
	(2)(A) Priv	acy T		Declassified and by the Central Int	elligence Agenc	elease
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PERSONAL RECORD QUESTIONNAIRL

PART II - OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

/PRQ/

INSTRUCTIONS TO CASE OFFICER:

- 1. If feasible, subject should fill in Part I of PRO in his own hand.
- Part II of PRQ is classified, must be filled in by the Case Officer and is not to be shown to subject.
- Headquarters will not be able to provide an Operational Cleatance unless it raceives
 answers to all questions on page 1 of Part I (Items 1 to 12), and to all questions of
 Part II (Items 26 to 58)
- 4. In emergency these answers, keyed to Items 1 to 12 by number, and with summary of Part II, may be cabled to Headquarters, followed promptly by pouch with complete data.
- 5. Fully completed PRO must be sent to Headquarters as soon as possible, two copies of Part I (including copy in subject's handwriting, if possible) and one copy of Part II.
- 6. Data acquired later must be sent to Headquarters in PRO format on/a continuing basis.
- 7. All pages of both parts will bear the PRQ number, composed of (a) Station symbol.

 (b) PRQ (c) number assigned consecutively by the field station; e.g. 76A/PRQ/10.
- 36. Cryptonym CASSOWARY 3
- 38. Could subject be turned over quickly and in a secure manner to someone else for handling?

 To whom?

 YES. TO ANY SENIOR CASE OFFICER WHO SPEAKS UKRAINIAN, GERMAN OR RESSIAN.
- 39. Best estimate of subject's motivation

FERIENT NATIONALIST WHO HAS DEDICATED HIMSELF TO FIGHTING FOR INDEPENDENCE OF FUTURE UKRAIN LAN STATE

> - 7 -SECRET

FORM NO. 51-958

/PRQ/.

40. With what agencies and files has subject's name been checked? When?

Result? What else has been done to verify biographical information furnished by subject?

FIELD AND HOSFILES. RECEIVED OPS CLEARANCE

- 41. What control exists over subject at present? How can it be increased?

 INCREASING OOR ASSISTANCE TO THE OKRANIAN

 UNDERFROUND WOULD INCREASE OUR CONTROL OVER SUBSECT
- 42. For what service does he think he is working? What does he think becomes of his information?

 JEGJECT IS AWARE HE WERKING WITH C/A.
- Explain fully subject's past or present connection with any intelligence vice.

NONE.

44. What type of information has subject furnished? What type is he best qualified by education and experience to furnish? Give evaluation of information received.

SUBJECT IS PRINCIPAL AGENT. FORFIFN
REPRESENTATIVE OF UKRAINIAN UNDERGROUND
GOVERN MENT.

SECRET

___/PRQ/_

45. If subject's duties are to be other than intelligence gathering,
explain. SUBTECT WAS DELEFATED BY ORANIMANI
UNDERGROUND

46. Has he been given special training as an agent? Explain.

47. How and from whom does he obtain information?

48. Is it proposed to pay subject a regular salary? If so, amount per week, month, etc. Explain any other methods of payment, such as exchange commodities.

SUBJECT RECEIVES NO SALARY. BOT DOES GET
APPROX 4 CARTONS CIGARETTES AND 4 BITTLES OF
LIQUOR DER MONTH.

49. Have any promises or commitments whatsoever (not covered elsewhere in this form) been made to subject? Explain.

50. Are subject's language abilities and other characteristics such that he could pass as a native of a country or region other than his own? Explain.

COULD PASS AS POLE LIVED IN WESTERN OKRAINE WHICH PORMERLY POLAND.

- 9 -SECRET

- 51. What is subject's social standing? Aristocracy, upper middle class, lower middle class, peasantry, etc.?

 UPPER MIDDLE CLASS.
- 52. What are subject's personal habits? Liquor, drugs, gambling, mistresses or lovers?

 SUBJECT IS GREEN CATHOLIC PRIEST NO

 DETENSIBLE WCES. DOES CHAIN SHONE.
- 53. Evaluation of subject's character, reliability, security.

 DURING APPROX FIVE YEARS STORECT INCONTACT
 WITH US, HE HAS GIVEN NO CAPSE FORUS TO
 QUESTION HIS SECURITY OR RELIABILITY SUBJECT IS
 VERY PRINCIPLED AND MORAL MAN.

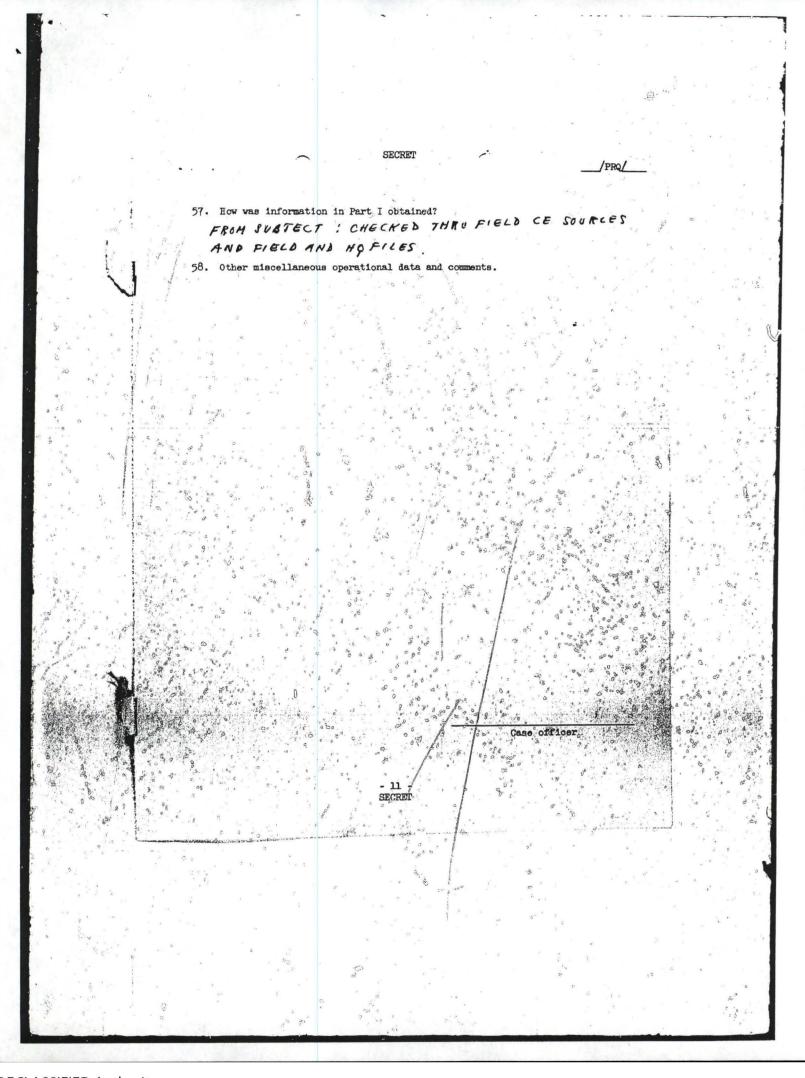
 54. With what other foreign power would subject be most likely to
- collaborate because of his ideology, obligation, etc.? Explain.

 ANY POWER WHICH WOOLD RECOGNIZE AND SOPPORT

 THE UKRAINE'S BIGHT TO INDEPENDENCE FAIM

 Sovier RUSSIA.
- 55. What special abilities, talents, or qualifications are possessed by subject which would conceivably be of value for other operations in the future? Could be used in PP OPERATION TIME OF WAR. SUBJECT HAS POLITICAL TURN OF MINI AND COMPLETE GRASP UNTAINIAN AND SOURT MENTALITIES AND PASSLENS.
- 56. Attach samples of subject's signature and handwriting in all languages known to him, also a recent, dated photograph, and fingerprints.

- 10 SECRE



SECRET SECURITY INFORMATION

OPERATIONAL CLEARANCE

6460 No.

TO: Chief, SR West

Operational Clearance is granted for the use of CASSOWART-3

LIMITATIONS:

To be used as stated SR/W Memo. of 13 April 1953 . This clearance is based upon a **representational check of (non-derogatory)

(negetive)

files available to headquarters and (non-derogatory) results

of field traces. It should be borne in mind that this of field traces. It should be borne in mind that this clearance is in no way to be construed as a guarantee of subject's bona fides, but merely reflects that disqualifying derogatory information was not developed during the course of the inquiry outlined above. The extent of headquarters checking and the basis for this clearance should be conveyed to the field station concerned.

