

- (1) The place of keeping shall always be kept clean.
- (2) A proper means of precaution shall be exercised to prevent the kept dog from running away or from committing any other harm.
- (3) Mosquitoes and flies shall be extirminated, and such measures shall be taken as may prevent their breeding.
- (4) Soiled water or dregs shall be so kept in a pool that they do not flow out of it by any chance.
- (5) A list of dogs bought, sold, exchanged, or kept in custody shall be kept for inspection, recording all the particulars of the transactions.

ARTICLE 7.

When a keeper is ordered to have his dogs inoculated with an anti-hydrophobia vaccine, he shall obey the order promptly, and receive an inoculation certificate.

This rule, however, shall not be applicable to a case where a veterinary surgeon sees fit to postpone the inoculation till a fixed date.

ARTICLE 8.

A keeper of a dog which has bitten a man shall take a prompt action to chain it at once or to place it by any other proper method under such restraint as will prevent it from doing any further harm, and report the fact by word of mouth to the Chief of the Area, whose special order is prerequisite for the release of the dog.

ARTICLE 9.

When deemed necessary, an official in charge of the prevention of epidemics among domestic animals may conduct a medical inspection of a kept dog.

In the above-mentioned case, the keeper of the dog shall render such help for the inspection as may be necessary on the occasion.

ARTICLE 10.

A keeper shall take such precautionary measures as will limit the breeding within reasonable bounds.

ARTICLE 11.

If and when an order is given according to the provisions of LAW FOR THE PREVENTION OF EPIDEMICS AMONG DOMESTIC ANIMALS, ARTICLE 16, paragraph 1, to stop the free coming and going of a kept dog in order to prevent the spread of phrophobia, a keeper shall take such measures as may be required to prevent his dog from loitering about.

This rule, however, shall not be applicable to a case where a dog is muzzled and led with a chain or a rope.

The above-mentioned order shall be published every time it is required, indicating each time the period and area of its application.

ARTICLE 12.

A ward master may give an order necessary for the exercise of control to a person mentioned in ARTICLE 5, or to a keeper of a dog which has a vicious habit of biting persons or is suffering from a contagious disease.

ARTICLE 13.

A person who may disobey an order issued in accordance to the provisions of ARTICLE 1 - 8, and ARTICLE 9, paragraph 2, shall be put in jail or fined.

ARTICLE 14.

ARTICLE 12.

A ward master may give an order necessary for the exercise of control to a person mentioned in ARTICLE 5, or to a keeper of a dog which has a vicious habit of biting persons or is suffering from a contagious disease.

ARTICLE 13.

A person who may disobey an order issued in accordance to the provisions of ARTICLE 1 - 8, and ARTICLE 9, paragraph 2, shall be put in jail or fined.

ARTICLE 14.

If and when the keeper in question is a minor or an incompetent, the penalty provided for by these Regulations shall be given to his statutory representative. If and when he is a juridical person, the said penalty shall be visited upon its representative.

This rule, however, shall not be applicable to a case where the minor in question is a person mentioned in ARTICLE 5 and endowed with the same capacity as that of an adult in transacting his business.

SUPPLEMENTARY RULES

ARTICLE 15.

This Ordinance shall come into effect as from the day of its promulgation.

ARTICLE 16.

Such dogs as have been reported according to the provisions of the old Regulations shall be treated as those which have been reported according to the present Regulations.

INVESTIGATION-STRAY DOG CATCHING AND DISPOSAL

25 April, 1947.

- 911
25A1
1. 2393, Mikawashima 8-chome, Arakawa-ku.
This place has 2 men working to collect stray dogs in response to calls - also functions to collect dead animals. Men catch dogs and bring back to the plant. Here dogs are killed by blow on head and throat cub. And next skinned and body is boiled. Boiled remains are then dried and packed in straw containers. Are then sold as fertilizer to Morita Fertilizer Company - Wakayama Ken.
Monthly catch 20-30.
 2. 2430 Mikawashima 8-chome Arakawa-ku.
This company has 2 men to go out and catch stray dogs in response to calls. Many of dogs caught are sent to Nippon Veterinary Association - Imperial University for examination. Animals are killed and made into fertilizer - sold to Nippon Animal Fertilizer Company Ogu, Mikawashima.
Monthly catch 20-30.

-Collodi-

25-A1 Rabies Control
SecondaryDisposal of Stray Dogs
Places to Call

18 April 47

<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>NAME OF CHIEF</u>	<u>Tel. No.</u>
(1) 2393, Mikawashi ^{ma} 8-cho ^{me} , Arakawa-Ku	SADAO TAKEDA	83-2418
(2) 2430, Mikawashi ^{ma} 8-cho ^{me} , Arakawa-Ku	SAYO YAMAGUCHI	83-1942
(3) 1, Toyota ^{ma} Minami-cho 3-cho ^{me} , Itabashi-Ku	SO NAGAI	
(4) 371, Kanei, Furukawa ^{mura} , Minamita ^{ma} -gun	NAKAZO SAITO	
(5) 1171, Motohachioji aza Hanakawa, Minamita ^{ma} -gun	TSUNEGORO YAMANAKA	

file 25-A1

Stray Dogs.

18 April

Summary: Brief summary of status

On 25 March and 10 April conferences were held with appropriate Japanese authorities, See files.

On 28 March - Dr. Scothom, SCAP Vet. was informed of progress to date.

- a. Japanese had been advised of necessity of improving their work - simplify and strengthen system of collection, with adequate publicity,
- b. report of plan will be available by 1 April
- c. Dr. S. wanted to visit slaughterhouse to check disposition of dogs.

After 10 April conference - Mr. Arai was told maybe as large a budget not needed. Advised improvement of present operations. Report of plan in files. Specific addresses to call for disposal of dogs obtained and reported to Col. Dixcn, SCAP, See Files separately; Will need to follow up insure improvement.

Pote.

25A1

Vet. - Dog - Stray Problem

10 April, 1947

Arai MPB

Plan for control brought over.
Promised on 1 April, it was only made today. Mr. A. was scolded for delay, lying etc. and warned that the MPBd. must never trifle with us again or they would get into trouble. We would report problem to higher headquarters.

