The New-Orleans Bee.

No 173. VOL VI.—NEW SERIES. NEW-ORLEANS: WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 7, 1844 VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO 4026

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.,
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State.

TERMS OF THE BEE.
SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance, - $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, - 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

ADVERTISING.—One dollar per square, for each insertion of the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one; any alteration from the original advertisements will be charged as a new one. TEN lines are a square from ONE to TEN times, charged as a square.

ALL ADVERTISEMENTS not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged $1 per square for each insertion, after the first insertion.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Merchants and Traders, in French and English, $60
Commission merchants, ship and steamboat factors, do. - 50
Banks, insurance office, public institutions, 50

To advertisers in either Bourville or English only, a reduction of 25 per cent will be made on the above prices, payable yearly in advance.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to one square in extent, and three changes per week.

ADVERTISEMENTS out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, and plantation sales, leases of lots of ground in the issue of sell, runaway slaves, stray animals, &c. &c., will be charged for separately and at the ordinary rates.

NOTICES OF ARTICLES of a personal nature, when admitted, will pay two dollars per square, in advance.

Theatres and other places of amusements, advertising daily for the season, to be charged 100 dollars either French or English only, and 150 dollars for both languages.

MARRIAGE AND OBITUARY NOTICES.—Articles calling the attention of the public to sales of property, cards, of passengers, benefits, &c. &c., will be charged one dollar per square, the first insertion in each language.

BANKRUPTCIES.—No advertisements of bankruptcies will be published in any case, unless paid for in advance.

All announcements of Candidates for political offices shall be charged double the price of other advertisements.

BULLITT, MAGNE & Co.

NOTICE.—From a mutual feeling entertained by us in Dissolution copartnership, will this date, transact Commission business, under the firm of

TUPTS HUBART & Co.

THE subscribers have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of transacting a Commission business in this city, under the firm of Darby and Tremoulet

New Orleans, 1st July, 1844.

S M DARBY, jr.
A C TREMOULET.
jy1 13d 91 Old Levee.

REMOVED—SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH have removed to 77 Tchoupitoulas street. j6

SHULTZ, HADDEN & LEACH,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants
77 Tchoupitoulas street, New Orleans.
Chrisian citizens, Ag't Baldwin's Joseph Leach
Maysville, Ky. 1 New Orleans
Ag't Cincinnati

ISAAC BRIDGE,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT
and agent for the sale of
Rich's Improved Patent Salamander Iron Safes,
and Stevens' Patent Bu-acons,
70 Magazine street.

H. DE GOER & RIFFLARD,
Importers of French, English, & German Dry Goods,
AND
DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES
OF
NEGRO WOLLENS AND COTTONS,
For Plantations,
H. De Goer, Paris. A. C. Riffard, New Orleans
jy1 New Orleans No 34 Chartres street

SAMUEL TOBY,
Commission Merchant.
New York.

BROWN ROLLS, for sale by
s7 SCHMIDT & Co, 98 Bienville st

MADEIRA WINE—In bbls, for sale by
s7 SCHMIDT & Co, 98 Bienville st

ASBYNTH, for sale by
s7 SCHMIDT & Co, 98 Bienville st

BANOLA FLANNELS—In store for sale by
s7 TUPTS, HUBART & Co, 91 Gravier st

BLANKETS—5 point Bl'n inch blankets, for sale by
s7 TUPTS, HUBART & Co, 91 Gravier st

BRANDIES—Three cases of pure brandies, for sale by
s7 SCHMIDT & Co, 98 Bienville st

BAILCLOTH—Holland duck for sale by
s7 SCHMIDT & Co, 98 Bienville st

BEEF—At the inspection, for sale by
s6 L V HUBBARD & Co, 76 Tchoupitoulas

CORN—93 bags, superior, for sale by
s6 L V HUBBARD & Co, 76 Tchoupitoulas

PACKING YARN—15 reels for sale by
s6 L V HUBBARD & Co, 76 Tchoupitoulas

SUGAR—82 cases white for sale by
s6 TUPTS, HUBART & Co, 91 Gravier st

SUGARS—Mogelin, Ingenuidad and La Rionda for sale by
s6 J M LAFAYE, 70 St Louis

COFFEE—60 bags cheap thereon for sale by
s6 J M LAFAYE, 70 St Louis

SALT—50 sacks, on hand, below current rates, for sale by
s6 J M LAFAYE, 70 St Louis

OATS—100 bushels in bulk, for sale by
s6 R W MILLIKEN & Co, 26 Poydras

LARD OIL—A few barrels superior, for sale by
s6 R W MILLIKEN & Co, 26 Poydras

WANTED—A child's nurse. Apply at 109 Burgundy street.