Date 23 July 1953

SECRET

SECURITY INFORMATION

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)

(2)(A) Privácy

(2)(B) Methods/Sources

(2)(G) Foreign Relations -

Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency

2005 Date:

Attachment B to : Rev. Ivan HRYNIOCH's Resignation from ZPUHVR MICROFILMED DATE OF REPORT: 29 December 1954 MAY 3 1 1962 AECAPELIN SOURCE . A. Ukrainian Press: Khrystyand for HASSO and Suchasna Ukrayina
B. Volodowyr KOZAK - Hunich
C. Ivan HASHUBA - Munich
B. Myroslay SEMCHUBHYN - Munich
E. Ivan NEBOLA - Munich SUB-SOURCES 1. Iast week the Khrystyanskyy Holos and Suchasna Ukrayina carried the following announcement signed by Rev. Dr. Lvan HRYNIOCH: "For many years, and expecially within recent times, there has been taking place in the emigration a struggle, tumultuous as to form and content, among Ukrainian political centers. By participation in the Ukrainian liberation movement during the German occupation of the Ukraine, and after that execution by me of tasks abroad at the instruction of the leadership of the Ukrainian liberation movement provided an opportunity for the carrying out of a campaign against my person. Awars of the fact, that such a campaign because of my profession, can indirectly bring injury to the Ukrainian Catholic Church and further also to the Ukrainian liberation movement, I have decided to withdraw from the Ukrainian emigra political life and to take no part whatseever in it. Devoting myself to pasteral and scientific work, I shall continue to serve my Church and my people: ntainne to serve my Church and my people : Rev. Dr. Ivan HRYNOICH 2. Prior to analyzing this announcement, it is necessary to review the background of this matter. In my previous reports concerning my discussions with Lyangkashuka, it was learned that the pro-BAMDERA ZChOUN tried to compromise HENNOTOFF in the Ukrayinets-Chas and Shlyakh Peremohy and in other pressorgans outside of Europe by bringing him to the attention of Archbishop Ivan BUCHERO, apostolic Visitator to the Ukrainians in Western Europe, and to the attention of Congregation of Criental Churches headed by Cardinal TISSERANT. This action had a dual task: as To point out to Homan Church circles that the ZPUHVR, headed by HHKMIP/H has a social stillberal institution, even a nec-communist move and anti-Catholic. They HHYMIOCH was alleged to be a Mason, an America a person without strong moral convictions who as compromising the much SECRET NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT coassined and Approved for Release Dy (ag Central Intelligence Agency

2004, 2005

EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)

(2)(B) Methods/Sources 🕡 (2)(G) Foreign Relations · 🗍

(2)(A) Privacy

idealistic principles and has entered the socialist-materialist camp. However, all other sections of the Homeland OUN (i.e., the "Kray" provids) remain loyal to BANDERA. To prove this, the pro-BANDERA group showed BUCHKO original letters from Myron MATVIEYKO.

3. It is clear that these arguments were more convincing to BUCHKO than were those of HRYNIOCH since about a month and a half ago Ivan KASHUBA reported that HRYNIOCH would not only withdraw from political activity but would be forced to publish an "ammouncement" in the emigre press. During this month and a half period KASHUBA has been reading the press regularly, anticipating HRYNIOCH's "announcement". This indicates that BUCHKO must have given the PANDERA group a definite promise to force HRYNIOCH's withdrawal from ZPUHVE. Further, according to Ivan KASHUBA, HUCHKO will take further steps, i.e., he will transfer HRYNIOCH to another European or even a non-steps, i.e., he will transfer HRYNIOCH will be isolated from Ukrainian political European country, where HRYNIOCH will be isolated from Ukrainian political life, and among BUCHKO's plans for the transfer of HRYNIOCH are the following:

- a. As instructor at the Winor Seminary in Leure, France;
- b. As rector at St. Josaphat's Seminary in Rome, Italy;
- c. Transfer to Belgium or Holland.

h. What has been the reaction of the Ukrainian emigration to ERINIOCH'S 'sennouncement'? On 29 December 1954, I had a discussion with (Gaptain) 'chodymyr NOZAK, chief of the anti-BANDERA ZChOUN intelligence section, during which time I was able to elicit the following:

The fact that irchbishop BUCHKO is not a politician is well-known to everyone. However, no one expected him to fall completely under the influence of the BANDERAites and to commit such a harmful act for the Greek Catholia Church as well as for the Urainian community, i.e., to force Catholia Church as well as for the Urainian political life. This demonstrates that Archbishop BUCHKO is not only a peor Urainian politician but a worse that Archbishop BUCHKO is not only a peor Urainian politician of Archbishop BUCHKO will have important consequences in the Uraine. The consequences are BUCHKO will have important consequences in the Uraine. The Urainian liberation difficult to foresee, however one thing is certain. The Urainian liberation movement which has been a strong protagonist of the Gatholic Church in the Duraine for which its members risk their lives, will stop their detense of Uraine for which its members risk their lives, will stop their detense of that Thurch when they learn of Archbishop BUCHKO's decision and later whill that Thurch when they learn of Archbishop BUCHKO's decision and later will that Thurch when they learn of archbishop BUCHKO's decision and later will that Thurch when they learn of a cholishop BUCHKO's decision of his superiors. He obstitute the Urainian political scene and now his hands are tied.

However, he will be able to witness that BUCHKO, as well as other influential beginning to Hollic priest authority in that of the hypocratical segments of the Verlian have taken the wrong position, that of the hypocratical panets and the sequences and linear anti-banders Zchoun feel and a commit and in fact possible in the panets and hands are limited and the sequences and linear anti-banders Zchoun feel and a commit and the fact possible in the sequences and hypocratical sequences are sequences.

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- 5. Ivan KASHUBA stated that the pro-Bandera ZChOUN has achieved a great triumph in forcing HRYNIOCH from Ukrainian political life. The triumph lays in the following:
- a. BANDERA has proved to the emigration that its criticism of ZPUHVR has been right, that Archbishop BUCHKO, the Vatican and Catholic organizations in Germany are siding with BANDERA.
- b. When the Ukrainian liberation movement in the Ukraine learns that Vatican circles have condemned ZPUHVR politics and forced HRYNIOCH to withdraw from the political scene, it will be a testimony that the political machinations of a few members of the OUN Provid in the Ukraine have not received the approbation of not only the pro-Bandera ZChOUN but of the entire Ukrainian emigration and the Vatican. This will be sufficient excuse for Ukrainian emigration and the vatican. This will be sufficient excuse for Ukrainian emigration and the vatican. This will be sufficient excuse for Ukrainian emigration and the vatican. This will be sufficient excuse for Ukrainian emigration and the vatican. This will be sufficient excuse for Ukrainian emigration and the vatican. This will be set on their faith and confidence in RANDERA, differed with the Homeland OUN Provid. Ivan KASHUBA assured me
- c. That the "played-out" HRYNIOCH cannot be replaced as the leader.
- 6. According to Myroslav SEMCHYSHYN, UNRada circles are pleased with the resignation of HRYNIOCH. Their satisfaction is based on the belief that ZPUHYR has lost authority and will not be held in such high regard as heretofore, thus lowering the prestige of an UNRada competitor. On the other hand, there is the fear that Archbishop BUCHKO, who gave moral and financial support to BANDERA prior to 1950, because he has shown some recognition of ZChOUN/BANDERA will resume financial support of the BANDERA group.
- 7. Joy is found also in the OUN/MELNYK group. It considers itself the only organization which has contact with the Ukraine as the result of the armival of the courier during the latter part of 195h. The courier's arrival armival of the courier during the latter part of 195h. The courier's arrival made such a profound mark on the OUN/M that it made new overtures to the Ukrainian Congress Committee of America (UCCA) for financial support; on an ucrainian footing with the UKRads and ZPUHVR. Ivan MEDOLA, although he has formally resigned from the OUN/M, still maintains contact with OUN/M personalities. During my discourse with him on 27 December 195h; he stated that HRYNIOCH's resignation is the best gift that the OUN/M could have received during this Christmas season.
- 18. It is necessary to comment on the effects on the emigration of HETNICCHES "amnouncement", i.e., whether this is equivalent to ZPUH/R'S, a capitulation and whether this will be of profit to the Urraintam Electric capitulation and the Greek Catholic Church. I am not aware of the background to movement and the Greek Catholic Church. I am not aware of the background to HETNICCHES, "announcement", except for the information contained in paragraphs through the except of the information contained in paragraphs of the except as related to me by Ivan RASHEBS. I find the following quotes the company of the emigre political life. The string realized that this has withdrawal from emigre political life. The Eaving realized that this campaign would ultimately injure the Ukrainian Catholic Church as well as the