Plan turned in. Some question as to when it was made. Actual operation is delayed by lack of budget. Considerable argument over budget ensued similar to previous discussions. Reemphasized Japanese responsibility and that we would report to SCAP for investigation of negligence.

See detailed plan in files.

Advised to present budget to proper officials and if they disapprove to inform us of who disapproved.
Report within a few days.

Pote.

25 March 1947.

Veterinary
Stray dog problem

44
25
25
Summary:

The above officials began discussion of problem of stray dogs, need of budget, etc.

Obtained many details of existing operation and advised:

1. definite collection and disposal plan with specific responsibilities, wide publicity. Asked for report of progress re activation and financing the plan and a translation by 1 April.

Requested also - slaughter house report - address, etc.

~~Veterinary~~

Stray Dog Problem

Inoue - chief health section MPB

Arai - asst. chief H.S. MPB

Dr. Arai

Dr. Shimaita) Vet. Division PH Section

Summary:

1. Present maintenance system of catching stray dogs.
Dog is taken to local police station.
The slaughter house personnel is called, picks up the dogs and converts them to fertilizer at the slaughter house.
There are 5 slaughter houses for animals of all kinds. A special part (small Pvt. company) takes care of dogs. About 200 - 300 monthly are disposed of.
Individual citizens turn dogs into the police stations or slaughter houses.
Requested name, address, manager's name, type, capacity of each slaughter house.
2. Dog population - 15,000 approx.
of these:-
6,000 registered
9,000 stray
Registered dogs have a tag around collar;
ku office keeps a register card; no restrictions unless known to be vicious; each has had anti-rabies inj. IX a year; all were vaccinated in February
3. Vaccination procedure.
Vacc. consists of 5 Gm. anti-rabies vaccine sub cut. in shoulder region; 1st washed area with alcohol 1st. Vaccine was from

-2-

Shita Lab. Edogawa - pvt.-lab; Inst. Inf. D., Kitasato Lab.;
Animal Disease lab. Min. Agriculture and Forestry.

4. Personnel working on dog problem

MPBd. - 6 persons veterinary problems duties.

- a. Catching stray dogs (planning only)
- b. Fish meat inspection

Police Bd. - pays for slaughter house laborers, Each laborer gets Y10 day with 20 sen per dog caught.

Vets Div. PHB - 12 persons.

- a. domestic dog care; supervise registration; vaccination;
- b. supervise slaughter stray dogs

2.5 Small pvt companies attached to the slaughter houses have labourers (a few only) to catch stray dogs all the time, visiting police stations and catching stray dogs they find on the street.

6. Plans.

Central Tokyo - 10 day program for killing all stray dogs by policemen. This plan was advised by Col-Dixon, who they say promised to obtain an order for them to aid the necessary supply acquisition.

A plan more or less covering the above points in an improvement of routine was handed in. This is to begin - April. Advised at the beginning of this program to have a heavy publicity program.

Much difficulty seemed to exist over the need of a written order by MG in order to obtain budget. Advised them of their primary responsibility, their failure to discharge it, and the need of immediate action:

7. Advised rather than the above of shooting dogs
 1. A definite system of collection-place to keep the dogs temporarily when turned in, a plan of transportation to slaughter house; resp. of MPBd.
 2. Plan of disposal resp. of Vet. Div. PHB.
 3. Preparation of basic material for use in wide publicity campaign to explain the problem of stray dogs, dangers, and plan of solution.

8. Request
Provide translation of plan and report of progress re plan and budget by 1 April 1947.

5. Present law and enforcement.
Present law forbids possession of an unregistered dog, punishable by a fine not to exceed ¥20 and a detention of 29 days. Person is given chance to register first. Publicity was given to registration. Police have the responsibility of enforcing the law.

*info. Katak
action com*

Rec'd 20 March

See files for actions

(Colonel S.C. Smock 2-3254)

454

Stray Dogs

Medical Section

SCAP

20 March 1947

1. It has been brought to the attention of this office that there is a large number of stray dogs on the streets of Tokyo and that three persons have been bitten by stray dogs. As the offending dogs could not be identified nor apprehended for observation it was necessary that the bitten persons be given prophylactic treatment against rabies. This treatment is very unpleasant and not without danger, but in these cases there was no alternative as all dog bites are considered a potential source of rabies infection.

2. As it is desired to prevent, as much as possible, recurrences of similar incidents it is requested that the Tokyo Metropolitan Police Department be directed to:

- a. Apprehend and dispose of all stray dogs.
- b. Designate an office that will, upon notification of the presence of a stray dog, call at the given address and apprehend and dispose of the dog.

J.A.B.

*Info. given to Col. Dixon
early in April. See files for details*



bac
 WAF
 92-45A

To: Public Health and Welfare Section, Tokyo-Kanagawa
 Military Government District, Tokyo Detachment.

From: Veterinary Division, Public Health Section, Tokyo-to

Subject: Report on a new outbreak of Rabies.

Owner's address and name	Stray dog, In the neighbourhood. No. 1612. Ikebukuro 3 chome Toshimaku. Y. Kurose
Kind of animal and sex.	Dog. Female
Age, colour	3 White and brown
Date of outbreak	Feb. 17, 1947
Date of killed	Feb. 17, 1947
Date of Autopsy	Feb. 20, 1947
Date of decision	Mar. 10, 1947
The veterinary inspector's address and name	At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to T. Kawabata. E. Ueki.

Remarks:

- (1) Source of infection
 Unknown, because the dog has no owner and got ill so suddenly.
- (2) Symptoms
 Last December, it bore 5 puppies under the floor of Mr. Kurose's where it got ill later.
 17 February, it suddenly killed two of them by biting, and bit the other three. As it bit one baby and seven passengers further they killed it with blows.
- (3) Autopsy
 The dog was very thin. In the stomach, there were found some pieces of wood, stone, hair and bone.
 Whether the cerebral vessel was swollen or not, was not clear because of the blows.
- (4) Decision
 It was considered suspect rabies from symptoms and results of autopsy. But as it was positive both to animal exam. and negri's body exam, it was confirmed rabies on 10, March.
- (5) Preventive measures taken.
 Five victims were immediately immunized and have not shown anything strange since. Three puppies bitten were sent to slaughter plant with the dead body.
 The area was disinfected carefully.