TOBACCO—100 bales of fine segars and fillers for sale by
s6 J M LAFAYE, 70 St Louis

ROPE—150 coil Manilla rope, for sale by
s6 HOLLIS & WARNER, 57 Gravier

CORDAGE—40 coils Manilla cordage for sale by
s6 HOLLIS & WARNER, 57 Gravier

OWL—Tar, 112 sacks, landing from Hero, for sale by
PRICE & FROST, 37 Poydras

HOPS—6 bales first sort, for sale by
s6 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

SOAP—100 boxes No 1 yellow soap, for sale by
s6 GEO GREEN & BRO, 66 Gravier

SNUFF—50 half bris Scotch snuff and 50 jars Maccaboy, for sale by
jy30 FISHER & BRO, 60 Camp

DUTCH OMBRO MADDER—10 casks for sale by
jy30 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

CASSIA—500 Mats, for sale by
jy26 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

NORTHERN HAY—1000 bales, for sale by
jy26 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

TANNERS—
jy27 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

NAVAL STORES—
s7 R W MILLIKEN & Co, 26 Poydras

ALCOHOL—In store for sale by
jy27 E TROUSDALE, 66 Old Levee

COCOA—200 sacks prime for sale by
jy27 PRICE & FROST, 37 Poydras

BUTTER—100 kegs fresh Western butter, for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

GUNNY BAGS—30 bales and 100 rolls for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

PORK—500 brls mess pork, for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

FLOUR—100 brls, for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

FLAX SEED—15 bushels for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

CASTOR OIL—50 bbls for sale by
jy26 JARVIS & ANDREWS, 49 Common st

ONION SEED—2 bbls for sale by
jy27 WHITNEY & Co, 57 Gravier

BAGGING—100 pieces, and for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras st

BARLEY WHISKEY—10 brls, for sale by
jy26 JOHN R SHAW & Co, 24 Poydras

SUGAR—Prime quality, for sale by
jy26 A GORDON, WYLIE & Co, 81 Bienville

SUGARHOUSE MOLASSES, for sale by
jy26 A GORDON, WYLIE & Co, 81 Bienville

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA, at sight, for sale by
jy23 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

SALT 10,000 bags, for sale by
jy27 CRAIG MOLIER, 9 St Louis

CORDAGE—Manilla tarred cordage, assorted sizes, for sale by
jy23 T TOBY & EUGERT, 70 Camp

PRINTS—14 cases prints, calicoes style, for sale by
jy26 SHAW, BELDEN, 76 Magazine

OIL—Sweet oil in baskets for sale by
jy26 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

HAVANA COFFEE—
jy26 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

ROPE—200 coils Manilla, for sale by
jy27 HOLLIS & WOODRUFF, 60 Camp

STARCH—36 barrels Havana starch, for sale by
jy27 E TROUSDALE, 66 Old Levee

COCOA—50 bags low quality, in store, for sale by
jy26 E TROUSDALE, 66 Old Levee

INDIGO—10 serons Guatemala, in store, for sale by
jy27 E TROUSDALE, 66 Old Levee

CHOCOLATE—200 boxes, No 1 Boston, for sale by
jy26 NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier

EXCHANGE ON LONDON for sale by
jy16-2 REYNAUD & FALLON, 34 Tchoupitoulas

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK—At 10 and 30 days sight, for sale by
jy26 FISHER & BRO, 76 Camp

HAVANA SUGAR—Boxes yellow sugar, in store and for sale by
jy26 A GORDON, WYLIE & Co, 81 Bienville

DUTCH OMBRO MADDER—10 casks for sale by
jy26 FIELD & Co, 30 Old Levee

HIDES—100 dint hides, for sale by
jy25 A GROSVILLE, 34 Old Levee

STEAM PACKETS

CREVASSE AT BONNET CARRÉ.