liberation movement". I cannot personally understand how this would injure the Church when he furthered the cause of the Church which supports the Ukrainian liberation movement which is the sole defender of the Catholic Church in the Ukraine. On the contrary, it is my belief that a person such as Rev. HRYNIOCH has all the necessary facts at his disposal to represent this movement in the emigration, which, notwithstanding its political characteristics, has drawn within its orbit interests beneficial to the Catholic Church in the Ukraine as well, having therefore become its defender. Catholic Church in the Ukraine as well, having therefore become its defender. The campaign against one individual, who is a member of the Catholic Church, is not a campaign against the Catholic Church. In my opinion, the error falls on Dr. HRYNIOCH and on the Vatican. Dr. HRYNIOCH should have taken a stand on this issue, the position of the organization which he represented. Why didn't he follow in the steps of the ten Jesuits and other French "labor" priests? All of them did not pay any attention to their bishops or even the Holy Father. Being convinced of the correctness and suitability of their missionary work among the French workers, but also in Protestant circles, as well as among the sound-thinking Catholic population. The withdrawal of Rev. HRYNIOCH, who didn't look at all the motives behind the intrigue, lends proof that ZPUHVR antagonists (the BANDEMAites) were correct in their campaign against ZPUHVR. He shouldn't have surrendered his position so easily Further, I cannot understand Rev. HRYNIOCH when he speaks of the "eventual harm for the Ukrainian liberation movement." for the Ukrainian liberation movement." SECRET DECLASSIFIED Authority

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	FROM : Chief of Mission, Frank SUBJECT: GENERAL— Operational/REDS		MICROFILMEE	5
	SPECIFIC— Resignation of J.	()/	1 1962	
1.	specific— Resignation of 3.	Vair-Intintion II om Dis.	DOC. MICRO, SE	R
	1. Transmitted herewith a	re two AECAPELIN repor	ts. one dated 13 December	
1	the other 28 December 1954, on V. Ukrainian nationalists and the w	stican interest in the	COULTICE among current	
c	life.			
	2. MOB comment:	INTO		
	a. The report on Arch	bishop BUCHKO's desire	to bring the warring	4
1	religious front. There is no ev	any serious effort to	assuage the conflict. The	
g	report in this regard at best po was made in this regard during a			
	A STATE OF THE STA	tions in regard to HRY	ONTOCHI's resignation are	
5. S. S.	based on incomplete data and do	not appear to reflect	accurately either HRYNIOC	H's,
	ZPUHVR's, or Vatican motives in	this matter.		
				3
.		<u> </u>		
1.	9 March 1955			
	Attachments:	Basember 105)	COPY ROUTING	
	A. AFCAPELIN report, dated 13 B. AFCAPELIN report, dated 28	December 1954	3 watt A+B	
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Attachment A to 114675

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SUBJECT

Archbishop Ivan BUCHKO and the Conflict Among Emigre
Ukrainian Nationalists MICROFILMED

DATE OF INFORMATION:

13 December 1954

MAY 3 1 1962

SOURCE

AECAPELIN from Dr. Miroslav SEMCHISHIND cresements segretar, to the Institute for the Study of Culture and History or the ISSR in Munich

1. SEMCHISHYN learned from well-informed Ukrainian circles in England (Father) Aleksander MALINOVSKY, Vicar-General for Ukrainian Catholics in England) that Archbishop Ivan BUCHKO of Rome intends to initiate attempts in the near future to reconcile the wrangling groups of Ukrainian nationalists (ZChOUN/BANDERA, Anti-BANDERA ZCh/OUN and ZPUHVR). It is his desire to reconcile the differences first between the Anti-BANDERA ZChOUN and the pro-BANDERA ZChOUN and, if this is successful, to settle the differences between these two groups with ZPUHVR. BUCHKO's initiative in this regard stems from two sources: Father MALINOVSKY in London and (Father) Peter MOLINSKY in Munich. An analogous proposition was forwarded by (Docent) MikhailotTANIV who, currently, at the request of BUCHKO, is attempting to organize a Christian Movement.

2. BUCHKO undortook the mission of pacifying these wrangling groups not because of Ukrainian political reasons but rather because of Ukrainian Catholic interests both in the emigration and the homeland. This is logical when it is taken into consideration that the majority of those participating in the Ukrainian liberation-revolutionary movement in the homeland are Greek Catholics as are the majority of the residents of West Ukraine. Although it is nowhere so designated, this movement nonetheless has strong Catholic overtenes. This gains even greater significance since those individuals participating in this revolutionary-liberation movement from Volhynia, Polissye, Bukovina or Carpatho-Ukraine, although they are Orthodox, also defend the interests of the Ukrainian Catholic church and recognize the Church as a warrior against communism because of the Bolshevik attempts to destroy it and because the Orthodox church in the Ukraine has been Russified by the Bolsheviks. Therefore it can be said that the Ukrainian revolutionary-liberation movement, notwithstanding the professed beliefs of its members, is a defender of the Catholic church on Ukrainian sofl. This is also evidenced by the fact that the representative of the underground Ukrainian Gatholic church is a member of the UHVR. This representative, in the name of the underground church, made an appeal from the Homeland to the Ukrainian emigration. This is an important fact when reduced to day-to-day activities. Furthermore, Vatican circles, which continued to receive direct, truthful and confirmed facts from the Homeland were forced to confirm that the Ukrainian liberation movement is a defender of the Catholic church. Not to recognize this would be to ignore the intentions of the Catholic church in the Eastern Countries in general, but specifically the interests of the Vatican in the Ukrainian liberation movement.

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3. An analagous situation exists here in the emigration. No one will deny that the strongest groups in the emigration are the ZChOUN, ZPUHVR and their followers. The majority of the members of either faction are Catholics, although they do not necessarily underline their Catholicism in practical political activities. The direct or indirect participation of these groups in the activities of the Catholic church in the emigration is not insignificant. Some of these Ukrainian nationalist groups like 2ChOUN/Bandera accent their devotion to the Catholic church. This is partially attributable to the fact that ZChOUN/Bandera received considerable financial support from Vatican circles until approximately 1950, i.e., subsidization of the Ukrainskyy Samostiynik, Ukrainets-Chas (Paris), and other publications. In 1950 Ivan BUCHKO somewhat revised his position toward ZChOUN/Bandera and decided to cease financial assistance to this group. This resulted partially from the fact that ZChOUN/Bandera became known as a totalitarian, narrow-minded and even immoral organization responsible for mass murders of guilty as well as innocent persons; BUCHKO's personal tactics toward the various emigration groups also changed since he saw no reason to finance this organization when it attacked other organizations which were also Catholic.

4. The position of Vatican circles dealing with Ukrainian emigration affairs also changed radically in February 1954 as a result of the ZChOUN schism. The Vatican favored the position of those Ukrainian organizations which recognized the decision from the homeland. Notwithstanding the many sessions between Yaroslav STETSKO, BANDERS and Yaroslav BENISAI and Archbishop BUCHKO in Rome, Munich and England, the former were unable to convince BUCHKO that the bomeland decision re the OUN Provid was a falsification by ZPUHVN, by Vasit OKHRIMOVICH, or even an American propocation. The fact remained that the homeland denied moral support to Stephan BANDERA; this was clear to BUCHKO, who for the time being did not take a personal part in this matter. Activities of ZChOUN/Bandera, however, forced BUCHKO not only to take an interest in these activities but also to make his position clear in this respect. This was precipitated by the following:

a. ZChOUN/Bandera, recognizing their moral inadequacy and their situation viz-a-viz other emigre groups and refusing to cooperate with the anti-Bandera ZChOUN, initiated various activities against the anti-Bandera ZChOUN, against ZPUHVR, and even against the OUN Provid in the Ukraine. These activities assumed not only political undertones but also religious characteristics. ZChOUN/Bandera made attempts to prove that the anti-Bandera ZChOUN was a socialistic-materialistic, liberal-democratic and even an atheistic movement, by no means Christian or Catholic.

b. In proof of their accusations, they brought forth extracts from publications of Ukrainian journalists and writers, extracts of writings made by ZPUNVR and anti-Bandera ZChOUN members. This indiscriminate and continuously reinforced propagands conducted by ZChOUN/Bandera extended to areas beyond pure nationalistic issues and included activities of Catholic groups. (See Mikhailo LNIV's article "Conception of the Liberation Struggle and Religion", No. 23 and 21 in the Miristianskyy Holos, and the "Declaration" of the Ekrainian-Catholic Academic Association Obnova in the 20 June 1951

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No. 24 issue of the Khristianskyy Holos.) All these Catholic groups, more or less, used Stephan BANDERA's arguments against ZPUHVR and indirectly against the Ukrainian liberation-revolutionary movement in the Ukraine. It must be said that BANDERA had success in this respect. It is not to be excluded that this influenced Archbishop BUCHKO in entrusting the organization of the Christian Movement to Mikhailo YANIV in Paris. This is evidenced by the fact that ZChOUN/Bandera decided to back this Movement in all parts of Europe, sending that organization's most effective members to various places for this purpose.