25

Jan. 1947

To: Public Health & Welfare Section,
Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government District,
Tokyo Detachment

From: Chief of P.H. Section,
Health Bureau, Tokyo-to

Subject: Annual Reprt on Production & Distribution of
Vaccine, Serum and Diagnosticum (Antigen) for
Domestic Animal Communicable Diseases.

The following is the report on the above subject in the following five laboratories, according to your directive issued 10 May 1946.

1. Imperial Veterinary Laboratory
2. Institute for Infectious Diseases
3. Kitasato Institute for I. D.
4. Serum Institute in Japanese Veterinary Med. Ass.
5. Oshida Institute

Jap. Name

1. 農村畜獣疫調査所
2. 傳染病研究所
3. 北里研究所
4. 日本獣医師会研究所
5. 押田研究所

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 27 Jan 1 P.M.

REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division,
 Public Health Section,
 Health Bureau,
 Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name:	No. 13, Senju okawacho Adachi-ku E. Fujimoto
Kind of animal and sex:	Dog, Male
Age, colour and name:	3. White, Shiro
Date of outbreak:	Dec. 16, 1946
Date killed:	Dec. 18, 1946
Date of post mortem inspection:	"
Date of decision:	Jan. 22, 1947
The veterinary inspector's address and name:	At Veterinary Division Tokyo-to E.Ueki S.Yamadera

Remarks:

1. Source of Infection:

The dog concerned being kept in a family, about 350 meters from S.Takano's 743, Umedakoemoncho, Adachi-ku where rabies outbreak Nov. 28, last year; that dog's bite would have infected it with rabies.

2. Symptoms:

For several days before the accident the dog lost appetite, depressed, and its doings was somewhat unrest, so members of the family had been watching it. In spite of this, at a.m. 9, Dec. 18, it showed mad furxy, and looked bite at anything, so they tried to seize, but it suddenly bit the master and his wife, and ran away, and more three persons bit, jumping about there. Urgently the accident was reported to a near police-box, and by policeman's aid they killed it with a pistol at last.

3. Autopsy:

Blood vessels in brain was congested like twigs, sweet-potato refuses, little pieces of wood seen in the stomach, mucus membrane of the stomach swelled, no other remarkable change.

4. Decision

Judging from the present symptoms at the break-out of the disease, we collected brain materials as a suspected rabies, and had animal exam. & Negri's body examination, as both showed "positive", we decided it as a true case Jan. 22.

5. Preventive measures taken:

The dead body, after Autopsy, was buried 2 m depth in a near field.
 5 victims were immunized at once, and they are all right now.

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REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division,
Public Health Section,
Health Bureau,
Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name	Stray dog: In the neighbourhood. No. 179, Yamato-cho Nakano-ku
Kind of animal and sex	Dog, Female
Age, colour, and name	6, Brown, None
Date of outbreak	14, Nov. 1946
Date killed	14, Nov. 1946
Date of post mortem inspection	16, Nov. 1946
Date of decision	9, Dec. 1946
The Veterinary inspector's address and name	At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to S. Yamadera T. Kawabata E. Ueki

(1) Source of infection

Uncertain. The dog was without owner and fell ill suddenly.

(2) Symptoms

14, Nov. 6 p.m. suddenly bit two men passing the area by bicycle. They tried to catch it in vain. Half an hour later, reappeared and bit two more around the area. One of them beat it to death.

(3) Autopsy

Forn wounds found on tongue and inside of mouth. Incisor tooth broken, many pieces of glass, wood stone etc. found in stomach. Mucous membrane swollen and cerebral vessels congested, bleeding at some points.

(4) Decision

Symptoms were not clear because of darkness. However, considered suspect rabies by its violation and autopsy. Confirmed as rabies case 9, Dec. after it proved positive both to Animal Exami. and Negri's Body Exami.

(5) Preventive Measures taken

Buried corpse and disinfected the area carefully 4, victims were immediately vaccinated and have shown nothing unusual.

REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division,
Public Health Section,
Health Bureau,
Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name	No. 1060 Owadacho, Hachioji city M. Hijikata
Kind of animal and sex	Dog Male
Age, colour, and name	6, Black and white, Kuro
Date of outbreak	18, Nov. 1946
Date of killed	19, Nov. 1946
Date of post mortem inspection	19, Nov. 1946
Date of decision	7, Dec. 1946
The Veterinary inspector's address and name	At Minamitama-gun office J. Yagi At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to E. Ueki

(1) Source of infection

It seems that the case was infected by being bitten by rabies dog occurred 14 Oct. in Nakano-cho, Hachioji City.

(2) Symptoms

From 16 Nov. lost appetite. The owner suspected because it got frenzy 18, Nov. Tried to tie it up. The dog bit the rope and ran away. Made frequent appearances in the city. Early morning of 19 Nov. bit 13 citizens and at 10 a.m. was shot to death.

(3) Autopsy

A veterinarian of Minami-tama Gun Office (Dr. J. Yagi) made autopsy. Nothing unusual on the appearance and inside of mouth. Some pieces of wood found in stomach, mucous membrane swollen, and cerebral vessels congested.

(4) Decision

It may be diagnosed rabies just by symptoms and autopsy. It was, however, confirmed rabies 7, Dec. by Animal Exami. and Negri's Body Exami.

(5) Preventive measures taken

As reported before, home dogs in Hachioji City were vaccinated 15, Nov. Buried corpse and disinfected carefully the dog's house and neighbourhood. 13 victims were vaccinated but got no report on their present situation.

Received
Dec. 4
File

REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division,
Public Health Section,
Health Bureau, Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name:	No. 743 Umedakoemoncho, Adachi-ku T. Takano.
Kind of animal and sex:	Dog. Female.
Age, colour and name:	2, Black, Kuro.
Date of outbreak:	Oct. 29, 1946
Date of death:	Nov. 3, 1946
Date of post mortem inspection:	Nov. 5, 1946
Date of decision:	Nov. 28, 1946
The Veterinary inspector's address and name:	No. 449 Yotsuyacho, Adachi-ku. S. Otsuka. At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to. T. Kawabata. E.Ueki.

Remarks

(1) Source of Infection
Uncertain.