The steamboat OSCAR will make another trip to the above place on Wednesday morning, August 7th, leaving the wharf of the First Municipality ferry, opposite the beef market, at 8 o'clock A M, stopping at Common street wharf at half past 8 o'clock to take passengers resting in the vicinity. Returning, remaining at the Crevasse one hour, and returning to the city by 6 o'clock the same evening.

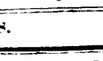
Price for the trip, $1 50.

There will be a lunch and refreshments on board. s6-2

FOR SALE—The cabin and steamboat OSCEOLA, with her engines, cable and furniture, as she now lies on the opposite side of the river.

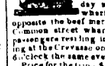
For terms, which will be liberal, apply to
s6 L V HUBBARD & Co, 76 Tchoupitoulas

FOR OPELOUSAS—The fast running and substantial steamer URSULA, T John son, master, is now ready to receive freight at the foot of Bienville street and will leave as above on Wednesday the 9th inst, at 10 o'clock, A M For further particulars apply on board, or to
s6 JOHN HALL Agent 1 Front Levee

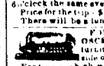


Passenger steamer CONGRESS, Capt Wm Kingsley, for Galveston, Texas—The new and fast running boat is now receiving freight and will leave as above on Wednesday, the 7th inst, at 10 o'clock A M. For freight or passage having splendid accommodations, apply on board, or to
s6 JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents,

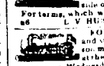
FOR ATTAKAPAS—The well known, fast running steamer LEVI WELCH, E Weller master, is now receiving freight at the foot of Bienville street, and will leave on Monday morning the 5th inst, at 10 o'clock, A M, having freight and passengers for A Martinsville, New Iberia, Prevost's Landing Franklin, Centreville, Patterson ville, Berwick's Bay, Bayou Boeuf and all intermediate landings on the Teche and Atchafalaya. For further particulars apply on board, or to JOHN HALL.
s6 No 1 Front Levee



SPLENDID PASSENGER PACKET.
For Saint Louis on Tuesday the 13th August, at 5 o'clock.
FOR ST LOUIS—The splendid new and fast running steamer JAS. M WHITE, Jas M. Quigley, master, is now receiving freight, and will leave as her next trip as above. This boat's accommodations are surpassed by any boat on the Western waters. For freight or her cabin may be seen and state rooms secured on application to
J R SHAW & Co, Agents,
jy29 24 Poydras st



Weekly Packet
FOR VICKSBURG, WARRENTON, Grand Gulf, Rodney and Natchez—The new and fast running steamboat J. M. WHITE, Lambdin master, will ply as a regular packet in the above and intermediate ports, commencing her trips about the 20th of September next. She will leave New Orleans every Wednesday evening at 4 o'clock, and arrive at Vicksburg early on Friday morning, so her down trip she will leave Vicksburg every Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.
JOHN R SHAW & Co, Agents,
jy20 24 Poydras



NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

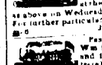
The public are hereby notified that the days of departure and arrival of the Baton Rouge Packet HELEN, James H Ure, master, will be changed on and after the 15th inst, as follows: She will leave New Orleans every Tuesday at 10 o'clock A M, and return on every Saturday.

Arrangements having been made with Messrs. P N Bass Land & Sch ster of Plaquemine to form a direct line to Atakapas during low water, in connection with the steamer HELEN, shippers may rely on their goods being carried through with despatch at the lowest rates.

The H. Ien will also receive freight for Lafourche during low water, and for ship per steamer Olive.

For freight or passage apply on board
jy18 1m

UNITED STATES MAIL—SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET LINE—Fall and Winter Arrangements—For the Coast, Bonaventure, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Waterloo, and Bayou Sarah.



The splendid steamers BRILLIANT and ALEX SCOTT, under the command of Capt Jean Baptiste Scott, have been placed in regular line on packets between New Orleans and the above named places commencing their trips in the 1st September next, and continue throughout the season. These boats are not surpassed in accommodations, and the commanders are well known and favorably known.