- c. In conjunction with the press and oral propaganda conducted against ZPUHVR, the anti-Bandera ZChoun and the Oun Provid in the Ukraine, a series of letters were directed to BUCHKO as well as to the Congregation of Oriental Churches, headed by Cardinal Eugene TISSERANT. These letters, allegedly originating from various individuals but actually instigated by ZChoun/Bandera, requested that Dr. Ivan HRINOCH be suspended because he was not only the head of the ZPUHVR but also the moral protector of the aforementioned organizations who were engaged in "anti-Christian" and "anti-Catholic" activities.
- 5. As a result of the above, BUCHKO's position became much more complicated than heretofore. BUCHKO, being acquainted with the actual situation in the homeland as well as BANDERA's conduct toward the homeland decision, knew that BANDERA was wrong; on the other hand, as a Catholic Archbishop and the Apostolic Visitator to Ukrainian Catholics in Europe, he could not underestimate or ignore BANDERA's approach to these matters from the Catholic point of view, (i.e., BANDERA's defense of the Catholic interests). Furthermore, BUCHKO found himself under pressure from Cardinal TISSERANT.
- 6. For BUCHKO to condemn HRINOCH, ZPUHVR and the anti-Bandera ZChOUN was tantamount to condemning the homeland and simultaneously condemning those singular defendants of the Catholic Church in the Ukraine who saw fit to place their trust in the ZPUHVR and the anti-Bandera ZChOUN. This condemnation would signify declaration of war against the Ukrainan revolutionary diberation movement and against the Ukrainan underground Catholic church whose representative sits in the UHVR Provid and fights together with the UHVR against the Bolsheviks.
- 7. Archbishop BUCHKO, as well as the Congregation of Oriental Churches, could not take this step. However, there had to be a way out of the problem. Therefore, according to SEMCHISHYN'S statements, BUCHKO undertook the role of a mediator between these three arrangling organizations. BUCHKO hopes that he will find a way out of the difficulties with a series of compromises; these would be as follows:
- a. Convince BANDERA to subordinate the interests of his organization to the decision of the homeland and to join the triumvirate (MATIA, RESELUTION PANDERA):
- be Persuade the MATIA-REBET group to reach an agreement with RANDEMA; to offer him a responsible position in the ZChOUN, as well as to tone Cown their condemnation of BANDEMA.

- c. Insure that either BANDERA or his responsible delegate have influence in the ZPUHVR.
- 8. It is difficult to say whether BUCHKO will meet with any success even though his intentions are commendable. UNRada circles believe that such an agreement is possible. ZChOUN/Bandera recognize that the stature of their organization is low and is continuously shrinking. The Ukrainian emigration is becoming very critical of ZChOUN/Bandera. Although ZPUHVR and the anti-Bandera ZChOUN are gaining some success, they nonetheless find it very difficult to conduct any war against ZChOUN/Bandera because the latter organization is full of fanatics who will continue to execute the wishes of the ZChOUN/Bandera even though these directives may be senseless. Albeit, both wrangling sides respect the authority of Archbishop BUCHKO and recognize him as their highest church dignitary.
- 9. SEMCHISHIN affirms that currently the General Secretary of ZChOUN/ Bandera is meeting with Father HOLINSKY in Munich. These discussions between Tarossin BENTSAL and HOLINSKY are believed to deal with a meeting of minds on the above topic.
- 10. In sounding out KASHUBA on this topic, KASHUBA stated that BUCHKO has been well briefed by the ZCh/OUN/Bandera Provid on the situation in the homeland. BUCHKO was able to obtain photo-copies of original letters from the homeland which indicate that all the OUN Kray Provids and the organizational network are for BANDERA. Not favoring BANDERA is the OUN Homeland Provid alone; or in other words, LEMISH, Vasil OKHRIMOVICH, and several others from their group. Therefore, forwarded KASHUBA, BUCHKO will support than he will ZPUHVR in his attempts to effect peace in the emigration.

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USA, 28 February 1955

Sie transit gloria mundi!

The Honorable Rev. Dr. Ivan HRYNICH, Munich, Germany.

It was not so long ago that Editor Z. PELENSKYY wrote expansively that 75 per cent of the Ukrainian emigration adheres to "spleadid isolation."

Today PELENSKYY is no longer in that camp.

The percentage has melted down considerably, due to the influence of the approach: spring winds, to 7.5 per cent.

Then there comes to us the news:-

"I have decided to retire from Ukrainian (read "splendid isolation") emigre life and to take no active part in it whatsoever." Apparently these are your words, Reverend Doctor, uttered but now, after complete disilusionment with your environment, but which you so recently pompously directed as a "movement," the mame of which is treason to the great maticalist ideals of the Ukrainian matical Yes, today this can still be said openly:— the MKVD-Gestapo agent YARYY was listened to by this "movement" in order to aid in the liquidation of the great danger of the work of a homogenous Ukrainian maticalist camp, the GUN without slashes, on the territories of Great Ukraine! One day the historian will severely condenn the actions of this "movement." And you, Ether, being a person of higher education, a priest who received frequent warnings from your school colleagues, from church authorities, and from others, will be written down as falsifier of truth before Metropolitan Andrew SHEFTITSKIY, the Church, and the homest public that had your confidence? Today undoubtedly you are no longer that arrogant "army commander" (nomest—came) who refused to meet anyone and who dis—away and for you there remains but one places—a momastery, where in austere penance and in strict abstenance you can pray unto death for the forgiveness of your heavy sins, the sins whose spiritual father, Reverend Doctor, you became?

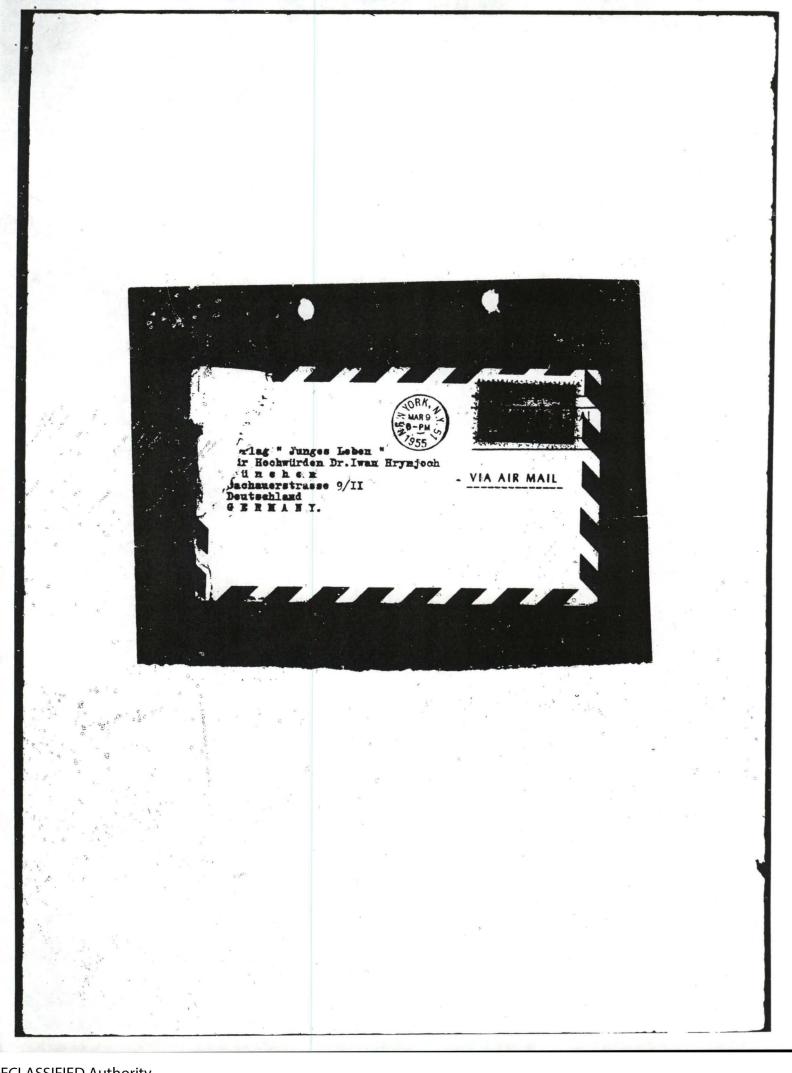
May this Great Leat infuse you with this thought, which alone can save you?