(2) Symptoms

28, Oct. Got excited a little after giving birth to 4 puppies. 29, Oct. Bit 3 persons of the owner's family and the neighbour's. But paid no attention thinking it ordinary suspicion of mother to be deprived of her puppies. However, lost the appetite more and more and got excited. Got frenzied more and more, bit various things, drivelled great deal. Diagnosed suspect rabies by a private veterinarian called Dr. Otsuka. Tied and watched closely. Got worse and worse. Back part of the body paralyzed and died late in 3 Dec.

(3) Autopsy

Stomach was found empty. Many bleeding points on the mucous membrane of the stomach. Cerebral vessels were congested like branches.

(4) Confirmation

Suspected as rabies by symptoms and autopsy.
Confirmed as rabies 28, Nov. as it showed positive both to Animal Exam. and Negri's Body Exam.

(5) Preventive measures taken

Dead body and puppies were sent to Dead Animal Disposition Station. Dog's house and the area disinfected carefully. 4 victims were vaccinated immediately and they are all right now.

REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division,
Public Health Section,
Health Bureau, Tokyo-to

Owner's address and Name:	No. 7 Mitashikojucho, Shiba-ku T. Ishida
Kind of animal and sex:	Dog. Male.
Age, colour, and name:	8. Brown, Riuō.
Date of outbreak:	Nov. 13, 1946
Date of killed:	Nov. 14, 1946
Date of post mortem inspection:	Nov. 15, 1946
Date of decision:	Nov. 30, 1946
The veterinary inspector's address and name:	No. 10, Takanawakitamachi, Shiba-ku T. Tsubusaki At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to T. Kawabata. H. Yamadera. E. Ueki.

Remarks

(1) Source of Infection

Uncertain, but as there occurred 3 rabies cases in the area in March, last year, it seems that the dog was infected by the latent germ.

(2) Symptoms

Early morning of 13, Nov. the dog came back home wounded on the throat. Got suddenly frenzied at 10 o'clock and bit the owner's wife. Became worse and worse. Strange barking. Bit its own forelegs often. Bit and rushed to other things by fits. Diagnosed suspect rabies by private veterinarian and killed with poison.

(3) Autopsy

An incisor tooth of the lower jaw was found broken. Pieces of wood and leaf in stomach, nothing else. Cerebral vessels -- much congested.

(4) Confirmation

Diagnosed suspect rabies by a private veterinarian, confirmed rabies on 30, Nov. after Animal Exam. and Negri's Body Exam.

(5) Preventive measures taken

Corpse was sent immediately to Dead Animal Disposition Station. Area disinfected carefully. Vaccination to the victim is now on progress.

REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division,
Public Health Section,
Health Bureau, Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name ... Stray dog; In the neighbourhood,
No. 1844 Higashi 2 chome,
Nakanocho, Hachioji City

Kind of animal and sex ... Dog, Male.

Age, Colour 6, Brown.

Date of outbreak Oct. 24, 1946

Date of death Oct. 25, 1946

Date of post mortem inspection; Oct. 26, 1946

Date of decision Nov. 14, 1946

The veterinary inspector's At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to
Address and name T. Kawabata. E.Ueki.

Remarks:

(1) Source of Infection

The case is a wild cur with no owner.
The source of infection is uncertain. But it seems that the dog was infected with latent virus, as there occurred a rabies case near the area in May.

(2) Symptoms

From about 20 October the dog fought with other dogs around the area every night. 24, Oct. Bit a domestic dog to death. 25, Oct. got most violent and bit 12 citizens and seemed to bite more. So they shot the dog to death on the same day.

(3) Autopsy

2 incisor teeth of the lower jaw were broken.
Deep cut on tongue and mucous membrane of the mouth. In the stomach there were a few indigested sweet potatoes and pieces of dog flesh. Blood-vessel in the Brain was congested.

(4) Confirmation

It was considered a suspect rabies by clinical exam. and autopsy. It proved positive both to animal exam. and negri's body exam. So the case was confirmed a rabies on 14 Nov.

(5) Preventive measures taken

The corpse was buried after autopsy and disinfected.
All the domestic dogs in Hachioji City (No. 83) were vaccinated on 15 Nov. All the citizens bitten by the dog were immunized on 26, Oct. and they have shown nothing unusual since.

Follow up 2 mos. later

File

18 Nov
W

no date

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Action
taken

2/10 Hmenoto

2/10 Olan

29 Sept

W

REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division,
Public Health Section,
Health Bureau, Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name	No. 450 4chome, Denenchofu, Omori-ku K. Morita
Kind of animal and sex	Horse, Male
Age, colour	12, chestnut horse
Date of outbreak	Aug. 22, 1946
Date of died	Aug. 24, 1946
Date of post mortem inspection	Aug. 24, 1946
Date of decision	Sept. 23, 1946
The veterinary inspector's address and name	At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to S. Yamadera E. Ueki

Remarks:

- (1) The trace of an epidemic
The source is uncertain. But as there happened two cases of rabies, it is believed that the horse was bit by one of them.
- (2) Symptoms
As it howled strangely in the early morning of 22, August, a servant went to see it. It seemed to be suffering from colic. It hated others to be near and showed a little excitement. It showed also poor appetite, salivation, greater excitement and wildness. It seemed to be anxious to run away. The condition grew worse and worse, and the pain seemed to grow greater and greater. At last the lower part of the body got numb and it died at 8 a. m. of Aug. 24.
- (3) Autopsy
In the stomach there was some food and nothing strange. The mucous membrane was swollen a little. Cerebral vessels were swollen, too with some blood spots. Nothing strange else.
- (4) Decision
It was thought as a suspect case by information and autopsy, and it was confirmed 23, Sept. by animal examination and Negri's body examination.
- (5) Treatment
After the autopsy the corpse was buried 2 meters under the ground, near the owner's. The horse's hut and all around were carefully disinfected. The disinfection measures for the area were reported before.