The Brilliant, Capt Hare, will commence her regular trips on Saturday next, and will continue her regular trips on Saturdays every week until the arrangement takes place. Apply on board, or to
WM H AVERY 86 Gravier
au16

DOCT R EDWARD MARTIN, lately arrived from Paris, begs to inform the public, that he has commenced practicing in this city, and has taken up his residence at No 19 Royal street.
j3 3m

NOTICE—The firm heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of A. P. Chretien & Co, is this day dissolved by its limitation. The liquidation of the firm will be made by either of us, and the signature of the firm signed in liquidation only
WM. S. TOOLE
CHARLES A. BARRIERE.
New Orleans, June 1st, 1844.

NOTICE—The subscriber will continue the business of the late firm, at the old stand
CHARLES A BARRIERE,
jy1 30 Chartres st

DURING our absence from the city, Mr JULES TARDO holds our power of attorney.
TOOLE & BARRIERE,
jy1 In Liquidation.

DURING my absence, Mr JULES TARDO holds my power of attorney.
CHARLES A. BARRIERE.

NOTICE—During my absence from the city, Mr. FRED. BURKE has my power of Attorney.
jy29 Persons having business with the Russian Consulate will apply to him, as the country person of the undersigned.
E JOHNS, No 30 Gravier jy9

NOTICE—The business heretofore conducted in the name of DUTTIL HACO. will from this day be carried on under the firm of Duttich & Bro, No 28 Poydras street.
(Signed) R DITTRICH,
P C SHANNON.
New Orleans, June 1st, 1844 j1

GONLESS'S SUPERIOR HUCHOUE.
LYLE'S ORLEANS, Esplanade Street.
PROFESSORS WYNDHAM, EVERETT and MERTON, late of Boston, Lexington, Trenton, and the Orleans House Schools, solicit the attention of parents to this institution, opened in April, 1843.

The Instructing Body of this High School consists of the following gentlemen:

G. WYNDHAM, Professor of Greek, Latin and English.
E. EVERETT, Professor of English and History.
M. MERTON, Professor of Greek, Latin and French.
J. MASSEAUX, Professor of Mathematics.
R. DE FUENTES, Professor of Spanish and Book keeping.
M. MOZIS, Professor of French.
A. VANEY, Professor of Music.
A. C. JAUME, Teacher of Drawing.
J. DEVOTI, Dancing Master.

For the maintenance of discipline, the Directors are assisted by a sufficient number of supernumerary ushers.

The printed Statutes of the Board of Visitors of the School, containing the plan of education, terms of discipline, terms and references, may be had in Esplanade street, or at the Book stores of J. S. Sewell, 28s Mason Delaney, Hebert, Morse and Lolleree.
j9 1m

RECEIVED by the undersigned, and for sale wholesale and retail,—received by ship Levant, from Havre.

Plain and fancy furniture calicoes, mantlets for do; new style bereages and colored barages; black flies, 6-4; thread laces; braid; straps.

Ship Mississippi, from New York—36 cases light colored prints; jaconets, 4-4 and 6-4; English mourning ginghams; marseilles quilts; white and colored bedticks; Parchal Irish linens, single and double width; bleached and unbleached sheetings; Lowell cottons, 4-4 to 7-8; muslins; ticking; Rogers cutlery; linen thread; cotton do, white muslins plain and checks; black lasting; needles, hooks and eyes, patent; black and blue laces.

Expected from Havre and Liverpool, soon—19 cases jaconets, new style; 4 do woolen bareges; 4 do cotton do, 4 do three yard serills; 3 do black ginghams; 2 do fancy flax linen checks; 6 bales bleached and unbleached drig.
jy28 PRICE & Co, 18 Canal.

THE undersigned offers for sale the following goods received by late arrivals:

40 casks fine old champagne brandy; 10 engraue brandy; 100 casks red wine, 200 cases do, 100 do white Sauterne wine; 30 bris vinegar; 100 cases assorted cordials; 900 bales havana segaretts; 50 boxes tronis in tinsel.
15 EDOUARD LAMORNDE.

BACON HAMS & SIDES—25 casks Cincinnati sides, 10 barrels sugar cured family hams, canvassed and uncanvassed, for sale by
HARTWELL, EDDER & CARMAN.