As yet anonymously because of your

contacts. Forgive this for now.

Clory to Jesus Christ?

SECRET KAPOK



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Сік транзіт гльорія мунді !

3 Д ▲, лютого 28, 1955 р.

Всечесніший Отепь Др. Іван ГРИНЬОХ, Мюнкен, Німеччина.

ще так недавно редактор 3. ПЕЛЕНСЬКИЙ писав розмащието, що до "блискучого відокремлення" належить 75 відсотків української еміграції.

Сьогодні його там більше немає.

Відсотка стопилися міцно підо впливом надходячих весияних вітрів до 7.8 проц. Вмінці приходить до нас вістка:

" Я РІШИВСЯ ВІДІЙТЬ ВІД УКВАІНСЬКОГО / четай: " блискучого відокремления"/
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Мабудь не Ваші скова, Отче Докторе, сказані щойно сьогодні, пісня повного розчарування своїм оточенням, але ще так недавно Ви бундочно керувала так дужом ", якому наймення — зрада великих націоналістичних ідей Українських Вації і Так, никі можна нее не відкрито оказати: НКЕД-івсько-Ганкії-Івоз втем'я Прого послукай цей "рух", щоби допомогти лінвідувати велику посміністичного табору ОУН /без качести на велики Великої Українкі Колнов історик суворо осудита акції плого ста

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Attachment #1

5. OCCUPATION:

- 1934 1935 Priest in Halitsh, W. Ukraine.
- 1935 1939 Lecturer in Philosophy at the Academy of Theology, Lemberg (Lvov).
 At this time, he was particularly active as a spirited leader of
 the students in Ukrainian student organizations; head priest of
 the Ukrainian youth organization.
- 1939 19hl In exile at Krakow, working as a clerk at the "District Hospital."

 Up until 1939, did not belong to any political party; was arrested by the Polish State Police as a national priest; was a particular favorite of the Archbishop of the Greek Catholic Church, the Western Ukrainian Cuth SHEPTITZKI, who was killed by the Soviets in 19hl; also head of the Students' aid; collaboration with the Ukrainian party OUN.
- Occupied in working out a constructive political program for the
 Bandera wing of the OUN, with the set purpose of founding an
 above-party Ukrainian Freedom organisation. On the proclaiming
 of a free Ukrainian government opposed to the wishes of the
 German occupation powers, Subj broadcast by radio the pastoral
 letter of the Archbishop, together with salutation to the illegal
 government; also greeted it in the name of the commander of the
 Ukrainian Army of Liberation. The reupon an order for his arrest
 was issued by the Gestapo, but which was withdrawn at the intervention of positive-minded circles among the Germans. However,
 he was forbidden to enter his native country. Subj was Chaplain
 in the Ukrainian Legion.
- Subj went to the Western Ukraine and on 1 Nov published an illegal newspaper for the Ukrainian underground opposed to the German occupation powers ("Idea and Action" in Ukrainian "Idea 1 chin"). In his article "The German Policy in the Ukraine" he declared that the German proposed the enalswement of the entire Ukraine.
- Hay 19h3 Published a brochure consisting of 100 pages under the name of "Ig. Kovalenko" titled "Aims and Methods of the German Policy in Oppressed Europe A European Survey." With this he become one of the first to propose by brochure an organised resistance against the German occupation powers over the shole of Europe.
 - Subj was elected Chief of the Section for Foreign Affairs and Political Inspector of the UPA (Ukrainian Army of Liberation Underground). He visited the resistance organisations in Hungary, Russnia and Poland, and participated in secret, congresses, effective all was for the coordination of the dispersed groups of resistance among the different nations and political groups.
 - Game into contact with the Felkans and Italy by courier. In March and April, the UPA was fighting against brown as well as red importation. Subj entered into negotiations with the German Intelligence, since the German troops were quitting the Ukwaine. It was agreed, together with fixed conditions, than them the Germans quit the country, the UPA would be laft weapons and material for the fight against the Soviets. Subj was elected vice President of the UHVR and Chief of the Foreign Representative body for the UHVR abroad.

SEGE

Attachment #1

21 Sept hh - Left the UPA and went to Krakow, Berlin, Vienna, and Bratislava, where he supervised the execution of the agreements with the Germans.

Apr 1945 - Went to Markerg to visit the 1st Ukrainian Division, which was under the command of Germans, in order to give them orders regarding the procedure to be followed after the War.

May-June

1915 - Went to Prague and there fought and was able to save some important leaders from the hands of the Soviets; thence to Munich and united the UHVR with all sub-organizations.

19h6 - May 19h8 - Taught theology and philosophy at the Ukrainian seminary in Hirschberg, Germany.

19h7 - Mar 19h9 - Vice President of ZPUKL (Ukrainian Relief Committee).

13 Oct = 26
Oct 1985 - Culemburg, The Netherlands; instructed Ukrainian students at
the Ukrainian "Priester Seminarium."

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June 50. - Culemburg (During first part of June 1950 went to Germany again and apparently fell ill.)

effectioned as compressing member of OUM/B April 1948 because of inability to agree with Pandara's political policy; however, continued to hold office in OUE.

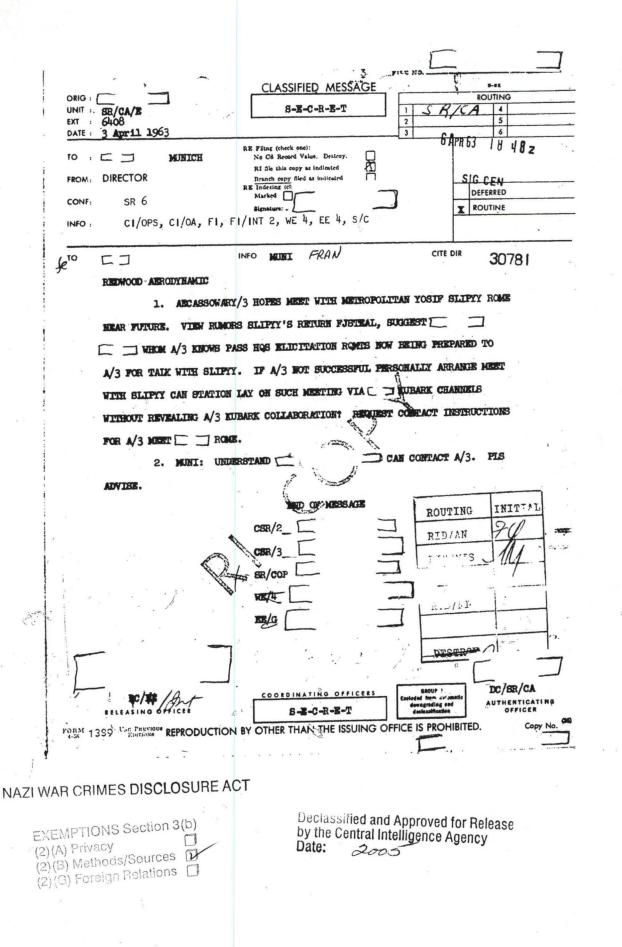
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1935 - 1939/R/Lvov, UKRSSR
1939 - 19kl/R/Krakov, Poland
19k2 /R/Western Ukraine
19k3 /R/Mingary, Rumania, Poland
21 Sept 19kk /R/Krakov, Berlin, Visuma, Bratislava
19r 19k5 /R/Marburg, Germany
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19k6 - May 19k8 /R/Mirschberg, Germany
19k7 - Mar 19k9 /R/Me specific locations; Subj was at that time Vice President
of the Ukrainian Raisef Committee.

13 - 26 Oct 19 /R/Culemberg, The Netherlands.
26 Oct 19 /R/Culemberg, The Netherlands. /R/Calent TRAVEL. Greencelowakia (to fetch numbers of UKVR). instria and Italy to contact enigrant members of Unratified underground organization.