2/10 Umemoto
2/10 Okawa

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REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division,
Public Health Section,
Health Bureau, Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name	No. 450, 4chome, Denenchofu, Omori-ku K. Morita
Kind of animal and sex	Cow, Female
Age, colour	1, White and black
Date of outbreak	Sept. 2, 1946
Date of died	Sept. 4, 1946
Date of post mortem inspection	Sept. 4, 1946
Date of decision	Sept. 27, 1946
The veterinary inspector's address and name	At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to T. Kawabata E. Ueki

Remarks:

- (1) The trace of an epidemic
This calf was bitten by rabies dog (King by name) on 18, July.
Although it was vaccinated at once, it got ill on the 45th day.
- (2) Symptoms
2, Sept. Salivating, no appetite, low spirited
3, Sept. afternoon, got excited, wild and suffering **wide** cry.
kicking at the wall of its house, and rushing onward to the wall.
4, Sept. got worse and worse, hard to breathe, the lower part
of the ^{body} got numb, and died.
- (3) Autopsy
No trace of being bitten. No particular change in stomach nor
in other entrails.
The brain was soft and showed many blood spots.
- (4) Decision
As it is known that the calf was bitten by a rabies dog it may
be decided as a rabies case just by information. But for caution's
sake animal examination and Negri's body examination were done
and they confirmed the case as rabies.
- (5) Treatment
The same treatment after the autopsy was taken as to the horse.
The body was buried 2 meters under the ground. The hut was
disinfected and prohibited to be used for two months. Preventive
measures taken around the area were reported before.

Colonel Dixon was present at the time of autopsy.

REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division, Public Health
Section, Health Bureau, Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name: No. 2396, 1-chome, Tamagawa Todoriki-machi, Setagaya-ku
G. Ito

Kind of animal and sex: Dog. Female.

Age, colour, and name: 1. Brown. Sachi.

Date of outbreak: August 5, 1946

Date of slaughtered: August 6, 1946

Date of post mortem inspection: August 7, 1946

Date of decision: Sept. 10, 1946

The veterinary inspector's address and name: At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to
E. Ueki. Y. Araki.

Remarks:

(1) The trace of an epidemic

It seems that the dog was bitten about 19, July by a dog (King by name) owned by K. Morita, at Denenchofu, Omori-ku, and was confirmed rabies and that it was infected then.

(2) Symptoms

In spite of having appetite from a few days before, it got excited, violent and was going to bite sometimes. On 16, Aug. it was sent to Saji Animal Hospital and the condition grew worse. They reported it as suspect rabies to our office.

(3) Autopsy

The stomach was empty with few sands and its membrane was congested. The cerebral blood-vessels were swollen and there were some blood spots on them.

(4) Decision

The case was said a suspect by clinical examination in Saji Animal Hospital, and after the animal examination and Negris body examination it was confirmed on 10th of Sept.

(5) Treatment

As the area is very near to Denenchofu, Omoriku where there have occurred several cases of rabies since July, preventive measures were immediately taken, and 36 home dogs were vaccinated. The corpse was buried 2 Meters underground and the owner's house and dog's were disinfected carefully.

REPORT ON A NEW OUTBREAK OF RABIES

Veterinary Division, Public Health
Section, Health Bureau, Tokyo-to

Owner's address and name:	No. 511, Izumi-cho, Suginami-ku, K. Sakai
Kind of animal and sex:	Dog. Male.
Age, Colour, and name:	2. White and Brown. Shiro.
Date of outbreak:	July 12, 1946
Date of slaughtered:	July 14, 1946
Date of ^{PO} st mortem inspection:	July 15, 1946
Date of decision:	Sept. 8, 1946
The veterinary inspector's address and name:	At Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to E. Ueki. Y. Araki.

Remarks:

(1) The trace of an epidemac

The case occurred suddenly and its trace is unknown. The area is a poisonous zone where several cases of rabies happen every year. The dog got wounded by a car a couple of weeks ago, so it seems that the dog was infected at that time.

(2) Symptoms

Since about July 9th, bad appetite, low spirits, as the dog bit the owner's child and two more, it was locked up and watched closely. But as it got violent, eagle-eyed, hourse-voiced and bit straw, wire-metting etc. it was killed with a blow.

(3) Autopsy

The dog was extremely slender and was swollen under the left eye and lower part of left front leg and there were small traces of being bitten. There were various kinds of strange things in its stomach. The stomach intestinal mucous membrane and cerebral blood vessel were congested.

(4) Decision

The case was thought suspect rabies by clinical examination and after animal examination and Negri's body examination it was confirmed rabies on the 8th of Sept.

(5) Treatment

After killed, it was sent to the corpse house in Mikawajima, Arakawa-ku. Those bitten were immediately vaccinated. The dog's house and all around were disinfected carefully.

V.F.H.
To Major F.

To: Public Health and Welfare Section, Tokyo-Kanagawa
M.G. District, Tokyo-Detachment.

From: Veterinary Division, Public Health Section Tokyo-to

Subject: Report on a outbreak of rabies.

Owner's address and name	Stray dog. In the neighbourhood. shakujii Nerima-ku
Kind of animal and sex	Dog. Female
Age and color	1. brown.
Date of outbreak	21. July
Date of killed	22. July
No. of victims	7
Date of autopsy	22. July
Date of decision	17. August
Veterinary inspector's address and name	Veterinary Division Tokyo-to T. Kawabata H. Ueki

Remarks:

- Source of infection
Not certain, but it seems that it got infected by contacting rabies cases that happened in Itabashi-ku.
- Symptoms
20 July it bit Masa Sonohara (female, 46) and six more and ran away staggering 21 July, the dog was found dead on the road of no. 25, 2ehome.
- Autopsy
It was dug up out of the ground on 22 July and sent to autopsy. But because of heat, it was already decayed and was very hard to be examined. They just got specimen from brains. undernutrition, skinny, Hair was fallen off and infested with maggots. Meninges was congested. The stomach contained lots of pieces of wood, clod, sand etc.

4. Confirmation

It was thought suspect rabies from symptoms. It was confirmed on 17 Aug. because it proved positive both to animal exam and Negri's body exam. done at Veterinary Lab.

5. Preventive measures taken

The body was disinfected closely and buried. Victims were immunized and have shown nothing unusual since.

W
 ✓ F.H. C.F.
 To Mayor
 C3

To: Public Health and Welfare Section, Tokyo-Kanagawa M.G. District, Tokyo Detachment.

From: Ve Veterinary Division, Public Health Section, Tokyo-to

Subject: Report on a outbreak of Rabies.