HAVANA MOLASSES, Afloat—70 hhds, 30 tierces and 40 bbls Havana molasses, cargo schr Mary Washington, for sale by
GEORGE BEDFORD, 82 Common st

CAPERS, OLIVES, PICKLES, &c.—A large assortment of olives, capers and sauces, Pickles, Pepper Sauce, Mushroom Catsup, &c, landing at in store, for sale by TUPTS, HUBART & Co, 91 Gravier jy1

SOAP—30 boxes, Mr. Chester's No 1 full brand soap, 300 in store—1,000 boxes, Mr. Stanton's do, do, Morton's and Gravier's extra and common qualities, for sale by
HART, BELDEN & Co, 76 Magazine

BAGGING—100 pcs superior new hemp, and for sale by
BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co
s8 91 Tchoupitoulas st

NEW MACKEREL—100 bbls large, fresh packing, in ship, Rockingham, for sale by
NORCROSS & FOSDICK, 40 Gravier
s3

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—61 cases landing from ship Rockingham, for sale by
FROST & Co, 10 Magazine

PER ROCKINGHAM—Ladies' and gentlemen's black Russet shoppers; boys and youths' do; negro brogans, for sale by
FROST & Co, 10 Magazine

LEAD—1001 pigs lead landing from steamboat Champion, for sale by
SEBLE, BEVILLE & Co, 45 Old Levee

BAR LEAD AND SHOT—10 tons bar lead, 111 bags shot landing from steamboat Champion, for sale by
SEBLE, BEVILLE & Co, 45 Old Levee

SOAP—100 boxes Mr. Chester's No 1 soap, for sale by
A GROSVILLE, 34 Old Levee

NEW ORLEANS BEE

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

HENRY CLAY,

FOR VICE PRESIDENT

THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN

FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

First District.....JACQUES TOUTANT
Second District.....ZENON CAVELIER.
Third District.....GEORGE A. GUION
Fourth District.....LAFAYETTE SAUNDERS.
Fifth District.....JACQUES DUPRE.
Sixth District.....EDWARD SPARROW.

NEW-ORLEANS:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 7, 1844.

MR CLAY.

Personal defamation is the staple commodity of locofocoism now-a-days. It happens to be the sole, potent, unfailing weapon employed by our opponents. Mr. CLAY's character and conduct, his private pursuits as well as his public career, are objects of continued, enormous detraction: gross abuse and foul calumny.—To be branded as a scoffing, sneering, inconsistent politician, is the mildest and most delicate mode of attacking Mr. CLAY. He is stigmatized as a duellist, as a common gambler, as the man of blood, who hands red and reeking with the gore of his fellow creatures, as an unprincipled political charlatan, as an abolitionist, and as guilty of having violated every sacred injunction of the Decalogue. We saw, a day or two since, an article from a locofoco paper in Vermont, in which Mr. CLAY was charged with having infringed the ten commandments, the editor proceeding from the first to the last of the Decalogue, and striving to show that Mr. CLAY had committed murder, worshipped false Gods, borne false witness, &c. &c.

We are really rejoiced at the course pursued by our adversaries. It is an infallible indication of their desperation and despair. In 1840, the locofoco party began the contest by assailing Gen HARRISON's principles.—As the canvass waxed warm, and the evidences of the result became too plain to be mistaken, they abandoned argument and resorted to slander. From being contented as a poor old man who was content to live in a log cabin and drink hard cider, he was ruthlessly assailed as a coward, spurned as a dotting imbecile, and held up to execration as a seducer of female innocence.—The malevolence of locofocoism broke through all the restraints of decency, as soon as its appeals were seen from the effects of the assaults. It is even so now.—The race can be no surer sign of Mr. CLAY's commanding popularity and certain success, than the vehemence of the abuse which is showered upon him. He is too formidable to be encountered by calm and rational opposition. He must be beaten down by fierce and combined attacks. Let locofocoism go on in its congenial pursuits. Every attempt to traduce HENRY CLAY adds thousands to his vote. He bids fair to be a host also in war in America, and the locofocos are doing him essential service by their frenzied violence.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN AND ABOLITION.