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NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

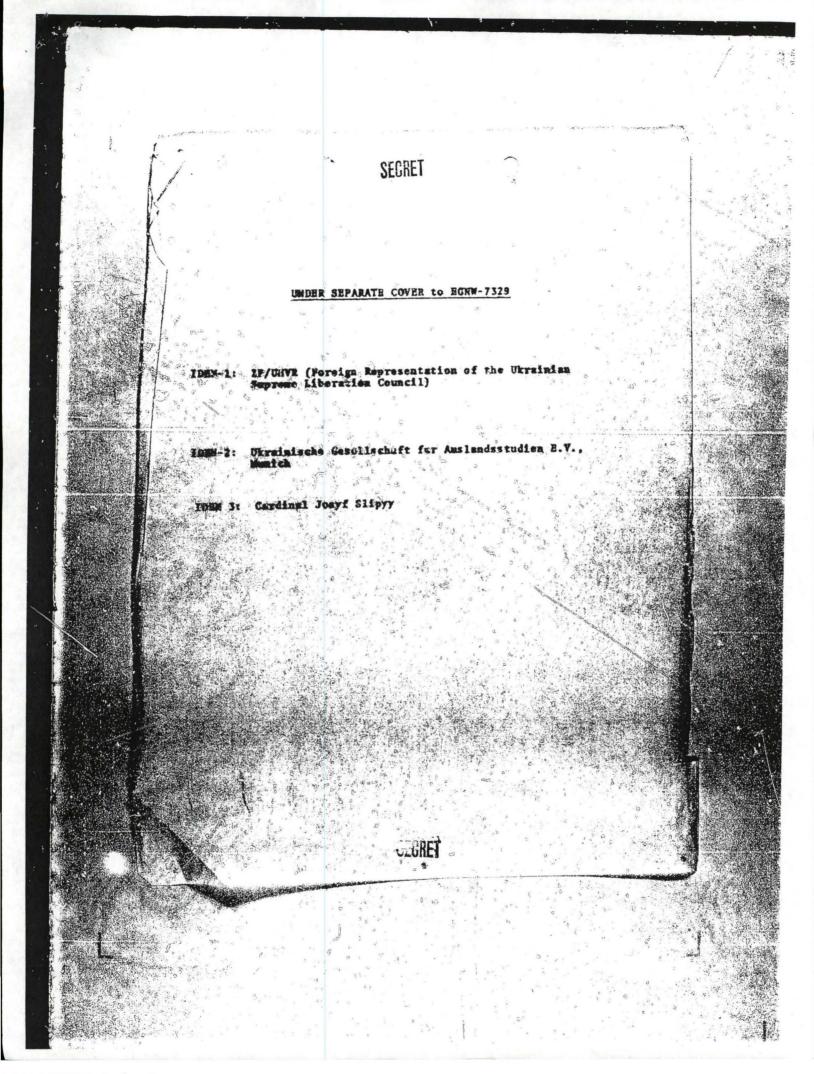
EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)

(2)(A) Privacy
(2)(B) Methods/Sources (2)(G) Foreign Relations

Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency 2005

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD
SUBJECT: Meeting with AECASSOWARY/2 and AECASSOWARY/3 in Washington on 15 May 1968
1. Subjects came to Washington to give A/3 an opportunity to meet with
the project case officer, DC/SB/SOV and SB/CAO
who had never before met A/3). The meeting took place in my home, where
A/3 and 2 later were entertained at cocktails and dinner.
case officer on the project, who A/3 asked to see, arrived about 5 o'clock.
did not stay for dinner. Various topics of interest
were discussed with 4/3, particularly the position of the Ukrainian Catholic
Church (the Byzantine Rite or Unate church) vis_a_viz the present dialogue between
the Vatican and the Russian Orthodox church in Moschw.
2. In the Vatican's anxiety to establish cordial relations with the
Moscow patriarchiate and a Roman Catholic diocese in Moscow, The Ukrainian
Catholic Church (which was officially liquidated by Soviet authorities in 1965)
was finding itself in the position of the sacrificial lamb. A/3 said there are
not only Ukrainian Catholic priests but also bishops in the Ukraine today
who are ministering to the faithful. The names and lacations of these priests
and bishops are known to A/3 and to Cardinal Yosif Slippy now in the Vatican.
According to A/3, Camdinal Slipyy, who has been criticised by Ukrainian Catholic
clergy in the West for remai ning allent concerning the persecution he sufferred
in the Soviet Union is fighting a one man battle to preserve the Ukrainian
Catholic Church from Latinization. He has recorded all his experiences in the
Soviet Union but his memoirs must remain under lock and key for the present
because of promises he made to the late time Pope John to refrain from making
any statements which would inhibit the Vatican's negotiations with Moscow.
3. Cardinal Slipyy has been invited to visit Canada and the latest
indications are that he will arrive there on 14 June and from there travel to
Bogota to join Pope Paul's entourage at the Eucharistic Congress. The cardinal
hopes to conducts a synod of Ukrainian Oatholic bishops, including those
from the United States.
SEGNET
AZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT 15 May 68
EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b) (2)(A) Privacy Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence
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MEMORANDUM OF ORAL COMMITMENT

TO:

Director of Finance

VIA:

Special Contracting Officer

FROM:

Contract Approving Officer, CA Staff

SUBJECT: Engagement of QRDYNAMIC/3 as independent Contractor

1. Term and Project Charge. The subject individual has been engaged under eral contract for use under Project QRDYNAMIC. The effective date of the contract is 1 November 1971, and shall continue thereafter for an indefinite period subject to termination by the Government on 30 days actual notice.

- 2. Security Approval. Subject was granted an Operational Approval on 23 July 1953.
 - 3. Citizenship. Subject is a foreign national.
- 4. Compensation. Payment will be made in Deutsche marks in the amount of US\$6,000 per year. No other compensation will be made.
- 5. Quarters and/or Subsistence. The subject will not be furnished quarters or subsistence.
- 6. Operational Expenses. Any operational travel or other expenses will be reimbursed by the QRDYNAMIC proprietary instrumentality, who will account for them in its normal corporate accounting procedures.
- 7. No additional commitments of any nature have been made to QRDYNAMIC/3.

Deputy Chief, CA Staff Contract Approving Officer

APPROVED:

Special Contracting Officer

CA-71-1154

SEU-LT Exercise Contracting Contracti

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)
(2)(A) Privacy
(2)(B) Methods/Sources

(2)(G) Foreign Relations

Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency Date: 2005 MEMORANDUM OF ORAL COMMITMENT

Director of Finance

SUBJECT: Engagement of QRDYNAMIC/3 as Independent Contractor

DDP/CA/B2 C]:pak (2 November 1971)

Distribution:
Orig. & 1 - Addressee
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2

SEGRET

9 November 1973

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Meeting with QRDYNAMIC Principals

1. On 6 and 7 November 1973 I met with QRDYNAMIC principals in New York for operational discussions, and to meet Reverend Ivan Hrinioch, President of ZP/UHVR, visiting the United States and Canada from Munich. With Kaminsky and Prokop I reviewed the role of activity (covered in a separate contact report). We also reviewed the results of Kaminsky's recent trip to Europe, as the result of which he has submitted several items of FI which are in SB/RR for processing. Kaminsky reported on recent activities of Roman Paladiychuk and his Chicom-supported Ukrainian Society for the Study of Asian Problems. Kaminsky had mailed me an extensive report which has been the basis of a dispatch to COS, and COB, Munich.

2. I told Prokop that I had discovered a printing error in the November 1973 issue of Suchasnist - on the front cover the German word for Munich is spelled Meunchen instead of Muenchen. Prokop'was much embarrassed by this error, and apologized that even his proofreaders had not caught such an obvious mistake. This led to further discussion of the magazine's format: the German text giving the name of the publisher, required by local law, and appearing on the title page, is printed by their New York printer on a reproduction mat along with the Cyrillic Ukrainian text and sent to Munich where it is reproduced by photo-offset by Westenhuber printers. The failing in this system is that the German text appears with no umlaut diacritical marks (Muenchen instead of Munchen), which, for a supposed German printing shop, is unusual, to say the least. The New York printer does not have these diacritical type faces. I told Prokop that I considered this to be very unprofessional, and would arrange for our Headquarters printing service to produce the proper repro mats with correct diacritics. I did this on 9 November - the mats are scheduled to be ready by 14 November, and I will mail them to Prokop in time for his setting up of the January 1974 issue of Suchasnist. I

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NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

EXEMPTIONS	Section	3(b)
(2)(A) Privacy		

(2)(B) Methods/Sources

(2)(G) Foreign Relations

Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency Date: 2005 told Prokop we appreciated Professor Bylinsky's critique of Suchasnist, and would like more. Two more academicians have promised similar critiques.