Owner's address and name	Stray dog In the Neighbourhood. No. 6 home Toshima-cho Kita-ku
Age, color and name	3, white ^{and} black, nothing
Date of Outbreak	13, July
Date of killed	13, July
Kind of animal and sex	dog. Female.
No. of victims	1
Date of outopsy	14, July
Date of decision	15, August
Veterinary inspector's address and name	Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to T. Kawabata H. Ueki

Remarks.

1. Source of infection
unknown, because this was a stray dog and got ill so suddenly.
2. Symptoms
when the victim was leaving his home to his office about 6:30, 13 July, the dog jumped at him from the front and bit him at his left knee. As this happened so unexpectedly, he could not see the dog well. After about 10 minutes, however, he found the dog and killed it with blows with help of passers by.
3. Autopsy
The following is unusual findings after autopsy.
 - a) medium nutrition, lustrous hair
 - b) cerebrak haemorrhage (death - wound by blows)
 - c) Heart^l was full of bleeding spots uncoagulable
 - d) Acute suppuration on left parotid gland was conspicuous
 - e) Bleeding spots as a line on walls of the stomach., lots of unusua things such as grass, hair, clod etc. in the stomach

f) Larynx was greatly swollen, almost blocked up.

4. Confirmation

It was thought suspect from symptoms and autopsy. It was confirmed on 15 August because it proved positive both to animal examination and Negri's body exam. done at Veterinary laboratory.

5. Preventive measures taken

The body, after disinfected closely, was sent to dead animal station and disposed there.

The victim was immediately instructed to get immunized.

To: *Public Health and Welfare Section, Tokyo-Kanagawa M. G. District, Tokyo Detachment.*
 From: **Veterinary Division, Public Health Section, Tokyo-to**
 Subject: **Report on a new outbreak of rabies**

Owner's address and name	No. 1521 Kamikoya, Hoya-machi Kitatama-gun, H. Shimoda
Kind of animal and sex	dog, male.
Age, color and name	10 month, white and red, Machi.
Date of outbreak	14 July
No. of victims	4
Date of killed	14, July
Date of autopsy	15, July
Date of decision	16, August
The Veterinary inspector's address and name	Veterinary Division Tokyo-to T. Nakamura H. Ueki

Remarks:

1. Source of infection

Unknown, The dog was a domestic one of 10 month old.

2. Symptoms

From a few days before it fell ill, it had low spirits, little appetite. On the 14-th of July it bit trees, straw and also bit the owner and three more. So they suspected and shot it to death.

3. Autopsy

medium nutrition, inside of mouth was congested. Two incisors of lower jaw were lost. Mucous membrane of the stomach was congested. Lots of unusual things such as wood. clod, sand, straw etc. were found in the stomach. Other bowels were swollen, too.

4. Confirmation

It was thought suspect rabies from its symptoms and autopsy. It was confirmed on 16 August because it proved positive both to animal exam. and Negri's body exam. done at Veterinary laboratory.

5. Preventive measures taken

The area was disinfected closely. The body was disinfected and buried. Victims were immunized and have shown nothing unusual since.

Report on a new outbreak of domestic animals communicable disease

Veterinary Section Division of Communicable
Disease control, Welfare Bureau, Tokyo - to

Owners address and name no 450, 4 chome, Deninchofu
Omoriku, K, Morita

Kind of animal and sex Dog, Female

Age colour and name 3, Black and Brown, King

Name of disease Rabies

Date of outbreak July 18, 1946

Date of slaughtered July 20, 1946

Date of post mortem inspection July 22, 1946

Date of Decision August 13, 1946

The veterinary inspectors address At veterinary Section Tokyo-to
E, Ueki S, Yamatera,

Remarks,

1. The trace of an epidemic,
The dog fell sick suddenly. It seems that it was infected by being
bitten by some cur ~~in~~ in the neighbourhood

2. Symptoms
From 15 July bad appetite, poor spirits, ^{excitement} ~~excitement~~
furiousness

18 July, as it bit a servant, a puppy and ^{an} ~~an~~ ox of the owners,
they fastened and watched it closely, In spite of that
it ran away, After the search it was found out 20 July
and was killed, During that period it bit 6 men and
one dog

3. Autopsy
There was found some pieces of straw and wood in its stomach
congested mucous membrane
swollen ~~liver~~ and spleen
congested cerebral blood vessel

4. Decision
By clinical examination and results of autopsy it was regarded as
a suspect rabies case, After animal examination and negri's body
examination it was confirmed as rabies on August 10 st.

5. Treatment
After the autopsy done the corpse was buried 2 metres deep in the
ground, It was disinfected around the dogs house,
The men and animals bitten were immediately vaccinated,

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To: Major Fellhauer
25A

J.F.H.

Public Health and Welfare Section, Tokyo-Kanagawa
M.C. district, Tokyo-Attachment.From: Veterinary Division, Public Health Section Health Bureau
Tokyo-to

Subject: Report on a new outbreak of rabies.

Owner's address and name	No. 1034 Kami-muko-dai, Tanashi-machi Kitatama-gun Y. Okada
Kind of animal and sex	Dog, male
Age, colour and name	2, white and black, Esu
Date of outbreak.	12 July
Number of victim	1
Date of killed	15 July
Date of autopsy	15 July
Date of decision	29 July
Veterinary inspector's address and name	The Veterinary Division, Tokyo-to T. Nakamura H. Ueki

Remarks

1. Source of infection

The area where the case happened was very close to the place where a stray dog was diagnosed as rabies on 12 July (Name of place Shinden, Aza-nonaka, Kodaira-machi, Kita-tama-gun). So it seems that the dog was infected by the case.

2. Symptoms

12 July. suddenly from early morning the dog, lost its appetite and spirits. It mostly lay down hidden under the floor or trees. In the evening it got frenzy and was going to bite anything it touched. The owner escaped the danger, but unfortunately one neighbour was bit at his left elbow ^{two days}. When it came back on the 15 July, they killed it with blows with great difficulties.

3. Autopsy

undernourishment, skinny, lustre of fur lost, cerebral substance greatly congested, blood was uncoagulative, its colour was purplish black, mucous membrane of stomach was swollen. In stomach, lots of unusual things such as pieces of wood, grass-root, hair, clay etc. were found. Nothing unusual else.