We are glad of an opportunity of correcting erroneous statements which have been made by some, and satisfying doubts which have been expressed by others, as to the opinions of Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN on the subject of the power of the General Government, on the rights of the States, and on the relation of Slavery as it exists in several States of the Union. We do so by presenting to our readers the subjoined extracts from an article published by Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN in the year 1834, under his own name, in the "Literary and Theological Review," which appears to have been a virulent defence of the Colonization Society against the hostility of Political Abolitionists.—*National Intelligencer.*

"It is universally agreed," says Mr. Frelinghuysen, "that, by the principles of our Confederation, ... and concerns of each State are left to the exclusive management of its own legislation, and the Federal Government of the United States cannot lawfully legislate on the subject of slavery, as it exists in the several States, without the adoption of the Federal Constitution by the United States were separate and independent governments. There was no political bond by which was conferred any constitutional power to Congress. The people of Massachusetts, for instance, possessed no right whatever to interfere with the relations of master and slave in Carolina than it had to interfere with the relations of king and serf in Russia. When the Constitution was framed no such right was acquired or could be; and a subsequent provision was regarded by those merely declaratory of the powers granted by the original instrument, that all powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people." The precise extent of those reserved rights, as many particulars, been the subject of grave debate; but it has been under the right of interfering in the relations of master and slave, no one has had the hardihood to pretend. Such terms as the States respectively chose to insist upon must necessarily have been accorded to it; the whole compact remains inoperative; and at all events the slaves of the South, by its adoption, were placed in no worse situation than before, and, in some respects, in a better. They were not made unkind or uncharitable character in attributions, therefore, to the Constitution, to those who trumpet of to those who object it. Humane were disposed, and always protected, in which our black population participated, and of which they are now reaping, slowly, but surely, the latent fruits in the world.

In reference to the right of political action claimed by the Abolitionists, Mr F. says:

"What the *political* action is which the Constitution PRESCRIBES *for the removal of slavery*, we are yet to learn, nor is it ready to imagine a federal principle adequate to the end. Under the power to make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States, by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, it may be competent for Congress to legislate *exclusively* on the subject, and the disclaimer of any right of Congress, under the *present* national compact, to interfere in any of the slave States on the association subject."

In continuing the relative objects of the friends of the Colonization Society and the Abolitionists, Mr F. remarks:—

"The question is not now whether *immediate* emancipation shall be enforced upon a class of men incapable of self government, to the utter destruction of the lives and property of two and a half millions of white inhabitants; or whether the former shall await the march of events, and the progressive influence of philantropy? But it is not two and a half millions of whites only whose interests and happiness are involved. Eight millions more, north and west of the Potomac, are not only affected by, but eminently included in the result. Twenty-four States, two sixths of whose inhabitants are white, and are to be brought under the control of men who are threatened by this rash proposition to be driven back to a state of anarchy, commotion and civil war. The very first overt act that shall be made in any of the States to carry into effect the plans of those who oppose the Colonization enterprise will probably result in a separation of the Union. The political fabric erected with so much care, and at the expense of so many lives and so much treasure, will be prostrated in the dust. The institutions under which we have become a great and happy people will be uprooted, and dissolution and hostility assume their place.

"When, therefore, we are urged to the immediate adoption of measures which we believe to be subversive of duty (as no claims here both the right and the power to exercise it are wanting. The door is shut upon us here; nor could we open it but by a violence destructive of public harmony, and probably fatal to our National Union.

"But there is a vantage ground, where benevolence may expand itself to its widest desires; and the Colonization Society presents it. Here the South and the North meet in kindred sympathy and cordial co operation. We have seen with what liberality most of the Southern States contribute to the treasury of the Society. It is an unbounded aspersion to exercise their patronage to the untold cruelties of avarice, and the demon of more family tearing the cause of slavery. To proscribe an ingenious imputation upon a generous people, we need only learn the fact that the great majority of the colonies are emancipated slaves, formed by Southern masters. Some have been guilty of great injustice in the feelings they have entertained towards the South, and have unfortunately spread misrepresentations which, partly through ignorance and partly through the want of feeling, principle and duty, ranged on the north of the Delaware. There was never a greater or more humiliating mistake."

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

JACKSON, August 6th 1844.

The State Convention will commence its labors to-morrow under melancholy auspices. About 8 o'clock this evening, a Mr. Walker, of Madison, was killed in a fracas by a member of the Convention from the Concordia district—Mr. Scott.