- 3. We also talked about the proposed printing of Suchasnist in the U.S. in order to save money in face of the dollar devaluation. Prolog's studies have shown that, in view of the fact that Westenhuber gives a liberal discount, little if any could be saved by printing in the U.S. or Canada at this time. Thus, this problem seems to be resolved for the moment.
- 4. This meeting was highlighted by my introduction to our sixth QRDYNAMIC principal agent, Reverend Ivan Hrinioch (QRDYNAMIC/3), a long-time CIA asset (since 1946) and President of the ZP/UHVR. Hrinioch, born in 1907, is a semi-retired Uniate Catholic priest and lecturer in various German universities. He works closely with the Ukrainian Cardinal (in-exile) Josef Slippy in the Vatican, but in his retirement now spends the majority of his time in his home in a small village on the Tegernsee near Munich. Cardinal Slippy has always been opposed to any overt political activity on the part of Father Hrinioch, but the old gentleman is a political activist and enjoys his clandestine collaboration with Kaminsky, and by extension with the CIA. He has been a reliable and valuable source of information on Ukrainian dissidence. Hrinioch has had a full operational approval since 1953, and has worked with many CIA officers. Unfortunately he was last met by SB officers in May 1968. He mentioned to me this lack of contact with great regret, saying he felt he could be more useful to us with more frequent and prolonged contact.
- 5. During meetings at Prolog, at lunch, and later in the evening at a dinner given by Dr. Prokop, I had the opportunity to converse extensively with Reverend Hrinioch on Soviet Ukrainian and Russian affairs, the nationalities problem, the Chinese problem, and reluctantly on the current situation in Washington, D.C. We talked about the role of ZP/UHVR and the need for obtaining more information on the dissident movement and its future in the light of detente. Hrinioch meets many travelers from the Soviet Union, who often confide in him because of his clerical status, and he has provided information from these visitors to Kaminsky. Hrinioch is a very healthy, intellectually keen man with a good sense of humor. He is politically liberal, and enjoys poking gentle fun at the "Vatican establishment" which he knows well from his many years of service there. Hrinioch had been in Toronto from 2-5 November for a Ukrainian Uniate church conference, where he delivered a key address. The conference, attended by several thousand Ukrainian Catholics, was hosted in turn by the City of Toronto, Province of Ontario, and the Canadian federal government.

6. I met the Reverend again on 7 November for a short conversation and to bid him goodbye; he leaves for Germany sometime after 12 November. He thanked me for the CIA aid to ZP/UHVR and Prolog, and assured me of his continued loyalty and cooperation. He then asked if it would be possible for me to visit him in Munich with Kaminsky in the near future for further discussions, and I assured him I would consider it seriously.

SB/SA

DDO/SB/SA C 2 :pas (9 November 1973)

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MELOKARDIN FOR THE RECORD

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JUDJECT: Mosting oft, AudYAL 10/3

- 1. On 11 and 12 becomber 1974 I methaver and Ivan antiflokii (. DY.Salic/3) in Fau York, renewing our acquaintance formed a year ago. httlikokii, bresident of the ZP/NVR, lives in Herring, Bavaria, and has been in the US since 23 october 1974, having att need the ZP/NVR conference at the grolog offices on 25-27 october. For brief background on HKINIOKH, see p. 4 and 5 of the attached contact report dated 1 Sev 1973, our discussion concerned the present state of the Ze/NLVR, controps with the chraine, and the situation of arrested Ukrainian dissidents and their families. We discussed the Holdaster University Conference on Contemporary Ukraine, which I had attended in Pemilton, Ontario 25-27 October 1974, and many of the Ukrainian sangre academic persons I had met there.
- 2. I asked DRIELOKH for his views on Borys LEGITZNYJ, the controversial Ukrainian emigre Sovietologist who lives in Louish, and whom I had met to assess in Louiston. His assessment confirmed much of the background data in LeNITZNYJ's 201 file, and equally confirmed our belief that LEMITZNYJ enjoys certain Soviet official contacts in Germany whom he probably uses for his own purposes. The Reverend feels that LEMITZNYJ is quite naive if he does not fully understand that the Soviets are also using him as a channel of information on the enigre community in Mestern Europe. Although the Okrainian migre community does not consider LEMITZNYJ as a Soviet agent in the true sense of the word, and he does have the respect of many prominent emigres, he does have some as all tos whose bone fides would not stand up in the light of close scrutiny.
- 3. Reverend BRIETOKH continues to be an unusually active person, which is exhausting for his 67 years. His European travels take him to Vienna and Rome occasionally; he has met with Cardinal Jozef MINDSZENTY in Vienna, and he lectures at the Free Ukrainian University in Nunich and the Vatican University in Rome. The last few weeks have seen him in the mid-West and Canada, and he still has speaking engagements and conferences in Trenton, N.J., Chicago and Toronto. Before returning to durope in December he will accompany his brother, Rev. Stefan Brynuck of Oliphant, Benna, on a vacation trip to Caycos Island in the West Indies.
- 4. Before he left for Trenton on 12 Nov mber, he asked me whother there were "any problems with my people here," referring to his ZP/UNVR associates at Prolog.

 I assured him that I had no problems of any nature with them, that our relationship continues to be productive, and that my organization is most approximately continuing support of the agency.

SE/BAG/CA

NAZI WAR CRIMES	DISCLOSURE	ACT
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EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)

(2)(A) Privacy

(2)(B) Methods/Sources

(2)(G) Foreign Relations

Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency

Date: 2005

6 October 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Meeting with PDDYNAMIC/3

1. While in Munich for a meeting with
I had occasion to have lunch with PDDYNAMIC/3, accompanied by
There was little of substance discussed; we talked about his current activities,
his contacts, and his plans for the immediate future. He will go to Rome for severa
weeks to lecture at the Free Ukrainian University there. He has no firm plans for
a trip to the United States or Canada at this time, but I will be advised by
of any travel to New York, at which time we shall ment.
SE/SAG/CA

NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)

(2)(A) Privacy

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(2)(G) Foreign Relations

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Date: 2005

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

RG. 263

Box: / Folder: Document: /

Series:

Copies:

Pages: 9

ACCESS RESTRICTED

The item identified below has been withdrawn from this file:

Folder Title: Hrinioch, Van

Document Date: 2/19/87

Document Type: Memarandum

From: To: :

Subject: Visit to Soviet Theological Delegation to Atlanta -November, 1986

In the review of this file this item was removed because access to it is restricted. Restrictions on records in the National Archives are stated in general and specific record group restriction statements which are available for examination.

NND:: 39210

Withdrawn:

by:

RETRIEVAL #:



U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

SECRET

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia

February 19, 1987

VISIT OF SOVIET THEOLOGICAL DELEGATION TO ATLANTA - NOVEMBER, 1986

This memorandum is classified "Secret" in its entirety.

On January 29, 1987, source T-1 was interviewed at his business address by representatives of the FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (FBI) regarding his knowledge of the captioned delegation's visit to Atlanta, Georgia, in November, 1986. T-1, who was friendly and cooperative throughout the interview, provided the following information at that time:

T-1 confirmed that the aforementioned theological delegation, more accurately described as the Soviet Seminarian and Faculty Delegation, visited Atlanta, Georgia, from Wednesday, November 12, until Sunday, November 16, 1986. The visit, itself, was but one stop on a multi-city American tour sponsored by the NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES (NCC). The purpose of the visit, according to the source, was to further relations visit, according to the source, was to further relations between the NCC (which represents a wide variety of Protestant and Catholic denominations in the United States) and Christians in the Soviet Union. The local hosts for the delegation were three Atlanta-area seminaries: the INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEOthree Atlanta-area seminaries: the INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEO-LOGICAL CENTER (ITC), COLUMBIA THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, and the CANDLER SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY.