4. Confirmation

It was thought suspect rabies from its symptoms and findings of autopsy. And it was confirmed on 29 July because it proved positive both to animal examination and Negri body exam done Tokyo-to Veterinary Lab.

5. preventive measures taken

The victim was immediately sent to Institute of Infectious Diseases to get immunized. He has shown nothing unusual. The body of ^{the victim} to be disposed there. As it ^{was said to lead animals starting off} seems that there are more victims, Tanashi police station and Kodaira town office are trying to find out them.

Report on New outbreak of domestic animal's communicable disease.
 Veterinary Section, Division of communicable
 Disease Control, Welfare Bureau, Tokyo -to

Owner's address and name no. 450, 4chome, Deninchofu, Omorika
 K. Morita
 Kind of animal and sex Dog, male
 Age colour and name I, Black and Brown, Happy (King's puppy)
 Name of disease Rabies, ✓
 Date of outbreak July 29, 1946
 Date of slaughtered July 31, 1946
 Date of post mortem inspection July 31, 1946
 The veterinary inspector's address Veterinary Section, Tokyo -yo
 E. Ueki S. Yamatera

Remarks

1. The trace of an epidemic
 The dog is a pup of King (dog's name) which was confirmed as rabies
 I August, It was bitten by King 18 July.
2. Symptoms
 It was vaccinated immediately after it was bitten,
 They fastened and watched it closely,
 30, July no appetite, low spirits, drivelling paralysis of the
 lower jaw
 31, July unable to rise up, it was killed by poison.
3. Autopsy,
 Empty stomach, congested mucous membrane, several blood spots on the
 membrane, nothing wrong in entrails, congested cerebral blood
 vessels
4. Decision
 It was regarded as suspect rabies case by the clinical examination and
 a autopsy, and after the animal examination and negri's body examinati
 on done it was confirmed as rabies.
5. Treatment
 After the autopsy, the corpse was buried 2 metres deep underground and
 it was disinfected around the area,

Report on Rabies Injection.

Name of Ward and City Office.	no. of domestic dogs.	no. of first injected.	no. of second injected.	Total.	Percentage.	no. of not injected for disease, run away, baby, death, etc.	Remarks.
KOJIMACHI	28	26	2	28	100	0	
KANDA	20	8	4	12	60	8	
NIHONBASHI	26	4	4	8	31	18	
KYOBASHI	44	23	13	36	82	8	
SHIBA	53	22	31	53	100	0	
AZABU	29	15	12	27	93	2	
AKASAKA	14	10	4	14	100	0	
YOTSUYA	21	19	12	21	100	0	
USHIGOME	39	28	4	32	82	7	
KOISHIKAWA	45	4	41	45	100	0	
HONGO	47	39	6	45	95	2	

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SHITAYA	43	25	18	43	100	0
ASAKUSA	28	11	11	22	78	6
HONJŌ	28	4	24	28	100	0
FUKAGAWA	20	4	12	16	80	4
SHINAGAWA	97	67	26	93	95	4
EBARA	51	33	10	43	84	8
ŌMORI	243	197	19	216	88	27
KAMATA	12	4	7	11	91	1
SETAGAYA	268	68	175	243	90	25
MEGURO	150	83	16	99	66	51
SHIBUYA	141	71	64	135	95	6
YODOBASHI	40	15	11	26	65	14
NAKANO	166	70	79	149	89	17
SUGINAMI	250	186	39	225	90	25
TOSHIMA	105	52	35	87	82	18

(四ノ一ノ一)

陸 軍

TAKINOKAWA	17	17	0	17	100	0
ITABASHI	238	152	65	217	91	21
ŌJI	26	23	3	26	100	0
ARAKAWA	48	36	8	44	91	4
ADACHI	148	125	23	148	100	0
MUKŌJIMA	44	17	27	44	100	0
KATSUSHIKA	85	71	14	85	100	0
JŌTŌ	24	1	23	24	100	0
EDOGAWA	125	53	66	119	95	6
Total.	2763	1573	908	2481	89%	212
TACHIKAWA	52	31	15	46	88	6
HACHIOJI	73	49	24	73	100	0
MINAMITAMA	277	152	125	277	100	0
KITATAMA	473	311	150	466	97	12

陸軍

TAKINOKAWA	17	17	0	17	100	0
ITABASHI	238	152	65	217	91	21
ŌJI	26	23	3	26	100	0
ARAKAWA	48	36	8	44	91	4
ADACHI	148	125	23	148	100	0
MUKŌJIMA	44	17	27	44	100	0
KATSUSHIKA	85	71	14	85	100	0
JŌTŌ	24	1	23	24	100	0
EDOGAWA	125	53	66	119	95	6
Total.	2763	1573	908	2481	89%	282
TACHIKAWA	52	31	15	46	88	6
HACHIOJI	73	49	24	73	100	0
MINAMITAMA	277	152	125	277	100	0
KITATAMA	473	311	150	466	97	12

Planning List for catching Stray Dogs in June (The metropoli-
tan police Board.)

Date	Tokai Company	Yamaguchi Company	Toa company	Yamanaka company	Remarks
1	Osaki	Ōi	Shinagawa	Koujimachi	
2	Fukagawa	Hongo	Koujimachi	Hachioji	
3	Komatsugawa	Koiwa	Totsuka		
4	Hegashi Chofu	Ōmori	Ebara	Machida	
5	Asakusa	Yanaka	Tomizaka		
6	Jōto	Wonden	Nogata	Tachikawa	
7	Tamagawa	Setagaya	Meguro		
8	Kameari	Mukoizima	Yodobashi	Fuchu	
9	Ueno	Sakamoto	Oshuka		
10	Senzu	Nishiara	Itabashi	Musashino	
11	Kamata	Idimonya	Suginami		
12	Marunouchi	Kanda	Motofuji	Tanashi	
13	Mikawashima	Minamisenzu	Nakano		
14	Ōji	Akabane	Ikebukuro	Ōme	
15	Nipponbashi	Jhukiji	Azabu		
16	Shibuya	Harajibu	Komagome	Ithukaichi	