It appears from what I can learn, that Mr. Walker employed all his influence against Mr. Scott during the recent canvass and had moreover written letters affecting his character injuriously. This as you may imagine left an unpleasant impression on the mind of Scott. Accordingly, when Walker met him this evening and offered him his hand, Scott replied that after what had occurred, he could not accept Walker's hand until satisfactory explanations were made. Walker answered that in pursuing the line of conduct which he had adopted during the canvass, he had done nothing but what he had unquestionable right to do. Hard words passed between them, when Walker struck Scott several times with his cane. The latter received the two first blows with apparently great coolness, warning Walker, however, to forbear upon peril of his life. At the third blow he drew the dirk from his sword-cane, and plunged it in the body of his antagonist. Walker fell and expired almost immediately. The affair has caused great excitement.

Candidates here are as thick as blackberries. We have at least ten for every office in the gift of the Convention. For prisoner to the Convention there are no less than six, viz:—Kelly, of the *Reporter*; Sollée, of your city; Bayne, of the *Courier*; Zinn, of the Red River *Republican*; Cormack, of the Clinton *Whig*, and Campbell, of the New Orleans *Herald*. All these gentlemen profess to be warm supporters of Mr. Clay, and the choice rests in the minds of the people as to which of them will be the most efficient in securing the election of Polk and Dallas. Your readers will perceive that I am not disposed to indulge in personalities, but I cannot refrain from saying that the course pursued by the Editor of the *Herald* is unworthy of the cause he professes to support. Twenty-four States, two sixths of whose inhabitants are white, and are to be brought under the control of men who are threatened by this rash proposition to be driven back to a state of anarchy, commotion and civil war. The very first overt act that shall be made in any of the States to carry into effect the plans of those who oppose the Colonization enterprise will probably result in a separation of the Union. The political fabric erected with so much care, and at the expense of so many lives and so much treasure, will be prostrated in the dust. The institutions under which we have become a great and happy people will be uprooted, and dissolution and hostility assume their place.

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For Secretary, the principle candidates are Horatio Davis, Ex Secretary of the Senate and T. Landry, Ex-Clerk of the House. Landry has the best chance, though the vote will be close. Both gentlemen are every way competent to the fulfilment of the duties of the office.
M.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

DISCHARGED.—Mrs. Catherine Healy Thompson, arrested on a charge of being an accessary before the fact in causing the death of her late husband, J. Thompson, by means of poison, was yesterday examined before acting Recorder Caldwell, and honorably acquitted.

☞ Patterson Moore, charged with assaulting, by throwing brick bats at Mrs. Margaret Petre, was yesterday examined before acting Recorder Caldwell, and ordered to find bail in the sum of $100 for his appearance before the Criminal Court, to answer to the charge.

His Honor also committed Charles Ware to the Work House for a period of thirty days, under the vagrant law.

☞ Jackson, John Glenn, Henry Birdsall, John Carroll and W. Dillon, were examined, in default of finding vouchers for their future good behaviour, committed to the Work House by his Honor Recorder Genois.

James Cooley, Bridget Johnson and Samuel Hays, were also committed to jail in default of finding bail in the sum of $300 each to keep the peace.

INQUEST.—Judge Genois, acting as Coroner, held an inquest on the yard of the Police Prison of the Second Municipality, upon the body of a man who fell dead in the street, in the upper part of the city. Verdict: death from having been sun struck. The deceased, we understand, was a German by birth, and followed the occupation of a gardener.

☞ By referring to our advertising columns it will be perceived that the steamer *Oscar* leaves this morning, at 8 o'clock, for the Crevasse at Bonnet Carré.

☞ We are indebted to the clerk of the steamboat *Hannibal* for late St. Louis papers.

DEATH BY LIGHTNING.—Last Wednesday, about noon, as some of Dr. Patrick's negroes were cutting cord wood, in the rear of his plantation, in West Baton Rouge, one of them was killed on the spot by lightning, and two others were knocked down, but not seriously injured.

NEW WORKS.—Our thanks are due Messrs. Harper & Brothers, through the politeness of J. B. STEER, No 14 Camp street, for the 28th and concluding number of Milman's Serial Edition of "Gibbon's Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire." We likewise acknowledge the receipt of No xiv of "McCulloch's Gazetteer," a work of great value. Part xi of Martin Chuzzlewit, by Dickens, with humorous illustrations, and "Rose D'Albret" or Troublous Times, one of the creations of the prolific brain of James.

☞ We are indebted to J. C. Morgan of the Literary Depot, Exchange Place, for "Rose D'Albret or Troublous times," a new novel by James.