(For the information of the reader, T-l identified ITC as an arm of the ATLANTA UNIVERSITY SYSTEM and a joint institution composed of four constituent seminaries:

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Classified By: G-3
Declassing On: OADR

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NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT

FOR COORDINATION WITH

EXEMPTIONS Section 3(b)

(2)(A) Privacy

(2)(8) Methods/Sources (4

(2) (3) Foreign Relations

Declassified and Approved for Release

by the Central Intelligence Agency Date: 2005

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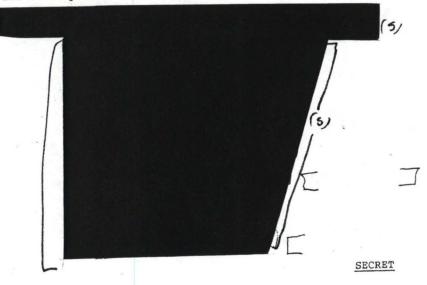
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VISIT OF SOVIET THEOLOGICAL DELEGATION TO ATLANTA - NOVEMBER, 1986

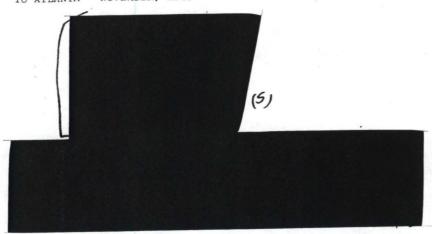
GAMMON, CHARLES H. MACON, PHILLIPS, and JOHNSON C. SMITH. COLUMBIA THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY is a Presbyterian school located in Decatur, Georgia, adjacent to Atlanta. Lastly, the source explained that the CHANDLER SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY is a part of EMORY UNIVERSITY).

T-l advised that the Soviets comprising the delegation were all seminarians, faculty, and/or clergy representing the Russian Orthodox Church. Their visit to the United States was just one in a series of reciprocal visits over the past couple of years between representatives of the NCC and individuals from the Russian Orthodox Church. Indeed, T-l revealed that he, himself, along with approximately a dozen other Atlanta area-residents, visited the U.S.S.R on a similar NCC-sponsored trip, made during the summer of 1985. T-l further revealed that the recent trip of the captioned delegation was itself originally scheduled for 1985, until problems arose on the Soviet end, causing a postponement until 1986.

T-l stated that the overall purpose of the Soviets' visit, beyond the general fostering of ties between American and Russian Christians, was for the visitors to observe, firsthand, theological education in the United States. In addition, the subjects were to address American seminarians and faculty on their counterpart institutions in the U.S.S.R.



VISIT OF SOVIET THEOLOGICAL DELEGATION TO ATLANTA - NOVEMBER, 1986



For the benefit of the interviewers, T-l identified DONALD NEAD as the subjects' official "American host". According to the source, NEAD is the Presbyterian campus chaplain at PURDUE UNIVERSITY, in Indiana, as well as the head of that institution's "Peace Center". T-l advised that NEAD, himself, traveled to the Soviet Union sometime in 1982.



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VISIT OF SOVIET THEOLOGICAL DELEGATION TO ATLANTA - NOVEMBER, 1986

T-l continued the interview by advising that, while in Atlanta, the delegation was housed at the DAYS INN HOTEL, located at 300 Spring Street, NW, in the downtown section of the city. Local transportation for the group was provided through the ITC, which arranged a van and student driver for the Soviets' convenience. Expenses incurred for the subjects' visit, including their hotel accommodations and airfare to Atlanta, were paid for by the three host seminaries, which shared the costs equally.

At this point, T-l provided the following detailed itinerary of the subjects' activities, while in Atlanta:

Wednesday, November 12, 1986 -

Subjects arrive in Atlanta at 7:37 p.m., via DELTA Flight \$701, and are checked in to the hotel at approximately 8:30 - 9:00 p.m.

Thursday, November 13, 1986 -

7:30 - 8:00 a.m.

Breakfast President's Dining Room,

TTC

8:00 - 10:00 a.m.

Visit Old Testament Class (ITC);

Dr. CHARLES COPHER,

Professor

11:00 - 12:00 p.m.

Chapel service

12:00 - 12:30 p.m.

Lunch at ITC

1:00 - 4:00 p.m.

Visit classes at CANDLER SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY

(EMORY UNITERSITY)

6:00 - 9:00 p.m.

Dinner and program, FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 1328 Peachtree Street, NE (under auspices of METRO-POLITAN ATLANTA CHRISTIAN

COUNCIL)

Return to DAYS INN

9:00 p.m.

VISIT OF SOVIET THEOLOGICAL DELEGATION TO ATLANTA - NOVEMBER, 1986

Friday, November, 14, 1986 -

7:30 - 8:30 a.m.

Breakfast at DAYS INN

HOTEL

9:00 - 11:30 a.m.

Classes and Chapel at COLUMBIA SEMINARY (Decatur, Georgia)

12:00 - 4:00 p.m.

Lunch and program at JIMMY CARTER LIBRARY AND CONFERENCE CENTER

5:30 - 6:30 p.m.

Dinner at ITC

6:30 p.m.

Return to hotel and free evening; (option) attend worship service at 8:00 p.m. -THE FOUNTAIN OF PRAISE, 770 North Elizabeth Place Atlanta, Georgia

Saturday, November 15, 1986 -

7:30 - 8:30 a.m.

Breakfast at DAYS INN HOTEL

9:00 - 10:30 a.m.

Sharing with seminary students from CANDLER, COLUMBIA, ITC, at MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. CENTER FOR NON-VIOLENT SOCIAL CHANGE

10:30 - 10:45 a.m.

Refreshment Break

10:45 - 12:00 p.m.

Tour and Program at MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. CENTER FOR NON-VIOLENT SOCIAL CHANGE

12:00 - 1:00 p.m.

Lunch at KING CENTER

1:00 - 3:00 p.m.

Historical overview of the black church and dialogue with black church leaders

VISIT OF SOVIET THEOLOGICAL DELEGATION TO ATLANTA - NOVEMBER, 1986

3:00 - 3:15 p.m.

3:15 - 5:30 p.m.

6:00 - 7:30 p.m.

7:30 p.m.

Sunday, November 16, 1986

8:00 - 9:00 a.m.

10:00 - 12:30 p.m.

12:30 - 1:30 p.m.

2:00 p.m.

3:55 p.m.

Refreshment Break

Tour of Atlanta; shopping at LENOX SQUARE MALL

Dinner at DAYS INN HOTEL

Free evening

Breakfast at DAYS INN HOTEL

Worship in Central Atlanta

churches

Lunch at CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Leave for HARTSFIELD INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Depart Atlanta on EASTERN Flight #854 for Chicago,

T-l provided the following information regarding the subjects' aformentioned visits to various Atlanta churches on Sunday morning, the 16th.:

FRIENDSHIP BAPTIST CHURCH, 437 Mitchell Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia, telephone number (404) 688-0206, visited by delegation members ALEXANDR KARPENKO, ANDREI RYBIN, and OLGA PONOMAREVA.

Unspecified downtown United Methodist Church, visited by Archpriest VICTOR PETLIUCHENKO and MIKAIL YURCHUK.

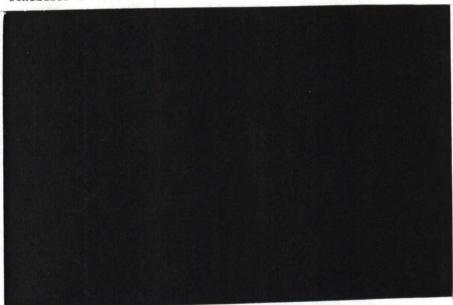
SHRINE OF THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CATHOLIC CHURCH, 48 Martin Luther King, Jr. Drive, SW, Atlanta, Georgia, telephone number (404) 521-1866, visited by Archpriest VLADIMIR KUCHERIAVII, IGUMEN MAKARY VERETENNIKOV, and HIERMONK NIKANDR KOVALENKO.

Unspecified Presbyterian church on West End and Central Avenue, visited by Archimandrite IANNUARY IVLIEV, GRIGORY KRASNOTSVETOV, and TATIANA VOLGINA.

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GREEK ORTHODOX CATHEDRAL OF THE ANNUNCIATION, 2500 Clairmont Road, NE, Atlanta, Georgia, telephone number (404) 633-7358, visited by delegation members Archpriest VLADIMIR SOROKIN, Archdeacon VLADIMIR NAZARKIN, and Ms. ZINAIDA NOSOVA.

T-l stated that he was aware of no problems associated with the Soviets' visit. All in all, he found that their scheduled activities and visits went very smoothly.



T-1 concluded his interview by making the following general points:

1) The source is not aware that any of the Soviets belonging to the delegation have any scheduled plans to return to the United States in the forseeable future. However, he added that it is very likely that the NCC will sponsor another reciprocal, American "theological tour" of the U.S.S.R, in the not-too-distant future.

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3) T-l suggested that a possible source of further information regarding the Soviet delegation would be Dr. BRUCE RIGDON of the MC CORMICK SEMINARY in Chicago, Illinois. T-l identified RIGDON as the individual who negotiated with the Soviet government to arrange the subjects' recent trip. He is considered to be an expert on the Russian Church and has traveled to the U.S.S.R on several occasions, himself, as a member of various American religious delegations.



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