11	Kamata	Himonya	Suginami	
12	Marunouchi	Kanda	Motofuji	Tanashi
13	Mikawashima	Minamisenzu	Nakano	
14	Ōji	Akabane	Ikebukuro	Ōme
15	Nishimbashi	Jhukiji	Azabu	
16	Shibuya	Harajiku	Komagome	Ithukaichi
17	Waseda	Kagurazaka	Takanawa	
18	Meguro	Komathugawa	Yothuya	Hachioji
19	Jhukishima	Kyobashi	Shimura	
20	Takinogawa	Shugamo	Setagaya	Machida
21	Atago	Mita	Tamagawa	
22	Yoyogi	Ogikubo	Ōsaki	Tachikawa
23	Ogu	Itabashi	Wigasaki Chofu	
24	Nerima	Shimura	Ōi	Fuchu
25	Yodobashi	Tohuka	Meguro	
26	Nishiarai	Senzu	Akasaka	Musashino
27	Nakano	Nogata	Shibuya	
28	Honden	Seijo	Ogikubo	Tanashi
29	Seizo	Kameari	Yoyogi	
30	Himonya	Suginami	Harajiku	Ōme
31				

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To:

Public Health and Welfare Section, Tokyo - Kanagawa military
Government District. Tokyo Detachment.

From:

Veterinary Division, Public Health Section, Health Bureau.
Tokyo-to.

Subject:

Report on Rabies infection

Name of ward & city office	No. of dome- stic dogs	No. of Rab- ies infected	%	No. of postponed	Remarks
Kojimachi	19	19	100		
Kanda	23	23	100		
Nihonbashi	18	18	100		
Kyobashi	75	75	100		
Shiba	121	119	98	2	
Azabu	56	56	100		
Akasaka	24	24	100		
Yotsuya	30	29	99	1	
Ushigome	38	38	100		
Koishikawa	49	49	100		
Hongo	120	120	100		
Shitaya	86	85	99	1	
Asakusa	96	96	100		
Honjo	43	43	100		
Fukagawa	32	32	100		
Shinagawa	119	118	99	1	
Ebara	70	68	97	2	
Omori	238	236	98	2	
Kamata	32	32	100		
Setagaya	282	282	100		
Meguro	200	199	99	1	

-2-

Shibuya	140	140	100	
Yodobashi	56	54	98	2
Nakano	225	225	100	
Suginami	272	272	100	
Toshima	175	175	100	
Takinokawa	33	31	94	2
Itabashi	179	177	98	2
Oji	41	41	100	
Arakawa	70	70	100	
Adachi	188	188	100	
Mukojima	115	113	98	2
Nerima	316	315	98	1
Katsushika	175	175	100	
Joto	42	40	95	2
Edogawa	148	148	100	
Tamagawa	148	147	99	1
Tachikawa	61	59	96	2
Hachioji	108	108	100	
Minamitama	435	429	78	6
Kitatama	911	911	100	
Nishitama	293	283	96	10
Total	5,902	5,862	97	40

Remarks.

1.

- (1) Immunization should be postponed to the following.
Dogs that have certificately a veterinarian showing immunized within a month.
- (2) Dogs under 2 month old, just before and after delivery, and dogs too sick to get immunized.
- (3) Each ward office was indicated to have dogs immunized

when causes to postpone it are over, and those not registered must always be checked and immunized at proper time.

TOKYO-TO HEALTH BUREAU
PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION VETERINARY SECTION

*File
21E*

SUBJECT: Concerning Stray Dogs

TO: Ward Office

1. From the Military Government of the Occupation Forces we have been given the following instructions based upon complaints made by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals:

a. Ward Offices should extend every courtesy and help to persons who wish to register dogs. The law provides that people should register dogs and it is the Ward Office responsibility to assist such persons.

b. Dog catchers or police should not pickup dogs which have an owner or are claimed by any person. If a dog is not registered but is claimed by a person the dog should not be picked up but the owner should be warned that he must register the dog. If the owner does not register the dog within 30 days thereafter, the owner should be punished under the law.

c. Under no circumstances should police or dog-catchers state that they are acting for General McArthur or G.H.Q. The truth is that stray dogs are picked up under Japanese laws. If the laws are carried out in a reasonable and kindly way there will not be complaints.

Transmittal

保衛生第二一四號

昭和二十二年八月十八日

各 縣 警 署 一 長 殿

保 安 部 長

野犬捕獲並に買上げに關する注意に就て

野犬捕獲並に買上げに關しては各署の努力によつて益々其の成績が擧つて居る事は誠に慶ばしいか、最近熱心の余り捕獲人夫又は此の監督に當つた警察官て取扱上稍々遺憾と思はれる點があつたから今後は左記各項に留意し過誤の無いようせられたい

記

- 一 野犬と認め捕獲し又は買上げた場合に飼養者が判明し畜犬届済證明書若しくは狂犬病予防注射済證等を提出した際又は届出てを齎つたときは直ちに返還する様取扱ふこと
- 一 尙返還した場合も人夫に獎勵金を支給するものとす
- 一 捕獲人夫が捕獲當日等に出發した際には左記事項を指示すること
- A 一般家屋、工場等の敷地内に立ち入り野犬を捕獲する場合に必ず

其の居住者又は管理人の承諾を得ること

B 野犬と思つて捕獲した後飼養者が判明し引渡しの申出てかあつた
 際には其の場て返還すること

但し此の場合には飼養者の住所記載を飼記七九号を装着し置く
 様注意すると共に無届の場合には速に區役所、市町村役場に届出
 る様勸奨すること

C 捕獲に關して徒に「ゲリ」又は進駐軍の命令「云々」を口にし或は態
 度傲慢等て非難を受くることのない様留意すること

警察官が捕獲人夫を同伴する場合に前記要項に因り過誤の無い様に
 すること、又派出所、駐在所等に一般民衆等より飼養犬を捕獲され
 た旨の申出のあつた際は一應飼養主の立場をも考慮して事情を聞き
 飼主に返還にたぐ様懇切に取計ふこと

野犬捕獲指定人、居住地の警察署に在りては保安主任又は代理者を
 して捕獲に關する注意事項を予め指示し置くこと

捕獲の反面動物愛護の見地からも注意を拂ふ必要があるから一般警
 察官に於ても風致上其の他に充分留意して公衆殊に兒童等の面前で動
 物虐待と想はれる様を行爲は慎しむ様之れが指導を念頭に置くこと