(IRONIA.—We shall probably receive to-day some account of the great Whig State Convention held in Madison, Georgia, on the 31st ult. A letter from Madison dated the 30th addressed to the Editors of the Augusta *Chronicle*, says:—"The care have just arrived from Augusta, bringing 2000 all safe—no accident occurred. The place is naturally a moving mass of human beings; there cannot be less than 15 000 persons now here, the greatest enthusiasm animates the mass, and all bring the most cheering accounts from all sections.

"Last night, the Senate, delegations are arriving from every section of the country, and the prospects is that there will be at least 20,000 Whigs in Council to-morrow. I will endeavor to give you some account of the proceedings to-morrow night's mail. The mail is just about closing and I cannot add more.

☞ The assertion of the *Republican* that Cassius M. Clay is a nephew of HENRY CLAY, is utterly without foundation. The gentleman alluded to is no relation to the whig candidate for the Presidency.

OHIO

A letter published in the Albany *Evening Journal* respecting the political prospect in Ohio, concludes as follows:

"Our friends in the State made a careful estimate of the probable result lately. We shall carry our Governor by 10,000, and the Legislature by a large majority. But of one thing rest assured, if we carry Bartley by barely 10,000, we will more than double it on Clay. Our opponents are completely out in heap up the figures. The estimates held out by the local county and district offices. Those out of the way, and Polk, Dallas and Texas would not stand a day before Clay and Frelinghuysen. I am happy to say that Mr. Frelinghuysen adds much strength to our ticket."

The Augusta *Chronicle* adds:—We think we know who the writer of the above is, and if it is as we suspect, we can say there is not an individual in the whole State who is more acquainted with its political condition than he is."

NORTH CAROLINA.—We shall probably to-morrow receive some returns from the Old North State—most likely from the interior counties. The returns on the seaboard, we think, will be about 60 young whigs who have never voted for President, and who will proudly cast their maiden votes for the Farmer of Ashland! The locofocos cannot muster one-third of that number. The fact is that Polk has never done any thing to impress even the minds around him that he is even the shadow of a great man.

In the 5th precinct (in this vicinity) there are about fifteen, and only one locofoco! In another precinct, which has been almost unanimously locofoco, there are twenty young men who have never voted for President, twelve of whom will vote for the first Statesman of the age and the brightest ornament of American legislation—HENRY CLAY. From these and other instances of equally similar, it is evident that a large majority of the young men of the country are whigs, and we believe Carolina will be the same in comparison.

The Raleigh *Register* says:

WHAT WILL NORTH CAROLINA DO?—Without the intention of exciting false hopes, we think we may say with confidence in our political brethren in other states, that they need entertain no distrust of the whigs of North Carolina. That firm body of true whigs, who rallied so nobly to the last battle in November, 1840, and gave a majority nearly 13,000 strong, are now again wide awake. We speak by the card when we say that no influence can induce the whigs of the old North to waver from out their chosen path. They have selected their course, and will elect a whig Governor, and constitute a decidedly locofoco Legislature into a decidedly Whig Assembly, and that, too, without the aid of *Hole* or *Pole* us.

NEW JERSEY is all alive with political agitation.—Nearly every paper brings us accounts of Whig Mass Meetings in the various counties of the State. The whigs seem determined to give a noble majority for the sake of the illustrious son of New Jersey, as well as Harry of the West. So mote it be.

A FEW MORE.

We have a few more renunciations from Ohio, which we must publish at once, for they crowd upon us with a rapidity altogether inconvenient. The following letters are from the Springfield *Republican*:

SALT—Yarnes delivered at the Salt Works, at 10 cents per bushel. Sales of small parcels, Fine, 81 cents per bbl; Coarse 60, and Coarse 50 @ 60 per sack.

BEEF—The market is only a retail business doing in this article, and prices are unchanged. We quote Havana at 13@14c—Rio, 6@8c. @ lb.

BUTTER—Shipping qualities are scarce and prime Goshen commands 20c. Northern Ohio is selling at 18@20c, according to quality—Cork, in the ear, 10@10c @ barrel.

CANDLES.—Sperm Candles are neglected, and there is little or no demand. We quote New Bedford, 30@33c; Mantuckets, 31@32c @ lb.

RICE.—